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BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM CT 00244

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM





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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM. MASSACHUSETTS 02154

11 SEP 1920

Honorable Ella T. Grasso Governor of the State of Connecticut State Capitol Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Dear Governor Grasso:

Inclosed is a copy of the Buckingham Reservoir Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Protection, the cooperating agency for the State of Connecticut. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, City of Manchester, c/o Mr. Frank J. Jodaitis, Water & Sewer Administrator, 494 Main Street, Manchester, Connecticut 06040.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Protection for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

h. Xil MAX B. SCHEIDER

Colonel, Corps of Engineers Division Engineer

Incl As stated

BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM

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CT 00244

CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN

GLASTONBURY, CONNECTICUT



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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

Identification No.: Name of Dam: Town: County and State: Stream: Date of Inspection:

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CT 00244 Buckingham Reservoir Dam Glastonbury Hartford, Connecticut Roaring Brook 7 November, 1979

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

The Buckingham Reservoir Dam is an earth embankment 400 feet in length and 30 feet in maximum height. The width of the dam crest is about 15 feet. The upstream face of the dam varies in slope from 1 on 2 to 1 on 3 (vertical to horizontal). The downstream slope is 1 on 2½. A dike and spillway section is located to the left of the dam. The spillway is 50 feet long, constructed of concrete. The upstream dike embankment slopes at 1 on 2 (vertical to horizontal). The downstream embankment also slopes at 1 on 2. A 16" diameter supply main (to Manchester) and a 24" diameter blow-off pipe pass through the gatehouse and dam.

Buckingham Reservoir is used for public water supply. It has a storage of 380 acre-feet and a dam height of 30 feet. The dam is thus classified as "small" in size. The probable dam failure impact area is largely undeveloped woodland. However, two factories located in the village of East Glastonbury would be flooded to a depth of about 2 feet above first floor levels. With the possibility of the loss of a few lives and the probability of appreciable economic losses in the event of the dam failure, the dam has been classified as having a "significant" hazard potential.

As a result of the visual inspection and the review of limited available data regarding this project, the dam, spillway and dike appear to be in poor condition. The vertical and horizontal alignment of the dam is good. The downstream slope has several trees and high brush, especially at the abutments. Erosion gullies up to 8 inches deep on the downstream slope, due to vehicular traffic, were noted. The riprap on the upstream slope is in good condition with a few unprotected areas. Considerable seepage as evidenced by wet area downstream from the toe of dam and at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment was noted. Several springs were observed, although these springs did not appear to carry fine material. The concrete spillway and dike are in fair condition. The concrete spillway had areas of erosion, spalling and deterioration. Seepage was noted at the base of the left training wall. The dike was overgrown with brush; however, no seepage was observed. Apparent settlement or slumping was observed at upstream edge of dike's crest immediately to the right of the spillway. Apparent movement has occurred at the downstream toe adjacent to the left spillway training wall. The vertical and horizontal alignment was good. A few minor erosion gullies were noted on the downstream slope. For the combination of dam size (small) and downstream hazard (significant), a range in the magnitude of the test flood of 100-year frequency flood to the ½ PMF is given. A test flood of 100-year frequency flood was selected for this project. The maximum spillway capacity is 2,040 CFS at a stage of 5.7 feet above the spillway crest (equal to the top of dam). The capacity of the spillway is adequate to pass the 100-year test flood outflow of 1,260 CFS without overtopping the dam and dike.

Within one year of receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report, the owner should retain a qualified registered engineer to accomplish the following: 1) Investigate the seepage occurring downstream from the toe of the dam and at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment. The investigation should include an evaluation of the ability of the existing seepage collection system to adequately control and monitor the seepage. The need for additional drainage and collection systems, especially at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment, should be considered; 2) Investigate the seepage occurring at the base of the left spillway training wall to determine whether there is any danger of internal erosion of the spillway dike behind the wall and 3) repair all spalled and deteriorated concrete.

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The owner should also carry out the following operational and maintenance procedures: 1) Monitor on a regular basis the seepage occurring downstream from the toe of the dam and downstream from the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment. 2) Inititate regular readings of the quantity of seepage being collected by 3) Remove the trees growing on the the underdrain system. downstream slope at the abutments of the main dam. 4) The erosion gullies on the downstream slope of the dam at Sta 2+30 should be filled and protected by planting with grass. Vehicular traffic should not be allowed on the slope. 5) Replace missing riprap on upstream slope of dam. 6) Monitor on a regular basis the seepage occurring downstream at the base of the left spillway training wall. 7) Remove trees growing at the downstream toe of the spillway dike and in the downstream spillway channel. The 8) brush growing on the spillway dike should be cleared. 9) Backfill erosion gullies and 1 ft. deep hole on the downstream slope of the dike. 10) Monitor on a regular basis the two locations on the spillway dike slopes which show indications of past movement, i.e., the upstream edge of the crest immediately to the right of the spillway and the downstream toe immediately to the left of the spillway. 11) Engage a qualified registered engineer to make a comprehensive technical inspection of the dam and

dike once every year. 12) Establish a surveillance program for use during and immediately after heavy rainfall, and also a warning program to follow in case of emergency conditions. 13) Sediment should be removed from the outlet of the 24" diameter blow-off and the channel cleared of brush. The 16" diameter blow-off should be located and inspected and 14) Blow-off valves should be operated on a scheduled basis to ensure that they are in good working condition.

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S. Giavara,

Registered CT. 7634

This Phase I Inspection Report on Buckingham Reservoir Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the <u>Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of</u> <u>Dams</u>, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

CARNEY M. TERZIAN, MEMBER Design Branch Engineering Division

BICHARD DIBUONO, MEMBER Water Control Branch Engineering Division

ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, CHAIRMAN Geotechnical Engineering Branch Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECONDENDED:

Chief, Engineering Division

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation: however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which most herwise be detectable if inspected under the normal ope. In genvironment of the structure.

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It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The Phase I Investigation does not include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespass and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

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OVERVIEW PHOTO Buckingham Reservoir Dam



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OVERVIEW PHOTO Buckingham Reservoir Dam at Spillway and Dike



NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM - CT 00244

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL:

a. <u>Authority</u>. Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection through the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Flaherty Giavara Associates, P.C. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Connecticut. Authorization and notice to proceed was issued to Flaherty Giavara Associates, P.C. under a letter of 19 October 1979 from William E. Hodgson, Jr., Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW33-80-C-0001 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose.

1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of nonfederal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by nonfederal interests.

2) Encourage and assist the States to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-federal dams.

3) To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT:

a. Location. Buckingham Reservoir Dam (AKA Roaring Brook Dam No. 1) is located in Glastonbury, Connecticut on Roaring Brook. Access to the reservoir is from Old Coop Road and Route 94. The reservoir is located about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Buckingham. The reservoir is shown on the U.S.G.S. Topographic Map "Marlborough, Connecticut" at a latitude of $41^{\circ}43'02"$ and a longitude of $72^{\circ}29'56"$. The Location Map on page vii shows the location of the structure.

b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. The Buckingham Reservoir Dam is an earth embankment 400 feet in length and 30 feet in maximum height. The width of the dam crest is about 15 feet at an elevation of 458.7 NGVD. (Note: All elevations from plans have been converted to NGVD.)

- 1 -

The upstream face of the dam varies in slope from 1 on 2 to 1 on 3 (vertical to horizontal). The face of the dam is protected with riprap from El. 455 NGVD to El. 442 NGVD and with about 18 inches of stone and gravel to El. 432 NGVD. The downstream slope is 1 on $2\frac{1}{4}$, and the surface is loamed. A heavy stone fill is in place at the downstream toe. An impervious blanket was placed beneath the upstream slope and an impervious core material (loam) was rolled in layers or puddled just upstream of a concrete core wall at the centerline of the embankment. Steel sheet piling was driven beneath the core wall and embankment section.

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A downstream drainage collection system consisting of underdrains and drainage chambers (equipped with weirs) has been constructed downstream of the dam (subsequent to original dam construction).

A 16" diameter supply main (to Manchester) and a 24" diameter blow-off pipe pass through the gatehouse and dam.

A dike and spillway section is located approximately 200 feet to the left of the dam. The spillway is 50 feet long with a maximum height of 27 feet, constructed of concrete, with a top elevation of El. 452 NGVD (flash boards in place at elevation 453 NGVD). The top of the dike is at elevation 458.7 NGVD (field measured). The upstream embankment slopes at 1 on 2 (vertical to horizontal). The downstream embankment also slopes at 1 on 2.

The upstream slope consists of impervious material covered with gravel and stone; the downstream slope is constructed of coarse material. A concrete core wall is located in the center of the dike.

The spillway discharge enters Roaring Brook about 2,000 feet downstream of the spillway.

c. <u>Size Classification</u>. Buckingham Reservoir Dam has a storage volume of 380 acre-feet and a dam height of 30 feet. Storage of less than 1,000 acre-feet and a height of less than 40 feet classify this structure in the "small" category according to guidelines published by the Corps of Engineers.

d. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. The dam is classified as having a "significant" hazard potential. The probable dam failure impact area is largely undeveloped woodland. However, two factories located in the village of East Glastonbury would be flooded to a depth of about 2 feet above first floor levels. With the possibility of some loss of life and the probability of appreciable economic losses in the event of dam failure, the dam has been classified as having a significant hazard potential.

e. <u>Ownership</u>. City of Manchester, c/o Mr. Frank J. Jodaitis, Water and Sewer Administrator, 494 Main Street, Manchester, Connecticut, Phone: 203-647-3111.

f. Operator. The dam is operated by the Manchester Water Department. Mr. Robert Young (203-647-3111) is responsible for the operation of this dam.

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g. Purpose of Dam. The purpose of this dam is to impound the reservoir for use as a public water supply.

h. Design and Construction History. Design information consists of plans for construction of the dam and spillway dated February 1924. The dam was designed by C. Saviles, Consulting Engineer. The dam was visited by the design engineer frequently during construction. Work began about September 1, 1923 and was completed about August 1, 1924. A downstream seepage collection system was added after construction of the dam. The date of this post construction change is unknown.

i. Normal Operational Procedure. The Buckingham Reservoir Dam is a surface water storage facility for the Manchester Water Department. Water can be taken off through the upper gatehouse in a 16" diameter water supply main. A 24" diameter blow-off can be operated to lower the water level in the reservoir. The blow-off was not operated during the inspection. It is not known whether the flashboards on the spillway are ever removed for maintenance.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA:

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a. <u>Drainage Area</u>. The drainage area is 4.5 square miles of upland terrain that is generally well wooded and undeveloped. The drainage area forms the headwaters of Roaring Brook.

b. Discharge at Dam Site.

1) A 24-inch diameter cast iron pipe passes through the dam and was observed at the toe of downstream slope. A 16inch conduit is indicated on the plans but could not be located in the field. Assuming both outlet conduits are operational, the maximum outlet works discharge would be approximately 120 CFS.

2) There are no known records of past floods or flood stage heights at the dam.

3) The ungated spillway capacity at the top of dam - 2040 cfs @ El. 458.7 without flashboards and 1530 cfs @ El. 458.7 with flashboards in place.

4) The ungated spillway capacity at the test flood elevation - 1257 cfs @ El. 457.1.

5) The gated spillway capacity at normal pool elevation is not applicable at this dam.

6) The gated spillway capacity at test flood elevation is not applicable at this dam.

7) The total spillway capacity at test flood elevation - 1257 cfs @ El. 457.1.

8) The total project discharge at the top of dam is 2040 cfs at El. 458.7 without flashboards and 1530 cfs at El. 458.7 with flashboards in place.

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The total project discharge at test flood eleva-9) tion - 1257 cfs @ E1. 457.1. (Feet above National Geodetic Vertical c. Elevations. Datum: NGVD) Streambed at toe of dam.....429+ 1) Bottom of cut-off.....407+ 2) Maximum tailwater.....N/A 3) 4) Recreation pool.....N/A 5) Full flood control pool.....N/A Spillway crest.....452+, with flashboards 453+ 6) Design surcharge.....Unknown 7) 8) Test flood surcharge.....457.1+ 9) d. Reservoir. (Length in Feet) 1) 2) Flood control pool.....N/A 3) Top of dam......4,000+ 4) 5) Storage. (acre-feet) e. Normal pool (Spillway crest)......110 1) Flood control pool.....N/A 2) Spillway crest pool.....110 3) 4) 5) f. Reservoir Surface. (acres) 1) Flood control pool.....N/A 2)

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	3)	Spillway crest35		
	4)	Test flood pool.		
	5)	Top of dam	•••••	60
g.	Dam	<u>1</u> .		
			Dam	Dike
	1)	Туре:	Earth embankment	Earth embankment concrete spillway
	2)	Length:	400+ feet	w/spillway: 175± ft.
	3)	Height:	30 feet	27 feet
	4)	Top Width:	15 feet	15 feet
	5)	Side Slopes:	U/S 3-2 horizon- tal to l verti- cal; D/S 2½ horizontal to l vertical	U/S & D/S 2 hori- zontal to l verti- cal.
	6)	Zoning:	Riprap; gravel; sand and gravel, impervious material	
	7)	Impervious Core:	Concrete core	Concrete core
	8)	Cut-off:	Steel sheet piling below core wall	None
	9)	Grout Curtain:	None	None
h.	Div	ersion and Regula	ting Tunnel.	
	1)	Туре:	N/A	
	2)	Length:	N/A	
	3)	Closure:	N/A	
	4)	Access:	N/A	
	5)	Regulating Facilities:	N/A	
i.	<u>Spi</u>	llway.		
	1)	Туре:	Concrete gravity see with stepped D/S fac	ction ce
	2)	Length of Weir:	50 feet	

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3) Crest Elevation: 452+ feet; 453+ feet with flashboards 4) Gates: None 5) U/S Channel: Concrete training walls from reservoir, rock and gravel bed D/S Channel: Concrete training walls, 6) riprap bed Regulating Outlets. j. 1) Invert: 429.5+ 16 and 24 inch diameter 2) Size:

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- 3) Description: 24-inch blow-off and 16-inch supply with blow-off
- 4) Control Mechanism: Manually operated gate valves

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN:

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The following documents which contain the principal information regarding this dam and its appurtenances were reviewed in the preparation of this report.

a. <u>Drawings</u>. Roaring Brook Reservoir Glastonbury Conn. <u>Drawing of Dam</u> for the South Manchester Water Company, scale $I^{*} = 10^{\circ}$, Feb. 1924. Dam No. 1, Drawing No. 1 through No. 3 (see Appendix B).

Additionally, several items of correspondence pertaining to the project, including the results of periodic inspections conducted by the State were reviewed (see Appendix B).

2.2 CONSTRUCTION:

No information is available concerning the foundation preparation or embankment construction. However, the design engineer certified the following relative to construction of the dam.

"...this dam, to the best of my knowledge and belief was actually constructed as shown on the three sheets of drawings Nos. 1, 2, 3, entitled 'Roaring Brook Reservoir, Glastonbury, Conn. Drawings of Dam for the South Manchester Water Company. Dam No. 1, dated February 1924, approved 3/31/24.

"This dam was visited by me frequently during construction. Work commenced about 9/1/23 and completed about 8/1/24.

"The material used in the soil core on the upstream side of the dam and in the impervious blanket extending upstream was constructed essentially as shown on the plans. The loam was excellent quality, free from large stones, roots and vegetable matter and carefully placed and consolidated. The concrete, although occupying a somewhat minor place as regards the stability of the structure, was of excellent quality, carefully placed and of first rate appearance after the forms were removed. It was composed of one part Vulcanite cement and six parts of clean bank gravel from a pit near the site of the work. The cement appeared to be of excellent quality and was carefully housed before use. The concrete set well and was very hard at all times after the forms were removed. Practical tests were made on the ground with large size blocks of concrete mixed in different

proportions and the 1:6 mix chosen as giving the best results for practical purposes. This mix seemed the equivalent of a proportioned 1:2:4 mix."

Apparently subsurface drains of various sizes were added to the original design drawings. The date of construction of these drains is unknown. Details shown on the drawings are in good agreement with field observations.

2.3 OPERATION:

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Formal operational records are not available for this dam. Operation of the dam is by the Town of Manchester Water Department.

2.4 EVALUATION:

a. Availability. Only limited engineering information is available for this dam.

b. <u>Adequacy</u>. The lack of in-depth engineering data did not allow for a definitive review. Therefore, the adequacy of this dam could not be assessed from the standpoint of reviewing design and construction data, but is based primarily on visual inspection, past performance history and sound engineering judgement.

c. <u>Validity</u>. Only minor conflicts have been noted between the available data and the observations made during the inspection. In general, there is no reason to question the validity of the available data.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS:

C

a. <u>General</u>. Based on the visual inspection, the dam and its appurtenances, Buckingham Reservoir Dam, spillway and dike, appear to be in poor condition. The dam is an earth embankment with a riprap protection on the upstream face, an upstream impervious blanket, a concrete core wall and loamed downstream slope, with heavy stone fill at the toe. A concrete spillway section 50 feet long is located to the left of the main dam embankment. The spillway section is constructed in the center of a dike (embankment) with a concrete core wall.

The vertical and horizontal alignment of the dam is good. The downstream slope has several trees and high brush, especially at the abutments. Erosion gullies up to 8 inches deep on the downstream slope, due to vehicular traffic, were noted. The riprap on the upstream slope is in good condition with a few unprotected areas. Considerable seepage as evidenced by wet area downstream from the toe of dam and at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment was noted. Several springs were observed, although these springs did not appear to carry fine material.

The concrete spillway and dike are in poor condition. The concrete spillway had areas of erosion, spalling and deterioration. Seepage was noted at the base of the left training wall. The dike was overgrown with brush; however, no seepage was observed. Apparent settlement or slumping was observed at upstream edge of dike's crest immediately to the right of the spillway. Apparent movement has occurred at the downstream toe adjacent to the left spillway training wall. The vertical and horizontal alignment was good. A few minor erosion gullies were noted on the downstream slope. It was difficult to determine continuity of riprap coverage due to brush and vegetative debris.

b. Dam.

1) Upstream Face - The upstream slope of the dam has riprap protection up to about 3 ft. below the crest, as shown in Photo No. 1. An occasional opening was observed in the riprap, but the overall condition is generally good. No significant erosion was observed on the slope.

2) Crest - The crest of the dam is covered with grass and some low brush, and is in generally good condition, as shown in Photos No. 2 and No. 3. The gatehouse for the outlet works is located on the crest, as can be seen in Photos No. 1 and No. 3.

- 9 -

3) Downstream Slope - Photos No. 4, No. 5, No. 8 and No. 9 show the general condition of the downstream slope. The slope is covered with grass and some brush. Several trees (up to 1-ft.-diameter) are growing on the downstream slope near the right abutment, as shown in Photo No. 6. Trees are also growing at the left abutment, as shown in Photo No. 9. Vehicular traffic on the slope at Sta 2+30 has created gullies up to 8-in.-deep, as shown in Photo No. 6. Several animal holes up to 6-in.-diameter were observed on the slope, and several large animal holes up to 1½-ft.-diameter were observed near the downstream toe.

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Much of the area downstream from the toe of the dam is saturated and spongy, and a large area between Sta 4+00 and 5+00 is covered with standing water (Photo No. 11). The wet area is about 80 feet long by 20 feet wide, located 10 to 30 feet downstream of the toe. A small spring was observed at about Sta 4+30, approximately 30 ft. downstream from the toe. The seepage from the spring had no visible turbidity.

Seepage was also observed at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment (approximately Sta 6+00). Several small springs were observed at the toe of the slope in this area. The seepage from the springs had no visible turbidity.

The dam has an extensive downstream seepage collection system. The seepage collection system is not shown on the original construction drawings, indicating that the system was installed subsequent to the original construction of the dam. One of the available drawings shows a sketch of the seepage collection system superimposed on a copy of the original construction drawing. This drawing shows two seepage collection chambers, both of which were observed in the field. These are visible in Photo No. 7.

A third seepage collection chamber, which is not shown on the drawing, was observed about 50 to 60 ft. downstream from the dam at approximately Sta 1+75. Considerable flow was observed in the seepage collection system at the time of inspection. The collection chambers are equipped with weirs for measuring the volume of flow (see Photo No. 10). A representative of the owner, present during the inspection, indicated that the volume of seepage is not being monitored.

4) <u>Blow-off</u> - The outlet of a 24" diameter cast iron pipe was located and found to be $\frac{1}{2}$ full of sediment, as shown in Photo No. 12. The end of the pipe had a hairline crack in it. The pipe discharges into a four foot wide channel that is heavily overgrown with brush. A second blow-off, 16 inches in diameter, is shown on the plans but could not be located in the field. The gatehouse control valves for the blow-offs were not inspected or operated during the site visit.

c. Appurtenant Structures. The spillway is located in an earth dike to the left of the main dam, as shown in Photos No. 13 and No. 14. The general configuration of the spillway and

spillway dike is shown in the overview photo. Water was overflowing the spillway at the time of inspection.

1) <u>Spillway Dike</u> - The available construction drawings indicate that the spillway dike has a concrete core wall and that the left section of the dike embankment and left half of the spillway are founded on rock.

The upstream slope of the dike has riprap up to about 3 ft. below the crest. The riprap is covered with brush and vegetative debris above the water line, as shown in Photo No. 14, making it difficult to evaluate the continuity of the riprap coverage.

The crest of the dike is grass covered (see Photo No. 15). As can be seen in the photo, the upstream portion of the crest immediately to the right of the spillway appears to have settled or slumped toward the reservoir.

The downstream slope of the dike is covered with grass and low brush. Several small trees are growing at the downstream toe of the slope. A few erosion gullies were observed on the downstream slope. A hole, about 1 foot deep and 1 foot in diameter, was observed on the slope about 8 feet to the left of the spillway and about 8 feet downslope from the crest.

2) <u>Spillway</u> - The spillway weir and training walls are concrete (see Photo No. 16). The spillway training wall is in fair condition, with some spalling noted (Photo No. 17). There are short sections of stone masonry wall at the downstream ends of the spillway training walls, as shown in Photo No. 18. The downstream end of the stone masonry wall on the left side of the spillway has been displaced about 4-5 inches downslope. 12" high, wooden flashboards were in place on the spillway crest and are in good condition.

Considerable seepage was observed at several locations along the base of the left spillway training wall. Seepage was observed at the base of both the concrete training wall (Photo No. 18) and the stone masonry wall section. The seepage had no visible turbidity. The available construction drawings indicate that the concrete training wall on this side of the spillway is founded on rock.

The downstream spillway channel is a natural stream bed, as shown in Photo No. 19. There are a number of small trees growing in and overhanging the channel, as shown in the photo.

3) Spillway Apron - The spillway discharges onto a riprap apron located between the retaining walls. The rocks range up to 3 feet in diameter, and there appears to have been some movement of the rock in the past. There is no evidence of degradation.

- 11 -

d. <u>Reservoir Area</u>. The land around the reservoir's perimeter has mild to moderate slopes and is well wooded. There is no evidence of slides or unstable slopes (see Photo No. 20).

e. <u>Downstream Channel</u>. The spillway apron discharges into a natural channel that is 15 to 25 feet wide and 2 to 3 feet deep (Photo No. 19). The channel has a natural bed of sand and gravel, with some cobbles and boulders. Minor erosion of the banks is occurring for the first 200+ feet downstream of the spillway dike, and sand bars with some vegetation have formed in the center. The channel banks and floodplain are heavily wooded.

3.2 EVALUATION:

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On the basis of the results of the visual inspection, the dam appears to be in poor condition. The inspection disclosed the following items which require attention:

a. A considerable amount of seepage is occurring downstream from the toe of the dam and at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment. Several small springs were noted in these areas. Although no evidence of sediment transport was observed, this seepage warrants further investigation.

b. Trees are growing on the downstream slope at both abutments of the main dam.

c. Vehicular traffic on the downstream slope at Sta 2+30 has resulted in formation of erosion gullies on the slope.

d. Considerable seepage is occurring along the base of the left spillway training wall.

e. There is some indication of past movement at two locations on the spillway dike slopes; the upstream edge of the crest immediately to the right of the spillway appears to have settled or slumped toward the reservoir and the downstream end of the stone masonry wall on the left side of the spillway has been displaced downslope.

f. Several small trees are growing at the downstream toe of the spillway dike, and the dike slopes are partially covered with brush.

g. Trees are growing in the downstream spillway channel.

h. The outlet for the 24" diameter blow-off conduit is half full of sediment and the channel is heavily overgrown with brush. The outlet for the 16" diameter blow-off could not be located. i. Animal holes were noted on the downstream slope of the dam.

j. Riprap is missing at some locations on the upstream slope.

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k. A 1-foot deep hole on the downstream slope of the dike.

1. Erosion gullies on the downstream slope of the dike.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES:

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a. <u>General</u>. The Buckingham Reservoir Dam is a surface water storage facility for the Manchester Water Department. Water can be taken off through the upper gatehouse in a 16-inch diameter water supply main. A 24" diameter blow-off can be operated to lower the water level in the reservoir. The blow-off was not operated during the inspection. It is not known whether the flashboards on the spillway are ever removed for maintenance.

b. <u>Description of any Warning System in Effect</u>. There is no formal warning system in effect in the event of a failure or partial failure of the structure.

4.2 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES:

a. <u>General</u>. It does not appear that any formal maintenance procedures are practiced at the dam. Numerous trees and brush have overgrown the downstream slope.

b. Operating Facilities. There are no formal maintenance procedures followed for the operating facilities.

4.3 EVALUATION:

Regular operation maintenance procedures for this dam and its appurtenances have not been developed or implemented.

An emergency action plan should be prepared to prevent or minimize the impact of failure. This plan should list the expedient action to be taken and authorities to be contacted in emergency situations.

SECTION 5 - EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

5.1 GENERAL DATA:

The Buckingham Reservoir Dam is an earth structure with a concrete spillway. The crest length of the dam is 400 feet; its height is 30 feet. The spillway is separated from the dam by natural high ground; therefore the spillway is constructed in conjunction with an earth dike. The 50-foot-long centrally located spillway discharges onto a series of stone steps and thence directly into a natural channel.

The watershed area is 4.5 square miles of upland terrain that is well wooded. The majority of the land within the watershed is presently undeveloped. Approximately 5 percent of the land within the watershed drains into ponds or lakes upstream of the dam.

5.2 DESIGN DATA:

No specific design data is available for this watershed or the structures of Buckingham Reservoir Dam. In lieu of existing design information, U.S.G.S. Topographic Maps (Scale 1" = 2,000') were utilized to develop hydrologic parameters. Some of the pertinent hydraulic design data was obtained and/or confirmed by actual field measurements at the time of the visual field inspection.

5.3 EXPERIENCE DATA:

Historical data for recorded discharges is not available for this dam.

5.4 TEST FLOOD ANALYSIS:

The test flood for determining the spillway adequacy is based upon Corps of Engineers guidelines. The size classification of the dam is "small" based upon a height of 30 feet and storage volume of 380 acre-feet. The hazard potential is "significant" due to the land use downstream of the dam. The test flood required by Corps of Engineers guidelines for this size dam and hazard potential can range from the 100-year return frequency flood to the $\frac{1}{2}$ probable maximum flood (PMF).

The test flood selected for this project is the 100-year flood, due to the possibility of the loss of a few lives and the probability of appreciable economic loss due to dam failure. The relative size of the dam and reservoir storage volume was taken into account when selecting the test flood at the lower end of the range. The magnitude of the test flood was determined by using a hydrograph method developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, and described in the publication "Design of Small Dams," by the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation.

The test flood was developed based on a runoff rate for a storm with a 6 hour duration. The test flood for this duration storm was computed to be 1634 CFS. Triangular hydrographs were developed based on the computed spillway test flood inflow rates.

The hydrograph was routed through the reservoir using a computer program based on stage-storage and stage-discharge data. The reservoir was assumed to be full and level with the spillway crest prior to the storm event. The flashboards were assumed to be in place during routing of the test flood. In addition, it was assumed that the outlet conduits were closed throughout the test flood duration. The computations indicate that the test flood peak inflow rate of 1634 CFS is reduced to a peak outflow rate of 1257 CFS, which represents a reservoir attenuation effect of 23 percent.

The peak flood stage at the spillway is at elevation 457.1 NGVD, which is 1.6 feet below the crest of the dam. The spillway can therefore pass 100 percent of the test flood outflow. The maximum spillway capacity is 2040 CFS, without overtopping the dam (a stage of 5.7 above the spillway crest El. 453.0 NGVD).

5.5 DAM FAILURE ANALYSIS:

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The downstream impact of a dam failure was analyzed using the Corps of Engineers "Rule of Thumb Guidance for Estimating Downstream Dam Failure Hydrographs" dated April 1978.

Based upon an assumed breach width of 80 feet, which is equal to 40% of the dam's width at mid-height, the peak flood flow due to failure would be 22,087 CFS with an initial depth of 30 feet just downstream of the dam. The total flow (base flow plus failure outflow) is 24,128 CFS.

The probable impact area is largely undeveloped woodland. However, two active factories located about 2 miles downstream of the dam would be flooded with about 2± feet of water above their first floors. They are the Peerless Woodworking Company and Quality Name Plate Company located in the village of East Glastonbury, Connecticut. The economic loss is anticipated to be appreciable if dam failure were to occur. The depth of water at the downstream impact area prior to and just after assumed failure is 5 and 8 feet respectively.

SECTION 6 - EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 VISUAL OBSERVATIONS:

The visual inspection did not disclose any immediate stability problems.

Features indicating slope movement were observed at two locations on the spillway dike. The appearance of these features suggests limited surficial movement rather than large deep-seated movement.

The discharge observed near the downstream toe of the main dam showed no evidence of sediment transport; however, they warrant further investigation. The source of the flows should be investigated and appropriate recommendations developed.

6.2 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION DATA:

The available data consists of three construction drawings entitled "Roaring Brook Reservoir, Drawings of Dam for the South Manchester Water Company, Dam No. 1," dated February 1924 and an undated sketch of a seepage collection system superimposed on a copy of one of the construction drawings.

The available data is not sufficient to permit a formal stability analysis. The present evaluation is based primarily upon the visual inspection.

6.3 POST-CONSTRUCTION CHANGES:

The existing seepage collection system was apparently installed subsequent to the original construction of the dam, since it is not shown on the original construction drawings. No information was available on the design and construction details of the collection and monitoring system.

6.4 SEISMIC STABILITY:

Buckingham Reservoir Dam is located in Seismic Zone 1 and, in accordance with the recommended Phase I guidelines, does not warrant seismic analysis.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT:

a. <u>Condition</u>. The visual inspection indicates that the dam is in poor condition. The major concerns with respect to the long-term performance of the dam are:

1) Seepage is occurring downstream from the toe of the dam and at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment. Several small springs were noted in these areas.

2) Considerable seepage is occurring along the base of the left spillway training wall.

3) There is some indication of past movement at two locations on the spillway dike slopes.

b. <u>Adequacy</u>. The engineering information available was limited and thus assessment of the condition of the dam was based primarily on the results of the visual inspection, past operational performance of the structure and sound engineering judgement.

c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations and remedial measures presented in Sections 7.2 and 7.3 should be implemented by the owner within one year of receipt of this Phase I inspection report.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS:

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The owner should retain a qualified registered engineer to accomplish the following:

a. Investigate the seepage occurring downstream from the toe of the dam and at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment. The investigation should include an evaluation of the ability of the existing seepage collection system to adequately control and monitor the seepage. The need for additional drainage and collection systems, especially at the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment, should be considered.

b. Investigate the seepage occurring at the base of the left spillway training wall to determine whether there is any danger of internal erosion of the spillway dike behind the wall.

c. Repair all spalled and deteriorated concrete.

7.3 REMEDIAL MEASURES:

a. Operation and Maintenance Procedures. The owner should:

- 18 -

1) Monitor on a regular basis the seepage occurring downstream from the toe of the dam, downstream from the toe of the natural slope at the left abutment, and at the base of the left spillway training wall.

2) Initiate regular readings of the quantity of seepage being collected by the underdrain system.

3) Remove the trees growing on the downstream slope at the abutments of the main dam, at the downstream toe of the spillway dike, and in the downstream spillway channel. The roots should be removed and backfilled. The brush growing on the dam and spillway dike slopes should be cleared.

4) The erosion gullies on the downstream slope of the dam at Sta 2+30 should be filled and protected by planting with grass. Vehicular traffic should not be allowed on the slope.

5) All animal holes on the downstream slope of the dam should be backfilled.

6) Replace missing riprap on upstream slope of dam.

7) Backfill erosion gullies and 1 ft. deep hole on the downstream slope of the dike.

8) Monitor on a regular basis the two locations on the spillway dike slopes which show indications of past movement, i.e., the upstream edge of the crest immediately to the right of the spillway and the downstream toe immediately to the left of the spillway.

9) Engage a qualified registered engineer to make a comprehensive technical inspection of the dam and dike/spillway once every year.

10) Establish a surveillance program for use during and immediately after heavy rainfall, and also a warning program to follow in case of emergency conditions.

11) Sediment should be removed from the outlet of the 24" diameter blow-off and the channel cleared of brush. The 16" diameter blow-off should be located and inspected.

12) Blow-off values should be operated on a scheduled basis to ensure that they are in good working condition.

7.4 ALTERNATIVES:

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There are no practical alternatives to the recommendations contained in Sections 7.2 and 7.3.

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APPENDIX A

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INSPECTION CHECK LIST

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PARTY ORGANIZATION

ROJECT BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM	DATE <u>Nov. 7, 1979</u>
	TIME _0900
	WEATHER <u>Cloudy - 45°</u> F
	W.S. ELEV. U.S. DN.
ARTY:	
R. Smith, FGA, Project Manager	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
J. MacBroom, FGA, Hydraulics/Hydroloc	IV
R. Murdock, GEI, Geotechnical	
D. Shields, GEI, Geotechnical	
R. Young, Manchester Water Department	
PROJECT FEATURE	INSPECTED BY REMARK
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DAM: BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM

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DATE: Nov. 7, 1979

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
DAM EMBANKMENT	
Crest Elevation	
Current Pool Elevation	
Maximum Impoundment to Date	
Surface Cracks	None observed.
Pavement Condition	No pavement, grass covered.
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None observed.
Lateral Movement	None observed.
Vertical Alignment	No misalignment observed.
Horizontal Alignment	No misalignment observed.
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Trees growing on downstream slope at abutments.
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None observed.
Trespassing on Slopes Sloughing or Erosion of	Vehicular traffic on downstream slope at Sta 2+30. Erosion gullies on downstream slope at Sta 2+30, due to vehicular traffic
Book Slope Dretection	Diemen en unstuern elene meed eendi
Riprap Failures	tion.
Unusual M ovement or Cracking at or near Toes	None observed.
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	Considerable seepage downstream from toe of dam and at toe of natural slope at left
Piping or Boils	None observed.
Foundation Drainage Features	Extensive downstream seepage collection system.
Toe Drains	Plans show stone fill toe-drain - not visable
Instrumentation System	Weirs in seepage collection chambers.
Vegetation	Crest and downstream slope are grass covered with some low brush. Trees growing on downstream slope at abutments.

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DAM: BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM DATE: Nov. 7, 1979 AREA EVALUATED CONDITIONS DIKE EMBANKMENT **Crest** Elevation Spillway Dike. Current Pool Elevation Maximum Impoundment to Date None observed. Surface Cracks No pavement, grass covered. Pavement Condition Movement or Settlement Apparent settlement or slumping at upstream edge of crest immediately to the right of the spillway. of Crest Apparent movement at downstream toe at left Lateral Movement spillway training wall. Vertical Alignment No misalignment observed. Horizontal Alignment No misalignment observed. Condition at Abutment and Good, except for apparent movement adjacent to at Concrete Structures spillway (see above). Downstream end of stone masonry training wall on Indications of Movement left side of spillway is displaced about 4 to of Structural Items on 5 in. downslope. Slopes No evidence of trespassing. Trespassing on Slopes Few minor erosion gullies on downstream slope. Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments Riprap on upstream slope - difficult to determine Rock Slope Protection continuity of coverage due to brush and **Riprap** Failures vegetative debris. Unusual Movement or Apparent movement at downstream toe at left Cracking at or near Toes spillway training wall. Seepage at base of left spillway training wall. Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage None observed. **Piping** or Boils **Foundation** Drainage None. Features None. Toe Drains Crest and slopes are grass covered. Instrumentation System Brush on slopes and several small trees at Vegetation downstream toe.

DAM:____BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM_____

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DATE: Nov. 7, 1979

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND INTAKE STRUCTURE	
a. Approach Channel	Not visable, underwater.
Slope Conditions	
Bottom Conditions	5
Rock Slides or Falls	
Log Boom	
Debris	
Condition of Concrete Lining	
Drains or Weep Holes	
b. Intake Structure	
Condition of Concrete	
Stop Logs and Slots	
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PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

DAM: BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR	DAM DATE:_Nov7, 1979
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER	
a. Concrete and Structural	Control tower in good condition. The outlet works could not be inspected during the site visit
Condition of Joints	during the site visit.
Sparring	
Visible Reinforcing	
Rusting or Staining of Concrete	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	·
Joint Alignment	
Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber	
Cracks	
Rusting or Corrosion of Steel	
b. Mechanical and Electrical	
Air Vents	
Float Wells	
Crane Hoist	
Elevator	
Hydraulic System	
Service Gates	
Emergency Gates	
Lightning Protection System	
Emergency Power System	
Wiring and Lighting System in Gate Chamber	

DAM: _____BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM

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DATE: Nov. 7, 1979

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT	
General Condition of Con crete	
Rust or Staining on Concrete	
Spalling	
Erosion or Cavitation	
Cracking	
Alignment of Monoliths	
Alignment of Joints	
Numbering of Monoliths	
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DAM: Buckingham Reservoir Dam

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DATE: Nov. 7, 1979

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AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS	
OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL		
General Condition of Concrete	· .	
Rust or Staining		
Spalling		- - -
Erosion or Cavitation		
Visible Reinforcing		
Any Seepage or Efflorescence		
Condition at Joints		
Drain Holes	Not applicable	
Channel	Not applicable	•
Loose Rock or Trees Overhanging Channel	Not applicable	
Condition of Discharge Channel	Not applicable	-
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DAM :____BUCKINGHAM RESERVOIR DAM

DATE: Nov. 7, 1979

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	Not applicable.
General Condition	
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	
Trees Overhanging Channel	
Floor of Approach Channel	
b. Weir and Training Walls	
General Condition of Concrete	Spillway traning wall in fair condition, with some spalling noted.
Rust or Staining	None.
Spalling	Some spalling noted.
Any Visible Reinforcing	No visible reinforcing.
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	Seepage at base of left training wall.
Drain Holes	None.
c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Natural streambed in fair condition
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None.
Trees Overhanging Channel	Trees overhanging channel.
Floor of Channel	Trees growing in floor of channel.
Other Obstructions	None.

PERIODIC	INSPECTION CHECK	LIST
NATIONAL	DAM INSPECTION PF	OGRAM
DAM:BUCKINGHAM_RESERVOI	R DAM	DATE: Nov. 7. 197
AREA EVALUATED	CONDI	TIONS
OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE BRIDGE		
a. Superstructure	None.	
Bearings	· ·	
Anchor Bolts		
Bridge Seat		
Longitudinal Members		
Under Side of Deck		
Secondary Bracing	·	
Deck		
Drainage System		
Railings		
Expansion Joints		
Paint		
. Abutment & Piers		
General Condition of Concrete		
Alignment of Abutment		
Approach to Bridge		
Condition of Seat and Backwall	<i>,</i>	
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APPENDIX B

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ENGINEERING DATA

	CHECK LIST NAME OF DAM BUCKINGHAM Reser ENGINEERING DATA DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION I.D. NO. CT 00244 PHASE I	ITEM REMARKS	AS-BUILT DRAWINGS Construct plans - Manchester Water Department files	REGIONAL VICINITY MAP Available from U.S.G.S.	CONSTRUCTION HISTORY United Data - Manchester Water Department files	TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM From plans	OUTLETS - Plan From plans, field measurements	- Details From plans	- Constraints Unknown	- Discharge Ratings Nome available	RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS Unavailable	DESIGN REPORTS None	GEOLOGY REPORTS None	DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES None	MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORINGS RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	
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	NAME OF DAM Buckingham Beservoir Dan I.D. NO. Cr 00244					available											
	CHECK LIST ENGINEERING DATA SSIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION PHASE I	REMARKS	Nome available	Unknown	Unknown	Downstream underdrain system, sketch		None	Unknown	Unavailable	From plans	From plans	From plans	From plans			
1997年1月1日の日本語の意味が見ていた。 1997年1月1日の1月1日の1月1日の1月1日の1月1日の1月1日の1月1日の1月1日	B	ITEM	POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	BORROW SOURCES	MONITORING SYSTEMS	MODIFICATIONS	HIGH POOL RECORDS	POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS	MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS	SPILLWAY PLAN	SECTIONS	DETAILS	OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS		8	-2

















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RM PUR STO 201	DATE
INTERDEPARTMENT MAIL	March 29, 1968
ro File	DEPARTMENT
. ом • William H. O'Brien, III, Civil Engineer	Water Resources Commission
Buckingham or Roaring Brook Reservoir, Gl	ustonkurry .

An unidentified person called this office on March 27, 1968 and reported a leak on the dam at Roaring Brook Reservoir in Glastonbury which he thought was owned by the Manchester Water Company <u>(actual</u> <u>owner: Town of Manchester Water Department</u> - two separate companies). Because of this call, the undersigned visited the site on March 28, 1968.

The 350' ± earth dike along the west of the reservoir seemed to be in very good condition. There was a mixture of some moss with good grass cover over the entire downstream slope but with no mushy areas on the slope. From the toe of the slope out for about 100 feet from the dam, there is water standing up to 6 inches deep in places in a very marshy area. The ground beneath the water had grass cover and was not unduly soft and had been in this condition since the dam was built back in the 1920's per Mr. Lockwood of the Water Department. This is not considered a source of concern. There was a depression, however, about 10 feet out from the toe of the dam nearly in line with the gate house and toe drain sump hole (see attached sketch). These items brought to the attention of the Water Department in letter dated March 29, 1968.

The dam on the south side of the reservoir is an earth dam $(75'\pm$ in length west of the spillway and 50' to the east). The spillway is about 50' in length and is built in step fashion out of stone with concrete wing walls. There are many trees growing on the downstream side of the earth embankments and water was noticed boiling in a 6" depth of water at the base of the westerly wing wall. These items brought to the attention of the Water Department in letter dated March 29, 1968. There was no evidence of fine material being carried out by this flow.

Civil Engineer

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Attached sketch

Buckingham KESEVOID OF NOUVING Drock KESEVOID, GLASTONDU Field Inspection on March 28, 1968 Coner: Town of Manchester Water Dept. Brick gate house Depression in ground (4 diameter and I'deep) Collection point or sumphole or toe drains-Assumed location 12" tile -Buckingham Resever Pump house-Rearing Brook Reserveir (a) one time they Mumped the drainage ba Kinto Resevein DAM~ @Many trees growing on down stream side of dam 3 Water boiling in 6" depth of water at lase of concrete retaining willi. No evidence of material being Carried out in How. Items 0, 2 + 3 brought to attention of town of Manchester Water Dept. in letter dated 3/29/68 W. H.O'Pinca B - 9

March 29, 1968

Mr. Lawrence Wittkofske, Superintendent Town of Manchester Water Department Manchester, Connecticut

Roaring Brook Resevoir Re: Glastonbury - Dams

Dear Mr. Wittkofske:

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As a follow up to our telephone conversation on March 28, we are sending you the results of our field inspection of Roaring Brook Reservoir or Buckingham Reservoir on March 27, 1968.

Concerning the earth dike along the west side of the reservoir, a depression approximately one foot deep and four feet in diameter was noticed about ten feet out from the toe of the slope almost in line with the gate house and toe drain sump hole. Is this over the location of a pipe? If so, an excavation should probably be made to determine if there is a hole in the pipe.

Although there was more water standing near the base of this dam than is normally the case, this does not necessarily indicate any instability of the structure especially since it has been very wet at the base ever since the dam was built according to Mr. Lockwood. However, you indicated in our telephone conversation that there seemed to have been an increase in this flow over the past few years, but that there had been nothing noticed within the last few months to indicate that there was any urgency involved. Please summarize your observations chronologically and send us a copy of any plans which you may have.

At the dam on the south end of the lake, there were many small trees growing on the downstream earth embankment which should be cut down to avoid damage to the dam from overtopping in a storm. Also there was water boiling up in a six inch depth of water at the base of the westerly wing wall. There was no evidence that any material was being carried from within the dam in this flow but this leak should be corrected.

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Mr. Wittkofske

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May we hear from you in the near future in regard to these items?

Very truly yours,

William H. O'Brien, III Civil Engineer

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REP ORT

to

The Selectmen, Town of Manchester

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S. H. WATER COLPANY

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8. M. SANITARY AND SEVER DISTRICT

 A statistic December 27, 1932 (Second Second Se Second Seco

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्राम्स स्टेश्वा अस्य कृत्यतिस्त संस्त द्वित्वारी तुव्हारि एक कुल्हां हो स्वत हु। तहारा स्वयद्वारी विदेश प्रकार स्वस्थान्त होता का नोरु प्रायो स्वतिहान विव स्वत्या असीव अस्ति । व्याह्य स्वतारा ता वारा स्वतिर स्वत्वारा स्वर्थनेक्ष स्वती । प्रायत्वारा हो । यहारा त्वारा हा है । यहारा प्र

ALFRED H. TERRY CHARLES J. BEIJETT

Autor and the method of a solution of base for the former to commission in the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution in the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of RECEIVED is the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of APR 1 1 1968

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influence of the leakage at Rearing Brook on the stornge capacity . of the recervoir is unknown.

We have, however, conditions in the year 1931 as a guide. This year, according to the Water Company's records, was the lowest in total mainfall since 1837. The condition of the three reservoirs, therefore, in 1931, in as much as they are influenced by the loakage at Rearing Brook, gives a reasonable idea of what can be expected from the combined storage in an extremely dry year.

After giving due weight to the somewhat low quantity of water used in 1931, we find that there conditions indicate that the present supply could have cared for a population of about 66% in excess of the 1931 population.

The population at Manchester has increased since 1880 at the rate of 28% every 10 years. This, of course, is based on compounding the increase at each census. It seems likely that the rate of growth is somewhat less at present and that it is safe to say that the supply is sufficient for at least 20 years.

The design of the Rearing Brook dam is open to some criticism in that the sheeting driven to out off leakage is not enclosed at its top by the concrete core wall. This sheeting has been surrounded with immervious material which is designed to give the necessary protection egainst leakage, but is not so sure a method of securing this result as would have been the method of surrounding the sheeting with concrete.

There is considerable percolation through the soil under-

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neath and around this dam amounting to about 400 gallons per minute with the pond at spillway elevation. Diagram 0 shows the leakage in relation to pond elevations for the years 1929 to 1933 inclusive. It will appear from the diagram that the elevation of the water in the pond has considerable influence on the amount of leakage varying from 400 g.p.m. for pond at elevation 429 to 150 g.p.m. for pond at elevation 422. While the diagram is on too small a scale to show the fluctuations due to variations in rainfall the records show that rainfall has an influence on the leakage. It seems, therefore, a justifiable conclusion that the main leakage comes from the storage area, but that a portion of the leakage, perhape considerable in amount, comes from other sources.

We do not think that this leakage is a monace to the stability of the dam. The dam has been in existence for about seven years, careful record of the amount of leakage has been kept for the last six years. This record does not indicate that the amount of leakage is increasing.

While it is impossible to determine from available information whether this leakage is concentrated or distributed throughout the length of the dam, if it is distributed, it would amount to only one gallon per minute per lineal foot of dam for the condition of 400 gallons per minute with the pond at spill-

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is not a menace to the stability of the dam, we recognize that the responsibility for damage, in case of failure, would rest upon the owner of the property at the time of such failure.

The leakage at Roaring Brook dam, in our opinion, while not a menace to the stability of the dam, does decrease the available water supply and makes the useful life of the dam less than would otherwise be the case. This fact is given weight in applying depreciation to this particular structure.

There is about four miles of wood stave pipe laid from the Roaring Brook dam to the filter plant at Line Street. In as much as the probable life of wood stave pipe is from 20 to 25 years it is evident that this pipe will have to be replaced about 1950.

This makes the date for replacing the wood stave pipe approximately the same as that when additional storage will be required. About this time also the present bond issue of \$500,000 is due for retirement.

The Roaring Brook supply is filtered at Line Street. This plant is good for approximately twice its present use so that additional expense at this point is not to be anticipated for some time to come.

The Porter Howard supply is not at present filtered although it is sterilized. The upper part of the Porter water shed is swampy. Normally the water from this portion of the shed is bypassed and not used. If used, under the present conditions, it is aerated to some

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BUCK & BUCK

ENGINEERS

71 CAPITOL AVENUE, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 05103

JAMES A. THOMPSON Robinson W. Buck

Comm. 5713-48

November 20, 1968

Mr. William H. O'Brien III Water Resources Commission State Office Building Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Roaring Brook Res, Dam 7 Aus) Buckingham Reservir) S Aus)

Dear Bill:

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As requested, we made an inspection on even date of the Buckingham Reservoir. As in previous inspections, the water level was quite low, being 57 inches below the normal spillway level. We observed the depression near the downstream toe of the slope. However, it was dry. There is a two-inch diameter hole in the bottom of the depression but it, too, was dry.

In general the entire base of the dike was drier than we had expected it to be. However, the underdrains were still quite active. The downstream area of the spillway, at the southerly end of the reservoir was also dry. We are sure these conditions are due to the relatively low water level. We will continue to check the site periodically and should we detect an alarming increase in the seepage rate or locate a possible "boil" we will notify you immediately.

Sincerely yours,

BUCK & BUCK

James A. Thompson

STATE WATER RESOURCE COMMISSION RECEIVED

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FILED

BUCK & BUCK

ENGINEERS

71 CAPITOL AVENUE, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106

JAMBE A. THOMPSON BOBINSON W. BUCK

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Comm. 5713-48



August 6, 1969

Mr. William H. O'Brien III Water Resources Commission State Office Building Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Re: Buckingham Reservoir Roaring Brook Glastonbury, Connecticut

Dear Bill:

Since our initial inspection of the subject dam, we have made inspections on March 28, 1969 and July 31, 1969. During both of these inspections the water level was at, or very close to, spillway discharge. The area immediately downstream of the toe of the principle dam was very wet during both inspections. We could not discern a definite flow or velocity in this water. Flow in the underdrainage system was very active and appeared to be at a greater rate than that witnessed during our inspection of November 20, 1968.

Your letter of April 17, 1969 requested that we report on the stability of this structure. With the information ailable to us at the present, it is impossible for us to make an accura appraisal of the dam. To do so, we feel it would be necessary to determine the actual locations of the phreatic surface, the structural characteristics of the embankment material, and the rate of seepage through the dam. We feel this is outside the scope of our contract and is a determination the owner should make.

This subject was discussed in the Terry & Bennett report to the Town of Manchester in 1932. It was Terry & Bennett's opinion that the dam was safe. This was based on the fact that seepage was not increasing, and the dam had performed satisfactorily for seven years.

It is our opinion that measurement of the seepage should be reinstated and recorded weekly, along with the reservoir water surface elevation. These readings could be compared with those taken previously. A significant increase in the flow would act as a warning of possible danger. To determine the phreatic line, it will be necessary to install
DATE

ENGINEERS

Mr. William H. O'Brien III August 6, 1969

расв 2 сомм. 5713-48

prizometers in the dam. It would be most informative if a series of prizometers were installed on down the downstream slope and the water levels recorded with the seepage rate and reservoir levels. This combination of information, along with soil analyses, could then be used by the owner's engineer to determine the structural stability of the dam.

In summary, we do not have enough information to make an accurate determination of the safety of this dam and recommend the owner provide the previously mentioned information for review by the Water Resources Commission.

Sincerely,

Buck & Buck anu James A. Thompson

September 9, 1969

Mr. Robert B. Weiss General Manager Town of Manchester Municipal Building, 41 Center Street Manchester, Connecticut 06040

Subject: Roaring Brook Reservoir Dam Glastonbury

Dear Mr. Weiss:

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We have recently received a report from an engineering consultant to this Commission on the subject dam.

There has been some concern about the quantity of seepage emerging at the toe of this dam even though it has existed for many years. Our consultant has made many trips to the reservoir but the water has always been below full pond so that conditions of maximum seepage could not be observed. Per our letter of July 24, your Mr. William O*Neill, Director of Publission, notified us when the pond was full and our consultant's recomme. Lations, itemized below, are based on his observations under those conditions.

1. That a series of piezometers be installed on the downstream slope of the dam to record the water levels within the dam.

2. That weekly records be kept of the water levels in the reservoir, and piezometer tubes and the seepage rate at the toe of the dam.

3. That the Town have an engineer, registered in the State of Connecticit, combine this information with a soils analysis to determine the structural stability of the dam, and send a report thereof to the Water Resources Commission. A determination should also be made of how high the water could be in the plezometer tubes and still be insured of the safety of the dam. The installation would then be a permanent safety monitoring device. Mr. Robert B. Weiss

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Please inform this office at your earliest convenience as to your intentions.

Very truly yours,

William H. O'Brien, III Civil Engineer

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cc: James Thompson



ROBERT B. WEISS, GENERAL MANAGER

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Town of Manchester

Manchester, Conn. 06040

NATHAN G. AGOSTINELLI, MAYOR DAVID O. ODEGARD, DEPUTY MAYOR JAMES F. FARR, BECRETARY

Directors William J. Diana William E. Fitzgerald, ESQ. Donald K. Kuehl Anthony F. Pietrantonio Donald D. Wells Richard E. Wylie

April 28, 54970 WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION RECEIVED

APR 2 9 1970

ANSWERED _____

FILED

RE: Roaring Brook Reservoir Dam Glastonbury, Conn

Dear Mr. O'Brien:

Civil Engineer

Mr. William H. O'Brien III

Water Resources Commission

Hartford, Connecticut 06115

State Office Building

Please excuse the delay in answering your letter of September 9, 1969. We wanted to observe conditions at the Reservoir during flood peaks this spring and we have come to the conclusion that as a first step in analyzing seepage conditions and the strength of the dam, we will take steps in staff to reactivate the flow measuring devices at the toe of the dam and study the correlation between seepage elevation and depth of reservoir. This will be compared with previous records to determine whether there is any material change.

Discussions have been held with consultant engineers and if it is determined, after examining the above information, that further work is necessary, we will undertake same, in all probability through a consultant. When we have developed more information, we will furnish you with same.

Thank you for your continued interest in the safety of this dam.

Sincerely,

Robert B Wills

Robert B. Weiss

RBW:pcd

cc: Mr. Graydon Lockwood, Superintendent of Water and Sewer Dept. Mr. William D. O'Neill, Director of Public Works April 1, 1971

Mr. Robert B. Weiss General Manager Town of Manchester Municipal Building 41 Center Street Manchester, Connecticut 06040

Re: Roaring Brook Resevoir Dam Glastonbury

Dear Mr. Weiss:

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On September 9, 1969 we wrote to you itemizing certain steps which should be taken to determine the safety of this structure. It is our engineering consultant's opinion that these steps should be taken in order to adequately determine the stability of the dam.

In your letter of April 28, 1970 you state that steps would be taken in staff to reactivate the flow measuring devices at the toe of the dam and study the correlation between seepage elevation and depth of reservoir, and that this would be compared with previous records to determine whether there is any material change. You also stated that "when we have developed more information, we will furnish you with same".

In our letters to you dated September 23, 1970 and January 20, 1971 we have requested you to inform this department as to what steps you have taken in accordance with your letter of April 23, 1970. Unless we receive assurances that the items mentioned in our letter of September 9, 1969 will be implemented in the near future, it will be our recommendation at the April 19, 1971 meeting of the Water Resources Commission that an Order be issued to the Town of Manchester, to make sufficient investigations to demonstrate the safety of the structure or if the structure is found to have only marginal safety to take whatever actions are necessary to place this structure in a safe condition or to remove it.

Very truly yours,

William H. O'Brien, III Civil Engineer

WHO:1jg

cc: James Thompson Walter Sen^kow

B-22



Town of Manchester

Manchester, Conn. 06040

NATHAN G. AGOSTINELLI, MAYOR DAVID O. ODEGARD, DEPUTY MAYOR JAMES F. FARR, SECRETARY

> DIRECTORS WILLIAM J. DIANA WILLIAM E. FITZGERALD, ESQ DONALD K. KUEHL ANTHONY F. PIETRANTONIO DONALD D. WELLS RICHARD E. WYLIE

ROBERT B. WEISS, GENERAL MANAGER

D

April 8, 1971

Mr. William H. O'Brien, III Civil Engineer State of Connecticut Water Resources Commission State Office Building Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Re: Roaring Brook Reservoir Dam

Dear Mr. O'Brien:

I have enclosed a graph showing the correlation between reservoir height elevation and seepage beneath the dam. It appears that there has been no change over the years.

I believe this data is conclusive in itself but we are conducting one additional flow measurement.

I would welcome an opportunity to review this information with you at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

by CORPLAN lliam D. O'Neill

Director of Public Works

WDO'N:s Enc.

cc: Robert B. Weiss, General Manager James Thompson, Buck & Buck, Engineers, 71 Capitol Ave. Hartford, Conn.

Walter J. Senkow, Town Engineer Thomas Walsh, Junior Engineering Aide, Water & Sewer Dept.

> STATE WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION RECEIVED

> > APP. 1 2 1971

ANSWERED
REFERRED
FILED



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STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06115



B-24

16 March 1977

Mr. Frank Jodaitis Water and Sewer Dept. Town Hall 41 Center Street Manchester, CT 06040

> Re: Buckingham Res.(Roaring Brook Res.) Glastonbury

Dear Mr. Jodaitis:

According to records maintained in this office, the abovementioned dam is under your ownership.

Section 25-110 (Public Law No. 571, 1975 Revision of the General Statutes), a copy of which is enclosed, places under the jurisdiction of this department all dams, which by breaking away or otherwise, might endanger life or property. It has been determined that this dam is under our jurisdiction.

In accordance with Section 25-111 (1975 Revision of the General Statutes) this dam has been inspected. In order to maintain your dam in a safe condition, the following maintenance work or deficiencies should receive attention:

1. Brush growth on dikes and adjacent to spillway abutments should be removed.

The Water Resources Unit of the Department of Environmental' Protection shall be notified within two weeks as to what steps you plan to take to accomplish this work.

If you have any questions, please contact Victor Galgowski, Supt. of Dam Maintenance, at 566-7245.

Sincerely.

Edward J. Daly, Director Nater Resources Unit

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APPENDIX C

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PHOTOGRAPHS





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PHOTO #1: Upstream face from right side.



PHOTO #2: Crest of dam, looking toward left abutment.



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PHOTO #3: Crest of dam, looking toward right abutment.



PHOTO #4: Downstream slope, from left abutrent.



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PHOTO #5: Downstream slope, looking toward left
 abutment.



EHOTO #6: Downstream slope, showing erosion julies trom vehicular traffic.

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PHOTO #7: View of downstream area from crest. The two structures in the photo contai seepage collection chambers.



HOTO #8: Dewnstream slope.



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PHOTO #9: Downstream slope looking toward left abutment. Screen covered seepage collection chamber in foreground.



PHOTO #10: Close-up of screen covered seepate collection chamber.



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PHOTO #11: Close-up of wet area, downstream of dam.



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PHOTO #12: Blow-off.



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PHOTO #13: Upstream face spillway and dike.



PHOTO #14: Upstream face spillway and dike.



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PHOTO #15: Crest of spillway and dike, looking toward left abutment.

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PHOTO #16: Spillway.



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PHOTO #17: Left spillway training wall. (Note flash boards in place.)



PHOTO #18: Seepage at base < left training wall.



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PHOTO #19: Downstream spillway channel.



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PHOTO #20: Reservoir area.

APPENDIX D

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HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC -

COMPUTATIONS

PROJECT___79-90-10 BUCKINGHAM RES DAM

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FLAHERTY-GIAVARA ASSOCIATES S ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS B ONE COLUMBUS PLAZA, NEW HAVEN, CONN. 06510/203/789-1260

HEET NO/	OF
y_JGM	DATE 3/1/80
HKD. BY RAC	DATE 417 80

DETERMINATION OF SPILLWAY TEST FLOOD

A. SIZE CLASSIFICATION

Storage Volume (AcFt.)	380.5
Height of Dam (Ft.)	
Size Classification	SMALL

B. HAZARD POTENTIAL CLASSIFICATION

Category	Loss of Life	Economic Loss
Low	None expected	Minimal
Significant	Few	Appreciable
High	More than few	Excessive

Hazard Classification

SIGNIFICANT

C. HYDROLOGIC EVALUATION GUIDELINES

Hazard	Size	Spillway Test Flood
Low	Small Intermediate Large	50 to 100-Year Frequency 100-Year Frequency to 1/2 PMF 1/2 PMF to PMF
Significant	Small Intermediate Large	(100-Year Frequency) to 1/2 PMF 1/2 PMF to PMF PMF
High	Small Intermediate Large	1/2 PMF to PMF PMF PMF

Spillway Test Flood

100 YR_

*Based upon "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers, November 1976.

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79-90-10

E-CKINGHAM RES. DAM

PROJECT_

 FLAHERTY-GIAVARA ASSOCIATES
 SHEET NO. _2____OF____

 ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS
 BY_____GM___DATE_3/1/80

 ONE COLUMBUS PLAZA. NEW HAVEN. CONN 06510/203/789-1260
 CHK'D. BY_____RAC_DATE_1/718.50

SPILLWAY TEST FLOOD

TEST FLOOD RETURN FREQUENCY = 100 YEARS. WATERSHED AREA = 4.5 SQUARE MILES. THE PEAK FLOW RATES ARE TO BE ESTIMATED BY USING U.S. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE METHODS, AS DESCRIBED IN THE BOOK "DESIGN OF SMALLDAMS" BY THE BUREAU OF RECLAMATION.

A) TRY 24 HOUR STORM DURATION RAINFALL = 7.0 INCHES FOR 24HR DURATION ASSUME SCS CN VALUE = BO FOR PARTIALLY SATUATED TILL SOILS

RUNOFF = 4.7 INCHES (FIG. A-4)

TIME OF CONCENTRATION $\Delta h = 400'$ $\Delta L = 16,000' = 3.03 \text{ miles}$ S = 0.025

> $T_{c} = 0,00013 \ L = 1.0 \ HR$ $S^{0.38S}$

$$T_{P} = \frac{D}{2} + 0.6 T_{c} = \frac{24}{2} + 0.6(1.0) = 12.6 HR$$

$$Q_{P} = \frac{484 A R}{T_{P}} = \frac{484(4.5)(4.7'')}{12.6} = 812 \text{ CFS}$$

B) TRY STORM DURATION OF G HOURS RAINFALL = 5.0 INCHES RUNDEF = 2.7 INCHES (FIG. A-4)

 $T_{p} = \frac{6}{2} + 0.6(1) = 3.6$ Hours

$$Q_{p} = \frac{484(4.5)(2.7'')}{3.6} = 1634 \text{ CFS}$$

D-2



FLAHERTY-GIAVARA ASSOCIATES ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS ONE COLUMBUS PLAZA NEW HAVEN CONN 06510/203/789-1260

SHEET NO. 3	OF
BY RAC	DATE 3-7-8:
СНК'D.ВҮ <u>Э́~//:</u>	DATE 2/14/30

HYDROGRAPH

A TRIANGULAR HYDROGRAPH WILL BE USED WITH PEAK FLOW OF "Qp" AND A BASE LENGTH OF 2.67 "Tp", FOR EACH TEST CONDITION



TB=2.67 TP

TB24 = 2.67 (12.6) = 33.6 HOURS TBC = 2.67 (3.6) = 9.6 HOURS

D= 6 HOURS	STORM (HOURS)	PEAR FLOW (CFS)
	0	0
	1	454
	2	908
· · · · ·	3	1362
	3.6	1634
	4	1525
	56	1253 980
	7	708
	B	436
·····		163
	4.6	0

FLAHERTY-GIAVARA ASSOCIATES SHEFT NU 4

PROJECT 799010 B CKINGHAM RES. DAM

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D-4

F e	D= 24 Hour	STORM (HOURS)	PEAR FLOW (FS)
	· · · ·	0	0 65
; `		2	129 258
		6	386 515 644
•		12 12.6	773 BIZ
1.	· · · · · ·	14 16 18	758 681 603
		20 22	526 449
<u>}</u>]		24 26	371 294
-	• •••••	28 30 33 6	217 139
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PROJECT 79 90 10 5 FLAHERTY-GIAVARA ASSOCIATES SHEET NO._ _ OF_ ____ DATE 3-7-2 E ICEINGHAM RES DAM ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS BY ONE COLUMBUS PLAZA NEW HAVEN CONN 06510:203.789 1260 CHKD BY JGM DATE 3/14/2-SPILLWAY NTS Fi NATRUAL HIGH GROUND 400 80' 60 1 Ĵ.5.1 453 ESTIMATED ``` SEGMENT TIEM LENGTH ELEV (NGUD) EARTH EMBANMENT 2.5 400 11 4531 1 9 PASS 2 EARTH EMBANKMENT 2,5 °90 458,7 Ó. **GRASS** STONE SALLWAY 50' 3.0 З 453 EACTH EMBANKMENT 5,5 60' 4 458.7 grass IE = 453.0 IV = 0.0A= 35 ACRES E 453' A = 237 ACRES E 500' D-5



ALL ELEVATIONS ESTIMATED BASED ON AN ASSUMED SPILLWAY CREST EL OF 453 N.G.V.D.

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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1963 A

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		GROU	FLOW RATE NDWATER	AT WEIR DRAINAGE SYST	TEM	
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	Q= Q=	CLH ^{3/4} 2.4(3.	$0)(\frac{2^{"}}{12})$	= 0.49 CFS =	= 220 GPM	······································
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	VATION OF WE Vation of We Vation of We Vation of Ve	STORAGE (R)	0.00ACLF 16.78ACLF 59.19ACCFF 145.21AACFF 15.21AACFF 15.21AACFF 15.21AACFF 15.24AACFF 75.35ACFFF 75.35ACFFF 75.35ACFFF
RAC	818 118 118	ASS OUTFLOW	0.00AC-F 1.97AC-F 55.09AC-F 956.09AC-F 956.09AC-F 9151.15AC-F 1315.15AC-F 229.05AC-F 45AC-F 72.45AC-F 72.87AC-F 72.87AC-F 72.87AC-F
NG 6 HOUR	FIR - 400 EIR - 400 EIR - 50 FIR - 50	MATPLOW M	- 0.07FS 470FS 470FS 6860FS 6860FS 6860FS 11,2570
FLOOD. ROUTI	LENGTH OF W LENGTH OF W LENGTH OF W LENGTH OF W A=237.00	TAIL WATER	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	2.5 2.5 7.500.0	WATER EL.	44444 44444 44444 44444 44444 44444 4444
79901(GED WEIR E COEFFICIENT E COEFFICIENT E COEFFICIENT E COEFFICIENT E COEFFICIENT 453.0 A= 35.00	MASS INFLOW	0.00AC-F 18.76AC-F 75.04AC-F 75.04AC-F 243.124AC-F 295.13AC-F 295.13AC-F 295.13AC-F 644.13AC-F 644.23AC-F 648.22AC-F 648.22AC-F
РАМ	UN SU BMER DI SCHARG DI SCHARG DI SCHARG DI SCHARG DI SCHARG 0.0 E=	INFLOW	1,255CFS 1,2
UCKINGHAM RES	NPUT DATA: EGMENT 1 EGMENT 2 EGMENT 3 EGMENT 4 IE=453.0 IV=	HOUR	01000000000000000000000000000000000000

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JUCKINGHAM RES.	МЛД	10667	0	FLOOD ROUTIN	16 24 Ho	UR RAC		WARCH 7, 198
[NPUT DATA:SEGMENTSEGMENTSEGMENTSEGMENTSEGMENTSEGMENT41E-453.0	UNSUBMER DISCHARG DISCHARG DISCHARG DISCHARG DISCHARG	GED WEIR E COEFFICIENT E COEFFICIENT E COEFFICIENT E COEFFICIENT 453.0 A- 35.0	000.0	LENGTH OF WE LENGTH OF WF LENGTH OF WE LENGTH OF WE LENGTH OF WE A=237.00		818 118 12 0	VATION OF WEI Vation of Wei Vation of Wei Vation of Wei	8888 1111 2444 2444 2444 2444 2444 2444
HOUR	INFLOW	MOJANI SSVW	WATER EL.	TAIL WATER	. OITFLOW	MASS OUTFLOW	STORAGE (R)	STORAGE (A)
00.0	OCFS	0.00AC-F	453.00FT	.00FT	0CFS	0.00AC-F	0.00AC-F	0.00AC-F
2.00	129CFS	10.70AC-F	453.26PT	1 100 ° 0	2 OCFS	1.11AC-F	0,50AC-F	
4.00	258CFS	42.68AC-F	453.82FT	0.00FT	113CFS	12.20AC-F	30.43AC-F	30.48AC-F
6.00	386CFS	95.90AC-F	454.40FT	0.00FT	251CFS	42.30AC-F	53.60AC-F	53.60AC-F
00.00	515CFS	170.37AC-F	454.90FT	0.00FT	395CFS	95.73AC-F	74.63AC-F	74.6340-1
10.00	044CFS	266.15AC-F 283 26AC-F	455.33FT	0.0057	535CFS 671080	172.68AC-F	4-3474C4	
12.60	R12CFS	422.56AC-F	455.8277	0.57	711075	306.66AC-F	115.ROAC-F	4-0408-211
14.00	758CFS	513.38AC-F	455.94FT	0.00FT	759CFS	301.66AC-F	121.71AC-F	121.71AC-F
16.00	681CFS	632.31AC-F	455.86FT	0.00FT	727CFS	514.42AC-F	117.9°AC-F	117. APAC-F
18.00	603CFS	738.42AC-F	455.69FT	0.00FT	C L U L L C	629.02AC-F	100.40AC-F	I OO COACE
20.00	523CFS	831.48AC-F	455.47FT	0.0077	583CFS	731.75AC-F	00.73AC-F	OO.73AP-F
22.00	449CFS	911.RIAC-F	455.25FT	0.00FT	507075	9.71 . 96AC-F	89.85AC-F	80° 85 87 - 12
24.00	3 / I CFS	4-388C-F	4 2 3 • 0 2 F T	0.00 5	SAUEEV	4-3V5/ h b	4-JAF8.07	HIJVES OL
26.00	294CFS	1,034.54AC-F	454.78FT	O.OOFT	359CFS	965.16AC-F	60.39AC-F	FO. 3RAC-F
28.00	217CFS	1,076.77AC-F	454.52FT	0.00FT	283CFS	1,018.21AC-F	58.56AC-F	SA.SKAR-F
30.00	139CFS	1,106.19AC-F	454.25FT	O.O.FT	2100FS	1,059.02AC-F	47.17AC-F	47.17AC-P
33.60	OCFS	1,126.8/AC-F	453.66FT	n.nurT	RZCFS],102.48AC-F	24.38AC-F	24.38AC-F

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FGA FLOOD WAVE ROUTING

APPROXIMATE FLOOD WAVE ROUTING BASED UPON U.S. ARMY CORFS OF ENGINEERS: "RULE OF THUMB GUIDANCE FOR ESTIMATING DOWNSTREAM DAM FAILURE HYDROGRAPHS" DATED APRIL, 1978.

> INITIAL STATION = 0 +0 INITIAL BASE FLOW = 2,041 CFS INITIAL WAVE HEIGHT = 30.0 FT ASSUMED BREACH WIDTH = 80.0 FT INITIAL RESERVOTR STORAGE = 380 ACRE-FT COMPUTED FLOOD WAVE PEAK FLOW = 22,087 CFS TOTAL FLOOD WAVE PEAK FLOW = 24,128CFS

> > STATION 2 +0

OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFSET	ELEV.	· OFFSET	ELEV.
0.0 FT	500.0 FT	N = (700.0 FT	0.080 440.0 FT		
700.0 FT	440.0 FT	N = (1500.0 FT	0.050 440.0 FT		
1500.0 FT	440.0 FT	N = (1700.0 FT	0.080 470.0 FT		
AREA	WETTED I	PERIMETER	N	VELOCITY	FLOW
46.4 SF 2,257.2 SF 26.5 SF	33, 800, - 19,	.0 FT .0 FT .0 FT	0.080 0.050 0.080	4.0 FPS 10.2 FPS 4.0 FPS	187CFS 23,202CFS 106CFS
INVERT	DEPTH W.	SURFACE	AREA VELO	CITY F	LUW SLOPE
440.0 FT	2.8 FT 44	42.8 FT 2,3	330 SF 10.() FPS 23,4	96 CFS 0.0300
BASE FLOW =	2,041 CFS	BASE ST	AGE = 440.6	5 FT.	

STATION 13 +O

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	OFFSET	ELEV.		OFFSE	27	ELEV.	•	D	FFSET	ELE	v.
•				. N	= 0.	080					
# 3	0.0 FT	450.0 F	-7	100.0	FT	430.0	FT	25	0.0 FT	420-0	0 67
	400.0 FT	416.0 F	=T				- •				
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•••••				N	= 0.	050					
	400.0 FT	416.0 F		404.0	FT	414.0	FT	41	4.0 FT	414.	0 FT
	418.0 FT	416.0 F	= '		-						
				51	- 0	A6/A					
	410 A ET	410 0 1		1912	= 0.	080 400 A	1	10		4.00	() 1····
•	750 0 FT	410.0 6		0.020	Fr 1	キロション	i (54.4	J. U FI	430.0	U FI
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C	AREA	WETT	TED PER	IMETER	2	N		VELO	YTT	F	LOW
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	1,130.3 SF		217.9	FT		0.080	<u>ג</u>	8.6	rps -	9,74	6075
	181.2 SF		18.9	FT.		0.050)	20.7	244	3,76	2CFS
-,	146.2 SF		138.4	r I		0.080	נ	8.8	FPS	6,59	GCFS
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	INVERT	DEPTH	W. 50	REACE	Aï	FA	VELOW	TTY	EI I	·11.1	SI NPE
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	414.0 FT	10.5 FT	424.	5 FT	2,05	7 SF	9.7	FPS	20,108	3 CFS	0.0240
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	RACE FI CHI -	2 041	ALC	DAGE	GTAC	ш — <i>А</i>	10 0	E.77			
-	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	E = 4	418.9	FT.			
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	E = 4	418.9	FT.			
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	E = 4	+18.9	FT.			-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	≝ = 4	+18.9	Fĩ.	·		-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	i≝ = 4	+18.9	FT.			-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	¥18.9	Fĩ.			-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	18.9	FT.		•	-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	E = 4	18.9	FT.			-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	•18.9 	FT.		•	
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	+18.9	FT.		•	-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	+18.9	FT.	· · · · · ·	•	_
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	•18.9 	FT.			
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	ا <u>ت</u> = 4	+18.9	F7.			-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	18.9	FT.			
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	+18.9	FT.			-
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lë = 4	+18.9	FT.		•	
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	<u>ات = 4</u>	+18.9	F7.			
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	lΞ = 4	+18.9	F7.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • •	
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	l≝ = 4	+18.9	FT.			
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	5TAG	lë = 4	+18.9	FT.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	ι <u>ς</u> = 4	+18.9	FT.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•••• • •	
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	ι <u>μ</u> = 4	+18.9	FT.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••	
	BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS	BASE	STAG	J≝ = 4	+18.9	FT.		•••••	D-14
STATION 27 +0

OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. N = 0.080L 300.0 FT 400.0 FT 0.0 FT 450.0 FT N = 0.050304.0 FT 398.0 FT 314.0 FT 398.0 FT 300.0 FT 400.0 FT 318.0 FT 400.0 FT N = 0.080480.0 FT 410.0 FT 620.0 FT 440.0 FT 318.0 FT 400.0 FT FLOW VELOCITY WETTED PERIMETER N AREA 6.3 FPS 3,093CFS 16.9 FPS 4,36 77.6 FT 0.080 488.5 SF 16.9 FPS 0.050 18.9 FT 257.6 SF 8,88 6.9 FPS 175.4 FT ____0.080 1,275.0 SF W. SURFACE AREA VELOCITY FLOW SLOPE DEPTH INVERT 398.0 FT 14.7 FT 412.7 FT 2,021 SF 8.0 FPS 16,342 CFS 0.0100 BASE FLOW = 2,041 CFS BASE STAGE = 404.8 FT. . D-15

STATION 40 +0

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	OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFSET	ELEV.
	0.0 FT	450.0 FT	N = (600.0 FT	0.080 400.0 FT	950.0 FT	400.0 FT
	950.0 FT 1154.0 FT	400.0 FT 400.0 FT	N = (954.0 FT	0.050 396.0 FT	1150.0 FT	396.0 FT
	1154.0 FT	400.0 FT 440.0 FT	N = (1200.0 FT 2000.0 FT	0.080 400.0 FT 450.0 FT	1400.0 FT	430.0 FT
-	AREA	WETTED	PERIMETER	. N .	VELOCITY	FLOW
- • -	1,629.2 SF 1,683.9 SF 261.9 SF	402 207 75	.1 FT .3 FT .2 FT	0.080 0.050 0.080	1.8 FPS 4.6 FPS 1.6 FPS	2,9780FS 7,8320FS 4320FS
<u>I</u>	INVERT	DEPTH W.	SURFACE	AREA VEL	.0011Y FLC	W SLOPE
	396.0 FT	8.3 FT 4	04.3 FT 3,	575 SF 3.	1 FPS 11,244	CFS 0.0015
	BASE FLOW =	2,041 CFS	BASE STA	AGE = 399. 	7 FT.	
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STATION 46 +0

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OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFSET	ELEV.
0.0 FT	420.0 FT	N = 0 300.0 FT	0.050 400.0 FT		
300.0 FT	400.0 FT	N = C 600.0 FT	0.080 394.0 FT		
600.0 FT 618.0 FT 1000.0 FT	394.0 FT 394.0 FT 420.0 FT	N = 0 604.0 FT 700.0 FT	0.050 392.0 FT 400.0 FT	614.0 FT 900.0 FT	392.0 FT 410.0 FT
AREA	WETTED PE	ERIMETER	N	VELOCITY	FLOW
25.8 SF 1,457.1 SF 602.1 SF	27.9 300.0 138.3	9 FT 9 FT 3 FT	0.050 0.080 0.050	2.3 FPS 4.3 FPS 6.4 FPS	59CFS 6,353CFS 3,905CFS
INVERT	DEPTH W. 9		AREA VELO	CITY FLO	W SLOPE
792.0 FT	9.8 FT 401	1.8 FT 2,0)85 SF 4.9	9 FPS 10,318	CFS 0.0067
BASE FLOW =	2,041 CFS	BASE STA	AGE = 398.() FT.	

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STATION 52 +0

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OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFS	ET	ELEV	-	Ü	FFSET	ELE	.v.
0.0 FT	450.0	FT 500.0	= 0. FT	080 410.0	FT	75	0.0 FT	392.	O FT
750.0 FT 768.0 FT	392.0 392.0	N FT 754.0 FT	= 0. FT	050 390.0	FT	764	4.0 FT	390.	O FT
758.0 FT	302.0 (N 950.0	= 0. FT	080 410.0	FT				
950.0 FT	410.0 H	N 1350.0	= 0. FT	050 440.0	FT				
AREA	WETT	TED PERIMETER	ર	N		VELO	YTI .	FI	∟O₩
1,156.8 SF 260.3 SF 842.2 SF		179.7 FT 18.9 FT 131.1 FT		0.080 0.050 0.080)))	3.5 9.3 3.5	FPS FPS FPS	4,078 2,43 2,96(2CFS 1CFS DCFS
INVERT	DEPTH	W. SURFACE	AR	ËA	VELUÇ	TITY	FLO	đ	SLOPE
390.0 FT	14.9 FT	404.9 FT	2,25	9 SF	4.1	FPS	9,464	CFS	0.0030
BASE FLOW =	2,041	CFS BASE	STAG	2 = 3	98.5	FT.			
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D-18

STATION 69 +0

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OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFSET	ELEV	. C	FFSET	ELE	v.
0.0 FT	400.0 FT	N = 750.0 F	0.060 T 390.0	FT 99	0.0 FT	362.	O FT
950.0 FT 968.0 FT	362.0 FT 362.0 FT	954.0 F	0.050 T 360.0	FT 96	4.0 FT	360.	O FT
968.0 FT	362.0 FT	N = 1100.0 F	0.080 7 370.0	FT 150	0.0 FT	400.	O FT
AREA	WETTED F	ERIMETER	N	VELC	ICITY	F	LOW
236.0 SF 174.3 SF 545.3 SF	58. 18. 133.	6 FT 9 FT 9 FT	0.060 0.050 0.080	0 8.4 0 17.5 0 6.3	FPS FPS FPS	1,98 3,05 3,46	SCFS 3CFS 4CFS
INVERT	DEPTH W.	SURFACE	AREA	VELOCITY	FLO	ل نا	SLOPE
360.0 FT	10.1 FT 37	0.1 FT	955 SF	8.8 FPS	8,503	CFS	0.0180
BASE FLOW =	2,041 CFS	BASE S	TAGE =	366.0 FT.			
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D-19

STATION 90 +0

OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. N = 0.080350.0 FT 0.0 FT 100.0 FT 330.0 FT N = 0.050100.0 FT 330.0 FT 104.0 FT 328.0 FT 114.0 FT 328.0 FT 118.0 FT 330.0 FT N = 0.080118.0 FT 330.0 FT 300.0 FT 340.0 FT 650.0 FT 350.0 F. AREA WETTED PERIMETER VELOCITY FLOW N 169.3 SF 41.9 FT 0.080 5.7 FPS 976CFS 18.9 FT 176.1 SF 0.050 16.0 FPS 2,835CFS 616.6 SF 150.0 FT _____0.080 5.8 FPS 3,598CFS DEPTH W. SURFACE AREA VELOCITY FLOW INVERT SLOPE 328.0 FT 10.2 FT 338.2 FT 962 SF 7.7 FPS 7,411 CFS 0.0150 BASE FLOW = 2,041 CFS BASE STAGE = 334.3 FT.

D-20

STATION 111 +0

OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. N = 0.0800.0 FT 350.0 FT 100.0 FT 320.0 FT 150.0 FT 316.0 FT N = 0.050150.0 FT 316.0 FT 154.0 FT 314.0 FT 164.0 FT 314.0 FT 168.0 FT 316.0 FT N = 0.080300.0 FT 320.0 FT 168.0 FT 316.0 FT 420.0 FT 330.0 FT 500.0 FT 340.0 FT WETTED PERIMETER N AREA VELOCITY FLOW 291.5 SF 62.1 FT **0.080** 4.2 FPS 1,242CFS 18.9 FT _____0.050 161.8 SP 10.1 FPS 1,645CFS 788.6 SF 173.4 FT 0.080 4.1 FPS 3,290CFS DEPTH INVERT W. SURFACE AREA VELOCITY FLOW SLOPE 9.4 FT 323.4 FT 1,242 SF 4.9 FPS 6,179 CFS 0.0067 - 314.0 FT BASE FLOW = 2,041 CFS BASE STAGE = 320.4 FT. _____

D-21

STATION 128 +0

OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. OFFSET ELEV. N = 0.0800.0 FT 350.0 FT 100.0 FT 310.0 FT N = 0.050310.0 FT 104.0 FT 308.0 FT 114.0 FT 308.0 FT 100.0 FT 118.0 FT 310.0 FT - - -N = 0.080310.0 FT 350.0 FT 118.0 FT 280.0 FT 310.0 FT 380.0 FT 320.0 FT 500.0 FT AREA WETTED PERIMETER _ N VELOCITY FLOW 2.2 FPS 6.7 FPS 49.7 SF 16.9 FT 0.080 111CFS 18.9 FT 0.050 225.3 FT 0.080 141.5 SF 950CFS 3.3 FPS 4.135CFS 1.220.3 SF DEPTH W. SURFACE AREA VELOCITY FLOW INVERT SLOPE - 308.0 FT 8.3 FT 316.3 FT - 1,411 SF 3.6 FPS 5,197 CFS 0.0035 BASE FLOW = 2,041 CFS BASE STAGE = 313.5 FT. _____ ------

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D-22

STATION 152 +0

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OFFSET	ELEV.	OFFSET	ELEV.	OF	FSET	ELEV.	
0.0 FT 224.0 FT 420.0 FT	320.0 FT 288.0 FT 300.0 FT	N = 0 210.0 FT 228.0 FT 600.0 FT	0.050 290.0 F 290.0 F 340.0 F	T 214 T 300	4.0 FT 0.0 FT	288.0 F 290.0 F	-1 -T
AREA	WETTED P	ERIMETER	- N	VELO	YTIC	FLO	4
706.3 SF	185.	5 FT	0.050	6.6	FPS	4,66206	-S
INVERT	DEPTH W.	SURFACE A	REA V	ELOCITY	FLOV	4 5	SLOPE
288.0 FT	6.9 FT 29	4.9 FT 7	'06 SF	6.6 FPS	4,662	CFS 0.	.0083
BASE FLOW =	2,041 CFS	BASE STA	GE = 29	93.0 FT.			
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APPENDIX E

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INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS



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