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CONTRACT REPORT ARBRL-CR-00527

AERODYNAMIC HEATING COMPUTATIONS FOR PROJECTILES - VOL. I: IN-DEPTH HEAT CONDUCTION MODIFICATIONS TO THE ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

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US ARMY ARMAMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER

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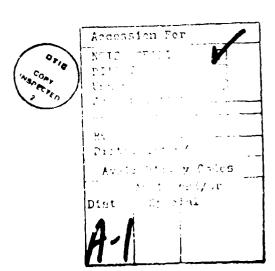
The BRL has recently applied the ABRES Shape Change Code (ASCC80) to predict the unsteady thermal response of high velocity projectile nose configurations due to aerodynamic heating. The initial application of the ASCC80 code revealed several deficiencies as applied to slender shapes of interest for Army shell. This report describes the modifications carried out that improve the capabilities of the code to address problems for Army shell. Test cases and detailed instructions are provided which describe the input data required to run the code.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
	LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS	5
	LIST OF TABLES	5
	LIST OF INPUT TABLES	6
1.	INTRODUCTION	7
2.	TECHNICAL DISCUSSION	10
	2.1 Accommodation of the Entire Projectile Configuration	10
	2.2 Improved Thermal Resistance Modeling	15
	2.2.1 Implicit Grid Modifications	16
	2.2.2 Explicit Grid Modifications	19
	2.3 Latent Heat of Fusion	50
	2.4 Multiple Material Handling	25
	2.5 Flexible Grid Array Sizes	25
3.	INPUT AND OUTPUT	28
	3.1 Input Instructions	29
	3.2 Sample Problem	67
	REFERENCES	120
	DISTRIBUTION LIST	121



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LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure		Page
2-1	In-Depth Conduction Coordinate System and Finite-Difference Grid	11
2-2	Skewing of Implicit Grid Resulting from Thick Surface Layer	12
2-3	Conduction Grid Using Current ASCC80 Scheme	14
2-4	Conduction Grid Using BRLASCC Scheme	14
2-5	Comparison of In-Depth Temperature Profiles Predicted with ASCC80 and BRLASCC Gridding Schemes	15
2-6	Saw-Tooth Function of Specific Heat Versus Temperature for a Melting Material	21
2-7	Comparison of In-Depth Temperature Distribution for a Melting Solid Predicted by Carslaw and Jaeger and BRLASCC	23
2-8	Comparison of Melt Front Location for a Melting Solid Predicted by Carslaw and Jaeger and BRLASCC	24
3-1	Sample Table 3 Input for General Shape/Interface Option	43
	LIST OF TABLES	
Table		<u>Page</u>
2-1	Melting of a Semi-Infinite Solid Material Properties	22
2-2	A Sample of Commented Common Blocks	26

LIST OF INPUT TABLES

Input Table		Page
1	General Program Constants and Time Information	32
2	Environment Taole	37
3	Initial Configuration and In-Depth Conduction Grid	40
4	Transition Table	‡ 9
5	Particle Environment	51
6	Material Properties	. 54
7	Surface Data	. 58
8	Shock Shape Data	60
9	Surface Thermochemistry	61

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SECTION 1

Taking.

INTRODUCTION

This report documents modifications and additions incorporated into the ABRES Shape Change Code (ASCC), originally developed under the Passive Nosetip Technology (PANT II) program (Reference 1), and subsequently modified and improved as part of the Reentry Vehicle Technology (REV-TECH) program (References 2 and 3). In this document, ASCC77 denotes the original version of ASCC developed under PANT II, and the current version of ASCC is referred to as ASCC80.

The overall objectives of the Aerodynamic Heating Computations for Projectiles program were threefold:

- Modify the in-depth heat conduction package to improve ASCC's capabilities to handle slender multimaterial configurations
- 2. Extend the developments of planar ASCC modifications to predict heating of swept fin configurations to include: (a) turbulent flow on swept wings; (b) 2-D shock shape; and (c) improved in-depth heat conduction routines
- 3. Develop an interactive computational grid developing routine to simplify the procedure for inputting body configurations and developing computational grids

The modifications made to ASCC80 covering the first objective are documented in Volume I of this report. Changes made to ASCC80 covering

Objectives 2 and 3 are documented in Volumes II and III, respectively. In this document, the updated ASC code is referred to as BRLASCC.

BRLASCC includes all the modifications and improved capabilities made to ASCC under the previously mentioned programs and the following additional modifications:

- Body points which are positioned behind the origin of rays now have their rays perpendicular to the axis of symmetry, rather than emanating from the single origin. This extends the code applicability and accuracy for more slender nosetips, precluding excessive "skewing" of the mesh.
- The user can now vary the implicit grid thickness from ray to ray
- The interface modeling between different materials has been improved, particularly in the explicit grid, so that material properties used in the finite-difference conduction equations are utilized more accurately
- The user may now input latent heat of fusion for melting materials and BRLASCC will account for this energy during melting in the in-depth conduction solution
- The thermal resistance in the finite-difference conduction equations for the implicit and explicit grid have been modified to include contact resistances, which will be input by the user
- Up to six materials may now be input with up to five allowable interfaces along each ray within the implicit grid
- The common blocks have been restructured to allow individual users to easily identify and specify implicit and explicit grid parameters and recompile the code when necessary using the VAX Fortran "INCLUDE" statement

Technical discussion of the BRLASCC modifications, including rationale is presented in Section 2. Section 3 is devoted to a discussion of input and output. For user convenience, a complete set of input instructions is included. The user is encouraged to refer to Reference 2 for contrast of the input requirements.

SECTION 2

TECHNICAL DISCUSSION

Significant modifications and improvements have been incorporated in ASCC80 to generate BRLASCC. As stated in the introduction, the changes were aimed largely at improving ASCC's capabilities to handle the longer, more slender multimaterial configurations of interest to the U.S. Army Ballistic Research Laboratory. BRLASCC includes the following improvements:

(1) accommodation of the entire projectile configuration by removing difficulties which result from extreme skewness of the implicit rays with the surface, (2) improved thermal resistance modeling, including the inclusion of contact resistance to the finite-difference conduction equations, (3) improved in-depth modeling by inclusion of latent heat of fusion, (4) increased capability to handle up to six different materials and allowing up to five interfaces on a ray within the implicit layer, (5) restructured common blocks, allowing the user flexibility for modifying the array sizes which determine the limits for the implicit and explicit grids. A discussion of these modifications is presented in Sections 2.1 through 2.5.

2.1 ACCOMMODATION OF THE ENTIRE PROJECTILE CONFIGURATION

ASCC80 utilizes dual, overlapping, orthogonal coordinate systems composed of the following: (a) moving body-oriented coordinate system, (s,r,γ) , which extends over the heated surface layer, and (b) a fixed cylindrical coordinate system, (x,y,γ) , extending over the entire

computational domain (Figure 2-1). Different finite difference equations are used in each region: implicit in (a) and explicit in (b). Therefore, the moving coordinate system is referred to as the implicit grid or surface layer, and the fixed coordinate system is referred to as the explicit grid. The major difficulty associated with the use of this gridding scheme is the use of a single origin of rays for the implicit grid. This procedure was originally developed and validated for nosetip problems, however two potential computational problems arise in the conduction solution when used for the prediction of more slender vehicle configurations such as nosetip and heatshield.

The first problem pertains to the placement of the origin of rays, OX. A basic assumption in the formulation of the finite-difference equations for the implicit layer is that the rays be as nearly ortho-normal to the surface as possible. ASCC contains approximate corrections to account for small

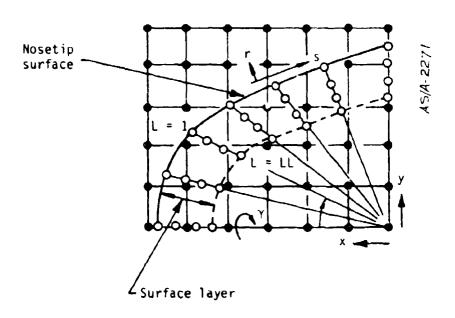


Figure 2-1. In-Depth Conduction Coordinate System and Finite-Difference Grid

nonorthogonalities, however these corrections are inadequate for cases where deviation from the assumption of orthogonality is significant. On long, slender configurations it is impossible to meet this criterion. If OX is placed near the nosetip, the implicit layer becomes so thin and distorted on the heatshield that the assumption of near orthogonality is invalid. If OX is placed far back on the frustum, the surface layer near the tangent point has the potential of forming a cusp in the implicit grid, causing instabilities in the conduction solution. This results in negative temperatures and negative time steps which halt further execution of the code. By judicious placement of the origin OX and using proper mesh size for the explicit grid, reliable predictions can be made on the entire configuration. However, the computational speed is slow due to small time steps required by the explicit procedure stability criterion, which is affected by the smaller spatial mesh size.

The second problem arises due to the limitations placed on the input of implicit layer thickness along the rays. This problem is illustrated in Figure 2-2 and is caused by the constant thickness of the implicit layer along each ray. Surface Layer 1 of Figure 2-2 uses a thick layer which strongly skews the back of the implicit mesh near the origin, resulting in the cusp. This distortion of the mesh can cause numerical instabilities resulting in

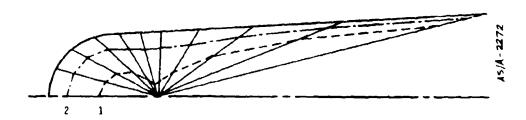


Figure 2-2. Skewing of Implicit Grid Resulting From Thick Surface Layer

negative temperatures. Surface Layer 2 uses a thinner layer, and the distortion is nearly eliminated in the vicinity of the origin; however, the layer's thickness with respect to the explicit grid y-direction is very small, requiring small explicit mesh spacing and resulting in small time step sizes.

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The limitations on the location of the origin of rays and the implicit layer thickness poses restrictions on the mesh size of the explicit grid, and consequently the length of the vehicle which can be accurately modeled. To alleviate these difficulties in BRLASCC, two modifications were made. First, the old "radial" implicit gridding scheme extant in ASCC80 has been converted to a dual system which is "radial" in the nosetip region and "cylindrical" in the afterbody region. The difference between the old and new grid systems is illustrated in Figures 2-3 and 2-4. For body points which lie behind the origin of rays, the rays are now perpendicular to the axis of symmetry instead of originating at OX. This will allow the user to use the ray system for shape change with in-depth conduction in the nose region and will prevent the severe nonorthogonality with the surface at distances downstream of the nosetip.

Secondly, the current requirement that the implicit grid thickness be constant along each ray has been removed. Instead of inputting a table of implicit grid node spacing, the code now accepts a table of normalized node spacing and a table of implicit layer total thickness along each ray. This will allow the user to use thicker and better contoured implicit layers as seen in Figure 2-4 and avoid the skewing shown in Figure 2-2. On the frustum, many more explicit nodes fall within the implicit layer giving better definition to the explicit boundary conditions. The skewing near OX is eliminated through proper use of the implicit grid thickness table.

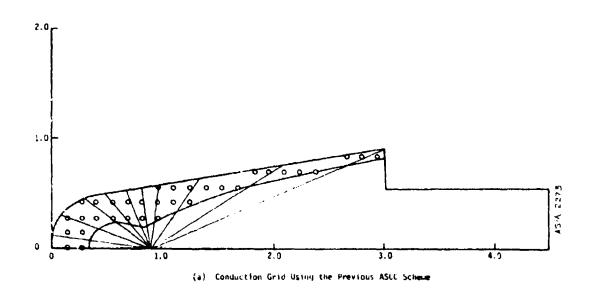


Figure 2-3. Conduction Grid Using Current ASCCBO Scheme

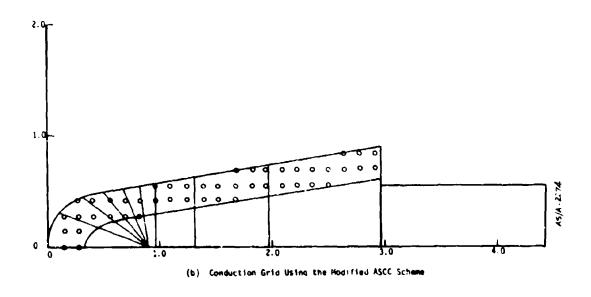


Figure 2-4. Conduction Grid Using BRLASCC Scheme

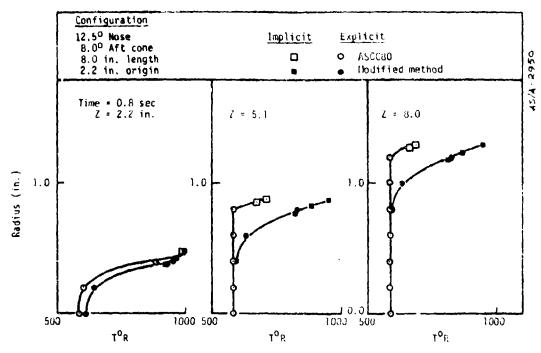


Figure 2-5. Comparison of In-Depth Temperature Profiles Predicted With ASCC80 and BRLASCC Gridding Schemes

BRLASCC gridding schemes. As can be seen, BRLASCC provides much greater coupling between the explicit (in-depth) temperatures and the implicit (surface layer) temperatures.

2.2 IMPROVED THERMAL RESISTANCE MODELING

The conduction package in ASCC allows several material interfaces to be included in the analysis. Each explicit grid point (node) and implicit grid point (nodlet) is flagged with an integer denoting the material number of that grid point. ASCC80 uses a simple average of the material property values of the node materials to model the properties of each finite-difference cell and does not account for the contact resistance at material interfaces. When adjacent materials have very dissimilar physical properties this assumption can cause substantial smoothing and loss of accuracy. In addition, ASCC80 contains no provision for the inclusion of contact resistance between

materials. BRLASCC overcomes these problems by calculating the proper thermal resistance between nodes and keeps track of interface locations in both the implicit and explicit grids and includes contact resistance if input by the user.

2.2.1 Implicit Grid Modifications

The conduction equation in the moving orthogonal coordinate system (implicit grid) under the axisymmetric assumption ($\frac{3}{3}$ = 0) is:

$$\rho C_{p} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{r_{b} (1 + r/r_{c})} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left[\left(\frac{r_{b}}{1 + r/r_{c}} \right) \kappa \frac{\partial T}{\partial s} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left[r_{b} (1 + r/r_{c}) \kappa \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right] \right\}$$

$$+ \rho C_{p} \dot{n} \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}$$

$$(1)$$

where

 C_D = specific heat

 r_0 = body circumferential radius of curvature

 $r_b = r_0 + r \cdot \cos(\theta)$

 r_C = local streamwise radius of curvature

 κ = thermal conductivity

 ρ = density

 \dot{n} = surface normal recession rate, \dot{n} = $-\dot{r}$

T = temperature

t = time

 θ = angle between normal to local surface and axis of symmetry

s = streamwise distance along body

r = distance normal to body surface at s, measured from the surface

where r_b is the body radius of curvature in a plane perpendicular to the axis, r_c is the local surface streamwise radius of curvature, and θ is the surface inclination with respect to the axis.

The finite-difference equation for the implicit grid in ASCC80 is:

$$\begin{split} \delta_{L+1} & \cos^2\theta \; \frac{(\rho C_p)_L \; + \; 1/2}{\Delta \tau} \; (T_L^{'} \; + \; T_{L+1}^{'} \; - \; T_L \; - \; T_{L+1}^{'}) \\ &= \; 2\delta_{L+1} \; \cos^2\theta \dot{q}_S \; + \; \dot{q}_{1c} \; + \; 2(\rho C_p)_{L+1/2} \; \cos \; \theta \; \dot{s}^{'} \; (T_{L+1}^{'} \; - \; T_L^{'}) \\ &- \frac{\left[r_b(1+r/r_c)\right]_{L^{'}}}{\left[r_b\; (1+r/r_c)\right]_{L^{'}+1/2}} \; \; k_L \; \left(\frac{T_{L-1}^{'} \; - \; T_L^{'}}{\delta_L} \; + \; \frac{T_L^{'} \; - \; T_{L+1}^{'}}{\delta_{L+1}}\right) \\ &- \frac{\left[r_b(1+r/r_c)\right]_{L^{'}+1/2}}{\left[r_b\; (1+r/r_c)\right]_{L^{'}+1/2}} \; k_{L}^{+1} \; \left(\frac{T_L^{'} \; - \; T_{L+1}^{'}}{\delta_{L+1}} \; + \; \frac{T_{L+1}^{'} \; - \; T_{L+2}^{'}}{\delta_{L+1}}\right) \end{split}$$

where the superscript prime indicates the quantities evaluated at the new time, \dot{q}_{1c} is the lateral conduction correction term associated with nonorthogonal rays, and \dot{q}_s is the lateral diffusion term. In the formulation of the finite-difference expression, it is assumed that the lateral diffusion term is small compared with the normal diffusion term and therefore may be evaluated in terms of the old temperatures and appears as a "source" term in the equation.

The finite-difference equation for the implicit grid has been modified and appears in BRLASCC as:

$$\begin{split} &\delta_{L+1} \cos^{2}\theta \, \frac{(\rho C_{p})_{L} + 1/2}{\Delta \tau} \, (T_{L}^{'} + T_{L+1}^{'} - T_{L} - T_{L+1}^{'}) = 2\delta_{L+1} \cos^{2}\theta \, \dot{q}_{S} \\ &+ \dot{q}_{1c} + 2(\rho C_{p})_{L+1/2} \cos\theta \, \dot{s}^{*} (T_{L+1}^{'} - T_{L}^{'}) + \frac{[r_{b}(1+r/r_{c})]_{L^{'}}}{[r_{b}(1+r/r_{c})]_{L^{'}+1/2}} \\ &2 \left\{ \left(\frac{\delta_{L}}{\delta_{L}} + \delta_{L+1} \right) \left(\frac{1}{R_{1}} \right) \left(T_{L-1}^{'} - T_{L}^{'} \right) + \left(\frac{\delta_{L+1}}{\delta_{L}} + \delta_{L+1} \right) \left(\frac{1}{R_{2}} \right) \left(T_{L}^{'} - T_{L+1}^{'} \right) \right\} \\ &- \frac{[r_{b}(1+r/r_{c})]_{L^{'}}}{[r_{b}(1+r/r_{c})]_{L^{'}+1/2}} \, 2 \left\{ \left(\frac{\delta_{L+1}}{\delta_{L+1}} + \delta_{L+2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{R_{2}} \right) \left(T_{L}^{'} - T_{L+1}^{'} \right) \right\} \\ &+ \left(\frac{\delta_{L+2}}{\delta_{L+1}} + \delta_{L+2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{R_{3}} \right) \left(T_{L+1}^{'} - T_{L+2}^{'} \right) \right\} \end{split}$$

where the thermal resistances are given as:

$$R_{1} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\delta_{I_{1}}}{k_{L-1}} + \frac{\delta_{L} + \sigma_{I_{1}}}{k_{L}} + \frac{1}{h_{contact}} \end{bmatrix}; \quad \delta_{I_{1}} \equiv \text{distance from nodlet L-1}$$

$$R_{2} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\delta_{I_{2}}}{k_{L}} + \frac{\delta_{L+1} - \delta_{I_{2}}}{k_{L+1}} + \frac{1}{h_{contact}} \end{bmatrix}; \quad \delta_{I_{2}} \equiv \text{distance from nodlet L}$$

$$R_{3} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\delta_{I_{3}}}{k_{L+1}} + \frac{\delta_{L+2} - \delta_{I_{3}}}{k_{L+2}} + \frac{1}{h_{contact}} \end{bmatrix}; \quad \delta_{I_{3}} \equiv \text{distance from nodlet L+1}$$

$$R_{3} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\delta_{I_{3}}}{k_{L+1}} + \frac{\delta_{L+2} - \delta_{I_{3}}}{k_{L+2}} + \frac{1}{h_{contact}} \end{bmatrix}; \quad \delta_{I_{3}} \equiv \text{distance from nodlet L+1}$$

Note that instead of the simple average of thermal conductivity used in ASCC80, BRLASCC calculates the thermal resistance through each material as a function of conduction path length and thermal conductivity, and includes contact resistance.

2.2.2 Explicit Grid Modifications

The conduction equation in the fixed cylindrical coordinate system (explicit grid) is:

$$\rho C_{p} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(k \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{1}{y} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(y k \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \right) \tag{4}$$

The finite-difference equation for the explicit grid in ASCC80 is:

$$(\rho C_{p})_{I,J} \frac{T_{I,J}^{1} - T_{I,J}}{\Delta \tau} = \frac{2}{y_{J}(y_{J+1} - y_{J-1})} \left[y_{J-1/2} \frac{1}{R_{I,J-1/2}} (T_{I,J-1} - T_{I,J}) - T_{I,J} \right]$$

$$- y_{J+1/2} \frac{1}{R_{I,J+1/2}} (T_{I,J} - T_{I,J+1}) + \frac{2}{(x_{I+1} - x_{I-1})}$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{R_{I-1/2,J}} (T_{I-1,J} - T_{I,J}) - \frac{1}{R_{I+1/2,J}} (T_{I,J} - T_{I+1,J}) \right]$$

$$(3)$$

where again the superscript prime indicates the quantity to be evaluated at the new time. The thermal resistance is given as:

$$R_{I+1/2,J} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{k_{I,J}} + \frac{1}{k_{I+1,J}} \right) (x_{I+J} - x_{I})$$
 (6)

The thermal resistance term has been modified in BRLASCC and appears as:

$$R_{I,J-1/2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\delta_y - y_{J-1}}{k_{J-1}} + \frac{y_J - \delta_y}{k_J} + \frac{1}{h_{contact}} \end{bmatrix}; \quad \delta_y = \text{distance from } y_{J-1} \quad (7)$$

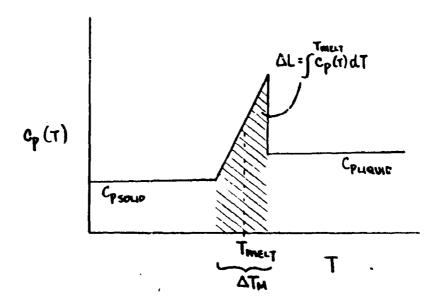
$$\text{to interface in } y_{-direction}$$

$$R_{I+1/2,J} = \left[\frac{x_{I+1} - \delta_{x}}{k_{I+1}} + \frac{\delta_{x} - x_{I}}{k_{I}} + \frac{1}{h_{contact}} \right]; \quad \delta_{x} = \underset{to \text{ interface in } x-direction}{\text{distance from } x_{I}}$$
 (8)

As in the expression for the implicit conduction equation, the thermal resistance calculation has been modified to use the appropriate material thermal conductivity and conduction path length and includes contact resistance.

2.3 LATENT HEAT OF FUSION

A model to account for the latent heat of fusion during in-depth melting of a material has been included in BRLASCC. The energy storage terms, ρC_p , are affected in both the implicit and explicit formulations of the conduction equation. The energy required to melt a material may now be input to the code by the user (see Section 3, Input Table 6 -- Material Properties) and is included in the sensible enthalpy calculation for the material tables. A saw-tooth function of specific heat versus temperature is constructed from user input of latent heat of fusion (ΔL), melt temperature, specific heat of the solid at melt temperature, specific heat of the liquid at melt temperature, and the temperature difference over which the user would like melt to occur (ΔT_m). The integration of Cp over ΔT results in the proper sensible enthalpy, as shown in Figure 2-6.



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Figure 2-6. Saw-Tooth Function of Specific Heat Versus Temperature for a Melting Material

An analytical solution is available from Carslaw and Jaeger (Reference 4) for the melting of a semi-infinite solid without melt removal. In this solution the transient temperature distribution and position of melt front are given as a function of time, material properties, and initial condition. This solution was used as a reference to check against the BRLASCC solution. Three cases were run:

- Implicit layer thickness of 1 inch; uniform implicit nodlet spacing of 0.14286 inch; uniform explict node spacing of 0.50 inch
- Implicit layer thickness of 1 inch; uniform implicit nodlet spacing of 0.07143 inch (half of case 1); uniform explicit node spacing of 0.50 inch

 Implicit layer thickness of 1 inch; uniform implicit nodlet spacing of 0.07143 inch; uniform explicit node spacing of 0.25 inch (half of case 1)

The material properties used in the analysis are given in Table 2-1. The Carslaw and Jaeger solution and BRLASCC solutions are compared in Figures 2-7 and 2-8 for temperature distribution at 200 seconds and melt front position versus time, respectively. The results show good agreement between BRLASCC and the analytical solution. However, it is clear from the figures that the accuracy of the solution is mesh size dependent; halving the mesh spacing nearly halves the error. The user must exercise good judyment in mesh spacing when generating solutions involving in-depth melting.

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The user must also note that the model for latent heat of fusion is not adequate for surface melting since melt removal coupled with shape change is not modeled. The surface energy balance would be in error as melt occurs, resulting in incorrect shaping, and these errors would grow in time.

Table 2-1. Melting of a Semi-Infinite Solid -- Material Properties

Material Properties	Solid	Liquid
k (Btu/sec-ft-°R) α (ft²/sec) Cp (Btu/1bm-°R) ΔL = 117 Btu/1bm T ₀ = 500°F T ₁ = 2,800°F V = 4,000°F	Initial soli Melt te	2.10 x 10 ⁻³ 2.222 x 10 ⁻⁵ 0.1932 t of fusion d temperature mperature emperature

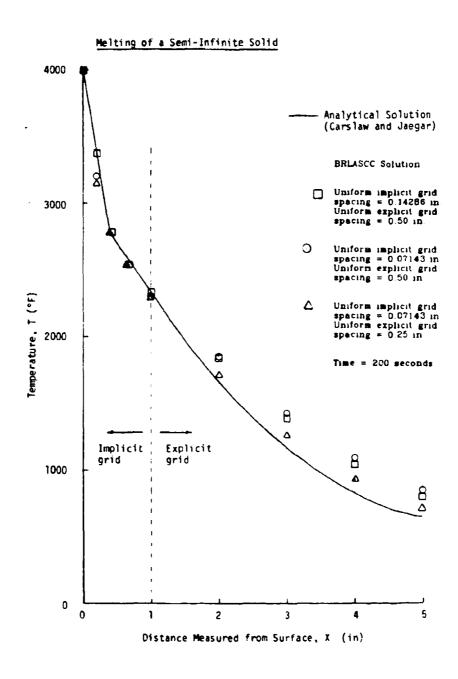


Figure 2-7. Comparison of In-Depth Temperature Distribution for a Melting Solid Predicted by Carslaw and Jaeger and BRLASCC

Melting of a Semi-Infinite Solid

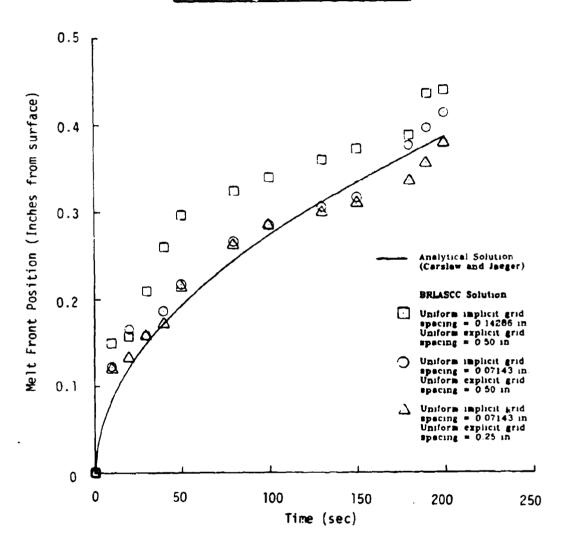


Figure 2-8. Comparison of Melt Front Location for a Melting Solid Predicted by Carslaw and Jaeger and BRLASCC

2.4 MULTIPLE MATERIAL HANDLING

As the application of the ASC code broadens, more complex internal geometries are being considered. ASCC80 contains an easily used general shape input option that allows the description of complex internal geometries with up to four materials, and allowing two interfaces on each ray within the implicit layer. BRLASCC has been updated to allow the input of up to six materials and allows up to five interfaces on each ray within the implicit layer. This will facilitate the calculation of complex in-depth configurations.

2.5 FLEXIBLE GRID ARRAY SIZES

The size of the arrays used for the thermal conduction grids is often restrictive for complete configurations of interest. This is especially true of the number of y-values in the explicit grid. Increasing the allowed grid sizes is simply a matter of increasing the dimensions of the arrays. Since BRLASCC makes extensive use of the VAX Fortran INCLUDE statement, this change only requires modifications to the common blocks containing the necessary arrays and a recompilation of the code. It should be noted that redimensioning of those arrays used in the restart routine DATFIL would be necessary to preserve the restart capability.

One difficulty with increasing the dimensions of the arrays will be the core limitations of the particular machine being used. For this reason, the arrays to be redimensioned have been regrouped in their common blocks and INCLUDE files to facilitate changing the grid array sizes whenever necessary. These groupings of common blocks are commented for user convenience. The array sizes have not been changed between ASCC80 and BRLASCC; this is left to the discretion of the user. A sample of the regrouped and commented common blocks for use with the INCLUDE statement is shown in Table 2-2.

Table 2-2. A Sample of Commented Common Blocks

```
C
C
        THE FOLLOWING COMMON BLOCKS CONTAIN CONSTANT VARIABLES WHOSE
C
        VALUES WILL NOT CHANGE DURING EXECUTION
C,
C
      COMMON /CONST/
     * ALMAX,
                    ALMIN.
                                 DEXMIN.
                                              DLTMIN.
                                                            DLTRAN.
                                 FMO,
     * DOX.
                    DSHANG.
                                              GHHI,
                                                            HJNCTN.
     * HSCF.
                    HSCI.
                                 HTJF.
                                              HTJI.
                                                            HZEROT.
     * OX,
                    OY,
                                 PR,
                                 RPHI.
     * RBAS.
                    RNI,
                                              RSIDE,
                                                            RX.
                                 STRD,
     * RZ.
                                              THETA,
                    SPHTC.
                                                            THETAC.
     * TRNTIM.
                                              XCG,
                                                            ZMAX,
                    VLN,
                                 WT,
     * ZMAXTJ,
                    ZSIDE1.
                                 ZSTAG1.
     * AM(30),
                    REM(30).
     * RECORD(36)
     * PRTBL(60),
                    'PRTBL(60).
     * TIMUSR(250)
С
      COMMON /CONSTI/
     * IATM,
                    IATMS,
                                 IBRUPT,
                                               ICARB.
                                                            IDRCTN.
     * IFACE,
                    IFLG09.
                                 IHMAX,
                                               IL,
                                                            INDATM,
                    INPUT,
     * IMOD,
                                 IPMAX,
                    IPRNT,
                                 IRON,
                                              IRSTRT.
     * IPRFLG.
                                                            ISHFLG.
     * ISS,
                    JL,
                                 LG,
                                              LL,
                                                            MATN.
                                 NCL,
     * MLAYRS.
                    NAM.
     * NIF,
                                 NOHEAL.
                    NLAYRS.
     * NOSLO,
                    NPRTBL,
                                 NREYCR.
                                              NSHTBL,
                                                            NTFIX.
     * NTIMT,
                    NTMUSR
      DIMENSIONED FOR 15 IMPLICIT NODLETS, 50 SURFACE POINTS,
C
C
      X(60) BY Y(25) EXPLICIT NODES, AND 100 ENTRIES IN GENERAL
C
                      INTERFACE TABLES
C
      COMMON /CONGRD/
                    DTDROP,
     * DSMOV.
                                 OXN.
     * DELN(15),
     * Y(25),
                    YDIF(25),
     * DEL(50).
                    XINIT(50).
                                YINIT(50).
     * X(60),
                    XDIF(60),
     * ZIS(100),
     * Z15(100,,
* DMIN(60,25),
IMOVE,
                    RIS(100).
     * NBS(100).
     * NMAT(6G,25)
```

Table 2-2. A Sample of Commented Common Blocks (Concluded)

Marie a sale manual . . .

```
C
      THE FOLLOWING COMMON BLOCKS CONTAIN VARIABLES WHOSE VALUES
C
      WILL CHANGE DURING THE EXECUTION
C********
C
     COMMON /ENVR/
     * ALTINE,
                              A1,
                  AMACH,
                                            A2,
                                                         CONT,
                              EMWT2,
    ⋆ DEN,
                  DUDZ,
                                            EMW2.
                                                         EMW1.
    * E2,
                  GAM1,
                              GAM2,
                                            HETAUG,
                                                         HT2.
     * Hl,
                  H2,
                              PT2,
                                           P1,
                                                         P2,
     * REYCR,
                  RN,
                              RUT2,
                                           RO1.
                                                         R02.
     * SSONIC,
                  STRAN,
                              TSTAGP,
                                            TT2,
                                                         11,
     * T2,
                  UR1.
                              VIST2.
                                            VIS2.
                                                         V1,
     * V2,
     * IESTAT,
                  IEXX,
                              INOSE,
                                           KSHOLD,
                                                        LCT,
     * LTT,
                   NOSTRN,
                              NPGENV,
                                            NT.
                                                         NTS.
     * NTT
     DIMENSIONED FOR 50 SURFACE POINTS, 5 MATERIAL INTERFACES,
C
     AND 15 IMPLICIT NODLETS
C-
     COMMON /RECSA/
     * BPSP(50),
                              CMFX(50),
                                            DELKE(50),
                  CMDX(50),
     * DFIF(50),
                                            EMDOT(50),
                  DPART(50), EFFK(50),
                                                         FI(50),
     * FVW(50),
                  GKR(50),
                              HRSP(50),
                                            PRESP(50),
     * RSP(50),
                  RSPNU(50).
                              RUCHSP(50).
                                            SDOT(50),
                                                         SDOTE(50),
     * SP(50),
                  SRAY(50),
                               TANFI(50),
                                            THETSP(50),
                                                        TSP(50),
    * VIMP(50),
                  ZSP(50),
                               ZSPNU(50),
     * BLEN(50,5), RI(50,5),
                              ZI(50,5).
     * IHI(38),
                  ILO(38),
                              IR(38),
     * NB(50,6),
     * IMAT(50,15)
```

SECTION 3

INPUT AND OUTPUT

The following section is a user's guide of the input requirements for the modified ABRES Shape Change Code (BRLASCC). The input has changed from ASCC80 in the following manner:

- On the first restart card, variable DGX has been added. When the automatic shifting of origin option is exercised, BRLASCC will shift the origin by DOX inches rather than OX inches as in ASCC8O.
- In Input Table 3, the ASCC77 general body shape input option has been eliminated. All general shapes and multimaterial cases must be input with the ASCC80 general shape input methodology.
- In Input Table 3, variable implicit layer thickness on each ray is now an option. The user must specify the normalized spacing that will apply to every ray and the implicit layer thickness on each ray.
- In Input Table 6, material properties for melting materials is now an input option. Should the user wish to include in-depth melting of materials the user must specify the latent heat of fusion (XLATHT), melt temperature (TMELT), temperature difference over which melt is to occur (DTMELT), specific heat of the solid at TMELT (CPSOLD), and the specific heat of the liquid at TMELT (CPLIQD).

3.1 INPUT INSTRUCTIONS

The input to the code can be read from a disk file or data cards for an initial run, or from magnetic tape or disk for a restart run. The details of the input for each of these types of runs are described below. The basic input for an initial run consists of:

- Two restart information cards
- Three title cards
- Nine input tables

Not all nine of the input tables are required for every r n. Each table is preceded by a single card containing the identifying t_{ℓ} where

For a restart run, only the restart information cards are required, and the rest of the data is read from magnetic tape or disk.

The following are FORTRAN I/O unit assignments.

<u>Unit</u>	Device Type	<u>Purpose</u>
1	Terminal (interactive) Disk file (tatch)	Lists current environment number, time, and altitude.
5	Disk file (interactive/batch)	Input data
6	Disk file (interactive/batch) Printer (batch) Terminal (interactive)	Output data
14	Disk file (interactive/batch) Magnetic tape (interactive/batch)	Restart file
20	Disk file (interactive/batch)	For coupled trajectory option, trajectory scratch file

The following sections describe the restart information, title cards, and the nine input tables, respectively.

Restart Information

The "restart" cards are the first card set in the data deck. If the run is a restart, they are the only cards required. These cards tell the code

the environment number from which to begin the restart and what modifications should be made in the conduction grid. For an initial run, the IRSTRT field should be left blank. The BRLASCC code stores the contents of its common blocks on the restart file at the end of each cycle of environment and/or shape change calculation. All restart reading and/or writing is done on Logical Unit 14 and it should be assigned accordingly.

Two options allow modifications to the implicit conduction grid during a calculation. These modifications may be done automatically or by restarting the solution. The first option drops surface points from the grid and allows larger time steps. The second option shifts the origin of rays and interpolates for temperatures at the new implicit grid points. The modifications are done automatically by the code when the user specifies the proper values of IDROP, IMOVE, DOX, DTDROP, DSMOVE. They can be done manually by restarting the solution and specifying OXN and IPDRP.

The format for the restart cards is as follows.

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
1	1- 5	15	IRSTRT ENVIRONMENT NO. to restart from	
	6-10	15	NTFIX ENVIRONMENT NO. to fix shape. This causes the shape to remain fixed subsequent to assigned environment number	
*	11-15	15	IDROP Flag to allow automatic dropping of surface points	

^{= 0 --} Surface points will not be dropped

^{= 1 --} Surface points will be dropped when the lateral conduction time step becomes less than DTDROP

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	Units
*	16-20	15	<pre>IMOVE Flag to allow automatic shifting or origin of rays</pre>	- ~
			= 0 Origin of rays will not be shifted	
			= 1 Origin of rays will be shifted DOX inches when the implicit grid is less than DSMOV inches from origin	
	21-32	E12.5	OXN Z-coordinate for the new origin of rays during restart	Inch
*	33-44	E12.5	DOX Origin of rays will be shifted when needed by this amount; IMOVE = 1	Isun
*	45~56	E12.5	<u>DSMOV</u> See IMOVE	Inch
*	57-68	E12.5	DTDROP See IDROP	Sec
			Regrid option only	
			(Read only if $0XN \neq 0.0$)	
*2	1-50	5011	$\frac{\text{IPDRP}(K)}{\text{flag for dropping surface point}} \text{ For } K = 1, \text{ KLF } (50 \text{ to a card}),$	
			≈ 0 Retain point	
			= 1 Drop point	

Title Information

The next three cards contain title information in Columns 1 through 72. Contents of Columns 61 through 72 on Card 3 are printed on every page of the output.

INPUT TABLE 1. GENERAL PROGRAM CONSTANTS AND TIME INFORMATION

This table supplies the code with computation time information and program flags which indicate options to be subsequently read.

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter U1 (table number)	
2	3-14	E12.5	<pre>II Initial time (for LG = -1 it corresponds to the initial conditions for trajectory calculations)</pre>	Sec
	15~26	E12.5	<u>TF</u> Final time	Sec
	27-38	E12.5	DLTMIN Minimum allowable time step. If negative, only user's specified time steps (DLTT) are used. A default value of 10-5 sec will be used if zero is entered. This default value is satisfactory in most cases; thus, the user can usually enter zero	Sec
3	1- 5	15	<u>LG</u> Environment flag	
*			-1 Flight (internally computed trajectory, Table 2 not needed)	
		Table 2 required	1 Flight 2 Wind tunnel 3 Ballistic range 4 General 5 Arc heater	
	6-10	15	ISS Shape change flag	
			0 Shape change with transient in-depth conduction	
			<pre>1 Shape change with steady-state in-depth conduction</pre>	
			<pre>2 No shape change (boundary layer</pre>	

INPUT TABLE 1. Continued

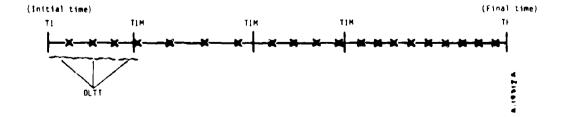
Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	<u>Units</u>
3	11-15	15	IPRNT Output print flag	
			O Summary table only	
			1 Detailed output at body points	
			2 Detailed output at integration points	
			Positive IPRNT Output at user specified environment times only (<u>DLTT</u>)	
			Negative IPRNT Output at all environment times	
	16-20	15	NREYCR Transition criteria flag	
		70	1 Laminar flow (Table 04 not required)	
		04 required	2 Critical momentum thickness Reynolds number versus edge Mach number	
		40	3 Critical stream length Reynolds number versus edge Mach number	
		Table	4 Nosetip axial distance versus:	
		•	Altitude for LG = 1	
			Time for LG = 2, 3, 4, 5	
		1	5 Anderson nose criterion	
		: required	$Re_{\theta} \left(\frac{k}{\theta} \frac{1}{\psi}\right)^{0.7} = \frac{255 \text{ for onset}}{215 \text{ for location}}$ $\psi = T_{w}/T_{e}$	
		not \	LORN cone criterion	
		Table 04 not	6 Anderson mose criterion	
		Tabl	$Re_{\theta} \left(\frac{k}{\theta} \frac{1}{\psi}\right)^{0.7} = \frac{255 \text{ for onset}}{215 \text{ for location}}$	

INPUT TABLE 1. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Table 04 trequired	$\frac{Data}{\psi = 0.1B' + [(0.9 + 0.11CARB)(1 + 0.25B')(\rho_e)]}$ LORN cone criterion	Units PW)]
3 (Cont	i nu ed)	not Ta	7 Fully turbulent Positive NREYCR Transitional heating Negative NREYCR No transitional heating (abrupt transition)	
3	21-25	15	IRON Body angle definition flag -1 Circle curve fit 0 Circle fit for laminar flow, angle averaging for turbulent flow with damping logic for negative curvature (recommended for shape change)	
	26-30	15	 1 Anyle averaging 1CARB Carbon flag in PANT transition criterion (NREYCR = 6) 0 Uses 0.9 factor in ψ calculation (recommended for carbon materials) 1 Uses 1.0 factor in ψ calculation 	
*	31-35	15	IATM Atmosphere-type flag for LG = 1 1 Standard kwajalein atmosphere 2 U.S. standard atmosphere, 1962	~~
*	36-40	15	1ATMS Atmosphere-type flag for LG = -1 1 No atmosphere 2 1962 standard 3 15 dey north annual 4 30 deg north January 5 30 deg north July 6 45 deg north July 7 45 deg north July 8 45 dey north spring/fall 9 60 dey north January 10 60 deg north January (cold) 11 60 deg north January (warm) 12 60 deg north July 13 75 deg north January	

INPUT TABLE 1. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	Units
			14 75 deg north January (cold) 15 75 deg north January (warm) 16 75 deg north July 17 Tonapah winter 18 Tonapah spring 19 Tonapah summer 20 Tonapah fall	
*3 (Conti	41-45 nued)	15	IMOD Nose shape modification. The code does not allow the surface angle between two adjacent points to exceed 89.5° . The user has the option to specify whether the point $(I+1)$ or $(I-1)$ is used to control the recession at point I . IMOD = 1 usually results in larger timesteps in severe erosion environments.	
			0 Use I and (I + 1)	
			1 Use I and (I - 1)	
4	1- 2	15	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
	3-14	E12.5	<u>DLTT</u> Environment time step (at the end of each interval new environment will be calculated)	Sec
	15-26	E12.5	TIM Time for change of DLTT	Sec
5	Same as	Card 4 for	various output intervals	
(etc.)				



- Trajectory calculation option only - - - -

(Read only if LG = -1)

INPUT TABLE 1. Concluded

Card No.	Columns	Format	Date	Units
*6	3-14	E12.5	HTJI Altitude at which trajectory calculations start	Ft
	15-26	E12.5	HSCI Altitude at which shape change calculations start (typically shape change should be limited to altitudes below 150,000 ft)	Ft
	27-38	E12.5	HSCF Altitude at which shape change calculations terminate	Ft
*7	39-50	E12.5	HTJF Altitude at which trajectory calculations terminate	Ft
	3-14	E12.5	THT Initial longitude for trajectory calculation	Deg
	15-26	E12.5	PHGD Initial latitude for trajectory calculation	Deg
	27-38	E12.5	WELTJ Initial velocity for trajectory calculation	Ft/sec
	39-50	E12.5	GAMGD Initial flight path angle (should be negative value for reentry trajectory)	Deg
	51-62	E12.5	SIGGD Initial heading	Deg

INPUT TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENT TABLE

This table inputs environment conditions according to LG flag of Input Table 1. Maximum of 60 entries are allowed in this table.

1. Input for Flight Environment, LG = 1

Card No.	Columns	<u>Format</u>	Dat.i	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter 02 (table number)	
2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
	3-14	E12.5	Time	Sec
	15-26	E12.5	Altitude	Ft
	27-38	E12.5	Velocity	Ft/sec
3	Same as	Card 2 for	increasing time	
(etc.)				

2. Input for Wind Tunnel Environment, LG = 2

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter 02 (table number)	
2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
	3-14	E12.5	Time	Sec
	15-26	E12.5	Free stream total pressure	psia
	27-38	E12.5	Free stream total temperature	°F
	39-50	E12.5	Free stream Mach No. (a constant, entered on Card 2 only)	
3	Same as (Card 2 for	increasing time	
(etc.)				

INPUT TABLE 2. Continued

3. Input for Ballistic Range Environment, LG = 3

	Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Date</u>	Units
	1	1- 2	12	Enter 02 (table number)	
history	, 2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
		3-14	E12.5	Time	Sec
Projectile		15-26	E12.5	Projectile displacement down the range	Ft
roje		27-38	E12.5	Velocity	Ft/sec
•	(3+n)	Same as	Card 2 for	increasing time	
range	(n+1)	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	*
the		3-14	E12.5	Distance	Ft
down		15-26	E12.5	Pressure	Atm
nent		27-38	E12.5	Temperature (Card (n+1) only)	°R
Environment	(n+2)	Same as	Card (n+1)	with increasing distance	
Env	(etc.)				

4. Input for General Environment, LG = 4

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	<u>Units</u>
1	1- 2	12	Enter 02 (table number)	
2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
	3-14	E12.5	Time	Sec
	15-26	E12.5	Free stream static pressure	Atm
	27-38	E12.5	Free stream static temperature	°R
	39-50	E12.5	Free stream velocity	Ft/sec
3	Same as	Card 2 for	increasing time	
(etc.)				

INPUT TABLE 2. Concluded

5. Input for Arc Heater Environment, LG = 5

	Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
	1	1- 2	12	Enter 02 (table number)	
] displacement	(2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the displacement history subset	
sp la torv	{	3-14	E12.5	Time	Sec
l di his		15-26	E12.5	Displacement	Inch
Mode]	(3+n)	Same as	Card 2 for	increasing time	
(, (n+1)	1- 2	15	Nonzero entry for the last card in the flow conditions subset	
tion		3-14	£12.5	Time	Sec
ondi	1	15-26	E12.5	Free stream total pressure (p_{t_1})	Atm
Flow conditions		27-3 8	E12.5	Free stream total enthalpy (h_{t_1})	Btu/lbm
	(n+2 +m)	Same as	Card (n+1)	with increasing time	
conditions	(m+1)	1- 2	15	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
cond		3-14	E12.5	Distance from nozzle exit	Inch
		15-26	E12.5	Normal shock total pressure ratio (p_{t_2}/p_{t_1})	
Pressure	(m+2)	Same as	Card m+1 w	ith increasing distance	
Δ.	(etc.)				

INPUT TABLE 3. INITIAL CONFIGURATION AND IN-DEPTH CONDUCTION GRID PARAMETERS

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter 03 (table number)	
2	1- 5	15	$\frac{NS}{S}$ Number of points on the heated surface of the body (maximum 50 points)	
			>0 Sphere-core shape option (applicable only for single material todies)	
			<pre><0 General shape option</pre>	
	6-10	15	NPN Number of points on the nose; applicable only to sphere-cone option (NS > 0)	
	11-15	15	MAT Material index for single material nosetip. If the nosetip is multimaterial (maximum of six in-depth materials, general shape option only) it may be entered as zero.	
3	1- 2		Blank	
	3-14	E12.5	RNI Initial nose radius [†]	Inch
	15-26	E12.5	<pre>ZMAX Maximum axial length (required input for sphere-cone option only)</pre>	Inch
			ZMAX = 7-coordinate of the last point on the sphere-cone	
	27-38	E12.5	THETA Initial cone half angle (required input for sphere-cone option only)	Deg
	39-50	E12.5	OX Axial position of the origin of the rays	Inch
			<0 Flat back option	
			>0 Plug option	

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\dagger}\text{Used}}$ to estimate transition altitude (or time), and for scaling of body input information

INPUT TABLE 3. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	<u>Units</u>
3 (Conti	nued)		The following sketches illustrate the nosetip configuration/location of the origin of the ray's combination which are referred to as flat back or plug configurations.	
			0x = 2MAX $-2MAX$	# Ap 4.425
		a. Flat ba	ack (OX = ZMAX) b. Plug (OX < ZMAX)	
	51-62	E12.5	TS Initial body temperature. This input will be overridden if surface temperature distribution is input via Table 07.	°R
	63-74	E12.5	STRD (Transient option only, ISS = 0.) Maximum surface temperature rise desired between time steps. If it is less than 49°R or greater than 201°R, it is set to 75°R.	°R

The generalized shape/interface option can be thought of as describing the boundary lines for each material in the vehicle. Each material interface should be described as a closed loop (i.e., one point should be specified twice). A simple sample will best illustrate the use of the new option. Consider a vehicle modeled by the following geometry:

- General Shape Option - -

INPUT TABLE 3. Continued

The second secon

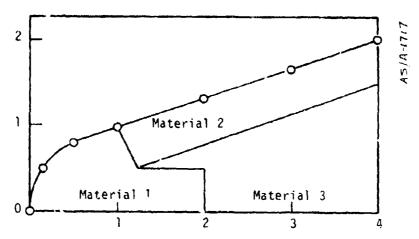


Table 3 input for this geometry is shown in Figure 3-1 with 10 surface points, models the interface with 22 input points, and has 1 plug point. Although the configuration appears as a flat back, the user has specified a plug option (Figure b, Page 3-14) so that the origin of rays may be placed closer to the nosetip for better implicit layer definition. As such, the user must specify the flat back face as an unheated surface. From this data, the code will calculate the coordinates and material flags of the interface intersections with ray within the implicit layer, and the material flag indices for the explicit grid, NMAT.

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	<u>Units</u>
4	1-20 F10	.3,F8.3,Y2	ZSP(I), RSP(I), NB1(I) For I = 1, NS. Body point coordinates and material indices for the surface of the vehicle. Enter one surface point per card.	Inch
			Enter as many cards as there are surface points (NS).	
5	1- 5	15	NIF Number of points used to describe the interfaces	

1009 TABLE 9: 1 MPUT 6EO 0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	460METRY 8.5	Contrar staffered				Mary September S
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		2.0				ad Mar Supplement
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25			X.		75	1
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8125 9 6 6 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						
8125 94 83 1 8125 94 83 1 7 8 97 2 7 8 97 2 7 8 97 2 7 8 98 3 7 98 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9			-	-		
25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			!	<u> </u> -		
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				1	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
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2 2 0 5 6 3 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1			· -			
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1 7 7						
0006			:	!		
6.915 9483						
1 0 548 1						
6 6		:		•		
- S						
2 0 0 0			:			:

Figure 3-1. Sample Table 3 Input for General Shape/Interface Option

i							1					in the same		
;			: :	i :	! !				_	 	 	-		[
					.								1	
				.		FORTRAN	FORTRAN STREET						-	.
0 0	0.0	-				_				_				1
0.1	1.0546	7			 		_	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	 	_	ļ 		
0	2.0583	. ~	 	 - 	! :	! -	: 		 	 				
0	- 3	7			:			! : :	: : :	! : :	: : :			į
57.1	0.0	7			:				:				! ! !	
-0	1.0549	7		! !								-		
1.25	0.9				! !	L			!	 		<u> </u>		
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0	0	_ *		! !	:	! : : :	: : :			:			 	
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			!		: : 					· · ·			_	-
			. !							! 				
			:									-		
			,			' .			!		; ;			
				,										

Figure 3-1. (Concluded)

INPUT TABLE 3. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
6	1-20	F10.3,F8.3,I2	ZIS(I), RIS(I), NBS(I) For I = 1, NIF. Coordinates and material indices for the interface locations. Enter one surface point per card. Enter as many cards as there are	Inch
			interface points (NIF).	

If the geometry consists of only one material, the interface boundary is described first by tracing the surface body points then closing the loop.

(Read only if 0X > 0)

Plug points identify the remaining surface points that are not on the heated surface. Note if a flat back configuration is specified as a plug (Figure b, page 3-14), that is 0X > 0, then a single plug point is required, connecting the last surface point to the axis, which describes the unheated flat back face.

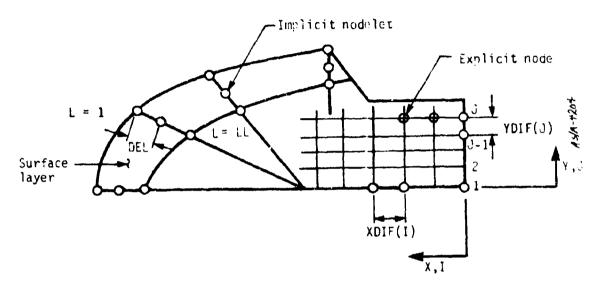
Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	Units
5	1- 2	12	NC F'ag to read the coordinates of the body points	
			= 0 Keep reading	
			# 0 Stop reading. This indicates that the card is the last of its kind.	
	3-14	E12.5	ZSP Body point axial length, (z)	Inch
	15-26	E12.5	RSP Body point radial length, (r)	Inch

INPUT TABLE 3. Continued

----- In-depth grid setup --------

(Transient option only: ISS = 0)

This in-depth grid definition and nomenclature are shown in the following sketch.



Comments on the Choice of the In-Depth Grid

では、これをして、大きのできた。これのため、地域の大きなないのでは、自然のでは、自然のないでは、はないないできない。

The grid size and distribution are problem dependent. In general, there is no rule as to what the optimum value of the grid size is; and one has to perform some numerical experiments to arrive at the optimum value. The acceptable solution to the problem is the one which does not change when the grid size is further refined.

In order to obtain a rough estimate of the thickness of the surface layer, we use the results of steady-state analysis of a semi-infinite solid with constant surface temperature (or heat flux) and recession rate, s. It can be shown that the thermal penetration depth in the solid is

$$D_p = \frac{2.3\alpha}{s}$$

INPUT TABLE 3. Continued

where α is the material thermal diffusivity and D_p is defined to be the distance from the receding surface to where the temperature drops to 10 percent of the surface temperature.

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In the mosetip application, if we can estimate a characteristic recession rate, \dot{s} , we may state that the surface layer thickness should be greater than or at least equal to D_D obtained from the above formula.

For plug configuration the position of the origin of the rays on the axis of symmetry is input by the user. As a guide to determine the position of this origin, it should be noted that for accuracy of computations we desire the rays to be as close to the surface normals as possible. On the other hand, the distance OX should be large enough to allow the surface to recede without getting too close to the origin of the rays. The computations are set to stop if the distance from the back of the surface layer to the origin of the rays is anywhere smaller than DSMOVE unless the automatic shifting option is specified. In the former case, the computations can be continued by relocating the origin of the rays and using the code restart capability. The input format for the in-depth grid is as follows:

Implicit Grid

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
6	1- 5	12	<u>LL</u> Total number of implicit nodes (nodlets) along each ray (maximum 15)	
7	1- 2	12	Blank	
	3-74	6E12.5	DELN(I) For I=2, LL; normalized nodlet spacing (normalized distance between nodlets, from surface inwards must sum to unity; maximum of 14). If uniform spacing is desired, enter only one spacing, DELN(2); i.e., 1/(LL-1) = uniform spacing.	

INPUT TABLE 3. Concluded

	Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	<u>Units</u>					
	8	1- 2	12	B1 ank						
		3-74	6E12.5	<pre>DEL(I) For I=1, NS; surface layer thickness along each ray. If uniform thickness is desired, enter only one thickness, DEL(1)</pre>	Inch					
	9	1- 5	15	IL Number of explicit nodes in the X -direction (maximum 6))						
		6-10	15	JL Number of explicit nodes in the Y-direction (maximum 25)						
	10	1- 2		Blank						
for spacing	(3-74	6E12.5	<pre>XDIF(I) For I = 2, IL (six to a card), X-direction distance between grid nodes. For uniform grid spacing in both X and Y directions enter one value only, XDIF(2)</pre>	Inch					
d Sp	11	1- 2		Blank						
Not input for uniform grid spa	(3-74	6E12.5	$\frac{\text{YDIF}(J)}{\text{Y-direction distance between grid nodes}}$	Inch					
ĹĦ										
				(Read only if $LG = -1$)						
	Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units					
	*12	3-14	E12.5	THETAC Frustum angle to be used in	011103					
	•-	5 17	2.2.13	calculating the aft body drag	Deg					
		15-26	E12.5	RBAS Vehicle base radius	Inch					
		27-38	E12.5	VLN Vehicle axial length	Inch					
		39-50	E12.5	XCG Vehicle center of gravity location from stagnation point	Inch					
		51-62	E12.5	WT Vehicle weight	1 bm					

INPUT TABLE 4. TRANSITION TABLE

Enter this table only when NREYCR = 2, 3, or 4. Maximum of 30 entries are allowed in this table.

1. Input for Re_{θ} versus M_{e} , NEEYCR = 2

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter 04 (table number)	
2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
	3-14	E12.5	AM Local edge Mach No. (Me)	
	15-26	E12.5	REM Critical momentum thickness Reynolds number (Re_{θ})	
3	Same as	Card 2 for	increasing M _e	
(etc.)				
		2. In	put for Re _s versus M _e , NREYCR = 3	
1	1- 2	12	Enter 04 (table number)	
2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	•-
	3-14	E12.5	AM Local edge Mach No. (Me)	
	15-26	E12.5	REM Critical steam-length Reynolds number (Res)	**

3 Same as Card 2 for increasing M_e (etc.)

INPUT TABLE 4. Concluded

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	Units
			put for axial transition location rsus altitude (time), HREYCR = 4	
1	1- 2	12	Enter 04 (table number)	
2	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	~ .
	3-14	E12.5	$\frac{AM}{(LG)}$ = 2, 4, or 5)	Ft or sec
	15-26	E12.5	REM Axial transition location from current stagnation point	Inch
3	Same as	Card 2 for	increasing altitude (time)	

INPUT TABLE 5. PARTICLE ENVIRONMENT

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This table is not required for clear air calculations. Three options are allowed for cloud characterization with a maximum of 50 entries in each.

Card	0.1	Commat	\mathtt{Dat}_c	Units
No.	Columns	Format	•	
1	1- 2	12	Enter 05 (table number)	
*2	1- 5	15	NOSLO Shock layer particle interaction flag	
			Interaction model is a function of the altitude and is input in the following tables	
			1 No interaction	
			2 Jaffe model	
			3 Reinecke and Waldman model	
			4 Ranger and Nicholls model	
	6-10	15	NOHEAL Ablation healing flag	
			O No crater healing	
			1 Crater healing	
	11-15	15	METER Input units flag	
			0 Altitudes in feet	
			1 Altitudes in meters	
*	16-20	15	INPUT Distribution flag	
			O Constant particle size	
			1 Built-in distributions	
			2 Input distributions	
			Option 2 ($INPUT = 0$)	
3	1- 2	12	NC Nonzero entry for last card	~~
Ţ	3-10	F8.1	ALCL Altitude (LG = 1) or distance along range (LG = 3)	Ft or meter

INPUT TABLE 5. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Na:a</u>	Units
	11-20	F10.2	CZI Liquid water content	gm/m ³
	21-30	F10.2	DPI Particle diameter	Microns
	31-40	F10.2	SGI Particle specific gravity	
*	41-50	F10.2	TYP Particle type	
			1.0 Ice	
			2.0 Small snow	
			3.0 Large snow	
			4.0 Rain	
*	60	11	NDEM Particle/shock-layer interaction model. Not used if NOSLO > 0.	~~
			1 No interaction	
			2 Jaffe model	
			3 Reinecke and Waldman model	
			4 Ranger and Nicholls model	
4	Same as	Card 3 fo	or increasing or decreasing altitude	
(etc.	.)			
			Option 2 (INPUT = 1)	
*3	1- 2	12	<u>NC</u>	-
	3-10	F8.1	ALCI.	-
	11-20	F10.2	CZI Compaction 1	-
	21-30	F10.2	TYP Same as Option 1	-
	31-40	F10.2	<u>5G1</u>	-
	50	11	NDEM	-
			J	

INPUT TABLE 5. Concluded

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
			Option 3 (INPUT = 2)	
*3	1- 2	12	NC)	-
	3-10	F8.1	ALCL	-
	11-20	F10.2	ALCL CZI TYP Same as Opt on 1	-
	21-30	F10.2	TYP	-
	31-40	F10.2	DMAX Maximum particular diameter	Microns
	41-50	F10.2	$ \frac{ANO}{ALAM} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda} $ Parameters used to describe distribution function $ \frac{ALAM}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda} $ $ N(D) = N_0 \cdot e $	#/m³-mm†
	51-60	F10.2	$\frac{ALAM}{-\lambda} - \lambda \int N(D) = N_0 e^{-\lambda dp}$	-
	61-70	F10.2	,	-
	80	12	NDEM Same as Option 1	-

INPUT TABLE 6. MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Maximum of three material inputs are allowed in this table. Each material input is treated according to the following format.

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter 06 (table number)	
2	1- 5	I 5	MAT Material index for following table	-
	6-10	15	NERODE Erosion law material flag	-
			U No erosion	
			1 Generalized G-law erosion	
			2 Carbon-phenolic law	
			3 Tunysten law	
	11-15	15	JROUGH Laminar heating augmentation flag	-
			O No augmentation	
			1 Transition proximity augmentation	
			2 Transition proximity and particle stirring augmentation with correla- tion of metallic data	
			$H = 0.1193 \ \rho_{\infty} u_{\infty} \left(\frac{w_{x,impact} u_{\rho}}{\rho_{\infty} u_{\infty}} \right)^{0.382}$	
			3 Particle stirring augmentation with correlation for graphite data	
_			$H = 0.098 \left[\frac{w_{x,impact}^{u}p}{\rho_{\infty}u_{\infty}} (1 + G) \right]^{0.317}$	
3	1- 2		Blank	
	3-14	E12.5	RUFL Intrinsic roughness height	Mil
	15-26	E12.5	RUFMAX Maximum turbulent roughness height (k _t)	Mil
	27-38	E12.5	<u>RUF1</u> Constant k ₁	MIL-psi ⁰
			>0 White-Grabow scallop law is used:	
			$k_t = k_1 P_e^{-0.77}$ with $k_{t_{max}} = RUFMAX$	

INPUT TABLE 6. Continued

Card No.	<u>, olumns</u>	Format	<u>Dav.a</u>	Units
			=0 Constant Turbu ent roughness of RUFMAX is used	
4	1- 2		Blank. If NERODE = 0, this card is not required.	
	3-14	E12.5	A \ Constants for generalized G-law erosion (this card required only	
	15-26	E12.5	B if NERODE = 1) where:	
	27-38	E12.5	$C = A(u_p)^B (d_p)^C (m_p)^D (\sin \theta)^E (T_w)^F$	
	39-50	E12.5	<pre>D up = Impact velocity in ft/sec dp = Particle diameter in micron</pre>	
	51-62	E12.5	$E = m_p = Mass of the particle in lbm$	
	63-74	E12.5	F / Tw = Surface temperature in °R	••
	75-80	E6.0	DPARIM	
			>0 Minimum-particle diameter used in carbon-carbon G-law	Microns
			<0 Use graphite G-law	
	Para	meters in	Blowing Correction to Transfer Coefficients	
5	1- 2	12	NC Flag, zero for ISS = 0 or 1. For ISS = 2, use -1 for terminal card of an intermediate material table and +1 for last material table. The input of the rest of Input Table 6, except card 9 is not required if ISS = 2.	
			Default Values	
	3-14	E12.5	BLS Laminar shear parameter 0.5	
	15-26	E12.5	BLH Laminar heating parameter 0.5	
	27-38	E12.5	BTS Turbulent shear parameter 0.35	
	39-50	E12.5	BTH Turbulent heating parameter 0.35	
			If zero is entered, default values are used.	

INPUT TABLE 6. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
6	1- 2		Blank	
	3-14	E12.5	RHO Material density	1bm/ft ³
	15-26	E12.5	TFO Datum temperature for heat of formation. For JANAF data TFO = 36°R.	°R
	27-38	E12.5	HFO Heat of formation	Btu/!bm
7	1- 2		Blank; if non-melting material, enter a blank card	
	3-14	E12.5	XLATHT Latent heat of fusion for melting material	Btu/lbm
	15-26	E12.5	<pre>TMELT Melt temperature</pre>	• _R
	27-38	E12.5	DTMELT Temperature difference over which melt is to occur	°R
	39-50	E12.5	<pre>CPSOLD Specific heat of so'</pre>	Btu/1bm-°R
	51-62	E12.5	CPLICD Specific heat of `an TMELT	Btu/lbm-°R
8	1- 2	12	NC Flag, nominally zero, +1 interminal card of last material protects table, -1 marks terminal card of intermediate material property tables	
	3-14	E12.5	Temperature (independent variable)	°R
	15-26	E12.5	Specific heat	Btu/1bm-°R
	27-38	E12.5	Thermal conductivity (not required for the steady-state option)	Btu/ft-sec-°R
	39-50	E12.5	Emissivity	

Additional materials (if any) follow in a similar manner, starting with ${\tt Card\ 2.}$

INPUT TABLE 6. Concluded

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Dat a</u>	Units
			Contact Resistance	
9	1- 5	15	MAT1 Material number	
	6-10	15	MAT2 Material number	
	11-22	E12.5	VALUE Contact resistance between MAT1 and MAT2	Ft ² -S-°R/Btu

Enter contact resistance between each pair of materials only once, i.e., if

MAT1 = 2 and MAT2 = 5 it is not necessary to enter a contact resistance for the

pair MAT1 = 5 and MAT2 = 2. Terminate entries with a blank card; if there are no

contact resistances, the blank card is still required.

INPUT TABLE 7. SURFACE DATA

The BRLASCC code includes sophisticated techniques to predict surface pressure, temperature, and blowing rate distributions of ablating surfaces. The user, however, may bypass these computations and enter the desired surface pressure, temperature, or blowing rate distributions via this table. Entries for each variable are described in the following subsections. Any combination of one or three subsections can be input. Maximum of 60 entries are allowed in each subtable.

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Oata</u>	Units
			Pressure	
1	1- 2	12	Enter 07 (table number)	
2	1- 5	15	<pre>ITABL Enter 1 (pressure table)</pre>	
	6-10	15	IPRFLG	
			1 Surface pressure ratio given as function of axial distance	
			2 Surface pressure ratio given as function of dimensionless stream length (S/R _N) where R _N is the nose radius	
3	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table (-1, if other surface tables follow, +1 for last surface table)	
	3-14	E12.5	Axial distance from stagnation point (IPRFLG = 1) or, dimensionless stream length (S/R_N) (IPRFLG = 2)	Inch
	15-26	E12.5	Pressure ratio (p/pt ₂)	
4	Same as	Card 3 for	increasing distance or S/RN	

INPUT TABLE 7. Concluded

Temperature

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
m	1- 5	15	ITABL Enter 2 (temperature table)	
	6-1015	ITMF	<u>LG</u>	-
			1 Surface temperamure as a function of axial distance	
			2 Surface temperature as a function of dimensionless scream length (S/R_N)	
m+1	1- 2	12	Nonzero entry for last card in table (-1, if other surface tables follow, +1 for last surface table)	ka up
	3-14	E12.5	Axial distance from stagnation point (ITMFLG = 1)	Inch
			or dimensionless stream length (S/R_N) (ITMFLG = 2)	
	15-26	E12.5	Temperature	°R
(m+2) (etc.)	Same as	Card m+1	for increasing distance	
(800.)			Blowing Rate	
n	1- 5	15	ITABL Enter 3 (blowing rate table)	
	6-10	15	IBRFLG	
			1 Blowing rate (B') as a function of axial distance	
			2 Blowing rate (B') as a function of dimensionless stream length (S/R_N)	
n+1	1- 2	15	Nonzero entry for last card in table (-1, if other surface tables follow, +1 for last surface table)	
	3-14	E12.5	Axial distance from stagnation point (IBRFLG = 1) or dimensionless stream length (S/RN), (IBRFLG = 2)	Inch
	15-26	E12.5	Blowing parameter B' = PwVw/peueCM	
(n+2) (etc.)			for increasing distance	

INPUT TABLE 8. SHOCK SHAPE DATA

The ASC code includes state-of-the-art shock shape prediction capability. The user may, however, bypass the code shock shape calculations and input the shock coordinates and shock angle as a function of shock radial coordinate via this table. Maximum f 150 entries are allowed in this table.

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Data</u>	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter 08 (tab.e number)	
2	1- 5	15	ISHFLG Shock shape flag	***
			1 Shock angle given as function of y-coordinate	
			2 Shock angle given as function of dimensionless y-coordinate (y/R_N) , where R_N is the nose radius	
3	1- 2	15	Nonzero entry for the last card in the table	
	3-14	E12.5	y-coordinate (for ISHFLG = 1) or dimensionless y-coordinate (y/R_N) , (ISHFLG = 2)	Inch
	15-26	E12.5	Shock angle	Degrees
	the x-co	ordinate [†]	ered with the parameter NOSLO = 2, 3, or 4, of the shock must also be entered following format:	
	27-38	E12.5	<pre>x-coordinate (for ISHFLG = 1) or dimensionless x-coordinate (x/RN) (ISHFLG = 2)</pre>	Inch

⁴ Same as Card 2 for increasing y or y/RN

For normal shock calculation, make a table having one entry with shock angle of 90° .

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ This input is required for weather calculations with demise.

INPUT TABLE 9. SURFACE THERMOCHEMISTRY

Table 9 consists of the parameters necessary for the surface energy balance formulation. For multimaterial nosetips, the same format is repeated for each material. Different material thermochemistry tables must be separated by a blank card, and the final table is terminated by two blank cards.

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Dat a</u>	Units
1	1- 2	12	Enter 09 (table number)	
2	1- 5	15	MAT Material index number	
3	1- 2		Blank	
	3-14	E12.5	CMH Ratio of mass to heat transfer coefficients (typically 1.0)	

Edge Tables

If diffusion coefficients are <u>not</u> equal <u>or</u> if the ratio C_M/C_H is <u>not</u> unity, then the surface energy balance requires data about the edge gases of the boundary layer. These data are provided in special "edge tables" which precede each pressure section of the surface tables (the various sections of the surface tables are described below). The independent variables for an edge table are pressure and temperature. Dependent variables are h_e^W and $t_{z_{ie}h_i^W}$.

Card No.	Columns	Format	<u>Dat a</u>	Units
4	1- 8	F8.5	Pressure	Atm
	9-24		Blank	
	25-33	F9.4	Temperature	(°R if negative in which case enthalpies below are Btu/lbm)

INPUT TABLE 9. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
4 (Cont	34-38 inued)	F5.3	Unequal diffusion exponent Y	••
(0000	39-47	F9.3	* T Summation Σz _{ie} h _i w	<pre>cal/gr (Btu/lbm if temperature is entered with minus sign)</pre>
	48-56	F9.3	Enthalpy of edge gases h _e w evaluated at T _w	<pre>cal/gr (Btu/lbm if temperature is entered with minus sign)</pre>
	57-58	12	-1 (flag signifying that this card is part of the edge gas table)	***

Same as Card 4 for remaining entries in "edge table" for this pressure, maximum of 12 temperatures for each pressure. (etc.)

The table length is limited to 5 pressure sets (it may have only 1 pressure set) with not more than 12 nor less than 3 temperature entries in each set. The series of temperature values may be different for the edge table at each pressure set. The table is organized as a series of sections, each representing one pressure and each preceding the corresponding pressure group of the surface thermochemistry deck as described below. The temperature entries within each section must be ordered, either ascending or descending. Similarly, the pressures must be ordered either ascending or descending. Decks generated by Aerotherm thermochemistry programs will have been automatically ordered properly.

INPUT TABLE 9. Continued

Surface Thermochemistry Tables

Description of Surface Thermochemical Tables

This table comprises a series of sections. Each section represents <u>one</u> pressure and <u>one</u> transfer coefficient value. More than one transfer coefficient may be necessary if the effects of kinetics on the surface response are considered. Nondimensional ablation rate, B_{tc}' , forms the third independent variable within a given section. The table has three dependent variables: $\Sigma z_{iw}^{T_{iw}}$, $h_{iw}^{T_{iw}}$, and T_{iw} .

The Aerotherm thermochemistry codes generate separate groups for each pressure, one at a time. All these groups together make up the surface thermochemistry deck. Within each pressure group the transfer coefficient values will be ordered. Within each transfer coefficient section, ablation rate entries need not be ordered in any particular way on the ablation rates; any necessary ordering is made automatically by the code as it reads in the data.

Users providing their own thermochemistry decks must ensure that the transfer coefficients are ordered, but the ordering may be either ascending or descending in each case. The surface thermochemistry cards are identified by a unity flat in Column 58, as described in the format specification below.

The number of pressure groups may not exceed 5 (and may be only 1); the number of transfer coefficient values in each pressure group may not exceed 5 but may be only 1. If no kinetics effects are to be considered, a transfer coefficient of zero is acceptable. The sequence of transfer coefficient values need not be the same in the different pressure sections. Within each transfer coefficient section the number of ablation rate entries may not

INPUT TABLE 9. Continued

exceed 25 and may not be less than 2. The series of ablation values, B_t^{\prime} , may be unique for each section.

The "R-Btu/lb option described for the edge cables may be used for these tables also.

Card Formats

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Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
n	1- 8	F8.5	Pressure	Atm
	9-16	F8.5	Transfer coefficient [†]	lb/ft ² -sec
	17-24	F8.5	Nondimensional ablation rate m/peueCM = B'	
	25-33	F9.4	Surface temperature	°K (°R is negative in which case enthalpies below are Btu/lbn.)
	34-38	F5.3	Unequal diffusion exponent Y	
	39-47	F9.3	T Summation Σz _{iw} h _i w	<pre>caî/gr (Btu/lbm if temperature is entered with minus sign)</pre>
	48-56	F9.3	Enthalpy of wall gases h _W W	<pre>cal/gr (Btu/lbm if temperature is entered with minus sign)</pre>
	57-58	15	Flag indicating surface thermochemistry table entry	
	59-60		Blank	

[†]Must be provided by the user.

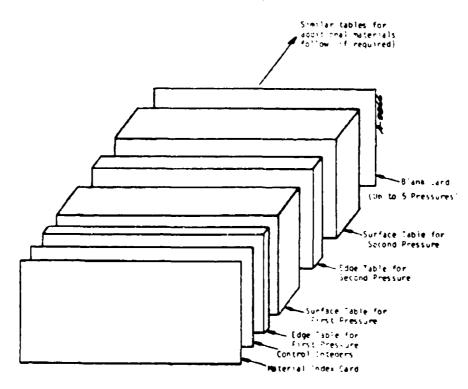
INPUT TABLE 9. Continued

Card No.	Columns	Format	Data	Units
n (Cont	61-66 inued)	A 6	Chemical symbol of surface species. (Aerotherm ACE and GASKET programs print such symbols arranged alphabetically and truncated from right end if necessary	- -
	67-78	E12.3	Nondimensional mechanical fail rate = m*/peueCM = B' (TBFP) fail	

n+1 Same as Card n for remaining entries in this section; maximum of 25 entries in each section.

Assembled Thermochemical Deck

The following sketch shows a picture of an assembled thermochemical data deck for a given material and several pressures. The deck corresponds to repeating the input described previously for each pressure.



Sketch of surface thermochemistry table makeup for a given material including leading constant cards.

INPUT TABLE 9. Concluded

The surface equilibrium data deck for each material must be terminated by a single blank card. Output decks of Aerotherm thermochemistry programs do not have such a card, and the user must supply it. Thermochemical data decks for additional materials (if required) follow in a similar manner. The last material thermochemistry table is terminated by two blank cards.

End of Input

The end of the input data deck for each case is signaled by a single card with a -1 punched in Columns 1 and 2. The end of the overall input data deck is signaled by a -1 punched in Columns 4 and 5.

3.2 SAMPLE PROBLEM

This subsection presents a sample problem that demonstrates the capability of the improved ASC code, BRLASCC. The problem consists of a long slender multimaterial configuration with an in-depth melting material. The objective of the analysis is to determine if the outer material "burns through" to the inner materials. Sample JCL for file assignments on VAX/VMS systems and a complete listing of the input data is presented, while only a selected listing of the output (which is voluminous) is presented.

The vehicle is a slightly modified Army projectile. The nose, originally sharp, has been given a small radius to facilitate gridding in the nose region. The vehicle is biconic, 12.5° on the nose with an 8° afterbody.

The BRLASCC solution failed to converge to a proper surface energy balance during Environment 8. A restart was undertaken from Environment 7 and is shown as part of the sample output. Asterisks next to the total recession rate and B' thermochemical printout at Surface Point 1 on the "Body Point Location and Surface Energy Balance Results" summary page indicate that nose modeling logic which prevents indented shapes from occurring is being used.

BRLASCC indicates that burnthrough does indeed occur at sometime near $0.59\ s.$

The sample VAX/VMS DCL command procedure to assign files for I/O and run BRLASCC is shown below.

RUNBRL.COM COMMAND PROCEDURE TO RUN BRLASCC SET NOVERIFY SET DEFAULT [directory name] ASSIGN RUN.LOG SYSSPRINT ASSIGN RUN.LOG SYSSOUTPUT input data filename FORO05 **ASSIGN** ASSIGN output data filename FOR006 **ASSIGN ENVIRON.OUT FOR001** ASSIGN RESTART.F14 **FOR014** ASSIGN TRAJECT.DAT FORO20 RUN [executable image directory name]BRLASCC.EXE RUN_LOG = F\$SEARCH("RUN.LOG") IF RUN_LOG .EOS. "" THEN GOTO NO_LOG DELETE RUN.LOG;* NO_LOG: TRAJ = F\$SEARCH("TRAJECT.DAT") IF TRAJ .EQS. "" THEN \$EXIT DELETE TRAJECT.DAT;*

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\$ 5 ! 5 5 5 ! 5 !

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EXIT

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0≖60 DEG-F) BPLASCC WARFP 1983						କ୍ଷ ବ୍ୟୁ ଅନ୍ତର୍ଭ	
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	1186 1186 1186 1186 1186 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	260	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
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BRL FLIGHT CASE (YUMA TS=125 DEG-F, T0=60 DEG-F) SAMPLE TRANSIENT CONDUCTION SOLUTION — BRLASCC 12 5 DEG NOSE, 7 INCH BODY — 1 SEPTEMBER 1983

SAMPLE

--- GENERAL PROGRAM FLAGS ---

I RON NREYCR = LG I <u>9</u> (NOSE SHAPE MODIFICATION FLAG) (ENVIRONMENT FLAG)
(SHAPE CHANGE FLAG)
(OUTPUT PRINT FLAG)
(TRANSTION CRITEPIA FLAG)
(RODY ANGLE DEFN. FLAG)
(CARBON TRANS. CRIT. FLAG)

-- TIME INCREMENT INFORMATION ---

INITIAL TIME UNTIL 0 0100 SEC 0 0100 SEC UNTIL 0 2500 SEC 0 2500 SEC UNTIL FINAL TIME 2.0000 FINAL TIME (SEC) OUTPUT INTERVAL = 0 0100 SEC FROM OUTPUT INTERVAL = 0 2500 SEC FROM OUTPUT INTERVAL = 0 2500 SEC FPOM 0000 INITIAL TIME (SEC)

TIME STEP STABILITY CRITERIA IN EFFECT *****************************

MINIMUM TIME STEP = 1 000E-06 SECONDS

!
ENV I ROMMENT
GENERAL
- 1

ų.	PRESSURE	TEMPERATURE	VELOCITY
	(ATM)	(0EG R)	(FPS)
•	000	520 00	5259.00
9 9	600	529 99	5184 66
2 2	0 0	520 00	5882.00
2 9	000	529 88	4941 00
9 9	0 0	520 00	4793 66
998	000	520 00	4636.00
9 9	9 9	529 88	4446 00
2 2	000	520.00	4249.00
2 5	9 6	520 88	4035 00
2 2	0 0	528 88	3839 00
2 5	999	520 08	3629 00

The formation of the fo

--- INITIAL GEOMETRY ---

GENERAL SHAPE

INITIAL NOSE RADIUS - 0.2000 INCHES

GENERAL INTERFACE OPTION

PLUG OPTION

MAXIMUM +2+ = 7 0000 INCHES ORIGIN OF RAYS (2) = 1 5000 INCHES ORIGIN OF RAYS (R) = 0.0000 INCHES

900Y		SURFACE			OUTER	INTERFACE		INNER	INTERFACE	
POINT		COORDINATES	-	MATERIAL	C0090	INATES	MATERIAL	COORD	INATES	MATERIA
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	(TACH)	(INCH)	(DEG)		(HONI)	(INCH) (INCH)		(INCH)	INCH) (INCH)	
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3	0 4975	9 1286	49 97	-	6 8959	0 0775	2	8959	8 8775	7
•	9 6974	0 1953	23 87	-	1 1458	0 9775	7	1 1458	0 0775	7
S	9 8999	0 2380	12 49	-	1 2680	0 0789	n	1.2721	0 0775	7
9	0000	0 2823	12 50	-	1 2689	0.1310	m	1 3627	0 0775	7
7	1 2490	0 3375	10 45		1 3723	0 1717	'n	1.4424	0 0775	2
•	1 5500	9 3798	8 90	-	1 5500	9961 9	2	1 5500	8 0775	7
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=	€ 6666	0.7241	8 00	2	4 0990	0.7241	2	€ 9999	0 7241	2
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1.3	7 6666	1 1458	8	2	7 0000	1.458	۲,	7 0000	1 1458	2

THE FOLLOWING POINTS ARE ON THE PLUG

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BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (SREASCC)

*** INITIAL SHAPE OF MOSETIP ***

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ERL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

--- INPLICIT NODE SPACING--NODE THICKNESS IN INCHES

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--- EXPLICIT GRID GEOMETRY ---

NUMBER OF COLUMNS = 60 RUMBER OF ROWS = 22 VARIABLE CRID SPACING WITH X GRID 5FACING = 21 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 0 11860 0 1860 0 11860 0 0 11860 0 1860 0 0 11860 0 0 11860 0 1860 0 0 11860 0 0 11860 0 1860 0 0 11860 0 0 05500 0 1860 0 0 05500 0 05500 0 1860 0 0 05500 0 0 05500 0 1860 0 0 05500 0 0 05500 0				1869 0.11869	1860	1860 0 11860	1850 0.11869	1860	1860	1860	1869		1860	1869 9 11869	1860		95		05500 05500	800
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				11860	11860	11860	11860	11860		11860	11860	11860	11860	11860	11860		05500	05500	05598	06500

INITIAL TEMPERATURE OF MODEL = 585 8 DEG R

75.0 DEG R MAXIMAM DESIPED SURFACE TEMPERATURE RISE BETWEEN TIME STEPS -

MATHINGIN EVELICIT NCOAL SPACING USED IN TIME STEP COMPUTATION = 0 0550 INCH

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..... MATERIAL NUMBER 1 ...

	K-LAN = 10 000 (MIL) K-TURB = 0.000 (MIL)	JROUGH = 1
SURFACE ROUGHNESS	ROUGHNESS HEIGHT FOR TRANSITION ROUGHNESS HEIGHT FOR TIJRBULENT HEATING	LAMINAR HEATING AUGMENTATION FLAG

--- PARAMETERS IN BLOWING CORRECTION TO TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS ---

--- THERMAL PROPERTIES ---

418 08 (LBM/FT3) \$36.00 (DEG R) 0.00 (BTU/LBM)	
(RHO) = (RHO) = (AFO) = (HFO) =	
MATERIAL DENSITY CATUM TEMP FOR HEAT OF FI HEAT OF FORMATION	

E EMISSIVITY		6 1500							
SENSIBLE ENTHALPY	(B10/LB)	2.2	5.7	15.3	25 35	35.9	6 97	58.3	70 3
CONDUCTIVITY	(81U/F1-SEC-DEG)	9 9189590	0 0 179000	0.0175800	0 0171800	0 0167060	0 6161800	0 0156300	0 0150600
SPECIFIC HEAT	(BTU/LB-DEG)	20 G 20 G 20 G 20 G 20 G	9500	9869 0	9 1939	9 1080	9 1120	0 1170	0 1220
TEMPERATURE	(0EG R)	99 99	99 995	200	800 00	98 985	99 9991	00 001	00 0071

--- EROSION LAW MATERIAL FLAG ---

NEROOE = 0

BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

***** MATERIAL NUMBER 2

--- SURFACE ROUGHNESS ----

K-LAM = (0.080 (MIL) K-TURB = 0.080 (MIL)	JROUGH = 1
ROUGHNESS HEIGHT FOR TRANSITION ROUGHNESS HEIGHT FOR TURBULENT HEATING	LAMINAR HEATING AUGMENTATION FLAG

--- PARAMETERS IN BLOWING CORRECTION TO TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS ---

8.5888	9 5000	8.3588	0.3509
•	·	•	•
(B CS	(B1H)	(815)	(BTH)
LAMINAR SHEAR PARAWETER	LAMINAR HEATING PARAWETER		TURBULENT HEATING PARAMETER

--- THERMAL PROPERTIES ---

490 00 (LBM/FT3)	536.00 (DEG R)	0 00 (BTU/LBM)
	•	
(RHO)	(110)	(HF0)
	DATUM TEMP FOR HEAT OF FORMATION	

TEMPERATURE	SPECIFIC HEAT	COMPUCTIVITY	SENS/BLE ENTHALPY	EMISSIVITY
(DEG R)	(819/LB-0EC)	(BTU/FT-SEC-0EG)	(B1V/LB)	
492 00	0 1160	8 8673688	78 7-	6 6666
672 00	9.1199	0 0722000	14.96	0 6000
1032 00	8 1188	0 0694000	54.56	9 5999
1392.00	991.9	9.0061100	94.16	6 6666

--- EROSION LAW MATERIAL FLAG ---

NERODE = 0

(BRLASCC)
CODE
CHANGE
SHAPE
ABRES
IMPROVED
BR!

*** MATERIAL NUMBER 3 ***

--- SURFACE ROUGHNESS ---

K-LAM # 0.000 (MIL) K-TURB # 0.000 (MIL)	JROUGH = 1
ROUGHMESS HEIGHT FOR TRANSITION ROUGHMESS HEIGHT FOR TURBULENT HEATING	LAMINAR HEATING AUGMENTATION FLAG

--- PARAMETERS IN BLOWING CORRECTION TO TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS ---

LAWINAR SHEAR PARAMETER	(BLS) =	0 2000
AMINAR HEATING PARAMETER	(BLH)	2990
TURBULENT SHEAR PARAMETER	(BTS) =	9 3500
TURBULENT HEATING PARAMETER	(BTH)	0 3500

--- THERMAL PROPERTIES ---

- 488 80 (LBM/FT3)	= 536 90 (DEG R)	≈ 0 00 (8TU/LBM)	= 117.00 (BTU/LBM)	= 3310 00 (DEC R)	- 50 00 (R DEG)	= 1 280E-01 (BTU/LBM-DEG R)	# 1 932E-01 (BTU/LBM-DEG R)	
(CHA)	MATION (TFO)	(HFO)	(XLATHT)	(TMELT)	S (DIMELT)	(CE3010)	(GPL10D)	
MATERIAL DENSITY	DATUM TEMP FOR HEAT OF FOR	HEAT OF FORMATION	LATENT HEAT OF FUSION	WELT TEMPERATURE	TEMP DIFFERENCE WELT OCCUP	SPECIFIC HEAT OF SOLIE	SPECIFIC HEAT OF LIQUID (CPLIOD) #	

TEMFCRATURE SPECIFIC HEAT CONDUCTIVITY SENSIBLE EMISSIVITY (DEC R) (BTU/LB-DEG) (BTU/LB-CBC) (BTU/LB-CBC) (BTU/LB-CBC) \$40 80 0 1280 0 0075600 0.51 0.5000 \$250 80 0 1280 0 0075600 347 39 0.5000 \$285 80 0 1280 0 0048300 351 0.5000 \$335 80 4 5520 0 0021000 468.87 0 5000 \$336 00 0 1932 0 0021000 471.24 0 5000 \$000 00 0 1932 0 0021000 1565.53 0 5000

--- EROSION LAW MATERIAL FLAG ---

NERODE = 0

(BRLASCC
3000
CHANGE
SHAPE
ABRES
INPROVED
BP.

STANCES	RESISTANCE (Ft++2-5-DegR/BTU)	1.00000E-05 1.00000E-04 1.00000E-06
CONTACT RESISTANCES	WAT2	ผพพ
	MATI	

MAT = 1

PRESSURE - 1.0000 ATM MASS TRANSFER COEF = 0 0000 LBM/FT .. 2-SEC

TEMP BPR1M HCH TSEN TCHEM SPECIE 360 0000 0 0000 -15.2280 -75 8340 75 8346 AIR 536.4000 0 0001 0 0362 0 0000 AIR 1080 0000 0 0010 56 1020 134 1990 -134 2771 AIR 1176 9984 0 0100 67 5933 103 9770 -159 4928 AC41 1181 9988 1 0000 68 1909 104 5565 -196 7961 AC41 1185 9992 10 0000 68 7884 195 1342 -555 1900 AC41 1191 9780 99 0000 69 3834 195 7392 -3778 4279 AC41	יייייי ביייייי			. 70.	THE SOUR	0000
0 0000 -15.2280 -75 8340 75 8346 0 0001 0 0352 0 0000 0 0000 0 0010 56 1020 134 1990 -134.2771 0 0100 67 5933 103 9770 -159 4928 1 0000 68 1909 104 5565 -196 7961 10 0000 68 7884 105 1344 -525 1960 99 0000 69 3834 105 7392 -3778 4279	1640	BPRIM	¥	TSEN	TCHEN	SPECIE
9.9001 0 0362 0 0000 0 0000 0 0010 56 1020 134 1990 -134 2771 0 0100 67 5933 103 9770 -159 4928 1 0000 68 1909 104 5566 -196 7961 10 0000 68 7884 105 1344 -525 1900 99 0000 69 3834 105 7392 -3778 4279	360,000	9999	-15.2280	-75 8340	75 8346	A R
9 9010 56 1020 134 1990 -134 2771 9 1010 9700 -134 2771 9 1010 9770 -159 4928 9 1010 9770 -159 4928 9 1000 9 68 7961 9 105 1344 -555 1960 9 10000 69 3834 105 7392 -3778 4279	536 400	0.0001	0 0362	0 0000	00000	A 1.R
0 0100 67 5933 103 9770 -159 4928 1 0000 68 1909 104 5565 -196 7961 10 0000 68 7884 105 1344 -525 1900 99 0000 69 3834 195 7392 -3778 4279	1080 000	9 9919	56 1020	134 1990	-134.2771	<u>₹</u>
1 8686 68 1969 184 5565 -196 7961 18 8680 68 7884 185 1344 -525 1968 99 8880 69 3834 195 7392 -3778 4279	1176 998	9 9199	67 5933	103 9770	-159 4928	AC41
10 0000 68 7884 105 1344 -525 1960 99 0000 69 3834 195 7392 -3778 4279	1181 998	1 6666	68 1909	194 5565	-196 7961	AC41
99 0000 69 3834 105 7392 -3778 4279	1186 999	9099 9	68 7884	105 1344	-525 1980	AC# 1
	1191 978	99999 60	69 3834	195 7392	-3778 4279	AC41

,就是我们的现在分词,更多有效是不是不是不是不是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们也不是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也 "我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的

2 : 0000 . . Se

1 COMO ATM SPECIE AIR AIR AIR PRESSURE -TCHEM 75.8346 0.0000 -134.2734 -950.2641 TSEN -75 8348 0 0000 134 1998 945 1728 MASS TRANSFER COEF - 0.0000 LBM/FT++2-SEC HCH -19,3696 0,0440 59,8490 436,0400 BPR:W 6 6606 6 6901 6 9018 6 9189 1EW 369 6000 535 4000 1980 9690 4590 9989

---SURFACE EQUILIBRIUM DATA---

WAT = 3 CMM = 1 00000 MASS TRANSFER COEF = 0 0000 LBM/FT..2-SEC PRESSURE = 1

1 6000 ATM	SPECIE AIR AIR AIR
PMESSURE =	1CHEM 75 8345 0 00000 -134 2636 -947 6632
775-7-11/2007	HCH TSEN -22 5280 -75 8340 0 8512 0 0000 69 5320 134 1990 696 1294 945 1723
	BPR IM 6 6966 6 6961 6 6916 9 9190
	15/40 35/6 8000 53/6 4/20 188/8 8000 45/8/0 188/8

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RESSURE ENTHALPY HEAT TRANS. COEF. (ATM) (BTU/LBM) (LBM/F12-SEC)	1.674 1.574 1.574 1.468 1.412 1.247 1.277 1.263
ENTHALPY (BTU/LBM)	5552.4 5366.8 515.9 515.9 4587.7 428.9 394.9 368.7 255.3 255.3 268.7
PRESSURE (ATM)	2 9143E491 2 833SE401 2 7259E481 2 578EE481 2 2677E481 2 8897E481 1 9131E481 1 736E481 1 736E481
SONIC POINT QUANTITIES TRANSITION PARAMETER	6479 78 6359.23 6186.69 5959.44 5706.89 540.47 485.4 88 4231.93 3896.28
PRESSURE (ATM)	1 0000E+00 1 0000E+00 1 0000E+00 1 0000E+00 1 0000E+00 1 0000E+00 1 0000E+00 1 0000E+00
ESTREAM QUANTITIES TEMPERATURE PRESSU	
VELOCITY	5259.0 5259.0 5365.0 5464.0 4793.0 4636.0 4646.0 4249.0 4249.0 835.0 3639.0
1116	SEC)

BRL IMPROVED ABPES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

SAMPLE FAGE 16

9.0000 SEC

TIME =

	-	INVISCID SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSONIC) 0.1468
		NOSE RADTUS INCH (RN) 0-1988
	TIME SEC (TIMEP) 0 0000	ISENTROPIC EXPONENT BEHIND SHOCK (GAM2) 1.310
SUMMARY	T NO SHAPE NO	STAGNATION PT I PRESSURE ATM (PT2) 29 143
	ENVIRONMENT NO (NT)	STAGNATION PT ENTHALPY BTU/CBM (HT2)
		FREESTREAM UNIT RE NO 1/FT (URI) 3 3127E+07
		FREESTREAM MACH NO (AMACH) 4 70

SURFACE TEMPERATURE DEC R (TSTAGP) S85 0	RECESSION INCH (251AGP) 0 0000	Äga	AT TRANSFER CURVED SHOCK TO SEFICIENT HEAT TRANSFER AUG BM/FIZ-SEC (HETAUG) (HETAUG) 6 5948 1.0035	TRANS PROXIMITY HEAT FRANSFER AUG (RUFSMT(1))	HEAT ROUGHNESS HEIGHT M.L (PUF(1))	11 () () () () () () () () () (
NOSA AK	NOSETIP DRAG COEF NORM BY RNI 2 (CDRAG) 1 096	SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSTR)	SONIC UNIT AXIA REYNOLDS NO AT R. 1 (URESTR)	AXIAL RECESSION AT R = 0 24 INCH ST INCH (2510E) 8 88888	TRANSITION STREAM LENGTH INCH STRAN)	

BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

TIME - 0.8888 SEC

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INTEG STREAM ANTAL RADIAL BOOY PRESSURE SHOCK ANTAL SHOCK RADIAL				800Y	SHAPE AND	BODY SHAPE AND INVISCID FLOW INFORMATION	N INFORMA	T CN			
CG STREAM AXIAL RADIAL BODY PRESSURE SHOCK AXIAL SHOCK RADIAL SHOCK AXIAL SHOCK RADIAL SHOCK AXIAL <				:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	••••••	::			
Carroll Length Length Angle Ratio PT NO Length Length Angle Angle Inch Inch DEG (2) (7)	INTEG	STREAM	AXIAL	RADIAL	¥008	PRESSURE	SHOCK	SHOCK AXIAL	SHOCK RADIA!	ŽÜĐ.	FNTBODY
(S) (Z) (R) (THETB) (PEP1) (L) (XSHC) (YSHC) DEG (SHC) (SHC) (YSHC) (PEP1) (L) (XSHC) (YSHC) (PEP1A) (PEP1A) (THETB) (PEP1) (L) (XSHC) (YSHC) (PEP1A) (PEP1A) (THETB) (PEP1A) (THETB)	<u>5</u>	LENGTH	LENGTH	LENGTH	ANGLE	RATIO	ON LG	LENGTH	LENGTH	ANGLE	BEHIND CHOCK
(S) (Z) (R) (THETB) (PEP1) (L) (XSHC) (YSHC) (FEFA) (BETA) (BETA) (B 0000 90 00 1.000000 1 0 4324 0.0000 90 00 0 1.000000 1 0 4324 0.0000 90 00 0 1390 0.4324 0.4324 0.0000 90 00 0 2627 0 0.579113 15 0 4667 0.1545 0.0794 73 98 0 2675 0 6074 0 1953 23 87 0 192472 24 0 5649 0 2914 53 94 0 6674 0 1953 23 87 0 192472 24 0 5649 0 2914 53 94 0 6675 1 0 2821 12 50 0 091320 28 0 7409 0 5045 44 35 0 0 6675 1 0 2821 12 50 0 001320 28 0 7409 0 5045 44 35 0 0 6675 1 1 2400 0 3775 10 45 0 05770 43 1 4611 1 0 121 26 21 1 5500 0 3798 8 0 0 055770 43 1 4611 1 0 121 26 21 1 5500 0 3798 8 0 0 0551144 67 2 8654 1 5514 16 45 2 2057 1 4 6000 0 3741 8 00 0 0551144 67 2 8654 1 5514 16 43 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		NCH (NCH	KCH	¥Q¥	9 3 0			HON T	HON	050	RTH/I BULDEC P
© 6000 0 4567 0 6000 90 60 1 60000 1 60000 1 60000 90 60 1 60000 1 60000 1 73.98 1 73.	Ξ	(s)	(Z)	(a)	(THETB)	(PEP1)	(5)	(XSHC)	(YSHC)	(BETA)	(SRB)
## 6634 ## 4627 ## 6684 7# 92 ## 873116 ## 8 94324 ## 73.98 ## 73.98 ## 139 0.4975 ## 1286 49.97 ## 12472 24 ## 4667 ## 1545 ## 1549	-	0000	4507	0000	96 96	1,000000	-	4164	9	96	1 82161
6 1399 0 4975 0 1286 49 97 0 579113 15 0 4667 0 1545 69 94 9 2675 0 6074 0 1953 23 87 0 192472 24 0 5649 0 2914 53 94 1 0 6468 1 0000 0 2380 12 49 0 091220 28 0 7409 0 5945 44 36 1 0 6468 1 0000 0 2382 1 2 50 0 06753 0 0646 37 39 1 23 31 1 0 6247 1 2490 0 379 8 00 0 05676 43 1 4611 1 6121 26.21 1 1 2287 1 5500 0 379 8 00 0 05677 43 1 4611 1 6121 26.21 1 2 5929 3 6900 0 4290 8 00 0 05144 67 2 8654 1 6121 22.27 1 2 5929 3 6900 0 55144 67 2 8654 1 816 1 6.43 1 6.43 2 52175 4 6900 0 7241 8 00	•	₹690 ⊕	8 4627	9 9684	70 02	0 873116	90	0 4324	6 6794	73.98	116181
9 2675 0 6074 0 1953 23.87 0 192472 24 0 5649 0 2914 53.94 0 4648 0 600 0 2350 12 49 0 991220 28 0 7409 0 5045 44.36 1 0 6697 1 0000 0 2350 12 50 0 081316 32 0 9153 0 6646 37.39 1 1 2287 1 560 0 375 10 6576 37 1 4611 1 6121 26.21 1 1 2287 1 560 0 3795 8 00 0 05576 43 1 4611 1 6121 26.21 1 5 500 0 4290 8 00 0 055358 49 1 7962 1 5677 22.27 1 5 5029 3 600 0 053358 49 1 7962 1 5414 16.43 1 5 2175 4 6000 0 35355 8 00 0 050131 107 5 3212 1 4 80 1 5 5200 9 349 8 00 0 650131 107 5 3212 2 2067 14 8	5	6 1396	0 4975	9 1286	49 97	0.579113	2	0.4667	9 1545	A0 0A	1 78651
0 4648 0 8000 0 2350 12 49 0 891220 28 0 7489 0 5645 44 36 0 6697 1 0000 0 2823 12 50 0 88316 32 0 9153 0 6646 37 39 1 0 9247 1 2490 0 3775 10 45 0 86767 37 1 1566 0 8385 31 28 1 1 2287 1 2400 0 3798 8 10 0 055770 43 1 4611 1 6777 26.21 1 5 521 1 9669 0 4290 8 10 0 053958 49 1 7962 1 1677 22.27 1 2 6929 3 6969 0 5836 8 10 0 95144 67 2 8654 1 5414 16.43 1 3 7827 4 6969 0 7241 8 80 0 650131 107 5 3212 2 2067 14.80 1 5 2175 5 5699 0 9349 8 80 0 650131 6 7961 2 5963 14.80 1	54	9 2675	0 6974	0 1953	23 87	0 192472	24	6 5649	8 2914	53.94	1 76767
9 6697 1 0000 0 2823 12 50 9 082316 32 9 9153 9 6646 37,39 1 9 9247 1 2490 9 3375 10 45 9 067667 37 1 1566 9 8385 31,28 1 1 2287 1 5500 0 3798 8 00 0 055770 43 1 4611 1 6121 26.21 1 2 5821 1 9600 0 4290 8 00 0 053958 49 1 7962 1 1677 22.27 1 2 6929 3 6900 0 5836 8 00 0 051144 67 2 8654 1 5414 16.43 1 3 7027 4 6900 0 7241 8 90 0 051131 107 5 3212 2 2067 14.80 1 5 2175 5 5800 0 9349 8 90 0 050131 107 5 3212 2 2067 14.80 1 6 7322 7 6000 1 1458 8 90 0 050131 6 7961 2 5963 14.80 1	28	0 4648	0 8000	0 2380	12 49	0.091220	28	0 7409	5,045	44 35	1 23423
0 9247 1 2490 0 3375 10 45 0 067667 37 1 1566 0 8385 31 28 1 1 2287 1 5500 0 3798 8 00 0 055770 43 1 4611 1 0121 26.21 1 1 5821 1 9609 0 4290 8 00 0 05578 49 1 7962 1 1677 22.27 1 2 6929 3 0609 0 5836 8 00 0 051144 67 2 8654 1 5414 16,43 1 3 7027 4 0609 0 7241 8 00 0 050131 107 5 3215 2 2067 14,92 1 5 .2175 5 .500 0 9349 8 00 0 050131 107 5 3215 2 2067 14,80 1 6 .7322 7 .0000 1 .1458 8 00 0 050131 6 .7961 2 5963 14,80 1	32	6 6697	0000	0 2823	12 50	0 082316	32	0 9153	9 6646	37.39	1 70818
1 2287 1 5500 0 3798 8 00 0 056770 43 1,4611 1,6121 26.21 1 1 5621 1 9000 0 4290 8 00 0 053958 49 1 7962 1,1677 22.27 1 2 6929 3 0000 0 5836 8 00 0 051144 67 2.8654 1,5414 16,43 1 3 7027 4 0000 0 7241 8 00 0 050353 3 8465 1,5166 14,92 1 5 .2175 5 .5000 0 9349 8 00 0 050131 107 5 3212 2 2067 14,80 1 6 .7322 7 .0000 1,1458 8 00 0 050808 131 6,7961 2 5963 14,80 1	23	0 9247	1 2490	8 3375		0 067667	37	1 1566	8.8385	31.28	1 68426
† 5821 1 9000 0 4290 8 00 0 053958 49 1 7962 1 1677 22.27 1 2 6929 3 6000 0 5836 8 00 0 051144 67 2.8654 1.5414 16.43 1 3 7027 4 6000 0 7241 8 00 0 050153 83 3 8465 1 8166 14.92 1 5 2175 5 5000 0 9349 8 00 0 050131 107 5 3212 2 2067 14.80 1 6 7322 7 0000 1 1458 8 00 0 050180 131 6 7961 2 5963 14.80 1	\$\$	1 2287	1 5500	8 3798		0 055770	43	1.4611	1.0121	26.21	1.66532
2 6929 3 6940 9 5836 8 00 0 951144 67 2.8654 1.5414 16.43 1 3.7027 4.0960 0 7241 8 00 0 959353 83 3 8465 1 8166 14.92 1 5.2175 5.5060 0 9349 8.00 0 959131 197 5 3212 2 2067 14.80 1 6.7322 7.0060 1.1458 8 00 0.950808 131 6.7961 2 5963 14.80 1	6	1 5821	1 9966	0 4290		0 053958	64	1 7962	1, 1677	22.27	1 65266
3.7027 4.0000 0.7241 8.00 0.050353 83 3.8455 1.8166 14.92 1.52.2175 5.5000 0.9349 8.00 0.050131 107 5.3212 2.2067 14.80 1.6.7322 7.0000 1.1458 8.00 0.050808 131 6.7961 2.5963 14.80 1.	67	2 6929	3 9999	9 5836		0.951144	67	2.8654	1.5414	16.43	1.64183
5.2175 5.5000 0.9349 8.80 0.050131 107 5.3212 2.2067 14.80 1.6.7322 7.0000 1.1458 8.00 0.050808 131 6.7961 2.5963 14.80 1.	83	3.7027	4 0000	0 7241		0 050353	83	3 8465	1.8166	14.92	1 63979
6.7322 7.0000 1.1458 8 00 0.050808 131 6.7961 2.5963 14.80 1	197	5.2175	5.5999	0.9349	8.00	0 050131	197	5 3212	2 2067	14.80	1 6 1973
	-2-	6.7322	7 9999	1,1458	8 66	0.050808	131	1967.9	2.5963	14.80	1.63973

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BPL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

1	SAMPLE 8 8888 SEC PAGE 18		- TWO	RE NO 1/FT (URE)	0 000E+00	1.269£+07	1.9335+07	1.651E+07	1.280E+07	1.275E+07	1,1775+97	1,1115+07	1.127E+07	1.261E+07	1.3366+97	1.4126+07	. 5045+07
	TIME = 00		VISCOSITY	LBW/FT-SEC (VISE)	3.603E-05	3 525E-05	3 3016-05	2 752E-05	2 401E-05	2.331E-05	2 249E-05	2.166E-05	2.121E-05	2.009E-05	1 961E-05	1 9216-05	1 8895-05
(225) 22			DENSITY	LBW/F13 (ROE)	4.4625-01	4 027E-01	2.952E-01	1 2935-01	7.5338-02	7.1145-92	6 174E-02	5.482E-02	5.380E-02	5.538E-02	5 657E-02	5 806E -02	6.036E-02
		PROPERTIES	TEMPERATURE	DEG R (TE)	2580 6	2496 4	5 6627	1714 3	1,594.4	4 255	0 7971	9 7511	9.55.1	1063 5	1025 8	994 2	869.2
		VISCOUS FLOW - EDGE PROPERTIES	ENTHALPY	BTU/LBW (HE)	552 4	× 770	- 502		0.77	007	C - C	د ر د روز	20.	7 7	9 7 7	7 9 7	- 9 -
		SNOOSIA	N O	(HCAM)	9 9000	0.00	: r : r : r : r : r	רי שר ר	1986	2 4800	6130	7 6805	7 274	ייט זי פר אט כ	1 0101	1000	\$1.60°C
			VELOCITY	FT/SEC (UE)	9 9	2161 6	3515.0	4079 5	4177.5	4285.8	4389 7	4444	4575 6	4629	4671 0	479K 1	· }
			STREAM LENGTH	(s)	6 6666 6594	0 1390	8 2675	8 464P	2699 0	0 9247	1 2287	1 5821	2 6929	3 7027	5 2175	6 7322	
			INTEG PT NO	Ξ	~ €	1.5	24	28	32	37	٠ <u>+</u>	49	29	83	107	15.	
			800Y PT NO	ŝ.	- 7	•	•	'n	ø	7	a 0	o,	9	Ξ	.2	13	

3.884£-92 2.613£-92 1.552£-92 8.552£-93 8.965£-93 5.994£-93 5.928£-93 3.766£-93 3.766£-93 3.766£-93 3.766£-93 2.868£-93 SAMPLE PAGE 19 9.000 SEC SENSBL CONV HEAT FLUX BTU/FT2-SEC 3.546E+03 4.077E+03 5.895E+03 1.531E+03 5.635E+02 4.488E+02 3.603E+02 3.563E+02 3.563E+02 3.563E+02 3.563E+02 3.563E+02 3.563E+02 3.563E+02 3.563E+02 3.566E+02 3.758E+02 2.758E+02 TIME RECOVERY FACTOR (RECOV) RECOVERY ENTHALPY BTU/LBM (HR) L. RECOVERY PROPERTIES BRL IMPROVED APRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC) WALL VISCOSITY LBW/F/-SEC (VISW) 320E-05 1 968E+00 1 140E+00 3 79E-01 1 79E-01 1 50E-01 1 33E-01 1 117E-01 1 117E-01 1 1062E-01 1 007E-01 1 007E-01 VISCOUS FLOW - WALL AND B WALL DENSITY LBW/FTS (ROW) WALE ENTHALPY BTU/LBM (HW) WALL TEMPERATURE OEG R (TW) STREAM LENGTH INCH (S) 99999 9694 1396 2675 2675 2675 2697 6697 6929 7927 7927 7322 - 854888888888

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BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

9.9699 SEC

TIME .

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	REYNOLDS INTER— TRANSITION ANAL FAC MITTENCY PARAMETER	(RAF) (ADML) (TP)	1 99 5 9 9 9	0 4395 6:94 B 800	60	60	66.0	66	60	9 6836 8 99 8 8 8 8	66.69	1 66	80.	88	00 1
	HEAT TRANS COEFFICIENT	(RUCH)	6 5956+00	7 636E+00	7 403E+00	3 2035+00	1 316E+00	1 142E+00	9.0585-01	7 302E-01		6 1805-01	5 906E-01	5 6548-01	5 561E-01
VISCOUS FLOW - BOUNDARY LAYER SOLUTION	ENERGY THICK RE NO C	(REPH)	9 999F+99	5 5915+02	1.3615+03	2 7145+03	3 789E+03	4 05.5E+03	4 326E+03	4 8135+03	5 194E+03	6 3785+03	7 395E+03	8.898E+03	1 047E+04
BOUNDARY L	MOM THICK RE NO	(RETH)	9 999E+99	6 7126+02	1 648E+03	2 4488+03	3 400E+03	4 185[+33	4 761E+83	5 4698+03	6 263E+03	8 599E+03	1 050E+04	1 321E+04	1 592E+04
VISCOUS FLOW -	SHAPE FACTOR	(HSF)	0 073	0 892	4. Σ.	211	2 R 6	3 024	3 205	3 406	3 524	3 870	4 017	4 126	4 225
00817	ENERGY THICKNESS MIL	(PH:)	0 465	6 25 8	0 345	1.972	3 553	3 P.14	117 7	ğ. 100	5 529	6 968	6 644	7 562	8 352
	MOMENTUM THICKNESS MIL	(THE)	0 362	0 635	1 023	1 779	3 188	3 939	4 855	5 908		8 182	9 436	11 224	12 699
	STREAM LENGTH INCH	(S)	6 6666	9 0694	0 1390	8 2675	0.4648	6 6697	0 9247	1 2287	1 5821	2 6929	3 7027	5 2175	6 7322
	INTEG PT NO	Ê	-	6 0	5.	24	88	32	37	Ç :	Б (67	83	197	131
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BRL IMPROVED ABRES SMAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

SAMPLE TIME = 0.0000 SEC PAGE 21

•	EFFECTS	NSFER ROUGHNESS ATTOM REYNOLDS NO		MT) (REKP)	32 0.000E+00	_		194 6.120E+03		5	_	149 1.538E+03	_	-	1.277E+83	-	121 1.236E+03	
TS.	- SURFACE ROUGHNESS EFFECTS	ROUGHNESS HEAT TRANSFER		(RUF) (RUFSMT)	3.5388		16.6666										9999	
AND ROUGHNESS EFFEC		EDGE MASS FLUX R	NO INTERIOR	(ROUE)	1 6966		1,6191		1.0386								1.3630	
VISCOUS FLOW - CURVED SHOCK AND ROUGHNESS EFFECTS	CHRVED SHOCK EFFECTS .	EDGE STREAMLINE	INCH SHOCK	(YBAR)	9999	68 100 00	0 0316	0 0481	0 9635	0 0773	5060.0	9 1831	6 1175	0 1602	0 1974	0 2522	9 3968	
V I SCOL		EDGE	BTU/LEM-DEG R	(ENTR)	1 82363	1.62323	1 82245	1 62689	1 81749	1 81290	1.81245	1 81993	1 80531	1 28783	1 77945	1 77101	1.76448	
		STREAM		(s)		96.6	602-	8 2675	9 454B	6 6697	A 9247	1 2287		2 6020	1 7077	201.0	6.7322	1 1
		INTEG	2 2	Ξ	-	• «	<u>.</u>	26	, K	2	;>		9	.	÷		2	•
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BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

TIME = 0.0000 SEC		•	
= 3M11		EXPLICIT STABILITY TIME STEP SEC (DLTC)	6.92775-03
	INITIAL CONDUCTION TIME STEPS	TIME STEP TO PRODUCE DESIRED SURFACE TEMPERATURE CHANGE SEC (DLTIS)	1 54756-04
		TIME STEP TO NEXT USER SPECIFIED TIME SEC (DLTOUT)	10000

CONDUCTION TIME STEPS COMPUTED	HALF IMPLICIT	(SEC)	3, 428E+82 2, 737E+82 2, 183E+82 1, 759E+82 1, 421E+82 VIRONMENT
031	LAT COND STABILITY	(SEC)	3.428E 5.540E-05 637 8 3.547E-04 1.000E-02 6 928E-03 6 908E+00 0 000E+00 1 491E-02 2 737E 1.329E-05 731 7 5.734E-04 9.231E-03 6.758E-03 6.928E-03 4.141E-04 1.516E-02 2 737E 1.329E-05 737 7 7 359E-04 9.531E-03 6.621E-03 6.758E-03 5.734E-04 1.516E-02 2 183E 1.329E-05 777 7 7 359E-04 8.658E-03 6.469E-03 7.359E-04 7.900E-04 1.516E-02 1.759E 1.386E-05 823.6 9.444E-04 7 922E-03 6.366E-03 9.44E-04 1.062E-03 1.516E-02 1.421E 1.421E
STEPS COMPU	EXPLICIT HEAT FLUX SURF TEMP LAT COND STABILITY CHANGE CHANGE STABILITY	(SEC)	6 000E+06 4 141E-04 5 734E-04 7 900E-04 1 662E-03
CTION TIME	HEAT FLUX CHANGE	(SEC)	0 000E+00 6.928E-03 6.758E-03 7.359E-04 9 444E-04
CONDU	EXPLICIT STABILITY	(SEC)	6 928E-03 6.758E-03 6.621E-03 6.489E-03 6.36E-03
1	STAG PT STAG PT TIME STEP NEXT SPEC ((SEC)	1.000E-02 9.645E-03 9.231E-03 8.658E-03 7.922E-03 2. HAS CHAN
1 1 1 1 1	THME STEP USED	(380)	3.547E-04 4.14.1E-04 5.734E-04 7.359E-04 9.444E-04
	STAG PT TEMP	(DEG R)	637 8 684.2 731 7 777 7 823.6
	STAG PT REC RATE	(!N/SEC) (DEG R) (SEC)	2 908E-05 3.540E-05 4 329E-05 5 259E-05 6 38E-05 6 TEMPERAT
	STAG PT RECESS	(HONI) (385	0 451 2 90 0 451 3 54 0 451 4 55 0 451 6 58 SURFACE TE
	111	(S E C)	
	SHAPE TIME		ଜନ୍ନତ

BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

TIME - 8.0638 SEC

A catacido este la estacida como como como estacida de catacida de

	RECOVERY SURFACE ENTHALPY PRESSURE BTU/LBM ATM (HRSP) (PRESP)					505.3 1 4899 504.3 1 4668 503.3 1 4663 502.6 1 4801
	HEAT TRAWS RECONCOEFTICIENT ENTH	5916+89 50				982E-01 651E-01 558E-01 558E-01
POINT LOCATION AND SURFACE ENERGY BALANCE RESULTS	EROSION MASS LOSS RATE LBW/SEC-FT2 (EMDOT)	6 .6666 6 6 .6666 7	0.8989 7 0.8889 3	0 0000	9000 9000 9000 9000 9000 9000 9000 900	9 9999 9 9999 9 9999 9 9999 5 5 5
RFACE ENERGY	B-PRIME THERMOCHEM (BPSP)	3 375E-84 3 854E-94	3.702E-04 2.002E-04	1.5045-04	1.366E-04	1.289E-04 1.286E-04 1.286E-04 1.285E-04
CATION AND SU	ERCESS RATE IN/SEC (SDOTE)	99999 9	99999 9 99999	00000 00000 00000	9888	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000
BODY POINT LOCAT	TOTAL RECESS RATE R IN/SEC (SDOT)	8 8001 8 8001	0 0001 0 0000	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	00000 00000 00000	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000
8:	SURFACE TEMP OEG R (TSP)	823 6 854 9	845 4 700 3	632.7 626.0 616.7	610.1 598.3	597 8 596 4 595 9 755 9
	RADIAL LENGTH INCH (RSP)	8 8888 8 6684	0 1286 0 1953	6.2823 6.3823 6.3375	6 3798 6 4296	6.5836 6.7241 6.9349 1.1458
	AXIAL D LENGTH INCH (ZSP)	6 4597	6 6975 6 6674	6 5666 1 6666 1 2498	1.5588	2 4 860 4 5 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600
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<i>v.</i> •	SUMMARY			
ENVIRONMENT NO	SHAPE NO	TIME	-	
(NT) 2	(K. 6	SEC (TIMEP) 0.0030		

FREESTREAM	FREESTREAM	STAGNATION PT ENTHALPY	STAGNATION PT PRESSURE	ISENTROPIC EXPONENT BEHIND SHOCK	NOSE RADIUS	INVISCID SONIC STREAM LENGTH
	1/1	BTU/LBM	ATM		SCH	INCH
(AMACH)	(£87)	(HT2)	(PT2)	(GAM2)	(SR)	(SSONIC)
4 69	3 3120E+07	552 2	29 131	1.318	0.1949	0 1267

		STAGNA1	TON POINT		
SURFACE	RECESSION	HEAT TRANSFER	HEAT TRANSFER CURVED SHOCK TI	TRANS PROXIMITY HEAT	ROUGHNESS
TEMPERATURE		COEFFICIENT	HEAT TRANSFER AUG	TRANSFER AUG	HEIGHT
DEC R	INCH	LBM/FT2-SEC			<u> </u>
(TSTAGP)	(ZSTAGP)	(RUCH(1))	(HETAUG)	(RUFSMT(1))	(RUF(1))
823 6	00000	6 6835	1 0037		10.0000

STREAM LENGTH	(STRAN) 298E-01
AXIAL RECESSION AT R = 0.24 INCH	(25.10E) (29.000
SONIC UNIT	(URESTR) 1 9596E+07
SONIC STREAM LENGTH	(SSTR) (8-1287
NOSETIP DRAG COEF	(CDRAG) 0 996

SAMPLE		1 1 1	IC1T	_	2525
	T:ME = 0.0030 SEC	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	HALF IMPLICIT	(SEC)	1,393E+02 1,142E+02 9,125E+01 7,925E+01
,	3 M. L	COMBUCTION TIME STEPS COMPUTED	LAT COND STABILITY	(SEC)	1.516E-02 1.490E-02 1.491E-02 1.493E-02
(DSCC)		STEPS COMPU	HEAT FLUX SURF TEMP LAT COND CHANGE STABILITY	(2 E C)	899 9 1.379E-03 6.977E-03 6.246E-03 1.964E-03 1.379E-03 1.948 6 1.776E-03 5.598E-03 6.105E-03 1.770E-03 2.535E-03 1.003 2.271E-03 3.828E-03 5.963E-03 2.271E-03 2.762E-03 1.037.5 1.557E-03 1.557E-03 5.815E-03 2.915E-03 3.154E-03 1.
BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)		CTION TIME !	HEAT FLUX	(SEC)	1.964E-03 1.770E-03 2.271E-03 2.915E-03
SHAPE CHANG		CONDOX	EXPLICIT STABILITY	(SEC)	6.246E-03 6.105E-03 5.963E-03 5.815E-03
ROVED ABRES		1 1 1 1	STAG PT TIME STEP NEXT SPEC ((SEC)	6.977E-03 5.598E-03 3.828E-03 1.557E-03
BRL INP		1 1 1 1	TIME STEP USED	(SEC)	1.3796-03 1.7706-03 2.2716-03 1.5576-03
			STAG PT TEMP	(DEG R)	899 9 948 6 1003 2
			STAG PT STAG PT RECESS REC RATE		
			STAG PT RECESS	(INCH)	6 6 4 5 1 5 4 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5
			ž	(SEC)	9 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
			SHAPE	?	r 10 0 9

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TIME - 0.0100 SEC

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CE LAYER	en	654.1	664 9	674 1	642 8	617 2	1 209	594.9	2 165	592 2	590 2	589 9	583 6	589 5
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BRL INPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

TIME = 0.0100 SEC PAGE 31

			8:	BOOY POINT LOCATION	ATION AND SUR	FACE ENERGY E	BODY POINT LOCATION AND SURFACE ENERGY BALANCE RESULTS	ss •		
B 007	AXIAL	RADIAL	SURFACE	TOTAL	EROSION	B-PRIME	FROSTON MASS	HFAT TRANS	RECOVERY	CHOCACE
<u>2</u>	LENGTH	LENGTH	TEMP	RECESS RATE	RECESS RATE	THERMOCHEM	LOSS RATE	COEFFICIENT	FNTWALDY	2010000
	NCH CH	NON	DEC R	J3S/NI	IN/SEC		IBN/SFC-FT2	IBM/FT2-SFC	DT11/11 PM	A T. W
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SAMPLE PAGE 32		SONIC CENGTH CH NIC) 265
0.0100 SEC	-	INVISCID SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSONIC) 0.1265
TIME		NOSE RADIUS INCH (RN.) 6.1954
E CODE (BRLASCC)	T (ME SEC (TIMEP) 0.0100	ISENTROPIC EXPONENT BEHIND SHOCK (GAM2) 1.310
BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)	SUMMARY NO SHAPE NO (MT)	STAGNATION PT PRESSURE ATM (PT2) 29 102
BRL IMPROVED	ENVIRONMENT NO (NT)	STAGNATION PT ENTHALPY BTU/LBM (HT2) SS1 7
		FREESTREAM UNIT RE NO 1/F1 (UR1) 3.3104E+07

SURFACE TEMPERATURE OEG R (TSTAGP) 1037.5	RECESSION INCH (2STAGP) 0.0002	MEAT TRANSFER CURVED ST COEFFICIENT HEAT TRANSF LBM/FTZ-SEC (HETAUK (RUCH(1)) (HETAUK	CURVED SHOCK HEAT TRANSFER AUG (HETAUC) 1.0038	TRANS PROXIMITY HEAT UC TRANSFER AUG (RUFSMT(1)) 3:8130	TY HEAT ()	ROUGHNESS HEIGHT MIL (RUF(1))
	NOSET IP DRAG COEF FORM BY RNI++2 (CORAG) 0 996	SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSTR) 0.1286	SONIC UNIT A) REYNOLDS NO AT 1/FT (URESTR) 1.9595E+07	AXIAL RECESSION AT R = 0 24 INCH INCH (ZSIDE) R 0000	TRANSITION STREAM LENGTH INCH (STRAN)	1110N ENGTH 34 NN)

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(AMACH)

FREESTREAM

BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)
TIME = 0.4382 SEC

SAMPLE PAGE 62

RESTART

FROM NT = 7

BRL FLIGHT CASE (YUMA TS=125 DEG-F, T0=60 DEG-F) SAMPLE TRANSIENT CONDUCTION SOLUTION -- BRLASCC 12 5 DEG NOSE. 7 INCH BODY -- 1 SEPTEMBER 1983

SAMPLE

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(BRLASCC)
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TIME - 0.4382 SEC

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		INVISCID SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSONIC) 0.2120
		NOSE RAD (US (RN) (RN)
	TIME SEC (TIMEP) 0.4382	ISENTROPIC EXPONENT BEHIND SHOCK (GAM2)
SUMMARY	' NO SHAPE NO (MT)	STAGNATION PT PRESSURE ATM (F72) 26 968
	ENVIRONMENT NO (NT,	STAGNATION PT ENTHALP: RTU/(EM (HT/)
		FREESTREAM UNIT RE HO 1/FT (UR1) 3 1843E+07
		FREESTREAM MACH NO (AMACH) 4 51

		STAGNAT	JON POINT		
SURFACE	PECESS 10N	HEAT TRANSFER	CURVED SHOCK	RECESSION HEAT TRANSFER CURVED SHOCK TRANS PROXIMITY MEAT ROUGHNESS	ROUGHNESS
TEMPERATURE		COEFFICIENT	HEAT TRANSFER AUG	TRANSFER AUG	HEICHT
a 530	LNCH	LBM/FT2-SEC			ن غ
(TSTAGP)	(ZSTAGP)	(RUCH(1))	(HETAUG)	(RUFSMT(1))	(RUF(:))
1:85.2	0 2662	5 0617	1 0031	3 7115	16 6066

بد		HEAL TRANSFER AUG	ER AUG STEN AUG	
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BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE GODE (BRLASCC)

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SHAPE	<u> </u>	STAG PT	STAG PT	STAG PT TEMP	THNE STEP USEC	NEXT SPEC	EXPL: UT STABILITY	HEAT FLUX CHANGE	SURF TEMP CHANGE	LAT COND STABILITY	HALF HAPEICHT	
	(SEC)	(INCH)	(IN/SEC)	(DEG F)	(>EC)	(235)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(3£C)	
128	4.0	9 715	1 659E+00		2 6436-03	6 1825-02	3 921E-03	5. 308F-03	8 4.6F-02	1 1816-02	2 127F-02	
129	<b>*</b>	0.717	4 238E-01	•	3 3925-03	8	3.9216-03	3.3928-03	6 498E-02	1 158F-92	2 1MBF-02	
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131	6.45	9 721	5 6725-01		3 921F-03	W	3.9216-03	5.0315-63	8 928E-01	1, 1565-02	2.1726-02	
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134	9 7	9.728	5.7075-01		3 9218-03	•	3 9215-03	5.031E-03	1 624E-01	1.145E-02	2.185E-02	
135	0.47	6.736	5.7086-01	_	3 921E-03	*	3.921E-03	5.032E-03	\$ 638E-01	1 1415-02	2 189E-62	
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 $\mathbf{r}$  $\mathbf{m}$  $\mathbf{n}$ **ผ**ู้ก**ุกกุลกุลกุลกุลกุลกุลกุลกุลกุลกุลกุล**  $\alpha$ й попиничиний пиничиний и  $\alpha$ <u>©</u> ининининининининининий 80 กากการของของของของของของของ ผู้สารของของของของของของของของ  $\alpha$ **๛**ัดเ:วเทผผผผผผผผผผผผ+++=พพผผ <del>3</del>0000000000000000000000000000<del>0</del> . . . . . 

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BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

SAMPLE PAGE 78

TIME - 0.5000 SEC

			&:	BODY POINT LOCA	ATION AND SURI	FACE ENERGY B	BODY POINT LOCATION AND SURFACE ENERGY BALANCE RESULTS	<b>(</b> 71. ♦			
<b>B00</b> Y	AXIAL	RADIAL	SURFACE	TOTAL		B-PR INE	EROSION MASS	HEAT TRANS	RECOVERY	SURFACE	
2	LENGTH	LENCTH	TEMP	RECESS RATE	RE	THERMOCHEM	LOSS RATE	COEFFICIENT	ENTHALPY	PRESSURE	
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$\widehat{\Xi}$	(dSZ)	(RSP)	(TSP)	(5001)	(S001E)	(BPSP)	(EMBOT)	(RUCHSP)	(HRSP)	(PRESP)	
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	2000	1458	692 3	00000	9999	1.935E-04	6 6666	S 220E-01	454.9	1 4212	

(BRLASCC)
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SAMPLE PAGE 71			SONIC ENGTH H HIC) 35
0.5000 SEC	•		INVISCID SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSONIC) 0.2135
T :WE			NOSE RADIUS INCH (RN) 0.2886
BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)		TIME SEC (TIMEP) 9.5000	ISENTROPIC EXPONENT BEHIND SHOCK (GAM2) 1.314
ABRES SHAPE CHAN	SUMMARY	T NO SHAPE NO (MT) 144	STAGNATION PT PRESSURE ATM (PT2) 26-514
BRL IMPROVED		ENVIRONMENT NO (NT)	STAGNATION PT ENTHALPY BTU/LBM (HT2) 501.7
			FREESTREAM UNIT RE NO 1/FT (UR1) 3.1568E+07
			FREESTREAM MACH NO (AMACH) 4.47

		STACK	STAGNATION POINT			
URFACE DERATURE DEC R TSTACP) 1185.1	RECESSION INCH (2STAGP) 0 2992	HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT LBM/FT2-SEC (RUCH(1)) S.0296	CURVED SHOCK HEAT TRANSFER AUG (HETAUG) 1.0032	TRANS PROXIMITY HEAT TRANSFER AUG (RUFSMT(1)) 3,7143	KG HEAT	ROUGHNESS HEIGHT MIL (RUF(1))
NOSE1 NOSE	NOSET IP DRAG COEF NORM BY RNI **2 (CORAG) 1 994	SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSTR) 0 2162	SONIC UNIT AXI REYNOLDS NO AT R 1/FT (URESTR) 1.9288E+07	AXIAL RECESSION IT R = 0.24 INCH INCH (ZSIDE) 0.0687	TRANSITION STREAM LENGTH INCH (STRAN) 417E—81	ENGTH ENGTH

BFL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

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										TIME .	8.5000 SEC PAGE	_
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SHAPE	71305	STAG PT RECESS	STAG PT REC RATE	STAG PT TEMP	TIME STEP USED	NEXT SPEC PRINT TIME	EXPLICIT STABILITY	HEAT FLUX CHANGE	SURF TEMP CHANGE	LAT COND STABILITY	HALF INPLICIT	
	(SEC)	(INCH)	(IN/SEC)	(DEG R)	(S <b>E</b> C)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	
145	9	6	6 023E-01	1185.0	1 2295-03	2.500E-01		1.229E-03	5.510E-02	1.0945-02		
146	8		1736-	1185	1.5776-03	2.488E-01	3.9216-03	1.5776-03		1.092E-02		
147		6	4 295E-01	1185 1	-	•	921			1.892E-02		
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191		0	-346E-	1185 1		1 961E-01	3.9216-03	5 031E-03			- 1	
162		0	548E-	1185 1	U)	1.9226-01	3 921E-03					
163		6	574E-	1185.1	3 921E-03	1.8835-01	3.9216-03	5.032E-03				
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180	0 63	0		1185 2	2	1 2166-01		<u> </u>	9 091E-02	2 136E-02	2 275E-02	
<u>.</u>	9 64	60	7536.	1185 2	3 921E-03	1775-01	3 921E-03	5 032E-03	1635	7. 1251-02		

---- COMPUTE NEW ENVIRONMENT

BOOY SLOPE BEFORE POINT 5 HAS CHANGED BY A FACTOR OF 2.8

RECOVERY ENTHALPY BTU/LBM (HRSP) e.6362 4882. 4882. 4877. 4452. 4444. 4444. 4444. 4444. HEAT TRANS COEFFICIENT LBM/FT2-SEC (RUCHSP) TIME 914£+00 437£+00 576£+00 1987£+00 198£+00 732£-01 1862-01 1866-01 596E-01 156E-01 BOD: POINT LOCATION AND SURFACE ENERGY BALANCE RESULTS EROSION MASS LOSS RATE LBM/SEC-FT2 (ENDOT) BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC) 90000 90000 90000 90000 90000 90000 **\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$** B-PR INE I 375E-04. 000E+00 000E+00 000E+00 469E-03 031E-04 340E-04 564E-04 152E-04 013E-04 (BPSP) EROSION : RECESS RATE IN/SEC (SDOTE) 00000000 TOTAL RECESS RATE R IN/SEC (SDOT) 5753. 5265. 4737 4737 6000 6000 6000 6000 6000 6000 00000000000000 1185.2 1188.4 1188.4 198.8 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198.2 198 SURFACE TEMP DEG R (TSP) RADIAL LENGTH INCH (RSP) 0000 0000 0000 1467 2157 2823 3375 3375 3375 3790 4290 5836 7241 9349 AX1AL LENGTH INCH (2SP) 8253 8721 9837 9837 9888 2588 9888 9888 9888 9888 9888

SAMPLE PAGE 78

SEC

SURFACE PRESSURE ATM (PRESP)

4961 3528 9168 6435 8014 9982 6332 5562 4373 4085

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SAMPLE PAGE 79			TISCID SONIC REAM LENGTH INCH (SSONIC) 0.2364
0.6362 SEC	•	•	INVISCID SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSONIC) 0.2364
1 1 ME =			NOSE RADIUS INCH (RN) 0.3212
BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)		TIME SEC (TIMEP) 0.6362	ISENTROPIC EXPONENT BEHIND SHOCK (GAM2) 1 316
ABRES SHAPE CHANG	SUMMARY	NO SHAPE NO (MT)	STAGNATION PT PRESSURE ATM (PT2) 25.478
BRL IMPROVED		ENVIRONMENT NO (NT)	STAGNATION PT ENTHALPY BTU/LBM (HT2) 482 4
			FREESTREAM UNIT RE NO 1/FI (URI) 3 0955E+07
			FREESTREAM MACH NO (AMACH) 4.39

BRL IMPROVED ABRES SHAPE CHANGE CODE (BRLASCC)

STATE OF THE STATE OF T

ROUGHNESS HEIGHT MIL (RUF(1)	TRANSITION STREAM LENGTH INCH (STRAN) 392E-01
HEAT C	TRAN STREAM (ST
TRANS PROXIMITY HEAT TRANSFER AUG (RUFSMT(1)) 3 7179	AXIAL RECESSION AT R = 0.24 INCH INCH (ZSIPE) 0 1310
OCK ER AUG	AX AX A
STAGNATION POINT  EAT TRANSFER CURVED SHOCK TRAN SOEFICIENT HEAT TRANSFER AUG TI LBM/FT2-SEC (HETAUG) 4 9272 1.0032	SONIC UNIT REYNOLDS NO 1/FT (URESTR) 1 914BE+87
HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT LBM/FT2-SEC (RUCH(1)) 4 9272	SONIC STREAM LENGTH INCH (SSTR) 0 2418
RECESSION INCH (ZSTAGP) 0 3746	NOSETIP DRAG COEF NORM BY RNI2 (CDRAG) 2 280
SURFACE TEMPERATURE DEG R (TSTAGP)	-

-STAGNATION POINT-

## REFERENCES

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