RESEARCH NOTE 83-44

İ

PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT OF THE COMMANDER'S UNIT ANALYSIS PROFILE: A LEADERSHIP TOOL FOR THE SMALL MILITARY UNIT

Eugene H. Drucker, Albert L. Kubala, and Paul T. Marston Human Resources Research Organization

Charles O. Nystrom, Contracting Officer's Representative

Submitted by George M. Gividen, Chief ARI FIELD UNIT AT FORT HOOD, TEXAS

and

Jerrold M. Levine, Director SYSTEMS RESEARCH LABORATORY

OTIC FILE COPY





± ∪ 4

U. S. Army

Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences

November 1983

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited. 01 15

This report, as submitted by the contractor, has been cleared for release to Defense Technical Information Center (DTIC) to comply with regulatory requirements. It has been given no primary distribution other than to DTIC and will be available only through DTIC or other reference services such as the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). The views, opinions, and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy, or decision, unless so designated by other official documentation.

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
REPORT NUMBER 2. GOVT ACCESSION	N NO. 3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
Research Note 83-44 AD-A1368	10
TITLE (and Subcicio)	S. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
RELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT OF THE COMMANDER'S UNIT	
NALYSIS PROFILE: A LEADERSHIP TOOL FOR THE	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
MALL MILITARY UNIT	FR-MTRD(TX)-80-7
	MDA903-79-C-0191
ugene H. Drucker, Albert L. Kubala, and aul T. Marston	MUN203-73-0-0-3.
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
uman Resources Research Organization	
00 North Washington Street	2Q263739A793
lexandria, Virginia 22314	
CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS	12. REPORT DATE
.S. Army Research Institute for the Behavioral	November 1983
and Social Sciences, 5001 Eisenhower Avenue	13. NUMBER OF PAGES 96
1exandria, Virginia 22333 MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(If different from Controlling Off	fice) 15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
RI Field Unit-Fort Hood	
Q TCATA, PERI-SH	UNCLASSIFIED
ort Hood, Texas 76544	152. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
	JUNEUVEE
approved for public release; distribution unlin	Accession For
DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different	rent from Report)
Approved for public release; distribution unlin	rent from Report) Accession For UTIS CRAAT DETC T.R Unannounced Jactification By
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if differ	Accession For UTIS CPARI DETC T R Unannounced Jactification By Distributicn/
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	Accession For UTIS CRial DEIC T.8 Unennounced Jectification By Distribution/ Availability
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if differ	and John R. Mietu
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the observent entered in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes	and John R. Mietu
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse aide if necessary and identify by block m	and John R. Mietu (Availability and John R. Mietu
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse aide if necessary and identify by block m Orale Job Satisfaction	and John R. Mietu (Availability and John R. Mietu
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse alde if necessary and identify by block m Orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation	and John R. Mietu (Availability and John R. Mietu
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side 11 necessary and identify by block m orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation Questionnaires	and John R. Mietu (Availability and John R. Mietu
DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde 11 necessary and identify by block months) prale Distribution al Effectiveness Eadership	Ancession For UTIS CPARI DEIC T.R Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Metu Metu Metu Metu Metal Accession For Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability Metal Me
pproved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde 11 necessary and identify by block monthly by block mon	Ancession For UTIS CPARI DEIC T.R Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Metu Metu Metu Metu Metal Accession For Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability Metal Me
DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse eide if necessary and identify by block m brale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation Districtional Effectiveness Questionnaires Eadership	Accession For UTIS CRial DEIC T.8 Unennounced Jtification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Iavailability Mennounced Jtification By Distribution/ Availability Mennounced Menn
DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse eide 11 necessary and identify by block m orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation perational Effectiveness Questionnaires eadership ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse otde N measures and identify by block m he overall effectiveness of the small Army uni- ituational and personnel factors at least part	Accession For UTIS CRist DETC T.8 Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Iavailability Iavailability Member) t can be affected by a host of tially under the control of the
DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side 11 necessary and identify by block monoperational Effectiveness District (Continue on reverse side 11 necessary and identify by block monoperational Effectiveness eadership AGETRACT (Continue on reverse side N necessary and identify by block monoperational Effectiveness of the small Army unit ituational and personnel factors at least part primander. However, he may have difficulty in the state of the small Army unit primander. However, he may have difficulty in the state of the stat	Accession For UTIS CRAI DETC T.8 Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Ist Special Marine Dist Special Marine Marine Dist Special Marine Dist Special Dist Specia
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the observed in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse aids if necessary and identify by block m orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation perational Effectiveness Questionnaires eadership ADETRACT (Continue on reverse aids M necessary and identify by block m he overall effectiveness of the small Army uni ituational and personnel factors at least part ommander. However, he may have difficulty in on nfluencing the performance of his unit, so he in	Accession For UTIS CRAI DETC T.8 Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Iavailability Iavailabil
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the observed in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse aids if necessary and identify by block m orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation perational Effectiveness Questionnaires eadership ADETRACT (Continue on reverse aids M necessary and identify by block m he overall effectiveness of the small Army uni ituational and personnel factors at least part onmander. However, he may have difficulty in on nfluencing the performance of his unit, so he make and what actions to avoid. A simple diagnal	Accession For UTIS CRAI DETC T.8 Unennounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Marinounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability Intervention Interve
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse aids if necessary and identify by block m orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation perational Effectiveness Questionnaires eadership AMETRACT (Continue on reverse of the small Army uni ituational and personnel factors at least part ommander. However, he may have difficulty in on nfluencing the performance of his unit, so he make and what actions to avoid. A simple diagno id the commander in assessing the strengths and	Accession For UTIS CRAFT DEIC T.B Unannounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Marilability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ I
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the observed in Block 20, 11 differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse aids if necessary and identify by block m orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation perational Effectiveness Questionnaires eadership ADETRACT (Continue on reverse aids M necessary and identify by block m he overall effectiveness of the small Army uni ituational and personnel factors at least part onmander. However, he may have difficulty in on nfluencing the performance of his unit, so he make and what actions to avoid. A simple diagnal	Accession For UTIS CRAFT DEIC T.B Unannounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Marilability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ I
Approved for public release; distribution unlin DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if differ SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Technical review performed by Paul J. Barnes KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde II necessary and identify by block m orale Job Satisfaction Unit Evaluation perational Effectiveness Questionnaires eadership ADSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde N messes and identify by block m he overall effectiveness of the small Army uni ituational and personnel factors at least part ommander. However, he may have difficulty in a nfluencing the performance of his unit, so he is ake and what actions to avoid. A simple diagni id the commander in assessing the strengths and ocial and situational environment. As a first	Accession For UTIS CRAFT DEIC T.B Unannounced Jactification By Distribution/ Availability and John R. Mietu Marilability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ Availability Instribution/ I

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

was designed to assess soldier opinions on a variety of situational and personnel factors. This initial version of the questionnaire was administered to 674 soldiers at Fort Hood. This report describes the results of a series of analytical studies of the data obtained. Twenty-two factors were interpreted and named. Further analyses indicated that 22 factors could be assessed by 49 items with little loss of information. Recommendations for further development of the questionnaire were made.

Unclassified

11

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Date Entered)

PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT OF THE <u>COMMANDER'S UNIT ANALYSIS PROFILE</u>: A LEADERSHIP TOOL FOR THE SMALL MILITARY UNIT

FOREWORD

The Fort Hood Field Unit of the US Army Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences (ARI) conducts research in a variety of areas related to the needs of the Army in the field. This report addresses one such area, the measurement of unit effectiveness. It deals specifically with a questionnaire designed to assess soldier opinions on a host of situational and personnel factors.

This report presents the results of one of the analyses of responses to the questionnaire. A factor analysis was employed and a total of 22 interpretable factors were obtained. Further analyses showed that these 22 factors could be assessed employing approximately half the original items.

ARI research in this area was conducted both as an in-house effort, and as a joint effort with personnel of the Human Resources Research Organization (HumRRO), under Contract No. MDA903-79-C-0191. This research is responsive to the objectives of RDTE Project 2Q263739A, "Human Performance in Field Assessment," FY 1980 Work Program.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE <u>COMMANDER'S</u> <u>UNIT</u> <u>ANALYSIS</u> <u>PROFILE</u>: A LEADERSHIP TOOL FOR THE SMALL MILITARY UNIT

BRIEF

Requirement:

The overall effectiveness of the small Army unit (company/battery/troop) can be affected by a host of situational and personnel factors. Commanders have some degree of control over many of these factors, but they may not know which factors are influencing the performance of their units--either positively or negatively--at any given time. As a result, they may not know what kinds of corrective actions to take and what kinds of changes to avoid.

At present, voluntary feedback from unit troops is the usual mechanism by which the small-unit commander obtains information about how his troops feel about many relevant factors. However, while voluntary feedback is undoubtedly useful, it is typically negatively biased and usually represents the opinions of only a vocal minority. Thus, commanders need a means of obtaining representative information that will permit them to compare their units to other similar units on situational and personnel factors. A brief, and anonymous, questionnaire appears to be the best means for providing commanders this information. This report describes the initial research directed toward the development of the <u>Commander's Unit Analysis Profile</u>, an instrument designed to meet the need described.

Procedure:

A 99-item questionnaire designed to assess soldier opinions on a host of situational and personnel factors was constructed and administered to 674 soldiers in 21 companies at Fort Hood, Texas. The data were factor analyzed in an effort to determine what factors were actually being assessed by the items, and to determine which items were the best measures of each factor.

Findings:

The original analysis yielded 23 factors. Twenty-two factors were interpreted and named, although the interpretations of several minor factors were made with certain reservations. The sample was divided in half, and half was analyzed in the same manner. Twenty of the original 22 factors emerged, partially confirming the existence of the major factors in the entire sample.

The next step was to select items which appeared to be the best measures of each of the 22 factors. A total of 49 items were selected. These items were again factor analyzed, and 21 of the original 22 factors emerged. This demonstrated that the length of the questionnaire can be considerably reduced with a minimal loss of information.

v

These analyses made it possible to suggest directions for the development of a revised questionnaire.

Utilization of Findings:

Several additional steps must be taken before a "final" questionnaire can be fielded. Work is currently underway examining the relationship of each item to external criteria of unit effectiveness such as reenlistment rates and battalion and brigade commanders' ratings. A revision of the questionnaire is also being prepared, based in part on the results of this factor analytic study. The process of data collection, analysis, and revision will be repeated until an instrument with the desired characteristics is produced. The <u>Commander's Unit Analysis Profile</u> will provide the commanders of company-size units with an easily obtainable and interpretable profile to compare their own units to similar units on a variety of situational and personnel factors that influence unit effectiveness.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE COMMANDER'S UNIT ANALYSIS PROFILE: A LEADERSHIP TOOL FOR THE SMALL MILITARY UNIT

CONTENTS

Cł	HAPTER	PAGE
I	INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW	ł
	Background and Military Problem Problems in Assessing Troop Attitudes Objectives Approach	 2 3 4
2	METHODS, PROCEDURES AND RESULTS	5
	Questionnaire Respondents Questionnaire Administration Factor Analysis Procedures Factor Matching and Interpretation Partial Verification of the Factor Structure	5 5 6 6 22
3	DISCUSSION AND IMPLICATIONS FOR THE FUTURE	25
RE	EFERENCES	27
AF	PPENDIXES	
	Appendix A: Soldier Opinion Questionnaire Appendix B: The Intercorrelation Matrix of the 99 Items in the Soldier Opinion Questionnaire	29 55
	Appendix C: The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire (Varimax Rotation)	69
	Appendix D:The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire (Quartimax Rotation)Appendix E:The Sorted Rotated Factors Loadings of the 49 Selected Items	77
	from the "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" (Varimax Rotation) Appendix F: The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier	85
TA	Opinion Questionnaire" (Varimax Rotation) ABLES	91
	Table 2-1aFactor I: Quality of Officer LeadershipTable 2-1bFactor II: Reenlistment PotentialTable 2-1cFactor III: Immediate Supervisory LeadershipTable 2-1dFactor IV: Quality of TroopsTable 2-1eFactor V: Job SatisfactionTable 2-1fFactor VI: Quality of Training	8 9 10 11 12 12

- E .

G.

Ĵ.

Section 1.

TABLES (cont'd)		

P	Δ	C	F
Γ.	~	u	L

iable Z-Ig	Factor VII: Food Service	13
Table 2-1h	Factor VIII: Quality of NCO Leadership	14
Table 2-li	Factor IX: Quality of Off-Duty Activities	14
Table 2-1j	Factor X: Job Facilitation	15
Table 2-1k	Factor XI: Standards of Military Courtesy and Discipline	16
Table 2-!!	Factor XII: Quality of Combat Training	16
	Factor XIII: Job Importance	17
Table 2-In	Factor XIV: Company Race Relations	17
Table 2-lo	Factor XV: Desired Superior-to-Subordinate Communications	18
Table 2-lp	Factor XVI: Work Effort	18
Table 2-1g	Factor XVII: Level of Platoon Superior-to-Subordinate	
•	Communications	19
Table 2-ir	Factor XVIII: Remuneration	19
Table 2-1s	Factor XIX: Original Career Intention	20
Table 2-1t	Factor XX: Drug usage	20
	Factor XXI: Promotion Policy	21
Table 2-lv	Factor XXII: Work Hours	21
Table 2-2	Comparison of Defining Variables for Each Factor in the Full	
	Sample and the Half Sample	23

Chapter I

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

Background and Military Problem

Army doctrine specifies that the primary goal of military leadership is the accomplishment of the mission. Military leaders are given the responsibility for making decisions that will result in the successful attainment of this goal. In order to make the most appropriate decisions, the leaders must identify factors that can affect the outcome of the mission and take them into account in the decision-making process.

Two primary resources commanders have at their disposal to carry out the unit missions are their troops and their equipment. The performance of both of these resources depends on a complex of historical, situational, and personnel factors which commanders must be familiar with in order to optimize the overall effectiveness of their units.

Many factors are thought to affect unit performance by influencing unit morale, the importance of which military commanders have almost always recognized. They know that excellent training and quality equipment may not result in top performance if morale is low, though these factors certainly have some impact on morale. They also recognize that morale is one of the most difficult aspects of readiness to define or assess because the job tends to isolate commanding officers from their troops. Subordinates, wanting to appear as competent as possible, tend to screen out unfavorable information before it reaches the commander. Commanders may query their troops directly, only to find that they are reluctant to "open up" to a person in authority. Yet, to be able to avoid unnecessary changes and take well-directed corrective actions, it is imperative that commanders know the situational and personnel factors that are affecting their units, either positively or negatively.

FORSCOM has responded to this need on the part of the small-unit commander by requesting the development of an easy-to-use unit survey procedure to provide commanders timely and accurate information about their troops' attitudes on a wide variety of mission-related factors. This report discusses the first phase of this research. It describes the development of a draft questionnaire, the <u>Commander's Unit Analysis</u> <u>Profile</u>, and recommends selected questionnaire items for further study. Future reports will describe item refinement, final questionnaire design, procedures for administration, and methods for reporting the results to the individual commander.

Headquarters, US Department of the Army. <u>Military leadership</u> (Field Manual 22-100). Washington, DC: US Government.

Problems in Assessing Troop Attitudes

That a wide variety of situational and personnel factors can have an impact on unit performance is well known to commanders. However, valid information on these factors is not easily obtainable by means readily available to commanders. Typical command indicators, such as AWOL and reenlistment rates, are indications of morale, but they do not tell the commander what the specific problems, if any, are. This type of information is more readily obtained through self-report measures in which the soldiers in a unit can express their reactions about the Army as a whole or about their unit in particular.

One type of self-report that is available to military commanders is voluntary feedback, but various defects in voluntary self-reporting make it a rather poor source of data. Soldiers who are particularly pleased about certain situations <u>may</u> report their reactions to the commander directly or indirectly. It is more likely, however, that they will report situations or events that <u>displease</u> them. Many reactions may never get reported because of a normal hesitancy by troops to communicate their reactions to their superiors. Another defect in voluntary self-reporting is that troops may have difficulty explaining what is wrong, or they may describe one problem when, in actuality, several things may be troubling them. Finally, the reactions that do get communicated may represent not the majority of the troops, but a vocal minority.

Another way for commanders to obtain self-reports is to interview their troops. This approach avoids the problem of self-selection found with voluntary feedback, however, it still has all the other problems associated with voluntary feedback. Interviews have the additional major problem of taking up far too much of the unit commander's time.

A third type of self-report available to military commanders is the formal questionnaire. Questionnaires concerned with a variety of issues have been used extensively by all of the military services in attempts to assess personal perceptions. This type of self-report has definite advantages which make it more desirable in many ways than voluntary feedback or interviews. Questionnaires can be administered to large samples of soldiers, which ensures that the collected information is representative of the entire unit rather than just those who are willing to express themselves spontaneously. Questionnaires can be administered in such a way that the reactions of any particular person can remain anonymous. Anonymity not only guarantees the soldier's privacy, it assures that there is less pressure to respond favorably. Also, questionnaires can be group administered so that a minimal amount of time is consumed.

On the other hand, certain problems have occurred in the past as a result of questionnaire usage. A major problem was the frequent excessive delay between the administration of the questionnaire and the availability of the results to the unit commander. In fact, many small-unit commanders did not receive feedback at all. This was because the questionnaire was usually designed to serve primarily a research purpose or to service someone (or some faction) other than the small-unit commander. Personnel turbulence and other changes within the small military unit make delayed feedback of limited value.

Another problem was that feedback was often summarized in statistical terms which could be understood only by persons with specialized training. Furthermore, commanders were sometimes given data that summarized the responses of many units, with no specific

information available about their own units. Sometimes when feedback did concern their own units, no norms based upon other units were provided. In such cases, commanders cannot ascertain whether the reactions obtained from the soldiers in their units deviate from those given in other units. Finally, some questionnaires have been so lengthy that the required administration time seriously interfered with training and the other duties that had to be performed within the unit.

Objectives

It was realized that the questionnaire to be developed had to avoid the kinds of problems discussed in the previous section. Therefore, it was planned that it should meet the following criteria:

1. It should be easy to administer and interpret so that no specially trained personnel will be required.

2. It should have a short administration time so that interferen with training schedules will be minimal.

3. The questions should be phrased simply enough so that they component of the phrased simple
4. The scoring should be rapid so that the results can be given to a unit commander within 10 working days.

5. The results should enable the unit commander to compare his unit with norms based upon other similar units.

6. The administration and processing should be confidential so that the respondents cannot be identified, and so that unit commanders will know that their Efficiency Reports will be not affected.

7. It should serve as a tool for company commanders, enabling them to identify factors that are contributing to and detracting from the effectiveness of their units.

What is perceived as the eventual product is a relatively short questionnaire, the data from which can be used by commanders to compare their units with other similar units on a profile of situational and personnel factors that influence unit effectiveness. Hence, the title Commander's Unit Analysis Profile was proposed.

There were two major objectives for the initial phase of the research:

1. To construct a pool of items for a preliminary questionnaire that would measure a large number of situational and personnel factors considered relevant to unit operational effectiveness.

2. To determine from an initial administration of the questionnaire (a) what items were misunderstood by the troops, (b) what items were capable of statistically differentiating among companies, (c) what factors were being assessed by the items, and (d) which items were the best measures of each of the factors. This report deals only with

to a start

objectives 2(c) and 2(d). Other analyses are being conducted to examine the other objectives and will be reported separately.

Approach

Initial item pool. The first step was to obtain a pool of items to assess situational and personnel factors considered related to unit effectiveness. Many of the items were paraphrased items from various other questionnaires, including the Quality-of-Life questionnaire used for several years at Fort Hood.² Other items were written specifically for the present questionnaire. Altogether, 99 items were obtained. They were written in a multiple-choice format to minimize the time required for administration and scoring. In addition, they were phrased in simple language so that they were apt to be understood by soldiers with minimal reading skills. In some cases, idiomatic phrasing was used to improve understanding. Each item consisted of a question followed by five response choices presented, where applicable, in order of decreasing favorableness.

Selection of items for a revised questionnaire. Analyses of the data obtained with the preliminary questionnaire items will be used to develop a revised questionnaire. The particular analyses described in this report represent an attempt to select items for further study by determining the factor structure of the original item pool through a series of factor analyses.³ This type of analysis can be very useful in reducing the number of items required to cover the domain assessed by the total set of items. By selecting only items which are relatively "pure" measures of each factor, it is possible to approximate factor scores for each individual from a considerably reduced pool of items. Finally, knowledge of the factorial structure of the questionnaire can be useful in developing an efficient feedback system for commanders. A commander can be given his unit's score on each factor rather than each item, thereby reducing the number of scores required to summarize the results.

A revised questionnaire will be based on the results of all analyses. New items may be added, but it is expected that a large number will be deleted. The revised questionnaire will also be analyzed, and modified in keeping with the objectives outlined in the previous section.

²J. Jones & E. R. Smootz. <u>Survey of soldier quality of life at Fort Hood</u> (in press). Alexandria, Virginia: US Army Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences.

³For the reader who is not familiar with factor analysis, the following simplified explanation is offered. Essentially, factor analysis is a statistical technique for grouping a large number of variables (in this case, questionnaire items) into a smaller number of clusters. The variables in each cluster all measure something in common, referred to as a "common factor." Each cluster defines a different common factor. Each factor is named according to the perceived common content of the variables within the cluster. For example, the items in one of the largest clusters in one of the present analyses all appear to be related to the perceived quality of officer leadership (see Table 2-1a). The factor was therefore named "Quality of Officer Leadership." In other words, factor analysis is a tool that aids the analyst in obtaining a clearer picture of the smaller number of common contents, or common factors, being assessed by a large number of variables.

Chapter 2

METHODS, PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

Questionnaire

In addition to the 99 items designed to assess situational and personnel factors, the questionnaire booklet consisted of a cover page, a message to the soldier, and 17 items designed to obtain background information on each soldier. The questionnaire when administered was titled "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire." A complete copy of the booklet is shown as Appendix A.

Respondents

The respondents were 674 enlisted men in grades E5 and below. They were assigned to 21 tank companies at Fort Hood, Texas. At the time of the questionnaire administration, they had been in the Army for a mean of 29.1 months, and had been assigned to the present company for a mean of 13.1 months. Eighty-two percent reported that they were working in their primary MOS (Military Occupational Specialty). Their mean age was 22.1 years.

Questionnaire Administration

The questionnaires were administered in June and July 1979 by Army officers representing the US Army Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences (ARI). Each administration took place in a unit classroom. The instruments were generally administered to an entire battalion, although in some cases they were administered to just one or two companies within a battalion.

The officers who administered the survey instrument informed the respondents that the questionnaire was being given to enable soldiers to express their opinions about their company and about Army life. Although the respondents were instructed not to identify themselves, they were told that composite data from the company would be sent to their company commander. Finally, they were assured that no individual's responses would be given to any superiors.

Respondents were given as much time as they needed to answer the questions. Most finished in less than 30 minutes, and almost none required more than 45 minutes. When a soldier finished answering the questions, he was asked to sit quietly until everyone else had finished. When everyone was done, the soldiers were given the opportunity to ask questions about the survey instrument and the purposes for which it would be used.

Factor Analysis Procedures

Rotation to "simple structure" was accomplished by employing both the quartimax and varimax rotational schemes. These rotational schemes produce slightly different solutions because the quartimax method essentially maximizes the variance of the loadings for each variable while the varimax method essentially maximizes the variance of the loadings for each factor.³ Nevertheless, it was assumed that the "true" factors would be produced by both methods. It was further assumed that the true measures of each factor would have high loadings on that factor and low loadings on all other factors in both solutions. Hence, both rotational schemes were employed in an effort to find these true measures for each factor. A copy of the intercorrelation matrix is shown in Appendix B. The sorted rotated factor loadings from the varimax rotation are shown in Appendix C, and the results of the quartimax rotation are presented in Appendix D. In both Appendixes C and D loadings less than or equal to ± 0.25 are not shown to simplify the presentations.

Factor Matching and Interpretation

An attempt to match the factors from the two rotations was made by examining the high loadings for each factor. The results of this attempt and the interpretation of the factors are presented in Tables 2-1a through 2-1v. A "high" loading for interpretation purposes was defined as one which accounts for 20 percent or more of the variance of the item, which means a factor loading of \geq .447.

In the tables below, the defining items for both the varimax and quartimax solutions are presented. In the varimax rotation no more than seven items had loadings which met the criterion for high loadings on any factor. This was not true of Factor I in the quartimax rotation. However, to keep the table simple, only the highest seven loadings for the quartimax rotation are shown as adding the remaining variables would not affect the interpretation.

W. J. Dixon & M. B. Brown. <u>BMDP-79</u>: Biomedical computer programs (P-series). Berkeley: University of California Press, 1979.

²H. F. Kaiser. A second generation "Little Jiffy." <u>Psychometrika</u>, 1970, <u>35</u>, 401-415.

³H. A. Harman. <u>Modern factor analysis</u> (3rd ed., rev.). The University of Chicago Press, 1976.

These tables also present rotated factor loadings for a 49-item factor analysis. These items were selected following the factor matching and interpretation based on the two rotated solutions of the 99-item analysis. These items are the ones selected by the authors as being the best measures of each factor. The general guideline followed was to select items which had high loadings on only a single factor in both the varimax and quartimax rotations. Items with the highest loadings on Factor IV than items 30, 34, and 43 in both analyses. However, item 33 had a loading cf .471 on Factor 1 in the quartimax rotation, while the other items defining the factor had no loadings exceeding ±.25 on other factor. Since the selections were made subjectively, the reader may wish to consult Appendixes C and D to evaluate the authors' selections.

The sorted rotated factor loadings for the 49-item analysis are shown in Appendix E. It can be seen that all but one of the original 22 interpreted factors did emerge exactly as expected. The original Factor XVIII split into two factors (Factors XIX and XXIII, see Appendix E).

Essentially, this latter exercise demonstrated factorial invariance. Selected items representing 22 factors were analyzed, and except for a split in a minor factor, the same 22 factors emerged. However, the point was to demonstrate that the original factors could be assessed by a smaller number of better measures of each of the factors. Examination of the rotated loadings in Appendix E will show that very few items had loadings exceeding ± 25 on any except that factor they helped define. These items are the ones recommended for further study.

In general, the solution for the 49-item analysis more nearly approaches the concept of simple structure than either of the original solutions involving all 99 items. That is, the loadings of each item on the factor it helps define tend to be higher in the 49 variable solution, while loadings on other factors tend to be lower.

The numbering of the factors in Tables 2-1a through 2-1v represents the order in which they emerged from the varimax rotation of the 99-item analysis. This is not necessarily the same order in which they emerged in either the quartimax rotation of the 99-item analysis of the varimax rotation of the 49-item analysis. To facilitate comparisons, each table presents the item stem along with the rotated loadings and rank order of the loadings for each solution. In many instances, the rank ordering is virtually meaningless as the loadings may differ only in the third digit.

TABLE 2-1a

Factor I: Quality of Officer Leadership

ltem		99-Item Analysis				49-Item	Analysis ³
		Varir Rotat		Quart Rotat		Varin Rotat	
76.	How well do the commissioned officers in your company do their jobs?	.681	ł	.755	3	.778	I
80.	As leaders, how are your company's commissioned officers?	.679	2	.736	4	.774	2
51.	Do the commissioned officers in your company treat you with respect?	•665	3	.672	5	.740	4
74.	How much do the commissioned officers in your company care about the needs of their people?	.649	4	.758	2	.744	3
71.	If you go to your company commander with a personal problem, how well do you think he will treat you?	.592	5				
70.	How easy do you think it is to see your company commander to discuss personal problems?	.539	6				
84.	Overall, how well do you think your company is run?	.453	7	.788	I		
83.	How is the morale of <u>other</u> soldiers in your company?			.660	6		
85.	Overall, how do you think your company compares to other companies?			.651	7		

¹Item number on questionnaire. ²The factor loadings and rank orders for each rotation are tabulated. ³This solution is based on 49 items selected by the authors as being the best or "true" measures of the original factors.

The items defining Factor I in both solutions are largely associated with commissioned officer leadership. However, the factor appears to include two aspects of leadership. Items 76, 80, and 84 appear to pertain to command functions while items 74 and 51 appear to pertain to the person or interpersonal relationship functions of leadership. Since officer leadership seems to be the primary theme of the items defining the factor, the factor was named Quality of Officer Leadership.

TABLE 2-1b

Factor II: Reenlistment Potential

Item			99-lter	49-Item Analysis	
			Varimax Quartimax Rotation Rotation		c Varimax Rotation
97.	How do you feel at this time about reenlisting for another term?	.851	ł	. 800 I	•873 I
98.	How do you feel at this time about making the Army a career?	.826	2	.765 2.	5 .865 2
99.	If you could have an honorable discharge at this time, would you prefer to stay in or get out?	.744	3	.686 2.	5.7763
96.	Would you encourage civilian friends to enlist in the Army?	.6 87	4	.601 4	
93.	Overall, do you like Army life?	.679	5	.598 5	
95.	How much will your decision to reenlist or not depend on your being able to get a good job in civilian life?	.529	6		
92.	How do you feel about being in the Army?	.484	7		

Factor II is defined by items that pertain to a soldier's intentions to make the Army a career by reenlisting. It is interesting to note that these items pertain to <u>present</u> or <u>future</u> intentions rather than intentions upon entering military service. Thus, the items reflect reactions to military life rather than expectations. Since the items all deal with future intentions, the factor was named <u>Reenlistment</u> Potential.

TABLE 2-1c

ltem		99-Item Analysis				49-Item Analysis	
		Varim <u>Rota</u> ti		Quart <u>Rota</u>		Varin Rotat	
10.	Is your immediate supervisor willing to listen to your work problems?	.735	l	.654	I	.772	I
9.	How much does your immediate supervisor like to hear your ideas about how your job should be done?	.709	2	.612	2	.752	2
7.	How clear are your immediate supervisor's explanations of how to do your job?	.617	3	.506	4		
8.	How clear are the job objectives your immediate supervisor sets for you?	.608	4	.507	5		
12.	How friendly is your immediate supervisor?	.606	5	.527	3		
11.	How much does your immediate supervisor care about how well people do their jobs?	.543	6				
19.	How much freedom do you have to do your job the way you think it should be done?	.526	7				

Factor III: Immediate Supervisory Leadership

Factor III is defined by items that reflect the relationship between the respondent and hiw immediate supervisor. All but one of the items (item 12) produced by both rotations pertain directly to relationships on the job, with supervisor/subordinate communications being the underlying them of most of the items. This factor seemed best described by the title <u>Immediate Supervisory Leadership</u>.

10

TABLE 2-1d

Factor IV: Quality of Troops

ltem		99-Item Analysis				49-Item Analysis	
		Varim <u>Rotat</u>		Quarti <u>Rota</u> t		Varin Rota	
33.	How many of the soldiers in your company do you think are good soldiers?	.660	ł	.565	I		
28.	How well do the people in your company work together?	.628	2	<i>.</i> 527	4		
43.	How many of the soldiers in your company really want to do well in training?	.610	3	.516	5	.599	3
30.	On the average, how well do the people you work with do their jobs?	<i>.</i> 607	4	.536	3	.628	2
34.	What percentage of the soldiers in your company perform so poorly that the unit might be better off without them?	.605	5	.559	2	.772	I
29.	How much do the soldiers in your company make each other feel like doing a good job?	.593	6	.470	6		

The items defining Factor IV are all related to the respondent's perceptions of his peers relative to both job performance and motivation to perform. In other words, the items reflect the respondents judgment of the overall quality of the personnel in his unit. An appropriate name for this factor seemed to be Quality of Troops.

11

and the second

TABLE 2-le

Factor V: Job Satisfaction

Item		<u>99-Item</u>	49-Item Analysis	
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax Rotation	Varimax Rotation
26.	How well does your job make use of your abilities?	.744)	.701 1	.781 1
25.	How do you like your job?	.739 2	.697 2	.753 3
24.	How interesting is your job?	.714 3	.670 3	
27.	How useful do you think the skills you use in your job will be to you later on?	.670 4	.637 4	.754 2

Factor V appears to reflect the degree to which the respondent is satisfied with his job in the company. While two of these items pertain to personal reactions to the job itself (items 24 and 25), the other two pertain to the skill aspects of the job (items 26 and 27). Nevertheless, the most appropriate title for the factor seemed to be <u>Job</u> <u>Satisfaction</u>.

TABLE 2-If

Factor VI: Quality of Training

Item			<u>99-Item</u>	49-Item Analysis	
			Varimax Quartimax Rotation Rotation		Varimax Rotation
36.	Do you get enough MOS training in your company?	.724	1.5	.677 I	.870
35.	How much attention is given to MOS training in your company?	.724	1.5	.650 2	.833 2
44.	How is the physical training program in your company?	.483	3		
39.	How good is the combat training in your company?	.476	4		
37.	How hard is the combat training in your company?	.470	5		

.

Factor VI is defined by items that refer to company training. The two items with the highest loadings in both the varimax and quartimax solutions are concerned with the degree of concern connected with MOS training. The other items which met the criterion in the varimax solution are concerned with other aspects of training, with items 44 and 37 seemingly oriented toward the difficulty of training. Although items 44, 39, and 37 are not shown in Table 2-1f for the quartimax solution, they did load 0.343, 0.318 and 0.364, respectively, on the factor. This would suggest that the soldiers viewed both concern with and difficulty of training as relevant aspects of the company's training strategy. Because of the various aspects of training covered by the defining items, this factor was titled Quality of Training.

TABLE 2-1g

Factor VII: Food Service

<u>Item</u>		<u>99-Item</u>	<u>49-Item Analysis</u> Varimax <u>Rotation</u>	
	Varimax Rotation			
62.	Do you get enough to eat in your mess hall?	.763 I	.731 1	.741 3
65.	Do you get enough to eat when you are in the field?	.747 2	.727 2	. 853 I
64.	How good is the food you get in the field?	.717 3	.698 3	.774 2
61.	How good is the food in your mess hall?	.672 4	.638 4	
63.	How clean is your mess hall?	.599 5	.555 5	

The items defining Factor VII are related to different aspects of the Army mess service. Both quantity and quality (including sanitation) are reflected by the items with high loadings. This factor was titled <u>Food Service</u>.

TABLE 2-Ih

99-Item Analysis Item **49-Item Analysis** Varimax Quartimax Varimax Rotation Rotation Rotation 77. How well do the NCOs in your .693 company do their jobs? 1 .550 .787 1 1 81. As leaders, how are your .678 .501 2 .750 2 company's NCOs? 2 75. How much do the NCOs in your company care about the needs of their people? .627 3 52. Do the NCOs in your company treat you with respect? .474 -4

Factor VIII: Quality of NCO Leadership

The items defining Factor VIII are all concerned with the company's noncommissioned officers. The two items common to both rotations pertain to job aspects of the NCO leadership. The two additional items which loaded on the factor in the varimax rotation pertain to interpersonal aspects of leadership. This was also observed in Factor I, Quality of Officer Leadership. Apparently, the soldiers tended to see both of these aspects of leadership as part of general leadership ability. However, it should be noted that the items with the highest loadings, and which appear in both rotations, pertain to the traditional command functions rather than the interpersonal functions. This factor was titled Quality of NCO Leadership.

TABLE 2-11

Factor IX: Quality of Off-Duty Activities

ltem			99-Item /	49-Item Analysis			
		Varimax Rotation		Quartimax Rotation		Varin Rota	
59.	Are there enough social activities in your company?	.736	1	.674	ł	.821	2
60.	Are you satisified with the kind of social activities in your company?	.726	2	.647	2	.826	I
58.	How much are sports activities encouraged in your company?	.628	3	.554	3	.605	3

Factor IX is defined by items dealing with company-sponsored off-duty activities. Because of this consistent theme, the factor was titled <u>Quality of Off-Duty Activities</u>.

TABLE 2-1j

Factor X: Job Facilitation

Item			99-Item A	<u>49-Item Analysis</u>			
		Varin <u>Rota</u>		Quarti Rota		Varin <u>Rota</u>	
22.	How easy is it to get the right equipment to do your job?	.655	J	.599	I	.737	2
23.	In what condition is the equipment you usually work with?	.607	2	.551	2	.787	1
20.	Does "obeying the rules" ever make it harder to get your job done?	.592	3	.520	3		
78.	How many "mickey-mouse" rules does your company have?	.447	4				

The items loading on Factor X pertain to two different aspects of the military that can affect the ease with which work is accomplished. One aspect is the availability of necessary and adequately functioning equipment, the other is the rules that must be followed. Evidently, the soldiers saw both aspects as either facilitating or hindering job performance. This factor was titled <u>Job</u> Satisfaction to distinguish it from situational factors which might affect performance such as poor lighting, inadequate heating and cooling, etc.

TABLE 2-1k

Factor XI: Standards of Military Courtesy and Discipline

<u>Item</u>		<u>99-lte</u>	49-Item Analysis	
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax Rotation	Varimax Rotation
54.	How high should the standards of discipline be in your company?	.774 1	.781 1	.820 2
56.	How high should the standards of military courtesy be in your company?	.729 2	.735 2	. 852 I
53.	How high are the standards of discipline in your company?	630 3	631 3	

All the items loading on Factor XI pertain to standards of military courtesy and discipline with the company. While it may appear that items 54 and 56 pertain to desired standards and the item 53 pertains to the observed level of discipline within the company, it should be noted that the response categories for items 54 and 56 require the respondent to compare the observed levels of discipline and military courtesy with an internal standard. Since the middle response categories are expressions of dissatisfaction. Thus, these items do not reflect a desired standard, but judgments of the existing levels of military courtesy and discipline as judged against this standard. In addition, the negative loading for item 53 occurs because judgments that the standards of discipline are low (response categories "d" and "e") are consistent with judgments on items 54 and 56 that the standards should be higher (response categories "a" and "b"). This factor seemed appropriately named Standards of Military Courtesy and Discipline.

TABLE 2-11

Factor XII: Quality of Combat Training

<u>Item</u>			99-Item	49-Item Analysis		5		
		Varin Rota		Quarti <u>Rota</u> t		Varin <u>Rota</u> t		
40.	Do you think your company should get more or less combat training?	.796	I	.799	I	.849	2	
38.	Should the combat training in your present company be harder or easier?	.762	2	.744	2	.873	I	
37.	How hard is the combat training you get in your company?	493	3	531	3			

The items defining Factor XII pertain to the amount of difficulty of combat training. Item 39, which requires the respondent to judge the quality of combat training within the company, does not have a high loading on this factor. However, it is likely that this is due to an artifact created by the nature of the response categories for items 38 and 40. In both items 38 and 40, the middle response category expresses the greatest satisfaction with combat training. In item 39, however, the first two response categories express the greatest satisfaction with combat training. In item 39, however, the first two response categories express the greatest satisfaction with combat training. Thus, it is possible that the soldiers in the sample consider the amount and difficulty of combat training to be aspects of the quality of training, but that the nature of the response categories are also responsible for the negative loading on item 37. A respondent who thought combat training was too hard would choose response "A" (very hard) to item 37, and would likely also choose response "e" (much easier) to item 38. The appropriate name for this factor appeared to be Quality of Combat Training.

TABLE 2-1m

Factor XIII: Job Importance

<u>Item</u>		<u>99-lten</u>	<u>49-Item Analysis</u>		
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax Rotation	Varimax Rotation	
3.	How important is your duty MOS job to your company?	.757 I	.749 2	. 839 I	
2.	How important is your duty MOS job to the Army?	.756 2	.749	.813 2	

The items which define Factor XIII clearly pertain to the respondent's perceptions of the importance of his job. The factor was named <u>Job Importance</u>.

TABLE 2-In

Factor XIV: Company Race Relations

<u>Item</u>		99-Item Analysis				49-Item Analysis	
		Varir <u>Rota</u>		Quarti <u>Rota</u> t		Varin Rota	
69.	ls the treatment of minority racial groups in your company better or worse than in civilian life?	.693	I	.670	1	. 854	1
68.	How fairly are racial problems handled in your company?	.617	2	.567	2	.601	2
67.	How are race relations in your company	.585	3	.531	3		

The items loading on Factor XIV are all concerned with race relations within the company setting. The factor was title <u>Company Race Relations</u>.

TABLE 2-10

Factor XV: Desired Superior-to-Subordinate Communications

Item			<u>99-Item</u>	49-Iten	49-Item Analysis		
		Varir Rota		Quarti <u>Rota</u> t		Varin Rota	
16.	How often do you think you platoon leader should talk to you when you are on the job?	.752	I	.748	1	.773	I
 4.	How often do you think your company commander should talk to you when you are on the job?	.656	2	.655	2	.622	3
18.	How often do you think your platoon sergeant should talk to you when you are on the job?	.641	3	.628	3	.741	2

The three items defining Factor XV had virtually identical loadings in both solutions. The items are clearly concerned with the desired level of superior-to-subordinate communications while on the job. However, none of the items specifically asks about job-related communications, so it is not possible to determine exactly what kind of communications the soldiers had in mind in responding to these items. Therefore, the factor was named <u>Desired Superior-to-Subordinate</u> <u>Communications</u> to avoid the question of job-relatedness.

TABLE 2-Ip

Factor XVI: Work Effort

Item		99-Item	<u>49-Item Analysis</u>		
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax <u>Rotation</u>	Varimax Rotation	
32.	How hard do you work compared to most others in your company?	.718 1	.722 1	. 829 I	
31.	How hard do you work in your job?	.612 2	.601 2	.762 2	

The items that have high loadings on Factor XVI pertain to the amount of effort expended by the respondent in the performance of his job. The most appropriate title for the factor seemed to be <u>Work Effort</u>.

TABLE 2-1q

Factor XVII: Level of Platoon Superior-to-Subordinate Communications

Item		99-Item Analysis			<u>49-Item Analysis</u>		<u>s</u>	
		Varin Rota		Quarti Rota		Varin Rota		
15.	How often does your platoon leader talk to you when you are on the job?	.758	l	.752	l	.837	l	
17.	How often does your platoon sergeant talk to you when you are on the job?	.743	2	.739	2	.785	2	

The items defining Facor XVII pertain to the <u>actual</u> level of communications from superiors within the platoon. This factor is interesting for two reasons. First, it shows that the respondent's perceptions of <u>actual</u> and <u>should</u> (see Factor XV: Desired Superior-to-Subordinate Communications) are unrelated. In other words, it appears that there is no congruence between the frequency of communications desired and that received. Second, it is interesting that item 13 (How often does your <u>company</u> <u>commander</u> talk to you when you are on the job?) had only small loadings on this facator (.317 varimax and .305 quartimax), while the <u>should</u> version of the question (item 14) loaded heavily on Factor XV. No explanation for this is apparent. The best descriptive title for this factor appeared to be <u>Level of Platoon</u> Superior-to-Subordinate Communications.

TABLE 2-Ir

Factor XVIII: Remuneration

<u>Item</u>		<u>99-lten</u>	49-Item Analysis	
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax Rotation	Varimax Rotation
94.	How do you feel your Army pay compares to the pay you could get in civilian life?	.584	.564 1	.915 1
66.	How are your barracks?	.449 2	(.440) 2	(.043)

Factor XVIII was difficult to interpret, as there is no readily apparent reason why opinions on Army pay and Army barracks should define the same factor. Although item 66 fell below the criterion of .447 in the quartimax solution, it barely missed (f = .440). The only other item which loaded at least .30 in both original rotational solutions was item 88 (Do you think the Army is concerned about you as an individual?). The factor was interpreted as reflecting opinions on how well the Army provides for its personnel, with pay being considered the most important single item. Therefore, this factor was tentatively titled <u>Remuneration</u>. However item 66 did not load on this factor in the 49-item analysis. The loading (.043) is shown in Table 2-Ir for the reader's convenience. Since item 88 was not included in the 49-item analysis, there is no way to determine whether it might have helped define the factor. This splitting of the factor casts some doubt on the notion that the factor reflects a general attitude toward the way the Army provides for its people. However, the factor still reflects opinion on Army pay, so the title of the factor was not changed.

TABLE 2-1s

Factor XIX: Original Career Intention

And a support of the set of the s

ltem		99-Item Analysis				49-Item Analysis	
		Varin <u>Rota</u>		Quarti Rotat		Varin Rota	
۱.	When you first joined the Army, were you for or against making it a career?	663	1	.664	I	.712	1
48.	How much does getting promoted in your company depend upon doing a good job?	.528	2	451	2	612	2

Again, the relationship of the two items which define Factor XIX is not apparent. The items load on opposite poles of the factor, indicating that respondents who were career oriented when entering the service tend to feel presently that doing a good job has little to do with promotion. However, the actual correlation between the items is only -.138. Though the exact nature of the factor is uncertain, it was very tentatively named Original Career Intention, based on the item with the higher loading.

The reversal of the signs of the loadings between the rotational solutions is of no consequence. Any factor can be rotated 180° to reverse the signs without changing the interpretation of the factor.

TABLE 2-11

Factor XX: Drug Usage

Item		<u>99-Item A</u>	nalysis	49-Item Analysis	
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax Rotation	Varimax Rotation	
72.	ls there a drug problem in your company?	.582	.567	.901	

Factor XX is defined by a single item, making any interpretation highly speculative. Unfortunately, it is the only item in the questionnaire concerned with drug usage. It was expected originally that drug usage would be sympotmatic of other problems, and that the item would load on some other factor or factors appearing as an indicator of general satisfaction or dissatisfaction with the company. However, where drug usage was seen as a problem by the respondents, it seems to have been viewed as unrelated to other aspects of company functioning. The highest single correlation between this item and any other was only .289. The factor was title <u>Drug Usage</u>, but should be regarded as a tentative finding because of the single defining item.

TABLE 2-10

Factor XXI: Promotion Policy

Item		99-Item Analysis		49-Item Analysis
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax Rotation	Varimax Rotation
49.	How important is it to be a "yes man" to get promoted in your company?	.595	.548	.906

Factor XXI, like the previous factor, is defined by a single item, in this case, related to promotion policy. Neither of the other items related to promotion (items 48 and 50) had appreciable loadings on this factor in either solution, the highest being .138. Nevertheless, at this point in the overall analysis of the questionnaire, it was decided to treat the factor as real, and it was named Promotion Policy.

TABLE 2-1v

Factor XXII: Work Hours

Item		99-Item Analysis		49-Item Analysis
		Varimax Rotation	Quartimax <u>Rotation</u>	Varimax Rotation
4.	How many hours do you spend on the job in an average week?	.664	.665	.919

Factor XXII is also defined by a single item, but again, it is the only item in the questionnaire concerned with time spent on the job. With considerable reservation, the factor was name Work Hours.

Factor XXIII

The highest single loading on this factor in either rotation was .369. It was concluded that this factor resulted from chance error correlations, and therefore, it was not named.

Partial Verification of the Factor Structure

The factor analyses resulted in 22 factors which were interpreted and named, although some of the interpretations were made with considerable reservation. However, as mentioned earlier, the analyses performed were considered exploratory in nature. It was deemed advisable to err in the direction of liberalism rather than conservatism in speculating on the reality and meaning of the factors extracted. Nevertheless, it seemed possible that some of the later factors, especially those defined by one or two items, were a result of chance correlated errors or peculiarities in the responses of a small number of soldiers. To partially test this possibility, the 674 protocols were divided in half by selecting every other case, starting with the first and repeating the entire analysis with these 337 respondents. There was no reason to suspect any bias in the ordering of cases which were arranged alphabetically within each company.

A comparison of the factors for this analysis with the factors for the entire group is presented in Table 2-2. The results for only the varimax rotations are presented. As can be seen from the table listing the defining variables, the interpretation of the factors based on the half sample would not differ from that based on the entire sample, except for two of the factors (Factors XXI and XXII) which were defined by single items. Each of these two items loaded on other factors in the half sample analysis. Two new factors also emerged in the half sample analysis, one defined by item 55 alone, and one defined by items 18 (How often do you think your platoon sergeant <u>should</u> talk to you when you are on the job?) and 57 (How satisfied are you with the leave policies in your company?). This latter factor, defined by two variables, is difficult to interpret. However, the results indicate that 20 of the factors are probably meaningful. Since the two factors which did not appear in the half sample analysis were very minor, a further verification employing the other half sample was not undertaken.

The sorted rotated loadings from the half sample analysis are presented in Appendix F. Loadings \leq .40 are shown as "Os" to facilitate reading the table. The .40 cutoff was chosen as only "high" loadings, previously defined as those which account for 20 percent or more of the variance of an item, were to be shown. A cutoff of .447 would have been exact.

TABLE 2-2

Comparison of Defining Variables for Each Factor for the Full Sample and the Half Sample (unreplicated items are underlined)

Factor	Full Sample	Half Sample
I	51, 70, 74, 76, 80, 84	51, 70, <u>71,</u> 74, 76, 80, <u>83</u> , 84, <u>85</u> , <u>86</u>
11	92, 93, 95, 96, 97, 98 99	92, 93, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99
111	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 19	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 19
ſV	28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 43	28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 43
V	24, 25, 26, 27	24, 25, 26, 27
VI	35, 36, 37, 39, 44	35, 36, 37, 39, 44
VII	61, 62, 63, 64, 65	61, 62, 63, 64, 65
VIII	52, 75, 77, 81	52, 75, 77, 81
IX	<u>58</u> , 59, 60	59, 60, <u>66</u>
x	20, 22, 23, 78	20, 22, 23, 78
XI	53, 54, 56	53, 54, 56
×II	<u>37</u> , 38, 40	38,40
×III	2, 3	2, 3
XIV	67, 68, 69	67, 68, 69
XV	14, 16, <u>18</u>	14, 16, <u>49</u>
XVI	31, 32	<u>4,</u> 31, 32
XVII	15, 17	15, 17
XVIII	94, <u>66</u>	94
XIX	1,48	1,48
xx	72	72
XXI	<u>4</u>	
XXII New Factor A New Factor B	<u>49</u>	18, <u>57</u> 55

L. Linking S. L.

Ĩ

(This page intentionally left blank)

j,

Chapter 3

DISCUSSION AND IMPLICATIONS FOR THE FUTURE

The factor analysis of the 99 items on the "Soldier Opinion Qustionnaire" resulted in the extraction of 23 factors. Twenty-two of the factors were interpreted, although interpretations of some of the minor factors were made with considerable reservation. The same analysis was performed on half of the sample, and all but the last two of the same 22 factors emerged after rotation. This was deemed to have partially verified the existence of the factors in the data.

The items which appeared to be the best measures of each factor were selected from the original clusters, thus reducing the total number of items to 49. These items were then factor analyzed, and 21 of the original 22 factors reemerged following rotation. One of the minor factors split in this analysis. This result was essentially what was expected: measures of 33 factors were put into the analysis, so the same 22 factors were expected to reemerge. Nevertheless, this result was taken as a further verification of the existence of the majority of the factors in the data base. From the practical standpoint, it demonstrated that all of the major factors found could be assessed with approximately half the original number of items.

Obviously, a step to be taken in the future is to confirm the factors through an analysis of the data from a second administration of the questionnaire. However, some revision of the questionnaire should be made first. Some of the factors might be eliminated. For example, Factor XVIII, tentatively titled Remuneration, might be eliminated. Even if the hypothesis is correct that the factor reflects a general opinion on how well the Army provides for its personnel, this information is not of much value to a commander. The commander cannot increase pay, build new barracks, or otherwise exert much influence on Army-wide benefits. Since the questionnaire is being designed as an aid to commanders, factors over which they have little or no influence could probably be eliminated.

The revised questionnaire should also contain some additional items. Some items should be added in an attempt to "beef up" or further clarify the meaning of some of the "minor" factors defined by only one or two items. (For example, only one item on drug usage was included, and it defined a separate factor. Additional items should be added to determine how, if at all, drug usage affects company personnel and company effectiveness.) It should be noted that the term "minor," as used here, refers only to the percentage of the total variance accounted for by the factor, and not necessarily its importance. A minor factor in one analysis could become a major factor in another if more items with large proportions of variance in common with the original item(s) are added. The importance of the factor has to be determined separately by examining its relationship to external criteria. For example, it might be found that companies with a drug problem are rated low by battalion commanders and also have high AWOL rates. The fact that the Drug Usage factor was a minor factor in the analysis, because there was only one item concerned with drug usage, says nothing about its potential utility to a commander.

Additional items should also be written in an attempt to assess intended factors which did not emerge from the analysis. For example, the authors intended to assess the

State State State

soldiers' respect for their units. Items 84 (Overall, how well do you think your company is run?), 85 (Overall, how do you think your company compares to other companies), and 86 (How much do you think your company is respected on this post?) were intended to measure this factor. Apparently, the respondents saw these items in terms of leadership, as they loaded more heavily on Factor I (Quality of Officer Leadership) than any other factors. Perhaps differently worded items might bring out a separate "Respect for Unit" factor.

In addition to additions, deletions, and modifications of items, some changes in the order in which the questions are presented might be made. In the version of the questionnaire employed, the items designed to measure each factor tended to be clustered. For example, in the varimax rotation, Factor II (Reenlistment Potential) is defined by items 92, 93, 95, 96, 97, 98, and 99. It is possible that the respondents assumed a set toward the items and tended to respond to all in the same manner. Had the items been dispersed throughout the questionnaire, there would be less chance for a response set to develop. Whether such response sets did occur and whether they affected the results to a significant degree is not known.

As mentioned in Chapter 1, the analyses described in this report are only a part of the overall analysis plan for the questionnaire. When all of the analyses are completed, a new version of the questionnaire will be drafted and administered to another large sample of young soldiers. This process will be repeated until an instrument with the desired charactersitics is produced.

REFERENCES

Dixon, W. J. & Brown, M. B. <u>BMDP-79</u>: <u>Biomedial computer programs</u> (P Series). Berkeley: University of California Press, 1979.

Harman, H. A. Modern factor analysis (3rd ed., rev.). University of Chicago Press, 1976.

- Headquarters, US Department of the Army. <u>Military leadership</u> (Field Manual 200-100). Washington, DC: US Government.
- Jones, J. & Smootz, E. R. <u>Survey of soldier quality of life at Fort Hood</u> (draft Research report). Alexandria, Virginia: US Army Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences, in progress.

Kaiser, H. F. A second generation "Little Jiffy." Psychometrika, 1970, 35, 401-415.

(This page intentionally left blank)
APPENDIX A

Soldier Opinion Questionnaire

Sec. 2

1. 3.

(This page intentionally left blank)

COLUMNA COLUMN

and the second

1. 100

SOLDIER OPINION QUESTIONNAIRE



U.S. Army Research Institute For the Behavioral and Social Sciences

Fort Hood Field Unit

This questionnaire is not to be shown to unauthorized persons, nor to be reproduced in any form without the specific permission of the Technical Director, ARI, Office of the Chief of Staff of Personnel, Department of the Army.

31

1. 1.

MESSAGE TO THE SOLDIER FROM THE ARMY RESEARCH INSTITUTE:

(Please Read Before Starting)

1. Please do not put your name on this questionnaire.

2. This questionnaire is being given to you by the Army Research Institute, not by your company. The purpose of the questionnaire is to give you a chance to freely state your opinions about your company and about life in the Army. Your opinions will be combined with those of the other soldiers in your company, and then a summary will be given to your commander to help him try to improve living, working, and training conditions in your company.

3. Please be completely truthful. Only honest answers can help.

4. All of the questions are multiple choice. Check <u>only</u> one answer for each question.

5. You may wish to write in a comment or suggestion by some of the questions. Feel free to do so. A typewritten summary of remarks from your company will be given to your company commander, but your individual questionnaire and answers will not.

6. Take your time. You may need about 45 minutes, more or less, to finish. Remain seated until everyone has finished and you are released. You will be asked to turn in your completed questionnaire as you leave.

Thank you for your help.

ARMY RESEARCH INSTITUTE (ARI)

- 1. When you first joined the Anay, were you for on against making it a career?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - Strongly for Somewhat for Borderline Somewhat against Strongly against (d)
 - (e)

2. How important is your duty MOS job to the Army?

- (a) ____ Very important
 (b) ____ Important
 (c) ____ Borderline
 (d) ____ Unimportant
 (e) ____ Very unimportant

3. How important is your duty MOS job to your company?

- _____Very important (a)

- (b) (c) (d) (e)
- Important Borderline Unimportant Very unimportant (e)
- 4. About how many hours do you spend on the job in a average week?

(a) _____55 or more (If more, write in the number here: ____) (b) 50(c) 45(d) 40(e) 35 or less (If less, write in the number here:)

5. How useful is the work you do most of the time?

- Very useful Quite useful Somewhat useful Slightly useful Not useful at all (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)

6. How much of your time on the job is spent doing useful work?

- (a)
 80 to 100 percent

 (b)
 60 to 79 percent

 (c)
 40 to 59 percent

 (d)
 20 to 39 percent

 (e)
 0 to 19 percent
 - 33

- 7. How clear are your immediate supervisor's explanations of now to do your job?
 - (a) ____ Very clear (b) ____ Clear (c) Borderline
 - (d) Unclear
 - (e) _____ Very unclear
- 8. How clear are the job objectives your immediate supervisor sets for you?
 - (a) Very clear
 - (b) Clear
 - (c) Borderline (d) Unclear
 - (e) Very unclear
- 9. How much does your immediate supervisor like to hear your ideas about how your job should be done?
 - (a) _____Likes very much
 - (b) Likes
 - (c) Borderline
 - (d) _____ Dislikes
 - (e) _____ Dislikes very much
- 10. Is your immediate supervisor willing to listen to your work problems?
 - (a) Very willing
 - (b) Willing
 - (c) Borderline
 - (d) Unwilling
 (e) Very unwilling
- 11. How much does your immediate supervisor care about how well people do their jobs?
 - (a) Very much
 - (b) Much
 - (c) Somewhat
 - (d) Little
 - (e) _____ Very little
- 12. How friendly is your immediate supervisor?
 - (a) Very friendly
 - (b) Friendly
 - (c) _____ Borderline
 - (d) Unfriendly
 - (e) Very unfriendly

- 13. How often does your <u>company commander</u> talk to you when you are on the job?
- 14. How often do you think your company commander <u>should</u> talk to you when you are on the job?
 - (a) _____ Much more (b) _____ More (c) _____ O.K. as is (d) _____ Less (e) _____ Much less
- 15. How often does your <u>platoon leader</u> talk to you when you are on the job?
 - (a) _____5 or more days a week
 (b) _____3 or 4 days a week
 (c) _____1 or 2 days a week
 (d) _____2 or 3 days a month
 (e) _____1 or less days a month
- 16. How often do you think your platoon leader <u>should</u> talk to you when you are on the job?
 - (a) _____ Much more (b) _____ More (c) _____ 0.K. as is (d) _____ Less (e) _____ Much less
- 17. How often does your <u>platoon sergeant</u> talk to you when you are on the job?
 - (a)5 or more days a week(b)3 or 4 days a week(c)1 or 2 days a week(d)2 or 3 days a month(e)1 or less days a month

- 18. How often do you think your platoon sergeant should talk to you when you are on the job?
 - (a) _____ Much more (b) _____ More (c) _____ U.K. as is (d) _____ Less (e) ____ Much less
- 19. How much freedom do you have to do your job the way you think it should be done?
 - (a)Very much(b)Much(c)Some(d)Little(e)Very little
- 20. Does "obeying the rules" ever make it hard to get your job done?
 - (a) _____ Very seldom, or never (b) _____ Seldom (c) _____ Sometimes (d) _____ Often (e) _____ Very often

21. How much responsibility are you given in your job?

(a)Very much(b)Much(c)Some(d)Little(e)Very little

22. How easy is it to get the right equipment to do your job?

(a)Very easy(b)Easy(c)Borderline(d)Hard(e)Very hard

23. In what condition is the equipment you usually work with?

(a)Very good(b)Good(c)Borderline(d)Bad(e)Very bad

How interesting is your job? 24.

> Very interesting (a) Interesting (b) (c) Borderline [•] Uninteresting (d) (e) Very uninteresting

25. How do you like your job?

- Very much (a) Much (b) Somewhat (c) (d)
- Little Very little (e)

26. How well does your job make use of your abilities?

- Very well (a) (b) Well Borderline Poorly (c) (d) Very poorly (e)
- 27. How useful do you think the skills you use in your job will be to you later on?
 - (a) Very useful
 - Quite useful Somewhat useful (b)
 - (c)
 - Slightly useful Not useful at all (d)
 - (e)

28. How well do the people in your company work together?

- Very well (a) Well (b) Borderline Poorly (c) (d)
- Very poorly (e)
- 29. How much do the soldiers in your company make each other feel like doing a good job?
 - Very much
 - Much (Ь)
 - Somewhat Little (c) (d)
 - Very little
- 37

- 30. On the average, how well do the people you work with do their jobs?
 - Very well (a)
 - (b) Well (c)
 - Borderline Poorly (d)
 - Very poorly (e)

31. How hard do you work in your job?

- Very hard (a) (b) Hard Borderline (c) Not hard (d)
- Not hard at all (e)

32. How hard do you work compared to most others in your company?

- (a) (b) Much harder Harder
- About the same (c)
- Less hard (d)
- (e) Much less hard
- How many soldiers in your company do you think are good 33. soldiers?
 - 80 to 100 percent (a)
 60
 100
 percent

 60
 to
 79
 percent

 40
 to
 59
 percent

 20
 to
 39
 percent

 0
 to
 19
 percent
 (b) (c)
 - (d)
 - (e)
- What percentage of the soldiers in your company perform so 34. poorly that the unit might be better off without them?
 - (a) (b)

 - (c)
 - (d)
 - 0 to 10 percent 11 to 20 percent 21 to 30 percent 31 to 40 percent 41 percent, or more (e)

35. How much attention is given to MOS training in your company?

- Very much (a) (Ь) Much
- (c)
- Some Little Very little (d) (e)

36. Do you get enough MOS training in your company?

- ____More than enough (a)
- (b)
- (c) (d)
- Enough Borderline Not enough Not nearly enough (e)

How hard is the combat training you get in your company? 37.

- Very hard (a)
- Hard Borderline Easy Very easy (b)
- (c) (d)
- (e)
- 38. Should the combat training in your present company be harder or easier?
 - Much harder (a)
 - Harder U.K. as is Easier (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
 - Much easier (e)
- 39. How good is the combat training you get in your company?
 - Very good (a)
 - (b)
 - Good Borderline Bad Very bad (c)
 - (d)
 - (e)
- 40. Do you think your company should get more or less combat training?
 - Much more (a)
 - (b)
 - More No change Less Much less (c)
 - (d) (e)
- 41. How useful are your company's field exercises?
 - Very useful Quite useful Somewhat useful Slightly useful Not useful at all (a)

 - (b) (c) (d) (e)

- 42. In your company, how much training time is wasted by doing nothing useful?
 - (a) ____ Very little, or none
 (b) ____ Little
 (c) ____ Some
 (d) ____ Much
 (e) Very much
- 43. How many of the soldiers in your company really want to do well in training?
 - (a)
 80 to 100 percent

 (b)
 60 to 79 percent

 (c)
 40 to 59 percent

 (d)
 20 to 39 percent

 (e)
 0 to 19 percent

44. How is the physical training program in your company?

(a)Very good(b)Good(c)Borderline(d)Bad(e)Very bad

45. How are the training instructors in your company?

(a)Very good(b)Good(c)Borderline(d)Bad(e)Very bad

46. How challenging is the training you get in your company?

- (a) _____ Very challenging (b) _____ Challenging (c) _____ Borderline
- c) _____ Borderline d) _____ Unchallenging
- (e) Very unchallenging
- 47. How much does your company encourage soldiers to get more formal education?
 - (a) ____ Very much (b) ____ Much (c) ____ Somewhat (d) ____ Little (e) ____ Very little, or not at all

- 48. How much does getting promoted in your company depend upon doing a good job?

 - (b)

 - _____ Very much
 _____ Much
 _____ Somewhat
 _____ Little
 _____ Very little (c) (d) (e)
- 49. How important is it to be a "yes man" to get promoted in your company?
 - Not important at all Slightly important Somewhat important Quite important Very important (a) (b)

 - (c) (d) (e)
- 50. Are you satisfied with the promotion policy in your company?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - Very satisfied Satisfied Borderline Dissatisfied Very dissatisfied (d) (e)
- 51. Do the commissioned officers in your company treat you with respect?
 - Always, or almost always Often Sometimes Seldom Never, or hardly ever
 - (b)
 - (c) (d)
- 52. Do the NCOs in your company treat you with respect?
 - Always, or almost always
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
- Often Sometimes Seldom Never, or hardly ever

53. How high are the standards of <u>discipline</u> in your company?

- (a) Very high (b) High (c) Borderline (d) Low Very low

- 54. How high should the standards of discipline be in your company?
 - Much higher (a)
 - Higher (b)
 - About the same (c)
 - (d) Lower
 - Much lower (e)
- 55. How high are the standards of military courtesy in your company?
 - Very high (a)
 - High (b)
 - Borderline (c)
 - Low (d)
 - (e) Very low
- 56. How high should the standards of military courtesy be in your company?
 - Much higher (a)
 - (b) Higher
 - About the same (c)
 - Lower (d)
 - (e) Much lower
- 57. How satisfied are you with the leave policies in your company?
 - Very satisfied (a)
 - Satisfied (b)
 - Borderline (c)
 - Unsatisfied d)
 - (e) Very unsatisfied

58. How much are sports activities encouraged in your company?

- (a) (b) Very much
 - Much
- (c)
- (d)
- Somewhat Little Very little, or not at all

59. Are there enough social activities in your company?

- (a) Far too many
- _____ Too many _____ About right _____ Too few (Ь)
- (c) (d)
- Far too few
- Are you satisfied with the kind of social activities in your 60. company?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
 - Very satisfied Satisfied Borderline Unsatisfied Very unsatisfied (e)

61. How good is the food in your mess hall?

- (a) (b) Very good Good Borderline (c) Bad (d)
- (e) Very bad

62. Do you get enough to eat in your mess hall?

80 to 100 percent of the time (a) 60 to 79 percent of the time (b) 40 to 59 percent of the time 20 to 39 percent of the time 0 to 19 percent of the time (c) (d) (e)

63. How clean is your mess hall?

- Very clean (a)
- (b) Clean
- Borderline (c) Dirty (d)
- Very dirty (e)

64. How good is the food you get in the field?

- Very good b) Good Borderline Bad C
- Very bad

1. 18. 18

65. Do you get enough to eat when you are in the field?

(a)				percent			
(a) (b)	60	to	79	percent	of	the	time
(c)	 40	to	5 9	percent	of	the	time
(d)	 20	to	39	percent	of	the	time
(e)	0	to	19	percent	of	the	time

66. How are your barracks?

Very good Good Borderline Bad Very bad Ìb) c) (d) (e)

67. How are race relations in your company?



68. How fairly are racial problems handled in your company?

- ____ Very fairly (a)
- (b)
- C
- Fairly Borderline Unfairly Very unfairly (d)
- e)
- Is the treatment of minority racial groups in your company 69. better or worse than in civilian life?
 - Much better than in civilian life
 - (b)
 - Better About the same Worse C)
 - (**d**)
 - Much worse than in civilian life 'e)
- 70. How easy do you think it is to get to see your company commander to discuss personal problems?
 - Very easy Easy Borderline Hard Very hard (b) С

1. 150

- If you go to your company commander with a personal problem, 71. how well do you think he will treat you?
 - Very well Well Borderline Badly Very badly (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)

72. Is there a drug problem in your company?

Very small, or no problem Small problem Moderate problem Big problem Very big problem (a)

- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)
- How well does your company keep you informed about important 73. matters, such as training schedules and company policies?
 - Very well Well Borderline Poorly Very poorly (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
- 74. How much do the commissioned officers in your company care about the needs of their people?
 - Very much Much Somewhat Little Very little (a) (b) (D) (C) (d)
- 75. How much do the NCOs in your company care about the needs of their people?
 - Very much (a) _ Much _ Somewhat _ Little _ Very little (b) (c) (d)
- How well do the commissioned officers in your company do 76. their jobs?
 - Very well Well Borderline Poorly Very poorly

77. How well do the <u>NCUs</u> in your company do their jobs?

(a) _____ Very well (b) _____ Well (c) _____ Borderline (d) _____ Poorly (e) _____ Very poorly

78. How many "mickey-mouse" rules does your company have?



79. How much harassment of the soldiers is there in your company?

(a) _____ Very little, or none
(b) _____ Little
(c) _____ Some
(d) _____ Much
(e) _____ Very much

80. As leaders, how are your company's commissioned officers?



81. As leaders, how are your company's NCOs?

- (a) ____ Very good (b) ____ Good
- (c) Borderline
- (d) _____ Bad
- (e) ____ Very bad

82. How is your morale?



t,

46

1.1

83. How is the morale of other soldiers in your company?

_Very high (a) High (b) Borderline Low (c) (d) Very low (e)

84. Overall, how well do you think your company is run?

- ____Very well (a) Well (b) Borderline Poorly Very poorly (c) (d) (e)
- 85. Overall, how do you think your company compares to other companies?
 - ____ Much better (a)Better (b) About the same (c) Worse (d) Much worse (e)

86. How much do you think your company is respected on this post?

____Very much (a) Much (b) Somewhat Little (c) (d) Very little (e)

How important is the Army for the defense of the country? 87.

- ____Very important (a)
- Important (b)
- Borderline (c)
- Unimportant (d)
- Very unimportant (e)
- Do you think the Army is concerned about you as an 88. individual?
 - Very concerned (a) Concerned Borderline Unconcerned (Ь)
 - (c)
 - (d)
 - (e) Very unconcerned

- How much does the Army reward or punish soldiers who "think 89. for themselves"?
 - ____ Rewards greatly (a)
 - Rewards somewhat (b)
 - (c) Neither rewards nor punishes
 - Punishes somewhat (d)
 - (e) Punishes greatly
- 90. How many of the Army's rules and regulations do you think are needed for a good Army?
 - All, or nearly all (a) (b)
 - _ Most (c)
 - Some A few (d)
 - (e) None, or almost none

91. Overall, how well do you think the Army is run?

- ____Very well (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- Well Borderline Poorly Very poorly (e)

How do you feel about being in the Army? 92.

- (a) Very proud
- Proud (b)
- Neither proud nor ashamed Ashamed Very ashamed (c)
- (d)
- (e)

93. Overall, how much do you like Army life?

- Like very much
- (a) (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- Like Borderline Dislike Dislike very much
- 94. How do you feel your Army pay compares to the pay you could yet in civilian life?
 - Much more than in civilian life
 - (b) More
 - (c) About the same
 - (d) (e) Less
 - Much less than in civilian life

- How much will your decision to reenlist or not reenlist 95. depend on your being able to get a good job in civilian life?
 - Very Much Much Somewhat Little Very little (a) (b) (c) (d)
 - (e)

Would you encourage civilian friends to enlist in the Army? 96.

- Encourage strongly (a)
- (b)
- Encourage strongly Encourage Neither encourage nor discourage Discourage Discourage strongly (c) (d)
- (e)
- 97. How do you feel at this time about reenlisting for another term?
 - (a)
 - (b) (c)

 - Strongly for Somewhat for Borderline Somewhat against Strongly against (d)
 - (e)

How do you feel at this time about making the Army a career? 98.

- Strongly for (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- Strongly for Somewhat for Borderline Somewhat against Strongly against (d)
- (e)
- 99. If you could have an honorable discharge at this time, would you prefer to stay in or get out?
 - Much prefer to stay in Prefer to stay in Undecided Prefer to get out Much prefer to get out (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
 - (e)
- Other remarks. Thank you for answering the many questions 100. above. If you have other comments or suggestions about your company or your life in the Army, please write them on the back of this page.

(Turn page and continue with Background Questions)

ARMY RESEARCH INSTITUTE (ARI)

BACKGROUND QUESTIONS

(Please Read Before Continuing)

1. Your answers to a few background questions, which start on the next page, are needed by the Army Research Institute to improve the questionnaire you have just filled out.

2. Your answers will not be given or shown to your company commander or to any other person in your company. They will stay with the Army Research Institute.

3. Again, do not write in your name; we do not need to identify you as a specific individual.

t Str.

ARMY RESEARCH INSTITUTE (ARI)

BACKGROUND QUESTIONS

(For ARI Research Purposes Only)

(Do Not Write Your Name)

1. Write in the names of your battalion and company.

Battalion:

Company:

2. How long have you been in your present company?

years and _____ months

3. How long have you been in the Army?

years and _____ months

4. How big was your home town when you joined the Army? (Choose the closest number.)

ċ	a.]	thousand	f.	100	thousand
	5. 5	thousand	g.	250	thousand
(c. 10) thousand	. h.	500	thousand
(d. 25	thousand	i.	1	million
(e. 50) thousand	j.	2	million or more

5. Are you now working in your primary MOS?

a. Yes b. No

6. What is your pay grade?

a.	E-1
b.	E-2
с.	E-3
d.	E-4
e. 1	E-5

/. How many years of formal education (elementary, high school, college, etc.) have you had?

____ years

8. If you have a high school diploma, what kind is it?

a. Do not have diploma b. Regular c. GED

9. If you have a college degree, what kind is it?

- a. Do not have degree
 b. Associate (2-year)
 c. Bachelor (4-year)
 d. Other:
- 10. Are you now taking any courses to improve your education or your job skills?

11. Would you like to take courses (or more courses) to improve your education?

_____a. Yes _____b. No

12. Would you like to take courses (or more courses) to improve your job skills?

 a.	Yes
 b.	No

13. Where do you live?

- a. Barracks
- b. Un-post housing (BEQ, family housing)
 c. Uff-post housing

14. When were you born?

t. Me

Month:_____Year:_____

15. Marital Status:

a.	Single
b.	Married
 c.	Divorced
 d.	Other

16. Sex:

_____Female _____Male

17. To what ethnic (racial) group do you belong?

 a. American Indian (Native American)

 b. Black

 c. Mexican-American

 d. Oriental

 e. Puerto Rican

 f. White (Caucasian, Anglo-American)

 g. Other:

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

Please remain seated until you are dismissed. You will turn in your questionnaire at that time.

17.2

1.10

(This page intentionally left blank)

وخذق فالتخاص فالمعتز فأحاثك للمخصور وملكر فرماك

1.000

APPENDIX B

The Intercorrelation Matrix of the 99 Items in the "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire"

L

STREE!

(This page intentionally left blank)

¥

「日日日本の日日

The Intercorrelation Matrix of the 99 Items in the "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" 2

E15 E1

212

11.0

10 010

6

38

90

25

*,

3

32

5

Store & Statist

12

COBRELATION HATRIX

	~		
	-1.000 0.241 0.241 0.1102 0.1119 0.1119 0.1243 0.1243	0.167 0.283 0.288 0.208 0.208 0.194 0.196 0.160 0.160 0.160 0.1078 0.1078 0.1078 0.1078 0.1798 0.1798 0.1798 0.1798 0.1773 0.1678 0.17780 0.17780 0.17780 0.17780000000000000000000000000000000000	0.227 0.152 0.152 0.163 0.163 0.226 0.163 0.256 0.163 0.265 0.265 0.265 0.265 0.265 0.265 0.265 0.265 0.265 0.236 0.236 0.236 0.236 0.236 0.236 0.236 0.236 0.236 0.226 0.226 0.227 0.226 0.2200 0.226 0.2200 0.226 0.2200 0.2200 0.2200 0.2200 0.2200 0.2200000000
	0.120 0.120 0.120 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 0.1260 00	0.205 0.285 0.285 0.246 0.246 0.124 0.125 0.1257 0.165 0.165 0.165 0.163 0.143	0.287 0.154 0.154 0.101 0.117 0.1210 0.1210 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.240 0.210 107 0.287
	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.212 0.251 0.251 0.251 0.251 0.251 0.292 0.297 0.1997 0.1997 0.1997 0.297 0.1970 0.1970 0.1970 0.1970 0.1970 0.1970	0.302 0.105 0.271 0.271 0.121 0.121 0.121 0.255 0.255 0.255
1.000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.256 0.255 0.255 0.255 0.255 0.255 0.170 0.170 0.170 0.170 0.170 0.170 0.196	0.253 0.119 0.119 0.120 0.120 0.120 0.120 0.120 0.152 0.350 0.350
0 9 9 0 9 9 0 9 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.250 0.288 0.2882 0.282 0.282 0.282 0.283 0.289 0.286 0.165 0.165 0.226 0.226 0.226	0.276 0.276 0.292 0.293 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.185 0.185 0.185 0.185
1.000 0.488 0.437	0.28740 0.164 0.164 0.154 0.28740 0.297400 0.297400 0.297400 0.2974000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.268 0.275 0.200000000000000000000000000000000000	0.253 0.288 0.288 0.235 0.235 0.157 0.157 0.157 0.157 0.157 0.158 0.273 0.273
1.000 0.495 0.461	0.192 0.117 0.117 0.117 0.117 0.117 0.125 0.2292 0.2292 0.2292	0.290 0.271 0.271 0.271 0.271 0.271 0.273 0.278 0.133 0.133 0.278 0.133 0.133 0.133 0.133 0.139 0.139 0.139 0.139 0.139	0.296 0.296 0.289 0.218 0.218 0.219 0.251 0.379 0.379 0.251 0.251 0.252 0.252
1-00 -242 0.285 0.285 0.287 0.287		0.301 0.307 0.307 0.243 0.248 0.215 0.215 0.215 0.157 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.158 0.157 0.158 0.1570	0.286 0.296 0.016 0.347 0.347 0.255 0.252 0.252 0.252 0.252 0.252 0.257 0.237 0.237 0.237
1,000 0,190 0,297 0,298 0,298 0,298	0.1756 0.1726 0.1726 0.1726 0.1726 0.1726 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1749 0.1726 0.	0.115 0.1510	0.249 0.249 0.216 0.215 0.245 0.245 0.245 0.245 0.245 0.245 0.245 0.245 0.245
-0.000 -0.004 -0.018 -0.058 -0.058 -0.058	-0-019 -0.030 -0.030 -0.038 -0.038 -0.038 -0.038 -0.038 -0.038 -0.038 -0.038 -0.038		-0-004 -0.004 -0.004 -0.0146 -0.0146 -0.0146 -0.0188 -0.0188 -0.0188 -0.118 -0.115 -0.115
1.000 0.370 0.370 0.230 0.220 0.226 0.226	0.154 0.157 0.157 0.157 0.154 0.154 0.154 0.154 0.1550000000000	0,128 0,128 0,285 0,128 0,178 0,178 0,178 0,170000000000	0,184 0,092 0,174 0,075 0,0000000000
1.000 1.000 0.229 0.228 0.228 0.228 0.228		0.135 0.135 0.155 0.155 0.155 0.195 0.195 0.195 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.155 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125	0.202 0.107 0.107 0.109 0.109 0.181 0.183 0.163 0.163 0.163
1.000 0.215 0.091 0.097 0.009 0.009 0.009 0.009 0.088 0.088	0.037 0.046 0.049 0.049 0.049 0.048 0.049 0.040 0.0490000000000	0.132 0.163 0.163 0.163 0.163 0.008 0.008 0.013 0.013 0.139 0.053 0.053 0.053 0.010 0.110 0.110	-0.189 -0.189 -0.131 -0.031 -0.031 -0.031 -0.031 -0.138 -0.138
uu + 2 6 7 7	22222242	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0112 0113 0115 0116 0116 021 022 022 022 022		
e ,		57	· · ·

sin her interior

-- 49----

-			ŕ			,			-											`			<u></u>															,								
																1						:											-											1		
213 14	356 0		2.002	0.115	0.167	0.189	0.283	9.241	0.198	3.155	9.122	E 60 ° 0	0.110	9.134	660.0				725-0	0.335	0.095	0.219	0.289	0.201	0.293	0.216	0-200	0.259	0.275	0.219		242-0	3-273	0.189		0.192	0.231	3.158	0.219	0.193	0.151				156	0.153
	e	,		0	c	đ	8	ŝ	2	•	~	•	0	- 1			- 0) ac	• • •	l at	2	9	æ	ŝ	a	-	8	9	•	. .	.	, , ,	1.00	~	•	•	<u>،</u>	~ ·	-		~ '	2	.			
012 13														. .			5																													0.218
011 12	0.765	HEE O	0.227	0.064	0.219	0.126	0.214	0.161	0.188	0. 194	0-051	0.125	0. 100	121-0		460.0	0.267	0.210	0-202	0.270	0.133	0.288	0.338	0-354	0.333	0.377	0-186	0.298	0.309	755.0		0.328	0.274	0.218	0.131	0.254	0.243	0.180	0-269	181.0			202-0	800-0	0.219	0.188
210 11	0.360	0.493	0.154	0.047	0.191	0.099	1)284	0.203	0.220	0.257	0.167	0.190	107 .0			462.0	0.312	0-202	0.306	0.352	3.187	0.291	0.424	0.447	0.341	0.374	0-232	0.328	9.324		1 776	0-336	3.274	0.236	0.149	1,541	0.308	0.233	0.286	967-0	100		1.797	1.777	9.188	3.245
29 10 <	0.347	266.0	0.149	9.088	0.208	0-077	0.229	11.0	0.154	0-200	0-150	0.114				0.796	0.315	0-201	0.276	0.291	0.125	0.292	0.423	0.389	0.339	0.365	0-254	0.329	0.336	2/5-0	242-0	0.351	0.252	0-272	0.134	0.326	0-306	0.192	0-294				0.117	010.0		0.247
0 6 8	101 0	0.329	0. 193	0.352	0.283	0.095	0.258	8c1 - D	0-134	0.152	0.183	0.149	0.241	0.185		0. 282	0.266	0.206	0.152	0.213	0.195	0.267	0.311	0.339	0.301	0.350	0-207	0.270	0.284	115.0	386 5	0.346	0.302	0.257	0.202	0.267	0.263	0-225	712-0	177 D			0.777	0.247	0-250	0.201
10	0.29J	0.304	0.201	0.051	0.286	0.110	0.260		0.164	0.175	0. 161	0.127			0.181	0.273	0.269	0.187	0.205	0.250	0.126	0.355	0.341	0.357	0-309	0-344	0.189	0.294	187 0		0.291	0.362	0.290	0.226	0.151	0.283	267 D	0.185	0.255		2.14.0		0-275	0-240	0.249	0.224
נ ג	0.209	0.216	3.137	J.082	0.207	0.046	0.1.0		0.111	0-169		0.132	000-00		1.086			0.077	0.187	0.225	0.142	0.291	0.253	0.195	0.243	0-121		0	0.213		0.298	7.323	0.233	9.205	3-086 2-086	0.258	557.0	C41.0			044.0	0-226	0.298	0.224	0.243	9.212
9 9 9	3.244	0.218	161.0	0.103	0.153	0. 13 J	C77-0		50000	0,000	0.036				3.378	0.220	0.220	0.093	0.144	3.213	0-073	0.242	0. 22 1	0.182 0.182	0.188	0.121		5 7 7 ° C	0.208	1000	0.231	0.297	3.215	0. 194	0-178	967-0		C12.0	202		0.047	0.171	0.276	3.245	0.269	112-0
4 y5	-0-006	0.001	-0-086	0.135	-0-082	950-0	-0-128			171-0-	- U- 105	001 .0-			-0-057	-0-102	-0-119	- 3. 032	-0-008	-0-060	-0-091	-0.087	-0.081	-0-081	460.0-	120-0-	-0-103 -0-0-0-			-0-056	-0-05	-0.087	-0-047	-0.131	-0-036	20 0 C	000 0-	100 00	100-0-	-0.09	-0-055	-0-087	-0.107	- 0-059 -	-0-042	-0-342
נ ייד יינט							141 -0										0.142	•	-													0-197														
22 _ 3 _	0.151	0.138	0.071	0.070	0-192					0.120			0.115	0.102	0.093	0.115	0.150	0.182	0.124	0.217	0.103	0.174	0-180				111		0-187	0.140	0.166	0.169	0-139	0.180	0.294	102-0	0 220	9.22.0	0-219	0.258	0-121	0.135	0.233	0.218	0.250	0.183
91 - 2	3-016	0.066	C00 °0-	0-167			-0-047	050 0-				0.015	0.080	0-044	0-056	0.057	0.033	0.072	0-027	0.063	-0-074	120-0					100 0	-0.019	0-063	0-050	-0.001	-0-013	-0.012	110-0-	201-0		0.188	140.0	0-106	0.219	0.061	0.080	0.081	111-10	0-222	0.168
	52	5	2 1 1 1					9		- C9				99	61	69	69	10	51	21	26	ŧŗ		65		5.5	AG.		82	68	84	85	98	19		6	5.5	6	66	116	<u> 3</u> 5	96	97	-86	66	001
	051	Q 52	623				058		090			190	064	065	966	267	268	269	010	5						820	ļ				083	284	285	000	940		DEC	160	092	693	160	295	096	60	298	"
											-	. 	·	<u>_</u>			_	-		`						•	-	5	5	D				-	_											

14 4

Sec. 1

1

-85

		1			•		1					1					÷.		•	1		1									i					!			
							-										1					l					:									1			
		1							•	•						•	• i -			•		•				•	٠			•	٠					•			•
							ł		-	0	0 0		0	0	ð	0 () a	0	0 (20	Ô	0.	- a	, 0	0	0	50	. 0	0	ء م :	> a	0	0	0	0 e	> a	0	0
		1						8	63	20	2	10	5	:	23	2;	**	50	26	24	0.322	16	24		:5	26	£ ;	- 4	26	26	90	19	22	28	19	<u>^</u>	16	-	5
		ļ										ĺ					,														,								
							•	2	s n	a (N 6	2	. m		2	* *			~	2 10	0.351	~	<u>~</u> •••	- 0	e م	2	~ *	<u>, e</u>	1	~	••		~	2	÷ •	~ *		-	-
		;										ł					÷																						
						•		•	•	•				•		•	•		•		0.284	•				•				٠				٠				٠	•
		- + 2			~							1																			ł								
					1.000	0.56(0.291	0.254	0.230	0000		0.290	0-05	0-065	0.245	0.18.0	0.238	0.141	0.024	0.282	0.284	0.316	0.225	0.2.0	0.366	0.36	0.245	0.322	0.232	0-222	0.18	0.224	0.025	0.226	3.26	22.0	0.215	9.165	0-23
		!		0										1																	i								
																					0.284																		
			c	,	8	•	æ	•	~	~ 0	م يو		ŝ	8	.	~ 4	• •	. 0	0	~ =	• ••		- 4	n no	~	0	n d	- 10	σ.	20	• •		8	- 1	0,	, ⊷	. 9	9	•
																					0.243																		
	•	5	25		5	36	2	5	23			20	61	6	*	97	15	5	23		16	<u>e</u> :	† a	2	-	51	25	. <u>.</u>	8	99	2 0	-	8		ςΞ	E	5	P (2
			> ~	12	~	2	m	m •	me	N 0	* ~	n	-	0	N •	- 0		0		~~	0.21	~ •		\sim	~	rv r	N -	• •••	3	m c	> 0		~	N 1	- 0		-	- 1	4
		000		52	16	96	23	21	۸. ح	- 0		52-52	36	m (20		108	18	5		89	91		36	<u>.</u>	10 10		18	37		i H	75	23			12	27		2
						0-0	2.2	0.2			5	5					0	0.1			-		50		÷.	d r		0	0		56	0.0	0	0.0			5		5
	00	012	25	88	45	34	8	50	7	5	20	45	60	53	70	1	38	51	6.0	6.5	51	46 76	86	53	55	25	12	12	õ	70	52	98	65		<u> </u>	12	23	3.6	5
	1-0	-		0-0	0-0	0						10	5	5	50		5	0-0	5				50	0.	5			0.1	0			0-0	0.0			0.1	0-0		2
200	024	196	2	167	068	054	143	051			113	134	106	989	22	610	: 670	326	171	172	601	165 107	101	107	086	129	182	860	120			9#6	212	22	400	758) 56	650	
					•			•				۰e																											
000	*37	060	067	151	107	115		560	~ ~ ~		108	121	121	187	200	196	153	010	061	058	158	1 4 4 F	194	183	175	155	110	107	165	***	102	106	221		115	114	960	011	2
-9		66			°	.		.	.	50		6	.			3	.0	;	••	50	•	.	50	0	50	5		5	••	50	5	••	50	5 0	; ;	9	•	50	5
000	062	123	ier.	, 169	038	088	5				.046	140	147	560	200	059	028	033	511	157	8	080	110	089	087		072	056	137	410	-612	028	167	121	210	600	680	220	
		ŏċ	0	•	o'	Ó	5 e	5 e	śc	ód	0	D	.	o e	59	5	D	.		50	•		50	<u>.</u>	0	56		••		50	0	.	5 <	30	;;	5	9.	50	;
225	2	502	5	22	53	2	92	9 5	1	50	8	E	21	7.	۲¥	20	- 31	8		7	7		1 1 1	10 12			205	15	22		22	50	2		9	61	2 S 9		
	1					;											1 1				;		ł								l								
100	5	5.0	50	021	23				5	228	53		2	22		5	8	Ē		2	z		E.	2	9		5	50	5	22	124	53			10	60	5		1

19.5

1

	I					;												-						•						!								
026	27			1005						561.0	510.0		667.0	697-0	0.150				0.248	0.101	0.214	0.280	0.254	0.227	0-183	0.119	0.308	0-222	0.369	0.327	0.372	0.175	0. 195	0.318	455.0			****
025 0	26	61. O		01.0	0.055	0 257				+ C 7 • 0			717-0					0.254	192.0	0.130	0.244	0.338	0.252	0.234	0.244	0.288	0.328	0.296	0.356	0.401	0.486	0.144	0.226	0.343	0.375	906 0	116	
024 0	25		721-0	0-094	0-200	0.219	911 0								212.0	0.2.0	0.224	0.252	0.243	0.329	0.253	0.310	0.235	0.207	0.221	0.355	0.336	0.268	0.342	0.376	0.433	0.191	0.220	0.346	0.360	0.177		
023	24	100 0	0-214	0.081	5.177	9.2.18	1.133	1. 7 7 7							0-776	0.283	0.271	0.314	0.239	0.322	0.340	0.351	0.239	0.220	1.00.0	0.310	0.289	0.174	0.308	0.250	0.248	0.065	0.175	0.292	0.198	0-195	0.121	
222	23	0.150	0.158	0.118	0.243	9-269	0.149	0.222	0.774	0.147	201.00	0.151		0.163	0-229	0-353	0-268	0.291	0.265	0.296	0.342	0.355	0.242	0-230	0.103	0.286	0.268	0.139	0.322	0.193	0-196	0.111	0.133	0-230	0.167	0.200	0.191	
021	22	0.161	0.165	0.075	0.147	0.182	0.143	0-178	0.734	1-364	0-22	01.107	0 178	1.751	0.244	0.134	0.208	0.225	0.249	0-210	0.199	0.278	0.225	0.199	0.180	0.257	0.239	0.190	0.270	0-211	0.256	0.117	0.141	0. 268	0.239	3.236	0.227	
070	17	0-157	0.150	0.129	0.226	0.225	0.159	0.225	0.772	0.158	0.798	0.111	0.236	0.334	0.215	0.369	0.320	0.306	0.244	0.333	0.346	0.362	0.237	0.219	0.114	0.307	0-260	0.230	0°334	0-224	0.292	0.168	0.190	0.304	0.233	0.276	0. 294	
219	20	0-130	0.129	0.139	0.236	0.263	0.185	0.249	3.275	0 144	0.231	0.301	0.313	0.303	0.246	0-242	0.282	0.266	0.289	0.258	0.231	0.339	0-249	0.236	0.162	0.263	9.283	0.100	0-2/3	ACT • 0	242.0	\$10.0	0.105	0.271	0.231	3.228	J. 253	
617	2	0.164	0-079	0.103	0.133	0-152	0.128	0.106	0.152	3.383	0.040	0.126	0.182	0.120	0.125	0-150	0.223	0110	0.201	0.202	0-156	0.236	0.130	0.100	0-111	0.187	5/1-0	071-0					0.115	0-139	0.221	0-273	0.198	
217	19	3.018	0.073	0.073	0.074	0.095	0.114	0.146	0.150	0-070	J. 151	0. 123	0.158	0.154	0.200	0.088	0. 144	0.138	0- 190	0.061	0.067	0.114	161-0	0.080	0-120		071-0		100.0					450-0	0.152	0.132	0.094	
Q16	2	Ö	0.039	o (о́у Г	o'	o	ŏ	o	ç	o	0	ö		0	o	اہ 			00	5,	5.	;	50	5.	5	5 c		s e		5 -	5			5.		5	
Q15	2	0-067	0.123	0-126	101 -0	0-120	0.081	0-149	0.198	0.052	0.147	0.206	0.194	0.245	0.211	0.150	0.214	161-0									0,150	1.161	0.071	0.050	0.022					101-0	0.083	
014 1. 15		0.077			i												ļ						i.						ł									
		65					2;	5;	21	2	*	5	9/	21		2.5							78 .	a a	68	6	16	92	£6	9 6	95	96	10	86			2	
		790 1							5	220	3		55	21							280	280	086	087	088	089	060	160	- Z6D	093	160	095	096	140	i i i			

Lat it.

¢,		1.703 -2.764	0.310 0.310 0.310 0.463 0.546 0.546 0.290	0.247 0.247 0.247 0.247 0.247	0.2764 0.27640 0.27640 0.27640 0.2764000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
ور ور		000	1000047 0001100 00011100	82 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112
238				00000		0.0149 0.079 0.079 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.127 0.060 0.060
96			0.175 0.175 0.273 0.191 0.195	0.047 0.144 0.141 0.173 0.251	0.035 0.031 0.035 0.035 0.035 0.031 0.031	0.059
110	•					
7٤ کار			20000000000000000000000000000000000000	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		0.074 0.074 0.145 0.095 0.145 0.178 0.178 0.178 0.178 0.1210 0.1210 0.1210 0.1210 0.1210000000000
ين اف		03860 03860 03860 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	113 259 272 272 219 272	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	0.146 0.090 0.146 0.146 0.146 0.144 0.143 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.144 0.1460 0.1460 0.14600000000000000000000000000000000000
555						
35		1. 300 0. 175 0. 175 0. 140 0. 140 0. 140 0. 189 0. 189	0.126 0.126 0.255 0.126 0.195 0.123 0.123	3.078 3.727 3.155 3.155 0.190 0.236	0.255 0.197 0.197 0.124 0.177 0.177 0.177 0.177	0-172 0-172 0-194 0-194 159 0-159 0-159 0-1780 0-17800000000000000000000000000000000000
تر 3t	c					
در در	-	-00000000000	000000	000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.221 0.201 0.201 0.2255 0.2255 0.2255 0.2255 0.2255 0.2255 0.2255 0.2255 0.25550 0.25550 0.25550 0.25550 0.25550 0.25550000000000
	000. 200		018 062 099	- 029 - 002 - 008 - 102 - 191	010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010	110.0 1110.0 1110.0 1110.0 100.0
232						
11 21 21	00 T T C			- J. 71 - J. 75 - J. 15 - J. 15 - J. 15 - J. 15	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.067 0.067 0.066 0.066 0.009 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.000000
۲ ۲	000 157 111	2240 201 201 201 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	092 297 274 296 061	291 022 122 133 192 133 133 133	0.151 0.171 0.244 0.212 0.212 0.255 0.255 0.212 0.212 0.212 0.212 0.212 0.207 0.207
062						00000000000000000000000000000000000000
و در	1.000 0.474 0.131 0.03 0.03	0.142 0.1420 0.1420 0.14200000000000000000000000000000000000	0-258 0-358 0-3333 0-430 0-421 0-421	0.151 0.341 0.341 0.245 0.245	0.312 0.030 0.252 0.194 0.252 0.2538 0.194 0.167 0.167 0.167 0.167 0.167	0.121 0.021 0.221 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.225 0.221 0.220 0.22000 0.2200 0.2200 0.2200 0.2200 0.22000 0.22000 0.2200000000
6.77	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		1 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	866705 150055	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	069 137 2211 2212 2215 2215 2215 2215 2215 221
22 29	-00000	,	D OOOOO	000000		
23	1.003 0.135 0.135 0.180 0.180 0.116 0.193	0.128 0.128 0.128 0.099 0.096 0.028 0.028	0.158 0.196 0.249 0.301	0.076 0.250 0.183 0.195 0.077 0.112	0.121 0.121 0.121 0.183 0.183 0.184 0.115 0.115	0.048 1.051 0.115 0.115 0.117 0.118 0.085 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.253 0.186
027	8525228		80000000	5 - 7 - 3 S	85888885588888 1	858877777777 878807777777777777777777777
			- 			
	027 022 023 023 023 023 023 023 023 023 023		000000 11110 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110	022000 022000 022000	00200000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

T

₩ 61

28 62

			,							202			
	28	29		5	32		34	35	36	11	38	39	61
_	0.161	0.29				3.074	0.270	0.172	0-167	J. 169		0.128	0.297
•	0.211	0.18		-		-0.036	0.241	0.223	0.223	0.168		0.128	0.243
	0.144	0.315	5 0.336	5 0.237	7 0.143	0.034	0.309	0.189	7.237	0.166	0.098	0.127	3.296
-	662.6	0.28				0.011	0.265	0.213	0.276	0.182		0.103	0.341
~	0.189	0.17				3.036	0.343	0.192	0.216	0.194		1.094	3.300
~	3.230	0. 30				0.133	0.5.0	161.0	0.324	3.228		3.127	0.399
+	3.179	0.36				0.004	0.357	0-263	0.351	0.279		0.046	1.91
3 5	3.222	0.17				1.052	101-0	J. 224	3.341	3.225		0-106	0.460
	J. 191	0.32				0.082	0.312	0.209	0.308	J. 232		5113	361
~	3.240	0.34				1. 358	0.305	0.144	706.0	3.235		0.312	3.375
-	0.134	0.36				9.072	0.069	9.074	0.179	0.025		3.208	9.157
¢	201.05	0.27				0.054	0.257	0-107	3,351	3.205		0.132	0.285
0	0.226	0.24				1.968	0.208	0.129	0.241	3.146		0.151	1.294
-	J. 198	0.15				0.121	0.202	0.105	0.190	0.055		0.197	0.144
~	J.240	0.23				0.041	0.322	3.207	0.334	0.175		0.109	0.307
~	3.259	0.19				0-094	0-260	0.169	0.239	3.125		0.203	106.0
đ	0.328	0.17				0.165	0.280	0.124	0.196	3.105		0.257	9.279
ŝ	0.153	0-09				0.029	0.144	0.073	0.150	0.363		194.0	3.115
ø	0.193	0.17				0.093	0.169	0.036	0.171	190.0		0.387	3.136
-	0.297	0-20				0.073	0-276	0.141	0.235	0.123		0-152	0.255
	0.263	0.16				9.122	0.234	0-060	0.185	2.139		0.176	0.240
•	1.321	0.15				3.112	0.224	0.045	0, 193	01.07		0.183	J. 224
_	010 0					1 00 0	364 0	0110	310 0	001 0		0 160	0 107

₩ 63

•				~			~						-	•	~	~						^			•							. .		~		~
		1				:				1																										
							000	0.174	0.109	0-240	0.228	0.196	0.272	0.178	0.245	0.219	0.244	0.229	0.366	0.264	0.316	0.191	0.313	0.409	0.366	0.473	0.345	0.391	0.542	0.300	9.242	0.423	0.257	0.159	0.272	367.0
		1					1.000	0.153	0.168	0.255	0.293	0.193	0.214	0.257	0.243	0.196	0.239	1/1 °0	0.361	0.280	0.370	0.113	0.374	C.589	0.565	0.292	0.298	0-547	0-150	0.350	3. 312	0.454	0. 356	0.183	0.133	
						1.000	0.390	0.190	0.058	0.267 0.050	0.319	0.208	0.315	0.279	0.230	0.235	0.199	181.0	3.355	0.215	0.299	0.163	0.340	0.436	0.341	0.261	0.351	1 95 0	110.0	0.379	0.405	0.470	0.372	0.157	0.359 0.806	
					1-330	0.239	0.176	0.072	0.016	210-0	0.150	0.142	0-041	0-038	0.046	0.095	0.099	1.155	0.208	J. 457	0.140 0.211	J. JBE	3.173	U. 291 0. 185	0.154	0-108	0.166	0.122	0.149	0.155	3.207	0.246	5.139	0.007	0.177	
				1.000					0.014	'																									0.304	
				 	196	391	278 278	262	-0.003	000	289	302	321	183	190	143	137	275	162	150	304	123	351		116	233	276	326	244	369	108		315	334	J. 186 J. 296	
			1.030	0.455	0.129	0.348	0.274	0.354	0.008	0.033	0.282	0.274	0.353	0.228	0.292	0.163	0.181 1 165	0.299	0.318	0.171	0.271	3.212	0.439	0.343	0.408	0.332	1222	0.381	0.330	0.450	0.407	0.372	0.362	0.136	0.319	
		1-000	3.571	3.382	3.145	0.363 	0.392	105.0	0.007 -	3.087	0.318	0.272	0.333	J. 195	7.230	0.201	0.232	0.314	9.359	0.230	J. 163	1.201	0.399	0.392	3.416	3.389	0.191 181 181	0.409	14410	0.380	204-0	0.430	3.328	0.179 . 101	0.351	
		1.330 J. 504	445	254	060	215 215	153	352	0.107	056	197	169 221	265	166	176	105	130	213	221	9/8 171	232	243	348		240	174	218	24.8	209	267		255	215	7.135 7.710	0.161	
	1.030	0.214 J.301	3.356 3.773	0.262	0.071	1.241	0.189	0. 281	0.317	0.063	J. 124	151-0	0.177	J.086	0.148	0.091	0-1-0 135	0.269	3.209	0.200	3.214	0.200	202	0. 183	0.276	191.0	0.218	0. 241	0.245	0.350	0.312	0.234	0.226	0.115 7 288	0.199	
	1.000 0.310	0-340	0.447	0.325	0.097	0.234	0.193	0.305	0.060	0. 349	0.199	0- 182 0- 227	0.263	0.064 0.151	0.163	0.031	0. 132 0. 125	0.202	0.178	10-002	0.230	0.249	133	0.232	0.293	127-0	0.255	0.248	0.221	0.378	0-372	0.273	0. Z35	0.0/4 n 21a	0.155	
	1.000 0.366 0.335	0.279	0.341	0.338	0.123	247-U	0.259		- 111-0	0-120	0.277	0.209	0.248	0.163	0.242	0.182	0-107	0.235	0.272	0.256	0.302	0.146	C 282	046.0	0.440	055-0	0.297	0.396	0.373	0.358	0.459	0.363	0.332 · ·	0~270 0.346	0.332	
	0.117 -J.J99 D.053									1									•									1								
		•		6 8	20 1	. 22		•	с ж	- 21	800	09	5	- 23					i			'									3 2	86	50 8			
	242	1 2 Y			! • •		N			9				- N	ŗ	at u	2 10	~	1 100		-	2	n B	5	55	- 60	5	5	= 1) : :9 1	. 60		

 $\langle \cdot \rangle$

₩ 64

ł								1	1	1			•		1		. 1			1		
			N6 F.			1					·		1				·			1		
53	282	0.3126	8 S 2 C					ł					i i		1					•		
<u>0</u> 52		i			1			i		ł					Ì		1					
52	2000	0.12100.139																		;		
5		1						1														
15	344	242	317																			
	0000				:			ł							1							
	190	0.15	16		;										1							
,		0000													•							
	# % E 2	Sag-	6 8		;			İ							ł					i		
	0000	0000			ł			i												ì		
	~~~~	- <b>1</b> 0 0 <b>2</b>	<b>~ ~</b>					1														
	0.15 0.27 0.24 0.24	0.194 0.162 0.283 0.234	0.27					1				1										
•					:																	
47	199 196 196	0.155 0.177 0.301	.213		1										•							
,		0000	00																	2		
46	350 350 328 278	138	251					1														
· •		0000	<u>.</u> .		.!															i		
	232 146	079	<u> </u>					1		i		İ					1			• 		
						7						i I								1		
	2 9 9 9 9 9 7 9 6 7	198 218 228	181							ł								ł				
i ti o	0000	0000	00							1		ļ						į				
	- 0 vo m	9 19 1- 3 1	no yoo '			-	1			1		ļ		ļ				i i		•		
	0.00	0.070 0.125 0.217 0.174				÷	1 	ł		;			ı				1	1		ł		
-	- <b>6 b c</b>		1				1								,						1	
	5.5.9	0.147 0.282 0.282	5.0					1					ł						- - 		i	
	1		i i			ļ				ł							1		i			
573	222	165	12								:	1		:						 		
0	0000				Í			ļ		Í		Ì										
16	8538	****	100	i.		k		i Fi			Ŧ			İ						, 		
		κ.	•••	•	!.			1	• •		i.					•			1			
6	6888	0095 0995 0997	6		1			ĺ	I	ĺ	•								ł			
ø	000	00000	o'		1				1									1	1			
				· ~			<b>-</b>	~	N													
----------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------	----------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------												
.			1	;																		
5 66			į	1.000 0.159 0.162	0.179	0. 192	0.253 0.205 0.243 0.243	0.177 0.231 0.215 0.288 0.288	0.170	0.195												
65 26S			000	- 589 - 149 - 176	- 171 - 166	-218	- 229 - 170 - 148 - 235	-215 -229 -226 -272	-138 -131 -131 -212 -240 -196	0.238 0.258 0.258 0.237 0.238 0.238 0.238 0.238 0.238												
	i				,			1														
Q63 6					:					0.2229												
262 b3			1.000 1.473 0.473	0.565	0.19	0.19	0.186	0. 161 0. 260 0. 201 0. 260	0. 209 0. 209 0. 2155 0. 212 0. 264	0.155 0.196 0.155 0.155 0.155												
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	·	1,000	0.552	0.340 0.204 0.168	0.155 0.187 0.211	0.168	0.224 0.224 0.224 0.224	0.128 0.232 0.230 0.270 0.157	0.198 0.196 0.223 0.224 0.224	0.287 0.180 0.137 0.190 0.209 0.209												
61 26		. 300		- 194 - 165 - 226 - 299		341		- 247 - 379 - 388 - 388 - 388		0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.125 0.136 0.136												
60 26U		÷	161 225 160		4 1			199 335 386 386 310 310 310 310 310 310 310 310 310 310		1129 1137 1137 1137 1137 1137 1137 1137 113												
151					0000																	
Q58 59			0.00		0.183 0.237 0.244		0.189 0.189 0.235 0.235	0.213 0.291 0.323 0.323 0.123 0.123 0.123	0-302 1-632 0-228 0-141	0 1112 0 1112 0 112 0 br>0 112 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0												
257 58	1. 200	0.288 0.268 0.268	0.203 0.219 0.166	0.196 0.164 0.255 0.296	0.377 0.374 0.377 0.126	0.328	0.323 0.323	9.277 9.295 9.384 9.331	0.270 0.270 0.270 0.215 0.215 0.215	0.233 0.275 0.275 0.275 0.275 0.275 0.275												
256 57 2	1.000 0.083	0.025 0.016 0.021 0.119	0.127 0.128 0.108	0.096 0.067 0.063 0.063	0.054 0.072 0.147 -0.043	0-125	0.110	0.087 0.117 0.052 0.052 0.093	0. 058 0. 195 0. 125 0. 244 0. 244	0.192 0.092 0.1139 0.167 0.167 0.246 0.246 0.219												
Q55 56	1.000	0.240 0.240 0.303 0.121	0. 108 0. 183 0. 100	0.059 0.175 0.234 0.294	0.269 0.269 0.298 0.249	0.359 0.204 0.273		0- 33 0- 869 0- 809 0- 801 0- 801 0- 801 0- 801	0.321 0.147 0.255 0.259 0.135 0.135	0. 215 0. 160 0. 196 0. 199 0. 199 0. 124 0. 124												
254 - 55 (-0.092 0.560 0.560	-0-028 -0.028 0.140	0, 129 0, 129 0, 123	0.098 0.027 0.088 0.054	0.116 0.050 0.109 -0.080	-0-014 0.089 0.150	0.102	0.0041	0.178 0.178 0.119 0.215 0.215	0.174 0.214 0.086 0.157 0.157 0.157 0.215 0.215												
053 54 2	1.000 -0.436 -0.227 -0.227 -0.125	0.220	0.069	0.105 0.105 0.161	0. 151 0. 151 0. 169 0. 216	0-306 0-202 0-149 0-260	0.219 0.194 0.219	0.294 0.294 0.289 0.210	9.2.4 3.742 3.177 9.123 9.188 0.188	0.134 0.1067 0.067 0.087 0.132 0.132 0.132 0.090 0.080												
a		5 5 5 5 5 7		69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 6	8265	52- 52- 52-	748 80 81 81 81 81		88 96 97 97 97	93 94 95 99 99 99 99 99 99 99												
	0556		266 266 266 266 266 266 266 266 266 266	00000	010 070 072	073 870 870	100	288325 58835 59835 59835 59835 5983 5983 5975 5975 5975 5975 5975 5975 5975 597	061 687 687 687 687 687 687 687 687 687 687	00000000000000000000000000000000000000												

0.268 0.339 0.339 0.292 0.292 0.292 0.228 0.228 0.228 0.233 0.153 0.153 0.241 0.273 0.2755 0.2755 0.2750 0.2750 0.2750 0.2750 0.2750 0.275 $\begin{array}{c} 1, 2, 0, 0, 255\\ 0, 255\\ 0, 287\\ 0, 287\\ 0, 288\\ 0, 284\\ 0, 292$ 1.00 ž Ē 1.000.2249 2.2000.2249 2.2000.2249 2.2000.2244 2.2000.2244 2.2000.2245 2.2000 $\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 0.00\\ 0.\ 295\\ 0.\ 114\\ 0.\ 114\\ 0.\ 295\\ 0.\ 295\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 285\\ 0.\ 286\\ 0.\ 288\\ 0.\ 164\\ 0.\$ 06.7

_

Na Na

67

1					Ţ							:	1		. 1			ł	
92	1								0.440 0.373 0.396 0.389	i :									
61 59				:	0.5	38	38	255	0.327 0.278 0.337 0.289										:
06C 06				UUU UUU	387	405 334	346 194	190	106 334 334										i i
690	•							;								i			
298 a9	ŗ			00	• F •	4 0 i	25		0.113 0.113 0.118 0.118	•									ų
88			0	N N 1	4 m c	~~ ~ ·	0 0	200	0.158 0.158 0.197 0.167					1		,			
37 287			303 135	352	247	349 278	318 204	163 282	246 268 211	. 00				000					
2 86						66	<u>.</u>			299 1			c	-					
285 86		1. 00	0- 10 0- 20	0.27	0.28	20	0.27	0.14	0-266	293 99				0.674					
a Si Si					• • •				0.327 0.327 0.347	86			1.000						,
94 24	0	2 9 9 C	52	340	525	2.5	ŝŝ	36.3	0.281 0.281 0.310	6C 16			1.003 0.625 0.635	5 af 0 40					
83 283	000	582 389	409 134	407 338	261 129	2 1 1 1 1 1	429 233	162	381 375 375			000	106 106	546					
282				<u>۵</u> ,		500		00	5999	567		<u>, </u>		, d					l I
81 82	1.000	0. 395	0. 294	0.279	0. 301	0. 262	0. 157	0.185	0.257	94 95	ı	1.000	2 2 2	23				I	
81. 04	1.000 0.459 0.398 0.398	- 2 2 2	523	20	:25	:8:	듀얼	55	3333	67 86	50	0.395	202	56		1			
090 00	408 427 0									293	28	17 6 X	5.56	10		I I I		ļ	
079 1.	-0000		000		50	Soc		ĊŎ	665	092 9.	1-0	000		1 0		1		:	•
. 8	9 6 9 9 9 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 8	581	88 88				(#) 	8 5	98 99 100		\$6	285	86	100.		1	•		,
61	082 087 087		8 6 (88	\$ [25	28	35	99		92 57	960 960 960	:58	56		÷		İ	:

•

(This page intentionally left blank)

APPENDIX C

10 M S

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" (Varimax Rotation)

يى بى ب

1 ...

(This page intentionally left blank)

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" (Varimax Rotation)

...........

AST STR

076 77 0.681 0.0 079 81 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 99 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 90 0.0 0.0 079 0.0 0.0 0.0	24 4 6 0	303000000000000000000000000000000000000			8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	~~~~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	••••••••••••••••	
		99999999999999999999999999999999999999			8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9			
		90000000000000000000000000000000000000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*****	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	9900009999999999		
			ac a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
					: 90 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
		20000 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97			: 80 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
		900000 0000000000000000000000000000000						
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		: 6 6 / 6 6 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 6 7 / 7 7 / 6 7 / 7 7			
			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	~~~~~~~~~~	6 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7			
		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			: 6 6 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	000000		
			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	0000		
		9799996 979996		*****	: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0000		
		9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	999	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
		9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0000000000		3 268 3	•••	0000000	
		9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	000000000		0 268 3	0-	000000	-
	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9			268 J		00000	
	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0000000		0		0000	
		9 M M 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000				000	
		000000	00000		0	0	0.0	
		00000	0000		•	0.	с с	
		0000	000	0.0	0	•	>	
25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25			0.0		0	••		!
				0	· 0	•	0.0	
25 0.0 0.25 26 0.0 0.25 36 0.0 0.25 37 0.0 0.0 36 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 56 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 58 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 58 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 58 0.0 0.0 59 0.0 0.0 51 0.0 0.0 52 0.0 0.0 53 0.0 0.0 54 0.0 0.0 55 0.0 0.0 53 0.0 0.0 54 0.0 0.0		, ,	•	• •	0	•	0.0	
25 0.0 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 0.0 42 0.0 0.0 0.0 55 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 0.0					0	•	0-0	
25 0.0 0.0 36 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 53 0.0 0.0 54 0.0 0.0 55 0.0 0.0 56 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0 58 0.0 0.0 59 0.0 0.0 50 0.0 0.0 57 0.0 0.0		7 2 0				••		,
28 0.0 0.0 37 0.0 0.0 65 0.0 0.0 65 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 74 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0								
36 0.0 0.0 0.0 53 0.0 0.0 0.0 65 0.0 0.0 0.0 65 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 74 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 0.0 0.0 0.0		1 6 70						
47 0.0 0.0 0.0 66 3.0 0.0 0.0 67 3.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 74 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 74 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 74 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 74 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0			÷					
61 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.			- 17t		~ .		٠.	;
66 3.0 65 0.0 67 0.0 73 0.0 73 0.0 73 0.0 76 0.0 76 0.0 76 0.0 76 0.0 76 0.0 76 0.0 76 0.0 70 00 000 0000000000			۷.			•	0.0	
65 0.0 0.0 0.0 62 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0								
62 7.0 0.0	0.0	, a						
64 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 76 0.104 0.0 0.0 0.0 67 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 75 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	c .o			5				-
73 0.0 0.1		0						
32 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 61 0.104 0.0 0.2 0.2 61 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 62 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 73 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	*					•		
76 0.304 0.0 0.2 <th0.2< td="" th<=""><td>ć</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th0.2<>	ć							
59 0.0 0.0 23 0.0 0.0		0.0				- î		
23 0-0 0-0 23 0-0 0-0	0.0		-uu			::		*
23 0.0 0.0	2.5					677 -		
	0.0		0			° c	. 655	
24 0.0	0.0	_	0.				2.607	
21 0-0	51	0	.0	0.0	0		•	
55 0.0 0.0 3.		0	.0 0.	0.0	. 0			
57 7.0			· 0 0 ·	0.0.		.0	• ° •	
	0-259	0.0		0 J.	.0 0.	••	0.0	
	C *D	0.0	-0-	0 0.	° °	0.	0-0	i.

#71

12

																	1 • •										1														
0	0.0	0.0	0-0		0-0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••			905.0	0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0.447		0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0		•••		0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0
đ	0.0	0.0	0-0		0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0			0-0	0.0		0-0		0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	33	0.416	007-0	18	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	200	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	5	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0				0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.500	0.0	0-0	0.0			0-0	0-0	0.0	0.333	0		0.258	0.0	0-0	0-0
-	0.0	0-0	•••		0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0			0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0		0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0
٠	0-0	0-0	•••		0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0					0.0	0-0	0.0	0.431	0.0	0.470	0.0		0.0	0-0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.297	0-0	0-0	0.483
Ś	0-0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.252	0.0	٠.	0-0	Ť.	0-0				0.322	0.376	0.0	0.0		0.386	. 0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0										0-0	0.0	0-259	0.0
1 2 4	0.0	0.0	•••	0.354	0.0	C*0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0-0	c-o	010		0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.274	0-377		0.0	0.0	0-0	0°.)		0.0	0.267	c •0	0.291	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0-0	0-0	÷.				0.0	0.0	0-320	0.0	0.0	0.0		0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0		50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2
2	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0				0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0.0	0	0.0	0.325	0		0-0	0-0	0.341	0-0	0.0	0.484		0-0	0-0	0-0	
	0-0	0.0	00		0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.259			0.0	0.0	0.0		0.438	0.295	0	0-0	0.0	0.282	0.280	0.0	0.451	90 1 0	0.390	0.0	0.0	0.502		0.0	0.0	0.322	0.302	0.336	0.0
İ		7			5	2	2	2	32	91	2	50				2 v	, a	•	ø	67		2	22	8 1		22	51	5		200	87	19 H	6.8			56		42	26	2	₽ :
1	-	<u>,</u>		:	1	2	2		5	12	-	g .	- 1	•			5			: 21	21		5	5		22	8		2 2		2	5	20	2 2	1		2	5	52	₽	

્યુક

「「「「」」」を、「「」」、「」、」、「」」、「」、「」、」、

- 8 d av

.

いいち あいい いちょうい

ļ

7.3

				ļ						;					i			0	ļ		:	i							1				·i			,		1			
																		7											1				****								
8	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	-			0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0			.0-0	0.0		0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0-0	0.0	00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
5	0-0	0-0	0.0				0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0		0-0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	•••	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	00	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0		0.0	0.0		
18	0.0	0.0	0.0			0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0 0 0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	n n	0.0	0.0	0°0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	
17	0-0	0.0	0-0			0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0-0		0.1	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0-0	0,0		0.0	0-0	•••		
16	0.0	0.0	•••			0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0			0.0	0.0	0,0		0-0	ۍ. م		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0*0	0-0											0.0	
15		٠	•	٠				٠	•		٠	•									0.0	•																		0.0	
#	0-0	0-0				c .0	0.0	0-0	0.0	C-0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0-0		0.0	c • 0	0.0		0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			c •0		9.9	0.0	5 ° 0			0-0	0.0	0.0	
[]	0-0							0-0	0.0	0-0			0.0	0-0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0.0		0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0		0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0			0-0	
12	0.0			0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0			0-0	0-0	0-0		0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0			0-0	0-0	•••		0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	50	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0-0	0.796	0.762	
11	0-0			0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	5			0.0	0-0		20	0-0	0-0		0.0	0-0		0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0		0.0				0-0	
	53		;r	- 1	11		66	100				2		٥	2:	20	34	29		32	21	26	12	8Z		5	99	: 	4 4	78	90 7 4 7 4	ę		5		51	55			39	
	0,76 0,40			071	070	160	960	660				60	07	98	210	510	233	228		034	029	025	024	120	036	962	065 2		063	110	281	259	060	538	023	220	254	056		0 3 8	

Seit State Chart State

Links

74

		2	2	:	5	e	-	8	61	20	
	0-0	0-0	0.757	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	
			0.756	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
				0.633	5						
68	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.585		0.0					1
11	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.752	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
15	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.656	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	
19	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.641	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.718	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
32		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.612	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	
. 16	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.758	0.0		0.0	1
18	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.741	0.0	0		
95	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.582			
~	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0		0.104			-0.662		
4											
									070*0		
										790.0	
2	20			0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	
.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	
	0-0	-0.255	0"0	0.0	0-0	0"0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	
۪ڡ	0.0	0,0	0.430	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	
67	c. 0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.449	0-0	0.110	
- 11	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0_0	0.0	ì
	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	
. 40	0.0	0°0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	
22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0		0.0	
36	i	0.493 .	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0		0-0	
61.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	C = 0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0	0.0	
80	0.0	0.0	- 0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
23	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0-0	
51	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.310	0.0	
63	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	
84	0-0	0"0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0	
85	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	
- 36	0.0	0.0	3.6		0.0						
87	0,0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0						
BL	0-0	0.261	0.297	0.0	0.0	0.0					
69	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0			101 0			
00	0.0										1
68										0.0	
	2	> c > c		20				1 - 5 - 0	0°0	0°0	
	> c		5 e 5 e	5				.	0.0	0.0	
							0.0	0.0	0.315	0.315	
		5		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	
8	-0-397	0,0	0"0	0-0	0-0	0.0	f .	0"0	0-0	0.0	
14	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	(216-0)	0-0	0.0	0.0	
	0-0	r .	J. D	0.0	C*D	0.313	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
88	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.)	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0,0	
									,,,		

All Contractions

j.

4.9



																																			•												-					
FACTOB 23			٠	٠		0-0	٠			٠	٠									•			•						1.			٠	•					٠		٠		٠		•				•	• •	•		
PACTOP 22		•	•	•	٠	0-0	٠	•	•	•			٠	•	•		•	•	•				•	•								•	•						٠				•				. •	•				
PACT03			٠	٠	٠	0-0	٠	٠		٠			٠					•							٠				1						٠												٠.				-	
		•	70	6	68	2:	£ :	5		32	16		95	~	67	13	20	ŝ	46	~	9	67	74	47	40	22	38	79	80	53	51	83	a 6	85	86	81	88	58	06	5	92	63	64	4 7	56	14	51	87	58			
	60	~	9	۰وب	۰	910			n (m ,		-	ch.		\$	~	.	4	045	٠	so.	۰	~	3	~	021	m.		~ .	ŝ,	ŝ	60 I	60	80 (80	യ		•		ጉ	m 1	σ	а.	at 1	n.	•	12	4	ŝ	I		

60.25

1

THE ABOVE FACTOR LOADING MATRIX MAS BEEN REAFEANGED SJ THAT THE COLUBUS APPEAF IN DECREASING ORDEE OF VARIANCE Eiplained by factors. The Rows maye peer reafranced so that ful rach successive factor. LCADINGS GREATER THAN 0.5000 APPEAR FIRST. LOADINGS LESS THAN 0.2500 MAYE BEEN KEPLACLD BY ZERO.

-'

- ⁻ - -1

_

i,

76 R

,

1

.....

.

ł

.

.

APPENDIX D

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" (Quartimax Rotation)

(This page intentionally left blank)

10.01

?

13.

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" (Quartimax Rotation)*

SOUTED BOTATED PACTOR LOADINGS (PATTERN)

2

			2	-	\$	5	v	7	80	6	10	
100	50	0.788	0-0	3.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0*0	0-0	0-0	0-0	
2)	r1	0.758	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
: :						0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	50						0.0	c •0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0.660	0.0							0-0	0.0	
1	98	0.651	0-0							0.0	0.0	
5	4	0641	0.0	0.0							0.0	
۲ ۲		0.636	0.0	0.5						0.0	2.67.0	
5	2	0.635	0.0							0.0	0.0	
		0.632	0.0							0.0	0.0	
11	5	019.0	0-0				5			0.0	0.0	
3		0.621	0-0						0.0	0.0	0.0	
2	80	0.619	0.0						0.0	0.0	0.266	
		0.615							0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0-604							0-0	0.0	0.0	
		0.586	0.0						0.0	0.0	0.0	
	2	0 585	0-0				a (0-0	0.0	0	
	5							0.0	0-0	0.0	0.318	
	6	6770					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
2	; ;	0 567						0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	
2	3	0.558	0.0						0.470	0.0	0.0	
		155-0	0-0						~	0.0	•	
2	1	0.553	0-0							0.0	0.0	
2	53	0.553	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0						
2	82	0.551	0-0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0.0				
2 !	-	0.548	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0		
2 I		0.544	0.0	0-0	c • 0	0.0	-0.393	0-0	0.0	0-0		
2 1	5 (5) (0.532		٠	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	
22	29		0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	
1		201.0	0.745	2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	
2			20.40				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	
	10	264.0	0.601				0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	
	-		0.598						0.0	0-0	0.0	, ; ; ;
1	52	0.384	0-0	3.701						0.0	0.0	
2	26	0. 380	0.0	0.697	0-0	0.0						
2	25	0.395	0-0	0.670	0-0	0.0						
2	87	0. 302	0.0	0.637	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	5		
2	:	0. 489	0.0	•		0-0	0.0	0-0	0-0			
	2	0.499	0.0	5.0	10	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0		0.0	
	2'	0.47	0.0			0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0		0-0	
	•			0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	
. 5					^ .	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	
13					0°.0	0.731	0.0	0-0	0.0		0.0	
				• 3		0.127	0.0	0.0	0-0		0.0	
5	20	0.296				969*0		0.0	0° 0	0.0	0.0	
					5				0.0		0-0	
	55						0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	,											

 \mathbf{n}_{i}

79

cz %0

57 0.0		5 6	2	8	6	10
5. 0.1% 0.0 <td>-0</td> <td>E7 - 0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td>	-0	E7 - 0	0-0	0-0	0.0	
	••	-0.63	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0-0	0 0.0	Š.	0-0	0.0	
	•		Ē	0-0	0-0	
			2.	0.0		٠
31 0.433 0.01				0.550		•
23 0.443 0.0 <th0.0< td="" th<=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.536</td><td></td><td>•</td></th0.0<>				0.536		•
				0.527		•
1 1			0.0	0.516		
N 0.0				0.0	0.749	
17 0.316 0.0 <th0< th=""></th0<>			0.0	0.0	0.749	
16 0.464 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>• •</td>			0.0	0-0	0-0	• •
11 0.0	0.0					
12 0.0	0.0					20
11 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 15 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 16 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 17 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 17 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 17 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 18 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 19 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 19 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 19 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 10 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 11 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 12 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 13 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 14 0.0 0.0 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>						•
19 0.41 0.0 0						• *
19 0.10 0						٠
61 0.415 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
59 0.189 0.0 <td></td> <td>5</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0.0</td>		5	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0
79 0.14 0.10 0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
75 0.139 0.10			0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0
Z3 0.449 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0.0</td>			0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0
Zi 0.149 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
21 0.449 0.0 3.0 0.1 0.0 <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td>	0.0		0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0
21 0.444 0.0 0.1 0.0 <th0.0< td="" th<=""><td>0.0</td><td>0</td><td>0.0</td><td>0-0</td><td>0-0</td><td>0-0</td></th0.0<>	0.0	0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0
70 0.1332 0.0 <th0< th=""></th0<>	0.00	•	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
79 0.110 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>			0-0	0-0	0.0	0.0
68 0.492 0.0 <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>		0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7 0.1 0.0			0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0
5 0.0			0.0	0.264	0.0	0.0
73 73 74 94 <		- -	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
91 0.251 0.0 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>D.C</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>			D.C	0.0	0.0	0.0
3 0.467 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>.</td> <td>.</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td>			.	.	0.0	0-0
1 0.110 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.113 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.113 0.10 0.10 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.113 0.127 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.113 0.127 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.127 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.127 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.127 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.143 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.199 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.143 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.199 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.1449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.19 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1 0.1449 0.0 0.0 0.0		-	0.0	0	0.0	c •0
38 0.103 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>.</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>			0.0	.	0.0	0.0
22 0.1513 0.0 0.138 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7 0.1513 0.0 0.138 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 91 0.451 0.0 0.10 0.10 0.0 0.0 0.0 93 0.451 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 93 0.453 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 94 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 96 0.449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 96 0.449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 96 0.449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 97 0.449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 97 0.449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 98 0.449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 97 0.10 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 99 0.449 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0,0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td>			0.0	0,0	0-0	0-0
7 0.139 0.136 0.1			0.0	.	0.276	0-0
91 0.150 0.0 0.256 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.156 0.0 0.157 0.0 0.155 0.0 0.0 0.157 0.0 0.157 0.0 0.157 0.0 0.0 0.157 0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9 0.413 0.0 0.0 0.257 0.0 93 0.413 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.257 0.0 93 0.413 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 93 0.413 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 26 0.413 0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-0.256</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>.</td>			-0.256	0.0	0.0	 .
35 0.472 0.390 3.0 0.0<	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
93 0.472 0.390 3.0 0.0<	J D		7.0	0.0	0.0	0.343
20 0.445 0.0 0.1 <td>0.0</td> <td> 0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>	0.0	 0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0
12 0.442 0.0 <td>456 0.(</td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>	456 0.(0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0
96 0.0 0.10 0.	149 0.(0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0
58 0.480 0.0 <td></td> <td>.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0-0</td> <td>0-0</td>		.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0
	0 °.(0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0
		0	7.0	D - D	0.0	
	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0-0	
	3 0.0	0	0-0	C-0	0.415	0-0

6 8 8 - 2

 \mathcal{A}

10.00

Care Spece

Server Devil

1E

Service States

AN

81

	-							-										•~									••	-		-										-	
•																													-												
20 -	0.0	0.0		0	0-0	•••			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0		000		0.0	0.0		• •	0.0									0.0
19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••			0.0	0.0	•••			0.0	0-0		0.0		0.0	0.0	0-0				0.0		0-0	0.0		0.0							0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7 AL [UE	0.0	c.0		0.0	0.0	0°0		0.0	0.0	c •0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0-0		0.0	0-0	C*0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0 ° °		0.0	0-0		0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0			0.0	0-0	0.0		0.0
17	0-0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.401	0.0	-0.323	~ ~ ~		0.501	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		-		0-0	0.0	0.0	00		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
16	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0					0.0						0.0					0.0		0.0							0-0			0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0
15	0.0	0,0		0.0	. .0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0-0			0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.328		0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0		0 . 0			0.0
#	0-0	0,0		0.0	°-0		0.0	•	0-0				0-0		÷.	.	• -								٠		, ' ,		0-0		0.0	0-3	0.0	0-0		0.0	0-0	c •0		0.0	0-0
11	0-0	•		0.0	0.265		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0-0				0.0	0-0		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	c.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0		0.0	0.0
12	0-0		0.0	0.0			0.0	0-0	0.0			0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0-0	0-0	0-0		0.0	c-0	0.0			0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0
11	0-0		0.0	0.0			0.0	0-0	0:0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0			0.0	0.0	0-0		0-0	0-0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0		0.0	0-0				0-0	0-0	0°0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2)	6 E	18	22		9 -0 9	F	92	1 0		80	32	82	87	0			90) 1 1 1	06	51		64	56	68		56	100	- 6		56 5	25	- 58 - 78		2 #	5		6	66	33		5 2
				051			673	075	282	0110	620		681	990	670		520	5	269	010			255	880	R/0	960	660	096	540	025	120	120		510 512	80	01	C62			5	6 2#

5× 42

a. 4. 4

27470.

1.10

	!	2	14	5	36	11	18	61	20	
	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0		0°0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0.0	
	0.0	2010							0.0	
	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0	0-0	•	9 . 5	0-0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	C " O		0.0	0.0	0.0	
			.	•••	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
									-	
	0.0	0.0	0-0		0					
	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0		0.0	0-0	0-0	
	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0		0.0	0.0		
	0.0	J. 0	0-0	0.0	0.0		0-0	0-0		
	0.0	0.0	0-0	0-0	0.0		0.0	0-0		
	0.0		0-0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		
	8 tr. 0		0-0	0-0	0.0		0.0	0.0		
	~ *		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0		
	ũ.							0.0		
		8 V								
	0.0									
	0-0	le	۶ř	0.0						1
	0.0		~	0-0	0.0		0-0	0.0	0-0	
	0.0		0.0	5	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
			0-0	ខ្ល	0.0		0-0	0-0		•
	00			N c	20					
	0°D		0.0	0.0	29			0.0		
	0.0		0-0	0.0	0.531	•		0.0		
	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.664	0.0	0-0	
								0.665	0.0	
							•			
	-0-253	0.0	0.0	0.0			• •	0.0		
	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	C • C			0.0	3.294	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	٠		0.0	٠	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	•		0.331		
								0.0		
	-0-0-0								•	1
	0-0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0					
	0-0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	•		0.0		
	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0-0			0.0		
	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0		
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			-0.316	•	
	0.0	J. 0	0.0	0-3	0-6			- 0°0	1.	
		0,0	0.305	0-0	0.0			0.0		1
			Ş	,	0.0			0.0	٠	
	1									•
Ì		-	ĺ					÷		

All some first

······



olles have

1644.5

Surviv NB

1 A 4

		racton	PACTOR	PACTOR				-				
		17	27	23								
026	57	0-0	0-0	0.0			-					
		0.0	0.0	0-0								
030	5											
650	86	0.0	0.0	0.0								
650	n i	0-0	0-0	0,0								
												ł
028	29	0.0	0-0	0								
2	3	0-0	0.0	0-0								
60	.	0.0	0.0			1	1		i I	•		1 -
980	. F											
035	90	0	0-0									
032	33	0.0	0.0	0.0								
5	32	0-0	0-0	0.0								
	F ¥	0.0	0.0	0.0	: : : :				1 : 1			
	<u> </u>											
059	60	0										
000	61	0-0	0-0	0.0								
058	59	0-0	0-0	0-0								
C10 C10	9 g	0.0	0.0	0.0			-			 		
022	23		0.0									1
023		0-0	0-0	0.0								
020	12	0.0	0-0	0.0								
144	24	0-0	0.0	0.0								,
067	89	0.0	0.0									
6	, n	0.0	0-0	0.0	i i		•	•	•	•		
2	۰ţ	0	0.0	0.0								
7 a 6 0	55	0.564	0	0.0					•		-	y
680	- 25	0.0	0.548	0.0								8
042	543	0-0	0-0	0.0								ę
087	88 22		00	0.0							•	3
		0									r	1
060	91	0.251	0-0	0.0								
100	5 1	0.0	0.0	0.0								
610	20											
5	12	0.0	0.0	0.0								
260	96	0-0	0-0	0-0								;
2	58	0-0	0.0	0*0	i						•	
510		0-0	0-0									
3	••	0.0		0.0								
	47	20.582		2-815	7.675	2 601	356 6	83C C				
		1.796	1.794	1.735	1.685	1.652	1.586	1.540	1- 413	1. 357	1.819	
		- 6ZE.L	1.231	1, 185							APC	
THE AL	NOVE FACTO	THE ABOVE PACTOR LOADING MATRIX Ziplined by pactors. The bous	- 2 3	DAVERVER ES	TED SU THAT	THE COLUMN	S APPEAF IN	DECREASIFS	ORDER OF VI	IBI ANCE		
TBAR	0-5000 AP	PEAR FIEST.	28.	LESS TRAK	1. 2500 BAVE	BEEN REPLA	CED BY ZERO.	FACTOR, LOA	NE BEEN BERRERANGEN OU INNI FUE BACH SUCCESSIVE FACTOR, LOADINGS GREATER 165 less train 0.2500 have been replaced be less.	8		

*The number in parentheses shows the 99-item varimax factor corresponding to each 99-item quartimax factor: 1 (1); 2 (2); 3 (5); 4 (3); 5 (7); 6 (11); 7 (12); 8 (4); 9 (13); 10 (6); 11 (16); 12 (15); 13 (9); 14 (17); 15 (10); 16 (14); 17 (8); 18 (19); 19 (22); 20 (20); 21 (18); 22 (21).

A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE

APPENDIX E

or a second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s

والكرائية والمعادية والمرامية المالية المالية والمرابعة المالية والمرابعة والم

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 49 Selected Items from the "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" (Varimax Rotation)

(This page intentionally left blank)

والأعمد والمعادة والمتلافة المتحالية والمناور

ł

Ν,

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 49 Selected Items from the "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" (Varimax Rotation) *

TWE VP FOM EACM FACTOR IS THE SUM OF THE SOUARES OF THE ELEMENTS OF THE COLUMN OF THE FACTOR PATTERN MATRIX **Compresonding to t**hat factor. When the rotation **is** orthogonal, the VP is the variance explained by the factor.

۴.

. .

~@~\$\@¥	•	FACTOR 1	FACTOR 2	FACTOR 3	FACTOR 4	FACTOR S	FACTOR 6	FACTOR 7	FACTOR 8	FACTOR 9	FACTOR 10
****	-	0.778	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0*0	0.0	0.0
		0.774	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ňe e	1	6.744	0	0.0.	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
••			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0
		0	0.873	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
			C 9 2 9	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	97770	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N I	ί.		0	0.781	0.0	0	0.0	- 0 0	0.0	0.0	•••
ne fi				0.754			•••	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••
9 J				5c/ 0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6 4	6 =				0.055	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	•••
• •				0.0	0.774	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	n -			0.0	1410	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				•••		0.826	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	•••
e i			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.821	••	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0
n i	•	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.605	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0.0
n	•	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.873	0.0	0.0	0"0	0.0
•	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.849	0.0	0.0	0"0	0.0
'n	ŝ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.772	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.628	0.0	0.0	0
•		0.0	. 0*0 -	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.599	0.0	0.0	0.0
m	~	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	."	0.0	0.0
M	•	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.833	0.0	0.0
		G.0		- 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ಿ	۰.	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0"0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0"0	0.741	0.0
-		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	٩.	0.0
		0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0.0	5
		0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.613
~		0.257	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
¢.	••	0.277	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ĩ	•	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
ŝ		0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		
Ĩ		0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0					
m		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
	~	0.0	0.0	0.0							
Ň	-	0.0	0.0	0	0						
N			0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Ĩ		0.0	0-0-	0.0							
Ĩ		0.0	0.0	0 0	0.0						
ř		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0) C - C	, c
۰.		0.294		0.0		0.0	0.0				> c > c
		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				• • •
Ť		0.291		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			> C	> c
-		0-0		0-0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				> c	> c > c
ñ		0.0		0.0	0.0) C			> c > c
			0	0.0	0						
ð		0.0	0.0	0 0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0		

Se le

***** 87

FACTOR 20	0"0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••		0	0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0
FACTOR 19	•••	0.0				0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	•••		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	•••			0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0.0	•••			0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0-0	0.0	104.0) a	0.0
FACTOR 18	0.0	0.0			0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	20		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.273		0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	0	0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0.0	•••				0.0	0.712	-0.612		>0	0.0
FACTOR 17	0.0	0-0			0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0-0	•••		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0-0	•••	-		0.854	0.601	0.0	0.0			0.0
FACTOR 16	0.0	0 •0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	, .	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0	0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0.	•		0	0.0	•••			0.0	0.0	0.0	•••		, o	0.0
FACTOR 15	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0*0	•••	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.787			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0)))	0.0
FACTOR 14	0.0	•••	-		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	000		0.0	•••	•••		•	0,762	•••			0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	20		0.0
FACTOR 13	0.0	0.0	3 C		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••		0.0	0.0	د . 0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.820	0.0	0.0	•••			0.0	0.0	0.0	•••		> 0	0.0
FACTOR 12	0.0	•••			0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0			0.0	0.0	0.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.0	0.319			0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.772	0.752		0	0.0	•••			0.0	0.0	0.0	•			. 0.0.
FACTOR 11	0.0	•••			0.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0			00	9.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0		0.787	0.750	0.0	•••		0.0	0.0	•••			0.0	•••	0.0	•••	->->		0.0
	11	5	20	(5	•	100	27	82	0	e u # 1		3	5	ŝ	=	5	51	52	; ;	1	61	5	•	92	82	= :			5	32	25		9	10	5	•		;"	, 5	13.1
		•	'. A -			•			. م																							·							•	
	976					E	926	53	S					20						19	818			12	ĩ	2			22	531	528		12		3	Ē				218

 \Box

201

Sec. mai

-

													-		-				5		•	8	C	7													
																				~		0		•													
								ı.																													
								-																													
																,		;																			
ACTOR 23			•		> 0		• •) 0	0			• •		•			• •	: • •) 		• •		• •		•	• •	0	• •		• •		0	• •			
FAC		0 0	•	••					0				0	á		4	••			• d		• •		••	; ;	•	• •		.		••			° (
e .								1				40	!	,				;		ł															01		
FACTOR 22			0.0	0 0 0 0		0.0			0.0			0			•••	0.0	•••		0.0		0			0 ° °		•		0.0	•••	•	•••		0.0	6 c			Ň
-					I			;						:		1				;																	
ACTOR 21		• •	•	• •		•	•••		0		•	99		٩	••	0	٩e			• •	•	•		•	??	•		•	0, 6	. •.	•••			0.0		•	14
4	•	00	•	0 4	• •	•	• <	• •	9	• •	0	90	0	•		9	• •	-	0	9 9		• •		00	0	91	20	0	0 6	••	• •	> 0	0	00		•	
	;		2	28		00		30	9			: 8 6	e :		<u> </u>	. 49	53	1	0	<u> </u>	- m	25		01	5	5		23	0 4	20	• •	u g	5	<u>و</u> ،	(28	r r	
		_		2	-	ž							•	, •								-							-		~	-	-	•			
	;		2	25		8	2 C	22	<u>ي</u>	1	90	, 190	26	-	12	43	8 S	10	2	5	8	25	•	5		2:	:2	2:	<u>.</u>	0	2:	. 2	22	: 2	272	•	
	ć	Ó	a) I	эğ	ġ	9			ă d	ā	đ č	5) 				9	0 0	ā	00	ð	ŏì	o đ	ø				0		5 a :	ŏ	ð ð	ōā	ð ð	53		•	•
			1		1		1					;		į		•				ł							:		l								

<u>í</u>

Statist.

1.85

a . . .

(This page intentionally left blank)

APPENDIX F

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" for the Half Sample (Varimax Rotation)

91

No. A.

こうし しんてい ちょうちょう

(This page intentionally left blank)

.

The Sorted Rotated Factor Loadings of the 99 Item "Soldier Opinion Questionnaire" for the Half Sample (Varimax Rotation) *

SORTED ROTATED FACTOR LOADINGS (PATTERN)

- البعين

	~	m	÷	ŝ	6	1	8	6	1
1.498	Ċ		•	ج م	•	e r		•	
2.679					•) () •	
3.645	Ċ	Ţ	•	1 L- 1 - 3					
- 1645 -		2.1.						5.0	
			' .	: • 1			. •7	C •0	
2.614	. , •					• •		0.0	1
.0.6				3	•	с. с.		C.0	
1.5 23			•		.,			0	
2	2+849			, •					
 	118-			C.C.					
	5.173	;•;		•				0.00	
	.C.73L	17 • 17		, , , ,		3			
	0.647							0.0	
242	. 2.573	, , • ,		 C					
د. •	C.∎C	1.718	• · ·	? !	•				
•									4-6
		3.6.8		5.0		7. C		نې د	~
	0-0	2.6.2		. J.:		2.5		L.C.	
	3	2.625		() ()					
	3	2=585							
		7.569		0 • C					
•			E27 42					G	
۲. د		4 . •				0°C		0.0	
	 ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	[•]	3=625	J					
	•		348					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.0
			1=543			C •2		(1 	
	-	•		2.138		r31 •			
•••	•	•	•		•	•			
		•	1.	1000-		2.07	4	ţ	
•	•								•
	•		4	•	101 .				0 • •
•			•		" (.,	, , ,	r (
 . 							1) .	1.
. r							•		
							9 4 4 1 -	• • • •	•
				 			•••	•••	••
	į						101		•
	ł				•,-		140.1		•
						• •		• • •	•
		,, ,,	•••					1	
							•		
					• •	1 : 0 ;	•		•
				•	•.	•	•		
			•	•	•		•		
				•	•		•		
					•		•		

3

• 93



• 95

	11	12	11	•	15	16	17	19	19	2)	
	() <i>F</i>				r 1 L • • 1 • • 6	•	•••	11 - 1 - 2 - 1	5 5 5 5		
121	;						1 1 1 1 1 1		0		
									1		
							• • •				
•	<i>د</i> .		2		0.0	•	•••		0.0	0.40	
1	r i.			1.1	• •			2	2.5	1 40	
`		. , c r . r	۲ ۱۹ ۳ ^۹ ۲	 	r . e			, , ,		0 4	
~									C- 2		
•			•	;;]	•••	· ·) • • 1	• • •		10		
		0.0	• •		•	•			•	0.0	
		200-			241	•		1 2 . L	0.5		;
			ar •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 . . .		 		0 C	9 C	
		0.0			0.0						
-		0-0	der						100		
		U.0		7	.	.,	0	() 			
		2a2		- 202			242	3. J.	0.c	0.0	
	4 −. 4	5-1 9-1	6. •		n (2		0°0		
		r i e						1.5	2		1
	``					•	to r • •		5 / 5 1		
	0.0								0.0		ī
	-	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	5 .5							0.0	
;						•••		•		a .	
	ő r				•	•	r e	•	ن د د	-	
		, , , ,				•	•	5 - I	• (
								, , ,			
	<u> </u>				•	.•	2	•	, .	21 • •	
					4		•				1
		•) (• .		•••			
!	• • •		۹ .			,. •	•	•			
		C •0	0.0				/ C.2 • • • • • •			0.0	
		9.0	101		C.C.		2.5	1	2 - C		1
	~	C•3			.			2	0.0	C •0	
	4	- Tet		1.1			0 	•••	0 • 0		
	•,	5			, , , , ,			~	0.0		
1	•	•••	•			•				0. •	
	•	5	•	•	• •	•			n (
	ſ	2.0				•	; ; ; ; ;			5.40	
		•••••	2.42								
	~ (5 - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -	•			. •	•	6.2		0.0	
			, '			•			•		

÷.,

348837	11 12	13			FACTGR	EACTCR 17	L8	EACTOR 19	FACTOR 23
		بر رو بر و رو م م			4 () e - 0 - () - () e	0.0	e 1. e e3 e	0	n (6) () ()
						0,0		24	0.0
		0.536			• •		0.00		.
	! †		. 44 .	1 / J	•			, o	;;;
			155	je - . • 654	••		-1 -5	1 Q	-10 • •
)•525 2•2	. 752				
-	2 9.0				.69.				
	5		1 / 1 8 - 0 1 / 1	•••			0.0	10.00	
						•••	2.00.		0.1
					•	• • • • • • • •		9 C).658 3.653
е.	3			3				0.0	5
								0	
					,				50
		0 r	* - r 	n (1) (/ 	• • • • •			с, г
			1 * 1 : 4 . 4 1 * - 1		1 			0.0	
*.•	•••		/	•	•••				
1					•••			5 e 5 e	
3.	· · ·		.	 • •	., .,	r .		с (ц /	
			1	1•) 4 4 1(5	, .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		10	
		• • •			 • .	r. r •		Q *	•••
				. e . e	•••	 			
3.		2	•	0.0		0.0	3	0.0	0
					- 1 r - 1 r	e i e • •	r 5 e - 6 - 1 - 7 - 1		
	.	2.0							
• • ••	c • • •	с. с • с • с	• • • • •	r'i € ● r'i €	•		r) e t • e	0	2
				0.0	•			0.0	0.0
(* 1 	• • • • • •		- 4 4 - 4 4	() ● €)	•	•••		j	
	r r ·	-	, . ,		•	•••	•	0. 0	
	50		1.101 1.101	•	a (r ,		0.0	
2.44		2.1							
		e · e • •	• • • •		•	••••		0°0	
			• •	• • •	• •				
-									

1

1. 1. 1.

.

小ろ、唐小三子之

ž

• 97

T ACTOR EACTOR 21 en degeneren anderen inderen de en de en de en de en de en de en de en de en de en de en de en de en de en de e て乱た時的での九朝のの外外の日日 i

Ť.

24.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	3.171 1.151 1.099	3, 236 1, 114	3.236 1.759	9 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1 4 4 5 1	3• 788 1• 923	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	8 8 6 5 5 7 7		
				1) - - -	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -) <u> </u>
	4								
								- 	

6.0

Contraction of the second

And Street and And