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CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN WINCHENDON, MASSACHUSETTS

WHITES MILL POND DAM MA 00630

## PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

JUNE 1980

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Connecticut River Basin Winchendon, Massachusetts

North branch of the Millers River, tributary of the Connecticut River

TDe dam is a 340 ft. long earthfill dam with upstream and downstream dry stone masonry wa-ls. It has a masonry walls. there are serious deficiencies which must be corrected to assure the continued performance of this dam. Generally the dam is in poor condition. The dam has been classified as small in size with a high hazard potential.

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#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02254

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

NEDED-E

DEC 2 9 1980

Honorable Edward J. King Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts State House Boston, Massachusetts

#### Dear Governor King:

Inclosed is a copy of the Whites Mill Pond Dam (MA-00630) Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. The report is based upon a visual inspection, a review of past performance, and a preliminary hydrological analysis. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report.

The preliminary hydrologic analysis has indicated that the spillway capacity for the Whites Mill Pond Dam would likely be exceeded by floods greater than 11 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF), the test flood for spillway adequacy. Our screening criteria specifies that a dam of this class which does not have sufficient spillway capacity to discharge fifty percent of the PMF, should be adjudged as having a seriously inadequate spillway and the dam assessed as unsafe, non-emergency, until more detailed studies prove otherwise or corrective measures are completed.

The term "unsafe" applied to a dam because of an inadequate spillway does not indicate the same degree of emergency as that term would if applied because of structural deficiency. It does indicate, however, that a severe storm may cause overtopping and possible failure of the dam, with significant damage and potential loss of life downstream.

It is recommended that within twelve months from the date of this report the owner of the dam engage the services of a professional or consulting engineer to determine by more sophisticated methods and procedures the magnitude of the spillway deficiency. Based on this determination, appropriate remedial mitigating measures should be designed and completed within 24 months of this date of notification. In the interim a detailed emergency operation plan and warning system should be promptly developed. During periods of unusually heavy precipitation, round-the-clock surveillance should be provided.

NEDED-E Honorable Edward J. King

I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7, with qualifications as noted above. I request that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement these recommendations since this follow-up is an important part of the non-Federal Dam Inspection Program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Quality Engineering, the cooperating agency for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. This report has also been furnished to the owner of the project, Ray Plastics, Inc., Winchendon, MA.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request to this office, under the Freedom of Information Act, thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Quality Engineering for the cooperation extended in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

WILLIAM E. MODGSON, R. Colonel, Corps of Engineers Acting Division Engineer

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# WHITE'S MILL POND DAM MA 00630

CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN WINCHENDON, MASSACHUSETTS

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

## NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

#### PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

#### BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Identification No.: MA00630

Name of Dam: White's Mill Pond

Town: Winchendon

County and State: Worcester County, Massachusetts

Stream: North branch of the Millers River, tributary

of the Connecticut River

Date of Inspection: May 7, 1980

White's Mill Pond Dam which was built before 1923 is a 340-foot long earthfill dam with upstream and downstream dry stone masonry walls. The dam has a maximum height of 13 feet and consists of a spillway, low level outlet, an intake to a plant, and an earth dike. The top of the dam is at Elevation (El) 1040.7. The spillway is a broad crested weir, 24 feet long, with the crest at El 1037. The low level outlet is 3.2 feet wide by 1.8 feet high, stone box channel and is manually controlled by a slide gate which is buried in the dam. A 3.0-foot high earth dike, 140 feet long, is located 60 feet east of the dam.

There are serious deficiencies which must be corrected to assure the continued performance of this dam. This conclusion is based on the visual inspection of the site and a review of the available data. Generally the dam is in poor condition.

The following deficiencies were observed at the site: severe seepage at several locations along the toe of the dam; downstream stone masonry walls are out of plumb; lack of access to the low level outlet operator; erosion at the low point of the dam crest; bulging of the downstream masonry wall in several locations; stone missing from the upstream face of the spillway, mortar missing from the stone masonry spillway of the dam; heavy growth of brush and trees on the dam crest and on the dike; and an accumulation of debris in the discharge channel.

Based on Corps of Engineers' guidelines, the dam has been classified in the small size and high hazard categories. A test flood equal to one-half the probable maximum flood (PMF) was used to evaluate the capacity of the spillway. The drainage area for White's Mill Pond is 0.94 square miles exclusive of Lake The pond is separated from Lake Monomanac by the Springville Dam and the Mill Circle Road Dam, which is a small dam with a 30-inch siphon. Mill Circle Road Dam has a crest elevation of 1053.5. Assuming that this dam does not fail the inflow through the siphon and over the dam under the test flood conditions is 110 cfs. The test flood inflow including flow from the siphon is calculated to be 956 cubic feet per second (cfs). The test flood outflow is 680 cfs, resulting in a pond level at El 1041.1. The test flood would overtop the dam by 0.4 feet. -Hydraulic analyses indicate that the spillway (without stoplogs) can discharge 520 cfs, or 76 percent of the test flood outflow before the dam is overtopped. (With stoplogs, the spillway can discharge 170 cfs or 22 percent of the test flood outflow before the dam is overtopped) .- This amount of flow will produce a backwater about 3 feet high in the channel at the factory. Failure of the dam at maximum flow would produce a downstream flow of 3,270 cfs which would cause the backwater to rise an additional 13 feet at the factory to El 1033.1.

It is recommended that the Owner employ a qualified registered professional engineer to conduct a more detailed hydraulic and hydrologic study of the spillway, evaluate the severe seepage at the toe of the dam, and evaluate the stability of the dam. Until the recommendations resulting from these investigations are implemented, the Owner should immediately remove the stoplogs and maintain the water level in the pond below El 1034. In addition, the Owner should repair the deficiencies listed above, as described in Section 7.3. The Owner should also implement a program of annual technical inspections, a plan for surveillance of the dam during and after periods of heavy rainfall, and a plan for notifying downstream residents in the event of an emergency at the dam.

The measures outlined above and in Section 7 should be implemented by the Owner within a period of 1 year after receipt of this Phase in daspection Report.

EDWARD MICHAEL GRECO No. 29800 O

Approved by: I Bisho

Stephen L. Bishop, Vice President

Metcalf & Eddy, Inc.

Massachusetts Registration No. 19703

Edward M. Greco, P.E.

Project Manager

Metcalf & Eddy, Inc.

Massachusetts Registration

No. 29800

STEPHEN
L.
BISHOP
NJ. 19703 D
COSTSTONAL ENGINEERSTONAL ENGINEERST

This Phase I Inspection Report on White Mill Pond Dam (MA-00630) has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dans, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

Mamax Water

ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, MEMBER Geotechnical Engineering Branch Engineering Division

CARNEY M. TERZIAN, MEMBER Design Branch Engineering Division

RICHARD DIBUONO, CHAIRMAN

Water Control Branch

**Engineering Division** 

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

Chief, Engineering Division

#### PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for a Phase I Investigation. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigations, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions will be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test Flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general conditions and the downstream damage potential.

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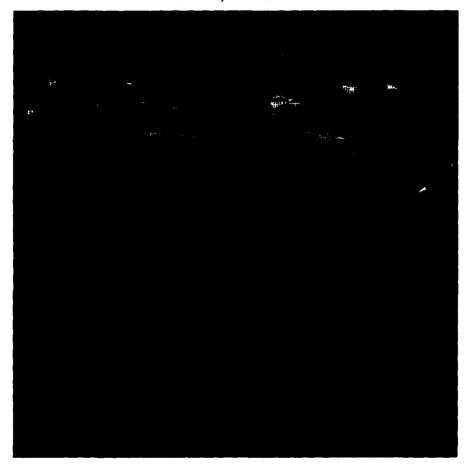
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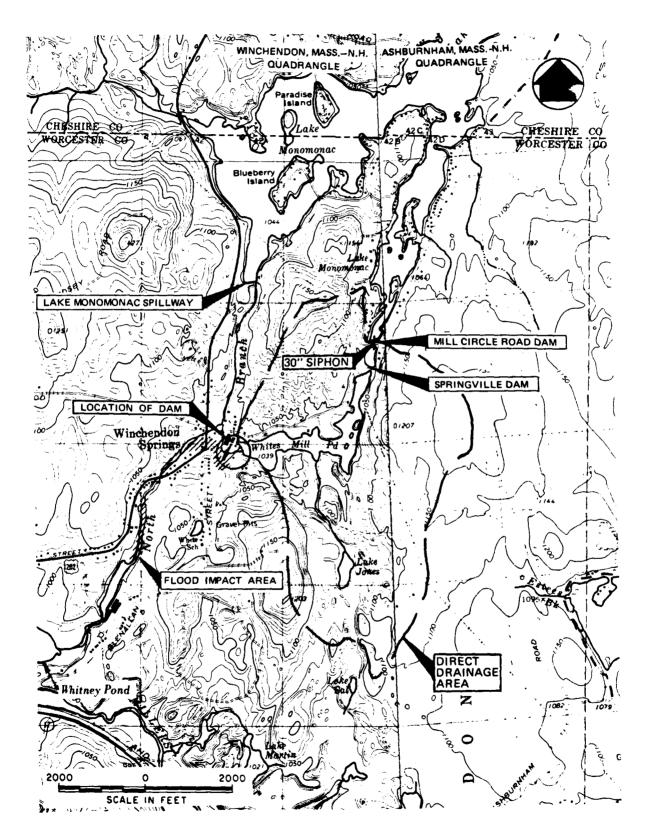
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- APPENDIX E INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

# OVERVIEW WHITES MILL POND DAM WINCHENDON, MASSACHUSETTS





LOCATION MAP - WHITE'S MILL POND DAM

## NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

#### PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

#### WHITE'S MILL POND DAM

#### SECTION 1

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

#### 1.1 General

a. Authority. Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Metcalf & Eddy, Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Massachusetts. Contract No. DACW 33-80-C-0054, dated April 18, 1980, has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

#### b. Purpose

- (1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-Federal interests.
- (2) Encourage and assist the States to quickly initiate effective dam safety programs for non-Federal dams.
- (3) Update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

#### 1.2 Description of Project

- a. Location. The dam is located on the North branch of the Miller's River in the Town of Winchendon, Worcester County, Massachusetts (see Location Map). The coordinates of this location are Latitude 42 deg. 41.6 min. north and Longitude 72 deg. 00.7 min. west.
- b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. White's Mill Pond Dam is a 340-foot long, earthfill dam with dry stone masonry walls upstream and downstream. The dam has a maximum height of 13 feet (see Plan of Dam and Sections in Appendix B and photographs in Appendix C). The top of

the dam is 16 feet wide and varies from El 1040.7 to 1041.5. The upstream face of the right abutment is a 2:1 (horizontal to vertical) slope covered with brush and trees. The downstream face is a stone masonry wall which is at a 1:12 batter. The upstream face of the left abutment is a partially submerged dry stone wall. The downstream face is also a dry stone masonry wall that tilts downstream at 1:6 (horizontal to vertial). There are no available drawings of the dam.

The spillway, located near the left abutment of the dam, is a 28-foot long, broad-crested concrete weir. The approach channel was submerged and could not be inspected. Wooden stoplogs 2.0 feet high are mounted in wood slots on the crest of the spillway. An additional 2.0 feet of stoplogs can be placed at this spillway.

The crest of the spillway is at El 1037.0 and the top of the stoplogs is at El 1039.0. The length of the stoplogs available for discharge is 24.0 feet.

The discharge channel below the spillway is 28 feet wide. The sides are approximately 2 feet high. The floor of the channel is unlined and slopes at 45 percent for 18 feet and then decreases to a 1 percent slope, thereafter.

The low-level outlet for the dam is a 3.2-foot wide by 1.8-foot high, stone box culvert with a slide gate, located 5 feet from the right end of the spillway. The invert of the outlet is at El 1030.4 at the downstream end. Flow into the outlet is controlled by a valve which is buried in the dam. The outlet pipe has a capacity of 70 cfs with the pond at El 1037. Flow from the outlet pipe discharges into the spillway channel.

A 3 foot high earth dike is located 60 feet southeast of the dam embankment. The dike is 140 feet long and prevents water from bypassing the dam through a shallow swale connecting to the downstream channel.

- c. Size Classification. White's Mill Pond Dam is classified in the "small" category since it has a maximum height of 13 feet and a maximum storage capacity of 272 acre-feet.
- the stream channel about 400 feet downstream of the dam (see Figure B-1 and Photo No. 9). An assumed failure of the dam would produce a flood 16 feet deep at the factory compared to 3 feet deep prior to failure and it is possible that more than a few lives could be lost and a significant amount of property damage could occur. Accordingly, the dam has been placed in the "high" hazard category.

- e. Ownership. The dam is owned by Ray Plastics, Inc., Glen Allen Street, Winchendon, Massachusetts 01475 (zip). Mr. Jerry LeClere (telephone 617-297-0088) granted permission to enter the property and inspect the dam.
- f. Operator. The dam is operated by personnel from Ray-Plastics, Inc.
- g. Purpose of the Dam. The water in White's Mill Pond is used for industrial cooling and fire protection by Ray-Plastics, Inc.
- h. <u>Design and Construction</u>. Construction of White's Mill Pond Dam was completed before 1923. No drawings or specifications are available.

Previous inspection reports indicate that since construction the dam has been in fair condition. Repairs have been made such as repair of the slide gate to low level outlet.

i. Normal Operating Procedures. Personnel from Ray Plastics Inc. reportedly visit the dam once a day. At that time, they observe the water level and adjust stoplogs accordingly. The stoplogs are operated manually to maintain a minimum pond elevation of 1038 for the cooling water intake. The low-level outlet was last operated in 1964 when the pond was lowered to repair the slide gate.

#### 1.3 Pertinent Data

- a. Drainage Area. The direct drainage area is approximately 600-acres (0.94 square mile) which consists of hilly land (see Figure D-1 in Appendix). The total drainage area includes limited drainage from Lake Monomonac which is siphoned into White's Mill Pond over Mill Circle Road Dam. Lake Monomonac has a drainage area of 12,200 acres (19.1 square miles). About 12.7 percent of the direct drainage area is ponds and swamps. In general, the undeveloped portions of the drainage area consist of woodland. Moderate (residential) development occurs west of the dam in Winchendon Springs. Along the west side of the pond there is light residential development.
- b. <u>Discharge</u>. Discharge from White's Mill Pond Dam flows over the stoplogs, on the spillway and into an unlined discharge channel. Water also discharges from the outlet directly into the downstream discharge channel.
  - (1) Outlet: Size 3.2 feet x 1.8 feet; Invert El. 1030.4; capacity 70 cfs.

- (2) Maximum known flood at damsite: unknown
- (3) Ungated spillway capacity at top of dam 520 cfs at El 1040.7
- (4) Ungated spillway capacity at test flood elevation: 610 cfs at El 1041.1
- (5) Gated spillway capacity at normal pool elevation: 170 cfs at El 1040.7
- (6) Gated spillway capacity at test flood elevation: 325 cfs at El 1041.6
- (7) Total spillway capacity at test flood elevation: 610 cfs at El 1041.1
- (8) Total project discharge at test flood elevation: 680 cfs at El 1041.1
- c. Elevation (feet above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD)). A benchmark was established at El 1039 at top of the stoplog. This elevation was estimated from a United States Geological Survey (U.S.G.S.) topographic map.
  - (1) Streambed at toe of dam: 1026.8
  - (2) Bottom of cutoff: N/A
  - (3) Maximum tailwater: unknown
  - (4) Normal pool: 1037 (without stoplogs)
  - (5) Full flood control pool: N/A
  - (6) Spillway crest (gated): 1039
  - (7) Design surcharge (Original Design): unknown
  - (8) Top of dam: 1040.7 Top of dike: 1040.7
  - (9) Test flood surcharge: 1041.1 (without stoplogs)
- d. Reservoir (Length in feet)
  - (1) Normal pool: 3,200
  - (2) Flood control pool: N/A

- (3) Spillway crest pool: 3,200
- (4) Top of dam: 3,200
- (5) Test flood pool: 3,300
- e. Storage (acre-feet)
  - (1) Normal pool: 148
  - (2) Flood control pool: N/A
  - (3) Spillway crest pool: 148
  - (4) Top of dam: 272
  - (5) Test flood: 288
- f. Reseroir Surface (acres)
  - \*(1) Normal pool: 40
  - \*(2) Flood-control pool: N/A
  - (3) Spillway crest: 40
  - \*(4) Test flood pool: 40
  - \*(5) Top of dam: 40
- g. Dam
  - (1) Type: Earthfill with upstream and downstream dry stone masonry walls
  - (2) Length: 340 feet
  - (3) Height: 13 feet
  - (4) Top Width: 16 feet
  - (5) Side Slopes: stone masonry walls
  - (6) Zoning: unknown
  - (7) Impervious Core: unknown
  - (8) Cutoff: unknown
  - (9) Grout curtain: unknown
  - (10) Other: None

<sup>\*</sup>Based on the assumption that the surface area will not significantly increase with changes in pool elevation from 1037.0 to 1041.1

#### Dike (if applicable)

- (1) Type: earth embankment
- (2) Length: 140 feet
- (3) Height: 3.0 feet
- (4) Top Width: 6.0 feet
- (5) Side Slopes: 2:1 (horizontal to vertical)
- (6) Zoning: unknown
- (7) Impervious core: unknown
- (8) Cutoff: unknown
- (9) Grout curtain: unknown
- (10) Other: None

#### h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel N/A

#### i. Spillway

- (1) Type: broad crested weir
- (2) Length of weir: 28 feet
- (3) Crest elevation: 1039.0 with stoplogs, 1037.0 without stoplogs
- (4) Gates: none
- (5) Upstream channel: submerged, not visible
- (6) Downstream channel: partly submerged, clogged with trees, brush, and other debris
- (7) General: footbridge across the spillway is in poor condition.

#### j. Regulating Outlets

- (1) Invert El.: 1030.4 downstream
- (2) Size: 3.2 feet wide, 1.8 feet high
- (3) Description: dry stone masonry box channel

- (4) Control mechanism: slide gate size unknown
- (5) Other: 10-inch suction pipe to plant

#### ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 General. No engineering data was available for this Phase I inspection because there are no drawings, specifications, or computations available from the Owner, State, or County agencies. Copies of previous inspection reports dated 1926 to 1964 prepared by Worcester County Engineering Department are included in Appendix B. The most recent inspection was conducted in 1971 by the Massachusetts Department of Public Works. A copy of that report is also given in Appendix B.

We acknowledge the assistance and cooperation of personnel from the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Quality Engineering, Division of Waterways; the Massachusetts Department of Public Works; and the Worcester County Engineers Office. In addition, we acknowledge the assistance of Mr. Jerry LeClere, of Ray Plastics, Inc., who provided information on the history and operation of the dam.

- 2.2 Construction Records. There are no construction records or as-built drawings available for the dam or appurtenances. Previous inspection reports by the Worcester County Engineering Department provided some construction information, and a summary of repairs and post-construction changes at the site.
- 2.3 Operating Records. No operating records are available, and there is no daily record kept of the elevation of the pool or rainfall at the dam site.

#### 2.4 Evaluation

- a. Availability. There is limited engineering data available for this dam.
- b. Adequacy. The lack of detailed hydraulic, structural and construction data did not allow for a definitive review. Therefore, the evaluation of the adequacy of this dam is based on the visual inspection, past performance history, and engineering judgment.
- c. <u>Validity</u>. Comparison of the available information with the field survey conducted during the Phase I inspection indicates that the available information is valid.

#### VISUAL INSPECTION

#### 3.1 Findings

- a. General. The Phase I Inspection of the dam at White's Mill Pond was performed on May 7, 1980. A copy of the inspection checklist is included in Appendix A. Previous inspections were conducted by the Worcester County Engineering Department from 1926 to 1964, and by the Massachusetts Department of Public Works in 1971. Copies of those reports are given in Appendix B. Selected photographs taken during our visual inspection are included in Appendix C.
- b. Dam. The dam is an earthfill dam with upstream and downstream dry stone masonry walls. The structure consists of a spillway, a low level outlet, an intake to the plant and an earth dike. Evidence of seepage was noted in 4 locations at the downstream toe of the dam. The seepage rates were estimated to be from 5 to 15 gpm (see Photo No. 3). The seepage was clear at the time of the inspection.

The dry stone masonry walls both upstream and downstream are in poor condition. There are many bulges in the downstream face of both walls. The right wall is battered upstream at approximately 1 to 12 (horizontal to vertical) (see Photo No. 7). The left wall is tilting downstream at 1 to 6 (horizontal to vertical). Voids between the stones were probed as far back as 6 feet into the dam (see Photo No. 5). The stone wall on the upstream left side is vertical and is intact. Riprap was visible only for the first 60 feet to the right of the spillway on the upstream slope.

The top of the dam is unpaved and curves upstream. A footpath has been worn along the center of the crest. There is a heavy growth of brush and trees 4 inches to 1 foot in diameter (see Photo No. 2) on the upstream and downstream face of the dam. The low point on top of the dam is located approximately 160 feet north of the spillway. The visual inspection revealed erosion across the dam at this point indicating that the dam may have been overtopped.

c. Appurtenant Structures. The spillway is a 28 foot long broad crested weir with stoplogs. At the time of the inspection, water was discharging over the spillway, so the weir, stoplogs, and downstream toe could not be examined. The concrete on the crest of the spillway was

submerged and could not be inspected. The walkway over the spillway is of wood construction that is heavily weathered and rotting in places. It is situated directly over the stoplogs. The structure is braced against overturning by 2 timber beams (see Photo No. 1). The structure is leaning slightly downstream. At the time of the visual inspection the stoplogs were 2 feet above the crest of the spillway.

The upstream opening to the low level outlet was submerged and was not visible for inspection. Also, the stem to the gate controlling the outlet had been buried in the dam as a precaution against vandalism and the gate was not accessible for inspection. Reportedly the gate has not been operated since 1964 when it was last repaired. The opening at the discharge end of the low level outlet is a 1.8 foot by 3.2 foot stone box culvert which discharges directly at the toe of the dam (see Photo No. 5). Water discharging from the low level outlet flows directly into the downstream channel. At the time of the visual inspection seepage was leaking from the roof of the outlet at approximately 2 gpm. floor of the outlet was submerged and it was not possible to determine if there was additional seepage from the outlet.

The intake to the plant is located in the northwestern corner of the pond. It consists of a 10 inch diameter suction line housed in a 4 foot wide by 8 foot long concrete chamber that is 8 feet deep. Two trash screens are located at the entrance to the chamber. Water is siphoned to the plant and according to the Owner's representative it is necessary to keep the water level in the pond at El 1038 in order to maintain the siphon. The water is used for cooling in the plant and for fire protection (see Photo No. 4).

A 3-foot high earth dike is located 60 feet southeast of the eastern dam embankment. The dike is 140 feet long and is heavily overgrown with brush and trees up to 1.5 feet in diameter (see Photo No. 10). The dike prevents water from bypassing the dam through a shallow swale connecting to the downstream channel. The upstream and downstream slopes are approximately 2:1 (horizontal to vertical) and are unprotected. They are in fair condition with moderate erosion having occurred.

d. Reservoir Area. The reservoir area is moderately developed. The town of Winchendon Springs is located west of the dam.

Residential development is located on the west and north sides of the reservoir. Most of the land is wooded with gentle slopes. There is a small potential that future development will occur in the pond area.

e. Downstream Channel. Both the spillway and the low level outlet discharge into the downstream channel. The floor and walls of the channel are unlined. There is a substantial accumulation of logs and uprooted trees in the floor of the stream channel (see Photograph No. 6).

Vegetation including trees is growing on the dam and is overhanging the walls of the channel (see Photograph No. 7).

A bridge extends across the discharge channel about 300 feet downstream of the dam. The bridge opening is 8.5 feet high by 16.5 feet wide which restricts the flow from the dam.

Water then flows under the Ray Plastics plant located 97 feet further downstream. The opening of this stone walled channel is 16 feet wide and 6.8 feet high. Beyond the plant the stream flows 1.3 miles to Whitney Pond.

3.2 Evaluation. The visual inspection indicates that the dam is in poor condition. There are numerous deficiencies which must be corrected to assure the continued performance of this dam. Measures to improve this condition are stated in Section 7.3.

## OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

#### 4.1 Operating Procedures

- a. General. According to Mr. LeClere representing Ray-Plastics, Inc., the standard procedure for operating the dam is to maintain a minimum water level of about El. 1038 by regulating the stoplogs to maintain the siphon in the 10-inch plant intake line.
- b. Warning System. There is no warning system in effect at this dam.

#### 4.2 Maintenance Procedures

- a. General. The dam is generally poorly maintained. Ray Plastics, Inc. who is responsible for maintenance of the facility reportedly conducts periodic inspections. Typical maintenance procedures have included clearing debris from the screen at the plant intake.
- b. Operating Facilities. Maintenance of the operating facilities at the dam consists of replacing the stoplogs when they start to deteriorate. In 1964, the slide gate for the low level outlet was repaired. The operating condition of the outlet works is not checked by the Owner.
- Evaluation. There are no regular programs of maintenance or technical inspections at the dam. There are also no plans for surveillance of the dam during periods of heavy rainfall, or for warning people in downstream areas in the event of an emergency at the dam. The lack of standard operating and maintenance procedures is undesirable, considering that the dam is in the "high" hazard category. These programs should be implemented as recommended in Section 7.3.

#### EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/ HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

General. White's Mill Pond Dam has a direct drainage area of 0.94 square miles, about 12.7 percent of which is ponds and swamps (see Figure D-1, Drainage Area Map). The land is hilly and lightly developed. White's Mill Pond is separated from Lake Monomonac by the Springville Dam and by the Mill Circle Road Dam, which has a crest elevation at 1053.5. A 30-inch siphon diverts about 100 cfs of water from the lake to White's Mill Pond under average conditions. Under test flood flows Lake Monomonac would discharge a more significant flow to White's Mill Pond. It is assumed that the Mill Circle Road Dam, although overtopped by the test flood inflow, does not fail.

White's Mill Pond has a surface area of approximately 40 acres, and a maximum storage capacity of 272 acre-feet at El 1040.7.

The spillway consists of a stone masonry broad crested weir and discharge channel. The crest of the weir is 28 feet long and at El 1037. Stoplogs at a crest of El 1039 were noted at the time of the inspection. Discharge is through six 4 foot wide bays.

The low level outlet is a gated 3.2 by 1.8 foot stone conduit located just to the right of the spillway. The gate has not been operated since it was last repaired 16 years ago according to the owner.

The low-level outlet can discharge a flow of about 70 cfs when the pond is at El 1037.0 which is the crest of the spillway. At this pond elevation and with no additional inflow, the outlet can lower the pond by l foot in about 7 hours.

- 5.2 <u>Design Data</u>. There are no hydraulic or hydrologic computations available for the design of the spillway at White's Mill Pond Dam.
- 5.3 Experience Data. There is no record of overtopping of the present dam. The Owner stated that according to the previous owners, during the 1938 hurricane, the dam was not overtopped. It must be pointed out however, that the visual inspection indicated evidence that the dam may have been overtopped at the low point on the dam.

Test Flood Analysis. White's Mill Pond has been classified in the "small" size and "high" hazard categories according to the Corps of Engineers guidelines. The guidelines recommend that for dams in these categories, a test flood between the 1/2 PMF (probable maximum flood) and the full PMF should be used to evaluate the capacity of the spillway. Based on the reservoir storage and the number of structures located downstream, the 1/2 PMF was selected as the test flood.

The PMF rate for the watershed contributing directly to White's Mill Pond watershed was calculated to be 1800 cfs per square mile of drainage area. This calculation is based on the average slope of 3.5 percent in the drainage area, the pond-plus-swamp area to drainage area ratio of 12.7 percent, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' guide curves for Maximum Probable Flood Peak Flow Rates (dated December 1977). For this analysis, the peak flow rate was determined to be between "rolling" and "flat and coastal".

Applying the 1/2 PMF rate to the 0.94 square mile drainage area results in a peak test flood inflow of 846 cfs. Additional inflow from Lake Monomonac through the siphon was estimated to be 110 cfs for a total test flood inflow of 956 cfs. By adjusting the test flood inflow for surcharge storage, the peak test flood outflow was calculated to be 680 cfs (723 cfs per square mile).

Without stoplogs, the pond level would rise to El 1041.1 during the test flood. With stoplogs, the pond would rise to El 1041.6. Both elevations result in overtopping the dam.

Hydraulic analyses indicate that the spillway without stoplogs can discharge 520 cfs or 76 percent of the test flood outflow with the pond at El 1040.7, which is the low point on the top of the dam. With stoplogs, the spillway could discharge 170 cfs, or 22 percent of the outflow before the dam is overtopped.

Table 5-1 below summarizes the discharge from the pond during the test flood.

TABLE 5-1.

	Stoplogs/ in place	Stoplogs removed
Maximum height of water above dam, ft:	0.9	0.5
Discharge over spillway, cfs:	170	520
Discharge over dam, cfs:	867	306
Critical depth at low point on crest, ft:	0.6	0.3
Critical velocity low point on crest, fps:	4.3	3.1

5.5 Dam Failure Analysis. Hydraulic calculations indicate that the spillway, with the stoplogs at El 1039.0, can discharge 170 cfs with the pond at El 1040.7 which is the low point on the dam. This amount of flow will produce a backwater about 3 feet high in the channel at the factory. Failure of the dam at maximum flow would produce a downstream flow of 3,270 cfs which would cause the backwater to rise an additional 13 feet at the factory to El 1033.1 (see Photo No. 9 and Drawing F-F on B-2). It would take about 2 hours to drain the pond.

There are several homes located along the channel downstream of the factory. The foundations of these structures are approximately 5 feet above the floor of the channel. Discharge due to failure of the dam would flow under and around the factory. It is likely that failure of the dam would result in excessive property damage at the factory and downstream and loss of more than a few lives. Accordingly, the dam has been placed in the "high" hazard category.

#### STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Visual Observations. The evaluation of the structural stability of White's Mill Pond Dam is based on a review of previous inspection reports, and the visual inspection conducted on May 7, 1980.

As discussed in Section 3, Visual Inspection, the dam is in poor condition. Severe seepage was observed along the toe of the embankment in four locations. Movement of the dam is indicated by tilting downstream of the dry stone masonry wall on the left side of the dam. Areas of erosion were observed on the top of the right hand embankment. A thick growth of trees and vegetation exists on the top of the dam and dike.

6.2 <u>Design and Construction Data</u>. Construction of White's Mill Pond Dam was completed before 1923. Computations for design of the dam, spillway and outlet are not available.

Specifications for construction of the dam are also not available.

There is no information on the shear strength or permeability of the soil or rock materials of the embankment.

- 6.3 <u>Post-Construction Changes</u>. Since the original construction of the dam, the only known repair that has been made is to the low level outlet slide gate in 1964.
- 6.4 <u>Seismic Stability</u>. The dam is located in Seismic Zone No. 2, and in accordance with Corps of Engineers' guidelines does not warrant further seismic analysis at this time.

#### ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

#### 7.1 Dam Assessment

a. Condition. As a result of the visual inspection, the review of available data, and limited information on operation and maintenance, the dam is considered to be in poor condition. The following deficiencies must be corrected to assure the continued performance of this dam: severe seepage along the toe of the embankment; tilting of the dry stone masonry wall on the left side of the dam; erosion on the top of the upstream embankment; cracked and missing mortar, and missing stones on the masonry walls of the spillway; a deteriorated bridge and stop log structure, a heavy growth of trees and brush on the dam and dike and accumulation of debris in the downstream channel.

The slide gate operator for the low level outlet is located within the dam, and is operated through a gate box on the crest of the dam near the spillway.

The peak test flood (1/2 PMF) outflow is estimated to be 680 cfs with the pond at El 1041.1 (assuming the stoplogs are released). The test flood would overtop the low point on the dam by 0.5 feet. Hydraulic analyses indicate that the spillway (without stoplogs) can discharge 520 cfs or 76 percent of the test flood outflow before the dam is overtopped. (With the stoplogs in place, the spillway can discharge 170 cfs or 22 percent of the test flood outflow before the dam is overtopped).

- b. Adequacy. The lack of detailed design and construction data did not allow for a definitive review. Therefore, the evaluation of this dam is based on a review of the available data, the visual inspection, past performance and engineering judgment.
- c. Urgency. The recommendations and remedial measures outlined below should be implemented by the Owner within l year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report except for recommendation 7.2.b. which should be implemented immediately upon receipt of this report.
- 7.2 Recommendations. It is recommended that the Owner employ a qualified registered engineer to:

- a. Develop procedures to clear trees, brush and roots from the dam and dike embankment, and to a distance of 25 feet from the toe of the dam and dike. All stumps and roots removed should be backfilled with select material.
- b. Evaluate the stability of the dam and spillway including an investigation of the severe seepage noted at the toe of the dam. This should include an inspection of the spillway under a no flow condition. The investigation should be conducted after the embankment is cleared of brush.
- c. Perform a detailed hydrologic/hydraulic analysis to evaluate the discharge capability of the spillway and the overtopping potential of the dam. In the analysis, consideration should be given to the effect of failure of Mill Circle Road Dam and Springville Dam would have on White's Mill Pond.
- d. Until the recommendations resulting from these investigations are implemented, the Owner should immediately remove the flashboards and maintain the water level in the pond below El 1034. This may require that the Owner install pumping facilities to provide water to the facility.

The Owner should implement the recommendations of the Engineer.

#### 7.3 Remedial Measures

- a. Operating and Maintenance Procedures. It is recommended that the Owner accomplish the following:
  - (1) Fill in eroded areas on the upstream and downstream face of the earth embankment portions of the dam.
  - (2) Replace missing or cracked mortar and missing stones in the stone masonry wall at the spillway.
  - (3) Uncover the operating mechanism on the outlet and restore it to working condition.
  - (4) Replace missing riprap on the upstream face of the embankment.
  - (5) Remove all brush, trees, debris and loose stone in the floor of the spillway discharge channel.
  - (6) Institute a definite plan for surveillance of the dam and spillway during and after periods of heavy rainfall and a plan to warn people in downstream areas in the event of an emergency at the dam.

- (7) Implement a systematic program of maintenance inspections. As a minimum, the inspection program should consist of a monthly inspection of the dam and appurtenances and be supplemented by additional inspections during and after severe storms. All repairs and maintenance should be undertaken in compliance with all applicable State regulations. The maintenance program should include removal of any debris caught on the spillway weir to prevent clogging of the spillway.
- (8) Institute a program of technical inspections of this dam on an annual basis.
- 7.4 Alternatives. The alternative to implementing the recommendations and remedial measures listed above would be to drain the pond and remove the dam.

# APPENDIX A PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

# PERIODIC INSPECTION PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT_	WHITE'S MILL POND DAM	DATE May 7, 1980
		TIME 8:30A.M2:30P.M.
		WEATHER Cloudy, Showers
		W.S. ELEV: 039.4 U.S: 019.4 DN.S.
PARTY:		
1	M. Gilbert (Metcalf & Eddy, Inc	Geotechnical)
2	S. Nagel (Metcalf & Eddy, Inc	Geotechnical)
3	W. Checchi (Metcalf & Eddy, Inc	Geotechnical)
4	W. Diesl (Metcalf & Eddy, Inc	Geotechnical)
5	L. Branagan (Metcalf & Eddy, Inc.	- Hydraulics)
	PROJECT FEATURE	INSPECTED BY REMARKS
1	Dam Embankment	M. Gilbert/S. Nagel
2	Intake-Outlet Works	L. Branagan
3		
4		
5		
6		
8		·
0.		

PROJECT WHITE'S MILL POND DAM	DATE May 7, 1980		
PROJECT FEATURE Dam Embankment	NAME M. Gilbert		
DISCIPLINE Geotechnical	NAME S. Nagel		
u/s = upstream d/s = downstr. 1			
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS		
DAM EMBANKMENT			
Crest Elevation	1041.1		
Current Pool Elevation	1039.4		
Maximum Impoundment to Date	Unknown		
Surface Cracks	Dirt footpath, - no cracks		
Pavement Condition	None		
Movement or Settlement of Crest	Small area that is a low spot, it looks like it has overtopped in this spot		
Lateral Movement	RH side about 25 from spillway the d/s rock wall has a 6:1 (VtoH) batter down-		
Vertical Alignment	Relatively flat		
Horizontal Alignment	Curved u/s (bulg-)		
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Fair, LH abutment into natural grd. RH abut. into parking area		
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	Dry stone masonry wall to left of spillway is tilted d/s		
Trespassing on Slopes	Footpath with little or no veg.in middle neavy brush and trees on side of crest*		
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	1/s on LH side of dam small localized area where it appears that dam was overtopped		
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	d/s rock has 12:1 (Vto H) u/s batter voids probed ~ 4 ft.		
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	Severe bulge in wall		
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	RH side 3 areas of seepage 1 @15gpm and 2 @ < 5gpm LH side 1 area @ < 5 gpm		
Piping or Boils	None noticed seepage is clear		
Foundation Drainage Features None			
Toe Drains	None		
Instrumentation System	None		
*And On the embankment	page <u>A-2 of 6</u>		

PROJECT WHITE'S MILL POND DAM	DATE May 7, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE Dike Embankment	NAME M. Gilbert
DISCIPLINE Geotechnical	NAME S. Nagel
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
DIKE EMBANKMENT	
Crest Elevation	1041.1
Current Pool Elevation	1039.4
Maximum Impoundment to Date	_
Surface Cracks	Earth embankment no cracks observed
Pavement Condition	None
Movement or Settlement of Crest	Level
Lateral Movement	None visible
Vertical Alignment	Relatively flat
Horizontal Alignment	Curved d/s (bulged)
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	LH wet RH @ spillway-OK
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None
Trespassing on Slopes	Footpath, many trees and brush on u/s & d/s slopes
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	None
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	No riprap protection on u/s slope
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	None visible
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	None

None

None

None

None

Piping or Boils

Toe Drains

Foundation Drainage Features

Instrumentation System

PROJECT WHITE'S MILL POND DAM	DATE May 7, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE Outlet Works	NAME M. Gilbert
DISCIPLINE Geotechnical	NAME S. Nagel
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL	,
General Condition of Concrete	
Rust or Staining	
Spalling	
Erosion or Cavitation	
Visible Reinforcing	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	
Condition at Joints	
Drain Holes	
Channel	
Loose Rock or Trees Over- hanging Channel	Tree growing out of rock wall on d/s slope overhangs both spillway and low level outlet.
Condition of Discharge Channel	

Low level outlet is a rock lined box culvert with a hand operated slide gate. Gate box is located on crest of dam near the spillway. The gate valve was last repaired and operated 9 years ago.

Discharge is onto a boulder which is about 5 ft. to the right of the spillway. This discharge joins the spillway overflow at that point.

PROJECT WHITE'S MILL POND DAM	DATE May /, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE Outlet Works .	NAME M. Gilbert
DISCIPLINE Geotechnical	NAME S. Nagel
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	
General Condition	Fair
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	No
Trees Overhanging Channel	1 bush in wall
Floor of Approach Channel	Submerged
b. Weir and Training Walls	
General Condition of Concrete	Rock w/concreted joints, corner stone missing on LH side, cracking on both sides ~ FAIR to POOR
Rust or Staining	No
Spalling	At water line
Any Visible Reinforcing	None
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None
Drain Holes	None
c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Fair
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	No, about 1 ft. of water flowing over spillway
Trees Overhanging Channel	Many overhanging and in channel
Floor of Channel	Boulders
Other Obstructions	Logs and fallen tree w/roots in channe:

Footbridge over spillway is leaning d/s. It is of wood construction which is in poor condition.

Stop logs within 2 ft. of top are in place on u/s side of footbridge. Stop logs are in good condition.

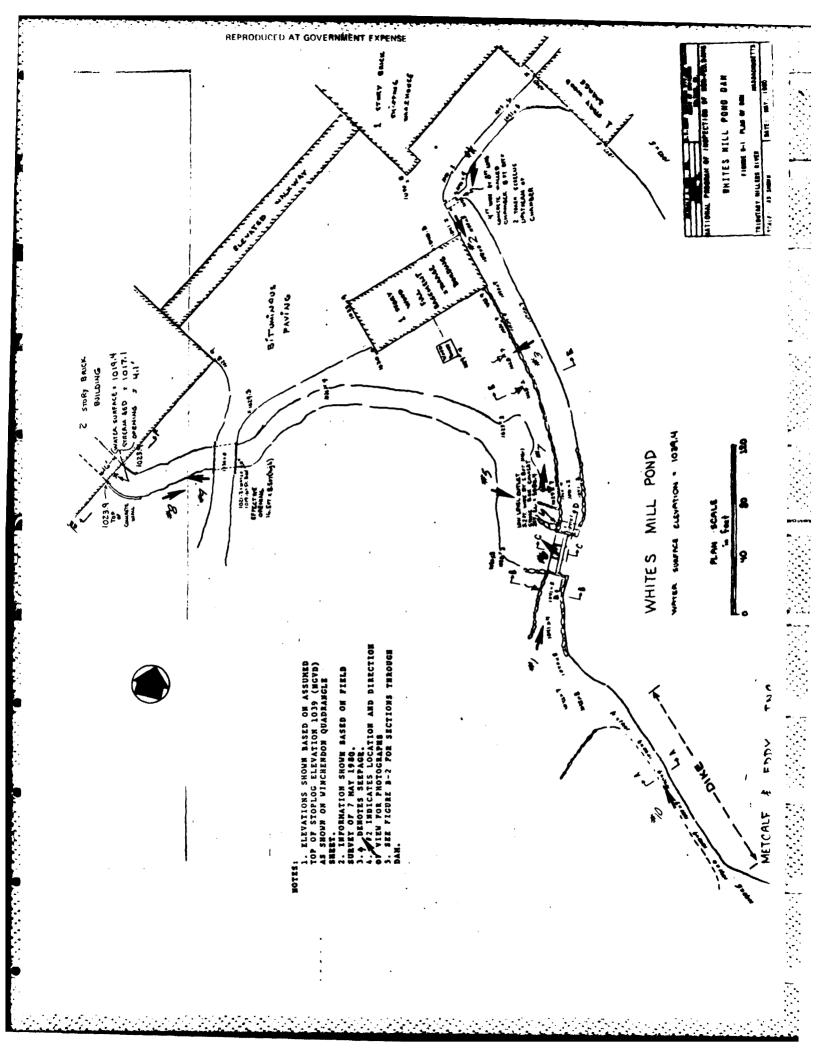
PROJECT WHITE'S MILL POND DAM	DATE May 7, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE Outlet Works	NAME_ M. Gilbert
DISCIPLINE Geotechnical	NAME_ S. Nagel
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT	
General Condition of Concrete	
Rust or Staining on Concrete	
Spalling	
Erosion or Cavitation	
Cracking	
Alignment of Monoliths	
Alignment of Joints	
Numbering of Monoliths	

Service intake to factory is a screened intake with a 10" line which feeds a 10" line to the fire pump and a 6" line used for cooling water in the factory. The 6" service line requires a minimum pond elevation of about 1038.0 to service pump. The line is a siphon.

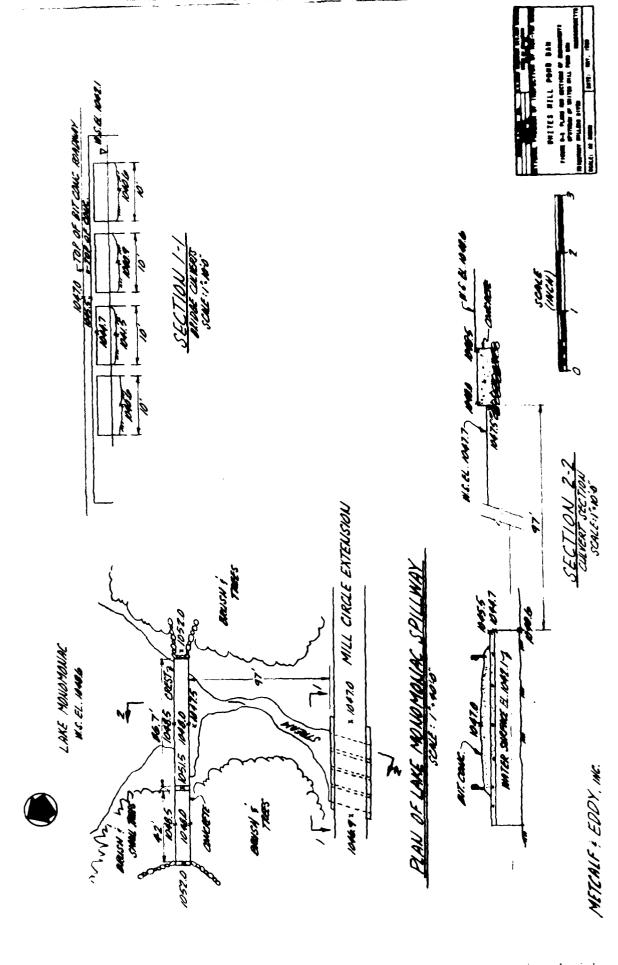
#### APPENDIX B

# PLANS OF DAM AND PREVIOUS INSPECTION REPORTS

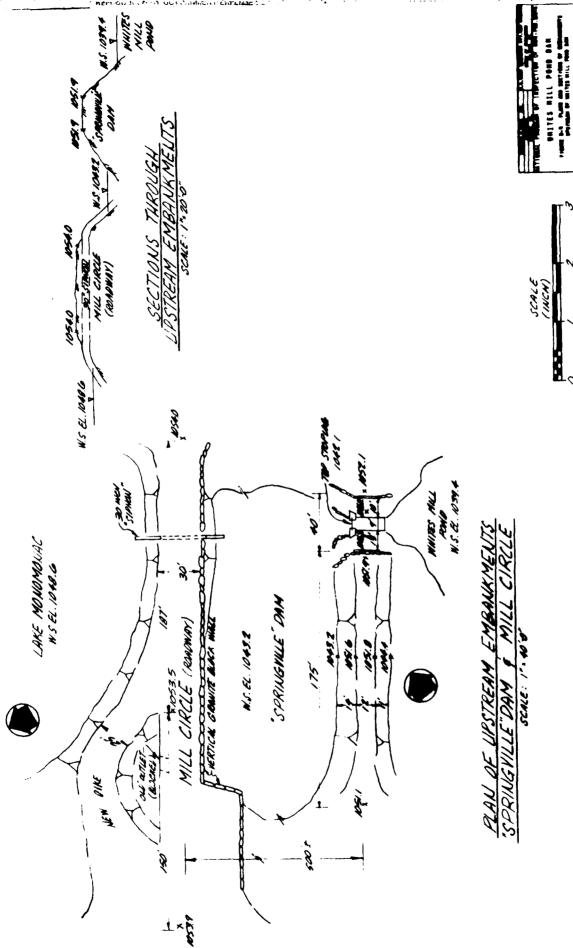
	Page
Figure B-1, Plan of Dam	B-1
Figure B-2, Sections through Dam	B-2
File card for White's Mill Dam from Worcester County Engineer's Office	B <b>-</b> 3
Previous Inspection Reports Dated 1926 through 1964 by Worcester County Engineer's Office	B-4
Dated December 27, 1971 by Massachusetts Department of Public Works	B <b>-</b> 26



CANADA MARKANTA



THE TRANSPORT TO SERVICE TO SERVICE TO SERVICE THE SERVICE TO SERV



METCALF GEDDY, INC.

PLEI HO. 17 A. A. DINE NO. 60-01 DECRÉE TO TOWN OR CITY Winchender LOCATION - Morre de Meter Lete Meter 8 - Page A Spring VIII - Note Book 17 E Two Ony Bubble Forth Embankment Poll . . 350'2 -and - 135' dyle to East. 34:38. Vegt. Rubble Wall In Weberghod Comments
Percent in Forbits
Steepness of Stops
Kind of Soil
No. 4 Acose in Wetershed 21 Sq. Miles 12 to 1. 290 d Gues Chapped. 4x2 - To Mill - 6 wide = 10 class Max Flow Ca. Pt. per Bos. CONSTRUCTION DY STATE CON CCF - MOSSING BL S By P.

GENERAL REMARKS

SAT LINE. 1939 - Downed by White Bres Inc. Second Expection 3 20 20-1.0 M Owned by N.A White & John Inc. resid toppertion 3-20-20-1.0 Mon 14 Inspection : Dec. M. 1927-16.0. Morden : Oct. 13 1929 - ^ Feb 18, 1932 Sept. 24, 1934 Chelett 30; Mar. 20, 1936 - W.O.L., M.F. H. 37: Oot. 14, 1938 M. F. Wont May 16, 1950 LOM. Dec. 12 1951 - LOM : Jan . 7, 1939 . E. S. Grover : Mar. 16.

### COUNTY OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS OFFICE OF COUNTY ENGINEER

Neg. Nos.

### INSPECTION OF DAMS, RESERVOIR DAMS AND RESERVOIRS

und surface below
of spillway  and surface below  length in feet  size pipe to mill  head in feet
of spillway  und surface below  length in feet  size pipe to mill  head in feet
o of spillway  und surface below  length in feet  size pipe to mill  head in feet
und surface below
length in feet size pipe to mill head in feet
size pipe to mill head in feet
head in feet
ment
ate
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n pond
ultivation
t applicable
i ::

# COUNTY OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS OFFICE OF COUNTY ENGINEER

Neg. Nos.

### INSPECTION OF DAMS, RESERVOIR DAMS AND RESERVOIRS

Town Winchendon Date	e Dec.14, 1927 Dam No. 60-01
Location at Winchendon Sprgs	Name of Pond or Stream White Mill Pond. from Lake Mononomac.
	Use Power and washing.
	Ose Power and wasning.
Elevations in feet: above (+) or belo	ow (-) full pond or reservoir level.
FOR DAM Bed of stream below FOR RESERVOIR	top of spillway
top of dam top of fla	ashboards 24 Inches tound surface below
level of overflow p	pipe length in feet
width top in feetwidth	h bottom in feet size pipe to mill
inches len	ngth spillway in feet head in feet
	H. P. developed
Size of gates	location of gates
	ction
	condition of embankment fair to good.
Constructed by	datedate
Designed by	location
Recent repairs and date old	
Evidence of leakage thru gates	westof spillway abt. 5' not dangerous .
Condition fair to good.	
Topography of country below	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	w dam
	No. Acres in pond
	Percent watershed in cultivation
	Note: Cross out word not applicable
	sticks up so can be opened.
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<b></b>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B-7 WHITES MILL POND DAM

# COUNTY OF WORCESTER MASSACHUSETTS COUNTY ENGINEER

Inspection of Dams, Reservoir Dams, and Reservoirs.

Inspected by L.O.	Marden	Date 10-13	-29	Dam No. 60-01
Town Winchendon	Locati	on above	mill	
Owner N. D. White	e & Sons	Use	······································	
••				
				Year
SPILLWAY				
El. top Abutment	El. Crest	El. Apron	E	Streambed
Width top Abutment	Width top Crest	Width botton	n Spillway.	
Width Flashboards carried.	Kin	d Flashboards	**************	
El. Flowline Cleanout Pipe	Sis	e and Kind Cleanou	t Pipe	
Kind of Foundation under	Spillway	•••••••••••••••••	••••••••••	••••••
	=			emanted-slight
EMBANKMENT	El Natural Ground	Widt	h Top	
			•	am Slope
				р
				ls. cut white
		_	-	
Condition	O.•K	•	••••••	
WHEEL Ki	nd	Size	Rated H	I. P
to west of g	ate and 6-6' dis	tant from but	tress-	le stone buttress also 16'- also 22'
Recent Repairs and Date		••••••		
Nature of Buildings and Ro	eads below Dam	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	••••••••	
	· ·			les
Discharge in Second Feet n	er Square Mile			
2 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

### COUNTY OF WORCESTER MASSACHUSETTS

#### COUNTY ENGINEER

Inspection of Dams, Reservoir Dams, and Reservoirs.

Inspected by	L. O. Marden	Date Feb.13,1932	Dam No. 60-01
Town Wine	hendon	Location	
Owner N. D	. White & Son.		***************************************
<b>~</b> -	-		
		Constructed by	
SPILLWAY—Le	engthFeet. Depth	Feet	
El. top Abutment	tEl. Crest	El. ApronEl.	Streambed
Width top Abutm	mentWidth top Cre	stWidth bottom Spillway	y
Width Flashboard	ds carried	Kind Flashboards	·····
El. Flowline Clea	nout Pipe	Sise and Kind Cleanout Pipe	,
Kind of Foundati	ion under Spillway		
Condition	Q. K.	•••••	
•••••			
EMBANKMENT	Length overallF	'eet	
El. Top	El. Natural Ground	lWidth Top	
Width of Bottom	Upstream	SlopeDownstree	am Slope
Kind of Corewall.		Ripra	.p
Material in Emba	inkment	Foundation	
Condition	0. K.		
	***************************************		
GATES		Location	·····
Size	Kind	El. Flowline	
Condition			
•••••			
WHEEL	Kind	SizeRated 1	f. P
Location		Ave. Head	
Evidence of Leaks	s in Structure		
•••••			***************************************
Recent Repairs an	nd Date	••••••	
	•		
Nature of Building	gs and Roads below Dam		
		Drainage Area in Square M	
Discharge in Secon	nd Feet per Square Mile	······································	***************************************
Estimated Storage	Million Cubic Feet	B-9 WHITES MIL	L POND DAM
		·	· · ·

## COUNTY OF WORCESTER MASSACHUSETTS

#### COUNTY ENGINEER

Inspection of Dams, Reservoir Dams, and Reservoirs.

6003

Inspected by W. O	. L., M. F. H.	Dat	3/20/36	Dam No. 6001-6002-
Town Winchendo	n	Location		
Owner	••••••		<b>)</b>	·····
				Year
SPILLWAY—Length.	Feet. Depth.	Feet		
El. top Abutment	El. Crest	El. A	pronE	l. Streambed
Width top Abutment	Width top C	rest W	idth bottom Spillwa	sy
Width Flashboards car	ried	Kind Flashb	oards	
El. Flowline Cleanout	Pipe	Sise and Kir	nd Cleanout Pipe	
Kind of Foundation u	nder Spillway	•••••		
Condition #60-01	looks OK from	rd. People	living there	e said that all 3 o
these dams wer	e OK and no wa	ter want ov	er embankment	S.
EMBANKMENT—Le	ngth overall	.Feet		
El. Top	El. Natural Grou	od	Width Top	
Width of Bottom	Upstrea	m Slope	Downstr	eam Slope
Kind of Corewall	······································		Ripr	ар
Material in Embankme	ent	***************************************	Foundation	
Si <b>ze</b>	Kind	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	El. Flowline	
				н. Р.
			•	
Evidence of Leaks in S	tructure	••••		***************************************
Recent Repairs and Da	te	***************************************		
_				
Nature of Buildings and	d Roads below Dam	•••••		
				Miles
Disch <b>arge</b> in Second Fe	et per Square Mile	•••••		
Estimated Storage Mill	ion Cubic Feet	***************************************	••••••	
-		B-10	WHITES MIL	L POND DAM

### WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEER Inspection of Dams, Reservoir Dams, and Reservoirs

	Date 10-14-38 Dam No. 60-01			
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Town Winchendon Loca	tion Above N. D. White Mills			
Owner N. D. White Co.	Use			
SPILLWAY 7 -3' sections 3'-10" El.top AbutmentEl.Crest_				
Width top AbutWidth top Cre	stWidth bottom Sp.way			
Width flashboards Kind Flashboards				
El.Flowline Cleanout Pipe	Size and Kind Pipe			
Kind of Foundation under Spillway_				
Condition OK				
FLIBAUKLENT				
El.Natural Gro				
Width of Bottom Upstream				
Kind of Corewall				
Material in Embankment				
Condition Water was held back at	·			
little water came down				
GATES	Togation			
Size Kind	Location			
Condition This dam is all right on				
	s too low and the spillway too small			
otherwise.	o too zon tare die spilling ood blank			
Evidence of Leaks in Structure				
Small leak thru wall, south en	d (old one)			
Recent Repairs and Date				
Number Acres in Pond	Drainage Area in Sq.Miles			
Discharge in Second Feet per Square	- Mile			
Estimated Storage Million Cubic Fed				

#### WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEER

Inspection of Dams, Reservoir Dams, and Reservoirs Inspected by Esture Date 1-7-39 Dam No. 60-01 Town Writhendon Location W. Springs off Pte 202 \$132
Owner White Use SPILLWAY Width top Abut. Width top Crest Width bottom Sp.way Width flashboards Kind Flashboards El.Flowline Cleanout Pipe\_\_\_\_\_Size and Kind Pipe\_\_\_\_\_ Kind of Foundation under Spillway Condition water lover alt 2' below mud sill Sun Count ground pour eide of dam Still Raining hung mist FLBANKLENT El.Top El.Natural Ground Width Top Width of Bottom\_\_\_\_\_Upstream Slope\_\_\_\_\_Downstream Slope\_\_\_\_ Kind of Corewall\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_Riprap\_\_\_\_\_ Naterial in Embankment \_\_\_\_Foundation\_\_\_\_ Condition GATES Location Kind El.Flowline Size Condition Evidence of Leaks in Structure Recent Repairs and Date\_\_\_\_ Number Acres in Pond \_\_\_\_\_ Drainage Area in Sq.Niles\_\_\_\_ Discharge in Second Feet per Square Mile\_\_\_\_\_ Estimated Storage Million Cubic Feet\_\_\_\_\_

### WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEER Inspection of Dams, Reservoir Dams, and Reservoirs

Inspected by F.S. Grover Date	Mar-16-1939Dam No. 60-01
Town Winchendon Location	_
Owner N.D. White	Use
SPILLWAY El.top abutmentEl.Crest	El.ApronEl.St.Bed
Width top Abut. Width top Crest_	Width bottom Sp.way
Width flashboards Kind	Flashboards
El.Flowline Cleanout Pipe	Size and Kind Pipe
Kind of Foundation under Spillway	
Condition Top of Flash beards 27	" above CREST
6 of the 7 widths of flash boa	
I widths lower and 3/4" of	•
ELBANI ENT	
El. Top El.Natural Ground	Width Top
Width of Borrom Upstream Slop	
Kind of Coremall	Piprap
Material in Embankment Condition	
GATES Lo	cation
SizeKind	El.Flowline
Condition_	
Evidence of Leaks in Etructure	
Recent Repairs and Tate	
Number Acres in PondDr. Lischarge in Second Feet per Square Mile	ninage Area in Sq. Milese
Estimated Storage Million Cubic Feet	

# COUNTY OF WORCESTER MASSACHUSETTS COUNTY ENGINEER

Inspection of Dams, Reservoir Dams, and Reservoirs.

Inspected by 6M MFH		Date 9-26-93	Dam No. 60-01
Town Winchession	Location	Mill Ponl	
Owner N.D. White Ec	11	Jae	
Material and Type			
	•••••		
Dam Designed by	Construc	ted by	Year
SPILLWAY			
El. top AbutmentEl. Crest		-	
Width top AbutmentWidth t	op Crest	Width bottom Spillws	y
Width Flashboards carried	Kind Fla	shboards	
El. Flowline Cleanout Pipe	Size and	Kind Cleanout Pipe	
Kind of Foundation under Spillway	•••••••••••	•••••	
Condition patel	lanks in	Spillway	
EMBANKMENT			
El. Top El. Natural	Ground	Width Top	
Width of BottomUI	stream Slope	Downst	ream Slope
Kind of Corewall			
Material in Embankment	***************************************	Foundation	
Condition qrub out	brush	& not	
GATES		Location	
SiseKind		El. Flowline	
Condition oppenvi	015		
WHEELKind	Size	Rated	I H. P.
Location	•••••	Ave. Head	·····
Evidence of Leaks in Structure	Seepane	- But B	nb from spillwan
and size leak.	1 1		1
Recent Repairs and Date			
Topography of Country below Dam			
Nature of Buildings and Roads below De	am		
Number Acres in Pond			
Discharge in Second Feet per Square Mi			
Estimated Storage Million Cubic Feet		••	
	B-14	WHITES MILL PO	N.D. DAM

TOWN Nochenia	DAM NO. 60-0 /
LOCATION Eastony Will Poul	STREAM
WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPA WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS	RTMENT
DAM INSPECTION REPORT	
OWNED BY White Broshe PLACE WINCHENDER	use pour et
INSPECTED BY LOM DATE May 16, 1950	
Doundiam dy supporting wall.	
FLASHBOARDS IN PLACE TEPAIRS	
also chus out in street downton side of all	hu alt walls
Rehabilitate spillway	
EMBANKMENT	
RECENT REPAIRS Non <	
CONDITION End comed with bush + true	•
REPAIRS NEEDED out sut & grat and with br	ush - treso.
Restri ententemet.	
GATES	
RECENT REPAIRS None	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CONDITION Fu	
REPAIRB NEEDED Reliner Weessey	
<u>LEAKS</u>	
HOW BERIOUS Some leak and perfox	- perhaps not
to dangerour DATE le	m 16, 1907
N	

TOWN Winchendon	
LOCATION Factory Mill	Pons.

DAM	ND. 60-0 /

### WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

#### DAM INSPECTION REPORT

OWNED BY White BY	ms he PLACE	Washen on Spring use storage of
NSPECTED BY LO. Ma	Ma DATE	Madewin Spring use storega etc
		CONDITION SI
TYPE OF DAM		EGNOTION 277
BPILLWAY		
FLASHBOARDS IN PLACE	E Mans	RECENT REPAIRS 1995
CONDITION	KI apron pool -	water scaps there abt walls
MEDAIDS NEEDED	reasy plants	- cut off leaks
REFAIRS NEEDES		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
EMBANKMENT		
RECENT REPAIRS	None	
	A ARE	w.L. & trees - weter flowing than
WEFFIRE NEEDED IN THE		
<b>*************************************</b>		
GATES .		
RECENT REPAIRS	None	
CONDITION	Fair	
•	None	
REPAIRS NEEDED	- Pon -	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
LEAKS		
	could be	
NOW SERIODS		
,		DATE
		COUNTY ENGINEER

TOWN Vinchendon	
LUCATION Factory Mill	Pond

DAM NO. 60-01 STREAM MILLORS R.

### WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

#### DAM INSPECTION REPORT

WNED BY Whit	e Bros., Inc.	PLACE	Vinchendon	USE industrial.
SPECTED BY	LOM.	DATE	Dec.12,1951	
PE OF DAM Earth	-stone & timbe	r spillwa	CONDITIO	n feir.
PILLWAY				
FLASHBOARDS II	N PLACEatanch	ion board	SRECENT REPAIRS	none
CONDITION	fair			
REPAIRS NEEDEL	planks in po	or condit	ion-replace. Wat	er seeps through
masonry wal	la and comes o	ut in str	eamondownstrea	m embankment.
MBANKMENT				
RECENT REPAIRS		none.		
	covered with	brush and	trees.	
DEBAIDS NEFDE	cut off brus	hand tre	es, grub out roo	ts, and replace
				ent should be
flattened.	, min at a film at a	W		
ATES				
RECENT REPAIRS	non	10		
CONDITION	fai	r		
				e in poor shape.
***************************************	······································			
EAKS				
HOW SERIOUS				
			DATE	
			C	DUNTY ENBINEER

TOWN Winchendon	
LOCATION Winchender Springs	Ś

DAM NO. 48-01	

# WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

#### DAM INSPECTION REPORT

OWNED BY	PLACE	USE
INSPECTED BY LH Spafard	DATE 3/2 4 3	54
TYPE OF DAM Earth - Store B	rest Wall	CONDITION
SPILLWAY		
	- ( <del> </del>	<b>x</b> /
FLASHSDARDS IN PLACE	2+1 RECEI	T REPAIRS NO.
CONDITION SOA		
REPAIRS NEEDED	,	
EMBANKMENT		
RECENT REPAIRS	4	
CONDITION	06	
REPAIRS NEEDED		
#		
GATES No STANGE (	A COLON A ZM	
RECENT REPAIRS		
CONDITION		
REPAIRS NEEDED		
		<b>~</b>
LEAKS		
HOW BERIOUS NONE VI	si o ve	
		• 1
	DAT	E

TOWN	Winskenida	
LOCATION.	Manne	Lake

DAM	ND	60	-0/

# WORCESTER COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

### DAM INSPECTION REPORT

NEPECTED BY LON- HOUR	white DATE	195	
YPE OF DAM		CONDITION	
			,, . , ***
BPILLWAY			
FLASHBOARDS IN PLACE	Nau	RECENT REPAIRS	
CONDITION	Gred		
REPAIRS NEEDED	Non		
***************************************			
MBANKMENT	•		
	• •		
CONDITION	Ful to	<del>ford</del>	***************************************
REPAIRS NEEDED	Non		
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
BATES			
<del></del>	Mare		
CONDITION			***************************************
REPAIRS NEEDED	Nøy		
	•••••		
EAKS			
HOW SERIOUS			
		DATE 52	

COUNTY ENGINEER

TOWN Winchendon	DAM NO. 60-01
LOCATION Will Pord	STREAM N. D. Whife - 5mg
WORCESTER COUNTY EI	NGINEERING DEPARTMENT MASSACHUSETTS
DAM INSPEC	TION REPORT
Owned by N.D. White of me	Place Winchendr Use
Inspected by Lag	Date Ley 12 1958
	Condition Fair
SPILLWAY	
Flashboards in Place Remove flash	hoard Recent Repairs None
Condition Fair - remove flach	
	around spill abt
ZYBANKMENT	
Recent Repairs should cut brus	L - Check for least
Condition Downskeam well-che	
Repairs Needed	. 1. M /4
<u> ACES</u>	
Repairs Mmg	
raition <u>Fair</u>	
opairs Needed Race in gast w	orking order
PAKS	*
How Serious	
DATE: July 12. 1958 S.D	. Marde County Engineer

TOWN	Windhandon	<u></u>	DAM NO.	60-0/
				Brouch - Millers River
	Worcest	ER COUNTY E WORCESTER,	ng ineer in Massachu	G DEPARTMENT SETTS
	DAM : White Mills, In	INSPEC	TION	REPORT
Owned by				inchendon Use Mill fond
Inspected	ъу	wat	D	ate
Type of De	am <u>Fartl-St</u>	bus - Gurer	<u>4</u> C	ondition <u>ford</u>
SPILLWAY				
Flashboard	ls in Place	2'0+2-10-	rds Ri	ecent Repairs
				+ 2 boards in place - pour
Repairs Ne	eded is full ,	to too of do	ards. Sp.	Many is beated on Sty and
of dam.	Found ation	is on ledge		
	•			
EMBANKMENT	•	•		
necent nep	alra <u>350 ± lo.</u>	ug dom - 1	Cuide on	typ - downstream vertical
Condition	rubble strue	wall-yestr	ear is 17	to 1 stope with some stone
Repairs Ne				ay is vartical computed
	stone wall.	Height	12/4/	<u>'8'</u>
GATES				
Recent Repa	airs			
Condition _	Gate	into Mill !	is in good	and tion
			-	
LEAKS				
How Serious	No leaks	are visible	<u></u>	
				`
DATE:				County Engineer

TOWN	Windlanden	DAM NO	60-0/
		STREAM	Miller Rwer
	WORCESTER COUNTY		Mill Poud - BPARTMENT
	DAM INSPE	CTION R	E P O R T
Owned by	Ray Plastics Inc	Place Win	dandon Use Milland
			Squt. 1959
			ltion <u>Good</u>
SPILLWAY			
Flashboards	in Place 12-of be	ards Recei	nt Repairs None
			"= 10" top tomber support
Repairs Nee	ded for flash bearde	These timber	are blooking ett part et
	a - Walkway timbers al		
EMBANKMENT			
Resent Repa	ira		
Condition _	Good conditue		(Flood Patrol)
	ded 12° of water o		
CATES			
Resent Repai	irs		
Rep <b>airs Nee</b> d	led <u>facts at Mill Bla</u>	lg is in good	anditien.
EAKS			
low Serious	Ne leake visible		
ATE:			County Engineer

TOWN Winden	don	DAM NO.	60-01
LOCATION	e Mills	STREAM	Franch - Millers River
"Winch and on	Springs " Whites	mill Pond.	
W	vorcester coun <b>ty</b> e	ng ineer ing di Massachuset.	epartment —
Ī	DAM INSPEC	TION R	EPQRI
Owned by Rev	Plastic Inc.	Place Wine	handon Use Mill Perd
Inspected by	wol-GJC	Date	July 28 1960.
Type of Dam	Forth - Stone - Concre	che. Cond	ition Foir
SPILLWAY			
Flashboards in Pl	800 /45	Recei	nt Repairs
Condition Fair	. Walkung skan	I be raised	12" to increase gridway
			and uprights should be
	_		
EMBANKMENT			
Recent Repairs			
	`C		
			ment to height of
	op of abutment w.	alls.	
GATES			
	/		
nepairs needed	of the 13 classes		
TRAVE			*
LEAKS			
now Serious No	lacks visible.		
DATE:			County Engineer
	B-23	WHITES MIL	L POND DAM

ITOWN Unchandon DAM NO 60-07	
LOCATION at Windhardon Springs STREAM North Branch - Millers River Whites Mill Pa	-
WARTER COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS	nd"
DAM INSPECTION REPORT	
Owned by Roy Playtics G. Place Winshauden Use Mill	2mg
Inspected by WOL Date Nov. 6, 1964	
Type of Dam	
SPILLWAY	
Flashboards in Place zx* - beards Regent Repairs	
Condition The rat bridge and weed upnet to show the ramuse saw re	e.asea
Repairs Needed with remember gins and gin heard's	
This spillings is located on aspessa lesas.	
EMBANKMENT	
Recent Repairs The brush should be removed from the embandence	<u></u>
Condition There is a small bulge in the demonstration well \$ 50	
Repairs Needed berther's of the spillings	
GATES	
Recent Repairs The pate valve is located in a tavertica apa, locat	<u>89<sup>'</sup>5</u> '
Conditionnertherings the souliness in the center of the emberomen	<u>-</u>
Repairs Needed The canal gate in the Mi Blog is ot - the country ful	<u>′-</u>
- the plant cover at the constant structure is in poor condition.	-
<u>LEAKS</u>	
now Serious There is a small last at top a the wall-horizon a a thies	or way.
DATE: County Eng	ineer
B-24 WHITES MILL POND DAM	

TOWN Winchender	DAM NO.	60-01
LOCATION Winch said on 3	STREAM	Aceth Branch - Miller River
	COUNTY ENGINEERING DE	
DAM	M INSPECTION REPO	DRT
Owned by Ray Plastic C.		
Inspected by well		
Type of Dam Farth and	Shire Dame Conditi	Ion Good to Fair
SPILLWAY		
Flashboards in Place zy z		
Condition Timbers are	baginning to ret-	- should be robuilt wring
Repairs Needed pin beads	w Walkway and w	ord stringer should be
Repairs Needed pin liceals	abutment walls	
EMBANKMENT		
Recent Repairs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Condition board and to	un - arcept seme	large trues as top
Repairs Needed of am book		
exitream wall was spir		
GATES		
Recent Repairs _ Recent	pares to come to go	te intuks affecture
Conditionsatiohaka h	17.11.	
Repairs Needed Name in the	m in first of int	who to stincting
LEAKS		
How Serious N. / 6.46.	an Kirible	
DATE:	_	County Engineer

Owner: Ray Plastics, Inc. His Address: Glen Allen St., Winchendon Function of Dam: Storage  Location & Access: off Glen Allen St. in back of Ray Plastics - Drive through gate. USGS Quad. Winchendon Lat. 42 41 46" Long. 72 00 40 Drain.Ar.: 21 Sq. Mi.; Ponds: Bc.; Res. Edam: Character of D.A.:  Estimated Discharge: Capacity: General Description of Dam and Discharge Control - Stone faced, earth filled dam. Cone - 2' of Flashboards with 2! More Pos	
The second secon	
Sketch (Not to Scale):	•••
Remarks and Recommendations:  Trees 5 6" and bushes should be	Hoords 4.5 They  T

Date 12/27/71 By Entonicano Comment

#### APPENDIX C

### PHOTOGRAPHS

Note: Location and direction of photographs shown on Figure B-1 in Appendix B.



NO. 1 FOOT BRIDGE ACROSS SPILLWAY.



NO. 2 PATH ALONG TOP OF DAM.



NO. 3 SEEPAGE AREA AT DOWNSTREAM TOE OF DAM.



NO. 4 SCREENED INTAKE FOR SERVICE AND FIRE LINES.



NO. 5 DOWNSTREAM VIEW OF LOW LEVEL OUTLET.



NO. 6 VIEW OF SPILLWAY DISCHARGE CHANNEL SHOWING UPROOTED TREES AND LOGS.



NO. 7 DRY STONE MASONRY WALL, RIGHT SIDE OF SPILLWAY.



NO. 8 BRIDGE OVER SPILLWAY DISCHARGE CHANNEL.



NO. 9 SPILLWAY DISCHARGE CHANNEL UNDER THE FACTORY BUILDING.



NO. 10 VIEW ALONG TOP OF THE DIKE.

#### APPENDIX D

# HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUATIONS

	Page
Figure D-1, Drainage Area Map	D-1
Hydrologic and Hydraulic Computations	D <b>-</b> 2

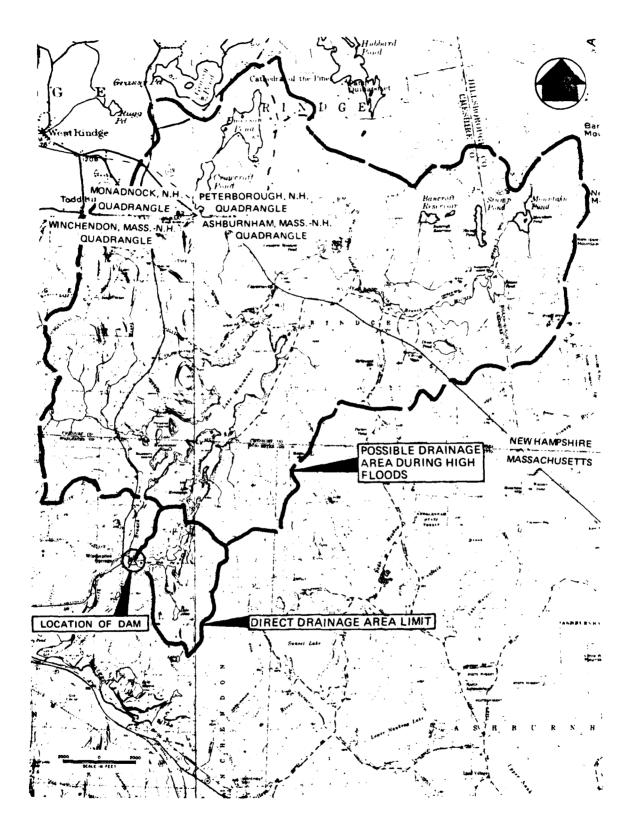


FIG. D-1 DRAINAGE AREA MAP

Project Nat. Review of Non Fed. Dams	Acct No. 6926	Page 1 01 3	
subject Worcester County, Mass.	Comptd By LSB	Date 4/21/80	
		Date 6/6/80	

- (I) Test Flood, Storage & Storage Function Lake More manac
  - 1 Total Drainage Area 19.06 mi
  - 2- Pond(s) Area: .09+.02+.06+.06+.03+.01+.12+.18 = 0.57 mi Swamp(s) Area: .00+.06+.12+.04+.02+.05+.09+.16+.02 = 0.71 : Total Area Pond(s) & Swamp(s): 1.25 :

} Say Ave Slope = 0.9%

- 4-Using C.of E. Curves for Peak Flow Rules & above guids values the Peak Flow Rate was estimated to in slightly above "Flat & Coarfal", and taken at B50 c.f.s./mi"

  Size Class: ; Hazard Pot.: ; Spill, Des. Flood: —

  Use: Test Flood = 1/2 PMF (to match Whites Pond test flood)
- 5- Test Flood Inflow = 1/2 (850) 19.06 = 8100 afs
- 6. Pond Storage
  The pond area is 0.97 sq. mi. at elev. 1044.
  Based on a Const. area, storage increases
  at 621 ac. feet per foot of depth increase.
- 7 Spillway crest elev. is elev. 1048.5
- B- Storage Functions are based on Pout = Qin[1- Sout]

  Sout = Storage Vol. in Reservoir related to find Pout in terms of inches of rain over the drainage area.

5(m Inches) = 12 D (0.97) = 0.61 D g R=6hr vain of stern D= Storage depth in feet above spillway crest in reservoir

9- Storage Functions: (Test Flood & 12 PMF-if. needed)

$$F_{7F} = 8100 - 852.75 = 8100 - 521 D$$
 $F_{\%,PMF} = - 5 = - D$ 

Project Nat Review of Non Fed Daws Acct No 6920 Page Subject Worcester County, Mass Comptd By LEB WHITES MILL POND CHO BY RINH

# Discharge Relations - Lake Monomonac

1- Spillway (Use Williams & Hazen "Hydr. Tables")

Length: 48.2'+86.7'= 134.9'@ esev. 1048.5+

Lake Elev. 1049 1050 1051 1052 1053 1054 1056 1058 1059

21.60 31.47 42.63 63.66 84,69 95.20 6.09 13.01

820 1760 2910 4250 5750 8590 11420 12840 160

\*Extrapolated

#### 2- Beside Spillway

4'@el.1051.5 \$ 30'@el.1052 t , usc q= 2.55 h"5"

hake Elev	1052	1053	1054	1055	1056	1057	1058
hA	0.5	1.5	2.5	3,5	4.5	5.5	6.5
$Q_A$		20	40	70	100	130	170
he	_	1	2	3	4	5	6
$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{B}}$		80	220	400	610	860	1120
292	0	100	260	470	710	990	1290

## 3- Siphon to Whites Mill Pond

30" pipe siphon - max. head = 1053.5-1042.1=11.4"

Max V = \(\sigma\_{2g(11.4)} = 27.1 \) for , Qmax = 133 cfs
Assume ave. flow of 100 cfs during storm \(\max\) max head = 6' ±

## 4 - Crest Flow to Whites Mill Fond

337 total length - ± 100 @ 1053.5' & 237'@ 1054, g=2.55(h)"5

Lake Elev.	1054	1055	1056	1057	1058	1059	1053.6
$Q_{A}$	90			1670			10
<i>Q</i> 8		600	1710	3140	4830	6760	_
E Qu	90			4810			10
- ,		rest Flo	w under	test f	100d = 0	1665/61	~

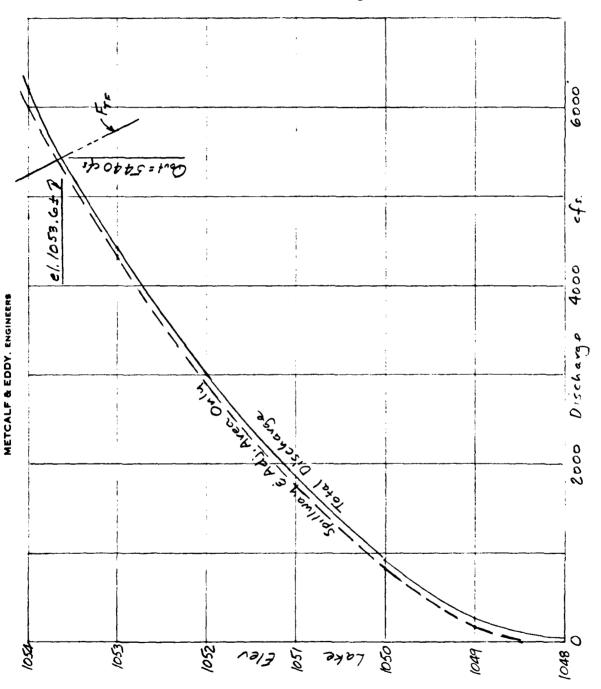
Project Nat. Review of Non Federal Dams Acct No 6926 Page 3 of 8

Subject Worcester County, Mass, Comptd By LEB Date 5/28/80

Detail WHITES MILL POND Chid By RNN Date 6/6/6

# Discharge & Storage Function vs Lake Elev. - LAKE MONOMONAC

For Test Flood = 1/2 PMF



Project	Nat. Review	w of No	on Fed. Dams	Acct No _	6926	Page _	4 01	۶
	Worcester					Date	4/21/8	6
Detail -	WHITES	MILL	PÓND	_ Ck'd By _	RUN	Date	6/6/8.	

# IV Test Flood, Storage & Storage Function

1 - Total Drainage Area - 0,94 mi (exclusive of Lake )
Monomonac drain.area

2- Pond(s) Area: -Swamp(s) Area: .08 + .02 + .01 + .01 = 0.12 mi2
Total Area Pond(s) & Swamp(s): 0.12 mi2

70 Ponds & Swamps = 0.12 = 12.7%

3- 1203-1039 = .03417 } Say Ave Slope = 3,5%

4-Using C. of E. Curves for Peak Flow Rules & above goids values the Peak Flow Rate was estimated to in between Rolling and Flat & Coastal and taken at 1800 c.f.s./mi

Size Class: Small ; Hazard Pot.: High ; Spill. Des. Flood: 1/2 to Full PMF

Use: Test Flood = 1/2 PMF

5- Test Flood Inflow = 1 (1800) 0.94 = 846 cfs | \*Add 110 cfs from L. Monomonac for total of 956 cfs.

6. Pond Storage
The pond area is 0.06 sq. mi. at elev.
Based on a const. area , storage increases
at 40 ac. feet per foot of depth increase.

7 - Spillway crest elev. is 1037

B- Storage Functions are based on Pour = Qin[1- Sout ]

Sout = Storage Vol. in Reservoir related to final Pout in terms of inches of rain over the drain age area.

S(m Inches) = 12 D (-106) = .766 D & R=6hr vain of stern D= Storage depth in feet above spillway crest in reservoir

9- Storage Functions: (Test Flood & 1/2 PMF- if needed)

Fig = 956 - 89.1 \* 5 = 956 - 68.2\* D

Fig PMF = FTF - D

\*Inflow from L. Monomonas not included in 9.1/8

Project Nat Review of Non Federal Dams Acct No. 6926 Page	5 of B
Subject Worcester County, Mass. Comptd By LE13 Date	5/29/80
Detail WHITES MILL POND Chid By ROW Date	66180

# Discharge Relations - Whites Mill Pond

1- Spillway Without Stoplogs (supports in place) Critical flow at upstricrest-el. 1037.0; net width = 24'±
ye = 3/3 (Pond El. = 1037.0); q = (y3g)/L
ond El. 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1042.5 Pond El. 5.5 5 2 1,33 2 2,67 3.33 3.67 0.67 960 590 830 70 210 390

2- Spillway With Stoplogs - top at el. 1039.0 - net width = 24'+ Up to pond el. 1042 assume weir flow & use Williams & Hazen Hydr. Tables over el 1042 assume ovifice flow \$\forall 0=(9x2.2)6(0.6)\forall 2gh - \$\forall el. 1040.1 \\
- include flow over top in crest flow cale. Pond El. 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044 1042.5 3,33 9.32 17.10 500 390 80 410 430 220

3-Crest Flow (No outlet for flow over dike) g=2.55 H'.5

5p.1/may

5p.1/may

C-1041.2

A. 1040.7

B.1040.87

Effective Crest Profile

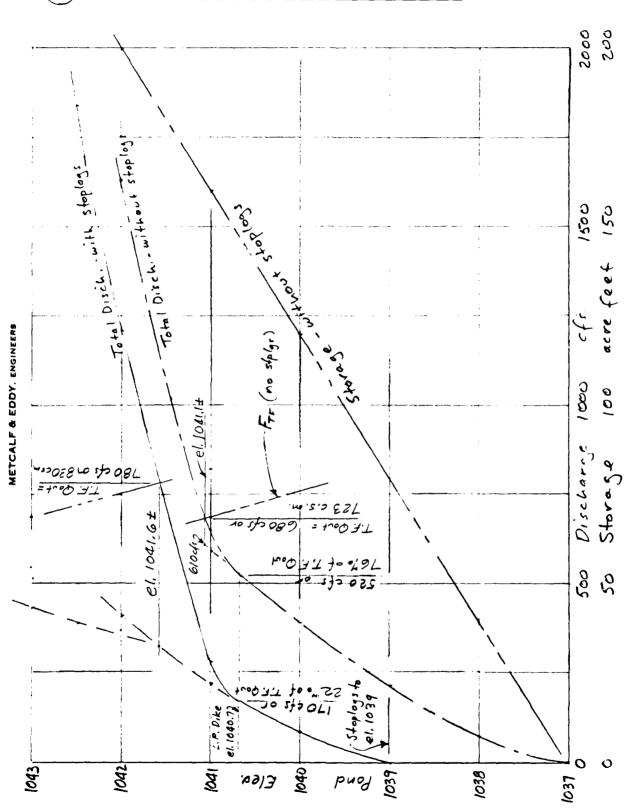
Pond El.	1041	1042	1043	1042.5
Q <sub>A</sub>	50	490	1160	800
$Q_{\mathcal{B}}$	10	180	460	310
$Q_c$	-	120	410	250
$\varphi_{\Delta}$		10	90	40
$\Phi_{\mathcal{E}}$			140	50
<i>ξ</i> Φ,	60	800	2260	1450

Project Not Peview of NonFecteral Lows Acct No. 6926 Page 6 of 6

Subject Worcester County, Mass Compid By LEB Date 5/29,80

Detail WHITES MILL POND CKI By RDW Date 668

Discharge, Storage & Storage Funct. vs Pond Elev - Whites Mill Pond



Project	Nat Periew of NonFederal Dams	Acct No. 6926	Page	<u>7 01 8</u>
•	Worcester County, Mose		Date	5/29/35
				6/6/80



#### Test Flood Crest Discharge - Whites Mill Pond

## 1- With Stoplogs

Max, water surf. eleu 1041.7 Eleu. of low point 1040.7 Net head on crest 1.0

g=2.55(1.0)"=2.55 cfs/ft of crest length Critical depth = 0.59ft. Critical velocity=4.3 fps

#### Z-Without Stoplogs

Max. water surf. elev. 1041.2 Elev. of low point 1040.7 Net head on crest 0.5

q=2.55(0,5)"5=0.90 efs/ft. of crest length Critical depth = 0.29ft, Critical velocity = 3.1 fps

#### Low Level Outlet (if operable)

Stone box culvert 3,2'x 1.8' high -inv. el. 1030,4 - £ elev. 1031.3

Head = total lors = (0.5 ent + 1.0 exit + 1.0 frict.) /2 ; Q = 29.2 (Head) 1/2

Pondel. 1039 1038 1037 1036 H 7.7 6.7 5.7 4.7 P 81 76 70 63

For aue discharge rate of 70 cfs & , time to lower pond by I foot = \frac{40 (43560)}{70 (3600)} = 7hours ±

Failure of Dam Peak Failure Flow: Pond Elevation - 1040.7 Toe Elevation - 1027.7

> Dam Length Subject to Breaching = 3×13 = 391  $W_a = 40\% ( ) =$

QP = 1.68 Wo (Yo)"= 1.68(39)(13)"= 3100 ofs Total Flow ; with stops 3270 of ; without stolgs 3630 of.

Storage Volume Released: Storage Above Spillway : 40 x 3.7 = 148 acft Storage Below Spillway : 40 x 9.3x= 124 -5 = Total Storage =

Channel Hydraulics: - Behind Factory 1.49 y 3 (500) (100 y) = 842.9 y 3 el.1020> 500 of 100 wide del. 1020.5 13.4 1030,9 1032,1 1033.4

1980 1610

840

11.6

P2 1690 1780 1880

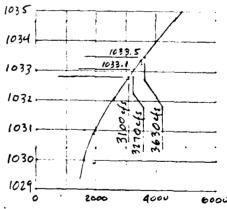
270

1660

12.9

EQ 1960 2620 3540 4660 1610

Q2 = 0.6 (16x6.8) VZ4H = 523.9 VH Pool El. = 1030 + y + /2g on flow wo y



Damfailure raises water level against back of factory ty ± 10 feet above top of normal outlet

Time to Drain! 43560 (272) = 2.1 Hours or 127 Min.

#### APPENDIX E

# INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

WHITE'S MILL POND DAM

NOT AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

# FILMED

8-85

DTIC