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SHADES CREEK, LUZERNE COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

INDIAN LAKE DAM

NDI ID No. PA-01041 DER ID No. 40-143

John R. Larsen

National Dam Inspection Program. Indian Lake Dam (NDI ID Number PA-Ø1041, DER ID Number 40-143), Delaware River Basin, Shades Creek, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania. Phase I Inspection Report.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

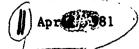
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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Prepared By:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203



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PREFACE

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This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the 'Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the

i

spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition, and the downstream damage potential.

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INDIAN LAKE DAM

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NDI ID No. PA-01041, DER ID No. 40-143

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

CONTENTS

Description

Page

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Brief Assessment of General Condition and Recommended Action.....iv

SECTION 1 - Project Inf	ormation1
SECTION 2 - Engineering	Data
SECTION 3 - Visual Insp	ection
SECTION 4 - Operational	Procedures12
SECTION 5 - Hydrology and	nd Hydraulics14
SECTION 6 - Structural	Stability
SECTION 7 - Assessment,	Recommendations, and
Proposed	Remedial Measures21

APPENDICES

Append ix

State of the state

£,

No.

ž

Ward and the second

<u>Title</u>

A	Checklist - Visual Inspection
В	Checklist - Engineering Data.
С	Photographs.
D	Hydrology and Hydraulics.
E	Plates.
F	Geology.

PHASE I. INSPECTION REPORT

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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITION

AND

RECOMMENDED ACTION

INDIAN LAKE DAM Name of Dam: NDI ID No. PA 01041 DER ID No. 40-143 Small (9.4 feet high; 280 acre - feet) Size: Hazard Classification: Significant John R. Larsen Owner: Milford, Pennsylvania State Located: Pennsylvania County Located: Luzerne Shades Creek Stream: 22 October 1980 and 10 March 1981 Dates of Inspection:

The visual inspection and review of available design and construction information indicate that Indian Lake Dam is in fair condition. Deficiencies noted during the inspection included the reduced spillway capacity and lack of erosion protection for the embankment at the spillway and discharge channel. The Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for a dam of this size and classification is in the range of the 100 Year Flood to the 1/2 PMF. Based on the small storage and height the SDF selected was the 100 Year Flood.

iv

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INDIAN LAKE DAM

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The hydrologic and hydraulic computations indicate that the combination of reservoir storage and spillway discharge capacity cannot pass the Spillway Design Flood (100 year flood) prior to overtopping the embankment. Therefore, in accordance with the criteria outlined and evaluated in Section 5.5 of this report, the spillway for Indian Lake Dam is considered to be inadequate.

It is recommended that:

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a. The owner should retain a qualified professional engineer to further assess measures required to provide adequate spillway capacity for this facility. As an alternative, the removal of the telephone poles will provide adequate spillway capacity.

b. A trash rack should be provided on the intake structure and the obstruction should be removed from the discharge end of the outlet works.

c. A formal surveillance and downstream emergency warning system should be developed for use during periods of heavy or prolonged precipitation.

INDIAN LAKE DAM

d. An operation and maintenance manual or plan should be prepared for use as a guide in the operation and maintenance of the dam during normal and emergency conditions.

e. A schedule of regular inspection by a qualified engineer should be developed.

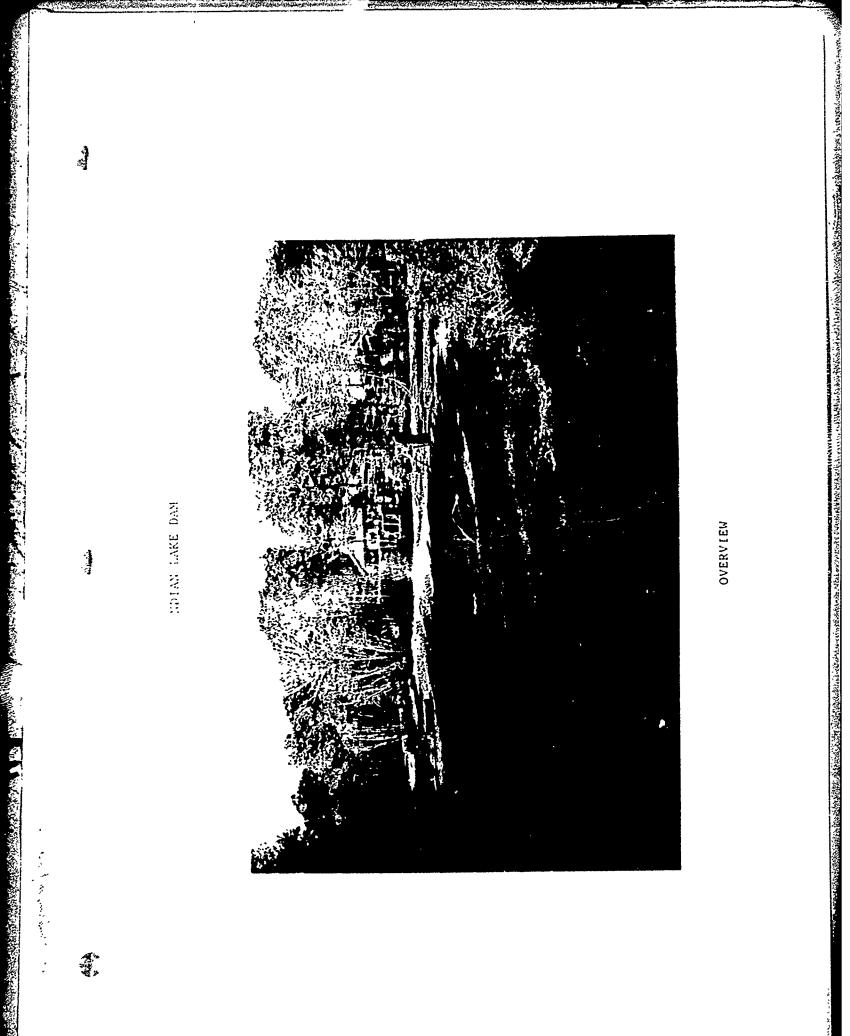
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18 May 81 W. PECK JAMES Colonel, Corps of Engineers District Engineer



vii

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

INDIAN LAKE DAM

DER ID NO 40-143

SECTION 1

PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. <u>Authority</u>. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of non-Federal dams throughout the United States.

b. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life and property.

1.2 Description of Project.

a. <u>Description of Dam and Appurtenances</u>. Indian Lake Dam is an earthfill structure with concrete corewall approximately 9.4 feet high and 404 feet in length (including spillway). The spillway is a trapezoidal uncontrolled broad-crested weir approximately 52 feet in length and located near the right abutment. The outlet works is a 16 inch diameter pipe equipped with two gate valves.

The U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute Quadrangle Sheet (Pleasant View NOTE: Summit, PA) indicates a reservoir elevation of 1874, which is used in this report as design spillway crest elevation.

b. Location r: 5Bucks Township, Luzerne County . . . U.S.G.S. Quandrangle - Pleasant View Summit, PA.

Latitude 41° 11.6' and Longitude 75° 40.2'

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Ref App E. Plates I & II.

Size Classification: Small: Height - 9.4 feet, Storage - 280 с. acre-feet.

Hazard Classification: Significant (Ref to Section 3.1.e). d.

Ownership: Mr. John R. Larsen. e. Lake Adventure Box 5000 Milford, Pennsylvania 18337

f. Purpose: Recreation

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Design and Construction History: The dam was designed by g٠ Wintermute and Halsey Engineers in 1929, and construction was essentially completed in 1930. Although no formal post-construction changes have been authorized by PennDER, several modifications have been made to the spillway which have reduced its effective capacity. Refer to Section 3 for detailed discussion of these changes.

h. Normal Operationg Procedures. The reservoir is normally maintained at the crest level of the uncontrolled spillway. Inflow occuring when the lake is at or above the spillway crest is currently discharged through the uncontrolled spillway.

1.3 Pertinent Data.

a.

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Drainage Area (square miles)	
From files: Computed for this report:	0.30 0.27
Use:	0.27

b. Discharge at Damsite (cubic feet per second)

Maximum known flood	unknown
Outlet works with maximum yoo! (E1. 1876.2)	17
Spillway with maximum pcol (31. 1876.2)	65

c. Elevations (feet above pour sea level)

Note: All elevations are returned to a Spillway crest elevation of 1874.0 (top of corewall)

Top of Jam	
Jesign	1879.0
<i>dristing</i>	1876.2
Normal pool (Existing Spillway Great)	1875.5
Spillway Crest	
Design	1874.6
Sxisting	1875,5
Outlet Works	

1867.7
1866.8
1866.8

d. <u>Reservoir Length (feet)</u>

Normal pool (El. 1875.)	5) 2400
Maximum pool (E1. 1876	2) 2450

e. Storage (acre-feet)

Design normal pool (El. 1874.0)	190
Exist. normal pool (E1. 1875.5)	240
Maximum pool (El. 1876.2)	280

r. Reservoir Surface (acres)

N ¹ 2 .aa) pool (El. 1875.5)	32
. aximum pocl (E1. 1876.2)	35

g. Dam

Note: Refer to plates in Appendix E for plans and section

	Туре	earthfill w/concrete corewall
	Length	404 feet, including spillway
	Top Width	6 feet, average
	Height	9.4 feet
	Side Slopes Upstream Downstream	lV:5H (exist.); IV:2H (design) lV:5H (exist.); IV:2H (design)
	Zoning	None
	Cutoff	Concrete corewall
	Grouting	None
h. <u>(</u>	Outlet Works.	
	Туре:	One 16 inch pipe
	Length	60 feet (estimated)
	<u>Closure</u> :	Bronze gate valve upstream of corewall and at d/s toe.
i. <u>1</u>	Spillway (Existing Condition)	
	Type	Trapezodial broad- crested weir.
	Location	Near right abutment.
	Length	35 feet (bottom); 52 feet (top)
	Crest Elevation	1875.5
	Freeboard	0.7 Feet
	Approach Channel	Reservoir
	Downstream Channel	3 pipes immediately downstream through road embankment, then earth and rock channel.

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SECTION 2

ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design

The available data for Indian Lake Dam consist of files provided by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER). Information available includes PennDER inspection reports, various related correspondence, and specifications dated 28 March 1929 which provide a description of the design of the facility. Drawings dated 28 March 1929 showing plan and section views of the dam are also available. No other information concerning design of the facility is known to exist.

2.2 Construction

Information available on the original construction of the dam is generally limited to the design plans and specifications and PennDER progress reports. There were no problems noted by PennDER inspections during construction of the dam. Modifications made to the dam since its original construction include changes to the spillway, which are described in further detail in Section 3 of this report and flattening of the embankment slope as described in Section 6.

2.3 Operation

No formal records of operation or maintenance exist. Members of the Indian Lake Sports Club Association stated that they have responsibility for operation and maintenance of the facility in accordance with an agreement with the owner, Mr. Larsen. Mr. William Landmusser, (P.O. Box 87, Star Route Road, White Haven, PA 18661) is the chairman of the Board for the Association. Association members stated they check the dam periodically and during storm events. The most recent PennDER inspection report (2 June 1964) indicated that the dam was in generally fair condition.

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2.4 Evaluation

a. Availability

All available written information and data were contained in the permit files provided by PennDER.

b. Adequacy

The available data, including that collected during the recent. detailed visual inspection, are considered to be adequate to make a reasonable assessment of the dam.

SECTION 3

VISUAL INSPECTION

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3.1 Observations.

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a. <u>General</u>. The overall appearance and general condition of the dam and appurtenances are fair. The spillway crest has been raised and the dam crest is two feet below esign elevation. These and other noteworthy deficienc. as are noted below. The visual inspection checklist, field sketch and profile are provided in Appendix A. Photographs taken during the inspection are reproduced in Appendix C.

The reservoir pool was 3.5 feet below spillway crest (corewall) on the day of the initial inspection, 22 October 1980. The lake was purposely drawn down so that maintenance of the dam could be performed. On the date of the review inspection, the reservoir level was one foot above the spillway crest (corewall). Present during the initial inspection were Mr. Schall, Mr. Housenickt and Dr. Teitsworth, members of the sports club association.

b. <u>Embankment</u>. At the time of the initial inspection, the dam was undergoing maintenance. The embankment has been stripped of all vegetation. This apparently included trees and brush, as evidenced by the roots still projecting from the embankment. This clearing operation has exposed the top of the corewall for approximately 150 feet to the left of the spillway. Sod from the crest has been deposited along the

upstream face near the crest. Under this mat .al it can be seen that the upper two feat of the upstream slope does not have riprap, and. erosion has caused the slope to become near vertical. Below this point the slope is 1V:5H with riprap. During the review inspection, it was observed that this sod has not been removed and no riprap has been added. The downstream slope is 1V:5H and is covered with a new growth of grass. Approximately 25 feet downstream of the crest is a dirt and gravel roadway. The vertical alignment of the crest is irregular with the low spot occurring at the right abutment contact. No signs of seepage or sloughing were noted.

c. <u>Appurtenant Structures</u>. According to the design drawings the outlet works was to consist of a 16 inch diameter cast iron pipe encased in concrete, a concrete intake structure with trash rack and two valve boxes with the pipe ending 2 feet beyond the downstream valve box. However, the inspection revealed that the upstream and downstream ends of the conduit are 16 inch diameter vitrified clay pipe with the last section of the downstream end broken. Also, there is no trashrack on the intake structure, which is in otherwise good condition. Heavy steel plates covered the top of the valve boxes and prevented access to the valves. It was reported that the valves operated satisfactorily when the lake was recently drawn down. The area around three sides of the valve box at the crest has been excavated to a depth of about two feet. This apparently was done to permit application of a surface coat of mortar. The downstream face is the corewall. The outlet channel is

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a ditch cut in earth with a 4 to 6 foot bottom width and vertical side slopes approximately 6 feet high. About ten feet downstream this channel widens slightly and the depth is one to two feet. There are no obstructions to flow.

During the review inspection, it was noted that the excavation around the upstream value box has not been backfilled. The downstream end of the conduit could not be found. It could not be determined whether the steep side slope of the outlet ditch had collapsed or the pipe was purposely backfilled.

The spillway was originally designed as a five foot deep trapezoidal notch in the corewall with a 40 foot bottom width and IV:1H sides. As noted in inspection reports by the State of Pennsylvania, lengths of telephone poles and timbers have been placed over and upstream of the corewall to raise the level of normal pool about ten inches above the design elevation. Those present during the initial inspection stated that maintenance was not complete and that the spillway would be cleaned out. However, on the day of the review inspection, the poles and timbers were placed neatly on edge and two high immediately upstream of the corewall. Metal rods were driven behind the corewall to restrain the poles. In addition, earth fill has been placed on the upstream side of this obstruction for a width of about five feet. This obstruction effectively raises the spillway crest level approximately 1.5 feet.

The spillway discharge channel is cut in earth the same width as the weir initially but then narrows to 25 feet wide about 25 feet downstream of the weir. At this point the flow must pass through 2-24 inch corrugated metal pipes and 1-22 inch iron pipe to cross a road. These pipes are in good condition but erosion is occurring under the pipes. However, if these pipes should fail or become obstructed, water would pond and flow over the road. This would not pose a threat to the safety of the dam. The discharge channel downstream of the pipes was recently cut in earth and has adequate dimensions. The entire spillway discharge channel and the embankment adjacent to the spillway weir are unprotected from erosion. Sufficient flows over the spillway could eventually underwine that portion of the corewall.

d. <u>Reservoir Area</u>. The wooded reservoir slopes are flat to moderate and appear stable. There is residential development around the entire perimeter of the lake. The lake was originally natural and sedimentation does not appear to be a problem.

e. <u>Downstream Channel</u>. The first two hundred feet below the dam were recently cleared. The natural channel then flows through woods in earth and rock. The stream crosses under the access road twice within one mile below the dom. The stream then crosses under Pa. Route 115 via a large concrete culvert approximately 1.4 miles downstream of the dam. Approximately 3.5 miles downstream of Indian Lake is Bear Creek Reservoir (Francis E. Walter Dam). One house with a first floor nine

feet above the streambed is located adjacent to the stream about one mile from the dam. One multi-family dwelling with the first (loor nine feet above the streambed and one commercial establishment (under construction) are located adjacent to the stream bank and just upstream of Pa. Route 115. The location of these homes with respect to the streambed represents a significant hazard to the loss of a few lives and property damage should Indian Lake Dam fail. The downstream development is shown on Plate E-II. . Visit know have

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f. <u>Evaluation</u>. The current maintenance being performed on the dam has both improved and worsened the condition and safety of the facility. The removal of the trees and brush from the embankment is a positive measure, although the method of removal is questioned. The embankment crest is a full two feet below design crest, which causes concern for the safety of the structure since the spillway now has 1.5 feet of fill over design crest. In addition, the lack of any erosion protection for the embankment at the spillway and the discharge channel causes concern for the safety of the structure and its ability to withstand a flood event.

SECTION 4

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Normal Operating Procedure.

The facility is essentially self regulating. Inflow normally passes through the emergency spillway located in the right portion of the dam, and through the 3 outlet pipes under the roadway located 25 feet downstream of the spillway. Large inflows in excess of the emergency spillway capacity overtop the embankment. No formal operations manual exists.

4.2 Maintenance of Dam.

The condition of the dam, as observed by the inspection team, was fair. The embankment had been recently cleared prior to the October 1980 inspection and the lake had been drawn down for work on the embankment, spillway, and outlet works. A reinspection of the site in March 1981 revealed that several modifications were made to the structure since the October 1980 inspection. The spillway had been raised approximately one foot and the upstream side of the spillway was filled in an attempt to seal the horizontal laid telephone pole weir. The telephone poles were loosely secured with metal rods; however, it appeared that during a flood of significant proportion they may float out, thereby producing a surge in downstream stages. Additionally, the downstream end of the outlet conduit could not be located. No formal maintenance manual exists.

R. S. Laborato

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities.

See Section 4.2 above.

4.4 Warning System.

No formal warning system exists.

4.5 Evaluation.

The raising of the spillway combined with the sudden failure potential of the telephone pole weir are a concern for a possible flood wave surge from failure of the structure. The outlet works should be free of obstructions and easily workable in an emergency condition. Formal manuals of maintenance and operations are recommended to ensure that all needed maintenance is identified and performed regularly. In addition, a formal warning system for the protection of downstream inhabitants should be developed. Included in the plan should be provisions for around-the-clock surveillance of the facility during periods of unusually heavy precipatation.

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SECTION 5

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC EVALUATION

5.1 Design Data.

No formal design reports or calculations are known to exist for the facility. Drawings showing embankment, spillway, and reservoir area details are located in the PennDER files and are shown in Appendix E of this report. The elevation of the top of corewall in the spillway was assumed to be elevation 1874 and not the value shown in Appendix E. This is due to the elevation found on the U.S.G.S. quad sheet entitled Pleasant View Summit, Pa., showing 1874.0 which was assumed to be the top of corewall in the spillway. La the states of the states of the second second states of the second second

5.2 Experience Data.

Records of reservoir levels and/or spillway discharges are not available. No records other than the recent draw down of the lake in the fall of 1980 are available.

5.3 Visual Observations.

6.

On the date of the inspection, a condition was present that may prevent the facility from operating effectively during a flood event. The spillway level has been raised and the top of dam is lower than design. This significantly reduces the freeboard. See field sketch in

Appendix A, Exhibit A-1, for location of outlet works and outlet channel.

5.4 Method of Analysis.

The facility has been analyzed in accordance with procedures and guidelines established by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, for Phase I hydrologic and hydraulic evaluations. This analysis has been performed using a modified version of the HEC-1 program developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center, Davis, California. Capabilities of the program are briefly outlined in the preface contained in Appendix D. the state of the second of a construction of the second second second second second second second second second

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5.5 Summary of Analysis.

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a. <u>Spillway Design Flood (SDF)</u>. In accordance with the procedures and guidelines contained in the National Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams for Phase I Investigations, the SDF for Indian Lake Dam ranges between the 100 year flood and 1/2 the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). This classification is based on the relative size of dam (small), and the potential hazard of dam failure to downstream development (significant). Due to the small storage (280 ac. ft.) and small height (9.4 feet), the SDF selected was the 100 year flood.

b. <u>Results of the Analysis</u>. Indian Lake Dam was evaluated under near normal operating conditions. The starting lake elevation was set at 1875.5. The top of embankment (1.000 point) was elevation 1876.2.

The 100 year flood peak is derived by averaging the peak flow value obtained from two regression equations. The first regression equation is from Bulletin 13, Floods in Pennsylvania Water Resources Bulietin. Guidelines are provided to determine the peak value by use of regional statistical data. The second regression equation is from the Hydrologic Study, Tropical Storm Agnes, North Atlantic Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 1975. Guidelines are provided to determine the flood peak by use of map coefficients and logarithmic equations the following results are obtained.

100 year flood peak	CFS
Bulletin 13-	118
North Atlantic Division	272
Tropical Storm Agnes	

Average 100 year flood peak 200

To determine the adequacy of the spillway, the average value for the 100 year flood peak is compared against the maximum outflow at low point top of dam. If the maximum outflow exceeds the 100 year average peak value derived above, then the spillway is rated adequate. If

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b. <u>Results of the Analysis</u>. Indian Lake Dam was evaluated under near normal operating conditions. The starting lake elevation was set at 1875.5. The top of embankment (low point) was elevation 1876.2.

The 100 year flood peak is derived by averaging the peak flow value obtained from two regression equations. The first regression equation is from Bulletin 13, Floods in Pennsylvania Water Resources Bulletin. Guidelines are provided to determine the peak value by use of regional statistical data. The second regression equation is from the Hydrologic Study, Tropical Storm Agnes, North Atlantic Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 1975. Guidelines are provided to determine the flood peak by use of map coefficients and logarithmic equations the following results are obtained.

100 year flood peak	CFS
Bulletin 13-	118
North Atlantic Division	272
Tropical Storm Agnes	

Average 100 year flood peak 200

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To determine the adequacy of the spillway, the average value for the 100 year flood peak is compared against the maximum outflow at low point top of dam. If the maximum outflow exceeds the 100 year average peak value derived above, then the spillway is rated adequate. If

however, the 100 year average peak value exceeds the maximum outflow at low point top of dam, the spillway is rated inadequate. Results are as follows:

Maximum	Outflow at low point top of dam -	70
Average	100 year flood peak -	200

CFS

and the second second

5.6 Spillway Adequacy.

Under existing conditions, Indian Lake Dam cannot pass the 100 year flood peak value. Since this structure cannot pass the selected SDF (100 year flood) the spillway is rated inadequate; unsafe, non-emergency.

SECTION 6

STRUCTURAL STABILITY

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a. Visual Observations

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(1) <u>Embankment</u>. Visual observations of Indian Lake Dam indicate that the dam is in fair condition. No signs of embankment distress were observed. The dam is an earthfill structure with a concrete corewall that measures 12 inches wide at the dam crest. The upstream and downstream slopes are about 5H:1V. The surface soil on the downstream slope is organic material dredged from the lake. Riprap covers the upstream slope up to the normal water line where there is a 2 foot vertical drop. This vertical drop appears to have been caused by erosion. The lake level had recently been drawn down to permit maintenance of the dam.

(2) <u>Appurtement Structures</u>. These structures consist of an outlet works and a spillway. The outlet works is in good condition. It was recently operated to draw the lake down to maintain the dam, valves, and valve manholes. A trash rack is needed for protection of the outlet works. The trapezoidal broad-crested spillway is located near the right abutment. Telephone poles and timbers have been used to raise the spillway weir level about 1.5 feet.

b. Design and Construction Data

(1) <u>Embankment</u>. The dam was designed by Wintermute and Halsey Engineers in 1929. Additionally, specifications for construction of the dam were written concerning the type, placement, and compaction of materials. The embankment soils are not clearly specified, except that the soils on site are suitable which are sand and clay. Four test pits were dug that revealed sand and clay overlying "hard pan" soil in the center two-thirds of the dam. "Mard pan" was found in the test pits near the abutments. The corewall was founded in the hard pan for the full length of dam. The upstream and downstream embankment slopes were designed as 2H:1V, and the crest was designed to be 3 feet wide and 2 feet higher than the corewall. The embankment slopes were designed to be 2H:1V with the upstream slope covered with 12 inch riprap.

(2) <u>Appurtenances</u>. The outlet works designed for this dam consists of a 16 inch cast iron pipe encased in concrete and is controlled by two 16 inch brass valves, one upstream of the corewall and the other near the downstream toe. Seepage collars were to be constructed around the pipe frequently. The upstream end of the outlet works is shown to be protected by a 3 inch screen, which is not there. The outlet works pipe installed was a 16 inch vitrified clay pipe. The spillway was designed as a 40 foot long, 3 foot deep notch in the concrete corewall with the spillway channel protected by riprap. c. Operating Records. None.

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d. <u>Post-Construction Changes</u>. No requests for changes exist; however, changes have been made. The 3 inch screen on the outlet works was either never installed or was removed. Also, the weir elevation has been increased by about 1.5 feet through the addition of poles and timbers. In addition, the lake was reportedly deepened in one location and the dredged material, organic in nature, was dumped on the embankment. This flattened the slopes to approximately 5H:1V.

e. <u>Seismic Stability</u>. The dam is located in Seismic Zone 1. From visual observations, the dam is considered to be statically stable. Therefore, based on the recommended criteria for evaluation of seismic stability of dams, the structure is presumed to present no hazard from an earthquake.

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SECTION 7

ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

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7.1 Dam Assessment

a. Safety.

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The visual inspection and review of available design and construction information indicate that Indian Lake Dam is in fair condition. Deficiencies noted during the inspection included the reduced spillway capacity and lack of erosion protection for the embankment at the spillway and discharge channel.

The Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for a dam of this size and classification is in the range of the 100 year flood to the 1/2 PMF. Based on the small storage and height the SDF selected was the 100 year flood.

The hydrologic and hydraulic computations indicate that the combination of reservoir storage and spillway discharge capacity cannot pass the SDF (100 year flood) prior to overtopping the embankment. Therefore, in accordance with the criteria outlined and evaluated in Section 5.5, the spillway for Indian Lake Dam is considered to be inadequate.

b. <u>Adequacy of Information</u>. The design and construction data contained in PennDER files, in conjunction with data collected during the visual inspection, are considered to be adequate for making a reasonable assessment of this dam. c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations presented below should be implemented without delay.

d. <u>Necessity for Additional Studies.</u> The results of the inspection indicate a need for additional investigations to determine measures required to provide adequate spillway capacity for this facility. Alternatively, the telephone poles could be removed from the spillway, which would provide adequate capacity.

7.2 Recommendations. It is recommended that:

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a. The owner should retain a qualified professional engineer to further assess measures required to provide adequate spillway capacity for this facility. As an alternative, removal of the telephone poles would provide adequate spillway capacity.

b. A trash rack should be provided on the intake structure and the obstruction should be removed from the discharge end of the outlet works.

c. A formal surveillance and downstream emergency warning system should be developed for use during periods of heavy or prolonged precipitation.

d. An operation and maintenance manual or plan should be prepared for use as a guide in the operation and maintenance of the dam during normal and emergency conditions.

e. A schedule of regular inspection by a qualified engineer should be developed. APPENDIX A

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CHECKLIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

Check List Visual Inspection Phase I

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M.S.L. Tailwater at Time of Inspection ____ State Pennsylvania 40° County Luzerne Temperature Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 1870.5 M.S.L. Clear PA-01041 Weather NDI No. 22 Oct 80 Initial Inspection Personnel: Name Dam Indian Lake Dam Date(s) Inspection

Dr. Teitsworth, Indian Lake Sports Club Assoc. Mr. Housenickt, Indian Lake Sports Club Assoc. Mr. Schall, Indian Lake Sports Club Assoc. Temperature 30's M.S.L. Tailwater Elevation Weather Cloudy w/snow Recorder E. Hecker (COE) (COE) E. Hecker L. Reeser 1875.0 M.S.L Date Inspection 10 Mar 31 B. Cortright (COE) Inspection Personnel: J. Bianco (COE) Review Inspection: J. Evans (COE) Pool Elevation

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P. Maggitti (COE)

B. Cortright (COE)

J. Bianco (COE)

EMBANKMENT

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VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS
Any noticeable seepage	None
Junction of Embankment With: Abutments Spillway	Abutments - good; no erosion or settlement. Low point of dam at right abutment. Spillway - poor; no protection of embankment
Surface Cracks	None. Crest recently stripped of vegetation and topsoil.
Crest Alignment: Vertical Horizontal	Vertical - Irregular; top of corewall exposed for entire crest left of spillway. Two feet below design height. Horizontal - Good
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Beyond the Toe	None observed

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EMBANKMENT

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VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS
Sloughing or Erosion: Embankment Crest/Slopes Abutment Slopes	None; recently regraded and seeded.
Riprap	Within 2 feet of crest; disturbed at top by grading operations
Staff Gage and Recorder	None
Instrumentation	None
Miscellaneous	Embankment recently cleared of brush and trees. Top of corewall exposed. Sod from crest along upstream slope at crest.

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OUTLET WORKS

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VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS
Intake Structure	Concrete headwall in good condition. No trash rack
Outlet Conduit	16" clay pipe; condition unknown except downstream end broken
Outlet Structure	None. Clay pipe ends in earth ditch 6' deep; top half of pipe broken. Review inspection - Pipe not found; buried.
Outlet Channel	Recently cut in earth; no rock protection. Begins immediately d/s of road.
Emergency Gates	Two gate valves in valve boxes; at crest and on d/s slope. Normally closed. Not operated during inspection but used to draw lake recently.

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UNGATED SPILLWAY

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VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS
Approach Channel	Reservoir. No obstructions
Weir Crest	12" concrete corewall covered by large sections of telephone poles in random arrangement. Concrete surface severely spalled. Review inspection - poles stacked on edge, two high, with earth fill behind. Small iron pins immed. u/s of corewall retain poles.
Bridge and Piers	None
Discharge Channel	No walls or stone protection to protect embankment or channel. 25' d/s weir are 2-24" & 1-22" dia. pipes under road. D/s of road channe! recently excavated in earth and rock.

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VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS
Slopes	Moderate; appear stable. Private residential development surrounds lake
Sedimentation	None reported; originally a natural lake

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

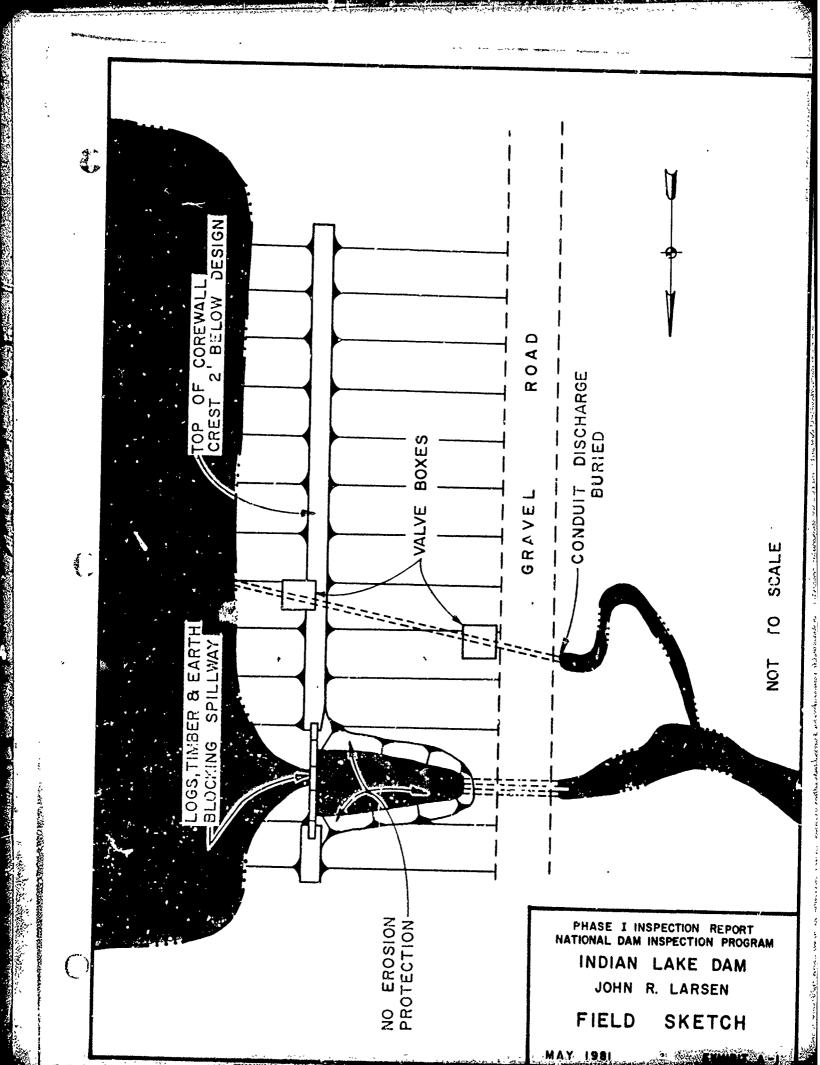
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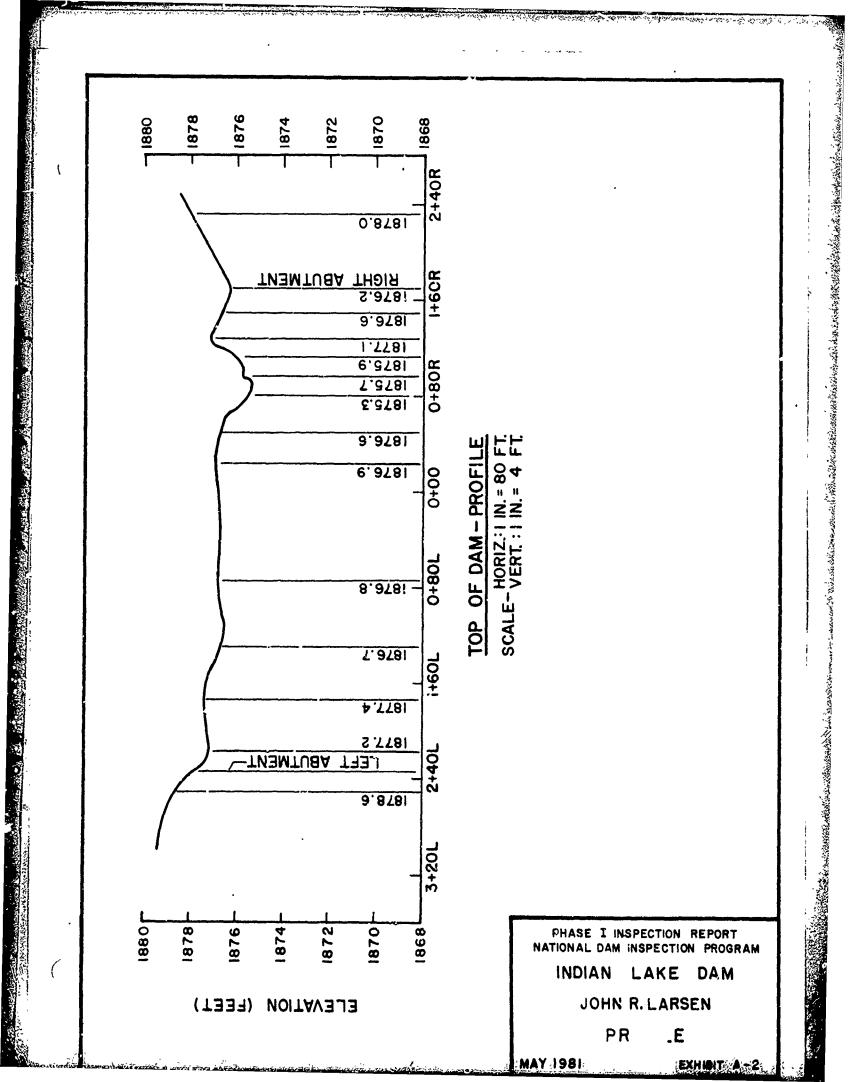
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VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS
Condition (Obstructions) Debris Other	First 200' recently cleared; then flows through wooded area in natural earth and rock channel. Crosses 74 Route 115 1.4 miles below dam through large concrete culvert. Enters Buar Greek (Francis E. Walter Lake) about 3.5 miles d/s of dam.
Slope	Side slopes moderate. Channel slope varies from mild to moderate.
Approximate Number oî Home	One house approx. 1.0 mile downstream. One multi-family dwelling and one commuccial est. (under construction) 1.4 miles d/s (immed. u/s of PA Route 115).

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APPENDIX B

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A. Strain

CHECKLIST - ENGINEERING DATA

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \end{array} \right)$

NAME OF DAM Indian Lake Dam U.S.G.S. Pleasant View Summit, Pa, Quadrangle, $7-\frac{1}{2}$ minute quad 40-143 PennDER inspection reports during construction. 10 # See Appendix E, Plate E-II. DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION Cross-section, see Appendix E. Shown on cross-section. ENGINEERING DATA PHASE 1 REMARKS sheet. None None. DI SCHARGE RATINGS RAINFALL/TESERVOIR RECORDS TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM CONSTRAINTS REGIONAL VICINITY MAP CONSTRUCTION HISTORY DETAILS AS-BUILT DRAWINGS **OUTLETS - PLAN** ITEM

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	REMARKS	None.	None.	NS None. JLICS	None.	SURVEYS OF DAM None reported.	No data.	
$\langle \cdot \rangle$	ITEM	DESIGN REPORTS	GFOLOGY REPORTS	DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES	MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	BORROW SOURCES	

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ITEM	REMARKS
MONITORING SYSTEMS	None.
MODIFIC: 2TONS	Fill has been added to the downstream slope. Spillway has been raised.
HIGH POOL RECORDS	None.
POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	None reported.
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS	None.
MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS	None.

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ITEM	REMARKS
SPILLWAY PLAN	Spillway section dated 1929.
SECTIONS	
DETAILS	
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS	Cross-section dated 1929.
SPECIFICATIONS	Specifications written by Wintermute and Halsey Engineers.
MI SCELL ANDOLICE	
	None.

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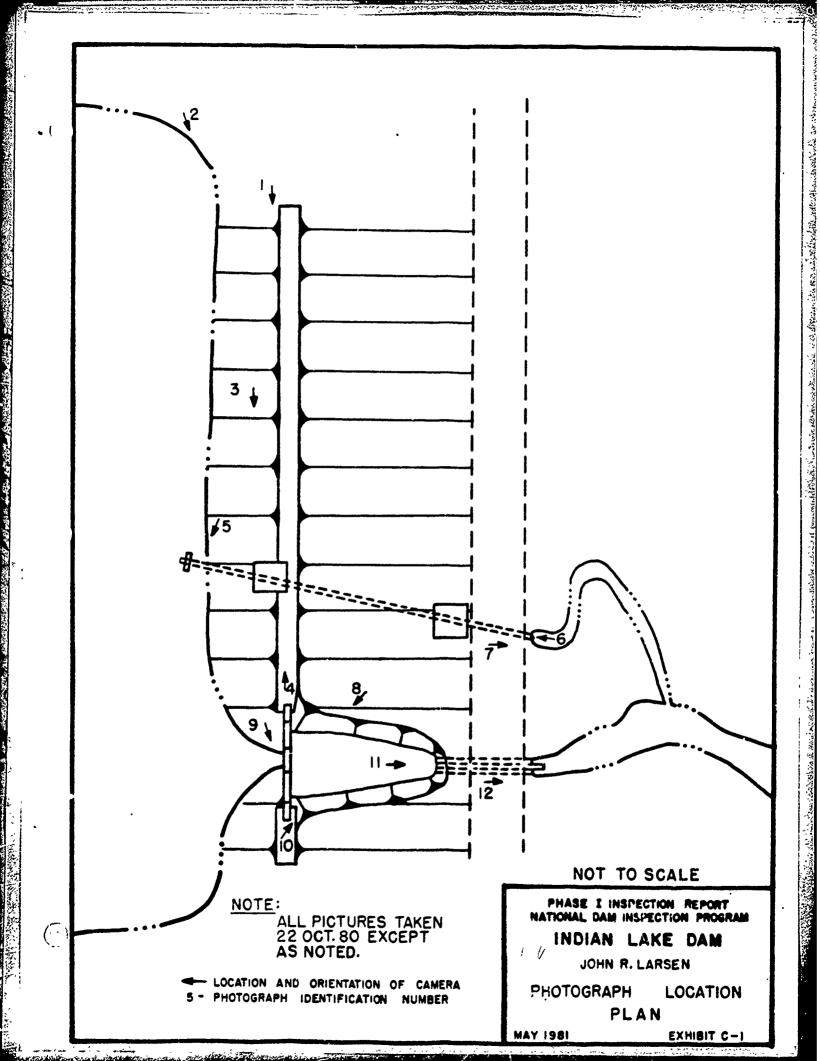
APPENDIX C

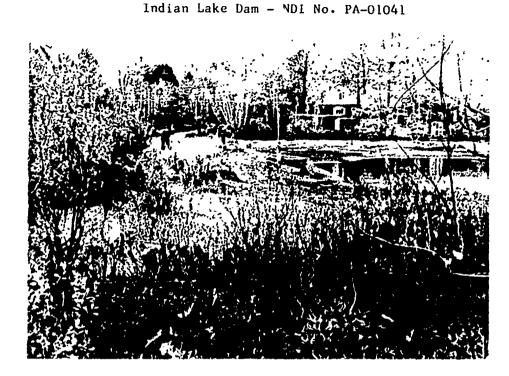
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PHOTOGRAPHS





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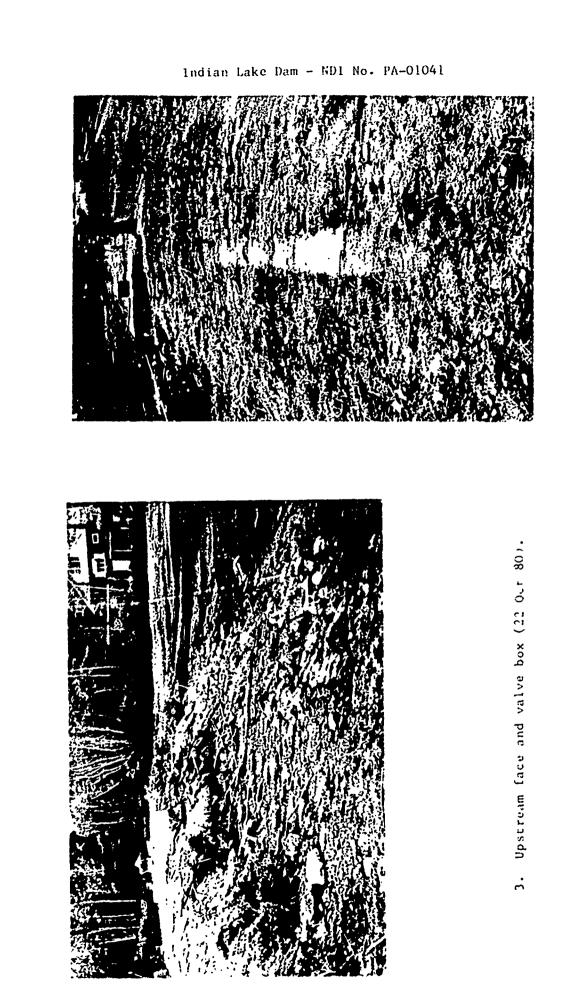
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1. Crest and upstream face (22 Oct 80).



2. Upstream face (10 Mar 81).



 Top of corewall and valve box (22.0ct 80).

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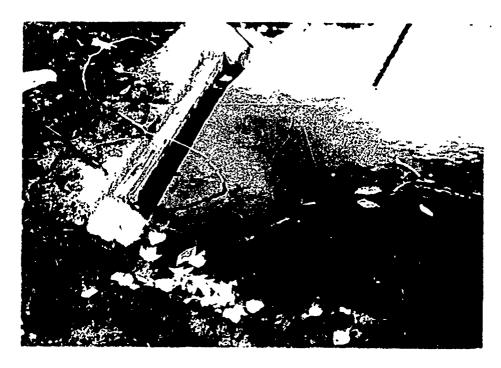
Indian Lake Dam - NDI No. PA-Olu41

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5. Outlet works intake structure (22 Oct 80).



6. Discharge of outlet works conduit (22 Oct 80).

Indian Lake Dam - NDI No. PA-01041



7. Outlet works discharge channel (22 Oct 80).

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8. Spillway crest (10 Mar 81).



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9. Earthfill upstream of spillway crest (10 Mar 81).



 Spillway discharge channel immediately downstream of weir (10 Mar 81).

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11. Pipes in spillway discharge channel (10 Mar 81).



12. Spillway discharge channel downstream of road (10 Mar 81).





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13. Looking upstream at hazard located immediately upstream of PA Route 115.

APPENDIX D

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HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

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PREFACE

The modified HEC-1 program is capable of performing two basic types of hydrologic analyses: 1) the evaluation of the overtopping potential of the dam; and 2) the estimation of the downstream hydrologic-hydraulic consequences resulting from assumed structural failures of the dam. Briefly, the computational procedures typically used in the dam overtopping analysis are as follows:

a. Development of an inflow hydrograph(s) to the reservoir.

b. Routing of the inflow hydrograph(s) through the reservoir to determine if the event(s) analyzed would overtop the dam.

c. Routing of the outflow hydrograph(s) from the reservoir to desired downstream locations. The results provide the peak discharge(s), time(s) of the peak discharge(s), and the maximum stage(s) of each routed hydrograph at the downstream end of each reach.

The evaluation of the hydrologic-hydraulic consequence resulting from an assumed structural failure (breach) of the dam is typically performed as shown below.

a. Development of an inflow hydrograph(s) to the reservoir.

b. Routing of the inflow hydrograph(s) through the reservoir.

c. Development of a failure hydrograph(s) based on specified breach criteria and normal reservoir outflow.

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d. Routing of the failure hydrograph(s) to desired downstream locations. The results provide estimates of the peak discharge(s), time(s) to peak and maximum water surface elevations of failure hydrographs for each location.

D-1

NORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS	PAGE
ITATIONS INDIAN LAKE DAM	SHEET OF SHEETS
UTED BY MPB CHECKED BY	DATE 2-18-81
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JAM CLASSIFICATION:	
SIZE OF DAM - SMALL	· · · · · · · · ·
HAZARD - SKINIFICANT	
REQUIRED SDF - 100 YEAR FL	OD TO YZAHF
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DAM STATISTICS:	
	9.4 FEET
	_240 AL-FT.
STORAGE AT TOP OF DAM -	
DRAWAGE AREA ABOUE DAMSITE -	0.61 mc
ELEVATIONS: (MSL)	
TOP OF DAM LOW POINT (FIELD) -	1876.2
NORMAL POOL -	1875.5 (RECEDITY RANSE PO.
STREAMBED AT CENTERLINE OF DAM	
SPILLWAY CREST DESKN	- 1874.0 (TOP OF CORE WALL)
OUTLET WORKS . EXISTING	- 1875.5 (TOP OF TELEPHONE)
INVERT	1847.7
OUTLET	- 1866.8
WARE RADI DARAMETOC	a a an
HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS:	
RIVER BASIN - DELA-WARE	RIVER BASIN
ZONE - 2	
. Synder Coefficients	
Cp - 0.45	
$C_{\pm} = 2.10$	
MEASURED PARAMETERS :*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	TERCOURSE, Mi L=0.74 mi
LA = LENGTH OF LONGEST W	ATERCOURSE TO ASIN, mi LeA = 05mi
CENTROID OF THE B	ASIN, Mi that =000mi
+ FROM U.S.G.S. QUAD SHEET, PLEAS 71/2 MINUTE SERIES	ANT VIEW SUMMIT PA.

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MADB FORM 1232, 28 MAR 74

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BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS PAGE DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS INDIAN LAKE DAM! COMPUTATIONS ... SHEET _____ OF <u>yr</u>B DATE 2-18-81 COMPUTED BY_ CHECKED BY NOTE: ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO U.S.G.S. QUAD SHEET ENTITLED DEASANT VIEW SUMMIT, PA. ELEVATION GIVEN ON QUAD SHEET ASSUMES TO BE SPILLWAY CREST - TOP OF COREWALL ELEVATION" 1874.0: to = SYNDERS BASIN LAGTIME TO PEAK IN HOURS NOTE: SINCE THE CENTROID IS IN THE LARE, THE FOLLOWING EQUATION WILL BE USED TO COMPUTE THE BASIN LAG. to + C+ (L') ac where E= tongest wATEACOURSE LEWETH INTO RESERVOIR Ep = 2.10 (0.30 you = 1.02 Hours L' = 1600 FT. = 0.30 miles NOTE: NORMAL POOL RAISED FROM 1874 TO 1875.5 IN DEC-80 TO MAR &. RESERVOIR CAPACITY: -SURFACE AREA AT ELEVATION 1874.0 -31 ACRES - SURFACE AREA AT ELEVATION 1880 - 43 ACRES (PLAINMETERED VALUES) ASSOME CONKAL METHOD APPLIES TO FIND LOW POINT IN POOL BELOW ELEVATION 1874. V= BAH + H= SV = = 3(MD REAT 190 AC FT FROM PENNIDER FILE : ZERO STORAGE AT ELEVATION - 1855.60 JENTION - FEET ADUE ASL 1090 ROC FOR FLOOD ROUTING PURPOSES ASSUME THE AVERAGE END 1870 AREA METHOD IS SUITHBLE TO ELEVATIONS ABOUE 1874.0 1232, 28 MAR AND 1860 $AV = (A_1 + A_2)AH$ 1850 15 20 20 50 60 AREA IN ACRES

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SUBJECT		LAKE DAM	······	2	
COMPUTATIONS _		- mine 134m	·	SHEETOF	SHEETS
COMPUTED BY_	MB	CHECKED BY		DATE2-20-81	
<u> </u>	LEVATION -	STORAGE TAB	<u>E:</u> :	* INCREMENTAL	COMULATION
	ELEVATION	AREA	АН	VOLUME AV = (A,+Az) AH -	- KOLUME
	(MS2.)	(12)	(f+)	(AC-PT)	(AC-PT)
	1855.60			مربعه مربعه مربع مربع مربع مربع مربع مربع مربع مربع 	0
	1874.00	3/	~ .	190	190,0
	1875.50 (M	MULPAN) 32	15	.47.3	237.3
	1876.00	34	1.0	93. O · ·	270.3
 	1877.00	36	1.0	<u>85.0</u>	305.3
· • • • ·	1878.00	38	1.0	37.0	342.3
	1879.00	40	· †.0		381.3
	1880.00	43	1.0	44.5	422.8
		BR VALUES ABOU SE AREA ABOU			
		se area abou	edan 1	5 0.27 m2 ²	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVATION	edan 1	S 0.27 m2 ² Rouwbed StorAge	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVATION (MSL)	edan 1	S 0.27 m2 ² Rounded Storage (AC-FT)	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60	edan 1	S 0.27 m2 ² Rounded Storage (AC-FT) 0	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0	E DAM 1	S 0.27 m2 ² Rouwbed StorAGE (AC-FT) 0 190	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM)	E DAM 1	S 0.27 m2 ² ROUNDED STORAGE (AC-FT) 0 190 240	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM/ 1876.0	E DAM 1	S 0.27 m2 ² Rounded Storage (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM) 1876.0 1877.0	E DAM 1	S 0.27 m2 ² ROUNDED STORAGE (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM) 1876.0 1877.0 1878.0	E DAM 1	S 0.27 m2 ² ROUNDED STORAGE (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM/ 1876.0 1877.0 1878.0 1878.0 1879.0	E DAM 1	S 0.27 m2 ² Rounded STORAGE (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340 380	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM) 1876.0 1877.0 1878.0	E DAM 1	S 0.27 m2 ² ROUNDED STORAGE (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340	
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		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM/ 1876.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0	E DAM 19	S 0.27 mi ² Rounded Storage (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340 380 420	
		SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM/ 1876.0 1877.0 1878.0 1878.0 1879.0	E DAM 19	S 0.27 m2 ² Rounded STORAGE (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340 380	
	TE : DRAINA	SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM) 1876.0 1876.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1876.2 (700)	E DAM 19	S 0.27 mi ² Rounded Storage (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340 380 420	
	TE : DRAINA	SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM/ 1876.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0	E DAM 19	S 0.27 mi ² Rounded Storage (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340 380 420	
	TE : DRAINA	SE AREA ABOU ELEVIATION (MSL) 1855.60 1874.0 1875.5 (NORM) 1876.0 1876.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1878.0 1876.2 (700)	E DAM 19	S 0.27 mi ² Rounded Storage (AC-FT) 0 190 240 270 310 340 380 420	

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BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS SUBJECT. INDIAN LAKE DAM 4 or_ COMPUTATIONS . SHEET_ SHEETS grB DATE 2-18-81 COMPUTED BY____ CHECKED BY SDF: BASED ON THE SMALL HEIGHT OF SAM AND THE SMALL STORAGE, THE SAF SELECTED FOR THIS ---PORD WAS THE 100 YEAR FLOOD. THIS IS TO ACCORDANCE WITH THE GUIDENCE PROVIDED USE SDF = 100 YEAR FLOOD PMP CALCULATIONS : SINCE THE SAF SELECTED FOR THIS POND HAS BEEN THE 100 YEAR FLOOD, NO CALCULATIONS ARE NEC-ESSARY TO COMPUTE THE PROBABLE MAXIMUM_ PRECIPATATION (PMF) OR PROBALE MAXIMUM FLOODING.

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NADB FORM I232, 28 MAR

	CT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS	PAGE
SUSJECT	AM SAFETY ANALYSIS	······
OMPUTATIONS	INDIAN LAKE DAM	SHEET OF SHEETS
COMPUTED BY	CHECKED BY	DATE 3-6-81
	•	9
رع	MERGENCY SPILLWAY CAPACITY :	· · · · · · · · · · ·
	SPILLWAY IS LOCATED IN RIGHT	PORTION OF NAM. SEE
	FIELD SKETCH IN APPENDIX A, E	
	TRAPEZOIDAL SHAPED SPILLINA	
	CONFIGURATION IMMEDIATELY E	
	AROUIDED ON THE FOLLOWING 7	
	BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF TI	
	DEUELOP THE SPILLWAY RATTN	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		-
	SPILLWAY DATA :	
	TYPE - TRAPEZODAL SHAPE	S
	LENGTH - BOTTOM - 35 FEE	T, TOP-52 FEET
	CREST ELEVATION - AU. ~ 12	• •
	LOW POINT TOP OF DAM - 1870	6.2
	SPILLWAY FREEBOARD - 0.	7 FEET
	C VALUE -	FOR SPILLWAY - 2.85
		FOR EMBANKMENT-2.85
	· · · · · · · · ·	
		FOR DOWNSTREAM - 2.85
	ADTE: THESE C VALUES WILL	BE USED BASED ON LENGT
		PILLWAY 1.0 FEET, EMBANKHE
		KUES WILL BE HELD CONSTM
	POR ALL HEADS.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	SPILLWAY SKETCH IS ON FOLLOW	VALC PACE
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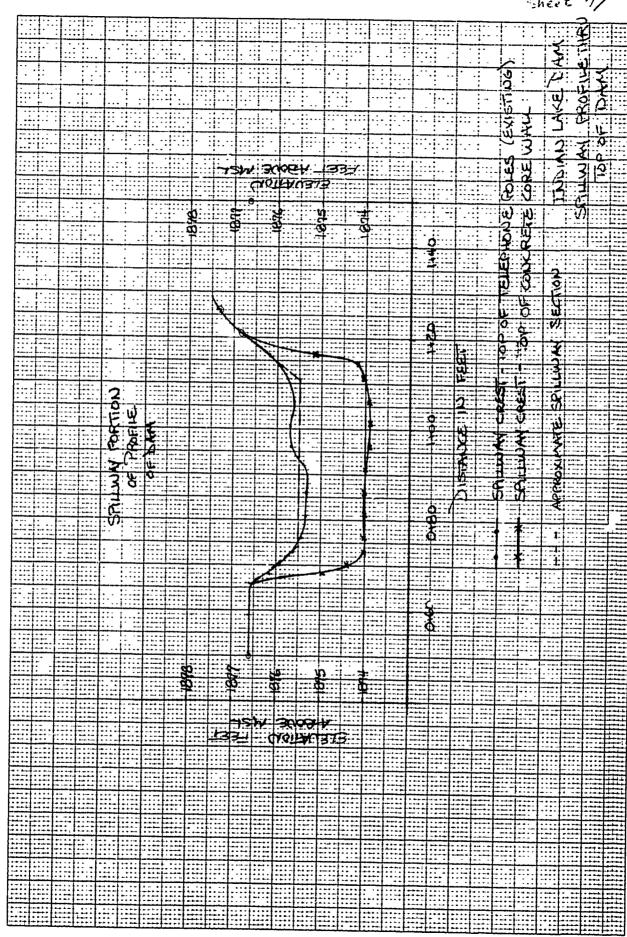
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SALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS DAMI SAFETY ANALYSIS SUBJECT. INDIAN LAKE DAM COMPUTATIONS . SHEETS DATE 3-12-81 APB. ___ CHECKED BY_ COMPUTED BY___ TRAPEZOIDAL SHAPED :: SALLWAY BEHAVES AS A BROAD CRESTED WERE. THIS DISCHARGE CAN BE ESTIMATED AS Q=Q 4, Hos where: C=2.85 L = TOP WIDTH 145 = LOEIGHTED HE SEE EMBANKHENT RATTOG CURVE FOR BETTER DEFIDITIONS. \odot RESERVOR TAX. REMENTAL TAXAEMENTAL TOM HEAD & TOP WIDTHS ELEVATION ROW AREA FOUND HIS CA 4 MEAD, HE ha (MSL) Az (PT=) (C4=) (A) (Ar) (PT) (\mathcal{H}) - 0 1875.5 35 _ ~ 1815.7 39 35 0.2 7.4 0.19 9: 7.4 43 8.2 ···· 15.6 -0.36 24 1875.9 -39 8.9 --- 24.5 0.53 5 46 43 1876.1 50. 34.0 0.69 80 49 46 9.5 1876.3 0:2 49 ×44.0 0.85 116 52 10.D 1876.5 0:2 ----- 26.0 ----- 70,0 1.34 23 18.71.0 52 52 1878.0 52 . 52 ---- + 52.0 ---- +22.0 28+ 58 · · ·/io -52.0 174.0 3.34 90: 1879.0 1.0 52 52 226.0 43+ 134 52 52 52.0 1.0 1880.0 Ai = Hi [(L+L) 12] \bigcirc 405 = A./L, G = CL, 405 Ø 3 D-10

ALTIMORE DISTRICT, C	ORPS OF ENGINEERS		PAGE				
	1 SAFETY ANALYSIS		<u></u>				
OMPUTATIONS	WIGHN LAKE DAM	SHEET 10	OF SHEETS				
COMPUTED BY	PB CHECKED BY	DATE	DATE 3-12-87				
Re	SOLTS OF SPILLWAY RAT	NG:					
		Rouses	,				
	TOOL ELEVATION						
	(MSL)	<u> </u>	······				
	1875.5	· 0	م میں میں بیار ہور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور ا				
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	1877.0	230					
	1878.0	530					
	1879.0	910					
	1880.0	1340					
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NOW, COMPUTE THE FLOW THROUGH THE THREE PIPES PLUS OVER THE ROADWAY. THIS WILL ASSIST IN DEVELOPING THE BACKWATER EFFECTS OF THE ROADWAY IMAGENDARY DOUDSTREAM OF THE SPILLWAY.

ASSUME INLET CONTROL DOMINATES UNTIL FLOW BEGINS TO OVERTOP THE ROADWAY ENBANKMENT, -THEN OUTLET CONTROL WILL DOMINATE.

PIPE EXT INVERTS ARE AT ELEVATION 1871.3

D-11

FROM SKETCH, OVER PLIN ON THE ROADWAY BEGINS AT ELEVATION 1874.3. THEREFORE, ABOVE THIS ELEVATION ASSUME OUTLET CONTROL DOMINATES.

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BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS & F ENGINEERS PAGE . DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS INDIAN LAKE DAM OF COMPUTATIONS **MB** 3-12-81 COMPUTED BY DATE . CHECKED D 1-22" CAST JPON PIPE INLET CONTROL -2-25" CMP 20 FEET LONG FOR CAP ARE PROTECTING FROM FILL "He = 0.9 FOR CAST DRON PIPE PROTECTING FROM FILL KE = 0.5 HWS Ð (A/A) MON ELEV. 10TAL HW CMP 2-000 CAST SEDN CAST TRON (MSL) (Jas) (A) 22 = 1.834 2H"-ZA (CFS) (285) -...Ø 0 1872,3 0.7 10 0.38 1873.0 6.35 E 3 27 1.7 0.93 0.85 9 18 1874.0 18743 (Read) 2.0 12 36 1.09 1.00 24 49 1.48 2.7 1.35 17 32 1875.0 3.7 2.02 66 1.85 1876.0 22 NOTE TO N UNDE FOR CAST JODN APE (ADEMAL) ~ D.013 " IS DERY CLOSE TO CONCRETE PIPE M= 0.012 ... USE CONCRETE DATA PIPE VALUES ON CAST IROD PIPE. OD SEE CHARTS 215 IN THIS APPENDIK FOR THESE VALUES. TTAKEN FROM HYDRAULIC CHARTS FOR SELECTION OF HIGHWAY CULVERS U.S. SEAT. OF COMMERCE, BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS DEC. 1965 SEE PAGES 1-25 1 -26 NOW, COMPUTE OUTLET CONTROL- ASSUME TAILWATER IS HIGH ENOUGH TO SUBMERGE ALL 3 CULVERTS. ENTRACE EL. PIPE MATERIAL LENGTH OUTLET EL. SLOPE. 1871.30 0045 A/A CAST JRON 22.5 AT. 1872.30 0.045 A/A CMP 1872.30 1871.40 20PT. I. TW MUST AT LEAST AT ELEVATION 1873.40 E- VALUE A=0.013 FROM PAGE 110 OF OPEN CHANNEL HYDRAULICS, YEN CHOW, MCGANWHELL NEWYORK, NY, 1959. D-12 and the second second

BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS PAGE DAM SAFETY AWALYSIS SUBJECT. INDIAN LAKE DAM SHEET 12 OF _ SHEETS COMPUTATIONS YB. 3-12-81 CHECKED BY DATE COMPUTED BY__ Ke= 29 Ke= 0,5 L= 20 PT WILET CONTROL: CAP L= 20 Pr. CAST TRON (SEE CONCERE BARA) 1= 22.5 M. POOL ELEUATION - 🔿 _` 🕭 Ð TANWATER TOTAL H ELEN 2-CMP CAST TRUN (MSL) (MSL) (FT) (CFS) (IS) (cfs) 1873.4 45 0.9 30 15 1874.3 6 1.6 40 20 ** 1875.0 1873.4 - 18 ----2,6 26 1873.4 52 18760 60 30 90 1873.4 3.6 1877.0 +873.4 4.6 68 34 102 1878.0 38 5.6 1873.4 74 1879.0 42 122 6.6 1875.4 80 1800.0 SUBMERGED OUTLET CONDUITS FLOWING FULL @ See CHARTS IN THIS APPENINK, PAGES A-29, - D-28 NOTE: JULET AND OUTLET CONTEOL ARE ALMOST IDENTION AT ELENATION 1874.3 ELENATION 1875.0 - 56 cms vs. 57 cms - 67 cms vs. 68 cms. AUD 3-PIPE RATING CURVE : DISCHARGE WATER SURFACE ELEVATION CFS (MSL) 0 1872.3 1873.0 10 1874.0 27 45 18743 60 1875.0 1876.0 18 MADB FORM 1232, 28 MAR 1577.0 90 1878.0 102 112 1879.0 1880.0 122 D-13

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		-	(MSL)			
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			1876.0		131	··· ···· • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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WATER SURFACE ELEN (MSL)	L, CPT)	1-2 (FT)	Tax demeaning	Tackemaan From Hern 		() WEAL ATTED Q HEAD No (CFS) (FT), (FT)
1874.3	0			****	• فلقيو. چيريون و ديريد پريون پريون	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1875.0	95	0	0.7	533	33.3	0.35 56
1876.0	131	95	1.0 .	.#3.0 .	146.3 -	
1877.0	160	13/	1.0	145.5	291.8	+.82 /+/9
1878.0	160	160	1.0	160.0	451.8	2.82 - 2159
1879.0	160	160	1.0	160.0	611.8	·· 3.82 · 3404
1880.0	160	160	1.0	H60.0	771,8	4.82 - 4825
0 - Ai	$= H_i \Box $ $= A_{T_i}$ $C L_i H_i$	L,+L=)/ /L. Jh.	2]	recall	C= 2.85	

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COMPUTATIONS TRUDIAD LAKE DAM	PAGE	BALTINORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS SUBJECT
ROADWAY & PIPE RATINE CURVE WATER SURFACE 371PES ROADWAY TOTAL ELEWATION (CPS) (CPS)	4	The second second
WATER SUPERICE 3717ES ROADWAY HOTTIC ELEVATION (CPS) (CPS)	DATE 3-12-87	COMPUTED BY CHECK
ELEWATION (MSL) (CPS) (CPS) (CPS)	TNE CURVE	ROADWAY & PIPE
	377PES	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
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	0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1872. 3
1873.0 10 10 10	10 10 10 10	
1874.0 27	27 0 27	
1874.3 45 0 45	45 0 45	1874.3
1875.0 60 56 ++6	60 56 ++6	
1876.0 78 436 514	78 436 5+4	
1877.0 90 1119	90 1119 1209	
1878.0 102 2159 2261	102 2159 2261	
1879.0 112 3404 3516	12 3404 3516	
1880.0 122 4825 4947	22 4825 4947	

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** ** *** * * **

NOW, DETERMINE THE POOLELEVATION OF OF TUDIAN LAKE VS. THE OUTET CAPACITY OF THE SPILLINAY OR DOUDSTREAM ROADWAY.

BOL ELEVATION (MSL)	SPILLWANJ OUTFLOW (CFS)	POADWAY \$3 PIPE (OUTFLOW (CPS) (4
1875.5	0	350
1815.7	10	420 1
1875.9	30	480 9
18 Ha, 1	50	580 5
1876.3	80	9 750 8
i876.5	120	86012
1877.0	230	1209 23
1878.0	530	2261
1879.0	910	3516 91
1880.0	1340	4947 134

Since rotauty is Lower THAN SPILLWAY, IT CAN DISCHARGE ANCH MORE AT THE SAME ELEVATION THEN THE SPILLWAY. D-15

MADB FOMI 1232, 28 MAR 74

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	ETY ANALYSIS	
MPUTATIONS	MAN LAKE DAM	SHEET 15 OF SHEETS
MPUTED BY	CHECKED BY	DATE 3-6-81
U		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EMBANK	MENT RATING CURVE :	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
77	HIS ANALYSIS ASSUMES ~	THAT THE EMBANKMENT BEHAVE
A	AS A BROAD CRESTED W	EIR IF OVERTOPPING OCCURS.T
2	USCHARGE CAN BE EST	MATED BY :
	$Q = CLH_{W}$	3/2 ·
	$\varphi = C + H \omega$	an an anna an
	WHERE:	
	Q= DiscHAA	RGE OVER EMBANKHENT IN ZAS
	L, =LENGT,	4 OF EMBANKMENT, FT.
	Hur= WEIG	HTED HEAD, IN FEET, AVERAGE
		AREA WEIGHTED ABOVE LOW PC
	OF DA	M
	C = COEFF	FICIENT OF DISCHARGE
		·
LENGTH	I OF EMBANKHENT INN	UNDATED
	I OF EMBANKHENT INN VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT	
	-	
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT	EMBANKMENT LEVOTH
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT	<u>10N :</u>
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL)	EMBANKMENT LEVOTH
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION 	<u>ION:</u> EMBAWKMENT LENGTH <u>(PT)</u>
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0	10Ν: ΕΜΒΑΝΚΜΕΝΤ ΙΕΝΟΓΗ (PT) 248
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0 1878.0	10Ν: ΕΜΒΑ₩ΚΜΕΝΤ ΙΕΝΟΤΗ (PT) 0 248 348 348
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0 1878.0 1879.0	10Ν: ΕΜΒΑΝΚΜΕΝΤ ΙΕΝΟΓΗ (PT) 248
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0 1878.0	<u>10Ν</u> : ΕΗΒΑΝΚΜΕΝΤ ΙΕΝΟΤΗ <u>(PT)</u> 0 248 348 348 348
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0 1878.0 1879.0 1880.0	<u>ΙΟΛ</u> : <u>ΕΜΒΑ₩ΚΜΕΝΤ ΙΕΝΟΤΗ</u> <u>(PT)</u> 0
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVATION RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0 1878.0 1879.0 1880.0 EE EXHIBIT A-2, AP	<u>ΙΟΛ</u> : <u>ΕΜΒΑ₩ΚΜΕΝΤ ΙΕΝΟΤΗ</u> <u>(PT)</u> 0
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0 1878.0 1879.0 1880.0	<u>ΙΟΛ</u> : <u>ΕΜΒΑ₩ΚΜΕΝΤ ΙΕΝΟΤΗ</u> <u>(PT)</u> 0
	VS. RESERVOIR ELEVAT RESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL) 1876.2 1877.0 1878.0 1879.0 1880.0 EE EXHIBIT A-2, AP OF TOP OF DAM.	<u>EMBAWKMENT LENGTH</u> <u>(PT)</u> <u>248</u> 348 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 558 558 558 558 558 558 558 558 558
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1880.0	348	348	· 1.0 · ·	348.0	1093.2	13,14	5518
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BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS SUBJECT	PAGE
COMPUTATIONS INDIAN LAKE SAM	
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100 YEAR FLOOD ANALYSIS:

THE SELECTED SOF FOR INDIAN LAKE HAS BEEN THE 100 YEAR FLOOD. THIS IS BASED ON THE SIZE OF THE DAM AND THE HAZARD CATAGOREY OF THE DAM.

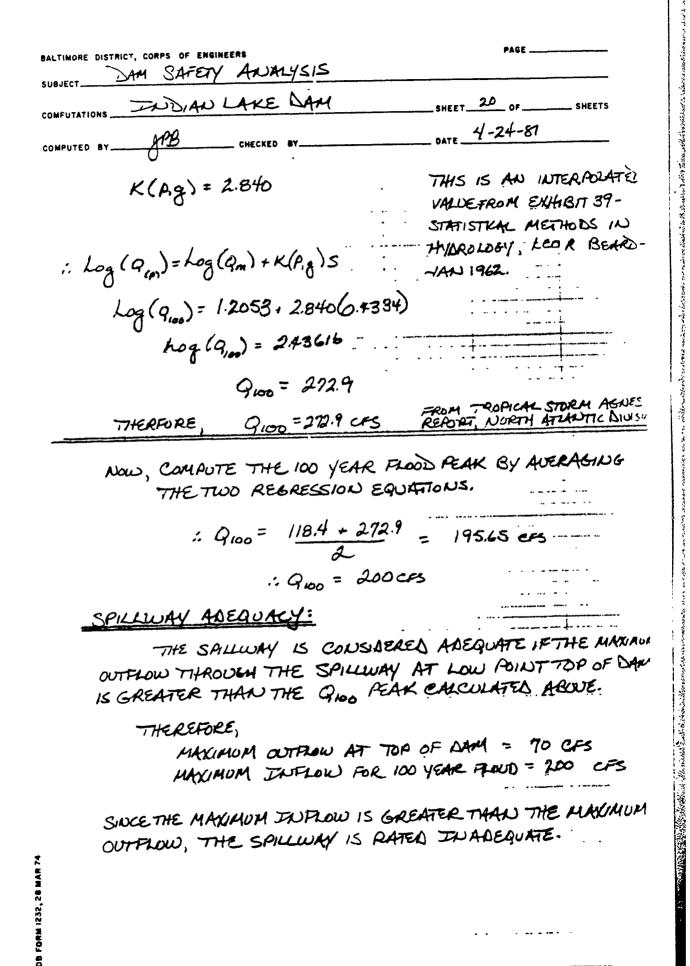
TO DEVELOP THE 100 YEAR FLOOD, TWO REGRESSION EQUATIONS WILL BE USED TO DETERMINE THE PEAK UNDE. THE AVERAGE OF THE TWO REGRESSION PEAKS WILL BE THE 100 YEAR FLOOD PEAK USED IN THIS ANALYSIS.

BULLENTIN 13 FLOOD PEAK: FROM PLATE I - INDIAN LAKE DAM IS IN REGION 5. : REGRESSION EQUATION 15 - $Q_{r} = cA^{x}F_{r}^{+}$ where: Q. = PEAK FLOW FOR RETORN PERIOD T. IN YEARS C = REGRESSION CONSTANT A = DRAINAGE AREA IN SQUARE MILLES X = REGRESSION COEFFICIENT P: = ANNUAL PRECIPITATION INDEX - AVERAGE ANNUAL EXCESS PRECIPITATION WHICH EQUALS AVERAGE AUNUAL PRECIPITATION MINUS ESTIMATED POTENTIAL ANNUAL ENDPOTRANSPIRATION A = REGRESSION COEFFICIENT FROM PLATE #2: AVERAGE ANNUAL PRECIPITATION = 40 JUCHE: TOTENTIAL 4. NUM EVAPORTRANSARATION = 25 : P== 40-25 = 15 TWLHES D-18

BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS BAGE DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS COMPUTATIONS INDIAN LAKE DAM SHEET 18 OF SHEETS ____ DATE ____4-24-81 COMPUTED BY _____ CHECKED BY _____ RECALL DRAINAGE AREA = 0.27 mil FOR 100 YEAR ANALYSIS : C = 42.2 $P_c = 15$ X = 0.751 $A = 0.27 \text{ mi}^2$ p = 6.744 T = 100 THEREFORE, QT = CA*P; # Que = 42.2 (0.27) 0.751 (15) 0.744 = 118.4 : Q100 = 118.4 CFS FROM BULLENTIN 13 NOW, COMPUTE THE 100 YEAR FLOOD PEAK FROM HYDROLOGIC STUD. TROPICAL STORM AGNES, WORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION, 1975 LOG(Qm) - Cm + 0.75 log(A) where: Cm = a map COEFICIENT FOR MEAN LOG OF ANNUAL peaks Qm = Geometric mean of ANNUAL FLOOD PEAKS, IN CFS A = DRAINAGE AREA IN SQUARE MILES

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BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS SUBJECT COMPUTATIONS INDIAN LAKE DAM ___ DATE _____3-3-81 COMPUTED BY APB _ CHECKED Log(Qm) = Cm + 0.87 log(A) recall A = 0.27 mi FROM FIGURE 2 Cm = 1.70 : Los(Qm) = 1.70 +0.87 log(0.27) -Log(Qm) = 1.2053 now, compute the standard deviation S= Cs - 0.05 log (A) S= standard deviation where : Cs = a. map coefficient for STANDARD DEVIATION FROM FIGURE 3 Cr = 0.405 S= 0.405 -0.05 log (0.27) S = 0.4334now, compute the 100 year FLOOD PEAK FROM THE FOLLOWING $Log(q_{ip}) = log(q_m) + K(P_g)S$ utare: log (Q4) = log of the annual flood pEAKS . FOR A GIVEN EXCEEDENCE FREDENCY log (qm) = mean logarithm of annual flood parts K(P,g) = STANDARD DEVIATE FOR A GIVEN EXCEPENCE FREQUENCY (P) AND SKEW COEFFICIENT (4) S = STANDARD DEVIATION, LOGS OF ANNUA PEAKS ... WE NEED TO HAVE THE SKEW COEFFICIENT, FROM FIGURES, g = 0.70 2-20



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BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENDINEERS DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS INDIAN LAKE DAM COMPUTATIONS ____ 4-2-81 MB COMPUTED BY CHECKED BY WITHET WORKS: THE OUTLET WORKS CONSIST OF A URSTREAM INTAKE, TO INA WAMERE VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE, AND AND OUTLET PIPE SUFFICIENTY FAR TWUNY TO LET INLET CONTROL DOHINATE. THEREFORE, THIS RATING CURVE WILL BE BASED ON AN INFET CONTROL FIPE. ASSUMINE N= 0.014 . SEE PAGE D-25 IN THIS APPENDIX FOR CHART. ASSUME THAT THIS CONCRETE PIPE CHART IS APPLICABLE ENTRANCE : SQUARE EAGE WITH HEADWALL 3=1.33 17 16" VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE Huy PODIL ELEVATION HW Q (#) (MSL) ······ (CFS) -----1867.7 0 O 1970.0 2.3 4.96 8 · - · · 5,247 · - · · · 1875.0 7.3 15 . . : 1876.2 8.5 . 6.39 . . . M 12.3 -1880:0 -9:25 D-24

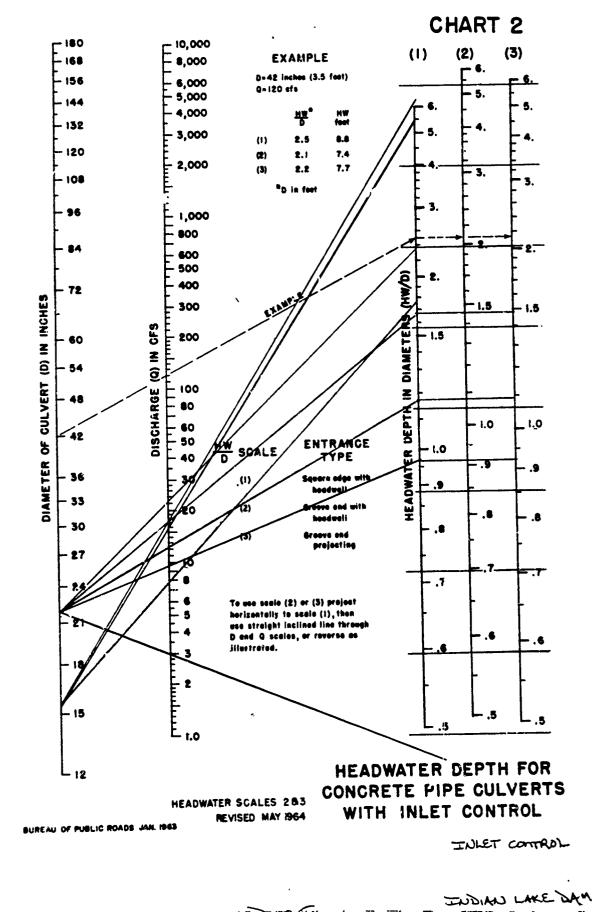
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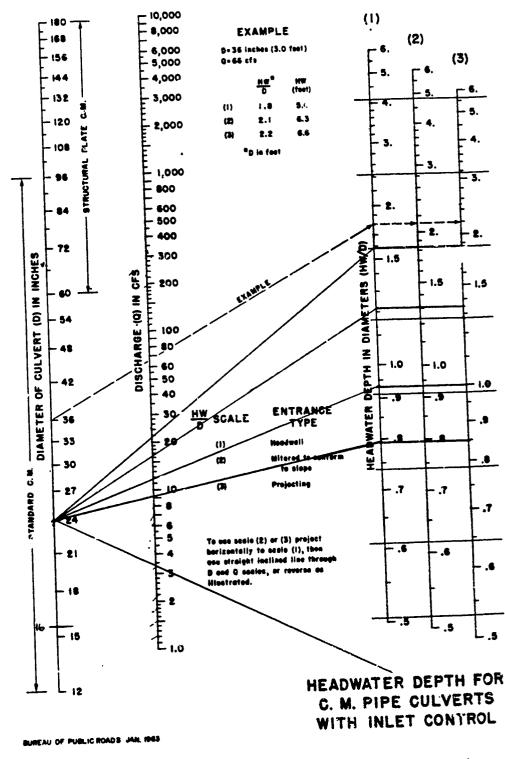
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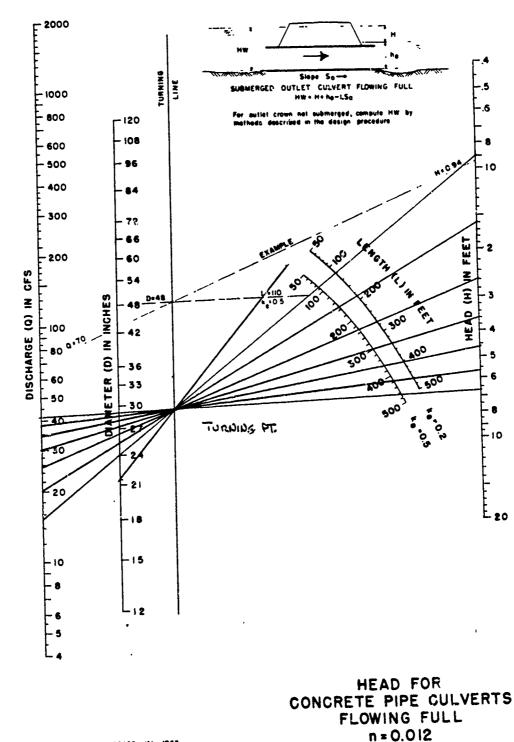
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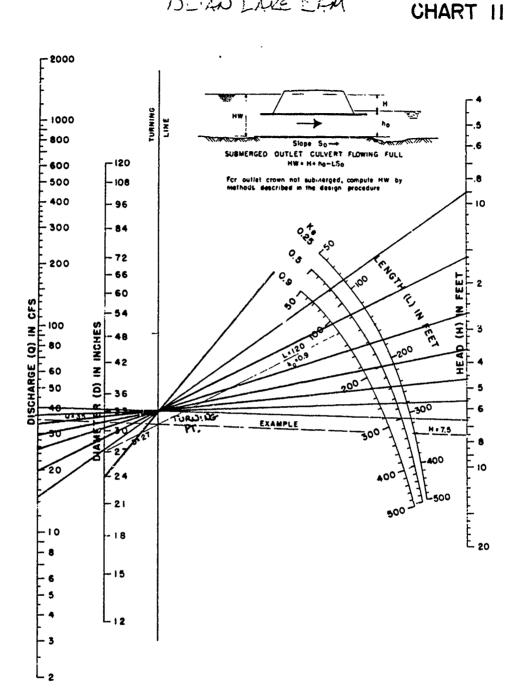
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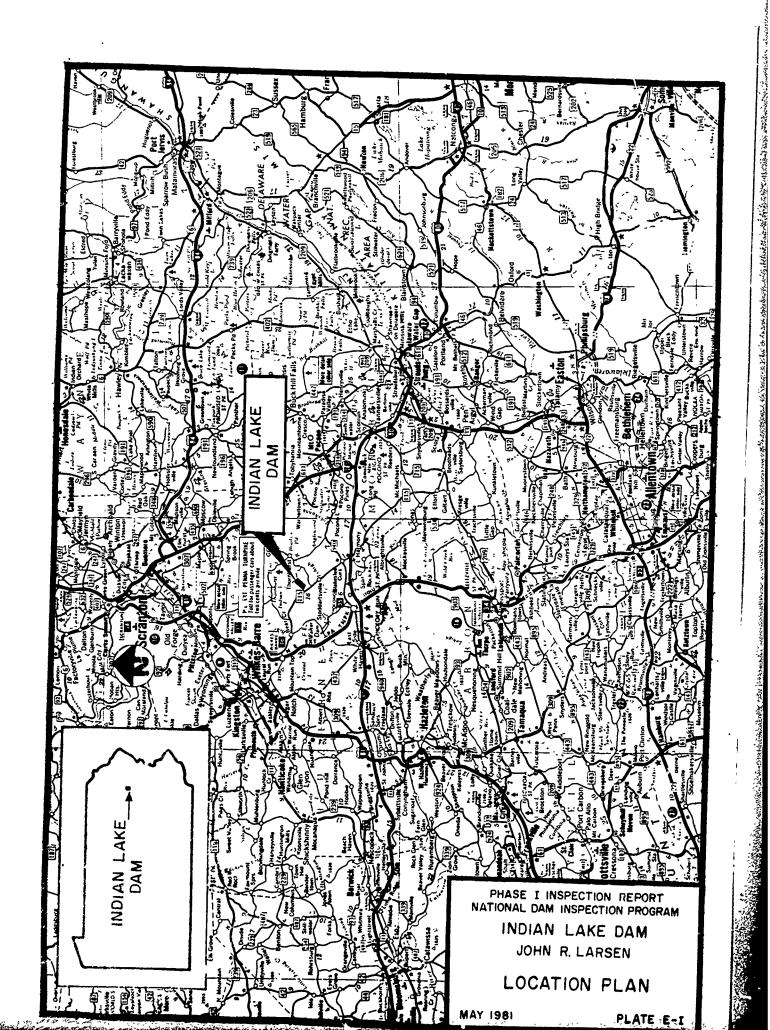
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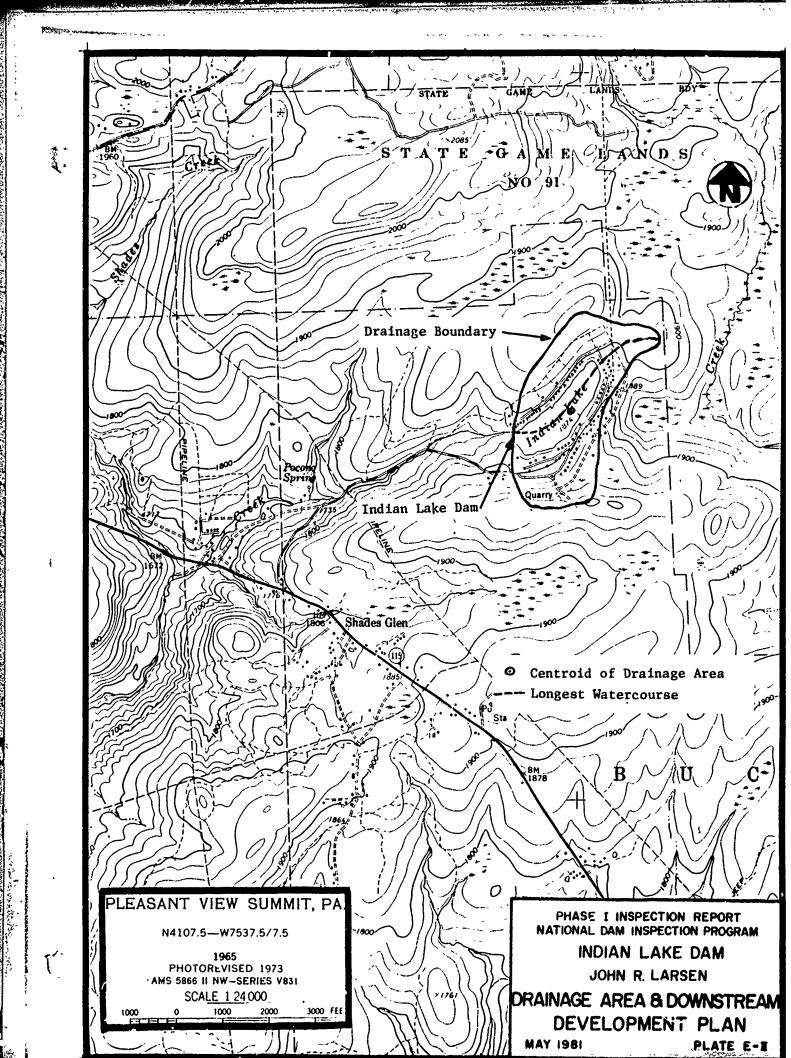
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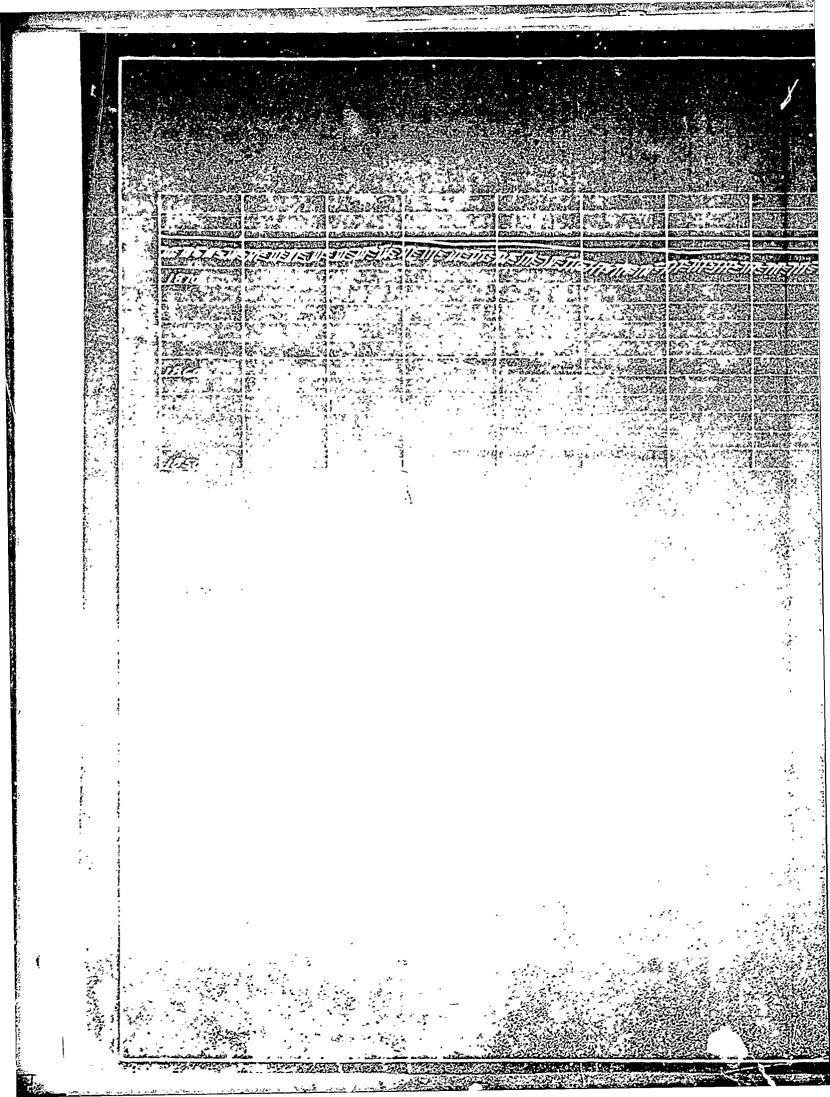
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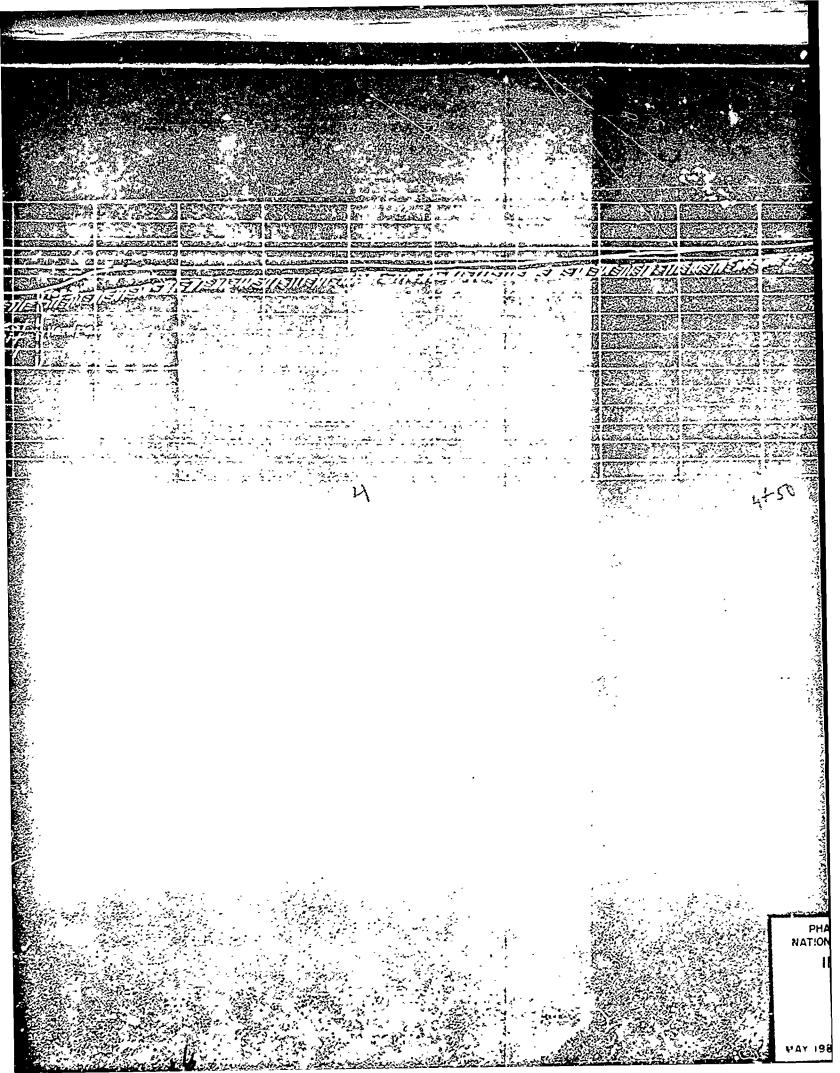
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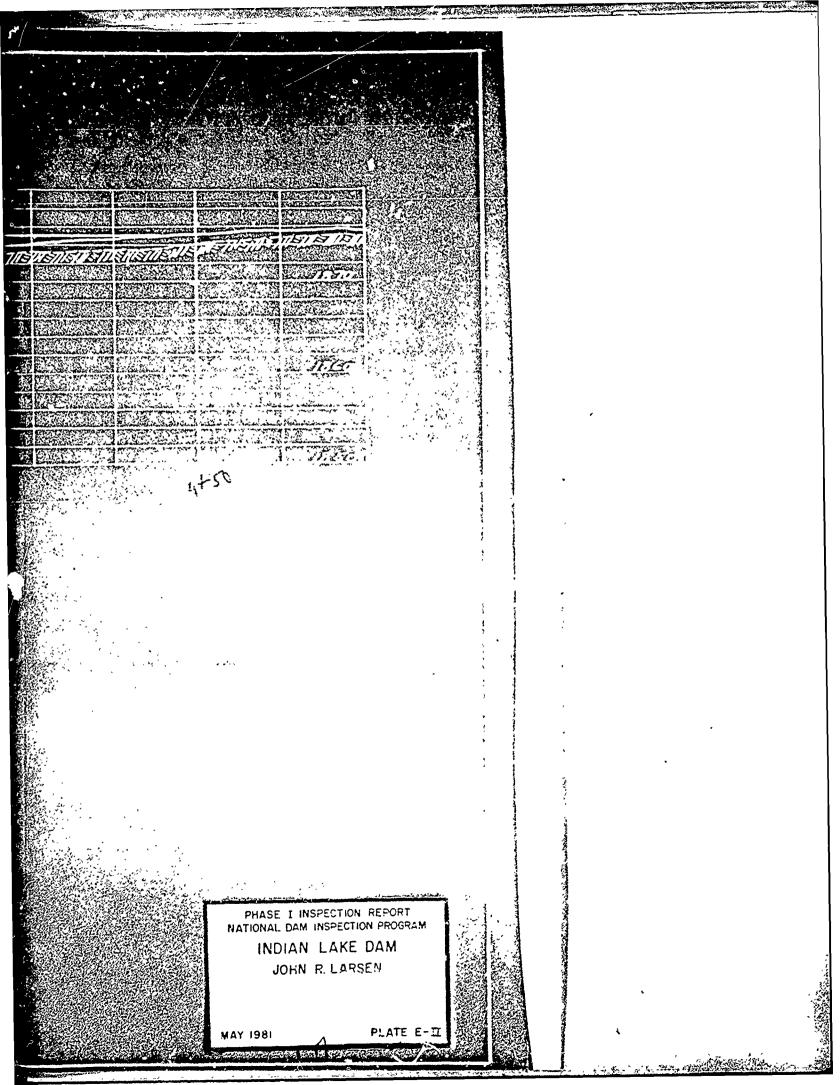
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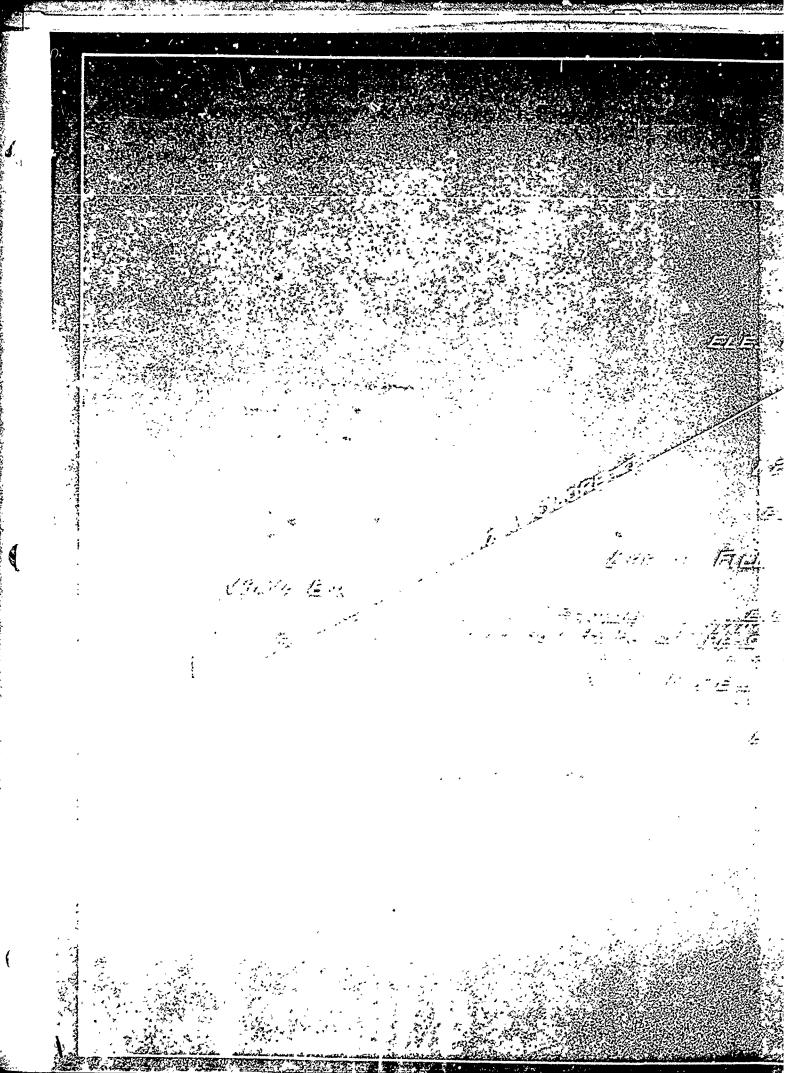
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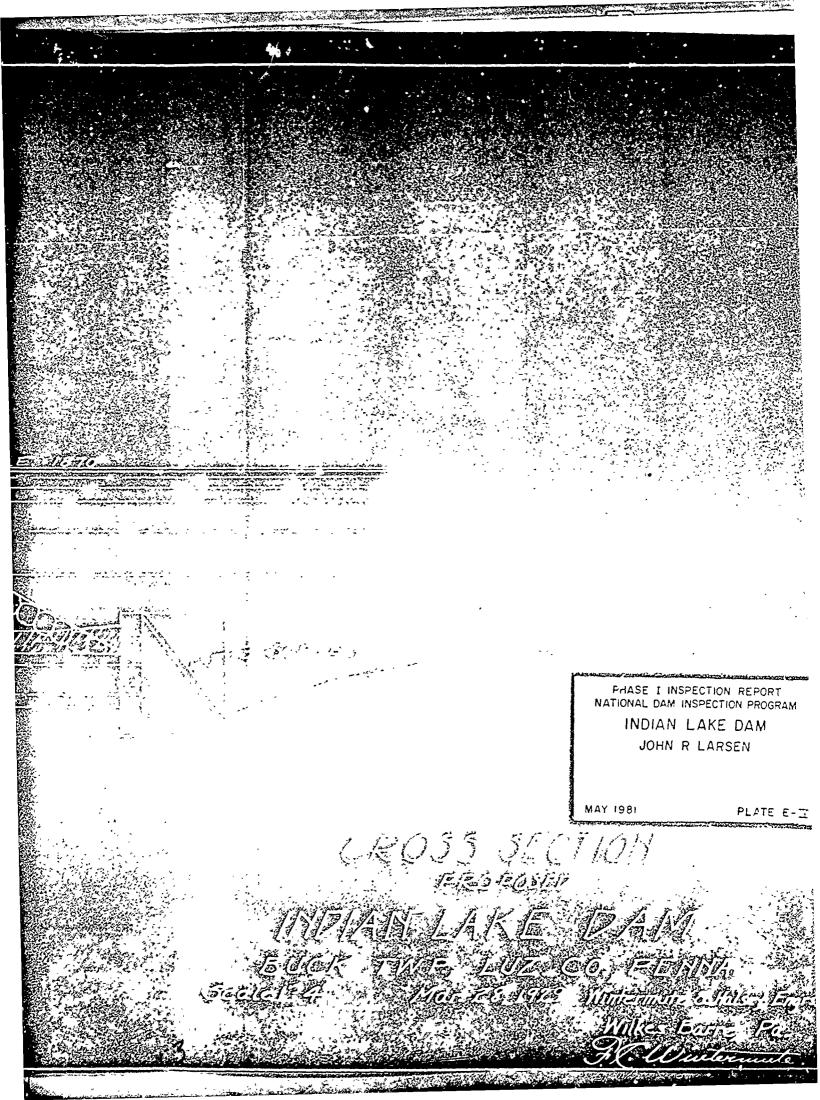
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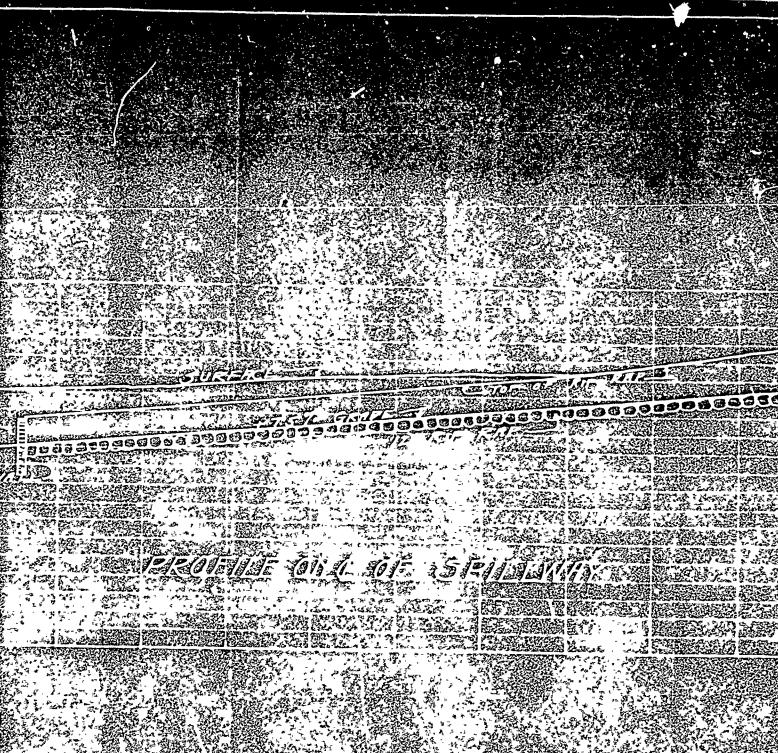
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UNDIAN LAKE DAM SUCK TWR LUZ CO, PENNA To Mar 28/929 WINTERMUTE & Halsey Engrs WILKES BATTE-Pa

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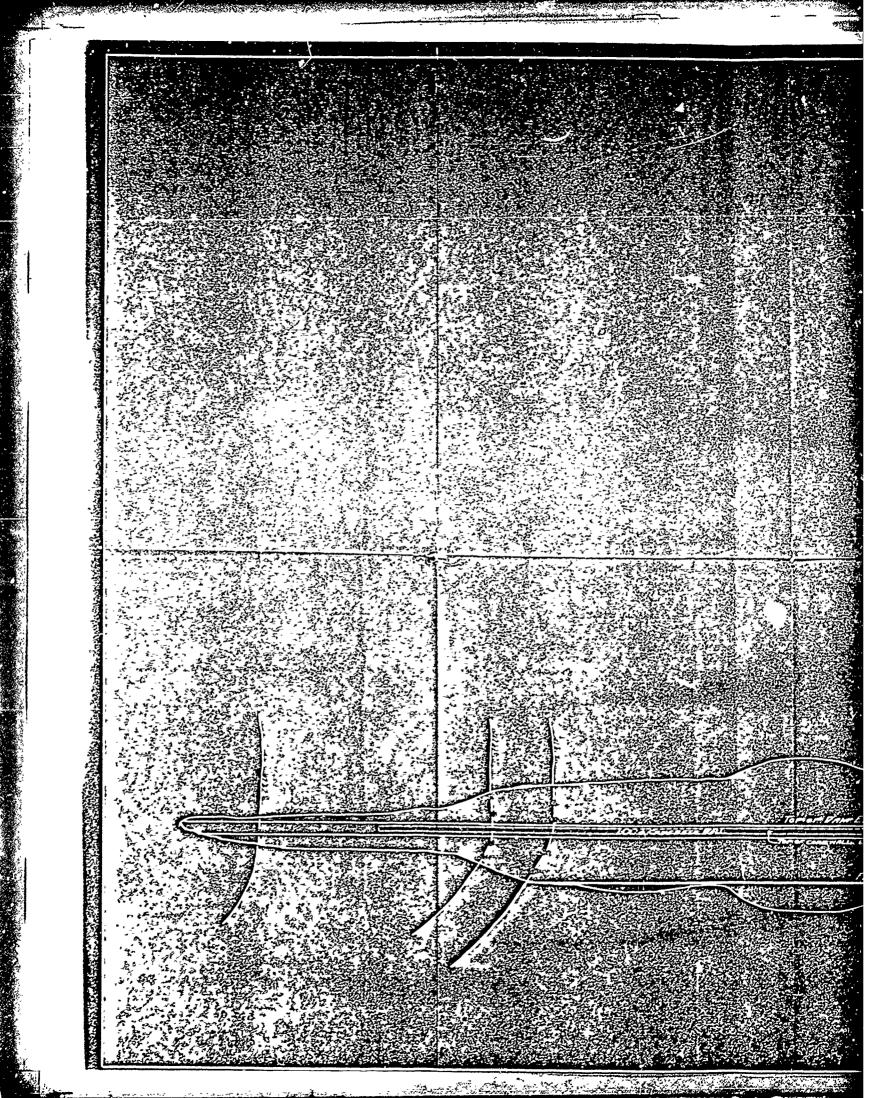
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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

INDIAN LAKE DAM JOHN R. LARSEN

WAY 1981

PLATE E-T





PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM INDIAN LAKE DAM JOHN R LARSEN MAY 1981 PLATE E-VI GENERAL PLAN P 12.

Sector States and

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APPENDIX A

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CHECKLIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

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GENERAL GEOLOGY

The bedrock at Indian Lake Dam is the Spechty Kopf Formation. This formation consists of fine to medium-grained, crossbedded sandstone, siltstone, and pebbly mudstone. There may be some Late Wisconsian drift, probably till, in the area. The drift is probably less than 2m thick and locally may be totally absent.

> Legend (Bedrock)

- Dcd <u>DUNCANNON MEMBER, CATSKILL FORMATION</u> Interbedded red and gray sandstone, red siltstone and red mudstone. The sandstone is fine and very-fine grained, silty, poorly sorted, micaceous, and locally conglomeratic.
- Mp <u>POCONO FORMATION</u> Light-gray to buff or light-olive-gray, mediumgrained, crossbedded sandstone and minor siltstone, commonly conglomeratic at base and in middle; medial conglomerate, where present, is used to divide into <u>Mount Carbon</u> and <u>Beckville Members</u>; equivalent to Burgoon Sandstone of Allegheny Plateau.
- MDsk <u>SPECHTY KOPF FORMATION</u> Light- to olive-gray, fine- to medium-grained, crossbedded sandstone, siltstone, and local polymictic diamictite, pebbly mudstone, and laminate; sometimes arranged in crude fining-upward cycles; locally has grayish-red shale near top and conglomerate at base and in middle.

