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TOPICS IN OPTICAL MATERIALS AND DEVICE RESEARCH - III

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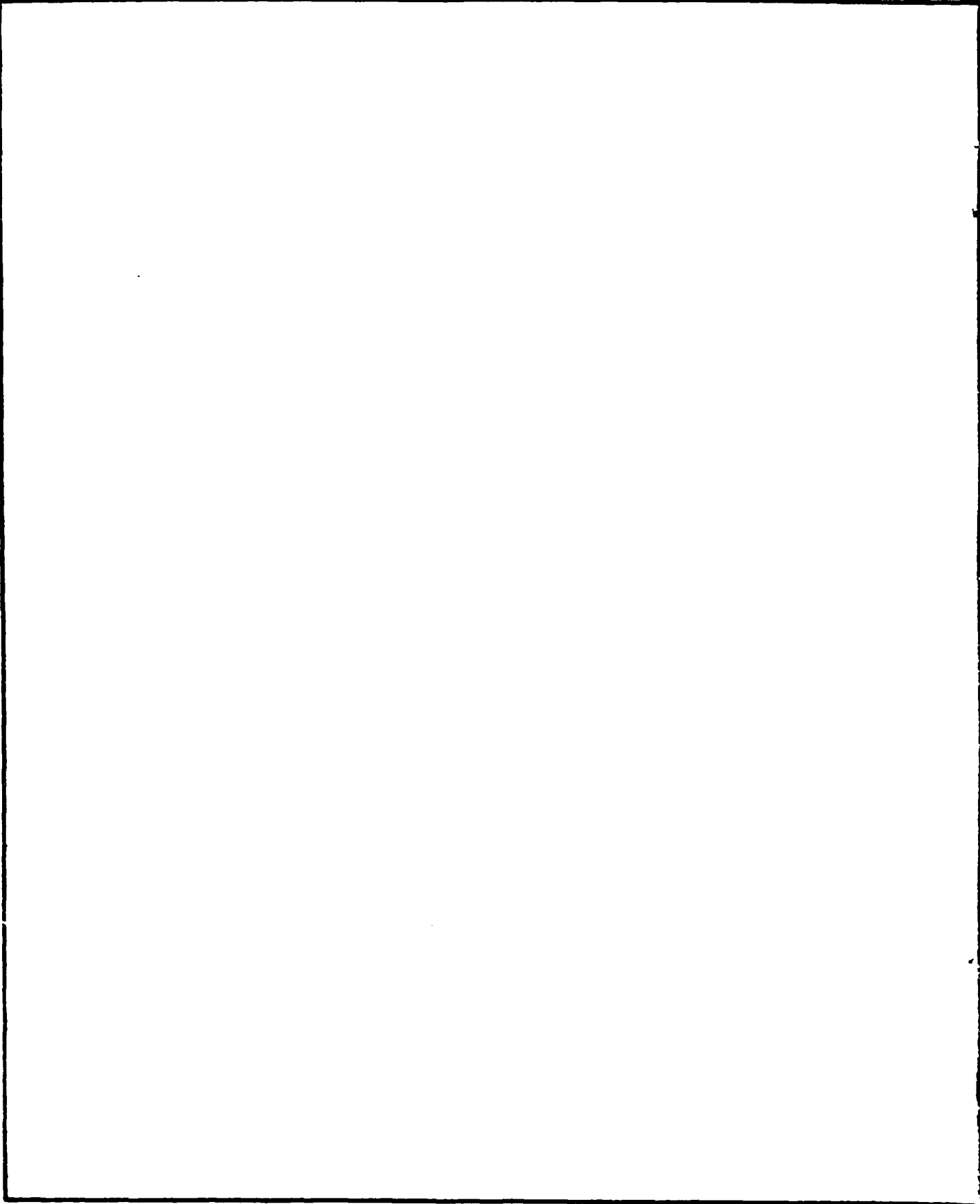
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FOREWORD

This report is the second volume of a two-volume Final Report for Contract F19628-81-C-0052. Part I is entitled

Topics in Optical Materials and Device Research III.



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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this volume of the Final Report is to update Final Technical Report HADC-TR-81-372 (Vol.II), January 1982, (referred to below as *). This update consists primarily of listings of revised assembly language code for both NIC and CTL; the biggest change being that it is no longer necessary to down load the "operational code" from NIC to CTL, since this code has been stored in the CTL EPROM.

In addition more descriptive material is included on using the NIC software with emphasis on its use to control the Hamamatsu C1000 camera. 

As before:

CTL = NIC-488/CTL, a GPIF interface for the
Nicolet 1080 series of computers
NIC = the Nicolet 1080 computer
C1000 = the Hamamatsu C1000 camera (or more
exactly that camera's controller)

SECTION I Controlling the C1000 using NIC/CTL.

CTL presently contains software in EPROM which allows it to run in "automatic" or "manual" mode. The automatic mode is used mainly to test the camera, bus and CTL - it can not be used at present to usefully gather video data from the C1000. In manual mode, the user has full control of the camera through NIC software which is referred to below as MAIN. As explained in " ", MAIN is also used for other functions such as down loading CTL from NIC and for examining (and changing) code in CTL.

Automatic Mode

To use the automatic mode, the CTL address switch 6 (see appendix A) must be placed in the "bit set" position while either address switch 5 or 4 or both must also be "set" (the other 2 address switch positions are immaterial) the sixth switch 1, numbered, is the SYNC switch which should always be "set".

If switch 5 is set, the camera cursor first moves from its default x-coordinate of 512 to 0 and is then stepped to x=1023 and thence to 0.

If switch 4 is set, a complete "frame" of video is gathered using the default interface value of 2 (512 pixels/scan). The frame starts at x=0 if switch 5 is set and at 512 otherwise.

The automatic mode may start when CTL is first turned on (assuming that the C1000 controller is on). Usually, however, CTL will power on in a "frozen" state where nothing can happen before a soft reset is done. (This happens because the various "latches" in CTL go to random states on power on). Thus to reliably use the automatic mode a reset command should be sent from NIC to CTL. This can be done, for example, by running MAIN in "mode 1" (see next section) or by executing the CTLRS instruction (octal 4072).

Manual Mode

This is the normal mode of operation for camera control. This mode is possible whenever CTL address switch 6 is "off".

Program MAIN should be loaded into NIC by typing the console command RUN NIC CTL. MAIN will issue the query "MODE?-" . There are three "modes" having to do with camera control, modes 1,4 and 5.

mode 1

This mode is used to set the system including camera, camera controller, CTL and MAIN in a known "initial" state. In particular the camera parameters are given their default values. (see table 1)

Previously (see *), mode 1 was also used to down-load the CTL operational software from NIC. Now, however, this software is resident in CTL EPROM. It is still possible to down load software in mode 2, however.

Mode 1 should always be invoked whenever the system is first powered on and whenever a system "hang" condition is encountered.

mode 4

Mode 4 is used to control the camera format (output/input), various camera parameters (x-coordinate, interface, marker on/off) and buffer display. (Horizontal resolution and external analog select are not available on the present camera). The mode query for mode 4 is "MNEMONIC?-" to which the user may answer with one of the 3 letter mnemonic codes given in table 1. The current numerical value associated with the mnemonic (if any) is displayed to which the user may "reply" with CR if no change in value is to be made, or with the appropriate new numerical value. Note that BUF (buffer display) requires no data and immediately activates the buffer display if BUF is entered.

<u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>MEANING</u>	<u>DEFAULT VALUE</u>	<u>PERMISSIBLE VALUES</u>	<u>MEANING</u>	<u>NOTE</u>
OUT	Output Format	1	1,2	1=ASCII data 2=binary data	1
INF	Input Format	1	1,2,3	1=ASCII 2=binary 3="print"	2
XCO	X-Coordinate	512	0-1023		3
INT	Interlace	2	1,2,4	1=256 pixel 2=512 pixel 4=1024 pixel	4
MAK	Marker on/off	1	0,1	0=on 1=off	5
BUF	Buffer Display				6

1. The output format is the format (ASCII or binary) of data passed from CTL to the camera. The default value of 1 should not be changed, since MAIN sends all data to the camera in ASCII.

2. The input format is the format of (video) data passed from the camera to CTL. ASCII data means that each 8 bit video value (datum) is sent as 3 ASCII numbers, most significant number first, with ASCII space following each number. Binary data means that each datum is sent as a single 8 bit binary integer. "Print" is the same as ASCII except that a carriage return, line feed is sent in place of every 16th space. INF (3) should never be used since there is not enough buffer space in CTL to receive data in this mode. INF (2) should be used only if INT (1) is also used. (This means that the CTL buffer will be completely filled with 1024 bytes (256 pixels at 4 bytes per pixel.) INF (2) must be used if data is to be stored on disk. On the other hand, if a scan line is to be received on the video oscilloscope (or plotted) INF (1) must be used.

3. This is the x-coordinate of the (vertical) video scan line which is digitized by the camera. (If the marker is on, it will be positioned at the current x-coordinate.) Normally, XCO should be set to zero before a frame of video is gathered. It has been found by experiment that the x-coordinate does not change properly if an n-digit (n=2,3,4) number was previously entered and then an m-digit number (m<n) is entered. For example, if a value of XCO (100) is entered followed by XCO (200) then the final position will be wrong. This quirk of the camera can be overcome by always entering 4 digits of x-coordinate values (e.g. 0010 is permissible for XCO (10)).

Table 1 - A summary of mode and camera "commands".

4. The interlace value refers to the multiplier of 256; thus the default value of 2 means that each video scan line consists of 512 pixels.

5. The marker is a vertical cursor which appears on a camera video monitor to indicate the relative location of the vertical scan line which is digitized.

6. The buffer display is a vertical plot (observable on a camera video monitor) of video intensity vs. y-position for the video scan line currently being digitized. The buffer display appears whenever the camera is reset (using mode 1, for instance) and disappears whenever a command (other than BUF) is issued to the camera.

Table 1- (continued)

mode 5

Mode 5 is used to gather a single line of video or a "frame" of video after the camera has been properly "formatted" using mode 4. The video may be displayed or stored (in packed form) for later manipulation.

The first mode query is "FILE NAME?-" to which the user should reply with an up-to-six character file name (not starting with "PRI") if the video data is to be stored or with "PRINT" (can be abbreviated to "PRI") if the data is to be displayed.

The second mode query is "FRAME?-" to which the user should reply with VII, VII or VID for 1 line of video, 1 "frame" of video - positive increment, 1 "frame" of video - negative increment. For VII, a single video scan line is obtained, at the x-coordinate value chosen under mode 3 (or default 512). For VII, a frame of data is gathered, starting at the current x-coordinate and ending at x = 1023. Similarly for VID except the ending x-coordinate is 0. In both VII and VID the size of the step between increments is controlled by the value of INT; thus if INT=4 the step size is 1, for INT=2 it is 2 and for INT=1 it is 4.

Two forms of "print" (if FILE NAME=PRINT) are used depending on the value of INF. If INF=1 then 16 numerical values per line are printed - each value is separated by a space. If INF=2, 32 hexadecimal values (00 to FF) per line are printed with no spaces. It should be noted that if INF=1, a print file is always chosen, regardless of the value given to FILE NAME. e.i. ASCII data is never filed. Also, if the value of INT and INF is such that CTL buffer overflow will occur (see mode 4) a message saying "CHANGE INT OR INF" is printed.

For details on the form of the packed video file, see Appendix B.

The status byte received from CTL during serial poll is printed each time a video scan line is to be received. In "PRINT" mode this byte is printed on a line above the video data; in "file" mode, a maximum of 36 status bytes per line are printed.

SECTION II - Peripheral Commands for NIC/CTL

In the previous section, modes 1,4 and 5 were described for use in controlling the C1000. In this section, the peripheral "commands" for use with CTL are described. These commands are invoked as modes 2,3,6,7 and 8.

mode 2

This mode may be used to automatically down load Z-80 code (command 8) from NIC to CTL and to cause this code to be executed. However, MAIN itself does not at present include code to execute the "command 8" corresponding to CTL command 8. The two mode queries are "COMMAND#?-" and "FILE NAME?-". The first query is a formality since only 8 can be entered. (Previously two commands were possible.) The file name is the name of the NIC file containing the code to be down loaded to CTL, (see note below) This code may be most conveniently developed on a Tektronix 8002 Development system and then stored on the Comm-Stor as a WHEX file. (see Mode 3) This WHEX file is then transferred to a NIC file using Mode 3.

The code is loaded starting at location 0900H in CTL and should have entry point 0900H. A total of 512 bytes are loaded.

The only other restriction on the code is that it should return via a jump to subroutine RETURN. (use JP 14EH)

The NIC subroutine corresponding to CTL "COM 8" must include a command table transfer followed by a call to MONITOR near the beginning and at least one call to MONITOR at the end of the command. (Other calls to MONITOR may be required if data is to be transferred from CTL to NIC.) See NIC "COM 1" or "COM 2" for examples of programs which merely pass the command table to CTL.

Mode 2 is normally used as a temporary expedient to try out new code in the CTL.

NOTE Mode 8 may be used to easily modify Z-80 code before it is transferred to CTL. The code to be modified must be loaded into NIC "data" memory starting at octal 100000. The modified code can then be transferred to CTL by using Mode 2 and replying to "FILE NAME?-" with a non-existent file name.

mode 3

This mode is used to transfer and store Z-80 code from another device to NIC. This code can later be down loaded into CTL using mode 2, for example. The transfer is via the NIC serial input (RS-232) and specifically requires that the code be transferred in the form of a Tektronix WHEX (hexadecimal) file (see *, Appendix D). Mode 3 was

specifically designed to be used with a SYKES Comm-Stor (communication storage unit with floppy disk storage). It can be used however with any computer (or possibly intelligent terminal) which can output the required WHEX file and respond (start sending) to the command "10 file" where file is the user supplied answer to the query "FILE NAME?-" . It should be noted that NIC requires 8 bit ASCII with the eighth bit always 1 at various baud rates from 110 to 1200. No other protocol is required.

mode 6

This mode is used to transfer part of CTL memory (in blocks of 256 bytes) to NIC where it can be examined using mode 7 or examined and changed using mode 8.

The mode query is "HEXN-" to which the user should reply with the 4 digit hexadecimal starting address of CTL memory to be examined followed by a single digit representing the number of 256 byte blocks to be transferred.

mode 7

Displays NIC data memory (starting at 100000) in hexadecimal from (5 nibbles/NIC word) at 32 characters/line. The number of bytes (2 nibbles/byte) displayed is given by the contents of location NBY5 (see symbol table for SEG1A). If mode 3 or 6 is run prior to mode 7, NBY5 contains the number of bytes transferred during mode 3 or 6 operation. (Note that during mode 3 the CTL code is stored in NIC data memory prior to being filed.)

mode 8

Examine and change "hexadecimal" data in NIC memory. This mode may be used to modify the CTL program to be stored in CTL in mode 2 operation. Note that CTL memory locations 0000-07FF (2048 bytes) are in EPROM and can not be changed. (See Appendix C for the map of memory in both NIC and CTL.)

The mode query is OCT-, to which the user should reply with the (up to 7 digit) octal starting address of NIC memory to be examined and possibly changed. (The address given is right justified zero-fill. Thus, 100=0000100. Usually the address will be 100000 plus.)

The contents of memory at this location is then displayed as 5 hexadecimal digits (5 nibbles in each word). The user may respond with

- (a) space (actually any sequence of 1 to 4 characters) followed by CR.
- (b) 5 characters followed by CR.

(c) CR with no preceding character.

If (a), then the next word is displayed with no change to the current word.

If (b), the current word is changed to the value given and the next word is displayed. (If the value is not hexadecimal, then the changed word is nonsense.)

If (c), then the mode is exited with no change to the current word.

SECTION III Miscellaneous Operating Notes.

There are various "escapes" in MAIN which may be used to change the flow of program execution. These are listed and discussed below.

CONTROL-Q: If control-Q is typed at any time that MAIN is waiting for input from the user e.g. while waiting for a reply to a mode query, a jump is made to NICBUG. The user can then examine memory or jump to the NIC operating system (monitor) by typing 7600G. A return to MAIN can be made from NICBUG by typing 71G.

CONTROL-G: Similar to control-Q except a jump is made to the start of MAIN which will cause MODE7- to be typed. This is a convenient escape from a mis-typed input (Note that rubout does not work in MAIN.)

CONTROL-Z: Must be typed to escape from the "no find" condition in mode 3. The end-of-file character which mode 3 expects is control-Z. If this character is never sent (e.g. if the file does not exist in the sending device), it must be provided by the user.

Any character: If a "hung" condition is encountered, it is usually possible to escape by typing any character. This condition usually occurs either when NIC is trying to communicate with CTL or CTL is trying to communicate with the bus (e.g., the C1000). In the former case, a jump to NICBUG is made; in the latter case, the state of CTL is printed out (see Table 2) and a jump is made to NICBUG. In either case the user should try to determine the cause of the hung condition before continuing. Frequently, all that is necessary is to return to MAIN (use 71G) and use mode 1 to reset.

ROW 1 (CTL Command Table)

Identifier Code	=	Value Name
0	=	COMM
1	=	NLIST
2	=	LIS1P
3	=	LIS1S
4	=	LIS2P
5	=	LIS2S
6	=	LIS3P
7	=	LIS3S
8	=	TALKP
9	=	TALKS
A	=	EOSC
E	=	NDAT
C	=	NDATB
D	=	DATADD (LO)
E	=	DATADD (HI)
F	=	DUM1L
0	=	DUM1H
1	=	MESS
2	=	STAT1
3	=	STAT2
4	=	RETADD (LO)
5	=	RETADD (HI)
6	=	LCOMM
7	=	MAXBLK
8	=	STACKP (LO)
9	=	STACKP (HI)
A	=	COUNT (LO)
B	=	COUNT (HI)

ROW 2 (CTL Registers)

Identifier Code	=	Value Name
L	=	L REGISTER
H	=	H REGISTER
PC	=	PROGRAM COUNTER
SP	=	STACK POINTER
A	=	A REGISTER
C	=	C REGISTER
B	=	B REGISTER
E	=	E REGISTER
D	=	D REGISTER
0	=	8291 INT1
1	=	8291 INT2
2	=	8291 ADRST
3	=	8291 ADRO1
4	=	8291 EOSR
5	=	8292 INTST
6	=	8292 ERROR FLAG
7	=	8292 CONTROLLER STATUS
8	=	8292 BUS STATUS

Table 2 - CTL State Data Returned on Interrupt

SECTION IV CTL Software

The original CTL software as outlined in * and listed there has been modified. The major modification is the inclusion of the ability to interrupt program execution and relocation of the program to origin 0. This allows the program to be put in EPROM so it does not have to be down loaded from NIC. Other changes were made. For example, no check is made of the SYC switch to determine if CTL is the controller in charge of the bus.

The CTL software (now actually "firmware") is referred to below as CTLF1 (CTL firmware 1). It consists of the following components:

(1) An initialization routine which sets various registers in the 8291-set and causes the IFC (interface clear) message to be sent on the bus. (Assuming SYC is set.) The routine is always run whenever a software reset is done (CTLRS) and on power on (provided hardware latches permit it).

(2) An "automatic" test module which is invoked if address switch 0 is "on". This module is invoked under the same conditions as the initialization routine.

(3) An interrupt driven routine which transfers CTL state data to locations starting at the end of the command table. (The command table presently starts at the bottom of RAM at 800H.) This routine starts at 38H. Interrupt mode 1 is enabled so that whenever an interrupt occurs, this routine is activated. Note that a NIC CTLWK instruction will cause a 2-80 interrupt if interrupts are enabled. Interrupts are disabled whenever data is being transferred from NIC to CTL.

(4) 6 "command" routines. These command routines are labeled COM 1, COM 2, COM 4, COM 5, COM 6, and COM 7. A seventh "command" (COM 3) may be loaded and run at 900H.

These commands are table driven, i.e. a 20 byte table containing the number of the command to be executed and command parameters is transferred from NIC to CTL prior to command execution. Three of the commands (COM 1, COM 2, COM 4) transfer data to or from the bus while two of the commands (COM 5, COM 6) transfer data to or from NIC. COM 7 is used to transfer data directly from the bus to NIC. A brief description of these "commands" and the required parameters follow:

Bus Commands

These commands always exit with the ATN message inactive so that as long as a bus command is not being executed, the bus is in an "idle" state.

COM 1 (NL1ST, LIS1P, LIS1S, LIS2P, LIS2S, LIS3P, LIS3S, NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This command causes data stored in the CTL "buffer" starting at location DATADD (2 bytes) to be transmitted on the bus to NLIST listeners (up to 3) identified by their primary/secondary address (LIS1P/LIS1S, etc.). The number of bytes transferred is determined by NDAT and/or NDATB as follows:

- (a) if NDAT and NDATB are both zero no data is sent. Listener addresses are sent however provided NLIST \neq 0.
- (b) if NDAT \neq 0, NDAT bytes are sent ($0 < \text{NDAT} < 255$)
- (c) if NDAT = 0 and NDATB \neq 0 then NDATB 256-byte blocks are sent where $0 < \text{NDATB} \leq 4$ since up to 1024 bytes may be stored in the CTL buffer. The last byte transferred is accompanied by the END message. (EOI active.)

The NLIST device addresses (pairs) are sent prior to sending the data. If a secondary address is 0, it is not sent.

The universal unlisten message (UNL) is sent after all the data has been transmitted.

COM 2 (TALKP, TALKS, EOSC, NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This command transfers data from the bus to the CTL "buffer" starting a DATADD. The amount of data transferred depends on the values of EOSC, NDAT and NDATB. The rules are as follows:

- (a) If an END is received with the n^{th} byte and n is less than or equal to the amount of data "expected" (see below), then n bytes are transferred.
- (b) Similarly, if EOSC is not zero and a character is received which matches EOSC, n bytes are transferred.
- (c) The "expected" amount of data is given by NDAT and NDATB as for COM 1 i.e. if NDAT \neq 0, then the expected number is NDAT while if NDAT = 0 and NDATB \neq 0, NDATB 256 byte blocks of data are expected.
- (d) If END is not received (or EOSC \neq 0 and no match character is received), the "expected" amount of data is transferred.
- (e) If NDAT = NDATB = 0 the "expected" amount of data is considered to be unknown. In this case the number of bytes transferred is given by the above rules except that NDATB is assigned an implicit value of 4 (the maximum number of blocks)

which can be contained in the CTL buffer). In addition, if END (or matching EOSC) is received, the amount of data received is "returned" in NDATB and the first byte of DATADD: (NDATH contains the least significant byte of the 2 byte value returned).

Before the data is gathered from the bus, the talker address given by TALKP/TALKS is transmitted to the bus. If TALKS = 0, no secondary talk address is transmitted.

After data has been gathered, the universal untalk message (UNT) is transmitted to the bus.

COM 4 (LIS1P, LIS1S)

This command responds to a request for service, polls (serial poll) the device with address LIS1P/LIS1S (LIS1S = 0 means no secondary address) and returns the serial poll "status byte" to NIC. (The "status byte" consists of the uniline message, RQS, on data line 7 and STB on data lines 1-6 and 8. If the RQS message is true, the addressed device is requesting service; otherwise it is not. Status information may or may not be passed in the multi-line STB message. The C1000 passes no status information.)

It is noteworthy that the C1000 never requests service if ATN is inactive. Thus the first action in COM 4 is to activate ATN using the TCNTR command to the 8292. (This may cause problems with other devices.)

After the SRQ message is received by COM 4, the serial poll enable, SPE, message is sent followed by the address of the device to be polled. Next CTL goes to stand by to receive the "status byte" and return it to NIC provided CTL is not in the "automatic" (test) mode.

Next the universal untalk message (UNT) is sent followed by the serial poll disable message (SPD).

COM 7 (TALKP, TALKS)

This command passes each datum from the bus directly to NIC without using the CTL buffer. Thus, in a sense it is a combination of COM 2 and COM 6. Like COM 2 it addresses the talker using TALKP and TALKS. Using COM 7 it is possible to receive "files" of data longer than 1024 bytes.

COM 7 ends reception when the END message is received (EOI is asserted) with the last datum. When this happens the SRVC bit in the CTRL0 port is set such that the NIC instruction CTLRD of CTLRDC will "see" the 8th bit of ACC set to 1. It is reset before COM 7 returns.

Non-bus Commands

COM 5 (NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This command transfers data stored in CTL starting at DATADD to NIC. The use of NDAT and NDATB are as for COM 1.

COM 6 (NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This is the inverse of COM 5 i.e., data is transferred from NIC to CTL "buffer".

SECTION V Software Maintenance

In this section some miscellaneous information concerning software maintenance for both CTL and NIC is presented.

NIC Software

All NIC software was written in Nicolet Assembly Language using the Disk Editor (DISKED), and assembled using the Nicolet Disk Assembler (ASM), (see Appendix E). The source program MAIN is written in 6 segments which should be individually assembled. Any given segment is completely within a page (pages are 1024 words long starting at address 0), but there may be more than one segment per page (see Appendix C). Entry points external to a given segment are always given at the end of the segment (in a list of externals) where they are relatively easily accessible for change. It is important to make note of values assigned to these entry points so that software changes in one segment causing a change of entry point address will be changed in the list of externals of other segments.

The first segment (now called SEGIA) but latter versions may have a different suffix letter) is partitioned into 3 sub-segments called SEGIA1, SEGIA2, SEGIA3 for ease of transfer to backup disks. (A maximum of 4 complete tracks can be stored in data memory.) Before assembly these sub-segments should be combined into one segment using the DISKED K command.

The source software is also stored on floppy disk (in the Sykes Comm-Stor) using the DISKED L command on the complete source program. (All segments are combined using DISKED and the command K, N1CP, SEGIA, SEG2A, SEG3, SEG4, SEG5, SEG6.)

Assuming that N1CP has been created and DISKED has been invoked, the file can be transferred using the Comm-Stor command
I#N1CP#L#N1CP.

I = Comm-Stor prompt.

R = Read and store from modem port.

N1CP = Name to be assigned to the file (the name does not have to be the same as that being transferred.)

= Separator for a command to be sent out of the modem port prior to data reception.

L N1CP is the DISKED command "list file N1CP".

In order to transfer this program back to NIC, a NIC program

called COMNIC is available (see Appendix D). If COMNIC is not available in "run" form it should be assembled using ASM and overlaid on program MAIN since COMNIC uses several subroutines in MAIN. Assume MAIN has been loaded, simply use RUN LOADER followed by COMNIC:G.

COMNIC transmits a send command to Comm-Stor in the form !Sfile-name where file-name is given by the user in response to the query "FILE NAME?-. If the file exists in Comm-Stor, it will be transferred to NIC and stored under file-name:A. This new file will then be essentially identical to the one originally transferred from NIC and may be edited using DISKED.

CTL Software

The CTL software was written on a Tektronix 8002A Micro-Processor Lab using the resident editor with Zilog mnemonics and assembled using the resident assembler (see Appendix F). The source program is stored in 6 segments, partly for logical reasons and partly so that any given segment will fit into the 300 line buffer of the editor. The segments are as follows:

CTLSYM1 - The list of equates.

TTLMAC1 - Macro definitions.

CTLMAIN1 - Main control routine and ancillary routines.

TTLSUBS1 - All command subroutines except COM1.

TTLSUB01 - Command subroutine COM1 and the automatic TEST routine along with its BCD to ASCII routine.





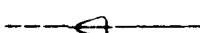
CTLSTOR - Parameter table and other RAM storage definitions.

These source subroutines are stored on floppy disk with back up disks.

The machine code can be transferred to CTL in two ways. One method is via Tektronix WHEX files as described under mode 3 in Section II. This method is used for code that is to be down loaded into CTL RAM. The other method is to transfer the code into EPROM as described below.

The PROM burner used at PML is on a CP/M based system. Thus it is necessary to transfer machine code from the 8002A to a file in the CP/M based system. This is accomplished using the 8002A COMM command (see Tektronix 8001/8002 System User's Newsletter - Issue #11, Spring 1980) to send the file and program TEKHEC (listed in Appendix G) to receive the file. Modem port (D101) is used with

COMM - see figure 1 for the appropriate cabling diagram.

PIN#	<u>8002</u> FUNCTION	CODE		<u>CP/M</u> FUNCTION	CODE
2	Transmitted Data	TXD		Received Data	RXD
3	Received Data	RXD		Transmitted Data	TXD
5	Clear to send *	CTS		Request to Send	RTS
7	Signal ground	GND		Signal Ground	GND
8	Signal Detect	DCD		Data Terminal Ready	DTR

* A jumper on the Communication board may be changed to use PIN 6.

Notes

- (1) CTS must be on before the start of data transmission (before COMM is called). It may be set off during transmission to halt transmission.
- (2) DCD must be on before and during data transmission.
- (3) PIN 4 is the 8002 RTS line which is always ON. It may be used by the CP/M system if necessary.

Figure 1 - RS-232 Cabling Diagram for communications with the Tektronix 8002A J101 Modem Port.

The file transfer is initiated by first loading the assembled code to be transferred using the command LOAD "file", where "file" is the name of the file to be loaded. (Optionally, the memory area to be loaded can first be filled with hex FF so that areas of memory which will not contain code will contain FF. Use FILL start-address end-address FF.)

Next use the COMM command:

COMM P=0A.

This is followed with a request for a Formatted Upload by typing:

NULL start-address end-address CR

(NULL is SHIFT/CONTROL @)

APPENDIX A - Address Switch Description

The address switch chip contains six single pole, double throw switches. These switches are numbered (left to right) from 1 to 6. (Note switch 1 corresponds to "logical" switch 0.)

Switch 1 is the SYNC switch which may be used to initialize CTL as the system controller in charge of the bus. Normally (with the present software) this switch should be in the "set" position or "off" as marked on the switch. (Set means that SYNC is active.)

Switches 2-6 can be used to set the primary address of the CTL, switch 6 corresponds to the least significant bit of the 5 bit address etc. A switch in the off position means that the corresponding bit is set (to 1).

With the current software, the CTL can not be addressed as a talker/listener since it controls what devices are to talk and/or listen - CTL knows it is a listener if another device is asked to talk. Thus the address switches are not used as such, but are instead used to determine "automatic" or "manual" mode of operation of CTL as described in Section I. Again, a bit is "set" by putting the corresponding switch in the "off" position.

APPENDIX B Video Data files

Each pixel in a video frame (one or more scan lines of video) is an 8 bit byte representing a relative intensity value from 0 to 255. These bytes are packed 2.5 bytes per NIC 20 bit word. NIC data memory (starting at 100000) is used as a buffer to hold 4 tracks worth of data before it is written to the disk. These 4 tracks hold 6144 words or 15360 bytes of video data. This corresponds to 15, 30 and 60 scan lines at INT values 4, 2, 1 respectively. When unpacking the data for display (or other) purposes it is necessary to know the number of scan lines, n, and the value of INT which was used. This information (and more) is contained in the file directory as follows:

<u>Directory Word</u>	<u>Interpretation</u>
Core buffer address	Starting x-coordinate (binary form)
File size (words)	File size (words), (note 1,2)
Program starting address (PSA)	n and INT, (note 3)

The file starting track number is, of course, also included in the directory.

Note 1 - The last track will seldom be completely filled with video data.

Note 2 - The file size is actually the number of tracks times 1536 (3000 octal).

Note 3 - The interlace number (1, 2 or 4) is stored in bits 11-14 of the PSA and the number of lines, n, in bits 0-10.

APPENDIX C Memory Maps

	<u>NIC</u>	<u>Memory Map</u>
	Octal	
	Addresses	
	0	
		Command Table
	23	
	71	
		Camera "Main"
SEG 1A	1432	
	1500	
		Command Subroutines
	1664	
	1665	
		Externals, Definitions and Common
	1740	

	2020	
SEG 2A	2343	Error and other Subroutines
	2344	
	2367	Externals, Definitions and Command
	2420	
SEG 3	2554	Disk I/o Routines
	2555	
	2567	Externals and Switch Storage
	2605	
SEG 4	3303	Packing Routines, etc.
	3304	
	3310	External Reference
SEG 5	3744	Tekhex "Routines"
	3745	
	3760	Externals, definition and scratch storage

	4010	
SEG6	4411	Miscellaneous Routines
	4412	
	4425	Externals and Definitions
	4632	
	5365	Nicbug II
	5366	
	5777	Not used

6000

|

7577

Not used

7600

|

7777

Monitor Head

Locations 100000 - 117777 are used for data storage. Note that the Nicolet computer has a 70000 (octal) gap between "program memory" and "data memory".

CTL Memory Map

	Hex Addresses	
	0	
		Intialization
	24	
	38	
		Interrupt Routine
CTLMAIN1	7F	
	80	
		Command Calls, etc.
	BF	
	C0	
		Miscellaneous Routines
	16F	
	174	
TTLSUBS1		All Command Subroutines Except COM1
	323	
	324	
TTLSUB01		COM1 and TEST
	41C	
	41D	
		Unused
ROM	7FF	
	800	
		Command Table
	813	
	814	
		Miscellaneous Data
	81B	
	81C	
		Temporary State Storage on Interrupt
	82F	
	:	
	:	

	.	Stack
	BFF	
	C00	
		Buffer
RAM	FFF	

APPENDIX D - COMNIC Source Listing

PROGRAM COMMIC
 REVISION -- JUNE 8, 1981
 AUTHOR -- BARNETT, TB
 PURPOSE -- READ A DISKED A-FILE FROM COMM STOR
 TO NIC AND FACE IT FOR USE BY DISKED.
 NOTE -- THE COMM-STOR FILE IS PRODUCED BY USING THE "L"
 COMMAND IN DISKED.
 QUERIES -- FILE NAME
 REPLY WITH THE NAME OF THE COMM STOR FILE TO BE TRANSFERRED.
 THE FACED FILE WILL BE GIVEN THE SAME NAME.
 CAUTION -- THE FILE IS STORED AFTER ALL OTHER FILES ON THE DISK.
 NO CHECK IS MADE FOR ADEQUATE SPACE.
 COMM STOR MUST BE CONFIGURED TO RESPOND TO 'S' FOR STOP
 TRANSMISSION (#19) AND TO 'O' FOR START (#20).
 THE FILE MUST USE 'Z' FOR EOF (#8) AND COMM-STOR MUST
 SEND IT (#9).

(COMMIC
 (NIC-80)

NOTE THE SELECTION OF CODE STARTING WITH CHRCL. THIS CODE
 IS USED TO REPLACE ALL CONTROL CHARACTERS EXCEPT CR, TAB, LF WITH 'Z'
 IF THIS IS NOT DONE, DISKED WILL MISS ENTIRE BLOCKS OF
 INPUT TEXT.

```

////////////////////////////////////
DATA=FOUNT1+1
COMMIC, JMS  WRFLF
      JMS  JUNF
      14
      0
      TEXT  ' FILE-NAME=?'
      JMS  WRFLF
      FILE
NW, 0
      JMS  WRFLF
      MEMA  C
      ACUM  NW
      ACUM  NW1
      ZERM  QUARFL
      JMS  QUFLNW
      MEMA  QUARFL
      ACUM  IT
      ACUM  IT
      MUNM  STATE  (INITIALIZATION)
      MEMA  C1
      ACUM  COUNT1
      ZERM  EOF
      ZERM  NBYTT
      JMS  ZRMEM
      JMS  JUNF  (SEND 'S' FILE-NAME)
NW1, 0
      1
      16300
FILE1, 0
FILE2, 0
      0770000
CUM2, JMS  WRFLF
      CUMSTO
NBY, 100000
      0
      100000
NBY1, 0
      JMS  WRFLF
IT, 0
TR017, 1000
R013, 100000
  
```

```

MEMM      IT
MEMA      NBY0
A+MM      NBY11
MEMZ      EOF      % IF EOF SET, WRAP UP.
JMP       COM1
JMS       ZRMEM
MEMA      C221      % 0 TO RESTART COMM-STON
JMS      @TYPE
JMP       COM2
COM2,     MEMA      IT0
ACUM      @DARG1
MEMA      IT
A+MA      IT0
JMS      @MULTI
3000
ACUM      @DARG2
MEMA      BUFS
ACUM      @DARG3
MEMA      FIL1
ACUM      FILN1
MEMA      FIL2
A+MA      EXTRA      % EXTENSION A
ACUM      FILN2
JMS      @CLOSE
FILN1,    0
FILN2,    0
JMS      @RFP
JMS      @JNF
25
0
TEXT      % NO. OF FACED BYTES-2
MEMA      NBY11
JMS      @PRT01
JMP      @SYSTEM

END OF MAIN PROGRAM

ZRMEM,    0
MEMA      BUFS
ACUM      POINT
MEMA      TRF02
ACUM      COUNT
COM1,     ZERM      @POINT
MEMM      POINT
MMOMZ     COUNT
JMP       COM1
JMP       @ZRMEM

COMST0,   0
MEMA      STATE
AMU?      % IF STATE 54, POINT SET DATA
ZERZ      54
JMP       54
AF0A      % CHECK FOR S4 STATE FOR INDEF. CHARS.
AF0A2
ZERZ
JMP       54
TTYRF     # 1
KDTY
A-MZ     C221      % 0
ZERZ
JMP      @SYSTEM % THIS IS A USER ESCAPE
A+M?     C222      % Z MEANS EOF
JMP      512      % CHECK FOR S1 OR S2 STATE
ONEM     EOF

```



```

LINE M      OF COUNT
MEMA      C114
JMF       COMSTE
512, M-MZ   STATE 751 OR 520
JMF       S2
MMOMZ     COUNT1 751 STATE
JMF       CHRCE
M-MOM     STATE
JMF       CHRCE
52,  A-MZ   C215
JMF       CHRCE
MEMA      C217 75 TO STOP COMM STOP
JMS      DTYPE
JMS      MCHRR
MEMA      C215
M-MOM     STATE
LINE M      OF COUNT
M-MOM     OF COUNT
JMF       COMSTE
53,  M-MOM  STATE 751 STATE
M-MZ     NCH
M-MOM     STATE 751 54 STATE
MEMA      C1
A-MMA    NCH
A-M-M    COUNT1
MEMA      C114
JMF       COMSTE
54,  M-MOMZ  NCH
ZERZ     STATE
M-MOM     OF COUNT1
MEMA      OF COUNT1
M-MOM     OF COUNT1
CHRCE, A-MZ   C211
ZERZ     COMSTE
JMF       C212
A-MZ     COMSTE
JMF       C215
A-MZ     COMSTE
JMF       TEMP
A-MMA    C240
EXCL    C219
JMF       BADC
MEMA      TEMP
JMF       COMSTE
MEMA      C240
BADC, MEMA   COMSTE
COMSTE, JMF   COMSTO

M-MOM, 0
MEMA      C1  USE C1 AS TIME OUT CONSTANT
A-M-M    TEMP
ZERZ     NCH
MEMA      C211AD
M-MOM     OF COUNT1
M-MOMZ    DTYPE
JMF       MCHRR2
K-DTYPE
A-M-M    OF COUNT1
M-MOM     OF COUNT1
M-MOM     NCH
M-MOM     MCHRR1
M-MOMZ    TEMP  DECREMENT TIME OUT COUNTER
JMF       MCHRR1
MEMA      ADTAD  RESTORE THE POINTER FOR GETTING THE OFF LOGS.

```

ALUM POINT1
JMF JMUCHR

/
/ SCRATCH STORAGE

ITO, 0
POINT, 0
COUNT, 0
COUNT1, 0
NBYT, 0
STATE, 0
EOF, 0
TEMP, 0
NCH, 0
POINT1, 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

/
/ EXTERNAL REFERENCES

ORIF, 2736
UNP, 2650
FER, 3240
OPENW, 2420
PAFF, 3074
TYPE, 2731
WRITE, 2470
MULTIF, 4175
CLOSE, 2451
FRTOCT, 2605
OARG1, 7770
OARG2, 7771
OARG3, 7772
SYSTRT, 7600
PCOUNT, 3223

/
/CONSTANTS

EXTA, 1000000
C1, 6700

\$

APPENDIX E - MAIN Source Listing

#

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)
// CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)
// MAIN DRIVER PROGRAM FOR CAMERA CONTROL. THIS PROGRAM PERFORMS
/ VARIOUS BASIC OPERATIONS HAVING TO DO WITH CONTROLLING THE
/ HAMAMATSU C1000 CAMERA VIA THE NIC-488/CTL INTERFACE.
/ IN ADDITION VARIOUS CONTROLLER FUNCTIONS ARE PERFORMED. EACH FUNCTION
/ IS CALLED A MODE (OF OPERATION). AT PRESENT 7 MODES HAVE BEEN
/ IMPLEMENTED AS FOLLOWS:
/
/ MODE1 - RESET THE CAMERA, CONTROLLER (NO LONGER HAVE TO BOOT LOAD)
/ THIS OPERATION SHOULD USUALLY BE THE FIRST OPERATION ON SYSTEM
/ START AND MAY BE REPEATED ANY TIME THE USER WISHES TO
/ IN RAM WHICH MUST BE RELOADED EACH TIME THE CTL IS TURNED OFF.)
/
/ MODE2 - LOAD AND EXECUTE SPECIAL "COMMANDS". AT PRESENT THE
/ CTL RECOGNIZES ONE OPTIONAL COMMAND (NO. 8). THIS
/ COMMAND IS NOT PART OF THE MAIN SEQUENCE OF CTL PROGRAMS AND
/ MUST BE LOADED BEFORE CALLING. AT PRESENT, IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE
/ CORRESPONDING NIC COMMAND PROGRAM IS IN NIC CORE. THE MODE QUERY IS-
/ COMMAND #?- (REPLY 8)
/ FILE NAME?- (REPLY WITH THE NIC FILE TO BE LOADED)
/ [OPTIONAL SPECIAL DATA, DEPENDING ON THE COMMAND]
/
/ MODE3 - TRANSFER AND TRANSFORM A TEKTRONIX 8002 TEK-HEX
/ FILE FROM COMM-STOR TO A NIC LOAD FILE. THIS MODE PROVIDES FOR
/ EASY TRANSFER OF ASSEMBLED Z-80 CODE TO NIC AND THENCE TO CTL.
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -
/ FILE NAME?- (RESPOND WITH THE COMM-STOR FILE NAME WHICH
/ ALSO BECOMES THE NIC FILE NAME)
/ NOTE- IF THE FILE DOES NOT EXIST IN COMMSTOR, THE USER WILL
/ BE INFORMED OF THIS. HE MUST THEN TYPE ^Z TO GET PROGRAM CONTROL.
/
/ MODE4 - CAMERA SET-UP. USING THIS MODE, ANY OF 5 LEGITIMATE
/ CAMERA SET-UP COMMANDS GIVEN IN CAMERA TABLE ARE SENT TO THE CAMERA.
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -
/ MNEMONIC?- (REPLY WITH ONE OF THE 3 LETTER MNEMONIC
/ CODES: OUT INF XCO INT MAR
/ THE CURRENT VALUE IS THEN PRINTED AFTER WHICH THE USER MAY TYPE
/ IN A NEW VALUE OR CR TO RETAIN THE GIVEN ONE.
/ NOTE THAT AT PRESENT THE USER SHOULD NOT CHANGE OUT WHICH GIVES
/ THE FORMAT OF DATA SENT TO THE CAMERA. IT SHOULD STAY AT
/ ITS DEFAULT VALUE OF 1 MEANING ASCII DATA.
/
/ MODE5 - OBTAIN A "FRAME" OF VIDEO DATA (THE SIZE OF A FRAME DEPENDS
/ ON THE CAMERA TABLE VALUES FOR XCO AND INT AND ON THE COMMAND).
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -

```

/ FILE NAME?- (REPLY WITH THE NAME OF THE NIC FILE TO RECEIVE
/ THE DATA OR WITH "PRINT" WHICH WILL CAUSE THE DATA TO BE
/ PRINTED BUT NOT STORED. IF "PRINT" IS GIVEN, THE ACTUAL FORM
/ OF THE PRINTED VIDEO DEPENDS ON THE INPUT FORMAT (INF). IF 1 OR 3,
/ THE DISPLAY IS 3 CHARACTER (000-256) FOLLOWED BY "BLANK", 16
/ PIXELS/LINE. IF 2, THE DISPLAY IS 2 CHARACTER HEX (00-FF) WITH
/ NO BLANKS AND 32 PIXELS/LINE.)
/ FRAME?- (REPLY WITH VI1,VII,VID FOR 1-LINE VIDEO, A FRAME
/ STARTING AT X-COORD GOING TO HIGHER X-VALUES, A FRAME
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
/ STARTING AT X-COORD GOING TO LOWER X-VALUES RESPECTIVELY.
/
/ MODE6 - TRANSFER CTL MEMORY TO NIC AT 100000 IN PACKED FORM.
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -
/   HEXN- (REPLY WITH 4 HEX DIGIT ADDRESS AND A SINGLE DIGIT
/         SPECIFYING THE NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS WANTED.
/         E.G. 0C004 MEANS ADDRESS C00 AND 4 BLOCKS)
/ THE DATA OBTAINED MAY BE DISPLAYED BY CALLING MODE7
/
/ MODE7 - DISPLAY MEMORY IN HEX FORMAT. THE REGION DISPLAYED STARTS
/ AT 100000 AND IS NW3 WORDS LONG WHERE NW3 IS OBTAINED BY RUNNING MODE3
/ OR MODE6. THE USER CAN ALSO CHANGE NW3 HOWEVER.
/ THE WORDS ARE ASSUMED TO BE IN PACKED FORM.
/
/ MODE8 - DISPLAY NIC WORDS IN HEX AND PERMIT THE USER TO CHANGE THE
/ DISPLAYED WORD (ALSO IN HEX). THIS MODE CAN BE USED TO PUT PROGRAM
/ PATCHES INTO CTL.
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -
/   OCT - ( REPLY WITH THE STARTING ADDRESS (OCTAL) OF NIC
/         MEMORY TO BE OBSERVED AND/OR CHANGED )
/ THE PROGRAM THEN DISPLAYS THE FIRST WORD AS 5 HEX DIGITS AND
/ WAITS FOR USER RESPONSE. A SPACE (OR ANY SEQUENCE OF 1 TO 4
/ CHARACTERS) THEN CR WILL CAUSE NO CHANGE.
/ IF 5 HEX CHARACTERS ARE ENTERED THEY WILL REPLACE THE DISPLAYED
/ WORD. THE NEXT WORD WILL THEN BE DISPLAYED, ETC. TO EXIT THIS
/ MODE REPLY WITH CR ONLY. THE CHANGED CODE CAN BE
/ LOADED INTO CTL MEMORY VIA MODE 1 WITH A NON-EXISTANT FILE
/ NAME.
/
/ THE USER MAY EXIT CTLSYS VIA NICBUG TO NICSYS AND STORE THIS PROGRAM
/ DATA FOR LATER USE. USE STORE NAME 100000-100632;100000:P
/
/ NOTE -- WHEN RESPONDING TO A QUERY, THE USER MAY TYPE ^G TO ABORT
/ THE MODE. TYPING ^Q WILL BRING THE USER TO NICBUG (IF LOADED).
/ VALUE ASSIGNED TO ABORT.
// PARAMETER TABLE
/   0          0 COMN,    0

```

```

1      0 NLIST, 0
2      0 LIS1P, 0
3      0 LIS1S, 0
4      0 LIS2P, 0
5      0 LIS2S, 0
6      0 LIS3P, 0
7      0 LIS3S, 0
10     0 TALKP, 0
11     0 TALKS, 0
12     0 EOSC, 0
13     0 NDAT, 0
14     0 NDATB, 0
15     0 DATAL, 0
16     0 DATAH, 0
17     0 RETAL, 0
20     0 RETAH, 0
21     0 MESS, 0

```

```

-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

```

22     0 DUM1, 0
23     0 DUM2, 0

```

```

/
/
/

```

DEFINITIONS

```

LISTEN=40      /OCTAL BASE FOR LISTENERS
TALK=100       /OCTAL BASE FOR TALK
CTL=1          /ADDRESS ASSIGNED TO CONTROLLER
CAMERA=2       /ADDRESS ASSIGNED TO CAMERA
BASE=140       /BASE FOR CAMERA "SECONDARY ADDRESSES"
OUTF=1        /OUTPUT FORMAT (1,2)
INF=2         /INPUT FORMAT (1,2,3)
XCOORD=3      /X-COORDINATE (0 - 1023)
INTERL=4      /INTERLACE (1,2,4)
HORRES=5      /HORIZONTAL RESOLUTION (1,2,3,4)
EXTAN=6       /EXTERNAL ANALOG (1=OFF)
MARK=7        /MARKER ON/OFF (1=ON)
VIDIN=10      /VIDEO INPUT
VIDINI=11     /VIDEO IN & INCREMENT
VIDIND=12     /VIDEO IN & DECREMENT
SLICE=13      /SLICE INPUT
SLICEI=14     /SLICE IN & INCREMENT
SLICED=15     /SLICE IN & DECREMENT
BUFFER=16     /BUFFER DISPLAY/

```

```

/

```

```

CTLCF=4062
CTLRD=44064
CTLRDC=44066
CTLSK=6064
CTLWR=4071

```

CTRLS=4072

// CAMERA TABLE (DEFINES CAMERA COMMANDS AND MNEMONICS)
/ EACH ENTRY CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING DATA IN THE SEQUENCE SHOWN-
/ MNEMONIC - 3 LETTERS IN PACKED ASCII (RIGHT JUSTIFIED)
/ CODE - OCTAL SECONDARY ADDRESS DEFINING THE COMMAND
/ NNIB - NO. OF NIBBLES IN THE COMMAND DATA (0-5)
/ C-DATA - UP TO 5 NIBBLES OF NUMERICAL DATA (LEFT JUST.)

24	576564	CTABLE,	0576564	/OUTPUT FORMAT (OUT)
25	141			BASE+OUTF
26	1			1
27	200000		0200000	/DEFAULT 1
30	515646		0515646	/INPUT FORMAT (INF)
31	142			BASE+INF
32	1			1
33	200000		0200000	/DEFAULT 1
34	704357		0704357	/X-COORD (XCO)
35	143			BASE+XCOORD
36	3			3
37	1211000		1211000	/DEFAULT 512
40	515664		0515664	/INTERLACE (INT)
41	144			BASE+INTERL
42	1			1
43	400000		0400000	/DEFAULT 2
44	554162		0554162	/MARKER ON/OFF (MAR)

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

45	147			BASE+MARK
46	1			1
47	0		0	/DEFAULT 0
50	665121		0665121	/1-LINE VIDEO (VI1)
51	150			BASE+VIDIN
52	0			0
53	0			0
54	665151		0665151	/1-LINE VIDEO + INCREMENT (VII)
55	151			BASE+VIDINI
56	0			0
57	0			0
60	665144		0665144	/1-LINE+DECREMENT (VID)
61	152			BASE+VIDIND
62	0			0
63	0			0
64	426546		0426546	/BUFFER DISPLAY (BUF)
65	156			BASE+BUFFER
66	0			0
67	0			0
70	300		300	/@ TO TERMINATE THE TABLE
71	3001700	START,	JMS	@CRLF
72	3001676		JMS	@UNP

73	7	7
74	0	0
75	5557	TEXT % MO
76	444537	DE?
77	157700	-%
100	3001667	RPT, JMS @ECHO
101	462223	A-MZ (223 /CONTROL G
102	2162000	ZERZ
103	1001730	JMP @APORT
104	462261	A-MZ ("1
105	2162000	ZERZ
106	134	JMP MODE1
107	462262	A-MZ ("2
110	2162000	ZERZ
111	216	JMP MODE2
112	462263	A-MZ ("3
113	2162000	ZERZ
114	263	JMP MODE3
115	462264	A-MZ ("4
116	2162000	ZERZ
117	365	JMP MODE4
120	462265	A-MZ ("5
121	2162000	ZERZ
122	560	JMP MODE5
123	462266	A-MZ ("6
124	2162000	ZERZ
125	1265	JMP MODE6
126	462267	A-MZ ("7
127	2162000	ZERZ
130	1325	JMP MODE7
131	462270	A-MZ ("8
132	71	JMP START
133	1345	JMP MODE8

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

/

/

```

////////////////////////////////////
134 2170000 MODE1, ZERA /DUMMY
135 2410000 ACCA /IF NO FILE, ASSUME IT IS ALREADY IN CORE (I
136 3001711 JMS @ZERTAB /ZERO THE COMMAND TABLE
137 0 TABLA
/ INITIALIZE THE CAMERA TABLE TO DEFAULT VALUES
140 3001710 JMS @SEARCH
141 576564 0576564
142 0 0
143 200000 0200000
144 1 1
145 24 CTABLE

```


146	1	1	
147	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
150	515646	0515646	
151	0	0	
152	200000	0200000	
153	1	1	
154	24	CTABLE	
155	1	1	
156	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
157	704357	0704357	
160	0	0	
161	1211000	1211000	
162	3	3	
163	24	CTABLE	
164	1	1	
165	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
166	515664	0515664	
167	0	0	
170	400000	0400000	
171	1	1	
172	24	CTABLE	
173	1	1	
174	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
175	554162	0554162	
176	0	0	
177	0	0	
200	1	1	
201	24	CTABLE	
202	1	1	
203	4072	CTLRS	/RESET THE CTL
204	2170000	ZERA	/FORCE CTL TO ROOT LOAD
205	2165663	ZERM	SCILC
206	2170000	ZERA	
207	2170000	ZERA	
210	2170000	ZERA	
211	2170000	ZERA	
212	2170000	ZERA	
213	2170000	ZERA	
214	4062	CTLCF	/CLEAR
215	71	JMP	START

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

/

////////////////////////////////////

/

216	3001715	MODE2,	JMS	@GETFIL	/PUT FILE IN NIC CORE
217	71	JMP	START	/ERROR EXIT FROM GETFIL	
220	3001700	JMS	@CRLF		

```

221 3001676 MODE21, JMS @UNP
222 13 13
223 0 0
224 4357 TEXT % CO
225 555541 MMA
226 564403 ND#
227 371577 ?-%
230 3001711 JMS @ZERTAR
231 0 TABLA
232 3001667 JMS @ECHO
233 2405413 ACCM TEMP /COMMAND SHOULD BE ASCII 270
234 462270 A-MZ (270
235 240 JMP #+3
236 110011 MEMA (11 /STORE AT 900H
237 243 JMP #+4
240 462270 A-MZ (270
241 221 JMP MODE21 /WRONG COMMAND #
242 110011 MEMA (11 /STORE AT 900H
243 2404016 ACCM DATAH
244 2111724 MEMA BUFS /SET UP COMMAND TABLE FOR FILE TRANS
245 2404001 ACCM NLIST
246 110005 MEMA (5
247 2404000 ACCM COMN
250 110002 MEMA (2 /ASSUME 2 256 BYTE BLOCKS FOR TRANSI
251 2404014 ACCM NDATB
252 2164022 ZERM DUM1
253 2001541 JMS COM5
254 2111413 MEMA TEMP
255 462270 A-MZ (270
256 261 JMP #+3
NL COM8 AT 257
257 3000257 JMS @COM8
260 262 JMP #+2
NL COM8 AT 261
261 3000257 JMS @COM8
262 71 JMP START

```

```

/
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
/

```

```

263 2000352 MODE3, JMS FILEQ
264 3001703 JMS @PKR
265 277 FIL1
266 0 NW1, 0
267 3001700 JMS @CRLF
270 110003 MEMA (3
271 2510266 A+MA NW1

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

272 2404274 ACCM NW2
273 3001676 JMS @UNP /SEND COMMAND TO COMM-STOR TO SEND I
274 0 NW2, 0
275 1 1
276 16300 16300
277 0 FIL1, BLOCK 2
301 770000 0770000
302 3001702 JMS @PAKF /RECEIVE THE DATA AND PACK IT
303 342 COMSTO
304 100000 100000
305 0 0
306 100000 100000
307 0 NBYTES, 0
310 2112307 MEMAZ NBYTES
311 2404316 ACCM NW3
312 470004 A-MA 14
313 5144 EXCF AC19
314 263 JMP MODE3
315 3001706 JMS @TEKHEX
316 0 NW3, 0
317 0 NBY5, 0
320 2110316 MEMA NW3
321 2404325 ACCM NW4
322 2111724 MEMA BUFS
323 3405722 ACCM @OARG3
324 3001707 JMS @NICEFIL
325 0 NW4, 0
326 277 FIL1
327 331 JMP MODE31 /ERROR RETURN FROM NICEFIL-NO ROOM
330 71 JMP START
331 3001676 MODE31, JMS @UNP
332 21
333 5657 TEXT % NO
334 6257 RO
335 575500 OM
336 465762 FOR
337 4651 FI
340 544577 LE%
341 1001730 JMP @ABORT
342 0 COMSTO, 0
343 6454 TTYRF
344 343 JMP #-1
345 44453 RDTTY
346 462232 A-MZ (232 /CHECK FOR ^Z (END OF FILE)
347 1000342 JMP @COMSTO
350 3025732 ONEM @PCOUNT
351 1000342 JMP @COMSTO
/ NOTE THAT SETTING PCOUNT TO 1 FORCES PAKF TO STOP. COMM-STOR
/ SHOULD BE CONFIGURED TO SEND EOF.

```

```
// SUBROUTINE FILEQ
/ PURPOSE -- SEND MESSAGE - FILE NAME?-
 352          0 FILEQ,  0
 353 3001700          JMS   @CRLF
 354 3001676          JMS   @UNP
 355          14          14
```

```
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
 356          0          0
 357    4651          TEXT   % FI
 360 544500    LE
 361 564155    NAM
 362 453715    E?-
 363 770000    %
 364 1000352          JMP    @FILEQ
```

```
/
/
///////////////////////////////////////////////////
/
```

```
 365 3001711 MODE4,  JMS   @ZERTAB
 366          0      TABLA
 367 110005      MEMA   (5
 370 2404000    ACCM   COMM  /INITIALIZE COMMAND TABLE FOR DATA
 371 110311      MEMA   (311 /FROM NIC TO CTL
 372 2404001    ACCM   NLIST
 373 110014      MEMA   (14
 374 2404016    ACCM   DATAH
 375 2144022    MONM   DUM1  /WILL BE SENDING NIBBLES
 376 3001676 MODE41, JMS   @UNP
 377          13      13
 400          0      0
 401    5556      TEXT   % MH
 402 455557      EMO
 403 565143      NIC
 404 371577      ?-%
 405 3001703      JMS   @PKR
 406          416     FIL2
 407          0      NC,  0
 410 3001700      JMS   @CRLF
 411 2164423      ZERM   FLAG
 412 2110407      MEMA   NC
 413 462003      A-MZ   (3   /MUST HAVE 3 CHARS.
 414          376     JMP    MODE41
 415 3001710      JMS   @SEARCH
 416          0      FIL2, 0
 417          0      CODE, 0
 420          0      VAL,  0
 421          0      NBYTE, 0
 422          24      CTABLE
```

```

423      0 FLAG,      0
424 2102423      MEMZ      FLAG
425      376      JMP      MODE41 /NON-ZERO FLAG MEANS MNEMONIC NOT FO
426 2112421      MEMAZ     NBYTE
427      431      JMP      #+2
430      475      JMP      MODE42
431 2404436      ACCM      NBY1
432 2110416      MEMA      FIL2
433 2404466      ACCM      MM1
434 3001701      JMS      @UNPF /DISPLAYS THE NIBBLES
435      2330      HEXTA    /TYPE1 CONVERTS 4 BIT HEX TO NIC-ASCII AND
436      0 NBY1,      0
437 3777777      7777777 /-1 FOR NIBBLES

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

440      420      VAL
441 110240      MEMA      (240
442 3001677      JMS      @TYPE
443 3001677      JMS      @TYPE
444 3001677      JMS      @TYPE
445 2000505      JMS      NIB      /PACK THE USER GIVEN NIBBLES
446      470      VAL4
447      0 NBY2,      0
450 3001700      JMS      @CRLF
451 2112447      MEMAZ     NBY2      /IF NO BYTES, USE DEFAULT
452      460      JMP      #+6
453 2110420      MEMA      VAL
454 2404002      ACCM      LIS1P
455 2110421      MEMA      NBYTE
456 2404013      ACCM      NDAT
457      474      JMP      MODE43
460 2404013      ACCM      NDAT
461 2404471      ACCM      NBY4
462 2110470      MEMA      VAL4
463 2404002      ACCM      LIS1P
464 2024473      ONEM     FLG4
465 3001710      JMS      @SEARCH /UPDATE THE C-TABLE WITH THE NEW VAL
466      0 MM1,      0
467      0      0
470      0 VAL4,      0
471      0 NBY4,      0
472      24      CTABLE
473      0 FLG4,      0
474 2001541 MODE43, JMS      COM5
475 2024000 MODE42, ONEM     COMN      /SET THE COMMAND TABLE FOR CTL-CAM
476 2024001      ONEM     NLIST
477 110042      MEMA      (LISTEN+CAMERA
500 2404002      ACCM      LIS1P
501 2110417      MEMA      CODE

```

```

502 2404003      ACCM  LIS1S
503 2001500      JMS   COM1
504      71 MODE44, JMP  START

```

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

```

// SUBROUTINE NIB(VALA,NNIB)
/ PURPOSE -- PACKS NNIB USER GIVEN NUMBERS INTO THE LOCATION
/           GIVEN BY VALUA. UP TO 5 NIBBLES ,LEFT JUSTIFIED 0 FILL
/           MAY BE PACKED. THE NUMBER OF NIBBLES IS RETURNED IN NNIB
/           AND IS DETERMINED BY CR.

```

```

505      0 NIB,      0
506 3001702      JMS   @PAKF
507      552        ECHO1
510      6          6
511      0          0
512      1770      PENDA
513      0 NNIB,    0
514 2110513      MEMA  NNIB
515 3404547      ACCM  @COUNTN
516 110006       MEMA  (6
517 3404546      ACCM  @WCNT
520 2711723      MMOA  PEND

```

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)

```

```

521 3404544      ACCM  @WPNT
522 3164545      ZERM  @WORD
523 2111723      MEMA  PEND
524 3544551      AMOM  @APNT
525 3024550      ONEM  @BCNT
526 3001704      JMS   @DEC
527 3110505      MEMA  @NIB
530 2405413      ACCM  TEMP
531 3110545      MEMA  @WORD
532 3405413      ACCM  @TEMP
533 2124505      MPOM  NIB
534 2110513      MEMA  NNIB
535 3544505      AMOM  @NIB
536 462006       A-MZ  (6
537      542       JMP   NIB3
540 3111723      MEMA  @PEND
541 3405413      ACCM  @TEMP
542 2124505 NIB3, MPOM  NIB
543 1000505      JMP   @NIB

```

```

/-1 BECAUSE OF CR
/IF HAVE FULL WORD, GET FROM PEND

```

```

/COMMON DEFINITION

```

```

544      3414 WPNT,  WPNTD
545      3415 WORD,  WPNTD+1
546      3416 WCNT,  WPNTD+2
547      3417 COUNTN, WPNTD+3
550      3420 BCNT,  WPNTD+4
551      3421 APNT,  WPNTD+5

```

////////////////////////////////////}

552 0 ECHO1, 0
553 3001667 JMS @ECHO
554 462215 A-MZ (215
555 1000552 JMP @ECHO1
556 3025732 ONEM @PCOUNT
557 1000552 JMP @ECHO1

////////////////////////////////////

560 3001711 MODE5, JMS @ZERTAB
561 0 TABLA
562 2111734 MEMA T3 /SET DIVIDE ARGUMENTS
563 2405202 ACCM REM2
564 110005 MEMA (5
565 2405005 ACCM REM
566 2405170 ACCM REM1
567 110044 MEMA (44 /SET POLL STATUS BYTE COUNTER
570 2405540 ACCM NCNT
571 2000352 JMS FILEO /GET FILE NAME, MAY BE "PRINT"
572 3001703 JMS @PKR
573 1260 FILNM
574 0
575 3001700 JMS @CRLF
576 3001710 JMS @SEARCH /GET SOME CAMERA PARAMETERS TO DFTEF
577 704357 0704357 /SPACE REQUIREMENTS
600 0

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

601 0 VALM5, 0
602 0 NBM5, 0
603 24 CTABLE
604 0
605 2110601 MEMA VALM5
606 2404612 ACCM VALM51
607 2110602 MEMA NBM5
610 2404613 ACCM NBM51
611 3001705 JMS @NIBBIN /CONVERT TO BINARY INTEGER
612 0 VALM51, 0
613 0 NBM51, 0
614 12 12
615 0 BIN, 0
616 3001710 JMS @SEARCH /LOOK AT INTERLACE TO GET NO. OF ELI
617 515664 0515664
620 0
621 0 VALM52, 0
622 0

623	24		CTABLE	
624	0		0	
625	2110621		MEMA	VALM52 /GET INTERLACE NIBBLE AND CONVERT TO
626	5044		LLSH	4
627	2404676		ACCM	INT
630	2025414		ONEM	N /N IS THE NO. OF LINES/FRAME; DEFAULT
631	3001676	MOD50,	JMS	@UNP
632	10		10	
633	0		0	
634	4662		TEXT	% FR
635	415545	AMF		
636	371577	?-%		
637	3001703		JMS	@PKR
640	1415		FILM5	
641	0		0	
642	3001700		JMS	@CRLF
643	2111415		MEMA	FILM5
644	2404647		ACCM	FILM51
645	2164654		ZERM	FLGM5
646	3001710		JMS	@SEARCH /GET CORRESPONDING CODE
647	0	FILM51,	0	
650	0	CODM5,	0	
651	0		0	
652	0		0	
653	24		CTABLE	
654	0	FLGM5,	0	
655	2702654		MMOZ	FLGM5 /FLAG=1 MEANS WRONG COMMAND
656	660		JMP	#+2
657	631		JMP	MOD50
660	2110650		MEMA	CODM5
661	462150		A-MZ	(BASE+VIDIN
662	664		JMP	#+2
663	701		JMP	MODE51 /N=1 FOR VIDIN, ELSE CALCULATE N=
664	462151		A-MZ	(BASE+VIDIN
665	672		JMP	MODE52 /((1024-XCOORD)*INT/4 OR
666	111777		MEMA	(1777 / (XCOORD+1)*INT/4
667	2430000		APOA	

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

670	2470615		A-MA	RIN
671	675		JMP	MODE53
672	462152	MODE52,	A-MZ	(BASE+VIDIN)
673	631		JMP	MOD50
674	2130615		MPOA	RIN
675	3001712	MODE53,	JMS	@MULTP
676	0	INT,	0	
677	405022		RISH	2 /DIVIDE BY 4
700	2405414		ACCM	N
701	3001710	MODE51,	JMS	@SEARCH / FIND THE NO. OF BYTES/LINE


```

702 515646          0515646 /INF
703          0          0
704          0 VALM53, 0
705          0          0
706          24          CTABLE
707          0          0
710 2165430        ZERM      FACT1
711 2110704        MEMA      VALM53
712          5044        LLSH      4          /CHANGE TO 1,2 OR 3
713 2404704        ACCM      VALM53
714 110004         MEMA      (4          /NO. OF BYTES/LINE=256*INT*
715 2404730        ACCM      FACTOR    / (4 OR 1 OR 4 + 0 OR 0 OR 1/16)
716 2110704        MEMA      VALM53
717 462002         A-MZ      (2
720          722         JMP      #+2
721 2024730        ONEM     FACTOR
722 462003         A-MZ      (3
723          726         JMP      #+3
724 110020         MEMA      (20
725 2405430        ACCM      FACT1
726 2110676        MEMA      INT
727 3001712        JMS      @MULTP
730          0 FACTOR, 0
731 2405416        ACCM      NDATR1   /NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS/LINE
732 3001712        JMS      @MULTP
733          400         400
734 2511430        A+MA     FACT1
735 2405213        ACCM      NWORD    /TOTAL NO. OF BYTES/LINE
/ CHECK FOR CTL BUFFER OVERFLOW
736 2111740        MEMA      BFSZ
737 2471213        A-MA     NWORD
740          5104        SKIP     AC19
741          755         JMP      MOD53A
742 3001676        JMS      @UNP
743          22         22
744          1          1
745          4350        TEXT % CH
746 415647         ANG
747 450051         E I
750 564600         NF
751 576200         OR
752 515664         INT
753 770000         %
754          1264        JMP      MOD5E
/ IF INF IS NOT 2 OR IF THE FILE NAME IS PRI(NT), THE CAMERA
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
/ VIDEO IS PRINTED ONLY AND NO FILE IS CREATED ON THE DISK.
755 2025417 MOD53A, ONEM PRTFLG /1 MEANS THIS IS A "PRINT FILE"

```

756	3165725	ZERM	@SMODE	/SET SENDF MODE SWITCH
757	110100	MEMA	(100	
760	3405726	ACCM	@SWCNT	
761	3405727	ACCM	@SWCNT0	
762	2110704	MEMA	VALM53	
763	462002	A-MZ	(2	
764	1045	JMP	MODE59	/IF INF .NE. 2 THEN IS PRINT FILE B
765	2111260	MEMA	FILNM	/SEE IF PRINT
766	2463733	A-MZ	PRI	/PRI=PACKED "PRI"
767	775	JMP	MOD54	
770	3025725	ONEM	@SMODE	
771	110040	MEMA	(40	
772	3405726	ACCM	@SWCNT	
773	3405727	ACCM	@SWCNT0	
774	1045	JMP	MODE59	
/ FOR A DISK FILE , WE HAVE TO ESTIMATE THE SPACE REQUIRED, OPEN THE				
/ FILE ETC.				
775	2165417	MOD54, ZERM	PRTFLG	
776	2111213	MEMA	NWORD	/BYTES/LINE*N*TOTAL NO. OF BYTES
777	2405003	ACCM	#+4	
1000	2111414	MEMA	N	/THEY ARE REDUCED BY 2/5 IN PACKING
1001	5001	LASH	1	/MULT BY 2
1002	3001712	JMS	@MULTP	
1003	0	0		
1004	3001713	JMS	@DIVDE	/DIVIDE BY 5
1005	0	REM, 0		
1006	2425421	APOM	SIZE	/MUST BE A REMAINDER OF AT LEAST 1
1007	2111005	MEMA	REM	/TAKE CARE OF THE REMAINDER
1010	470003	A-MA	(3	
1011	5104	SKIP	AC19	
1012	2125421	MPOM	SIZE	
1013	3165721	ZERM	@OARG2	/DELETE FILE IF IT EXISTS
1014	2111260	MEMA	FILNM	
1015	2405021	ACCM	FILNM1	
1016	2111261	MEMA	FILNM+1	
1017	2405022	ACCM	FILNM1+1	
1020	3001672	JMS	@CLOSE	
1021	0	FILNM1, 0		
1022	0	0		
1023	3165720	ZERM	@OARG1	
1024	2111421	MEMA	SIZE	/TOTAL NO. OF PACKED WORDS
1025	3405721	ACCM	@OARG2	
1026	3001670	JMS	@OPENW	/CHECKS TO MAKE SURE THERE IS ROOM
1027	3111721	MEMA	@OARG2	
1030	2471421	A-MA	SIZE	
1031	5104	SKIP	AC19	
1032	1042	JMP	MODE56	
1033	3001676	JMS	@UNP	
1034	10	10		

```

1035      1      1
1036      5657      TEXT % NO
1037      6257      RO
1040      575577      OM%

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

1041      1264      JMP      MOD5F
1042      3111720  MODE56, MEMA  @OARG1
1043      2405422  ACCM      ITO      /STARTING TRACK FOR THE FILE
1044      2405224  ACCM      IT
1045      2110676  MODE59, MEMA  INT      /GET APPROPRIATE VALUES ASSOCIATED W
1046      462004   A-MZ      (4      /LIMITS FOR STORING THE DATA
1047      1056     JMP      MODE57 /AND FOR PAUSE
1050      110017   MEMA      (17
1051      2405420  ACCM      J1
1052      110004   MEMA      (4
1053      2405423  ACCM      L1
1054      2111737  MEMA      PA4
1055      1073     JMP      MODE55
1056      462002  MODE57, A-MZ (2
1057      1066     JMP      MODE58
1060      110036   MEMA      (36
1061      2405420  ACCM      J1
1062      110002   MEMA      (2
1063      2405423  ACCM      L1
1064      2111736  MEMA      PA2
1065      1073     JMP      MODE55
1066      110074  MODE58, MEMA  (74
1067      2405420  ACCM      J1
1070      110020   MEMA      (20
1071      2405423  ACCM      L1
1072      2111735  MEMA      PA1
1073      2405126  MODE55, ACCM  PAUC
1074      2111414  MEMA      N      /SET COUNTER WITH THE TOTAL NO. OF L
1075      2405424  ACCM      COUNT
/SET UP THE FIXED PORTION OF THE COMMAND TABLE
1076      110014   MEMA      (14
1077      2404016  ACCM      DATAH
1100      110102   MEMA      (TALK+CAMERA
1101      2404010  ACCM      TALKP
1102      2164011  ZERM      TALKS
1103      110150   MEMA      (BASE+VIDIN      /VI1 FIRST TIME THROUGH
1104      2404003  ACCM      LIS1S
1105      2024022  ONEM      DUM1      /DATA IS PACKED UNLESS PRINTED
1106      2703417  MMOZ      PRTFLG
1107      2164022  ZERM      DUM1
1110      2165425  MODE5I, ZERM  NBYTES   /I LOOP
1111      2111420  MEMA      J1
1112      2405426  ACCM      J

```

```

1113 2024000 MODE5J, ONEM COMN /SEND
1114 2024001 ONEM NLIST
1115 2164013 ZERM NDAT
1116 2164014 ZERM NDATB
1117 110042 MEMA (LISTEN+CAMERA
1120 2404002 ACCM LIS1P
1121 2001500 JMS COM1
1122 110004 MEMA (4 /POLL
1123 2404000 ACCM COMN
1124 2164003 ZERM LIS1S
1125 3001716 JMS @PAUSE
1126 0 PAUC, 0

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

1127 2001516 JMS COM4
1130 110002 MEMA (2 /RECV
1131 2404000 ACCM COMN
1132 2111416 MEMA NDATB1
1133 2404014 ACCM NDATB
1134 2001507 JMS COM2
1135 110006 MEMA (6 /NICO
1136 2404000 ACCM COMN
1137 2111724 MEMA BUFS
1140 2404001 ACCM NLIST
1141 2111426 MEMA J
1142 2463420 A-MZ J1
1143 2144001 MONM NLIST /DON'T RESET COM6 EXCEPT WHEN J=1
1144 2001604 JMS COM6
1145 2110650 MEMA COM5 /FOR NEXT PASSES
1146 2404003 ACCM LIS1S
1147 2111213 MEMA NWORD
1150 2505425 A+MM NBYT5 /ACCUMULATE TOTAL NO. OF BYTES
1151 2707424 MMOMZ COUNT
1152 1154 JMP #+2
1153 1164 JMP MOD5J1
1154 2707426 MMOMZ J
1155 2162000 ZERZ
1156 1161 JMP MOD5J0
1157 2703417 MMOZ PRFLG
1160 1113 JMP MODE5J
1161 110004 MOD5J0, MEMA (4
1162 2405427 ACCM NTRCK
1163 1206 JMP MOD5J2
1164 2111425 MOD5J1, MEMA NBYT5
1165 3001712 JMS @MULTP
1166 2 JMP
1167 3001713 JMS @DIVDE /DIVIDE BY 5
1170 0 REM1, 0
1171 2425431 APOM SUM /MUST HAVE A REMAINDER

```

```

1172 2111170      MEMA      REM1
1173  470003      A-MA      (3
1174   5104      SKIP      AC19
1175 2125431      MPOM      SUM
1176 2170000      ZERA      /GET READY FOR DIVIDE
1177   4354      TACMQ
1200 2111431      MEMA      SUM
1201 3001713      JMS       @DIVDE
1202   0 REM2,    0
1203 2405427      ACCM      NTRCK
1204 2103202      MEMZ      REM2
1205 2125427      MPOM      NTRCK
1206 2703417 MOD5J2, MMOZ  PRTFLG  /PRINT OR STORE?
1207   1217      JMP       MOD5J3
1210 3001700      JMS       @CRLF
1211 3001701      JMS       @UNPF
1212   4242      SENDFA
1213   0 NWORD,   0
1214   1          1 /DATA IS NOT PACKED FOR PRINT
1215 100000      100000

```

```

-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)
1216   1234      JMP       MOD5J4
1217 2111427 MOD5J3, MEMA  NTRCK  /STORE THE PACKED DATA ON NTRCKS TR.
1220 2405432      ACCM      K
1221 2111724      MEMA      BUFS  /POINTS TO START OF BUFFER AREA
1222 2405226      ACCM      ISTART
1223 3001673 MOD5K,  JMS    @WRITE /START OF K LOOP
1224   0 IT,      0
1225   3000 TRKSZ, 3000
1226   0 ISTART, 0
1227 2125224      MPOM      IT
1230 2111225      MEMA      TRKSZ
1231 2505226      A+MM     ISTART
1232 2707432      MMOMZ    K
1233   1223      JMP       MOD5K
1234 2103424 MOD5J4, MEMZ  COUNT
1235   1110      JMP       MODE5I /END OF I-LOOP
1236 2703417      MMOZ    PRTFLG /IF THIS IS A PRINT FLAG GOTO THE E
1237   1241      JMP       #+2
1240   1264      JMP       MOD5E
1241 3111731      MEMA      @SYSTRT /SAVE TO RESTORE
1242 2405413      ACCM      TEMP
1243 2110676      MEMA      INT  /CLOSE THE FILE
1244   5070      RLSH     10  /THE INTERLACE NO. IS STORED AS THE
1245 2511414      A+MA     N    /ORDER BITS OF THE PSA PORTION OF TI
1246 3405731      ACCM      @SYSTRT /DIRECTORY ENTRY; THE NO. OF LINES
1247 2111422      MEMA      ITO  /IN THE LOW ORDER BITS
1250 3405720      ACCM      @OARG1

```

1251	2111224		MEMA	IT	
1252	2471422		A-MA	ITO	
1253	3405722		ACCM	@OARG3	/NO. OF TRACKS STORED IN CORE BUFFE
1254	3001712		JMS	@MULTP	x c u
1255	3000			3000	
1256	3405721		ACCM	@OARG2	
1257	3001672		JMS	@CLOSE	
1260	0	FILNM,	0		
1261	0		0		
1262	2111413		MEMA	TEMP	
1263	3405731		ACCM	@SYSTRT	
1264	71	MODE5,	JMP	START	

MEMA BIN

LIST
/

1265	3001676	MODE6,	JMS	@UNP	
1266	5		5		
1267	0		0		
1270	504570		TEXT	%HEX	
1271	561577	N-%			
1272	2000505		JMS	NIB	
1273	1414		N		
1274	0	NBY6,	0		
1275	2111274		MEMA	NBY6	
1276	462005		A-MZ	(5	
1277	1265		JMP	MODE6	/MUST GET 4 NIBBLES FOR ADDRESS AND
1300	2111414		MEMA	N	/1 FOR NO. OF BLOCKS (EG. 0C001)
1301	10007		ANDA	(7	
1302	2404014		ACCM	NDATB	

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

1303	2164013		ZERM	NDAT	
1304	2111414		MEMA	N	
1305	5064		RLSH	4	/GET LOW ADDRESS
1306	10377		ANDA	(377	/MASK IT
1307	2404015		ACCM	DATAL	/STORE FOR TRANSMISSION
1310	2111414		MEMA	N	
1311	5074		RLSH	14	/GET HIGH ADDRESS
1312	10377		ANDA	(377	
1313	2404016		ACCM	DATAL	
1314	2164022		ZERM	DUM1	
1315	2111724		MEMA	BUFS	
1316	2404001		ACCM	NLIST	
1317	110006		MEMA	(6	
1320	2404000		ACCM	COMN	
1321	2001604		JMS	COM6	
1322	2111640		MEMA	NBYT1	/TRANSFER NO. OF BYTES RECEIVED
1323	2404317		ACCM	NBY5	/FOR POSSIBLE MODE 7 CALL.
1324	71		JMP	START	

1325	3025725	MODE7,	ONEM	@SMODE	/SET UP FOR SENDF
1326	110020		MEMA	(20	
1327	3405726		ACCM	@SWCNT	
1330	3405727		ACCM	@SWCNT0	
1331	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1332	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1333	2110317		MEMA	NBY5	/NO. OF BYTES
1334	2405337		ACCM	MOD7 1	
1335	3001701		JMS	@UNPF	
1336	4242		SENDFA		
1337	0	MOD7 1,	0		
1340	0		0		
1341	100000		100000		
1342	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1343	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1344	71		JMP	START	
/					
1345	3001676	MODE8,	JMS	@UNP	
1346	4		4		
1347	0		0		
1350	574364		TEXT	%OCT	
1351	157700	-%			
1352	3001717		JMS	@OCT	/PACK OCTAL ADDRESS INTO MOD8A
1353	1364		MOD8A		
1354	2711364		MMOA	MOD8A	/STORE POINTER FOR CHANGE WORDS
1355	2405424		ACCM	COUNT	
1356	2165426		ZERM	J	/FOR COUNTING WORDS
1357	3001700	MOD8 1,	JMS	@CRLF	
1360	3001701		JMS	@UNPF	/DISPLAY CONTENTS OF NEXT WORD
1361	2330		HEXTA		/AS 5 HEX CHARACTERS
1362	5		5		
1363	3777777		3777777		
1364	0	MOD8A,	0		
1365	2145364		MONM	MOD8A	/CAUSES UNPF TO KEEP GOING WITHOUT
1366	110240		MEMA	(240	/REINITIALIZING
1367	3001677		JMS	@TYPE	/PUT IN SPACE

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

1370	2000505		JMS	NIB	/COLLECT THE NIBBLES
1371	1414		N		
1372	0	NBY8,	0		
1373	2125424		MPOM	COUNT	
1374	2125426		MPOM	J	
1375	2113372		MEMAZ	NBY8	/0 NIBBLES MEANS EXIT
1376	2162000		ZERZ		
1377	1405		JMP	MOD8E	
1400	462005		A-MZ	(5	/1-4 NIBS MEANS NO CHANGE
1401	1357		JMP	MOD8 1	
1402	2111414		MEMA	N	

```

1403 3405424      ACCM      @COUNT
1404      1357      JMP      MOD81
1405 2111426 MOD8E, MEMA      J
1406 3001712      JMS      @MULTP
1407      5          5
1410      5021      RASH      1          /NO. OF BYTES=5/2 * NO. OF WORDS
1411 2404317      ACCM      NBY5
1412      71        JMP      START

```

```

////////////////////////////////////}
/

```

```

/SCRATCH STORAGE

```

```

1413      0 TEMP,    0
1414      0 N,      0
1415      0 FILMS,  0
1416      0 NDATB1, 0
1417      0 PRFLG,  0
1420      0 J1,     0
1421      0 SIZE,   0
1422      0 ITO,    0
1423      0 L1,     0
1424      0 COUNT,  0
1425      0 NBYT5,  0
1426      0 J,      0
1427      0 NTRCK,  0
1430      0 FACT1,  0
1431      0 SUM,    0
1432      0 K,      0

```

```

//////// COMMAND SUBROUTINES //////////
/

```

```

// SUBROUTINE SEND (ALIAS COM1)
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 25,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- SEND DATA FROM CTL TO LISTENER(S)
/ PARAMETERS USED -- NONE PARAMETERS IN THE PARAMETER
/ TABLE ARE USED ONLY BY CTL-SEND

```

```

////////////////////////////////////}

```

```

*1500

```

```

1500      0 COM1,    0
1501 3001714      JMS      @WCTL  /TRANSFER TABLE VALUES
1502      0          TABLA
1503      24         24
1504 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR /CATCH TABLE TRANSFER BYTE
1505 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR /WAIT UNTIL CTL IS DONE

```

```

-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)

```

```

1506 1001500      JMP      @COM1

```

```

////////////////////////////////////}

```

```

// SUBROUTINE RECV (ALIAS COM2)

```

```

/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 25,1980

```



```

/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER DATA FROM TALKER TO CTL
/ PARAMETERS USED -- NONE

```

```

////////////////////////////////////
1507      0 COM2,      0
1510 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1511      0      TABLA
1512      24      24
1513 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1514 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1515 1001507      JMP      @COM2
/

```

```

////////////////////////////////////
/

```

```

//SUBROUTINE POLL (ALIAS COM4)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 19,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- CONDUCT A SERIAL POLL (THE STATUS BYTE IS TYPED)
/ PARAMETERS -- NONE

```

```

1516      0 COM4,      0
1517 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1520      0      TABLA
1521      24      24
1522 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1523 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1524 2405413      ACCM     TEMP      /STORE STATUS
1525      5024      RASH     4      /GET READY FOR FIRST HEX DIGIT
1526 3001666      JMS      @HEXT
1527 2111413      MEMA     TEMP
1530 3001666      JMS      @HEXT
1531 2707540      MMOMZ    NCNT
1532      1536      JMP      COM4E
1533 110044      MEMA     (44
1534 2405540      ACCM     NCNT
1535 3001700      JMS      @CRLF
1536 3001665 COM4E,  JMS      @MONITOR
1537 1001516      JMP      @COM4
1540      0 NCNT,      0

```

```

////////////////////////////////////
/

```

```

// SUBROUTINE NICI (ALIAS COM5)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 29,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- WRITE DATA FROM NIC TO CTL
/ PARAMETERS USED --

```

```

/      (1) "I" FOR IMMEDIATE DATA (THE DATA TO SEND IS IN TABLE
/      LOCATIONS 2 => 10), OR THE STARTING ADDRESS IN NIC OF THE
/      /BLOCK OF DATA TO BE SENT (CAN NOT BE "I" = 311 OCTAL).

```

```

/ (11) NO.OF DATA WORDS (1 BYTE/WORD) TO BE SENT OR
/ (12) NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS TO BE TRANSFERRED IF (11)=0.

```

```

/ -----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
/ (18) -1 => DATA IS PACKED NIBBLES (WHEN UNPACKING ADD OCTAL 60
/ TO TRANSFORM TO ASCII NUMBER.
/ 0 => DATA IS PACKED
/ 1 => DATA IS UNPACKED (5BYTES IN 2 WORDS)
/

```

```

/ NOTE -- THE STARTING ADDRESS IN (1) CAN BE -1 TO INDICATE THAT
/ THE UNPACKING PROCESS SHOULD CONTINUE FROM WHERE IT LEFT
/ OFF ON THE PREVIOUS CALL TO UNPF.

```

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

```

1541      0 COM5,      0
1542 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1543      0      TABLA
1544      24      24
1545 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1546 2110022      MEMA      DUM1
1547 2405577      ACCM      FLAG5
1550 2405663      ACCM      SCTL
1551 2110001      MEMA      NLIST /IT IS IMMEDIATE MODE ?
1552 462311      A-MZ      ("I
1553      1555      JMP      #+2
1554 110002      MEMA      (TABLA+2
1555 2405600      ACCM      STADD5
1556 2112013      MEMAZ     NDAT
1557      1561      JMP      #+2
1560      1563      JMP      #+3
1561 2405576      ACCM      NBYTE5
1562      1574      JMP      COM51
1563 2112014      MEMAZ     NDATB
1564 2162000      ZERZ
1565      1601      JMP      COM53
1566 2405664      ACCM      COUNTS /DO ADD INSTEAD OF MULT.
1567 2170000      ZERA
1570 510400      A+MA      (400
1571 2707664      MMOMZ     COUNTS
1572      1570      JMP      #-2
1573 2405576      ACCM      NBYTE5
1574 3001701 COM51,      JMS      @UNPF
1575      1650      SCTL
1576      0 NBYTE5,      0
1577      0 FLAG5,      0
1600      0 STADD5,      0
1601      4062 COM53,      CTLCF
1602 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1603 1001541      JMP      @COM5

```

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

```

/
//SUB ROUTINE NICO (ALIAS COM6)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 29,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TH
/ PURPOSE --READ DATA FROM CTL TO NIC
/ PARAMETERS USED --
/ (1) "I" FOR DATA TO BE STORED IN TABLE LOCATIONS 2 => 10,
/ OR STARTING ADDRESS FOR DATA STORAGE.
/ -1 MEANS USE LAST ADDRESS FROM PRIOR RUN
/ (11) NO. OF DATA WORDS TO BE TRANSFERRED OR

```

```

-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 5,1981)
/ (12) NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS TO BE TRANSFERRED IF (11)=0.
/ (18) 1 => DO NOT PACK THE DATA
/ 0 => PACK THE DATA (5 BYTES/2 WORDS)

```

```

1604      0 COM6,      0
1605 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1606      0      TABLA
1607      24      24
1610 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1611 2110022      MEMA      DUM1
1612 2405641      ACCM      FLAG6
1613 2110001      MEMA      NLIST
1614  462311      A-MZ      ("I
1615      1617      JMP      #+2
1616  110002      MEMA      (TABLA+?
1617 2405642      ACCM      STADD6
1620 2112013      MEMAZ     NDAT
1621      1623      JMP      #+2
1622      1625      JMP      #+3
1623 2405640      ACCM      NBYT1
1624      1636      JMP      COM61 /NOT 0
1625 2112014      MEMAZ     NDATR
1626 2162000      ZERZ
1627      1644      JMP      COM63 /NOTHING TO TRANSFER
1630 2405664      ACCM      COUNTS
1631 2170000      ZERA
1632  510400      A+MA      (400
1633 2707664      MMOMZ     COUNTS
1634      1632      JMP      #-2
1635 2405640      ACCM      NBYT1
1636 3001702 COM61, JMS      @PAKF
1637      2123      MONITA
1640      0 NBYT1, 0
1641      0 FLAG6, 0
1642      0 STADD6, 0
1643      0      0
1644 3001665 COM63, JMS      @MONITOR
1645 1001604      JMP      @COM6

```

////////////////////////////////////

/
/ SUBROUTINE SCTL
/ PURPOSE -- SEND BYTE TO CTL
/ THERE ARE 2 MODES OF OPERATION SET BY SCTL. IF SCTL=-1
/ THE BYTE IS SENT AS ASCII (60H IS ADDED TO ACC), OTHERWISE
/ IT IS SENT WITH NO CHANGE. SCTL MAY BE ABORTED
/ BY TYPING ANY CHARACTER ON THE TTY IN CASE THE CTL
/ GETS HUNG.

*1650
1650 0 SCTL, 0
1651 2123663 MPOZ SCTL
1652 2162000 ZERZ
1653 510060 A+MA (60
1654 4071 CTLWR
1655 6064 SC1, CTLSK
1656 1660 JMP SC2
1657 1001650 JMP @SCTL

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)
1660 6454 SC2, TTYRF
1661 1655 JMP SC1
1662 1001730 JMP @ABORT
1663 0 SCTL, 0

/ SCRATCH STORAGE
1664 0 COUNTS, 0

/ ADDRESSES
HEXTA=2330
TABLA=0
SENDFA=4242
SCTLA=1650
MONITA=2123
WPNTD=3414
PENDA=1770

/ EXTERNALS
1665 2123 MONITOR, MONITA
1666 2330 HEXT, HEXTA
1667 2257 ECHO, 2257
1670 2420 OPENW, 2420
1671 2432 OPENR, 2432
1672 2451 CLOSE, 2451
1673 2470 WRITE, 2470
1674 2511 READD, 2511
1675 2605 PRTOCT, 2605
1676 2650 UNP, 2650
1677 2731 TYPE, 2731
1700 2736 CRLF, 2736

```

1701      2750 UNPF,      2750
1702      3074 PAKF,      3074
1703      3240 PKR,      3240
1704      3310 DEC,      3310
1705      3470 NIBBIN,  3470
1706      3565 TEKHEX,  3565
1707      4010 NICFIL,  4010
1710      4070 SEARCH,  4070
1711      4160 ZERTAB,  4160
1712      4175 MULTP,  4175
1713      4213 DIVDE,  4213
1714      2136 WCTL,    2136
1715      4313 GETFIL,  4313
1716      4362 PAUSE,   4362
1717      4371 OCT,     4371
/ DEFINITIONS AND COMMON
1720      7770 OARG1,   7770
1721      7771 OARG2,   7771
1722      7772 OARG3,   7772
1723      1770 PEND,    PENDA /PAGE END FOR SCRATCH STORAGE
1724     100000 BUFS,    100000
1725      4311 SMODE,   SENDFA+47
1726      4310 SWCNT,   SENDFA+46
1727      4312 SWCNT0,  SENDFA+50
1730      4700 ABORT,   4700
1731      7760 SYSTRT,  7760
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
1732      3223 PCOUNT,  3223
/ CONSTANTS
1733     606251 PRI,    606251
1734      3000 T3,      3000
1735     40000 PA1,     40000 /PAUSE CONSTANTS
1736     40000 PA2,     40000
1737     100000 PA4,    100000
1740      2000 BFSZ,    2000 /CTL BUFFER SIZE
////////// S E R V I C E   S U B R O U T I N E S   //////////
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
ABORT      1730      APNT      551      BASE      140      BCNT      550
BFSZ       1740      BIN       615      BUFFER    16      BUFS      1724
CAMERA     2        CLOSE    1672     CODE      417      CODM5     650
COM1       1500     COM2     1507     COM4      1516     COM4E     1536
COM5       1541     COM51    1574     COM53     1601     COM6      1604
COM61      1636     COM63    1644     COM8      257      COMN      0
COMSTO     342     COUNT    1424     COUNTN    547     COUNTS    1664
CRLF       1700     CTABLE   24      CTL        1      CTLCF     4062
CTLRD      44064    CTLRDC   44066   CTLRS     4072    CTLSK     6064
CTLWR      4071     DATAH   16      DATAL     15      DEC       1704

```

DIVDE	1713	DUM1	22	DUM2	22	ECHO	1667
ECHO1	552	EOSC	12	EXTAN	6	FACT1	1631
FACTOR	730	FIL1	277	FIL2	416	FIL3	392
FILM5	1415	FILM51	647	FILNM	1260	FILNM1	1127
FLAG	423	FLAG5	1577	FLAG6	1643	FILN1	474
FLGM5	654	GETFIL	1715	HEXT	1666	HEXTA	233
HORRES	5	INF	2	INT	675	INTER1	104
ISTART	1226	IT	1224	ITO	1422	J	141
J1	1420	K	1422	L1	1422	L1M1	141
LIS18	3	LIS2P	4	LIS2S	5	LIS3	7
LIS3S	7	LISTEN	40	MARK	7	MEM1	27
MM1	466	MOD50	631	MOD53A	755	MOD54	27
MOD5E	1264	MOD5J0	1161	MOD5J1	1164	MOD5J2	1261
MOD5J3	1217	MOD5J4	1234	MOD5K	1223	MOD5L	1327
MOD81	1357	MOD8A	1364	MOD8E	1495	MOD5L1	134
MODE2	216	MODE21	221	MODE3	263	MOD5L2	221
MODE4	365	MODE41	375	MODE4	475	MOD5L3	474
MODE44	504	MODE5	560	MODE51	791	MOD5L4	57
MODE53	675	MODE55	1073	MODE56	1097	MOD5L7	1056
MODE58	1066	MODE59	1045	MODE61	1110	MOD5L8	1112
MODE6	1265	MODE7	1325	MODE8	1345	MONICA	2123
MONITO	1665	MULTP	1712	N	1414	NBM	602
NBM51	613	NBY1	436	NBY2	447	NBY4	474
NBY5	317	NBY6	1274	NBY8	1372	NBY17	1647
NBYTS	1425	NBYTE	421	NBYTE5	1576	NBY18	1647
NC	407	NCNT	1540	NIAT	12	NBY19	1647
NDATB1	1416	NIB	535	NI83	542	NBY20	1647
NIEFIL	1707	NLIST	1	NNIB	513	NBY21	1647
NW1	266	NW2	274	NW3	316	NBY22	1647
NWORD	1213	GARG1	1729	GARG2	1721	NBY23	1647
OCT	1717	OPENR	1671	OPENW	1571	NBY24	1647
PA1	1735	PA2	1731	PA4	1737	NBY25	1647
PATC	1126	PAUSE	1716	PCOUNT	1735	NBY26	1647
PENDA	1770	PER	1763	PRI	1732	NBY27	1647
PRT11	1675	READR	1674	REM	1705	NBY28	1647
REY2	1202	RETAH	20	RETA1	17	NBY29	1647
R11	1655	SC2	1660	SC1L	1653	NBY30	1647
SEPIC	1663	SEARCH	1710	SENNA	424	NBY31	1647
SLICE	13	SLICEB	15	SLICEI	16	NBY32	1647
STADD5	1660	STADD6	1642	START	71	NBY33	1647
SWCNT	1726	SWCNT0	1727	CYCPT	1721	NBY34	1647
TABLA	0	TALK	100	TALKR	100	NBY35	1647
TEKHEX	1706	TEMP	1412	TRND	1725	NBY36	1647
TRP	1676	TRPE	1751	VAL	40	NBY37	1647
VALM5	601	VALM51	612	VALM52	601	NBY38	1647

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1961)

VIDIN	10	VIDIN1	10	VIDIN2	10	VIDIN3	10
WORD	1714	WORD1	595	WORD2	100	WORD3	100

WRITE 1673 XCOORD 3 ZERTAB 1711

\$

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

w

*

#

/ FUNCTION ERROR
// FUNCTION ERROR
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 6, 1981
/ PURPOSE -- ERROR IS THE "ABORT" ROUTINE WHICH IS ENTERED WHEN THE SYSTEM
/ "HUNG". THE USER CAN TYPE ANY CHARACTER ON THE CONSOLE WHICH CAUSES
/ ERROR TO START. ERROR FIRST CAUSES NICCTL TO INTERRUPT AND TO EXECUTE
/ AN INTERRUPT SUBROUTINE WHICH STORES THE "STATE" OF NICFIL IN RAM STARTING
/ AT 80C AND TO THEN REINITIALIZE THE BUS AND WAIT FOR COMMANDS FROM NIC.
/ ERROR GATHERS THE STATE DATA PLUS THE CONTENTS OF THE CTL COMMAND TABLE
/ AND PRINTS THIS DATA ALONG WITH IDENTIFIERS AS FOLLOWS:

ROW 1	ROW 2
-----	-----
0 = COMM	L = L REGISTER
1 = NLIST	H = H REGISTER
2 = LIS1P	PC = PROGRAM COUNTER
3 = LIS1S	SP = STACK POINTER
4 = LIS2P	A = A REGISTER
5 = LIS2S	C = C REGISTER
6 = LIS3P	B = B REGISTER
7 = LIS3S	E = E REGISTER
8 = TALKP	D = D REGISTER
9 = TALKS	0 = 8291 INT1
A = EOSC	1 = 8291 INT2
B = NDAT	2 = 8291 ADRST
C = NDATB	3 = 8291 ADR01
D = DATADD(LO)	4 = 8291 EOSR
E = DATADD(HI)	5 = 8292 INTST
F = DUM1H	6 = 8292 ERROR FLAG
0 = DUM1H	7 = 8292 CONTROLLER STATUS
1 = MESS	8 = 8292 BUS STATUS
2 = STAT1	
3 = STAT2	
4 = RETADD(LO)	
5 = RETADD(HI)	
6 = LCOMM	
7 = MAXBLK	
8 = STACKP(LO)	
9 = STACKP(HI)	
A = COUNT(LO)	
B = COUNT(HI)	

////////////////////////////////////

CTLSK=6064
CTLRDC=44066

CTLCF=4062
CTLRS=4072
CTLWR=4071

*2020

2020 4071 ERROR, CTLWR /CAUSE INTERRUPT
/ PRINT THE FIRST HEADER TO GIVE CTL TIME TO INITIALIZE.

2021 3000376 JMS @CRLF
2022 3000375 JMS @UNP
2023 70 70

// FUNCTION ERROR

2024 1 1
2025 200021 TEXT %0 1

2026 2200 2

2027 230024 3 4

2030 2500 5

2031 260027 6 7

2032 3000 8

2033 310041 9 A

2034 4200 B

2035 430044 C D

2036 4500 E

2037 460020 F 0

2040 2100 1

2041 220023 2 3

2042 2400 4

2043 250026 5 6

2044 2700 7

2045 300031 8 9

2046 4100 A

2047 420077 B %

2050 3000403 JMS @ZERTAB

2051 0 TABLA /ZERO THE COMMAND TABLE

2052 110057 MEMA (57

2053 3404413 ACCM @NDAT

2054 110010 MEMA (10

2055 3404414 ACCM @DATAH

2056 2110407 MEMA BUFS

2057 3404415 ACCM @NLIST

2060 110006 MEMA (6

2061 3404416 ACCM @COMN

2062 3000404 JMS @COM6

2063 110034 MEMA (34

2064 2404173 ACCM PRHEX1

2065 2110407 MEMA B'IFS

2066 2404175 ACCM PRHEX2

2067 2000164 JMS PRHEX

2070 3000376 JMS @CRLF

2071 3000375 JMS @UNP

```

2072      51      51
2073      1      1
2074 540050      TEXT %L H
2075      6043    PC
2076      63      S
2077 600000    P
2100 410043    A C
2101      4200    B
2102 450044    E D
2103      2000    0
2104 210022    1 2
2105      2300    3
2106 240025    4 5
2107      2600    6
2110 770000    %
2111 110022      MEMA (22 /UNPACK THE NEXT 22 VALUES
2112 2404173     ACCM PRHEX1
-----
// FUNCTION ERROR
2113 2144175     MONM PRHEX2
2114 2000164     JMS PRHEX
2115 3000376     JMS @CRLF
2116 1000402     JMP @ABORT
/
//FUNCTION MONITOR
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 2,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- "MONITOR" INPUT FROM CTL. IT READS DATA FROM CTL
/ AND JUMPS TO ERROR IF SRVC BIT IS SET. OTHERWISE IT
/ RETURNS THE BYTE READ IN ACC.
/ IF THE USER TYPES A CHARACTER, MONITOR WILL JUMP TO ERROR.
/
SRVC=400
*2123
2123      0 MONITOR,      0
2124      6064 MON1,      CTLSK
2125      132           JMP MON2
2126      44066         CTLRDC
2127      2400         ANDZ (SRVC
2130 2000020         JMS ERROR
2131 1000123         JMP @MONITOR
2132      6454 MON2,      TTYRF
2133      124           JMP MON1
2134      44453         RDTTY
2135      20           JMP ERROR
/
//SUBROUTINE WCTL(STADD,NBYTES)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB

```

```

/ PURPOSE  -- TRANSFER NBYTES OF DATA FROM NIC MEMORY STARTING AT
/ ADDRESS STADD TO CTL
/ PARAMETERS --
/ STADD  STARTING ADDRESS OF DATA BLOCK IN NIC
/ NBYTES  SIZE OF DATA BLOCK IN BYTES (1 BYTE/NIC WORD)
/

```

```

2136      0 WCTL,      0
2137 3164417 ZERM      @SCTL
2140 3110136 MEMA      @WCTL
2141 2404155 ACCM      POINT  /POINTS TO DATA BLOCK
2142 2124136 MPOM      WCTL    /GET COUNT
2143 3110136 MEMA      @WCTL
2144 2404156 ACCM      COUNT
2145 2124136 MPOM      WCTL    /SET FOR RETURN FROM WCTL
2146 3110155 WCTL1, MEMA      @POINT /GET NEXT DATUM
2147 3000406 JMS       @SCTL
2150 2124155 MPOM      POINT
2151 2706156 MMOMZ     COUNT
2152      146 JMP       WCTL1
2153      4062 CTLCF    /CLEAR DONE ON LAST WRITE
2154 1000136 JMP       @WCTL
2155      0 POINT,  0
2156      0 COUNT,  0
/
/

```

```

-----
// FUNCTION ERROR

```

```

2157      0 RCTL,      0
2160      6064 CTLSK
2161      160 JMP      #-1
2162      44066 CTLRDC
2163 1000157 JMP      @RCTL

```

```

/ SUBROUTINE PRHEX

```

```

/ PURPOSE -- THIS IS A SUBROUTINE TO SET UP CALLS TO UNPF. IT IS
/ USED WITH ERROR.

```

```

2164      0 PRHEX,      0
2165 3024410 ONEM      @SMODE
2166 110050 MEMA      (50    /SO NO CR LF
2167 3404411 ACCM      @SWCNT
2170 3404412 ACCM      @SWCNT0
2171 3000405 JMS       @UNPF
2172      4242 SENDFA
2173      0 PRHEX1,  0 /NO. OF BYTES TO UNPACK
2174      0          0 /UNPACK
2175      0 PRHEX2,  0 /SET TO 100000 FIRST CALL, -1 NEXT
2176 1000164 JMP       @PRHEX
/

```

/

*2257

```
2257      0 ECHO,      0
2260 2000271      JMS      READ
2261 462221      A-MZ      (221      /Q
2262 2162000      ZERZ
2263 1000402      JMP      @ABORT
2264 462207      A-MZ      (207      /G
2265 2162000      ZERZ
2266 1000420      JMP      @CALLS
2267 3000401      JMS      @TYPE
2270 1000257      JMP      @ECHO
2271      0 READ,      0
2272 6454      TTYRF
2273 272      JMP      #-1
2274 44453      RDTTY
2275 1000271      JMP      @READ
```

// FUNCTION HEXI

/ PURPOSE -- CONVERT 4 BIT HEX (LEFT JUSTIFIED) IN ACC TO
/ ASCII AND TYPE II.

```
HEXT,      0
          ANDA      (17
          A+MA      (260
          ACCM      TEMP
          M-AA      (271
          SKIP      AC19
          JMP      #+3
          MEMA      (7
          A+MM      TEMP
          MEMA      TEMP
          JMS      @TYPE
          JMP      @HEXT
```

/

/ TEMP STORAGE AND TABLE
TEMP,0

SENDFA=4242
TABLA=0

/

/ EXTERNALS

23~~75~~⁴⁴ 2650 UNP, 2650
2376 2736 CRLF, 2736
2377 2605 PRTOCT, 2605
2400 7600 SYSTRT, 7600
2401 2731 TYPE, 2731
2402 4700 ABORT, 4700
2403 4160 ZERTAB, 4160
2404 1604 COM6, 1604
2405 2750 UNPF, 2750
2406 1650 SCTL, 1650

/ DEFINITIONS AND COMMON

2407 100000 BUFS, 100000
2410 4311 SMODE, SENDFA+47
2411 4310 SWCNT, SENDFA+46
2412 4312 SWCNT0, SENDFA+50
2413 13 NDAT, TABLA+13
2414 16 DATAH, TABLA+16
2415 1 NLIST, TABLA+1
2416 0 COMN, TABLA+0

// FUNCTION ERROR

2417 1663 SCTL, 1663
2420 71 CALLS, 71

// FUNCTION ERROR

ABORT	2402	BUFS	2407	CALLS	2420	COM6	2404
COMN	2416	COUNT	2156	CRLF	2376	CTLCF	4062

CTLRDC	44066	CTLRS	4072	CTLSK	6064	CTLWR	4071
DATAH	2414	ECHO	2257	ERROR	2020	HC	2351
HC1	2352	HEXT	2330	HP	2353	HT	2354
HTOP	2355	HTYPE	2345	K 17	2350	MON1	2124
MON2	2132	MONITO	2123	NDAT	2413	NLIST	2415
POINT	2155	PRHEX	2164	PRHEX1	2173	PRHEX2	2175
PRTOCT	2377	RCTL	2157	READ	2271	SCTL	2406
SCTLC	2417	SENDFA	4242	SMODE	2410	SRVC	400
SWCNT	2411	SWCNT0	2412	SYSTR1	2400	TABLA	0
TYPE	2401	UNP	2375	UNPF	2405	WCTL	2136
WCTL1	2146	ZERTAB	2403				

\$

 // FUNCTION ERROR

*

#

E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
//SUBROUTINE OPENW
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 26,1981
/ AUTHOR - BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- OPENS A FILE (FOR WRITING) BY LOCATING THE NEXT AVAILABLE
/ TRACK AND AMOUNT OF SPACE AVAILABLE.
/
/ PARAMETERS -- NONE. TRACK AND SPACE ARE RETURNED IN OARG1
/ (7770) AND OARG2 (7771) RESPECTIVELY,IF OARG2=0.
/ IF OARG2 IS SET TO THE NO. OF WORDS IN THE FILE,OPENW
/ WILL FIND THE FIRST AVAILABLE SPACE.
/ NOTE - SET OARG1 TO 0 BEFORE CALLING.

*2420

2420	0	OPENW,	0		
2421	2000527		JMS	DIRFIN	
2422	3144560		MONM	@DISOLV	
2423	3000555		JMS	@DIRFUN	
2424	1		1		
2425	2		2		
2426	2567		NOFIL	/POINTS TO A VALUE OF 0	
2427	2410000		ACCA		
2430	2000545		JMS	DIROUT	
2431	1000420		JMP	@OPENW	

/

// SUBROUTINE OPENR(FILNAM)

/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 12,1981

/ AUTHOR --BARRETT,TB

/ PURPOSE -- OPENS A FILE FOR READING BY RETURNING THE STARTING
/ TRACK,FILE SIZE AND LOCATION IN CORE FOR
/ STORAGE (AS GIVEN BY THE DIRECTORY)

/ ARGUMENTS --

/ FILNAM - 2 WORD PACKED FILE NAME OF THE FILE TO BE OPENED.

/ LOCATIONS OARG1,OARG2,OARG3 CONTAIN TRACK,SIZE AND CORE LOCATION FOR
/ THE FILE RESPECTIVELY. IF THE FILE IS NOT FOUND, OARG1 CONTAINS -1.

2432	0	OPENR,	0		
2433	3110432		MEMA	@OPENR /FILENAME	
2434	2404565		ACCM	FILNM	
2435	2124432		MPOM	OPENR	
2436	2410000		ACCA		
2437	2410000		ACCA		
2440	2124432		MPOM	OPENR /SET RETURN ADDRESS	
2441	2000527		JMS	DIRFIN	
2442	3000555		JMS	@DIRFUN	
2443	1		1		
2444	2		2		

```

2445      2565          FILNM
2446 3144562          MONM   @OARG1 /FILE DOES NOT EXIST
2447 2000545          JMS    DIROUT /RESTORE
2450 1000432          JMP     @OPENR
/
// SUBROUTINE CLOSE(FILNAM)
/ PURPOSE -- ADD A FILE TO THE DIRECTORY
/ BY SETTING OARG2 (7771) TO 0 THE FILE WILL BE DELETED
/ PARAMETERS -
-----
E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPFNR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
/ FILNAM - 6 CHAR. (PACKED FORM) FILE NAME (2 WORDS)
/ CONTROL RETURNS AFTER THE FILE NAME
/ BEFORE CALLING PUT THE STARTING TRACK IN 7770 AND THE
/ FILE SIZE (WORDS) IN 7771. THE CODE ADDRESS CAN BE PUT INTO
/ OARG3 AND THE STARTING ADDRESS IN SYSTR.
2451      0 CLOSE, 0
2452 3110451          MEMA   @CLOSE /TRANSFER FILENAME
2453 2404565          ACCM   FILNM
2454 2124451          MPOM   CLOSE
2455 2410000          ACCA
2456 2410000          ACCA
2457 2124451          MPOM   CLOSE
2460 2000527          JMS    DIRFIN
2461 3000555          JMS    @DIRFUN
2462      1           1
2463      1           1
2464      2565          FILNM
2465 2410000          ACCA
2466 2000545          JMS    DIROUT
2467 1000451          JMP     @CLOSE
/
// SUBROUTINE WRITE(IT,SIZE,ISTART)
/ PURPOSE -- SIMPLE WRITE TO DISK USING DEMON II DISK
/ PARAMETERS --
/ IT - STARTING TRACK
/ SIZE - NO. PF WORDS IN BUFFER (STARTS AT ISTART)
/ ISTART - STARTING ADDRESS OF BLOCK TO TRANSFER.
2470      0 WRITE, 0
2471 3110470          MEMA   @WRITE
2472 2510510          A+MA   DNO
2473 2404504          ACCM   IT
2474 2124470          MPOM   WRITE
2475 3110470          MEMA   @WRITE
2476 2404505          ACCM   SIZE
2477 2124470          MPOM   WRITE
2500 3110470          MEMA   @WRITE
2501 2404506          ACCM   ISTART
2502 2124470          MPOM   WRITE /RETURN ADDRESS

```



```

2503 3000556      JMS      @DISK
2504           0 IT,      0
2505           0 SIZE,    0
2506           0 ISTART, 0
2507 1000470     JMP      @WRITE
2510 100000      DNO,      100000
// SUBROUTINE READD(IT,SIZE)
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 29,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- READ TRACK IT OF SIZE WORDS INTO BUFFER
/           STARTING AT 100000. NOTE THAT IF SIZE IS GREATER
/           THAN A TRACK, MORE THAN 1 TRACK WILL BE READ.
2511           0 READD,   0
2512 3110511     MEMA     @READD
2513 2510510     A+MA     DNO      /ADD THE DISK NO.
2514 2404523     ACCM     ITT
2515 2124511     MPOM     READD
-----
E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
2516 3110511     MEMA     @READD
2517 2404524     ACCM     SIZZ
2520 2124511     MPOM     READD /SET RETURN
2521 2170000     ZERA     /SIGNALS READ
2522 3000556     JMS      @DISK
2523           0 ITT,      0
2524           0 SIZZ,    0
2525 100000      100000
2526 1000511     JMP      @READD
/
2527           0 DIRFIN, 0 /READ OUT 3000-7600,READ IN DIRFUN
2530 2030000     ONEA
2531 3000556     JMS      @DISK
2532 100001      100001
2533 4600        4600
2534 3000        3000
2535 3174557     ZERMA    @DERRF
2536 3000556     JMS      @DISK
2537 100007      100007
2540 600         600
2541 7000        7000
2542 2410000     ACCA
2543 3164561     ZERM     @DEVDET
2544 1000527     JMP      @DIRFIN
//
2545           0 DIROUT, 0 /READ BACK 3000-7600
2546 3174557     ZERMA    @DERRF
2547 3000556     JMS      @DISK
2550 100001      100001
2551 4600        4600

```

```

2552      3000          3000
2553 2410000        ACCA
2554 1000545        JMP      @DIROUT

```

/ DEMON II REFERENCES

```

2555      7000 DIRFUN, 7000
2556      7612 DISK,   7612
2557      7704 DERRF,  7704
2560      7751 DISOLV, 7751
2561      7764 DEVDET, 7764
2562      7770 OARG1,  7770
2563      7771 OARG2,  7771
2564      7772 OARG3,  7772

```

/ SCRATCH STORAGE

```

2565      0 FILNM,   BLOCK  2
2567      0 NOFIL,  0

```

E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW, OPENR, CLOSE, WRITE, READ

CLOSE	2451	DERRF	2557	DEVDET	2561	LIRFIN	2527
DIRFUN	2555	DIROUT	2545	DISK	2586	DISOLV	2560
DNO	2510	FILNM	2565	ISTART	2506	IT	2504
IT	2523	NOFIL	2567	OARG1	2562	OARG2	2563
OARG3	2564	OPENR	2432	OPENW	2420	READ	2511
SIZE	2505	SIJZ	2524	WRITE	2470		

\$

E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW, OPENR, CLOSE, WRITE, READ

*

#

// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)
// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22, 1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT, TB
/ PURPOSE -- PRINT THE OCTAL VALUE OF THE CONTENTS OF ACC
/
/

*2605

```
2605      0 PRTOCT, 0
2606      5042      LLSH      2
2607 2405067      ACCM      TEMP
2610      10003      ANDA      (3
2611      510260     A+MA      (260
2612 2000731      JMS      TYPE
2613      110007     MEMA      (7      /SET COUNTER
2614 2405064      ACCM      COUNT
2615 2707064 PRT01, MMOMZ     COUNT
2616      620      JMP      #+2
2617      627      JMP      PRT02
2620 2111067     MEMA      TEMP
2621      5043      LLSH      3
2622 2405067      ACCM      TEMP
2623      10007      ANDA      (7
2624      510260     A+MA      (260
2625 2000731      JMS      TYPE
2626      615      JMP      PRT01
2627      110215 PRT02, MEMA      (215
2630 2000731      JMS      TYPE
2631      110212     MEMA      (212
2632 2000731      JMS      TYPE
2633 1000605      JMP      @PRTOCT
```

// SUBROUTINE UNP(NC,INDIC,TEXT)
/REVISION -- NOVEMBER 22, 1980
/AUTHOR -- BARRETT, TB
/PURPOSE -- UNPAK PACKED ASCII AND SENDS TO TTY FOR PRINTING.
/ AN OPTIONAL CR/LF IS SENT ALSO.
/

/PARAMETERS --

/ NC NO. OF CHARACTERS IN THE PACKED TEXT. IF 0, THE
/ TEXT IS ASSUMED TO BE TERMINATED WITH 77 (%) AND NC IS
/ RETURNED AS THE NO. OF TEXT CHARACTERS (NOT INCLUDING %)
/ INDIC 0 => NO CR/LF, 1 => CR/LF AT END OF TEXT.
/ TEXT THE PACKED TEXT.
/

*2650

```
2650      2650 UNP      ,0
```

2651	2110650	MEMA	UNP	/STORE ADDRESS OF NEXT
2652	2404727	ACCM	NC	
2653	2124650	MPOM	UNP	/STORE INDIC
2654	3110650	MEMA	@UNP	
2655	2405303	ACCM	INDIC	
2656	2024730	ONEM	INDIX	/SET PRINT/NOPRINT INDICATOR
2657	2164726	ZERM	NCC	/SET CHARACTER COUNTER TO 0
2660	2025064	ONFM	COUNT	/INITIALIZE 1,2,3 COUNTER
2661	2707064	MMOMZ	COUNT	/DECREMENT COUNTER. IF 0 SET NEXT W

// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

2662	671	JMP	L1	/IF NOT 0, TYPE CHARACTER
2663	110003	MEMA	(3	/REINITIALIZE COUNTER
2664	2405064	ACCM	COUNT	
2665	2124650	MPOM	UNP	/POINT TO NEXT WORD IN TEXT
2666	3110650	MEMA	@UNP	/GET WORD AND SHIFT IT
2667	5050	LLSH	8	
2670	2405230	ACCM	WORD	/STORE IT FOR FURTHER WORK
2671	10077	ANDA	(77	/MASK 6 BITS
2672	462077	A-MZ	(77	/CHECK FOR END OF TEXT
2673	675	JMP	#+2	
2674	720	JMP	END	
2675	2102727	MEMZ	@NC	
2676	700	JMP	#+2	
2677	706	JMP	L3	
2678	2405064	ACCM	TEMP	
2679	1100727	MEMA	@NC	
2680	2405064	A-MZ	NCC	/CHECK TO SEE IF A CHARACTER SENT
2681	708	JMP	#+2	
2682	2164730	ZERM	INDIX	/IF INDIX IS 0, CHECK TEMP AND N
2683	2111064	MEMA	TEMP	
2684	2102730	MEMZ	INDIX	/IF 0, DON'T PRINT
2685	711	JMP	#+2	
2686	714	JMP	#+4	
2687	2102730	MPOM	NCC	
2688	2102730	A+MA	(240	/CONVERT TO UPPER CASE
2689	2102730	JMC	TYPE	
2690	2111064	MEMA	WORD	
2691	2102730	LLSH	6	/SHIFT OUT SPACES AND PUNCT
2692	2405064	ACCM	WORD	
2693	2405064	JMP	LOOP	/GET NEXT CHAR.
2694	2102730	MEMAZ	INDIC	
2695	2405064	JMC	TRIF	
2696	2102730	MEMM	UNP	/GET NEXT CHARACTER
2697	2102730	MEMA	NCC	
2698	2405064	ACCM	@NC	/PRINT CHARACTER
2699	2405064	JMP	@UNP	
2700	2405064			
2701	2405064			
2702	2405064			
2703	2405064			
2704	2405064			
2705	2405064			
2706	2405064			
2707	2405064			
2708	2405064			
2709	2405064			
2710	2405064			
2711	2405064			
2712	2405064			
2713	2405064			
2714	2405064			
2715	2405064			
2716	2405064			
2717	2405064			
2718	2405064			
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2721	2405064			
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2794	2405064			
2795	2405064			
2796	2405064			
2797	2405064			
2798	2405064			
2799	2405064			

```

2730      0 INDIX, 0
/
///// SUBROUTINE TYPE /////
2731      0 TYPE, 0
2732      6444      TTYPE
2733      732      JMP      #-1
2734      4443      PRTTY
2735      1000731   JMP      @TYPE

```

```

/
///// SUBROUTINE CRLF /////
2736      0 CRLF, 0
2737      110212   MEMA      (212
2740      2000731   JMS      TYPE
2741      110215   MEMA      (215
2742      2000731   JMS      TYPE
2743      2000731   JMS      TYPE
2744      1000736   JMP      @CRLF

```

```

-----
// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)
// SUBROUTINE UNPF(SENDF,NBYTES,FLAG,STARTA)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 24,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER DATA FROM CORE TO A DESTINATION SPECIFIED BY
/           SENDF. THE DATA MAY BE UNPACKED IN THE PROCESS.
/
/ PARAMETERS --
/           SENDF - ENTRY POINT FOR ACCEPTING A WORD IN ACC (E.G. TYPE)
/           NBYTES - NO. OF BYTES TO BE TRANSFERRED. (FOR PACKED DATA
/                   THERE ARE 2.5 BYTES/NIC WORD)
/           FLAG - 1 => DO NOT UNPACK
/                   0 => UNPACK
/                   -1 => UNNIBBLE (5 NIBBLES/WORD)
/           STARTA - STARTING ADDRESS AT WHICH TO OBTAIN DATA. IF
/                   SET TO -1, UNPF WILL USE THE POINTER FROM THE PREVIOUS CALL
*2750

```

```

2750      0 UNPF, 0
2751      3110750   MEMA      @UNPF
2752      2405063   ACCM      SENDF
2753      2124750   MPOM      UNPF
2754      3110750   MEMA      @UNPF
2755      2405064   ACCM      COUNT
2756      2124750   MPOM      UNPF
2757      3110750   MEMA      @UNPF
2760      2405065   ACCM      UNPFLG
2761      1100117   MEMA      (17
2762      2123015   MPOZ      UNPFLG
2763      1100177   MEMA      (377
2764      2405067   ACCM      MASK
2765      2124750   MPOM      UNPF

```

2766	3110750		MEMA	@UNPF	
2767	5144		EXCT	AC19	/IF NEG. THEN DONT INITIALIZE
2770	773		JMP	UNPFX	
2771	2405066		ACCM	POINT	
2772	775		JMP	UNPF1	
2773	2703065	UNPFX,	M MOZ	UNPFLG	/TEST FLAG
2774	1014		JMP	UNPFZ	
2775	3111066	UNPF1,	MEMA	@POINT	
2776	2125066		MPOM	POINT	
2777	2703065		M MOZ	UNPFLG	
3000	1005		JMP	UNPFY	
3001	3001063		JMS	@SENF	
3002	2707064		MMOMZ	COUNT	
3003	775		JMP	UNPF1	
3004	1061		JMP	UNPFE	
3005	2405067	UNPFY,	ACCM	TEMP	
3006	110006		MEMA	(6	
3007	2405070		ACCM	BCOUNT	
3010	1014		JMP	#+4	
3011	2707064	UNPF2,	MMOMZ	COUNT	
3012	1014		JMP	#+2	
3013	1061		JMP	UNPFE	
3014	2717070	UNPFZ,	MMOMAZ	BCOUNT	
3015	1017		JMP	#+2	
3016	775		JMP	UNPF1	

// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

3017	462005		A-MZ	(5	
3020	1031		JMP	UNPF3	
3021	2111067	UNPF22,	MEMA	TEMP	
3022	2123065		MPOZ	UNPFLG	
3023	5044		LLSH	4	
3024	5044		LLSH	4	
3025	2405067		ACCM	TEMP	
3026	2011073	UNPF21,	ANDA	MASK	
3027	3001063		JMS	@SENF	
3030	1011		JMP	UNPF2	
3031	462004	UNPF3,	A-MZ	(4	
3032	1043		JMP	UNPF4	
3033	2123065	UNPF33,	MPOZ	UNPFLG	
3034	2162000		ZERZ		
3035	1021		JMP	UNPF22	
3036	2111067		MEMA	TEMP	
3037	405024		RISH	4	
3040	10360		ANDA	(360	
3041	2405071		ACCM	TEMP1	
3042	1021		JMP	UNPF22	
3043	462003	UNPF4,	A-MZ	(3	
3044	1060		JMP	UNPF5	

```

3045 2123065      MPOZ      UNPFLG
3046 2162000      ZERZ
3047      1021      JMP        UNPF22
3050 3111066      MEMA      @POINT
3051 2125066      MPOM      POINT
3052      5044      LLSH      4
3053 2405067      ACCM      TEMP
3054      10017     ANDA      (17
3055 2511071      A+MA     TEMP 1
3056 3001063      JMS      @SENDF
3057      1011      JMP        UNPF2
3060      1021     UNPF5,    JMP        UNPF22
3061 2124750     UNPFE,    MPOM      UNPF      /RETURN
3062 1000750      JMP      @UNPF
3063      0     SENDF,    0
3064      0     COUNT,    0
3065      0     UNPFLG,   0
3066      0     POINT,    0
3067      0     TEMP,     0
3070      0     BCOUNT,  0
3071      0     TEMP1,    0
3072      0     TEMP2,    0
3073      0     MASK,     0

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

/
// SUBROUTINE PAKF(RECVF,NBYTES,FLAG,STARTA,NBYTR)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 31,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER DATA GIVEN BY RECVF TO CORE.
/ THE DATA MAY BE PACKED IN THE PROCESS. (THIS IS THE INVERSE
/ OF UNPF). USE OF ARGUMENTS IS THE SAME AS IN UNPF EXCEPT-
/ RECVF GETS A DATA BYTE AND GIVES IT TO PAKF VIA ACC. NOTE
/ THAT IT MAY BE NECESSARY FOR RECVF TO CONTROL THE NUMBER OF

```

```

-----
// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)
/ BYTES TRANSFERRED BY STICKING A 1 IN COUNT1 WHEN THE LAST
/ BYTE HAS BEEN RECEIVED (E.G. AN EOF MARK IS DETECTED)
/ NBYTR - NO. OF BYTES RECEIVED.

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

3074      0     PAKF,     0
3075 3111074      MEMA      @PAKF
3076 2405222      ACCM      RECVF
3077 2125074      MPOM      PAKF
3100 3111074      MEMA      @PAKF
3101 2405223      ACCM      COUNT1
3102 2125223      MPOM      COUNT1
3103 2125074      MPOM      PAKF
3104 3111074      MEMA      @PAKF
3105 2405225      ACCM      PAKFLG

```

3106	2125074		MPOM	PAKF
3107	3111074		MEMA	@PAKF
3110	5144		EXCT	AC19
3111	1117		JMP	PAKFX
3112	2405224		ACCM	POINT1
3113	110006		MEMA	(6
3114	2405231		ACCM	BCNT
3115	2165226		ZERM	NBYTES
3116	2165230		ZERM	WORD
3117	2703225	PAKFX,	MMOZ	PAKFLG
3120	1131		JMP	PAKF2
3121	2707223	PAKF1,	MMOMZ	COUNT1
3122	1124		JMP	#+2
3123	1215		JMP	PAKFF
3124	3001222		JMS	@RECVF
3125	2125226		MPOM	NBYTES
3126	3405224		ACCM	@POINT1
3127	2125224		MPOM	POINT1
3130	1121		JMP	PAKF1
3131	2707223	PAKF2,	MMOMZ	COUNT1
3132	1134		JMP	#+2
3133	1210		JMP	PAKFE
3134	2707231		MMOMZ	BCNT
3135	1140		JMP	#+3
3136	110005		MEMA	(5
3137	2405231		ACCM	BCNT
3140	3001222		JMS	@RECVF
3141	2405227		ACCM	TMP
3142	2125226		MPOM	NBYTES
3143	2111231		MEMA	BCNT
3144	462005		A-MZ	(5
3145	1152		JMP	PAKF3
3146	2111227	PAKF22,	MEMA	TMP
3147	5070		RLSH	10
3150	2505230		A+MM	WORD
3151	1131		JMP	PAKF2
3152	462004	PAKF3,	A-MZ	(4
3153	1160		JMP	PAKF4
3154	2111227		MEMA	TMP
3155	5044		LLSH	4
3156	2505230		A+MM	WORD

 // FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

3157	1131	JMP	PAKF2
3160	462003	PAKF4,	A-MZ
3161	1174	JMP	PAKF5
3162	2111227	MEMA	TMP
3163	405024	RISH	4
3164	2511230	A+MA	WORD


```

3165 3405224 ACCM @POINT1
3166 2125224 MPOM POINT1
3167 2111227 MEMA TMP
3170 10017 ANDA (17
3171 5064 RLSH 4
3172 2405230 ACCM WORD
3173 1131 JMP PAKF2
3174 462002 PAKF5, A-MZ (2
3175 1202 JMP PAKF6
3176 2111227 MEMA TMP
3177 5050 LLSH 10
3200 2505230 A+MM WORD
3201 1131 JMP PAKF2
3202 2111227 PAKF6, MEMA TMP
3203 2511230 A+MA WORD
3204 3405224 ACCM @POINT1
3205 2125224 MPOM POINT1
3206 2165230 ZERM WORD
3207 1131 JMP PAKF2
3210 2703231 PAKFE, MMOZ BCNT
3211 2162000 ZERZ
3212 1215 JMP #+3
3213 2111230 MEMA WORD
3214 3405224 ACCM @POINT1
3215 2125074 PAKFF, MPOM PAKF
3216 2111226 MEMA NBYTES
3217 3405074 ACCM @PAKF
3220 2125074 MPOM PAKF
3221 1001074 JMP @PAKF /NOTE THAT WE HAVE TO STORE THE LAST
/ WHICH MAY BE LATER OVER WRITTEN.

```

```

3222 0 RECVF, 0
3223 0 COUNT1, 0
3224 0 POINT1, 0
3225 0 PAKFLG, 0
3226 0 NBYTES, 0
3227 0 TMP, 0
3230 0 WORD, 0
3231 0 BCNT, 0

```

```

// SUBROUTINE PKR(FILNAM,NF)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- PACK USER GIVEN CHARACTERS INTO A 2-WORD
/ "FILE-NAME". THE 2 MOST SIGNIFICANT BITS
/ OF THE FILENAME ARE 00.
/ ARGUMENTS --
/ FILNAM - ADDRESS OF THE FIRST WORD OF THE FILENAME
/ NF - (RETURNED) THE NO. OF CHARACTERS IN THE FILENAME.

```

```

*3240
3240 0 PKR, 0

```

 // FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

```

3241 3111240 MEMA @PKR
3242 2405301 ACCM ADDR /STORE THE ADDRESS OF THE FILENAME
3243 3165301 ZERM @ADDR
3244 2135240 MPOAM PKR
3245 2405302 ACCM NF /STORE ADDRESS FOR RETURNING NF
3246 3165302 ZERM @NF
3247 110006 MEMA (6
3250 2405064 ACCM COUNT
3251 2165303 ZERM INDIC /SET CR INDICATOR
3252 462003 PKR1, A-MZ (3
3253 1256 JMP #+3
3254 2125301 MPOM ADDR
3255 3165301 ZERM @ADDR
3256 2103303 MEMZ INDIC /IF INDIC HAS BEEN SET THEN JUST SHI
3257 1271 JMP PKR2
3260 3001304 JMS @ECHO
3261 462215 A-MZ (215
3262 1266 JMP #+4
3263 2025303 ONEM INDIC
3264 2165067 ZERM TEMP
3265 1271 JMP PKR2
3266 3125302 MPOM @NF
3267 470240 A-MA (240
3270 2405067 ACCM TEMP
3271 3111301 PKR2, MEMA @ADDR
3272 5046 LLSH 6
3273 2511067 A+MA TEMP
3274 3405301 ACCM @ADDR
3275 2717064 MMOMAZ COUNT
3276 1252 JMP PKR1
3277 2125240 MPOM PKR /INCREMENT FOR RETURN
3300 1001240 JMP @PKR
3301 0 ADDR 0
3302 0 NF, 0
3303 0 INDIC, 0
  
```

/ EXTERNALS

3304 2257 ECHO, 2257

 // FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

ADDR	3301	BCNT	3231	BCOUNT	3070	COUNT	3064
COUNT1	3223	CRLF	2736	ECHO	3304	END	2720
INDIC	3303	INDIX	2730	L1	2671	L3	2706
LOOP	2661	MASK	3073	NBYTES	3226	NC	2727
NCC	2726	NF	3302	PAKF	3074	PAKF1	3121
PAKF2	3131	PAKF22	3146	PAKF3	3152	PAKF4	3160
PAKF5	3174	PAKF6	3202	PAKFE	3210	PAKFF	3215

PAKFLG	3225	PAKFX	3117	PKR	3240	PKR1	3252
PKR2	3271	POINT	3066	POINT1	3224	PRT01	2615
PRT02	2627	PRTOCT	2605	RCVDF	3222	SENDF	3063
TEMP	3067	TEMP1	3071	TEMP2	3072	TMP	3227
TYPE	2731	UNP	2650	UNPF	2750	UNPF1	2775
UNPF2	3011	UNPF21	3026	UNPF22	3021	UNPF3	3031
UNPF33	3033	UNPF4	3043	UNPF5	3060	UNPFE	3061
UNPFLG	3065	UNPFX	2773	UNPFY	3005	UNPFZ	3014
WORD	3230						
\$							

 // FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

*

#

```

-----
/// SUBROUTINE DEC
// SUBROUTINE DEC
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 30,1980
/ AUTHOR --BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFORM A PACKED ASCII HEX STRING TO BINARY AND PACK
/ 5 NIBBLES PER NIC WORD
/ ARGUMENTS -- ALL ARGUMENTS ARE PASSED THROUGH A COMMON AREA
/ WITH THE FOLLOWING VARIABLES IN THE ORDER SHOWN-
/ WPNT - POINTS TO STORAGE LOCATION OF THE LAST WORD
/ STORED. THIS IS INCREMENTED WHENEVER A WORD IS
/ COMPLETE SO IT SHOULD BE SET ACCORDINGLY
/ ON INITIAL ENTRY.
/ WORD - CONTAINS THE NIBBLES OR PORTIONS THEREOF TO
/ BE STORED AT WPNT+1. IT SHOULD BE SET TO 0 ON
/ INITIAL CALL.
/ WCNT - A COUNTER FOR WORD. WHEN WORD IS EMPTY,WCNT
/ =5, WHEN FULL WCNT=0. WHEN WCNT GOES TO 0, WORD IS
/ STORED AT WPNT+1 AND WPNT IS INCREMENTED. SET TO 6
/ AT INITIAL CALL TO DEC.
/ COUNT - THE NUMBER OF NIBBLES+1 TO BE PACKED. NOTE THAT COUNT
/ IS DECREMENTED TO 0 BY DEC.
/ BCNT - BYTE COUNTER. SET TO 1 FOR INITIAL CALL.
/ APNT - POINT TO CURRENT STRING WORD. SET TO 1 LESS THAN THE
/ START OF THE STRING INITIALLY.
/ CHKSUM - NIBBLE VALUES ARE ADDED & STORED IN CHKSUM. SET TO
/ 0 ON EACH CALL TO DEC (USUALLY).
/ NWORD - NO. OF WORDS STORED. (USUALLY SET TO 0 AT EACH CALL.
/ NOTE-----
/ IN ORDER TO FORCE A WORD OUT OF DEC, SET WCNT TO COUNT.
/

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

*3310
3310      0 DEC,      0
3311 2707420 START, MMOMZ  BCNT
3312      1321      JMP      #+7
3313      110005     MEMA    (5
3314 2405420      ACCM    BCNT
3315 2125421      MPOM    APNT
3316 3111421      MEMA    @APNT
3317      5001      LASH    1
3320 2405406      ACCM    TEMP
3321 2707416      MMOMZ   WCNT
3322      1332      JMP      #+10
3323      110005     MEMA    (5
3324 2405416      ACCM    WCNT
3325 2125414      MPOM    WPNT

```

3326	2111415	MEMA	WORD	
3327	3405414	ACCM	@WPNT	
3330	2125423	MPOM	NWORD	
3331	2165415	ZERM	WORD	
3332	2707417	MMOMZ	COUNT	
3333	1337	JMP	#+4	
3334	2125420	MPOM	BCNT	
3335	2125416	MPOM	WCNT	
3336	1001310	JMP	@DEC	/NOTE EXIT

 /// SUBROUTINE DEC

3337	2111420	MEMA	RCNT	
3340	462003	A-MZ	(3	
3341	1350	JMP	DEC1	
3342	2125421	MPOM	APNT	
3343	3111421	MEMA	@APNT	
3344	2405410	ACCM	TEMP1	
3345	405023	RISH	3	
3346	2511406	A+MA	TEMP	
3347	1357	JMP	DEC2	
3350	462002	A-MZ	(2	DEC1,
3351	1356	JMP	DEC3	
3352	2111410	MEMA	TEMP1	
3353	5005	LASH	5	
3354	2405406	ACCM	TEMP	
3355	1357	JMP	DEC2	
3356	2111406	MEMA	TEMP	DEC3,
3357	5144	EXCT	AC19	DEC2,
3360	2511412	A+MA	TRAN	
3361	5003	LASH	3	
3362	2405406	ACCM	TEMP	
3363	2011413	ANDA	MASK	
3364	2405407	ACCM	NIBBLE	
3365	5044	LLSH	4	
3366	2505422	A+MM	CHKSUM	
/ GET READY FOR NEXT WORD				
3367	2111406	MEMA	TEMP	
3370	5005	LASH	5	
3371	2405406	ACCM	TEMP	
3372	110006	MEMA	(6	
3373	2405411	ACCM	SHIF1	
3374	2111416	MEMA	WCNT	
3375	2325411	M-AM	SHIF1	
3376	2111407	MEMA	NIBBLE	
3377	2707411	MMOMZ	SHIF1	
3400	2162000	ZERZ		
3401	01404	JMP	#+3	
3402	405024	RISH	4	
3403	1377	JMP	#-4	

```

3404 2505415      A+MM  WORD
3405      1311      JMP   START
/ SCRATCH STORAGE
3406          0 TEMP,  0
3407          0 NIBBLE, 0
3410          0 TEMP1, 0
3411          0 SHIF1, 0
/ MASKS
3412 220000 TRAN, 220000
3413 3600000 MASK, 3600000
/COMMON STORAGE
3414          0 WPNT,  0
3415          0 WORD,  0
3416          0 WCNT,  0
3417          0 COUNT, 0
3420          0 BCNT,  0
3421          0 APNT,  0

```

```

-----
/// SUBROUTINE DEC
3422          0 CHKSUM, 0
3423          0 NWORD,  0
// SUBROUTINE NIBBIN(VALUE,NNIB,C,BIN)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 30,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- CONVERT PACKED BCD OR BCH TO BINARY.
/ ARGUMENTS --
/ VALUE - PACKED BCD OR BCH; MOST SIGNIFICANT NIBBLE
/         AT UPPER ORDER LOCATION IN VALUE;LEFT JUSTIFIED.
/ NNIB - NO.OF 4 BIT NIBBLES TO BE CONVERTED
/ C - OCT 12 IF THIS IS A BCD VALUE
/      OCT 20 IF THIS IS A BCH VALUE
/ BIN - RETURNS BINARY VALUE HERE
/

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

*3470
3470          0 NIBBIN, 0
3471 110006      MEMA  (6
3472 2405560     ACCM  SHIF
3473 3111470     MEMA  @NIBBIN
3474 2405553     ACCM  VALUE
3475 2125470     MPOM  NIBBIN
3476 2165557     ZERM  RESULT
3477 3113470     MEMAZ @NIBBIN
3500 2162000     ZERZ
3501      1550     JMP   NIB2
3502 2405554     ACCM  NNIB
3503 2325560     M-AM  SHIF
3504 2111553     MEMA  VALUE
3505 2707560     MMOMZ SHIF

```

```

3506 2162000      ZERZ
3507   1512      JMP      #+3
3510 405024      RISH      4
3511   1505      JMP      #-4
3512 2405553     ACCM      VALUE
3513 2125470     MPOM      NIBBIN
3514 3111470     MEMA      @NIBBIN
3515 2405555     ACCM      C
3516 2135470     MPOAM     NIBBIN
3517 2405556     ACCM      BIN
3520 2125470     MPOM      NIBBIN
3521 2111553     MEMA      VALUE
3522 2025526     ONEM      MPLCND
3523   10017 NIB1, ANDA      (17
3524   4354      TACMQ
3525 505320      MULT
3526   0 MPLCND, 0
3527   4343      TMQAC
3530 2505557     A+MM      RESULT
3531 2707554     MMOMZ     NNIB
3532   1534      JMP      #+2
3533   1550      JMP      NIB2
3534 2111526     MEMA      MPLCND
3535 2405541     ACCM      #+4
3536 2111555     MEMA      C

```

/// SUBROUTINE DEC

```

3537   4354      TACMQ
3540 505320      MULT
3541   0
3542   4343      TMQAC
3543 2405526     ACCM      MPLCND
3544 2111553     MEMA      VALUE
3545 405024      RISH      4
3546 2405553     ACCM      VALUE
3547   1523      JMP      NIB1
3550 2111557 NIB2, MEMA      RESULT
3551 3405556     ACCM      @BIN
3552 1001470     JMP      @NIBBIN
3553   0 VALUE, 0
3554   0 NNIB, 0
3555   0 C, 0
3556   0 BIN, 0
3557   0 RESULT, 0
3560   0 SHIF, 0

```

// SUBROUTINE TEKHEX(CNT,NBYTE)

/ REVISION -- JANUARY 24, 1981

/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT, TB

/ PURPOSE -- DECODES (TO BINARY) A TEKTRONIX HEX FILE AND PUTS

```

/          THE RESULT IN PACKED FORM STARTING AT LOCATION
/          100000. THE INPUT FILE IS ASSUMED TO BE IN
/          PACKED FORM STARTING AT 100000.
/ ARGUMENTS -- CNT - TOTAL NO. OF PACKED WORDS IN THE OUTPUT.
/          NOTE THAT THE LAST PACKED WORD MAY HAVE 0 FILL.
/          ALSO NOTE THAT DEC PACKS WORDS SUCH THAT NIBBLE1
/          OCCUPIES 19-16...., NIBBLE5, 3-0.
/          NBYTE - TOTAL NO. OF BYTES (2 NIBS) STORED.
/          - NOTE THAT THIS SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE TEK. 8002 AND
/          COMM-STOR ARE CONFIGURED SUCH THAT EACH "LEADING" SLASH IS
/          PREFACED WITH XOF (ASCII 223). ALSO NOTE THAT THERE ARE
/          17 (21 OCT) SURPLUS CHARS. AFTER THE LAST CR.
/          BE SURE TO USE MX MODE WHEN STORING THE HEX FILE.

```

*3565

```

3565          0 TEKHEX, 0
3566 2111565      MEMA      TEKHEX
3567 2405750      ACCM      CNT
3570 3165750      ZERM      @CNT
3571 2135565      MPOMA     TEKHEX
3572 2405754      ACCM      NBYTE
3573 3165754      ZERM      @NBYTE
3574 2125565      MPOM      TEKHEX
3575 2025420      ONEM      BCNT      /INITIALIZE DEC
3576 2165746      ZERM      WORD0
3577  110006      MEMA      (6
3600 2405747      ACCM      WCNT0
3601 2111756      MEMA      BUFS
3602 2550000      AMOA
3603 2405421      ACCM      APNT
3604 2405745      ACCM      WPNT0
3605  110013      TEK1,    MEMA      (13
3606 2405417      ACCM      COUNT
3607  110006      MEMA      (6

```

/// SUBROUTINE DEC

```

3610 2405416      ACCM      WCNT
3611 2165415      ZERM      WORD
3612 2111755      MEMA      HEADA    /ADDRESS OF HEADER START
3613 2405414      ACCM      WPNT
3614 2001310      JMS       DEC
3615 2111751      MEMA      HEAD     /CHECK FOR "/"
3616   5050      LLSH      10
3617  10017      ANDA      (17
3620  462017      A-MZ     (17
3621 2162000      ZERZ
3622   1634      JMP       TEKP
3623 3001760      JMS      @CRLF
3624 3001757      JMS      @INP
3625   12

```



```

3626      1      1
3627      6445    TEXT % TE
3630      535045  KHE
3631      700045  X E
3632      627700  R%
3633      1744
3634      2111752 TEK2, JMP      TEKE      / GOTO TEKHEX END
3635      5044      MEMA     HEAD+1
3636      2405640  LLSH     4
3637      2001470  ACCM     #+2
3640      0          JMS      NIBBIN
3641      2          0
3642      20         2
3643      0          0
3644      2111643  MEMA     #-1
3645      3505754  A+MM     @NBYTE
3646      5001      LASH     1      /*2 FOR TOTAL NO. OF NIBBLES
3647      2407417  ACCMZ    COUNT
3650      1652      JMP      #+2
3651      1734      JMP      TEK3    /NORMAL TERMINATION-CHECK FOR WHETHI
/ THIS WAS LAST FULL BYTE.
3652      2125417  MPOM     COUNT
3653      2111745  MEMA     WPNT0
3654      2405414  ACCM     WPNT
3655      2111746  MEMA     WORD0
3656      2405415  ACCM     WORD
3657      2111747  MEMA     WCNT0
3660      2405416  ACCM     WCNT
3661      2165422  ZERM     CHKSUM
3662      2165423  ZERM     NWORD
3663      2001310  JMS      DEC
3664      2111422  MEMA     CHKSUM
3665      10377      ANDA     (377    /THIS MOD 256
3666      2405753  ACCM     CHKS
3667      2111423  MEMA     NWORD
3670      3505750  A+MM     PCNT
3671      2111414  MEMA     WPNT    /STORE STATE FOR NEXT CALL
3672      2405745  ACCM     WPNT0
3673      2111415  MEMA     WORD
3674      2405746  ACCM     WORD0
3675      2111416  MEMA     WCNT

-----
/// SUBROUTINE DEC
3676      2405747  ACCM     WCNT0
3677      110004     MEMA     (4      /SET FOR GETTING TRAILER (3 NIBBLES
3700      2405417  ACCM     COUNT
3701      110004     MEMA     (4
3702      2405416  ACCM     WCNT
3703      2165415  ZERM     WORD

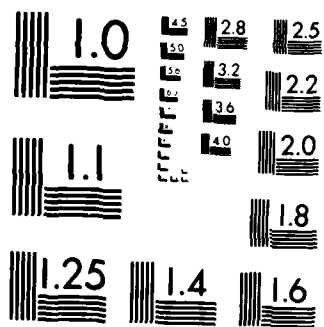
```

```

3626      1      1
3627      6445      TEXT % TE
3630      535045      KHE
3631      700045      X E
3632      627700      R%
3633      1744      JMP      TEKE      / GOTO TEKHEX END
3634      2111752      TEK2,      MEMA      HEAD+1
3635      5044      LLSH      4
3636      2405640      ACCM      #+2
3637      2001470      JMS      NIBBIN
3640      0      0
3641      2      2
3642      20      20
3643      0      0
3644      2111643      MEMA      #-1
3645      3505754      A+MM      @NBYTE
3646      5001      LASH      1      /*2 FOR TOTAL NO. OF NIBBLES
3647      2407417      ACCMZ      COUNT
3650      1652      JMP      #+2
3651      1734      JMP      TEK3      /NORMAL TERMINATION-CHECK FOR WHETHI
/      THIS WAS LAST FULL BYTE.
3652      2125417      MPOM      COUNT
3653      2111745      MEMA      WPNT0
3654      2405414      ACCM      WPNT
3655      2111746      MEMA      WORD0
3656      2405415      ACCM      WORD
3657      2111747      MEMA      WCNT0
3660      2405416      ACCM      WCNT
3661      2165422      ZERM      CHKSUM
3662      2165423      ZERM      NWORD
3663      2001310      JMS      DEC
3664      2111422      MEMA      CHKSUM
3665      10377      ANDA      (377      /THIS MOD 256
3666      2405753      ACCM      CHKS
3667      2111423      MEMA      NWORD
3670      3505750      A+MM      @CNT
3671      2111414      MEMA      WPNT      /STORE STATE FOR NEXT CALL
3672      2405745      ACCM      WPNT0
3673      2111415      MEMA      WORD
3674      2405746      ACCM      WORD0
3675      2111416      MEMA      WCNT

---
/// SUBROUTINE DEC
3676      2405747      ACCM      WCNT0
3677      110004      MEMA      (4      /GET FOR GETTING TRAILER (3 NIBBLES
3700      2405417      ACCM      COUNT
3701      110004      MEMA      (4
3702      2405416      ACCM      WCNT
3703      2165415      ZERM      WORD

```

MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1963 A

/// SUBROUTINE DEC

APNT	3421	BCNT	3420	BIN	3556	BUFS	3756
C	3555	CHKS	3753	CHKSUM	3422	CNT	3750
COUNT	3417	CRLF	3760	DEC	3310	DEC1	3350
DEC2	3357	DEC3	3356	HEAD	3751	HEADA	3755
MASK	3413	MPLCND	3526	NBYTE	3754	NIB1	3523
NIB2	3550	NIRBIN	3470	NIRBLE	3407	NNIB	3554
NWORD	3423	RESULT	3557	SHIF	3560	SHIF1	3411
START	3311	TEK1	3605	TEK2	3634	TEK3	3734
TEKE	3744	TEKHEX	3565	TEMP	3406	TEMP1	3410
TRAN	3412	UNP	3757	VALUE	3553	WCNT	3416
WCNT0	3747	WORD	3415	WORD0	3746	WPNT	3414
WPNT0	3745						

\$

/// SUBROUTINE DEC

W

*

#

```
-----  
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)  
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)  
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 26, 1980  
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT, TB  
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER A CORE "FILE" TO DISK FILE. THE CORE FILE  
/ STARTS AT 100000.  
/ ARGUMENTS --  
/ NW - LENGTH OF THE FILE (WORDS)  
/ FILNAM - ADDRESS OF THE NAME TO BE ASSIGNED TO THE FILE.  
/
```

```
////////////////////////////////////  
*4010
```

```
4010      0 NICFIL, 0  
4011 3110010 MEMA @NICFIL  
4012 3404425 ACCM @OARG2  
4013 2404032 ACCM NW  
4014 3164424 ZERM @OARG1  
4015 2124010 MPOM NICFIL  
4016 3110010 MEMA @NICFIL  
4017 2404063 ACCM AFIL  
4020 2124010 MPOM NICFIL /SET FOR ERROR RETURN  
4021 3000420 JMS @OPENW  
4022 3110425 MEMA @OARG2 /MAKE SURE HAVE ENOUGH SPACE  
4023 2462032 A-MZ NW  
4024 5144 EXCT AC19 /IF NEG. JUMP TO ERROR EXIT  
4025 47 JMP ERR  
4026 3110424 MEMA @OARG1  
4027 2404031 ACCM IT  
4030 3000421 JMS @WRITE  
4031 0 IT, 0  
4032 0 NW, 0  
4033 100000 100000  
4034 2110032 MEMA NW  
4035 3404425 ACCM @OARG2  
4036 3110063 MEMA @AFIL  
4037 2404044 ACCM #+5  
4040 2124063 MPOM AFIL  
4041 3110063 MEMA @AFIL  
4042 2404045 ACCM #+3  
4043 3000422 JMS @CLOSE  
4044 0 0  
4045 0 0  
4046 61 JMP NIC1  
4047 3000412 ERR, JMS @UNP  
4050 17 17  
4051 1 1
```

```

4052      5657          TEXT % NO
4053      4651      FI
4054      544500     LE
4055      636041     SPA
4056      434515     CE-
4057      770000     %
4060      1000010    JMP      @NICFIL
4061      2124010    NIC1,    MPOM      NICFIL
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)
4062      1000010    JMP      @NICFIL
/ SCRATCH STORAGE
4063      0 AFIL,    0
// SUBROUTINE SEARCH(MNEM, CODE, VALUE, NBYTE, TABLA, FLAG)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22, 1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT, TB
/ PURPOSE -- SEARCH A TABLE FOR CODE&VALUE&NO. OF BYTES IN THE
/           VALUE (WHERE VALUE IS A SINGLE WORD WITH UP TO
/           5 NIBBLES) OR INSERT VALUE & NO. OF NIBBLES IN VALUE
/ PARAMETERS --
/           MNEM - 3 LETTER MNEMONIC (PACKED) WHICH IDENTIFIES AN ENTRY
/           CODE - THE CORRESPONDING CODE (CAMERA "SECONDARY ADDRESS")
/           VALUE - DATA WORD ASSOCIATED WITH THE CODE (MAY BE 0)
/                   TYPICALLY THIS IS A BCD CODE. FOR EXAMPLE 1203
/                   WOULD HAVE NIBBLES 1,2,0,3,0 IN THAT ORDER FOR
/                   AN OCTAL WORD = 0220060.
/           NBYTE - NO. OF NIBBLES IN VALUE (MAY BE 0)
/           TABLA - ADDRESS OF THE START OF THE TABLE
/           FLAG - ON ENTRY, FLAG IS USED TO INDICATE WHETHER THIS
/                   IS A RETURN (0) OR REPLACE (1) OPERATION. ON
/                   SEARCH OPERATIONS, FLAG IS ALSO RETURNED AS 0 FOR
/                   A SUCCESSFUL SEARCH AND AS 1 FOR NO-FIND.
/           NOTE ---
/           TABLE HAS THE FORM -
/           MNEMONIC (3 PACKED LETTERS, R-JUSTIFIED)
/           CODE RIGHT JUSTIFIED 8-BIT CODE
/           N-NIBBLES NO. OF NIBBLES IN VALUE
/           VALUE PACKED NIBBLES
/           ETC.
/           THE TABLE SHOULD BE TERMINATED WITH @.
*4070
4070      0 SEARCH, 0
4071      3110070    MEMA      @SEARCH
4072      2404150    ACCM      MNEM
4073      2134070    MPOMA     SEARCH
4074      2404151    ACCM      CODE
4075      2134070    MPOMA     SEARCH
4076      2404304    ACCM      VALUE
4077      2134070    MPOMA     SEARCH

```

```

4100 2404152      ACCM      NBYTE
4101 2124070      MPOM      SEARCH
4102 3110070      MEMA      @SEARCH
4103 2404153      ACCM      TABLA
4104 2124070      MPOM      SEARCH
4105           112      JMP      #+5
4106 2124153 SEA1,  MPOM      TABLA
4107 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4110 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4111 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4112 3110153      MEMA      @TABLA
4113 462300       A-MZ     (300
4114           116      JMP      #+2
4115           145      JMP      SEA2      /CANT FIND
4116 2462150      A-MZ     MNEM
4117           106      JMP      SEA1

```

```

-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)

```

```

4120 3102070      MEMZ      @SEARCH
4121           134      JMP      SEA3      /STORE
4122 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4123 3110153      MEMA      @TABLA
4124 3404151      ACCM      @CODE
4125 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4126 3110153      MEMA      @TABLA
4127 3404152      ACCM      @NBYTE
4130 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4131 3110153      MEMA      @TABLA
4132 3404304      ACCM      @VALUE
4133           144      JMP      SEA4
4134 2124153 SEA3,  MPOM      TABLA
4135 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4136 3110152      MEMA      @NBYTE
4137 3404153      ACCM      @TABLA
4140 2124153      MPOM      TABLA
4141 3110304      MEMA      @VALUE
4142 3404153      ACCM      @TABLA
4143           145      JMP      SEA2
4144 3166070 SEA4,  ZERMZ     @SEARCH
4145 3024070 SEA2,  ONEM      @SEARCH
4146 2124070      MPOM      SEARCH
4147 1000070      JMP      @SEARCH

```

```

/ SCRATCH STORAGE

```

```

4150           0 MNEM,   0
4151           0 CODE,   0
4152           0 NBYTE,  0
4153           0 TABLA,  0

```

```

// SUBROUTINE ZERTAB(TABLE)

```

```

/ PURPOSE -- ZEROES THE COMMAND TABLE

```


/ ARGUMENTS -- TABLE - START ADDRESS OF TABLE

*4160

4160	0	ZERTAB,	0	
4161	110023	MEMA	(23	
4162	2404173	ACCM	COUNT	
4163	3110160	MEMA	@ZERTAB	
4164	2404174	ACCM	POINT	
4165	3164174	ZERM	@POINT	ZE1,
4166	2124174	MPOM	POINT	
4167	2706173	MMOMZ	COUNT	
4170	165	JMP	ZE1	
4171	2124160	MPOM	ZERTAB	
4172	1000160	JMP	@ZERTAB	

/ SCRATCH

4173	0	COUNT,	0
4174	0	POINT,	0

/

////////////////////////////////////

/

// FUNCTION MULTP(X)

/ PURPOSE -- MULTIPLIES ACC BY X AND RETURNS RESULT IN ACC (LOWER
/ 20 BITS OF THE RESULT. THE HIGH ORDER BITS ARE PUT
/ IN THE MQ REGISTER.

4175	0	MULTP,	0
------	---	--------	---

// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)

4176	4354	TACMQ	/TRANSFER ACC TO MQ REGISTER
4177	3110175	MEMA	@MULTP
4200	2404202	ACCM	#+2
4201	505320	MULT	
4202	0	0	
4203	2404304	ACCM	VALUE
4204	4343	TMQAC	/TRANSFERS MQ (LOW ORDER) TO ACC
4205	2404305	ACCM	VALUE1
4206	2110304	MEMA	VALUE
4207	4354	TACMQ	/PUT HIGH ORDER IN MQ
4210	2110305	MEMA	VALUE1 /LOW ORDER IN ACC FOR RETURN
4211	2124175	MPOM	MULTP /SET FOR RETURN
4212	1000175	JMP	@MULTP

/

////////////////////////////////////

/

// FUNCTION DIVDE(X)

/ PURPOSE -- DIVIDE MQ+ACC BY X AND RETURN THE RESULT IN ACC.
/ RETURN THE REMAINDER IN X. NOTE THAT MQ CONTAINS THE HIGH
/ ORDER BITS AND ACC THE LOW ORDER BITS OF THE DIVIDEND.

4213	0	DIVDE,	0
4214	5210	CLL	/CLEAR LINK
4215	5144	EXCT	AC19

```

4216      5204      STL
4217      5001      LASH      1      /LEFT SHIFT DIVIDEND
4220 2404304      ACCM      VALUE /STORE TEMPORARILY
4221      4343      TMQAC     /GET HIGH ORDER BITS
4222      5001      LASH      1
4223      5141      EXCT      L
4224 2430000      APOA
4225 2404305      ACCM      VALUE1 /STORE TEMPORARILY
4226 2110304      MEMA      VALUE
4227      4354      TACMQ     /LOAD IT INTO MQ
4230 3110213      MEMA      @DIVDE /GET DIVISOR
4231 2404234      ACCM      D1
4232 2110305      MEMA      VALUE1 /PUT HIGH ORDER IN ACC
4233 465300      DIVD
4234      0 D1,      0
4235 405021      RISH      1      /RESTORE THE REMAINDER
4236 3404213      ACCM      @DIVDE /AND STORE FOR RETURN
4237      4343      TMQAC     /QUOTIENT TO ACC
4240 2124213      MPOM      DIVDE /FOR RETURN
4241 1000213      JMP      @DIVDE
/
////////////////////////////////////////////////////
/
// SUBROUTINE SENDF
/ PURPOSE -- GIVEN A "WORD" TO BE PRINTED IN ACC, SENDF PRINTS THE
/ WORD ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING RULE-
/ (1) IF SMODE=0 THEN PRINT DIRECTLY AFTER CONVERTING TO
/ NIC ASCII
/ (2) IF SMODE=1 THEN CONVERT TO DOUBLE HEX AND PRINT. ALSO COUNT
/ CHARACTERS (OR WORDS) AND AT END OF WCNT0 WORDS DO A CR. THE
/ WORD COUNTER COUNTER SHOULD BE SET TO WCNT0 INITIALLY.
/ SMODE,WCNT AND WCNT0 CAN BE CONSIDERED IN COMMON DECLARED IN SENDF.
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
4242      0 SENDF, 0
4243 2102311      MEMZ      SMODE
4244      250      JMP      HEXM
4245 510200      A+MA      (200
4246 3000417      JMS      @TYPE
4247      276      JMP      HEXM2
4250 2024307 HEXM, ONEM      LCNT      /SET NIBBLE COUNT TO 2
4251 2124307      MPOM      LCNT
4252      5064      RLSH      4
4253 2404304 HEXM1, ACCM      VALUE
4254 110260      MEMA      (260
4255 2404306      ACCM      PREF
4256 2110304      MEMA      VALUE
4257 10017      ANDA      (17
4260 2404305      ACCM      VALUE1

```

```

4261 470012      A-MA      (12
4262 5144        EXCT      AC19
4263 267         JMP       #+4
4264 2424305    APOM      VALUE1
4265 110300     MEMA      (300
4266 2404306    ACCM      PREF
4267 2110305    MEMA      VALUE1
4270 2510306    A+MA      PREF
4271 3000417    JMS       @TYPE
4272 2110304    MEMA      VALUE
4273 5044       LLSH      4
4274 2706307    MMOMZ     LCNT
4275 253        JMP       HEXM1
4276 2706310    HEXM2,   MMOMZ     WCNT
4277 303        JMP       SENDE
4300 2110312    MEMA      WCNT0
4301 2404310    ACCM      WCNT
4302 3000414    JMS       @CRLF
4303 1000242    SENDE,   JMP       @SENDF
/ SCRATCH STORAGE
4304 0 VALUE, 0
4305 0 VALUE1, 0
4306 0 PREF, 0
4307 0 LCNT, 0
/ COMMON
4310 0 WCNT, 0
4311 0 SMODE, 0
4312 0 WCNT0, 0
/
////////////////////////////////////////////////////
/
// SUBROUTINE GETFIL
/ PURPOSE -- ASKS FOR FILE WANTED AND GETS THE FILE INTO NIC
/ CORE STARTING AT 100000. IF THE FILE IS UNAVAILABLE,
/ AN ERROR MESSAGE IS PRINTED AND THE
/ ERROR EXIT IS TAKEN. (NORMAL EXIT IS 2 BEYOND CALL POINT.)
4313 0 GETFIL, 0
4314 3000412     JMS       @UNP
4315 14         14
4316 0         0
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)
4317 4651       TEXT % FI
4320 544500     LE
4321 564155     NAM
4322 453735     E?=
4323 770000     %
4324 3000413     JMS       @PKR
4325 4331       FILNAM

```

```

4326      0      0
4327 3000414    JMS      @CRLF
4330 3000415    JMS      @OPENR
4331      0  FILNAM, BLOCK  2
4333 3110424    MEMA     @OARG1
4334      5104   SKIP     AC19
4335      351    JMP      GETF1
4336 3000412    JMS      @UNP      /FILE DOES NOT EXIST
4337      24     24
4340      1      1
4341      4651   TEXT % FI
4342 544500    LE
4343 445745    DOE
4344 630056    S N
4345 576400    OT
4346 457051    EXI
4347 636477    ST%
4350 1000313   JMP      @GETFIL
4351 3110424  GETF1, MEMA     @OARG1
4352 2404356   ACCM     ITG
4353 3110425   MEMA     @OARG2
4354 2404357   ACCM     SIZE
4355 3000416   JMS      @READD
4356      0  ITG,      0
4357      0  SIZE,     0
4360 2124313   MPOM     GETFIL
4361 1000313   JMP      @GETFIL
/
/ SUBROUTINE PAUSE
/ PURPOSE -- VARIABLE PAUSE
4362      0  PAUSE,    0
4363 3110362   MEMA     @PAUSE
4364 2404173   ACCM     COUNT
4365 2706173   MMOMZ    COUNT
4366      365     JMP      #-1
4367 2124362   MPOM     PAUSE
4370 1000362   JMP      @PAUSE
/
/ SUBROUTINE OCT(X)
/ PURPOSE -- PACKS USER GIVEN OCTAL VALUE (UP TO 7 DIGITS) INTO LOCATION
/ X. THE VALUE IS RIGHT JUSTIFIED, ZERO FILL (E.G. 1 => 0000001).
4371      0  OCT,      0
4372 3110371   MEMA     @OCT
4373 2404304   ACCM     VALUE
4374 3164304   ZERM     @VALUE /ZERO FILL THE NUMBER
4375 3000423  OCT1,    JMS      @ECHO  /GET NEXT DIGIT
4376 462215    A-MZ     (215   /IF CR WE ARE THROUGH
4377 2162000   ZERZ

```

```
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)
4400      410          JMP      OCTE
4401      470260     A-MA    (260   /CONVERT FROM ASCII TO OCTAL
4402      2404305   ACCM    VALUE1
4403      3110304   MEMA    @VALUE
4404      5043      LLSH    3
4405      2510305   A+MA    VALUE1
4406      3404304   ACCM    @VALUE /STORE NEW VALUE
4407      375       JMP      OCT1
4410      2124371   OCTE,    MPOM    OCT
4411      1000371   JMP      @OCT
```

```
/
/ EXTERNALS
4412      2650 UNP,      2650
4413      3240 PKR,      3240
4414      2736 CRLF,    2736
4415      2432 OPENR,   2432
4416      2511 READD,   2511
4417      2731 TYPE,    2731
4420      2420 OPENW,   2420
4421      2470 WRITE,   2470
4422      2451 CLOSE,   2451
4423      2257 ECHO,    2257
```

```
/ DEFINITIONS
4424      7770 OARG1,   7770
4425      7771 OARG2,   7771
```

```
/
////////////////////////////////////
/
```

```
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)
AFIL      4063      CLOSE    4422      CODE      4151      COUNT     4173
CRLF      4414      D1       4234      DIVDE     4213      ECHO      4423
ERR        4047      FILNAM   4331      GETF1     4351      GETFIL    4313
HEXM      4250      HEXM1    4253      HEXM2     4276      IT        4031
ITG        4356      LCNT     4307      MNEM      4150      MULTP    4175
NBYTE     4152      NIC1     4061      NICFIL    4010      NW        4032
OARG1     4424      OARG2    4425      OCT       4371      OCT1     4375
OCTE      4410      OPENR    4415      OPENW     4420      PAUSE    4362
PKR       4413      POINT    4174      PREF      4306      READD    4416
SEA1      4106      SEA2     4145      SEA3      4134      SEA4     4144
SEARCH    4070      SENDE    4303      SENDF     4242      SIZE     4357
SMODE     4311      TABLA    4153      TYPE      4417      UNP      4412
VALUE     4304      VALUE1   4305      WCNT      4310      WCNT0    4312
WRITE     4421      ZE1      4165      ZERTAB    4160
```

```
$
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW, FILNAM)
W
```

APPENDIX F - CTLS Source Listing

00002 ;OCTOBER 28, 1981

00003

00004

00005

LIST

00006

MULIST MEG

00007

GLOBAL COM1,COM2,COM3,COM4,COM5,COM6

00008

;GPIB CONTROLLER SUBROUTINES ADAPTED FROM INTEL

00009

;PERIPHERAL DESIGN HANDBOOK, AUG. 89, P 2-218

00010

;

00011

;

MEMORY CONTROL

00012

;

00013

0000

CSEG

EQU

00H

00014

0800

DSEG

EQU

800H

00015

0BFF

STXBUF

EQU

0BFFH

00016

0900

E0MB

EQU

900H

00017

;

00018

;

INITIAL DATA

00019

;

00020

0004

MAXBLK

EQU

4

;max. no. of 256 byte blocks to be stored in the CTL buffer.

00021

0008

LASTC

EQU

8

;last legitimate command number

00022

;

00023

;

B291 CONTROL VALUES

00024

;

00025

0020

PR191

EQU

20H

;B291 Base Port #

00026

;

00027

;

Reg #0 data-in & data-out

00028

0020

DIN

EQU

PR191+0

;Data-in reg

00029

0020

DOU1

EQU

PR191+0

;Data-out reg

00030

;

00031

;

;Reg #1 Interrupt 1 Constants

00032

0021

INT1

EQU

PR191+1

;INT Reg 1

00033

0001

B0M

EQU

1

;B0 status bit no.

00034

0000

B1M

EQU

0

;B1 status bit no.

00035

0010

EN0M0

EQU

10H

;91 END INTRF Mask

00036

0080

CPI

EQU

80H

;91 command pass through int bit

00037

;

00038

;

00039

;

Reg #2 Interrupt 2

00040

0022

INT2

EQU

PR191+2

00041

;

00042

;

00043

;

Reg #4 address Mode Constants

00044

0024

ADRMD

EQU

PR191+4

;91 address mode register #

00045

0080

TDM

EQU

80H

;91 talk only mode & not listen only

00046

0040

LDM

EQU

40H

;91 listen only and not talk

00047

0001

MODE1

EQU

01

;91 mode 1 addressing

00048

;

00049

;

Reg #4 (read)

00050

0024

ADRST

EQU

PR191+4

00051

0002

TA

EQU

2

;Talk active

00052

;

00053

;

00054

;

Reg #5 (write) Auxiliary Mode Register

```

00055 0025 AUXMD EQU PR191+5 ;91 auxiliary mode register #
00056 0024 CLART EQU 24h ;91 4 Mhz clock input
00057 0002 INITIAL EQU 02 ;91 reset
00058 0003 FMHSR EQU 03 ;91 finish handshake command
00059 000F VSCMD EQU 0FH ;91 Valid command pass-through
00060 0006 SEGI EQU 06h ;91 send EOI
00061 0080 AXRA EQU 80h ;91aux. reg A pattern
00062 0002 HOEND EQU 2 ;91 hold off handshake on end
00063 0008 EOTS EQU 8 ;91 output EOI on EOS sent
00064 0004 EDEOS EQU 4 ;91 end on EOS received
00065 00A0 AXRB EQU 0A0h ;Aux. reg. B pattern
00066 0001 CPTEM EQU 01h ;Command pass-through enable
00067 ;
00068 ; Reg #5 (read)
00069 0025 CPTRG EQU PR191+5 ;Command Pass-through reg
00070 ;
00071 ;
00072 ; Reg #6 Address 0-1 req. constants
00073 0026 ADDR1 EQU PR191+6
00074 0060 DTDL1 EQU 60h ;Disable major timer & listener
00075 00E0 DTDL2 EQU 0E0h ;Disable minor timer & listener
00076 ;
00077 ;
00078 ; Reg #7 E05 Character Register
00079 0027 EUSR EQU PR191+7
00080 ;
00081 ;
00082 ; 8292 CONTROL VALUES
00083 ;
00084 ;
00085 0010 PR192 EQU 10h ;8298 Base Port #
00086 ;
00087 0010 INTRM EQU PR192+0 ;92 INTRP Mask Reg
00088 00A0 INIM EQU 0A0h ;IC1
00089 ;
00090 0010 ERKM EQU PR192+0 ;92 error mask register
00091 ;
00092 0010 ERFLAG EQU PR192+0 ;error flag pseudo register
00093 0002 TOUT2 EQU 02 ;92 time for standby
00094 0004 TOUT3 EQU 04 ;92 time out for ICSt
00095 ;
00096 0010 TUREG EQU PR192+0 ;92 time out pseudo-register
00097 007F TOUT EQU 7FH ;Time out byte for Tureg
00098 ;
00099 0011 CMD92 EQU PR192+1 ;92 Command Register
00100 0011 INTST EQU PR192+1 ;92 Interrupt Status Register
00101 0002 IBFBF EQU 2 ;input buffer full bit
00102 0005 SRW EQU 05 ;92 SRW bit no.
00103 0020 SRWB1 EQU 20h ;SRW bit
00104 0040 ERKB1 EQU 40h ;ERK bit
00105 ;
00106 0010 CLRS1 EQU PR192+0 ;92 Controller Status pseudo-reg
00107 0008 SYCS EQU 08h ;Control Switch status

```



```

00108 0040 CABT EQU 40H ;Controller active bit
00109 ;
00110 0010 TOST EQU PR192+0 ;t2 time out pseudo-register
00111 ;
00112 0010 BUSST EQU PR192+0 ;t2 GPIB status pseudo-register
00113 0008 SYC&T EQU 08H ;SYC status bit
00114 ;
00115 ; 8292 OPERATION COMMANDS
00116 00F1 GIDL EQU 0F1H ;go to idle
00117 00F2 RSET EQU 0F2H ;Reset
00118 00F3 RSTI EQU 0F3H ;reset interrupts
00119 00F6 GTSR EQU 0F6H ;Goto standby
00120 00F9 ABORT EQU 0F9H ;Interface clear
00121 00FC TLASY EQU 0FCH ;take control asynchronously
00122 00FD TCSY EQU 0FDH ;take control synchronously
00123 00FA T&NTR EQU 0FAH ;take control (receive control)
00124 ;
00125 ; 8292 UTILITY COMMANDS
00126 ;
00127 00E1 WTO&T EQU 0E1H ;write to time out register
00128 00E4 RERF EQU 0E4H ;read error flag register
00129 00E6 R&ST EQU 0E6H ;read Controller Status register
00130 00E7 R&ST EQU 0E7H ;read GPIB status pseudo-register
00131 000B IACK EQU 0BH ;Interrupt acknowledge
00132 ;
00133 ; 8292 INTERRUPT PORT
00134 ;
00135 000B P&TF EQU 0BH
00136 0001 TCIF EQU 01H ;last complete interrupt
00137 ;
00138 ; GPIB MESSAGES (COMMANDS)
00139 ;
00140 0001 MDA EQU 1 ;My device address is 1
00141 0041 MTA EQU MDA+40H ;My talk address is 1 ("H")
00142 0021 MLA EQU MDA+20H ;My listen address is 1 ("H")
00143 003F UNL EQU 3FH ;Universal unlisten
00144 005F UNT EQU 5FH ;Universal untalk
00145 0018 SPE EQU 18H ;Serial poll enable
00146 0019 SPD EQU 19H ;Serial poll disable
00147 0009 TCT EQU 9 ;take control (pass control)
00148 ;
00149 ;
00150 ; LTL PORTS
00151 ;
00152 0080 CTRL1 EQU 80H ;CTL 8-bit control input
00153 0000 AS&0 EQU 0 ;address switch 1
00154 0001 AS&1 EQU 1 ;address switch 2
00155 0002 AS&2 EQU 2 ;address switch 3
00156 0003 AS&3 EQU 3 ;address switch 4
00157 0004 AS&4 EQU 4 ;address switch 5
00158 0005 D&NE EQU 5 ;D&NE status bit
00159 0006 BUSY EQU 6 ;BUSY status bit
00160 0080 INT&ST EQU 80H ;8291 interrupt status bit

```

```
00161      ;
00162      0080      CTRL0 EQU      80H      ;LTL 4-bit control output
00163      0001      DMENT EQU      1        ;enable WAIT-ON-DONE
00164      0002      SRVC EQU      2        ;set service request bit
00165      0004      DMECL EQU      4        ;DONE clear pulse
00166      0010      DMANT EQU      10H     ;enable WAIT-ON-DONE
00167      ;
00168      ;      NICP FURT (IN/OUT TO NICOLET)
00169      ;
00170      0040      NICP EQU      40H
00171      ;
00172      ;      MISCELLANEOUS DEFINITIONS
00173      0800      > TABLE EQU      0800H  ;address of parameter table
00174      0C00      DATAB01 EQU      0C00H
00175      0002      DEVICE EQU      2        ;the device number of the camera is .
00176      0022      CAML EQU      DEVICE+32
00177      0042      CAM1 EQU      DEVICE+64
00178      0062      INF EQU      98        ;this sets the input format (I&A - LTL)
00179      0063      XCOORD EQU      99
00180      0069      VII EQU      105      ;video input increment
00181      ;
00182      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00183      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
```

```

00185      :      OCTOBER 21, 1981
00186      :
00187      :
00188      :      MACRO DEFINITIONS
00189      :
00190      :      MACRO WRREG ;REG,VALUE,(LABEL)
00191      :      REG=register to write to
00192      :      VALUE=value to write
00193      :      LABEL=optional jump to
00194      :      LD      A,'0'
00195      :      OUT    ('1'),A
00196      :      MSET   0
00197      :      IF    A='0'
00198      :      JR    '3'
00199      :      ENDF
00200      :      ENDM
00201      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00202      :      MACRO CTLNIC
00203      :      WRITES BYTES TO NIC FROM CTL
00204      :      IN     A,(CTRL)
00205      :      BIT   DONE,A
00206      :      JR    NZ,CTL'0'
00207      :      OUTI
00208      :      JR    NZ,CTL'0'
00209      :      ENDM
00210      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00211      :      MACRO NICCTL
00212      :      READS BYTES FROM NIC TO CTL
00213      :      IN     A,(CTRL)
00214      :      BIT   BUSY,A
00215      :      JR    Z,NIC'0'
00216      :      INI
00217      :      OUT   ('0'),A
00218      :      JR    NZ,NIC'0'
00219      :      ENDM
00220      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00221      :      MACRO NICTLI ;READS A SINGLE BYTE FROM NIC INTO D-REG.
00222      :      IN     A,(CTRL)
00223      :      BIT   BUSY,A
00224      :      JR    Z,NIC'0'
00225      :      IN     A,(NICP)
00226      :      LD    D,A
00227      :      OUT   (NICP),A
00228      :      ENDM
00229      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00230      :      MACRO STREG ;REG
00231      :      REG=register to be stored at next location addressed by HL
00232      :      LD    (HL),'1'
00233      :      INC  HL
00234      :      ENDM
00235      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00236      :      MACRO SISTMT ;REG
00237      :      REG=status register to be stored at next location addressed by HL

```

```
00238          IN      A,('I')
00239          LD      (HL),A
00240          INC     HL
00241          ENDM
00242          ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00243          MACRO  STIND ;INDC
00244          ;      INDC=indirect command for accessing the register
00245          LD      D,'I'
00246          CALL   RDIND
00247          LD      (HL),H
00248          INC     HL
00249          ENDM
00250          ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
```

```

00252      ;      NOVEMBER 4, 1981
00253      ;
00254      ;
00255      ;      MAIN CONTROL ROUTINE
00256      ;
00257      ;PURPOSE -- This is the CTL executive routine which is slave to NTL
00258      ;      in that it performs commands issued by NIC and returns to a
00259      ;      wait state (waits for input from NTL) after command completion.
00260      ;      If a command can not be completed because of a bus error (always
00261      ;      considered fatal), the executive returns to its wait state via
00262      ;      an error subroutine which, among other things, sets SHVC to
00263      ;      indicate abnormal command termination.
00264      ;      Each command is started by NIC by transferring a 20 byte parameter
00265      ;      block from NIC to CTL. The first byte in this table is the command
00266      ;      number.
00267      ;      The control routine has been modified such that the CTL address
00268      ;      switches may be used to cause a local test program to be run without
00269      ;      NIC being attached. See subroutine TEST for a description of the
00270      ;      tests and how they are initiated. If ASK0 is set (on), the normal
00271      ;      program is executed.
00272      0000      >      ORG      CSEG
00273      0000 21FF0B      LD      HL,STR001
00274      0003 F9        LD      SP,HL
00275      0004 CD7001 > WAIT0 CALL  INIT
00276      0007 FB        EI
00277      0008 ED56      IM      1
00278      000A DB80      IN      A,(CTRL)
00279      000C CB47      BIT     ASK0,A
00280      000E CC6803 >      CALL   Z,TEST
00281      0011 3E14      WAIT  LD      A,14H ;set parameters for NIC1 table transfer.
00282      0013 320B08 >      LD      (INDW),A
00283      0016 210008 >      LD      HL,TABLE ;starting address of the table
00284      0019 220D08 >      LD      (DATADD),HL
00285      001C 218000 >      LD      HL,WAITZ
00286      001F 221408 >      LD      (RETADD),HL ;normal return from NIC1.
00287      0022 CD8D02 >      CALL   CUMS ;transfer table
00288      0025 0013      BLOCK 38H-SCALAR(8-CSEG) ;to get to start of interrupt section
00289      0038 221C08 > INTRPT LD      (TEMP),HL ;the interrupt routine stores registers starting at 164H
00290      003B E1        POP     HL
00291      003E 221E08 >      LD      (TEMP+2),HL ;store PC
00292      003F ED732008 >      LD      (TEMP+4),SP
00293      0043 212208 >      LD      HL,TEMP+0
00294      STREG  A
00295      STREG  C
00296      STREG  B
00297      STREG  E
00298      STREG  D
00299      S1STAT INT1 ;8.91 registers
00300      S1STAT INT2
00301      S1STAT ADKST
00302      S1STAT ADK01
00303      S1STAT EQSR
00304      S1STAT INTST ;8.82 registers

```

```

00305          STIND  RERF      ;error flag
00306          STIND  ROST      ;controller status
00307          STIND  RBST      ;busstatus
00308 007D C30000      JP      CSEG
00309 0080 211100 >  WAITZ LD      HL, WAIT
00310 0083 221408 >      LD      (HL+DD), HL      ;return address for command calls
00311 0086 21A800 >      LD      HL, START      ;following code is to find address of call
00312 0089 FB          EI
00313 008A E056        IM      1
00314 008C 3A0008 >      LD      H, (CUMM)
00315 008F 4F          LD      C, A
00316 0090 3A1608 >      LD      A, (CUMM)
00317 0093 B9          CP      C
00318 0094 F0C000 >      CALL   M, ERROR
00319 0097 79          LD      A, C
00320 0098 A7          AND      A
00321 0099 F0C000 >      CALL   M, ERROR
00322 009C E0C000 >      CALL   Z, ERROR
00323 009F 0600        LD      B, 0
00324 00A1 3D          DEC      A
00325 00A2 4F          LD      C, A
00326 00A3 B7          ADD     A, H
00327 00A4 B1          ADD     A, C
00328 00A5 47          LD      C, H
00329 00A6 09          ADD     HL, BC
00330 00A7 E9          JP      (HL)
00331 00A8 E02403 >  START CALL   COM1
00332 00AB E0B201 >      CALL   COM2
00333 00AE E00000 >      CALL   COM3
00334 00B1 E03502 >      CALL   COM4
00335 00B4 E0B002 >      CALL   COM5
00336 00B7 E0A702 >      CALL   COM6
00337 00BA E0BE02 >      CALL   COM7
00338 00BD E00009 >      CALL   COM8
00339          ;
00340          ;
00341          ;      ERROR ROUTINE
00342          ;
00343          ;PURPOSE:  When a fatal error occurs in performing a control
00344          ;          a call to ERROR is made.  ERROR sets the SHVC bit which will cause
00345          ;          NIC MONITOR to jump to NIC ERROR.  This in turn should cause an
00346          ;          interrupt and subsequent state storage.
00347          ;
00348          ;      ERROR MAKEG  CTRLO, SHVC      ;set the SHVC bit for abnormal return
00349 00C4 0B21          IM      A, (INT1)
00350 00C6 57          LD      D, H
00351 00C7 C05001 >      CALL   CLIENTE1 ;send status to hll
00352 00CA C34101 >      JP      RETURN
00353          ;
00354          ;      JUNKIFY 18,1781
00355          ;
00356          ;
00357          ;

```

```

00358 ; LISLIST ROUTINE
00359 ;
00360 ;PURPOSE--send out a list of listeners or a single talker
00361 ;ARGUMENTS-- reg A = 1 => talker list
00362 ;              0 => listener list
00363 ;
00364 ;USES register A,B,DE
00365 ;
00366 00CD 47 LISLIST LD B,A
00367 00CE A7 AND A
00368 00CF 200F JR NZ,L111
00369 00D1 3A0108 > LD A,(LIST1)
00370 00D4 A7 AND A
00371 00D5 2003 JR NZ,L13
00372 00D7 04 INC B
00373 00D8 1B13 JR L14
00374 00DA 47 L13 LD B,A
00375 00DB 110208 > LD DE,LISIP
00376 00DE 1803 JR L11
00377 00E0 110808 > L111 LD DE,TALAP
00378 00E3 CB10 L11 RL B
00379 00E5 1A L15 LD A,(DE)
00380 00E6 A7 AND A
00381 00E7 2803 JR Z,L12
00382 00E9 CD6701 > CALL WAIT0
00383 00EC 13 L12 INC DE
00384 00ED 10F6 L14 DJNZ L15
00385 00EF C9 RET
00386 ;
00387 ;
00388 ;
00389 ; BYTBL ROUTINE
00390 ;
00391 ;PURPOSE-- sets up registers for block read or write.
00392 ; registers set are B,E,HL
00393 ; register C should be set by the caller for the desired port
00394 ;RETURNS--the Z-flag is set if NDAT and NDATB =0
00395 ;
00396 00F0 2A0D08 > BYTBL LD HL,(DATA0D)
00397 00F3 3A0B08 > LD H,(NDAT)
00398 00F6 57 LD B,A
00399 00F7 1E01 LD E,1
00400 00F9 A7 AND A
00401 00FA 2805 JR Z,BY1
00402 00FC 47 LD B,A
00403 00FD 3E01 LD A,1
00404 00FF 1806 JR BY2
00405 0101 3A0C08 > BY1 LD A,(NDATB)
00406 0104 57 LD D,H
00407 0105 0600 LD B,0
00408 0107 5F BY2 LD E,A
00409 0108 7A LD A,0
00410 0109 A2 AND D

```

```

00411 010A C9          RET
00412                ;
00413                ;
00414                ;
00415                ;
00416                ;
00417                ;   SUBROUTINE RDIND
00418                ; PURPOSE -- read 8292 indirect registers
00419                ; ARGUMENTS -- reg D should contain the utility command-
00420                ; KEVC,KEERF,RIND,RCST,RBST,RTOUT or REHM
00421                ;
00422 010B DB11          RDIND IN   A,(INTSI)
00423 010D E602          AND     IBFBT
00424 010F 20FA          JR      NZ,RDIND
00425 0111 7A           LD      A,D
00426 0112 CD4E01      CALL   WAITX
00427 0115 DB10          IN     A,(PRT92)
00428 0117 C9          RET
00429                ;
00430                ;
00431                ;
00432                ;   SUBROUTINE WRIND
00433                ; PURPOSE -- write 8292 indirect registers or to send IACP
00434                ; ARGUMENTS -- reg D should contain WROUT,WEVC or IACP
00435                ;                reg E should contain a value to be inserted
00436                ;                in the indirect reg (except for IACP)
00437 011B DB11          WRIND IN   A,(INTSI)
00438 011A E602          AND     IBFBT
00439 011C 20FA          JR      NZ,WRIND
00440 011E 7A           LD      A,D
00441 011F D311          OUT    (CMD92),A
00442 0121 DB11          WR1  IN   A,(INTSI)
00443 0123 E602          AND     IBFBT
00444 0125 20FA          JR      NZ,WR1
00445 0127 CB5A          BIT    3,D
00446 0129 2009          JR      NZ,WR2 ; if IACP this is all
00447 012B 7B           LD      A,E
00448 012C D310          OUT    (PRT42),A
00449 012E DB11          WR3  IN   A,(INTSI)
00450 0130 E602          AND     IBFBT
00451 0132 20FA          JR      NZ,WR3
00452 0134 C9          WR2  RET
00453                ;
00454                ;
00455                ;   SUBROUTINE T1IN
00456                ; PURPOSE -- check GPIB input status
00457                ; ARGUMENTS -- reg A returns the INT1 status bits.
00458                ;
00459 0135 1600          T1IN LD    D,0
00460 0137 DB21          T1I  IN   A,(INT1)
00461 0139 B2           OR     D ;collect status bits here
00462 013A 57           LD    D,A
00463 013B CB47          BIT    B1M,A

```



```

00464 013D 2BFH      JK      Z,T21
00465 013F 7A       LD      A,D
00466 0140 C9       RET
00467                ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00468                ;
00469                ; PSEUDO-SUBROUTINE RETURN
00470                ; Returns subroutines to RETADD and writes a byte to NIC
00471 0141 2A1408 >  RETURN LD      HL,(RETADD)
00472 0144 DB80      IN      A,(CTRL) ;In test mode a normal return is made.
00473 0146 CB47      BIT      ASKO,A
00474 0148 C8       RET      Z
00475 0149 C1       POP      BC
00476 014A CD5001 >  CALL   CTLNIC1
00477 014D E9       JP      (HL)
00478                ;
00479                ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00480                ; SUBROUTINE WAITX
00481                ; PURPOSE -- issue B292 direct command
00482 014E D311      WAITX OUT   (CMD92),A
00483 0150 DB08      WX2  IN    A,(PRTF)
00484 0152 E601      AND    TCIF
00485 0154 20FA      JR     NZ,WX2
00486 0156 DB08      WX1  IN    A,(PRTF)
00487 0158 E601      AND    TCIF
00488 015A 28FA      JR     Z,WX1
00489 015C C9       RET
00490                ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00491                ; SUBROUTINE CTLNIC1
00492                ; writes a single byte from CTL to NIC
00493                ; the byte should be in the D register
00494 015D DB80      CTLNIC1 IN    A,(CTRL)
00495 015F CB6F      BIT    D0ME,A
00496 0161 20FA      JR     NZ,CTLNIC1
00497 0163 7A       LD      A,D
00498 0164 D340      OUT   (NICP),A
00499 0166 C9       RET
00500                ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00501                ;
00502                ; SUBROUTINE WAITD
00503                ; PURPOSE -- output data on the GFIB
00504 0167 D320      WAITD OUT   (DOUT),A
00505 0169 DB21      WAIT1 IN    A,(INT1)
00506 016B CB4F      BIT    B0M,A
00507 016D 28FA      JR     Z,WAIT1
00508 016F C9       RET
00509                ;
00510                ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::

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```

00512 ; OCTOBER 27, 1981
00513 ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00514 ;initialization routine -
00515 ;
00516 INIT WREG CMD92,RSET
00517 0174 0600 LD B,0 ;wait for abort to go out,etc.
00518 0176 10FE INIT0 DJNZ INIT0
00519 WREG INIMR,INTM ;set TLI interrupt
00520 WREG AUXMD,INITIAL ;initialize the d291
00521 INIT2 WREG ADDR1,D1DL1
00522 WREG ADDR1,D1DL2
00523 WREG ADDRMD,TUN
00524 INIT3 WREG AUXMD,CLART
00525 WREG INT1,0
00526 WREG INT2,0
00527 WREG AUXMD,0 ;release initialization
00528 019C 3EF1 LD A,GIDL
00529 019E CD4E01 > CALL WAITX
00530 01A1 3E08 LD A,LASTE
00531 01A3 321608 > LD (LCOMM),A ;initialize some storage
00532 01A6 3E04 LD A,MXBLK
00533 01AB 321708 > LD (MXBLK),A
00534 01AB 3E04 LD A,4 ;clear busy and done
00535 01AD D340 OUT (NICP),A
00536 01AF D380 OUT (CTRL0),A
00537 01B1 C9 RET
00538 ;
00539 ; RECV ROUTINE (a las COM2)
00540 ;
00541 ;PUNFUSE--Transfers data from GPIB to LIL (or to other listeners)
00542 ;PARAMETERS -
00543 ; (8) primary address-talker
00544 ; (9) secondary address-talker
00545 ; (10) EUS character. (see below)
00546 ; (11) no. of data bytes to receive
00547 ; (12) no. of 256 blocks to receive. (see below)
00548 ; (14) starting address for data storage.
00549 ;
00550 ;RETURNS - If (11) and (12) are both 0,RECV returns the number of
00551 ; data in (12) and (11). If do not get col at end of transmission
00552 ; or if the amount of data received does not match that expected,
00553 ; an error condition exists.
00554 ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00555 01B2 3EFA LVM LD A,TENIR
00556 01B4 CD4E01 > CALL WAITX
00557 01B7 3E01 LD A,1
00558 01B9 CD0D00 CALL LISLIST
00559 01BC 30D2 LD B,ADDR+HUEND
00560 01BE 30A0B > LD A,EUSC1
00561 01C1 A7 AND A
00562 01C2 2B04 JR Z,COMLS
00563 01C4 D327 OUT (EUSK),A
00564 01C6 06B6 LD B,ADDR+HUEND+EUS

```

```

00565          COM25  WRRGB  AUIMD,B
00566          WRRGB  AD=MD,LON
00567          WRRGB  AUIMD,U
00568 01D3 3EF6          LD  A,BISE
00569 01D5 CD4E01 >     CALL WAITX
00570 01D8 0E20          LD  C,DIN
00571 01DA CDF000 >     CALL Br7BLP
00572 01DB 2006          JM   NZ,COM27
00573 01DF 3A1708 >     LD  A,(MARBLL) ;if (11) and (12) are 0, go to 7 as a no. of data
00574 01E2 5F          LD  E,A
00575 01E3 0600          LD  B,U
00576 01E5 DD210000  COM27 LD  IX,0 ;set data counter to 0
00577 01E9 CD3501 >  COM28 CALL TFIN
00578 01EC E610          AND  ENDMR
00579 01EE 2008          JR   NZ,COM29
00580 01F0 DD23          INC  IX
00581 01F2 EDA2          INI
00582 01F4 20F3          JR   NZ,COM26
00583 01F6 1D          DEC  E
00584 01F7 20F0          JR   NZ,COM28
00585 01F9 1818          JM   COM212
00586 01FB EDA2          COM29 INI
00587 01FD DD23          INC  IX
00588 01FF DD221A0B >   LD  (COUNT),IX
00589 0203 3A0808 >     LD  A,(INDAT) ;if (11) and (12) are 0, output the data count
00590 0206 47          LD  E,A
00591 0207 3A0C08 >     LD  A,(INDATB)
00592 020A 80          ADD  A,B
00593 020B 2006 >     JM   NZ,COM212
00594 020D 2A1A0B >     LD  HL,(COUNT)
00595 0210 220C08 >     LD  (INDATB),HL
00596 0213 3EFD          COM212 LD  A,TSY
00597 0215 CD4E01 >     CALL WAITX
00598          WRRGB  AUIMD,HKRA
00599          WRRGB  AD=MD,TUN
00600          WRRGB  AUIMD,FNHSR
00601          WRRGB  AUIMD,U
00602 0228          LD  A,UNT
00603 022A CD6701 >     CALL WAITG
00604 022D 3EF1          LD  A,UIBL
00605 022F CD4E01 >     CALL WAITX
00606 0232 CD4101 >     JM   RETURN
00607          ;
00608          ;
00609          ; FULL ROUTINE (alias COM4)
00610          ;
00611          ;PURPOSE -- wait for SW and do a serial poll of the single
00612          ; device requesting service. This routine has been tailored
00613          ; to match some of the idiosyncrasies of the Hamamatsu camera.
00614          ;PARAMETERS:
00615          ; (B) primary address-device to be polled
00616          ; (Y) secondary address
00617          ;

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```

00616 ;RETURNS -- the status byte is sent to NICP if not test mode.
00619 0235 3EFA COM4 LD A,TUNTR
00620 0237 CD4E01 > CALL WAITI
00621 023A DB11 COM42 IN A,(IN1ST1) ;wait for service request
00622 023C CB6F BIT SRQ,A
00623 023E CAA02 > JP Z,COM42
00624 0241 3E5F LD A,UNT ;the following sequence is from Maba@ats:
00625 0243 LD6701 > CALL WAITU ;"Instruction Manual M499-04 Diagnostics with
00626 0246 3E18 LD A,SFE ;Tektronix 4051".
00627 0248 CD6701 > CALL WAITU
00628 024B 3E01 LD A,I
00629 024D CDCD00 > CALL LISLIST
00630 WRREG ADAMD,LUN
00631 WRREG AUXMD,U
00632 0258 3E66 LD A,GTSB
00633 025A CD4E01 > CALL WAITX
00634 025D CD3501 > CALL T2IN
00635 0260 DB20 IN A,(DIN)
00636 0262 57 LD D,A
00637 0265 DB80 IN A,(CTRL1)
00638 0265 CB47 BIT ASRU,A
00639 0267 C45D01 > CALL NZ,CTRLNIC1
00640 026A 3EFD COM41 LD A,ICSY
00641 026C CD4E01 > CALL WAITX
00642 026F 3E80 LD A,TUN
00643 0271 D324 OUT (ADAMD),A
00644 0273 AF XOR A
00645 0274 D325 OUT (AUXMD),A
00646 0276 3E5F LD A,UNT
00647 0278 CD6701 > CALL WAITU
00648 027B 3E19 LD A,SFD
00649 027D CD6701 > CALL WAITU
00650 0280 162B LD D,(AC)*SRQBT ;clear the SRQ bit on the d292
00651 0282 CD1801 > CALL WRIND
00652 0285 3EF1 LD A,GIDL
00653 0287 CD4E01 > CALL WAITX
00654 028A C34101 > JP RETURN
00655 ;
00656 ;
00657 ;
00658 ;
00659 ;
00660 ;
00661 ; NICI ROUTINE (alias COM5)
00662 ;
00663 ;PUNFOUSE --read data from NIC to CTL
00664 ;PARAMETERS--
00665 ; (1) no. of bytes or
00666 ; (12) no. of 256 byte blocks
00667 ; (14) starting address for data storage
00668 ;
00669 028D DE40 COM5 LD C,NICP
00670 028F CDF000 > CALL BYTBLK

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```

00671 0292 2810      JR      Z,CUM53
00672 0294 F3       DI
00673              COM52  NICCTL
00674 02A1 1D       DEC     E
00675 02A2 20F1     JR      NZ,CUM52
00676 02A4 C34101 > COM53  JP      RETURN
00677              ;
00678              ;
00679              ;      NICO ROUTINE (alias COM6)
00680              ;
00681              ;PURPOSE -- write data from CTL to NIC
00682              ;
00683              ;PARAMETERS --
00684              ;      (1) no. of data bytes or
00685              ;      (2) no. of 256 byte blocks
00686              ;      (4) starting address of the data
00687              ;
00688 02A7 0E40      COM6  LD      C,NICP
00689 02A9 CDF000 >      CALL  BYTBK
00690 02AC 280D     JR      Z,CUM63
00691              COM62  CTLNIC
00692 02B8 1D       DEC     E
00693 02B9 20F3     JR      NZ,CUM62
00694 02BB C34101 > COM63  JP      RETURN
00695              ;
00696              ;
00697              ;      RXMT ROUTINE (alias COM7)
00698              ;
00699              ;PURPOSE -- Transfer data from GPIB to NIC
00700              ;PARAMETERS -
00701              ;      (8) primary address-talker
00702              ;      (9) secondary address-talker
00703              ;
00704              ;This routine receives each datum from the GPIB and sends it to
00705              ; NIC until EOI is detected. Then SKVC is set before the last
00706              ; datum is sent to NIC.
00707              ;
00708 02BE 3EFA      COM7  LD      A,TCNTR
00709 02C0 CD4E01 >      CALL  WAIT1
00710 02C3 3E01     LD      A,1
00711 02C5 CD0D00 >      CALL  L1DLIST
00712 02C8 3E82     LD      A,AIKA+HUEHD
00713              WRREG  A,MD,A
00714              WRREG  A,MD,LON
00715              WRREG  A,MD,0
00716 02D5 3EF6     LD      A,GTSB
00717 02D7 CD4E01 >      CALL  WAIT1
00718 02DA 0E20     LD      C,DIN
00719 02DC CD3501 > COM71  CALL  T2IN
00720 02DF E610     AND     ENDMF
00721 02E1 200E     JR      NZ,CUM72
00722 02E3 ED50     IN      D,(C)
00723              ETLNIC

```

```

00724 02EF 18E8          JR      CUM71
00725                   LUM72  WRREG  CTALD,SRVC
00726                   CTALD
00727 02FF AF           XOR     A
00728 0300 D380          OUT     (CTALD),A      ;clear SRVC
00729 0302 3EFD          LD      A,TCST
00730 0304 CD4E01 >    CALL  WAITX
00731                   WRREG  AUXMD,AXRA
00732                   WRREG  ADDR0,TOM
00733                   WRREG  AUXMD,FNHSK
00734                   WRREG  AUXMD,0
00735 0317 3E5F          LD      A,UMI
00736 0319 ED6701 >    CALL  WAITG
00737 031C 3EF1          LD      A,GIDL
00738 031E CD4E01 >    CALL  WAITX
00739 0321 C34101 >    JP      RETURN
00740
00741                   ;
00742                   ; OCTOBER 27, 1981
00743                   ;
00744                   ; SEND ROUTINE (ALIAS CUM1)
00745                   ;
00746                   ; sends data from CIL to the GF18
00747                   ;
00748                   ; INPUT (1) no. of listeners
00749                   ; (2) primary address-first listener
00750                   ; (3) secondary address - first listener
00751                   ; (4) --second listener
00752                   ; (5) --
00753                   ; (6) --third listener
00754                   ; (7)--
00755                   ; (10) EOS character (if EOS=0 then EOI is sent with the last byte
00756                   ; according to the data count given by (10) and (11). If EOS is
00757                   ; non-zero, the no. of characters sent is determined by the sequential
00758                   ; location of the EOS character in the data stream provided that
00759                   ; the amount of data as determined by (10) or (11) is greater or
00760                   ; or equal to this location. Otherwise EOI is suppressed.
00761                   ; (11) no. of bytes to send or
00762                   ; (12) no. of 256 byte blocks to send. (if both (11) and (12) are 0
00763                   ; no data is sent.
00764                   ; (14) starting address of th data to be sent.
00765                   ;
00766 0314 3EFA          LUM1  LD      A,TENTR
00767 0316 CD4E01 >    CALL  WAITX
00768 0319 AF           XOR     A
00769 031A ED6B00 >    CALL  LISLIST
00770 031D 3EFA          LD      A,GTSB
00771 031F CD4E01 >    CALL  WAITX
00772 0322 0E20          LD      C,DOOT
00773 0324 CD4E00 >    CALL  BYTBK
00774 0327 281D          JR      Z,CUM17
00775 0329 1601          LD      B,1
00776 032B 78          CUM15 LD      A,B

```

```

00777 033C BA      CP      D
00778 033D 2008    JR      NZ,C0M18
00779 033F 7B      LD      A,E
00780 0340 BA      CP      D
00781 0341 2004    JR      NZ,C0M18      ;if B=0 and E=1, this is the last byte to be sent
00782              WRR#6  H0X#0,SE01
00783 0347 EDA3    COM18  OUTI
00784 0349 2B05    JR      Z,C0M19
00785 034B C06901 >  CALL  WAIT1
00786 034E 18E9    JR      C0M15
00787 0350 C06901 > COM19  CALL  WAIT1
00788 0353 1D      DEC     E
00789 0354 20E5    JR      NZ,C0M15
00790 0356 3EFD    COM17  LD      A,TCSY
00791 0358 C04E01 >  CALL  WAITX
00792 035B 3E3F    LD      A,UNL
00793 035D C06701 >  CALL  WAIT0
00794 0360 3EF1    LD      A,BIDL
00795 0362 C04E01 >  CALL  WAITX
00796 0365 C34101 > COM110 JP      RETURN
00797              ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00798              ;
00799              ;
00800              ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00801              ;
00802              ; TEST ROUTINE
00803              ;
00804              ; REVISION -- OCTOBER 21, 1981
00805              ; AUTHOR -- BARRETT, TB (PML)
00806              ; PURPOSE -- performs a camera test independently of NIC. This routine
00807              ; is initiated if the CIL address bit 0 is set to 0 and at least one other
00808              ; address bit is set to 1. (At present only bits 1 and 2 will cause a test.)
00809              ; The following tests are done:
00810              ; ASR1-1 => initialize cursor to left margin and step to the right
00811              ; margin using the default interlace, then leave the cursor at the
00812              ; default position.
00813              ; ASR2-1 => use the default cursor position and interlace and gather
00814              ; one line of video (binary mode).
00815              ;
00816              ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00817 0368 3E01    TEST  LD      A,1      ;1 listener
00818 036A 320108 >  LD      (NLST),A
00819 036D 21000C    LD      HL,DATBOT
00820 0370 220008 >  LD      (DATA00),HL
00821 0373 214200    LD      HL,CAMT
00822 0376 220808 >  LD      (TALP),HL
00823 0379 AF      XOR     A
00824 037A 320A08 >  LD      (EUSC),A
00825 037D 0B80    IN      A,(CTRL1)
00826 037F CB4F    BIT    ASK1,A
00827 0381 2B30    JR      Z,TEST2
00828 0383 212263    LD      HL,(XCOORD SHL 8)CAML ;Camera secondary and primary address for XCOORD
00829 0386 220208 >  LD      (LIS1P),HL

```

```

00830 0389 210400      LD      HL,0004H      ;4 data bytes for each coordinate
00831 038C 220808 >   LD      (NDAT),HL
00832 038F 210001      LD      HL,0100H      ;set first coord. to 0
00833 0392 110004      LD      DE,0400H      ;count to 1024
00834 0395 E5          TEST1  PUSH     HL
00835 0396 D5          PUSH     DE
00836 0397 CDFF03 >   CALL    BCDASC
00837 039A CD2403 >   CALL    COM1
00838 039D 01          POP      DE
00839 039E E1          POP      HL
00840 039F 3E01      LD      A,1
00841 03A1 44          LD      B,H
00842 03A2 80          ADD     A,B
00843 03A3 27          DAA
00844 03A4 67          LD      H,A
00845 03A5 3E00      LD      A,0
00846 03A7 45          LD      B,L
00847 03A8 88          ADC     A,B
00848 03A9 27          DAA
00849 03AA 6F          LD      L,A
00850 03AB 1D          DEC     E
00851 03AC 20E7      JR      NZ,TEST1
00852 03AE 15          DEC     D
00853 03AF 20E4      JR      NZ,TEST1
00854 03B1 DB80      IM      A,(CTRL1)
00855 03B3 CB57      TEST2  BIT     ASK,A
00856 03B5 2844      JR      Z,TEST3
00857 03B7 212262     LD      HL,(INF SHL B)/CAML      ;set input format to binary
00858 03BA 220208 >   LD      (LIS1P),HL
00859 03BD 210100     LD      HL,0001H      ;send one byte
00860 03C0 220808 >   LD      (NDAT),HL
00861 03C3 3E02      LD      A,2      ;code for binary output
00862 03C5 32000C     LD      (DATBOT),A
00863 03C8 CD2403 >   CALL    COM1
00864 03CB 010200     LD      BC,0002H
00865 03CE D5          TEST21  PUSH     BC
00866 03CF 210000     LD      HL,0000H      ;no data is sent with command VII
00867 03D2 220808 >   LD      (NDAT),HL
00868 03D5 3E09      LD      A,VII
00869 03D7 320508 >   LD      (LIS1S),A
00870 03DA CD2403 >   CALL    COM1
00871 03DD 1600      LD      B,0      ;pause for camera data gather
00872 03DF 42          LD      B,D
00873 03E0 10FE      TEST20  DJNZ    TEST20
00874 03E2 15          DEC     D
00875 03E3 20FB      JR      NZ,TEST20
00876 03E5 AF          XOR     A
00877 03E6 320308 >   LD      (LIS1S),A
00878 03E9 CD3502 >   CALL    COM4
00879 03EC 210002     LD      HL,0200H      ;2 blocks, 0 bytes
00880 03EF 220808 >   LD      (NDAT),HL
00881 03F2 CD0201 >   CALL    COM2
00882 03F5 C1          POP      BC

```



```

00883 03F6 10D6      DJNZ  TEST21
00884 03FB 0D       DEC  C
00885 03F9 20D3      JK   NZ,TEST21
00886 03FB CD7001 > TEST3 CALL  IMIT ;reset to default values
00887 03FE C9       RET
00888              ;
00889              ;
00890              ;
00891              ;   SUBROUTINE BCDASC
00892              ;
00893              ; given a two byte packed BCD number at HL with lowest order
00894              ; nibbles in H, BCDASC places the equivalent ASCII code at
00895              ; DATBOT starting with the most significant nibble.
00896              ;
00897 03FF DD2100C    BCDASC LD   IX,DATBOT
00898 0403 220F08 >      LD   (DUMIL),HL
00899 0406 210F08 >      LD   HL,DUMIL
00900 0409 0604      LD   B,4
00901 040B 3E30      LD   A,30H
00902 040D E06F      BCD1  RLD
00903 040F DD7700      LD   (I+0),A
00904 0412 0023      INC  IX
00905 0414 05       DEC  B
00906 0415 C8       RET  Z
00907 0416 CB40      BCD2  BIT  0,B
00908 0418 20F3      JR   NZ,BCD1
00909 041A 23       INC  HL
00910 041B 18F0      JR   BCD1
00911              ;
00912              ;

```

```

00914      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00915      ;
00916      ;      PARAMETER TABLE
00917      ;
00918      ORG      DSEG
00919 0800 00      COMM  BYTE  0      ;command number
00920 0801 00      MLIST  BYTE  0      ;no. of listeners (or can be set to 1 talker)
00921 0802 00      LIS1P  BYTE  0      ;primary address,1st listener (or a talker)
00922 0803 00      LIS1S  BYTE  0      ;secondary address,first listener (or 1 talker)
00923 0804 00      LIS2P  BYTE  0      ;--second listener
00924 0805 00      LIS2S  BYTE  0
00925 0806 00      LIS3P  BYTE  0      ;--third listener
00926 0807 00      LIS3S  BYTE  0
00927 0808 00      TALKP  BYTE  0      ;talker primary address
00928 0809 00      TALKS  BYTE  0      ;talker secondary address
00929 080A 00      EOSC   BYTE  0      ;EOS character (0 means none exists)
00930 080B 00      NDAT   BYTE  0      ;no. of data bytes to be transferred, or
00931 080C 00      NDATB  BYTE  0      ;no. of 256 byte blocks to be transferred
00932 080D 0000    DATADD WORD  0      ;starting address of the data block in CTL RAM
00933 080F 00      DUMIL  BYTE  0
00934 0810 00      DUMIH  BYTE  0
00935 0811 00      MESS   BYTE  0      ;message print indicator
00936 0812 00      STAT1  BYTE  0
00937 0813 00      STAT2  BYTE  0
00938      ;
00939      ;      OTHER DATA
00940      ;
00941 0814 0000    RETADD WORD  0
00942 0816 08      LCOMM  BYTE  8      ;set to the last valid command number
00943 0817 04      MAXBLK  BYTE  4      ;set to the max. no. of 256 byte blocks for data
00944 0818 0000    STACKP WORD  0      ;temporary storage for stack-pointer
00945 081A 0000    COUNT  WORD  0      ;data counter location
00946      ;
00947      ;      TEMPORARY STORAGE
00948      ;
00949 081C 00      TEMP   BYTE  0
00950 081D 00      T2     BYTE  0
00951

```

Strings and Macros

CTENIC - 007A M	NICCTL - 008D M	NICCTL1 - 0097 M	STIND - 005F M	STREG - 0071 M
CTSTAT - 004C M	WRNEB - 007F M			
ABORT - 00F9	ADDR1 - 0026	ADDR2 - 0024	ADRST - 0024	ADDR3 - 0001
ASR1 - 0001	ASR2 - 0002	ASR3 - 0003	ASR4 - 0004	AUTM - 0025
AMA - 0080	ARB - 008C	BIM - 0000	BOM - 0001	BUSST - 0010
BUSY - 0006	CABT - 0040	CAML - 0022	CANT - 0042	CEPRT - 0024
CBST - 0010	CM01 - 0011	COMB - 0900	CPT - 0080	CPTEN - 0001
CM6 - 0025	CSEB - 0000	CTRL1 - 0080	CTRL0 - 0080	CATBOT - 0000
DEVICE - 0002	DIN - 0020	DMANT - 0010	DNECL - 0004	DNEW1 - 0001
DP - 0005	DOOT - 0020	DSEB - 0800	DTDL1 - 0080	DTDL2 - 00E0
EDDS - 0004	ENDMA - 0010	EDIS - 0008	EDSR - 0027	ENFLD - 0010
ET - 0040	ERRM - 0010	FNMSK - 0003	GIDL - 00F1	GTSB - 00F8
MEMO - 0002	IACA - 0008	IBFBT - 0002	INF - 0062	INITIME - 0001
INT1 - 0021	INT2 - 0022	INTBST - 0080	INTM - 0000	INTMR - 0010
INTST - 0011	K - 0003 V	LASTC - 0008	LON - 0040	MCA - 0001
MLA - 0021	MODE1 - 0001	MTA - 0041	MAXLP - 0004	NICP - 0040
PR11 - 0020	PR12 - 0010	PRTF - 0008	MBST - 00E7	RCST - 00E6
REKF - 00E4	RSET - 00F1	RST1 - 00F3	SED1 - 0006	SFD - 0019
SPE - 0018	SKU - 0010	SRQBT - 0020	SKVC - 0002	STPBT - 0001
SYCBT - 0008	SYCS - 0008	TA - 0002	TCSY - 0001	TID - 0001
TCNTR - 00FA	TCSY - 00F0	TCT - 0009	TMOU - 007F	TR - 0080
TDRG - 0010	TOST - 0010	TOUT2 - 0002	TOUT3 - 0004	UNL - 007F
UP - 005F	VII - 0089	VSCMO - 000F	WTOUT - 00E1	REQURD - 0067

2.1 (default) Section (081E)

BCD1 - 0400	BLD1 - 0416	BCDASC - 03FF	BY1 - 0101	BY2 - 010F
BYBLK - 00F0	COM1 - 0324 G	COM110 - 0365	COM15 - 0336	COM17 - 035F
BYD - 0347	COM19 - 0350	COM2 - 0182 G	COM212 - 0113	COM15 - 0100
BYE - 01E5	COM28 - 01E9	COM29 - 01FB	COM4 - 0225 G	COM41 - 0204
CC142 - 023A	COM5 - 028D G	COM52 - 0295	COM53 - 02A4	COM6 - 0207 G
COM62 - 02AE	COM63 - 02BB	COM7 - 028E	COM71 - 026C	COM72 - 02FA
COMN - 0800	COUNT - 081A	CT14200 - 02AE	CT18200 - 02E5	CT1A200 - 02F5
CT101 - 015D	DATA0 - 0800	DUMH - 0810	DUML - 080F	EUSC - 0804
CT102 - 00E0	INIT - 0170	INIT0 - 0176	INIT2 - 0180	INIT3 - 018C
CTNTR - 0058	LCOM - 0816	L11 - 00E3	L111 - 00F0	L12 - 00E1
CT - 00DA	L14 - 00E8	L15 - 00E5	L1S1P - 0302	L1S1S - 0307
L12P - 0804	L1S2S - 0805	L1S3P - 0806	L1S3S - 0807	L1S1S1 - 00E6
MAXBLK - 0817	MESS - 0811	NDAT - 0808	NDATB - 080C	N11200 - 0285
NCST - 0801	RDIND - 0108	NETADD - 0814	RETURN - 0141	STACKF - 0810
NC - 00AB	STAT1 - 0812	STAT2 - 0813	T2 - 0810	T21 - 0137
NTM - 0135	TABLE - 0800	TALKP - 0808	TALKS - 0809	TEMP - 081C
NT - 0368	TEST1 - 0395	TEST2 - 03B3	TEST20 - 03E0	TEST21 - 03CE
NT - 03FB	WAIT - 0011	WAIT1 - 0169	WAIT0 - 0167	WAIT2 - 0004
NT - 014E	WAITZ - 0080	WR1 - 0121	WR2 - 0134	WR3 - 012E
NT - 0118	WX1 - 0156	WR2 - 0150		

APPENDIX G - TEKREC Source Listing

PL/I-80 V1.3 COMPILATION OF: TENREC

```

1 0000 /* TENREC
2 0000 REVISION -- October 26, 1961
3 0000 AUTHOR -- Barrett, B (PML)
4 0000 PURPOSE -- store a tektronix hexadecimal (tenhex) file as a
5 0000 CP/M COM file. The error-free reception of each record is
6 0000 acknowledged by ACK followed by LK and a prompt character of LF.
7 0000 Thus Tek COMM should include the parameter P=QA.
8 0000 Reception of an abort block will cause an error code 1.
9 0000
10 0000 #/
11 0000
12 0000
13 a 0000 tenrec:
14 a 0000 proc options(main);
15 c 0000 2replace
16 c 0000  creat by 'M',
17 c 0000  lf by 'L',
18 c 0000  ack by 'A',
19 c 0000  nar by 'N',
20 c 0000  true by 'T',
21 c 0000  false by 'F';
22 c 0000 dcl
23 e 0000  (punch,d1), reader, s, sprint; file,
24 c 0000  checksum fixed(7),
25 c 0000  (line,col,bytes) fixed(15),
26 c 0000  (check,type) bit(8),
27 c 0000  start bit(8),
28 c 0000  length1 bit(8) static init('1E'b4),
29 c 0000  length2 bit(8) static init('1E'b4),
30 c 0000  (p,pdata,ptype,length,pcheck,pbdata)
31 c 0000  pointer,
32 c 0000  1 Breakdown based(p),
33 c 0000  2 hstart bit(8),
34 c 0000  2 hstart bit(8),
35 c 0000  rstart fixed(15) based(p),
36 c 0000  rdata(4,5,30) fixed(7) based(pdata),
37 c 0000  rtype fixed(7) based(ptype),
38 c 0000  rlength fixed(7) based(plength),
39 c 0000  rcheck fixed(7) based(pcheck),
40 c 0000  name char(14) varying,
41 c 0000  (rec_data,sen_data,chr) char(1),
42 c 0000  back tab char(4),
43 c 0000  data(4,5,30) bit(8),
44 c 0000  bdata(12b) bit(8) based(pdata),
45 c 0000  adata(100,12b) bit(8) based(pdata);
46 c 0000
47 c 0000 on error
48 e 0014 begin;
49 e 0017 dcl code fixed(15);
50 e 0017 code=oncode();
51 e 001D put skip edit('Error',code) (a,x(1),f(8));
52 e 004A if code = 64 then stop;
53 e 0059 put skip edit('length-',length) (a,b4(2));
54 e 0086 sen_data=name;
55 e 0092 get edit(chr) (a);
56 e 009F put skip edit('Heading Record # ') (a);
57 c 00D1 go to cont;

```

```

58 d 00D4      end;
59 c 00D4      back_tab = ascii(8)::ascii(8)::ascii(8)::ascii(8);
60 c 0100      p = addr(start);
61 c 0106      pdata = addr(data(1,1));
62 c 010C      ptype = addr(type);
63 c 0112      plength = addr(length);
64 c 0118      pcheck = addr(check);
65 c 011E      open file(sysprint) title('%con') stream output linesize(0);
66 c 013A      put skip edit('TEPREC: RECEIVE A FILE AT THE TTY PORT')(a);
67 c 015C      open file(reader) title('rdr') stream input linesize(0);
68 c 0178      open file(punch) title('pun') stream output linesize(0);
69 c 0194      put skip edit('Enter filename for destination system: ')(a);
70 c 01B6      get edit(name) (a);
71 c 01D3      open file(disk) title(name) output sequential env(128);
72 c 01EE      rec_data = ack;
73 c 01FA      put skip(2) edit('Destination file:',name)(a);
74 c 0225      put skip(2) edit('Reading Record 0 ')(a);
75 c 0247      line=1;
76 c 024D      nbytes=0;
77 c 0251      do while(length = '00'b4);
78 c 0259          call send(lr);
79 c 025F          rec_data=ack;
80 c 026B              do while (rec_data = '/');
81 c 027A                  get file(reader) edit(rec_data) (a(1));
82 c 0290                  end;
83 c 029D                  get file(reader) edit(start,length,type)
84 c 02CF                      (b4(4),b4(2),b4(2));
85 c 02CF                      if length='00'b4 then go to cont;
86 c 02DA                      if lostart='2F'b4 then signal error(64);
87 c 02EA                      get file(reader) edit((data[line,col] do col=1 to flength),check)
88 c 0350                          (30b4(2),b4(2));
89 c 0350                          checksum=0;
90 c 0354                              do col=1 to flength;
91 c 0372                                  type=data[line,col];
92 c 038B                                  checksum=checksum+substr(type,1,4)+substr(type,5,4);
93 c 0389                                  end;
94 c 0389                                  if checksum=fcheck then
95 c 03C3                                      do;
96 c 03C3                                          sen_data=ack;
97 c 03CF                                          line=line+1;
98 c 03D6                                          nbytes=nbytes+flength;
99 c 03EA                                          end;
100 c 03EA                                  else
101 c 03EA                                      sen_data=nak;
102 c 03F6                                      put edit(back_tab,start) (a(4),b4(4));
103 c 0425                                  cont: call send(sen_data);
104 c 042E                                  end;
105 c 042E                                  line=nbytes/128;
106 c 043C                                  if line#128 ^=nbytes then line=line+1;
107 c 0459                                      do col=1 to line;
108 c 0472                                          pdata=addr(adata(col));
109 c 0486                                          write file(disk) from(bdata);
110 c 04A8                                          end;
111 c 04A8                                          put skip edit('nbytes=',nbytes,'n-recs=',line) (2(a,f(6)));
112 c 04EB                                          close file(disk);
113 c 04F1 send:
114 c 04F1      proc (data);
115 e 04F1      dcl
116 e 04FB          data char(1);
117 e 04FB      put file(punch) edit(data)(a(1));

```

118 c 0510 end send;
119 c 0510
120 a 0510 end tekec;



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END

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DTIC

