

S 956 5 ΜY A 08 9 RFSS POLARIZATION DIVERSITY IN MEDIUM-BANGE EXTENDED AD **TECH NOTE 105-035** (1)]=1 1) 6 JAN 78 (9) Technical rate,] +DAAK40-78-C-0031 L17 12/1 PREPARED FOR: RF SYSTEMS BRANCH (DRDMI-TDR) SYSTEMS SIMULATION DIRECTORATE TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY US ARMY MIRADCOM REDSTONE ARSENAL, AL 35809 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A Approved for public release; Distribution Unlimited DC FILE COPY SEP 2 6 1980 PREPARED BY: ÐR. MITCHEL MARK RESOURCES, INC. 4676 ADMIRALTY WAY SUITE 303 Α MARINA DEL REY, CA 90291 80 9 22 139 391766 JOB



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POLARIZATION DIVERSITY IN MEDIUM-RANGE EXTEND	ED A
TARGET MODEL REQUIRES SIX RFSS CHANNELS	
R I. Witchell /	Dist

R. L. Mitchell MRI Report 149-8 6 January 1978

Without any consideration of target depolarization, three RFSS channels are required to simulate an extended target with the medium-range target model derived by Mott (see MRI Report 132-44). With target depolarization, six RFSS channels are required, two on each polarization component of the three horns making up the triad.

This requirement is easy to demonstrate. Without depolarization, in general, we are first computing sums of the form

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{v}_{i} \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{v}_{i}$$

to simulate the glint and Doppler modulation signals where V_1 and x_1 are the complex reflection coefficient and angle associated with the <u>ith</u> scatterer (see MRI Report 149-5). With target depolarization, the sums are now of the form

$$\sum_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{i}} , \sum_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{2}} \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{i}} , \sum_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{i}} , \sum_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{2}} \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{i}}$$

where P_{11} and P_{12} are the two polarization components associated with the <u>ith</u> scatterer. Since P_{11} and P_{12} are not necessarily proportional, i.e.,

where k is independent of i, we require a doubling of the number of such sums when target deplarization is included in the models.

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For the short-range target model (the one based on the "injection" concept), this doubling of the RFSS channels is not necessary since the signals that would be received by the individual monopulse channels are being simulated directly. The depolarization is automatically accounted for in the simulation process, provided the polarization geometry (missile roll, etc.) is given.

2