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# **INVESTIGATION OF THE VULNERABILITY/SURVIVABILITY OF** SYSTEMS SUPPORTING THE NCA **DECISION PROCESS**

Task 7 Computer Program Documentation

Computer Sciences Corporation 6565 Arlington Boulevard Falls Church, Virginia 22046

June 1978

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19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

Data Base TOTAL R

Data Base Primitive Matrix Utility Program

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Files Master Files Input Output Parameter

Flow Chart Variable Files

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

This report contains the Computer Program Documentation for the Integrated Nuclear Communications Assessment (INCA) Transatlantic Trunk Utilization Study. It explains how the data base was created and defines each of the master files and variable files created. The individual programs utilized are explained in detail.



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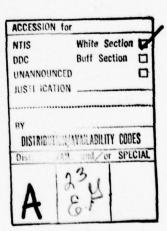
## SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND

Computer Sciences Corporation (CSC) and a number of agencies and other companies are engaged in a multiyear effort entitled the Integrated Nuclear Communications Assessment (INCA) Program. At a review briefing of this program, a question related to the general INCA problem was posed which required a rapid answer.

The question was whether the approximately equal apportionment of transoceanic trunking for U.S. command and control circuits among submarine cable, commercial satellites, and military satellites is the best apportionment from the standpoint of survivability. In short, what is the "best" transoceanic trunking medium "mix"? It was deemed of sufficient urgency to merit a separate concentrated effort.

Integrated Nuclear Communications Assessment (INCA), Transatlantic Trunk Utilization, Final Report (Top Secret), Computer Sciences Corporation (CSC), June 1978 is the result of this effort.



#### SECTION 2 - DATA BASE STRUCTURE AND ANALYSIS PROGRAMS

#### 2.1 INTRODUCTION

In this section, the various software components which were used in the study analysis are described. Basically, there is a data base, or assets file, and the associated utility programs to expedite modification of the data. There are also network analysis programs which examine the networks described by the given file (which may represent a degraded situation) and provide connectivity and routing information.

## 2.2 TOTAL R DATA BASE

#### 2.2.1 Data Base

A data base describing transatlantic communications was created to aid in the performance of the task analyses. This data base is on the IBM 370/155 computer at DCEC in Reston, Virginia, and is maintained by the TOTAL at data base management system. In accordance with DCA data base naming conventions, it is called RFBTA 1 (Reston Batch Transatlantic base number 1). The actual accurate data base exists only on the classified system. An unclassified facsimile exists on the unclassified system to aid in program development.

This data base was designed as a model of the communications network. The network consists of four types of components: circuits, trunks, links, and sites. Four master files have been created to contain the elements of these components. Two variable-entry files provide cross-reference among the elements of the master files. This enables analysis programs to determine such things as the trunks that a circuit traverses, the trunks which traverse a given link, or the links which emanate from a given site. The relationship among the files are shown in Figure 2-1.

A description of each file is given below. The DCA conventions for naming circuits, trunks, links, and sites are given in DCA circular 310-65-1.

## FILE ORGANIZATION

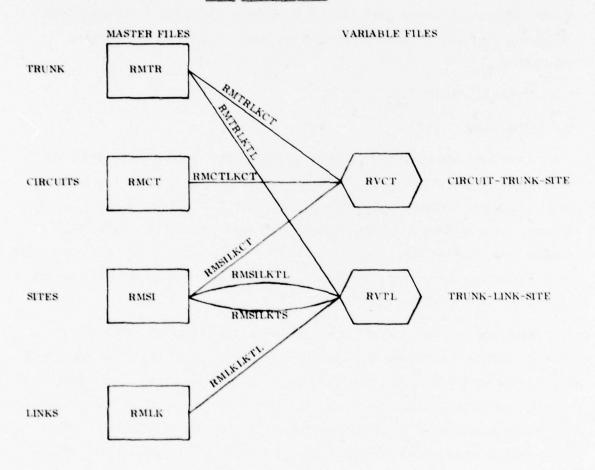


Figure 2-1. File Relationships

#### 2.2.2 Circuit Data File (RMCT)

Records in this file describe individual circuits in the communications network. Each record contains the Command Communications Service Designator (CCSD), a status flag, restoration priority, type of routing, circuit multiplexing indicator, originating site and facility, and terminating site and facility.

These records contain a linkage to the circuit-trunk-site variable file (RVCT), which indicates all trunks the circuit traverses, and the end sites of these trunks.

Users can obtain the more detailed data about all links and sites traversed by following the RMTR linkages to the RVTL file, if needed.

#### 2.2.3 Trunk Data File (RMTR)

Records in this file describe individual trunks. Each record contains the DCA trunk identifier, a status flag, restoration category, capacity, bandwidth, number of channels available, originating site and facility, and terminating site and facility.

These records also contain linkages to the circuit-trunk-site variable file (RVCT) and the trunk-link-site variable file (RVTL). This facilitates retrieval of all circuits using a given trunk, and all links and sites which a trunk traverses.

#### 2.2.4 Link Data File (RMLK)

These records describe each link in the communication network. Each record contains a DCA link identifier, status flag, transmission medium code, and site and facility designation for the link end points.

These records are linked to the trunk-link-site variable file (RVTL). This enables users to determine all trunks which use a given link.

#### 2.2.5 Site Data File (RMSI)

These records describe each node in the network. Each record contains a DCA site abbreviation, a status flag, state or country of location, and coordinates of the site.

These records are linked to the RVTL and to the RVTC. There are two linkages to RVTL, so a trunk may be traced either forward or backward.

#### 2.2.6 Circuit - Site - Trunk File (RVCT)

These records cross-reference the circuit, site, and trunk files. Each record contains a circuit identifier (CCSD), a trunk identifier, the abbreviation of the site at which the trunk originates, and the site at which the trunk terminates. Thus, there is a separate record on RVCT for each trunk which a circuit traverses. Each record is linked to the corresponding records in the three master files by a chain of RVCT records. Thus, each RMCT record is linked to a chain of RVCT records which describe all trunks and sites the circuit traverses. Each RMTR record is linked to a chain of RVCT records which describes which circuits traverse that trunk, and each site is linked to a chain which describes which circuits and trunks emanate from that site.

#### 2.2.7 Trunk - Site - Link File (RVTL)

RVTL records cross-reference the trunk, site, and link files. Each record contains a trunk identifier, a link identifier, the location at which the link originates, and the location at which the link terminates. Each trunk is linked to a chain giving all the sites and links which the trunk traverses. Each RMLK record is linked to a chain listing all trunks which use that link. Each site is linked to two chains, one giving all links which originate at that site, and another giving all links which terminate at that site.

Implicit in the foregoing is the fact that there is a two-level hierarchical description of all circuits. Each circuit is described in terms of the trunks it traverses. Each trunk is described in terms of the link it traverses. However, circuits are not directly described in terms of links traversed.

#### SECTION 3 - ANALYSIS PROGRAMS

#### 3.1 EMP INTERPOLATION AND LOOKUP PROGRAM

This paragraph contains a description of the EMP interpolation and lookup program.

Paragraph 3.1.1 provides a summary of the main FORTRAN program, including requirements, constraints, and general design.

Paragraph 3.1.2 provides a description of the two FORTRAN subroutines used by the main program.

## 3.1.1 Program Description

#### 3.1.1.1 Requirements

Given a list of nuclear events and a list of targets, this program will calculate various EMP field strength parameters for each target-event combination.

### 3.1.1.2 Constraints

- 1. Height of burst may only be 50, 100, 250, or 400 kilometers.
- 2. Yield may only be 1.25 or 5.00 megatons.
- Latitude of each event should be between 30 and 60 degrees. Values outside this range may be used, but the results will be distorted.
- 4. Program dimension statements are set to handle a maximum of 25 events and a maximum of 200 targets.

#### 3.1.1.3 Inputs

There are two data sets read by the main routine: the event data and the target data.

#### 3.1.1.3.1 Event Data Input

The event data set consists of one record containing the number of events, followed by a record for each event.

For the first record, the number appears in positions 1 through 3. Figure 3-1 shows the format for each event record.

1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
L	LATITUDE			0.00		LONGITUDE									HE	IGI	нт				GN	CTI							
DEG	М	IN	SE	C			ı	DEC	ò	М	IN	SE	C			,	YIE	LD				OF JR:					(IA		
П																												•	
																												•	
H														-			•											·	

Figure 3-1. Event Data Input Format

Magnetic deviation is the angle between true north and magnetic north in degrees at the event location. (Minus if magnetic north is east of true north.)

## 3.1.1.3.2 Target Data Input

The target data set consists of a record containing the number of targets, followed by a record for each target.

For the first record, the number appears in positions 1 through 3. Figure 3-2 shows the format for each target record.

1 2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
				AT	ITI	UDE	E					LOI	١G١	TU	DE		
NO.		DE	EG	М	IN	SE	EC	N/S		Į	DEC	3	М	IN	s	EC	E
		-					-	+			-			-			+

Figure 3-2. Target Data Input Format

ID No. is a three-digit identification number for each target.

Latitude is entered in degrees, minutes, and seconds, followed by a letter N or S denoting north or south.

Longitude is entered in degrees, minutes, and seconds, followed by a letter E or W denoting east or west.

In the batch version of this program, event and target data are entered on cards and read from FORTRAN unit 5.

In the time share operation (TSO) version, event and target data are first entered into separate data files and then allocated to FORTRAN units 11 and 10, respectively.

#### 3.1.1.4 Output

Output from the program consists of a report written to FORTRAN unit 6. In the batch version of the program, this goes to the line printer. In the TSO version, this goes to the terminal used. Figure 3-3 shows a sample output report.

TG	E V	VIELD.	HE I -	LAT.	EVENT	TARGET	LONG.		TARGET ANG(T)		TOTAL F.S.
à	3	1.25	400.	45.00	2.00	50.39	-7.06	91 4. 71	45.25	52.25	16.28
2	3	1.25	400.	45.00	2.00	52.37	0.22	830.79	8.39	15.39	16.53
3	*	1025	40r.	***00	61.00	44.65	70.78	781.58	8.71	31.7	17.43
3	2	1.25	400.	41.00	70.00	44.65	70.78	411.15	81.32	96.32	26.13
4	1	1.25	400.	44.00	61.00	38.81	76.87	1441.63	251.85	274.85	9.58
4	2	1.25	400.	41.00	70.00	38.81	76.87	634.56	249.66	264.66	22.12
5	1	1.25	400.	.14.00	91 .00	38.98	76. 50	7414.52	251.92	274.92	9.82
5	2	1.25	400.	41.60	70.00	38,98	76.57	597.66	250 . 7	265.47	22.88

Figure 3-3. Sample Output

EV is the event sequence number.

TG is the target identification number.

Target angle (T) is the bearing angle from event to target clockwise with respect to true north.

Target angle (M) is the bearing angle from event to target clockwise with respect to magnetic north.

Total F.S. is the total EMP field strength in kilovolts per meter.

#### 3.1.1.5 Information Processing

The program can be divided into four major sections:

- 1. Reading the event data
- 2. Reading the target data
- 3. Computing the EMP effects
- 4. Printing the results.

#### 3.1.1.5.1 Reading the Event Data

Coordinates given in degrees, minutes, seconds, and E/W or N/S are converted to positive or negative degrees and fractional degrees. These are converted to radians as required by FORTRAN trigonometric functions.

An angular range to the horizon from each event is computed to determine the maximum range of effect. (See Figure 3-4.)

Finally, the deviation angle from true north to magnetic north is calculated.

## 3.1.1.5.2 Reading the Target Data

Coordinates given in positive or negative degrees and fraction of degrees are converted to radians and stored.

#### 3.1.1.5.3 Computing the EMP Effects

Major computations in this appendix pertain to determining the range and bearing from each event to target. If the target is over the horizon from an event, no effect is assumed. (See Figure 3-5 for an explanation of range and bearing calculations.

The great circle distance  $P_0$  is given by considering the spherical triangle made by  $P_0$ , and the pole  $N_0$ .

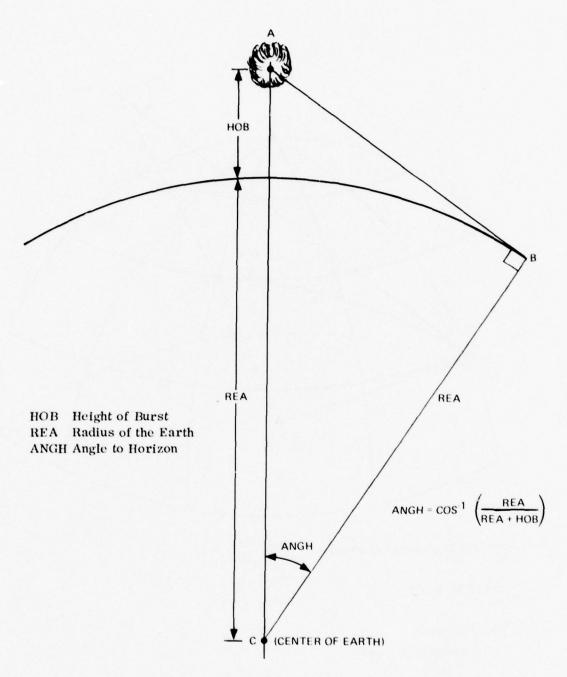
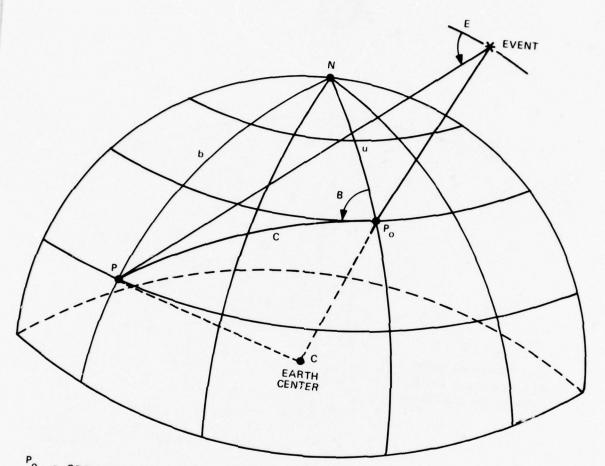


Figure 3-4. Angular Range Computation



Po = GROUND ZERO, EVENT SUBPOINT

LATITUDE 10 LONGITUDE mo

P = SITE OF INTEREST

LATITUDE I

h = EVENT ALTITUDE

s = SLANT RANGE FROM E TO P

Figure 3-5. Range and Bearing Calculations

Let the radius of the earth = 1.

Then the length PN along the meridian is

$$PN = \frac{\pi}{2} \left( \frac{90 - \ell}{90} \right) = b$$

and

$$P_{O}N = \frac{\pi}{2} \left( \frac{90 - I_{O}}{90} \right) = a$$

and the angle

$$P_{o}NP = m_{o} - m$$

Then the length PoP along the great circle is given by c, where

$$\cos c = \cos b \cos a + \sin b \sin a \cos (m_0 - m)$$
 (3-1)

and the angle subtended at the earth's center by  $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{0}}$  and  $\mathbf{P}$  is c radians.

The great circle through P and  $P_0$  cuts the earth into two hemispheres.  $E\,P_0$  is perpendicular to  $PP_0$  and is in the plane formed by the great circle. The azimuthal bearing of the line of sight EP to the geographic north is the angle the great circle makes to the geographic north at  $P_0$ . If this bearing angle is B

$$\frac{\sin B}{\sin b} = \frac{\sin C}{\sin c} \tag{3-2}$$

where

$$C = m_0 - m$$

and c was given previously.

$$\sin B = \frac{\sin \left(m_0 - m\right) \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \left(\frac{90 - \ell}{90}\right)}{\sin c} \tag{3-3}$$

Thus, the procedure is to find c using Equation 3-1; and then use the value of c to find B, the azimuthal bearing angle from Equation 3-3. The range is simple angle C in radians times the radius of the earth.

Next, the bearing angle from true north is calculated by determining the quadrant of the bearing angle. (See Figure 3-6.)

Quadrant	Correction
1	ANGR = ANGR
11	$ANGR = 2\pi - ANGR$
III	$ANGR = \pi + ANGR$
IV	$ANGR = \pi - ANGR$

IV	$ANGR = \pi - ANGR$	
	(11)	(I)
	TLON > ELON	TLON ≤ ELON
	TLAT ≥ ELAT	TLAT > ELAT
	(111)	(IV)
	TLON >ELON	TLON ≤ ELON
	TLAT < ELAT	TLAT ≤ ELAT
ELAT = Ev	vent latitude	
ELON = Ev	ent longitude	
TLAT = T	urget Latitude	
TLON = Ta	urget Longitude	

Figure 3-6. Defining Bearing Angle Quadrant

The bearing angle THETA is corrected for measurements relative to 10 E and 45 N. Subroutine INTERP is called to retrieve and interpolate the EMP values.

#### 3.1.1.5.4 Printing the Results

Figure 3-3 shows a sample printout. A page restore and headings are printed every 35 lines.

The only EMP value printed is total field strength. The other values are available in array V if they should be required in the future.

## 3.1.1.6 Data Organization

Variable Name	Usage
A	Angular distance from event to North Pole
AD	Portion of event latitude in degrees
AM	Portion of event latitude in minutes
ANG	Bearing angle in degrees
ANG1	Bearing angle in degrees to magnetic north
ANGH (25)	Angle to horizon from each event
ANGM (25)	Magnetic correction angle from event to magnetic north
AS	Portion of event latitude in seconds
В	Angular distance from target to North Pole
D	Angle at center of earth to event and target locations
DIS	Surface distance in kilometers between event and target
ELAT (25)	Event latitudes in degrees
ELATR (25)	Event latitudes in radians
ELON (25)	Event longitudes in degrees
ELONR (25)	Event longitudes in radians
HOB (25)	Event heights of burst in kilometers
ID (200)	Target identification codes
IE	Constant of 1HE
IEVU	Event data set unit number
	( 5 for batch version, 10 for TSO version)
IS	Constant of 1HS
ITARU	Targets data set unit number
	(5 for batch version, 11 for TSO version)
J	Loop index used for events
K	Loop index used for targets
KK	Loop index
LA	Event latitude code "N" or "S"
LO	Event longitude code "E" or "W"

Variable Name	Usage
NEV	Number of events
NTAR	Number of targets
OD	Portion of event longitude in degrees
OM	Portion of event longitude in minutes
OS	Portion of event longitude in seconds
PONP	Angle at North Pole between event and target
PI	$\pi  3.14159265$
PI2	$^{\pi}/2$
RAD	Factor to convert degrees to radians
REA	Radius of the earth in kilometers
THETA	Bearing angle used in data retrieval call
TLAT (200)	Target latitude in degrees
TLATR (200)	Target latitude in radians
TLON (200)	Target longitude in degrees
TLONR (200)	Target longitude in radians
V (10)	Retrieved EMP data values
W	Factor to convert radians to degrees
YIELD (25)	Event yield in megatons

## 3.1.1.7 Routines Used

Subroutine INTERP - See Section 3.1.2.1.

The following FORTRAN library functions are used:

SIN - Sine

COS - Cosine

ARSIN - Inverse sine

ARCOS - Inverse cosine

MOD - Modulus remainder function

3.1.1.8 Order of Program Deck Including JCL Cards (for DCEC Computer Facility, Reston, Virginia)

```
//EMP2 Job (1763, R720, 60, 120), 'RXN50, U, SAUNDERS'
     //STEP 1 EXEC FORTGCLG, PARM/ FORT = 'SOURCE'
     //FORT, SYSIN DD*
    - PROGRAM CARDS -
    1+
    //GO. FT09F001 DD DSNAME = M1763, EMPDAT, DISP = SHR
    //GO. SYSIN DD *
    - EVENT DATA CARDS -
    - TARGET DATA CARDS -
    1*
    11
3.1.1.9 Detailed Flow Chart
```

See Figure 3-7.

- 3.1.2 Subroutine Description
- 3.1.2.1 Subroutine INTERP
- 3.1.2.1.1 Purpose

To permit retrieval of EMP values for a latitude other than 30, 45, or 60 degrees, by a linear interpolation between known values for 30, 45, and 60 degrees.

3.1.2.1.2 Calling Sequence

```
DIMENSION V (10)
CALL INTERP (SSL, SY, SH, SR, ST, V)
```

3.1.2.1.3 Detailed Description

Subroutine INTERP is capable of retrieving EMP values for ETOTAL, EVERT, ENORTH, EEAST, POYNTING, POLAR, ANGARR, RISETIME, PEAKWIDTH, and

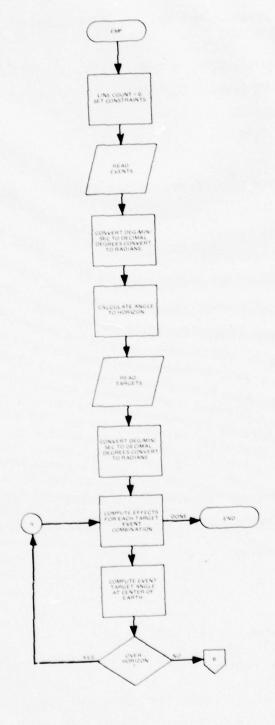


Figure 3-7. Main Program -- Detailed Flow Chart

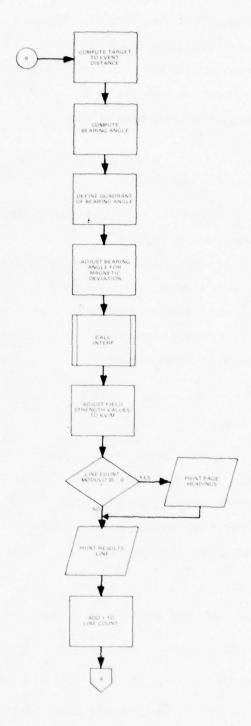


Figure 3-7. Main Program -- Detailed Flow Chart (cont'd)

TAIL. Search parameters YIELD and HOB must be exact values present in the data base. Search parameters BLAT, R, and THETA need not be exact values present in the data base. Retrieved EMP values will be linearly interpolated from the surrounding values of BLAT, R, and THETA that are in the data base file. See Paragraph 3.1.2.1.3.3 for interpolation details.

#### 3.1.2.1.3.1 Inputs

#### Calling Parameters

- SSL Search latitude value. Should be between 30 and 60 degrees. If <30, then 30 will be assumed. If >60, then 60 will be assumed.
- SY Search yield value. Must be 1,25 or 5,00 megatons.
- SH Search height of burst value. Must be 50, 100, 250, or 400 kilometers.
- SR Search distance in kilometers from event to target
- ST Search THETA angle in degrees. Bearing from event to target clockwise from true north.

#### 3.1.2.1.3.2 Outputs

#### Returned Parameter

V A 10-word real array which will contain the EMP values for ETOTAL, EVERT, ENORTH, EEAST, POYNTING, POLAR, ANGARR, RISETIME, PEAKWIDTH, and TAIL, in that order. These values will be linearly interpolated for BLAT, R, and THETA from actual values in the data base.

#### Printed Messages:

Certain warning messages may be printed by subroutine INTERP.

"Latitude below 30 degrees. Values computed for 30 degrees."

"Latitude above 60 degrees. Values computed for 60 degrees."

Note: R and THETA have already been calculated using actual latitude and longitude coordinates. These changes affect only the retrieved data base values.

#### 3.1.2.1.3.3 Processing

Retrieval.

Retrieval is done by calling subroutine SEARCH. See Paragraph 3.1.2.2. Interpolation.

If the calling parameter SSL (SEARCH LATITUDE) takes a value of 30, 45, or 60 (or < 30 or > 60), only one call to subroutine SEARCH is made and no interpolation is necessary. If SSL is > 30 and < 45 or > 45 and < 60, two calls to subroutine SEARCH are made. The ten EMP data values are linearly interpolated from the two sets of values returned by subroutine SEARCH.

#### 3.1.2.1.4 Data Organization

Variable Name	Usage
I	Do loop index.
K	Do loop index.
SH, SR, SSL, ST, SY	Input parameters.
SL (2)	The actual two latitudes used to call subroutine SEARCH.
V (10)	Output parameter. Also used for the first set of EMP
	values from SEARCH,
VY (10)	Second set of EMP values from SEARCH.
XLINT	Interpolation ratio.

#### 3.1.2.1.5 Limitations

Search values for yield and height of burst may only take on certain values as described in Paragraph 3.1.2.1.3.1.

#### 3.1.2.1.6 Routines Used

SEARCH subroutine to retrieve data base values.

#### 3.1.2.1.7 Detailed Flow Chart

See Figure 3-8.

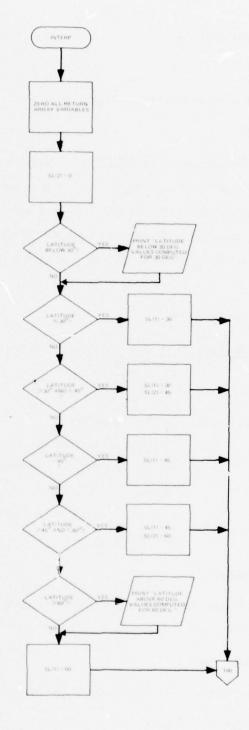


Figure 3-8. Subroutine INTERP -- Detailed Flow Chart

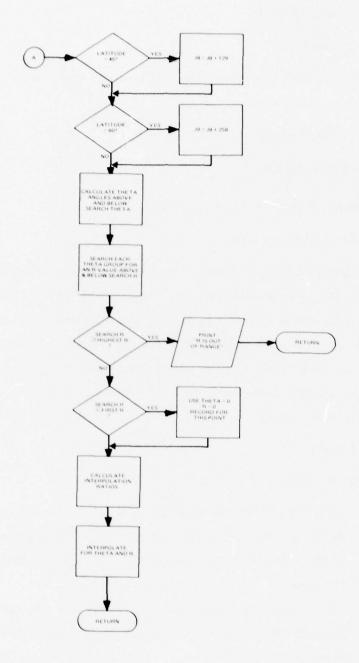


Figure 3-8. Subroutine INTERP -- Detailed Flow Chart (cont'd)

3.1.2.2 Subroutine Search

3.1.2.2.1 Purpose

To retrieve EMP values from the data base file when certain search parameter values are known.

3.1.2.2.2 Calling Sequence

Dimension VAL (10)

Call SEARCH (SL, SY, SH, SR, ST, VAL)

3.1.2.2.3 Detailed Description

Subroutine SEARCH is capable of retrieving EMP values for ETOTAL, EVERT, ENORTH, EEAST, POYNTING, POLAR, ANGARR, RISETIME, PEAKWIDTH, and TAIL. SEARCH parameters BLAT, YIELD, and HOB must be exact values present in the data base. See paragraph 3.1.2.2.3.1 for details. SEARCH parameters R and THETA need not be exact values present in the data base. Retrieved EMP values will be linearly interpolated from the four surrounding values of R and THETA that are in the data base file.

#### 3.1.2.2.3.1 Inputs

#### Calling Parameters

- SL SEARCH latitude value. Must be 30, 45, or 60 degrees.
- SY SEARCH yield value. Must be 1.25 or 5.00 megatons.
- SH SEARCH height of burst value. Must be 50, 100, 250, or 500 kilometers.
- SR SEARCH distance in kilometers from event to target.
- ST SEARCH THETA angle in degrees. Bearing from event to target clockwise from true north.

## Data Base File:

The data base file is read from FORTRAN unit 9. Each 80-character record consists of the following fields:

NAME	FORMAT	DESCRIPION
IRUN	(14)	Sequence number from 1 to 129
BLAT	(F5.1)	Burst latitude (degrees)
YIELD	(F5.2)	Burst yield (MT)
нов	(F5.1)	Height of burst (km)
R	(F6.1)	Ground range (km) of line of sight at surface, measured from burst epicenter on surface
THETA	(F5.1)	Azimuthal bearing (degrees) of line of sight, clockwise from geographic north
ETOTAL	(F5.2)	Peak total electric field (as a fraction of 60 kV/m)
EVERT	(F5.2)	Peak vertical electric field (as a fraction of 60 kV/m)
		positive upward
ENORTH	(F5. 2)	Peak north electric field (as a fraction of 60 kV/m)
		positive northward
EEAST	(F5.2)	Peak east electric field (as a fraction of 60 kV/m)
		positive eastward
POYNTING	(F5.4)	Time-integrated poynting vector of the free-field
		electric field (i.e., no ground reflection considered)
		(joules per square meter)
POLAR	(F6.1)	Polarization angle (degrees) of the electric field,
		defined as the angle the electric field is rotated
		counterclockwise from the horizontal. (This is not
		the angle between the electric field vector and its
		normal projection of the ground.)

NAME_	FORMAT	DESCRIPTION
ANGARR	(F4.1)	Angle of arrival (degrees) of the line of sight measured at its intersection with the ground (i.e., angle between the line of sight and the horizontal)
RISETIME	(F4.1)	10% to $90%$ rise time of the amplitude of the total electric field (ns)
PEAKWIDTH	(F5.1)	90% to $90%$ shoulder width of the amplitude of the total electric field (ns)
TAIL	(F6.1)	90% to $10%$ delay time of the amplitude of the total electric field (ns)

#### 3.1.2.2.3.2 Outputs

#### Returned Parameter:

VAL A 10-word real array which will contain the EMP values for ETOTAL, EVERT, ENORTH, EEAST, POYNTING, POLAR, ANGARR, RISETIME, PEAKWIDTH, and TAIL in that order. These values will be linearly interpolated for R and THETA from actual values in the data base.

#### Printed Messages:

Certain error messages may be printed by subroutine SEARCH.

#### "SEARCH DATA OUT OF RANGE"

See Paragraph 3.1.2.2.3.1 for the requirements placed on search data values.

"R is out of Range"

Value given for R is greater than the largest R for which a reading is present in the data base.

#### B.1.2.2.3.3 Processing

#### Retrieval

The data base file is a random access file. Each record may be read directly without having to sequentially read all previous records. The record number where appropriate data can be found can be calculated by knowing the layout of the file.

The file consists of 3096 records which can be thought of as 24 groups of 129 records. Table 3-1 shows the values for YIELD, BLAT, and HOB for each group. The 129 records in each group consist of a single record of measurement data for THETA = 0 and R = 0, followed by eight measurements taken at each of 16 THETA angles (0°, 22.5°, 45°, 67.5°, 90°, 112.5°, 135°, 157.5°, 180°, 202.5°, 225°, 247.5°, 270°, 292.5°, 315°, and 337.5°).

A record number (variable name J9) is calculated based on the search data values. First, YIELD value determines which half of the file the desired record will be in. So, if YIELD = 1.25, J9 is set to 1. If YIELD = 5.0, J9 is set of 1549 (the first record in the second half).

Next, the HOB value determines the quarter of the selected half of the file

IF HOB =	THEN $J9 = J9 +$	
50	0	
100	387	
250	774	
400	1161	

Next, the BLAT value determines the third of the selected eighth of the file

IF BLAT =	THEN $J9 = J9 +$	
30	0	
45	129	
60	258	

At this point, the group of 129 records which contain the appropriate data has been determined.

Table 3-1, Values for YIELD, HOB, and BLAT for Each Group

Group	YIELD	нов	BLAT
1	1.25	50	30
2	1.25	50	45
3	1.25	50	60
4	1.25	100	30
5	1.25	100	45
6	1.25	100	60
7	1.25	250	30
8	1.25	250	45
9	1.25	250	60
10	1.25	400	30
11	1.25	400	45
12	1.25	400	60
13	5.00	50	30
14	5.00	50	45
15	5.00	50	60
16	5.00	100	30
17	5.00	100	45
18	5.00	100	60
19	5.00	250	30
20	5.00	250	45
21	5.00	250	60
22	5.00	400	30
23	5.00	400	45
24	5.00	400	60

The specified THETA angle value divides this group into 16 subgroups of 8 or 9 records each. Since the R values stored in the data base follow no fixed sequence, these 8 or 9 records must be sequentially scanned to find two records—one with an R value less than or equal to the search R value, and another with an R value greater than the search R value.

As a special case, a search R value between zero and the first measured R value for the given THETA value  $\,$  must use the R = 0, THETA = record as the lower record regardless of the given THETA value.

The sequential search is done twice: once for a THETA value lower than or equal to the search THETA value, and again for the next higher THETA value. Note that THETA =  $0^{\circ}$  is considered to be the next higher value from THETA =  $337.5^{\circ}$ .

Four records have thus been read, and the final results can be interpolated from them.

Interpolation:

Figure 3-9 shows the interpolation procedure. Point S is defined by the search R and THETA values. Points 1, 2, 3, and 4 are the points about point S that actually contain values in the data base.

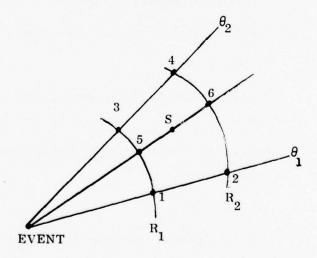


Figure 3-9. Interpolation Procedure

Values for points 1 and 3 are linearly interpolated on THETA to produce values for point 5. Values at points 2 and 4 are also linearly interpolated on THETA to produce values for point 6. Finally, the values for points 5 and 6 are linearly interpolated on R to produce the values for point S.

## 3.1.2.2.4 Data Organization

Variable Name	<u>Usage</u>
BLAT(5)	Array of latitude values read from data base records
HOB(5)	Array of height of burst values read from data base records
1	Do loop index
IRUN(5)	Array of run number values read from data base records
IT(5)	Array of THETA angle value indices in range $\theta$ to 15 which define THETA angle values around the search THETA value.
J	= 0 if current group has 8 records = 1 if current group has 9 records (THETA = 0°)
J9	Number of current data base record being read
K	Do loop index
1.9	Number of first data base record in 129 record group
M	Upper limit of search LOOP. Number or records in this group (8 or 9)
N	Do loop index
R(5)	Array of R values read from data base records
RINT	Interpolation ratio for R values

ST, SY Input parameters. See Paragraph 3.1.2.2.3.1.

T1, T2 Temporary variables corresponding to values at points 5 and 6 in Figure 3-9

THETA(5) Array of THETA values read from data base records

TINT Interpolation ratio for THETA values

V(10,5) Array of EMP measurement values read from data base

VAL(10) Output array. See Paragraph 3.1.2.2.3.2.

YIELD (5) Array of yield values read from data base.

# 3.1.2.2.5 Limitations

SH, SL, SR,

This subroutine will run only in a FORTRAN which supports a random or direct file access procedure. It could be modified to use sequential access, however, run time and CPU time would be greatly increased.

# 3.1.2.2.6 Routines Used

IFIX FORTRAN function to convert real to integer.

# 3.1.2.2.7 Detailed Flow Chart

See Figure 3-10

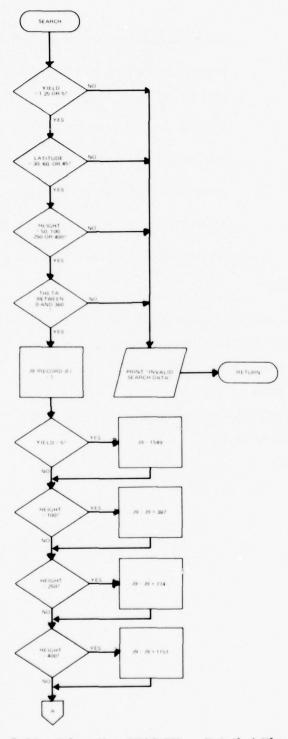


Figure 3-10. Subroutine SEARCH -- Detailed Flow Chart

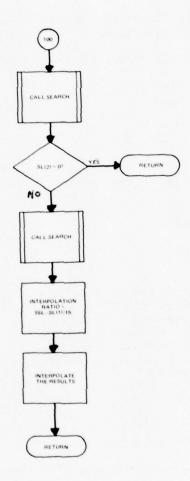


Figure 3-10. Subroutine SEARCH -- Detailed Flow Chart (Cont'd)

```
3.1.2.2.8 Program Listing
      EMP BLAST EFFECTS PROGRAM
C
      EVENT DATA
      DIMENSION ELAT(25) .ELON(25) .ELATR(25) .ELONR(25) .YIELD(25) .HUb(25)
      DIMENSION ANGH (25) ANGM (25)
      TARGET DATA
      DIMENSION TLAT(200).TLON(200).TLATR(200).TLONR(200).ID(200)
      DIMENSION V(10)
      DATA IS/1HS/. IE/1HE/
      DATA IEVU/5/. ITARU/5/
      LINCNT = 0
      PI=3.14159265
      P12=P1/2.
      RAD= . 017453
      w=57.295779
      RADIUS OF EARTH IN KILOMETERS
C
      REA=6375.6625
C
      READ THE EVENT DATA
C
      READ (IEVU.100) NEV
  100 FORMAT(13)
      DO 20 J = 1.NEV
         READ (IEVU.101) AD.AM.AS.LA.OD.OM.OS.LO.YIELD(J).HOB(J).ANGM(J)
         CONVERT DEGREES. MINUTES. SECUNDS TO FRACTIONAL DEGREES
C
         ELAT(J) = AD + (AM/60.) + (AS/3600.)
         ELON(J) = 00 + (UM/60.) + (0S/3600.)
          IF (LA.EQ.IS) ELAT(J) = -ELAT(J)
          IF (LO \cdot EQ \cdot IE) \in LON(J) = -ELON(J)
         CONVERT TO RADIANS
C
         ELATR(J) = ELAT(J) *PAD
         ELONR(J) = ELON(J) *RAD
         COMPUTE ANGLE TO THE HORIZON FOR THIS EVENT
C
         ESTABLISHES THE EFFECTIVE RANGE OF THIS EVENT
         ANGH(J) = ARCUS(REA/(REA+HOB(J)))
   20 CONTINUE
  101 FORMAT (3F2.0.A1.F4.0.2F2.0.A1.F5.2.F4.0.F5.1)
C
      READ THE TARGET DATA
      READ (ITARU.100) NTAR
      DO 30 K = 1.NTAR
         READ (ITARU.102) ID (K) . AD . AM . AS . LA . OD . OM . US . LO
          TLAT(K) = AD + (AM/60.) + (AS/3600.)
          TLON(K) = OD + (OM/60.) + (OS/3600.)
```

IF  $(LA \cdot EQ \cdot IS)$  TLAT(K) = -TLAT(K)IF  $(LO \cdot EQ \cdot IE)$  TLON(K) = -TLON(K)

CONVERT TO RADIANS

TLATR(K) = TLAT(K)\*RAD TLONR(K) = TLON(K)\*RAD

102 FORMAT (13.1x.3F2.0.A1.F4.0.2F2.0.A1)

C

30 CONTINUE

```
C
      COMPUTE EMP EFFECTS FOR EACH TARGET
C
      DO 90 K = 1.NTAR
         COMPUTE EFFECT OF EACH EVENT ON THIS TARGET
C
         DO 80 J = 1.NEV
C
             TARGET ANGLE
             B = PI2-TLATR(K)
             A = PI2-ELATR(J)
            PONP = ABS(TLONR(K)-ELONR(J))
             D = ARCOS(COS(B) * COS(A) + SIN(B) * SIN(A) * COS(PONP))
C
             IF OVER HORIZON, THEN NO EFFECT
             IF (D.GE.ANGH(J)) GO TO 80
            DIS = READD
             ANGR = ARSIN(SIN(PONP)*SIN(B)/SIN(D))
C
            DEFINE QUADRANT OF TARGET
C
             IF (TLONR(K).GT.ELONR(J)) GO TO 40
             IF (TLATR(K).GT.ELATR(J)) GO TO 60
C
            FOURTH QUADRANT
C
             ANGR = PI-ANGR
            GO TO 60
   40
             IF (TLATR(K).GE.ELATR(J)) GO TU 50
C
C
            THIRD QUADRANT
             ANGR = PI+ANGR
            GO TO 60
C
C
             SECOND QUADRANT
             ANGP = PIZ-ANGR
   50
C
C
            FIRST QUADRANT
   60
            CONTINUE
C
            CONVERT ANGLE TO DEGREES
C
            ANG = ANGR . W
C
            RETRIEVE AND INTERPOLATE THE EMP VALUES
C
C
             THETA = ANG+ANGM(J)-2.
            CALL INTERP (ELAT (J) , YIELD (J) , HUB (J) . DIS . THETA . V)
C
C
            ADJUST TOTAL . VERT . NORTH . AND EAST TO KV/M
C
            DO 70 KK = 1.4
                V(KK) = V(KK) *60.
   70
            CONTINUE
```

```
C
C
      PRINT THE RESULTS
            IF (MOD(LINCNT, 35) . NE. 0) GO TO 75
            WRITE (6.103)
            WRITE (6.104)
            WRITE (6.105)
   75
            CONTINUE
            ANG1 = ANGM(J) +ANG
            WRITE (6.106) ID(K).J.YIELD(J).HOB(J).ELAT(J).ELON(J).
     1
            TLAT(K) . TLUN(K) . DIS . ANG . ANG 1 . V(1)
            LINCAT = LINCAT+1
C
   80
         CONTINUE
   90 CONTINUE
  103 FORMAT
              ( 1 TG EV YIELD HEI- EVENT
                                              EVENT TARGET
                                                             TARGET
                                                                     TARGET
     1 TARGET TARGET TOTAL .)
  104 FORMAT (1X.
                                GHT
                                       LAT.
                                              LONG.
                                                       LAT.
                                                              LONG.
                                                                       DIST.
     1 ANG(T) ANG(M) F.S. 1)
  105 FORMAT(1X, --- -- ----
     1 ----- ----- ----- -/)
  106 FORMAT(1X+213+F6-2+F5-0+F7-2+F8-2+F7-2+2F8-2+2F7-2+F6-2+/)
      STOP
      END
      SUBROUTINE INTERP (SSL, SY, SH, SR, ST, V)
C
      THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS A LINEAR INTERPOLATION FOR A GIVEN
C
      LATITUDE (SSL) BETWEEN 30 AND 60 DEGREES
      DIMENSION V(10), SL(2). VY(10)
      DO 10 I=1.10
         V(I) = 0.
         VY(I) = 0.
   10 CONTINUE
      SL(2) = 0.
      IF (SSL.LT.30.) WRITE(6.1)
    1 FORMAT( * LATITUDE BELOW 30 DEGREES. VALUES COMPUTED FOR 30 DEGREES
     2.1)
      IF (SSL.LE.30.) GO TO 30
      IF (SSL.GT.30..AND.SSL.LT.45.) GO TO 3045
      IF (SSL.EQ.45.) 60 TO 45
      IF
         (SSL.GT.45..AND.SSL.LT.60.) GO TO 4560
      IF (SSL.GT.60.) WHITE (6.2)
    2 FORMAT( LATITUDE ABOVE 60 DEGREES. VALUES COMPUTED FOR 60 DEGREES
     2.1)
      SL(1) = 60.
      GO TO 100
 3045 SL(1) = 30.
      SL(2) = 45.
      GO TO 100
   45 SL(1) = 45.
      GO TO 100
 4560 SL(1) = 45.
      SL (2) = 60.
      GO TO 100
```

```
30 SL(1) = 30.
  100 CONTINUE
      CALL SEARCH(SL(1), SY, SH, SR, ST, V)
      IF EXACT LATITUDE, NO NEED FOR SECOND CALL AND INTERPOLATION
C
      IF (SL (2) . EO.O.) RETURN
C
      RETRIEVE THE SECOND LATITUDE
      CALL SEARCH (SL(2)+SY+SH+SR+ST+VY)
CALCULATE LATITUDE INTERPOLATION RATIO
      xLINT = (SSL-SL(1))/15.
      INTERPOLATE THE RETURN VALUES
C
      DO 110 K = 1.10
         V(K) = V(K) + (VY(K) - V(K)) + XLINT
  110 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE SEARCH (SL.SY.SH.SF.ST.VAL)
      THIS SUBROUTINE SEARCHES THE EMP DATA BASE FILE. LATITUDE. HOB,
C
      AND YIELD MUST BE EXACT VALUES PRESENT IN THE DATA BASE.
      R AND THETA WILL BE LINEARLY INTERPOLATED FROM VALUES THAT ARE IN
C
      THE DATA BASE.
C
C
      DEFINE FILE 9(3096,80,E,J9)
      DIMENSION IRUN(5) .BLAT(5) .YIELD(5) .HOB(5) .R(5) .THETA(5)
      DIMENSION V(10.5) . VAL(10) . IT(5)
      VERIFY THE VALIDITY OF SEARCH DATA
C
C
      YIELD MUST BE 5.00 OR 1.25
C
C
      IF (SY.NE.5..AND.SY.NE.1.25) GO TO 800
C
      LATITUDE MUST BE 30. 45. OF 60
C
      IF (SL.NE.30..AND.SL.NE.45..AND.SL.NE.60.) GO TO 800
      HEIGHT OF BURST MUST BE 50. 100. 250. OR 400.
C
      IF (SH.NE.50..AND.SH.NE.100..AND.SH.NE.250..AND.SH.NE.400.) GO TO
         800
C
      THETA ANGLE MUST BE BETWEEN 0 AND 366
      IF (SL.LT.0) GO TO 800
   15 CONTINUE
      IF (ST.LT.360) GO TO 20
      ST = ST - 360
      GO TO 15
   20 CONTINUE
C
      START BY POINTING TO FIRST RECORD
```

```
C
      IF YIELD IS 5 SET TO START OF SECOND HALF
      IF (SY.EQ.5.) J9 = 549
C
C
      HEIGHT OF BURST DETERMINES WHICH QUARTER OF THIS HALF
C
      IF (SH.FQ.100.) J9=J9+ 387
IF (SH.FQ.250.) J9=J9+ 774
      IF (SH.EQ.400.) J9=J9+1161
      LATITUDE DETERMINES WHICH THIRD OF THIS QUARTER
C
      IF (SL.EQ.45.) J9=J9+129
      IF (SL.EQ.60.) J9=J9+258
C
      NEXT. THETA ANGLE DIVIDES THIS GROUP INTO SIXTEENTHS
      ANGLE NEED NOT MATCH EXACTLY. SO WILL FIND WHICH TWO GROUPS ITS BETWEEN
C
      IT(2) IS LOWER OF EQUAL ANGLE THAT IS IN THE DATA BASE, AND IT(4)
C
      IS NEXT HIGHER ANGLE THAT IS IN THE LATA BASE
      L9 = J9
      11(2) = IF1x(ST/22.5)
      IT(4) = IT(2) + 1
      IF (17(4).ED.16) 17(4) = 0
      EACH THETA ABOVE AND THEATA BELOW DEFINE B OR 9 RECORDS WHICH
C
      MUST BE SEQUENTIALLY SEARCHED TO FIND THE TWO RECORDS WITH AN R
C
      VALUE AROVE AND BELOW THE SEARCH R VALUE. IT(1) AND IT(3) ARE BELOW OR EQUAL TO THE SEARCH R AND IT(2) AND
C
C
C
      IT(4) ARE ABOVE THE SEARCH R
      00 30 K=1.5.2
         IT(K)
                   =0
          IRUN(K)
                  = 0 .
          BLAT (K)
         YIELD(K) =0.
         HOH (K)
                  =0.
                   = 0 •
         R(K)
          THETA(K) =0.
          00 29 1 = 1.10
            V(I.K) = 0.
         CONTINUE
   30 CONTINUE
C
C
      DO FOR THETA ABOVE AND THETA RELOW
C
      00 60 K=2.4.2
         SET IT(K) TO FIRST RECORD IN THIS THETA GROUP
C
          EIGHT RECORDS IN EACH GROUP
          IT(K) = IT(K) 48
```

```
C
          EXCEPT THE FIRST WHICH HAS 9
          IF (IT(K).NE.0) J = 1
          IT(K) = IT(K) + L9 + J
C
          SET RECORD NUMBER TO READ
          J9 = IT(K)
C
         DO FOR 8 OR 9 RECORDS IN THIS GROUP
C
          M = 9-J
         00 \ 40 \ I = 1. M
             READ (9'J9.11) IRUN(K) .BLAT(K) .YIELD(K) .HOB(K) .R(K) .
             THETA(K) . (V(N.K) .N=1.10)
   11 FORMAT (14.F5.1.F5.2.F5.1.F6.1.F5.1.4+5.2.F5.4.F6.1.2F4.1.F5.1.F6.1
             IF THIS R IS GREATER THAN SEARCH R. SEARCH R HAS BEEN
C
C
             BRACKETED
             IF (R(K).GI.SR) GO TO 50
C
             IF NOT. SAVE THIS RECORD AS POSSIBLE LOWER OR EQUAL VALUE
C
             SAVE RECORD NUMBER
             IT(K-1) = J9-1
IRUN(K-1) = IRUN(K)
             BLAT(K-1) = BLAT(K)
             YIELD(K-1) = YIELD(K)
             HOB(K-1) = HOB(K)
             R(K-1) = R(K)
             THETA(K-1) = THETA(K)
             00 39 N = 1.10
                V(N \cdot K - 1) = V(N \cdot K)
             CONTINUE
   34
          CONTINUE
   40
C
          IF NO FIND. MUST BE OVER RANGE
          WRITE (6.14)
          FORMAT (18H R IS OUT OF RANGE)
   14
          RETURN
          IF FIRST ENTRY IS >SR. READ THE FIRST THETA=0 RECORD TO GET R=0 VALUE
C
   50
          IT(K) = J9-1
          IF (I.NE.1) 60 TO 55
          J9 = L9
          READ (9*J9+11) IRUN(K-1) .BLAT(K-1) .YIELD(K-1) .HOB(K-1) .R(K-1) .
          THF TA (K-1) . (V (N.K-1) .N=1.10)
   55
          IT(K-1) = J9-1
   60 CONTINUE
      COMPUTE INTERPOLATION PATIOS
C
      TINT = (ST-THETA(2))/22.5
      RINT = (SR-R(1))/(R(2)-R(1))
```

```
\mathbf{C}
      INTERPOLATE THE RESULTS
 C
 C
      DO 70 N = 1 , 10
         T2 = V(N, 2) + TINT*(V(N, 4) - V(N, 2))
         T1 = V(N, 1) + TINT*(V(N, 3) - V(N, 1))
         VAL(N) = T1 + RINT*(T2-T1)
   70 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C
C
     SEARCH DATA OUT OF RANGE
\mathbf{C}
 800 WRITE (6,13)
 13 FORMAT (20H INVALID SEARCH DATA)
     RETURN
     END
```

### 3.2 NETWORK ANALYSIS PROGRAMS

Network analysis computer programs are needed to help in the automated evaluation of the transatlantic communications assets before and after the introduction of nuclear threats in the environment. The programs have been developed in the PL/I language, basically for its character manipulation capability, powerful built~in functions, and its structured command format. The Defense Communications Engineering Center's Hybrid Simulation Facility (containing an IBM 370/155 computer) was used to develop the following three "stand-alone" programs:

- 1. Circuit Tracer Program
- 2. Primitive Connection Matrix Program
- 3. Connectivity (Routing) Search Program.

The first program, acting on the transatlantic-communications-assets-data-base, determines the sites and the links traversed by specified circuits. The second program, again acting on the data base, computes the primitive connection matrices of the switched networks --AUTOVON, AUTODIN, and AUTOSEVOCOM. A primitive connection matrix provides the "next neighbor" information about the sites in the network. Using this information, the third program determines all unique "simple" paths from one specified site to another. A "simple" path is defined as an alternating sequence of sites and links in which no site appears more than once.

### 3.2.1 Existing Programs

# 3.2.1.1 Circuit Tracer Program

This program traces a circuit path in terms of alternating sequence of sites and links traversed by it, along with the In/Out flags of the sites and the links. The program is based on a simple search technique in which the trunks traversed by the circuit, then the links (and the sites) traversed by the trunks carrying the circuit, are determined as they exist in the data base using TOTAL commands.

The program does not use any external procedures. It contains traps to detect events such as:

- 1. The input circuit does not exist in Circuit Master File
- 2. The trunk segment end sites are not properly specified in Circuit-Trunk-Site and Trunk-Link-Site Variable Files.

A "normal" exit is taken from the program if on reading a record in any file of the data base, the TOTAL returned status is "abnormal."

Figure 3-11 shows the functional input/output block diagram of this program.

The inputs are: 1) CKT and LCKTNO contained in file, DECAIN and, 2) (FILE) where:

(FILE): THIS REFERS TO ALL USER DEFINED TOTAL FILES INCLUDING:
MASTER FILES: RMCT, RMTR, RMLK, RMSI AND

VARIABLE FILES: RVCT, RVTL
CKT: CIRCUIT CCSD# (9 CHARACTERS)
LCKTNO: NUMBER OF CIRCUITS TO BE TRACED

The outputs LKCKT, SICKT and SERIES are contained in file, DECAOUT where:

\*/

/\* LKCKT: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING CCSD#
AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER
FOLLOWED BY THE NAMES OF THE LINKS
TRAVERSED ALONG WITH THEIR IN/OUT FLAGS
AND A SPECIAL CHARACTER, @ AS TRAILER
(605 CHARACTERS FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED
99 LINKS ON THE CIRCUIT PATH)

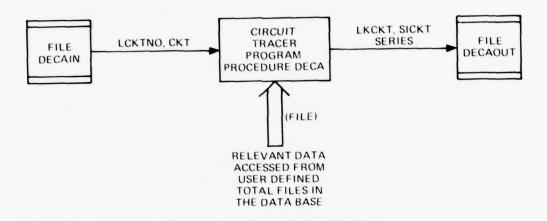


Figure 3-11. Functional Input/Output Block Diagram for Circuit Tracer Program

EXAMPLE:1:

CCSD#FLINK1FLINK2F-----LINK99F@

(NOTE- FLAG, F IS 1 CHARACTER AND LINK1 THROUGH LINK99 EACH CONTAINS 5 CHARACTERS)

SICKT: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING CCSD#
AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER
FOLLOWED BY THE NAMES OF THE SITES
TRAVERSED ALONG WITH THEIR IN/OUT FLAGS
AND A SPECIAL CHARACTER, @ AS TRAILER
( 911 CHARACTERS FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED
100 SITES ON THE CIRCUIT PATH )

EXAMPLE: 2:

CCSD#FSITE1FSITE2F-----SITE100F@

(NOTE- SITE1 THROUGH SITE100 EACH CONTAINS 8 CHARACTER SITE NAME)

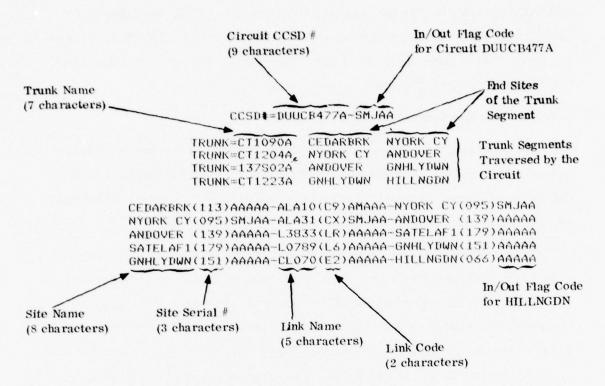
SERIES: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING CCSD#
AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER
FOLLOWED BY THE SITE SERIAL #S OF THE SITES
• THE LINK CODES AND THE IN/OUT FLAGS OF
THE LINKS TRAVERSED AND A SPECIAL
CHARACTER• @ AS TRAILER ( 608 CHARACTERS
FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED 99 LINKS AND 100
SITES )

EXAMPLE 3:

CCSD\*FSITENOILINKCODE1F----LINKCODE99FSITENO100@

(NOTE SITEND1 THROUGH SITEND100 EACH CONTAINS 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL # AND LINKCODE1 THROUGH LINKCODE99 EACH CONTAINS 2 CHARACTER LINK CODE)

The above outputs, sorted to print the circuit information in an easily readable form on file DECAOUT, are as follows:



The characters in the flag code (referred from left to right) are to be decoded as follows:

Character # 1 
$$\begin{cases} S & \Delta \\ A & \Delta \end{cases} & \text{Satellite Link Outage} \\ \text{No Outage for above Reason} \end{cases}$$
 Character # 2 
$$\begin{cases} M & \Delta \\ A & \Delta \end{cases} & \text{MHD Outage} \\ \text{No Outage for above Reason} \end{cases}$$
 Character # 3 
$$\begin{cases} J & \Delta \\ A & \Delta \end{cases} & \text{Jamming Outage} \\ \text{No Outage for above Reason} \end{cases}$$
 Character # 4 
$$\begin{cases} B & \Delta \\ A & \Delta \end{cases} & \text{Blast Outage} \\ \text{No Outage for above Reason} \end{cases}$$
 Character # 5 
$$\begin{cases} E & \Delta \\ A & \Delta \end{cases} & \text{No Outage for above Reason}$$
 Character # 5 
$$\begin{cases} E & \Delta \\ A & \Delta \end{cases} & \text{No Outage for above Reason}$$

There are constraints on the size of some identifiers such as LKCKT, SICKT, and SERIES mainly to save the core size of the program. The experience in the present data base indicates that no circuit will ever span more than 99 links justifying the constraints on these three identifiers. Such constraints are user-defined and can be easily changed, if needed.

# 3.2.1.2 Primitive Connection Matrix Program

This program, upon gathering information about the three specified switched networks (AUTOVON, AUTODIN, and AUTOSEVOCOM in this instance) from the data base, computes the primitive connection matrices of the networks in terms of two-character link codes as elements.

The core of this program is two external procedures (Figure 3-12). The program "serially" reads the Circuit Master File to access all circuits in the networks one by one. The first external procedure is the Circuit Tracer Program, which traces the path of each circuit in the network in terms of a string of characters, SERIES (see Paragraph 3.2.1.1.). SERIES contains an alternating sequence of site serial #s and link codes, along with the In/Out flags of the links traversed by a circuit. This information is used by the second external procedure, called the Network Adder Program to build up the primitive connection matrix of a network. The Network Adder Program will examine all links in the circuit path. A link will be added to the "pertinent" network to which the circuit under consideration belongs only if the link is "In", as indicated by its In/Out flag. If multiple links are found between two sites in a network during the build up procedure, only the "first found" link is kept in the network and an information message is printed if the multiple link is not the same as the one that already exists between the sites in the network.

The program also contains internal procedures provided for such utility functions as:

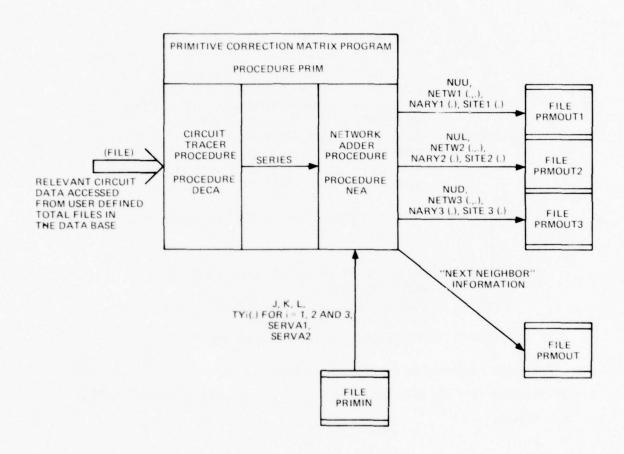


Figure 3-12. Functional Input/Output Block Diagram for Primitive Connection Matrix Program

N: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE NETWORK

PCM(. . .): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE NETWORK WITH LINK CODES (2 CHARACTERS EACH) AS ELEMENTS

SITES(.): ARRAY OF SITE SERIAL #S IN THE NETWORK
SITEN(.): ARRAY OF SITE NAMES (8 CHARACTERS EACH)
IN THE NETWORK

NFF: "FROM" SITE SERIAL # (3 CHARACTERS)
NTT: "TO" SITE SERIAL # (3 CHARACTERS)

PATHLTH: MAXIMUM LENGTH OF A SIMPLE PATH (IN TERMS OF THE NUMBER OF LINKS TRAVERSED) TO BE USED IN PRINTING OUT SIMPLE PATHS

NUMC: NUMBER OF SITES WHICH ARE "SINK" SITES FOR SOME (SAY N TOTAL) LINKS

FROMTOS( . ): ARRAY OF CHARACTER STRING CONTAINING THE "SINK" SITE NAME (IN THE ABOVE SENSE) AND SITE NAMES (MAXIMUM N=20 ALLOWED) FOR WHICH IT IS A SINK

The outputs SITEN (PDL(.)), PTAG(•) and NPATH are contained in file CNSEOTi where:

SITEN(PDL(.)): ARRAY OF SITE NAMES TRAVERSED IN A SIMPLE PATH

PTAG ( . ): ARRAY OF LINKS (LINK CODES) TRAVERSED IN A SIMPLE PATH

NPATH: NUMBER OF SIMPLE PATHS FOUND

The major constraint in the program is again the size of the largest primitive connection matrix of the switched network and the comments made in Paragraph 3.2.1.2 apply.

- 1. Correlation of site names with site serial numbers
- 2. Correlation of link names with link codes
- 3. Alphanumeric sorting of arrays.

The program contains traps in addition to some of those already mentioned in the Circuit Tracer Program. Some examples are:

- 1. Omit the information about a circuit and go to the next circuit in the Circuit Master File if there is a file error, as indicated by "abnormal" TOTAL returned status in the Circuit Tracer Program. This will ensure that the program will not stop as a result of file error(s) in a few circuits.
- 2. The trap regarding the multiple links between sites as mentioned earlier in the paragraph.

Figure 3-12 shows the functional input/output block diagram of this program.

The inputs are 1) J, K, L. (TYi(\*) for i = 1, 2 and 3), SERVA1 and SERVA2 contained in file PRIMIN and 2) (FILE), where:

(FILE): THIS REFERS TO ALL USER DEFINED TOTAL FILES INCLUDING;
MASTER FILES: RMCT,RMTR,RMLK,RMSI
AND

VARIABLE FILES: RVCT, RVTL

- J: NUMBER OF IDENTIFIERS FOR FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK
- K: NUMBER OF IDENTIFIERS FOR SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK
- L: NUMBER OF IDENTIFIERS FOR THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK
- TY1(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER IDENTIFIERS FOR FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK
- TY2(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER IDENTIFIERS FOR SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK
- TY3(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER IDENTIFIERS FOR THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK
- SERVA1: 8 BIT (BYTE) REPRESENTATION OF USER DEFINED 'IN' STATE
- SERVA2: 8 BIT (BYTE) REPRESENTATION OF USER DEFINED 'IN' STATE

The principal outputs NUU, NUL, NUD, (NETWi(.,.), NARYi, and SITEi(.) for i = 1, 2 and 3) are contained in files PRMOUT1, PRMOUT2 and PRMOUT3 (see Figure 5-2-2) where:

NUU: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK NUL: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK NUD: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK NETW1(...): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK WITH 2 CHARACTER LINK CODES AS ELEMENTS NETW2(.,.): FRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK WITH 2 CHARACTER LINK CODES AS ELEMENTS NETW3(...): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK WITH 2 CHARACTER LINK CODES AS ELEMENTS NARY1(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL #S FOR FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK NARY2(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL ♥S FOR SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK NARY3(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL ₱S FOR THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK SITE1(.): ARRAY OF 8 CHARACTER SITE NAMES IN FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK SITE2(.): ARRAY OF 8 CHARACTER SITE NAMES IN SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK SITE3(.): ARRAY OF 8 CHARACTER SITE NAMES IN THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK

An example of a primitive connection matrix containing 32 sites is shown in Figure 3-13. The matrix is symmetrical about the diagonal, and its two-character elements are:

Row i of the matrix corresponds to "From" site i and the columns containing the link codes indicate its "To" sites. For example, "From" site 1 has sites 2, 11, 25, 27 as

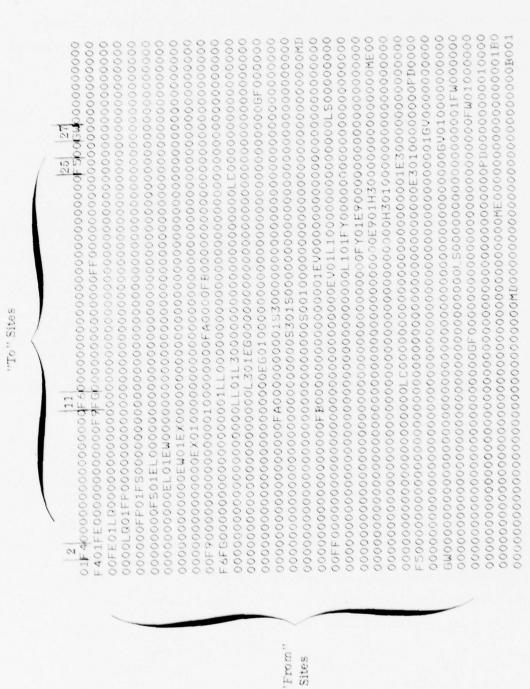
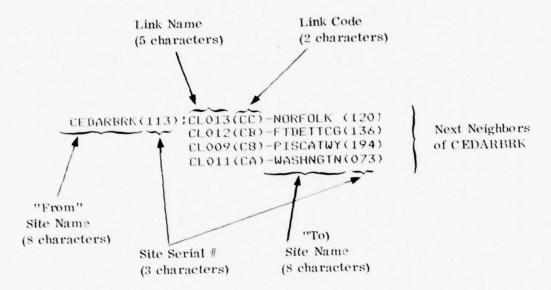


Figure 3-13. An Example of Primitive Connection Matrix

"To sites. It is clear that the "next neighbor" information contained in the primitive connection matrix is not easily readable. Hence, the outputs of the program are sorted and made available in an easily readable form in file PRMOUT as follows:



In addition to the easily removable user constraints of the Circuit Tracer Program, this program has one important constraint; the size of the largest primitive connection matrix. This matrix is restricted to (150 x 150) elements. The restriction is again to save the core size of the program. Experience with the data base indicates that the largest network considered, AUTOVON, does not contain more than 100 sites.

# 3.2.1.3 Connectivity Search Program

This program, upon gathering the "next neighbor" information contained in a primitive connection matrix of the network, determines all "simple" paths from one specified site of the network to another in terms of alternating sequence of sites and links.

The program calls one external procedure containing the algorithm to determine all "simple" paths. This algorithm is based on a powerful, yet simple, algorithm.\* The original algorithm was written in SNOBOL. The core of the algorithm is two loops which add or delete sites from the path based on: 1) the 'next neighbor" information, 2) the sites already contained on the built up path and, 3) the information regarding addition/deletion from the path to obtain all unique "simple" paths. The "modified" algorithm is a PL/I coded version of the original algorithm, with following modifications:

- 1. "Next neighbor" information is derived from the modified primitive connection matrix (see Figure 3-13) which can be nonsymmetric. This allows for "directional" links between the sites. This issue is of great importance in large networks containing a large number of sites, such as AUTOVON. It also permits a sense of direction to be introduced in the links connected with "gateway" sites, such as cableheads.
- 2. A trap is introduced at a proper location in the algorithm to take care of "sink" sites having no "next neighbors" (the row corresponding to this site in the primitive connection matrix contains no link codes). This trap enables the algorithm to recover from encounters with such sites and continue on its way. The program will print out the name of the "sink" site whenever it is encountered during the path buildup.

Figure 3-14 shows the functional input/output block diagram of this program. The inputs N, PCM(.,.), SITES(.), and SITEN(.) are contained in file PRMOUTi and NFF, NTT, PATHLTH, NUMC, and FROMTOS(.) are contained in file CNSEINi (i in PRMOUTi and CNSEINi refers to i<sup>th</sup> the switched network) where:

<sup>\*</sup>Reference: D. Kroft, "All Paths Through A Maze," Proc. of IEEE, January 1967, p.p. 88-90, (Unclassified).

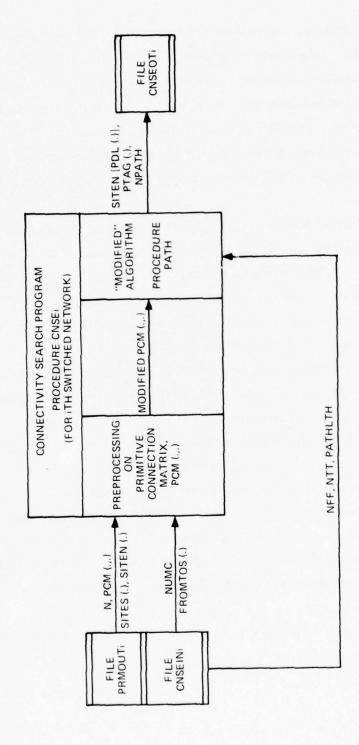


Figure 3-14. Functional Input/Output Block Diagram for Connectivity Search Program

#### 3. 2. 2 Circuit Tracer

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* MAIN PROCEDURE DECA \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* /\* MULTIFLE CIRCUIT ANALYSER PROGRAM \*/ /\* THIS PROCEDURE DETERMINES THE LINKS AND THE SITES WHICH CONSTITUTE A GIVEN CIRCUIT ALONG WITH THE IN/OUT FLAGS FOR CIRCUIT, LINK(S) AND SITES FOR ALL TEH ALPHANUMERICALLY SORTED CIRCUITS IN THE CIRCUIT MASTER FILE \*/ /\* INPUTS- (FILE), CKT(.), LCKTNO \*/ (FILE): THIS REFERS TO ALL USER DEFINED TOTAL FILES INCLUDING: MASTER FILES: RMCT, RMTR, RMLK, RMSI AN D VARIABLE FILES: RVCT, RVTL CKT (.): ARRAY OF 9 CHARACTER CIRCUIT CCSD#S LCKTNO: NUMBER OF CIRCUITS TO BE TRACED \*/ /\* OUTPUTS- LKCKT, SICKT, SERIES \*/ LKCKT: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING CCSD# AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER FOLLOWED BY THE NAMES OF THE LINKS TRAVERSED ALONG WITH THEIR IN OUT FLAGS AND A SPECIAL CHARACTER, & AS TRAILER ( 6°5 CHARACTERS FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED 99 LINKS ON THE CIRCUIT PATH ) EXAMPLE: CCSD#FLINK 1FLINK2F-----LINK99Fa

> (NOTE- PLAG, F IS ONE CHARACTER AND LINK1 THROUGH LINK99 EACH CONTAINS 5 CHARACTERS)

SICKT: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING COST#
AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER

FOLLOWED BY THE NAMES OF THE SITES
TRAVERSED ALONG WITH THEIR IN/OUT FLAGS
AND A SPECIAL CHARACTER, & AS TRAILER
( 911 CHARACTERS FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED
100 SITES ON THE CIRCUIT PATH )

### EXAMPLE:

CCSD#FSITE 1FSITE 2F -----SITE107Fd

(NOTE- SITE1 THROUGH SITE100 EACH CONTAINS 8 CHARACTER SITE NAME)

SERIES: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING COSD#
AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER
FOLLOWED BY THE SITE SERIAL #S OF THE SITES
, THE LINK CODES AND THE IN/OUT FLAGS OF
THE LINKS TRAVERSED AND A SPECIAL
CHAPACTER, @ AS TRAILER (608 CHARACTERS
FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED 99 LINKS AND 100
SITES)

#### EXAMPLE:

CC SD #F SITE NO 1LI NKC ODE 1F ----LI NK CO DE 99F SITE NO 1000

(NOTE- SITENO1 THROUGH SITENO100 EACH CONTAINS
3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL #
AND
LINKCODE1 THROUGH LINKCODE99 EACH
CONTAINS 2 CHARACTER LINK CCDE) \*/

/\*\*\* NOTES \*\*\*/

/\* AN EXIT IS TAKEN OUT OF THE PROCEDURE WITHOUT EFROR MESSAGES FOR TOTAL FETURNED STATUS -= OK

EXIT IS ALSO TAKEN OUT OF THE PROCECURE WITH ERROR MESSAGES FOR ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- 1. INPUT CIRCUIT NOT FOUND IN MASTER FILE, PMCI
- 2. IF THE TRUNK SEGMENT ENT SITES, AS GIVEN IN VARIABLE FILE, RVCT, ARE NOT FOUND IN VARIABLE FILE, RVTL ( THIS COULD BE CAUSED BY IMPROPER ORDER OF LINKS IN RVTL )
- 3. IF THE TRUNK SPGMENT END SITES ARE THE SAME

```
(SSFR, SSTO) CHAR (8),
     FISITE CHAR (8) ,
     (SRFR, SRTC) CHAR(3),
     SLS3 CHAR (52);
DCL 1 MAST_CIRCUIT,
       2 MCTFLAG CHAF(1),
        2 MCTFRLC CHAR (8) .
       2 MCTFFAC CHAR (3).
        2 MCTTOLC CHAR(8),
       2 MCTTFAC CHAR(3):
PCL MASTER_CIRCUIT CHAR (23) DEFINED MAST_CIRCUIT:
DCL 1 VABI_CTS,
2 VCTSCONTROL CHAR (7),
       2 VCTSSITE CHAR (11),
2 VCTSSITT CHAR (8);
DCL VARIABLE_CTS CHAR (26) DEFINED VARI_CTS;
DCL 1 VARI_TIS,
       2 VILSLINK CHAR (5).
       2 VILSSITE CHAR (11),
2 VILSSITT CHAR (8):
DCL VARIABLE_TLS CHAR (24) DEFINED VARI_TLS:
DCL 1 MAST_LINK,
       2 MIKFLAG CHAF(1),
2 MLKCODE CHAR (2);
DCL MASTER_LINK CHAR (3) DEFINED MAST_LINK;
DCL 1 MAST SITE,
2 MSTFLAG CHAR(1),
       2 MSINUMB CHAR (3):
DCL MASTER_SITE CHAR(4) DEFINED MAST_SITE;
      /* CPEN TOTAL FILES FOR READ ONLY ACCESS */
FUNCT = QUEST:
TASKID= DECAM:;
CBMOD= "RFBTA1";
CALL DBIO(5,0):
      /* CPEN FILES */
      /*
FUNCT = OPENM ;
STATUS= CK;
TFILES (1) = 'RMCT':
TFILES (2) = 'RVCT':
TFILES (3) = RMTR :
TFILES (4) = 'RVTL';
TFILES (5) = " RMLK":
TFILFS (6) = 'RMSI';
CALL DBIC (4,1):
IF (STAIDS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT:
      /* RESET CIRCUIT MASTER FILE */
```

```
FUNCT= RESTM:
     CALL DBIO (3,0);
           /* READ CIRCUIT MASTER FILE SERIALLY TO
              PULL OUT CCSD#S */
     STATUS=OK;
     LCKTNO=0;
     CIRCUIT_READ: DO WHILE (STATUS -= ENDP);
                   FUNCT = SEQRM:
                   STATUS=OK;
                   FILFID= 'RMCT';
                   ELMLIST='RMCTCTRLEND.';
                   CALL DEIO (6, 1);
                   IF (STATUS-OK) THEN GC TC EXIT1;
                   LCKINO = LCKINO +1;
                   CKT (LCKT NO) = IOAREA;
                   END CIRCUIT READ:
     EXIT1::
          /* SORT CCSD#S ALPHANUMERICALLY */
     CALL SORT (LCKTNO, CKI, CKI, TMP9);
     PUT FILE (DECAOUT) LIST ('TOTAL CIRCUITS TRACED=', ICKT NO);
     DO I=1 TC LCKTNO;
       PUT FILE (DECAOUT) EDIT (CKT (I)) (CCI (10), A (9));
     END:
           /* READ A RECORD CORRESPONDING TO THE SPECIFIED
              CIRCUIT FROM THE CIRCUIT MASTER FILE */
        /*****
                       BEGIN MAIN LOOP
LPP: DO LOOP= 1 TO LCKT NO:
    IJK = 0:
PUT SKIP(1) FILE (DECAOUT);
     FUNCT = READM:
     STATUS=CK:
     FIL EID= 'RMCT':
     CONTROL=CKT(LOOP):
     ELMLIST = 'RMCTFLAGRMCTFRLCRMCTFFACRMCTTCLCRMCTTFACEND.';
     CALL DBIO (7, 1);
     IF (STATUS='MRNF') THEN
       DO:
          PUT SKIP FILE (DECACUT)
              EDIT ( *** CIRCUIT= ', CKT (ICOP) , ' NCT FCUND')
              (COL(2), A(11), A(9), A(10));
         GO TO DE9:
```

```
END:
     ELSE:
     IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT:
     MASTER CIRCUIT=IOAREA:
     LKCKT, SICKT, SERIES= CKT (LOOP) | | MCTFL AG; /* CCSD# AND I/O FLAG
                                                   ADDED */
           /* LINKAGE PATH TO CIRCUIT-TRUNK-SITE VARIABLE FILE-
              TO DETERMINE ALL TRUNKS CONTAINING THE
              CHOSEN CIRCUIT */
     FLGG=0:
     TMPSFXX, TMPSTXX= (8) '1';
     RR (1) = 'LKCT';
        /****
                 BEGIN LOOP FOR A CIRCUIT
CIRCT: DO WHILE (RR(1) -= EN LP); /* LOOP FOR FINDING ALL TRUNKS
                                  IN THE GIVEN CIRCUIT */
     LL, LLL = 0:
     DO I=1 TO 50;
       TMPFRLC(I), TMPTOLC(I), TMPSXX(I) = (8) '0';
       IF (I<= 49) THEN TMPLINK(I), TMPLXX(I) = (5) \cdot 0;
     END:
     TMPRF=TMPSFXX;
     TMPRT=TMPSTXX;
     REFER=RR(1):
     FUN CT=READV;
     STATUS=OK:
     FILEID= 'RVCT';
     LKPATH= 'RMCTLKCT';
                              /* SAME AS BEFORE */
     CONTROL=CKT (LOOP) :
     ELMLIST = 'RVCTRMTRRVCTRMSIRVCTTOICEND. ';
     CALL DBIO (9, 1);
     IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT;
     VARIABLE_CTS=IOAREA;
     TMPSFXX=SUBSTR(VCTSSITE, 1, 8);
     TMPSTXX = VCISSITT:
         /* SWITCH THE END SITES OF THE TRUNK
             SEGMENT (IF NEEDED) */
     IF (FLGG = )) THEN
       DO:
         FLGG=1:
         GO TO NO_CHECK;
       END;
     ELSE:
     IF (TMPRT=TMPSFXX) THEN GO TO CHANGE_EXIT:
     IF (TMERT=TMESTXX) THEN
       DO:
         TMPR8=TMPSFXX:
```

```
IMPSFXX=TMPSTXX:
          TMPSTXX=TMPR8:
          GO TO CHANGE_EXIT;
        END:
     ELSE:
      CHANGE_EXIT::
      NO CHECK:;
     RR (1) = REFER;
     IF (ER(1) = ENDP) THEN GO TO DES; /* ALL TRUNKS FINISHED */
      IF (IJK=0) THEN
       DO:
          CALL FLAGS (MCTFLAG, TMP5);
          CKTX=CKT (LOCF) ||'-'||TMF5;
          PUT SKIP (2) FILE (DECAOUT) EDIT ('CCSD#=', CKTX)
                                    (COI (23), A (6), A (15));
          PUT SKIP (1) FILE (DECAOUT) :
          IJK = 1;
       END;
     ELSE:
PUT SKIP FILE (DECACUT) EDIT ('TRUNK=', VCTSCONTROL,' ',
                      TMPSFXX, ', TMPSIXX)
                       (COL(18), A(6), A(7), (2) (A(2), A(8)));
           /* LINKAGE PATH TO TRUNK-LINK-SITE VARIABLE FILE-
              TO DETERMINE THE LINK(S) IN THE CHOSEN TRUNK
              TO WHICH THE SPECIFIED DEDICATED CLECUIT BELONGS
              AND THE SITES TRAVERSED */
     RR (2) = 'LKTL';
         /****
                 BEGIN LCCF FOR A TRUNK ****/
TRUNK: DO WHILE (RR (2) -= ENDP);
                                    /* LOOP FOR FINDING ALL SITES AND
                                        LINKS IN A GIVEN TRUNK */
     REFER=RE(2);
     FUNCT=READV:
     STATUS= CK:
     FIL EID = 'RVTL';
     LKPATH = 'RMTRLKTL':
     CONTROL = VCTSCONTROL:
     ELMLIST = 'RVTLRMLKRVTLRMSIRVTLTOLCEND. ';
     CALL DBIO (9, 1);
     IF (STATUS-=CK) THEN GO TO EXIT;
     VARIABLE_TLS=ICAREA;
          /* CREATE ARRAYS OF FROM AND TO SITES AND LINKS
             IN THE CHOSEN TRUNK */
    LL = LL + 1;
    TMPFRLC(IL) = SUBSTR(VTLSSITE, 1,8):
```

```
TMP TOLC (LL) = VTLSSITT;
TMPLINK (LL) = VTL SLINK;
IF (LL>=2) THEN
  DO:
    IF ((TMPFRLC(LL) =TMFFRLC(LL-1)) 8
        '(TMPTOLC (LL) = TMPTOLC (LL-1))) THEN
       TMPFRLC (LL) , TMPTOLC (LL) = (8) '0';
       TPPLINK(LI) = (5) .0.;
       LL=LL-1:
     END:
    ELSE:
  END:
ELSE:
RR (2) = REFRR:
END TRUNK:
   /**** END LOOP FOR A TEUNK ****/
     * SORT ABOVE ARRAYS TO DETERMINE THE LINKS AND
        SITES TRAVEFSED IN THE CHOSEN TRUNK BY THE
        GIVEN CIRCUIT */
  DO:
    II, JJ, KK, K=?:
    I.L.L = L.L.;
    /*
     /* CREATE ARRAYS OF SITES AND LINKS IN THE TRUNK
        WHICH ARE COMMON TO BOTH THE CORCUIT AND THE TRUNK */
    TMP FRLC (LLL + 1) = TMP TOLC (LLI) ;
    DE1:DO I=1 TO LLL+1:
IF (TMPFBLC(I) =TMPSFXX) THEN JJ=I:
        IF (TMPFRLC(I) = TMPSTXX) THEN KK = I:
END DE1:
    IF ((JJ=0) | (KK=0)) THEN
      DC:
        PUT SKIP FILE (DECAOUT)
             EDIT ( ** ERROR TRUNK = ', VCTSCONTROL, ' CIRCUIT = ',
                   CKT (LOOP))
             (COL(2), A(15), A(7), (2)A(9));
        GO TO DE9;
      END:
   ELSE:
    IF (JJ=KK) THEN
      DC:
       PUT SKIP FILE (DECAOUT) EDIT ( *** ERECR= .
                 VCTSCONTROL) (COL(2), A(9), A(7));
       GO TO DE7:
      END:
   ELSF:
```

```
IF (KK>JJ) THEN
    /* TRUNK AND CIRCUIT DIRECTION IS IDENTICAL */
     DO:
        II=1;
        ILI=KK-JJ;
        DE2: DO I=JJ TO KK;
            K=K+1;
            TMP SXX (K) = TMPFRLC (I);
            IF (I<KK) THEN TMFLXX (K) = TMPLINK (I);
            END DE2:
        GO TO DE4:
      END;
    ELSE:
   IF (JJ>KK) THEN
     /* TRUNK AND CIRCUIT DIRECTIONS ARE NOT IDENTICAL */
    /*
                            */
     DO;
        II=2;
        LLL=JJ-KK:
        DE3: DO I=JJ TO KK BY -1;
            K=K+1;
            TMPSXX(K) = TMPFFLC(I):
            IF (I<JJ) THEN TMPLXX (K-1) = TMPL INK (I);
            END DE3;
        GO TO DE4;
      END;
    FLSE;
    DE4:;
    FISITE=TMPSXX(K): /* FINAL SITE SAVED */
     /*
     /* READ RECORDS IN THE SITE AND LINK MASTER FILES
        TO DETERMINE IN/OUT FLAGS, LINK CCDES AND SITE
        SERIAL #S */
    DE5:DO J=1 TO LIL;
        CALL FIND (TMPSXX(J), TMPIXX(J));
        END DE5:
  EN D;
 DE7::
END CIRCT:
             END LOOP FOR A CIRCUIT
DE8::
     /* ADD FINAL SITE */
FUNCT= READM;
STATUS=OK:
```

```
FILEID = 'RMSI';
     CONTROL=FISITE;
     IF (CONTROL = (8) '0') THEN
       DO;
          PUT SKIP FILE (DECAOUT)
              EDIT ( ** ERFOR IN FINAL SITE FOR CIRCUIT= , CKT (LOOP))
               (COL(2), A(35), A(9));
          GO TO DE9;
       END;
     ELSE;
     ELMLIST = 'RMSIFLAGRMSINUMBEND.':
     CALL DBIO (7, 1);
     IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT;
     MASTER_SITE=IOAREA;
     SICKT=SICKT||FISITE||MSIFLAG;
     SERIES = SERIES | | MSINUMB;
PUT SKIP (1) FILE (DECAOUT);
     TKCKT= TKCKT | 1 . 9 . :
     SICKT=SICKT | 1 ' d' :
     SERIES = SERIES | 1 0';
           /* SORT CIRCUIT DATA FOR OUTPUT FCRMAT */
      II=LENGTH (LKCKT) - 11;
      II = BIN(II/6, 15, 0);
      DC KK=1 TO II;
       I=11+6*(KK-1);
       J=11+9*(KK-1);
       K = 11+6* (KK-1);
       L=14+6*(KK-1):
       LFR=SUBSTR(LKCKT, I,6);
       SFR = SUBSTR (SICKT, J, 9);
       LLFR=SUBSTR(LFR,1,5);
       LKFL = SUBSTR (LFR, 6, 1);
       CALL FLAGS (LKFL, LKFL5);
       SSFR=SUBSTR(SFR, 1,8);
       FRFL=SUBSTF(SFR,9,1);
       CALL FLAGS (FRFL, FRFL5);
       SRFR = SUBSTR (SERIES, K, 3);
       LXT=SUBSTR(SERIES, L, 2);
       J=11+9*KK;
       K = 11+ 6*KK;
       STO=SUBSTR(SICKT, J, 9);
        SSTO = SUBSTR (STO, 1,8);
        ICFL=SUBSTR(STO,9,1);
       CALL FLAGS (TCFL, TCFL5);
```

```
SRTO=SUBSTR (SERIES, K, 3):
      SLS3=SSPP | | '('|| SRFP | | ') '|| FRF L5 | | '-'| | LLF B | | '('|| LXT | | ')'
           | | LKFL5|| '-'||SSTO||'('||SRTO||')'||TOFL5;
      PUT SKIP FILE (DECAOUT) EDIT (SISS) (COL(1"), A(52));
     END:
   DE9::
   END LPP:
       /******
                    END MAIN LOOP
                                      ******/
EXIT::
         /* CLOSE FILES */
    CLOSE FILE (DECAOUT);
    FUNCT=CLCSM;
    STATUS=OK:
    CALL DBIO(4,0):
         /* SIGN OFF THE TASK */
    FUNCT = DEQUE;
    TASKID= 'DECAM';
    CALL DBIO (4,0);
BEGIN INTERNAL PROCEDURES OF PROCEDURE DECA
 /* FRCCEDURE FIND */
   FIND: PROC (FISITE, FILINK);
        DCL FISITE CHAR (8) , FILINK CHAR (5):
        FUNCT = READM;
        STATUS=OK:
        FILEID= 'RMSI';
        CONTROL = FISITE;
        IF (CONTROL= (8) ')') THEN
          DO;
            FUT SKIP FILE (DECAOUT) EDIT ( ** ERROR TRUNK = . ,
                VCTSCONTROL) (COL(2), A(15), A(7));
            GO TO EXIT:
          END:
        FLSE:
        ELMLIST = 'RMSIFLAGRMSINUMBENC.';
        CALL DBIO (7, 1):
        IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT;
        MASTER_SITE=IOAREA;
        SICKT=SICKT||FISITE||MSIFLAG; /* SITE ADDED */
```

```
FILEID= * RMLK*;
        CONTROL=FILINK;
        IF (CONTROL= (5) 'O') THEN
             FUT SKIP FILE (DECAOUT) EDIT ( ** ERROR TRUNK= .,
                 VCTSCONTROL) (COL(2), A(15), A(7));
             GO TO EXIT;
           END:
        ELSE:
        ELMLIST= 'RMLKFLAGRMLKCODEEND. ':
        CALL DBIO (7, 1):
        IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT;
        MASTER_LINK=IOAREA;
        LKCKT=LKCKT||FILINK||MLKFLAG; /* IINK ADDED */
        SERIES = SERIES | MS INUMB | | MLK CODE | | MLK FLAG; /* LINK, SITE AND
                                                          LINK FLAG ADDED */
        END FIND;
         /* FROCEDURE FLAGS */
/* NOTE- ALL THE CHARACTERS USED IN CHARS EXCEPT CHARACTER "A" HAVE
         THE FOLLOWING MEANINGS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE CHARACTER
         POSITIONS
           A= 1000000000 B: "IN" (AVAILABLE) STATE
           S=100010000 B: SATELLITE LINK OUTAGE
           M='00001000'B: MHD
           J=1 10000 100 P: JAMMING
           B= 100000010 B: BLAST
           E= 1000000001'B: EMP
  FIAGS: FROC (CHAR1, CHAR5);
        DCL CHAR1 CHAR (1) , CHAR5 CHAR (5) ,
             BIT8 BIT (8);
        CHAR5 = 'SMJBE';
        BIT 8=UN SPEC (CHAR1);
IF (BIT8=('00000000'B)) THEN
           DO;
             CHARS = 'AAAAA';
             GO TO XIT;
           END:
         ELSE:
        DO I=4 TO 8:
         IF (SUBSTR (BIT8, I, 1) = 'O'B) THEN SUBSTR (CHAF5, I-3, 1) = 'A';
        END:
        XIT:;
        END FLAGS;
```

STATUS=OK;

```
SORT: PROC(N, XIN, XOUT, TMP);
       DCL (XIN(*), XOUT(*), TMP) CHAR(*),
            (M,N,I,J) BIN FIXED (15,0);
       DC I=1 TO N;
          XOUT(I) = XIN(I);
        END;
           /* MODIFIED SHELL SORT LOGIC */
       M=1;
       S1:DO I=1 TO N WHILE (M<N);
           M = M + M;
           END S1:
       M=M-1:
       BACK::
             M = M/2;
       S2:D0 J=1 TO N-M;
           TMP = XOUT(J+M);
           S3:DC I=J TO 1 EY -M;
IF (XOUT(I) <=TMP) THEN GO TO NEXT:
              XOUT (I+M) = XOUT (I);
              END S3;
           NEXT:;
                XOUT (I+M) = TMP;
           END S2;
       IF (M>1) THEN GO TO BACK;
       END SORT:
  /*********************************
           END INTERNAL PROCEDURES OF PROCEDURE DECA
           ***********
      END DECA;
//LKED.SYSLMOD DD DSN=TOTAL.DBLIB (DECAM) , DISP=SHR
//LKED.DBIO DD DSN=SYS9.TCTAL.LINKLIB4.DISP=SHR
//LKED.SYSIN DD *
      INCLUDE DBIC (DBIC)
// EXEC TOTAL4, PGNAME= DECAM, REGION= 349K
//DECAOUT DD DSN=M1765.DECAOUT.DATA, DISP=CID
//RMCT DD DSN=UHO 10. PI 119. RMCT, DISP=SHR
```

/\* PROCEDURE SORT \*/

```
//RMSI DD DSN=UHO10.PI119.RMSI, DISP=SHR
//RMTR DD DSN=UHO10.PI119.RMTR, DISP=SHR
//RMLK DD DSN=UHO10.PI119.RMLK, DISP=SHR
//RVTL DD DSN=UHO10.PI119.RVTL, DISP=SHR
//RVCT DD DSN=UHO10.PI119.RVCT, DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=(A,U)
```

## 3.2.3 Primitive Matrix Generation Program

```
****************
                    MAIN PROCEDURE PRIM
/* PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX PROGRAM */
       /* THIS PROCEDURE, UPON GATHERING INFORMATION ABOUT
          THE THREE SPECIFIED SWITCHED NETWORKS FROM THE
          FILE, COMPUTES THE PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRICES
          FOR THE NETWORKS IN TERMS OF LINK CODES AS ELEMENTS */
       /* INPUTS- (FILE), J, K, L, TY1(.), TY2(.), TY3(.),
                 SERVA1, SERVA2 */
                  (FILE): THIS REFERS TO ALL USER DEFINED TOTAL
                         FILES INCIUDING:
                          MASTER FILES: RMCT, RMTF, RMLK, RMSI
                                     AND
                          VAFIABLE FILES: RVCT, RVTL
                      J: NUMBER OF IDENTIFIERS FOF FIRST
                         SWITCHED NETWORK
                      K: NUMBER OF IDENTIFIERS FOR SECOND
                         SWITCHED NETWORK
                      L: NUMBER OF IDENTIFIERS FOR THIRD
                         SWITCHED NETWORK
                 TY1(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER IDENTIFIERS FCR
                         FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK
                 TY2(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER IDENTIFIERS FOR
                         SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK
                 TY3(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER IDENTIFIERS FOR
                         THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK
                 SERVA1: 8 BIT (BYTE) REPRESENTATION OF USER
                         DEFINED "IN" STATE
                 SERVA2: 8 BIT (BYTE) REPRESENTATION OF USER
                         DEFINED "IN" STATE
       /* OUTPUTS - NUU, NUL, NUE
                  NETW1 (.,.) , NETW2 (.,.) , NETW3 (.,.)
                  NARY1(.), NARY2(.), NARY3(.)
                  SITE1(.), SITE2(.), SITE3(.)
```

NUU: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK NUL: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK NUD: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK NETW1 (.,.): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK WITH 2 CHARACTER LINK CODES AS ELEMENTS NETW2 (. ,.): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK WITH 2 CHARACTER LINK CODES AS ELEMENTS NETW3 (...): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK WITH 2 CHARACTER LINK CCDES AS ELEMENTS NARY 1 (.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL #S FOR FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK NARY2 (.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL #S FOR SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK NARY3 (.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL #S FOR THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK SITE1(.): ARRAY OF 8 CHARACTER SITE NAMES IN FIRST SWITCHED NETWCFK SITE2 (.): ARRAY OF 8 CHARACTER SITE NAMES IN SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK SITE3 (.): ARRAY OF 8 CHARACTER SITE NAMES IN THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK AUXULIARY OUTPUTS- SITE11(.), SITE22(.), SITE33(.) SITENMI(.), SITENMS(.), SITESNI(.), NUSI LINKNM(.), LINKCO(.), LINKCOS(.), NULK SITE 11(.): SAME AS SITE 1(.) BUT ALPHANUMERICALLY SORTED SITE22(.): SAME AS SITE2(.) BUT ALPHANUMERICALLY SORTED SITE33 (.): SAME AS SITE3(.) BUT ALPHANUMERICALLY SORTED SITENMI(.): ARRAY OF 8 CHARACTER SITE NAMES OF ALL THE SITES AS THEY EXIST IN SITE MASTER FILE, RMSI SITENMS(.): SAME AS ABOVE BUT ALPHANUMERICALLY SORTEC SITESNI (.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL #S AS THEY EXIST IN THE SITE MASTER FILE, RMSI NUSI: NUMBER OF SITES IN SITE MASTER FILE LINKNM (.): ARRAY OF 5 CHARACTER LINK NAMES OF ALL THE LINKS IN THE LINK MASTER FILE, RMLK LINKCO(.): ARRAY OF 2 CHARACTER LINK CODES OF ALL THE LINKS IN THE LINK MASTER FILE, RMLK

LINKCOS(.): SAME AS ABOVE BUT ALPHANUMERICALLY

SORTED

NULK: NUMBER OF LINKS IN THE LINK MASTER

FILE \*/

PRIM: PROC OPTIONS (MAIN) ;

/\* EXTERNAL PROCEDURES \*/

DCL DECA EXT ENTRY (CHAR (9), CHAR (605) VAR, CHAR (911) VAR, CHAR (608) VAR, EIN FIXED (15,0);

DCL NEA EXT ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0), CHAR (608) VAR, EIN FIXED (15,0),);

/\* INTERNAL PROCEDURES \*/

/\* DCL CORELTSI ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0)); \*/
/\* DCL COREITSI ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0)); \*/

/\* DCL CORELTSIM ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0),,); \*/

/\* DCL SORT ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0),,,); \*/

/\* DCL PRNT ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0),...); \*

/\* DECLARATIONS FOR THE FILES AND THE IDENTIFIERS OF PROCEDURE PRIM \*/

PRIMIN INPUT FILE STREAM,
PRMCUT OUTPUT FILE PRINT STREAM,
PRMOUT1 OUTPUT FILE STREAM,
PRMCUT2 OUTPUT FILE STREAM,
PRMOUT3 OUTPUT FILE STREAM;

FILE PRIMIN CONTAINS 1. THE NUMBER AND THE DISCRIPTIONS CF IDENTIFIERS AND 2. THE "IN" STATE BYTES FILE PRMOUT CONTAINS 1. ALL THE CIRCUITS TRACED 2. THE ALPHANUMERICALLY SOFTED SITE NAMES VS SITE SERIAL NO AND LINK CODE VS LINK NAMES TABLES AND 3. THE NEXT NEIGHBOR INFORMATION FOR THE THREE SWITCHED NETWORKS UNDER CONSIDERATION FILE PEMOUT1 CONTAINS THE PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE FIRST SWITCHED NETWORK AND A TABLE CF SITE NAMES VS SITE SERIAL NOS IN THE NETWORK

```
FILE PRMOUT2 CONTAINS INFORMATION IDENTICAL AS IN FILE
       PRMCUT1 BUT FOR SECOND SWITCHED NETWORK
       FILE PRMOUTS CONTAINS INFORMATION IDENTICAL AS IN FILE
       FRMOUT1 BUT FOR THIRD SWITCHED NETWORK
%INCLUDE EXTDCL:
DCL (NUU, NUD, NUL, LINKS) BIN FIXED (15,0),
(I,J,K,1,II,III,IFL, NULK, NUSI, RFLAG) BIN FIXED (15,0),
SERVY CHAR(1) INIT('C'),
(SERVA1,SERVA2,SERVC) BIT(8) INIT('00000000'B) EXT;
DCL CKT CHA? (9) .
       LKCKT CHAR (605) VAR,
SICKT CHAR (911) VAR,
       SERIES CHAR (608) VAR;
DCL YY CHAP (3);
DCL NETW1 (150, 150) CHAR (2) INIT ((22500) (1) '00'),
(NETW2(50,50), NETW3(50,50)) CHAR(2) INIT((2500)(1)'00'),
NARY1(150) CHAR(3) INIT((150)(1)'000'),
(NARY2(50), NARY3(50)) CHAR(3) INIT((50)(1)'000');
DCL (SITE1(150), SITE11(150)) CHAR(8) INIT((150)(1)'00000000'),
       (SITE2(50), SITE22(50), SITE3(50), SITE33(50)) CHAR(8)
       INIT ((50) (1) '00000000'),

LINKNY (400) CHAR (5) INIT ((400) (1) '0000000'),

TMP2 CHAR (2) INIT ('00'),

(LINKCO (400), LINKCOS (400)) CHAR (2) INIT ((400) (1) '00');

/* MAX 400 LINKS ALLOWED IN
                                ABOVE TWO ARRAYS */
ABOVE TWO ARRAYS */
DC1 (SITENMI(400), SITENMS(400)) CHAR(8) INIT((400)(1)'0000000'),
TMP8 CHAR(8) INIT('0000000'),
SITESNI(400) CHAR(3) INIT((400)(1)'000');
/* MAX 400 SITES ALLCWED IN
ABOVE TWO ARRAYS */
        /* OPEN TOTAL FILES FOR READ ONLY ACCESS */
FUNCT = QUEST;
TASKID= 'PRIMS':
CBMOD='REBTA1';
CALL DRIC(5, );
         /* READ INPUT INFORMATION ABOUT THE
              THREE SWITCHED NETWORKS */
       GET FILE (PRIMIN) LIST (J, K, L) COPY (PRMOUT);
       /* BEGIN BLOCK WITHIN PROCEDURE PRIM */
```

SCOPE\_JKL\_FOR\_TYS: BEGIN:

```
DCL TY1(J) CHAR (3) .
         TY2 (K) CHAR (3),
         TY3(L) CHAR (3);
    GET FILE (PRIMIN) EDIT ( (TY1(I) DO I=1 TO J))
                               (COL (1), (J) A (3)) COPY (PRMOUT);
    GET FILE (PRIMIN) EDIT ((TY2 (I) DO I=1 TO K))
    (COL(1), (K) A(3)) COPY (PRMOUT);
GFT FILE (PRIMIN) EDIT ((TY3 (I) DO I=1 TO L))
                               (COL (1), (L) A(3)) COPY (PRMOUT);
    GET FILF (PRIMIN) EDIT (SERVA1) (COI(1), B(8))
                                             CCPY (PRMCUT);
    GET FILE (PRIMIN) EDIT (SERVA2) (COL(1), B(8))
                                             CCFY (FRMCUT);
                               */
FUNCT=OPENM:
STATUS=CK;
TFILES (1) = 'RMCT':
TFILES (2) = 'RMTR':
TFILES (3) = 'RMLK':
TFILES (4) = 'RMSI':
TFILES (5) = 'RVCT':
TFILES (6) = 'RVTL':
CALL DBIO (4, 1);
IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT:
     /*
/* BESET CIRCUIT-MASTER FILE */
     /*
FUNCT= RESTM;
CALL DB 10 (3,0);
     /* INITIALISATION */
II, III=7:
NUU, NUD, NUL = 0:
DO I=1 TC 157;
NETW1(I, I) = '01';
IF (I <=5") THEN NETW2 (I, I), NETW3 (I, I) = '01';
END:
     /* SERIAL READ OF CIRCUIT MASTER FILE TO DETERMINE
         ALL CIRCUITS WITHIN IT */
STATUS=OK;
CNTL: DO WHILE (STATUS -= ENDP):
     FUNCT=SEORM:
     STATUS=OK;
     FILEID= 'RMCT';
     ELMLIST = ' RMCTCTRLEND. ':
     CALL DBIC(6,1);
```

```
IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO LEXIT;
         CKT=IOAREA:
         /* SET FLAG TO 1 OR 2 OR 3 TO DETECT IF THE CIRCUIT
             BELCNGS TO ANY ONE OF THE THREE SWITCHED NETWORKS */
                                */
         YY = SUBSTR (CKT, 2, 3);
         IFL= );
         DO I=1 TO J;
          IF (YY=TY1(I)) THEN
            DO;
              IFL=1;
              GO TO FLAG_IS_SET;
            END;
          ELSE:
         END;
         DO I=1 TO K;
          IF (YY=TY2(I)) THEN
            DO;
              IFL=2;
              GO TO FLAG IS SET;
            END;
          ELSE;
         END;
         DO I=1 TO L;
          IF (YY=TY3(I)) THEN
            DO:
              IFL=3;
              GO TO FLAG_IS_SET:
            END:
          ELSE:
         END:
         FLAG_IS_SET:;
         IF (IFL=1|IFL=2|IFL=3) THEN
         /* CIRCUIT ANALYSER IS NEEDED TO TRACE THE FATH OF
            THE CIRCUIT THAT BELONGS TO ONE OF THE SPECIFIED
            SWITCHED NETWORKS */
          DO;
           CALL DECA (CKT, LKCKT, SICKT, SERIES, RFLAG);
           IF (RFLAG=1) THEN GC TO CMIT; /* OMIT CIRCUIT FOR
                                                FILE ERROR */
           SER VX = SUBSTR (SERIES, 10,1);
           SERVC=UNSPEC (SERVX) ;
PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) LIST ('SERVC=', SERVC) :
             II=LENGTH (SERIES) -14;
             LINKS=BIN (II/6, 15,0);
         /* FILL IN PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRICES
```

```
WITH LINK CODES AS ELEMENTS */
           IF (IFL= 1) THEN CALL NEA (LINKS, SERIES, NUU, NARY1, NETW1);
           IF (IFL=2) THEN CALL NEA (LINKS, SERIES, NUL, NARY2, NETW2);
           IF (IFL=3) THEN CALL NEA(LINKS, SERIES, NUD, NARY3, NETW3);
        END:
       ELSE:
       OMIT::
       END CNTL;
       LEXIT:;
              **********
 /* END OF BEGIN BLOCK WITHIN PROCEDURE PRIM */
**********
       FND SCOPE_JKL_FOR_TYS;
        /* PRINT PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRICES OF
           THREE SWITCHED NETWORKS */
           FUT FILE (PRMOUT 1) EDIT (NUU) (COL (1), F (3,0));
           DO I=1 TO NUU;
            PUT FILE (PRMOUTI) EDIT ((NETW1 (I,J) DO J=1 TO NUU))
                               (COL (1), (NUU) A(2));
           END;
FUT FILE (PRMOUT2) FDIT (NUL) (COL (1), F(3,0));
           DO I=1 TO NUL;
             PUT FILE (PRMOUT2) EDIT ((NETW2 (I, J) DO J=1 TO NUL))
                               (COL(1), (NUL) A(2));
           END;
           PUT FILE (PRMOUT3) EDIT (NUD) (COL (1), F (3, 1));
           DO I=1 TO NUD;
            PUT FILE (PRMOUTS) EDIT ((NETWS (I,J) DO J= 1 TC NUD))
                               (COL(1), (NUD) A(2));
           END;
        /* CORRELATE SITE NAMES WITH SITE SERIAL #S */
          IN MASTER FILE */
           CALL CORELTSI (NUSI) ;
```

```
/* CORRELATE LINK NAMES WITH LINK CODES */
  IN MASTER FILE */
   CALL CCRELTIK (NULK);
/* PRINT SITE NAMES VS SITE SERIAL NOS. AND
         LINK CODES VS LINK NAMES TABLES
         AFTER SORTINGS */
   PUT PAGE FILE (PRMOUT);
   PUT SKIP (2) FILE (PRMOUT);
   PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT)
       EDIT ('SITE NAME -- SITE SERIAL NO')
        (COL (40), A (25));
   PUT SKIP (1) FILE (PRMOUT);
   CALL SCRT (NUSI, SITENMI, SITENMS, TMP8);
     DC I=1 TO NUSI:
       DO J=1 TO NUSI;
         IF (SITENMS (I) = SITENMI (J)) THEN
         PUT FILE (PRMOUT) EDIT (SITENMS (I),
          SITESNI(J)) (COL(41), A(8), X(8), A(3));
       END;
     END;
   FUT PAGE FILE (PRMOUT);
   PUT SKIP (2) FILE (PRMOUT);
   PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT)
       EDIT ('LINK CODE--LINK NAME')
        (COL (43), A (20));
   PUT SKIP(1) FILE (PRMCUT);
   CAIL SORT (NULK, LINKCO, LINKCOS, TMP2);
     DC I=1 TC NULK;
        DO J=1 10 NULK;
          IF (LINKCOS (I) = LINK CO (J)) THEN
          PUT FILE (PRMOUT) EDIT (LINKCOS (I)
          LINKNM(J)) (COL(43), A(2), X(8), A(5));
        END;
     END;
/* CORRELATE SITE NAMES WITH SITE SERIAL #S IN
   THE THREE SWITCHED NETWORKS */
   CALL CCRELTSIM (NUU, NARY 1, SITE 1) :
```

```
CALL COPFLTSIM (NUL, NARY 2, SITE2);
      CALL CORELISIM (NUD, NARY3, SITE3);
      FRINT SITE NAMES VS SITE SERIAL #S IN THE
      THREE SWITCHED NETWORKS */
      DO I=1 TO NUU;
         FUT FILE (PRMOUT 1) EDIT (SITE 1 (I), NARY 1 (I))
              (COL(5), A(8), X(2), A(3));
      DO I=1 TO NUL;
        PUT FILE (PRMOUT2) FDIT (SITE2 (I), NARY2 (I))
              (COL (5), A (8), X (2), A (3)):
      END:
      DO I=1 TO NUD:
        FUT FILE (PRMOUTS) EDIT (SITES (I), NARYS (I))
              (COL(5), \Lambda(8), X(2), \Lambda(3)):
      END:
   /* CREATE ALPHANUMERICALLY SCRIED ABRAYS OF SITE NAMES
      IN THE THREE SWITCHED NETWORKS */
      CALL SORT(NUU, SITE1, SITE11, TMP8);
      CAIL SCRT (NUL, SITE2, SITE22, TMP8);
      CALL SORT (NUD, SITE3, SITE33, TMP8);
   /* */
/* PRINT NEXT NEIGHBOUR INFORMATION CONTAINED IN
       THE THREE PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRICES */
       FUT PAGE FILE (PRMOUT);
      PUT SKIP (3) FILE (PRMOUT);
       PUT SKIP FILT (PEMOUT) EDIT ('AUTCVCN') (CCL (47), A(7));
      FUT SKIP (2) FILE (PRMOUT);
CALL PRNT (NUU, NETW1, SITE 1, SITE 11, NARY 1);
      PUT PAGE FILE (PEMOUT);
      PUT SKIP(3) FILF(PRMOUT);
PUT SKIP FILE(PRMOUT) EDIT('AUTODIN') (COL(47), A(7));
      PUT SKIP (2) FILE (PRMOUT):
CALL FRAT (NUL, NETW2, SITE2, SITE22, NARY2);
       FUT SKIP (3) FILE (PRMCUT);
      PUT PAGE FILE (PRMOUT) ;
      PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) EDIT ('AUTOSECOCOM')
```

```
(COL (45), A(11));
           PUT SKIP (2) FILE (PRMOUT);
     CALL FRAT (NUD, NETW3, SITE3, SITE33, NARY3);
/* BEGIN INTERNAL PROCEDURES OF PROCEDURE PRIM */
     /* PROCEDURE CORELTSI */
   CORELTSI : PROC (NSITE);
             DCL NSITE BIN FIXED (15,0);
            DCI 1 MAST SITE,
2 MSICTPL CHAR(11),
                   2 MSINUMB CHAR(3);
            DCL MASTER_SITE CHAR (14) DEF MAST_SITE;
        /* RESET SITE MASTER FILE */
            FUNCT = RESTM:
            CALL DBIO (3, 1);
        /* SERIAL READ OF CIRCUIT MASTER FILE TO PULL
           OUT SITE NAMES AND CORRESPONDING SITE #S */
            STATUS=CK;
            NSITE=0:
            SITE_READ: DO WHILF (STATUS -= ENDP);
                       FUNCT = SEQRM;
                       STATUS=OK;
                       FILEID = 'RMSI':
                       ELMLIST = 'RMSICTPLRMSINUMBEND.';
                       CALL DBIO (6,1);
                       IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT1;
                       MASTER_SITE=IOAREA;
                       NSI TE = N SI TE + 1:
                       SITENMI (NSITE) = SUBSTR (MSICTRL, 1, 8);
                       SITESNI (NSITE) = MSINUMB;
                       END SITE READ:
             EXIT1::
             END CORELISI:
     /* PROCEDURE CORELTLK */
   CORELTLK: PRCC (NLINK):
```

```
DCL NLINK BIN FIXED (15,0);
         OCL 1 MAST_LINK,
2 MLKCT BL CHAR(5),
                2 MLKCODE CHAR (2);
         DCL MASTER_LINK CHAR (7) DEF MAST_LINK:
     /* RESET LINK MASTER FILE */
          FUNCT=RESTM:
          CALL DBIO (3,0):
     /* SERIAL FEAR OF LINK MASTER FILE TO PULL OUT
         LINK NAMES CORRESPONDING TO LINK CODES */
         STATUS=OK:
         NIINK=0:
         LINK_READ: DO WHILE (STATUS -= ENDP);
                    FUNCT = SEQRM;
                    STATUS=OK:
                    FILEID= 'RMLK':
                    ELMLIST = 'RMLKCTHIRMLKCCDEEND. ':
                    CALL DBIO (6, 1);
                    IF (STATUS-=CK) THEN GO TO EXIT2:
                    MASTER LINK = ICAREA:
                    NLINK = NLINK + 1;
                    LINKNM (NLINK) = MIKCTRI;
                    LINKCC (NLINK) = MLKCODE:
                    END LINK_READ:
         EXIT2::
         END CORELILK:
 /* PROCEDURE CORELISIM */
CORELTSIM: PROC (NU, TNARY, TSITE) :
           DCL NU BIN FIXED (15,0),
               TNARY (*) CHAR(3), TSITE(*) CHAR(8);
           DO I=1 TO NU;
             DO J=1 TO NUSI:
             IF (TNARY(I) = SITESNI(J)) THEN
                 ISITE (I) = SITENMI (J) :
                 GC TO EXTLOC:
               END;
             ELSE;
             END;
           EXTLOG: ;
           END;
          END CORELISIM;
```

```
PRNT: PROC (NENODE, TNET, TSITE, TTSITE, TNARY);
DCL ILK BIN FIXED (15,0),
          (INDXS (15°), INDXO (15°), INDXL (15°)) BIN FIXED (15,0)
                                                    INIT((150)0),
          XTMP CHAR(2);
      DCL NENODE BIN FIXED (15,0),
          TNET (*, *) CHAF (2), (TSITE (*), TTSITE (*)) CHAF (8),
          TNARY (*) CHAR (3);
      DO I= 1 TO N FNODE:
        DC J=1 TC NENODE;
        IF (TTSITE (I) = TSITE (J)) THEN
             INDXO (I) = J:
            GC TO EXTLD:
          END:
        ELSE:
        END:
     EXTLO:;
     END;
PUT SKIP (2) FILE (PRMOUT);
PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) LIST (TSITE);
PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) LIST (TTSITE);
PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) LIST (TNARY);
PUT SKIP (2) FILE (PRMOUT);
     DO L=1 TO NENODE;
     ILK=0:
      I = INDXO (L);
        DC J= 1 TC NENGDE:
        IF ((TNET(I, J) = '00') | (TNET(I, J) = '01')) THEN GO TO EXTL1:
        XIMP=INET(I,J):
        ILK=ILK+1;
        INDXS(ILK) =J;
          DC K= 1 TO NULK;
          IF (XTMP=LINKCO(K)) THEN
            DO;
               INDXL (ILK) = K;
               GC TO EXTL1:
             END:
          ELSE;
          END:
        EXTL1::
        END;
        II=INDXL(1);
        III = INDXS(1);
        PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT)
             EDIT (TSITE (I), '(', T N A RY (I), '): ', L INK N M (II), '(', L IN K CO (II)
                 ,')-', TSITE (III),'(',TNARY(III),')')
             (COL(31), A(8), A(1), A(3), A(2), A(5), A(1), A(2), A(2), A(8),
```

/\* PROCEDUPE PRNT \*/

A(1), A(3), A(1));

```
DC K=2 TO ILK:
       II=INDXI(K);
       III = INDXS(K);
       FUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT)
           EDIT (LINKNM (II) , ' (', LINKCO (II) , ') -', TSITE (III) ,
            '(', TN ARY(III),')')
            (COL (45), A(5), A(1), A(2), A(2), A(8), A(1), A(3), A(1));
       END:
PUT SKIP FILE (PSMCUT);
     EN D;
     END PRNT:
      /* PROCEDURE SCRT */
SCRT: PRCC(N, XIN, XOUT, TMP);
     DCL (XIN (*), XOUT (*), TMP) CHAR (*),
     (M,N,I,J) BIN FIXED (15,0);
DC I=1 TO N;
       XOUT(I) = XIN(I):
     END;
        /* MODIFIED SHELL SORT LOGIC */
        1*
     M=1;
     S1: DO I=1 TO N WHILE (M<N);
        Y = M + M :
        END S1:
     M=M-1;
     BACK:;
          M = M/2;
     S2: DO J=1 TO N-M:
        TMP=XOUT (J+M);
        S3: DO I=J TO 1 BY -M;
IF (XOUT(I) <= TMP) THEN GC TO NEXT;
           XCUT (I+M) = X CUT (I);
           END 53;
        NEXT::
             XOUT(I+M) = IMP;
        END S2;
     IF (M>1) THEN GO TO BACK:
     END SORT:
/************************
     /* END INTERNAL PROCEDURES OF PROCEDURE PRIM */
/*****************
```

FXIT::

```
/* CLOSE FILES */
          CLOSE FILE (PRIMIN);
          CLOSE FILE (PRMOUT) ;
          CLOSE FILE (FRMCUT1);
          CLOSE FILE (PRMOUT 2);
          CLOSE FILE (PRMOUT3):
          FUNCT=CLCSM;
          STATUS=OK;
          CALL DETO(4,0):
         /* SIGN OFF THE TASK */
          FUNCT = DEOUE:
          TASKID= 'PRIMS';
          CALL DBIO (4,0);
     END PRIM:
*PROCESS:
  /* BEGIN FIRST EXTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE PRIM */
  /*********************
         /* CIRCUIT ANALYSER PROGRAM */
            THIS PROCEDURE, UPON GATHERING INFORMATION ABOUT A GIVEN
             CIRCUIT FROM THE FILE, DETERMINES THE LINK (S) AND SITES
             (ALONG WITH THEIR IN/OUT FLAGS) WHICH CONSTITUTE IT */
          /* INPUTS - (FILE), CKT */
                    (FILE): THIS REFERS TO ALL USER DEFINED TOTAL
                            FILES INCLUDING:
                             MASTER FILES: RMCT, RMTR, RMLK, RMSI
                                        AND
                             VARIABLE FILES: RVCT, RVTL
                       CKT: CIRCUIT CCSD# (9 CHARACTERS)
          /* OUTFUTS- IKCKT, SICKI, SERIES, RFLAG */
          1*
                     IKCKT: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING CCSD#
                            AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS BEADER FOLLOWED BY THE NAMES OF THE LINKS
                            TRAVERSED ALONG WITH THEIR INJOUT FLAGS
                            AND A SPECIAL CHARACTER, & AS TRAILER
                             ( 605 CHARACTERS FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED
```

99 LINKS ON THE CIRCUIT PATH )

EXAMPLE:

CCSD#FLINK1FLINK2F-----LINK99Fa

SICKT: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING CCSD#
AND CIRCUIT IN/OUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER
FOLLOWED BY THE NAMES OF THE SITES
TRAVERSED ALONG WITH THEIR IN/OUT FLAGS
AND A SPECIAL CHARACTER, & AS TRAILER
( 911 CHARACTERS FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED
104 SITES ON THE CIRCUIT PATH )

EXAMPLE:

CCSD# FSITE1FSITE2F-----SITE100Fa

SERIES: A STRING OF CHARACTERS CONTAINING CCSD#
AND CIRCUIT IN/CUT FLAG (F) AS HEADER
FOLLOWED BY THE SITE SERIAL #S OF THE SITES
, THE LINK CODES AND THE IN/CUT FLAGS OF
THE LINKS TRAVERSET AND A SPECIAL
CHARACTER, & AS TRAILER (618 CHARACTERS
FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWED 99 LINKS AND 100
SITES)

EXAMPLE:

CC SD #F SITE NO 1LINKCODE 1F ---- LINK CODE 99F SITENO 100a

RFLAG: A FLAG (BIN FIXED(15,J)) WHICH IS SET TO 1 FROM ITS INITIAL VALUE 0 FOR FILE ERROR

/\*\*\* NOTES \*\*\*/

\* AN EXIT IS TAKEN OUT OF THE PROCEDURE WITHOUT ERROR MESSAGES FOR TOTAL PETURNED STATUS-OK

EXIT IS ALSO TAKEN OUT OF THE PROCEDURE WITH ERROR MESSAGES FOR ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. IF THE TRUNK SEGMENT END SITES, AS GIVEN IN VARIABLE FILE, RVCT, ARE NCT FCUND IN VARIABLE FILE, RVTL ( THIS COULD BE CAUSED BY IMPROPER ORDER OF LINKS IN EVTL)
- 2. IF THE TRUNK SEGMENT END SITES ARE THE SAME

```
3. IF CONTROL KEY FOR EITHER THE SITE OR THE
            LINK ON THE CIRCUIT PATH IS IN FRROR */
/******************************
DECA: PROC (CKT, LKCKT, SICKT, SERIES, RFLAG) ;
      /*********
      /* PROCEDUFE CALLED BY PROCEDURE DECA */
      /* INTERNAL PROCEDURE */
    DCL FIND ENTRY (CHAR (8), CHAR (5)); */
    DCL FLAGS ENTRY (CHAR (1), CHAR (5)); */
      /* DECLARATIONS FOR THE FILE AND THE
         IDENTIFIERS OF PROCEDURE DECA */
    DCL PRMCUI OUTPUT FILE PRINT STREAM;
    %INCLUDE EXTDCL;
     DCL (TMPFRLC(5), TMP TOLC (50), TMPSXX (50)) CHAR(8),
         (TMPLINK (49), TMFLXX (49)) CHAR (5);
     DCL CKT CHAR (9) ,
        LKCKT CHAR (6°5) VAR,
                                   /* MAX 99 LINKS & 100 SITES */
        SICKT CHAR (911) VAR,
        SERIES CHAR (678) VAR,
        PR (2) CHAR (4) .
         (I,J,K,L,II,JJ,KK,IL,LLL,FLGG,RFLAG) EIN FIXED (15,0),
         (TMPSFXX, IMPSTXX, IMPRF, IMPRI, IMPR8) CHAB(8),
         (SFR,STG) CHAR(9),
        LFR CHAR (6),
        LXT CHAR(2),
         (FRFI, TOFI, LKFI) CHAF(1),
         (FRFL5, TOFL5, LKFL5) CHAR (5),
         (LLFB, TMF5) CHAR(5),
         (SSFR, SSTO) CHAF (8),
        FISITE CHAR(8),
         (SREE, SRTO) CHAR(3),
        SLSS CHAF (52);
     DCL 1 MAST_CIRCUIT,
          2 MCTFLAG CHAF(1),
          2 MCTFPLC CHAR (8) ,
          2 MCTFFAC CHAR(3),
          2 MCTIOLC CHAR(8),
          2 MCTTFAC CHAR(3):
```

```
DCL MASTER_CIRCUIT CHAR (23) DEFINED MAST_CIRCUIT; DCL 1 VARI_CTS,
            2 VCTSCCNTROL CHAR (7),
            2 VCTSSITE CHAR (11),
            2 VCTSSITT CHAR (8);
     DCL VARIABLE CTS CHAR (26) DEFINED VARI CTS;
     DCL 1 VARI_TLS.
            2 VTLSLINK CHAR (5),
            2 VILSSITE CHAR (11),
            2 VILSSITT CHAR(8);
     DCL VARIABLE_TLS CHAR (24) DEFINED VARI_TLS:
     DCL 1 MAST_LINK,
            2 MLKFLAG CHAF(1),
     2 MLKCODE CHAR (2);
DCL MASTER_LINK CHAR (3) DEFINED MAST_LINK;
     DCL 1 MAST_SITE,
2 MSIFLAG CHAF(1),
     2 MSINUMB CHAR(3);
DCL MASTER_SITE CHAR(4) DEFINED MAST_SITE;
                   /* INITIALISE FILE ERROR FLAG */
     RF LAG=0:
                                   */
           /* READ A RECORD CORRESPONDING TO THE SPECIFIFD
              CIRCUIT FROM THE CIRCUIT MASTER FILE */
     FUNCT=READM;
     STATUS = OK;
     FILEID= 'RMCT':
     CONTROL = CKT:
     ELMLIST= 'RMCTFLAGRMCTFBLCRMCTFFACRMCTTOLCRMCTTFACEND.';
     CALL DBIO (7,1);
     IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT;
     MASTER_CIRCUIT=IOARFA;
     LKCKT, SICKT, SERIES=CKT | MCTFLAG; /* CCSD# AND I/C FLAG ADDED */
           /* LINKAGE PATH TO CIRCUIT-TRUNK-SITE VARIABLE FILE-
              TO DETERMINE ALL TRUNKS CONTAINING THE
              CHOSEN CIRCUIT */
     RR ( 1) = ' LKCT';
     FLGG= :
     TMPSFXX=IMPSTXX=(8)'':
   /****
            BEGIN LOOP FOR THE CIFCUIT ****/
CIRCT: DC WHILE (RR(1) -= EN TP): /* LOOP FOR FINDING ALL TRUNKS
                                     IN THE GIVEN CIRCUIT */
     LL, LLL =0;
     DO I=1 TO 57;
       TMPFRLC(I), TMPIOLC(I), TMPSXX(I) = (8) '0':
       IF (I<= 49) THEN TMPLINK(I), IMPLXX(I) = (5) '0';
```

```
END:
     TMPFF=TMFSFXX:
     TMPRT=TMPSTXX:
     REFER= RR (1):
     FUNCT=READV;
     STATUS= CK;
     FILEID='RVCT':
     LKPATH= 'RMCTLKCT';
     CONTROL = CKT;
                       /* SAME AS BEFORE */
     ELMLIST= 'RVCT BMT BBV CT RMS IRV GTT OLCEND. ';
     CALL DBIO (9, 1);
     IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT:
     VARIABLE_CTS=IOAREA;
     TMPSFXX = SUBSTR (VCISSITE, 1,8);
     IMPSTXX=VCTSSITT:
                                  */
          /* SWITCH THE END SITES OF THE TRUNK
             SEGMENT (IF NEEDED)
     IF (FLGG=1) THEN
       DO;
         FLGG=1:
         GO TO NO CHECK;
       END;
     ELSE;
     IF (IMPRT=TMFSFXX) THEN GO TO CHANGE_EXIT:
     IF (TMPRT=TMPSTXX) THEN
       DO;
        TMPR8=TMPSFXX:
         TMPSFXX=IMPSIXX;
         IMPSIXX=IMPR8;
        GO TO CHANGE_EXIT;
       END;
     FLSE:
     CHANGE EXIT::
     NO_CHECK:;
     IF (REFER=ENDP) THEN GO TO DES: /* ALL TRUNKS FINISHED */
     RR (1) = REFER;
          /* LINKAGE PATH TO TRUNK-LINK-SITE VARIABLE FILE-
             TO DETERMINE THE LINK(S) IN THE CHOSEN TRUNK
             TO WHICH THE SPECIFIED CIRCUIT BELONGS
             AND THE SITES TRAVERSED */
     RR (2) = 'LKTL';
           BEGIN LOOP FOR A TRUNK
                                     ****/
TRUNK: DO WHILE (RR (2) -= EN DP); /* LOOP FOR FINDING ALL SITES AND
                                   LINKS IN A GIVEN TRUNK */
     RFFER=RR (2):
     FUNCT= READV:
```

```
STATUS=OK:
FILFID= 'RVTL';
LKFATH = 'RMTBLKTL';
CONTROL = VCTSCONTROL;
ELMLIST = 'RVTLEMLKRVTLEMS IRVTLTOLCEND.';
CALL DBIO (9, 1):
IF (STATUS-=OK) THEN GO TO EXIT:
VARIABLE_TLS=ICAREA;
      /* CREATE ARRAYS OF FROM AND TO SITES AND LINKS
         IN THE CHOSEN TRUNK */
LL=LL+1;
TMPFRLC(IL) = SUBSTR(VTLSSITF, 1,8);
TMPTOLC (LL) = VTLSSITT;
TMPLINK (LL) = VILSLINK;
IF (LL>=2) THEN
  DO:
        ((TMEFRIC (LL)=TMPFRIC(LL-1)) &
         (IMPTOLC(LL) = TMPTOLC(LL-1))) THEN
       DO:
         TAPFREC (LL) , TMPTOLC (LL) = (8) '0';
         TMPLINK (IL) = (5) '0';
         LL=LL-1;
       END:
     ELSE;
  FND:
ELSE:
RE(2) = RFFEB;
 END TRUNK:
      END LOOP FOR A TRUNK
                                ****/
/****
      /* SORT ABOVE ARRAYS TO DETERMINE THE LINKS AND
          SITES TRAVERSED IN THE CHCSEN TRUNK BY THE
         GIVEN CIRCUIT. */
   DO:
     II, JJ, KK, K = 0;
     LLL= LL:
      /* CREATE ARRAYS OF SITES AND LINKS IN THE TRUNK
          WHICH ARE COMMON TO BOTH THE CIRCUIT AND THE TRUNK */
     TMPFBLC (LLL+1) = TMPTOLC (LLL) ;
     DE1:DO I=1 TO LLL+1;
IF (TMPFRLC(I)=TMPSFXX) THEN JJ=I;
          IF (TMPFRLC (I) = TMPSTXX) THEN KK=I;
         END DE1;
     IF ((JJ= ) | (KK= )) THEN
       DO:
```

```
RFL AG = 1;
    PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT)
        EDIT( ** ERROR TRUNK= , VCISCENTROL, CIRCUIT= , CKT)
            (COL(2), A(15), A(7), (2) A(9));
          GO TO EXIT:
  END:
ELSE:
IF (JJ=KK) THEN
  DO;
     RFIAG=1:
     PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) EDIT ( ** ERRCR= .,
              VCTSCONTECL) (COL (2), A (9), A (7));
                      /* NO ADD ACTION ON DEFAULT */
  END;
ELSE;
IF (KK>JJ) THEN
 /* TRUNK AND CIRCUIT DIRECTION IS IDENTICAL */
 /*
  DO;
    II=1;
    LLL=KK-JJ:
    DE2:DO I=JJ TO KK:
        K = K + 1;
        TMPSXX (K) = TMFFFLC(I);
        IF (I<KK) THEN IMPLXX(K) = TMFIINK(I);
        END DE2;
    GO TO DE4:
  END:
ELSE:
IF (JJ>KK) THEN
 /* TRUNK AND CIRCUIT DIRECTIONS ARE NOT IDENTICAL */
 DO;
    II=2;
    LLL=JJ-KK;
    DE3:DO I=JJ TO KK BY -1;
        K = K + 1;
        TMPSXX(K) = TMPFRLC(I);
        IF (I<JJ) THEN IMPLXX(K-1) = TMPLINK(I);
        END DE3;
    GO TO DE4;
  END:
ELSE:
DE4:;
FISITE=TMPSXX(K): /* SAVE FINAL SITE */
 /* FEAD RECORDS IN THE SITE AND LINK MASTER FILES
    TO DETERMINE IN/OUT FLAGS, LINK CODES AND SITE
    SERIAL #S */
```

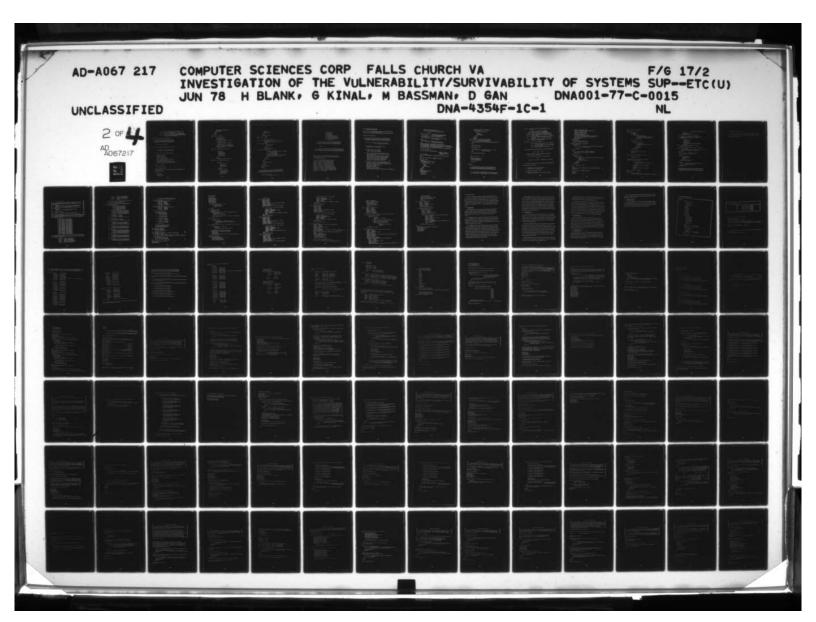
```
DE5: DO J=1 TC LLL:
            CALL FIND (TMPSXX(J), TMPIXX(J)):
            END DE5:
      END:
      DE7:;
    END CIRCT:
   /**** END LOOP FOR THE CIRCUIT
    r E8::
         /* ADD FINAL SITE */
    FUNCT=READM:
    STATUS=CK:
    FILFID= RMSI:
    CONTROL=FISITE;
    IF (CONTROL = (8) '0') THEN
      DC:
        RFLAG=1:
        PUT SKIP FILE (FRMOUT)
            FOIT ( ** ERROR IN FINAL SITE FOR CIRCUIT', CKT)
             (COL(2), A(35), A(9));
        GO TC EXIT:
      END:
    ELSE:
    ELMLIST = 'RMSIFLAGRMSINUMBEND.';
    CALL DBIC(7,1);
    IF (STATUS -= OK) THEN GO TO EXIT:
    MASTER_SITE=IOARFA:
    SICKT=SICKT||FISITE||MSIFLAG; /* SITE & I/O FLAG ADDED */
    SERIES = SERIES | | MSINUMB;
    LKCKT=LKCKT||'@';
    SICKT=SICKT||'D';
    SERIES=SERIES | 1 'a';
PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) LIST (SERIES):
             SORT CIRCUIT DATA FOR OUTPUT FORMAT.
             NOTE: THIS PORTION OF THE CODE THAT
                    FCLLCWS FROM HERF TILL THE BEGIN
                    INTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE
                    DECA CAN BE OMITTED. IT IS THERE
                    ONLY FOR THE DEBUGGING AID IN ANY
                    FUTURE TROUBLE SC THAT A COMPLETE
                    CIRCUIT PATH CAN BE IRACED IN TERMS
                    OF LINKS TRAVERSED
     II = LENGTH (LKCKT) - 11;
     II=BIN (II/6, 15, 0);
     DO KK = 1 TO II:
```

```
I = 11 + 6 * (KK - 1):
   J=11+9*(KK-1):
  K = 11 + 6 * (KK - 1);
   L=14+6*(KK-1);
  LFR=SUBSTR (LKCKT, I,6);
   SFR=SUBSTR(SICKT, J, 9);
   LLFR=SUBSTF(LFR,1,5):
  LKFL = SUBSIR (LFR, 6, 1) ;
  CALL FLAGS (LKFL, LKFL5);
   SSFR=SUBSTF(SFR, 1,8):
   FRFL=SUBSTR (SFR,9,1);
  CALL FLAGS (FRFL, FRFL5);
  SRFR = SUBSIR (SERIES, K, 3);
  LYT=SUBSTF (SERIES, L, 2);
  J = 11 + 9 * KK:
  K=11+6 *KK;
  STO = SUBSTR (SICKT, J, 9):
  SSTO=SUBSTR(STC, 1,8);
   IOFL=SUBSTR (STO,9,1);
  CALL FLAGS (TOFL, TOFL5);
  SRTO = SUBSTR (SERIES, K, 3);
  SLSS=SSFF11'('||SRFR||')'||FRFL5||'-'||LLFR||'('||LXT||')'
        END:
/* BEGIN INTERNAL PROCEDURES OF PROCEDURE DECA */
FIND: PROC(FISITE, FILINK);
     DCL FISITE CHAR (8), FILINK CHAR (5);
     FUNCT = READM:
     STATUS= CK:
     FILTID='RMSI':
     CONTROL=FISITE:
     IF (CONTROL = (8) 'O') THEN
      DC:
        RFLAG=1:
        FUT SKIP FILE (PEMOUT) ECIT ( ** ERROR TRUNK = . ,
            VCTSCONTROL) (COL(2), A(15), A(7));
        GO TO EXIT:
      END:
     FLSF:
     ELMLIST = 'SMSIFL AGRMS INUMBEND. ':
```

```
IF (STATUS - = OK) THEN GO TO EXIT;
         MASTER_SITE=IOAREA:
        SICKT = SICKT | | FISITE | | MSIFLAG; /* SITE ADDED */
        STATUS= CK:
        FILEID= 'PMLK':
        CCNTROL=FILINK;
        IF (CONTROL = (5) ' ) THEN
             RFLAG=1;
             PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT) ECIT (*** ERROR TRUNK=*,
                  VCISCONTROL) (COL(2), A(15), A(7));
             GO TO EXIT:
           END:
         ELSE;
         ELMLIST = 'BMLKFLAGRMLKCOLEENL.';
         CALL DBIO (7,1);
        IF (STATUS-=OK) THEN GO TO EXIT:
         MASTER_LINK=ICABEA;
         LKCKT=LKCKT] | FILINK | MLKFLAG: /* LINK ADDED */
         SERIES=SERIES | | MSINUMB | | MLK CCDE | | MLK FL AG; /* SITE, LINK CODE
                                                           LINK FLAG ADDED */
         END FIND:
          /* FROCEDURE FLAGS */
/* NOTE- ALL THE CHARACTERS USED IN CHAR5 EXCEPT CHARACTER "A" HAVE THE FOLLOWING MEANINGS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE CHARACTER
          POSITIONS
            A= '11700001'E: "IN" (AVAILABLE) STATE
            S= 000010000 B: SATELLITE LINK CUTAGE
            M= '000031300'E: MHD
            J= 100000100 E: JAMMING
            B= '000000111'B: BLAST
            E= 100000011 B: EMP
  FLAGS: PROC (CHAR1, CHAR5);
         DCL CHAR 1 CHAR (1), CHAR 5 CHAR (5),
             BIT8 BIT (8);
         CHAR5='SMJBE';
         BITS=UNSFEC (CHAR1);
         IF (BIT8= ('Outron'B)) THEN
             CHARS='AAAAA';
             G) TO XIT:
           END;
         ELSE:
         DO I=4 TO 8;
```

CALL DBIG (7,1);

```
IF (SUBSTR (BIT8,I,1)='('B) THEN SUBSTR (CHAR5, I-3, 1) ='A';
       END:
        XIT:;
        FND FLAGS:
    /*****************
    /* END INTERNAL PROCEDURES OF PROCEDURE DECA */
     EXIT::
    END DECA:
 /* FND FIRST EXTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE PRIM */
 *PROCESS:
 /********************************
  /* BEGIN SECOND EXTERNAL ERCCEDUAR OF FROCEDURE FRIM */
 /* NETWORK ADDER PROGRAM */
        1*
        /* THIS PROCEDURE UPON RECEIVING INFORMATION
           ABOUT A CIRCUIT FROM PROCEDURE DECA
           ADDS SITE(S) AND LINK(S) TO THE SPECIFIED
           INPUT NETWORK PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX */
        /* INPUTS- LINKS, SERIES, MNDS, LNDS(.), NET(.,.),
                 SERVA1, SERVA2
                 LINKS: NUMBER OF LINKS TRAVERSED BY THE CIRCUIT
                SERIES: SAME AS DEFINED IN PROCEDURE DECA
                  MNDS: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE NETWORK AT THE
                       START OF PROCEDURE NEA
                LNDS(.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SPRIAL . IN
                       THE NETWORK AT THE START OF PROCEDURE WAS
               NET(.,.): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE METALES
                       AT THE START OF PROCEDURE NEA
                SERVA1: SAME AS DEFINED IN MAIN PROCEDURE
                SERVA2: SAME AS DEFINED IN MAIN PROCEDURE
        /* CUTEUTS - MNDS, LNDS (.), NFT (.,.) */
```



```
MNES: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE NETWORK AT THE
                       END OF PROCECURE NEA
              INDS (.): ARRAY OF 3 CHARACTER SITE SERIAL #S IN
                       THE NETWORK AT THE END OF PROCEDURE NEA
             NET(...): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATERX OF THE NETWORK
                       AT THE END OF PROCEDURE NEA
NEA: PROC(LINKS, SERIES, MNDS, LNDS, NET);
   /* PROCEDURE CALLED BY FROCEDURE NEA */
   /* INTERNAL PROCEDURE */
    DCL INDX_INFORM ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0)); */
       /* DECLARATIONS FOR THE FILE AND THE
          IDENTIFIERS OF PROCEDURE NEA */
    DCI PRMCUT OUTPUT FILE PRINT STREAM:
    DCL NET (*,*) CHAR (2),
       LNDS(*) CHAR(3),
        (XX, XXN) CHAR(2),
        SERIES CHAR (608) VAR,
       CHARF CHAP (1) INIT ('0'),
CHARFB BIT (8) INIT ('00000000'B),
        (SERVC, SERVA1, SERVA2) BIT (8) FXT,
        (271, ZZ2, ZZF, ZZT) CHAR (3),
        (I,J,II,JJ,KK,LL,LINKS) BIN FIXED (15,3),
        (MNDS, NF, NT, MFLAG) EIN FIXED (15,0);
   R2: DO I=1 TO LINKS;
       CALL INDX_INFORM(I);
    CHARFB= UNSPEC (CHARF);
    IF (CHARFB = ('00000000'B) | CHARFB = SERVA1 | CHARFE = SERVA2) THEN
    LINK_ADD_LCCF:DC;
    IF (MNDS=0) THEN
     DO;
        NF=MNDS+1;
       NT=NF+1;
       LNDS (NF) = ZZ1;
       LNDS (NT) =722;
```

```
NET (NF, NT) , NET (NT, NF) = XX;
         MNDS=MNDS+2:
         GO TO RR 3;
      END;
      ELSE:
      R1:DO;
/* SEARCH FOR SITES */
          ZZF=ZZ1; ZZT=ZZ2;
          NF, NT, MFLAG= 1;
          R3:DC J=1 TO MNDS;
             IF (ZZF=LNDS(J)) THEN NF=J;
              END R3;
          R4: DO J=1 TO MNDS;
             IF (ZZT=LNDS(J)) THEN NT=J;
             END R4;
          IF ((NF \rightarrow = 0) & (NT = 0)) THEN MFIAG=1;
          IF ((NF=0) & (NT ==0)) THEN MFLAG=2;
          IF ((NF =0) & (NT =0)) THEN MFLAG=3:
          IF (MFLAG=0) THEN
/* NO OLD SITE (ADD A NEW LINK) */
/*
               NF= MNDS+1;
               NT, MNDS=NF+1;
               LNDS (NF) = ZZF;
              LNDS (NT) = ZZT:
               NET (NF, NT) = XX;
               GO TO RR1;
            END;
          ELSE;
          IF ((MFLAG=1))(MFLAG=2)) THEN
                   */
/* ONE OLD SITE (ADD A NEW LINK) */
              IF (MFLAG= 1) THEN
                 DO;
                   NT = MNDS +1:
                   MNDS=MNDS+1;
                   LNDS (NT) = ZZT;
                 END;
               ELSE:
               IF (MFLAG=2) THEN
                 DO;
                   NF=NT: NT=MNDS+1;
                   ZZF=ZZ2:ZZT=ZZ1:
                   MNDS = MNDS+1:
                   LNDS (NT) = ZZT:
                 END:
```

```
ELSE:
            NET (NF, NT) = XX;
              GO TO RR1;
            END;
          ELSE;
          IF (MFLAG= 3) THEN
/* BOTH CLD SITES */
            DO:
/* CHECK IF LINK ALREADY EXISTS */
              XXN= NET (NF, NT):
              IF (XXN='00') THEN XXN=NET(NT, NF);
IF (XXN='00') THEN
/* ADD A NEW LINK */
                00:
                   NET (NF, NT) = XX;
                   GO TO RR1:
                 END:
              ELSE:
IF (XXN-=XX) THEN

/* MULTIPLE LINK FOUND */
                DO;
                   PUT SKIP FILE (FRMOUT)
                   EDIT ('MULTIPLE LINKS BETWEEN ', LNDS (NF),
                        ' & ', LNDS (NT))
                   (COL(1), A(23), (3) A(3));
                   PUT SKIP FILE (PRMOUT)
                   EDIT ( OLD LINK = ', XXN, ' TST LINK = ', XX)
                   (COL (1), A (9), A (2), A (10), A (2));
                 END:
              ELSE:
              GC TO BR2:
            END:
          ELSE:
          3R1:;
               NET (NT, NF) = XX;
          RR2::
         END R1:
          RP3::
     END LINK_ADD_LOOP;
      ELSE:
        END R2:
/* BEGIN INTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE NEA */
/****************
      INDX_INFORM: PROC (N);
                   DCL N BIN FIXED (16,0);
```

```
II=11+6*(N-1):
                      JJ=11+6*N:
                      KK=14+6* (N-1);
                      LL = 16 + 6 * (N-1);
                      ZZ1=SUBSTR(SERIES,II,3);
                      ZZ 2=SUBST R (SERIES, JJ, 3);
                      XX=SUBSTR (SERIES, KK, 2);
                      CHARF = SUBSTR (SERIES, LL, 1);
                      ENT INDX_INFORM;
     /* END INTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE NEA */
      /****************
         END NEA:
  /************************************
   /* END SECOND EXTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE PRIM */
   ************
//LKED.SYSLMOD DD DSN=TOTAL.DBLIB (PRIMS),DISF=SHR
//IKED.DBIC DD DSN=SYS9.TCTAL. LINKLIB4, DISP=SHR
//LKED.SYSIN DD *
     INCLUDE DBIC (DBIC)
// EXEC TOTAL4, PGNAME= PRIMS, REGION= 350K
//RMCT DD DSN=UHO10.PI119.RMCT,DISP=SHR
//EMTR DD DSN=UHO 10. PI119. RMTR, DISF=SHR
//RMLK DD DSN = UHO 10.PI119.RMLK,DISP=SHR
//RMSI DD DSN=UHO 10. PI119. RMSI, DISF=SHR
//EVCT DD DSN=UH010.PI119.RVCT,DISP=SHR
//RVTL DD DSN=UHT 17. FI119. RVTL, DISP=SHR
//PRIMIN DD DSN=M 1765.PRIMIN.DATA, DISP=SHR
//PRMOUT DD DSN=M1765. PRMOUT. DAT A, DISF=OLD
//PRMOUT 1 DD DSN = M 1765. PR MOUT 1. DATA, DISP = SHR
//PRMOUT2 DD DSN=M1765. PRMOUT2. DATA, DISP=SHR
//PEMOUT3 DD DSN =M 1765.PE MOUT3.DATA, DISP= SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSCUT= (A,U)
11
```

## 3.2.4 Connectivity Search Program

CNSE: PROC CPTICNS (MAIN) :

CCL PATH EXT ENTRY (BIN FIXED (15,0), PIC '999', FIC '999', BIN FIXED (15,0));

- /\* DECLARATIONS FOR THE FILES AND THE IDENTIFIERS OF PROCEDURE CNSE \*/
- DCL PRMCUT1 INPUT FILE STREAM, CNSEIN1 INPUT FILE STREAM, CNSECT1 CUTFUT FILE STREAM;
- /\* FILE PRMOUT1 CONTAINS THE NUMBER OF SITES AND THE PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX FOR THE SWITCHED NETWORK
  FILE CNSEIN1 CONTAINS THE FROM AND TO SITE SERIAL \*S AND INFORMATION REGARDING WHAT NEXT NEIGHBORS IN THE PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX ARE TO BE DELETED TO MODIFY IT FILE CNSEOT1 CONTAINS THE SIMPLE PATHS BETWEEN THE GIVEN FROM AND TO SITES
- DCL PCM (150,150) CHAR (2) INIT ((22500) (1) '00') EXT,

  SITES (150) CHAR (3) INIT ((150) (1) '000') EXT,

  SITEN (150) CHAR (8) INIT ((150) (1) '00000000') EXT,

  TMP1 PIC '9' INIT ('000 00000'),

  (NFF,NTT) PIC '999',

  PDL (\*) PIC '999' CTL EXT,

  PTAG (\*) CHAR (2) CTL EXT,

  (NUMC,NTMP,ROW,COLUMN,FLAG,FLGR,FLGC) BIN FIXED (15,0),

```
PATHLTH BIN PIXED (15,0) EXT.
     (I, J, K, N, IP, LOOP, NPATH) BIN FIXED (15,0):
             INFUTS
                   /* INITIALISE NO MODIFICATIONS
FLAG, PATHLTH=0:
                       AND PATH LENGTH FLAGS */
GET FILE (PRHOUT1) LIST (N) COPY (CNSEOT 1):
DO I=1 TO N:
  GET FILE (FRMOUT1) EDIT ((FCM(I,J) DO J=1 TO N))
                      (COL #1) , (N) A (2) ) ;
END:
CO I=1 TO N:
  GET FILE (FRMOUT1) EDIT (SITEN (1), SITES (1))
                      (COL (5), A (8), X (2), A (3));
END:
GET FILE (CNSEIN1) LIST (NFF, NTT) COPY (CNSEOT 1):
GET FILE (CNSEIN 1) EDIT (FLAG) (COL (1), F(1,0)) COPY (CNSEOT1);
GET FILE (CNSEIN1) EDIT (PATHLTH) (COL (1), F (2,0)) COPY (CNSEOT1);
IF (FLAG=0) THEN GO TO NO MODIFICATIONS:
GET FILE (CNSEIN 1) EDIT (NUMC) (CCL (1), F (2,0)) COFY (CNSEOT1);
SCOPE_OF_NUMC: BEGIN;
DCI FROMTOS (NUMC) CHAR (169) VAR:
                                     /* MAXIMUM 20 NEXT
                                         NEIGHBOR DELETIONS
                                         ALLOWED */
DO I=1 TO NUMC:
  GET SKIP FILE (CNS EIN 1) LIST (FROMTOS (I)) COPY (CNSEOT1);
END:
/* MODIFY THE PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX */
/*
DO I=1 TC NUMC:
  FLGR=0;
  TMP8 = SUBSTR (FRONTCS (I), 1,8);
  DO J=1 TO N;
    IF (TMP8=SITEN(J)) THEN
      DO;
        FLG R= 1:
        ROW=J;
        GO TO DONE1:
      END:
    ELSE;
  EN C;
  DCNE1::
  IP=LENGTH (FROM TOS (I));
  IP=(IP-1)/8;
  DO J=1 TC IP-1;
    FLGC=0:
    NTMF=J*8+1;
```

```
TMP8=SUBSTR (FROMTOS (I), NTMP, 8);
         DO K=1 TO N:
           IF (TMF8=SITEN(K)) THEN
             DO:
               FIGC=1;
               COLUMN = K:
               GC TO DCNE2;
             END:
           ELSE;
         EN D:
         DONE2::
 PUT FILE (CNSEOT1) EDIT ('ROW=', ROW, COLUMN)
                   (CCL(1), A(4), (2) F(3,0));
  PUT SKIP FILE (CNSECT1) LIST (FLGR, FLGC);
         IF ((FLGR=1) & (FLGC=1)) THEN PCM (ROW, CCLUMN) = '00';
       END:
     END;
     END SCOPE_CF_NUMC;
     NO_MODIFICATIONS:;
     DO I=1 TC N;
       PUT FILE (CNSEOT1) EDIT ((PCM(I,J) DC J=1 TC N))
                         (COL(1), (N) A(2));
     END;
     CALL PATH(N, NPP, NTT, NPATH);
                         */
     /* CLCSE FILES */
     CLOSE FILE (FFMCUT1) :
     CLOSE FILE (CNSEIN1);
     CLOSE FILE (CNSECT1) ;
     END CNSE;
*PROCESS:
    /* BEGIN EXTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE CASE */
   THIS PROCEDURE DETERMINES ALL SIMPLE PATHS FROM
        A GIVEN SITE TO ANOTHER SITE IN A GIVEN NETWORK */
```

```
/* INPUTS- N,NFF,NTT,SITES (.),SITEN (.),PCM (.,.),
                PATHLIH
                N: NUMBER OF SITES IN THE NETWORK
              NFF: FRCM SITE SERIAL # (3 CHARACTERS)
              NTT: TO SITE SERIAL # (3 CHARACTERS)
         SITES (.): ARRAY OF SITE SERIAL #S IN THE NETWORK
         SITEN (.): ARRAY OF SITE NAMES (8 CHARACTERS EACH)
                   IN THE NETWORK
         PCM (...): PRIMITIVE CONNECTION MATRIX OF THE NETWORK
                   WITH LINK CODES (2 CHARACTERS EACH) AS
                   ELEMENTS
          PATHLTH: LENGTH OF A SIMPLE PATH IN TERMS OF THE
                   NUMBER OF LINKS TRAVERSED
     /* OUTPUTS- PDL (.) , PTAG (.) , NPATH */
                 PDL(.): ARRAY OF SITES (SERIAL #S) TFAVERSED
                         IN A SIMPLE PATH
                PIAG(.): ARRAY OF LINKS (LINK CODES) TRAVERSED
                         IN A SIMPLE PATH
                  NPATH: NUMBER OF SIMPLE PATHS FOUND
                            NOTES
                                    ***/
         EXIT IS TAKEN OUT OF THE PROCEDURE WITH ERRCR
         MESSAGE FOR THE FOLLOWING:
          1. FRCM AND TO SITES ARE THE SAME (NFF=NTT)
                             ALS C
          2. "SINK" SITE NAME, IF ENCCUNTERED, IS PRINTED
             CUT
PATH: PROC(N, NFF, NTT, NEATH) ;
     /* DECLARATIONS FOR THE FILE AND THE
         IDENTIFIERS OF PROCEDURE PATH
     DCL CNSEOT1 OUTPUT FILE STREAM;
     DCL NN(150) INIT((150)0),
         INN (150, 150) PIC '999' INIT ((22500) (1) 'GOC'),
```

```
PCM (150,150) CHAR(2) EXT,
        PPCM (150, 149) CHAR (2) INIT ((22350) (1) ' '),
        Phi (*) FIC '999 CTL EXT,
        PTAG (*) CHAR (2) CTL EXI,
        SITES (150) CHAR (3) EXT,
        SITEN (150) CHAR (8) EXT,
        PATHLTH BIN FIXED (15,0) EXT,
         (I,J,K,L,N,NF,NT,NX,JL,IP,NXT) BIN FIXED(15,0),
         (IFLG, NPATH, COUNT, LASTNN) BIN FIXED (15,0),
        (NFF, NTT) PIC '999',
DECI PIC '99';
    NPATH, COUNT = 0:
    DO I=1 TC N;
      IF (NFF=SITES(I)) THEN NF=I;
      IF (NTT=SITES(I)) THEN NT=I;
    END:
PUT SKIP FILE (CNSEOT 1) LIST (NF, NT);
    IF (NF=NT) THEN
       S5: DO:
           PUT SKIP FILE (CNS EOT 1) FDIT ( FROM AND TO SITES SAME )
                           (COL (5), A (22));
          GO TO EXIT:
           END S5;
    ELSE;
    /* SET UP NEXT NEIGHBOUR MATRIX IN TERMS OF
       SITE SERIAL # AND TAG MATRIX IN TERMS OF
       LINK CCDE */
                                   */
    S10:DO I=1 TC N;
        K = 0:
        S20:DO J=1 TC N:
             IF ((PCM (I, J) = '00') | (PCM (I, J) = '01')) THEN GO TO S30:
                 K= K+ 1;
                 LNN (I, K) = J;
                 PPCM(I,K) = PCM(I,J);
             s30:;
             END 520;
        NN (I ) = K;
        END S10:
            MAIN LOGIC
    IP= 1:
    ALLCCATE PDL(N) INIT((N) (1) '000'), PTAG(N) INIT((N) (1)' ');
    PDL (IP) =NF;
    /* END SITE IS NOT YET OFTAINED */
    ENDNODE ::
    LASTNN = 0:
```

```
/* PDL IS NOT YET EMPTY */
PDL EMTY: :
        NF = FDL (IF) :
        JL=NN (NF):
        IF (JL=0) THEN
           S35:DC:
                PUT SKIP FILE (CNSECT1)
                    EDIT ( **** NO NEXT NEIGHBOURS OF .
                    SITEN (NF)) (COL(5), A(25), A(8));
                GC TC PCFNODE:
                END S35;
        ELSE:
            IF (LASTNN -= 0) THEN
           S40:DC:
                $50:00 J= 1 TC JL;
                    NX=LNN(NF,J):
                    IF (NX=LASTNN) THEN GO TO S60;
                    ELSE:
                    END S50 :
                GO TO POPNODE:
                END 540:
           ELSE J=1;
           GO TO S70:
        S60::
        IF (J=JL) THEN GO TO POFNODE;
        ELSE J=J+1;
        S70::
/ CHECK ALL NEXT NEIGHBOURS IN INN */
        $80: DO L=J TO JL;
            IFLG=0;
  CONSIDER ALL SITES ON THE POL FOR CHECK
   BEFORE ACDING TO THE PDL */
            S90: DO K=1 TO IP:
                 IF (PDL(K) = LNN(NF,L)) THEN IFLG=1;
                 ELS E:
                 END 590:
            IF (IFLG=0) THEN GO TO NEWNODE:
            ELSE:
            END S80:
            IF (IFLG=1) THEN GO TO POPNODE;
            ELSE:
  ADD A NEW SITE TO PDL */
NEWNODE ::
        PTAG (IP) = PPCM (NF, L):
         IF (IP= 1) THEN PUT SKIP FILE (CNSEOT1) EDIT ( PTAG1 = 1
```

```
, PT AG (IP)) (COL (5), A(6), A(2));
             IP = IP + 1;
             PDL (IF) = LNN (NF, L);
             NXT=PDL (IP):
        IF (NXT-=NT) THEN GO TO ENDNODE;
       A CANDIDATE SIMPLE PATH IS OBTAINED. PATH
       INFORMATION IN ARRAYS POL AND PTAG IS
       PRINTED OUT */
              COUNT = COUNT+1:
              DECI = IP-1:
              PTAG (IF) = DECI;
              NPATH=NPATH+1;
              IF (COUNT -= 20) THEN GO TO COPRINT;
              COUNT = 0:
PUT SKIP FILE (CNSECT1) EDIT ('PATHS=', NPATH)
          (COL (1), A (6), F (4,0));
    COPRINT::
              IF (IP>PATHLTH+1) THEN GO TO NOPRINT:
PUT SKIP FILE (CNSEOT 1)
          EDIT ((SITEN (PDL (J)), '(', PT AG (J), ') ' DO J=1 TO IP))
          (COL(5), (10)(A(8), A(1), A(2), A(1)));
    NOPRINT::
    /* POP OFF LAST SITE FROM POL AND SET
       LASTNN EQUAL TO POPPED SITE */
    POPNODE:;
            LASTNN= PDL (IF) :
            PDL (IP) = 0000:
            FTAG (I P) = ' :
            IF= IP-1;
       IF (IP=0) THEN GO TO EXIT;
       EISE GO TO FDLEMTY:
    EXIT::
      PUT SKIP FILE (CNSEOT1) EDIT ('NPATH=', NFATH)
                 (CCL (40), A(6), F(4,0));
      FREE PDL, PTAG;
    END PATH:
  /* END EXTERNAL PROCEDURE OF PROCEDURE CASE */
```

# 3.3 DATA BASE UPDATING PROGRAM

The purpose of this program is to update status flags in the data base (file). These changes in the flags represent node and link outages and degradations which occur from nuclear weapons effects.

```
UPDATE DATA BASE
                                        THIS PROGRAM SERVES TO UPDATE THE DATA BASE RFBTA1 WHEN
THE COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK UNDERGOES A CHANGE.
CHANGES ARE PROVIDED ON CARD INPUT IN THE FOLLOWING FORMS:
NODE CHANGES:
COLUMN 1
COLUMNS 3-10 (NAME OF SITE, DCA CODE CONVENTIONS)
COLUMNS 11-13 (TYPE OF FACILITY, THREE LETTER CODE)
COLUMN 15-19 (NEW FLAG VALUE)

IF CCL 20 CONTAINS 'R', CONDITIONS SPECIFIED ARE RESET.
LINK CHANGES:
COLUMNS 1
COLUMNS 3-7 (LINK NUMBER, ICA CONVENTIONS)
COLUMNS 15-19 (NEW FLAG VALUE)
            /* /*
/*
                                                            FLAG VALUES ARE:

E = EMP, E = BLAST,

J = JAMMING, M = MHD, S = SATTFLITE LINK ATTACK.
                                                   J =
DCL 1 CMDS EXT,
2 CFENM CHARR (5)
2 CLOSM CHARR (5)
2 CLOSV CHARR (5)
2 SEQRM CHARR (5)
2 SEQRW CHARR (5)
2 SEGRV CHARR (5)
2 SERLV CHARR (5)
2 RESTW CHARR (5)
2 READM CHARR (5)
2 READW CHARR (5)
2 READW CHARR (5)
2 READW CHARR (5)
2 ADDVB CHARR (5)
2 READW CHARR (5)
3 READW CHARR (5)
4 READW CHARR (5)
4 READW CHARR (5)
5 READW CHARR (5)
6 READW CHARR (5)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 INIT ('OPENM'),
INIT ('CLOSM'),
INIT ('CLOSM'),
INIT ('CLOSM'),
INIT ('SESTM'),
INIT ('SEERIV'),
INIT ('SEERIV'),
INIT ('READM'),
INIT ('READM'),
INIT ('READW'),
INIT ('ADD-M'),
INIT ('ADD-M'),
INIT ('ADD-M'),
INIT ('ADD-M'),
INIT ('ADD-WR'),
INIT ('ADD-WR'),
INIT ('ADD-WR'),
INIT ('READW'),
INIT ('RE
    DCL 1 CONSEXT,
2 STATUS,
2 REFER
2 ENDP
2 CK
2 DBMOD
2 TASKID
2 FILEID
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      CHAR (4)
CHAR (4)
CHAR (4)
CHAR (6)
CHAR (8)
CHAR (4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         INIT ('****'),
INIT ('LKXX'),
INIT ('END.'),
INIT ('****',
INIT ('DBNAME'),
INIT ('TASKNAME'),
INIT ('FILE'),
```

```
CHAR (5)
CHAR (8)
CHAR (5)
CHAR (5)
CHAR (4);
                             FUNCT
LKPATH
TCTAL
QUEST
MPTOT
EFA
                                                                                             INIT ('TOTAL'),
INIT ('TOTAL'),
INIT ('TOTAL'),
INIT ('OUEST'),
INIT ('MPTOT'),
                        いいいいいい
 DCL TFILES(10) CHAR (4) INIT((10)(1) 'END.') FXT;
DCL CONTPOL CHAR (30) ALIGNED EXT;
DCL ICAREA CHAR (200) ALIGNED EXT;
DCL FLMLIST CHAR (228) EXT;
DCL DBIO EXT ENTEY (FIXED BIN, FIXED BIN);
DCL STATANL EXT ENTEY (FIXED BIN, FIXED BIN);
DCL 1 INFC TRUNK,

2 TRUNK_SITE CHAR(11),

2 TRUNK_CIRCUIT CHAR(9);

DCL TRUNK_INFO CHAR(20) DEFINED INFO_TRUNK;
 DCL 1 ELFE RMLK,

2 RMLKCTRL CHAR (8) INIT ('RMLKCTRL'),

2 RMLKFLAG CHAR (8) INIT ('RMIKFLAG'),

2 ENDPARM CHAR (4) INIT ('END.');

DCL RMLK_ELEM CHAR (20) DEFINED ELEM_RMLK;
 DCL 1 ELEM RMSI,
2 RMSICTRL CHAR (8) INIT ('RMSICTRL'),
2 RMSIFLAG CHAR (8) INIT ('RMSIFLAG'),
2 ENDPARM CHAR (4) INIT ('END.');
DCL RMSI_ELEM CHAR (2) DEFINED ELEM_RMSI;
 DCL 1 ELEM RMCT,

2 RMCTCTBL CHAR (8) INIT ('RMCTCTRL'),

2 RMCTFLAG CHAR (8) INIT ('RMCTFLAG'),

2 RMCTIDEN CHAR (8) INIT ('RMCTIDEN'),

2 RMCTXREF CHAR (8) INIT ('RMCTXREF'),

2 ENDPARM CHAR (4) INIT ('END.');

DCL RMCT_ELEM CHAR (36) DEFINED ELEM_RMCT;
 DCL 1 ELEM EVCT,
2 EVCTRMSI CHAR (8) INIT ('RVCTRMSI'),
2 RVCTRMCT CHAR (8) INIT ('RVCTRMCT'),
2 ENDPARM CHAR (4) INIT ('END.');
DCL RVCT_ELEM CHAR (20) DEFINED ELEM_RVCT;
DCL 1 ELEM RVTL,
2 RVTLR MSI CHAR (8) INIT ( RVTLRMSI ),
2 RVTLRMTR CHAR (8) INIT ( RVTLRMTR ),
2 RVTLRMLK CHAR (8) INIT ( RVTLRMLK ),
```

```
DCL RVTL_ELEM CHAR(28) DEFINED ELEM_RVTL;
      DCL CARD CHAR (50):
DCL 1 SITE CHANGE DEFINED CARD,
2 CARD TYPE CHAR (1),
2 FILLERA CHAR (1),
2 SITE ID CHAR (1),
2 FILLERB CHAR (1),
2 SITE FLAG (5) CHAR (1),
2 INCICATOR CHAR (1);
    DCL CHANGE LINK CHAR (20);
DCL 1 LINK CHANGE DEFINED CHANGE_LINK,
2 FILLERA CHAR (2),
2 LINK ID CHAR (5),
2 FILLERB CHAR (7),
2 LINK_FLAG CHAR (1);
       DECLARE NEW_FLAG BIT (8);
                DCL TRUNK ID CHAR (7);
DCL BUFFER CHAR (50);
DCL 1 MLK DEFINED BUFFER,
2 IKID CHAR (5),
2 FLAG CHAR (1);
                DCL 1 MSI DEFINED BUFFER,
2 SITE CHAR (11),
2 FLAG CHAR (1);
                DCL 1 MTR DEFINED BUFFER, 2 TRUNK CHAR (7), 2 FLAG CHAR (1);
                DCL 1 MCT DEFINED BUFFER 2 CIRCUIT CHAR(9), 2 FLAG CHAR(1);
                DCL CODE BIT (8);
                DCL OLD LINKS (10) CHAR (5), N FIXED EINARY (15) INIT (6), (I, J) FIXED BINARY (15), (UNSPEC, BOOL) BUILTIN;
DCL TRUNK REFER CHAR (4);
DCL LINK REFER CHAR (4);
DCL SITE REFER CHAR (4);
DCL CHARACTER CHAR (1);
FROGRAM EEGINS BY OFENING FILES
CCL CHANGIN INPUT FILE STREAM;
FUNCT=TCTAL;
TASKID='UPDATE';
```

```
CALL DBIO(5,0);
  FUNCT=CFENM:
TFILES (1) = RMTR:
TFILES (2) = RMIK:
TFILES (3) = RMSI:
TFILES (4) = RMCT:
TFILES (5) = RVCT:
TFILES (6) = RVTL:
TFILES (7) = ENDP:
CALL DBIO (4,0):
                      DFILE (CHANGIN) GO TO STOP;
CN ERRCR BEGIN;
FUNCT = DEQUE;
CALL DBIO(4,0);
STOP;
         ON ENDFILE
                       END:
NEXT_CARD:
FUNCT = FESTM;
CALL DBIO(3,0);
FUNCT=OFENM;
             CT=OFENM;

CALL DBIO (4,0);

GET FILE (CHANGIN) EDIT (CARI) (COL(1), A (50)) COPY;

CHANGE LINK = CARD;

IF (CARD TYPE = 'A') &

(CARD TYPE = 'S') &

(CARD TYPE = 'L')) THEN

DO;

PUT SKIP LIST ('INPUT ERROR, CARD TYPE = ', CARD TYPE);

GO TO NEXT CARI;

END;
NEW_FLAG = '0000 )000 'B;

W = OR;
DO J = 1 TO 5;
DO I = 1 TO 7;
IF(SITE FLAG(J) = FLAGS(I)) THEN DO;
NEW FLAG = BOOL(NEW_FLAG, BITS(I), OR);
GO TO END_I;
FND;
                                            END;
                             END:
EDIT ('ILLEGAL FLAG', SITE_FLAG(J)) (SKIP, A, A);
 END_I: END;
                      IF (INDICATOR = 'R') THEN DO;
W = AND;
NEW_FLAG =
                                               BOOL (NEW_FLAG, '11111'B, XCR);
                                    END:
                      (CARD_TYPE='A') THEN CALL RESET ALL:
(CARD_TYPE='S') THEN CALL SET_SITE:
(CARD_TYPE='L') THEN CALL SET_IINK:
STATUS = CK:
                      FUNCT=CLOSM:
              CALL DBIC(4,0);
PUT SKIP LIST ('PREVIOUS CARD PRCCESSING COMPLETED');
GO TO NEXT_CARD;
RESET ALL: PROCECURE;

NEW_FLAG = '000000000'B;

UNS PEC (CHARACTER) = '00000000'B;

CALL RESET_ALL_SITES;

CALL RESET_ALL_LINKS;

CALL RESET_ALL_TRUNKS;

CALL RESET_ALL_CIRCUITS;
```

```
END RESET_ALL;
RESET_ALL SITES: PRCC;
FUNCT = RESTM;
CALL DBIO(3,0);
STATUS = OK;
FUNCT = SEORM;
FILEID = RMSI;
ELMLIST = 'RMSICTRL' | 'RMSIFIAG' | ENDP;
CALL DBIO(6,0);
DO WHILE (STATUS = OK);
BUFFER = IOAREA;
IF (UNSPEC(MSI.FLAG) = '20000000'B) THEN
DO;
                                         PUT SKIP EDIT ('MSI=', MSI) ((5) A);
                                        FUNCI = WRITM;

CONTROL = MSI.SITE;

ELMLIST = 'RMSIFLAG' || ENDP;

IOAREA = CHARACTER;

CALL DBIO(7,0);

FUNCT = SEORM;

ELMLIST = 'RMSICTRL' || 'RMSIFLAG' || ENDP;
                                         END
                          CALL DBIC(6,0);
                         END;
END RESET_ALL_SITES;
RESET_ALL LINKS: FROC:
FUNCT = RESTM;
CALL DBIO(3.0);
STATUS = CK;
FUNCT = SEQRM;
FILEID. = RMLK;
ELMLIST = RMLKCTRL || RMIKFIAG || ENDP;
CALL DBIC(6.0);
DO WHILE (STATUS = OK);
BUFFER = IOAREA;
IF (UNSPEC(MIK.FLAG) ~= '20000000'B) THEN
DO;
                                         PUT SKIP EDIT ('MIK=', MIK) ((5) A);
                                        FUNCT = WRITM;
CONTROL = MLK.LKIC;
ELMLIST = RMLKFLAG || ENDP;
IOAREA = CHARACTER;
CALL DBIO(7,0);
FUNCT = SEQRM;
ELMIIST = RMLKCTRL || RMLKFLAG || ENDP;
                          CALL DBIC(6,0);
                          END:
END RESET_ALL_LINKS;
RESET_ALL TRUNKS: FROC;

FUNCT = RESTM;

CALL DBIC(3,0);

STATUS = OK;

FUNCT = SEORM;

FILEID = EMTR;

ELMLIST = 'RMTRCTRL' | 'RMTRFIAG' | ENDP;

CALL DBIC(6,0);

DO WHILE (STATUS = OK);

BUFFER = IOAREA;

IF (UNSPEC (MTR. FLAG) = '00000000'B) THEN

DO;
```

```
PUT SKIP EDIT ('MTR=', MTR) ((5) A);
                                        FUNCT = WRITM;
CONTROL = MIR.TRUNK;
ELMIIST = 'RMTRFLAG' || ENDP;
IOAREA = CHARACTER;
CALL DBIO(7.0);
FUNCT = SECRM;
ELMLIST = 'RMTRCIRL' || 'RMTRFLAG' || ENDP;
                         CALL DBIO (6,0);
END;
END;
END RESET_ALL_TRUNKS;
RESET_ALL CIRCUITS: PROC:
FUNCT = FESTM;
CALL DBIC(3,0);
STATUS = OK;
FUNCT = SECRM;
FILEID = RMCT;
ELMLIST = RMCTCT kL || RMCTFLAG || EN DP;
CALL DBIO(6,0);
DO WHILE (STATUS = OK);
BUFFER = IOABFA;
IF (UN SPEC (MCT.FLAG) = '000000000'B) THEN
DC;
                                         PUT SKIP EDIT ('MCT=', MCT) ((5) A);
                                        FUNCT = WRITM;
CONTROL = MCT.CIRCUIT;
ELMIIST = EMCTFLAG || ENDP;
IOAREA = CHARACTER;
CALL DBIO (7,0);
FUNCT = SECEM;
ELMLIST = RMCTCIRL || RMCTFLAG || ENDP;
                         CALL DBIO (6,0);
END;
END RESET_ALL_CIRCUITS;
SET_SITE: FROCEDURE:

PUT SKIP EDIT ('SITE=',SITE_ID) (CCL(10),A,A);

FUNCT = READM;

FILEID = RMSI;

CONTROL = SITE ID;

ELMIIST = RMSIFLAG || ENCP;

CALL DBIO (7,U);

FUNCT = WRITM;

CHARACTER = IOARFA;

UNSPEC (CHARACTER) = FOOL (NEW_FLAG, UNSPEC (CHARACTER IOAREA = CHARACTER;

CALL DBIO (7,C);

FUT SKIF EDIT ('LINKS WHICH START HERE') (COL(12), A);

N=);

LNKFTH = RMSILKTI;
                                                                                      = EOOL (NEW_FLAG, UNSPEC (CHARACTER), W);
                         N=);
INKETH = RMSILKTI;
REFER = 'LKTL';
CALL READ TL GIVEN_SITE;
DO WHILE TREFER = ENDP);
SITE REFER = REFER;
CALL SET LINK;
REFER = SITE REFEE;
CALL READ TL GIVEN_SITE;
END;
                          NOW GET LINKS THAT TERMINATE HERE.
                          FUT SKIF EDIT ('LINKS WHICH END HERE') (COL (12), A);
```

```
LNKPTH = 'RMSILKTS';

REFER = 'IKTS';

CALL READ TL GIVEN SITE;

DO WHILE (REFER = EFFER;

CALL SET LINK;

REFER = SITE REFER;

CALL READ TL GIVEN SITE;

END;
                                END:
END SET_SITE:
READ_TL_GIVEN_SITE: FROCEDURE;
FUNCT = READV;
FILEID = RVTL;
LKPATH = LNKPTH;
ELMLIST = RVTL FLEM;
CCNTRCL = SITE_ID;
CALL DBIO (9,0);
LINK INFO = IOAREA;
TRUNK ID = LINK TRUNK;
        CHECK IF WE'VE ALREADY PROCESSED THIS LINK FOR THIS SITE.
                                DO WHILE (REPER = ENDP);

NTFD = 0;

IF N < 1 THEN CC;

N = 1;

CLD LINKS(N) = LINK_ID;

RETURN;
                                                                         ELSE DO I = 1 TO N WHILE (NTFD = 0);
IF OLD_LINKS(I) = LINK_ID THEN NTFD = 1;
                                                                                            END;

PD = 1 THEN CALL DBIO(9,0);

ELSE IF N >= 10 THEN RETURN;

ELSE DO;

N = N + 1;

OLD LINKS(N) = LINK_ID;

RETURN;

END;
                                                                         IF NTFD
                                 END READ_TL_GIVEN_SITE;
SET_LINK: PROCEDURE;
FUT_SKIP EDIT ('LINK=',LINK_ID) (COL (15),A,A);
FUNCT = READM;
FILEID = RMLK;
CCNTRCL = LINK ID;
ELMLIST = RMLKFLAG || ENDP;
CALL DBIC (7,0);
FUNCT = WITM;
CHARACTER = IOAREA;
UNSPEC (CHARACTER) = BOOL (NEW_FLAG, UNSPEC (CHARACTER), W);
IOAREA = CHARACTER;
CALL DBIC (7,0);
REFER = 'IKTL';
CALL READ TL GIVEN LINK;
DO WHILE (REFER = ENDP);
FUT_SKIP EDIT ('TGUNK=', TRUNK_ID) (COL (20),A,A);
FUNCT = READM;
FILEID = RMTR;
CCNTRCL = TRUNK ID;
CCNTRCL = TRUNK ID;
ELMLIST = 'RMTRFLAG' || ENDP;
CALL DBIO (7,0);
FUNCT = WRITM;
CHARACTER = IOAREA;
UNSPEC (CHARACTER) = BOOL (NEW_FLAG, UNSPEC (CHARACTER), W);
```

```
IOAREA = CHAFACTER;

CALL DBIO (7,0);

LINK FEFER = FEFER;

CALL SET CIRCUITS GIVEN TRUNK;

REFER = LINK REFER;

CALL BEAD TL GIVEN LINK;
                               END SET_IINK;
READ_IL_GIVEN_LINK: PROCEDURE;

FUNCT = READV:

FILEID = RVIL;

LKPATH = RMLKLKTL;

CONTROL = LINK ID;

ELMLIST = FVILRMTR || ENCP;

CALL DBIO (9,0);

TRUNK ID = IOAREA;

END READ_TL_GIVEN_LINK;
SET_CIRCUITS GIVEN TRUNK: FROCEDURE;

REFER = VIKCT':

DO WHILE (REFER ¬= ENDP);

FUNCT = READV;

FILEID = RVCT;

IKPATH = RMTRIKCT;

CONTROL = TRUNK ID;

ELMLIST = RVCIRMCI | ENDP;

CALL DBIC (9,0);

IF (REFER ¬= ENDP) THEN

DC;

PUT SKIP EDII ('CIRCUIT=',I

CONTROL = IOAREA:
                                                           SKIP EDIT ('CIRCUIT=', IOAREA) (CCL(25), A, A(9));
CONTROL = IOAREA;
FUNCT = READM;
                                                                     FUNCT = READM;
FILEID = RMCT;
ELMLIST = RMCTFIAG || ENDP;
CALL DEIO (7, G);
FUNCT = WRITM;
CHARACTER = IOAREA;
UNSPEC (CHARACTER) =
BOOL (NEW FIAG, UNSPEC (CHARACTER), W);
IOAREA = CHARACTER;
CALL DEIO (7, C);
END;
                                END SET_CIRCUITS_GIVEN_TRUNK;
STOP:
EXIT ROUTINE:
PUT SKIP LIST ('ALL CHANGE'S COMPLETED');
CLCSE FILE (CHANGIN);
FUNCT=CLCSM;
CALL DBIO (4,0);
FUNCT=DECUE:
CALL DBIO (4,0);
END UFDATE;
```

#### 3.4 UTILITY PROGRAM

DBUTIL (Data Base Utility Program) is a general maintenance facility for the TOTAL data base. It provides a mechanism by which a user can add circuits, trunks, links, or sites to the data base; delete circuits, trunks, links, or sites; change any data fields associated with circuits, trunks, links, or sites; or change the relationships among the various circuits, trunks, links, or sites. This section contains a general description of the capabilities of DBUTIL. A program listing appears in Paragraph 3.4.6.

#### 3.4.1 Adding Records

To add a <u>site</u> master record, the user must specify the control key, and may optionally specify any data fields contained in the record. Any unspecified data fields are left blank, except for the flag field which is (initially) set to indicate that the site has not been knocked out; this rule also applies to links, trunks, and circuits.

To add a <u>link</u>, the user must specify the link control key and the control keys of the two sites joined by the link. Optionally, he may specify any of the data fields contained in the link record except for the location and facility fields, which are automatically set to correspond to the specified sites. If the specified sites are not already present in the data base, they are added.

To add a trunk, the user must specify the trunk control key and the ordered set of links over which the trunk is routed. Optionally, he may specify any of the data fields contained in the trunk record except for the location and facility fields, which are derived from the endpoints of the specified links and set automatically. The specified links must already be present in the data base and must trace a continuous path, in the order specified, from one end of the trunk to the other. If these conditions are satisfied, the trunk master record is added to the data base; an ordered set of variable records (corresponding to the specified links) is also added, providing the desired relationships among the trunk, links, and sites.

Adding a <u>circuit</u> is similar to adding a trunk. To add a circuit, the user must specify the circuit control key and the ordered set of trunks over which the circuit is routed. Optionally, he may specify any of the data fields contained in the circuit record, except for the location and facility fields, which are derived from the endpoints of the specified trunks and set automatically. These trunks must already be present in the data base and must trace a continuous path, in the order specified, from one end of the circuit to the other. When these conditions are satisfied, the circuit master record is added to the data base; an ordered set of variable records (corresponding to the specified trunks) is also added, providing the desired relationships among the circuit, trunks, and sites.

### 3.4.2 Deleting Records

A user of DBUTIL can delete any circuit, trunk, link, or site by specifying the control key of the record to be deleted. Because sites and links are actual physical entities, whereas trunks and circuits are logical concepts, their deletions are handled in different manners. Although deletion of a site or link is likely to be permanent, a "deleted" circuit or trunk will often reappear with most of the same data fields but with different routing specified.

When a user specifies the deletion of a circuit, the variable records specifying the routing of the circuit over a set of trunks are deleted from the data base. The circuit master record remains in the data base but is "flagged for deletion." That is, unless the user specifies the addition of another circuit with the identical control key later during the same invocation of DBUTIL, the flagged record will be physically deleted from the data base during a final cleanup step in the program. If the circuit is subsequently added again, any data fields not respecified retain their previous values. The user thus has the ability to add a circuit twice and delete it without having to respecify the data fields.

Similar processing is done for deletion of a trunk with the additional restriction that a trunk cannot be deleted unless it is not being used by circuits. Before deleting a trunk, a user must first delete all circuits riding the trunk.

Before deleting a link, a user must first delete all trunks using the link. Unlike deletion of circuits and trunks, however, a request to delete a link results in the immediate physical deletion of the specified link master record.

As with links, a request to delete a site results in the immediate physical deletion of the specified site master record. Also, before deleting a site, a user must first delete all trunks passing through the site. In addition, all links that have the specified site as an endpoint should also be deleted. However, since it is inconvenient to verify that this last condition has been satisfied, DBUTIL instead will honor only other "delete" requests following the successful deletion of a site. Further, a successful site deletion enables a subsequent "garbage collection" step during which all links and sites used by no trunks are deleted. These precautions are taken to ensure the user does not attempt to route a trunk over a link with deleted endpoints.

# 3.4.3 Rerouting Trunks

Since a common maintenance operation is the rerouting of a trunk over a new set of links without changing its endpoints or affecting the trunk routing of all affected circuits, such a capability has been built into DBUTIL. To reroute a trunk, the user must specify only the trunk control key and the ordered set of links over which the trunk is to be routed. The specified links must trace a continuous path, and the new endpoints must be the same as the old ones. If the conditions are satisfied, then the old variable records associating the trunk and links are deleted and a new set, reflecting the rerouting, is added.

### 3.4.4 Changing Data Fields

DBUTIL provides the user with the ability to modify any of the data fields that can be specified during an add request. One operation is provided to allow the user to update any of the data fields contained in a master record except for the location and facility fields, which are derived from and must correspond to the routing information reflected by the variable records.

Since it is occasionally necessary to modify those fields directly, a separate operation is provided to permit updating the location and facility fields of circuit, trunk, and link master records.

### 3.4.5 Garbage Collection

The "garbage collection" step discussed in connection with deletion of sites can also be enabled directly by the user. If specified by the user, DBUTIL will delete from the data base any link and sites not used by circuits or trunks, thus reducing the amount of data stored and freeing space for future additions.

# 3.4.6 DBUTIL PROGRAM LISTING

```
*/
/* STATIC
/* STRUCTURE:
DBUTIL
                   CONDITION (TOTERR)
                   AC_CIRCUIT
                                                                                          SET_UPDATE_C
                   AC_TRUNK
                       SET_UPDATE_T
                   AC_LINK
AC_SITES
DEL_CIRCUIT
                   DEL_TRUNK
DEL_LINK
                   DEL_SITES
RE_TRUNK
                   CL_CIRCUIT
                   CL_TRUNK
                   CL_LINK
                   RCUTE_TRACE
                   ADD_ROUTING
                    READ_REQUEST
                       READ_ADDCHANGE
READ_DELETE
READ_REROUTE
READ_CHANGELOC
READ_SUBFIELDS
READ_POUTING
                           NEXIKEY
                       READ_SITE_DATA
                       SETFLAG
                   FLUSH
                                     -- ENTRY PCINT)
                    (FLUSH_ALL
                     (FLUSH_REQUEST -- ENTRY POINT)
                    INPUT
                       CONDITION (ENDFILE)
                       NEXTCHAR
                           GET CHAR
                       PRINT_INPUT
(PRINT_INREC -- ENTRY POINT)
                         (PRINT_REQ
                                         -- ENTRY POINT)
                    GARBAGE_COLLECT
```

```
*/
/* PROGRAM MAINTENANCE RECORD:
                  VERSION.RELEASE -- DATE --- NAME
/ * * * * * * * *
                                   06 OCT 77 M. J. BASSMAN (1ST RELEASE) */
                       01.01
                                   17 OCT 77
                                               M. J. BASSMAN
                       02.01
                       02.02
                                   18 OCT 77
                                               M. J. BASSMAN
                       02.03
                                   19 OCT 77
                                               M. J. BASSMAN
                       63.01
                                   28 OCT 77
                                               M. J. BASSMAN
                                   29 OCT 77 M. J. BASSMAN
                       03.02
                                   02 NOV 77 M. J. BASSMAN
                       03.03
   DEUTIL: PROCEDURE (PARM) OPTIONS (MAIN);
   /* INPUT PARAMETER */
   DECLARE PARM CHARACTER (10") VARYING;
   /* CHANGE THIS FIELD WHEN NEW VERSION COMPILED:
   DECLARE VERSION_AND_DATE CHARACTER (24) /*VERSION XX. XX DD MON YY*/
INITIAL('VERSION 03.03 02 NOV 77');
   /* JOB SIEP RETURN CODE */
                BINARY FIXED (31,0) INITIAL (0);
   DECLARE RC
   /* DECLARATIONS FROM THE TOTAL SOURCE LIBRARY (SYS9. TCTAL. PL1DBIO) */
   % INCLUDE EXTDCL;
```

/\* END OF WINCLUDE-D DECLARATIONS \*/

```
IOAREA FORMATS FOR SITE, LINK, TRUNK, AND CIRCUIT MASTER FILES (THESE STRUCTURES ARE BASED SO THAT THEY CAN OCCUPY THE SAME
    STOPAGE AS ICAREA. IOAREAP WILL PE SET EQUAL TO ADDR (IOAREA) .
DECL ARE
         1 IOSITE
                          BASED (IOAREAP) ,
          2 RMSICTRL,
                          CHARACTER (8),
           3 GEOLCC
                          CHARACTER (3) .
           3 FACILITY
          2 RMSISTCT
                          CHARACTER (2).
          2 RMSIFLAG
                          CHARACTER (1) ,
          2 RMSICCRD
                          CHARACTER (15), /* LATITUDE (7), LONGITUDE (8) */
                          CHARACTER (3) .
          2 RMSINUMB
          2 RMSIFILL
                          CHARACTER (7),
         1 IOLINK
                          BASED (IOAFEAP) .
          2 RMLKCTRL
                          CHARACTER (5) .
          2 RMLKFLAG
                          CHARACTER (1),
          2 RMLKTRAN
                          CHARACTER (3) ,
          2 RMLKCCDE
                          CHARACTER (2).
          2 RMLKFILL
                          CHARACTER (2),
          2 LINKSITE1,
                          CHARACTER (8) ,
           3 RMLKFRLC
           3 RMLKFFAC
                          CHARACTER (3),
          2 LINKSITE2,
                          CHARACTER (8),
           3 RMLKTCLC
                          CHARACTER (3),
           3 RMLKTFAC
         1 IOTRUNK
                          BASED (IOAREAP) .
          2 RMTRCTRL.
           3 TRUNK_ID
                          CHARACTER (6) ,
           3 SA
                          CHARACTER (1),
          2 RMTRFLAG
                          CHARACTER (1) ,
          2 RMTRPCAT
                          CHARACTER (1),
          2 RMTRTCAP
                          CHARACTER (4) .
          2 RMTRBAND
                          CHARACTER (5),
                          CHARACTER (3) .
          2 RMTRAVAL
          2 RMTRFILL
                          CHARACTER (4),
          2 TRUNKSITE1,
           3 RMTRFFLC
                          CHAPACTER (8),
           3 RM TR FFAC
                          CHARACTER (3).
          2 TRUNKSITE2,
                          CHARACTER (8) ,
           3 RMTRTOLC
           3 RMTRTFAC
                          CHARACTER (3) ,
```

```
2 RMCTCTRL,
                         CHARACTER (8).
          3 CCSD
                         CHARACTER (1) .
           3 SA
                         CHARACTER (1) .
         2 RMCTFLAG
                         CHARACTER (2),
         2 RMCTRSTP
                         CHARACTER (1) ,
         2 RMCTRAPL
                         CHARACTER (1),
         2 RMCTIDEN
                         CHARACTER (8) ,
         2 RMCTXREF
                         CHARACTER (4) .
         2 RMCTFILL
          2 CIRCUITSITE1,
                         CHARACTER (8),
          3 RMCTFRLC
                         CHARACTER (3),
           3 RMCTFFAC
         2 CIRCUITSITE2,
           3 RMCTTOLC
                         CHARACTER (8) .
                         CHARACTER (3):
          3 RMCTTFAC
/* IOAREA FORMATS' FOR VARIABLE FILES */
DECL ARE
        1 IORVIL
                         BASED (IOAREAP).
          2 RVTLRMTR
                         CHARACTER (7),
                         CHARACTER (5).
          2 RVTLRMLK
                         CHARACTER (11) .
          2 RVTLRMSI
         2 RVTLTOLC
                         CHARACTER (11),
                         BASED (IOAREAP),
         1 IORVCT
          2 RVCTRMCT
                         CHARACTER (9) .
                         CHARACTER (7) .
          2 RVCTRMTR
                         CHARACTER (11) ,
          2 RVCTRMSI
          2 RVCTTOLC
                         CHARACTER (8);
                         POINTER: /* = ADDR (IOAREA) */
CECLARE IDAREAP
```

BASED (IOAREAP),

1 IOCIRCUIT

/\* FOR TEMPORARY STORAGE WHEN IOARFA IS REQUIRED FOR ANOTHER ACCESS \*/ DECLARE IOSAVE CHARACTER (200) ALIGNED;

```
/* ELEMENT LIST DESCRIPTORS FOR EASE OF SPECIFICATION */
RMSI_ELEM CHARACTER (52) INITIAL (
· RMSICTPLRMSISTCTRMSIFLAGRMSICORDRMSINUM BRMSIFILL END. .),
      RMLK_ELEM CHARACTER (76) INITIAL (
* PMLK CTPL RMLK FLAGRMLKTRANRMLKCODERMIKFTLLRMIKF BLCRMLKFFACRMLKT CLCRMLKT F
ACEND.'),
      RMTR_ELEM CHARACTER (92) INITIAL (
*RMTRCTRLRMTBFLAGEMTRRCATRMTBTCAPRMTRBANDRMTRAVALRMTRFILLRMTRFRLCRMTRFF
ACRMIRICLCRMIRIFACEND. '),
      RMCT_ELEM CHARACTER (92) INITIAL (
*RMCTCTRLRMCTFLAGPMCTRSTPRMCTRAPLRMCTIDENRMCTXREFRMCTFILLRMCTFRLCRMCTFF
ACRMCTTOLCRMCTTFACEND. ') .
      RVTL_BLEM CHARACTER (36) INITIAL (
• RVTLFMTFRVTLRMLKFVTLRMSIR VTLTOLCEND. •),
       RVCT ELEM CHARACTER (36) INITIAL (
*RVCTRMCTRVCTRMTRRVCTRMSIRVCTTOLCEND. 1),
       RMLK_LOCS CHARACTER (44) INITIAL (
*RMLKCTRLRMLKFRICEMLKFFACRMLKTOICRMLKTFACEND. *),
       RMTR_LCCS CHARACTER (44) INITIAL (
• PMTRCTRLRMT RFRICEMT RFFACRMT RTOLCRMT RT FACEND. •) ,
       RMCT_LOCS CHARACTER (44) INITIAL (
*RMCTCTRLRMCTFRLCPMCTFFACRMCTTOLCRMCTTFACEND. *);
```

```
/* FIELDS FOR USER'S INPUT SPECIFICATIONS */
CECLARE
       1 INDATA,
         2 SITE (1:2),
          3 RMSICTEL,
                         CHARACTER (8) .
           4 GEOLOC
           4 FACILITY
                         CHARACTER (3),
                         CHARACTER (2) .
          3 RMSISTCT
                         CHARACTER (1),
          3 RMSIFLAG
                         CHARACTER (15), /* LATITUDE (7), LONGITUDE (8) */
          3 RMSICORD
                         CHARACTER (3).
          3 RMSINUMB
                         CHARACTER (7) .
          3 RMSIFILL
         2 LINK,
          3 RMIKCTRL
                         CHARACTER (5) ,
          3 RMLKFLAG
                         CHARACTER (1) ,
          3 RMLKTRAN
                         CHARACTER (3),
          3 RMLKCODE
                         CHARACTER (2).
          3 RMIKFILL
                         CHARACTER (2),
         2 TRUNK,
          3 RMTRCTRL,
           4 TRUNK_ID
                         CHARACTER (6),
           4 SA
                         CHARACTER (1) .
          3 RMTRFLAG
                          CHARACTER (1),
                         CHARACTER (1) .
          3 RMTRECAT
                          CHARACTER (4) .
          3 RMTRTCAP
                         CHARACTER (5) .
          3 RMTRBAND
                          CHARACTER (3),
          3 RMTRAVAL
          3 RMTRFILL
                         CHARACTER (4) .
         2 CIRCUIT,
          3 RMCTCTRL,
                          CHARACTER (8) .
           4 CCSD
           4 SA
                          CHARACTER (1) .
                          CHARACTER (1) ,
          3 RMCTFLAG
                          CHARACTER (2),
          3 RMCTRSTP
          3 RMCTRAPL
                          CHARACTER (1) .
          3 RMCTIDEN
                          CHARACTER (1).
          3 RMCTXREF
                          CHARACTER (8) .
          3 RMCTFILL
                          CHARACTER (4) .
         2 CHANGE_LOCS,
                          CHARACTER (8) ,
          3 FRLC
          3 FFAC
                          CHARACTER (3) .
                          CHARACTER (8) .
           3 TOLC
                          CHARACTER (3);
```

3 TFAC

```
/**************/
/* ROUTING LIST */
/**************/
TECLARE 1 ROUTE_CHAIN BASED (SPTR).
2 RKEY CHARACTER (7)
                        CHARACTER (7),
         2 RSITE1
                        CHARACTER (11),
          2 RSITE2
                        CHARACTER (11) .
         2 NEXTR
                        PCINTER,
                        POINTER,
        RPTR
                        POINTER.
        LASTR
         ROUTESPEC
                        PCINTER:
/**************
/* DELETION LISTS */
/***************/
DECLARE - 1 DTRUNK
                        BASED (DTPTE) .
         2 DTKEY
                        CHARACTER (7),
          2 NEXTDT
                        PCINTER,
                        BASED (DCPTE) ,
         1 DCIRCUIT
         2 DCKEY
                        CHARACTER (9).
         2 NEXTDC
                        POINTER,
         DTPTR
                        POINTER,
         DCPTR
                        POINTER,
         DEL_TR_PTR
                        POINTER.
                        POINTER;
         DEL_CT_FTF
```

```
/* MAIN PROCESSING VARIABLES */
DECLARE
         REQUEST CHARACTER (1), /* 0, -, 1, % */
REQUEST_LEVEL CHARACTER (1), /* C, T, L, S */
                       CHARACTER (1) INITIAL ('a'),
         ADDCHANGE
                       CHARACTER (1) INITIAL ('-') .
         DELETE
                       CHARACTER (1) INITIAL ('#'),
         REROUTE
                       CHARACTER (1) INITIAL ('%'),
         CHANGELOC
                       CHARACTER (1) INITIAL (' '),
        NEXT
         /* ARGUMENTS TO SUBROUTINE INPUT */
         SEPARATOR
                       CHARACTER (1),
                       CHARACTER (100) VARYING,
         ITEM
         /* THIS IDENTIFIER IS USED BY SUBROUTINE INPUT ONLY.
                                                                   IT MUST*/
         /* BE GICPAL BECAUSE IT PASSES INFORMATION FROM ONE
         /* INVOCATION OF INPUT TO THE NEXT.
         NEXT_SEPARATOR CHARACTER(1) INITIAL('1'),
         VALID_REQ_SEP CHARACTER (4) INITIAL ( · a-#% ·) ,
        VALID_END_SEP CHARACTER (6) INITIAL ( 3-4% : 1),
         KEY
                        CHARACTER (9) VARYING, /* CCNTRCL FOR
                                                /* CURRENT REQUEST */
        /* WORK FIELDS FOR ENDPOINTS OF CURRENT */
         /* CIRCUIT, TRUNK, OR LINK
         WKSITE1
                        CHARACTER (11),
        WKSITE2
                        CHARACTER (11),
        DFIELD(6)
                        CHARACTER (15) , /* DATA SUBFIELDS */
                        CHARACTER (1); /* '00000000'B (DEFAULT FLAG) */
```

```
DECLARE /* FLAGS */
        /*******/
        UPDATESITE (2) BIT (1),
        UPDATELINK
                       BIT(1) .
        UPDATETRUNK
                       BIT (1).
        UPDATECIRCUIT BIT(1) .
                       BIT(1) INITIAL('0'E),
BIT(1) INITIAL('0'E),
        DELETE CNLY
        GARBCCL
                       BII(1) INITIAL ('0'B);
        FOF
DECLARE
        DATE_AND_TIME CHARACTER (17) . /* PRINTED ON EACH PAGE */
        PAGE_NUM_BINARY FIXED(15,0) INITIAL(1), /* FOR PAGE HEADING*/
                   BINARY PIXED (15,6) INITIAL (1), /*STRT CCL FOR MSGS*/
        MSG_COUNT BINARY FIXED(15,0) INITIAL(0), /* # MSGS >= WARNING*/
        4_DELS
                  BINARY FIXED(15,0); /* CIRCUIT AND TRUNK CLEANUP */
CECLARE /* REQUEST ATTEMPT COUNTERS */
        *_ADDCHANGES BINARY FIXED (15,0) INITIAL (0),
        #_DELETES
                      BINARY FIXED (15,0) INITIAL (0),
        * REROUTES
                      BINARY FIXED (15,0) INITIAL (0),
        * CHANGELCCS BINARY FIXER (15,0) INITIAL (0):
DECLARE OUTPIC
                      PICTURE 'ZZZ9': /* FOR FORMATTING COUNTERS */
 /* THESE ARE "PARAMETERS" THAT CONTROL INPUT RECORD PROCESSING */
 /* AND OUTPUT LISTING. IDEALLY, THEY SHOULD BE SPECIFIABLE AS */
 /* EXECUTION-TIME OFTIONS. SEE SUBROUTINES PRINT INPUT AND
 /* GETCHAR.
 DECLASE
         LINES
                   BINARY FIXED (15,0) INITIAL (75),
         BUFPCS
                   BINARY FIXED (15,0),
         BUFBEGIN BINARY FIXED (15,0),
         BUFEND
                   BINARY FIXED (15,0).
         INRECLEN BINARY FIXED (15,0),
                   BINARY FIXED (15,0),
         INREC
                   BINARY FIXED (15,0), /* STRT COL FOR INREC # */
         COL
                  BINARY FIXED (15,0); /* STRT COL FOR INREC */
         COLREC
 DECLARE INREC(1: 11) CHAR (80): / * TEMP DCL... CHANGE BLOCK STRUCTURE*/
 DECLARE INSEC LEVEL BINARY FIXED (15,0) INITIAL (0):
```

```
/****************
DECLARE /* BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS */
       /********/
       (ADDR.
       CHAR,
       DATE,
       DIM,
       CIVIDE,
       INDEX,
       LENGTH.
       LINENO,
       MAX,
       NULL,
       PLIRETC,
       STRING,
       SUBSTR.
       TIME,
       UNSPEC.
       VERIFY) BUILTIN:
       /********/
       /* FILES */
DECLARE SYSIN FILE STREAM INPUT,
       SYSPRINT FILE STREAM PRINT:
       /* FILE (GCWORK) APPEARS ONLY IN SUBROUTINE GARBAGE_CCLLECT */
       /*****************
       /* USER-DEFINED CONDITION */
       /*******************/
DECLARE TOTERR CONDITION:
```

```
/* I. PHELIMINAFIES */
/***************
/* (1) PREPARE PRINT FILE */
/* (LET SYSTEM HANDLE UNDEFINEDFILE CONDITION.) */
OPEN FILE (SYSPRINT) LINESIZE (132) PAGESIZE (LINES);
/* PAGE TURNER AND HEADING PRINTER */
ON ENEPAGE (SYSPRINT)
   BEGIN;
      PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) EDIT ('DBUTIL '| VERSION_AND_DATE,
                                DATE_AND_TIME, PAGE ', PAGE_NUM)
                               (PAGE, A(32), COL(61), A(17),
                                COI (112), A (5), F (4));
      PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) SKIP (2);
      PAGE_NUM = PAGE_NUM + 1;
   END:
/* INITIALIZE DATE AND TIME AND PREPARE FIRST PAGE */
/* THIS BLOCK INITIALIZES THE DATE/TIME STAMP IN
/* THE FORMAT
/*
               DD MON YY
                            HH: MM'
BEGIN:
   DECLARE 1 STAMP, /* DATE AND TIME STAMP */
             2 (Y, M, D, HR, MIN) CHARACTER (2),
            MONTHS (12) CHARACTER (3) INITIAL ('JAN',
                                              · MAR',
                                              · APR .
                                              'MAY',
                                              'JUN',
                                              · JUL',
                                              · AUG · ,
                                              · SEP' ,
                                              OCT',
                                              · NOV .
                                              'DEC'):
   STRING (STAMP) = DATE | | TIME;
   DATE_AND_TIME=D||' '||MONTHS(M)||' '||Y||' '||HR||':'||MIN;
END:
SIGNAL ENDPAGE (SYSPRINT) :
```

```
/* I. (2) MISCELLANEOUS INITIALIZATIONS */
/* INPUT PROCESSING AND OUTPUT LISTING: */
/* (IDEALLY, THIS SHOULD BE SPECIFIABLE AS AN EXECUTION-TIME */
/* OPTION. THE VALUES SPECIFIED HERE SHOULD BE THE DEFAULTS.*/
/* CURRENTLY, THE INPUT MUST BE IN FIXED LENGTH EIGHTY-BYTE */
/* RECORDS. CNIY COLUMNS 1 THROUGH 72 ARE SIGNIFICANT.
/* COLUMNS 73 THROUGH 80 ARE IGNORED AND CAN BE USED FOR
/* SEQUENCE NUMBERS.)
BUFBFGIN = 1:
BUFEND =72:
BUFFOS = BUFEND;
INRECLEN=83:
INREC# = 1;
        =1;
COL
COLREC =7;
MSGC
        =COLREC: /* <-- */
/* ALL ZERO BYTE */
UNSPEC (Z 8) = 000000000 B;
/* LIST PROCESSING HEAD POINTERS */
ROUTESPEC=NULL:
DEL_TR_PTR=NULL:
DEL_CT_PTR=NULL:
/* PRCCESS PARAMETER */
IF LENGTH (PARM) > 0 THEN
      CALL MSG (C, 'PARAMETERS SPECIFIED: 'I PARM) :
      IF INDEX (PARM, 'GARECOL') -= O THEN GARECOL= 1'B;
   END:
/* ESTABLISH ADDRESSABILITY FOR IOAREA FORMATS */
TOAREAP = ADDR ( IOAREA) :
```

```
/* I. (3) ESTABLISH COMMUNICATIONS WITH TOTAL */
/* TCTERR --
         AN UNEXFECTED STATUS WAS RETURNED BY TOTAL. DISPLAY A
/* MESSAGE ABOUT THE STATUS RETURNED AND ABOUT WHAT WAS BEING
/* ATTEMPTED. FLUSH THE INPUT STREAM, PRINTING THE REMAINDER OF */
/* THE USER'S INPUT. THEN, WHAP UP THE PROGRAM.
ON CONDITION (TOTERR)
   BEGIN:
      CALL MSG(0, **** TCTAL: FUNCT= '|| FUNCT||', STATUS= '|| STATUS||
                          ', FILEID='||FILEID||', REFER='||REFER||
                             LKPATH = '|| LKPATH || ', CCNT ROL = '|| CONTROL);
      CALL MSG (16, UNEXPECTED STATUS RETURN FROM TOTAL. );
      /* SUBROUTINE MSG FLUSHES INPUT STREAM AND TRANSFERS TO */
      /* TERMERS AS A RESULT OF THE TERMINAL ERROR CODE 16. */
      /* < DEBUG CODE > THIS SHOULD NOT HAPPEN */
      CALL MSG (12, UNEXPECTED RETURN FROM MSG TO TOTERR. 1):
      GO TO TERMERR:
   END:
/* PREPARE TOTAL. LET STATUS_ANALYSIS ROUTINE (VIA DBIO) HANDLE */
/* TERMINATION IF "TOTAL" OR "OPENM" FAILS.
FUNCT = 'TOTAL':
TASK IC= PBUTIL':
DBMOD = 'RFETA1';
CALL DBIO (5, 7):
FUNC T=OPENM:
TFILES (1) = 'RMSI';
TFILES (2) = 'RMLK';
TFILES (3) = 'RMTR';
TFILES (4) = RMCT ;
TFILES (5) = RVTL :
TFILES (6) = RVCT';
CALL DBIO(4,0):
```

```
/* I. (4) PREFARE INPUT FILE */
ON UNDEFINEDFILE(SYSIN)
BEGIN;
EOF='1'B;
SEFARATOR='';
NEXT_SEPARATOR='';
CALL MSG(4,'INCOMPLETE OR NO DD STATEMENT FOR FILE SYSIN.');
/* PROCEED WITH POSSIBLE GARBAGE COLECTION */
END;

/* ENLFILE(SYSIN) IS HANDLED IN SUBROUTINE INPUT */
OPEN FILE(SYSIN);

/* NOW START PROCESSING. FIRST INPUT DATA ITEM MUST BE READ */
/* BEFORE ENTERING THE MAIN PROCESSING LOOP.

CALL MSG(^,'');
CALL INPUT(SEPARATOR, ITEM);
```

```
****************
/* II. PROCESS REQUESTS */
DO MHILE (-EOF):
   CALL READ_PEQUEST:
   IF FFQUEST=DELETE THEN
          *_DELETPS=*_DELETPS+1:

IF REQUEST_LEVEL='C' THEN CALL DEL_CIECUIT;

ELSE TP REQUEST_LEVEL='I' THEN CALL DEL_TRUNK;

ELSE IF PEQUEST_LEVEL='L' THEN CALL DEL_LINK;

ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL='S' THEN CALL DEL_SITES;

DISE CALL MSC(12 LINVALID RETM FROM DEAD REQUEST.
          ELSE CALL MSG(12, 'INVALID RETN FROM READ_REQUEST: '''| | REQUEST
                       I | REQUEST_LEVELII'. " PROCESSING CONTINUES. ):
      END:
  ELSE IF BEQUEST= ADDCHANGE THEN
         I | REQUEST LEVEL | | . . . PROCESSING CONTINUES. .):
     END:
 FLSF IF REQUEST=REPORTS THEN
        #_REROUTES=#_REROUTES+1:
        IF REQUEST LEVEL TO THEN CALL RETRUNK:
ELSE CALL MSG(12, INVALID RETN FROM READ REQUEST: '''I REQUEST

| | REQUEST LEVEL | | ''' | PROCESSING CONTINUES.'):
     END:
ELSE IF REQUEST=CHANGELOC THEN
       | | REQUEST_LEVEL! | '. ' FROCESSING CONTINUES. ');
    END:
```

```
ELSE IF REQUEST = NEXT THEN

/* IT SHOULD NOT BE POSSIBLE FOR THIS TO HAPPEN BUT WATCH */

/* FCR IT ANYWAY.

CALL MSG(12, 'INVALID REQUEST '''] REQUEST!!

''' DETECTED. FURTHER PROCESSING WILL BE ATTEMPTED.');

/* "NEXT" MEANS READ_BEQUEST PETECTED AN ERROR AND THE CURRENT */

/* REQUEST SHOULD NOT BE PROCESSED. GC DO THE NEXT ONF. */

IF SEPARATOR=';' THEN

DO;

SEPARATOR=';' THEN

CALL PLUSH_REQUEST;

END;

END /* OF MAIN PROCESSING LOOP */;
```

```
/* III. CLEANUP */
/************
CALL MSG ( , ' ');
CALL MSG(0, (111) '*');
CALL MSG(0, '');
/* DELETE FLAGGED CIRCUITS AND TRUNKS */
FUNCT = DEL M;
FILEID= 'RMCT':
ELML IST = 'RMCTCTRL END. ':
CALL MSG (0, 'STATUS CHECK FOR DELETED CIRCUITS: ):
# DELS=0:
DC DCPTR=DEL_CT_PTR REPEAT NEXTDC WHILE (DCPTR-= NULL):
   CCNTRCL=DCKEY:
   CALL DBIO (7, 2):
   IF STATUS= 'IMDL' THEN
      CALL MSG (O, ' | | DCKEY|| ' RE-ADDED');
   ELSE IF STATUS=OK THEN
          CALL MSG(',' '|| DCKEY||' DFLETED <--');
          #_DELS=#_DELS+1;
      END:
   ELSE IF STATUS -- MRNF THEN
      SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERR);
END:
CALL MSG (7, CHAR (#_DELS) | | CIRCUITS DELETED');
FILEID= RMTR :
ELMLIST= 'RMCTCTRLEND. ':
CALL MSG (0, STATUS CHECK FOR DELETED TRUNKS: 1);
#_DELS= :
DO DTPTR = DEL_TR_FTR REPEAT NEXT DT WHILE (DTPTR = NULL) :
   CONTROL = DTK EY:
   CALL DBIO (7,2);
   IF STATUS= IMDL THEN
      CALL MSG(C, ' '|| DTKEY||' RE-ALDED');
   ELSE IF STATUS=OK THEN
          CALL MSG(0, 'IIDTKEYII' DELETED <--');
          #_DELS= #_DELS+1;
      END;
   ELSE IF STATUS -= 'MENF' THEN
      SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
END:
CALL MSG (0, CHAR (#_DELS) | | TRUNKS DELETED ); CALL MSG (0, ');
IF GARBCCL THEN
   CALL GARBAGE_COLLECT; /* DELETE UNUSED LINKS AND SITES */
ELSE
   CALL MSG(0, GARBAGE COLLECTION NOT PERFORMED ON LINKS AND SITES. 1):
```

```
/*****/
TERMERR:
/*****/
       /* IF CONTROL REACHES THIS POINT BECAUSE OF A TERMINAL ERROR, */
       /* THEN CIRCUITS AND TRUNKS FLAGGED FOR DELETION HAVE NOT BEEN*/
       /* DELEPED AND GARBAGE COLLECTION HAS NOT BEEN PERFORMED ON
       /* SITES AND LINKS. CONDITION (TOTERR) HAS INFORMED THE USER. */
/* SET JCB STEP RETURN CCDE */
CALL FLIRETC (RC):
/* REPORT STAILSTICS */
/* MAKE SURE THERE IS ENOUGH ROOM ON CURRENT PAGE */
IF LINENC (SYSPRINT) > LINES-14 THEN SIGNAL ENCPAGE (SYSPRINT) ;
CALL MSG(0, '');
CALL MSG (0, 11);
CALL MSG (), 'NUMBER OF OPERATIONS ATTEMETED: ');
OUT PIC=#_ADDCHANGES:
CALL MSG ( , '
                                                 a = '[OUTPIC];
OUTPIC=#_DELETES:
CALL MSG (0, 'OUTPIC=#_REROUTES:
                                                 - = '||OUTPIC);
CALL MSG (6, 1
                                                 # = '|| OUT PIC);
OUTPIC=#_CHANGELCCS:
                                                 % = '|| OUTPIC) :
CALL MSG(0, '
OUTPIC= # ADDCHANGES + # DELET ES +# REROUTES +# CHANGELOCS;
CALL MSG (0, ');
                                            TOTAL = '| |OUTPIC) :
OUTPIC=MSG_CCUNT:
CALL MSG(0, 'NUMBER OF ERROR OR WARNING MESSAGES = '||OUTPIC);
CALL MSG ( , ' ') ;
OUTPIC=RC:
CALL MSG ( , PROCESSING TERMINATER. RETURN CODE = '[[OUTPIC];
CALL MSG (0, ' ');
/* CLOSE TOTAL FILES AND RELEASE TOTAL */
FUNCI=CLCSM:
CALL DRIO (4,0);
FUNC T=DEQUE;
CALL DBIO (4, 0):
/* CLOSE OTHER FILES */
CLOSE FILE (SYSIN) ,
      FILE (SYSPRINT):
/*** LOGICAL END OF PROGRAM. INTERNAL PROCEDURES FOLICE. ***/
/*** SEE STATIC STRUCTURE OUTLINE ABOVE.
```

```
SUBROUTINE AC_CIRCUIT
        THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION SPECIFIED BY A DC REQUEST. */
NO RECORD IS FOUND WITH THE SPECIFIED CONTROL KEY OR IF A */
DED IS FOUND BUT CONTAINS NO LINKAGE TO VARIABLE RECORDS, */
NIT IS ASSUMED THAT THE USER IS DOING AN "ADD." ROUTING */
/* IF NO RECORD IS FOUND WITH THE SPECIFIED CONTROL KEY OR IF A
/* RECORD IS FOUND BUT CONTAINS NO LINKAGE TO VARIABLE RECORDS,
* THEN IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE USER IS DOING AN "ADD." ROUTING
/* INFORMATION MUST BE SPECIFIED. IF THE MASTER RECERD IS PRE-
/* SENT WITH LINKAGE, THEN ONLY A "CHANGE DATA" IS PERFORMED AND /* NO POUTING MAY BE SPECIFIED.
/*
1*
          AC_CIFCUIT HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL DATA ARE CETAINED FROM
/* GLOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
AC_CIRCUIT: PROCEDURE:
DECLARE KEYC CHAFACTER (9):
KEYC=STRING(INDATA.RMCTCTRL):
/* CHECK BMCT POF PRESENCE OF CIRCUIT RECORD */
FUNCT=READM:
FILEID= BMCT :
CCNTRCL=KEYC;
FLMLIST=RMCT_ELEM: /* ALL NON-LINKPATH INFO IN CIRCUIT RECORD */
CALL DBIO (7, 2): /* READ THE RECORD */
```

IF STATUS= MRNF THEN /\* MASTER CIRCUIT RECORD NOT FOUND \*/ DO: STATUS=OK: /\* FOR AN ADD, USER MUST SPECIFY TRUNKS USED BY NEW CIRCUIT \*/ IF ROUTESPEC = NULL THEN CALL MSG (8, 'CIRCUIT '|| KEYC|| ' NOT ADDED. NO TRUNK (S) SPECIFIED. '); RETURN: END: /\* THE SPECIFIED TRUNKS MUST TRACE A CONTINUOUS PATH. \*/ /\* FUNCTION ROUTE\_TRACE RETURNS THE VALUE TRUE IF \*/ /\* THE PATH IS TRACEABLE AND RETURNS THE ENDSITES AS \*/ /\* ARGUMENTS. IF -ROUTE\_TRACE (WKSITE 1, WKSITE 2) THEN DO: /\* USER HAS SPECIFIED BAD SET CF TRUNKS \*/ CALL MSG (8, 'CIRCUIT '||KEYC|| ' NOT ADDED. SPECIFIED TRUNKS DO NOT TRACE A '!! 'CONTINUOUS PATH.'); RETURN: END: /\*TRUNKS CHECKED OUT. MOVE DATA TO IOAREA, ADD CIRCUIT TO RMCT.\*/ IOCIRCUIT = INDATA.CIRCUIT, BY NAME;
IF IOCIRCUIT.RMCTFLAG= ' THEN IOCIRCUIT.RMCTFLAG= 28: /\*DEFAULT\*/ STR ING (IOCIFCUIT.CIRCUITSITE1) = WKSITE1; STRING (IOCIRCUIT. CIRCUITS IT E2) = WKS IT E2; FUNCT = ADD M: FILEID= RMCT : CONTROL=KEYC: ELMLIST=RMCT ELEM: CALL DBIO (7,2); /\* WRITE THE NEW CIRCUIT MASTER RECORD \*/ IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR): /\* DISPLAY MESSAGES ABOUT ADDITION \*/ CALL MSG(0, 'CIRCUIT '|| KEYC||' ADDED'): /\* NOW ADD RECORDS TO RVCT TO PROVIDE LINKAGE TO RMTR. \*/ CALL ADD\_ FOUTING: /\* FALL THROUGH AND BETURN. \*/

END /\* OF PROCESSING FOR MASTER CIRCUIT RECORD NOT FOUND. \*/:

```
ELSE IF STATUS=OK THEN /* MASTER CIRCUIT RECCED FOUND */
      /* SEE IF LINKAGE TO RVCT IS AIREADY PRESENT BY DOING A READV. */
      FUNCT=READV:
      FILEID= RVCT';
      REFER= 'IKCT':
      LKPATH= RMCTLKCT :
      FLMLIST = ' RVCTRMCT END. ':
      ENDP= RLSE : /* WILL NOT UPDATE THIS RECORD */
      /* CONTROL ALREADY SET */
      IOSAVE=IOAREA; /* SAVE CIRCUIT DATA FOR UPDATE */
      CALL DBIO (9,2); /* READ THE VARIABLE RECORD */
      ENDP='END.'; /* DON'T FORGET TO RESET ENDP. */
      IF STATUS-=OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
      /* REFER=ENDP MEANS: NO LINKAGE PRESENT,
      /*
                           RECORD IS FLAGGED FOR DELETION, AND */
                           USER IS DOING AN "ADD."
      /* OTHERWISE, THIS IS A "CHANGE" REQUEST.
```

```
/* IF NO LINKAGE TO RVCT PRESENT, THEN ASSUME USER IS DOING ADD*/
IF REFEREENDE THEN
   /* NO LINKAGE, SO TREAT AS ADD. */
      /* FOR AN ADD, USER MUST SPECIFY TRUNKS USED BY NEW CRCT */
      IF ROUTESPEC = NULL THEN
            CALL MSG (8, CIRCUIT '| KEYC|
                      ' NOT ADDED. NO TRUNK (S) SPECIFIED. ');
            RETURN:
         END:
      / * THE SPECIFIED TRUNKS MUST TRACE A CONTINUOUS PATH. */
      /* FUNCTION ROUTE TRACE RETURNS THE VALUE TRUE IF */
      /* THE PATH IS TRACEABLE AND RETURNS THE ENDSITES AS */
      /* ABGUMENTS.
      IF -ROUTE_TRACE (WKSITE 1, WKSITE 2) THEN
         DO: /* USER HAS SPECIFIED BAD SET OF TRUNKS */
            CALL MSG (8, 'CIRCUIT '| KEYC||' NOT ADDED. SPECIFIED'
                     11 TRUNKS DO NOT TRACE A CONTINUOUS PATH. 1):
            RETURN:
         END:
      /* RESTORE SAVED IOAREA AND SET */
      /* ENDSITES TO PREPARE FOR UPDATE */
      IOAREA = IOSAVE;
      STRING (IOCIRCUIT. CIRCUITSITE 1) = WKSITE1:
      STRING (IOCIRCUIT. CIRCUITSITE 2) = WKSITE 2;
      IOCIRCUIT.RMCTFLAG=Z8: /* SET DEFAULT VALUE FCF ADD */
      IF UPDATECIRCUIT THEN /* REPLACEMENT DATA SPECIFIED */
         CALL SET_UPDATE_C;
      /* EVEN IF NO UPDATES ARE SPECIFIED, THE FECORD */
      /* MUST STILL BE REWRITTEN TO REFLECT THE NEW
      /* END SITES.
      FUNCT= WR ITM:
      FILEID = "RMCT":
      CCNTROL= KEYC;
      SLMLIST = RMC T_ELEN;
      CALL DBIO (7, 2):
      IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
      /* DISPLAY MESSAGE ABOUT ADDITION */
      CALL MSG(0, 'CIKCUIT '| KFYC||' ADDED');
      /* NOW ADD RECORDS TO RVCT TO PROVIDE LINKAGE TO RMTR. */
      CALL ADD_ROUTING:
      /* FALL THROUGH AND RETURN */
   END:
```

```
ELSE /* LINKAGE ALBEADY PRESENT. UPDATE ONLY. */
            /* RESTORE SAVED IOAREA */
            ICAREA= ICS AV E:
             /* USER NOT FERMITTED TO SPECIFY TRUNKS FOR AN UPDATE */
            IF ROUTESPEC -= NULL THEN /* IF HE DID, DON'T. */
               DC:
                  CALL MSG (8, CIRCUIT '| KEYC||
                             · ALREADY PRESENT. SPECIFIED TRUNKS NOT' | 1
                            · CHECKED FOR CONTINUITY. '):
                   IF UPDATECIRCUIT THEN
                      CALL MSG(4,
                                *SPECIFIED DATA UPDATES NOT PERFORMED. *);
                   RETURN:
               END:
            /* NO TRUNKS SPECIFIED. CHECK FCB UPDATES. */
            IF UPDATECIRCUIT THEN
               DO:
                  /* DISFLAY "BFFORE" VALUES */
                   /* <TEMP: >*/ CALL MSG (0, 'BEFCRE: '||STRING(IOCIRCUIT));
                  CALL SET_UPDATE_C:
                   FUNCT = WRITM;
                   FILEID = ' PMCT' :
                  ELMIIST=RMCT_ELEM:
/* CONTROL ALREADY SET */
                  CALL DBIO (7,2):
                  IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) :
                   /* DISPLAY "AFTER" VALUES */
                   /*<TEMP:>*/ CALL MSG (0, AFTER: '||STRING (IOCIRCUIT));
                END:
            FLSE /* CIRCUIT SPECIFIED WAS ALREADY PRESENT, AND USER */
                 /* SPECIFIED NO UPDATES: WARN THE USER.
               CALL MSG (4, CIRCUIT SPECIFIED ALREADY PRESENT IN DATA 11
                           · BASE AND NO UPDATES SPECIFIED. ');
         END;
   END /* OF PROCESSING FOR MASTER RECORD FOUND IN RMCT */:
FLSF /* INVALID STATUS TRYING TO LOCATE SPECIFIED CIRCUIT RECORD */
  SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
RETURN:
```

```
SUBLOUTINE SET_UPDATE_C
        THIS SUBSOUTINE IS CALLED BY AC_CIRCUIT TO SET NEW VALUES
/* FOR THE DATA FIELDS IN A CIRCUIT MASTER RECORD. IT IS CALLED FOR */
/* A RF-ADD IF SOME DATA FIELDS ARE RESPECIFIED AND FOR A CHANGE.
/* THE ASTERISK (*) INDICATES THAT THE DEFAULT VALUE IS TO BE RESET. */
SET_UPDATE_C: PROCEDURE;
/* THE FIRST IN EACH PAIR OF ASSIGNMENT STATEMENTS IS UNNECESSARY IF */
/* "*" WAS SPECIFIED, BUT IT MAKES THE PROGRAM CLEARER; AND "*" WON'T */
/* ACTUALLY BE USED MUCH, SO IT ISN'T REALLY INEFFICIENT.
IF INDATA.RMCTFLAG -- ' THEN I OCIRCUIT. RMCTFLAG = INDATA.RMCTFLAG;
IF INDATA.RMCTFLAG= ** THEN LOCIRCUIT.RMCTFLAG= 28;
IF INDATA. FMCTRSTP-- . THEN ICCIRCUIT. EMCTRSTF=INDATA. RMCTRSTP;
IF INDATA. RMCTRSTF= '*' THEN IOCIECUIT. RMCTRSTP= ' ';
IF INTATA. RMCTRAPL -- ' THEN IOCIRCUIT. EMCTRAPL = INDATA. RMCTRAPL;
IF INDATA.RMCTRAPL = ** THEN IOCIFCUIT.RMCTRAFI= ':
IF INDATA. RMCTIDEN -- . THEN IOCIRCUIT. RMCTIDEN = INDATA. RMCTIDEN;
IF INDATA.RMCTIDEN= ** THEN IOCIRCUIT.RMCTIDEN= ':
IF INDATA. SMCTXREF -- . THEN IOCIRCUIT. RMCTX REF= INDATA. RMCTXREF;
IF INDATA.RMCTXREF= " * THEN LOCISCULT.RMCTXREF= " :
IF INDATA. FMCTFILL-= " THEN IOCIRCUIT. RMCTFILL=INDATA. RMCTFILL;
IF INPATA.RMCTFILL= " THEN IOCIPCUIT. RMCTFILL= ';
RETURN:
END /* SET_UPDATE_C */ ;
END /* AC_CIRCUIT */;
```

SUBROUTINE AC\_TRUNK THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION SPECIFIED BY A OT REQUEST. \*/ /\* IF NO RECORD IS FOUND WITH THE SPECIFIED CONTROL KEY OR IF A \*/ /\* RECORD IS FOUND BUT CONTAINS NO LINKAGE TO VARIABLE RECORDS, \*/ /\* THEN IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE USER IS DOING AN "ADD." ROUTING /\* INFORMATION MUST BE SPECIFIED. IF THE MASTER RECORD IS PRESENT /\* WITH LINKAGE, THEN ONLY A "CHANGE DATA" IS PERFORMED AND NO /\* ROUTING MAY BF SPECIFIED. /\* AC\_TRUNK HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL DATA ARE OBTAINED FROM /\* GICBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE. AC\_TRUNK: PROCEDURE: DECLARE KEYT CHARACTER (7); KEYT = STRING (INDATA . RMTRCTRL); /\* CHECK BMTR FOR PRESENCE OF TRUNK RECORD \*/ FUNCT = PEADY; FILEID= RMTR'; CONTROL = K FYT; ELMLIST=RMTR\_ELEM; /\* ALL NON-LINKPATH INFO IN TRUNK RECORD \*/ CALL DBIO (7,2); /\* READ THE RECORD \*/

```
IF STATUS= MRNF THEN /* MASTER TRUNK RECORD NOT FOUND */
   DO:
      STATUS = OK:
      /* FOR AN ADD, USER MUST SPECIFY LINKS USED BY NEW TRUNK */
      IF ROUTESPEC=NULL THEN
            CALL MSG (8, TRUNK ' | KEYT | 1
                      ' NOT ADDED. NO LINK(S) SPECIFIED. ');
            RETURN;
         EN D:
      /* THE SPECIFIED LINKS MUST TRACE A CONTINUOUS FATH. */
      /* FUNCTION ROUTE_TRACE RETURNS THE VALUE TRUE IF */
      /* THE PATH IS TRACEABLE AND RETURNS THE ENDSITES AS */
      /* ARGUMENTS.
      IF -ROUTE_TRACE (WKSITE1, WKSITE2) THEN
         DO: /* USER HAS SPECIFIED BAD SET OF LINKS */
            CALL MSG (8, TRUNK '| KEYT||
                      ' NOT ADDED. SPECIFIED LINKS DO NOT TRACE A ' 11
                      'CONTINUOUS PATH. ');
            RETURN:
         END:
      /* LINKS CHECKED OUT. MOVE DATA TO LOAREA & ALL TRUNK TO RMTR.*/
      IOTRUNK = INDATA. TRUNK, BY NAME;
      IF IOTRUNK. RMTRFLAG= . THEN IOTRUNK. RMTRFLAG=Z8: /* DEFAULT */
      STRING (IOTRUNK . TRUNKSITE1) = WKSITE1;
      STRING (I OTRUNK. TRUNKS IT E2) = WKS IT E2;
      FUNCT = ADD M:
      FILEID= RMTR ;
      CONTROL= KEYT;
      ELMLIST=RMIR_ELEM;
      CALL DBIO (7,2): /* WRITE THE NEW TRUNK MASTER FECCED */
      IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) :
      /* DISPLAY MESSAGES ABOUT ADDITION */
      CALL MSG(0, 'TRUNK '| [KEYT] | ADDED');
      /* NOW ADD FECORDS TO RVTL TO PROVIDE LINKAGE TO RMLK. */
      CALL ADD_ROUTING;
      /* FALL THROUGH AND RETURN. */
```

END /\* OF PROCESSING FOR MASTER TRUNK RECORD NOT FCUND. \*/:

```
ELSE IF STATUS=OK THEN /* MASTER TRUNK RECORD FOUND */
DC;

/* SEE IF LINKAGE TO RVTL IS ALREADY PRESENT BY DOING A READV. */
FUNCT=READV;
FILEID='RVTL';
EEFER='LKTL';
LKFATH='RMTFLKTL';
ELMLIST='RVTLRMTREND.';
ENDP='BLSE'; /* WILL NCT UPDATE THIS RECORD */
/* CONTROL ALREADY SEI */

IOSAVE=IOAREA; /* SAVE TRUNK DAIA FCR UPDATE */
CALL DBIO(9,2); /* READ THE VARIABLE BECORD */
FNDP='END.'; /* DON'T FORGET TO RESET ENDP. */
IF STATUS=OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION(TCTERE);
```

```
/* IF NO LINKAGE TO RVTL FRESENT (WHICH IMPLIES THAT THERE IS
/* NONE TO RVCT), THEN ASSUME USER IS DCING AN ADD.
IF REFEREENDP THEN
   /* NC LINKAGE, SO TREAT AS ALC. */
   DO:
      /* FOR AN ADD, USER MUST SPECIFY LINKS USED BY NEW TRUNK */
      IF ROUTESPEC = NULL THEN
         DC:
            CALL MSG (8, TRUNK '| KEYT | 1
                      ' NOT ADDED. NO LINK (S) SPECIFIED. ');
            RETURN:
         FND:
      /* THE SPECIFIED LINKS MUST TRACE A CONTINUOUS PATH. */
      /* FUNCTION FOUTE TRACE BETURNS THE VALUE TRUE IF
      /* THE PATH IS TRACEABLE AND RETURNS THE ENDSITES AS */
      /* ARGUMENTS.
      IF -ROUTE_TRACE (WKSITE 1, WKSITE 2) THEN
         DO: /* USER HAS SPECIFIED BAD SET OF LINKS */
            CALL MSG (8, TRUNK '| KEYT | 1
                      NOT ADDED. SPECIFIED LINKS DO NOT TRACE '
                      II'A CONTINUOUS PATH. ');
            RETURN:
         END;
      /* RESTORÉ SAVED IOAREA AND SET
      /* ENDSITES TO PREPARE FOR UPDATE */
      ICAREA= IOS AVE;
      STRING (IO TRUNK . TRUNKSITE 1) = WKSITE1;
      STRING (IOT RUNK.TRUNKSITE2) = WKSITE2:
      IOTRUNK. RMTRFLAG=Z8; /* SET DEFAULT VALUE FOR ADD */
      IF UPDATETRUNK THEN /* REPLACEMENT DATA SPECIFIED */
         CALL SET UPDATE T:
      /* EVEN IF NO UPDATES ARE SPECIFIED, THE RECORD
      /* MUST STILL BE REWRITTEN TO REFIECT THE NEW END SITES
      FUNCT= WRITM:
      FILEID = "RMTR";
      CCNTROL=KEYT:
      ELMLIST=RMTR_ELEM:
      CALL DBIO (7,2);
      IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
      /* DISPLAY MESSAGE ABOUT ADDITION */
      CALL MSG (7, 'TRUNK '||KEYT||' ADDED'):
      /* NOW ADD RECORDS TO PVTL TO PROVIDE LINKAGE TO RMLK. */
      CALL ADD_ROUTING;
      /* FALL THROUGH AND FETURN */
   END:
```

```
ELSE /* LINKAGE ALBEADY PRESENT. UPDATE ONLY. */
         DO:
             /* RESTORE SAVED IOAREA */
             ICAREA= IOSAVE:
             /* USER NOT PERMITTED TO SPECIFY LINKS FOR AN UPDATE */
             IF ROUTESPEC -= NULL THEN /* IF HE DID, DON'T. */
                DC;
                   CALL MSG (8, 'TRUNK '| KEYT||
                             ' ALREADY PRESENT. SPECIFIED LINKS NOT' !!
                            · CHECKED FOR CONTINUITY. '):
                   IF UPDATETRUNK THEN
                      CALL MSG(4, SPECIFIED DATA UPDATES NOT PERFORMED.');
                   RETURN:
                END:
             /* NO LINKS SPECIFIED. CHECK FOR UPDATES. */
             IF UFDATETRUNK THEN
               DO;
                   /* DISPLAY "BEFORE" VALUES */
                   /* <TEMP: >*/ CALL MSG (0, 'BEFCRE: '||STBING (IOTRUNK));
                  CALL SET_UPDATE_T:
                  FUNCT = WRITM:
                   FILEID = 'RMTR';
                  ELMLIST = RMTR ELEM:
                   /* CONTROL ALREADY SET */
                  CALL DBIO (7,2):
IF STATUS = OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
                   /* DISPLAY "AFTER" VALUES */
                   /*<IEMP:>*/ CALL MSG (0, AFTER: '||STRING(IOTRUNK));
                END:
            ELSE /* TRUNK SPECIFIED WAS ALREADY PRESENT, AND USER */
                  /* SPECIFIED NO UPDATES: WAEN THE USER.
                CALL MSG (4, TRUNK SPECIFIED AIREADY PRESENT IN DATA '!!
                           'BASE AND NO UPDATES SPECIFIED. ');
         END:
   END /* OF PROCESSING FOR MASTER RECCED FOUND IN RETE */:
ELSE /* INVALID STATUS TRYING TO LOCATE SPECIFIED TRUNK RECORD */
   SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTEFR);
RETHEN:
```

```
SUBROUTINE SET UPDATE T
       THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY ACTRUNK TO SET NEW VALUES
/* FOR THE DATA FIELDS IN A TRUNK MASTER RECORD. IT IS CALLED FOR
/* A RE-ADD IF SOME DATA FIELDS ARE RESPECIFIED AND FOR A CHANGE.
/* THE ASTERISK (*) INDICATES THAT THE DEFAULT VALUE IS TO BE RESET. */
SET_UPDATE_T: PROCEDURE;
/* THE FIRST IN EACH FAIR OF ASSIGNMENT STATEMENTS IS UNNECESSARY IF */
/* "*" WAS SPECIFIED, BUT IT MAKES THE FROGRAM CLEAFER; AND "*" WON'T*/
/* ACTUALLY BE USED MUCH, SO IT ISN'T REALLY INEFFICIENT.
IF INDATA.RMTRFLAG-= " THEN I OT RUNK. RMTRFLAG = INDATA.RMTRFLAG:
IF INDATA.RMTRFLAG= ** THEN IOTRUNK.RMTRFLAG= 28:
IF INDATA. RMTRRCAT-= . THEN IOTRUNK. RMTRRCAT= INDATA. FMTRRCAT;
IF INDATA.RMTBRCAT= ** THEN ICTRUNK. FMTRRCAT= ' ::
IF INDATA. BMTRTCAP -= " THEN IOTRUNK. RMTRTCAP = INDATA. RMTRTCAP:
IF INDATA.RMTRTCAD = '*' THEN IOTRUNK. RMTRTCAP = ' :;
IF INDATA. RMTRBANE-= " THEN IOTBUNK. BMTRBAND = INDATA. RMTRBAND;
IF INDATA. RMTRBAND= '* THEN IOTRUNK. RMTRBAND= ' :;
IF INDATA.RMTRAVAL -= ' THEN LOTRUNK. BMTRAVAL = INDATA. BMTRAVAL;
IF INDATA.RMTRAVAL = '* THEN IOTSUNK. EMTRAVAL = ' ;
IF INDATA. RMTRFILL -- ' THEN IOT RUNK. PMTRFILL = INDATA. RMTRFILL:
IF INDATA. RMTRFILL= '*' THEN IOTEUNK. RMTRFILL= ' ::
RETUEN:
END /* SET_UPDATE_T */;
END /* AC_TRUNK */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE AC_LINK, AC_SITES
       THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION SPECIFIED BY A DL OR DS
  REQUEST.
      ONE OR TWO SITES MAY BE SPECIFIED. EACH SITE IS PROCESSED
/* INDEPENDENTLY. IF NO RECORD IS FOUND WITH THE SPECIFIED CONTROL
/* KEY, THE SITE IS ADDED: OTHERWISE DATA FIELDS ARE UPDATED AS /* SPECIFIED.
1*
       IF SITES ARE SPECIFIED, THEY ARE PROCESSED FIRST AS DESCRIBED */
/* ABOVE. IF NO MASTER LINK RECORD IS FOUND WITH THE SPECIFIED LINK
/* CONTROL KEY AND IF EXACTLY TWO VALID SITES WERE SPECIFIED, THEN
/* THE LINK IS ADDED. IF THE LINK WAS PRESENT AND EITHER NO SITES OR */
/* THE CORRECT TWO SITES WERE SPECIFIED, THEN DATA FIELDS ARE UPDATED*/
/* AS SPECIFIED.
1*
       AC LINK/AC SITES HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL VALUES ARE OFTAINED
/* FROM GLOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
AG_LINK:
AC SITES: PROCEDURE:
DECLARE
         SITE 1 CHARACTER (11),
         SITE2 CHARACTER (11),
         KEYS CHARACTER (11) ,
               BINARY FIXED (15,0):
/* CHECK SITES AND ADD IF NECESSARY */
TO I=1 TO 2 WHILE (INDATA.GEOLOC (I) -= '
                                               ');
  K FY S = STR ING (INDATA.RMSICTRL(I));
   /* CHECK SITE MASTER FILE FOR PRESENCE OF SPECIFIED SITE. */
   FUNCT = READM;
   FILEID='RMSI':
   CCNTRCL=KEYS:
   ELMLIST = RMSI_ELEM;
  CALL DBIO (7,2); /* READ A SITE RECORD */
   /* IF THE RECORD WAS NOT FOUND, ACT IT. IF IT WAS FOUND, UPDATE
   /* THE DATA FIFLDS IF NEW ONES WERE SPECIFIED. IF ANY OTHER
   /* STATUS IS RETURNED, SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) TO PRINT A MESSAGE*/
   /* AND TERMINATE.
```

```
IF STATUS='MENF' THEN /* MASTER SITE RECORD NOT FOUND */
DO:

/* ADD A NEW SITE RECORD */
IOSITE=INDATA.SITE(I): /* COPY DATA TO IOAREA */
IF IOSITE.RMSIFLAG=' THEN IOSITE.RMSIFLAG=Z8: /* DEFAULT */
FUNCT=ADD_M:
CALL DBIO (7, 2):
IF STATUS==OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
CALL MSG(0, 'SITE '| | KEYS|| 'ADDED.');
FND:
```

FISE IF STATUS=OK THEN /\* RECORD FOUND \*/ /\* UPDATE DATA FIELDS IF SPECIFIED \*/ IF UPDATESITE(I) THEN /\* REPLACEMENT DATA SPECIFIED \*/ DO: /\* DISPLAY OLD VALUES FOR USER \*/ CALL MSG (0, 'BEFORE: '| STRING (IOSITE)); IF INDATA. RMSIST CT (I) -= " THEN IOSITE.RMSISTCT=INDATA.RMSISTCT(I): IF INDATA. RMS IST CT (I) = \* \* THEN IOSITE.RMSISTCT= ': IF INDATA.RMSIFLAG(I) -= " THEN IOSITE. RMSIFLAG=INDATA. RMSIFLAG(I): IF INDATA.RMSIFLAG (I) = \* \* THEN IOSITE. RMS IFL AG= Z8; IF INDATA. RMSICORD(I) -= " THEN IOSITE.RMSICORD=INDATA.RMSICCRD(I): IF INDATA. RMSICORD(I) = \* \* THEN IOSITE.RMSICORD=' ': IF INDATA.RMSINUMB (I) -= " THEN IOSITE. RMSINUMB=INCATA. RMSINUMB(I); IF INDATA . RMSINUMB (I) = \* \* THEN IOSITE. RMS I NU ME= ' : IF INDATA. RMSIFILL (I) -= " THEN IOSITE . RMSIFILI = INDATA . RMSIFILL (I) : IF INDATA. RMSIFILL (I) = ' \* THEN IOSITE.RMSIFILL= ': FUNCT = WEITM: CALL DBIO (7,2); /\* UPDATE THE SITE RECORD \*/ IF STATUS-OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERF) : /\* DISPLAY NEW DATA FOR USER \*/ CALL MSG (0, 'AFTER: '||STRING(IOSITE)): END: ELSE IF REQUEST\_LEVEL= 'S' THEN /\* CALL MSG (4, 'SITE '| KEYS | | ALREADY PRESENT IN DATA' II' BASE AND NO UPDATES SPECIFIED. '); END: FLSE /\* INVALID STATUS TRYING TO READ SITE RECORD \*/ SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERF);

END: /\* OF LOOP TO PROCESS SITES \*/

```
IF REQUEST_LEVEL='S' THEN RETURN;

/* ONLY THE FIRST EIGHT EYTES ARE CURRENTLY SIGNIFICANT . . .
SITE1=STRING(INDATA.RMSICTRL(1));
SITE2=STRING(INDATA.RMSICTRL(2));
*/
SITE1=INDATA.GECICC(1);
SITE2=INDATA.GECICC(2);
```

```
/*** PROCESS LINK ***/
/* CHECK RMLK FCB PRESENCE OF LINK RECORD */
FUNCT=FEADM:
FILEID = 'RMLK';
CONTROL = INDATA.RMLKCTRL;
ELMLIST=RMLK_ELEM;
CALL DBIO (7, 2);
IF STATUS='MRNF' THEN /* MASTER LINK RECORD NOT FOUND */
   DO;
      /* BEFORE ADDING A NEW LINK, MAKE SURE TWO SITES SPECIFIED */
      IF SITE1=   THEN /* NO SITES GIVEN */
            CALL MSG(8, 'LINK '|| INDATA.RMLKCTHI||
                       ' NOT ADDED. NO SITES SPECIFIED. ');
            RETURN:
         END:
      CALL MSG (8, 'LINK '|| INDATA.RMIKCTEL||
                       ' NOT ADDEC. ONLY ONE SITE SPECIFIED. ');
            BETURN:
         END:
      /* MOVE DATA TO ICAREA */
      IOLINK=INDATA. LINK, BY NAME:
      IF IOLINK.RMLKFLAG= . THEN IOLINK.RMLKFLAG= 28: /* DEFAULT */
      IOLINK. RMIKFRLC=INDAT A. GEOLOC (1);
      IOLINK.RMLKFFAC=INDATA.FACILITY(1);
      IOLINK. RMLKTOLC = INDATA. GEOLOC (2);
      IOLINK. RMIKTFAC=INDATA. FACILITY (2):
      FUNCT = ADD M:
      CALL DBIO (7, 2);
     IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
      CALL MSG (0, 'LINK '||INDATA.RMLKCTRL||' ADDED. ');
      /* FALL THROUGH AND RETURN */
   END:
```

```
FLSE IF STATUS=OK THEN /* LINK RECORD FOUND */
      /* COLLECT CONTROL KEY OF SITES ASSOCIATED WITH LINK */
      /* IN FIELDS FOR WORKING SITES
      WKSITE1= /* STRING (LINKSITE1) */ RMLKFRLC;
      WKSITE2= /* STRING (LINKSITE2) */ RMIKTCIC;
      /* IF SITES WERE SPECIFIED, THEY MUST BE THE SAME AS THE */
      /* ONES ASSOCIATED WITH THE LINK; CTHERWISE, THE USER HAS */
      /* MADE AN ERROR. HE CANNOT CHANGE THE SITES ASSOCIATED */
      /* WITH A LINK IN THIS MANNER BECAUSE ALL RELATED TRUNKS */
      /* AND CIRCUITS WOULD BE AFFECTED. TO CHANGE THE SITES
      /* ASSOCIATED WITH A GIVEN LINK: PURGE ALL AFFECTED CIR-
      /* CUITS AND TRUNKS: THEN USE %L TO CHANGE THE DATA IN
      /* THE LOCATION AND FACILITY FIELDS OF THE LINK MASTER
      /* RECORD. (THE LINK RECORD DOES NOT ACTUALLY CONTAIN /* LINKAGE TO THE SITE MASTER FILE.) ALTERNATIVELY,
      /* AFTER DELETING ALL AFFECTED TRUNKS AND CIRCUITS, DE-
      /* LETE THE LINK AND THEN RE-ADD IT WITH THE CORRECT
      /* SITES.
      /* IF SITFS WERE SPECIFIED, THEN IF THEY DO NOT MATCH THE */
      /* CURRENT LINK END SITES IN BITHER ORDER, THEN THE USER */
      /* HAS MADE AN ERRCR.
      IF SITE 1 - = " THEN
         IF - ((SITE1= WKS ITE1 & SITE2= WKS ITE2) |
               (SITE 1 = WKS ITE 2 & SITE 2 = WKSITE 1) ) THEN
                CALL MSG(8, 'SPECIFIED SITES: '||SITE1||' '||SITE2||
                            . DO NOT MATCH END SITES OF SPECIFIED LINK: .
                            | | WKS ITE 1 | | ' | | WKS ITE 2);
               RETURN:
            END:
      /* WE NOW HAVE APPROPRIATE LINK AND SITE INFORMATION. */
      /* IF REPLACEMENT DATA SPECIFIED, UPDATE RMIK.
```

IF UPDATELINK THEN /\* REPLACEMENT DATA SPECIFIED \*/ DO: /\* DISPLAY OLD VALUES \*/ CALL MSG (0, 'BEFORE: '|| STRING (IOLINK) ); IF INDATA. RMLKFLAG-= . THEN IOLINK. RMLKFLAG= INDATA. RMLKFLAG; IF INDATA.RMLKFLAG= \*\* THEN IOLINK.RMLKFLAG=Z8; IF INDATA.RMLKTRAN-= . THEN ICLINK. RMIKTRAN=INDATA. BMLKTRAN; IF INDATA. RMIKTRAN= \*\* THEN IOLINK. RMIKTRAN= \* :: IF INDATA. BMLKCODE -= ' THEN IOLINK. BMLKCODE = INDATA. BMLKCODE; IF INDATA.RMLKCODE = " \* THEN IOLINK.RMLKCCEE = " : IF INDATA.RMLKFILL == ' THEN ICLINK. BMIKFILL=INDATA. RMLKFILL; IF INDATA. RMIKFILL= \* \* THEN IOLINK. RMLKFILL= \* \*; FUNCT= WRITM: CALL DBIO(7,2); /\* UPDATE THE RECCRD \*/ IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR); /\* DISPLAY NEW DATA \*/ CALL MSG (0, 'AFTER: '||STRING (ICIINK)); END; ELSE CALL MSG(4, LINK SPECIFIED AIREADY PRESENT IN DATA BASE AND . II'NG UPDATES SPECIFIED. '): END: ELSE /\* INVALID STATUS TRYING TO READ HINK MASTER RECORD \*/ SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERS); /\* END PROCESSING FOR LINK \*/ RETURN: END /\* AC\_LINK, AC\_SITES \*/ ;

```
/*
                   SUBROUTINE DEL_CIRCUIT
       THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION SPECIFIED BY A -C REQUEST. */
/* IT FIRST DELETES ALL LINKAGE TO RVCT AND THEN FLAGS THE RECORD
                                                                                */
/* FOR DELETION BY ADDING IT TO A LINKED LIST. IF THE CIRCUIT IS /* SUBSEQUENTLY RE-ADDED, THE DATA FIELDS WILL BE RETAINED. IF THE
/* CIFCUIT IS NOT RE-ADDED IT IS PHYSICALLY DELETED IN A LATER
/* CLEANUP STEP.
1*
/*
        DEL_CIRCUIT HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL DATA ARE CETAINED FROM
/* GIOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
DEL_CIRCUIT: PROCEDURE:
CECLARE #_TRUNKS BINARY FIXED(15,0);
DECLARE KEYC
                  CHARACTER (9):
KEYC=STRING (INDATA.RMCTCIRL):
/* PREPARE TO DELETE ALL LINKAGE IN RVCT TO TRUNKS. THERE IS NO NEED*/
/* TO BEAD RMCF FIRST BECAUSE, IF MASTER CIRCUIT RECORD IS NOT /* PRESENT, THE FIRST ATTEMPT TO READY WILL RESULT IN STATUS='MRNF'. */
FUNC T=READV:
FIL EID= RVCT':
REFER= 'LKCT':
LKPATH= * RMCTLKCT ::
ELMLI ST = RVCT_ ELEM:
CONTROL = K EYC:
CALL DBIO (9, 2); /* ACCESS FIRST VARIABLE RECORD */
IF STATUS= MRNF " THEN
      CALL MSG(4, 'SPECIFIED CIRCUIT '| KEYC||
                 · NOT IN DATA BASE. NC RECORDS DELETED. ():
      STATUS=OK:
      RETURN:
   END:
IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERR):
/*<IF *PNR IS TO BE HANDLED, DO IT HERE. >*/
/* DISPLAY MSG ABOUT CIRCUIT TO BE DELETED */
CALL MSG (0, 'CIRCUIT '| KEYC);
#_TRUNKS=0;
```

```
/* DELETE ALL ASSOCIATED VARIABLE RECORDS IN RVCT */
DO WHILE (REFER- = ENDP) ;
   /* PRINT DATA ABOUT TRUNK */
   CALL MSG (0, USING TRUNK '|| EVCTRMTR|| BETWEEN '|| RVCTRMSI||
                                            . AND 'II RVCTTOLC) :
   FUNCT = DEL VD;
   CALL DBIO (9,2): /* DELETE THIS RECORD */
   #_TRUNKS=#_TRUNKS+1; /* COUNT II */
   IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
   FUNCT = READV:
   CALL DBIO (9,2); /* READ THE NEXT VARIABLE RECORD */
   IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERR) ;
END:
/* REWRITE THE RECORD WITH MODIFIED SITE FIELDS */
FUNCT = WR ITM:
FILEID= 'RMCT':
ELMLIST=RMCT_LOCS;
IOAREA=KEYC||'*DELETED****DELETED***';
/* CONTROL ALREADY SET */
CALL DBIO (7,2);
IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERR) :
 /* ADD CIRCUIT TO BEGINNING OF LIST OF THOSE FLAGGED FOR DELETION */
ALLOCATE DCIRCUIT:
DCK EY = K EY C;
NEXTDC=DEL_CT_PTR:
DEL_CT_PTR = DCPTR;
/* DISPLAY MESSAGES ABOUT RECORD 'DELETED' */
CALL MSG (O, FLAGGED FOR DELETION. '):
CALL MSG (C, NUMBER OF VARIABLE RECORDS DELETED: '11
           SUBSTR (CHAR (#_TRUNKS),6));
CALL MSG ( , CIRCUIT MASTER RECORD RETAINED WITH BLANK LINKPATHS. !);
RETURN;
END /* DEL_CIRCUIT */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE DEL_TRUNK
      THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION SPECIFIED BY A -T REQUEST. */
  IF THE TRUNK IS USED BY NO CIRCUITS, IT DELETES ALL LINKAGE TO
/* RVTL AND THEN FLAGS THE TRUNK RECORD FOR DELETION BY ALDING IT
/* TO A LINKED LIST. IF THE TRUNK IS SUBSEQUENTLY RE-ADDED, THE DATA*/
/* FIFLDS WILL BE RETAINED. IF THE TRUNK IS NOT RE-ADDED, IT IS
/* PHYSICALLY DELETED IN A LATER CLEANUP STEE.
1*
       DEL_THUNK HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL DATA ARE CETAINED FROM
/*
/* GIOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
DEL_TRUNK: PROCEDURE;
DECLARE #_LINKS BINARY FIXED (15,0):
DECLARE KEYT
               CHARACTER (7):
KEYT=STRING (INDATA. RMTRCTRL);
/* THERE MUST BE NO ENTRIES IN RVCT FOR THIS TRUNK; OTHERWISE, THE
/* TRUNK IS BEING USED BY AT LEAST ONE CIRCUIT AND CANNOT BE DELETED. */
FUNCT = READV;
FILEID = 'RVCT';
REFER= 'LKCT':
LKPATH = * BMTRIKCT : /* ACCESS IT FROM THE TRUNK */
FLMLIST='RVCTRMTREND.';
CCNTRCL=KEYT;
CALL DBIO (0,2): /* LOCK FOR LINKAGE TO RVCT */
IF STATUS='MENF' THEN
   DO;
      CALL MSG (4, SPECIFIED TRUNK '| KEYT | 1
                  ' NOT IN DATA FASE. NO RECORDS DELETED. ');
      STATUS=OK;
      RETURN:
   END;
IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) ;
IF REFERALENDE THEN
   DO:
      CALL MSG (8, SPECIFIED TRUNK '| KEYT | 1
                 · USED BY ONE OF MORE CIRCUITS. NO FECORDS CELETED. ');
      RETURN:
   END:
```

/\* AT THIS PCINT TRUNK RECORD HAS BEEN FOUND AND IS USED BY NO \*/
/\* CIRCUITS. NOW PREPARE TO DELETE LINKAGE IN RVTL. \*/
/\* DISPLAY MESSAGE ABOUT TRUNK TO BE DELETED \*/
CALL MSG (0, TRUNK '11KEYT);

/\* NOW DELETE ALL ASSOCIATED VARIABLE RECORDS IN RVTL \*/
FUNCT=READV;
FILFID='RVTL';
REFER='LKTL';
LKPATH='RMTRLKTL';

```
ELMLIST=RVTL_ELEM:
/* CONTROL ALREADY SET */
CALL DBIO(9,2): /* ACCESS FIRST RECORD IN RVTL */
IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) ;
/*<IF *PNR IS TO BE HANDLED, DO IT HERE.>*/
# LINKS= ):
/* DELETE THEM */
DC WHILE (REFER-= ENDP) :
   /* PRINT DATA ABOUT LINK */
   CALL MSG(0, ' USING LINK '|| RVTLEMLK|| ' BETWEEN '|| RVTLRMSI||
                                           ' AND ' [[RVTLTOLC];
   FUNCT = DEL VD;
   CALL DBIG(9,2);
   #_LINKS=#_LINKS+1;
   IF STATUS- = OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERF);
   FUNCT=READV: /* READ NEXT VARIABLE RECORD */
   CALL DBIO (9,2);
   IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERE):
END:
/*RFWRITE RECORD WITH MODIFIED SITE FIELDS */
FUNCT=WRITM:
FILEID= RMTR ::
FLML IST=RMTR_LOCS;
IOAFFA=KEYTII .*DELETED****DELETED***:
/* CONTROL ALREADY SET */
CALL EBIO (7, 2) :
IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) ;
/* ALD TRUNK TO BEGINNING OF LIST OF THOSE FLAGGED FOR DELETION */
ALLOCATE DTRUNK:
DIKFY=KFYT:
NEXT CT = DEL_TB_PTR:
DEL_IR_PIR=DTERR:
/* DISPLAY MESSAGES */
CALL MSG(0, ' FLAGGED FOR DELETION.');
CALL MSG ( , 'NUMBER OF VARIABLE RECORDS DELETED: 11
         SUBSTR (CHAR (#_LINKS),6));
CALL MSG(0, 'TRUNK MASTER FILE RECORD RETAINED WITH BLANK LINKPATHS. '):
PETURN:
END /* DEL_TBUNK */ :
```

```
SUBRCUTINE DEL_LINK
       THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION INDICATED BY A -L REQUEST. */
/* THERE MUST BE NO ENTRIES IN EVTL FOR THE LINK; OTHERWISE, THE LINK*/
/* IS BEING USED BY AT LEAST ONE TRUNK AND CANNOT BE FELETED.
/* THERE IS NO NEED TO CHECK EXPLICITLY THAT NO LINKAGE IS PRESENT
/* BECAUSE AN ATTEMPT TO DELETE A MASTER RECERT TO WHICH VARIABLE
/* RECORDS ARE LINKED WILL RESULT IN A STATUS RETURN OF 'IMDL' FROM
1*
/*
       LIKE -S AND UNLIKE -C AND -T, A -I RESULTS IN THE IMMEDIATE
/* PHYSICAL DELETION OF THE SPECIFIED RECORD.
1*
      DEL_LINK HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL VALUES ARE OBTAINED FROM
/* GLOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
DEL_LINK: PROCEDURE:
/* FIRST REAL THE LINK RECORD SO THAT CURRENT DATA CAN BE DIS-
/* PLAYED FOR THE USER.
FUNCT = R EADM:
FILEID= 'FMLK':
CONTROL = INDATA.RMLKCTRL;
ELMLIST=RMLK_ELEM:
CALL DBIC (7,2):
IF STATUS = 'MENF' THEN
      CALL MSG (4, 'SPECIFIED LINK '|| INDATA. RMIKCTEL||
                · NOT IN DATA BASE. NO RECCRES DELETED. '):
      STATUS= CK:
     RETURN:
  E ND:
```

```
/* WE KNOW LINK RECORD IS PRESENT AND IS USED BY NO TRUNKS. */

**TRY TO DELETE IT AND TELL USER.

FUNCT=DEL_M:
CALL EBIO (7,2):

IF STATUS='IMDL' THEN

DC:
CALL MSG (8, SPECIFIED LINK '||INDATA.RMIKCTFL||
'USED BY ONE OF MORE TRUNKS. NO RECORDS DELETED.'):

END:

IF STATUS=OK:
RETURN:
END:

CALL MSG (0, LINK '||INDATA.RMIKCTFL||' BETWEEN '||STRING (LINKSITE1)||
'AND '||STRING (LINKSITE2)||' DELETED.'):

RETURN:

END /* DEL_LINK */:
```

```
SUBROUTINE DEL SITES
      THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION INDICATED BY A -S REQUEST.
/* EITHER ONE OR TWO SITES CAN BE SPECIFIED. LIKE -L AND UNLIKE -C
/* AND -T, A -S RESULTS IN IMMEDIATE PHYSICAL DELETION OF THE SPECI-
/* FIED RECORD. A SUCCESSFUL -S OPERATION ALSO RESULTS IN TURNING
/* ON THE DELETE CNLY AND GARBOOL FLAGS.
/*
/*
      DEL_SITES HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL VALUES ARE OBTAINED FROM
/* GLOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
DEL SITES: PROCEDURE:
DECLARE KEYS CHARACTER (11)
             BINARY FIXED (15,0);
        T
/* USER MAY HAVE SPECIFIED ONE OF TWO SITES FOR DELETION */
DO I=1 TO 2 WHILE (INDATA. GEOLOC (I) -= '
   KEYS=STRING (INDATA. RMSICTRL(I));
   /* FACH SITE MASTER FILE RECORD HAS THREE LINKPATHS: ONE TO*/
   /* FVCT AND TWO TO RVIL. IF BOTH PATHS TO RVIL ARE BLANK, */
   /* THEN THE ONE TO RVCT MUST BE BLANK ALSO (BECAUSE A CIR- */
   /* CUIT CANNOT BEGIN AT A SITE UNIESS AT LEAST ONE TRUNK
   /* BEGINS OR ENDS THERE) .
   /*
   /* THERE IS NO NEED TO CHECK EXPLICITLY THAT NO LINKAGE IS */
   /* PRESENT BECAUSE AN ATTEMPT TO DELETE A MASTER FECORD TO */
   /* WHICH VARIABLE RECORDS ARE LINKED WILL RESULT IN A
   /* STATUS FETURN OF 'IMDL' FRCM TOTAL.
   /* FIRST READ THE SITE RECORD */
   FUNCT = READM;
   FILEID= 'FMSI';
   CONTROL = K EYS;
   ELMLIST=RMSI_ELEM;
   CALL DBIO (7, 2);
   IF STATUS = 'MRNF' THEN
      DO;
         CALL MSG (4, SPECIFIED SITE '| KEYS
                    II' NOT IN DATA BASE. RECCRD NOT DELETED. '):
         GO TO NEXTSITE: /* ESCAPE TO NEXT ITERATION OF DO LOOP */
      FND;
```

```
/* NOW TRY TO DELETE IT AND TELL THE USER */
FUNCT = DEL_M:
CALL DBIO (7,2);
IF STATUS= IMDL THEN
      CALL MSG(8, SPECIFIED SITE '| KEYS[]
' USED BY ONE OR MORE TRUNKS. RECORD NOT DELETED.');
       STATUS=OK:
      GO TO NEXTSITE: /* ESCAPE TO NEXT ITERATION OF DO LOOP */
    END:
   IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) :
   CALL MSG (C, 'SITE '||KEYS||' DELETED.');
   DELETE_ONLY = 1 13; /* AFTER SUCCESSFUL -S, CNLY DELETES FERMITTED */
  GARBOOL= '1 'B; /* SUCCESS FUL -S FORCES GARBAGE COLLECTION */
/*****/
NEXTSITE:
/*****/
FND:
BFTUPN;
END /* DEL_SITES */ :
```

```
SUBBOUTINE RETRUNK
       THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION INDICATED BY A #T REQUEST. */
/* THE SPECIFIED TRUNK MUST ALREADY BE PRESENT IN THE DATA BASE: THE */
/* SPECIFIED LINK(S) MUST ALL BE PRESENT: AND THE CURRENT TRUNK END
/* SITES MUST BE THE SAME AS THE END SITES OF THE NEWLY SPECIFIED
/* CHAIN OF LINKS. IF ALL CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED, THE CURRENT
/* LINKAGE TO RVTL IS DELETED AND THE NEW LINKAGE IS ADDED.
1*
      RE TRUNK HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL VALUES ARE CETAINED FROM
/* GIOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
RE TRUNK: FROCEDURE:
DECLARE KEYT CHARACTER (7);
KEYT = STRING (INDATA.RMIRCTRL);
/* DELETE CUPRENT LINKAGE TO RVIL AND ADD NEWLY SPECIFIED LINKAGE. */
/* ENDPOINTS OF TRUNK MUST NOT CHANGE. <---
/* CHECK FOR PRESENCE OF TRUNK RECORD */
FUNCT = READM;
FILEID= 'RMTR';
CONTROL=KEYT;
FIMILIST = RMTR_ELEM;
CALL DBIO (7, 2):
IF STATUS= MRNF THEN /* MASTER TRUNK RECORD NCT FOUND */
      CALL MSG (8, 'SPECIFIED TRUNK '| KEYT | 1
               · NCT PRESENT IN DATA EASE. REROUTE NCT PERFORMED. 1);
      STATUS=CK:
      RETURN:
   END:
IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) :
/* THE SPECIFIED LINKS MIST TRACE A CONTINUOUS FATH. */
/* FUNCTION ROUTE_TRACE FETUENS THE VALUE TRUE IF */
/* THE PATH IS TRACEABLE AND RETURNS THE ENDSITES AS */
/* ARGUMENTS.
IOSA VE=IOAREA: /* SAVE CURRENT TRUNK DATA */
IF -ROUTE_TRACE (WKSITE1, WKSITE2) THEN
   DC:
      CALL MSG(8, SPECIFIED LINKS DO NCT TRACE A CONTINUOUS FATH.
             II' RERCUTE NOT PERFORMED. '):
      RETURN:
   END:
```

```
/* NCW COMPAGE NEW ENDPOINTS WITH CURRENT ONES */
IOAREA=IOSAVE: /* RESTORE TRUNK DATA */
IF - ((RMTRFRLC=WKSITE1 & RMTRTOLC=WKSITE2) |
     (RMTRFRIC=WKSITE2 & RMTRTOLC=WKSITE1)) THEN
   DO:
      CALL MSG (8, ENDSITES DO NOT MATCH. NEW: | | WKSITE 1 | | ' | | WKSITE 2
             | | OLD: '| | STRING (TRUNKSITE1) | | '| | STRING (TRUNKSITE2)
              II'. REROUTE NOT PERFORMED. ');
      RETURN:
   END:
/* NEW LINKS CHECKED OUT. DELETE OLD AND ADD NEW */
CALL MSG (), TRUNK '|| KEYT||' EETWEEN '||
           STRING(TRUNKSITE1) | | ' AND '| | STRING (TRUNKSITE2)):
/* DELETE OLD: */
FUNCT=READV:
FILFID= RVTL :
REFER= 'LKTL':
LKPATH= 'RMTRLKTL';
ELMLIST=RVTL_ELEM;
CONTROL = K EYT:
CALL DBIO (9, 2): /* GET FIRST RECORD */
IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) ;
DO WHILE (REFER -= ENDP);
   /* PRINT DATA ABOUT LINK */
   CALL MSG (6 , USED LINK '|| RVTLRMLK || BETWEEN '|| RVTLRM SI||
               · AND '||RVTLTOLC);
   FUNCT = DELVD;
                 /* DELETE IT */
   CALL DBIO (9, 2);
   IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
   FUNCT=READY: /* READ NEXT VARIABLE RECORD */
   CALL DBIO (9, 2);
   IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
END:
CALL MSG(', ' AND IS NOW');
/* NOW ADD NEW LINKAGE: */
CALL ADD_ROUTING;
END /* RE_TRUNK */:
```

```
SUBROUTINE CL_CIRCUIT
       THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION INDICATED BY A %C REQUEST.
/* IF THE SPECIFIED CIRCUIT IS PRESENT IN THE DATA BASE, THEN THE
/* RMCTFRLC, --FFAC, --TCLC, --TFAC FIELDS ARE MODIFIED AS INDICATED.*/
/*
/*
       CL_CIRCUIT HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL VALUES ARE OBTAINED FROM
/* GLOBAL VARIBALES DECLARED IN THE MAIN FROCEDURE.
CI_CIRCUIT: PROCEDURE;
DECLARE KEYC CHARACTER (9);
KEY C=STRING (INDATA.RMCTCTRL):
/* CHECK FOR PRESENCE OF CIRCUIT RECORD */
FUNCI=READM;
FILFID= RMCT :
CCNTROL=KEYC;
ELMLIST = RMCT_ELEM:
CALL DBIO(7,2);
IF STATUS= MENF THEN /* MASTER CIRCUIT RECORD NOT FOUND */
      STATUS=CK;
      CALL MSG(8, SPECIFIED CIRCUIT NOT IN DATA BASE. ');
      /* FALL THEOUGH AND RETURN */
```

```
ELSE IF STATUS=CK THEN /* CIRCUIT PRESENT IN DATA BASE */
   DO:
      /* UPDATE LCC FIELDS */
      /* DISPLAY "EEFCRE" VALUES */
      /*<TEMP>*/ CALL MSG(0, BEFORE: '||STRING(CIRCUITSITE1)||' '
                                        (ISTRING (CIRCUITSITE2)):
      IF FRLC -= " THEN RMCTFRLC = FRLC :
      IF FRLC= ** THEN RMCTFRLC= . . :
      IF FFAC-= " THEN RMCTFFAC=FFAC:
      IF FFAC= * THEN RMCTFFAC= 11;
      IF TOLC -= ' THEN RMCTTOLC = TOLC:
      IF TOLC= '* THEN RMCTTOLC= ' :
      IF TFAC-= " THEN BMCTTFAC=TFAC;
      IF TFAC= * THEN RMCTTFAC = " ;
      FUNCT = WRITM:
      CALL DBIO (7,2);
      IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERF);
      /* DISPLAY "AFTER" VALUES */
      /* <TEMP>*/ CALL MSG(0, AFTER:
                                     '[[STFING(CIRCUITSITE 1)]|'
                                       [[STRING(CIRCUITSITE2)):
   END;
ELSE /* INVALID STATUS TRYING TO LOCATE CIRCUIT RECORD */
   SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR):
RETURN:
END /* CL_CIRCUIT */ ;
```

```
/*
                      SUBROUTINE CL_TRUNK
         THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION INDICATED BY A XT REQUEST. */
 /* IF THE SPECIFIED TRUNK IS PRESENT IN THE DATA BASE, THEN THE /* RMTBFBLC, --FFAC, --TCLC, --TFAC FIELDS ARE MODIFIED AS INDICATED.*/
 /*
      CL_TRUNK HAS NO FARAMETERS. ALL VALUES ARE OBTAINED FROM
 /* GLOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN FROCEDURE.
CI_TRUNK: PROCEDURE:
DECLARE KEYT CHAFACTER (7):
KEYT=STRING (INDATA. EMTRCTRL);
/* CHECK FOR PRESENCE OF TRUNK PECORD */
FUNCT = FEADM;
FILEID= RMTR ::
CCNTRCL=KEYT:
ELMLIST=RMTR_ELEM;
CALL DBIO(7,2);
IF STATUS= MENF THEN /* MASTER TRUNK FECORD NOT FOUND */
      STATUS=CK;
      CALL MSG (8, SPECIFIED TRUNK NOT IN DATA BASE. ');
      /* FALL THEOUGH AND RETURN */
```

```
ELSE IF STATUS=OK THEN /* TRUNK PRESENT IN DATA BASE */
   DO:
      /* UPDATE LOC FIELDS */
      /* DISPLAY "EEFORE" VALUES */
      /*<TEMP>*/ CALL MSG (O, 'BEFORE: '|| STRING (TRUNKSITE 1) || '
                                         | | STRING (TRUNKSITE2)):
      IF FRIC -= . THEN RMTRFRIC= FRIC:
      IF FRLC= * * THEN RMTRFRLC = * *;
      IF FFAC-= " THEN RMTRFFAC=FFAC;
      IF FFAC= * THEN RMTRFFAC= ! :
      IF TOLC -= ' THEN RMTRTOLC = TOLC :
      IF TOLC = * * THEN RMTRTOLC = * :
      IF TFAC-= " THEN RMTRTFAC=TFAC;
      IF TFAC= ** THEN RMTRTFAC= * *;
      FUNCT = WRITM:
      CALL DBIO (7,2):
      IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TCTERR);
      /* DISPLAY "AFTER" VALUES */
      /*<TEME>*/ CALL MSG(", 'AFTER:
                                       'IISTRING (TRUNKSITE1) | 1 '
                                        | | STRING (TRUNK SITE 2) ) :
   END:
ELSE /* INVALID STATUS TRYING TO LOCATE TRUNK RECORD */
   SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
RETURN;
END /* CL_TRUNK */;
```

```
SUBROUTINE CL_LINK
       THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE ACTION INDICATED BY A %L REQUEST. */
/* IF THE SPECIFIED LINK IS PRESENT IN THE DATA BASE, THEN THE
/* RMIKFFLC, --FFAC, --TOLC, --TFAC FIELDS ARE MODIFIED AS INDICATED.*/
/*
       CL_LINK HAS NO PARAMETERS. ALL VALUES ARE OBTAINED FROM
/* GLOBAL VARIABLES DECLARED IN THE MAIN FROCEDURE.
CL_LINK: FROCEDURE:
DECLARE KEYL CHAFACTER (5):
K FYL = IN DATA. RMLKCTRL;
/* CHECK FOR PRESENCE OF LINK RECORD */
FUNCT=FEADM;
FILFID= RMLK ;
CCNTROL = KEYL;
ELMLIST=RMLK ELEM:
CALL DBIO (7,2);
IF STATUS= MRNF THEN /* MASTER LINK RECORD NOT FOUND */
      STATUS=CK;
      CALL MSG(8, SPECIFIED LINK NOT IN DATA BASE. );
      /* FALL THEOUGH AND RETURN */
```

```
ELSE IF STATUS=OK THEN /* LINK PRESENT IN DATA BASE */
  DC:
      /* UPDATE LOC FIELDS */
      /* DISPLAY "BEFORE" VALUES */
      /* <TEMP>*/ CALL MSG(0, 'EEFORE: '||STRING(LINKSITE1)||' '
                                       ||STRING(LINKSITE2));
     IF FRIC-- THEN FMLKFBLC=FRLC;
     IF FRLC= ** THEN RMLKFRLC= * 1;
     IF FFAC -= " THEN RMLKFFAC = FFAC;
     IF FFAC= ** THEN RMLKFFAC = * *;
     IF TOLC-= " THEN RMLKTCLC=TOLC;
      IF TOLC= ** THEN RMLKTOLC= * *:
      IF TFAC-= " THEN RMLKTFAC=TFAC;
     IF TFAC= ** THEN RMLKTFAC = * *;
     FUNCT = WRITM:
     CALL DB IO (7,2);
     IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
      /* DISPLAY "AFTER" VALUES */
      /* <TEMP>*/ CALL MSG (0, 'AFTER:
                                     '||STRING(LINKSITE1)||' '
                                       ||STRING(LINKSITE2));
   END:
ELSE /* INVALID STATUS TRYING TO LOCATE LINK FECORD */
  SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
RETURN;
END /* CL_LINK */;
```

```
/*
                       FUNCTION ROUTE_TRACE
  FUNCTION ROUTE TRACE READS A MASTER FILE RECORD FOR EACH TRUNK/
/* LINK USED BY THE CIRCUIT/TRUNK TO BE ADDED AS SPECIFIED BY THE
/* USFR. THE SITES CONNECTED BY THE TRUNKS/LINKS ARE EXAMINED FOR
  CONTINUITY AND A RECORD OF THE END POINTS IS MAINTAINED.
/* ROUTESPEC POINTS TO THE HEAD OF A LIST OF ROUTE_CHAIN NODES, EACH
/* OF WHICH CONTAINS A SPECIFIED CONTROL KEY. THE SITE FIELDS ARE
/* FILLED IN BY THIS FUNCTION.
/* IF ROUTE TRACE DETECTS A DISCONTINUITY, IT TERMINATES THE TRACE
/* AND RETURNS THE VALUE FALSE ('0'E).
/* IF A CONTINUOUS PATH IS TRACED, THEN THE ENDSITES ARE
/* RETURNED AS PARAMETERS, AND THE FUNCTIONAL VALUE IS TRUE ('1'B).
/*
/* THE CALLING FROGRAM CHECKS THAT ROUTESPEC IS NOT NULL.
ROUT F_TFACE: PROCEDURE (FROMSITE, TOSITE) RETURNS (BIT (1));
DECLARE /* PARAMETERS */
        FROMSITE CHARACTER (11),
        TOSITE CHARACTER (11);
                   CHARACTER (5) VARYING,
DECLARE SEGMENT
        SITE_INDEX BINARY FIXED (15,0), FIRST_TIME BIT (1);
/* PARAMETERS SHOULD BE INITIALLY BLANK */
FROMSITE = ' :
TOSITE=' ':
```

```
/* PREPARE TO READ MASTER FILE RECORDS */
FUNCT=READM:
IF REQUEST LEVEL= C THEN
      FILEID= 'RMTR';
      ELMLIST=RMIR LOCS:
      SEGMENT = 'TRUNK':
      SITE_INDEX=8;
   END:
ELSE IF REQUEST LEVEL = 'I' THEN
   DO:
      FILEID= RMLK ;
      ELMLIST = RMIK_LOCS;
      SEGMENT='LINK';
      SITE_INDEX=6;
   END:
      /* THIS "CANNOT" HAPPEN */
ELSE
   DO:
      CALL MSG(12, FUNCTION ROUTE_TRACE CALLED WITH REQUEST_LEVEL= 11
                  REQUEST_LEVEL) :
      RETURN ('O'B);
   END;
/* NCW PROCESS THE ROUTE CHAIN */
RPTR = ROUTESPEC:
DO WHILE (RPTH -= NULL) ;
  CONTROL=RKEY:
  CALL DBIO (7,2);
   IF STATUS='MRNF' THEN
      po;
         CALL MSG (8, SPECIFIED '|| SEGMENT|| '|| RKEY ||
                     . NOT PRESENT IN DATA BASE. );
         IF NEXTR- NULL THEN
            CALL MSG (4, 'SUBSEQUENT '|| SEGMENT|| 'S NOT EXAMINED. ');
         STATUS= CK;
         RETURN ('O'B);
      END:
   IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR) ;
   /* WE HAVE A GOOD RECORD. NOW GET THE SITE DATA */
   /* AND CHECK IT OUT.
   RSITE 1=SUBSTR(IOAREA, SITE_INDEX,8);
   RSITE2=SUBSTR (IOAREA, SITE_INDEX+11,8);
   /*** (FOR NOW, ONLY USE 8 BYTES INSTEAD OF 11 BECAUSE NOT ALL ***/
   /*** FACILITY FIELDS ARE SPECIFIED IN THE CURRENT DATA BASE.)***/
```

```
/* IF THIS IS THE FIRST SEGMENT SPECIFIED, JUST COFY THE SITES */
  /* TO THE PARAMETERS; CTHERWISE, WE DO SOME COMPARISONS.
  IF RPTR=ROUTESPEC THEN
        FROM SITE = R SITE 1;
        TOSITE=RSITE2:
     END:
  FISE
        /* WE COMPARE THE CURRENT FROM- AND TOSITE WITH THE CURRENT */
        /* RSITE1 AND ESITE2. THERE ARE SEVEN CASES THAT CAN BE
                                THE TWO THAT WE DON'T WORRY ABOUT
        /* CCLLAFSED INTO FIVE.
        /* ARE FROMSITE AND TOSITE EQUAL TO RSITE1 AND RSITE2 IN
        /* EITHER CREER. THESE ARE HANDLED PROPERLY BY THE FIRST
        /* TWO CHECKS. <NOTE TO SELF: THERE IS STILL A PUG.>
                                         FROMSITE TOSITE
                                                             TI1 TL2 */
                 GIVEN:
                                                                      */
                                                      B
                        = RSITE1 THEN TOSITE = RSITE2;
                                                              B
                                                                  C
                 TCSITE
  /*2:*/ FLSE IF TOSITE =RSITE2 THER TOSITE =RSITE1;
                                                              C
  /*3:*/ ELSE IF FROMSITE=RSITE1 THEN FROMSITE=RSITE2;
                                                                  C
 /*4:*/ ELSE IF FROMSITE=RSITE2 THEN FROMSITE=RSITE1;
                                /* (HANDLED BY CASE 2:)
                                                                  B
                                                                     */
  /*5:*/
                                /* (HANDLED BY CASE 1:)
                                                              B
                                                                  A
 /*6:*/
                                                              C 1
                                                                  C2 */
                  /* THEY DON'T MATCH IN EITHER ORDER:
  /*7:*/ ELSE
            DC;
               CALL MSG (8, SEGMENTIL' '|| RKEY!!
                        BETWEEN SITES '||RSITE1||' AND '||RSITE2||
                        · NOT REACHABLE FROM FREVIOUS '|| SEGMENT|| '.');
               BETURN ('0'B);
            END;
      FND;
   /* ADVANCE TO NEXT ROUTE_CHAIN NODE */
  RETR=NEXTR:
END:
RETURN ('1'B);
END /* ROUTE_TRACE */ ;
```

```
SUBROUTINE ADD_ROUTING
/*
        THIS SUBROUTINE FOLLOWS THE ROUTE_CHAIN NODES AND ADDS A
/* VARIABLE PECORD FOR EACH TRUNK/LINK SPECIFIED. THIS PROVIDES
/* THE LINKAGE SHOWING THE TRUNKS/LINKS USED BY THE CIRCUIT/TRUNK
/* BFING ADDED.
        ADD_ROUTING DOES NOT FREE THE BASED STRUCTURE VARIABLES.
ADD_RCUTING: FROCEDURE:
DECLARE KEY
              CHARACTEF(9) VARYING, /* CONTROL KEY */
        SEGMENT CHARACTER (5) VARYING, /* 'LINK' OR 'TRUNK' */
        TSITE CHARACTER (11),
                                       /* TEMPCRARY SITE FIELD */
        BKEYLFN BINARY FIXED (15,0):
/* SET UP TOTAL FOR ADDING TO RVCT OF RVTL */
FUNCT = ADDVC:
IF REQUEST_LEVEL= 'C' THEN
   DO:
      FILEID= 'RVCT';
      PEFER = 'LKCI':
      LKPATH= 'RMCTLKCT':
      FLMLIST = R VCT_ELEM;
      KEY=STRING (INDATA. EMCTCTRL):
      FK EYL EN =7;
      SEGMENT = 'TRUNK';
   END:
PLSF IF REQUEST_LEVEL='T' THEN
  DO;
      FILEID= RVIL :
      REFER= 'LKTL';
      LKPATH= RMTPLKTL :
      FLMLIST=RVTL_ELEM;
      KEY = STRING (INDATA. RMTRCTRL):
      RKEYLEN=5:
      SEGMENT=' IINK':
   END:
ELSE /* THIS "CANNOT" HAPPEN */
      CALL MSG(12, SUBROUTINE ADD_ROUTING CALLED WITH REQUEST_LEVEL= 11
                  REQUEST_LFVEL);
      RETURN;
   END:
```

/\* NOW FOLLOW THE CHAIN AND ADD THE RECORDS \*/

RPTR=ROUTESPEC:

```
DO WHILE (RPTR-=NULL);
   /* SWITCH FROM- AND TO-LOCATION FIEIDS IF NECESSARY */
   IF ESITE1=TSITE THEN
      TSITE=RSITE2:
   ELSE
          TSITE= RSITE1;
          PSITE1=RSITE2;
          RSITE2=TSITE;
       END:
   IOAREA=KEY||SUBSTR(RKEY,1,RKEYLEN)||RSITE1||RSITE2;
   CALL DBIG (9,2);
   IF STATUS='NSMR' THEN /* NO SECONDARY MASTER RECORD */
      DO:
          STATUS=OK;
          CALL MSG(8, 'SITE FIELD '|| RSITE1||' OR '|| RSITE2||' IN '||
                      RKEYII' MASTER RECORD MAY BE INVALID. 1);
          CALL MSG(4, USER SHOULD DELETE '| KEY| | AND RE-ADD IT '|
                      · AFTER CORRECTING LOCATION FIELD. OR '!!
                      'ADDING A NEW SITE.');
          RETUEN;
       END;
   IF STATUS-=OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
   /* DISPLAY MESSAGE AECUT LINKAGE */
CALL MSG( ,' USING '||SEGMENT||' '||RKEY||' BETWEEN '||
RSITE1||' AND '||RSITE2);
   RFTR=NEXTR;
END;
FND /* ALL_ROUTING */;
```

```
SUBROUTINE READ REQUEST
        THIS SUBROUTINE IS INVOKED AT THE BEGGINING OF THE MAIN
* PROCESSING LOOP TO PROCESS THE INPUT SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE
/* USER'S NEXT REQUEST. WHEN READ_REQUEST IS CALLED, THE CURRENT
/* SEPARATOR MUST BE D, -, #, OR %.
/*
        THIS ROUTINE CLEARS THE INPUT DATA AREA, PERFORMS SOME
/* COMMON PROCESSING (INCLUDING EXTRACTING THE REQUEST AND
/* REQUEST_LEVEL FIELDS), AND THEN CALLS ONE OF FOUR SUBROUTINES TO
/* PROCESS THE INPUT SPECIFICATIONS FOR &, -, #, CR %. WHEN
/* READ_REQUEST RETURNS TO THE POINT OF INVOCATION, INDATA CONTAINS
/* THE INPUT SPECIFICATIONS READY FOR ACTUAL FROCESSING.
/* SERIOUS SYNTACTIC ERROR WAS DETECTED, PREVENTING SUCCESSFUL
                                                                      */
/* PROCESSING, REQUEST IS SET TO NEXT SO THAT THE MAIN LOOP WILL
/* PROCEED TO THE NEXT REQUEST INSTEAD OF PROCESSING THE CURRENT ONE.*/
READ REQUEST: PROCEDURE:
/* THIS ERROR SHOULD NEVER OCCUR, BUT CHECK FOR IT ANYWAY:
/* WHEN READ_REQUEST IS CALLED, THE CURRENT SEPARATOR CHARACTER */
/* MUST INDICATE THE BEGINNING OF A REQUEST. IT IS EITHER THE
                                                                 */
/* FIRST CALL (IN WHICH CASE THE SEPARATOR HAS BEEN CHECKED BY
/* THE CALLING PROCEDURE) OR THE PREVIOUS CALL OF THIS ROUTINE
/* HAS FORCED THAT TO BE TRUE.
IF VERIFY (SEPARATOR, 'a-#%') -= O THEN
   DO:
      CALL MSG(12, SUBROUTINE RFAD_REQUEST INVOKED WITH SEPARATOR = " ..
                   [[SEPARATOR][''');
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST; /* FINE BEGINNING OF NEXT REQUEST */
      REQUEST=NEXT:
                          /* FORCES CALLING PROC TO READ NEXT REQUEST */
      RETURN:
   END:
/* HAS THE DELETE ONLY FLAG BEEN SET BY THE DEL SITES SUBROUTINE? */
IF DELETE_ONLY & SEPARATOR-= '-' THEN
   DO;
      CALL MSG(8, 'CNLY DELETES PERMITTED FOLLOWING A SUCCESSFUL -S '11
                  'REQUEST. ''' | | SEPARATOR | | ''' NOT PROCESSED.'):
      CALL FLUSH REQUEST:
      REQUEST = NEXT:
      RETURN;
   END:
/* CLEAR USER INFUT AREA */
INDATA= · ·:
```

```
/* COMMON PROCESSING:
       ALL REQUESTS MUST BEGIN WITH "REQUEST" (a, -, #, OR %)
/* FOLLOWED BY "REQUEST LEVEL" (C, T, I, CR S) FOLLOWED BY A CONTROL
/* KEY. LOCATE THOSE COMMON ITEMS, THEN CALL SEPARATE ROUTINE TO
/* PROCESS INPUT FOR INDIVIDUAL REQUESTS.
REQUEST=SEPARATOR:
IF LENGTH (ITEM) > 7 THEN
   REQUEST_LEVEL = SUESTR (ITEM, 1, 1);
   REQUEST_LEVEL= ' :
IF VERIFY (REQUEST_LEVEL, 'CTLS') -= 0 THEN
      CALL MSG(8, UNRECOGNIZED REQUEST ''' | | REQUEST | REQUEST_LEVEL | 1
                  " NOT PROCESSED. ");
      CALL FLUSH REQUEST:
      REQUEST = NEXT;
      RETURN;
   END:
/* CONTROL KEY SHOULD START IN OR FOLLOWING THE SECOND BYTE OF ITEM */
IF LENGTH (ITEM) < 2 THEN
   ITEM= ! :
ELSE
   I TEM=SUBSTR (ITEM, 2);
IF ITEM= " THEN /* ALL BLANKS OR NULL */
   00;
      CALL MSG (8, 'NO CONTROL KEY SPECIFIED. REQUEST NOT PROCESSED. ');
      CALL FLUSH REQUEST:
      REQUEST = NEXT:
      RETURN;
   END:
KEY = SUBSTR (ITEM, VERIFY (ITEM, ' ')); /* STRIP LEADING BLANKS */
/* RETELEVE NEXT SEPARATOR AND ITEM FROM INPUT */
CALL INPUT (SEFARATOR, ITEM) ;
```

```
/* BEFORE PROCESSING REMAINDER OF REQUEST, WHICH MAY INCLUDE
/* ROUTING INFORMATION, FREE ALL PREVIOUSLY USED ROUTE_CHAIN
/* NODES.
RPTR=ROUTESPEC:
ROUTESPEC=NULL:
TO WHILE (RPTR -= NULL) :
   LASTR = RPTR:
   RPTP = N EXTR;
   FREE LASTR-> ROUTE_CHAIN:
END;
/* CLEAR UPDATE FLAGS */
UPDATESITE = 10 .B:
              = 1 0 1 B;
UPDATELINK
UPDATETRUNK = '7 'B;
UPDATECIRCUIT='0'B:
/* NOW PROCESS REMAINDER OF INPUT FOR CURRENT REQUEST */
IF REQUEST = ADDCHANGE THEN CALL READ_ADDCHANGE: ELSE IF REQUEST = DELETE THEN CALL READ_DELETE:
ELSE IF REQUEST=REROUTE THEN CALL READ REROUTE;
ELSE IF REQUEST=CHANGELOC THEN CALL READ_CHANGELOC:
ELSE
   DO: /* THIS "CANNOT" HAPPEN. */
      CALL MSG(12, REQUEST FIELD IMPROFERLY SET WITHIN SUBROUTINE '11
                   'READ_REQUEST: '''||REQUEST||''');
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST:
      PEQUEST = NEXT:
   END:
RETUEN:
/* LCGICAL END OF PROCESSING FOR SUBROUTINE READ_REQUEST */
/* PROCEDURES INTERNAL TO FEAD_BEQUEST FOLLOW: */
```

```
SUBROUTINE READ_ADDCHANGE
        THIS SUBBOUTINE, CALLED BY REAC_REQUEST, PROCESSES THE USER
  INPUT FOR AN ADDCHANGE REQUEST. WHEN READ ADDCHANGE FINISHES, THE */
/* USER'S INPUT SPECIFICATIONS ARE IN THE INDATA STRUCTURE, READY FOR*/
/* FURTHER PROCESSING.
READ_ADDCHANGE: PROCEDURE;
IF REQUEST_LEVEL = C THEN
                                  /*** CIRCUIT ***/
      CALL READ_SUBFIELDS(6); /* UP TO 6 SUBFIELDS SEP BY "," */
      STRING (INDATA.RMCTCTRL) = KEY;
      INDATA. BMCTFLAG=SETFLAG (DFIELD (7));
      INDATA.RMCTRSTP = DFIELD (2);
      INDATA. BMCTRAPL= DFIELD (3) ;
      INDATA. RMCTIDEN = DFIELD (4) :
      INDATA. RMCTXREF=DFIELD (5);
      INDATA. RMCTFILL= DFIELD (6) ;
      UPDATECIRCUIT = STRING (DFIELD) -= ' ';
      IF SEPARATOR= : THEN
         CALL REAL ROUTING: /* TRUNK ROUTING PRESENT */
   END;
ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL= T THEN /*** TRUNK ***/
   DC;
      CALL READ_SUBFIELDS(6);
      STRING (INDATA. BMT RCT RL) = K FY;
      INDATA.RMTRFLAG=SETFLAG (DFIELD (1));
      INDATA.FMTRRCAT=DFIELD(2);
      INDATA. FMT RT CAF = DFIELD (3);
      INDATA. RMTREAND=DFIELD (4);
      INDATA. RMTRAVAL= DFIELD (5) :
      INDATA. RMTRFILL = DFIELD (6);
      UPDATETRUNK = STRING (DFIELD) -= ' ';
      IF SEFAFATOR= : THEN
         CALL READ_ROUTING: /* LINK ROUTING PRESENT */
   END:
```

```
ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL='L' THEN
                                   /*** LINK ***/
   DO;
      CALL READ_SUBFIELDS (4);
      INDATA.RMLKCTRL=KEY;
      INDATA. RMIKFLAG=SETFLAG (DFIELD (1));
      INDATA.RMLKTRAN = DFIELD (2);
      INDATA.RMLKCODE=DFIELD(3);
      INDATA. RMIKFILL=DFIELD (4);
      UPDATELINK = STRING (DFIELD) -= ' ;
      IF SEPARATOR= : THEN
          CALL READ_SITE_DATA: /* SITE DATA PRESENT */
   END:
ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL= 'S' THEN /*** SITE (S) ***/
   CALL READ_SITE_DATA;
ELSE
   DO; /* THIS "CANNOT" HAPPEN */
CALL MSG(12, REQUEST LEVEL IMPROPERTY SET WITHIN SUBROUTINE '||
                    'READ ADDCHANGE: ''' | | REQUEST LEVEL | | ''') :
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST;
      REQUEST = NEXT:
      RETURN;
   END:
/* COMMON TEST FOR END OF REQUEST */
IF VERIFY (SEPARATOR, VALID_END_SEP) -= 0 THEN
   DO;
      CALL MSG (4, 'EXTRANEOUS DATA BEGINNING ''' | | SEPARATOR | |
                   ''' IGNORED.');
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST;
   END:
RETURN:
END /* READ_ADDCHANGE */ ;
```

```
SUBROUTINE READ_DELETE
       THIS SUBROUTINE, CALLED BY READ_REQUEST, PROCESSES THE USER
/* INPUT FOR A DELETE REQUEST. WHEN READ DELETE FINISHES, THE
/* USER'S INPUT SPECIFICATIONS ARE IN THE INDATA STRUCTURE, READY
/* FOR FURTHER PROCESSING.
READ_DELETE: PROCEDURE:
/* THERE SHOULD BE ONLY CONTROL KEY(S) SPECIFIED IN DELETE FEQUEST */
        REQUEST_LEVEL= 'C' THEN STRING (INDATA.RMCTCTFL) = KEY;
FLSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL= T THEN STRING (INDATA. RMTECTRI) = KEY:
ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL= 'L' THEN INDATA. RMIKCTRI= KEY;
ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL='S' THEN CALL READ_SITE_DATA;
ELSE
   DO: /* THIS "CANNOT" HAPPEN */
      CALL MSG(12, REQUEST LEVEL IMPROPERLY SET WITHIN SUBFOUTINE '11
                   'READ_DELETE: ''' | | REQUEST_LEVEL | | '''');
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST:
      REQUEST = NEXT:
      RETURN:
   END:
/* COMMON TEST FOR END OF REQUEST */
IF VERIFY (SEPARATOR, VALIC_END_SEF) -= O THEN
      CALL MSG(4, EXTRANEOUS INPUT BEGINNING ''' | SEPARATOR | IGNORED FOLLOWING CONTROL KEY IN DELETE REQUEST.'):
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST:
   E ND;
RETURN:
END /* READ_DELETE */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE REAL_RERCUTE
       THIS SUBPOUTINE, CALLED BY READ_REQUEST, PROCESSES THE USER
/* INPUT FOR A RERCUTE REQUEST. WHEN READ REPOUTE FINISHES, THE
/* USTR'S INPUT SPECIFICATIONS ARE IN THE INDATA STRUCTURE, READY
/* FOR FURTHER PROCESSING.
READ_RERCUTE: PROCEDURE;
IF REQUEST_LEVEL -= 'T' THEN
   DO:
      CALL MSG (8, INVALID REQUEST ''' | | REQUEST | REQUEST LEVEL | 1
                 ''' NOT PROCESSED. ');
      CALL FLUSH_ REQUEST:
      REQUEST=NEXT;
      RETURN;
   END:
STRING(INDATA.RMIRCTRL) = KEY:
CALL READ_SUBFIELDS (6);
IF STRING (DFIELD) -= ' THEN
   CALL MSG (4, SPECIFIED DATA SUBFIEIDS IGNORED.
              · USE &T TO CHANGE DATA FIELDS. ');
IF SEPARATOR= : THEN
   CALL READ_ROUTING;
IF VERIFY (SEPARATOR, VALID_END_SEP) = THEN
      CALL MSG(4, EXTRANEOUS INPUT BEGINNING ''' | SEPARATOR | 1
                 · · · IGNCRED. ');
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST;
  END;
RETURN:
END /* READ_REROUTE */ ;
```

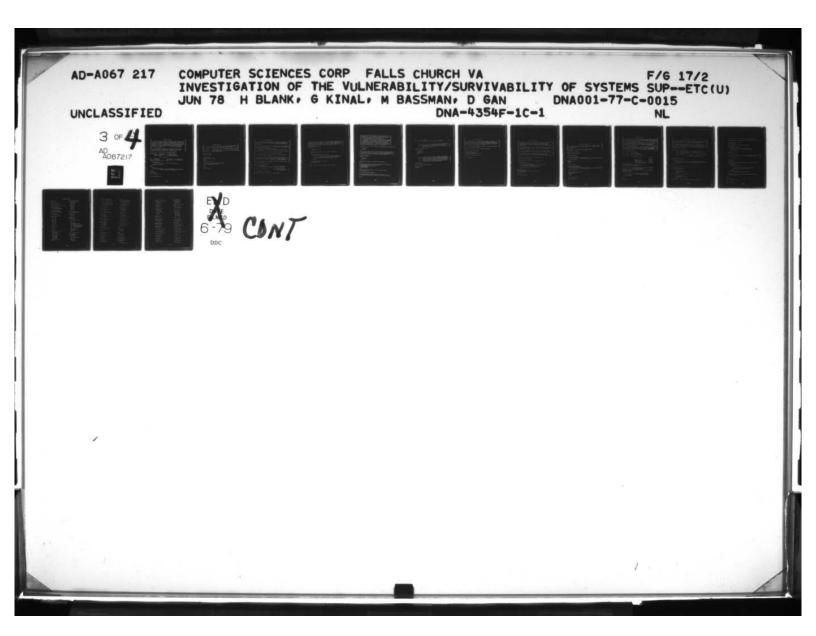
```
SUBROUTINE READ_CHANGELOC
       THIS SUBROUTINE, CALLED BY READ_REQUEST, PROCESSES THE USER
/* INPUT FOR A CHANGELOC REQUEST. WHEN READ_CHANGELCC FINISHES, THE */
/* USER'S INPUT SPECIFICATIONS ARE IN THE INDATA STRUCTURE, READY
/* FOR FURTHER PROCESSING.
READ_CHANGELOC: PROCEDURE;
        REQUEST_LEVEL= 'C' THEN STRING (INDATA. RMCTCTRI) = KEY;
ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL= 'T' THEN STRING (INDATA. RMTRCTRL) = KEY;
ELSE IF REQUEST_LEVEL='L' THEN INDATA.RMIKCTRI=KEY;
      CALL MSG (8, 'INVALID REQUEST ''' | | REQUEST | REQUEST_LEVEL | |
                 " NOT PROCESSED. ');
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST;
      REQUEST=NEXT:
      RETURN:
   END:
CALL REAL_SUBFIELDS (4);
FRIC=DFIELD (1):
FFAC=DFIELD (2);
TOLC=DFIELD(3);
TFAC = DFI ELD (4);
IF VERIFY (SEPARATOR, VALID_END_SEF) -= THEN
      CALL MSG (4, EXTRANEOUS INPUT BEGINNING " I | ISEPARATOR | |
                  " IGNORED.");
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST:
   END:
RETURN:
END /* READ_CHANGELOC */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE READ_SUBFIELDS
       THIS SUBROUTINE READ DATA SUBFIELDS SEFARATED BY COMMAS.
/* WHEN READ SUBFIELDS IS CALLED WITH SEPARATOR= ', ', THE FIRST DATA
/* SUBFIELD IS ALREADY IN ITEM . THE PARAMETER FIELDCOUNT SPECIFIES*/
/* THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DATA SUBFICIDS TO BE READ BY THIS PROCEDURE. */
/* READ_SUBFIELDS WILL READ FIELDCOUNT SUBFIELDS (UP TO 6).
/* IF MORE SUBFIELDS REMAIN IN THE INPUT STREAM (INDICATED BY
/* CCMMAS), THIS ROUTINE WILL SKIP OVER THEM SO THAT SEPARATOR -= ','
/* WHEN READ_SUBFIELDS TERMINATES.
RFAD_SUBFIELDS: PROCEDURE (FIELDCOUNT):
DECLARE FIELDCOUNT BINARY FIXED (15,0): /* MAX # SUBFIELDS TO BE READ */
DECLARE I
                   BINARY FIXED (15,0);
/* CLEAR DATA FIELDS */
DFIELD= ' :
/* AS WE DO EVERYWHERE, WE CHECK UP ON OURSELVES HERE: */
IF FIELDCOUNT>6 THEN
  DO:
      CALL MSG (12,
                 *SUBROUTINE READ_SUBFIELDS CALLED. WITH FIELDCOUNT > 6:
                | | SUBSTR (CHAF (FIELDCOUNT) , 4) ) :
      CALL FLUSH_REQUEST:
      BF CUEST = NEXT:
      FETUEN:
   END:
/* NOW PROCESS ALL THE SUBFIEIDS OF THE PRIMARY DATA FIELD.
/* THERE CAN BE AT MOST 6 DATA FIFLDS FOLICWING THE CONTECL KEY. */
DO I=1 TO FIELDCOUNT WHILE (SEPARATOR=',');
   DFIELD(I) = ITEM;
   CALL INPUT (SEPARATOR, ITEM) :
END:
IF SEPARATOR = ', ' THEN /* TOO MANY DATA SUBFIELDS */
      CALL MSG(4, TOO MANY DATA SUBFIELDS. EXTRANEOUS CNES IGNORED. 1):
      DO WHILE (SEFARATOR=','); /* SKIP EXTRAS */
         CALL INPUT (SEPARATOR, ITEM) ;
      END;
   END:
RETURN:
END /* READ_SUBFIELDS */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE READ_ROUTING
       THIS SUBROUTINE READS TRUNK OR LINK CONTROL KEYS FOLLOWING A */
/* ":" AND SEPARATED BY "E". THERE IS NO LOGICAL LIMIT TO THE NUMBER*/
/* OF KEYS: THE LIMIT DEPENDS ON THE AMOUNT OF CORE AVAILABLE FOR
                                                                       */
/* ALLOCATING ROUTE_CHAIN NODES.
/*
        INTERNAL SUBROUTINE NEXTKEY DOES THE ACTUAL WORK OF LISTING
/* THE ROUTE KEYS AND READING THE NEXT INPUT ITEM. READ_ROUTING
/* SIMPLY LOOPS UNITL THERE ARE NO MORE ROUTING KEYS TO BE PROCESSED. */
READ_ROUTING: PRCCEDURE;
DECLARE KEYOK BIT(1);
DO UNTIL (SEPAFATOR -= 'E' | -KEYOK);
   CALL NEXTKEY (KEYOK);
END:
IF VERIFY (SEPARATOR, VALIE_END_SEP) -= C THEN
      CALL MSG (4, 'EXTRANEOUS DATA BEGINNING ''' | | SEPARATOR | |
                 " IGNORED. ");
     CALL FLUSH_REQUEST:
   END;
RETURN;
```

```
SUBROUTINE NEXTKEY
/* THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY READ_ROUTING TO ADD A ROUTE_CHAIN*/
/* NCDE TO THE END OF A LINKED LIST AND FILL THE RKEY FIELD WITH THE */
/* CURRENT ROUTING CONTROL KEY.
1*
       THE PARAMETER OK IS A RESULT PARAMETER. IT IS SET TO 'O'B
/* IF THE CURRENT CONTROL KEY IS ELANK; OTHERWISE, IT IS SET TO '1'B.*/
       NEXTKEY CALLS INFUT TO READ THE NEXT DATA ITEM BEFORE
/* RETURNING TO READ_ROUTING.
NEXTKEY: PROCEDURE (OK);
LECLARF OK BIT(1);
DECLARE LASTE POINTER:
OK= ITEM-= ::
IF OK THEN /* ITEM NOT NULL => CONTROL KEY FRESENT */
       IF POUTESPEC -= NULL THEN LASTR = FPTR;
      ALLOCATE ROUTE_CHAIN;
      RKEY=ITEM:
      PSITE 1= 1:
      ESITE2= : ::
      NEXTR = NULL:
      IF ROUTESPEC -= NULL THEN
          LASTE->NEXTE= RPTR:
          ROUTESFEC= FPTF:
   ENC:
ELSE /* (NOT CK) NO CONTROL KEY SPECIFIED */
   CALL MSG(8, 'MISSING CONTROL KEY FOLIOWING 8. '):
CALL INPUT (SEPARATOR, ITEM) ;
RETUPN:
END /* NEXTKEY */:
END /* READ_ROUTING */ :
```

```
SUFROUTINE REAL_SITE_DATA
        THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY READ ADDCHANGE OR READ DELETE
/* TO PROCESS THE USER'S SITE SPECIFICATIONS FOR as, al, OR -S
/* REQUESTS. IT FILLS THE SITE (1:2) SUBSTRUCTURE OF INDATA.
READ_SITE_DATA: PROCEDURE;
DECLARE SITEK CHARACTER (11) .
              BINARY FIXED (15,7);
IF REQUEST_LEVEL='L' THEN
  DO:
      SITEK=ITEM:
      CALL INPUT (SEPARATOR, ITEM);
   END;
ELSE IF REQUEST LEVEL = 'S' THEN
   SITEK=KEY;
ELSE /* THIS "CANNOT" HAPPEN <BOT HANDLE IT ANYWAY> */
  SITEK= ";
/* TWO SITES MAY BE SPECIFIED */
DO I=1 TO 2 WHILE (SITEK-=''):
   STRING(INDATA.RMSICTRL(I)) = SITEK;
   SITEK=':
   CALL READ_SUBFIELDS(5);
   INDATA. RMSISTCT (I) = DFIELD (1);
   INDATA.RMSIFLAG(I) = SETFLAG(DFIELD(2)):
   INDATA.RMSICORD(I) = DFIELD(3);
   INDATA. RMSINUME(I) = DFIELD(4):
   INDATA.RMSIFILL(I) = DFIELD(5):
                     =ST BING (DFIELD) -= ' ';
  UPDATESITE (I)
  IF I=1 & SEPARATOR='&' THEN /* ANOTHER SITE PRESENT */
         SITEK=ITEM:
         CALL INPUT (SEPARATOR, ITEM) :
      END:
END;
IF VERIFY (SEPARATOR, VALID_END_SEP) -= 0 THEN
      CALL MSG (4, EXTRANEOUS INPUT BEGINNING ''' | SEPARATOR | 1
                 ''' IGNCRED.');
      CAIL FLUSH_REQUEST;
   END;
RETURN;
END /* READ_SITE_DATA */ ;
```



```
FUNCTION SETFIAG
        THIS FUNCTION IS CALLED TO PROCESS THE INPUT SPECIFICATIONS
/* FCR THE FLAG SUBFIELD OF CIRCUITS, TRUNKS, LINKS, OR SITES.
/* THE USER CAN SPECIFY THE FIELD AS 1) BLANK, 2) *, CR 3) A STRING
/* OF EIGHT 0'S CR 1'S. SETFLAG PACKS THE EIGHT BITS INTO A SINGLE
/* ONE-BYTE FIELD AND STORES THE ELANK OR * AS THE EBCDIC REPRE-
/* SENTATION. THIS WORKS BECAUSE THE EBCDIC CCDES FCR ASTERISK
/* ('*' = 01011100) AND ELANK (' ' = 01000000) ARE NOT VALID
/* FLAG FIELD SETTINGS.
/*
        THE PARAMPTER FLAGCHARS IS THE EIGHT-BYTE INFUT FIELD,
/*
/* POSSIBLY FLANK OR CONTAINING ONLY A LEADING *. THE ONE-BYTE
/* EIGHT-BIT) RESULT IS FETURNED AS A FUNCTION VALUE.
SETFLAG: PROCEDURE (FLAGCHARS) RETURNS (CHARACTER (1)):
DECLARE FLAG
                  CHARACTER (1) , /* RETURNED VALUE */
        FLAGCHARS CHARACTER(8), /* RECEIVED VALUE */
        FLAGBITS BIT (8),
                                   /* INTERMEDIATE VALUE */
                   BINARY FIXED (15,0);
        FI AGCHARS=
                                   THEN FLAG= ' '; /* '01000000'E */
ELSE IF FLAGCHARS= **
                                   THEN FLAG='*': /* '01011100'B */
ELSE IF VERIFY (FLAGCHARS, '01')=0 THEN
   DO;
      DO I=1 TO 8:
         SUBSTR (FLAGBITS, I, 1) = SUBSTR (FLAGCHARS, I, 1) = '1';
      UNSPEC (FLAG) = FLAGBITS;
   END:
ELSE
      FLAG= 1:
      CALL MSG(8, 'INVALID FLAG FIELD SPECIFICATION ' 1 | | FLAGCHARS | 1
                  " IGNORED. BLANK FIELD ASSUMED. );
   END:
RETURN(FLAG) ;
END /* SETFLAG */ :
END /* READ_REQUEST */ ;
```

```
SUBROUTINE FLUSH
        THIS PROCEDURE WILL READ AND LIST THE USER'S INPUT WITHOUT
/* PROCESSING IT. TWO SECONDARY ENTRY PCINTS ARE PROVIDED:
/* FLUSH_ALL
                  -- FLUSHES AND PRINTS THE REMAINING INPUT UP TO THE
                     END CF FILE
/* FLUSH_REQUEST -- FLUSHES AND PRINTS THE INFUT UP TO THE BEGINNING
                     OF THE NEXT REQUEST
FLUSH: PROCEDURE;
FLUSH_ALL: ENTRY;
DO WHILE (-EOF):
CALL INPUT ( ', ITEM);
END:
RETURN:
FLUSH_REQUEST: ENTRY:
DO UNTIL (VERIFY (SEPARATOR, VALID_END_SEP) =0) ;
  CALL INPUT (SEPARATOR, ITEM);
END:
RETURN:
FND /* FLUSH */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE INPUT
      THIS SUBPOUTINE REIFEIVES THE USER'S INPUT ONE CHARACTER AT
/* TIME BY INVOKING FUNCTION NEXTCHAR. (NEXTCHAR, WHICH CALLS
/* GETCHAR, STRIPS OUT THE PARENTHETICAL COMMENTS, SC INPUT NEVER
/* SEES THEM.)
1.
1*
       INPUT HAS TWO PARAMETERS. P SEP WILL BE SET TO THE SEPARATOR
   ('d', '-', 's', '%', ',', ':', 'S') PRECEDING THE DATA ITEM TO BE
  READ: ON ENTRY, IT MAY BE
                                                                      */
/*
    . IF END-OF-FILE WAS PREVIOUSLY REACHED, OR INFUT IS BEING
/*
1*
       FLUSHED, OR
1+
    .: IF END-OF-REQUEST WAS REACHED AND MORE DATA NOT YET NEEDED.
1*
/*
       THE SECOND PARAMETER WILL BE THE DATA ITEM READ.
1*
      LEADING BLANKS WILL BE STRIPPED FROM THE INPUT DATA ITEM.
/* TRAILING PLANKS ARE NCT STRIPPED.
1+
1.
      SINCE THE SEPARATOR THAT FOLLOWS THE DATA ITEM IS NOT
/- RETURNED TO THE CALLING PROCEDURE UNTIL THE NEXT TIME THAT INPUT
/* IS INVOKED, THAT CHARACTER IS SAVED IN THE GLOBAL LOCATION
/* NEXT_SEPARATOR SO IT WILL BE AVAILABLE TO THE NEXT INVOCATION.
1.
      WHEN INPUT DETECTS THE END OF THE CURRENT REQUEST, IT CALLS
/* PRINT_REQ TO UPDATE THE LISTING.
INPUT: PROCEDURE (P_SEP, DATA);
DECLARE /* PARAMETERS */
        F SEP CHARACTER (1) .
                                       /* PRESENT SEPARATOR */
        DATA CHARACTER (100) VARYING: /* PRESENT DATA ITEM */
TICLAFF CH
              CHARACTER (1);
                                       /* SINGLE CHARACTER BEING
                                           "READ" BY NEXTCHAR
ON ENDFILE (SYSIN) GO TO NOMORE:
/* DATA ITEM MUST BE INITIALIZED TO A NULL STRING */
CATA= ":
```

```
/* IF THIS IS THE FIRST CALL TO INPUT, NEXT_SEPARATOR CONTAINS A '1' */
/* RATHER THAN A TRUE SEPARATOR. FIND THE FIRST NON-BLANK CHARACTER */
/* AND LET THAT BE THE SEPARATOR. IGNORING COMMENTS (WHICH ARE
/* STRIPPED CUT EY NEXT CHAR), IF THE FIRST CHARACTER ISN'T A VALID */
/* REQUEST CHARACTER, THERE IS AN ERROR. FLAG IT AND TRY TO
/* CONTINUE.
IF NEXT_SEPARATOR = 11 THEN
   DC:
       /* INITIALIZE F_SEF */
       P_SEP= 1;
       DO WHILE (NEXTCHAR (CH) = '); /* SKIP LEADING BLANKS */
       IF VERIFY (CH, VALID_REQ_SEP) -= 0 THEN
               CALL MSG (8, 'INPUT MUST START WITH VALID REQUEST. '11
                             'INPUT BEGINNING ''' | CHI | ''' IGNOFED. ');
               DO WHILE (VERIFY (NEXT CHAR (CH) , VALID_REQ_SEP) -= ");
               END:
           END;
       /* CURRENT CHARACTER IS VALID */
       NEXT_SEPARATOR = CH;
   END:
/* END OF SPECIAL PROCESSING FOR FIRST CALL TO INPUT */
```

```
/* IF THE PRESENT SEPARATOR IS NOT A BLANK (SET BY THE MAIN */
/* PROCESSING LOOP AS A GO-AHEAD SIGNAL) AND THE NEXT
/* SEPARATOR IS A VALID END-OF-REQUEST CHARACTER, THEN WE
/* HAVE JUST REACHED THE END OF A REQUEST.
       DON'T READ ANYMORE INPUT YET, EECAUSE IF WE
/*
/* DO, WE'LL FOUL UP THE LISTING. SET THE FRESENT SEFARATOR*/
/* TO ":" (WHICH IS NOT A VALID DELIMITER AS FAR AS THE USER*/
/* IS CONCERNED) TO SIGNAL THE MAIN FROCESSING LOOP THAT
/* SUBPOUTINE INPUT MUST BE CALLED AN EXTRA TIME BEFCRE
/* READING THE NEXT REQUEST.
                                KEEP ON DOING THIS UNTIL THE
/* STOP SIGNAL (P_SEP=';') IS TURNED OFF IN THE MAIN LOCE
/* AND THE GO-AHEAD SIGNAL (P_SEP= ' ') IS TURNED ON.
IF P_SEP=": 1 (F_SEP== ' EVERIFY (NEXT_SEPARATOR, VALID_END_SEP) =0) THEN
   co:
      P SEP= : ::
      RETURN:
   END:
/* IF PRECEDING CALL TO INPUT RAISED THE ENDFILE CONDITION, THERE */
/* IS NOTHING MORE TO BE READ. THIS SITUATION IS INDICATED BY A */
/* BLANK NEXT_SEPARATOR. INDICATE THIS TO THE CALLING PROGRAM BY */
/* SETTING THE FOF FLAG AND RETURNING A BLANK SEFARATOR.
P_SEP=NEXT_SEFAFATOR;
IF P_SEP= • THEN
   DO:
      FOF= 11 E:
      RETURN:
   END:
DC WHILE (NEXTCHAR (CH) = '); /* SKIP LEADING PLANKS */
END:
/* ACCUMULATE DATA UNTIL END-OF-FIELD SEPARATOR OR END-OF-FILE */
/* DATA IS ALREADY SET TO A NULL STRING */
DO WHILE (VERIFY (CH, '0-#%,: 6') -= 0);
   DATA = DATA | | CH;
   CH=N FXTCHAR (CH);
/* WE HAVE A VALID SEPARATOR.
                               SAVE IT FOR NEXT TIME. */
NEXT SEPARATOR = CH:
/*IF -ASIS THEN DATA = UP (DATA) : */
/* PRINT THE CURBENT REQUEST IF WE ARE AT THE END. */
IF VERIFY (NEXT_SEPARATOR, VALID_END_SEP) = O THEN CALL PRINT_REQ;
RETURN:
```

```
NCMORE: /* ENDFILF (SYSIN)
               CONTROL CAN REACH THIS PCINT IN TWO WAYS:
        /* (1) THERE WERE NO VALID RECOESTS IN THE INPUT STREAM, IN
               WHICH CASE THIS IS THE FIRST CALL TO INFUT AND
               NEXT_SEPARATOR IS STILL EQUAL TO '1'. SET EOF AND
               P_SEP AND THEN RETURN.
IF NEXT_SEPARATOR= 1 THEN
   DO;
      EO F= 1 1 B;
      P_SEP= 1 :
      CALL PRINT REQ:
      RETURN;
   END;
        /* (2) AT LEAST CHE VALID REQUEST CHARACTER HAS BEEN READ
               (PROBABLY MORE) AND END-OF-FILE WAS REACHED WHILE
               READING A DATA ITEM, WHICH MAY OR MAY NOT BE BLANK.
               SET NEXT_SEPARATOR TO BLANK SC END-CF-FILE WILL BE
               RECOGNIZED AND SET IMMEDIATELY NEXT TIME INPUT IS
               CALLED, AND THEN RETURN FOR PROCESSING.
NEXT_SEPARATOR= ' :
/*IF -ASIS THEN DATA=UP(DATA);*/
CALL FRINT_ FEC:
FETURN;
```

```
FUNCTION GETCHAR
       THIS FUNCTION DOES THE ACTUAL WORK OF BUFFERING THE INPUT AND
  EXTRACTING ONE CHARACTER AT A TIME. GETCHAR GETS THE NEXT
/* CHARACTER FROM FILE SYSIN AND RETURNS IT BLINDLY (WITHOUT
/* EXAMINATION; TO THE POINT OF INVOCATION AS BOTH A FARAMETER AND
/* FUNCTION VALUE.
1+
       MULTIFLE BUFFERING IS USED SO THAT A COMPLETE SINGLE BEQUEST,
/* SPANNING MULTIPLE RECORDS, CAN BE PRINTED ON THE LISTING AT
/* ONE TIME BY PRINT_REQ.
1*
       THE GLOBAL VARIABLES INREC, INREC_LEVEL, INRECIEN, BUFPCS,
/* BUFBEGIN, AND BUFFND ARE ALL ESTABLISHED IN THE MAIN PROCEDURE.
       IF GETCHAR FILLS UP THE INPUT ARRAY INREC (A SINGLE
/* REQUEST IS MORE THAN DIM (INREC, 1) RECORDS LONG) , IT CALLS
/* PRINT_INREC TO UPDATE THE LISTING AND PROVIDE MORE INPUT SPACE.
GETCHAR: PROCEDURE (THISCHAR) RETURNS (CHARACTER (1));
DECLARE THISCHAR CHARACTER (1);
/* ENDFILE (SYSIN) IS HANDLED IN SUBBOUTINE INPUT */
IF EUFPOS>=BUFEND THEN
   DO:
      IF INREC_IEVEL>= DIM (INREC, 1) THEN CALL PRINT_INREC:
      INREC LEVEL=INREC LEVEL+1:
      GET FILE (SYSIN) EDIT (INREC (INREC_LEVEL))
                           (A (INRECLEN)):
      BUFFOS=BUFEEGIN-1:
   END:
BUF POS = BU FPO S + 1;
THI SCHAR = SUBSTR (INREC (INREC_LEVEL) , BUFFOS, 1) :
RETURN (THISCHAR);
END /* GETCHAR */ :
END /* NEXTCHAR */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE PRINT_INPUT
       THIS SUBROUTINE HAS TWO ENTRY PCINTS AND IS USED TO PRINT
/* THE USER'S INPUT ON THE OUTPUT LISTING. IT IS CALLED BY INPUT
/* OR GETCHAR.
/* PRINT_INREC -- EMPTIES THE ENTIRE INREC AFRAY.
                -- PRINTS ONLY THE CURRENT REQUEST.
/* PRINT_BEQ
PRINT_INFUT: FRCCEDURE;
CECLARE I BINARY FIXED (15,0);
PRINT_INREC: ENTRY;
DO I=1 TO INREC_LEVEL;
PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) EDIT (INREC*, INREC(I))
                            (SKIP, COL (COL#), F(4), COL (COLREC), A (INRECLEN));
   INREC# = INREC# + 1;
END:
INREC_LEVEL = 0:
RETURN:
PRINT_REC: ENTRY:
PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) SKIP (1);
DO I=1 TO INREC LEVEL-1;
   PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) EDIT (INREC*, INFEC (I))
                           (SKIP, COL (COL ), F (4), CCL (COL FEC), A (INR ECL EN));
   INREC = INREC # + 1;
END;
INREC (1) = INREC (INREC_LEVEL) ;
INREC_LEVEL = 1;
RETURN:
END /* PRINT_INFUT */ ;
END /* INPUT */ ;
```

```
SUBROUTINE: MSG
                                                                            */
        THIS SUBROUTINE PRINTS ALL MESSAGES AND KEEPS TRACK OF THE
  HIGHEST SEVERITY CODE. THIS CODE (SEE TABLE UNDER THE DECLARATION*/
  OF MSGCLASS) WILL ULTIMATELY BE ISSUED AS THE JOB STEP RETURN CODE*/
/* AND CAN BE TESTED BY LATER STEPS.
                                                                            */
1*
         THE FIRST PARAMETER IS THE SEVERITY CODE TO BE ASSOCIATED
/* WITH THE CURRENT MESSAGE: IT SHOULD BE 9, 4, 8, 12, OR 16. THE /* SECOND PARAMETER IS THE TEXT OF THE MESSAGE. AN ELEMENT OF
/* MSGCLASS WILL BE CONCATENATED TO THE FRONT OF THE TEXT ACCORDING
/* TO THE VALUE OF RET CODE.
        THE STARTING COLUMN OF THE MESSAGE IS DETERMINED BY THE VALUE*/
/* OF THE GLOBAL VARIABLE MSGC. IF THE RET_CCDE IS 16 (TERMINAL
                                                                            */
/* ERROR), THEN THE SUBROUTINE INITIATES IMMEDIATE TERMINATION BY
/* ESCAPING TO THE GLOBAL LABEL CLEANUP INSTEAD OF SIMPLY RETURNING
/* TO THE CALLING POINT.
MSG: FROCEDURE (RET_CODE, TEXT);
DECLARE RET CODE PINARY FIXED (31, 1).
         TEXT
                  CHARACTER (111) VARYING:
DECLARE MSGCLASS (1:4) CHARACTER (21) VARYING
                        INITIAL (
                                  /* CLASS
                                                           CODE */
                                                          /* 00 */
                            **** WARNING: ",
                                                           /* 04 */
                            **** EFROR: ',
                                                          /* 08 */
                            **** DEUTIL FRROR: ',
                                                          /* 12 */
                            **** TERMINAL EFROR: ');
                                                          /* 16 */
/* MAKE SURE RET_CODE IS 0, 4, 8, 12, CR 16. */
RET_CODF=4* (DIVIDE (RET_CCDE+3,4,5,0));
IF FET_CODE>16 THEN RET_CODE=16;
PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) EDII (MSGCLASS (DI VIDE (RET_CCDE, 4,5,0)) | | TEXT)
                         (SKIF, COL (MSGC), A);
IF RET_CODE> THEN MSG_COUNT= MSG_COUNT+ 1;
IF RC> 12 THEN RETURN: /* IF ALREADY DONE, DON'T FLUSH AGAIN. */
RC=MAX (RET_CCDE, RC);
IF RET_CODE> 12 THEN
   DC:
      PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) EDIT ('INPUT STREAM FIUSHED: ')
                                (SKIP, COL (MSGC), A (21));
      CALL FLUSH_ALL:
      GO TO TERMERR:
   END:
RETUPN:
FND /* MSG */ :
```

```
SUBROUTINE GARBAGE_CCILECT
       THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS GARBAGE COLLECTION ON THE LINK AND
/* SITE MASTER FILES; THAT IS, LINKS AND SITES THAT ARE USED BY NO
/ TRUNKS AND OR CIRCUITS ARE DELETED FROM THE DATA FASE.
1.
       GARBAGE_CCLLECT READS EACH FILE IN TURN SERIALLY AND MAKES A
/* LIST OF ALL CONTROL KEYS IN THE GARBAGE COLLECTION WORK FILE
/* GCWORK. IT THEN RE-READS THE LIST OF KEYS AND TRIES TO DELETE
/* FACH RECORD. ONLY THOSE TO WHICH NO VARIABLE BECCEDS ARE LINKED
/* WILL ACTUALLY BE DELETED.
GARBAGE_COLLECT: PROCEDURE:
DECLARE RECORDS CHARACTER (5) ,
                                        /* 'IINKS' OF 'SITES' */
        KEY
                 CHARACTER (11) VARYING, /* CONTROL KEY */
        KEYLEN
                 PINARY FIXED (15,0),
                                        /* 5 FOR LINKS, 11 FOR SITES */
                 BINARY FIXED (15,0) .
        • DELS
        SOMELEFT BIT (1),
                                        /* 1 => MORE KEYS TO PROCESS */
                 FILF STREAM ENVIRONMENT
                              (VE, RECSIZE(1004), BLKSIZE(13000)):
/* WORK FILE MAY BE MISSING */
ON UNDEFINEDFILE (GCWORK)
   BEGIN:
      CALL MSG (8, INCOMPLETE OR NO DD STATEMENT FOR FILE GCWORK. ):
      CALL MSG(0, SPECIFY: //GCNORK DE UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE= (TRK, (1, 1)) '):
      CALL MSG (4, GARBAGE COLLECTION NOT PERFORMED. ');
      GO TO RET:
   END:
ON ENDFILE (GCWORK) SOMELEFT = "O B:
IO RECORDS='LINKS', 'SITES':
   IF RECORDS='LINKS' THEN
         FILEID= RMLK :
         ELMIIST = 'RMIKCT FLEND. ':
         KEYLEN = 5:
     END:
   ELSE IF RECORDS='SITES' THEN
         FILEID='RMSI';
         ELMLIST= 'RMSICT RLEND. ':
         KEYLEN = 11:
      END:
   ELSE LEAVE: /* IMPOSSIBLE CASE BECAUSE OF ITERATIVE DO */
```

```
CALL MSG(0, 'GARBAGE COLLECTION ON UNUSED '|| RECORDS | | ':');
   /* READ THE LINK OR SITE MASTER FILE SERIALLY AND MAKE A LIST */
  /* OF ALL RECORDS IN THE FILE.
  OPEN FILE (GCWOPK) OUTPUT:
  FUNCT = RESTM;
  CALL DBIO (3, 2);
  IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
   FUNCT=SEQRM;
  CALL DBIO (6, 2);
  DO WHILE (STATUS -= ENDP) :
      IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR);
      PUT FILE (GCWORK) EDIT (SUBSTR (ICAREA, 1, KEYLEN))
        (A (KEYLEN));
      CALL DB 10 (6, 2) ;
  END:
  STATUS=OK;
  CICSE FILE (GCWORK);
   /* NOW READ THE WORK FILE AND TRY TO DELETE EACH RECORD IN TURN. */
   /* ONLY THOSE WITH NO LINKAGE TO VARIABLE SECORDS WILL BE
   /* DELETED BY TOTAL.
  OPEN FILE (GCWORK) INPUT;
   FUNCT = DEL_M;
   # DELS= :
  SOMELEFT=' 1'B:
  GET FILD (GCNOFK) EDIT (KEY) (A (KEYLEN)); /* FIRST CONTROL KEY */
   DO WHILE (SOMELEFT);
      CONTROL= KEY;
      CALL DBIO (7, 2);
      IF STATUS -= 'IMDL' THEN
             IF STATUS -= OK THEN SIGNAL CONDITION (TOTERR); CALL MSG(C,' '||KEY||' DELETED');
             #_DELS=#_DELS+1;
         END:
      ELSE STATUS=OK:
      GET FILE (GCWORK) EDIT (KEY) (A (KEYLEN));
   END:
   CALL MSG(^,CHAR (#_DELS) | | UNUSED '|| RECORDS||' DELETED.');
  CLOSE FILE (GCWOEK) ;
END:
RET: PETURN:
END /* GARBAGE_COLLECT */ :
ENC /* DBUTIL */:
```

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Transatlantic Trunk Utilization

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June 1978

Final Report for Period February 1977-October 1977

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