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ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL CANOGA PARK CA ROCKETDYNE DIV  
TURBINE WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS. (U)

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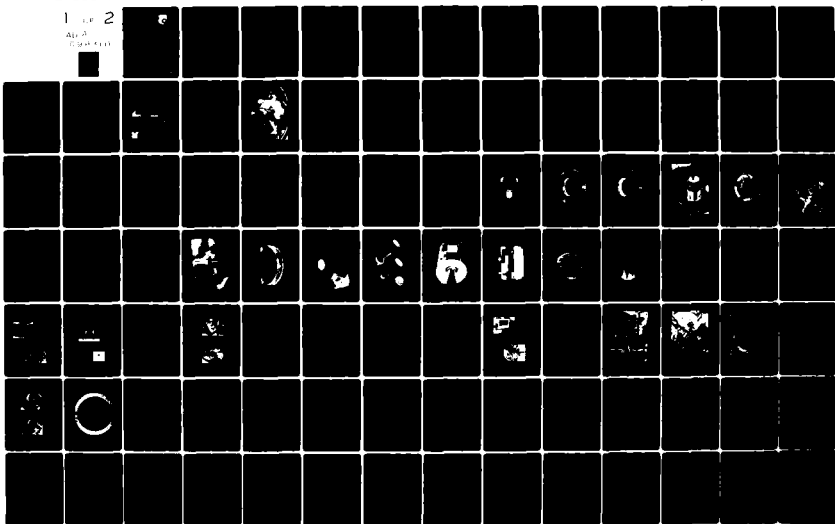
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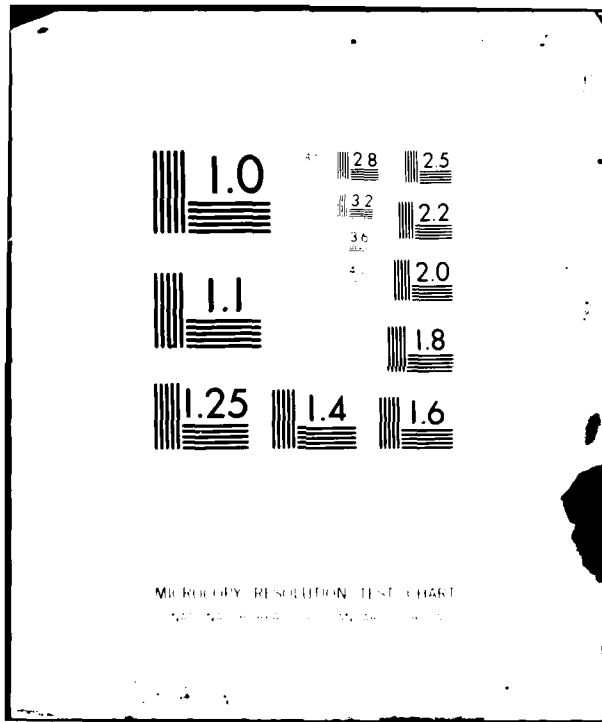
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# TURBINE WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

R. F. SUTTON  
ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL  
CANOGA PARK, CA 91304

JANUARY 1981

TECHNICAL REPORT AFWAL-TR-80-2123  
Final Report for period August 1979 - October 1980

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PHILLIP G. COLEGROVE  
Project Engineer



RICHARD D. FRANKLIN, MAJOR, USAF  
Chief, Power Systems Branch

FOR THE COMMANDER



JAMES D. REAMS  
Chief, Aerospace Power Division  
Aero Propulsion Laboratory

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. AD A098310	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) TURBINE WINDAGE Torque Tests. FINAL REPORT	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED FINAL rept. August 1979 - October 1980	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER RI/RD-80-220 ✓
7. AUTHOR(s) R. Sutton	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s) F33615-79-C-2073 NEW	9. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS 31450141
10. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Rocketdyne Division Rockwell International 6633 Canoga Ave., Canoga Park, CA 91304	11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Aero Propulsion Laboratory Wright Patterson Air Force Base Ohio 45433	12. REPORT DATE January 1981
13. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office) 12 151	14. SECURITY CLASS (of this report) Unclassified	15. NUMBER OF PAGES 17 01
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Windage torque, shrouded and unshrouded turbine disc, disc friction, vane pumping, rotary torque transformer		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Systems for producing high electrical power on demand include the use of a turbine/gas generator system. The power absorption by turbine windage is an important factor in determining the sizes of the vacuum pump and drive, if the turbine exhaust cavity is to be evacuated, and the size and quality of the vacuum isolation valve on the turbine exhaust system. Rocketdyne conducted windage torque tests on a MK15E3-2 turbine at speeds up to 30,000 RPM where torque contributions of shrouded and unshrouded wheels, single wheel, and bearing and seal power losses were determined at turbine cavity air		

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20. → pressure of 0.3 psia to atmospheric pressure (14.3 psia). Windage torque losses of the shrouded two-wheel system at atmospheric conditions represented about 2.6 percent of the overall rated turbine horsepower (155 versus 6,000 HP). ←

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## PREFACE

The work herein was conducted under Contract F32615-79-C-2073, Project 3145, Task 314501, Work Unit Number 31450141, for the Air Force Wright Aeronautical Laboratories from 20 August 1979 through October 1980 by Rocketdyne, a division of Rockwell International. At Rocketdyne, Mr. R. S. Siegler, Program Manager, and Mr. R. F. Sutton, Project Engineer, were responsible for the overall direction of the Turbine Windage Testing using the MK 15E3-2 turbine. Mr. P. Colegrove of the Air Force Propulsion Laboratory was the focal point for the direction and coordination of the program between the USAF and Rocketdyne.

Important contribution to the conduct of the program and to the preparation of the report material were made by the following Rocketdyne personnel.

Turbomachinery:	Mr. J. Boynton
Rotordynamics:	Mr. B. Rowan
	Mr. J. Hodges
Development Laboratory:	Mr. D. Butman
	Mr. C. Brown

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## SUMMARY

The objective of the Turbine Windage Torque Program was to obtain test data on windage losses on various configurations of the MK15E3-2 turbine, and to develop a method of predicting windage losses on other turbines of similar design.

The Rocketdyne Engineering Laboratory rotary dynamics vacuum test chamber, with a 0-60,000 RPM, 300 HP dynamometer, was selected as the test facility. A rotary transformer (brushless) torque sensor, using air/oil mist lubrication for the bearings and mounted between the dynamometer output shaft and the turbine, was selected. For test speeds to 30,000 RPM, the brushless rotary transformer represented the most positive, low risk system to acquire the torque data.

Modifications of the turbine and fabrication of supportive hardware for the windage tester began in September 1979 and ended with the successful accomplishment of all testing during the month of September 1980. A total of twenty-two tests were run encompassing the entire test matrix at turbine cavity pressures of from 0.3 psia to atmospheric conditions. A total of 32,810 seconds turbine run time, including in-place balance spin up, was accumulated on the windage tester system with no major problems. Considerable difficulty was experienced in the alignment of the turbine-torquemeter-dynamometer system; however, final alignment was well within the requirements. Post test examination of the spline teeth showed virtually no scuffing, or wear. Balancing of the torquemeter system also proved difficult since an unusually high residual unbalance was indicated at the normal in-place balance speed of 2,000 RPM. Empirical test results and a re-balance at 5,000 RPM resolved the problem with no further difficulties encountered throughout the test program.

The data acquired during the testing was evaluated and compared with the results of previous analysis and test investigations. Torque predictions for the turbine bearings and oil seal differed from the test values for the

no disc configuration. The previous analytical predictions were updated to more closely agree with the test torque. The turbine floating ring seal torque predictions also differed from the test derived value. Again, the predictions were updated to more closely approximate the test value. For the two-rotor tests, the test torque value averaged 98 percent higher than the updated torque predictions at 14 psia cavity pressure from the 20,000 to 30,000 RPM region. At 7 psia cavity pressure, for the same speed region, the test torque averaged 66 percent higher than the updated predictions. In the case of the single-wheel test, the test torque averaged 33 percent higher than the updated predictions at 14 psia cavity pressure and in the 20,000 to 30,000 RPM speed region. At 7 psia cavity pressure, the recorded torque averaged 11 percent higher than the updated predictions. No observable torque difference was noted between the shrouded E3 second stage wheel and the unshrouded E1 second stage wheel. The unpowered turbine power loss, including disc friction, vane pumping, bearing and seal friction at 30,000 RPM and 14 psia was approximately 2.6 percent of the total designed MK15E3-2 turbine horsepower, or 155 versus 6,000 horsepower. Based on the results of this test program, the experimentally based correlation derived by previous investigators did not adequately predict the actual observed disc friction, vane pumping, and shroud ring friction torque. Predicted torque deviated from the empirical results for the two-wheel configuration. The non-symmetrical, reaction type blading of the second rotor apparently causes greater windage losses than previously calculated when using torque coefficients from tests of symmetrical blading. The effect of the type of blading should be studied in greater detail.

Figure A presents the empirical results of the two-wheel shrouded configuration MK15E3-2 turbine for the initial test series (Tests 1-006, 1-009 and 1-010). At maximum rotor speeds (30,000 RPM), the horsepower requirement for this configuration was 155, 93 and 27 HP at cavity pressures of 14, 8 and 0.3 psia, respectively. Raw test data for the remainder of the test configurations may be found in the appendix. Turbine exhaust pressure level is a strong influence on the total windage power requirements during coast periods of an

operational turbine. Methods to lower the cavity pressure, or density, will benefit the overall system operation.

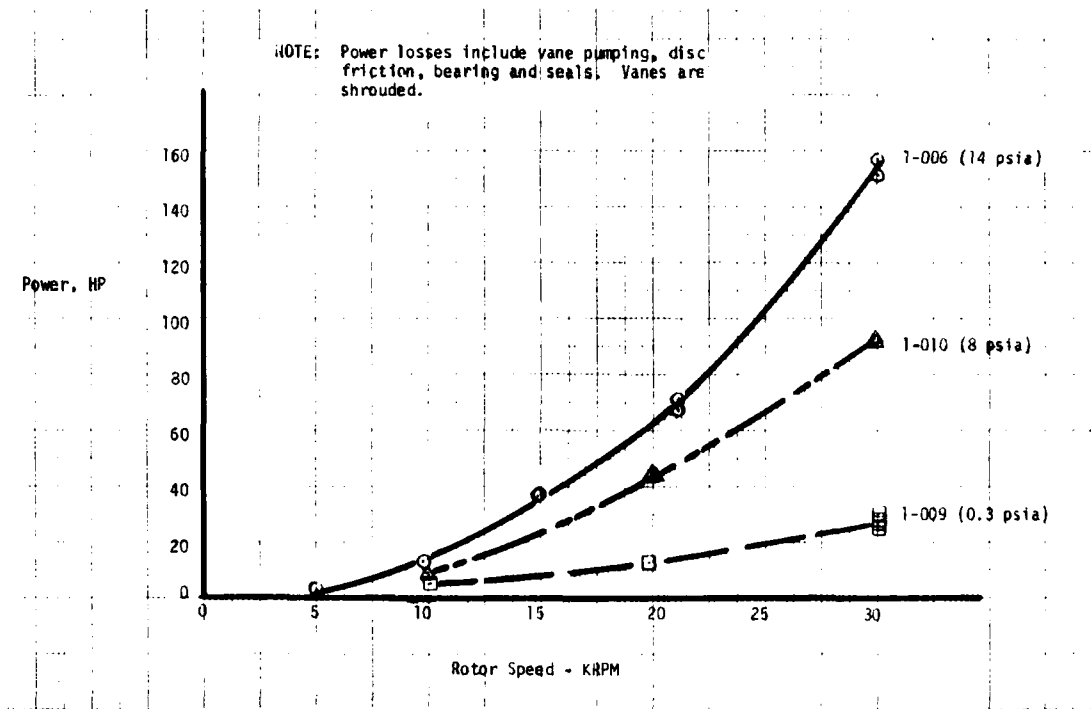


Figure A. MK15E3-2 Power Losses Summary  
Horsepower versus Rotor Speed  
versus Cavity Pressure

## INTRODUCTION

Various methods have been proposed for rapidly producing high electrical power on demand using a turbine/generator system. One scheme is to spin the generator at operating speed, with the turbine at rest and connect the turbine to the generator by means of an overrunning clutch. The turbine can then be brought up to speed very quickly under no-load condition and engage the generator by means of the clutch. This approach requires the development of a high speed, high power overrunning clutch which may be very difficult to accomplish.

Another possibility is the concept of idling the entire turbine/generator as a unit at no-load condition by means of an electric or hydraulic motor. This approach is much more desirable than the overrunning clutch concept if the turbine windage torque is low enough to idle it at full speed. The power required to idle the system is unknown and cannot be accurately calculated analytically. The power absorption by windage is an important factor in determining the feasibility of this approach because it will determine the required size of the idling motor. It will also determine the sizes of the vacuum pump and drive, if the turbine housing is to be evacuated and the size and quality of the vacuum isolation valve in the turbine exhaust.

The objective of the windage torque program was to obtain test data on the windage losses of various configurations of the Mark 15 E3-2 (fast start) turbine and to develop a method of predicting windage losses on other turbines of similar design.

The program was divided into four tasks: Task I - Design/Analysis, Task II - Hardware Preparation, Task III - Testing and Task IV - Data Analysis. The program began in September 1979 with all testing conducted in September 1980.

## TASK I - DESIGN/ANALYSIS

Design and analytical studies were conducted to support the test of an MK 15E3-2 turbine assembly, P/N XEOR 943562, Unit No. 2, a Government Furnished Part.

Task I effort consisted basically of three major subtasks: (1) a method had to be devised to mount and drive the turbine, (2) because of specific requirements to measure torque as a function of turbine back pressure, a method was necessary to vary and control the turbine exhaust pressure from low partial vacuum levels to atmospheric conditions and (3) incorporate a system to measure torque during turbine spin operations to 31,000 rpm.

### Drive Systems and Mounting

A review of the major requirements led to the decision to drive the MK 15E3-2 turbine by an electric motor housed in the Rocketdyne Engineering Laboratory Rotary Dynamics Test facility.

The Rotary Dynamics Test Facility encompasses an area of approximately 1,000 sq. ft. with an enclosed control and instrumentation room and adjoining test cell below factory floor level test area (Fig. 1). The testing is conducted from the control room which also contains the recording equipment and visual display of selected parameters. The console in the Control Room contains the dynamometer control panel and gages and pressure regulators used in operation of the test.

Access to the test area, 12 feet below the factory floor level, is by a stairwell at the northwest corner of the area. The test chamber is cylindrical, 14 feet in diameter by 11 feet tall, with a removable domed cover and has a 2- by 4-foot oval personnel access door. Evacuation of the of the chamber is possible by two mechanical-type vacuum pumps that can reduce the entire chamber pressure to 100 mm Hg absolute in approximately 10 minutes and can maintain 400 mm Hg absolute with 0.5 lb/sec of gaseous nitrogen being injected into the chamber.



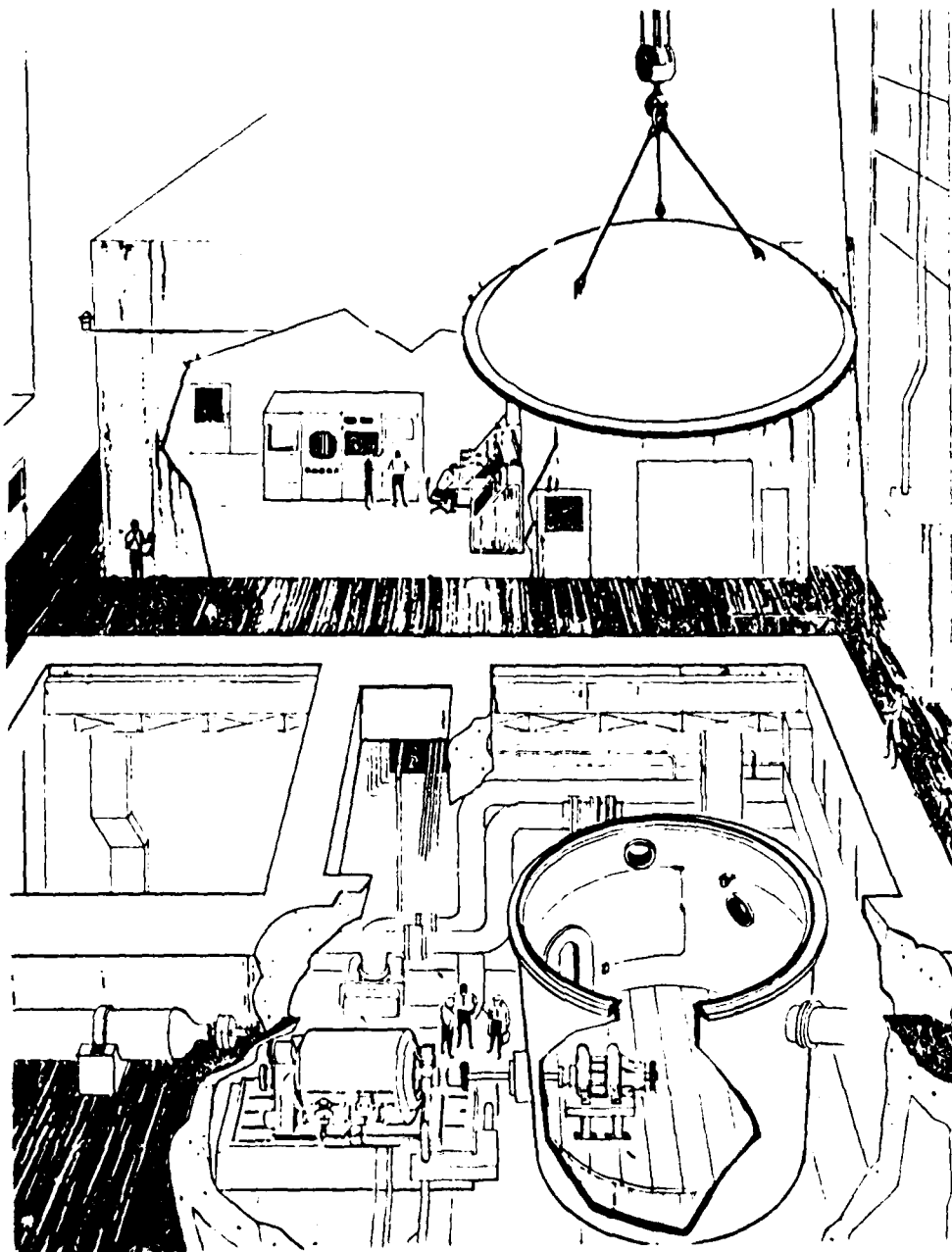


FIGURE 1. Rotary Dynamics Test Facility Schematic

The prime mover for this facility is a 300 hp, 0 to 6000 rpm, d-c dynamometer with its output shaft extended through the test chamber wall and coupled to the input shaft of a 10:1 speed increasing gearbox (Fig. 2). The gearbox output high-speed pinion shaft is coupled to the test rotating assembly with a splined shaft approximately 6 inches long to clear the gearbox assembly. Gearbox lubrication is accomplished with a recirculation system for chamber vacuum levels above 100 mm Hg (11 para) absolute and a single-pass blowdown system for chamber vacuum levels below 100 mm Hg absolute.

The Rotary Dynamics Test Facility had been successfully utilized in 1978 during diagnostic laboratory testing of the Space Shuttle Fuel High Pressure Turbine Blade Evaluation.<sup>1</sup> Similar speed levels and rotor masses were used during that testing.

The tester was designed with the MK15E3-2 turbine mounted with the rotor horizontal, using an in-line rotary transformer for torque measurement mounted between the turbine and the dynamometer output shaft (Figure 3). A discussion of the necessary turbine modifications and design analysis is presented below:

A. Turbine Assembly, P/N XEOR 943562 Modifications

Four basic modifications to the turbine design will be necessary to permit adapting to the Windage Torque Tester (Fig. 3):

1. Front Bearing Carrier, P/N XEOR 939902D3

Adequate oil lubrication drainage in the tester's horizontal position requires enlargement of one of the existing drain slots. This modification will not cause any future operational problems when tested as a turbine only assembly. Figure 4 shows the modification area of the front bearing carrier.

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<sup>1</sup>Rocketdyne Report RSS-8626 High Speed Rotating Diagnostic Laboratory Testing, R. F. Sutton, November 1978, Rockwell International.



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Figure 2. Rotary Dynamics Test Chamber

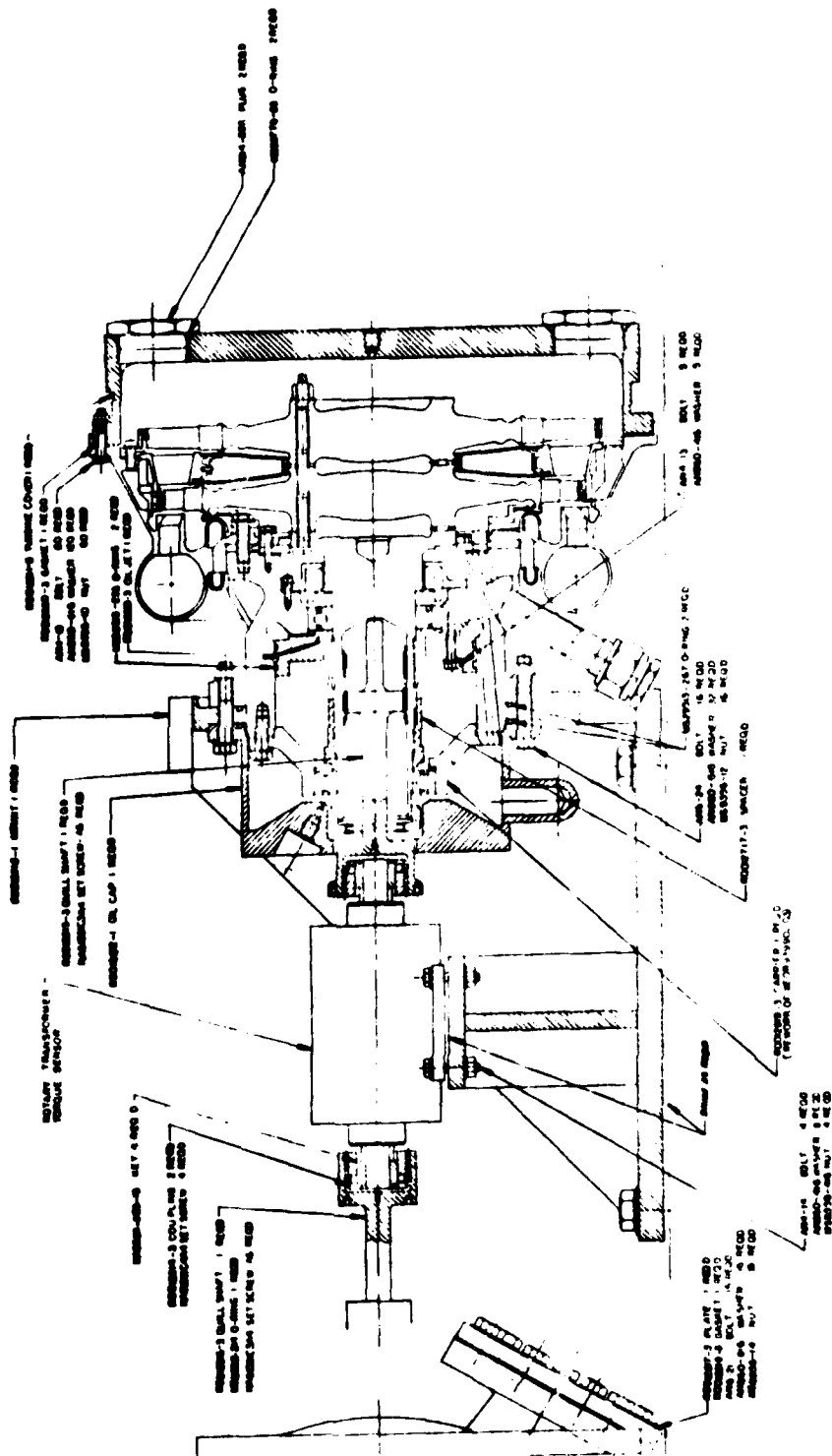


Figure 3. MK15E3-2 Windage Torque Schematic

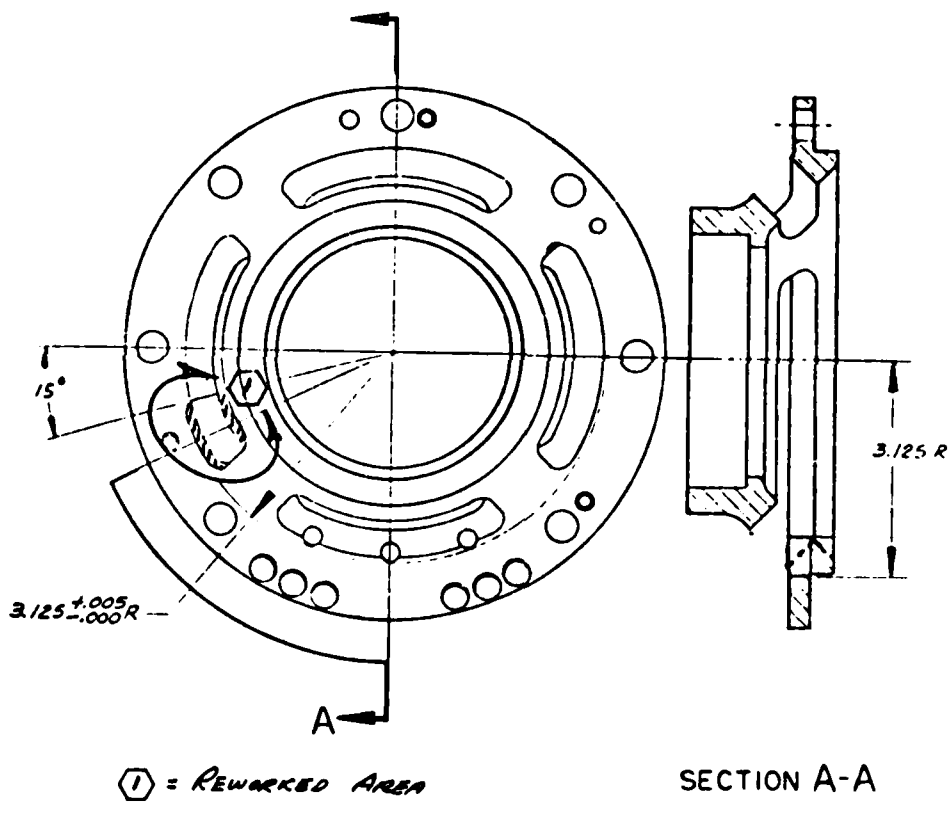


Figure 4: Front Bearing Carrier Modification

2. Bronze Thrust Washer, P/N XEOR 939903D1

The bronze thrust washer must be removed from the assembly to lower the required torque necessary to rotate the turbine. The high torque requirement inherent with the installed bronze thrust washer would mask the actual windage torque caused by the turbine wheels.

3. Turbine Bearing Oil Jet Assembly, P/N XEOR 939902D3

At the same time the bronze thrust washer is removed, a replacement oil jet assembly must be installed. Without the thrust washer, oil lubrication of the bearings would not be effective since leakage from the oil transfer tubes would prevent adequate bearing lubrication flow. The replacement oil jet assembly would be patterned from the original jet assembly except three jets of 0.055 inch diameter in place of the single jet will be used to assure adequate oil lubrication in the horizontal position. Control of the upstream pressure will permit a large variation in the bearing flow (0-2 GPM), as required, to maintain bearing temperatures below 150°F.

4. Runner, P/N XEOR 939902D9

In spite of the drainage modification to the front bearing carrier (see Item 1 above), a possibility exists that oil will accumulate in the runner area and will contact the outer diameter of the runner during operation. Foaming of the oil with additional drag caused by contact with the runner requires the runner to be replaced with a spacer. A design similar to the balance spacer, P/N XEOR 939921D2, will be used to provide the required axial pre-load on the bearings. Actual runner width was measured (2.197 inches) to assure the correct pre-load afforded by the new spacer. The runner can be replaced with a spacer since stack balancing (component by component) procedure was used in the balancing of the MK-15E3-2 turbine. That is, the runner was balanced after installation on the balanced shaft. The turbine wheels were added and the final balance made at the planes of the 1st and 2nd stage turbine wheel.

B. Mount Assembly, P/N R0012810

In order to mount the turbine in the horizontal position, a mount was designed to attach to the 16-hole bolt-circle flange of the XEOR 939902D10 turbine carrier assembly. The mount is attached to a large mass base (Kirtsite) of the test cell by bolting. Shimming, if required, is provided between the base plate and the base. (See assembly drawing, P/N R0012809.) In addition, the rotary transformer torque meter is mounted at a pad provided on the mount with shimming provided, if required.

C. Front Bearing Oil Cap, P/N R0012812

Lubrication of the front bearing and oil drain provisions from both bearings necessitated the design of the front bearing oil cap. Three lube jets of 0.055 inch diameter each are provided, similar to the turbine bearing oil jet assembly, and will supply about 0.5 gpm per jet at 100 psig supply pressure. The front bearing and turbine bearing oil supply is a common source with individual oil jet flow measurements. A one-inch diameter drain base is provided to drain the estimated 3 gpm maximum lubrication oil flow. To enhance draining, the cavity drain line is attached to a scavenge pump of 5 gpm capacity.

D. Quill Shafts (Drive P/N R0012816; Turbine P/N R0012815)

Each quill shaft has been designed for minimum mass (aluminum) and best fit alignment to minimize wear on the torque meter bearings (two per torque meter). Two additional critical speeds appear in the test system with the addition of the torque meter. A detailed discussion of the system rotordynamics is discussed later.

E. Turbine Cover, P/N R0012311

One of the major design considerations was the ability to control the turbine back pressure and monitor windage heating. A simple solution was to adapt a steel cover to the bolt circle of the turbine exhaust flange. The cover is designed with two large threaded posts (2.2 inch diameter) at

the outer diameter. At partial vacuum conditions, one port is capped (bottom) while the other port (top) is connected to the facility vacuum pumping system by a one-inch diameter Cres line through a heat exchanger and then through a flow control valve. Steady partial vacuum levels within the turbine exhaust cavity can be maintained. The heat exchanger was added to cool the heated exhaust air to prevent damage to the soft seat material of the flow control valve. At atmospheric conditions, both large ports are opened to provide free flow of atmospheric air. The steel cover, although very heavy, was chosen to provide adequate stress margin for the expected 1000<sup>0</sup>F windage heating temperature. Instrumentation bosses were added to permit pressure and temperature profiles across the turbine disc diameter.

#### Torquemeter Selection

Selection of the torquemeter was made based on analytical calculation of the expected torque which set the required torquemeter range and the most reliable type to withstand the projected high speed operation with minimum risk to operation and data acquisition. In the final selection, two rotary torquemeter transformers (brushless) of 100 and 500 in-lb torque ranges were selected from Lebow Associates, Inc. of Troy, Michigan. Special air/oil mist lubrication for the Model 1604-100 (100 in-lb) and Model 1604-500 (500 in-lb) torquemeter bearings was included with the purchase order. In addition, since prolonged operation at the 30,000 RPM level was anticipated, special thermocouple insertion ports in the outer case of the torquemeter housings were requested to permit installation of 1/16-inch diameter thermocouples. As a speed backup system, the speed sensor option was also requested from Lebow for each torquemeter. A magnetic pickup sensor detects speed by a 60-tooth gear installed on the torquemeter shaft within the housing. Signal conditioning and readout capability is provided by the Lebow Model 7540 signal conditioner which is specifically suited for these torquemeter models. Expected windage torque was calculated to be between 90-150 in-lb plus bearing and seal torque (perhaps 50 in-lb); therefore, the 500-in-lb range model was selected for the tests



determining wheel/vane pumping torque while the 100 in-lb range model was selected to monitor tests when bearing and seal torque was to be determined.

### Rotordynamic Analysis

Once the turbine mounting, torquemeter selection and coupling arrangements were defined, a rotordynamics analysis was accomplished to determine the critical speed(s) of the system. A series of design-analysis-redesign effort was accomplished to eventually arrive at the most reliable and stable rotor system. An existing rotordynamic analysis model was modified to correspond to the turbine windage tester design (reference Figure 3). Figure 5 shows a schematic of the three test configurations (two discs, end disc replaced and both discs replaced) along with the corresponding system analytical model.

Referring to the Figure 5 schematics, the MK15E3-2 Windage tester in its three configurations will be tested with both turbine discs, with the outer disc replaced with a mass, and with both discs replaced with a mass. The existing model was updated to incorporate these and other minor changes to the shaft. The torquemeter has been modeled in two configurations for comparison. The 500 in-lb torquemeter has a "square" cross-section where strain gages are attached while the 100 in-lb torquemeter has a "squirrel cage" section. The couplings have been modeled as unlocked, utilizing moment releases at appropriate model nodes. This analysis assumes an aluminum quill shaft. Red-line values for the test were chosen on the peak deflections of the torquemeter shaft. This is required because the critical speeds of the torquemeter shaft are the ones which will ultimately damage the torquemeter. Referring to Figure 8, the shaft was analytically loaded statically and maximum displacements were obtained for both assumed bearing spring rates. Figure 9 is a plot of bearing load vs. torquemeter displacement. Actual torquemeter shaft displacement red-line recommendation is 0.016 inch radial displacement. Mode shapes are shown for a typical case in Figures 6 and 7 and remain typical for all cases except for changes in displacement amplitude. Comparative results of the six configurations are tabulated in Tables 1 through 6.

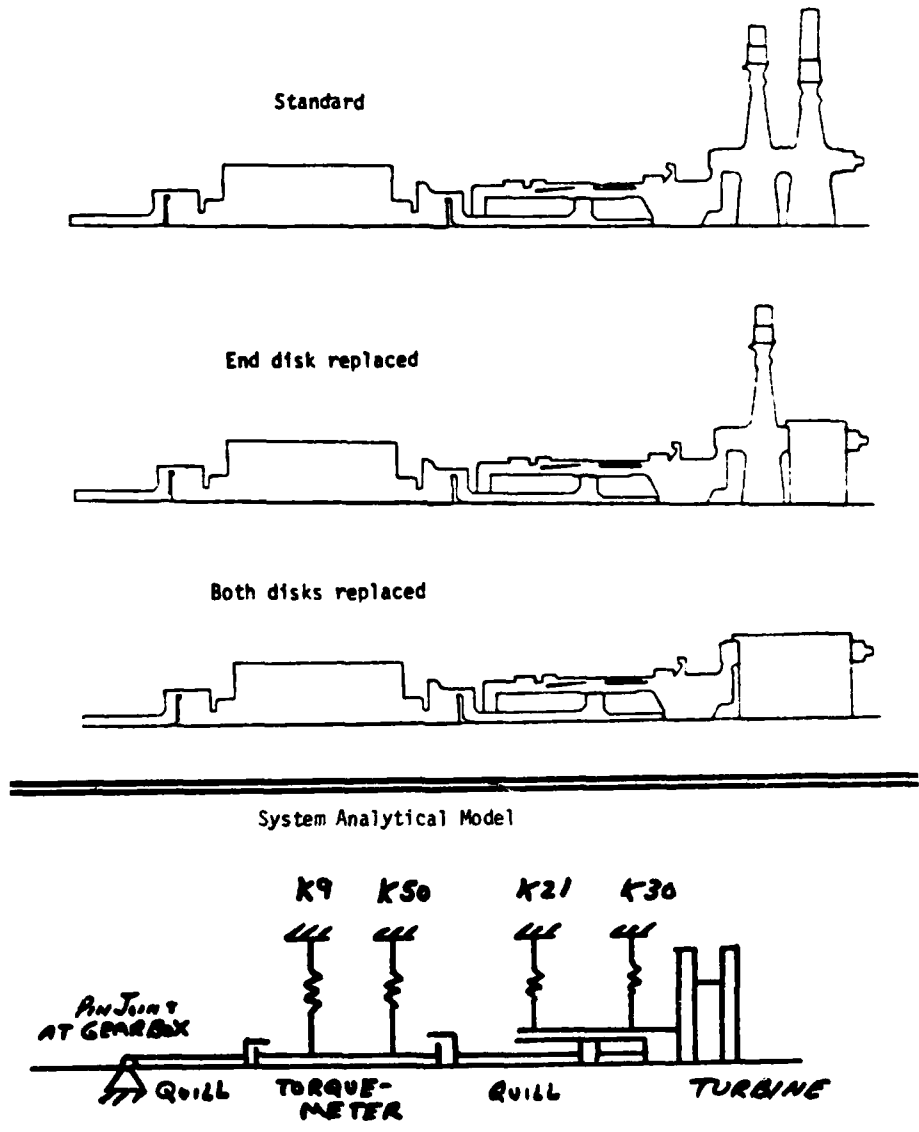


FIGURE 5. MK15E3-2 Windage Test Configurations

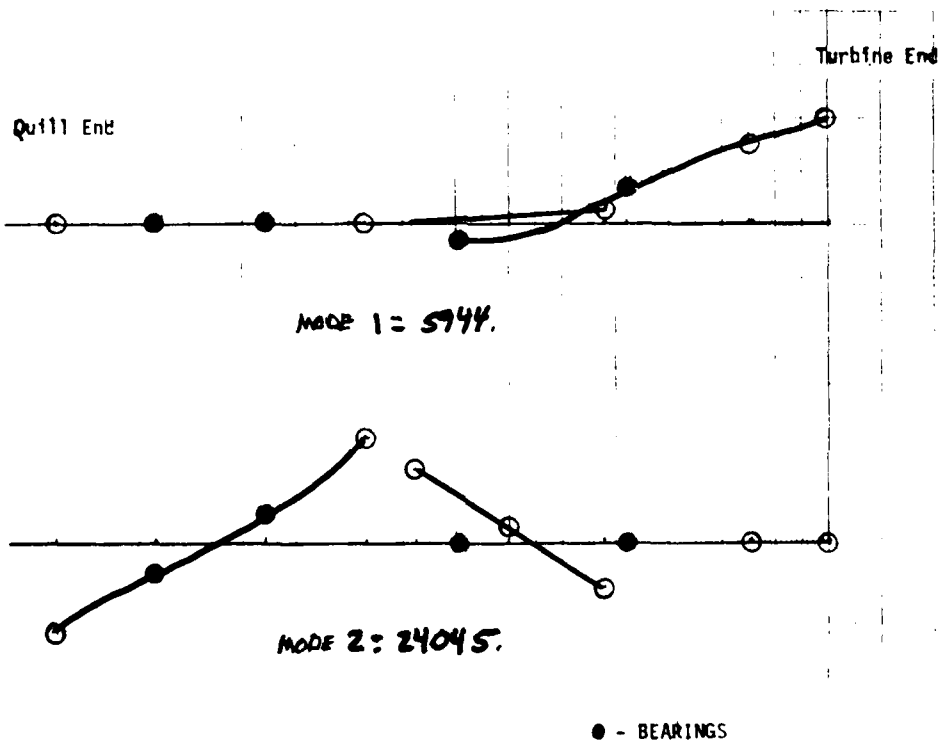


FIGURE 6. MK15E3-2 Mode Shapes

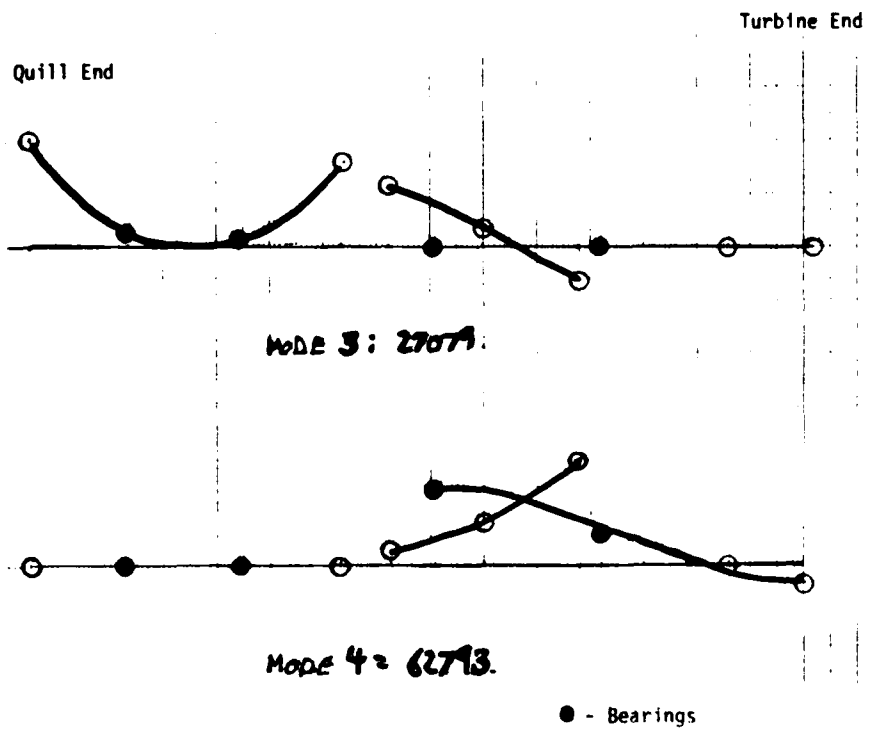


FIGURE 7. MK15E3-2 Mode Shapes

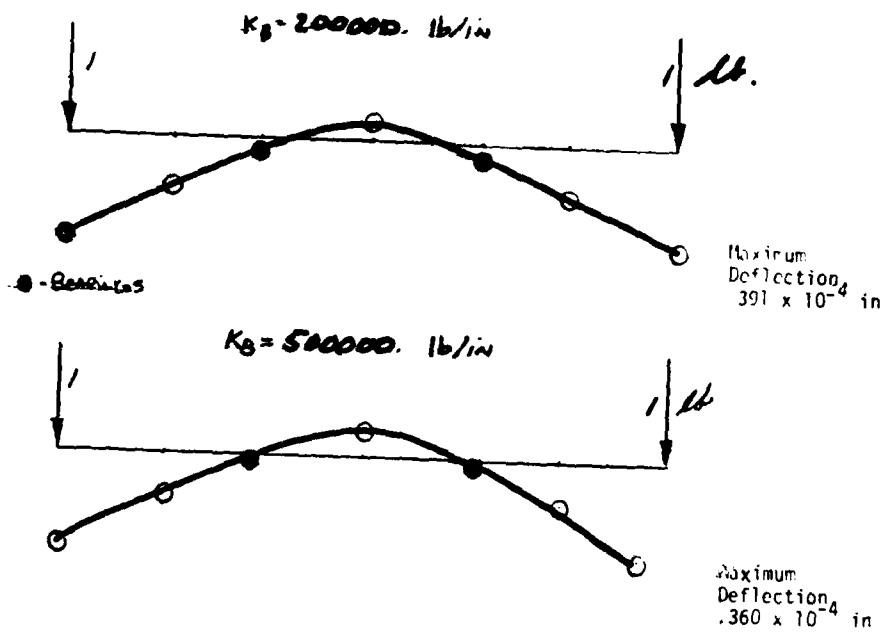


FIGURE 8. MK15E3-2 Quill Shaft Deflection

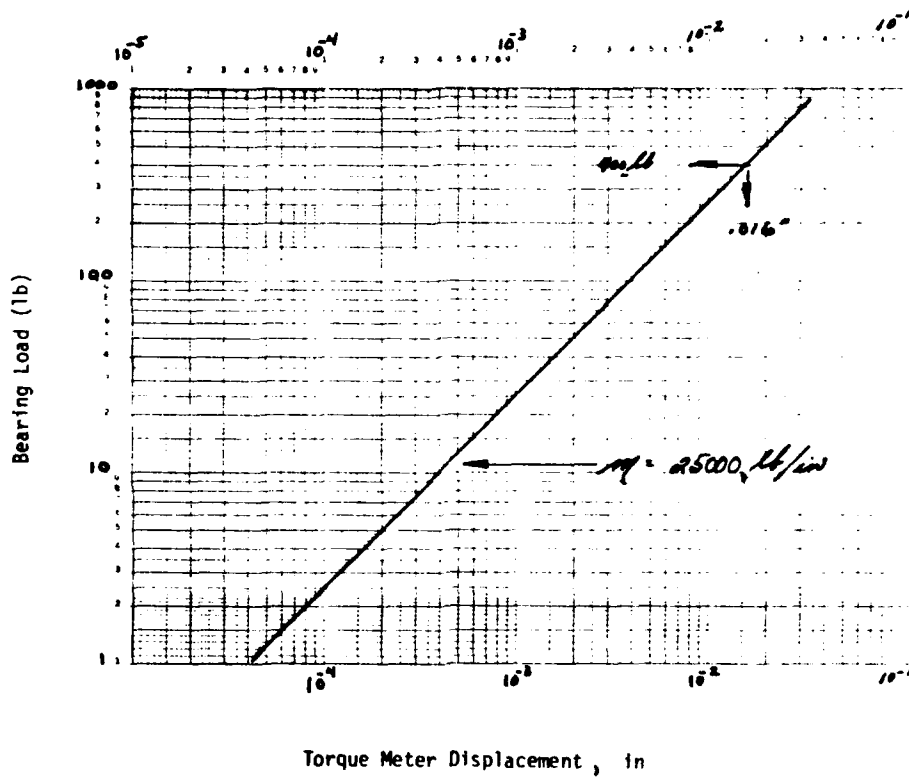


FIGURE 9. MK15E3-2 Torque-Meter Displacement vs Load

BRG STIFFNESS X 10 <sup>-6</sup>				CRITICAL SPEED (RPM)			
K <sub>9</sub>	K <sub>50</sub>	K <sub>21</sub>	K <sub>30</sub>	N1	N2	N3	N4
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	5157	24045	27079	76680
0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	7927	24045	27079	82143
0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0	10734	24045	27079	82194
0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	5157	28274	34371	76680
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	7927	28274	34371	97164
0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	10734	28274	34371	97935

NOTE: Square TM, alum. quill, unlocked

TABLE 1. Bearing Stiffness versus Critical Speed,  
Standard Case - 500 in-lb Torquemeter

BRG STIFFNESS X 10 <sup>-6</sup>				CRITICAL SPEED (RPM)			
K <sub>9</sub>	K <sub>50</sub>	K <sub>21</sub>	K <sub>30</sub>	N1	N2	N3	N4
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	5157	24276	36679	76680
0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	7927	24276	36679	931
0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0	10733	24276	36679	93194
0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	5157	39904	40855	76680
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	7927	39904	40355	97193
0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	10733	39904	40855	98021

NOTE: Squirrel cage TM, alum. quill, unlocked.

Table 2. Bearing Stiffness versus Critical Speed,  
Standard Case - 100 in-lb Torquemeter

BRG STIFFNESS X 10 <sup>-6</sup>				CRITICAL SPEED (RPM)			
K <sub>9</sub>	K <sub>50</sub>	K <sub>21</sub>	K <sub>30</sub>	N1	N2	N3	N4
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	5944	24045	27079	62793
0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	9140	24045	27079	82149
0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0	12380	24045	27079	82149
0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	5944	28274	34371	62793
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	9140	28274	34371	92135
0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	12380	28274	34371	97929

NOTE: Square TM, alum. quill, unlocked.

TABLE 3. Bearing Stiffness versus Critical Speed,  
End Disc Replaced - 500 in-lb Torquemeter

BRG STIFFNESS X 10 <sup>-6</sup>				CRITICAL SPEED (RPM)			
K <sub>9</sub>	K <sub>50</sub>	K <sub>21</sub>	K <sub>30</sub>	N1	N2	N3	N4
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	5944	24276	36678	62793
0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	9140	24276	36672	42073
0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0	12380	24276	36673	93193
0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	5944	34904	40855	62794
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	9140	34904	40855	92138
0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	12380	34904	40855	97965

NOTE: Squirrel cage TM, alum. quill, unlocked.

TABLE 4. Bearing Stiffness versus Critical Speed,  
End Disc Replaced - 100 in-lb Torquemeter



BRG STIFFNESS X 10 <sup>-6</sup>				CRITICAL SPEED (RPM)			
K <sub>9</sub>	K <sub>50</sub>	K <sub>21</sub>	K <sub>30</sub>	N1	N2	N3	N4
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	6183	24045	27079	44546
0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	9446	24045	27079	63779
0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0	12674	24045	27079	82149
0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	6183	28274	34371	44546
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	9446	28274	34371	63779
0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	12674	28274	34371	93168

NOTE: Square TM, alum. quill, unlocked.

TABLE 5. Bearing Stiffness versus Critical Speed,  
Both Discs Replaced - 500 in-lb Torquemeter

BRG STIFFNESS X 10 <sup>-6</sup>				CRITICAL SPEED (RPM)			
K <sub>9</sub>	K <sub>50</sub>	K <sub>21</sub>	K <sub>30</sub>	N1	N2	N3	N4
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	6183	24276	36678	44546
0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	9446	24276	36678	63779
0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0	12674	24276	36679	92920
0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	6183	34903	40354	44547
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	9446	34904	40355	63779
0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	12674	34904	40355	93171

NOTE: Squirrel cage TM, alum. quill, unlocked

Table 6. Bearing Stiffness versus Critical Speed  
Both Discs Replaced - 100 in-lb Torquemeter

Referring to Tables 1 through 6, note that the lowest torquemeter mode is slightly above 24,000 RPM. Adhering to a 20% margin on the critical speed to account for magnification factors on bearing loads, the maximum safe running speed is found to be 20,000 RPM. However, this system has been modeled with loose couplings. As bending occurs, the couplings will tend to lock up and stiffen the shaft, perhaps raising this mode above 30,000 RPM. In addition, the relative latitude in bearing stiffness and torquemeter configuration impose a difficulty in characterizing system criterion. Once empirical test data is obtained, more accurate estimations of the bearing support stiffnesses are possible.

Because of the uncertainty of the system bearing support stiffnesses, no attempt would be made to dwell within plus or minus 20 percent of the 1st, 2nd or 3rd critical speed regions during the initial test attempts. Once the critical speeds and bearing stiffnesses are determined (by empirical results and analysis), the test dwell speeds can be closely controlled to reduce operational interference of any system critical speed.

Additional stress analysis was accomplished to define the maximum speed ramps with respect to both torquemeter configurations.

As presented earlier, the maximum allowable radial deflection at the ends of the torquemeter shaft is 0.016 inches. This deflection is measured from the original (non-rotating) shaft axis. This allowable deflection is based on the third mode shape (see Figure 7). The critical failure mode condition is high cycle fatigue of the shaft.

The maximum allowable torque that can be transmitted through the two torquemeter configurations and the corresponding maximum rotating acceleration is presented below. The minimum time to decelerate the turbine from 30,000 RPM to zero RPM, assuming constant deceleration (constant

torque), is also presented.

<u>Torquemeter Configuration (in-lb)</u>	<u>Maximum Allowable Torque (in-lb)</u>	<u>Factor of Safety</u>	<u>Maximum Allowable Acceleration (RPM/sec)</u>	<u>Maximum Allowable Deceleration Time (sec)</u>
100	200	2.2	380	34.
500	2100	4.2	8400	3.7

Maximum possible deceleration of the facility dynamometer from 30,000 to zero is about 7 seconds. No problem is anticipated with the 500 in-lb torquemeter in the event of an emergency stop command, but caution must be exercised in the acceleration or deceleration of the 100 in-lb torquemeter.

## TASK II - HARDWARE PREPARATIONS

Hardware preparations for the program began in September 1979 with the retrieval of the MK15E3-2 turbine assembly, P/N XEOR 943562, from storage. Previous history of this assembly included testing in 1977 as part of the Fast Start Turbine Project using a hydrazine gas generator to power the turbine. The turbine incorporated 37 inlet nozzles in place of the previously tested 41 to raise the turbine blade torsional mode resonance speed. A total test time of 9 tests for 37.4 seconds was accumulated during the Fast Start Project at a maximum speed of 31,800 RPM. Following that test program, the turbine was placed in storage at Rocketdyne without being disassembled.

The turbine assembly was partially disassembled for the Windage test program to remove the thrust washer and runner and to replace the oil jet assembly which becomes inoperative due to the removal of the washer and runner. A close examination of the turbine end bearing revealed some flaking of the bearing cartridge silver plate. The silver flakes were removed by flushing with oil. The relatively soft silver acts as a seating agent as the balls run-in, and the amount of flaking observed is not sufficient to impair the operation of the bearing.

The turbine was re-assembled using the replacement bearing spacer, P/N R0012717 (Figure 10), the oil jet, P/N R0012813 (Figures 11 through 13), and the modified front bearing carrier, P/N R0012819 (Figure 15). During the ambient push-pull bearing load versus travel tests (Figure 15), an additional shaft travel of about 0.008 inch was noted toward the turbine that had not been recorded during the previous build (Fast Start Program). The resulting total shaft travel was recorded at 0.024 inch for a  $\pm 1000$  pound applied load. The additional travel is attributed to the removal of the thrust washer and runner which controls total travel of the shaft to limit the load on the turbine end bearing. The amount of travel experienced on this build (Windage torque testing) will not damage or limit use of the bearings. The results of the push-pull tests are shown in Figure 16. Complete build records were maintained during the assembly, including dimensional stacks. The turbine rotational



4LC4 3-10/25/79-CIA

Figure 10. Runner Replacement

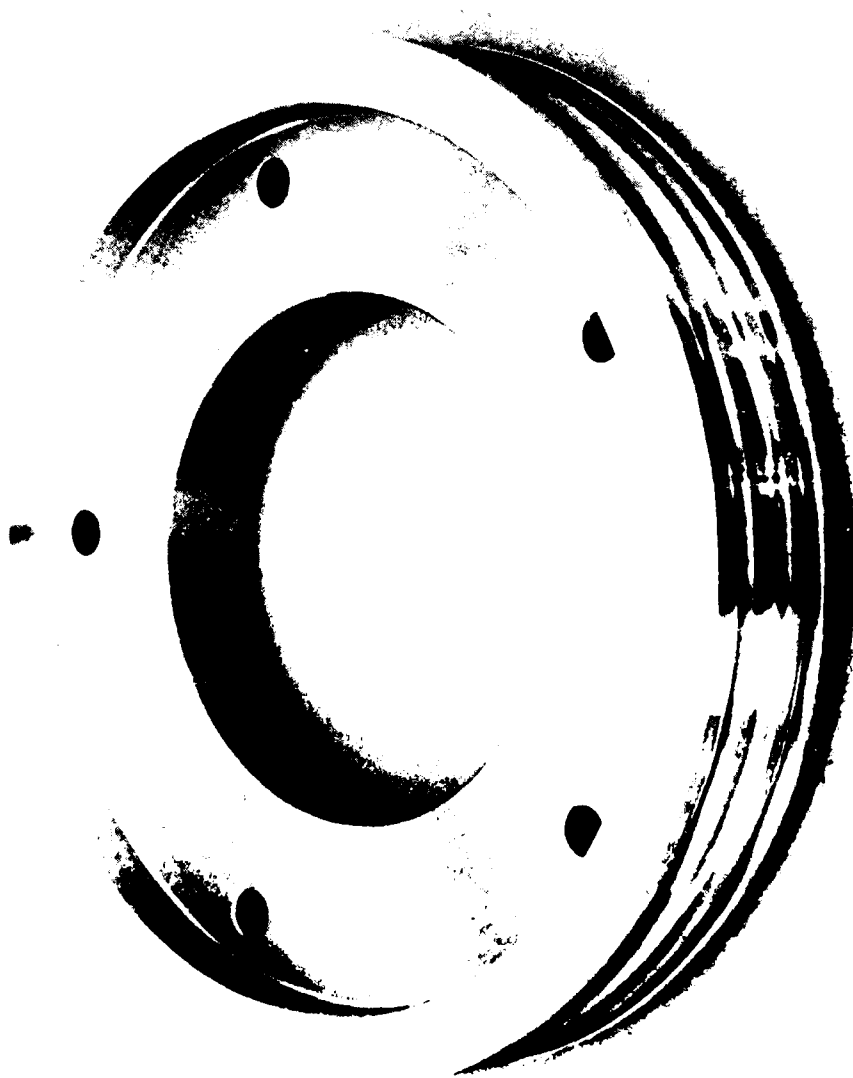


Figure 11. Turbine Bearing Oil Jet, View A

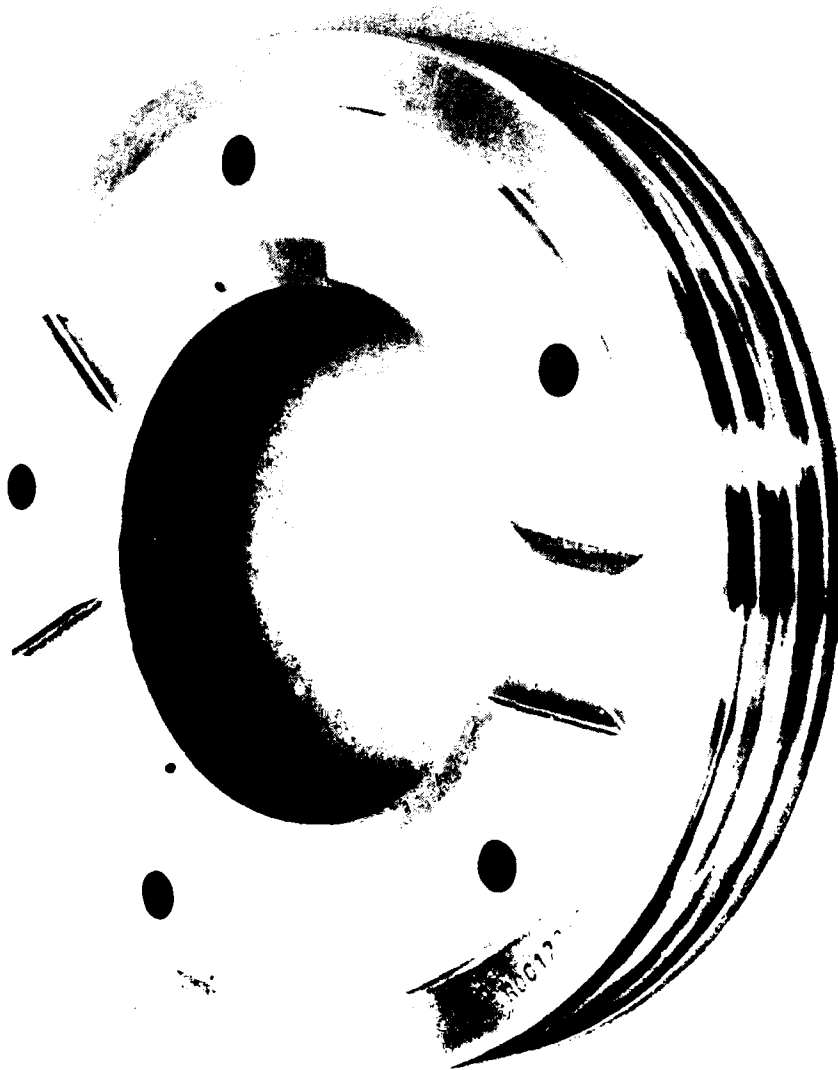


Figure 12. Turbine Bearing Oil Jet, View B

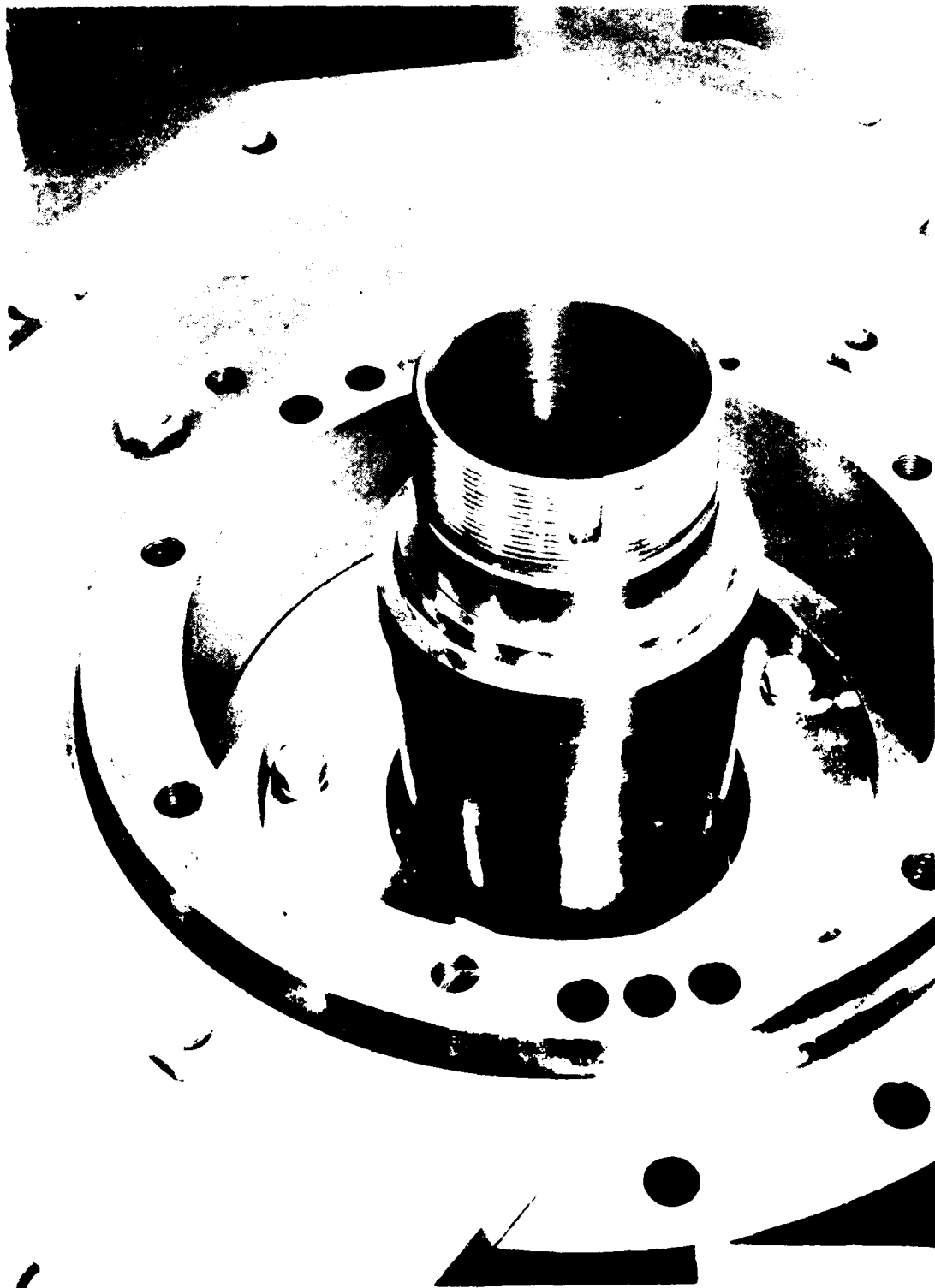


Figure 13. Punner/Turbine Bearing Oil Jet Installation



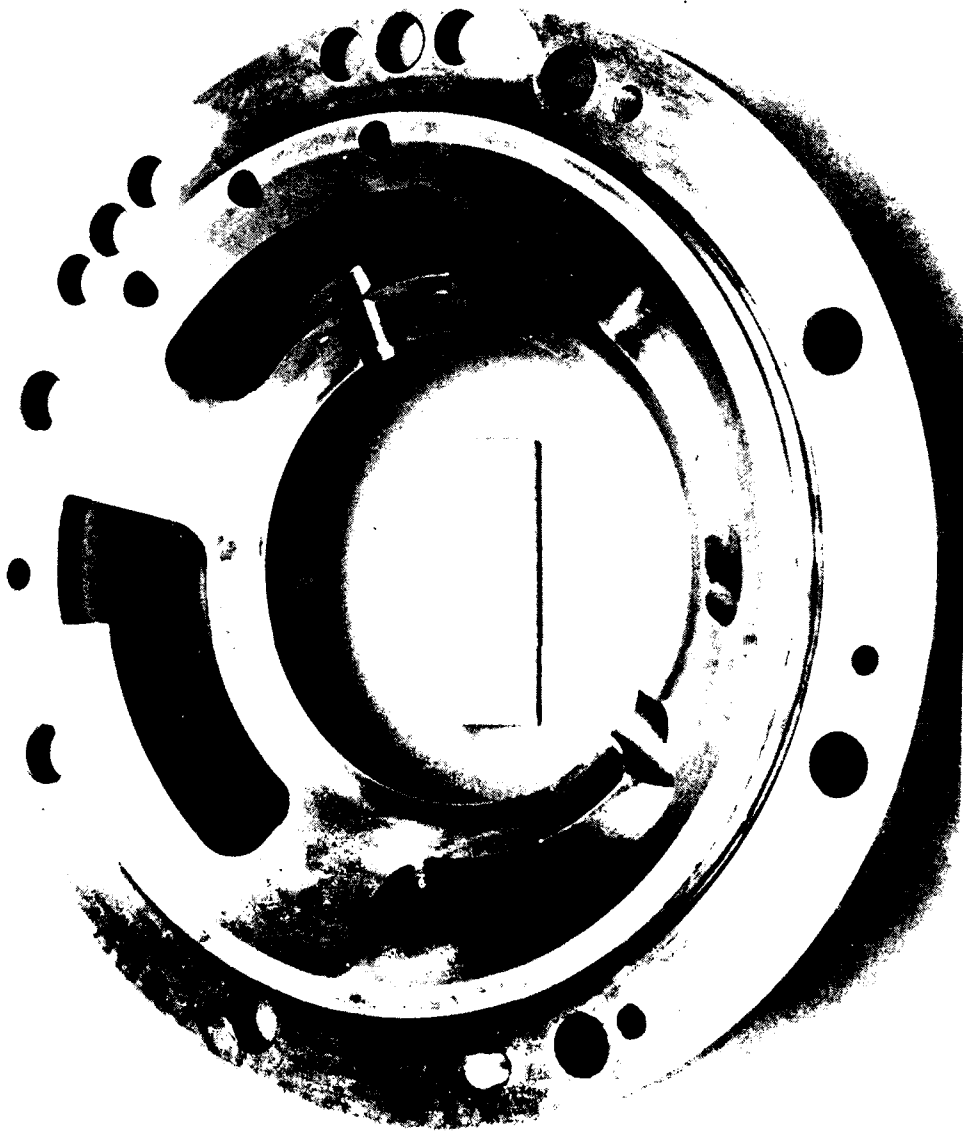


Figure 14. Rear Bearing Carrier



Figure 15. Assembly Push-Pull Apparatus

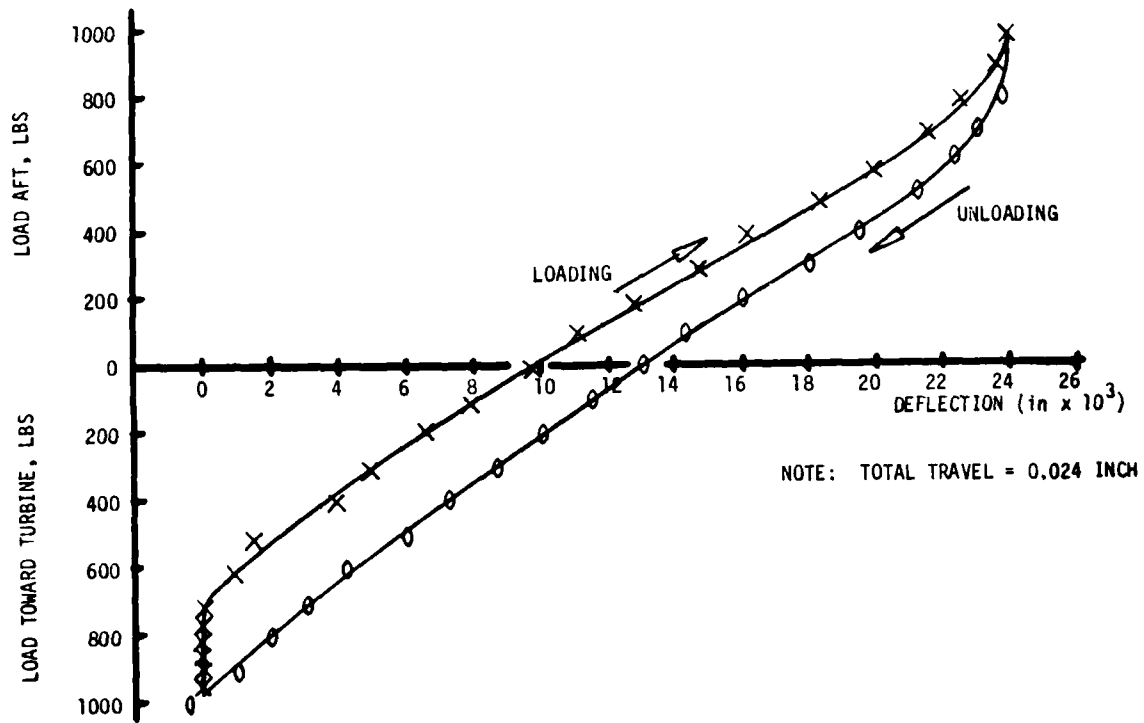


FIGURE 16. Turbine Assembly Push-Pull Results

breakaway torque was 10-20 in-lbs with a running torque of 5-10 in-lbs.

Hardware to support the Windage torque testing was ordered from three outside vendors: APV Manufacturing (majority of the tester hardware), Grove Gear (quill shafts and quill shaft adapters) and Lebow Associates, Inc. (torque-meters and Signal Conditioning Unit). Delivery of all the hardware on time was the only significant problem experienced during the program. The quill shafts and quill adapters were received only ten days behind schedule, but dimensional discrepancies precluded their use without rework by the vendor.

The quill shafts and spline adapters were re-machined by Grove Gear to correct out of tolerance pilot fits between the quill shafts and the spline adapters. Actual dimensions of the pilots (see drawings P/N R0012814, R0012815 and R0012816) were not per print but the fit-up dimensions were held (i.e., diametral clearance dimension was maintained).

No problems were anticipated with the change in actual diameters as long as the same pilot fit was maintained.

Table 7 presents the Windage torque tester hardware manufactured for the program. The assembly drawing is supplied as Appendix A of this report with actual photographs shown in Figures 10 through 24. Copies of the individual drawings are available at Rocketdyne.<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>2</sup>Copies available from Rocketdyne Division of Rockwell International, 6633 Canoga Ave., Canoga Park, CA 91304, Attention: R. F. Sutton

<u>Part Number</u>	<u>Part Name</u>	<u>Manufactured by</u>	<u>Figure (Photograph)</u>
R0012717	Spacer	Rocketdyne	10
R0012810	Mount	APV	17
R0012811	Turbine Cover	APV	18
R0012812	Oil Cap	APV	19
R0012813	Oil Jet	APV	11 & 12
R0012814	Couplings	Grove Gear	20
R0012815	Foward Quill	Grove Gear	20
R0012816	Drive Quill	Grove Gear	20
R0012817	Cover Plate	APV	No photo
R0012819	Bearing Carrier	Rocketdyne	14
Model 1604-500	Torquemeter	Lebow Associates	21 & 22
Model 1604-100	Torquementer	Lebow Associates	See Figures 21 & 22
Model 7540-104	Signal Conditioner	Lebow Associates	No photo
EWR 405602D1	2nd Stage Disc Replacement	Rocketdyne	23
EWR 405602D2	1st 2nd Stage Disc Replacement	Rocketdyne	24
EWR 341813	Accelerometer Mounts	Rocketdyne	No photo

TABLE 7. MK15E3-2 Turbine Windage Torque Hardware

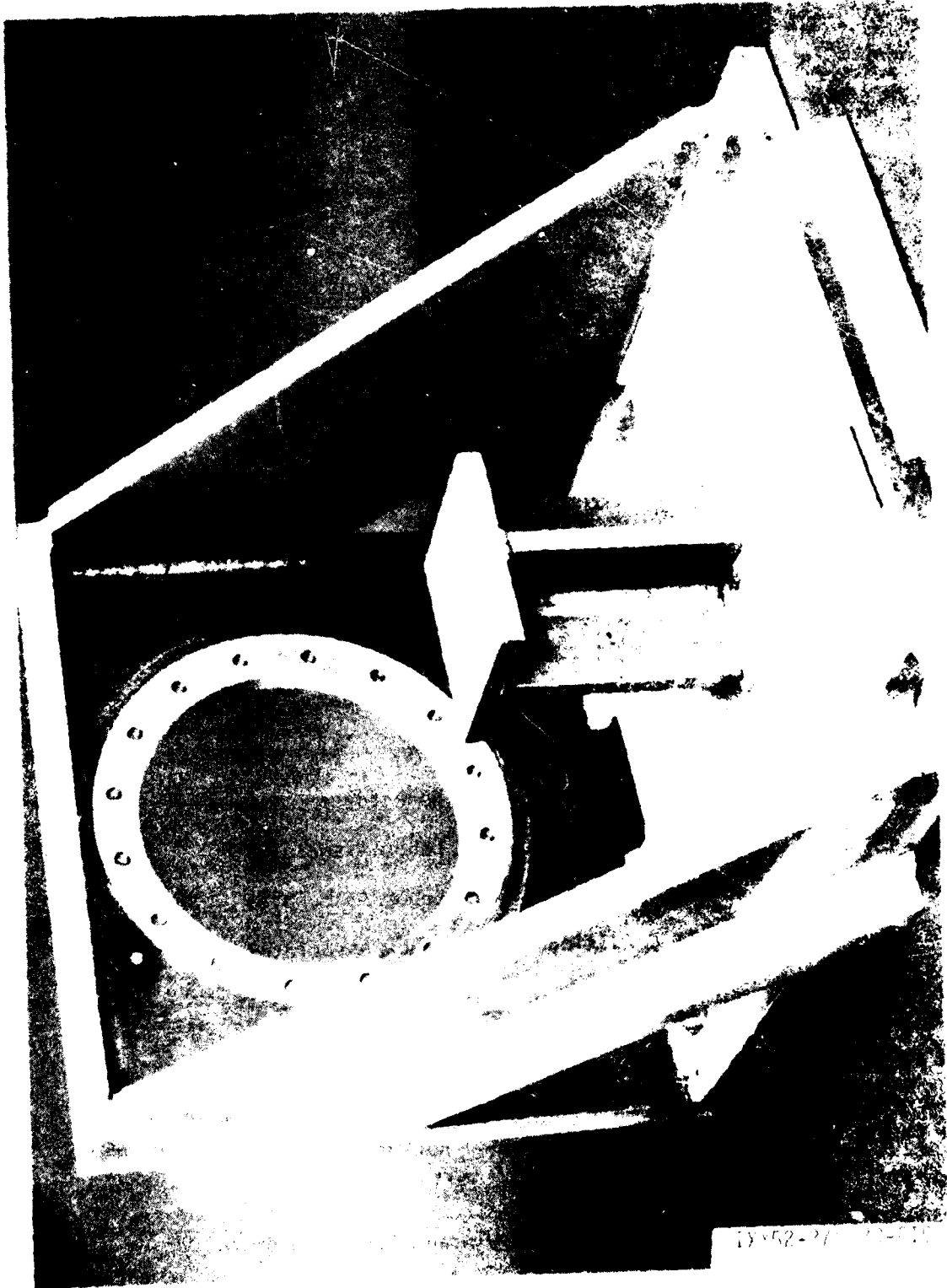
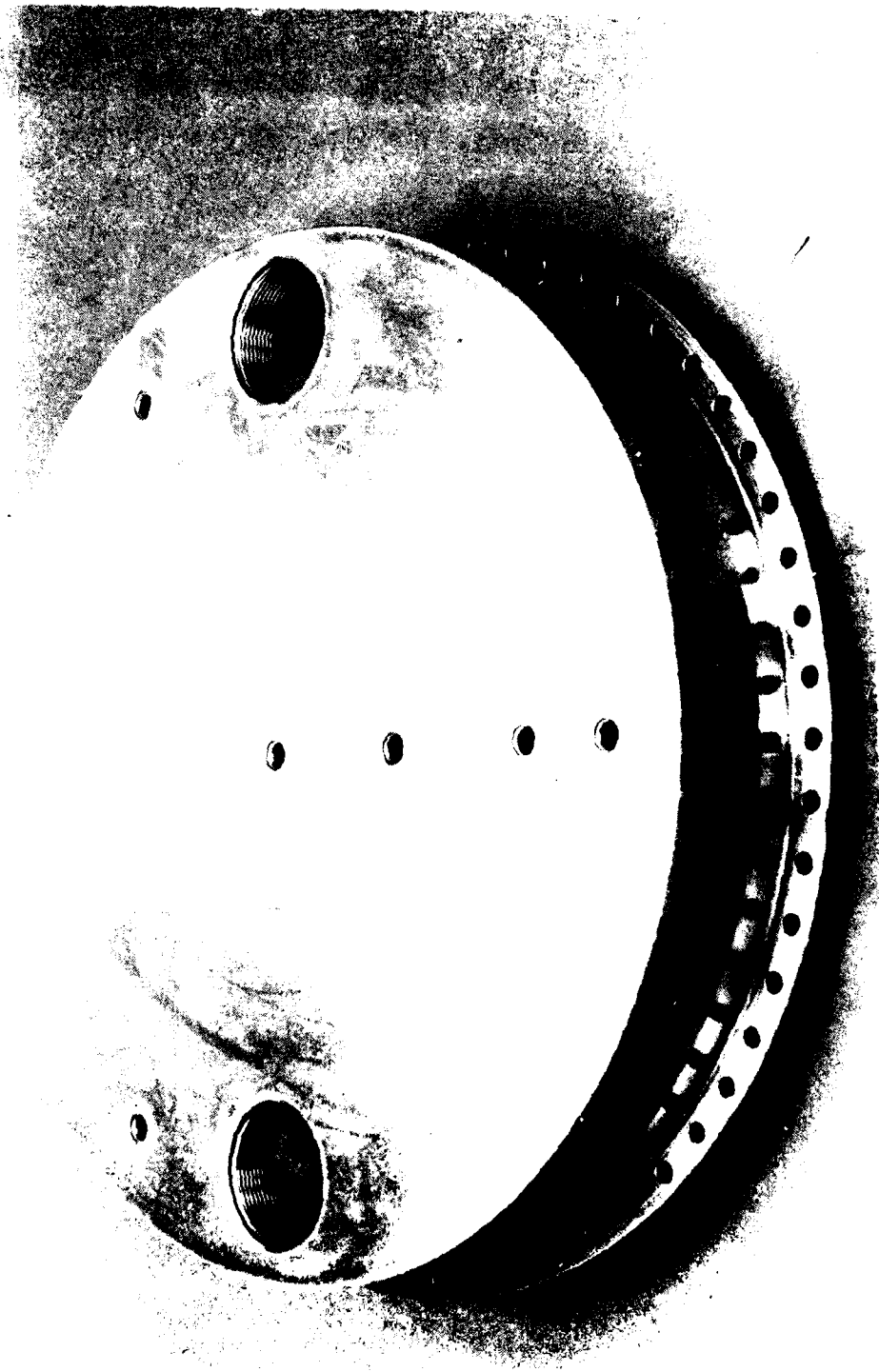


Figure 17. Mount Assembly



IXY52-2/8/80-C1B

Figure 18. Turbine Exhaust Cover



Figure 19. Rear Bearing Cover/Oil Jet



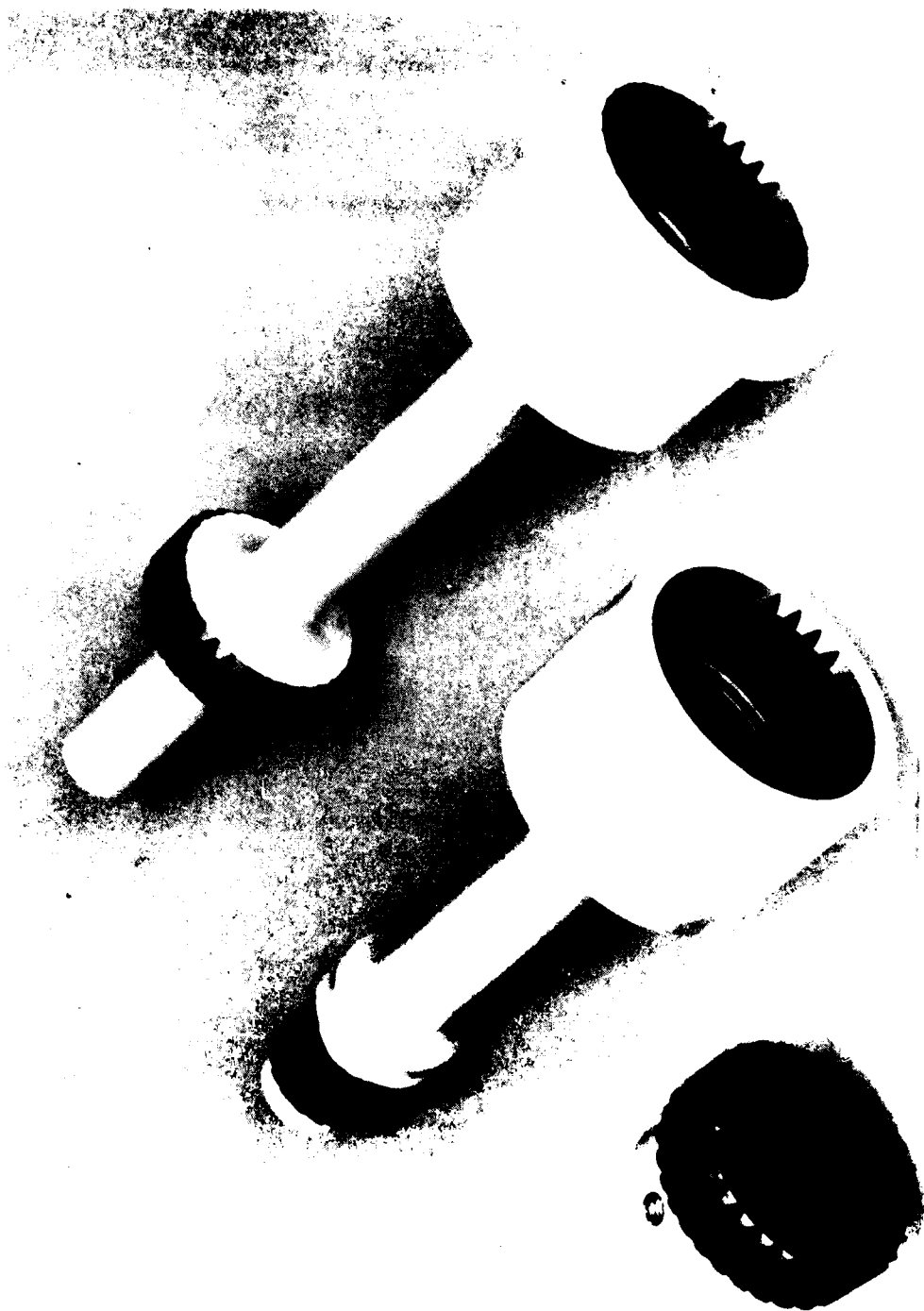


Figure 20. Quill Shafts and Quill Adapter



Figure 21. Model 1604-116 (500 in-lb) torque meter, view A

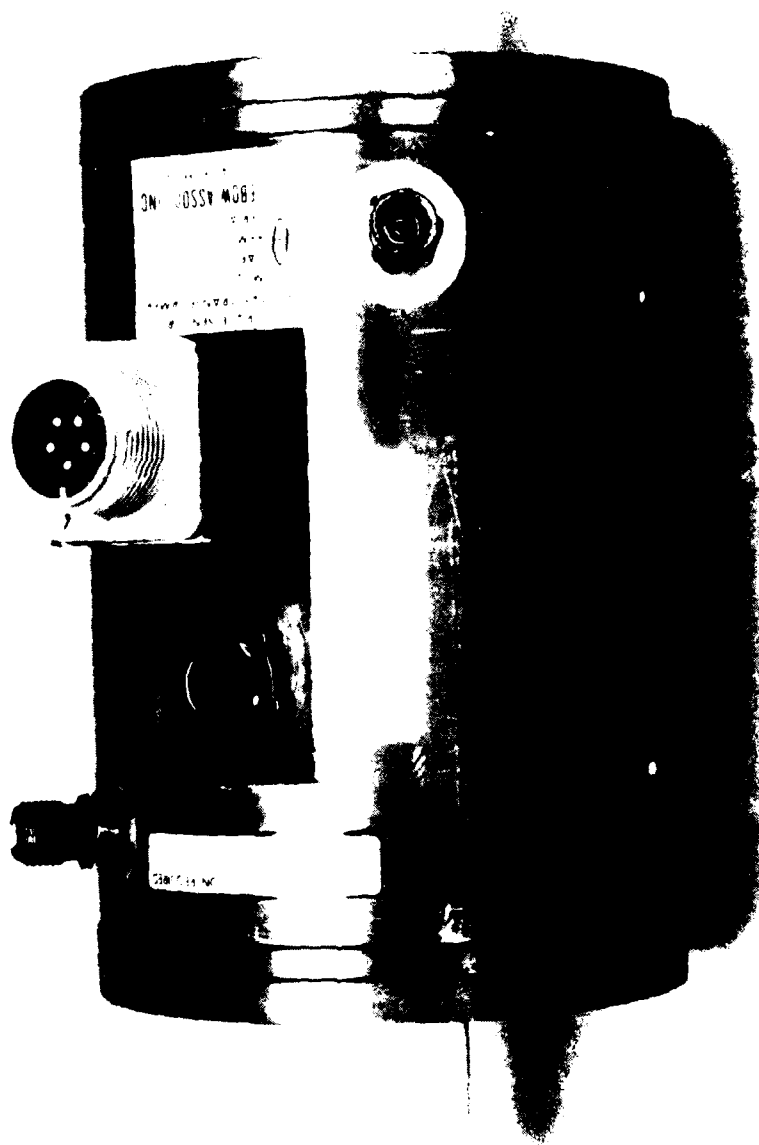
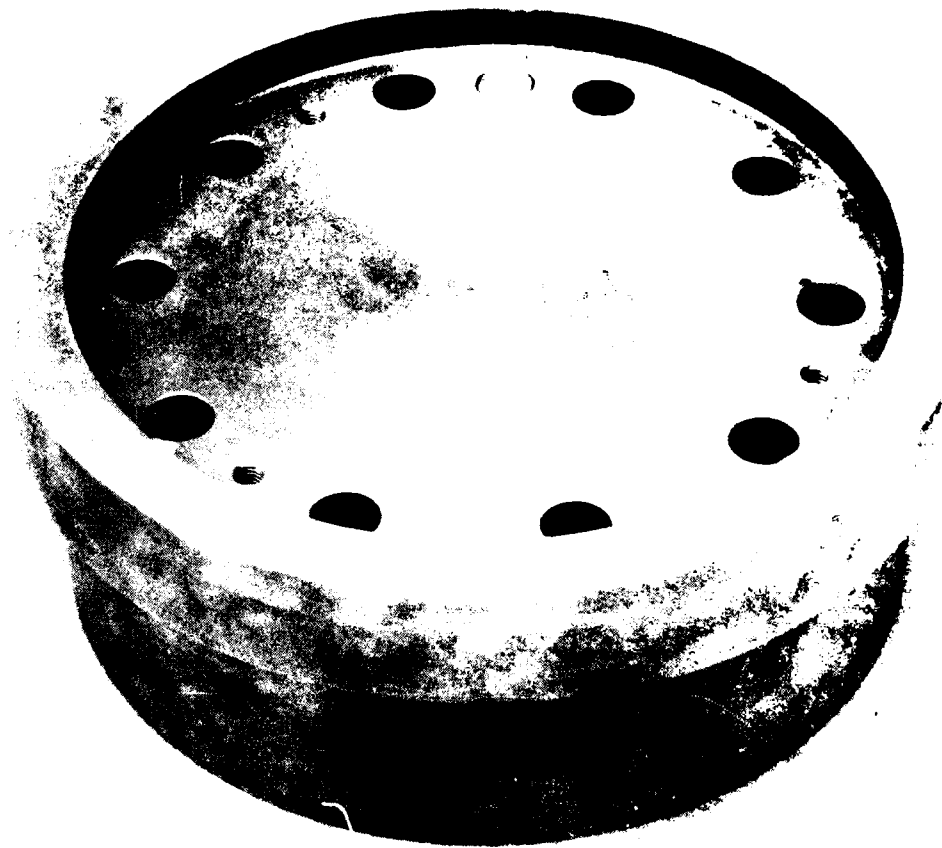


Figure 22. Model 1604-116 (500 in-lb) Torquemeter, View B



IXY52-2/21/80-C1

Figure 23. Second Stage Wheel Replacement Disc



Figure 24. First and Second Stage Wheel (epi) (cont)

### TASK III - TESTING

Effort conducted during Task III, although generally classified under Test, included facility mechanical and instrumentation preparations, turbine system balancing, actual data runs (tests), disassembly of the tester and final storage preparations. The following sections discuss each sub-task effort conducted during the MK15E3-2 Turbine Windage Torque program.

#### Facility Preparations

Preparations of the facility to adapt the MK15E3-2 Windage Torque Test Article began by adapting the existing Brayoil 1015/DTE797 bearing lube oil system to the specific requirements of the MK15E3-2. Figure 25 presents a schematic of the required operational system including the air/oil mist lubrication for the torquemeter bearings. The heat exchanger at the exhaust cavity was added to prevent damaging the soft seat of the vacuum flow control valve. The system was sized for a maximum exhaust flow of about 0.03 lb/sec (air) or nearly ten times the expected rate. Instrumentation necessary to obtain windage data and turbine system operational data is listed in Table 8. As testing progressed, however, two additional radial accelerometers were mounted on the torquemeter housing to monitor housing displacement or a red-line backup system for the quill shaft(s) orbital displacement. Figure 26a shows the dynamometer control panel with lube oil system controls. Figure 26b shows the instrumentation systems which recorded the various windage torque data, including the DDPIC analyzer. Figure 27a shows the three dual beam oscilloscopes used for turbine accelerometer, drive end and turbine end Bently orbital display. Figure 27b shows an actual example of the system drive end Bently orbital trace. In this photo, one centimeter equals 0.005 inch. The two spikes represent the 0.004 inch pre-machined calibration marks on the outside diameter of the quill shaft. For the display shown, shaft total deflection of only 0.002 inches is indicated, or well within the 0.016 inch radial deflection red-line. The DDPIC analyzer system scanned the applicable parameter continuously and was programmed to print out the data on paper tape only once an every eight seconds, which is the instrument limit. The eight-second break in instrumentation acquisition proved to be of no consequence since during the testing, the

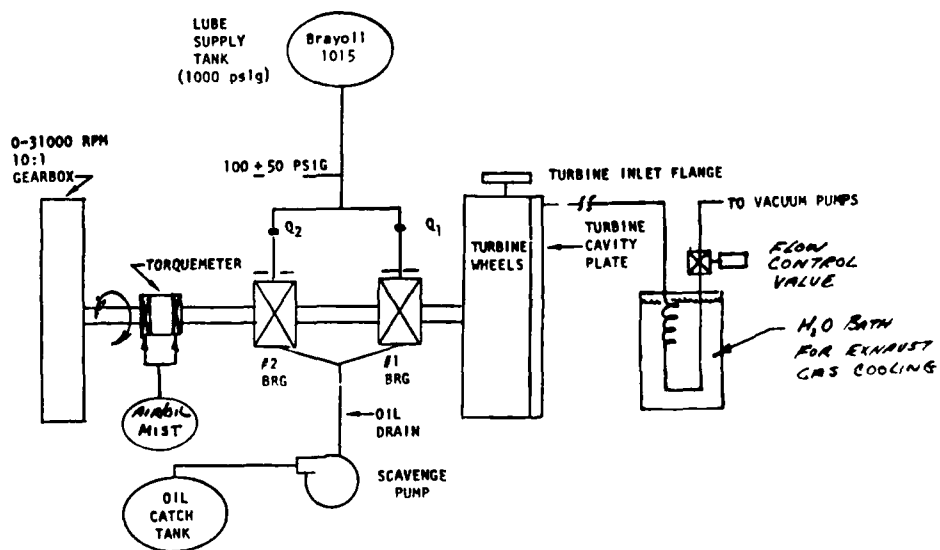


FIGURE 25. MK15E3-2 System Requirement Schematic

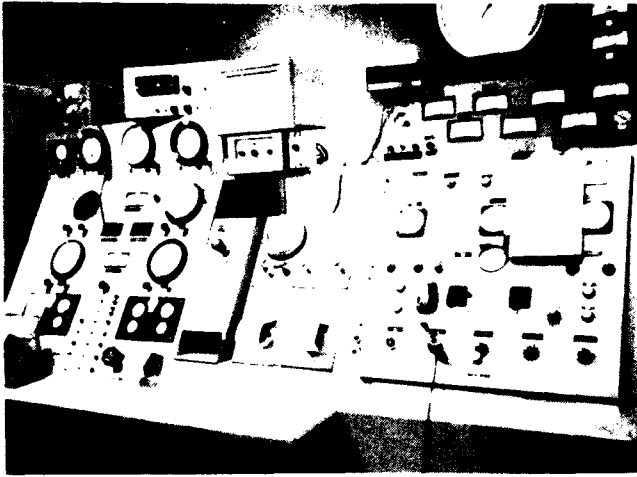
PARAMETER	RANGE	ID	GAUGE IDENT.	DOVIC CHANNEL	FM TAPE CHANNEL	REDLINE VALUE	REMARKS
RPM	0-50,000	N1	Panel Mtr	6	6	>33,000	
Torque	0-500 In-lb or 0-100 In-lb	T	Labow Model 7540	7	4	—	Max speed change: 500 In lb = 8400 RPM/sec 100 In lb = 840 RPM/sec
Turbine Cav. Press #1	15 psia	TCP1	—	1	—	—	
Turbine Cav. Press #4	15 psia	TCP4	Gauge	2	—	—	
Stg 1 Stat Out Pr.	15 psia	P2	—	3	—	—	
Turbine Jet In Pr.	200 psig	PLS2	Gauge	—	—	—	
Turbine Cav. temp	1200F	TCT4	Dovic	11	—	>1000°F	
Turbine Inlet temp	1200F	TT1	—	13	—	—	
Turbine Outb'd Brg temp	200F	TBT2	Dovic	12	—	>200°F	150°F blue line
Lube Oil Flow, Thrust	0-2 GPM	Q1	Panel Mtr	4	—	—	
Lube Oil Flow, Outb'd	0-2 GPM	Q2	Panel Mtr	5	—	—	
Turbine Radial Accel	20 GRMS	TR	OSC	—	1	>10 GRMS	
Torque Mtr, Bently	0-0.02"	BT1	} OSC**	—	3	>.016"	Orbital radius
Torque Mtr, Bently	0-0.02"	BT2		—	5	>.016"	Orbital radius
Torque Mtr, Bently	0-0.02"	BD1	} OSC**	—	7	>.016"	Orbital radius
Torque Mtr, Bently	0-0.02"	BD2		—	9	>.016"	Orbital radius
IRIG		IRIG	—	—	13	—	

\*Low pass filter req'd, 1000 Hz  
\*\*Orbital display

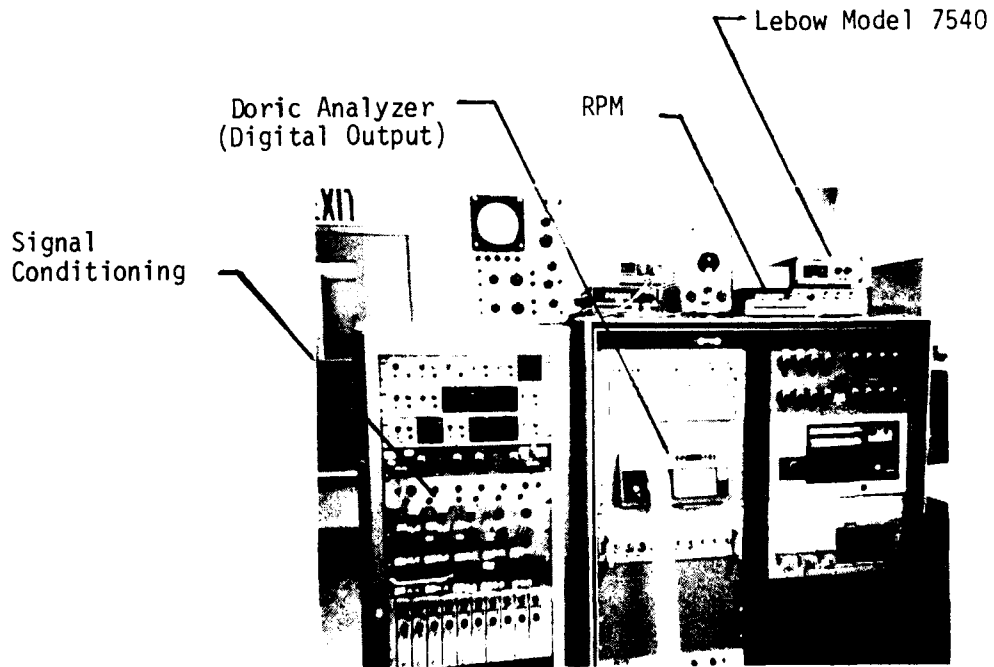
8.25/80

TABLE 8. MK15E3-2 Turbine Windage Torque Test Instrumentation List



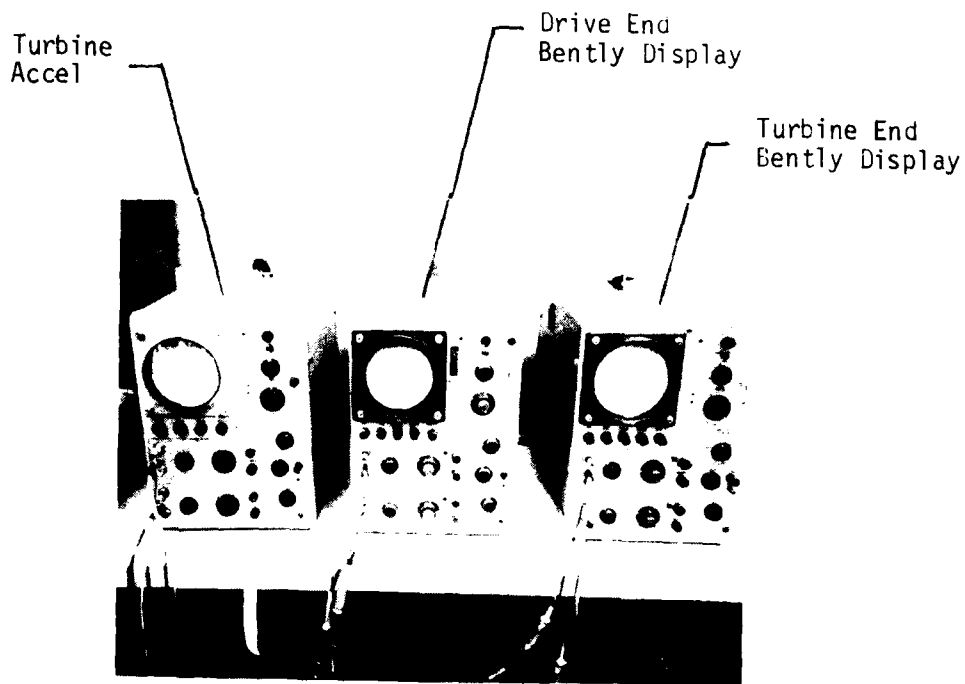


a) MK15E3-2 Control Panel



b) Data Acquisition System

FIGURE 26. MK15E3-2 Instrumentation and Controls



a) Observer Oscilloscopes

b) Typical Bently Orbital Display - Photographed during 5000 RPM Steady State

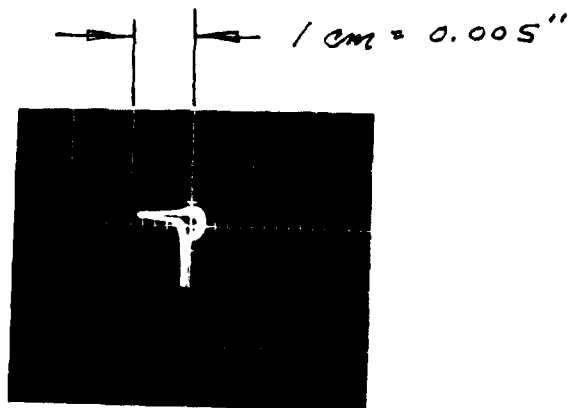


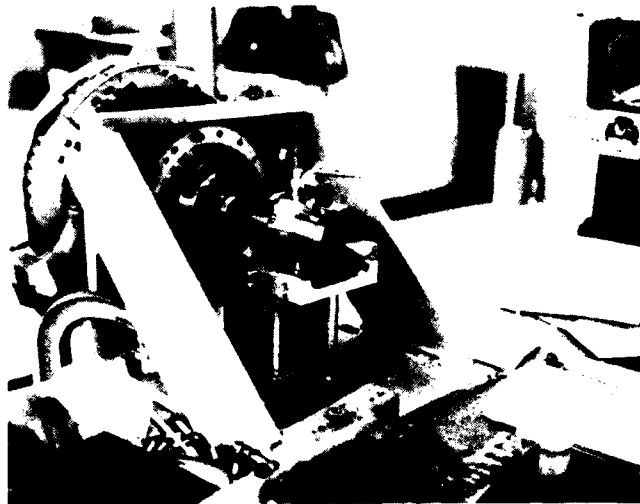
FIGURE 27. Bently and Turbine Accelerometer Oscilloscope Systems

turbine speed was allowed to stabilize for a minimum of 30 seconds, or at least three stabilized level printouts on the Doric tape.

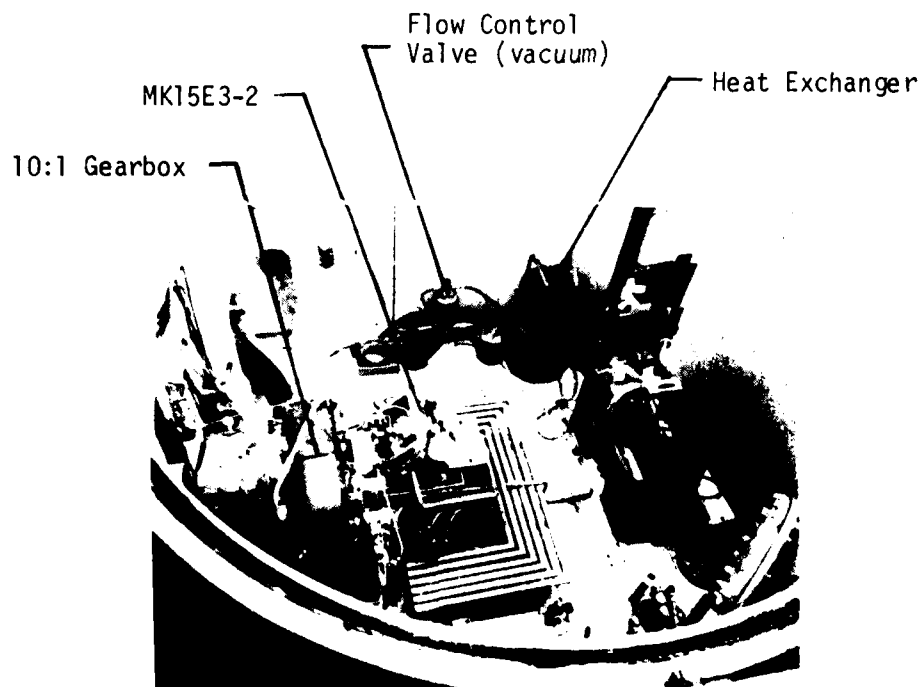
### System Alignment

Alignment of the torquemeter to the turbine (before installation in the test cell) and to the dynamometer output shaft proved to be very difficult. The two quill shafts (drive end, P/N R0012816 and turbine end, P/N R0012815) were designed with uncoupled ( $\sim 0.001$  inch maximum loose fit) splines to withstand the rotordynamic conditions expected. An alignment tolerance of 0.002 inch per inch length was required in both parallelism and concentricity. Actual turbine end alignment was done on the bench with a maximum of 0.0006 inch/inch alignment achieved. A special alignment tool was fabricated to aid in the alignment procedure (Figure 28a). Once the torquemeter was aligned, the torquemeter foot mount was pinned to the turbine mount pedestal. The assembly (turbine, mount, torquemeter) was then lowered into the rotary test cell for mounting (Figure 28b).

During the alignment of the turbine (and torquemeter) to the gearbox, several problems were encountered. First, an alignment fixture similar to the bench alignment fixture had to be fabricated to move the massive assembly, both in yaw and pitch. Second, because of gearbox shaft centerline growth (about 0.006 inch upward), when at operating oil temperature ( $\sim 100$  F), the gearbox lube system heaters had to be turned on while performing the alignment. Third, an output shaft aligning head had to be fabricated to locate the center of the drive shaft perpendicular to the torquemeter (and turbine) shaft. Lastly, the gearbox shaft rotational centerline centers within about 0.002 inch at speeds above 1000 RPM. The aligning procedure accounted for all of these variables, and as can be expected, proved to be very laborious. Nevertheless, final alignment to 0.0004 inch/inch was achieved. It is recommended that particular care be taken during future alignments since spline wear or failure can be the result of an improper alignment.



a) Turbine to Torquemeter Alignment



b) MK15E3-2 Test Cell Installation

FIGURE 28. MK15E3-2 Alignment and Installation

### Lube System Flow Checks

After alignment, the lube oil systems were checked to determine bearing lube flowrate versus tank and lube jet pressure. Two 3/8-inch lines were plumbed in parallel to each turbine jet manifold. In one leg (turbine end bearing), a hand valve served as a variable orifice. The tank was pressurized until the unobstructed lube supply line (rear bearing) flowed about one GPM. The hand valve was then adjusted to also flow about one GPM, thus providing similar hydraulic resistances in the two systems. A series of pressure versus flowrates were then run to construct a bearing lube flowrate curve (Figure 29). The purpose of this blowdown test was to aid in determining required bearing flowrate during a test, depending on the temperature of the bearing. Each system resistance proved to be slightly different (see Figure 29). Only the outboard bearing temperature was monitored for the test series, it having the lowest flowrate. No problems were encountered during any of the testing with a lube jet pressure of about 180 psig (1.0 to 1.2 GPM) setting. As can be seen in the raw test data compilation, flowrates above 1.2 GPM were recorded, but generally this is attributed to the type of test conducted - usually vacuum conditions in the exhaust cavity.

### System Dynamic Balancing

The quill shafts and turbine were dynamically balanced prior to the first test. A Hofmann in-place balance system was used to balance the systems to less than one gram-inch unbalance. Considerable difficulty was experienced in the first balance operation when balancing at about 2000 RPM. The turbine single plane unbalance was reduced to 0.25 gram-inch, or well within the 1.0 gram inch required by the assembly drawing. The torquemeter on the other hand indicated a balance correction at each end of the shaft of about 12 gram-inches. The magnitude of the suggested correction could not be accounted for in either misalignment, torquemeter residual unbalance or fit-up within the splines. The corrections were made, however, and the first three tests were conducted using the Hofmann balance accelerometers at the radial position of each torquemeter bearing as a red-line monitor. Housing displacement in micrometers was closely monitored as a red-line. On the third test, an unacceptable torque-

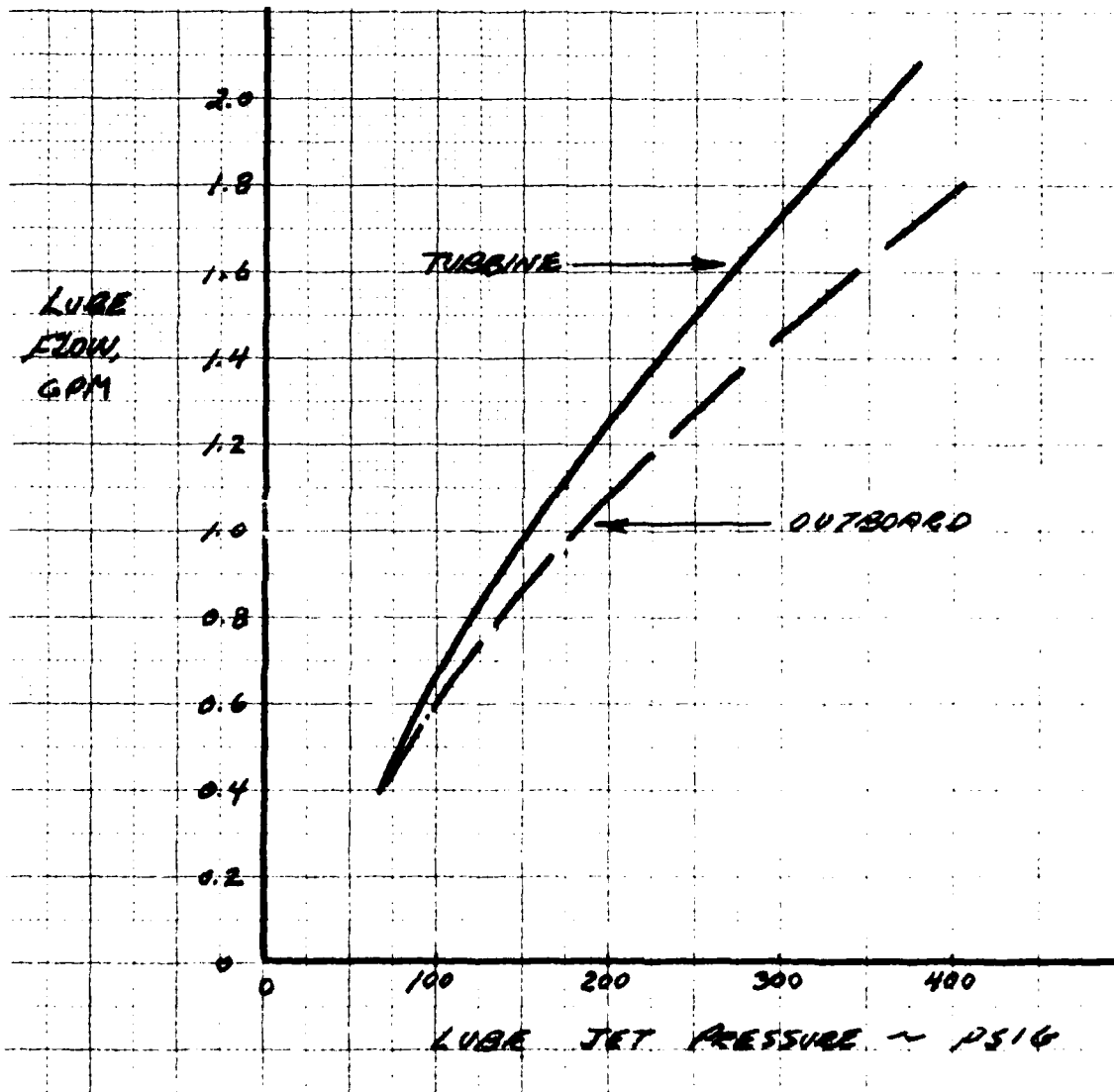


FIGURE 29. MK15E3-2 Turbine Windage Outboard and Inboard Bearing Flow versus Lube Jet Pressure

meter housing displacement of about 30 micrometers was obtained at about 12,000 RPM. A decision was made to balance the torquemeter system (quill shaft plus torquemeter) at 9500 RPM. The balance speed of 9500 RPM was selected after reviewing the high speed FM data or the minimum G-level resonance value below the anticipated first critical system speed (Figure 30). After balancing at 9500 RPM, the residual unbalance was only about one gram-inch. Set screw correction weights were installed with no further problem with the torquemeter accelerations. For data analysis backup, two radial accelerometers were installed to monitor the torquemeter. Figure 31 shows the Hofmann UGA2000 analyzer and the location of the balance accelerometers while balancing the turbine end.

### Windage Tests

The MK15E3-2 was readied for the first test on 8 September 1980 after completing all necessary preparatory checkouts. Testing continued until 26 September 1980, accumulating 25 tests, 5 balance operations and approximately 32,810 seconds of rotor operation. During the test series, another turbine cavity test media (helium) was used to gain additional empirical windage data on six tests for 2213 seconds on two different turbine configurations. The helium testing was sponsored by Rocketdyne and the results are available to the Air Force Aero Propulsion Laboratory.<sup>3</sup> The total turbine time mentioned above includes the helium media testing.

The test matrix presented in Table 9 was successfully accomplished in a total of 19 tests. Of these tests, ten were necessary to satisfy the requirements of the first series, while three each completed the next three series.

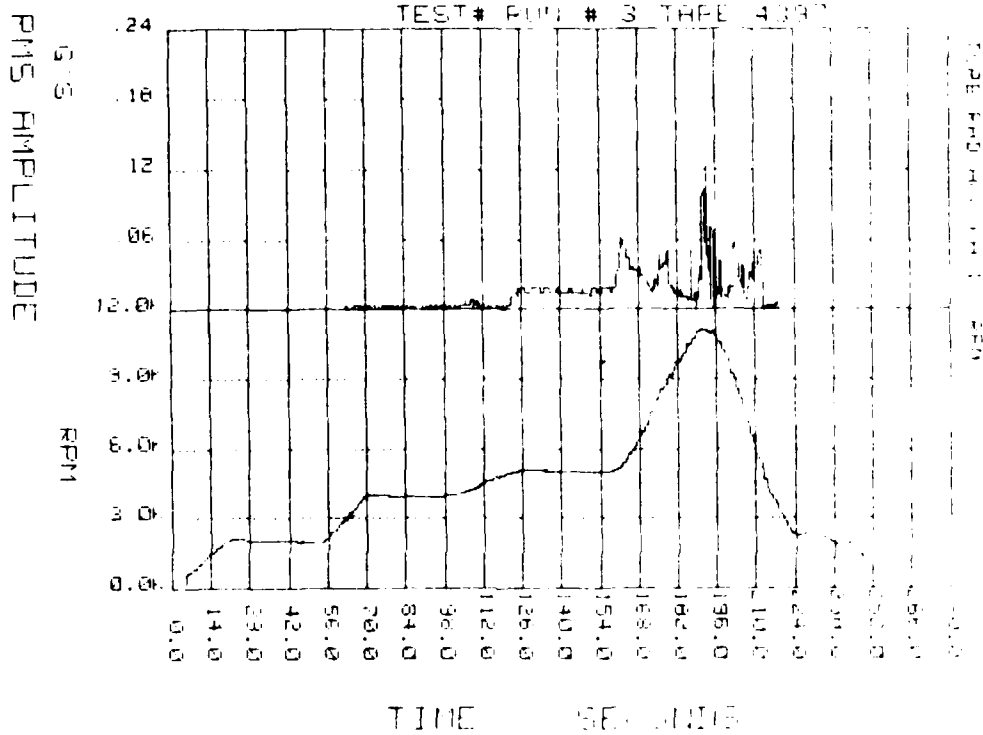
Figures 32 and 33 show the MK15E3-2 turbine windage tester with the exhaust cover installed for partial vacuum conditions. For the atmospheric tests, the two large plugs in the cover were removed (see Figure 32). Figure 34 shows the shrouded E3 second stage wheel which represents test series #1. Figure

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<sup>3</sup> ITR-80-076, available through Rocketdyne Division of Rockwell International, 6633 Canoga Ave., Canoga Park, CA 91304, Attention: R. F. Sutton

# TRACING FILTER

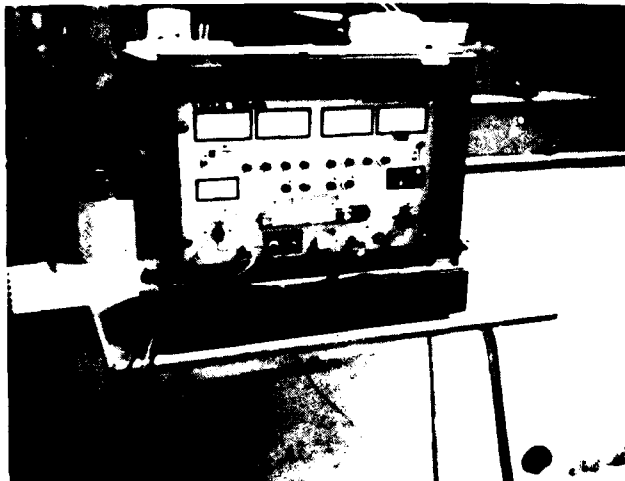
TEST # RPM # 3 TAPE 4392



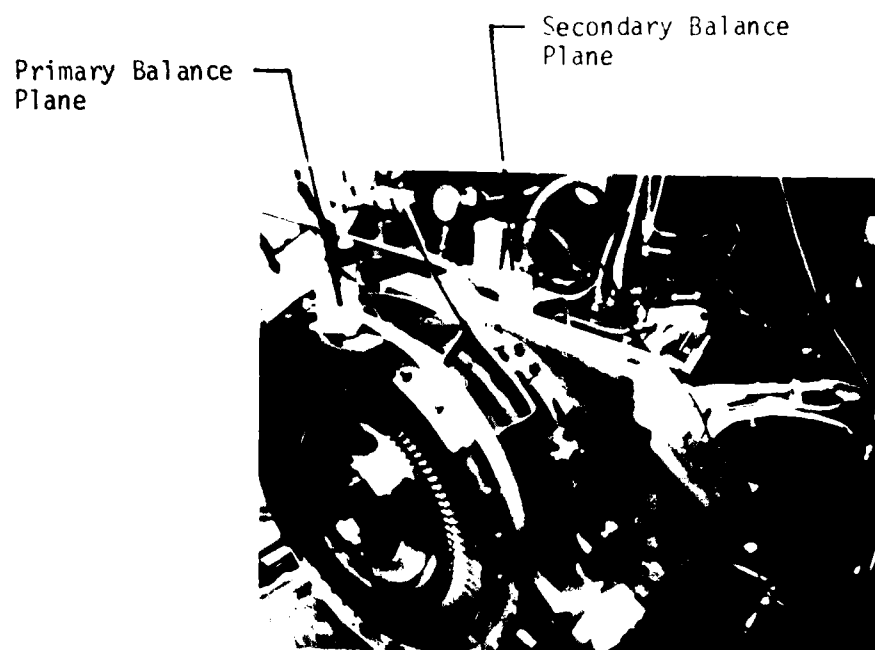
DATA CHANNEL TOPI RAD ACC CH-1  
 TEST NUMBER= 28 GPP  
 CAL VOLTS= .684 V RMS  
 TIME BASE EXPANSION= 1 1  
 DB GAIN= 30 db

FIGURE 30. Test 1-003 RPM and Turbine Radial Acceleration versus Test Time





a) Hofmann UGA2000 Balance Analyzer



b) Balance Accelerometer Locations

FIGURE 31. MK15E3-2 Balance Equipment

TEST SERIES	TEST #	CONFIGURATION (WHEELS)	TURBINE CAVITY PRESSURE	SPEED RPM
1	1-001	E3 1st & 2nd stages	Ambient	15,000
	1-002		Ambient	31,000
	1-003		7 psia	31,000
	1-004		1 psia	31,000
2	2-005	E3 1st stage - Replacement Disc - 2nd stage	Ambient	31,000
	2-006		7 psia	31,000
	2-007		1 psia	31,000
3	3-008	Replacement Disc - 1st & 2nd stage	Ambient	31,000
	3-009		7 psia	31,000
	3-010		1 psia	31,000
4	4-011	E3 1st stage - E1 2nd stage	Ambient	31,000
	4-012		7 psia	31,000
	4-013		1 psia	31,000

TABLE 9. MK15E3-2 Test Matrix

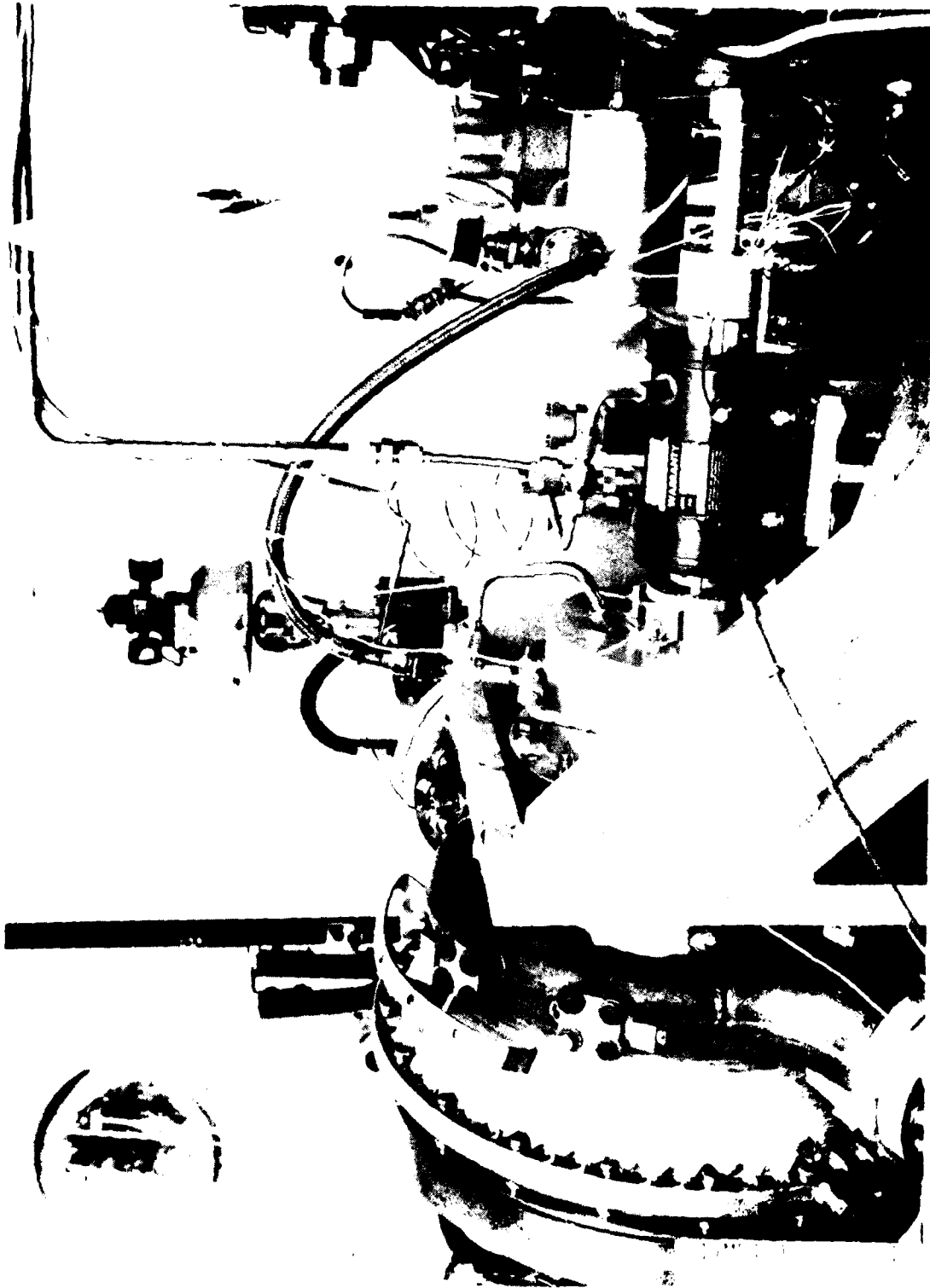


Figure 32. View of MK15E3-2 Windage Tester - Drive End

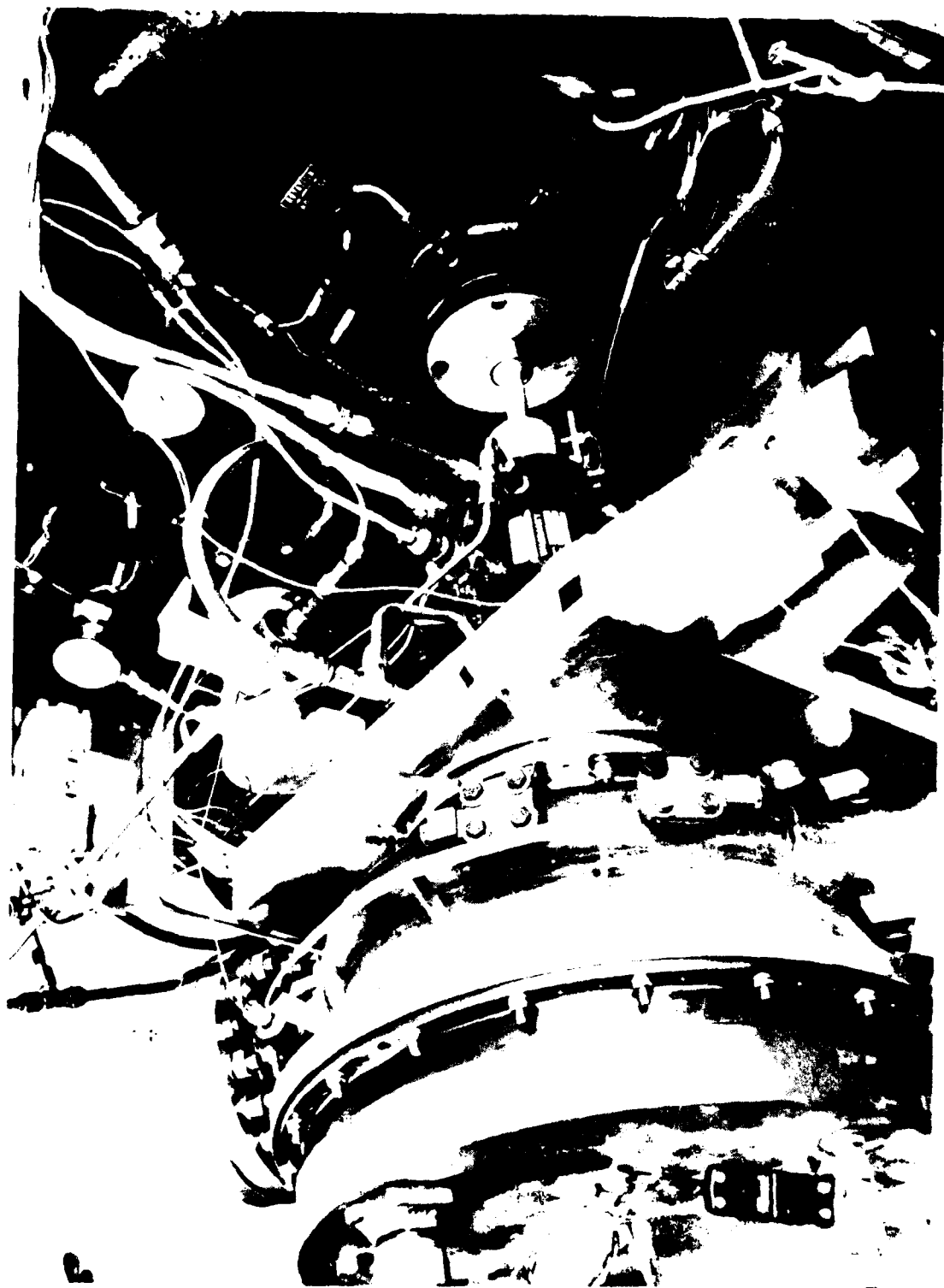


Figure 33. View of MK15E3-2 Windage Tester

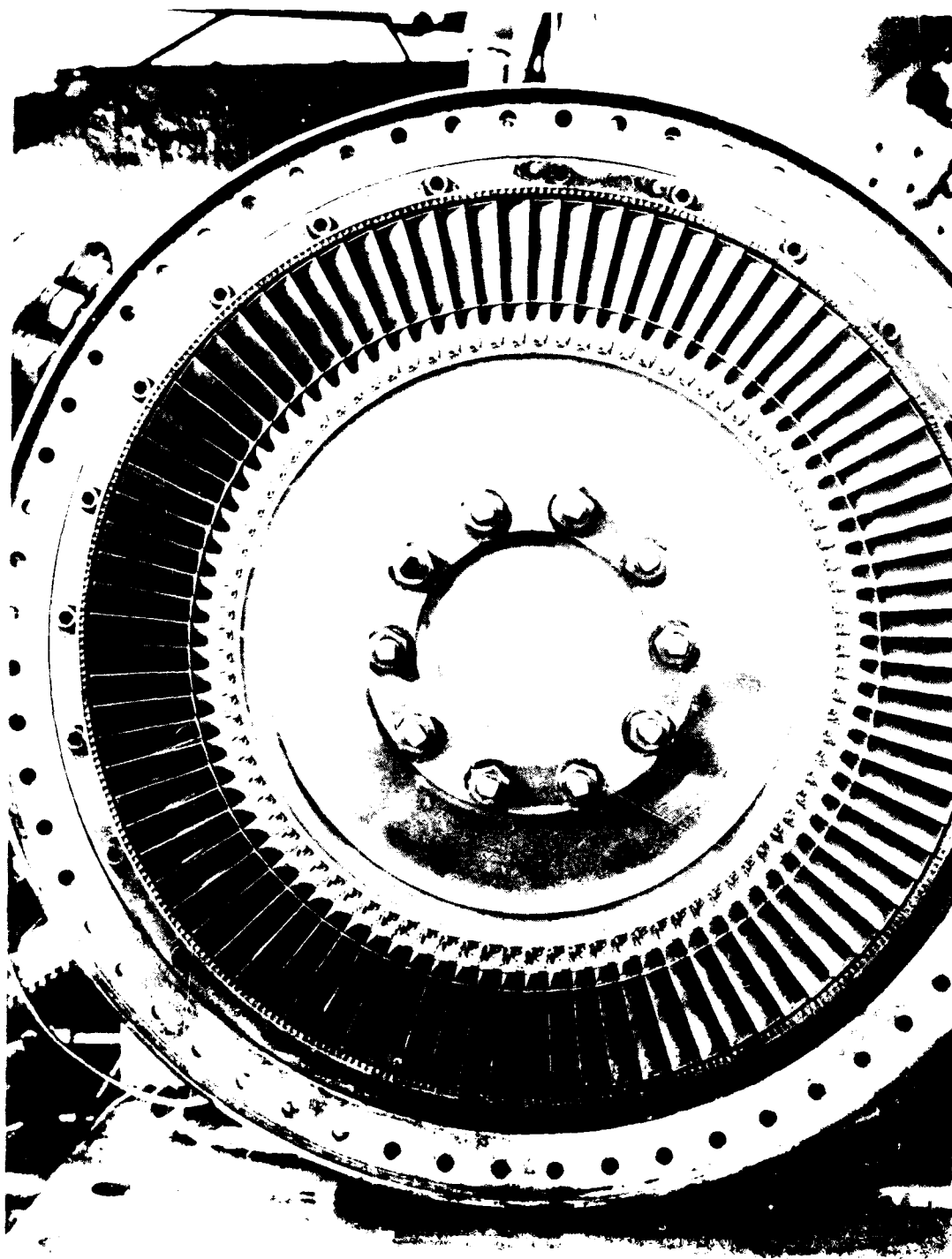


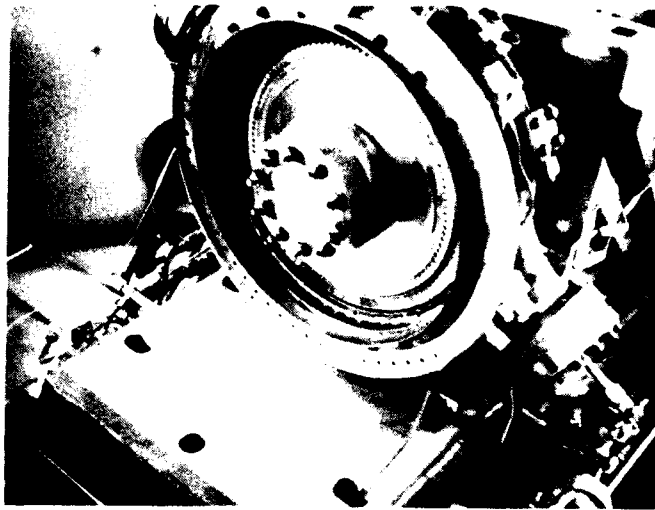
Figure 34. View of E3 Second Stage Wheel Test Series #1  
- Cover Removed

FORM 3-61 (REV. 10-61)

35a shows the small cylinder replacement second stage wheel installation (test series #2), while 35b shows the large cylinder replacement for the first and second stage wheels (test series #3). As a weight comparison, the E3 second stage wheel weighs about 27 pounds, the small cylinder weighs about 16 pounds. The first and second stage wheels in combination weigh about 50 pounds, while the large cylinder weighs about 28 pounds. The difference in masses had no effect on the steady state torque data. The use of the replacement discs was necessary only to secure the wheel studs which could not be removed without total turbine disassembly - a costly procedure. Figure 36 shows the E1 second stage unshrouded wheel which was installed for the fourth test series.

A test by test discussion is presented below, while a summary of the testing is shown in Table 10. Figures 37 through 40 present the observed power loss versus rotor speed and cavity pressure for the four test configurations of the MK15E3-2 turbine. Included in the power loss are vane pumping, disc friction and bearing and seal friction. A detailed analysis is presented in Task IV.

Test:	1-001
Test Date:	9-3-80
Duration:	385 seconds
Objective:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Checkout system to 5000 RPM.</li><li>2. Atmospheric pressure windage torque data with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels.</li><li>3. Validate balance operation.</li></ol>
Results:	Obtained torque data at 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 RPM levels. Maximum torque at 5010 RPM was 39 in-lbs. All data acquisition systems functioned well. Maximum Bently displacement at the 5K RPM level was 0.0012 inch radial at the drive end quill shaft. The Hofmann balance analyzer shows comparable results.
Analysis:	Because of the apparent large unbalance corrections at the torquemeter, the next test will be conducted to verify the unbalance at 5000 RPM versus the balance speed of 2000 RPM. The Hofmann analyzer will be used as a red-line monitor for torquemeter displacements.



a) Small Cylinder - Test Series #2



b) Large Cylinder - Test Series #3

FIGURE 35. Test Series #2 and #3 Configurations  
- Exhaust Cover Removed

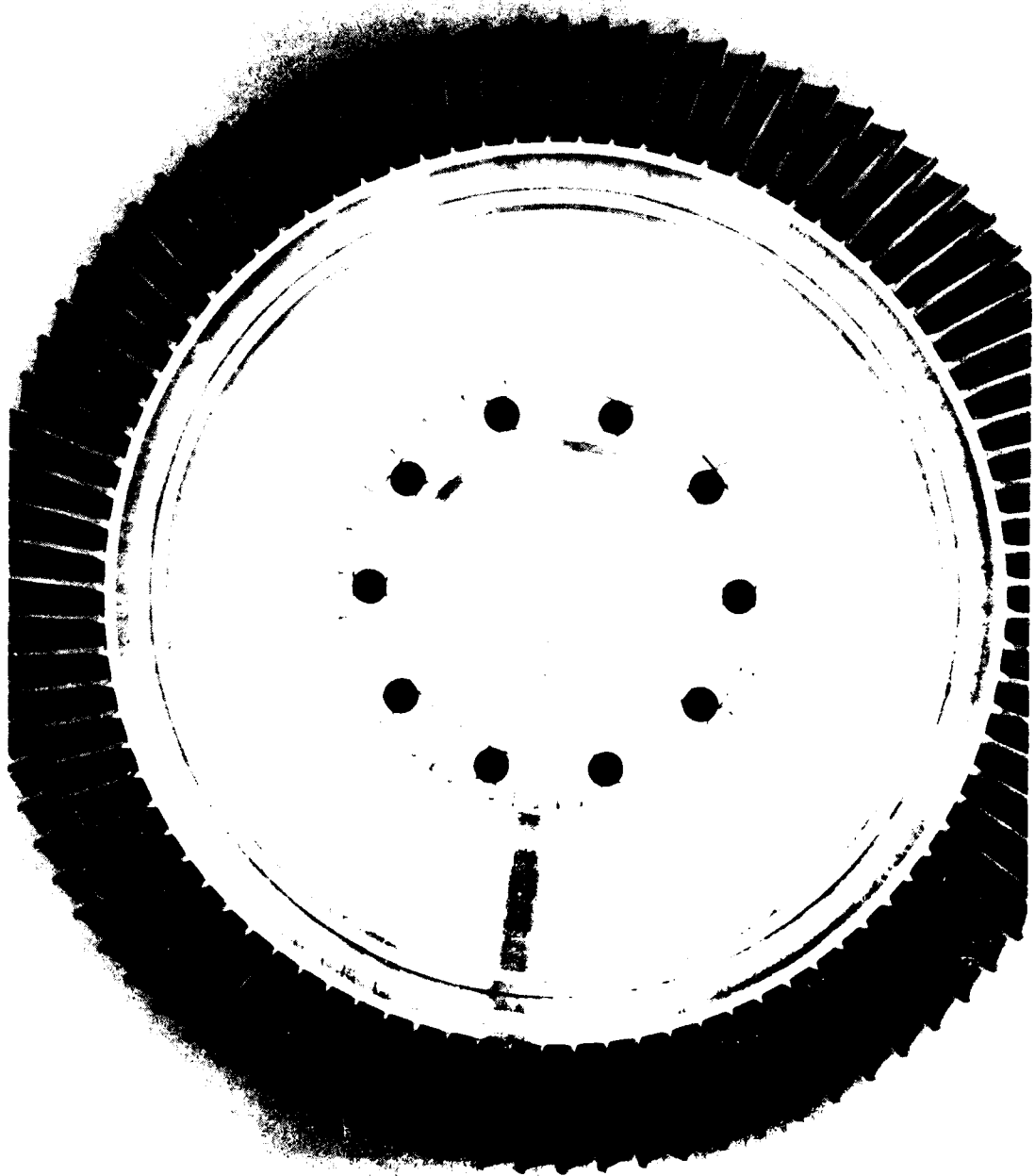


Figure 36. E1 Second Stage Unshrouded Wheel - Test Series #4



DATE OF TEST	TEST #	DURATION, SECONDS	ACCUMULATED DURATION, SECONDS	MAXIMUM SPEED, RPM
9/5/80	Balance #1	~7200	7200	2000
9/8/80	1-001	385	7585	5310
9/9/80	1-002	953	8538	5000
9/10/80	1-003	256	8794	11900
9/11/80	Balance #2	~3600	12394	9540
9/11/80	1-004	222	12616	9550
9/11/80	1-005	222	12838	9540
9/12/80	1-006	683	13521	30350
9/12/80	1-007	630	14151	30240
9/15/80	1-008	102	14253	9780
9/15/80	1-009	399	14652	30320
9/15/80	1-010	416	15068	29870
9/17/80	Balance #3	~3600	18668	5000
9/18/80	2-011	604	19272	30140
9/18/80	2-012	290	19562	29770
9/19/80	2-013	563	20125	25570
9/22/80	Balance #4	~3600	23725	5000
9/23/80	3-014	594	24319	27630
9/23/80	3-015	488	24807	27750
9/23/80	3-016	359	25166	25060
9/23/80	3-017H	254	25420	25080
9/23/80	3-018H	345	25745	25020
9/23/80	3-019H	335	26080	25020
9/25/80	Balance #5	~3600	29680	5000
9/26/80	4-020	673	30353	29440
9/26/80	4-021	651	31004	27080
9/26/80	4-022	527	31531	26770
9/26/80	4-023H	468	31999	27020
9/26/80	4-024H	440	32439	27460
9/26/80	4-025H	371	32810	28000

NOTE: a) Total time = 9 hours, 6.83 minutes  
b) X-XXXH = helium environment in cavity

TABLE 10. MK15E3-2 Windage Torque Test Summary

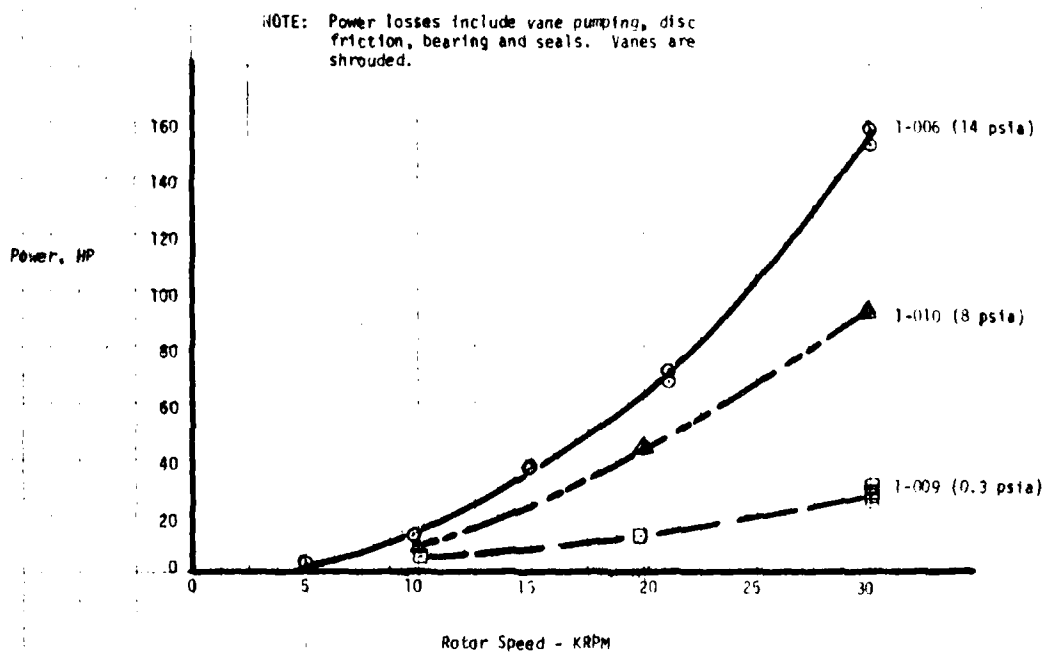


FIGURE 37. MK15E3-2 Power Losses - Test Series #1 (Two Wheel)

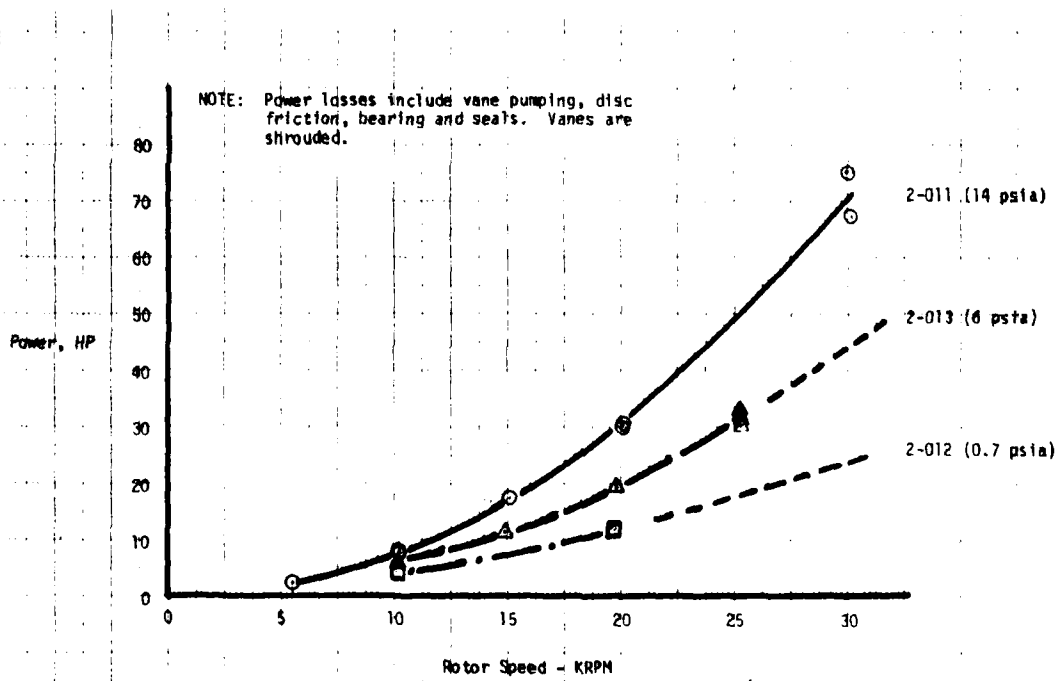


FIGURE 38. MK15E3-2 Power Losses - Test Series #2 (Single Wheel)

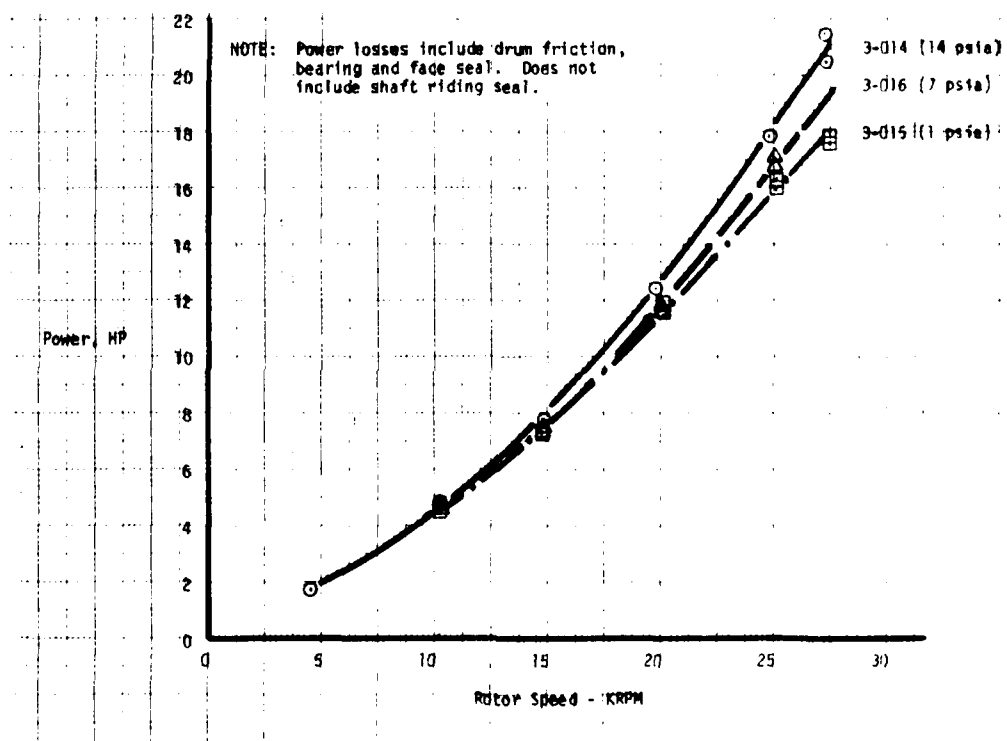


FIGURE 39. MK15E3-2 Power Losses - Test Series #3 (Bearing and Seal)

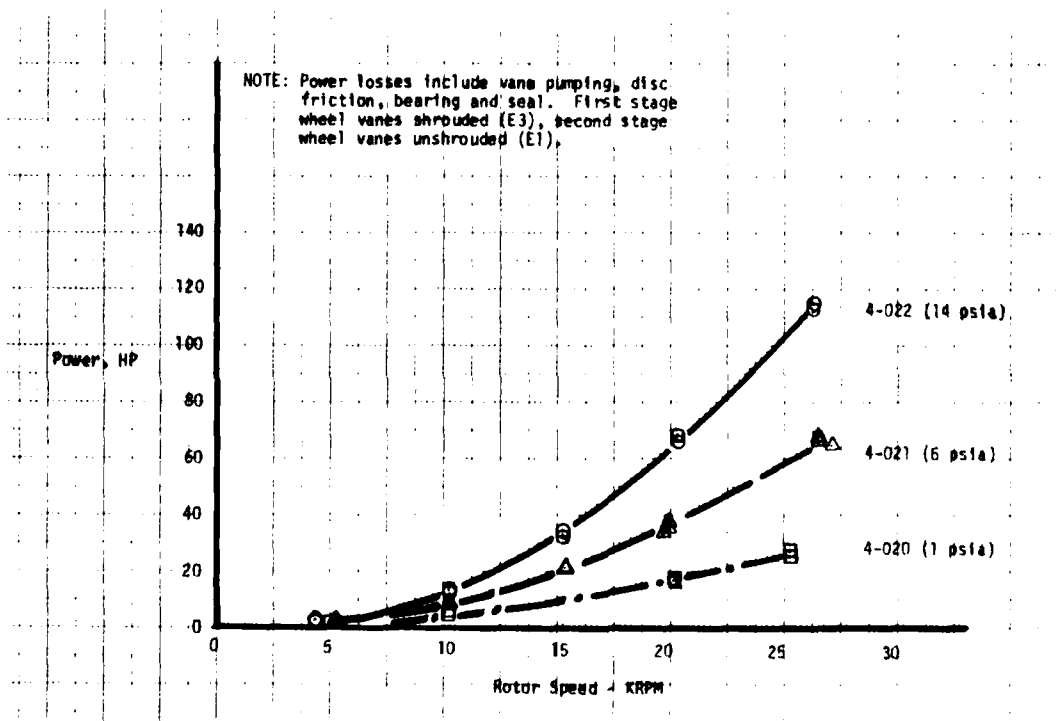


FIGURE 40. MK15E3-2 Power Losses - Test Series #4 (E3 and E1 Wheels)

Test: 1-002  
Test Date: 9-9-80  
Duration: 953 seconds  
Objective: 1. Atmospheric pressure windage torque data with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 5000 RPM.  
2. Investigate capability of torquemeter quill shafts to indicated unbalance.  
Results: Torque data consistent with previous test at 1K RPM increments from 1K to 5K RPM. Bently orbital deflections about the same as previous test.  
Analysis: An attempt will be made to ramp to 30,000 RPM on the next test using the Hofmann analyzer as a red-line for the torquemeter displacement.

Test: 1-003  
Test Date: 9-10-80  
Duration: 256 seconds  
Objective: 1. Atmospheric pressure windage torque data with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.  
2. Obtain comparative displacement data between Bently orbital plots and Hofmann analyzer.  
Results: Test terminated by the Hofmann analyzer red-line observer when torquemeter housing displacement reached 30 micrometers. This is an unacceptable displacement when compared to industry standards for comparable rotating machinery systems. Figure 37 was used for the guide as the vibration severity indicator for this type of rotating machinery. Maximum acceleration of the turbine radial accelerometer was only 0.12 GRMS maximum - the red-line being set at 10 GRMS (refer to Figure 30). During the test, torque data was recorded at stabilized steady state speeds to 11,180 RPM. Testing was halted at this point since steady state speeds of 30,000 RPM seemed unlikely with the existing balance. The torquemeter/quill shaft

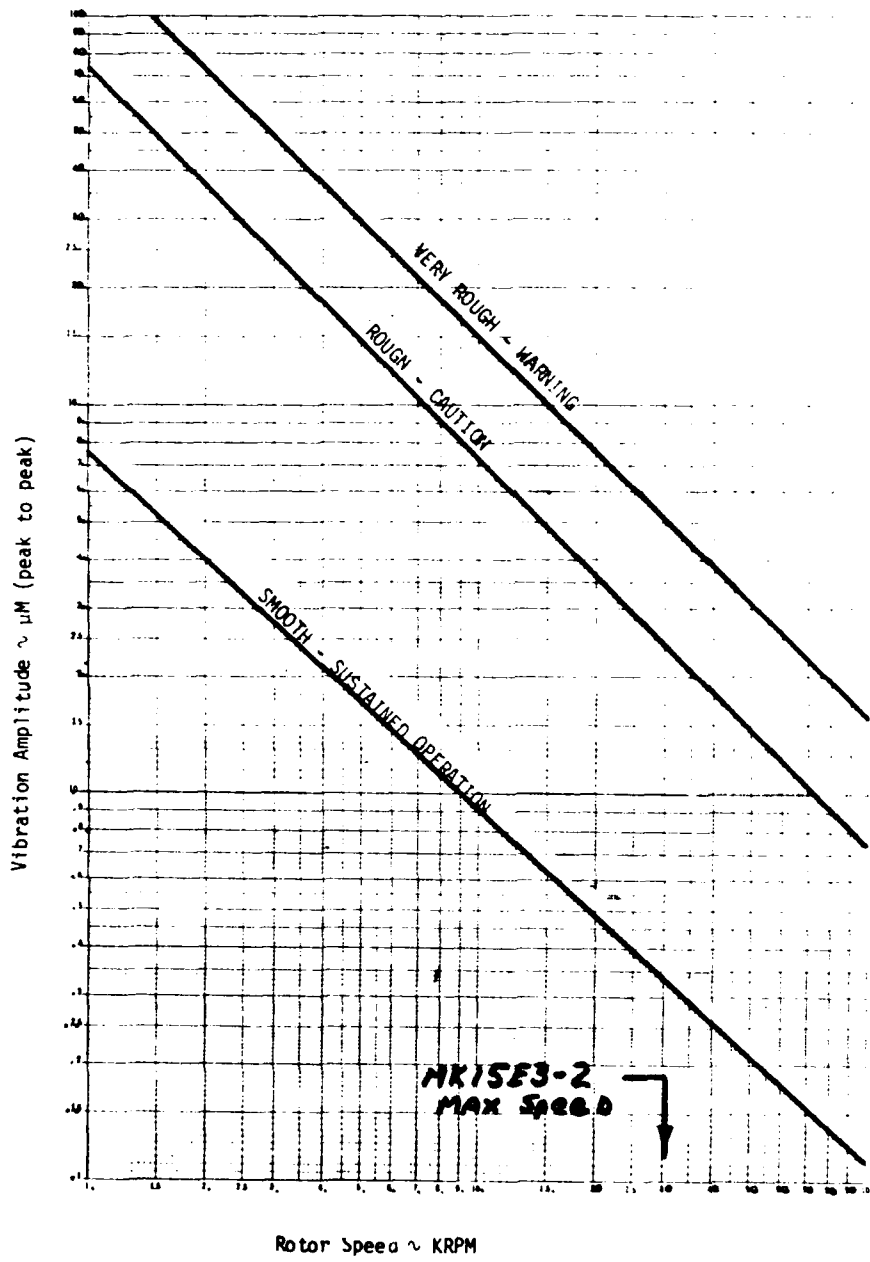


FIGURE 41. Rotating Machinery Vibration Severity Guide

system was then re-balanced at 9500 RPM to 0.13 gram-inch (turbine quill) and 0.38 gram-inch (drive quill).

Test: 1-004  
Test Date: 9-11-80  
Duration: 222 seconds  
Objective: 1. Atmospheric pressure windage torque data with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.  
2. Torquemeter balance verification  
Results: Hofmann analyzer red-line observer terminated test at approximately 12,000 RPM when the vibration amplitude of the torquemeter housing exceeded 10 micrometers. Bently orbital plots show maximum of only 0.002 inch deflection with no large excursions. Torque data successfully acquired up to cutoff.  
Analysis: Lead shot bags were placed around the torquemeter pedestal in an effort to dampen the system. The turbine vibration was very low, about 0.1 to 0.2 GRMS. An additional test to 30,000 RPM will be attempted using only the Bently's and turbine accelerometer red-lines.

Test: 1-005  
Test Date: 9-11-80  
Duration: 222 seconds  
Objective: 1. Atmospheric pressure windage torque data with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.  
Results: Test terminated at approximately 14,000 RPM (determined from Statos charts) when the Lebow speed sensor (red-line parameter) failed to indicate the proper speed. The speed count did not indicate greater than 12,000 RPM while the control panel rough indication was about 15,000 RPM. The Lebow Model 7540 signal conditioner is used to convert 60 pulses per revolution into RPM readout and



provide the signal to the Doric analyzer for permanent speed recording. Torque data was recorded at 5000 and 9500 RPM.

**Analysis:** The speed sensor is a magnetic pickup and was set at 0.026 inch gap (pickup to rotor teeth gap). The gap was evidently too wide for this particular system, although the gap had been set per manufacturer's instructions. The gap was reset to 0.011 inch with no additional speed monitoring problems encountered throughout the remainder of the test program.

**Test:** 1-006

**Test Date:** 9-12-80

**Duration:** 683 seconds

**Objective:** 1. Atmospheric windage torque data with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.

**Results:** Objective achieved. Torque at 30,350 RPM was 325 in-lbs. RPM was increased in increments to the 30,000 RPM level, then decreased in the same increments. Maximum turbine exhaust cavity temperature recorded was 937<sup>o</sup>F (red-line was set at 1000<sup>o</sup>F). The maximum rear bearing temperature was 138<sup>o</sup>F, well below the 200<sup>o</sup>F red-line. All systems performed satisfactorily.

**Test:** 1-007

**Test Date:** 9-12-80

**Duration:** 630 seconds

**Objective:** 1. Windage torque data at 7 psia cavity pressure with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.

**Results:** Objective achieved. Cavity pressure varied between 4 and 9 psia. Maximum torque of 39 in-lbs at 30,240 RPM.

Test: 1-008  
Test Date: 9-15-80  
Duration: 102 seconds  
Objective: 1. Windage torque data at one psia cavity pressure with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.  
Results: Test terminated after recording torque at 9700 RPM due to Doric paper strip malfunction. Cavity pressure of about 0.3 psia was maintained.

Test: 1-009  
Test Date: 9-15-80  
Duration: 399 seconds  
Objective: 1. Windage torque data at one psia cavity pressure with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.  
Results: Objective achieved. Torque at 30,320 RPM was about 55 in-lbs. Cavity temperature maximum temperature was 355<sup>0</sup>F.

Test: 1-010  
Test Date: 9-15-80  
Duration: 416 seconds  
Objective: 1. Repeat of test 1-007 to provide more stabilized pressure conditions within exhaust cavity.  
2. Windage torque data at seven psia cavity pressure with E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels to 30,000 RPM.  
Results: Objectives achieved. Stabilized cavity pressure of about 7.5 psia maintained with a maximum torque of 197 in-lbs recorded at 29,870 RPM. This test completed the series number 1 configuration - E3 1st and 2nd stage wheels.

Test: 2-011  
Test Date: 9-18-80  
Duration: 604 seconds  
Objective: Windage torque data at atmospheric cavity pressure with

E3 1st stage wheel and replacement cylinder for the E3 second stage wheel.

**Results:** Objective achieved. Windage torque for this configuration (Series No. 2) was about one-half that of the two wheels in combination (159 versus 325 in-lbs, respectively). Maximum speed obtained was 30,140 RPM with a maximum cavity temperature of 492<sup>o</sup>F.

**Test:** 2-012

**Test Date:** 9-18-80

**Duration:** 290 seconds

**Objective:** Windage torque data at one psia cavity pressure with the E3 1st stage wheel and replacement cylinder for the E3 second stage wheel.

**Results:** Steady state torque data obtained for 10K and 20K RPM levels. During speed ramp from 21K to 30K RPM, the turbine vibration level indicated slightly more than 10 GRMS at a maximum speed of 29,770 RPM. The speed was immediately reduced to obtain steady state torque data on the downramp at the 20K and 10K RPM levels. No evidence of hardware failure or additional problems was noted.

**Analysis:** A review of the orbital displays for the Bently transducers indicated no abnormal deflections during the test (no greater than about 0.010 inch). However, at about 23K-24K, an increase in the normal deflection (0.006 inch) was noted which quickly subsided at about 25K. While ramping toward 30K RPM, another increase in Bently orbital deflection was noted starting at about 28K until the speed was backed off. Coupled with these observations, the turbine vibration level started to increase from approximately 1 GRMS at 28K RPM to the 10 GRMS red-line at the 29,770 RPM obtained. Several possibilities can explain the increase in "G" level at the 28K RPM level.

1. Too high a residual unbalance for this hardware configuration. (Actual residual unbalance was 0.77 gram-inch.)
2. Slight movement, or seating, of the replacement cylinder pilot press fit causing an increase and/or shift in the residual unbalance.
3. Bearing wear because of the accumulated run time (19,562 seconds).
4. Response of the turbine to the third critical (bending) speed of the (torquemeter) system.

A rigorous rotordynamic analysis of these possibilities was not performed, but the most probable reason for the noted increase in turbine vibration level at the 28K to 30K RPM is the coupling, or transmittal, of the torquemeter vibration at its bending mode critical speed (see Table 3). Calculated critical speed was between 27,079 and 34,371 RPM depending on the bearing support stiffness; the noted vibration occurred at 28K RPM which is in good agreement with the analytical estimates. It is also postulated that the second critical speed (torquemeter) of the system occurred between 23K and 24K as noted by the increase in Bently displacement. Again, referring to Table 3, the second critical speed was analytically projected to be between 24,045 to 28,274 RPM. For the second and third critical speeds to be between 24K to 28K, the apparent torquemeter bearing support stiffness should be about 200,000 lb/in. It thus appears that the analytical and empirical results are in good agreement.

Test: 2-013  
Test Date: 9-19-80  
Duration: 563 seconds  
Objective: Windage torque data at seven psia cavity pressure with

E3 1st stage wheel and replacement cylinder for the E3 second stage wheel.

Results: Objective achieved. Maximum steady state speed of 25,570 RPM resulted in a torque value of 33 in-lbs at a cavity temperature of 339<sup>0</sup>F.

Test: 3-014

Test Date: 9-23-80

Duration: 594 seconds

Objective: Windage torque data at atmospheric cavity pressure with a replacement cylinder for the 1st and 2nd stage wheels.

Results: Objective achieved. Steady state torque data obtained up to 27,630 RPM.

Test: 3-015

Test Date: 9-23-80

Duration: 488 seconds

Objective: Windage torque data at one psia cavity pressure with a replacement cylinder for the 1st and 2nd stage wheels.

Results: Objective achieved. Cavity pressure of about 1.2 psia was maintained throughout speed excursions to 27,700 RPM. Maximum torque recorded was 40 in-lbs at a cavity temperature of 100<sup>0</sup>F.

Test: 3-016

Test Date: 9-23-80

Duration: 359 seconds

Objective: Windage torque data at seven psia cavity pressure with a replacement cylinder for the 1st and 2nd stage wheels.

Results: Objective achieved. Cavity pressure of about 7.3 psia was maintained with a maximum torque of 43 in-lbs obtained at 25,000 RPM.

Test: 4-020  
Test Date: 9-26-80  
Duration: 673 seconds  
Objective: Windage torque data at one psia cavity pressure with the shrouded E3 1st stage wheel and unshrouded E1 second stage wheel.  
Results: Objective achieved. A maximum speed of 29,440 RPM was achieved for only a short time due to the high turbine vibration level increasing from about 1 GRMS at 28K to just over 10 GRMS at the maximum RPM. The speed was immediately reduced with stabilized torque data obtained at lower speed levels. (Refer to Test 2-012 test analysis.)

Test: 4-021  
Test Date: 9-26-80  
Duration: 651 seconds  
Objective: Windage torque data at seven psia cavity pressure with shrouded E3 1st stage wheel and unshrouded E1 second stage wheel.  
Results: Objective achieved. A stabilized cavity pressure of about 6.1 psia was maintained with a maximum torque of 159 in-lbs obtained at 26,880 RPM.

Test: 4-022  
Test Date: 9-26-80  
Duration: 527 seconds  
Objective: Windage torque data at atmospheric cavity pressure with shrouded E3 1st stage wheel and unshrouded E1 second stage wheel.  
Results: Objective achieved. A maximum torque of 272 in-lbs was recorded at 26,770 RPM with a cavity temperature of 367°F. This test completed the program test requirements.

### Post-Test Disassembly/Storage

Following the test program, the E3 second stage wheel was re-installed, studs elongated 0.013 and lock tabs secured. Because of the extensive time accumulated on the bearings, Rocketdyne recommended that no further powered rotation of the turbine be attempted before disassembly, inspection of hardware, refurbishment if required, and re-assembly including balance at 5000 RPM.

The MK15E3-2 turbine tester assembly, P/N R0012809, was placed in a wooden storage container along with all other supportive hardware, including the Lebow Associates, Inc. Model 1604-100 and -500 torquemeters and Model 7540 signal conditioner.

### Data Records and Appendices

Appendix B presents the raw data compilation as determined from the Doric analyzer and other supportive systems. Appendix C is the nomenclature and data reduction program written for this program. Appendix D is the reduced data as compiled by the computer program written for this project, while Appendix E is the revised torque and torque ratio printout.

## TASK IV DATA ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

### Data Reduction

Average rotor cavity conditions were calculated for each test point. Average cavity pressure was the average of the Stage 1 outlet static pressure (P2), turbine cavity pressure number 1 (TCP1), and turbine cavity pressure number 4 (TCP4). Average cavity temperature was the average of turbine inlet temperature (TT1) and turbine cavity temperature number 4 (TCT4). Turbine rotor cavity specific weight was calculated using the average pressure and temperature in the equation of state for air. The absolute viscosity of air was calculated as a function of the average cavity temperature.

The Reynolds number was calculated for each test point. Reynolds number is the product of the test speed, the effective diameter squared where the effective diameter is the turbine blading mean diameter with turbine rotors or the maximum drum diameter with no turbine rotors, and the cavity specific weight divided by the absolute viscosity.

Predicted torques were calculated for each test point. Predicted torques for the bearings, oil face seal, and turbine floating ring seal were functions of speed. The bearing torque characteristic is shown in Figure 42. The equations were supplied by the Mechanical Elements Specialist and are listed in Appendix C. The rotor disc friction torques were predicted using the empirically based method by Daily and Nece.<sup>4</sup> The blading windage torques were predicted using the test data correlation reported by Balje and Binsley.<sup>5</sup>

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<sup>4</sup>Dailey, J. W., and Nece, R. E., "Chamber Dimension Effects on Induced Flow and Frictional Resistance of Enclosed Rotating Disks", Journal of Basic Engineering, Transactions of the ASME, Series D, Volume 82, Number 1, March 1960, pages 217-232.

<sup>5</sup>Balje, O. E., and Binsley, R. L., "Axial Turbine Performance Evaluation. Part A - Loss-Loss-Geometry Relationships", Journal of Engineering for Power, Transactions of the, October 1968, pages 341-348.



The shroud ring friction torque was predicted using an empirically developed method by Bilgen and Boulos.<sup>6</sup> Predicted torques for the drums used in place of the discs were the sum of cylindrical surface torques and the radial face torque. The equation for each predicted torque is given in Appendix C. Torque coefficients were calculated as functions of Reynolds number using the empirical correlations reported in the references.

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<sup>6</sup>Bilgen, E., and Boulos, R., "Functional Dependence of Torque Coefficient of Coaxial Cylinders on Gap Width and Reynolds Number", Journal of Fluids Engineering, Transactions of the ASME, March 1973, pages 122-126.

FIGURE 42

MARK 15-E3-2 TURBINE

PREDICTED BEARING TORQUE

$$\text{BEARING TORQUE} = 1.16 + 0.001 \times \text{Fext.} + 0.0283 (N)^{2/3}$$

TORQUE = INCH POUNDS

Fext = EXTERNAL AXIAL FORCE - POUNDS

N = RPM

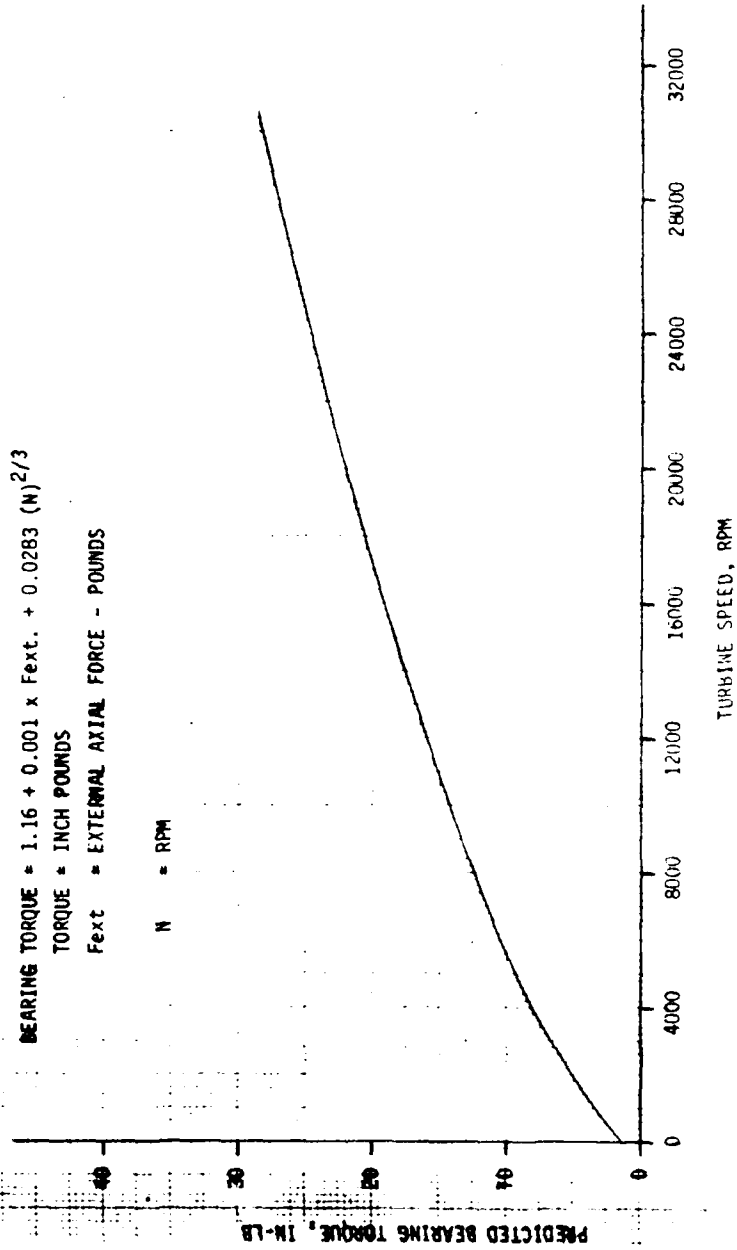


FIGURE 42

PREDICTED BEARING TORQUE

The turbine geometry dimensions are summarized in Table 11. Using these values, the predicted torque for each test point was the summation of the component torques for the configuration and test. The component torques for each configuration are listed in Table 12. A torque ratio (TR) was determined for each test point. The torque ratio is defined as the test torque divided by the total predicted torque. A torque ratio of 1.0 means the predicted torque equaled the test torque.

The reduced test data and parameters for each test point are tabulated in Appendix D. The predicted torques and torque ratios are tabulated in Appendix E.

#### Data Analysis

The torque ratios, TR (test torque divided by the predicted torque) for each point was plotted versus speed for each test. The test configuration and average cavity pressure were listed on each plot. The torque parameter plots were compared resulting in the following observations:

No Disc Tests. The no-disc tests had predicted torques for the bearings, oil face seal, and the drum cylinder and end face. The torque ratio versus speed for the original predicted torques is shown in Figure 43. At 5,000 RPM, the torque ratio was approximately 1.6 and at 30,000 RPM, the torque ratio was approximately 0.8. All of the no-disc tests had approximately the same torque ratio versus speed characteristic which did not vary with cavity pressure. This substantiates the prediction that drum friction torques were small compared with the predicted bearing and seal torque. A revised oil face seal torque characteristic was derived to reduce the data scatter based on the no-disc tests and the assumption that the predicted bearing torque was correct and neglecting the drum friction torque. The original and revised predicted oil face seal torque characteristics are shown in Figure 44. The torque ratio was recalculated using the revised oil seal torque characteristic for the no-disc tests and is shown in Figure 45. Figure 45 indicated an acceptable prediction of the torque and a significant reduction in the 2-sigma scatter as shown in the following:

DESCRIPTION	PROGRAM SYMBOL	DIMENSION, INCH
Turbine Mean Diameter	DM	12.3
Drum Cylinder Dia. No. 1	DDM1	5.5
Drum Cylinder Dia. No. 2	DDM2	6.0
First Rotor Blade Height	H1R	0.69
Second Rotor Blade Height	H2R	1.67
Axial Space - First Disc Upstream	S1DKUS	0.3
Axial Space - First Disc Downstream	S1DKDS	0.2
Axial Space - First Disc Downstream - Single Rotor	S1DK1R	4.0
Axial Space - Second Disc Upstream	S2DKUS	0.2
Axial Space - Second Disc Downstream	S2DKDS	2.0
Axial Space - Drum Downstream	SDM	1.25
Radial Space - First Rotor Shroud	T1R	0.06
Radial Space - Second Rotor Shroud	T2R	0.06
Radial Space - Drum	TDM	4.6
Drum Cylinder Length @ 5.5 Dia., Single Rotor	LDM2R1	1.5
Drum Cylinder Length @ 6.0 Dia., Single Rotor	LDM2R2	0.86
Drum Cylinder Length @ 5.5 Dia., No Rotors	LDM1R1	3.491
Drum Cylinder Length @ 6.0 Dia., No Rotors	LDM1R2	1.125
First Rotor Shroud Length	L1RSH	0.6
Second Rotor Shroud Length	L2RSH	0.6

TABLE 11. Turbine Geometry Summary

TEST SERIES		1-XXX	2-XXX	3-XXX	4-XXX
Configuration:		E3	E3	None	E3
First Rotor		E3	None	None	E1
Second Rotor					
PREDICTED TORQUES					
ELEMENT	PROGRAM SYMBOL				
Bearings	TBG	X	X	X	X
Oil Face Seal	TOFS	X	X	X	X
Turbine Seal	TFRS	X	X	X	X
First Disc Upstream	T1DKUS	X	X	X	X
First Disc Downstream	T1DKDS	X	X	X	X
First Rotor Blading	T1BD	X	X	X	X
First Rotor Shroud	T1SH	X	X	X	X
Second Disc Upstream	T2DKUS	X	X	X	X
Second Disc Downstream	T2DKDS	X	X	X	X
Second Rotor Blading	T2BD	X	X	X	X
Second Rotor Shroud	T2SH	X	X	X	X
Drum End Face	TDMFS		X	X	
Drum Cylinder 1 Rotor	TD110D		X		
Drum Cylinder 2 Rotors	TD220D			X	

TABLE 12. Predicted Torques for each Configuration

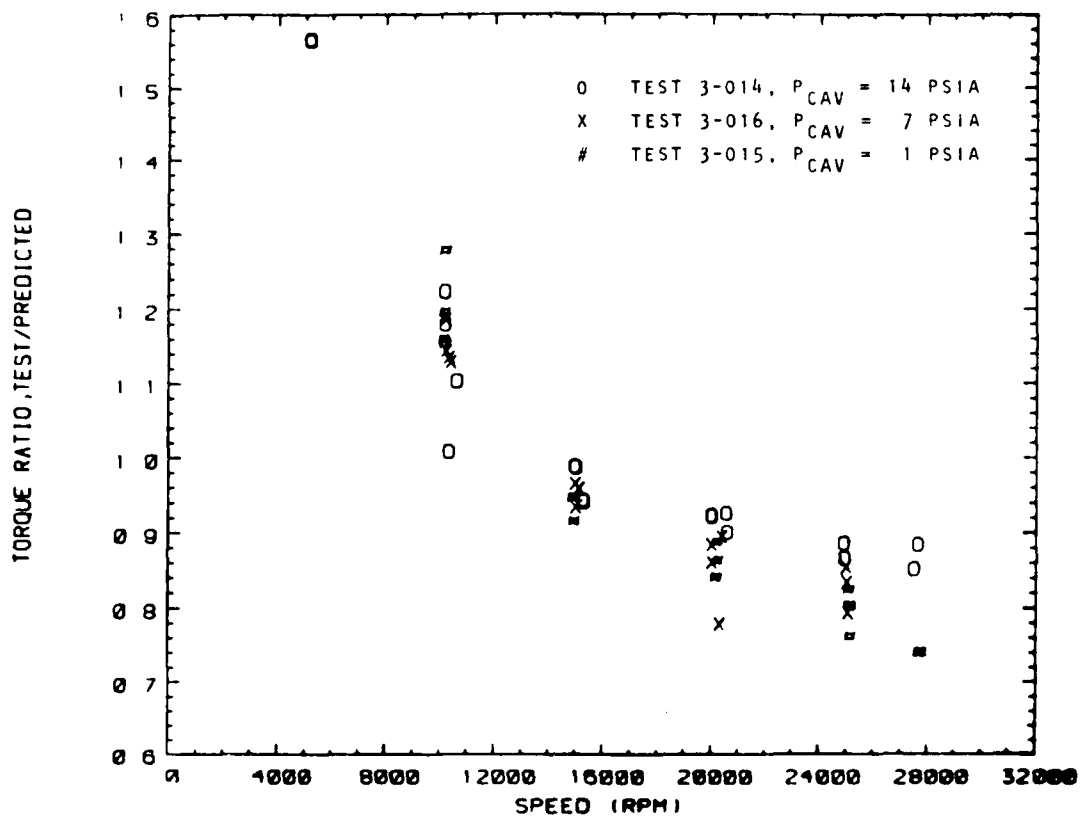


FIGURE 43. No Disc Tests - Original Torque Ratio versus Speed

ORIGINAL - OIL SEAL TORQUE =  $9.580 \times 10^{-4}$  N at 210°F OIL TEMP.  
 REVISED - OIL SEAL TORQUE = REFERENCE APPENDIX C (TOFS)

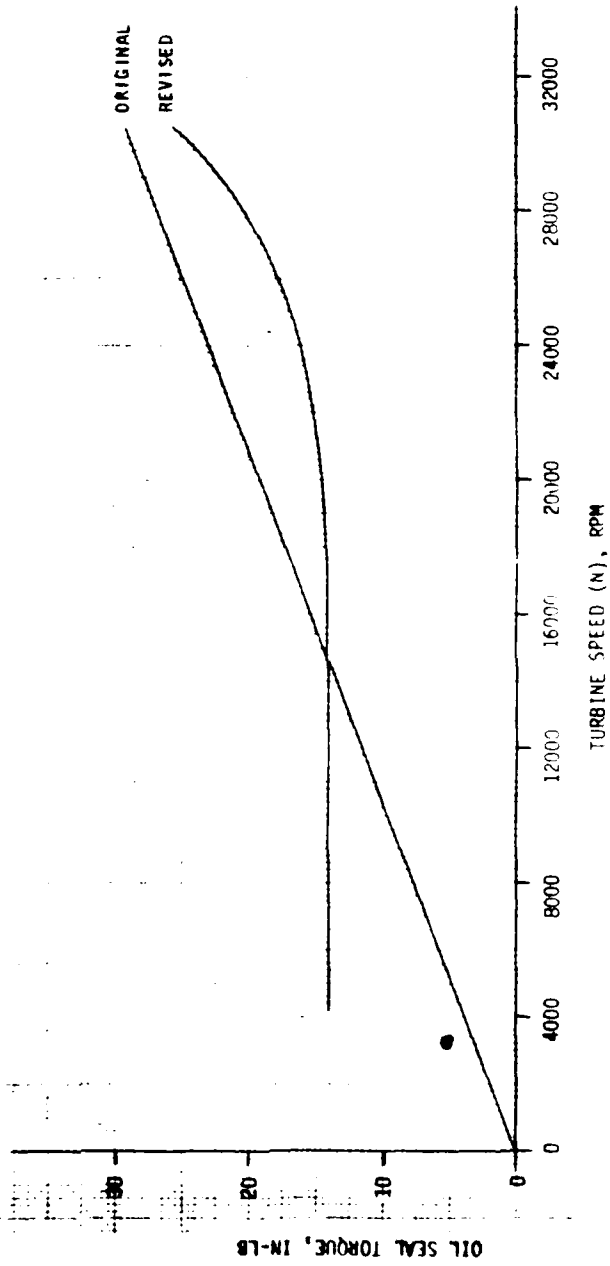


FIGURE 44. Predicted Oil Face Seal Torque

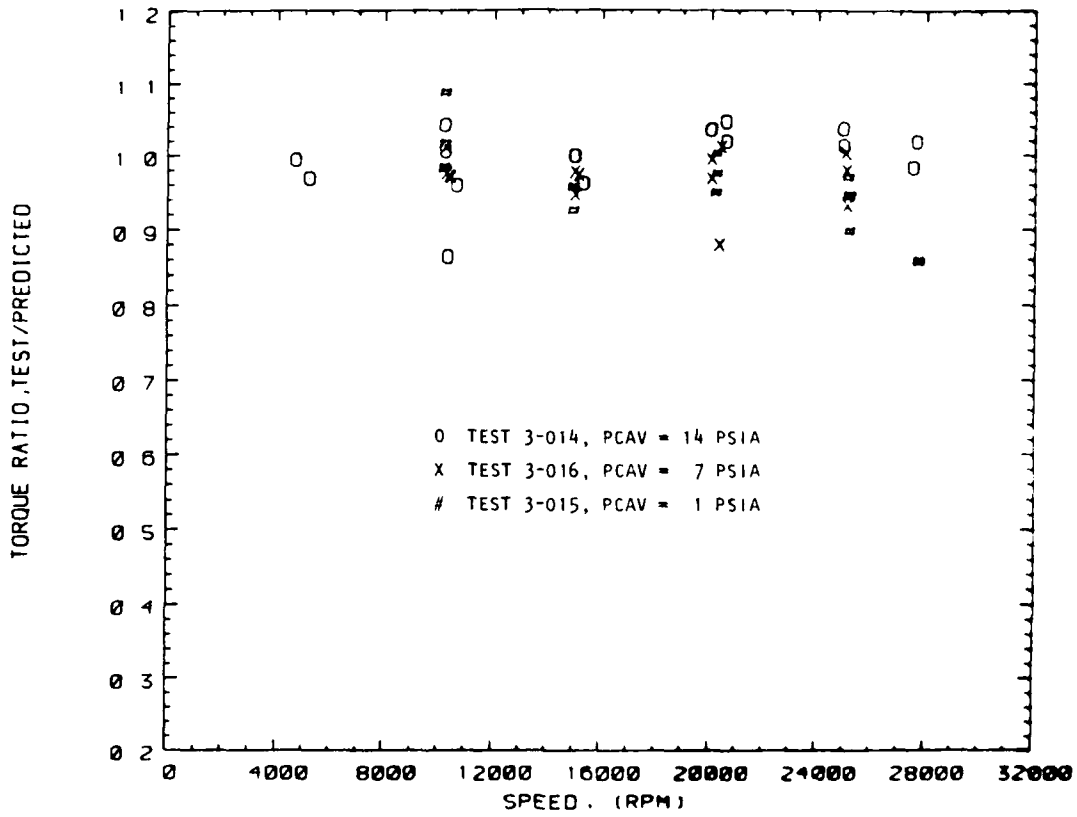


FIGURE 45. No disc Tests - Revised Torque Ratio versus Speed



Test Numbers	3-014, 3-015, 3-016	
Range of Cavity Pressure, psia	0.3 to 14	
Oil Seal Torque Prediction	Original	Revised
Number of Test Points	52	52
Average Torque Ratio	0.9911	0.9752
2-Sigma Scatter, Percent	41.58	9.61

Low Cavity Pressure Tests (1.3 psia max.). The low cavity pressure tests, with either a single rotor or two rotors, had similar torque ratio characteristics as the no-disc tests with the original predicted torques for all components. At low cavity pressures, the predicted rotor friction and windage torques were a small percentage of the total predicted torque. The turbine floating ring seal was the additional mechanical torque for the tests with either single or two rotors. Torque ratio using the original prediction equations was considerably less than 1.0 (0.4 minimum) for most test points. A revised predicted turbine floating ring seal torque characteristic was derived based on the test torque, the revised oil face seal torque characteristic, and neglecting the rotor friction and windage torques at the low cavity pressures. The original and revised turbine seal torque characteristics are shown in Figure 46 and a substantial decrease in predicted turbine seal torque is shown. The torque ratio was recalculated using the revised oil seal and turbine seal characteristics and is shown in Figure 47. The revised characteristics resulted in predicted torques closer to test torques and a significant reduction in data scatter as shown below:

Test Numbers	1-009, 2-012, 4-020	
Configurations	2 rotors, E3; 1 rotor, E3; rotor 1 - E3; rotor 2 - E1	
Range of Cavity Pressure, psia	0.3 to 1.3	
Seal Torque Predictions	Original	Revised
Number of Test Points	43	43
Average Torque Ratio	0.6793	0.9565
2-Sigma Scatter, Percent	48.49	21.57

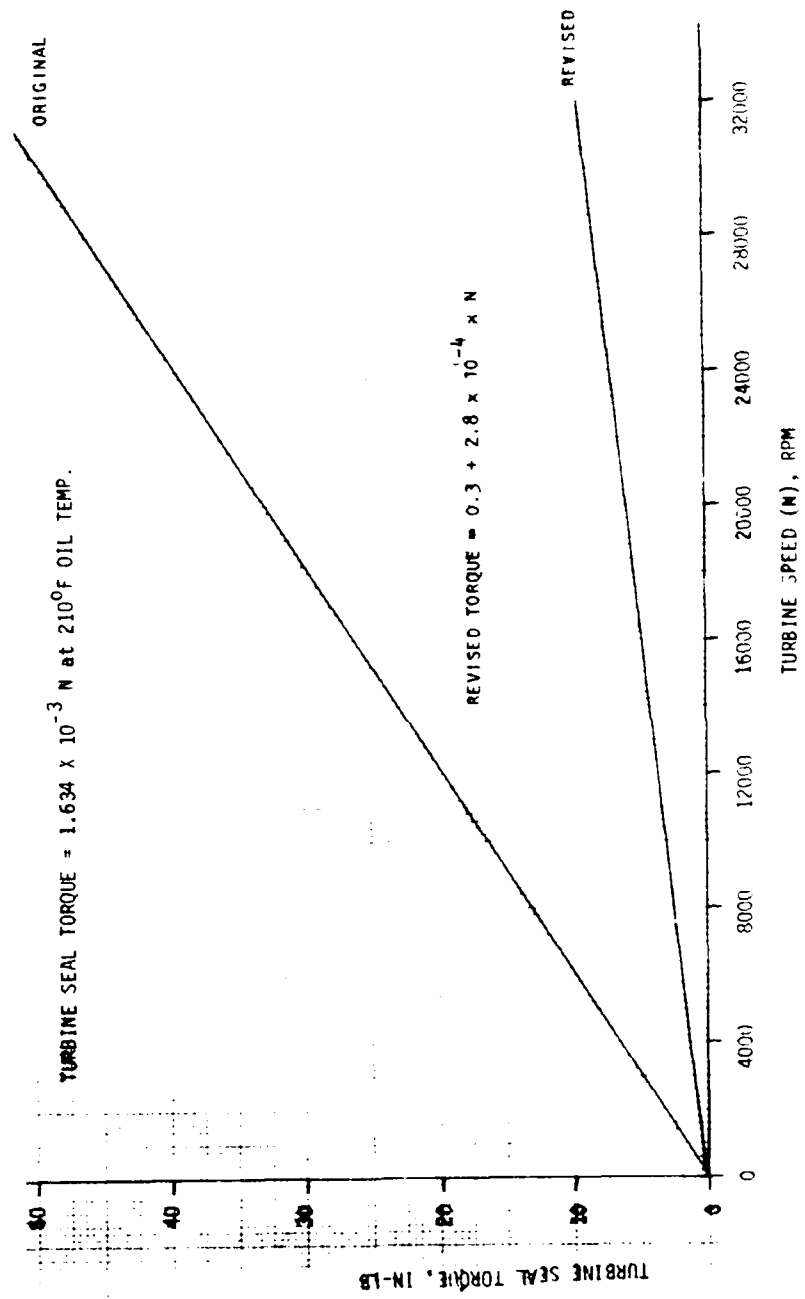


FIGURE 46. Predicted Turbine Floating Ring Seal Torque

AD-A098 310 ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL CANOGA PARK CA ROCKETDYNE DIV F/G 21/5  
TURBINE WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS.(U)

JAN 81 R F SUTTON

F33615-79-C-2073

UNCLASSIFIED

R1/RD-80-220

AFWAL-TR-80-2123

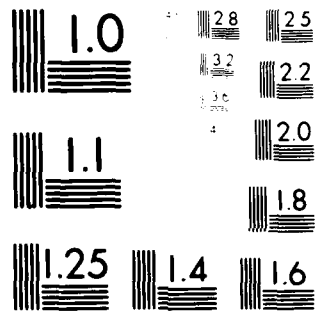
NL

2 of 2

AD-A  
334310




END  
DATE  
FILMED  
5-81  
DTIC



MERCOOPY Resolution Test Chart  
National Bureau of Standards

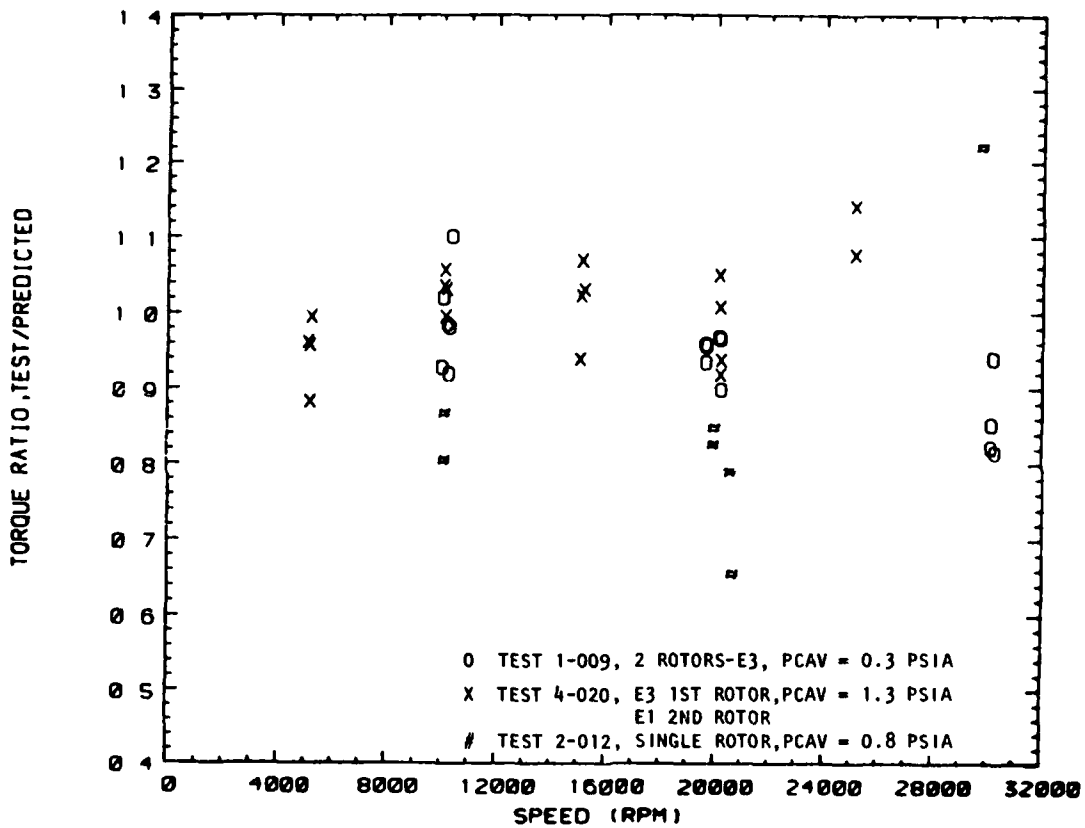


FIGURE 47. Low Cavity Pressure Tests - Torque Ratio versus Speed

Single Rotor Tests. The torque ratio was calculated using the revised oil face seal and turbine floating ring seal torque characteristics for the single rotor tests. Torque ratio versus speed is shown in Figure 48 and indicates an increasing torque ratio with speed from 5,000 to 20,000 RPM and approximately constant torque ratio from 20,000 to 30,000 RPM. The torque ratio also increases with cavity pressure. The average torque ratios from 20,000 to 30,000 RPM are listed below as a function of cavity pressure.

Target Cavity Pressure, psia	14	7
Number of Test Points	8	8
Average Torque Ratio	1.3324	1.1126
2-Sigma Scatter, Percent	7.74	8.51

Two Rotor Tests. The torque ratio was calculated using the revised oil and turbine seal characteristics for the two rotor tests. Torque ratio versus speed is shown in Figure 49. A large increase in torque ratio is shown for speeds from 5,000 to 20,000 RPM for both cavity pressures. The torque ratio values from 20,000 to 30,000 RPM are much higher than for the single rotor tests. Torque ratio increases with cavity pressure. Test points taken during the ascending speed steps had higher torque ratio values than data from descending speed steps. No observable difference is shown in the data between tests with the E3 second rotor with shrouded and fir-treed blading and the E1 second rotor with unshrouded integral blading. The blade profiles from hub to tip are the same for both second rotors.

Average torque ratio values between 20,000 and 30,000 RPM are listed below:

Target Cavity Pressure, psia	14		7	
Second Rotor	E3	E1	E3	R1
Number of Points	6	6	8	8
Average TR	1.9215	2.0383	1.7090	1.6086
2-Sigma Scatter, Percent	15.42	15.71	12.55	13.37

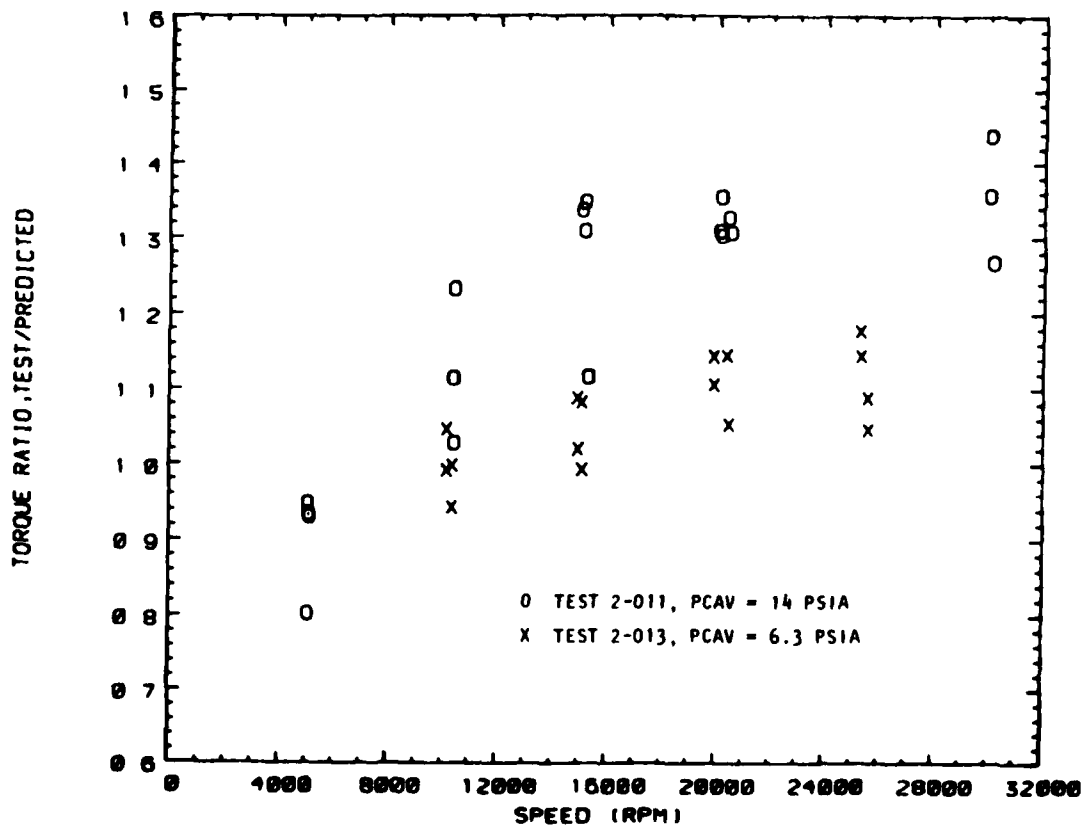


FIGURE 48. Single Rotor Tests - Torque Ratio versus Speed

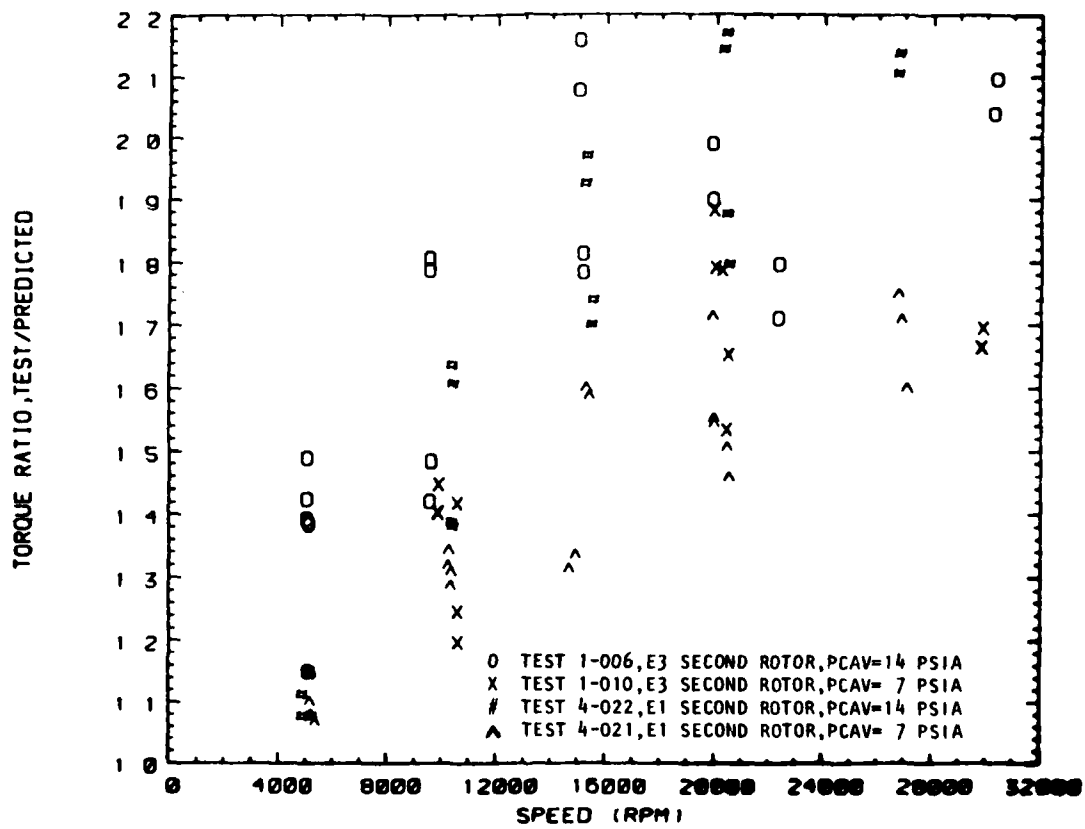


FIGURE 49. Two Rotor Tests - Torque Ratio versus Speed



## Results

Predicted torque for the bearings and oil seal differed from the test torques for the no-disc tests. The predicted oil seal torque characteristic was revised to better agree with the test torque.

Predicted torque for the turbine floating ring seal differed from a test derived value. A revised turbine seal torque characteristic was developed to better agree with the test data.

For the single rotor tests, the test torque averaged 33 percent higher than the revised predicted torque at 14 psia cavity pressure from 20,000 to 30,000 RPM. At 7 psia cavity pressure, the test torque averaged 11 percent higher than the revised predicted torque.

For the two rotor tests, the test torque averaged 98 percent higher than the revised predicted torque at 14 psia cavity pressure from 20,000 to 30,000 RPM. At 7 psia cavity pressure, the test torque averaged 66 percent higher than the revised predicted torque.

No observable difference was shown between the shrouded E3 second rotor and the unshrouded E1 second rotor.

## Conclusions

The original predictions of mechanical element torques (bearings and seals) were not representative for the test setup. Mechanical element torques should be verified or derived as part of the testing.

The experimentally based correlations from the references did not adequately predict the disc friction, blade windage, and shroud ring friction torques. Torque ratios varied with both speed and cavity pressure for both single and two rotor tests.

Predicted torque deviated the most from the test torque for the configuration

with two rotors. The nonsymmetrical, reaction type blading of the second rotor apparently cause greater windage torque than predicted using torque coefficients from tests of symmetrical blading. The effect of the type of blading should be studied in more detail.

#### Recommendations

Modify the no-disc drums so the no-disc, tare tests could be run with the turbine floating ring seal installed.

Install additional temperature and pressure measurements to determine conditions upstream and downstream of each disc and blade row.

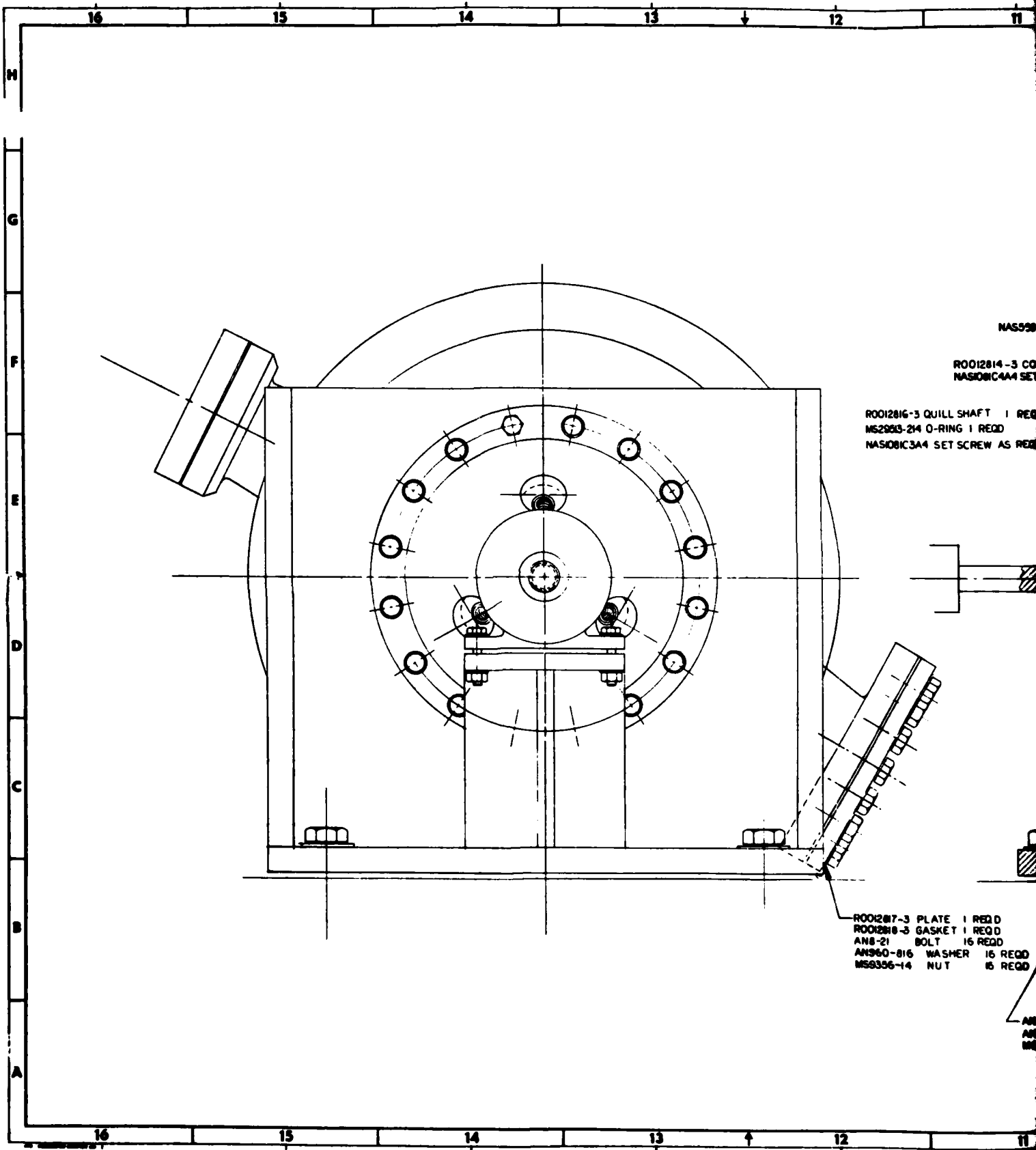
Run the single rotor configuration with the blades removed and the fir tree slots filled to determine the blading torque for the nearly symmetrical impulse first rotor blades.

Run the second rotor alone, with and without blades, to determine the blading torque for the nonsymmetrical reaction type second rotor blading.

APPENDIX A

Windage Tester  
Assembly Drawing

P/N R0012809



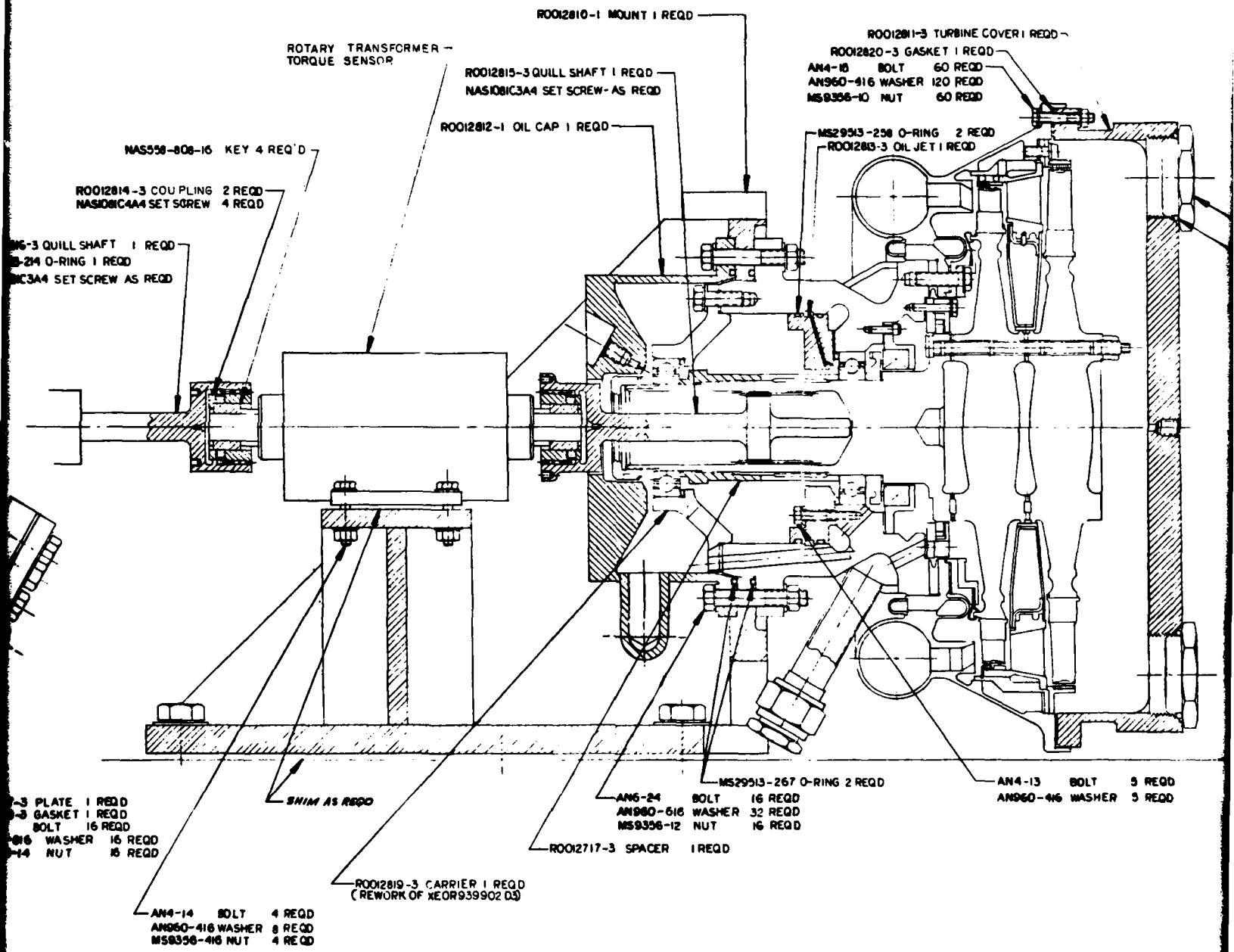
NAS598

RO012814-3 CO  
NAS081C4A4 SET

RO012816-3 QUILL SHAFT 1 REQ  
MS2953-214 O-RING 1 REQ  
NAS081C3A4 SET SCREW AS REQ

RO012817-3 PLATE 1 REQ  
RO012818-3 GASKET 1 REQ  
AN8-21 BOLT 16 REQ  
ANS60-016 WASHER 16 REQ  
MS6356-14 NUT 16 REQ

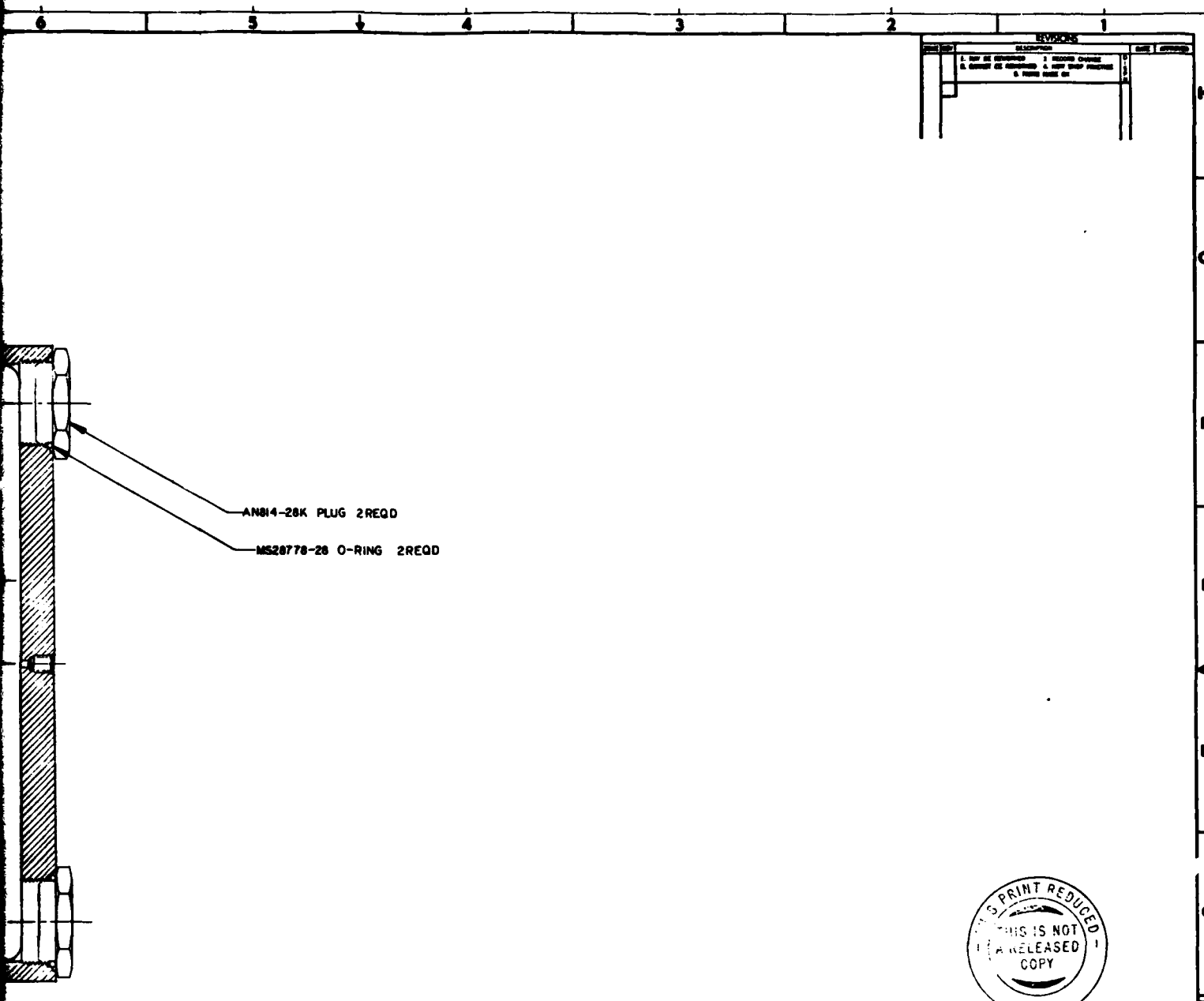
1



General Motors Corporation  
Warren, Michigan  
Engineering Division  
Design Plan, Section

FIGURE NO	01002	FIGURE	1
ROO12809			

12



AN814-28K PLUG 2REQD  
 MS28778-28 O-RING 2REQD



FIGURE A-1

-1

SEE SEPARATE PARTS LIST

<p>NOVA</p> <p>NOVA</p>	<p>REVISIONS</p> <p>1. REV. BY ENGINEER</p> <p>2. REV. BY DESIGNER</p> <p>3. REV. BY CHECKER</p> <p>4. REV. BY APPROVER</p> <p>5. REV. BY USER</p>	<p>DATE</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p> <p>BY</p>	<p>WINDAGE TESTER ASSEMBLY, MK 15E3-2</p> <p>02602</p> <p>80012809</p>
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3

APPENDIX B  
Turbine Windage Tests  
- Data Compilation

MK15E3-2 TEST No 1-001 A DATE: 9/8/60 NOTE: Accelerometer A = 29.09 in 14 = 238.886 in 14 x 0.003 = 14.260 in

Time /Sec	TCPI		TCM		P		Q1		Q2		RPM		TDR		TC1		TC2		TC3		TC4		TDR		TT1		TT2		TT3		TT4		TT5		TT6		TT7		TT8		TT9		TT10		TT11		TT12		TT13		TT14		TT15		TT16		TT17		TT18		TT19		TT20		TT21		TT22		TT23		TT24		TT25		TT26		TT27		TT28		TT29		TT30		TT31		TT32		TT33		TT34		TT35		TT36		TT37		TT38		TT39		TT40		TT41		TT42		TT43		TT44		TT45		TT46		TT47		TT48		TT49		TT50		TT51		TT52		TT53		TT54		TT55		TT56		TT57		TT58		TT59		TT60		TT61		TT62		TT63		TT64		TT65		TT66		TT67		TT68		TT69		TT70		TT71		TT72		TT73		TT74		TT75		TT76		TT77		TT78		TT79		TT80		TT81		TT82		TT83		TT84		TT85		TT86		TT87		TT88		TT89		TT90		TT91		TT92		TT93		TT94		TT95		TT96		TT97		TT98		TT99		TT100		TT101		TT102		TT103		TT104		TT105		TT106		TT107		TT108		TT109		TT110		TT111		TT112		TT113		TT114		TT115		TT116		TT117		TT118		TT119		TT120		TT121		TT122		TT123		TT124		TT125		TT126		TT127		TT128		TT129		TT130		TT131		TT132		TT133		TT134		TT135		TT136		TT137		TT138		TT139		TT140		TT141		TT142		TT143		TT144		TT145		TT146		TT147		TT148		TT149		TT150	
	CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4	CH5	CH6	CH7	CH8	CH9	CH10	CH11	CH12	CH13	CH14	CH15	CH16	CH17	CH18	CH19	CH20	CH21	CH22	CH23	CH24	CH25	CH26	CH27	CH28	CH29	CH30	CH31	CH32	CH33	CH34	CH35	CH36	CH37	CH38	CH39	CH40	CH41	CH42	CH43	CH44	CH45	CH46	CH47	CH48	CH49	CH50	CH51	CH52	CH53	CH54	CH55	CH56	CH57	CH58	CH59	CH60	CH61	CH62	CH63	CH64	CH65	CH66	CH67	CH68	CH69	CH70	CH71	CH72	CH73	CH74	CH75	CH76	CH77	CH78	CH79	CH80	CH81	CH82	CH83	CH84	CH85	CH86	CH87	CH88	CH89	CH90	CH91	CH92	CH93	CH94	CH95	CH96	CH97	CH98	CH99	CH100	CH101	CH102	CH103	CH104	CH105	CH106	CH107	CH108	CH109	CH110	CH111	CH112	CH113	CH114	CH115	CH116	CH117	CH118	CH119	CH120	CH121	CH122	CH123	CH124	CH125	CH126	CH127	CH128	CH129	CH130	CH131	CH132	CH133	CH134	CH135	CH136	CH137	CH138	CH139	CH140	CH141	CH142	CH143	CH144	CH145	CH146	CH147	CH148	CH149	CH150	CH151	CH152	CH153	CH154	CH155	CH156	CH157	CH158	CH159	CH160	CH161	CH162	CH163	CH164	CH165	CH166	CH167	CH168	CH169	CH170	CH171	CH172	CH173	CH174	CH175	CH176	CH177	CH178	CH179	CH180	CH181	CH182	CH183	CH184	CH185	CH186	CH187	CH188	CH189	CH190	CH191	CH192	CH193	CH194	CH195	CH196	CH197	CH198	CH199	CH200	CH201	CH202	CH203	CH204	CH205	CH206	CH207	CH208	CH209	CH210	CH211	CH212	CH213	CH214	CH215	CH216	CH217	CH218	CH219	CH220	CH221	CH222	CH223	CH224	CH225	CH226	CH227	CH228	CH229	CH230	CH231	CH232	CH233	CH234	CH235	CH236	CH237	CH238	CH239	CH240	CH241	CH242	CH243	CH244	CH245	CH246	CH247	CH248	CH249	CH250	CH251	CH252	CH253	CH254	CH255	CH256	CH257	CH258	CH259	CH260	CH261	CH262	CH263	CH264	CH265	CH266	CH267	CH268	CH269	CH270	CH271	CH272	CH273	CH274	CH275	CH276	CH277	CH278	CH279	CH280	CH281	CH282	CH283	CH284	CH285	CH286	CH287	CH288	CH289	CH290	CH291	CH292	CH293	CH294	CH295	CH296	CH297	CH298	CH299	CH300																								
4:57	14228	14229	14230	14231	14232	14233	14234	14235	14236	14237	14238	14239	14240	14241	14242	14243	14244	14245	14246	14247	14248	14249	14250	14251	14252	14253	14254	14255	14256	14257	14258	14259	14260	14261	14262	14263	14264	14265	14266	14267	14268	14269	14270	14271	14272	14273	14274	14275	14276	14277	14278	14279	14280	14281	14282	14283	14284	14285	14286	14287	14288	14289	14290	14291	14292	14293	14294	14295	14296	14297	14298	14299	14300	14301	14302	14303	14304	14305	14306	14307	14308	14309	14310	14311	14312	14313	14314	14315	14316	14317	14318	14319	14320	14321	14322	14323	14324	14325	14326	14327	14328	14329	14330	14331	14332	14333	14334	14335	14336	14337	14338	14339	14340	14341	14342	14343	14344	14345	14346	14347	14348	14349	14350	14351	14352	14353	14354	14355	14356	14357	14358	14359	14360	14361	14362	14363	14364	14365	14366	14367	14368	14369	14370	14371	14372	14373	14374	14375	14376	14377	14378	14379	14380	14381	14382	14383	14384	14385	14386	14387	14388	14389	14390	14391	14392	14393	14394	14395	14396	14397	14398	14399	14400	14401	14402	14403	14404	14405	14406	14407	14408	14409	14410	14411	14412	14413	14414	14415	14416	14417	14418	14419	14420	14421	14422	14423	14424	14425	14426	14427	14428	14429	14430	14431	14432	14433	14434	14435	14436	14437	14438	14439	14440	14441	14442	14443	14444	14445	14446	14447	14448	14449	14450	14451	14452	14453	14454	14455	14456	14457	14458	14459	14460	14461	14462	14463	14464	14465	14466	14467	14468	14469	14470	14471	14472	14473	14474	14475	14476	14477	14478	14479	14480	14481	14482	14483	14484	14485	14486	14487	14488	14489	14490	14491	14492	14493	14494	14495	14496	14497	14498	14499	14500																																																			

TABLE B-1: Raw Data









MR15E3-2 TEST No. L-004 DATE: 9/11/50 INSTR: APPROXIMATE A = 29.08 in Hg = 756.632 mm Hg @ 0.0193 @ 14256 mm

Time	TCPI		TCM4		P		(Pressure) (mmHg)		RAM		TURBO		TCM4		TBT2		TT1		TM-1		TM-2		LUBE		LUBE		LUBE		REMARKS			
	CH 1	CH 2	CH 3	CH 4	CH 5	CH 6	CH 7	CH 8	CH 9	CH 10	CH 11	CH 12	CH 13	CH 14	CH 15	CH 16	CH 17	CH 18	CH 19	CH 20	CH 21	CH 22	CH 23	CH 24	CH 25	CH 26	CH 27	CH 28		CH 29	CH 30	
15:42	11.258	11.258	11.252	11.252	1.430	1.077	0	2	98	82	97	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	START
12:25	11.197	11.268	11.232	11.232	1.345	1.055	3080	25	103	81	97	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82
13:33	11.272	11.277	11.198	11.198	1.371	1.064	5090	45	113	83	97	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83
14:16	11.288	11.446	11.061	11.061	1.382	1.070	9550	82	164	86	98	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88
14:25	11.304	11.444	11.063	11.063	1.384	1.071	9350	94	168	87	99	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88
15:15.34																																STOP
TEST DURATION =																3 MIN		42 SEC														

TABLE B-5: Raw Data



MK15E3-2 TEST NO 1-006 Date: 9/12/70 Note: see comments. A = 29.03 in 14. 737.362 in 4 rows. 14.331 in

Time	TCPI	TCPI	A	(mm)	(mm)	APM	TORQUE	TCPI	T872	TT	TM-1	TR-2	LUBE	LUBE	AMPL	REMARKS
	CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4	CH5	CH6	IN LB	CH11	CH12	CH13	CH14	CH15	CH16	CH17	CH18	
01:00	14259	14282	14331	1427	1427	0	2	76	76	77	77	78	200	180	10	START
01:03	14399	14422	14471	1435	1435	970	96	91	77	77	79	79				SS
01:07	14495	14522	14571	1435	1435	971	5010	93	77	77	79	79				SS
01:11	14599	14622	14671	1436	1436	971	5010	93	77	77	79	79				SS
01:15	14726	14749	14798	1439	1439	975	9320	95	82	80	84	82				SS
01:19	14829	14852	14901	1445	1445	976	9220	87	82	81	84	82				SS
01:23	14926	14949	14998	1453	1453	982	9470	86	91	94	90	87				SS
01:27	15026	15049	15098	1462	1462	1003	10000	89	92	97	90	87				SS
01:31	15126	15149	15198	1472	1472	1012	10320	90	101	101	101	97				SS
01:35	15226	15249	15298	1482	1482	1023	10510	91	105	105	102	97				SS
01:39	15326	15349	15398	1492	1492	1037	10760	91	117	117	117	105				SS
01:43	15426	15449	15498	1501	1501	1052	10940	91	138	138	117	109				SS
01:47	15526	15549	15598	1510	1510	1066	10940	91	120	120	111	110				SS
01:51	15626	15649	15698	1520	1520	1082	10970	91	118	230	110	111				SS
01:55	15726	15749	15798	1530	1530	1097	10970	92	120	263	112	110				SS
01:59	15826	15849	15898	1540	1540	1112	10970	91	109	248	112	110				SS
02:03	15926	15949	15998	1550	1550	1127	10970	91	97	241	112	109				SS
02:07	16026	16049	16098	1560	1560	1142	10970	91	97	294	112	109				SS
02:11	16126	16149	16198	1570	1570	1157	10970	91	94	308	110	109				SS
02:15	16226	16249	16298	1580	1580	1172	10970	91	94	307	110	109				SS
02:19	16326	16349	16398	1590	1590	1187	10970	91	94	307	110	109				SS
02:23	16426	16449	16498	1600	1600	1202	10970	91	91	297	109	107				SS

TABLE B-7: Raw Data

MKISE-3-2 TEST No. 1-007 DATE: 9/24/80 NOTE: APPROXIMATE A = 29.03 in H<sub>2</sub>O 737.362 mm Hg 10.0193 • 14.231 psia

Time	TCPI OH 1	TCPI CH 2	TCPI OH 3	TCPI OH 4	P <sub>a</sub>	(mmHg)	(in H <sub>2</sub> O)	Q1 OH 4	Q2 OH 5	Q3 OH 6	RAM OH 6	TORQUE OH 7	TCV OH 7	T8T2 OH 8	TT 1 OH 9	TT 2 OH 10	TM-1 OH 11	LUBE OH 12	LUBE OH 13	TAKE OH 14	TAKE OH 15	TAKE OH 16	TAKE OH 17	TAKE OH 18	TAKE OH 19	TAKE OH 20	REMARKS			
16:00																														
17:35	3.98	3.82	4.000	4.97	1089	0						2	119	93	109	84	84					2.00	1.0				START			
18:45	3.96	3.88	4.010	4.91	1063	5010						28	144	92	108	85	85										55			
19:52	3.96	3.88	4.009	4.89	1063	5000						28	144	92	108	85	85										55			
21:00	3.96	3.88	4.020	4.89	1064	5000						30	144	92	108	85	85										55			
22:15	3.80	3.92	4.000	4.89	1069	4920						48	179	92	108	87	87										55			
23:25	3.80	3.92	4.000	4.89	1070	4920						57	182	92	108	87	87										55			
24:38	3.54	3.91	3.960	4.90	1076	4900						69	263	97	108	90	90										55			
25:52	3.54	3.91	3.960	4.91	1078	4820						68	268	99	109	91	91										55			
27:00	3.54	3.91	3.960	4.91	1078	4820						68	273	98	109	91	91										55			
28:15	3.34	4.06	3.900	4.92	1085	4920						95	407	112	111	103	96										55			
29:30	3.24	4.06	3.900	4.93	1086	4900						94	416	112	112	103	97										55			
30:48	3.24	4.06	3.900	4.93	1087	4900						87	430	114	112	106	98										55			
31:02	2.46	3.82	3.380	4.47	1092	4920						131	694	139	115	117	105										55			
31:51	5.56	3.20	3.376	4.45	1092	4920						89	784	143	123	119	107										55			
32:50	1.50	1.75	1.84	4.42	1095	20249						59	590	127	136	114	107										55			
33:53	1.74	1.82	2.02	4.42	1095	20220						67	586	125	136	113	107										55			
34:08	1.94	2.29	1.36	4.41	1095	20250						68	588	124	141	113	108										55			
34:59	2.28	3.47	3.480	4.53	1095	15110						54	515	105	164	113	107										55			
35:07	2.62	2.76	3.490	4.52	1094	17830						46	506	104	165	113	107										55			
35:15	2.23	2.53	2.52	4.45	1094	15130						57	501	104	164	113	107										55			
35:28	3.32	3.59	4.000	4.45	1085	10390						43	449	102	160	112	106										55			
36:06	5.30	5.55	5.598	4.26	1079	10390						54	451	102	162	112	106										55			
36:15	5.20	5.32	5.338	4.15	1073	10410						46	447	101	164	112	106										55			
36:24	2.70	3.55	3.72	3.51	1031	5190						35	389	100	156	110	105										55			
36:33	2.23	2.270	2.24	3.37	1022	5140						32	382	99	151	109	105										55			
36:45	1.19	1.49	1.49										347	96	179	107	104										570			
					DURATION = 10 min 30 sec																									
					NOT STABILIZED PRESSURES																									

TABLE B-8: Raw Data

MK15E3-2 TEST No. L-008 Date: 9/15/66 Note: Barometric Air: 29.13 in Hg - 759.902 mm Hg 0.0193 = 14.280 min

Time 11 hr	TCF1		TCF4		R		(Pressure)		RPM		TORQUE		TCF4		TCF2		TT1		TM-1		TA-2		LUBE		WAGE		Airgl		REMARKS						
	CH 1		CH 2		CA3	CA4	CA5	CA6	CA7	CA8	CA9	CA10	CA11	CA12	CA13	CA14	CA15	CA16	CA17	CA18	CA19	CA20	CA21	CA22	CA23	CA24	CA25	CA26							
	CH 1	CH 2	CH 3	CH 4	CH 5	CH 6	CH 7	CH 8	CH 9	CH 10	CH 11	CH 12	CH 13	CH 14	CH 15	CH 16	CH 17	CH 18	CH 19	CH 20	CH 21	CH 22	CH 23	CH 24	CH 25	CH 26	CH 27	CH 28							
24:17	0.416	0.216	0.485	1.192	0.956	0	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73					
25:17	0.416	0.216	0.483	1.113	0.922	9780	90	79	73	78	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77				
25:35	0.416	0.214	0.483	1.116	0.922	9780	90	79	73	78	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77				
25:37	0.416	0.214	0.483	1.118	0.923	9770	89	80	73	79	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77				
25:59	0.376	0.216	0.416	TRANSMIT	MTR	1	133	90	73	85	81																								

TABLE B-9: Raw Data







MK15E3-2 TEST No 2-0-11 DATE: 9/18/80 NOTE APPROXIMATE: A = 29.06 in H<sub>2</sub>O = 78.632 in H<sub>2</sub>O @ 100.003 in H<sub>2</sub>O = 142.56 psi

Time	TCPI psi	TCPI psi	P <sub>2</sub> psi	(range) psi	Q1 psi	Q2 psi	RPM CH6	THICK CH7	TCF4 CH11	TBT2 CH12	TT1 CH13	TT2 CH14	LUBE THICK psi	LUBE TEMP psi	A=6.1 psi	REMARKS
15:00																
20:27	14.256	14.256	14.256	1.479	1.074	0	0	0	82	82	84	83	83	83	10	
21:27	14.156	14.212	14.212	1.450	1.072	510	26	26	89	83	84	85	85	85	10	
21:35	14.156	14.236	14.236	1.442	1.066	5090	26	26	90	83	84	85	85	85	10	
21:35	14.156	14.236	14.236	1.434	1.067	5080	26	26	90	83	84	85	85	85	10	
22:35	13.638	14.287	14.316	1.443	1.046	10430	51	118	91	90	87	91	87	87	10	
22:43	13.638	14.287	14.316	1.450	1.070	10400	46	120	91	91	88	91	87	87	10	
22:52	13.638	14.287	14.316	1.473	1.076	10410	46	121	91	91	88	91	87	87	10	
23:35	12.990	14.358	14.376	1.514	1.111	15720	72	122	99	99	96	95	91	91	10	
23:47	12.990	14.358	14.376	1.505	1.105	15760	74	176	100	98	94	94	92	92	10	
23:52	14.090	14.358	14.376	1.497	1.058	15080	73	180	100	99	96	92	92	92	10	
24:43	12.153	14.419	14.485	1.460	1.066	30144	92	260	112	118	103	97	97	97	10	
24:52	12.153	14.419	14.485	1.462	1.066	20080	92	266	113	120	104	99	99	99	10	
25:00	12.163	14.419	14.485	1.465	1.067	20100	95	277	115	125	105	100	100	100	10	
25:43	12.249	14.602	14.535	1.476	1.074	30140	95	493	140	150	150	117	108	108	10	
25:51	12.249	14.602	14.535	1.489	1.077	30020	159	474	146	146	161	120	110	110	10	
26:09	12.028	14.581	14.495	1.496	1.080	30000	149	492	149	149	175	121	112	112	10	
26:42	12.392	14.398	14.396	1.503	1.085	20410	91	408	131	131	197	115	113	113	10	
26:51	12.462	14.398	14.396	1.503	1.086	20490	90	407	129	129	198	115	114	114	10	
27:54	13.140	14.337	14.334	1.500	1.087	15350	59	354	109	109	210	114	113	113	10	
27:59	13.140	14.337	14.334	1.490	1.081	15340	58	352	109	109	209	114	113	113	10	
28:50	13.238	14.276	14.266	1.488	1.041	10120	42	309	104	104	203	114	113	113	10	
29:58	13.238	14.276	14.276	1.481	1.035	10470	41	308	103	103	203	114	111	111	10	
30:49	14.136	14.256	14.256	1.471	1.004	5070	22	282	101	101	185	112	110	110	10	
31:58	14.136	14.256	14.256	1.464	1.000	5070	26	280	101	101	187	112	110	110	10	
32:31	14.256	14.256	14.256	—	—	0	0	233	97	190	110	109	109	109	10	

TABLE B-12: Raw Data

MK15E3-2 TEST M-2-012 DATE: 9/18/80 NOTE: GEOMETRIC A = 2908 in H<sub>2</sub> = 788.632 mm H<sub>2</sub> x 0.0193 = H<sub>2</sub> 56.6 in

TIME	TCPI		TCP4		P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>		(INFORM)		(OUTER)		RPM	TORQUE	TCT4	TBT2	TT1	TM-1	TR-2	LUBE	LUBE	AIR/HL	REMARKS
	CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4		CH5	CH6	CH7	CH8	CH9	CH10											
53:25	0.860	0.609	0.741	1.585	1.234	0	0	208	95	128	95	95	95	200	180	10						START
54:43	0.895	0.629	0.841	1.531	1.105	0.130	28	223	97	127	99	97	97	200	180							SS
55:57	0.885	0.629	0.841	1.523	1.102	0.130	26	223	97	127	99	97	97	200	180							SS
56:07	0.781	0.629	0.861	1.525	1.100	0.130	38	259	116	126	108	104	104	200	180							SS
56:33	0.667	0.649	0.881	1.529	1.102	0.130	37	260	117	126	108	105	105	200	180							TRANSITION P
57:07	0.741	0.629	0.841	1.526	1.117	0.130	30	277	130	125	119	110	108	200	180							SS
57:15	0.741	0.629	0.861	1.567	1.120	0.130	36	276	127	125	119	109	108	200	180							SS
58:15	0.821	0.629	0.841	0	0	0	2	219	110	125	109	107	107	200	180							STOP
TEST duration = 4min 50.5																						

TABLE B-13: Raw Data

MKISE3-2 TEST No 2-013 DATE: 9/19/80 NOTE: APPROXIMATE R = 29.198 in 14.741.629 in 14.313 in

Time	TCPI CH1	TCPI CH2	TCPI CH3	TCPI CH4	TCPI CH5	TCPI CH6	TCPI CH7	TCPI CH8	TCPI CH9	TCPI CH10	TCPI CH11	TCPI CH12	TCPI CH13	TCPI CH14	TCPI CH15	TCPI CH16	TCPI CH17	TCPI CH18	TCPI CH19	TCPI CH20	REMARKS
10:00	6.337	6.360	6.385	6.410	6.435	6.460	6.485	6.510	6.535	6.560	6.585	6.610	6.635	6.660	6.685	6.710	6.735	6.760	6.785	6.810	START
23:12	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
23:20	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
24:10	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
26:29	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
27:38	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
27:57	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
28:20	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
28:57	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
29:28	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
29:36	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
30:19	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
30:28	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
31:02	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
31:10	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
31:52	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
32:01	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS
32:35	6.247	6.270	6.295	6.320	6.345	6.370	6.395	6.420	6.445	6.470	6.495	6.520	6.545	6.570	6.595	6.620	6.645	6.670	6.695	6.720	SS

TABLE B-14: Raw Data

MKISE3-2 TEST No 3-014 DATE: 9/23/80 NOTE: diameters: A = 29.05 in L<sub>1</sub> = 737.87 in L<sub>2</sub> = 10.0193 in 18.241 in  
 PROJECT: MKISE3-2

Time	TCPI CH 1	TCPI CH 2	TCPI CH 3	P CH 4	P CH 5	Q1 CH 4	Q1 CH 5	Q2 CH 5	Q3 CH 4	Q3 CH 5	RPM CH 6	Torque CH 7	TCTY CH 11	TCTY CH 12	TT1 CH 15	TT1 CH 12	TT2 CH 15	TT2 CH 12	LUBE TAKE PR	LUBE JET PR	Air/Oil MIST PR	REMARKS	
10																							
37:14	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	—	—	74	74	74	76	76	76	220	180	10	START	
38:56	14.181	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	4660	33	74	74	74	79	79	79				55	
40:23	14.883	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	10200	29	76	81	83	83	81	81				55	
41:18	14.823	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	10780	30	76	82	84	84	81	81				55	
42:56	14.426	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14990	33	80	89	88	88	83	83				55	
43:04	14.426	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14960	33	80	89	88	88	84	84				55	
43:38	12.811	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	19900	39	86	102	94	93	88	88				55	
44:47	12.850	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	24920	44	96	123	74	93	89	89				55	
45:29	12.075	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	24900	45	97	124	74	93	89	89				55	
46:38	12.115	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	27630	49	106	135	72	106	107	107				55	
48:12	11.599	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	27630	49	106	135	72	106	107	107				55	
49:20	11.638	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	27490	47	107	134	75	117	108	108				55	
49:51	12.751	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	20530	40	99	122	76	112	110	110				55	
51:19	12.791	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	20560	39	99	122	76	111	111	111				55	
53:02	13.424	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	15270	32	95	104	76	109	109	109				55	
54:10	13.407	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	15300	32	95	102	76	109	109	109				55	
55:27	13.824	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	10620	22	92	100	76	109	108	108				55	
56:36	13.883	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	10320	25	92	100	76	108	108	108				55	
58:23	14.162	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	5170	23	89	97	77	107	105	105				55	
59:08	14.162	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	5180	23	89	96	77	106	105	105				55	
59:58	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	14.241	—	—	87	93	77	106	104	104				STOP	
60:00																							
61:00																							
62:00																							
63:00																							
64:00																							
65:00																							
66:00																							
67:00																							
68:00																							
69:00																							
70:00																							

CALCULATED BY: R. B. H. H.  
 CHECKED BY:

A DIVISION OF NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION, INC.

TABLE B-15: Raw Data

MKISE3-2 TEST N<sup>o</sup> 3-015 DATE 9/23/80 NOTE: ANOMALY: 2 = 29.5 in 1/4" 737.87 in 1/4" 000193. 14241 P10

Time	TCPI		P <sub>2</sub>	(mmHg)			RPM	TORQUE		T <sub>1</sub>		T <sub>2</sub>		LUBE TANK PR.	LUBE JET PR.	AMPL. MIST PR.	REMARKS
	CH 1	CH 2		Q1	Q2	Q3		CH 1	CH 2	CH 1	CH 2	CH 1	CH 2				
02:45	1.387	1.167	1.387	1.176	906	0	85	86	76	93	92	220	180				START
03:36	1.347	1.167	1.387	1.156	899	28	88	87	76	96	93						55
03:42	1.347	1.167	1.387	1.186	920	29	88	88	76	96	93						55
08:18	1.307	1.167	1.387	1.254	967	31	90	92	76	97	75						55
04:26	1.307	1.167	1.387	1.265	973	31	90	93	76	99	96						55
05:00	1.267	1.167	1.387	1.276	977	30	92	104	77	104	99						55
05:09	1.267	1.167	1.387	1.278	977	30	93	106	77	104	100						55
05:59	1.208	1.167	1.387	1.282	944	41	96	124	77	114	107						55
06:08	1.268	1.167	1.387	1.238	934	40	97	126	77	114	108						55
06:44	1.168	1.167	1.387	1.228	922	40	99	136	77	120	111						55
06:50	1.167	1.167	1.387	1.219	921	40	100	136	77	120	112						55
07:47	1.208	1.167	1.387	1.230	925	40	99	136	77	121	113						55
07:57	1.208	1.167	1.387	1.231	926	38	98	135	77	121	113						55
08:47	1.267	1.167	1.367	1.234	930	35	95	125	77	119	113						55
08:56	1.267	1.167	1.367	1.234	930	35	95	124	77	118	113						55
09:21	1.307	1.167	1.367	1.232	930	30	93	106	77	117	112						55
09:29	1.307	1.167	1.367	1.251	931	31	93	105	77	116	112						55
10:11	1.347	1.167	1.367	1.226	932	28	91	102	77	115	110						55
10:20	1.347	1.167	1.367	1.226	932	28	91	102	77	114	110						55
0:53	1.367	1.167	1.367			89	89	98	77	113	109						5700

TEST DURATION = 85

2 1/2 of test on station

TABLE B-16: Raw Data

MK15E3-2 TEST No 3-016 DATE: 9/23/80 NOTE: BAROMETRIC A = 29.05 in Hg = 287.87 mm Hg @ 0.0193. 14.241 in

TIME	TCPI CH 1	TCPI CH 2	TCPI CH 3	A CH 4	Q1 CH 4	Q2 CH 5	RPM CH 6	TABLE CH 7	TCY CH 11	TBT2 CH 12	TT1 CH 13	TM-1 CH 14	TM-2 CH 15	LOGE TABLE PR.	LOGE TEST PR.	AMPL MIST PR.	REMARKS
16:36	6373	6255	6373	7407	1221	933	0400	0	88	82	82	104	103	220	180	10	START
17:09	7228	7288	7407	7407	1217	933	10310	28	94	92	82	106	104				SS
17:18	7228	7309	7407	7407	1201	920	15010	31	97	94	82	109	105				SS
18:08	7029	7309	7407	7407	1211	927	14990	32	98	93	82	109	105				SS
18:50	6711	7309	7407	7407	1269	964	20000	37	103	109	82	113	108				SS
19:40	6413	7369	7407	7407	1275	967	20000	40	110	123	82	120	115				SS
20:30	6251	7369	7407	7407	1293	975	25000	43	111	126	83	121	114				SS
21:20	6069	7369	7407	7407	1294	976	25000	42	111	127	83	121	114				SS
22:02	7307	7369	7407	7407	1294	977	20300	38	107	122	83	118	113				SS
22:10	7307	7369	7407	7407	1292	977	15730	32	103	102	83	116	111				SS
22:35	7369	7369	7407	7407	1285	975	10230	29	101	101	83	116	110				SS
					0	0	0	0	97	97	83	113	109				END
TEST DURATION: 5m 59s																	

\* N<sub>2</sub> of 50% on 20000

TABLE B-17: Raw Data









APPENDIX C  
Data Reduction  
Program

MARK 15E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS  
APPENDIX C, DATA REDUCTION PROGRAM

NOMENCLATURE

P CAV	-	Average Cavity Pressure	-	psia
T CAV	-	Average Cavity Temperature	-	<sup>o</sup> R
RO	-	Average Cavity Specific Weight	-	LB/FT <sup>3</sup>
N	-	Speed	-	RPM
T	-	Torque	-	IN-LB
VIS	-	Absolute Viscosity	-	LB/FT-HR
OD	-	Drum Cylinder Diameter	-	inch
D	-	Diameter	-	inch
H	-	Height	-	inch
S	-	Axial Space	-	inch
T	-	Radial Space	-	inch
L	-	Cylinder Length	-	inch
NR	-	Reynolds Number		
CM	-	Torque Coefficient		
FS	-	Drum End Face		
R	-	Rotor		
1	-	First		
2	-	Second		
M	-	Mean		
DK	-	Disk		
DM	-	Drum		
US	-	Upstream		
DS	-	Downstream		
SH	-	Shroud		

TABLE C-1: Data Reduction Nomenclature

TEST DATA

N	,	RPM	Speed
P2	,	psia	Pressure at Nozzle Outlet
TCP1	,	psia	Downstream Cavity Centerline Pressure
TCP4	,	psia	Downstream Cavity Tip Pressure
TT1	,	<sup>0</sup> R	Manifold Temperature
TCT4	,	<sup>0</sup> R	Downstream Cavity Tip Temperature

GAS PROPERTIES FOR AIR

Gas Constant	-	R	=	53.36 FT LB <sub>f</sub> /LB <sub>m</sub> <sup>0</sup> R
Absolute Viscosity	-	VIS	=	0.012210 + 6.0101
		x 10 <sup>-5</sup> x TCAV AVG,		$\frac{\text{LB}}{\text{FT HR}}$

CALCULATION EQUATIONS

P CAV	=	$\frac{P2 + TCP1 + TCP4}{3}$	,	psia
T CAV	=	$\frac{TT1 + TCT4}{2}$	,	<sup>0</sup> R
RO CAV	=	$\frac{P \text{ CAV} \times 144}{R \times T \text{ CAV}}$	,	$\frac{\text{LB}}{\text{FT}^3}$
NR	=	$\frac{N \times (DM)^2 \times RO}{VIS}$		x 0.6545

PREDICTED TORQUE EQUATIONS

TBG = 1.16 + 0.0283 x (N)<sup>2/3</sup>

Original Seal Equations

TOFS = 9.58 x 10<sup>-4</sup> x N

TFRS = 1.634 x 10<sup>-3</sup> x N

TABLE C-2: Data Reduction Formula

Revised Seal Equations

TOFS	=	14.0 for $N = 4,000$ to $16,000$ RPM
TOFS	=	$30.980461 - 0.013358118 \times N$ $+ 0.99124152 \times 10^{-6} \times (N)^2$ $- 0.3275304 \times 10^{-10} \times (N)^3$ $+ 0.41408091 \times 10^{-15} \times (N)^4$ for $N$ greater than $16,000$ RPM
N RIDK	=	$\frac{N \times (DM-H1R)^2 \times RO}{VIS} \times 0.6545$
CM1US	=	$\frac{0.102 \times (2 \times SIDKUS / (DM-H1R))^{0.1}}{(NR1DK)^{0.2}}$
T1DKUS	=	$CM1US \times RO \times (N)^2 \times (DM-H1R)^5 \times 1.2842 \times 10^{-10}$
CM1DS	=	$\frac{0.102 (2 \times SIDKDS / (DM-H1R))^{0.1}}{(NR1DK)^{0.2}}$
T1DKDS	=	$CM1DS \times RO \times (N)^2 \times (DM-H1R)^5 \times 1.2842 \times 10^{-10}$
NR1BD	=	$\frac{N \times (DM + H1R)^2 \times RO}{VIS} \times 0.6545$
CM1BD	=	$\frac{0.574 (H1R / (DM + H1R))^{0.6}}{(NR1BD)^{0.1429}}$
T1BD	=	$CM1BD \times RO \times (N)^2 \times (DM)^5 \times 2.5684 \times 10^{-10}$
NR1SH	=	$\frac{N (DM + H1R) \times T1R \times RO}{VIS} \times 1.3090$
CM1SH	=	$\frac{0.065 (2 \times T1R / (DM + H1R))^{0.3}}{(NR1SH)^{0.2}}$
T1SH	=	$CM1SH \times RO \times (N)^2 \times (DM + H1R)^4 \times L1RSH \times 1.6125 \times 10^{-9}$

TABLE C-2: Data Reduction Formula

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{NR2DK} &= \frac{N \times (DM - H2R)^2 \times R0}{VIS} \times 0.6545 \\
\text{CM2US} &= \frac{0.102 (2 \times S2DKUS / (DM - H2R))^{0.1}}{(\text{NR2DK})^{0.2}} \\
\text{T2DKUS} &= \text{CM2US} \times R0 \times (N)^2 \times (DM - H2R)^5 \times 1.2342 \times 10^{-10} \\
\text{CM2DS} &= \frac{0.102 (2 \times S2DKDS / (DM - H2R))^{0.1}}{(\text{NR2DK})^{0.2}} \\
\text{NR2BD} &= \frac{N \times (DM + H2R)^2 \times R0}{VIS} \times 0.6545 \\
\text{CM2BD} &= \frac{0.574 (H2R / (DM + H2R))^{0.6}}{(\text{NR2BD})^{0.1429}} \\
\text{T2BD} &= \text{CM2BD} \times R0 \times (N)^2 \times (DM)^5 \times 2.5684 \times 10^{-10} \\
\text{NR2SH} &= \frac{N \times (DM + H2R) \times T2R \times R0}{VIS} \times 1.3097 \\
\text{CM2SH} &= \frac{0.065 (2 \times T2R / (DM + H2R))^{0.3}}{(\text{NR2SH})^{0.2}} \\
\text{T2SH} &= \text{CM2SH} \times R0 \times (N)^2 \times (DM + H2R)^4 \times L2RSH \times 1.6125 \times 10^{-9} \\
\text{DDMAV} &= \frac{\text{DDM1} + \text{DDM2}}{2} \\
\text{NRDMOD} &= \frac{R0 \times N \times \text{DDMAV} \times \text{TDM} \times 1.3097}{VIS} \\
\text{CMDMOD} &= \frac{0.065 (2 \times \text{TDM} / \text{DDMAV})^{0.3}}{(\text{NRDMOD})^{0.2}} \\
\text{NRDMFS} &= \frac{R0 \times N \times (\text{DDM2})^2}{VIS} \times 0.6545 \\
\text{CMDMFS} &= \frac{0.102 \times (2 \times \text{SDM} / \text{DDM2})^{0.1}}{(\text{NRDMFS})^{0.2}} \\
\text{TDMFS} &= \text{CMDMFS} \times R0 \times (N)^2 \times (\text{DDM2})^5 \times 1.2842 \times 10^{-10}
\end{aligned}$$

TABLE C-2: Data Reduction Formula



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{TDM20D} &= \text{CMDMOD} \times \text{RO} \times (\text{N})^2 \times \left| \frac{(\text{DDM1})^4 \times \text{LDM2R1} + (\text{DDM2})^4 \times \text{LDM2R2}}{\text{LDM2R2}} \right| \times 1.6125 \times 10^{-9} \\
 \text{TDM10D} &= \text{CMDMOD} \times \text{RO} \times (\text{N})^2 \times \left| \frac{(\text{DDM1})^4 \times \text{LDM1R1} + (\text{DDM2})^4 \times \text{LDM1R2}}{\text{LDM1R2}} \right| \times 1.6125 \times 10^{-9} \\
 \text{TDM2} &= \text{TDMFS} + \text{TDM20D} \\
 \text{TDM1} &= \text{TDMFS} + \text{TDM10D}
 \end{aligned}$$

TABLE C-2: Data Reduction Formula

APPENDIX D  
Reduced Test Data  
and Parameters

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV P81A	YCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT*3	VISCOBITY LB/FT*HR	RE
1006	15-50	9010.	46.0	18.135	544.	.0701	.04490	.77867E+06
1006	16-03	9010.	43.0	18.134	545.	.0700	.04497	.77214E+06
1006	16-11	9010.	44.0	18.135	545.	.0750	.04497	.77222E+06
1006	17-03	9520.	88.0	13.912	573.	.0656	.04662	.13261E+07
1006	17-11	9520.	87.0	13.915	575.	.0654	.04674	.13183E+07
1006	18-19	14970.	153.0	13.374	650.	.0564	.05120	.16292E+07
1006	18-28	15000.	159.0	13.376	655.	.0560	.05153	.16129E+07
1006	19-05	22320.	201.0	13.305	776.	.0463	.05042	.17397E+07
1006	19-53	22320.	191.0	13.338	782.	.0461	.05018	.17201E+07
1006	20-36	30260.	316.0	12.761	1005.	.0343	.07258	.14153E+07
1006	20-45	30350.	325.0	12.790	1018.	.0339	.07339	.13884E+07
1006	21-36	19640.	179.0	13.448	920.	.0394	.06750	.11800E+07
1006	21-44	19870.	171.0	13.434	922.	.0393	.06762	.11440E+07
1006	22-36	19140.	122.0	13.740	888.	.0418	.06555	.95554E+06
1006	22-44	19140.	120.0	13.749	889.	.0417	.06567	.95225E+06
1006	23-38	9540.	83.0	14.032	859.	.0441	.06384	.65235E+06
1006	23-44	9500.	86.0	14.030	858.	.0441	.06378	.65637E+06
1006	25-09	9070.	81.0	14.168	839.	.0456	.06260	.36566E+06
1006	25-17	9080.	84.0	14.167	837.	.0457	.06251	.36753E+06
1006	25-26	9100.	81.0	14.167	836.	.0457	.06245	.36977E+06

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV P81A	YCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT*3	VISCOBITY LB/FT*HR	RE
1009	32-21	10050.	33.0	.356	544.	.0010	.04500	.18015E+05
1009	32-29	10060.	33.0	.356	546.	.0010	.04503	.18092E+05
1009	32-38	10030.	30.0	.356	546.	.0010	.04503	.18776E+05
1009	32-37	19640.	42.0	.343	584.	.0010	.04728	.65189E+05
1009	33-06	19650.	43.0	.343	585.	.0010	.04734	.65027E+05
1009	33-54	19600.	43.0	.343	586.	.0010	.04743	.64573E+05
1009	34-08	30160.	87.0	.329	666.	.0013	.05224	.76292E+05
1009	34-34	30320.	95.0	.329	668.	.0013	.05236	.76292E+05
1009	35-02	30230.	63.0	.329	673.	.0013	.05263	.75188E+05
1009	35-11	30170.	95.0	.329	674.	.0013	.05272	.74724E+05
1009	35-53	20100.	44.0	.343	619.	.0018	.04938	.60259E+05
1009	36-02	20180.	44.0	.343	618.	.0018	.04932	.60900E+05
1009	36-10	20200.	41.0	.343	617.	.0018	.04929	.60817E+05
1009	36-53	10200.	32.0	.340	582.	.0016	.04716	.34721E+05
1009	37-01	10200.	30.0	.340	580.	.0016	.04707	.35151E+05
1009	37-10	10290.	32.0	.340	579.	.0016	.04701	.35291E+05
1009	37-18	10380.	36.0	.340	576.	.0016	.04699	.35604E+05

TABLE D-1: Reduced Data - Tests 1006 and 1009

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV P81A	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT**3	VISCOBITY LB/FTHR	RE
1010	06-10	9870.	61.0	7.313	589.	.0335	.04750	.68880E+06
1010	06-20	9870.	59.0	7.313	591.	.0334	.04770	.68474E+06
1010	06-36	9850.	59.0	7.313	592.	.0334	.04776	.68134E+06
1010	07-04	10930.	102.0	7.093	732.	.0262	.05620	.91822E+06
1010	07-53	10960.	135.0	7.100	739.	.0259	.05659	.90607E+06
1010	08-01	20200.	136.0	7.093	747.	.0256	.05708	.89665E+06
1010	08-52	29870.	197.0	6.861	955.	.0194	.06958	.82458E+06
1010	09-01	29820.	192.0	6.861	968.	.0191	.07036	.80312E+06
1010	09-09	29790.	191.0	6.867	980.	.0189	.07108	.78516E+06
1010	50-00	20380.	111.0	7.063	906.	.0210	.06663	.63752E+06
1010	50-08	20440.	120.0	7.076	908.	.0210	.06678	.63737E+06
1010	50-59	10370.	59.0	7.299	833.	.0236	.06227	.39744E+06
1010	51-00	10390.	58.0	7.306	838.	.0238	.06209	.40116E+06
1010	51-16	10390.	59.0	7.306	829.	.0238	.06200	.40287E+06

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV P81A	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT**3	VISCOBITY LB/FTHR	RE
2011	21-27	5110.	26.0	14.223	547.	.0702	.04500	.78874E+06
2011	21-35	5090.	26.0	14.223	547.	.0702	.04500	.78441E+06
2011	21-44	5080.	26.0	14.223	547.	.0702	.04500	.78287E+06
2011	22-35	10430.	51.0	14.084	563.	.0676	.04602	.15164E+07
2011	22-43	10400.	46.0	14.084	564.	.0674	.04611	.15051E+07
2011	22-52	10410.	46.0	14.084	565.	.0673	.04614	.15042E+07
2011	23-35	15170.	72.0	13.891	594.	.0631	.04791	.19787E+07
2011	23-43	15160.	74.0	13.891	597.	.0628	.04809	.19601E+07
2011	23-52	15080.	73.0	13.891	600.	.0625	.04824	.19356E+07
2011	24-43	20140.	92.0	13.672	649.	.0569	.05122	.22137E+07
2011	24-52	20080.	92.0	13.666	653.	.0565	.05146	.21823E+07
2011	25-00	20100.	95.0	13.666	661.	.0558	.05194	.21380E+07
2011	25-43	30140.	142.0	13.129	758.	.0468	.05774	.24177E+07
2011	25-51	30020.	150.0	13.208	778.	.0458	.05894	.23122E+07
2011	26-00	30000.	149.0	13.235	788.	.0450	.05990	.22322E+07
2011	26-42	20410.	91.0	13.712	763.	.0485	.05804	.16899E+07
2011	26-51	20490.	90.0	13.710	763.	.0486	.05804	.16974E+07
2011	27-00	15330.	99.0	13.938	742.	.0507	.05680	.13566E+07
2011	28-50	10430.	41.0	14.103	716.	.0532	.05521	.99501E+06
2011	29-49	5070.	22.0	14.216	695.	.0552	.05398	.81337E+06
2011	29-50	5070.	26.0	14.216	694.	.0553	.05380	.81534E+06

TABLE D-2: Reduced Data - Tests 1010 and 2011

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV P81A	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT**3	VISCOBITY LB/FTMR	RE
2012	86-02	10130	28.0	.788	635	.0038	.09037	.06712E+05
2012	86-51	10130	28.0	.788	635	.0038	.09037	.06712E+05
2012	89-59	19940	30.0	.757	653	.0031	.05143	.12021E+06
2012	86-07	19930	37.0	.757	653	.0031	.05146	.11998E+06
2012	86-33	29770	79.0	.730	679	.0029	.05302	.16139E+06
2012	87-07	20640	30.0	.737	661	.0030	.05194	.11840E+06
2012	87-18	20530	36.0	.744	661	.0030	.05191	.11900E+06

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV P81A	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT**3	VISCOBITY LB/FTMR	RE
2013	25-03	10160	30.0	6.373	553	.0311	.04542	.68955E+06
2013	25-12	10160	30.0	6.373	553	.0311	.04545	.68847E+06
2013	26-20	14930	50.0	6.314	579	.0295	.04698	.92684E+06
2013	26-29	14960	47.0	6.314	581	.0294	.04710	.92318E+06
2013	27-29	19690	63.0	6.248	621	.0272	.04990	.10812E+07
2013	27-37	19870	65.0	6.248	624	.0270	.04971	.10695E+07
2013	28-28	25310	81.0	6.142	678	.0244	.05296	.11569E+07
2013	28-37	25260	83.0	6.142	684	.0243	.05329	.11382E+07
2013	29-28	25550	77.0	6.155	717	.0232	.05527	.10612E+07
2013	29-36	25570	74.0	6.155	724	.0230	.05569	.10438E+07
2013	30-19	20350	65.0	6.255	708	.0238	.05476	.87726E+06
2013	30-20	29480	60.0	6.255	710	.0238	.05485	.87793E+06
2013	31-02	15100	49.0	6.340	692	.0247	.05377	.68806E+06
2013	31-10	15110	45.0	6.340	691	.0248	.05371	.69088E+06
2013	31-52	10370	36.0	6.393	672	.0257	.05260	.50118E+06
2013	32-01	10360	34.0	6.393	670	.0257	.05268	.50334E+06

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV P81A	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT**3	VISCOBITY LB/FTMR	RE
3014	36-06	4660	23.0	14.221	534	.0719	.04030	.14966E+06
3014	40-09	10200	29.0	14.122	535	.0712	.04436	.32425E+06
3014	40-13	10100	30.0	14.122	535	.0712	.04436	.32362E+06
3014	40-36	14990	33.0	13.969	537	.0702	.04448	.46836E+06
3014	41-04	14960	33.0	13.969	537	.0702	.04448	.46742E+06
3014	41-38	19990	39.0	13.764	540	.0680	.04466	.60953E+06
3014	41-47	19970	39.0	13.771	541	.0680	.04469	.60822E+06
3014	42-20	24920	44.0	13.519	545	.0669	.04497	.73452E+06
3014	42-38	24900	49.0	13.532	546	.0669	.04500	.73349E+06
3014	43-12	27630	49.0	13.354	551	.0658	.04538	.79059E+06
3014	43-20	27490	47.0	13.373	551	.0655	.04533	.78650E+06
3014	44-11	20530	40.0	13.744	548	.0677	.04512	.61036E+06
3014	44-19	20560	39.0	13.758	548	.0678	.04512	.61185E+06
3014	45-02	15270	32.0	13.964	546	.0691	.04500	.46434E+06
3014	45-10	15300	32.0	13.963	546	.0691	.04500	.46390E+06
3014	45-27	10620	28.0	14.102	544	.0700	.04490	.32756E+06
3014	45-36	10320	25.0	14.122	544	.0701	.04490	.31875E+06
3014	46-38	5170	23.0	14.215	543	.0706	.04488	.16125E+06
3014	46-43	5100	23.0	14.215	543	.0706	.04488	.16156E+06

TABLE D-3: Reduced Data - Tests 2012, 2013 and 3014

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV POIA	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT <sup>2</sup> S	VISCOBITY LB/FT <sup>2</sup> HR	RE
3015	03-36	10190.	20.0	1.300	542.	.0065	.04470	.29166E+05
3015	03-44	10180.	29.0	1.300	542.	.0065	.04470	.29130E+05
3015	04-10	14910.	31.0	1.207	543.	.0064	.04484	.42104E+05
3015	04-26	10190.	31.0	1.207	543.	.0064	.04484	.20775E+05
3015	05-00	20190.	36.0	1.274	545.	.0063	.04493	.36155E+05
3015	05-09	20190.	37.0	1.274	545.	.0063	.04497	.30066E+05
3015	05-30	25000.	41.0	1.254	547.	.0062	.04506	.68205E+05
3015	06-08	25090.	40.0	1.254	547.	.0062	.04509	.68164E+05
3015	06-41	27750.	40.0	1.241	548.	.0061	.04515	.74354E+05
3015	06-50	27700.	40.0	1.241	549.	.0061	.04510	.74193E+05
3015	07-49	25150.	40.0	1.254	540.	.0062	.04515	.68112E+05
3015	07-57	25140.	30.0	1.207	540.	.0061	.04512	.67830E+05
3015	08-47	20140.	35.0	1.207	540.	.0063	.04503	.55452E+05
3015	08-56	20150.	35.0	1.207	540.	.0063	.04503	.55486E+05
3015	09-21	14940.	30.0	1.200	545.	.0063	.04497	.41705E+05
3015	09-29	14930.	31.0	1.200	545.	.0063	.04497	.41677E+05
3015	10-11	10130.	20.0	1.294	544.	.0064	.04490	.28665E+05
3015	10-20	10140.	20.0	1.294	544.	.0064	.04490	.28691E+05

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV POIA	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT <sup>2</sup> S	VISCOBITY LB/FT <sup>2</sup> HR	RE
3016	17-00	10400.	20.0	7.300	546.	.0360	.04515	.16413E+06
3016	17-10	10330.	20.0	7.315	548.	.0360	.04515	.16319E+06
3016	18-00	15010.	31.0	7.240	550.	.0356	.04524	.23386E+06
3016	18-09	14990.	32.0	7.248	550.	.0356	.04527	.23318E+06
3016	18-50	20000.	37.0	7.149	553.	.0349	.04542	.30444E+06
3016	18-50	20000.	36.0	6.648	553.	.0325	.04542	.20312E+06
3016	19-32	25060.	40.0	7.240	556.	.0352	.04563	.38262E+06
3016	19-40	25000.	43.0	7.080	557.	.0343	.04569	.37212E+06
3016	19-40	25020.	42.0	7.096	557.	.0344	.04569	.37277E+06
3016	20-30	20300.	30.0	7.202	555.	.0350	.04557	.30900E+06
3016	20-39	20300.	33.0	7.215	555.	.0351	.04557	.30966E+06
3016	21-20	15120.	32.0	7.300	553.	.0357	.04545	.23502E+06
3016	21-29	15130.	32.0	7.300	553.	.0357	.04545	.23507E+06
3016	22-02	10210.	29.0	7.307	552.	.0361	.04536	.16111E+06
3016	22-10	10230.	20.0	7.307	552.	.0361	.04536	.16162E+06

TABLE D-4: Reduced Data - Tests 3015 and 3016

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV PSIA	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT <sup>3</sup>	VISCOSITY LB/FT <sup>2</sup> HR	RE
4020	45-55	5000	25.0	1.270	542	.0063	.04475	.71296E+09
4020	46-03	5100	25.0	1.270	542	.0063	.04475	.72276E+09
4020	47-02	10150	30.0	1.250	557	.0061	.04564	.13347E+06
4020	47-11	10100	30.0	1.250	550	.0061	.04572	.13240E+06
4020	48-02	15110	45.0	1.231	587	.0057	.04784	.17852E+01
4020	48-10	15100	45.0	1.224	591	.0056	.04770	.17534E+06
4020	49-01	20140	51.0	1.184	634	.0050	.05028	.20009E+06
4020	49-09	20110	53.0	1.184	639	.0050	.05061	.19678E+06
4020	49-59	25140	69.0	1.164	699	.0045	.05422	.20638E+06
4020	50-08	25110	65.0	1.164	701	.0045	.05443	.20431E+06
4020	52-05	20190	47.0	1.184	702	.0046	.05437	.16740E+06
4020	52-14	20170	46.0	1.184	699	.0046	.05422	.16830E+06
4020	53-29	15220	43.0	1.210	665	.0049	.05215	.14206E+06
4020	53-38	15080	39.0	1.210	664	.0049	.05209	.14112E+06
4020	54-20	10100	35.0	1.224	637	.0052	.05049	.10240E+06
4020	54-36	10100	35.0	1.230	636	.0052	.05043	.10430E+06
4020	55-35	5210	25.0	1.230	617	.0054	.04924	.56385E+09
4020	55-43	5100	23.0	1.230	616	.0054	.04923	.56140E+09

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV PSIA	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT <sup>3</sup>	VISCOSITY LB/FT <sup>2</sup> HR	RE
4021	01-06	5170	31.0	0.120	620	.0266	.04987	.27546E+06
4021	02-04	10340	54.0	0.054	641	.0255	.05073	.51538E+06
4021	03-03	10340	53.0	0.061	643	.0255	.05082	.51294E+06
4021	03-45	15410	80.0	0.942	688	.0233	.05356	.66401E+06
4021	03-53	15300	80.0	0.935	692	.0231	.05380	.65102E+06
4021	04-35	19930	107.0	0.889	760	.0209	.05789	.71293E+06
4021	04-43	19870	116.0	0.883	766	.0207	.05822	.70088E+06
4021	04-52	19920	107.0	0.883	772	.0206	.05838	.69288E+06
4021	05-33	27080	151.0	0.798	897	.0174	.06612	.70736E+06
4021	05-42	26880	159.0	0.798	908	.0172	.06678	.68676E+06
4021	05-59	26740	161.0	0.784	917	.0170	.06729	.67013E+06
4021	06-57	20400	103.0	0.909	877	.0182	.06489	.56639E+06
4021	07-05	20470	106.0	0.909	879	.0182	.06501	.56599E+06
4021	07-30	14670	67.0	0.994	844	.0192	.06298	.60239E+06
4021	07-39	14890	69.0	0.001	843	.0192	.06289	.65099E+06
4021	08-37	10240	52.0	0.067	816	.0201	.06122	.33251E+06
4021	08-46	10250	53.0	0.081	815	.0201	.06119	.33395E+06
4021	09-36	5200	30.0	0.115	794	.0208	.05996	.17876E+06
4021	09-44	5350	30.0	0.115	790	.0209	.05969	.18530E+06

TABLE D-5: Reduced Data - Tests 4020 and 4021

MARK 19-ES-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX D REVISED TEST DATA AND PARAMETERS

TEST NO	TIME	SPEED RPM	TORQUE IN-LB	PCAV PSIA	TCAV R	ROCAV LB/FT <sup>2</sup> S	VISCOSITY LB/FT <sup>2</sup> HR	RE
4022	15-25	4070.	33.0	14.160	643.	.0395	.03005	.56303E+06
4022	16-00	4000.	32.0	14.160	643.	.0395	.03002	.56576E+06
4022	16-33	10420.	81.0	13.969	664.	.0368	.03209	.11235E+07
4022	16-52	10360.	82.0	13.969	665.	.0367	.03216	.11166E+07
4022	17-34	15290.	142.0	13.711	718.	.0315	.03536	.14003E+07
4022	17-43	15240.	130.0	13.725	722.	.0313	.03560	.13923E+07
4022	18-17	20370.	211.0	13.434	793.	.0450	.03907	.15425E+07
4022	18-25	20250.	206.0	13.467	802.	.0453	.04030	.15058E+07
4022	18-50	26770.	272.0	13.250	1003.	.0357	.07246	.13008E+07
4022	19-39	26710.	266.0	13.263	1012.	.0350	.07303	.12008E+07
4022	20-33	20410.	171.0	13.303	951.	.0386	.06934	.11249E+07
4022	20-41	20460.	164.0	13.379	953.	.0385	.06946	.11222E+07
4022	21-20	15480.	118.0	13.004	900.	.0410	.06670	.94167E+06
4022	21-32	15510.	118.0	13.004	900.	.0411	.06666	.94720E+06
4022	22-23	10300.	65.0	14.029	876.	.0431	.06495	.84145E+06
4022	22-32	10410.	65.0	14.029	875.	.0433	.06477	.86900E+06
4022	23-18	5100.	34.0	14.174	866.	.0442	.06423	.35022E+06
4022	23-22	5200.	34.0	14.168	867.	.0441	.06429	.35341E+06
4022	23-31	5210.	32.0	14.168	866.	.0441	.06426	.35066E+06

TABLE D-6: Reduced Data, Test 4022



APPENDIX E  
Revised Predicted  
Torque and Torque  
Ratio

MARK 15-23-2 MINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	TEST DATA SPEED RPM	PCAV	YCAV	TORR	IN-LS	YBG	YCFR	YFRB	TIDKU	TIDKD	TISD	TISH	TZDKU	TZDKD	TZBD	TZBH	TDM	TOTAL	TORQUE MAY10 TEST/PRED
1006 15-34	AIR	5010	14,135	546	44.0	9.4	14.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.8	.1	.1	.2	.2	2.8	.2	0.0	30.9	1,489
1006 16-03	AIR	5010	14,138	545	43.0	9.4	14.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.8	.1	.1	.2	.2	2.8	.2	0.0	30.9	1,392
1006 16-11	AIR	5010	14,135	545	44.0	9.4	14.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.8	.1	.1	.2	.2	2.8	.2	0.0	30.9	1,428
1006 17-01	AIR	5020	13,912	573	80.0	13.0	14.0	3.0	.7	.7	5.4	.4	.5	.5	.6	0.9	.5	0.0	40.7	1,804
1006 17-11	AIR	5020	13,915	575	87.0	13.0	14.0	3.0	.7	.7	5.4	.4	.5	.5	.6	0.9	.5	0.0	40.7	1,787
1006 18-14	AIR	14070	13,578	650	133.0	18.4	14.0	4.5	1.5	1.5	11.5	.0	.0	1.0	1.2	10.3	1.0	0.0	73.6	2,077
1006 18-28	AIR	15000	13,576	650	139.0	18.4	14.0	4.5	1.5	1.5	11.5	.0	.0	1.0	1.2	10.3	1.0	0.0	73.6	2,150
1006 19-08	AIR	22320	13,305	770	201.0	23.6	15.2	6.5	2.7	2.6	20.7	1.4	1.4	1.0	2.2	33.1	1.0	0.0	111.9	1,710
1006 19-51	AIR	22320	13,338	782	191.0	23.6	15.2	6.5	2.7	2.6	20.7	1.4	1.4	1.0	2.2	33.1	1.0	0.0	111.9	1,710
1006 20-34	AIR	30300	12,761	1005	316.0	28.7	24.1	8.8	3.9	3.7	29.1	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.2	46.4	2.6	0.0	155.0	2,039
1006 20-45	AIR	30350	12,760	1010	325.0	28.7	24.3	8.8	3.9	3.7	29.1	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.2	46.4	2.6	0.0	155.1	2,046
1006 21-36	AIR	19000	13,408	920	179.0	21.9	14.5	5.9	2.0	1.9	14.8	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.6	23.7	1.3	0.0	90.0	1,909
1006 21-00	AIR	19070	13,438	922	171.0	21.9	14.5	5.9	2.0	1.9	14.8	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.6	23.7	1.3	0.0	90.1	1,899
1006 22-34	AIR	15140	13,740	880	122.0	18.5	14.0	4.5	1.3	1.2	9.4	.7	.8	.8	1.0	15.0	.9	0.0	67.3	1,812
1006 22-44	AIR	15180	13,740	880	120.0	18.5	14.0	4.5	1.3	1.2	9.4	.7	.8	.8	1.0	15.0	.9	0.0	67.3	1,783
1006 23-35	AIR	9540	14,832	850	63.0	13.9	14.0	3.0	.6	.6	4.2	.3	.4	.4	.5	6.6	.4	0.0	44.3	1,421
1006 23-44	AIR	9500	14,830	850	66.0	13.9	14.0	3.0	.6	.6	4.2	.3	.4	.4	.5	6.7	.4	0.0	44.3	1,404
1006 25-09	AIR	5070	14,168	810	41.0	9.5	14.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.3	.1	.1	.1	.1	2.1	.1	0.0	20.6	1,308
1006 25-17	AIR	5080	14,167	810	36.0	9.5	14.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.3	.1	.1	.1	.1	2.1	.1	0.0	20.6	1,150
1006 25-26	AIR	5100	14,167	810	41.0	9.5	14.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.3	.1	.1	.1	.1	2.1	.1	0.0	20.6	1,304

TABLE E-1: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 1006

MARK 15-EJ-2 MINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	SPEED RPM	TEST DATA	PCAV	TCAV	TORB	IN=LB	T88	TOP8	TPR8	T10KU	T10KD	T18D	T18H	T20KU	T20KD	T28D	T28H	TDM	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PRED	
1009 32-21	AIR	10050	.356 540			33.0	14.3	14.0	3.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.6	1.019	
1009 32-20	AIR	10060	.356 540			33.0	14.4	14.0	3.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.6	1.019
1009 32-18	AIR	10030	.356 500			30.0	14.3	14.0	3.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.6	1.027
1009 32-37	AIR	10040	.343 500			42.0	21.0	14.5	5.0	.1	.1	.1	.1	1.4	.1	1.4	.1	.0	.0	.0	45.0	.934
1009 33-06	AIR	10050	.343 500			43.0	21.0	14.5	5.0	.1	.1	.1	.1	1.4	.1	1.4	.1	.0	.0	.0	44.0	.956
1009 33-06	AIR	10060	.343 500			43.0	21.7	14.5	5.0	.1	.1	.1	.1	1.4	.1	1.4	.1	.0	.0	.0	44.0	.956
1009 34-05	AIR	10100	.320 600			57.0	20.6	23.8	0.7	.3	.3	1.7	.1	1.7	.1	2.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	66.0	.833
1009 34-04	AIR	10120	.320 600			55.0	20.7	24.2	0.8	.3	.3	1.7	.1	1.7	.1	2.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	67.1	.816
1009 35-02	AIR	10130	.320 670			53.0	20.6	24.0	0.8	.3	.3	1.7	.1	1.7	.1	2.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	67.1	.816
1009 35-11	AIR	10170	.320 670			55.0	20.6	23.8	0.7	.3	.3	1.7	.1	1.7	.1	2.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	66.0	.823
1009 35-03	AIR	10100	.303 610			44.0	22.1	14.6	5.9	.1	.1	.1	.1	1.0	.1	1.0	.1	.0	.0	.0	45.5	.867
1009 36-02	AIR	10150	.303 610			44.0	22.1	14.6	5.9	.1	.1	.1	.1	1.0	.1	1.0	.1	.0	.0	.0	45.0	.865
1009 36-10	AIR	10200	.303 617			41.0	22.2	14.6	6.0	.1	.1	.1	.1	1.0	.1	1.0	.1	.0	.0	.0	43.7	.878
1009 36-03	AIR	10200	.340 580			32.0	14.5	14.0	3.2	.0	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.5	.988
1009 37-01	AIR	10200	.340 580			30.0	14.5	14.0	3.2	.0	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.6	.919
1009 37-10	AIR	10200	.340 570			32.0	14.6	14.0	3.2	.0	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.6	.980
1009 37-10	AIR	10350	.360 570			36.0	14.6	14.0	3.2	.0	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.7	1.100

TABLE E-1: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 1009



MARK 19-83-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	SPEED MPH	TEST DATA				YOB	TOPS	TPRS	TI0KU	TI0KD	TI0D	TI0M	TE0D	TE0K	TE0D	TE0K	TDR	TDR	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PRED
			PCAV	PCAV	PCAV	PCAV															
2012 24-02	AIR	10130	.760	035	20.0	14.0	14.0	3.1	1	1	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.3	.067	
2012 24-01	AIR	10130	.760	035	20.0	14.0	14.0	3.1	1	1	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.3	.065	
2012 25-00	AIR	10040	.787	035	20.0	22.0	14.5	5.0	3	3	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.8	.080	
2012 26-07	AIR	10030	.787	035	37.0	22.0	14.5	5.0	3	3	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.8	.080	
2012 26-03	AIR	20770	.750	079	79.0	20.0	22.0	6.0	0	0	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.6	1.222	
2012 27-07	AIR	20600	.737	061	30.0	22.0	14.7	6.1	3	3	1.7	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.7	.650	
2012 27-15	AIR	20330	.760	061	30.0	22.0	14.7	6.0	3	3	1.7	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.6	.670	

MARK 19-83-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	SPEED MPH	TEST DATA				YOB	TOPS	TPRS	TI0KU	TI0KD	TI0D	TI0M	TE0D	TE0K	TE0D	TE0K	TDR	TDR	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PRED
			PCAV	PCAV	PCAV	PCAV															
2013 25-02	AIR	10100	.6373	553	30.0	16.0	14.0	3.1	5	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.3	1.007	
2013 26-12	AIR	10100	.6373	553	30.0	16.0	14.0	3.1	5	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.3	1.002	
2013 26-20	AIR	10030	.6310	370	50.0	10.0	14.0	4.5	0	0	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.8	1.000	
2013 27-00	AIR	10000	.6200	021	03.0	21.0	14.5	5.0	0	0	1.0	10.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	57.0	1.021	
2013 27-00	AIR	10070	.6200	020	03.0	21.0	14.5	5.0	0	0	1.0	10.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	57.0	1.105	
2013 28-20	AIR	20310	.6102	670	01.0	25.0	16.0	7.4	2	2	2.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.0	1.104	
2013 28-27	AIR	20200	.6102	009	03.0	25.0	16.7	7.4	2	2	2.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.0	1.177	
2013 29-20	AIR	20350	.6155	717	77.0	25.7	16.0	7.5	2	2	2.0	14.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.8	1.006	
2013 30-10	AIR	20350	.6255	700	09.0	22.0	14.6	6.0	1	1	1.7	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.7	1.006	
2013 30-20	AIR	20400	.6255	710	00.0	22.0	14.7	6.0	0	0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	57.0	1.105	
2013 31-00	AIR	10100	.6300	020	00.0	18.0	14.0	4.5	0	0	1.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.8	1.003	
2013 31-10	AIR	10110	.6300	021	00.0	18.0	14.0	4.5	0	0	1.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.8	.990	
2013 31-00	AIR	10070	.6303	072	100.0	16.0	14.0	3.2	0	0	0.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.1	.990	
2013 32-01	AIR	10300	.6303	070	30.0	16.0	14.0	3.2	0	0	0.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.1	.993	

TABLE E-4: Revised Predicted Torques - Tests 2012 and 2013

MARR 15-83-2 MINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	TEST DATA	PCAV	TEAV	TORG	Y80	TOP8	TP88	TIDKU	Y10KD	Y18D	Y18H	Y20KU	Y20KD	Y28D	Y28H	Y80	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PRED
		PSIA	R	IN/LS															
2011 21-27	AIR	9110	10,223	567	20.0	9.0	14.0	1.7	.3	3	1.9	.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.0	.921
2011 21-35	AIR	9090	10,223	567	20.0	9.5	14.0	1.7	.3	3	1.8	.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.0	.933
2011 21-46	AIR	9080	10,223	567	20.0	9.5	14.0	1.7	.3	3	1.8	.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.0	.934
2011 22-35	AIR	10030	10,004	563	51.0	10.7	14.0	3.2	.0	1.2	6.0	.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.0	1.232
2011 22-42	AIR	10000	10,004	564	40.0	10.0	14.0	3.2	.0	1.2	6.7	.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.3	1.114
2011 23-02	AIR	10010	10,004	565	40.0	10.7	14.0	3.2	.0	1.2	6.7	.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.3	1.114
2011 23-05	AIR	15170	13,001	594	72.0	10.5	14.0	6.5	1.7	2.2	12.0	.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	53.0	1.308
2011 23-42	AIR	15160	13,001	597	70.0	10.5	14.0	6.5	1.7	2.2	12.0	.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	52.0	1.307
2011 23-52	AIR	15000	13,001	600	73.0	10.0	14.0	6.5	1.7	2.1	12.0	.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.0	1.234
2011 24-42	AIR	20140	13,672	639	92.0	22.1	14.0	9.0	2.6	3.4	20.1	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.7	1.322
2011 24-52	AIR	20000	13,666	633	92.0	22.1	14.0	9.0	2.6	3.3	19.9	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.3	1.308
2011 25-02	AIR	20100	13,666	631	92.0	22.1	14.0	9.0	2.6	3.3	19.7	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.1	1.354
2011 25-42	AIR	30140	13,139	750	142.0	20.0	23.0	6.7	4.7	6.1	36.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	115.0	1.260
2011 25-51	AIR	30020	13,200	778	150.0	20.5	23.5	6.7	4.6	6.0	35.7	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	115.0	1.039
2011 26-00	AIR	30000	13,235	794	140.0	20.5	23.0	6.7	4.6	5.9	35.2	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	109.0	1.337
2011 26-42	AIR	20010	13,712	703	91.0	22.3	14.0	6.0	2.4	3.1	18.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.0	1.326
2011 26-51	AIR	20000	13,710	703	90.0	22.4	14.0	6.0	2.4	3.2	18.4	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.0	1.306
2011 27-50	AIR	15030	10,950	742	50.0	10.0	14.0	6.0	1.8	1.0	11.1	.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.0	1.110
2011 28-50	AIR	15030	10,103	716	41.0	10.7	14.0	6.0	1.8	1.0	11.1	.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.0	1.020
2011 29-40	AIR	30700	10,210	695	22.0	9.5	14.0	1.7	.2	1.3	1.5	.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	.903
2011 29-50	AIR	30700	10,210	694	20.0	9.5	14.0	1.7	.2	1.3	1.5	.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	.903

TABLE E-5: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 2011

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	PLUID	TEST DATA SPEED RPM	PCAV PSIA	TCAV R	TORQ IN-LS	T00	TOP8	TPR8	TIDKU	TIDRD	TIBD	TISH	T20KU	T2DRD	T2BD	T2RM	T0M	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PAGE
3010 30-05	AIR	0000	10,221	530	23.0	9.1	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	23.1	.900
3010 00-05	AIR	1000	10,122	535	29.0	10.5	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	29.0	1.000
3010 00-13	AIR	1000	10,122	535	30.0	10.5	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	30.0	1.000
3010 00-56	AIR	1000	10,060	537	33.0	10.3	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	33.0	.999
3010 01-00	AIR	1000	10,700	537	30.0	10.3	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	30.0	.999
3010 01-30	AIR	1000	10,700	500	30.0	22.0	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 01-07	AIR	10070	10,771	501	30.0	22.0	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 02-20	AIR	20020	10,510	505	40.0	29.3	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 02-30	AIR	20000	10,530	506	49.0	29.3	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 03-12	AIR	27030	10,300	551	40.0	27.0	10.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 03-20	AIR	27000	10,373	551	40.0	26.0	10.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 00-11	AIR	20530	10,700	508	40.0	22.0	10.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 00-10	AIR	20500	10,700	508	30.0	22.0	10.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 05-02	AIR	19270	10,000	506	32.0	10.6	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 05-10	AIR	15300	10,000	506	32.0	10.6	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 05-27	AIR	10620	10,100	500	20.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 08-10	AIR	10320	10,122	504	25.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 00-35	AIR	3170	10,122	503	25.0	9.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035
3010 00-03	AIR	5100	10,210	503	23.0	9.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11	31.7	1.035

TABLE E-6: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 011

MAR 19-63-2 - IMAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX B REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	TEST DATA	PCAV PSIA	TCAV N	TCOR in-LB	TCO	TDPS	TIKRU	TIKRD	TIKD	TISH	TZOKU	TZOKD	TZOD	TZOD	TZOD	TZOD	TZOD	TZOD	TORQUE RATIO	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO	TOTAL
3015 03-26	AIR	10100	1.300	502	29.0	14.5	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	26.5	1.000	26.5	
3015 03-26	AIR	10100	1.300	502	29.0	14.5	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.001	26.5	1.001	26.5	
3015 06-10	AIR	10110	1.287	503	31.0	14.3	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.007	32.0	1.007	32.0	
3015 06-20	AIR	10100	1.287	503	31.0	14.3	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.007	32.0	1.007	32.0	
3015 05-00	AIR	20100	1.274	505	34.0	22.2	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.075	30.0	1.075	30.0	
3015 05-00	AIR	20100	1.274	505	34.0	22.2	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.002	30.0	1.002	30.0	
3015 05-50	AIR	25000	1.256	507	41.0	25.4	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.075	22.3	1.075	22.3	
3015 06-00	AIR	25000	1.256	507	41.0	25.4	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	22.3	1.000	22.3	
3015 06-01	AIR	27750	1.223	509	40.0	27.1	19.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.007	46.7	1.007	46.7	
3015 06-50	AIR	27750	1.223	509	40.0	27.1	19.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	46.7	1.000	46.7	
3015 07-00	AIR	20150	1.280	500	40.0	25.5	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	42.4	1.000	42.4	
3015 07-00	AIR	20150	1.280	500	40.0	25.5	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	42.4	1.000	42.4	
3015 06-07	AIR	20200	1.267	506	35.0	22.1	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	36.0	1.000	36.0	
3015 06-50	AIR	20200	1.267	506	35.0	22.1	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	36.0	1.000	36.0	
3015 06-21	AIR	10000	1.200	505	31.0	10.3	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	32.0	1.000	32.0	
3015 06-20	AIR	10000	1.200	505	31.0	10.3	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	32.0	1.000	32.0	
3015 10-11	AIR	10130	1.200	504	28.0	14.4	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	28.5	1.000	28.5	
3015 10-20	AIR	10100	1.200	504	28.0	14.4	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.000	28.5	1.000	28.5	

TABLE E-7: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 3015



MARK 15-E3-2 HINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX C REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	SPEED RPM	TEST DATA PCAY PSIA	PCAY R	TORB IN-LB	TSB	TOPS	TPRS	TIDKU	TIDKO	TIDU	TISH	T20KU	T20KO	T2BD	T2BK	TDM	TDM	TDM	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PRED
3016 17-00	AIR	10000	7,309	509.	28.0	14.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	.970
3016 17-10	AIR	10330	7,315	540.	28.0	14.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	.972
3016 18-00	AIR	10610	7,288	550.	31.0	15.5	15.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.0	.986
3016 18-50	AIR	10990	7,288	550.	35.0	18.0	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.0	.977
3016 19-50	AIR	20000	7,189	553.	37.0	22.0	22.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.0	.998
3016 19-58	AIR	20000	6,668	553.	36.0	22.0	22.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.0	.968
3016 19-32	AIR	25000	7,249	556.	40.0	25.4	25.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0	.931
3016 19-40	AIR	25000	7,009	557.	41.0	25.4	25.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.0	1.003
3016 19-40	AIR	25020	7,096	557.	42.0	25.4	25.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.0	1.079
3016 20-30	AIR	29360	7,202	555.	36.0	22.3	22.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.0	1.011
3016 20-39	AIR	29300	7,213	555.	36.0	22.2	22.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.0	1.079
3016 21-20	AIR	15120	7,308	553.	32.0	16.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.0	.973
3016 21-29	AIR	15130	7,308	553.	32.0	16.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.0	.973
3016 22-02	AIR	18210	7,337	552.	29.0	14.5	14.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.0	1.011
3016 22-10	AIR	18230	7,307	552.	29.0	14.5	14.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.0	1.075

TABLE E-8: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 3116

MARK 15-83-2 HINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	TEST DATA	PCAY	TCAY	TORQ	700	TOPS	TPRS	TICKU	TICKD	TIBD	Y18M	Y9DKU	Y2BKD	Y2BD	T88M	TMH	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO
		PSIA	R	IN-LB	IN-LB														TEST/PRED
4020 45-05	AIR	5000	1.270	582	25.0	9.3	16.0	1.7	.0	.0	.2	.0	.0	.0	.4	0.0	0.0	26.0	.901
4020 46-03	AIR	5150	1.270	582	25.0	9.4	16.0	1.7	.0	.0	.2	.0	.0	.0	.4	0.0	0.0	26.1	.917
4020 47-02	AIR	10150	1.250	597	32.0	14.4	14.0	3.1	.1	.1	.0	.1	.1	.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	34.2	.995
4020 48-02	AIR	10100	1.250	596	30.0	14.4	14.0	3.1	.1	.1	.0	.1	.1	.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	34.1	1.008
4020 48-10	AIR	15110	1.224	591	43.0	18.5	16.0	4.5	.2	.2	1.0	.1	.2	.2	2.6	0.0	0.0	42.1	1.022
4020 49-01	AIR	20140	1.104	630	51.0	22.1	14.0	5.9	.4	.4	2.0	.2	.2	.3	4.0	0.0	0.0	50.4	1.007
4020 49-09	AIR	20110	1.104	629	53.0	22.1	14.0	5.9	.4	.4	2.0	.2	.2	.3	4.0	0.0	0.0	50.5	1.009
4020 50-00	AIR	25140	1.104	699	67.0	25.3	16.0	7.3	.5	.5	3.0	.3	.3	.4	5.5	0.0	0.0	60.5	1.101
4020 52-05	AIR	20170	1.104	702	47.0	22.2	14.0	6.0	.4	.4	2.3	.2	.2	.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	50.1	.918
4020 53-14	AIR	15220	1.210	665	42.0	22.1	14.0	6.0	.4	.4	2.3	.2	.2	.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	50.1	.918
4020 53-28	AIR	15080	1.210	664	39.0	18.4	14.0	4.5	.2	.2	1.0	.1	.1	.2	2.3	0.0	0.0	41.6	1.029
4020 54-20	AIR	10100	1.224	637	35.0	14.4	14.0	3.1	.1	.1	.7	.1	.1	.2	2.3	0.0	0.0	33.8	1.035
4020 55-26	AIR	5210	1.230	636	35.0	14.4	14.0	3.2	.1	.1	.7	.1	.1	.1	1.2	0.0	0.0	33.9	1.031
4020 55-35	AIR	5100	1.230	617	26.0	9.7	14.0	1.8	.0	.0	.2	.0	.0	.0	.3	0.0	0.0	26.1	.905
4020 55-03	AIR	5100	1.230	616	25.0	9.6	14.0	1.8	.0	.0	.2	.0	.0	.0	.3	0.0	0.0	26.1	.882

TABLE E-9: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 4020

MARK 15-E3-2 WINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	SPEED MPH	TEST DATA	PCAV	TCAV	TORG	IN-LB	T88	TOP8	TPR8	T10KU	T10KD	T18D	T18M	T20KU	T20KD	T2BD	T28M	TDM	TDM TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PRED
4021 01-56	AIR	5170	6,120	620	31.9	9.6	15.0	1.7	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	1.106
4021 02-56	AIR	10300	6,058	621	56.0	16.6	15.0	3.2	.4	.4	.4	.4	2.9	.2	.3	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.1	1.315
4021 03-03	AIR	10300	6,061	623	53.0	16.6	15.0	3.2	.4	.4	.4	.4	2.9	.2	.3	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.0	1.293
4021 03-05	AIR	15210	5,942	625	88.0	18.7	15.0	4.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	5.7	.4	.5	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	55.3	1.592
4021 03-53	AIR	15300	5,935	625	88.0	18.6	15.0	4.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	5.6	.4	.5	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.8	1.585
4021 04-25	AIR	19930	5,889	760	107.0	22.0	15.5	5.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.5	.6	.8	13.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	69.1	1.549
4021 04-25	AIR	19970	5,883	765	110.0	21.9	15.5	5.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.4	.6	.8	13.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.7	1.718
4021 04-52	AIR	19920	5,883	772	107.0	22.0	15.5	5.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.4	.6	.8	13.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.7	1.557
4021 05-23	AIR	27060	5,798	697	151.0	26.7	16.4	7.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	13.1	.9	1.2	20.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	98.1	1.594
4021 05-22	AIR	26800	5,798	905	159.0	26.6	16.2	7.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.8	.9	1.1	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	92.8	1.713
4021 05-50	AIR	26740	5,788	917	161.0	26.5	16.0	7.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.6	.9	1.1	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	91.8	1.754
4021 06-57	AIR	20400	5,909	877	103.0	22.3	15.6	6.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.0	.6	.7	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.2	1.311
4021 07-05	AIR	20470	5,909	875	100.0	22.3	15.7	6.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.0	.6	.7	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.4	1.463
4021 07-30	AIR	14670	5,998	845	67.0	18.1	15.0	4.4	.6	.6	.6	.6	4.5	.3	.4	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.8	1.319
4021 07-39	AIR	14890	6,001	843	69.0	18.3	15.0	4.5	.7	.6	.6	.6	4.7	.3	.4	7.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.5	1.241
4021 08-37	AIR	10240	6,067	815	52.0	14.5	15.0	3.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	2.4	.2	.2	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	39.3	1.324
4021 08-46	AIR	10250	6,081	815	53.0	14.5	15.0	3.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	2.4	.2	.2	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	39.3	1.388
4021 09-36	AIR	5300	6,115	795	30.0	9.7	14.0	1.8	.1	.1	.1	.1	.7	.1	.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.6	1.085
4021 09-44	AIR	5350	6,115	790	30.0	9.6	14.0	1.8	.1	.1	.1	.1	.7	.1	.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	1.072

TABLE E-10: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 4021

MARK 15-23-2 MINDAGE TORQUE TESTS

APPENDIX E REVISED PREDICTED TORQUES AND TORQUE RATIOS

TEST TIME	FLUID	TEST DATA	PCAV	TCAV	TORG	Y80	TOP8	TP88	TIDKU	TIDRO	TIBD	TISM	T2DKU	T2DKO	T2BD	T2DM	TDM	TOTAL	TORQUE RATIO TEST/PRED
		RPM	PSIA	R	IN=LB														
4022 15-52	AIR	4070.	15,168	623.	33.0	9.3	16.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.3	.1	.1	.2	2.4	0.0	0.0	29.7	1.113
4022 16-00	AIR	4080.	15,168	623.	32.0	9.3	16.0	1.7	.2	.2	1.3	.1	.1	.2	2.4	0.0	0.0	29.7	1.076
4022 16-43	AIR	10420.	13,969	648.	81.6	14.7	16.0	3.2	.8	.8	3.9	.4	.5	.6	9.4	0.0	0.0	50.6	1.608
4022 16-52	AIR	10360.	13,969	645.	82.8	14.6	16.0	3.2	.8	.8	3.8	.4	.5	.6	9.3	0.0	0.0	50.1	1.637
4022 17-34	AIR	13490.	15,711	710.	142.0	18.6	16.0	4.6	1.5	1.4	11.1	.8	1.0	1.2	17.8	0.0	0.0	72.1	1.970
4022 17-43	AIR	13240.	15,725	722.	138.0	18.6	16.0	4.6	1.5	1.4	11.1	.8	1.0	1.2	17.7	0.0	0.0	71.7	1.925
4022 18-17	AIR	20370.	13,454	793.	211.0	22.3	16.6	6.0	2.3	2.2	17.4	1.2	1.5	1.9	27.7	0.0	0.0	97.2	2.171
4022 18-25	AIR	20250.	13,467	802.	206.0	22.2	16.6	6.0	2.3	2.2	17.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	27.3	0.0	0.0	96.1	2.144
4022 18-30	AIR	20770.	13,250	1003.	272.0	26.5	18.1	7.8	3.2	3.1	28.0	1.7	2.1	2.6	38.2	0.0	0.0	127.2	2.130
4022 19-39	AIR	20710.	13,263	1012.	268.0	26.5	18.0	7.8	3.2	3.1	23.7	1.7	2.1	2.6	37.8	0.0	0.0	126.4	2.105
4022 20-33	AIR	20410.	13,593	931.	171.0	22.3	16.6	6.0	2.1	2.0	15.4	1.1	1.3	1.7	24.6	0.0	0.0	91.1	1.876
4022 20-41	AIR	20660.	13,579	933.	164.0	22.3	16.7	6.0	2.1	2.0	15.4	1.1	1.3	1.7	24.6	0.0	0.0	91.1	1.796
4022 21-24	AIR	15480.	13,804	908.	115.0	18.8	14.0	4.4	1.3	1.3	9.7	.7	.9	1.1	15.4	0.0	0.0	67.7	1.700
4022 21-32	AIR	15310.	13,804	906.	115.8	18.8	14.0	4.4	1.3	1.3	9.7	.7	.9	1.1	15.3	0.0	0.0	67.7	1.730
4022 22-23	AIR	10360.	15,029	875.	65.0	14.6	14.0	3.2	.7	.6	4.8	.3	.4	.5	7.6	0.0	0.0	48.8	1.369
4022 23-14	AIR	10410.	15,029	875.	65.0	14.7	14.0	3.2	.7	.6	4.8	.3	.4	.5	7.7	0.0	0.0	49.0	1.382
4022 23-22	AIR	8200.	15,168	867.	34.8	9.7	14.0	1.8	.2	.2	1.3	.1	.1	.2	2.1	0.0	0.0	20.8	1.132
4022 23-31	AIR	8210.	15,168	866.	32.4	9.7	14.0	1.8	.2	.2	1.4	.1	.1	.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	20.7	1.125
4022 23-31	AIR	8210.	15,168	866.	32.4	9.7	14.0	1.8	.2	.2	1.4	.1	.1	.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	20.7	1.077

TABLE E-11: Revised Predicted Torques - Test 4022

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## REFERENCES

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