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**SOUTHWESTERN COASTAL BASIN**

**WESTPORT, CONNECTICUT**

AD-A142 916

**NASH POND DAM  
CT 00060**

**PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT  
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM**

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**DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
WALTHAM, MASS.**

APRIL, 1980

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER CT 00060	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. AD-A142	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER 916
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) Southwestern Coastal Basin Westport, Conn., Nash Pond Dam NATIONAL PROGRAM FOR INSPECTION OF NON-FEDERAL DAMS		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED INSPECTION REPORT
		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(s) U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ENGLAND DIVISION		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS DEPT. OF THE ARMY, CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, NEDED 424 TRAPELO ROAD, WALTHAM, MA. 02254		12. REPORT DATE April, 1980
		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 70
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office)		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) APPROVAL FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Cover program reads: Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Inspection Program; however, the official title of the program is: National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams; use cover date for date of report.		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY, Southwestern Coastal Basin Westport, Conn. Nash Pond Dam		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The dam at Nash Pond is constructed of stone masonry, is approx. 105 ft. long, 25 ft. high and has a top width of 5 to 7 ft. There have been no significant modifications to the dam since the dam was completed in 1879. The impounded water is primarily used for recreation. The present owner of the dam could not be determined during this report and it is recommended that the State of Conn. ascertain the ownership of the dam. This dam is classified as SMALL in size and a HIGH hazard potential structure in accordance with recommended guidelines established by the Corps of Engineers.		



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
424 TRAPELO ROAD  
WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02154

REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF:  
NEDED

MAY 05 1966

Honorable Ella T. Grasso  
Governor of the State of Connecticut  
State Capitol  
Hartford Connecticut 06115

Dear Governor Grasso.

Inclosed is a copy of the Nash Pond Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Protection, the cooperating agency for the State of Connecticut.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Protection for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

  
MAX B. SCHEIDER

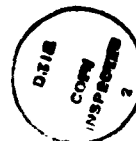
Colonel, Corps of Engineers  
Division Engineer

Incl  
As stated

**SOUTHWESTERN COASTAL BASIN**  
**WESTPORT, CONNECTICUT**

**NASH POND DAM**  
**CT 00060**

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**PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT**  
**NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM**

# NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

## PHASE I - INSPECTION REPORT

Identification No.: CT 00060  
Name of Dam: Nash Pond Dam  
Town: Westport  
County and State: Fairfield County, Connecticut  
Stream: Stony Brook  
Date of Inspection: November 15, 1979

### BRIEF ASSESSMENT

The dam at Nash Pond is constructed of stone masonry, is approximately 105 feet long, 25 feet high and has a top width of 5 to 7 feet. There have been no significant modifications to the dam since the dam was completed in 1879. The impounded water is primarily used for recreation. The present owner of the dam could not be determined during this report and it is recommended that the State of Connecticut ascertain the ownership of the dam.

Based on the visual inspection and past operational performance, the dam is judged to be in FAIR condition. Slight seepage from the masonry joints was noted on the downstream face and some of the joints need repointing. The valve controlling discharge to the 30 inch pipe outlet self-opened in the Summer of 1978 and was subsequently reclosed. A low-level blowoff is believed to exist through the base of the dam.

This dam is classified as SMALL in size and a HIGH hazard potential structure in accordance with recommended guidelines established by the Corps of Engineers. The impoundment storage at the top of the dam is 114 ac.-ft. and the maximum height of the dam is 25 feet. Failure of the dam would result in the loss of more than a few lives and excessive economic loss to the downstream urbanized area, two commercial buildings, 2 - 3 residential homes, and an apartment building.

The test flood for this dam is 1/2 the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). The test flood has an inflow equal to 2650 cfs and an outflow discharge equal to 2570 cfs with a stillwater elevation of 64.0 which will overtop the dam by 3.8 feet in a stillwater condition. The maximum outflow capacity of the spillway under stillwater conditions is 250 cfs which is 10 percent of the test flood.

It is recommended that the following items be studied further: The operability of the low-level blowoff, the valve for the 30 inch pipe as to leakage and operability, the downstream toe, the upstream face, and the spillway capacity.

The following remedial measures should be taken: The removal of vegetation from and re-pointing of joints on the dam, the monitoring of seepage, the development of a downstream warning plan and an inspection program, the removal of trees near the downstream face of the dam, and the clearing of the downstream channel.

Recommendations and remedial measures that should be implemented within one year of receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report are further described in Section 7.

JAMES P. PURCELL ASSOCIATES, INC.



Sudhir A. Shah, P.E.  
Vice-President  
Connecticut P.E. No. 8012





This Phase I Inspection Report on Nash Pond Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

Carney M. Terzian

CARNEY M. TERZIAN, MEMBER  
Design Branch  
Engineering Division

Richard J. DiBuono

RICHARD DIBUONO, MEMBER  
Water Control Branch  
Engineering Division

Aramast Mahtesian

ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, CHAIRMAN  
Geotechnical Engineering Branch  
Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

Joe B. Fryar

JOE B. FRYAR  
Chief, Engineering Division

## PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation. However, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and downstream damage potential.

The Phase I Investigation does not include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespass and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

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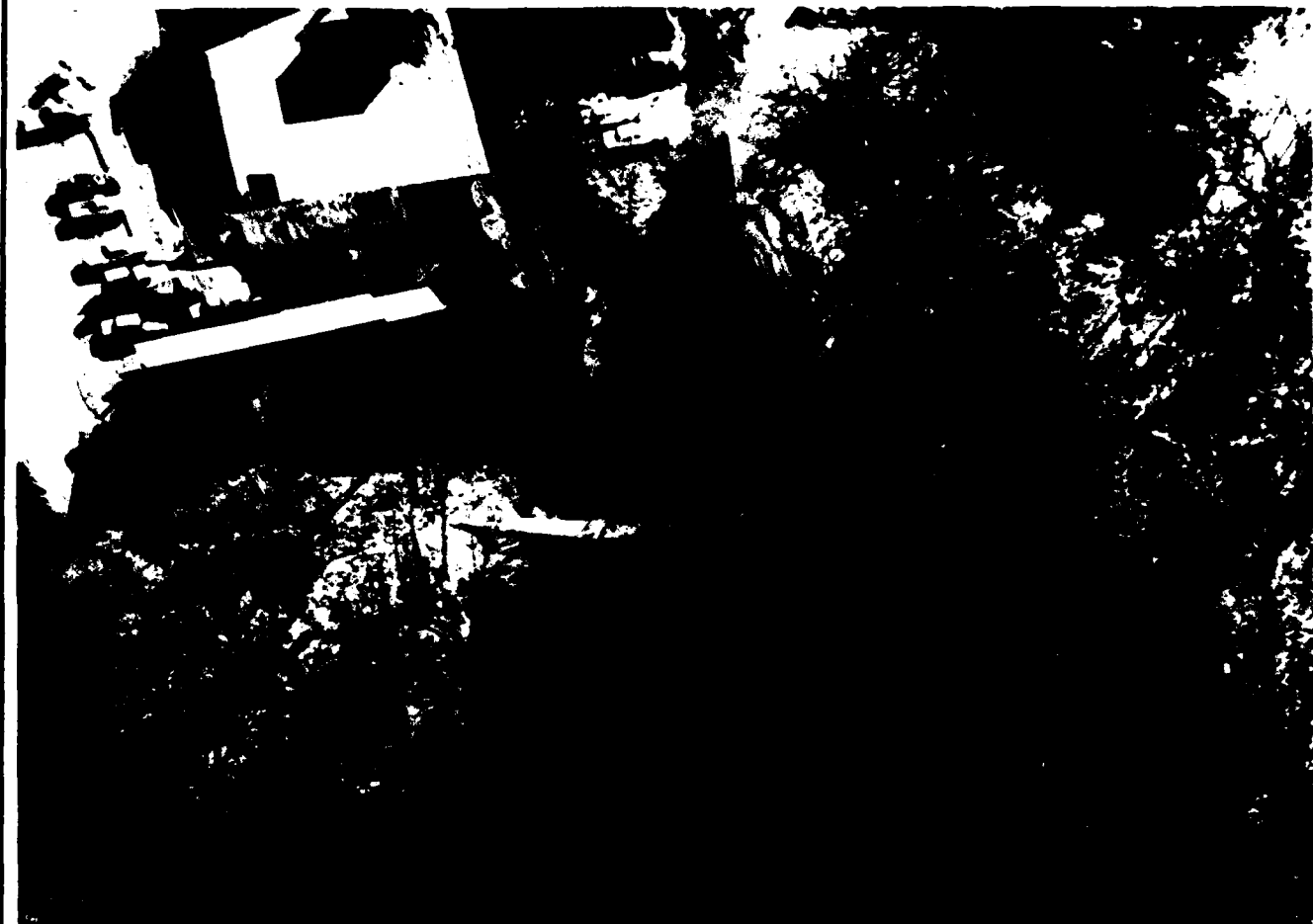
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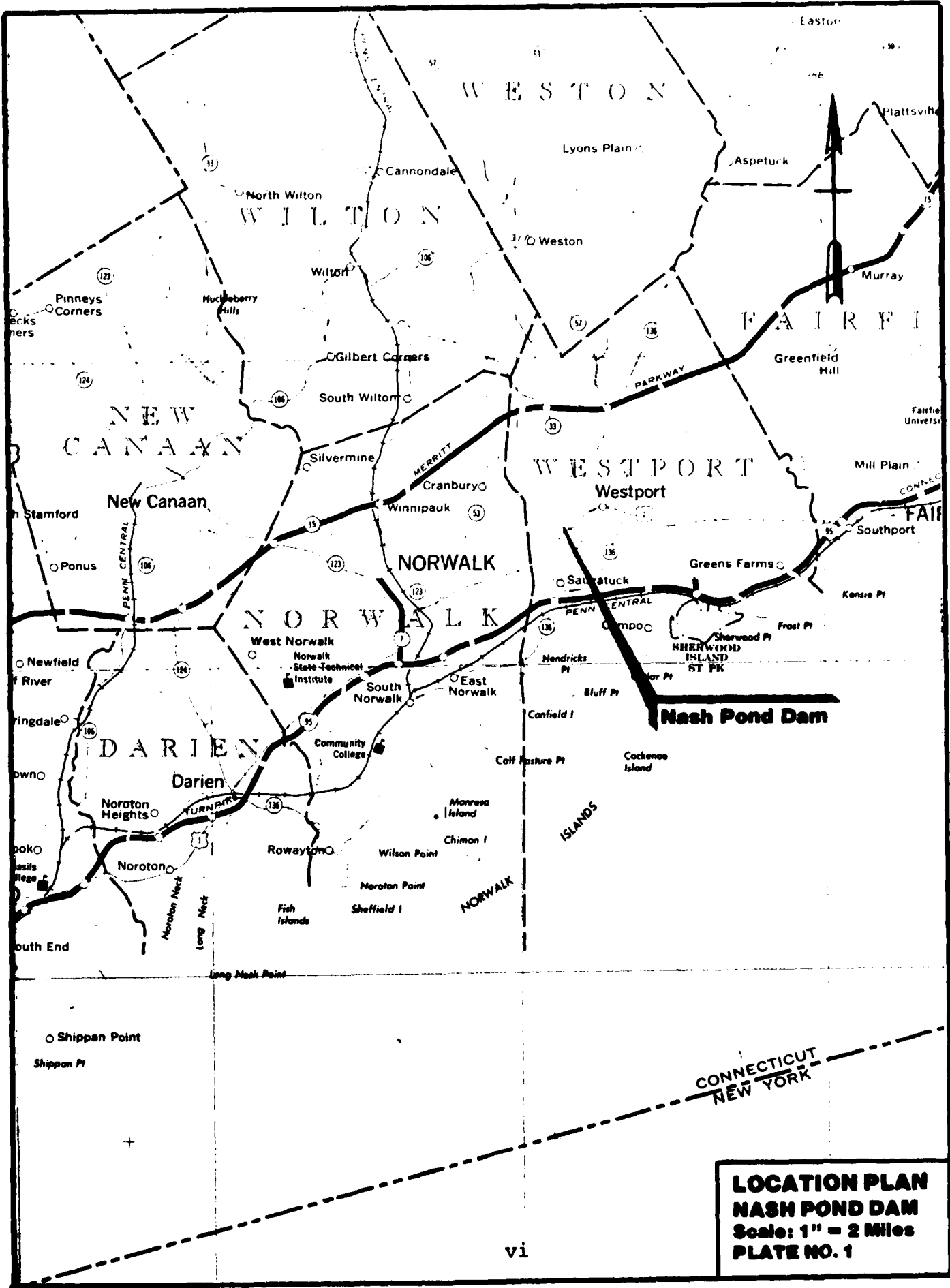
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OVERVIEW PHOTO - NASH POND DAM



**LOCATION PLAN  
NASH POND DAM  
Scale: 1" = 2 Miles  
PLATE NO. 1**

# NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

## PHASE I - INSPECTION REPORT

NAME OF DAM: NASH POND DAM

### SECTION 1

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

##### 1.1 General

- a. **Authority:**Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army through the Corps of Engineers to initiate a national program of dam inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. James P. Purcell Associates, Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Connecticut. Authorization and notice to proceed was issued to James P. Purcell Associates, Inc., under a letter from William E. Hodgson, Jr., Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW33-80-C-0002 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.
- b. **Purpose**
  1. Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-Federal interests.
  2. Encourage and prepare the States to initiate quickly, effective dam safety programs for non-Federal dams.
  3. To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

##### 1.2 Description of the Project

- a. **Location:**The Nash Pond Dam is located in Fairfield County, Connecticut, in the Town of Westport, approximately 0.7 miles southwest of Westport along Route 1 (See Plate No. 1). The dam impounds water from Stony Brook and is located approximately 3000 feet upstream of the Saugatuck River and immediately upstream of an apartment and commercial buildings. The impoundment is situated in a northwest/southeast direction, with the dam at the southeast end. The latitude is  $41^{\circ}-8'-14''$  and the longitude is  $73^{\circ}-22'-21''$ .



All elevations used in this report are based on the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD). Elevations are based on a spillway crest elevation of 57.0 estimated from available mapping.

- b. **Description of Dam and Appurtenances:** Nash Pond Dam is constructed of stone masonry and apparently with abutments and foundation keyed into rock. The length at the top of the dam is 105 feet and maximum depth is about 25 feet. The spillway is granite and is located in the center of the dam. It is an uncontrolled broad crested weir with a length of 16 feet and a crest elevation of 57.0. The maximum top width of the dam is approximately 7 feet and is 3.2 feet above the top of the spillway. The downstream face of the dam is vertical and is slightly arched in plan. The downstream channel has a natural bottom with a stone wall defining the east side downstream of the dam. This stone wall functions as a retaining wall for a building located approximately 50 feet downstream of the dam. The west side of channel has brush and small trees lining the bank, and a building approximately 40 feet downstream of the dam.

Outlet works consist of a butterfly valve, with a manually operated control mechanism located in a masonry block on the east crest of the dam. The butterfly valve has an 18-inch or 24-inch square opening. This valve controls discharge into a 30-inch pipe extending from the dam along the east side of the downstream channel. The 30-inch pipe has two (2) 24-inch open blowoff ports, and transitions to a short length of 18-inch pipe at a sealed terminus. The purpose of this outlet structure is not known, but presumably, it was part of an uncompleted system for providing water power to the adjacent factory building. The low-level blowoff is reportedly the 2 foot by 2 foot opening in the lower east corner of the downstream face. Its intake location, condition and operability is unknown. However, it is possible that it is controlled by the smaller mechanism on the east crest of the dam.

- c. **Size Classification:** The size classification of this dam is SMALL as per the criteria set forth in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, by the Corps of Engineers. The impoundment storage at the top of the dam is 114 ac.-ft. (within the range 50-1000 ac.-ft.) and the maximum height of the dam is 25 feet (within the range 25-40 feet). The size classification is governed by height and storage.
- d. **Hazard Classification:** The hazard classification of this dam is HIGH as per the criteria set forth in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, by the Corps of Engineers. The failure of the dam would result in the loss of more than a few lives and excessive economic loss to the downstream urbanized area and to the two commercial buildings located along the spillway channel immediately downstream of the dam. Failure discharge can cause damage due to

high velocity impact from debris and flooding. The buildings immediately downstream will be inundated by approximately 12 feet and the confluence with the Saugatuck River would be flooded by approximately 3 feet.

- e. **Ownership:**The present ownership of Nash Pond Dam could not be determined during this study. The last known owner was the Nash family:

Mrs. Edward Nash, Jr.  
P.O. Box 184  
Saugatuck Station  
Westport, Connecticut 06880

It is possible that the present owner is the Nash - Webber Trust or the Nash Pond Association.

- f. **Operator:**There is no assigned operator of the Nash Pond Dam. The operation is informal and provided by either the Nash - Webber Trust or the Nash Pond Association.
- g. **Purpose of Dam:**Nash Pond Dam impounds water from Stony Brook and is presently used for recreational and aesthetic purposes.
- h. **Design and Construction History:**Nash Pond Dam, as it appears today, was constructed in 1879. It is believed that some type of structure, prior to the existing dam, has existed at this site since the 1700s. No design or construction plans are known to be in existence.
- i. **Normal Operating Procedures:**Normally all water is discharged over the spillway and operation of the butterfly valve is not regularly performed.

### 1.3 Pertinent Data

- a. **Drainage Area:**The Nash Pond Dam is located in Fairfield County, Connecticut. The drainage basin lies approximately 0.5 miles upstream of the confluence of Stony Brook with the Saugatuck River. The basin is generally rectangular in shape having a length of 3.8 miles and an average width of 0.8 miles. The total drainage area to the dam is 3.05 square miles (see drainage basin map in Appendix D). The topography is a generally moderate to steep terrain, with elevations ranging from a high of 370 feet to 57 feet at the spillway crest. Stream slopes are flat having average grades of 0.7 percent. The pond has a normal surface area of 11 acres which is 0.6 percent of the drainage area.
- b. **Discharge at Dam Site:**There is no specific discharge records available for this dam. Listed below are calculated discharge values for the spillway and outlet works (30 inch pipe).

1. Outlet Works: A 30 inch pipe with an intake approximately at elevation 51 and a discharge capacity of 50 cfs at elevation 57.0.
2. Maximum known flood at dam site: Calculated to be approximately 650 cfs in 1955 based on a reported water level of 1.0 foot over the top of the dam.
3. Spillway capacity at top of dam: 250 cfs at elevation 60.2.
4. Spillway capacity at test flood elevation: 800 cfs at elevation 64.0.
5. Gated outlet capacity at normal pool elevation: 50 cfs at elevation 57.0.
6. Gated outlet capacity at test flood elevation: 80 cfs at elevation 64.0.
7. Gated outlet capacity at top of dam elevation: 65 cfs at elevation 60.2.
8. Total project discharge at top of dam: 315 cfs at elevation 60.2.
9. Total project discharge at test flood elevation: 2650 cfs at elevation 64.0.

**c. Elevation (Ft. above NGVD)**

1. Stream bed at toe of dam	35+/-
2. Bottom of cutoff	Unknown
3. Maximum tailwater	Unknown
4. Recreation pool	N/A
5. Full flood control pool	N/A
6. Spillway crest (Normal Pool)	57.0
7. Design surcharge (Original Design)	Unknown
8. Top of dam	60.2
9. Test flood level	64.0

**d. Reservoir (Length in feet)**

1. Normal pool	2200
2. Flood control pool	N/A

3.	Spillway crest pool	2200
4.	Top of dam	3000
5.	Test flood pool	3500
<b>e.</b>	<b>Storage (acre-feet)</b>	
1.	Normal pool	58
2.	Flood control pool	N/A
3.	Spillway crest pool	58
4.	Top of dam	114
5.	Test flood pool	233
<b>f.</b>	<b>Reservoir Surface (acres)</b>	
1.	Normal pool	11
2.	Flood control pool	N/A
3.	Spillway crest	11
4.	Test flood pool	35
5.	Top of dam	25
<b>g.</b>	<b>Dam</b>	
1.	Type	Stone Masonry
2.	Length	105 feet
3.	Height	25 feet
4.	Top Width	5 to 7 feet
5.	Side Slopes	Upstream: Vertical above spillway level Downstream: Vertical

6.	Zoning	Unknown
7.	Impervious Core	Unknown
8.	Cutoff	Unknown
9.	Grout Curtain	Unknown
<b>h.</b>	<b>Diversion and Regulating Tunnel</b>	<b>N/A</b>
<b>i.</b>	<b>Spillway</b>	
1.	Type	Overflow broad crested uncontrolled weir
2.	Length of weir	16.0 ft.
3.	Crest elevation	57.0
4.	Gates	None
5.	U/S Channel	Natural bed
6.	D/S Channel	Stone walls and buildings along banks
<b>j.</b>	<b>Regulating Outlets</b>	
	Refer to Paragraph 1.2b "Description of Dam and Appurtenances" for description of Outlet Works.	
1.	Size and inverts	30 inch pipe: Invert 51. +/—
		Low-level Blowoff: Invert unknown.
2.	Description	30 inch pipe: Cast iron.
		Low-level blowoff: Unknown

3. Control mechanism

Hand operated  
gear mechanisms  
on the top of  
the dam.

**SECTION 2**  
**ENGINEERING DATA**

**2.1 Design**

There are no available records presenting design information for the construction of the Nash Pond Dam.

**2.2 Construction**

There are no available records of the construction or subsequent repairs to this dam.

**2.3 Operation**

No formal records of operation are maintained for this facility.

**2.4 Evaluation**

- a. **Availability:**The information concerning this dam was gathered only by field investigation and meetings with representatives of the Nash - Webber Trust.
- b. **Adequacy:**The lack of indepth engineering did not allow a definite review. Therefore, the adequacy of this dam could not be assessed from the standpoint of reviewing design and construction data, but is based primarily on the visual inspection, the dam's past performance, and sound engineering judgment.
- c. **Validity:**The validity of the limited information available could not be verified.

## SECTION 3

### VISUAL INSPECTION

#### 3.1 Findings

- a. **General:** The visual inspection of the Nash Pond Dam was conducted on November 15, 1979 and a copy of the visual inspection check list is contained in Appendix A of this report.

The following procedure was used:

1. Inspection of the upstream area of the pond created by the dam.
2. Visual inspection of the face and crest of the dam and the spillway for cracks, loose stones, leakage, etc.
3. Inspection of the outlet works and other appurtenances as to their existence, location, and operability.
4. Review of procedures that could be utilized in the event of an emergency situation.
5. A check of the downstream area for seepage, piping, boils or other indications of abnormal conditions. The downstream hazard potential in the event of dam failure was investigated.
6. Photographs of the general area of the dam and of specific items of note were taken and are included in Appendix C of this report.

Before the inspection, the available existing data and aerial photographs were studied and reviewed.

b. **Dam**

1. **Crest:** The top of the dam is constructed of stone masonry with no evidence of settlement or misalignment (Photos C-3, C-4). Grass is growing between some of the stones. The east crest supports the control mechanisms for the outlet works. The crest width varies from approximately 5 feet (west crest and east abutment) to 7 feet (east crest at the spillway).
2. **Upstream Face:** The upstream face of the dam is stone masonry with a vertical face above the water level at the time of the inspection, which was approximately 34 inches below the top of the dam. The face is free of vegetation (Photo C-2).



3. **Downstream Face:** The downstream face is also stone masonry with a vertical face. Grass and vines are growing on the face and small trees are growing from the ground immediately below the dam (Photo C-1). Leakage was noted on the downstream face below both the dam's east crest (Photo C-8) and west crest (Photo C-9). The dam appears to be keyed into rock at both abutments.

The face below the dam's east crest contains a plaque which reads "Erected by E. H. Nash, 1879. B. H. Hull, Engineer" (Photo C-10).

**c. Appurtenant Structures**

1. **Spillway:** The spillway is a 16 foot long and 5 foot wide broad crested weir with a 16.8 foot free drop to the tailwater (Photo C-1). It is constructed of capstones which overhang the downstream face of the dam by approximately 6 inches (Photo C-4). Water was flowing over the spillway at the time of the inspection. Mortar is missing from the joints between the stones on the wall at the west end of the spillway (Photo C-4).
2. **Low Level Outlet:** A 2 foot by 2 foot square opening in the downstream face (Photo C-7) indicates the presence of a low level outlet. No other information concerning this outlet was available from the visual inspection. It is possible that the smaller mechanism on the east crest (Photo C-6) is the control for this outlet. No record of past operation was available from the representative of the Nash - Webber Trust.
3. **30 Inch Pipe Outlet:** This outlet is regulated by an 18 or 24 inch square butterfly valve controlled by the larger mechanism on the east crest (Photo C-5). The invert is unknown but presumed to be 6 to 12 feet below the top of the dam. The pond was drained via this outlet in the 1960s. In the Summer of 1978, the butterfly valve self-opened and drew down the pond approximately 1 foot before being reclosed by members of the Nash - Webber Trust and the Nash Pond Association. Reportedly, the valve requires a precise orientation in the open position to prevent it from turning 180 degrees and reclosing.

The 30 inch cast iron pipe extends through the dam and along the east bank of the downstream channel within a masonry wall and a building foundation wall. The pipe exits the building wall and continues along the east bank to a sealed terminus consisting of a short section of 18 inch pipe and a 42 inch diameter tank-like structure on each side. Reportedly, these structures at the terminus were part of an unconstructed water power facility for the adjacent building.

Two 24 inch blow-offs, one vertical (Photo C-11) and one horizontal, allow the discharge of water to the channel. The pipe has rusted through in places and leakage from the wall along the east bank containing the pipe below the dam is occurring. This indicates possibly a rusted pipe and leaking valve or leakage through the dam along the pipe.

- d. **Reservoir Area:**The impoundment created by the dam is a relatively narrow flooded portion of the natural riverbed. There are gentle slopes on the valley walls surrounding the reservoir, and bedrock appears to be at or near the surface. No geologic features were detected that could be expected to adversely affect the dam or its appurtenant structures.

Trespassing on the dam is prohibited. However, the area is not fenced and is located near well traveled roads. Evidence of trespassing was noted during this inspection in the form of paths through the woods leading to the dam.

- e. **Downstream Channel:**The downstream channel is fairly straight and uniform with walls or buildings lining each bank (Photo C-12) except for approximately 40 feet immediately below the dam on the west side. Numerous trees overhang the channel and the channel contains considerable brush, debris, snags and vegetative growth.

### 3.2 Evaluation

Based on the visual inspection, the Nash Pond Dam appears to be in fair condition overall, and there were no major areas of distress noted. Specific areas of concern that were noted are:

The presence of leakage and vegetative growth on the downstream face of the dam.

The missing mortar on the spillway wall at the west edge.

The possible leakage along or through the 30 inch outlet works.

The structural capacity cannot be evaluated due to the unknown conditions within and below the dam.

## SECTION 4

### OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE

#### 4.1 Operational Procedures

There are presently no operational procedures for the Nash Pond Dam. It has only a recreational purpose at this time.

#### 4.2 Maintenance of the Dam

There is no regular maintenance schedule for this dam. The downstream channel has a natural bottom, and stone retaining walls form the banks. Upstream of the dam, the shore is in a natural state.

#### 4.3 Maintenance of the Operating Facilities

No maintenance of the outlet works is presently performed. There is no record of prior operation of the low level blowoff and, due to years of activity and the accumulation of silt, it is probable that this outlet is inoperable. The butterfly valve for the 30 inch pipe opened by itself in the Summer of 1978, and was subsequently reclosed.

#### 4.4 Description of Any Warning System in Effect

No formal emergency or contingency plan is in effect to reduce or minimize downstream damage.

#### 4.5 Evaluation

To insure the safety of the residents and industries downstream, a regular inspection and maintenance program should be developed and implemented.

## SECTION 5

### EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

#### 5.1 General

The Nash Pond Dam creates an impoundment with a total storage capacity of 58 ac.-ft. at elevation 57.0, the spillway crest elevation. Each foot of depth in the reservoir above the spillway crest can accommodate approximately 18 ac.-ft. The drainage area is 3.05 square miles and the normal pond area is 11 acres or 0.6 percent of the watershed. Stream slopes are flat having average grades of 0.7 percent. The spillway is a 5 foot wide broad crested weir 16 feet in length and 3.2 feet below the top of the dam.

#### 5.2 Design Data

- a. No specific design data is available for this watershed or the structures of the Nash Pond Dam. In lieu of existing design information, USGS topographic maps (scale 1"=2000') were utilized to develop hydrologic parameters such as drainage area, basin length, time of concentration, and other runoff characteristics. Elevation-storage relations for the Nash Pond were approximated. The pond surface area and surcharge storage was computed using the USGS maps. Some of the pertinent hydraulic design data was obtained and/or confirmed by actual field measurements at the time of the visual inspection.
- b. Outflow values (routing procedures) and dam overtopping analyses were computed in accordance with the guidelines developed by the Corps of Engineers. Judgment was used in calculating final values outlined in this report, which are quite approximate and should not be considered a substitute for actual detailed analysis.

#### 5.3 Experience Data:

Historical data for recorded discharges is not available for this dam. The maximum discharge to date occurred in 1955 and was calculated to be approximately 650 cfs corresponding to a reported water level of 12 inches over the top of the dam. Several houses upstream were reportedly flooded.

#### 5.4 Test Flood Analysis:

Recommended guidelines for the Safety Inspection of Dams by the Corps of Engineers were used for the selection of the "Test Flood". This dam is classified as a HIGH

hazard and SMALL size structure. Guidelines indicate that a range of 1/2 to the full Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) be used as the "Test Flood" for these classifications. A test flood of 1/2 PMF was chosen because of the size on the low side of the small category and the hazard is on the low side of the high category. The watershed has a total area of 3.05 square miles. Snyder's lag was calculated to be 3.6 hours and a Snyder peaking coefficient of 0.625 was used. The 200 square mile - 24 hour probable maximum precipitation (PMP) is 22 inches. The flood hydrograph package, HEC-1 computer program, developed by the Corps of Engineers was utilized to develop the inflow hydrograph, route the flood through the reservoir, and for the dam overtopping analysis. The test flood inflow was calculated to be 2650 cfs. The outlet works were assumed to be closed for this analysis.

The spillway capacity is hydraulically inadequate to pass the "Test Flood" (1/2 PMF) and overtopping of the dam will occur. The maximum outflow capacity of the spillway without overtopping the dam is 250 cfs. This corresponds to 10 percent of the test flood and a storage above the spillway level of 56 ac.-ft. The maximum outflow discharge value for the test flood is 2570 cfs corresponding to a depth of flow over the top of the dam of 3.8 feet and a storage above the spillway level of 175 ac.-ft. A spillway rating curve, outlet works rating curve, and a reservoir surface area-capacity curve are included in Appendix D of this report.

At the spillway crest elevation of 57.0, the capacity of the 30 inch outlet structure is 65 cfs. It will require approximately 3 hours to lower the water level the first foot assuming a water surface area of 11 acres, normal inflow conditions, and use of the outlet works to regulate the water level for expected inflows. When the pond was drained in the 1960s, it reportedly took several days to completely drain the lake.

## **5.5 Dam Failure Analysis**

This dam is classified as a high hazard structure. Failure discharge can cause the loss of more than a few lives and damage due to high velocities, impact from debris, and flooding to 2 - 3 residential homes and two commercial buildings along the downstream channel. Also, an apartment building immediately downstream of the dam would suffer damage in the event of a dam failure.

The calculated dam failure discharge is 3360 cfs at a pool level equal to the top of the dam. At this elevation, the downstream discharge before failure will be the full spillway capacity of 250 cfs corresponding to a depth of flow of 1-2 feet in the downstream channel. Failure will produce a water surface level of approximately 12.0 feet immediately downstream from the dam. The failure discharge will effect downstream areas for a distance of 3000 feet from the dam. At this distance, the water surface level will be approximately 0 - 1 foot above normal observations as it enters the Saugatuck River. Beyond 3000 feet, the effects of the failure discharge will be reduced as it enters the Saugatuck River. Water surface elevations due to the failure of the dam are listed in Appendix D. Probable consequences including the prime impact areas are also listed in Appendix D.

**SECTION 6**  
**EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY**

**6.1 Visual Observation**

The visual inspection revealed no signs of major physical distress in the structure. However, leakage was noted on the downstream face.

**6.2 Design and Construction Data**

There is insufficient design and construction data to permit a formal evaluation of stability.

**6.3 Post-Construction Changes**

An older dam is thought to have existed at the site since the 1700s. The present dam was built in 1879 and is believed to have remained essentially unchanged.

**6.4 Seismic Stability**

The dam is in Seismic Zone 1 and hence does not require evaluation for seismic stability according to the Corps of Engineers Recommended Guidelines.

## SECTION 7

### ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

#### 7.1 Dam Assessment

- a. **Condition:**Based on the visual inspection, past performance and hydraulic/hydrologic evaluation, the Nash Pond Dam and appurtenances are judged to be generally in FAIR condition. Items of concern that should be addressed as a result of this inspection are listed in Sections 7.2 and 7.3.
- b. **Adequacy of Information:**The absence of existing engineering data did not allow for definitive review. Therefore, the adequacy of the dam is based on visual inspection, past performance history, and engineering judgment.
- c. **Urgency:**The recommendations and remedial measures described below should be implemented by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.

#### 7.2 Recommendations

It is recommended that the owner engage a qualified *registered engineer* to carry out the following actions and that his recommendations be implemented.

- a. The location, condition and operability of the low level blowoff be ascertained.
- b. A reliable procedure for operation of the 30 inch pipe outlet be designed, and the outlet works checked for leakage along the pipe or through the valve.
- c. A detailed hydrologic/hydraulic investigation to determine the need and means of increasing the discharge capacity of the project.
- d. The upstream face of the dam be visually inspected.
- e. The downstream toe be checked for potential undermining.

#### 7.3 Remedial Measures

- a. **Operational and Maintenance Procedures**
  1. The vegetation should be removed from the joints and the joints repointed on the faces and crest of the dam, as required.

2. The seepage on the downstream face should be monitored to note any change from the existing conditions.
3. Develop a downstream warning and surveillance plan, including round-the-clock monitoring during heavy precipitation.
4. Institute a program of annual periodic technical inspection with special emphasis on the joint between the dam and the abutments at the valley walls.
5. The trees in the vicinity of the downstream face of the dam should be removed and the downstream channel cleared of debris, snags and vegetation.

#### **7.4 Alternatives**

Remove the dam.



**APPENDIX A**  
**INSPECTION CHECK LIST**

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT Nash Pond Dam

DATE November 15, 1979

TIME 8:30 - 10:30 A.M.

WEATHER Clear

W.S. ELEV. \_\_\_\_\_ U.S. \_\_\_\_\_ DN.S.

PARTY:

- 1. R. Johnston, JPPA
- 2. R. Lyon, JPPA
- 3. J. Chastanet, CWDD
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

- 6. J. Webber, Nash-Webber Trust
- 7. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. \_\_\_\_\_
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT FEATURE	INSPECTED BY	REMARKS
1. <u>Hydraulics</u>	<u>R. Johnston</u>	
2. <u>Structural</u>	<u>R. Lyon</u>	
3. <u>Geotechnical</u>	<u>J. Chastanet</u>	
4. _____		
5. _____		
6. _____		
7. _____		
8. _____		
9. _____		
10. _____		

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Nash Pond Dam

DATE November 15, 1979

PROJECT FEATURE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<u>DAM EMBANKMENT</u>	
Crest Elevation                      60.2	Good - stone masonry
Current Pool Elevation                57.0	34" below crest
Maximum Impoundment to Date	1 foot over crest in 1955
Surface Cracks	Minor cracks in mortar and small open joints
Pavement Condition	N/A
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None observed
Lateral Movement	None observed
Vertical Alignment	Good
Horizontal Alignment	Possible bulge by a few stones in the downstream face
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Abutments apparently founded on rock
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None observed
Trespassing on Slopes	Not permitted
Vegetation on Slopes	Grass and vines on downstream face
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	None observed
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	N/A
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	None observed
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	Slight steady seepage at abutments and downstream face
Piping or Boils	None observed
Foundation Drainage Features	None observed
Toe Drains	None observed
Instrumentation System	None observed

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Nash Pond Dam

DATE November 15, 1979

PROJECT FEATURE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<p><u>OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND INTAKE STRUCTURE</u></p> <p>a. Approach Channel</p> <p>b. Intake Structures</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">30 inch pipe</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Low Level Blowoff</p>	<p>Entire lake bed under water</p> <p>A square butterfly valve approximately 18 inches to 24 inches controls discharge into the 30 inch pipe. Operated by a valve stem extending from masonry block on the east crest. Reportedly operational.</p> <p>Intake location, condition and operability unknown. Possibly controlled by the smaller mechanism on the east crest.</p>



INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Nash Pond Dam

DATE November 15, 1979

PROJECT FEATURE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<p><u>OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL</u></p> <p>a. 30 inch pipe</p> <p>b. Low Level Blowoff</p>	<p>The pipe terminates in a sealed end with a 42 inch diameter tank-like structure on each side. One vertical and one horizontal 24 inch open blowoffs located upstream of the terminus will allow water to be discharged from the pipe.</p> <p>A 2 foot by 2 foot square opening in the downstream face of the dam.</p>

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Nash Pond Dam

DATE November 15, 1979

PROJECT FEATURE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<u>OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS</u>	
<p>a. Approach Channel</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">General Condition</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Loose Rock Overhanging Channel</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Trees Overhanging Channel</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Floor of Approach Channel</p> <p>b. Weir</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">General Condition of Masonry</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Rust or Staining</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Spalling</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Any Visible Reinforcing</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Any Seepage or Efflorescence</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Drain Holes</p> <p>c. Discharge Channel</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">General Condition</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Loose Rock Overhanging Channel</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Trees Overhanging Channel</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Floor of Channel</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">Other Obstructions</p>	<p>Entire lake bed - under water.</p> <p>Good</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>None observed</p> <p>None observed</p> <p>Spillway flowing - none visible.</p> <p>None observed</p> <p>Rectangular masonry channel and buildings.</p> <p>Fair - masonry deteriorating, debris and snags in the channel.</p> <p>None observed</p> <p>Yes</p> <p>Debris, snags, stones</p> <p>Stone piers for 30 inch pipe.</p>
A-6	

**APPENDIX B**  
**ENGINEERING DATA**



## **APPENDIX B-1**

### **DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE RECORDS AND LOCATION**

**Mr. Victor J. Galgowski  
Dam Safety Engineer  
Water and Related Resources Unit  
Department of Environmental Protection  
State of Connecticut  
State Office Building  
Hartford, Connecticut 06115**

**APPENDIX B-2**

**COPIES OF PAST INSPECTION REPORTS**

BUCK & BUCK

E N G I N E E R S

71 CAPITOL AVENUE, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106

JAMES A. THOMPSON  
ROBINSON W. BUCK

Comm. 5713-59

February 14, 1972

Mr. William H. O'Brien III  
Department of Environmental Protection  
Water and Related Resources  
State Office Building  
Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Re: Nash Pond  
Stoney Brook  
Westport, Connecticut

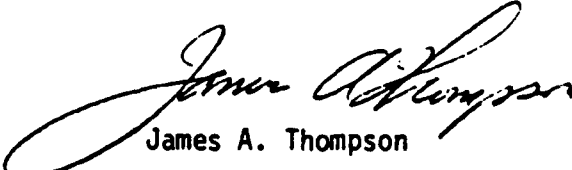
Dear Mr. O'Brien:

While in the vicinity of Lee Pond, we made an inspection of the subject dam.

It is a massive stone masonry structure built in 1879 in excellent condition. There is some minor leakage on the south face; but, in general, the dam appears very sound.

Sincerely yours,

BUCK & BUCK

  
James A. Thompson

WATER & RELATED  
RESOURCES  
RECEIVED

FEB 14 1972

ANSWERED \_\_\_\_\_

REFERRED \_\_\_\_\_

FILED \_\_\_\_\_

No. 1011

WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION  
SUPERVISION OF DAMS  
INVENTORY DATA

Inventoried By WVS

Date 21 JULY 1964

Name of Dam or Pond NASH POND

Code No. SA 22 ST 05

Nearest Street Location WINGS HIGHWAY

Town WESTPORT

U.S.G.S. Quad. WESTPORT

Name of Stream STON/ BROOK

Owner EDWARD C. NASH ?

Address 31 WINGS HIGHWAY  
WESTPORT

Pond Used For RECREATION DA 3.07517

Dimensions of Pond: Width 200 FEET Length 2000 FEET Area 6.31 ACRES

Total Length of Dam 100 FEET Length of Spillway 15 FEET

Location of Spillway CENTER OF DAM

Height of Pond Above Stream Bed 25 FEET

Height of Embankment Above Spillway 3 FEET

Type of Spillway Construction MASONRY

Type of Dike Construction MASONRY

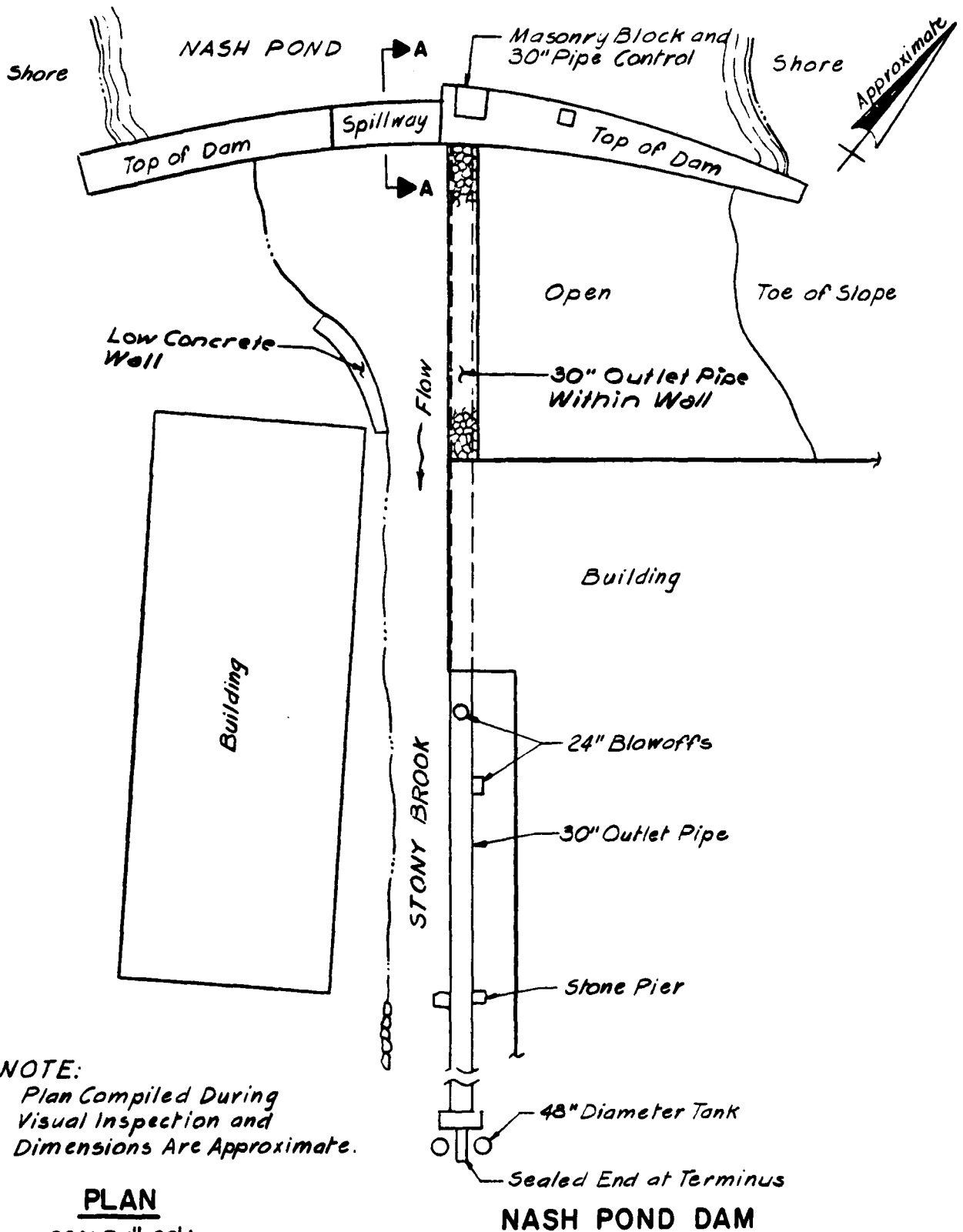
Downstream Conditions WESTPORT

Summary of File Data \_\_\_\_\_

Remarks LEAKAGE NOTED ON WEST ABUTMENT

DAM BUILT 1879

**APPENDIX B-3**  
**RECORD DRAWINGS AND SKETCHES**



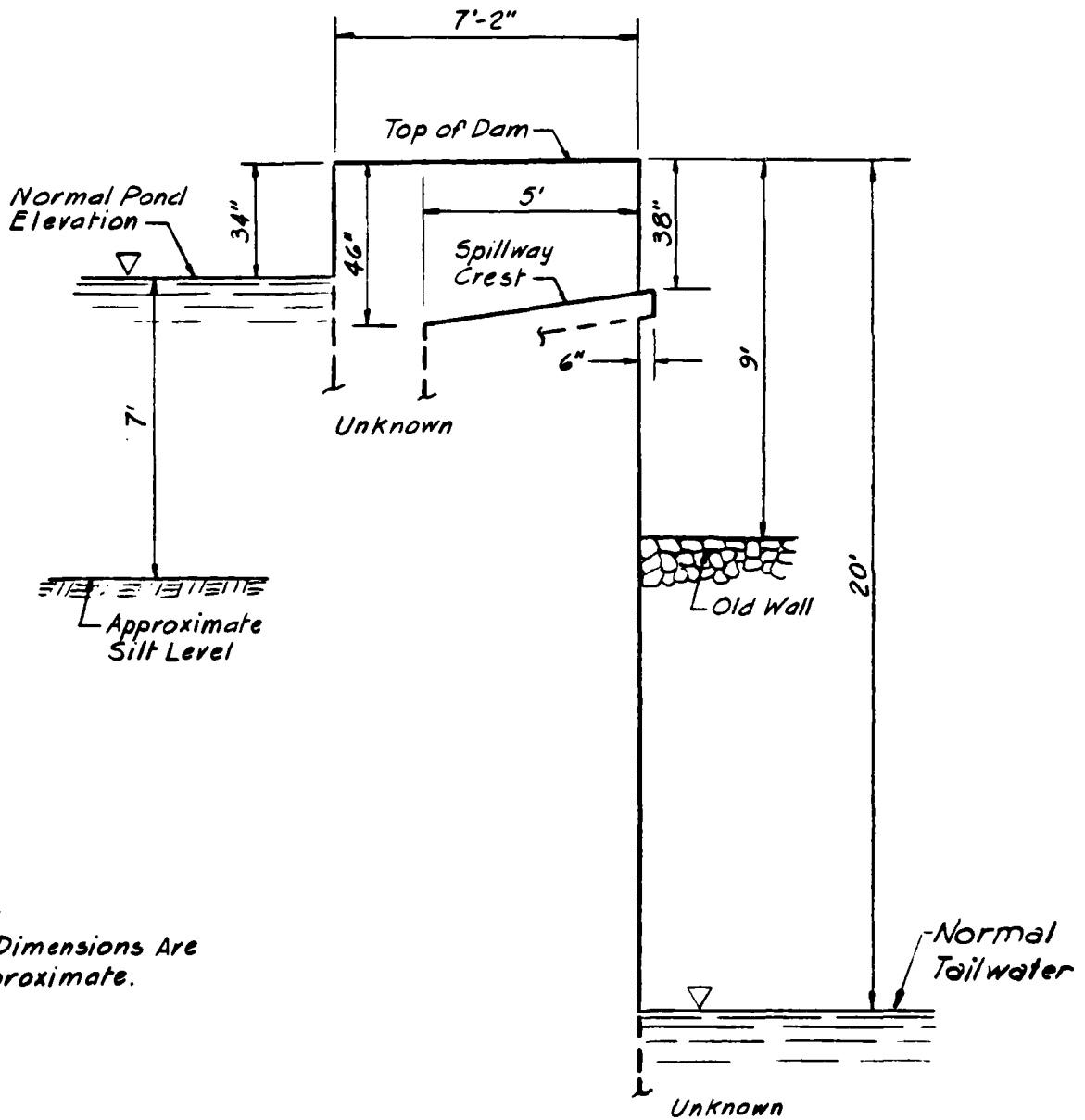
**NOTE:**  
 Plan Compiled During  
 Visual Inspection and  
 Dimensions Are Approximate.

**PLAN**  
 SCALE: 1"=20'±

**NASH POND DAM**



**JAMES P. PURCELL ASSOCIATES, INC.**  
 ENGINEERS • ARCHITECTS • PLANNERS

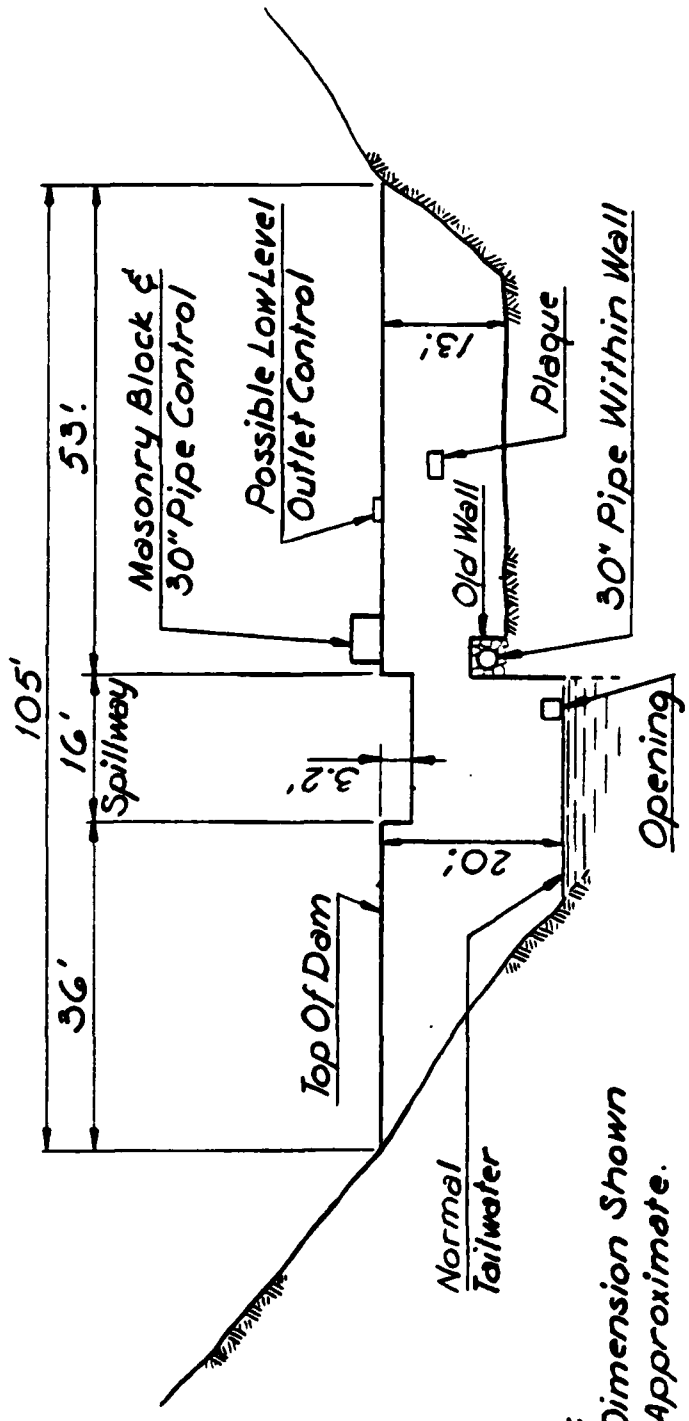


**NOTE:**  
All Dimensions Are  
Approximate.

**SECTION A-A**  
SCALE: 1"=4'

**NASH POND DAM**

 **JAMES P. PURCELL ASSOCIATES, INC.**  
ENGINEERS • ARCHITECTS • PLANNERS




**NOTE:**  
 All Dimension Shown  
 Are Approximate.

**ELEVATION OF THE DAM LOOKING UPSTREAM**

SCALE: 1" = 20'

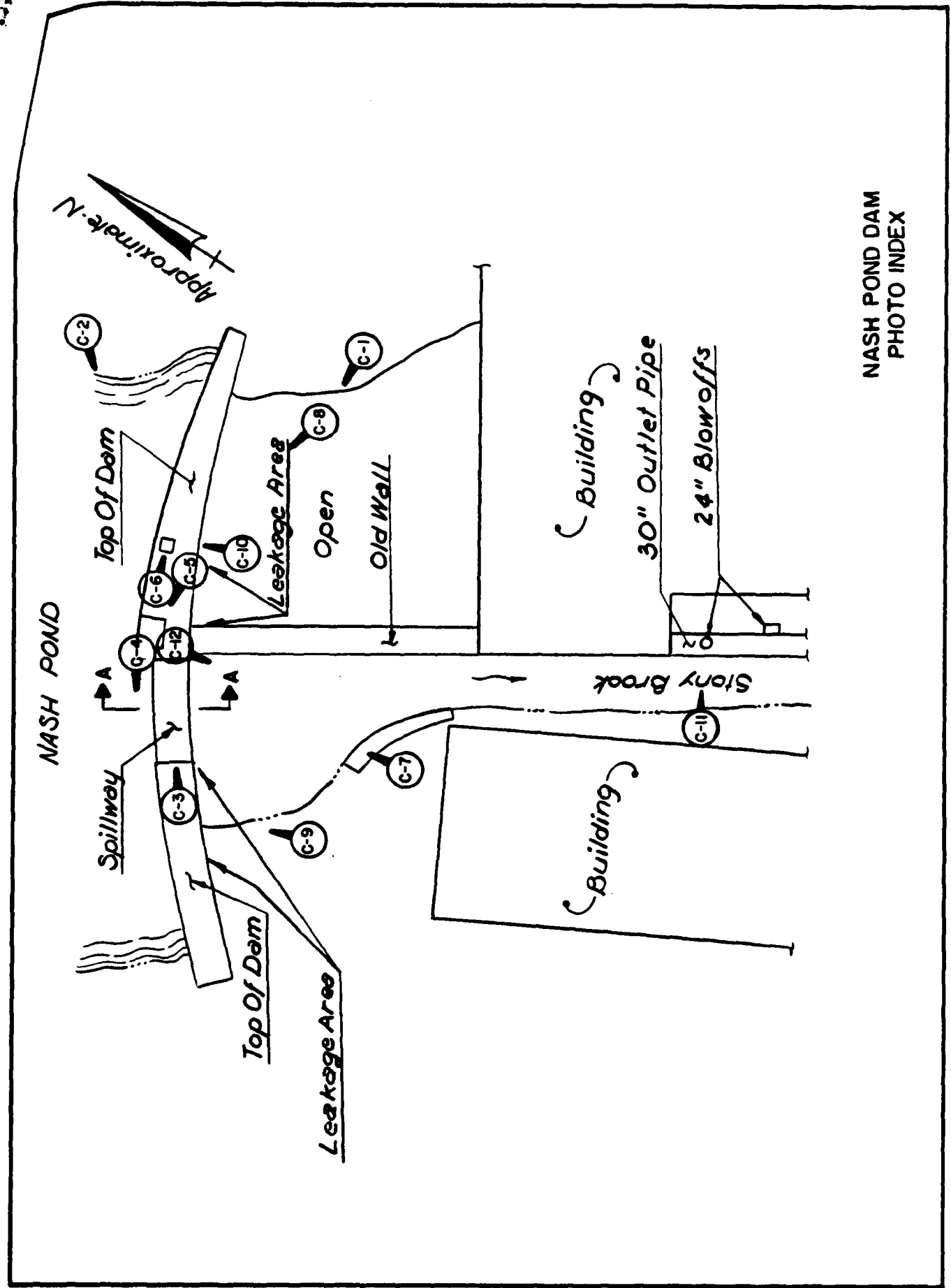
NASH POND DAM



**JAMES P. PURCELL ASSOCIATES, INC.**  
 ENGINEERS • ARCHITECTS • PLANNERS



**APPENDIX C**  
**PHOTOGRAPHS**



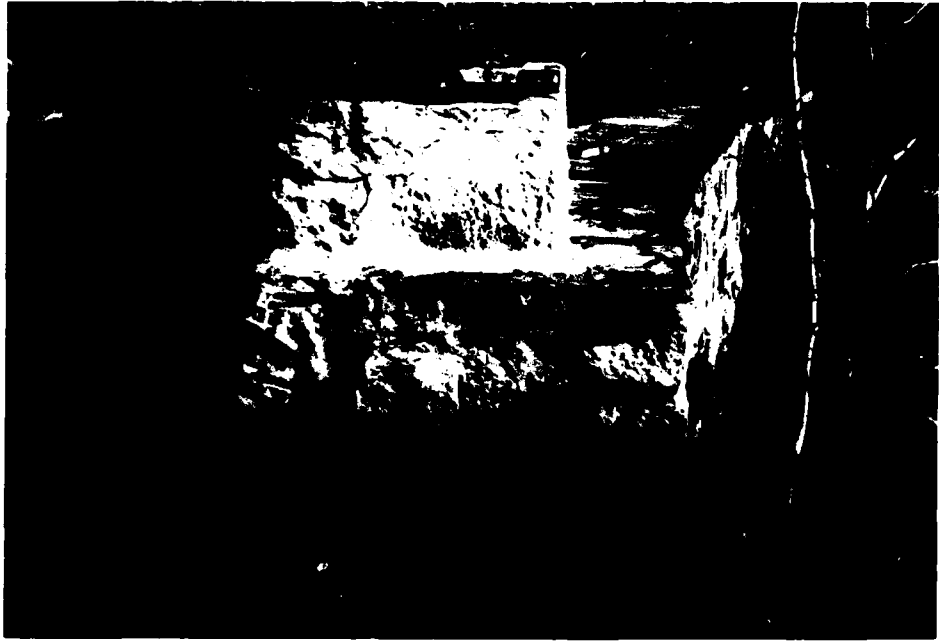
NASH POND DAM  
PHOTO INDEX



C-1 DAM AND SPILLWAY - LOOKING WEST



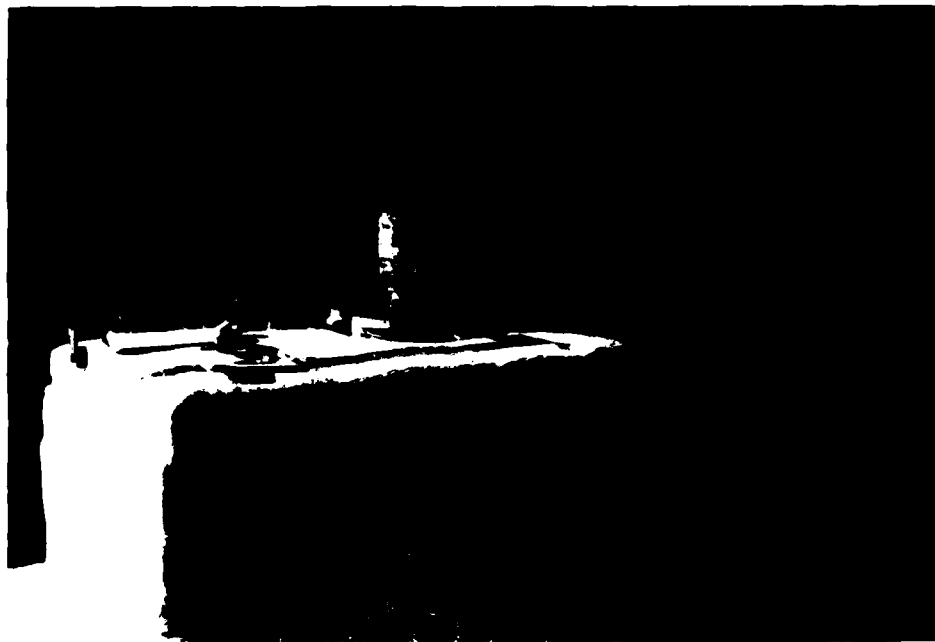
C-2 UPSTREAM FACE OF DAM - LOOKING SOUTH



C-3 EASTERN TOP OF DAM AT SPILLWAY



C-4 WESTERN TOP OF DAM AT SPILLWAY



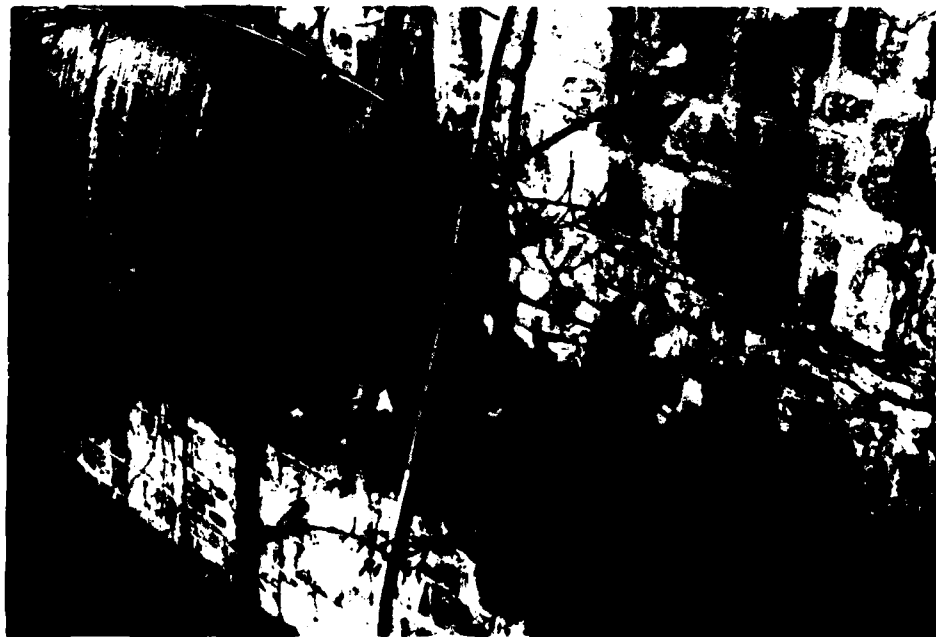
C-5 OUTLET CONTROL MECHANISM ON EASTERN TOP OF DAM FOR 30 INCH PIPE



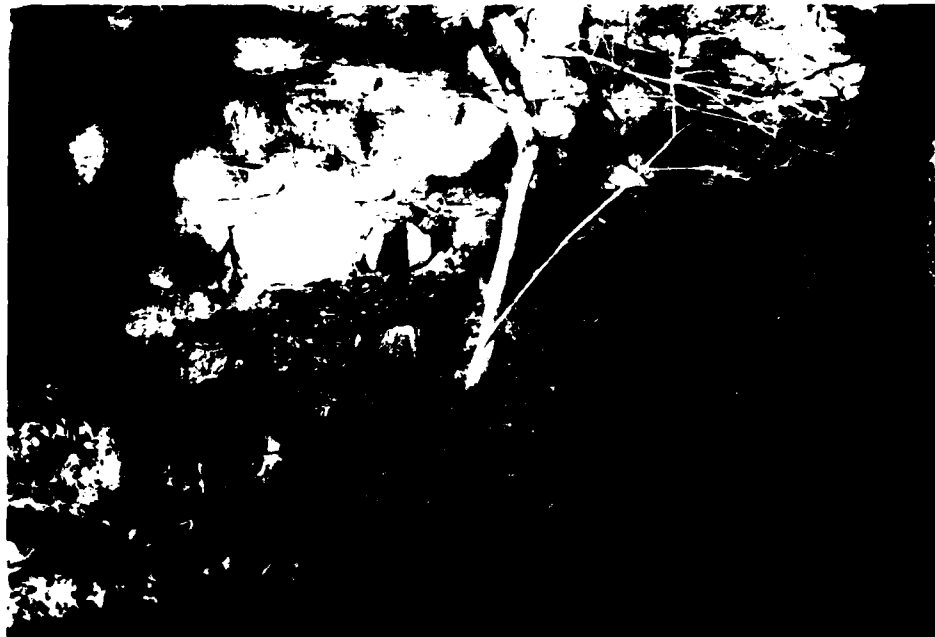
C-6 SUSPECTED OUTLET CONTROL MECHANISM ON EASTERN TOP OF DAM - USE UNKNOWN



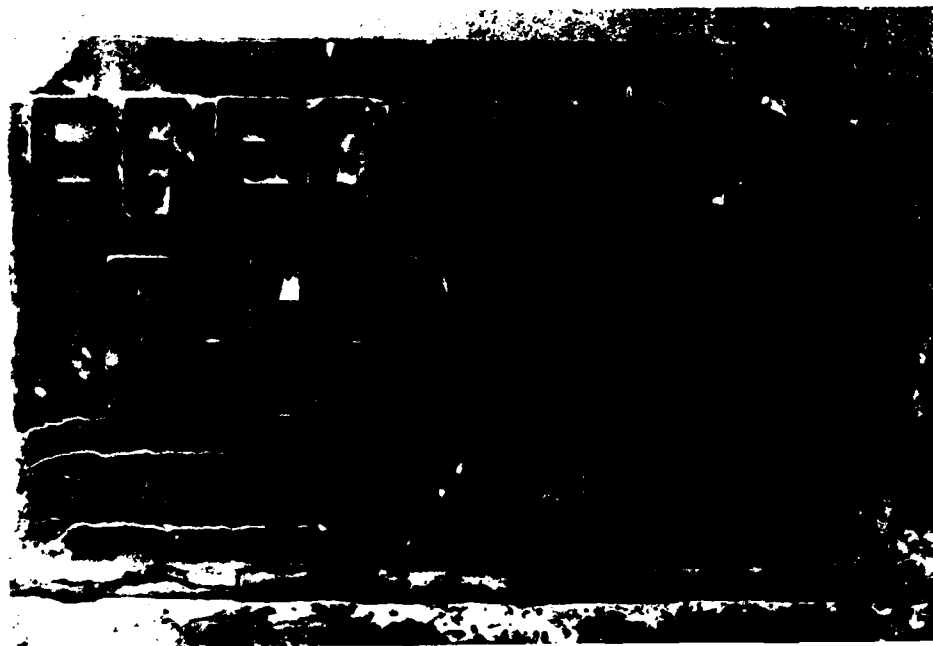
C-7 2 FOOT SQUARE OPENING IN THE DOWNSTREAM FACE OF THE SPILLWAY SECTION OF THE DAM



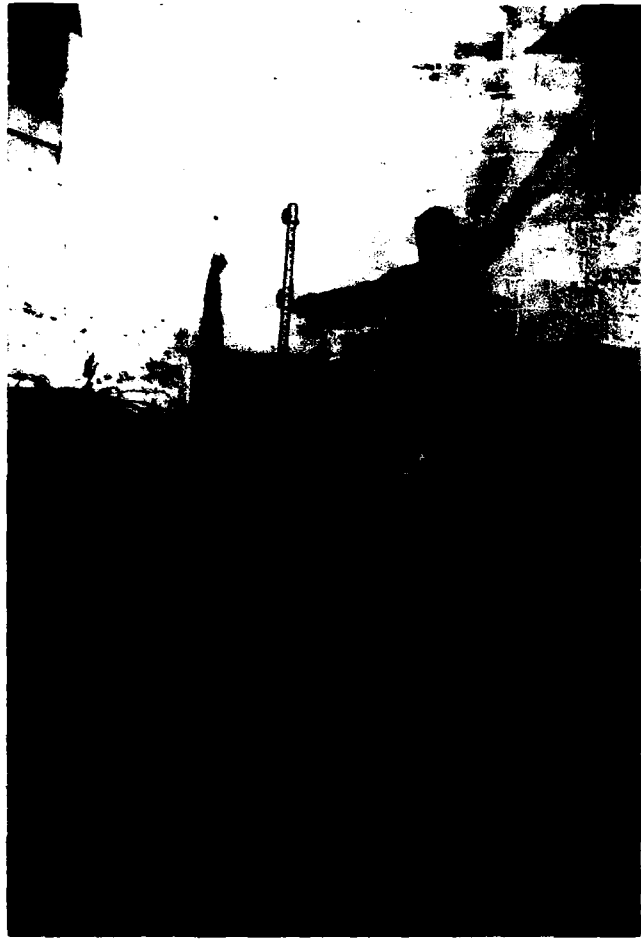
C-8 EASTERN DOWNSTREAM FACE OF DAM SHOWING LEAKAGE (DARK STONES), PLAQUE, WALLS, AND TREES



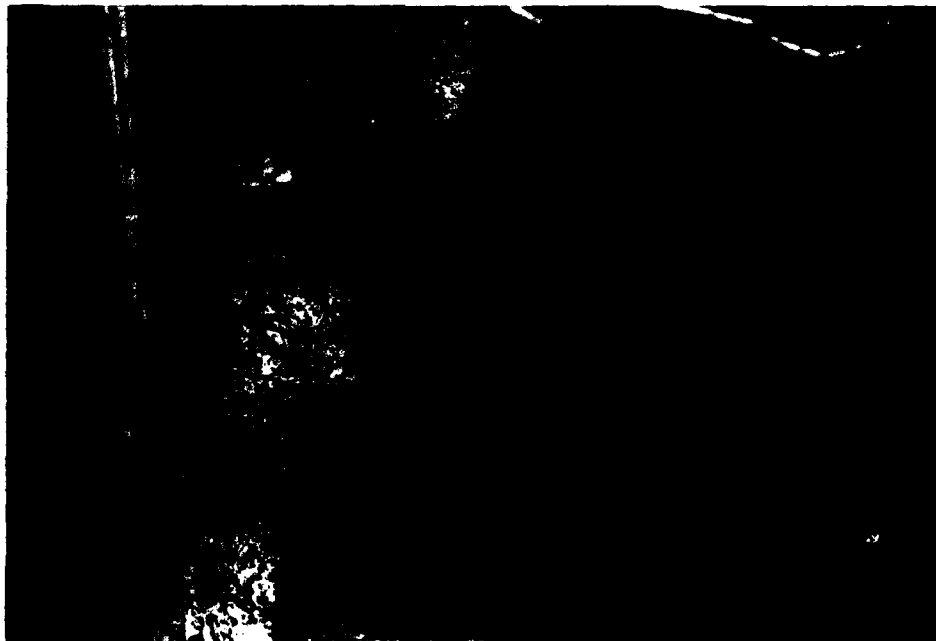
C-9 WESTERN DOWNSTREAM FACE OF DAM SHOWING  
LEAKAGE



C-10 PLAQUE ON EASTERN DOWNSTREAM FACE



C-11 24 INCH VERTICAL  
BLOWOFF FROM 30 INCH  
OUTLET PIPE

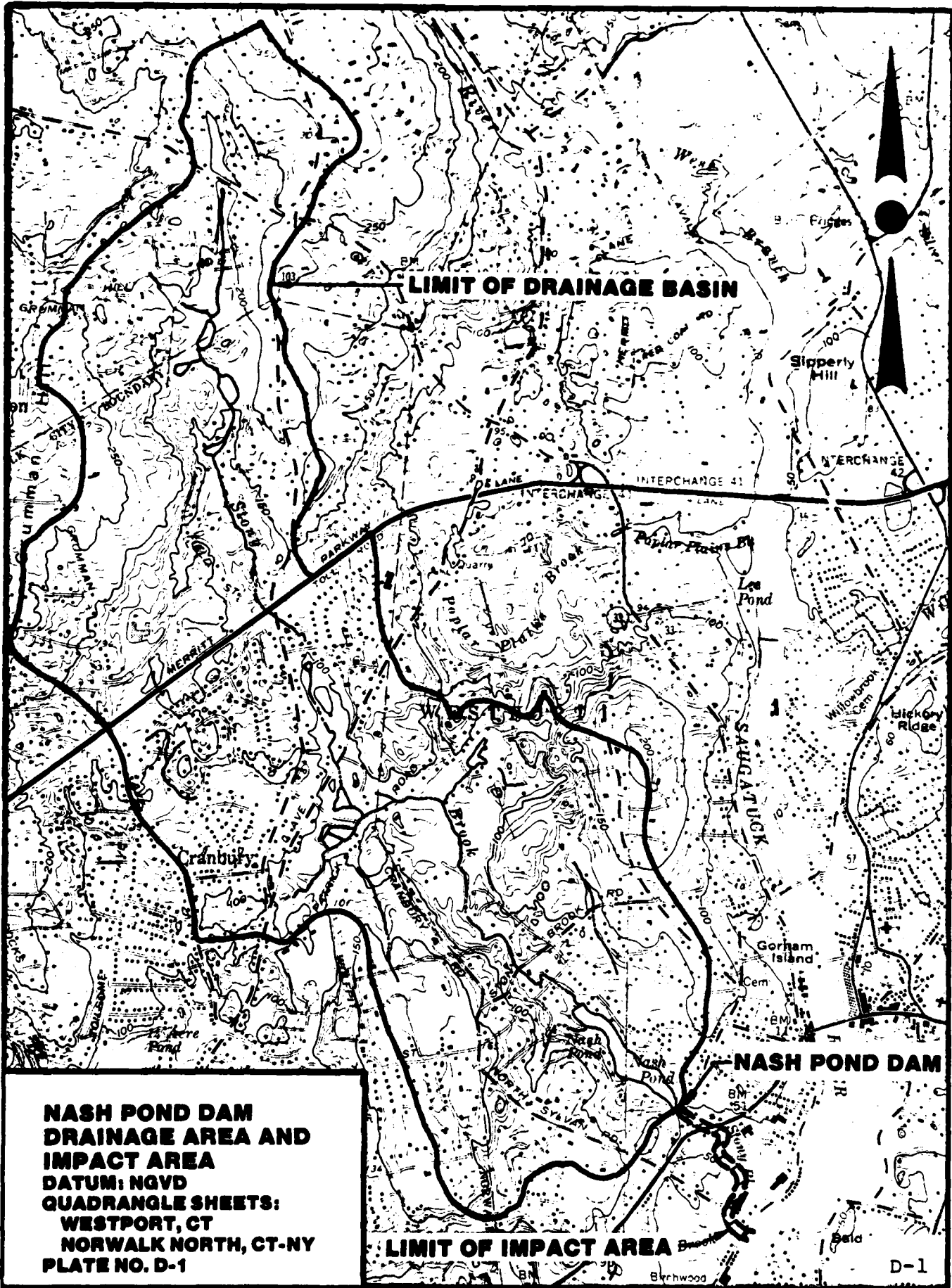


C-12 DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL - LOOKING FROM EASTERN  
TOP OF DAM



**APPENDIX D**

**HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS**



**NASH POND DAM  
DRAINAGE AREA AND  
IMPACT AREA  
DATUM: NGVD  
QUADRANGLE SHEETS:  
WESTPORT, CT  
NORWALK NORTH, CT-NY  
PLATE NO. D-1**

**LIMIT OF IMPACT AREA**

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS  
SUMMARY SHEET

Dam Nash Pond Dam

Test Flood 1/2 PMF

INFLOW HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT

Drainage Area 3.05 sq. mi.

Probable Maximum Precipitation  
24 hour - 200 square mile PMP 22 inches

Initial Rainfall Loss 0 Inch  
Uniform Rainfall loss .1 Inch

Snyder's Lag 3.6 hours  
Snyder's Peaking Coefficient .625

Test Flood Inflow 2650 CFS

PMF Inflow 5300 CFS

RESERVOIR ROUTING AND DAM OVERTOPPING

Test Flood Outflow 2570 CFS

Spillway Capacity at Top of Dam 250 CFS  
10 % of Test Flood

Flow Over Spillway at Test Flood 800 CFS

Spillway Crest Elevation 57.0 Feet  
Top of Dam Elevation 60.2 Feet  
Test Flood Elevation 64.0 Feet

FL 10-12

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)  
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978  
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79  
 \*\*\*\*\*

A1 DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS - JOB NO. 79-905 / 06 ERJ  
 A2 NASH POND DAM - WESTPORT, CT.  
 A3 01-08-80

1	75	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	R1	5									
3	J	1	2	1							
4	J1	.5	1.0								
5	K	0									
6	K1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
7	M	1	3.1	0	3.1	0	0	0	0	0	1
8	P	0	22.	110.	124.	133.	142.				
9	T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.1.
10	W	3.6	.625								
11	X	1.7	.05	2.0							
12	K	1									
13	K1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
14	Y	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	-1
15	Y1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
16	SA	11.	25.	65.							
17	SE	57.	60.2	70.							
18	SS	57.	16.0	2.7	1.5						
19	SD	60.2	2.7	1.5	89.						
20	K										99
21											
22											
23											

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)  
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978  
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79  
 \*\*\*\*\*

NUM DATE 01/24/80.  
 TIME 14.26.40.

DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS - JOB NO. 79-905 / 06 LKJ  
 NASH POND DAM - WESTPORT, CT.  
 01-08-80

JOB SPECIFICATION									
NQ	NHR	NMIN	IDAY	IHM	IMIN	METHC	IPLT	IPRT	NSTAN
75	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
JOPER									
	5								
LROPT									

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED  
 NPLAN= 1 NRATIO= 2 LMTIO= 1

RTIOS= .50 1.00

\*\*\*\*\*

SUR-AREA MINOFF COMPUTATION

COMPUTATION OF PMF - DEVELOPMENT OF INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

ISTAU	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

IMYDG	IUMG	TAHEA	SNAP	TMSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNOW	ISAME	LUCAL
1	1	3.10	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.000	0	1	0

PRECIP DATA

SPFL	PMS	M6	M12	M24	M48	R72	R96
0.00	22.00	110.00	124.00	133.00	142.00	0.00	0.00

IMSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800

LOSS DATA

LROPT	STRKR	ULTKM	RTIOL	FRAIN	STKRS	RTIUK	STNTL	CNSTL	ALSMK	RTIMP
0	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	.10	0.00	0.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA  
 TP= 3.60 CP= .63 NTA= 0

RECESSION DATA

STMTQ= 1.70 JKCSN= .05 RTIOR= 2.00  
 APPROXIMATE CLANK COEFFICIENTS FROM GIVEN SNYDER CP AND TP ARE IC= 4.14 AND HZ= 3.37 INTERVALS

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 20 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 3.63 HOURS, CP= .63 VOL= 1.00										
43.	15.	38.	27.	339.	304.	220.	169.	125.	93.	69.
51.	28.	21.	15.	11.	8.	6.	5.	3.		

1.01	1.00	.01	0.00	.01	1.	1.02	15.00	39	2.90	2.60	.10	1368.
1.01	3.00	.01	0.00	.01	1.	1.02	16.00	40	7.36	7.26	.10	2298.
1.01	4.00	.01	0.00	.01	1.	1.02	17.00	41	2.71	2.61	.10	3558.
1.01	5.00	.01	0.00	.01	1.	1.02	18.00	42	2.13	2.03	.10	4721.
1.01	6.00	.01	0.00	.01	1.	1.02	19.00	43	.16	.06	.10	5298.
1.01	7.00	.03	0.00	.03	1.	1.02	20.00	44	.16	.06	.10	5004.
1.01	8.00	.03	0.00	.03	1.	1.02	21.00	45	.16	.06	.10	4154.
1.01	9.00	.03	0.00	.03	1.	1.02	22.00	46	.16	.06	.10	3219.
1.01	10.00	.03	0.00	.03	1.	1.02	23.00	47	.16	.06	.10	2421.
1.01	11.00	.03	0.00	.03	1.	1.03	0.00	48	.06	.06	.10	1825.
1.01	12.00	.04	0.00	.03	1.	1.03	1.00	49	0.00	0.00	0.00	1380.
1.01	13.00	.13	.03	.10	2.	1.03	2.00	50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1044.
1.01	14.00	.16	.06	.10	6.	1.03	3.00	51	0.00	0.00	0.00	784.
1.01	15.00	.20	.10	.10	22.	1.03	4.00	52	0.00	0.00	0.00	583.
1.01	16.00	.50	.40	.10	59.	1.03	5.00	53	0.00	0.00	0.00	432.
1.01	17.00	.18	.08	.10	121.	1.03	6.00	54	0.00	0.00	0.00	319.
1.01	18.00	.14	.04	.10	183.	1.03	7.00	55	0.00	0.00	0.00	236.
1.01	19.00	.01	0.00	.01	213.	1.03	8.00	56	0.00	0.00	0.00	174.
1.01	20.00	.01	0.00	.01	197.	1.03	9.00	57	0.00	0.00	0.00	124.
1.01	21.00	.01	0.00	.01	158.	1.03	10.00	58	0.00	0.00	0.00	87.
1.01	22.00	.01	0.00	.01	119.	1.03	11.00	59	0.00	0.00	0.00	57.
1.01	23.00	.01	0.00	.01	89.	1.03	12.00	60	0.00	0.00	0.00	24.
1.02	0.00	.01	0.00	.01	66.	1.03	13.00	61	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.
1.02	1.00	.11	.01	.10	49.	1.03	14.00	62	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.
1.02	2.00	.11	.01	.10	37.	1.03	15.00	63	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.
1.02	3.00	.11	.01	.10	30.	1.03	16.00	64	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.
1.02	4.00	.11	.01	.10	25.	1.03	17.00	65	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.
1.02	5.00	.11	.01	.10	21.	1.03	18.00	66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	6.00	.11	.01	.10	19.	1.03	19.00	67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	7.00	.41	.31	.10	30.	1.03	20.00	68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	8.00	.41	.31	.10	76.	1.03	21.00	69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	9.00	.41	.31	.10	159.	1.03	22.00	70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	10.00	.41	.31	.10	262.	1.03	23.00	71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	11.00	.41	.31	.10	354.	1.04	0.00	72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	12.00	.41	.31	.10	422.	1.04	1.00	73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
1.02	13.00	1.94	1.84	.10	540.	1.04	2.00	74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
						1.04	3.00	75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.

SUM 24.99 21.72 3.27 43233.  
( 635.1( 552.1( 83.1( 1224.22)

PEAK	5298.	6-HOUR	4249.	24-HOUR	1724.	72-HOUR	600.	TOTAL VOLUME	43234.
CFS	150.	120.	49.	17.	1224.				
INCHES		12.75	20.69	21.62					
MM		323.85	525.52	549.21					
AC-FT		2107.	3419.	3573.					
THOUS CU M		2599.	4217.	4407.					



10.00 58.1  
11.00 59.1  
12.00 60.1  
13.00 61.1  
14.00 62.1  
15.00 63.1  
16.00 64.1  
17.00 65.1  
18.00 66.1  
19.00 67.1  
20.00 68.1  
21.00 69.1  
22.00 70.1  
23.00 71.1  
0.00 72.1  
1.00 73.1  
2.00 74.1  
3.00 75.1



00000

HYDROGRAPH AT STA		1 FOR PLAN 1, RTIO 1		HYDROGRAPH AT STA		1 FOR PLAN 1, RTIO 1	
1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.
0.	4.	11.	30.	91.	106.	0.	99.
74.	33.	25.	14.	15.	11.	0.	9.
15.	131.	177.	211.	270.	684.	1149.	1149.
1779.	2502.	2077.	1609.	1210.	690.	522.	522.
392.	216.	118.	87.	43.	28.	12.	12.
5.	1.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
2649.	2124.	862.	300.	21617.
75.	60.	24.	9.	612.
CFS	6.38	10.34	10.01	10.01
CMS	161.93	262.76	274.60	274.60
INCHES	1053.	1709.	1787.	1787.
MM	1299.	2109.	2204.	2204.
AC-FT				
THOUS CU M				

HYDROGRAPH AT STA		1 FOR PLAN 1, RTIO 2		HYDROGRAPH AT STA		1 FOR PLAN 1, RTIO 2	
2.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.
1.	0.	22.	59.	121.	183.	213.	197.
158.	66.	49.	37.	30.	25.	21.	19.
30.	159.	262.	354.	422.	831.	1368.	2298.
3554.	4721.	5004.	4154.	3219.	2421.	1380.	1044.
784.	432.	319.	236.	174.	87.	57.	24.
11.	3.	1.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
5298.	4249.	1724.	690.	43234.
150.	120.	49.	17.	1224.
CFS	12.75	20.69	21.62	21.62
CMS	323.85	525.52	549.21	549.21
INCHES	2107.	3419.	3573.	3573.
MM	2599.	4217.	4407.	4407.
AC-FT				
THOUS CU M				

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HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTING INFLOW HYDROGRAPH TMMU LAKE- OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRP	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ROUTING DATA								
GLUSS	CLUSS	AVG	IMES	ISAME	IOPT	IPMP	LSTR	
0.0	0.000	0.00	1	1	0	0		
*****								
NSTPS	NSTUL	LAG	AMSKK	X	TSK	STORA	ISPRAT	
1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	-1.	0	

SURFACE AREA= 11. 24. 65.

UNIT SPWID) CUOM TAPW I LEVI C-OUT CAHFA EXPL  
 57.0 16.0 2.7 1.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

DAM DATA  
 TOPEL CUOD EXPD DAMMID  
 60.2 2.7 1.5 89.

STATION 1, PLAN 1, RATIO 1  
 END-OF-PERIOD HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES

OUTFLOW	U.	U.	U.	U.	U.	U.	U.	U.
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.	1.	1.	5.	14.	31.	52.	68.	87.
75.	31.	48.	40.	33.	27.	23.	19.	19.
17.	54.	86.	122.	161.	221.	406.	830.	830.
1410.	2489.	2298.	1860.	1433.	1088.	830.	636.	65.
489.	243.	208.	173.	141.	111.	87.	65.	4.
47.	24.	18.	10.	8.	6.	5.	4.	4.
3.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.	1.	1.	3.	6.	10.	15.	18.	18.
20.	18.	16.	12.	10.	9.	8.	7.	7.
7.	10.	15.	30.	38.	50.	70.	95.	95.
123.	171.	175.	144.	124.	108.	95.	84.	84.
75.	61.	55.	40.	34.	27.	22.	18.	18.
14.	8.	7.	4.	4.	3.	3.	2.	2.
2.	2.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.

STORAGE	STAGE	STAGE	STAGE	STAGE	STAGE	STAGE	STAGE	STAGE
0.	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0
0.	57.0	57.1	57.2	57.2	57.5	57.8	58.1	58.4
20.	58.3	58.2	58.1	58.0	57.8	57.7	57.6	57.6
7.	57.5	58.6	58.6	59.0	59.4	60.0	61.6	61.6
123.	63.4	63.7	63.7	63.1	62.6	62.0	61.2	61.2
75.	60.9	60.1	59.8	59.5	59.2	58.9	58.6	58.6
14.	57.7	57.6	57.5	57.4	57.3	57.3	57.2	57.2
2.	57.1	57.1	57.1	57.1	57.1	57.1	57.1	57.1

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 2573. AT TIME 44.00 HOURS

CFS	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
2573.	2113.	855.	300.	21602.
73.	60.	24.	8.	612.
	6.34	10.26	10.80	10.80
	161.08	260.57	274.42	274.42
	1048.	1695.	1785.	1785.
	1293.	2091.	2202.	2202.

\*OVF\*

STATION 1

	400.	800.	1200.	1600.	2000.	2400.	2800.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.													
1.00	11												
2.00	21												
3.00	31												
4.00	41												
5.00	51												
6.00	61												
7.00	71												
8.00	81												
9.00	91												
10.00	101												
11.00	111												
12.00	121												
13.00	131												
14.00	141												
15.00	151												
16.00	1601												
17.00	170 1												
18.00	18.01												
19.00	19.0 1												
20.00	20.1												
21.00	21. 1												
22.00	22.10												
23.00	23.10												
0.00	24.1												
1.00	25.1												
2.00	2610												
3.00	2710												
4.00	2810												
5.00	2910												
6.00	301												
7.00	311												
8.00	3201												
9.00	33.01												
10.00	34.0 1												
11.00	35. 0 1												
12.00	36. 0 1												
13.00	37. 0 1												
14.00	38. 0 1												
15.00	39. 0 1												
16.00	40. 0 1												
17.00	41. 0 1												
18.00	42. 0 1												
19.00	43. 0 1												
20.00	44. 0 1												
21.00	45. 0 1												
22.00	46. 0 1												
23.00	47. 0 1												
0.00	48. 0 1												
1.00	49. 0 1												
2.00	50. 0 1												
3.00	51. 0 1												
4.00	52. 0 1												
5.00	53. 0 1												
6.00	54. 0 1												

12.00 6100  
13.00 6110  
14.00 6210  
15.00 6310  
16.00 641  
17.00 651  
18.00 661  
19.00 671  
20.00 681  
21.00 691  
22.00 701  
23.00 711  
6.00 721  
1.00 731  
2.00 741  
3.00 751



4047\*

STATION 1

	0.	1000.	2000.	3000.	4000.	5000.	6000.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
1.00	11												
2.00	21												
3.00	31												
4.00	41												
5.00	51												
6.00	61												
7.00	71												
8.00	81												
9.00	91												
10.00	101												
11.00	111												
12.00	121												
13.00	131												
14.00	141												
15.00	151												
16.00	1601												
17.00	1701												
18.00	18.01												
19.00	19.01												
20.00	20.01												
21.00	21. 1												
22.00	22.1												
3.00	23.1												
4.00	24.1												
1.00	2510												
2.00	2610												
3.00	2710												
4.00	2810												
5.00	2910												
6.00	3010												
7.00	311												
8.00	3201												
9.00	33.01												
10.00	34.0 1												
11.00	35. 0 1												
12.00	36. 0 1												
13.00	37. 01												
14.00	38. 0 1												
15.00	39. 0 1												
16.00	40. 0 1												
17.00	41. 0 1												
18.00	42. 0 1												
19.00	43. 0 1												
20.00	44. 10												
21.00	45. 10												
22.00	46. 10												
23.00	47. 10												
0.00	48. 10												
1.00	49. 10												
2.00	50. 10												
3.00	51. 10												
4.00	52. 10												
5.00	53. 10												
6.00	54. 10												

12.00 6010.....  
 13.00 6110.....  
 14.00 6210.....  
 15.00 631.....  
 16.00 641.....  
 17.00 651.....  
 18.00 661.....  
 19.00 671.....  
 20.00 681.....  
 21.00 691.....  
 22.00 701.....  
 23.00 711.....  
 0.00 721.....  
 1.00 731.....  
 5.00 741.....  
 3.00 751.....

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS  
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)  
 AREA IN SQUARE FEET (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN RATIO	RATIO 1	RATIO 2
				.50	1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	3.10 ( 8.03)	1	2699. ( 75.01)	5298. ( 150.02)
ROUTED TO	1	3.10 ( 8.03)	1	2573. ( 72.85)	5146. ( 145.71)



SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1 .....	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM					
		57.00	57.00	60.20					
		0.	0.	56.					
		U.	0.	247.					
RATIO OF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS		
.50	63.99	3.79	175.	2573.	15.00	44.00	0.00		
1.00	66.57	6.37	287.	5146.	20.00	44.00	0.00		

NASH POND DAM

Dam Failure Analysis

1. Failure discharge with pool at top of dam (elev. 60.2) = 3360 CFS
2. Depth of water in reservoir at time of failure = 25 ft.
3. Maximum depth of flow downstream of dam = 12 ft.
4. Water surface elevation just downstream) of dam at time of failure ) = 47.0 NGVD

The failure discharge of 3360 CFS will enter and flow downstream 3000 feet until the brook reaches the Saugatuck River. Valley storage in this 3000 feet length of brook is substantial in reducing the discharge. Also due to roughness characteristics, obstructions and frictional losses, it is very likely that the unsteady dam failure flow will dissipate its wave and kinetic energy and thus convert to steady and uniform flow obeying Manning's formulae 3000 feet downstream. The failure profile will have the following hydraulic characteristics:

DISTANCE FROM THE DAM	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION NGVD	REMARKS
0	60.2	Upstream of Dam
0	47.0	Downstream of Dam
1000	32.0	
2000	8.5	
3000	0-1 foot above normal	Saugatuck River

Beyond 3000 feet, N/A failure discharge will flow in the below given channel characteristics:

Q = N/A CFS; S = N/A  
 n = N/A; b = N/A; d = N/A

"Rule of Thumb Guidance for Estimating  
Downstream Dam Failure Analysis"

DATA

Name of Dam NASH POND DAM  
Location in Westport, 0.6 miles northwest of Bald Mtn.  
Drainage Area 3.05 sq. mi., Top of Dam 60.2 NGVD  
Spillway Type Overflow-Broadcrest, Crest of Spillway 57.0 NGVD  
Surface Area @ Crest Elev. 11.0 Acres = 0.017 sq. mi.  
Pool Bottom Near Dam = 35.0 NGVD (Downstream)  
Assumed Side Slopes of Embankments = 2:1  
Depth of Pool at Dam ( $Y_0$ ) = 25 Feet  
Mid-Height Elev. 47.5 NGVD  
Length of Dam at Crest = 105 Feet  
Length of Dam at Mid-Height = 65 Feet  
25% of Dam Length at Mid-Height =  $W_b$  = 16 Feet

Step 1

Storage (S) at time of failure 114 Ac-FT  
(Equal to top of dam)

Step 2

Peak Failure Discharge  
 $Q_{pl} = 8/27 W_b \sqrt{g} Y_0^{3/2}$   
= 1.68  $W_b Y_0^{3/2}$  = 3360 cfs

Failure is assumed to coincide with pool elevation at top of dam.

The Saugatuck River is located 3000 feet downstream of Nash Pond dam. There is a 30 foot drop into the river which will cause the dissipation of wave and kinetic energy of the failure discharge. Approximately, the water surface elevations between Nash Pond dam and the Saugatuck River will be as given on Dam Failure Analysis. The increase of depth in the river due to failure of Nash Pond dam is estimated to be 0-1 foot.

BY: FCB DATE: 11/21/79 SUBJECT: DAM INSPECTION  
 CHKD. BY: FR7 DATE: 1-15-80 STUDIES: NASH POND DAM

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2  
 JOB NO. 77-905/06

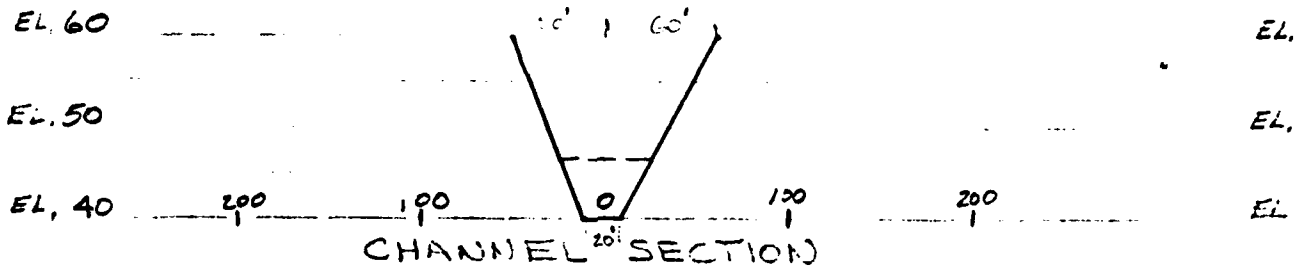
DOWNSTREAM W.S. EL. COMPUTATIONS

NAME OF DAM: NASH POND DAM

SECTION LOCATION: @ FACE DOWNSTREAM OF DAM

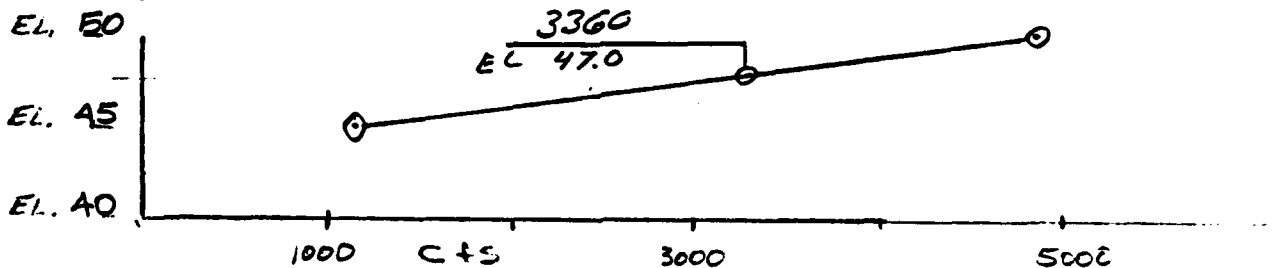
USING:  $Q = 1.486/n A R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$

WHERE:  $n = 0.05$   $S = \text{SLOPE} = 0.012^{1/4}$



$Q_p = 3360$  STORAGE (S) 116 AC-FT

ELEV	AREA	WP	R	$R^{2/3}$	$S^{1/2}$	$1.486/n$	Q	DEPTH
50	425	65	6.54	3.50	.11	29.72	4859	10
45	150	40	3.75	2.41	.11	29.72	1184	5
						29.72		



DEPTH @ DOWNSTREAM FACE = 12.0 EL 47.0

STAGE DISCHARGE = 3360 @ ELEV = 47.0 OR A D = 7.0  
 NEXT DOWNSTREAM SECTION 1000 FT.

BY FCB DATE 11/27/79 SUBJECT DAM INSPECTION  
 CHKD. BY ERJ DATE 1-15-80 STUDIES  
NASH POND DAM

SHEET NO. 2 OF 3  
 JOB NO. 77-905/06

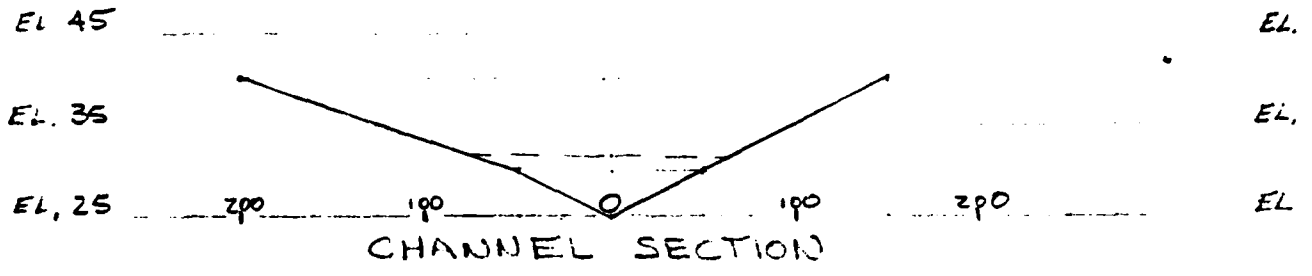
DOWNSTREAM W.S. EL. COMPUTATIONS

NAME OF DAM: WASH POND DAM

SECTION LOCATION: 1000 DOWNSTREAM OF DAM

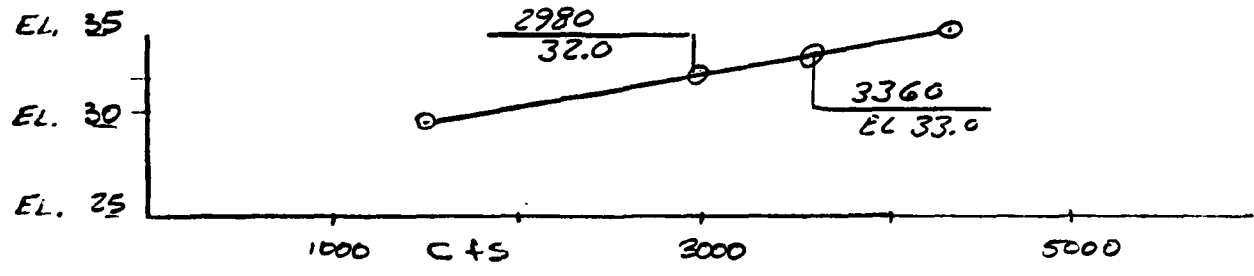
USING:  $Q = 1.486/n A R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$

WHERE:  $n = 0.05$   $S = \text{SLOPE} = 0.012/1$



$Q_{P1} = 3360$  cfs STORAGE (S) 116

ELEV.	AREA	WP	R	$R^{2/3}$	$S^{1/2}$	$1.486/n$	Q	DEPTH
30	250	100	2.5	1.84	.11	29.72	1504	5
35	656	225	2.92	2.04	.11	29.72	4378	
						29.72		



$V_1 = 120 \times \left( \frac{50 + 140}{2} \times 1000 \div 43560 \right)^{1/2} = 13.1 \text{ AC-FIT}$

$Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} (1 - V_1/S) = 2980$  cfs

$V_2 = \frac{2098.0}{2} \times 2.18 \times 1/2 = 8.2$   $V_{AVE} = 10.6 \text{ AC-FIT}$

$Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} (1 - V_{AVE}/S) = 3050$  cfs

STAGE DISCHARGE = 3050 ELEV = 32 CCA D = 7.0

NEXT DOWNSTREAM SECTION 1000 FT.



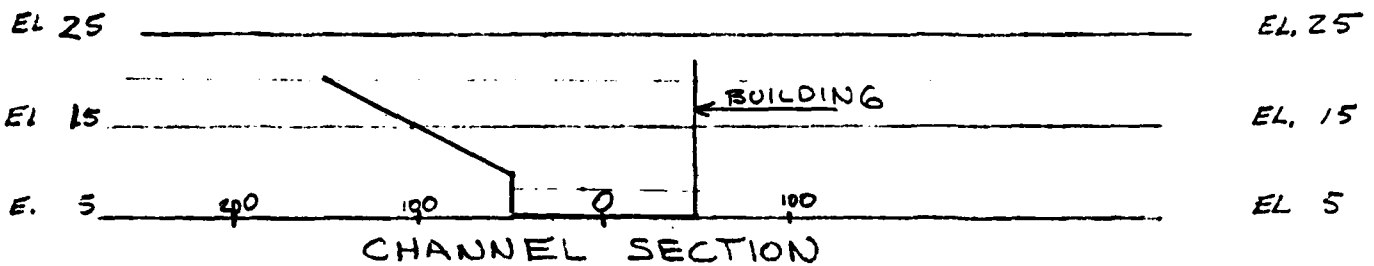
DOWNSTREAM W.S. EL. COMPUTATIONS

NAME OF DAM: NASH POND DAM

SECTION LOCATION: 2000' DOWNSTREAM OF DAM

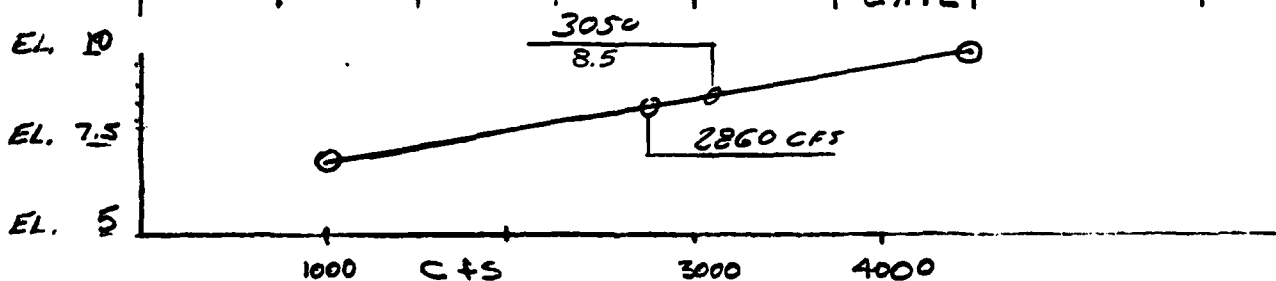
USING:  $Q = 1.486/n A R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$

WHERE:  $n = 0.05$   $S = \text{SLOPE} = 0.012 \frac{1}{1}$



$Q_1 = 3050$  cfs STORAGE (S) 116 Ac-ft

ELEV	AREA	WP	R	$R^{2/3}$	$S^{1/2}$	$1.486/n$	Q	DEPTH
5	500	110	4.55	2.74	.11	29.72	4486	5
2	200	104	1.92	1.55	.11	29.72	1011	2
						29.72		



$V_1 = \frac{7.0 + 3.5}{2} \left( \frac{100 + 100}{2} \times 1000 \div 43,560 \right)^{1/2} = 7.2$  Ac-ft

$Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} (1 - V_1/S) = 2860$  cfs

$V_2 = \dots = \text{N/A}$  Ac-ft  $V_{AVE} = 7.2$  Ac-ft

$Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} (1 - V_{AVE}/S) = 2860$  cfs

STAGE DISCHARGE = 2860 cfs ELEV = 8.5 OR A D = 3.5 ft

NEXT DOWNSTREAM SECTION N/A ft.  
 EFFECTS @ STAUGATUCK RIVER - MINOR SAY 0-1'

NASH POND DAM

A. Size Classification

Height of dam = 25 ft.; hence small

Storage capacity at top of dam (elev. 60.2 ) = 114 AC-FT.; hence small

Adopted size classification small

B.i) Hazard Potential

This dam is located upstream of an urbanized area. Two commercial buildings and an apartment building are located along the channel immediately downstream from the dam.

ii) Impact of Failure of Dam at Maximum Pool (Top of Dam)

It is estimated from the rule of "thumb" failure hydrograph, that the following adverse impacts are a possibility by the failure of this dam.

- a) Loss of homes Possibly 2-3 ;
- b) Loss of buildings 1-2 ;
- c) Loss of highways or roads NO ;
- d) Loss of bridges NO ;

The failure profile can affect a distance of 3000 feet from the dam.

C. Hazard Potential Classifications

<u>HAZARD</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>TEST FLOOD RANGE</u>
<u>High</u>	<u>Small</u>	<u>1/2 PMF to PMF</u>
Adopted Test Flood =	<u>1/2 PMF</u>	= <u>N/A</u> CSM
		= <u>2650</u> CFS

D. Overtopping Potential

Drainage Area 1951 acres = 3.05 sq. miles

Spillway crest elevation = 57.0 NGVD

Top of Dam Elevation = 60.2 NGVD

Maximum spillway discharge

Capacity without overtopping of dam =	<u>250</u>	CFS
"test flood" inflow discharge =	<u>2650</u>	CFS
"test flood" outflow discharge =	<u>2570</u>	CFS



RATING CURVE DEVELOPMENT

Nash Pond Dam

Spillway

$$Q = C L H^{3/2}$$

$$C = 2.70$$

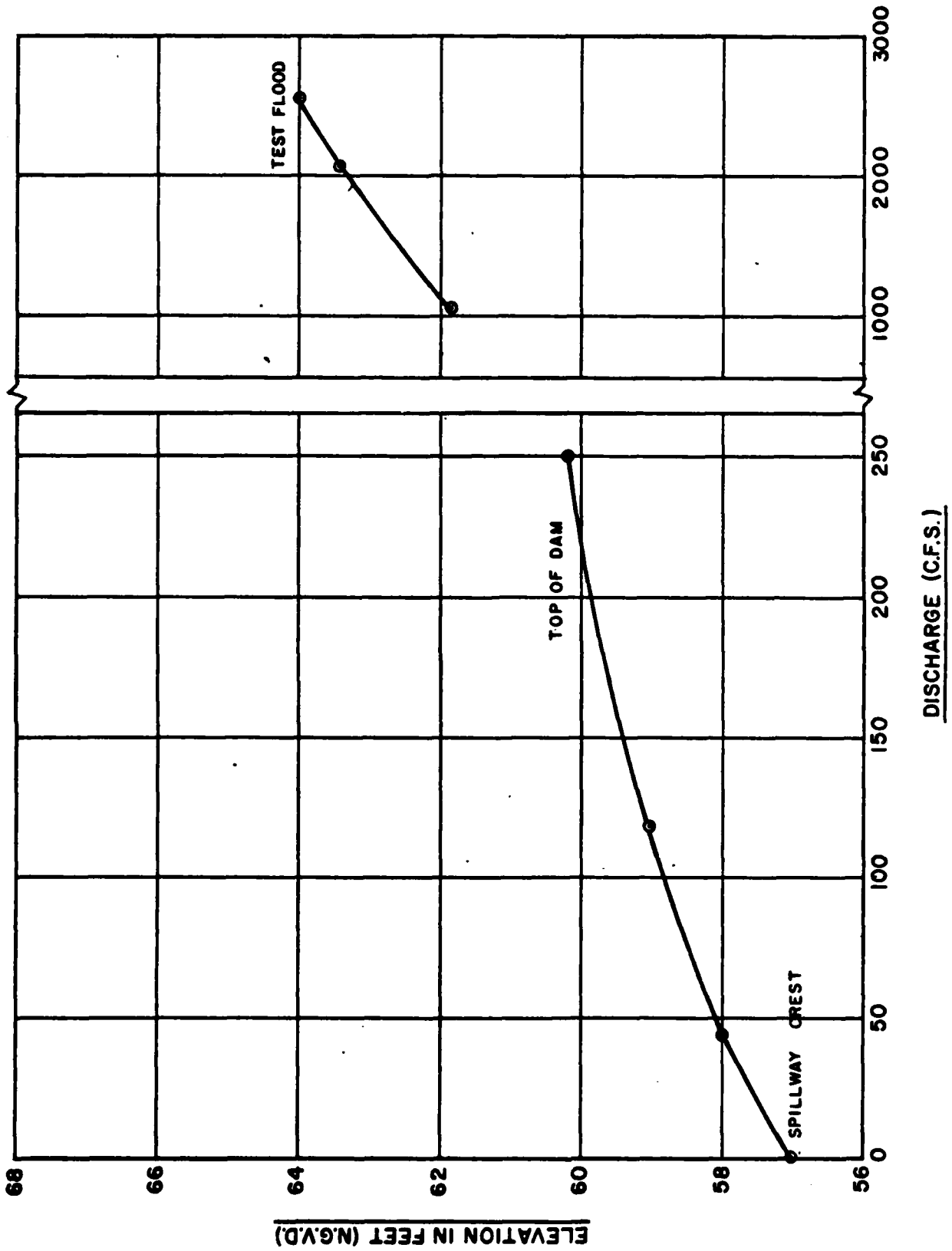
$$L = 16 \text{ feet}$$

30 Inch Pipe

$$Q = c a (2gh)^{1/2}$$

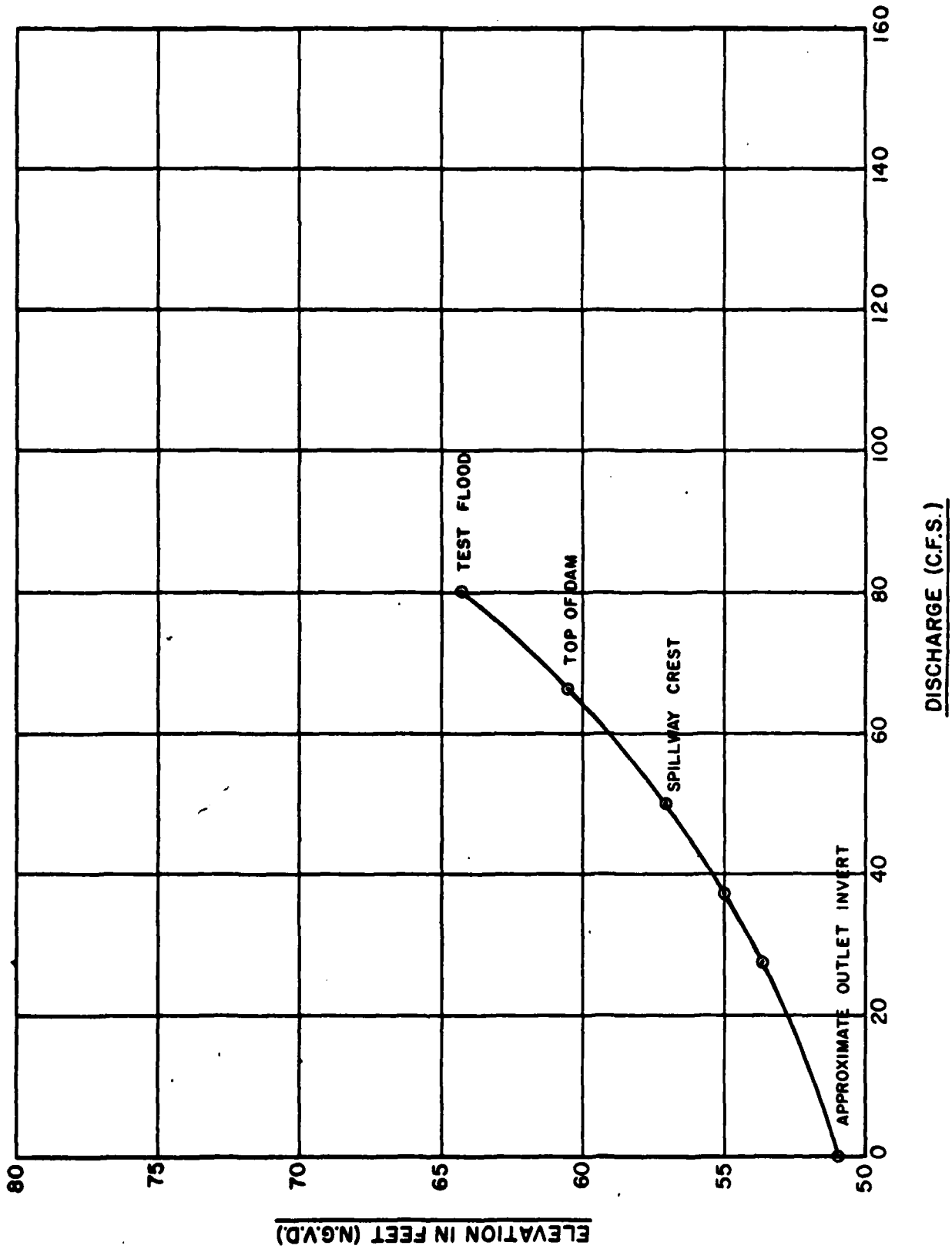
$$c = .6$$

$$a = 4.9 \text{ square feet}$$



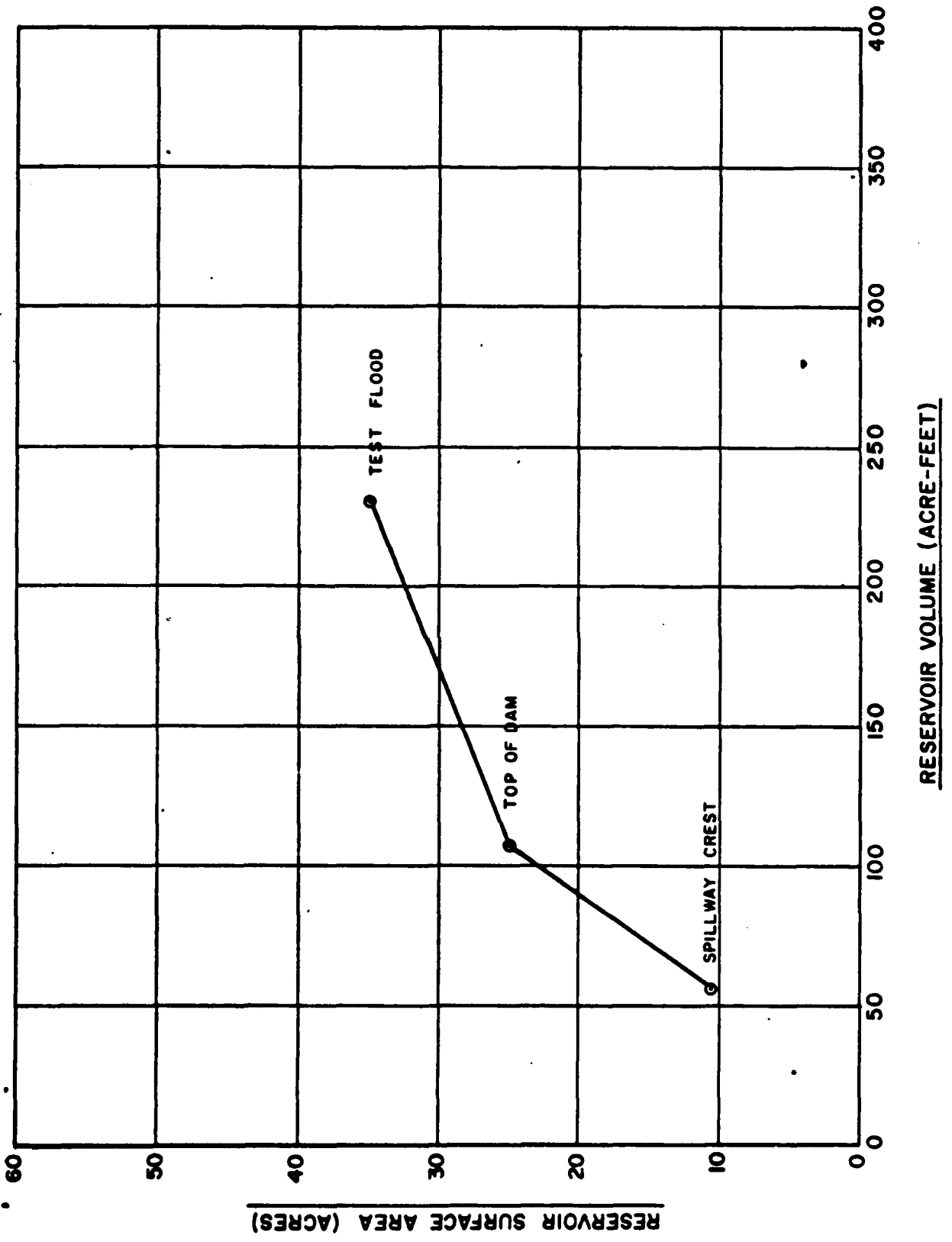
D-25

NASH POND DAM  
SPILLWAY RATING CURVE



NASH POND DAM  
 30 INCH PIPE  
 OUTLET WORKS RATING CURVE

D-26



NASH POND DAM  
RESERVOIR AREA-CAPACITY CURVE

D-27

**APPENDIX E**  
**INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE**  
**NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS**

NOT AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

END

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