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DELAWARE RIVER BASIN

ALDER MARSH BROOK, WAYNE COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

ALDER MARSH DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00153 DER ID No. 64-150

PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION

National Dam Inspection Program. Alder Marsh Dam (NDI ID Number PA-ØØ153, DER ID Number 64-150), Delaware River Basin, Alder Marsh Brook, Wayne County, Pennsylvania. Report. Phase I Inspection

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Prepared by

GANMETT FLEMING CORDDRY AND CARPENTER, INC. Consulting Engineers P.O. Box 1963 Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105 Contract DACW3/-8/-C.0018 J. For DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203 MAR 🗖 💋 81 UL 1 3 1981 411004 D DISTRIBUTION STATUS Approved for public resease; Distribution Unlimited

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigations, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

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It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

NDI ID No. PA-00153; DER ID No. 64-150

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

CONTENTS

Description

<u>Page</u>

			Brief Assessment of General C	or	nđi	ti	Lor	ı		
			and Recommended Action	•	•	•	•		•	111
SECTION	1	-	Project Information	•	•		•		•	1
SECTION	2	-	Engineering Data	•	•				•	5
SECTION	3	-	Visual Inspection	•	•				•	6
SECTION	4	-	Operational Procedures	•	•	•	•			8
SECTION	5	-	Hydrology and Hydraulics	•	•	•	•		•	9
SECTION	6	-	Structural Stability	•	•	•		•	•	11
SECTION	7	-	Assessment, Recommendations,	ar	nd					
			Proposed Remedial Measures	•	•	•	•	•	•	12

APPENDICES

Appendix

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<u>Title</u>

A	Checklist - Engineering Data.
B	Checklist - Visual Inspection.
C	Photographs.
D	Hydrology and Hydraulics.
E	Plates.
F	Geology.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITION

AND

RECOMMENDED ACTION

Name of Dam:	Alder Marsh Dam
	NDI ID No. PA-00153
	DER ID No. 64-150

Size: Small (10 feet high; 266 acre-feet)

Hazard

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Classification: Significant

Owner: Pennsylvania Game Commission Division of Land Management 8000 Derry Street P.O. Box 1567 Harrisburg, PA 17120 Attn: Mr. R. W. Kurtz

State Located: Pennsylvania

County Located: Wayne

Stream: Alder Marsh Brook

Date of Inspection: 4 December 1980

Based on available records, visual inspection, calculations, and past operational performance, Alder Marsh Dam is judged to be in good condition. Considering the size and hazard classification of the dam, the recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) varies between the 100-year flood and the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). The 1/2 PMF was, in this case, selected as the SDF. The existing spillway will pass approximately 44 percent of the PMF before overtopping of the dam occurs and is, accordingly, rated as inadequate. If the emergency spillway channel were widened to its design width and the crest lowered to its design elevation, the spillway would pass about 70 percent of the PMF. The spillway would then be rated as adequate.

No stability problems were observed at the dam. Overall, maintenance of the dam has been adequate.

The following remedial measures, listed in approximate order of priority, are recommended to be undertaken by the Owner without delay.

(1) Widen the emergency spillway channel and/or lower the spillway crest to make the spillway adequate.

(2) Fill in the low areas on the embankment slopes to the design grade.

(3) Monitor the depressions located beyond the toe of the dam. Take appropriate action if any changes are detected.

In addition, the Owner should institute the following operational and maintenance procedures:

(1) Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system for Alder Marsh Dam. When warnings of a major storm are given by the National Weather Service, the Owner should activate the emergency operation and warning system.

(2) During periods of unusually heavy rains, provide round-the-clock surveillance of the dam.

(3) Initiate an inspection program such that the dam is inspected on a regular basis. As presently required by the Commonwealth, the inspection program should include a formal annual inspection by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams. Utilize the inspection results to determine if remedial measures are necessary.

(4) Continue the existing maintenance program and develop a formal maintenance manual so that all features of the dam are properly maintained.

FREDERICK FUTCHKO

ENGINEER

No. 28195-E

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Submitted by:

GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY AND CARPENTER, INC.

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FREDERICK FUTCHKO Project Manager, Dam Section

Date: 13 April 1981

Approved by:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

JAMES W. PECK Colonel, Corps of Engineers District Engineer

Date: 11 MA 81



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NDI ID NO. PA-00153; DER ID No. 64-150

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

SECTION 1

PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General.

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a. <u>Authority</u>. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.

b. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of the inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project.

Dam and Appurtenances. Alder Marsh Dam is a a. zoned-earthfill structure approximately 250 feet long (including both spillways) and 10 feet high. The impervious core of the dam has a base width equal to one-third of the total base width of the embankment and extends to the top of the embankment where it has a width of four feet. The design plans show that a cutoff trench was to be excavated to impervious material along the centerline of the The trench was to have minimum base and top embankment. widths of 6 and 8 feet, respectively. An 18-inch layer of hand-placed riprap, with a minimum size of 12 inches, was placed on the upstream slope to within 2 feet of the top of the dam. The dam has a crest width of about 12 feet and side slopes of 1V on 3H upstream and 1V on 2H downstream.

The principal spillway consists of a rectangular channel, with concrete side walls and a grouted stone floor, constructed through the left end of the dam. A double row of stoplogs near the center of the channel are used to control the reservoir pool elevation. The area between the stoplogs is filled with soil and rock to reduce leakage. A three-foot wide concrete cutoff wall was to be constructed a minimum of 6 feet beneath the center of the spillway. Concrete cutoff walls were also constructed 6 feet into the embankment on both sides of the spillway. A two-foot wide grouted stone cutoff wall extending to impervious material was to be constructed at the downstream end of the spillway. The emergency spillway is a trapezoidal-shaped, vegetated channel located at the right abutment of the dam. The existing spillway, different from that shown on the plans, has a minimum bottom width of 53 feet and average side slopes of 1V on 3H. A small earth dike, which diverts discharges away from the embankment, is located along the left side of the spillway.

b. Location. Alder Marsh Dam is located on Alder Marsh Brook in Lebanon Township, Wayne County, approximately two miles northwest of Rileyville, Pennsylvania. The dam is shown on USCS Quadrangle, Galilee, Pennsylvania at latitude N 41° 44.5' and longitude W 75° 14.9'. A location map is shown on Plate E-1.

c. <u>Size Classification</u>. Small (10 feet high, 266 acre-feet).

d. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. Downstream conditions indicate that a significant hazard classification is warranted for Alder Marsh Dam (Paragraphs 3.1g and 5.1c).

e. <u>Ownership</u>. Pennsylvania Game Commission, Division of Land Management, 8000 Derry Street, P.O. Box 1567, Harrisburg, PA 17120, Attn: Mr. R. W. Kurtz.

f. Purpose of Dam. Waterfowl propagation.

g. <u>Design and Construction History</u>. The dam was designed and constructed by the Pennsylvania Game Commission during the period 1946 to 1948. No other pertinent information is available.

h. <u>Normal Operational Procedure</u>. The reservoir level is maintained at, or near, the principal spillway crest. Excess inflows to the reservoir are discharged through the spillway. No operating equipment is located at the damsite.

1.3 Pertinent Data.

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a.	Drainage A	rea. (square	miles)) ().9	1
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b. Discharge at Damsite. (cfs.)

Maximum known flood	Unknown
Principal spillway capacity at maximum pool	158
Emergency spillway capacity at maximum pool	528

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Elevation. (ree	t above $msl.)^{\perp}$	
Top of dam Maximum pool Emergency spillw Normal pool (pri	ay crest	1496.0 1496.0 1494.0
crest) Streambed at toe	of dam	1492.0 1486.0
Reservoir Length	. (miles)	
Normal pool Maximum pool		0.70 0.81
Storage. (acre-	feet)	
Normal pool Maximum pool		78 266
Reservoir Surfac	e. (acres)	
Normal pool Maximum pool		39 57
Dam.		
Туре		Zoned - earthfill
Length (feet) (i s	ncluding both pillways)	250
<u>Height</u> (feet)		10
Top Width (feet)		12
Side Slopes		
Upstream Downstream		1V on 3H 1V on 2H
Zoning		Impervious core with base width equal to 1/3 of embankment base width and top width of 4 feet

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g.	Dam (Cont'd.)	
	Cutoff	Trench at center of embankment excavated to imper- vious material
	<u>Grout Curtain</u>	None
h.	Diversion and Regulating Tunnel.	None
i.	Principal Spillway.	
	<u>Type</u>	Rectangular channel with con- crete side walls and grouted stone floor
	Length of weir (feet)	6
	<u>Crest Elevation</u> (feet)	1492.0
	Upstream Channel	Reservoir
	Downstream Channel	Natural stream channel
j.	Emergency Spillway.	
	Type	Vegetated trapezoidal channel
	Bottom width at control section (feet)	53
	Average side slopes	1V on 3H
	Crest Elevation	1494.0
	<u>Upstream_channel</u>	Vegetated trapezoidal channel
	Downstream_channel	Vegetated trapezoidal channel
k.	Regulating Outlets.	None

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SECTION 2

ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design.

a. <u>Data Available</u>. Design plans are available for Alder Marsh Dam. However, no calculations are available.

b. <u>Design Features</u>. The project is described in Paragraph 1.2a. The various features of the dam are shown on the photographs in Appendix C and on the plates in Appendix E.

c. <u>Design Considerations</u>. The information available is sufficient to make a reasonable assessment of the design.

2.2 Construction.

a. <u>Data Available</u>. No construction data are available.

b. <u>Construction Considerations</u>. There are insufficient data to assess the construction of the dam.

2.3 <u>Operation</u>. There are no formal records of operation. An inspection of the dam was performed by the Commonwealth in 1965. No deficiencies were reported during this inspection.

2.4 Evaluation.

a. <u>Availability</u>. Engineering data were provided by the Bureau of Dams and Waterway Management, Department of Environmental Resources, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (PennDER). The Owner's representative was available for information during the visual inspection.

b. <u>Adequacy</u>. The type and amount of available design data and other engineering data are somewhat limited. The assessment of the dam must, therefore, be based on the combination of available data, visual inspection, performance history, hydrologic and hydraulic assumptions, and calculations developed for this report.

c. <u>Validity</u>. There is no reason to question the validity of the available data.

SECTION 3

VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings.

a. <u>General</u>. The dam and its appurtenant structures were found to be in good overall condition at the time of the inspection. Noteworthy deficiencies observed are described in the following paragraphs. The complete visual inspection checklist and field sketch are given in Appendix B. The reservoir level was at the spillway crest on the date of the inspection.

b. <u>Embankment</u>. The embankment was found to be in generally good condition. Low areas were found on the right side of the principal spillway on the upstream slope and on the upper half of the downstream slope. These areas vary from about 6 to 12 inches below the design elevations. Several depressions, approximately 2 feet in diameter and 1 to 2 feet deep, were observed beyond the toe of the dam. The depression nearest to the dam is about 12 feet from the downstream toe and 3 feet (+) below the normal pool level. These depressions are not considered to be linked to deficiencies at the dam. Although their exact cause is unknown, they may have been caused by settlement of uncompacted fill placed during construction of the dam.

The top of the dam was surveyed during the field inspection and was found to be essentially at the design elevation, except at the left end of the dam which is higher than shown on the design plans. The embankment slopes were also found to be reasonably close to the design conditions.

c. <u>Appurtenant Structures</u>. Both spillways are in generally good condition. The area between the principal spillway stoplogs has been filled with soil and rock to reduce seepage through the stoplogs. The emergency spillway channel is well vegetated. A small dike, not shown on the design plans, was constructed along the left side of the spillway channel to prevent erosion along the toe of the embankment. The emergency spillway approach channel is smaller and has a crest elevation approximately one foot above that shown on the design plans. The existing channel has a bottom width of 53 feet and a crest elevation of 1494.0 feet, as compared with the design bottom width of 65 feet and design crest elevation of 1493.0 feet.

d. <u>Reservoir Area</u>. The reservoir is situated in a wooded area and has generally moderate slopes. The hills in the watershed area rise to a maximum of about 500 feet above the reservoir surface. e. <u>Downstream Conditions</u>. Alder Marsh Brook meanders through a relatively undeveloped valley downstream from the dam. One residence is located in a low-lying area 1.8 miles from the dam just downstream from the Newburgh Turnpike (State Route 371). Several other residences are located further downstream, but are situated above flood elevations which would occur as a result of a failure of Alder Marsh Dam. It is probable that few lives would be lost in the event of a failure of the dam.

SECTION 4

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 <u>Procedure</u>. Operation of the Alder Marsh Dam and reservoir is an automatic function. The reservoir is maintained at or near the crest of the principal spillway. Normal inflows to the reservoir are discharged through the principal spillway. The emergency spillway is activated when the reservoir level rises two feet above the principal spillway crest. The reservoir can be drawn down by removing the stoplogs in the principal spillway.

4.2 <u>Maintenance of Dam</u>. The dam is visited approximately twice monthly by Game Commission Land Management personnel. The grass is mowed and brush is removed from the dam during the warmer months. All other maintenance is performed as required.

4.3 <u>Maintenance of Operating Facilities</u>. There are no operating facilities to maintain.

4.4 <u>Warning Systems in Effect</u>. There is no emergency operation and warning system for the dam.

4.5 Evaluation of Operational Adequacy. The maintenance of the dam is generally adequate. Regular formal inspections are necessary to detect potentially hazardous conditions at the dam. A detailed emergency operation and warning system is necessary to reduce risk of dam failure should adverse conditions develop and to prevent loss of life should the dam fail.

SECTION 5

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

5.1 Evaluation of Features.

a. <u>Design Data</u>. There are no hydrologic or hydraulic design calculations available for Alder Marsh Dam. The combined capacity of the two spillways at the dam is approximately 686 cubic feet per second (cfs).

b. <u>Experience Data</u>. The maximum reservoir level is reported to have been just above the emergency spillway crest. No rainfall or reservoir stage records are maintained.

c. Visual Observations.

(1) <u>General</u>. The visual inspection of Alder Marsh Dam, which is described in Section 3, resulted in a number of observations relevant to hydrology and hydraulics.

(2) <u>Embankment</u>. No deficiencies were observed that would affect the hydraulic capacity of the reservoir or spillways.

(3) <u>Appurtemant Structures</u>. No conditions were observed that would indicate that either of the spillways could not operate satisfactorily in the event of a flood. The emergency spillway approach channel is smaller than that shown on the design plans and, therefore, has a correspondingly lower discharge capacity.

(4) <u>Reservoir Area</u>. The reservoir is situated on Pennsylvania State Game Lands. The area surrounding the reservoir is moderately sloping and entirely wooded.

(5) <u>Downstream Conditions</u>. Alder Marsh Brook meanders through a relatively undeveloped area downstream from the dam. One residence is located in a low-lying area 1.8 miles from the dam, just downstream from the Newburgh Turnpike (State Route 371). This indicates that a significant hazard classification is warranted for Alder Marsh Dam.

d. Overtopping Potential.

(1) <u>Spillway Design Flood</u>. According to the criteria established by the Office of the Chief of Engineers (OCE), the Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for the size (small) and hazard potential (significant) of Alder Marsh Dam is between the 100-year flood and one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Because of the possibility of loss of

life downstream the 1/2 PMF is selected as the SDF. The watershed and reservoir were modeled with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' HEC-1DB computer program, a description of which is included in Appendix D. The hydrologic and hydraulic assessment of the dam is based on existing conditions; the effects of future development were not considered.

(2) <u>Summary of Results</u>. Pertinent results are tabulated at the end of Appendix D. The analysis reveals that Alder Marsh Dam can, under existing conditions, pass 44 percent of the PMF before overtopping of the dam occurs.

(3) <u>Spillway Adequacy</u>. The criteria used to evaluate the spillway adequacy are described in Appendix D. Since the spillway passes less than the 1/2 PMF it is rated as inadequate. If the emergency spillway channel were widened to its design width and the crest lowered to its design elevation, the spillway would pass about 70 percent of the PMF. The spillway would then be rated as adequate.

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SECTION 6

STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability.

a. Visual Inspection.

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(1) <u>General</u>. The visual inspection of Alder Marsh Dam, which is described in Section 3, resulted in a number of observations relevant to structural stability. These observations are evaluated herein for the various features.

(2) <u>Embankment</u>. The overall condition of the embankment is good. The low areas on the slopes do not create any concern for the stability of the dam.

(3) <u>Appurtemant Structures</u>. The condition of both spillways is good. No structural deficiencies were observed.

b. <u>Design and Construction Data</u>. Design plans are available for assessing the structural stability of the dam and its appurtenant structures. No construction data is available.

c. <u>Operating Records</u>. There are no formal records of operation. According to the Owner's representative, no stability problems are known to have occurred during the operational history of the dam.

d. <u>Post-Construction Changes</u>. No post-construction changes have been made to the dam.

e. <u>Seismic Stability</u>. Alder Marsh Dam is located in Seismic Zone 1. Earthquake loadings are not considered to be significant for small dams located in Zone 1 when there are no readily apparent stability problems at the dam. Since there are no readily apparent stability problems, the ability of the embankment to withstand an earthquake is assumed to be adequate.

SECTION 7

ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND

PROPOSED REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment.

a. <u>Safety</u>.

(1) Based on available records, visual inspection, calculations, and past operational performance, Alder Marsh Dam is judged to be in good condition. Considering the size and hazard classification of the dam, the recommended SDF varies between the 100-year flood and the 1/2 PMF. The 1/2 PMF was, in this case, selected as the SDF. The spillway and reservoir, under existing conditions, will pass approximately 44 percent of the PMF before overtopping of the dam occurs. Therefore, the spillway is

rated as inadequate.

(2) No stability problems were observed at the dam.

(3) Overall, maintenance of the dam has been adequate.

(4) A summary of the features of the dam and observed deficiencies is listed below:

Feature

Embankment

Observed Deficiency

Depressions on upstream and downstream slope adjacent to principal spillway; several depressions beyond the toe of the dam.

Principal Spillway

None observed

Emergency Spillway

Channel width smaller than design plans; crest elevation higher than design plans.

b. <u>Adequacy of Information</u>. The information available is such that the condition of the dam can be assessed from the combination of available data, visual inspection, past performance, and computations performed as part of this study.

c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations in Paragraph 7.2 should be implemented without delay.

d. <u>Necessity for Further Investigations</u>. Further investigations by the Owner will not be required to accomplish the remedial measures outlined in Paragraph 7.2.

7.2 Recommendations and Remedial Measures.

a. The following remedial measures, listed in approximate order of priority, are recommended to be undertaken by the Owner without delay.

(1) Widen the emergency spillway channel and/or lower the spillway crest to make the spillway adequate.

(2) Fill in the low areas on the embankment slopes to the design grade.

(3) Monitor the depressions located beyond the toe of the dam. Take appropriate action if changes are detected.

In addition, the Owner should institute the following operational and maintenance procedures:

(1) Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system for Alder Marsh Dam. When warnings of a major storm are given by the National Weather Service, the Owner should activate the emergency operation and warning system.

(2) During periods of unusually heavy rains, provide round-the-clock surveillance of the dam.

(3) Initiate an inspection program such that the dam is inspected on a regular basis. As presently required by the Commonwealth, the inspection program should include a formal annual inspection by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams. Utilize the inspection results to determine if remedial measures are necessary.

(4) Continue the existing maintenance program and develop a formal maintenance manual so that all features of the dam are properly maintained. APPENDIX A

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CHECKLIST - ENGINEERING DATA

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CHECKLIST

ENGINEERING DATA

DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OPERATION PHASE I

Sheet <u>1</u> of <u>4</u>

DER ID NO.: 64-150

NDI ID NO.: PA-00153

NAME OF DAM: A Ider Marsh Dam

ITEM	REMARKS
AS-BUILT DRAWINGS	Nonc - Design plans are included in Appendix E.
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	see Plak E-1
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	Constructed in 1947 and 1948 by the Pennsylvania Game Commission; no other information is available.
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	see Plate E-2
OUTLETS: Plan Detalls Constraints Discharge Ratings	see Plate E-2

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Sheet 2 of 4

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ITEM	REMARKS
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	None
DESIGN REPORTS	Report by the Commonwealth, dated bruary 1947, contains a description of the project.
GEOLOGY REPORTS	None
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS: Hydrology and Hydraulics Dam Stability Seepage Studies	Nonc
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS: Boring Records Laboratory Field	None
POSTCONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None

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Sheet <u>3</u> of <u>4</u>

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ITEM	REMARKS
BORROW SOURCES	Unknown
MONITORING SYSTEMS	None
MODIFICATIONS	None
HIGH POOL RECORDS	None; maximum pool level reported to be slightly nook emergency spilluray crest.
POSTCONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	Nonc
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM: Description Reports	None

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ENGINEERING DATA	Sheet 4 of 4
ITEM	REMARKS
MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS	None
SPILLWAY: Plan Sections Details	Sec Plate E- , Appendix E.
OPERATING EQUIPMENT: Plans Detalls	No operating equipment
PREVIOUS INSPECTIONS Dates Deficiencies	17 March 1965 - No deficiencies noted

A-4

APPENDIX B

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CHECKLIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

CHECKLIST

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VISUAL INSPECTION

PHASE I

B-/

P.E. Holderbaum

W. R. Peoples (PGC) (Pret-time)

R.E. Holderboum (GFCC)

D.B. Wilson (GFCC)

Recorder

EMBANKMENT

Sheet 1 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	None observed	
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	Several depressions beyond toe ~ 2 fect deep; minimum distance from toe about 12 ft.; 3 ft (t) below pool level.	Cause of depressions unknown; may be caused by settlement of uncompacted fill placed during construction.
SLOUGHING OR EROSION: Embankment Slopes Abutment Slopes	None	
CREST ALIGNMENT: Vertical Horizontal	Good	
RIPRAP FAILURES	None	

EMBANKMENT

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Sheet 2 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT WITH: Abutment Spillway Other Features	Low areas on upstream slope and upper half of downstream slope on right side of principal spillway; 6-12 inches low.	Should be filled to the design grade.
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	Nanc	
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER	Snone	
DRAINS	None	

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(PENCIPAL SPILLWAY) UNGATED SPILLWAY

Contraction of the

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	Concrete walls are in good condition, area between stop logs has been filled in with soil and stone.	
APPROACH CHANNEL	Lake - unobstructed	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Natural stream channel; no obstructions.	
BRIDGE AND PTERS	small wooden bridge spons spillwoy; low chord is at top of dom elsvation.	Bridge does not reduce spillway capacity.
OTHER	Lake can be drawn down by removing wooden stop Lags.	

(EMERGENCY SPILWAY) UNGATED SPILLWAY

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	Vegetated channel af right end of dam.	Crest is approximately and foot higher than shown on design plans.
APPROACH CHANNEL	Nell vegetated - no deficiencies observed.	Channel is narrower than shown on design plans; bottom width ≈ 53 feet.
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Good-no obstructions.	Dyke along left side of channel prevents erosion of embankment toc.
BRIDGE AND PTERS	None	

INSTRUMENTATION

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Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	None	
OBSERVATION WELLS	None	
WEIRS	None	
PIEZOMETERS	None	
OTHER		

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DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

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 Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONDITION; Obstructions Debris Other	None that way 1d limit the discharge capacity of the spillways.	Nearest bridge is located approximately 1.8 miles downstream. (5.E. 371)
SLOPES	Strambed averages ~2% between dam and damage center.	
APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF HOMES AND POPULATION	One residence approximatly 1.8 miles downs tream in 10w-lying area. (2-3 persons)	

RESERVOIR AND WATERSHED

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	Moderate, wooded	
SEDIMENTATION	Untrown	Probably minor considering nature of watershed.
WATERSHED DESCRIPTION	Entirely wooded, moderately sloping.	



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APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS

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ALDER MARSH DAM



A. Upstream Slope and Left Abutment of Dam



B. Downstream Slope Looking Toward Right Abutment

ALDER MARSH DAM



C. Principal Spillway Entrance

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D. Downstream Side of Principal Spillway

ALDER MARSH DAM



E. Low Area Adjacent to Principal Spillway

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F. Emergency Spillway Channel (Looking Downstream)



APPENDIX D

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HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

Spillway Capacity Rating:

In the recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers (OCE), established criteria for rating the capacity of spillways. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for the size (small, intermediate, or large) and hazard potential (low, significant, or high) classification of a dam is selected in accordance with the criteria. The SDF for those dams in the high hazard category varies between one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and the PMF. If the dam and spillway are not capable of passing the SDF without overtopping failure, the spillway capacity is rated as inadequate. If the dam and spillway are capable of passing one-half of the PMF without overtopping failure, or if the dam is not in the high hazard category, the spillway capacity is not rated as seriously inadequate. A spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate if all of the following conditions exist:

(a) There is a high hazard to loss of life from large flows downstream of the dam.

(b) Dam failure resulting from overtopping would significantly increase the hazard to loss of life downstream from the dam from that which would exist just before overtopping failure.

(c) The dam and spillway are not capable of passing one-half of the PMF without overtopping failure.

Description of Model:

If the Owner has not developed a PMF for the dam, the watershed is modeled with the HEC-1DB computer program, which was developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The HEC-1DB computer program calculates a PMF runoff hydrograph (and percentages thereof) and routes the flows through both reservoirs and stream sections. In addition, it has the capability to simulate an overtopping dam failure. By modifying the rainfall criteria, it is also possible to model the 100year flood with the program.

APPENDIX D

	DELAL	VARE				Basin
	Name of Strea	m: ALDE	RMA	RSH BROD	K	
	Name of Dam:	ALDER	MARE	4 DAM		
	NDI ID No.:	PA-0015	3			
	DER ID No.:	64 - 150				
Latitude:	N 41º 44.5'	L	ongit	ude: W 75	° 14.9'	
Top of Da	m Elevation:	1496.0	FEET	·		
Streambed	Elevation: 74	186.0 FT.	Heigh	t of Dam:	10	ft
Reservoir	Storage at To	op of Dam	Eleva	tion: 7	56 a.	re-ft
Size Cate	gory: JMA	44				-
Hazard Ca	tegory: 516	NIFICANT		(se	e Sectio	(n 5)
Spillway	Design Flood:	IDD- YEAR	TO	1/2 PMF		
	-					
	-		~ ~ ~ ~			
		UPSTREAM	DAMS	(NONE)		
	Distance		S	torage		
	from		9 ±	top of		
	Dam	Upight	Dami	Flovation		
Nomo	(milos)	(r+)	Dami .	ano_ft)	Pomo	nlee
Naille	(111165)		<u>(a</u>		Nema	ITKS
						
						
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DOWNSTREAM DAMS (NONE)

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			DELA	WARE		R	liver Ba	sin	
Name of Stream: ALDER MARSH BROOK									
Name of Dam: ALDER MARSH DAM									
DETERMINATION OF PMF RAINFALL & UNIT HYDROGRAPH									
UNIT_HYDROGRAPH_DATA:									
Sub-	Area	CD	C+	ίτι	T.	י ד		Man	IPlata
area	(square	ΟP	01	miles	miles	miles	hours	Area	riale
urcu	miles)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
			(-)						
A-1	0.91	0.45	1.23			1.09	1.30	1	A
			10			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L	L	L
Total	0.97	 	(See	Sketch	on She	et 1)-4)			14.4 5
	$(1) \propto (2)$: Sny	der i	Unit Hy	drograp The of	n coerr	icients	s supp	lied by
		v rofe	rong	d in (7) & (Q	PuStuee	ers on m	laps a	110
	The follow	vina a	renc	eu in (eacured	from t	he out	at of t	ha eul	haraa
The following are measured from the outlet of the subarea:									
	(4): Leng	th of	mai	n water	course	to the	centroi	d	
(4): Length of main watercourse to the centroid The following is measured from the upstream end of the									
reservoir at normal pool:									
(5): Length of main watercourse extended to divide									
	(6): Tp=0	Č _t x (Lx	$L_{ca})^{0}$	³ , exce	pt wher	e the c	entro	id of
	the subare	a iş	ļoca	ted in	the res	ervoir.	Then		
	$Tp=C_t \times (I)$	') ^v	0						
Initi	al flow is	s assu	med	at 1.5	cfs/sq.	mile	•		
Compu	ter Data:	QRCS	N =	-0.05 (5% of p	eak flo	w)		
		RTIC	R = 1	2.0					
RAINFALL DATA:									
PMF Rainfall Index= 21.0 in., 24 hr., 200 sq. mile									
Hydromet. 40 Hydromet. 33 (Susquebanne Basin) (Other Basins)									
(Susquenanna Basin) (Uther Basins) Zone: N/A /									
Geographic Adjustment									
00061	Factor:						1.0		
Revised Index									
Rainfall: 21.0									
	RAI	INFALL	DIS	TRIBUTI	<u>ON (per</u>	cent			
			Time		Percen	<u>it</u>			
			6 ho	urs					
		1	2 ho	urs	123				
		2	4 ho	urs	133	_			
		4	8 ho	urs	_142	-			
		7	2 ho	urs	N/A				
		9	6 ho	urs	N/A				

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D-3



Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea <u>A-/</u>(See sketch on Sheet D-4) Name of Dam: <u>ALDER MARSH DAM</u>

STORAGE DATA:

ومحمو المحمد الانتاج منافل والمنادقين فتحط الألفان وتجرب المعادا المرتب بتعامل

	• • •	Stor	age	
Elevation	Area (acres)	million gals	acre-ft	Remarks
$\frac{/486.0}{-1486.0} = ELEVO$	0 20 = 1	0	0	FROM DESIGN PLANS
* <u>/500,0</u>			<u> </u>	NORMAL POOL
	······	- <u></u>		
	······································			

* ELEVO = ELEV1 - (3S₁/A₁) ** Planimetered contour (USGS Quad)

Reservoir Area at Normal Pool is <u>7</u> percent of subarea watershed.

BREACH DATA: BREACH ANALYSIS NOT REQUIRED

See Appendix B for sections and existing profile of the dam. Soil Type from Visual Inspection:

Maximum Permissible Velocity (Plate 28, EM 1110-2-1601) fps (from Q = $CLH^{3/2} = V \cdot A$ and depth = (2/3) x H) & A = L \cdot depth

HMAX = $(4/9 \ V^2/C^2)$ = _____ft., C = ____Top of Dam El.=____

HMAX + Top of Dam El. = = FAILEL (Above is elevation at which failure would start)

Dam Breach Data:



Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-/

Name of Dam: ALDER MARSH DAM SPILLWAY DATA: Existing Design Conditions Conditions Top of Dam Elevation 1496.0 1496.0 Spillway Crest Elevation 1492.0 1492.0 Spillway Head Available (ft) 4.0 4.0 Type Spillway CONCRETE SWILEWAY "C" Value - Spillway UNKNOWN 3.3 Crest Length - Spillway (ft) 6.0 6.0 Spillway Peak Discharge (cfs) 158 UNKNOWN Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elev. 1494.0 1493.0 Auxiliary Spill. Head Avail. (ft) 2.0 3,0 Type Auxiliary Spillway VEGETATED ANNEL "C" Value - Auxiliary Spill. (ft) 3.09 UNKNOWN Crest Length - Auxil. Spill. (ft) 53 65 Auxiliary Spillway 528 Peak Discharge (cfs) UNKNOWN Combined Spillway Discharge (cfs) 686 UNKNOWI Spillway Rating Curve: SEE PAGES D-7 THEOUGH D-9 (EXISTING CONDITIONS) Q Auxiliary Elevation Q Spillway (cfs) Spillway (cfs) Combined (cfs) 1492.0 0 1492.5 7 1493.0 20 1493.5 36 1494.0 56 1494.5 137 274 1495.0 460 1495.5 686 1496.0 1496.5 940 1497.0 1245 1497.4 1507 OUTLET WORKS RATING: Outlet 1 Outlet 2 Outlet 3 (N/A) (N/A) (N/A) Invert of Outlet Invert of Inlet Type Diameter (ft) = DLength (ft) = LArea (sq. ft) = AN K Entrance K Exit K Friction=29.1 $N^{2}L/R^{4}/3$ Maximum <u>Head</u> (ft) = HM Q = CA $\sqrt{2g(HM)}(cfs)$ Q Combined (cfs)

BY DATE CHKD BY DATE	SUBJECT ALDER MARSH DAM	SHEET NO OF
		•

PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY RATING



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COMBINED SPILL WAY RATING (EXISTING CONDITIONS)

ELEV.	H	Qs	Re*	QT
1492.00	0.0	D		0
1492.50	0.5	7.0		7
1493.00	1.0	19.8		20
1493.50	1.5	36.4		36
1494.00	2.0	56.0		56
1494.45	2.45	75.9	50.1	126
1494.88	2.88	96.B	143.9	241
1495.32	3.32	119.B	268.3	385
1495.74	3.74	143.2	419.3	562
1496.17	4.17	168.6	594.9	764
1496.59	4.59	194.7	<i>193.</i> 9	989
1497.01	5.01	222.0	1022.7	1245
1497.4	5.40	248.5	1259.0	1507

* SEE NEXT PAGE

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_____**D-7**____



Yc	A	au	Q	V	V ² /29	Pool Ekst.
0.3	16.35	56	50.	3.07	0.15	1494.45
0.6	33.60	59	143.9	4.28	0.28	94.BB
0.9	5 . 7 5	62	268.3	5.18	0.42	<i>95.</i> 32
1.2	70.80	65	419.3	5.9Z	0.54	95.74
1.5	90.75	68	594.9	6.56	0.67	96.17
1.8	111.60	71	793.9	7.//	0.79	96.59
2.1	133.35	73	JOZZ.7	7.67	0.91	97.01
2.4	156.00	77	1259.0	8.07	1.01	97.41

$$A = \left[\frac{10(y_c) + 2(52)}{2}\right] y_c = 5y_c^2 + 53y_c$$

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 $T = 10 y_c + 53$ $Q = A \sqrt{A_f} \cdot \sqrt{g}$

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DATE 1/22/81 REH SUBJECT RY ALDER MARSH DAM SHEET NO OF SPILLWAY CHKD BY____ _ DATE _ CAPACTY JOB NO (EMGROENCY) 1 1 EMERGENCY SPILLWAY RATING (DESIGN CONDITIONS) TOP OF ----1496 الم 1.4 - 1493 . 65' Pool V2/29 Ye Q A T V El. 19.63 65.84 60.8 0.3 3.10 0.15 1493,45 39.50 66.68 172.5 0.6 4.37 0.30 93.90 59.63 67.52 317.7 5.33 0.44 0.9 94.34 80.02 68.36 490.9 6.13 1.2 0.58 94.78 100.65 69.20 688.3 6.84 0.73 95.23 1.5 121.54 70.04 907.8 7.47 1.8 0.87 95.66 142.67 70.88 1147.7 2.1 8.04 96.10 1.00 1411.8 2.4 164.06 71.72 8.6/ 1.15 96,55 2.7 185.71 72.56 1684.6 9.07 1.28 96.98 9.54 1.41 97.41 3.0 207.6 73.40 1979.6 $\int \frac{28(y_c) + 2(65)}{z} \bigg| Y_c = 1.4y_c^2 + 65y_c$ A = $T = 2.8 y_{c} + 65$ Q= ANTING ; D-10

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BY_____DATE_____SUBJECT_<u>ALDER MARSH</u>DAM____ CHKD. BY_____DATE______SPILLWAY RATING

SHEET NO _____ OF___ JOB. NO. _____

COMBINED	SPILLWAY	RATING	(DESIGN	CONDITIONS	
ELEY	H	Qs	Qe.	Q_{T}	
1492.00	P	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ø	
	0,5	7.0			
1493,00	1.0	19.8		20	
_1493,45	1,45	34.6	60.8	95	
1493.90	1.90	51.8	172.5	224	·····
1494.34	2.34	70.9	317.7	389	· •
1494.78	2.78	91.8	490.9	583	
			688.3	803	
	3,66	138.6	907.8	1046	
1496.10	4.10	164.4	1147.7	13/2	
	4.55	192Z	1411.8	1604	
_1496.9B	4.98	220.0	1684.6	1905	an is names of almostic and in the second
149741	5.41	249.2	1979.6	2229	
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_ DATE _/25/8/ SUBJECT ALDER MANNESSIGN BY REH SHEET NO. OF CHKD. BY_ DATE_ JOB NO t i. · --- . i. : 685 950 20 105 0521 Ø 0 552 460 1560 0 È 1 1496.5 1496.5 1497.0 1495.0 1495.5 1494.0 1494.5 0.26 \$1 1493.0 1493.5 ELEV IND DESIGN ł Ś i SCHARGE (CFS. 8 ł ł Ó ĝ i. ÷ 3 1 T I. T ۱ (reer) Ę £ Ž 1.-••••• 1 1 i 1 1 D-12 1

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MULTI- KATIO ANALYSIS EXISTING CONDITIONS

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0.07 076 14 96 .5 1496.0 4 6 A 6 0 0.05 460 Ŧ 14 95 .5 NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM Baltiyoge district corps of encinefps alder marsh day 15 d -1492 1495 •0 1.0 274 142 14 94 .5 137 10.01 0 14 94 .0 56 ROUTE THHOUGH ALDER MARSH DAN 123 1493.5 130 36 -ALDER MARSH 2.0 1493.0 0.01 4.0 20 75 15 00 1.5 INFLOW TO 14 92 .5 21.0 0.4s 0 39 14 92 0.5 1507 1497.4 FLOOD WYPROFAPH PACKAFF (MEC-1) Pam Safety Version July 1975 Last Modification 01 APR 80 ••• ¥41492.0 ¥41497.0 1.30 1492 1496 99 -1.5 ٥ 1245 0 1486 300 1 ž 2 22 75 5 ų Ş . Ř 2 24 5 > 2 . . 1 25 1

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PEAK FLOW AND STORACE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-MATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS Flows in cubic feet pe? Sfcond (cu9ic meters per Second) Area in suuare miles (souare kilometers)

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFLTY ANALYSIS ALDER MARSH DAM

	TIME OF Failurf Hours	00°00 0°00 0°10
DF DAM .96.00 266. 696.	TIME OF Max Outflow Hours	41.75 42.50 42.75
51 109	OURATION Over top Hours	5.75 2.50 0.00
SP1LLVAY CPE 1692.00 78. 0.	МАХІМИМ 0U TFLOV CFS	1982. 852. 624.
VALUE • 00 78 • 0 •	MAXIMUM Storage AC -F T	740. 279. 259.
1 N I T I A L	MAXIMUM DEPTH DVER DAM	1.26 .24 0.UN
ELEVATION Storage Outflow	MAX[MUM RfSEkvn]r N _e Seflfv	1497.26 1496.24 1495.856
	RA 110 0f Phf	1 • 00 • 5 0 8 4 0
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DESIGN CONDITIONS

MULTI- RATIO ANALVSIS

SAFETT VERSION	5	ULY 197	80								
AST MODIFICATION	5		2								
				I T N	DNAL DA	H INSPEC	TION PR	DGRAM			
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PFAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PEKIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATID ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS Flous in cubic feet per second (cubic meters per second) Area in souarf miles (souare kilometers)

0 ⁰ ERAT 10 H		\$1 AT I ON	AREA	PLAN	RATIO 1 1.00	RATIO 2 •75	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOVS Ratio 3 •50
n yd Rock Ap N	1 V	-~	••1 2•36)	- ۲	2178. 61.67)(1633 • 46•267(1089 . 30-84) (
ROUTED TO		-~	• 0 1 2 • 36)	- ~	1934.	1379 . 39 .06) (883. 25.0136

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS ALDER MACSH DAM

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	TIME OF Fallure Houprs	00•0 00•0
0F DAN 96.00 266. 1250.	TIME OF Max Outflow Hours	42.25 42.25 42.25
51 T0P	DURATION Over top Hours	3.50 1.75 0.00
SPILLWAY CRE 1492.00 78. 0.	MAXJMUM Outflow CFS	1934. 1379. 883.
VALUF •00 78• 0•	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC -F T	306. 275. 232.
INI TI AL 1492	MAXIMUM Depth Over dam	0.00 17 0.00
ELEVATION Storage Dutflow	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR V .S .ELEV	1496.70 1496.17 1495.37
	4 4 T 1 0 0 F P N F	1.00 .75 .50
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11		

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SUBJECT ALDER MARSH DAM BY. DATE SHEET NO ... OF CHKD BY_ DATE JOB NO PMF 10.82 1089 883 Design Conditions 2 23.86 21.64 2178 1934 PME 350 eesurts PMF 28.01 852 1089 2.50 2 Existing Conditions NEN 23.86 21.64 2178 1982 PMF 1.26 5.75 PERT Õ C/Dairs SUMMARY Depth of Overtopping (fect, Overtopping 9/00/02/5 Rainfall (inches) Runoff (inches) Peak Inflow (cfs) Peak Outflow (cfs. of . -ratio ì Duration MULH ł į 1 ł i ł 1 . D-21 ŧ 1 t



<u>APPENDIX E</u> <u>PLATES</u>









PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION GENERAL PLAN ALDER MARSH CREEK DAM S.G.L. NO.159 LEBANON TOWNSHIP WAYNE COUNTY Scale 1-100

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APPENDIX F GEOLOGY

ALDER MARSH DAM

APPENDIX F

GEOLOGY

Alder Marsh Dam is located in Wayne County within the Appalachian Plateau Physiographic Province. The most pronounced topographic feature in the area is Camelback Mountain, which is part of the Pocono Plateau Escarpment. The escarpment has a well-defined, south-westward trend from Camelback Mountain; but it is irregular between Camelback Mountain and Mt. Pocono, which lies to the north. Streams east of the escarpment drain directly to the Delaware River, while those to the west drain to the Lehigh River.

The Pocono Plateau Section lies to the west of the escarpment. This area is relatively flat, with local relief seldom exceeding 100 feet. The topography has been greatly influenced by continental glaciation. Many features were created by deposition of glacial materials. The entire plateau lacks well-developed drainage.

East of the escarpment is the Glaciated Low Plateaus Section of the province. This area is characterized by preglacial erosional topography with locally-thick glacial deposits. Local relief is generally 100 to 300 feet.

Bedrock units of the sections described above are the lithified sediments of offshore marine, marginal marine, deltaic environments, and fluvial environments associated with the Devonian Period. These units include siltstones of the Mahantango Formation, siltstones and shales of the Trimmers Rock Formation, and seven mapped members of the Catskill Formation. These members include sandstones, siltstones, and shales of the Towamensing Member; sandstone, siltstone and shale of the Walcksville Member; sandstones, siltstones and shale of the Beaverdam Run Member; sandstone and shale in the Long Run Member; sandstones and conglomerates in the Packerton Member; and sandstones and conglomerates in the Poplar Gap Member; and sandstones and conglomerates in the Duncannon Member.

Alder Marsh Dam is underlain by the Catskill Formation. The Catskill Formation is predominantly red to brownish gray shales and sandstone with interbedded siltstones and coarseconglomerates. Sandstones present are thick-bedded, fine-to grained and exhibit very low primary porosity due to a clay and silica matrix. Effective porosity results from fractures and parting planes. The rocks are well-indurated and generally are not susceptible to slope failure; however, the presence of well-developed bedding and joint planes will result in some rockfall from vertical and high-angle cut slopes.

Bedrock is entirely overlain by glacial till of Late Wisconsin Age. This till is an unsorted mixture of clay, silt, sand, and gravel. It is moderately cohesive and is generally derived locally from the sandstones of the Catskill Formation. Thickness of the till varies from 5 to 75 feet.

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