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MERRIMACK RIVER BASIN BERLIN, MASSACHUSETTS

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LESTER G. ROSS DAM MA 01229

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

JUNE 1981

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02254

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

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JUL 1 6 1981

Honorable Edward J. King Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts State House Boston, Massachusetts 02133

Dear Governor King:

Inclosed is a copy of the Lester G. Ross Dam (MA-01229) Phase I Inspection Report, prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. I approve the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is vitally important.

Copies of this report have been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Quality Engineering.

I wish to thank you and the Department of Environmental Quality Engineering for your cooperation in this program.

Sincerely,

Incl As stated

C. E. EDGAR, III Colonel, Corps of Engineers Commander and Division Engineer



LESTER G. ROSS DAM

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MA 01229

MERRIMACK RIVER BASIN BERLIN, MASSACHUSETTS

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Identification No.: MA 01229

Name of Dam: Lester G. Ross Dam

Town: Berlin

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County and State: Worcester County, Massachusetts

Stream: North Brook, tributary of the Assabet River

Date of Inspection: November 24, 1980

Lester G. Ross Dam is a 5,500-foot long earthfill embankment built in 1974 and presently used for flood control. The embankment has a maximum height of 44 feet and includes the dike, the main spillway/outlet structure, and an emergency spillway. The top of the embankment is at Elevation (El) 286.6 National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD). The main spillway, located at the center of the dam, consists of a reinforced concrete drop inlet structure with an upstream intake. The total length of the spillway weir is 22 feet, with the crest at El 251.0. The intake is 3 feet wide, and is controlled by stoplogs between El 245.2 and 251.0. Discharge over the weirs and through the intake flows under the dam in a 48-inch diameter concrete conduit. The invert of the conduit is at El 245.0.

There are deficiencies which must be corrected to assure the continued performance of this dam. This conclusion is based on the visual inspection of the site and a review of the available data. Generally the dam is in good condition.

The following deficiencies were observed at the site: seepage along the outside of the discharge pipe of the foundation drain at the dike; silt accumulation in the discharge pipe; minor erosion on the downstream slope of the dam, near the right abutment; animal burrow on the downstream slope of the dam; and boulders lodged in the main spillway and in the channel downstream of the impact basin.

Based on Corps of Engineers' guidelines, the dam has been classified in the intermediate size and high hazard categories.

test flood equal to the probable maximum flood (PMF) was used to evaluate the capacity of the spillway. The test flood outflow is 9,100 cfs, resulting in a pond level at El 283.4 and 3.2 feet of freeboard. Hydraulic analyses indicate that the combined main spillway and emergency spillway can discharge 187 percent of the test flood outflow without the dam being overtopped.

It is recommended that the Owner employ a qualified registered professional engineer to investigate the seepage occurring along the pipe which discharges from the foundation drain at the dike. In addition, the Owner should repair the deficiencies listed above, as described in Section 7.3. The Owner should also continue the program of annual technical inspections, implement a formal plan for surveillance of the dam during and after periods of heavy rainfall, and a plan for notifying downstream residents in the event of an emergency at the dam.

The measures outlined above and in Section 7 should be implemented by the Owner within a period of 2 years after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.



Edward M. Greco, P.E.

Project Manager Metcalf & Eddy, Inc.

Massachusetts Registration No. 29800

Approved by:

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Stephen L. Bishop, P.E. Vice President Metcalf & Eddy, Inc.

Massachusetts Registration No. 19703



This Phase I Inspection Report on Lester G. Ross Dam (MA-01229) has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the <u>Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of</u> <u>Dams</u>, and with good engineering judgement and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

JOSEEH W. FINEGAN, JR. MEMBER Water Control Branch Engineering Division

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ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, MEMBER Geotechmical Engineering Branch Engineering Division

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CARNEY M. TERZIAN, CHAIRMAN Design Branch Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

B. Fujan

JOE B. FRYAR Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in <u>Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams</u>, for a Phase I Investigation. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigations, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions will be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test Flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general conditions and the downstream damage potential.

The Phase I Investigation does <u>not</u> include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespass and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded. LESTER G. ROSS DAM

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- APPENDIX E INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

OVERVIEW LESTER G. ROSS DAM BERLIN, MASSACHUSETTS







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LOCATION MAP - LESTER G. ROSS DAM

SECTION 4

OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 Operating Procedures

a. <u>General</u>. There are no regular operating procedures for this dam. Personnel from the Soil Conservation Services (SCS) and Massachusetts Water Resources Commission (MWRC) reportedly visit the dam once a year to inspect the dam and appurtenances and recommend repairs as necessary.

The flow from the reservoir into North Brook can be controlled by the stoplogs on the main spillway. These can be operated by the State at the request of the Town.

b. <u>Warning System</u>. There is no warning system in effect at this dam.

4.2 Maintenance Procedures

- a. <u>General</u>. The dam is generally well maintained. The MWRC is responsible for maintenance of the facility. Periodic inspections by the MWRC and the SCS have been conducted in the past. Typical maintenance procedures have included repairing cracked concrete on the riser and impact basins, backfilling eroded areas on the dam, clearing vegetation from the slopes and discharge channel, and clearing debris from the spillway channels.
- b. <u>Operating Facilities</u>. There has been periodic maintenance of the operating facilities at the dam. In 1976, six stoplogs on the main spillway intake were broken loose and had to be replaced. The operating condition of the stoplogs is checked annually by the Massachusetts Water Resources Commission.
- 4.3 Evaluation. There is a program for maintaining the embankment and appurtenant structures in good operating condition. Technical inspections are conducted on an annual basis, but there is no plan for surveillance of the embankment during and after periods of heavy rainfall, and no emergency warning system in effect. This is undesirable, considering that the dam is in the high hazard category. These programs should be implemented, as recommended in Section 7.3.

e. <u>Downstream Channel</u>. The main spillway and outlet discharge into the impact basin and then into the North Brook channel (see Photo No. 9). The brook flows along the edge of a disposal area for excess borrow material. The earth slopes which form the sides of the trapezoidal stream channel are slightly eroded. A minor amount of vegetation is growing on the banks, but the floor of the channel is clear of rocks and debris.

About 750 feet downstream of the dam, the Linden Street Bridge restricts the flow in the North Brook channel. Water flows under Linden Street in a 29-foot-wide by 8.4-foot-high culvert.

3.2 Evaluation. The visual inspection indicates that the dam is in good condition. However, the crown vetch growing on the embankment prevents a complete inspection of the downstream face. The stated deficiencies which must be corrected to assure the continued performance of this dam and measures to improve these conditions are outlined in Section 7.

spection, the stoplogs were submerged, and water was discharging over the weirs, preventing a closer examination of these areas. As shown on Photo No. 6, there is no footbridge or access from the shore to the spillway and stoplogs. In addition, the stop log retainer, (see Figure B-10) is bolted and cannot be easily removed.

The concrete on the inlet and riser is in good condition. There are some minor chips which are generally due to vandalism. Two large pieces of riprap had been dropped into the structure. One was caught in a slot in the left wall of the riser. The other was lodged in the entrance to the discharge conduit. The conduit was also chipped. There was no other debris visible in the main spillway structure.

The concrete impact basin at the downstream end of the dam is in good condition, with only minor chips in the concrete, most of which had already been patched. A moderate amount of flow was discharging into the basin at the time of the inspection. The outlets to the foundation drains were submerged. The basin was clear of brush and debris, however, a small obstruction consisting of riprap blocks had been built by vandals just downstream of the basin, obstructing flow in the channel.

The emergency spillway at the left abutment of the dam is in good condition. The entire spillway channel is generally kept clear of brush and debris. However, brush and numerous large pines are growing in the upstream end of the spillway. The reinforced concrete weir on the emergency spillway is anchored into bedrock and appears to be in good condition. The seepage drain underlying the emergency spillway discharges both upstream (north) into the reservoir and downstream into the North Brook. The northerly outlet of the drain was visible in the earth slope above the reservoir. The pipe was slightly rusted and no flow was visible. The outlet at the southerly end could not be located for inspection.

d. <u>Reservoir Area</u>. The reservoir area is sparsely developed. The Town of Berlin, Massachusetts is located approximately 2,500 feet northeast of the dam. A few residences are located on the northeast side of the reservoir, along Route 62. There is a potential for future development to occur in the reservoir area.

SECTION 3

VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

- a. <u>General</u>. The Phase I inspection of the Lester G. Ross Dam was performed on November 24, 1980. A copy of the inspection checklist is included in Appendix A. Previous inspections were conducted by the Massachusetts Water Resources Commission and the Soils Conservation Service, from 1976 to 1980. Copies of these reports are given in Appendix B. Selected photographs taken on December 5, 1980 are included in Appendix C.
- b. <u>Dam.</u> The dam is an earthfill embankment with a main spillway/outlet structure, and an emergency spillway at the left abutment. Evidence of seepage was noted along the discharge pipe from the dike foundation drain (Station 8+18 on Figure B-4). The water was clear, and the amount of flow from this area was estimated at less than one gallon per minute. There was no flow from the discharge pipe which was about 50 percent filled with silt. The foundation drains at the toe of the dam, below the main spillway, were both submerged and flow could not be detected.

Minor erosion caused by foot traffic was noted on the downstream slope, at the transition zone between the dam and dike. There is also some evidence of automobile traffic on the top of the dam, and dirt bike trails occur in several areas both upstream and downstream of the dam and dike (see Photo Nos. 1 and 2).

No settlement or bulging was noted on the embankments, which were clear of brush and trees. An animal burrow was observed near the top of the downstream slope of the dam. The thick growth of crown vetch on the upper slope would obscure most animal burrows, and, more importantly, any signs of seepage through the embankment.

In general the rock slope protection is in good condition. However, the schistose rock which comprises part of the rock waste slope on the downstream face of the dam is severely weathered and deteriorating in one section.

c. <u>Appurtement Structures</u>. The main spillway is a reinforced concrete drop inlet structure with stoplogs at the upstream intake, and lateral weirs. At the time of the

SECTION 2

ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 <u>General</u>. The engineering data available for this Phase I inspection includes drawings, specifications and computations dated 1967 to 1973 prepared by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. The data were obtained from the office of the Soil Conservation Service in Amherst, Massachusetts. Copies of previous inspection reports dated 1976 to 1980, prepared by the Massachusetts Water Resoucres Commission and the SCS are included in Appendix B.

We acknowledge the assistance and cooperation of personnel from the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Quality Engineering, Division of Waterways; the Massachusetts Department of Public Works; and the Massachusetts Water Resources Commission. In addition, we acknowledge the assistance of Mr. Chester Dodge, of the Soil Conservation Service, who provided information on the design, construction and operation of the dam.

- 2.2 <u>Construction Records</u>. A complete set of as-built drawings for the dam and appurtenances is available at the Soil Conservation Service Office in Amherst, Massachusetts.
- 2.3 <u>Operating Records</u>. No operating records are available, and there is no daily record kept of the elevation of the pool or rainfall at the dam site.
- 2.4 Evaluation
 - a. <u>Availability</u>. There is considerable engineering data available for this dam.
 - b. <u>Adequacy</u>. A limited review was made of the detailed hydraulic, structural and construction data. The evaluation of the adequacy of this dam is based on a brief review of this data and the available drawings, the visual inspection, past performance history and engineering judgment.
 - c. <u>Validity</u>. Comparison of the available drawings with the field survey conducted during the Phase I inspection indicates that the available information is valid. The only notable exception is the elevation of the berm on the downstream slope of the dam, shown at El 270 on the drawings and measured at approximate El 273 in the field.

- (5) Upstream channel: concrete scour apron upstream of riser, at El 244.5.
- (6) Downstream channel: discharge flows through reinforced concrete conduit - 4' dia., 216 ft. long, invert El 244.5

Emergency Spillway

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- (1) Type: earth and rock cut channel with narrow concrete sill
- (2) Length of weir: 200 feet
- (3) Crest elevation: 277.5
- (4) Gates: None
- (5) Upstream channel: gently sloping (2 percent), unpaved to within 300 feet of weir; rock cut forms part of left sidewall
- (6) Downstream channel: paved for 100 feet below weir, remainder is unpaved; 3.5 percent slope. Discharges to open field below dam.

j. Regulating Outlets

- (1) Invert El: 244.5
- (2) Size: 48-inch diameter
- (3) Description: reinforced concrete discharge pipe, intake at main spillway, outlet in impact basin at downstream toe of dam
- (4) Control mechanism: none, except stoplogs at upstream end of spillway riser.

(7) Impervious core: silt and sandy silt core to El 277.5. (8) Cutoff: cutoff trench at varying elevations, constructed where foundation material is gravelly (9) Grout curtain: none Dike (1)Type: zoned earthfill (2)Length: 4,300 feet (3)Height: 37 (4) Top width: 12 feet (5) Side slopes: 2:1, upstream and downstream (6) Zoning: earthfill with upstream zone of silty sand, downstream zone of gravel (7)Impervious core: silt and sandy silt core to El 277.5 cutoff trench at varying locations, con-(8) Cutoff: structed where foundation material is gravelly (9) Grout curtain: none Diversion and Regulating Tunnel: N/A h. i. Spillway Main Spillway (1) Type: drop inlet (2) Length of weir: 22 feet (combined length, both sides of riser). (3) Crest elevation: 251.0 (4) Gates: sloplogs on intake at upstream end of riser. Top of stoplogs: 251.0; bottom of stoplogs: 245.2 LESTER G. ROSS DAM 8

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(3) Spillway crest pool: main: 2,100 emergency: 4,500 (4) Top of dam: 6,500 (5) Test flood pool: 5,700 Storage (acre-feet) e. (1) Normal Pool: 28 (2) Flood control pool: 1,934 (3) Spillway crest pool: main: 28 1934 emergency: (4) Top of dam: 3,400 (5) Test flood pool: 2,750 f. Reservoir surface (acres) (1) Normal pool: 10 (2) Flood-control pool: 131 (3) Spillway crest: main: 10 emergency: 131 (4) Test flood pool: 160 (5) Top of dam: 178 g. Dam Type: zoned earthfill (1)(2)Length: 1,200 feet (3) Height: 44 feet (4) Top width: 14 feet (5) Side slopes: upstream - 3:1; downstream 2:1 to berm, then 3:1. (6) Zoning: earthfill with upstream zone of silty sand, downstream zone of gravel with foundation drain at toe.

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

- (4) Ungated spillway capacity at test flood elevation: Main: 380 cfs at El 283.4 Emergency: 8,720 cfs at El 283.4
- (5) Gated spillway capacity at normal pool elevation: N/A
- (6) Gated spillway capacity at test flood elevation: N/A
- (7) Total spillway capacity at test flood elevation:9,100 cfs at El 283.4
- (8) Total project discharge at top of dam: 17,000 cfs at El 286.4
- (9) Total project discharge at test flood elevation: 9,100 cfs at El 283.4
- c. Elevation (feet above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of <u>1929 (NGVD)</u>). A benchmark was established at El 255 at the top of the concrete riser on the main spillway. This elevation was taken from the record drawings.
 - (1) Streambed at toe of dam: 242.3
 - (2) Bottom of cutoff: variable
 - (3) Maximum tailwater (during inspection): 245
 - (4) Normal pool: 251

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- (5) Full flood control pool: 277.8
- (6) Spillway crest (ungated): 251 on main spillway
 277.8 on emergency
 spillway
- (7) Design surcharge (Original design): 278.6
- (8) Top of dam: 286.6
- (9) Test flood surcharge: 283.4
- d. Reservoir (Length in feet)
 - (1) Normal pool: 2,100
 - (2) Flood control pool: 4,500

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

Previous inspection reports indicate that since construction the dam has been in good condition. Repairs have been made such as replacing stop logs, and repairing chipped concrete on the impact basin.

i. <u>Normal Operating Procedures</u>. Personnel from the Massachusetts Water Resources Commission and the Soil Conservation Service reportedly visit the dam once a year. At that time, they review the condition of the dam and appurtenances and make recommendations for the maintenance program. The stoplogs are operated periodically at the request of the Town of Berlin in order to maintain flow in North Brook.

1.3 Pertinent Data

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- a. Drainage Area. The drainage area is approximately 5,952 acres (9.3 square miles) and consists of gently rolling to hilly land (see Figure D-1 in Appendix). The drainage area includes North Brook and several smaller, unnamed streams that are tributary to North Brook. About 5 percent of the drainage area is ponds and swamps. In general, the undeveloped portions of the drainage area consists mostly of woodland. Light residential development occurs along Linden Street and Lancaster Road in Berlin, and along Route 62 in Clinton. The Wachusett-Marlborough Tunnel, and the Wachusett Aqueduct both cross the drainage area southwest of the dam.
- b. <u>Discharge</u>. Discharge from Lester G. Ross Dam flows over the stoplogs and weirs of the main spillway and through a concrete conduit to the impact basin on the downstream side of the dam. The discharge channel (North brook) is an unlined, natural channel that flows under Linden Street and eventually to the Assabet River, about 3 miles downstream.
 - (1) Outlet: Size 48-inch diameter Invert El. - 244.5. Discharge Capacity - 126 cfs at El 251.0.
 - (2) Maximum known flood at damsite: N/A
 - (3) Ungated spillway capacity at top of dam: Main: 390 cfs at El 286.4 Emergency: 16,610 at 286.4

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

slope above the channel. The drain consists of a 6-inch diameter, perforated bituminous fiber pipe. The pipe slopes in both directions from the sill, and discharges both upstream into the reservoir, and downstream near North Brook.

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- c. <u>Size classification</u>. For a dam to be classified as intermediate it must have a height between 40 and 100 feet or a maximum storage capacity between 1,000 and 50,000 acre-feet. Lester G. Ross Dam has been classified as "intermediate" on the basis of its height of 44 feet and its storage capacity to the top of the dam of 1991 acre-feet.
- Hazard Classification. There is a house located in the d. flood plain for North Brock, about 700 feet downstream of the dam (see Flood Impact Area shown on the Location Map). The foundation bottom of this structure is approximately 20 feet above the floor of the stream. An assumed failure of the dam would result in a flood wave -20 feet high 750 feet downstream of the dam as compared to a flow of 14.5 feet deep prior to failure. Due to the large capacity of the reservoir, the flood wave could extend for several miles downstream. A railroad on the west side of the flood plain, and a utility building, as well as agricultural land and several major roadways will be impacted by the flood wave. More than a few lives could be lost and an appreciable amount of property damage could occur. Accordingly, the dam has been placed in the "high" hazard category.
- e. <u>Ownership</u>. The dam is owned by the Massachusetts Water Resources Commission, 100 Cambridge Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02114. Mr. Michael Beshara (telephone 617-727-3267) granted permission to enter the property and inspect the dam.
- f. Operator. The dam is operated by personnel from Massachusetts Water Resources Commission.
- g. <u>Purpose of the Dam</u>. The dam was constructed for flood control and is one of several dams built for this purpose as part of the SuAsCO (Sudbury-Assabet-Concord) watershed project.
- h. Design and construction. Construction of Lester G. Ross Dam was completed in 1974. Drawings and specifications dated 1971 and prepared by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service are available. The design drawings were updated in 1974 to show the dam constructed essentially as it appears today.

The intake is 3 feet wide and is controlled by stoplogs which can be adjusted to permit flow between El 245.2 and 251.0. The parallel weirs are divided into four sections by 1-foot-thick concrete walls which form the riser. The total effective length of the weirs is 22 feet, and the crest is at El 251.0. The inlet to the intake, and the top and sides of the riser are protected with trash racks constructed of galvanzied angle irons. A steel grate across the top of the riser provides access to the stoplogs at the upstream end of the structure.

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The low-level outlet is a 48-inch diameter reinforced concrete conduit. The hooded inlet to the pipe is on the downstream headwall of the intake structure (see Figure B-10). The invert of the outlet is at El 244.5. The outlet conduit extends 216 feet through the dam and is founded on a concrete mat. Six reinforced concrete anti-seep collars are located at 24- foot intervals between the upstream end of the pipe and the downstream side of the central core.

There is no control mechanism on the outlet conduit, which discharges into a concrete impact basin at the downstream toe of the dam (see Photos 7 and 8). The downstream channel is about 25 feet wide, with 2:1 side slopes, and flows through a low swampy area to Linden Street.

The emergency spillway is a grass-and rock-covered channel 1,200 feet long and 200 feet wide at the crest. As shown on Figure B-3, the spillway approach is north of the left abutment of the dam, and the weir is perpendicular to the abutment. There are no sidewalls on the emergency spillway, although the left side of the channel is partially bounded by a steep bedrock slope. The floor of the approach channel slopes at 2 percent to the weir; which is at El 277.5. The weir consists of a 2-foot-wide reinforced concrete sill anchored into bedrock. The floor of the spillway channel is paved with riprap for a distance of approximately 300 feet upstream of the weir, and 100 feet downstream. The channel below the sill slopes at 3.5 percent. The spillway discharge channel is separated from the downstream toe of the dam by a dike constructed of rock fill (see Photo No. 9). Flow from the emergency spillway would enter the wide swampy area upstream of Linden Street.

A drain pipe was installed at the left side of the emergency spillway to intercept seepage from the rock

b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances

D

Lester G. Ross Dam is a combined earthfill dam and dike with a maximum height of "4 feet (see Plan of Dam and Sections, in Appendix B, and Photographs in Appendix C). The main dam is 1,200 feet long, and perpendicular to the dike, which is 4,300 feet long. The dike is a continuation of the dam embankment section.

The top of the dam is 14 feet wide, and is approximately El 286.6. The upstream face of the dam is a 3:1 (horizontal:vertical) slope covered with crown vetch. The downstream face, which is also covered with vetch, is a 2:1 slope to the berm at approximately El 273.0. Below this elevation the downstream face consists of a 3:1 slope formed by rock excavated from the emergency spillway. Available drawings show that the dam is a zoned embankment with a central core consisting of silt and sandy silt material (see Figure B-6). In general the embankment is founded on silty sand. Figure B-8 indicates that a cut-off trench was required in areas of poorly graded gravel and silty gravel. The exact location of the cut-off trench is not shown. The zoned embankment consists of silty sand upstream of the central core, and gravel on the downstream side, below El 275.0. There is a foundation drain at the toe of the dam which collects seepage and discharges it at the outlet structure.

The dam ties into the dike at the transition zone (Station 22+00 as shown on Figure B-4). The top of the dike is 12 feet wide, and at the same elevation as the dam (286.6). The upstream face is a 2:1 gravel slope. The downstream face is a continuous 2:1 slope and is also covered with gravel. The dike embankment is also zoned in the same manner as the main dam (see Figure B-6).

The dike was constructed to protect the parallel railroad embankment. A foundation drain (Figure B-9) was designed to collect and discharge seepage into a ditch between the railroad embankment and the toe of the dike. The ditch joins the North Brook downstream of the dam, at Linden Street.

A concrete intake structure serves as both the main spillway and low-level outlet (see Photo No. 6 and Figure B-7). The structure consists of a reinforced concrete drop inlet with lateral round-crested weirs and an upstream intake.

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

SECTION 1

PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. <u>Authority</u>. Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Metcalf & Eddy, Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Massachusetts. Contract No. DACW 33-80-C-0054, dated April 18, 1980, has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose

- Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-Federal interests.
- (2) Encourage and assist the States to quickly initiate effective dam safety programs for non-Federal dams.
- (3) Update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 Description of Project

a. Location. The dam is located on North Brook in the Town of Berlin, Worcester County, Massachusetts and in the Merrimack River Basin (see Location Map). The coordinates of this location are Latitude 42 deg. 22.7 nin. north and Longitude 71 deg. 38.9 min. west. North Brook joins the Assabet River about 3 miles downstream of the dam.

SECTION 5

EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

5.1 <u>General</u>. Lester G. Ross Dam has a drainage area of 9.3 square miles of which 5.3 percent is ponds and swamps (see Figure D-1, Drainage Area Map). The land is gently rolling to hilly, and sparsely developed.

There are no dams upstream of Lester Ross Dam to provide additional storage within the watershed.

The surface area of the normal pool is approximately 10 acres, and the maximum storage capacity of the dam is 3,400 acre-feet at El 286.6.

The low-level outlet can discharge a flow of 126 cfs when the reservoir is at El 251 which is the crest of the main spillway. At this reservoir elevation and with no additional inflow, the outlet can lower the reservoir by 1 foot in about 1-1/2 hours.

- 5.2 Design Data. Hydraulic computations are available at the Soil Conservation Service office in Amherst, Massachusetts. The calculations indicate that the dam was designed to impound a "l00-year frequenty storm of 9.7 inches of rain in 6 hours, without discharge occurring in the emergency spillway. The inflow used for this storm was 5,663 cfs. The design elevation of the crest of the emergency spillway was 277.5, as compared to an as-built elevation of 277.8. The top of the dam was designed and constructed at El 286.6.
- 5.3 Experience Data. There is no record that the emergency spillway was ever overtopped since its completion in 1974. No records of past discharge are available. The SCS representative indicated that the dam was constructed to prevent the reoccurrence of past flooding along the Assabet River.
- 5.4 <u>Test Flood Analysis</u>. Lester G. Ross Dam has been classified in the "intermediate" size and "high" hazard categories. According to the Corps of Engineers guidelines, a test flood equal to the full PMF should be used to evaluate the capacity of the spillway.

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

The PMF rate for the North Brook watershed was calculated to be 1,400 cfs per square mile of drainage area. This calculation is based on the average slope of 1.6 percent in the drainage area, the pond-plus-swamp area to drainage area ratio of 5.3 percent, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' guide curves for Maximum Probable Flood Peak Flow Rates (dated December 1977). For this analysis, the peak flow rate was determined to be between the guide curves for "flat and coastal" and "rolling" topography.

Applying the full PMF rate to the 9.3 square mile drainage area results in a peak test flood inflow of 13,000 cfs. By adjusting the test flood inflow for surcharge storage, the peak test flood outflow was calculated to be 9,100 cfs (978 cfs per square mile), with the reservoir level at El 283.4.

Hydraulic analyses indicate that the main spillway can discharge 390 cfs and the emergency spillway can discharge 16,610 cfs with the reservoir at El 286.6 which is the low point on top of the dam. The spillways combined can discharge 187 percent of the full PMF without overtopping the dam.

5.5 Dam Failure Analysis. The peak discharge rate due to failure of the dam was calculated to be 41,200 cfs with the pond at El 283.4. This calculation is based on a maximum head of 29.2 feet and an assumed 121-foot wide breach occurring in the main dam.

There is one house located along the stream channel 700 feet downstream of the dam. The foundation of this structure is approximately 20 feet above the bottom of the stream. Due to the configuration of the channel, some attenuation of the flood flow is expected. An assumed failure of the dam could result in a flood wave of 20 feet as compared to a depth of flow of 14.5 feet deep prior to failure. The flood wave would damage the house and a nearby utility building, and would overtop Linden Street and the railroad tracks. Due to the large capacity of the reservoir, the failure flood wave could extend for several miles downstream. Agricultural land, as well as several major roadways would be impacted, resulting in the possible loss of more than a few lives and an excessive amount of property damage. Accordingly, the dam has been placed in the "high" hazard category.

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

SECTION 6

STRUCTURAL STABILITY

- 6.1 <u>Visual Observations</u>. The evaluation of the structural stability of Lester G. Ross Dam is based on a review of previous inspection reports and available drawings, and the visual inspection conducted on November 24, 1980. As discussed in Section 3, Visual Inspection, the dam is in good condition. Seepage was observed along the discharge pipe at the foundation drain at the dike. Minor erosion due to foot traffic was noted on the downstream slope near the transition zone between the dam and dike. An animal burrow was observed near the top of the downstream slope of the dam. Otherwise, only minor erosion and ruts due to vehicular traffic were noted on the top and abutments of the dam. There are no trees or brush growing on the dam.
- 6.2 <u>Design and Construction Data</u>. Construction of Lester G. Ross Dam was completed in 1974. Computations for design of the dam and spillways are available at the Soil Conservation Service.

Drawings dated 1971 and updated in 1974 show the as-built construction of the dam (see Figures B-3 through B-10). The drawings show that the dam is a zoned earthfill embankment founded on sandy silt.

Detailed subsurface information, including test boring data and geologic cross sections are available. At that time soil samples were taken from test pits and test borings for grain size analyses and permeability tests.

Figure B-6 shows a typical dam section with details of the zoning in the embankment. The earthfill for the three zones was obtained from on-site borrow areas. A discontinuous cutoff trench extends to variable depths below the base of the dam, as indicated on Figure B-8. The side slopes of the embankment are 3:1 upstream and 2:1 downstream, to El 273.0. A 3:1 rockfill slope was added to the downstream face of the dam below elevation 273.0.

6.3 <u>Post Construction Changes</u>. There have been no post construction changes made to the dam, which was completed in 1974.

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

6.4 <u>Seismic Stability</u>. The dam is located in Seismic Zone No. 2, and in accordance with Corps of Engineers' guidelines does not warrant further seismic analysis at this time.

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LESTER G. ROSS DAM

SECTION 7

ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

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- a. <u>Condition</u>. As a result of the visual inspection, the review of available data, and information on operation and maintenance, the dam is considered to be in good condition. The following deficiencies must be corrected to assure the continued performance of this dam: seep-age along the discharge pipe of the foundation drain at the dike; silt accumulation in the discharge pipe; minor erosion on the downstream slope of the dam, near the right abutment; animal burrow on the downstream slope of the dam, and boulders lodged in the main spillway and in the channel downstream of the impact basin.
- b. <u>Adequacy</u>. The evaluation of this dam is based on a review of the available data, the visual inspection, past performance and engineering judgment.
- c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations and remedial measures outlined below should be implemented by the Owner within 2 years after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.
- 7.2 <u>Recommendations</u>. It is recommended that the Owner employ a qualified registered engineer to evaluate the need for cleanouts for the foundation drains and the seepage occurring in the vicinity of the foundation drain discharge pipe.

The Owner should implement the recommendations of the Engineer.

- 7.3 Remedial Measures
 - a. <u>Operating and Maintenance Procedures</u>. It is recommended that the Owner accomplish the following:
 - (1) Fill in, add topsoil and seed eroded areas on the downstream face of the earth embankment portions of the dam to prevent continued erosion. Also, backfill the animal burrow located on the upper slope.
 - (2) Repair all chipped concrete on the main spillway and impact basin.

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

- (3) Remove all brush from the floor of the emergency spillway approach channel.
- (4) Remove boulders lodged in the main spillway.
- (5) Remove boulders from the downstream end of the impact basin.
- (6) Institute a definite plan for surveillance of the dam and spillway during and after periods of heavy rainfall and a plan to warn people in downstream areas in the event of an emergency at the dam.
- (7) Continue the program of maintenance inspections. The maintenance program should be supplemented by additional inspections during and after severe storms. All repairs and maintenance should be undertaken in compliance with all applicable State regulations. The maintenance program should include removal of any debris caught on the spillway weir and discharge pipe.
- (8) Continue the program of technical inspections of this dam on an annual basis. The downstream slope should also be inspected during periods of high water level for the occurrence of seepage or soft spots.
- 7.4 <u>Alternatives</u>. There are no practical alternatives to the above recommendations.

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APPENDIX A

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PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

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PERIODIC INSPECTION

PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT Lester G. Ross Dam

DATE<u>November 24</u>, 1980 TIME<u>8:30 a.m.</u> WEATHER<u>Rainy, 4</u>0's

W.S. ELEV. 251.7 U.S. 245 DN.S.

PARTY:

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1.	E. Greco - M & E - Geotechnical
	L. Branagan - M & E - Hydraulics
	S. Pierce - M & E - Geotechnical
	S. Nagel - M & E - Geotechnical
	F. Gordon - M & E - Geotechnical
	F. Sviokla - M & E - Geotechnical
	C. Dodge - Soil Conservation Service
	K. McGuire - Massachusetts Water Resources Commission
10	

	PROJECT FEATURE	INSPECTED BY REMARKS	,
1	Dam	Greco/Pierce	
2	Dike	Greco/Pierce	
3	Principal Spillway	Branagan/Greco/Pierce	
4	Emergency Spillway	Branagan/Greco/Pierce	
5			
6			

page 1 of 6
OJECT Lester G. Ross Dam	DATE November 24, 1980
OJECT FEATURE Dam - approx. S	ta. 10 _{NAME} E. Greco
+ 00 to 22 + 00 SCIPLINE <u>Geotechnical</u>	
te: u/s = upstream slope, d/s	= downstream slope
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
MEMBANKMENT	
Crest Elevation	Zoned earthfill embankment. 286.6
Current Pool Elevation	251.7
Maximum Impoundment to Date	Unknown
Sürface Cracks	
Pavement Condition	None visible. No pavement. Top is sand in good condition. Tire marks indicated li
Movement or Settlement of Crest	
Lateral Movement	None None
Vertical Alignment	Good
Horizontal Alignment	Curved at both abutments of main da
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	ties into right embankment of emerg cy spillway. Right abutment ties in \dike. Good condition.
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	No structures on slopes of main dam
Trespassing on Slopes	Animal burrow near top of d/s slope Minor erosion by foot traffic.
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	Footpath worn on d/s slope of right abutment. (at dam/dike transition).
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	u/s-riprap at toe, vetch on remaini slope-good condition. d/s-grass on upper slope, waste roc
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	On lower slope rock is hadly worth
Unusual Embankment or Downstrea Seepage	None visible
Piping or Boils	None visible.
Foundation Drainage Features	See Figures in Appendix B. Founda- tion drain at toe of dam. Outlets
Toe Drains	drain visible but submerged in impa- basin-cannot measure flow.

ROJECT Lester G. Ross Dam	DATE November 24, 1980
ROJECT FEATURE Dike Embankment A	pprox. _{NAME} E. Greco
sta 22 + 00 to 65 ISCIPLINE Geotechnical	+ 00 NAME S. Pierce
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
DIKE EMBANKMENT	Zoned earthfill embankment.
Crest Elevation	286.6
Current Pool Elevation	251.7
Maximum Impoundment to Date	Unknown
Surface Cracks	None visible.
Pavement Condition	Cobble pavement, minor tire tracks on top.
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None visible.
Lateral Movement	None
Vertical Alignment	Good
Horizontal Alignment	Straight-curves at NW end.
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	No concrete structures. Abutments appear to be in good condition.
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	No structural items.
Trespassing on Slopes	Footpath on d/s slope at dam/dike transition.
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	None visible except for footpath.
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	u/s (reservoir side) cobbles over gravel-good condition. d/s (RR side) cobbles, good condit-
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	ion. None visible.
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	Toe drain along d/s slope discharge into ditch at toe-seepage noted ad- jacent to outlet of pipe-est. 2-3
Piping or Boils	gpm
Foundation Drainage Features	Toe drain on d/s slope of dike-dis- charges into ditch near Sta 21 + 00
The Drains	on dam. 10" d discharge. Pipe visible-half silted up flow be-

b

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

DATE November 24, 1980
NAME_IBranagan
NAME S. Pierce

	· ·			
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION			
OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND INTAKE STRUCTURE a. Approach Channel	Concrete drop inlet structure. (See drawings in Appendix B) Concrete scour apron upstream o riser. No approach channel.			
Slope Conditions	Submerged			
Bottom Conditions				
Rock Slides or Falls				
Log Boom	Steel trash rack in upper and lower stages of riser-good condit			
Debris	ion. One boulder caught in slot in lef			
Condition of Concrete Lining	wall of riser. One boulder caugh in entrance to outlet conduit.			
Drains or Weep Holes				
b. Intake Structure				
Condition of Concrete	Good condition; slight staining below waterline, minor chips, pro			
Stop Logs and Slots	bably due to vandalism. Submerged - 20 wooden stoplogs in stalled at u/s end of inlet struc ture.			
c. Transition and Conduit	Hooded inlet to conduit chipped			

Hooded inlet to conduit chipped by riprap boulder thrown into structure.

4' ϕ conduit not visible except at discharge end.

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Lester G. Ross Dam

DATE November 24, 1980

PROJECT FEATURE Principal Spillway at Outlet DISCIPLINE Geotechnical/Hydraulic

NAME L. Branagan

NAME S. Pierce

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL	RC impact basin at discharge end of principal spillway. Good condition.
General Condition of Concrete	
Rust or Staining	Minor-at and below water line.
Spalling	None
Erosion or Cavitation	Chipped by vandalism-boulders thrown into structure.
Visible Reinforcing	None visible.
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None visible.
Condition at Joints	Good
Drain Holes	Weep holes at base of sidewalls (sub- merged). Also discharge ends of foundation drain.
<u>Channel</u>	Unlined channel beyond concrete im-
Loose Rock or Trees Over- hanging Channel	pact basin. Some brush, no trees or rocks.
Condition of Discharge Channel	Fair-small "dam" has been construc- ted across channel, using riprap blocks. This should be removed.

Channel flows through disposal area to North Brook Channel under Linden Street Bridge.

page 5 of 6

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Lester G. Ross Dam DATE November 24, 1980 PROJECT FEATURE _____ Emergency Spillway NAME _____ S.__ Pierce DISCIPLINE <u>Geotechnical/Hydraulic</u> NAME <u>L. Branagan</u>

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	Emergency spillway approximately 1100 ft. long, 200 ft. wide. Nar- row concrete weir across spillway
a. Approach Channel	channel. No structures or train- ing walls at approach.
General Condition	Fair-approach to spillway is nar- rower than the rest of the channel
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None
Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Floor of Approach Channel	Brush and several large pines gro- wing in entrance to channel. Most- ly grass floor, 400' riprap sectio
b. Weir and Training Walls	near weir.
General Condition of Concrete	No walls-left bank is rock cliff. Earth embankment & rock waste dike adjacent to left abutment of dam.
Rust or Staining	RC weir anchored to bedrock, in good condition.
Spalling	None visible. None
Any Visible Reinforcing	None
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None visible.
Drain Holes	Spillway drain at toe of bedrock cliff. Drains into reservior at
c. Discharge Channel	NW end, through 6" C. M. pipe (sl- ightly rusted, no flow)
General Condition	Good, dirt bike trail crosses chan- nel and goes up right embankment
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	and dam. None
Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Floor of Channel	Riprap for approx. 100' d/s of weir, then grass.
Other Obstructions	None

page 6 of 6

APPENLIX B

PLANS OF LAM AND PREVIOUS INSPECTICN REPORTS

			Page
Figure	B-1,	Plan of Dam	B-1
Figure	B-2,	Sections through Downstream Channel	B - 2
Figure	B -3,	Plan of Dam	B - 3
Figure	B-4,	Plan of Dam	B-4
Figure	B -5 ,	Plan of Dam	B - 5
Figure	в-6,	Fill Placement & B&M RR Emb. Breach	в-б
Figure	B -7 ,	Principal Spillway - Plan and Profile	B - 7
Figure	B -8 ,	Foundation and Cutoff Trench Excavation	B - 8
Figure	B -9 ,	Foundation Drain Profile	B - 9
Figure	B - 10,	Riser Details	B-10
Previou	s Ins	pection Reports	
	-	through 1980, by the Massachusetts of Water Resources	B-11

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•	Fences				
•	Principal	+	-CLEAN FRONT & SIDES OF RISER FROM	300-	JUNE
•	Spillway		DEBCIS, REMOUT RUCK FROM IMPACT	200	1979
			REMOVE MALI TREES & BRUSH FROM		
•	Emergency		INLET END OF E.S.	-	JONE
	Spillway	U		300	1979
	Embankment		REHIOUE SMALL TREES FROM 715		JUNE
•	& Riprap	υ	SLOPE & FROM DAM SIDE SLOPES.	1500	-
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•	Reservoir Area		-		
		 			
•	Gates or Valves			i	
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•	Outlet		REMOVE GROWTH IN CHANNEL Q IMPACT BASIN,	-	JUNE
	Channels	υ		200	1979
•	Structure		CUT & REMOVE GROWTH FROM TILE OUTLET @ E.S. OUTLET.	-	JUNE
	Drainage			100	1979
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Rel	rort' due, annu	alls: Ji	•		ROSS DAM

SuAsCo Watersheds - continued

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- 3. Remove debris from around Riser trees and logs, etc.
- 4. Cut and remove growth from Channel.
- B) East Bolton Dam
- 1. Clean debris from around Riser.
- 2. Cut and remove three dead trees remove brush, downstream and upstream.
- C) Diversion Channel
- 1. Cut brush and remove growth from rock rip-rap, both ends.
- D) Finn Road Culvert
- 1. Replace rip-rap, both sides.
- E) Campbell's Dike
- 1. Mow grass.

Ross Site (Berlin) JULY, 1977

- 1. Clean up debris from Impact Basin and Riser. Cut small growth from dam slopes.
- 2. Repair breach in water retaining dike and smooth erosion scars downstream side of dike.

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	-AS -TRIAL 22/16	<u>0</u>	OPERATION AND MA	the second s		Dept. of Agr Conservation	
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(Rep	port due,annua	ally: Ju	ulv 1)	B-12			
				<i>D</i> −⊥∠ •	. بدریت 	STER G. R	OSS DAM
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March 29, 1976

TO: Thomas F. Doucette, Engineering FROM: Ernie Struzziero & Kevin McGuire

SUBJECT: Inspection of various Sites

Kevin McGuire, Fletcher Pyle & Ernie Struzziero, checked on the following sites:

- Ross Site: Stop planks placed at Trash Gate total of 20 planks; previous planks (6) that were placed had been broken loose & were found in pool, replaced back in place at Trash Rack - tool planks at Trash Rack 20
- Millham Dam: Checked and found that Contractor had made progress since last inspection.
- Gold Harbor Brook A-4C Northboro removed large tree branch at Trash Rack, condition good - water flowing - no stoppage.
- George H. Nichols (A-1) Site: Control gate closed all the ways. Removed bracket attachment that was attached to gate stem. Bracket and bolts are loose and away from concrete structure. Water no longer flowing thru spillway.

Very truly yours, Currie

Ernie Struzziero, Inspector

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A-6-H Barefoot Brook (Northboro)

- 1) Mow Dam and Emergency Spillway
- 2) Remove trash and debris from around Riser
- 3) Remove small growth from U/S Rip-Rap

A-6-F Brewer Brook (Berlin)

- 1) Replace and secure manhole cover and repaint trash rack
- 2) Cut brush from both sides of Dam
- 3) Repair washout at access road 30 cu. yds. of gravel

LESTER ROSS SITE (BERLIN) MAY, 1980

- 1) Apply approved weed killer on Rip-Rap areas
- 2) Place new Metal Gate @ R.R. RX 62 with 3-4" x 4" x 6' lally columns alongside embedded in concrete (Gate supplied by WRC to be picked up at Clinton Yard)
- 3) Clean debris at Riser and Impact Basin
- 4) Remove growth growing in Rip-Rap areas
- 5) Remove growth from Rip-Rap areas, cut bush on Toes both sides of Main Dam
- 6) Cut growth in outlet channel and outlet of E.S.
- Replace and secure catch basin grate at 61 + 04, also replace Rip-Rap in the vicinity of drain - clean the 36" culvert
- 8) Place on top and end of dam grave 100 cu. yds.

DELANEY COMPLEX (STOW)

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- 1) Fertilize main Dam areas 10-10-10 (400 #per A) 7.3 acres
- 2) Install new metal gate at entrance; make necessary adjustments at old entrance (Gate furnished by WRC to be picked up at Clinton Yard)
- 3) Clean debris at Riser caulk the outlet end of conduit

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS

Note: Location and direction of photographs shown on Figure B-1 in Appendix B.

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NO. 1 CREST OF DAM, TOWARDS EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND LEFT ABUTMENT



NO. 2 DOWNSTREAM SLOPE OF DAM AND TOP OF BERM (APPROXIMATE EL 273)



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NO. 3 UPSTREAM SLOPE OF DIKE, AT TRANSITION ZONE



NO. 4 CREST AND DOWNSTREAM SLOPE OF DIKE



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NO. 5 OUTLET FROM FOUNDATION DRAIN, DOWNSTREAM TOE OF DIKE



NO. 6 DROP INLET STRUCTURE



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NO. 7 IMPACT BASIN AT OUTLET DISCHARGE



NO. 8 DETAIL OF IMPACT BASIN AT OUTLET DISCHARGE



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NO. 9 DISCHARGE CHANNEL BELOW SPILLWAY/OUTLET



NO. 10 UPSTREAM VIEW OF EMERGENCY SPILLWAY CHANNEL

LESTER G. ROSS DAM



NO. 11 DOWNSTREAM VIEW OF EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND LEFT ABUTMENT OF DAM



NO. 12

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

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APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

	Page
Figure D-1, Drainage Area Map	D-1
Hydrologic and Hydraulic Computations	D-2



Project Nat. Review of Non Fed. Dams Acct. No. 7252 Subject Worcester County, Mass. Comptd. By LEB _ Date <u>/2/17</u> Detail LESTER G. ROSS DAM 12123180 MEM _ Date Ck'd. By Test Flood, Storage Estorage Function (I)1 - Total Drainage Area - 9.3 mi 0.08 mil 2- Pond(s) Area: ,04+,02+,02 Swamp(s) Area : .22+ .14+ .05 0,41 . Total Area Pond(s) & Swamp(s): 0.49 . 70 Ponds & Swamps = 0.49 = 5.3% 3 - 715-277 = 01745; 640-217 25100 = 01452 Say Ave Slope = 1.6% 4-Using C.of E. Curves for Peak Flow Rutes & above quide values the Peak Flow Rate was estimated to be botween "Rolling" and "Flat & Coastal", and taken at 1400 coffs./mi Size Class: Interm, ;Hazard Pot. : Signif. ;Spill. Des. Flood: 1/2 to Full PMF Use: Test Flood = Full PMF = 13,000 cfs. Test Flood Inflow = (1400)9.3 6 - Pond Storage* The pond area is 0.20 sq. mi. at elev. 277, Based on a const drea John inchar * See Curve based on design data. 7 - Spillway crest elev. is 251.0 8- Storage Functions are based on Pour = Qin [1 - Sout 7 Sout = Storage Vol. in Reservoir related to final Pout in terms of inches of rain over the drainage arca. Q R= 6hr rain of storm D: Storage depth in feet above spillway crest in reservoir 9- Storaap Functions: (Test Flood E% PMF-if. needed) *FTF = 13000 - 684 S *F% PMF = 6500 - 684 5 *Stobe evaluated using stage - storage curves LESTER G. ROSS DAM D-2

NONREPRODUCIBLE GRID FORM 1

Project Nat. Review of Non Fed. Dams Acct. No. 7252 _____ Page ___ Subject Worcester County, Mass comptd By LEB ____ Date 12/17/80 LESTER G. ROSS DAM CKI BY MEM Date 12/23/80 I <u>Discharge</u> Relations A - Spillway 1- Inlet Weir Control 4 weirs - 5'6" long each - curved crest · C = 3.33 Q = 73.26 H ", Crest el. 251.0 Res El. 255 240 265 270 4 H, [4] 9 19 Q. 150 220 270 320 2. Pipe Control Losses - Ent. #1, Area 11'x4'=44', h_= 0.5 12 METCALF & EDDY, ENGINEERS Direct. Change, h_= 1.0 Viz Fnt. #2, Area 12.56 ft2, h_= 0.5 K22 Exit Loss , hi = 1.0 Vi Pipehoss, hf =, 019 217 4 Impact Basin, Area = 16(2.67) + 2(3.33) + 4.58(14.67) = = 116.6 ft , h_= 1.5 Y $V_1^2 = V_2^2 \left(\frac{12.56}{44}\right)^2 = .0815 V_2^2, V_3^2 = V_2^2 \left(\frac{12.56}{1164}\right)^2 = .0116 V_2^2$ $H_{2} = E h_{L} = \frac{V_{2}}{25} \left[1.5(.0815) + 2.531 + 1.5(.0116) \right] = 2.67 \frac{V_{2}}{25}$ $V_{2}^{2} = 2^{\prime}H.12 H_{1}, V_{2} = 4.911 H_{2}^{\prime L}, Q_{2} = 61.68 H_{2}^{\prime L}$ & Outlet to Still Basin @ el. 245.5-use for trial Hz Res.El. 260 265 270 278 280 284 286 24.5 32.5 Trial H2 34.5 38.5 14.5 19.5 40,5 Trial Q. 390 230 270 310 350 360 380 13.5 18.5 23.5 31.0 Corrected Hz 33,0 37,0 3A,5 350 370 382 Final Q2 230 270 300 340

D-3

Project Nat. Review of Non Fed. Doms Acct No. 7252 Page _ Worcester County, Mars LZB Comptd. By ____ 12 80 Date Subject LESTER G. ROSS DAM Ckd By MEM Detail Date U.C i/14/81 Í Discharge Relations - Cont. B.- Channel Just Below Spillway Trap. channel; 2:1 sides ; 16'wide bot. ; 5=0.4%, Inv. el. 243.5 n=,045; V= 1.49 (.004) R + 2.094 R + A=4 (16+24); P=16+4.474 R 3 P V A El. Water ${\cal Q}$ y 2 40 2.87 245.5 24.9 1.37 115 4 96 4.19 33.9 2.00 403 247,5 5.20 875 168 249.5 6 42.8 2.49 8 6.08 51.8 2.90 1556 251.5 256 C. Emergency Spillway Trap. channel, 200'wide, conc. sill @ el. 277.5 appr. slope 270, disch slope 3,570+steep slope Crit depth @ sill - ignore side slope area $Q_c = 3.09(200) H_e^{1.5} = 618 H_c^{1.5}$ Res, El. 278 280 282 284 286 He 0.5 8.5 2.5 4.5 6.5 φ_{c} 220 5900 10240 2440 15310 Low Level Discharge Res. @cl. 251.0, Remove stoplags, opening 3'wide x 5-8" high Ref. : V.T. Chow "Open Chan Hydn." Fig 17-29 ; Res el. 251 : Q= 3(42) = 126 efp (Mar Disch.) Res el. 250 : Q = 3 (30) = 90 cf. Ave flow 108 cf. * Time to have Res 1 foot = 14(43560) = 1.57 hours *Area of Res # 14 acres with res. at el. 251. Value taken from SCS design comps, Note: Constr. dwgs for don indicate 11.at a bolted channel retains the top of the stoplags in place. Stoplay removal could be inpeded to this, especially under any dent of water above el. 2512,

METCALF & EDDY, ENGINEER

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Nat. Review of Non Fed. Dams Acct. No. 7252 Project Page County, Mass Comptd. By _ Worrester LEB 12/23/9. Date Subject LESTER G. ROSS DAM DU. 114 Ck'd. By . Date Detail Rey: 2/11/81 Failure of Dam A - Peak Failure Flow: T.F. Elev. Pond Elevation - 283.4 Toe Elevation - 254.2 Tailuater at 9100 cfs $Y_0 =$ 29.2 Dam Length Subject to Breaching = 3%= 121' 40%1 $Q_{P_1} = 1.68 W_0 (Y_0)^{1.5} = 1.68(121) (29.2)^{1.5} = 32,100 \text{ cfs}$ Continuing Spill. Disch.: 9,100 (Main & Em. Spill) Peak Failure Flow: 41,200 cfs B- <u>Jtorage Volume</u> Released: Storage Above Spillway 7 see T Storage Below Spillway J Total Storage to el. 283.4: ± 2750 ac. ft. Storage Released C- Channel Hydraulics: 215 315 Assume failure flow 256.7± just below dam is ± 254.6 controlled by flow over Linden St. as]h broad weir, g=2.55 h Linden St. Profile Plus culved flow see $L_{A} = \frac{h}{3.9} (245) = 62.8 h$; $L_{B} = \frac{h}{6.0} (315) = 52.5 h$ VIII-E $Q'_{=} 215(2.55) h'' + L_{A} \frac{h}{2} 2.55(\frac{h}{2})^{0.5} + L_{B}(2.55)(\frac{h}{2})^{1.5} = 548.2 h''^{5} + 104.0 h^{2.55}$ Θ_{c} $= Q_c$ Elev. Water (= 250,7 + h) h 2140 2 252.7 3410 = 5,550 4 7710 254.7 ' **f**t = 11.120 17230 = 20,640 2567 b 8 258.7 31230 = 34,640 Ч 50230 = 53,640 260.7 10 4 261.7 =65,150 11 61740 11

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APPENDIX E

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INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

LESTER G. ROSS DAM

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