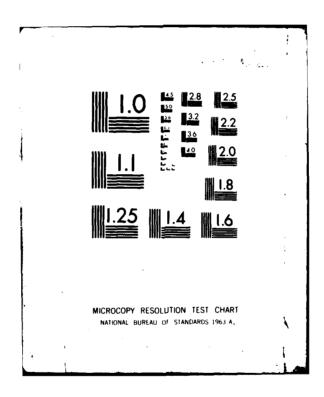
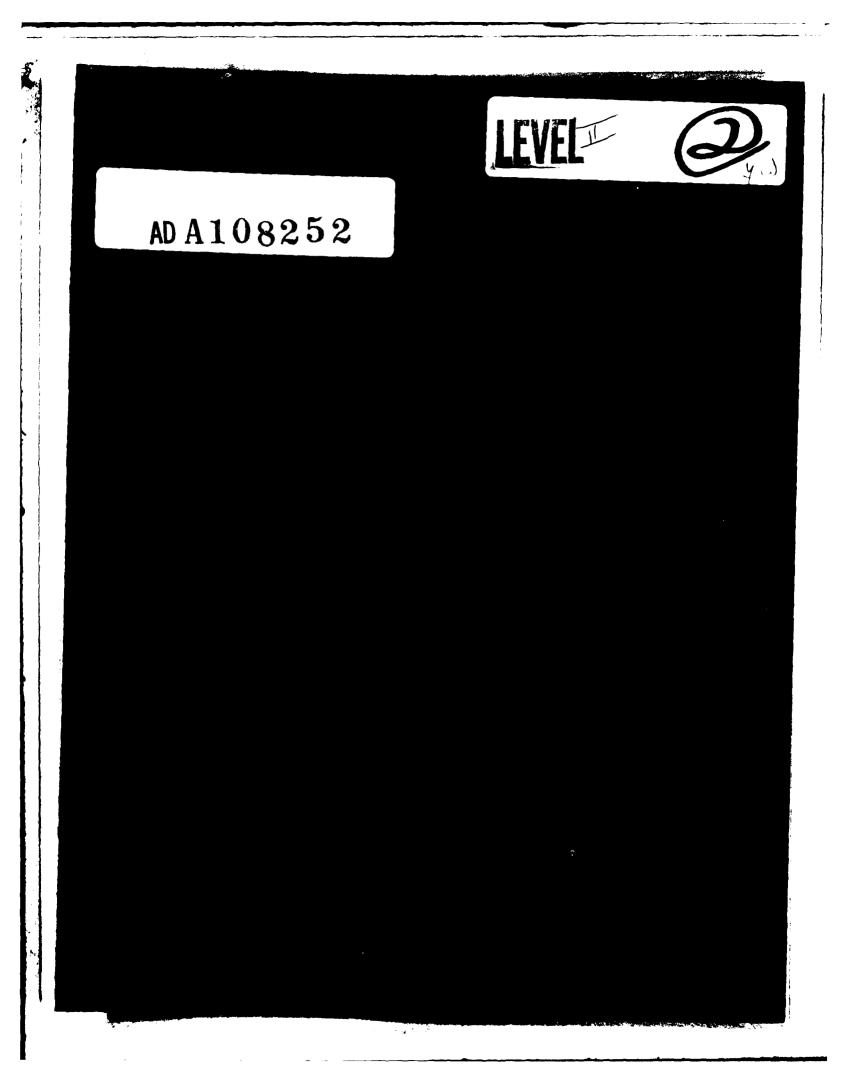
1 * 2	ED							2-81-ç-	NL	
			7	.		►	. 1		i.	
				¢.	•	- 11 - 1 - 1	•	8 4	• •	
		 								r





REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE 1. REPORT NUMBER AD-A10825	BEFORE COMPLETING FORM 0. 3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
AD-A10825	\sim
	ハ
4. TITLE (and Subtitio)	S. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVER
National Program of Inspection of Non-Federal Dama	s. 1] Phase 1 Investigation Rep
Tennessee. Lambert Dam (Inventory Number TN 0090) near Six Mile, Tennessee, Blount County, TN.,	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
Little Tennessee River Basin	C. PERFORMING ORG, REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(a)	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(a)
	DACW-62-81-C-0056
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TAS
Tennessee Department of Conservation	AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
Division of Water Resources	1
4721 Trousdale Dr., Nashville, TN 37220	12. REPORT DATE
U.S. Army Engineer District, Nashville	September, 1981
P.O. Box 1070	13. NUMBER OF PAGES
Nashville, TN 37202	
	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
Nashville, TN 37202	
Nashville, TN 37202	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified 15. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
Nashville, TN 37202 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office) 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimit	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified 15. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
Nashville, TN 37202 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office) 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimit	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified 15. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
Nashville, TN 37202 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(<i>II dillorent from Controlling Office</i>) 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimite 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different for 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side II necessary and identify by block number	IS. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified IS. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE ed
Nashville, TN 37202 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II dillorent from Controlling Office) 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimite 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different for 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side II necessary and identify by block number Dams	<pre>il. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified il. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING ed from Report) from Report) Six Mile, TN</pre>
Nashville, TN 37202 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(<i>II dillorent from Controlling Office</i>) 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimite 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different for 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side II necessary and identify by block number	IS. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified IS. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE ed

. ..

þ

S.

1 .

.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

is 117 feet in width. The embankment is well grassed and has no undesirable vegetation except for some 2 to 4 inch diameter pine trees located at the toe and left abutment tie in. No signs of sliding, cracking, differential settlement or erosion were observed on the dam or in the area immediately downstream. The dam is in the intermediate size and high potential category and should pass the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). A hydraulic and hydrologic analysis reveals that during the PMF the dam will overtop by 1.3 feet for 4.75 hours. During the 1/2 PMF, the dam overtops by .65 feet for three hours. The embankment appears to be structurally stable; however, it is considered "significantly deficient" because the spillway is inadequate. It is recommended that a qualified engineer be engaged to develop project modifications that will allow the dam to pass the PMF and that the owner perform routine maintenance operations.

Accession For NTIS GPA&I DTIC TAB Unannounced Justification By_ Distribution/ Availability Codes Avail and/or Special Dist ŀ 1

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NASHVILLE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P. O. BOX 1070 NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37202

21 SEP 1981

ORNED-G

Honorable Lamar Alexander Governor of Tennessee Nashville, TN 37219

Dear Governor Alexander:

Furnished herewith is the Phase I Investigation Report on Lambert Dam near Sixmile, Tennessee. The report was prepared under the authority and provisions of PL 92-367, the National Dam Inspection Act, dated 8 August 1972.

The report presents details of the field inspection, background information, technical analyses, findings, and recommendations for improving the condition of the dam.

Based upon the inspection and subsequent evaluation, Lambert Dam is classified as signi cantly deficient due to insufficient storage and spillway capacity to past the probable maximum flood.

We do not consider this an emergency situation at this time, but the recommendation concerning project modifications to allow safe passage of the design flood and others contained in this report should be undertaken in the near future.

Public release of the report and initiation of public statements fall within your prerogative. However, under provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, the Corps of Engineers is required to respond fully to inquiries on information contained in the report and to make it accessible for review on request.

Your assistance in keeping me informed of any further developments will be appreciated.

Sincerely,

ly LTC LEE W. TUCKER

Colonel, Corps of Engineers Commander

l Incl As stated

CF: Mr. Robert A. Hunt, Director Division of Water'Resources 4721 Trousdale Drive Nashville, TN 37220

PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGPAM TENNESSEE

This investigation and evaluation was prepared by the Engineering Division of the Nashville District of the Corps of Engineers.

PREPARED BY:

Civil Engineer

APPROVED BY:

A 100-10-10

TIM McCLESKEY

Chief I&I Section

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

Abstract		i
Overvi <i>e</i> w	Photograph	ii
SECTION 1	- GENERAL	
1,1	······································	1
1.2	Purpose and Scope	1
1.3	Past Inspection	1
1.4	Details of Inspection	2
SECTION 2	- PROJECT DESCRIPTION	
2.1	Location	2
2.2	History of Project	2
2.3	Size and Hazard Classification	3
2.4	Description of Dam and Appurtenances	3
SECTION 3	- FINDINGS	
3.1	Visual Findings	4
3.2		5
3.3	Static and Seismic Stability	5
	Hydraulic and Hydrologic Analysis	5
3.5		6
SECTION 4	- REVIW BOARD FINDINGS	8

APPENDICES

منجو ومعاميتهمو

- A. Data Summary
- B. Sketches and Location MapsC. Photographic Record

- D. Technical Critiques E. Design Drawings F. Hydraulic and Hydrologic Analysis
- G. Correspondence H. Previous Investigations

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM TENNESSEE

Name of Dam:	Lambert Dam
County:	Blount
Stream:	Tributary of Big Spring Branch
Date of Inspection:	April 21, 1981

ABSTRACT

Lambert Dam is a linear earthfill structure 605 feet long and 53 feet high with a crest width of 18 feet. The upstream and downstream slopes are IV on 3.8H and IV on 3.4H respectively. It has a capacity of 336 acre-feet at normal pool and 454 acre-feet at the top of the dam.

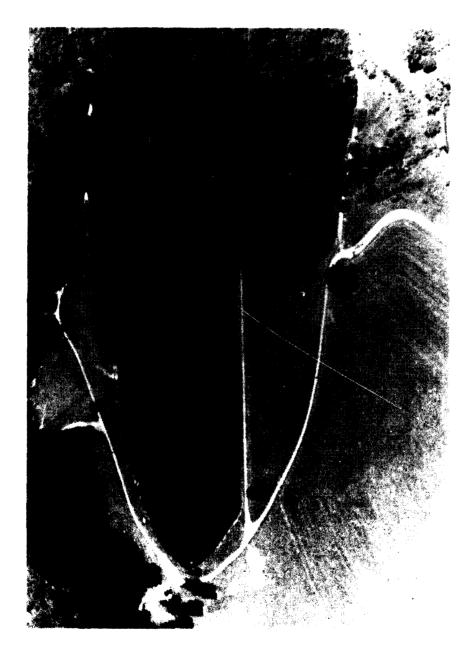
The principal spillway consists of a 2.5 feet by 7.5 feet (ID) reinforced concrete riser which feeds a 30 inch diameter outlet pipe. Drawdown of the reservoir is controlled by a 24 inch square sliding headgate. The emergency spillway is an uncontrolled saddle type located just upstream of the right abutment. It runs parallel to the crest and is 117 feet in width. The embankment is well grassed and has no undesirable vegetation except for some 2 to 4 inch diameter pine trees located at the toe and left abutment tie in.

No signs of sliding, cracking, differential settlement or erosion were observed on the dam or in the area immediately downstream.

The dam is in the intermediate size and high potential category and should pass the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). A hydraulic and hydrologic analysis reveals that during the PMF the dam will overtop by 1.3 feet for 4.75 hours. During the 1/2 PMF, the dam overtops by .65 feet for three hours.

The embankment appears to be structurally stable; however, it is considered "significantly deficient" because the spillway is inadequate. It is recommended that a qualified engineer be engaged to develop project modifications that will allow the dam to pass the PMF and that the owner perform routine maintenance operations.

-1-



OVERVIEW LAMBERT DAM

SECTION 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 <u>Authority</u>: The Phase I inspection of this dam was conducted under the authority of Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 70-2501 to 70-2530, "The Safe Dams Act of 1973", in cooperation with the US Army Corps of Engineers under the authority of Public Law 92-367, "The National Dam Inspection Act".
- 1.2 <u>Purpose and Scope</u>: This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers, "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams", for a Phase I investigation. The purpose of the Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazard to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigation, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of Phase I investigations. However, the investigation is intended to identify the need for any such study.

In the review of this report, it should be realized that the reported conditions of the dam are based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. Additional data or data furnished containing incorrect information could alter the findings of this report.

The analyses and the recommendations included in this report are related to the hazard classifications of the structure at the time of this report. Changes in conditions downstream of the dam may change the hazard classification of the structure. A change in hazard classification may in turn change the design flood on which the hydraulic and hydrologic analyses are based and may have a significant impact on assessment of the safety of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of the dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions will be detected.

1.3 Past Inspections: Following the failure of the dam on October 12, 1963, the dam was inspected on October 17, 1963 by William P. Clark of the Tennessee Valley Authority. A written report and photos of this failure are on file with TVA. A summary of the report indicated that failure may have been due to the collapse of a 6-inch pipe that

1

existed through the dam. See Appendix H for a copy of this report. An inventory inspection was also conducted on 8 September 1980 by the Tennessee Department of Conservation, Division of Water Resources.

1.4 Details of Inspection: The Phase I inspection was conducted on April 21, 1981 by the US Army Corps of Engineers. It was surveyed by the Tennessee Department of Conservation, Division of Water Resources on the same date. The weather was clear and warm (72°). The reservoir was at normal pool, elevation 1059.0.

Inspection team members were:

Paul F. Bluhm	-	Civil Engineer Nashville District US Army Corps of Engineers
Timothy McCleskey	-	Civil Engineer Nashville District US Army Corps of Engineers
Tom Porter	-	Hydraulic Engineer Nashville District US Army Corps of Engineers
Troy Wedekind	-	Water Resources Engineer Tennessee Department of Conservation Division of Water Resources

SECTION 2 - PROJECT DESCRIPTION

- 2.1 Location: Lambert Dam is located about seven miles south of Maryville, Tennessee, and approximately one-half mile due east of the intersection of Montvale Road and Old Piney Road. It impounds a tributary of Big Spring Branch which is in turn a tributary of Sixmile Creek. The dam is shown on the US Geological Survey 7.5 minute Blockhouse Quadrangle Map at latitude 35° 39' 30"N and longitude 83° 57' 12"W. Location maps are provided in Appendix B of this report.
- 2.2 <u>History of the Project</u>: Design of the dam was by the Soil Conservation Service of Blount County and it was constructed in 1957 to impound a 17 acre lake for use as a farm pond. On October 12, 1963 a small leak occurred, presumably near a 6-inch pipe that existed through the dam. The size of the leak increased until the embankment caved in failing the dam. Although exact cause of failure was not determined it is thought to be due to failure of the 6-inch pipe which led to piping of the embankment material and a breach of the dam. Damage to the downstream area was limited to flooding of a church and slig't damage to Montvale Road. The SCS redesigned the dam a i it was _constructed in 1964 by Blount Brothers Construction

Company. During the reconstruction, soil borings were taken from the borrow area and from the spillway foundation area by the SCS. The dam is now slightly larger and impounds a 20 acre lake. The dam was owned by J. B. Lambert when it failed in 1963, but is now owned by Keith McCord.

2.3 <u>Size and Hazard Classification</u>: According to CCE guidelines, the dam is in the intermediate size category with a height of 53 feet and a storage capacity of 336 acre-feet at normal pool level and approximately 454 acre-feet at the top of the dam. The structure is classified in the high hazard potential category because a house, small grocery store and county road located one-half mile downstream would be in the probable flood path should a sudden failure occur.

2.4 Description of Dam and Appurtenances:

2.4.1 Embankment: The embankment is a linear aligned earthfill structure presumably constructed of material (ML, CL and SC) excavated from the reservoir area. The dam has a maximum structural height of 53 feet. The crest is 605 feet in length, 18 feet wide, and varies in elevation from 1064.5 feet to 1067.4 feet. The upstream and downstream slopes are uniform and are inclined at IV on 3.8H and IV on 3.4H respectively. A small wave berm, 18 feet in width, and inclined at IV on 8H is located along the upstream face, 1.5 to 2.5 feet above the water surface.

The dam is underlain by Paleozoic Age rocks, mainly Cambrian and Lower Ordovician. The overburden at the dam site is composed of colluvial and local alluvial deposits of silty and sandy loam (ML, CL and SC) which were derived from sandstone, quartzite, slate and shale.

- 2.4.2 Emergency Spillway: The emergency spillway is a 117 foot wide saddle spillway located just upstream of the right abutment. The centerline of the spillway is parallel to the axis of the dam and exits to a broad, open meadow just upstream of the right abutment. The left side slope (toward the dam) is IV on 9.911 while the right side slope is IV on 7.611. Although the entrance channel is steep (28.2%) the exit channel is fairly flat and uniform ranging from a beginning slope of .1% to a 6% slope 200 feet from the reservoir. The spillway ends in a large ravine 400 to 500 feet from the reservoir. A paved access road crosses the spillway at approximately 30 feet from the reservoir.
- 2.4.3 <u>Service Spillway</u>: The service spillway is a 2.5 feet by 7.5 feet reinforced concrete riser, 36 feet high and maintains a normal pool at elevation 1059.0. It is covered by a solid metal platform and has trash racks covering two sides of the structure. A grated metal walkway provides access to the structure.

The riser feeds a 30 inch diameter, reinforced concrete pipe, 336 feet long. The plans show 11 anti-seep collars along the length of the discharge pipe.

- 2.4.4 Drawlown Facilities: The drawdown facility consists of an 18 inch diameter pipe controlled by a 24 inch square slide gate. The gate is manually operated from the top of the riser.
- 2.4.5 <u>Downstream Channel</u>: The 30 inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe empties into a 25 foot diameter stilling basin. The channel exiting from the stilling basin is about 3 to 4 feet wide and widens to 5 to 6 feet after passing under a culvert 200 feet from the stilling basin. The channel then joins a larger stream and flows into a flat pasture before passing under Montvale Road one-half mile downstream from the dam.
- 2.4.6 <u>Reservoir and Drainage Area</u>: At normal pool level, elevation 1059.0, the reservoir impounds about 336 acre-feet of water and has a surface area of about 20 acres. At the top of the dam the reservoir volume is about 450 acre-feet. The size of the drainage area is 0.73 square miles. Major soil types in the watershed include Ramsey, Jefferson, and Montevallo series. The majority of the watershed is woods.

SECTION 3 - FINDINGS

3.1 Visual Findings:

3.1.1 Embankment: The upstream slope has a good, but short grass cover. Wave action has been eroding the wave berm somewhat but it does not appear to be serious at this time. The crest is straight and uniform and is covered with a thin layer of gravel. It is in good condition with the exception of some ruts made by vehicle traffic. The downstream slope also has a good but short grass cover. Apparently, the owner allows cattle to graze on the dam which keeps the grass short but also produces tracks and ruts. Because of these ruts parts of the downstream slope near the crest had to be reseeded. The dam was free of undesirable growth with the exception of a few 2 to 4 inch diameter pine trees which were located at the contact of the left abutment and the embankment and just past the toe of the dam. Two 5 inch diameter pine trees were also located on the embankment, about 20 feet from the end of the outlet pipe.

Two apparent wet areas were observed on the embankment. One was located on the left side at the toe of the dam and was about 20 feet in length and 3 feet wide. The other was at about station 0+50R, about two-thirds the way down the embankment. It was about 30 feet long and 10 feet in width. Because of the recent rains, it could not be ascertained if the areas were wet due to seepage through the the embankment or residual moisture from the rain. Two eight inch diameter toe drains, located near the outlet structure were visible. Both were half filled with silt and had a slight trickle of water flowing from them.

3.1.2 <u>Service Spillway</u>: The service spillway is in good condition with the exception of some leaks in the construction joints of the riser. The workt leak was at the first construction joint (from the bottom) and according to the caretaker was keeping the lake below normal pool. The 30 inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe was in good condition and showed no signs of spalling or deterioration. The drawdown gate was not operated during the inspection but was reported to be in good condition. The stilling basin was in good condition with no signs of erosion or undercutting.

3.1.3 <u>Downstream Channel</u>: The downstream channel is relatively flat for the first few hundred feet and is well grassed with some trees and brush lining the banks. The channel then deepens (10 to 12 feet in depth) with heavy brush lining the steep banks. It then joins another stream which traverses through a well grassed pasture.

3.1.4 <u>Reservoir and Drainage Area</u>: The drainage area is steep and heavily wooded although part of the area bordering the lake is well grassed. There was no indication of any significant sedimentation.

- 3.2 <u>Review of Data</u>: Information available for review included a set of drawings that was prepared by the Soil Conservation Service for the repair of the dam following its failure. The plans called for the remedial work to key into the existing embankment. In addition, the plans also called for a toe drain which was evident by the 8-inch diameter pipes near the outlet structure.
- 3.3 <u>Static and Seismic Stability</u> The actual margin of safety for static stability cannot be determined because the engineering data required for an analytical stability analysis are not available. However, an assessment of the embankment stability based on visual evidence and engineering judgment would indicate a stable structure due to moderate embankment slopes and the lack of leaks or seepage. The project is located in Seismic Zone 2, and according to OCE guidelines, should not be expected to be threatened by seismic effects provided static conditions are satisfied.
- 3.4 <u>Hydraulic and Hydrologic Analysis</u> According to OCE guidelines, the design flood for an intermediate size dam in a high hizard area is the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Hydraulic analysis indicates that out-flow resulting from the PMF (AMC II) will over top the dam by a maximum depth of 1.3' for a duration of 4.75 hours. Additional analysis indicates that outflow from the ½ PMF will overtop the dam by a maximum depth of .65' for 3.0 hours.

3.5 Conclusions and Recommendations:

- 3.5.1 Conclusions:
 - a. On the basis of visual evidence and engineering judgement, the dam is considered to be structurally stable. The embankment slopes are moderate and are considered adequate. The two wet areas found are not considered serious The project has the appearance that it is well constructed.
 - b. The leaks in the construction joints of the principal spillway do not pose a serious problem.
 - c. Small pine trees are present only at the embankment-abutment contact, toe of the dam and above the spillway outlet.
 - d. The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2, indicating that risk of damage from seismic activity is only moderate.
 - e. Hydraulic analysis indicates that the spillway will not pass the Probable Maximum Flood as required by OCE guidelines for dams of intermediate size and high hazard potential. Under the 1/2 PMF, the dam is overtopped by .65 feet for 3 hours. Failure would probably not occur during the 1/2 PMF.
 - f. The dam is considered "significantly deficient" solely because the spillway will not pass the appropriate design flood.

3.5.2 Recommendations:

- a. The owner should engage the services of a qualified engineer to:
 - 1. Develop project modifications to allow safe passage of the PMF.
 - 2. Evaluate the leaks in the service spillway and make appropriate recommendations.
 - Direct the removal of pine trees and repair of embankment following their removal.
- b. The toe drains should be cleaned out so they can function properly. They should be checked periodically for any deposition of additional material. A qualified engineer should be engaged to determine the cause of any further deposition.

- c. The owner should not allow cattle to overgraze the embankment. Controlled grazing should be practiced to minimize damage to the embankment.
- d. The two small wet areas on the embankment should be reinspected during a dry period to determine if they were a result of rainfall or actual seepage. A qualified engineer should be engaged to determine the cause of the wet areas if they are still present during a dry period.
- e. The progression of the erosion of the wave berm shall be periodically checked. A qualified engineer should be angaged if the erosion becomes severe.
- f. The drawdown gate on the service spillway should be operated at least twice a year.
- g. An emergency action plan should be developed, including a warning system to alert downstream residents, in the event a serious condition develops with the dam.
- h. The owner should establish a regular program of inspection and maintenance to provide detection and timely correction of problem areas.

SECTION 4 REVIEW BOARD FINDINGS

The Interagency Review Board for the National Program of Inspection of Non-Federal Dams met in Nashville on 27 August 1981 to examine the technical data contained in the Phase I investigation report for Lambert Dam. The Review Board considered the information and recommended that (1) the owner chould engage the services of a qualified engineer if any deporition of material continues to occur in the toe drains, (2) cattle grazing on the embankment should be controlled to minimize damage to the embankment, and (3) the progression of the erosion of the wave berm should be periodically checked. They agreed with other report conclusions and recommendations. A copy of the letter report presented by the Review Board is included in Appendix G.

8

. . .

APPENDIX A

DATA SUMMARY

ł

Ŧ

1

S.

APPENDIX A DATA SUMMARY SHEET LAMBERT DAM BLOUNT COUNTY, TENNESSEE

A.1 DAM

- A.1.1 <u>Type:</u> The dam is a linear earth structure with an open channel emergency spillway exiting just upstream of the right abutment. The service spillway is a reinforced concrete riser with a 30-irch reinforced concrete drain pipe.
- A.1.2 Dimensions and Elevations: Elevations are expressed in feet and are referenced from an assumed benchmark elevation of 1060.0.
 - a. Crest Length: 605 feet
 - b. Crest Width: 18 feet
 - c. Height: 53.4 feet (Low point of crest to D/S invert of spillway pipe)
 - d. Crest Elevation: 1064.5 feet
 - e. Emergency Spillway Elevation: 1061.8 feet
 - f. Service Spillway Elevation: 1059.0 feet (normal pool)
 - g. Embankment Slope, Upstream: IV on 3.8H
 - h. Embankment Slope, Downstream: IV on 3.4H
 - i. Size Classification: Intermediate
- A.1.3 Embankment Zoning: Design drawings of the reconstructed section show that it was to be compacted to 95% Standard Proctor Density. As built drawings also show that a toe drain with two 8 inch CMPS was constructed.
- A.1.4 Cutoffs and Grout Curtains: None
- A.1.5 Instrumentation: None
- A.1.6 <u>Operation and Maintenance</u>: The dam is maintained by the owner, Keith McCord, and his caretaker. The drawdown gate has not been operated in recent years.

A.2 RESERVOIR AND DRAINAGE AREA

A.2.1 Reservoir:

- a. At Normal Pool
 - (1, Elevation: 1059.0
 - (2) Surface Area: 20 acres
 - (3) Storage: 336 acre-feet
 - (4) Length: 1700 feet
- b. At Top of Dam
 - (1) Elevation: 1064.5 feet
 - (2, Surface Area: 25 acres
 - (3) Storage: 454 acre feet.

A.2.2 Drainage Area:

- a. Size: 467 acres (.73 sq. mi.)
- b. Soils: Jefferson, Ramsey
- c. Average Slope: 25%
- d. Land Uses: Woods, pasture, few roads or structures
- e. Runoff from PMP (28.5 inches in 6 hours)
 - (1) AMC II: 25.5 inches
 - (2) AMC III: 27.5 inches
- f. Runoff from 100 year storm (4.8 inches in 6 hours)
 - (1) AMC II: 2.3 inches
 - (2) AMC III: 3.5 inches

A.3 OUTLET STRUCTURES

A.3.1 Service Spillway and Drawdown Facilities:

 Type - Reinforced concrete riser, 36 feet in height with 2.5' by 7.5' opening.

- b. Pipe Size 30" diameter, reinforced concrete, 336 feet long.
- c. Pipe gradient 3.5%
- d. Drawdown 18" opening covered by 24" slide gate. Manually operated.
- A.3.2 <u>Emergency Spillway</u>: The spillway is just upstream of the right abutment and has a grass cover. It crosses a paved access road parallel to the abutment and empties into a broad meadow.
 - a. Elevation: 1061.8
 - b. Size: The spillway entrance has a width of 117 feet and side slopes of IV to 9.9H (left side toward dam) and IV to 7.6H (rt. side)
 - c. Maximum capacity: 743 cfs

A.4 HISTORICAL DATA

- A.4.1 Original Construction Date: 1957
- A.4.1.1 Failure Date: October 12, 1963
- A.4.1.2 Reconstruction Date: 1964
- A.4.2 Designer: Soil Conservation Service
- A.4.3 Builder: Lambert Brothers Construction Company
- A.4.4 Owner: Keith McCord
- A.4.5 <u>Previous Inspections</u>: October 17, 1963 by William P. Clure of TVA following failure on October 12, 1963
- A.4.6 Seisuic Zone: 2

A.5 DOWNSTREAM HAZARD DATA

T

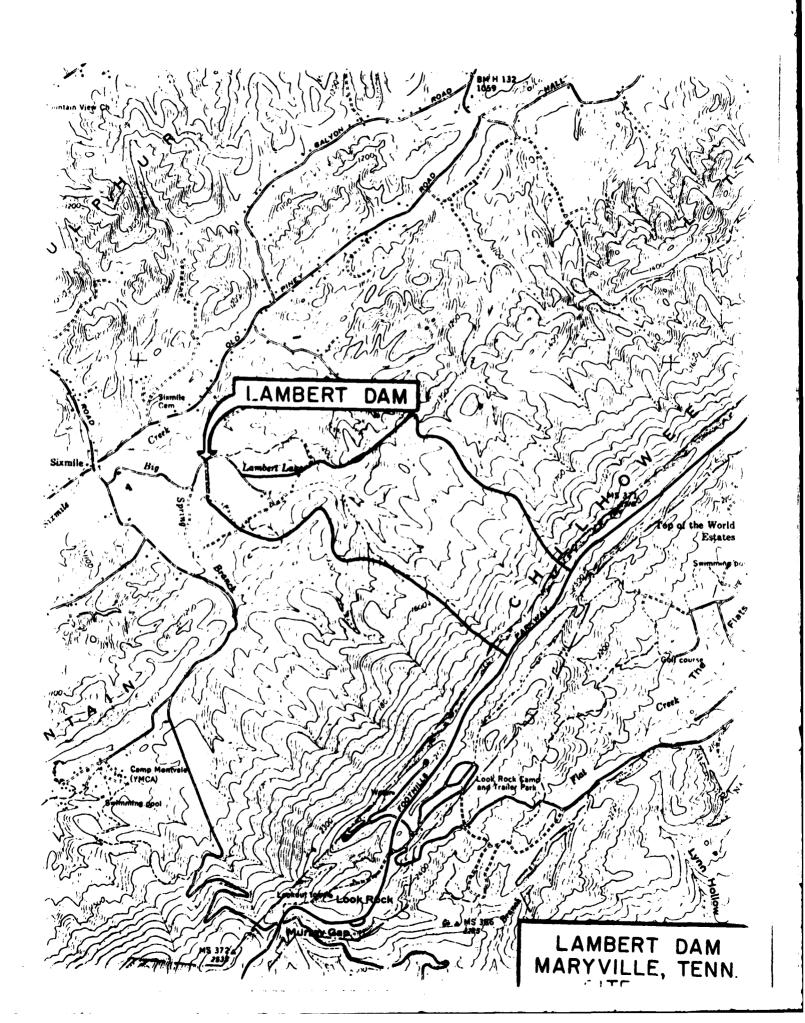
- A.5.1 Downstream Hazard Classification: High
- A.5.2 Persons in Likely Flood Path: Approximately 4 to 10
- A.5.3 Downstream Property: One house, a grocer/ store and county road.
- A.5.4 Warning Systems: None

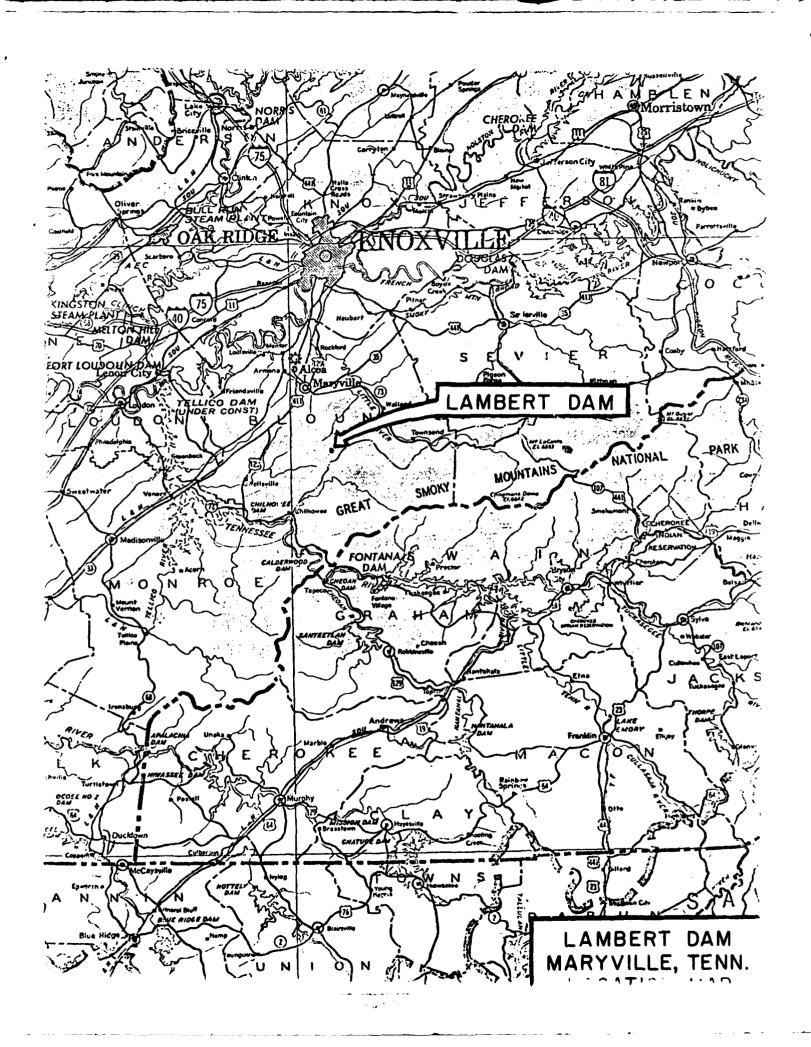
APPENDIX B

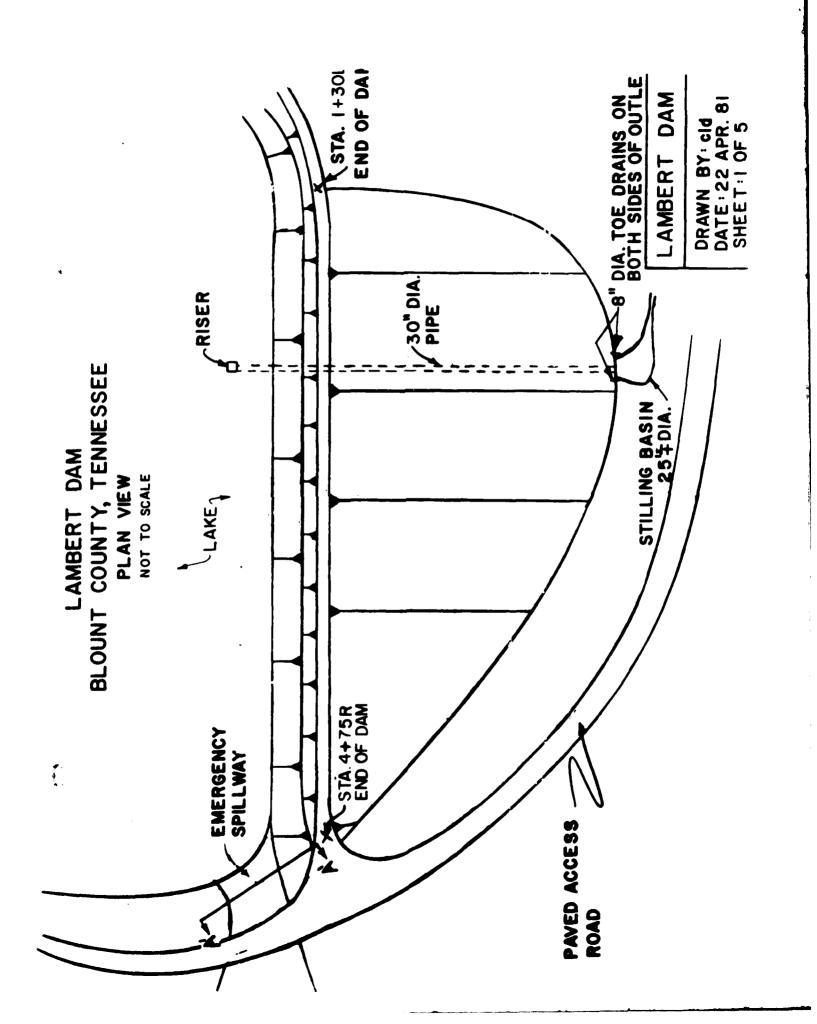
. . .

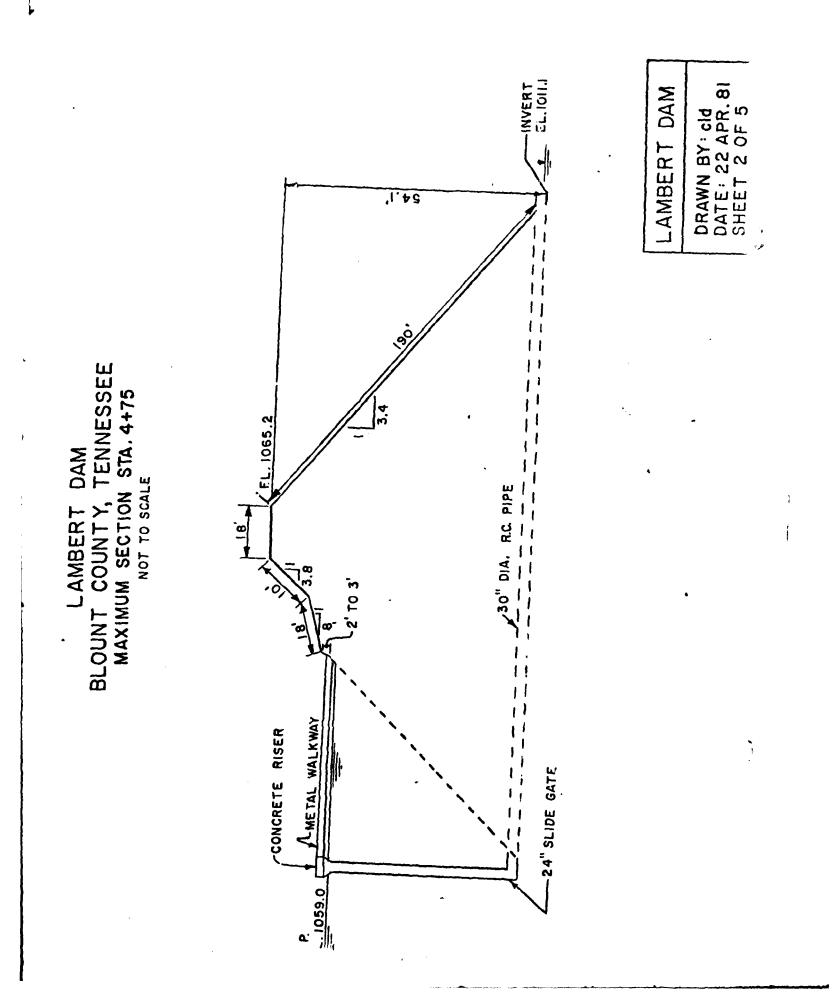
SKETCHES AND LOCATION MAPS

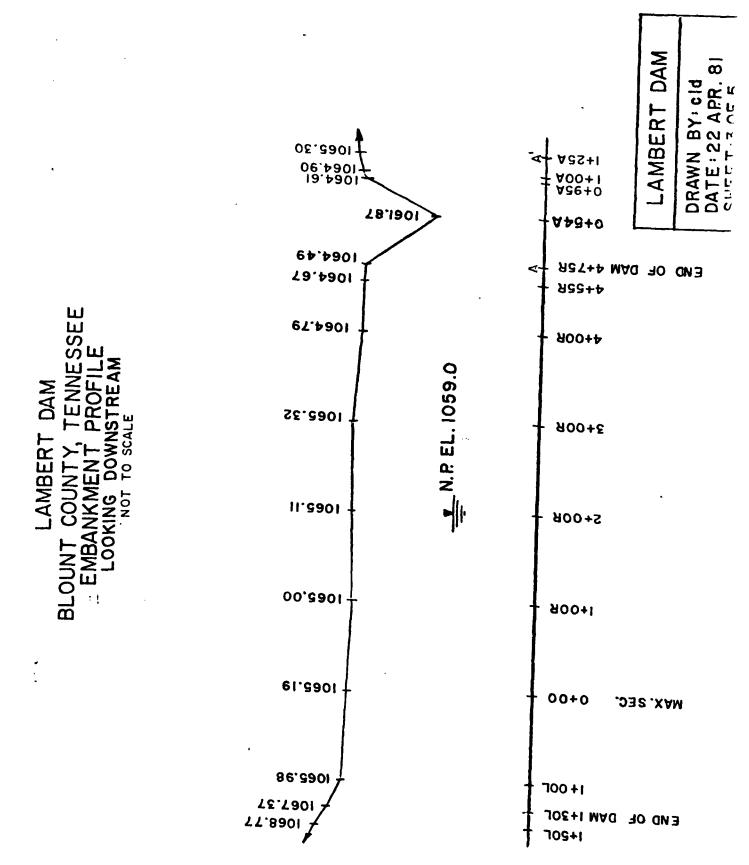
С



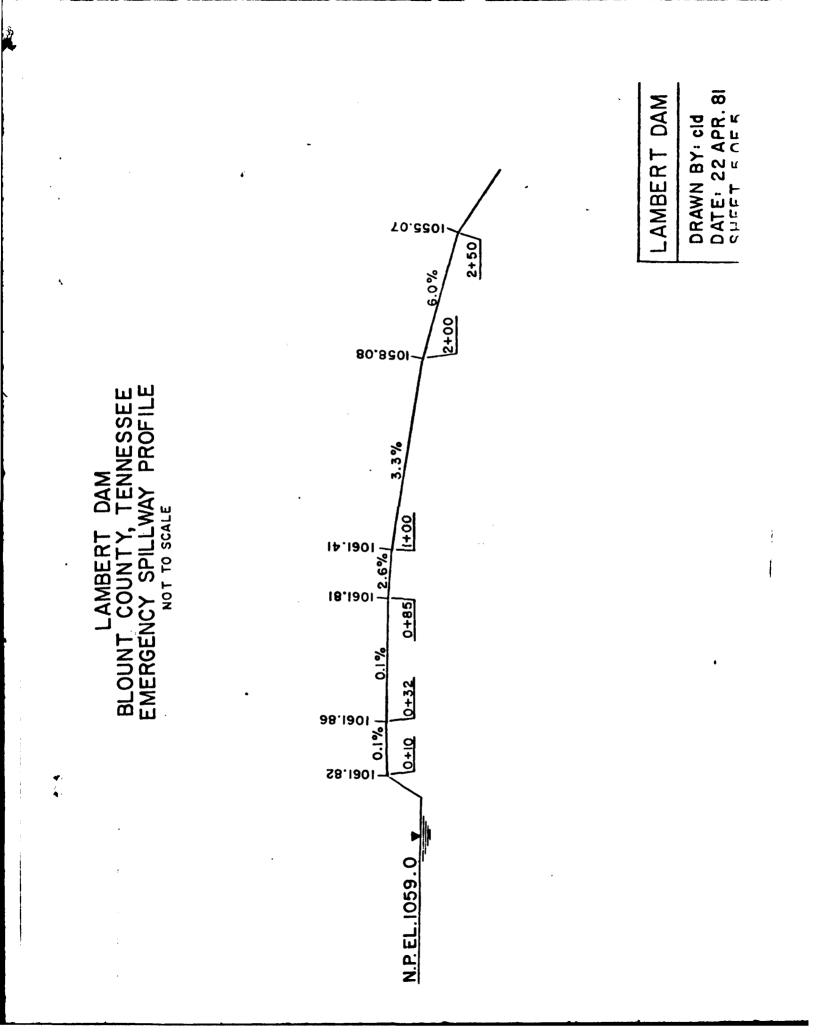








Ż 1 EL.1064.12 DRAWN BY: cld DATE: 22 APR. 81 SHEET: 4 OF 5 LAMBERT DAM 20-0" BLOUNT COUNTY, TENNESSEE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY CROSS SECTION ALONG PAVED ACCESS ROAD LOOKING NORTH NOT TO SCALE EL. 1061.8 LAMBERT DAM .67LO : 1063.5 /



APPENDIX C

C

PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

ų ,

APPENDIX C PTOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

Photograph No.

ź

1	Downstream slope of dam
2	View of access road and right abutment
3	Upstream slope of dam. Note erosion of wave berm
4	Crest of dam
5	Crest of dam. Note ruts with standing water
6	Downstream slope of dam from right abutment. Note reseeded area
78	Contact between lift abutment and embankment. Note pine trees
. 7	Contact between toe of dam and downstream area. Note pine trees
8	Emergency spillway entrance channel
9	Emergency spillway crossed by access road.
10	Exit channel of emergency spillway
11	Principal spillway and riser
12	Outlet pipe and stilling basin. Note pine tree on the embankment
13	Toe drain partially covered
14	Downstream channel
15	Downstream channel 200 feet from outlet pipe
16	View from crest of downstream area
17	View of "lowpoint" in access road.

87.88

. . .



PHOTO NO. 1





,



4

۲

PHOTO NO. 3

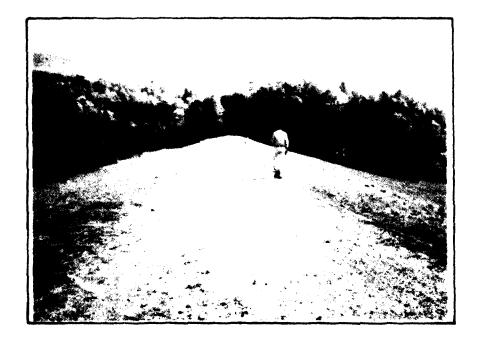


PHOTO NO. 4



PHOTO NO. 5



PHOTO NO. 6



₹

PHOTO NO. 7A



PHOTO NO. 7



Ţ







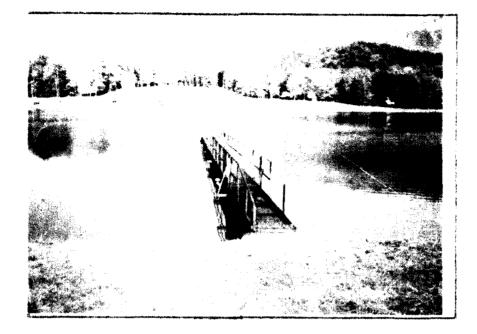




PHOTO NO. 12



PHOTO NO. 13



Ī

PHOTO NO. 14



1

)

PHOTO NO. 15



PHOTO NO. 16



APPENDIX D TECHNICAL CRITIQUES

Ĺ

4 May 1981

ORNED-G

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: Phase Investigation of Lambert Dam

1. An inspection team, composed of engineers from the Corps of Engineers and Tennessee Water Resources Department, conducted a Phase I investigation on Radnor Dam, near Maryville, Tennessee on 21 April 1981 Listed below are members of the inspection team:

Paul Bluhm	Civil Engineer	Corps of Engineers
Tim McCleskey	Civil Engineer	Corps of Engineers
Tom Porter	Hydraulic Engineer	Corps of Engineers
Troy Wedekind	Water Resources	State of Tennessee
•	Engineer	

2. Lambert Dam is owned by Keith McCord of Maryville, Tennessee and is used as a farm pond. The dam is located approximately 7 miles south of Maryville, and is on a tributary of Big Spring Branch which is in turn, a tributary of Six Mile Creek. The dam was originally designed by the Soil Conservation Service and was constructed by Lambert Brothers Construction Company in 1957. The dam failed in October of 1963 and the SCS again provided the design plans for its reconstruction.

3. Prior to inspecting the dam, the inspection team went to the Blount County SCS office. Mr. Dewey Simpson of the SCS, had photographs of the failure in 1963 and provided information concerning the failure. The exact cause of failure was not determined. However, Mr. Simpson said the failure may have been due to the collapse of the 30-inch concrete outlet pipe or of an 8-inch pipe that extended through the dam that was used for irrigation purposes. No lives were lost and property damage was limited to flooding of a church basement 1/2 mile downstream. The church has since been relocated.

4. The dam is an earth embankment 605 feet in length, 54 feet in height and impounds a 20 acre lake. The reservoir contains an estimated 336 acre-feet at normal pool and 454 acre-feet at the crest of the dam. Observations noted at time of inspection are as follows:

a. Upstream slope - The upstream slope of 1V to 3.8H meets an 18-foot wide wave berm. The wave berm lies on a 1V to 8H slope and is about 1.5 feet above normal pool level. Both the slope and the wave berm are well grassed. Wave action is eroding the berm somewhat, but was not considered serious.

4 May 1981

ORNED-G SUBJECT: Phase I Investigation of Lambert Dam

b. <u>Crest</u> - The 18-foot wide crest was straight and uniform. It was covered with a thin layer of gravel and was used as a road. It was in good condition except for some vehicle tracks in which 1-2 inches of water was standing.

c. Downstream slope - The downstream slope of 1V to 3.4H agrees with that shown on the "as built" drawings. The slope was uniform and had a good grass cover although it was very short due to the cattle that grazed on it. Near the crest, the owner had to reseed part of the embankment due to the tracks made by the cattle. Small pine trees, 2-4 inches in diameter were present at the contact between the left abutment and the embankment and at the toe of the dam. Two pine trees, 5 inches in diameter were also present at the toe. directly above the 30-inch outlet pipe. Two, small wet areas were found. The first was on the left side at the contact between the toe and natural ground. There was a small swale at this point and the moisture observed could possibly be retainage from recent rains. The second wet area was about 2/3 the way down the embankment, just to the right of the outlet structure at Station 7+00. It was 25 to 30 feet in length and 10 feet wide. Again, it is possible that this area was still wet due to recent rains. Two 8-inch diameter CMP toe drains were visible near the outlet of the 30-inch diameter pipe. Both were about half filled with material and water and had a very small flow exiting from them.

d. <u>Abutments</u> - Both abutments were in good condition. No significant erosion or seepage was observed. A paved access road was on the right abutment.

e. <u>Emergency Spillway</u> - The emergency spillway was a 125-foot wide saddle type, located on the right side of the embankment. It runs parallel to the crest and crosses the paved access road and exits into a broad field just upstream of the right abutment. Water was present in the spillway, between the reservoir and the access road, but this was due to the recent rainfall. The spillway was in good condition with a good grass cover.

f. <u>Principal Spillway</u> - According to the "as built" plans, the principal spillway consists of a reinforced concrete riser 36 feet in height, feeding a 30-inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe. Access to the structure was by means of a 110 foot walkway. The structure was covered by a solid metal platform. Trash racks, 9.5 feet by 1 foot were present on two sides of the structure, and both were clear of debris. An inspection of the 7.5 by 2.5 foot opening revealed that there was considerable leakage at the first construction joint. With the exception of this leakage, the structure was in good condition. Drawdown facilities consisted of a 18-inch diameter inlet, operated by a 24-inch sliding headgate. The gate is manually operated but was not operated at the time of inspection. A 336 foot, 30-inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe was fed by the riser and exits into a stilling basin at the toe of the dam. The 30-inch pipe was in excellent condition.

4 May 1981

ORNED-G SUBJECT: Phase 1 Investigation of Lambert Dam

g. <u>Stilling basin</u> - Located at the top of the dam, the stilling basin was about 25 to 30 feet in diameter and has its slopes protected by large concrete slabs. Small trees and saplings were present as was a good grass cover in places where concrete slabs weren't placed. The flow from the 30-inch pipe was estimated to be between 60 and 100 gpm and was very clear. Riprap placed directly below the outflow prevented any erosion.

h. <u>Downstrear channel</u> - The channel downstream of the stilling basin had a base width of 4-5 feet and side slopes of about IV to 3 H. The slopes were well grassed and lined with small trees. About 250 feet downstream, the stream passes under an access road through an old riser culvert. The channel widens to about 6-8 feet in width and has a heavier brush over lining the banks. The stream then flows into a flat pasture before flowing under Montvale Road 1/2 mile from the dam.

1. <u>Reservoir</u> - An access road encompasses most of the reservoir. The slopes were moderately steep with a good grass cover around about half of the reservoir and woods around the rest. A low point exises on the access road across from the crest and it was at about the same elevation as the crest.

5. Potential downstream damage if rapid failure occurred could include a house, small store, and Montvale Road.

6. The undersigned concluded from the visual inspection that:

a. The small trees growing near the left embankment, below the toe of the embankment, and those above the 30-inch pipe should be removed.

b. Cattle should not be allowed to graze on the enbankment.

c. The solid metal platform covering the principal spillway should be replaced with a grated platform.

d. Hydraulic and hydrologic analyses should be conducted to determine the adequacy of the spillway.

e. The two small wet areas on the downstream embankment should be reinspected during a dry period to determine if they were a result of rainfall or actual seepage.

f. The two toe drains should be cleaned out so that they can function properly.

g. The concrete riser should be repaired to prevent seepage that is entering the first construction joint.

ORNED-G SUBJECT: Phase I Investigation of Lambert Dam

Å

4 May 1981

h. The owner should maintain a regular program of regular inspection and general maintenance. The objective of the program should be for the early detection and timely correction of any problem areas.

N PAUL F. BLUHM **Civil Engineer**

MCCLESKEY/ED-G

COUCH/ED-G

30 April 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: Trip Report on the Inspection of Lambert Dam, Blount County, Tennessee

1. A Phase I inspection of Lambert Dam was made 21 April 1981 by Messrs. Paul Bluhm, Tom Porter, and Timothy McCleskey. Troy Wedekind and a two-man surveying crew from the Division of Water Resource, State of Tennessee, the carekeeper, and the wife of the owner of the dam were also present during the inspection. The dam is located about 7 miles south of Maryville, Tennessee, and approximately one-half mile due east of the intersection of Montvale Road and Old Piney Road. It is shown on USGS Blockhouse Quadrargle, Blount County, Tennessee, dated 1966. The owner is Mr. Keith McCord. During the inspection, the weather was clear, sunny, warm, slightly windy, and temperatures in the low 70's.

2. Before the inspection, the inspection team talked with Mr. Dewey Simpson, District Conservationist, of the Soil Conservation Service, about the history, safety, and structural adequacy of the dam. We were informed that the dam failed in 1963 at a section along the service spillway outlet pipes. The outlet pipes consisted of a 30-inch concrete pipe with an upstream valve and a 6-inch steel pipe with a downstream valve. The original design included two 30-inch concrete pipes; however, the owners chose to install the 30-inch and 6-inch pipes. The cause of failure was not given, but a pipe failure and subsequent piping along one of the pipes is suspected. No loss of life or injuries resulted from the failure and property damage was mostly confined to the property of the owner. A church building located near the intersection of Montvale Road and Old Piney Road was partially flooded and damaged. This building has since been relocated. Mr. Simpson showed us photographs of the dam and downstream area after the failure, but he was reluctant to provide us with negatives of these photographs. The dam was initially designed by the SCS in the early sixties, prior to 1963. After the 1963 failure, a redesign to repair the breached section was prepared by the SCS and construction was completed about 1965.

3. The underlying rock at the dam probably includes shales, sandstones, and slate. Rock exposed in cuts at the dam and in nearby road cuts consists of highly weathered sandstones and shales. These exposed rocks appeared to be inclined at very high angles. Based on information provided in the SCS soil survey report for Blount County and USGS geology maps, the rock in the vicinity of the dam is Paleozoic in age - mainly Cambrian and lower Ordonician. These rocks have been subjected to intense earth movements and are highly folded and faulted. The region is characterized by series of alternate linear ridges and valleys extending in the southwest-northeast direction. The overburden at the dam site is composed of colluvial and local alluvial deposits of

ORNED-G

ORNED-G 30 April 1981 SUBJECT: Trip Report on the Inspection of Lambert Dam, Blount Count, Tennessee

silty and sandy loam or ML, CL, and SC materials, which were derived from sandstone, quartzite, slate, and shale. The dam was constructed from material excavated from the lake, which includes sandy loam or ML, CL, and SC materials. These materials are characterized by the presence of many angular sandstone cobbles, 3 to 10-incnes in diameter. Such cobbles were quite noticeable on the downstream slope.

4. The dam is a linearly earthfill structure approximately 605 feet long and 54 feet high. It has a crest width of about 18 feet and upstream and downstream slope dimensions of 1:3.8 and 1:2.7 respectively. The upstream slope has a 10-15 wave berm about 2.5 feet below the crest which slopes gently toward the pool. The slope immediately below this berm and just below the pool level is near vertical and badly eroded from wave wash. A service spillway, consisting of a concrete riser and a 30-inch diameter concrete outlet pipe, is located about 130 feet from the left abutment. A low area on the reservior rim, just upstream of the right abutment, serves as an emergency spillway. The access road to the dam has an asphalt surface. It traverses the axis of the dam at the right abutment and extends across the emergency spillway and along the right reservoir rim, providing access to two houses upstream of the lake. A 20-25 feet section of this road along the reservoir rim is approximately 0.5 feet lower than the crest of the dam. In the event the lake reaches this level, water would spill over the emergency spillway and this section of the road before the dam is overtopped. Two 8-inch metal outlet pipes, located at the toe of the dam and to the immediate left and right of the service spillway outlet pipe, drains an internal sand and gravel toe drain. The right toe drain pipe was covered during the initial part of the inspection, but was later uncovered by Troy Wedekind. Only a trickle of water was flowing through either pipe. The area surrounding the right toe drain pipe was wet, soggy, and holding pockets of standing water before the outlet was uncovered. About 5-inches of water were flowing through the service spillway outlet pipe. The stilling basin consists of the old natural channel bed overlain with sandstone boulders and huge chunks of the old concrete riser apparently left from the 1963 failure.

5. No cracks, scarfs, or evidence of sloughing or sliding were observed along the crest, slopes, or abutments. The slopes are fairly uniform and contain a relatively good vegetative cover of fescue, clover, lespedeza, and other grasses. Surface erosion, except for wave wash on the upstream slope, was minimal. The owner has permitted livestock to graze on the dam. This practice has caused the turf to be churned up, particularly near the crest and has destroyed the grass cover in certain areas. However, these areas have been reseeded and mulched and new grass is growing. The only undesirable growth on the dam consisted of several 2 to 4-inch diameter trees located at the left abutment contact and along or just below the left toe of the dam. Two areas on the downstream slope were somewhat wetter than the rest of the downstream slope area. One area was at the toe where the slope intersects the natural ground just left of the spillway outlet pipe. The other area is about 50 feet ORNED-G 30 April 1981 SUBJECT: Trip Report on the Inspection of Lambert Dam, Blount Count, Tennessee

to the right of the spillway outlet pipe and about two-thirds the distance down the slope. Both areas appeared to be wet from surface water draining slowly off the dam. The crest, which has a thin layer of crushed stone, provides vehicular access to the left abuttent and reservoir rim.

6. During the inspection, water was spilling into the service spillway riser from the sides. No water was flowing in from the top because the reservoir had not reached the top of the riser. A walkway, about 50 feet long, extends from the crest out to the top of the riser. A platform constructed at the top of the riser provides a service area for operating the drawdown gate and opening or closing a solid steel hinged plate over the opening at the top of the riser. While this plate protects the spillway from being clogged with debris, it also prevents using the spillway to its full capacity when the level of the reservoir is above the riser, unless the plate is open. A grate would be a much better covering, since it could prevent entrance of debris that may clog the spillway and yet leave the spillway open for near full discharge capacity. Observation of discharge into the riser indicated leakage along the upper construction joint.

7. The drainage area, except for small areas immediately adjacent to the reservoir, is woody. The slopes in the drainage area are gentle to steep but mostly steep. No evidence of sliding, cracking, or subsidence were observed along the reservoir rim or within the drainage area. The channel downstream of the dam is relatively shallow, narrow, and slopes gently with adjacent terrain. The surrounding land is mostly pasture, although some trees align the banks of the creek. The downstream banks are near vertical at places but overall are fairly flat and in some areas grassed. The banks appeared to be stable. No boils or seepage was observed downstream of the dam.

8. It appears there are two buildings in the paths of flood waters, should the dam fail again. One is a house located on the property of the owner and the other is a store - possible residence, located near the intersection of Montvale Road and Old Piney Road. Since both buildings are occupied, at least on a part time basis, the dam is in the high hazard potential classification. The dam is 54 feet high and is classified as an intermediate-size dam. Overall, the dam appeared to be well maintained and in good condition. However, the following recommendations are given in the interest of increasing the safety of the dam:

a. All trees at the left abutment contact and toe of the dam should be removed.

b. Outlet pipes for the toe drains should be kept open and cleared of all soil and other debris at all times.

ORNED-G

30 April 1981 SUBJECT: Trip Report on the Inspection of Lambert Dam, Blount County, Tennessee

c. The steel plate over the service spillway riser opening should be changed to a grate covering.

d. Livestock should not be permitted to graze on the dam.

TIMOTEY MCCLESKEY Chief, I&I Section

COUCH/ED-G

ì

	SUBJECT
ORNED-H	Dam Inspection of Lambert Dam (Blownt Co.)
Chief, le el Bresc.	FROM Chief, HEHBr. DATE 29 May 1981 Chief, HEHBr. MP Porter /1.5632
1. Specific hydraulic	and structural data on humbert barn is given for Record by Timothy McClesky dated 300pin 1-1. Bluhm dated 4 May 1981.
in Memorandums.	for Record by Timothy Mc Clesky dated 30apri
1981 and by Paul	1. J. Blutim dated 4 may 1981.
	J
2. The drainage as	rea above Lambert Dann is 0.73 square miles.
3. I'll dam was $($	classifier as invintenais superior indirate
potential. Ine hi	azard classification was consultred justified becaus
of the home and	classified as intermediate size and high hazard cizard classification was considered justified becaus store located downstream of the dam.
1. The PMJ event	was used to evaluate lambert Dam. Antecedent
	is II and III were used to analyize the project
1.	rgram HECIDB was used to develop inflow
	route them through the dam. The program
inderiod. La como	minute with budger and to douglo will a
the SCS div	nunsionless unit hydrograph to develop inflow
used the SCS div	
hydrographs. For	re opening in the drop inlet. The PMP was a

DA 1 FORM 24.36 REPLACES DD FORM 96, EXISTING SUPPLIES OF WHICH WILL DE ISUED AND USED UNTEL 1 FEB 63 UNLESS SOONER EQUALISTED.

.

1

i

1 UA. GPO: 1974-588-130/2010

.

-. -

of 28.5 inches. Resulting runoff for AMC II conditions was 34.5 inches (24 hour) and 36.0 inches (24 hour) for AMC III conditions.

- 5. Results of the routings showed that Lambert Dum would be overtopped by both PMF and "2PMF events. A table of these results are attached.
- 6. Since Lambert Dam was classified as intermediate size and high hazard the spillway design flood is a PMI. Based on the results given above we consider the dam to be hydrologically unsafe.
- 7. We concur in the conclusions and recommendations made in the aforemintioned memorandums for record.

DW Williams / ED-H

1 Encl. as

	CORPS OF ENGINEERS, U.S. ARMY OHIO RIVER DIVISION	COMPUTATION SHEE	T	PAGE OF PAGE DATE	
أحمد ا	INSTALLATION	SUBJECT			
	COMPUTED BY	COMPUTATION	·····	NUMBER	
	CHECKED BY	BERT DAM (B	LOUNT CO.)	I	
	spillway_	-Antecedent Moistu	re Conditions		
1 1 1	desigr.	AMCIL (CN 75)	AMC TE (CN88)		
	PMF	1.30 'overtop 6 hr duration	1.31' cvertop 6.25 hr duration		
	1/2 PMF	0.63' overtop 3.25 hr duration	0.165' overtop 3.50 hr duration		
	A IDDYR	2.1 ' freeboard	1.3' freeboard		
	PMF	4.75 hr duration	1.32 'overtop 1.75 hr duration		
4 4	Loitanub 1/2PMF	0.65' overtop 3 hr duration	0.65 'overtop 3 hr duration		
		2.2' freeboard	1.6' freeboard		

Check List Visual Inspection of Earth Dams Department of Conservation Division of Water Resources

Name of Dam Lambert Dam	
County Blount Di	ate of Inspection 21 April 1981
ID # - State Fo	ederal <u>TN-901</u>
Type of DamEarthen	
Hazard Category-Federal High	State Tennessee
Weather Clear - Warm	Temperature
Pool at Time of InspectionE1105	9.00 (6.2' from (distance from crest)
Tailwater at Time of Inspection	n <u>10000</u> (distance from stream bed)
Design/As Built Drawings Availa	able: Yes X No
Location: SCS Office in Nashv	ille
Copy Obtained: Yes X No	
Reviewed: Yes X No	
Construction History Available	: Yes No
Location:	
Copy Obtained: Yes No	
Reviewed: Yes No	
Other Records and Reports Avai.	lable: Yes X No
Location:Photos of failure on f	ile in SCS office in Maryville TN
Copy Obtained: Yes No	<u>x</u>
Reviewed: Yes X No	
Prior Incidents or Failures:	Yes X No
Inspection Personnel and Affil	iation:
Paul Bluhm Corps of Engineers	
Tim McCleskey Corps of Engineers	
Tom Porter Corps of Engineers	
Troy Wedekind Tennessee Department	of Water Resources

I. Embankment

A. Crest

Description (lst inspection) Top of crest is used as a gravel road. There are some ruts and water standing due to traffic. Cattle tracks have also made some ruts.

1. Longitudinal Alignment Straight. Extends from left abutment to paved road on right abutment.

2. Longitudinal Surface Cracks None were seen

3. Transverse Surface Cracks None were seen

4. General Condition of Surface <u>Good condition other</u> than traffic ruts

B. Upstream Slope

1.	Undesirable Gr	rowth or Det	ris There are s	ome small
	shrubs and tree	s near left al	butment. Otherwis	e the slope
	is clear.	•	•	

1

2.	S1 0	ughing, Subsidence, or Depressions None was
		en
3.		pe Protection An 18 foot wide berm is present at about
		' above normal pool. This berm is 2½' below the crest and s a good grass cover. However, it is being eroded away by wave action.
	-	Condition of Riprep
	b.	Durability of Individual Stones <u>N/A</u>
	с.	Adequacy of Slope Protection Against Waves and Runoff Has a good grass cover, but wave action has been eroding it away.
	d.	Gradation of Slope Protection - Localized Areas of Fine Material <u>N/A</u>
•	-	
4.	Sur	Sace Cracks None were seen
C. Dor		eam Slope
1.		esirable Growth or Debris Pine trees, 4" to 5" in diameter
		were present at toe of slope. One 5" diameter tree, on the slope, and 20' from the toe was located directly above the outlet structure. 2

Bulges or Non-U	niformity _	The s	lope appears	to be f
in section that	was rebuilt.			
Surface Cracks	on Face of 1	Slope _	None were so	een.
	•			
Surface Gracks	or Evidence	of Hea	ving at	
Enbankment Toe	None were see	en.		
	_			
Wet or Saturate	d Areas or (Other E	vidence of	Seepa
				-
	e; Evidence	of "Pi	pirg" or "I	Boils"
on Face of Slop	e; Evidence 17+00, $\frac{2}{3}$ the v	of "Pi May down	pirg" or "] the slope the	Boils" ere is a
on Face of Slop At about station	e; Evidence $\frac{2}{3}$ the v It could be n	of "Pi May down	pirg" or "] the slope the	Boils" ere is a
At abou: station small wet area. rather than seep	e; Evidence $\frac{2}{3}$ the v It could be n page.	of "Pi vay down retainage	pirg" or "] the slope the	Boils" ere is a rain
At abou: station small wet area. rather than seep	e; Evidence $\frac{2}{3}$ the v It could be n page. There are t	of "Pi vay down retainage	pirg" or "] the slope the from recent	Boils" ere is a rain
At abou: station small wet area. rather than seep Drainage System	e; Evidence 1 7+00, 3 the v It could be n page. There are t cructure. Two	of "Pi way down etainage wo toe d 8" dimet	pirg" or "] the slope the from recent grains, one or ser pipes near	Boils" ere is a rain a each a c the ou
At abou: station At abou: station small wet area. rather than seep Drainage System of the outlet st structure are vi Both had a very	e; Evidence 1 7+00, 3 the v It could be n page. There are t cructure. Two sible, but are small flow com	of "Pi vay down etainage wo toe d 8" dimet about h	pirg" or "] the slope the from recent rains, one or er pipes near alf filled with these pipes	Boils" ere is a rain a each a c the out
on Face of Slop At abou: station small wet area. rather than seep Drainage System of the outlet st structure are vi Both had a very Fill Contact with	e; Evidence 1 7+00, 3 the v It could be n bage. There are t cructure. Two sible, but are small flow com th Outlet St	of "Pi vay down etainage wo toe d 8" dimet about h bing from ructur	pirg" or "] the slope the from recent rains, one or er pipes near alf filled with these pipes	Boils" ere is a rain a each a c the ou th mate Good R
on Face of Slop At abou: station small wet area. rather than seep Drainage System of the outlet st structure are vi Both had a very	e; Evidence 1 7+00, 3 the v It could be n bage. There are t cructure. Two sible, but are small flow com th Outlet St ow the structure	of "Pi vay down etainage wo toe d 8" dimet about h bing from ructur	pirg" or "] the slope the from recent rains, one or er pipes near alf filled with these pipes	Boils" ere is a rain a each a c the ou th mate Good R
small wet area. rather than seep Drainage System of the outlet st structure are vi Both had a very Fill Contact wi was directly bel	e; Evidence 1 7+00, $\frac{2}{3}$ the v It could be n page. There are the ructure. Two sible, but are small flow com th Outlet St ow the structure.	of "Pi vay down etainage wo toe d 8" dimet about h bing from tructur	pirg" or "J the slope the from recent trains, one or er pipes near alf filled wi these pipes evidence of e	Boils" ere is a rain a each a c the ou th mate Good Ri erosion

Ż

3

¥

•

D. Abutments

- 2. Springs or Indications of Seepage Along Contact of Embankment with the Abutments _____ None were seen
- 3. Springs or Indications of Seepage in Areas a Short Distance Downstream of Embankment - Abutment Tie-in None were seen

	Localized Subsidence, Depressions, Sinkholes, Etc.
	None were seen
в.	Evidence of "Piping", "Boils", or "Seepage"
-	None were seen
 _	>
c.	Unusual Presence of Lush Growth, such as Swamp
	Grass, etc. None
•	
D.	Unusual Muddy Water in Downstream Channel
E.	Sloughing or Erosion None were seen
F.	Surface Cracks or Evidence of Heaving Beyond
	Embankment Toe None
•	
G.	Stability of Channel Sideslopes Good
H.	Condition of Channel Slope Protection _ Good grass slopes

.

• . •

1

5

3

•

.	Adequacy of Slope Protection Against Waves, Currents
	and Surface Runoff <u>Good slope protection</u>
J.	Miscellaneous
-	
x.	Condition of Relief Wells, Drains, and Other
	Appurtenances N/A
L.	Unusual Increase or Decrease in Discharge from
	Relief Wells <u>N/A</u>
	_

.

ŝ

•

•

3

· .

. •

-

.

-

•

•

.

•

~

	trumentation
۸.	Monumentation/Surveys None
в.	Observation Wells <u>None</u>
-	·
с.	Weirs <u>None</u>
D.	Piezometers None
E. '	Other
	B.

ł

•

2

. .

1

7

IV. Spillways

A. Service Spillway (Service/Emergency Combination Yes _ No x)

1. Intake Structure Condition <u>Good condition</u>. It has a walk way and a metal cover. A trash rack is on two sides of the

square structure providing two, 9.5' by 1' openings. The 5th construction 🕩

- 2. Outlet Structure Condition Good condition. A 30" reinforced
 - <u>concrete pipe emptiés into a 25' diameter stilling basin. The</u>

<u>basin slopes are protected by concrete slabs and riprap is directly</u> beneath the outflow.

3. Pipe Condition ____

Excellent condition

4. Evidence of Leakage or Piping None was evident.

5. General Remarks Depth of water in the 30" pipe was about 5". Flow was about 180 gpm.

B. Emergency Spillway

- 1. General Condition Good condition
- 2. Entrance Channel Entrance channel is about 1¹/₂' above normal pool. It is well grassed although some water was standing.
- 3. Control Section The control section runs parallel to the dam exiting in front of the right abutment. It crosses the paved access road.

8

and the second

3.	Exit Channel The exit channel is wide and well grassed
	It slopes at 2 to 3% for about 250 feet then drops off to a
	gully.
4.	Vegetative/Woody CoverWell grassed cover.

.

ı.

5. Other Observations

.

š . .

. •

.

.....

• .

9

1

. .

.

so state) _	A gate value on the service spillway controls an 18"
diameter of	pening.
Are Facilit:	les Operable: Yes X No
Were Facili	ties Operated During Inspection: Yes N
Date Facili	ties Were Last Used

VI.		Reservoir A. Slopes <u>Grass slopes around half of reservoir and steep wooded</u>						
		slopes are around the other half of the reservoir.						
	в.	Sedimentation None evident						
•	с.	Turbidity None						
VII.	Dra	inage Area Description (for hydrologic analysis) Heavily wooded wit						
		very steep topography,						
	•.							
	۶.	Changes in Land Use None expected						
	•							
·		· .						

ĩ

VIII. Downstream Area (Stream)

- A. Condition (obstructions, debris, etc.) Channel passes through a small culvert 200' downstream and through another under the paved road ½ mile downstream. No major obstructions.
- B. Slopes Area downstream is gently sloping pasture land.

C. Approximate No. Homes, Population, and Distance D/S One house and one store about ½ mile downstream. The population varies from 3 to 6 people depending upon the people at the store. D. Other Hazards A barn is next to the house and could possibly

D. Other Hazards <u>A barn is next to the house and could possibly</u> be damaged.



المادا بيعا عماره الميتها المعالي والروا الدو

Ir.	Mi	6C	ell	ane	ous
-----	----	----	------------	-----	-----

Incidents/Failures <u>A failure occured in October of 1963</u>. The cause <u>of the failure is unknown, although it is believed that a 6" diameter</u> <u>pipe coming through the dam caused failure. No loss of life and damage</u> was minimal. Observed Geology of Area

X. Conclusions

The dam appears to be well constructed and in good condition.

XI. Recommendations

.

Regional Engineer

.

Chief Engineer

13

.

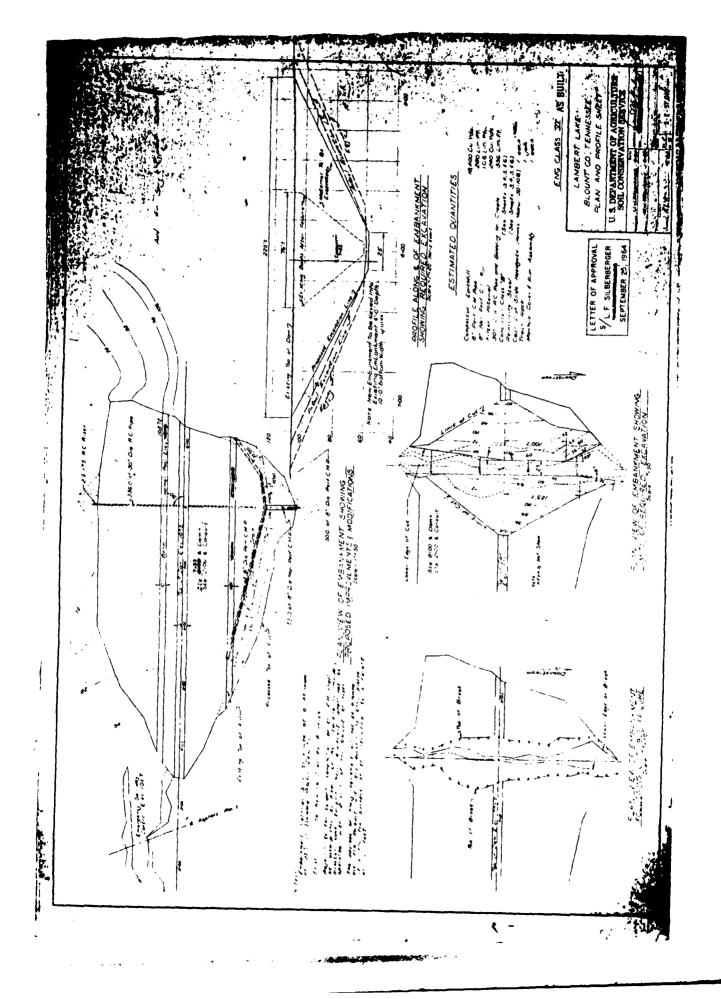
APPENDIX E

.

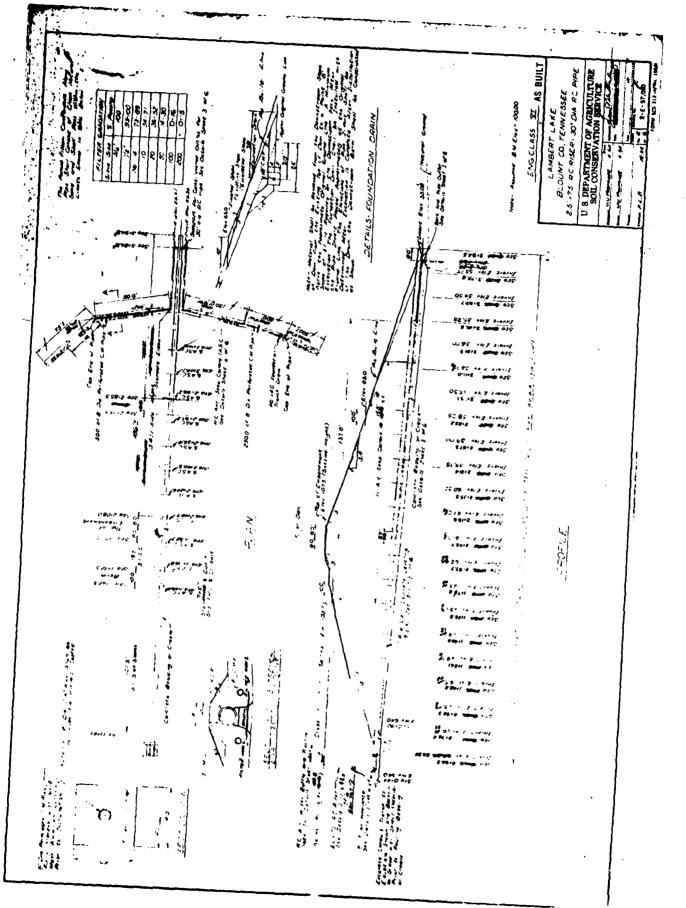
3

j

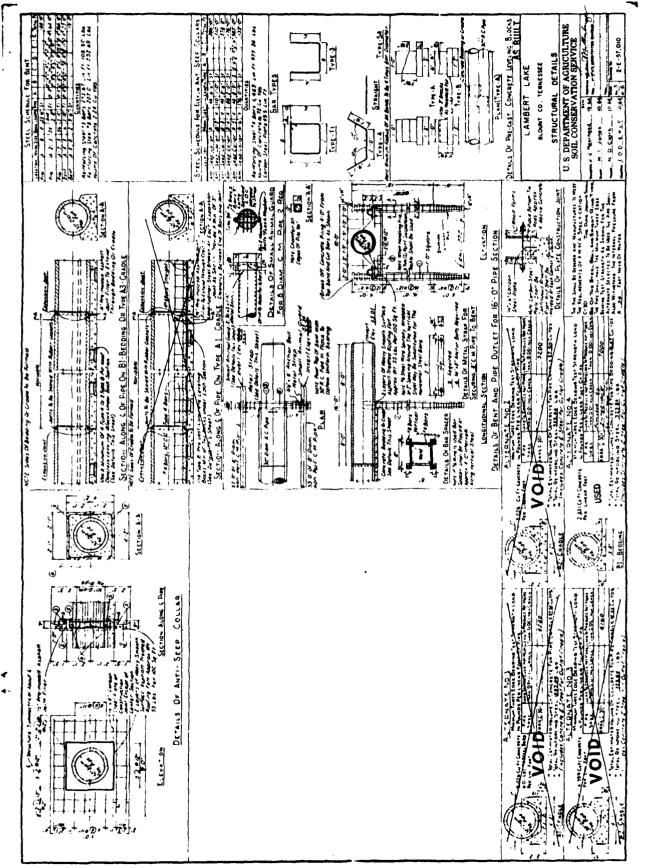
DESIGN DRAWINGS

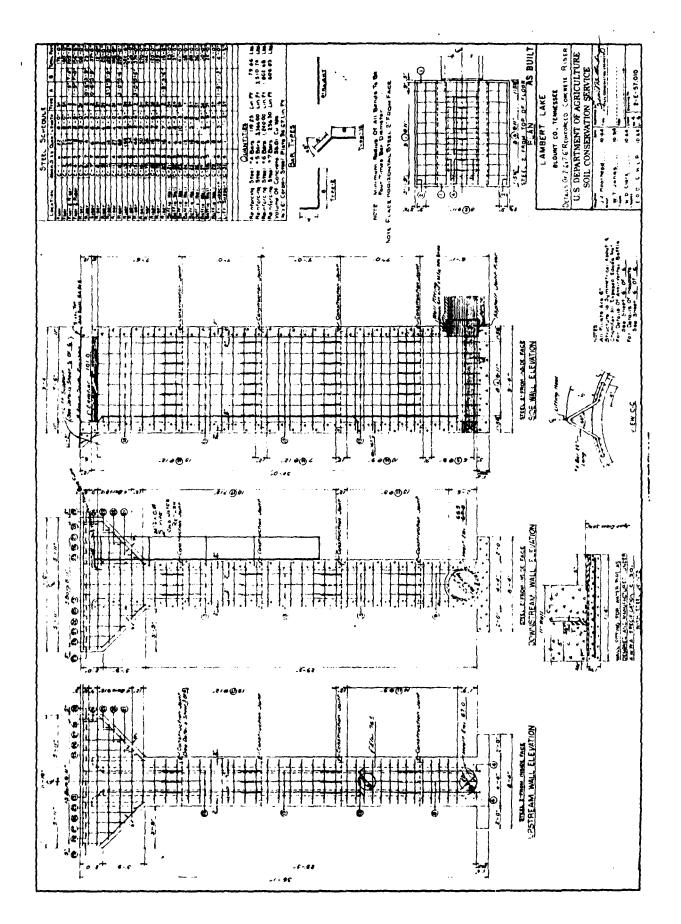


:

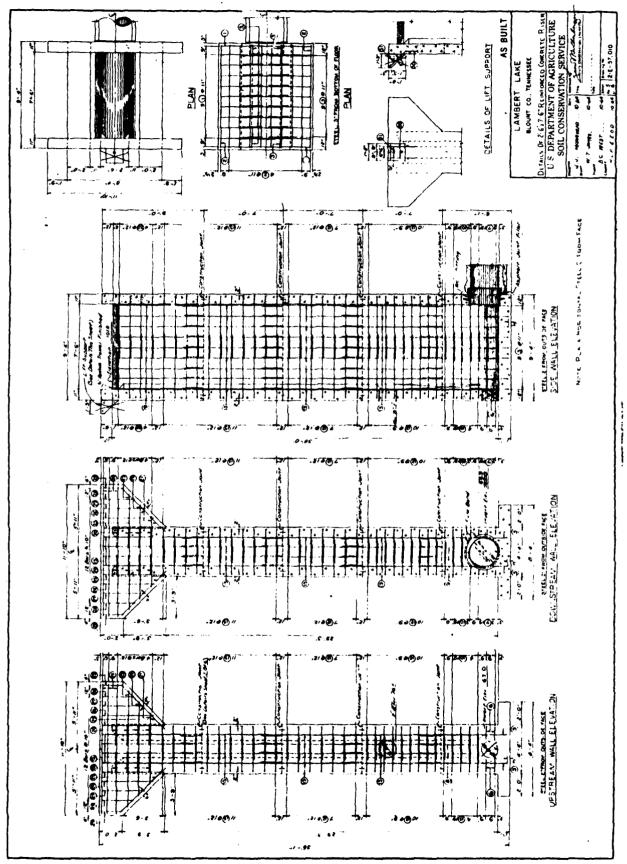


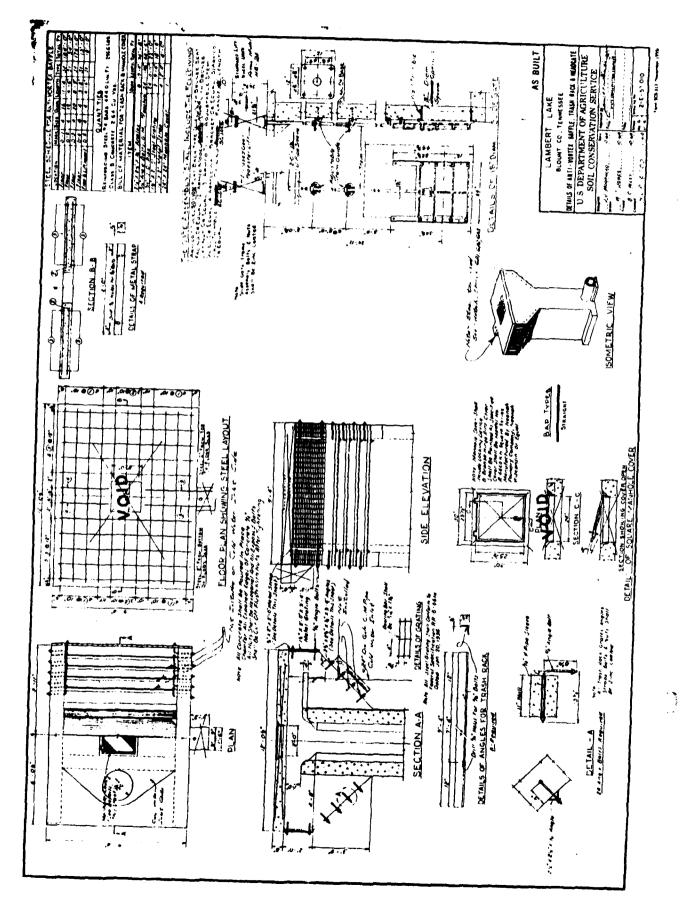
· .



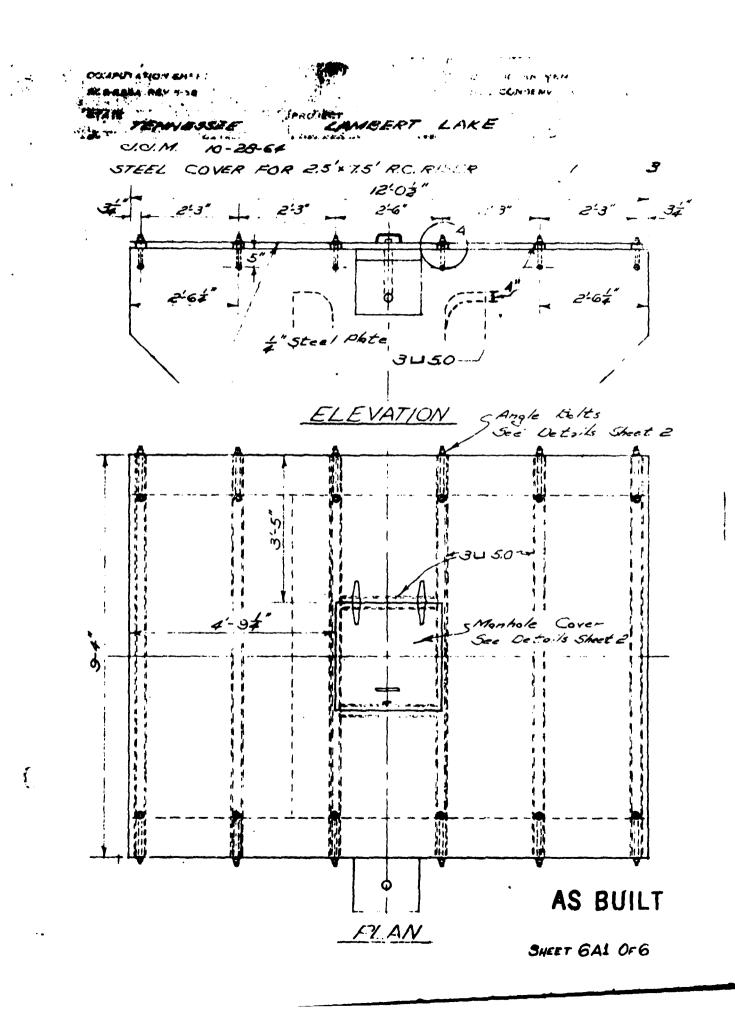


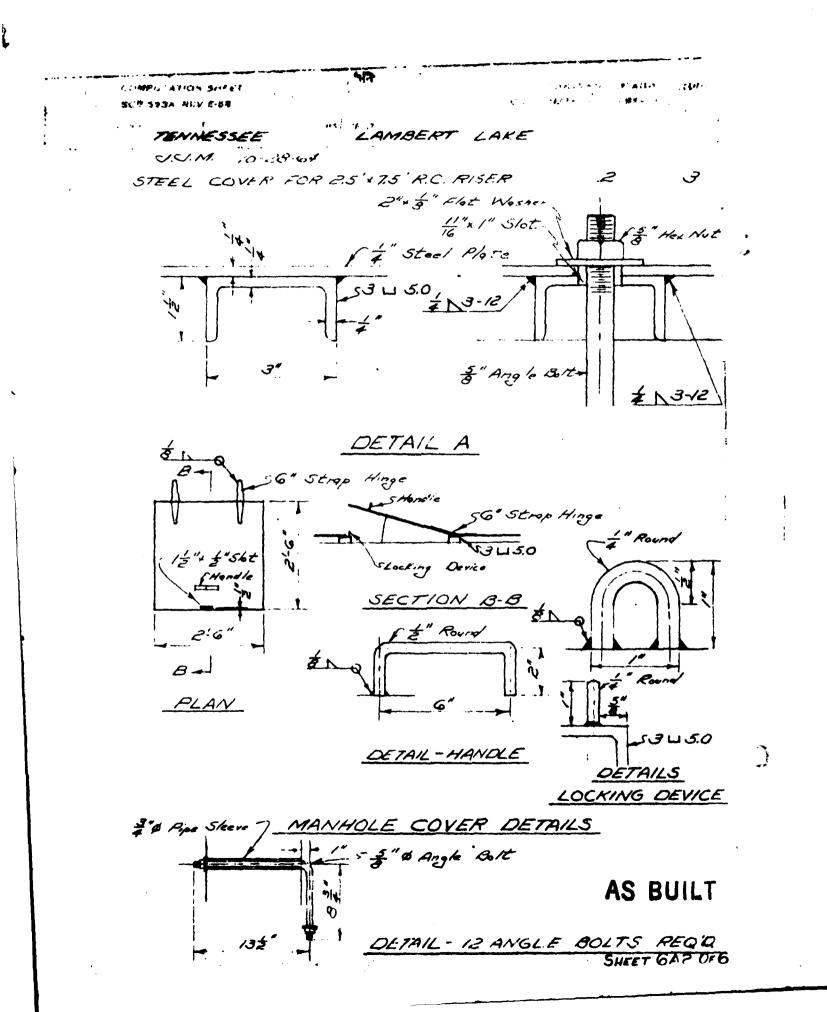
.



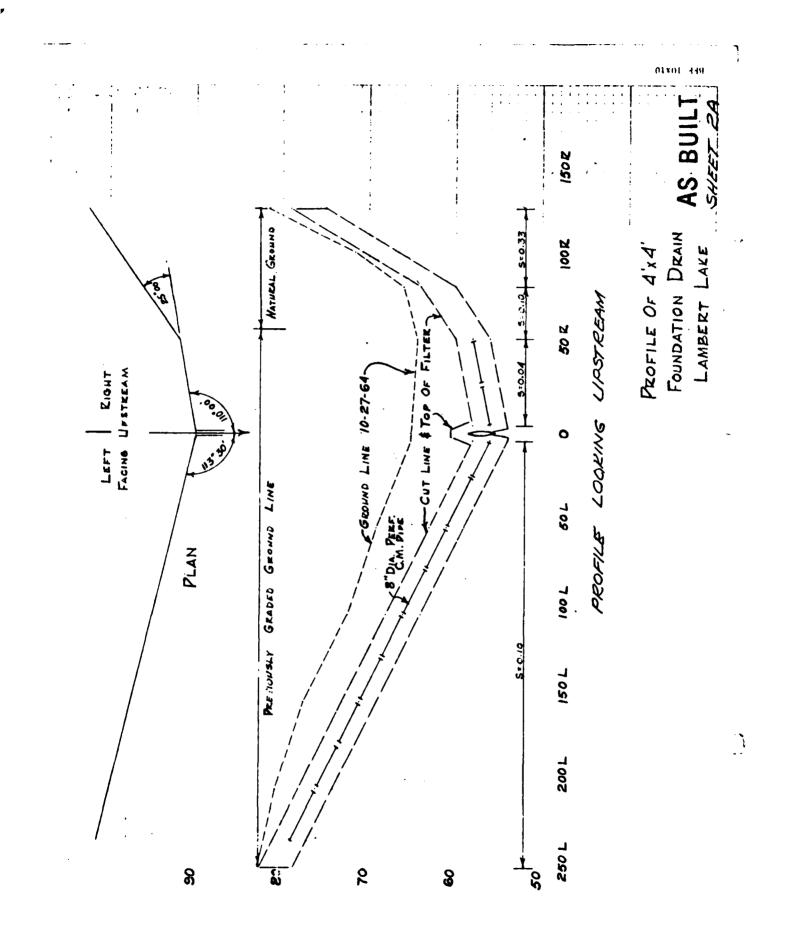


1 a 1 a 1





STEFL C	BIEL OF MATERIALS DESCRIPTION 12:02" × 3:4" × 2" Steel Slote 3 U S.O, 9:4" long	З ДИА М. І С	3
STEFL C	NO-2004 OVER FOR 2.5'x7.5' R.C. RISER BILL OF MATERIALS DESCRIPTION 12-02" x 3-4"x-4" ster' 5/0te	QUAN. I	3
1	DESCRIPTION 12-02" x 9-4"x=" Steel Slote	QUAN.	
1	12:02" x 3'4" x 5ter ' 5lote	1	
	3 LI 5.0, 9: 4" long	6	
ى		v	
1	3 LI 5.0, 21 3" long	2	
4	"13" Dia. Angle Balts, 1312" 84	12	· •
.5	3/4" I.D. Fine Sleeve, 11" horas	· 12	
6	6" * " Strop Hinge, Steel	2	
7	Handle - 10" of 12" & Round	1	
S	Locking Device - 312" of 14" Round	1	
9	2" × 118" Flot Woshers - 5/8" & Hole	12	• •
10	5/8" & Flat Washers- Standard	12	
11	5/3" & Hex Nots -	24	
12	Hodiock	1	AC .
		,	and the second second
		•	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·	
			17. T.
	* 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	4 1/3" Dia. Angle Baits, 1312" 84 5 3/4", I.D. Fine Sheeve, 11" here. 6 6" x & Strop Hinge, Steel 7 Honorie - 10" of 1/2" & Round 8 Locking Device - 31/2" of 14" Round 9 2" x 1/8" Flot Woshers- 5/8" & Make 10 5/8" & Flot Woshers- Stordord 11 5/8" & Hex Nuts-	4 $-\frac{1}{3}$ Oio. Angle Bolts, $3\frac{1}{6}$ $8\frac{4}{4}$ 12 5 $3\frac{1}{4}$ T.D. Fine Skeve, 11^{n} here. 12 6 $6^{n} \times \frac{1}{6}$ $5trop$ Hinge, Steel 2 7 Honoile - 10^{n} of 12^{n} g Round 1 8 Locking Device - $3\frac{1}{2}$ of 4^{n} Round 1 9 $2^{n} \times 16^{n}$ Flot Woshers- $5\frac{1}{6}$ g Adde 12 10 $5\frac{1}{6}$ g Hex Nots - 24



APPENDIX F

(

HYI'RAULIC AND HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

According to OCL guidelines, Lambert Dam must be able to safely pass the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Six-hour rainfall depths for the Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) and the 100-year rainfall were obtained from the U.S. Weather Service's <u>Technical Paper 40</u>. Flood routings were performed using the HEC-1-DB computer program. The program used the dimensionless hydrograph technique described in Section 4 of the <u>Soil Conservation Service National Engineering Handbook</u> and the Modified Puls method of reservoir routing.

The peak outflow From the PMF is 3584 CFS, which overtops the dam for 4.75 hours at a maximum depth of 1.32 feet.

LAMBERT DAM (BLOUNT CO)

ž

- 1

.

SUMMARY OF ROUTINGS

Spillway	Antecedent Moi	sture Condition
design flood	AMC II	AMC III
	Overtops by	Overtops by
PMF	1.32'	1.32'
	for 4.75 hrs.	for 4.75 hrs.
	Overtops by	Overtops by
5 ₽ħ₽	0.65'	0.65'
	for 3.00 hrs.	for 3.00 hrs.
100 YR	2.2 ' freeboard	1.6' freeboard

**************************************	:*************************************							
	01 APR 80							
	41	САН 1 МА Сан 1 Ма - Маү 1	LANE LATERN DAM INSPECTION 1 - MAY 1981 1NP		Э	0	0 0 0	0
3 1 1		>	-					
•		10 -	14		-			
•		1001	LOCAL RUNDFF	COMPUTATION" .732	110N	-		
01	-	2.82	5	0	}	}	-1 -90	
13		1.16	~		{			
-12				PUTATION	-		-	
	1						t. t.	
¥1	- 4501 44	1000		2901	1001	. 1064	1064.5	
07	1		214			242	1044.5	
22	se 1059	1060	1061	1002	1002			
22 64	10104.5	2.0	1.5	500	:	:		
			ł		1			
		1			*	ł		
					•			
	•	1			;	, ; ; 1		
		1		 		1		
	2 		1 1 1		1 1	1		
		1		•	, ,	; ; ;		
	-							
		:	•	•		1		
1	I	•	•					
					1 1 1			

PREVIEM OF SEQUENCE OF SIREAM NEIWURK CALCULATIONS
· ·

Å

		UNE SPECIFICATION INR EMEM METRE IFLT IPRT NBTAN U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	IN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED IME I WRITOW 5 LATIOW 1	BUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION	ITATION IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME IOTAGE IAUTO	WYDROGRAPH DATA IR8PC RATO I3NOH I6AME LOCAL 1783DA TR8PC RATO I3NOH I6AME LOCAL 1812 R24 R48 R72 R96 1812 R24 R48 R72 R96	8141L CNSTL 8141L CNSTL 81,00 -88.00	0.00 LAGE 1.18 RECESSION DATA 0 ONCOME 100.00 RTIDRE 2.00 00 ONCOME 100.00 RTIDRE 2.00 270. 280. 224. 174. 120. 07. 39. 14. 10. 7. 20. 07.
LANT HOUTFJCATTON OT APA 80 ************************************	LAKE LANDENT DAM SAPE DAM INSPECTION ANGIII MAY 1981 TWP	Nu NHR NHIN IDAY JO 150 UN 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 13	RTT000 1.00 .50 .14	0U8-AREA	LOCAL AUMOFF COMPUTAT 18140 ICOMP IEC	IMTDG IUNG TAREA BNAP 1 1 2 15 0.00 1 00.0 75 8 16 1 00.00 79,00	LROPT 8784.8 DLTKR RTIOL ERAIN 0 9.80 0.00 1.00 5.00 CURVE NO 8 286.00 NETNESS 8 -	758 0.00 878738 10.00 RE 087 NYDROGRAPH 26 END 05 PERIOD 08 20. 79. 100. 242. 242. 55. 26.

																																			4			I		
C 4kb 7	1395.	1135.	712.	568.		530.	-042	23V.	219.	206.	192	166	105.	162.	180.	180.		154.	131.	54	66.	77.	-24	•	2 G .	- 24		40.					27.	22. 	22.	- 51.	×	- 7 -	16.	
L055	• 00	00		00.			00.	00		00.			00.	200	00	000	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0		0.00	0.00	00.0	00.0	00 0	0,00		000		00.0	0.00	0.00) • •	00.0	00.00	•••	0.00	
EXCO	60			0.0						60.			•				0.0	0.00	0000	00.00	0		00.00	00.0	•••	0000	0	0000		00.0		0000	00.0	20°0	> 0 > 0 > 0	0,00		••••	0.00	> • • • •
RATH	.10	-		j	10		-			0		2	0.0		2		0.0	0.00		00-0	•••))))	00.0				00.0	00.00		00.0	.00.0	0	0000		••••	0.0		0		2 (2 (
PERIOD	16			0.0		83	40		0 10			5	~		8	96	86	•	100	201	103	105	90				- 211	113	115			611	120	131	123	120	5901	127	128.	1 1 1
на ни	19.00	19.15	14°6	20.00	20.10	20.45	21.00		21.45	22.00	22 - 20 - 20	22.45	23.00	21.10	23.45	00.0		5.4	1.00	1.30	5	2.15	2.30	2.65	3.15	3.30	00.1			2.00	C 1 0 C	5.45		0.15) - O	- 00 - 2		1.4.0	1 00.8	0.44
 UD FLOW	10.1	1.01	10.1			1.01	101		10.1	101		10.1	10.1		1.01	20 1	20-1	1.02	1.02	20-1	1.02	1.02	20 1	1,06	1.02	20.1	20 1	1.02	1.02	20.1		1.02	1.02		1.0.1	1.02	N0.1	1.02	20.1.	
END-OF-PERI	•	•						7 6				1	•					10	0 M		28.4	.	273.		547.	365.		161	. 4.34	-115		442	2 V 2	400	- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C	443.	- 01 V 20	612.	303	
_ \$\$0,1	•0•	•					0.4		10	1 0	; • • •		50	20	20.	200	20	20	0 0 0 0		-	, n 0	- FO			20	10.	- 01		6		10	10.	10, 10,	, . , .	20.	7 0 .		.0.	1.1
EXCS		•				20	20									•		5			2		12.			22.	-22	25		52.		5	5	\$. 	53	69.	01.			
RAIN	•0•	9 0		90		9	4 0						9.0		0	90	90.	00	3 A 4	54	~		24			42.		24	**											.
PERIO0 "		~ :	n 48	-			•		: 2	5		: 4			20	12	:	2	5 9	52	2	200		24	15	51	-46	88) () 1 ()			4	5			00	î 5	2.0	53	<u>,</u>
HR. AN	-	011				2.00	51.2		2.00	3.15		4.07	4.15 4		5.00	5.15 6.15		0.00		6,45	00.	1.50	5.		6.30	8 • 6 5 4 • 0 0	- 51 . 6	9°30	10.00	51 01	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.00	10.01	12.15	10.00	11.00	19.15	; .
NG. DH			10.1	10.1	1.01	1.01						1.01	1.01		1.01	101		1.01		1.01		10.1			1.01	101	-10,1	10,-	1007		10.1	1.0.1	101		10,1	1.01		5	10,1	
																																	1				÷			I

ł

1.5.		11.	10.			*8	•		.		•		•					196 196 196																			ე				
0.00	•	0.00	00-00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.00	0000	0.00	0000	00.0				0.00	1961)(°05 469)(°05									236.	1501	5:62		131.	100	14.	7				.	:		
0.00	٠	• 00	00.00	00	00	6	°.	6		0.00	0.00	00.0	•••				0.00	(925.) (50.		1911			- 38								•		
> <	•		34 0.00				O	Γ	0				1			• 0		00°85)	DLUME		1981.	57,05	41.04	1966.			-154;	1362.	3602.	206		-20				VOLUME		1981.	37.05	41°04	
-	-	-			0.15 13												۲	10 8	TOTAL		•				2		-116	 1285.	3079		177.	. 19			· · · · · · · ·	TOTAL V	•	!		•	
Þ¢			20-1	-	-	-	-	E	20	11.20		21 20 1	7				22		72-MDIIR		13.	1994	941.04	1785.	PLAN 1, RT	45°					180.	-21		0		B	100 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00	۳,	37.05	• 7 • 7 • 7	
		2.	•		. a				•		2.	•							24-HOUR		20.	30.50	924,10	1427.	1 FOR		04	066.		•	.08		0 0	10.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-StaHDUR	720.		30.58		3
				i													:		6-MOUR	2002	59.	26.60	075.55	1280.	1 AT 87A	35.								.0	: ; ;	-B-HOUR	2093.		% *		•
	• • •	• 0 •		I	.16	ł				1							60.		PEAK	1879	104				ROGA								•		:	NE34	~ (104.	,		
•	10.		1.07			:				ļ		0.9		•			01.			143	0 N U	INCHES	I	RC-FT B CU M	-								 •'•				8	510	のビエレスト		
		4S		- 19	6 2	63	9	•	•				2				F							THOUS		2		672			1.05	ŝ		12							
	~ (-1		i.	1 15.30	-		r	i		1				F		F										24	559	9491 1078		186.	501		13.	P				1		
		1.01			1.01	10.1	1.01		1.01	10 1	10.1					101	10.1																								

ÿ

. .

		118.	203		1496	202			2												N.			221	818 79.				-	••								
٥.	20.	•	200.	221.	1674.	356			- 50	• • •											2, 0,	- 12	500	207.	100.	58.	56.	• •										
. 7	. 42	11	147.	215.	1601		103.	. 92°.		•				VOLUTE		-	470.52	692. 692.			-		55.		504.		270	• • • • 8	~				5.19		202.	50C		
. 4	25.	59.		214 -		56.6	109.	.99	33.			ini			•	~	2			RT10 3			54.	180.	515.	.15	\$ 2'	• •	P.					5				
~	. 23.	47.	188.	213.	254		. 114	• 0 •	3 •.	• •							470.	7 6 7 0	l { 	PLAN 1.			n k	160.	491		25.											BOWETNE -
. 1	20	40.	81.	2			30	.06	36.			• •			10.	16.29	464.55	714. 860.		1 FOR			51.	. 44 . 44	425.	36.	25.	.				101.	in -		200.	546.		
				•	-		••	•	•			•••	:		29	1	337.78	519. 440.		AT 87A			9.				•	• •	ł			295.			145.	•		
	T.			2				•	4				:							HVDROGRAPH		1						-	-			515.	• 51					
	15.	10.	164.	209.	401		105		• 7 7	22		• • • • •	4 1		0 40 1 1		N N N			A A		2	00	112.	285		2			~		C^3			-	L H		
7	12.	34.	152.	208.	.010				47.	24.		• •				TNCHES.		THOUS C							250.		20.			~					AC	LINDUS CU		ł
s.		33.	137.	200	<		231.		53.	52	 	• •											۶		34		~				,							

	ſ	ſ	. e	٩		•	ŧ	1	•	• •	k 1	•	•	,				.		,	ł	,	•		-		•		•		•
									1					(;							٢	<	
											, }							:													
								:		:		:	•			:	:				•										
ŕ									l		i : ;	'	,	1												·					
4									1			·	,	-	21.		1220.	3120.	263.	200		67.	20		54	190 190	8:	8 4 5 . 8 6 5 .	819	453. 472.	117
		TAUTO													•••						•	•				•••				• •	
		ISTAGE	320	7 4 T	e	0			i ,		:			•		91	1427	225		0		ř	31.		1	15	1	4 4 7 4	4	1 N 1 1 1	10 10 10 10 10
			-	A ISPPAT	1064,50	745.00			0°0 E XPL	·	·			~	36.	38	25. 25.		11.			.57			17.	 	• 00	51.			415. 398.
		1-4-1 1		5108A	c	-	454.	1045.	CAREA A.N		:	5				-									~	n m	3	33	3	33	. 3 ~
		1845 0	a c T G	15K 0.000	1044.00	10.202	•			044417 805.	RATTO 1	GROTNATES		~;	2.0	. 96 .	367.	3018.	343.	218.		70.	48. 13.		537.	552.	394.	4 X 0 .		472. 478.	30
		10L1	レレス	*				1064.	0°0 0'0																_						
			•	c	00.640	242.00	د .	۶.	5.5 VL	H DATA Expo 1.5		YDROG		N C	20.	119	548. 1033.	345	NNS I	223		5	31.			220°	945	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2 C M 7	415
		TAP5	126 UB 15655	8 7 4 8 7 4 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 9	-		4224	1045	жен 0.0	0 4 4 C 0 4 9 C 0 4 0 C 0 7 C 0 7	-	RIOD H	UTFLOW						•		•••	• •		TORAGE		•••	 	• •		 	
		÷.	tuc x a	11 ¢ ₹	94.541	38.3	•00	062.	IJ	70PLL 1064.5	ATION	END-OF-PERIOD HYDROGRAPH	ō		Ň	-	2.2	100	1.1	Ň			25	ŝ	5	.040.	1	ιŭ 33	1.1	2 7	0 M - C - J - J
	1.111	۲ د	٥٩	_ c	10		-	1	9*9 000	106	571	END		•	°. 2¢.	01.	0 C .		- 20 - C	2	• • •	A7.	40. 17		37.		14.	3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C	14.	70. 78.	417. 414.
	AUTIANU CUT	1000	944 944	11211	16.140	しっ・とい	379.	1061.	0°0 20°0							-	~	2							-		M :	3 3	3	33	
	5.11	- 5787	1.15S	5175. 1	-	-	•	•						-	، کړ	0	257. 543.	. 918.	521.	200.	171.	.10	 		317.	307.	574	124	, y , y	472. 481.	
4	ĉ			-	106.3401	いい・さや	125	1060	1343 1341																_					•	
			ר יי יי		101	•	•	. 6	۱					, آ	10 N	5	237	1730		247		46	. 19 19		330	2.0	540	5 5	411	1 - 1 	- C - Z - Z - Z - Z
					10.03.10	۰ ۰ ۰	Q. 1.	1059	;					•		N.			• •			.	•••		•	345		5 . 5 . 5 . 5 .		• . • •	141
					ы С.] [/ =	anu I	1	•	ļ			:	-	•		102	0 0 0 0			•	 		4. -	1.10	5.5		4) 7	- 4 7	Λ C 7 3
					41 A L F	*11.*	CAPAC] T	61 E VATI	ļ		ş																				
					Ţ	-		س			1			•																	

	;	د. (۵)	
00000000000000000000000000000000000000			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
			547. 554. 800.
10000000000000000000000000000000000000			537. 542.
0000000000 000000000 00000000000000000		RATIO 2 RATIO 2 156. 156. 156. 1570.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		PLAN 1154 1155 1155 1155 1155 1155 1155 115	5 30 . 5 4 7 . 4 4 5 .
U 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	•••••• •••••• ••••••		5-17 Auf
	•••••• ••••••	1273 87411 8141 8141 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	- C Y S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
	17.00 10	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	•••••• •••••• •••••• ••••••• •••••••••		0 ~
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		0 N 0 2 4 4 0 0 1 - 7 - 7 - 7 N 0 4 4 6 0 2 3 4 7 - 7 - 7 N 0 4 3 6 3 4 7 - 7 - 7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	PEAN UUTE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	1		• • •
			, N
	10000000000000000000000000000000000000		0 NN 13304 11 30 NM 6 22 NE 7 M
ム 3 3 3 3 9 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9			0 N 0 M 0 M 0 N N 0 V 0 N 0 N 0 N 0 N 0 N 0 N 0 N 0
~~~~ \$0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,		С VOCUME 30294. 30294. 10.20 203.93 213. 3713.	0 N N O N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N O S N
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012	
~~ ; ; ; ; ; ; ; , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0 3 M 4 5 40 4 0 4 M 0 4 M 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0	1118772- 1118772- 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 11. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12	
	1000 1000	0018 0018 0018 017 017 017 017 017 017 017 017	
~~~ 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	<pre>c</pre>	101 4 10 4 10 4 10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
\n 1 2 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			0 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	1050 1050 1050 1050 1050 1050 1050 1050	621. AT 11% 	U H C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	1001 1000 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 100	5	
		E.A. UUTFL9.	
		č ,	

:				)	
24. 17. 11.	4 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0000 000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
22.			00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
20. 18. 12.	~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~~	 000 000 000 000 000	4 6 5 N 6 A 6 A 6 A 6 A 6 A 6 A 6 A 6 A 6 A 6	L VOLUME 9527. 270. 270. 120. 120. 120. 245. 245.	e •
22.	2012 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013	7 4 4 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		101 80 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
70.	4 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 8 9 8 9 8		M 4 4 5 5 6 4 6 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 5 4 5	н 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	
,,, ,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
3 - 3 M (U) -		4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	, c, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	C 4 9 C C 4 0 C C 4 C	* * *
		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	N 9 6 9 - 3 7 9 - 6 K 7		•
**************************************	14410-410 104415-544 5416-544 5416-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-54 541-541-541-54 541-541-541-54 541-541-541-541-541-541-541-541-541-541-				
1 2 1 7 1 7 1	9 9 4 9 4 4 4 4 MMM 3 3 4 4 4 MMM 3 4 4 4 4 MM 3 4 4 4 4 4 MM 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	11 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
	1			<b>4</b> ,	

_	
C	

€ **▲** 

VERT FLOR AND VILVARE (F.C. OF PERTON) SURMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLANEMATIC ECONAMIC COMPUTATIONS Plane in Curle for Second Clubic Plane FLORE FLORE FLORE FERS FOR FLORE AFF I SECOND (SUUARE SILES (SUUARE SILES)

4

PLAN FATTU 1 MATTO 2 MATUS APPLTED TU FLOMS 1.00 .50 .14 515. 14. 59) ( ADEA 1.90) 41117W HYDROGAPH AT OPFEATT.

300. A.67) ( 1880. 52.04) ( 1421 51.50)( 3679. 104.141 ( 1 3041, ( 103,10)( _ 1.00.1 et ristine

. ,

•

.

,

; 1 .

ļ + 1,4 ×

í

1

.

ţ

ł

÷ ł

:

į

1

ł

•

i ÷ 1 İ : • i ļ 

; 1 : į ;

;

,

ł

ł

 $\not$ 

ł į

,

i

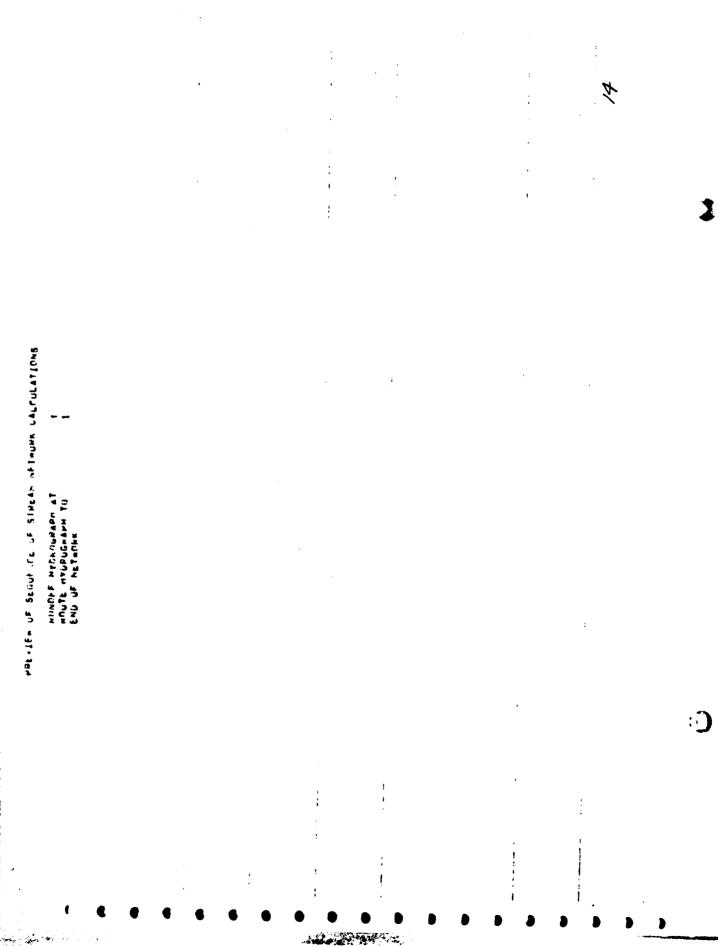
SUNVERT OF DAY SAFETE ANALYSIS

							•						. (			
		·	:						1 							
		T1ME UF Fatuur Hours						1								
	10P UF DAM 1064.50 4554	TIME OF Max Outflow Moups	17,96 17,06 18,25				÷		:							
5151		UUHATIUN Uver tup Huurs	1 C O 1 V O													
DAM SAFETY AMALYSIS	54161 447 CREST 1001-00 500- 131-	MAX]MCTFLCK CFS CFS	3041 1021 306													
SINKERY UF DA		- 41111 3767466 46-57	6 0 0 7 7 8 7 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7													:
, N	Jafffal value 1059.00 506.	ТАХ. 16 Таси серта серта	1 ° 1 ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °													
	FLYVAITC 617246F 0017FLCA	74×1411 Profer120 2005	1 re5. A. 1 no5. 15 1 no3. 16			,	:									
		ка11. С F	5 C 4 5 C 4 7 C 4			•••	1								, Ì	
	l velt		;	:			E		• • •							
•		•	• •	• •	•	•	1 • • •	) (	•	۵	•	2	<b>)</b>	Ð	)	

					ł		:	5
						:		
						•		
	5					Г	i	
	2							
	•	-	.1 -75 1		· :			
	5	-	-	064 1056 543 1056 543 1056 1054 1054 1054				
	s	1 286 1	n 1 1	1 1963 2663 2664 1043 1043				
	11 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 4 11 3 4 3 3 3 4 11 3 4 11 3 4 11 3 4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	CUMP!]1417	40 11 10 11		500			
	LAFF LAWBERT DAW 1.4. [12.5P[[]14. AMF] 4.1 [25.5P[]14. AMF] 4.1 [35. 1.0	5 1 5 11 1 LOCAL RIINNEF COMPUTA	о	1061 1922 1923 1051	¢•1			
(::::		ی اور		1040 1040 1040	2°2			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		۰ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱		T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	101.01 2.447(14 2.447(14			
		- / / # # 4 6						

÷

1



<u>1038</u>

Ĩ

Rz

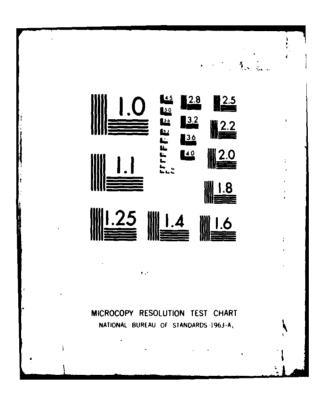
: i ; i ; 2 į į ł ÷ ; 1 f 1 4 в7. ч. 1 i i į ..... 1 ********* 1 1 · · · · · · · · IAUTO 0 : RIMP 0.00 ..... ł LOCAL 0 NUISN TNAME ISTAGE c ۱ ALSHX 0.00 Ļ 1 SAME 0 i TaqI 896 0.00 0 57RTL CNSTL -1.00 -75.00 ******** 1 SNDK į P11085 2.00 1741 €28 0.01 0 JPRT c 75.00 44110 0.000 1 RATE 0 0 € 70 ° 0 HE LAC SUB-AREA RUNUFF COMPUTATION JPL1 • CUPVF NU = -75.00 METNESS = -1.00 EFFECT CN = ŗ RITUL FRAIN STRKS RITUK 1.00 0.00 0.01 1.00 UNIT WTDRNGRAPH DATA TCH 0.01 LAGK '09 SPECIFICATION DACSNE 100.00 HVDRUGRAPH DATA 1850: 18590 •73 1.00 195PC PECESSIUN DATA LRUPT 0 N I H I ********* TECUN ITAPE 0 0 ¥1. Э 32 c LUCAL PUNUFF COMPUTATION LAKE LAMBERT DAM Saff Cam Inspection Ameri May 1991 - TNP . . . S1₽1∩≖ 1∩.∩U 4478 00°°C 86 75.UN JUPER TDAY 0 ŝ 1COMP 6 .50 ********** TARFA •73 50°, 1 N 1 N 1 0 1 0 ISTAD R11US= 1.00 0.00 DL TNP 586F U. UO N I UHL LEVEN WYN, NGRAPH PALKARE (MECH) Nam Sweet version Last "Putfication of app an ********************* 4 0 12 í 00.0 STRKR • • : JAYAS 150 ******** i RUN PAIE - SI INBIES. TT"F. (A.20.33. ראחשד בשהאר 4 1 • • ł

Model         Enclose fold         Model																							•																														
	940	380	125	99	9	00	ŝ	5	5	89	ŝ	ŝ	2	5	5	5	2			29	2	23		) M	ŝ	10	5	69	20						51.	47.	. 22		38.	36.	33.	51.			20.0				4C		10.		
	ŝ	0	С	0	0	0	c ·	c ·	0	c	c	0	•	c ·	c (	C (		c (	0 4	•	• •	<u></u>	••	•		2	°.	٩.	<u>د</u>	ç.	•	•		•	•	•	٩.	٩.	°,	٩.	ç	•	<u>،</u>	•	•	•	• •	-	Ċ	. °	. د.		•
	ĸ	<b>b</b> 0 <b>*</b>	60.	63.	<b>6</b> 0 *	00	6 () 3 (	<b>6</b> 0.	00.	<b>e</b> 1	.0.	<b>b</b> 3 .		B0.	<b>)</b> (	ο.	э (	•	30	> <	<b>&gt;</b> <	•	<b>`</b>		: ?		ം	٩.	•	ູ	•	<b>`</b>	<b>,</b>	2		<b>.</b>	٩.	•	٩.	•	•	•	ີ	•	<b>,</b> c	•	ີ	, . ,	.0	2	,° <b>.</b>		
	1 4	-	-	-	-		<b>.</b> .	-	-	~	-					-						• •	•	2		<u></u>	°.	•	٩.	°.	•	•	<u>،</u>			٩,	°.	•	<u>د</u>	-	ີ	•	•	•	• •	•		• •		<u>،</u>	٢.	•	•
	FHT	75	11	78	79	C (9)	с Г С	29	6 <b>3</b>	72	8 <b>.</b> 5	86	10			06		~ ~	n 1 > 0		<b>~</b> 4	0			100	101	1 02	103		105				110	111	112	113	717	115	116	211	811	6 7 7				121	ž	42 1 7	127	128	1	
	7 E • X	) • •		ų. 3	3.9	•••		۰ <b>،</b>	9°0	1.0	1.1	٤.,	* *	ວ ~1		ر . د	3 / 1		- · ·	<b>n</b> = <b>n</b> =	* <	? -	- 10	1 1			1	۹.	•		• 1		• •	1	3	٩.	٦.	r,	٩.	э.	-	<b>`</b>	3 (	•	• *	• •	. ?			1 3	<u>,</u>		•
	NO.C	0	С	0	•	•	0	<b>c</b> (	0	C	0	0		0	0 (	<b>c</b> (	•		<b>D</b> (	20	<b>;</b> c	<b>&gt;</b> <	> c	. 0	• •	С	0	0	0	••	<b>c</b> c			c	0	0	c	G	c.	0	3	0	<b>c</b> (	> <	c c	> c	s c	c c	. c	c	C.		•
	8040F+FEH] Cutr 4	ð	•	ľ	• •	•	<b>.</b>	•	¢	°2'	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	• =	<b>•</b>	<b>.</b>		~		<b>v</b> =	3 P	~ <		n e	) ()	- M	i nu	¢	5	5		53	1		5	2	89	5	2	5	2	ç	a : 7	30		2 2	: :	; ;	- st.	, ~ , >	1	<u></u>		
	\$	<u>د</u> ا	•••	0 c •	ê,	<u>و</u>	<b>ور</b> •	ę.	°,	<b>e</b> c •	9 c -	ч С	<b>0</b> c	40	0	50.											-12	.10							00	. · ·	çu.	• 05	<b>7</b> 0	• 0 •	7 C .				) ~ : <				c C	C C C	, S	•	
	ž	3	د • •	2	-	2	?	2	?	?	٩.	0,0	00.	• • •		5			5		2				0		.12	.13		<b>.</b>				Ľ	61.	6	•10	6 T •	.10	. 20								5		• • •		•	•
Image: Contraction of the contract	¥ 4	۹ د ۱	0.0	۹ ₀ .	ç	٥ <u>ر</u>	0,	٥ <u>,</u>	<b>°</b> .	9 c •	0	•	C	0	c (	C i	•	. د	- (	- (		: (		÷c	· ^-	• 💊	ŝ,	<b>م</b>	<b>n</b> , i	n; r	vn	• •	• ^	1 N	Λ.	n.	ς.	Λ, Ι	<b>n</b> . 1	<b>~</b> (	<b>n</b> , 1	<u>n</u> (	<b>n, r</b>	<b>.</b> .	、へ	<b>. ^</b>	. 🖛	•	•	~	3		
Construction and the second seco	FHT	-	~	<b>P</b> .	3	r	•	•	<	0	61	11	21		71	5	01						5	42	5	92	27	2		5	20	1	1 1	5	36	57	£.0	9	40		1 I	4 A	1 U		1 3	. a. 7 1	0	5	- <del>.</del> .	ý	53		
	~	, in	~	*	2	-	7	3	٩.	-	•	3	. د	•	•	<b>a</b> '		•	•		<u>-</u> د	• *				1		٩		•		• -	• • •		<b>?</b>	-		•	;	5	•	<b>.</b> .	<b>.</b> .	:.		• •		: ?	7	2	7		
	٢.	1.0.1	1.0.1	¢	C	÷	¢,	c ·	¢	2	с.	•	Ċ,			10"		D .	<b>)</b> (	2 6	: C	: c	: 6	9	•	c	0	<b>c</b> :	<b>c</b> (	0 4	<b>&gt;</b> c			-	c	•	<u> </u>	c (	c ·	<b>~</b> (	<b>-</b> (		<b>-</b> •		-	-	c	κ.		1 I			

1/2

Ì

AD-A108 252 UNCLASSIFIED	TENNESSEE STATI NATIONAL PROGRA SEP 81 P F BLU			ON NASH	CRAL DAM	IV 0ETC 5. TENNESSE ACW62-81-C-	2 <b>E</b> ETC <i>I</i> I	
2 · + 2 ŝkez.								
		3		li. Bi				
		END DATE FRIND 1 22 1 22 DTIC DTIC					<u>~</u>	·
		une one	L					



		1	~ / /
	1 .		
	34,27 ( 071,) ( (	101010000 1000000 10000000000000000000	
	UL 400 C 400		VDLUMF 65930. 1867. 34.91 896.72 1.562.
7 C K C K C K C K C K C K C K C K C K C	101 A A A A	F 	TntaL
	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	, 7 2	72-MOUP 440. 12. 34.91 885.72 1302.
	4 4 4 9 10 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1040 1040 1040 1040 1040 1040 1040 1040	24-HUTR 681. 59. 19. 19. 19. 1350. 1350.
		H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	5-NUUR 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010
N F F B B E C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	8 8 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	8 8 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
4 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	-2 0152333334 0524704200 05257004	
	· •		•
		,	

•

.

-

v

•

-

.

 $\widetilde{x}$ M464460845400 M4644608441-00 M5440-VOLUME 7252. 205. 3.84 97.54 150. 150. VOLUME 32965. 933. 17.46 445.36 445.36 661. - N - 0

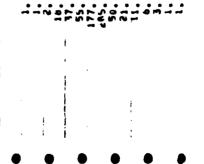
r c114

410

HYURUGHAPH AT

TOTAL 2 RTI0 1 220. 17. 50. 54. 54. 54. 54. 54. 72-ドレニド そうろうい FOR PLAN 1 N & B C & K & G K O C C N N N 4 N F M - M -A # HUUK M40. 10. 17. M0 4 M9.51 8 M3. 24-HUUR NECOBENCORE NALIOEN 6-HUUH 225. 225. 72.57 111. 111. PF.11 1810.

PEAK 340. 11. 



4



------

----

********

*******

							1	· .				1									Ĺ			I					
								• : • •							1	:				1			:	:					
					1		-				I	2.	•••	•••				•••					•				•		
TAUTO	0										1		<b>~</b>	270			4 A	621	102		ŭ	33	ñ	1	20	41	679 674	2.4	117
	c als l	7 4 4 4 4 1 - 1	50	00			-								1353.	650	283.	134	105.	30		337.	338.	. O U N	419.	465.	457.	474.	412.
	-	5778A 13 -1.	1064.50	743.00			LXPL 0.0		:			2		231.	1293.	1038.	510°	135.	106. 73.	. 9 	ł	537.		376.	410	205.	403. 459.	426.	415.
		8 X0F	044.00	543.00	454	1065,	CAREA D.n	044410 044410	PATTO 1	ORDINATES												37.		~~~	З.	0	4 7 C .	.8	ь. Э
JPLT	- 10 - 1	0 UNU 0 *	-		483.	1064.	Cont 0.0	4 × F 0	-			• •										<b>n</b> .							
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-0 -0-0	1045.09	262.07	472.	1063.	0°0 1/373	DAM UA1 Coun e 2.5	I. PLAN	D HYRROG		~ ~		101	3280	1509	3/6 222	44		1 N 1 N		337	192	368	610. 1		4 4 2 ·	431.	410.
י ג נ	111	Ч С Ч С Ч С	00.540	136, JA	490.	いたく。	7 X 7 0.0	TUPEL Coa,5	ATION	END-OF-PERIOD HYDROGRAPH	OUTFLOW	<b>n</b> m	909 909	173.	2740.	1/56.	<27.	152.		35. 35	STONAGE	537.	.041	564.			5 <b>4</b> 7	- 26 -	.017
TERNA TE		NSTUL 1	-			-	1000 1000 1000	100	STA.	END	•	• •		150.	211.	683. 444	233.	141.	7.4			337.	300.	56U.			4 7 C	- A	• • •
		STPS NS	1	192.00	379.	1061	0[345															_							
⊢ :n - 2	יין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין	5.	1046.00	42.60	357.	1060.	5051 . A						• • •		~ 1							337.	310	Ϋ́,		543	17 c		
ł	<u>,</u>				<b>5</b> 30.	1054.					-		• • • •		1067.		240.	124.	94			530.	539	512.	101.3	447.	474. :26		
			1059.00	C	4 8				:					517.	1561.		244		90.	41.	ļ	530. 337.	<b>136.</b>	5 8 4 	474	400°	476. 480		0.0
			31267	FI رام	C4PAC1T	EL E VATIONE			i i			•																	

C

•

y

***

È

		1 : 		8	1
					1
574. 566. 357.				-NOM & NM 7 3 - 40 0 K 0 C 0 F 0 - 7 5 5 10	0700 NYM 0700 NYM 0700 NYM
267. 267. 250.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	4 ~ 4 () ~ 1,6 0 h 3 M N ~ 4 0 0 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
565 556 556	00000000 00000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	401 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0	<b>P F G C N G C N G C N G C C C D G C C C C C C C C C C</b>	R TOTAL Se Se Se Ro Ro Roto 2 Droiwaffs	- 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	44 44 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
545 573 550	000 C N 3 W V N N N 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	К 72-НЦЦК 335 34 34 34 12 134 12 134 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	4 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	- W - W - W - W - W - W - W - W - W - W
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		244400 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	666 146 146 146 146 146 146 146 146 146
247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	C - N O M N 0 0 0 0 0 N 4 M 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	NN & A M N N N & NN & A M N N N & NN & A M N & C O O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	887 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 19
5000 1000 1000 1000	C - L B B L L M - L B B L M M - J G C B B B M - J G C B C B B B - J G C B C B B B - J G C B C B B B - J G C B C B B - J G C B C B B - J G C B C B B - J G C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		2 4 4 5 - 5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
500 500 500	C	U I I I I I I I I I I I I I	CFS TADUS CCFS TADUS CCFS TADUS CCFF TADUS CCFF T		
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			2.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	•••• ••••
		803 81 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			
	•				)

ł

				$\tilde{N}$
	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	1059,0 1059,0 1059,1 1059,2 1061,1 1065,4 1061,9 1061,9 1061,9 1061,9 1059,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1051,0 1000,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,000,0		
	24122222222222222222222222222222222222	1059.0 1059.0 1059.1 1059.1 1060.1 1060.5 1060.5 1060.5 1060.5 1060.5 1060.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1059.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 10000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1000.5 1		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	2 M J J J J M W M J M M J J J J M W M J J J J	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	VOLUME 32476. 920. 17.20 436.78 628. 828.	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	, c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c	6418 THTAL 17. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28	90-0000-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-
	2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222	R 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	UR 72-4 1. 72-4 9. 1.7 8.2 8.2 1. 7 1. 7 1. 7 1. 7 1. 7 1. 7 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	• • • • • • • • • • • •	L 4 1 9 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 100000 100000 100000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000	РЕРК 192. 51. 51. 51. 51. 51. 51. 51. 51. 71. 71. 71. 71. 71. 71. 71. 71. 71. 7	00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,000 00-0,0000 00-0,00000000
ſ	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		9 9	00
ξ.		11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 4 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
				22-411-4 24-4 24-4 24-4 24-4 24-4 24-4 2
		L L	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ł –

- e*

			$\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{i}$
	<b>)</b> }		
21. 24: 10:		0,001 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,0000 1,00000000	
22. 10.	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
23.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1059 1059 1059 1059 1059 1059 1059 1069 1069 1069 1069 1069 1069 1069 106	
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	7 M M J J J M J J M J J M J M M M M M J J J M J J M J J M J M M M M M J J J M J M J M J M J M J M J M J M	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
12.	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10559 10	CM 6 7 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
14. 14.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		7 ⊷ ∽ ⊅
~ ~	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 22 2	
t (~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		4	

,

·			1				•	-		
PUTATTONS				• •	1	· · · · · · · ·			₩) • ₩√ •	
PFLA FLF. ANU STUDARE (FLF PF PERTOD) SUMMARY FOR FULTIPLE PLAN-AATTO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS Filles In Curit FET PFH SFLUND (cubic metens per Secund) ARFA [N SQUARE FIES (SQUARE MILTMETERS)	MAITUS APPLTED TO FLOWS Hatto 5 -11	11.27)(11.27)(191. 5.41)(
N OF PERTUD) SUMMARY FO 14 Cualf FEFT PFH SFLU ARFA [N SQUARE F1LFS	" RATTO 1 RATTC 2	1 3619, 1810, (102,48)/ 51,24)(3544, 1792, (101,54)(50,75)(
ANU STUDAGE (FU	ABEA PLAN	1, 00) 1, 00) 1, 00)								
the writer		هود، ۲۲ ا ۲۰ (
	-111 Desallo	of nature				A				

C

	TIME OF Fallume Mours	000 • • • • • • • • •				•
107 CF 0AR 1064 Sc 454	TIME OF Max Outflum Mours	14°00 14°00 184°40				
	0144170N UVER 70P Muihs	6 N C 3 . 3 C 9 N C 3 . 3 C 9 N C 3				
521LLARY LREST 1461.60 596. 131.	19 X 4 X C X 0 C 1 + C C X 0 C + O	3574 3572 191				
ATTAL V4LUF 1454,01 - 356. 0.	* 4 1 MUM > 7 0 F 46 4 5 + 7	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 5 2 6 2 6 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7				
151114 V4LUF 1054.01 354. 354.	1441101 76711 2448 541	0 M 0 M 6 0 * C				
F L + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	RAA THIH Reserveit Reserveit	1:05.15 1005.13 1007.63		•		
· · ·	X A 11 C 1 1 C	55 - 3 A - 			;	
7474					1	
;	•	1	1	5		

<u>)</u>

APPENDIX G

ĥ

N.V. Marrie

CORRES PONDENCE

_

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NASHVILLE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS - P. O. BOX 1070 NASHVILLE, TENNISSEE 37203

ORNED-G

13 March 1981

1

Keith McCord Route #7 Maryville, Tenn. 37801

Dear Mr. McCord:

۶.

As provided under authority of the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, all non-Federal dams in Tennessee must be inspected for the purpose of protecting human life and property. According to our records, you are the owner of Lamert Dam, located in Blount County, Tennessee.

An inspection of this dam is scheduled for 21-23 April, 1981. Engineers from the Engineering Division of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in conjunction with the Tennessee Division of Water Resources will conduct the inspection. As the owner we encourage your participation in the inspection. Following this inspection a report will be prepared and a copy forwarded to you.

If there are any questions or a need for additional information, please contact Mr. Paul Bluhm or Mr. Timothy McCleskey at 615/251-7366.

Sincerely,

E.C. MOORE Chief, Engineering Division ORNED-G

NON-FEDERAL DAM INSPECTION REVIEW BOARD PO BOX 1070 NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37202

Commander, Nashville District US Army Corps of Engineers PO Box 1070 Nashville, TN 37202

1. The Interagency Review Board, appointed by the Commander on 19 June 1981, presents the following recommendations after meeting on 27 August 1981, to consider the Phase I investigation report on Lambert Dam located near Maryville, Tennessee.

2. The toe drains should be periodically checked for deposition of material. If significant deposition is occurring, the owner should engage the services of a qualified engineer to determine the cause of the deposition.

3. Recommendation c. should be changed to allow cattle grazing on the dam; this grazing should be controlled to minimize damage to the embankment.

4. The progression of the erosion of the wave berm should be periodically checked.

محاج المفتاد الراران

5. The Board is in agreement with other report conclusions and recommendations following minor revisions.

FRANK B. COUCH, JR. Chief, Geotechnical Branch Chairman

EDMOND B. O'NEILL' Alternate, Division of Water Resources State of Tennessee

EDWARD B. BOYD U Hydrologic Technician Alternate, US Geological Survey

BOBBY G. MOORE/

Assistant State Conservation Engineer Alternate, Soil Conservation Service

THOMAS ALLEN Hydraulic Engineer Alternate, Hydrology and Hydraulics Branch

JAMES GUNNELS Structural Engineer Alternate, Design Branch



4

•2.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NASHVILLE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P. O. BOX 1070 NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37202

IN REPLY REFER TO

ORNED-G

11 AUG 1981

SUBJECT: Report of Phase I Investigation of Lambert Dam, Maryville, Tennessee.

Commander, Ohio River Division ATTN: ORDED-T (Griff Ray)

1. Inclosed are three copies of our draft report covering the Phase I investigation of Lambert Dam in Blount County, Tennessee.

2. The report is still in draft form at this time. Request return of copy containing color photographs along with your comments. We will furnish you a final version of the report when it is completed.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Jane

1 Incl as E. C. MOORE Chief, Engineering Division

CRITED

NASH. DIST. U.S.A. CORPS. OF ENG

SEP 3 1 20 PH '81

G 'SAEBGDIST SVL

P D31647Z SEFT 31 FM CDRJSAEDOR CIFCIPLATI OH //ORDED-T// TO CDRJSAED MASHVILLE TH //ORDED-3//

BT UHCLAS

37

- SUBJ: PHASE I LUSPECTION REPORT, LANSERT DAD, BLOURT COUNTY, TENNESSEE THE IPSPECTION REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE SATISFACTORY SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING COUNTERTS.
- A. THE REPORT SHOULD RECOMMENT THAT THE EMERGENCY DISCHARGE GATE SHOULD BE FERIODICALLY OPERATED TO INSUME THAT IT IS FUNCTIONAL AND CAN BE RELIED FOR IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY SUCH AS THE ONE IN OCTOBER 1953.
- B. CONCUE WITH THE RECOMPENDATIONS TO ANIMSPLOT THE DAY DURING A DRY PERIOD TO DETERVINE IF THE MET SPOTS OF THE DOVISTALLE ANGALANEUT SLOPE ARE A RESULT OF SURFACE WATCH OR THEORS SERABL. THE RECONNEUDATIONS SHOULD, HOMEVER, BE EXPANDED TO STATE THAT IF SUCH AN INSPLCTION DOES NOT CONFIRM THE METHESS TO BE THE RESULT OF PRECIPITATION, THE OWNER SHOULD HAVE THE STABILITY OF STAUCTURE REVIEVED BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER.
- C. <u>APPENDIX F. PAGE 1.</u> THE POP CANNOT BE OBTAINED FROM TP 40 AND THE NUMERICAL VALUES FOR DEPTH OF OVERTOPPING AND DEATION OF OVERTOPPING APPEAR TO BE TRANSPOSED. APPROPRIATE CHANGES SHOULD BE MADE.

J. OFVŻ				
SENT I PLS ACK UN LUGDIST MVL P	DIST ENGR COMPT DEP DE AUDIT DEP DE TTW ADP	PAO F	PROG DEV	ENG OPER
• •	EX ASST SEC MOR			

ORNED-G (11 Aug 1981) 2d Ind SUBJECT: Report of Phase I Investigation of Lambert Dam, Maryville, Tennessee

DA, Nashville District, Corps of Engineers, PO Box 1070, Nashville, Tennessee 37202

TO: Commander, Ohio River Division, ATTN: ORDED-T (Griff Ray)

1. 1st Indorsement, paragraph A. Concur. This recommendation has been added to the report.

2. 1st Indorsement, paragraph B. Concur. This recommendation has been added to the report.

3. Ist Indorsement, paragraph C. The PMP can be obtained from TP 40. This has been resolved by telephone between Tom Porter, Hydrology and Hydraulics Branch, Nashville District, and Tom Liggitt, Hydrology Section, Ohio River Division.

An error was made in computing the depth and duration of overtopping in the preliminary report, but the correct values are present in the final report. There was a significant change in these values which resulted in a change in the condition classification from "unsafe-nonemergency" to "significantly deficient." See attached sheet for definitions of these terms. It was felt that the depth and duration of overtopping was not enough to cause failure of the dam and, therefore, should be called significantly deficient.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

l Incl as É. Ć. MOORE Chief, Engineering Division

DEFINITION OF CONDITION CLASSIFICATION

"Unsafe - Emergency" - A dom in a state of imminent failure. State and local authorities and downstream residents should be advised immediately. Downstream residents may have to be evacuated, remedial work should begin immediately, the reservoir should be drawn down or drained, or combination of the above (e.g., advanced piping, major slope instability, recent sudden collapse of a portion of the foundation, imminent overtoppint, etc.).

"Unsafe - Nonemergency" - A dam with obviously serious deficiencies which could clearly and rapidly develop, or are developing, into failure modes, but do not yet pose the threat of imminent failure. State and local authorities should be advised promptly and remedial work should begin as soon as practical. Someone whould be assigned to periodically check on the dam's condition until remedial work is begun. Drawing down the reservoir should be considered, (e.g., flowing seepage from embankment which could lead to piping, evidence of solution channels or cavitation in the foundation, seriously inadequate spillway capacity as per ETL 1110-2-234, history of recurring slope instability, etc.).

"Significantly Deficient" - A dam with deficiencies which, if left unchecked, would likely become serious deficiencies and could ultimately result in failure. Advise State authroities and recommend remedial work be scheduled in time to prevent substantial further deterioration of the condition(s) - usually within 6 months to a year or sooner (e.g., heavy growth of sizeable trees on slopes, potentially serious erosion, spillway discharge channel too close to embankment, etc.).

"Deficient" - A dam with deficiencies which need attention, but which would not likely affect the safety of the dam unless left unchecked for a long period of time. Advise State authorities and recommend remedial action at owner's convenience, but before problem can escalate into a significant deficiency (e.g., brush and/or few or very small trees on embankment, long term deterioration of masonry or metal outlet features, formation of deep ruts in embankment roadway, deterioration of riprap, etc.).

"Not Deficient" - Well constructed and maintained dam with no apparent deficiencies relative to its safety and structural integrity. APPENDIX H PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

ź

1

C

TVA 64 (05-4-89) UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum

TO

FROM

DATE

ί

(

: Edwin H. McGain

: William P. Clark

: October 18, 1963

HYDRAUEIS DATA BLANC Rold NOV 6 No HO. 6. TENNESSEE VALL UTHOR ٦ SUBJECT: LAMBERT DAM FAILURE - BLOUNT COUNTY, TENNESSEE

On October 17, 1963, a field investigation was made of the subject dam which had failed on October 12. This investigation was made to try to determine the cause or causes of this failure.

No visible signs could be found that would indicate that muskrats had been working in the dam fill in the vicinity of the wash out or elsewhere for that matter. The soil in the lake area appeared to be very conducive for cravfish but no signs of these were found either.

The concrete pipe, 21-inch concrete, which formed the spillway discharge culvert showed no visible signs that seepage rings had existed on this pipe, neither were any seep rings found among the various pieces of pipe scattered below the dam. The pipe had been laid on a concrete cradle throughout the width of the dam but again there were no signs of seep rings on these portions of the cradle that were found washed out and/or still in place.

The morning glory type of spillway entrance to the 2h-inch pipe consisted of a vertical square concrete box, constructed in sections, which sections appeared to have not been banded together. There was no means of controlling the discharge through this spillway, the discharge varying according to reservoir height over the intake.

There was no o'her spillway other than the one mentioned above. However, there did exist through the dam, a 6-inch pipe with a screened inlet on the lake end and a value at the downstream end. This pipe was used to furnish water for irrigation purposes. From talking with the farm manager, Mr. Hoffstetter, the 6-inch pipe was at an elevation approximately 10 feet higher than the 21-inch pipe.

The first leakage was noticed on the domestream side of the fill at an clevation about 10 feet higher than the 24-inch pipe, however, the farm manager could not remember whether or not it was at/or near the 6-inch pipe outlet.

In summing up the possible causes of the dam failure, it appears that it could have been any of the following reasons or a combination of them:

(1) Settlement of the earth fill could have broken the 6-inch pipe at a joint or joints, causing water to seep out into the earth fill. (The water in this pipe being under pressure at all times, since the value was on the cutlet end.)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum

Ĵ

(

(

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

TO : Edwin H. McCain

FROM : William P. Clark

DATE : October 18, 1963

SUBJECT: LAMBERT DAM FAILURE - BLOUNT COUNTY, TENNESSEE

(2) Settlement could have caused a break in the 21:-inch concrete pipe creating a leak in it.

-2-

- (3) Lack of seepsge rings around the 24-inch and also the 6-inch pipe.
- (4) And least likely of all, possibly some help from muskrats.

J

WPC:JQM CC: Melton D. Cauthen



(a) Looking upstream on Six Mile Creek from Montvale Road. Note wash and highwater marks 2300 feet downstream from Lambert Brother's Dam.



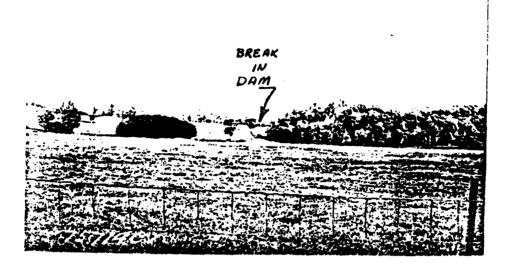
(b) Looking upstream and towards Six Mile Creek from the left bank, upstream of Montvale Road.

ĺ

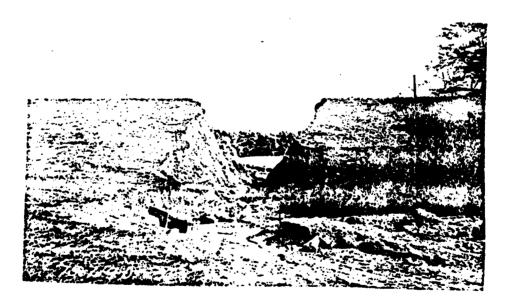
LANDERT BROTHER'S DAM

TRIBUTARY OF SIX MILE CREEK

BLOUNT COUNTY, TENDESSEE



(c) Looking east and upstream at break in dam, center background, from Montvale Road.



(d) Looking upstream at break in dam. Note a portion of vertical morning glory type overflow section at left center.

l



(e) Close-up view of break in Lambert Brother's Dam as seen from downstream.



(f) Close view of dam cross section looking towards the left bank, south end of dam. Note slide on upstream slope.

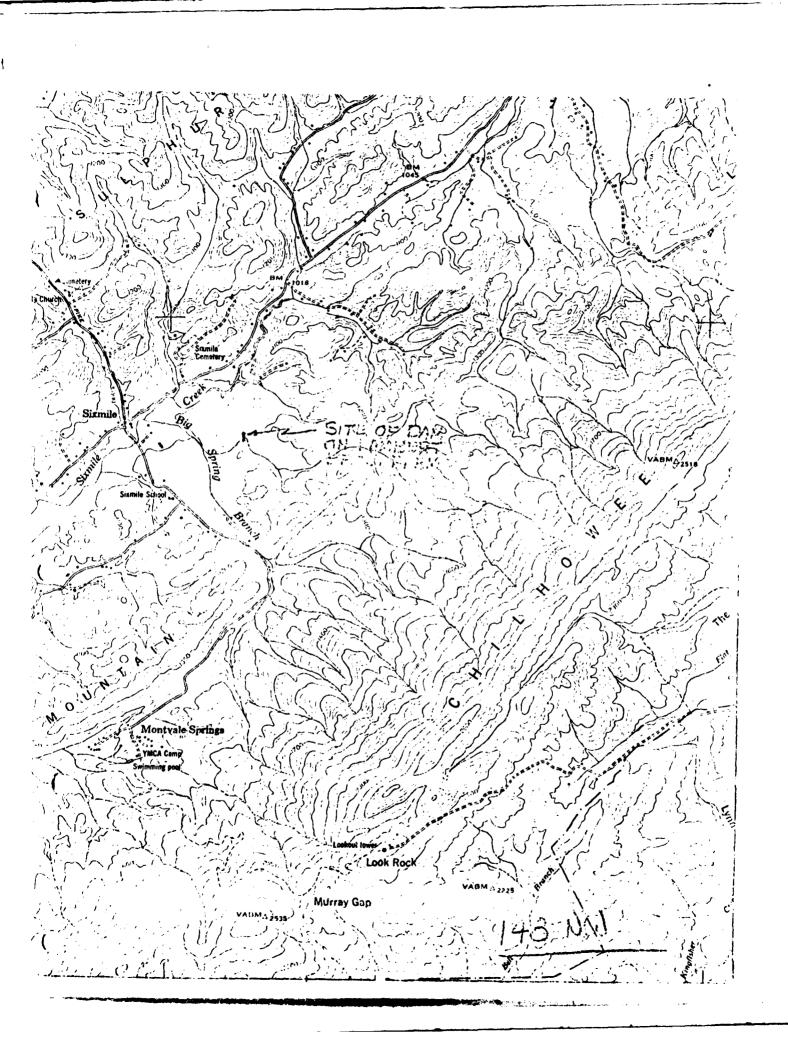
C



1

)

(g) Looking from the top of the Lambert Brother's Dam at the break on the upstream side and remaining pool.





Drill Crew Gets Rock, Soil Samples



Drill Crew Gets Rock, Soil Samples

Soil Conservation Service drill crew Investigates borrow area to a depth of 15 feet. Samples of rock and soil were also taken from the spillway foundation area.

Lambert Dam Being **Rebuilt**, Improved

bert as he watched the work these tests. progress along the center line of his dam. "We're putting in the hest pipe available. It's been tested under 20 feet of head and it doesn't leak a drop. The six ir ch pipe, thought by some to have caused the break in our previous dam, is left out completly."

The Lambert Cam, at Six Mile, is being rebuilt by the most rigid of standards, Every part is being double checked and additional safety measures installed. Borrow areas were sampled and tested to deter-

ĩ

"Everything we've doing to mine suitability and desired early next spring. They realize our dam will make it better compaction and are being put that fertilization is as necesthan before," says J. B. Lam- in according to the results

> Last spring the dam developed a small leak, which eventually led to a break, in the dam and completely emptied the lake, damaging some of the Lambert farm.

The reservoir itself is being to farmers. improved by deepening the

shallow areas and by filling in the deeper areas. This should help eliminate some of the waterweed growth as well 85 generally improve fishing.

Aside from this, a cold water release is being installed 25 part of the spillway that will remove the normal overflow from the bottom of the lake rather than from the top. Water at the bottom is usually colder, contains less fish food and is lower in oxygen content than water near the top of a lake.

The first shipment of fish are to arrive for stocking this lake early in December. The fish on order for stocking are bluegill, shell crackers, channel catfish and largemouth bass. The bass will be stocked in May 1965 after the bluegill have had time to spawn.

Another feature included in the new dam is a drain at the top of the dam to collect any seepage that may occur. The dam is also 20 fect wider at the base. It is now 320 feet wide.

The lake has been expanded to a full 20 acres by excavation along the edges to get fill material. The slopes at the edges have all been sloped to at least the three-to-one that is to be desired.

Lambert Brothers is planning a rigid fertilization program for the lake beginning

of sary to getting full fish production as it is to getting full production of field crops.

This dam is being constructed with engineering assistance through the Blount Soil Conservation District as a regular part of its technical assistance

Octoher	The Three Parts	
S S		100 Ja
Brings	Cills had made	
	her and the second	
g	her and the second seco	
	heavy machinery area.	
C		
ar Agr	and the men by the second seco	
90	y by the water. At right is view from be the break in background, were picking up fish.	
C	The mark point of arrow was	
1		
Break	WIERE EAM BROKE – Arruw In aerial view (left) by Sail Construction Service shows point where break secured Saturday night in dam on Lambert Brenhers form. Large systemore trea near point of arrow was	
L D	When E DAM BROKE	



ROAD DAMAGE - Some washout daring! accurred at this bridge on Six Mile Creek on Montvele Road at Six Mile Community, New blacktop pavement was floated loose from base and settled backdown on limb which had washed under it. Between trees may be seen overturned pick-up truck in background. Truck was washed from read in foreground some 75 yards into the field and everturned. Times Staff Photos - Stand

78 Million Gallons ----

Lambert Dam At Six Mile Breaks

Enough water to supply the was 40 feet deep and included near future. City of Maryville's needs for two drainage from 327 acres. months swept across the Six Mile area on Montvale Road dam on Lambert Brothers Farm broke.

No one was injured and there was no serious damage except to the dam and the Lambert fields which were covered with mud and rocks deposited by the water.

Cause of the break has not been determined but Soil Conservation Service Engineers from Knoxville and Nashville are expected to examine the dam this week to attempt to determine the cause and to suggest methods for repairing the damage.

While muskrats had been seen in the lake and around the dam. there had been no indication that they caused the leak that resulted in the break in the dam, However, muskrats are one of the biggest enemies 0 such dirt fill dams and could have caused the damage.

Completed in 1957, the 17-acre farm lake was one of the biggest of its kind in the state at the time it was built. Considered a \$40,000 to \$50,0%0 project, the 538 foot long dirt file dam contained 12,000 cubic yards of dirt and was 47 feet high. The lake, which was full when the leak was discovered, contained, 240 acre feet of water (78,408,000 gallons). In places the water

and Largemouth Bass, the lake 7:30 a.m. Sunday approximately Saturday night when the dirt fill was one of the best fishing spots in the county. This past spring it was not unusual to see catches weighing five pounds.

Elmer Lambert, one of the owners, said he expected the the farm area by midalternoon dam would be repaired in the

Many area residents were at Well stocked with Blue Gills the scene Saturday night. By 50 persons were on hand, curiously eyeing the damage f r o m such an unusual event. Lambert estimated that as many as 1,000 persons were scattered around Sunday to get a closer look at the damage.

— Through The Dam

A small leak in the dam was discovered about 6 p.m. Saturday by Ben Grindstaff who lives on the farm on the banks of the lake. The hole increased in size and about 9 p.m. a cave-in occurred in the dam above the leak and the water ripped through a 35-foot wide hole, emptying the lake in about an hour.

Grindstaff said that when he first discovered the leak it wasn't over four inches across. He added the water was just boiling up like a spring out of the dirt face of the dam. A little later, he spotted a large swirl in the lake between the top of the dam and a vertical overflow pipe out in the lake, indicating a large amount of water was draining out of the lake, However, the stream coming out the lower side of the dam at that time was no larger than six or eight inches.

The hole increased in size unill the stream was as large as a creck, After about three hours, the water level had dropped only about a foot. The top of the dam then caved in with a loud numble, Grindstaff said. The cave-in threw water 30 feet into: the air, Grindstaff added, He was standing on top of the dam a few yards from the cave-in and was sprayed with the water thrown into the air.

the water

til the stream was as targe as a creek. After about three hours, the water level had dropped only about a foot. The top of the dam then caved in with a loud rumble, Grindstaff said. The cave-in threw water 30 feet intothe air. Grindstaff added. He was standing on top of the dam a few yards from the cave-in and was sprayed with the water thrown into the air.

The water from the dam followed roughly the low area along Six Mile Creek into which overflow from the lake drains. About halt a mile downstream, where the creek goes under a concrete bridge on Montv al c Road, the water covered the road to a depth of five or six feet.

Two youths narrowly escaped injury when their pick-up truck was swept from the road 75 yards downstream into a field and turned on its side. They climbed onto the side of the new pick-up truck and were rescued by Blount County Rescue Squad. Larry Lambert, driver of the pick-up truck, and Milton Dickenson were the two rescued. They had heard about the leak in the dam and had gone over to look at it. They had been warned of the danger but delayed too long in leaving the area.

Six Mile Baptist Church also received some damage. Water covered the church parking lot, reaching almost to the more levcl of the sanctuary. The basement, where the oil furnace is located, was flooded. The water also swept the outside oil tank supplying the furnace from ils foundation, spilling its contents. One of the church's cutdoor toilets was also washed away.

At the point where Montvale Road crosses Six Mile Creek, the water floated the fresh blacktop loose from the road bed. As the water went back down, the blacktop settled dack into place. In one spot it settled down on a limb that had been washed between the blacktop and the roadbed.

Old Piney Road, northeast of Six Mile, was flooded in several places within a short distance from the Montvale Road intersection.

Sheriff Roger Trotter set up road blocks around the flooded area. Area residents we e warned of the impending danger and left their homes in the event the water should flood any homes. However, no homes were seriously threatened.

Long sections of the three-foot in diameter concrete pipe, used as the overflow for the lake, were scattered like match silcks as far as half a mile brlow the dam. A large sycamore tre near the break in the dam w as swept aside like a splinter. The water left heavy densits of the

Ũ

men were wading in the mud and small pools of water along the route of the water from the well-stocked lake, stringing up fish. Cracks were visible in the top of the dam near the break. The cracks apparently resulted from the impact of the cave-in.

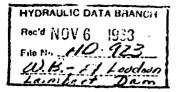
A number of prominent persons have fished on the private lake. Among them was the late United States House of Representatives Speaker Sam Rayburn of Texas. He fished on the lake in July 1961 while he was here for the dedication of the bvidge across Fort Loudoun Dam, shortly before his death.

The Lambert dam was designed by the United States Department of Agriculture's Soil Conservation Service through the Blount County Soil Conservation District. Tillman E. Lee, now in Columbia, was work unit conservationist at the time it was built. Because of the unusual height of the dam, plans were sent to the regional office in Spartanburg, S. C., where the y were approved.

Dewey Simpson, present work unit conservationist, stated that it was the first time he had ever known of a dirt fill dam break-Ing when it had been built in accordance with basic engineering standards. Observing the layers of construction at the point of the break in the dam, he said that from all indications the layers of dirt were put in place and packed in complete accordance with the best known procedures.

The break came above two pipes running through the base of the dam. One was a three-foot in diameter concrete overflow pipe. The other was a six-inch iron pipe. A vertical concrete box standpipe in the water near the dam automatically took care of the overflow when the lake reached full stage, draining it through the overflow pipe in the base of the dam. The ison pipe had a valve on the lower side of the dam and was installed so irrigation pipe could be hooked directly to it for irrigation of the farm.

Two other theories have been advanced as to the possible cause of the break. One is that sweating of the overflow pipe during the six-year period could have wet the soil through the dam and eventually led to a wet spot and then a leak. A wet spot had been noticed in the dam recently but it was not close to the break. The other theory is that . the iron pipe, which had water pressure on it at all times, could have been broken or began feaking and eventually caused a leak in the dam,



Small Dam Collapses On Farm Near Maryville

about 15 acres of water slowly in the Chota community.

gave way and collapsed near here The estimated 100 men, includ-Saturday night as rescue workers ing about 75 members of the and police stood by with emer- Blount County rescue squad, were gency equipment.

The flow of water washed a truck off a road and against a tree, and its two occupants had to be rescued by boat.

But fears for the safety of some two dozen homes below the dam eased with the gradual disintegration of the dam.

The dam is located above a breek four miles southeast of here. It was a structure 70 feet high, 200 feet wide and 60 feet deep.

3

deep. James Kagley, jailer at the Blount County sheriff's office, said there would be "real trou-ble" if the dam broke. "We're calling people by phone right now, telling them to abandon their homes," he added. "We are trying to round up hoats in case

trying to round up boats in case they're needed."

Police said from one to two

on the scene with floodlights and other rescue equipment.

KINGSPORT NEWS

007 13 1953



