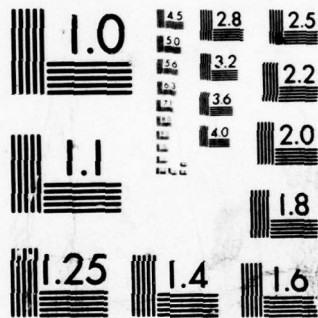


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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM. LAKE CAREY DAM (NDI-PA-00887) --ETC(U)
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SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID NO. PA-00887

DER ID NO. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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Prepared by
GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY AND CARPENTER, INC.
Consulting Engineers
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105

For
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

JANUARY 1979

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SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

National Dam Inspection Program, Lake Carey Dam (NDI-PA-00887) (DER-66-06), Susquehanna River Basin, Mill Brook, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania. Lake Carey Welfare Association, Inc.

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

15 DACN 31-79-C-00-15

Prepared by

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

JANUARY 1979

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3	Spillway Details

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| B | Checklist - Visual Inspection. |
| C | Hydrology and Hydraulics. |
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| E | Geology. |

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITION

AND

RECOMMENDED ACTION

Name of Dam: Lake Carey Dam
NDI ID No. PA-00887/DER ID No. 66-06

Owner: Lake Carey Welfare Association, Inc.

State Located: Pennsylvania

County Located: Wyoming

Stream: Mill Brook

Date of Inspection: 6 November 1978

Inspection Team: Gannett Fleming Corddry and
Carpenter, Inc.
P.O. Box 1963
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105

Based on the visual inspection, available records, calculations and past operational performance and according to criteria established for these studies, Lake Carey Dam is rated as unsafe because the spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate. The dam can pass only 11 percent of the probable maximum flood (PMF) without overtopping of the dam. If the dam should fail, the resulting floodflows would significantly increase tailwater and cause loss of life downstream.

The embankment cannot be considered to have more than a marginal factor of safety for structural stability due to the age of the structure and the uncertain nature and condition of its interior composition. There are also no facilities for drawing down the reservoir in the event of an emergency.

In view of the concern for the safety of Lake Carey Dam, it is recommended that the Owner immediately undertake a study to more accurately ascertain the required spillway capacity as well as the mitigation measures required to make the spillway hydraulically adequate, and that the Owner undertake another study to ascertain remedial measures to make the embankment structurally adequate, as well as a study to include provisions for an emergency drawdown pipe. It is also recommended that the Owner modify his operational and maintenance procedures to both develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system and to institute a program of detailed annual inspections. Additionally, it is recommended that the Owner provide round-the-clock surveillance of the dam during periods of heavy rain and that the Owner activate the emergency warning and operation plan if a major storm is predicted.

Furthermore, it is recommended that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania require the owner of the peninsula between the upper and lower ponds of Lake Carey to ensure that the earthfill and bridge present no hazard to Lake Carey Dam.

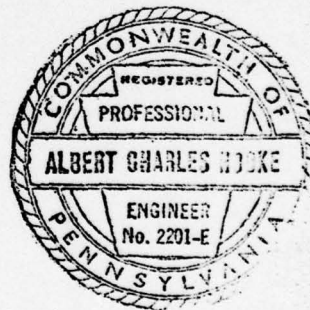
Submitted by:

GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY
AND CARPENTER, INC.

A. C. Hooke

A. C. HOOKE
Head, Dam Section

Date: 9 February 1979



Approved by:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

G. K. Withers

G. K. WITHERS
Colonel, Corps of Engineers
District Engineer

Date: 4 Mar 79

LAKE CAREY DAM



Overview

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

SECTION 1

PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General.

a. Authority. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.

b. Purpose. The purpose of the inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project.

a. Dam and Appurtenances. Lake Carey Dam is an earthfill embankment with a vertical, mortarless, stone masonry downstream face. The dam extends 110 feet across the valley and is 13 feet high. A concrete and stone masonry spillway chute, with a crest length of 19.3 feet, is situated on the embankment near the right abutment. The spillway crest is 3.7 feet below the top of the dam. An auxiliary spillway channel, with irregular cross section and with a crest about 0.7 foot below the top of the dam, is located at the right abutment. Before the dam was constructed, Lake Carey was a natural lake. The dam raised the level of

the natural lake by 3 feet and created a second reservoir. These two impoundments are termed the upper and lower ponds. The lower pond, which was created entirely by the dam, is immediately upstream of the dam. The upper pond, which was the natural lake, is upstream of the lower pond. The ponds are partially separated from each other by a natural peninsula, which was the previous downstream limit of the natural lake. The peninsula has been extended by earthfill and a small bridge constructed to provide access across the lake. This causeway also effectively separates the ponds. Flow from the upper pond to the lower pond is controlled by the bridge opening in the causeway. The various features of the dam are shown on the Plates at the end of the report and on the Photographs in Appendix D.

The Village of Lake Carey with a normal population of over 100 persons, mostly elderly, has been established around the lake. The normal population is augmented by visitors, tourist and vacationers during the recreation season.

b. Location. The dam is located on Mill Brook approximately 3.2 miles northeast of Tunkhannock, Pennsylvania. Lake Carey Dam is shown on USGS Quadrangle, Tunkhannock, Pennsylvania, with coordinates $N41^{\circ} 34' 55'' - W75^{\circ} 55' 10''$ in Wyoming County, Pennsylvania. Stevens Lake, termed Mud Pond on the USGS Quadrangle, is 1.7 miles northwest of Lake Carey Dam, and it discharges into the upper pond of Lake Carey Dam. The location map is shown on Plate 1.

c. Size Classification. Intermediate (13 feet high, 4,810 acre-feet, of which about 3,130 acre-feet is contained in the natural lake).

d. Hazard Classification. High hazard. Downstream conditions indicate that a high hazard classification is warranted for Lake Carey Dam (Paragraph 5.1c.).

e. Ownership. Lake Carey Welfare Association, Inc., R.D. 1, Tunkhannock, Pennsylvania.

f. Purpose of Dam. Recreation

g. Design and Construction History. Lake Carey Dam was built in 1876. The dam was originally used to augment flows to a mill about 0.1 mile downstream. The original dam

was apparently a stone masonry dam. The masonry was thickened and earthfill was added upstream of the masonry section at some later date. The Owner in 1919 was John Stark, whose father apparently built the dam. An inspection by the Pennsylvania Water Supply Commission in 1919 revealed that the dam had no spillway, the pool being maintained by a sluice gate and conduit. The 1919 Commission report did not mention the existence of an auxiliary spillway, however, an inspection by the Commission in 1920 noted the present auxiliary spillway.

In the 1920 inspection, the Commission recommended the construction of a main spillway. The spillway was constructed in 1921. In 1937, the deterioration of the outlet works gate was noted. In 1940, the Commission ordered the outlet works to be repaired.

The present Owner acquired the damsite in 1944. In 1945, the Owner filed an application to make the following modifications: lower the spillway crest elevation, provide stoplogs across the spillway for use during the summers, point the stone masonry downstream face, and construct a reinforced concrete conduit within the old masonry conduit near the downstream end. The spillway was re-built in 1945 by the Coon Construction Company. The Owner did not have sufficient funds to complete the remaining work, and the permit was extended to 1949. In 1951 the Owner informed The Pennsylvania Water Power Commission that funds were insufficient to complete the repairs. Meanwhile, during 1948, a Commission inspection report noted that the dam had been overtopped and washed out near its right end, over a length of 25 feet and to a depth of 7 feet. Apparently, this damage was repaired, but no information concerning the repairs could be found. In 1957 and 1966, at the urging of the Department of Forest and Waters, the Owners announced plans to repair the dam, especially the outlet works conduit, that had almost completely collapsed. Apparently, however, no work was ever accomplished. In 1967, the Owner began to search for a governmental agency to either finance repairs to the dam or to acquire the dam.

In June 1972, during Tropical Storm Agnes, sandbags were placed upon the dam as an emergency measure to prevent overtopping. The auxiliary spillway was sandbagged at the same time, although the reasons for this are unclear.

Immediately after this flood, a waterways patrolman from the Pennsylvania Fish Commission wrote to The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER) to express concern for the conditions at the spillway. He reiterated his concerns in 1974. PennDER met with the Owner in 1975 and ordered that an engineer be retained to study the problems at the dam. At this point, the Owner retained an engineer and continued looking for various agencies to finance repairs. The engineer, Albert Peters Associates of Scranton, Pennsylvania, submitted a report in 1976. The report noted a bulging downstream face, "pipings in the mass of the dam", and a small spillway capacity. No definitive conclusions concerning the stability of the dam were in the report. It did note the difficulty and expense of any remedial measures. During 1977, discussions continued between the Owner, PennDER, and other interested parties. In September 1977, PennDER formally ordered the Owner to retain an engineer, make any studies necessary, and accomplish remedial work. In October 1977, the Owner paved the spillway approach channel with 12 to 18 inches of concrete. This apparently eliminated whirlpools that had been forming in the spillway approach channel as well as the seepage that had been emerging through the downstream masonry face near the spillway. PennDER pointed out to the Owner that the work that was accomplished did not satisfy their order of September 1977, and that the order still remained in force.

Various discussions continued throughout 1978. In September 1978, PennDER informed the Owner that they would take steps necessary to enforce the order, or they would breach the dam if no action was forthcoming by October 15, 1978. This date was later extended to November 15, 1978. As of this writing, the Owner was planning to request an extension until the completion of this report. Also, as of this writing, plans are in preparation by the Coon Construction Company to provide some remedial work for the dam. Details of the plans were not available for review.

h. Normal Operational Procedure. The pool is maintained at spillway crest with excess inflow discharging over the spillway.

1.3 Pertinent Data.

- a. Drainage Area. 7.0 square miles.⁽¹⁾
- b. Discharge at Damsite. (cfs.)
 - Maximum known flood at damsite⁽²⁾ - 230.
 - Emergency drawdown line at maximum pool elevation - no drawdown line.
 - Spillway capacity⁽³⁾ - 330.
 - Auxiliary spillway capacity⁽³⁾ - 30.
 - Combined spillway capacity⁽³⁾ - 360.
- c. Elevation. (Feet Above msl.)
 - Top of dam (design) - Unknown. (Assumed as top of spillway walls elevation 950.7).
 - Top of dam (lowest elevation) - 950.5.
 - Maximum pool - 950.5
 - Normal pool (spillway crest) - 947.0

(1) The drainage area was reported as being 4.5 square miles by the Pennsylvania Water Supply Commission in their 1945 report. PennDER used a value of 6.33 square miles in a 1957 memorandum. Gannett Fleming Corrdry and Carpenter, Inc., checked the drainage area and used 7.0 square miles. Apparently, the drainage area was never updated by the Owner after the area was re-mapped by the USGS in 1946. The drainage area that is upstream of the causeway and the upper pond, is 6.1 square miles.

(2) Tropical Storm Agnes, June 1972. Based on information from the Owner, estimated with pool 2.4 feet above spillway crest.

(3) Pool at elevation 950.7

Upstream invert outlet works - None.

Downstream invert outlet works - None.

Upstream invert water supply line - None.

Streambed near outlet works - 937.6 (Approximate).

d. Reservoir Length. (Miles.)

Normal pool - 2.0

Maximum pool - 2.1

e. <u>Storage</u> (acre-feet.)	<u>Upper Pond</u>	<u>Lower Pond</u>	<u>Total</u>
Natural Lake -	3,130	0	3,130
Normal pool -	3,634	147	3,781
Maximum pool -	4,364	446	4,810

f. <u>Reservoir Surface Acres</u>	<u>Upper Pond</u>	<u>Lower Pond</u>	<u>Total</u>
Natural Lake -	171	0	171
Normal pool -	189	73	262
Maximum pool -	206	89	295

g. Dam.

Type - Earthfill with vertical, mortarless, stone masonry downstream face.

Length - 90 feet (embankment - approximate).

Height - 13 feet.

Top Width - Varies-about 24 feet, minimum.

Side Slopes - Upstream - 1V on 4H. (Approximate).
Downstream - Vertical

Zoning - None.

Cutoff - None.

Grout Curtain - None.

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel - None.

i. Spillway.

Type - Spillway - Concrete ski-jump.
Auxiliary spillway - Excavated channel.

Length of Weir - Spillway - 19.3 feet
Auxiliary spillway - irregular.

Crest Elevation - Spillway - 947.0
Auxiliary spillway - 950.0
(Approximate).

Upstream Channel - Spillway - reservoir.
Auxiliary spillway - reservoir.

Downstream Channel - Natural stream with near
vertical sides.

j. Regulating Outlets - None.

SECTION 2
ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design.

a. Data Available. No engineering data was available for review for the original structures. Plans for the 1945 re-building of the spillway and reports of periodic inspections by the Commonwealth were available for review.

b. Design Features. The features of the dam are shown on Plates 2 and 3 and on the Photographs in Appendix D. Plate 2 shows the plan and profile of the embankment (Photographs E, G, and H). Plate 3 shows the spillway as it presently exists (Photographs C, D, E and G). The outlet works shown on Plates 2 and 3 was either never built or no longer exists. These plates were drawn in 1945, and cannot be considered construction drawings for the embankment. As different datums were used, approximately 848.4 feet must be added to the elevations on the plates to match the elevations used in this report, which are based on mean sea level.

c. Design Considerations. Almost nothing is known about the design.

2.2 Construction.

a. Data Available. No construction data for the original structure was available for review. Limited details of the re-construction of the spillway in 1945 and the paving of the spillway approach channel in 1977 are available.

b. Construction Considerations. Since the available construction data is limited, construction methods cannot be assessed.

2.3 Operation. No formal records of operation were reviewed. The only operational feature is the stoplog slots on the spillway, which the Owner no longer uses.

2.4 Evaluation.

a. Availability. Engineering data was provided by the Division of Dams and Encroachments, Bureau of Water Quality

Management, Department of Environmental Resources, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and by the Owner. The Owner made the president of the Association, as well as other Association members, available for information during the visual inspection.

b. Adequacy. The type and amount of design data and other engineering data are very limited, and the assessment must be based on the combination of available data, visual inspection, performance history, hydrologic assumptions, and hydraulic assumptions.

c. Validity. There is no reason to question the validity of the available data.

SECTION 3

VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings.

a. General. The overall appearance of the dam is fair, with observations noted below:

A sketch of the dam with the location of some deficiencies is presented on Plate B-1. Survey information acquired for this inspection is summarized in Appendix B. On the day of the inspection, the pool was at spillway crest elevation.

b. Dam. The embankment appears in fair condition. Much low brush and some trees, which are about 3 inches in diameter, are growing on the earthfill (Photographs C and E). The sod appears to be in good condition except on the upstream slope of the embankment to the left of the spillway, where bare soil is visible (Photograph D). There is no riprap on the upstream slope. There are two depressed areas, each about 1 foot square, on the top of the embankment. An eroded surface drainage path leads down the left abutment. The courses of the stone masonry are uneven and tilted. To the left of the spillway, the stone masonry is bulged (Photograph H). The bulge is apparently a long standing condition and from its appearance could have been present since original construction. The bulge makes a 5.1V on LH slope; the remainder of the stone masonry face is more vertical. Concrete, apparently wasted during previous construction, covers both an area to the right of the bulge and along the toe of the mortarless, stone masonry section (Photograph H). Clear seepage of about 10 gpm is flowing from beneath the wasted concrete. The Owner reports that this is the approximate location of the outfall of the old outlet works conduit. Although the lowest point on the top of the dam was at elevation 950.5 (Appendix B), the top elevation used in rating the dam was Elevation 950.7, which is the top of the spillway wall. No design information is available to ascertain the design elevation for the top of the dam.

c. Appurtenant Structures.

(1) Spillway. The spillway appeared to be in fair condition. The left approach wall is tilted and offset by 0.5 foot from the spillway walls (Photograph D). The mortar is missing or deteriorated in the stone masonry spillway walls. The right wall has a shrinkage crack. There is a gouge in the embankment near the left spillway wall (Photograph E). Stoplog slots were constructed in the spillway walls. The Owner reports that the stoplogs are no longer in use.

(2) Auxiliary Spillway. The auxiliary spillway is a depression in the right abutment (Photograph F). The cross section is irregular, especially at the approach area. Trees are growing in the channel, and it has not been maintained.

(3) Outlet Works. No evidence of the outlet works was observed. The original outlet works was reported to be mortarless, stone masonry conduit extending through the dam. The top of the conduit was supported by wooden planks. Previous inspections by The Pennsylvania Water Supply Commission reported the planks to be rotten and the masonry to be falling into the conduit. The Owner did not have any information on the date or method of plugging the conduit.

d. Reservoir Area. The slopes along the reservoir are generally quite flat with many cottages built very close to the Lake Shore. The Peninsula separating the upper and lower ponds was visited during the inspection (Photographs A and B). Except along the Lake Shore, the watershed consists mostly of farm fields and woodland.

e. Downstream Conditions. The channel immediately downstream from the Dam has vertical sides cut into the bedrock (Photograph I). Some small debris were present in the channel. The stream flows 0.1 mile to an abandoned mill dam with a silted in reservoir and another 0.1 mile to a small bridge on a secondary road. Along this reach there are two houses situated about 15 feet above the streambed. The stream then flows for 2.2 miles through a steep and narrow valley to its confluence with Tunkhannock Creek. The latter reach is uninhabited and unobstructed except for the last 0.2 mile, where the stream passes under a small bridge. About 10 houses are located near the bridge. One house is

situated about 10 feet above streambed. The others are between 15 and 30 feet above streambed. Access to the dam is by paved road to the left of the embankment.

SECTION 4

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Procedure. The reservoir is maintained at spillway crest Elevation 947.0 with excess inflow discharging over the spillway.

4.2 Maintenance of Dam. Most of the members of the Lake Carey Welfare Association live adjacent to Lake Carey. Maintenance is apparently performed when deemed necessary by the officers of the Association. Formal inspections of the dam are not made. Informal inspections of the dam are apparently made by the members of the Association, but not on a regular basis.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities. There are no operating facilities currently in use.

4.4 Warning Systems in Effect. The Owner gave the inspection team a verbal description of the emergency warning and operation system that is applicable for Lake Carey Dam. The Owner said that emergency warning system consists of informing the Office of Civil Defense, which, in turn, would notify local authorities.

4.5 Evaluation of Operational Adequacy. The amount of brush observed on the embankment and in the auxiliary spillway indicates that a more frequent brush-cutting schedule is warranted. The procedures used by the Owner to inspect the dam need improvement. There is no means of drawing down the lake. The emergency warning system is good, but the assessment of conditions that would require activation of the emergency warning system could be greatly improved.

SECTION 5

HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY

5.1 Evaluation of Features.

a. Design Data. No design data was available for review. During 1919, a brief report on the dam was made by the Pennsylvania Water Supply Commission, but the hydrology and hydraulics of the dam were not addressed. In 1945, in the report upon the application of the Owner to improve the spillway, the commission estimated the combined spillway capacity of the dam at 432 cfs with stoplogs in place. This rating used an auxiliary spillway depth greater than the one currently available and did not entirely account for the existing spillway geometry.

b. Experience Data. As was noted in Paragraph 1.2g, the dam was overtopped in 1948 and there were problems during tropical storm Agnes, although it was not overtopped then.

c. Visual Observations.

(1) General. The visual inspection of Lake Carey Dam, which is described in Section 3, resulted in a number of observations relevant to hydraulics and hydrology. These observations are evaluated herein for the various features.

(2) Embankment. The general arrangement of the embankment indicates that if it were overtopped by an amount sufficient to dislodge the upper part of the mortarless, stone masonry section, then the failure of the embankment will be almost instantaneous.

(3) Appurtenant Structures. No conditions were observed in the spillway that would reduce its discharge capacity during a flood. The uneven approach conditions and trees in the auxiliary spillway would reduce its discharge capacity. The auxiliary spillway is sufficiently close to the right end of the embankment

that there could be an erosion hazard to the embankment from sustained flows in the auxiliary spillway. There is no emergency drawdown capability for the reservoir, which is considered to be a serious deficiency.

(4) Reservoir Area. No conditions were observed in the reservoir that would significantly reduce the spillway capacity of Lake Carey Dam. It is apparent that many of the cottages along the Lake shore would be flooded by substantial rises in the pool. The peninsula, its earthfill extension and the bridge opening that divides the two ponds apparently will act as a dam during flood conditions. In effect, two dams must be analyzed in order to evaluate Lake Carey Dam. During the course of the inspection, a brief visit was also made to Stevens Lake, which is situated upstream from Lake Carey, to evaluate its hydraulic and hydrologic effect upon Lake Carey. Relevant data is listed in Appendix C. The assessment of Lake Carey Dam is based on existing conditions and the effects of future development were not considered.

(5) Downstream Conditions. No conditions were observed immediately downstream of the dam that would reduce the spillway discharge capacity. Access to the dam is good. The two bridges on Mill Brook would not provide significant mitigating effects to flood flows originating upstream. These bridges would increase the water surface elevation upstream from them during a flood occurrence. The conditions observed downstream indicate that a high hazard classification is warranted for Lake Carey Dam.

d. Overtopping Potential.

(1) Spillway Design Flood. According to the criteria established by The Office of the Chief of Engineers (OCE) for the size (Intermediate) and Hazard potential (High) of Lake Carey Dam, the spillway design flood (SDF) is the probable maximum flood (PMF).

(2) Description of Model. The watershed was modeled with the HEC-1DB computer program. The HEC-1DB computer program computes a PMF runoff hydrograph and routes the flows through both reservoirs

and stream sections. In addition, it has the capability to simulate an overtopping dam failure. A component of the PMF was determined at Stevens Lake and then was routed through the dam. The outflow was routed down to Lake Carey Upper Pond and added to the PMF inflow component from the uncontrolled drainage area above the upper pond. The combined inflow was routed through the upper pond and added to the uncontrolled PMF component inflow to the lower pond. The combined inflow to the lower pond was routed through the lower pond and downstream to Tunkhannock Creek. It was assumed that no runoff occurred downstream of Lake Carey Dam. Identical methods were used for various percentages of the PMF. It should be noted that the outflow from the upper pond is dependent upon the pool elevation of the lower pond. The HEC-1DB program is unable to model this condition. Therefore, certain simplifying assumptions were made, as noted in Appendix C.

(3) Summary of Results. The following table summarizes the results. Selected parts of the program output are in Appendix C. The total rainfall for the PMF is 24.7 inches:

	<u>PMF</u>	<u>1/2 PMF</u>
Total Runoff (inches)	22.4	11.2
Inflow to upper pond (cfs)	14,218	6,418
Outflow from upper pond (cfs)	12,592	4,976
Depth of Overtopping		
Peninsula between ponds (ft.)	5.7	3.8
Inflow to lower pond (cfs)	13,999	5,138
Outflow from lower pond (cfs)	11,980	4,466
Depth of overtopping at		
Lake Carey Dam (ft.)	9.5	4.6

As it exists, the dam can pass about 11 percent of the PMF without overtopping. If the dam were raised to its assumed design elevation, it could pass about 12 percent of the PMF without overtopping. Furthermore, many of the homes along the Lake Shore would be flooded by high pool elevations.

(4) Spillway Adequacy. The criteria used to determine the adequacy of spillways is presented in Appendix C. For the occurrence of the 1/2 PMF, both the peninsula separating the ponds and Lake Carey Dam are overtopped. Lake Stevens Dam upstream of the upper pond is not overtopped by the 1/2 PMF. It was not assumed to fail. Two different methods were used to determine the spillway adequacy. In both methods it was assumed that Lake Carey Dam would develop a 25-foot wide breach 0.1 hour after being overtopped by 3 feet. For the first method, the peninsula separating the ponds was assumed not to fail. For the second method, the peninsula was assumed to develop a 50-foot wide breach 0.1 hour after being overtopped by 3.4 feet. The first method raises the water surface at the confluence of Mill Brook and Tunkhannock Creek by 0.6 foot; the second method raises the water surface by 0.9 foot. This rise in water surface does not include the effects of the narrow bridge at this point. Assuming critical depth under the bridge, the rises in water surface would be 7.4 feet and 10.4 feet for Methods 1 and 2, respectively (Appendix C). There is a significant rise in tailwater. Therefore, the spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate.

SECTION 6

STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability.

a. Visual Observations.

(1) General. The visual inspection of Lake Carey Dam, which is described in Section 3, resulted in a number of observations relevant to structural stability. These observations are evaluated herein for the various features.

(2) Embankment. Brush and trees on the embankment are undesirable because they provide potential seepage paths along the roots. There apparently has been some minor erosion, due to waves on the unprotected upstream slope. The two small depressions on the top of the embankment could indicate that some minor internal adjustments have occurred within the embankment. The surface drainage path indicates improper control of surface drainage. Because of the age of the dam and the apparent lack of control during construction, it is impossible to determine whether the bulges and irregular stone masonry are the result of poor original construction or the result of some happening during the subsequent 102 years of service. They are obviously not of recent origin. The seepage at the toe of the dam is apparently coming from the old outlet works conduit.

(3) Appurtenant Structures. The spillway left approach wall has evidence of relative movement, probably caused by ice pressure or frost heave. The shrinkage crack in the right wall is probably caused by improper joint locations. The deteriorated mortar prevents the spillway walls from acting as a watertight structure and can only increase the seepage potential. The gouge to the left of the spillway is probably caused by a stone from the masonry wall being removed. The conditions at the outlet works are of concern. In view of the uncertain plugging procedures for the old conduit a potential for collapsing of the conduit and settlement of the embankment might be present.

b. Design and Construction Data. No records of design data or stability computations were available for review. Furthermore, except for exterior lines and grades, almost nothing is known about the design or construction of the

dam. The available information shows that the upstream earthen slope is about 1V on 4H and that the downstream masonry face is vertical. The top of embankment has a minimum width of 24 feet. Insufficient information is available to analyze the downstream masonry section. Although there is no present evidence of distress, the dam cannot be considered to have more than a marginal factor of safety for structural stability.

The data required to analyze the dam includes the dimensions and condition of the masonry structure, condition of the plugged conduit, the level of the phreatic surface within the embankment and relevant embankment and foundation physical properties.

c. Operating Records. There is no evidence that any stability problems, except for possible bulging of the masonry, have occurred to the dam during its operational history of 102 years. However, it should be recognized that conditions can change, particularly with respect to seepage, that might significantly affect the future performance of the dam.

d. Post-Construction Changes. There have been no known modifications to Lake Carey Dam that would affect the stability of the structure.

e. Seismic Stability. Lake Carey Dam is located in Seismic Zone 1. Normally, it can be considered that if a dam in this zone has adequate factors of safety under static loading conditions, it can be assumed safe for any expected earthquake loading. However, the theoretical static stability of Lake Carey Dam is not known.

SECTION 7

ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment.

a. Safety.

(1) Based on available records, visual inspection, calculations, and past operational performance, Lake Carey Dam is judged to be in poor condition. The spillway will pass only 11 percent of the PMF without overtopping of the dam. If the dam should fail, the resulting floodflows would significantly increase tailwater and cause loss of life downstream. The spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate. According to criteria established for these studies, the dam must be rated as unsafe because the spillway is seriously inadequate.

(2) The embankment cannot be considered to have more than a marginal factor of safety for structural stability due to the age of the structure and the uncertain nature and condition of its interior composition.

(3) There are no facilities for drawing down the reservoir.

(4) A summary of the features and observed deficiencies is listed below:

<u>Feature and Location</u>	<u>Observed Deficiency</u>
<u>Embankment:</u>	
slopes	brush and trees
upstream slope	erosion-no riprap
top	depressions eroded
left abutment	drainage path
downstream face	irregular and bulged
downstream toe	seepage
<u>Spillway:</u>	
left wall	movement
right wall	shrinkage crack
embankment at left wall	gouge

<u>Feature and Location</u>	<u>Observed Deficiency (cont.)</u>
<u>Auxiliary Spillway:</u>	
channel	irregular, trees in channel
<u>Outlet Works:</u>	
	None; probable collapse hazard from old outlet works
<u>Reservoir</u>	
shores	probable flooding of homes by rising pool during flood

(5) The peninsula which separates the two ponds, although not designed as a dam, acts as a dam. This presents an additional hazard to Lake Carey Dam.

b. Adequacy of Information. There is sufficient information to assess the safety of Lake Carey Dam.

c. Urgency. The recommendations in Paragraph 7.2 should be implemented immediately.

d. Necessity for Further Investigations. In order to accomplish some of the remedial measures outlined in Paragraph 7.2, further investigations will be required. There is insufficient data to analyze the stability of the embankment. No information is available concerning soil properties, zoning, foundation conditions, or structural dimensions of the mortarless stone masonry downstream face.

7.2 Recommendations and Remedial Measures.

a. In view of the concern for the safety of Lake Carey Dam, the following measures are recommended to be undertaken by the owner immediately:

(1) Perform a study to more accurately ascertain the spillway capacity required for Lake Carey Dam as well as the nature and extent of the mitigation measures required to make the spillway hydraulically adequate.

(2) Perform a study to ascertain the mitigation measures required to make the dam structurally and operationally adequate. This study should include an exploration program to ascertain the condition and the adequacy of plugging of the existing conduit, the foundation conditions, engineering soil properties, and internal structural dimension of the dam. The study should also include an analysis of the structural factors of safety for the embankment, the adequacy of seepage control measures, and whatever measures are required to make the factors of safety adequate.

(3) Perform a study to ascertain the facilities required to adequately drawdown the reservoir during an emergency condition. The recommendations resulting from each of the above studies should be implemented immediately after completion of the studies. An obvious option is that it may be more economical to replace the dam in an apparently ideal existing downstream location than to perform the above studies and remedial work. However, this decision is left to the Owner.

b. In addition, the Owner should undertake the following operational and maintenance procedures:

(1) Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system for Lake Carey Dam. The warning system should include warnings for residents along the Lake Shore.

(2) Institute a program of detailed annual inspections for Lake Carey Dam by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams. Use the results of the inspection to determine if remedial measures are necessary.

(3) During periods of unusually heavy rains, provide round-the-clock surveillance of Lake Carey Dam.

(4) When warnings of a storm of major proportions are given by the National Weather Service, the Owner should activate his emergency operation and warning system.

c. In addition, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should require the owner of the peninsula between the ponds to ensure that the earthfill and bridge present no hazard to Lake Carey Dam.

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

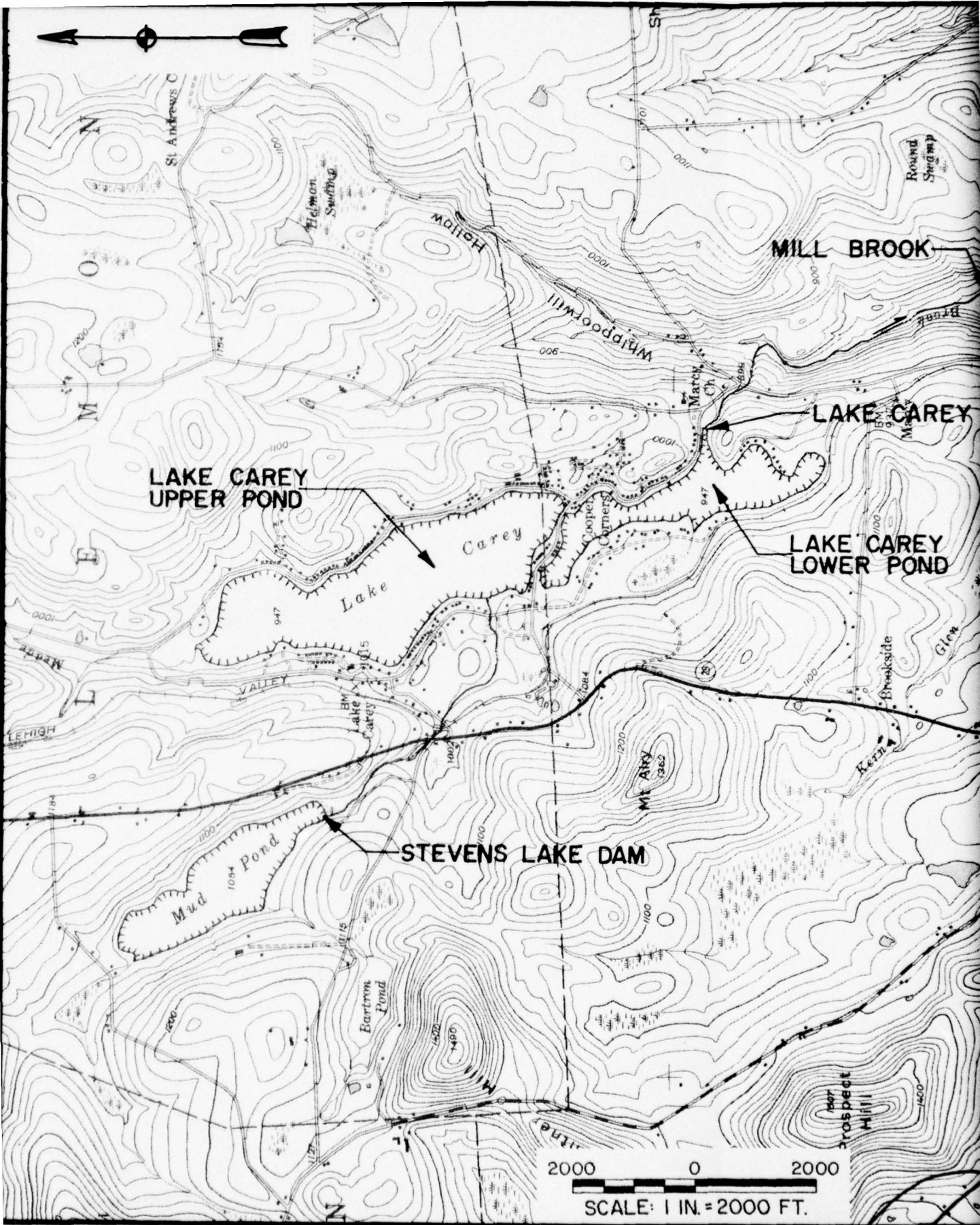
NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

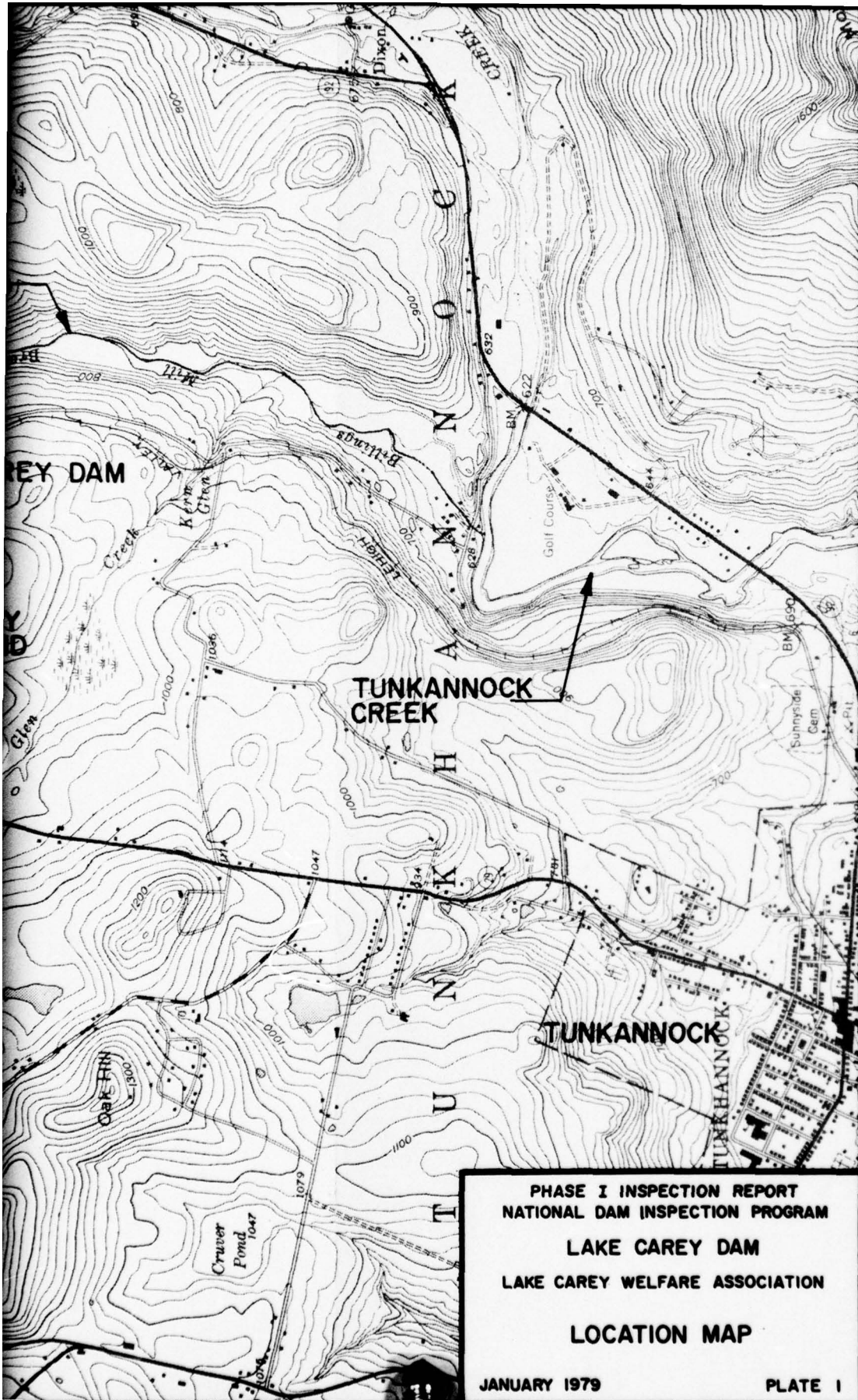
LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

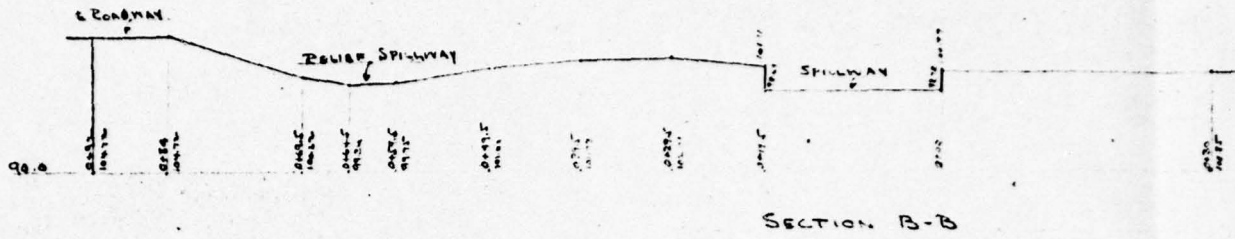
JANUARY 1979

PLATES

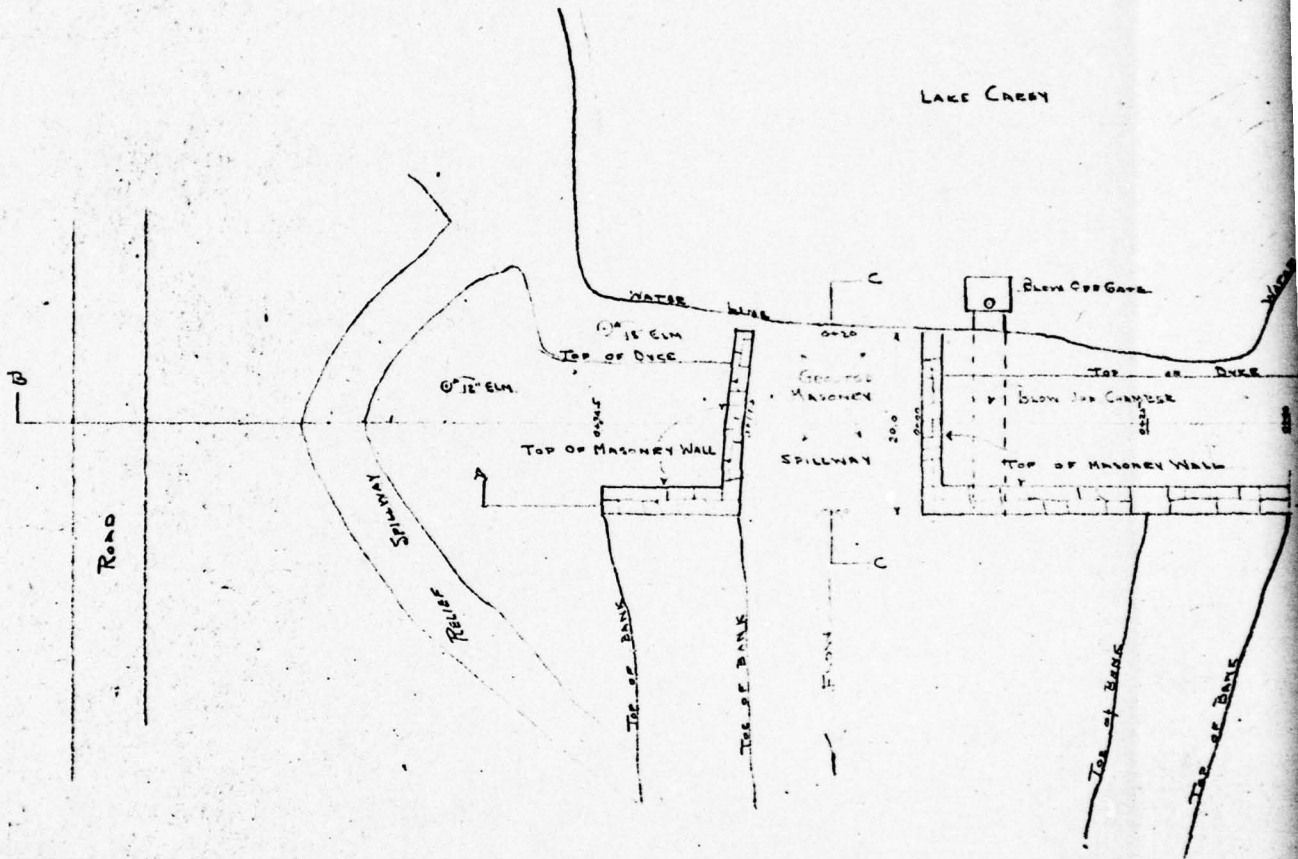




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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM
LAKE CAREY DAM
LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION
LOCATION MAP
JANUARY 1979
PLATE I



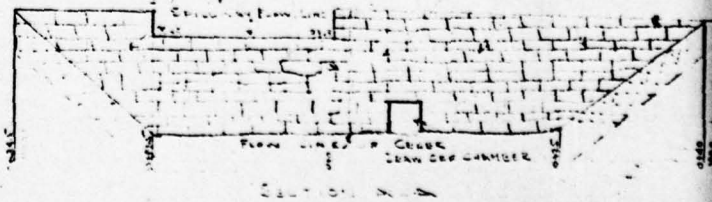
SECTION B-B

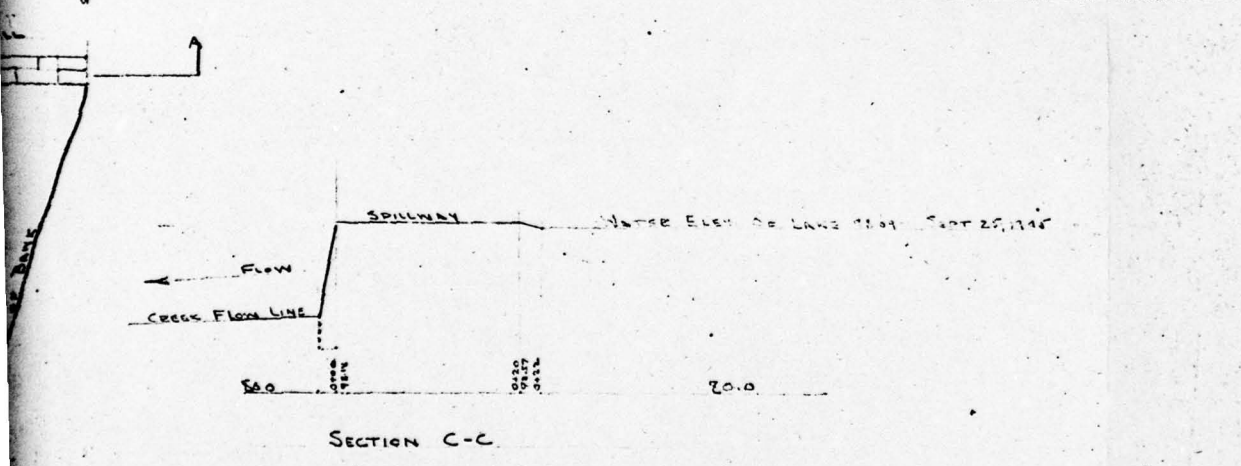
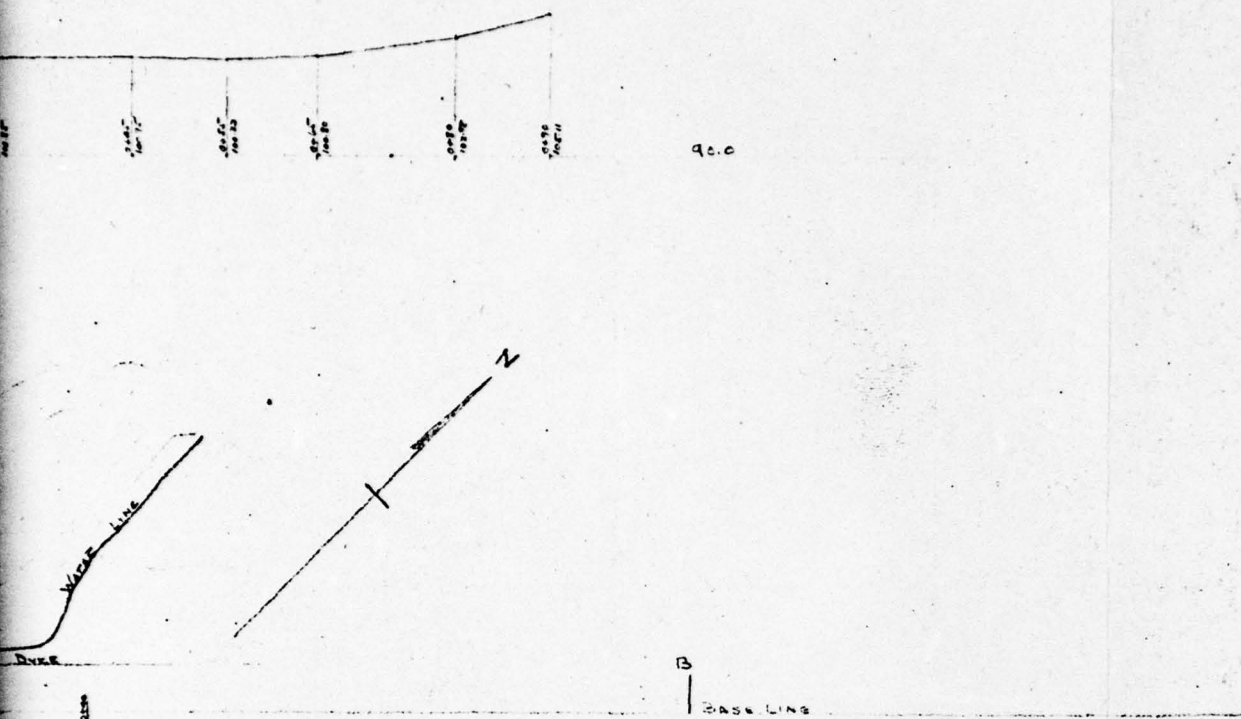


PLAN OF PRESENT SPILLWAY

THE SECTIONS OF MASONRY WALL POINTED
JOINTS TO BE REPAIRED AND REPAIRED

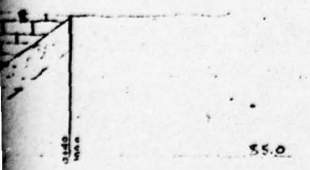
THE SECTIONS OF MASONRY WALL
TO BE POINTED





SECTION C-C

4 WAS NOT PRINTED



B. G. COON CONSTRUCTION CO.	
278 UNION ST	LIZERNE, PA.
PRESENT FLOW OFF CHAMBER AND SPILLWAY FOR OUTLET LAKE CARRY WYOMING COUNTY PENNS	
SCALE 1" = 10'	DATE 9-27-1945
DWG. BY H.L.W.	APP. BY <i>MLK</i>
REMARKS	

2

CO.
PA.
945

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

LAKE CAREY DAM

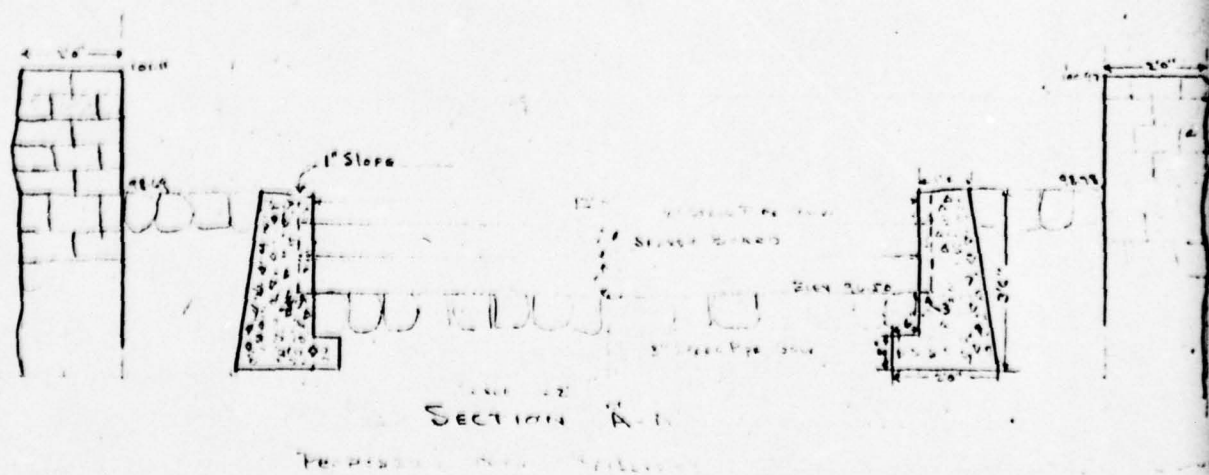
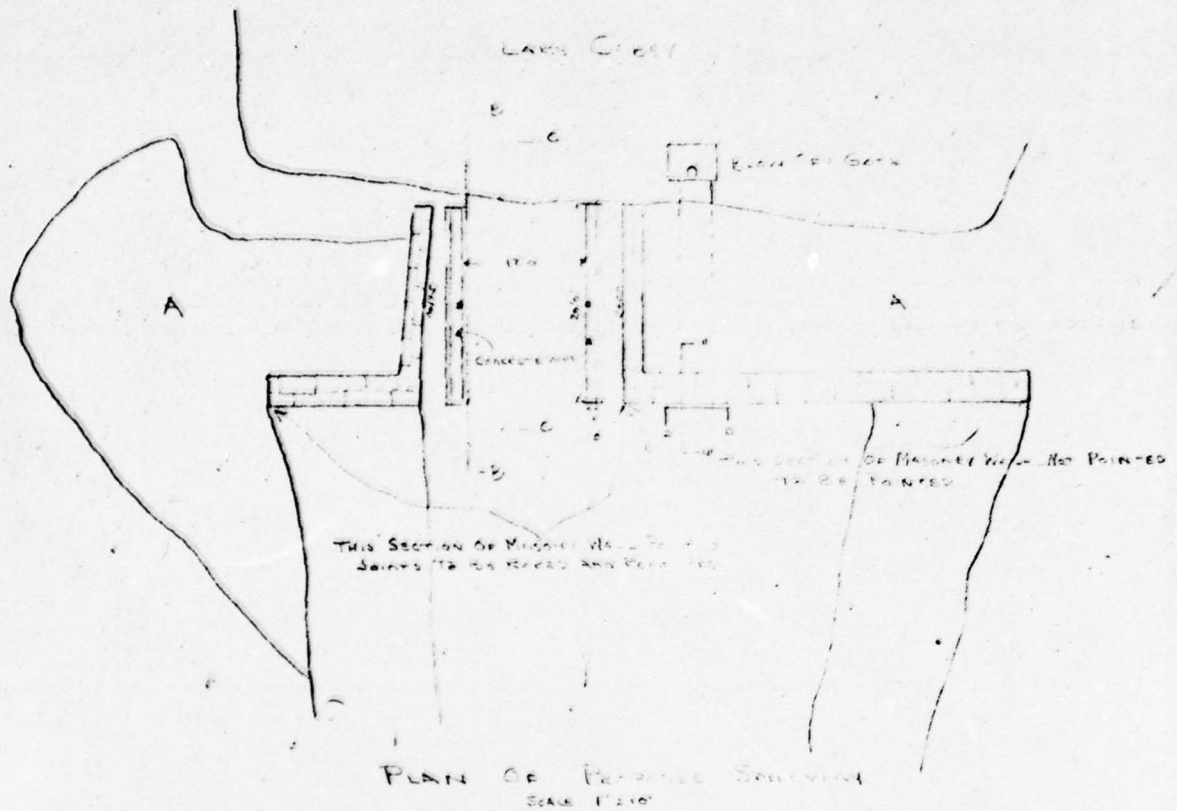
LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION

PLAN AND PROFILES

JANUARY 1979

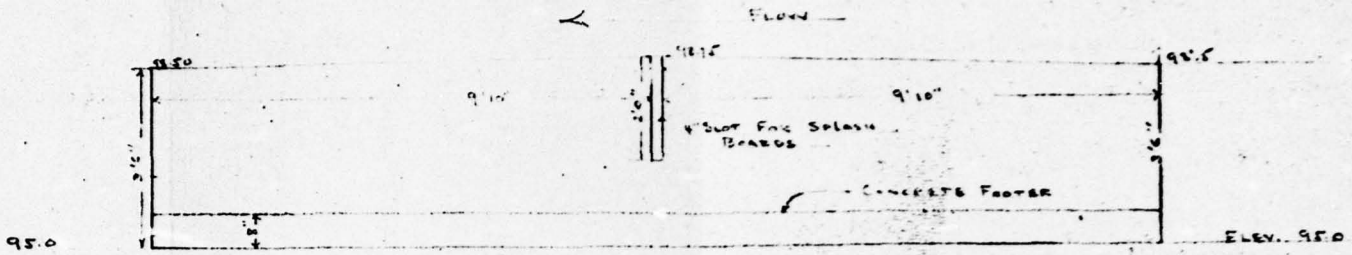
PLATE 2

2

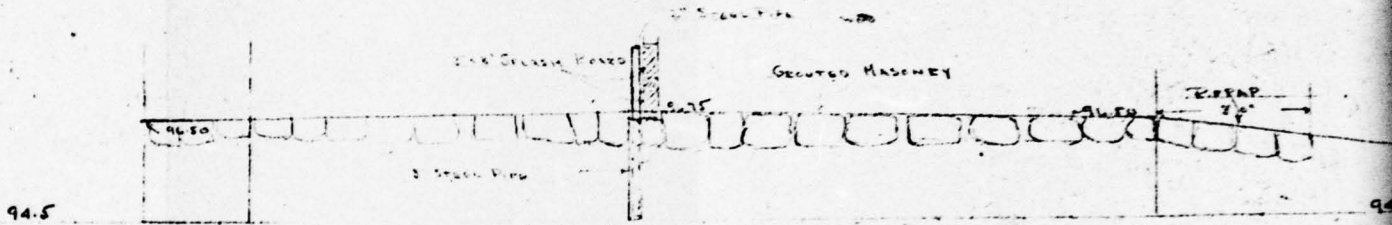


NOTE

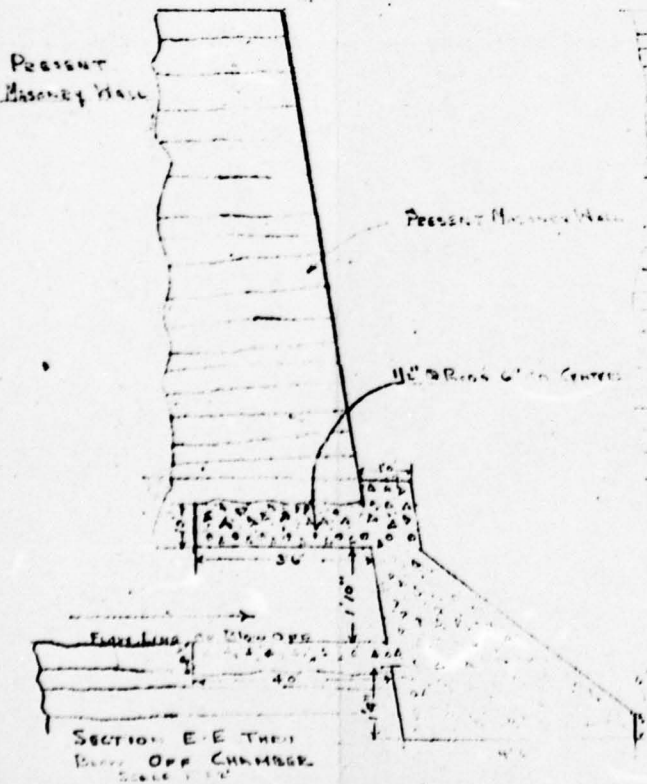
UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS ONE 2" SPLASH BOARD WILL BE IN PLACE DURING WINTER SEASON NO SPLASH BOARDS WILL BE IN PLACE



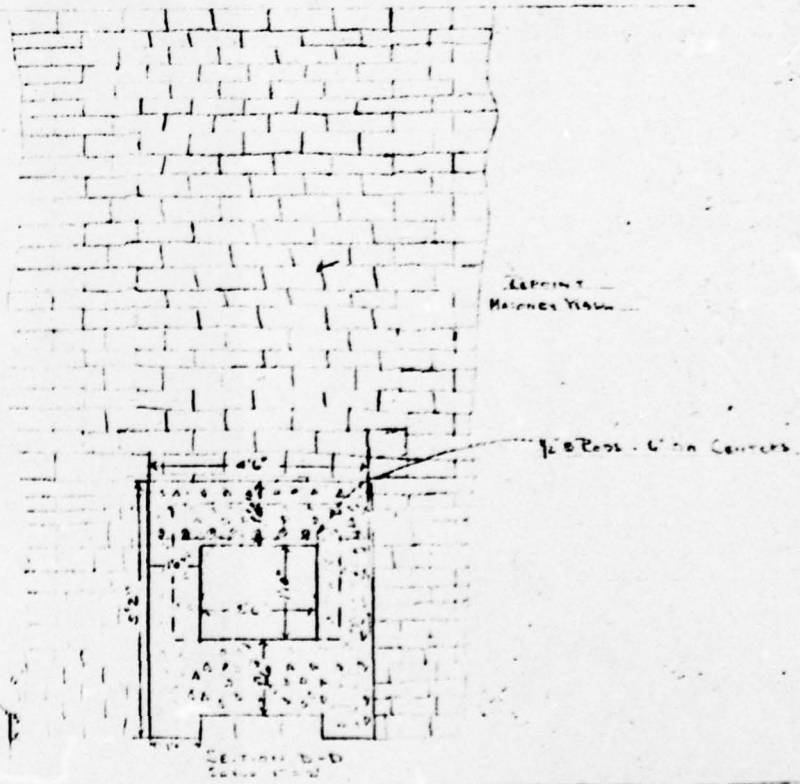
SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0"
SECTION P-E
PROPOSED CONCRETE WALLS FOR SPILLWAY



SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0"
SECTION C-C
PROPOSED 4 OF SPILLWAY



SECTION E-E THRU
BASE OFF CHAMBER
SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0"



SECTION D-D
SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0"

LAKE ELEV.
LOCATION
M. IN CLEAR
CON. OF
T. OR
DAM.

B. G. O.
273 UNK
PROP.
BLOW
OUT
VIEW
SCALE
DWG. BY
REMARKS

21

95.0

94.5

WATER ELEVATIONS

LAKE ELEV	99.09	9-15-45
LOCATION	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
MIN. CLEARING	33" BELOW	52" BELOW
CONCRETE	1"	20"
DAM	8"	0"

B. G. COON CONSTRUCTION CO.
 273 UNION ST. LUZERNE, PA.

PROPOSED SPILLWAY
 AND
 BLOW OFF CHAMBER
 FOR
 OUTLET AT LAKE CAREY
 WYOMING COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA

SCALE AS SHOWN DATE 9-27-1945

DWG BY H.L.W. CHECKED BY *H.L.W.*

REMARKS

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
 NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM
 LAKE CAREY DAM
 LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION
 SPILLWAY DETAILS
 JANUARY 1979 PLATE 3

3

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

JANUARY 1979

APPENDIX A

CHECKLIST - ENGINEERING DATA

CHECKLIST
 NAME OF DAM: LAKE CAREY DAM
 ENGINEERING DATA
 NDS ID NO.: PA-00097 DER ID NO.: 66-06

DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND OPERATION
 PHASE I

Sheet 1 of 4

ITEM	REMARKS
AS-BUILT DRAWINGS	NONE
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	SEE PLATE 1
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	SEE SECTION 1.2g
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	NONE IN RECORDS
OUTLETS: Plan Details Constraints Discharge Ratings	NONE

ENGINEERING DATA

ITEM	REMARKS
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	NONE
DESIGN REPORTS	NONE
GEOLOGY REPORTS	NONE
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS: Hydrology and Hydraulics Dam Stability Seepage Studies	NONE
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS: Boring Records Laboratory Field	NONE
POSTCONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	FOR 1945 SPILLWAY MODIFICATIONS SEE PLATES 2 & 3

ENGINEERING DATA

Sheet 3 of 4

ITEM	REMARKS
BORROW SOURCES	UNKNOWN
MONITORING SYSTEMS	NONE
MODIFICATIONS	Spillway ADDED 1921 Spillway MODIFIED - 1945
HIGH POOL RECORDS	8 INCHES OVER SPILLWAY LIP DURING TROPICAL STORM AGNES.
POSTCONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	1976 - ALBERT PETERS REPORT
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM: Description Reports	1948 - OVERTOPPED AND CRASHED OUT 1972 - TROPICAL STORM AGNES SAND BAGS REQUIRED

ENGINEERING DATA

ITEM	REMARKS
MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS	NONE
SPILLWAY: Plan Sections Details	SEE PLATES 243
OPERATING EQUIPMENT: Plans Details	NONE
PREVIOUS INSPECTIONS Dates Deficiencies	1919 - NOTED NO SPILLWAY 1920 - NOTED AUXILIARY SPILLWAY RECOMMENDED CONSTRUCTION OF SPILLWAY MAINTENANCE - POOR 1924 - BRUSH ON ENTRANCEMENT SLIGHT SEEPAGE RIGHT OF SPILLWAY. SMALL CRACK IN LEFT SPILLWAY ABUTMENT. 1928 - CONCRETE IN SPILLWAY CHANNEL DETERIORATING. SLIGHT LEAKAGE AT RIGHT END 1931 - SLIGHT SEEPAGE AT RIGHT END 1934 - SOME FLOW AT TOE 1940 - VERY POOR CONDITION, LEAKAGE FROM TOE. UPPER END OF LEFT ABUTMENT BROKEN
CONTINUED	1941 - LEAKAGE AT LOWER TOE, SPILLWAY ABUTMENTS PARTIALLY REPAIRED. TOP OF DAM SETTLED, ROCK FALLEN FROM SLUICeway. POOR APPEARANCE, NEEDS REPAIRS.

ENGINEERING DATA

ITEM	REMARKS
Previous Inspections (CONTINUED)	1951 - GOOD APPEARANCE 1965 - APPEARANCE NOT GOOD, BRUSH AND TREES ON EMBANKMENT, LEAKS AT LOWER TOE

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

JANUARY 1979

APPENDIX B

CHECKLIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION

PHASE I

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY DAM County: WYOMING State: PENNSYLVANIA
NDS ID No.: PA - 00007 DER ID No.: 66-06
Type of Dam: EARTHILL w/ DRY MASONRY Hazard Category: _____
Date(s) Inspection: 6 NOVEMBER 1978 Weather: CLEAR Temperature: 70°F
Soil: Moist

Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection: 947.0 msl/Tailwater at Time of Inspection: 937.8 msl

Inspection Personnel:

J. CROUSE (GFCC) P. YOUNG (LCWA) A.H. COON (COON CONSTRUCTION)
G. SMITH (GFCC) L. WYBELL (LCWA) R. PREGMAN (COON CONSTRUCTION)
M. BRUSOCK (LCWA) S. JOHNSON (LEMON TOWNSHIP)

A. WHITMAN (GFCC) Recorder

EMBANKMENT

Sheet 1 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	NONE	
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	SEE MASONRY DAM	
SLOUGHING OR EROSION: Embankment Slopes Abutment Slopes	LEFT ABUTMENT - SURFACE RUNOFF EROSION LEFT OF SPILLWAY - UPSTREAM; RAISE AREA AT SPILLWAY CREST LEVEL	
CREST ALIGNMENT: Vertical Horizontal	SEE PILES B-2 & B-3	
RIPRAP FAILURES	NO RIPRAP	

EMBANKMENT

Sheet 2 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT WITH: Abutment Spillway Other Features	SEE "SLOUGHLING & EROSION"	
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	SEE MASONRY DAMS	
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER	NONE	
DRAINS	NONE	
BRUSH	MUCH LOW BRUSH ON EMBANKMENT SOME TREES (ABOUT 3" DIA.) AT TOP MASONRY	

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

Sheet 1 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	10 GPM FROM TOE UNDER WASTED CONCRETE NEAR BULGE.	OWNER REPORTS SEEPAGE IS FROM OLD CONDUIT
JUNCTION OF STRUCTURE WITH: Abutment Embankment Other Features	NO APPARENT DEFICIENCIES	
DRAINS	NONE	
WATER PASSAGES	NONE	
FOUNDATION	OUTCROP - THINLY LAMINATED SANDSTONE VISIBLE AT TOE	

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

Sheet 2 of 2

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
<p>MASONRY SURFACES: CONCRETE Surface Cracks Spalling</p>	<p>MASONRY LAID IN UNEVEN (RANDOM) PATTERN.</p>	
<p>STRUCTURAL CRACKING</p>	<p>NONE</p>	
<p>ALIGNMENT: Vertical Horizontal</p>	<p>BULGE TO LEFT OF SPILLWAY 11.3V ON 2.2H</p>	
<p>MONOLITH JOINTS</p>	<p>NONE</p>	
<p>CONSTRUCTION JOINTS</p>	<p>NONE</p>	
<p>STAFF GAGE OR RECORDER</p>	<p>NONE</p>	

OUTLET WORKS

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT		
INTAKE STRUCTURE		
OUTLET STRUCTURE	NOT OBSERVABLE	
OUTLET CHANNEL		
EMERGENCY GATE		

UNGATED SPILLWAY

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	CHUTE - APPARENTLY GOOD CONDITION SHRINKAGE CRACK IN RIGHT WALL	MORTAR MISSING FROM MASONRY SPILLWAY WALLS GOUGE IN LEFT EMBANKMENT BY WALL (3' x 1.5' - AREA)
APPROACH CHANNEL	PAVED IN 1977 LEFT WALL TILTED AND OFFSET TOWARD & SPILLWAY BY 0.5'	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	NATURAL STREAM	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	NONE	

AUXILIARY
~~CHUTE~~ SPILLWAY

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SILL	NONE	
APPROACH CHANNEL	EARTH - UNEVEN WITH TREES GROWING	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	SOME TREES	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	NONE	
GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT	NONE	

INSTRUMENTATION

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	NONE	
OBSERVATION WELLS	NONE	
WEIRS	NONE	
PIEZOMETERS	NONE	
OTHER	NONE	

RESERVOIR AND WATERSHED

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	GENERALLY MILD WITH MANY COTTAGES ALONG THE SHORE	
SEDIMENTATION	NO REPORTED OR VISIBLE PROBLEMS	
WATERSHED DESCRIPTION	RURAL DEVELOPMENT BUT VERY SPARSE - OTHERWISE WOODED	

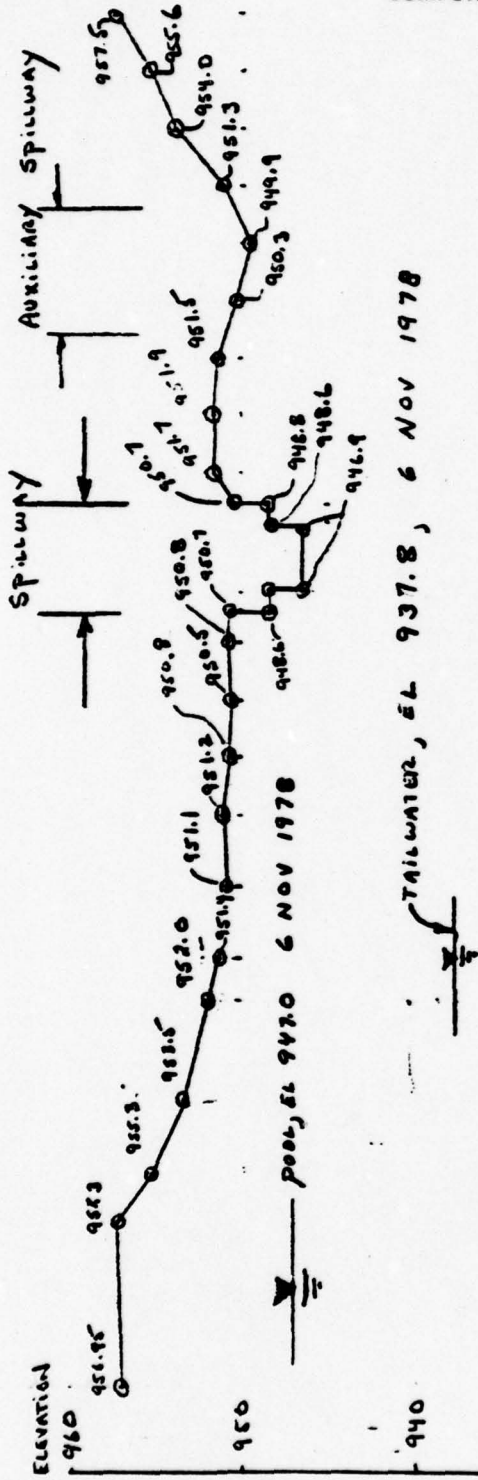
DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

Sheet 1 of 1

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONDITION: Obstructions Debris Other	STREAM THROUGH BEDROCK	
SLOPES	STEEP	
APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF HOMES AND POPULATION	ABOUT 10 NEAR CONFLUENCE WITH TUNK HANNOCK CREEK	ELEVATIONS ABOVE STREAM BED VARY 10 FEET TO 30 FEET

**GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY
AND CARPENTER, INC.**
HARRISBURG, PA.

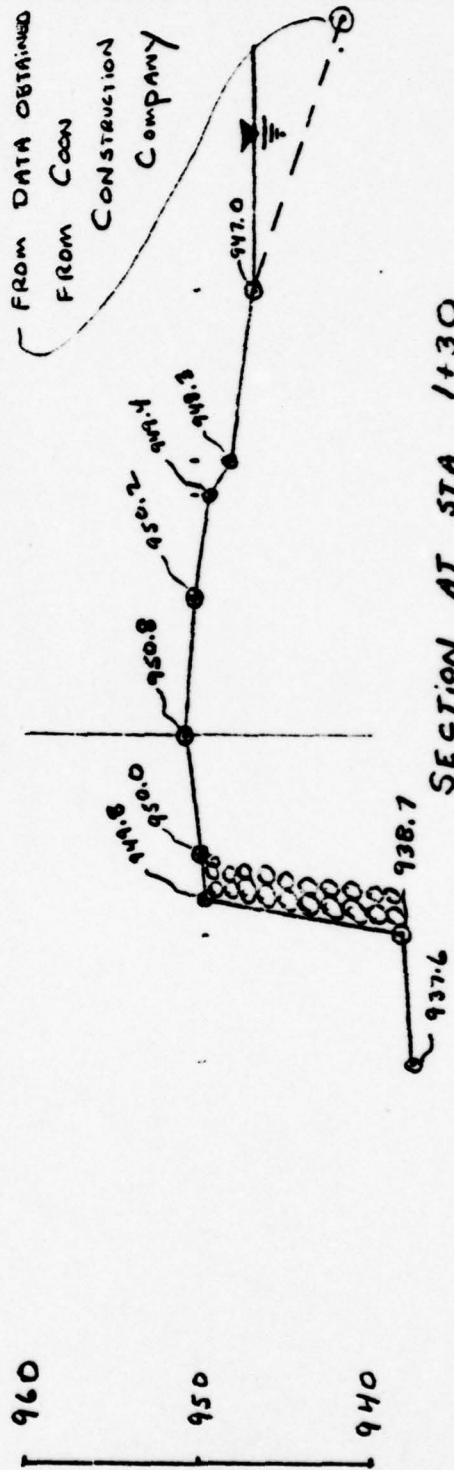
SUBJECT LAKE CAREY DAM FILE NO. _____
SHEET NO. _____ OF _____ SHEET
FOR SURVEY DATA
COMPUTED BY _____ DATE _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____



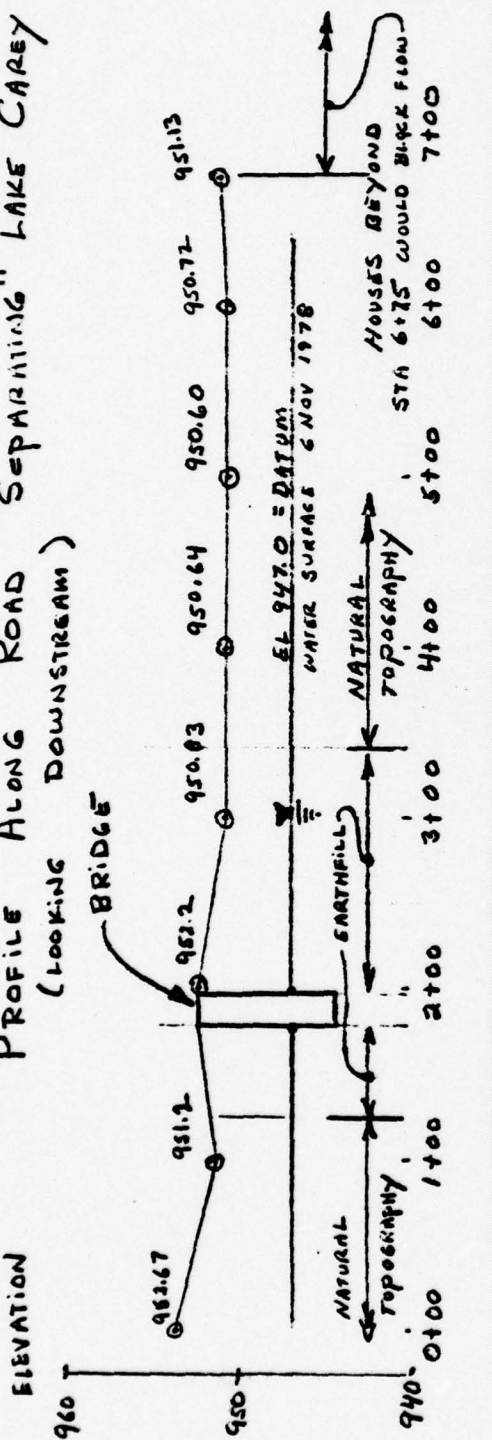
+ 1400

+ 2400

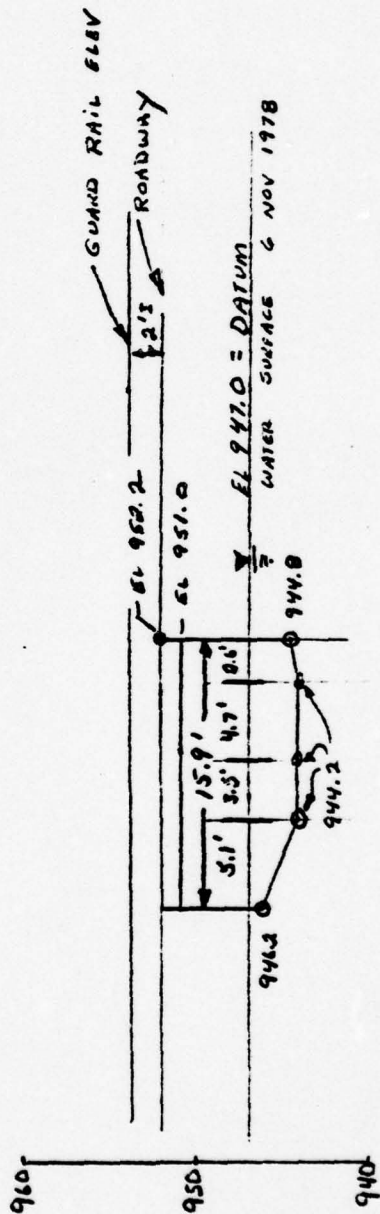
PROFILE - LOOKING DOWNSTREAM



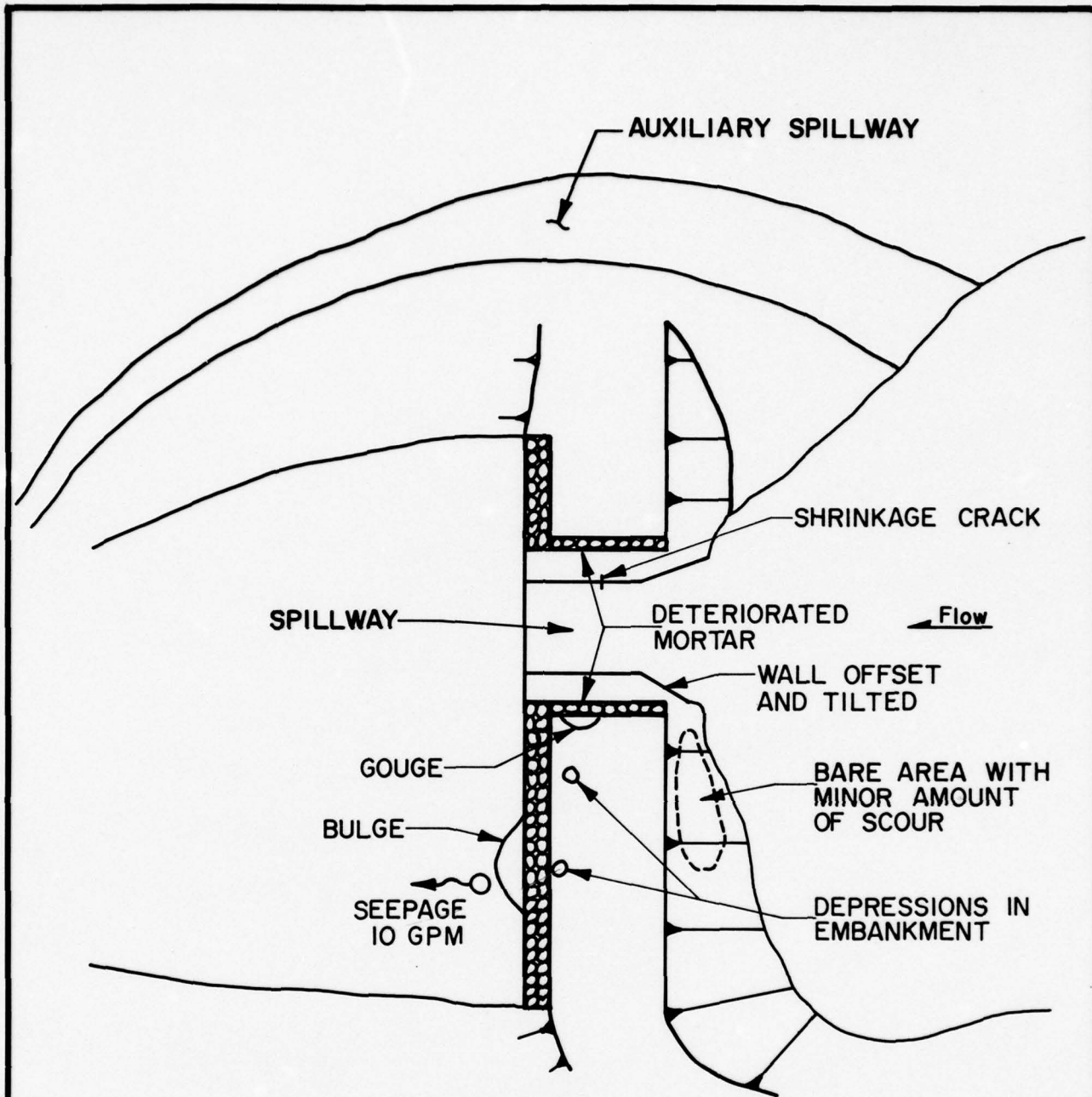
PROFILE ALONG ROAD "SEPARATING" LAKE CAREY
(LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)



PROFILE AT BRIDGE (LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)



B - W



NOT TO SCALE

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
 NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM
 LAKE CAREY DAM
 LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION
 RESULTS OF VISUAL INSPECTION
 JANUARY 1979 PLATE B-1

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

JANUARY 1979

APPENDIX C

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

APPENDIX C

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

In the recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers (OCE), established criteria for rating the capacity of spillways. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for the size (small, intermediate, or large) and hazard potential (low, significant, or high) classification of a dam is selected in accordance with the criteria. The SDF for those dams in the high hazard category varies between one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and the PMF. If the dam and spillway are not capable of passing the SDF without overtopping failure, the spillway capacity is rated as inadequate. If the dam and spillway are capable of passing one-half of the PMF without overtopping failure, or if the dam is not in the high hazard category, the spillway capacity is not rated as seriously inadequate. A spillway capacity is rated as seriously inadequate if all of the following conditions exist:

- (a) There is a high hazard to loss of life from large flows downstream of the dam.
- (b) Dam failure resulting from overtopping would significantly increase the hazard to loss of life downstream from the dam from that which would exist just before overtopping failure.
- (c) The dam and spillway are not capable of passing one-half of the PMF without overtopping failure.

APPENDIX C

SUSQUEHANNA River Basin

Name of Stream: MILL BROOK

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY

ND^I ID No.: PA-00887

DER ID No.: 66-06

Latitude: N 41° 34' 55" Longitude: W 75° 55' 10"

Top of Dam (low spot) Elevation: 950.5

Streambed Elevation: 937.6 Height of Dam: 13 ft

Reservoir Storage at Top of Dam Elevation: 4810* acre-ft

Size Category: INTERMEDIATE

Hazard Category: HIGH (see Section 5)

Spillway Design Flood: PMF

* SEE NEXT SHEET

UPSTREAM DAMS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Distance from Dam (miles)</u>	<u>Height (ft)</u>	<u>Storage at top of Dam Elevation (acre-ft)</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
<u>STEVENS LAKE</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>10.3</u>	<u>1196</u>	<u>NATURAL LAKE</u> <u>CONTAINS ABOUT</u> <u>1198 ACRE-FT. LAKE</u> <u>IS TERMED MUD</u> <u>POND ON USGS.</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____	
_____	_____	_____	_____	
_____	_____	_____	_____	

DOWNSTREAM DAMS

<u>NONE</u>	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

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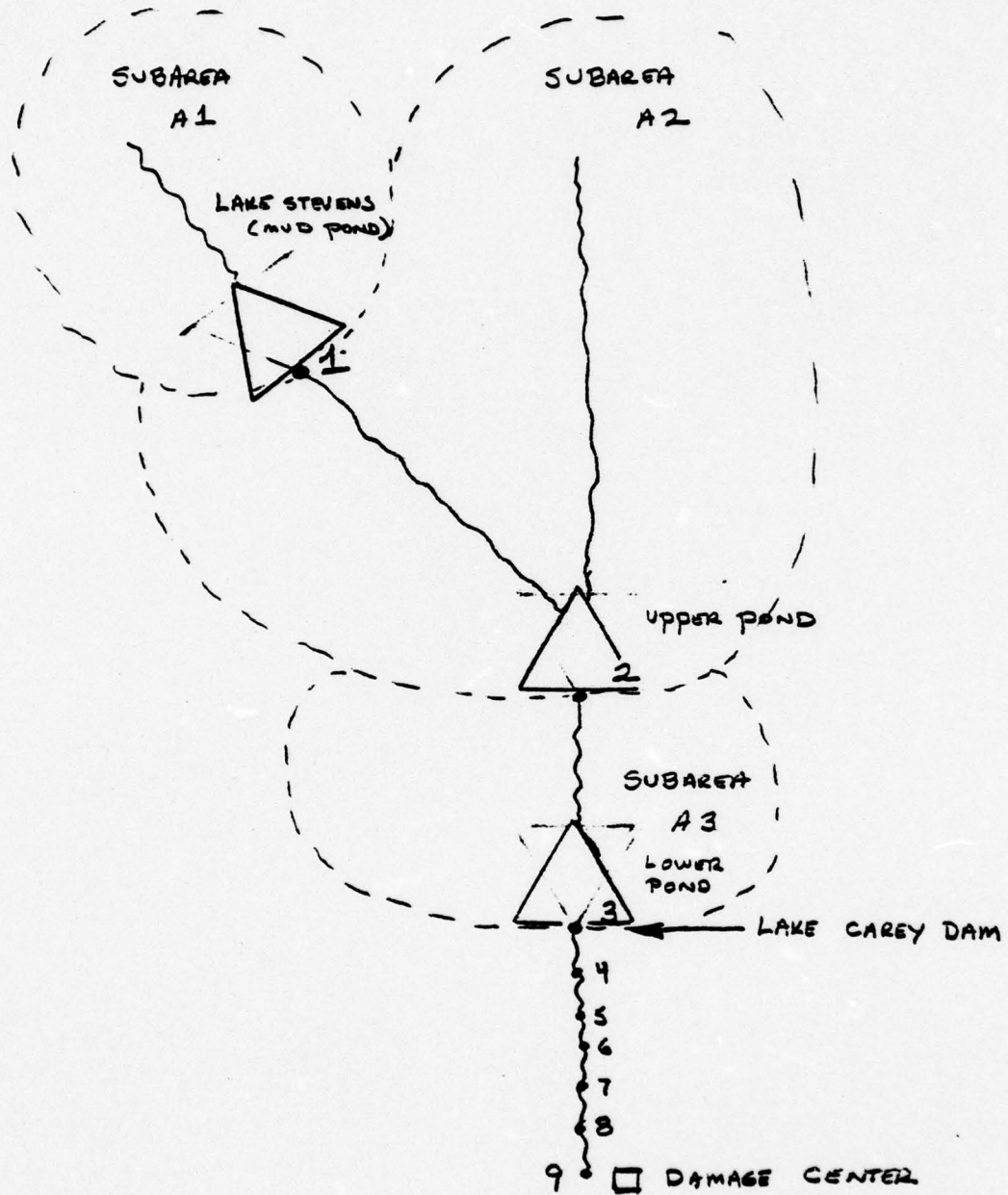
SUBJECT LAKE CAREY FILE NO. _____
SHEET NO. _____ OF _____ SHEET
FOR _____
COMPUTED BY _____ DATE _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

	LOWER POND	UPPER POND	TOTAL
NATURAL LAKE VOLUME	—	3130 AF	3130 AF
SURCHARGE TO SPILLWAY CREST	147 A.F.	504 AF	651 AF.
SURCHARGE FROM SPILLWAY CREST TO TOP OF DAM	299 A.F.	730 AF	1029 AF
TOTAL	446 AF	4364 AF	<u>4810 AF</u>
TOTAL LESS NATURAL LAKE			<u>1680 AF</u>

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SHEET NO. _____ OF _____ SHEET
FOR _____
COMPUTED BY _____ DATE _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

SYSTEM SKETCH AREA A



C-4

SUSQUEHANNA River Basin

Name of Stream: MILL BROOK

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY AND STEVENS LAKE

ND^I ID No.: PA-00887 (LAKE CAREY)

DER ID No.: 66-06 (LAKE CAREY); 66-55 STEVENS LAKE

Latitude: N 41° 35' Longitude: W 75° 55'

DETERMINATION OF PMF RAINFALL

For Area A

which consists of Subareas A1 of 1.7 sq. mile

A2 4.4

A3 0.9

Total Drainage Area 7.0 sq. mile

PMF Rainfall Index = 22.15 in., 24 hr., 200 sq. mile

	Hydromet. 40 (Susquehanna Basin)	Hydromet. 33 (Other Basins)
Zone	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Geographic Adjustment Factor	<u>96%</u>	<u>1.0</u>
Revised Index Rainfall	<u>21.3</u>	<u>N/A</u>

RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION (percent)

<u>Time</u>	<u>Percent</u>
6 hours	<u>118</u>
12 hours	<u>127</u>
24 hours	<u>136</u>
48 hours	<u>142</u>
72 hours	<u>145</u>
96 hours	<u>N/A</u>

SUSQUEHANNA River Basin

Name of Stream: MILL BROOK

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY

NDS^I ID No.: PA-00387

DER ID No.: 66-06

Latitude: N 41° 34' 55" Longitude: W 75° 55' 10"

Drainage Area: 7.0 sq. mile

Data for Subarea: A1 (see Sketch on Sheet C-4)

Name of Dam at Outlet of Subarea: LAKE STEVENS

Drainage Area of Subarea: 1.7 sq. mile

Subarea Characteristics:

Assumed Losses: 1.0-inch initial abstraction + 0.05 in/hr

The following are measured from outlet of subarea to the point noted:

L = Length of Main Watercourse extended to the divide = 2.00 miles

L_{CA} = Length of Main Watercourse to the centroid = 0.45 mile

From NAB Data: AREA 11 PLATE E

C_P = 0.62

C_T = 1.5

T_P = C_T × (L × L_{CA})^{0.3} = 1.45 (hrs)

Flow at Start of Storm = 1.5 cfs/sq. mile × Subarea D.A = 2.55 cfs

Computer Data:

QRCSN = -0.05 (5% of peak flow)

RTIOR = 2.0

Remarks: _____

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A1
 (see Sketch on Sheet C-7)

Name of Dam: LAKE STEVENS Sheet 1 of

Height: 10.3 FT. (existing)

Spillway Data:	Existing Conditions	Design Conditions
Top of Dam Elevation	<u>1059.0</u>	<u>NOT DETERMINED</u>
Spillway Crest Elevation	<u>1054.0</u>	<u> </u>
Spillway Head Available (ft)	<u>5.0</u>	<u> </u>
Type Spillway	<u>SHARP CRESTED WEIR</u>	<u> </u>
"C" Value - Spillway	<u>3.1</u>	<u> </u>
Crest Length - Spillway (ft)	<u>51.9</u>	<u> </u>
Spillway Peak Discharge (cfs)	<u>1799 x 1800</u>	<u> </u>
Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elevation	<u>NONE</u>	<u> </u>
Auxiliary Spillway Head Available (ft)	<u>NONE</u>	<u> </u>
Type Auxiliary Spillway	<u>NONE</u>	<u> </u>
"C" Value - Auxiliary Spillway	<u>N/A</u>	<u> </u>
Crest Length - Auxiliary Spillway (ft)	<u>N/A</u>	<u> </u>
<u>Auxiliary Spillway</u> Peak Discharge (cfs)	<u>N/A</u>	<u> </u>
<u>Combined Spillway Discharge (cfs)</u>	<u>1800</u>	<u> </u>

Spillway Rating Curve:

Elevation	Q Spillway (cfs)	Q Auxiliary Spillway (cfs)	Combined (cfs)
<u> </u>	<u>NOT DETERMINED</u>		<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A1

Name of Dam: LAKE STEVENS Sheet 2 of

Outlet Works Rating:	<u>Outlet 1</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	<u>Outlet 3</u>
Invert of Outlet <u>NO OUTLET</u>	_____	_____	_____
Invert of Inlet <u>STOPLOGS</u>	_____	_____	_____
Type <u>AT RIGHT</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>END OF</u>	_____	_____	_____
Diameter (ft) = D <u>SPILLWAY</u>	_____	_____	_____
Length (ft) = L	_____	_____	_____
Area (sq. ft) = A	_____	_____	_____
N	_____	_____	_____
K Entrance	_____	_____	_____
K Exit	_____	_____	_____
K Friction* = $29.1 N^2 L / R^{4/3}$	_____	_____	_____
Sum of K	_____	_____	_____
$(1/K)^{0.5} = C$	_____	_____	_____
Maximum Head (ft) = HM	_____	_____	_____
$Q = C A \sqrt{2g(HM)}$ (cfs)	_____	_____	_____
Q Combined (cfs)	_____	_____	_____

* R = Hydraulic Radius = (Area/Wetted Perimeter) =
D/4 for Circular Conduits.

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A1

Name of Dam: LAKE STEVENS Sheet 3 of 4

Storage Data:

Elevation	Area (acres)	Storage		Remarks
		million gals	acre-ft	
<u>1017</u> = ELEVO*	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	ESTIMATED BOTTOM OF NATURAL LAKE
<u>1049</u> = ELEVO	<u>46.4</u> = A1	<u>161</u>	<u>493</u> = S1	INVERT OF STREAM AT TOE DAM
<u>1054</u> = ELEV 1	<u>62</u> = A1	<u>249</u>	<u>764</u> = S1	SPILLWAY CREST KNOWN STORAGE
<u>1059</u>	<u>110.6</u>	<u>390</u>	<u>1196</u>	TOP OF DAM
<u>1060</u>	<u>122</u>	_____	_____	_____
<u>1080</u> **	<u>135.6</u>	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

* $ELEVO = ELEV1 - (3S_1/A_1)$

** Planimetered contour at least 10 feet above top of dam

Reservoir Area at ^{Normal Pool} ~~Top of Dam~~ is 5 percent of watershed.

Remarks: _____

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A1

Name of Dam: LAKE STEVENS Sheet 4 of 4

Breach Data: PASSES 50% OF PMF - NO BREACH DATA REQUIRED.

Sketch of Dam Profile (not to scale):

Sketch of Top of Dam (not to scale):

Soil Type from Visual Inspection: _____

Maximum Permissible Velocity (Plate 28, EM 1110-2-1601) _____ fps
(from $Q = CLH^{3/2} = V \cdot A$ and depth = $(2/3) \times H$)

$HMAX = (4/9 V^2/C^2) =$ _____ ft., $C =$ _____

$HMAX + \text{Top of Dam Elev.} =$ _____ = **FAILEL**
(Above is elevation at which failure would start)

Dam Breach Data:

BRWID = _____ ft (width of bottom of breach)

Z = _____ (side slopes of breach)

ELBM = _____ (bottom of breach elevation,
minimum of zero storage elevation)

WSEL = _____ (normal pool elevation)

T FAIL = _____ mins

= _____ hrs (time for breach to develop)

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-2
 (see Sketch on Sheet C-4)

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY - UPPER POND Sheet 1 of 4

Height: 6.4 FT (existing)

Spillway Data:	Existing Conditions	Design Conditions
Top of Dam Elevation	<u>950.6</u>	<u>NOT DESIGNED</u>
Spillway Crest Elevation	<u>944.2</u>	<u>AS A DAM</u>
Spillway Head Available (ft)	<u>6.4</u>	<u></u>
Type Spillway	<u>WATERWAY UNDER BRIDGE</u>	
"C" Value - Spillway	<u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
Crest Length - Spillway (ft)	<u>15.9</u>	<u></u>
<u>Spillway</u> Peak Discharge (cfs)	<u>698 ≈ 700</u>	<u></u>
Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elevation	<u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
Auxiliary Spillway Head Available (ft)	<u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
Type Auxiliary Spillway	<u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
"C" Value - Auxiliary Spillway	<u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
Crest Length - Auxiliary Spillway (ft)	<u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
<u>Auxiliary Spillway</u> Peak Discharge (cfs)	<u>-</u>	<u></u>
<u>Combined Spillway</u> Discharge (cfs)	<u>700</u>	<u></u>

Spillway Rating Curve:

Elevation	Q Spillway [*] (cfs)	Q Auxiliary Spillway (cfs)	Combined (cfs)
<u>947.0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u></u>	<u>0</u>
<u>948.0</u>	<u>273</u>	<u></u>	<u>273</u>
<u>949.0</u>	<u>454</u>	<u></u>	<u>454</u>
<u>950.0</u>	<u>611</u>	<u></u>	<u>611</u>
<u>950.6</u>	<u>700</u>	<u></u>	<u>700</u>
<u>952.6</u>	<u>965</u>	<u></u>	<u>965</u>

* USING $Q = 273 \cdot h^{.733}$, h ABOVE ELEVATION 9470
 SEE SHEET: C-12

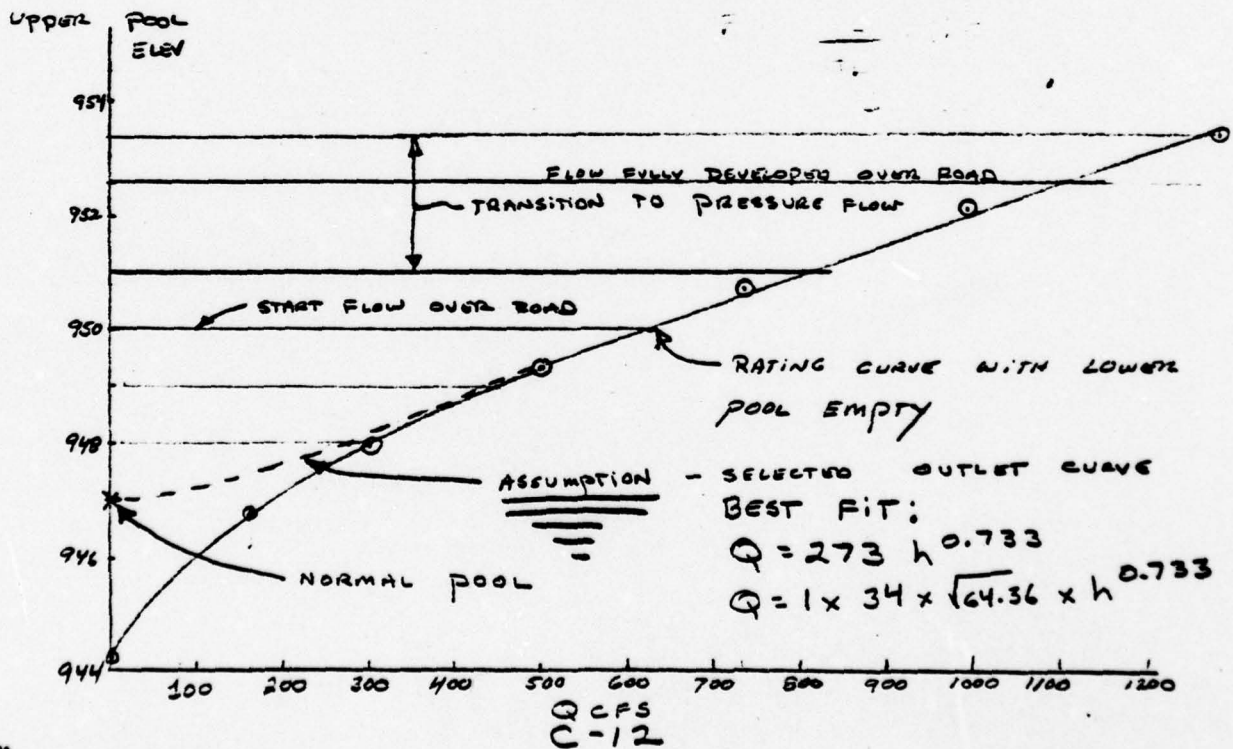
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AND CARPENTER, INC.**
HARRISBURG, PA.

SUBJECT LAKE CAREY FILE NO. _____
SHEET NO. 1A OF 4 SHEETS
FOR _____
COMPUTED BY _____ DATE _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

UPPER POND OUTLET WORKS
 $Q' = \text{CRITICAL DEPTH}$

W.S. ELEV	d (FT)	T (FT)	A (FT ²)	$Q' = \sqrt{\frac{A^3}{T}}$ CFS	$Q = \frac{2.7Q'}{3.11}$ CFS	hV	POOL ELEV
944.2	0	0.2	0	0	0	0	944.2
946.2	2	15.9	25.92	187.7	164	.61	946.8
947.0	2.8	15.9	38.64	341.7	298	.92	947.9
948.0	3.8	15.9	54.54	573.0	499	1.30	949.3
949.0	4.8	15.9	70.44	841.1	733	1.63	950.7
950.0	5.8	15.9	86.34	1141.3	994	2.06	952.1
951.0	6.8	15.9	102.24	1470.1	1281	2.44	953.4

(ABOVE WITH NO TAILWATER)



Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-2

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY - UPPER POND Sheet 2 of 4

Outlet Works Rating: NO	<u>Outlet 1</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	<u>Outlet 3</u>
Invert of Outlet	_____	_____	_____
Invert of Inlet	_____	_____	_____
Type	_____	_____	_____
Diameter (ft) = D	_____	_____	_____
Length (ft) = L	_____	_____	_____
Area (sq. ft) = A	_____	_____	_____
N	_____	_____	_____
K Entrance	_____	_____	_____
K Exit	_____	_____	_____
K Friction* = $29.1 N^2 L / R^{4/3}$	_____	_____	_____
Sum of K	_____	_____	_____
$(1/K)^{0.5} = C$	_____	_____	_____
Maximum Head (ft) = HM	_____	_____	_____
$Q = C A \sqrt{2g(HM)}$ (cfs)	_____	_____	_____
Q Combined (cfs)	_____	_____	_____

* R = Hydraulic Radius = (Area/Wetted Perimeter) =
D/4 for Circular Conduits.

C-12A

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-2

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY - UPPER POND Sheet 3 of 4

Storage Data:

Elevation	Area (acres)	Storage		Remarks
		million gals	acre-ft	
<u>889.3</u> = ELEVO*	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
<u>944.2</u> = ELEV1	<u>171.2</u> = A1	<u>1020</u>	<u>3130</u> = S1	NATURAL LAKE STORAGE
<u>947.0</u> = ELEV1	<u>189</u> = A1	<u>1134</u>	<u>3634</u> = S1	NORMAL POOL
<u>950.7</u>	<u>206</u>	<u>1422</u>	<u>4364</u>	
<u>960</u> **	<u>251</u>			

* $ELEVO = ELEV1 - (3S1/A1)$

** Planimetered contour at least 10 feet above top of dam

Reservoir Area at ^{Normal Pool} ~~Top of Dam~~ is 6.7 percent of watershed.

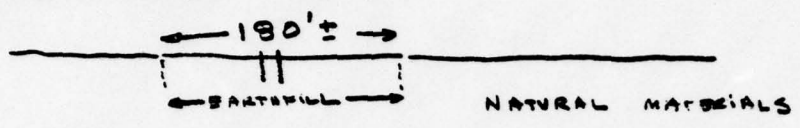
Remarks: _____

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A1

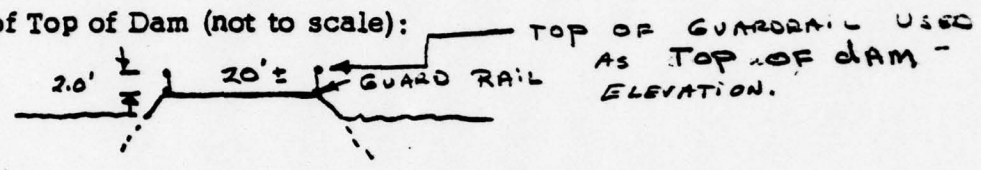
Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY - UPPER POND Sheet 4 of 4

Breach Data:

Sketch of Dam Profile (not to scale):



Sketch of Top of Dam (not to scale):



Soil Type from Visual Inspection: PAVED EXCEPT AT EDGES

Maximum Permissible Velocity (Plate 28, EM 1110-2-1601) 7.5 fps
(from $Q = CLH^{3/2} = V \cdot A$ and depth = $(2/3) \times H$) $A = L \cdot d$

$$H_{MAX} = (4/9 V^2 / C^2) = \underline{3.4} \text{ ft.}, C = \underline{2.7}$$

$H_{MAX} + \text{Top of Dam Elev.} = \underline{954.0'} = \text{FAILEL}$
(Above is elevation at which failure would start)
USING TOP OF DAM = ROAD ELEV = 950.6

Dam Breach Data:

BRWID = 50 ft (width of bottom of breach)

Z = 1.0 (side slopes of breach)

ELBM = 944.2 (bottom of breach elevation, minimum of zero storage elevation)

WSEL = 947 (normal pool elevation)

T FAIL = 6 mins (USING 0.1 HRS PER 25' HEIGHT).

= 0.1 hrs (time for breach to develop)

SUSQUEHANNA River Basin

Name of Stream: MILL BROOK

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY

NDS ID No.: PA-00887

DER ID No.: 66-06

Latitude: N 41° 34' 55" Longitude: W 75° 55' 10"

Drainage Area: 7.0 sq. mile

Data for Subarea: A2 (see Sketch on Sheet C-4)

Name of Dam at Outlet of Subarea: LAKE CAREY - UPPER POND

Drainage Area of Subarea: 6.1, 4.4 is UNCONTROLLED sq. mile

Subarea Characteristics:

Assumed Losses: 1.0-inch initial abstraction + 0.05 in/hr

The following are measured from outlet of subarea to the point noted:

L = Length of Main Watercourse extended to the divide = 3.71 miles

LCA = Length of Main Watercourse to the centroid = 1.73 mile

From NAB Data: AREA 11 PLATE E

C_p = 0.62

C_T = 1.5

T_p = C_T × (L × LCA)^{0.3} = 2.62 (hrs)

Flow at Start of Storm = 1.5 cfs/sq. mile × Subarea D.A = 6.6 cfs

Computer Data:

QRCSN = -0.05 (5% of peak flow)

RTIOR = 2.0

Remarks: _____

C-15

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A-3
 (see Sketch on Sheet C-4)

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY - LOWER POND Sheet 1 of 4

Height: 12.9 (existing)

Spillway Data:

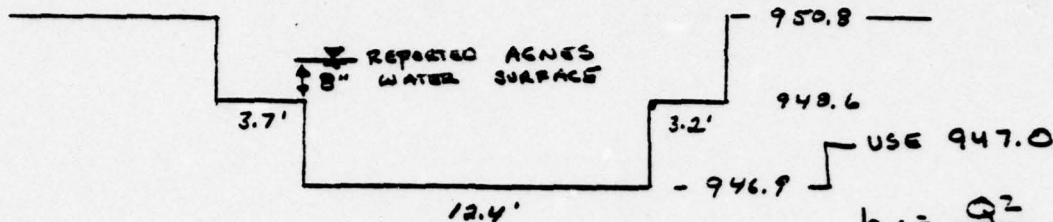
	Existing Conditions	Design Conditions
Top of Dam Elevation	<u>950.5</u>	<u>950.7</u>
Spillway Crest Elevation	<u>947.0</u>	<u>947.0</u>
Spillway Head Available (ft)	<u>3.5</u>	<u>3.7</u>
Type Spillway	<u>SEE SHEET C-17</u>	
"C" Value - Spillway	<u>2.7</u>	<u>2.7</u>
Crest Length - Spillway (ft)	<u>19.3</u>	<u>19.3</u>
Spillway Peak Discharge (cfs)	<u>299 ≈ 300</u>	<u>329 ≈ 330</u>
Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elevation	<u>950.0</u>	<u>UNKNOWN</u> <small>USE EXISTING</small>
Auxiliary Spillway Head Available (ft)	<u>0.5</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Type Auxiliary Spillway	<u>SEE SHEET C-18</u>	
"C" Value - Auxiliary Spillway	<u>2.7</u>	
Crest Length - Auxiliary Spillway (ft)	<u>19 (APPROXIMATE)</u>	
Auxiliary Spillway Peak Discharge (cfs)	<u>18 ≈ 20</u>	<u>30</u>
Combined Spillway Discharge (cfs)	<u>320</u>	<u>360</u>

Spillway Rating Curve:

Elevation	Q Spillway (cfs)	Q Auxiliary Spillway (cfs)	Combined (cfs)
<u>947.0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>948.4</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>71</u>
<u>950</u>	<u>228</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>228</u>
<u>950.5</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>320</u>
<u>950.7</u>	<u>330</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>360</u>
<u>952.0</u>	<u>570</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>715</u>
<u>957.8</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1118</u>	<u>3074</u>

GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY
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HARRISBURG, PA.

SUBJECT Spillway FILE NO. _____
SHEET NO. 1A OF 4 SHEET
FOR LAKE CAREY DAM
COMPUTED BY _____ DATE _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____



pool ELEV = ELEV + hv

$$hv = \frac{Q^2}{2gA^2}$$

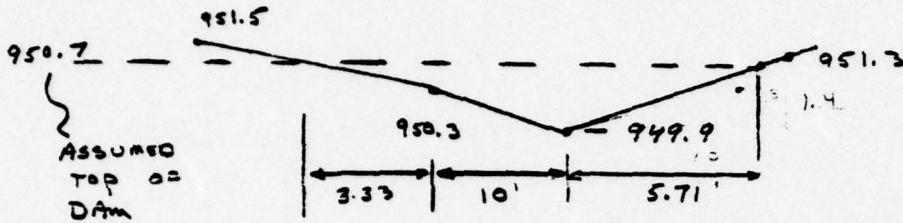
Q' = CRITICAL DEPTH

ELEV	depth	Topwidth	Area	$Q' = \sqrt{\frac{Ag^3}{3}}$	$Q = \frac{2.7Q'}{3.1}$	hv	POOL ELEV
	FT	FT	FT ²	CFS	CFS	FT	
946.9	0	12.4	0	0	0	0	946.9
947.0	.1	12.4	.12	.1	.1	0	947.0
947.5	.6	12.4	7.44	32.7	28.5	.23	947.7
948.0	1.1	12.4	13.64	81.2	70.7	.42	948.4
948.6	<u>1.7</u>	12.4	<u>21.08</u>	155.9	135.8	.64	949.2
949.0	2.1	19.3	28.8	199.6	173.8	.57	949.6
949.5	2.6	19.3	38.45	307.9	268.1	.76	950.3
950.0	3.1	19.3	48.1	430.8	375.2	.95	951.0
950.5	3.6	19.3	57.75	566.7	493.6	1.13	951.6
950.8	3.9	19.3	63.54	654.0	569.6	1.2	952.0
951.0	4.1	19.3	67.4	714.5	622.3	1.3	952.3
955.0	8.1	19.3	144.6	2245	1956	2.8	957.8
960.0	13.1	19.3	241.1	4834	4210	4.7	964.7
948.6 + 8"							
949.3	2.4	19.3	34.59	262.7	229	.68	950.0

ESTIMATED AGNES DISCHARGE
= 230 CFS

GANNETT FLEMING CORDRY
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SUBJECT Auxiliary Spillway FILE NO. _____
SHEET NO. 18 OF 4 SHEET
FOR LAKE CAREY DAM
COMPUTED BY _____ DATE _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____



IN VIEW OF IRREGULAR GEOMETRY
USE WEIR WITH $C = 2.7$, $BW = 19'$
AT ELEVATION 950.0

H	POOL $= 950.0 + H$	$Q = CLH^{3/2}$ (CFS)
0	950	0
.3	950.3	8.4
1.0	951.0	51.0
1.6	951.6	103.8
2.0	952.0	145.1
2.3	952.3	178.9
7.8	957.8	1117.5
14.7	964.7	2891.3

C-18

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A3

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY - LOWER POND Sheet 2 of 4

Outlet Works Rating:	<u>Outlet 1</u>	<u>Outlet 2</u>	<u>Outlet 3</u>
Invert of Outlet	_____	_____	_____
Invert of Inlet	_____	_____	_____
Type	_____	_____	_____
Diameter (ft) = D	_____	_____	_____
Length (ft) = L	_____	_____	_____
Area (sq. ft) = A	_____	_____	_____
N	_____	_____	_____
K Entrance	_____	_____	_____
K Exit	_____	_____	_____
K Friction* = $29.1 N^2 L / R^{4/3}$	_____	_____	_____
Sum of K	_____	_____	_____
$(1/K)^{0.5} = C$	_____	_____	_____
Maximum Head (ft) = HM	_____	_____	_____
$Q = C A \sqrt{2g(HM)}$ (cfs)	_____	_____	_____
Q Combined (cfs)	_____	_____	_____

* R = Hydraulic Radius = (Area/Wetted Perimeter) = D/4 for Circular Conduits.

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A3

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY - LOWER POND Sheet 3 of 4

Storage Data:

<u>Elevation</u>	<u>Area</u> (<u>acres</u>)	<u>Storage</u>		<u>Remarks</u>
		<u>million</u> <u>gals</u>	<u>acre-ft</u>	
<u>941.0</u> = ELEVO*	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
<u>947.0</u> = ELEV1	<u>73</u> = A1	<u>48</u>	<u>147</u> = S1	
<u>950.7</u>	<u>88.7</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>446</u>	
<u>960.0</u>	<u>135</u>			

- * $ELEVO = ELEV1 - (3S_1/A_1)$
- ** Planimetered contour at least 10 feet above top of dam

Reservoir Area at ^{Normal Pool} Top of Dam is 13 percent of watershed.

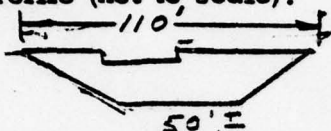
Remarks: _____

Data for Dam at Outlet of Subarea A3

Name of Dam: LAKE CALEY (Lower Pond) Sheet 4 of 4

Breach Data:

Sketch of Dam Profile (not to scale):



Sketch of Top of Dam (not to scale):



Soil Type from Visual Inspection: STONE FACING

Maximum Permissible Velocity (Plate 28, EM 1110-2-1601) 8 fps
(from $Q = CLH^{3/2} = V \cdot A$ and depth = $(2/3) \times H$ $A = L \cdot d$)

$$H_{MAX} = (4/9 v^2 / C^2) = \underline{3.0} \text{ ft.}, C = \underline{3.1}$$

$H_{MAX} + \overset{950.7}{\text{Top of Dam Elev.}} = \underline{953.7} = \text{FAILEL}$
(Above is elevation at which failure would start)

Dam Breach Data:

BRWID = 50 ft (width of bottom of breach)

Z = 1.0 (side slopes of breach)

ELBM = 937.6 (bottom of breach elevation,
minimum of zero storage elevation)

WSEL = 947.0 (normal pool elevation)

T FAIL = 6 mins

= 0.1 hrs (time for breach to develop)

SUSQUEHANNA River Basin

Name of Stream: MILL BROOK

Name of Dam: LAKE CAREY (LOWER POND)

NDS ID No.: PA-00887

DER ID No.: 66-06

Latitude: N 41° 34' 55" Longitude: W 75° 55' 10"

Drainage Area: 7.0 sq. mile

Data for Subarea: A3 (see Sketch on Sheet C-4)

Name of Dam at Outlet of Subarea: LAKE CAREY DAM

Drainage Area of Subarea: 7.0 (0.9 UNCONTROLLED) sq. mile

Subarea Characteristics:

Assumed Losses: 1.0-inch initial abstraction + 0.05 in/hr

The following are measured from outlet of subarea to the point noted:

L = Length of Main Watercourse extended to the divide = .65 mile

L_{CA} = Length of Main Watercourse to the centroid = .27 mile

From NAB Data: AREA 11 PLATE E

C_p = 0.62

C_T = 1.5

T_p = C_T × (L × L_{CA})^{0.3} = .89 (hrs)

Flow at Start of Storm = 1.5 cfs/sq. mile × Subarea D.A = 1.35 cfs

Computer Data:

QRCSN = -0.05 (5% of peak flow)

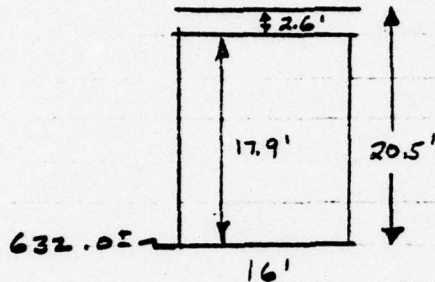
RTIOR = 2.0

Remarks: _____

GANNETT FLEMING CORDRY
AND CARPENTER, INC.
HARRISBURG, PA.

SUBJECT _____ FILE NO. _____
SHEET NO. _____ OF _____ SHEETS
FOR _____
COMPUTED BY _____ DATE _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

BRIDGE AT CROSS SECTION 9
(DAMAGE CENTER)



ASSUME CRITICAL DEPTH

$$d_c = \sqrt[3]{\frac{q^2}{g}} \quad q = Q/b$$

Q	q	d _c	
3000	187.5	10.29	
4458	278.6	13.41	← FLOW WITH NO FAILURE
8618	538.625	20.81	← FLOW WITH FAILURE OF LOWER DAM
10,568	660.5	23.84	← FLOW WITH FAILURE OF UPPER & LOWER DAM

APPENDIX C

SUMMARY

	STEVENS LAKE Subarea A1	Upper POND Subarea A2	Lower POND Subarea A3	Subarea	Total
Drainage Area (sq. mile)	1.70				
<u>PMF:</u>					
Peak Outflow (cfs)	4495	12,592	11,980		
Total Runoff (inches)					
Dam at Outlet?	YES	ROADWAY AND BRIDGE YES	YES		
Is Dam Overtopped?	YES	YES	YES		
Depth of Overtopping (ft)	1.11	5.74	9.53		
<u>One-Half PMF:</u>					
Peak Outflow (cfs)	1578	4976	4446		
Total Runoff (inches)					
Dam at Outlet?	YES	YES	YES		
Is Dam Overtopped?	NO	YES	YES		
Depth of Overtopping (ft)	-	3.82	4.62		
Does Dam Fail?	NO	SEE TEXT	YES		
Peak Failure Outflow (cfs)	-		SEE TEXT		
At time (hrs)	-		AND COMPUTER		
Spillway (percent of PMF)	60%	20%	PRINTOUT.		

DOWNSTREAM SUMMARY

	FOR 1/2 PMF Peak Water Surface Elevation		Remarks
	Before Failure	After Failure	
Cross Section 9	639.3	639.9	WITHOUT BRIDGE LOWER DAM FAILS WITH BRIDGE
Cross Section 9	645.4	652.8	
Cross Section 9	639.3	640.2	WITHOUT BRIDGE UPPER & LOWER FAIL WITH BRIDGE
Cross Section 9	645.4	655.8	
Cross Section			

SELECTED COMPUTER PRINTOUT NOTES AND INDEX

ITEM

PAGE

ASSUMING NO FAILURES

FOR VARIOUS RATIOS OF PMF:

INPUT

C-26 TO C-28

SYSTEM PEAK FLOWS

C-29 TO C-30

LAKE STEVENS

C-30

LAKE CAREY UPPER POND

C-31

LAKE CAREY LOWER POND

C-31

DAMAGE CENTER

C-31

ASSUMING ONLY LAKE CAREY DAM FAILS:

(NOTES: a) PLAN #1 NOT USED

b) FLOWS UPSTREAM OF LOWER POND

IDENTICAL TO NO FAILURE 50% PMF)

INPUT

C-32 TO C-34

SYSTEM PEAK FLOWS

C-35 TO C-36

LAKE CAREY LOWER POND

C-36

DAMAGE CENTER

C-36

ASSUMING BOTH LAKE CAREY DAM AND PENINSULA FAIL

(SEE NOTES ABOVE)

INPUT

C-37 TO C-39

SYSTEM PEAK FLOWS

C-40 TO C-41

LAKE CAREY UPPER POND

C-42

LAKE CAREY LOWER POND

C-42

DAMAGE CENTER

C-42

C-25

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 21 AUG 78

Line	Code	LAKE CAREY DAM									
1	A1	LAKE CAREY DAM									
2	A2	MILL BROOK									
3	A3	BFCC									
4	B	300	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0
5	B1	5									
6	J	1	7	1							
7	J1	1.0	.70	.50	.35	.25	.15	.05			
8	K	0	1						1		
9	K1	RUNOFF INTO STEVENS LAKE-MUD POND									
10	M	1	1	1.7		7.0					
11	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145			
12	T							1.0	.05	.057	
13	W	1.45	.62								
14	X	2.55	-.05	2.0							
15	K	1	1						1		
16	K1	ROUTE THROUGH LAKE SUEVENS									
17	Y				1						
18	Y1	1							-1054	1	
19	9A	.01	46.4	62	122	135.6					
20	9E	1017	1049	1054	1060	1080					
21	99	1054	51.9	3.1	1.5						
22	9R	0	10	0							
23	9F	1	0	5	1048.7	51.9	0	1	1059		
24	9T	1048.7	1049.0	1068							
25	9W	0	1	99999							
26	9D	1059	2.7	1.5	148						
27	K	1	1						1		
28	K1	ROUTE OUTFLOW LAKE STEVENS TO UPPER LAKE CAREY (SECT. 1)									
29	Y				1						
30	Y1	1									
31	Y6	.07	.05	.07	1030	1100	2400	.02			
32	Y7	0	1100	370	1060	600	1040	700	1030	710	1030
33	Y7	750	1040	850	1080	1050	1100				
34	K	1	1						1		
35	K1	ROUTE OUTFLOW TO UPPER POND (SECT. 2)									
36	Y				1						
37	Y1	1									
38	Y6	.07	.05	.07	968	1000	2400	.022			
39	Y7	0	1000	150	980	250	973	255	968	265	968
40	Y7	270	973	600	980	1320	1000				
41	K	0	2						1		
42	K1	UNCONTROLLED RUNOFF INTO LAKE GAREY UPPER POND									
43	M	1	1	4.4		7.0				1	
44	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145			
45	T							1.0	.05	.067	
46	W	2.62	.62								
47	X	6.6	-.05	2.0							
48	K	2	2						1		
49	K1	COMBINE OUTFLOW LAKE STEVENS AND INFLOW UPPER LAKE CAREY									
50	K	1	2						1		

1	51	K1	ROUTE THROUGH UPPER LAKE CAREY											
	52	Y	1											
	53	Y1	1										-947	
	54	\$A	.01	171.2	189	251								
	55	\$E	889.3	944.2	947	960								
	56	\$G	947	15.9	.001	1.5	947	1	34	.733				
	57	\$D	952.6	3.1	1.5	500								
	58	K	0	3								1		
	59	K1	UNCONTROLLED INFLOW INTO LOWER POND											
	60	M	1	1	0.9	7.0						1		
	61	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145					
	62	T								1.0	.05	.13		
	63	W	.89	.62										
	64	X	1.35	-.05	2.0									
	65	K	2	3								1		
	66	K1	COMBINE FLOWS TO LOWER POND											
	67	K	1	3								1		
	68	K1	ROUTE THROUGH LOWER POND											
	69	Y	1											
	70	Y1	1										-947	-1
	71	Y4	946.9	947	947.7	948.4	949.2	949.6	950	950.3	951	951.6		
	72	Y4	952	952.3	957.8	964.7								
	73	Y5	0	.1	29	71	136	174	228	276	426	598		
	74	Y5	715	801	3074	7101								
	75	\$A	.01	.02	73	88.7	135							
	76	\$E	937.6	941	947	950.7	960							
	77	\$G	947											
	78	\$D	950.7	2.7	1.5	90								
	79	K	1	4								1		
	80	K1	ROUTE THROUGH DOWNSTREAM SECTION											
	81	Y	1											
	82	Y1	1											
	83	Y6	.07	.05	.07	920	960	900	.066					
	84	Y7	0	960	420	940	550	930	560	920	600	920		
	85	Y7	610	930	700	940	800	960						
	86	K	1	5										
	87	Y	1											
	88	Y1	1											
	89	Y6	.09	.06	.09	840	880	600	.133					
	90	Y7	0	880	100	860	200	850	201	840	216	840		
	91	Y7	217	850	280	860	1000	880						
	92	K	1	6										
	93	Y	1											
	94	Y1	1											
	95	Y6	.09	.05	.09	758	840	2450	.024					
	96	Y7	0	840	450	800	660	760	665	758	675	758		
	97	Y7	720	760	850	800	950	840						
	98	K	1	7										
	99	Y	1											
	100	Y1	1											

1	101	Y6	.07	.05	.07	718	800	2250	.018			
	102	Y7	0	800	280	740	420	720	430	718	450	718
	103	Y7	500	720	560	740	740	800				
	104	K	1	8								
	105	Y				1						
	106	Y1	1									
	107	Y6	.07	.05	.07	679	800	3300	.012			
	108	Y7	0	800	450	700	750	680	.755	679	765	679
	109	Y7	780	680	850	700	1380	800				
	110	K	1	9						1		
	111	K1	ROUTE TO DOWNSTREAM NO. 9 (DAMAGE CENTER)									
	112	Y				1						
	113	Y1	1									
	114	Y6	.05	.04	.05	632	700	3150	.013			
	115	Y7	0	700	450	640	840	637	845	632	860	632
	116	Y7	865	637	1070	640	1600	700				
	117	K	99									

1

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	1 -
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	2
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT	2
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	2
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	3
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT	3
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	3
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	4
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	5
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	6
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	7
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	8
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	9
END OF NETWORK	

C-28

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS

FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS						
				RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3	RATIO 4	RATIO 5	RATIO 6	RATIO 7
				1.00	.70	.50	.35	.25	.15	.05
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	1.70 (4.40)	1	5113. (144.80)	3579. (101.36)	2557. (72.40)	1790. (50.68)	1278. (36.20)	767. (21.72)	256. (7.24)
ROUTED TO	1	1.70 (4.40)	1	4495. (127.29)	2254. (63.82)	1578. (44.69)	1143. (32.36)	836. (23.66)	514. (14.56)	176. (4.99)
ROUTED TO	1	1.70 (4.40)	1	4664. (132.07)	2252. (63.78)	1577. (44.65)	1143. (32.36)	836. (23.66)	514. (14.55)	176. (4.98)
ROUTED TO	1	1.70 (4.40)	1	4564. (129.25)	2248. (63.66)	1577. (44.65)	1141. (32.31)	834. (23.63)	514. (14.55)	176. (4.98)
HYDROGRAPH AT	2	4.40 (11.40)	1	9784. (277.05)	6849. (193.93)	4892. (138.52)	3424. (96.97)	2446. (69.26)	1468. (41.56)	489. (13.85)
2 COMBINED	2	6.10 (15.80)	1	14218. (402.62)	8982. (254.34)	6418. (181.74)	4536. (128.44)	3258. (92.27)	1972. (55.83)	662. (18.75)
ROUTED TO	2	6.10 (15.80)	1	12592. (356.56)	7921. (224.30)	4976. (140.90)	2575. (72.93)	945. (26.75)	637. (18.04)	265. (7.49)
HYDROGRAPH AT	3	.90 (2.33)	1	3433. (97.21)	2403. (68.05)	1716. (48.61)	1202. (34.02)	858. (24.30)	515. (14.58)	172. (4.86)
2 COMBINED	3	7.00 (18.13)	1	13999. (396.39)	8380. (237.29)	5138. (145.50)	2631. (74.50)	1204. (34.11)	748. (21.19)	271. (7.67)
ROUTED TO	3	7.00 (18.13)	1	11980. (339.24)	7320. (207.27)	4466. (126.46)	2275. (64.43)	940. (26.61)	587. (16.62)	160. (4.52)
ROUTED TO	4	7.00 (18.13)	1	11995. (339.66)	7321. (207.30)	4464. (126.42)	2275. (64.43)	940. (26.61)	587. (16.62)	160. (4.52)
ROUTED TO	5	7.00 (18.13)	1	12001. (339.84)	7322. (207.34)	4466. (126.47)	2275. (64.43)	940. (26.61)	587. (16.62)	160. (4.52)
ROUTED TO	6	7.00 (18.13)	1	11979. (339.21)	7324. (207.40)	4462. (126.34)	2276. (64.44)	940. (26.61)	587. (16.62)	160. (4.52)
ROUTED TO	7	7.00 (18.13)	1	11998. (339.75)	7326. (207.44)	4464. (126.40)	2273. (64.35)	940. (26.61)	587. (16.62)	160. (4.52)

ROUTED TO 8 7.00 1 11976. 7318. 4465. 2271. 939. 587. 160.
 (18.13) (339.13)(207.22)(126.42)(64.31)(26.60)(16.61)(4.52)(

ROUTED TO 9 7.00 1 11961. 7311. 4458. 2264. 939. 587. 160.
 (18.13) (338.70)(207.03)(126.23)(64.12)(26.60)(16.61)(4.52)(

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

LAKE STEVENS

PLAN 1

	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
ELEVATION	1054.00	1054.00	1059.00
STORAGE	772.	772.	1198.
OUTFLOW	0.	0.	1878.

RATIO OF PHF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
1.00	1060.11	1.11	1328.	4495.	4.25	41.75	0.00
.70	1059.56	.56	1262.	2254.	2.50	42.75	0.00
.50	1058.20	0.00	1113.	1578.	0.00	42.75	0.00
.35	1057.04	0.00	1002.	1143.	0.00	42.75	0.00
.25	1056.23	0.00	932.	836.	0.00	42.75	0.00
.15	1055.37	0.00	865.	514.	0.00	42.50	0.00
.05	1054.47	0.00	802.	176.	0.00	42.50	0.00

1

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

LAKE CAREY UPPER POND

PLAN 1	ELEVATION	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
	947.00	947.00	947.00	952.60 ←
	STORAGE	3661.	3661.	4791. TOP OF
	OUTFLOW	0.	0.	964.

RATIO OF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
1.00	956.34	3.74	5626.	12592.	13.00	42.75	0.00
.70	955.24	2.64	5373.	7921.	11.25	43.50	0.00
.50	954.42	1.82	5188.	4976.	9.25	44.00	0.00
.35	953.57	.97	5002.	2575.	7.00	45.00	0.00
.25	952.45	0.00	4757.	945.	0.00	47.00	0.00
.15	950.18	0.00	4285.	637.	0.00	46.50	0.00
.05	947.96	0.00	3845.	265.	0.00	46.00	0.00

1

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

LAKE CAREY LOWER POND

PLAN 1	ELEVATION	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
	947.00	947.00	947.00	950.70
	STORAGE	149.	149.	447.
	OUTFLOW	0.	0.	362.

RATIO OF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
1.00	960.23	9.53	1511.	11980.	36.75	43.50	0.00
.70	957.54	6.84	1165.	7320.	35.00	44.50	0.00
.50	955.32	4.62	907.	4466.	33.00	45.00	0.00
.35	953.34	2.64	697.	2275.	30.75	46.25	0.00
.25	951.80	1.10	548.	940.	27.50	48.50	0.00
.15	951.23	.53	495.	587.	15.75	50.00	0.00
.05	949.75	0.00	340.	160.	0.00	54.25	0.00

PLAN 1 STATION 9

DAMAGE CENTER

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
1.00	11961.	640.5	43.75
.70	7311.	639.7	44.75
.50	4458.	639.3	45.25
.35	2264.	637.6	46.75
.25	939.	636.0	49.00
.15	587.	635.6	50.50
.05	160.	633.1	54.50

C-31

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 21 AUG 78

Line No.	Code	LAKE CAREY DAM									
1	A1	LAKE CAREY DAM									
2	A2	HILL BROOK									
3	A3	GFCC									
4	B	300	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0
5	B1	5									
6	J	2	1	1							
7	J1	.50									
8	K	0	1						1		
9	K1	RUNOFF INTO STEVENS LAKE-MUD POND									
10	M	1	1	1.7		7.0				1	
11	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145			
12	T							1.0	.05		.057
13	W	1.45	.62								
14	X	2.55	-.05	2.0							
15	K	1	1						1		
16	K1	ROUTE THROUGH LAKE SUEVENS									
17	Y				1	1					
18	Y1	1						-1054		1	
19	\$A	.01	46.4	62	122	135.6					
20	\$E	1017	1049	1054	1060	1080					
21	\$S	1054	51.9	3.1	1.5						
22	\$R	0	10	0							
23	\$F	1	0	5	1048.7	51.9	0	1	1059		
24	\$T	1048.7	1049.0	1068							
25	\$W	0	1	99999							
26	\$D	1059	2.7	1.5	148						
27	\$B	50	1	1048.7	1.0	1054	1070				
28	\$B	50	1	1048.7	1.0	1054	1070				
29	K	1	1						1		
30	K1	ROUTE OUTFLOW LAKE STEVENS TO UPPER LAKE CAREY (SECT. 1)									
31	Y				1	1					
32	Y1	1									
33	Y6	.07	.05	.07	1030	1100	2400	.02			
34	Y7	0	1100	370	1060	600	1040	700	1030	710	1030
35	Y7	750	1040	850	1080	1050	1100				
36	K	1	1						1		
37	K1	ROUTE OUTFLOW TO UPPER POND (SECT. 2)									
38	Y				1	1					
39	Y1	1									
40	Y6	.07	.05	.07	968	1000	2400	.022			
41	Y7	0	1000	150	980	250	973	255	968	265	968
42	Y7	270	973	600	980	1320	1000				
43	K	0	2						1		
44	K1	UNCONTROLLED RUNOFF INTO LAKE CAREY UPPER POND									
45	M	1	1	4.4		7.0				1	
46	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145			
47	T							1.0	.05		.067
48	W	2.62	.62								
49	X	6.6	-.05	2.0							
50	K	2	2						1		

1	51	K1	COMBINE OUTFLOW LAKE STEVENS AND INFLOW UPPER LAKE CAREY									
	52	K	1	2							1	
	53	K1	ROUTE THROUGH UPPER LAKE CAREY									
	54	Y			1	1						
	55	Y1	1								-947	
	56	\$A	.01	171.2	189	251						
	57	\$E	889.3	944.2	947	960						
	58	\$S	947	15.9	.001	1.5	947	1	34	.733		
	59	\$D	952.6	3.1	1.5	500						
	60	\$B	100	1	944.2	.1	947	954.5				
	61	\$B	50	1	944.2	.1	947	954.5				
	62	K	0	3							1	
	63	K1	UNCONTROLLED INFLOW INTO LOWER POND									
	64	M	1	1	0.9	7.0					1	
	65	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145			
	66	T							1.0	.05	.13	
	67	W	.89	.62								
	68	X	1.35	-.05	2.0							
	69	K	2	3							1	
	70	K1	COMBINE FLOWS TO LOWER POND									
	71	K	1	3							1	
	72	K1	ROUTE THROUGH LOWER POND									
	73	Y			1	1						
	74	Y1	1								-947	
	75	Y4	946.9	947	947.7	948.4	949.2	949.6	950	950.3	951	
	76	Y4	952	952.3	957.8	964.7					951.6	
	77	Y5	0	.1	29	71	136	174	228	276	426	
	78	Y5	715	801	3074	7101					598	
	79	\$A	.01	.02	73	88.7	135					
	80	\$E	937.6	941	947	950.7	960					
	81	\$S	947									
	82	\$D	950.7	2.7	1.5	90						
	83	\$B	50	1	937.6	.1	947	953.7				
	84	\$B	25	1	937.6	.1	947	953.7				
	85	K	1	4							1	
	86	K1	ROUTE THROUGH DOWNSTREAM SECTION									
	87	Y			1	1						
	88	Y1	1									
	89	Y6	.07	.05	.07	920	960	900	.066			
	90	Y7	0	960	420	940	550	930	560	920	600	
	91	Y7	610	930	700	940	800	960			920	
	92	K	1	5								
	93	Y				1	1					
	94	Y1	1									
	95	Y6	.09	.06	.09	840	880	600	.133			
	96	Y7	0	880	100	860	200	850	201	840	216	
	97	Y7	217	850	280	860	1000	880			840	
	98	K	1	6								
	99	Y				1	1					
	100	Y1	1									

1	101	Y6	.09	.05	.09	758	840	2450	.024			
	102	Y7	0	840	450	800	660	760	665	758	675	758
	103	Y7	720	760	850	800	950	840				
	104	K	1	7								
	105	Y				1	1					
	106	Y1	1									
	107	Y6	.07	.05	.07	718	800	2250	.018			
	108	Y7	0	800	280	740	420	720	430	718	450	718
	109	Y7	500	720	560	740	740	800				
	110	K	1	8								
	111	Y				1	1					
	112	Y1	1									
	113	Y6	.07	.05	.07	679	800	3300	.012			
	114	Y7	0	800	450	700	750	680	755	679	765	679
	115	Y7	780	680	850	700	1380	800				
	116	K	1	9								
	117	K1	ROUTE TO DOWNSTREAM NO. 9 (DAMAGE CENTER)									
	118	Y				1	1					
	119	Y1	1									
	120	Y6	.05	.04	.05	632	700	3150	.013			
	121	Y7	0	700	450	640	840	637	845	632	860	632
	122	Y7	865	637	1070	640	1600	700				
	123	K	99									

1

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	2
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT	2
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	2
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	3
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT	3
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	3
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	4
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	5
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	6
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	7
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	8
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	9
END OF NETWORK	

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AD-A070 716 GANNETT FLEMING CORDDRY AND CARPENTER INC HARRISBURG PA F/G 13/2
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM. LAKE CAREY DAM (NDI-PA-00887) --ETC(U)
JAN 79 DACW31-79-C-0015

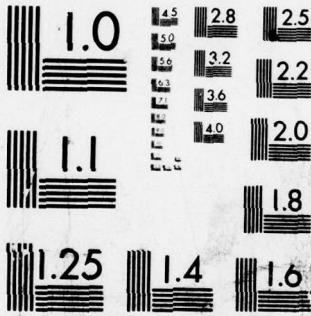
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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS	
				RATIO 1	
					.50
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	1.70	1	2557.	
	(	4.40)	(	72.40)	(
			2	2557.	
			(	72.40)	(
ROUTED TO	1	1.70	1	1578.	
	(	4.40)	(	44.69)	(
			2	1578.	
			(	44.69)	(
ROUTED TO	1	1.70	1	1577.	
	(	4.40)	(	44.65)	(
			2	1577.	
			(	44.65)	(
ROUTED TO	1	1.70	1	1577.	
	(	4.40)	(	44.65)	(
			2	1577.	
			(	44.65)	(
HYDROGRAPH AT	2	4.40	1	4892.	
	(	11.40)	(	138.52)	(
			2	4892.	
			(	138.52)	(
2 COMBINED	2	6.10	1	6418.	
	(	15.80)	(	181.74)	(
			2	6418.	
			(	181.74)	(
ROUTED TO	2	6.10	1	4975.	
	(	15.80)	(	140.89)	(
			2	4976.	
			(	140.89)	(
HYDROGRAPH AT	3	.90	1	1716.	
	(	2.33)	(	48.61)	(
			2	1716.	
			(	48.61)	(
2 COMBINED	3	7.00	1	5138.	
	(	18.13)	(	145.49)	(
			2	5138.	
			(	145.49)	(

ROUTED TO 3 7.00 1 12483.
 (18.13) (353.47)
 2 9244.
 (261.76)

ROUTED TO 4 7.00 1 11958.
 (18.13) (338.62)
 2 8880.
 (251.47)

ROUTED TO 5 7.00 1 11473.
 (18.13) (324.89)
 2 8640.
 (244.65)

ROUTED TO 6 7.00 1 12322.
 (18.13) (348.91)
 2 9325.
 (264.06)

ROUTED TO 7 7.00 1 12479.
 (18.13) (353.37)
 2 9343.
 (264.57)

ROUTED TO 8 7.00 1 11052.
 (18.13) (312.96)
 2 8375.
 (237.16)

ROUTED TO 9 7.00 1 11085.
 (18.13) (313.91)
 2 8618.
 (244.03)

PLAN 2	ELEVATION	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM	LAKE CAREY LOWER POND
	947.00	947.00	947.00	950.70	
	STORAGE 149.	149.	149.	447.	
	OUTFLOW 0.	0.	0.	362.	

RATIO OF PHF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.50	953.94	3.24	758.	10347.	5.00	43.35	43.25

PLAN 2	STATION	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS	DAMAGE CENTER
	9	.50	8618.	639.9	44.00	

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)

DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978

LAST MODIFICATION 21 AUG 78

1	A1											
2	A2											
3	A3											
4	B	300	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0
5	B1	5										
6	J	2	1	1								
7	J1	.50										
8	K	0	1									1
9	K1											
10	H	1	1	1.7		7.0						1
11	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145				
12	T							1.0	.05		.057	
13	W	1.45	.62									
14	X	2.55	-.05	2.0								
15	K	1	1									1
16	K1											
17	Y				1	1						
18	Y1	1										
19	YA	.01	46.4	62	122	135.6						-1054
20	YE	1017	1049	1054	1060	1080						1
21	YE	1054	51.9	3.1	1.5							
22	YR	0	10	0								
23	YF	1	0	5	1048.7	51.9	0	1	1059			
24	YF	1048.7	1049.0	1068								
25	YU	0	1	99999								
26	YD	1059	2.7	1.5	148							
27	YB	50	1	1048.7	1.0	1054	1070					
28	YB	50	1	1048.7	1.0	1054	1070					
29	K	1	1									1
30	K1											
31	Y				1	1						
32	Y1	1										
33	Y6	.07	.05	.07	1030	1100	2400	.02				
34	Y7	0	1100	370	1060	600	1040	700	1030	710	1030	
35	Y7	750	1040	850	1080	1050	1100					
36	K	1	1									1
37	K1											
38	Y				1	1						
39	Y1	1										
40	Y6	.07	.05	.07	968	1000	2400	.022				
41	Y7	0	1000	150	980	250	973	255	968	265	968	
42	Y7	270	973	600	980	1320	1000					
43	K	0	2									1
44	K1											
45	H	1	1	4.4		7.0						1
46	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145				
47	T							1.0	.05		.067	
48	W	2.62	.62									
49	X	6.6	-.05	2.0								
50	K	2	2									1

1	51	K1	COMBINE OUTFLOW LAKE STEVENS AND INFLOW UPPER LAKE CAREY									
	52	K	1	2							1	
	53	K1	ROUTE THROUGH UPPER LAKE CAREY									
	54	Y			1					1		
	55	Y1	1								-947	
	56	8A	.01	171.2	189	251						
	57	8E	889.3	944.2	947	960						
	58	88	947	15.9	.001	1.5	947	1	34	.733		
	59	8D	952.6	3.1	1.5	500						
	60	8B	100	1	944.2	.1	947	954.0				
	61	8B	50	1	944.2	.1	947	954.0				
	62	K	0	3							1	
	63	K1	UNCONTROLLED INFLOW INTO LOWER POND									
	64	H	1	1	0.9	7.0					1	
	65	P		21.3	118	127	136	142	145			
	66	T							1.0	.05	.13	
	67	W	.89	.82								
	68	X	1.35	-.05	2.0							
	69	K	2	3							1	
	70	K1	COMBINE FLOWS TO LOWER POND									
	71	K	1	3							1	
	72	K1	ROUTE THROUGH LOWER POND									
	73	Y			1					1		
	74	Y1	1							-947	-1	
	75	Y4	946.9	947	947.7	948.4	949.2	949.6	950	950.3	951	951.6
	76	Y4	952	952.3	957.8	964.7						
	77	Y5	0	.1	29	71	136	174	228	276	426	598
	78	Y5	715	801	3074	7101						
	79	8A	.01	.02	.73	88.7	135					
	80	8E	937.6	941	947	950.7	960					
	81	88	947									
	82	8D	950.7	2.7	1.5	90						
	83	8B	50	1	937.6	.1	947	953.7				
	84	8B	25	1	937.6	.1	947	953.7				
	85	K	1	4							1	
	86	K1	ROUTE THROUGH DOWNSTREAM SECTION									
	87	Y			1					1		
	88	Y1	1									
	89	Y6	.07	.05	.07	920	960	900	.066			
	90	Y7	0	960	420	940	550	930	560	920	600	920
	91	Y7	610	930	700	940	800	960				
	92	K	1	5								
	93	Y				1				1		
	94	Y1	1									
	95	Y6	.09	.06	.09	840	880	600	.133			
	96	Y7	0	880	100	860	200	850	201	840	216	840
	97	Y7	217	850	280	860	1000	880				
	98	K	1	6								
	99	Y				1				1		
	100	Y1	1									

1	101	Y6	.09	.05	.09	758	840	2450	.024			
	102	Y7	0	840	450	800	660	760	665	758	675	758
	103	Y7	720	760	850	800	950	840				
	104	K	1	7								
	105	Y				1	1					
	106	Y1	1									
	107	Y6	.07	.05	.07	718	800	2250	.018			
	108	Y7	0	800	280	740	420	720	430	718	450	718
	109	Y7	500	720	560	740	740	800				
	110	K	1	8								
	111	Y				1	1					
	112	Y1	1									
	113	Y6	.07	.05	.07	679	800	3300	.012			
	114	Y7	0	800	450	700	750	680	755	679	765	679
	115	Y7	780	680	850	700	1380	800				
	116	K	1	9					1			
	117	K1	ROUTE TO DOWNSTREAM NO. 9 (DAMAGE CENTER)									
	118	Y				1	1					
	119	Y1	1									
	120	Y6	.05	.04	.05	632	700	3150	.013			
	121	Y7	0	700	450	640	840	637	845	632	860	632
	122	Y7	865	637	1070	640	1600	700				
	123	K	99									

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	1
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	2
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT	2
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	2
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT	3
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT	3
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	3
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	4
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	5
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	6
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	7
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	8
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO	9
END OF NETWORK	

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN RATIO 1		RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS
				.50	
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	1.70	1	2557.	
		(4.40)	(	72.40)(
			2	2557.	
			(	72.40)(
ROUTED TO	1	1.70	1	1578.	
		(4.40)	(	44.69)(
			2	1578.	
			(	44.69)(
ROUTED TO	1	1.70	1	1577.	
		(4.40)	(	44.65)(
			2	1577.	
			(	44.65)(
ROUTED TO	1	1.70	1	1577.	
		(4.40)	(	44.65)(
			2	1577.	
			(	44.65)(
HYDROGRAPH AT	2	4.40	1	4892.	
		(11.40)	(	138.52)(
			2	4892.	
			(	138.52)(
2 COMBINED	2	6.10	1	6418.	
		(15.80)	(	181.74)(
			2	6418.	
			(	181.74)(
ROUTED TO	2	6.10	1	12097.	
		(15.80)	(	342.56)(
			2	8797.	
			(	246.56)(
HYDROGRAPH AT	3	.90	1	1716.	
		(2.33)	(48.61)(
			2	1716.	
			(48.61)(
2 COMBINED	3	7.00	1	12453.	
		(18.13)	(352.62)(
			2	9063.	
			(256.63)(

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ROUTED TO 3 7.00 1 15958.
(18.13) (451.88)(
2 10929.
(309.47)(

ROUTED TO 4 7.00 1 15390.
(18.13) (435.79)(
2 10543.
(298.54)(

ROUTED TO 5 7.00 1 14865.
(18.13) (420.93)(
2 10657.
(301.76)(

ROUTED TO 6 7.00 1 16281.
(18.13) (461.04)(
2 11449.
(324.21)(

ROUTED TO 7 7.00 1 16631.
(18.13) (470.93)(
2 11388.
(322.48)(

ROUTED TO 8 7.00 1 14651.
(18.13) (414.87)(
2 10361.
(293.39)(

ROUTED TO 9 7.00 1 14835.
(18.13) (420.09)(
2 10568.
(299.25)(

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PLAN 2

	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
ELEVATION	947.00	947.00	952.60
STORAGE	3661.	3661.	4791.
OUTFLOW	0.	0.	964.

LAKE
CAREY
UPPER
POND

RATIO OF PHF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR U.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.50	954.08	1.48	5114.	9360.	3.00	43.10	43.00

PLAN 2

	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
ELEVATION	947.00	947.00	950.70
STORAGE	149.	149.	447.
OUTFLOW	0.	0.	362.

LAKE
CAREY
LOWER
POND

RATIO OF PHF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR U.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.50	954.47	3.77	814.	11595.	6.00	43.35	43.25

PLAN 2 STATION 9

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
.50	10568.	640.2	44.00

DAMAGE
CENTER

C-42

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

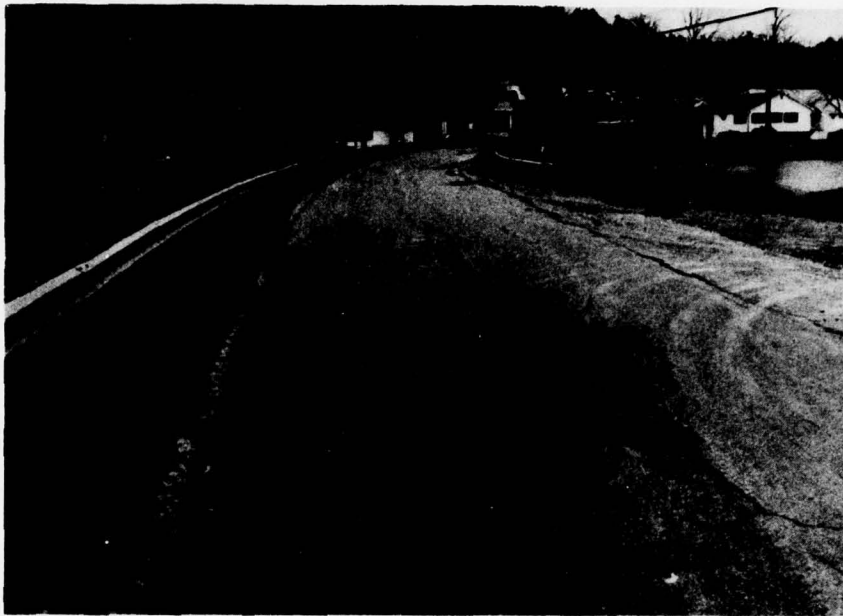
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

JANUARY 1979

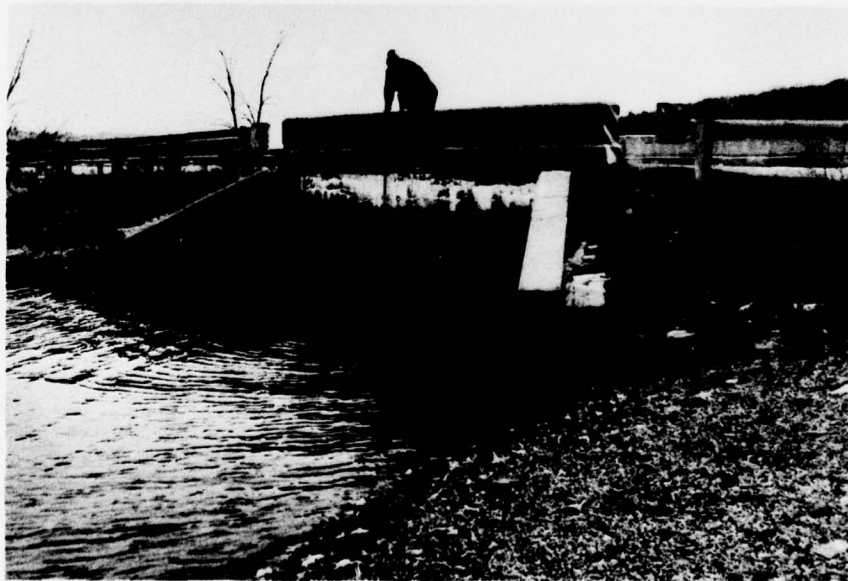
APPENDIX D

PHOTOGRAPHS

LAKE CAREY DAM



A. Roadway Separating the Lake
Upper Pond at Left.



B. Bridge Between Upper and Lower Pond -
Looking Upstream.

LAKE CAREY DAM



C. Upstream Slope of Embankment,
Spillway Approach, and Auxiliary Spillway Approach.



D. Spillway Left Approach Wall.

LAKE CAREY DAM

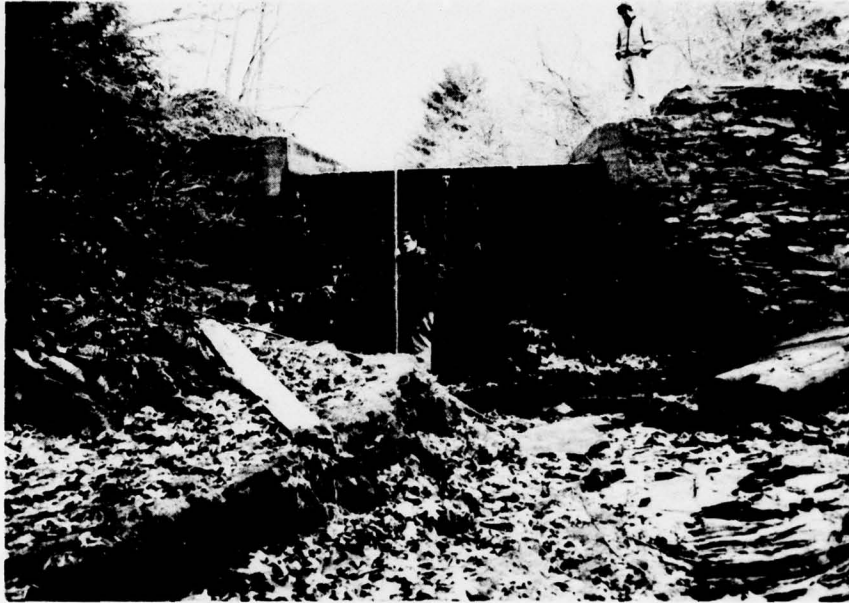


E. Spillway Left Wall.



F. Auxiliary Spillway Channel.

LAKE CAREY DAM



G. Downstream Face of Dam.

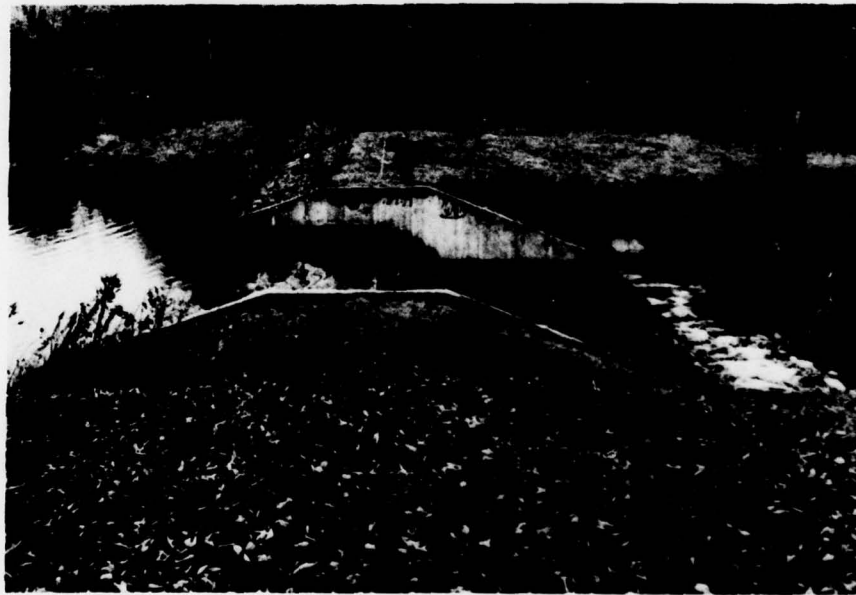


H. Downstream Face of Dam to Left of Spillway.

LAKE CAREY DAM



I. Channel Downstream of Dam.



J. Stevens Lake - Upstream of Lake Carey Dam.

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
MILL BROOK, WYOMING COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

LAKE CAREY DAM

NDI ID No. PA-00887
DER ID No. 66-06

LAKE CAREY WELFARE ASSOCIATION, INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

JANUARY 1979

APPENDIX E

GEOLOGY

Lake Carey Dam

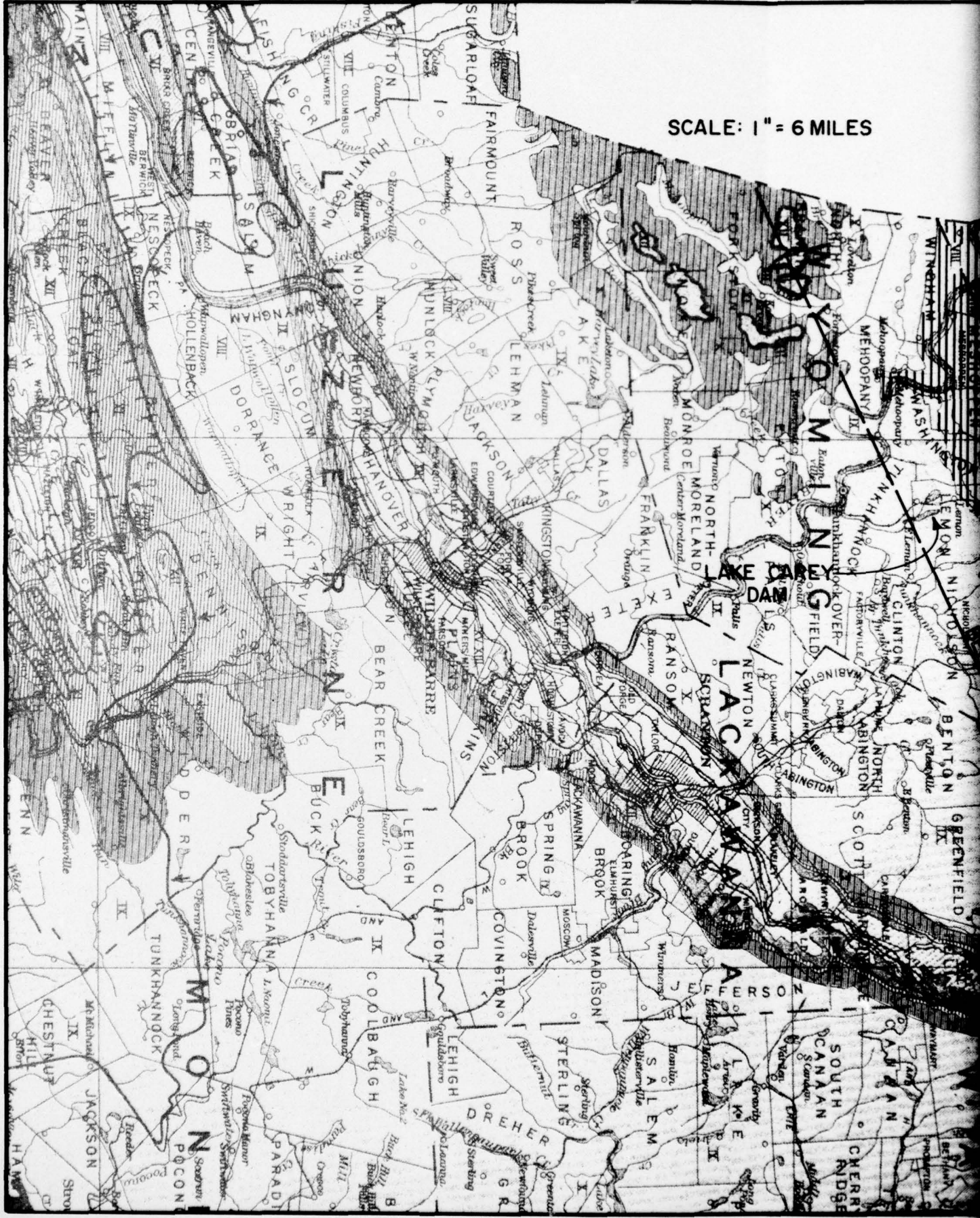
APPENDIX E

GEOLOGY

1. General Geology. The damsite and reservoir are located in Wyoming County. In general, the rocks of Wyoming County are practically horizontal, as there are no major folds. There are a number of minor anticlines and synclines, most of which trend in a northeasterly direction. At the northwest corner of the county, the Wilmot anticline crosses the North Branch of Susquehanna River at Skinners Eddy, bringing up the top strata of the Chemung formation. The axis trends about N 65° E and the dips on both sides are very gentle, not exceeding 5° to 6°. The adjacent axis of the Bernice syncline passes across the top of Dutch Mountain in North Branch Township, forming the Mehsopany Coal Basin, and continues as a gentle fold across the county about 8 miles southeast of, and generally parallel to the Wilmot anticline. The syncline leaves the county about 2 miles east of West Nicholson in Nicholson Township. Southeast of the Bernice Syncline, the rocks are nearly horizontal, except for minor undulations, as far as the eastward extension of the White Deer anticline beyond the southeast corner of the county. The Pottsville formation, Mauch Chunk shale and Pocono sandstone crop out only on the summits of the high mountains in the southwest corner of Wyoming County. The Pocono extends as far east as Tunkhannock. The greater part of the county is underlain by rocks belonging to the Catskill continental group.

2. Site Geology. Lake Carey Dam is founded in nearly horizontal, hard, "slaty", yellow sandstone and hard sandy shales of the Catskill group in an area immediately southeast of the Bernice syncline. The natural lake portion of the reservoir was apparently formed in a natural depression in the area between the Wilmot anticline and the Bernice syncline and is largely fed by springs. Apparently flow from the natural lake cut a vee gorge channel through the sandstone strata as an outlet to Tunkhannock Creek. The dam was constructed across this channel, downstream of the natural lake, in order to raise the water level and increase the storage capacity of the lake. Some water leakage apparently occurs from the reservoir by way of the "slaty", horizontal stratifications in the sandstone and sandy shale sidewalls of the gorge.

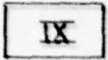
SCALE: 1" = 6 MILES



DEVONIAN FORMATIONS



Chemung formation, Portage group,
Hamilton formation, Marcellus shale
and Onondaga formation



Catskill continental group

