TRAINING DETRACTORS IN FORSCOM DIVISIONS AND HOW THEY ARE HANDLED

Research Report 1278

Steven L. Funk, Carol A. Johnson, Elizabeth Batzer, Thomas Gambell and George Vandecaveye McFann, Gray and Associates, Inc.

and

Jack Hiller Army Research Institute

ARI FIELD UNIT AT PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA

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U. S. Army

Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences

May 1980

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When	Data Entered)	
REPORT DOCUMENTATI	ION PAGE	BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION	NO. 3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
Research Report 1278	<u> </u>	99 188
4. TITLe (and Subtitio)		5 TYPE-OF-REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
TRAINING DETRACTORS IN EORSCOM	LATUTETONE	Research Report.
ND HOW THEY ARE HANDLED		6 PERFORMING ORG_REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(.)	Q.:	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(*)
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(MGA), Dr. Jack Hiller (ARI)	or ger vandecaveye	////MDA 903-79-C-0194
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADD	RESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK
McFann, Gray and Associates, I	nc.	AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
2100 Garden Road, Suite J		16 ² 20163743A794
Monterey, CA 93940		
US Army Research Institute for	the Behavioral &	May 1980 / (11) 493
Social Sciences (ARI), 5001 Ei	senhower Avenue,	T3. NUMBER OF PAGES
Alexandria, VA 22333		163
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II di	llerent from Controlling Offic	(a) 15 SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
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> (Personnel, equipment and material, time, training areas and ranges) previously thought to be areas where detractors could be found.

Structured interviews were given to 198 personnel in six FORSCOM divisions. The findings go on to describe each detractor, its impact on training and methods being used to reduce the negative effects of stated detractors.

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

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and

Jack Hiller Army Research Institute

Submitted by: James A. Thomas, Acting Chief ARI FIELD UNIT AT PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA

> Approved by: E. Ralph Dusek, Director PERSONNEL AND TRAINING RESEARCH LABORATORY

U.S. ARMY RESEARCH INSTITUTE FOR THE BEHAVIORAL AND SOCIAL SCIENCES 5001 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, Virginia 22333

Office, Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel Department of the Army

May 1980

Army Project Number 2Q163743A794 **Education and Training**

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FORFWORD

The research for this report was completed by the Presidio of Monterey Office of M.Fann, Gray and Associates, Inc. under Contract MDA903-79-C-0194. Dr. Howard H. McFann was the Project Manager of the contract, and Mr. Michael R. McCluskey served as Project Director. The Chief of the Army Research Institute Field Unit at the Presidio of Monterey was Mr. Jack J. Sternberg and the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) was Dr. Jack H. Hiller, who provided technical guidance and review of documentation during the research. The military Research and Development Coordinator for the field unit was MAJ Donald D. Loftis who provided invaluable assistance in coordinating with the FORSCOM divisions participating in this study, and on-site technical assistance. Mr. Patrick J. Whitmarsh, Dr. Larry L. Meliza, and Dr. Jack H. Hiller of ARI collaborated in developing the research plans and data collection instruments, and also collected portions of this data. The McFann, Gray project team who were involved in the research at the five additional FORSCOM divisions included, at various times: Mr. Steven L. Funk, who served as the Principal Investigator for this phase of the research, Dr. Carol A. Johnson, Mrs. Elizabeth Batzer, Mr. Thomas Gambell, Mr. George Vandecaveye, and Mr. Robert Giesler. Finally, the research team acknowledges a special debt to Dr. Robert Holz, ARI FORSCOM liaison, for his splendid job in coordinating this research at FORSCOM Headquarters, and his many valuable suggestions for improving the draft of this report.

The research reported here was performed in part based on a request from MG James C. Smith, Director of Training for Department of the Army. The support provided by each of the five divisions who participated in this study was outstanding. It should however be understood that the responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this report is exclusively the author's.

-Director nica⊁

TRAINING DETRACTORS IN FORSCOM DIVISION AND HOW THEY ARE HANDLED

BRIEF

Requirement:

This report describes how leaders from division through company level view conditions which interfere or detract from combat training, and methods used to reduce the negative impact of training detractors. The study also explored the impact of DA imposed mandatory training on conducting effective combat training, and explored four resource areas previously thought to be areas where detractors could be found. Those resource areas were:

Personnel

Equipment and materiel

Time

Training areas and ranges

While the initial research was conducted at Fort Ord, California, the study reported here was conducted in five additional FORSCOM divisions. A companion report, titled "Actual Missions, Activities, and Job Tasks in Companies and Batteries (Task 1 Technical Report-Revised)" compares data from this study with the previous research conducted at Fort Ord.

Procedure and Findings:

A. Procedure:

The information gathering techniques included structured interviews tailored for various positions and levels of command, and questionnaires administered to personnel in company/battery leadership positions. Interviews were conducted by following a guide containing open-ended questions.

The information was analyzed using content analysis techniques for the interviews and computer tabulations for the questionnaires. Methods were used to ensure maximum inter-rater reliability in the collection of information both during the interviews and during the content analysis.

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B. Findings:

The most significant detractors reported in rank order by each level of command were:

Detractor	Company/Battery	Battalion	Brigade/DIVARTY	Division
Low Fill	1	1	1	1
Individual performance	2	3	3	3
Turbulence	3	4	2	1
Installation support and taskings	4	2	2	2
Lack of equipment and material	5			
Lack of time	6			

The findings go on to describe each detractor, its impact on combat training, and methods being used to reduce the negative effects of detractors.

Recommendations made by participants and areas warranting further study identified by the research are presented.

Ucilization of Findings:

These findings can be used by both FORSCOM/DA level decision makers for policy determination, and by decision makers at division, brigade, battalion and company/battery level as a catalogue of approaches they might investigate or adopt for their own use. In addition, the participants in this study made a number of recommendations to the research team, suggesting areas for further investigation. This study then can serve as an idea bank for personnel in the field, as a policy making resource at higher levels of command, and as a guide for the development of those concepts as yet untried. The recommendations of field participants and areas for future research suggested by them are contained in the Recommendations and Areas for Future Research section of the report.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. BACKGROUND

The study reported here emanated from questions posed by MG Smith (DA, DCSOPS, Director of Training), and research performed during FY-80 in the 7th Infantry Division at Fort Ord, California (Development of the Individual Extension Training System Through Company/Battery Level).

The questions posed were:

A. What is the impact of DA/FORSCOM mandatory training on the unit's ability to conduct effective combat training?

B. How are units managing in a constrained resource environment in the areas of:

- Personne1
- Equipment and materiel
- Time
- Training areas and ranges

2. OBJECTIVE

"To describe how a sample of FORSCOM commanders, who are highly regarded by their supervisors, manage their units (at Division, Battalion, and Company levels): this information should be useful in designing superior management systems for use by companies and batteries throughout FORSCOM."

Due to unit availability, both highly regarded and other units were studied. Since the effectiveness of a management method is best evaluated by the variety of people able to use it successfully, this situation actually strengthened the study.

3. APPROACH

A. Procedure

The procedure consisted of conducting structured interviews with commanders and staffs from division level through company/battery level (including first sergeants), and the administration of questionnaires to personnel filling paygrade E5 positions and above at company/battery level.

The structured interviews were tailored for each level of command and asked questions about unit priorities, identification of detractors to combat training, experience and methods used in selected resource areas (personnel, equipment, time and training areas), and methods for coping with detractors.

The questionnaire was designed to identify who performs administrative/ garrison tasks at company/battery level, how much time they consume and their impac. on combat training. The results of this effort are reported in a companion report title Actual Missions, Activities, and Job Tasks in Companies and Batteries, Task I Technical Report (Revised), Scott et al, May 1980.

Sample Composition Β.

(1) There were 198 interviews conducted and 303 usable questionnaires collected in the data collection phase, representing:

Divisions

- Infantry 1
- 2 Mechanized
- Armor
- $\frac{2}{5}$

Brigade/DIVARTY

- 1 Infantry
- Mechanized 3
- 2 Armor
- $\frac{2}{8}$ DIVARTY

Battalions

- 2 Infantry
- Mechanized 5
- 4 Armor
- Field Artillery 4
- 15

Companies/Batteries

- 4 Infantry
- 8 Mechanized
- 6 Armor
- Field Artillery 6
- 24

Level	Positions	Number
Division	Commander Ass't Div. Commander Chief of Staff G1 G3 G4 GA OESO	2 4 2 4 5 4 5 4
Brigade/DIVARTY	Commander Executive Officer Sl S3 S4	7 4 7 7 7
Battalion	Commander Executive Officer S1 S3 S4	14 12 15 15 14
Company/Battery	Commander Executive Officer First Sergeant Total	24 21 <u>21</u> 198

(2) Interviews were conducted with the following:

C. Study Design

122 221

While four resource areas were assumed to be problem areas, the study was designed to ascertain from participants what they perceived to be detractors as well as **develop** information in the identified resource areas:

- Personnel turbulence - fill
 - rii
 - use
- Equipment availability
 repair
- Time
- availability – use
- Training areas availability
 adequacy

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In addition to identifying detractors, the study was designed to ask participants to identify the impact of these detractors and methods used to avoid or reduce the negative effects of detractors. Leaders were also asked for their recommendations and ideas for potential solutions.

4. RESULTS

The results of the study verified some previous concepts of the problems encountered by field units and changed the relative importance of others. Some of these areas are more specifically discussed in the following paragraphs.

A. Mandatory Training

Unit commanders uniformly responded that mandatory training as stated in DA and FORSCOM regulations were not major detractors to conducting effective combat training. Areas of concern involved:

(1) There is no single document that identifies all of the mandatory reguirements. The total array of regulations is too overwhelming to confront, so local higher headquarters documents are relied upon to identify what mandatory requirements are.

(2) The frequency and when to conduct mandatory training is determined locally. Local interpretation frequently determines if mandatory requirements are detractors or not (e.g. whether a unit conducts weapons qualifications monthly, or annually-ignoring turbulence).

(3) Conflicting standards are confusing (e.g. field manuals, soldiers' manuals and regulations sometimes establish different criteria).

Most unit commanders found that mandatory training could be integrated or conducted concurrently with other training, except where special facilities were required (e.g. ranges, swimming pools). Many of the mandatory tasks were perceived as supportive of the combat training mission.

A list of mandatory training as best as it could be determined by the research team is included as an appendix to the main report.

B. Detractors to Conducting Effective Combat Training

Interview participants were asked to respond in two ways to the question of detractors. First they were asked to name what they perceived to be the major detractors and describe it. Next they were asked specific questions about the impact and management methods used to cope with the detractors they had identified, and the four resource areas identified in this study's statement of work.

The most significant detractors reported in rank order, based upon the frequency with which they were cited, by level of command were:

Detractor	Company/Battery	Battalion	Brigade/DIVARTY	Division
 Low Fill Individual performance Turbulence 	1 2 3	1 3 4	1 3 2	1 3 1
and taskings	4	2	2	2
 Lack of equipment and materiel Lack of time 	5 6			

C. Low Fill

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Low fill was cited both as a detractor in itself and as a contributor to other detractors because of the importance of the positions that were underfilled. While over all soldier fill was considered adequate at over 80% in each of the divisions surveyed (from 84-91% of authorized), critical shortages occurred in combat battalions in the areas of E5s and E6s in:

- Combat MOS (LI B, LI E, LI C, LI H)
- PLL/TAMMS (76D)
- Supply (76Y)
- Mechanic (63C)
- Clerk (71L)

The impact of low fill in these critical leadership and technical positions (NCO fill in combat battalions across the five divisions averaged 67%) was further magnified by pulling some of these personnel for special duty (SD) to staff higher headquarters and perform installation functions. Division headquarters elements were staffed at 118-180% of authorized and civilian staffing authorized across the five divisions averaged 68% of the FORSCOM recognized requirements. The impact of low fill in these critical areas stated by commanders at battalion and lower level included:

- Reduced soldier performance because of insufficient numbers of first line supervisors/trainers.
- Reduced safety both in the barracks and when operating combat equipment due to lack of supervision and experience.
- Wasted training time and low quality training because of inexperienced personnel functioning as junior NCOs.
- Poor maintenance and supply because entry-level personnel cannot perform E5 - E6 level functionings.
- Untrained individual soldiers because there are insufficient numbers of skilled trainers to add the skills between those aquired in the TRADOC training base and those required for unit functioning.

- Loss of combat power because all weapons systems cannot be effectively manned.
- Loss of NCOs because experienced ones are overloaded, they can see no progress for their effort, and leave che Army.

Several approaches were used to try to cope with this situation. Among them were:

- "Zero out" platoons/squads 'crews in four out of five divisions.
- Split complex jobs between two people (e.g. PLL/TAMMS clerk).
- Work longer hours.

- Conduct critical analysis and control of SD manning.
- Establish installation training programs for critical MOSs.
- Train in groups to gain maximum advantage from capable NCOs.
- Extend the lead time for planning opersonnel can learn while they prepare.
- Use soldiers out of primary MOS and use undergrade soldiers.
- Reduce augmentations to headquarters elements.
- Conduct ongoing junior NCO/officer training and special schools.

D. Individual Performance

Individual soldiers were described as being less responsible and less dependable than necessary in an environment with insufficient numbers of first line super-visors. Specific problem areas included:

- English language proficiency
- Literacy/reading difficulty
- Unable to self-supervise and self-train

The impact of this situation was reflected in:

- Higher numbers of discipline/adjustment problems resulting in UCMJ actions and expenditious discharges.
- Lower level of individual training and proficiency because they can't self-train and there are insufficient numbers of unit trainers.
- Significant number of soldiers involved in English as a second language and BSEP training.

Although leaders were actively trying to devise strategies for coping with low individual performance levels, most management methods employed were considered minimally effective. Those strategies cited were:

- Assign Hispanic soldiers to units where the NCO knows Spanish.
- Send soldiers to BSEP, English as a second language and MOS related schools. One division with two brigades had over 2,000 soldiers in English as a second language training.
- Centralize training to get the most benefits and the maximum coverage from the few well trained NCOs in the unit.
- Centralize more functions. Platoon leaders do NCO work and commanders do platoon leader work.
- Use two people to do one job, (e.g., PLL/TAMMS clerk).
- Conduct short courses at battalion/brigade level for new NCOs (in addition to BNCOC/PNCOC) so they will have the knowledge and confidence to teach their subordinates.
- Take care of the troops. Ensure that adequate activities are available, that soldiers are individually oriented to their unit and jobs, and that the functional quality of programs are satisfactory.
- Establish and maintain communications methods that keep soldiers informed about what is coming up, their role, and how they are doing.

E. Turbulence

Personnel turbulence, especially among NCOs, was consistently named as a detractor to combat training. Across the division sampled, enlisted turbulence averaged <u>71% per year</u> leaving the division (ranging from 44-92%). A previous study done in 1977 showed that by the time internal turbulence was considered (e.g., promotions within company/battalion/division, transfers), turbulence at squad level was 48% over a four month period. On an annual basis this equals 144%. Not only was turbulence cited as a detractor in its own right, but it was a major contributor to poor individual performance levels.

The most frequently mentioned negative effects of turbulence were:

- Collective training above company level cannot be effectively performed.
- Readiness reports are obsolete soon after they are completed.

- Commanders are continually frustrated by attempting to train units at higher levels than the experience of the soldiers will allow.
- Progressive individual and unit training are not possible.
- Training time is wasted due to the lack of prerequisite skills and experience of the soldiers.
- NCOs and those in critical MOSs rotate soon after reaching minimum competency levels.
- NCOs and officers get out of the Army because they are always handling the same crises, and can't see any progress after hard work.

All commanders indicated that there was little they could do to appreciably reduce the impact of turbulence. Those methods being attempted include:

- Stabilize officers in a position for 18 months (except where the new 36 month command policy applies). This includes all officers except commanders.
- Conduct training programs at battalion/brigade level for newly promoted or acting NCOs.
- Keep training at a low level.
- Make training repetitive.

- Fight taskings and levies.
- Use personnel outside their MOS.
- Create additional positions to compensate for untrained personnel (e.g. "shadow" clerks at company/battery level, full time training NCOs, full time reenlistment NCOs, and full time chemical NCOs).

F. Installation Support and Taskings

A major detractor is support of installation activities, and taskings to perform non-combat related tasks that take key personnel away from their units. Some of these requirements are:

- Special duty assignments to staff higher level headquarters and installation activities.
- Maintenance of the installation facilities (e.g. ranges, buildings, guard duty).
- Reserve component (RC) and Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) support. Particularly damaging are individual taskings (e.g. operating RC training sites and ROTC camps).
- Short notice or unexpected taskings that disrupt training plans (e.g. change of command parades).

The impact of these taskings, are that they:

• Deplete combat strength.

- Deplete strength of critical personnel.
- Destroy planning and preparation that has been performed and reduced quality of future planning.
- Immobilize units. For example, one division became basically nonoperable for 60-90 days during the summer to support RC and ROTC commitments. While some of these tasks turned out to be useful joint training events, that result is not predictable and in 90 days another 20% turnover can be expected to occur.
- Periodically deplete units using the cycle system, i.e. the post support cycle.

Methods currently being used to cope with this situation characteristically occur at division level, and include:

- Use of cycles to concentrate installation requirements and to facilitate planning.
- Analyze SD requirements in order to minimize numbers and ranks necessary.
- Convert low skill SD requirements to daily detail requirements.
- Have units check to see if SD personnel are fully utilized.
- Limit SD taskings by grade and type unit.
- Permanently assign SD positions to battalions.
- Work longer hours.
- Augment staff to handle taskings.
- Put all tasking requirements through a single agency (e.g. G-3) so that the burden on units can be monitored.
- Provide at least 15 days notice to units for taskings.
- Handle taskings as missions where possible so that chain of command can be properly used.
- Reduce headquarters augmentations so there are fewer people to generate requirements.
- Put necessary tasks on planning calendar (e.g. each installation support unit will have 45 personnel for guard, 10 duily for police call, etc.).

G. Lack of Equipment and Material

Problem areas most frequently mentioned were:

- Shortage of certain lines of ammunition (e.g. 4.2" mortar illumination, tank ammunition).
- Repair parts. In some cases the prescribed load list (PLL) doesn't cover peak period usage or hasn't accompanied the assignment of vehicles. Another frequently stated situation was battalion funded parts, where the request took longer to process than the "fill or kill" date.
- Pacer items and key equipment spent too long in direct support (DS) maintenance.

The lack of equipment and material most frequently resulted in:

- Reduced "live-fire" training, reduced realism.
- Inability to use vehicles or the use of vehicles with missing components.
- Units not turning in vehicles (e.g. tanks) for retrofit when they reach maximum mileage because they feared there would be no replacements.
- Wasted time trying to locate repair parts.

Except for inadequate repair parts supplies, sound management systems were able to reduce most the problems in this area.

- Ammunition. Ammunition was most frequently a problem because training was not planned far enough in advance to comply with lead times for ordering ammunition. However, these battalions that forecasted training 12 months in advance and followed the training plan experienced little difficulty.
- Repair parts. Repair parts shortages were not uniform across battalions, brigades or divisions. Some of the problem was traced to untrained personnel and was usually handled by borrowing from other units. Some units bui't low density PLL lines by removing parts at the cannibalization yard, and then exchanging them directly. Contributing to the problems in this area were high breakdown rates due to inexperienced users.
- Maintenance turnaround. Most units understood that with current breakdown rates and a lack of trained, experienced maintenance personnel, some level of "down time" was inevitable. The concern centered around DS repair priorities and Unit Status Report (USR) reportable items. One brigade commander handled this by conducting a weekly DA Form 2406 review which included S-4 personnel, the DISCOM Commander, the DS maintenance company commander and the shop chiefs. At this meeting they reviewed ERC "A" items and established repair priories.

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H. Lack of Time

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Time was not found to be the problem that the research team had expected. Frequently when time was mentioned as a detractor, it was stated that time was wasted or not provided in adequate "chunks" to be used effectively. Time was identified as a problem, by command level, to the following extent:

Response	Company/Battery	Battalion	Brigade/Division
Not enough time	70%	34%	22%

As might be expected, those levels of command with staffs and higher concentrations of officers and experienced NCOs perceived time to be less of a problem.

Time demands and lack of time were considered to contribute to:

- Lower training levels because there is insufficient time to correct identified deficiencies.
- Marital and family difficulties.
- Reduced retention of officers and NCOs. Long hours coupled with crisis management and no apparent progress, causes frustration and job dissatisfaction.

Some methods used to ensure that usable time was provided to conduct combat training included:

• Use of cycle system. Four of the five divisions sampled attempted to use a cycle system. In the most successful cases, this system:

(1) Was based upon a practical consideration for determining cycle length (e.g. 6 weeks to match BNCOC/PNCOC) so that maximum numbers of NCOs would be in the unit during the prime training cycle.

(2) Was dependent upon strict enforcement of the cycles.

• Extended planning horizon. In order to provide sufficient time for inexperienced personnel to plan and prepare for requirements, successful origanizations used the following planning time frames:

	Detailed	Conceputual	Main Events
Company/Battery	4-6 wks	3 mos.	6 mos.
Battalion	2-3 mos.	6 mos.	12 mos.
Brigade/DIVARTY	3 mos.	6-12 mos.	18 mos.
Division	6 mos.	12 mos.	18 mos.

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Characteristically unit commanders paid the most attention to short term requirements and felt that at company level nothing could be depended upon beyond 30 days out.

- Close adherence to training plans. Most identified that once training was "locked-in", the plan was followed closely (usually when training schedules were published). Until that time, drastic changes could occur. One division identified that over 60% of the changes made in training schedules occurred at company/ battery or battalion level. In two instances, training schedule changes had to be approved by brigade level or higher.
- ⁹ Work long hours. Nearly all leaders at company/battery and battalion level routinely extended the workday or workweek to get things done. Typical workweeks by position are shown below:

Position	Average Workweek
Unit Commander	65 hrs/wk
First Sergeant	58
Platoon Sergeant Squad/Section Leader,	60
Tank Commander, Section Chief	57
Motor Sergeant	58
Supply Sergeant	57

These estimates usually only included time in the office or at the unit. They did not include work taken home, or time involved with field exercises. • Delegate time to the lowest levels. The concerns expressed about time did not focus on the total amount but rather were concerned with the small "chunks" in which time was provided or with the fact that there is often insufficient lead time given. Some examples were:

(1) Provide three consecutive days per quarter, or training cycle, for platoons to conduct training they think is necessary.

(2) Provide one week per year where the NCOs of the brigade, under the Command Sergeant Major, take the brigade to the field and conduct Skill Qualification Test (SQT) diagnostics and training. During this time, officers are getting classes in preparation of upcoming events and conducting Tactical Exercises Without Troops (TEWTs).

(3) Schedule no meetings on Mondays, and no meetings or appointments in the mornings. This provides an opportunity for leaders to be with their troops at training and at the most criticial point of the day, the beginning of training.

(4) Have companies plan one quarter (three months) out by week and six to eight weeks out by day for all cycles.

- Establish and maintain communication with the soldiers. Commanders repeatedly said that inexperienced NCOs frequently did not pass information down to their troops and were unable to identify soldier's problems or to counsel them. Therefore, leaders had to establish and maintain routine methods for keeping the soldiers informed and be available to them.
- Establish operating priorities so that combat training is perceived to be as important as administrative/garrison tasks. While commanders from division level through battalion level identified training, maintenance and combat readiness as priorities; at company/battery level, priorities were most frequently perceived to be "reacting" to administrative requirements. The strongest negative results for not performing a task well occurred in the administrative/garrison area, and the highest rated indicators of unit performance (ARTEP, AWOLS, etc.) were in administrative areas. In other words, stated priorities were different than the day-to-day operational priorities. Only in one division and a few scattered battalions were combat and administrative tasks found to be of equal importance.

Problems with training areas and ranges, budget, maintenance support and inspections were perceived as periodic irritants, rather than major detractors to combat training.

• Training areas and ranges. When asked if these were a problem to conducting effective combat training, the responses were:

Command Level	Short of areas/ranges
Company/battery	21% an <i>s</i> wered "yes"
Battalion	27%
Brigade/Division	17%

Where availability of training areas presented a problem in the five divisions visited, it was for the most part solved when methods were instituted to make sure that areas/ranges requested were in fact used. Another useful approach was the obligation of ranges and training areas for the next 12 months to facilitate planning.

5. FIELD RECOMMENDATIONS AND AREAS OF FUTURE RESEARCH

During the interviews, participants were asked for their ideas and recommendations. These recommendations are presented below and in Chapter 4 of the main report.

In addition to recommendations heard in the field, the research team identified related areas componential future investigation that would further develop the body of knowledge and potential solutions. These recommendations can be found in Chapter 4.

A. Personnel Fill and Turbulence

- (1) Have battalions or brigades develop short NCO "survival skill" courses with contents uniquely suited to their own battalion or brigade. (PLC, BNCOC/PNCOC are too general to help the newly designated NCO become rapidly functional.) In addition, checklists of competencies, initial training and weekly professional development classes should be instituted to raise competence and confidence, and to reduce learning time.
- (2) Authorize a clerk at company/battery level. The clerk does more than type; he extends the capability of the first sergeant and frees him to use his greatest knowledge and experience for key matters. The first sergeant can assign a task (e.g., prepare a school request), recommend where to go for references, and not have to deal with it again until he proofreads the draft. All of the research and draft preparation is time that first sergeants can be using to do other tasks. A clerk is probably the most economical time management aid for the first sergeant in an NCO scarce environment. The first sergeant's experience, skill and guidance is simply more valuable when applied elsewhere.

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- (3) Don't centralize or civilianize anything else to help units. The centralization of the PAC reduced the skill levels authorized, and the response time to units. Centralization of supply and maintenance functions in the DMMC built a new bureaucracy. Slots converted to civilian spaces are funded at only 70% of need, the soldiers who do the jobs anyway must do so in SD status.
- (4) Authorize a maintenance officer/NCO at brigade level in the MTOE in the peace time role. Brigades have to function as regimental headquarters, but are staffed as combat headquarters.
- (5) Authorize a legal clerk at battalion level.
- (6) Authorize a training NCO at company/battery level to cope with the increasing administrative complexity (e.g., ranges, TEC lessons, job books, soldier manuals, training manuals, training aids, etc.). In combat, the training NCO could continue to work for the commander.
- (7) Stabilize "staff" or at least the command group along with the new extended command tours.
- (8) Include training in pre-command courses to prepare new commanders to avoid "burn-out" with the extended command tour.
- (9) Install word processors in each PAC. In those battalions where they have been installed, response time to units has been improved, accuracy has been improved, and report generation time has been reduced (e.g., rosters, S4 reports, training schedules).
- (10) Reduce internal turbulence within divisions (e.g., cross leveling MOSs after soldiers are assigned to units).
- (11) Assign West Point Officers to units <u>after</u> post graduation training. They are in their placoon for 30 days and then are gone for three months before they rejoin their platoon.

B. Individual Performance

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- (1) See if the Housing and Urban Development Agency (HUD) can be influenced to finance low cost off-post soldier housing to replace trailers.
- (2) Expand T^pADOC AIT for critical MOSs to fit the demands the soldiers will actually face in units.
- (3) Standardize common tasks throughout the Army (e.g., vehicle storage, wearing of field gear, etc.)
- (4) Develop standard OJT lists of what a new AIT graduate needs to learn in some recommended priority of need. This would be particularly helpful for mechanics, supply, PLL/TAMMS and chemical.
- (5) Teach officers at all levels how to conduct effective meetings so they will involve the right people at the right time, and not waste time.

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- (6) Train all Armor Crewmen to be loaders during AIT. 'The current practice of training soldiers as drivers, loaders and gunners in AIT increases the odds that they will be placed out of their MOS when they reach their unit, in order to fulfill crew demands.
- (7) Raise recruiting standards when NCO fill or turbulence reaches a certain level.

C. Installation Support and Taskings

- Review civilian positions after SD review to see if these civilians should be reclassified or trained to be able to train/supervise soldiers.
- (2) Develop company commander and first sergeant courses that teach how to perform the administrative/garrison tasks on an installation.
- (3) Budget the level of taskings that a battalion can be tasked for during a year so that time has to be budgeted like other assets. For example:
 - (a) If a training year has 200 available days, and the yearly training plan with cycles calls for 100 days of training and 100 days of post support; higher headquarters would have a fund to draw against when tasking a battalion (average assigned strength X days available).
 - (b) This fund would be drawn down each time battalion personnel were used for details, parades, SDA, etc.
 - (c) Higher headquarters would have to budget taskings against unit time just as it does funds. It would have to set priorities.
 - (d) Division would have to allocate so many tasking days to brigades, etc.
 - NOTE: This might be a useful adaptation for the new Training Management Control System being procured by the Army.

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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

Current military management faces a number of significant challenges, particularly in four resource areas:

- Personnel
- Equipment and Materiel
- Time
- Training Areas and Ranges

This report describes these challenges and their impact on combat training. Also described are some current management approaches in use to deal with them and innovative ideas or recommendations suggested by leaders who confront these challenges.

BACKGROUND

The research reported here represents a modification and extension of research started in the 7th Infantry Division in FY 80 under the title of <u>Development of the Individual Extension Training System Through the Company/</u> <u>Battery Level</u> (MDA903-79-C-0194). The original research was to take place only at Fort Ord, since the 7th Infantry Division had requested the research. However, since the contract was let, Army interest in the project substantially increased, so that a more extensive research effort than originally planned was both warrented and possible. In addition, ARI was requested by MG Smith, DA, Director of Training to perform additional research directly related to this project (i.e., impact of mandatory training requirements on combat training) which required a larger sample of divisions.

Conditions contributing to the need for this research included the fact that training responsibilities and job functions of company/battery level officers have in recent years grown increasingly complex with the introduction of sophisticated weapons and equipment, TRADOC's introduction of Soldier's Manuals (SMs), Training Extension Courses (TEC), the Army Training and Evaluation Program (ARTEP), SCOPES, REALTRAIN, and other innovations. Further complicating the management of training by field commanders was the shifting training responsibilities from the TRADOC schools to the field, the lack of qualified noncommissioned officers (NCOs) and junior officers, and the current degree of personnel turbulence. Senior Officers and ARI thought that other operational and administrative demands might also detract from the time, equipment and personnel available for the commander's use in developing and managing unit training programs.

In the face of this complexity and a constrained resource environment, it became necessary to identify some of the major management issues affecting resource availability for combat training, the impact of those issues, and methods that help mitigate their negative effects. It was against this background that the Army Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences (ARI) and McFann-Gray and Associates (MGA), Inc. undertook the research reported herein.

TECHNICAL OBJECTIVE

"To describe how a sample of FORSCOM commanders, who are highly regarded by their supervisors, manage their units (at Division, Battalion, and Company levels); this information should be useful in designing superior management systems for use by companies and batteries throughout FORSCOM."

Three purposes for the expanded research effort are implied by the technical objective:

- Gain a broader knowledge of management approaches used within FORSCOM divisions in certain key resource areas;
- Gain a more accurate estimate of the impact of mandatory training requirements than was possible when using only one division;
- Identify management innovations that might be used experimentally within the 7th Infantry Division in FY 81.

These were adopted as our research objectives.

As a practical matter, it was not possible to collect information exclusively from personnel in the most highly regarded battalions, companies and batteries in the divisions visited. In those divisions where both highly regarded units and other units were visited; however, it was apparent that there was little difference in the management systems "per se", but rather differences in skills, in management styles, and in the process of operating within those systems.

Since the effectiveness of systems is judged by the wide variety of people who can use them, it is felt that the variety of units encountered strengthens the utility of this study.

REPORT ORGANIZATION

The remainder of the report is organized into three chapters. Chapter 2 describes the data collection methodology and procedures.

Chapter 3 presents the results of the research conducted at five FORSCOM divisions.

Chapter 4 provides recommendations made by the officers and NCOs who were surveyed, and lists areas for further study suggested by the researchers.

GENERAL

The approach taken in conducting this research was to collect both objective and subjective information from a sample of FORSCOM Divisions; specifically two Armor, one Infantry, and two Mechanized (AIM). To collect this information, a combination of structured interview, document review, and questionnaire administration was used. The information collection methods used were based upon considerations for the type of information desired, the speed and cost of collection, and the amount of disruption a particular method would cause a sampled unit. As mentioned previously, information was collected in the resource management areas of: personnel; equipment and materiel; time; and training areas and ranges.

The information collection process was oriented toward identifying conditions in each management resource area which detracted from combat training, the impact of the detractor, methods used to reduce the distracting effects and novel management ideas that might be tried. Information was collected from a sample of all levels of command, from division headquarters level to company/battery level. This information was then analyzed using standard methods (e.g., content analysis, frequency counts, descriptive statistics). These methods allowed the researchers to:

- Describe each management method and identify the rationale upon which the method was based;
- Observe the perceptions at various levels of command about the intent and effects of a given management method;
- Gather maximum information with a minimum of time, cost and disruption to units.

Deliberate trade-offs were made between the exhaustiveness of the research and the factors of cost, speed and unit disruption. Some examples of these trade-offs include:

• Limiting interviews at brigade and higher level to one hour in order to capture critical information, but minimize the demand on senior officers.

• Reviewing known critical documents and those specifically recommended in the data collection process, rather than reviewing all possible pertinent documents. Reviewing all possibly pertinent documents would have reduced the time responsiveness and expanded the cost of the project. In addition, several appendices are attached.

- Appendix A Research Methodology
- Appendix B Structured Interview Guides
- Appendix C Job Task Inventory Items
- Appendix D Mandatory Training List
- Appendix E Programs of Instruction for Newly Promoted NCOs
- Appendix F Program of Instruction for New Company Commanders
- Appendix G Glossary of Abbreviations Used
- Appendix H Responses To Unit Effectiveness Indicators

SAMPLE COMPOSITION

The sample for this study included elements of five FORSCOM divisions. Interviews were conducted with commanders and key staff officers at division level through company/battery level. Questionnaires were also administered at company/battery level.

Sample composition is shown by unit type in table 1.

Level 1	Туре	<u>Number</u>
Division	Infantry Mechanized Armor	1 2 <u>2</u> 5
Brigades	Infantry Mechanized Armor DIVARTY	1 3 2 <u>2</u> 8
Battalions	Infantry Mechanized Armor Field Artillery	2 5 4 <u>4</u> 15
Companies/Batteries	Infantry Mechanized Armor Field Artillery	4 8 6 <u>6</u> 24

TABLE 1					
Sample	Unit	Composition	by	Type	

Interviews were conducted with a total of 198 participants at the five divisions. The composition of this sample of interviews is shown in table 2.

Level	Position	Number
Division	Commander Assistant Division Commander Chief of Staff G1 G3 G4 AG OESO	2 4 2 4 5 4 5 4
Brigade/DIVARTY	Commander Executive Officer S1 S3 S4	7 4 7 7 7 7
Battalion	Commander Executive Officer S1 S3 S4 & Motor Officer	14 12 15 15 15 14
Company/Battery	Commander Executive Officer First Sergeant Total	24 21 <u>21</u> 198

TABLE 2 Interview Sample Composition

Questionnaires were administered at company/battery level to personnel filling positions of sergeant (E5) and above. There were 366 questionnaires administered, of which 303 were usable.

A description of the data collection methodology, data collection process and data analysis procedures can be found in Appendix A - Research Methodology. Copies of the instruments used can be found at:

Appendix B - Structured Interview Guides Appendix C - Job Task Inventory Items

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GENERAL

This chapter describes the major detractors to combat training identified by a sample of field units, the impact of detractors on units, and methods used that to some extent mitigate the negative effects of the detractors.

The information reported here was gathered using two methods, interviews and questionnaires.

During the interviews, participants were first asked to identify unit priorities and to identify in their own words, detractors to conducting effective combat training. The areas mentioned by the interviewees were then explored to determine the impact of the detractor and methods used to cope with it. If the interviewee did not mention the target areas of the study (personnel, equipment, time and training areas), he was then asked about those areas.

The questionnaire was used to ask questions about who performed mandatory/ administrative/garrison tasks at company/battery level, how much time it took and the training required in order to be able to perform the tasks.

MANDATORY TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

A. Description

One of the specific issues which this project was requested to address concerned the impact of DA & FORSCOM Mandatory training requirements on combat training.

No single DA or FORCOM source provides a complete list of mandatory training requirements. In fact, many of the individuals interviewed during the course of the project mentioned the desireability of such a document. Appendix D provides a list of mandatory training requirements documented during the course of this project. It was complied based on an examination of relevant DA & FORSCOM material and training regulations of the divisions sampled. While not necessarily exhaustive, it is the most comprehensive list known to the research staff.

During the interviews, company commanders uniformly responded that mandatory training as stated in DA and FORSCOM regulations were not a major detractor to conducting effective combat training. Areas of concern included:

- There is no single document that identifies all of the mandatory requirements. The total array of regulations is too overwhelming to confront, so local higher headquarters documents are relied upon to identify mandatory requirements.
- The frequency and when to conduct mandatory training is determined locally. Local interpretation frequently determines if mandatory requirements are detractors or not (e.g. whether a unit conducts weapons qualification monthly, or annually-ignoring turbulence).
- Conflicting standards are confusing (e.g. field manuals, soldiers' manuals and regulations sometimes establish different criteria).

Most company commanders indicated during the interviews that mandatory training could usually be integrated or conducted concurrently with other training; however, only eight company commanders responded to this section of the questionnaire so there is only weak corrobrating data. Of those who did respond, the most time consuming of the mandatory training subjects are shown in rank order of time consumed in table 3.

Rank Order	Training Item
1	Conduct/evaluate Equal Opportunity/ Race Relations (EO/RR) training
2	Conduct/evaluate NBC team training
3	Conduct/evaluate an Alcohol and Drug Abuse Program/Training
4	Plan/organize Equal Opportunity/ Race Relations (EO/RR) program
5	Plan/organize NBC teams
6	Plan/organize Intelligence train- ing program
7	Plan/organize a Milıtary Justice training session
8	Plan/organize Geneve/Hague con~ vention training
9	Plan/organize Code of Conduct training
10	Plan/organize SAEDA training
וו	Plan/organize an Alcohol and Drug Abuse Program
12	Plan/organize Standards of Conduct training
13	Plan/organize OPSEC program
14	Plan/conduct Marksmanship training
15	Plan/organize a Benefits of an Honorable Discharge training session

TABLE 3 Mandatory Training Tasks in Rank Order of Time Consumed for Company Commanders (N=8)

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When battalion commanders and S-3s, and company/battery commanders were asked to rank order 18 indicators of unit effectiveness, (see List of Unit Effectiveness Indicators in Appendix A), they responded for mandatory training as shown in Table 4. Their responses for all indicators are shown in Appendix H.

TABLE 4
Rank Order Importance of Mandatory
Training by Battalion/Company/Battery
Commanders and Staff

Division (Ns)	Rank Order (out of 18 items)*
A (16)	6
B (6)	1
C (14)	12
D (8)	12
E (8)	5

*Note: A rank of 1 is the highest and 18 the lowest possible.

When asked what they would be doing, if the time spent on mandatory subjects were freed, most (57%) answered that they would increase time spent on combat training or maintenance. A few stated, however, that they would probably spend the time in the same way since they considered these subjects to be important in increasing or contributing to combat readiness.

While mandatory training was not viewed as a significant detractor, there were a number of factors listed which impeded the conduct of mandatory training requirements. As with combat training, low fill, turbulence and the quality of military personnel were viewed as interferring with effective training. In addition, lack of NCOs was specitically mentioned as a problem. Among the effects of low fill, respondents cited poor supervision and the fact that fewer experienced people were available to accomplish the same requirements. Turbulence tended to result in more frequent training. While regulations may require only annual training, local regulation and personnel turbulence often requires that training be conducted quarterly or more often. This was, however, one of the ways in which interpretation of a regulation differed considerably. Other units ignored turbulence as a factor and conducted training classes only as often as necessary to satisfy the regulation. This has obvious implications for the amount of time devoted to mandatory training subjects, and the thoroughness of that training.

Management Methods

A number of strategies were utilized to fulfill mandatory training requirements and at the same time, minimize its effect as a detractor from combat training.

- Integration with combat training. Many units either integrated certain mandatory subjects into combat training operations or used "down time" in the field to conduct training in subjects not requiring a class room.
- Consolidation at Battalion or higher level. Some mandatory training was scheduled and staffed by Battalion or higher level personnel. An auditorium or other facility was reserved and units were notified to attend. Often, a make-up date was scheduled for those individuals who were, inevitably, detained.
- Utilization of outside speakers. JAG, the Chaplain, or other military personnel were asked to conduct appropriate training classes. This cut down on preparation time required of the leaders in a unit and served to increase the interest of participants since an outside "expert" appeared more credibile on certain subjects than familiar unit personnel.
- Integration with Command Briefings. Commanders may cover certain topics, i.e. Safety, Military Justice, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, as a part of a formation or other command briefing. While more informal than scheduled classes, this reduced the total amount of time spent on mandatory training and was considered to have fulfilled the requirement.

DETRACTORS TO COMBAT TRAINING

During the interviews, participants were asked to name the primary obstacles or detractors to conducting satisfactory combat training. The most frequent responses are identified in table 5.

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	Ra	nk Order (and % responding)	····
	Company/Battery	Battalion	Brigade/DIVARTY	Division
Detractor	(n=66)	(n=55)*	(n=25)*	(n=17)*
• Low Fill	1 (61%)	1 (45%)	1 (60%)	1 (71%)
 Individual Performance 	2 (33)	3 (22)	3 (12)	3 (24)
• lurbulence	3 (32)	4 (18)	2 (32)	1 (71)
 Installation Support and Taskings 	4 (29)	2 (31)	2 (32)	2 (35)
 Lack of Equipment and Materiel 	5 (24)	6 (7)	5 (4)	
 Lack of Time 	6 (18)	5 (9)	5 (4)	
 Lack of Training Areas and Ranges 	7 (12)	7 (4)	4 (8)	
• Budget	8 (6)	7 (4)	5 (4)	4 (6)
• Maintenance Spt.	8 (6)	8 (2)		
 Micromanagement 	8 (6)		5 (4)	4 (6)
Inspections	9 (5)		3 (12)	

TABLE 5 Detractors to Combat Training

*Responses at Battalions, Brigade/DIVARTY, and Division level exclude interviews conducted with S1, G1, AG, OESO, and Comptroller.

Those detractors polling more than a 15% response at any level of command are discussed in subsequent sections of this chapter. The subsequent sections will:

- Describe the detractor
- Identify the impacts of the detractor
- Describe some management methods that have been used with some success to reduce the negative effects of the detractor.

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LOW FILL

A. Description of Low Fill

Low fill of personnel was by far considered the largest single detractor to training; it was also viewed as contributing to other detracting areas (e.g. Lack of Time, Lack of Equipment and Materiel).

Overall soldier fill was considered adequate at over 80% of authorized for each of the divisions sampled (range: 84%-91%). Shortages considered critical occurred in noncommissioned officers (NCOs) and senior technicians within combat battalions. In the five divisions sampled, NCO strength averaged 67% of authorized (range: 52%-84%). Common technician shortages occurred in the career management fields (CMF) of supply (76Y), PLL/TAMMS (76D), clerk/typist (71L) and mechanic (63C). In the case of technicirns, the lack of E5-E6 level personnel increased the demands on recent graduates of advanced individual training (AIT) graduates for which they are unprepared.

Further exacerbating the problem of first line leadership in combat battalions is the use of their personnel outside the unit to augment higher level headquarters or to perform installation support functions in special duty authorized (SDA) status. Table 6 provides an example of this situation found in one sample battalion.

Division Strength in Combat MOS	Assigned to Combat Battalion	Present for Duty After SDA Losses
NCOs (% of authorized)	(% of authorized)	(% of authorized)
66	61	55 .

TABLE 6 Example NCO Strength in a Combat Battalion

SDA or borrowed military manpower personnel were taken from units to fill shortfalls in recognized civilian needs for key installation activities, to augment higher headquarters staff elements for the purpose of har ling peacetime and administrative requirements, and to staff functions/activities considered necessary by the local commander. While SDA reached in the most extreme case 3.3% of a division's assigned strength, the problem cited at battalion and unit level was that each good NCO soldier was critical to unit functioning yet these were the individuals sent to fill SDA positions. The top four responses for handling an individual tasking at company/battery level are shown in Table 7.

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Rank Order and (%)*	Response
1 (61%)	Send the best person
2 (33)	Distribute evenly
3 (30)	First sergeant decides
4 (23)	Send the worst person

TABLE 7 Unit Response to Individual Tasking (n=66)

*Totals over 100% because respondents could answer in more than one category.

Units usually sent the best person, because they used the assignment as a reward for the individual identified, and by sending the best they avoided the severe negative reaction which results if they sent someone who was not one of the better performers. The effect of this practice is that:

- Fewer NCOs are left in the unit to train and supervise.
- There is a higher density of low performing individuals left in the unit to be trained and supervised.
- There is a lower density of peer role models to set examples in the areas of personal initiative, reliability, and dependability.
- A low performance group norm is reinforced in the unit, increasing the demands on the remaining leadership.

SDA personnel were used to staff higher level headquarters and operate installation activities. Division headquarters were typically staffed at over 100% authorized strength (ranged from 118-180?) with lower numbers of augmentees found at brigade, battalion and company level. The civilian workforce that would normally operate installation activities a. \perp maintain the installation were authorized at only 68% of the FORSCOM recognized requirements across the installations sampled.

B. Impact of Low Fill

The impact of low fill of NCOs and experienced critical MOSs in combat battalions was such an overriding factor that it also contributed to the causes and effects of other detractors. Some of the most frequently mentioned effects of low fill were:

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- Insufficiently trained individual soldiers. The TRADOC training base trains soldiers in only critical base skills (which compose 60-70% of what the soldier needs to know to perform in that grade). It is up to the unit to teach the rest of the skills. In fact, the soldier may be expected to perform at a higher level because higher ranking personnel are missing, despite the fact that there is no one with experience and time to teach him. The result is that he is taught, or self-teach, the wrong way and has to subsequently unlearn and relearn skills when someone finally has the time to set him straight. One battalion commander said that he routinely asks soldiers, who did something properly, where they learned how to do perform that skill. They rarely respond that they learned it in the unit, usually they respond that they learned it in BCT or AIT.
- NCO and Officer retention loss. Researchers repeatedly encountered NCOs and officers who declared they were leaving the service, most of whom had originally planned to make the Army a career. Their reasons included the constant state of crisis management and a lack of apparent progress for the work put in. Due to low fill and turnover, junior officers were not adequately trained. (This will be discussed more in the Turbulence section of this chapter)
- Loss of combat power. Since privates must function as junior NCOs, there are insufficient personnel to staff all unit weapons systems and train effectively.

C. Management Methods Used to Reduce Negative Effects of Low Fill

Some of the strategies used to cope with this situation include:

- Restructuring. "Zeroing out" or not staffing platoons/squads/sections. Four out of five divisions used this approach to a significant degree.
- Job Sharing. Using two people to do one job. Since soldiers cannot perform higher level jobs or lack experience to handle multiple tasks simultaneously, positions are double slotted and new positions created. Some examples:
 - (1) Two people frequently perform the PLL/TAMMS clerk job.
 - (2) Companies frequently have full time clerks, training NCOs, chemical NCOs and reenlistment NCOs.
 - (3) Brigades augment their staffs. For example, maintenance expertise is not an authorized part of the Brigade S4 section, but all brigades are used as regimental rather than tactical headquarters. Since maintenance is a reportable item on the USR, brigades must have maintenance expertise on staff.
 - (4) Divisions augment staffs to cope with peace time accountability and installation functions, and to try to predict and/or prevent crisis in subordinate units. Divisions have a variety of inspection teams, schools and augmented G3 sections (e.g. one had 26 SDA people and another had 36 SDA people in the G3 sectic..).

The use of undergrade soldiers and soldiers outside their MOS. It was not uncommon to find combat MOS NCOs serving as motor sergeants and supply sergeants because they had the supervisory experience to direct others. The use of acting NCOs ("Acting Jacks") and/or undergrade personnel was encountered in every unit.

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- Establishment of MOS training programs. All installations had locally funded MOS related training program for critical MOSs (e.g. TAMMS, PLL, supply, maintenance). On the one hand, these were viewed as necessary. On the other hand, mandatory quotas became a burden and a time waster. The most successful program was one that sent contract instructor teams, down to battalion motor pools and supply rooms, and taught unit personnel using their own unit equipment and records. These teams focused specifically on unit needs. This approach was highly regarded wherever it was used.
- Establishment of formal training programs at battalion/brigade for newly promoted or acting NCOs. Two divisions had implemented such programs. In the most highly regarded of the two programs, unit commanders felt that it decreased the learning time for a new NCO to become competent. While all units used the Primary and Basic NCO Courses (PNCOC/BNCOC), these were not considered satisfactory NCO preparation programs. The Primary Leadership Course (PLC) was also considered inadequate. Part of the problem of adequacy was that units were not using standard methods taught in PNCOC/BNCOC, and consequently a learning transfer problem occurred. The battalion/brigade programs involved all the command sergeants major in the unit. First sergeants, as faculty, dealt with the most immediate, every day problems faced by the new NCO, helping to build his confidence and enable him to transfer skills to practice. Since the courses were taught with battalion/company personnel, rapport and coaching relationships were built. Senior NCOs were able to serve as role models! (Example course topics are at Appendix E).
- Conduct of ongoing professional development classes for junior officers and NCOs. One brigade required weekly classes for junior officers and NCOs (taught separately). The features of this program were:
 - Topics included administrative and leadership problems faced in the battalion. Brigade did not identify subjects.
 - (2) Three of the four sessions per month were conducted at company level; the fourth was conducted at battalion level.
 - (3) An example of a program of instruction for new company commanders can be found at Appendix F.

This program worked so well that one battalion set up a "twice per week" schedule as shown in Figure 1.

0730-0830 Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
<pre>(1) Junior NCOs and potential NCOs conduct physical training (PT) and Drill and Ceremonies (D&C) under supervision of Senior NCOs.</pre>	 Junior NCO classes, Sr. NCOs super- vise troops in barracks. Junior Officer Classes. 	(1) Junior NCOs & potential NCOs conduct PT and D&C.	 (1) Junior NCO classes (2) Junior Officer classes. 	 Junior NCOs and potential NCOs conduct PT and D&C 0830-0900 hrs. Unit Commander talks to troops about past week and future events

Figure	1 .	Professional	Development	Scenario
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*In this scenario, the time from wake-up to the first training formation at 0845-0900 hrs. basically belonged to the NCOs.

- Training in groups to maximize influence of the limited number of experienced NCOs. Units conducted very little one-on-one skill training because of the lack of knowledge and experience of junior NCOs. Even individual/SQT skills were taught frequently in groups.
- Performance of lower level jobs at a higher level. Frequently, tasks were centralized, and performed by a higher ranking person. For example, platoon leaders had to try to train squad leaders and perform squad planning functions, and the executive officer frequently did portions of the maintenance and supply sergeants job. This approach seemed to work at a minimally well at company/battery level, but began to break down at battalion level and higher (e.g. Personnel Administration Center (PAC). Doing those extra jobs typically required expanding the work week. The average work week for leaders in companies/batteries was 58 hours per week. (A more detailed discussion is contained in the section of the chapter titled "Lack of Time".)
- Extension of the lead time for an event. One of the most successful methods of coping with low fill was extending the planning time and lead time for an event (tactical or administrative), so that junior leaders could learn as they prepared. (This is discussed in more detail in the section of this chapter titled "Lack of Time".)
- Reduction of headquarters augmentation, so that there are fewer people to generate requirements for lower levels. An experiment being tried by one division is reduction of division headquarters strength to not exceed 100% of authorized. The staff can keep an SDA position if they want, but then a TOE position must be given up somewhere in the division headquarters. The experiment is too new to evaluate.
- Critical examination of SDA. (Several approaches being used in this area are discussed in the section of this chapter titled "Installation Support and Taskings".)

LOW INDIVIDUAL PERFORMANCE

A. Description of Low Individual Performance

Individuals were reported to be less responsible and dependable than needed in an environment with an insufficient number of skilled first line supervisors. Problems specifically mentioned involved:

- Language proficiency: English as a second language. (One division with two brigades had over 2,000 soldiers enrolled in English as a second language classes.)
- Literacy difficulty: Frequently it was mentioned that soldiers were unable to read field manuals and technical manuals.
- Many individuals were unable to self-supervise or self-train in the absence of specific guidance and directions. This was due to low education and motivation levels. Most commanders felt these soldiers were willing to perform and could perform adequately, but they needed to be told specifically what to do.

This situation was seen as an "either, or" situation. Either adequate numbers of skilled first line supervisors are needed, or a higher capability soldier is needed who, when given individual learning packages, can <u>and will</u> self-train.

B. Impact of Low Individual Performance

The impact of the current performance levels of low ranking soldiers include:

- High number of discipline problems. These problems are manifested in actions such as expeditious discharges and unfavorable personnel actions (such as bars to reenlistment and actions under UCMJ.)
- Low levels of training and proficiency. Soldiers come from the TRADOC schools only partially trained in their MOS and are frequently expected to perform at a higher skill level in that MOS, because there are insufficient numbers of higher skill personnel available. Since there is frequently no one to train them, the soldiers remain partially functional until someone becomes available to train. When leaders are asked if individual training packages were available for these per onnel, they most frequently responded that packages were available, but the soldiers could not or would not use them unless told to. For example, most units have Training Extension Course (TEC) systems available covering a wide range of MOS related topics. The TEC machines are rarely used, unless an NCO tells the soldier to check-out and play a specific tape.
- Reduced opportunity to learn in the unit. Since low performance soldiers are involved in on-post educational programs (e.g., BSEP, English as a second language), they are not available for in-unit training for various periods of time. To some small degree, this also increases the workload on those who are not going to school.

- Reduced soldier performance, because there is insufficient supervision and experience to prevent or solve soldier problems. Specifically, new NCOs do not have the experience to sense problems with a soldier nor the knowledge to help the soldier handle the problems through counseling or referral.
- Safety hazards in the barracks and when using equipment in the field. In the barracks cliques or belligerents can more readily exert or influence over a unit when experienced NCOs are not present or don't know how to defuse problem situations. Inexperienced users of tactical equipment increases the accident rate when experienced NCOs are not present to supervise use. This is not always because the enlisted soldiers do not understand the fundamentals, but because the level of experienced supervision is insufficient. Further, many of the soldiers and junior NCOs do not know how to maintain the equipment. They spend many hours in the motor pool doing what they are told to do or know how to do, and not completing the functions actually required to maintain the equipment. For example, one battalion commander saw soldiers using three different methods to check track tension on a tank, none of which were correct.
- Wasted training time because first-line leaders do not know how to plan and prepare and do not have the knowledge and confidence to train their subordinates. Many have been in the Army no longer than their subordinates and were selected because they were peer leaders and fast learners. The technical expertise of these new or "acting" NCOs is not significantly more advanced than the soldiers they are to train, nor are the NCOs' deportment and confidence such that they are comfortable "taking hold" of their squad or section. Again, the problem does not appear to originate from an unwillingness on the part of the new NCO, instead there are not sufficent senior NCOs with troop experience in the unit to train the new NCO.
- The Battalion Training Management System (BTMS) has been very difficult to implement. Most battalions had received BTMS training and implemented a short term planning process, and in some cases the medium and long term planning frames. Some even changed their training schedule format. But, within companies/batteries, the commanders did not feel they could give mission type orders with the level of experience present and obtain a quality result. Therefore, except for standardizing planning time windows and changing the training schedule format, there is little change in the way operations are conducted within battalions as a result of BTMS. Most liked the system, but felt its potential benefit was mitigated by low fill and turbulence problems.

• Poor maintenance and supply operations. Since the junior NCO and upper NCO grades (E6-E7) are in short supply in these fields, recent advanced individual training (AIT) graduates (E2-E4) are expected to perform the higher level maintenance and supply tasks. The new soldiers are unprepared to do so and there are insufficient personnel to teach them. This results in delayed repair parts and poor supply accountability. Frequently, problems with repair parts and supply are directly traceable to inexperienced, untrained personnel.

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C. Management Methods Used to Reduce Negative Effects of Low Individual Performance

Several approaches are used to handle this situation; collectively they are considered minimally effective.

- Assign Spanish speaking soldiers to units where the NCO knows Spanish.
- Send soldiers to BSEP, English as a second language and MOS related courses. The most successful of these courses were ones that sent mobile training teams down to battalion level to conduct the training. For success, it was found that training must be highly repetitive and offer ample opportunity to practice.
- Develop unit training using highly standardized approaches, repetition, and many hands-on practices.
- Concentrate personnel for training. There are insufficient numbers of skilled personnel for individualized training, so soldiers are trained collectively in order to efficiently train as many as possible in a short period of time.
- Higher level personnel perform more of the lower level jobs.
- Double-slot personnel. Break up the job so that it is small enough for one person to learn part of the job and perform it in a short period of time.
- Conduct short courses for new NCOs at battalion/brigade level. These courses concentrate on training trainers (how to conduct short informal classes) and on ways to handle soldier problems.
- Conduct quality of life actions.

- Make sure that sufficient low cost activities are available for young soldiers and their families.
- (2) Individually orient each incoming soldier to the unit and job. Make sure each soldier is counseled by the first sergeant and unit commander.
- (3) Check back with new soldiers every two weeks or so during their first month of assignment.
- (4) Have the platoon sergeant and platoon leader visit new soldiers at home (if they live off post) immediately after they have settled. Observe any potential problems they may need help with (e.g., overextended financially? How are the children dressed? Any family problems?).
- (5) Conduct classes for NCOs, informing them of soldier services available, location or referral services, etc.

- Establish and maintain "live" communications methods for keeping soldiers informed, advised of what is coming up, their role in events, and their progress. Training schedules are complex, and some soldiers have difficulty reading them, so the schedules should be explained orally. Some successful approaches used included:
 - (1) First sergeants conduct a daily formation to review activities.
 - (2) At least weekly, unit commanders informed troops of the last week's events and upcoming events (three or four weeks ahead).
 - (3) Division commander arranged to have coffee with a random sample of three to six company commanders each week to discuss perceptions. challenges, and solutions.
 - (4) Division commander sergeant major arranged to have coffee with a random sample of squad leaders once per week. At another time, he would talk with a random sample of first sergeants.
 - (5) Division, brigade and tatealion commanders would visit units in the field; stay, observe and perhaps have lunch with the troops. These were accomplished without fanfare and at different times, as opposed to the "stacked helicopter" or "convoy of autos" approach.

TURBULENCE

A. Description of Turbulence

Personnel turbulence, especially among NCOs, was consistently mentioned as a detractor to combat training. Across the divisions sampled, enlisted turbulence averaged 71% moving out of the division per year. A previous study (Bialek, 1977) indicate that internal turbulence (movements within a unit) magnifies this problem. In that study, turbulence at squad level (those leaving the squad) was 48% in a four month period. That amounts to a 144% turnover per year.

B. Impact of Turbulence

The most frequently mentioned effects of high turbulence are:

- Turbulence is reportedly a direct contributor to much of the frustration experienced, and to the decisions to leave the Army made by officers and NCOs. Turbulence is also cited as a contributor to low individual performance levels of low ranking soldiers.
- Collective training above company level cannot be effectively performed.
- Readiness reports are obsolete soon after they are completed. One battalion commander said that, of the 52 tanks assigned to his battalion, only 10 would have the same tank commanders as 12 months earlier. Admittedly, a number of tanks were in dormant status without crews.
- Commanders attempt to train their units at more advanced levels than the troops are ready for, and consequently there is no opportunity to correct mistakes made at a more basic level. Some company commanders have established detailed scenarios repetitively rehearsed over a given piece of terrain in order to be ready for a particular battalion/ brigade exercise.

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- Progressive training is not possible beyond one training cycle. By the time the next training cycle occurs, there will have been another 20% external turnover, coupled with additional internal turbulence.
- Training time is wasted because there is little institutional memory, and new NCOs and junior officers do not have well developed planning skills.
- NCOs and critical MOS personnel rotate soon after reaching minimum competency levels.
- NCOs and officers are leaving the Army because of the constant state of crisis management produced by the situation of high personnel flux. The crises they face are repetitive, and they cannot see any progress despite the time and energy they expend. One division has been tracking officer attrition for the last three years, and conducts exit briefings with each officer. The results show that, three years ago, officers were deciding to leave after about seven years service; they are now leaving after only five years service. Most cite feelings of being unable to contribute as the reason for leaving. The research team encountered officers from the rank of major to lieutenant who were getting out. These officers had not been passed-over, and in fact had, in some cases, West Point or military funded graduate school backgrounds.

C. Management Methods Used to Reduce Negative Effects of Turbulence

All commanders felt that there was very little they could effectively do about this detractor. Approaches adopted focused on repetitive training and attempts to reduce the learning time of personnel. The most frequently mentioned approaches were to:

- Stabilize officers, who are not commanders, for at least 18 months.
- Conduct battalion/brigade NCO training programs (see Appendix E).
- Conduct officer training programs (see Appendix F).
- Train at low levels of proficiency.
- Make training repetitive. Refrain often.
- Resist taskings and levies.
- Use personnel outside of assigned MOS.
- Use two people for one job.

- Create additional positions to compensate for untrained personnel.
 - (1) Company clerk to perform some PAC functions and platoon sergeant or first sergeant functions.
 - (2) Training NCO to perform platoon leader, platoon sergeant, unit commander functions because individuals in those positions are filling other peoples' jobs.
 - (3) Staff augmentations at battalion, brigade and division level (e.g., draftsmen for charts, tasking NCOs, instructor groups, inspection groups).

INSTALLATION SUPPORT AND TASKINGS

A. _Description_of_Installation_Support_and_Taskings

Support of installation activities and taskings to perform non-combat related tasks take key personnel away from the unit. Together these comprised a major detractor. These requirements included:

- Special duty assignments to staff higher level headquarters and installation activities.
- Maintenance of the installation facilities (e.g. ranges, building, guard duty).
- Reserve component (RC) and Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) support. While taskings that allowed the use of squads and larger units to train or function as aggressorswere deemed to have some training value. individual taskings were usually dysfunctional. Typically, individual taskings called for an NCO or critical MOS to leave the unit for from 30-60 days to operate an RC or ROTC facility.
- Short notice or unexpected taskings that disrupt training plans (e.g. change of command parades).

B. Impact of Installation Support and Taskings

The most frequently mentioned effects of taskings and installation support were that they:

- Deplete combat strength.
- Deplete strength of critical personnel such as NCOs and technicians.
- Negate planning and preparation of what was planned and reduce the quality of future planning.
- Immobilize units for a period of time. For example, one division had two brigades basically immobilized for 60-90 days to support RC and ROTC training. Some of this turns out to be beneficial joint training, but that effect is unpredictable, and in 90 days another 20% turnover can be expected to occur.

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- The cycle system, by its very nature disrupts units during their installation support cycle.
- C. Management Methods Used to Reduce Negative Effects of Support and Taskings
 - Use cycles to concentrate training time in usable segments, and installation requirements into usable segments so units can plan for them.
 - Critically analyze SD requirements. Some techniques that have been used include:
 - Convert low skill SD positions to daily detail tasks to be performed by the installation support battalion. This reduces internal turbulence and long term disruption to the units.
 - (2) Analyze SD jobs in order to identify the minimum number of personnel and skill level required to do the job and reduce the tasking requirements.
 - (3) Have units visit SD personnel at the job site to determine if they are fully used.
 - (4) Require a job description for each SD position before it is approved, and let the unit select someone against the position requirements.
 - (5) Establish an SD review panel composed of both installation activity proponents and tactical unit representatives.
 - (6) Permanently assign SD positions to battalions, so they can keep them filled and reduce the administration.
 - (7) Limit SD taskings by grade and unit. For example, one division established a limit of how many people could by tasked based upon a percent of assigned strength:

	% of	Assigned	
<u>Unit</u>	<u>E1-E4</u>	<u>E5-E8</u>	01-05
Inf Bde Cav Sqdn DIVARTY DIVADA Engr.	1.5% 2.0 3.0 3.0	2.0% 2.0 1.0 3.0 1.0	1.5% 2.0 3.0 3.0

- (6) Pull SD personnel from replacement stream rather than units. (This option is not always popular with the units, particularly if a trained NCO or critical MOS is coming in).
- (9) Review installation proponent activities to determine it they are doing the supervision and training they should. Should a better quality unit member be sent? Or can the proponent supervise a less skilled individual better than the unit?

- Augment staffs to handle the additional requirements. The previous example of the divisions with 26 and 36 SD personnel in the G3 section is relevant here).
- Work longer to do the job of the people not there.
- Focus all taskings through a single source so that the tasking load for battalions can be monitored and their effects assessed (e.g. G3).
- Provide at least 15 days notice to units for taskings. Post all recurring tasks to an installation regulation (e.g. guard duty, police details). Also list these in the planning calendar.
- Handle taskings as missions where possible.
- Reduce headquarters augmentations (Some add staff to handle requirements; some reduce staff to reduce the requirements).

LACK OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIEL

A. Description of Lack of Equipment and Materiel

Lack of equipment and materiel were most frequently cited as a distractor at company/battery level. The areas most frequently mentioned were:

- Some lines of ammunition (e.g. 4.2" mortar illumination, some tank ammunition) were not available.
- Repair parts. For example, in one mechanized division the PLL of repair parts did not come with the equipment. Therefore, when an item was broken, it could not be replaced. Local purchase items frequently took so long to fill that the request was automatically killed before it could be filled (e.g. fire extinguisher seals for tanks were slow).
- Pacer items or key end items were in direct support (DS) maintenance too long.

While lack of equipment and materiel was cited as a detractor from training, when respondents were asked specifically if equipment and materiel shortages presented a problem in reaching assigned combat readiness levels, they responded as shown in table 8.

Equipment/Materiel	Availability and	<u>Combat Trai</u>	<u>ining (%)</u>
	Company/Battery	Battalion	Division/Bridage
Shortages ARE a Problem Shortages NOT a Problem	48% 52%	53% 47%	100%
	n=42	n=43	n=10

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Again, the areas cited were the same as above and centered around repair parts/self service purchase parts, ammunition and maintenance turnaround from direct support (DS) maintenance.

B. Impact of Equipment and Materiel Shortages

Basically the impact of the shortages cited resulted in:

- Less interesting or realistic training (for instance, in the case of unavailable ammunition).
- Use of incomplete vehicles, and inability to properly train because vehicles needed for training were not ready for issue.
- Inadequate maintenance of vehicles. Units would sometimes not turn in vehicles (e.g. tanks) for retrofit when they reached maximum mileage because the feared they would not receive replacement vehicles.
- Waste of maintenance time. Units used much time locating needed parts from other units.

C. Management Methods Used to Reduce Negative Effects of Shortages

Except for repair parts, sound management systems were able to mitigate most of the negative effects.

- Annunition. Frequently ammunition was a problem because training could not be planned far enough in advance to forecast and request the ammunition needed. Those battalions that forecasted training 12 months or more in advance and were able to follow their training plan had little problem with ammunition. The exceptions were shortages in mortar illumination, artillery and tank ammunition, where sufficient qualities were not available. Sometimes substitutions were made that were inadequate. Overall, indications were that there was sufficient quality, but careful management and advance planning were necessary.
- Repair parts. Repair parts shortages cited were not uniform from division to division. They varied from the length of time it took to obtain a battalion funded item (with funds available) to shortages in vehicle components or supply channel items (e.g. Gamma Goat parts). To some extent, the effects were reduced by borrowing, from neghboring units or watching the cannibalization yards closely. Some built up their low density PLL items by "direct exchanging" parts scavenged from the cannibalization yard so that extra parts were available for high use periods. Some of the problem with repair parts was attributed to untrained personnel in the supply chain (e.g. PLL/TANMS clerks); high breakdown rates were attributed of personnel untrained in vehicle operation and maintenance.
- Maintenance turnaround. Most units realize with current breakdown rates and the lack of trained, experienced maintenance personnel, that there would be some level of equipment "down time". One brigade took an approach which worked very well:

(1) Every week there was a DA Form 2406 review at brigade.

(2) Present at the review were:

Brigade S4D*SCOM CommanderBattalion CommanderDS Maintenance Company CommanderBattalion S4sBattalion Motor Officers

- (3) Each battalion commander briefed the group on his Emergency Readiness Category (ERC) "A" and major mobilization equipment status.
- (4) Long "down time" items were discussed and DS Company priorities established to support the brigade.
- (5) ERC "A" and critical items had DS support priority when they came into the DS Shop. All other items were worked on in "first-in, first-out" basis.
- (6) Priority equipment had a special bumper marking.
- (7) The results have been that there is about the same amount of overall vehicle "down time", but a higher availability of key equipment. In other words, important things get done first.

/ other technique used by high performing units was the weekly, sometimes daily, tracking of key elements (particularly DA Form 2406 elements). For example, brigade S4s routinely tracked:

- (1) Assistance visits requested and performed in battalions by brigade or division.
- (2) Fund expenditure status against plan
- (3) Ammunition status against plan
- (4) PLL zero balance status
- (5) Vehic'e operational readiness
- (6) Communication operational readiness
- (7) Reports of survey status
- (8) Fuel expenditures against plan
- (9) Equipment transfer status
- (10) Component or parts shortages to make a vehicle ready for issue.

Most of these items were taken from the routine daily submission of DA Form 2406 data or were tracked by the battalion S4, requiring no additional or special report at company level.

• Increase fuel shortage capacity at unit level to reduce vulnerability to truck, rail and ship strikes or weather.

LACK OF TIME

A. Description of Detractor

Time was cited less frequently than expected as a reason for poor training quality, or for not conducting satisfactory combat training. Surprisingly, many

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said there was enough time available, and some of those who stated there was not enough time attributed that to the wasting of currently available time. Other difficulties included getting time in usable "chunks", and having little lead time to fully utilize available or scheduled time. When asked specifically if there was sufficient training time to reach the readiness levels required, respondents repl.ed as shown in table 9.

		IABLE 9			
Adequacy	of	Available	Training	Time	

Response	Company/Battery	Battalion	Division/Brigade
 There IS Sufficient Time Is NOT Sufficient Time 	30% 70%	66% 34%	78% 22%
	n=63	n=32	n=23

As might be expected, the higher levels of organization with adequate staffing perceived time to be less of a problem. Planning skills and experience were also less well developed at company/battery level. The lack of sufficient NCOs at company/battery, and the fact that many tasks are not delegated to the inexperienced undergrade NCOs, contribute to the feeling of insufficient time in companies/batteries.

B. Impact of Inadequate Time

In identifying its effects, insufficient time cannot be examined in isolation. Frequently time was perceived as insufficient or wasted due to lack of experience and expertise in NCO and junior officer ranks. This caused those who were experienced to do more themselves, because lead times were too short to train others. The experienced and able do more and become overloaded, which results in:

- Lowered training levels. There was insufficient time to correct deficiencies.
- Marital and family problems. Long work hours and bringing work home reportedly caused domestic difficulties.
- Reduced retention of officers and NCOs. Long hours and energy "putting out fires" with no apparent progress caused frustration and dissatisfaction.

C. Management Methods Used to Reduce Negative Results of Insufficient Time

• Use of cycle system. Four of the five divisions sampled used a cycle system to attempt to provide chunks of time dedicated to training. Cycles varied from four weeks to six weeks. And the reaction at battalion level ranged from not noticing the cycles to following them closely. In those cases where participants were most satisfied with the cycle system as a time management tool (three out of four divisions), the cycle system had the following features:

(1) All used three cycles. One theme was: --School/Individual Training/Installation Supp. --Small Unit Training --Collective Training

Another theme was: --Individual Training/Individual Tasking --Small Unit Training/Small Unit Tasking --Collective Training

- (2) Some only put the combat brigades on the cycle system and managed division troops separately. Others put all combat battalions/ squadrons on cycle.
- (3) Cycle length was based upon practical considerations such as the length of PNCOC/BNCOC, so that the maximum number of NCOs would be in the unit during the prime training cycle.
- (4) Training cycles were strictly enforced.

- (5) Extended planning time windows were used at all levels of command for tactical and administrative cycles.
- Extended planning horizon. When asked how far out training was planned, units responded as shown in table 10.

Period	Company/Battery	Battalion	Brigade/DIVARTY	Division
1 week 2 weeks 3 weeks 4 weeks 5 weeks	2% *37 8 7 4	2% *11 8 5 3	7% 7 2 2	*16% 5 3
3 months 6 months 12 months 18 months	*16 8 6 1	*15 *11 *24 4	*30 *11 *30 *20	*16 *11 *18 *21
	n=145	n=150	n=44	n=38

TABLE 10 Most Frequently Used Planning Horizons (%)

*Most frequently used planning times.

The most successful organizations, as reported by supervisors and peers, tended to use planning horizons longer than those shown in the table. This gave inexperienced officers and NCOs learning, as well as planning time. Those planningtimes are shown in table 11.

	Detailed	<u>Conceptual</u>	Major Events
Company/Battery	4-6 wks.	3 mos.	6 mos.
Battalion	2-3 mos.	6 mos.	12 mos.
Brigade/DIVARTY	3 mos.	6-12 mos.	18 mos.
-Division	6 mos.	12 mos.	18 mos.

		TAE	BLE	11		
Planning	Horizons	Used	by	Most	Successful	Units

Ranges and training areas were obligated as much as 12 months in advance and other assets (e.g. air support) 3-6 months in advance. <u>Divisions</u> staff officers reported that it took about 18 months to accomplish all of the division's required events (e.g. AGIs, EDRES).

• Adhere closely to training plans. Within the divisions that were best able to adhere to training plans, battalions had to brief the division commanders three months out by week, six months out by month, and major events (out 12 months) by month. Most units felt that once training was "locked in" (usually with publication of the training schedule), they followed it closely. Responses are shown in table 12.

TABLE 12					
How	Closely	Training	Schedules	are	Followed*

Response	Company/Battery	Battalion	Brigade/DIVARTY	Division
No Changes Follow closely Not followed closely	1% 80 10	3% 67 8	4% 52 17	5% 63 21
		<u> </u>		

n=79 n=61 n=23 n=19 *Note: Miscellaneous responses are not shown in this table; therefore columns do not total to 100%.

- In two divisions, training schedule changes had to be approved at brigade level or higher.
- Extend the workday or workweck. Some typical workweeks by position are shown in table 13.

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	Position		Workweek (hours)
•	Unit Commander First Sergeant	(n=21) (n=15)	65 hrs/wk 58
	E6 Level Leader Motor Sergeant	(n=30) (n=99) (n=9)	60 57 58
•	Supply Sergeant	(n=9)	57

TABLE 13 Typical Workweeks

- Delegate authority to control time to the lowest level. Commanders at battalion and company level were not so concerned about the total amount of time but rather on the fact that it was provided in small with little lead time. Techniques to deal with these times complaints that leaders advocated included:
 - (1) Provide three consecutive days per quarter to platoon level personnel strictly for conducting training they think is necessary.
 - (2) Provide one week per year where the NCOs take all the enlisted personnel of the brigade to the field and perform individual SQT training. During this period, officers conduct tactical classes for themselves and perform tactical exercises without troops (TEWTS).
 - (3) Schedule no meetings for Monday and no meetings or appointments in the mornings. Then, Commanders can be with their troops during the most critical phase of training: the beginning.
 - (4) Provide companies with major events (e.g. battalion and higher exercises, and AGI schedule), a list of requirements and a planning period and let them plan the training for the quarter by week and 6-8 weeks by day.
- Establish and maintain communications with soldiers. Officers and NCOs in the units reported to be the best, repeatedly stressed the necessity for maintaining frequent communications with the soldiers, particularly at company/battery level. While this sounds routine, there were definite differences between units in the quality and frequency of communications. Part of this need was attributed to the high density of inexperienced NCOs at the junior level. who cannot decide what should or shouldn't be passed on to the troops. And to an increasing degree this was also attributed to senior NCOs who have had little troop time before entering units as senior NCOs. Some methods used to increase communication effectiveness were:

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- (1) The first sergeant informs the soldiers of daily and immediately upcoming concerns at the daily revielle formation, the unit commander covers what occurred in the past week, the lessons learned and what the priorities, events and expectations will be for the next two or three weeks.
- (2) Frequent visits by unit commanders to the field and increased oneone-one communication with troops.
- (3) Division commander and assistant division commander (ADC) visits without fanfare (e.g. helicopters, sedans). These were considered useful in reinforcing the importance of a training event. Unit commanders looked forward to the visits, except when they were followed by a series of memos regarding discrepancies.
- (4) One ADC looked at unit training schedules three weeks in advance and would select one or two key blocks of instruction per battalion being taught by an NCO. He would then go down and visit the instructor and ask questions about what was being done to prepare for the instruction.
- (5) In two cases, general officers would go to field and have lunch with the troops and talk to them as individuals about quality of life and the importance of aspects of the training they were conducting.
- (6) One overriding assumption, that, when applied, reduced tension and minutia, was "that everyone in the chain of command was trying to do the best job they could, unless they proved otherwise". The job of higher levels, then, was to provide assistance.
- Clear operational priorities that do not place non-combat tasks above combat training. When leaders were asked what their priorities were, they responded as shown in table 14.

Company/Battery	Battalion	Brigade/DIVARTY	Division
1 Training 2 Maintenance 3 Readiness 4 Troop needs 5* Deployment 5* ARTEP	1 Training 2 Readiness 3 Maintenance 4 Supply 6 Troop needs 7 Deployment 8 ARTEP	l* Training l* Readiness 2 Maintenance 3* Troop needs 3* Deployment	l Training 2* Deployment 2* Readiness 3 Maintenance

TABLE 14 Perceived Unit Priorities

*tied

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However, when asked which performances were rewarded and which were punished, the responses were as shown in table 15.

	If Perform Well	If Perform Poorly
Combat training	+	0
Mandatory training	0	-
Administrative/Garrison tasks	0	
Scale: ++ + Highly Sligh Positive Posit	0 tly No Positive ive or Negative	Slightly Highly Negative Negative

TABLE 15					
Reinforcement	for	Task	Performance		

Only in one division and a few high performing battalions was it strongly reported that conducting good combat training was just as important as other demands. Those same units usually performed both combat training and administrative tasks well, in the opinions of higher levels of command and sister units. In those battalions, company/batterv ommanders felt that they would be equally regarded or counselled for good or poor performance in either the combat or administrative domains. Those battalions exhibited low threat, high confidence, and a high level of delegation to lower levels.

MISCELLANEOUS AREAS

Other areas such as training areas and ranges, budget, maintenance support and inspections seemed to be periodic irritants, rather than major detractors to combat training.

Training areas and ranges. When asked if these were a problem to conducting effective combat training, the answers were:

	Short of areas/ranges (% "yes")
Company/Battery	21%
Battalion	27
Brigade/Division	17

Where areas were a detractor, it was usually solved when areas requested were in fact used. Another technique used was to obligate areas and ranges for the next fiscal year based upon battalion training plans.

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CHAPTER 4: FIELD RECOMMENDATIONS AND AREAS OF FURTHER RESEARCH

GENERAL

This chapter presents recommendations made by participant members of the five FORSCOM divisions visited, and suggested areas for further research identified by the research team.

The recommendations were made during interviews as a result of discussion of problem areas or as a result of solicitation of ideas by the interviewer. Statistics were not kept regarding how many times a similar idea was mentioned, and obviously all ideas heard by the research team are not presented here. The research team selected those that appeared to them to be promising approaches.

The areas of further research are areas in which the research team thought further knowledge might lead to useful solutions or approaches.

FIELD RECOMMENDATIONS

A. <u>Personnel Fill and Turbulence</u>

- (1) Have battalions or brigades develop short NCO "survival skill" courses with contents uniquely suited to their own battalion or brigade. (PLC, BNCOC/PNCOC are too general to help the newly designated NCO become rapidly functional). In addition, checklists of competencies, initial training and weekly professional development classes should be instituted to raise competence and confidence, and to reduce learning time.
- (2) Authorize a clerk at company/battery level. 'me clerk does more than type; he extends the capability of the first sergeant and frees him to use his greatest knowledge and experience for key matters. The first sergeant can assign a task (e.g. prepare a school request), recommend where to go for references, and not have to deal with it again until he proofreads the draft. All of the research and draft preparation is time that first sergeants can be using to do other tasks. A clerk is probably the most economical time management aid for the first sergeant in an NCO scarce environment. The first sergeant's experience, skill and guidance is simply more valuable when applied elsewhere.
- (3) Don't centralize or civilianize anything else to help units. The centralization of the PAC reduced the skill levels authorized, and the response time to units. Centralization of supply and maintenance functions in the DMMC built a new bureaucracy. Slots converted o civilian spaces are funded at only 70% of need, the soldiers who do the jobs anyway must do so in SD status.

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- (4) Authorize a maintenance officer/NCO at brigade level in the MTOE in the peace time role. Brigades have to function as regimental headquarters, but are staffed as combat headquarters. Also, legal clerk is needed at battalion level.
- (5) Authorize a training NCO at company/battery level to cope with the increasing administrative complexity (e.g. ranges, TEC lessons, job books, soldier manuals, training manuals, training aids, etc.). In combat, the training NCO could continue to work for the commander.
- (6) Stablize "staff" or at least the command group with the new extended command tours.
- (7) Develop some kind of training or sensitivity to prepare new commanders to avoid "burn-out" with the extended command tour.
- (8) Install word processors in each PAC. In those battalions here they have been installed, response time to units has been improved, accuracy has been improved, and report generation time has been reduced (e.g. rosters, S4 reports, training schedules).
- (9) Reduce internal turbulence within divisions (e.g. cross leveling MOSs after soldiers are assigned to units).
- (10) Assign West Point Officers to units after their training. They are in their platoon for 30 days and then are gone for three months before they rejoin their platoon.
- B. Individual Performance
 - (1) See if the Housing and Urban Development Agency (HUD) can be influenced to finance low cost off-post soldier housing to replace trailers.
 - (2) Expand TRADOC AIT training for critical MOSs to fit the demands the soldiers will actually face in units.
 - (3) Standardize common tasks throughout the Army (e.g. vehicle storage, wearing of field gear, etc.)
 - (4) Develop standard OJT training lists of what a new AIT graduate needs to learn in some recommended priority of need. This would be particularly helpful for mechanics, supply, PLL/TAMMS and chemical.
 - (5) Teach officers at all levels how to conduct effective meetings so they will involve the right people at the right time, and not waste time.

- (6) Train all Armor Crewmen to be loaders during AIT. Training soldiers to be drivers, loaders and gunners places a burden on them and on the unit; he will most likely be put immediately out of his MOS to fit crew demands. Drivers can be more rapidly and more easily trained in the units than other positions.
- (7) Raise recruiting standards when NCO fill or turbulence reaches a certain level.

C. Installation Support and Taskings

- (1) Review civilian positions after SD review to see if they should be reclassified or trained to be able to train/supervise soldiers.
- (2) Develop company commander and first sergeant courses that teach how to perform the administrative/garrison tasks on an installation.
- (3) Budget the level of taskings that a battalion can be tasked for during a year so that time has to budgeted like other assets. For example:
 - (a) If a training year has 200 available days, and the yearly training plan with cycles calls for 100 days of training and 100 days of post support; higher headquarters would have a fund to draw against when tasking a battalion (average assigned strength X days available).
 - (b) This fund would be drawn down each time battalion personnel were used for details, parades, SDA etc.
 - (c) Higher headquarters would have to budget taskings against unit time just as it does funds. It would have to set priorities.
 - (d) Division would have to allocate so many tasking days to brigades, etc.
 - NOTE: This might be a useful adaptation for the new Training Management Control System being procured by the Army.

AREAS OF FURTHER RESEARCH

This study generated several unanswered questions, as any research project inevitably does, that are worthy of further study. The most important research topics are described below:

A. Noncommissioned Officer (NCO) Training

(1) Statement of the Problem.

The current NCO fill rates and high turnover creates severe problems in several operational areas. BNCOC/PNCOC provides training for NCOs who are assumed to have some minimum experience level, and PLC is very general and brief.

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(2) Area of Study

If it has not already been explored recently, a feasibility study should be conducted to see if minimally competent NCOs could not be more efficently and effectively trained in the TRADOC training base, using a model like the "Instant NCO" program initiated during the Vietnam era. In all probability, more qualified candidates could be centrally selected from BCT/AIT and trained with an investment of less person hours and facilities cost than at the separate installations, especially considering the size of the current need. What should the selection criteria and method be, and what should be the method of instruction?

B. Training Management

(1) Statement of the Problem

The Army will shortly procure and implement the Training Management Control System (TMCS) using microprocessor technology. Many administrative and calculating tasks are currently performed manually that could be performed by microprocessors.

(2) Area of Study

In what additional areas can microprocessor technology be applied for unit use? Is it possible to preprogram ARTEP tasks with the accompanying soldier manual tasks and leader tasks, references, and training aids available? Other time saving programs might be useful (e.g. formatted operations orders or staff assessments, movement tables, loading plans, individual training records).

- C. Impact of Low Fill and T¹ bulence on Training
 - (1) State of the Problem

Currently, regardless of fill or turbulence, all units of a given TOE designation (e.g. company, battery, battalion) have predesignated training objectives prescribed by DAMPL number, ALO and FORSCOM Regulation 350-1. The lack of experience and turnover indicate that lower levels of training should be expected, longer lead times given or certain skill areas repeated more frequently than others.

(2) Area of Study

Are there logical trigger points for critical skill fill and turbulence that should activate different readiness standards or methods of training? What should the trigger points be? What should they trigger?

D. Recruiting Standards and Leadership Skills

(1) Statement of the Problem

The Army needs to maintain its strength. Current enlistment criteria are established based upon assumptions about the experience and training available to the new soldier. New soldiers are often being

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trained at lower skill levels in the TRADOC training base than previously, and the expertise in units if not sufficient to train the soldiers to the skill levels required.

(2) Area of Study

When the experience base of junior NCO and officers falls below a certain level should that trigger an expansion in TRADOC training or higher enlistment selection criteria? If so, at what point? What would be the costs? How much should the training be extended or the enlistment criteria raised/lowered?

E. Internal Turbulence

(1) Statement of the Problem

External turbulence (the transfer of soldiers outside the division) has reached very high levels. Yet, external turbulence that is tracked on routine personnel records is only part of the turbulence problem. Much more occurs within division, brigades, and battalions.

(2) Area of Study

What is the extent of internal turbulence in FORSCOM divisions? What is the impact? Can it be reduced? Should it be reduced?

F. Soldier Discipline

(1) Statement of the Problem

Leaders within units have stated that a decrease in soldier discipline and an increase in the level of personal problems is partially attributable to a lack of first-line supervision.

(2) Area of Study

Is this true? To what extent? Is there a predictable correlation between NCO fill and/or turbulence and unfavorable personnel actions? Retention?

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Scott, Aurélia C., Johnson, Carol A., McCluskey, Michael R., Tokunaga, Howard T., Giesler, Robert W., and Whitmarsh, Patrick, *Final Task 1 Technical Report*, U.S. Army Research Institute (McFann, Gray and Associates, Inc.), 1980.

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APPENDIX A: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Enclosure 1: Data Collection Methodology Enclosure 2: Data Collection Process Enclosure 3: Data Analysis Procedures

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ENCLOSURE 1

DATA COLLECTION METHODOLOGY

Several methods were used to collect data during this research: structured interview, questionnaire, and review of selected printed materials (e.g. local regulations).

A. Structured Interviews

Information was gathered primarily through structured interviews, which allows for enhanced rapport and openness of communication, as well as for the most flexibility in probing for information.

Interview guides (see Appendix A) were designed for use with specific duty positions and levels of command. These guides were based upon issues identified in the contract Statement of Work (SOW) with primary focus on lower levels of command.

In addition to the open-ended questions comprising the interview guide, an exercise was conducted as part of the interview of Battalion and Company levels. In this exercise the participants rank ordered indicators of unit effectiveness in terms of their relative importance for accomplishing their goals on a day-to-day basis. Relative values were then assigned to each criterion and the performance of companies and batteries was rated. This uniteffectiveness exercise provided information regarding the relative importance given to various indicators of unit performance, the amount of agreement between a battalion and its companies, and indication of the performance of companies as viewed by the battalion commander and company commander.

The list of unit effectiveness indicators included:

Accomplishment of Assigned Task (Post Support, etc.) Appearance of Personnel Appearance of Unit Area ARTEP performance AWOL Rate Collective Training Communication Execution of SOPs Individual Training Inspection Results Maintenance Performance of Mandatory Training Personnel Utilization Re-enlistment Rate Security of Weapons and Documents SQT Performance Supply Management Unfavorable Personnel Actions (Article 15, Admin Discharges, etc.)

A-1-2

B. Questionnaire

The questionnaire - a "job task inventory" - was developed through previous research (McCluskey et al, 1980). (A copy of the qu 'onnaire is provided in Appendix B).

The questionnaire consists of 487 administrative tasks, programs, and additional duties, and asks respondents:

Who performs the task? How frequently the task is performed? How long a task takes to perform? How much training is required to master the skill? If a cycle system is used, how often a task is performed per cycle? Background and general information data?

Use of the questionnaire allowed for rapid, economical collection of information.

C. Selected Printed Materiel

A wide variety of printed materials were obtained from Division and Brigade/ DIVARTY. This method of data collection provided an economical and non-disruptive method of collecting information. The materials requested included:

Division Organizational Charts Division Index to Publications (equivalent to DA Pam 310-1) Division training regulation or circular (equivalent to FORSCOM Reg. 350-1) Division Publications Related to Use of Borrowed Military Manpower (BMM) Special Duty (SD) and Civilian Staffing Division Training Calendar Division Quarterly Review and Analysis

Each data collection method and the location of its application is shown in table 16.

Methods	Where Applied
Structured Interview	Division Brigade/DIVARTY Battalion Company/Battery
Questionnaire Printed Materiel	Company/Battery Division Brigade/DIVARTY

TABLE 16 Application of Instruments

The use and rationale for each data collection method is shown in Table 17.

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TABLE 17 Data Collection Methodology, Purpose and Rationale

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Method	Information Sought	Rationale	
Structured interview (including Unit Effectiveness Indicators Exercise)	-Description of management method and relationships -Leader perceptions -Innovative ideas -Examples	-Most flexible for obtaining objective data -Allows two-way communication -Builds trust in participants -Allows determining why something occurs	
Questionnaire	-Validate information gained in previous research -Identify what administra- tive/garrison requirements are performed, when and by whom.	-Most rapid, economi- cal means to col- lect data -Extends methodology and data base used in previous research	
Printed Material (e.g. planning and scheduling documents management and require- ments documents etc.)	-Validate and expand data collected by other sources -Identify unique require- ments or methods for a given installation	-Economical data collection methodology -Allows cross valida- tion of other sources -Least descriptive methods of data collection for units.	

A-1-4

ENCLOSURE 2

DATA COLLECTION PROCESS

Data were collected using targeted methods and a time sequenced approach. Figure 2 displays the typical approach used.

	Prior to Arrival	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	
• Collect Printed Materiels							
• Interview Division Level							
• Interview Brigade/DIVARTY Level							
• Interview Battalion Leve	1						
• Interview Company/Batter	y Level						
• Administer Questionnaire at Company/Battery Level							

Figure 2: Data Collection Sequence

A. Printed Materiels

Printed materials were requested prior to arrival and while on site. During the data collection week, additional publications identified by the personnel interviewed were collected. Typically, the following publications were requested at brigade level and below:

- Training schedules
- Training guidance
- Officer/NCO training program programs of instruction (POI)
- Lists of recurring reports
- Lists of additional duties.

A-2-5

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Printed materiels were reviewed to familiarize the project team with procedures used within a division and to modify interview and questionnaire items, if necessary. Data obtained from documents ater leaving a division that were unclear, were clarified by telephone.

B. Structured Interviews

Interviews were conducted sequentially from the highest level of command to lowest. During most interviews from division level to battalion level, two interviewers were used to increase reliability and comparability of information. Figure 3 shows interviewer utilization and interview sequence.

Level



Figure 3: Interview Sequence

The list of structured interview guides developed, positions where they were used and the programmed length of each interview is shown in table 18. Unstructured interviews were conducted with Organizational Effectiveness Staff Officers and Comptrollers/Directors of Resource Management.
Interview Guide	Where	Length of
Title	Used	Interview (in hours)
Division/Brigade Command and Staff	Commander ADC Executive Officer G-3/S-3]]]
Division/Brigade/	G-1]
Battalion	AG]
Gl/Sl	S1]
Division/Brigade/	G-4]
Battalion	S-4 & BMO]
G-4/s-4 & Motor Officer	Executive Officer]
Staff	S3].5
Company/Battery	Commander Executive Officer Assistant Executiv Officer First Sergeant	3 2 2 2 3

TABLE 18 List of Interview Guides

C. Questionnaires

Job Task Inventories were administered only at company/battery level to individuals occupying positions of E5 or above, including unit officers. The researchers found two hours to be a sufficient amount of time to complete the questionnaire.

ENCLOSURE 3

DATA ANALYSIS PROCEDURES

The data analysis procedures used are shown in table 19:

Data Source	Analysis Approach	Output
● Structured Interview	 Content Analysis Frequency count of similar responses Identify unique response 	 Narratively reported in key subject areas in this report.
• Questionnaire	 Keypunch items and calculate arithmetic mean (X̄) 	 Narrative report of key items in body of report
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

TABLE 19 Data Analysis Procedures Used

A. Structured Interview

Content analysis were conducted on the notes from all interviews. Answers to questions which were generated on the basis of the SOW or other relevant issues, were transcribed onto index cards. Each index card consisted of a uncrete answer to a specific question and was coded by division, level, and position.

The major activity in a content analysis is one of sorting and classifying responses into distinct, identifiable response categories. The difficulty of this technique lies in the inherent complexity of any judgmental process which calls for a sorting operation based upon common elements. There are apt to be several response categories which are, at the same time, conceptually related but discriminately different. The problem is one of deciding whether some particular distinction is worth preserving. To give an example: In answer to the question, "Who decides on contents of Training Schedules?", the responses "Division" and "Commanding General" may be combined to provide a common response, "Division level personnel". There is nothing to be gained by preserving an extraordinary number of discrete responses when the answers are highly related. However, the greater risk is in combining information so as to obscure important distinctions. Therefore, minimal collapsing was done in this project. In order to increase the reliability of the content analysis procedure, a second person reviewed the interview notes to ensure that all possible responses were collected. A frequency count of responses, by level, was then performed.

B. Questionnaire

The questionnaire data was analyzed by computer. Frequency counts, means and standard deviations were computed, where relevant, by position.

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APPENDIX B: STRUCTURED INTERVIEW GUIDES

- Enclosure 1: Division/Brigade Command and Staff
- Enclosure 2: G1/S1, G4/S4, Motor Officer
- Enclosure 3: Battalion Command and Staff
- Enclosure 4: Company/Battery

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ENCLOSURE 1

INTERVIEW GUIDE

Division/Brigade

Command and Staff

- What are the priorities for the Division? For Major subcrdinate commands? Why?
- 2. What strategies are used to ensure priorities are communicated, understood, performed?
- 3. How do you organize to carry out these characteristics? Are cycles established (i.e. training, support, etc.)? Ho. closely are the cycles observed/practiced?
- 4. Who controls the time available to units?
- 5. How far in advance are training activities and requirements planned for this level organization?
- 6. How far in advance are subordinate organizations notified?
- 7. How far in advance do subordinate organizations plan?
- 8. How closely is the plan followed in practice? How do you determine how closely the plan is followed? What is allowed to disrupt the plans?
- 9. What are the consequences for subordinate organizations if good combat training is conducted? How do they know?
- 10. What are the consequences for them if bad combat training is conducted? How do they know?
- 11. What happens to subordinate organizations if they perform administrative tasks well (details, post support, inspections, parades, etc.)?
- 12. What happens to them if they do not perform administrative tasks well?
- 13. Is there sufficient time available to conduct adequate combat training and perform administrative and mandatory requirements? If there is insufficient time available, how much is needed.
- 14. What other factors impede achieving desireable readiness levels? What is the impact on combat training of:
 - Low fill
 - Lack of foxhcle strength (available for training)
 - Turbulence
 - Training area availability
 - Equipment, material availability
- 15. What methods are currently used to assign personnel to jobs? To determine how many and what personnel will be assigned to support jobs. e.g. SD/Borrowed Military Manpower?
- 16. What percent of the personnel of this organization are required to fill non-TOE jobs? Why are they required?
- 17. What inspections, tests, evaluations are imposed from higher headquarters?

B-1-3

- 18. What inspections, tests, evaluations are directed to lower headquarters?
- 19. What is the impact of these inspections, tests, evaluations on combat readiness? Time available for training?
- 20. Is there anything that you do or can do that helps accomplish these tasks better under current conditions?
- 21. What else do you think we should know that would help units/organizations have more time for ccmbat training, train better, or provide subordinate units with more time?

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ENCLOSURE 2 INTERVIEW GUIDE GI/SI and G4/S4/MTO

B-2-5

- 1. What are the major personnel priorities (GI/SI) for the organization; your area of interest? Why?
- 2. How are personnel assigned to jobs within this organization? Why?
- 3. How are personnel selected for no -TOE jobs? e.g. SD, Borrowed Military Manpower, competitive teams, etc.?
- 4. What methods are used to ease the administrative work load on subordinate units?
- 5. What methods are used to induce the effects of personnel turbulence?

Low Fill?

Under grade job holders (acting squad leaders, etc.)?

Individuals unprepared for their MOS (recent AIT graduates)? Which MOS's are most deficient?

- 6. What can subordinate units do to reduce the effects of turbulence, low fill, etc.?
- 7. What requirements do GI/SI's place on company/battery level units (e.g. reports, inspections, etc.)? How far in advance are units notified?
- 8. What techniques/methods have you observed used that could reduce the negative impact of current personnel availability and administrative requirements?
- 9. In what areas could civilians be used effectively where they are not? Why are civilians not available for these positions (e.g. workforce has been reduced by RIF, too costly, not available in local area, cannot get additional staffing approved, etc.)?
- 10. What else do you think we should know that would help units have more time for combat training or better use available manpower?

B-2-6

- 1. What are the major Logistics priorities (G4/S4/MTO) for this organization; your area of interest? Why?
- Is there sufficient equipment and material to conduct combat training to the levels required by ARTEP? What kinds of shortages are there?
- 3. What impact does administrative and installation support requirements have on availability of equipment and personnel for combat training?
- 4. How are shortages or lack of availability handled?

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- 5. What is the impact of personnel turnover, low fill on maintenance of equipment?
- 6. How much of the installation supply and maintenance activities are performed by military personnel? Do they handle/maintain non-TOE equipment?
- What requirements do G4/S4/MTO's place on company/battery level units (e.g. reports, inspections, etc.)?
- 8. What can subordinate units do to reduce the effects, if any on this lack of availability?
- 9. What else do you think we should know that would help units have more time for combat training or ensure that needed equipment and material were available when required?

B-2-7

ENCLOSURE 3

INTERVIEW GUIDE

Battalion Command and Staff

B-3-8

Overall

1. What are the major priorities for your organization? Why?

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COMBAT TRAINING

(ARTEP, SQT, Combat Support TOE maintenance, etc.)

1. What/Why:

- a. What do you do to conduct combat training?
 What are the steps, the sequence? Why do you do each step?
- b. What are the priorities (from above, for subordinates) How are they established?
- c. What are the inputs/variables considered or used in preparing combat training?
- How are training needs and objectives identified?
 Platoon/Company
 Battalions
- 3. Who decides what the training objectives will be? Who is involved?
- 4. How far in advance is training planned?
- 5. How is the plan communicated? To whom?
- 6. How closely is the plan followed? Are there cycles (training, support, etc.)? How closely are the cycles observed? What is allowed to disrupt the plan?
- 7. What is the impact of conducting good combat training? What happens? How do you know?
- 8. What is the impact of NOT conducting good combat training? What happens? How do you know?
- 9. How well are these tasks performed now? How do you determine how well they do?
- 10. What prevents you from accomplishing objectives/doing it better?
- 11. What is the impact on combat training of:
 - Low fill
 - Lack of foxhole strength
 - Turbulence
 - Training area availability
 - Equipment, material availability
- 12. Is there enough time? Why or why not? How much is needed? Who controls the time?
- 13. Is there anything that you do or can do that helps accomplish this task better under current conditions?

B-3-10

MANDATORY TRAINING

(Non-combat ARTEP/SQT training required to be performed)

- 1. What mandatory training do you require subordinate units to perform?
- 2. How far in advance do you know of mandatory requirements?
- 3. How far in advance do you plan for their conduct?
- 4. How far in advance are units potified?
- 5. How closely is the plan followed in practice?
- 6. What is the impact of conducting mandatory training? What happens? How do you know? What is the affect on other requirements?
- 7. What is the impact of not conducting mandatory training, or doing it poorly? What happens? How do you know? What is the affect on other requirements?
- 8. How well is mandatory training currently performed?
- 9. What is the impact of.
 - Low fill
 - Turbulence
 - Training areas availability
 - Time/equipment/material availability
- 10. What would it take to perform mandatory training better and reduce the negative impact on other areas of unit performance?

PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

- 1. What/Why:
 - a. Policies/practices are currently used to assign personnel to jobs?
 - b. Policies/practices in assigning personnel to TDY/Borrowed Military Personnel (SD), other non-TOE jobs (Training Officer/ NCO, etc.)?
- 2. How/Why:

The state of the state of the state

- a. How do you handle the low fill situation?
- b. How do you handle the turbulence?
- c. How do you handle lack of key personnel (leaders)?
- d. How do you prepare/train undergrade job holders?
- e. How are new personnel handled (sequence of events, orientation, etc.)?
- 3. Short of additional people, what would help you use your current people more effectively/efficiently?



ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS

- 1. What/Why:
 - a. What are the sources of your administrative requirements? Of the total, what percent are internally generated (needed for sustaining your own activities) and what percent are externally generated?
- 2. How/Why:

- a. How far in advance do you know about administrative requirements? What percent are one (1) week or less, 1 - 3 weeks, over 3 weeks?
- b. How do you handle administrative requirements? How do you allocate tasks, what process do you use to accomplish the requirements?
- 3. How successful do you think the current methods for handling these tasks work?
- 4. What is the impact of doing them well?
- 5. What is the impact of doing them poorly or not at all?
- 6. What is the impact of the way these tasks are currently performed on combat training and personnel in your unit (morale, attitudes, etc.)?
- 7. What prevents this situation from being handled more effectively? What hinders the current methods?
- 8. What reports are you required to prepare?
 - Daily, e.g. status
 - Weekly, e.g., training
 - Monthly
 - Quarterly
 - Annually
 - Unscheduled
- 9. How much time do you use in the preparation of each report?

B-3-13

TESTS/INSPECTIONS/EVALUATIONS

What kind 'How many:
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- 2. Impact on other tasks/combat training?
- 3. How well is this currently done?

Impact of doing well Impact of not doing well

RESOURCE AVAILABILITY/ACCOUNTABILITY

- 1. How well does current system support needs?
- How system could better support needs.
 Examples
- 3. What impact does current accountability practices have on available training time? Use of time?



SUMMARY

What else do you think we should know that would help units/organizations at your level have more time for combat training? Train better? Help subordinate units have more time? ENCLOSURE 4 INTERVIEW GUIDE Company/Battery/Troop Level

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B-4-17

INTERVIEW GUIDE

<u>Overall</u>

- 1. What are the major priorities for your organization?
- 2. Why?

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COMBAT TRAINING

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(ARTEP, SQT, Combat Support TOE maintenance, etc.)

- 1. How far in advance is training planned?
- How are training needs and objectives identified?
 Individual level
 - Squad
 - Platoon/Company
 - Battalions
- 3. Who decides what the training objectives will be? Who is involved?
- How/Why:
 a. What are the inputs/variables considered or used in preparing combat training?
- 5. How is the plan communicated? To whom'
- How do you prepare to conduct training. (people, time, location, equipment, material, training aids, etc.).
- 7. Are there any special preparations for condu t of training (train trainers, etc.)?
- 8. How closely is the plan followed? Are there cycles (training, support, etc.)? How closely are the cycles observed? What is allowed to disrupt the plan?
- 9. What is the result of conducting good combat training? What happens? How do you know?
- 10. What is the result of NOT conducting good combat training? What happens? How do you know?
- 11. How well are these tasks performed now? How do you know?
- 12. What prevents you from accomplishing objectives/doing it better?

What is the impact on combat training of:

- Low fill
- What is availability rate for training
- Turbulence
- Training area availability
- Equipment, material availability
- 13. Is there enough time? Why or why not? How much is needed? Who controls the time?
- 14. Is there anything that you do or can do that helps accomplish this task well under current conditions?

B-4-19

MANDATORY TRAINING

(Non-combat training required to be performed)

1. How/Why:

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- a. In what way does your preparation for the conduct of mandatory training differ from planning and preparation for combat training?
- b. How far in advance do you know of mandatory requirements?
- c. How far in advance do you plan for their conduct?
- d. How do you organize to conduct mandatory training (people, time, location, equipment, material, training aids, etc.)?
- e. Is there any special preparation? (of people, of equipment, etc.)
- f. How closely is the plan followed in practice?
- g. How is it communicated to subordinates?
- 2. What is the result of conducting good mandatory training? What happens? How do you know?
- 3. What is the result of not conducting mandatory training, or doing it poorly? What happens? How do you know? What is the affect on other requirements?
- 4. What is the effect, e.g. what would you be doing if not mandatory training?
- 5. How well is mandatory training currently performed?
- 6. What prevents mandatory training from being performed better?

What is the impact of:

- " Low fill
- Turbulence
- Training areas availability
- Time/equipment/material availability
- 7. What would it take to perform mandatory training better and reduce the negative impact on other areas of unit performance?

B-4-20

PERJONNEL MANAGEMENT

1. What/Why:

- a. Policies/practices are currently used to assign personnel to jobs?
- b. Policies/practices in assigning personnel to TDY/Borrowed Military Personnel (SD), other non-TOE jobs?
- c. What is turbulence rate? Leaders (squad leader and above)? What is internal rate (turbulence caused by assigning new jobs, promotions, reliefs, etc.), what is external rate (levees, transfers, reclassification, etc.)?
- d. What is current fill rate (squad leader and above in appropriate grade, overall)?
- e. What is average daily personnel availability for training after considering AWOLS, leaves, hospital, appointments, etc.? What affects this availability rate? How much?
- 2. How/Why:

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- a. How do you handle the low fill situation?
- b. How do you handle the turbulence?
- c. How do you handle lack of key personnel (leaders)?
- d. How do you prepare/train undergrade job holders?
- e. How are new personnel handled (sequence of events, orientation, etc.)?
- 3. How are additional duties assigned?
- 4. How are personnel prepared for their MOS in this unit?
- 5. Short of additional people, what would help you use your current people more effectively/efficiently?

B-4-21

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ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS

(Post details, parades, education, immunizations, etc.)

1. What/Why:

a. What are the sources of your administrative requirements? Of the total, what percent are internally generated (needed for sustaining your own activities) and what percent are externally generated?

- 2. How/Why:
 - a. How far in advance do you know about administrative requirements? What percent are one (1) week or less, 1 - 3 weeks, over 3 weeks?
 - b. How do you handle administrative requirements? How do you allocate tasks, what process do you use to accomplish the requirements?
- 3. How successful do you think the current methods for handling these tasks work?
- 4. What is the impact of doing them well?
- 5. What is the impact of doing them poorly or not at all?
- 6. What is the impact of the way these tasks are currently performed on combat training and personnel in your unit (morale, attitudes, etc.)?
- 7. How could this situation be handled more effectively?
- 8. What prevents this situation from being handled more effectively? What hinders the current methods?
- What reports are you required to prepare?
 Daily, e.g. status
 - Weekly, e.g. training
 - Monthly
 - Quarterly
 - Annually
 - Unscheduled

10. How much time do you use in the preparation of each report?

B-4-22

TESTS/INSPECTIONS/EVALUATIONS

 What tests/inspections/evaluations do you undergo that detract from time availability for combat training?

2. How much time do they require? (before/after).

- 3. How far in advance do you plan for them?
- 4. How well is this currently done?

Impact of doing well Impact of not doing well

RESOURCE AVAILABILITY/ACCOUNTABILITY

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- 1. Do you have the equipment and supplies necessary to conduct combat training?
- 2. Do you have the equipment and supplies neccary to conduct administrative/garrison tasks?
- 3. If not, what do you not have in sufficient quantities? Why? How could that be overcome?
- 4. Do the current procedures detract from available time or resources available for combat training?

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SUMMARY

What else do you think we should know that would help units/organizations at your level have more time for combat training? Train better? Help subordinate units have more time?

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APPENDIX C: JOB TASK INVENTORY INSTRUMENT

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SECTION 1

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

This inventory asks you to describe how you spend your time. The information you give will be used to improve the management of Infantry and Armor Companies and Field Artillery "atteries.

Please provide the information below so that we can determine how soldiers in each duty position spend their time. Please note that your name has not been asked for.

1.	Type of Unit (check box): A Firing Battery Inf Rifle Co. Armor Co.
	FA Service Battery Inf Combat Support Co.
	Armor Combat Support Co.
2.	Rank : 3. Present Duty Position:
4.	Time in present duty position:yearsmonths
5.	Time in unit:yearsmonths
6.	Time in service:yearsmonths
7.	Primary MOS & Skill level:

8. Secondary MOS:__

9. During a given year, what percent of your time is spent on activities directly related to preparing for combat (for example, SQT training, ARTEP training and weapons training)?

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80-90% 🔲

90-100%

0-10% 🔲	40-50z
10-20%	50-607 🖵
20-30%	60-70 z 🖵
30-40%	70-30z 🗋

10. How long is your average work week?

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41-50	hrs.			П
51-60	hrs.			Ē
61-70	hrs.			ñ
71-80	hrs,			ñ
81-90	hrs.			Õ

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1. General

The Army is concerned about the amount of time available for combat training (ARTEP, SQT, etc). This ∞ udy is to help determine what administrative work you do, how long it takes, and what kind of training it takes to do those tasks well. Your answers will contribute toward improving training management.

- 2. Completing the Questionnaire
 - a. <u>Section I Background Information</u>: Check the correct box or fill in the blank as indicated. COMPLETE SECTION I BEFORE SECTION II.
 - b. <u>Section II Additional Duties</u>: Some of you will perform additional duties. COMPLETE SECTION II BEFORE SECTION III.
 - Column 1: Read the additional duties listed in Column 2, if you perform this job in addition to your TOE position, circle the number in Column 1.
 - Example: COl Training Officer /NCO
 - (2) Column 2: Circle if you perform the officer or the NCO part of the additional duty. Sometimes NCO's perform the officer part of the task when no cificer is available.
 - (3) Column 3: Write in how often you do some part of this job (daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, yearly).
 - (4) Column 4: Write in how long it takes to do this job when you do it. WRITE IN NUMBER AND INCLUDE MIN, ERS, EAS OR WKS.
 - (5) Column 5: Eow much training is required to do this job. SELECT ONE FROM THE SCALE BELOW AND WRITE IT IN THE COLUMN.
 - 1 = No training needed.
 - 2 = Little; some coaching from co-workers or supervisor is adequate.
 - 3 = Moderate; can be learned on the job, but school would be helpful.
 - 4 = Much; some school training is essential.
 - 5 = Extremely high; a lot of school training is essential.
 - (6) Column 6: How much of this job could be done by a civilian without hurting your combat mission? Assume that the civilian will not go to combat or to the field with you. SELECT ONE FROM THE SCALE BELOW AND WRITE IT IN THE COLUMN.
 - 1 = None of the task.
 - 2 = Little of the task.
 - 3 = Some of the task.
 - 4 = Most of the task.
 - $5 = \lambda 11$ of the task.
 - c. <u>Section III Programs</u>: Complete the columns in Section III exactly in the same way you did Section II above. COMPLETE SECTION III BEFORE SECTION IV.

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<u>SECTION II</u> ADDITIONAL DUTLES 3

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Clrcle number Lisks y pertorn	ulf ou	Circle whether you are filling the officer or the NCO position. e.g. Officer(NCO)	<pre>llow frequently do you perform this function? (Write in daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, or yearly).</pre>	llow long docs it take to do this task once? (Write in ansver, include min, hrs, das, uks)	llow much training ls required to do this job? (Use scale in instruc- tions).	Now much of this job could be donc by a civillan without hurt- ing your combat mission? (Use scale in instructio
100	Training Officer/h	KCO				
005.	Mess Officer/NCO					
.003.	Motor/Maintenance	Of flour/HCO				
(1)1.	Supply Officer/#CC	0				
110	Safety Officer/NCO					
005.	Consumication Offi	1cer/NCO				
./00	NBC Officer/NCO					
.800	Claims Officer/NCG					
0.09.	Unit Postal Office	2r/NCO				
010.	Information Office	er/NCO				
011.	Education Officer/	/NCO				
012.	Classified Documen	its Officer/NCO				
013.	Income fax Officer	-/NCO				
014.	Vector Control Off	flcer/NCO				
015.	Military Payment C	Certificate Officer/NCO				
016.	Primary Censor Off	ficer/NCO				
017.	Utilities (energy)	Conservation Officer/NCO				
018.	VD Control Officer	-/HCO				
019.	itaneuver/Damage Co.	ntrol Officer/NCO				
0.0	Form Control and R	tecords Management Officer/NCO				
021.	Voting Officer/NCO					
022.	Security Manager/N	1.0				
023.	Repurs and Utilit	ies Officer/NCO				

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	Huw much training is required to do this job? (Use scale in instruc- tions).																											
	How Yong Joes It tuke to do this task once? (Hrite in Jnswer, include min, hrs, das, vks).																											
5	How frequently do you perform this function? (Hrite in daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, or yearly).																											
¢	Circle vlucther you are filling the officer or the RCO positium. e.g. Officer ACO		lelo Officer/NCO	tic Readiness Officer/NCO	Prevention Officer/NCO	<pre>prevention Officer/NCO</pre>	of Duty Investigation Officer/NCO	Salety Officer/NCO	ition Officer/NCO	b Investagition Officer/ACO	le 32 UCMJ Investigation Officer/NCO	tic and Recreation Officer/NCO	c Officer/NCO	ation Officer/NCO	tory Officer/NCO	ial Readiness Officer/NCO	Card Control Officer/NCO	er of the Guard	r - Unit Fund Council (Officer/NCO)	rty Book Officer/NCO	Relation/Equal Opportunity Officer/NCO	Saftey Officer/NCO	istment Officer/NCO	t of Survey Officer/NCO	or/(Officer NCO)	Outy Officer/NCO	Control Officer/NCO	Historical Officer/NCO
	L Clicle the mucher of Lasks you perform.	Task Statement:	1 Jus Val	025 10015	026. Crime	027. Fire	028. Line	029. Range	030, Annua	0.11. ARI5-		013. Athle	034. Coinse	035. Evalu	036. Inven	037. Mater	038. Meai	039. Offic	040. Membe	041. Prope	042. Race	043. Range	044. Keenl	045. Repor	046. Spons	047. Staff	048. Test	049. Unit

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Derform.	monthly, quatterly, or	in answer, incruse all all all all all all all all all al	tions).	(Use scale in instruction)
				Instructions).
Task Statements				
050. Unit Movement Officer/NCO				
051. Physical Security Officer/NCO				
U52. Army Emergency Relief Officer/NCO				
053. Field Santation Officer/NCO				
und. Reconstry Project Coordinator (survey/questionnaires)				
nes opsi C Officer/NCO				
ADD ANY UTHER ADDITIONAL DUTLES TO THIS CATECORY				
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1	Circle the	programs to	which you participate		Perform ductes as	064 Plan/or	065. Plan/or	Obb. Plan/or	Ob/. Plan/or	068. Plun/or	069. Plan/or	rc/ueld .0/0	0/1. "lan/or	072. Plan/or	073. Plan/or	0/4. Plan/or	U/5. Plan/or	0/6. Plan/or	U/7. Plan/or	0/8. Plan, or	079. Plan/or	080. Plan/or	081. Plan/or	082. Plan/or	VUN DON	DA INIT YO	083.	084.

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C	llow frequently do	you perform this	daily, weekly, quart-	erly, or yearly).																
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SECTION IV

INSTRUCTIONS

- . <u>Section IV Administrative Tasks</u>: In this section, we listed a variety of administrative tasks. COMPLETE COLUMN 1 AND COLUMN 2 BEFORE COMPLETING THE REMAINING COLUMNS.
 - Columns 1 and 2: Read the tasks listed in Column 2; if you perform <u>anv</u> part of this task, circle the number in Column 1 and the part you perform in Column 2.
 - Example: (09) Prepare/process request for Emergency Leave 092 Approve/request for Emergency Leave (093) Prepare/caintain Leave Control Log Form
 - (2) Columns 3, 4, 5, 6: Column 3, 4, 5, and 6 ask questions about how frequently you perform these tasks. Columns 3, 4 and 5 ask how often you do these tasks during various cycles; Column 6 asks how often you do a task if you do it infrequently (less than orce a month), and the cycle has nothing to do with it.
 - (a) Column 3: Write in how many times (using numbers) you do this task during your prime time training cycle. DO NOT use the words daily, monthly, quarterly, or yearly to denote how many times you perform the task. If this is an on-going part of your job, write in only the number of times you usually do this task in a month and put the same number in Columns 3, 4, and 5. If you do this task infrequently (less than once a month), use Column 6.
 - (b) Column 4: Write in how many times you do this task in your administrative or post support cycle.
 - (c) Column 5: Write in now many times you do this task in your mission support cycle.
 - (d) Column 6: If you do this task, but it is done infrequently (less than once a month) and it is not related to a cycle, write in only the number of times you do this task in a year. If you have entered a response in Column 6, there should not be any response in Columns 3, 4, or 5.
 - (3) Column 7: How long does it take to perform this task one time: WRITE IN NUMBER AND INCLUDE MIN, HRS, DAS, OR WKS.
 - (4) Column 8: How ruch training is required to do this job. SELECT ONE FROM THE SCALE BELOW AND WRITE IT IN THE COLUMN.

1=No training needed.
2=Little; some coaching from co-worker or supervisor is adequate.
3=Moderate; can be learned on the job, but school would be helpful.
4=Much; some school training is essential.
5= Extremely high; a lot of school training is essential.

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(5) Column 9: How much of this job could be done by a civilian without hurting your combat mission? Assume that the civilian will not go to combat or to the field with you. SELECT ONE FROM THE SCALE BELOW AND URITE IT IN THE COLUMN.

> 1=None of the task. 2=Little of the task. 3=Some of the task. 4=Most of the task. 5=All of the task.

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| HOW MANY | times do | you do | this in a | Training | Cycle? | (Write in | auswer).
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| <u>Circle the part(s) of the </u> | tick von norform, e.r. | Prentre/Process | | | | |
 | epare/process request for Emergency Leave | epare/approve request for Leave or Pass | epare/maintain Leave Control Log Form | epare/maintain Personnel Status Report | epare/update Small Unit Leaders Personnel Cards | intaln unit bulletin board
 | epare/maintain unit duty rosters (guard, CQ, details) | epare individual sick slips | epare/review Officers Evaluation Reports (OER's) | epare/review Senior Enlisted Evaluation Reports/ | listed Evaluation Reports (SEER, EER)
 | au/manage Army Emergency Relief Campaign | cpare counseling statements on subordinates | view/update personnel records of subordinates | A Form 20/2-1) | view leave and Earning Statemerts (LES) | cord/update accrued or used leave of personnel
 | rom LES's | epare/process recommendations for administrative | scharge | epare/process recommendation for misconduct/ | suitability discharge
 | epare court martial charge sheet | epare Drop From the Roll (DFR) |
| Circle the | Dumber o. | tasks voli | uerform. | | | |
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SECTION IV

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				(Hrite ans.).				
10. P	repare legal statements							
11. P	repare/review report of board nrocedings							
12. P	repare/maintain reports for suspension of favorable							
	ersonnel actions (DA form 268) (Flag)							
13. P	repare witness statement on personnel							
14. P	repare/administer nonjudical punishment					-	••	
15. p	repare personnel action forms							
16. P	repare request for transfer of personnel							
17. P	repare recommendation for security clearence of							
	ersonnel							
18. P	repare/maintain security access roster							
19. P	repare/review unit S0°'s							
20. P	repare/military correspondence						-	
21. P	repare/maintain unit alert roster	×						
22. P	repare staff/CQ Journal's	-						
۲. ۲	repare letters of commendation /certificates of	-						
ø	chievements							
24. P	lan/monitor personnel records audit				• •			
25. E	stablish/maintain source of required regulations,	•						
	M's. circulars	-						
26. P	ost changes to publication							
27. P	repare letter of indeotedness							
28. M	aintain personnel strength zero Balance Report							
29. P	repare/submit unit readiness report worksheet							
30. Р	repare staff study/decision oaper							
ЗІ. Р	repare unit memoranda (MFR)/directives/letter of							

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		Cycle?	Cycle? (Write ans.).	Support Cycle?	year((Wrlto ans.).	(Write ans.).		
51.11 C				(Welte ans.).				
181	Establish/maintain unit administrative files (functional							
	files)							
133	Establish/review suspense files							
134.	Prepare unit contingency plans and directions							
135.	Prepare/review after action reports							
136.	Prepare and review accident reports							
137.	Review/update unit manning report.							
138.	Plan/control handling of classified documents							
139.	Prepare/submit changes to Documents/Publication (AR's							
	circulars)							
140.	Develop/establish emergency destruction plans for							
	classified materials							
141.	Prepare/review service extension request							
142.	Prepare/review request for reassignment/reclassification							
143.	Reconcile/review/update SlOPERS output data							
144.	Maintain accountability of meal cards							
145.	Prepare/review a casualty feeder report							
146.	Prepare/review personnel information rosters (PIR)							
147.	Prepare job descriptions							
148.	Prepare historical unit reports							
149.	Prepare trip/spot reports							
150.	Prepare/maintain a safe or Cabinet Security Record							
151.	Prepare unit orders							
152.	Prepare personnel daily summaries (PDS)							
153.	Prepare/Transmit strength information to higher HQ's							;
154	Dronare/review unit transmittal letters (UTL)							

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2	(frele the part(s) of the	task you perform, e.8.	Prepare/Process			uts:		<pre>>repare/review pay allowance action request</pre>	Prepare classified documents receipt	daintain classified documents register	Review subordinate qualification records(officer & NCO'S)	Construct Briefing charts	Prepare/review material readiness reports	Prepare request for ammunition	Prepare/maintain driver qualificaiton records	evelop/post fire evacuation plans	nitial fire extinguisher inspection tags	Prepare/submit feeder reports to the BN. career counselor	Prepare/maintain unit reenlistment bulletin board	Record reenlistment interview results on Re-up cards	Update/maintain reenlistment book Forscom 30-R	Counsel personnel and prepare recommendation and	documentation for a bar to reenlistment	Initiste action for investigation of allegation	of discriminations (EO/RR)	Prepare request for attendence to military/civilian	schools	Assist personnel in preparation of state & federal taxes	Censor written and oral communications	Prepare reports on damaged property caused by maneuvers	Prepare Nuclear Duty Position Strength & Reliability Rot	Prepare/submit work orders for repairs to post engineers	Review Health records (shot)
		mber of	1k.: vou	1.f cum.		usk Stateme		155. F	156. 5	157 8	158. 6	159. (160. 1	191	162. 1	163. 00	164. 1	165. 1	166. 1	167.	168. 1	169.		170.		171.		172.	173.	174.	175.	176.	177.

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Fack State	:mults:		WELLC BUD. J.		(WEALO AND.).				
176.	Prepare/submit unit overwei	ght reports and documented							
	recommendations to higher H	1 \$,0)							
179	Counsel personnel on marita	11. financial, and personnel							
	problems								
180.	Brief newcoming personnel &	assign dutie for proper		-					
	utilization								
181.	Sponsor new Incoming officer	r/RC0							
182.	Plan/establish leave and pa	iss policies							
183.	Prepare recommendation for p	promotion of personnet							
184.	Promote/reduce personnel								
185.	Conduct a search/confiscate	: contraband							
186.	Escort personnel during pro	cedures of unfavorable							
	discharge/courtmartial								
187.	Enforce attendence of sched	fuled appointments							
188.	Recommend disciplinary acti-	on for personnel							
189.	(This slot left purposely bl	lank).							
190.	Conduct preliminary inquiry	r for a suspected offense							
161	Administer rights to a susp	sect							
192.	Prepare/administer non-puni	itive disciplinary action							
193.	Supervise personnel during	extra duty/training							
194.	Prepare documents/for pre-t	crial confinment							
195.	Review/maintain medical pro	ofiles on subordinates				_			
196.	Resolve soldier pay complai	ints							
197.	Plan/establish staff/change	e of quarters duties			_				
198.	Ferform staff/CQ duties (of	fficer/NCO)							
199.	Prepare/recommend personnel	l for awards & decorations							

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4	lou miny	on do	this in a	upport 1	ycle?	MLICE SUB-1-																											
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~	Clrcle the part (s) of the	thick you perform, c.g.	L'repare (L'rocess)					point personnel for additional duties	ilitary orders from higher HQ's	ide security for unit rear detachments	uct boards (promotion, disciplinary, court-		olicy to enfo. ce discipline	lans to acheive goals and objectives	unit morale and welfare	or soldiers needs	/monitor communication within a unit	eed back from subordinates	award of/withdrawal of MUS	complaints under Article 38	appointments (dental, medical, etc.)	inize command soci.l functions	dinate vistor Itlnerary"	luct a formal/informal line of duty investigation	n Article 32 investigation	action to suspend/revoke security clearances	a performance evaluation scheme	'refer subordinates to appropriate agencies for	e of personal problems	ule personnel for administration of medical shots	prove/disapprove request for advance payments	al payments	<pre>//review unit operating budget requirements</pre>
,	lector abov	umber of	11.k. van	••• I ••rm.		lask Statements:		200. Select/ap	201. Request m	202. Plan/prov	203. Plan/cond	martial)	204. Develop p	205. Develop p	206. Evaluate	207. Provide f	208. Establish	209. Analyze f	210. Recomenc	211. Process c	212. Schedule	213. Plan/orga	214. Plan/cooi	215. Plan/conc	216. Conduct a	217. Initiate	218. Establish	219. Deternine,	assistanc	220. Plan/sched	221. Review/a	and part	222. Estabils

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, ,	Circle the part(a) of the	task you perform, c.s.	Prepare A Process				dinate with consolidated messhall to make arranoremuts	feeding personnel (field on garrison)	f personnel on fire prevention measures	arge all fire extinguishers	est for training holidays/compensatory time	/organize/conduct a formation	/monitor areas of respensibilities for unit house	Ìлg	orm housekeeping duties (mowing grass, police call)	/conduct morning parade activities	nize/conduct military parades	lop/establish unit awards and decoration procedures	/implement unit incentive program	blish mail policies and procedures	e mail to personnel	tain mail directory file and accountable records	st and advise personnel on mail services	nize/conduct pay day activities	ge/conduct Combined Federal Campaign (CFC)	blish/manage moral support/unit funds	nize/conduct ă week of divisional competition	/organize personnel records audit	are/review & forward Hometown News Releases	/conduct a personnel assist inventory (PAI)	blish and maintain pinpoint publication account	f personnel on nuclear surety
	11010	to tabu	11.k., yuu	rfour.		Let Statements	223. Coor	for	224. Brie	225. Rech.	226. Requ	227. Plan	228. Plan	keep	229. Perf	230. Plan	231. Orga	232. Deve	233. Plan	234. Esta	235. Issu	236. Main	237. Assi	238. Orga	239. Mana	240. Esta	241. Orga	242. Plan	243. Prep	244. Plan	245. Esta	246. Brie

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				(Wette aus.).				
247. Plan/cond	<pre>uct athletics and recreational program (A and R)</pre>							
248. Establish	/apply unit organizational effectiveness measure							
249. Interpret	and communicate orders and instructions to							
subordina	tes							
250. Conduct si	ecurity briefings							
251. Identify	unit strength and weaknesses							
252. Monitor th	he maintenance of unitbulletin board							
253. Plan/estal	blish the unit Personnel Reliability Program							
254. Plan/condi	uct unit meetings and conferences							
255. Plan/condt	uct commanders call							T
256. Determine	present/anticipated individual replacement							
requiremer	ht							
257. Plan/condu	uct/ Honor Guard/Salute Battery Ceremonies							
258. Plan/condu	Jct command information class							
259. Maintain i	individual reenlistment data cards (1315's)							
260. Conduct a	and initiation of the second s							
	on-on and four her tot watthe title total and							
newly assi	igned personnel (Re-ups)							
ZDI. PIAN/CONdu	ict reenlistment interviews (8-10 month, 3-4							
month prio	r to EIS)					- <u> </u> 		
262. Determine	reenlistment ëligibility of personnel							
263. Investigat	e damage to property/equipment for hetification							
of a claim	t and document findings							
264. Maintain e	ducation status of unit personnel							
265. Conduct cl.	asses on proper procedures for completing							
tax forms								
266. Conduct br	jefings, on censorship for personnel whose							
TITAT INTERNAL	ion is being examined.	-			-			

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t reds, you	Prepare Frucess	you do	you do	the in a	how many	do this	scale).	i i ivi H.m.'
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ויייג צניוני	transition is a second s	(Write ans.).	(Helte ans.).	Cycle?	(Hrito ans.).	(Hrlte ans.).		
267.	Plan/implement conservesten measures to ensure utilities							
	are being used efficently							
268.	Ensure that protective measures for VD are available							
269.	Plan/conduct classes on the dangers of VD							
270.	Establish form control measures							
271.	Provide voting assistance and information for obtaining							T
	and submiting a absentee ballot							
272.	Plan/supervise the unit self help program							
273.	Conduct briefings on hearing conservation measures							
274.	Schedule/ensure all personnel receive hearing test							
275.	Schedule/coordinate activities for Wives/Dependents							
	Oay Autivities							
276.	Identify /counsel personnel who are in an overweight							
	or obese condition							
277.	Refer overweight personnel to a physician for evaluation							
278.	Ensure weekly weigh-ins for overweights are arcomplished							
279.	Counsel personnel on failure to maintain overweight							
	objectives							
280.	Perform barracks guard duties							
281.	Plan/schedule unit safety classes							
282.	Initial safety class attendence on unit training records							
283.	Conduct a POV safety inspection							
284.	Mark individual clothing and equipment (name, ssn, etc.)							
285.	Mark assigned unit equipment with an electro static							
	marker							
286.	Brief new in coming personnel on crime prevention measure f							

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	Clrefe the part(g) of the	Pronto Provide C.S.				ente:		Conduct announced/unannounced crime prevention	Prepare crime prevention reports & submit to higher HQ's	Prepare/maintain local crime prevention form (470's) for	personal property	Investigate all facts surrounding an indebtedness	complaint	Counsel/advise personnel on actions to be taken for	indebtedness	repare written reply to creditors for indebtedness	of Devenuel		Accommend action to be taken on military police reports	laintain a Iluman Relation Counsel (HMC) Bulletin Board	lan/conduct Human Relation Meetings	bonsor a candidate (NCO) for the internal professions)		repare/forward written reconnendation on behalf of the	cvelgpment program of the land in the second fragment	esignate energy conservation monitors for each building	unsel personnel on eligability/ineligability for aromotics	chedule personnel for reenlistment interviews	onduct reenlistment classes	chedule/plan for urinanalysis testing	ttend Range Safety Briefing	pdate promotion rosters	valuato init administration	
	time to the film					Led Statem		287.	288.	289. 1		290.		291. (292. F		202	1	294. N	295. P	296. 5		29/. 1		298. 0	299. Co	300. S	301. C	302. SI	303. A	304., Ur	305. EV	

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-	line many	times do	you do -	this in a	Training	Gyrlel	(Write ans.).																								
<i>c</i>	(Ircle the part(3) of the	task you perform, e.g.	Prepare/Process	-				are/maintain hand receipts for turn in or issue of	Donent	luct a joint inventory upon change of responsibilities	dinate with Battalion supply personnel on unit	ly support	I for/assign responsibilities for care and safe	ving of property	intory/secure absentees clothiny and equipment	hare adjustments to property book	itain/review property 200k	bare/review statement of charges	nest supplies and Logistical services from other units	blish/monitor key inventory and control procedures	luct key inventories	utury weapons by sorial number	intory assigned equipment	ign/issue weapons to personnel	ublish/maintain supply file system	bare/update supply records	elop/establish control and security for sensitive	as (e.g. weapons, bayorets, HBC detection equip., etc	ciate investigation to determine pecuniary liability -	bare a report of survey	Juct i report of survey for lost or damaged equipment
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1 255	Prenare request for calibration of equipment							
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356.	Maintain ammunition suuck suarus curve							
157	plan/schedule self-help building and grounds maintendice							
	network the rankes of logistical readiness dificiencies							
865	. UEUEIIIII UII UIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII							
1 359	. Plan for methods to correct logisticity teams							
	deficiencies							
036	number of the substance of the section							
	right of the standard free and rosidues							
, 361	Account for/turn in expense or as and to the							
362	Determine disposition of supply records							
y,	plan/direct preparation of equipment and supplies for							
	movement							
364	1. Exchange/turn in items to Central Issue ractivel very							-
396	Dropare clothing records							
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366	s. conduct a lot supply inventory				-			
(yr	2. Purchase expendable item.							
	AND ANY ADDITIONAL TASKS PERIAINING TO THIS CATEGORY							
	THAT VOIL DEDUDRM AND RATE THEM WITH THE SCALES.							
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3/6. Uevelop inspection circovites	1						
377. Inspect personnel for appearance							
370 Incoment harracks and unit area							
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381. Inspect hand receipts							
382. Inspect supplies/equipment for compliance with storag							
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the for completees and cerviceabilit							
383. Inspect paste Judus for comprehies and se							
384. Inspect POL supply operations and records							
285. Inspect dining facility operations & food preparation							
3R6 Inspect mess financial records.							
207 Unsupert continuent for markings (unit codes)							
388. Inspect equipment/vehicle log books							
. 389. Inspect whicle/equipment for user and operator maint	cnarjce						
390. Inspect trip tickets and dispatch records							
391. Inspect equipment operator qualification records							
392. Inspect unit administration files							
393. Inspect unit mail room							
394. Inspect guards on post							
395. Prepare for an 1G inspection							
395. Plan/organize for a 16 inspection							
207 Determine IC inconcrine requirements							
398. Plan/conduct a formal command inspection							

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446. Plan/organize fune	ral details							
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451. Coordinate special	projects (surveys, questionnaires)							
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	ticle the	number of	ucks you	f 0.1 m.		Liek Statement	48A PI	485. Ev	486. Pe	487. PI	488. Ap	439. De	SL	490. Pr	491. Pe	60	492. Pr	493. Es	494. Se	495. PI	. 496. DI	497. Se	ວິ	498. Co	499. Pr	fo	500. Pr	501. Pr	502. Es	ŀd		

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	times do	von do .	this in a	fratuing	Cycle7	(Write ans.).																										
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Ynnm voll	times do	you do	Support	Cycle?	(Write ans.).																									
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1	irere cue	neks: you	erform.		ask Statements	530. Dev	531. Con	532. Con	533. Pla	534. Con	535. Pla	536. Pla	537. Con	538. Pla	539. Cond	540. Pla	5^1. Req	tra	542. Ins		543. Det	544. Pla	545. Con	546. Ext	doci	547. Det	548. Con	549. Sel	550. Ide	

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551. Prioritize n	nissions/tasks selected for training	P						
552. Detcrmine/se	elect resources to support training							
553. Allocate res	ources							
554. Prepare a sh	Nort range forcast/plan							
555. Plan/conduct	: multiechelon training							
556. Prepare a un	it training schedule							
557. Issue traini	ng guidance							
558. Plan/conduct	a training meeting (unit leaders)							
559. Prepare/deve	lop training objectives							
560. Prepare a le	sson plan							
561. Conduct indi	vidual/collective training and provide				_			
fendback.								
562. Evaluate ind	ividual/co.lective training							
563. Conduct qual	ity control checks							
. 564. Develop scene	arto for training exercises							
565. Prenare (writ	tten) training and evaluation Plans (T&F's)							
1 m a man								
200. Select tasks	for training during unscheduled time							
ECO Contract a pic	acoon training meeting (Platoon Leaders)							
JOD LONGUCT a per	rtormance critique							
569. Maintain unii	t training records							
570. Establish a r	chearsal schedule for instructors							
571. Conduct train	ning rehearsals							
572. Plan/conduct	a SQT preparation training program							
573. Prepare/maint	ain job book							
574. Inspect job b	ook							
575. Administer pe	erformance test							
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	LITCIE THE PATTIRY OF CHE Fragk vou nerform. P.P.	Prepare					ordinate leaders	Adventure training	a ARTEP	P's	ARTEP evaluation	ct On-the-Job Training Program	Field Training Evercises (FIX's)	hat administration training support is complet	ing test	ain Training Visitors Folder	concurrent training session	Intelligence training	visual equipment for a training session	op sildes, charts for training	ing for guards	nuclear duty training	IONAL TASKS PERTAINING TO THIS CATEGORY	ORM AND RATE THEM WITH THE SCALES.								
	Gircle the	number of tasks vou	berform.		T	ויואג סריורגשמוראי	576. Evaluate subor	577. Plan/conduct /	578. Plan/conduct a	579. Evaluate ARTE	580. Prepare for a	581. Develop/conduc	582. Plan/conduct !	583. Plan/Insure th	584. Prepare traini	585. Prepare/mainta	586. Plan/conduct c	587. Plan/conduct 1	588. Operate audio	589. Prepare/develo	· 590. Conduct traini	591. Plan/conduct n	ADD ANY ADDITI	THAT YOU PERFG	592.	593.	594.	595.	596.	597.	598.	599.

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her form.			Feeting and	Support	Mission .	time ner	tack and		
			Cycle?	Cycle	Support	year?	time?		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Task Stati	: 5] (1.) wa		(Write ans.).	(Write ans.).	Cycle?	(Write ans.).	(Write ans.).		
600.	Plan/cruanize Civil Distur	-bance training							
601.	Conduc:/evaluate Civil Dis	sturbance training							
602.	Plan/organize Geneva/Nague	e convention training							
603.	Conduct/evaluate Geneva/Ha	igue convention training							
604.	. Plan/organize a Benefits o	of an Honorable Discharge							
	training session								
605.	Conduct/evaluate a Benefit	s of an Honorable Discharge							
	class								
606.	Plan/organize SERE trainin	61							
607.	Conduct/evaluate SERE traf	ntrog				Ì			
608.	Plan/organize Code of Cond	luct training							
609.	Conduct/evaluate Code of C	conduct training							
610.	Plan/organize a Privacy Ac	t training program							
611.	Conduct/evaluate Privacy A	ct training							
612.	Plan/organize SAEDA traini	Úu							
613.	Conduct/evaluate SAEDA tra	ining							
614.	Plan/organize a Militarv Ju	ustice training session							
615.	Conduct/evaluace Milit. /	Justice training							
616.	Plan/organize Equal Opport	unity/Race Relations (EO/RR)							
	program								
617.	Conduct/evaluate Equal Opp	ortunity/Race Relations (E0/RR)						1	
	training								
618.	Plan/organize an Alconol a	nd Drug Abuse Program					+		
619.	Conduct/evaluate Alcohol a	nd Drug Abuse Program/Iraining							

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620.	Plan/organize Standards of Conduct trai	ning							
621.	Conduct/evaluate Standards of Conduct t	raining							
622.	Plan/organize OPSEC program								
623.	Conduct/evaluate OPSEC training								
624.	Plan/organize Intelligence training pro	gram							
625.	Conduct/evaluate Intelligence training								
626.	Plan/organize Water Survival/Drown Pro	ofing Training							
627.	Cunduct/evaluate Water Survival/Drown P	roofing Training							
628.	Plan/organize Field Sanitation teams								
629.	Conduct/evaluate Field Sanitation Team	training							
630.	Plan/organize NBC teams								
631.	Conduct/evaluate NBC team training								
632.	Plan/organize SIGSEC training								
633.	Conduct/evaluate SIGSEC training								
634.	Plan/organize OffOR training program								
635.	Conduct/evaluate OPFOR training								
636.	Plan/organize Foot Marches								
637.	Conduct/evaluate Foot March training								
638.	Plan/conduct Amphibious training								
639.	Plan/conduct Small Arms Air Defense tra	ning							
640.	Plan/conduct Deployment training								
C41.	Plan/conduct Assault drills								
642.	Plan/conduct Aircraft Recognition train	би							
643.	Plan/conduct Antiarmor Defense training					+			
644.	Plan/conduct Marksmanship training								
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APPENDIX D: MANDATORY TRAINING

- Enclosure 1: Common Subjects (Required by Law or International Agreement)
- Enclosure 2: Emphasis Subjects (Required by Regulation, Policy Letter or Army Program)

ENCLOSURE 1 COMMON SUBJECTS

D-1-2

Common subjects are those specified by public law, international treaty, Army regulation, or other authoritative directives in which <u>each</u> soldier is required to possess personal knowledge or skills <u>regardless</u> of skill level, <u>duty assignment</u>, or job position.

Directive

Subject	Directive
Alcohol and Drug Abuse	AR 350-1, 600-85
Adverse Weather	AR 40-5
Censorship	AR 600-50
Code of Conduct/Survival, Evasion	
Resistance and Escape	AR 350-1, 350-30, 350-225
Environmental Potection	AR 200-10
Equal Opportunity	AR 350-1, 600-21
First Aid and Emergency Medical Treatment	AR 40-3
Geneva-Hague Convention	AR 350-1, 350-216
Hearing Conservation	AR 40-5
Military Justice	AR 350-1, 350-212
Nuclear, Biological and Chemical (NBC)	
Defense	AR 220-58
Physical Readiness Training and Weight	
Control	AR 600-9
Privacy Act	AR 340-12-2
Property Accountability	AR 735-11
Safety	AR 385-10, 385-55
Standards of Conduct	AR 600-50
Status of Forces, Policies, Forms,	
Procedures and Information	AR 27-15
Weapons Qualification	AR 350-4, 350-6

D-1-3

ENCLOSURE 2

EMPHASIZED TRAINING

D-2-4

Emphasized subjects are those subjects which have been designed by DA for special emphasis or targeted to specific individuals or units.

Subject	Directive
Aircraft Recognition	AR 95-110
Ammunition Handling	AR 385-65
Amphibions Training	AR 350-26
Aviation Safety	TCI-134
Benefits of Honorable Discharge	AR 350-1, 350-21
Civil Disturbance Training	AR 350-1, 350-7
Command Information (CI)	AR 360-81
Communications Security (COMSEC)	AR 71-5
Counter Terror	AR 190-52
Equipment Operation and Maintenance	AR 140–15
Field Sanitation	AR 40-5
Food Service	AR 30-1
Human Self Development	AR 600-3
Individual Financial Management	AR 920-22
Intelligence Training	AR 350-3
Linguist Training	AR 611-6
M151 Safety (4 Ton Truck Orientation)	TB 9-2320-218-10-1
Maintenance Assistance and Inspection	
Team (MAIT)	AR 750-1
Maintenance Training	AR 14-15, 750-7
Materiel Management	AR 710-2
Morals and Ethics Development	AR 600-20, 600-30
NBC Individual Proficiency	FORSCOM Reg. 350-1, 350-3
Nuclear Surety .	AR 50-5
Operations Security (OPSEC)	AR 530-1
Opposing Forces (OPFOR) Training	AR 350-2
Physical Security of Ammunition and	
Weapons	AR 190-11
Postal Operations	AR 65-1
Rape Prevention	AR 190-31 w/FORSCOM Suppl
Remedial Driver Training	AR 190-5
Sabotage, Espionage Directed Against	
the Army (SAEDA)	AR 380-5, 318-12
Security of Property	AR 190-51
Security Orientation	AR 380-5
Signal Security (SIGSEC)	AR 530-2, 530-3
Unit Mail Services	AR 65-75
Water Survival/Drownproofing	AR 385-13, 385-15

D-2-5
APPENDIX E: PROGRAMS OF INSTRUCTION FOR NEWLY PROMOTED NCOs

Enclosure 1: Program A

Enclosure 2: Program B

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ENCLOSURE 1 NCO DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

PROGRAM A

E-1-2

TROOP LEADING

SUBJECT	TIME REQ	RESPONSIBLITY
COUNSELING TECHNIQUES/TROOP PROBLEM SOLVING -Recognizing Soldier Related Problems -Problem Solving Process -Performance Counseling Session -AWOL Prevention	6 hrs.	Chaplain
INSPECTING TROOPS IN RANKS -FORMING an Element for Inspection -Conducting in In Ranks Inspection -Practical Exercise	2 hrs.	CSM
INSPECTING TA-50 LAYOUT -Laying Out TA-50 -Inspecting Techniques -Bn SOP	2 hrs.	CSM
PERSONNEL ACTIONS -UCMJ Actions -Eliminations -Awards -EER's and Promotions	2 hrs.	S-1
TRAINING TECHNIQUES -Performance Oriented Training -Training Preparation Responsibilities -Availability of Training Aids -TEC and the Battalion Learning Center	2 hrs.	S-3
MAINTANING DISCIPLING - SR LEADERS -Developing Discipling Teamwork -Discussion	1 hr.	BN CDR/CSM
<u>REENLISTMENT</u> -Reenlistment Options and Eligibility -Discussion	1 hr.	BN CDR/REUP NCO

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SUBJECT	TIME REQ	RESPONSIBILITY
MAP READING -Diagnostic Test	2 hrs.	
NBC PROCEDURES - JUNIOR LEADER'S -Battalion TSOP -Use of Protective Equipment -Use of Detection Equipment -Squad Leader's Responsiblities -NBC Individual Proficiency Evaluation	4 hrs.	
NBC PROCEDURES -SENIOR LEADER'S -ARTEP NBC Procedures -NBC Individual Proficiency Evaluation	4 hrs.	
MILITARY ITELLIGENCE - JUNIOR LEADER'S -The Threat to the Mech Infantry Platoon -Motorized RiflePlt, Company and Tank Plt -Organic OPFOR Weapons and Vehicles -Practical Exercise	2 hrs.	S-2
COMMUNICATIONS -CEOI Utilization -RTO Precedure, Electronic Warfare -Use of Commo Equipment	2 hrs.	COE
MAINTAINENCE RESPONSIBI	LITIES	
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE - JUNIOR LEADER'S -Inspections/PMCS -TAMMS/PLL Familiarization -Proficiency/Maintenance Supervisors Certification Test	4 hrs.	BMO
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE - SENIOR LEADER'S -Maintenance Supervision -Advanced TAMMS/PLL Familiarization -Motor Pool Operations -Maintenance Supervisor's Certification Test	10 hrs.	BMO

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MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES (cont)

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SUBJECT	TIME REQ	RESPONSIBILITIES
TA-50 MAINTENANCE -Care and Cleaning -CIF Procedures/FL Reg 700-33 -Replacing and Repairing TA-50 -Supervising Maintenance of TA-50	2 hrs.	CSM
WEAPONS MAINTENANCE -Individual -Crew-served -Supervisor's Responsibilities -Practical Exercise	4 hrs.	CSM
COMMUNICATIONS MAINTENANCE -PMCS on Wheeled and Tracked Veh Radio Sets -Operation of Sqd and Plt Communications Equip -PMCS on Sqd and Plt Communications Equipment -Practical Exercise	4 hrs.	COE
11B_SUBCOURSE		
SQUAD FORCED MARCH-LIVE FIRE -Inspecting Personnel and Equipment -12 Km Force March - Duties -Squad Live Fire -Landscape Target Exercise -Occupation of Tactical AA -Assuming Hasty Defensive Position -Assuing FRAGO -Position of Squad Weapons -Fields of Fire/Sector of Fire -Cover and Concealment -Fire Commands/Fire Control -Practical Exercise	½ day	Co CDR's
-Practical Exercise <u>SQUAD MOVEMENT TO CONTACT</u> -Gaining Contact with Enemy -Locating/Reporting Opposing Force -Actions on the Objectives -Actions of the Objectives -Call for Fire	½ day	Co CDR's

-Call for Fire -Practical Exercise

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SUBJECT	TIME REQ	RESPONSIBILITIES
RECONNAISSANCE PATROL -Troop Leading/OP Order -Preparation and Rehearsals -Compass and Pace -Actions at Danger Areas -Action at Objective -Practical Exercise	l day	Co CDR's
DEFENSE IN BUILT UP AREA -Emplacement of Squad and APC -Selection of Fighting Position -Film "Combat in Cities" -Construction of Defensive Positions -Basic Concepts at Battle Simulation Center -TEWT Utilizing Regensberg Mock-up	¹₂ day	Co CDR'ల
SQUAD IN THE 'FENSE Emplacement of Squad and PAC Primary, Alternate, and Supplementary Positions for Crew-served Weapons Fields of Fire Priorities of Work Troop Knowledge Construction of Crew-served/Individual Fighting Positions FPF Reorganization Practical Exercise	¹ ₂ day	Co CDR's

E-1-6

11C SUBCOURSE

SUBJECT	TIME REQ	RESPONSIBILITIES
<u>M2 AIMING CIRCLE</u> -Leveling -Declinating -Reciprocal Lay	2 hrs.	C Co
<u>M2 COMPASS</u> -Declinating -Laying in Track -Laying in Directional Stakes	l ¹ 2 hrs.	C Co
M53 SIGHT -Familiarization -Counterlaying a Mortar	l hrs.	В Со
FIRE THE HIPSHOOT MISSION -Technique of Firing the Emergency Mission -Split Section Operations	1 hr.	В Со
<u>FO PROCEDURES</u> -Call for Fire -Use of Angle T -Bracketing Establishing a Bracket -Means of Target Location	2 hrs.	CSC
-Prepar - On/Issuing	l ¹ 2 hrs.	A Co
TEACH A FORMAL CLASS -Performance Oriented Training	4 hrs.	CSC
TACTICAL OPERATIONS -Assembly Area Procedures -Selecting a Mortar Position -Quartering Party Procedures -Occupy a Mortar Position -Communications in a Firing Position	2 hrs.	CSC
LEADER'S PRACTICAL EXERCISE -Performance Oriented Exercise	4 hrs.	CSC
MAINTENANCE OF MORTAR SYSTEMS -PMCS on Mortar -Supervisor's Responsibilities	l½ hrs.	MAIT
MORTAR TRAINING TECHNIQUES -Live Fire Range		

-Sabot Range -Range Safety Checks

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E-1--7

11H SUBCOURSE

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SUBJECT	TIME REQ	RESPONSIBILITIES
INSPECT/MAINTAIN TOW WEAPONS SYSTEM -Weekly Service/PMCS -Scheduled Service	3 hrs.	MAIT
TOW MISFIRE PROCEDURES -Training/Combat Misfire	l hr.	C-3
TOW WEAPONS SYSTEM SELF TEST -Practical Exercise -Squad Leader Responsibilities	l hr.	A Co
TOW CREW DRILL -Practical Exercise	1 hr.	A Co
OPERATION ORDER -Preparation	1 hr.	CSC
COMBAT LOAD PLANNING OF THE M113A1 (TOW) -Practical Exercise	1 hr.	C Co
<u>TVT_USAGE</u> -Mounting on TOW System -Uses with TOW for Training	2 hr.	CSC
ANTIARMOR RANGE CARD -Preparation of a TOW Range Card	l hr.	CSC
TOW SITE SELECTION, H'DE AND FIRE POSITIONS -NCOA Terrain Analvsis -Selection -Priorities of Work -Methods of Fire Control	2 hrs.	В Со
TOW QUALIFICATION -Practical Exercise	2 days	CSC
EMPLOYMENT OF THE BN TOW WPNS SYSTEM	1 hr.	Bn CDR/S3
OPERATIONS ORDER -Issuance of Pli and Bn Operation Order	l day	CSC
Dunn Kemf - BSC -Weapons Employment -Sight Tactics	1 day.	CSC

-Battle Simulation Center

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ENCLOSURE 2 NCO DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM PROGRAM B •

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E-2-9

SCHEDULE OF EVENTS

JUNIOR LEADER'S COURSE

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SENIOR LEADER'S COURSE

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DAY 1

0600-1000 1000-1200	Inspection Inspection	in Ranks (] & Maintenar	L) nce TA50	(1)	Counseling Counseling	Techniques (2 Techniques (2) :)	
1300-1500 1500-1700	Counseling Counseling	Techniques Techniques	(2) (2)		Inspection Inspection	in Ranks (1) § Maintenance	тА50	(1)
			DAY 2					

0800-1000 1000-1200	Personnel Actions (2) Troop Problem Solving (2)	Troop Problem Solving (2) Personnel Actions (2)
1300-1500 1500-1600	Training Techniques (2) Maintaining Discipline (2)	
1300-1400 1400-1500 1500-1700		Maintaining Discipline (2) Reenlistment (2) Training Techniques (2)

E-2-10

11B MOS

DAY 3

Reconnaissance Patrol

Squad as part of P1t Defense/MOBA Defense

MTC/SFMLF

DAY 4

Squad as part of Plt Defense/MOBA Defense

MTC/SFMLF

Reconnaissance Patrol

DAY 5

MTC/SFMLF

Reconnaissance Patrol

Squad as part of Plt Defense/MOBA Defense

11C MOS

*DAY 3

M2 Aiming Circle
M2 Compass
M53 Sight
Fire the hipshoot mission
FO Procedures

*DAY 4

0830-1000	Squad Operations Order
1000-1200	Tactical Operations
1330-1630	Leader's Practical Exercise

*DAY 5

0900-1030 Maintenance of Mortar Systems 1030-1200 Mortar Training Techniques 1330-1630 Teach formal Class

*Locations TBA

E-2-11

JUNIOR LEADER'S COURSE

SENIOR LEADER'S COURSE

DAY 6

0800-1000 1000-1200 1300-1500	Map Reading (2) Military Intelligence (2) NBC Procedures (4)	NBC Procedures (4) NBC Procedures (4) Military Intelligence (2)
	DAY 7	
0800-1200 1300-1700	Vehicle Maintenance (5,1) Weapons Maintenance	Weapons Maintenance (6) Vehicle Maintenance (5,1)
	DAY 8	
09001200 13301630	Communications (4) Communications (4)	Communications (4) Communications (4)
	<u>DAY 9</u>	
0800-1200		Vehicle Maintenance (5,1)
	<u>DAY 10</u>	
0800-1000		Maint Certification Test (5,1)

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11H MOS

DAY 3

0900-1200 Inspect/Maintain TOW Weapons System 1330-1430 TOW Misfire Procedures 1430-1530 TOW Weapons Self Test 1530-1630 TOW Crew Drill

DAY 4

0600-1700 Operations Order

DAY 5

0900-1630 Battle Simulation Center - Dunn Kemf

DAY 11

0900-100	Combat Load Planning of the Mili3A1 (TOW)
1000-1200	TVT Usage
1330-1430	Anti-Armor Range Card
1430-1530	TOW Sight selection, hide and fire positions

DAY 12

0800-1700 TOW Qualification

DAY 13

0800-1700 TOW Qualification

APPENDIX F: PROGRAM OF INSTRUCTION FOR NEW COMPANY COMMANDERS

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COMPANY COMMANDERS PROGRAM

SUBJECT	INSTRUCTOR	TIME
	DAY 1	
Division Mission/Objective	CG	15 min.
Command Environment -personnel turbulence -personnel projections	G-1	45 min.
Where to Get Help -AER -ACS Food Stamps WIC	G-1 -AER Rep -ACS Rep	45 min.
-Red Cross -Chaplain -Hospital/Champus -ADAPCD -Family Programs -Recreation Facilities	-RC Rep -Div Chaplain -Div Surgeon -Human Resource Rep -MEDDAC -Div Morale Support	
Break		15 min.
Finance Procedures	Finance Officer	?0 min.
IG System	IG	30 min.
	DAY 2	
Care of Your people -promotions -awards -reenlistment -EO -EO -MOS Utilization -Weight Control -AWOL Prevention -POM -SIDPERS	G-1. -AG -AG -AG -Reenl Off -EONCO -DAG -DAG -DAG -DAG -DAG -DAG	45 min.
Break		15 min.
Legal Orientation -extra training	JAG	2 hours

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-admonitions/reprimands/ admin reduction in grade -eliminations (ch 5, 9, 10, -non-judicial punishment -court martial -search and seizure probable cause authorization inspections	14)	
	DAY 3	
Logistics Support System (over view) -Div	G-4	15 min.
-Post		
Div Maint System	CDR Mt Bn	45 min.
Div Supply System	CDR S&T Bn	45 min.
Break		15 min.
Property Accountability -regulations -inspections -inventory when how (use of Component listings) reporting -adjustments	G-4/DMMC CDR	l hr.
Security (intel)	G-2	30 min.
Security (physical)	РМО	30 min.
	DAY 4	
Soldier Education -BSEP -ESL -GT Testing -GED -CTC -MOS Library -School Troops -NCO Academy -Off Post	G-3 -Dir Education Center 	l hr.

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Soldier -individual/collective -SQT -ARTEP -BTMS	G-3	以 hrs.
Break .		15 min.
Training Facilities -BN	G-3	45 min.
–DIV –POST . –TASC	-TASO	
Range Operations	Chiet Range Div	30 min.
	DAY 5	
Leadership Seminar/Lunch	MSC	1½ hrs.
NCO Development -EER -NCOES -NCO Schooling	CSM	1 hr.
Break		15 min.
NCO Leadership/Seminar -role of the NCO -use of the 1st Sgt	CSM	45 min.
Commanders Seminar	CG	l hr.

Happy Hour

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APPENDIX G: GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS USED

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GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS USED

- 1. ADC Assistant Division Commander
- 2. AG Adjutant General

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- 3. AIM Armor, Infantry, Mechanized
- 4. AIT Advanced Individual Training
- 5. ARI Army Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences
- 6. ARTEP Army Training and Evaluation Program
- 7. BMM Borrowed Military Manpower
- 8. BMO Battalion Motor Officer
- 9. BNCOC- Basic Noncommissioned Officers Course
- 10. BSEP Basic Skill Education Program
- 11. BTMS Battalion Training Management System
- 12. Cav Sqdn Calvary Squadron
- 13. CMF Career Management Field
- 14. DA Department of the Army
- 15. D & C Drill & Ceremonies
- 16. DCSOPS Deputy Chief of Staff, Operations
- 17. DISCOM Division Support Command
- 18. DIVADA Division Air Defense Artillery
- 19. DIVARTY Division Artillery
- 20. DS Direct Support
- 21. Engr Engineer
- 22. ERC Emergency Readiness Category
- 23 FORSCOM Forces Command
- 24. GS General Staff
- 25. G-1 Division Personnel & Administrative Officer
- 26. G-2 Division Intelligence Officer

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- 27. G-3 Division Operations and Training Officer
- 28. G-4 Division Logistics Officer
- 29. Inf Infantry

- 30. MG Major General
- 31. MOS Military Occupational Specialty
- 32. NCO Noncommissioned Officer
- 33. OESO Organizational Effectiveness Staff Officer
- 34. PAC Personnel Administration Center
- 35. PLL Prescribed Load List
- 36. PNCOC Primary Noncommissioned Officers' Course
- 37. PIO Program of Instruction
- 38. PT Physical Training
- 39. RC Reserve Component
- 40. ROTC Reserve Officer Training Corps
- 41. SD Special Duty
- 42 SDA Special Duty Authorized
- 44. SQT Skill Qualification Test
- 45. S-1 Brigade/DIVARTY or Battalion Personnel Officer
- 46. S-3 Brigade/DIVARTY or Battalion Operations and Training Officer
- 47. S-4 Brigade/DIVARTY or Battalion Logistics Officer
- 48. TEC Training Extension Course
- 49. TEWT Tactical Exercise Without Troops
- 50. TOE Table of Organization and Equipment
- 51. TRADOC Training and Doctrine Command
- 52. UCMJ Uniform Code of Military Justice
- 53. USR Unit Status Report



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Having received the cards with the performance indicators printed on them, the interviewees were asked to rank order them in terms of importance. With this order, they were then asked to assign values to each indicator, in order to gain an estimation of the difference in importance between each indicator. The lowest rated indicator was assigned a value of 10; from that point each higher rated indicator was given a value relative to the lower ones. For example, if the interviewer felt that the second lowest rated indicator was equal in importance to the lowest indicator, it was given a "10" as well. If it were twice as importanc, it may be given a value of twenty (20). The interviewee repeated this process for all 18 indicators, being informed not to worry about how high these values went.

For each interviewee, the researchers summed the 18 assigned values. Then, by dividing each of the assigned values by the total, a value of relative importance, or "weight", was computed. This computation allowed for direct comparison between different officers' values for the same dimension.

Table 20 shows the results based on aggregated data from all five divisions, and for each division (i.e., A, B, C, D, and E).

TABLE 20 AGGREGATE RANK ORDER OF UNIT EFFECTIVENESS INDICATORS

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4.0 3.4 3.8 4.4 4.8 8.0 11.0 <u>r</u>ank 7.2 8.2 8.4 8.6 11.4 12.2 13.2 14.8 15.4 15.8 16.0 ഹ 9 ŝ 4 N 23 *_*___ ß 16 თ 14 18 Ξ 2 ~ 15 17 2 ۷z .080 .075 .110 .095 .084 .099 .050 .047 .038 .055 .030 .025 .043 .040 .052 .071 .051 120. (N=8) X WE I GHT თ 4 ഹ ç ŝ \sim ~ ω 12 <u>2</u> 2 16 14 15 18 17 × Ξ WE I GHT (N=8) X .073 .072 .069 .043 .038 .097 .09n . 092 . 363 .042 .030 .036 .033 .026 .057 .062 .044 .032 Q \sim 5 2 α S 18 16 15 xxxx ~ ~ 4 14 m Ξ 22 δ 17 DIV (N=15) X WE1GHT .067 .085 .066 .088 .059 .049 .057 .073 .047 .075 .055 .068 .058 .027 .033 .051 .031 .041 ŝ e ω σ 16 18 2 2 5 Q 4 12 2 17 4 15 12 z νIQ .114 WE IGHT .077 .097 .059 .102 .062 .047 .039 .046 .046 .026 .036 .039 .067 .085 .032 .022 .034 (N=6) X ഹ \sim m ဗ _ 4 Ξ ω ဓ ഹ 4 7 2 2 14 20 14 17 ΖZ DIV WE IGHT (N=14) X .128 .070 .067 .092 .048 .058 .058 .026 .091 .054 .067 .031 .060 .037 .033 .031 .023 .031 XXXX e S 4 \sim Q 7 2 ი 7 22 Ξ 13 14 15 17 5 17 OVERAI WEIGHT (N=52) X .092 .079 .045 .082 .084 .074 .064 .059 .060 .043 .033 .033 .061 .061 .051 .041 .031 .031 Personnel Utilization Unfavorable Personnel Acts Security of Wpns and Docs. Personnel Appearance Unit Area Appearance Individual Training Collective Training Performance of Mand Trnn. Accomp of Assigned Tasks Execution of SOP's Inspection Results Re-enlistment Rate **ARTEP** Performance Supply Management SOT Performance PERFORMANCE INDICATOR Communication Maintenance AWOL Rate

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AVERAGE PERCEIVED IMPORTANCE (WEIGHT) - 18 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS BATTALION AND COMPANY/BATTERY LEVEL - DIV A (N=14)

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	Bn Level	(N=8)	Co/Btry Level	(N=6)
Performance Indicator	<u>X</u> Weight	Rank	X Veiaht	Rank
ARTEP Performance	.127	1	.129	1
Maintenance	.063	6	.072	4
Collective Training	.092	3	.092	2
Communication	.111	2	.063	6
Individual Training	.074	4	. 963	6
Personnel Utilization	.038	11	.061	8
Supply Management	.061	7	. 054	10
Accomplishment of Assigned Tasks	.047	10	.072	4
SOT Performance	.053	9	.055	9
Security of Weapons & Documents	.058	8	.079	3
Performance of Mandatory Training	.030	14	.034	14
Inspection Results	.068	5	.050	11
Re-enlistment Rate	.038	11	.037	13
Personnel Appearance	.038	11	.027	17
AWOL Rate	.029	16	.033	15
Unfavorable Personnel Actions	.018	18	.029	16
Execution of SOP's	.026	17	. 038	12
Unit Area Appearance	.030	14	.021	18
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AVERAGE PERCEIVED IMPORTANCE (WEIGHT) - 18 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS BATTALION AND COMPANY/BATTERY LEVEL - DIV B (N=6)

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`	Bn Level	(N=2)	Co/Btry Level	(N=4)
Performance Indicator	X Weight	Rank	X Veight	Rank
ARTEP Performance	. 098	3	. 121	1
Maintenance	.090	4	.070	5
Collective Training	.115	1	.088	4
Communication	.046	12	.066	6
Individual Training	. 099	2	. 104	2
Personnel Utilization	.058	9	.064	7
Supply Management	.048	11	.047	10
Accomplishment of Assigned Tasks	. 084	5	. 059	8
SOT Performance	.071	6	. 092	3
Security of Weapons & Documents	.057	10	. 029	15
Performance of Mandatory Training	.006	17	, 056	9
Inspection Results	.040	14	, .028	16
Re-enlistment Pate	.025	15	. 021	18
Personnel Appearance	.064	7	. 034	12
AWOL Rate	.013	16	. 032	14
Unfavorable Personnel Actions	.041	13	.034	12
Execution of SOP's	.004	18 ·	.041	וו
Unit Area Appearance	.064	7	. 926	17

AVERAGE PERCEIVED IMPORTANCE (WEIGHT) - 18 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS BATTALION AND COMPANY/BATTERY LEVEL - DIV C (N=16)

	Bn Level	(N=6)	Co/Btry Level	(N=10)
Performance Indicator	X Weight	Rank	X ^U eight	Rank
ARTEP Performance	.077	3	.062	7
Maintenance	.086	2	.084	1
Collective Training	.069	5	.064	6
Communication	.141	1	.061	8
Individual Training	.066	7	.054	11
Personnel Utilization	.044	12	.052	12
Supply Management	.042	13	.066	4
Accomplishment of Assigned Tasks	.058	10	.080	3
SOT Performance	.036	14	.052	12
Securit, _f Weapons & Documents	.065	8	.081	2
Performance of Mandatory Training	.052	11	.057	9
Inspection Results	.071	4	.066	4
Re-enlistment Rate	.068	6	.041	15
Personnel Appearance	.061	9	.057	9
AWOL Rate	.031	17	.032	16
Unfavorable Personnel Actions	.027	18	.028	18
Execution of SOP's	.035	16	.031	17
Unit Area Appearance	.036	14	.043	14

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AVERAGE PERCEIVED IMPORTANCE (WEIGHT) - 18 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS BATTALION AND COMPANY/BATTERY LEVEL - DIV D (N=8)

	Bn Level	(N=4)	Co/Btry Level	(N=4)
Performance Indicator	X Weight	Rank	X Veight	Rank
ARTEP Performance	.075	5	.071	3
Maintenance	.086	2	.108	2
Collective Training	.083	4	.060	7
Communication	.045	10	.068	4
Individual Training	.086	2	.052	9
Personnel Utilization	.114	1	.066	5
Supply Management	.069	7	.114	1
Accomplishment of Assigned Tasks	.051	9	.035	15
SQT Performance	.071	6	.054	8
Security of Weapons & Documents	.059	8	.064	6
Performance of Mandatory Training	.035	14	.049	10
Inspection Results	.039	12	.038	14
Re-enlistment Rate	.043	11	.945	13
Personnel Appearance	.037	13	,023	17
AVIOL Rate	.016	18	.047	12
Unfavorable Personnel Actions	.023	17	.048	11
Execution of SOP's	.032	15	.035	15
Unit Area Appearance	.032	15	.020	18

AVERAGE PERCEIVED IMPORTANCE (WEIGHT) - 18 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS BATTALION AND COMPANY/BATTERY LEVEL - DIV E (N=8)

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	Bn Level	(N=4)	Co/Btry Level	(N=4)
Performance Indicator	X Weight	Rank	X Veight	Rank
ARTEP Performance	.076	4	.083	5
Maintenance	.075	5	. 075	6
Collective Training	.090	3	.099	2
Communication	.070	7	.151 .	1
Individual Training	.096	2	.091	4
Personnel Utilization	.099	1	.097	3
Supply Management	.037	14	.063	9
Accomplishment of Assigned Tasks	.028	17	.066	8
SOT Performance	.071	6	.071	7
Security of Weapons & ⁿ ocuments	.041	13	.036	13
Performance of Mandatory Training	.057	9	.053	10
Inspection Results	.030	15	.031	15
Re-enlistment Rate	.066	8	.041	12
Personnel Appearance	.028	17	.021	17
AMOL Rate	.054	10	.048	11
Unfavorable Personnel Actions	.049	11	.035	14
Execution of SOP's	.048	12	.023	16
Unit Area Appearance	.029	16	.011	18
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DISTRIBUTION

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1 US ARMY WESTERN COMMAND ATTN: APPE HQDA ATTN: DAAG-ED 1 HQ. ICATA ATTN: ATCAT-OP-U 1 HQ. USMEPCOM ATTN: MEPCT 2 HODA RESEARCH AND STUDIES OFC 1 MILTEARY OCCUPATIONAL DEVELOPMENT DIV DAPC-MSP-0, RM 852C HOFFMAN BLDG 1 HQUA JEFICE OF THE CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS DASD (MRA AND L) ATTN: DAMO-RUR 1 HQDA HQ TCATA TECHNICAL LIBRARY HODA ODCSPER ATTN: DAMI-ISI HODA USA AVIATION SYSTEMS COMD ATTN: DRSAV-ZOR EQUAL OPPORTUNITY BRANCH ATTN: AFZT-PA-HR USA CORADCOM ATTN: AMSEL-PA-RH USA ARRADCOM ATTN: ATFE-LO-AC HEADWARTERS US MARINE CORPS ATTN: CODE MTMT HEADWARTERS, US MARINE CORPS ATTN: CODE MPI-20 US ARMY EUROPE AND SEVENTH ARMY IST INFANTRY DIVISION AND FT, FILEY ATTN: AFZN-DPT-T CHIEF, ATTITUDE + OPINION SURVEY DIVISION ATTN: ATZI-NCR-MA, HOFFMAN BLDG II USA INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY COMMAND ATTN: 1A0PS+TNG-T HO THADOC TECHNICAL LIBRARY NAVAI TRAINING EQUIPMENT CEN ATIN: TECHNICAL MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL DEVELOPMENT DIRECTORATE ATIN: TECHNICAL LIBRARY ATTN: ATZI-NCR-MS-M, RM 3N33 HOFFMAN BLDG II DATA ANALYSIS DIVISION ATTN: ATZI-NC JURC JURATE ATTN: ATZI-N USA MILPERCEN ATTN: DAPC-P00-T USA URDNANCE + CHEMICAL CENTER AND SCHOOL ATTN: ATSL-DTC-P 8TH INFANTRY DIVISION HODA ARMY FORCE MODERNIZATION COORDINATION OFFICE HODA ATTN: DASG-PTB NAVAL AIR SYSTEM COMMANU 1230 USARCOM RESERVE CENTER US ARMY SOLDIER SUPPORT CENTER ATTN: ATSG-HDD (UR: CAVINESS) USA FORCES COMMAND AFPR - DEPTY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR PERSONNEL USA FORCES COMMAND AFLG - DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR LOGISTICS US ARMY AIR DEFENSE SCHOOL ATTNI ATSA-UT() DIRECTORATE OF TRAINING ATTN: ATZQ-T DIRECTORATE OF COMBAT DEVELOPMENTS ATTN: ATZQ-D HODAHCOM MARINE CORDS LIAISON (FC DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY US ARMY INTELLIGENCE + SECURITY COMMAND ANNISTON ARMY DEPOT ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS USA MISSILE COMMAND ATTN: DRSMI+NTN ARTAUS ATTN: DRCPM-TDS-TU USA FORCES COMMAND PM TRADE US MILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON OFC OF EQUAL OPPORTUNITY 1 NAVAL CIVILIAN PERSONNEL COMD SOUTHERN FLD DIV 22 ARI I TAISON OFFICE TTH ARMY TRAINING COMMAND ARMY TRAINING SUPPORT CENTER INDIVIDUAL TRAINING EVALUATION HQUA. DCSOPS UNIT TRAINING HQDA. DCSOPS INVIVIDUAL TRAINING TRAINING DIRECTORATE MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT HQDA. DCSUPS HQDA. DCSLOG HQDA. OCS STUDY OFFICE DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DIVISION (OP-15) HUMAN RESOURCE MGT AND PERSONAL AFFAIRS DEPT HUMAN RESOURCE MGT AND PERSONAL AFFAIRS DEPT DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY NAVAL MILITARY PERSONNEL COMMAND (N-62) NAVAL MILITARY PERSONNEL COMMAND (N-61) NAVAL MILITARY PERSONNEL COMMAND (N-4)

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1 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CENTER HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CENTER U.S. NAVY TRAINING ANALYSIS EVALUATION GROUP USACHEC ATTN: ATEC-EX-E HUMAN FACTORS 1 1 ATTN: SM-ALC/DPCR 1 USAFAGOS/TAC SENIOR ARMY ADVISOR OASA (RDA) DEPUTY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ١ OFC OF NAVAL RESEAFCH / 1 AFHRI /LRT 1 AFHRI /LRLG 1 AIR FORCE HUMAN RESOURCES LAB ATTN: AFHRL/TSR 1 AF AMRL/BB 1 NAVY PERSONNEL R AND D CENTER 1 UIRECTOR OF PROGRAMS NAVY PERSONNEL R AND D CENTER 1 NAVY PERSONNEL R AND D CENTER 1 OFC OF NAVAL RESEARCH PERSONNEL AND TRAINING RESEARCH PROGRAMS 2 NAVAL PERSONNEL R + D CENIER , OFC OF NAVAL RESEARCH PROJECT OFFICER, ENVIRONMENTAL PHYSIOLOGY OFC UF NAVAL RSCH ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS PRO. 1 NAVAL AEROSPACE MEDICAL RSCH LAB AIRBURNE RANGER RESEARCH NAVAL AEROSPACE MEDICAL RSCH LAB AEROSPACE PSYCHOLOGY DEPARTMENT 1 1 1 USA IRADOC SYSTEMS ANALYSIS ACTIVITY ATTN: ATAA-TCA HEADWUARTERS, COAST GUARD CHIFF, PSYCHOLOGICAL RSCH BR 1 USA RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY LAB ATTN: DAVDL-AS (DR. R. S. DUNN) 1 USA FNGINEER TUPOGRAPHIC LABS ATTN: ETL-GSL 1 USA FNGINEER TOPOGRAPHIC LABS ATTN: ETL-TD-S 1 USA MOBILITY EQUIPMENT R AND U COMU ATTN: DROME-TO (SCHOOL) NIGHT VISION LAB ATTN: DRSEL-NV-SDD USA TRAINING BUARD ATTN: ATTG-ATB-TA USA HUMAN ENGINEERING LAB 1 USA MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS ACTIVITY ATTN: DRXSY-C NAFEC HUMAN ENGINEERING BRANCH USA ARCTIC TEST CEN ATTN: AMSTE-PL-TS 1 USA COLD REGIONS TEST CEN ATTN: STECR-OP 1 ATTN: CSCA-RQP USA CONCEPTS ANALYSIS AGLY 1 ATTN: CSCA-JF USA CONCEPTS ANALYSIS AGCY 1 ATTN: ATZL-CAC-IC USACACDA ATTN: ATZL-CAC-IM USACACDA USACAC ATTN: ATZL-CAC-IA ATIN: ATZL-CAC-A USACACDA USA FLECTRONIC WARFARE LAS CHILF, INTELLIGENCE MATER DEVEL + SUPP OFF 1 USA RSCH DEVEL + STANDARDIZA GP, U.K. 1 1 AFWAN /FIGR (CDIC) 1 NAVY PERSONNEL RSCH + DEVEL CENTER ATTN: (CODE 307) 1 USA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CHIEF, BEHAV SCIENCES DIV, FOOD SCI LAB 1 TRAJANA ATTN: SAJS-OR 1 NAVAL AIR SYSTEMS COMMAND ATTN: AIR-5313 USACHEC TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER 1 USAARL LIBRARY USA IRADOC SYSTEMS ANALYSIS ACTIVITY ATTN: ATAA-SL (TECH LIBRARY) UNIFORMED SERVICES UNIT OF THE HEALTH SCI DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY USA COMPUTER SYSTEMS COMMAND ATTN: COMMAND TECHNICAL LIBRARY H-9 1 GRONINGER LIBRARY ATTN: ATZF-RS-L BLDG 1313 1 1 CENTER FOR NAVAL ANALYSIS 1 NAVAL HEALTH RSCH CEN LIBRARY 1 NAVAL PERSONNEL & AND D CEN LIBRARY ATTN: CODE P106 ATTN: AFHRL/OTS AIR FORCE HUMAN RESOURCES LAB Ł 1 HQ. FT. HUACHUCA ATTN: TECH RFF UIV USA ACADEMY OF HEALTH SCIENCES STIMSON LIBRARY (DOCUMENTS) 1 SCHOOL OF SYSTEMS AND LUGISTICS / 1 DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY TRAINING ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION GP I USMA DEPT OF BEHAVIORAL SCI AND LEADERSHIP I-2

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I USA COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF COLLEGE ATTN: LIBRARY 1 USA IRANSPORTATION SCHOOL USA TRANSP TECH INFO AND RSCH CEN USA ADMINCEN TECHNICAL RESEARCH BRANCH LIBRARY 1 USA FIELD ARTY HU 1 INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES USA TRAINING SUPPORT CENTER ATTN: ATTC-DST-PA 1 1 AFHRI TECHNOLOGY OFC (H) USA MOBILITY EQUIPMENT R AND D CUMMAND ATTN: DRUME-ZG 1 HQ. USA MOW ATTN: ANPE-OL 1 DA US ARMY RETRAINING BDE RESEARCH + EVALUATION DIVISION HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CEN, SAN DIEGO USAFA DEPT OF BEH SCI + LEADERSHIP 1 US MILITARY ACADEMY DEPT. OF HISTORY, BLDG 601 USA INTELLIGENCE CEN AND SCH ATTN: SCHOOL LIBRARY USA INTELLIGENCE CEN AND SCH ATTN: ATSI-DT-DL 1 1 MARINE CORPS INSTITUTE NAVAL SAFETY CENTER 1 . US CUAST GUARD ING CEN AITN: FUUCATIONAL SVCS OFFICER USAAVNC AND FT. RJCKER ATTN: ATZQ-ES US ARMY AVN THE LIBRARY AITH: CHIEF LIBRARIAN USA AIR DEFENSE SCHOOL AITN: ATSA-DT USAAVNC ATTN: ATZQ-D US MILITARY ACADEMY DIRECTOR OF INSTITUTIONAL RSCH 1 USA AIR DEFENSE SCHOUL AITN: AISA-CD-MS 1 USAADS-LIBRARY-DUCUMENTS USA AIR DEFENSE BOARD ATIN: FILES REPUSITORY USA SERGEANTS MAJOR ACADEMY ATTN: LEARNING RESOURCES CENTER USA INFANTRY BUARD ATTN: ATZB-18-AL USA INTELLIGENCE CEN AND SCH ATIN: ATSI-DOTD-SF 1 1 USA URDNANCE CEN AND SCH ATTN: ATSL-TU-TAC 1 USA ARMOR SCHOUL ATTN: AIZK-TI) USA ARMOR CENTER DIRECTORATE OF COMBAT DEVELOPMENTS NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCH ATTN: DUULEY KNOX LIBRARY (CODF 1424) ł 1 USA TRANSPORTATION SCHOOL DEPUTY ASST. COMMANDANT EDUCA. TECHNOLOGY 1 USA SIGNAL SCHOOL AND FI. GORDON ATTN: ATZH-ET USA WUARTERMASIER SCH ATIN: ATSM-TNG-IM-ET USA MILITARY PULICE SCHOOL ATTN: LIBRARY USA ARMOR CENTER + FT. KNUX OFFICE OF ARMOR FORCE MGT + STANDARDIZATION CHIEF OF NAVAL EDUCATION AND TNG USA SIGNAL SCHOOL + FT. GORDON EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY DIVISION HQ AIC/XPTD TRAINING SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT I USA INSTITUTE FOR MILITARY ASSISTANCE ATTN: ATSU-TD-TA 1 USAISD ATTN: ATSIL-UT US ARMY ARMOR CENTER ATTN: ATTN-TU-PMO 1 USA AIR DEFENSE CENTER, FI. BLISS ATTN: ATZC-DIM I USA WUARTERMASTER SCHOUL DIRECTORATE OF TRAINING DEVELOPMENTS 1 US CUAST GUARD ACADEMY 1 USA IRANSPORTATION SCHOOL DIRECTORATE OF TRAINING + DOCTRINE 1 USA INFANTRY SCHOOL LIBRARY USA INFANTRY SCHOOL ATTN: ATSH-1-V 1 1 US ARMY INFANTRY SCHOOL AITN: ATSH-CU 1 USA INFANTRY SCHOOL ATTN: ATSH-UUT-LRU 1 USA INFANTRY SCHOOL AFTN: AISH-EV 1 USA MP + CHEM SCH/ING CEN + FT. MCCLELLAN ATTN: ATZN-PTS 1 USA MP + CHEM SCH/TNG CEN + FT. MCCLELLAN DIR. COMBAT DEVELOPMENT 1 USA MP + CHEM SCH/TNG CEN + FT. MCCLELLAN DIR: TRAINING DEVELOPMENT 1 USA MP + CHEM SCH/ING CEN + FI. MCCLELLAN ATTN: ATZN-MP-ACE 1 USA INSTITUTE OF ADMINISTRATION ATTN: RESIDENT TRAINING MANAGEMENT 1 USA FIELD ARTILLERY SCHOOL MORKIS SWEIT LIBRARY USA INSTITUTE OF ADMINISTRATION ACADEMIC LIBRARY 1 1 USA WAR COLLEGE ATTN: LIBRARY 1 USA FNGINEER SCHOOL LIHRARY AND LEARNING RESOURCES CENTER 1 USA ARMOR SCHOUL (USARMS) AITN: LIBRARY

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1 US CUAST GUARD ACADEMY LIBRARY 1 USA TRANSPORTATION SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION SCHOOL LIBRARY ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS CEN + SCH ATTN: LIBRARIAN 1 1 US ARMY INTELLIGENCE CENTER + SCHOOL ATTN: ATSI-TD 1 US ARMY INTELLIGENCE CENTER + SCHOOL ATTN: ATSI-RM-M 1 US ARMY INTELLIGENCE CENTER + SCHOOL ATTN: ATSI-TO-LD 1 US ARMY INTELLIGENCE CENTER + SCHOOL ATTN: ATSI-DT-SF-IM EDUCATION CENTER 1 US MARINE CORPS USA FIELD ARTILLERY SCHOOL DIRECTORATE OF COURSE DEV + TRAINING 1 1 DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FURCE AIR UNIVERSITY LIBRARY (ATC) 1 USA CHAPLAIN CENTER + SCHOUL ATIN: ATSC-TD-OD USA CHAPLAIN CENTER + SCHUOL ATTN: ATSC-TD-ED 1 ATTN: ATSC-TD-SF USA CHAPLAIN CENTER + SCHUOL 1 1 USA CHAPLAIN CENTER + SCHUOL ATTN: ATSC-DOS-LLC 1 DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SCHOOL 1 NAVAL POST GRADUATE SCHOOL 1 HQ THADOC TRAINING DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE 2 BRITISH EMBASSY BRITISH DEFENCE STAFF 2 CANADIAN JOINT STAFF 1 CDLS (W) LIBRARY 1 FRENCH ARMY ATTACHE 1 AUSTRIAN EMBASSY DEFENSE, MILITARY AND AIR ATTACHE 3 CANADIAN DEFENCE LIAISON STAFF ATTN: COUNSELLOR, DEFENCE R AND D 1 ROYAL NETHERLANDS EMBASSY MILITARY ATTACHE 1 CANADIAN FORCES BASE CURNWALLIS ATTN: PERSONNEL SELECTION 2 CANADIAN FORCES PERSONNEL APPL RSCH UNIT 1 ARMY PERSONNEL RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT 6 LIBRARY OF CONGRESS EXCHANGE AND GIFT DIV 1 DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CEN ATTN: DTIC-DDA-2 140 LIBRARY OF CONGRESS UNIT DOCUMENTS EXPEDITING PROJECT 1 US GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFC LIBRARY, PUBLIC DOCUMENTS DEPARTMENT 1 US GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFC LIBRARY AND STATUTORY, LIB DIV (SLL) 1 THE ARMY LIBRARY ATTN: ARMY STUDIES SEC 3 ROYAL ARMY EDUCATIONAL CURPS CENTRE ARMY SCHOOL OF TRAINING SUPPORT 1 / /

NUMBER OF ADDRESSEES 222

TOTAL NUMBER OF CUPIES 401