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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM, BEAVER POND DAM (NDI NUMBER PA--ETC(U)
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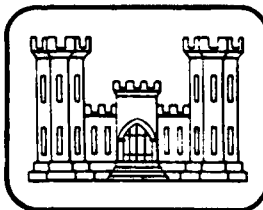
**SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
UNNAMED TRIBUTARY OF SHADIGEE CREEK, WAYNE COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA**

AD A101204

BEAVER POND DAM

**NDI No. PA 00133
PennDER No. 64-19
Dam Owner: Marguerite Card**

**PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM**



prepared for

**DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers
Baltimore, Maryland 21203**

prepared by

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.
Consulting Engineers
4301 Dutch Ridge Road
Beaver, Pennsylvania 15009

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BEAVER POND DAM
WAYNE COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
NDI No. PA 00133
PennDER No. 64-19

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National Dam Inspection Program. Beaver
Pond Dam (NDI Number PA-00133, PennDER
Number 64-19), Susquehanna River Basin,
Unnamed Tributary of Shadigee Creek,
Wayne County, Pennsylvania.

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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I Inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

PHASE I REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Beaver Pond Dam, Wayne County, Pennsylvania
NDI No. PA 00133, PennDER No. 64-19
Unnamed Tributary of Shadigee Creek
Inspected 28 October 1980

ASSESSMENT OF
GENERAL CONDITIONS

Beaver Pond Dam is ~~owned by Marguerite Card and is~~ classified as a "Significant" hazard - "Small" size dam. The dam was found to be in poor overall condition at the time of inspection.

Hydraulic/hydrologic evaluations, performed in accordance with procedures established by the Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers, for Phase I Inspection Reports, revealed that the spillway will not pass the 100-year flood without overtopping the dam. A spillway design flood (SDF) in the range of the 100-year flood to the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF) is required for Beaver Pond Dam. Because the dam is on the low end of the "Small" size category in terms of storage capacity and height, the 100-year flood was chosen as the SDF. During the 100-year flood, the dam is overtopped by a maximum depth of 3.27 feet for a total duration of 8.67 hours. The spillway is therefore considered "Inadequate." It is recommended that the owner immediately develop recommendations for remedial measures to reduce the overtopping potential of the dam.

Several items of remedial work should be immediately initiated by the owner. Item 1 below should be completed under the guidance of a qualified professional engineer experienced in the design of hydraulic structures for dams. These include:

- 1) Develop remedial measures to ensure that the dam will not be overtopped by the 100-year flood.
- 2) Repair the timber cribbing on the right side of the dam.
- 3) Remove the debris and brush on the spillway.
- 4) Fill the rodent holes on the right side of the dam.

BEAVER POND DAM

- 5) Cut the brush on the dam and for 10 feet below the toe of the dam.
- 6) Provide means to draw down reservoir during an emergency.

In addition, the following operational measures are recommended to be undertaken by the owner:

- 1) Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system.
- 2) During periods of unusually heavy rain, provide around-the-clock surveillance of the dam.
- 3) When warning of a storm of major proportions is given by the National Weather Service, activate the emergency operation and warning system.

It is further recommended that formal inspection, maintenance, and operation procedures and records be developed and implemented. An emergency drawdown plan should be developed in case an emergency drawdown of the reservoir should become necessary. These should be included in a formal maintenance and operations manual for the dam.

Submitted by:

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

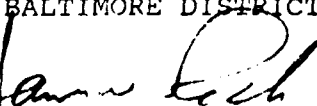


John A. Dziubek, P.E.
Engineering Manager-Geotechnical

Date: 24 April 1981

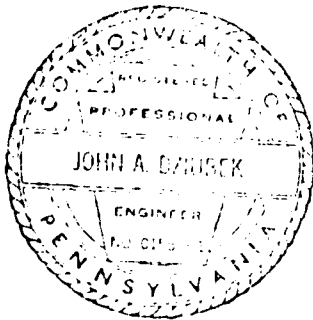
Approved by:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS



James W. Peck
Colonel, Corps of Engineers
District Engineer

Date: 11 May 81



BEAVER POND DAM



Overall View of Dam from Downstream Right Abutment

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM
BEAVER POND DAM
NDI No. PA 00133, PennDER No. 64-19

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority - The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.
- b. Purpose of Inspection - The purpose of the inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

- a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances - Beaver Pond Dam is a dry masonry dam with earthfill. It has a height of 15 feet and a crest length of 110 feet. The embankment has a crest width of approximately 5 feet and an upstream side slope of 5H:1V (Horizontal to Vertical). The downstream face of the embankment is "stepped" down in two relatively large steps. The top step drops down about 2.5 feet from the dam crest, followed by a fairly level area for 6 feet, then a step of about 5 feet drops down to the toe of the dam. The embankment consists of a large amount of rock rubble and slate with earthfill placed on the crest.

The spillway, located in the center section of the embankment, has a slate broad-crested weir. The spillway crest is 2.9 feet below the minimum crest of the dam and has drylaid stone training walls extending to the crest of the dam. The spillway has a length of 49.5 feet perpendicular to the direction of flow and a width of 10 feet. The discharge channel for the spillway steps down to the toe of the dam in three slate and rock rubble covered steps.

There are no outlet works in the dam.

- b. Location - Beaver Pond Dam is located on an unnamed tributary of the Shadigee Creek in Preston Township, Wayne County, Pennsylvania. It is approximately 3 miles east-southeast of Starrucca. The coordinates of the dam are N 41° 53.3' and W 75° 25.1'. The dam can be found on the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Starrucca, Pennsylvania.
- c. Size Classification - The height of the dam is 15 feet. Storage at the top of the dam at Elevation 1620.9 feet Mean Sea Level (ft. M.S.L.) is 274 acre-feet. The dam is therefore in the "Small" size category.
- d. Hazard Classification - If the dam should fail, economic damage is likely to result to two township road crossings located 4000 and 5000 feet downstream. A residential structure, which is approximately 5 to 10 feet above the streambed and is located 7000 feet downstream from the dam, may also suffer economic damage but loss of life is believed to be unlikely. Therefore, the dam is considered to be in the "Significant" hazard classification.
- e. Ownership - The dam is owned by Marguerite Card, Banta Road, P.O. Box 49, Corbettsville, NY 13749.
- f. Purpose of the Dam - The reservoir is used for recreational purposes.
- g. Design and Construction History - A 1917 report by the Water Supply Commission (one of PennDER's predecessors) reported that the dam was breached down to the original natural lake level by the owner 8 years earlier (1909). In 1930 a permit was granted to Leo L. Card to reconstruct the dam. Extensions of time were granted for reconstruction through 1935. No notice of completion was in the PennDER file; therefore, the date of completion is unknown. The dam was not reconstructed according to the sketches provided by Mr. Card to the Water and Power Resources Board (one of PennDER's predecessors).
- h. Normal Operational Procedures - The spillway is uncontrolled and the pool is normally at the spillway crest, Elevation 1618.0 ft. M.S.L.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a.	<u>Drainage Area (square miles) -</u>	5.4
b.	<u>Discharge at Dam Site (c.f.s.) -</u>	
	Maximum Flood -	Unknown
	Spillway Capacity at Maximum Pool (El. 1620.9 ft. M.S.L.) -	585
c.	<u>Elevation* (feet above Mean Sea Level [ft. M.S.L.]) -</u>	
	Design Top of Dam -	Unknown
	Minimum Top of Dam -	1620.9
	Maximum Design Pool -	Unknown
	Spillway Crest -	1618.0
	Streambed at Toe of Dam -	1605.8
	Maximum Tailwater of Record -	Unknown
d.	<u>Reservoir (feet) -</u>	
	Length of Maximum Pool (El. 1620.9 ft. M.S.L.) -	2900
	Length of Normal Pool (El. 1618.0 ft. M.S.L.) -	2700
e.	<u>Storage (acre-feet) -</u>	
	Top of Dam (El. 1620.9 ft. M.S.L.) -	274
	Normal Pool (El. 1618.0 ft. M.S.L.) -	176
f.	<u>Reservoir Surface (acres) -</u>	
	Top of Dam (El. 1620.9 ft. M.S.L.) -	38
	Normal Pool (El. 1618.0 ft. M.S.L.) -	28

*All elevations referenced to the spillway crest, Elevation 1618.0 ft. M.S.L., estimated from the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Starrucca, Pennsylvania.

- g. Dam -
- | | |
|--|----------|
| Type - Dry masonry dam with earthfill | |
| Total Length including spillway (feet) - | 110 |
| Maximum Height (feet) - Design - | Unknown |
| Field - | 15 |
| Top Width (feet) - | 5 |
| Side Slopes - Upstream - | 5H:1V |
| Downstream - | Stepped |
| | Vertical |
| | Face |
| Zoning - | None |
| Impervious Core - | None |
| Cutoff - | None |
| Drains - | None |
- h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel - None
- i. Spillway -
- | | |
|--|--------|
| Type - Slate broad-crested weir | |
| Location - Center of dam | |
| Width of Crest Parallel to Flow (feet) - | 10 |
| Length of Crest Perpendicular to | |
| Flow (feet) - | 49.5 |
| Crest Elevation (ft. M.S.L.) - | 1618.0 |
| Gates - | None |
| Downstream Channel - Moderately sloping, natural | |
| rock-lined streambed; an abandoned | |
| rock foundation is | |
| located 200 feet downstream | |
| on the right side of the | |
| channel. | |
- j. Outlet Works - None

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

Information reviewed for preparation of this report consisted of File No. 64-19 of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER). This included:

- 1) An information sheet on the dam, dated 1914.
- 2) An application to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Water and Power Resources Board, from Leo L. Card, owner of the dam, dated 10 February 1930, to repair the stone dam.
- 3) Various correspondence between Leo Card and the Water and Power Resources Board regarding clarifications and revisions to the original permit application.
- 4) The permit issued by the Water and Power Resources Board allowing the reconstruction of the dam (dated 9 June 1930).
- 5) The requests for an extension of the expiration date of the building permit and the granting of those extensions by the Water and Power Resources Board.
- 6) Inspection reports, photographs and correspondence by PennDER personnel, including the last recorded inspection on 8 November 1978.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

A 1917 report by the Water Supply Commission (one of PennDER's predecessors) reported that the dam was breached down to the original natural lake level by the owner 8 years earlier (1909). In 1930 a permit was granted to Leo L. Card to reconstruct the dam. Extensions of time were granted for reconstruction through 1935. No notice of completion was in the PennDER file; therefore, the date of completion is unknown. The dam was not reconstructed according to the sketches provided by Mr. Card to the Water and Power Resources Board (one of PennDER's predecessors).

2.3 OPERATION

No formal records are available for operation of the dam and reservoir. The spillway is uncontrolled and the owner reported that the reservoir does not fluctuate very much from the spillway crest level.

2.4 EVALUATION

- a. Availability - The information reviewed is readily available from PennDER's File No. 64-19.
- b. Adequacy - The information available combined with the visual inspection measurements and observations is adequate for a Phase I Inspection of this dam.
- c. Validity - There is no reason at the present time to doubt the validity of the available engineering data.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

- a. General - The dam was found to be in poor overall condition at the time of inspection on 28 October 1980. No unusual weather conditions were experienced during the visual inspection. Noteworthy deficiencies observed during the visual inspection of the dam are described briefly in the following paragraphs. The complete visual inspection check list, field sketch, top of dam profile, and typical cross-section are presented in Appendix A.
- b. Dam - The timber cribbing on the left half of the dam has rotted considerably. It is recommended that this cribbing be repaired. Rodent holes were observed on the right half of the dam where the dam is covered with a thin layer of soil. Thick brush is growing on the left side of the dam and below the downstream toe of both sides of the dam.
- c. Appurtenant Structures - The spillway consists of pieces of slate laid horizontally to form a cap. There was debris and brush partially blocking the right side of the spillway.
- d. Reservoir Area - The reservoir slopes are moderate to fairly steep with a good cover of vegetation. Some localized quarrying for slate is being conducted along the left hillside of the reservoir. There are 5 ponds upstream from Beaver Pond Dam on three tributary streams. The northern stream contains Island Lake (PennDER ID No. 64-NL 20), a natural lake, which empties into an unnamed pond 6700 feet to the north-northeast of Beaver Pond Dam. The eastern branch contains another unnamed pond 5600 feet due east of Beaver Pond Dam. This pond was dry at the time of inspection. These three ponds can be found on the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Starrucca, Pennsylvania. Two additional unnamed ponds are shown on the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Orson, Pennsylvania, approximately 8500 feet southeast of Beaver Pond Dam. The lower of these two could not be located in the field and the upper one is considered insignificant to Beaver Pond Dam.

- e. Downstream Channel - Two township road crossings are located 4000 and 5000 feet downstream. A residential structure is located 7000 feet downstream. These could suffer economic damage in the event of a dam failure.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

There are no formal written instructions for lowering the reservoir or evacuating the downstream area in case of an impending emergency. It is recommended that formal emergency procedures be adopted.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

There are no formal records of maintenance or formal procedures for evaluating the necessity of maintenance for the structure. It is recommended that formal inspection procedures be developed.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES

There are no operating facilities installed at the dam. An emergency drawdown plan should be developed.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF ANY WARNING SYSTEM

There is no warning system in the event of dam failure. It is recommended that an emergency warning system be developed.

4.5 EVALUATION OF OPERATIONAL ADEQUACY

The current operational features are adequate for the purpose they serve. However, it is recommended that a formal maintenance and operations manual be prepared for the dam.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES

- a. Design Data - No hydrologic or hydraulic design calculations are available for Beaver Pond Dam.
- b. Experience Data - No information concerning the effects of significant floods on the dam is available.
- c. Visual Observations - During the visual inspection, no problems were observed which would indicate that the dam and appurtenant facilities could not perform satisfactorily during a flood event.

There are five ponds upstream from Beaver Pond Dam on three tributary streams. The northern stream contains Island Lake (PennDER ID No. 64-NL 20), a natural lake with an outlet channel which is 5 feet wide and 3 feet deep. Island Lake empties into an unnamed pond 900 feet downstream. This pond is approximately 6700 feet to the north-northeast of Beaver Pond Dam. The pond is formed by an earth and rockfill dam 60 feet long and 4 feet high. The spillway for this dam consists of a small rock channel 4 feet wide and 0.5 foot deep.

The eastern branch contains another unnamed pond 5600 feet due east of Beaver Pond Dam. This pond was dry at the time of the inspection.

Two additional unnamed ponds are shown on the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Orson, PA. These are located approximately 8500 feet southeast of Beaver Pond Dam. The lower of these two could not be located in the field and the upper one is considered to be insignificant to Beaver Pond Dam.

- d. Overtopping Potential - Beaver Pond Dam is a "Small" size - "Significant" hazard dam requiring evaluation for a spillway design flood (SDF) in the range of the 100-year flood to the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF). Because the dam is on the low end of the "Small" size category in terms of storage capacity and height, the 100-year flood was chosen as the SDF.

The hydrologic characteristics of the watershed, specifically, the Snyder's unit hydrograph parameters, were obtained from a regionalized analysis conducted by the Baltimore District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The hydraulic capacity of the dam, reservoir, and spillway was assessed by utilizing the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Flood Hydrograph Package HEC-1 DB.

In the hydrologic and hydraulic analysis performed for this inspection report, the total drainage area tributary to Beaver Pond Dam was divided into two parts. The first part is the area north of Beaver Pond Dam which is controlled by the small dam located 6700 feet upstream from Beaver Pond Dam. The second part is the area which is directly tributary to Beaver Pond Dam. A runoff hydrograph was developed for the drainage area to the dam north of Beaver Pond Dam, routed through this dam, and down to Beaver Pond. This hydrograph was then combined with the runoff hydrograph developed for the area surrounding Beaver Pond and routed through Beaver Pond Dam.

Material from "The Hydrologic Study - Tropical Storm Agnes" prepared by the Corps of Engineers in New York City, was used to calculate the peak flows for the 100-year flood. A detailed description of how these flows were calculated is presented in Appendix D.

Analysis of Beaver Pond Dam shows that the dam will be overtopped during the 100-year flood by a maximum depth of 3.27 feet for a total duration of 8.67 hours.

- e. Spillway Adequacy - As outlined in the above analysis, the spillway will not pass the SDF without overtopping the dam; therefore, the spillway is considered "Inadequate."

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

- a. Visual Observations - There were no structural inadequacies noted during the visual inspection that cause concern for the structural stability of the dam.
- b. Design and Construction Data - No design or construction data were available for review. Generally, for this type of dam, if the ratio of the width of the stonewall portion of the dam is greater than 0.5 times the height of the dam (0.5 w/h), then stability of the dam due to overturning or sliding is not a problem. (Reference: "Evaluation and Repair of Stonewall-earth Dams," by Kent A. Healy, Proceedings of "Safety of Small Dams" conference, New England College, Henniker, New Hampshire, August 4-9, 1974, pp. 149-178). The w/h ratio for this dam is estimated at 0.75 and the downstream face is stepped. Because the w/h ratio is greater than 0.5 and because no signs of instability were observed during the visual inspection, further assessments of the structural stability are not considered necessary.
- c. Operating Records - No operating records are available. Nothing in the procedures described by the owner's representative indicates concern for the structural stability of the dam.
- d. Post-Construction Changes - No changes adversely affecting the structural stability of the dam have been performed.
- e. Seismic Stability - The dam is located in Seismic Zone 1 of the "Seismic Zone Map of the Contiguous United States," Figure 1, page D-30, "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams." This is a zone of minor seismic activity. Therefore, further consideration of the seismic stability is not warranted.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

- a. Safety - Beaver Pond Dam was found to be in poor overall condition at the time of inspection. Beaver Pond Dam is a "Significant" hazard - "Small" size dam requiring a spillway capacity in the range of the 100-year flood to the 1/2 PMF. Because the dam is on the low end of the "Small" size category in terms of height and storage, the 100-year flood was chosen as the SDF. As presented in Section 5, the spillway and reservoir are not capable of passing the 100-year flood without overtopping the dam. During the 100-year flood, the dam is overtopped by a maximum depth of 3.27 feet for a total duration of 8.67 hours. Therefore, the spillway is considered "Inadequate."
- b. Adequacy of Information - The information available and the observations made during the visual inspection are considered sufficient for a Phase I Inspection Report.
- c. Urgency - The owner should immediately initiate the further evaluation discussed in paragraph 7.1.d.
- d. Necessity for Additional Data/Evaluation - The hydraulic/hydrologic analysis performed in connection with this Phase I Inspection Report has indicated the need for additional spillway capacity. It is recommended that the owner, under the guidance of a professional engineer, develop remedial measures to ensure that the dam will not be overtopped by the 100-year flood.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

The inspection revealed certain items of remedial work which should be performed by the owner without delay. Item 1 below should be completed under the guidance of a qualified professional engineer experienced in the design of hydraulic structures for dams. These include:

- 1) Develop remedial measures to ensure that the dam will not be overtopped by the 100-year flood.

- 2) Repair the timber cribbing on the left side of the dam.
- 3) Remove the debris and brush on the spillway.
- 4) Fill the rodent holes on the right side of the dam.
- 5) Cut the brush on the dam and for 10 feet below the toe of the dam.
- 6) Provide means to draw down reservoir during an emergency.

In addition, the following operational measures are recommended to be undertaken by the owner:

- 1) Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system.
- 2) During periods of unusually heavy rain, provide around-the-clock surveillance of the dam.
- 3) When warning of a storm of major proportions is given by the National Weather Service, activate the emergency operation and warning system.

It is further recommended that formal inspection, maintenance, and operation procedures and records be developed and implemented. An emergency drawdown plan should be developed in case an emergency drawdown of the reservoir should become necessary. These should be included in a formal maintenance and operations manual for the dam.

APPENDIX A

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LIST, FIELD SKETCH,
TOP OF DAM PROFILE, AND TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION

Check List
Visual Inspection
Phase 1

Name of Dam Beaver Pond Dam County Wayne State PA Coordinates Lat. N 41°53.3'
NDI # PA 00133 Long. W 75°25.1'
Pennder # 64-19

Date of Inspection 28 October 1980 Weather Overcast Temperature 40° F.

Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 1618.24 ft. M.S.L.* Tailwater at Time of Inspection 1608.80 ft. M.S.L.

*All elevations referenced to spillway crest elevation 1618.0 ft. M.S.L. assumed from USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Starrucca, Pennsylvania.

Inspection Personnel:

Michael Baker, Jr., Inc.:

James G. Ulinski
Wayne D. Lasch
Jeffrey S. Maze

Owner's Representatives:

Marguerite Card

James G. Ulinski Recorder

MASONRY DAMS

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM

NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OFOBSERVATIONSREMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS**LEAKAGE**

Small amount of leakage is entering the rockfill in the openings between pieces of slate in the spillway and exiting at the toe of the dam. This is not considered to represent a serious problem for the dam.

**STRUCTURE TO
ABUTMENT/EMBANKMENT
JUNCTIONS**

Good condition

VEGETATION

There is brush growing on the dam and below the toe.

Cut the brush on the dam and for 10 ft. below the toe of the dam.

DRAINS

None observed

WATER PASSAGES

Not Applicable

FOUNDATION

No problems observed.

RODENT HOLES

Several rodent holes were observed on the right side of the dam.

Fill the rodent holes.

MASONRY DAMS

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM

NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS CONCRETE SURFACES	The timber cribbing for the left side of the dam is deteriorating.	Repair this portion of the dam.
STRUCTURAL CRACKING	Not Applicable	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT	Good condition	
MONOLITH JOINTS	Not Applicable	
CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	Not Applicable	

EMBANKMENT - Not Applicable

Name of Dam BEAVER POND DAM

NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

SURFACE CRACKS

UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR
CRACKING AT OR BEYOND
THE TOE

SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF
EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT
SLOPES

EMBANKMENT - Not Applicable

Name of Dam BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST

RIPRAP FAILURES

EMBANKMENT - Not Applicable

Name of Dam BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT
AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY
AND DAM

ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE

STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER

DRAINS

OUTLET WORKS - Not Applicable

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

CRACKING AND SPALLING OF
CONCRETE SURFACES IN
OUTLET CONDUIT

INTAKE STRUCTURE

OUTLET STRUCTURE

OUTLET CHANNEL

EMERGENCY GATE

UNGATED SPILLWAY

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM

NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	The spillway crest consists of horizontally laid pieces of slate approximately 1 to 2 in. thick and variable in size in plan view. No problem observed.	
APPROACH CHANNEL	Small amount of debris and brush is partially blocking the spillway.	Remove debris and brush.
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Good condition	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	None observed	

GATED SPILLWAY - Not Applicable

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM

NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

OBSERVATIONS

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

CONCRETE SILL

APPROACH CHANNEL

DISCHARGE CHANNEL

BRIDGE AND PIERS

GATES AND OPERATION
EQUIPMENT

INSTRUMENTATION

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION **OBSERVATIONS** **REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS**

MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS None

OBSERVATION WELLS None

WEIRS None

PIEZOMETERS None

OTHER None

RESERVOIR

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM

NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OFOBSERVATIONSREMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS**SLOPES**

Moderate (5°-15°) to fairly steep (15°-45°) slopes with good growth of ground cover and woods. Some localized quarrying for slate is occurring along the left hillside of the reservoir.

SEDIMENTATION

Small amount of sediment in upstream reservoir area.

UPSTREAM DAMS

A natural lake, Island Lake (PENNDER ID No. 64-NL 20) is located upstream (in series) of an unnamed reservoir. This unnamed reservoir is located 6700 ft. upstream of Beaver Pond Dam to the north and slightly east. Another unnamed pond is located 5600 ft. due east of Beaver Pond but was dry at the time of inspection. Two additional ponds (in series) are located south of Beaver Pond. The downstream pond appears on the quadrangle map but could not be located in the field. The upper pond was observed, but is not considered to have an effect on Beaver Pond Dam.

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

CONDITION
(OBSTRUCTIONS,
DEBRIS, ETC.)

Two small bridges over township roads
4000 and 5000 ft. downstream of dam.

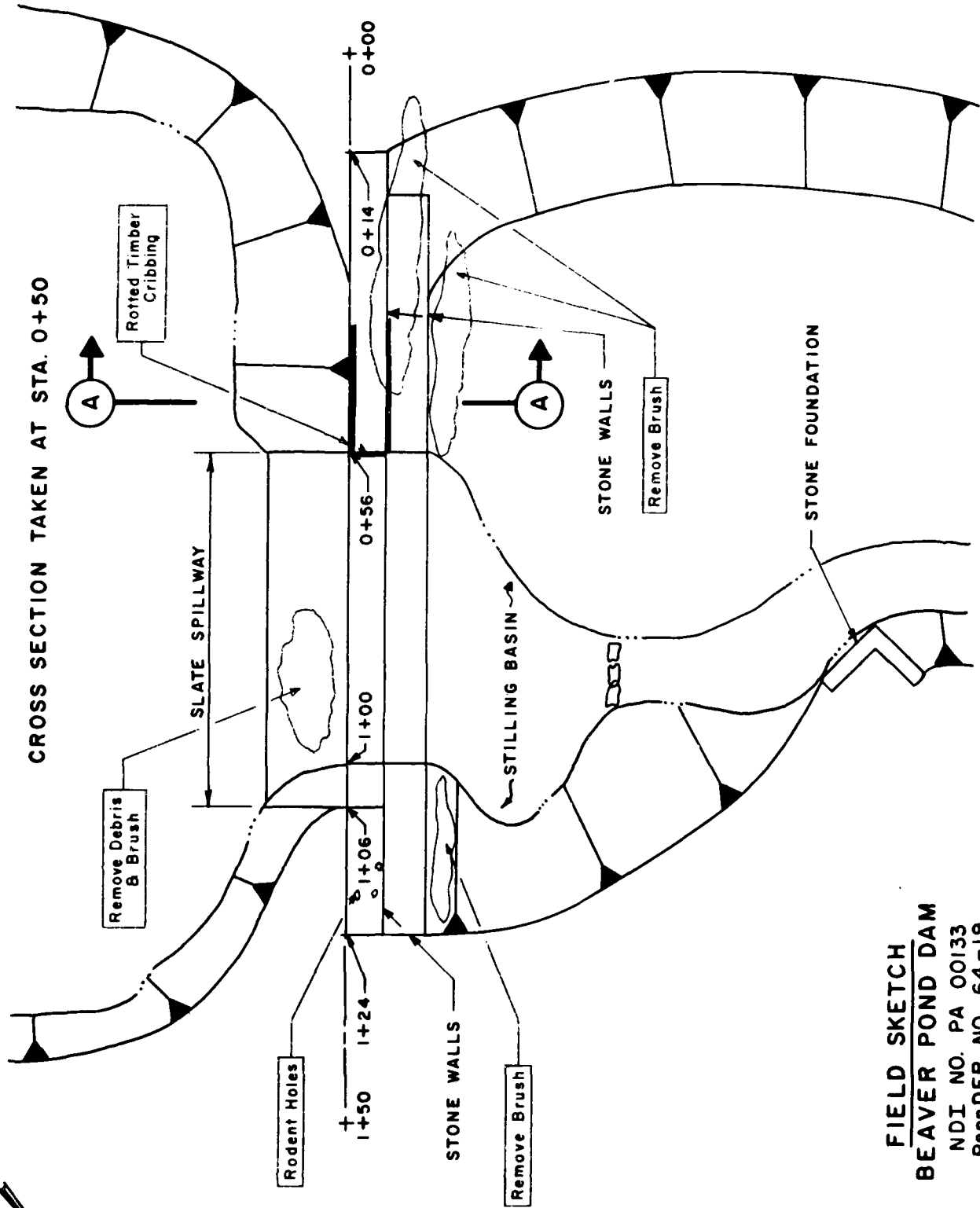
SLOPES

Mild to moderately sloping with good
growth of ground cover and woods.

APPROXIMATE NO.
OF HOMES AND
POPULATION

Two township road crossings are
located 4000 and 5000 ft. downstream.
A residential structure is located
7000 ft. downstream of the dam.

CROSS SECTION TAKEN AT STA. 0+50



FIELD SKETCH
BEAVER POND DAM
NDI NO. PA 00133
PENNER NO. 64-19
SCHEMATIC - NOT TO SCALE

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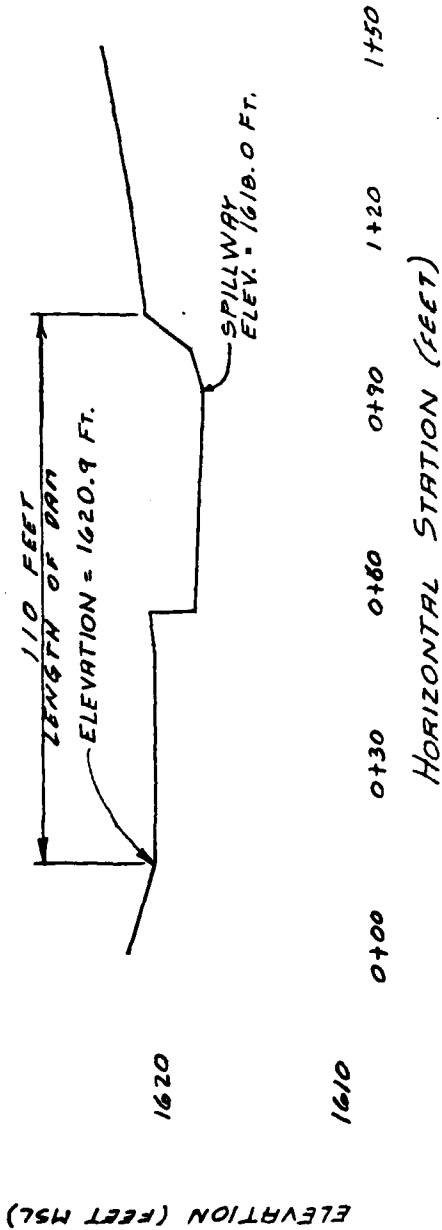
Box 280
Beaver, Pa. 15009

BEAVER POND DAM

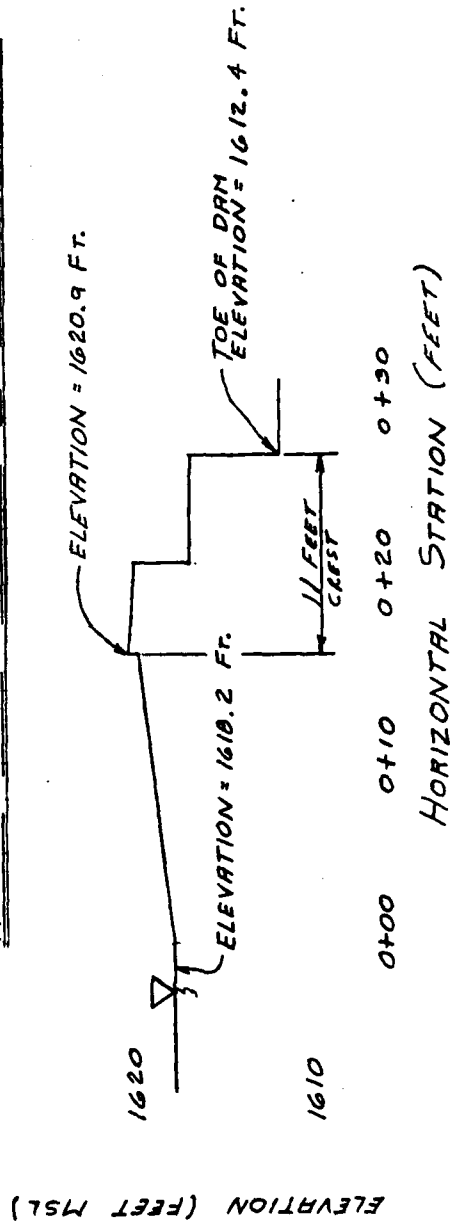
TOP OF DAM PROFILE
TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION

DATE OF INSPECTION: 28 October 1980

TOP OF DAM PROFILE (LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)
LENGTH OF DAM = 110 FEET



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT STATION 0+50



APPENDIX B

ENGINEERING DATA CHECK LIST

CHECK LIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

ITEM	REMARKS
PLAN OF DAM	No information available. See the Field Sketch included as Plate 3 of this report.
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	A USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle of Starrucca, Pennsylvania, was used to prepare the vicinity map which is enclosed in this report as the Location Plan (Plate 1).
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	A 1917 report by the Water Supply Commission (one of PennDER's predecessors) reported that the dam was breached down to the original natural lake level by the owner 8 years (1909) earlier. In 1930 a permit was granted to Leo L. Card to reconstruct the dam. Extensions of time were granted for reconstruction through 1935. No notice of completion was in the PennDER file, therefore, the date of completion is unknown. The dam was not reconstructed according to the sketches provided by Mr. Card to the Water and Power Resources Board (one of PennDER's predecessors).
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	No information available. See typical cross section of the dam from the field inspection given as Plate 4 of this report.
HYDROLOGIC/ HYDRAULIC DATA	No information available.
OUTLETS - PLAN	There are no outlets in the dam.
- DETAILS	
- CONSTRAINTS	
- DISCHARGE RATINGS	
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	No records are kept.

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM

B-2

NDI # PA 00133

ITEM

REMARKS

DESIGN REPORTS

None available

GEOLOGY REPORTS

No geology reports are available. See Appendix F for the Regional Geology.

DESIGN COMPUTATIONS

Not performed

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS

DAM STABILITY

SEEPAGE STUDIES

MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS

Not performed

BORING RECORDS

LABORATORY

FIELD

POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM

Not performed

BORROW SOURCES

No information available.

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

B-3

ITEM	REMARKS
------	---------

MONITORING SYSTEMS

None observed

MODIFICATIONS

Plans were submitted and a permit was granted for Leo L. Card to reconstruct and make alterations to the dam in 1930. However, these plans were never fully implemented.

HIGH POOL RECORDS

No information available.

**POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING
STUDIES AND REPORTS**

Inspections were performed by PennDER personnel and its predecessors on 8 November 1978, 20 April 1965, 15 May 1917 and in 1914. These reports are available in the PennDER file.

**PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM
DESCRIPTION
REPORTS**

None reported in the information available.

**MAINTENANCE
OPERATION
RECORDS**

No formal records of maintenance are kept.

Name of Dam: BEAVER POND DAM
NDI # PA 00133

ITEM **REMARKS**

SPILLWAY PLAN, No information available.

**SECTIONS,
and
DETAILS**

**OPERATING EQUIPMENT
PLANS & DETAILS** None

CHECK LIST
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC DATA
ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS: 5.4 sq. mi., moderate to steep
slopes, mostly wooded

ELEVATION TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1618.0 ft. M.S.L.
(176.0 ac.-ft.)

ELEVATION TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1620.9 ft. M.S.L.
(274 ac.-ft.)

ELEVATION MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: Unknown

ELEVATION TOP DAM: 1620.9 ft. M.S.L. (minimum top of dam elevation)

SPILLWAY: Rectangular channel with slate cap

a. Crest Elevation 1618.0 ft. M.S.L.

b. Type Slate broad crested weir

c. Width of Crest Parallel to Flow 10 ft.

d. Length of Crest Perpendicular to Flow 49.5 ft.

e. Location Spillover Center of dam

f. Number and Type of Gates None

OUTLET WORKS: None

a. Type _____

b. Location _____

c. Entrance Inverts _____

d. Exit Inverts _____

e. Emergency Drawdown Facilities _____

HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES: None

a. Type _____

b. Location _____

c. Records _____

MAXIMUM NON-DAMAGING DISCHARGE Unknown

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPH LOCATION PLAN AND PHOTOGRAPHS

C

DETAILED PHOTOGRAPH DESCRIPTIONS

Overall View of Dam - Overall View of Dam from Downstream
Right Abutment

Photograph Location Plan

Photo 1 - View of Dam from Upstream Shoreline

Photo 2 - View of Dam from Downstream Channel

Photo 3 - View Across Dam Towards Right Abutment

Photo 4 - View Across Dam Towards Left Abutment

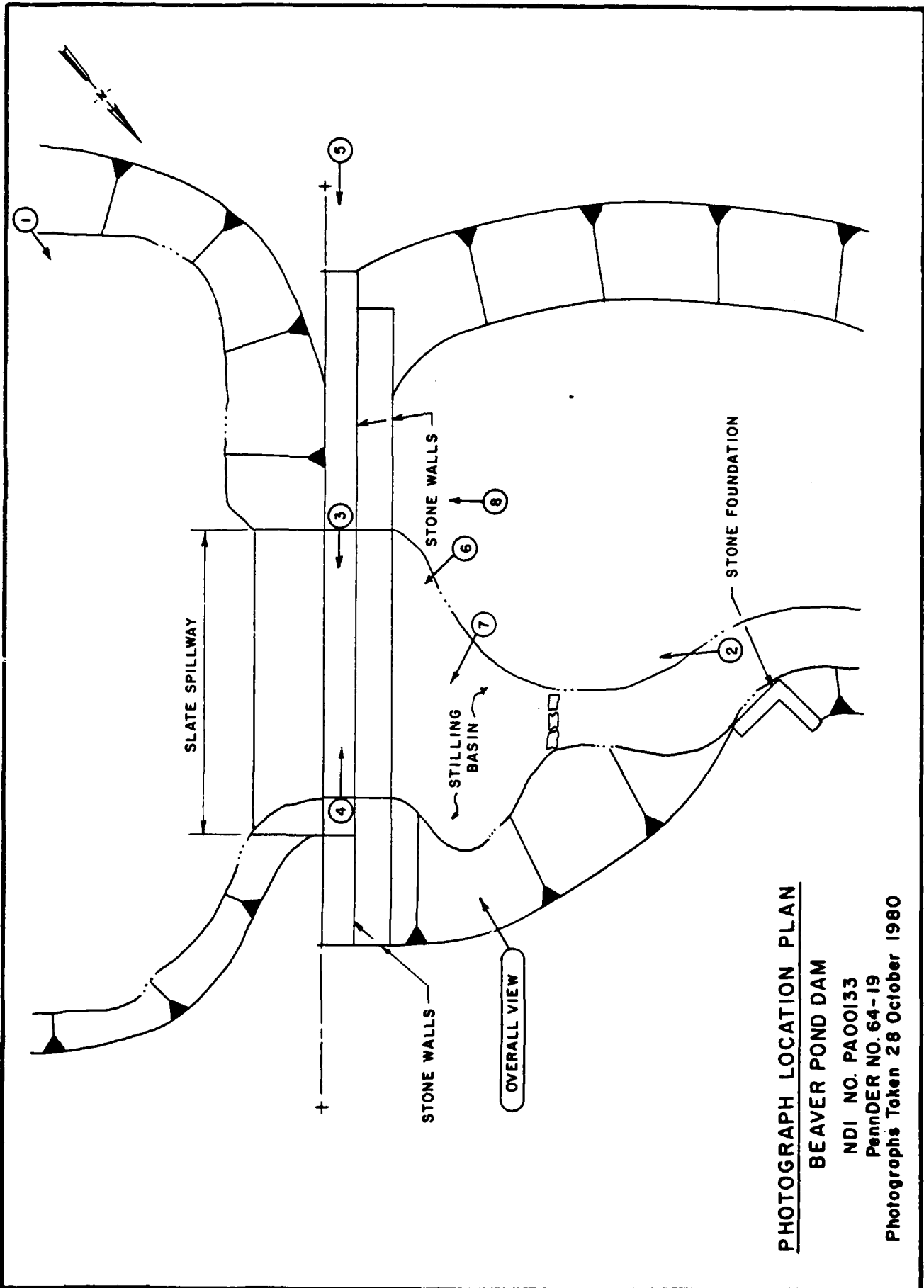
Photo 5 - View of Crest of Dam from Left Abutment

Photo 6 - Downstream View of Spillway

Photo 7 - Downstream View of Right Half of Dam

Photo 8 - Downstream View of Left Half of Dam

Note: Photographs were taken on 28 October 1980.



PHOTOGRAPH LOCATION PLAN
 BEAVER POND DAM
 NDI NO. PA00133
 PENN DER NO. 64-19
 Photographs Taken 28 October 1980

BEAVER POND DAM



PHOTO 1. View of Dam from Upstream Shoreline



PHOTO 2. View of Dam from Downstream Channel

BEAVER POND DAM

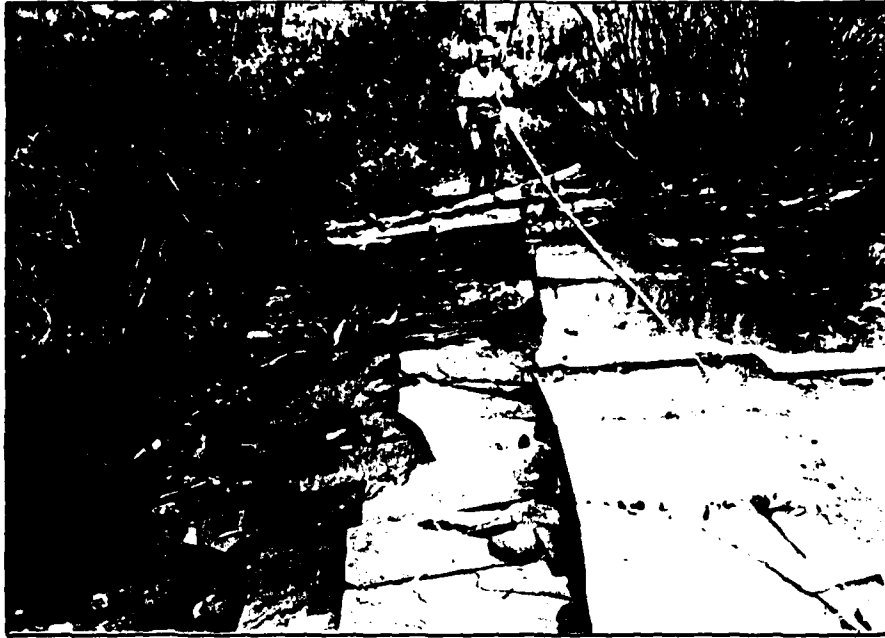


PHOTO 3. View Across Dam Towards Right Abutment



PHOTO 4. View Across Dam Towards Left Abutment

BEAVER POND DAM



PHOTO 5. View of Crest of Dam from Left Abutment



PHOTO 6. Downstream View of Spillway

C

BEAVER POND DAM



PHOTO 7. Downstream View of Right Half of Dam



PHOTO 8. Downstream View of Left Half of Dam

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

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THE BAKER ENGINEERS

Box 280
Beaver, Pa. 15009

Subject BEAVER POND DAM S.O. No. _____
APPENDIX D - HYDROLOGIC AND Sheet No. _____ of _____
HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS Drawing No. _____
Computed by _____ Checked by _____ Date _____

<u>SUBJECT</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
PREFACE	i
HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA BASE	1
HYDRAULIC DATA	2
DRAINAGE AREA AND CENTROID MAP	3
TOP OF DAM PROFILE AND CROSS SECTION	4
SPILLWAY DISCHARGE RATING	5
100-YEAR STORM DISTRIBUTION	6
100-YEAR DISCHARGE CALCULATIONS	7
HEC-1 CAPACITY ANALYSIS	10

PREFACE

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

The hydrologic determinations presented in this Phase I Inspection Report are based on the use of a Snyder's unit hydrograph developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Due to the limited number of gaging stations available in this hydrologic region and the wide variations of watershed slopes, the Snyder's coefficients may yield results of limited accuracy for this watershed. As directed, however, a further refinement of these coefficients is beyond the scope of this Phase I Investigation.

In addition, the conclusions presented pertain to present conditions, and the effect of future development on the hydrology has not been considered.

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS
DATA BASE

NAME OF DAM: BEAVER POND DAM

100-YEAR STORM = 6.4 INCHES/24 HOURS⁽¹⁾

STATION	1	2	3	4	5
Station Description	UNNAMED DAM LOCATED 900 ft. DOWNSTREAM FROM ISLAND LAKE		BEAVER POND DAM		
Drainage Area (square miles)	1.64	3.75			
Cumulative Drainage Area (square miles)	1.64	5.39			
Adjustment of PMF for Drainage Area (%) ⁽¹⁾	100-YEAR STORM DISTRIBUTION ON SHEET 6	100-YEAR STORM DISTRIBUTION ON SHEET 6			
6 Hours					
12 Hours					
24 Hours					
48 Hours					
72 Hours					
Snyder Hydrograph Parameters					
Zone (2)	11 A	11 A			
C_p/C_t (3)	0.62/1.50	0.62/1.50			
L (miles) (4)	1.00	3.37			
L_{ca} (miles) (4)	.62	1.17			
$t_p = C_t (L \cdot L_{ca})^{0.3}$ (hours)	1.30	2.26			
Spillway Data					
Crest Length (ft)	56	42			
Freeboard (ft)	0	3.1			
Discharge Coefficient	3.08	SPILLWAY DISCHARGE RATING DEVELOPED ON SHEET 5			
Exponent	1.5				

(1) Technical Paper No. 40, Cooperative Studies Section, U.S. Weather Bureau, Washington, D.C., 1961.

(2) Hydrological zone defined by Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, for determining Snyder's Coefficients (C_p and C_t).

(3) Snyder's Coefficients.

(4) L = Length of longest water course from outlet to basin divide.

L_{ca} = Length of water course from outlet to point opposite the centroid of drainage area.

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Subject BEAVER POND DAM

HYDRAULIC DATA

S.O. No. _____

Sheet No. 2 of 18

Drawing No. _____

Computed by GWT Checked by WDL

Date 12-2-80

STORAGE CALCULATIONS

AREA VS. ELEVATION DATA (MEASURED FROM QUAD.)

<u>ELEVATION (FT.)</u>	<u>SURFACE AREA (ACRES)</u>
1618.2	28.47
1620	36.73
1640	58.77

NORMAL POOL STORAGE

$$\text{STORAGE VOLUME} = V_{NP} = \frac{h}{3} (A_1 + A_2 + \sqrt{A_1 A_2})$$

h = ESTIMATED AVERAGE DEPTH 6.8 FT.

A_1 = SURFACE AREA OF NORMAL POOL = 28.47 AC.

A_2 = SURFACE AREA OF RESERVOIR BOTTOM = 23.62 AC.

(ESTIMATED FROM AVERAGE DEPTH
AND RESERVOIR SIDE SLOPES)

$$\text{NORMAL POOL STORAGE} = V_{NP} = \frac{6.8}{3} (28.47 + 23.62 + \sqrt{(28.47)(23.62)})$$
$$V_{NP} = 176.85 \text{ AC.-FT.}$$

TOP OF DAM STORAGE

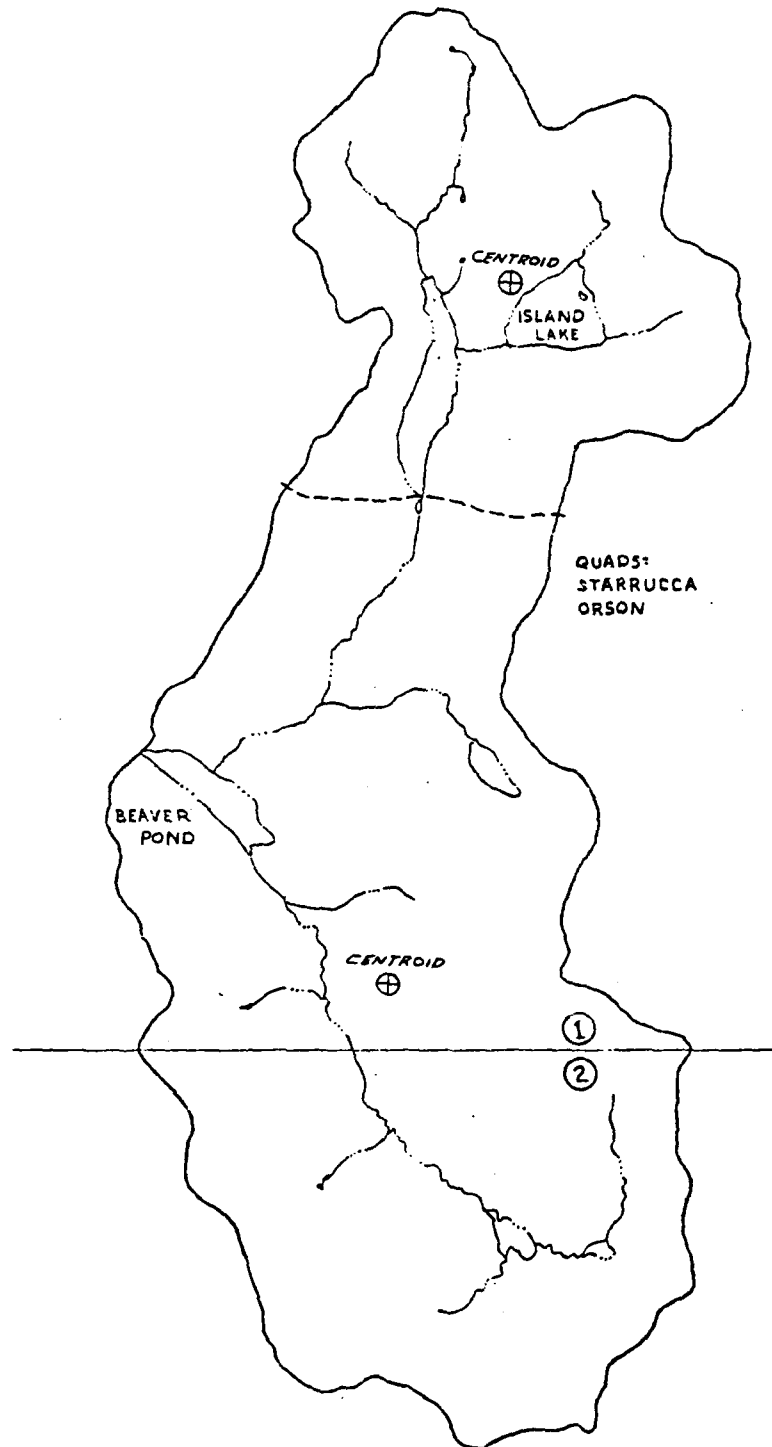
274 AC.-FT. (FROM HEC-1 ANALYSIS)

DRAINAGE AREA

UPSTREAM DAM 1.64 SQ. MI.

BEAVER POND 3.75 SQ. MI.

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA 5.39 SQ. MI.



BEAVER POND:
DRAINAGE AREA AND
CENTROID MAP



SCALE: 1" APP 3000'



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Subject BEAVER POND DAM

S.O. No. 12837-00-PA-17

TOP OF DAM PROFILE

Sheet No. 4 of 18

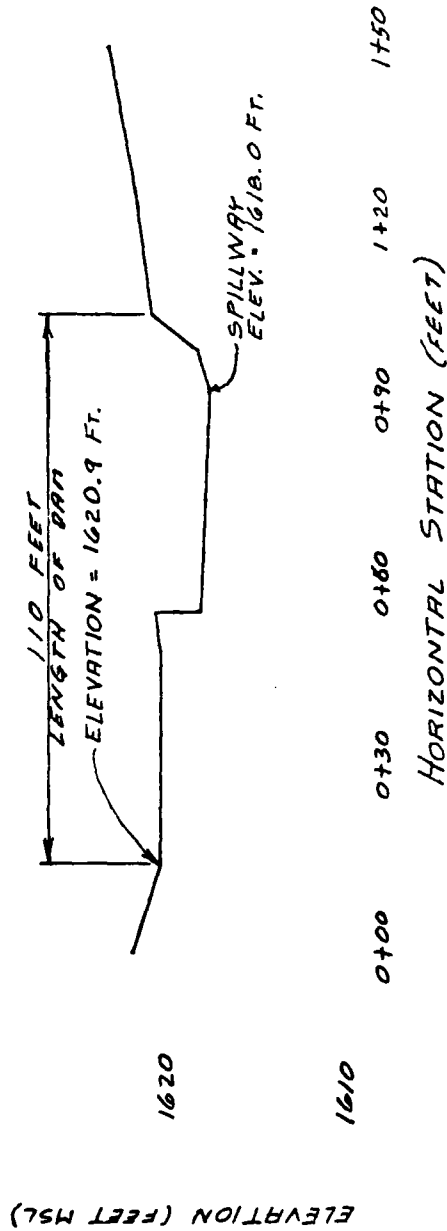
TYPICAL CROSS SECTION

Drawing No. _____

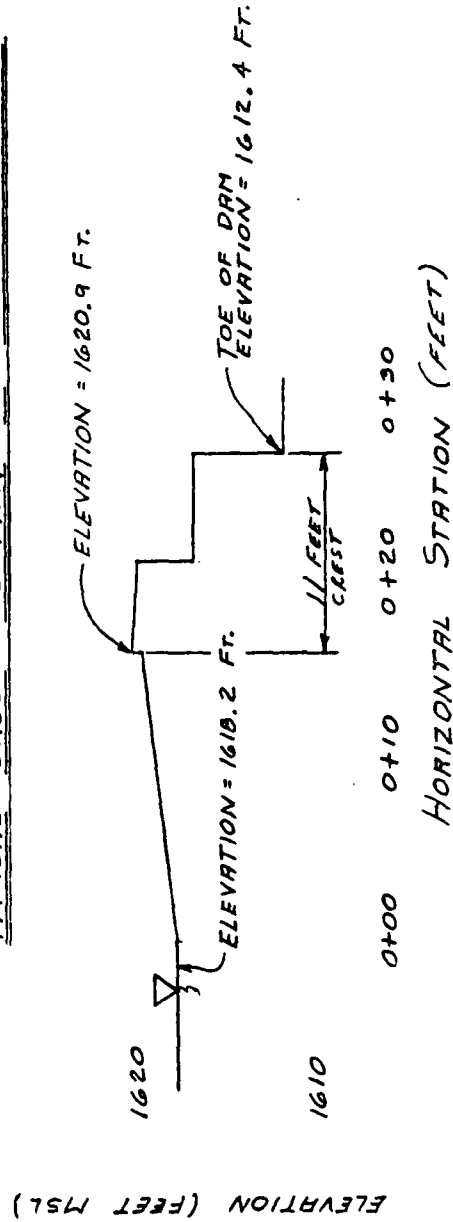
Computed by GWT Checked by _____

Date 11-18-80

TOP OF DAM PROFILE (LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)
LENGTH OF DAM = 110 FEET



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT STATION 0+50

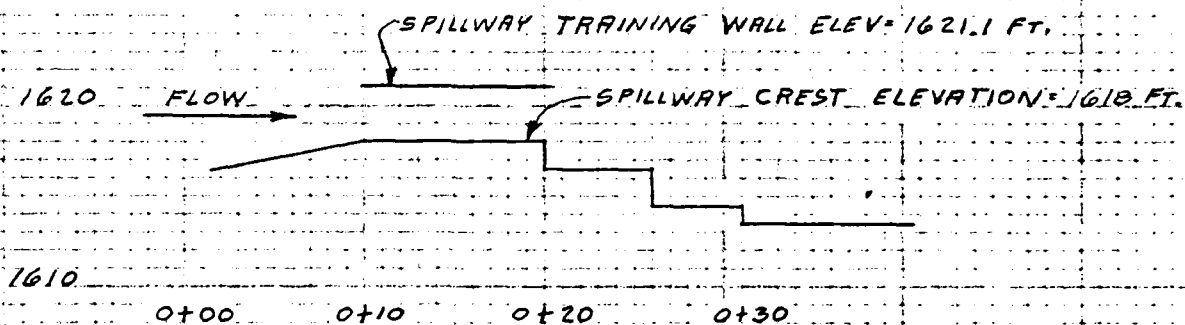


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Subject BEAVER POND DAM S.O. No. 13837-00-119-17
SPILLWAY DISCHARGE RATING Sheet No. 5 of 18
Drawing No. _____
Computed by GUT Checked by WDC Date 11-21-80

SPILLWAY PROFILE



DEVELOP RATING CURVE BASED UPON CRITICAL FLOW OVER SPILLWAY:

$$V = \sqrt{gD} \quad (\text{CHOW, OPEN CHANNEL HYDRAULICS, P. 43})$$

$$D = \text{MEAN HYDRAULIC DEPTH} = \frac{\text{FLOW AREA}}{\text{FREE SURFACE TOP WIDTH}} = \frac{A}{T}$$

$$g = 32.2 \text{ FT/SEC}^2$$

$$V = \text{MEAN FLOW VELOCITY}$$

$$Q = VA$$

SPILLWAY ELEV. FT.	FLOW DEPTH, FT.	AREA FT. ²	TOP WIDTH, FT.	A/T	V, FT/SEC	Q, CFS	V ² /2g	RESERVOIR SURFACE, FT.
1618.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1618.0
1618.5	0.5	10.5	42.0	0.25	2.84	29.79	0.13	1618.63
1618.8	0.8	23.7	44.0	0.54	4.17	98.83	0.27	1619.07
1619.0	1.0	32.6	44.5	0.73	4.85	158.05	0.37	1619.37
1619.5	1.5	55.85	46.5	1.20	6.22	347.17	0.60	1620.10
1620.0	2.0	79.35	47.0	1.69	7.38	585.35	0.85	1620.85
1620.5	2.5	103.35	48.0	2.15	8.32	859.92	1.07	1621.57
1621.0	3.0	128.10	49.5	2.59	9.13	1,169.84	1.29	1622.29
1621.1	3.1	132.05	49.5	2.69	9.31	1,238.28	1.35	1622.45
1621.5	3.5	157.80	49.5	3.19	10.13	1,599.30	1.59	1623.09
1622.0	4.0	182.55	49.5	3.69	10.90	1,989.86	1.84	1623.84
1622.5	4.5	207.30	49.5	4.19	11.62	2,407.88	2.10	1624.60
1623.0	5.0	232.05	49.5	4.69	12.29	2,851.65	2.35	1625.35

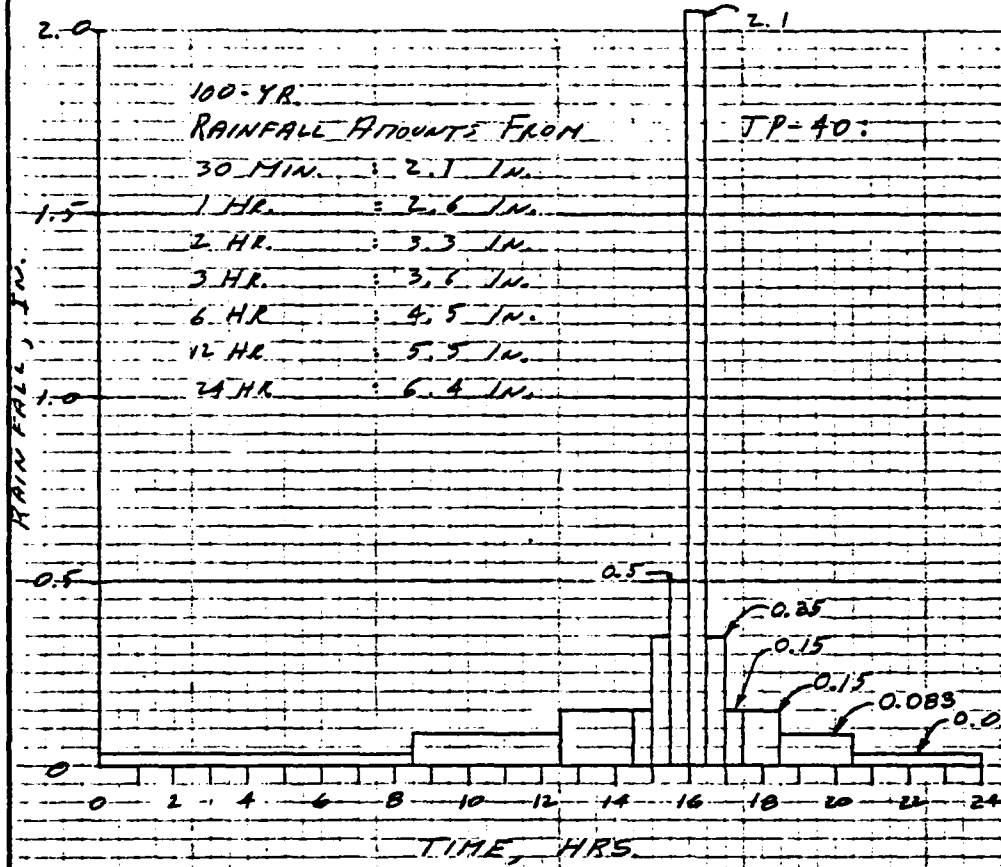
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Subject BEAVER POND DAM
100-YEAR STORM DISTRIBUTION

S.O. No. _____
Sheet No. 6 of 13
Drawing No. _____
Date 11-25-80

Computed by GWT Checked by WDL



RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION:
(30 MINUTE INTERVALS)

<u>INTERVAL NUMBERS</u>	<u>% TOTAL RF OCCURRING IN EACH INTERVAL</u>
1-17	0.6
18-25	1.3
26-29	2.3
30	2.3
31	5.4
32	7.8
33	32.0
34	5.4
35	2.3
36-37	2.4
38-41	1.3
42-48	0.6

TOTAL = 100%

THE INFLOW TO THE IMPOUNDMENT FOR THE 100-YEAR FLOOD WAS CALCULATED USING MATERIAL FROM "THE HYDROLOGIC STUDY - TROPICAL STORM AGNES" PREPARED BY THE SPECIAL STUDIES BRANCH, PLANNING DIVISION, NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, IN NEW YORK CITY.

DRAINAGE AREA - 3.75 SQ. MI.

- ① COMPUTE THE MEAN LOGARITHM.

$$\text{LOG}(Q_m) = C_m + 0.75 \text{ LOG } A$$

LOG(Q_m) = MEAN LOGARITHM OF ANNUAL FLOOD PEAKS

A = DRAINAGE AREA, SQ. MI. = 3.75 SQ. MI.

C_m = MAP COEFFICIENT FOR MEAN LOG OF ANNUAL PEAKS FROM FIG. 21 = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(Q_m) &= 2.18 + 0.75 (\text{LOG } 3.75) \\ &= 2.6105 \end{aligned}$$

- ② COMPUTE STANDARD DEVIATION

$$S = C_s - 0.05 (\text{LOG } A)$$

S = STANDARD DEVIATION OF THE LOGARITHMS OF THE ANNUAL PEAKS.

C_s = MAP COEFFICIENT FOR STANDARD DEVIATION FROM FIG. 22 = 0.347

A = DRAINAGE AREA, SQ. MI. = 3.75 SQ. MI.

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 0.347 - 0.05 (\text{LOG } 3.75) \\ &= 0.3183 \end{aligned}$$

- ③ SELECT SKEW COEFFICIENT FROM FIG. 23 = 0.20

④ $\text{LOG}(Q_{100}) = \text{LOG}(Q_m) + K(P, g) S$

K(P, g) = STANDARD DEVIATE FOR A GIVEN EXCEEDENCE FREQUENCY PERCENTAGE (P) AND SKEW COEFFICIENT (g) FROM EXHIBIT 39 OF BEARD'S "STATISTICAL METHODS IN HYDROLOGY"

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(Q_{100}) &= 2.6105 + 2.480(0.3183) \\ Q_{100} &= 2,511 \text{ CFS} \end{aligned}$$

USING ZERO LOSS RATES, A PEAK FLOW OF 2717 CFS WAS OBTAINED IN THE HEC-1 ANALYSIS IF THE SNYDER'S UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS ORIGINALLY DERIVED FOR THIS BASIN WERE USED. THIS VALUE IS WITHIN 8 PERCENT OF THE PREVIOUSLY COMPUTED VALUE OF 2511 CFS. AND IS WITHIN THE 10 PERCENT LIMIT SUGGESTED BY CORPS GUIDELINES.

THE INFLOW TO THE IMPOUNDMENT FOR THE 100-YEAR FLOOD WAS CALCULATED USING MATERIAL FROM "THE HYDROLOGIC STUDY - TROPICAL STORM AGNES" PREPARED BY THE SPECIAL STUDIES BRANCH, PLANNING DIVISION, NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, IN NEW YORK CITY.

DRAINAGE AREA - 1.64 SQ. MI.

- ① COMPUTE THE MEAN LOGARITHM.

$$\text{LOG}(Q_m) = C_m + 0.75 \text{ LOG } A$$

$\text{LOG}(Q_m)$ = MEAN LOGARITHM OF ANNUAL FLOOD PEAKS

A = DRAINAGE AREA, SQ. MI. = 1.64 SQ. MI.

C_m = MAP COEFFICIENT FOR MEAN LOG OF ANNUAL PEAKS FROM FIG. 21 = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(Q_m) &= 2.18 + 0.75 (\text{LOG } 1.64) \\ &= 2.3411 \end{aligned}$$

- ② COMPUTE STANDARD DEVIATION

$$S = C_s - 0.05 (\text{LOG } A)$$

S = STANDARD DEVIATION OF THE LOGARITHMS OF THE ANNUAL PEAKS

C_s = MAP COEFFICIENT FOR STANDARD DEVIATION FROM FIG. 22 = 0.347

A = DRAINAGE AREA, SQ. MI. = 1.64 SQ. MI.

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 0.347 - 0.05 (\text{LOG } 1.64) \\ &= 0.3363 \end{aligned}$$

- ③ SELECT SKEW COEFFICIENT FROM FIG. 23 = 0.20

- ④ $\text{LOG}(Q_{100}) = \text{LOG}(Q_m) + K(P, g) S$

$K(P, g)$ = STANDARD DEVIATE FOR A GIVEN EXCEEDENCE FREQUENCY PERCENTAGE (P) AND SKEW COEFFICIENT (g) FROM EXHIBIT 39 OF BEARD'S "STATISTICAL METHODS IN HYDROLOGY"

$$\text{LOG}(Q_{100}) = 2.3411 + 2.48 (0.3363)$$

$$Q_{100} = 1500 \text{ CFS.}$$

USING AN INITIAL LOSS OF 1.0 INCH AND A CONSTANT LOSS RATE OF 0.05 INCH/HR., A PEAK FLOW OF 1605 CFS. WAS OBTAINED IN THE HEC-1 ANALYSIS IF THE SNYDER'S UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS ORIGINALLY DERIVED FOR THIS BASIN WERE USED. THIS VALUE IS WITHIN 7 PERCENT OF THE PREVIOUSLY COMPUTED VALUE OF 1500 CFS. AND IS WITHIN THE 10 PERCENT LIMIT SUGGESTED BY CORPS GUIDELINES.

THE INFLOW TO THE IMPOUNDMENT FOR THE 100-YEAR FLOOD WAS CALCULATED USING MATERIAL FROM "THE HYDROLOGIC STUDY - TROPICAL STORM AGNES" PREPARED BY THE SPECIAL STUDIES BRANCH, PLANNING DIVISION, NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, IN NEW YORK CITY.

DRAINAGE AREA - 5.39 SQ. MI.

- ① COMPUTE THE MEAN LOGARITHM

$$\text{LOG}(Q_m) = C_m + 0.75 \text{ LOG } A$$

$\text{LOG}(Q_m)$ = MEAN LOGARITHM OF ANNUAL FLOOD PEAKS

A = DRAINAGE AREA, SQ. MI.

C_m = MAP COEFFICIENTS FOR MEAN LOG OF ANNUAL PEAKS FROM FIG. 21

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(Q_m) &= 2.18 + 0.75 (\text{LOG } 5.39) \\ &= 2.7287 \end{aligned}$$

- ② COMPUTE STANDARD DEVIATION

$$S = C_s - 0.05 (\text{LOG } A)$$

S = STANDARD DEVIATION OF THE LOGARITHMS OF THE ANNUAL PEAKS.

C_s = MAP COEFFICIENT FOR STANDARD DEVIATION FROM FIG. 22 = 0.347

A = DRAINAGE AREA, SQ. MI., = 5.39

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 0.347 - 0.05 (\text{LOG } 5.39) \\ &= 0.3104 \end{aligned}$$

- ③ SELECT SKEW COEFFICIENT FROM FIG. 23 = 0.20

- ④ $\text{LOG}(Q_{100}) = \text{LOG}(Q_m) + K(P, g) S$

$K(P, g)$ = STANDARD DEViate FOR A GIVEN EXCEEDENCE FREQUENCY PERCENTAGE (P) AND SKEW COEFFICIENT (g) FROM EXHIBIT 39 OF BEARD'S "STATISTICAL METHODS IN HYDROLOGY"

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(Q_{100}) &= 2.7287 + 2.48 (.3104) \\ Q_{100} &= 3150 \text{ CFS} \end{aligned}$$

A PEAK INFLOW TO BEAVER POND DAM OF 3699 CFS WAS OBTAINED IN THE HEC-1 DB ANALYSIS. THIS IS WITHIN 15% OF THE CALCULATED 100-YEAR FLOW OF 3150 CFS. THIS LEVEL OF ACCURACY HAS BEEN JUDGED TO BE ACCEPTABLE BY THE BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FOR THIS PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT ANALYSIS.

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (FHEC-11)
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1976
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79
 MRJ UPDATE 04 JJJ 79

100-YEAR Flood Routing

STATION	CROSS SECTION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50				

K 1 ROILING FOR BEAVER POND DAM					
6	7	8	9	10	11
K1	1618	1618.6	1619.1	1619.4	1620.1
V1	1	1	1	1	1
V4	1618	1618.6	1619.1	1619.4	1620.1
V41623.8	1624.6	1625.4	1625.4	1625.4	1625.4
V5	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.8
V51939.7	2407.9	2851.6	2851.6	2851.6	2851.6
34	23.62	28.47	36.73	36.73	36.73
60	3E1611.2	1618.2	1620	1640	
61	88	1613	1613	1613	1613
62	801620.7	3.38	1.5	110	
63	81	60	54	73	83
64	3V1627.9	1621	1621.5	1622	1622.5
65	K	97			

12	129	129	129	129	129	129
13	124	124	124	124	124	124
14	129	129	129	129	129	129
15	129	129	129	129	129	129
16	129	129	129	129	129	129
17	129	129	129	129	129	129
18	129	129	129	129	129	129
19	129	129	129	129	129	129
20	129	129	129	129	129	129
21	129	129	129	129	129	129
22	129	129	129	129	129	129
23	129	129	129	129	129	129
24	129	129	129	129	129	129
25	129	129	129	129	129	129
26	129	129	129	129	129	129
27	129	129	129	129	129	129
28	129	129	129	129	129	129
29	129	129	129	129	129	129
30	129	129	129	129	129	129
31	129	129	129	129	129	129
32	129	129	129	129	129	129
33	129	129	129	129	129	129
34	129	129	129	129	129	129
35	129	129	129	129	129	129
36	129	129	129	129	129	129
37	129	129	129	129	129	129
38	129	129	129	129	129	129
39	129	129	129	129	129	129
40	129	129	129	129	129	129
41	129	129	129	129	129	129
42	129	129	129	129	129	129
43	129	129	129	129	129	129
44	129	129	129	129	129	129
45	129	129	129	129	129	129
46	129	129	129	129	129	129
47	129	129	129	129	129	129
48	129	129	129	129	129	129
49	129	129	129	129	129	129
50	129	129	129	129	129	129
51	129	129	129	129	129	129
52	129	129	129	129	129	129
53	129	129	129	129	129	129
54	129	129	129	129	129	129
55	129	129	129	129	129	129

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (JEC-1)
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79
 49J UPDATE 04 JUN 79

RUN DATE 04/17/81
 TIME 09.59

NATIONAL PROGRAM FOR INSPECTION OF NON-FEDERAL DAMS
 HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS OF BEAVER POND DAM
 JNIT HYDROGRAPH BY SNYDERS METHOD

JOB SPECIFICATION

NQ	VHR	NMIN	IDAY	IHR	IWIN	MEIRC	IPLT	IPRI	NSTAN
300	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0

JOPER	NWT	LROPT	TRACE
5	0	0	0

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED

NPLAN= 1 NRTID= 1 LRTO= 1

RIEJS= 1.00

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH TO DAM

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPR1	INAVE	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

IHYDC	IJHG	TAREA	SNAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNOW	ISAME	LOCAL
0	1	1.64	0.0	1.64	0.0	0.0	0	0	0

LOSS DATA

LROPT	STRCS	DLEKR	RIEOL	FRAIN	STRKS	RIEUK	SIRTL	CNSIL	ALSHX	RTIMP
0	0.0	0.0	1.00	0.0	1.00	1.00	0.05	0.0	0.0	0.0

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

IP= 1.30 CP=0.62 NIA= 0

RECESSION DATA

SIRTO= -1.50 QRCSN= -0.05 RTIUR= 2.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 21	END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES	LAG=	1.29	OURS	CP=	0.62	VAL=	1.00
57.	205.	380.	494.	387.	291.	218.	164.	123.
92.	63.	52.	39.	29.	22.	17.	9.	7.
5.								

0
 40.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q 40.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q

SUM 6.40 4.95 1.45 16644.

ROUTING FOR UPSTREAM DAM
HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUID
2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ROUTING DATA								
LOSS	CLOSS	AVG	IRCS	ISAME	IPMT	IPMP	LSTR	
0.0	0.0	0.0	1	1	0	0	0	
STPS	MSIDL	LAG	AMSCK	X	ISK	STORA	ISPRAT	
1	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1795	0	

SURFACE AREA= 35. 42. 70. 101.
CAPACITY= 0. 154. 486. 2187.
ELEVATION= 1790. 1794. 1800. 1820.

CREL	SPHED	COOM	EXPH	ELEV	CO2L	CAREA	EXPL
1794.0	4.0	2.7	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

DAW DATA
IDPEL COOD EXPD DAMHID
1794.5 3.1 1.5 56.

CREST LENGTH 0. 56.
AT OR BELOW ELEVATION 1794.5 1794.6 1795.0
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1015. AT TIME 13.33 HOURS

ROUTING THRU CHANNEL TO BEAVER POND
HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUID
3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
ROUTING DATA								
LOSS	CLOSS	AVG	IRCS	ISAME	IPMT	IPMP	LSTR	
0.0	0.0	0.0	1	1	0	0	0	
STPS	MSIDL	LAG	AMSCK	X	ISK	STORA	ISPRAT	
1	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	0.	

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

QNI11 QNI21 QNI31 ELNVT ELMAX RLN1TH SEL
0.0600 0.0400 0.0500 1735.0 1760.0 6700. 0.02600

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA,ELEV,STA,ELEV--ETC
 0.0 1760.00 100.00 1760.00 180.00 1735.00 200.00 1730.00 205.00 1739.00
 225.00 1735.00 375.00 1760.00 475.00 1760.00

STORAGE	0.0	35.66	61.93	101.66	153.44	210.95	271.13	333.97	399.67	467.63
	538.46	611.94	688.09	766.91	848.38	932.52	1019.32	1108.78	1200.91	1295.70
OUTFLOW	0.0	2931.24	5189.89	8616.15	13538.92	20392.62	28628.56	38194.05	49060.52	61213.56
	74647.63	89363.76	105366.38	122664.19	141267.75	161189.44	182443.00	205043.56	229006.88	254349.50
STAGE	1735.00	1736.32	1737.63	1738.95	1740.26	1741.58	1742.89	1744.21	1745.53	1746.84
	1748.16	1749.47	1750.79	1752.10	1753.42	1754.74	1756.05	1757.37	1758.68	1760.00
FLOW	0.0	2301.24	5189.89	8616.15	13538.92	20392.62	28628.56	38194.05	49060.52	61213.56
	74647.63	89363.76	105366.38	122664.19	141267.75	161189.44	182443.00	205043.56	229006.88	254349.50

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1735.5

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH TO BEAVER POND

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

IHYDC	IJHG	IAREA	SNAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISHOW	ISAME	LOCAL
0	1	3.75	0.0	3.75	0.0	0.0	0	0	0

LOSS DATA

LRDPT	SIRK3	DLTKR	RTIOL	ERAIN	SIRKS	RILOK	SIRL	GNSIL	ALSMX	RLIMP
0	0.0	0.0	1.00	0.0	0.0	1.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TP= 2.26 CP=0.62 NFA= 0

RECESSION DATA

SIRIQ= -1.50 ORCSN= -0.05 RTIOR= 2.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 39 END-OF-PERIOD ORIGINATES. LAG= 2.26 TOURS. CP= 0.62 VOL= 1.00									
35.	133.	259.	403.	536.	629.	671.	697.	571.	489.
418.	357.	306.	261.	191.	164.	140.	123.	102.	89.
88.	73.	64.	55.	47.	34.	29.	25.	21.	18.
15.	13.	11.	10.	8.	7.	6.	5.	4.	3.

END-OF-PERIOD FLOW

NO.DA	HR.MN	PERIOD	RAIN	EXCS	LOSS	COMP	Q	NO.DA	HR.MN	PERIOD	RAIN	EXCS	LOSS	COMP	Q
-------	-------	--------	------	------	------	------	---	-------	-------	--------	------	------	------	------	---

SUM 6.40 6.40 0.0 47571.
 (163.11 163.11 0.11 1347.06)

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM STATIONS 4 AND 5

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
-------	-------	-------	-------	------	------	-------	--------	-------

5 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTING EQA BEAVER POND DAM

LSIAQ ICOMP IECN ITAPE JPLT JPRI ENAME ISTAGE IAUIG

ROUTING DATA

CLJSS CLUSS AVG IRES ISAME IUPY IPMP LSTR

MSIPS NSTOL LAG ANSKK X ISK STURA ISPRAT

STAGE 1618.00 1619.10 1619.60 1620.10 1620.80 1621.60 1622.30 1622.50 1623.10

FLOW 0.0 29.80 98.80 158.00 367.20 585.40 859.90 1169.80 1238.30 1599.30

SURFACE AREA= 24. 28. 37. 59.

CAPACITY= 0. 182. 241. 1187.

ELEVATION= 1611. 1618. 1620. 1640.

CREL SPNID COQM EXPM EVEL CO3L CAREA EXPL

DAM DATA

TOPEL COOD EXPD DAMMID

CREST LENGTH 0. 42. 54. 73. 83. 96. 111. 118. 125. 129.
 AT OR BELOW ELEVATION 1620.9 1621.0 1621.5 1622.0 1622.5 1623.0 1623.5 1624.0 1624.5 1625.0

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 3537. AT TIME 13.67 HOURS

17

UNITED STATES

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN RATIO	1
				1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	1.64	1	1678.
	(	4.25)	(	47.51)
ROUTED TO	2	1.64	1	1015.
	(	4.25)	(	28.76)
ROUTED TO	3	1.64	1	1016.
	(	4.25)	(	28.72)
HYDROGRAPH AT	4	3.75	1	2717.
	(	7.71)	(	76.94)
2 COMBINED	5	5.39	1	3692.
	(	13.96)	(	104.73)
ROUTED TO	6	5.39	1	3537.
	(	13.96)	(	100.16)

SHEET 16 OF 18

18

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1 <i>Western Dam</i>		INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
ELEVATION STORAGE	1794.00	1794.00	1794.50	
OUTFLOW	15%	15%	175	
	0.	0.	4.	
RATIO OF PNE	1.00	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	3.16	
		MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	335.	
		MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	1015.	
		DURATION OVER TDP	39.31	
		TIME OF FAILURE	13.33	
		HOURS		0.0
100-YEAR Flood Routing PLAN 1 STATION 3				
RATIO	1.00	MAXIMUM FLOWACES	1016.	
		MAXIMUM STAGE-FT	1735.5	
		TIME	13.33	
		HOURS		

SHEET 17 OF 18

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1 BEAVER POND DAM		INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
ELEVATION STORAGE	1618.00	1618.00	1620.90	
OUTFLOW	176.	176.	274.	
	0.	0.	620.	
RATIO OF PHF	1.00	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	3.27	
		MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	403.	
		MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	3537.	
		DURATION OVER TOP	8.67	
		TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW	13.67	
		TIME OF FAILURE	0.0	
<i>100-Year Flood Routing</i>				

APPENDIX E

PLATES

C

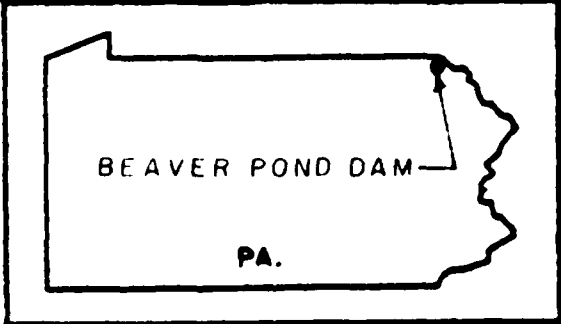
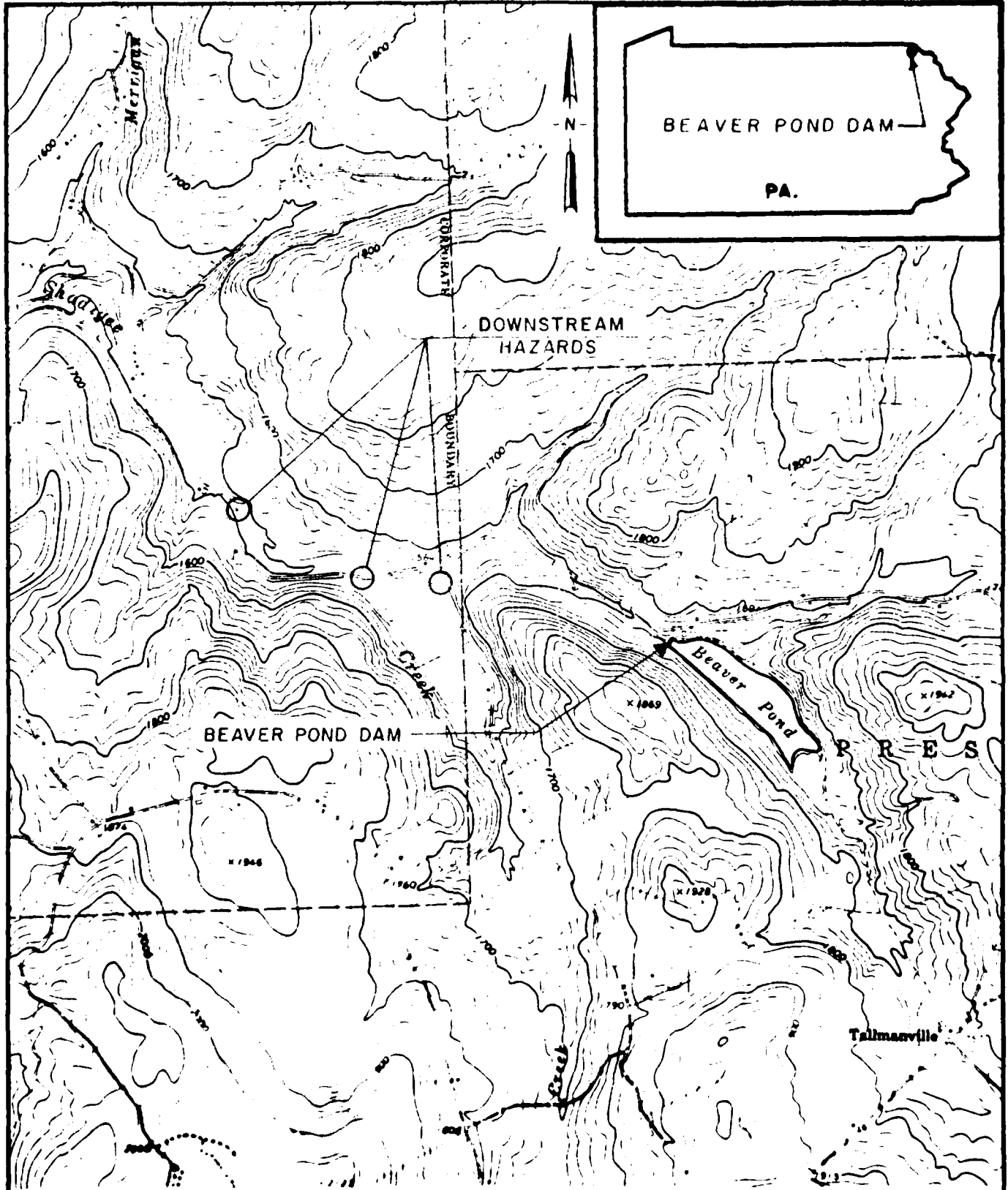
CONTENTS

Plate 1 - Location Plan

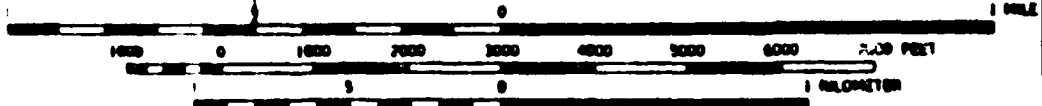
Plate 2 - Watershed Map

Plate 3 - Field Sketch from Visual Inspection

Plate 4 - Top of Dam Profile and Typical Cross-Section from
Visual Inspection

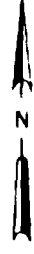
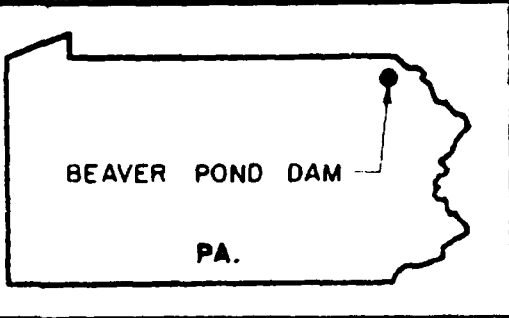
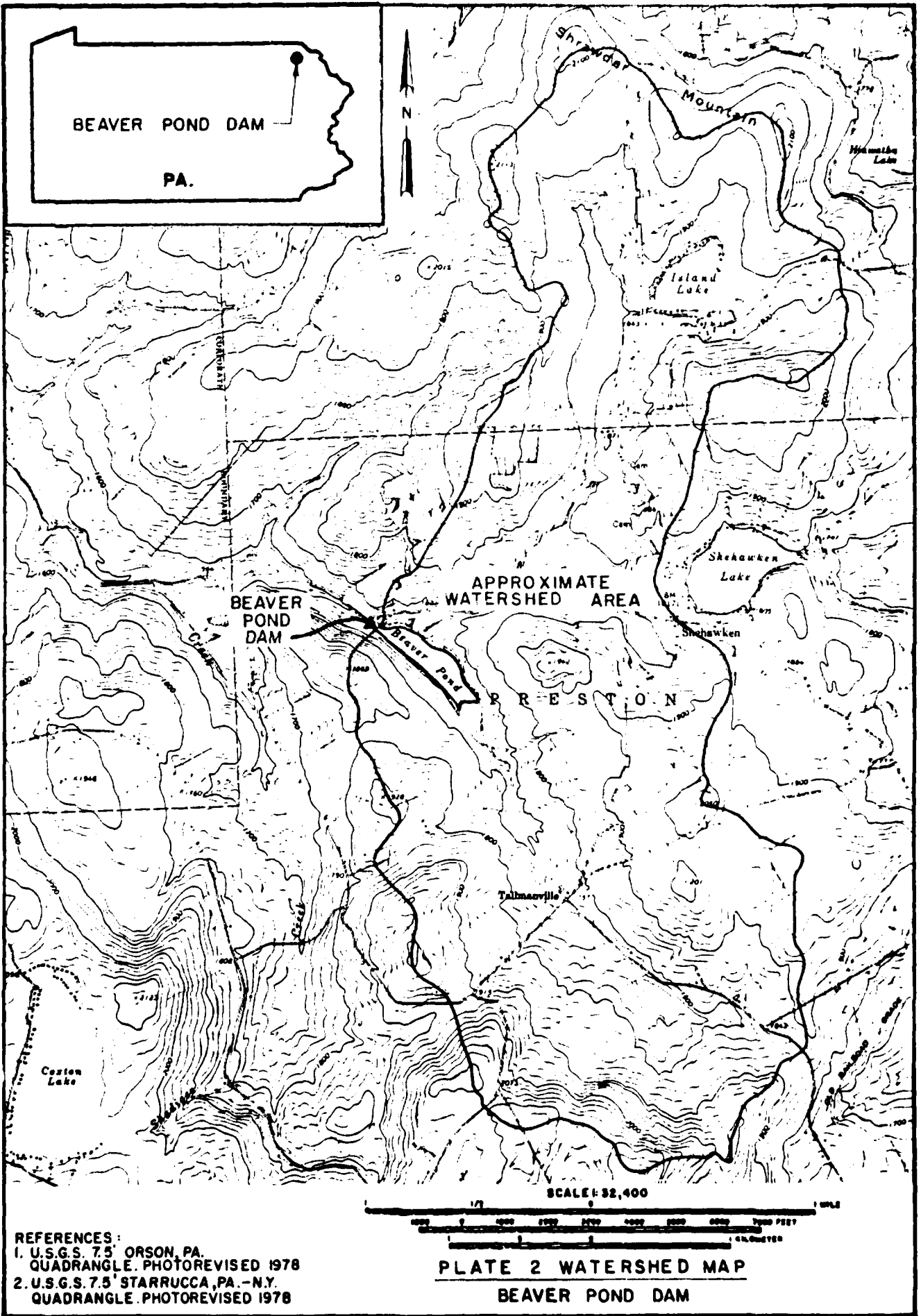


SCALE 1:24000



**PLATE I LOCATION PLAN
BEAVER POND DAM**

REFERENCES
1. USGS 7.5' STARRUCA, PA
QUADRANGLE PHOTOREVISED 1978

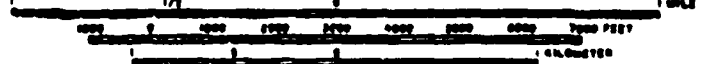


BEAVER POND DAM

APPROXIMATE WATERSHED AREA

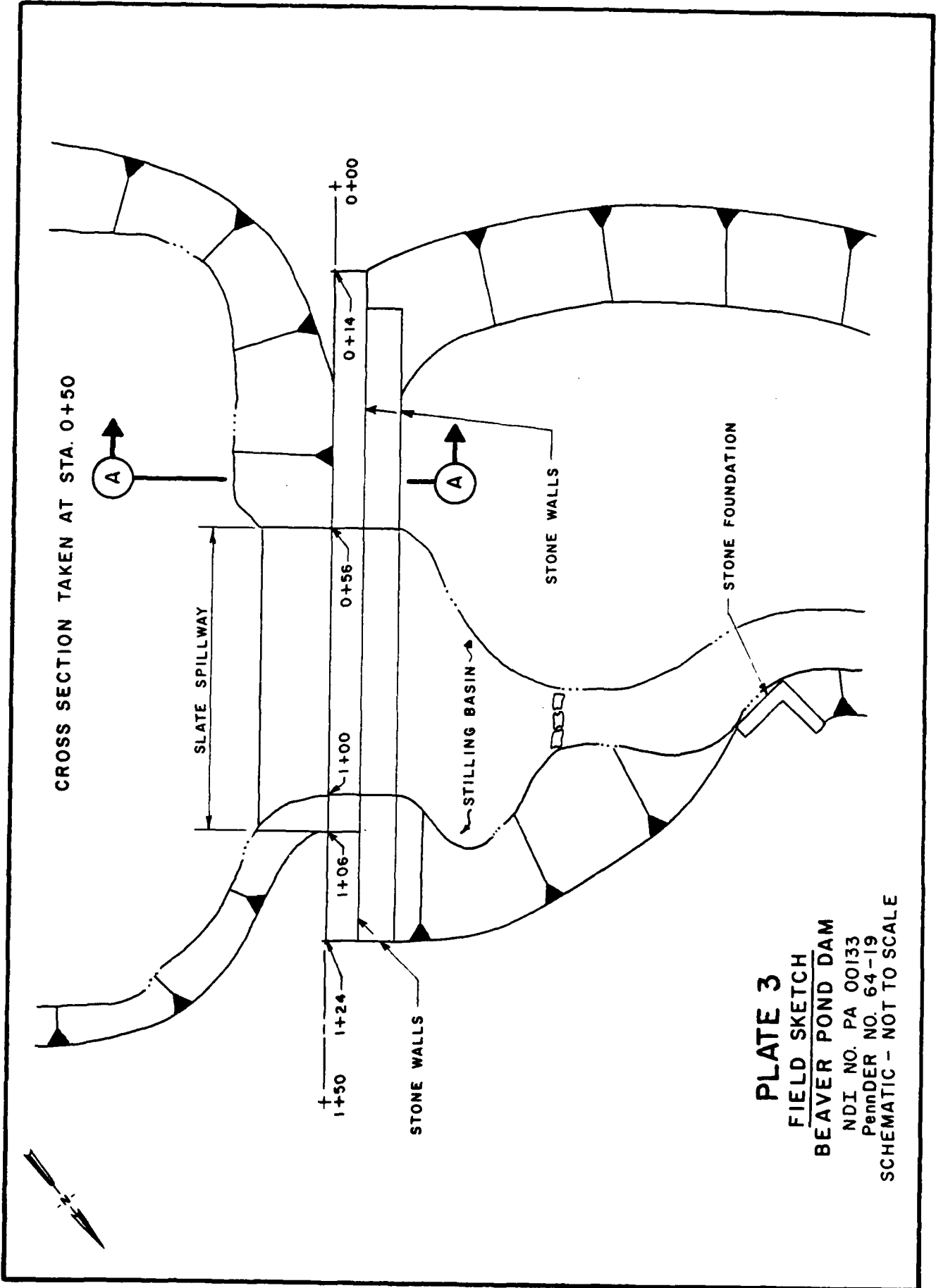
PRESTON

SCALE: 52,400



- REFERENCES:
 1. U.S.G.S. 7.5' ORSON, PA. QUADRANGLE. PHOTOREVISED 1978
 2. U.S.G.S. 7.5' STARRUCCA, PA.-N.Y. QUADRANGLE. PHOTOREVISED 1978

PLATE 2 WATERSHED MAP
 BEAVER POND DAM

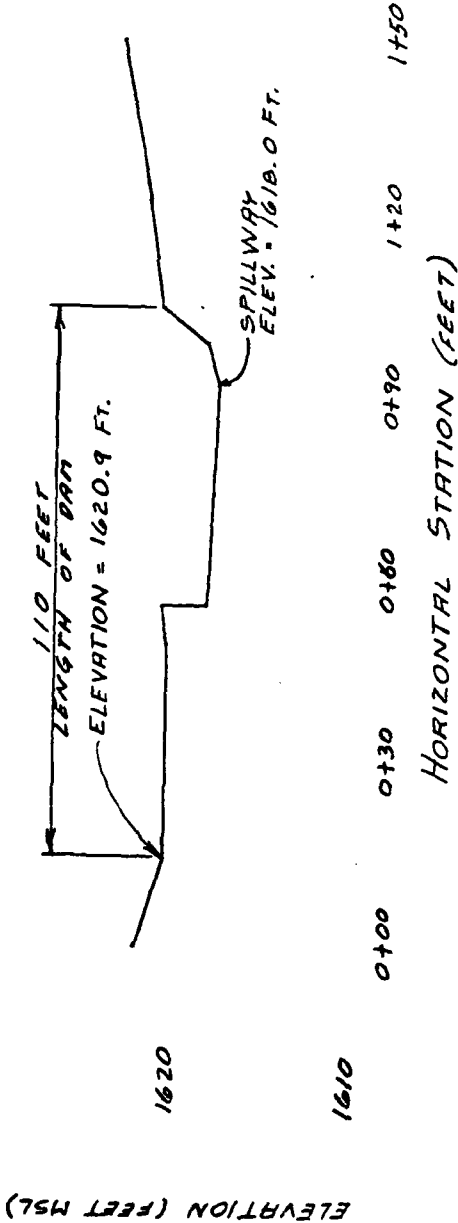


CROSS SECTION TAKEN AT STA. 0+50

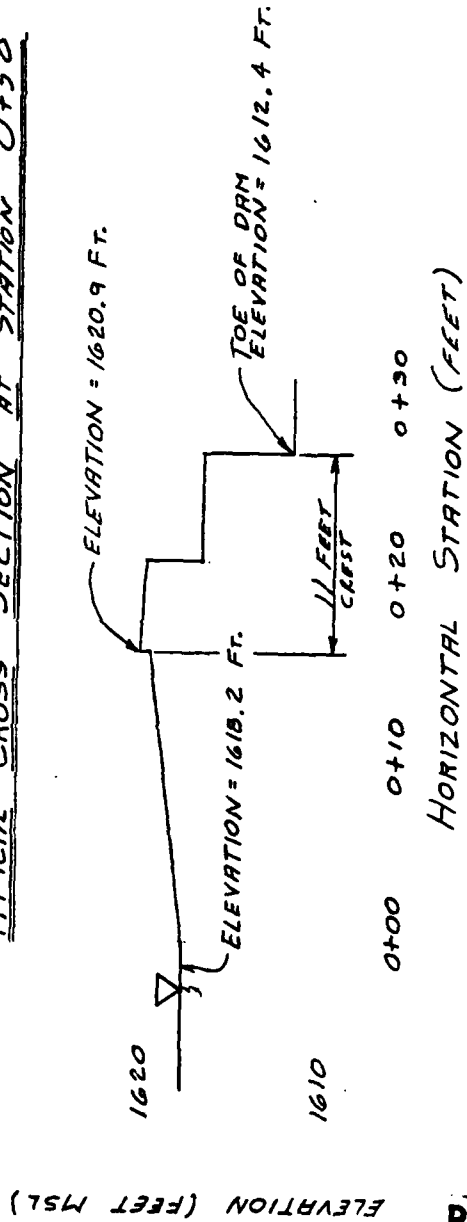
PLATE 3
FIELD SKETCH
BEAVER POND DAM
 NDI NO. PA 00133
 PennDER NO. 64-19
 SCHEMATIC - NOT TO SCALE

Box 280
 Beaver, Pa. 15009

TOP OF DAM PROFILE (LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)
 LENGTH OF DAM = 110 FEET



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT STATION 0+50



APPENDIX F

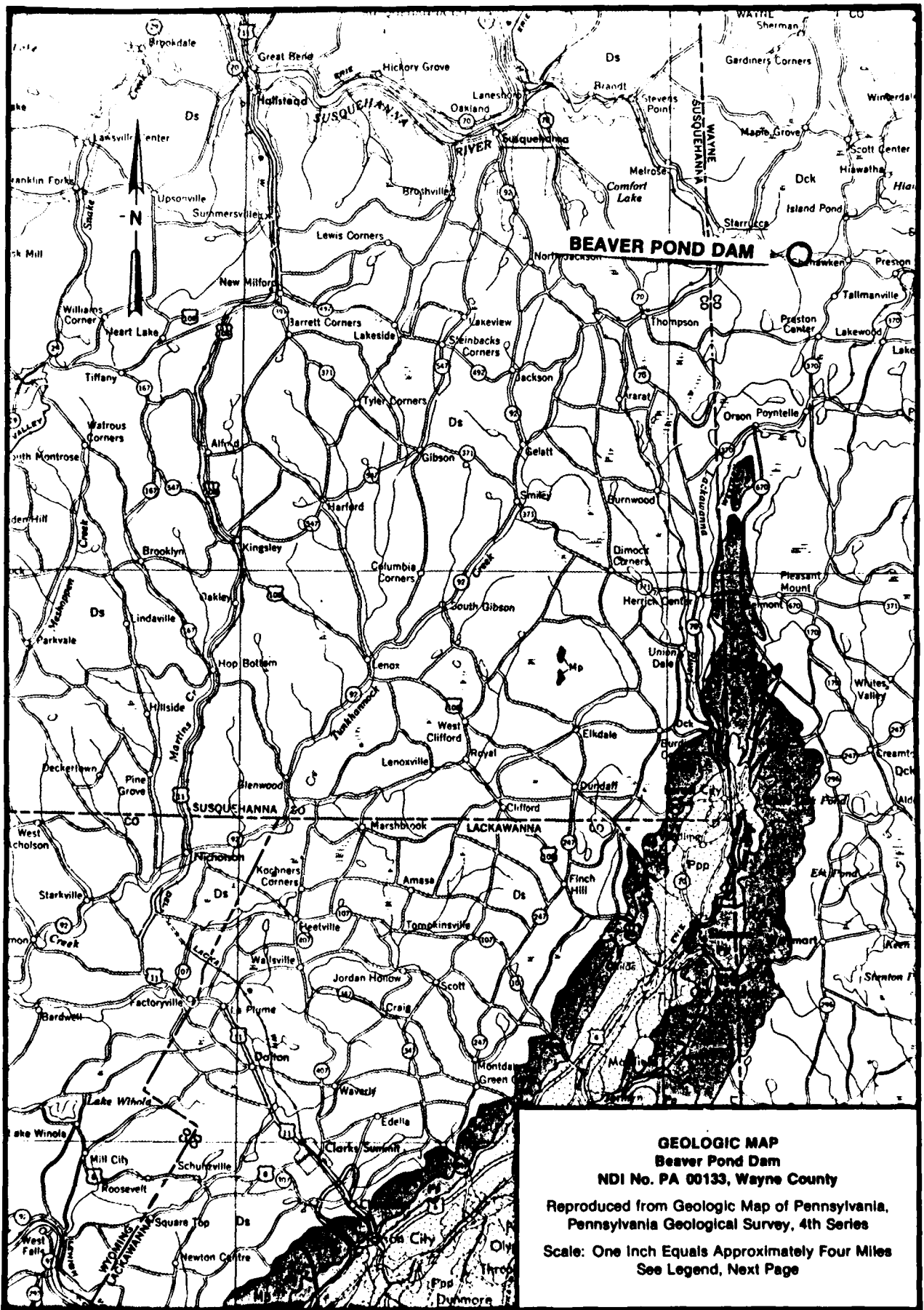
REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Beaver Pond Dam
NDI No. PA 00133, PennDER No. 64-19

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Beaver Pond Dam is located in the Glaciated Low Plateaus section of the Appalachian Plateaus physiographic province. Drainage is to the west via Starrucca Creek and average relief in the area is 300 feet. The area has been glaciated at least three times and is presently covered with Wisconsin Stage glacial deposits. According to the Soil Conservation Service's Soil Survey for Wayne County, the surface soils in the vicinity of the dam consist primarily of silt loams on the valley floor and very stoney, silt loams on the valley walls. All soils are of the Volusia series and Oquaga-Lordstown association, respectively. No test borings were available for review, thus, the thickness of the overburden is difficult to ascertain.





Geologic references indicate that the bedrock in the vicinity of the dam consists of members of the Catskill Formation in the Susquehanna Group. The Catskill is composed of bay and delta front, red and gray shales and sandstones of Upper Devonian age. The Formation may also include widely scattered, thin coal seams and scattered fish remains. The strata in the vicinity of the dam remain essentially horizontal after the Appalachian uplift.






GEOLOGY MAP LEGEND

DEVONIAN UPPER

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

- 
Oswayo Formation
Greenish gray to gray shales, siltstones and sandstones becoming increasingly shaly westward, considered equivalent to type Oswayo Riverite Formation Ds in Erie and Crawford Counties, probably not distinguishable north of Corry.
- 
Cattaraugus Formation
Red, gray and brown shale and sandstone with the proportion of red decreasing westward, includes Venango sands of drillers and Salamanca sandstone and conglomerate; some limestone in Crawford and Erie counties.
- 
Conneaut Group
Alternating gray, brown, greenish and purplish shales and siltstones, includes "pink rock" of drillers and "Chemung" and "Girard" Formations of northwestern Pennsylvania.
- 
Canadaway Formation
Alternating brown shales and sandstones; includes "Portage" Formation of northwestern Pennsylvania.

CENTRAL AND EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA

- 
Oswayo Formation
Brownish and greenish gray, fine and medium grained sandstones with some shales and scattered calcareous lenses; includes red shales which become more numerous eastward. Relation to type Oswayo not proved.
- 
Catskill Formation
Chiefly red to brownish shales and sandstones, includes gray and greenish sandstone tongues named Elk Mountain, Hoxendale, Shohola, and Delaware River in the east.
- 
Marine beds
Gray to olive brown shales, graywackes, and sandstones; contains "Chemung" beds and "Portage" beds including Hurket, Hraltier, Harrell, and Trimmers Rock; Tully Limestone at base.








Susquehanna Group

Barbed line is "Chemung-Catskill" contact of Second Pennsylvania Survey County reports, barbs on "Chemung" side of line.

MIDDLE AND LOWER

Hamilton Group



- 
Mahantango Formation
Brown to olive shale with interbedded sandstones which are dominant in places (Montebello); highly fossiliferous in upper part; contains "Centerfield coral bed" in eastern Pennsylvania.
- 
Marcellus Formation
Black, fissile, carbonaceous shale with thick, brown sandstone (Turkey Ridge) in parts of central Pennsylvania.
- 
Onondaga Formation
Greenish blue, thin bedded shale and dark blue to black, medium bedded limestone with shale predominant in most places; includes Selinusova Limestone and Needmore Shale in central Pennsylvania and Buttermilk Falls Limestone and Etnopas Shale in easternmost Pennsylvania; in Lehigh Gap area includes Palmerton Sandstone and Howmanstown Chert.
- 
Oriskany Formation
White to brown, fine to coarse grained, partly calcareous, locally conglomeratic, fossiliferous sandstone (Ridgeley) at the top; dark gray, cherty limestone with some interbedded shales and sandstones below (Shriver).
- 
Helderberg Formation
Dark gray, calcareous, thin bedded shale (Mundata) at the top, equivalent to Fort Ewen Shale and Becraft Limestone in the east; dark gray, cherty, thin bedded, fossiliferous limestone (New Scotland) with some local sandstones in the middle; and, at the base dark gray, medium to thick bedded, crystalline limestone (Crummanal, mudy and shaly in places with some chert nodules).



Dmo

DATE
ILME