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	NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PRO	GRAM
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DELAWARE RIVER BASIN

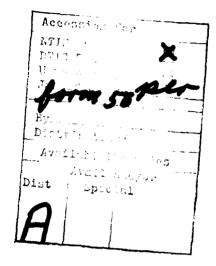
CARLEY BROOK, WAYNE COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

BUNNELL'S POND DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00170 DER ID No. 64-29

WILLIAM SELAND



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Prepared by

GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY AND CARPENTER, INC. Consulting Engineers P.O. Box 1963 Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105

For

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203

MARCH 1981

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigations, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

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BUNNELL'S POND DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00170; DER ID No. 64-29

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITION

AND

RECOMMENDED ACTION

Name of Dam:

Bunnell's Pond Dam NDI ID No. PA-00170 DER ID No. 64-29

Small (17 feet high; 339 acre-feet)

Size:

<u>Hazard</u> <u>Classification</u>:

<u>Owner</u>:

Mr. William Seland 587 Cliff Road Honesdale, PA 18431

Pennsylvania

Carley Brook

State Located:

County Located:

Stream:

Date of Inspection: 12 November 1980

Wayne

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High

Based on the criteria established for these studies, Bunnell's Pond Dam is judged to be unsafe, nonemergency, because the spillway capacity is seriously inadequate. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for the size and hazard classification of the dam varies between 1/2 of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and the PMF. Based on the size of the dam and reservoir, the 1/2 PMF is selected as the SDF. The existing spillway will pass only about 18 percent of the PMF before overtopping of the dam occurs. It is judged that the dam could not withstand the depth and duration of overtopping that would occur during storms greater than 25 percent of the PMF. Failure of Bunnell's Pond Dam would cause an increased hazard for loss of life downstream.

Overall, the dam is considered to be in fair condition. Several deficiencies were observed, all of which are considered to be minor. Although some maintenance has been performed, the existing maintenance program should be upgraded. The following studies and remedial measures, listed in approximate order of priority, are recommended to be undertaken by the Owner without delay:

(1) Perform additional studies to more accurately ascertain the spillway capacity required for Bunnell's Pond Dam and develop alternatives to provide adequate spillway capacity. Take appropriate action as required.

(2) Remove the debris and sediment which has collected behind the outlet works sluice gate so that the gate can be operated if necessary.

(3) Develop a method for drawing down the reservoir in case of an emergency. If a pipe is placed through the embankment, it should be provided with an upstream closure facility.

(4) Monitor the seepage and bulging of the masonry wall at the left end of the dam and the undermining of the concrete apron at the base of the spillway. Take appropriate action if any condition worsens.

(5) The deteriorated concrete on the top of dam, spillway and outlet works; and stones missing from the downstream face of the dam do not require any special attention at the present time. They should, however, be closely observed during all future inspections of the dam.

All investigations, studies, designs, and inspection of construction should be performed by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams.

In addition, the Owner should institute the following operational and maintenance procedures:

(1) Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system for Bunnell's Pond Dam. When warnings of a major storm are given by the National Weather Service, the Owner should activate the emergency operation and warning system.

(2) During periods of unusually heavy rains, provide round-the-clock surveillance of the dam.

(3) Initiate an inspection program such that the dam is inspected on a regular basis. As presently required by the Commonwealth, the inspection program should include a formal annual inspection by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams. Utilize the inspection results to determine if remedial measures are necessary.

(4) Expand the existing maintenance program and develop a formal maintenance manual so that all features of the dam are properly maintained.

BUNNELL'S POND DAM

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Submitted by:



GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY AND CARPENTER, INC.

udench FREDERICK FUTCHKO

Project Manager, Dam Section

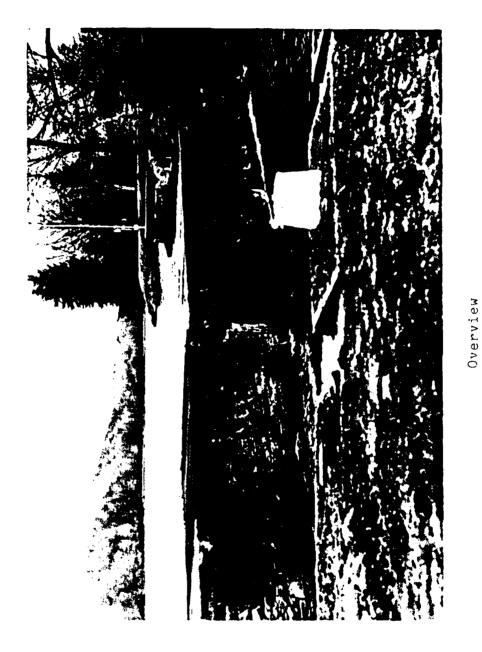
Date: 13 April 1981

Approved by:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

JAMES W. PECK Colonel, Corps of Engineers District Engineer

Date: 1/ MAY 8/



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BUNNELL'S POND DAM

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BUNNELL'S POND DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00170; DER ID No. 64-29

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

SECTION 1

PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General.

a. <u>Authority</u>. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.

b. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of the inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project.

a. Dam and Appurtenances. Bunnell's Pond Dam is an earthfill structure with a vertical, dry stone masonry wall forming the downstream face of the dam. The dam is approximately 235 feet long, including the spillway and outlet works, and 17 feet high. The top width of the dam is 16 feet. The upstream slope to the left of the spillway is grass covered and has a slope of approximately 1V on 3H. The upstream slope and part of the shoreline to the right of the spillway is protected by a near vertical stone wall, the top of which is about 3 feet above the normal pool level. A 50-foot long concrete corewall, constructed after the 1952 flood, extends from the right end of the outlet works into the right abutment of the dam.

The spillway, located near the center of the dam, is a two-stage, concrete, broad-crested weir which discharges in a straight drop to the stream channel below the dam. The spillway has a crest elevation of 1079.0 feet which is 4.2 feet below the top of dam. It has a crest length of 116 feet and crest width of 16 feet. The downstream face of the spillway is constructed of stone masonry. The upstream side is faced with a one-foot thick concrete wall which extends 6 feet below the spillway crest.

The outlet works, located to the right of the spillway near the right abutment of the dam, is a four-foot wide concrete sluiceway with a manually operated steel gate on the upstream end. The gate, in its lowered position, allows the reservoir pool to be maintained at the spillway crest. With the gate in the raised position the sluiceway can be used to lower the reservoir pool 2.9 feet below the spillway crest level.

The various features of the dam are shown on the photographs in Appendix C and on the plates in Appendix E. A description of the geology is included in Appendix F.

b. Location. Bunnell's Pond Dam is located on Carley Brook in Honesdale Borough, Wayne County, Pennsylvania. The dam is shown on USGS Quadrangle, White Mills, Pennsylvania, at latitude N 41° 35.1' and longitude W 75° 14.8'. A location map is shown on Plate E-1.

c. <u>Size Classification</u>. Small (17 feet high, 339 acre-feet).

d. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. Downstream conditions indicate that a high hazard classification is warranted for Bunnell's Pond Dam (Paragraphs 3.1e and 5.1c).

e. <u>Ownership</u>. Mr. William Seland, 587 Cliff Road, Honesdale, PA 18431.

f. Purpose of Dam. Recreation.

g. <u>Design and Construction History</u>. The dam was constructed sometime prior to 1914. No information concerning the design and construction of the original structure or its operating history prior to 1914 is available. A number of modifications were made to the dam in 1942. They included:

(1) Capping of the spillway crest and side walls with 12 inches of reinforced concrete. The cap covering the spillway crest was made to extend 12 inches beyond the downstream face of the dam.

(2) Capping of the top of the dam to the right of the spillway with 8 inches of reinforced concrete.

(3) Construction of a 12-inch thick cutoff wall against the upstream side of the dam and spillway. The wall was to extend from the top of the dam to an impervious foundation. (The plans prepared in 1952 show the cutoff wall extending 6 feet below the spillway crest.)

The right abutment of the dam was overtopped and breached in July 1952. The abutment area was apparently lower than the dam itself since the dam was not overtopped. It is reported that a maximum of 6 inches of water was flowing over the abutment area just prior to failure. Modifications performed to the dam following this flood included: (1) Construction of a concrete corewall across the area where the breach occurred. The plans (see Appendix E) show that the corewall was to extend from the right end of the outlet works into the right abutment area. The total length of the wall was to be 50 feet.

(2) Widening of the spillway to approximately twice its original width.

According to photographs contained in the files of the Bureau of Dams and Waterway Management, Department of Environmental Resources, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (PennDER), no major modifications have been made to the dam since 1952.

h. <u>Normal Operational Procedure</u>. The reservoir pool is maintained at the spillway crest level with excess inflows discharging over the spillway. Although it is seldom used, the outlet works can be used to lower the reservoir 2.9 feet below the spillway crest.

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a.	Drainage Area. (square miles)	11.0
b.	Discharge at Damsite. (cfs)	
	Maximum known flood	Unknown
	Outlet works at maximum pool elevation	235
	Spillway capacity at maximum pool elevation	2475
с.	Elevation. (feet above msl.)	
	Top of dam Maximum pool Normal pool (spillway crest) Upstream invert outlet works Downstream invert outlet works Streambed at toe of dam	1083.2 1083.2 1079.0 1076.1 1075.4 1066.0
d.	Reservoir Length. (miles)	
	Normal pool Maximum pool	0.63 0.74
e.	Storage. (acre-feet)	
	Normal pool Maximum pool	160 339
f.	Reservoir Surface. (acres)	
	Normal pool Maximum pool	37 51

g.	Dam.	
	Type	Earthfill with ver- tical, dry stone masonry wall on downstream side
	Length (feet)	235, in- cluding spillway
	Height (feet)	17
	<u>Top Width</u> (feet)	16
	<u>Side Slopes</u> Upstream	Vary; average is about 1V on 3H
	Downstream	Vertical
	Zoning	None
	<u>Cutoff</u>	Concrete wall on up- stream face of dam ex- tends 6 feet below spillway crest
	Grout Curtain	None
h.	Diversion and Regulating Tunnel.	None
1.	Spillway.	
	Туре	Two stage, rectangular, concrete broadcrested weir

1. Spillway. (Cont'd.)	
Length of Weir (feet)	- 0
First Stage Second Stage	58 58
Crest Elevation (feet above msl.)	
First Stage Second Stage	1079.0 1079.4
Upstream Channel	Reservoir
Downstream Channel	Natural Stream
j. <u>Regulating Outlets</u> .	Four-foot wide gated sluiceway with up- stream in- vert eleva- tion 1076.1 feet

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SECTION 2

ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design.

a. <u>Data Available</u>. Design information for Bunnell's Pond Dam includes:

(1) A sketch prepared in July 1942 for proposed repairs and modifications to the dam.

(2) Design plans, prepared in August 1952, for enlarging the spillway and repairing the breach in the right abutment caused by the flood of July 1952.

No design calculations are available.

b. <u>Design Features</u>. The project is described in Paragraph 1.2a. The various features of the dam are shown on the photographs in Appendix C and on Plates E-2 through E-4.

c. <u>Design Considerations</u>. Design information for the dam is somewhat sketchy and is not considered sufficient to assess the design of the dam.

2.2 Construction.

a. <u>Data Available</u>. There is very little information concerning the original construction of the dam and subsequent modifications to it. According to information contained in the files of PennDER the 1952 modifications were performed in accordance with the design plans.

b. <u>Construction Considerations</u>. There are insufficient data to assess the construction of the dam.

2.3 <u>Operation</u>. There are no formal records of operation. Records of inspections performed by the Commonwealth are available for the period from 1924 to 1965. A summary of the inspection reports is included in Appendix A.

2.4 Evaluation.

a. <u>Availability</u>. Engineering data were provided by PennDER. The Owner was available for information during the visual inspection.

b. <u>Adequacy</u>. The type and amount of available design and other engineering data are limited. The assessment of the dam is based on the combination of available data, visual inspection, performance history, hydrologic and hydraulic assumptions, and calculations developed for this report. c. <u>Validity</u>. There is no reason to question the validity of the available data.

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SECTION 3

VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings.

a. <u>General</u>. The overall appearance of the dam and appurtenant structures is fair. Noteworthy deficiencies observed are described in the following paragraphs. The complete visual inspection checklist and sketch of the dam are presented in Appendix B. A profile of the top of the dam is included in Appendix E. On the day of the inspection, the reservoir pool was at the level of the spillway crest.

b. Embankment. The embankment is in generally fair condition. The upstream slope, protected with a stand of grass on the left end of the dam and with heavy stone on the right end, shows no signs of distress or erosion. The top of the earth portion of the dam is covered with a good stand of grass. A ten-foot section of the masonry wall on the downstream side of the dam to the left of the spillway is bulged outward approximately 6 inches. This condition was observed during inspections by the Commonwealth as early as 1930. The inspection reports also indicated that the condition seemed to have stabilized by 1937. By comparing the present condition with that shown in photographs taken in 1937, the bulging does not appear to have worsened during the intervening 44 years. Clear seepage was observed at the toe of the dam in the vicinity of the bulged The flow rate at the time of the inspection was estimated area. at 1/2 gallon per minute (gpm). The concrete cap on the top of the dam between the spillway and outlet works is spalled. The condition is surficial in nature and is not considered to affect the integrity of the dam.

c. <u>Appurtenant Structures</u>. Overall, the spillway is in fair condition. The low-flow section of the concrete weir shows signs of erosion. The remainder of the weir has also experienced minor erosion and cracking. The concrete apron at the base of the spillway is somewhat deteriorated and undermined approximately one foot. The downstream end of the left spillway wall is deteriorated at the base. The concrete is spalled to a depth of about 5 inches. Stones are missing from the downstream face of the spillway at several locations. Most of the downstream toe and upstream side of the spillway was submerged and could not be inspected.

The outlet works gate has not been operated recently and has a substantial amount of sediment and debris built up behind it. Leakage around the edges of the gate was estimated at 10 gpm. The concrete surfaces of the outlet works are cracked and spalled. d. <u>Reservoir Area</u>. The watershed is approximately 50 percent wooded and 50 percent farmland. Several small ponds and reservoirs are located within the watershed. The hills in the area rise to a maximum of about 640 feet above the reservoir surface and are gently to moderately sloping.

e. <u>Downstream Conditions</u>. One building containing two seasonal dwellings is located just downstream from the left end of the dam. One permanent residence is located approximately 150 feet downstream from the dam on the right stream bank. More than a few lives could be lost in the event of a failure of Bunnell's Pond Dam. Freethy Dam is located approximately 1.3 miles downstream from Bunnell's Pond Dam. Very little development has taken place in the floodplain between the two dams.

SECTION 4

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 <u>Procedure</u>. The reservoir is normally maintained at the level of the spillway crest with excess inflows discharging over the spillway and into the downstream channel.

4.2 <u>Maintenance of Dam</u>. There are no established procedures for maintenance of the dam. Maintenance work has generally been performed on an unscheduled basis. Although the dam is checked periodically by the Owner, no formal reports are maintained.

4.3 <u>Maintenance of Operating Facilities</u>. There is no established procedure for maintenance of the outlet works facilities.

4.4 <u>Warning Systems in Effect</u>. There is no emergency operation and warning system for the dam.

4.5 Evaluation of Operational Adequacy. Although some maintenance is performed, the current program is inadequate. Inspections are necessary to detect hazardous conditions at the dam. An emergency operation and warning system is necessary to reduce the risk of dam failure should adverse conditions develop and to prevent loss of life should the dam fail.

SECTION 5

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

5.1 Evaluation of Features.

a. <u>Design Data</u>. There are no hydrologic or hydraulic design calculations available for Bunnell's Pond Dam. According to a report prepared by the Commonwealth, the spillway as redesigned in 1952 was to have a capacity of 2,570 cubic feet per second (cfs). This figure compares favorably with the spillway capacity calculated in Appendix D of this report.

b. Experience Data. A failure of the right abutment of the dam occurred in July 1952 as a result of overtopping of a low section of the abutment by approximately six inches. The dam itself was, reportedly, not overtopped and therefore suffered no damage. The depth of flow through the spillway was estimated at four feet at the peak of the storm. Damage downstream included washout of two roads, complete destruction of an old cheese factory, and flooding of one home. At the time of the failure, the bridge located 150 feet downstream from the dam had 6 feet of water flowing over its deck.

The dam also sustained minor damage during the flood of 1942. However, no information is available which documents the reservoir pool level or damages sustained.

No other failures of the dam or its appurtenant structures are known to have occurred during the recent history of the dam. No rainfall, runoff, or reservoir level records are available.

c. Visual Observations.

(1) <u>General</u>. The visual inspection of Bunnell's Pond Dam, which is described in Section 3, resulted in a number of observations relevant to hydrology and hydraulics.

(2) Embankment. The top of the embankment is fairly uniform, having a minimum elevation of 1083.2 feet at the left end of the spillway. The low area at the right abutment of the dam was raised during the repairs of 1952, thereby decreasing the chances of a failure of the type that occurred in 1952. Although most of the embankment could withstand some overtopping, the area at the toe of the dam adjacent to the left end of the spillway would be particularly susceptible to scouring caused by water discharging over the nearly vertical 8-foot high downstream face of the dam.

(3) <u>Appurtemant Structures</u>. No condition was observed that would indicate that the spillway could not operate satisfactorily in the event of a flood. The operability of the outlet works, however, is questionable because of the debris and sediment that has collected behind the gate. (4) <u>Reservoir Area</u>. Several small ponds and reservoirs are located within the Bunnell's Pond watershed. Two of the reservoirs, SCS PA-420 and Upper Wilcox Pond, were included in the hydrologic and hydraulic analysis. SCS PA-420 is an earthfill dam approximately 33 feet high and has a maximum storage capacity of 201 acre-feet. The purpose of the dam is flood retention. Upper Wilcox Pond has a dam approximately 18 feet high and has a maximum storage capacity of 623 acre-feet.

(5) <u>Downstream Conditions</u>. One building containing two seasonal dwellings is located just downstream from the left end of the dam. The first floor of this building is about 8 feet below the top of dam. One permanent residence is located approximately 150 feet downstream from the dam on the right streambank. Both residences could be flooded in the event of a failure of the dam. Freethy Dam is located 1.3 miles downstream from Bunnell's Pond Dam. Failure of Bunnell's Pond Dam could contribute to conditions leading to a failure of Freethy Dam. Very little development has taken place in the low-lying areas between the two dams.

d. Overtopping Potential.

(1) <u>Spillway Design Flood</u>. According to the criteria established by the Office of the Chief of Engineers (OCE), the Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for the size (small) and hazard potential (high) of Bunnell's Pond Dam is between one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and the PMF. Since the dam and reservoir are on the low end of the small size category, the 1/2 PMF was selected as the SDF for Bunnell's Pond Dam. The watershed and reservoir were modeled with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' HEC-1DB computer program. A description of this computer program is included in Appendix D. The assessment of the hydrology and hydraulics is based on existing conditions, without consideration of the effects of future development.

(2) <u>Summary of Results</u>. Pertinent results are tabulated at the end of Appendix D. The analysis reveals that Bunnell's Pond Dam can pass about 18 percent of the PMF before overtopping of the dam occurs.

(3) <u>Spillway Adequacy</u>. The criteria used to evaluate the spillway adequacy of a dam are described in Appendix D. Since the dam could not pass the 1/2 PMF and was considered to fail during storms of only 25 percent of the PMF, a breach analysis was performed to ascertain the impact of the failure on the downstream area. The conditions contributing to failure of the dam, as well as its failure mode, are included in Appendix D. It was found that failure of the dam during 25 percent of the PMF would cause a discharge from the reservoir of nearly 4,700 cfs greater than that which would occur if the dam were not to fail. This represents an increased hazard for loss of life immediately downstream from the dam and, recordingly, the spillway capacity of Bunnell's Pond Dam is rated as seriously inadequate.

SECTION 6

STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability.

a. Visual Observations.

(1) <u>General</u>. The visual inspection of Bunnell's Pond Dam, which is described in Section 3, resulted in a number of observations relevant to structural stability. These observations are evaluated herein for the various features.

(2) <u>Embankment</u>. The bulged masonry wall at the left end of the dam is generally the type of deficiency which indicates a potential stability problem for a dam. However, as previously mentioned, the bulge was observed as early as 1930 and appeared to have stabilized by 1937. In as much as this condition does not seem to have worsened since that time, it is not considered to be a serious threat to the structural stability of the dam.

The seepage observed at the toe of the dam and spalled concrete cap to the right of the spillway are not, at this time, considered detrimental to the stability of the dam.

(3) <u>Appurtenant Structures</u>. The concrete apron at the base of the spillway does not appear to have been a design feature of the dam as it does not appear in early photographs of the dam or in the plans for the 1952 modifications. Apparently, it was added sometime during or following the construction work performed in 1952. Although the reason for the addition of the apron is unknown, the undermining and deterioration of it are not considered to adversely affect the stability of the dam or spillway at this time. The other deficiencies observed are not considered to have an adverse effect on the stability of the dam or spillway.

The conditions observed at the outlet works are not considered to seriously affect the stability of the dam.

b. <u>Design and Construction Data</u>. No calculations of embankment or spillway stability are available. However, nothing in the design plans or construction correspondence indicates any concern for the stability of the structure.

c. <u>Operating Records</u>. There are no operating records maintained for Bunnell's Pond Dam and Reservoir. The operating procedures followed by the Owner do not indicate cause for concern relative to the structural integrity of the dam. d. <u>Post-construction Changes</u>. The modifications listed previously do not appear to adversely affect the structural stability of the dam.

e. <u>Seismic Stability</u>. Bunnell's Pond Dam is located in Seismic Zone 1 where earthquake loadings are not considered to be significant for small dams with no readily apparent stability problems. Since no readily apparent stability problems were observed, the seismic stability of the dam is considered to be adequate.

SECTION 7

ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND

PROPOSED REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment.

a. Safety.

Feature

(1) Based on criteria established for these studies, Bunnell's Pond Dam is judged to be unsafe, nonemergency, because the spillway capacity is seriously inadequate. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for the size and hazard classification of the dam varies between the 1/2 PMF and the PMF. Based on the size of the dam and reservoir, the 1/2 PMF is selected as the SDF. The existing spillway will pass about 18 percent of the PMF before overtopping of the dam occurs. It is judged that the dam could not withstand the depth and duration of overtopping that would occur during storms greater than 25 percent of the PMF. Failure of Bunnell's Pond Dam would cause an increased hazard for loss of life downstream.

(2) Overall the dam is considered to be in fair condition. Several deficiencies were observed, all of which are considered to be minor.

(3) Although some maintenance has been performed, the existing maintenance program should be upgraded.

(4) A summary of the features and observed deficiencies is as follows:

Observed Deficiency

Embankment	Bulged masonry wall on downstream face; seepage at toe; spalled concrete cap.
Spillway	Eroded and cracked weir; deteriorated and undermined apron at base; deteriorated left training wall at downstream end; stones missing from downstream face.
Outlet Works	Cracked and spalled concrete; debris and sediment at upstream end.

b. <u>Adequacy of Information</u>. The information available is such that an assessment of the condition of the dam can be inferred from the combination of available data, visual inspection, past performance, and computations performed as part of this study.

c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations in Paragraph 7.2 should be implemented without delay.

d. <u>Necessity for Further Investigations</u>. In order to accomplish the remedial measures outlined in Paragraph 7.2, further investigations by the Owner will be required.

7.2 Recommendations and Remedial Measures.

a. The following studies and remedial measures, listed in approximate order of priority, are recommended to be undertaken by the Owner without delay:

(1) Perform additional studies to more accurately ascertain the spillway capacity required for Bunnell's Pond Dam and develop alternatives to provide adequate spillway capacity. Take appropriate action as required.

(2) Remove the debris and sediment which has collected behind the outlet works sluice gate so that the gate can be operated if necessary.

(3) Develop a method for drawing down the reservoir in case of an emergency. If a pipe is placed through the embankment, it should be provided with an upstream closure facility.

(4) Monitor the seepage and bulging of the masonry wall at the left end of the dam and the undermining of the concrete apron at the base of the spillway. Take appropriate action if any condition worsens.

(5) The deteriorated concrete on the top of dam, spillway and outlet works; and stones missing from the downstream face of the dam do not require any special attention at the present time. They should, however, be closely observed during all future inspections of the dam.

All investigations, studies, designs, and inspection of construction should be performed by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams.

b. In addition, the Owner should institute the following operational and maintenance procedures:

(1) Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system for Bunnell's Pond Dam. When warnings of a major storm are given by the National Weather Service, the Owner should activate the emergency operation and warning system.

(2) During periods of unusually heavy rains, provide round-the-clock surveillance of the dam.

(3) Initiate an inspection program such that the dam is inspected on a regular basis. As presently required by the Commonwealth, the inspection program should include a formal annual inspection by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams. Utilize the inspection results to determine if remedial measures are necessary.

(4) Expand the existing maintenance program and develop a formal maintenance manual so that all features of the dam are properly maintained.

APPENDIX A CHECKLIST - ENGINEERING DATA

CHECKLIST

ENGINEERING DATA

NDI ID NO.: PA-00170 DER ID NO.: 64-29

DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OPERATION PHASE I

Sheet 1 of 4

ITEM	REMARKS
AS-BUILT DRAWINGS	None Available
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	see Plate E-1 (Appendix E)
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	Nct available.
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	see ithe E-3
OUTLETS: Plan Details Constraints Discharge Ratings	Discharge rating is inclused in Appendix Ly is silies drailed information is available.

ENGINEERING DATA	Sheet 2 of 4
ITEM	REMARKS
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	No records are maintained.
DESIGN REPORTS	" Report Upon the Bunnell's Pond Dam" prepared by the Commonweath. July 1917 give a description of the original structure.
GEOLOGY REPORTS	see Approvidix F
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS: Hydrology and Hydraulics Dam Stability Seepage Studies	Nonc
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS: Boring Records Laboratory Field	None
POSTCONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None

ENGINEERING DATA

ENGINEERING DATA	Sheet 3 of 4
ITEM	REMARKS
BORROW SOURCES	Unknown
MONITORING SYSTEMS	Nanc
MODIFICATIONS	Reprise and midifications preformed in 1942 and 1952 are described in PenDER files and Sation 1 of this report, also see Plates E-2 and E-3 (Appendix E)
HIGH POOL RECORDS	No formal records are maintained
POSTCONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	Nonc
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM: Description Reports	Failure of right isourcent why 1952 is described in files of Fran 1982 and Section 1 or the report.

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<u>___</u>

ENGINEERING DATA	Sheet 4 of 4
ITEM	REMARKS
MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS	Records in the firm of inspection reports and correspondence are contained in the files of Pinn DER.
SPILLWAY: Plan Sections Details	See Plates E-2 and E-3 (Appendix E)
OPERATING EQUIPMENT: Plans Details	see Plate E-2
PREVIOUS INSPECTIONS Dates Deficiencies	024. 1924 - Spillwry obstructed with flahbrands, leakage along downstream tee; leakage through right end of shuceway; gurand assamme -good.
	June 1930 - Spillway obstructed with flash brands and frateridge; heavy leakage along tre; some bulging of drunsteam face of mascing wall to left of spilling; general approving e fur.

A-4

Sheet 4a of 4

DATA
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DENABYS	CANANA	Aug. 1934 - Bulging of downstram foce; seepoge under right and new timter sluice; flashbords in spillwry; general appearance - fair.	Nov. 1937 - Bulging of downstream face (appore to have statilized); linting no warse Ilan parwousty reported; general appearance - fair.	viore 1948 - Leatage along the has stabilited; no sputient obstructions; general appearance wird good.	June 1952 - Smill amount of lentarie Alicough deneral appreciance predict, general appreciance - genet.	March 19-5 - Overall approximate - OK	
71.0.00	LILM	PREVIOUS INSPECTIONS (CONTINUED)					

APPENDIX B

CHECKLIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

.

CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION

PHASE I

Name of Dam: Bunnell's Pend Dam County: Wayne	State: Pennsylvania
NDI ID No.: PA-00/70 DER ID No.: 64-29	64-29
Type of Dam: Earthfill & Stone Marcury Hazard	Hazard Category: High
Date(s) Inspection: /2 November 1980 Weather: Over	Weather: Overcast, windy Temperature: 30°F
Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection: <u>1079.0 ft.</u> msl/Tailwater at Time of Inspection: <u>1066.0 ft.</u> msl	at Time of Inspection: 1066.0 ft. msl
Note: Elevations referenced to pool level showin on usas quad (white Mills, PA)	n usas quad (white Mills, PA)
Inspection Personnel:	
D.B. Wilson (GFCC) W. Seland (Ounce)	
R.E. Holderbrum (CaFCC)	
D.R. Ebersois (GFCC)	

Recorder

C.E. Holderbum

B-1

EMBANKMENT

Sheet 1 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	None	
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	Masonry wall forms dam.	
SLOUGHING OR EROSION: Embankment Slopes Abutment Slopes	None	
CREST ALIGNMENT: Vertical Horizontal	Verial - see top of dam profile (Plate E-4) Hmiswfal - good	
RIPRAP FAILURES	duntus oN	Masonry wall at right and of inn watets

EMBANKMENT

Ĺ

Sheet 2 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT WITH: Abutment Spillway Other Features	poot	
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	See concrete/MASONRY PAMS, Sheet 1 of 2.	
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER	None	
DRAINS	Non: obzerved	

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

-

Sheet 1 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	small seep at to: of downstream face 10'(1) left of spillway ~ 12.9pm.	shald be monitored in the future.
JUNCTION OF STRUCTURE WITH: Abutment Embankment Other Features	Bulged area in downstream face to left of spilling approximately to feet wide, displacement - 6 inches.	stould be monitared in julure.
DRAINS	None observed.	
WATER PASSAGES	1/A	
FOUNDATION	~/A	

CCINCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

Sheet 2 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SURFACES: Surface Cracks Spalling	Concrete on crest at right and of dum is spalled.	considered to the minor, surficial only.
STRUCTURAL CRACKING	None	
ALIGNMENT: Vertical Horizontal	Vertial -gard. Horizontal - Vulged area as noted on previous page.	
MONOLITH JOINTS	N/A	
CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	r/v	
STAFF GAGE OR RECORDER	None	

INGATED SPILLWAY

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	Erosion of Low flow section; minor crocion and cracking of remainder of when	Downstheam end of left thanking wall is deteriorated at base; concrete spalled to depth of 5 inches.
APPROACH CHANNEL	lake - unobstweted.	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	chean channet arother it fait. Concrets apon at bar of spilling undernar i fait.	should be monitored.
BRIDGE AND PIERS	A/A	
OTHER	Stenes muscing at several leastions on downs becan force.	

B-6

OUTLET WORKS

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	Concrete skuicewary-minor conchag and determination of concrete.	
INTAKE STRUCTURE	Manually operated skrice gate at upstram free of dam.	
OUTLET STRUCTURE	Nons - skanght drop into skann channel.	
OUTLET CHANNEL	Discharges into strant channel below time	
EMERGENCY GATE	Lettage mount gain 10	Revis and sectionent has related behad antes * revise not be used to revise by transary late.
	* Intro and saimed some to be rearred permited.	the reported permission

INSTRUMENTATION

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	<u>O BSE RVATIONS</u>	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	Nane	
OBSERVATION WELLS	None	
weirs	None	
PTEZOMETERS	None	
OTHER		

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

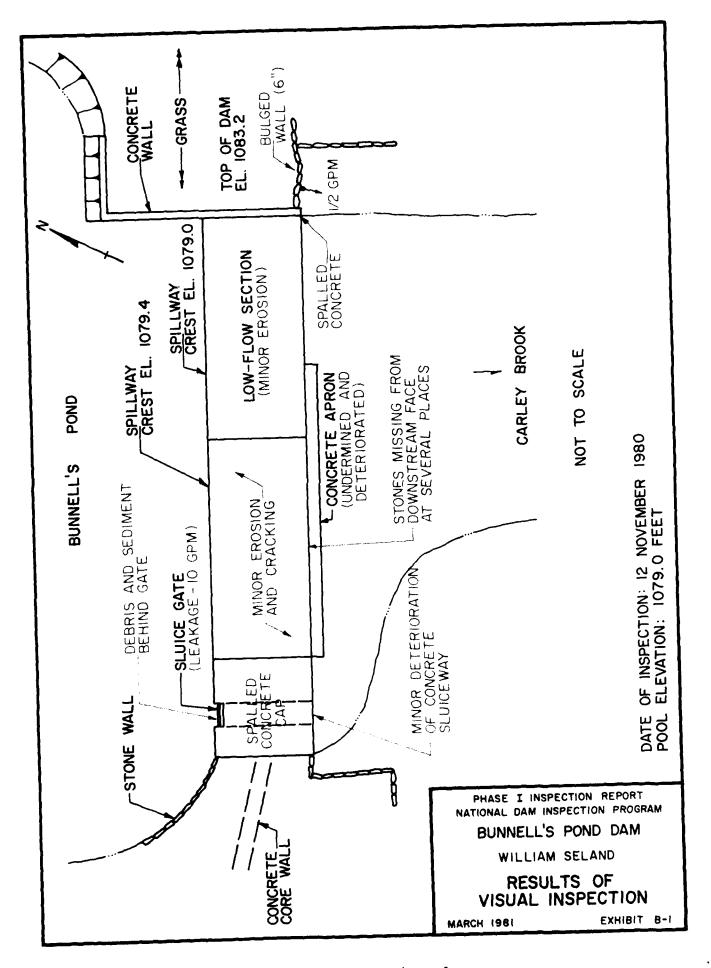
Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONDITION: Obstructions Debris Other	Small road bridge Approximately 200 fact downstrom.	
SLOPES	Bed slope approximately 0.4 percent between Burnell's and Funding Prints.	
APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF HOMES AND POPULATION	One permanent resiture and mus contant residence with 2 cottons white are leaded muschally source and	Freetry Dun's lanted approximately is 900 feet

RESERVOIR AND WATERSHED

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	PEMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	Maturde, west store of restriction promovely your	
SEDIMENTATION	Some sedimentation was observed on upstrain side of she count.	Extent of sedmentation is unknown.
WATERSHED DESCRIPTION	Approximately 50 To fumbrad, 50 To wooded, several small cakes and privation with in watersind.	Very little development has taken place within wateried.



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APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS

BUNNELL'S POND DAM



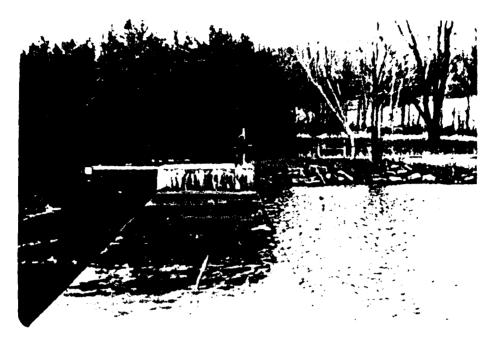
A. Upstream Side of Dam



B. Upstream Side of Spillway

C-1

BUNNELL'S POND DAM

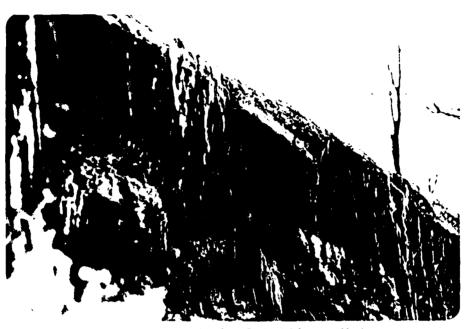


C. Spillway-Looking Toward Right Abutment



D. Downstream Face of Left End of Spillway

BUNNELL'S POND DAM



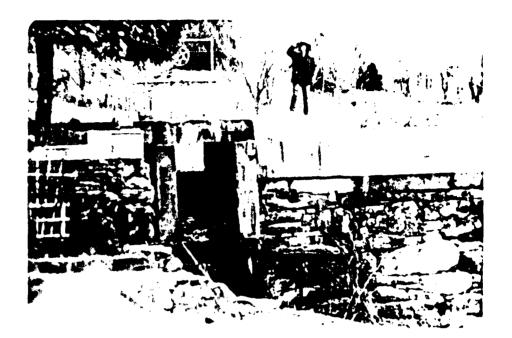
E. Downstream End of Spillway Weir



F. Concrete Apron At Base of Spillway

C-3

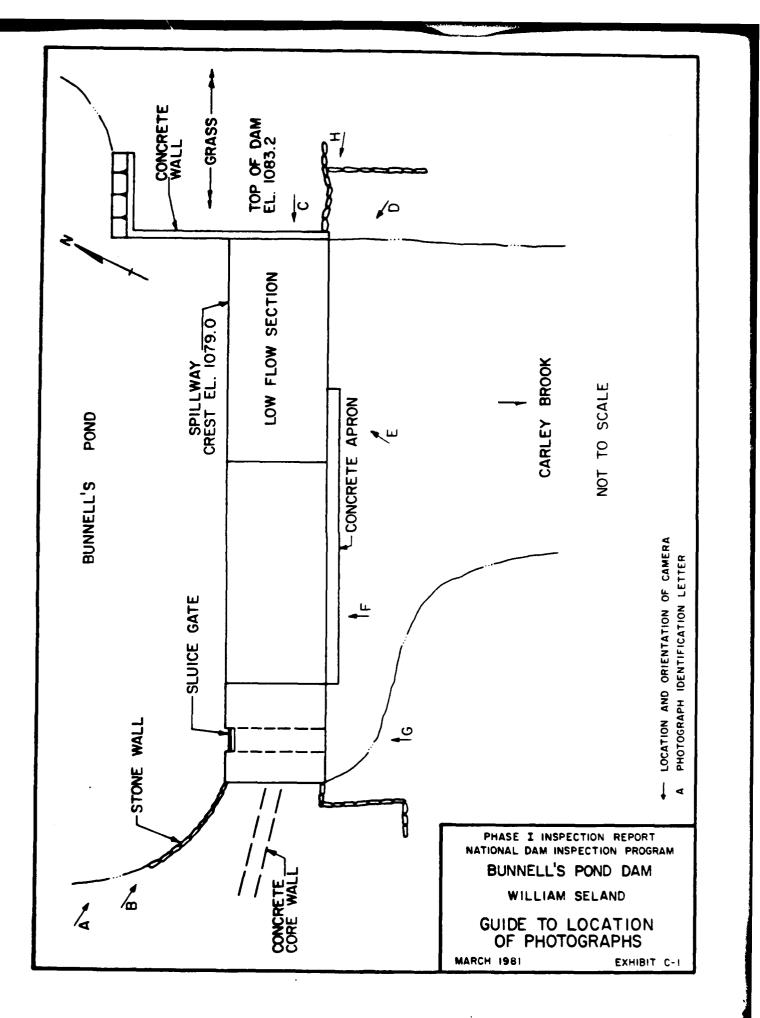
BUILDED TE POND DAIL





- G. Above Downstream Side of Outlet Works
 - Left Bulged Masonry Wall Near Left Abutment

C-4



APPENDIX D

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HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

Spillway Capacity Rating:

In the recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers (OCE), established criteria for rating the capacity of spillways. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for the size (small, intermediate, or large) and hazard potential (low, significant, or high) classification of a dam is selected in accordance with the criteria. The SDF for those dams in the high hazard category varies between one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and the PMF. If the dam and spillway are not capable of passing the SDF without overtopping failure, the spillway capacity is rated as inadequate. If the dam and spillway are capable of passing one-half of the PMF without overtopping failure, or if the dam is not in the high hazard category, the spillway capacity is not rated as seriously inadequate. A spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate if all of the following conditions exist:

(a) There is a high hazard to loss of life from large flows downstream of the dam.

(b) Dam failure resulting from overtopping would significantly increase the hazard to loss of life downstream from the dam from that which would exist just before overtopping failure.

(c) The dam and spillway are not capable of passing one-half of the PMF without overtopping failure.

Description of Model:

If the Owner has not developed a PMF for the dam, the watershed is modeled with the HEC-1DB computer program, which was developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The HEC-1DB computer program calculates a PMF runoff hydrograph (and percentages thereof) and routes the flows through both reservoirs and stream sections. In addition, it has the capability to simulate an overtopping dam failure. By modifying the rainfall criteria, it is also possible to model the 100year flood with the program.

D-1

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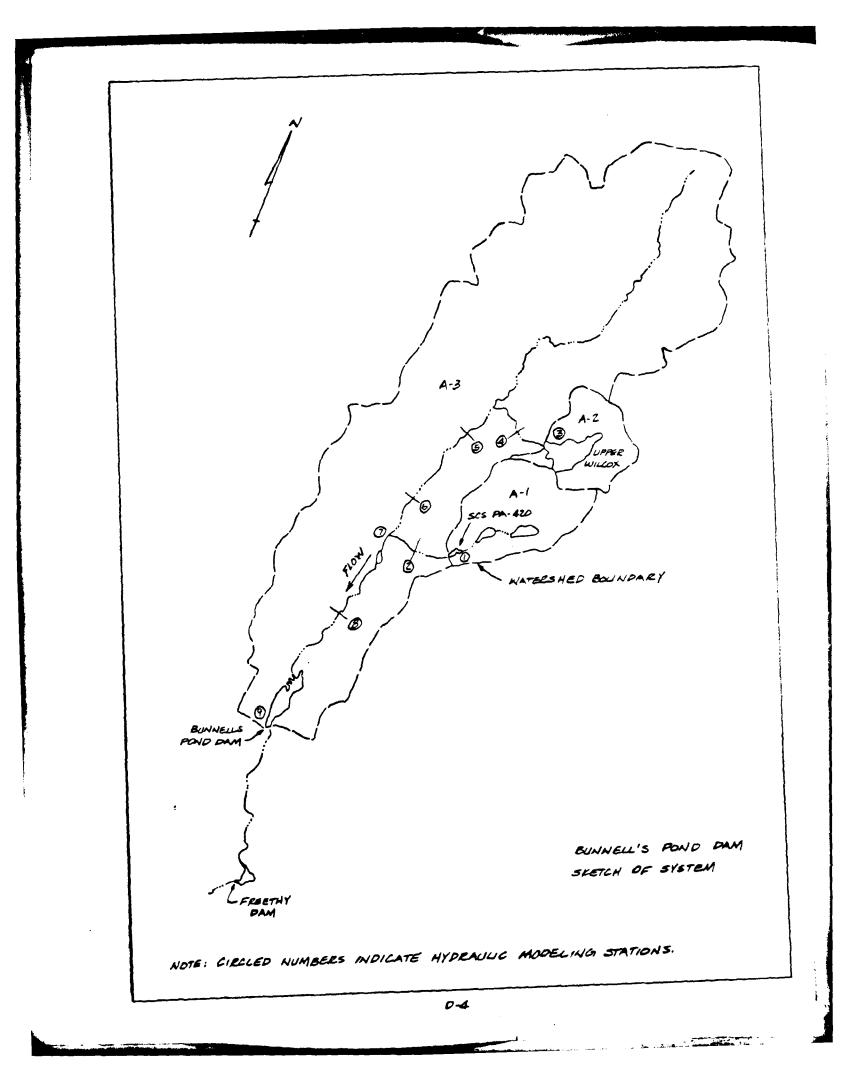
APPENDIX D

		DELAW	ARE RIV	ER BASIN	J	River	Basin
Ī	Name of	Stream	n: CAE	LEY BROU	×~		
נ	Name of	`Dam:	BUNNE	LL'S PON			
1	NDI ID	No.:	PA-021	70			
I	DER ID	No.:	64-29				
Latitude:_	N	41° 35.	1'	Longitude	: W750	14.8'	
Top of Dam	Elevat	tion:	1083.2	ft.			
Streambed I	Elevati	lon: 10	66.0 ft.	Height o	f Dam:	17	ft
Reservoir :	Storage	at To	o of Dam	Elevatio	n: <u>339</u>	7 a.	cre-ft
Size Catego							
Hazard Cat					(see	Sectio	on 5)
Spillway De				TO PNF	· LUEE 1	= PN.=	
	•			ELT DIL :			

UPSTREAM DAMS

Name	Distance from Dam (miles)	Height _(ft)_	Storage at top of Dam Elevation (acre-ft)	Remarks
SCS PA-420	2.2	33	20/	DER 10. 04-185
UPPER WILLOX	3.9	<u>18 ±</u>	623	DEE 15. 62 - 52
		<u> </u>		
<u></u>		- <u></u>		
	DC	DWNSTREAM	DAMS	
FREETHY		_26	89	DER 12.62-160
<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
_ <u></u>				
<u></u>				

		04	=	ARC		D	iver Ba	icin	
	Name	of St	ream		LEY BA		iver ba	19111	
						NO DAI	A		
	DETERMI	INATIC	N OF	PIIF RA	INFALL	& UNIT	HYDROGE	RAPH	
					GRAPH D				
1	Drainage	J							
Sub-	Area	Ср	Ct	L	L _{ca}	L'	Тр	Map	Plate
area	(square			miles	miles	miles	hours	Area	
	miles)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
							X - V		
A-1	0.9	0.45	1.23	1.33	0.76	N/A	1.23	,	A
A-2	0,6	0.45	1.23	N/A	N/A	0.51	0.82	1	A.
A-3	9.5	0.45	1.23	7.39	3.51	N/A.	3.27	1	A
Total		1				et D-4)			
	(1) & (2)								lied by
						Enginee	rs on n	naps a	nd
					7) & (8			, ,	1
	The follow								barea:
	(3): Leng								
	(4): Leng								L
	The follow				irom tr	le upstr	eam enc	IOIT	ne
	reservoir	at no	ormai	poo1:					
	(5): Leng (6): Tp=0		inali T	n water	course	extende		vide	:
	(b): 1p=0	t X (Lca,	, exce	ept wher	e the c	entro	la or
	the subare	a_{1S}	foca	cea in	the res	ervoir.	Then		
	$Tp=C_{t} \times (I)$			1 6					
	al flow is						\		
Compu	ter Data:				5% OI P	eak IIO	w)		
			R = 2		ΤΛ.				
	ainfall Ir		EALN Z/.	FALL DA	1 <u>.4</u> .	ir., 200		1.0	
L'IL K	aintait i	Idex	<u> </u>	Hudrom	1 + 1 + 2 + 1	на, 200 Ну	dromet	. 1 C	
			(511	nyurum equahan	iec. 40 ma Raci	.n) (Ot	her Rad	ine)	
Zone:			(bu	N/				51137	
	aphic Adju	istmor	. .	147	n		/		
Geogr	Factor:	13 cmer					1.0		
Rovic	ed Index						1.0		
	nfall:						21.2		
nui	RAI	INFALI	$DI\overline{S'}$	TRIBUTI	ON (per	cent			
			Time		Percer				
			6 ho		110	_			
		1	2 ho		122				
			4 ho		132	_			
			8 ho		141				
			2 ho		N/A				
			6 ho		N/A				



Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-/ (See sketch on Sheet D-4)

Name of Dam: <u>5C5 PA-420</u>

STORAGE DATA: THE FOLLOWING DATA WAS TAKEN FROM THE PHASE I REPORT FOR 365 PA-420, MAY 1980 Storage

Elevation	Area <u>(acres)</u>	million gals	acre-ft	Remarks
<u>/272.7</u> =ELEVO* <u>28/.4</u> =ELEV1 <u>/285.0</u> <u>/290.0</u> <u>/295.0</u> <u>/200.0</u> <u>/205.0</u>	$ \begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \underline{2.3} = A1 \\ \underline{5.2} \\ \underline{7.1} \\ \underline{9.3} \\ \underline{12.0} \\ \underline{14.5} \\ \end{array} $	0	0 =S1 	

* ELEVO = ELEV1 - $(3S_1/A_1)$

** Planimetered contour at least 10 feet above top of dam

Reservoir Area at Normal Pool is _____ percent of subarea watershed.

BREACH DATA: BREACH ANALYSIS NOT REQUIRED

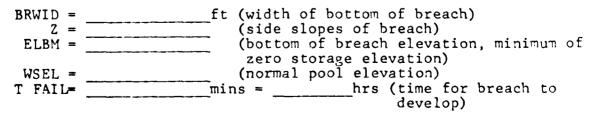
See Appendix B for sections and existing profile of the dam. Soil Type from Visual Inspection:

Maximum Permissible Velocity (Plate 28, EM 1110-2-1601) fps (from Q = $CLH^{3/2} = V \cdot A$ and depth = (2/3) x H) & A = L \cdot depth

 $HMAX = (4/9 V^2/C^2) = ____ft., C = ___Top of Dam El.=___$

HMAX + Top of Dam El. = = FAILEL (Above is elevation at which failure would start)

'Dam Breach Data:



Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-/ Name of Dam: 565 PA-420 TAKEN FROM PHASE I SPILLWAY DATA: Existing Design REPORT, SCS PA-420, Conditions Conditions MAY 1980 UNAS Top of Dam Elevation 1304.3 Spillway Crest Elevation 1281.4 Spillway Head Available (ft) 22.9 Type Spillway DROP INLET "C" Value - Spillway 0.6 (DEIFKE) Crest Length - Spillway (ft) NIA Spillway Peak Discharge (cfs) 130 Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elev. 1293.7 5.9 Auxiliary Spill. Head Avail. (ft) Type Auxiliary Spillway VEGETATED HANNEL "C" Value - Auxiliary Spill. (ft) Crest Length - Auxil. Spill. (ft) 2.7 155 Auxiliary Spillway 5590 Peak Discharge (cfs) Combined Spillway Discharge (cfs) 5720 Spillway Rating Curve: Q Auxiliarv Spillway (cfs) Combined (cfs) Elevation Q Spillway (cfs) 1281.4 0 0 1282.5 5 چ 1235.0 11 11 1290.0 17 17 23 1276.8 22 105 1298.4 0 105 121 1299.65 487 623 123 1165 128:5, 1300.6 1302.2 126 2751 2877 5590 5720 130 1304.3 OUTLET WORKS RATING: Outlet 1 Outlet 2 Outlet 3 (N/A) (N/A) (N/A) Invert of Outlet Invert of Inlet Type Diameter (ft) = DLength (ft) = LArea (sq. ft) = AN K Entrance K Exit K Friction=29.1 $N^{2}L/R^{4/3}$ Sum of K $(1/K)^{0.5} = C$ Maximum <u>Head (ft) = HM</u> $Q = CA \sqrt{2g(HM)(cfs)}$ Q Combined (cfs)

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea<u>A-2</u> (See sketch on Sheet D-4) Name of Dam: UPPER WILCOX POND

STORAGE DATA:

	•	Stora	age	
Elevation	Area <u>(acres)</u>	million gals	<u>acre-ft</u>	Remarks
<u>/4/2</u> =ELEVO* <u>/126</u> =ELEV1 <u>/440 **</u>	0 =A1 	0 	0 <u></u> =S1	U.S. TOE NORMA P2
	- <u></u>		<u> </u>	

* ELEVO = ELEV1 - $(3S_1/A_1)$

** Planimetered contour at least 10 feet above top of dam

Reservoir Area at Normal Pool is $\underline{/\beta}$ percent of subarea watershed.

BREACH DATA: BREACH ANALYSIS NOT REQUIRED

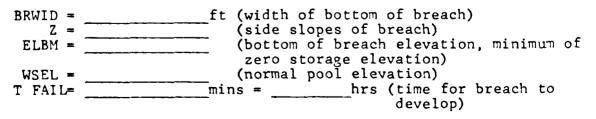
See Appendix B for sections and existing profile of the dam. Soil Type from Visual Inspection:_____

Maximum Permissible Velocity (Plate 28, EM 1110-2-1601) _____fps (from Q = $CLH^{3/2} = V \cdot A$ and depth = (2/3) x H) & A = L \cdot depth

HMAX = $(4/9 \ V^2/C^2)$ = _____ft., C = ____Top of Dam El.=____

HMAX + Top of Dam El. = ____ = FAILEL (Above is elevation at which failure would start)

Dam Breach Data:



Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-2 Name of Dam: UPPER WILCOX POND SPILLWAY DATA: Design Existing Conditions Conditions (1. /A . Top of Dam Elevation 1430.1 Spillway Crest Elevation 1426.0 Spillway Head Available (ft) 4.1 Type Spillway DROP INLET "C" Value - Spillway N/A Crest Length - Spillway (ft) Spillway Peak Discharge (cfs) NIL 90 Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elev. Auxiliary Spill. Head Avail. (ft) Type Auxiliary Spillway "C" Value - Auxiliary Spill. (ft) Crest Length - Auxil. Spill. (ft) Auxiliary Spillway Peak Discharge (cfs) Combined Spillway Discharge (cfs) Spillway Rating Curve: SEE PAGE 0-9 Q Auxiliary Elevation Q Spillway (cfs) Spillway (cfs) Combined (cfs) 1426.0 0 1427.0 10 1423.0 29 1429.0 53 1430.0 83 143.0 106 1422.0 122 1423.0 135 1434.0 147 Ť OUTLET WORKS RATING: Outlet 3 Outlet 1 Outlet 2 (N/A (N/A) (NA) Invert of Outlet Invert of Inlet Type Diameter (ft) = DLength (ft) = LArea (sq. ft) = AN K Entrance K Exit K Friction=29.1 $N^{2}L/R^{4}/3$ $\sup_{(1/K)} of_{.5}^{K} = C$ Maximum <u>Head</u> (ft) = HM Q = CA $\sqrt{2g(HM)}(cfs)$ Q Combined (cfs)

BY REA DATE 1/2/BL SUBJECT UPPER WILLOX POND SHEET NO . SPILLWAY RATING CHKD BY_ DATE JOB NO O Calculate weir flow from crest (1426.0) to exv. 1429.0 (top of conduit) $Q_{u} = C_{L} H_{u}^{3/2} = 2.9(3.5) H_{u}^{3/2} = 10.15 H_{u}^{3/2}$ Calculate pressure the above etc. 14290 Ø Qp = CA NZ9Hp = 0.7 (3.0) (3.5) N64.4 Hp = 59.0 Hp 1/2 * Hp* Hw Elev. Qp Qu Q 1426.0 0 0 _ 10 1427.0 29 29 1428.0 2 1429.0 53 53 3 2.25 88 88 1430.0 3.25 106 1431.0 106 4.25 1432.0 122 122 5.25 135 1433,0 135 6,25 147 1434.0 147 * He measured from center of orifice at 1427.75 ft. 1429.5--- 1429.0 DROP INLET 38 H26.0 22 PLAN PROFILE D-9 ţ 1

__ DATE _/<u>/2//8/</u> SUBJECT LIPPER WILLON POND BY REH SHEET NO . OF. CHKD BY DATE JOB NO TOP OF PAM PROFILE Nore: The following elevations are referenced to the pool elevation shown on USGS quadrangle, Galike, PA. 1434 - Min. Top of Dam 1430.1 1430 ž Ы - El. 126 Spilluay Crest 1426 400 100 300 D 200 (FEET) \$1 4V 1430.1 D 1430.9 95 380 1431.7 590 1432.0 440 1433.0 500 1434,0 0-10 4 ł ł ī.

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-3 (See sketch on Sheet D-4)

Name of Dam: BUNNELL'S POND

STORAGE DATA:

	Area	Stora million	age	
Elevation	(acres)	gals	acre-ft	Remarks
<u>1066</u> =ELEVO* <u>1079</u> =ELEV1 <u>1083.2</u> <u>1100 **</u>	0 <u>37</u> =A1 <u>51</u> 108	0 52 110	0 _/60_=S1 	SEEAMBEL NOLIMAL FO. TOP OF DAM

* ELEVO = ELEV1 - $(3S_1/A_1)$

** Planimetered contour at least 10 feet above top of dam

Reservoir Area at Normal Pool is \angle percent of subarea watershed.

BREACH DATA: SEE PAGE D-14

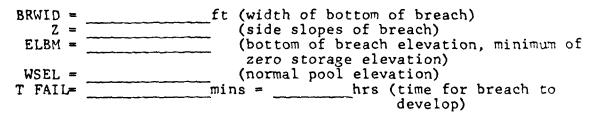
See Appendix B for sections and existing profile of the dam. Soil Type from Visual Inspection:

Maximum Permissible Velocity (Plate 28, EM 1110-2-1601) fps (from Q = $CLH^{3/2} = V \cdot A$ and depth = (2/3) x H) & A = L depth

 $HMAX = (4/9 V^2/C^2) = ____ft., C = ___Top of Dam El.=____$

HMAX + Top of Dam El. = FAILEL (Above is elevation at which failure would start)

Dam Breach Data:



Name of Dan	: <u> </u>	L S FOND		
SPILLWAY DA	TA:		Existing	Design
			Conditions	Conditions
_				(N/A)
Top of Dam			1083.2	
	est Elevational Available		1079.0	
Spiliway He Type Spillw		e (1C)	4.2	5 AB
"C" Value -			LONCLETE BROAD	O CRETEL WE -
	h - Spillway	7 (ft)		L-BOTH STICES)
Spillway Pe	ak Discharge	e (cfs)	2475	
Auxiliary S	pillway Cres	st Elev.		
	pill. Head A			
	ary Spillway		<u> </u>	
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Crest Lengt	h - Auxil. S	Spill. (It)		
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oombilled br	<u>iiiiway</u> Dibci	ange (crs)		
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/079.0 /0794 /030.0 /060.5 /061.0 /082.0 /063.0 /064.0 /065.0 /066.0 DUTLET WORK	0 39 226 46 745 745 745 746 2284 324 324 4304 5463 S RATING:	<u>Outlet 1</u>		¥
/079.0 /0794 /030.0 /060.5 /061.0 /082.0 /064.0 /085.0 /066.0 DUTLET WORK	0 39 226 46 745 745 745 746 2284 324 324 4304 5463 S RATING:		<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
<u>1079.0</u> <u>10794</u> <u>1030.0</u> <u>1080.5</u> <u>1061.0</u> <u>1082.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1065.0</u> <u>1066.0</u> OUTLET WORK Invert of C Invert of I Type Diameter (f		<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>/075.4</u> <u>/076./</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
<u>1079.0</u> <u>10794</u> <u>1030.0</u> <u>1080.5</u> <u>1061.0</u> <u>1082.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1065.0</u> <u>1066.0</u> OUTLET WORK Invert of C Invert of C Invert of I Type Diameter (f Length (ft)		<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>/075.4</u> <u>/076./</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
<u>1079.0</u> <u>10794</u> <u>1030.0</u> <u>1080.5</u> <u>1061.0</u> <u>1082.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1065.0</u> <u>1066.0</u> OUTLET WORK Invert of C Invert of C		<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>1075.4</u> <u>1076.1</u> <u>5.1176.1</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
<u>1079.0</u> <u>10794</u> <u>1030.0</u> <u>1080.5</u> <u>1061.0</u> <u>1082.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1065.0</u> <u>1066.0</u> OUTLET WORK Invert of I Type Diameter (f Length (ft) Area (sq. f		<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>/075.4</u> <u>/076./</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
<u>1079.0</u> <u>10794</u> <u>1030.0</u> <u>1080.5</u> <u>1081.0</u> <u>1082.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>108</u>		<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>1075.4</u> <u>1076.1</u> <u>5.4</u> <u>5.4</u> <u>1076.4</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
/079.0 /0794 /030.0 /060.5 /061.0 /082.0 /063.0 /064.0 /065.0 /066.0 OUTLET WORK Invert of C Invert of C Invert of I Type Diameter (f Length (ft) Area (sq. f N K Entrance K Exit	$\frac{0}{39}$ $\frac{226}{46}$ $\frac{46}{745}$ $\frac{745}{746}$ $\frac{2284}{324}$ $\frac{324}{5463}$ $\frac{5463}{5463}$ $\frac{S \text{ RATING}}{S}$ $\frac{S \text{ RATING}}{10}$ $\frac{10}{10}$ $\frac{10}{10}$ $\frac{10}{10}$ $\frac{10}{10}$ $\frac{10}{10}$	<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>1075.4</u> <u>1076.1</u> <u>3.0076.1</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
<u>1079.0</u> <u>10794</u> <u>1080.0</u> <u>1080.5</u> <u>1081.0</u> <u>1082.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1083.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>1085.0</u> <u>105</u>		<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>1075.4</u> <u>1076.1</u> <u>5.00</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
<u>1079.0</u> <u>10794</u> <u>1030.0</u> <u>1080.5</u> <u>1061.0</u> <u>1062.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1064.0</u> <u>1066.0</u> <u>1066.0</u> OUTLET WORK Invert of C Invert of C	$\frac{0}{39}$ $\frac{226}{46}$ $\frac{46}{745}$ $\frac{745}{746}$ $\frac{746}{2287}$ $\frac{324}{4304}$ $\frac{324}{5463}$ S RATING: outlet nlet t) = D = L t) = A $29.1N^{2}L/R^{4/3}$	<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>1075.4</u> <u>1076.1</u> <u>3.0076.1</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
$\frac{1079.0}{1030.0}$ $\frac{1030.0}{1080.5}$ $\frac{1081.0}{1082.0}$ $\frac{1082.0}{1084.0}$ $\frac{1084.0}{1085.0}$ $\frac{1085.0}{1066.0}$ OUTLET WORK Invert of C Invert of C Invert of I Type Diameter (f Length (ft) Area (sq. f N K Entrance K Exit K Friction= Sum of K (1/K) 0.5 =	$\frac{0}{39}$ $\frac{226}{46}$ $\frac{46}{745}$ $\frac{745}{745}$ $\frac{746}{524}$ $\frac{2284}{524}$ $\frac{324}{5463}$ S RATING: nutlet nlet (t) = D = L (t) = A $29.1 N^2 L/R^4/3$ C	<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>1075.4</u> <u>1076.1</u> <u>5.00</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3
$\frac{1079.0}{1030.0}$ $\frac{1030.0}{1080.5}$ $\frac{1081.0}{1082.0}$ $\frac{1082.0}{1084.0}$ $\frac{1084.0}{1085.0}$ $\frac{1085.0}{1066.0}$ OUTLET WORK Invert of C Invert of C Invert of I Type Diameter (f Length (ft) Area (sq. f N K Entrance K Exit K Friction= Sum of K (1/K) 0.5 =	$\frac{0}{39}$ $\frac{226}{46}$ $\frac{46}{745}$ $\frac{745}{745}$ $\frac{746}{2284}$ $\frac{524}{324}$ $\frac{5264}{5463}$ S RATING: putlet nlet (t) = D = L (t) = A $29.1N^{2}L/R^{4/3}$ C (ft) = HM	<u>Outlet 1</u> <u>1075.4</u> <u>1076.1</u> <u>5.00</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	Outlet 3

BY __ REH___ DATE 1/22/BI SUBJECT BUNNELL'S POND DAM SHEET NO . OF_ SPILLWAY BATING CHKD BY ____ DATE . JOB NO Two-stage broad crested weir, C= 2.65 (standard Handbook) for Civil Engineers) H, Hz ELEV. Q, Qz Q-0 0 1079.0 0 0 39 39 1079.4 0.4 0 0 154 1080.0 0.6 72 226 1.0 283 1.5 1.1. 178 461 1080.5 436 1081.0 2.0 1.6 3/2 148 2.6 800 646 1446 1082.0 3.0 4.0 3.6 1232 2284 1083.0 1052 3241 1034.0 5.0 4.6 1722 1519 2263 1085.0 6.0 5.6 2041 4304 2852 6.6 5463 1086.0 2611 7.0

FLOW OVER TOP OF DAM : (AND ABUTMENTS)

\$4 \$V 0 1083.2 115 1083.3 1083.5 135 175 1084.0 270 1085.0 460 1086.0 D-13 1

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BUNNELL'S POND DAM SUBJECT ... BY CHKD. BY___ DATE JOB NO SELECTED COMPUTER OUTPL Item Page Multi-ratio Analysis Input _____ Summary of Peak Flows Overtopping Summary D-16, D-17 D-18 D-19 - D-22 Dam Breach Analysis Input D-23, D-24 Summary of Peak Flows Dam Breach Summary D-25, D-26 D-27 .1 D-15

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PFAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLF PLAN-KATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS Flows in cupic ffet pfr second (curic meters per second) Area in square miles (souare kilometers)

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS SCS PA-Q20	ENERGENCY SPILLUAY CREST	129P.40	126.
SUMMARY OF	INITIAL VALUE	1281.41	2 <b>.</b>
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PLAN 1 ......

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D-19

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SUMMARY DE DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS Eximitell's pond dam

PLAN

				Trade 48/2 × Delara		
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RA 710	M A X I MUM	MUMIXEM	MUMIXAM	MAXIMUM	DURATION	TIME OF
OF	RESERVOIR	0EP T H	STORAGE	0U TF LO V	<b>OVER TOP</b>	MAX OUTFLOW
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1.00	1087.68	4.48	585.	15791.	15.50	43.00
•50	1085.73	2+53	470.	7615.	10.25	43.00
05.	1084.53	1.33	4 05 +	4491.	6 • 00	43.25
•20	1083.49	•29	353.	2802.	2.50	43.75
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Overtopping Summary

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PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS		
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PLAN-RATIO	<b>HETERS PER</b>	OMFTERS)
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F PERIOD)	CUBIC FEE	FEA IN SUU
CEND O	LOWS IN	<
STORAGE	<b>لد</b>	
AND		
FLOW		
PEAK		

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS	5CS PA-420			Upper Wilcox					
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	NYDROGRAPH AT	2 COMBINED	ROUTED TO				
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				D	- 26		 

Summary

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Dam Breach

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS BUNNELL'S PAID DAM

TOP OF DAM 1083.20 339. 2475.

. Kerantinan

SP1LLWAY CREST 1079.00 160. ð INITIAL VALUE 1070.00 160. ð ELEVATION STOPAGE OUTFLOW PLAN 1 (Non-failure)

TIME OF Failure

TIME OF Max Outflow Hours

DURATION Over top HOURS

MAXIMUM Outflov Cfs

MAXIMUM Storage ac-ft

MAXINUM DEPTH Over Dam

NAXIMUM RESERVOIR N .S .ELEV

RATIO PN5

5

00•0 HOURS

19.40

4.50 SP1LLWAY CREST 1079.00 160. 3617. 381. INITIAL VALUE 1079+00 160. 0. **.**86 ELEVATION S torage Outflov 1084.06 PLAN 2 .......... •25 (Failure)

TIME OF Max Outflow Hours TOP DF DAM 1083.20 339. 2475. DURATION Over top Hours • MAXIMUM Outflow Cfs MAX IMUN S TORAGE AC -FT HAXIMUN DEPTH DVER DAM MAXIMUM RESERVOIR V.S.ELEV RAT 10 0F Phf

TIME OF Failure Hours

18.40

19.40

1.36

8277.

370.

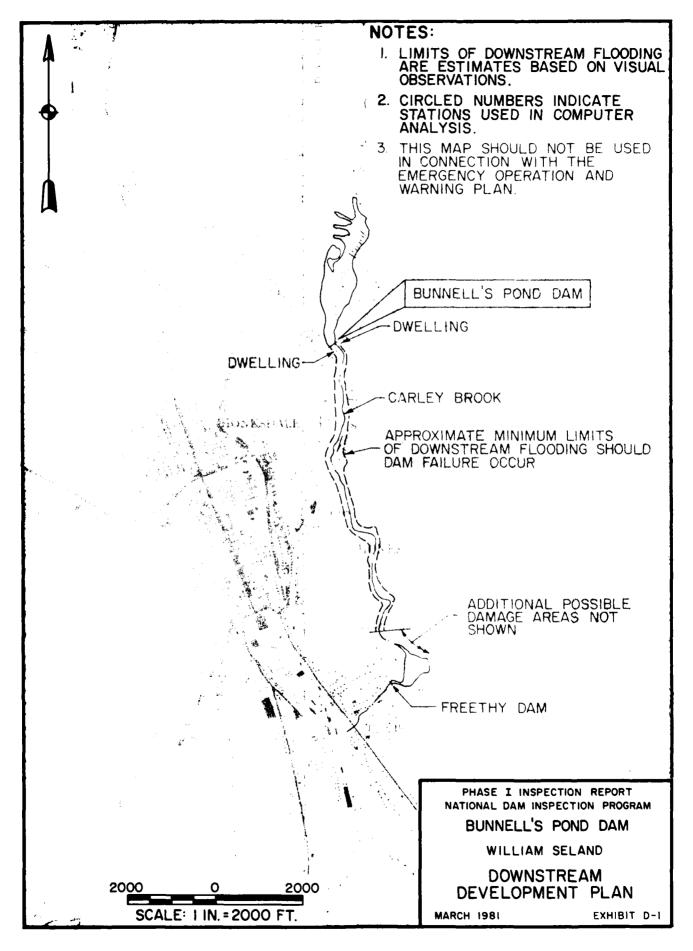
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BY 1 CHKD. BY 1		SUBJECT <u>BUNNE</u>	<u>L'S POND</u>		- SHEET N JOB NO	OF OF
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					• • •	
	Multi-	ratio Analysis	<b>.</b> ·			
				PMF	1/2 PMF	2590 PME
	Rainfall	(inches)		24.01	-	-
	Runoff	(inches)	· · ·	21.65	10.83	5.41
		flow lefs)		15,852	7645	3680
• • • • • •		utflow (cfs.)		15,791	7615	3612
-	Depth o	of overtopping	(feet)	4.48	2.53	0.86 4.50
·	Duratio	on of overtoppin	ng (nours)	15. <b>5</b> 0	10.25	4.30
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			· · · · · ·		• • •	
	Breach	and Routing H	<u>Analysis</u>	(25%	PMF)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and Routing A	<u>Analysis</u> <u>No failura</u> 3612		lure D	<u>fference</u> 4665
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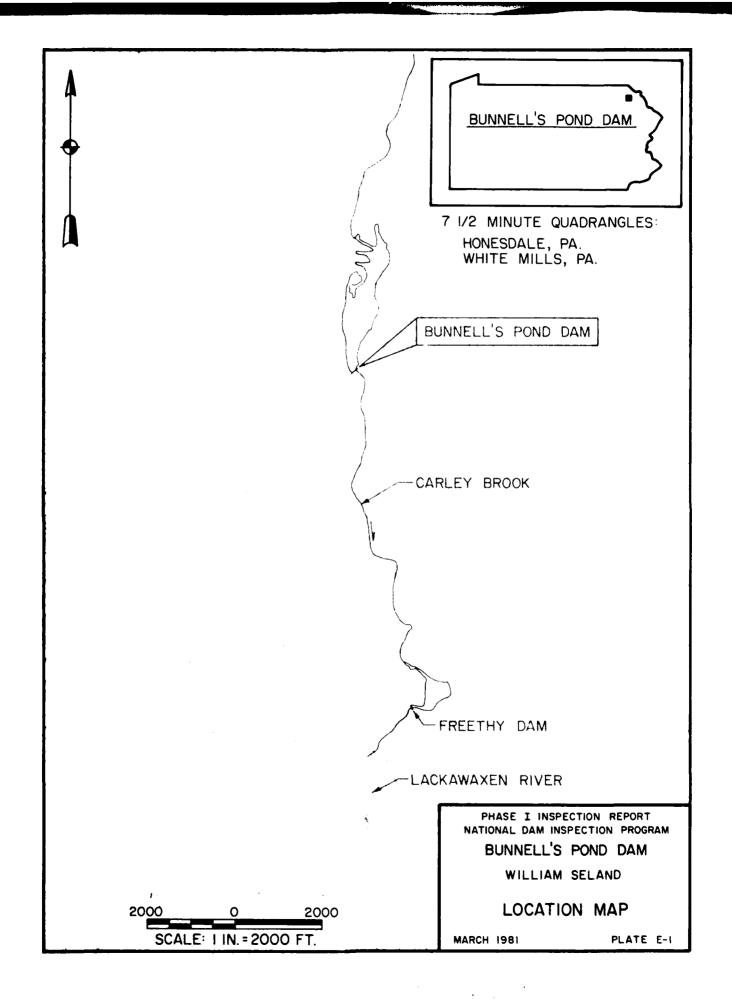


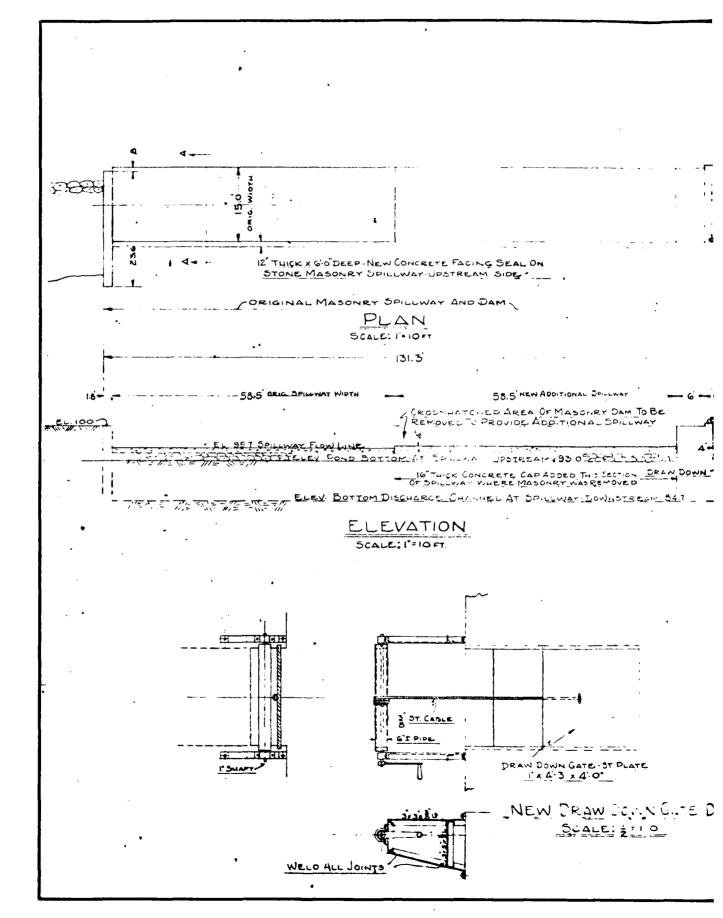
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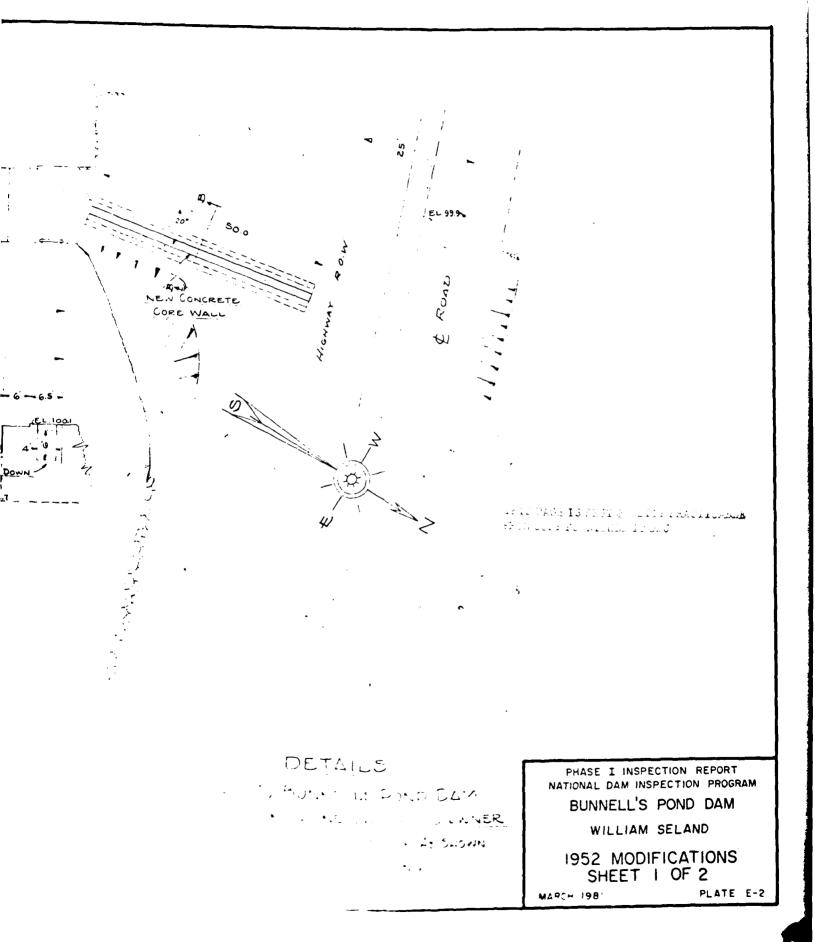
APPENDIX E

PLATES

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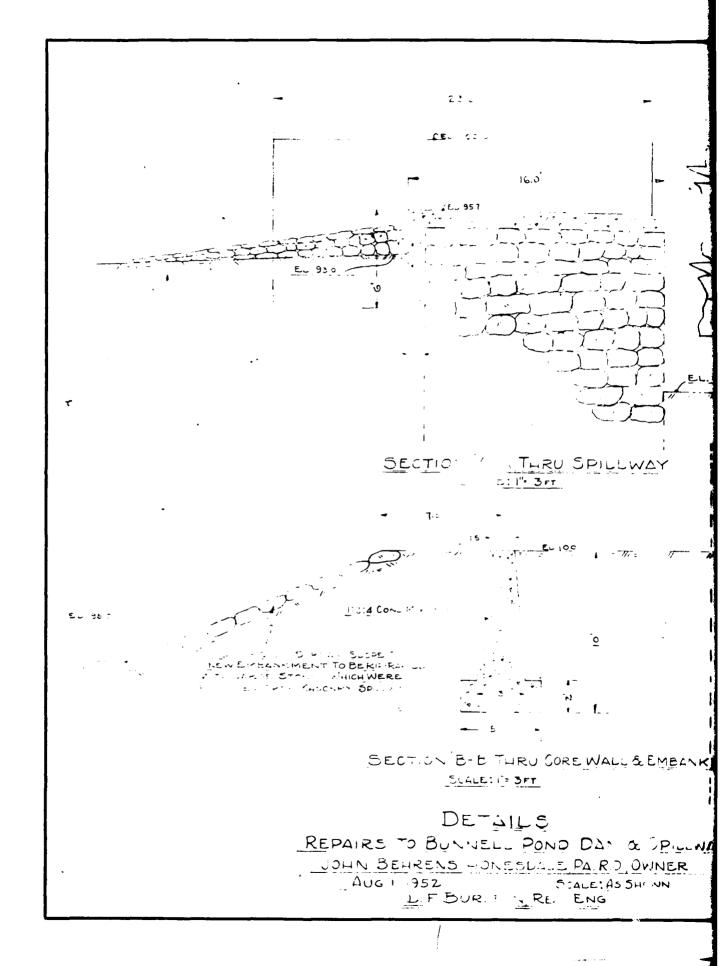


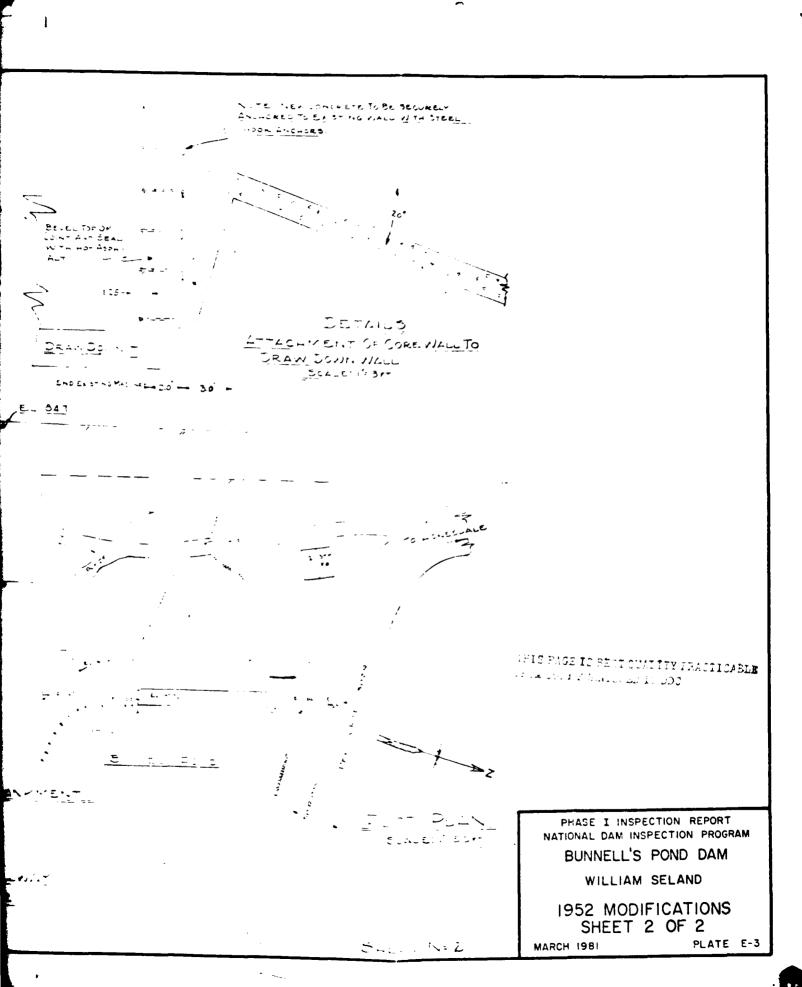




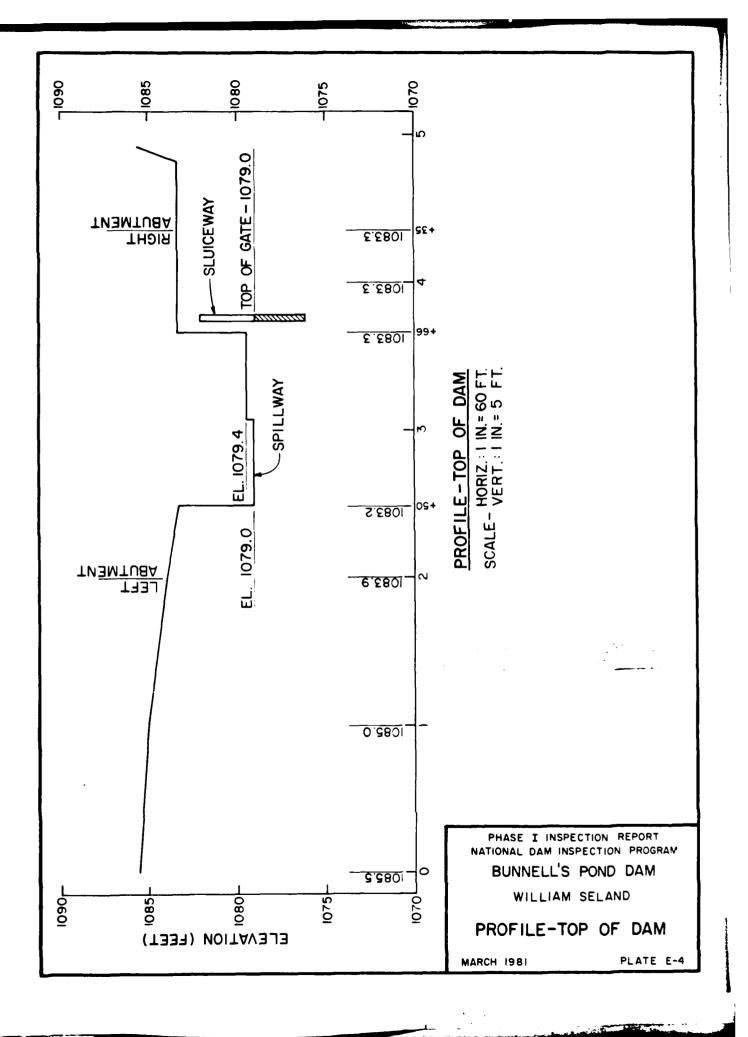
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APPENDIX F

## BUNNELL'S POND DAM

## APPENDIX F

## GEOLOGY

Bunnell's Pond Dam is located in Wayne County within the Appalachian Plateau Physiographic Province. The most pronounced topographic feature in the area is Camelback Mountain; which is part of the Pocono Plateau Escarpment. The escarpment has a well-defined, southwestward trend from Camelback Mountain; but it is irregular between Camelback Mountain and Mt. Pocono, which lies to the north. Streams east of the escarpment drain directly to the Delaware River, while those to the west drain to the Lehigh River.

The Pocono Plateau Section lies to the west of the escarpment. This area is relatively flat, with local relief seldom exceeding 100 feet. The topography has been greatly influenced by continental glaciation. Many features were created by deposition of glacial materials. The entire plateau lacks well-developed drainage.

East of the escarpment is the Glaciated Low Plateaus Section of the province. This area is characterized by preglacial erosional topography with locally-thick glacial deposits. Local relief is generally 100 to 300 feet.

Bedrock units of the sections described above are the lithified sediments of offshore marine, marginal marine, deltaic environments, and fluvial environments associated with the Devonian Period. These units include siltstones of the Mahantango Formation, siltstones and shales of the Trimmers Rock Formation, and seven mapped members of the Catskill Formation. These members include sandstones, siltstones, and shales of the Towamensing Member; sandstone, siltstone and shale of the Walcksville Member; sandstone and shale in the Long Run Member; sandstones and conglomerates in the Packerton Member; sandstones and some conglomerates in the Poplar Gap Member; and sandstones and conglomerates in the Duncannon Member.

Bunnell's Pond Dam is underlain by the Catskill Formation. The Catskill Formation is predominantly red to brownish gray shales and sandstone with interbedded siltstones and conglomerates. Sandstones present are thick-bedded, fine- to coarse-grained and exhibit very low primary porosity due to a clay and silica matrix. Effective porosity results from fractures and parting planes. The rocks are well-indurated and generally are not susceptible to slope failure; however, the presence of well-developed bedding and joint planes will result in some rockfall from vertical and high-angle cut slopes.

Bedrock is entirely overlain by glacial till of Late Wisconsin Age. This till is an unsorted mixture of clay, silt, sand, and gravel. It is moderately cohesive and is generally derived locally from the sandstones of the Catskill Formation. Thickness of the till varies from 5 to 75 feet.

