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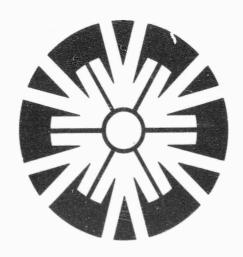
AFOSR-TR- 83-0941

FINAL REPORT

ESTABLISHING PHYSICAL CRITERIA FOR ASSIGNING

PERSONNEL TO AIR FORCE JOBS

CONTRACT No. F49620-79-C-0006



- M.M. AyouB

J.D. DENARDO

J.L. SMITH

N.J. BETHEA

B.K. LAMBERT

L.R. ALLEY

B.S. DURAN

Institute for Ergonomics Research



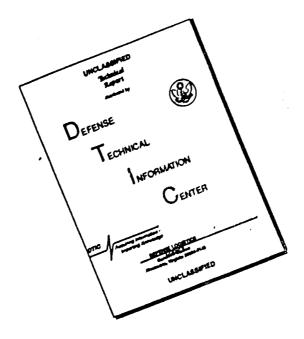
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SEPTEMBER, 1982

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accomplished through the development of an objective criterion with which the Air Force can evaluate the compatibility of an individual's ability to successfully perform a selected set of well defined demanding task within a wide variety of Air Force career fields and jobs.

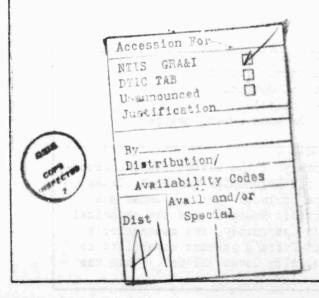
Physically demanding tasks within AFSCs have been identified through use of a survey administered by the AF Human Resources Laboratory. Starting with the most demanding AFSCs, working supervisors were interviewed throughout the United States including Alaska and Hawaii. Following the interview, a visit was made to the workplace to obtain actual measurements of task demands as field validations. These field validations were made in 157 AFSCs.

Data collected during these visits were used to categorize the task demands of AFSCs. The manual material handling activities of lift/lower, push/pull, carry, and hold accounted for the vast majority of the demanding activities. These activities were subcategorized for performance measures into simulated tasks that are common across AFSCs.

Candidate tests were then developed which would measure an individual's ability to perform the simulated tasks and, therefore, the related AFSCs' activities. Laboratory tests were conducted to relate performance on the candidate tests to performance on the simulated tasks.

Based on these results, a group of candidate tests were selected. Incumbents at ten different Air Force Bases were tested using the candidate tests and the developed simulated tasks. Scores on the tests and simulated tasks were used to develop regression equations to predict test scores needed to perform activities of certain demands. Based on these regression equations, an assignment criterion was finalized using a single test, the 6 foot incremental lift (X1). The X1 test was the best single predictor of success on the various AFSCs activities. Additional tests could be added, however, with greatly diminishing returns.

The assignment criterion takes into account these three factors to weight the various tasks in an AFSC. These are: (1) the percent of airmen performing the tasks, (2) frequency of task performance, and (3) the task criticality. In addition the final AFSCs demand scores were adjusted for the number of airmen requested for the AFSC.



Unclassified

SUMMARY

This report presents comprehensive documentation of the activities and accomplishments of the contractor, the Institute for Ergonomics Research (formerly the Institute for Biotechnology), Texas Tech University, during the four years of the project. Working under the sponsorship of the Air Force Office of Scientific Research and the technical monitorship of the Air Force Aerospace Medical Research Laboratory, the contractor's program was directed toward improving the Air Force's present capability to select and assign personnel to Air Force Specialty Codes (AFSCs). This was accomplished through the development of an objective criterion with which the Air Force can evaluate the compatibility of an individual's ability or inability to successfully perform a selected set of well defined demanding tasks within a wide variety of Air Force career fields and jobs.

Physically demanding tasks within AFSCs have been identified through use of a survey administered by the AF Human Resources Laboratory (HRL). Starting with the most demanding AFSCs, working supervisors in these AFSCs were interviewed throughout the United States including Alaska and Hawaii. Following the interview, a visit was made to the supervisor's workplace to obtain actual measurements of task demands by physical activity breakout. Field validations were made in approximately 157 AFSCs and AFSC shredouts. Sedentary AFSCs with no physically demanding tasks were not surveyed beyond the questionaire level. Therefore, a sampling approach was taken to evaluate a sufficient number of these AFSC's to confirm they were not physically demanding. Thereafter, no further attempt was made to evaluate the remainder of the X-factor three AFSC's due to the time constraints remaining in the fiscal year, and the apparent trend of light physical demands.

Data collected during these base visits were used to categorize the task demands of the AFSCs. The manual material handling activities of lift/lower, push/pull, carry, and hold accounted for the vast majority of the demanding activities. These activities were subcategorized for performance measures into simulated tasks that were common across AFSCs.

Candidate strength and endurance tests were developed which would measure an individual's ability to perform the simulated tasks and predict performance in the related AFSCs' activities. Laboratory tests were conducted to assess the feasibility of the candidate tests and to establish initial relationships between the strength and endurance tests and performance on the series of simulated tasks. Incumbents at nine different AF bases were then tested using the modified candidate tests and simulated tasks. The incumbent scores were used in conjunction with the task demand data from the field trips to establish the final assignment criterion.

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MATTHEW J. KERPER
Chief, Technical Information Division

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. BACKGROUND

Rationale

There are many AFSCs (Air Force Specialty Codes) career fields in the Air Force, which are composed of tasks requiring heavy or very heavy manual work. There has always been a problem of individuals within an AFSC being physically unable to perform these tasks. In the past, these individuals have been reassigned to lighter tasks compatible with their physical abilities since there were enough less demanding tasks available to accomodate them. With the entry of a larger proportion of females and weaker males into the Air Force, this problem has increased. Many recruits (both male and female) do not have the required strength and/or endurance to satisfactorily perform all Air Force tasks. Therefore, a strength aptitude test battery has been recommended to aid in improving the assignment of AF personnel to jobs based on their physical abilities.

With the advent of volunteer enlistment instead of the draft, individuals may be guaranteed a specific assignment AFSC as an inducement. If they are unable to perform in that AFSC due to physical limitations and cannot be persuaded to cross train into another AFSC, they must be released from the service resulting in the loss of invested time and money. Even with cross training, more time and money must be spent on retraining.

There is another cost to the Air Force when individuals are missassigned. It has been shown that the frequency and severity of injuries are greater for individuals who are working in jobs which have demands approaching or exceeding their physical capacities (Ayoub et al., 1978). Some types of injuries, such as those to the back, may cause recurring problems to the individual for the rest of his life with subsequent decrements in performance and increased medical cost to the Air Force.

Thus to maintain job efficiency and reduce the incidence and severity of injuries, it is desirable for the Air Force to have an assignment criteria based on an individual's physical capacity to perform the required tasks.

Objective

The objective of this project was to develop and validate a criterion with which the Air Force could reliably evaluate the compatibility of an individual's physical capacities with the physical demands of the various Air Force Specialty Codes (AFSCs)

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The benefits derived by the Air Force from this capability are a reduction in early discharges due to the inability of the individual to physically qualify for an AFSC after enlistment; a corresponding decrease in training costs, both initial and cross-training, due to a lower probability of an individual's eventual failure in the AFSC; a reduction in injury related costs due to a fewer number of individuals performing physical work at levels near or exceeding their maximum safe capability to work; and a reduction in operating costs by improving the work force capacity relevant to the physical demands of the task.

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B. OVERVIEW

The capability of the Air Force to select and assign personnel to AFSCs is crucial to their operational effectiveness. In order to coordinate the employment and placement of its personnel, the Air Force must match the capabilities and limitations of its personnel to the demands of their AFSCs through the development of a valid strength aptitude test battery.

Fundamental Concepts

There are three fundamental areas of concern in the development of a strength aptitude test battery. These are:

- a) The development of a set of physical requirements referred to as the "physical demands" of the various AFSCs,
- b) The measuring of physical abilities of individuals referred to as "physical capacities," and

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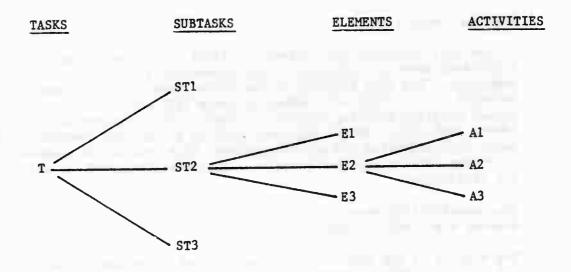
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c) The "compatibility" between the physical demands of the various AFSCs and the physical capacities of potential airmen entering a select career field.

Physical Demands

Each AFSC was viewed primarily as having a three tiered organizational structure (Figure 1) in which the tasks were subdivided into subtasks which in turn were subdivided into further breakout elements. For example, in the 551XO career field (Pavements Maintenance) one of the tasks was to "maintain vegetated areas." That task consisted of subtasks such as obtaining a job order, obtaining a vehicle, removing a lawn mower from storage, obtaining gas, checking oil-gas, pushing the mower to vehicle, placing the mower in a vehicle, securing the mower, obtaining personal protective equipment, and mowing the vegetation. Each of these subtasks was subdivided into elements; for example, "placing the mower in a vehicle" required



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Figure 1. Organizational Structure of an AFSC

several activities such as stooping, grasping, lifting, carrying, and placing or positioning the mower to accomplish the required sub-task.

Task quantification was assessed at the element level; however, successful performance in an AFSC was evaluated based on the ability or inability of an individual to perform at the task level. Thus, when reference is made to the physical demands of an AFSC, these demands should be considered to reside at the task level.

Physical Capacities

Within this approach, the relevant physical attributes of an individual were the individual's anthropometry, strength, and endurance. The task analyses of the AFSCs showed that the vast majority of all physically demanding tasks fell within the category of Manual Material Handling Activities (MMHA). Thus the MMHA of lift, lower, push, pull, carry, etc. were applied to the task breakdown and hence identification and quantification. This reduced the number of different primary physical capacities considered relevant to successful preformance.

The Compatibility Between Physical Demands and Physical Capacities

The results of the interaction between a task or series of tasks and the individual attempting to perform these tasks is based on the compatibility of the physical demands of the tasks and the physical capacities of the individual.

Assumptions

There are three fundamental assumptions which formed the basis, for developing the "assignment criterion."

These assumptions are:

- (a) If an individual possesses the physical capacities demanded by the tasks, then the individual is capable of safely performing the tasks;
- (b) There is a direct correlation between the case where an individual can safely perform a given task or series of tasks and the amount by which the individual's relevant physical capacities exceed the physical demands of the task or series of tasks; and
- (c) The physical demands of the AFSCs and the individual's physical capacities remain relatively constant during the period used to validate the criterion.

The first two assumptions provided the rationale for attempting to establish an objective criterion for assigning individuals to AFSCs. The third assumption provided for the stability necessary to properly achieve the validation of the assignment criterion.

Organization of the Approach

The methodology for accomplishing the objective of this effort was divided into four phases. Phases I, II, and IV cover the sequence of (I) analysis of Air Force Specialty Code, (II) development of strength/stamina apptitude tests, and (IV) development of the assignment criteria. Phase III is a supportive step for the other three phases dealing with equipment identification and appropriate hazard analysis. A brief summary of these phases is given below.

Phase I: Analysis of Air Force Specialty Codes to Quantify
Tasks Requiring Significant Physical Demands

Phase I dealt with the identification and quantification of task demands for several AFSC's. The task analysis procedures included the use of two survey questionnaires, supervisor interviews, and physical measurements. The first survey questionnaire was used to rank order tasks within an AFSC according to qualitative task demands. From each AFSC's ordered list, twenty-five tasks were selected to be representative of the physically demanding tasks within the AFSC.

The second survey questionnaire was designed to obtain general estimates of the weights and forces required by specific types of activities (ie. lifting, pushing, etc.). Unfortunately the data were obtained under conditions that rendered them unusable for the project.

Detailed descriptions of task elements and estimates of associated weights and forces were obtained through supervisor interviews over the course of 47 base visits. Information was also acquired on the frequency of task performance and the percent of first and second term airmen who were currently assigned to that AFSC. The interview was followed by a verification visit to the duty station to quantify as many of the estimated weights and forces as possible.

Phase II: Strength/Stamina Aptitude Tests

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Phase II was concerned with the identification and development of objective tests which could be used to evaluate an individual's maximum safe physical capacity to perform work. The test selection was based upon the physical capacities of individuals identified during the task analyses of Phase I as being relevant to successful task performance.

As expected, manual material handling activities accounted for most of the demanding activities identified by Phase I. These activities were subcategorized for performance measures into simulated tasks that were common across AFSCs. Lift/lower activities accounted for the majority of the MMHA. Many test candidates were evaluated as predictors of performance on these MMHA. A laboratory study was conducted to obtain comparison data between the simulated tasks and the candidate tests. Based on these results, simulated tasks and tests to be performed by a group of incumbents were selected. Incumbents at ten bases were then tested to obtain scores on the candidate tests and selected simulated tasks. The data were analyzed to establish the relationships between the two groups of data that could be used in developing the final assignment criterion.

Phase III: Defining Equipment for Strength/Stamina Aptitude
Tests and Task Measurement

This phase dealt with the identification, testing and selection of any measurement equipment required in phases I, II, and IV. The relevant equipment and accessories, whether purchased or manufactured, underwent a preliminary hazard analysis in accordance with DI-H-3278, Section 10, paragraph 3. Only those items which complied with the specified criteria were used.

Phase IV: Finalization of the Assignment Criterion

This phase dealt with the finalization of the assignment criterion. The assignment criterion, as outlined in this section, is based on a single test score. The assignment criterion would preferably be based on two test scores to minimize the testing times at the entry stations. If two test scores are used, these will be:

- (1) Xl the incremental 6' ft. lift, and
- (2) X3 the 70 lb hold at elbow height.

If the assignment criterion is based on only one test score, X1, the incremental 6' ft. lift will be utilized.

II. PHASE I: ANALYSIS OF AIR FORCE SPECIALTY CODES TO QUANTIFY TASKS REQUIRING PHYSICAL DEMANDS.

Phase I dealt with the identification and quantification of task demands for the AFSCs. The task analysis procedures included the two survey questionnaires, supervisor interviews, and physical measurements or vertification of activities performed in the supervisor's work area.

A. SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE 1

Survey Questionnaire 1 (also called the presurvey by the Air Force Human Resource Lab, (AFHRL), provided a ranking of tasks within AFSCs by physical demand. From each ranking, a representative sample could be obtained for use during the quantification of that AFSC.

Objectives of Survey Questionnaire 1

The objectives of survey Questionnaire 1 were:

- (a) to provide a preliminary screening of tasks in each ATSC to identify tasks requiring physical demands,
- (b) to rate the level of physical demands of each task according to a 10 point scale (0 to 9),
- (c) to rank order the rated tasks to obtain a representative sample based on physical demands and to determine each AFSC's task demand distribution, and
- (d) to amend the task list for each AFSC by adding any physically demanding tasks now included in the supplied task list.

Development of Questionnaire 1

Questionnaire I was developed through the joint effort of Texas Tech University and several concerned Air Force agencies (AFAMRL/HEG and AFHRL/MODS). The principal item of concern was the formulation of an operational definition of physical demands against which tasks could be rated. Although, consideration was given to the use of a five point scale, a nine point scale was selected. It was felt that nine levels would provide a better division of the tasks according to physical demands. Thus the rankings of the tasks by physical demand and the frequency distributions would be more descriptive of the individual AFSCs. Each point on the scale was defined by narrative description that included quantitative values of physical task demands representative of that level (See Table 1).

TABLE 1

RATING SCALE FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND ENDURANCE USED IN QUESTIONNAIRE 1

Scale Point	Description of Effort
0	No Significant Physical Demand - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 9 lbs or less - includes most adminstrative and clerical tasks.
1	Extremely Light - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 10-19 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
2	Very Light - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 20-29 lbs to a height of 5 ft or an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
3	Light - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 30-39 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
4	Light to Moderate - Corresponding requirement would include Periodic lifting of 40-49 lbs to an height of 5 ft OR equivilent for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
5	Moderate - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 50-59 % bs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
6	Moderate to Heavy - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 60-69 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
7	Heavy - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 70-79 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
8	Very Heavy - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 80-89 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
9	Extremely Heavy - Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 90 lbs or more to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continous muscular effort.
x	No knowledge of Task Requirement

The decision to emphasize manual materials handling requirements when developing these definitions was based on the results of a "mini-questionnaire" survey held at Reese and Dyess AFB. Details of this survey and a sample of the questionnaire are given in Appendix A. The results of this survey showed that 90 percent of the difficult tasks in the studied AFSCs fell into the manual materials handling category. These activities included lifting, lowering, pushing, pulling, and carrying. Lifting was considered to be one of the most demanding of these activities. Since people were more familiar with lifting objects of a known weight, they were able to accurately estimate lifting forces required by other manual handling activities. Therefore lifting activities were used to define the nine point scale used in Questionnaire #1 for task ratings. The opertional definitions describing each level of the scale are given in Table 1.

The tasks lists used with Questionnaire I were obtained from the Military Personnel Center, (MPC). These lists had been developed by MPC as part of their occupational surveys. These lists varied in length from 210 to 1375 tasks depending on the AFSC. Each supervisor was given the opportunity to add to the list any physically demanding tasks in his career ladder that were not included in the questionnaire and to rate them using the same scale.

In addition to the rating of these tasks, the supervisors were asked to estimate what percentage of all the work done by first term airmen could be categorized as very light, light, medium, heavy or very heavy work. Each supervisor also completed a background section providing information on his rank, time in the career field, etc. An abbreviated example of Questionnaire 1 is given in Appendix B. The general instructions for the questionnaire were prepared by HRL with assistance from TTU.

Administration of Questionnaire 1

Administration of Questionnaire l was conducted by AFHRL. They obtained the task lists from MPC, printed the questionnaire booklets, selected the AFSCs and bases for participation, and distributed and collected the booklets through the assistance of the base personnel offices.

A "wave concept" was employed in administering Questionnaire 1. Working in waves of about 45 AFSCs, the questionniare was administered to approximately 40-50 supervisors in each AFSC career field. The first wave covered what was believed to be the most demanding AFSCs as determined by the Armed Services X-Factor Classification system in use at that time. The second wave included the remaining heavy AFSCs and a sample of all remaining AFSCs, regardless of demand. From the third wave on, the AFSCs were again selected in order of the most physically demanding. These waves also set the "pattern" for the waves used in administering Questionnaire 2.

Analysis of Questionnaire 1

Data from Questionniare 1 consisted primarily of the ratings of tasks by supervisors. Analyses were performed by AFHRL to obtain mean ratings and to rank order the tasks within each AFSC according to the mean ratings. A mean rating is the average of the ratings given to a task by the supervisors. The demand scale from 0 to 9 was divided into smaller subintervals with a size of 0.10 each yielding 90 intervals of mean ratings (i.e. 0.0-0.1, 0.1-0.2, ..., 8.9-9.0.).

A frequency count was carried out for the mean ratings in each subinterval to obtain the task frequency distribution for an AFSC. The shapes of the AFSC task distributions were found to resemble the following distributions:

- a. exponential distribtuion,
- b. bell-shaped or normal distribution, and
- c. a distribution with a heavy tail to the right.

To illustrate these distributions, the histograms for three AFSCs have been selected. Examples A (Table 2 and Figure 2) for AFSC 328X4: Avionic Inertial and Radar Navigation Systems depicts an exponential distribution. Example B (Table 3 and Figure 3) for AFSC 431x0: Helicopter Maintenance shows a bell-shaped distribution. Example C (Table 4 and Figure 4) for AFSC 472x3: Vehicle Maintenance illustrates a distribution having a heavy right tail.

SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE 2

Survey Questionnaire 2 was originally planned to be a detailed follow-up survey for representative tasks from Questionnaire 1 and to obtain quantitative estimates of task demands which would be verified with later field study data. In the process of development, Questionnaire 2 became a two part survey; the first developed colely by AFHRL for their use and the second developed by TTU in conjunction with AFHRL for the quantification of AFSCs demands.

In the AFHRL section of the survey, the supervisor was requested to rate (using two 9-point scales) the strength and endurance required to perform a specified task for each type of effort involved (lift/lower, carry, push/pull, etc). The TTU section asked the individual to rate the same specified activities using a scale based on weight, and characterize the activity according to the type of activity, repetitions, rate, posture, distance, and time required to complete the activity. The discussion in this report of the objectives and development of Questionnaire 2 will be limited to the TTU section.

TABLE 2

EXAMPLE OF AN EXPONENTIAL FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF TASK DEMANDS

(AFSC 328X4, AVIONIC INERTIAL AND RADAR NAVIGATION SYSTEM)

Mean Rating 0.0-0.1 0.1-0.2 0.2-0.3 0.3-0.4 0.4-0.5 0.5-0.6 0.6-0.7 0.7-0.8	1 28 25 18 15 11 7 10	Mean Rating 2.1-2.2 2.2-2.3 2.3-2.4 2.4-4.5 2.5-2.6 2.6-2.7 2.7-2.8 2.8-2.9 2.9-3.0	5 8 2 3 3 5 3 2 3	Mean Rating 4.2-4.3 4.3-4.4 4.4-4.5 4.5-4.6 4.6-4.7 4.7-4.8 4.8-4.9 4.9-5.0 5.0-5.1	0 1 1 2 0 2 0 2 1
0.8-0.9 0.9-1.0 1.0-1.1 1.1-1.2 1.2-1.3 1.3-1.4 1.4-1.5 1.5-1.6 1.6-1.7 1.7-1.8 1.8-1.9 1.9-2.0 2.0-2.1	0 6 3 7 2 2 5 5 3 1 7	33.1 3.1-3.2 3.2-3.3 3.3-3.4 3.4-3.5 3.5-3.6 3.6-3.7 3.7-3.8 3.8-3.9 3.9-4.0 4.0-4.1 4.1-4.2	1 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 1 2 1 3 2	5.1-5.2 5.2-5.3 5.3-5.4 5.4-5.5 5.5-5.6 5.6-5.7 5.7-5.8 5.8-5.9 5.9-6.0 6.0-6.1 6.1-6.2 6.2-6.3 6.3-6.4*	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0

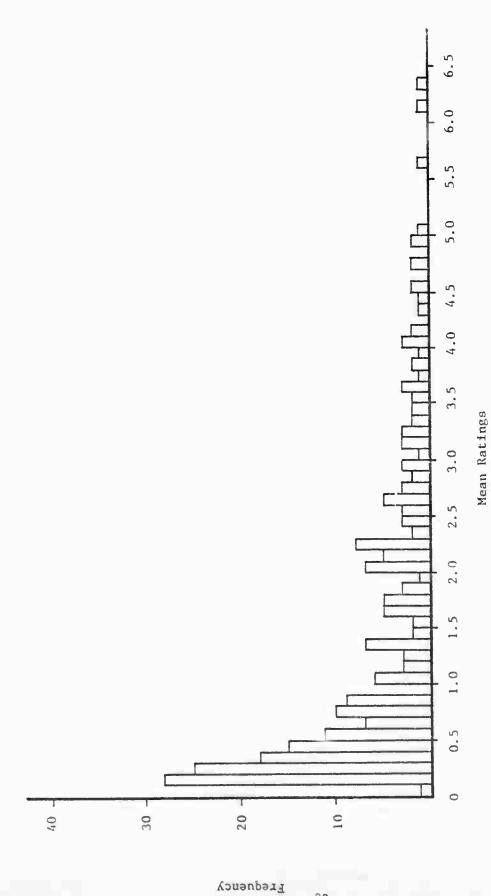
^{*}Frequencies in other subintervals are zero.

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C

0

C



Histogram of Task Mean Ratings Showing an Exponential Distribution. (AFSC 328X4, Avionic Inertial and Radar Navigation Systems). Figure 2.

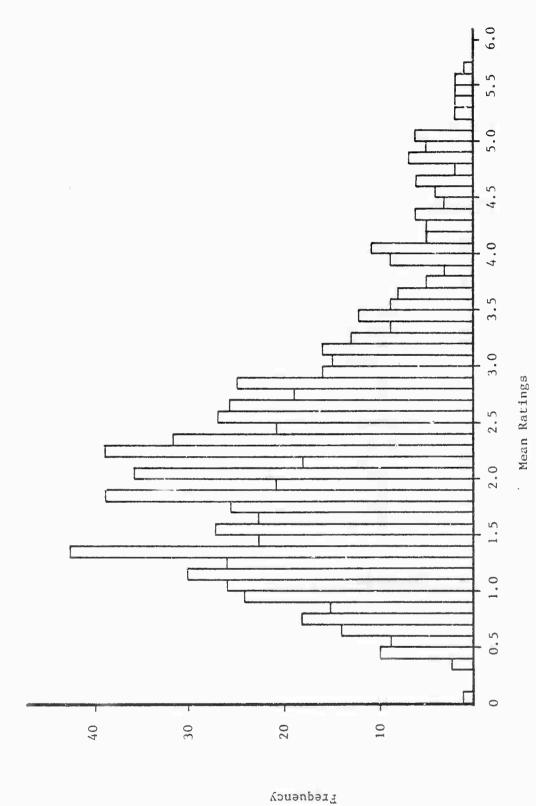
0

TABLE 3

EXAMPLE OF AN BELL SHAPED FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF TASK DEMANDS (AFSC 431XO, HELICOPTER MAINTENANCE)

Mean Rating	Frequency	Mean Rating	Frequency	Mean Rating	Frequency
0.0-0.1	1	1.9-2.0	21	3.8-3.9	5
0.1-0.2	0	2.0-2.1	36	3.9-4.0	3
0.2-0.3	0	2.1-2.2	18	4.0-4.1	9
0.3-0.4	3	2.2-2.3	39	4.1-4.2	11
0.4-0.5	10	2.3-2.4	32	4.2-4.3	5
0.5-0.6	8	2.4-2.5	21	4.3-4.4	5 5
0.6-0.7	14	2.5-2.6	27	4.4-4.5	6
0.7-0.8	18	2.6-2.7	26	4.5-4.6	3
0.8-0.9	15	2.7-2.8	19	4.6-4.7	4
0.9-1.0	24	2.8-2.9	25	4.7-4.8	6
1.0-1.1	26	2.9-3.0	13	4.8-4.9	2
1.1-1.2	30	3.0-3.1	16	4.9-5.0	7
1.2-1.3	26	3.1-3.2	15	5.0-5.1	5
1.3-1.4	43	3.2-3.3	16	5.1-5.2	6
1.4-1.5	23	3.3-3.4	13	5.2-5.3	0
1.5-1.6	27	3.4-3.5	9	5.3-5.4	2
1.6-1.7	23	3.5-3.6	12	5.4-5.5	2
1.7-1.8	26	3.6-3.7	9	5.5-5.6	2
1.8-1.9	39	3.7-3.8	8	5.6-5.7	2
				5.7-5.8*	1

^{*} Frequencies in other subintervals are zero.



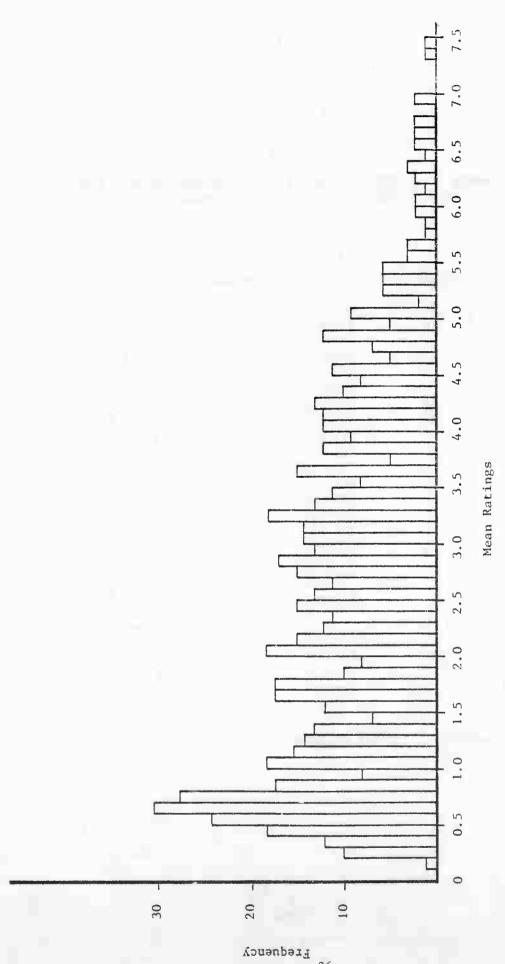
Histogram of Tasks Mean Ratings Showing a Bell-shaped Distribution. (AFSC 431X0, Helicopter Maintenance). Figure 3.

TABLE 4

EXAMPLE OF AN FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF TASK DEMANDS WITH HEAVY TAIL TO THE RIGHT (AFSC 472X3, VEHICLE MAINTENANCE)

Mean Rating	Frequency	Mean Rating	Frequency	Mean Rating	Frequency
0.0-0.1	0	2.5-2.6	13	5.0-5.1	9
0.1-0.2	1	2.6-2.7	11	5.1-5.2	2
0.2-0.3	10	2.7-2.8	15	5.2-5.3	6
0.3-0.4	12	2.8-2.9	17	5.3-5.4	6
0.4-0.5	18	2.9-3.0	13	5.4-5.5	6
0.5-0.6	24	3.0-3.1	14	5.5~5.6	3
0.6-0.7	30	3.1-3.2	14	5.6-5.7	3
0.7-0.8	27	3.2-3.3	18	5.7-5.8	1
0.8-0.9	17	3.3-3.4	13	5.8-5.9	1
0.9-1.0	8	3.4-3.5	11	5.9-6.0	2
1.0-1.1	18	3.5-3.6	8	6.0-6.1	2
1.1-1.2	15	3.6-3.7	15	6.1-6.2	1
1.2-1.3	14	3.7-3.8	5	6.2-6.3	2
1.3-1.4	13	3.8-3.9	12	6.3-6.4	3
1.4-1.5	7	3.9-4.0	9	6.4-6.5	3
1.5-1.6	12	4.0-4.1	12	6.5-6.6	2
1.6-1.7	17	4.1-4.2	12	6.6-6.7	2
1.7-1.8	17	4.2-4.3	13	6.7-6.8	2
1.8-1.9	10	4.3-4.4	10	6.8-6.9	0
1.9-2.0	8	4.4-4.5	8	6.9-7.0	2
2.0-2.1	18	4.5-4.6	11	7.0-7.1	0
2.1-2.2	15	4.6-4.7	5	7.1-7.2	0
2.2-2.3	12	4.7-4.8	7	7.2-7.3	0
2.3-2.4	11	4.8-4.9	12	7.3-7.4	1
2.4-2.5	15	4.9-5.0	5	7.4-7.5*	3

^{*} No frequencies for other subintervals.



Histogram of Task for Mean Ratings Showing a Heavy Tail to the Right. (AFSC 472X3, Vehicle Maintenance). Figure 4.

Objectives of Questionnaire 2

The objectives of Questionnaire 2 were:

- (a) to collect quantitative estimates of weights and forces required to perform AFSC tasks identified as physically demanding,
- (b) to obtain supporting data on body posture, frequency of lift, task duration, etc. for these tasks, and
- (c) to obtain general task information on percent participation, frequency of task performance, etc.

Development of Questionnaire 2

Questionnaire 2 was designed to be an adaptation of a study done by Arbeit and Schaefer (1977). They showed that experienced people usually accurately estimate quantitative values for specific job demands. However, their study involved the use of personal interview rather than a questionnaire format. Therefore a field validation of Questionnaire 2 was planned wherein field interviews with verification of weights and forces would be conducted and the data compared to Questionnaire 2 data.

The development of Questionnaire 2 centered around the aforementioned activities involving manual materials handling. These representative activities chosen were lift/lower, push/pull, and carry. Torque (or turning) activities were also included as they had been identified in the mini-survey (Appendix A) as demanding for some individuals. Questionnaire 2 was designed to obtain specific information about task demands. In addition to weight or force, other factors such as height and frequency of lift, body posture, and duration were included. The questionnaire originally prepared with the help of AFAMRL was designed so that the supervisor could give specific estimates as answers to the questions.

Based on a pilot administration of Questionnaire 2, it was found that the total time to complete a survey consisting of 25 questions (assuming an expected 50 percent response to all questions as determined in the sample survey) was approximately 2 hours. Modifications were recommended and forwarded to AFHRL for use to improve questionnaire 2 survey. An example of questionnaire 2 is shown in Appendix C.

Selection of Tasks for Use in Questionnaire 2

For each AFSC there are numerous tasks, in most cases hundreds of detailed tasks. Each task may require various levels of physical strength and/or stamina. Using Questionnaire 1, these tasks were rated on a physical demand scale ranging from 0 to 9. A task rated at

9 was clearly a significantly demanding task whereas a task rated at 0 was not considered to require any physical stamina or strength. Since it was desired to choose a representative sample of many tasks available, the possible candidates for selections were those that fell at 2.5 or above on the demand scale. The more demanding tasks are considered to be those that fell within the higher portion of the scale, at about 5.0 or above.

To obtain this representative sample, the range 2.5 to 9.0 was divided into subintervals, namely 2.5-3.0, 3.0-3.5, ..., 8.5-9.0. In developing this sampling procedure, each subinterval was given a width of .5 rather than .1 (the interval size of data received from HRL). With subintervals of size .1, the frequencies in the subintervals are relatively small which results in more tasks selected than are present in a subinterval, and with an interval size of .5 one is left with 15 to 20 subintervals which is reasonable to justify the adequacy of a frequency distribution in describing the data. Therefore, the job of selecting tasks was simplified with a minimal loss of information.

In developing the sampling scheme, the frequencies of the tasks falling in the subintervals for a particular AFSC were weighted in such a way that proportionately more tasks were selected from the high demand subintervals. Therefore, an exponential sampling scheme was used in which the number of tasks selected from each of the 13 ranges utilized an exponential weighting scheme symbolized by $W_1 = \exp{(2.5)}$, $W_2 = \exp{(3.0)}$, ..., $W_{13} = \exp{(8.5)}$. The number of tasks selected from the i-th range was

$$n_{i} = \frac{f_{i}w_{i}}{13}$$
 n , $i = 1, 2, ..., 13,$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{f_{i}w_{i}} f_{i}w_{i}$$

where n was the number of tasks to be selected and f_i was the number of tasks available in the i-th range.

The use of exponential weights assured the selection of more tasks from the heavy side of the demand scale. Using these exponential weights, however, sometimes resulted in larger sample sizes than the actual number of tasks available in some of the subintervals. For example, there may be only four tasks available for selection, but this sampling scheme may require 10 tasks to be selected. This variance also existed when linear weights were used, but to a lesser degree. When this occurred, a "roll-down" procedure was used, that is, all four available tasks from the subinterval were picked and the

remaining \circ ix from the next lower subinterval under consideration were selected.

Table 5 illustrates this situation. In this example, the intervals 7.0-7.5, 7.5-8.0, 8.0-8.5, and 8.5-9.0 had no tasks available. The use of exponential weights required more tasks to be selected than were present in the subintervals 6.0-6.5, and 6.5-7.0. Therefore, using the "roll-down" would require additional tasks to be selected from lower ranges.

Administration of Questionnaire 2

Administration of Questionnaire 2 was also conducted by AFHRL. Basic procedures and the "wave" concept used for Questionnaire 1 were used. The 25 (or 50 in the case six AFSCs) tasks for the TTU section were supplied by TTU to AFHRL based on Questionnaire 1 results. These tasks became a subset of the 60-100 tasks used by AFHRL in their section of the survey.

Questionnaire 2 was designed to be administered to approximately 50 (or 100 for the six test AFSCs) supervisors in each AFSC. To keep administration time to less than three hours, and because the HRL section of the questionnaire required each supervisor to respond to approximately 60-100 tasks, HRL imposed a limit of 10 tasks per supervisor for the section developed by TTU. (For a total of 10 task x 50 rater = 500 Task-Raters.) In order to provide an adequate demand representation for each AFSC for TTU, it was necessary to obtain a total of 25 tasks for each AFSC. Therefore each supervisor was not given the same 10 tasks in section III. Instead, each supervisor was given a select set of 10 tasks which differed from those provided to other supervisors. Thus for purposes of reliability, the tasks given to each supervisor were arranged to obtain data for a total of 25 tasks with approximatley 20 supervisors responding to each task. (500 Task-Raters ÷ 25 Tasks = 20 Raters/Task.)

Analysis of Questionnaire 2

In November of 1979, AFHRL conducted a pilot study of Questionnaire 2 using 40 supervisors (10 each in 4 AFSCs) with 27 returns.

During December, a brief review of the 27 booklets returned was made
by two of the TTU team members. When they compared task responses in
the TTU sections, with the same tasks in the AFHRL section, they frequently found no apparent relationship between them. For instance, in
the HRL lifting activity might be given a strength rating of 8 or 9
indicating a very large physical demand while the same task in the TTU
section would be marked with no or very light demands for lifting.

Also noted was a tendency for the supervisor to start using identical
ratings for both the strength and endurance scales of the HRL section

TABLE 5

EXAMPLE OF TASKS SAMPLING USING EXPONENTIAL WEIGHTING SCHEME AND ROLL-DOWN PROCEDURE (AFSC 431X0)

Range	w _i ∑w _i	$n_{ ilde{1}}$	fi	n _a
5.5-6.0	.401	10	5	5
5.0-5.5	.243	6	15	11 (6+5)
4.5-5.0	.147	4	22	4
4.0-4.5	.089	2	36	2
3.5-4.0	.054	1	37	1
3.0-3.5	.033	1	69	1
2.5-3.0	.020	1	110	1
2.0-2.5	.012	0	146	0
	1.000	25	440	25

where:

 w_i = exponential weights

 f_1 = number of tasks available for selection

 n_i = number of tasks to be selected using exponential weights

n_a = number of tasks selected using roll-down procedure
 (tasks not available for selection in one range are
 taken from next possible range)

part way through their responses to the 100 tasks in that section. Table 6 shows the correlation coefficients between strength ratings for both sections.

Subsequent Analysis

C

A later comparison of the AFHRL and TTU sections was made when more returns from Questionnaire 2 were available. For this analysis, fewer AFSCs were selected but the sample size in each was increased. The AFSCs used and the corresponding sample sizes, N, were:

AFSC	N
304x4 Ground Radio Comm.	23
321X0 Bomb-Nav. Systems	25
431X1/431X2 Aircraft Maintenance	17
571XO Fire Protection	57

Selection of the above AFSCs was based on the nature of each. Aircraft Maintenance was known to be very complex, involving several types of aircraft, and comprised of many "separate" AFSC's. Depending on the aircraft handled, each AFSC (shredout) required different job demands. Bomb-Nav. Systems and Ground Radio Communications were considered "straight-forward" AFSC's with specifically defined activities and objects. Fire Protection was chosen for its "uniqueness" because of the job demands required of firemen. As a result, this AFSC required specific tasks dissimilar to most other AFSC's.

Because of the design of questionnaire 2, the Spearman correlation was used to investigate in general the differences between the two sections of the survey. Table 7 shows in the summary of the correlation coefficients. The values in Table 7 indicated a general tendency of low to moderate correlation between the responses of the AFHRL and TTU sections of the survey. Bomb-Nav. Systems appeared to reflect the greatest correlation between the two sections compared to the other AFSCs. The lowest correlations corresponded to activities in Aircraft Maintenance. These results held fast to the assumptions made on the nature of the AFSCs chosen - higher correlations for a well defined AFSC, such as Bomb - Nav. Systems opposed to the more complex job demands of Aircraft Maintenance.

Based on the results of questionnaire 2, it was found that, although the questionnaire concept would be most economical, it did not yield the anticipated results. The results showed pattern marking of answers either due to the survey being lengthy or not taken seriously. It should also be noted, questionnaire 2 was developed before meaningful amounts of field survey data were available for analysis and thus were based on face validity and a prior assumption.

TABLE 6

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN STRENGTH RATING IN SECTION II (AFHRL)
AND THE WEIGHT/FORCE VALUE IN SECTION III (TTU) OF
QUESTIONNAIRE 2

	AFSC	L/L	P/P	<u>C</u>	T	OVERALL
1.	Helicopter Maintenance (431x0)	.53	.41	.44	.68	.52
2.	Pavement Maintenance (551x0)	.22	31	.04	32	21
3.	Pararescue Recovery (115x0)	.10	.03	16	N/A*	.01
4.	Bomb-Navigation System (321x0)	.32	.67	.27	.89	.53
5.	Missile Electronic Equipment Specialist (316x2)	.67	.26	.53	.81	•54
6.	Outside Wire and Antenna Maintenance (361x0	.13	.41	.47	.30	.31
7.	Missile Systems Cable Splicing & Maintenance (361x1)	.48	.24	.22	.00	.35
8.	Aircraft Maintenance (431x1) or (431x2)	.34	.16	.19	.53	.27
9.	Electrical Power Line Maintenance (542x1)	.39	.22	.64	.08	.40
10.	Vehicle Maintenance (472x2)	16	06	.00	.01	04
11.	Survival Specialist (921x0)	.29	21	.18	N/A*	.14
12.	Security and Military Working Dog Qualified (811x2A)	31	.16	.31	N/A*	.20
13.	Fire Protection (571x0)	.51	.49	.38	.35	.46
14.	Meat Cutter (612x0)	.65	.50	.52	43	.52
15.	Fuel Services (631x0	.31	.05	.30	.06	.18
16.	Security Police (811x0) or (811x2)	.73	.07	.03	N/A*	.11

^{*}Not applicable as the data were not available.

()

Key: LL = Lift/Lower activity C = Carry activity PP = Push/Pull activity T = Torque activity

TABLE 7

SPEARMAN CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS FOR TTU AND AFHRL QUESTIONNAIRE DATA

AFSC	LIFT	CARRY	PUSH/PULL
304X4	0.56	0.45	0.34
321X0	0.43	0.45	0.57
431X1/431X2	0.33	0.27	0.23
571X0	0.47	0.42	0.38
All AFSCs Combined	0.46	0.40	0.38

DATA COLLECTION BY INTERVIEW/VERIFICATION TECHNIQUES

Because of problems in consistency between the two sections of questionnaire 2 plans were made to initiate base visits to collect the needed data in place of questionnaire 2. An interview format was developed to obtain estimates of the weights and forces encountered when performing the 25 tasks selected for Questionnaire 2. The interview was followed by a visit to the workplace where as many actual weights and forces as possible were measured for these tasks or other demanding tasks identified by the supervisor.

Development of Interview Techniques

During the development of Questionnaire 2, long range plans were made for field validation of the data obtained by the survey. The field work was intended to be done on a limited, but representative scale, compared to the survey questionnaire. The data obtained from the field validation were originally intended to be used to "adjust" the questionnaire results. It was originally intended to conduct the field studies after receiving the data from each wave of Questionnaire 2. However, with the delays encountered in getting Questionnaire 2 into the field, it was decided to start field validation work earlier, resulting in the field validation running concurrently with the questionnaire.

The field validations were developed around a two-stage format: a) an interview and b) a verification of data in the work areas. The interviews were to be conducted using the tasks selected for Questionnaire 2 as a guide so that comparable data could be obtained. The interviews were planned to last no more than 1-1/2 hours, preferably 50 minutes on the average. The verification step consisted of obtaining actual measures of the task demands, especially in terms of the weights and forces required.

Some preliminary analyses were performed on interview data that were obtained prior to the summer of 1980. The supervisors gave estimates of the weights (or forces) required for Lift/Lower (LL), Push/Pull (PP), and Carry (C) activities relevant to various tasks in their AFSC's. The actual weights (or forces) required to perform the activities were then measured (verified). The following Pearson correlation coefficients between the estimates and the actual values were obtained, where N represents the number of pairs of estimates and actual values and R represents the correlation coefficient:

LL, N = 448, R = 0.814 PP, N = 121, R = 0.488 C, N = 183, R = 0.882.

The value for N does not represent the number of supervisors, but the number of estimates and actual values. That is, each supervisor could

have given one or more estimates. The smaller value of R for PP could be due to the fact that it is not as easy to give an estimate for a PP activity as it is for an LL or C activity.

The format for the interview consisted of four steps. A brief description of the project and its objectives was first given to each supervisor. Next, standardized background information on the supervisor was collected. The more "formal" part of the interview was initiated by asking the supervisor to rank the task list for his AFSC in order from the most to the least physically demanding. The 25 tasks were coded with the letters A through Y. Examples of the instructions and a task list are shown in Tables 8 and 9 respectively. The supervisor's rank order was then transferred to the principal interview sheet and used to set the general pattern for the remaining part of the interview.

The front of the interview sheet (Figure 5) was organized around the manual material handling activities used in the development of questionnaire 2. Therefore the primary catagories were lift/lower, carry, push/pull, and torque. However, a column was provided to obtain additional information on other demanding activities. The activities were coded as shown in Table 10.

The interview format originally developed was designed to quickly survey the task list to determine the number of demanding activities in each catagory. The supervisor was asked to identify which demanding activities were found in each task. These were indicated by a mark in the upper left small box in the appropriate activity columns. After surveying all tasks, the marks in each column were to be totaled. The interviewer would then go back through the list concentrating on just the predominate activities. For these, he would ask for an estimate of the weight or force involved which was recorded in the large square and the usual posture involved which was recorded in the lower smaller square using a number code (Table 10). A space was provided for general remarks specific to each task. In addition, a column was provided to assess the general strength and/or endurance requirement of the entire task. The supervisor was asked if it was more important for an individual to have strength or endurance to be successful in that task.

The back of the interview sheet (Figure 6) was originally designed for use with the verification step following the interview and to record the supervisor's comments. It was planned to select 5 representative tasks from the list of 25. For these five, an attempt was to be made to measure the actual weight or forces that the supervisor had estimated. To do this, the field team was equiped with Amtek load cells (Model CT-1000) and digital display units (Model HSC-11), and was able to obtain actual weights and forces associated with tasks in the work area.

TABLE 8

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR TASK RANKING USED DURING FIELD INTERVIEWS

INSTRUCTIONS FOR RANKING TASKS ON TASK LIST

You are asked to rank a list of 25 representative tasks performed in your AFSC. When comparing one task against another, consider only the physical demand required to perform each task-not how frequently, or infrequently, you may perform each task.

Physical demand includes both strength and endurance. Strength and endurance are found in tasks which include heavy muscular demand, or frequent and continuous exertion of muscular effort. For example, in one task you might lift a heavy weight once. In another, the weight might be considered light if lifted only once, but the task requires many repetitive lifts. The first example requires strength, and the second, endurance; but both are physically demanding tasks.

Rank the 25 tasks in order from 1 to 25, according to the physical demand required to perform each task. The task you rank number 1 should be the most physically demanding task on the list. Number 25 is the least demanding.

If you have not performed a task and cannot rank it, mark it NA (Not Applicable) and proceed to rank the remaining tasks.

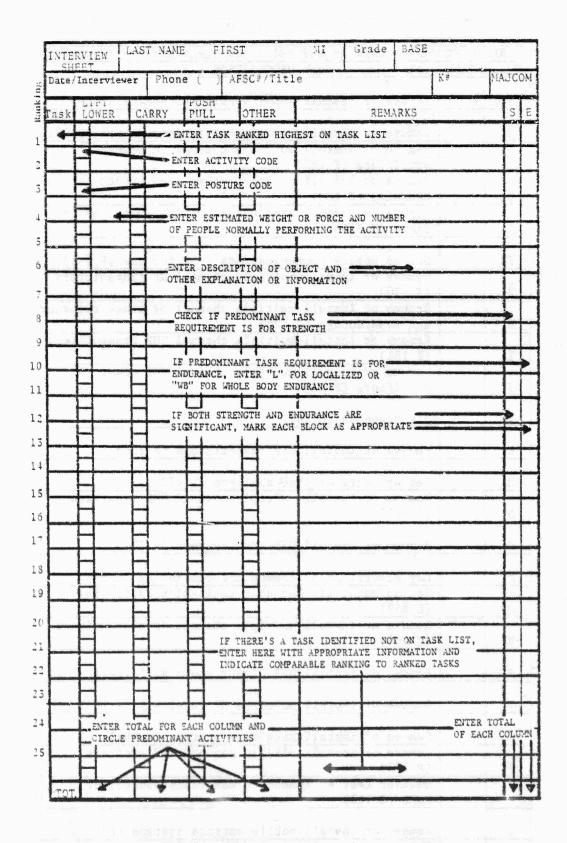
If you have performed a task(s) that is <u>not</u> on the list but is significantly demanding (i.e., it ranks with the top five tasks you have ranked), then inform the interviewer in the discussion which follows.

Note: Security classification of this interview is "Unclassified"

TABLE 9

EXAMPLE OF AFSC TASK LIST USED DURING FIELD INTERVIEWS

	SHEET	AFSC 304X4 Ground Radio Equipment and Repair K-009
TASK	RANK	TASK DESCRIPTION
A		Remove or install power supply systems (F 193)
В		Remove or install permanent type antenna sys. (F191 Remove or install multiple channel MR power
С	-	amplifiers (F 167)
D		Remove or install consoles other than Launch contro consoles (F 189)
Е		Remove or install single channel SSB power amplifiers (F 220)
F		Set up mobile communications vans for use (F 245)
G		Remove or install multiple channel HF transmitters (F 170)
Н		Remove or install multiple channel or track recorde and reporducers (F 176)
I		Remove or install multiple channel UHF transmitters (F 181)
J		Remove or install multiple channel UHF power amplifiers (F 178)
K		Dig trenches (L 662)
L		Remove or install UHF transmitters (F 235)
М		Set up tents or 1948 shelters (L 672)
N		Remove or install multiple channel UMF receivers (F 180)
0		Remove or install UHF transceivers (F 234)
P		Lay electrical or communications cables (L 664)
Q		Set up bath, kitchen door sanitation facilities (L 669)
R		Remove or install multiple channel HF transceivers (F 169)
S		Remove or install UHF Linear power amplifiers(F232)
Т		Remove or install multiple HF receivers (F 168)
U		Remove or install Hacsimile systems (F 168)
V		Remove or installmultiple channel URF exciters (F 177)
W		Deliver test equipment to materials control or PMEL (E 113)
X		Remove or install mobile antenna systems (F 165)
Y		Remove or install single channel SSB transceivers (F 222)



*

Figure 5. Front of Interview Sheet Used During Field Interviews

TABLE 10

CODING SHEET USED TO IDENTIFY ACTIVITIES AND POSTURES ON INTERVIEW SHEET

EXAMPLES OF ACTIVITIES

A Lift

F Torque/turn

B Lower

G Hold/position

C Carry

H Climb

D Push

I Shovel/dig

E Pull

J Hammer

O Other--as appropriate for your AFSC

WORKING POSTURES

1 Standing

6 Kneeling

2 Walking

7 Lying

3 Running

8 Stooping (knees bent)

4 Crawling

9 Bent at waist

5 Sitting

10 Other

	∞ :			
VERLETCATION DATA	OB-1ECT			General Comments: Number of year's experience in the AFSC Identily point of contact for verification within the work area and coordinate scheduled appointment. Ask for comments on the following: Supervisor's suggestion/recommendation for what to test to measure physical requirements within the AFSC Supervisor's experience with females and weaker males working in the AFSC Supervisor's identification of the most critical task(s) for performance within the AFSC
	POS.			i ence ict for he for /recor vith
Actual	E .			General Comments: Number of year's experience in the AFSC identity point of contact for verificat Ask for comments on the following: Supervisor's suggestion/recommendation Supervisor's experience with females and Supervisor's identification of the most
	ACTIVITY			General Countries of year's celldently point of Ask for comments Supervisor's suggestylsor's expersion's ident
	l'ASI.			20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0

Figure 6. Back of Interview Sheet Used During Field Interviews

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Testing and Finalization of Interview/Verification Procedures

After development of these interview procedures, several interviews were arranged at Reese AFB, Hurlwood, TX. These involved the following AFSCs: Fire Protection, Pavement Maintenance, and Aircraft Maintenance. In the course of these interviews, it rapidly became evident that the initial assessment of which demanding activities were present and tallying their numbers was unnecessary. Going through the task list twice during the interview (not counting the airman's ranking step) required the individual to recall what specific aspect of the task he originally had in mind when later asked to detail these demanding activities. The airmen were usually verbally identifying a specific object and associated activity the first time through the list. Therefore it was actually more expedient just to ask what was the most demanding lift/lower, for example, determine what object was handled, and to get an estimate of the weight involved and the required posture when going through the list the first time. After the first few trips, the decision was made to record the height range involved for lift/lower activities. These were coded to indicate the starting and ending points using F for floor, P for pallet, K for knuckle, W for waist or workbench, S for shoulder, and R for reach.

It also became obvious during these initial interviews that the number of people involved in performing an activity had to be recorded since two or more people frequently participated in the activity. Thus the number of people, if more than 1, was indicated under the estimated weight by "2 p", etc. If the weight was large but still handled only by one individual, this was specifically noted as "1 p" to avoid later confusion.

During these interviews some problem also arose with the strength/ endurance columns. Although the endurance column was originally intended to note cardiovascular endurance, many individuals wanted to express a requirement of the task for localized endurance. Therefore responses in the endurance column were coded "WB" or "L" to distinguish between "whole-body" (cardiovascular) endurance and "localized" muscle fatigue (as from hammering). Individuals were encouraged to choose either strength or endurance but if they insisted that both were equal, that was recorded.

Originally the interviews followed by the verification were conducted at the airman's work place. This often led to numerous interruptions and distractions making it difficult to complete the interview in 1-1/2 hours. During a trip to Wright-Patterson to show the interview format to the technical monitor, the airmen were asked to come to his office for the interviews. This proved to be a superior technique as the individual could devote his entire attention to the interview. During the interview, arrangements were made for the field team to go to the interviewer's work place at a later time

for verifications. When possible, a definite appointment was set up. Otherwise, arrangements were made to call the airman prior to meeting with him.

When attempting to verify the five tasks selected from the interview, it was frequently impossible to find all the necessary items at the work site specific to those tasks. All available items were weighed along with any other items the supervisor would regard as highly demanding. Measurement of push/pull forces and torques were much more difficult. These frequently required that the task be ongoing. Wherever possible that portion of the task was "set up" and the forces measured.

Improvements in the verification stage were accomplished by the development of a worksheet (Figure 7). Before going to the shop, the items mentioned during the interview were transferred to this sheet along with the activity and estimate. When the object was weighed or a force measured, the actual weight/force was recorded in the appropriate column. Thus on later visits to a shop, it we readily apparent what verifications had or had not been made. The sheet was also used during subsequent interviews. After finishing the regular interview, the airman was asked for estimates on any of the worksheet items that he had not mentioned.

After enough interview/verification data had been collected to develop simulated tasks (described later), the interview sheet was modified again to provide space for coding which simulated task best described the activity involved. At the same time, space was also provided on the interview sheet to record the supervisor's estimates of the percent of first and second term airmen who performed each task and an indication of how frequently (daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or yearly or more) the task was performed. The space for recording information on each activity was enlarged so that the interview "sheet" covered two pages on both sides. Space was provided on the last sheet for summarizing the number of activities identified and for recording additional remarks. The revised interview sheet is illustrated in Figures 8 and 9.

At the same time, the work sheet was revised to allow space for entry of the simulated task code, percent participation, and task frequency (Figure 10). The order of the columns were also rearranged to facilitate data entry into the computer.

Planning and Scheduling of Base Visits

Utilizing a variety of data available within the Air Force personnel system, such as preliminary strength and stamina surveys, percent participation of airmen performing tasks with each AFSC, and other general information pertaining to the organizational units and weapon

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	RKSHEET SC TITLE: GROUND RADIO	E	K#009 QUIPME	ENT &	REPAI	R	304X4		AMPLE	
TASK	OBJECT	POSTURE		ACTUAL (WT. OR FORCE)	ESTI SI TEG	MATED TSG MORE Elizament SAC	S3 SSG SAIM SCOTT MAC	S4	SS SS	OTHEAS
Н	AN/GSH-34 Multiple channel Tape Recorder	9	Lift (FK)	425/4P = 106	200/3P = 50	300/ 31° = 100	= 33			350/4P
Н	11 11 11 (4P push along smooth floor)	9	Push		350/4P = 88					
н	AN/GSH-36 Tape Recorder	9	Lift (FK) Carry	州士		40	35			50
н	TP-1510 Tape Player	9	Lift (FK) Cury	130/aP = 65		150/2P = 75	75/2° = 38			120/ ₂₇ = 60
Н	AN/GSH-35 Tape Recorder	9	Lift (FK) Cassy	325/4P = 81		200/4P = 50	150/4P = 38			300/4P = 75
Μ	6- Man Tent, Bundle (tent, spikes, sope, etc.)	9	Lift (FK) Carry	156/2P = 78	200/29 = 100	180/ar = 90				
M	1948 Shelter Box of Equip. (floor, copes, supports, etc.)	9	Lift (FK) Carry		400/69	300/30				
0,	487 L Cable (100' length)	9	Pull	86	75	90				
L	UHF Transmitter (2 sections)	1,2	Lower (KF) CAFFY	30	50	40				
v	T-1108 Multiple Channel UMF Exciter	1	Lower (KF) Carry	43	60	100	40			
W	200 CD Andio Oscillator	9	Lift (FK)	21	30	12	10			
W	323 Signal Generator	9	Lif4 (FK)	62	40	40	50			
Y	6182 Single Side Band Transcoiver	9	Lift (FK)	29	25	30				
T	Multiple Channel HF Receiver	9/1	Lift (FK) CALLY	66	60	65				
RE	FRC- 153 Multiple Channel HF Transceiver	1/2	Lift (FK) Carry	30	60	70				
5	AM-6154 UHF Lisiar Power Amplifier	1/4 1/2	Lower (KF) Carry	70	40	55	62/ ₂ P = 31			

Figure 7. Work Sheet Developed for Use During Field Verification

-	~		ENDUR.				
∦ ∧dns	X-FACTOR		SIRENCIH				
	-FA		.TAA4 %				
MO	×	- "	FLEO.				
TRIP # NAJCOM	INTERVIEWER		ESTIMATE WT/#P = SHARE				
MI GRADE BASE	YRS. EXP. PHONE () DÁTE	KS	COPPIENTS				
FIRST	2-	TOP 5 RANKED TASKS	SIMUL. TASK				
		10	POSTURE				
LAST HAME				ê			
THE SAME WELL	AFSC #/TITLE		OBJECT				
2	FSC		ACTIVITIA				
WESTABLISM	V						
I.N.			TASK				
	×		BYNK	-	7	 - 2	5

Figure 8. Revised Interview Form: First Page

TIVITOA			TOTALS: LIFT/LOHER(LXX) CARRY(CAR) PUSII/PUI.I.(P/P)	P EMARKS:	
OBJECT			distance of the second		
POSTURE			ACTIVITIES TORQUE/TURN (T/T) HOLD/POSITION (HPX) CLINB (GLI)		
SIMUL. TASK			SHOVEL/DIG(S/D)		
COMMENTS					
2 3 1			50 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		
UT/#P = SHARE			STRENGTH/STANINA STRENGTH(S) ENDURANCE(E)		
FREG.			AMITINA		

Figure 9. Revised Interview Form: Last Page

ACTUAL, PART FREQ SIMUL. TASK TITLE POSTURE AFSC OBJECT 3/2/814MM. MILIALLOW ASAT

Figure 10. Revised Worksheet for Field Verifficantion and Data Entry

systems located at each of the Air Force bases, an initial plan was developed to ensure proper selection of the bases and AFSCs for the reviews. This resulted in achieveing the established objectives for the stratification of mission performance by major air commands, and variances in job requirements due to geographical factors and weapon systems.

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The current "Airman Classification Structure Chart" (used in conjunction with AFR 39-1) served as the project baseline for the total population of AFSCs to be quantified for physical demands. The 31 October 1981 structure chart listed a total of 226 AFSCs and 188 separately identifiable shredouts, plus an additional 30 "Special Identifier" AFSC's for an overall total of 434 AFSCs/Shredouts. Of this amount, approximately 20% were classified as Factor-X three AFSCs (i.e., basically administrative jobs requiring a low level of physical demands). The remaining 80% of the AFSCs, then, were all primary condidates for the verification review process. A priority approach was taken to evaluate Factor-X one AFSCs first and then, the lesser demanding Factor-X two and three AFSCs.

A variety of criteria were used in the process of developing the approach for selecting 10 Air Force Bases to be used for the field validations. For example, the "civil engineering" family of six AFSCs was scheduled at bases ranging in size from a small ATC base with limited personnel, minimum essential support and handling equipment, to the largest civil engineering operation in the Air Force at a base with several hundred personnel performing the spectrum of required jobs with a variety of material handling equipment. Another special family of functionally homogenous AFSCs belonged to the missile weapon system career fields. The three bases chosen not only provided the data and capability to evaluate the functional differences in the jobs (i.e., missile mechanic, missile facilities, missile equipment, etc.) but also the variances in the performance of each job in terms of specific weapon systems. The data collected can also be segregated by the two major missile systems (Minutemen Missile and Titan Missile) and by operational mission performance, or by special missile training and testing mission requirements.

Due to the large number of Air Force personnel utilized within the Aircraft Maintenance career fields (AFSCs 431X0, 431X1, and 431X2), data collection and segregation capability existed for not only evaluating the jobs by light, tactical aircraft and heavy aircraft categories, but also by each of the major aircraft shredouts within each category. This approach in developing the field validation plan and schedule provided early visibility into the differences between the physical demands of each category. Some tasks were more demanding when performed on heavy aircraft (bombers and transports); others were more demanding when working on light, tactical aircraft. Variances existed even within the same category; i.e., accessibility to equipment

on the latest F-15 or F-16 fighter aircraft was easier than with other "light" aircraft, reflecting fundamental design concepts incorporated into the engineering and development of these newer, more advanced technology weapon systems. Furthermore, some aircraft mechanics are utilized in other related jobs (Aerospace Repair Shop, Engine Depot Maintenance, etc.) sometime in their career progression which, in turn, creates additional variances in physical demands.

A similar approach was taken in selecting bases and collecting data for other career fields typified by the electronics and avionics AFSCs. In addition, consideration was also given to geographical and climatic factors in selection of the bases. Lastly, it was considered especially important to have a balanced stratification of interviews by major Air Force commands in evaluating the difference in requirements due to mission performance responsibilities by each major air command.

Having evaluated the above factors and finalized selection of bases to visit, the next step was to determine the number of interviews to be conducted at each base and to identify the tasks within any AFSC where primary stress would be placed in accomplishing the verification of data in the workplace environment. The initial target objective was to strive for an average of three interviews for each of the AFSCs reviewed. Primary emphasis would then be placed on the "top 5" tasks ranked by each supervisor interviewed. This would produce a possible range of 5-15 tasks to be verified for the predominent action in each of the 21 career fields. Recognizing that it would not always be possible to find all the objects handled or equipment used readily available in the work areas for measurement, the team targeted its planning objective for verifying three of the five top ranked tasks identified by each supervisor interviewed. Where it was impractical to measure the weight or force applied to an object or piece of equipment, the team members investigated the existence of official documentation, such as Tech Order publications, to obtain the data. This source of data proved to be a valuable supplement to the collection of verified data, especially in such career fields as aircraft maintenance, avionics, loadmaster, egress systems, radio equipment, etc., where technical manuals used frequently in the performance of the job were readily available and contained weight data by specific weapon systems.

Additional information and data were collected during surveys of the supervisor's work area and in discussions with other personnel (i.e. working associates, subordinates, and/or superiors of the supervisor interviewed). Typical information included scenarios on the work schedule and working environment, material handling equipment available, unique mission requirements, adverse climatic and working conditions, participation on special missions and/or exercises, comments from first-term airmen and females working in the AFSC, and

other pertinent information. To a limited degree, photographs were taken of the worker performing a physically demanding task in an unusual position, a confined work space, and/or handling a heavy object or piece of equipment. When available, technical publication libraries were researched for pertinent data, with the assistance of authorized, assigned personne? Very valuable sources of information and expertise were the functional experts at major air command headquarters; for example, the Loadmaster NCOIC for each of the mission aircraft assigned to Headquarters MAC, the Life Support Equipment NCOIC at the same command headquarters, and the Minuteman and Titan missile system evaluation teams at Vandenberg, AFB provided invaluable assessments of job requirements and personnel performing within their career field throughout the command.

Official coordination, clearances, and detailed schedules for each base visit were handled by a designated official from the program technical monitor's office (AFAMRL). This timely and thoughtful support was invaluable to the team, making the performance of their job easier and more efficient. Proper clearances and approval for the visits were first obtained through each of the major air command headquarters. Thereafter, each base visit was arranged for by a request letter to the base commander's office followed by an approval response. Detailed arrangements were then coordinated with the designated point of contact, a CBPO (Consolidated Base Personnel Office) representative, at least three weeks in advance of the planned visit. Follow-up coordination was accomplished normally one week before arriving on a base visit. Without exception, all base visits were completed smoothly thanks primarily to the professional competency of the personnel who handled the administrative details for scheduling the interviews, reserving excellent facilties for conducting the interviews, and properly notifying concerned participants and their supervisors. The team received a warm welcome and total support for their activity at each and every base they visited. This was especially gratifying and recognized in personal letters of thanks to those responsible for providing this essential support.

As mentioned previously, interview and verification procedures were constantly being refined and improved with each of the early visits to bases. Time saving techniques were integrated with improved data collection procedures to produce a more efficient and effective operation by the team. Almost imperceptibly at first, the team was able to increase the number of interviews conducted while concurrently obtaining more comprehensive data on each interview and verification review. The advantages of on-site personal interviews with experienced supervisors was readily apparent. All of these factors, combined with the addition of two more team members and additional measuring equipment, resulted in a reorientation of the team's objective from one of gathering verified data for the ultimate purpose of correlating it to Questionnaire 2 responses to one of actually verifying the physical demands of the AFSCs.

Appendix D presents a summary of the actual bases visited, the number of interviews conducted, and the number of AFSCs reviewed. The corresponding total number of supervisors interviewed is 885. These totals constitute an increase of almost 300% in the number of originally planned interviews and a 100% increase in the number of AFSCs to be reviewed.

Table 11 contains a summary breakdown of the number of supervisors interviewed by grade and major air command assignment. The grade distribution indicates a desirable spread rather than an overloading in the lower grades of less experienced airmen. The average total years of experience within the AFSC career field was almost 10 1/2 years.

Table 11 also reflects a representative distribution by major air command of assignment. As expected, the predominent command of assignment is the Strategic Air Command (SAC). This can be partically attributed to the fact that eight of the AFSCs are in the "missile family" of jobs related to the Titan and Minuteman weapon systems; both of these strategic weapon systems come under this operational control and responsibility of SAC. To a lesser degree, the aircraft maintenance, bomb-navigation systems electronic warfare systems, and "avionics" AFSCs contribute substantially to the total of 885 supervisors interviewed.

The average grade of E-6, Tech Sergeant, coincides with the targeted grade established at the outset of the project. The average years of experience working in the AFSC (10 1/2 years) is a good indicator of the total experience possessed by the personnel interviewed. In addition, a representative stratification of major command of assignment was obtained and was most beneficial in the analysis of the data collected, especially in terms of variance in mission performance and weapon systems involved.

Interview/Verification Data Handling Procedures

After each base visit, the data collected were tabulated on the worksheets. When several interviews had been completed in an AFSC, the data were reviewed for completeness. When a judgement was made that sufficient data had been obtained for an AFSC it was declared "closed" and, in most cases, no further interviews were conducted. The rationale for closing an AFSC was based on the number of interviews conducted, the number of actual weights/forces measured, the number of estimates, and the likelihood of obtaining an actual value with which to replace the estimate. The closeout decisions were made by a retired USAF Colonel who also used his service experience in making this judgement.

Each AFSC was submitted to an audit when it was closed out. In this process a master worksheet was prepared with tasks alphabetized.

TABLE 11
SUPERVISORS INTERVIEWED (BY GRADE & MAJCOM)

SUPERVISORS INTERVIEWED (BY GRADE & MAJCOM)

Grade	SAC	MAC	TAC	AFLC	AFSC	ATC	OTHER	TOTAL
CMS (E-9)	1	10	1	-		1	1	14
SMS (E-8)	6	16	6	1	-	1	3	33
MSG (E-7)	37	37	40	15	6	14	22	171
TSGT (E-6)	97	57	67	12	10	16	37	296
Lower (E-5, 4,3,2,1)	55	53	78	24	8	6	39	263
Other (2Lt & civilian)	20	22	31	9	1	13	8	104
	3	-		-	-	ì	-	4
Totals	219	195	223	61	25	52	110	885

Average Grade: TSG (E-6)

Average Number of years of experience, 10 1/2 years, per supervisor.

This master worksheet was reconciled to all interview sheets and other supporting information to make sure that it contained all relevant data. Data on top rank tasks, number of tasks requiring lifting, carrying, etc. and other summary statistics were posted on an AFSC summary sheet (Figure 11).

The master worksheet was then used to input data into the computerized data file. A copy of the file structure and layout is shown in Table 12. In addition, a sample printout of the file contents is given in Figure 12. If additional actual values became available after data entry, the computer files were updated as appropriate.

Analysis of Interview/Verification Data

Descriptive statistics in terms of means, standard deviations and ranges of weights or forces by activity were obtained for each AFSC. Histograms of task demands by activity for each AFSC or for the combined AFSCs were also prepared.

The predominant activity for most AFSCs was lift/lower followed by push/pull.

Figure 11. Example of AFSC Summary Sheet

TABLE 12
STRUCTURE OF INTERVIEW/VERIFICATION DATA FILE

Field	Contents
1-4	K-NUMBER
6-11	AFSC
13-14	TASK
16-18	Activity/Range (Coded)
20-53	OBJECT
55-56	Simulated Task (Coded)
58-60	Actual Force or Weight/Person
62-64	Estimated Force/Person
71-73	AFSC Line No.
75-77	Percent Participation
79	Frequency
80	Number of People Performing

133	300000000	18 57 0 20 57 0 21 57 0 22 13 0 23 13 01 24 13 0 25 13 0 27 13 0 29 13 0 30 13 0	- N E 4
## 55 ## 55 C4 C4 51 C4 50 P1 55	กลัง พัพงงกพ	C6 18 C6 48 C6 48 C6 23 C4 119 C7 24 C7 24 C7 24 C7 24 C7 24	4
DEFENDER SNOW CPASH BOX 1.5.*2.*4. 200. SPOOL OF POPE (.5"NYLON) SAND BAG DEFENDER	SECURITY GEAR SECURITY GEAR SECURITY GEAR SAND BAG SECURITY GEAR SECURITY GEAR SECURITY GEAR	M-67 FL AC SECU SECU SECU BOX BOX FI E	M-16 M-16,AMO M-16,AMO PUSH ON CPR DJWMY SECURITY GEAR (M-16,FLAG VEST)
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Sample Printout of Interview/Verification Data File Contents Figure 12.

III PHASE II: STRENGTH/STAMINA APTITUDE TESTS

Phase II was concerned with the evaluation of an airman's capacity to safely perform physical work. Two primary efforts were undertaken during this phase of the research project. First, a method of quantifying current AFSC job demands had to be developed. This was accomplished through the development of a series of generic manual materials handling activities called simulated tasks. The second effort was to develop a strength/stamina aptitude test battery that would predict performance on the simulated tasks and consequently could be used to predict success of an airman's ability to safely perform the physical work required by a specific AFSC.

A. DEVELOPMENT OF SIMULATED TASKS

As expected, manual material handling activities accounted for most of the demanding activities identified by Phase I. These activities were subcategorized for performance measures into simulated tasks that were common across AFSCs. Four basic subcategories were used: lift, carry, hold/position and push/pull.

Selection of these simulated tasks were based on the data collected during the first year of field interviews. Since these interviews covered the majority of the most demanding AFSCs, it was felt the collected data were representative of the type of tasks found in all AFSCs regardless of demand level. Interviews were continued, of course, in remaining AFSCs to establish the physical demands for each AFSC since these data were needed for determining the final selection criteria. Once the simulated tasks were established as shown in Figures 13 through 16, the appropriate identification code was noted during an interview instead of posture and descriptive information. Analysis of the data files for the first year interviews revealed that only 6% of the Air Force tasks could not be adequately described by one of the established simulated tasks. In this case, posture/ descriptive notes were taken and an "*" placed in simulated tasks column to flag the special nature of that task). The previously recorded data on posture and task description were used to assign appropriate simulated task codes to interview data already collected.

From the data gathered during the first year of field interviews, frequency distributions were determined for all simulated tasks associated with the AFSC's interviewed. Based on the frequency distributions, the original set of 28 simulated tasks was reduced to a subset of 13 simulated tasks that accounted for approximately 90% of the tasks identified in the first year data base. No simulated task was eliminated from consideration for the final field validation unless it accounted for less than 2% of the simulated tasks in the data file from the first year interviews.

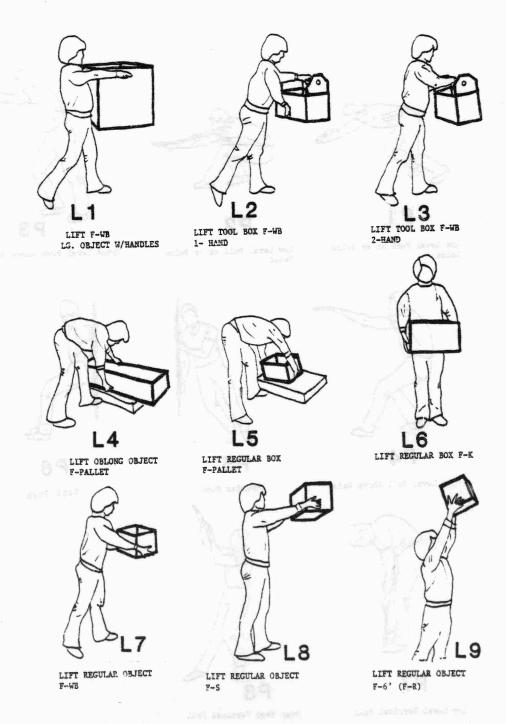


Figure 13. Simulated Tasks for Lift Activities

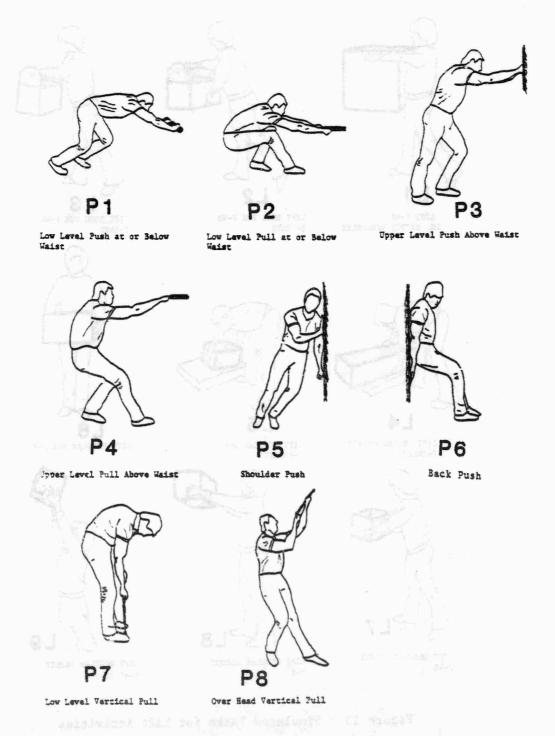


Figure 14. Simulated Tasks for Push/Pull Activities

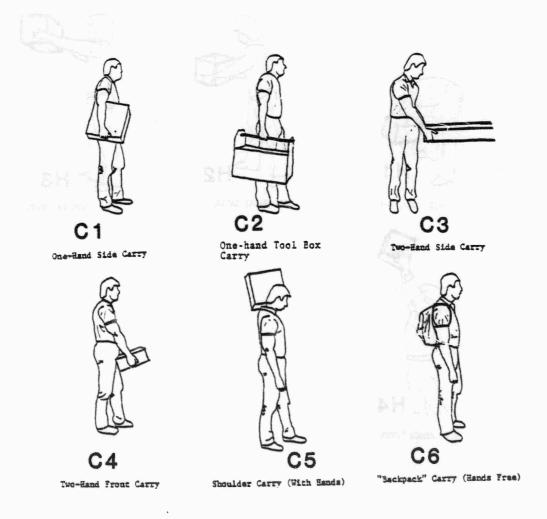


Figure 15. Simulated Tasks for Carry Activities

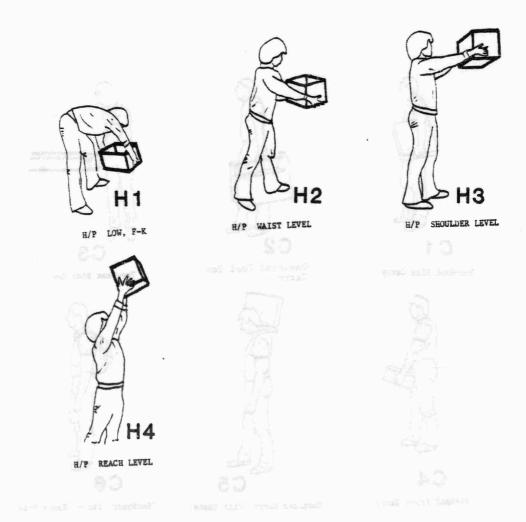


Figure 16. Simulated Tasks for Hold Activities

Performance data in terms of maximum acceptable strength or endurance were obtained for incumbents on a subset of these simulated tasks. Selection of this subset was based on the results of a pilot study, conducted at TTU using students (Smith and Ayoub, 1982). The simulated tasks used for incumbent testing consisted of five lifting tasks, two hold/position tasks, three push/pull tasks, and three carry tasks. The general procedures used when conducting the incumbent testing using these simualted tasks is described below.

Each subject based on a psychophysical method selected his own maximum acceptable weight of load for each of the simulated tasks. Each of the simulated tasks for lift/lower and/or hold/position required that the subject lift a box to a certain height or lift and hold a box at a fixed position. For the lifting tasks the subject was asked to accomplish a completed lift only once. During the hold position tasks, the box was held in position the entire time required by the examiner in order for the task to be considered complete. Each subject was asked to work as hard as he could without becoming unusually tired, weakened, overheated, out of breath, or straining himself in accordance with the accepted psychophysical methods reported by Ayoub, et al. (1978).

Only the subject could adjust the workload; if he felt that he could work harder without straining himself, he added more weight to the box or removed weight if he felt the load was too heavy. As many adjustments as needed were accomplished by adding and removing assorted lead weights from the box. When the subject indicated that he had reached his capacity, he then completed a single lift. The box and weights were weighed on a standard scale and the weight recorded. Assorted lead weights were not marked individually as to their heaviness and the box was not weighed until the subject had left the task area.

The only lifting instructions given to the subjects specified grip position on certain simulated tasks. No specific method of lifting was suggested for the simulated tasks. Previous research in the field of manual materials handling has shown "free style" lifting to be more appropriate than a structured lifting style.

For the hold/position tasks, each subject chose his weight as he did for the lifting tasks as well as his own manner of lift. If the subject could not hold the load for the full time required, he was asked to rest and readjust the load to a weight he could maintain in position the full time required.

For the Push/Pull tasks, subjects were asked to exert their maximum Push or Pull effort and sustain it for three seconds. Each subject was asked if he felt that was his maximum, if the answer was negative, the test was repeated. Since these tasks involved no manipulation of load

weights; simply an applied force to stationary object, the subjects had no adjustments to make.

The Carry tasks were similar to the Lift/Lower tasks in that the subjects were asked to adjust the lead weight load until their maximum was reached. The Carry tasks differed because in addition to lifting a weighted box, the subjects carried it for fifteen feet to complete the task. If the subject was unable to carry the weighted box the required distance, he was asked to readjust the weights until the maximum amount was reached which could be carried the distance.

Illustrations and descriptions of these simulated tasks are given in Figures 17 through 29.

B. DEVELOPMENT OF CANDIDATES TESTS

A variety of candidate tests involving strength and/or endurance components were initially considered as potential tests for strength/stamina. Table 13 shows a summary of these tests. In order to conduct a meaningful analysis of potential candidate tests an initial screening procedure was used to reduce the number of feasible tests. The following criteria were used in the initial screening to exclude potential candidate tests from further consideration:

- (1) Test required sophisticated equipment and/or extensive training in testing procedures and analysis of results. This eliminated those tests requiring oxygen consumption analysis such as maximum aerobic capacity, and many static and dynamic strength tests.
- (2) Test exceeded space or time constraints of a typical AFEES (MEPS) screening procedure. This eliminated many of the running type fitness tests such as sprints, shuttle runs, dodge runs and distance runs.
- (3) Test was of questionable safety. Eliminated from consideration due to safety factors were tests involving the handling of free weights (potential for dropping) and tests suspected to be hazardous such as back strength tests.
- (4) Test was of questionable reliability or validity. Many fitness type tests involving the subject's body weight such as pull-ups, rope climbing, push-ups were not considered because of the lack of consistency of test load. Other tests such as medicine ball put, softball throw, vertical jump, broad jump, sit-ups, squat thrust, leg raises, etc. were excluded because they lacked a recognized and valid relationship between the tests and the simulated manual materials handling tasks previously identified.



Figure 17. Lift to Knuckle Level (L6): The subject lifted a box (17.5" x 11.5" x 9.75") from the floor to knuckle height. The subject was instructed to pick up the box and stand erect with arms extended straight down, holding the loaded box against his lower body.



Figure 18. Lift to Workbench Level (L7): The subject was required to lift a box (17.5" x 11.5" x 9.75") from the floor to workbench height (30" above the floor).

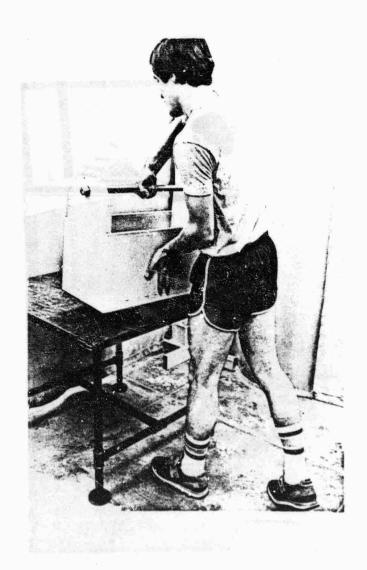


Figure 19. One-Hand Tool Box Lift to Workbench Level (L2):

The subject was required to perform a one-handed lift. The box measured 24" x 12" x 11.75" and was fitted with a piece of pipe running the 24" length of the box at a height of 19" from the bottom of the box. This task simulated the lifting of a tool box to workbench height (30" from the floor).

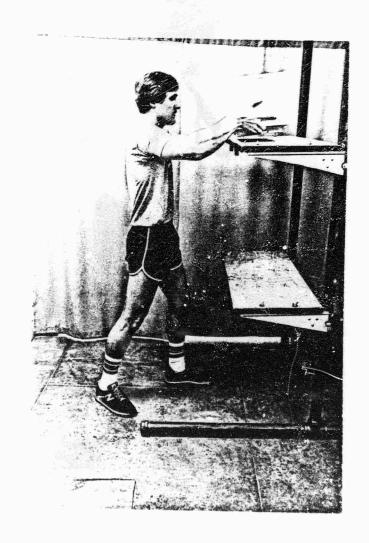


Figure 20. Lift to Shoulder Level (L8): Each subject lifted a box (17.5" x 11.5" x 9.75") from the floor and placed it on a shelf located at the subject's shoulder height.

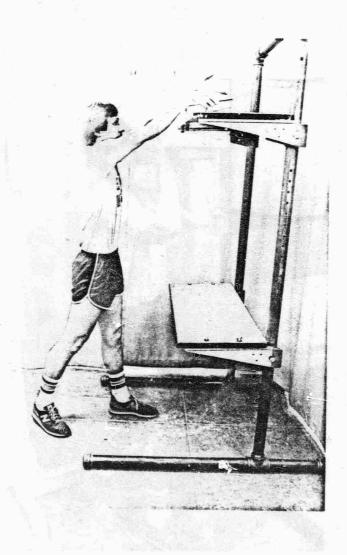


Figure 21. Lift to Reach Level (L9): Each subject lifted a box from the floor to a height of 70" and placed it on a shelf. The box used in this task measured 16" x 10" x 9.5" and again was not equipped with handles but did have runners along the bottom of the box to aid the subject in gripping the box.

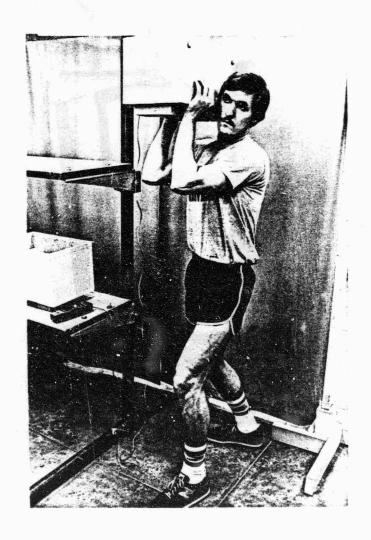


Figure 22. Hold/Position at Shoulder Level (H3): The subject was asked to hold a box (17.5" x 11.5" x 9.75") in position at shoulder height for five seconds. A safety chain was provided in case the subject dropped the load.



Figure 23. Hold/Position at Reach Level (H4): The subject was asked to hold a box (17.5" x 11.5" x 9.75") overhead, approximately 6' above the floor for 5 seconds. A safety chain was provided in case the subject dropped the load.

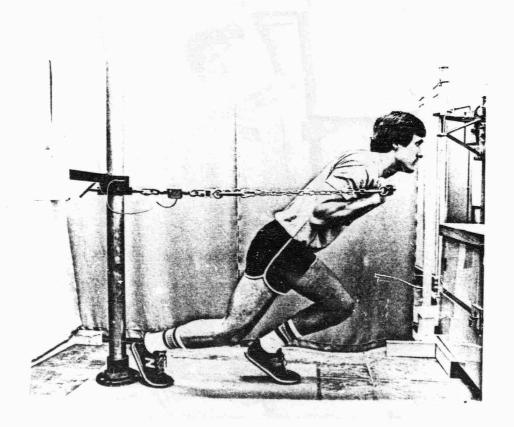


Figure 24. Waist Level Push (P1): Each subject was instructed to grasp the rod with an overhand grip and push into the waist high rod with the maximum possible force and sustain this effort for 3 seconds.



Figure 25. Waist Level Pull (P2): Each subject was instructed to grasp the waist height rod and pull with the maximum possible for for 3 seconds.

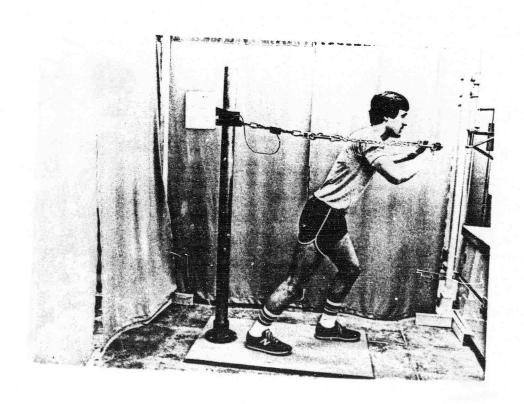


Figure 26. Shoulder Level Push (P3): Each subject was instructed to grasp the shoulder height rod and push with the maximum possible force for 3 seconds.



Figure 27. One-Hand Tool Box Carry (C2): Each subject lifted a tool box measuring 24" x 12" x 11.75" with one hand and carried the box at his side a distance of 15 feet. This task simulated the lifting and carrying of a tool box in the workplace setting.

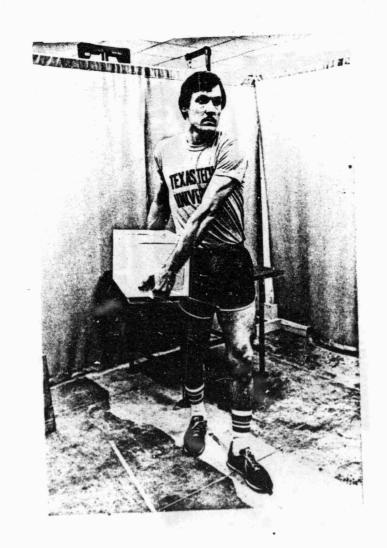


Figure 28. Two-Hand Side Carry (C3): Each subject lifted a box (17.5" x 11.5" x 9.75") without handles and carried it at his side a distance of 15 feet.



Figure 29. Two-Hand Front Carry (C4): Each subject lifted a box (17.5" x 11.5" x 9.75") without handles and carried it positioned at his front a distance of 15 feet.

TABLE 13. TESTS CONSIDERED FOR STRENGTH/STAMINA

Component Tested	Test Name(s) MIL-STD 882- Hazard Category	Reference	Equipment Needed
Arm/Shoulder Strength A. Dynamic	Chin-up/Pull-up	Basic Physical Performance Test-Larson, 1974 Indiana Motor Fitness Test-Mathews, 1973 Physical Fitness Index-Mathews, 1973 USDA Forest Firefighters Battery - Sharkey and Jakkula, 1977 Fleishman, 1964b	horizontal bar (2-5cm diameter) and/or still rings, chalk for hands, stopwatch (for timed test only), floor mat (optional-safety item).
	Flexed or Bent Arm Hang (II)	Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1974 Fleishman, 1964b	horizontal bar (2-5 cm) hand chalk, stopwatch, step stool
	Push Ups (II)	Physical Fitness Index-Mathews, 1973 Indiana Motor Fitness Test-Mathews, 1973 USDA Forest Firefighters Battery Sharkey and Jakkula, 1977. Fleishman, 1964b	stopwatch (for timed tests only), 13" stall bar bench (for modified version only)
	Push Weights (II)	Fleishman, 1964b	padded bench (6' long x l' wide X l 1/2' high, barbell (37 lbs. total), stopwatch

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(Continued)	Equipment Needed	hand grip dynamometer	stopwatch	quadricep boots with weights, floor mats (4" thick), stopwatch	dynamometer with platform handle, and chain; stabilizing strap	floor mat, stopwatch	test table or upright test device, anchoring strap, dynamometer or load cell
TESTS CONSIDERED FOR STRENGTH/STAMINA	Reference	Physical Fitness Test-Mathews, 1973 Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1974 Basic Fitness Battery - Fleishman, 1964b.	Fleishman, 1964b.	Fleishman, 1964b.	Physical Fitness Index- Mathews, 1973	Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1974 USDA Forest Firefighter Battery - Sharkey and Jakkula, 1977.	Kamon and Goldfuss, 1977 Clark, 1966
TABLE 13. T	Test Name(s) MIL-STD 882- Hazard Category	Hand Grip Strength (II)	Deep Knee Bends (II)	Push Weights Feet (II)	Leg Extension- Standing (IL)	Sit-Ups (II)	Trunk Extension (II)
	Component Tested	B. Static	II. Leg/Nip Strength A. Dynamic		B. Static	III. Trunk Strength A. Dynamic	B. Static

Component Tested	That Name(a)	STANTINA THE STANTINA	(Continued)
	MIL-STD 882- Hazard Category	Reference	Equipment Needed
	Trunk Flexion	Clarke, 1966	
	(11)		strap, dynamometer
	Leg Raiser (II)	Fleishman, 1964b	floor mat, stopwatch
	Hold Half- Sit-Up (II)	Fleishman, 1964b	floor mat, stopwatch
IV. Cardiovascular			
Fitness	50 M Sprint (III)	Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1974	stopwatch, 50 M straight course
	Cooper 12 min, Run/Walk (IV)	Larson, 1974	stopwatch measured course
	Ohio State Univ Step Test (IV)	Mathews, 1973	stopwatch, stepping bench
			pulse meter (may be done by hand by experienced individual).
	Billings Treadmill Test (IV)	Mathews, 1973	treadmill, heart rate monitor, oxygen analyzer,
V. Flexibility			rlowmeter.
	Bend, Twist & Touch (II)	Basic Fitness Battery - Fleishman, 1964b	chalk or tape for marking,
B. Extent	Trunk Flexion Standing (II)	Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1964	stable bench or platform, calibrated marker.
_	Sitting (II)	Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1964 Wells Sit and Reach Test -	fixed vertical footrest, calibrated marker.

TABLE 13. TESTS CONSIDERED FOR STRENGTH/STAMINA (Continued)

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Equipment Needed	strength test platform load cells	Cybex, mini-gym	stopwatch, upright standards wooden blocks (1f carrying required)	balance beam or elevated boards in appropriate configuration	tape measure, secured mat or jumping pit	rope (24" long)	skinfold calipers
Reference	McDaniel, 1972; Dryden, 1973; Knipfer, 1974; Ayoub, et al, 1978	Aghazadeh, 1982; Pytel & Kamon, 1981	Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1974 Basic Fitness Battery - Fleishman, 1964b Dodge Run - Fleishman, 1964b	Fleishman, 1964b Field Battery Test - Bernauer & Bonnano, 1975	Indiana Motor Fitness Test - Mathews, 1973 Basic Physical Performance Test - Larson, 1974 Fleishman, 1964b	Fleishman, 1964b	Field Battery Test - Bernauer & Bonanno, 1975 Doolittle, 1975
Test Name(s) MIL-STD 882- Hazard Category	Back Strength Arm Strength	Lifting Strength	Juttle Run	Rail Walking (II)	Gtanding Broad Jump (II)	Cable Jump (III)	Skinfold Thickness (I)
Component Tested	VI. Manual Materials Handling Tests Lifting A. Static	B. Dynamic	VII. Other A. Aglilty	B. Gross Body Equilibrium	C. Explosive Strength	D. Gross Body Coordination	E. Z Body Fat

The next step in the selection of candidate strength/stamina tests was to evaluate the tests in the ergonomics laboratories at Texas Tech University. Some of the initial evaluation was discussed by Smith and Ayoub (1982) in the final report of the interim modification of the X-factor test. Among the equipment available for evaluation was a modified incremental weight machine similar to those currently in use at the AFEES (MEPS). The modified weight machine had a range of movement from one foot above the floor to seven feet above the floor. The modified weight machine utilized 10 pound load increments over a range of 40 to 200 pounds. Other equipment evaluated in conjunction with the candidate tests were a load cell and digital readout, and a hand dynamometer.

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A laboratory study was conducted at Texas Tech University to obtain comparison data between the simulated tasks and the potential strength/stamina tests. Seventy students (age 18-21) served as research subjects for the development and testing of the proposed simulated tasks and candidate strength/stamina tests. The following candidate tests were evaluated on the modified incremental weight machine by the student subject population:

- 1. incremental weight lift to 6 feet,
- 2. incremental weight lift to shoulder height,
- 3. incremental weight lift to waist height,
- 4. incremental weight lift to knuckle height,
- 5. 70 pound elbow height hold time,
- 70 pound shoulder height hold time,
- 7. 70 pound six foot height hold time,
- 8. 70 pound repeated lift to 6 feet,
- 9. repetition test using 10 pounds less than the maximum 6 foot incremental lift weight.

The number of candidate tests on the incremental weight machine was reduced by statistical analysis which examined correlation coefficients of variables as well as the order in which the variables entered the regression equations for predicting simulated task performance. Based on these results the following candidate tests for the incremental weight machine were selected for field testing:

- 1. an incremental lift to six feet to establish a maximum, X1,
- 2. an incremental lift to elbow height, X2,
- 3. a 70 pound hold at elbow height, X3,
- 4. an incremental lift to knuckle height, X7.

In addition to the lifting and holding tasks, three push/pull tasks were selected for incumbent testing, along with a grip strength test. The additional candidate tests were:

- 5. a one handed pull, X11,
- 6. hand grip strength, X8,
- 7. a 38 cm vertical pull, X9, and
- 8. an elbow height vertical pull, X10.

The handgrip strength, 38 cm vertical pull and elbow height vertical pull were selected because they are tests being evaluated by the Army and Navy and could provide a good comparison to the Army or Navy data should they decide to use those candidate tests. The tests were also representative of the push/pull simulated tasks described earlier.

The first three tests have been administered at Basic Military Training at the request of AFAMRL thus provided comparison data.

All strength testing was self-limiting, with the subject determining the maximum amount of weight that could be lifted, or the maximum duration of holding a weight. The subject was asked to perform at a level that would be considered his or her maximum acceptable level of physical exertion in any Air Force job. Subjects were told to stop the experiment at any time if they felt over-stressed. No information regarding performance was made available to the subject. During performance of the tests the subject was isolated from other subjects in an attempt to eliminate competition and other external influences.

Illustrations and descriptions of the candidate tests are given in Figures 30 through 37.

C. INCUMBENT SAMPLING PLAN

A sampling plan was developed to test incumbents based on their AFSC. The objective was to emphasize Factor X-1 and X-2 AFSCs. Consideration was also given to obtaining AFSCs representative of the different AF commands, weapons or aircraft systems, etc. It was recognized, however, that this could not be an inflexible plan. Base coordinators had to be given the option of making substitutions to prevent any disruption of primary base functions.

The original sampling plan w.3 also modified by the selection of retest subjects. These were individuals who participated in strength testing during basic military training at Lackland AFB. (they were given one of two tests: ability to lift 70 lb to 6 ft. or holding endurance for 70 lb. at elbow height). The CBPO contact was given the names and AFSCs of these individuals and requested to try to schedule them first. Since the availability of these individuals was unknown, the AFSCs originally selected for that base were divided into two priorities. First priority was given to AFSCs unique to that base. Second priority was given to AFSCs that were more common across bases. After scheduling the retest subjects, the base contact was to obtain additional subjects by AFSC priority. If additional subjects were

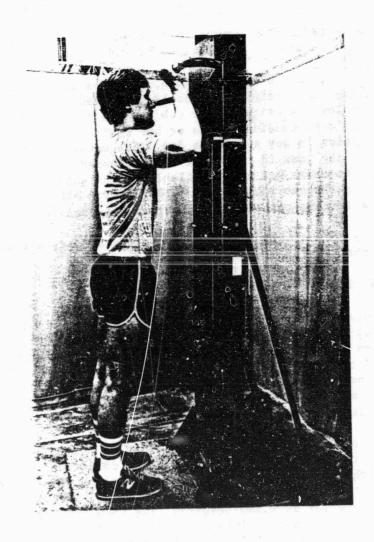


Figure 30. Lift to Six Feet (X1): Subject lifting a weight to a height of 6' using the modified Air Force Lifting nine.

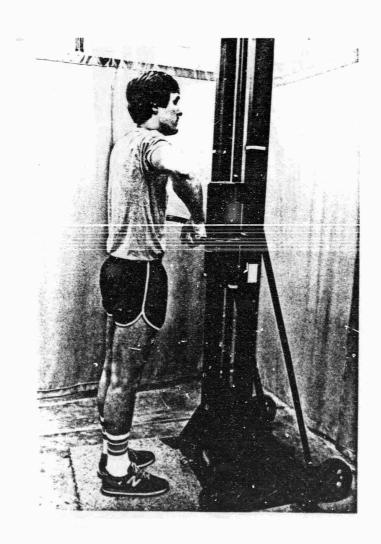


Figure 31. Elbow Height Lift (X2): Subject holding a weight at elbow height using the Modified Air Force Lifting Machine.

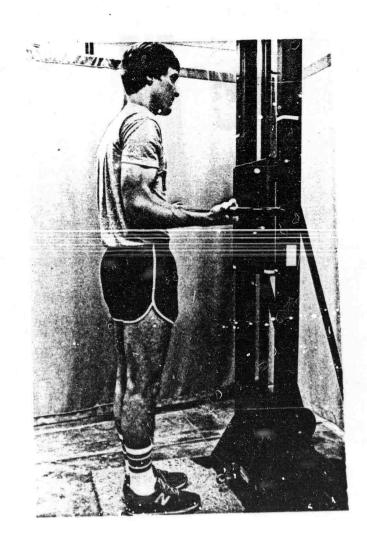


Figure 32. 70 lb. Elbow Height Lift/Hold (X3): Subject holding a weight (70 lbs.) at elbow height using the Modified Air Force Lifting Machine.

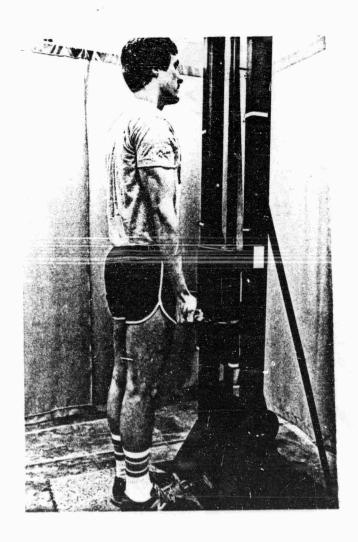


Figure 33. Knuckle Height Lift (X7): Subject lifting a weight to knuckle height using the Modified Air Force Lifting Machine.



Figure 34. Hand Grip Dynamometer (X8): The subject was asked to hold the hand grip dynamometer in his dominant hand (right or left handed) and squeeze as hard as he could. The dynamometer was positioned to prevent the subject from observing the reading resulting from his efforts.

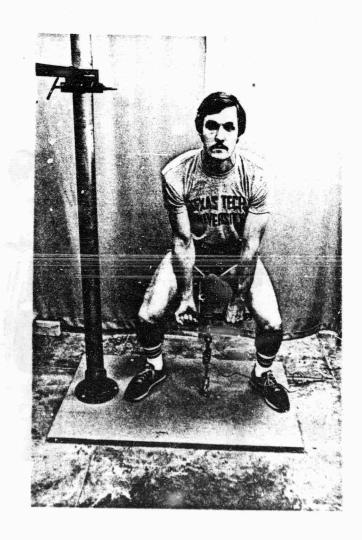


Figure 35. 38 cm Vertical Lift (X9): The subject was asked to grasp the double handle rod with an alternate over and underhand grip and pull vertically with the maximum possible force for 3 seconds.

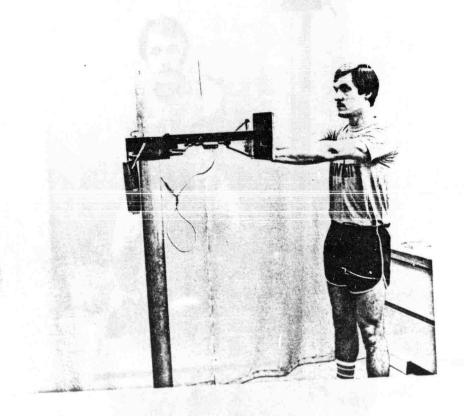


Figure 36. One-Hand Pull (X11): The subject was instructed to place his left hand flat on the push board and to grasp the handle with his right hand, and pull the handle horizontally toward him with the maximum possible force (for 3 seconds) while pushing for leverage simultaneously with the left hand.

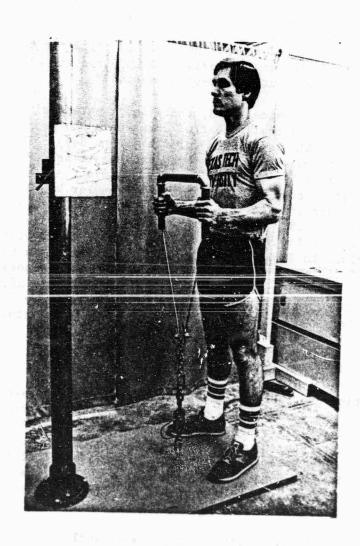


Figure 37. Elbow Height Lift (X10): The subject was instructed to grasp the U-shaped rod handles, adjusted to elbow height, and pull vertically with the maximum possible force for 3 seconds.

still needed, he was to use the ten most populated AFSCs in the AF $(702x0,\ 811x0,\ 431x2,\ 431x1,\ 645x0,\ 462x0,\ 811x2,\ 426x2,\ and\ 902x0)$ or any other AFSC necessary to obtain the desired number of subjects for each test period.

The incumbent testing schedule was designed to have four periods consisting of two half days. Since Monday morning was used for equipment set-up and calibration, the first period consisted of Monday afternoon and Tuesday morning; the second period was Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday morning; etc. It was originally estimated that 20 individuals could be tested in each period. To allow for medical disqualifications and voluntary dropouts, the CBPO contact was requested to schedule 25 people for each testing period.

Thus with visiting nine bases, there was a potential of testing 720 incumbents. The actual number of incumbents who completed the testing was 527 (a few did not return for the second day). The number actually tested was lower than originally estimated for several reasons. The number of individuals excused for medical reasons was slightly larger than expected as was the number who decided not to voluntarily participate. In addition, due to alerts or other base situations, the CBPO contact was not always able to schedule 25 in every period or individuals could not keep their appointment. A summary is given in Table 14 of the number of incumbents tested by AFSC. A total of 157 AFSCs (plus shredouts) or 42% of 374 possible were included. A summary of the number of incumbents and AFSCs covered within each current X-Factor groups is shown in Table 15. The incumbents tested represented 58% and 46% of available Factor X-1 and X-2 AFSCs, respectively.

D. BASE TRIPS FOR INCUMBENT TESTING

In selecting the bases to be visited for incumbent testing, consideration was given to the type of command and the variety of AFSCs available to obtain a sample representative of the AF. For example, SAC bases were chosen to obtain AFSC's emphasizing missles and bombers. Among bases with similar missions, physical location was used as a selection criterion to minimize costs. The bases selected and dates visited are given in Table 16. The location of the bases and the trip route are illustrated in Figure 38.

Official coordination with the bases was handled by the designated official from the program technical monitors office (AFAMRL) in a fashion similar to that used for the interview trips. A contact person at each base CBPO was identified in this procedure. A liason individual from the TTU team then worked with each base contact to supply them lists of requested AFSCs and retest personnel and to coordinate the details of the base visits. Due to equipment constraints, it was necessary to obtain a room at least 30' square with a 9'

TABLE 14 SUMMARY BY AFSC OF INCUMBENTS TESTED

1 700				AT	FSC				AI	rsc				AF	SC	A	В	C.
FSC		10	C	, A.	.50	A	В	C			A	В	C	61	1	A 1d	D	1
11.0	A 2	В	1	3	26x6c	4	1	2	1	45x0g	3		1		1x2	3		1
111x0	1		1		26x7	4	1	2	4	61x0	7	4	2		1x2a	1		2
112x0	8	5	ī	1	26x7b	1		2	1	62x0	13	3	2		1x0	3		2
114x0	3	,	1	1 -	26x7c	4		2	1	63x0	1		2		1x0x 2x0x	1 . 1	2	2
121x0	3		1	1 -	26x8	3	1	2	1	64x0	5		2	E 1321		1	-	2
122x0	1	1	3		26x8c	5		2	4	72x1a	1		2)2x0a)2x0c	1		2
201x0	3	1	1	1 -	28x0	6	3	2			1		1	1		5	1	2
222x0	2		2	1	328x1	3	1	2	4	72x2	2		2	1)2x2		1	2
231x0	2		2	1 -	328x3	3	1	1	4	72x3	1		2	1	02x2b	3		2
242x0	2		1 2	1	328x4	1	1	2		42x0	6	1	2	1	03x0	4	1	2
251x0	2	1	1 :	1	341x3	1		2	1 3	542x1	4	1	1	1	05x0	3	2	3
272x0	2	1	1 2		341x4	4	1	2	2 !	542×2	4	1	2	1	06x0	5	12	2
273x0	7	3	1		341x6	2	1	1 2	2 1	545 x 0	8		1	1 -	07x0	3		2
291x0	2	13		- 1	361x1	5		1	1	545x1	1	1	2	1	0x80	1		2
293x3				- 1	362x3	2		1:	2	545x2	4	3	1		11x0	2		2
302x0	1 -			- 1	362x4	4		1	1	551x0	3		1		13x0	2		2
303x1	1 -	1		- 1	392x0	1	1	1	2	551x1	2	1	1	1	14x1			2
304x1	1		1	- 1	404x1	3		3	2	552x0	5		1	4 - 6	15x0		1	2
304x4				2	423×0	13		1	2	552x1	13		1		18x0	1 -		
304x5				2	423x1	16	1	3	2	552x4		2	12		981x0	1 4	٠١.	1
305x4	1	1	1	2	423x2		2		1	552x5		7	13					1
305x4	9		-	2	423x3			1	2	553x0		3		2				
306x0	1	3	1	2	423x4	1	6	2	2	556x0		1		2			1	
306x1		3		2	423x5		5	1	2	566x1		-		2			1	
306x2	- 1	1	-	2	426x2		6	2	2	571x0		5	1	1			1	
307x		3		2	426x3		3		2	602x1	-	2		2			1	1
316x	-	5	1	1	427x0		1	1	2	603x0		. 1	1	2		1	1	1
316x	- 9	1	1	ī	427x1		5	1	2	605x0	1	1		2			1	1
316x		2	1	î	427x3		1		2	605x1		4		2		-	-	1
316x		1	1	2	427×5	- 1	9	3	2	622x0		2		3		- 1	1	-
321x		il	-	1	431x0		2		1	622x1	1	1		3			100	
321x		2		1	431x0		6		1	631x		8	1	1			1	
3212	_	1		2	431x1	. 1	10	4	1	645x		9	2	3			1	1
3212		1		2	431x		3		1	645x	- 1	1	1	2		1		1
3242		1		2	431x		1		1	645x		5	,	3				
325		2		2	431x	2	16		1	691x		1	1	3			1	
325		4	1	2			2		1	702x		3	1 6	3		1		1
326:		3	-	2	1		1	1	1	702x		8	0	3				1
326	- 1			2		2c	7	1	1	702x		1	,	3				- 1
326		1		2		2d	1	1	1			7	1	3				- 1
326	The same of			2			4	2	1	1		1		2				1
326				1 2			1	1	100	1		3	1		1			1
	x40		2	1	1	-	1		1			7		3	1			
	x51	1	1-		443		1	1	1 2			4		2			1	
		3	1		2 443		4		1			1		2				
1 376	x6	2		1	2 443	_	1	1	1:	811:	x0	1	11 1	1			_	

A = # of airmen tested C = X factor

TABLE 15
SUMMARY BY X-FACTOR OF INCUMBENTS AND AFSCs TESTED

	X	-Factor		Total
	1	2	3	
Number of Incumbents Tested	171	307	49	527
Percent of Total Incumbents Tested	32+	58 +	9	100
Number of AFSCs/ Shredouts Tested	42	100	15	157
Number of AFSCs/Shredouts in AF*	72	218	84	374
Percent of AFSCs/Shred Tested	58	46	18	N/A

^{*} From AFR 39-1 (C9) Atch 55, dated 20 April 1981

TABLE 16
BASES VISITED FOR INCUMBENT TESTING

Tri	Dates	Base/Location	MAJCOM
0		Reese AFB	
1	March 1-5,82'	Dyess AFB Abilene, TX	SAC
2	March 22-26,82'	Little Rock AFB Little Rock, AR	SAC
3	March 29 April 2, 82'	Scott AFB Belleville, IL	MAC/ AFCC
4	April 5-9, 82'	Wright-Patterson AFB Dayton, OH	AFLC
5	April 19-23, 82'	F.E. Warren AFB Cheyenne, WY	SAC
6	April 26-30, 82'	Hill AFB Ogden, UT	AFLC/ TAC
7	May 10-14, 82'	Travis AFB Fairfield, CA	MAC
8	May 17-21, 82'	Nellis AFB Las Vegas, NV	TAC
9	May 24-28, 82'	Cannon AFB Clovis, NM	TAC

4) Wright LAttle Rock AFB SKOLE AFB Warren AFB 5 Francis E. Dyess AFB annon AFB 9 6 Hill AFB Travis/AFB

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Figure 38. Van Route for Base Validation Visits

ceiling to use for testing. In addition, an attached or adjoining area was needed where subjects could wait between testing cycles. This created a "challenge" on some bases where space was at a premium, but the CBPO personnel were always able to arrange adequate accommodations for the testing.

Travel to the AF bases for collection of incumbent data was made in a specialty outfitted van dedicated to this purpose. Rear seats were removed and a winch installed for use in loading the lifting machine. The vehicle was also fitted with overload springs to handle the test equipment and associated weights. Once the van left Texas, it did not return until the end of the test period. Base officials at F.E. Warren and Travis AFB very kindly arranged for the van with its equipment to be stored on base during break periods for the test personnel.

The test team consisted of four people. One individual, a paramedic, was always a team member. The remaining positions were filled by ten people who collected data at one to seven of the bases.

E. SUBJECT TESTING PROCEDURE

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Upon arrival at a scheduled Air Force Base, the Van Team Leader immediately met with the CBPO contact to get information as to testing facilities, subject lists/scheduling problems, etc.

The van was unloaded at the designated base testing facility and the strength testing equipment was set up. The van team arrived at a new base on a Monday morning and spent that morning setting up the testing stations. The first group of subjects were scheduled to begin testing at 1300 Monday afternoon. Each group was tested for two periods, Period I was 1300 - 1700 and Period II took place the following 0800 - 1200. This split testing schedule allowed Monday morning to be utilized for equipment unloading and setup and Friday afternoon for equipment disassembly, reloading and packing the van. There were four groups of subjects tested on each based scheduled as follows:

Group I: Monday 1300-1700 & Tuesday 0800-1200 Group II: Tuesday 1300-1700 & Wednesday 0800-1200 Group III: Wednesday 1300-1700 & Thursday 0800-1200 Group IV: Thursday 1300-1700 & Friday 0800-1200

The CBPO contact was responsible for the scheduling of individual subjects at that base and usually supplied the van team leader with a roster of subjects for the four groups scheduled for the entire week.

The strength aptitude test equipment was set up in a room supplied by the CBPO contact. Because the size and shape of these rooms varied considerably from base to base, the equipment configuration was also varied to match the restriction imposed by the room itself. Each equipment "station" was screened by curtains to provide privacy and prevent subjects from observing each other's performance while being tested. The subject waiting area was usually located to prevent "spectator" observations of subjects being tested. At one base they were able to see people carrying boxes but not the weight involved.

The orientation of the testing groups took place at the testing site, subject waiting area at 1300 each day (Monday thru Thursday). Subjects were requested to appear by the CBPO contact through their First Sergeants. After a reasonable period of time (usually in 30 mintues after appointed assembly time one of the team researchers conducted a roll call. Missing subjects were noted and listed as "no shows". Present subjects were given a pen and information/consent/medical history forms for the orientation session.

The orientation session consisted of a tape recording which verbally presented the same material/information contained in the consent form packet which each subject had. During the course of the session subjects were requested to fill out and sign the medical histories and consent forms. (See Appendix E) These forms were counter signed by other subjects who served as witnesses for each other. The subjects were given the opportunity to ask questions and were occasionly given a brief "tour" of the testing stations prior to signing the consent forms and consenting to volunteer as test subjects. Finally, all volunteer subjects were assigned a code number and given a badge bearing that code number to wear during testing. Testers recorded test data on the data record sheets according to this code number. The subject code consisted of four colors (red, blue, green & yellow) with five subjects (maximum) in each color group. ie, red 1 thourgh red 5, blue 1 through blue 5, green 1 through green 5, yellow 1 through yellow 5. This coding system allowed a maximum of twenty subjects per testing group.

The subject coding system had another purpose beyond data recording as it allowed the testers to efficiently rotate all subjects through their stations without duplicating or forgetting individual subjects. This was accomplished by each station (four total stations) testing only subjects in a single color group and sequencing order. Each of the four stations tested only subjects from a different color code group. ie. push/pull station tested red group subjects, shelf station test only blue code subjects, weight machine station tested only green group subjects and the carry station tested only yellow group subjects.

At the end of the first testing period (usually 20 minutes), when all subjects in all color groups had been tested at their respective station, the testers rotated to the next color group and begin testing those subjects for the second testing period, i.e., the push/pull station tested only blue group subjects, the shelf station tested green

group subjects, the weight machine station tested yellow group subjects and the carry station tests red group subjects.

To insure that each subject received a minimum of 15 minutes resting time between physical strength tests one of the testers kept track of the times between testing color group subjects and spaced the time between test periods to maintain that resting period standard.

There were four "stations" setup at the base, each manned by a different team member. Five or six different tests were made at each station. Table 17 shows the measurements made at each station. In addition to the simulated tasks and candidate tests previously described, selected anthropometric measurements were also made. These are illustrated in Figure 39.

At the end of each day, known weights of 65 and 150 lbs were used to check the calibration of the scales. Four successive readings of each weight were made on each scale. The four readings were averaged and used to correct the incumbent data for scale drift.

F. ANALYSIS OF INCUMBENT TEST DATA

A team member being rotated back to Texas Tech, brought the data with him at the end of each week of testing. The data were then entered into computerized files as quickly as possible so preliminary analyses could be conducted. The data were placed into one of three files as appropriate for anthropometry, simulated tasks, or candidates tests. Their respective file structures are shown in Tables 18 through 20, each followed by an sample of a data printout (Figures 40 through 42).

The data file was analyzed by the Statistical Analysis System (SAS version 79.6). A summary of the incumbent anthropometric data is presented in Table 21.

A series of eight candidate tests for the strength aptitude test battery were conducted with the Air Force incumbents during the van visits to the nine bases. A summary of the data for males and females is presented in Table 22. A summary of the composite data including all males and female incumbents tested is presented in Table 23.

The incumbents also established their maximum level of performance on a series of thirteen simulated tasks during the van trips. Table 24 summarizes the performance data on the simulated tasks for both males and females. A composite summary of simulated task performance including all males and females tested is presented in Table 25.

The data file was analyzed by the Statistical Analysis Systems (SAS version 79.6). In considering the 13 simulated task variables as

TABLE 17

CONFIGURATION OF INCUMBENT TESTING STATIONS

Weight Machine Station Push/Pull Station

Incremental 6' lift Elbow height lift 70 lb Elbow hold Knuckle height lift Hand grip dynamometer Anthropometry

Carry Station

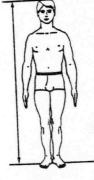
One hand tool box carry
Two hand front carry
Two hand side carry One hand tool box lift Lift to shoulders level Lift to workbench level

Waist level push Waist level pull Shoulder level push 38 an Vertical lift Elbow height lift One hand pull

Shelf Station

Shoulder level hold Reach level hold Lift to knuckle level Lift to reach level

STATURE



The vertical distance from the stand-Definition: ing surface to the top of the head. The subject stands erect and looks

straight ahead.

-

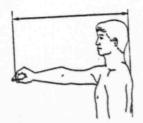
WEIGHT

SITTING HEIGHT



The vertical distance from the sit-ting surface to the top of the head. The subject sits erect, looking straight ahead. Definition:

THUMB-TIP REACH



The horizontal distance from the wall to the tip of the Definition: thumb, measured with the sub-ject's back against the wall, his arm extended forward, and his index finger touching the tip of his thumb.

TABLE 18

STRUCTURE OF CANDIDATE TEST DATA FILE

Field	Content
1-3	Subject Number
5-6	Base Number
8	Sex
10	Retest Identifier
12-18	AFSC
19-21	Maximum Six Foot Lift
23-25	Maximum Elbow Height Lift
27-31	70 1b Elbow Hold
33-35	Maximum Knuckle Height Lift
37-39	hand Grip Strength
41-43	38 cm Vertical Lift
45-47	Elbow Height Lift
49-51	One Hand Pull

```
50.4 200
130 72 M 1 329X1
                    110 140
                                         47 292
                                                  95-146
                                                  57 103
131 02
       M
          0 306X2
                    100 140
                              33.6 200
                                         42 214
                    100 120
                                                  73 130
132 02
       M 0 631X0
                              16.8 160
                                         44 233
                    120 143
                              39.6 200
133 02 M 1 114X0
                                         56 267
                                                  90" 160
134 02 M
                    120 170
                              43.8 200
                                         45 258
          n 114x0
                                                  94 114
135 03
          0 37331
                    120 140
                              37.2 200
                                         52 255 100 169
136 03
          0 304X1
                    120 100
                              40.2 170
                                         51 312
                                                 115 131
    $3
                                         46 210
          3
            306XQ
                     90
                        90
                              15.0 130
137
       М
                                                  71
                                                      139
    23
          1
                              16.2 143
       M
                    100 110
                                         39 194
                                                  72
138
            352X4
                                                       98
139 03
       M
          0 362X4
                    120 130
                              37.8 200
                                         42 215
                                                  50
                                                     155
140 03
       M 0 242X0
                    120 130
                              46.2 200
                                         48 218
                                                  86 123
141 03
       4 0 75350
                    120 130
                              39.0 200
                                         56 190
                                                  87 141
142 02
       34
          0 306X0
                    150 150
                                         49.311
                                                 112 152
                              57.0 200
143 03
       F
         0 392XD
                         50
                               0.0 120
                                         28 112
                                                  45 108
144 03 F
          0 231X0
                         7)
                              11.4 110
                     60
                                         31 100
                                                  38
                                                       47
145 73 F 1
                                         25
146
    33
       14
          0 73230
                    130 130
                              48.0 200
                                         57 200
                                                  24
                                                       61
147
    03 M
          0 306X1
                    110 130
                              27.0 200
                                         60 258
                                                  76 150
                              39.0 200
148 03 M 0 81152A 120 140
                                         43 215
                                                  85 112
149 03
       14
          0 329X0
                   150 170
                              45.0 200
                                         50 272
                                                  90 151
150 03 4
          0 43152
                    110 120
                              30.6 170
                                         38 244
                                                  79 135
                                         65 192
       M 0 375CAMS130 130
                              54.6 160
151 03
                                                  37 161
152 03
       М
          0 42632
                    140 150
                              72.6 140
                                         54 215
                                                  94 183
    13
       14
          1 912×14 120 120
                              36.6 150
                                         31 225
153
                                                  71 121
154
    73
        ч
          7 50231
                    100 100
                              31.8 133
                                         45 257
                                                  79
                                                      130
155 03
       M
                    110 120
                              27.6 140
                                                  50
          0
            50251
                                         33 106
                                                       91
155
    0.3
       М
          0
            327X2
                    100 100
                              27.6 140
                                         41 177
                                                  94 139
       M 0 902X0C 100 100
                                                  75 130
157 03
                              24.0 160
                                         49 220
158 03
       14
          0 42330
                     90 100
                              25.2 130
                                         48 107
                                                  68 125
159
   13
       V
          0 55235
                    120 130
                              30.0 200
                                         43 290
                                                  85 117
          0 42755
                    130 133
                              48.6 200
                                         50 331
160 03 4
                                                  90 133
          0 42333
                              45.6 200
                                         34 247
    23
       4
                    147 140
                                                  92 153
161
          0 25150
       F
162 33
                     50
                         63
                               2.0 113
                                         24 113
                                                  33
                                                       76
       C
          0
163 03
            54530
                     60
                         31)
                              12.6 100
                                         24 144
                                                  59 124
164 73 F 7
            55255
                     47
                         50
                               0.0 100
                                         24 114
                                                   36
                                                      73
165 03
       44
         0
                                    200
                                         45
                                                      115
                                         40 210
166 03
          J
           50333
                    120 120
                              29.4 200
                                                  87 105
                              48.0 200
167
    03
         0 30431
                    190 190
                                         49 285
                                                 138 155
       M
          0 23150
                    140 140
                              33.6 170
                                         42 185
168 03
                                                  93 129
        М
         0.24250
                              30.6 200
                                          29 235 118 135
169 23
                    110 140
                              52.4 200
170 03
       Ч
          )
            29333
171 03 4 0 30650
                    130 140
                              34.8 200
                                         36 230 133 134
```

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Figure 40. Sample Printout of Candidate Test Data File

TABLE 19
STRUCTURE OF SIMULATED TASKS DATA FILE

Field		Content
1-3 5-9 11-15 17-21 23-27 29-33 35-39 41-45 47-51 53-57 59-63		Subject Number Shoulder Level Hold Reach Level Hold Max. Lift to Knuckle level Lift to Shoulder Level Lift to Reach Level One Hand Tool Box Carry Two Hand Side Carry Two Hand Front Carry One Hand Tool Box Lift Lift to Work Bench Level
	Line Two	
Field		Content
5-9 11-15 17-21		Waist Level Push Waist Level Pull Shoulder Level Push

```
119.9 115.9 91.3 196.4
017 155.0 132.0 151.8 81.1
                            66.1
    110.0 102.0 77.0 95.0
                             93.1
                                       142.4 160.9 86.8 103.3
              174.8 192.6
318
    25.0 140.0 74.0 140.0
                            66.5 108.3 119.4
                                                    59.8 146.4
019
          78.0 118.1
                     69.6
     75.0 93.0 72.0 115.0
                                             179.9 106.8
020 123.0 109.0
                      145.7
    127.7
                                 71.3 77.3 74.3 52.3
                                                           83.3
721
    60.0
          42.0
                94.1
                      57.1
                             48.1
                      95.0
     45.5
          90.0 50.0
    95.0
           39.2 115.1
                             80.1 114.4 119.4 83.8
                                                     91.3
                                                           95.3
722
                      81.1
     55.0
          90.0 52.0 115.0
                            63.4 105.8 145.4 131.4 87.8 123.4
          104.0 166.3 81.1
023
          92.0 47.0 130.0
   101.0
                                  88.8 85.3 122.4
                                                    72.8
                                                           82.8
                95.5
                             54.L
724 113.0 101.0
                      75.6
     93.0
          94.0
                53.0 125.0
                      79.1
         109.0 109.1
025
                             73.1
                                   85.8 97.3 134.4
                                                    75.8
                                                           93.8
     87.0 100.0
                52.0 116.0
                             64.1 105.8 117.4 132.4 80.8 129.4
          121.2 153.8
725
                     82.1
    113.0 104.0 68.0 141.0
                             95.1 144.4 152.4 205.4 94.9 174.4
027
                169.8 108.1
          111.0
                      147.0
728 173.0
                      101.6
                             98.5 145.4 180.4 145.4 127.4 126.4
   107.7 142.7 83.7 175.7
                             93.1 98.8 147.4 148.4 78.8 121.4
029 122.0 94.7 144.3 87.1
     97.0 117.0 54.0 123.0
                                   92.3 144.4 147.4 87.3
                                                          32.3
232 125.2
                       38.6
                 68.0 163.0
    104.0 39.0
                                  127.4 149.4 157.4 97.8
031 129.0 101.0
                       92.6
                                                           39.9
    1 ייס 114.0 דייס 175.0
332 139.0 137.0 159.3 139.1 87.5 139.4 156.4 153.4 99.8 129.4
```

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Figure 41. Sample Printout of Simulated Tasks Data File

TABLE 20
STRUCTURE OF ANTHROPOMETRY DATA FILE

<u>Field</u>	Content
1-3	Subject Number
5-9	Height
11-15	Weight
17-21	Sitting Height
23-27	Effective Reach

```
001 164.5 138.5
                   87.0
                         73.4
                         79.0
002 163.2 148.5
                   84.0
203 165.0 140.5
                         73.0
                   84.0
004 169.2 148.5
                   84.7
                         78.0
005 167.0 153.5
                   90.4
                         75.1
006 171.6 155.0
                   91.4
                         82.4
007 180.8 151.5
                   94.1
                         75.6
                         78.5
008 167.2 142.5
                   84.9
009 177.2 168.7
                         37.2
                   91.3
010 135.4 154.0
                   94.0
                         82.0
711 179.2 178.5
                   95.5
                         78.2
012 181.0 170.9
                  90.7
                         92.0
013 196.0 200.5 101.2
                         32.5
314 179.4 159.4
                  92.3
                         78.6
015 159.2 155.5
                   88.4
                         72.0
016 175.4 164.5
                   93.0
                         76.4
017 194.0 224.5
                         87.2
                   95.7
018 193.0 179.5
                   88.0
                         77.0
219 197.0 174.0
                   82.7
                         96.2
020 173.0 181.0
                   89.0
                         74.0
021 163.8 151.5
                   87.5
                         71.6
022 170.0 137.0
                   89.2
                         73.0
                   2.68
023 170.0 142.0
024 163.4 134.0
                   95.3
                         70.2
725 173.7 179.7
                         74.0
                   94.7
                         72.2
026 161.4 174.0
                   98.5
727 181.6 225.7
                   84.6
                         99.8
028 195.0 193.0
                         81.0
                   93.4
029 176.0 158.5
                   91.7
                         72.0
730 174.0 171.0
                   91.5
                         71.7
031 186.8 193.0
                   C8 .5
                         73.6
732 193.4 180.0
                   79.0
                         93.0
                         77.3
033 163.2 137.5
                   80.6
                         87.5
734 172.8 152.5
                   75.5
                         72.7
135 174.2 214.0
                   94.7
736 171.2 165.5
                   92.8
037 189.8 157.5
                   75.2
                         94.2
                         71.0
038 176.0 203.0
                   99.9
039 174.0 179.0
                   90.5
                         77.0
040 182.0 155.5
                   90.2
                         73.0
741 197.7 174.5
                   94.2
                         74.6
```

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Figure 42. Sample Printout of Anthropometry Data File

TABLE 21
SUBJECT ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA SUMMARY

Anthropometric Measure	Mean	Std. Dev.	Max Value	Min Value
Males				
Ht. (cm)	176.9	7.0	209.5	158.2
Wt. (1bs)	168.5	23.4	234.1	109.5
Sitting Ht. (cm)	91.2	4.3	101.2	70.8
Functional Reach (cm)	77.7	5.3	99.8	63.0
Females				
Ht. (cm)	164.6	6.4	180.3	148.0
Wt. (1bs)	137.0	17.5	185.5	87.1
Sitting Ht. (cm)	86.3	3.4	94.8	77.8
Functional Reach (cm)	70.8	4.5	85.1	61.5

TABLE 22 CANDIDATE TEST PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY

Cand	idate Test	Mean	Std. Dev.	Max.	Min.	
Males						
X1 :	Max 6' Lift (lbs)	119.6	21.3	190	70	
X2	Elbow Lift (lbs)	153.7	28.7	200	80	
	70 1b Elbow Ht. Hold (sec)	38.8	16.8	178.2	3.2	
X7 1	Knuckle Ht. Lift (1bs)	188.5	20.5	200	70	
	38 cm Vertical Lift (1bs)	253.6	63.7	433	69	
	Elbow Ht. Vertical Lift (1bs)	91.3	21.0	173	34	
P9	l Hand Pull (1bs)	139.4	31.2	336	45	
	1 Hand Grip Strength (1bs)	100.9	18.6	162.8	57.2	
Females						
X1 :	Max 6' Lift (1bs)	55.6	8.9	70	40	
X2	Elbow Ht. Lift (1bs)	81.2	16.8	130	40	
	70 1b Elbow Ht. Hold (sec)	5.7	6.9	40.2	0	
x7	Knuckle Ht. Lift (1bs)	110.7	22.5	170	70	
	38 cm Vertical Lift (1bs)	130.1	40.0	245	37	
	Elbow Ht. Vertical Lift (1bs)	48.2	13.1	87	23	
P9	1 Hand Pull (1bs)	79.1	21.9	143	34	
	1 Hand Grip Strength (1bs)	65.3	10.0	85.8	28.6	
		107				

TABLE 23

CANDIDATE TEST PERFORMANCE DATA COMPOSITE

Can	didate Test	Mean	Std. Dev.	Max.	Min.
X1	Max 6' Lift (lbs)	110.0	30.3	190	40
X2	Elbow Lift (lbs)	142.6	37.7	200	40
Х3	70 lb Elbow Ht. Hold (sec)	33.8	19.7	178.2	0
x 7	Knuckle Ht. Lift (lbs)	176.9	34.7	200	70
х9	38 cm Vertical Lift (lbs)	234.6	75.3	433	37
X10	Elbow Ht. Vertical Lift (lbs)	84.7	25.3	173	23
P9	1 Hand Pull (1bs)	130.1	37.1	336	34
X8	1 Hand Grip Strength (lbs)	95.5	21.7	162.8	28.6

TABLE 24
SIMULATED TASK PERFORMANCE DATA

Candidate Test	Mean	Std. Dev.	Max.	Min.
Males				
H3 H/P Shoulder Ht (lbs) H4 H/P Reach Ht (lbs) L2 Lift Tool Box to WB	112.7	23.7	206.0	60.0
	105.8	21.1	176.0	56.7
(1bs)	90.3	17.5	183.9	47.5
L6 Lift F-K (1bs)	152.3	36.4	252.0	75.9
L7 Lift F-WB (1bs)	136.2	36.8	351.4	58.7
L8 Lift F-S (lbs) L9 Lift F-6' (lbs) C2 Tool Box Carry (lbs)	76.6	14.2	110.4	42.9
	62.4	13.4	133.7	30.9
	110.5	22.4	180.9	56.5
C3 Side Carry (lbs) C4 Front Carry (lbs) Pl Low Push (lbs) P2 Low Pull (lbs)	117.7	27.6	212.4	60.6
	131.8	35.0	320.9	50.7
	83.3	19.9	151.0	39.0
	100.7	20.1	158.0	53.0
P3 High Push (1bs)	58.2.	14.2	97.0	24.0
Females				
H3 H/P Shoulder Ht (lbs) H4 H/P Reach Ht (lbs) L2 Lift Tool Box to WB	54.5	9.8	79.0	24.7
	56.0	13.0	95.1	32.7
(lbs)	46.5	9.8	71.1	23.2
L6 Lift F-K (lbs)	72.5	15.6	122.5	29.1
L7 Lift F-WB (lbs)	68.2	17.6	124.2	31.2
L8 Lift F-S (lbs) L9 Lift F-6' (lbs) C2 Tool Box Carry (lbs)	41.4	8.1	63.1	22.2
	30.5	8.1	52.1	13.2
	60.9	12.0	95.3	33.8
C3 Side Carry (lbs) C4 Tront Carry (lbs) P1 Low Push (lbs)	58.7	13.0	91.1	28.6
	67.0	16.7	107.9	30.8
	57.6	13.5	94.0	23.0
P2 Low Pull (lbs)	67.4	14.6	102.0	39.0
P3 High Push (lbs)	40.9		74.0	18.0

TABLE 25
SIMULATED TASK PERFORMANCE DATA (COMPOSITE)

Candidate Test	Mean	Std. Dev.	Max.	Min.
H3 H/P Shoulder Ht (lbs)	103.3	30.8	206.0	24.7
H4 H/P Reach Ht (1bs)	99.5	26.2	176.0	32.7
L2 Lift Tool Box to WB (1bs)	83.6	22.8	183.9	23.2
L6 Lift F-K (lbs)	139.7	44.8	252.0	29.1
L7 Lift F-WB (lbs)	125.8	42.4	351.4	31.2
L8 Lift F-S (lbs)	71.4	18.4	110.4	22.2
L9 Lift F-6' (lbs)	58.0	16.9	133.7	13.2
C2 Tool Box Carry (lbs)	103.2	27.6	180.9	33.8
C3 Side Carry (1bs)	108.5	33.5	212.4	28.6
C4 Front Carry (1bs)	121.8	40.3.	320.9	30.8
Pl Low Push (lbs)	79.3	21.2	151.0	23.0
P2 Low Pull (lbs)	95.5	22.8	158.0	39.0
P3 High Push (1bs)	55.5	15.3	97.0	18.0

dependent variables and the 8 machine tests as independent variables it was observed from a preliminary analysis of the data that there were suspect points, or outliers, in the data file. Since there were several simulated task responses corresponding to each value of, a machine test (e.g. X1; six foot lift), standard tests for outliers were used and points that were deemed outliers were omitted from the analyses. The data used in arriving at the prediction equations did not include the outliers. The statistical basis for the outlier procedures followed those recommended by Tietgen and Moore (1972) and Barnett and Lewis (1978).

After the elimination of outliers from the data file a stepwise regression analysis was performed (SAS subroutine, STEPWISE) to determine the machine variables to be used in predicting simulated task variable values. Table (26) summarizes the results of the regression analysis. Examination of Table (26) shows that the candidate test X1 (6 foot incremental lift) was the first variable to enter the regression for most of the simulated tasks. If a single variable model were to be used, then that model should be based on X1. If a multiple variable model is to be used, then such a model should be based on the additional candidate tests X3 (70 pound elbow hold), X7 (knuckle height lift), and X11 (one hand pull), as they were the variables to enter the regression in relatively early positions.

For a single variable model based on the candidate test X1, scatter plots of the data, that is, of each of the dependent variables vs. X1, revealed a lack of homoscedasticity in the data. That is, the variance of the dependent variable for a given value of X1 was not constant across all values of X1. This suggests a weighted regression. A weighting scheme which is often used is to assume the variance of the dependent variable, given X1, if proportional to $(X1)^2$. Thus a potential weighting scheme was examined using weight = $w_1 = (1/(X1_1))^2$. Since there were several (and in some instances many) values of the dependent variable for each value of X1, another weighting scheme was explored using $w_1 = 1/s^2_1$, where s^2_1 is the variance of the dependent variable for a fixed value of X1. An analysis of the coefficients of determination (R^2 of the weighted and nonweighted regression lines revealed highest R^2 values for the $1/s_1$ weighting scheme.

Table 27 shows the resulting best single variable models of simulated task performance based on X1. Equations were also developed to predict performance on X1 given simulated task performance (see Table 28). The results of the regression analysis for two, three and four variable models are shown in Tables 29-31. Finally, a five variable model using the weight of the subject as the fifth variable is presented in Table 32. The regression equations presented in Tables 28 through 32 are not weighted, however, as the number of independent variables (test scores) increased in the regression equations, the gaines in R² were small.

TABLE 26
SUMMARY OF VARIABLES ENTERING STEPWISE REGRESSION

		Pos				Variable			
Simulated Task	1	2	3	4	Regres 5	6	7	8_	
L2	X1	X17	X10	х3	X8	x2	х9	X11	
L6	X1	х7	х9	х3	X11	X10	8 X	X2	
L 7	X1	X7	х9	х3	X11	x8	X2	X10	
L8	X1	хЗ	x 7	х9	X11	x2	x8	X10	
L9	X1	х7	X10	Х3	X11	x8	X2	х9	
н3	X1	х9	x7	X11	х3	X10	X2	X8	
Н4	X1	X11	х9	х3	x7	X10	x2	x8	
C2	X1	x7	X11	х3	х9	х8	X10	X2	
С3	X1	x7	х3	х9	X11	x 8	X2	X10	
C4	X1	х9	x7	х3	X11	X10	X2	X8	
P1	X1	X11	X10	X2	x7	x8	х9	х3	
P2	X11	X1	X10	X2	X8	X7	х9	х3	
Р3	X11	X1	X10	X8	х3	х7	x2	Х3	

TABLE 27

ONE VARIABLE REGRESSION EQUATIONS PREDICTING SIMULATED TASK PERFORMANCE (WEIGHTED BY 1/(X1)²

	R ²
L2 = 0.6489 X1 + 12.7477	0.7500
L6 = 1.1797 X1 + 11.2164	0.7344
L7 = 0.9936 X1 + 16.7324	0.6433
L8 = 0.5167 X1 + 15.1135	0.7236
L9 = 0.4502 X1 + 8.2386	0.6748
H3 = 0.8356 X1 + 12.0214	0.7976
H4 = 0.7382 X1 + 17.2433	0.7420
$C2 = 0.7414 \times 1 + 21.9944$	0.7126
$C3 = 0.8578 \times 1 + 14.9464$	0.6827
$C4 = 0.9692 \times 1 + 15.5445$	0.6654
P1 = 0.3969 X1 + 35.8983	0.4340
P2 = 0.5173 X1 + 38.7013	0.5591
$p3 = 0.2619 \times 1 + 26.8747$	0.3435

where X1 = Maximum weight lifted to 6 feet on the incremental weight machine

TABLE 28

ONE VARIABLE REGRESSION EQUATIONS PREDICTING CANDIDATE TEST X1 PERFORMANCE

	\mathbb{R}^2
X1 = 1.0045 L2 + 25.8740	0.5852
X1 = 0.5080 L6 + 38.2961	0.5700
X1 = 0.5018 L7 + 46.7764	0.4880
X1 = 1.2036 L8 + 23.6420	0.5498
X1 = 1.2636 L9 + 37.8293	0.5034
X1 = 0.7923 C2 + 28.5053	0.5219
X1 = 0.6414 c3 + 39.9703	0.5041
X1 = 0.5328 C4 + 44.9970	0.4942
X1 = 0.7926 P1 + 46.6254	0.3003
X1 = 0.8852 P2 + 25.3880	0.4425
X1 = 1.0620 P3 + 50.7693	0.2820
X1 = 0.8205 H3 + 24.8592	0.6581
X1 = 0.8640 H4 + 25.7538	0.5971

where X1 = Maximum weight lifted to 6 feet on the incremental weight machine

TABLE 29

TWO VARIABLE REGRESSION EQUATIONS PREDICTING SIMULATED TASK PERFORMANCE

									R ²
L2	=	23.56	+	0.477	X1	+	0.228	х3	0.6043
L6	=	25.483	+	0.92	X1	+	0.423	Х3	0.5849
L7		28.186	+	0.742	X1	+	0.48	х3	0.5057
L8	=	25.17	+	0.353	X1	+	0.226	х 3	0.5782
L9	=	16.456	+	0.333	X1	+	0.137	х 3	0.5069
C2	-	36.046	+	0.51	X1	+	0.324	х3	0.5446
C3	=	29.452	+	0.601	X1	+	0.391	х3	0.5285
C4	**	26.795	+	0.731	X1	+	0.437	х3	0.5160
P1	=	39.037	+	0.35	X1	+	0.061	х3	0.2983
P2	=	43.049	+	0.437	X1	+	0.129	х3	0.4478
Р3		27.714	+	0.233	X1	+	0.077	х3	0.2921
н3	==	20.443	+	0.673	X1	+	0.274	х3	0.6712
H4	=	25.849	+	0.589	X1	+	0.228	х3	0.6127

- where X1 = Maximum weight lifted to 6 feet on the incremental weight machine
 - X3 = Maximum time holding a 70 pound weight at elbow height

TABLE 30

THREE VARIABLE REGRESSION EQUATIONS PREDICTING SIMULATED TASK PERFORMANCE

												R ²
L2	=	8.5225	+	0.3501	X1	+	0.1746	х3	+	0.1743	X7	0.6331
L6	=	-8.4903	+	0.6320	X1	+	0.2978	хз	+	0.3946	x 7	0.6238
L7	-	-0.0393	+	0.5067	Xl	+	0.3850	хз	+	0.3243	X7	0.5351
L8	**	14.9235	+	0.2677	X1	+	0.1912	х3	+	0.1177	x7	0.5979
L9	-	8.3744	+	0.2745	X1	+	0.1095	хз	+	0.0872	x7	0.5243
н3	127	5.2454	+	0.5443	X1	+	0.2182	хз	+	0.1764	x 7	0.6878
Н4	220	13.6862	+	0.4952	X1	+	0.1887	х3	+	0.1342	x7	0.6244
C2	-	15.3453	+	0.3374	X1	+	0.2572	хз	+	0.2367	x 7	0.5807
СЗ	***	7.2885	+	0.4131	X1	+	0.3149	х3	+	0.2565	x7	0.5581
C4	•	-2.2188	+	0.4895	X1	+	0.3372	х3	+	0.3334	x 7	0.6496
P1	-	30.4752	+	0.2749	X1	+	0.0317	х3	+	0.1008	X7	0.3087
P2	***	35.8173	+	0.3761	X1	+	0.1044	хз	+	0.0839	X7	0.4545
Р3	-	23.0091	+	0.1977	X1	+	0.0594	Х3	+	0.0514	x 7	0.3011

- where Xl = Maximum weight lifted to 6 feet on the incremental weight machine
 - X3 = Maximum time holding a 70 pound weight at elbow height
 - X7 = Maximum weight lifted to knuckle height on the incremental weight machine

TABLE 31

FOUR VARIABLE REGRESSION EQUATIONS PREDICTING SIMULATED TASK PERFORMANCE

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 R^2

•	K
$L2 = 7.3420 + 0.3271 \times 1 + 0.1613 \times 3 + 0.1632 \times 7 + 0.0471 \times 11$	0.6361
L2 = 7.3420 + 0.3271 X1 + 0.2557 X3 + 0.3571 X7 + 0.1573 X11 $L6 = -12.4377 + 0.5554 X1 + 0.2557 X3 + 0.3571 X7 + 0.1573 X11$	0.6325
L6 = -12.4377 + 0.3534 X1 + 0.3538 X3 + 0.2993 X7 + 0.1112 X11 $L7 = -2.8133 + 0.4501 X1 + 0.3538 X3 + 0.2993 X7 + 0.1112 X11$	0.5400
$L7 = -2.8133 + 0.4301 \text{ M} \cdot 0.0000000000000000000000000000000000$	0.6090
$x_1 + 0.0973 \times 3 + 0.0787 \times 7 + 0.0426 \times 11$	0.5290
$x_{1} = 0.730 \text{ M} + 0.1900 \text{ M} + 0.1463 \text{ M} + 0.1313 \text{ M}$	0.7012
H3 = 2.2597 + 0.4739 XI + 0.1368 XI $H4 = 10.2714 + 0.4236 XI + 0.1467 X3 + 0.0943 X7 + 0.1518 X1I$	0.6481
H4 = 10.2714 + 0.4230 M $C2 = 12.2678 + 0.2737 M + 0.2205 M + 0.2058 M + 0.1287 M$	0.5963
2.2614 VI + 0.2875 X3 + 0.2340 X7 + 0.1019 X11	0.5646
$x_1 + 0.2882 \times 3 + 0.2928 \times 7 + 0.1745 \times 11$	0.5630
$2.1004 \text{ M}_{\odot} = 0.0117 \text{ M}_{\odot} + 0.0671 \text{ M}_{\odot} + 0.1509 \text{ M}_{\odot}$	0.3454
$P1 = 26.5643 + 0.1994 \times 1 = 0.017 \times 10$ $P2 = 29.7067 + 0.2547 \times 1 + 0.0378 \times 3 + 0.0305 \times 7 + 0.2391 \times 11$	0.5330
P2 = 29.7067 + 0.2347 M P3 = 19.6804 + 0.1330 M + 0.0241 M + 0.0222 M + 0.1292 M	0.3522

- where X1 = Maximum weight lifted to 6 feet on the incremental weight machine
 - X3 = Maximum time holding 70 pound weight at elbow height
 - X7 = Maximum weight lifted to knuckle height on the incremental weight machine
 - X11 = Maximum one handed static pulling strength

TABLE 32

FIVE VARIABLE REGRESSION EQUATIONS PREDICTING SIMULATED TASK PERFORMANCE

																	R ²
L2 = -	6.506	+	0.268	X1	+	0.165	ХЗ	+	0.17	х7	+	0.032	X11	+	0.129	WT	0.6487
L6 = -	21.84	+	0.514	X1	+	0.258	х3	+	0.362	x 7	+	0.148	X11	+	0.087	WT	0.6342
L7 = -	17.47	+	0.386	X1	+	0.356	хз	+	0.307	x 7	+	0.0944	X11	+	0.137	WT	0.5441
T8 = -	0.561	+	0.167	X 1	+	0.174	хз	+	0.107	X7	+	0.058	X11	+	0.131	WT	0.6283
L9 = -	4.354	+	0.203	X1	+	0.102	х3	+	0.085	x7	+	0.030	X11	+	0.105	WT	0.5452
нз = -	6.847		7.434	X1	+	0.189	Х3	+	0.151	х7	+	0.122	X11	+	0.085	WT	0.7042
H4 =	12.43	+	0.434	X1	+	0.144	х3	+	0.093	x 7	+	0.155	X11	-	0.021	WT	0.6493
C2 = -	1.264	+	0.214	X1	+	0.223	х3	+	0.213	x 7	+	0.113	X11	+	0.127	WT	0.6049
c3 = -	13.551	+	0.282	X1	+	0.291	х3	+	0.242	х7	+	0.081	X11	+	0.171	WT	0.5751
C4 = -	20.032	+	0.346	X1	+	0.289	Х3	+	0.299	х7	+	0.160	X11	+	0.125	WT	0.5672
P1 = -	9.707	+	0.044	X1	-	0.010	хз	+	0.088	X7	+	0.111	X11	4-	0.335	WT	0.4472
P2 = -	6.797	+	0.088	X1	+	0.046	x3	+	0.053	x 7	+	0.200	X11	+	0.340	WT	0.6199
P3 =	2.831	+	0.059	X1	4	0.027	Х3	+	0.032	X 7	+	0.111	X11	+	0.155	WT	0.3936

- where X1 * Maximum weight lifted to 6 feet on the incremental weight machine
 - X3 = Maximum time holding 70 pound weight at elbow height

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- X7 = Maximum weight lifted to knuckle height on the incremental weight machine
- X11 = Maximum one handed static pulling strength
- WT = Weight of the test subject in pounds

The linear equations in Table 28 tend to overpredict X1 test scores for the relatively less demanding activities. If such equations are used to develop the assignment criterion, there is a tendency to overestimate the demand level for the lighter AFSCs. Similarly if the regression equation in Tables 29 through 32 are used to calculate X1 test scores similar results are obtained, namely, over-prediction of X1 score and hence overprediction of the demand levels of the lighter AFSCs.

To eliminate the problems of overestimation of X1 equivalent test scores from the linear regressions equation, a set of a 2nd order regression equations were developed. These were in the form

$$X1 = a + by + cy^2$$

where: a, b, and c are constants y =the various activities (L2, L6, ..., etc.)

These regression equations had a tendency to peak at the higher values of the activities, and hence resulted in underestimation of the higher values of X1 test score. To avoid this, a set of nonlinear equations were developed in the form:

$$X1 = a + b \sqrt{y}$$

where: a, b are constants $y = the various activities (L_2, L_6, ... etc.)$.

The set of equations are presented in Table 33 along with their respective \mathbb{R}^2 values. These equations seem to estimate X1 equivalent score adequately for the higher and well as the lower ranges of the activities.

To improve the regression equations for push/pull activities a different set of equations were utilized which significantly improved the \mathbb{R}^2 for Pl and P2 activities. These are linear regression equations which considered the body weight of the airman (\mathbb{W}_T), since the body weight alone generates a significant component of the push/pull force. These equations are shown in Table 34.

G. MEPS SCHEDULE ANALYSES

The schedule of the Military Enlistment Processing Station (MEPS) were analyzed to determine possible schedules for accommodating the Strength Aptitude Tests. Project team members experienced in sequencing, scheduling and workplace design visited MEPS installations in San Antonio and Chicago. Observations of the flow of recruits through the various testing and other procedures indicated that onough time would be available for incorporating the Strength Aptitude Tests without creating significant delays in the processing of personnel.

TABLE 33

REGRESSION EQUATIONS USED TO CALCULATE X1 EQUIVALENT FOR VARIOUS ACTIVITIES

	R ²
$X1 = -53.8355 + 18.0828/\overline{L2}$	0.6130
$X1 = -31.6481 + 12.0823\sqrt{L6}$	0.6030
$X1 = -17.2840 + 11.5058/\overline{L7}$	0.5226
$X1 = -56.9299 + 19.8865 \sqrt{L8}$	0.5740
$X1 = -31.2656 + 18.9131\sqrt{L9}$	0.5316
$X1 = -50.6618 + 15.9915\sqrt{C2}$	0.5455
$X1 = -27.9953 + 13.3748 \sqrt{\overline{C3}}$	0.5361
$X1 = -20.1369 + 11.9497\sqrt{C4}$	0.5282
$X1 = -55.2871 + 16.4156/\tilde{h}3$	0.6850
$X1 = -55.6685 + 16.9386 / \overline{H4}$	0.6210

where:

	C2 = 1 HAND TOOL BOX CARRY
L2 = LIFT TOOL BOX F-WB (1 HAND)	C2 = 1 HAND TOOL BOX CHARLE
LZ a LIFT TOOM STORY TOV	C3 = 2 HAND SIDE CARRY
L6 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-K	C4 = 2 HAND FRONT CARRY
L7 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-WB	P1 = LOW LEVEL PUSH
L8 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-S	LI - DOM DUADO : com
TO E LILI KEROMETE BOYL	P2 = LOW LEVEL PULL
L9 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-6 FT (F-R)	P3 = UPPER LEVEL PUSH
TO CHOST DED I FUEL	53 = Obbek Peach room
H3 = H/P SHOULDER LEVEL	X1 = 6' INCREMENTAL LIFT
H4 = H/P REACH LEVEL	AI - 0 INOLUMENT

TABLE 34

REGRESSION EQUATIONS FOR PUSH/PULL ACTIVITIES

 R^2 $X1 = -9.396 + 0.404P1 + 0.531WT \qquad 0.424$ $X1 = -9.330 + 0.606P2 + 0.374WT \qquad 0.495$ $X1 = -14.205 + 0.607P3 + 0.551WT \qquad 0.442$

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Although procedures may vary among MEPS if more than one test is required a suggested sequence for performing the Strength Aptitude Tests is as follows:

Test	Average	Test	Time

	X1 - 6' Lift X7 - Knuckle Height Lift	1.5 min
	X11 - One Hand Pull	15 sec
4.	Break: Go to another activity X3 - 70 lb. Elbow Height Hold	32.5 sec

The above times are average times using experienced personnel. It is doubtful that for any two tests, total time needed would exceed three minutes/enlistee. It is advisable to have two lines for testing to reduce the effects of fatigue on test results. Using two lines for two tests would cut down real time for the tests and maintain good flow of recruits through the testing stations.

The recommended assignment criterion is based on only one test, the incremental 6 foot lift, Xl. However, should more tests be needed to modify the assignment criterion, the above times can be used as a guide.

IV. PHASE III. DEFINING EQUIPMENT FOR STRENGTH/STAMINA APTITUDE TESTS AND TASK MEASUREMENT

A. EQUIPMENT FOR MEASUREMENT OF TASK DEMANDS (PHASE I)

A summary of the equipment used for the measurement of task demands (Phase I) is presented in Table 35. The load cells and accompanying readout units are shown in Figure 43. No foreseeable hazards were associated with the use of this equipment.

B. EQUIPMENT FOR MEASUREMENT OF HUMAN CAPACITIES (PHASE II)

A summary of the equipment used for the measurement of human capacities (Phase II) is presented in Table 36. The load cells and readout units are shown in Figure 43. The push-pull platform is shown in Figure 44. The push-pull platform was designed for the performance of candidate tests X9, X10, and X11. The X factor strength test machine is shown in Figure 45, and was used to perform candidate tests X1, X2, X3, and X7. The hand dynamometer is presented in Figure 46, and was used to perform candidate test X8.

The primary hazard associated with the use of this equipment was that of musculoskeletal injuries (specifically muscle strains and sprains). These hazards were counteracted through the use of medical screening and performance of the candidate tests in the manner described in the test instructions.

TABLE 35
EQUIPMENT USED FOR MEASUREMENT OF TASK DEMANDS

	Equipment	Intended Use	Purchased or Manufactured	Source (if purchased and not generally available)
1.	Load cells (Model CA 1000) and digital readout units (Model HSC-11)	Determine forces required to lift, push, pull various equipment/objects under AFSC job require- ments	Purchased	AMETEK Controls Div. Feasterville,PA 19047
2.	Hooks, couplers chains, nylon	Used to attach load cell to equipment/object being measured	Purchased	Generally available

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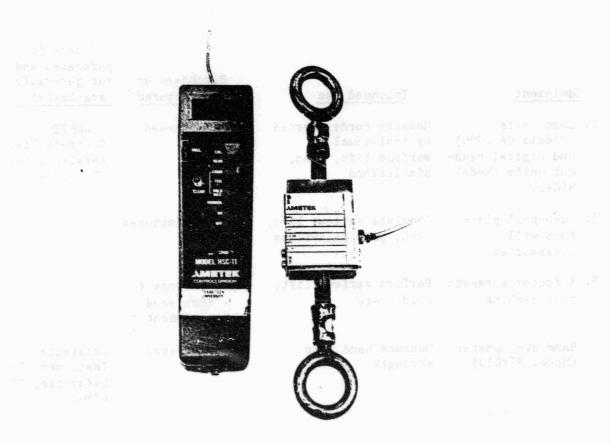


Figure 43. Load Cell and Readout Unit

TABLE 36
EQUIPMENT USED FOR MEASUREMENT OF HUMAN CAPACITIES

	Equipment	Intended Use	Purchased or Manufactured	purchased and not generally available)
1.	Load cells (Models CA 1000) and digital read- out units (Model HSC-11)	Measure force exerted by individual in various lift, push, simulations	Purchased	AMETEK Controls Div. Feasterville, PA 19047
2.	Push-pull plat- form will accessories	Simulate various lift, push, pull activities	Manufactured	
3.	X factor strength rest machine	Perform various lift, hold tests	Government furnished equipment	
4.	Hand dynamometer (Model #78010)	Measure hand grip strength	Purchased	Lafayette Instrument Co. Lafayette, IN 47902

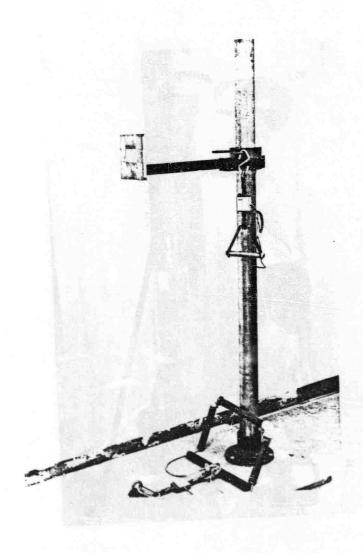


Figure 44. Push-Pull Platform for Performance of Candidate Tests X9, X10, and X11.

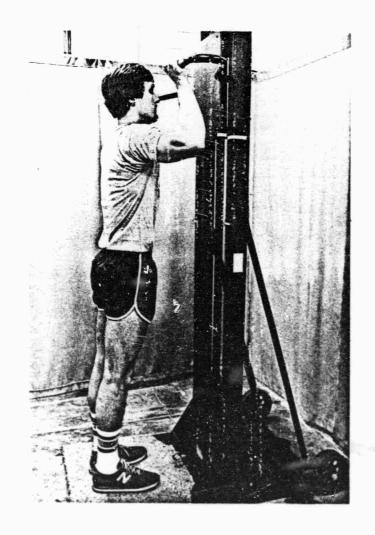


Figure 45. X-Factor Strength Test Machine for Performance of Candidate Tests X1, X2, X3, and X7 (X1 shown above).

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Figure 46. Hand Dynamometer for Performance

of Candidate Test X8.

V PHASE IV. FINALIZATION OF THE ASSIGNMENT CRITERION

In order to develop a procedure to assign personnel to demanding tasks, several factors must be considered. These are:

- (A) The assignment criterion must be as simple as possible.
- (B) The assignment criterion should be such that it would minimize type 1 and type 2 errors.

An assignment criterion can be developed using a test battery composed of more than one test. A small test battery composed of one or two tests would be less time consuming, easier to administer, and hence less costly. The recommended assignment criterion described below considered several tests, however, one test only was considered because the inclusion of additional tests did not seem to improve the predictive equations which were used as the basis of the assignment criterion.

The Assignment Criterion

The recommended Assignment Criterion uses a test battery composed of a single test. This test is the incremental 6 ft. lift, (X1). The X1 test was selected because of its high correlation with performance on simulated tasks. This assignment criterion has several steps. These steps are:

- Step (1) Calculate XI equivalent for each activity for an AFSC based on all the tasks in the AFSC.
- Step (2) Select the 25 top non repeating activities and objects within the same task using the X1 equivalent score to make that selection. Exclude any activities which have an X1 equivalent above 150 lbs.
- Step (3) Assign weights to the selected activities based on:
 - (a) Percent participation values
 - (b) Frequency of task performance
 - (c) Criticality of the task.
- Step (4) Calculate the AFSC demand score which is taken as the weighted average for the Xl values for the top 25 activities.
- Step (5) Adjust the AFSC demand score base on number of airmen requested for the AFSC.

The assignment criterion as briefly outlined in the above steps is based on the most demanding 25 activities subjects to the following constraints:

- (a) No repeated simulated tasks and objects handled for a given task. This means that for task A, say, L2 and object 2 combination cannot be repeated. However, this same combination can be repeated for other tasks.
- (b) Tasks which have a yearly or semi-annual frequency of performance are not considered in development of the AFSC demand score. This will avoid having very infrequently performed tasks control the demand score of the AFSC, especially when the majority of the demanding tasks are performed yearly.
- (c) Any activity which has an equivalent XI value greater than 150 lbs. is not considered in the development of the AFSC demand score. The rationale is that such activities exceed the 75% percentile of the male population and thus considered candidates for further analysis and study to reduce their demand.
- (d) Certain AFSCs because of their physically demanding nature have been exempt from constraints (a), (b), and (c) above. These AFSCs are:

Pararescue/Recovery	115X0	Law Enforcement	811X2
Survival	121X0	Medical Services	902X0
Fire Protection	571X0		

The following section discusses the steps for the assignment criterion in detail:

Step (1) Calculate XI equivalent for each activity for an AFSC:

The Assignment Criterica utilizes a single test score, namely, the incremental 6 foot lift (X1). Because (X1) is the best single test to predict an airman's ability to perform the simulated tasks (see phase II), it was selected as the basis for the Assignment Criterion. As a dynamic strength test (X1) reinforced previous results by Aghazadeh (1982) and Pytel and Kamon (1981) who reported that dynamic tests were better predictor of lifting ability as compared to static strength tests.

To apply this assignment criterion, the most demanding 25 activities were selected from the AFSC tasks. Activities here refer to:

- 1. Lift/Lower
- 3. Carry
- 2. Push/Pull
- 4. Hold and position

The selection of these top 25 activities are accomplished by calculating the XI equivalent for each of the activities in the AFSC. Table 37 gives the regression equations used to calculate the XI equivalent values.

TABLE 37

REGRESSION EQUATIONS USED TO CALCULATE X1 EQUIVALENT FOR VARIOUS ACTIVITIES

		R ²
L2	$X1 = -53.8355 + 18.0828 \sqrt{L2}$	0.6130
L6	$X1 = -31.6481 + 12.0823 \sqrt{L6}$	0.6030
L7	$X1 = -17.2840 + 11.5058 \sqrt{L7}$	0.5226
L8	$X1 = -56.9299 + 19.8865 \sqrt{L8}$	0.5740
L9	$X1 = -31.2656 + 18.9131 \sqrt{L9}$	0.5316
C2	$X1 = -50.6618 + 15.9915 \sqrt{C2}$	0.5455
C3	$X1 = -27.9953 + 13.3748 \sqrt{\overline{C3}}$	0.5361
C4	$X1 = -20.1369 + 11.9497 \sqrt{C4}$	0.5282
Н3	$X1 = -55.2871 + 16.4156 \sqrt{H3}$	0.6850
H4	$X1 = -55.6685 + 16.9386 \sqrt{H4}$	0.6210
P1	X1 = -9.396 + 0.404P1 + 0.531WT	0.424
P2	X1 = -9.330 + 0.606P2 + 0.374WT	0.495
P3	X1 = -14.205 + 0.607P3 + 0.551WT	0.442

where:

L2 = LIFT TOOL BOX F-WB (1 HAND)	C2 = 1 HAND TOOL BOX CARRY
L6 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-K	C3 = 2 HAND SIDE CARRY
L7 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-WB	C4 = 2 HAND FRONT CARRY
L8 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-S	P1 = LOW LEVEL PUSH
L9 = LIFT REGULAR BOX F-6 FT (F-R)	P2 = LOW LEVEL PULL
H3 - H/P SHOULDER LEVEL	P3 = UPPER LEVEL PUSH
H4 = H/P REACH LEVEL	X1 = 6' INCREMENTAL LIFT
	Wt = BODY WEIGHT

O

Step (2) Select the 25 top non-repeating activities and objects

Based on the values for X1, the top 25 activities in terms of their demands are identified. These 25 activities may be activities which belong to any number of tasks, i.e., some tasks may have more than one activity in the top 25. At the same time there may be more of one activity compared to another in the top 25 activities, i.e., there may be more Lift/Lower activities than Push/Pull or hold, ..., etc. The X1 equivalent must not exceed 150 1bs.

Step (3) Assign weights to selected activities

Each task within an AFSC is given different weights based on three different factors. These weights in effect establish the task's importance for inclusion in the calculation of the AFSC demand score. The factors considered here were:

- 1. percent participation,
- 2. frequency of performance, and
- 3. criticality.

The weight assignment schemes for each of these factors is discussed in the sections below.

For percent participation a weighting scheme is developed where the tasks percent participation value in a given AFSC is assigned as its weight value. For example if a task is performed by 65% of the incumbent, then the assigned weight is .65, i.e.:

Assigned weight (Wp) = (percent participation/100)

where

 (W_p) = Assigned weight for percent participation

Any activity performed under a task is given the same percent participation weight given to that task.

For frequency of performance, a weighting scheme was developed where a task performed daily would be given a higher weight than a task performed weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually. The following Table 38 gives the assigned weights. Similarly, any activity performed under a task is given the same frequency weight given to that task.

For criticality, a linear weighting scheme is recommended, i.e., a straight line relationship is recommended. This relationship is:

TABLE 38
WEIGHTS ASSIGNED FOR FREQUENCY OF TASK PERFORMANCE

Frequency of Performance	Weight Assigned Wf
D - Daily	365/365 = 1.0000
W - Weekly	52/365 = 0.1425
M - Monthly	12/365 = 0.0329
Q - Quarterly	3/365 = 0.0082
S - Semi Annually*	2/365 = 0.0055
A - Annually*	1/365 = 0.0027

^{*}Not utilized in the recommended assignment criterion

Weight Assigned
$$(W_T) = .5 + \frac{3.0 - .5}{X_2 - X_1}$$
 [X]

where

 W_T = Assigned weight for criticality of magnitude X

.5 = Assigned weight for the smallest training emphasis value for an AFSC

3.0 = Assigned weight for the highest training emphasis value for an AFSC

X₂ = Largest training emphasis value

X₁ = Smallest training emphasis value

No criticality weight was utilized in the recommended assignment criterion because data on criticality were not available.

Step (4) Calculate AFSC demand score

The AFSC demand score is calculated using the weighted average X1 values for the selected top 25 tasks. This weighted average is considered to be the demand level of the AFSC translated in terms of X1, the incremental 6 foot lift.

where

0

Xl; = The Xl values for activity i

 W_i = The average Weight for activity i, $W_i = (W_p + W_T + W_f)/3$

n = 1, 2, ... i, 25 the number of activities selected.

Occasionally the value n was less than 25 because not enough activities were available.

Step (5) Adjust the AFSC demand score

In step 4, the demand score for an AFSC is determined. This demand score represents the weighted average X1 value based on the heaviest 25 activities. Because each AFSC varies in size, and because the size of an AFSC implies the availability of airmen to assist in some demanding activities, the AFSC demand score is adjusted based on the size of the AFSC. The AFSC demand score is reduced in direct proportion to the size of the AFSC according to the following relationship.

AFSC adjusted demand scores = demand level $(1 - \frac{S}{T})$

where:

- S = AFSC size based on number requested.
- T = Total number of airmen requested for all AFSCs. The value T is considered to be 67,500 airmen.

Both S and T are subject to change as changes in requirements vary over time. Table 39 shows the value S used for the various AFSCs.

Example Application of the Assignment Criterion

Table 40 shows a printout for 2 AFSCs, 552X0 and 423X4. The printout shows several columns of information. These columns are:

Column # Information contained in column

- 1 OBS observation no. generated by the program
- 2 KNO is the K no. for the AFSC
- 3 LNO this reflects the line no. in the data files containing this information
- 4 ACTIV this is the activity such as LFS (lift-floor-to shoulder), CAR (Carry), etc.
- 5 FORCE Force requirements of the activity in 1bs.
- 6 OBJECT description of the object being handled
- 7 F either an E or A is entered. If an E is entered, this means that the force requirements is an estimate. However, an A means that the force requirements given is an actual

TABLE 39

THE NUMBER OF AIRMEN REQUESTED (S)
FOR THE VARIOUS AFSCS

AFSC	S	AFSC	S	AFSC	S
111X0	644	328X4	1550	542X2	2342
112X0	945	341X4	788	545X0	1862
114X0	2254	341X7	110	545X2	1683
121X0	278	361X0	816	551X0	2076
122X0	2232	361X1	909	551X1	2005
231X1	720	362X4	997	552X1	403
242X0	658	392X0	2154	552X2	801
251X0	2828	404X1	432	552X4	563
275X0	686	423X0	3346	552X5	1539
293X3	1609	423X1	2259	553XO	1214
302X0	715	423X2	1164	566X0	402
303X1	925	423X3	2291	566X1	1115
303X2	948	423X4	3402	571X0	5452
304X0	2591	423X5	7284	602X0	1038
304X1	1151	426X2	10386	603XO	5437
304X4	4544	427X0	800	605X0	1057
306X0	2052	427X1	1588	605X1	3221
306X2	1411	427X3	1098	611X0	1564
307X0	2046	427X4	584	622X1	629
316X2	350	427X5	3316	631X0	6328
316X2T	91	431X0	1154	645X1	7509
321X2	217	431X1	19627	791X1	298
322X2	1092	431 % 2	18203	811X0	21913
322X2C	242	443X0E	240	902X0	7936
324X0	2100	443X0P	1700	902X2	1048
325X1	2077	445X0G	740	903x0	788
326X4	286	461X0	6512	905X0	758
326X6	247	462X0	7957	907X0	819
326X7	190	464X0	872	908x0	789
326X8	225	472X1	1587	913X0	255
328X0	2135	472X2	1440	914X1	273
328X1	2441	472X3	331	915X0	1191
328X3	3177	542X1	853		

TABLE 40
PRINTOUT OF ASSIGNMENT CRITERION

--- AFSC=423X4 ---

ТX	137.552 135.265 123.1545 115.835 1115.835 1116.286 1109.279 109.279 108.755 10	A MJ X I 90 6.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586 96.5586
TASK	U&D&&&EWUWYO=1801010101010	RANK 2 2 3 3 3 3 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
SMTSK		
FRED	RITETEOROFFEE RESERVATION OF THE STREET	AVGX1
PERC	5 4 5 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996 0.94996
L.	医内内内内氏氏征 医内内氏征 人名内尔克尔 医克尔克尔氏征 医克尔克氏征 医克尔克氏征 医克尔克氏征 医克尔克氏征 医多克氏征 医多克尔氏征 计算法	S E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E
	SHOCK STRUES, F-4 IN CRATE IN CRATE SHILZER ACT., F-III ASSEMBLY IN PACK IN IN PACK IN IN IN POS. SEMBLIES S	PXI 2.9360 3.3288 2.6733 2.6733 2.6733 2.6539 10.4319 5.6943 10.2415 3.6943 10.2415 3.67408 3.67408 3.67408 3.67798 2.9500 2.2358 3.6273 2.2358 3.6273 2.2358 3.6273 2.2950
OBJECT	SHOCK STRUTS, ENTIRE TRUCK, CLANOING GEAR SHOCK STRUTS, F-LANOING ASS. C-141 IN CRATE BRAKE ASS. C-141 IN CRATE HORIZTL. STABILIZER ACT., F-LC-141 BRAKE ASSEMBLY C-141 BRAKE ASSEMBLY C-141 BRAKE ASSEMBLY C-141 BRAKE ASSEMBLIES C-141 BRAKE ASSEMBLIES C-141 RUDDER POWER UNIT/PACK W/CRAIC G-141 RUDDER POWER UNIT/PACK W/CRAIC G-141 RUDDER PACK W/CRAIC G-141 RUDDER PACK C-141 W/CRATE BRAKE ASSEMBLIES C-5 ACUT., ROI-/CRUSS WIND PUBBLIES FLAP PACK, C-141 W/CRATE BRAKE PACK. C-141 W/CRATE BRAKE PACK. C-141 W/CRATE BRAKE ASSEMBLIES FLAP PACK. C-141 W/CRATE ALLERDIN ACTUATING CVLINOFR, GALLOFR,	PF 7 1252 3 2341 1 3 2341 2 3 439 1 1 3 403 2 3 41 1 3 403 2 3 403 2 3 403 2 3 403 2 3 403 2 3 403 2 3 5 6 5 7 2 2 6 6 5 2 6 8 8 8 5 1 6 6 5 7 8 1 6 6 7 8 1 6 7 8 1 6
	SHOCK STRUTS, LANDING GEAR S FLANDING GEAR S LANDING GEAR S C-141 RUDGER P BRAKE ASS. C-1 HORITIL. STABIL C-141 BRAKE ASS. C-1 HORITIL. STABIL C-141 BRAKE ASS. FLAP PACK. C-1 BRAKF PLATE. C-5 ACUT., ROIT B-52 BRAKE ASS. FLAP PACK. C-1 BRAKF ASS. FLAP PACK. C-1 BRAKF ASS. FLAP PACK. C-1 ALLERGH ACTUAT	PHI 0.2516319 0.3217053 0.3217053 0.3217053 0.3217053 0.3931769 0.3937129 0.3937129 0.0592727 0.0593727 0.0593764 0.0593764 0.0593764 0.0593764 0.059642 0.0599643 0.0599643 0.0599643 0.0599643 0.0599643 0.0599643
FORCE	138 149 149 149 149 150 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	MTAVG2 0.186438 0.2314438 0.186438 0.186438 0.421430 0.421430 0.421430 0.251438 0.316438 0.216438 0.316438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438 0.216438
ACTIV	COL	2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
LNO	21 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	H 1000000000000000000000000000000000000
KNO	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	# CCOCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
900	1	088 22 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25

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3

TABLE 40 (Continued)
PRINTOUT OF ASSIGNMENT CRITERION

īx	141.041	136.838	136-361	120.941	115.235	107.059	192.473	101.413	97.111	95.822	93.228	92.756	87.348	2000	84.011	82.574	82,359	82.276	80.848	80.626	79.842	0	76.473	ADJX1	92.6564	9	92.6564	47.6564	92.6566	2 2	92.6564	92.6564	95.6564	3	9	9	49C9 - 76	2 3	92.6564	9	56	92.6564	92.6564	92.6564	ĝ	92.6564	7737 60
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u	E	≪ u	⊌ ≪	< ≪		ı w	ىقدا	u	W	<	∢	ω.	∢ •	< <	⊄ LL ,	∀	W	, w	w	w	w	∢	∢	31 ZE	1813	1813	—,		-				-				-	-	1813	_	_			1813	_	_	i
			100	INGLIFS		WHARVES	O PLACE		LOAO.DOCK	WIDE		2"X4"XIO" PINE	33"X6"B"	TEALER LUK!	WHARVES			N LOO.00CKS					ROCK 14'X8'X1/2"1	PXI	1.9765	2.3580	3.3260	1194511	2.6982	0.5510	2.5717	1.4774	0.4460	2.4579	0.4798	1.3512	8,63,8	8 5810	0.4324	0.4271	0.4695	0.4235	6 .8549	3.0511	1.2516	6.7817	
	RUSSES 24"	, E	DIE TOTANDA	SUNDLE OF ASPHALT SHINGLIF	1210	DOCKS OR H	L CLIFT INTO		z	3	NCRETE	PINE	TX26"GLASSI	E 0000 4:0030	S. ON DOCKS OR M	;	JACK HAMMER	REINFORCE BRACINGS ON		AME	RETE	CAN/B	SHEET	4	1.16313	1.36136	822	f. 85359	1 19969	3499	- POI	1.25283	N	1.51342	ক ∙	0.62641	9.10328	5.14379	0.34999	0.46322	427	0.25220	.069	.324	.0973	022	
08 JECT	REPLACE TRUSSE	WALL FRAME	0 1717.0	BUNDLE OF	CF1LING J	PILES, ON	FRAME WALL GLIF	TRUSS, 24	REINFORCE	ROLL OF RUNF FELT	BAG OF CO	Swk4mklO' PINE	000R 1920	SOLIO COR	PILES ON	94G OF CO	JUN JACK	REINFORCE	SHINGLES	8 * XI S FRAME	SACK CONCRETE		BUNOLE OF	1 M d	9.014014	26716.0	0.025097	0.086004	0.021328	0.335147	0.025097	9.014568	3.004593	0.025651	0.005147	0.014568	7 101850	0.100859	7.075147	0.005147	1.035701	0.005147	0.084788	0. 337843	3.015676	9. 387304	1 1 4
FORCE	83	79	2 6	83	90	69	50	86	9	59	06	63	16	÷ 4	16	Co	10	64	48	35	10	94	4.0	WT AV G2	3.126438	619261-1	7.226438	705000	210479	0.046438	0.226438	0.131438	0.041438	0.231438	046438	0.131438	000016-0	000016-0	1.146438	0.046438	0.051438	1.046438	0.765000	341438	0.141438	7.785000	4
C 11 V	LIR	LFR	2 0	FS	FR	XX	KR	HPR	LFS	LFS	CAR	F .	7 Y	2 4	HPX	FK	F	XX	FS	FR	CAR	LFS	LF S		*.*		9.1		, .				.,								.,		1,5	,,			
LND A	5.3	169	. 0				22		63		18	76		40	5 %				91		41	88		MIF	0.93288	91.19	.0328		0000	3328	.0328	.9328	.0328	. 7328	.0328	0328			0328	.0328	.0328	.1328	.0000	93.60	.032E	00 60	4
KMO	936	036	236	336	336	036	336	980	136	336	036	336	030	030	036	036	036	036	136	036	036	336	036	HTP	7.22	50.50																		3.65			
988	26	27	200	30	3.1	32	33	34	35	36	3.7	38	39	9 -	47	4.3	44	45	46	47		64	20	088	26	17	E 2	42	1.	32	33	34	35	36	37	80 6	6.0) - 	42	43	**	45	94	24	4.00	64	-

- 8 PERC this column gives the % participation
- 9 FREQ this gives the frequency of accurancy of the activity D (daily), W (weekly), M (monthly), S (semi-yearly), A (annually)
- SMTASK simulated task code L₂, L₆,... P₁, P₂,... H₂, ... C₃, ... etc.
- 11 TASK Task code, A, B, C, ..., etc.
- 12 X1 equivalent value for X1
- WTP weighting factor for percent participation
- 14 WTF weighting factor for frequency of performance
- WTAVG2 average weight given. The average of columns 14 and 15
- 16 PWT proportion of total weight given to the activity
- 17 PF column 5 x column 16
- PX1 contribution of this activity towards the weight average X1 (column 12 x column 16)
- 19 SIZE no of airmen required for AFSC (size of AFSC's)
- 20 ADJ size adjustment factor $(1 \frac{S}{67500})$.
- 21 AVGX1 Total of column 19 or the weighted average X1 for the AFSC
- 22 RANK rank order based on X2 value in column 12
- ADJX1 the weighted average X1 adjusted for the number of airmen assigned to the AFSC.

For the AFSC 552XO, the weighted average X1 is 92.6 lbs. Based on assignment criterion 1, an airman whose X1 test score (incremental 6 ft. lift) is equal to or exceeds 90.00 lbs is eligible for assignment to this AFSC. Because of 10 lb. increments in the 6 ft. incremental test the AFSC demand score is rounded downwards to nearest 10 lb interval.

Similarly for the AFSC 423X4, an airman whose X1 test score is equal to or exceeds 90.00 lbs. is eligible for assignment to this

AFSC. An airman whose XI score is less than 90 lbs. should not be assigned to this AFSC.

A total of 162 AFSCs were studied in this project. However, some data were lacking and hence some AFSCs were not considered for application of the assignment criterion. Three primary reasons account for not applying the assignment criterion. These are:

- (1) No percent participation data were available.
- (2) Not enough tasks or activities were available in the AFSC.
- (3) More than half of the activities considered in establishing the AFSC demand score were based on estimates rather than actual data.

Table 41 shows the AFSC which were not considered for application of the assignment criterion and the reason for this decision. Table 42 shows the remaining AFSCs, their current rating and their adjusted demand score.

Discussion

The recommended assignment criterion can be modified to accept more than one test in the test battery. A candidate test which could be added is X3, the 70 lb. elbow hold, however, additional test may not significantly affect the discrimination abilities of the assignment criterion.

Table 42 indicates that there are few AFSCs designated as X1 AFSC, which have a relatively low demand score. Similarly, there are few AFSCs designated as X3 AFSC, which have a relatively high score. Figures 47-49 shows the sensitivity of the assignment criterion to the number of activities selected. As the number of activities used to apply the assignment increase, the demand score tends to decrease.

Using the 6 foot incremental lift, X1, score for the incumbents, it is possible to estimate the percentages of airmen who would qualify for an AFSC. Table 43 shows each of the AFSCs and the estimated percentage of airmen who would qualify for each AFSC. Such percentage is only an estimate and is primarily a function of the enlistees physical capabilities and the male/female mix in the Air Force.

AFSCs NOT CONSIDERED UNDER THE ASSIGNMENT CRITERION

AFSC ed	No Percent Participation	Not enough Activities (12 or less Activities)	Large No. of Estimates (13 or more
aninglide	ies considered to es	half of the activity	sada ener (E)
A431X2	sed on early tea rati		
A902X0	X		
113X0B	X		X
113X0C	Look to X batteblanco		
115X0		reries and Xone season	
222X0	at esti Xia esiden de	g AFFUs, their curre	
231X0	X		
231X2	X		
272X0		X	
291X0			X
294X0		elgament (Xirerisa a	
			dead and XLSI so
		thing work and of a	
		affect the Xelsettella	
304X5			ocinaxina si
306X1			X
316X0F		that there are few .	
316X0G	ce. Slatta X chara	one bearings and story?	
		o galayifilayen ola Mw	
316X3	the demend x cure he		
321X0K	X		
321X1G	 Х		
			t 2007 X 2 sets
326X0C	New and X on Black on		
328X5	X		
341X6	••		X
362X3			X
404X0			X
426X3	X		**
443X0G	X		
443406	A.		

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0

0

0

443X1

TABLE 41 (Continued)

AFSCs NOT CONSIDERED UNDER THE ASSIGNMENT CRITERION

AFSC Data Activities) 445X0E	Large No. of Estimates (13 or more Estimates)
445X0E X 445X0F X 445X1 X 463X0 X 472X0 X 472X4 X 511X0 X 511X1 X 542X0 X 454X1 X 552X0 X 591X1 X 602X1 X 602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 753X0 X 811X2 X 811X2A X 904X0 X	<u> </u>
445X0F 445X1 463X0 472X0 472X4 X 511X0 X 511X1 X X 542X0 X 454X1 X 552X0 591X0 X 602X1 602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 7791X0 X 811X2 811X2A X 904X0	
445x1 463x0 472x0 472x4	x
463x0 472x0 472x4	X
472X0 472X4	X
472x4 X X 511x0 X 511x1 X X 542x0 X 454x1 X 552x0 X 591x0 X 591x1 X 602x1 X 602x2 X 612x0 X 702x0B X 741x1 X 791x0 X 811x2 X 904x0 X	X
511X0 X 511X1 X 542X0 X 454X1 X 552X0 X 591X0 X 602X1 X 602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 791X0 X 811X2 X 904X0 X	Λ
511X1 X X 542X0 X 454X1 X 552X0 X 591X0 X 591X1 X 602X1 X 602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 753X0 X 791X0 X 811X2 X 904X0 X	
542X0 X 454X1 X 552X0 X 591X0 X 591X1 X 602X1 X 602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 753X0 X 791X0 X 811X2 X 904X0 X	
454X1 X 552X0 591X0 X 591X1 X 602X1 602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 753X0 X 791X0 X 811X2 811X2A X 904X0	
591X0	
591X1 X 602X1 602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 753X0 X 791X0 X 811X2 811X2A X 904X0	X
602X1 602X2	
602X2 X 612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 753X0 X 791X0 X 811X2 811X2A X 9904X0	
7612X0 X 702X0B X 741X1 X 753X0 X 791X0 X 811X2 X 8904X0	X
702X0B	
7 41X1 X 7 53X0 X 7 91X0 X 811X2 811X2A X	
7 53X0 X 7 91X0 X 811X2 811X2A X 904X0	
791X0 X 811X2 811X2A X 904X0	
811X2 811X2A X 904X0	
811X2A X 904X0	
904x0	X
0 4 10	
	X
*****	X
914.0	
99505 X 99604 X	

TABLE 42

DEMAND SCORE FOR THE REMAINING AFSC

WITH THEIR CURRENT RATING

	Adjusted		Adjusted			
	Demand	X-Factor		Demand	X-Factor	
AFSC	Score	Rating	AFSC	Score	Rating	
111X0	50	2	361X1	90	2	
112X0	70	2	362X4	70	2	
114X0	110	2	392X0	80	3	
121X0	100	1	404X1	60	3	
122X0	100	2	423X0	70	3	
231X1	40	3	423X1	60	3	
242X0	80	3	423X2	110	1	
251X0	50	3	423X3	80	3	
275XO	90	2	423X4	90	3	
293X3	60	3	423X5	80	3	
302X0	80	3	426X2	80	3	
303X1	50	3	427X0	60	3	
303X2	80	3	427X1	50	3	
304x0	90	3	427x3	40	3	
304X1	50	3	427X4	80	3	
304X4	80	3	427X5	70	3	
306X0	80	3	431X0	90		
306X2	80	3	431X0	80	2	
307X0	70	3	431X2	90	2	
316X2	70	2	443X0E	80	ī	
316X2T	60	3	443XOP	70	i	
321X2	110	3	445X0G	70	2	
322X2	80		461X0	110	3	
322X2C	60	2	462X0	100	3	
324X0	90	3	464X0	70	3	
325X1	60	3	472X1	60		
326X4	60	3	472X2	70	3	
326X6	80	3	472X3	80	3	
326X7	50	3	542X1	80	1	
326X8	80	3	542X2	70	3	
328X0	60	3	545X0	100	1	
328X1	50	3	545X2	100	1	
328X3	110	1	551X0	70	1	
328X4	70	2	551X0	80	1	
341%4	60	3	552X1	80	2	
341X7	50	3	552X2	70	3	
361X0	80	1	552X4	70 70	3	

TABLE 42 (Continued)

DEMAND SCORE FOR THE REMAINING AFSC WITH THEIR CURRENT RATING

	Adjusted Demand	X-Factor		Adjusted Demand	X-Factor
AFSC	Score	Rating	AFSC	Score	Rating
552X5	50	3	645X2	50	3
553x0	30	3	791X0	40	3
566X0	60	3	811X0	40	2
566X1	80	3	902X0	70	3
571X0	80	1	902X2	40	3
602X0	40	3	903x0	40	3
603X0	50	3	905X0	60	3
605X0	50	3	907X0	80	3
605X1	90	3	908X0	90	3
611X0	80	3	913X0	30	3
622X1	40	3	914X1	50	3
631X0	70	2	915X0	60	3
645X1	100	3			

0

E

0

C

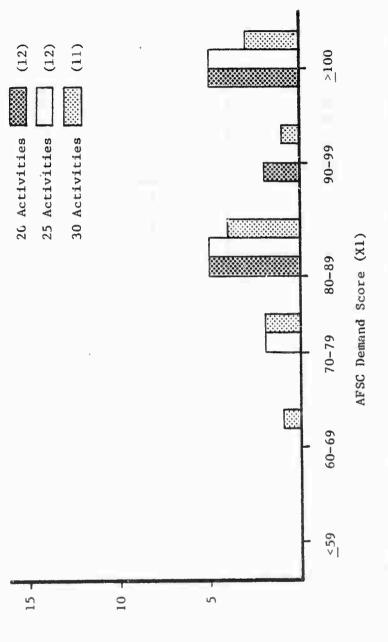


Figure 47. Effect of Number of Activities Selected on Demand Score for X-1 AFSCs*.

*322X2, 431X0 and 472X1 are unrated AFSCs (No X-Factor Rating).

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1

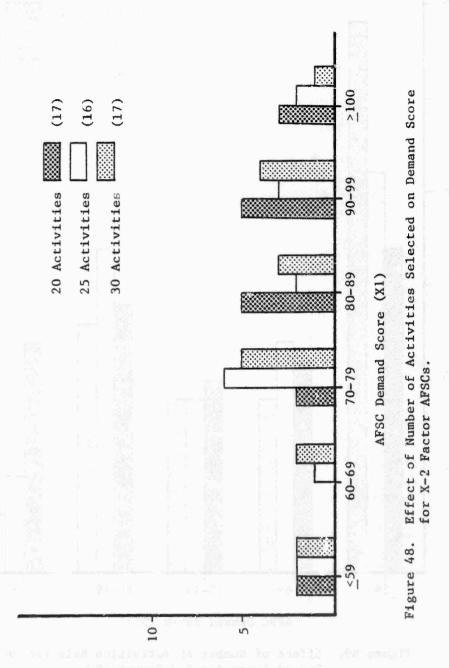
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Number of AFSCs



O

Number of AFSCs

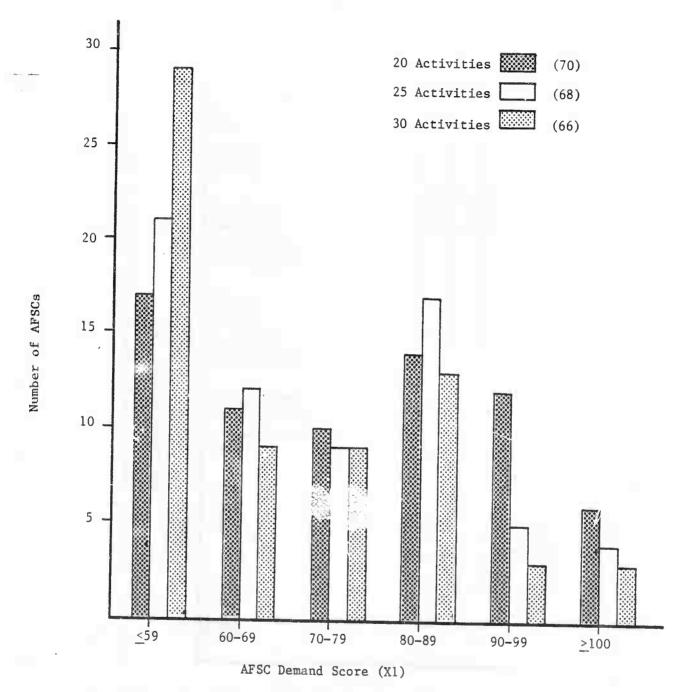


Figure 49. Effect of Number of Activities Selected on Demand Score for X-3 Factor AFSCs.

TABLE 43
ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF AIRMEN QUALIFYING
FOR THE VARIOUS AFSCs

AFSC	Adjusted Demand Score	% of Airmen Qualify- ing	X-Factor Rating	AFSC	Adjusted Demand Score	% of Airmen Qualify- ing	X-Factor Rating
111X0	50	97.81	2	361X1	90	82.15	2
112X0	70	86.89	2	362X4	70	86.89	2
114X0	110	62.11	2	392X0	80	84.15	3
121X0	100	77.05	1	404X1	- 60	93.81	3
122X0	100	77.05	2	423X0	70	86.89	_ 3
231X1	40	100.00	3	423X1	60	93.81	3
242X0	80	84.15	3 [.]	423X2	10	62.11	• 1
251XO	50	97.81	3	423X3	80	84.15	3
275X0	90	82.15	2	423X4	90	82.15	3
293X3	60	93.81	3	423X5	80	84.15	3
302X0	80	84.15	3	426X2	80	84.15	
303X1	50	97.81	3	427%0	60	93.81	3 3
303X2	80	84.15	3	427X1	50	97.81	3
304x0	90	82.15	3	427X3	40	100.00	3
304X1	50	97.81	3	427X4	80	84.15	
304X4	80	84.15	3	427X5	70	86.89	3
306X0	80	84.15	3	431X0	90	82.15	_
306X 2	80	84.15	3	431X0	80	84.15	2
307X0	70	86.89	3	431X2	90	82.15	2 2
316X2	70	86.89	2	443X0E	80	84.15	1
316X2T	60	93.81	3	443X0P	70	86.89	i
321X2	110	62.11	3	445X0G	70	86.89	2
322X2	80	84.11	J	461X0	10	62.11	3
322X2C	60	93.81	2	462X0	100	77.05	3
324X0	90	82.15	3	464X0	70	86.89	3
325X1	60	93.81	3	472X1	60	93.81	
326X4	60	93.81	3	472X1	70	86.89	•
326X6	80	84.15	3	472X3	80	84.15	3
326X7	50	97.81	3	542X1	80	84.15	1
326X8	80	84.15	3	542X1	70	86.89	3
328X0	60	93.81	3	545X0	100	77.05	1
	50			545X2	100	77.05	
328X1 328X3	110	97.81 62.11	3 1	551X0	70	86.89	1 1
328X4	70		2	551XU	80	84.15	
		86.89					1
341X4	60	93.81	3	552X1	80	84.15	2
341X7 361X0	50 80	97.81 84.15	3 1	552X2 552X4	70 70	86.89 86.89	3

TABLE 43 (Continued)

ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF AIRMEN QUALIFYING FOR THE VARIOUS AFSCs

AFSC	Ad justed Demand Score	% of Airmen Qualify- ing	X-Factor Rating	AFSC	Ad justed Demand Score	% of Airmen Qualify- ing	X-Factor Rating
5 5 2 X 5	50	97.81	3	645X2	50	97.81	3
553X0	30	100.00	3	791X0	40	100.00	3
566X0	60	93.81	3	811X0	40	100.00	2
566X1	80	84.15	3	902X0	70	86.89	3
571X0	80	84.15	1	902X2	40	100.00	3
602X0	40	100.00	3	903X0	40	100.00	3
603X0	50	97.81	3	905X0	60	93.81	3
605X0	50	97.81	. 3	907X0	80	84.15	3
605X1	90	82.15	3	908X0	90	82.15	3
611X0	80	84.15	3	913X0	30	100.00	3
622X1	40	100.00	3	914X1	50	97.81	3
631X0	70	86.89	2	915X0	60	93.81	3
645X1	100	77.05	3				

**

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APPENDIX A

MINI QUESTIONNAIRE

AIR FORCE SPECIALTY CODE (AFSC) MINI QUESTIONNAIRE

Different "physical task performance" questionnaires, i.e., each applicable to a specific AFSC (see example at the end of this Appendix), were administered to a combined total of 76 incumbents at Dyess AFB, Texas and Reese AFB, Texas covering 11 AFSCs that are currently rated as X-factor 1 (see Table A-1). The purposes of the survey were to:

- determine the general nature of the physical tasks that may be encountered in AFSCs requiring "heavy" and/or "very heavy work" (e.g., manual materials handling, torquing, running, standing, and so forth),
- (2) determine the degree of task procedure standardization,
- (3) determine the relative task requirements as a function of mission, and
- (4) obtain, based on items (1), (2), and (3) above, data that would enable a better selection of an appropriate strength/ stamina "initial test battery" to be used in predicting the ability of an individual to "successfully" perform the AFSCs which have "heavy" and/or "very heavy" physical demands.

The survey results (see Table A-2 for summary) indicate that the incumbents perceive a total of 286 tasks as being "physically demanding." The survey results showed that these 286 tasks can be categorized as follows:

- (1) 258 manual materials handling (MMH) type activities or 90 percent,
- (2) 7 torquing activities of some type or 3 percent, and
- (3) 21 miscellaneous activities, such as sentry duty, guard duty, dog catching, and first aid involving resuscitation or 7 percent.

Based on undocumented observations, undocumented verbal communications with the incumbents, and questionnaire narrative responses, it was determined that task procedure standardization is not necessarily Air Force, Command, or Base-wide, and that task requirements are for some AFSCs, a function of the unit's mission, e.g., SAC, MAC, or ATC, oriented. It was also confirmed that supervisors are experiencing difficulties in manpower planning due to physical deficiencies of the incumbents. However, this may be the result, in part, of a "prejudgement" by the supervisors regarding the abilities of an individual to perform a "heavy/very heavy" task. A few of the incumbents indicated that the supervisors did not assign them to physically demanding tasks because the supervisor did not think the incumbent was capable of performing the task even though there was no quantitative data available to substantiate this "prejudgement."

TABLE A-1. AFSC'S AND INCUMBENT'S SURVEYED

	Dyess (Sac-Mac base)	Reese (ATC base)
AFSC	Number of	Incumberts
113XO - Flight Engineer	(2)	NA*
114XO - Aircraft Loadmaster	(3)	NA
362X4 - Telephone Equipment	(1)	NA
551XO - Pavements Maintenance	(3)	(2)
551X1 - Construction Equipment	(2)	(2)
552XO - Carpentry	(2)	(2)
571X0 - Fire Protection	(5)	(6)
631X0 - Fuel	(5)	(4)
811XO - Security	(14)	(9)
811X2 - Law Enforcement	(4)	NA
922X0 - Aircrew Life Support	(6)	(4)
	47	29

NA* not available at this base.

TABLE A-2. AFSC QUESTIONNAIRE RESULTS SUMMARY

AFSC	TOTAL TASKS			TASK CATEGORY				
	DIFFICULT	ММН		TOR	QUE	MISC		
		Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent	
113X0	19	17	90	1	5	1	5	
114X0	21	20	95			1	5	
362X4	10	10	100					
551X0	33	33	100					
551XI	23	21	91	2	9			
552X0	33	32	97			1	3	
571X0	38	36	95			1	2	
631X0	32	31	97			1	3	
811X0	23	23	100					
811X2	31	19	61			12	24	
922X0	23	16	.70 .	3	. 13	4	17	
	286	258	90	7	3	21	7	

AFSC OUESTIONNAIRE

We are asking you to complete the following questionnaire so that we can learn more about your AFSC. In order to get the most from our survey, we ask that you carefully consider your answer for each question. The information which we obtain will be kept in complete confidence and will not be used for any purpose other than the present analysis of USAF AFSCs. Thank you for your cooperation; it is greatly appreciated.

In this survey, we will be using a term which we want to clearly define. The word DIFFICULT will be used to refer to tasks which require more than everyday, normal, physical effort and which, if, for example, were repeated several times, would leave you TIRED, OUT OF BREATH, NEEDING REST, OVER-HEATED, or WITH MUSCLES WHICH WILL BE TIRED AND/OR SORE. There are many different factors which might cause a task to be rated as difficult for example, length of time it must be performed, temperature, or a cess to work space. Your answers for the following questions will help us identify those tasks which are physically difficult.

The questionnaire is divided into three different parts. In the first part we will ask some questions which will tell us something about you. This information is requested only to give us some idea about the person answering the other questions. If for any reason you would rather not answer any of these questions, you may leave them blank and continue with the remainder of the questionnaire.

The second part of the survey will be a list of tasks, derived from AF occupational surveys, which MIGHT be required of a person with your AFSC. There are three numbers following each task. If the task is one you do or have done, and if you find or have found it DIFFICULT, circle one -1- on the form. If it is one which you have performed but which is/was not difficult, circle the -2- on the form. If you have not done the task, circle the -3-. If you do, or have done, other tasks, other than those listed, as a part of your job or if others you work with do or have done other tasks as a part of their job and if these tasks could be described as difficult, list them in the blank spaces and place the number -1- or -2- after the task description (e.g., open hanger door manually -1-; operate torque wrench -1-; stand parade rest while on guard duty -1-).

For each task you identified as difficult, we would like for you to BRIEFLY describe the aspect of the task which makes it difficult. Use your own words to describe the physical aspects which make it difficult—for example, lift and hold an A/C tire, manually move AGE from shop to A/C, work is done overhead, etc. If you can, we would like for you to identify the number of lbs you lift, the amount of force applied when torquing, the type of position you must assume to accomplish the difficult task, etc. In other words, be as specific as you can.

Finally, in the last part of the questionnaire, there will be a number of incomplete sentences. We would like for you, in your own words, to complete the sentences.

PART 1

INSTRUCTIONS: Complete each of the following questions as accurately and as completely as possible. This information will be used for purposes of the present survey only.

1.	NAME 2. AGE
	LAST FIRST M.I.
3.	PHYSICAL DISABILITY 4. CURRENT AFSC ASSIGNMENT
5.	LENGTH OF TIME IN AIR FORCE YRS. (APPROXIMATE)
6.	HOW LONG IN CURRENT AFSC YRS. (APPROXIMATE)
7.	MALE FEMALE 8. WEIGHT 9. HEIGHT
10.	LIST ALL/ANY OTHER AFSC'S TO WHICH YOU HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED
11.	WHAT WAS YOUR JOB PRIOR TO ENTERING AIR FORCE?
12.	LIST ANY ATHLETIC EXPERIENCE WHICH YOU HAVE HAD IN THE PAST THREE YEARS.
13.	ARE YOU ON A REGULAR PROGRAM OR EXERCISE? IF SO, PLEASE DESCRIBE IT?

PART 2

INSTRUCTIONS: The following list of tasks might be required of a person with your AFSC. If the task is one which you do or have done, and if you find, or found, it DIFFICULT, circle -l-; if you did not find it difficult but do or have done it, circle -2-. If you have not done the task as a part of your job, circle -3-. In the blank lines following (below) the task list, write down a short description of other tasks which you have done and found difficult. Use the blank spaces to the right of the list of tasks to BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE ASPECT OF THE TASK WHICH MAKES IT DIFFICULT. Do this for each of the tasks which you circled -l- or which you have added.

AFS	C 631X0		1-Difficult	2-Not difficult	3-Have not done
1.	Fuel or defuel aircraft with R-5 tank trucks	-1-2-	-3		
2.	Perform operator mainte- nance on tank trucks	-1-2-	-3		
3.	Fuel or defuel aircraft with R-9 tank trucks	-1-2-	-3		
4.	Fill mobile refueling units from bult storage	-1-2-	-3		
5.	Fuel or defuel aircraft with R-8 tank trucks	-1-2-	-3		
6.	Fuel aircraft with modified Panero hydrant systems	-1-2-	-3		
7.	Issue automotive oil from base service station		-3		
8.	Issue lox to oxygen carts	-1-2-	-3		
9.	Fuel aircraft with Panero hydrant system	-1-2-	-3		

AFSC 631X0 10. Perform operator main- tenance on bulk storage systems	1-Difficult 2-Not Difficult 3-Have not done
11. Perform operator main- tenance on Pritchard hydrant systems	-1-2-3
12. Refull mobile water servicing units from demineralized water plan	-1-2-3
13. Perform operator main- tenance on hydrant trucks	-1-2-3
14. Fuel aircraft with Phillips hydrant system	-1-2-3
15. Perform operator maintenance on modi- fied Panero hydrant systems	-1-2-3
16. Fuel or defuel aircraft with R-2 condec tank trucks	-1-2-3
17. Fill mobile oil units from oil storage facilities	-1-2-3
18. Perform cryogenic liquid storage operator maintenance	-1-2-3
19. Issue bulk oil to aircraft from MK-1 tank trucks	-1-2-3
20. Perform operator maintenance on Panero hydrant systems	-1-2-3
21. Perform operator maintenance on fueling semitrailers	-1-2-3
22. Perform operator maintenance on vacuum pumps	-1-2-3

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23.	Connect or disconnect off-loading hoses from barges	-1-2-3	
24.	Fuel or defuel aircraft with R-14 air trans-portable hydrant systems	-1-2-3	
25.	Perform operator main- tenance on R-14 air transportable hydrant systems	-1-2-3	
26.	Set hand brake on railway tank cars	-1-2-3	
27.	Fill mobile oil units from drums	-1-2-3	
28.	Fuel or defuel air- craft with R-25 air transportable hydrant	-1-2-3	
29.	systems Perform operator maintenance on C-136,	-1-2-3	
30.	C-123, aerial bulk fuel delivery systems Perform operator main- tenance on R-22 air transportable hydrant	-1-2-3	
31.	systems Position morring lines from barge or tanker to unloading points	-1-2-3	
32.	Perform operator main- tenance on R-25 air transportable hydrant	-1-2-3	
33.	systems Perform operator maintenance on R-26 air transportable hydrant systems	-1-2-3	
34.	Fuel or defuel aircraft with R-l air trans-portable hydrant	-1-2-3	
	systems		47

AFSC	631X0
Arou	DOIAU

1-Difficult 2-Not Difficult 3-Have not done

35. Perform operator main- -1-2-3
tenance on R-1 air
transportable hydrant
systems
36. Perform operator main- -1-2-3
tenance on R-13 air
transportable hydrant
systems
37. Fuel or defuel aircraft -1-2-3
with F-7 semitrailers

AFSC	l - Difficult	2 - Not	Difficult	3 - 1	Have not done
Other difficult tasks within this AFSC are e	you or others expected to perf	orm			
=					
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	- · · ·				

Part 3

	2	3	4	5	
r you th		ult for other		s which you find Please state, a	
•					
					-
		-			
		4			
				_	
•				40448	
•					
hat task	s may appear t	to be easy bu	it are difficul	t to perform	
hen I th	ink of physic	al work I thi	nk of		
	to meet the pl			nt AFSC a person	must

APPENDIX B

QUESTIONNAIRE #1

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE

PHYSICAL DEMANDS SURVEY



MEDICAL SERVICE AND ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY
SPECIALIST CAREER LADDERS

AFSCs 90230, 90250, 90270, and 90292

Return completed to CBPO within 10 working days per AFR 35-2

MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL DIVISION AIR FORCE HUMAN RESOURCES LABORATORY BROOKS AFB, TEXAS 78235 AUTOVON 240-2847 AFPT 80-902-167

INSTRUCTIONS

We are asking you to complete the following survey so that we can identify tasks in your career ladder that are physically demanding (that is, tasks requiring a large amount of physical strength or endurance). As a subject matter expert in the 902X0 career ladder, you are best qualified to make the evaluation. In order to get the most from the survey, we ask that you carefully consider your response to each question.

This survey contains two sections — a brief background information section and a more extensive listing of tasks typically performed in your career ladder. After completing the background section, you will be asked to rate each task on a 10-point physical strength and endurance scale. Tasks requiring physical strength and endurance are defined as those involving significant use of the "large" muscle groups in the arms, back or legs. These would include requirements for lifting, lowering or carrying heavy or cumbersome objects, pushing or pulling, torquing or any other demand for frequent or continuous exertion of muscular effort. To establish a common frame of reference for rating each task, the following scale definitions are provided:

Rating Scale for Physical Streamth and Endurance

e it	Description of Effort
	No Significant Physical Demand — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 9 lbs or less — Includes most administrative and derical tasks.
	Extremely Light — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 10–19 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
	Very Light — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 20–29 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
	Light — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 30–39 lbs to a heigh of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
	Light to Moderate — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 40—49 lb to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
	Moderate — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 50–59 lbs to height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
	Moderate to Heavy — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 60–6 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort
	Heavy — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 70–79 lbs to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
	Very Heavy — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 80–89 lbs to height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscular effort.
	Extremely Heavy — Corresponding requirement would include periodic lifting of 90 lbs of more to a height of 5 ft OR an equivalent demand for frequent or continuous muscula effort.
	No Knowledge of Task Requirement

When you consider the overall level of physical strength and endurance required by each task, it is requested that you provide ratings on the basis of:

- a. The most demanding aspect of each task. For example, if performing a task requires some light lifting and some heavy lifting, provide ratings based on the higher requirement. In considering the most demanding aspect of each task, also take into account any factors, such as unusual posture, frequency and duration of sustained work which might contribute to the overall demand level.
- b. The level of demand placed on a single individual performing the task. Occasionally a given task will be performed by more than one person. In this case, assume that the workload is shared equally by all members performing. (i.e., if a 300 lb object is generally lifted by 3 people, the task demand for a single individual would be 100 lbs.)

AND

c. The level of demand required by the complete task from start to finish. For example, any preliminary activities that are an integral part of the task should be considered in rating the task.

To obtain the maximum response possible, it is requested that you rate each task of which you have any knowledge. These would include tasks you presently perform, which you have performed at a prior time and those which you have observed others performing. Please provide your best estimates even though you may not be absolutely certain of the rating.

Note: If there are any physically demanding tasks in your career ladder that are not listed in the booklet, please list them on the blank pages provided at the end of the booklet and rate them as you would the other tasks.

Now, begin the background section on the next page. When this is completed, proceed to the task ratings. Thank you for your cooperation in this survey.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION	ON	Date	Case Control Numb
PLEASE PRINT INFORMATION NAME (FIRST, 1.4ST, MI)	N REQUESTED AND QUE		1
NAME (FIRST, LAST, MI)		K APPLICABLE BOX	CES
	DATE OF BIETH		SEX
GRADE	(5-22) Year		MALE
E1 E2 E3 E4	E5 E6	Month Day (2	3-28) FEMA
AB ASSN		E7 EB	E9
SOCIAL SECURITY ACCOUNT NUMBER (SSAV)	SSGT TSGT	MSGT SMCC	
NOMBER (SSAN)	TELEPHONE	SMSGT	CMSGT
	FITT	FT-7	
HEIGHT WEIGHT 13	1-39) AREA CODE		TENSION
PRIMARY AFSC		DUTY AFSC	TENSION
FT IN LBS PREFIX			
AJOR COMMAND (CHECK ONE)	NUMBER SUFFIX	PREFIX NU	MBER
A C	THE PROPERTY OF MANAGEMENT		SUF
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M H	AFCS	AFOSOC	AFLC
AFRES AFSC ARPC	ATC	N HQ USAF	0
RST	AU	FLD EXT	MAC
PACAF SAC TAC	- °	U	×
TAL MONTHS IN PRESENT JOB	USAFE	USAFSS	OPCANIZATION
308	TOTAL MONTHS AT PRES	ENT BACE	ORGANIZATI
AL MONTHS IN DUTY AFSC	The Control of the Co		
	TOTAL MONTHS IN CARE	ER FIELD	(Card 02:8-10)
AL MONTHS ACTIVE FEDERAL MILITARY SERVICE	The second security		
	NUMBER OF	S WHO STATE	(Card 02:14-16)
SERVICE	FOR SUPERIOR SUBORDINATI	TO VEPORT TO V	OLI OLOGO
SEAVICE .	NUMBER OF SUBORDINATI	TO Y	OU DIRECTLY
(Card 02: 17 19)			OU DIRECTLY
(Card 02: 17 19)			OU DIRECTLY
NG THE PAST YEAR, HAVE ANY OF YOUR SUBORDINATES EXPERI IS CAREER LADDER BECAUSE THE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE JI NGTH OR STAMINA CAPABILITIES?			
NG THE PAST YEAR, HAVE ANY OF YOUR SUBORDINATES EXPERISE SCAREER LADDER BECAUSE THE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE JUST HOR STAMINA CAPABILITIES?	ENCED DIFFICULTY PERFOI OB EXCEEDED THEIR PHYSI		(Card 02:20-21)
NG THE PAST YEAR, HAVE ANY OF YOUR SUBORDINATES EXPERISE SCAREER LADDER BECAUSE THE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE JUST HOR STAMINA CAPABILITIES?		RMING	(Card 02:20-21)
ICard 02: 17 19) NG THE PAST YEAR, HAVE ANY OF YOUR SUBORDINATES EXPERING THE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE JUSTICAL DEMANDS OF THE	ENCED DIFFICULTY PERFOI OB EXCEEDED THEIR PHYSI BASE OR INSTALLATION	RMING Card 02:22)	(Card 03:5-8)
ICard 02: 17 19) NG THE PAST YEAR, HAVE ANY OF YOUR SUBORDINATES EXPERING THE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE JUST HE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE JUST HOR STAMMA CAPABILITIES? NIZATION (Card 02: 23-72)	ENCED DIFFICULTY PERFOI OB EXCEEDED THEIR PHYSIC BASE OR INSTALLATION	RMING GAL (Card 02:22)	(Card 02:20-21) YES NO (Card 03:5-8)
NG THE PAST YEAR, HAVE ANY OF YOUR SUBORDINATES EXPERISE SCAREER LADDER BECAUSE THE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF THE JUST HOR STAMINA CAPABILITIES?	ENCED DIFFICULTY PERFOI OB EXCEEDED THEIR PHYSIC BASE OR INSTALLATION	RMING Card 02:22)	(Card 03:5-4)

TASK RATING INSTRUCTIONS

The tasks listed on the following pages are grouped under duty headings. Please rate each task on the equivalent level of physical strength and endurance required to perform it. Use a pencil or pen to record your ratings in the column to the right of the task statements.

kamples: Rate Here	
Schedule maintenance workload and duty assignments	0
Overhaul rotor blades	7
Rump engines for operational checks	2
Etc.	

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1

3

Remember -

- Rate all tasks of which you have knowledge
- Rate the demands for a single member performing
- Consider task from start to completion

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	4FSC 902X0/912X4	PAGE 1	o#29	PAG
CALE I	CTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOUL O - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 l A. ORGANIZING AND PLANNING	PHYSICAL D BE: 49 lbs; bs or more.	0 = Na Sig 1 = Extrem 2 = Very L 3 = Light	nely Light Jight o Moderate ate to Heev leavy hely Heavy	mano
1.	Assign personnel to duty positions	RATE HERE		7	
2.	Attend professional staff meetings				6
3.	Conduct or attend ward master or NCOIC meetings				7
4.	Coordinate work activities with other sections		tinie You		8
5.	Determine personnel requirements	7	Y 00 771		9
6.	Develop or improve work methods or procedures		demand."		10
7.	Develop or revise organization of section		Otherwise		1
8.	Develop or update organizational charts		3 2		1
9.	Develop or write local medical facility operating instructions or standard operating procedures		2 Q		1
10.	Draft budget estimates		activation in the second		1
11.	Establish equipment or supply levels				1
12.	Establish research procedures		ve/super		1
13.	Establish sanitation standards		A.D.W.		1
14.					1
15.	Plan medical disaster control procedures for sect or facility		1		1
16.	Plan medical laboratory, X-ray, or pharmacy activ	ities	1 2		21
17.	Plan or coordinate hospital tours		dui,		2
18.	Plan or coordinate mass immunizations for groups individuals	or	- 1		2
19.	Plan or develop status boards or charts				2
20.	Plan or schedule work assignments		A section		2
21.	Plan physical layout of medical service facilitie	5	- ,; -		2
22.	Plan records maintenance				2
23.	Plan safety programs				2
24.	Plan security programs				2

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty — Teak List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE	2 of 29	PAGES
INSTR	UCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.		F	TING SCA Significant	
0	REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOU! = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90	- 49 lbs:	1 = Ext 2 = Ver 3 = Lig	remely Light ry Light ht ht to Mooer	75
	A. ORGANIZING AND PLANNING (CONTINUE)	and the second of	7 = Hea 8 = Ver 9 = Ext	derets to Hi my ry Heavy tramely Hea n't Know	
25.	Prepare civilian time cards	RATE HERE		-	29
26.	Prepare requisitions for supplies or equipment	Assertation and	dé,		30
27.	Schedule leaves or passes		± 7	5]	31
you kno ank page	ow of a physically ownerding task under this duty which does not appear in the list, as the end of the bookiet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	please add it to the	Note: You significant	XXXXXX	
	entires elso segui escidas	dien . Antha	73	xxxxxx	xxxx
	Lip may - 140	reacht chweir		xxxxxx	XXXX
	B. DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING	ergici in quie	3 -	xxxxxxx	xxxx
·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e department of the Editoria	ezmo - 4138	32	XXXXXXXX	xxxx
28.	Coordinate interhospital appointments for outpatie		1		32
29.	Direct disaster control programs for the section of facility	or has to sole	propri	£ 1	33
30.	Direct mass immunization programs	ires sephici (S		di j	34
31.	Direct physical exercise or conditioning programs	minge exilên	dupare	Ш	35
32.	Direct preparation and maintenance of records or n	reports	1 4/0%	11	36
33.	Draft changes to or revise manuals or technical publications	Marker Andria		EH [37
34.	Draft or revise job descriptions	er strong die like	5	胡	38
35.	Implement procedures for distribution of reports, manuals, or directives	del parter i	1	41	39
36.	Implement safety practices	apel licetor i	Agnp &	84 1	40
37.	Initiate requests for personnel replacements	innshows, so a			41
38.	Inspect or advise subordinates in medical ethics		= 1	21	42
39.	Interview civilian job applicants	girkadi ya r	US PRODUCTION	HI T	43
40.	Maintain status boards or charts	American		.03	44
41.	Monitor weight control programs	nie Terminis i	14	15	45
42.	Orient newly assigned medical personnel	likir oldsto r	EL C	-21	46
43.	Prepare correspondence	celed thinks a	119	4	47

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	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	02x0/912X4	PAGE 3	or29	PAGES
SCALE 0	UCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHY STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD: = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 4 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs; B. DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING (CONTINUED)	YSICAL BE: 91bs; pr more,	0 = No Si 1 = Extre 2 = Very 3 = Light 4 = Light 5 = Mode 7 = Heavy 8 = Very	to Moder rete rete to He y Heavy mely Heav	Demend t
44.	Prepare unit records, graphs, reports, or studies	ATE HERE			48
45.	Screen solicitations or advertising media				49
46.	Supervise Allergy/Immunology Specialists (AFSC 91234)			50
47.	Supervise Allergy/Immunology Technicians (AFSC 91274)	Signal file		51
48.	Supervise Apprentice Medical Service Specialists (AFSC 90230)		, 100 v		52
49.	Supervise civilian personnel		t demand."		53
50.	Supervise Clinic Superintendents (AFSC 91295)		Only		54
51.	Supervise medical personnel with AFSCs other than 90 90292, 912X4 or 91295	2X0,	The state of the s		55
52.	Supervise Medical Service Specialis: (AFSC 90250)		70		56
53.	Supervise Medical Service Superintendents (AFSC 9029	2)			57
54.	Supervise Medical Service Technician (AFSC 90270)		edroiristeat ecyropolete		58
55.	Write technical papers for publication		the sup		59
f you kno plank page	ow of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the list, plea is at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	se add it to the	6 KX	XXXXXXXXX	XXXXX
			x x	XXXXXX	XXXX
			i KX	XXXXXX	20000
	C. INSPECTING AND EVALUATING		E XX	XXXXXXX	XIOCO
			XX	3003000	XXXXX
56.	Advise subordinates on resolution of technical probl	ens	7		60
57.	Counsel subordinates on military or personal problem	5	1		61
58.	Evaluate adherence to work schedules		-		62
59.	Evaluate compliance with work standards				63
60.	Evaluate individuals for promotion, demotion, or reclass/fication		- 1		64
61.	Evaluate or establish procedures for storage, invent or inspection of property items	ory,			65
62.	Evaluate or provide recommendations for improving stock control				66

	JOS INVENTORY (Duty - Tank List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 4	of 29 f	AGES
SCALE 1	OCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PH STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD 0 - 9 lbs: 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 4 50 - 59 lbs: 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs C. INSPECTING AND EVALUATING (CONTINUE)	YSICAL BE: 19 lbs; or more. D)	RATIN 0 = No Sign 1 = Extrem 2 = Very LI 3 = Light 4 = Light 5 = Moders 6 = Moders 7 = Heavy 8 = Very M 9 = Extrem X = Don't K	ely Light ght o Moderate te te to Heavy eavy ely Hasvy	mand
63 .	Evaluate quality of patient care	ATE HERE		*	
			- g g		57
64.	Evaluate routine reports		Note You significant		68
65.	Evaluate suggestions		Action		69
66.	Initiate reports on unsatisfactory equipment		1 1 2		70
67.	Inspect and evaluate the maintenance of status boar or charts	ds	Otherwise		71
68.	Inspect or evaluate adherence to established standa of sanitation cleanliness or neatness	rds	7 To 2		72
69.	Inspect physical layout of medical service faciliti	es	122	04:	73
70.	Inventory equipment or supplies		appropriete :		5
71.	Investigate accidents or incidents		1000		6
72.	Make security checks of medical facilities		the/super		7
73.	Prepare airman performance reports (APRs)		, vo		8
74.	Prepare recommendations for special awards		1		9
75.	Prepare recommendations for special corrective acti	on	1 4		10
76.	Write civilian performance ratings or supervisory appraisals		1		11
	w of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in tha list, pl at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	eese add it to the	2000	000000	XXX.
			000	000000	XXX
	D. TRAINING		900	CONTROL	CKX
	The state of the s		000	000000	CCX
77.	Administer oral, written, or performance tests		8 000	0000000	
78.		nnel	1		12
79.	Conduct medical disaster training				13
30.					14
					15
81.	Conduct training conferences				16

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	JOB INVENTORY Duty - Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 5 0# 29	PAGE
SCALE :	CTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WO 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 4 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 9 D. TRAINING (CONTINUED)	R PHYSICAL ULD BE: 0 – 49 ibs; 10 ibs or more.	RATING SCALE 0 - No Significant De 1 - Extremely Light 2 - Very Light 3 - Light 4 - Light to Moderate 5 - Moderate 6 - Moderate 6 - Moderate 7 - Husey 8 - Very Heavy y = Extremely Heavy X - Don't Know	mani •
82.	Construct or develop training materials	RATE HERE	*	
83.	Demonstrate how to locate technical information			18
84.	Direct OJT			
85.	Evaluate training			19
86.				20
	Interpret policies or directives for subordinate	!S		21
87.	Maintain training records			22
88.	Obtain training aids, space, or equipment			23
89.	Perform emergency medical training such as first	aid		24
90.	or cardiopulmonary resuscitation Plan or establish OJT programs			
91.	Prepare or revise lesson plans			25
92.	Prepare test items			27
93.	Prepare workbooks or study guides			28
94.	Review training progress of individuals			
95.	Review training status of section			30
96.	Rotate duty assignments of personnel			31
97.	Schedule formal classroom training			32
98.	Schedule OJT			
99.	Score tests			33
100.	Select individuals for specialized training			35
101.	Select or assign instructors or trainers			36
you kno	w of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the lat the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	list, please add it to the	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
			XX20200000000	
			30000000000000000000000000000000000000	1

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty — Task Lied	902X0/912X4	PAGE 6 OF 2	9 PAGES
SCALE	UCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE O - 9 lbs: 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 is = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 E. PERFORMING ADMINISTRATIVE OR MATEI PROCEDURES	PHYSICAL JLD 8E: J – 49 lbs; J lbs or more.	RATING SC 0 = No Sign/dicent 1 = Extranely Li 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to i 7 = Heavy 9 = Extramely Hr X = Don't Know	t Demand ght erate Heavy
102.	Admit patients to hospitals	HATEHERE	· ·	
103.	Annotate treatments to patient treatment records		120	37
104.	Answer patient inquiries on the telephone		1931	39
105.	Collect statistical data			40
106.	Complete Physical Profile Serial Report forms (AF Form 422)	<u> </u>	7.812 7	41
107.	Coordinate buys of special equipment or medical su	upplies		42
108.	Document patient problems for referral to physicia	ans de la company	e de la composição	43
109.	Draft correspondence or reports	BB 7-44	. , 1.411	44
110.	Explain medical facility policies to patients			45
111.	Initiate or annotate International Certificates of Vaccination forms (PHS-731)			46
112.	Initiate requests for official or commercial publ:			47
113.	Inspect medications to insure they are properly be bottled or labeled			48
114.	Instruct patients in filling out patient history			49
115.	Locate required information in official or commer- publications	cial		50
116.	Maintain bulletins, manuals, or publications			51
117.	Maintain doctors' files or records			52
119.	Maintain facility daily patient logs for other than injuries Maintain facility forms levels			53
120.	Maintain levels of supplies or medications			54
121.	Maintain or file laboratory records or reports			55
122.	Maintain outpatient appointment books		F 42	56
123.	Maintain patient allergy record files			57
124.	Order supplies using shopping guides			58
125.	Organize or maintain Military Health Records form: (AF Form 2100 series)	s		60

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•	JOB INVENTOR (Duty - Tank List)	AFSC	PAGE 7 OF 29	PAGES
INSTR	UCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR	902X0/912X4	RATING SCAL	
SĆALE	STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOU 0 - 9 lbs: 1 = 10 - 19 lbs: 2 = 20 - 29 lbs: 3 = 30 - 39 lbs: 4 = 40 = 50 - 59 lbs: 6 = 60 - 69 lbs: 7 = 70 - 79 lbs: 8 = 80 - 89 lbs: 9 = 90 E. PERFORMING ADMINISTRATIVE OR MA	LD BE: - 49 lbs; lbs or more.	0 = No Significant D 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderet 5 = Moderate to Hea	emand
*	PROCEDURES (CONTINUED)	RATE HERE	7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremety Heavy X = Don't Know	,
126.	Perform periodic inventory of dated biological ma			61
127.	Perform periodic routine inventories of equipment	or		62
128.	Prepare Chemistry I forms (SF 546)			63
129.	Prepare Chemistry II forms (SF 547)			64
130.	Prepare Chemistry III forms (SF 548)			65
131.	Prepare Clinical Record-Anesthesia forms (SF 517)			66
132.	Prepare Clinical Record-Consultation Sheet forms (SF 513)			67
133.	Prepare Clinical Record-Electrocardiographic Reco	rd		68
134.	Prepare Clinical Record-Radiographic Report forms (SF 519)			69
135.	Prepare Clinical Record-Tissue Exam forms (SF 515)		70
136.	Prepare Custodiar Request/Receipt forms (AF Form	601b)		71
137.	Prepare Daily Log of Patients treated for Injurie forms (AF Form 1488)	S		72
138.	Prepare Death Tag forms (AF Form 146)		05:	73
139.	Prepare emergency reports, such as injury, animal or poisoning reports	bite,		5
140.	Prepare Hematology forms (SF 549)			6
141.	Prepare Immunohematology forms (SF 556)			7
142.	Prepare Laboratory Report Display forms (SF 545)			8
143.	Prepare 1050-II Rase Supply System Cards (AF Form 1998)			9
144.	Prepare Microbiology I forms (SF 553)			10
145.	Prepare Microbiology II forms (SF 554)			11
146.	Prepare Miscellaneous forms (SF 557)			12
147.	Prepare or annotate U.S. Field Medical Card forms (DD Form 1380)			13
148.	Prepare or distribute recurring reports			14
149.	Prepare or submit daily patient count statistics			15

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	sc 902X0/912X4	PAGE 8	OF 29 PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 ibs; 1 = 10 - 19 ibs; 2 = 20 - 29 ibs; 3 = 30 - 39 ibs; 4 = 40 - 49 ibs; 5 = 50 - 59 ibs; 6 = 60 - 69 ibs; 7 = 70 - 79 ibs; 8 = 80 - 89 ibs; 9 = 90 ibs or more. E. PERFORMING ADMINISTRATIVE OR MATERIEL PROCEDURES (CONTINUED)		RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Dem 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Heavy 7 = heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know		
150.	Prepare Parisitology forms (SF 552)	RATE HERE		16
151.	Prepare patient allergy records			- 17
152.	Prepare Radiographic Report forms (SF 519a)			18
153.	Prepare Report of Medical Examination forms (SF 88)			19
154.	Prepare Report of Medical History forms (SF 93)			20
155.	Prepare Serology forms (SF 551)			21
156.	Prepare Spinal Fluid forms (SF 555)			22
157.	Prepare Urinalysis forms (SF 550)			23
158.	Process written requests for clinic appointments			24
159.	Pull or file medical records			25
160.	Retire or dispose of medical records			26
161.	Review patient history forms	1		27
162.	Review patient's medical records prior to appointmen	at		28
163.	Schedule patient's appointments in person or by telephone			29
164.	Screen medical records for security clearances or reliability programs			30
165.	Type correspondence or reports			31
166.	Use indexes to locate official publications			32
If you kn blank pag	now of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the list, p ges at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	lease add it to the	2000000	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
				XXXXXXXXX
-	F. PREPARING FOR NURSING PROCEDURES			XXXXXXXXX
****		The second		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
167.	Attach cardiac monitoring leads to patients			33
168.	Maintain emergency dr			34

JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Tank List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 9 OF 29	PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREME STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.	NT FOR PHYSICAL	RATING SCAL 0 = No Significant 0 1 = Extremely Light	emand
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENT	NTS WOULD BE:	2 * Very Light	
0 = 0 - 9 ibs; $1 = 10 - 19$ ibs; $2 = 20 - 29$ ibs; $3 = 30 - 39$ it	os: $4 = 40 - 49 \text{lbs}$:	3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderar	
5 = 50 - 59 Hz, $6 = 60 - 69 lbs$; $7 = 70 - 79 lbs$; $8 = 80 - 89 lb$	os; 9 = 90 lbs or more.	5 = Moderate	
F. PREPARING FOR NURSING PRO	OCEDURES	6 - Moderate to Hea 7 = Heavy	WY
(CONTINUED)		8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extramely Heavy	
		X = Oan't Know	'
1/0	RATE HERE	•	
169. Pour oral medications			35
170. Pour sublingual medications			36
171. Prepare bladder irrigations			37
172. Prepare chemical heating pads			38
173. Prepare cold compresses			39
174. Prepare colostomy irrigations			40
175. Prepare delivery rooms			41
176. Prepare ear irrigations			42
177. Prepare enemas			43
178. Prepare equipment for papanicolaou (pap) se	mears		44
179. Prepare equipment for spinal punctures			45
180. Prepare eye irrigations			46
181. Prepare gastric irrigations			47
182. Frepare hot compresses			48
183. Prepare hot water bottles			49
184. Prepare ice caps			50
185. Prepare inhalation medications			51
186. Prepare K-pads			52
187. Prepare patients for biopsies			53
188. Prepare patients for cystoscopies			54
189. Prepare patients for minor surgery			55
190. Prepare patients for obsetrical procedures			56
191. Prepare patients for sigmoidoscopies			57
192. Prepare patients for thorancenteses			58

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 10 OF 29	PAGES
	UCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.	PHYSICAL	RATING SCALI 0 = No Significant Do 1 = Extremoly Light	emand
0	REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOL = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90	- 49 lbs:	2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderat 5 = Moderats 6 = Moderat to Hee	•
	F. PREPARING FGR NURSING PROCEDURES (CGNTINUED)	24.5	7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know	·
193.	Prepare patients for vaginal examinations	- RATE HERE		59
194.	Prepare plaster of paris, cotton, or other materi	als for		60
195.	Prepare rectal medications			61
196.	Propare throat irrigations			62
197.	Prepare vaginal irrigations			63
198.	Prepare vaginal medications			64
199.	Prepare wound irrigations			65
200.	Set up balkin frame equipment for skeltal tractio	ns		66
201.	Set up Buck's extension traction		5	67
202.	Set up equipment for biopsies			68
203.	Set up equipment for blood gas studies			69
204.	Set up equipment for bronchoscopies			70
205.	Set up equipment for cardies monitoring			71
206.	Set up equipment for cardioversion			72
207.	Set up equipment for central venous pressure		06:	73
208.	Set up equipment for cervical tractions			5
209.	Set up equipment for closed chest drainage			6
230.	Set up equipment for gastroscopies			7
211.	Set up equipment for sigmoidoscopies			8
212.	Set up equipment for thorancenteses			9
213.	Set up intermittent positive pressure breathing (IPPR) equipment			10
214.	Set up or assemble equipment for cystoscopies			11
215.	Set up or prepare equipment for blood transtusion	s		12
216.	Set up or prepare equipment for catheterization			13

JOB INVENTORY (Duty – Task List)	902X0/912X4 PAGE 11 of 29	PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIRE STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIRE! 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 3 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 8 F. PREPARING FOR NURSING (CONTINUED)	0 = No Significant 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light to Moder 4 = Light to Moder 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate 6 = Moderate 6 = Moderate	Demand it rate
217. Set up or prepare heat cradles		14
218. Set up or prepare tub baths		15
219. Set up stryker frames		16
If you know of a physually demanding task under this duty which does not a blank pages at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	ppear in the list, please add it to the	
G. PERFORMING NURSING PROCEDURES OR ASSISTING DIAGNOSIS OR TREATMENTS	PHYSICIANS IN XXXXXXXXXX	
220. Act as chaperone during physical exemina	tions . xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	17
221. Administer bed pans or urinals		18
222. Administer bladder irrigations		19
223. Administer colostomy irrigations		20
224. Administer ear irrigations		21
225. Administer enemas		22
226. Administer eye irrigations		23
227. Administer gavages or lavages		24
228. Administer inhalation medications		25
229. Administer instillation medications		26
230. Administer IPPB therapy 231. Administer or monitor intravenous infusi		27
231. Administer or monitor intravenous infusi 232. Administer patient exercises	OllS	28
233. Administer rectal medications		29
234. Administer skin tractions		30
235. Administer sublingual medications		31
and the state of t		32

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 12 of 29	PAGES
SCALE 0	JOINNS: RATE EACH TASK BELGW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FO STRENGTH ANO/OR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS W = 0 - 9 lbs: 1 = 10 - 19 lbs: 2 = 20 - 29 lbs: 3 = 30 - 39 lbs: 4 = = 50 - 59 lbs: 6 = 60 - 69 lbs: 7 = 70 - 79 lbs: 8 = 80 - 85 lbs: 9 = G. PERFORMING NURSING PROCEDURES (ASSISTING PHYSICIANS IN DIAGNO OR TREATMENTS (CONTINUED)	7OULD 8E: 240 – 49 lbs; 90 lbs or more. OR OSIS	RATING SCALI 0 = No Significant D 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderat 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Hea 7 = Heavy 9 = Extrimely Heavy 8 = Don't Know	emand te
236.	Administer throat irrigations	RATE HERE		33
237.	Administer topical medications	****		34
238.	Administer vaginal irrigations			35
239.	Administer vaginal medications			36
240.	Administer wound irrigations			37
241.	Apply abdominal binders			38
242.	Apply arm sling bandages			39
243.	Apply Barton's bandages			40
244.	Apply Buck's extension tractions			41
245.	Apply cervical tractions			42
246.	Apply cold by ice caps			43
247.	Apply cold by thermal baths			44
248.	Apply cold by thermal blankets			45
249.	Apply cold by tub bath			46
250.	Apply cold compresses			47
251.	Apply Cravette bandages			48
252.	Apply elastic bandages			49
253.	Apply heat by chemical heating pads			50
254.	Apply heat by compresses			51
255 .	Apply heat by electrical heating pads			52
256.	Apply heat by heat cradles			53
257.	Apply heat by hot water bottles			54
258.	Apply heat by K-pads			55
259.	Apply heat by thermal blankets			56

•	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Tank List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 13 of 29	PAGES
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 - 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more. G. PERFORMING NURSING PROCEDURES OR ASSISTING PHYSICIANS IN DIAGNOSIS OR TREATMENTS (CONTINUED)		RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Demen 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Heavy 7 = Huavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know		
260.	Apply plaster casts	LARIE MEDE		57
261.	Apply oneumatic splints			58
262.	Apply suction to patients			59
263.	Apply tape or non-elastic bandages			60
264.	Apply Valpeau and modified Valpeau bandages			61
265.	Assist in obtaining pap smears		,	62
266.	Assist in performing cystoscopies			63
267.	Assist patients with postural drainages			64
268.	Assist with biopsies			65
269	Assist with bronchoscopies			66
270.	Assist with closed chest drainages			67
271.	Assist with deliveries of babies			68
272.	Assist with sigmoidoscopies			69
273.	Assist with spinal punctures			70
274.	Assist with thorancenteses			71
275.	Assist with vaginal examinations			72
276.	Catherterize patients		07:	73
277.	Change dressings			5
278.	Clean patient care areas			6
279.	Conduct area field visits to identify specific all in surrounding areas	ergens		7
280.	Conduct household inspections to assist patients in avoidance or elimination of allergens	n		3
281.	Consult with physicians on determination of patient allergy medication	its'		9
282.	Counsel patients on allergy injection programs			10
283.	Determine specific dosage for allergy parients			11

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 14 of 29	PAGES
SCALE REFERENCE 0 = 0 - 9 lbs;	THE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR TRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS V 1 = 10 - 191bs; 2 = 20 - 291bs; 3 = 30 - 391bs; 4 16 = 60 - 691bs; 7 = 70 - 791bs; 8 = 80 - 891bs; 9	WOULD 8E: = 40 49 lbs; = 90 lbs or more.	RATING SCAL 0 = No Significant C 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moders 5 = Modersta 6 = Modersta to He	emand t
	G. PERFORMING NURSING PROCEDURES (ASSISTING PHYSICIANS IN DIAGNO GR TREATMENTS (CONTINUED)		7 = Heavy 8 = Vary Heavy 9 = Extramely Heav X = Dan't Know	γ
284. Dispense	medications	HAIC HERE	T	12
285. Dispose o	f contaminated material			13
286. Draw bloo	d from patients for other than serolog	gical tests		14
287. Explain t	reatment or self-care to patients			15
288. Feed babi	es			16
289. Feed pati	ents			17
290. Give back	rubs			18
291. Give skin	care			19
292. Identify	or care for postoperative hemorrhages			20
293. Identify	or initiate emergency treatment for a	naphylaxis		21
294. Identify	or initiate emergency treatment for s	yncope		22
295. Identify reaction	or initiate emergency treatment for s	ystemic		23
	or initiate emergency treatment for 1	ocal		24
	problems or needs of patients			25
298. Identify	signs or symptoms of allergic asthma			26
299. Identify	signs or symptoms of allergic rhiniti	s		27
300. Identify	signs or symptoms of chronic bronchit	is	to the state of th	28
301. Identify	signs or symptoms of insect hypersens	itivity	4	29
	signs or symptoms of urticaria			30
303. Identify	signs or symptoms of vasomotor rhinit	is		31
304. Insert or	cal airways			32
305. Instruct	insect sensitive patients on use of e	mergency		33
	patients in crutch walking			34
	patients on applying environmental me	thods of		35

JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List) 902X0/	912X4 PAGE 15 OF 29 PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.	RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Demand
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 = 50 + 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more. G. PERFORMING NURSING PROCEDURES OR ASSISTING PHYSICIANS IN DIAGNOSIS	1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Heavy 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy
OR TREATMENTS (CONTINUED)	X = Don't Know
308. Instruct patients on exercise methods of allergy controls	36
309. Instruct patients on using diet for allergy controls	37
310. Label specimens	38
311. Make bi-valve cuts in casts	39
312. Measure and record intake and output of patients	40
313. Monitor blood transfusions	41
314. Move or transport patients	42
315. Observe or monitor closed chest drainages	43
316. Observe or report emotional status or needs of patients	44
317. Observe or report on patients in serious or critical condition	45
318. Observe or report on patients recovering from general anesthesia	46
319. Observe reactions of allergy patients after injections	47
320. Obtain blood from blood bank	48
321. Obtain scrapings for cultures from wounds or lesions	49
322. Obtain sputum collections	50
323. Obtain urine or feces specimens	51
324. Participate in team conferences	52
325. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)	53
326. Perform isolation or reverse isolation techniques	34
327. Perform or assist with gastric washings	55
328. Perform oral hygiene	56
329. Perform post delivery care or procedures for babies	57
330. Perform post mortem care	58
331. Perform postoperative care	59

JOB INVENTORY Duty — Task List	AFSC 902X0/912X4	PAGE 16 OF 29	AGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.		RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Oer	nand
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs; 9 = 70 lbs; 9	- 49 lbs; lbs or more.	1 = Extremely Light 2 = Vary Light 3 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate 7 = Heavy 8 = Vary Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy × = Oon't Know	
332. Perform preoperative preparations such as scrubs	and		60
333. Perform tracheostomy care			61
334. Perform triage during disaster situations			62
335. Perform triage in hospital or clinic			63
336. Perform urine test for sugar and acetone			64
337. Posture or align patients			65
338. Prepare dressing trays			66
339. Prepare items for sterilization			67
340. Prepare oxygen equipment			68
341. Prepare patients for physical examinations			69
342. Prepare patients for X-ray examinations			70
343. Prepare prescribed medications			71
344. Prevent or care for post partum hemorrhages			72
345. Remove plaster casts		08:	73
346. Run electrocardiograph (EKG) tracings			5
347. Take fetal heart tones			6
348. Take or record apical pulse			7
349. Take or record blood pressures			8
350. Take or record body weight			9
351. Take or record radial pulse			10
352. Take or record respirations rate			11
353. Take or record temperatures			12
354. Turn patients manually			13
If you know of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the libbank pages at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	st, please and it to the	*************	000

	JOS INVENTORY (Duty — Tesk List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 17 OF 29	PAGES
SCALE F	CTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMEN STRENGTH AND/DR ENDURANCE. REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENT 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs;	T FOR PHYSICAL TS WOULD BE: ; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs;	RATING SCALI 0 = No Significant Di 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderat	emand
5 -	50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; H. PREPARING FOR AND ADMINIST INJECTIONS	TERING	5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Hea 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know	
355.	Administer coccidioidin (Valley Fever) tests	S RATE HERE		14
356.	Administer histoplasmin tests			15
357.	Administer injections using jet injector app	paratus		16
358.	Audinister intradermal injections			17
359.	Administer intramuscular injections	*		18
360.	Administer intravenous injections			19
361.	Administer Monovac tests			20
362.	Administer oral medications			21
363.	Administer oral vaccines			22
364.	Administer protein purified derivative (PPD) tests		23
365.	Administer smallpox vaccinations using scratechniques	tch		24
366.	Administer subcutaneous injections			25
367.	Administer Tine tests			26
368.	Annotate or update immunization roster mach printouts	ine		27
369.	Assemble or disassemble jet injector appara	tus		28
370.	Compare individual International Certificat tions forms with immunization card decks o			29
371.	Coordinate with CBPO on problems regarding card decks or machine printouts		1	30
372.	Coordinate with commanders or supervisors r	regarding		31
373.	Counsel patients on routine immunization proor effects	rocedures		32
374.	Dispose of needles or syringes using method autoclave, crushing or burning			33
375.	Evaluate requests for waiver of immunization			34
376.	Inspect biological refrigerators for proper and utilization			35
377.	Interpret results of coccidioidin (Valley F	Fever)		36
378.	Interpret results of histoplasmin tests			37

	Dury - Tage Light	902X0/912X4	PAGE 18 OF 29	PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more. H. PREPARING FOR AND ADMINISTERING INJECTIONS (CONTINUED)		RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Dema 1 = Extremety Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Heavy 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Oon't Know		
379.		HATE HERE		38
380.	Interpret results of PPD tests	ar ii		39
381.	Interpret results of Time tests			40
382.	Load medications in jet injector apparatus			
383.	Perform operator maintenance of jet injector	274-23 - 192		41
384.	Apparatus Prepare medications for injections			42
385.	Pull or annotate immunization cards from card decks			43
386.	Record results of soccidioidin (Valley Fever) tests			44
387.	and the second respective to the second resemble to		45	
388.	Record results of Monovac tests			46
389.	Record results of PPD tests	A-94.		47
390.	Record results of Tine tests			48
391.	Set up intravenous equipment		1	49
f vou kn	ow of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the list,	Neese and in to the		50
plank page	se at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the c.her tesks.		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0000
-			xxxxxxxxxxx	xxxx
			xxxxxxxxxx	XXXX
	I. PERFORMING CLINICAL OR EMERGENCY ROOM PROCEDURE	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXX
		1222	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXX
392.	Administer primary care at scene of accidents		I share	51
393.	Apply Basswood splints	. I raideren ti	L-Jarla	52
394.	Apply Hare traction splints			53
395.	Apply make-shift splints	Live Live		54
396.	Apply plaster splints			55
397.	Apply Thomas leg splints			56

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INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 lbs: 1 = 10 - 19 lbs: 2 = 20 - 29 lbs: 3 = 30 - 39 lbs: 4 = 40 - 49 lbs: 5 = 50 - 59 lbs: 6 = 60 - 69 lbs: 7 = 70 - 79 lbs: 8 = 80 - 89 lbs: 9 = 90 lbs or more. I. PERFORMING CLINICAL OR EMERGENCY ROOM PROCEDURES (CONTINUED)		RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Demo 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Heavy 7 = Heavy 9 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know		
398.	Apply wire ladder splints	RATE HERE		57
399.	Apply wrap-around splints			58
400.	Assemble or maintain physician's emergency or prin	nary		59
401.	Assemble or maintain triage treatment kits			60
402.	Assist with or treat Thermal or chemical injuries			61
403.	Debride wounds			62
404.	Dispatch ambulances			63
405.	Drive ambulances			64
406.	Give local anesthsia			65
407.	Incise and drain cysts			66
408.	Load or unload ambulance patients			67
409.	Perform operator maintenance on government vehicle	es .		68
410.	Prepare reports of treatment			69
411.	Remove foreign objects from patients using minor surgery			70
412.	Remove ingrown toe nails			71
413.	Remove moles			72
414.	Remove sebaceous cysts		09:	73
415.	Remove sutures			5
416.	Remove warts			6
417.	Restrain patients			7
418.	Screen patients at sick call			3
419.	Set up instruments or equipment for minor surgery			a
420.	Sterilize instruments			10
421.	Suture lacerations			11

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 20 OF 29	AGES
SCALE RE	IONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. FERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOLD 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 I. PERFORMING CLINICAL OR EMERGENCY ROOM PROCEDURES (CONTINUED)	JLD 8E:) – 491bs;) lbs or more.	RATING SCAL 0 = No Significant O 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Modera: 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Hee 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heav X = Oon't Know	emand
422. Ta	ke throat cultures	RATE HERE		12
if you know o blank pages at	f a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the list the end of the bocklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	t, please add it to the	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	XXXX
			200000000000000000000000000000000000000	XXX
	I DEDECOMINA LIADO CEDUTADA		20000000000000000	3000
	J. PERFORMING WARD SERVICES		***********	XXX
			X0000000000000000000000000000000000000	2000
423. Ac	company patients to meet appointments			13
424. Adi	mit or orient patients to wards			14
425. Ba	the adults or infants			15
426. Cl	ean delivery rooms			16
427. Cl	ean ward utility areas			17
428. Ma	intain inpatient health records			18
	intain or process admission, discharge, or rele ecords	se		19
	ke beds other than postoperative or recovery		Turks. ————————————————————————————————————	20
431. Ma	ke postoperative or recovery beds		4	21
432. Or	ient visitors to wards			22
433. Pe	rform terminal disinfection of patient units			23
434. Sc	hedule duties for convalescing patients		70 I T T T T T	24
435. Se	rve nourishment to patients			25
436. Se	t up humidifiers or vaporizers			26
437. Tu	rn patients using stryker frames			27
	f a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the list the end of the booklet end rate it as you would the other tasks.	t, please add it to the	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	
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	JOB INVENTORY (Duty — Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE21	of 29 PAGE
INSTRU	JCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.		0 = No Signi	S SCALE
0	REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULT 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90	- 49 lbs;	1 = Extreme 2 = Very Lig 3 = Light to 4 = Light to 5 = Moderat	Moderate B
	K. PERFORMING AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION FUNCTIONS		6 - Moderat 7 = Heavy 8 = Very He 9 = Extreme X = Don't K	avy ly Heavy
438.	Annotate patient airlift tags	RATEHERE		28
439.	Arrange for special diets to accompany air evacua	tion		29
440.	Clean or sanitize patient areas in aircraft			30
441.	Configure aircraft to receive patients			31
442.	Direct evacuation procedures			32
443.	Drive ambuses			33
444.	Enplane or deplane baggage			34
445.	Enplane or deplane patients			35
446.	Evaluate needs of patients to be air evacuated			36
447.	Identify patient symptoms arising from physiologi changes due to flight	cal		37
448.	Implement real or simulated survival procedures			38
449.	Make up litters			39
450.	Obtain medical supplies or equipment for air			40
451.	Operate inflight emergency oxygen systems			41
452.	Perform anti-hijack searches of patients			42
453.	Perform emergency medical care for patients durin ground transportation	g		43
454.	Perform patient care in flight			44
455.	Prepare medical equipment or supplies for air			45
456.	Prepare or give preflight patient briefings			46
457.	Prepare patient positioning plans			47
458.	Prepare patients or equipment for ditchings or crashes			48
459.	Prepare psychiatric patients for air evacuation			49
46 0.	Prepare records of medical supplies for air evacu	ation		00
4ó1.	Request air evacuation for patients			51

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty - Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 22 OF 29	PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 lbs: 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs: 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 = 50 - 59 lbs: 6 = 60 - 69 lbs: 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs: 9 = 93 lbs or more. k. PYRFORMING AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION FUNCTIONS (CONTINUED)		RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Deme 1 = Extractly Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate 6 = Moderate 7 = Heavy 9 = Extractly Heavy 7 = Don't Know		
462.	Screen patients for contraband materials	RATE HERE	,	
402.	Screen patients for contraband materials		101	52
463.	Secure or tie down medical equipment on aircraft		St. A Open	53
464.	Serve inflight meals		e V) diges i	54
f you kno plank page	we of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the list, and the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	please add it to the	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	CCCC
			xxxxxxxxxxxx	cxxx
			XXXXXXXXXXXXX	xxxx
	L. PERFORMING ALLERGY TESTS AND PROCEDURES		xxxxxxxxxxx	XXXX
			200,000,000	CXXX
465.	Administer conjunctival tests	erietare como en estado en esta	collection design	55
466.	Administer intradermal tests		431 14×	56
467.	Administer passive transfer/PK tests	in the Minus	IBA Ba	57
468.	Administer patch tests	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 Au	58
469.	Administer provocative nasal challenge tests	Ta Associated III	Lau Ma	59
470.	Administer pulmonary function tests using electron spirometers	ic		60
471	Administer pulmonary function tests using mechanic spirometers	al	tail ack	61
472.	Administer scratch tests			62
473.	Draw blood for serological tests			63
474.	Interpret results of atmospheric pollen surveys			64
475.	Interpret results of conjunctival tests	المائز مسيوريي الكارات الإحالات	ana dir	65
476.	Interpret results of intradermal tests	n binland Mil	15 15 E	66
477.	Interpret results of nasopharyngeal tests for eosi	nophiles	mit De	67
478.	Interpret results of orpharyngeal tests for eosinophiles			68
479.	Interpret results of passive transfer/PK tests	Telephone and the second		69
480.	Interpret results of patch tests		22 (1) (29)	70

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INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more. L. PERFORMING ALLERGY TESTS AND PROCEDURES (CONTINUED)		RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Der 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate to Heavy 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know		
481.	Interpret results of provocative masal challenge t	RATE HERE		71
482.	Interpret results of pulmonary function tests			72
483.	Interpret results of scratch tests		10:	
484.	Interpret results of sputum tests for eosinophiles			5
485.	Obtain nasopharyngeal cultures	·		6
486.	Obtain oropharyngeal cultures			7
487.	Perform atmospheric pollen survey using Durham Gra	vity		8
488.	Perform atmospheric pollen survey using Rotorod			9
489.	Perform nasopharyngeal tests for eosinophiles			10
490.	Perform oropharyngeal tests for eosinophiles			11
491.	Perform sputum tests for eosinophiles			12
492.	Prepare slides for microscopic examination for			13
493.	Armospheric pollen. Prepare slides for microscopic examination for			14
494.	Prepare syringe tray for intradermal tests			15
495.	Record results of atmospheric pollen surveys			16
496.	Record results of conjunctival tests .			17
497.	Record results of intradermal tests			18
498.	Record results of masopharyngeal tests for eosinop	hiles		19
499.	Record results of propharyngeal tests for eosinoph	niles		20
500.	Record results of passive transfer/PK tests			21
501.	Record results of patch tests			22
502.	Record results of provocative nasal challenge test	:s		23
503.	Record results of pulmonary function tests			24
504.	Record results of scratch tests			25

	JOB INVENTORY Duty - Task List	902X0/912X4	PAGE 24 OF 29	PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE. SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 bs; 1 = 10 - 19 bs; 2 = 20 - 29 bs; 3 = 30 - 39 bs; 4 = 40 - 49 bs; 5 = 50 - 59 bs; 6 = 6C - 69 bs; 7 = 70 - 79 bs; 8 = 80 - 89 bs; 9 = 90 bs or more. L. PERFORMING ALLERGY TESTS AND PROCEDURES (CONTINUED)			RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Dems 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Heavy 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know	
505.	Record results of sputum tests for eosinophiles			26
506.	Set up equipment for pulmonary function tests using	3		27
507.	Set up equipment for pulmonary function tests using electronic spirometers	3		28
f you kn alank pag	ow of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the list, as at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	piess add it to the	70000000000000000	XXXX
			xxxxxxxxxxxxx	COCX
			35000000000000000	CCCC
-Jan-2	M. PERFORMING INDEPENDENT DUTY AND TRANSPORTABLE CLINIC FUNCTIONS	2	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	CCCC
500			XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXX
508.	Administer emergency intravenous therapy			29
509.	Analyze bacteriological specimens			30
510.	Analyze food samples			31
511.	Analyze water samples		İ	32
512.	Brief personnel on availability of civilian medical	1		33
513.	Collect bacteriological specimens			34
514.	Collect food samples			35
515.	Collect water samples			36
516.	Compound simple prescriptions			37
517.	Conduct sick call			38
518.	Construct nasal packs			39
519.	Consult or coordinate treatment with civilian physicians			40
520.	Consult or coordinate treatment with military physicians			41
521.	Coordinate medical activities with site commanders			42
522.	Coordinate special treatments or referrals with ho base director of medical services			43
523.	Coordinate with transportation section for movemen transportable clinics and hospitals	t of		44

JOB INVENTORY (Duty – Task List)	902X0/912X4	PAGE 25 OF 29	PAGES
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FO		RATING SCALE	_
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE: 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more. M. PERFORMING INDEPENDENT DUTY AND		1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderat 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate 7 = Heavy	
TRANSPORTABLE CLINIC FUNCTION (CONTINUED)	NS RATE HERE	8 = Vary Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know	,
524. Direct preventive medicine programs			45
525. Grow cultures			46
526. Identify deceased personnel			47
527. Identify or treat fractures or dislocations			48
528. Inspect food samples			49
529. Inspect non-medical units for safety or health	hazards		50
530. Inventory drugs			51
531. Maintain chlorine residual logs			52
532. Maintain logs for bacteria testing of water			53
533. Maintain open airways in emergency situations			54
534. Maintain preventive medicine records or reports			55
535. Maintain ward Alcohol and Narcotic Record forms (AF Form 579)			56
536. Manage emergency dental problems			57
537. Monitor human reliability programs			58
538. Organize or direct insect or rodent control pro	grams		59
539. Organize or direct rabies control programs			60
540. Perform blood analysis			61
541. Perform chlorine residual tests			62
542. Perform emergency criocothyroidotomy			63
543. Perform gastric analyses	•		64
544. Perform gram stain procedures			65
545. Perform immunization of animals			66
546. Perform intravenous cut downs			67
547. Perform ligation of vessels			68

	JOB INVENTORY (Duty — Task List)	02X0/912X4 PAGE26 OF 29	PAGES
SCALE 0	SICAL RATING SCAL	emand te	
548.	Perform physical examinations		69
549.	Perform radiographic studies		70
550.	Perform routine urinalyses		71
551.	Prepare or maintain Pharmacy Stock Record forms		72
552.	Prepare remains of deceased personnel	11:	73
553.	Prescribe treatments		5
554.	Prevent or treat shock		6
555.	Process vaginal smears		7
556.	Put temporary fillings in teeth		8
557.	Set up air transportable clinics or hospitals		9
558.	Treat postoperative dental hemograges		10
	now of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear $n1$ the list, places at the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	see add it to the	COOX
		200020000000000000000000000000000000000	CLXX
		xxxxxxxxxxxxx	dococ
	N. PREPARING ALLERGY EXTRACTS OR KITS	xxxxxxxxxxxx	COCXX
		xxxxxxxxxxxx	CCCCCC
559.	Assemble allergy extract kits		11
560.	Assign number to and log allergy extract prescription	os .	12
561.	Coordinate purchase of allergy extract with medical material and yendors		13
562.	Instruct patients on proper care of allergy extracts		14
563.	Issue allergy extract kits		15
564.	Label allergy extract vials		16
	Mix patient's full str agth allergy extract using		1.7
565.	weight by volume system		17

JOB INVENTORY	AFSC		
(Duty - Task List)	902X0/912X4	=AGE27 OF 29	
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.	PHYSICAL	RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant On	
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOU 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90	- 49 lbs;	1 = Extremely Light 2 = Vary Light 3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderat 5 = Moderate	
N. PREPARING ALLERGY EXTRACTS OR K (CONTINUED)	IŢS	6 = Moderate to Head 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Onn't Know	
567. Mix serial dilutions using protein nitrogen units	- RATE HERE	-	
system			19
568. Mix serial dilutions using weight by volume system	n		20
569. Mix serum compounds for allergy testing			21
570. Mix stock dilutions			22
571. Package allergy extract for shipment between medi- facilities	cal		23
572. Prepare allergy extract dosage schedules			24
573. Prepare allergy treatment extracts from dried powders		12:	25
If you know of a physically demanding task under this duty which does not appear in the lift blank pages or the end of the booklet and rate it as you would the other tasks.	st, please add it to the	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	00000
	- 1154		
		4	

	Page 28 of 29
INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE.	RATING SCALE
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE:	1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light
0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 - 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more.	3 = Light 4 = Light to Moderate
5 - 50 - 55 lbs, 6 - 60 - 65 lbs, 7 - 70 - 75 lbs, 8 - 60 - 89 lbs; 9 - 90 lbs or more.	5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate to Heavy
	7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy
	9 = Extrem ty Heavy X = Don't Knew
RATEHERE	7

IMPORTANT

If you know of any physically demanding tasks in your carrer ladder that were not included in the list, please add them to this page and rate them as you would the other tasks. Failure to include all such tasks in the rating system could result in personnel being assigned to the career ladder without sufficient physical capabilities for performing them.

INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL STRENGTH AND/OR ENDURANCE, SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD 8E: 0 = 0 - 9 lbs; 1 = 10 - 19 lbs; 2 = 20 - 29 lbs; 3 = 30 · 39 lbs; 4 = 40 - 49 lbs; 5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more.	RATING SCALE 0 = No Significant Cemand 1 = Extremely Light 2 = Very Light 3 = Light to Moderate 5 = Moderate 6 = Moderate 7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy 9 = Extremely Heavy X = Don't Know

INSTRUCTIONS: RATE EACH TASK BELOW ON ITS REQUIREMENT FOR PHYSICAL	RATING SCALE
STRENGTH AND/DR ENDURANCE.	0 = No Significant Demand
SCALE REFERENCE POINTS FOR SIMPLE LIFTING REQUIREMENTS WOULD BE:	1 = Extremely Light
SCACE REPERIOR FOR THE STATE OF STATE O	2 = Very Light
0 = 0 - 9 lbs; $1 = 10 - 19$ lbs; $2 = 20 - 29$ lbs; $3 = 30 - 39$ lbs; $4 = 40 - 49$ lbs;	3 = Light : 4 = Light to Moderate
5 = 50 - 59 lbs; 6 = 60 - 69 lbs; 7 = 70 - 79 lbs; 8 = 80 - 89 lbs; 9 = 90 lbs or more.	5 * Moderate
	6 - Moderate to Heavy
	7 = Heavy 8 = Very Heavy
	9 = Extremely Heavy
_	X = Don't Know
RATE HERE TO THE PART OF THE P	
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	-

Considering your specialty as a whole, about what percentage of all of the work done by <u>first termers</u> would you estimate falls into each category?

	Very Light Work (Includes most administrative and clerical work)	Card 99
		(5-6)
		(7-8)
		(9-10)
4.	Heavy Work	(11-12)
5.	Very Heavy Work	(13–14)
	Your answers should total 100 %	

STOP -

After you have completed the Background Section, and the Task Ratings (including write-ins if applicable) please check to be sure that all tasks have been rated.

Return completed booklet to CEPO for transmittal to:

AFHRL/OR Attn: Kentron International Inc. Brooks AFB, TX 78235 APPENDIX C

QUESTIONNAIE #2

Note: The following is an example of the format for Questionnaire 2. It contains only a few examples of the tasks. Normally Section II contains approximately 100 tasks and Section III contains only 10 tasks.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE

STRENGTH AND ENDURANCE SURVEY



FIRE PROTECTION CAREER LADDER

AFSCs 57130, 57150, 57170, and 57190

Return completed to CEPO within 10 working days per AFR 35-2

MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL DIVISION
AIR FORCE HUMAN RESOURCES LABORATORY
BROOKS AFB, TEXAS 78235
AUTOVON 240-2847
AFPT 80-571-167

INSTRUCTIONS

We are asking you to complete the following survey so that we can establish standards for tasks in your career field that require large amounts of physical strength and/or endurance. Other supervisory personnel in your field have completed a prior survey identifying physically demanding tasks. We are now requesting that you as a subject matter expert in this career field provide more detailed information on those tasks previously identified as physically demanding. In order to get the most from the survey, we ask that you carefully consider your response to each question.

This survey contains three sections: a brief background information section, an extensive listing of the physically demanding tasks typically performed in your career ladder, and a subset of the most physically demanding tasks. After completing the background information in Section 1, you will be asked to rate each task in Section 2 on two 10-point physical strength and endurance scales. In Section 3, you will be asked specific questions regarding the most demanding activities associated with some of these tasks.

Tasks requiring physical strength and endurance are defined as those involving significant use of the "large" muscle groups in the arms, back, or legs. These would include requirements for lifting, lowering, or carrying heavy or cumbersome objects, pushing or pulling, turning or torquing, or any other demand for frequent or continuous exertion of muscular effort. Specifically, in supplying your ratings for strength and endurance requirements, you will be asked to consider the four types of physical effort shown below. Examples of each type of effort are given.

Type of Physical Effort	Example Activity
Lifting/lowering	 lifting box onto truck or shelf lowering installed parts from aircraft to floor shoveling snow, cement, or gravel climbing support structures or poles
Carrying	 carrying stores of ammunition carrying can of foam to scene of fire emptying tires from storage bins
Pushing/pulling	 pushing handsaw closing or opening hangar doors dragging hose into position
Torquing/turning	 loosening corroded mounting bolts with wrench pumping auto jack handle closing water main

When you consider the overall level of physical strength and endurance required by each task, it is requested that you provide ratings on the basis of:

- a. The most demanding aspect of each task. For example, if performing a task requires some light lifting and some heavy lifting, provide ratings based on the higher requirement. In considering the most demanding aspect of each task, also take into account any factors, such as unusual posture, frequency, and duration of sustained work which might contribute to the overall demand level.
- b. The level of demand placed on a single individual performing the task. Occasionally a given task will be performed by more than one person. In this case, assume that the workload is shared equally by all members performing (i.e., if a 300-1b object is generally lifted by 3 people, the task demand for a single individual would be 100 lbs).
- c. The demands of a normal working day or shift. Do not have your ratings on the exceptional situation of wartime conditions or similar maximum performance exercises. However, if the task is seasonal work, report the activity as it is performed during a normal working shift that occurs during the most demanding season. Do not attempt to spread it over the year in any manner.
- d. The level of demand required by the complete task from start to finish. For example, any preliminary activities that are an integral part of the task should be considered in rating the task.

To obtain the maximum response possible, it is requested that you provide your best estimates even though you may not be absolutely certain of the rating. Draw upon your total experience in this AFSC. not just your current job assignment.

Now, begin the background section on the next page. When that is complete, proceed to the task ratings in Sections 2 and 3. Thank you for your cooperation in this survey.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION		Date	Case Control Number
PLEASE PRINT INFORMATION REG	DUESTED AND CHEC	K APPLICABLE BOXE	
NAME (FIRST, LAST, MI)	OATE OF BIRTH	Month Day (2)	SEX MALE
GRADE E1 E2 E3 E4	E5 E8	E7 E8	€9
SOCIAL SECURITY ACCOUNT NUMBER (SSAM)	TELEPHONE AREA CODE	DUTY E	XTENSION
FT IN (40-42) LBS (43-45) PREFIX NUI	MBER SUFFIX		UMBER SUFFIX
MAJOR COMMANO (CHECK (INE) A G C E AAC OMAAC AOCOM M H I J AFRES AFSC ARPC R S T B PACAF SAC TAC	ATC AL	O AFOSDO N HO USA FLO EX USAFS	MAC
TOTAL MONTHS IN PRESZNT JOB	TOTAL MONTHS AT	PRESENT BASE	(Card 02:8-10)
TOTAL MONTHS IN DUTY AFSC	TOTAL MONTHS IN	CAREER FIELD	
TOTAL MONTHS ACTIVE FEDERAL MILITARY SERVICE	NUMBER OF SUBORI	DINATES WHO REPORT	10 YOU DIRECTLY
DURING THE PAST YEAR, MAVE ANY OF YOUR SUBGRDINATES EXFE IN THIS CAREER LAGOER BECAUSE THE PHYSICAL DEMANOS OF THE STRENGTH OR STAMMA CAPABILITIES?	RIENCED DIPFICULTY	PHYSICAL	YES
CAGANIZATION (Care 02 24-73	BASE OR INSTALLA		Cera 03.541
PRESENT WORK ASSIGNMENT PUSITION OR JOB TITLE) PRIVACY A	CT STATEMENT		1Ga(d) 03. (3-73)
AUTHORITY 5 USC SK 201, AFR 25-2 \$ 80 9297 DISCLOSURE TOM FAILURE TO PROVIDE COMPLETE INFORMATION WILL DETRACT FRI PURPOSES PRINCIPAL PURPOSE DEVELOPMENT OF SCREENING PRIPHYSICAL STRENGTH AND STAMINA ROUTINE USES. FERSONNELS OF TRAINING PROGRAMS.	PLETION OF THE INVE DM THE AIR FORCES O CCEDURES AND CORP	APABILITY TO PULFILI ESPONDING LOB REQUI	L THE FOLLOWING PENEVES FOR

10 May 10

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IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 2

Do not continue until you read this page!

In this section, you will find listed on each page four tasks typically performed in your career ladder. First, read the task statement carefully. Then consider the most demanding aspects of that task and rate the strength requirement (write in the far left column) for each type of physical effort (lifting, carrying, etc.). A task may involve one, two, three, or four types of physical effort. Next, rate the andurance requirements in the far right column for the types of effort involved. As a frame of reference for endurance, assume that the task is performed at least once during a normal work shift. If it is typically performed more than once, use the most demanding conditions as the frame of reference. In either case, rate the extent of the endurance requirement for a normal work shift. Finally, add the name and ratings for any other strenuous type of effort not listed.

Here is an example illustrating how to make your ratings. You should supply a rating, ranging from 0 to 9, for each of the <u>eight</u> boxes associated with the four types of physical effort.

	INSTRUCTIONS			
Strength Requirement Scale	Rete the tesk shown below on its requirement for both strength end endurence.	Endurence Requirement Scale		
0 no significant requirement 1 extremely low 2 very low 3 low 4 low to moderate 5 moderate 6 moderate 6 moderate to high 7 high 8 very high 9 extremely high	Scale reference points for the strength requirement (scale at left) correspond to manipulating weight as follows: 0 = no significant requirement or manipulating 0-9 lbs; 5 = moderete requirement or manipulating 50-59 lbs; 9 = extremely high requirement or manipulating 90 lbs or more. Scale reference points for the endurance requirement (scale et right) are as follows: 0 = no significant requirement or brief duretion/few repetitions per work shift; 5 = moderate requirement or moderate duration/some repetitions per shift; 9 = extremely high requirement or long duretion/many repetitions per shift.	0 - no significant requirement 1 - extremely low 2 - very low 3 - low 4 - low to moderate 5 - moderate 6 - moderate to high 7 - high 8 - very high 9 - extremely high		
TYPE OF EFFORT 5 Lifting/Lowering 0 Carrying 2 Pushing/Pulling 6 Torquing/Turning Other strenuous ectivity not listed above. SPECIFY:	Hypothetical task: Change flat tire on automobile	TYPE OF EFFORT / Lifting/Lowering O Carrying O Pushing/Pulling I Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIFY:		

Proceed to Section 2 and supply all task ratings requested.

SECTION 2

Strength Requirement Scale 0 - no significant requirement 1 - extremely low 2 - very low 3 - low 4 - low to moderate 5 - moderate 6 - moderate to high 7 - high 8 - very high 9 - extremely high	INSTRUCTIONS Rate each task below on its requirement for both strength and endurance. Scale reference points for the strength requirement (scale at left) correspond to manipulating weight as follows: 0 = no significant requirement or manipulating 0—9 lbs; 5 = moderate requirement or manipulating 50—59 lbs; 9 = extremely high requirement or manipulating 90 lbs or more. Scale reference points for the endurance requirement (scale at right) are as follows: 0 = no significant requirement or brief duration/few repetitions per work shift; 5 = moderate requirement or moderate duration/some repetitions per shift; 9 = extramely high requirement or long duration/many repetitions per shift. WRITE YOUR NUMERICAL RATING IN THE APPROPRIATE BOX.	Endurance Requirement Scale 0 — no significant requirement 1 — extremely low 2 — very low 3 — low 4 — low to moderate 5 — moderate 6 — moderate to high 7 — high 8 — very high 9 — extremely high		
TYPE OF EFFORT Lifting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIFY:	A2. Conduct inventories of supplies or equipment	TYPE OF EFFORT Lifting/Lowering // Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIEY:		
Lifting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed abova, SPECIEY	88. Direct aircraft crash fire operations	Lifting/Lowering Garrying Upushing/Pulling Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIFY:		
Carrying Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIEY:	315. Direct hazardous materials firefighting operations	O Lifting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIFY:		
Lifting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Carrying Carryi	817. Direct rescue operations	Carrying Disning/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIPY		

Have you supplied ratings for all boxes, left and right?

SECTION 2

	INSTRUCTIONS			
Strength Requirement	Rate each task below on its requirement for both strength and endurance.	Endurance Requirement Scale		
Scale 0 - no significant requirement 1 - extremely low 2 - very low 3 - low 4 - low to moderate	Scale reference points for the strength requirement (scale at left) correspond to manipulating weight as follows: 0 = no significant requirement or manipulating 0—9 lbs; 5 = moderate requirement or manipulating 50—59 lbs; 9 = extremely high requirement or manipulating 90 lbs or more. Scale reference points for the andurance re-	0 - no significant requirement 1 - extremely low 2 - very low 3 - low 4 - low to moderate 5 - moderate 6 - moderate to high 7 - high 8 - very high 9 - extremely high		
5 - moderate 6 - moderate to high 7 - high 8 - very high 9 - extremely high	scale refereive both series of the significant requirement or brief duration/few repetitions per work shift; 5 = moderate requirement or moderate duration/some repetitions per shift; 9 = extremely high requirement or long duration/many repetitions per shift. WRITE YOUR NUMERICAL RATING IN THE APPROPRIATE BOX.			
TYPE OF EFFORT Ufting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above.	D4. Conduct "Stoken Arrow" or disaster-type drills	TYPE OF EFFORT Lifting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIEY:		
SPECIFY: Y Lifting/Lowering Y Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above.	D8. Conduct agress training from aircraft or buildings	S Lifting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIFY:		
SPECIEY Lifting/Lowering Carrying S Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other stry nuous activity not listed above.	D9. Conduct egress training from towers	Carrying Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIFY:		
SPECIFY: Lifting/Lowering Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above.	D11. Conduct first aid training	Carrying Carrying Pushing/Pulling Torquing/Turning Other strenuous activity not listed above. SPECIFY:		

Have you supplied ratings for all boxes, left and right?

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION 3

DO NOT CONTINUE UNTIL YOU READ THIS PAGE!

The questions in this section are different from those you just answered in Section 2. In this section, you must think of specific types of demanding ACTIVITIES associated with some of the tasks you just rated.

Read carefully the instructions that follow and work through the example.

In this section you will find a subset of the most physically demanding tasks typically performed in your career ladder. Accompanying each task is a standard set of questions for you to answer. The questions relate to the four types of physical effort considered in Section 2, that is, lift/lower, push/pull, carry, and turn/torque. As you answer the questions in this section, keep in mind these important and especially relevant instructions.

- a. If tools and/or equipment are involved in the activity, base your answers on the <u>effort expended by the airman</u> while using the tools/equipment. In other words, separate "man effort" from "machine effort."
- b. If the task is also performed by others in your AFSC in a "specialty shop" (that is, a tire shop, engine depot, etc.), answer the questions in terms of whichever job is more physically demanding.

1

3

3

0

c. Because the questions in this section must apply to all AFSCs, they may not address yours perfectly. For that reason, we have provided a place for REMARKS at the end of the section so that you may supply any additional information you deem appropriate.

An example illustrating how to analyze a task and record your answers follows. First, you decide if the task requires lifting or lowering. If so, imagine all the possible lift/lower activities involved and then select the most demanding one to use in answering the questions related to lifting and lowering. If not, go on to the next category of physical effort, i.e., push/pull. Repeat this process until you have covered all four categories.

HYPOTHETICAL TASK: Change flat tire on automobile

Category 1. LIFT OR LOWER Activity. Think about the things you may <u>lift</u> or <u>lower</u> in changing a flat tire. Some are as follows:

- lifting the spare tire out of the trunk
- lowering the spare tire from the trunk to the ground
- lifting the spare tire onto the lug bolts
- lifting the flat tire into the trunk
- pumping the jack handle

The most physically demanding of these is judged to be lifting the spare tire onto the lug bolts since it involves a stooped posture and holding the tire while positioning it on the lug bolts. So the lift/lower category may be filled out as follows:

		OR LOWER ACTIVITIES						
DOES THIS TASK RE- QUIRE LIFTING OR LOWERING? DYES COMPLETE THIS SECTION	IA_TYPE Which choice best describes the most demanding lift or lewer activity in this task? MARK ONLY ONE ANSWER 1 UIR: 1 hand 2 Stift: 2 hends 1 I lower: 1 hand 4 I lower: 2 hands	sb. REPETITION If the activity are repeated to comolete the task, how many receitions are there; If the task takes more than one day, give the receitions facing day. I is no repetitions 2 1.2 recettions 3 2.4 receitions 5 9-15 receitions 5 9-15 receitions 6 16-30 repetitions 7 31-60 receitions 8 61-100 receitions 9 0101-200 repetitions 10 more than 200	What rate best describes how often the lift or lower activity is repeated? If an ont received I anot received I all not rec			d. WEIGHT What weight must one unimar usually lift or lower each clime? 0-14 lbs 2 15-29 lbs 3 30-44 lbs 4 45-59 lbs 5 60-75-89 lbs 75-89 lbs 105-119 lbs		
GO TO CATEGORY	0	how far is giff from the cat that is cat t	1s, OISTANCE What is the appreximate distance the object is lifted or lowered? 1		Th, HOLDING TIME How leng is the lead held in a stationery position during the lift or lower activity? 1 0-15 sec 2 16-30 sec 3 31-45 sec 4 46-60 sec 5 1-15 min 6 17-2 min 7 2-25 min 9 1 more than 3 min			

Note: Since the spare tire is lifted onto the lug bolts only once, the activity is not repeated, and the answer to question 1b is "1 \$ no repetitions." Likawise, since the activity is not repeated, the answer to question 1c is "1 \$ not repeated."

Category 2. CARRY

Carrying tools is judged to be the most demanding carry activity. Category 2 would be filled out as follows:

OOES THIS TASK RE- QUIRE CARRYING? IN YES— COMPLETE THIS SECTION OO TO CATEGORY S	23. TYPE Which choice best describes the way the most demending carry scrivity is performed? With 1 hend, object in front of body with 1 hand, object over (or on) shoulder(s) with 2 hands, object over (or on) shoulder(s) with 2 hands, object over (or on) shoulder(s) MOVEMENT What is the usual hody movement when are performs the carry ectivity? wakking movement scooling (bending knees) bending et weist summing	2b. REPETITION If the activity is rep commutate the task, i repetitions are then last takes more the give the repetitions 2 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ repetition 2 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ repetition 3 \$\frac{3}{4}\$ repetition 5 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 5 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 5 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 6 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 7 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 2 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 7 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 7 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 2 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 10 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ make the repetition 11 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 12 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 13 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 14 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 15 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 16 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 17 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 18 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 19 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 10 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ repetition 1	now many z lethe z lethe ne we day, for one ne n	the cerry act 1 not rec 2 1.5 tim 3 6-10 tim 4 11-20 5 21-30 6 1.5 tim 7 6-10 tim 8 11-20 9 21-30 ON scribes hew retire ng or des- e ladder ng or des- e ramp ng or des- e ramp ng or des-	mes per hour mes per hour times per neue times per neue times per minute mes per minuts times per minuts times per minuts times per minuts times per minute 2h. DISTANCE What is the total dist. the adject to wastly carries? 1	Whither the same is \$ 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	WEIGHT et weight or "share" of weight must one airman eily carry? 0-14 lbs 15-29 lbs 30-44 lba 45-59 lbs 60-76 lbs 75-89 lbs 105-119 lbs 105-119 lbs 120 lbs or more 21. TIME How leng does it usually take to carry the object the distence indicated in election 2 hy 1
*	6 Swimming		cending	e ppte t surface		0 ft	

Mote: Since the tools are carried from the trunk of the car to the tire and then back again, the carry activity is repeated, and the answer to question 2b is "2 at 1-2 repetitions." Likewise, since the activity is repeated, the answer to question 2c is "2 at 1-5 times per hour."

Category 3. PUSH OR PULL. Activities could include:

- pulling flat tire off lug boltspushing (rolling) tire along surfacepulling spare tire out of stored position

Pulling spare tirs out of stored position is judged to be the most demanding activity. Category 3 would be filled out as follows:

	CATEGORY 3: PUSH	OR PULL ACTIVITIES				
DOES THIS TASK RE- QUIRE PUSHING OR PULLING? SYES COMPLETE THIS SECTION	Je. TYPE which cheice best describes the mest demandating push or pull activity in this tesk! MARK ONLY ONE ANSWER 1	3b. REPETITION If the activity is repeated to complete the Lask, New many repetitions are shere? If the task takes more then one day, sive the repetitions for age day, 1 no repetitions 2 1-2 repetitions 3 3-4 repetitions 4 5-5 repetitions 5 9-15 repetitions 6 16-30 repetitions 7 31-50 repetitions 9 101-200 repetitions 10	Ja. RATE What rate pest describes or push or push eachyle 1 □ mot regioemd 2 董 1.5 times per 3 □ 6.10 times per 6 □ 11.20 times per 7 □ 6.10 times per 7 □ 6.10 times per 9 □ 21.30 times per 9 □ 21.30 times per	hour ir hour per hour noinute minute per minute	2 2 1 3 3 6 5 7 7 9 6 1 1	erce must are strings apply to push or oull the (Not the weight of the)
ONO GO TO CATEGORY	14. BOOY POSTURE What is the usual adequate one esturms while performing the push or push scrivity? 1 standing standing string	epject, hew for is the his/her ferce is applied (or other surface that the oleman)? 1	point at which a from the floor is supporting t below the surface office t floolow it repove e surface e surface	3q. DISTANCE When is the apprex distance the opject oushed or putted? 1	is	3h, TIME How long does it usually lose to sush or avil the espect the distance indi- cased in question 3gF 1

Category 4. TORQUE OR TURN

Removing <u>lug nuts</u> is judged to be the most demanding torque/turn activity. Category 4 would be filled out as follows:

DOES THIS TASK RE- QUI RE TOROUING OR TURNING? SI YES COMPLETE THIS SECTION	As, TYPE Which choice best describes the most demand- ing torque or turn setivity in this taskif MARK ONLY ONE ANSWE 1	1 C no repetitions 2 C 1-2 repetitions 3 C 3-4 repetitions 6 S-8 repetitions 6 C 9-15 repetitions	1	per minute per minute per minute at own minute mes per minute	44. FORCE What force must one airman usually apply to do this torque or furn activity? 1
NOW GO TO GENERAL TASK INFOR-MATION	4e. BOOY POSTURE What is the usual posture one sssumes while per- forming the terque or turn activity? 1	4f. POSITION As the airmsh grips the eajest to be toreued or turned, hew far is the point of his/her grip from the floor? 1 more then 2 ft below the surface. 2 1-2 ft below the surface 3 surface level to 1 ft below 4 surface level to 1 ft below 5 1-2 ft above the surface 6 3-4 ft above the surface 7 5-6 ft above the surface 8 7 ft or more above the surface.	49. OISTANCE What is the length of the radius of the object being turned? 1	An. REVOLUTIONS How many revolutions does it take to compile the foreue or turn est vity? 1	usually take te make the number of revetutions indicated in quostion debt. 1 1 1-2 sec. 2 3-5 sec. 3 3 9-10 sec. sec. sec. sec. sec. sec. sec. sec.

Answer the following general questions for the task as a whole, considering all activities typically performed in accomplishing the task.

ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR THIS TASK	9s. TIME What is the approximate time evently required to pemplete this enter TASK from start to finish? 1 # 1/2 nr or tess 2 1 nr 3 C 2 nr 4 3 3 nr 5 C 4 nr 6 C 6 nr (sne snift) 7 D 2 (nr/st 6 C 3 nr or more snift) 6 C 3 nr or more snift 7 D 2 (nr/st 6 C 3 nr or more snift)	Sb. PERCENT PERFORMING Assessimately was percent of the air- men in your AFSC perform this task?	Be PERCENT TIME What percent of the aloman's manyops is spent performing this task f	So. ENVIRONMENT What persent of the time is this task oer- formed in each of the following surron- mostst (Fill in all boscs.) Z J N indoors 7 J N outdoors	Se, MANPOWER How many airmen usually were to- getner as a team to seen molish this task? O / / // // // // // // // // // // // /	SI, FREQUENCY How aften is this Lass usually per- formed? (Write in times per day, per meets, OR pur menth.) O times per menth. Limes per OF / Limes per
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Please begin now $\ \gamma$ complete the task evaluations that follow. Thank you for your cooperation.

SECTION 3

effort shown single most only. Do not As a general not the ex- involved, and Remember,	int. Then, for each cate foult, carry, and torque answer the questions e answering questions on soft a normal working has wartime. If tool expended by the airms the demanding tasks X TO INDICATE YOU	the vity ory. and are me.	M20. Rescue personnel from motor vehicles				
	CATEGORY 1: LIFT	OR LOWER ACTIVITI	ES				
DOES THIS TASK RE- OURRE LIFTING OR LOWERING? TYES COMPLETE THIS SECTION	TASK RE. OUIRE LIFTING OR LOWERING? MARK ONLY ONE LOWERING? YES COMPLETE THIS SECTION 1 lower: 1 hand 2 lower: 2 hands 9 4 lower: 2 hands 10		9 9ft or lowe 2 1 0 not 2 0 1-2 2 0 3-4 4 0 9-1 6 0 16-1 7 0 31-1 9 0 61-1 10 0 mo	What rate dest describes how often the Sft or lewer activity is reserted? 1		14. WEIGHT What weight or "share" at the weight must one atrmse usually lift or lever each time? 1	
GO TO CATEGORY	te. BOOY POSTURE What is the usual postum one assumes while per- forming the tilt or lower sativity? 1 standing 2 crawling 4 tying 5 threating 5 stooping (bending xeed) 7 bomoing at werst 8 summing	be listed or lowered,	, how far is grip from the control is sail? It below surface to fit below en a 1 ft show in surface to surface to surface to surface to surface to surface to surface	w for is mate distance the object is three or had is lowered for the strain of the str			1h. MOLDING TIME How leap is the lead hats in a statiocary positive during the lift or lower estivity? 1
	CATEGORY 2: CARR	Y ACTIVITIES					
DOESTHIS TASK RE- OLURE CARRYING? TYES COMPLETE THIS SECTION	TASK RE- OLVIRE CARRYING? Vision of body 1 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1-		ne many if line out day, or out s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	many the carry activity is repeat a day, and 1 one tropacted 2 of 5 times per new 3 of 10 times per new 5 of 1-3 times per new 5 of 1-3 times per minest 7 of 6-10 times per minest 6 of 10 times per minest 7 of 6-10 times per minest 9 of 1-3 times per minest 9 of 10 times per minest 10 of 10 times per minest 10 of 10 times per minest 10 of 10 times per minest		*	25. WEIGHT What weight or "stace" of the weight must one airman useasy carry? 1 3 0-14 lbs 2 3 30-44 lbs 3 30-44 lbs 4 45-95 lbs 5 30-74 lbs 9 7-78-69 lbs 5 100-74 lbs 1 100-
OT OD YEADSTAD	20. MOVEMENT What it the usual beey morement whee ene performs the corry activity? 1	2r. DIRECTION What is the usual directic a see move white performing the serry betterty? 1	39. LOCATIO Which east to the earry settle ally performed concerning	caribes how fly .a use- l? g or sec- ateirs s or dec- a ramp s or dec- a ramp	2h. DISTANCE What is the causet is sat the accept is sat the accept if the causet is sat the accept in the causet is sat the causet is sat the causet in the	e dhisne esiy	Mow long does it usuably took to corry the object the disance Indistreed to disance Indi

		18. REPETITION			1.			
	3a, TYPE	If the activity is recested	30. RATE	scribes how aften th	Cd. FC	ORCE orce must one airman		
DOES THIS	which choice best des-	to comprete the task, how many repetitions are there?	push or outl activ			apply to ousk or pull th		
TASK RE-	ine push or pull scrivity	If the task taxas more than	,	,		! (Not the weight of the		
QUIRE	in this task?	one day, give the repetitions for one day,	1 I not repeated			eliject.)		
OR	MARK ONLY ONE	1 G no repetitions 2 G 1-2 repetitions	2 🔲 1-5 times p	er hour				
PULLING?	ANSWER	2 3 1-2 repetitions 3 5 3-4 repetitions	3 🖸 6-10 times			2 T 15-29 lbs		
	1 🗒 push: 1 hand	3 C 3-4 repetitions 4 C 5-6 repetitions 5 C 9-15 repetitions	4 🔲 11-20 time		1 -	30-44 lbe		
TYES	2 push: 2 hanes		5 21-30 time			45-59 lbs		
COMPLETE	3 D pulit 1 hane 4 D pulit 2 hands	6 16-30 repetitions 7 31-60 repetitions	6 1-5 times o	per minute		50-74 lbe		
THIS	5 Doubt with shoulder	8 = 61-100 resetitions		s per minute		75-39 lbs 76-164 lbs		
SECTION	6 Dush with back	7 ☐ 31-60 repetitions 8 ☐ 51-100 repetitions 9 ☐ 101-200 repetitions 10 ☐ more than 200		per minute	1 7	105-119 lbs		
i	7 gush with foot/feet	10 1 11010 11121 200	e urearch first in Th	Etal Talanna -		120 lbs or more		
	a C past with hip							
⊇NO	Ne. BOOY POSTURE			34. OISTANCE		Sh. TIME		
GO TO	What is the usual posture	37. POSITION As the sirman pushes or	outle the	What is the spore	a ki mata	How long does it ususliy		
CATEGORY	ine assumes while per-	object, how far is the pe		distance the obje	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	take to push or pull the		
-	forming the push or pull	his/her force is applied t		pushed or pulled		object the distance indi-		
	sctivity?	(or other surface that is		1 0 0-1 ft	*I 5348	sated in question 34?		
	1 Stending	the sirman)?	THE RESERVE	2 C 2-3 ft		1 🔲 1-2 sec		
	2 sitting	1 I more than 2 ft bel		3 🖸 4-5 ft		2 🖺 3-5 100		
	3 crawing	2 🖂 1-2 ft below surfs		4 C 6-10 ft		3 G 5-10 mc		
	4 Clying	3 aurrecs level to 1		5 🗀 11-50 ft	1	4 Q 11-60 see		
	5 kneeling	4 D surface level to 1		6 C 51-100 ft		6 🖸 1-2 min		
	6 stooping (bending trees)	5 1-2 ft above the su		7 101-500 ft		6 3-5 min		
4	7 Dending at waist	6 3-4 ft above the st		8 501-1000 t		7 C 6-10 min 8 C 17-20 min		
	3 D walking	6 7 ft or more above		a m was see	1000 TT	9 I more than 20 min		
	5 🖸 swimming							
		DOUE OF THEM ACTIVE	TIER					
	CATEGORY 4: 10	DRQUE OR TURN ACTIVI	1153		1.083.0	Wells a		
an i	A. TYPE	46. REPETITION	4c. R	ATE		44. FORCE		
	Which choice best describ	os if the activity is repeate	MI .	rate east describes he	w eften the	What force must en		
DOES THIS	the most demanding torqu	many repetitions are th	torque er turn activity la repest			sirman usually epol		
TASK RE-	or turn activity in this	If the task takes more t	nee			to de this torque of		
OUIRE TORQUING	task?	one day, give the repet!	tions 1 -	not repeated 1-2 times per minut		turn activity?		
PORCUING	MARK ONLY ONE ANS			1 - 7 thurst bet wounds		1 C 0-9 lbs		
			- 1 1	2.4 rimm ner minut	No.			
TURNING	1 🗆 1 hand on lever	2 🖸 1-2 repetitions	115			2 T 10-19 lbs		
TURNING?	2 2 hands on lever	3 🗆 3-4 repetitions 4 🗵 5-6 repetitions		5-8 times oer minut		2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs		
TURNING?	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wiwel or	3 3 34 repetitions 4 3 5-6 repetitions knob 5 3 9-15 repetitions	50	5-8 times per minut 9-15 times per minut	t0 UTS	2 □ 10-19 lbs 3 □ 20-29 lbs 4 □ 30-39 lbs		
TURNING?	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wiwel or 4 2 hands on wheel or	3 34 repetitions 4 3 5-8 repetitions 5 3 9-15 repetitions knob 6 3 16-30 repetition	500	5-8 times per minut 9-15 times per min 16-30 times per min 31-45 times per min	ete ete nute	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs		
COMPLETE	2 2 hands on lever 3 0 1 hand on w'wel or 4 0 2 hands on wheel or 5 0 1 hand on crenk	knob 5 3-4 repetitions 5 3-9-15 repetitions 5 3-15-30 repetition 7 31-50 repetition 8 3-1-100 repetition	4 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	5-8 times per minut 9-15 times per min 16-30 times per min 31-45 times per min 46-60 times per min	te curs nute nute	2		
☐ YES> COMPLETE THIS	2 2 hands on lever 3 3 1 hand on wiwel or 4 3 2 hands on wheel or 5 3 1 hand on crenk 6 3 2 hands on crenk	3	4 G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer min 16-30 times oer min 31-45 times oer min 46-60 times oer min 61-75 times oer min	te CTS Nute Nute Nute	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 50-69 lbs		
☐ YES> COMPLETE THIS	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hands on wiwel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle	knob 5 3-4 repetitions 5 3-9-15 repetitions 5 3-15-30 repetition 7 31-50 repetition 8 3-1-100 repetition	4 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	5-8 times per minut 9-15 times per minut 16-30 times per min 31-45 times per min 46-60 times per min 61-75 times per minure tran 75 times	te CTS Nute Nute Nute	2		
☐ YES> COMPLETE THIS	2 2 hands on lever 3 3 1 hand on wiwel or 4 3 2 hands on wheel or 5 3 1 hand on crenk 6 3 2 hands on crenk	3	4 G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer min 16-30 times oer min 31-45 times oer min 46-60 times oer min 61-75 times oer min	te CTS Nute Nute Nute	2 13-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbe 4 30-39 lbe 5 40-40 lbs 6 50-59 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs		
O YES -> COMPLETE THIS SECTION	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hands on wiwel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle	3	4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer min 16-30 times per mit 31-45 times oer mit 46-60 times oer mit 66-75 times per mit more than 75 times per minute 46E 4h. RE	te constante nute nute nute	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mor		
	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hand on handle 8 2 hand on handle What is the issual posture	At the eliment grips the eliment	e 7 C 8 C 9 C 10	5-8 times per minut 9-15 times per minut 13-30 times per min 13-45 times per min 13-45 times per min 146-40 times per min 161-75 times per min 161-75 times per minute NCE An. RE Inegto of Hew min	nute nute nute nute nute Nute Nute Nute	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-48 lbs 6 55-59 lbs 7 60-59 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mot 15 44. TIME		
O YES -> COMPLETE THIS SECTION	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wirel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 4a. SODY POSTURE What is the esual Desture ons ssaumes write per-	At. POSITION As the element property of the element pr	a	5-8 times per minut 9-15 times per minut 18-30 times per minut 19-45 times per minute 46-60 times per minute 16-175 times per	te com nute nute nute nute nute volution volution sey receivit	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-59 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mos 44. TIME hew long does it pless		
☐ YES -> COMPLETE THIS SECTION	2 2 2 hands on lever 3 3 1 hands on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hands on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 3 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 4a. SODY POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes write per- forming the torque or	Af. POSITION Af	44. OSTAR to What is the interest to inter	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 16-30 times per minute 16-75 times oer minute 16-7	te com nute nute nute nute nute nute nute nute	3		
☐ YES -> COMPLETE THIS SECTION	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hands on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hands on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle what is the usual posture ons assumes with per- forming tha torque or turn activity?	As the eliment of his/her srip from factors of the point of his/her srip from factors.	dq. OISTAT te What Is the the radius of 10 -0-2 in	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 13-45 times oer min 13-45 times oer min 13-45 times oer min 14-40 times oer min 16-175 times per min 16-175 times per minute NCE	VOLUTION any revolution are or turn 7	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-48 lbs 6 50-59 lbs 7 40-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mot 15 Hew long dees it pusally take te make the numbe of revolutions		
YES -> COMPLETE THIS SECTION YENO NOW GO TO GENERAL	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crenk 6 2 hands on crenk 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 44. SODY POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes writte per- forming the torque or turn activity 1 3 senoing	As the element of the floor As the element of the	dq. OISTAT te What Is the the radius of 10 -0-2 in	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 18-30 times per minute 18-3	VOLUTION any revolution to carry take to comi	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-48 lbs 6 50-59 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mor ### John Common Comm		
TASK	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle what is the usual perture ons assumes write per- forming the torque or turn activity 1 2 stending 2 sitting	3 3.4 resertitions	44. 04STAR to What ta the ist the radius of the color of	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 16-30 times per min 13-45 times oer min 13-45 times oer min 146-60 times oer min 161-75 times	VOLUTION any revolution are or turn 7	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-59 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mod 15 44. TIME Hew long does it please 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1		
TYES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 6 2 hands on handle 7 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 9	3 3.4 resertitions	49. 04STAR te What is the 'ster radius e' in a 1 0-2 in a 1 0-2 in 4 0-12 in	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 13-45 times oer min 13-45 times oer min 46-60 times oer min 46-60 times oer min 46-61	volution volution volution volution any revolution take to comi ue or turn 7 1/2 revoluti 2-1 revoluti	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mot 5 44. TIME How long does it county take to make the numble of revolutions indicated in duration 4h7 1 3 12 sec 2 3 3-5 sec		
YES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hand on handle what is the usual posture ons assumes write per- from that torque or turn activity? 1 standing 3 1 lying.	As the eliment of his/her street of his/her stre	4g, 0/STAF what is the interest in the interes	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 16-30 times per mi 13-45 times oer minut 61-75 times oer minut 61-75 times per minute 16-75 time	VOLUTION muse muse muse muse muse muse muse muse	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-48 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 80 lbs or mot 5 44. TIME How long does it county take to make the numble of revolutions indicated in duration 4h7 1 31-2 sec 12 3-5 sec 13 6-10 sec		
O YES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 6 2 hands on handle 7 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 9	As the element of the beautiful of the b	49. 04STAN 49. 04STAN 49. 04STAN 10 C 49. 04STAN What is the in 1 C 0-2 in 2 C 3-5 in 3 C 5-8 in 4 C 5-12 id www 5 C 15-24	5-8 times per minut 3-15 times per minut 18-30 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 146-60 times per minute 146-60 times per minute 146-6175 times per minute 146-75 times per	to to the control of	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 56-59 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs er mol 15 44. TIME Hew long does it please on indicated in duestion 4h? 1 1 2 26 16 1 2 3-5 36 4 2 11-20 lbs 1006 4 2 11-20 lbs 1006 5 21-40 lbs 1006 100		
O YES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 6 2 hands on handle 7 hand on handle 9 hands on handle 14 hand on handle 15 hands on handle 16 hand on handle 17 hand on handle 18 10 hand on handle 18 10 hand on handle 19 hand on handle 19 hand on handle 19 hand on handle 19 h	At. POSITION As the element of higher side the point of higher side that the higher si	49. 04STAF 49. 04STAF What is the 1-late in radius of 1-late in	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 16-30 times per minute 16-30 times per minute 16-10 times per minute 16-1	to the house of th	3		
TYES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crenk 6 2 hands on crenk 7 1 hand on crenk 8 2 hands on crenk What is like usual posture ons assumes write per- forming tha torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 lairting 3 living 4 kneesing 5 handing to week 5 bending to week	Af. POSITION As the element of his/her syle from the point of his/her syle from the surface 2 1.2 ft below the surface 1.2 ft above the surface 5 3.3 ft above the surface 5 3.4 ft above the surface 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 ft above the surface placed to 1 ft above the surface 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	44. 04STAR ns 9 10 0 44. 04STAR to What is the latter of the radius of t	5-8 times oer minut 3-15 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 46-60 times per minute 46-60 times per minute 46-61 times per minute 46-62 times per minute 46-63	te to the control of	10-19 lbs 3		
TYES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wirel or 5 1 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 4a. SODY POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes write per- forming the torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 sitting 3 lyinf. 4 kneeling 5 stoooling (bending kneels) 5 bending'st weist	At Date of the surface of the surface of the surface level to 1 ft surface of the	49. 0/STAF 49. 0/STAF What is the is 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5-8 times oer minut 3-15 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 46-60 times per minute 46-60 times per minute 46-61 times per minute 46-62 times per minute 46-63	to transport to the control of the c	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mot S 44, TIME How long does it losselly take to make the numble of revolutions indicated in dustion 4h7 1 3 12 sec 10 3 9-10 sec 10 11-20 sec		
TYES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crenk 6 2 hands on crenk 7 1 hand on crenk 8 2 hands on crenk What is like usual posture ons assumes write per- forming tha torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 lairting 3 living 4 kneesing 5 handing to week 5 bending to week	Af. POSITION As the element of his/her syle from the point of his/her syle from the surface 2 1.2 ft below the surface 1.2 ft above the surface 5 3.3 ft above the surface 5 3.4 ft above the surface 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 ft above the surface placed to 1 ft above the surface 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	44. 04STAR ns 9 10 0 44. 04STAR to What is the latter of the radius of t	5-8 times oer minut 3-15 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 46-60 times per minute 46-60 times per minute 46-61 times per minute 46-62 times per minute 46-63	te to the control of	10-19 lbs 3		
TYES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crenk 6 2 hands on crenk 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 9 hands on handle 14e, SODY POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes write per- forming that torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 livinc; 4 kinesing 5 livinc; 4 handling treoping (bending kness) 5 bending treoping 8 swimming 8 swimming	Af. POSITION As the elimination of the policy of the poli	44. 04STAR ns 9 10 0 44. 04STAR to What is the latter of the radius of t	5-8 times oer minut 3-15 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 46-60 times per minute 46-60 times per minute 46-61 times per minute 46-62 times per minute 46-63	te to the control of	10-19 lbs 3		
YES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 9 hands on handle 10 hand on handle 11 hand on handle 12 hands on handle 12 hands on handle 12 hands on handle 13 later on handle 14 hand on handle 15 later on handle 16 handle 17 later on handle 18 later on handle 18 later on handle 19 handle 10 h	Af. POSITION As the elimination of the policy of the poli	44. 04STAR ns 9 10 0 44. 04STAR to What is the latter of the radius of t	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 18-30 times per minute 18-30 times per minute 18-30 times per minute 18-30 times oer minute 18-3	to to the control of	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 44-46 lbs 6 50-59 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mof 15 44. TIME Hew long dees If louisity take te make the numbe of revelutions long to 12 12 sec long to 13 12 sec long to 14 4 50 sec long to 12 1-30 sec long to 13 1-30 sec long to 15 1-30 sec lo		
TYES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 1 hand on handle 9 hand on handle 14. SOUY POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes wills performing that torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 sixting 3 lyint 4 kneeling 5 stooding (bending kneel) 5 stooding (bending kneel) 5 stooding'st weigt 7 welking 8 swimming GENERAL TASK	At Day 1 and Day	4q. 045TAT and g	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 16-30 times per minute 16-30 times per minut 16-30 times per minut 16-10 times per minute 16-175 times per minute 175 times per minute 1	to to the control of	2 10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mod S 41. TIME Hew long does it lossely take to make the numble of revenitions indicated in duestion 4h? 1 2 3 2 sec long 1 2 1-2 les long 1 2 1-2 les long 1 3 9-10 sec long 1 11-20 sec long 1 11-20 sec long 1 2 3 3-5 sec long 1 3 9-10 sec long 1 3 9-10 sec long 1 3 3-5 min 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 min 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		
YES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 9 hand on handle 9 hand on handle 14. SOOV POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes wills per- forming tha torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 sitting 3 lyint, 4 kneeling 5 stooping (bending kneel) 5 stooping (bending kneeling 8 switting 8 switting 8 switting 8 switting 9 standing 15 standing 16 switting 17 wellting 18 switting 18 switting 18 switting 19 standing 19 standing 10 standing 10 standing 11 standing 12 switting 13 switting 14 switting 15 standing 15 switting 16 switting 17 switting 18 switting	AL DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	49. Q4STAN 49. Q4STAN 10 G 49. Q4STAN 10 G 49. Q4STAN 10 G	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 18-30 times per minut 18-30 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 14-60 times per minute 14-60 times per minute 14-60 times per minute 15-10 ti	to to the control of	10-19 lbs 3		
OYES	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wirel or 4 2 hands on wheel or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on crank 4a. SOBY POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes write per- forming the torque or turn activity? 1 standing 1 standing 1 standing 1 kneesing 5 standing 1 standing 1 kneesing 8 white per- metal welking 8 welking 9	3 3.4 resertitions	4 G. 0/STAF to What is the is the color of the manyaer is time same source of the manyaer is time and the manyaer is time.	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 18-30 times per minute 18-30 tim	to to the control of	3		
OMPLETE THIS SECTION NOW GO TO GENERAL TASK INFOR. MATION ANSWER THESE DUESTIONS	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 9 hand on handle 10 hand on handle 11 hand on handle 12 hands on handle 12 hands on handle 12 hands on handle 13 hand on handle 14 hand on handle 15 hand on handle 16 hand on handle 17 hand on handle 18 handling 19 stanoling 19 handling 19 handling 10 handling 10 handling 10 handling 10 handling 11 handling 11 handling 12 handling 13 handling 14 handling 15 handling 16 handling 17 weight 18 handling 18 hand	Annob 1 3 3.4 reportitions 5 3 15 reportitions 5 0 115 reportitions 5 0 115 reportitions 5 0 115 reportitions 6 115 00 reportitions 8 15 1-100 reportition 7 3 1-60 reportition 8 10 1-200 reportition 9 0 101-200 reportition 10 0 more then 200 As the elimene grips the ebject be torreused or turned, how far the point of his/her sris from fileor 1 0 more than 2 ft below th surface 2 0 1-2 ft below the surface 3 1 surface level to 1 ft abov 5 1 2 ft above the surface 6 3 4 ft above the surface 8 1 7 ft or more above the surface INFORMATION 10. PERCENT PERFOR RING What per simmaris simm	49. 04STAR 49. 04STAR 10 0 49. 04STAR 10 10 0 10	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times per mit 18-30 times per mit 13-45 times per mit 13-45 times per mit 13-45 times per mit 13-45 times per mit 146-60 times per minute 15-175 time	to to the control of	10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mot 9 30 lbs or mo		
O YES COMPLETE THIS SECTION NOW GO TO GENERAL TASK INFOR-MATION ANSWER THESE CUESTIONS FOR THIS FOR THIS SECTIONS	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 9 hand on handle 9 hand on handle 14. SOOY POSTURE What is the usual posture ons assumes willte performing tha torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 sitting 3 lyinf, 4 kneeling 5 stoooing (bending kneel) 5 bending at welst 7 welking 8 owlmming GENERAL TASK 1.3. TIME What is the seproal- mats time usually required to eamplete this satire TASK from start to fining?	3 3.4 resertitions	4	5-6 times oer minut 9-15 times per minut 18-30 times per minut 18-30 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 14-60 times per minut 14-60 times per minut 15-17-17-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-	to transport to the state of th	3		
OMPLETE THIS SECTION NOW GO TO GENERAL TASK INFOR. MATION ANSWER THESE JUESTIONS FOR THIS	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hands on whest or 5 1 hands on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 4a. SODY POSTURE What is the usual posture one assumes write per- forming the torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 sitting 3 lyin', 4 kneeding 5 stoooling (bending kneed) 5 bending'st weist 7 wesking 8 owtmening GENERAL TASK 7a. TIME What is the assercest mats time usually required to exmete this entire TASK from start to finish? 1 2 27 or or 188	At . 3 - 3 - 4 capacitions	4	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 13-45 times oer minut 14-50 times oer minut 14-60 times oer minut 15-70 times oer minut 15-	to to the control of	10-19 lbs 3 20-29 lbs 4 30-39 lbs 5 40-46 lbs 6 50-99 lbs 7 60-69 lbs 9 70-79 lbs 9 30 lbs or mot 9 30 lbs or mo		
OMPLETE THIS SECTION NOW GO TO GENERAL TASK INFOR. MATION ANSWER THESE JUESTIONS FOR THIS	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hands on whest or 5 1 hands on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 4a. SODY POSTURE What is the usual posture one assumes write per- forming the torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 sitting 3 lyin', 4 kneeding 5 stoooling (bending kneed) 5 bending'st weist 7 wesking 8 owtmening GENERAL TASK 7a. TIME What is the assercest mats time usually required to exmete this entire TASK from start to finish? 1 2 27 or or 188	At . 3 - 3 - 4 capacitions	4	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 13-45 times oer minut 14-50 times oer minut 14-60 times oer minut 15-70 times oer minut 15-	to to the control of	10-19 lba 3		
NOW GO TO GENERAL TASK INFOR. MATION ANSWER THESE CUESTIONS FOR THIS	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hand on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 1 hand on handle 8 1 hand on handle 9 hand on handle 10 hand on handle 11 hand on handle 12 hands on handle 12 hands on handle 13 hand on handle 14 hand on handle 15 hand on handle 16 hand on handle 17 hand on handle 18 hand on handle 19 handle 1	At . 3 - 3 - 4 capacitions	a dq. O4STAR a dq. O4STAR te What Is the the radius of the radius of the man-year is forming the for	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 46-60 times per minute 46-60 times per minute 13-45 times per minute 14-5-15 times per minute 14-6-17 times per minute 15-17 times per minute 15-17 times per minute 16-17 times per minute 16-17 times per minute 16-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-	to transport to the second of	10-19 lba 3		
OMPLETE THIS SECTION NOW GO TO GENERAL TASK INFOR. MATION ANSWER THESE JUESTIONS FOR THIS	2 2 hands on lever 3 1 hand on wires or 4 2 hands on wires or 5 1 hands on whest or 5 1 hands on crank 6 2 hands on crank 7 1 hand on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 8 2 hands on handle 4a. SODY POSTURE What is the usual posture one assumes write per- forming the torque or turn activity? 1 standing 2 sitting 3 lyin', 4 kneeding 5 stoooling (bending kneed) 5 bending'st weist 7 wesking 8 owtmening GENERAL TASK 7a. TIME What is the assercest mats time usually required to exmete this entire TASK from start to finish? 1 2 27 or or 188	A. POSITION As the eliment than 2 ft below the surface clear to 10 ft below the surface 2 1-2 ft above the surface 3 1 surface level to 1 ft above 5 1-2 ft above the surface 5 1-4 ft above the surface 5 1-2 ft above the surface 5 1-4 ft above the surface 6 1-4 ft	4	5-8 times oer minut 9-15 times oer minut 18-30 times per minut 18-30 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 13-45 times per minut 14-30 times per minute 14-30 times per minute 14-30 times per minute 15-10 times per minute 15-10 times per minute 15-10 times per minute 15-10 times per minute 16-10 times per minute 17-10 times per minute 18-10 ti	to transport to the second of	10-19 lba 3		

6a. What percentage of the heavy work in your AFSC is covered by the four categories of effort used in this survey, i.e., lift/lower, carry, push/pull, and turn/torque?

100 %

ib.	If there are other categories of heavy lower, carry, push/pull, and turn/torqu	work ue) in	effort (other than lift/ your AFSC, name them below
	(1)	(3)	
	(2)	(4)	

 $\frac{\text{REMARKS.}}{\text{you have comments or additional information about the tasks}}{\text{you have just evaluated, provide them in the space below.}}$

STOP

After you have completed all three sections of this survey (including write-ins where appropriate), please check to be sure that all tasks have been rated.

Return completed booklet to CBPO for transmittal to:

AFHRL/MPUS Acm: Kentron International, Inc. Brooks AFB TX 78235

APPENDIX D

FIELD VALIDATION SCHEDULE

INTERVIEW SCHEDULE

TRIP	DATE BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	ж	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
	Feb 13-15, 1980	ATC	038	571X0	Fire Protection
1	Reese AFB		034	551X0	Pavements Mtn
	Hurlwood, Tx		023	431X1	Aircraft Mtn (T37/T38)
	Feb 19-20, 1980	AFLC	018	36170	Outside Wire & Ant Mtn & Rpr
2	Wright-Pat. AFB Dayton, Ohio		035	551X1	Construction Equipment
	Mar 5, 1980	ATC	018	571X0	
3	Reese AFB		035	551X1	Verification Only
	Hurlwood, Tx		023	431X1	
	Mar 7, 1980	ATC	036	552X0	Carpentry Specialist
4	Reese AFB Hurlwood, Tx		032	545X0	Refrigeration & Air Cond.
	muriwood, ix		` .		
	Mar 17-21, 1980	AFLC	015	32272	Avionic Sensor System
	Wright-Pat. AFB		016	32873	Electonic Warfare System
	Deyton, Ohio		023	43171	Aircraft Mtn
	30,000,000	1	032	545X0	Refrigeration & Air Cond.
		l l	027	474X2	Vehicle Mtn
5			034	551X0	Pavements Mtn
,			031	542X1	Electrical Power Line
		1	036	552X0	Carpentry Specialist
			037	552X1	Masonry Specialist
			028	472X3	Vehicle Mtn
		AFSC	011	31670	Msl Elect Equip & Msl Sys
	Apr 2-3, 1980	TAC	023	431XI	Aircraft Mtn (F-111)
	Cannon AFB	!	028	472X3	Vehicle Mtn
	Clovis, N. M.		025	472X0	Veh Mtn (Base Mtn Rpr)
6			034	551X0	Pevements Mtn
			026	472X1	Vehicle Mtn
			035	55171	Construction Equipment
	May 13-15, 1980	SAC	12/13	316X2F	Missile Electronic Equip Mtn
	Little Rock AFB		**	**	00 00 00
	Jacksonville, ARK	*	**	**	00 00 00 00
		- 1	**	**	
		"			10 10 10 10
		_	024	443X0	Missile Mechanic, Titan
			029	445X0	Missile Facilities (F)
7			"	44320	masile racificies (r)
	•	**	017	328X4	Avionic Inert & Radar Nav Sy
		**	036	552X0	Carpentry Specialist
		-	038	571X0	Fire Protection
		MAC	033	547X0	Heeting Systems
		MAC	026	472X1	Vehicle Mtn (Special Purpose
		MAC	028	47273	Vehicle Mtn
			XXX	443X1	Missile Pneudraulics Rpr

	DATE				
TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
	June 16-20, 1980	SAC	014	321X0	Bomb-Navigation System
- 1	Dyess AFB				
	Abilene, TX	MAC	006	114X0	Aircraft Loadmaster (c-130 H)
		SAC	016	328X3	Electronic Warfare System
			•	*	**
-				•	
	1111	MAC	017	328X4	Avionic Inert & Radar Nav Sys
		SAC	00 IA	811XQA	Security Police (Dog Qual)
8			*		(2000)
			002A	811X2A	Law Enforcement (Dog Qual)
		AFCC	020	362X4	Telephone Equip Install/Rprmn
		SAC	031	542X1	Electrical Power Line
			037	552X1	Masonry Specialist
			025	472X0	Vehicle Mtn
			027	472X2	Vehicle Mtn
			023	431X2A	Aircraft Mtn (B-52D)
			_		
	=			431X2E	" (KC-135)
				431X2C	(C-130H)
			alternation and the	21196	
	Jun 30-Jul 3, 1980	SAC	001	811X0	Security Police
	Carswell AFB		001A	811X0A	
	Ft. Worth, Tx		014	321X0	Bomb Navigation System
	- 11	6.0	011	22074	Andread - Toront & Walter Man Com
			017	328X4 431X2	Avionic Inert & Rader Nav Sys
			023	43177	Aircraft Mtn (B-52D) (KC-135)
			031	542X1	Electrical Power Line
9			031	547X0	
	-		033	571X0	Heating Systems
					Fire Protection
			009	30484	Ground Radio Equip & Repair
			021	4 23 X 2	Aircrew Egress Sytems
	1 1 1 10 1000	SAC	011	552X1 316X0	Masonry Specialist Msl Elec Ec (G/H)/Msl Svs Anal (
	Jul 14-18, 1980	SAC	UII	21070	Msl Elec Eq (G/H)/Msl Sys Anal (
	Ellsworth AFB	1	**		
	Rapid City, SD		024	443X0	Missile Mech (Minuteman)
					40 40 40 40 40
			034	551X0	Pavements Mtn
			034	552X1	Masonry Specialist
		i	019	361%4	Msl Sys Cable Splicing & Mtn
			013	30174	ust als capie abilities a utu
10			10		49 12 40 59 17 10
			023	431X2	Aircraft Mtn (KC-135)
			023	43177	" " (B-52D)
0 0			030	44530	Missile Facilities
- 1					

INTERVIEW SCHEDULE (CONTINUED)

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	ĸ	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
	51102 4 504111011	33.22.3			
			021	423X2	Aircrew Egress Systems
			009	304X4	Gnd Radio Equip & Repair
		SAC	036	552X0	Carpentry Specialist
10			027	472X2	Vehicle Maintenance
Cont			004	112X0	Inflight Refueling Operator
		1 1	96	•	м м м
			041	631X0	Fuel Services Spec/Tech
	Jul-28-31, 1980	MAC	036	552X0	Security Police
	Scott AFB		02A	811X0	Law Enforcement (Dog Qual)
1 1	Belleville, Ill		•	-	
1			005	113X0	Flight Engineer
			006	114%0	Aircraft Loadmaster
			-		
			-		
			_		
					u u
1		1	007	11570	B/B
			007	115X0 304X4	Pararescue/Recovery
		1 1	018	361X0	Ground Radio Equip Repair
			019	361X1	Outside Wire & Mtn & Repair Cable Mtn Splicing
			020	362X4	Telephone Equip Install/Rprm
1			W W	J02A4	refebuoue sdarb ruscart/whrm
11			023	431X2	Aircraft Mtn (C-9)
			•	**	" " (C-140)
			027	472X2	Vehicle Mtn
			032	545X0	Refrigeration & Air Cond.
			033	547%0	Heating Systems
			034	551X0	Pavement Maintenance
			035	551X1	Construction Equipment Oper
			036 037	552X0	Carpentry Specialist
			037	552X1 571X0	Masonry Specialist Fire Protection
			041	631X0	Fuel Services Specialist/Tech
			047	03120	reer services sheerstrackiegu
		MAC	043	922X0	Aircrew Life Support Spec
-			**	-	94 99 93 99
	Aug 11-15, 1980	TAC	015	322X2	Avionic Sensor System
	Nellis AFB				
	Las Vegas, Nev		021	423X2	Aircraft Egress System
12			022	431X0	Helicoptor Mtn
			023	· 431X1	Aircraft Mtn
			*	-	10 00
			14	-	10 00
			60	-	иф 00
			026	472X1	Vehicle Mtn

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	К.	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
			028	472₹3	Vehicle Mtn
			030	547X0	Heating Systems
			039	61170	Supply Services
12			041	631X0	Fuel Services Spec/Tech
Cont			042	921%0	Survival Specialist
			043	92230	W W
			*		
	1 10 22 1000	SAC	022	431X0 262X0	Helicopter Mtn Air Traffic Control
	Aug 18-22, 1980 Vandenberg AFB	SAC	010	316%0	Missile System Analyst
	Lampoc, CA		011	316X0	Missile Elect Equip
	Empor, or	-		JIOAS	" " "
		- 1			
		- 1	013	J16X2F	Msl Elect Equip Mtn
			018	361X0	Outside Wire & Ant Mtn & Repair
		-	019	361X1	Cable Splicing & Mtn
		- 1	020	362X4	Telephone Equip Install/Rprm
			*		retebuoue adorb macariubin
		MAC	022	431X0	Helicoptor Mtn
		SAC	024	443X0	Missile Mechanic
					W W
13		1	**		66 ee
			025	472X0	Vehicle Mtn
		è	030	445X0G	Missile Facilities (Minuteman)
			039	611X0	Supply Services
			*	-	10 00
			**		00 00
			043	922X0	Aircrew Life Support Specialist
			XXX	443X1	Missile Pneudraulics (Titan)
			ZZZ	445X1	Msl Liquid Propellant Systems
				-	60 60 60 60
	Jan 5-9, 1981	SAC	002	81172	Law Enforcement
	Fairchild AFB		00		ee
	Spokane, WA		003	11110	Aerial Gunner
			004	112X0	Inflight Refueling
14					"HETTENE WEIGHTING
**		MAC	005	113XU	Helicopter Flight Engineer
			007	115X0	Pararescue/Recovery
		-			10 40

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TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		APS	A101	999604	Postal Specialist
		SAC	41	432X3	Fuel System Specialist
- 1		**	A 02	321X1	Defensive Fire Control
			•		
				511X0	Data Processing
14		ATC	042	921X0	Survival
cont				_	
			-	12	
		_		•	•
- 1		SAC	022	431X0	To 1d access Med about a
		SAC	1022	43120	Helicopter Maintenance
	Jan 12-15, 1981	SAC	002	811X2	Law Enforcement
	Carswell AFB				
	Fort Worth, TX	_			
		646	002	*	A
		SAC	003	11110	Aerial Gunner
		-	-		40 66
		SAC	004	112X0	Refueling
15		SAC .	904	11220	Weineling
		MAC	00.5	113%0	Flight Engineer (C-130)
		AFCC	008	272X0	Air Traffic Control
j		TAC	012	316X1L	Missile Sys Mtm (Air/Air Msl)
		SAC	023	431X2C	Aircraft Mtn (C-130)
		-	040	612X0	Meatcutter
1			A02	321X1G	Defensive Fire CH Sys (B-52D)
- 1			•	• •	10 10 10 10
	Feb 11-13, 1981	ATC	031	542X1	Electrical Power Line
16	Shepherd AFB	- 1	•	•	10 10
	Wichita Falls, TX	-	-		
	Feb 16-20, 1981	TAC	005	113X0B	Fit Engineer (Helicopter)
	Nellis AFB	-	•	•	** ***
1	Las Vegas, NV	- [016	328X3	Electronic Warfare Systems
17			032	545X0	Refrigeration & Air Conditioning
			012	316X1L	Missle System Maintenance
	March 1-4, 1981	AFSC	005	113X0	Flt Engineer (Helicopter)
	Kirtland, AFB				
	Albuquerque, NM	10	006	11490	In-decem (C-120)
		**	000	114X0	Loadmaster (C-130)
			007	115X0	Pararescue
18			020	36234	Tel. Equip. Inst. & Repair
10		-	020	431.70	Helicopter Maint. (H-53)
				43120	" (H-3)
		10		60	" (H-1)
			034	551X0	Pavement Maint.
			034	33140	CATCOLIC CALIFO

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TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		AFSC	022	431X0D	Helicopter Maintenance Semi Rigid Rotor
		MAC	023-2X	431X2C	Airlift/bomb Aircraft Mainte.
21		AFSC	025	472X0	Base Vehicle Equip. Mainte.
Cont			026	472X1	Special Vehicle Maintenance
			027	472X2	Gen. Purpose Vehicle Mainte.
			028	472X3	Vehicle Body Maintenance
	7		042	921X0	Survival Training
	June 1-5, 1981 McGuire AFB, NJ	MAC	05	113X0C	Flight Engineer(Perf.Qual.C-141)
	Wrightstown, NJ		17	328X4	Avion. Inert. & Radar Nav. Sys.
		-	23-2X	431X2	Alft/Bomb Acft. Mtn. (C-141)
		-	32	545X0	Refrigeration & Cryogenics
			35	551X1	Construction Equipment
			41	631X0	Fuel
		-	43	922X0	Aircraft Lift Support
		-	58	328X0	Avionic Communications
22		-	63	341%4	Digital Flight Simulator
			69	392 XO	Maintenance Management
		-	73	423X3	Aircraft Fuel Systems
		- 1	74	423X4	Aircraft Pneudraulic Systems
			76	426X1	0
		-	119	324X0	Corrosion Control Precision Measuring Equipment
		•	126	432X5	Aerospace Ground Equipment
			05	113X0C	Flt Engineer(Perf. Qual. C-141)
	June 8-12, 1982	TAC	05	113X0g	Flt Engineer (Helicopter)
	Hill AFR, UT	**	07	115X0	Pararescue/Recovery
	Ogden, UT	- 1	12P	316X1P	Missile Sys. Mtn. (RPV/Drone)
		**	23-1X	431X1F	Tactical Aircraft Mtn (F-16)
	•		24P	443X0P	Missile Mtn (Drone/RPV)
23		**	A2 4C	325X4C	Int. Avionics Comp. Test. Stn.
		AFSC	59	328X1	Avionics Navigation Sys.
		TAC	7.4	423X4	Aircraft Pneudralic Sys.
		"	79	461%0	Municions System
			82	464X0	Explosive Ord. Disposal

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
	1 484 - 9	TAC	167	325X6C	Int. Avionics Attack Con. Sys.
23	i, et en		*		NO 10 10 10 10 10
Cont					10 10 10 10 10
			168	326X7C	Int. Avio. Instm & FH Con. Sys.
	the second the second		140		
	The state of the		169	326X8C	Int. Avio. Instm Nav & Pen Aids
	June 22-26, 1981	TAC	02	811X2	Law Enforcement
	Bergstrom AFB		15A	322X2A	Avionic Sensor Systems
	Austin, TX		15C	322X2C	ALL THE RESERVE
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	57	325X1	Avionic Instrument System
	and the second second			0	* 1200 al 15
			65	341X5	Digital NAV/TAC Training Device
	100		69	392X0	Maintenance Management
	ar in the term	. 2	70	404X0	Prec. Imagery & Audiovis Media
			72	423X0	Aircraft Electrical Repair
24		. 1	74	423X4	Aircraft Pneudraulic System
			78	427X5	Airframe Repair
		-			a a
		- 1	80	462X0	Aircraft Armament Systems
			121	326X0C	Avionics Aeroground Equip (RF-
			126	42335	Aerospace Ground Equipment
			157	275X0	Tactical Air Command & Control
			. 4	-	70 10 to to
	June 22-26, 1981 F.E. Warren AFB	DMA	A12	222X0	Geodetic
	Cheyenne, WY	AFCC	55	29130	Telecommunications Operations
				*	10 10
		SAC	11	316X0G	Missile Systems Analyst (MM-3)
			13	316X2G	Missile Elect. Equip. (MM-3)
			119	324X0	Prec. Measuring Equipment
					P
		MAC	58	328X0	Avionic Communications
		SAC	66	341%7	Missile Trainer
25			**		M M
			67	362X3	Missile Control Communica. Sys
			24	443X0G	Missile Mtn (MM-3)
			30	445X0G	Missile Facilities (MM-3)
			81	463X0	Nuclear Weapons
			136	602X1	Freight Traffic
	10			631%0	Fuel
	100		87 93	645X1	Material Facilities
	11.	-	498	903X0	Radiology
			4100	99601	Missile Mtn Superintendent
	1		# TOO	99603	Minuteman NCO Code Controller

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TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
	June 29-July 3,	SAC	03	111x0	Defensive Aerial Gunner
	1981	- 1	04	112X0	Inflight Refueling Operator
i	Ellsworth AFB	AFCC	55	291X0	Telecommunications Operations
	Rapid City, SD	SAC	11	316X0G	Missile Sys. Analyst (MM-2)
		- 1	•	-	* * * *
		-	163	316XCT	Missile Sys. Analyst (SRAM)
		-	-		
		-	13	316X2G	Missile Elect. Equip. (MM-2)
		[]			
			61	341X2	Defensive Systems Trainer
		1 [1	66	341X7	Missile Procedures Trainer (LCF)
26		1] [-		Missile Proc. Trainer (Airbrone)
		_	23-2X	431X2E	Aircraft Mtn (Crew Chief)
		-	23-2A	431745	Aircraft will (crew cuter)
		-	-	-	16 10 10 10
		-	24	443X0G	Missile Mtn (MM-2)
	ļ	- 1	80	462X0	Atteraft Armament Systems
		-	81	46370	Nuclear Weapons
		-	87	645X1	Material Fscilities
		-	A100	99603	Minuteman NCO Code Controller
	July 12-17, 1981	AFCC	08	27299	Air Traffic Control
	Altus AFB	MAC	057	32571	Avionics Instrumentation Sys.
	Altus, OK	-	0.58	32870	Avionics Communications
		-	059	32871	Avionics Mavigation Sys.
		! "	063	34174	Digital Flight Simulator
			065	34176	Digital NAV/TAC Training Device
		[070	40450	Precision Photo Systems Repair
			072	42370	Aircraft Electrical Sys.
			078	42775	Airframe Repair
27			083	55254	Protective Coating
		1500	102	25170	Weather
		AFCC	105	30371 30351	Air Traffic Control Radar
		MAC	119	32470	Precision Measuring Equip.
		TAC	120	32570	Automatic Flight Control Sys.
			*	32370	AUCOMACIC Flight Control Sys.
		-	121	32670D	Avionics Aeroground Equipment
		-	***	20,00	a a marale and a shart
		-	132	55265	Plumbing
			10		•
			160	30270	Weather Equipment

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
	July 13-17, 1981	MAC	101	242X0	Name Property
		MAC			Disaster Preparedness
	Scott AFB	1500	102	251X0	Weather
	Belleville, IL	AFCC	103	293X3	Ground Radio Operator
		-	160	302X0	Weather Equipment
		1	105	303X1	Air Traffic Control Radar
		- 1	109	304X1	Navigation Aids Equipment
			112	306X0	Electronic Comm & Crypto Systems
		MAC	162	306X1	Elect. Mech. Comm. & Crypto Sys.
		-	113	306%2	Telecomm. Sys./Equip. Mtn
			114	307X0	Telecomm. Sys. Control
			-		
			119	324X0	Prec. Measuring Equipment
		! " !	120	325%0	Auto Flight Control Systems
		"	58	328X0	Avionic Communications
		- 1	65	341%6	Digital Nav/Tactics Training Dev.
28		-	69	392X0	Maintenance Management
		-	72	423 X0	Aircraft Electrical Systems
			126	42375	Aerospace Ground Equipment
		-	171	426X2	Jet Engines
		-	*	42022	a a
		-	78	427X5	Airframe Repair
	•		23-2X	431X2	Airlift/Bombardment Aircraft
		-	32	545X0	Refrigerator & Cryogenics
		-	132	552X5	Plumbing
		-	136	602X1	Freight Traffic
		-	87	645X1	Material Facilities
		-	A70	A902X0	Airborne Medical Service
100		-	**		e) e) e)
	July 20-Aug 24, 1981	TAC	15-0	322X2C	Avion. Sensor Sys (Electro-Opti. System)
	Nellis AFB	- 1	23-1X	431-1F	Tactical Aircraft Mtn (F-15
	Las Vegas, NV	-	A-23	326X3B	Int. Avi. EW Equip. & Comp (F-16)
	0	-	A-24	326X4C	Int. Avi. Comp. Test Stat. (F-16) (F-15)
29		-	A-25	326X5B	Int. Avi. Man. Test Stat. & Comp (F-15)
		-	59	328X1	Avionics Navigation System
		-	69	392X0	Maintenance Management
		-	73	423X3	Aircraft Fuel Systems
		-	74	423%4	Aircraft Pneudraulic Systems
	The state of the s		/ 9	42384	VILCIAL LUGIDIZATIC SARCEM

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K.	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		TAC	79	46130	Munitions System
		IAC	17	40170	nullicious system
		**	80	462X0E	Aircraft Armament Sys (F-15)
		-	30	462X0F	Aircraft Armament Sys (F-16)
i i		**	-	462X0E	" (F-15)
				462X0D	" (F-4)
		••	141	462X0C	" (A-10)
			-	"	" " " "
			-	463X0	Nuclear Weapons
		-	118	321X2P/Q	
		•	119	324X0	Precision Measuring Equipment
			120	325X0	Auto Flight Control Systems
29	li .	*			и и и
		*	121-D	326X0	Avionics Aero Ground Equip (A-7)
		-	121-C	326X0	Avionics Aero Gr. Equip(F/RF-4)
		**	167	326X6	Int. Avionics Attack Control Sys
		*	168	326X7C	Int. Avionics Instm. & Flt Cont.
1					Sys (F-16)
		-	"	326X73	Int. Avionics Instm. & Flt Cont.
1			ĺ		Sys (F-15)
		-	-	326X7C	Int. Avionics Instm. & Flt Cont.
			Į		Sys (F-16)
		-	-	326X7C	Int. Avionics Instm. & Flt Cont.
					Sys (F-16)
		"	169	326X8	Int. Avionics Comm, Nav, & Pen
					Air System
	July 27-Aug 31,	MAC	127	115X0	Pararescue/Recovery
	1981	ESC	A3	202X0	Radio Comm. Anal/Security
	Elmendorf AFB		101	242X0	Manager Manager Laure
	Anchorage, AL	AAC MAC	101		Disaster Preparedness Weather
		AFCC	8	251X0 272X0	
		MAG	80	272X0D	Air Traffic Control Air Traffic Control
		MAG	90	272800	-Combat Control Team Ops.
		AFCC	160	302X0	Weather Equipment
30		47.00	109	302X0 303X1	Air Traffic Control Radar
30		60	105	304X1	Navigation Aids Equipment
		**	112	306X0	Elect. Comm. & Crypto. Equip. Sys
		н	162	306X1	Elec. Mech. Comm. & Crypto
			1	30000	Equip. Sys.
		-	113	306X2	Teleco . Svs/Equip. Maint.
		**	121	326X0C	Avionics Aerosp. Ground Equip.
					-F/RF-4 Peculiar AGE
		10	18	36170	Cable & Antenna Sys Instl/
					Maintenance

TRIP BAS	SE & LOCATION	AAC MAC	72 23-1X	423X0 431X1C	AFSC TITLE Acft Electrical Sys
30		60			
30		60			
30		MAC	2J-1A		Tac Acft Maintenance
30		MAC			-F/RF-4
30		11210	23-2X	431X2C	Alft/Bombardment Acft Mainte
30			23 24	431.120	-C-130
30		AAC	80	462X0	Aircraft Armament Sys
		**	31	452X1	Electrical Power Line
		•	132	552X5	Plumbing
1 1		MAC	139	605X1	Air Cargo
		**	A101	99604	Postal Specialist
			A101	99604	Postal Specialist
Aug	3-7, 1981	MAC	102	251X0	Weather
Eiel	Lson AFB	AAC	157	275X0	Tactical Air Comd & Con
Fair	rbanks, AL	AFCC	160	302X0	Weather Equipment
		•	105	303X1	Air Traffic Control Radar
		AAC	107	303X3	Auto Tracking Radar
		AFCC	109	304X1	Navigation Aids Equip
		•	111	304X6	Space Comm Sys Equip Opr
		-			
		-	112	306X0	Elect Comm & Crypto Equip Sys
	1		162	306X1	Elect Mech Comm & Crypto Equip Sy
		AAC	75 171	426X1 426X2	Reciprocating Propulsion
		SAC	171	42022	Jet Engine
31		#	23-2X	431X2E	Alft/Bombardment Acft Maint
M 31			63-4A	431722	-C/KC-135, VC-137, KC-10, E-3, E-4
			•	-	Alft/Bombardment Acft Maint
					-C/KC-135, VC-137, KC-10, E-3, E-4
		AAC	79	461X0	Munitions Sys
		•	80	462XOD	Aircraft Armament Sys (F-4)
		98	129	542X2	Elec Power Production
1		10	132	552 X5	Plumbling
		**	136	602X1	Freight Traffic
		•	87	645X1	Material Facilities
		ATC	42	921X0	Survival Training
		AAC	A101	99604	Postal Specialist
	10-14, 1981	TAC	A-23	32653A	Integ Avionics EW Equip & Comp.
	non AFB	98	1 24	226544	Total Autorities Community
CTO	vis, NM		A-24	32654A	Integ Avionics Compute Test Sta
		-	A-25	32655A	Inter Autonice Men Tee Co. C.
32			n-45	320338	Integ Avionics Man Tst Sta & Comp
32		101	A-29	54270	Electrical
		66	23-1X	43151J	Tactical Aircraft Maintenance
		98	63	34154	Digital Flight Simulator
		98	-	-	4 4 4

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		TAC	65	34176	Digital Nav/Tac Training Device
			•	-	
		•	72	42350	Aircraft Electrical Systems
		~	73	42373	Aircraft Fuel Systems
		-	76	42771	Corrosion Control
		•	79	46270	Munition Systems
		"	80	4 70H	Aircraft Armament Systems
!			83	55254	Protective Coatings
			82	46450	Explosive Ordinance Disposal
		_	87	64571	Material Facilities
		-	93	90370	Radiologic
		_	101	24270	Disaster Preparadness
				24250	market and the second
			109	30471	Navigational Aids Equipment
			112	30650	Elect Comm & Crypto Equip Sys
		_	113	30672	Telecomm Sys/Lquip Mtn
			72	42370	Aircraft Electrical Sys
			125	42371	Aircraft Environmental Sys
32			126	42375	Aerospace Ground Equipment
			129	54252	Electrical Power Production
			137	60370	Vehicle Opr/Dispatcher
		AFCC	160	30270	Weather Equipment
		TAC	162	30671	Elect Mech Comm & Crypto Equip
			167	32676A	Integ Avionics Attack Con Sys
		-	168	32657A	Inte Avionics Instm & Flt Con Sys
		••	-	32677A	W W W W W W
			•	*	00 10 t0 t0 t0
		*	169	32678A	Inte Avi Comm Nav & Pen Aids Sys
		•	-	**	10 10 10 10 10 10
			171	42672	Jet Engine
		-	**		66 Mg
		**	181	90870	Veterinery
			A103	42773	Fabrication & Parachute
	Aug 17-21, 1981	TAC	101	242X0	Disaster Preparedness
	England AFB Alexandria, LO	MAC	102	251X0	Weather
		TAC	157	275X0	Tactical Air Comd & Con
		AFCC	160	302X0	Weather Equipment
33			109	304X1	Navigation Aids Equip
		•	112	306XO	Elect Comm & Crypto Equip Sys
		TAC	57	325X1	Avionics Instm Sys
		TAC	121D	326X0D	Avionics Aerosp Ground Equip
					-A-7D/C-5 Avionics Age
			59	328X1	Avionic Navigation Sys

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TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		TAC	63	341X4	Digital Flt Simulator
		_	65	341X6	Digital Nav/Tac Tng Dvs
			69	392X0	Maintenance Mgt
		•	A103	427X3	Fabrication & Parachute
		"	77	427%4	Metals Processing
		m	*	-	* *
33		an	78	427X5	Airframe Repair
		78	80	462X0C	Aircraft Armament Sys (A-10)
		*	82	462X0	Explosive Ord Disposal
1		•	175	552X2	Metal Fabricating
		"	83	552X4	Protective Coating
		-	93	903X0	Radiologic
			-	-	•
		•	180	907%0	Environmental Health
			181	908X0	Veterinary
	Aug 24-28, 1981	AFCC	A20	297XO	Radio Frequency Management
	Wright-Patterson	AFLC	A13	231X0	Audio Visual Media
	Dayton, OH	•	A59	371X0P	Band .
		. "	A59	871XOL	Band
		•	85	622X1	Diet Therapy (X-3)
		-	93	903X0	Radiologic
			94	911X0	Aerospace Physiology
			•	"	4
		AFCC	112	306X0	Elect Comm & Crypto Equip Sys
		-	114	307X0	Telecom System Control
		•	•	-	00 96 00
		AFLC	124	918X0	Aerospace Physiology
			125	423X1	Aircraft Environmental Sym
		•	133	553X0	Engineering Asst
34	-		-	•	92 89
		, "	134	566X0	Entomology
		**	136/177	602X0	Passenger & HHG
			139	605X1	Air Cargo
			143	902X0(C)	Medical Service
		"	-	902X0(A)	60 00
		•	160	302X0	Weather Equipment
		**	•	"	N N
		**		"	10 10
		AFSC	140	511X0	Computer Operations (X-3)
		AFLC	176	566XI	Environmental Support
			177	602%0	Passenger & HHG (X-3)
		*		*	49 49
		*	178	904X0	Medical Lab
					* *
i			179	905X0	Pharmacy
			180	90730	Environmental Health
				"	- N

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	ĸ	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		AFLC	181	908X0	Veterinary
			182	912X5	Optometry.
34		*	184	913X0	Physical Therapy
			186	914X1	Mental Health Unit
	Aug 31-Sept 4,	SAC	14	321X0	Somb-Nav Systems
1	1981		A02	321X1	Def Fire Control Sys
	Dyess AFB	- 1	61	341X2	Defensive Sys Trainer
Ì	Abilene, TX	**	64	341%5	Analog Nav/Tac Trng Dvs
			70	404X0	Precision Imag & Audio Media Mtn
			125	423X1	Acft Environmental Sys
			4	72371	" " " " " "
			73	423X3	Acft Fuel Sys
35		MAC	A102	426X3	Turboprop Propulsion
,,		**	**	42025	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
-		SAC	A103	427X3	Fabrication & Parachute
- 1		MAC	23-2X	431X2	Alft/Bombard Acft Mtnc (C-130)
		SAC	80	462X0	Aircraft Armament Sys (B-52D)
		*	81	463X0	Nuclear Weapons
		-	82	464X0	Explosive Ordinance Disposal
		**	129	542X2	Elect Power Production
	Sept 14-13, 1981 Tinker AFB	AFCC	55	291X0	Telecommunications Ops
	Oklahoma City, OK	AFLC	103	293X3	Ground Radio Opr
		TAC	159	294X0	Abn Comm Sys
		- 1	**	" 1	09 10 00
		"			M9 M9 M9
		AFCC	A19	295%0	Auto Digital Switching
			109	304%1	Navigation Aids Equip
i		•	111	304X6	Space Comm Sys Equip
1			10	10	W W W
36		TAC	123	305x4	Elec Comp & Swg Sys
		AFLC	113	306X2	Telecomm Sys/Equip Maint
			114	307X0	Telecomm Sys Control
		MAC	57	325X1	Avionics Instra Sys
		TAC	A26	328X2	Abn Warning & Con Radar
		1.00	65	341X6	Digital Nav/Tac Tng Dvs
		AFLC	171	426X2	Jet Engine
		AL GO	A103	427X3	Fabrication & Parachute
				727.03	- and Total A varacines

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		TAC	77	427X4	Metals Processing
36		-	14	"	M 16
		AFLC	83	552X4	Protective Coating
			180	907X0	Environmental Health
	Sept 28-30, 1981	ATC	55	291X0	Telecommunications Ops
	Oct 6-7, 1981	AFCC	104	296X0	Comm Elect Program Mgt
	Reese AFB	"	113	306X2	Telecomm Sys/Equip Mtn
	Hurlburt, TX	ATC	57	325X1	Avionics Instm Sys
		-	126	423X5	Aerospace Ground Equipment
		- 1	76	427X1	Corrosion Control
		- 1	A29	542X0	Electrical
		-	129	542X2	Elec Fower Production
		-	14	**	e4 e4
		-	175	532X2	Metal Fabricatio
		-	133	553X0	Engineering Assc
		-	134	566X0	Entomology
37		-	176	566X1	Environmental Support
		-	136	602XI	Freight Traffic
		- 1	A106	602X2	Packaging
		- 1	143	902X0	Medical Service
		- 1			" (Allergy & Immun)
		"	178	904X0	Medical Laboratory
		-	179	905X0	Pharmacy
		- 1	180	907X0	Environmental Health
			181	908X0	Veterinary
			94	911X0	Aerospace Physiology
			184	913X0	Physical Therapy
		- 1	187	915X0	Medical Material
		**	124	913X0	Biomedical Equip Maint
	Nov 2-6, 1981	AFCC	103	293X3	Ground Radio Operator
	Kelly AFB	7	A19	295X0	Automatic Digital Switching
	San Antonio, TX	-	101	10	" "
		! "	104	296X0	Comm Elect Program Mgt
		"	08	272X0	Air Traffic Control
		ESC	A20	29730	Radio Frequency Management
		AFCC	105	303XI	Air Traffic Control Radar
		- 1	108	304X0	Wideband Comm Equip
		- 1	101	**	10 10 10
38			110	304X5	Television Equipment
		-	100	**	19
		-	123	305X4	Elect Comp & Swg System
		"	113	306X2	Telecom Sys/Equip Mtn
		"	19	361XI	Cable Splicing Install & Mtn
		AFCSC	83	552X4	Protective Coatings
		ESC	136	602X1	Freight Traffic
		AFLC	A106	602X2	Passenger & HHG

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TRIP	PACE C LOCATION	COMMAND	ĸ	AFSC #	APCC TOTALE
TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	CUMMANU		Arsc #	AFSC TITLE
		ESC	137	603X0	Vehicle Opr/Dispatching
		AFCC	**	**	" " "
		AFLC	138	605X0	Air Passenger
		*	139	605X1	Air Cargo
		AFCOMS	A48	733X1	Manpower Mgt
		ESC			*** 10
38	,	AFCOMS	140	791X0	Public Affairs
		HOUSAR	141	791XI	Radio & TV Broadcasting
-		AFLC	143	902X0	Medical Service
ì		AFLC	180	907X0	Environmental Health
			187	915X0	Medical Material
		-	178	924X0	Medical Laboratory
	Nov 16-20, 1981	AFCC	08	27270	Air Traffic Control
	Tinker AFB	*	103	29373	Ground Radio Opr
	Oklahoma City, OK	•	105	30371	Air Traffic Control Radar
				D30371	100 100 100 100
		-	**	*	** ** **
			108	30470	Wideband Comm Equip
		-	09	K130454	Ground Radio Comm
			123/262	W30574	Elect comm & Slig Sys
			59	32899	Avionic Navigation Sys
		TAC	A26	A32872	Abn Warning & Con Radar
				32872	
		SAC	170	32875	Abo Cond Page Com Vanda
		AFLC	170	32899	Abn Comd Post Comm Equip
		AFCC	19	*36171	Cable Salinian Transl 5 Mains
		arcc "	122	36271	Cable Splicing Instal & Maint Tel Central Off Switching Equip
39			10	30271	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
3,		AFLC	171	42672	Abt Engine
		AFCC	27	47272	Gen Purpose Veh Maint
		"		-	10 10 10 10 10
		AFLC	A29	54270	Electrical
		**	19	**	*
		AFLC	129	54272	Elec Power Production
		AFLC	33	54572	Heating Sys
		"	34	55170	Pavements Maint
			175	55252	Metal Fabricating
		*			" "
		TAC	138	A60570A	Air Passenger
		AFLC	01	31170	Security
		"	02	81172	Law Enforcement
		**	187	91570	Medical Material
	Jan 4-8, 1982	PACAF	159	A294X0	Airborn Comm Sys (Aircrew)
	Hickam AFB		10		10 16 10 4
40	Honolulu, HI	AFSC			10 10 10
		PACAF	A19	295X0	Auto Digital Switching
		-	104	296X0	Comm Programs/Rqmts & Res Mgt

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
		PACAF	104	296X0	Comm Prog/Rqmts & Resources Mgt
- !		-	A-20	297X0	Radio Frequency Mgt
				M297X0	" " (Aircrew Std/F
i			108	304X0	Examiner) Wideband Comm Equip
i		AFCC	100	W304X0	" " (Auto Funct
					Applic Analyst)
		-	109	304X1	Navigation Aids Equip
1	5	PACAF	162	306X1	Elect-Mech Comm & Crypto Equip Sy
ł		AFSC	A-111	A316X3	Instrumentaion
				-	*
					A
		PACAF	120 170	325X0 328X5	Auto FH Con Sys Abn Command Post Comm Equip
40	4	AFCC	18	361X0	Cable & Antenna Install Mtn
40		PACAF	70	404X0	Prec Imagery & Audio Media
		-	72	423X0	Aircraft Electrical Sys
1		MAC	10		60 100 100
1		PACAF	125	423X1	Aircraft Environmental Sys
		MAC	74	423X4	Aircraft Pneudraulic Sys
- 1			-		
İ		PACAF	A102	426X3	Turboprop Propulsion
ļ		AFSC	76 Al 10	727X1 A431X2	Corrosion Control Aerial Recovery Technician
		M N	AIIO	RAJINE	merial Recovery reduition
		-	•		e4 e6 ee
		PACAF	139	€05X1	Air Cargo
		-	179	905X0	Pharmacy
-		-	184	913X0	Physical Therapy
	8		124	918X0	Biomed Equipment Mtn
	Feb 1-5, 1982 MacDill AFB	TAC	106	30372	AC & W Radar
	Tampa, FL	14	••	-	40 40 40
	Tampa y Ta	AFCC	123	30574	Elect Comp & Switching Sys
-		TAC	115	30850	Space Sys Equipment
İ		-	118	32172P	Weapon Control Systems
			-		49 60 60
-			62	34173	Analog Flight Simulator
			64 65	34175 34176	Analog Nav/Tac Tng Dvs Digital Nav/Tac Tng Dvs
41		-	71	40431	Aerospace Photographic Sys
**		u		-	n n n
		**	10		eq eq eq
		-	77	42774	Metals Processing
			A104	54571	Liquid Fuel Systems Mtn
		-			64 N) ol 14
		-	A31	56650	Entomology

INTERVIEW SCHEDULE (CONTINUED)

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		TAC	176	56671	Environmental Support
		-	A106	60272	Packaging
		-	137	60390	Vehicle Opr/Dispatching
		-	138	60550	Air Passenger
		-	140	79170	Public Affairs
		*	143	90270	Medical Service
41		**	10	-	29 49
		•	je .	"	" (Aeromedical)
		-	144	90252	Surgical Service
		-	•		
		*	*	"	" (Opthalmology)
		**	94	91170	Aerospace Physiology
		*	187	91590	Medical Material
	March 8-12, 1982	AFSC	100	231X0	Audiovisual Media
	Eglin AFB		A14	231X2	Audiovis Prod Documentation
	Fort Walton Beach,	TAC	106	303X2	AC & W Radar
	FL				
			107	303X3	Automatic Tracking Radar
		AFCC	110	304%5	Television Equipment
		AFSC	118	321X2	Weapon Control Systems
		-	*	321X2P	P\$ 65 40
		-		321X2Q	- · · ·
		TAC	70	404X0	Precision Photo Systems
		AFSC	71	404X2	Aerospace Photo Systems
		TAC	24	443XOP	Missile Main (Drone/RVP)
		AFSC	174	472X4	Vehicle Main (Control & Analy)
			A29	542X0	Electrical
			176	566X1	Environmental Support
		**	A32	591X0	Seaman
		,	м		•
42		**	м ,	-	14
		?	A33	591X1	Marine Engine
		?			
		AFSC	177	602X0	Passenger & HHG
		_	138	605X0	Air Passenger
			A50	741X1	Recreation Services
			01	811X0	Security
			186	914X1	Mental Health Unit
		-	A85 A121	991%2	Airman Aide
		-	A121	99137	Senior Enlisted Advisor
		19	A90	995X1	Research & Development Tech
		*	A122	996X5	PME Instructor

TRIP	BASE & LOCATION	COMMAND	K	AFSC #	AFSC TITLE
	March 15-18,1982	TAC	100	231X0	Audiovisual Media
	Hurlburt AFB	-	106	303X2	AC & W Radar
	Fort Walton Beach	-	110	304X5	Television Equip
	FL	-	118	321X2	Weapon Control Sys
		AFCC	122	362X1	Tele Switch Equip/Elect Mech
		*	**	•	19 19 19 10
43		TAC	70	404X0	Prec Photo Sys Repair
			104	545X1	Liquid Fuel Systems
			176	566X1	Environmental Support
		-	A33	591X1	Marine Engine
		-	86	645X0	Inventory Management
		**	**	**	10
			A50	741X1	Recreation Services
		-	140	79130	Public Affairs
		-	A97	996X0	Student Training Advisor
		•	A122	996X5	PME Instructor

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APPENDIX E

MEDICAL HISTORY AND
CONSENT FORMS

CONSENT FORM

I,				
city to consent, do hereby volunteer to participate in a research study entitled: The Development of a Strength Aptitude Test Battery under the direction of Dr. M.M. Ayoub, Dept. of Industrial Engineering, Texas Tech University, Lubbock, TX 79409. The implications of my voluntary participation; the nature, duration and purpose; the methods and means by which it is to be conducted; and the inconvenience and hazards which may reasonably be expected have been explained to me by Dr. Ayoub or his authorized representative, and are set forth on the reverse side of this Agreement, which I have initialed. I have been given an opportunity to ask questions concerning this research project, and any such questions have been answered to my full and complete satisfaction. I understand that I may at any time during the course of this project revoke my consent, and withdraw from the project without prejudice. I FULLY UNDERSTAND THAT I AM MAKING A DECISION WHETHER OR NOT TO PARTICIPATE. MY SIGNATURE INDICATES THAT I HAVE DECIDED TO PARTICIPATE HAVING READ THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE. AM PM Signature Date Time I was present during the explanation referred to above, as well as the volunteer's opportunity for questions, and hereby witness the signa-				
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		January and notes	,	

Signature

I have briefed the volunteer and answered questions concerning the

research project.

Date

Date

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CONSENT FORM ADDENDUM Development of Strength Aptitude Test Battery

You are invited to participate in an experiment entitled "The Development of a Strength Aptitude Test Battery." We hope to measure the maximum amount of weight you are safely able to lift and handle.

If you decide to participate in this study, you will be asked to perform a series of tasks at your maximum acceptable level of exertion. You will be asked to perform manual handling activities (lifting, holding, pushing, pulling and carrying) using a standardized weight lifting machine and a wooden tote box filled with assorted lead weights. In each case you will be asked to adjust the weight you handle until you reach but do not exceed you maximum acceptable load.

To determine you maximum capability, you will start at a low weight, and the weight will be increased each time you lift, until you feel that you have reached the maximum weight that you can lift without risking any possibility of injury. This is not a contest, and you will receive no reward for participation.

One series of tests will involve the use of an incremental weight lifting machine similar to those found in gymnasiums. This series of tasks will include a maximum lift to 6 feet, a maximum lift to knuckle height, a maximum lift to elbow height, and how long you can hold 70 pounds at elbow height.

The other general series of tasks will involve the lifting, holding, and carrying of a wooden box that you will fill with lead weights. The box will have some weight in it when you start. Feel free to make as many adjustments as necessary until you are satisfied that you have reached the maximum amount of weight you can safely handle. For the push/pull activities you will be asked to exert a 3 second sustained force on a load cell by pulling or pushing against a stationary object.

The medical risks involved with this testing are no different from that of lifting weights on standard weight machine devices or handling objects on your job. These pertain to muscle and bone injuries and hernia information (both male and female) or aggravation. Yo will be asked to fill out a standard medical history sheet with special interest given to musculo-skeletal problems such as back pain or injuries, broken bones, dislocations of joints, chronic muscular aches, arthritis, hernia, or hemorrhoids. We expect some muscle aches particularly upper extremity, shoulder, and neck and back areas after the tests for up to 3 to 4 days. The amount will depend on your physical conditioning prior to the testing. There is a possibility of hernia formation or aggravation or hemorrhoid formation or aggravation. If you have a history of either without surgical repair we ask that you do not participate unless you can substantiate your participation in a regualr exercise program and you have had no back problem for a six month period.

These tests are devised to relate weight lifting capability to heavy lifting job performance. We ask that you use prudent judgment as to the extent of your participation in the various tests. Consequently, we ask that you stop when you feel fatigued, and not to overextend yourself.

Records of my participation in this study may only be disclosed in accordance with Federal Law, including Federal Privacy Act (5USC62a) and its implementing regulations. Statistical data collected during the test program may be published in scientific literautre without identifying individual subjects.

No alternative means exist to obtain the required information. Your decision to participate will not prejudice your future relation with the Air Force. If you decide to participate, you are free to withdraw your consent and to discontinue participation at any time without prejudice. If you have any questions, we expect you to ask us. If you have additional questions later, we will be happy to answer them.

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The supplimentary medical history check sheet for the Strength Aptitude Research Program is for informational purposes. It does not obligate you to participate in the study, but may disqualify you for medical reasons. Also, the study will not be used for job placement or prejudice your selection for career placement.

YOU WILL BE GIVEN A COPY OF THIS FORM TO KEEP.

Date	Volunteer's Initials	

PERSONAL DATA AND CONSENT FORM

ESTABLISHING CRITERION FOR ASSIGNING PERSONNEL TO AIR FORCE JOBS

NAME:	Date:
Name and phone number of indi emergency:	ividual to be contacted in case of
Height	Weight
CHECK IF SUSCEPTIBLE TO:	
Fatigue: Pain in an	Dizzyness: Headaches:
Have you ever had a heart att	ach? If so, give history:
Are you currently taking any	type of medicine? If so, explain:
Have you had or do you now hat If so, explain:	eve any problem with your blood pressure?
	you had any type of surgery or serious
Have you had your normal amou	hermia? Corrective date: ont of sleep within the past 24 hours?

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

I have truthfully answered the questions to the best of my knowledge, pertaining to my personal data. I hereby give my consent for my participation in the project entitled: Establishing Criterion for Assigning Personnel to Air Force Jobs. I understand that the person responsible for this project is Dr. M. M. Ayoub (806) 742-3407. He or his authroized representative (806) 742-3543 has explained that these studies are part of a project that has the objective of designing a test of physical strength to be used to assign Air Force enlisted personnel to jobs based on the physical demands of each job.

PERSONAL DATA AND CONSENT FORM continued

Dr. M. M. Ayoub or his representative has agreed to answer any inquiries I may have concerning the procedures and has informed me that I may contact the Texas Tech University Institutional Review Board for the Protection of Human Subjects by writing them in care of the Office of Research Services, Texas Tech University, Lubbock, Texas 79409, or by calling (806)742-3884.

He or his authorized representative has (1) explained the procedures to be followed and identified those which are experimental and (2) described the attendant discomforts and risks:

(1) Briefly these procedures are: (a) to perform simulated tasks requiring increasing physical effort until I reach but do not exceed maximum physical ability to do the task under the specified conditions and to perform test of my physical ability requiring increasing physical effort until I reach but do not exceed my maximum physical ability to do the test under the specified conditions. The physical efforts required will be simulating manual handling of objects such as lift/lower, push/pull, carry, and hold/position.

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(2) I realize that the attendant discomfort will be fatigue when performing the task/tests and possible muscle soreness for several days. Additional potential risks have been explained to me as follows: muscle strain or sprains, pulled tendons, back pain or sprain, or hernia.

If this research project causes any physical injury to you, treatment is not necessarily available at Texas Tech University or at the Student Health Center, or any program of insurance applicable to the institution and its personnel. Financial compensation must be provided through your own insurance program. Further information about these matters may be obtained from Dr. J. Knox Jones, Jr., Vice President for Research and Graduate Studies, (806) 742-2152, Room 118 Administration Building, Texas Tech University, Lubbock, Texas 79409.

I understand that I will not derive any the appearing treatment from participation in this study. I understand that I may discontinue my participation in the study at any time I choose without prejudice.

I understand that all data will be kept confidential and that my name will not be used in any reports, written or unwritten.

SIGNATURE OF SUBJECT:	DATE:
Signature of Project Director or his authorized representative:	
Signature of Witness to Oral Prese	ntation: