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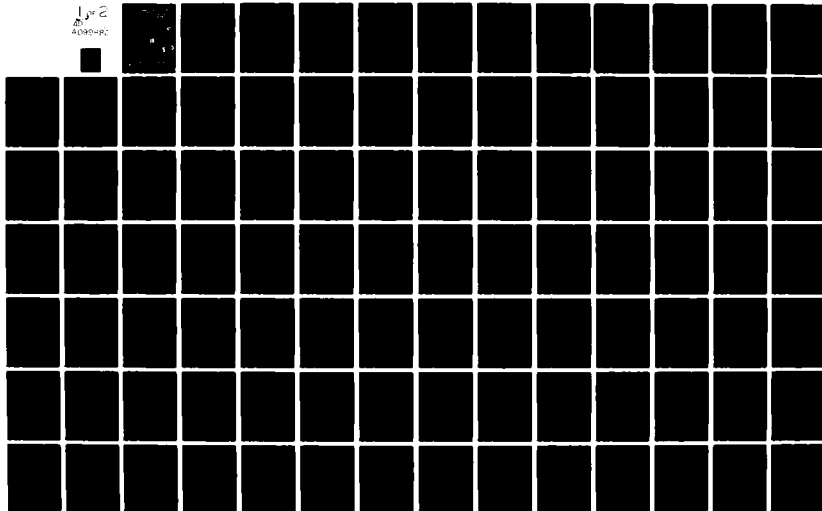
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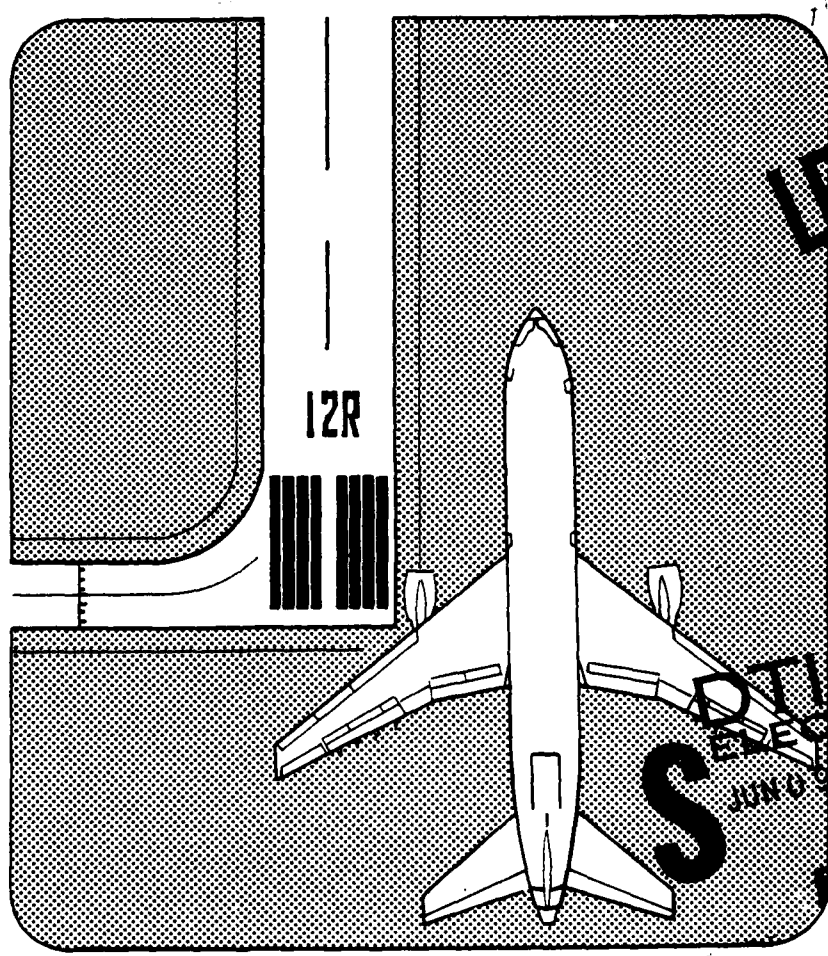


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# LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT DATA PACKAGE NO. 7.

## AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES.

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DOT-FA77WA-3961



### Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.

AUGUST 1980

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Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.

P.O. Box 8007  
San Francisco International Airport  
San Francisco, California 94128

(415) 347-9521

August 26, 1980

Mr. Michael M. Scott, ATF-4  
Federal Aviation Administration  
800 Independence Avenue, S.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20591

Re: St. Louis Data Packages No. 6 and No. 7

Dear Mike:

Enclosed are twenty-five copies of Data Packages No. 6 and No. 7 for Lambert-St. Louis International Airport. Data Package No. 6 presents the improvement benefit descriptions and summarizes the results of the delay analyses. All the supporting data for Data Package No. 6 are presented in Data Package No. 7.

The St. Louis Task Force should review both data packages during the meeting scheduled for August 28, 1980.

Sincerely,

Stephen L. M. Hockaday  
Manager

SLMH/db  
Enclosure

cc: Mr. J. R. Dupree (ALG-312) (w/o enclosure)  
Mr. M. J. Fischer (ACE-610)

|                    |                                     |
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LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

DATA PACKAGE NO. 7

Airport Improvement Task Force  
Delay Studies

Prepared by

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.  
San Francisco, California

August 1980

## CONTENTS

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Attachment A | EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN   |
| Attachment B | SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF ANNUAL DELAY MODEL EXPERIMENTS        |
| Attachment C | SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF AIRFIELD SIMULATION MODEL EXPERIMENTS |
| Attachment D | ASSUMPTIONS   |

Attachment A  
EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

REVISED DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENTS  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
Airport Improvement Task Force Delay Studies

| Experiment number | Model            | Arrival runways | Departure runways | Weather | Demand                  | ATC                  | Improvements       |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1                 | ASM <sup>a</sup> | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present <sup>b</sup> | Baseline           |
| 2                 | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 3                 | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR2    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 4                 | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 5                 | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 6                 | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR2    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 7                 | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 7a                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 8                 | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 6, 12R, 12L       | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 9                 | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 6, 12R, 12L       | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 10                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 6, 12R, 12L       | IFR2    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 11                | ASM              | 24              | 24                | IFR2    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 12                | ASM              | 12R, 12L, 17    | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 13                | ASM              | 12R, 12L, 17    | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 14                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 15                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 16                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 17                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 18                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 19a               | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 19                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 6, 12R, 12L       | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 20                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 6, 12R, 12L       | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 21                | ASM              | 12R, 12L, 17    | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 22                | ASM              | 12R, 12L, 17    | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 23                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 24                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 24a               | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 25                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 6, 12R, 12L       | IFR1    | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 26                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 27                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 28                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR2    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 29                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 30                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 31                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR2    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 32                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 33                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 6, 12R, 12L       | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 34                | ASM              | 12R, 12L, 17    | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Baseline           |
| 35                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 36                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 37                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 38                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 39                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 40                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L, 6       | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 41                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 42                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 43                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L, 6       | IFR1    | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 44                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Present              | Terminal Expansion |
| 45                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Increase Heavy Mix | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 46                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Increase Heavy Mix | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 47                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Increase Heavy Mix | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 48                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Decrease GA Mix    | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 49                | ASM              | 30R, 30L, 24    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Decrease GA Mix    | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 50                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1985 Decrease GA Mix    | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 51                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | VFR     | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 52                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 53                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L          | IFR2    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 54                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | VFR     | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 55                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 56                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR2    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 57                | ASM              | 24, 30R, 30L    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 58                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12R, 12L, 6       | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 59                | ASM              | 12R, 12L, 17    | 12R, 12L          | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 59a               | ASM              | 12R, 12L, 17    | 12R, 12L          | IFR2    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | A/F Development    |
| 60                | ASM              | 30R, 30L        | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 61                | ASM              | 24, 30R, 30L    | 30R, 30L          | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |
| 62                | ASM              | 12R, 12L        | 12L, 12L, 6       | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present              | LDA Approach       |

Table A-1 (Continued)

REVISED DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENTS  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 Airport Improvement Task Force Delay Studies

| Experiment number | Model | Arrival runways | Departure runways | Weather | Demand                  | ATC                 | Improvements               |
|-------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 63                | ASM   | 12R,12L         | 12R,12L           | VFR     | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present             | Terminal Expansion         |
| 64                | ASM   | 12R,12L         | 12R,12L           | VFR     | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present             | Relocate Midcoast Aviation |
| 64a               | ASM   | 12R,12L,17      | 12R,12L           | VFR     | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Present             | Relocate Midcoast Aviation |
| 65                | ASM   | 30R,30L         | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Increase Heavy Mix | Present             | A/F Development            |
| 66                | ASM   | 24,20R,30L      | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Increase Heavy Mix | Present             | A/F Development            |
| 67                | ASM   | 30R,30L         | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Increase Heavy Mix | Present             | LDA Approach               |
| 68                | ASM   | 30R,30L         | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Decrease GA Mix    | Present             | A/F Development            |
| 69                | ASM   | 24,30R,30L      | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Decrease GA Mix    | Present             | A/F Development            |
| 69a               | ASM   | 24              | 24                | IFR2    | 1990 Decrease GA Mix    | Present             | Baseline                   |
| 70                | ASM   | 30R,30L         | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Decrease GA Mix    | Present             | LDA Approach               |
| 71                | ASM   | 12R,12L         | 12R,12L           | VFR     | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future <sup>c</sup> | A/F Development            |
| 72                | ASM   | 12R,12L         | 12R,12L           | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |
| 73                | ASM   | 12R,12L         | 12R,12L           | IFR2    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |
| 74                | ASM   | 30R,30L         | 30R,30L           | VFR     | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |
| 75                | ASM   | 30R,30L         | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |
| 76                | ASM   | 30R,30L         | 30R,30L           | IFR2    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |
| 77                | ASM   | 30R,30L,24      | 30R,30L           | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |
| 78                | ASM   | 12R,12L         | 12R,12L,6         | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |
| 79                | ASM   | 12R,12L,17      | 12R,12L           | IFR1    | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Future              | A/F Development            |

a. Airfield Simulation Model.

b. 1979 ATC Separations for VFR and IFR are taken from FAA Document 78-8A.

c. 1990 ATC Separations for VFR and IFR are taken from FAA Document 78-8A.



Table A-1a

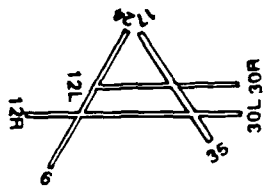
DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENTS  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
Airport Improvement Task Force Delay Studies

| <u>Experiment number</u> | <u>Model</u>     | <u>Demand</u>           | <u>Improvements</u>     | <u>ATC</u>           |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 81                       | ADM <sup>a</sup> | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Baseline                | Present <sup>b</sup> |
| 81a                      | ADM              | 1979 Demand and Mix     | Airfield Development    | Present              |
| 82                       | ADM              | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Baseline                | Present              |
| 83                       | ADM              | 1985 Demand and Mix     | Airfield Development    | Present              |
| 84                       | ADM              | 1985 Demand and Mix     | LDA Approach Procedures | Present              |
| 85                       | ADM              | 1985 Increase Heavy Mix | A/F Development         | Present              |
| 86                       | ADM              | 1985 Decreased GA Mix   | A/F Development         | Present              |
| 87                       | ADM              | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Baseline                | Present              |
| 88                       | ADM              | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Airfield Development    | Present              |
| 89                       | ADM              | 1990 Demand and Mix     | LDA Approach Procedures | Present              |
| 90                       | ADM              | 1990 Increase Heavy Mix | Airfield Development    | Present              |
| 91                       | ADM              | 1990 Decreased GA Mix   | Airfield Development    | Present              |
| 92                       | ADM              | 1990 Demand and Mix     | Airfield Development    | Future <sup>c</sup>  |
| 93                       | ADM              | 1990 Increase Heavy Mix | Airfield Development    | Future               |
| 94                       | ADM              | 1990 Decrease GA Mix    | Airfield Development    | Future               |

a. Annual Delay Model.

b. 1979 ATC Separations for VFR and IFR are taken from FAA Document 78-8A.

c. 1990 ATC Separations for VFR and IFR are taken from FAA Document 78-8A.



| 1979 DEMAND<br>1979 MIX |                 |              |                   |  | 1985 DEMAND |                 |              |                    |                |         |                 |              |                    |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|
|                         |                 |              |                   |  | 1985 MIX    |                 |              |                    | INCREASE HEAVY |         |                 |              |                    |
| BASLINE                 | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | NOISE ABATEMENT 2 |  | BASLINE     | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION |                | BASLINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION |

|                    |        |                 |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|--------------------|--------|-----------------|-----|----|--|-----|-----------------|----|----|--|--|--|-----|
|                    | VFR    | 1               |     | 1A |  | 26  | 35              |    | 44 |  |  |  | 35A |
|                    | IFR1   | 2               |     |    |  | 27  | 36              | 41 |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR2+3 | 3               |     |    |  | 28  |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | VFR    | 4               |     | 4A |  | 29  |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR1   | 5               |     |    |  | 30  | 38              |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR2+3 | 6               |     |    |  | 31  |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | VFR    | 7A              |     |    |  | 32A | 39A             |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR1   | 7               |     |    |  | 32  | 39              | 42 |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR2+3 |                 |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | VFR    | 8               |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR1   | 9               |     |    |  | 33  | 40              | 43 |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR2+3 | 10              |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | VFR    |                 |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR1   |                 |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR2+3 | 11              |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | VFR    | 12              |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR1   | 13              |     |    |  | 34  |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
|                    | IFR2+3 |                 |     |    |  |     |                 |    |    |  |  |  |     |
| ANNUAL DELAY (ALL) | (ALL)  | 81 <sup>2</sup> | 81A |    |  | 82  | 83 <sup>2</sup> | 84 |    |  |  |  | 85  |

1. BASELINE INCLUDES PHYSICAL IMPROVEMENTS IN PLACE IN 1979 AND ADDITIONAL GA
2. SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS WITH DIFFERENT NOISE ABATEMENT SCENARIOS.
3. SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS WITH DIFFERENT LEVELS OF GENERAL AVIATION REDUCTION

# LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

Airport Improvement Task Force Delay Studies

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

| PRESENT ATC |  |                 |  |             |  |          |                 |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|-------------|--|-----------------|--|-------------|--|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|--|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|--|
| LAND        |  |                 |  | 1990 DEMAND |  |          |                 |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
| HEAVY       |  | DECREASE GA     |  |             |  | 1990 MIX |                 |              |                    |          | INCREASE HEAVY |          |                 |              |                    | DECREASE GA     |  |          |                 | 1990 MIX     |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION | MIDCOAST |                | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION |                 |  | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION |  | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION |  |
|             |  | 35B             |  |             |  | 51       |                 | 63           | 64                 |          | 51A            |          |                 |              | 51B                |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  | 52       | 60              |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 | 72           |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  | 55       |                 |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  | 57A      |                 |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  | 57       | 61              |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  | 58       | 62              |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  |          |                 |              |                    |          |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  |                 |  |             |  |          |                 |              |                    | 64A      |                |          |                 |              |                    |                 |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |
|             |  | 86 <sup>3</sup> |  |             |  | 87       | 88 <sup>2</sup> | 89           |                    |          |                | 90       |                 |              |                    | 91 <sup>3</sup> |  |          |                 |              |                    |  |          | 92              |              |                    |  |

ALL GATES NECESSARY TO ACCOMODATE FUTURE DEMAND.

CONDITIONS.

2

**NTAL DESIGN**

**FUTURE ATC**

**DEMAND**

**1990 DEMAND**

**INCREASE HEAVY**

**DECREASE GA**

**1990 MIX**

**INCREASE HEAVY**

**DECREASE GA**

| LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION | BASELINE | A/F DEVELOPMENT | LDA APPROACH | TERMINAL EXPANSION |
|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|
|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|

|  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|-----------------|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|
|  |  |  | 518             |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |                 |  |  |  | 72 |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 91 <sup>3</sup> |  |  |  | 92 |  |  |  | 93 |  |  |  | 94 |  |  |  |

13

Attachment B

SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF ANNUAL DELAY MODEL EXPERIMENTS

Table B-1

SUMMARY OF ANNUAL DELAY MODEL EXPERIMENTS  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

| Experiment No. | Demand <sup>a</sup> | ATC scenario | Description                             | Annual delay (hours) | Average aircraft delay (minutes) |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------|---|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 91             | 1979 <sup>b</sup>   | 1979         | Baseline                                | 4,722 <sup>c</sup>   | 0.8 <sup>c</sup>                 |
| 91n            | 1979                | 1979         | Noise abatement                         | 5,708                | 1.0                              |
| 91A            | 1979                | 1979         | Airfield development                    | 4,746                | 0.8                              |
| 82             | 1985                | 1979         | Baseline                                | 9,399                | 1.6                              |
| 83             | 1985                | 1979         | Airfield development                    | 7,522                | 1.3                              |
|                | 1985                | 1979         | Airfield development and new runway use | 6,150                | 1.1                              |
| 93n            | 1985                | 1979         | Noise abatement                         | 10,010               | 1.8                              |
| 34             | 1985                | 1979         | LDA approach                            | 6,792                | 1.2                              |
| 35             | 1985                | 1979         | Increased heavy jets                    | 8,464                | 1.5                              |
| 36             | 1985                | 1979         | 25% reduction in general aviation       | 5,604                | 1.0                              |
|                | 1985                | 1979         | 50% reduction in general aviation       | 4,100                | 0.8                              |
|                | 1985                | 1979         | 75% reduction in general aviation       | 3,208                | 0.7                              |
| 37             | 1990                | 1979         | Baseline                                | 40,273               | 6.5                              |
| 38             | 1990                | 1979         | Airfield development                    | 27,542               | 4.4                              |
|                | 1990                | 1979         | Airfield development and new runway use | 12,234               | 2.0                              |
| 98n            | 1990                | 1979         | Noise abatement                         | 35,586               | 5.7                              |
| 39             | 1990                | 1979         | LDA approach                            | 25,267               | 4.1                              |
| 90             | 1990                | 1979         | Increased heavy jets                    | 26,661               | 4.7                              |
| 91             | 1990                | 1979         | 25% reduction in general aviation       | 17,309               | 2.9                              |
|                | 1990                | 1979         | 50% reduction in general aviation       | 13,007               | 2.3                              |
|                | 1990                | 1979         | 75% reduction in general aviation       | 11,247               | 2.2                              |
| 92             | 1990                | Future       | Airfield development                    | 18,337               | 2.9                              |
| 93             | 1990                | Future       | Increased heavy jets                    | 12,274               | 2.2                              |
| 94             | 1990                | Future       | 50% reduction in general aviation       | 8,561                | 1.5                              |

- a. Annual demand: 1979 = 344,600  
 1985 = 344,000 (unconstrained)  
 = 336,000 (increased heavy jets)  
 = 322,750 (25% reduction in general aviation)  
 = 301,500 (50% reduction in general aviation)  
 = 280,250 (75% reduction in general aviation)  
 1990 = 374,000 (unconstrained)  
 = 339,000 (increased heavy jets)  
 = 354,000 (25% reduction in general aviation)  
 = 334,000 (50% reduction in general aviation)  
 = 314,000 (75% reduction in general aviation)
- b. Annual demand for 1979 assumes no Ozark Air Lines strike. The actual demand was 336,578 with the Ozark Air Lines strike.
- c. Actual delays in 1979 may be lower than this value because of the Ozark Air Lines strike.

Table B-2

COMPARISON OF ANNUAL DELAY RESULTS FOR VARIOUS  
IMPROVEMENT OPTIONS

| Improvement options  | Average annual aircraft delays<br>(minutes per aircraft) |           |           |
|--|--|-----------|-----------|
|  | 1979   | Post-1985 | Post-1990 |
| 1979 airfield  | 0.8  | 1.6       | 6.5       |
| Airfield development   | --   | 1.3       | 4.4       |
| LDA approach <sup>a</sup>  | --   | 1.2       | 4.1       |
| New runway use <sup>a</sup>  | --   | 1.1       | 2.0       |
| General aviation reduction <sup>a</sup>                              |  |           |           |
| 25%  | --   | 1.0       | 2.9       |
| 50%  | --   | 0.8       | 2.3       |
| 75%  | --   | 0.7       | 2.2       |
| Increase heavy jets <sup>a</sup>                                     | --   | 1.5       | 4.7       |
| Future ATC system <sup>a</sup>                                       | --   | --        | 2.9       |
| Future ATC system and increase<br>heavy jets <sup>a</sup>            | --   | --        | 2.2       |
| Future ATC system and 50% general<br>aviation reduction <sup>a</sup> | --   | --        | 1.5       |

a. Includes airfield development.

Source: Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.

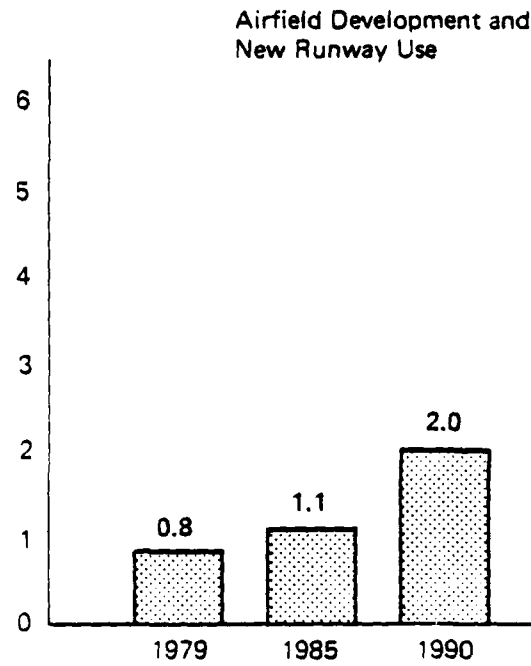
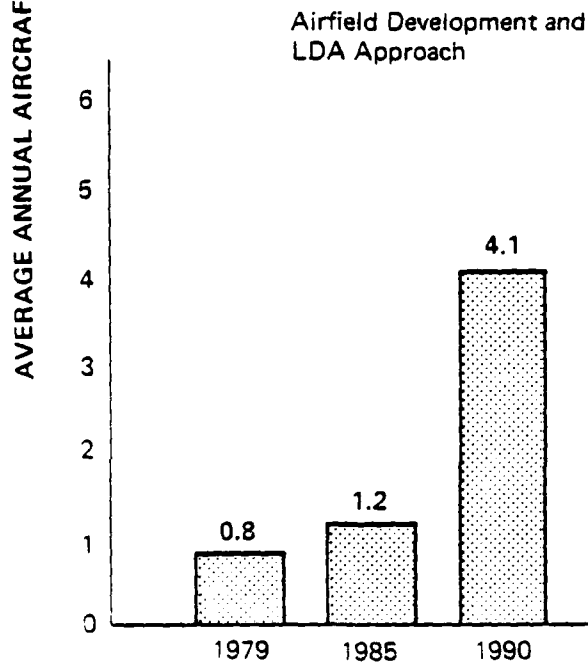
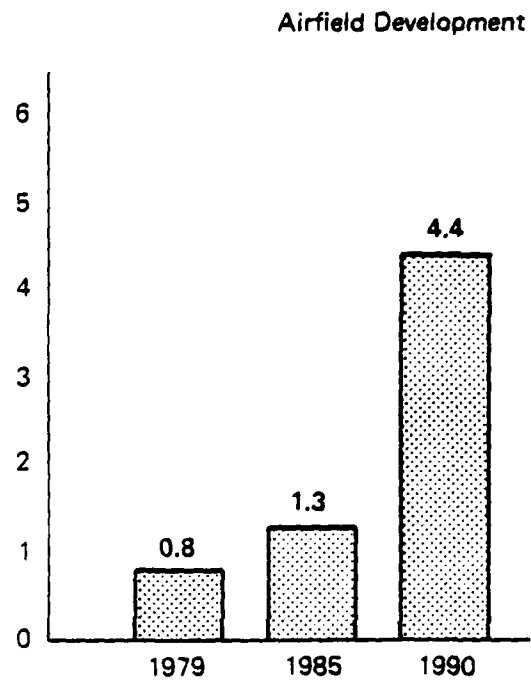
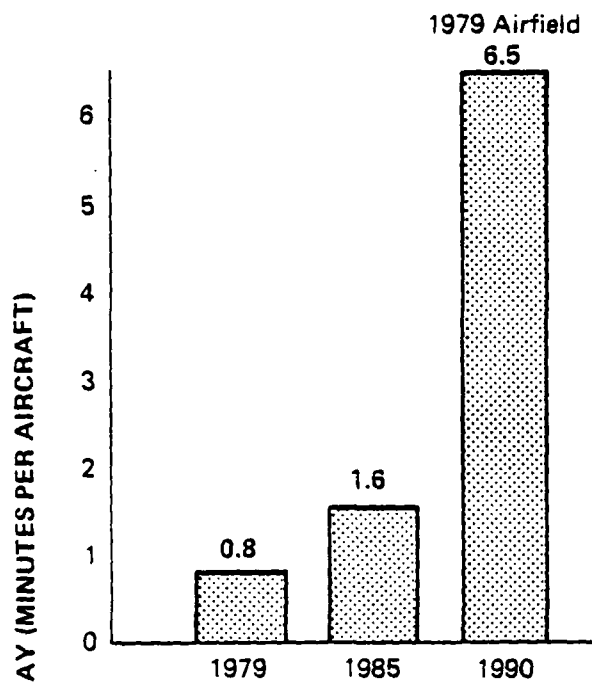


Exhibit B-1 ANNUAL DELAY EXPERIMENT RESULTS



Attachment C

SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF AIRFIELD SIMULATION MODEL EXPERIMENTS

Table C-1

SUMMARY OF SIMULATION EXPERIMENT RESULTS  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

| Experiment<br>No. | Runway use   |             | Flow rates    |           |                        |         | Runway delays (minutes) |         |                        |       |       |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------|------------------------|-------|-------|
|                   | Arrival      | Departure   | Average daily |           | Peak hour <sup>a</sup> |         | Average daily           |         | Peak hour <sup>a</sup> |       |       |
|                   |              |             | Arrival       | Departure | Total                  | Arrival | Departure               | Arrival | Departure              |       |       |
| 1                 | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 49.0    | 33.3                    | 82.3    | 1.24                   | 0.51  | 2.37  |
| 1-Noise 1         | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 49.0    | 32.8                    | 81.8    | 1.23                   | 0.43  | 2.50  |
| 1-Noise 2         | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 40.0    | 47.0                    | 87.0    | 1.76                   | 0.47  | 3.05  |
| 1-Noise 3         | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 41.1    | 29.0                    | 70.1    | 6.39                   | 0.16  | 17.06 |
| 2                 | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 27.3          | 27.7      | 55.0                   | 29.7    | 32.9                    | 62.6    | 2.20                   | 41.93 | 2.34  |
| 3                 | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 24.0          | 25.3      | 49.3                   | 26.0    | 30.6                    | 56.6    | 6.83                   | 26.64 | 12.87 |
| 4                 | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 49.0    | 32.2                    | 81.2    | 1.22                   | 0.56  | 2.48  |
| 4-Noise 1         | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 49.0    | 32.2                    | 81.2    | 1.29                   | 0.45  | 3.50  |
| 4-Noise 2         | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 49.0    | 31.5                    | 80.5    | 1.71                   | 0.43  | 3.65  |
| 4-Noise 3         | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 29.0    | 40.6                    | 69.6    | 5.95                   | 0.17  | 15.63 |
| 5                 | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 27.2          | 27.8      | 55.0                   | 29.6    | 32.0                    | 61.6    | 2.05                   | 42.98 | 2.41  |
| 6                 | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 23.9          | 25.3      | 49.2                   | 26.0    | 30.2                    | 56.2    | 7.56                   | 28.39 | 13.87 |
| 7A                | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 39.9    | 47.6                    | 87.5    | 1.18                   | 0.74  | 1.95  |
| 7                 | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 27.2          | 27.8      | 55.0                   | 30.0    | 37.2                    | 67.2    | 2.59                   | 5.79  | 2.39  |
| 8                 | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 31.0          | 31.0      | 62.0                   | 49.0    | 33.9                    | 82.9    | 0.61                   | 0.58  | 1.29  |
| 9                 | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 27.3          | 27.7      | 55.0                   | 29.4    | 31.8                    | 61.2    | 0.29                   | 41.76 | 0.36  |
| 10                | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 24.0          | 25.3      | 49.3                   | 29.0    | 35.4                    | 64.4    | 1.60                   | 8.13  | 3.58  |
| 11                | 24           | 24          | 23.8          | 24.7      | 48.5                   | 26.1    | 24.4                    | 50.5    | 16.32                  | 55.18 | 20.79 |
| 12                | 12R, 12L, 17 | 12R, 12L    | 30.9          | 31.0      | 61.9                   | 39.5    | 47.2                    | 86.7    | 1.30                   | 0.46  | 2.35  |
| 13                | 12R, 12L, 17 | 12R, 12L    | 27.3          | 27.8      | 55.1                   | 31.0    | 33.7                    | 64.7    | 2.31                   | 31.84 | 2.63  |
| 26                | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.7          | 30.9      | 61.6                   | 31.4    | 41.6                    | 73.0    | 2.10                   | 1.71  | 4.43  |
| 27                | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 27.7          | 28.2      | 55.9                   | 29.2    | 27.5                    | 56.7    | 3.04                   | 60.87 | 1.66  |
| 28                | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 25.2          | 26.0      | 51.2                   | 25.5    | 28.5                    | 54.0    | 8.21                   | 49.77 | 13.15 |
| 29                | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 30.7          | 30.9      | 61.6                   | 37.0    | 38.9                    | 75.9    | 2.10                   | 1.40  | 4.05  |
| 30                | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 27.8          | 28.3      | 56.1                   | 30.3    | 30.0                    | 60.3    | 3.11                   | 56.74 | 2.97  |
| 31                | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 25.1          | 25.9      | 51.0                   | 25.1    | 27.9                    | 53.0    | 8.83                   | 48.25 | 13.71 |
| 32A               | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 30.8          | 31.1      | 61.9                   | 32.2    | 40.9                    | 73.1    | 2.26                   | 2.20  | 4.59  |
| 32                | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 28.1          | 28.7      | 56.8                   | 31.5    | 37.5                    | 69.0    | 5.00                   | 14.79 | 11.81 |
| 33                | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 27.8          | 28.3      | 56.1                   | 28.5    | 29.0                    | 57.5    | 0.54                   | 59.39 | 0.44  |
| 34                | 12R, 12L, 17 | 12R, 12L    | 28.1          | 28.6      | 56.7                   | 29.8    | 32.2                    | 62.0    | 3.32                   | 42.54 | 6.25  |

a. The peak hour varies from experiment to experiment.

Table C-1 (Continued)  
SUMMARY OF SIMULATION EXPERIMENT RESULTS  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

| Experiment No. | Runway use   |             | Flow rates    |           |                         |           | Runway delays (minutes) |                   |                         |                   |                   |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                | Arrival      | Departure   | Average daily |           | Peak hours <sup>a</sup> |           | Average daily           |                   | Peak hours <sup>a</sup> |                   |                   |
|                |              |             | Arrival       | Departure | Arrival                 | Departure | Arrival                 | Departure         | Arrival                 | Departure         |                   |
| 15             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.8          | 31.0      | 61.8                    | 41.8      | 44.6                    | 0.77              | 2.21                    | 1.27              | 4.14              |
| 15C            | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.8          | 30.8      | 61.6                    | 31.2      | 42.4                    | 0.50 <sup>b</sup> | 1.00 <sup>c</sup>       | 0.80 <sup>b</sup> | 1.40 <sup>c</sup> |
| 15A            | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.1          | 30.1      | 60.2                    | 29.0      | 40.8                    | 0.85              | 2.10                    | 1.26              | 4.68              |
| 15B            | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 28.6          | 29.0      | 57.6                    | 40.9      | 43.3                    | 0.56              | 1.74                    | 0.80              | 3.27              |
| 36             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 28.0          | 28.4      | 56.4                    | 29.0      | 28.0                    | 25.80             | 0.49                    | 59.33             | 0.34              |
| 38             | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 27.9          | 28.3      | 56.2                    | 28.5      | 28.2                    | 26.12             | 0.46                    | 60.16             | 0.38              |
| 39A            | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 30.7          | 30.9      | 61.6                    | 38.2      | 47.3                    | 0.67              | 2.54                    | 1.26              | 5.35              |
| 39             | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 28.0          | 28.5      | 56.5                    | 41.7      | 40.1                    | 1.95              | 1.85                    | 3.65              | 2.74              |
| 40             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 27.8          | 28.3      | 56.1                    | 28.5      | 27.3                    | 26.52             | 0.25                    | 62.37             | 0.17              |
| 41             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 28.1          | 28.5      | 56.6                    | 30.4      | 41.1                    | 1.20              | 2.78                    | 1.21              | 7.15              |
| 42             | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 28.1          | 28.5      | 56.6                    | 40.2      | 41.4                    | 1.03              | 2.29                    | 2.49              | 3.86              |
| 43             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 28.1          | 28.5      | 56.6                    | 39.6      | 44.5                    | 1.25              | 0.71                    | 2.54              | 1.25              |
| 44             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.8          | 30.8      | 61.6                    | 31.8      | 41.6                    | 0.30 <sup>b</sup> | 0.90 <sup>c</sup>       | 1.00 <sup>b</sup> | 1.20 <sup>c</sup> |
| 51             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 33.7          | 33.7      | 67.4                    | 38.9      | 47.2                    | 1.78              | 3.08                    | 4.51              | 6.42              |
| 51A            | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 30.4          | 30.6      | 61.0                    | 35.7      | 41.5                    | 1.96              | 3.12                    | 4.68              | 6.32              |
| 51B            | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 31.2          | 31.4      | 62.6                    | 32.4      | 40.8                    | 1.23              | 2.50                    | 2.43              | 4.68              |
| 52             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 28.0          | 29.8      | 57.8                    | 28.2      | 26.9                    | 60.59             | 0.79                    | 141.92            | 0.47              |
| 55             | 30R, 30L     | 30R, 30L    | 28.0          | 29.6      | 57.6                    | 27.8      | 26.4                    | 60.15             | 0.74                    | 141.44            | 0.45              |
| 57A            | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 33.7          | 33.8      | 67.5                    | 37.6      | 44.9                    | 1.50              | 4.47                    | 8.24              | 11.22             |
| 57             | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 31.3          | 31.5      | 62.8                    | 35.0      | 43.5                    | 5.29              | 2.73                    | 12.08             | 6.36              |
| 58             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 28.1          | 29.7      | 57.8                    | 28.5      | 25.8                    | 59.68             | 0.30                    | 140.65            | 0.26              |
| 60             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 31.3          | 31.5      | 62.8                    | 34.7      | 41.7                    | 2.63              | 5.63                    | 5.92              | 14.95             |
| 61             | 30R, 30L, 24 | 30R, 30L    | 31.3          | 31.6      | 62.9                    | 34.6      | 45.8                    | 2.11              | 4.25                    | 4.13              | 11.12             |
| 62             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L, 6 | 31.3          | 31.5      | 62.8                    | 45.3      | 50.0                    | 2.41              | 1.30                    | 5.15              | 2.51              |
| 63             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 33.6          | 33.6      | 67.2                    | 45.6      | 44.1                    | 0.4 <sup>b</sup>  | 1.50 <sup>c</sup>       | 1.20 <sup>b</sup> | 2.10 <sup>c</sup> |
| 54             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 33.6          | 33.6      | 67.2                    | 36.5      | 47.5                    | 1.57              | 3.05                    | 4.91              | 6.77              |
| 64A            | 12R, 12L, 17 | 12R, 12L    | 33.6          | 33.6      | 67.2                    | 38.4      | 45.1                    | 1.43              | 2.89                    | 2.57              | 6.49              |
| 72             | 12R, 12L     | 12R, 12L    | 31.2          | 31.3      | 62.5                    | 32.9      | 27.3                    | 21.01             | 0.65                    | 57.12             | 0.50              |

a. The peak hour varies from experiment to experiment.

b. Taxi-in delays.

c. Taxi-out delays.

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 1Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

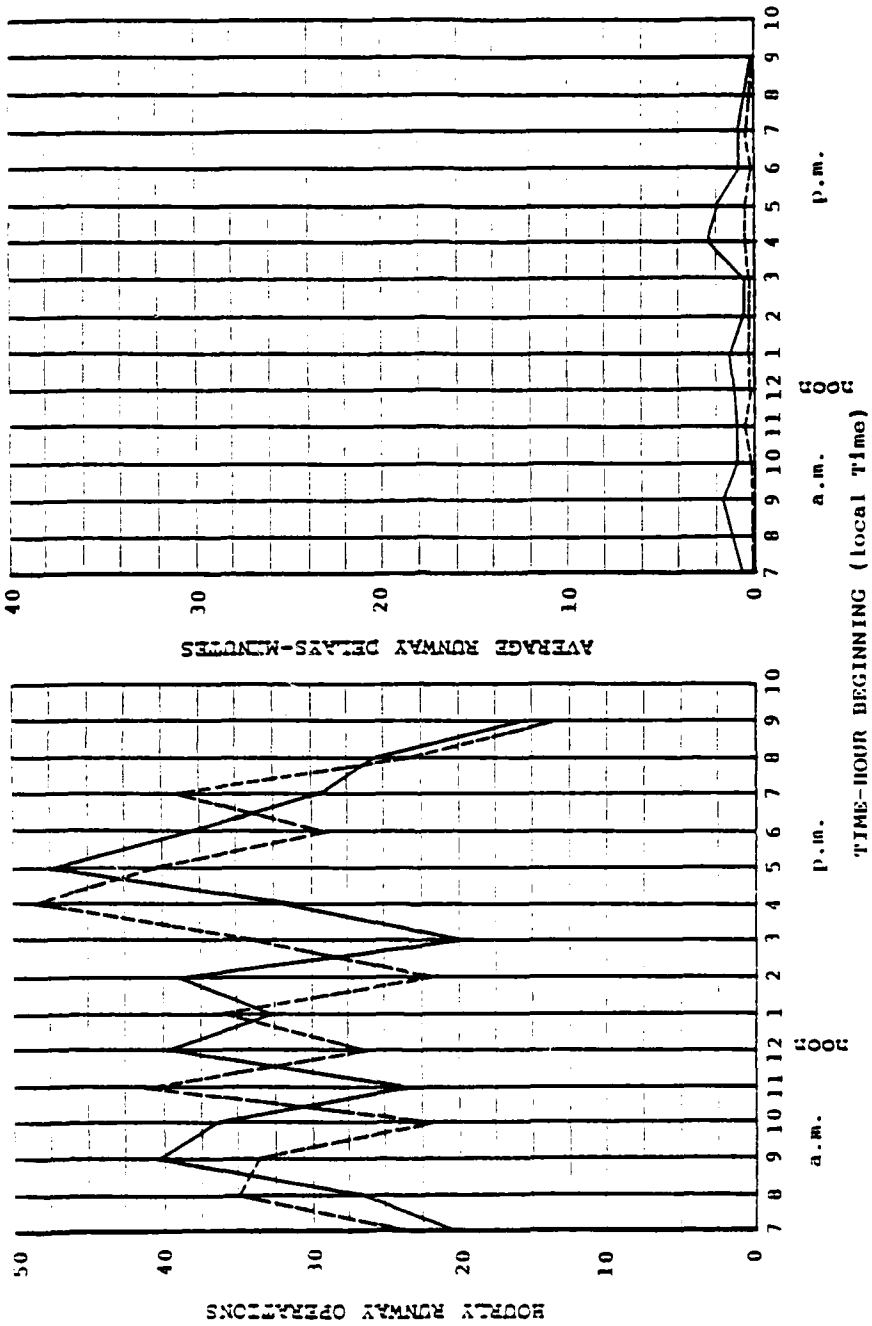
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1600-1700 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 49.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 33.3        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.2            | 2.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 1  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR BASELINE

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 1 - Noise 1Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of noise abatement procedures on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

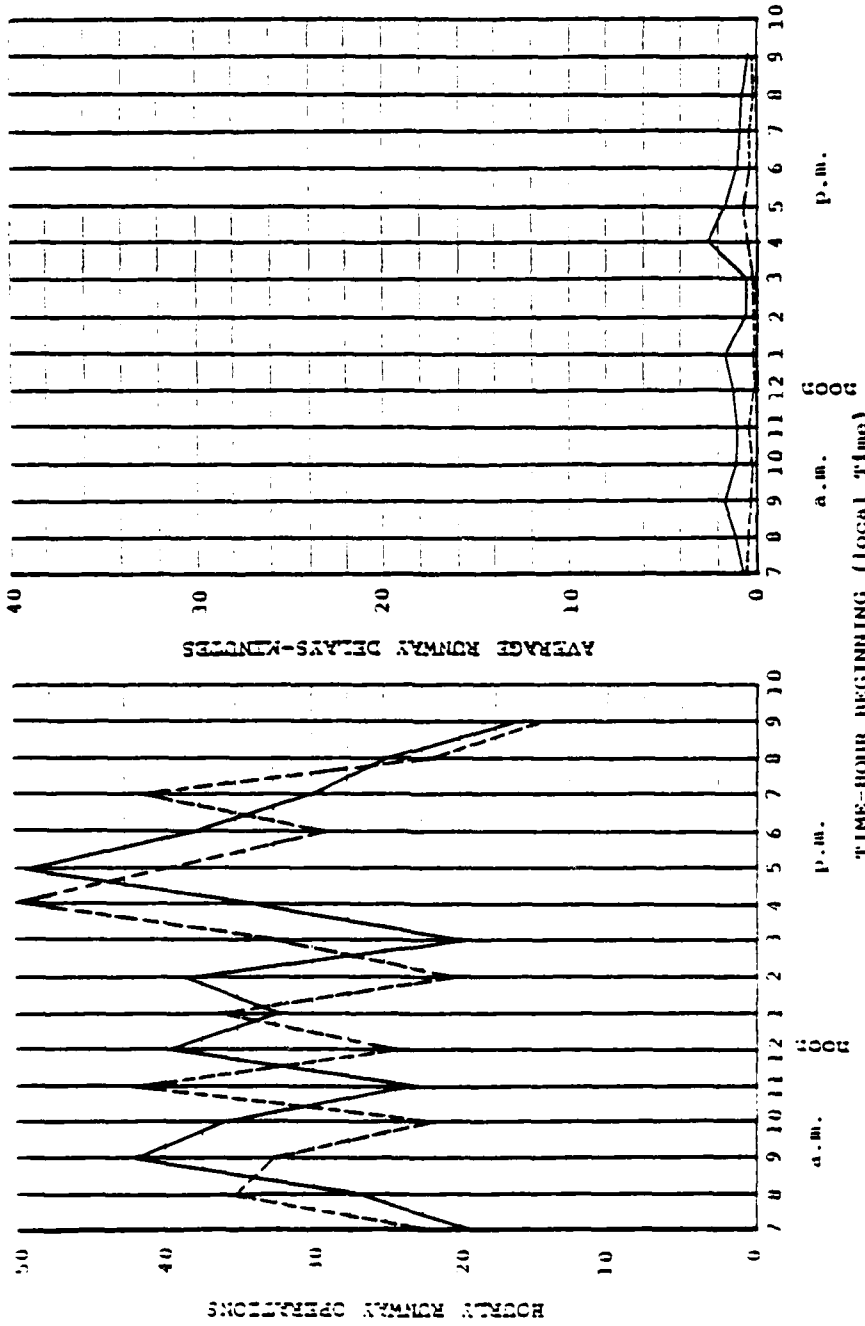
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 49.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.4         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 32.8        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.2            | 2.5         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
- - - Arrivals  
— Departures

LEGEND  
- - - Arrival Delay  
— Departure Delay

VFR Noise Scenario 1  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 1 - Noise 2Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of noise abatement procedures on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

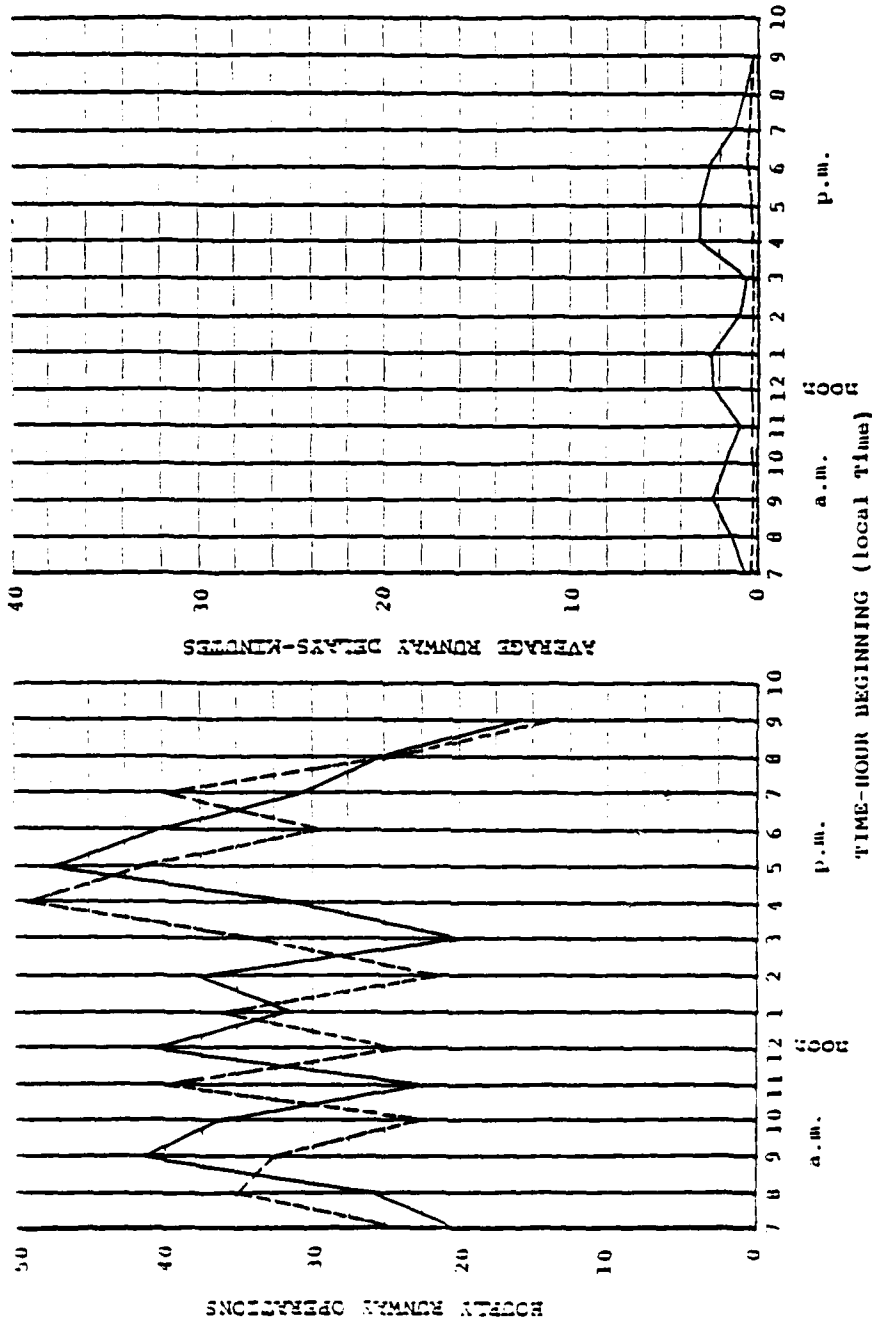
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 40.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 47.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.8            | 3.1         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



VFR Noise Scenario 2

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 1 - Noise 3Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of noise abatement procedures on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

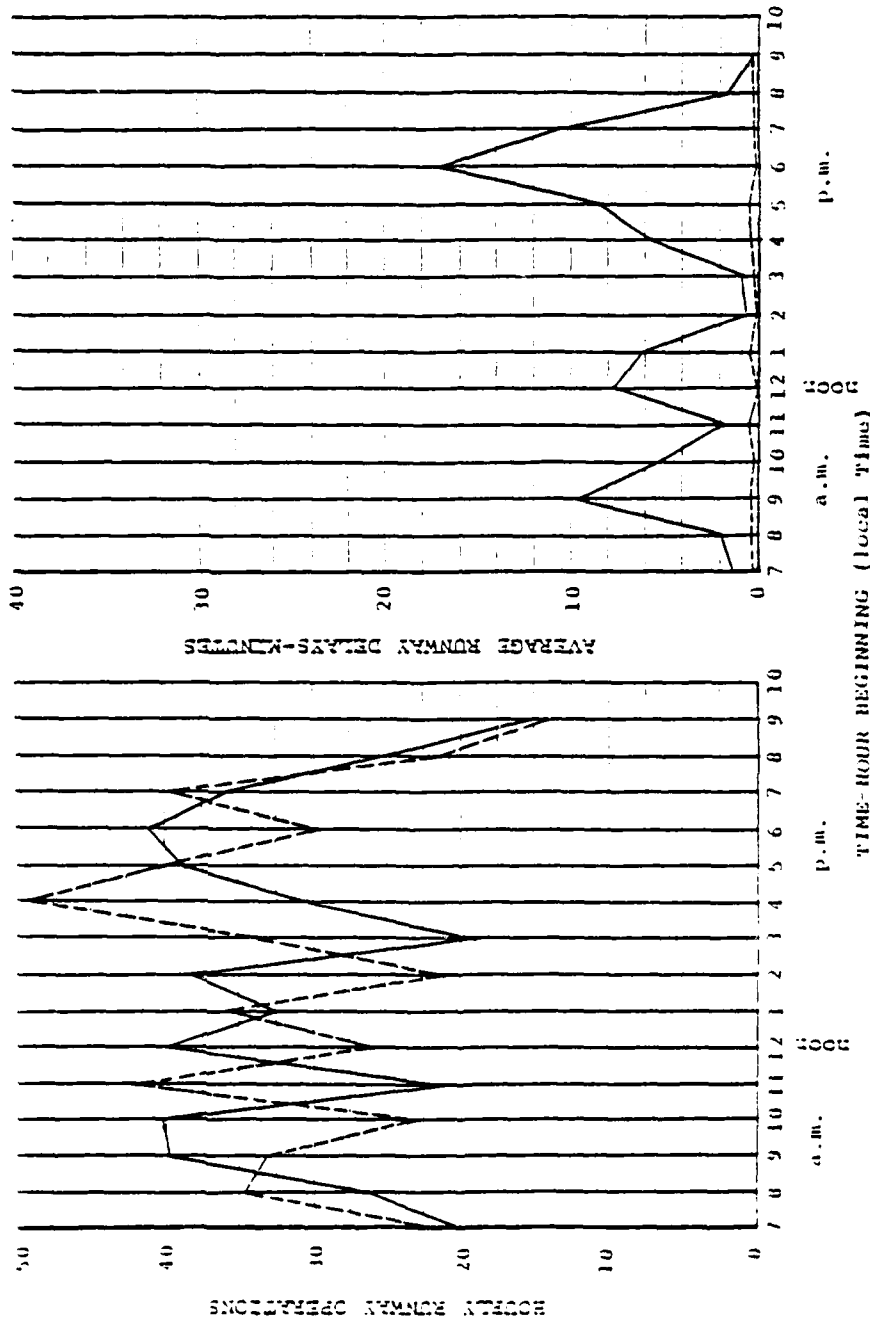
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 41.1        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.2         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 29.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 6.4            | 17.1        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

VFR Noise Scenario 3  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 2Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

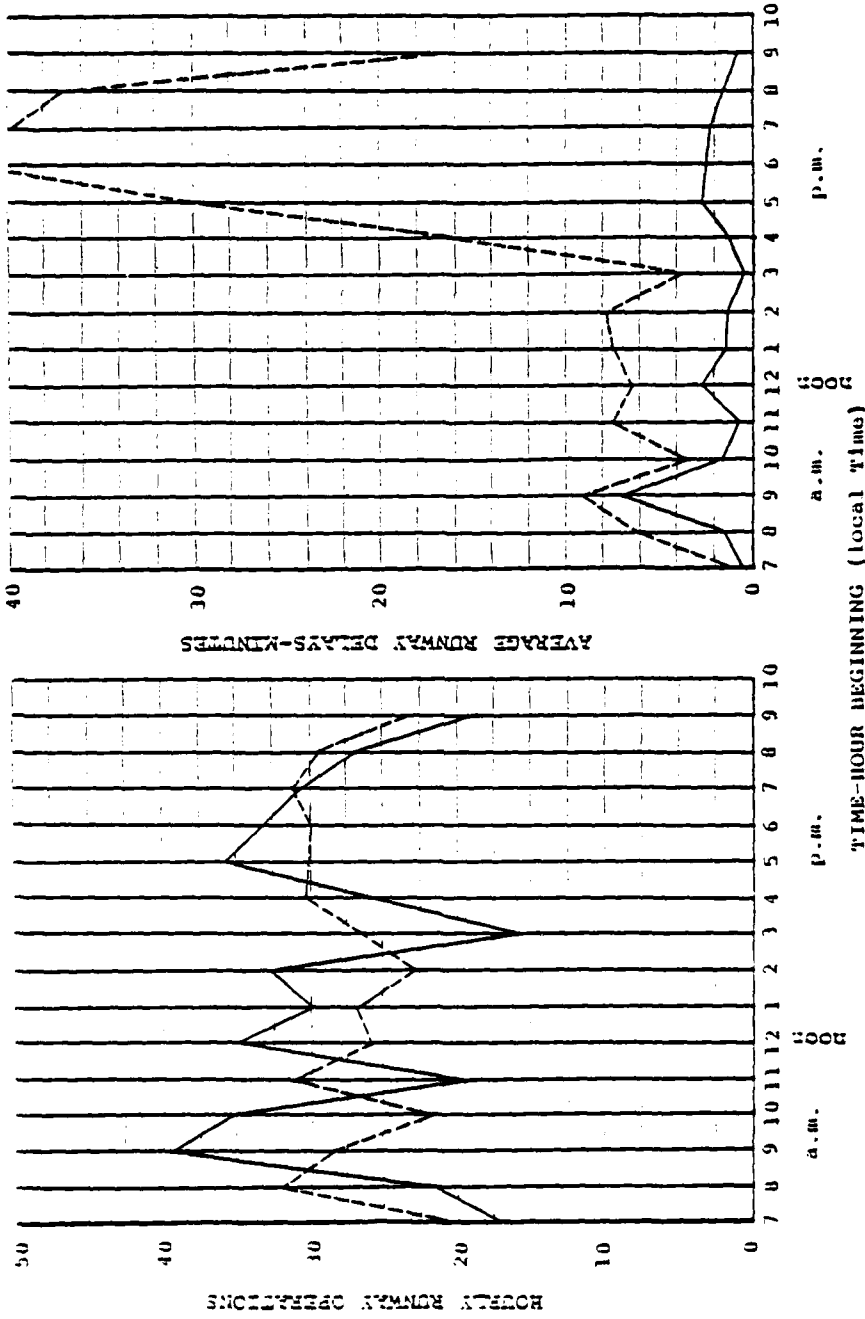
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.3           | 29.7        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 16.7           | 41.9        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.7           | 32.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.2            | 2.3         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 2

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR BASELINE

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 3Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR2 and IFR3 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

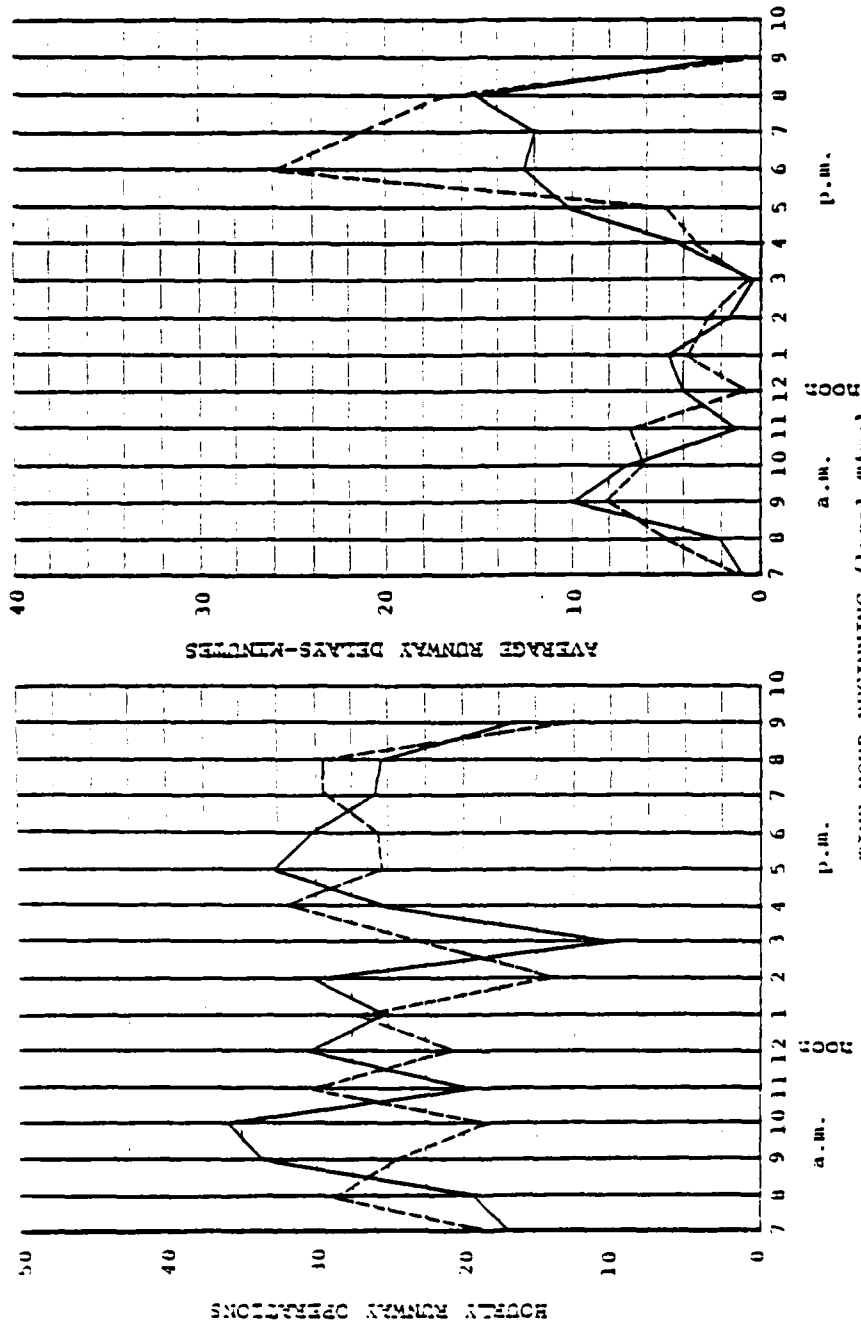
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 24.0           | 26.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 8.4            | 26.6        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 25.3           | 30.6        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 6.8            | 12.9        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 — Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 — Departure Delay

Experiment 3

Lambert—St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 IFR 2+3 BASELINE

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 4Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

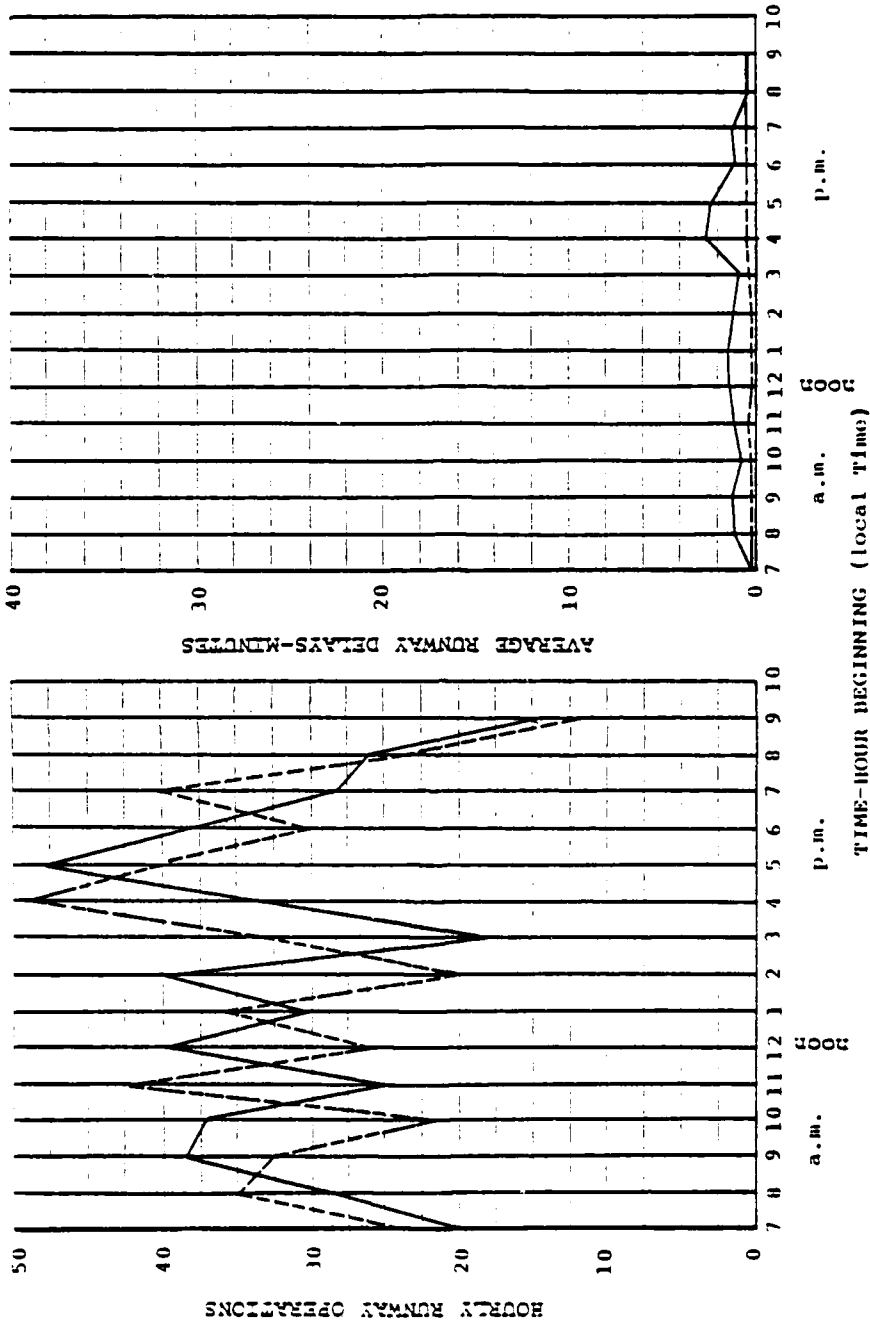
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 49.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.6         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 32.2        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.2            | 2.5         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 4  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 VFR BASELINE

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 4 - Noise 1Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of noise abatement procedures on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

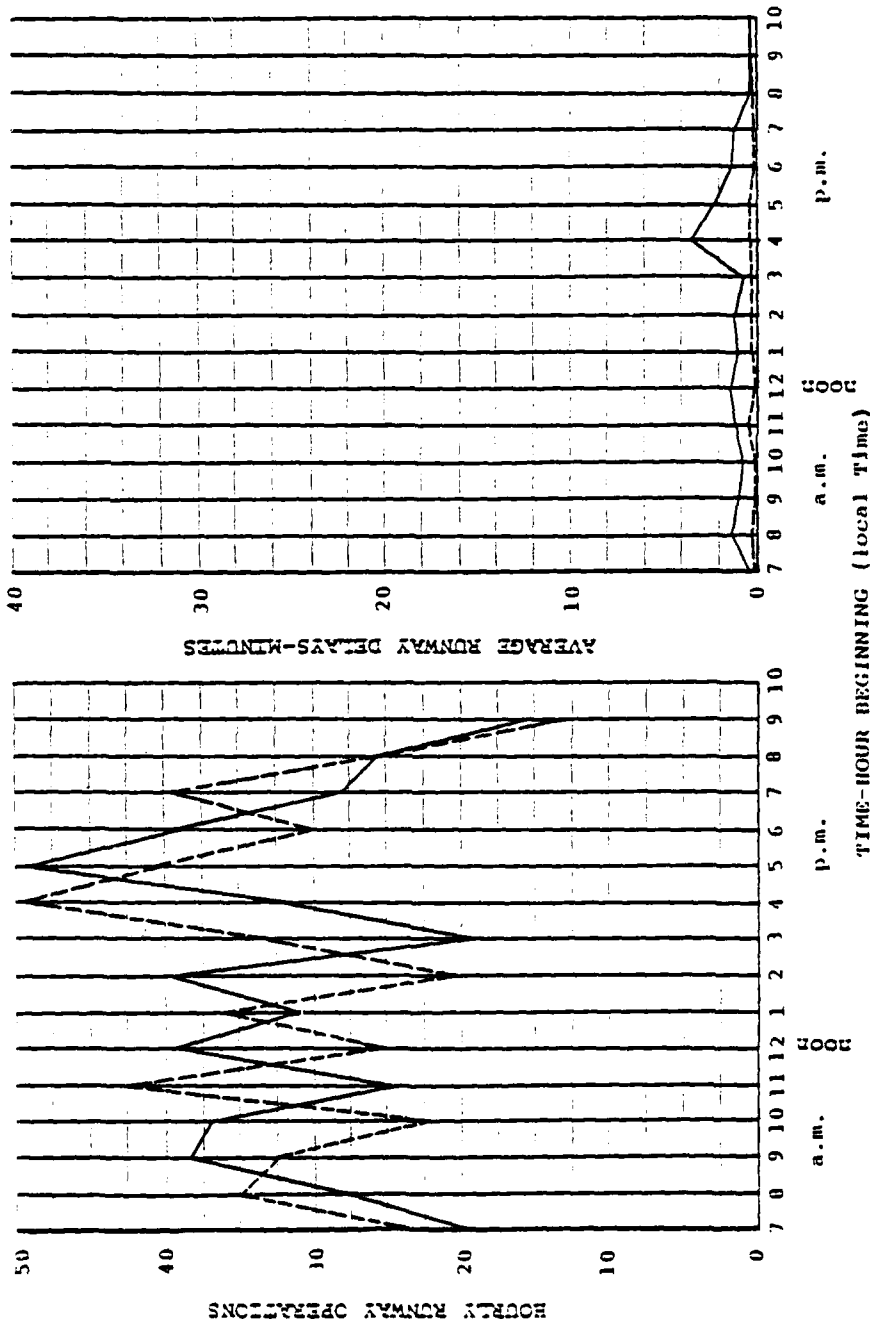
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 40.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 49.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.3            | 2.3         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

VFR Noise Scenario 1  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 4 - Noise 2Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of noise abatement procedures on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

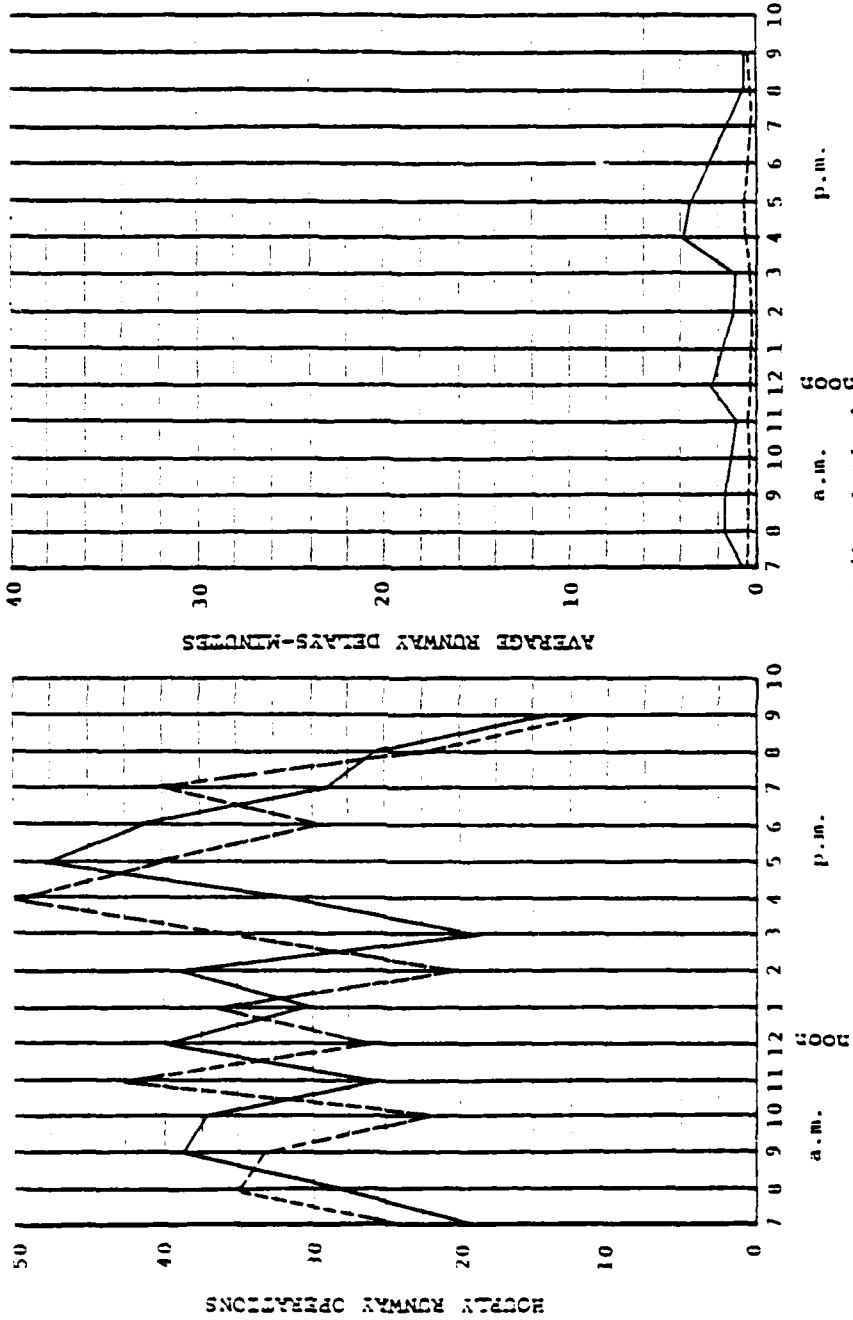
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 40.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 47.3        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.7            | 3.2         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

VFR Noise Scenario 2  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 4 - Noise 3Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of noise abatement procedures on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

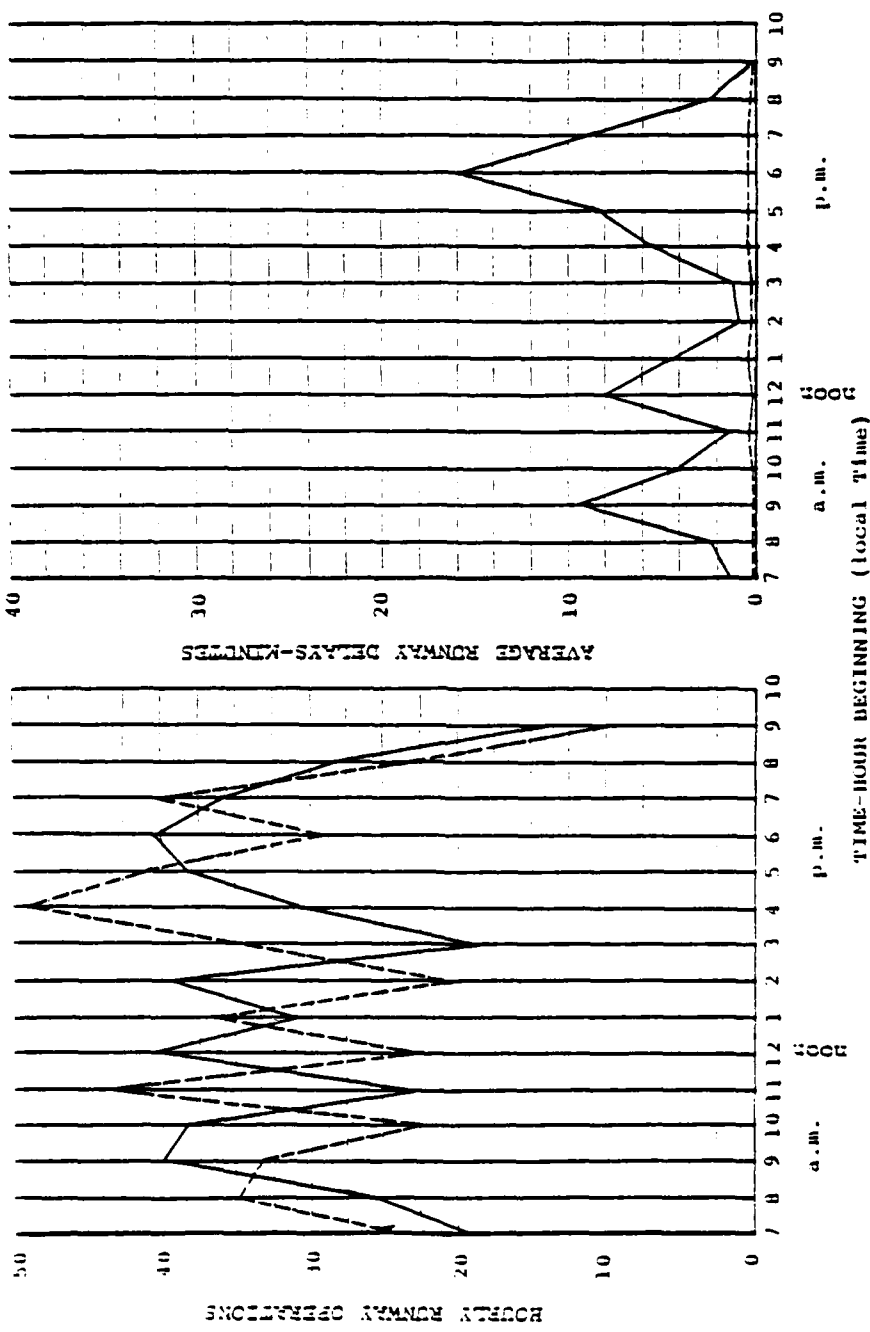
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 40.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 38.7        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 6.0            | 9.0         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - - - Arrivals  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Departures

VFR Noise Scenario 3  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 5Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFRL conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

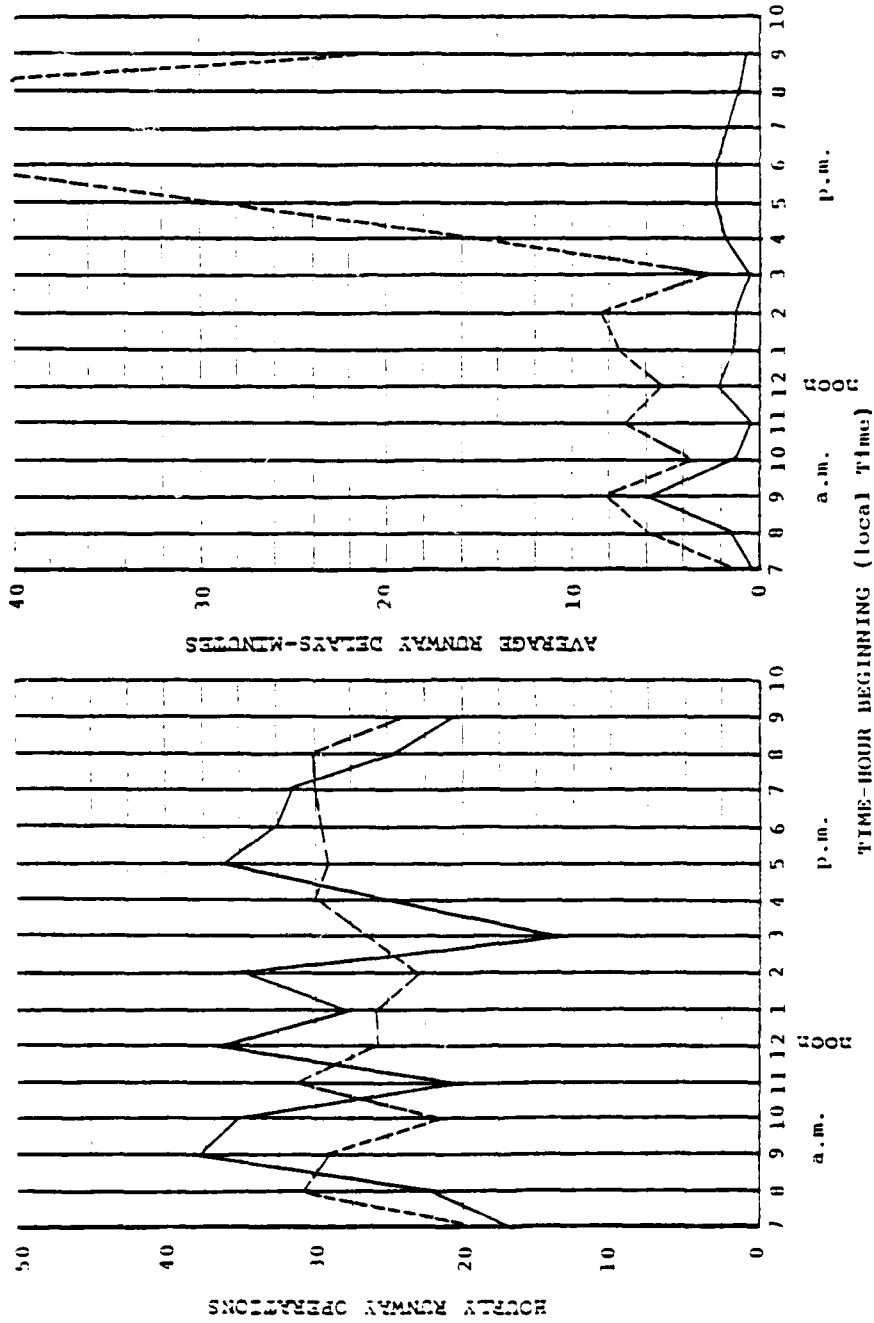
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.2           | 29.6        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 17.3           | 43.0        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.8           | 32.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.1            | 2.4         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 5  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR1 BASELINE  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 6Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR2 and IFR3 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

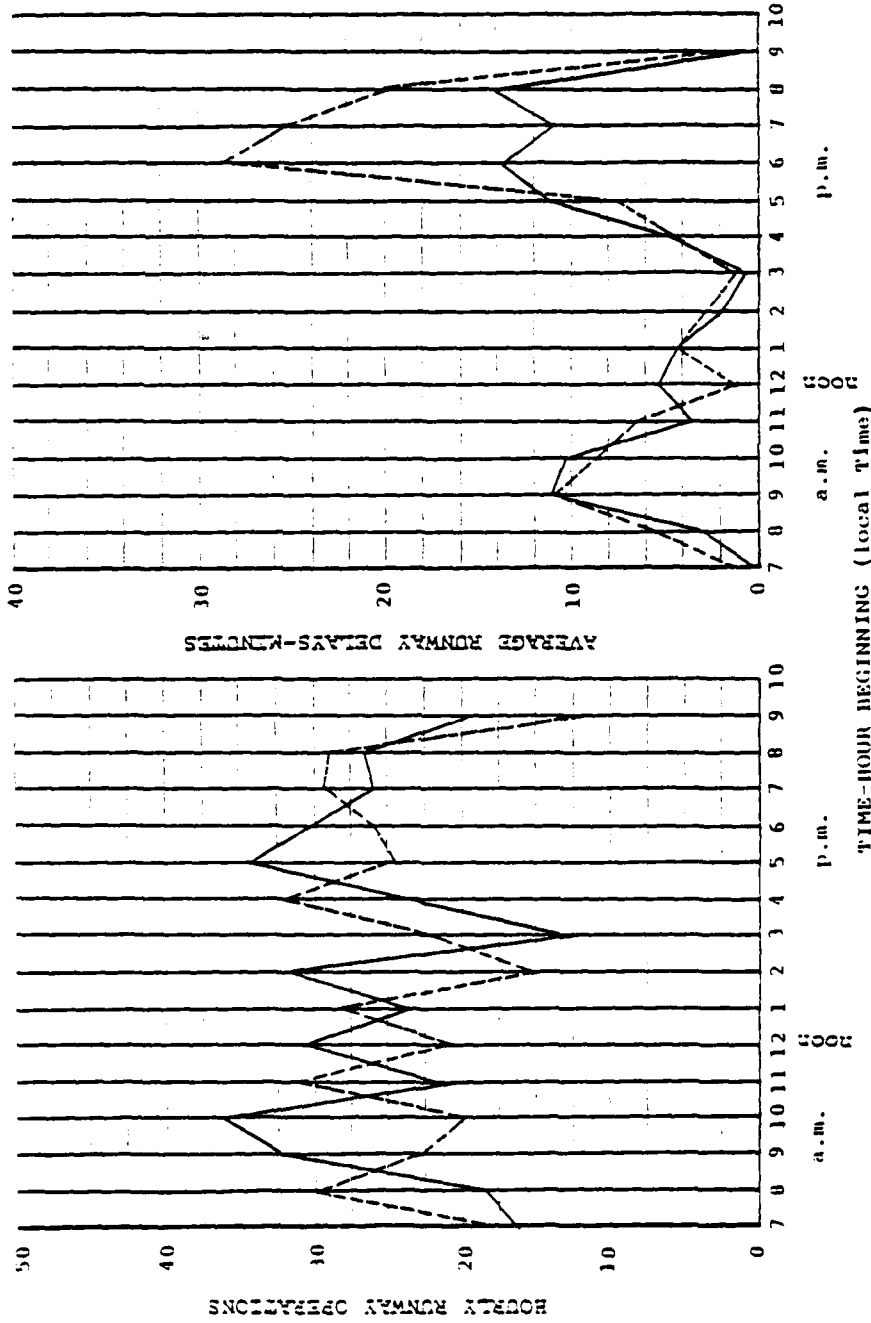
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 23.9           | 26.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 9.5            | 28.4        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 25.3           | 30.2        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 7.6            | 13.9        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 6  
ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
IFR 2+3 BASELINE

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 7AScenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

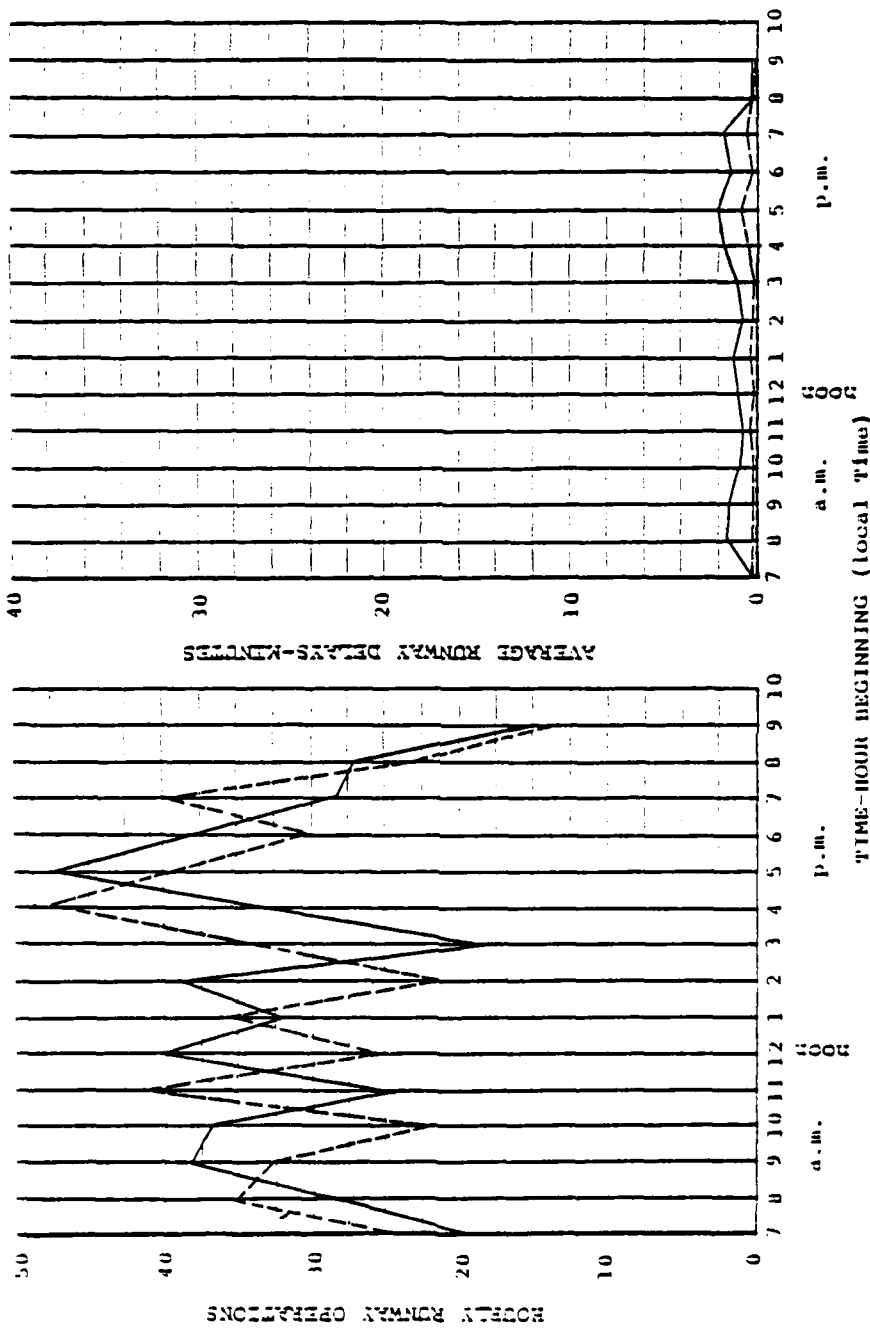
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 39.9        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.7         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr.  | 31.0           | 47.6        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.2            | 2.0         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 7A  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 VFR BASELINE

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 7Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

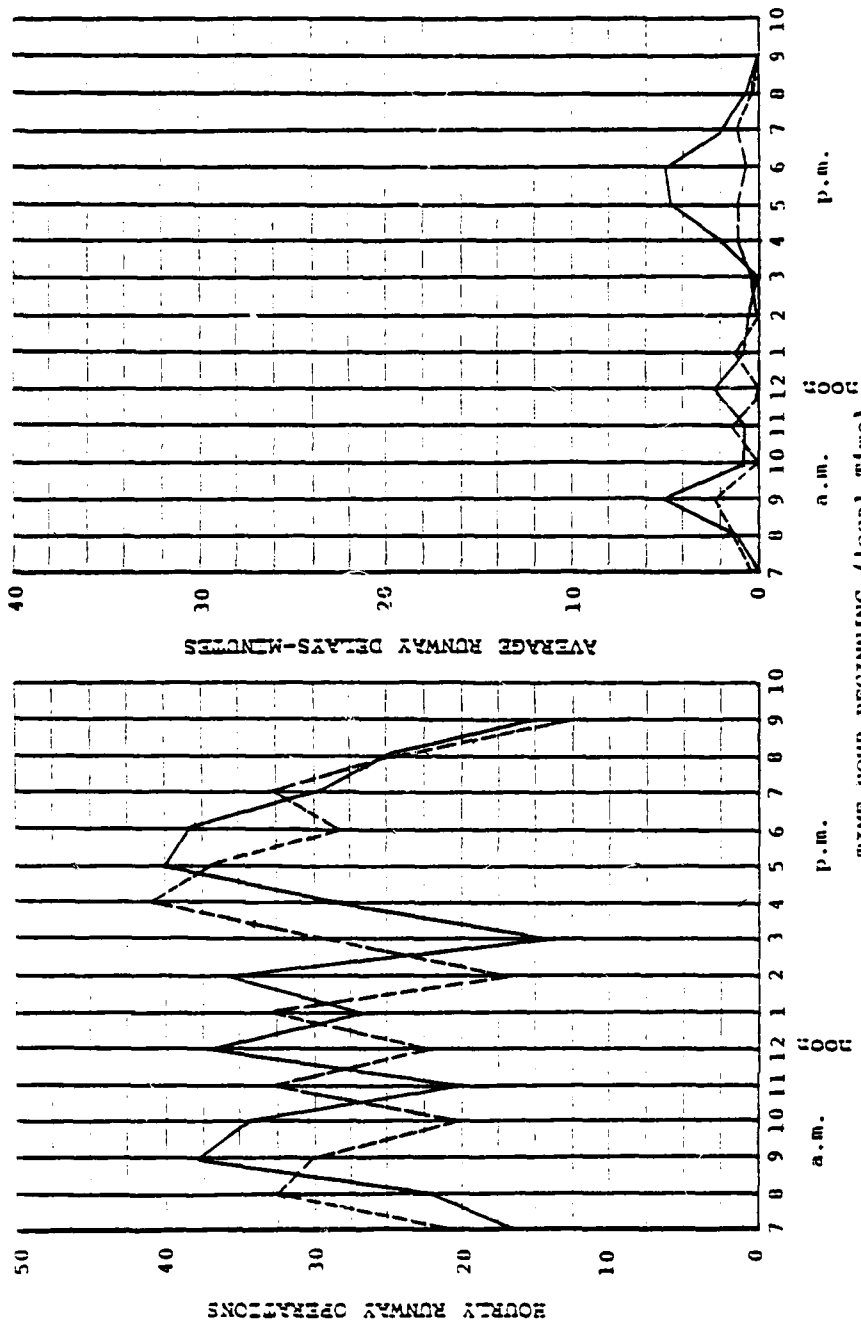
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.2           | 36.8        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.3            | 1.6         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.8           | 39.6        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.6            | 5.0         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 7  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR1 BASELINE

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 8Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

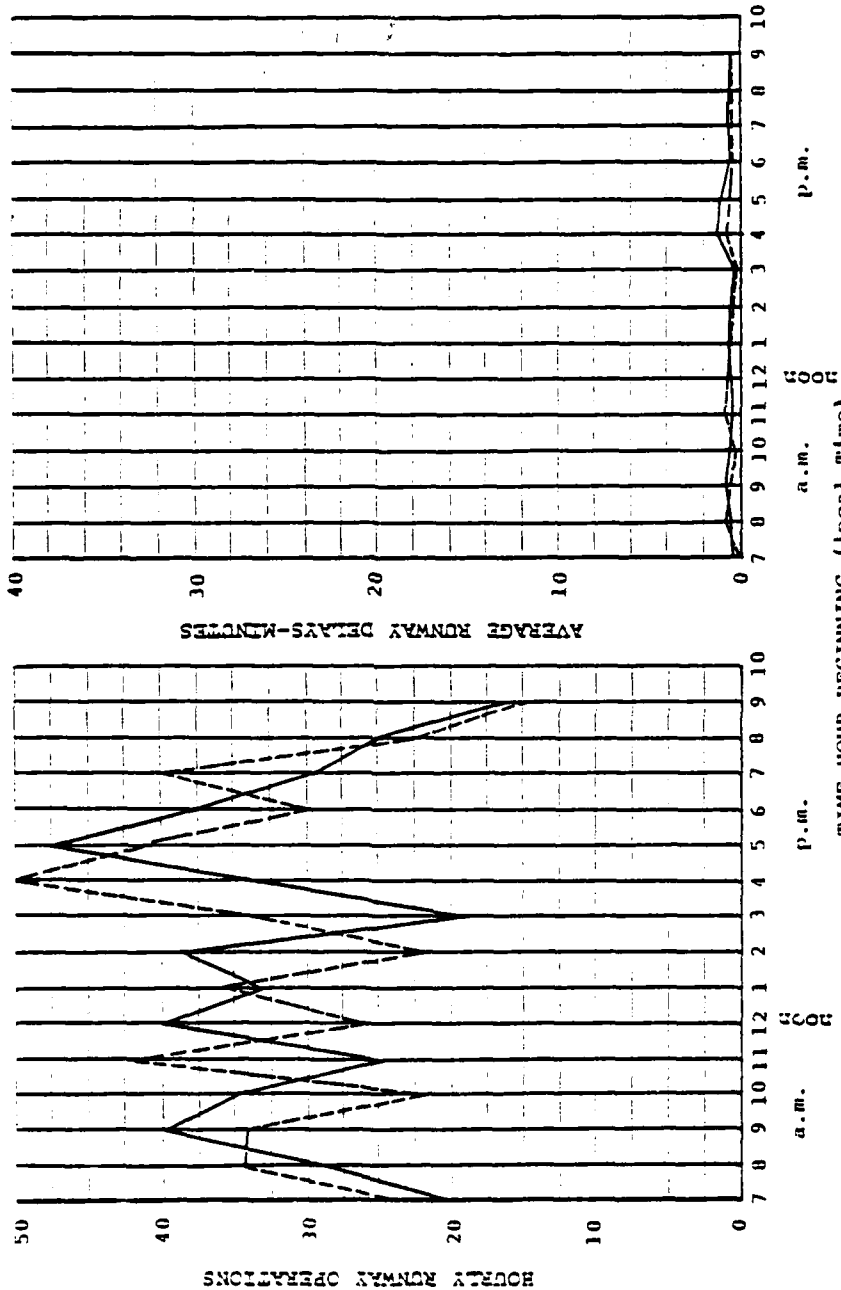
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1600-1700 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 49.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.4            | 0.6         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 33.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.6            | 1.3         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
- - - Arrivals  
— Departures

LEGEND  
- - - Arrival Delay  
— Departure Delay

Experiment 8  
Lambert—St. Louis International Airport  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L,  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L, AND 6  
VFR BASELINE

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 9Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

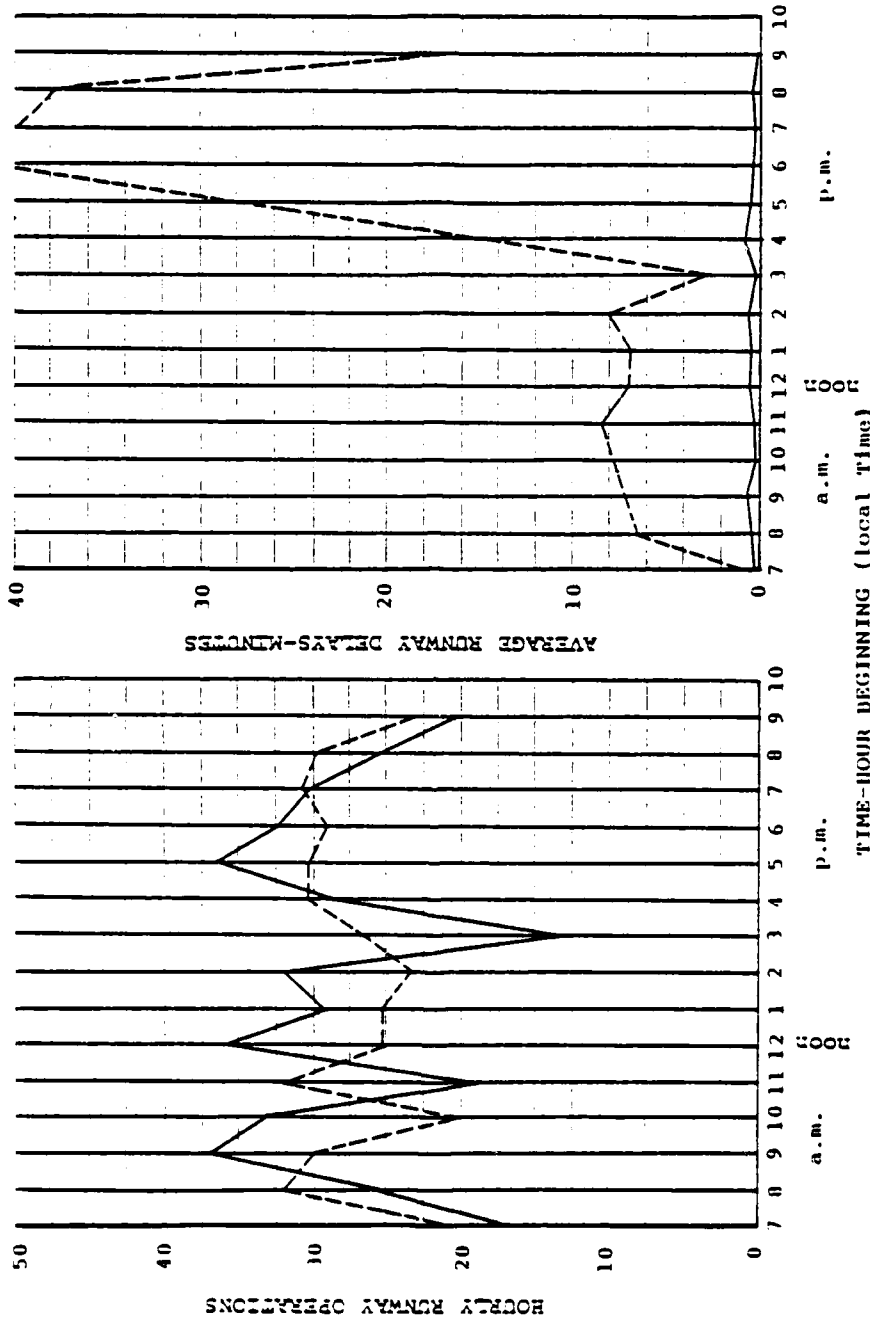
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.3           | 29.4        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 16.7           | 41.8        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.7           | 31.8        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.3            | 0.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 — Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 — Departure Delay

Experiment 9  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L, AND 6  
 IFR1 BASELINE

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 10Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR2 and IFR3 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

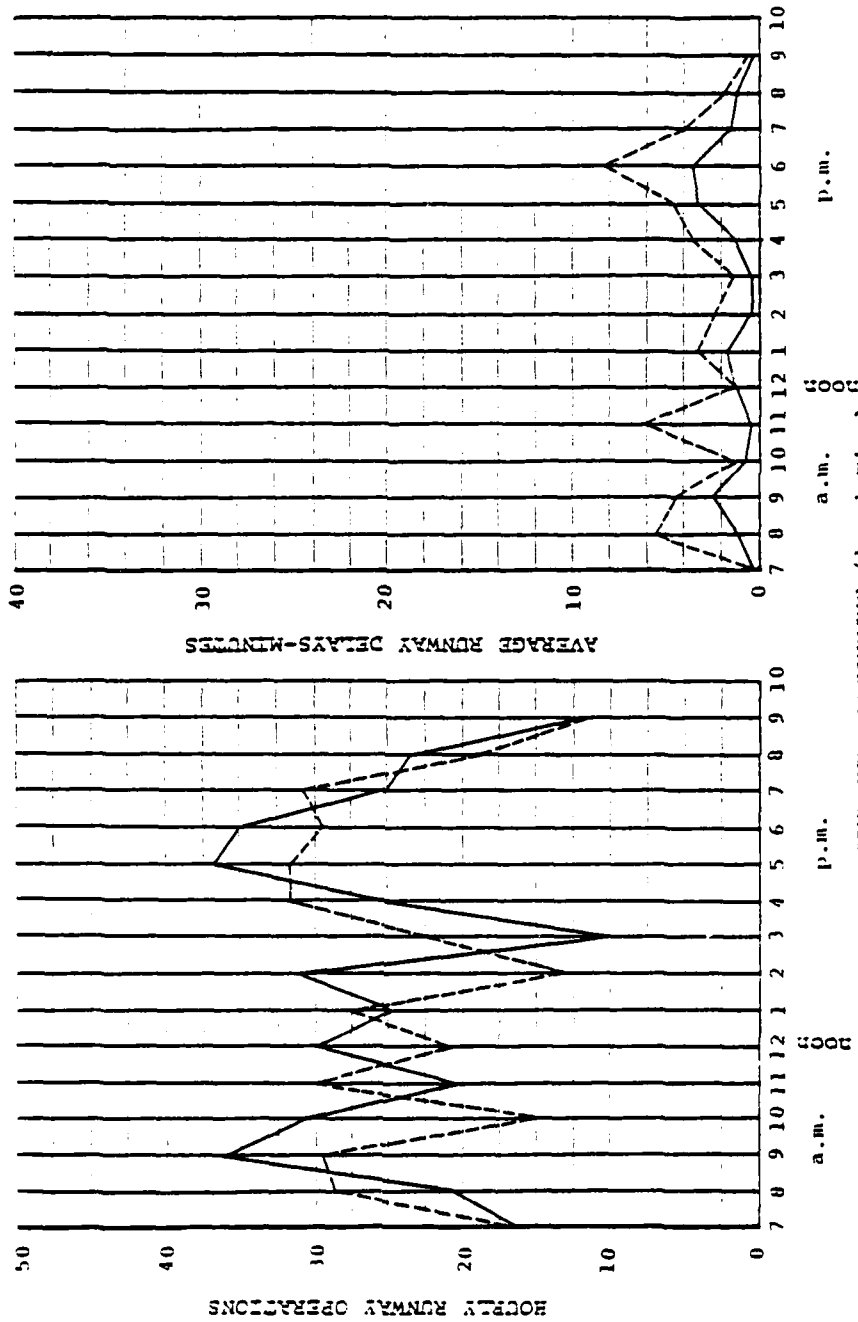
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 24.0           | 29.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 3.8            | 8.1         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 25.3           | 35.4        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.6            | 3.6         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 10  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L, AND 6  
IFR 2+3 BASELINE  
Lambert—St. Louis International Airport  
Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 11Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR2 and IFR3 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 24                     | 24                       |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

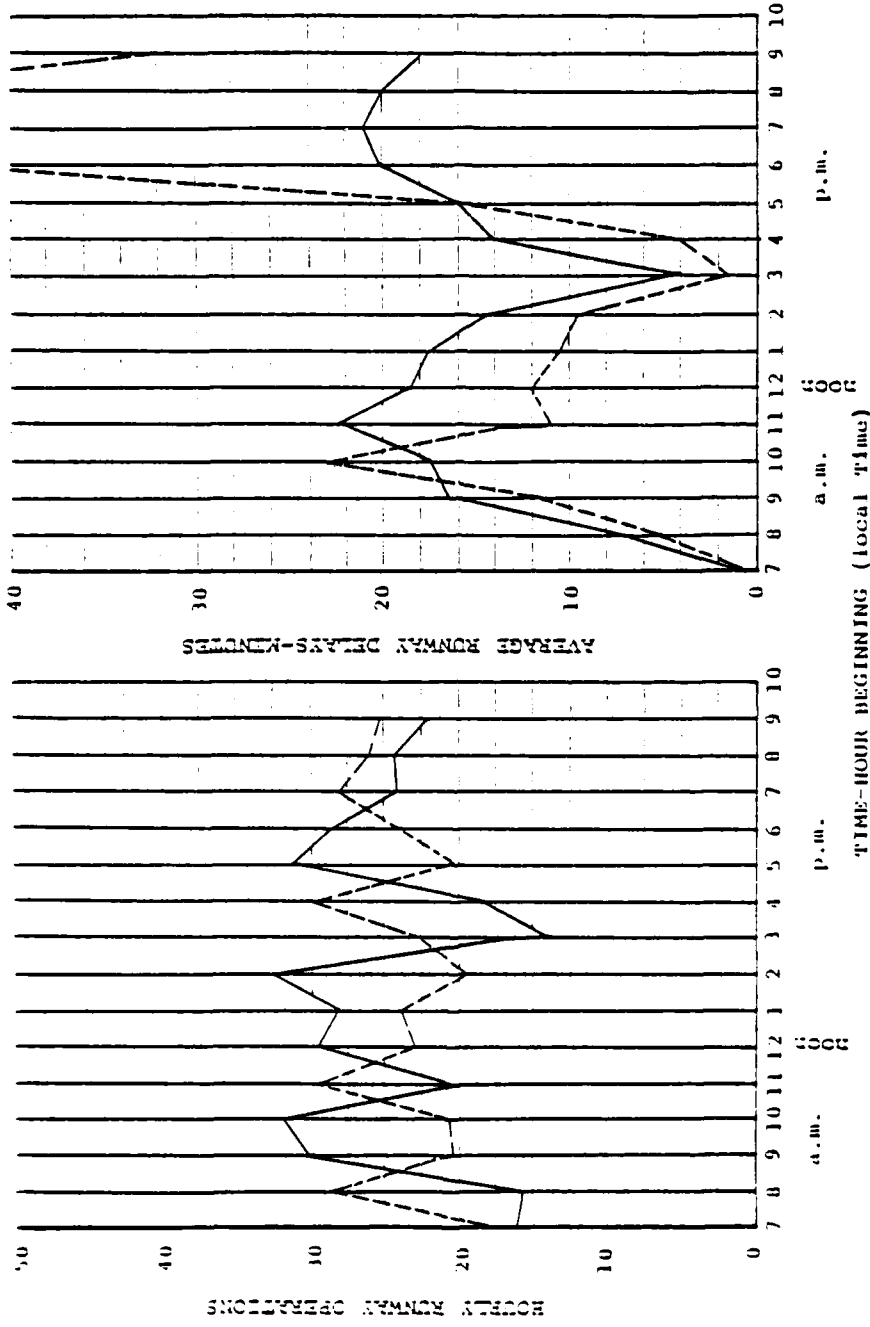
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 2000-2100 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 23.9           | 26.1        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 19.3           | 55.2        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 24.7           | 24.4        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 16.3           | 20.8        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
- - - Arrivals  
— Departures

LEGEND  
- - - Arrival Delay  
— Departure Delay

Experiment 11

Lambert—St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 24  
DEPARTURES ON 24  
IFR 2+3 BASELINE

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 12Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u>          | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L<br>GA Operations on 17 | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

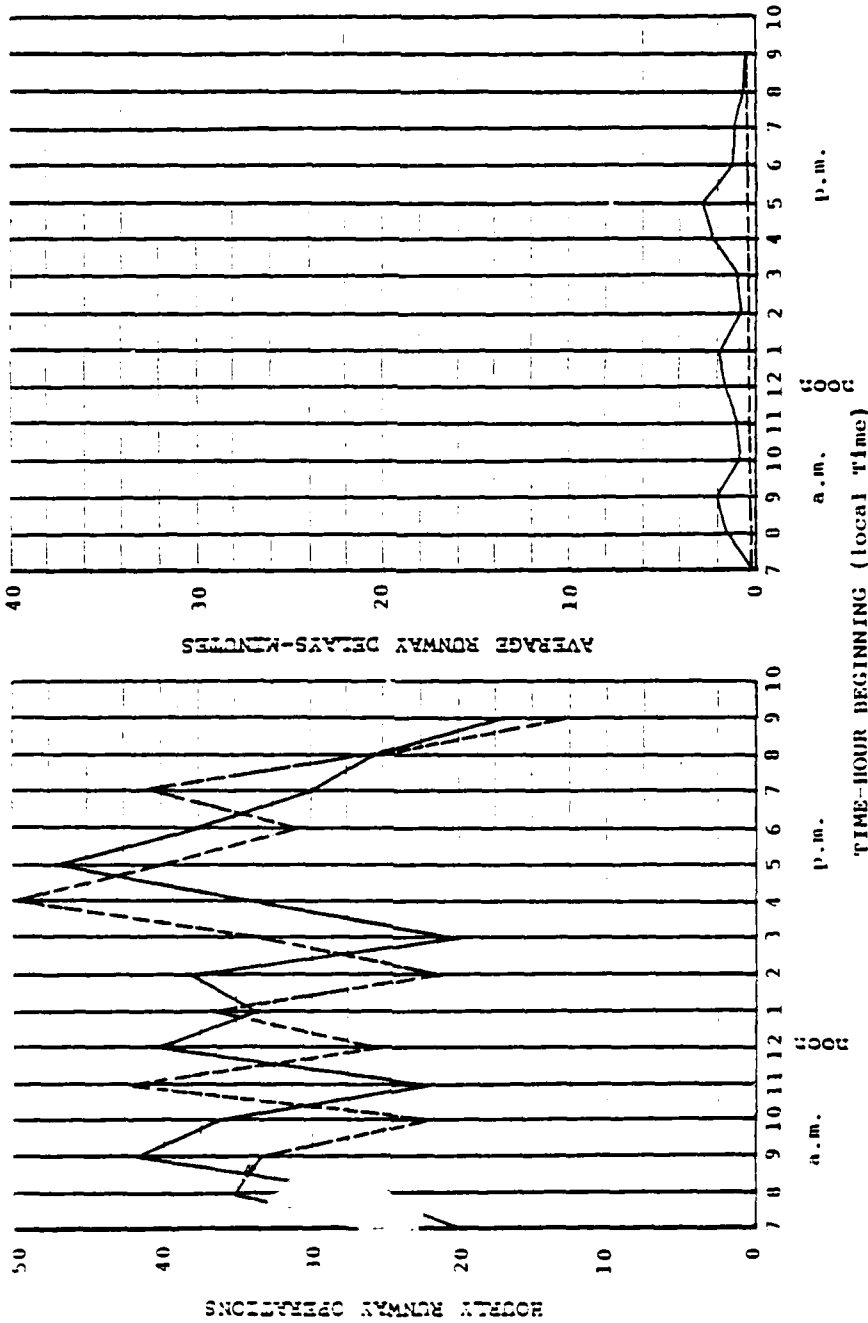
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 39.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.3            | 0.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 47.2        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.3            | 2.4         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 12  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 GENERAL AVIATION ON 17  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR BASELINE

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 13Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1979 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFRL conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u>          | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L<br>GA Operations on 17 | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

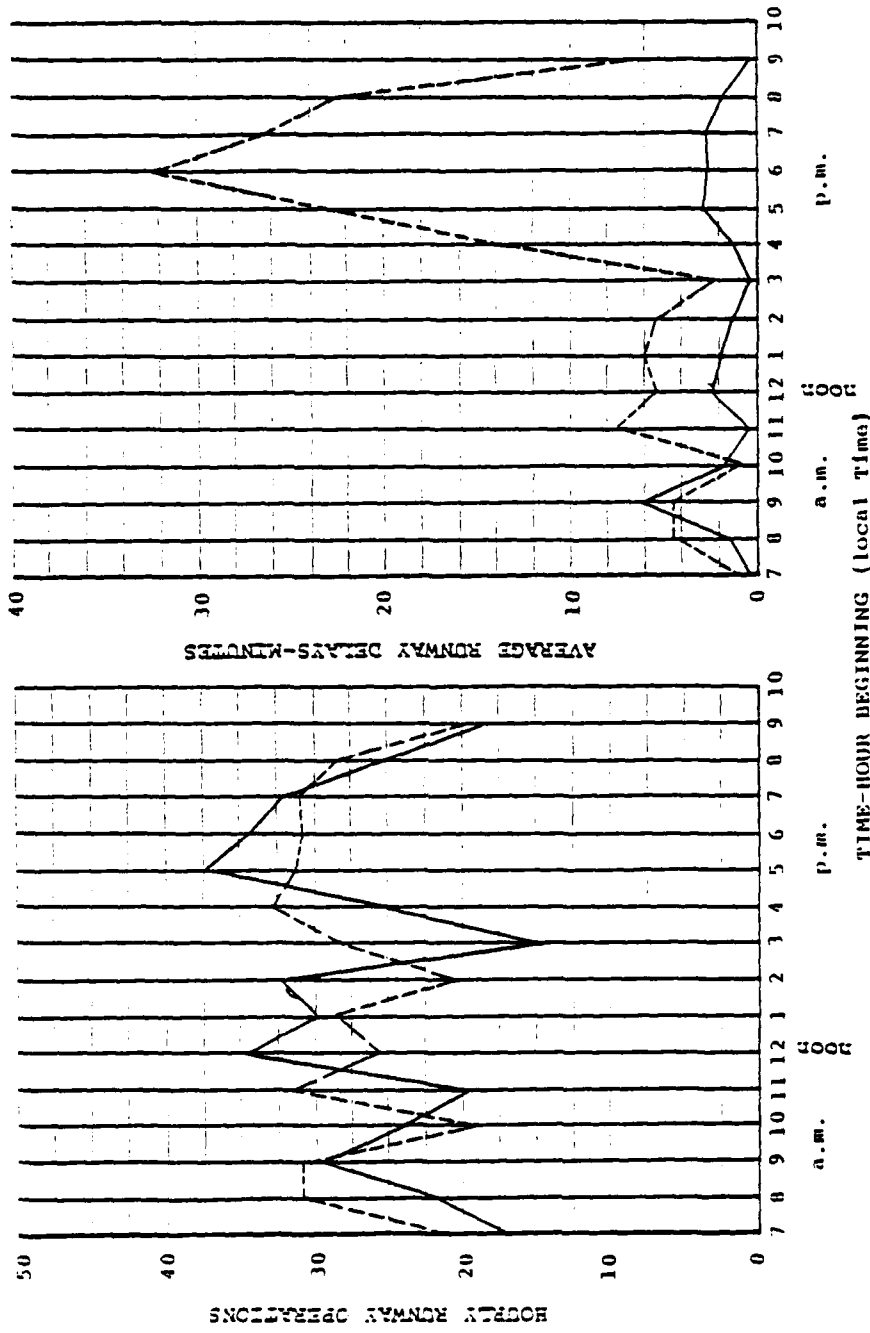
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.3           | 31.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 11.8           | 31.8        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.8           | 33.7        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.3            | 2.6         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 13  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 GENERAL AVIATION ON 17  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 IFR1 BASELINE (1979)

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 26Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

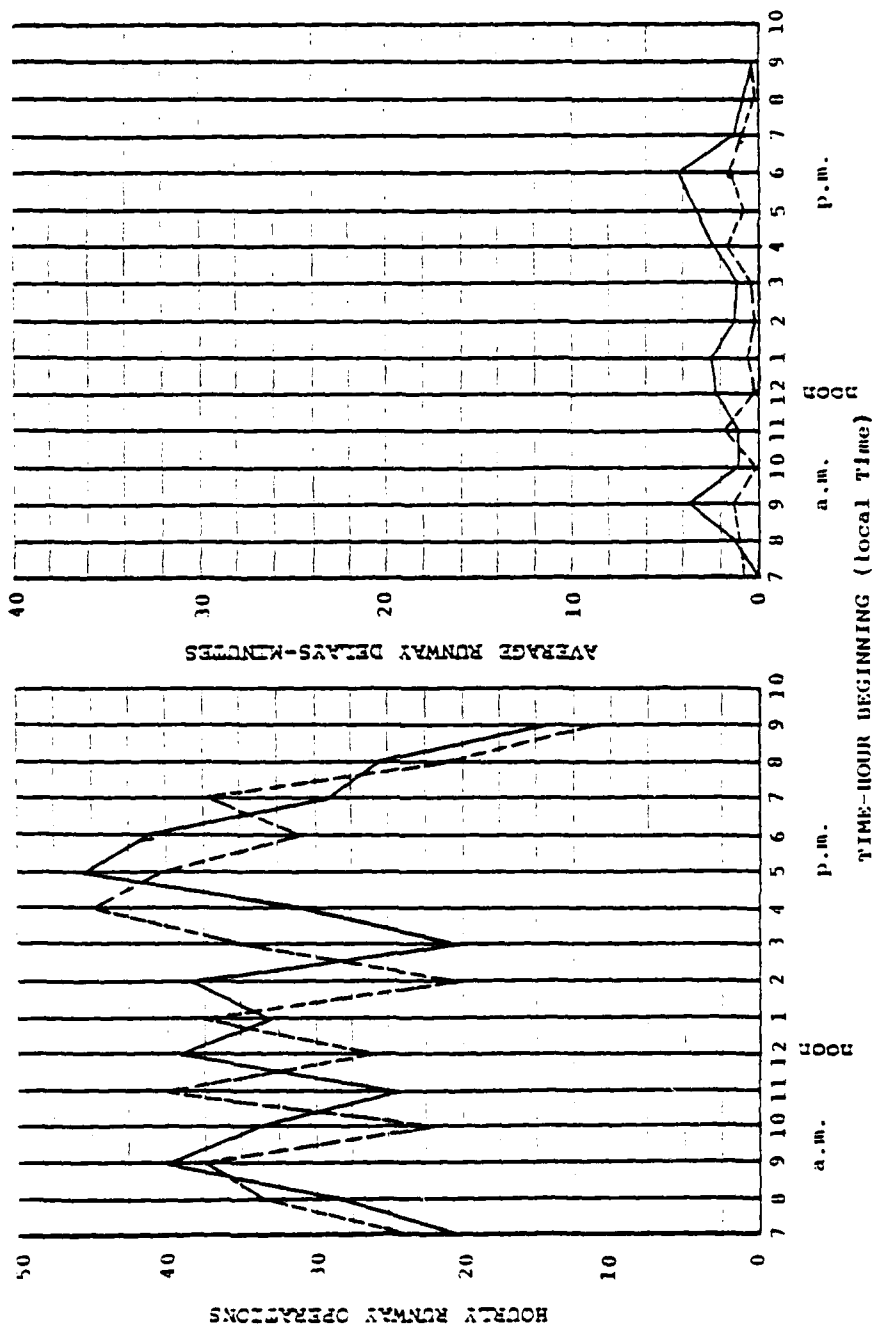
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.7           | 31.4        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.9            | 1.7         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 41.6        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.1            | 4.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 26  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
VFR BASELINE (1985)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 27Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

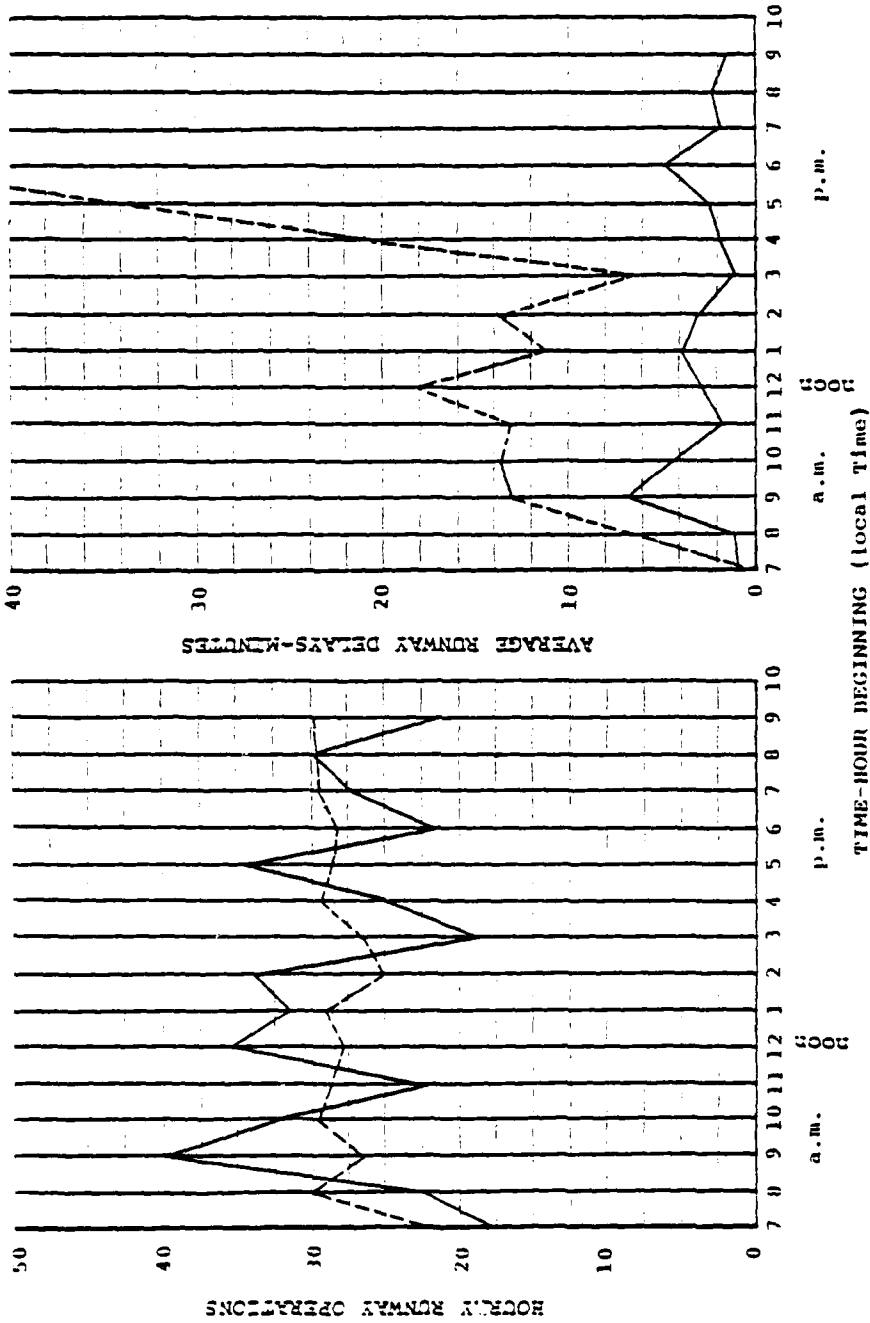
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.7           | 28.2        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 25.7           | 54.8        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.2           | 31.8        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 3.0            | 5.1         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

Experiment 27  
 Arrivals on 12R, 12L  
 Departures on 12R, 12L  
 IFR1 BASELINE (1985)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 28Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR2 and IFR3 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

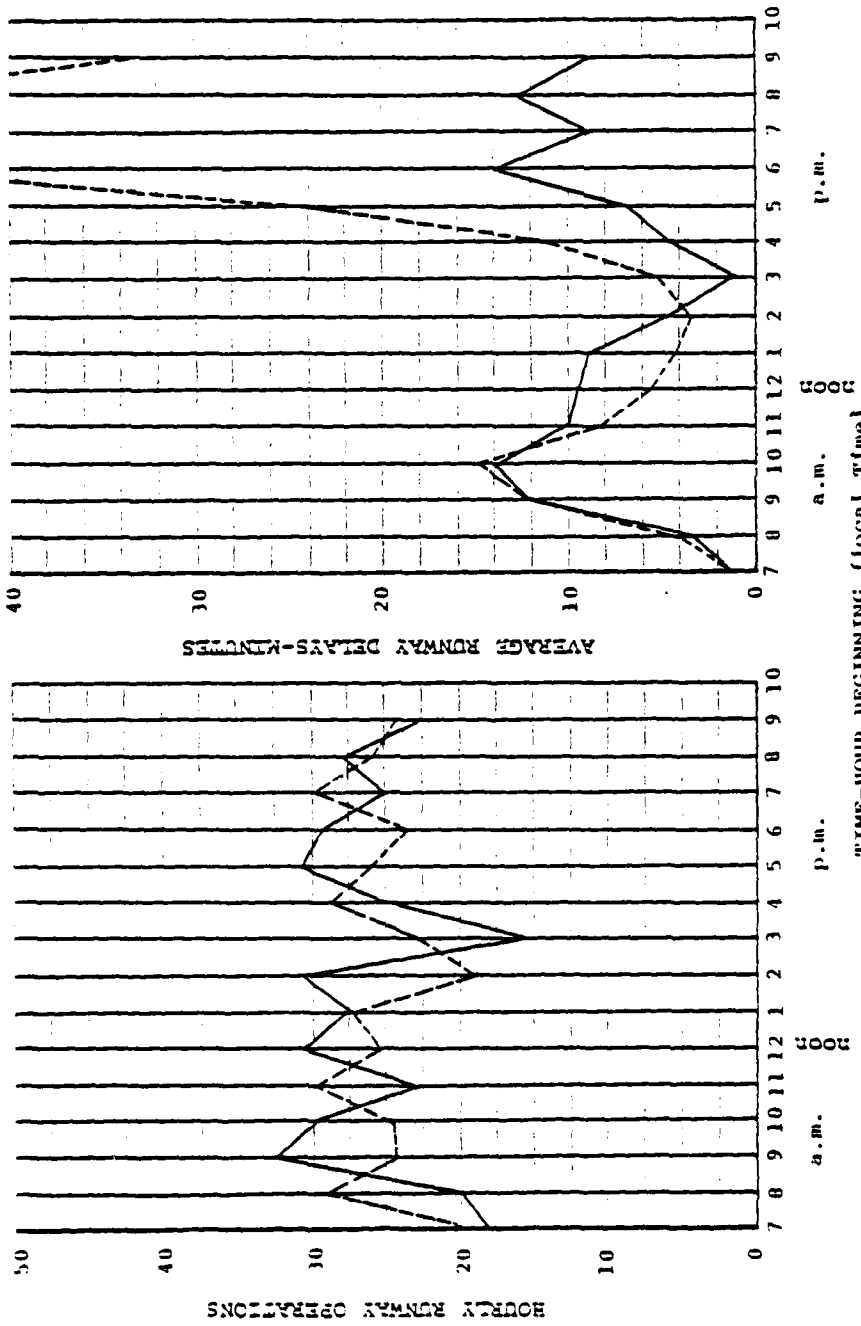
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 2000-2100 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 25.2           | 25.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 18.8           | 49.8        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 26.0           | 28.5        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 8.2            | 13.2        |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 28  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 IFR2+3 BASELINE (1985)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 29Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

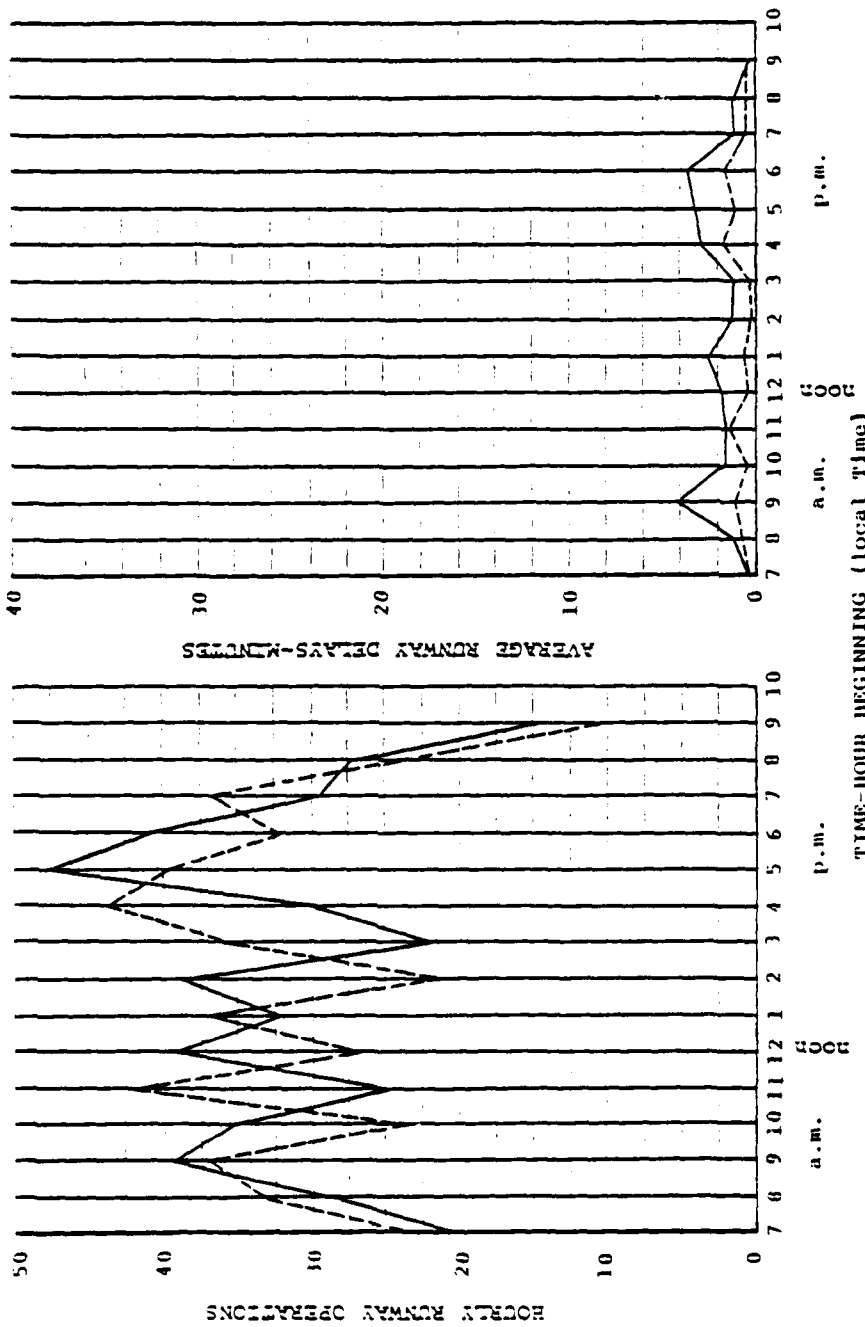
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 0900-1000 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.7           | 37.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.9            | 1.4         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 38.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.1            | 4.1         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - - - Arrivals  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - - - Arrival delay  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Departure delay

Experiment 29  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 VFR BASELINE (1985)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 30Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

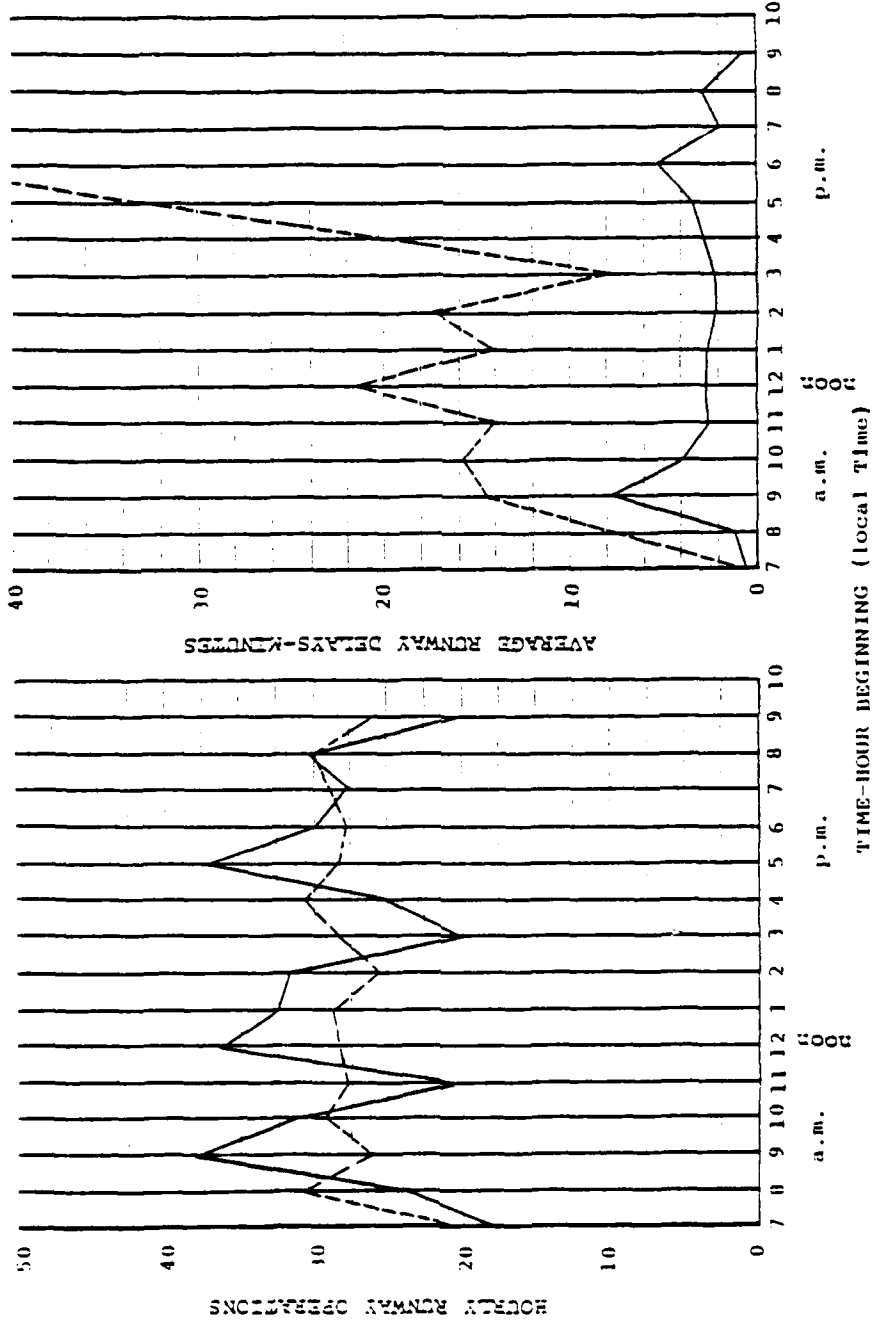
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.8           | 27.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 25.1           | 51.7        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.3           | 30.5        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 3.1            | 5.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 — Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 — Departure Delay

Experiment 30  
 Lambert—St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR1 BASELINE (1985)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 31Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR2 and IFR3 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

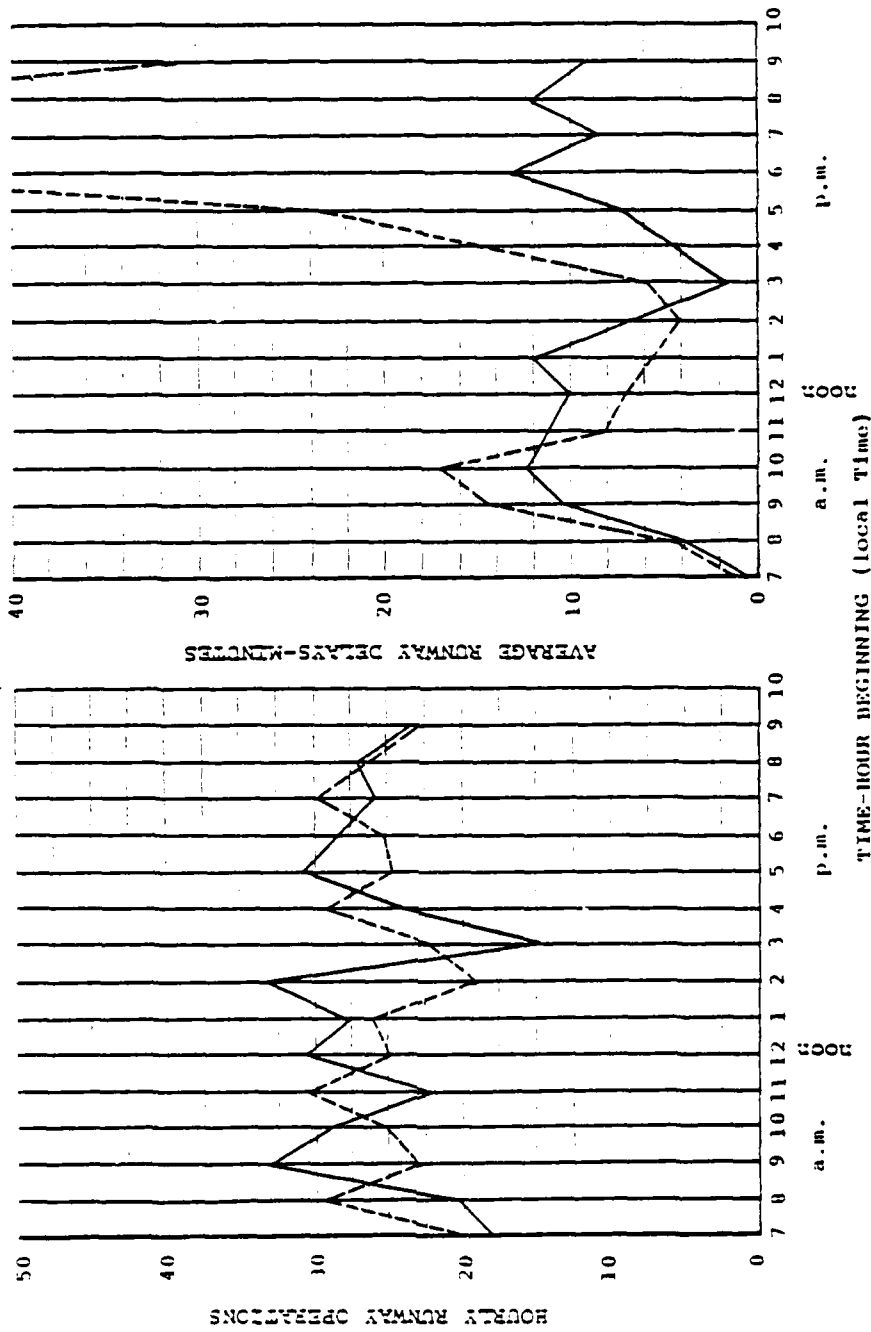
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 25.1           | 25.1        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 19.2           | 48.3        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 25.9           | 27.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 8.8            | 13.7        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 — Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 — Departure Delay

Experiment 31  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR 2+3 BASELINE (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 32AScenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

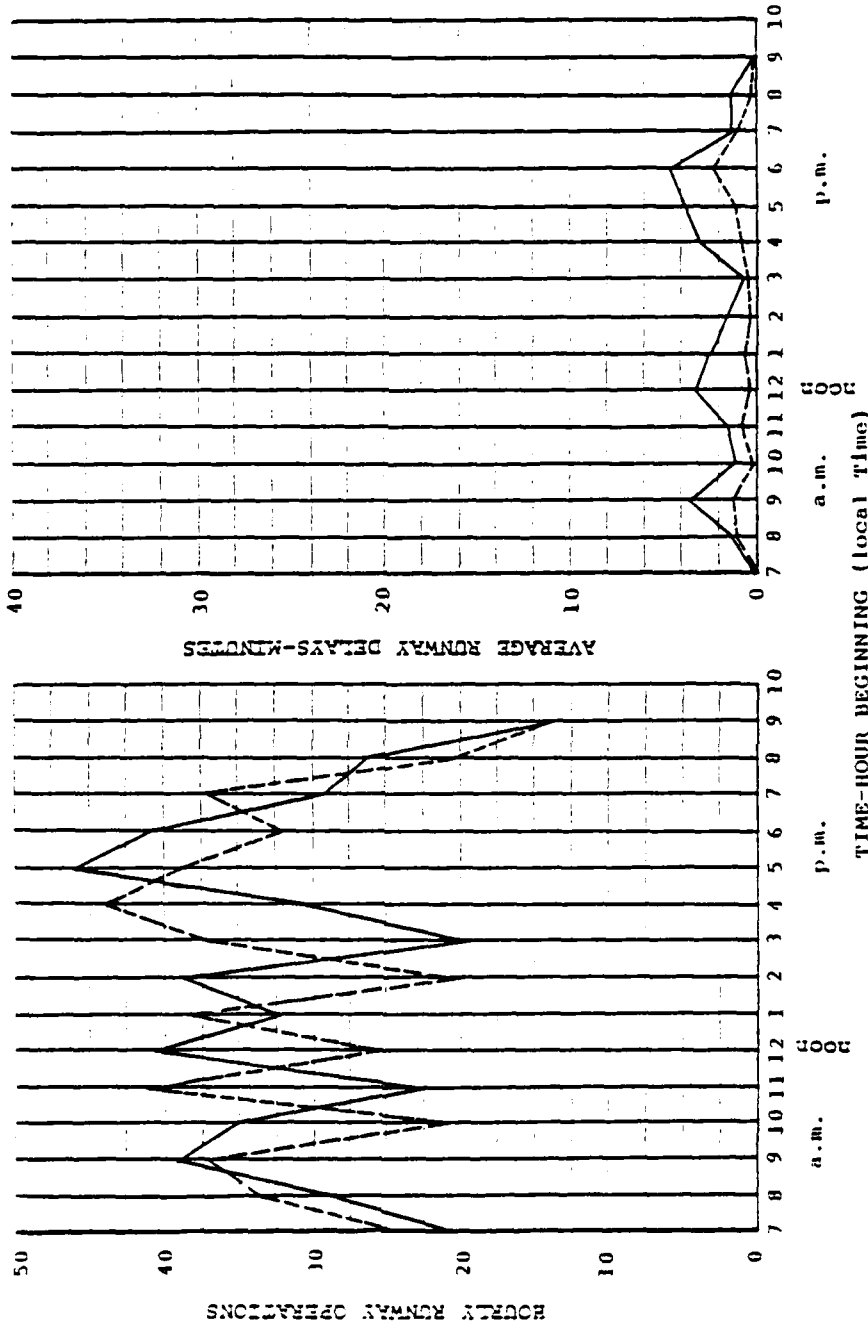
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.8           | 32.2        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.8            | 2.2         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.1           | 40.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.3            | 4.6         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 32A  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 VFR BASELINE (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 32Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

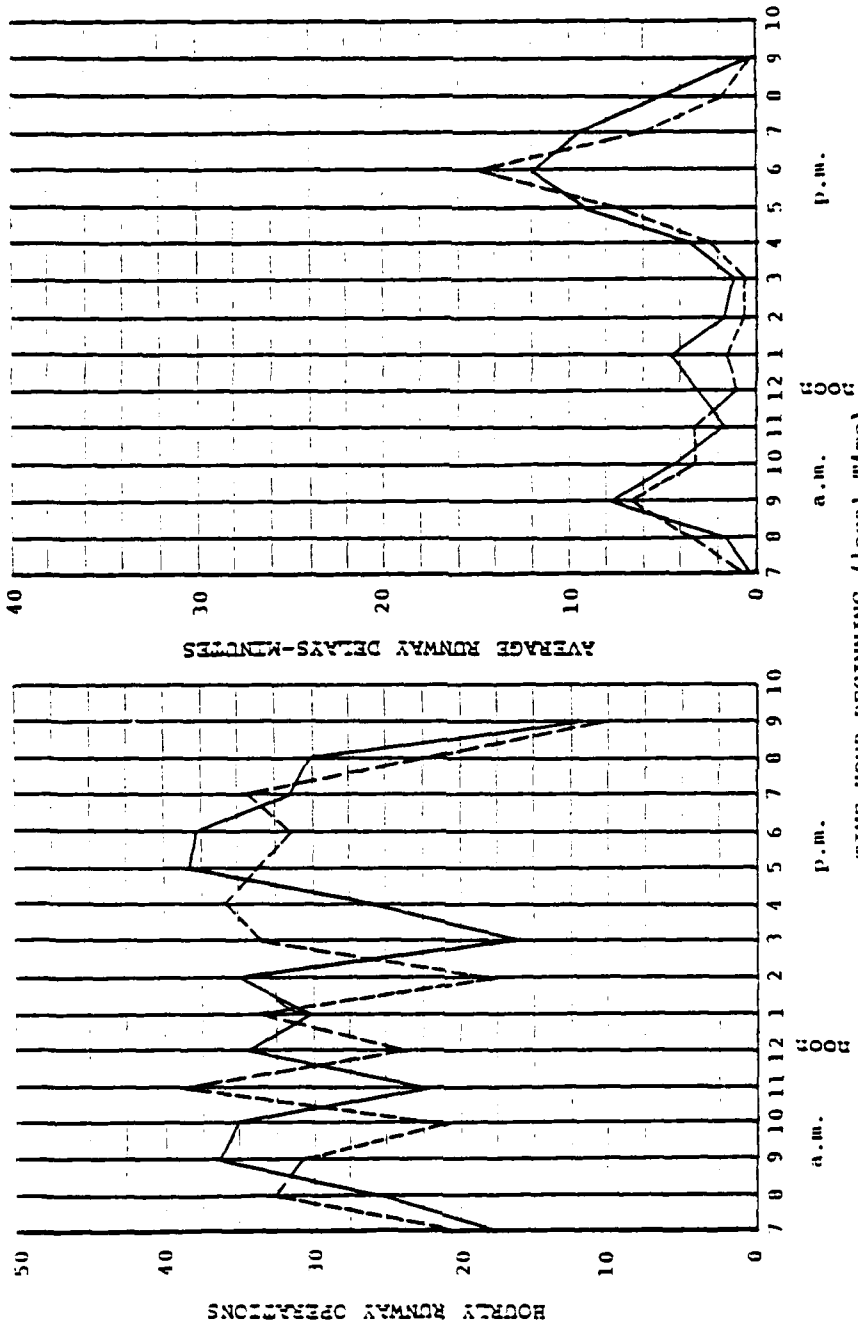
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.1           | 31.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 4.0            | 14.8        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.7           | 37.5        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 5.0            | 11.8        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 32  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR1 BASELINE (1985)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 33Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

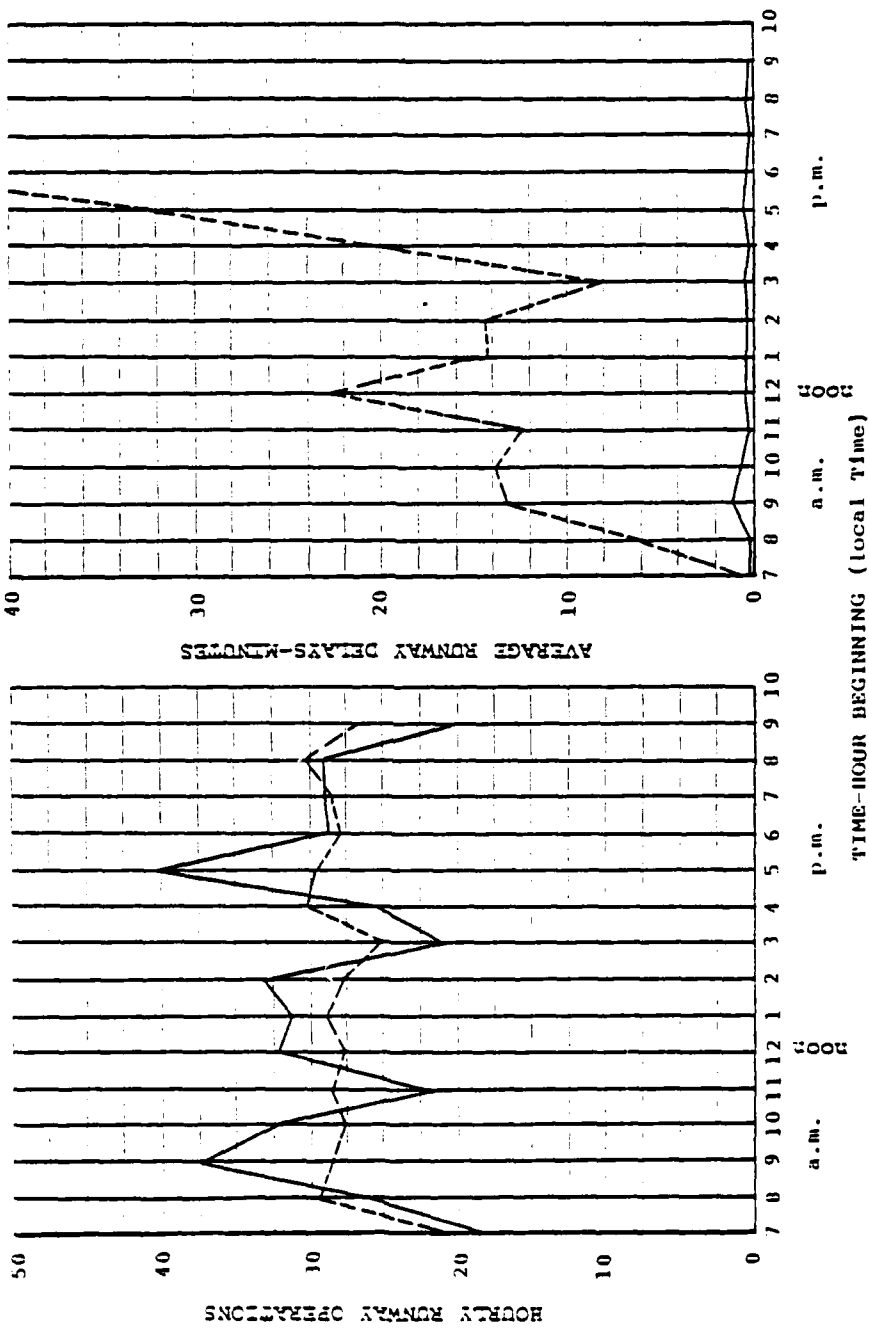
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1900-2000 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.8           | 28.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 25.7           | 59.4        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.3           | 29.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.5            | 0.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 33  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L, AND 6  
 IFR1 BASELINE (1985)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 34Scenario:

This experiment is a baseline case using the existing airfield layout. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFRL conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u>          | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L<br>GA Operations on 17 | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

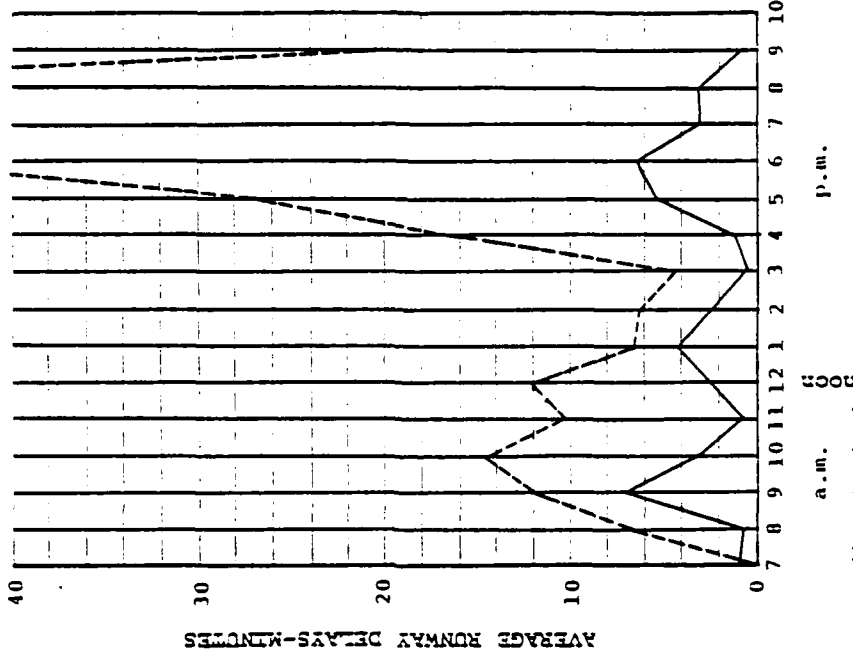
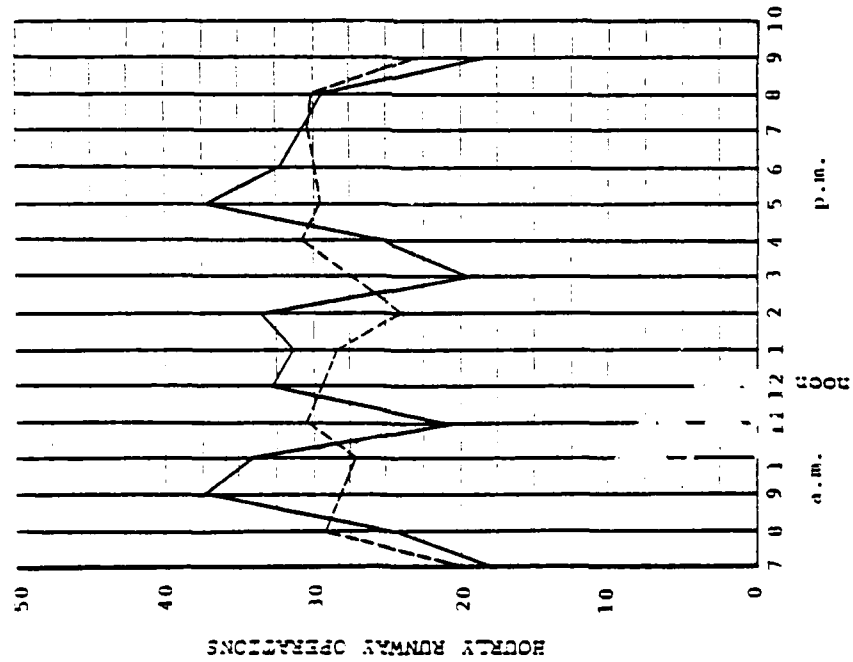
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.1           | 29.8        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 18.7           | 42.5        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.6           | 32.2        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 3.3            | 6.3         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 34  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
GENERAL AVIATION ON 17  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
IFR1 BASELINE (1985)

LEGEND  
--- Arrival Delay  
--- Departure Delay

LEGEND  
--- Arrivals  
--- Departures

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 35Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

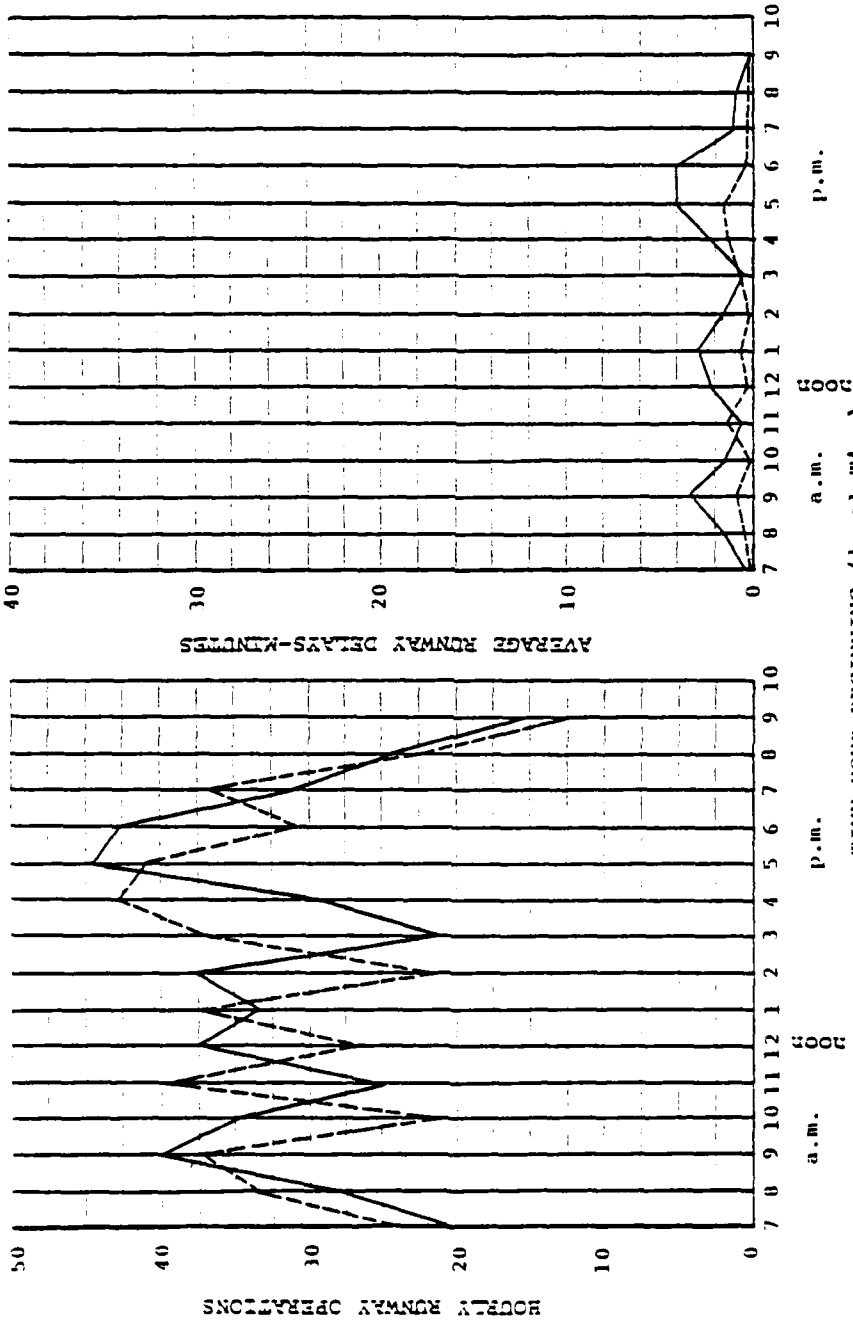
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.8           | 41.8        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.8            | 1.3         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.0           | 44.6        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.2            | 4.1         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 35  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1985)  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 35GScenario:

This experiment is used as a baseline to evaluate the effect of proposed terminal expansion on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

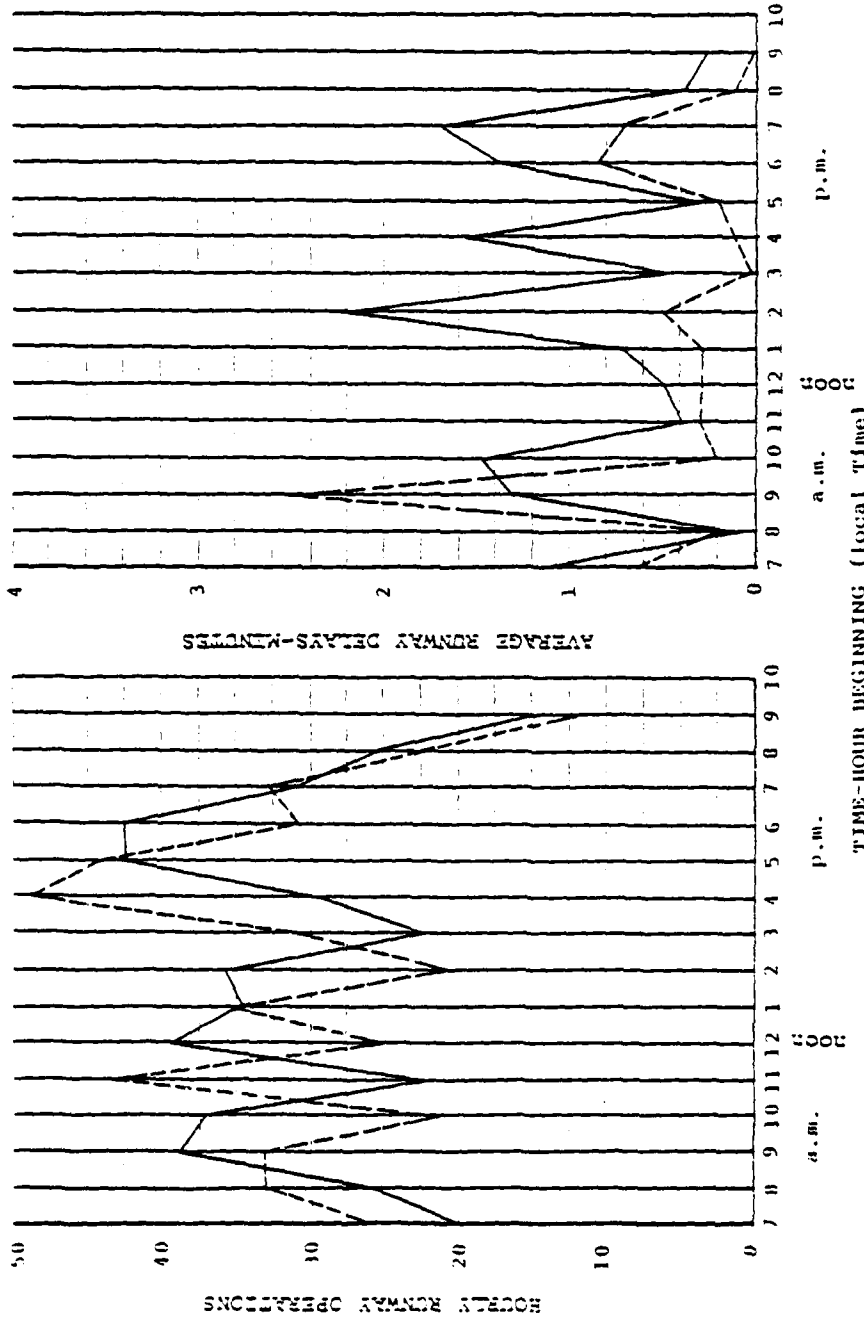
The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per      | 30.8           | 31.2        |
| Arrival               | Taxi-in delay              | minute       | 0.5            | 0.8         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.8           | 42.4        |
| Departure             | Taxi-out delay             | minute       | 1.0            | 1.4         |

Number of aircraft delayed because of gate congestion: 7.

Average gate congestion delays incurred by these aircraft: 20.9 minutes.

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Taxi-In Delay  
 - - - Taxi-Out Delay

Experiment 35G  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR BASELINE TERMINAL EXPANSION (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 35AScenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of increasing the proportion of heavy jets in the aircraft mix on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

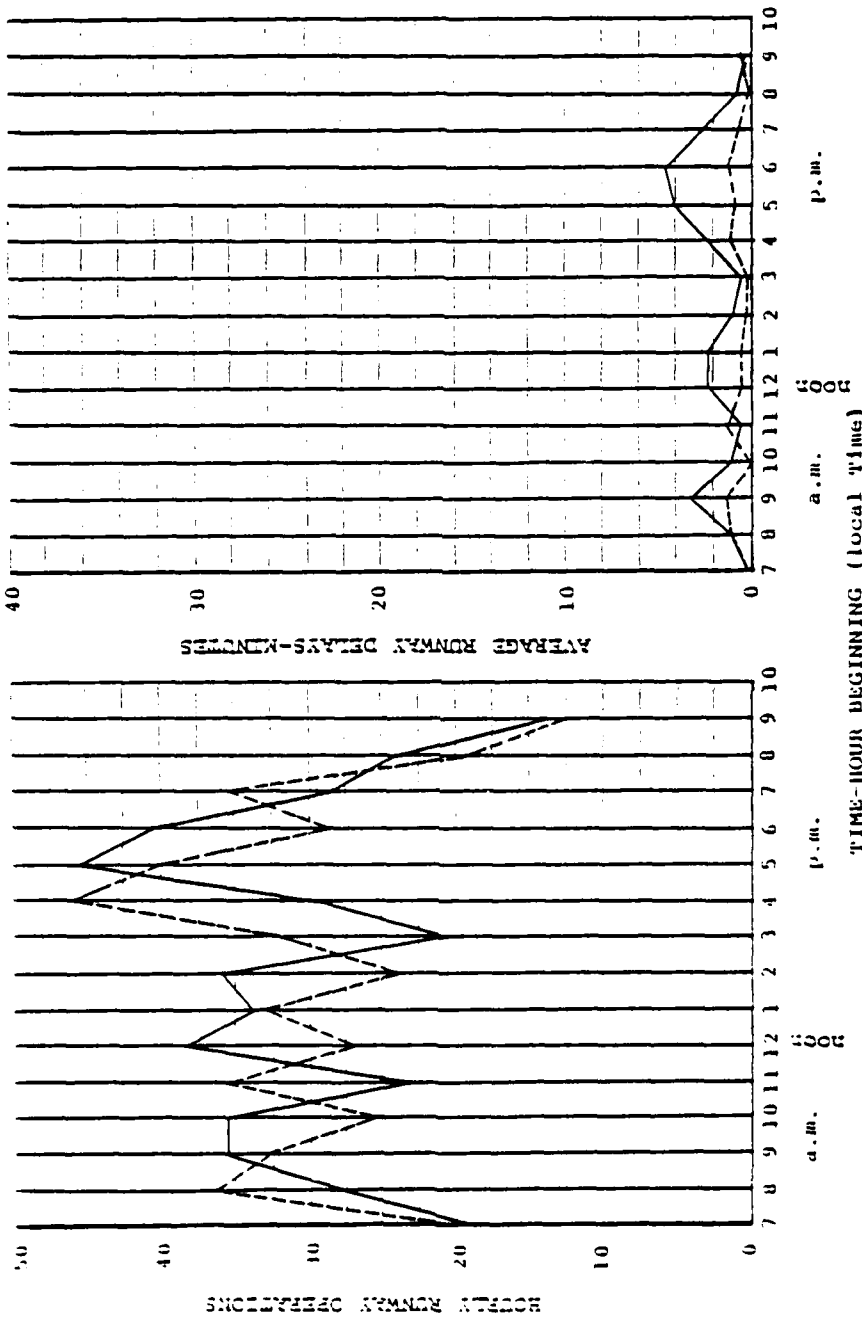
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.1           | 29.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.9            | 1.3         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.1           | 40.8        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.1            | 4.7         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 35A  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT  
 INCREASED HEAVY (1985)  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 35BScenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of decreasing the proportion of general aviation aircraft in the mix on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

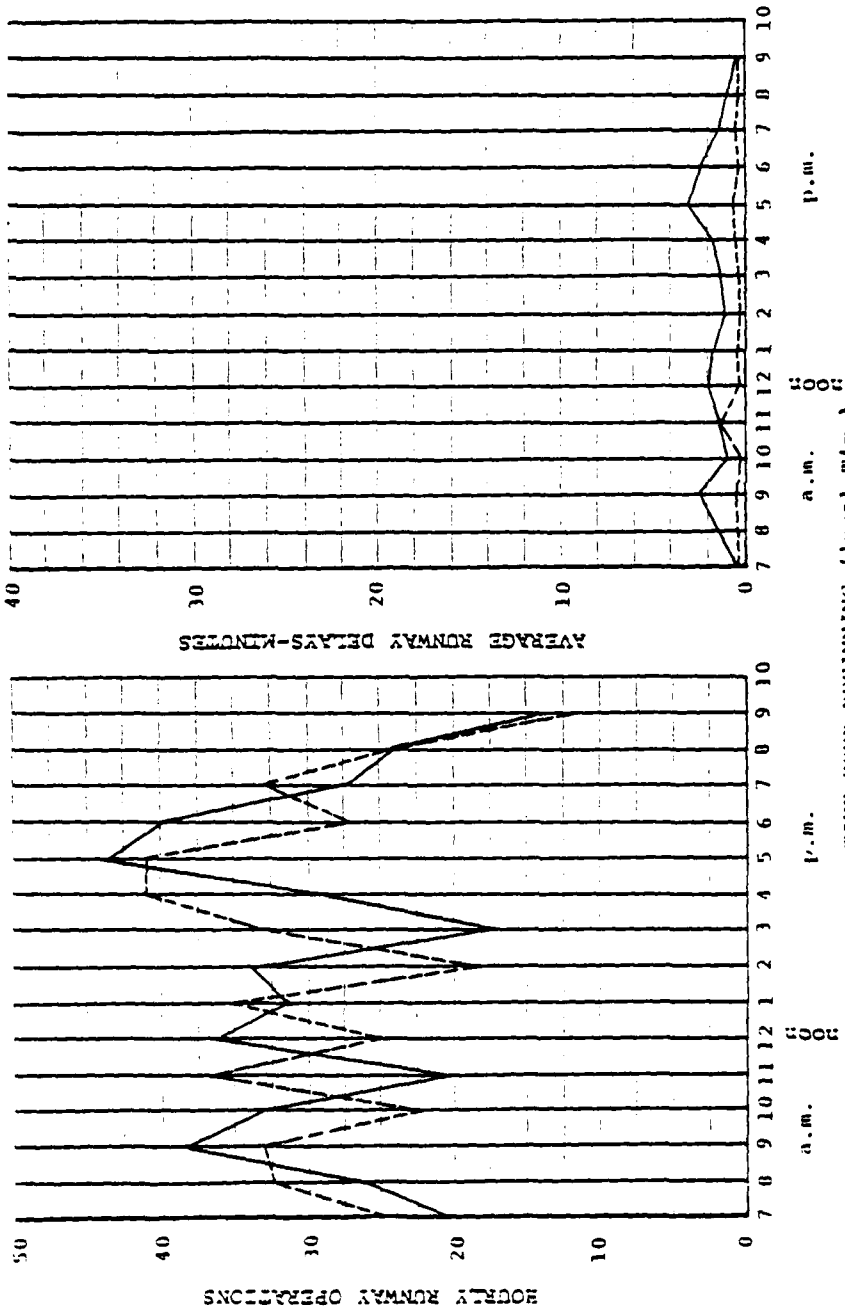
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.6           | 40.9        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.6            | 0.8         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 29.0           | 43.3        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.7            | 3.3         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 35B  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT  
DECREASED GENERAL AVIATION (1985)  
Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 36Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFRL conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

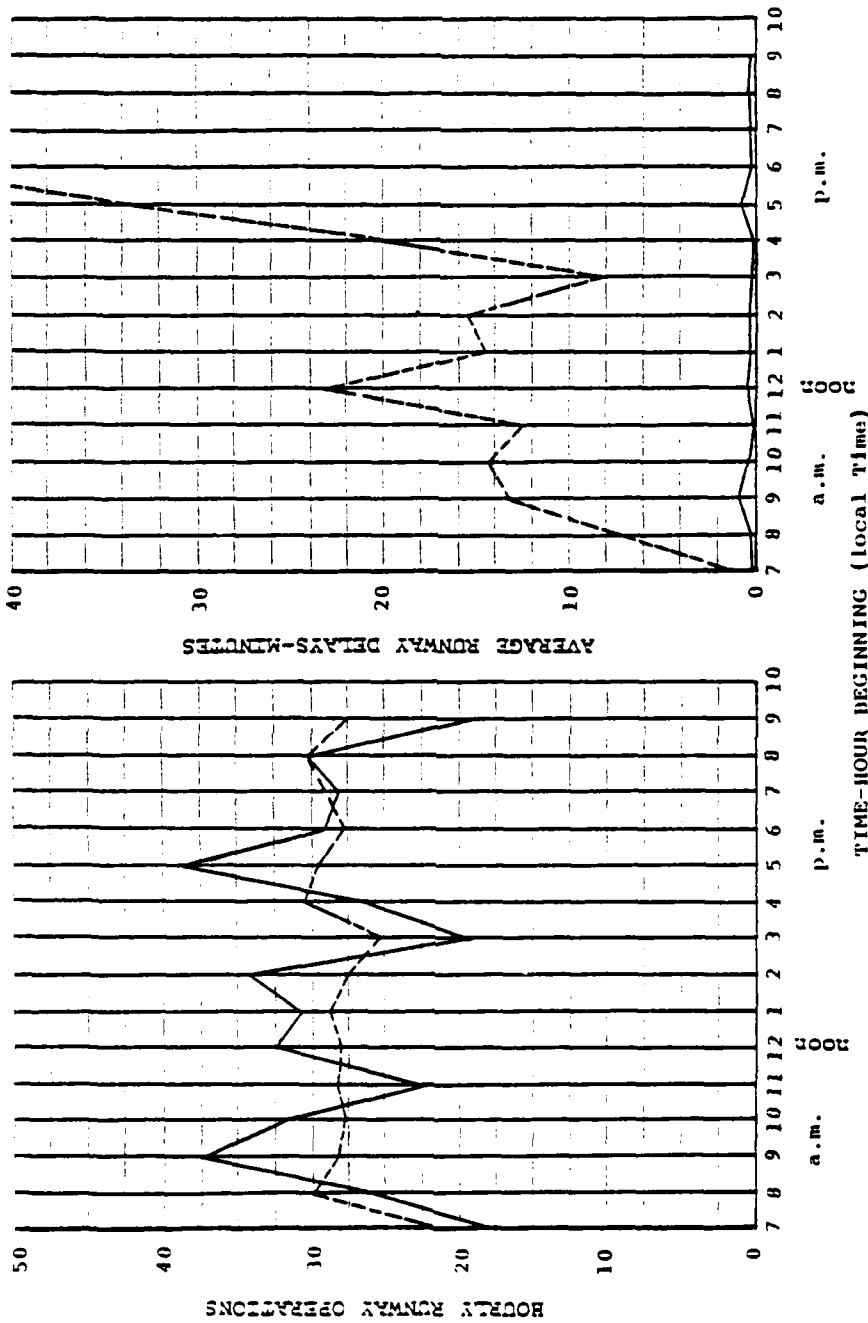
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1900-2000 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.0           | 29.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 25.8           | 59.3        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.4           | 28.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.5            | 0.3         |



LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 36

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 IFR1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 38Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

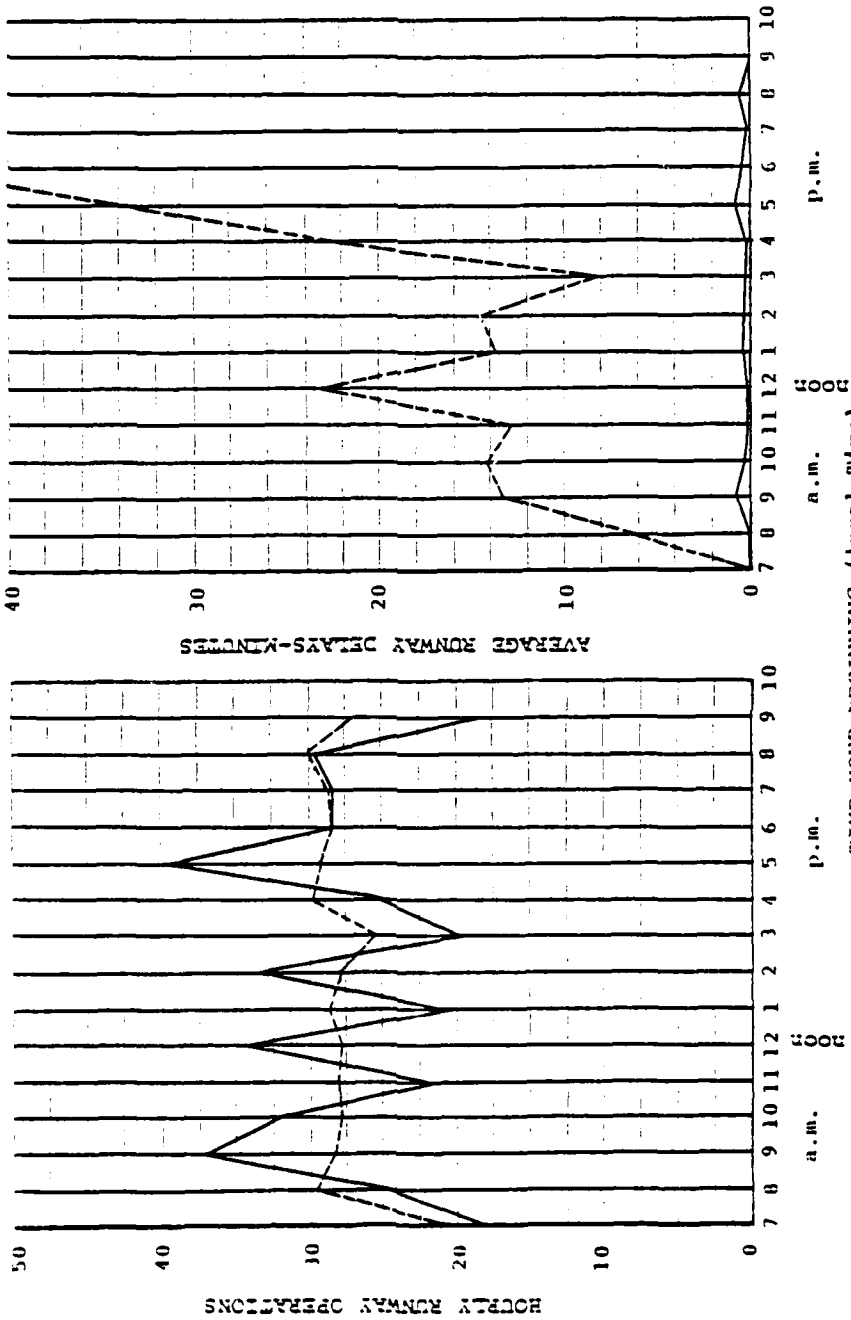
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1900-2000 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.9           | 28.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 26.1           | 60.2        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 26.1           | 28.2        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.5            | 0.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 38  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 39AScenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

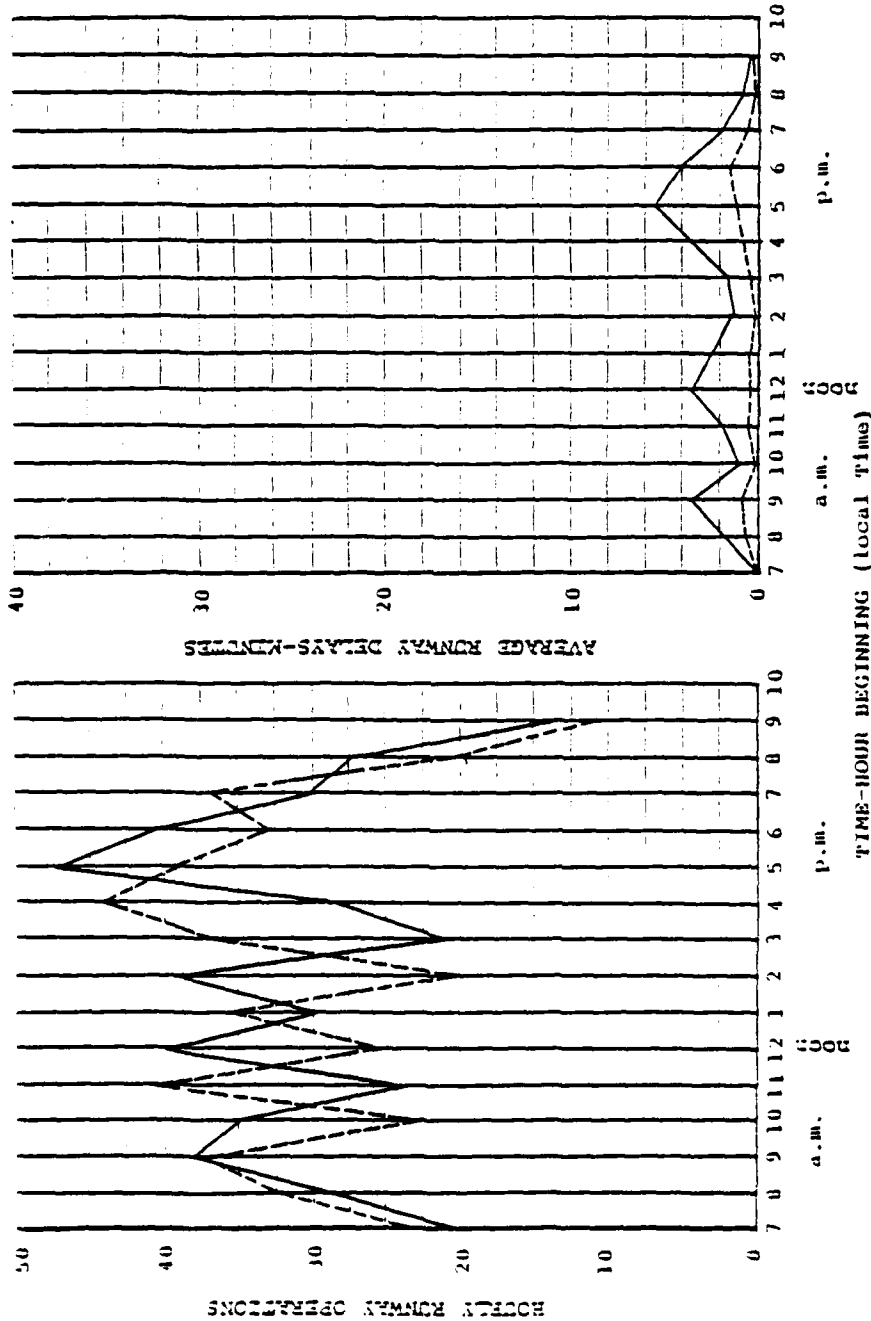
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.7           | 38.2        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 0.7            | 1.3         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.9           | 47.3        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.5            | 5.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
--- Arrivals  
— Departures

LEGEND  
--- Arrival Delay  
— Departure Delay

Experiment 39A

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 39Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

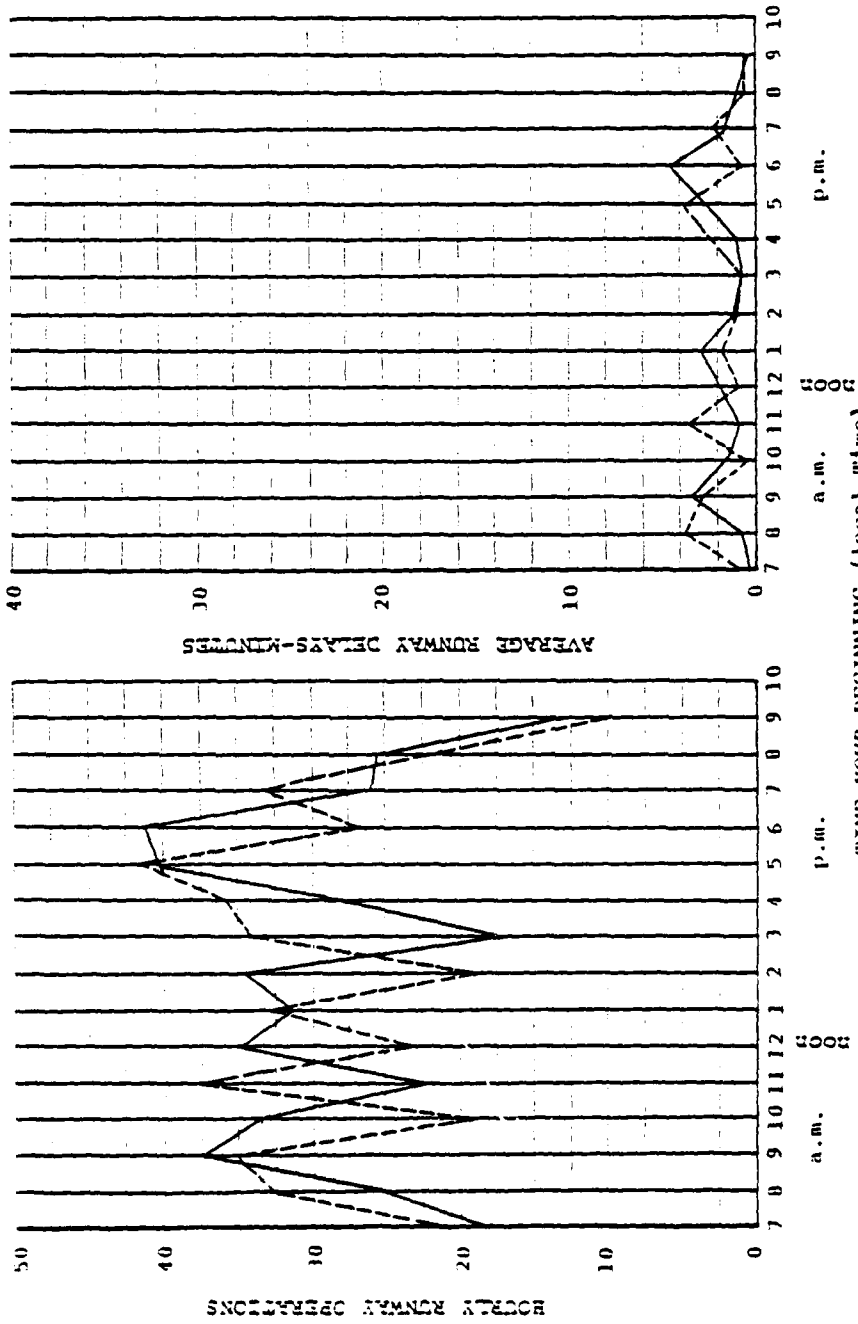
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 0900-1000 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.0           | 35.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.9            | 3.1         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.5           | 38.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.0            | 3.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Experiment 39

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 40Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

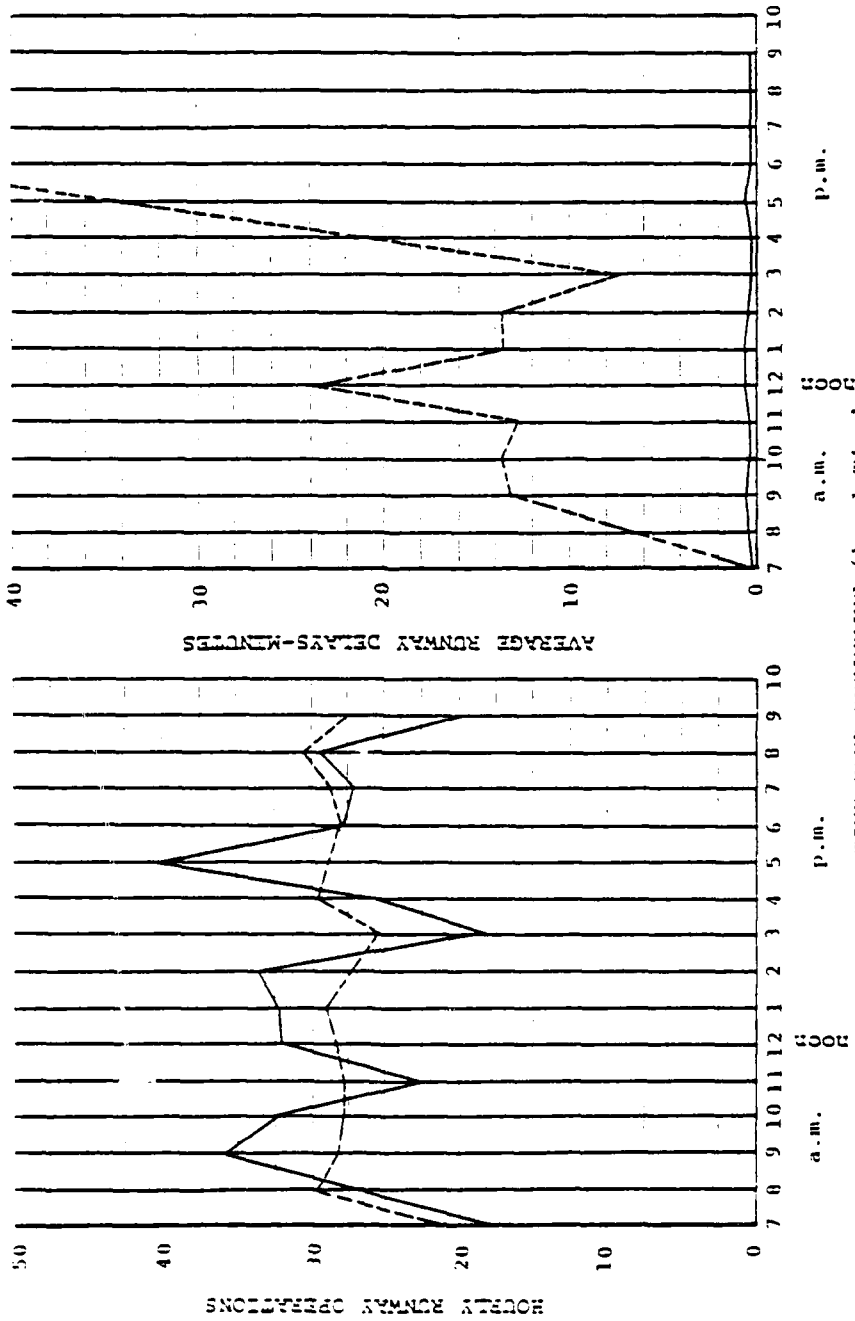
Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1900-2000 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 27.8           | 28.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 26.5           | 62.4        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.3           | 27.3        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.3            | 0.2         |



LAMBERT ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 40  
 Lambert—St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L, AND 6  
 IFR1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1985)  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980



Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 41Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the proposed LDA approach on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

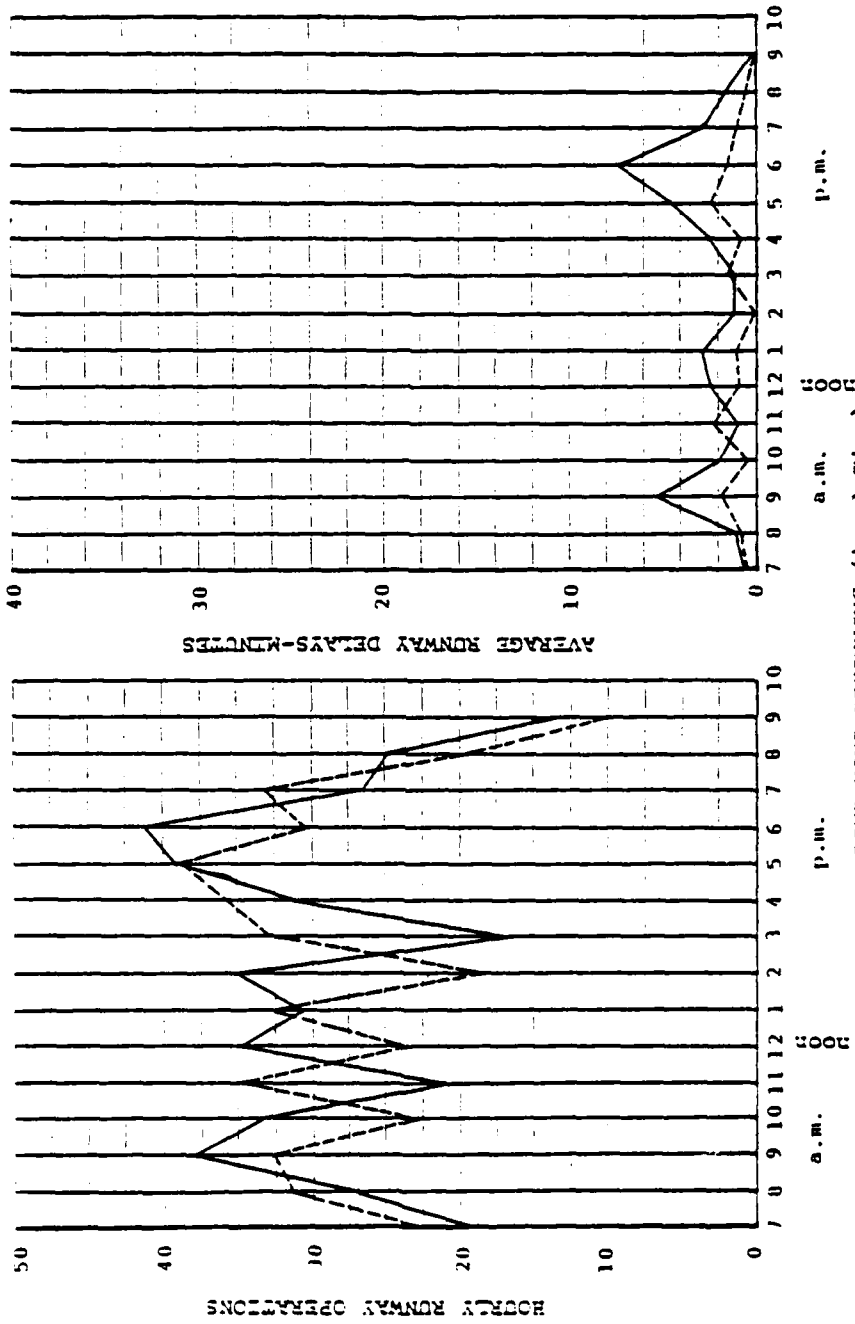
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.1           | 30.4        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.2            | 1.2         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.5           | 41.1        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.8            | 7.2         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 41  
 St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 IFR1 LDA APPROACH (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 42Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the proposed LDA approach on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFRI conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

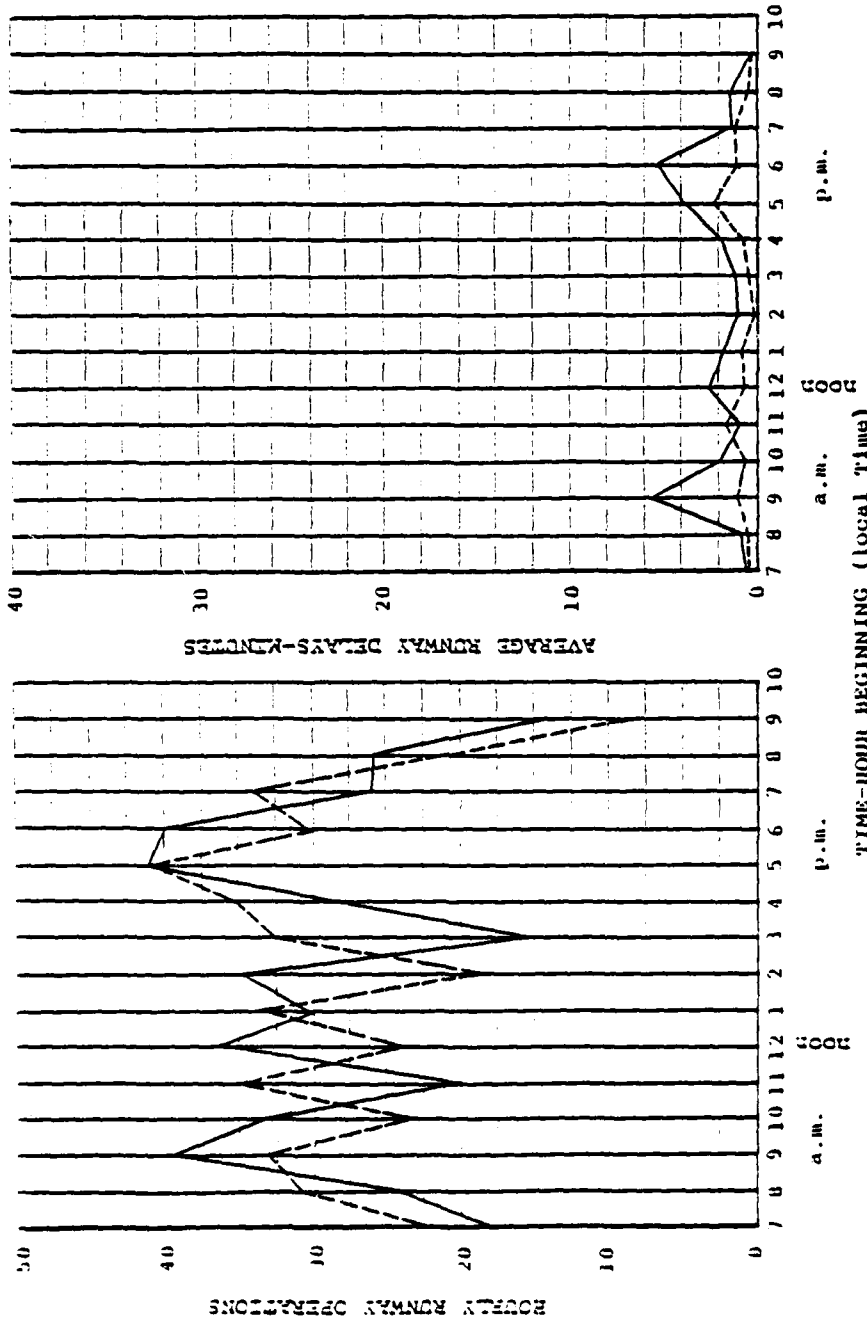
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.1           | 40.2        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.0            | 2.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.5           | 41.4        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.3            | 3.9         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 — Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 — Departure Delay

Experiment 42

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 IFR1 LDA APPROACH (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 43Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the proposed LDA approach on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

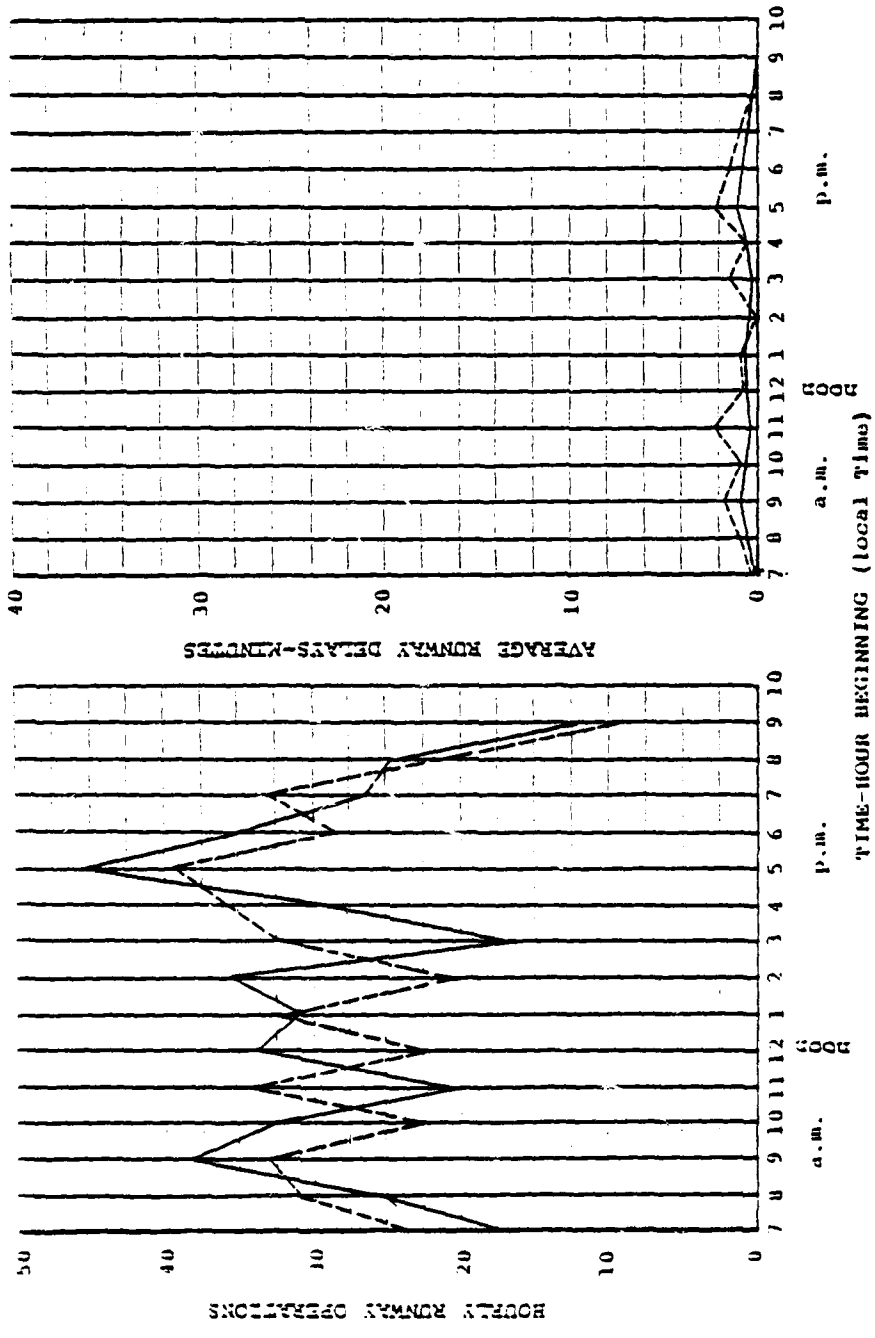
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.1           | 39.6        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.3            | 2.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.5           | 44.5        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.7            | 1.3         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 43  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L, AND 6  
 IFR1 LDA APPROACH (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980



Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 44Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of proposed terminal expansion on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1985 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

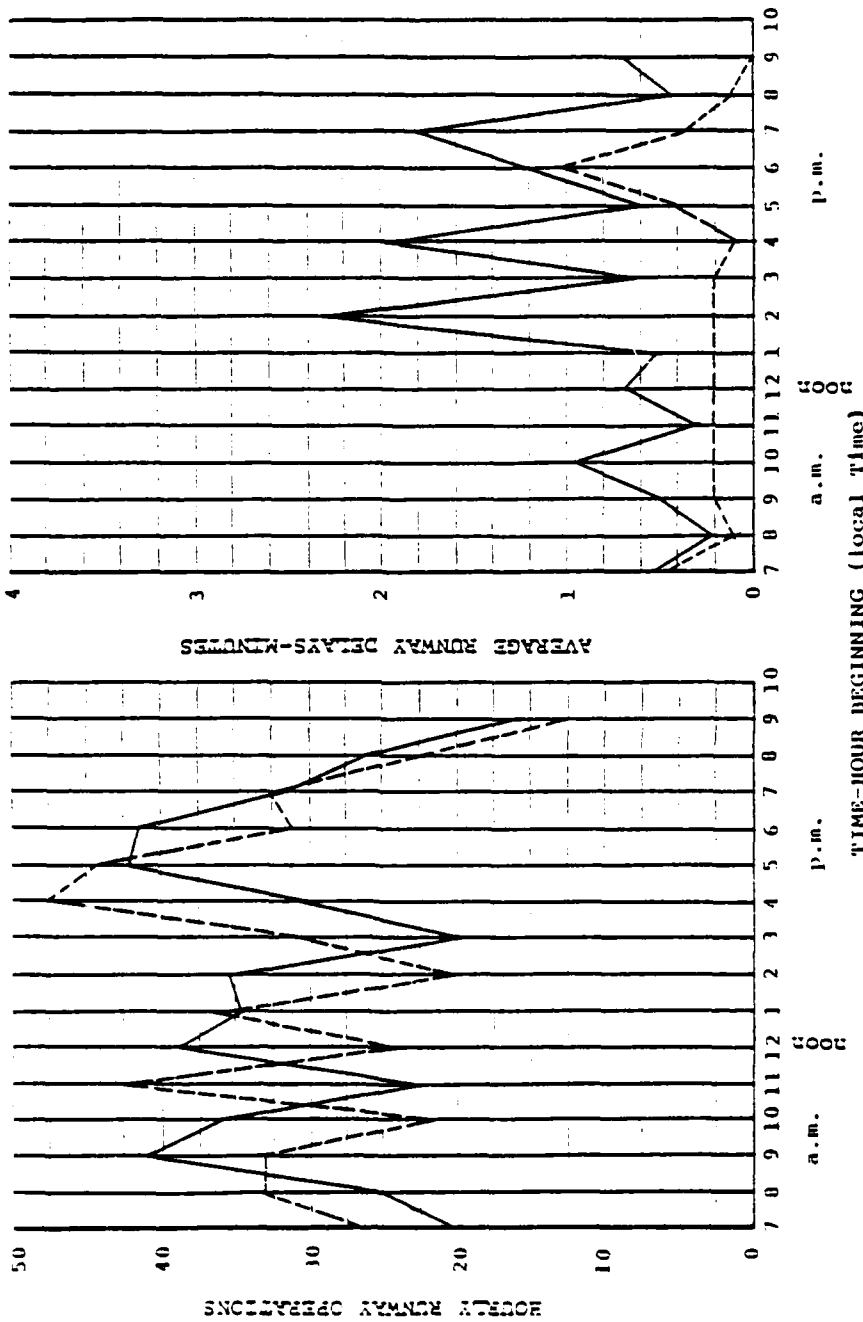
The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.8           | 31.8        |
| Arrival               | Taxi-in delay              | minute       | 0.3            | 1.0         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.8           | 41.6        |
| Departure             | Taxi-out delay             | minute       | 0.9            | 1.2         |

Number of aircraft delayed because of gate congestion: 0.

Average gate congestion delays incurred by these aircraft: 0.0 minute.

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures  
 --- Taxi-In Delay  
 --- Taxi-Out Delay

Experiment 44  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR TERMINAL EXPANSION (1985)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 51Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

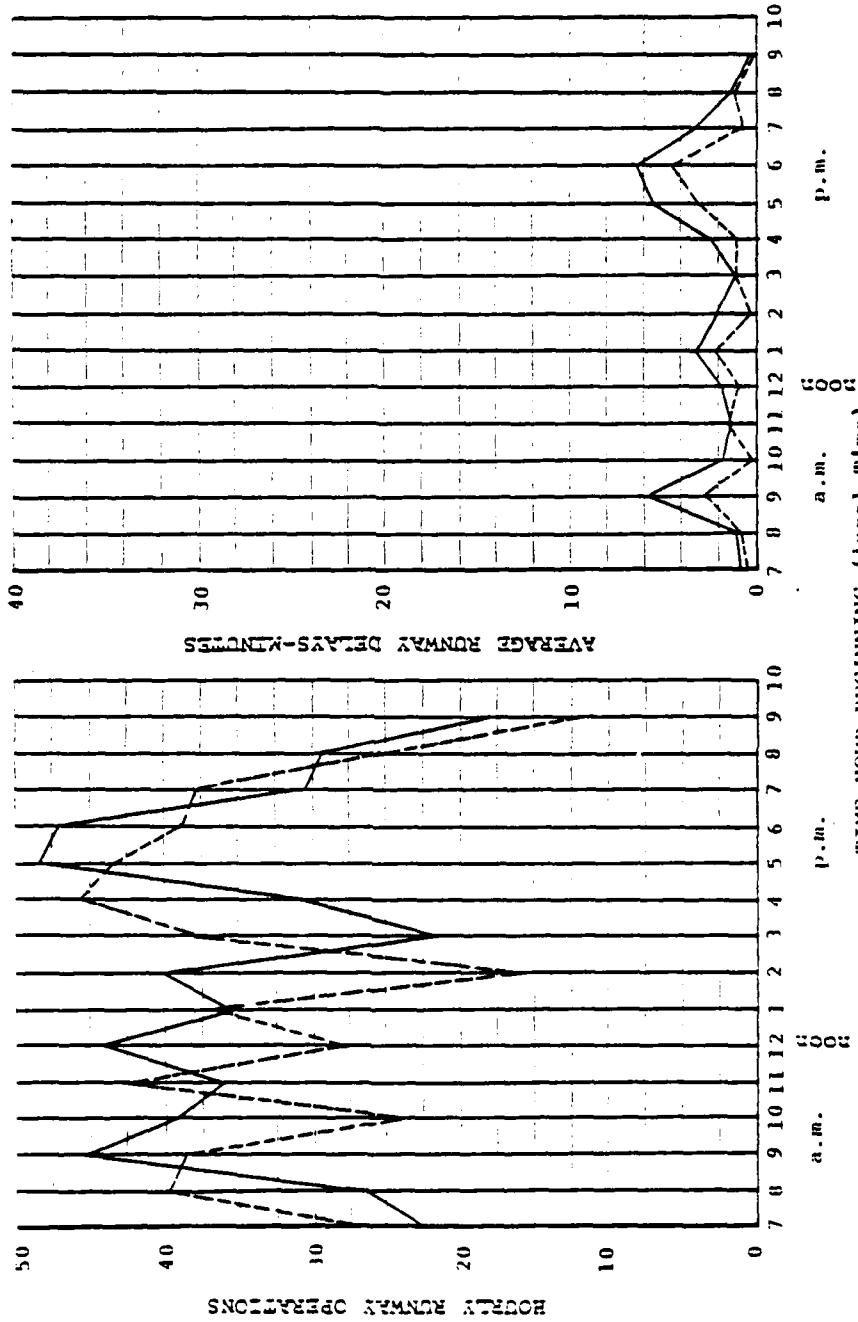
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.7           | 38.9        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.8            | 4.5         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.7           | 47.2        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 3.1            | 6.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrivals  
 --- Departures

Experiment 51  
 Arrivals ON 12R, 12L  
 Departures ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1990)

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 51AScenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of an increase in the proportion of heavy jets in the aircraft mix on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

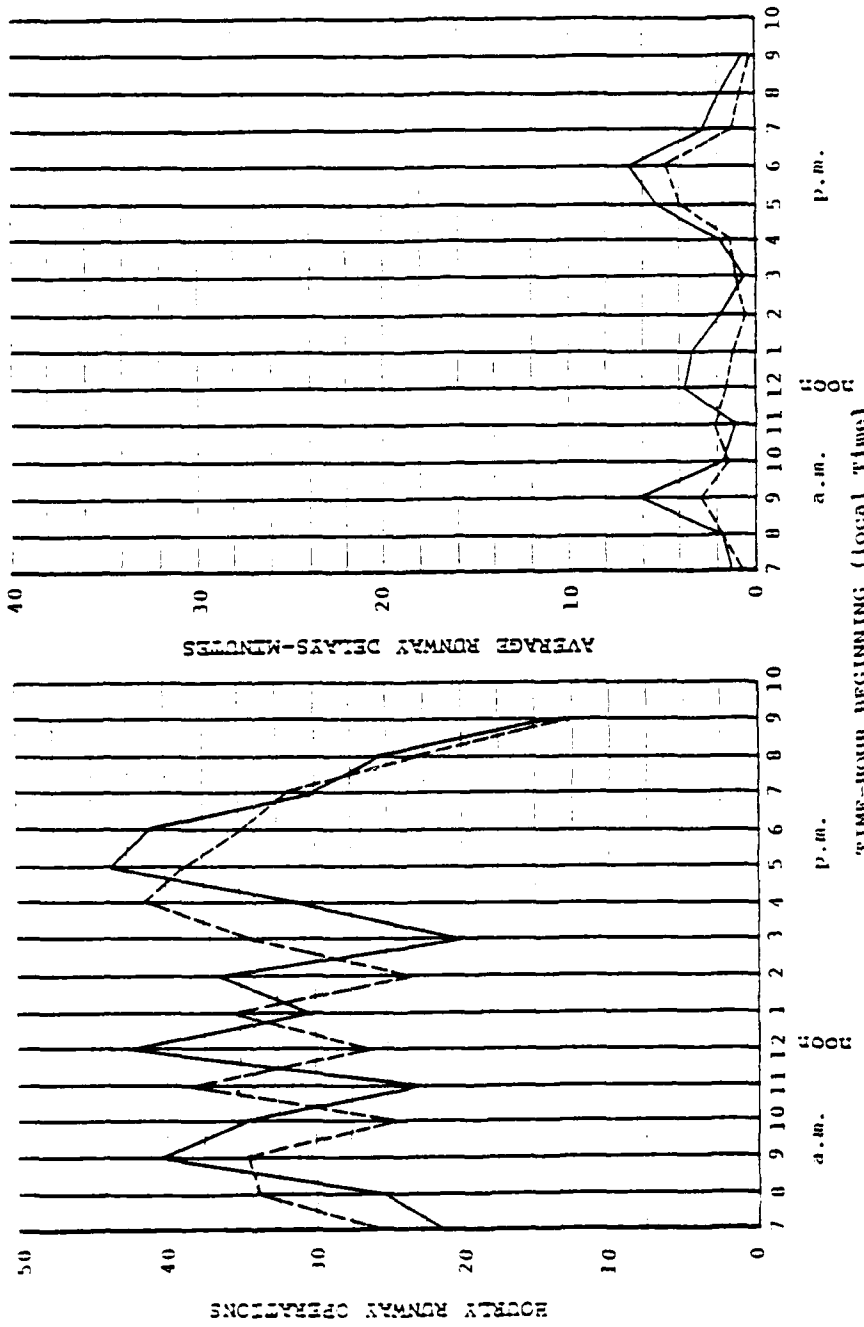
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.4           | 35.7        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 2.0            | 4.7         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 30.6           | 41.5        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 3.1            | 6.3         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 51A  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT  
 INCREASED HEAVY (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 51BScenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of decreasing the proportion of general aviation aircraft in the mix on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

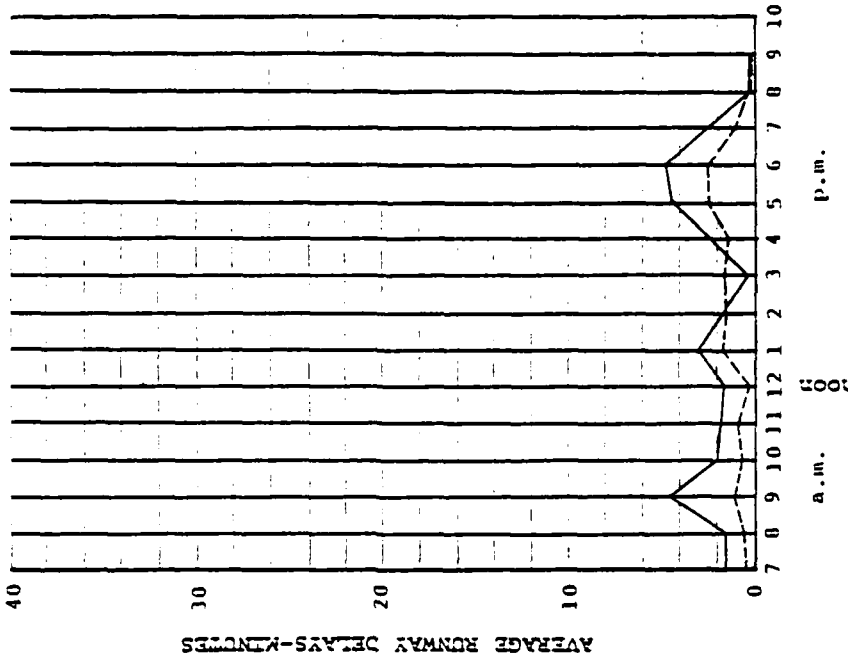
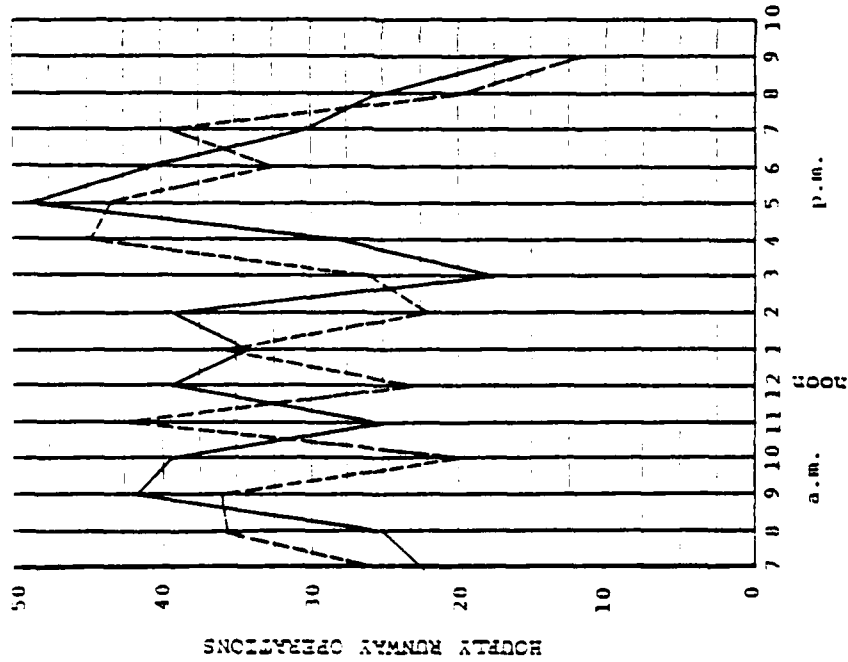
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.2           | 43.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.2            | 2.2         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.5           | 47.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.5            | 4.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
--- Arrivals  
— Departures

LEGEND  
--- Arrival Delay  
— Departure Delay

Experiment 51B  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT  
DECREASED GENERAL AVIATION (1990)



Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 52Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFRL conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

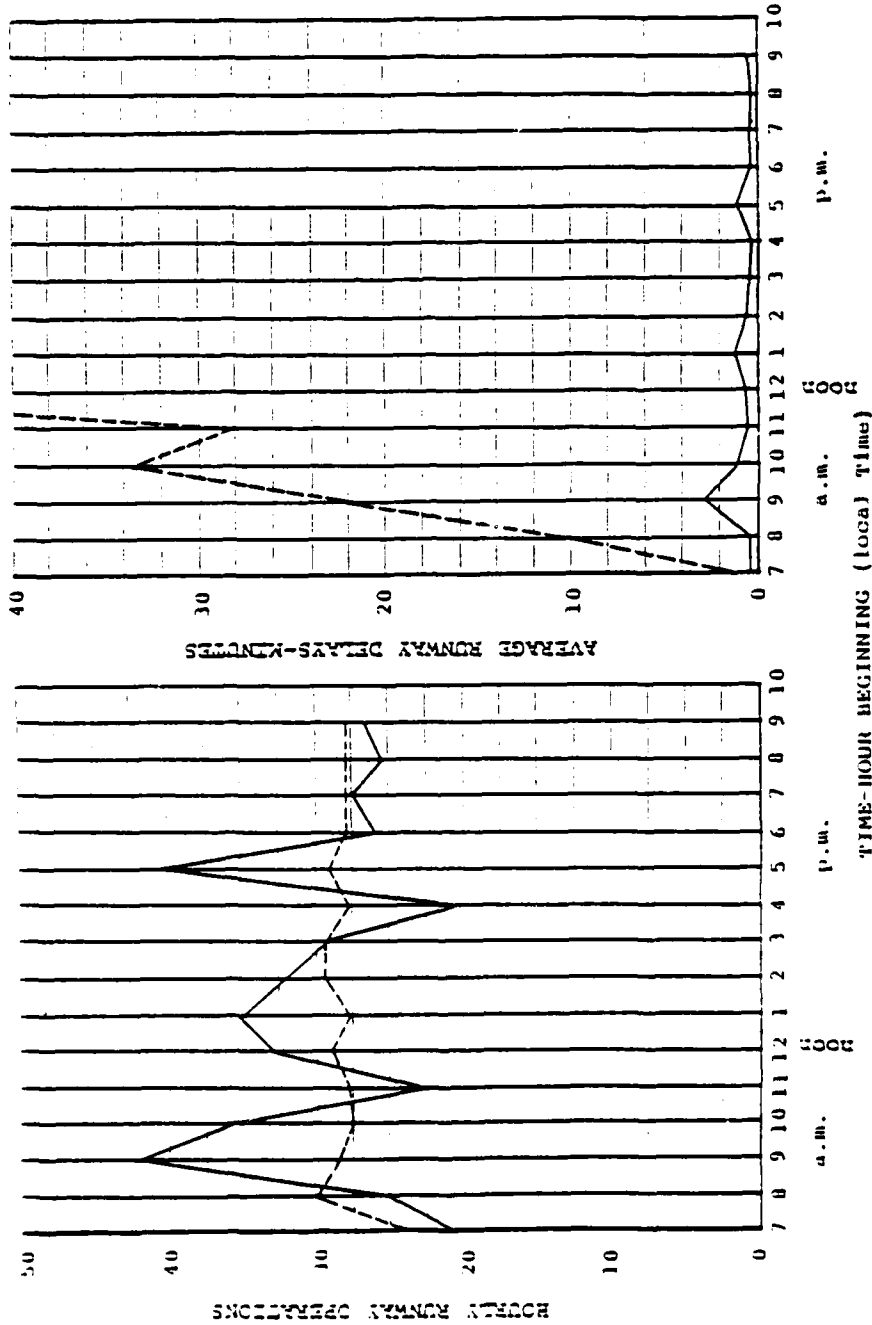
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 2100-2200 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.0           | 28.2        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 60.6           | 141.9       |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 29.6           | 26.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.8            | 0.5         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 52  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 IFR1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1990)  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 55Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

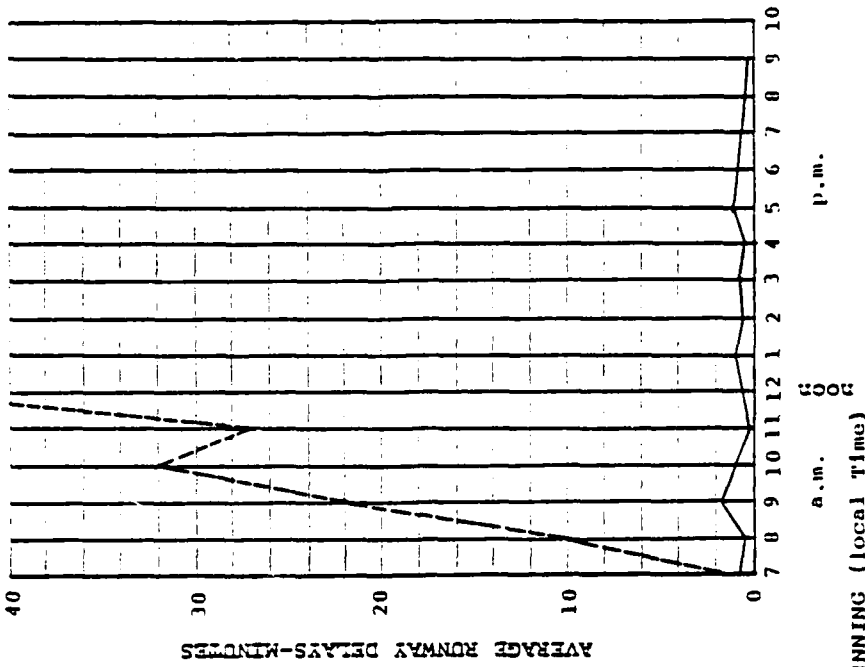
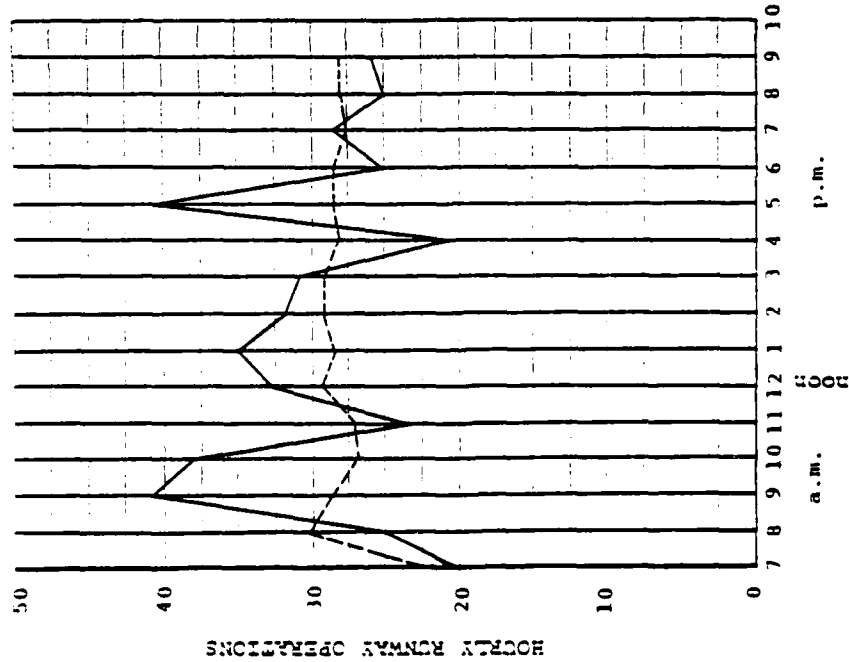
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 2100-2200 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.0           | 27.8        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 60.2           | 141.4       |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 29.6           | 26.4        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.7            | 0.5         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
--- Arrivals  
— Departures

LEGEND  
--- Arrival Delay  
— Departure Delay

Experiment 55  
Lambert—St. Louis International Airport  
ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L  
DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
IFR1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 57AScenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

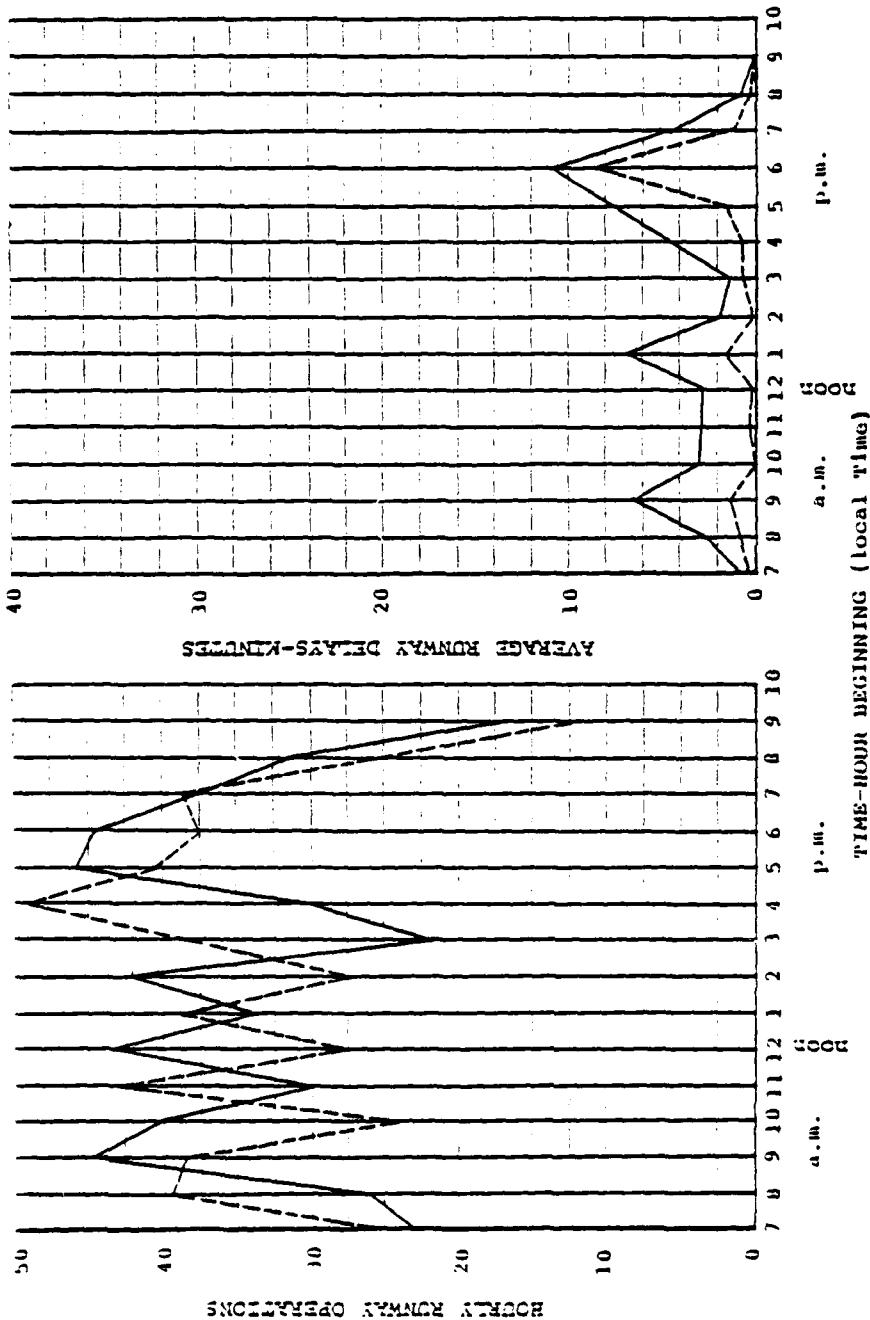
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.7           | 37.6        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.5            | 8.2         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.8           | 44.9        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 4.5            | 11.2        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 57A  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
 VFR AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1990)  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 57Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

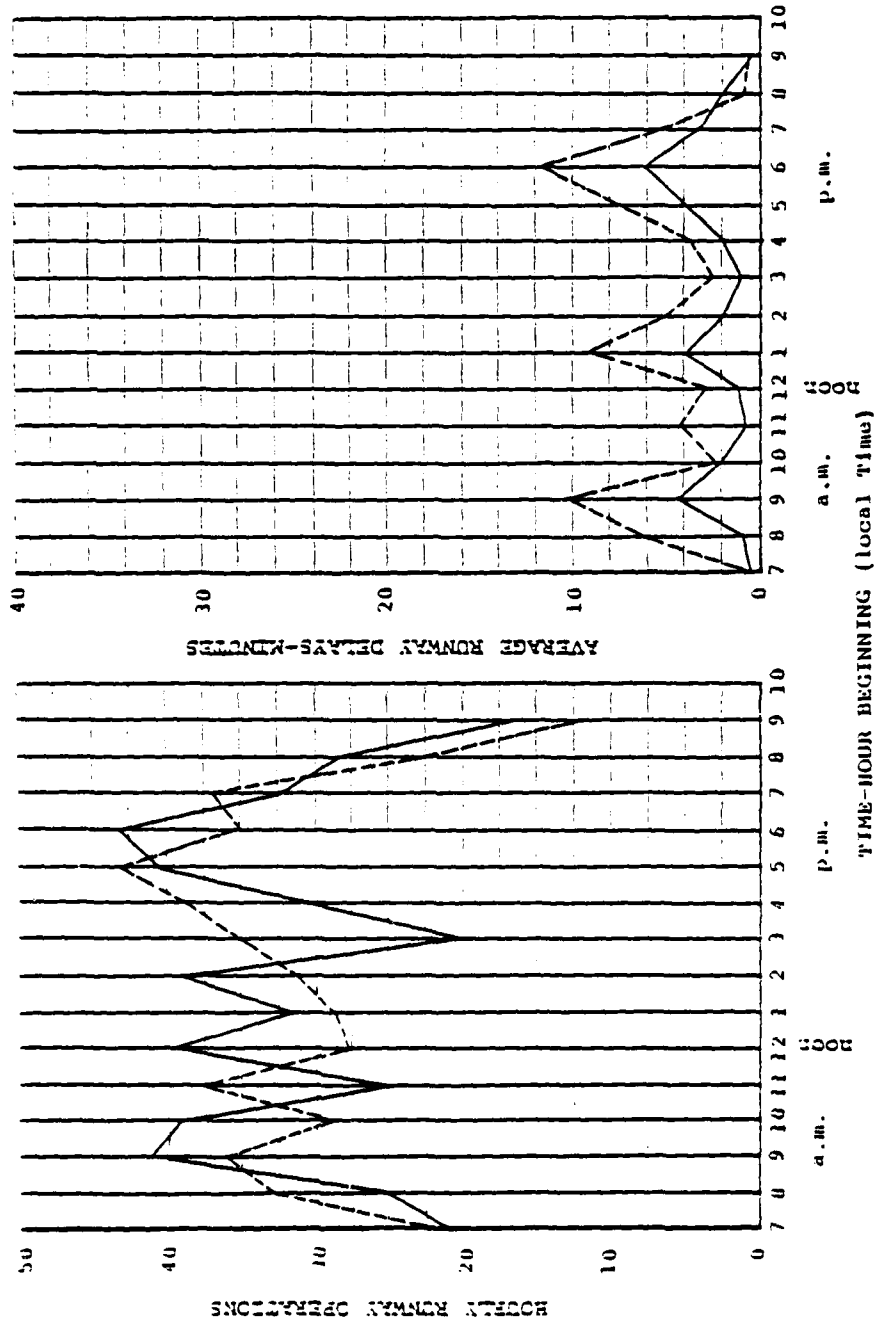
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.3           | 35.0        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 5.3            | 12.1        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.5           | 43.5        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.7            | 6.4         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 57

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L  
IFR 1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980



Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 58Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

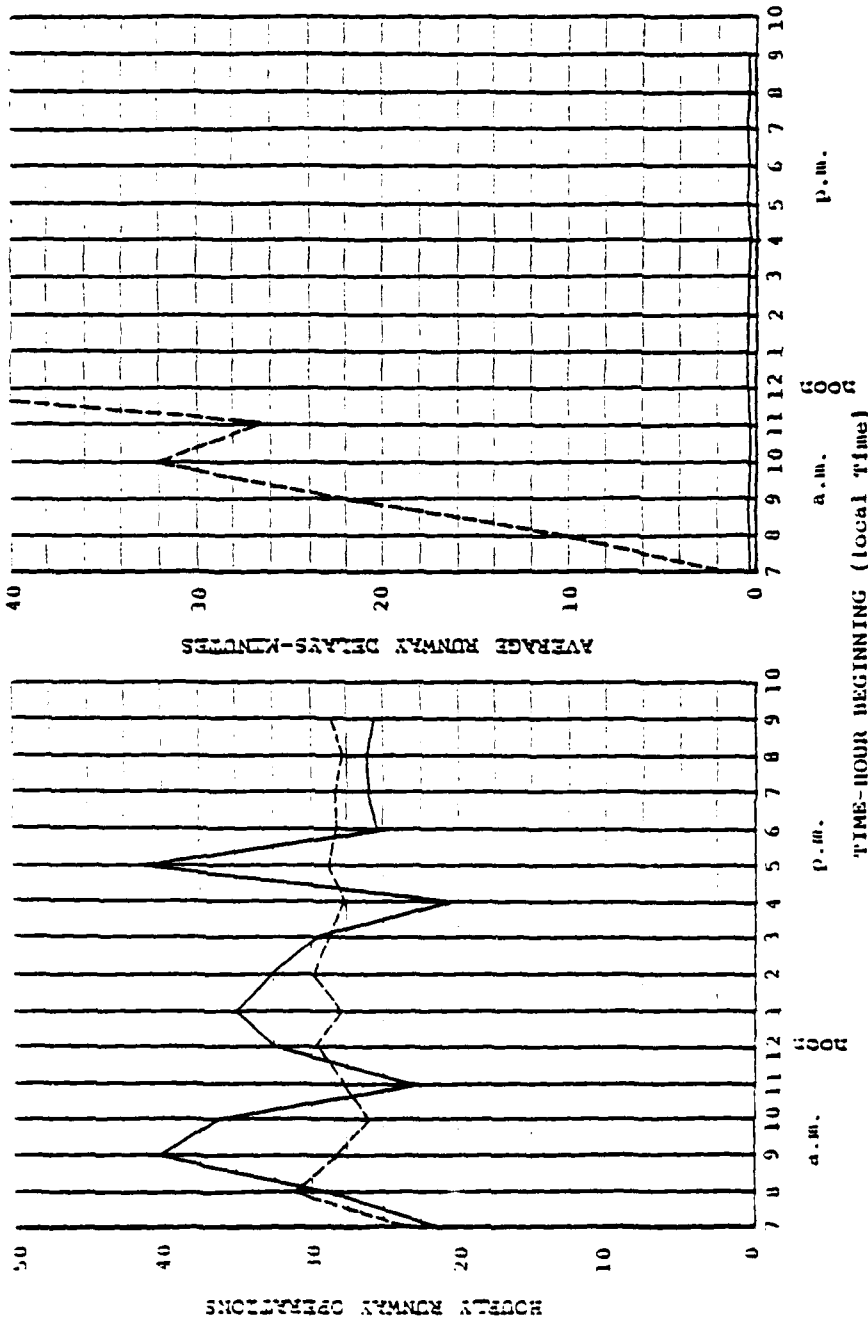
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 2100-2200 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 28.1           | 28.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 59.7           | 140.7       |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 29.7           | 25.8        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.3            | 0.3         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 58

Lambert—St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L, AND 6  
 IFR1 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 60Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the proposed LDA approach on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L               | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

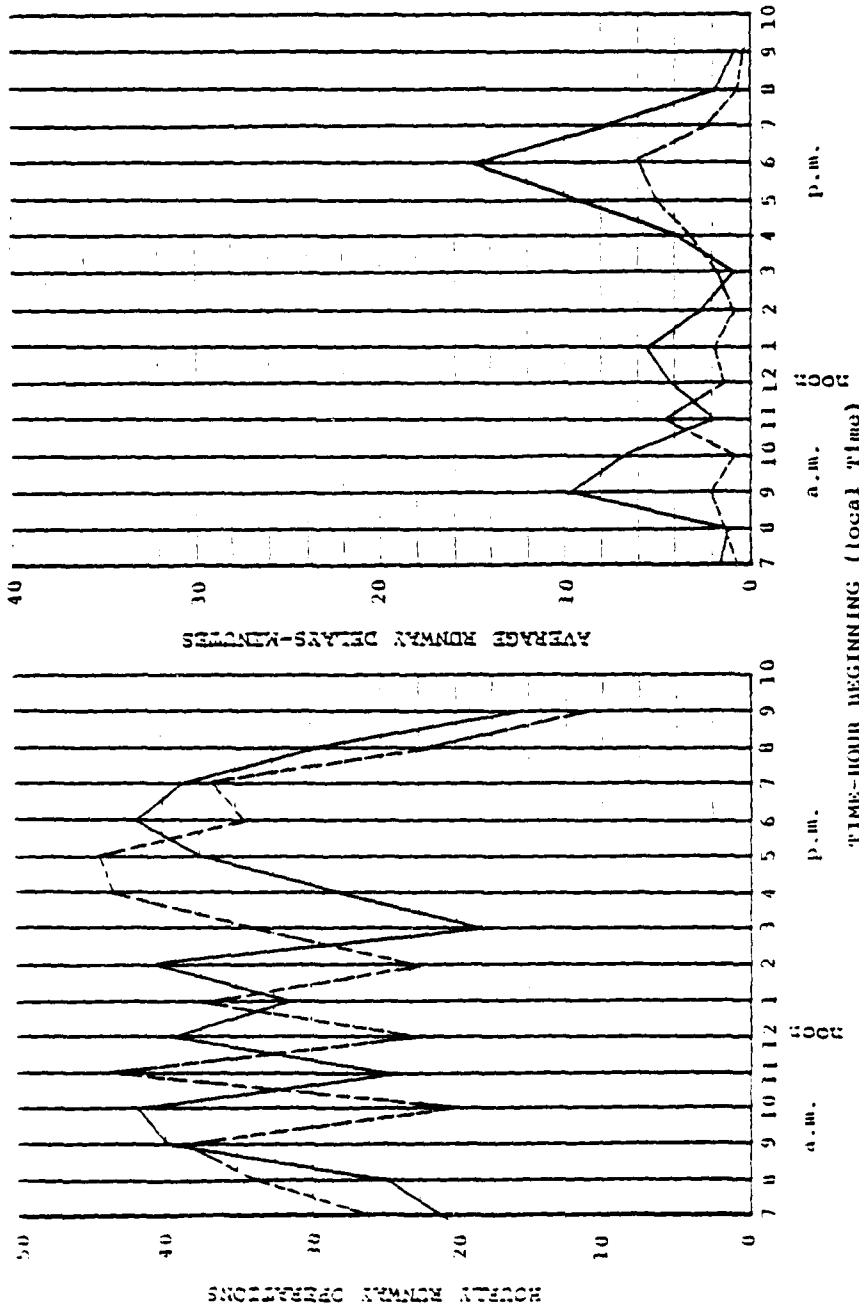
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.3           | 34.7        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 2.6            | 5.9         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.5           | 41.7        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 5.6            | 15.0        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 Experiment 60  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 IFR1 LDA APPROACH (1990)  
 Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 61Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the proposed LDA approach on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFRL conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30R, 30L, 24           | 30R, 30L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

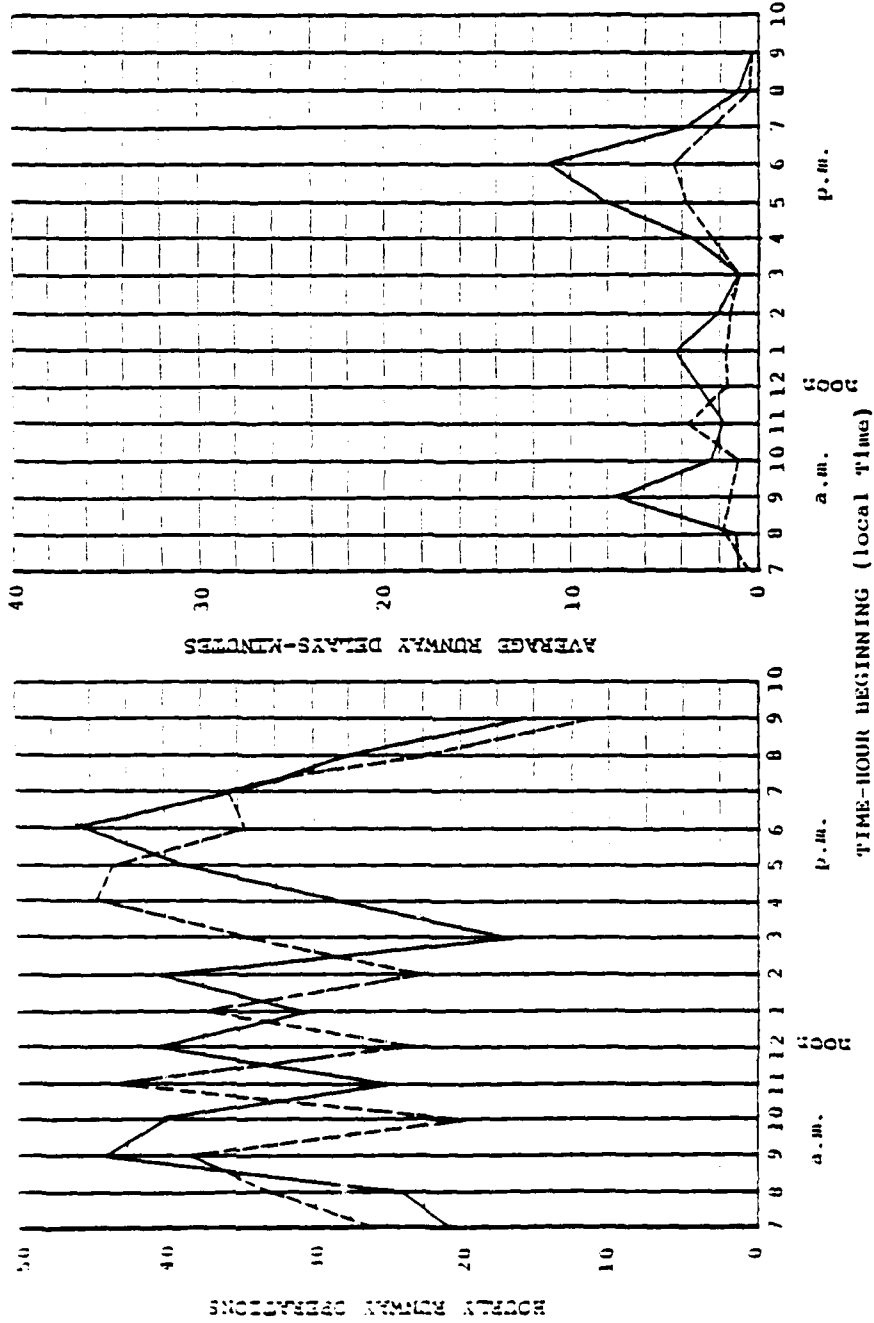
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.3           | 34.6        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 2.6            | 4.1         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.6           | 45.8        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 4.3            | 11.1        |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 61  
 ARRIVALS ON 30R, 30L, AND 24  
 DEPARTURES ON 30R, 30L

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 62Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of the proposed LDA approach on aircraft delays. It was assumed in this experiment that the planned airfield developments were in place. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L, 6              |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

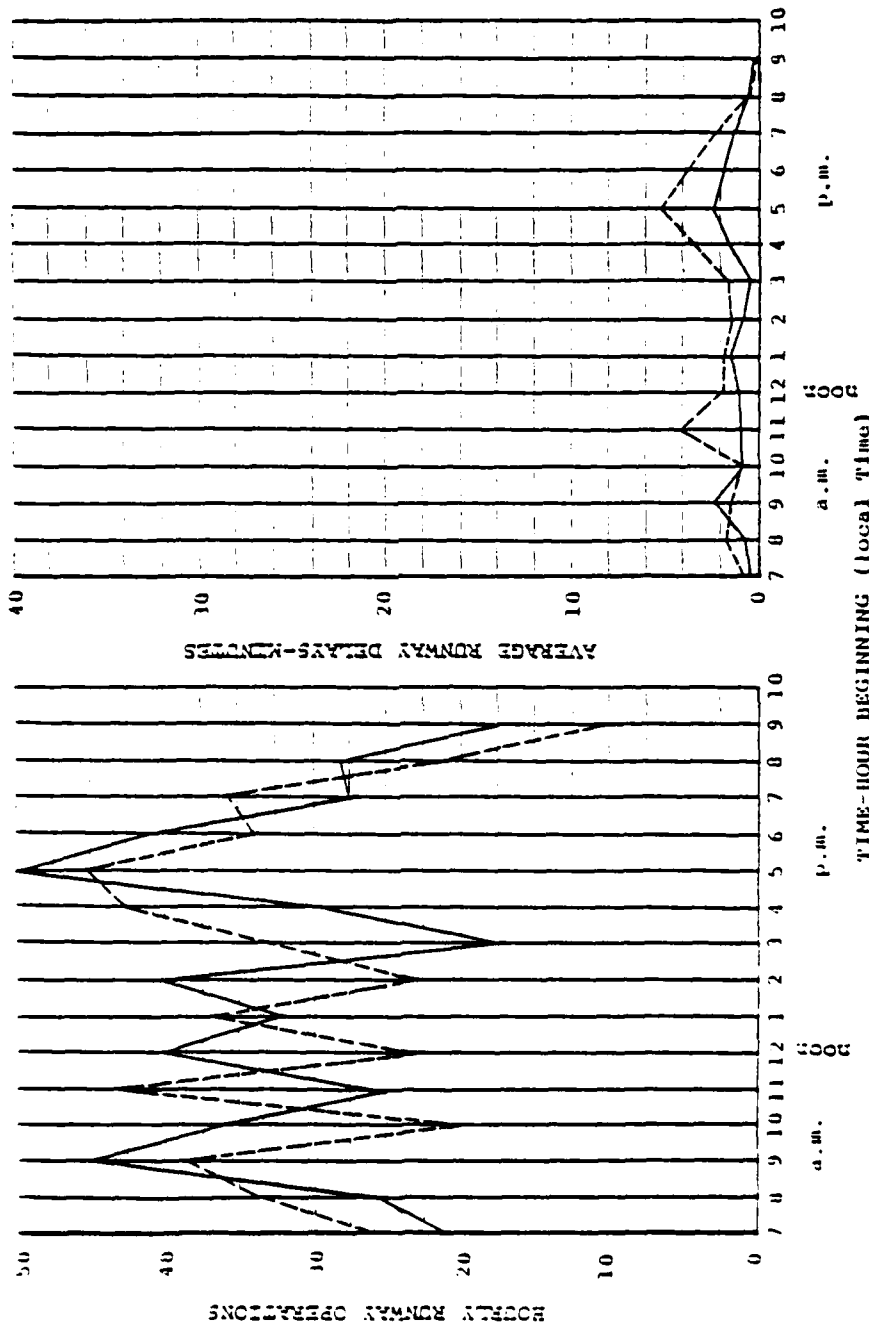
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.2           | 45.3        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 2.4            | 5.2         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.5           | 50.0        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 1.3            | 2.5         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 62  
Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L, AND 6  
IFR1 LDA APPROACH (1990)  
Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980



Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 63Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of proposed terminal expansion on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

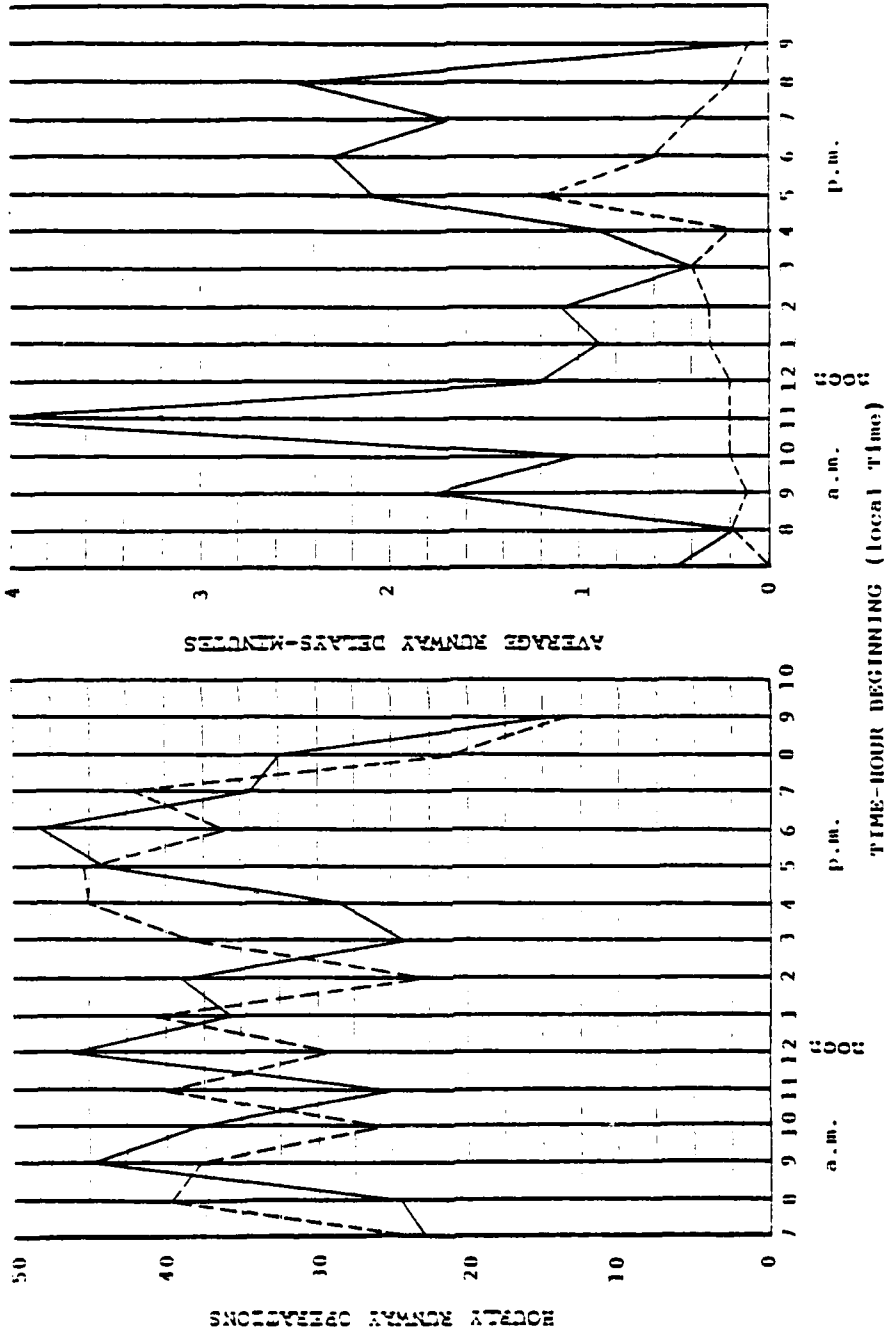
The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1700-1800 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.6           | 45.6        |
| Arrival               | Taxi-in delay              | minute       | 0.4            | 1.2         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.6           | 44.1        |
| Departure             | Taxi-out delay             | minute       | 1.5            | 2.1         |

Number of aircraft delayed because of gate congestion: 2.

Average gate congestion delays incurred by these aircraft: 12.5 minutes.

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 63

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L

DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L

VFR TERMINAL EXPANSION (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 64Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of relocating the general aviation airfield on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u> | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L               | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

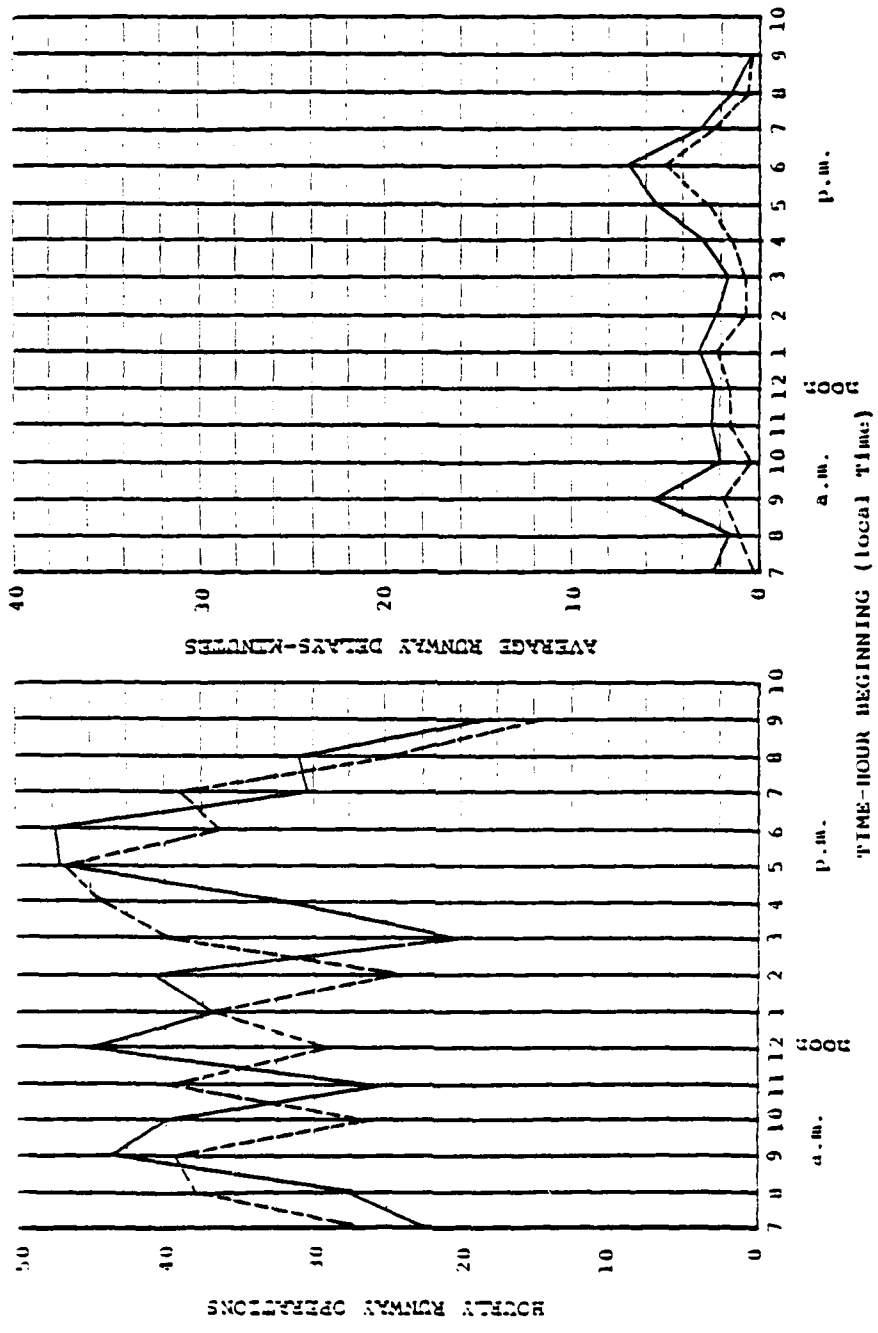
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 1800-1900 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.7           | 36.5        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.6            | 4.9         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.7           | 47.5        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 3.1            | 6.8         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 - - - Arrivals  
 - - - Departures

LEGEND  
 - - - Arrival Delay  
 - - - Departure Delay

Experiment 64  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR MIDCOAST (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 64AScenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of relocating the general aviation airfield on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and 1979 ATC Procedures are in effect in VFR conditions for the following runway configuration:

| <u>Arrival runways</u>          | <u>Departure runways</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12R, 12L<br>GA Operations on 17 | 12R, 12L                 |

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

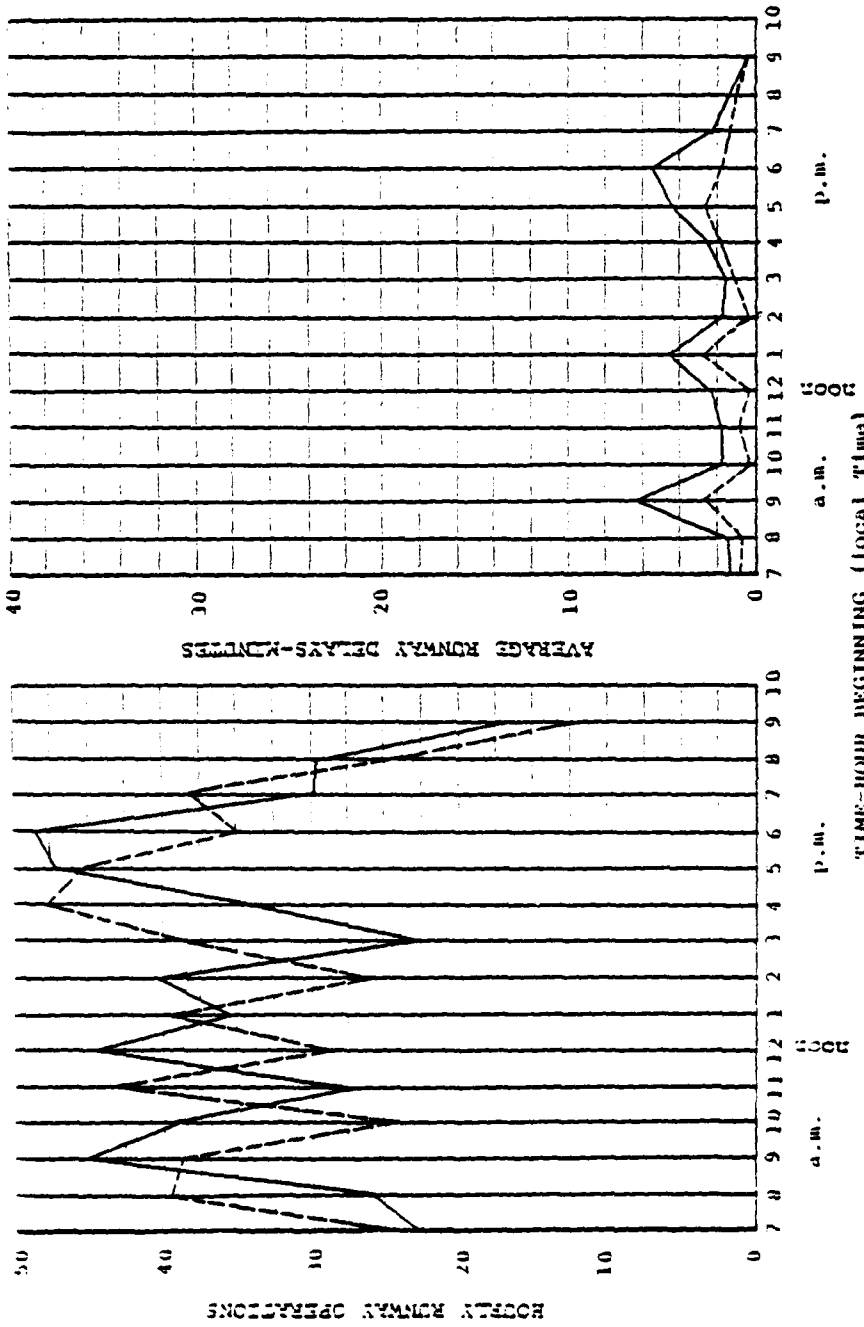
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 0900-1000 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.6           | 38.4        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 1.4            | 2.6         |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 33.6           | 45.1        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 2.9            | 6.5         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



LEGEND  
 --- Arrival  
 --- Departures

LEGEND  
 --- Arrival Delay  
 --- Departure Delay

Experiment 64A  
 Lambert-St. Louis International Airport  
 ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 GENERAL AVIATION ON 17  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L  
 VFR MIDCOAST (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport ExperimentsExperiment No. 72Scenario:

This experiment is used to evaluate the effect of planned airfield developments on aircraft delays. Demand is at 1990 levels, and Future ATC Procedures are in effect in IFR1 conditions for the following runway configuration:

Arrival runways

12R, 12L

Departure runways

12R, 12L

Length and Level of Detail of Simulation Run:

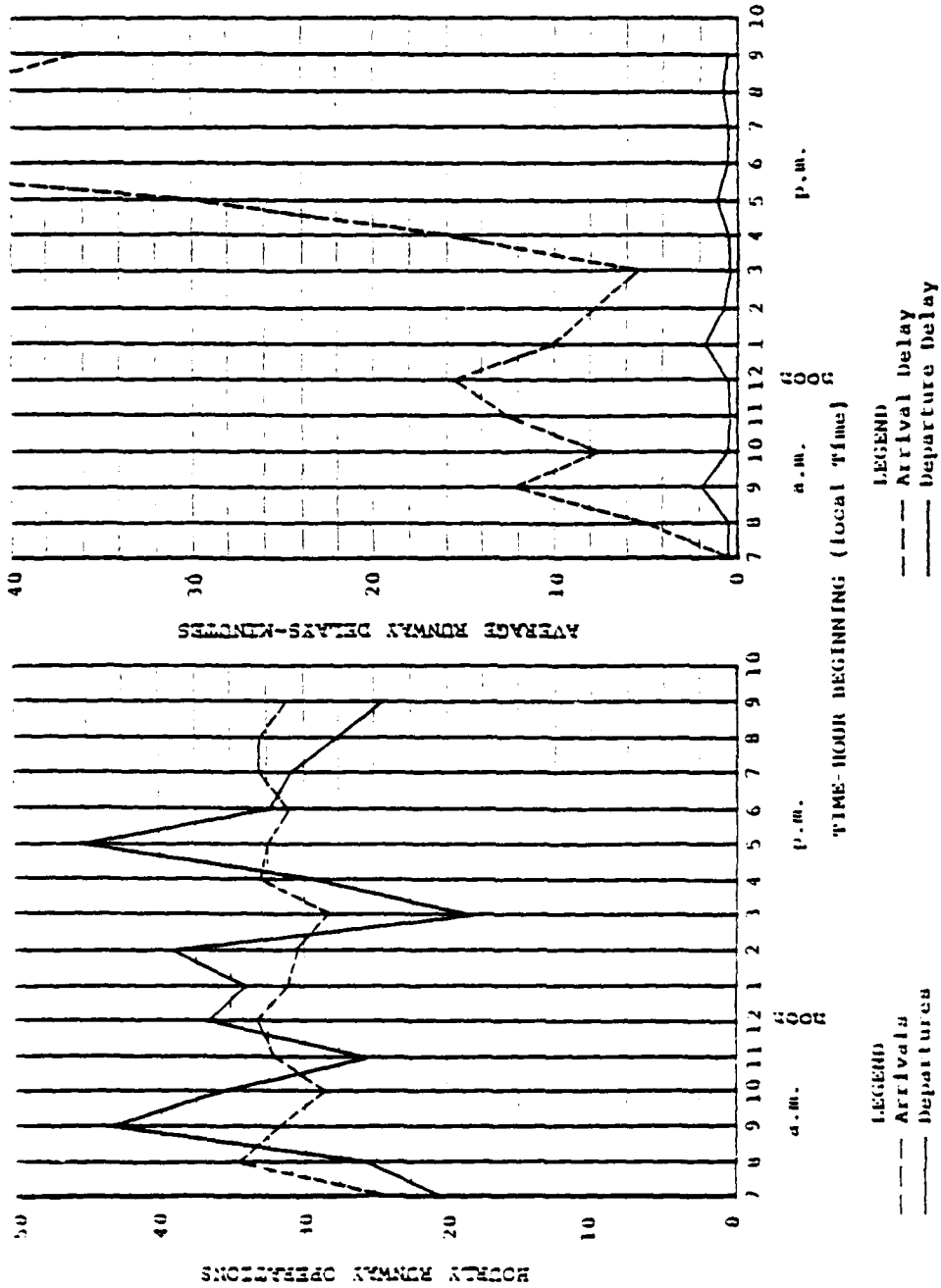
From 0700 to 2200 with 1-hour summaries.

Results:

The tabulation below shows selected results for the average values and the peak-delay hour, 2000-2100 hours, over the 15-hour simulation period.

| <u>Operation type</u> | <u>Performance measure</u> | <u>Units</u> | <u>Average</u> | <u>Peak</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Arrival               | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.2           | 32.9        |
| Arrival               | Air delay                  | minute       | 21.8           | 57.1        |
| Departure             | Flow rate                  | a/c per hr   | 31.3           | 27.3        |
| Departure             | Runway delay               | minute       | 0.7            | 0.5         |

LAMBERT-ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
 AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE DELAY STUDIES



Experiment 72

Lambert-St. Louis International Airport

ARRIVALS ON 12R, 12L  
 DEPARTURES ON 12R, 12L

IFR FUTURE ATC,  
 AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT (1990)

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. August 1980



Attachment D

ASSUMPTIONS

ASSUMPTIONS

The assumptions and inputs used in performing the simulation experiments for the Lambert-St. Louis International Airport Improvement Task Force Delay Study were presented in Data Package No. 5. The following contains additions and revisions to those assumptions and inputs.

1. Separations on Parallel Runways (Present ATC Rules)

Arrival-Arrival Air Separation (nautical miles). The average time separation between successive arrivals as they cross the runway threshold.

VFR

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 1.8                         | 1.8      | 1.8      | 1.8      |
| Aircraft | B | 1.8                         | 1.8      | 1.8      | 1.8      |
| Class    | C | 1.8                         | 1.9      | 3.0      | 3.1      |
|          | D | 5.3                         | 5.5      | 4.7      | 3.9      |

IFR

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 3.2                         | 3.2      | 4.1      | 4.2      |
| Aircraft | B | 3.2                         | 3.2      | 4.1      | 4.2      |
| Class    | C | 4.2                         | 4.2      | 3.6      | 3.6      |
|          | D | 6.8                         | 7.0      | 5.3      | 4.6      |

Departure-Departure Air Separation (seconds). The average time separation between successive departures (on the same runway) as they start their takeoff roll.

Different Flight TracksVFR and IFR1 (above 800/2)

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 46                          | 38       | 45       | 50       |
| Aircraft | B | 39                          | 38       | 45       | 50       |
| Class    | C | 40                          | 38       | 45       | 50       |
|          | D | 120                         | 120      | 120      | 70       |

IFR2 (800/2 - 300/0.75)

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 62                          | 65       | 70       | 72       |
| Aircraft | B | 51                          | 55       | 61       | 63       |
| Class    | C | 50                          | 55       | 60       | 62       |
|          | D | 120                         | 120      | 120      | 80       |

IFR3 (below 300/0.75): Same as separations for same flight track.

Same Flight TrackAll weather categories

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 79                          | 93       | 95       | 95       |
| Aircraft | B | 62                          | 70       | 77       | 77       |
| Class    | C | 60                          | 60       | 74       | 74       |
|          | D | 120                         | 120      | 120      | 90       |

2. Separations for Two Intersecting Runways

Departure-Arrival Separation for Intersecting Runways (nautical miles). The average time for a departing aircraft to clear the intersection of runways.

Existing Airfield Layout

Departure-arrival separation between lead aircraft on Runway 30R and trail aircraft on Runway 24.

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 1.6 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.6      | 1.7      | 1.9      |
| Aircraft | B | 1.5 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.5      | 1.6      | 1.7      |
| Class    | C | 1.4 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.4      | 1.5      | 1.6      |
|          | D | 1.4 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.4      | 1.5      | 1.6      |

a. These separations are assumed to be zero in VFR weather.

Departure-arrival separation between lead aircraft on Runway 30L and trail aircraft on Runway 24.

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |                  |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u>         | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 1.8 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.8 <sup>a</sup> | 1.8      | 1.9      |
| Aircraft | B | 1.8 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.8 <sup>a</sup> | 1.8      | 1.9      |
| Class    | C | 1.6 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.6 <sup>a</sup> | 1.6      | 1.8      |
|          | D | 1.6 <sup>a</sup>            | 1.6 <sup>a</sup> | 1.6      | 1.8      |

a. These separations are assumed to be zero in VFR weather.

#### Airfield Development

Departure-arrival separation between lead aircraft on Runway 30R and trail aircraft on Runway 24.

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 1.8 <sup>b</sup>            | 2.3      | 2.5      | 2.7      |
| Aircraft | B | 1.7 <sup>b</sup>            | 2.1      | 2.3      | 2.5      |
| Class    | C | 1.4 <sup>b</sup>            | 1.7      | 1.9      | 2.1      |
|          | D | 1.4 <sup>b</sup>            | 1.7      | 1.9      | 2.1      |

Departure-arrival separation between lead aircraft on Runway 30L and trail aircraft on Runway 24.

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |                  |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u>         | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 1.7 <sup>b</sup>            | 2.2 <sup>b</sup> | 2.3      | 2.5      |
| Aircraft | B | 1.5 <sup>b</sup>            | 1.9 <sup>b</sup> | 2.0      | 2.2      |
| Class    | C | 1.4 <sup>b</sup>            | 1.7 <sup>b</sup> | 1.8      | 2.0      |
|          | D | 1.4 <sup>b</sup>            | 1.7 <sup>b</sup> | 1.8      | 2.0      |

b. These separations are assumed to be zero in VFR weather.

3. Separations on Parallel Runways (Future ATC Rules)

Arrival-Arrival Air Separation (nautical miles). The average time separation between successive arrivals as they cross the runway threshold.

IFR

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 3.2                         | 3.2      | 3.4      | 3.5      |
| Aircraft | B | 3.2                         | 3.2      | 3.4      | 3.5      |
| Class    | C | 3.7                         | 3.9      | 3.4      | 3.5      |
|          | D | 4.2                         | 4.4      | 3.9      | 3.5      |

Departure-Departure Air Separation (seconds).

Different Flight Tracks

VFR and IFR

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 46                          | 38       | 45       | 50       |
| Aircraft | B | 39                          | 38       | 45       | 50       |
| Class    | C | 40                          | 38       | 45       | 50       |
|          | D | 90                          | 90       | 90       | 60       |

Same Flight Track

All weather categories

|          |   | <u>Trail Aircraft Class</u> |          |          |          |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|          |   | <u>A</u>                    | <u>B</u> | <u>C</u> | <u>D</u> |
| Lead     | A | 79                          | 93       | 95       | 95       |
| Aircraft | B | 62                          | 70       | 77       | 77       |
| Class    | C | 60                          | 60       | 74       | 74       |
|          | D | 90                          | 90       | 90       | 74       |

#### 4. Arrival Runway Occupancy Times (seconds)

The average elapsed time between the time an arrival crosses the runway threshold and the time when it clears the runway. These data have been coordinated with St. Louis control tower staff.

#### Existing Airfield Layout

| <u>Aircraft Class</u> | <u>Weighted average Runway occupancy (seconds)</u> |            |
|-----------------------|--|------------|
|                       | <u>30R</u>   | <u>30L</u> |
| A                     | 36   | 35         |
| B                     | 47   | 44         |
| C                     | 52   | 49         |
| D                     | 56   | 55         |

| <u>Aircraft Class</u> | <u>Weighted average Runway occupancy (seconds)</u> |            |
|-----------------------|--|------------|
|                       | <u>12L</u>   | <u>12R</u> |
| A                     | 34   | 40         |
| B                     | 44   | 43         |
| C                     | 56   | 45         |
| D                     | 61   | 50         |

| <u>Aircraft Class</u> | <u>Weighted average Runway occupancy (seconds)</u> |           |
|-----------------------|--|-----------|
|                       | <u>24</u>  | <u>17</u> |
| A                     | 48   | 35        |
| B                     | 45   | --        |
| C                     | 52   | --        |
| D                     | 59   | --        |

#### Airfield Development

| <u>Aircraft Class</u> | <u>Weighted average Runway occupancy (seconds)</u> |            |
|-----------------------|--|------------|
|                       | <u>30R</u>   | <u>30L</u> |
| A                     | 37   | 35         |
| B                     | 47   | 43         |
| C                     | 52   | 49         |
| D                     | 59   | 56         |

| <u>Aircraft</u><br><u>Class</u> | Weighted average                  |            |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
|                                 | <u>Runway occupancy (seconds)</u> |            |
|                                 | <u>12L</u>                        | <u>12R</u> |
| A                               | 34                                | 40         |
| B                               | 44                                | 43         |
| C                               | 56                                | 45         |
| D                               | 61                                | 50         |

5. Runway Assignments

The following tables show runway assignments assumed for all experiments, for the existing and airfield development layouts.

Table D-1

## RUNWAY ASSIGNMENT--EXISTING AIRFIELD LAYOUT

| Experiment<br>No. | Runway | Percent of aircraft |     |     |     |            |     |     |     |
|-------------------|--------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|
|                   |        | Arrivals            |     |     |     | Departures |     |     |     |
|                   |        | A                   | B   | C   | D   | A          | B   | C   | D   |
| 1, 1A, 26         | 12L    | 90                  | 70  | 35  | --  | 90         | 70  | 35  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | 10                  | 30  | 65  | 100 | 10         | 30  | 65  | 100 |
| 2, 27             | 12L    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 35  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | 65  | 100 |
| 3, 28             | 12L    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 35  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | 65  | 100 |
| 4, 4A, 29         | 30R    | 90                  | 70  | 35  | --  | 90         | 70  | 35  | --  |
|                   | 30L    | 10                  | 30  | 65  | 100 | 10         | 30  | 65  | 100 |
| 5, 30             | 30R    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 35  | --  |
|                   | 30L    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | 65  | 100 |
| 6, 31             | 30R    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 35  | --  |
|                   | 30L    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | 65  | 100 |
| 7A, 32A           | 30R    | --                  | 70  | 35  | --  | 90         | 70  | 35  | --  |
|                   | 30L    | --                  | 30  | 65  | 100 | 10         | 30  | 65  | 100 |
|                   | 24     | 100                 | --  | --  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 7, 32             | 30R    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 30  | --  |
|                   | 30L    | --                  | --  | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | 70  | 100 |
|                   | 24     | 100                 | 100 | --  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 8                 | 6      | --                  | --  | --  | --  | --         | 20  | 80  | --  |
|                   | 12L    | 90                  | 70  | 20  | --  | 100        | 80  | 20  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | 10                  | 30  | 80  | 100 | --         | --  | --  | 100 |
| 9, 33             | 6      | --                  | --  | --  | --  | --         | 20  | 70  | --  |
|                   | 12L    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 80  | 30  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | --  | 100 |
| 10                | 6      | --                  | --  | --  | --  | --         | 20  | 80  | --  |
|                   | 12L    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 80  | 20  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | --  | 100 |
| 11                | 24     | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100        | 100 | 100 |     |
| 12                | 12L    | --                  | 90  | 35  | --  | 100        | 90  | 30  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | --                  | 10  | 65  | 100 | --         | 10  | 70  | 100 |
|                   | 17     | 100                 | --  | --  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 13, 34            | 12L    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 30  | --  |
|                   | 12R    | --                  | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | 70  | 100 |
|                   | 17     | 100                 | --  | --  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |



Table D-2

## RUNWAY ASSIGNMENT--AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT LAYOUT

| Experiment No.                          | Runway | Percent of aircraft |     |     |     |            |     |     |     |
|---|--------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|
|   |        | Arrivals            |     |     |     | Departures |     |     |     |
|   |        | A                   | B   | C   | D   | A          | B   | C   | D   |
| 35, 35A, 35B<br>44, 51, 51A,<br>51B, 63 | 12L    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
|   | 12R    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
| 36, 52, 72                              | 12L    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|   | 12R    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 38, 55                                  | 30R    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|   | 30L    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 39A, 57A                                | 30R    | 50                  | 50  | 30  | 50  | 35         | 35  | 35  | 35  |
|   | 30L    | --                  | --  | 10  | 50  | 65         | 65  | 65  | 65  |
|   | 24     | 50                  | 50  | 60  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 39, 57                                  | 30R    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 100        | 100 | 80  | 80  |
|   | 30L    | --                  | --  | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | 20  | 20  |
|   | 24     | 100                 | 100 | --  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 40, 58                                  | 6      | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 60         | 60  | 60  | --  |
|   | 12L    | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 40         | 40  | 40  | 100 |
|   | 12R    | 100                 | 100 | 100 | 100 | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 41, 60                                  | 30R    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
|   | 30L    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
| 42, 61                                  | 30R    | --                  | --  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
|   | 30L    | --                  | --  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
|   | 24     | 100                 | 100 | --  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |
| 43, 62                                  | 6      | --                  | --  | --  | --  | 60         | 60  | 60  | --  |
|   | 12L    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 20         | 20  | 20  | 50  |
|   | 12R    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 20         | 20  | 20  | 50  |
| 64                                      | 12L    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
|   | 12R    | 50                  | 50  | 50  | 50  | 50         | 50  | 50  | 50  |
| 64A                                     | 12L    | --                  | 80  | 40  | 40  | 100        | 80  | 30  | 30  |
|   | 12R    | --                  | 20  | 60  | 60  | --         | 20  | 70  | 70  |
|   | 17     | 100                 | --  | --  | --  | --         | --  | --  | --  |

## 6. Effect of Weather Conditions on Demand

It is assumed that during IFR1 weather, 57% of general aviation Class A operations and 37% of general aviation Class B operations would not occur. During IFR2 weather, it is assumed that 86% of general aviation Class A operations, 63% of general aviation Class B operations, and 100% of the military operations would not occur.

## 7. Localizer Directional Aid (LDA) Operations

In LDA experiments, IFR1 separations are utilized, and the arrivals on parallel runways are assumed to be independent, with the exception of wake turbulence dependency. When there is a third arrival stream on Runway 24, it is assumed that only Class A arrivals occur on this runway and will hold short of Runway 30R. Therefore, the three arrival streams are assumed to be independent.

## 8. Noise Abatement Scenarios

There are three scenarios studied for two runway uses in VFR: Runways 12L and 12R and Runways 30L and 30R, with the existing airfield layout. The simulation runs are performed without stretching the arrival gaps. In scenarios 2 and 3, the noise abatement procedure is not in effect during the departure peak hour (2 p.m. local time).

Scenario 1. In this scenario, the departures on both runways are assumed to make their turns as soon as the aircraft is airborne and stabilized.

Scenario 2. In this scenario, the departures on Runway 12L (or 30R) are assumed to make their turns as soon as the aircraft is airborne and stabilized. Departures on Runway 12R (or 30L) are assumed to go straight out until they reach an altitude of 1,500 feet AGL\* (2,000 feet MSL\*\*).

Scenario 3. In this scenario, the departures on both runways are assumed to follow the same flight path until they reach an altitude of 1,500 feet AGL (2,000 feet MSL).

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\*Above ground level.

\*\*Mean sea level.

#### 9. Terminal Expansion

On the basis of discussions with St. Louis Airport staff, it was decided that the current best estimate for the total number of gates resulting from terminal expansion is 73, which implies that there will be no unit terminal.

The future number of gates for each airline is estimated to be proportional to the projected traffic growth of that airline.

It is also assumed that no widebody aircraft can be accommodated by the gates situated between concourse 'C' and the expanded terminal facilities.

#### 10. Runway Interarrival Gap

The arrival separations increase from the specified values to 4 minutes when the departure queue length in VFR weather exceeds 6 aircraft on Runway 12R-30L, 4 aircraft on Runway 12L-30R, and 6 aircraft on Runway 6-24. During IFR weather, arrival separations increase when the departure queue length exceeds 8 aircraft on all runways.

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