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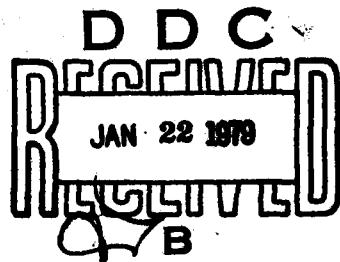
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TECHNICAL REPORT ARLCD-TR-78018

TNT EQUIVALENCY OF COMPOSITION A5

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US ARMY ARMAMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND  
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depend significantly on scaled distance with higher values (140 to 500%) at the extremes within the range from 1.19 to 15.87 m/kg<sup>1/3</sup> (3 to 40 ft/lb<sup>1/3</sup>, respectively). Equivalencies as low as 100% were obtained at intermediate distances. Within experimental error, both peak overpressure and positive impulse scaled as a function of charge weight for all quantities tested in the orthorhombic configuration.

m/cube rt.(Kg) ((3 to 40 ft/cube rt.(lb

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## SUMMARY

Composition A5 high explosive, Type I, MIL-E-14970A(MU) was detonated in configurations representative of an orthorhombic shipping box, a simulated in-plant conveyor bucket, and a cylindrical shipping drum. Blast output parameters were measured and TNT equivalency was computed based on comparison with TNT hemispherical surface bursts. The tests and the results are presented in table 1 and in figures 1, 2, 3 and 4. Within the boundaries of experimental error, the pressures and impulses from the orthorhombic configurations scaled with the cube root of the charge weight. The cylindrical charge configuration shows the same general characteristics as the orthorhombic configuration except that blast pressures and pressure equivalencies are higher in the intermediate scaled distances.

## INTRODUCTION

As part of the US Army Munitions Production Base Modernization and Expansion Program, Project 5763142 covers the layout and design of a Load, Assemble, and Pack (LAP) line for grenades to be used in Improved Conventional Munitions (ICM). Although building and equipment designs are not final, it is already known that bulk quantities of the explosive component, Composition A5, ranging from 11.34 (25 lb) to 2700 kg (5950 lb), will be found at various points in the LAP line. Composition A5 will be received in unit quantities of 11.34 kg (25 lb) to 68.0 kg (150 lb) and stored in Stradley igloos. The material will be screened, weighed in 11.34 kg (25 lb) increments, and transferred via bucket conveyor to pressing bays within the grenade-body loading building.

Safety engineering and cost effectiveness require that hazardous material characteristics be considered as input to facility design. In this instance, specific data are required on the explosive output characteristics of Composition A5 in quantities and configurations representative of the processing environment.

The purpose of Project 5763142 is to:

1. Experimentally determine the maximum airblast output; peak overpressure and positive impulse of Composition A5 explosive in specific configurations and in the processing of environment.
2. Determine the TNT equivalencies of the A5 explosive by comparing its measured pressure and positive impulse with those

produced by the detonation of an unconfined ground burst of a hemispherical charge of TNT.

## EXPERIMENTAL METHODS

### Materials

The test material was Composition A5, Type I, high explosive (MIL-E-14970A (MU), 6 September 1970, with amendment, lot No. HOL-015-73), containing 98.5 to 99.0% RDX and 1.0 to 1.5% stearic acid. The explosive was received from Holston Army Ammunition Plant in standard shipping boxes with a net weight of 27.2 kilograms.

### Test Plan

Airblast output was evaluated for weights and configurations of Composition A5 representative of three shipping and in-plant situations. Physical characteristics of the test items were as follows:

1. An orthorhombic container (fig. 5a) was used to simulate the conveyor bucket and serve as a scaled version of the standard shipping box with a linear dimensional scaling factor of 0.80. Two-piece telescoping fiberboard boxes were fabricated and filled with 11.34 kg (25 lb) of Composition A5.
2. A second orthorhombic container (fig. 5b) consisting of the original shipping box was also used to house test material. Tests were performed using 22.68 kg (50 lb), as originally planned, and 27.22 kg (60 lb) charge weights in this configuration. The latter figure approximates the actual shipping weight.
3. In addition to the two orthorhombical containers, a cylindrical fiber shipping drum (fig. 5c) containing 68.04 kg (150 lb) of explosive was tested also.

A conical-shaped booster charge of Composition C4 high explosive was centered in the top of each container and buried with the apex level with the top surface of the test material (fig. 5d). The booster was detonated with an engineer's special J2 blasting cap inserted at the apex and embedded in the center of the cone. A single test of each configuration was performed using a booster equal to 0.05% by weight of the test charge, for which subsequent data analysis showed slightly lower blast pressures than were observed in the case of 1% boosters. Since the TNT equivalent weight of Composition C4 is insignificant during data analysis, assurance of complete detonation

dictated the use of 1% booster weights in all subsequent tests. From three to five tests were performed at each specified charge weight.

The test charge for each configuration was placed on a 1010 carbon steel witness plate 0.61 m (2 ft) by 0.61 m (2 ft) by 0.0064 m (0.2 ft) thick in the center of the test area (fig. 6). The diameter and depth of the crater were measured and the area was refurbished.

#### Instrumentation

Twelve Susquehanna Instruments Model ST-7 side-on blast transducers were mounted in wooden blocks and placed at ground level in two arrays in the test area shown in figure 7. Distances between transducers and charge were calculated to correspond to scaled distances of 1.19, 1.61, 2.13, 3.57, 7.14, and 15.87 meter/kg<sup>1/3</sup> (3, 4.04, 5.38, 9, 18 and 40 ft/lb<sup>1/3</sup>, respectively). The transducers were individually calibrated prior to each test series with quasi-static pressure pulses using a standard solenoid-actuated air pressure calibration fixture, adjusted to correspond to expected blast pressures based on an assumed TNT equivalency of 100%. This calibration was verified initially by measuring free-field blast pressures from 0.45 kg (1 lb) bare spherical charges of 50/50 pentolite. Signal line continuity and channelization were checked prior to each test. Details of distances between charge and transducers, calibration pressures, and expected peak blast pressure at each distance are shown in table 2.

Each transducer was connected to an underground coaxial cable system which leads through a dirt bunker and into the instrumentation building, approximately 183 m (600 ft) from the test area. All signals were amplified by Dynamic 6457 units and recorded on a 14-track Sangamo Model 4700 tape recorder at 60 inches per second, along with an initial timing signal from a breakwire placed on the charge and 1.00 kHz timing pulses. The nominal response (-3dB) for this recording system is 80 kHz. Data from Channels 1, 2, 7 and 8 (i.e., the closest transducers) were simultaneously recorded in parallel on a Honeywell Model 96 recorder (500 kHz response) operated at 120 inches per second. Data from the magnetic tapes, read at 19.05 cm (.625 ft) per second, was outputted to a Honeywell Model 1612 oscilloscope operated at 101.6 cm (3.33 ft) per second.

Photographic coverage was restricted to the last test of each configuration, (fig. 7). Motion picture coverage included two Hycam Model 41.004 units operated at 4000 frames per second (fps) and one Mitchell camera at 24 fps. Fiducial markers in the field of view with 3.05 meter (10 ft) spacing aided in determination of fireball diameter. Standard meteorological data recorded for each test.

## RESULTS

## Data Analysis

Peak blast overpressure, time of arrival, and scaled positive impulse information were obtained in direct analog form from the oscillograph records. After exclusion of poor results that could be attributed to instrumentation malfunction, impingement of fragments on the transducer elements, or improper calibration, maximum values for peak pressure and scaled positive impulse were calculated for each weight and scaled distance.

The maximum peak pressures were compared directly with standard reference curves for hemispherical TNT surface bursts (ref. 1) to derive TNT equivalency ( $E_p$ ) as a percentage by weight based on equivalent side-on blast pressure at equal distances from the charge:

$$E_p = 100 \left[ \frac{W_{TNT}}{W_{A5}} \right] = 100 \left[ \frac{Z^3 A5}{Z^3 TNT} \right] \quad (1)$$

constant pressure and distance      constant pressure

where  $W$  is the weight of explosive,  $Z$  is scaled distance,  $P$  is the peak blast pressure, and the subscripts refer to the explosive material.

Calculation of TNT impulse equivalency from maximum scaled positive impulse data ( $I_{A5}$ ) required use of a method similar to that of Swatosh and Cook (ref. 2). The scaled impulse  $I_{TNT}$  from TNT hemispheres ( $I$ ) is given (in metric units) to within experimental uncertainty, by the equation

$$\log I_{TNT} = -0.900 \log Z_{TNT} + 5.52 \quad (2)$$

$$\text{or } I_{TNT} = \frac{0.900}{Z_{TNT}}. \quad (3)$$

For equal impulses and distances, it is required that

$$\log I_{TNT} - \log I_{A5} = \log Z_{TNT} - \log Z_{A5} \quad (4)$$

The equivalent scaled distance for TNT charges is obtained from A5 impulse data by combining equations (2) and (4):

$$z_{TNT} = \left( \frac{250 z_{A5}}{I_{A5}} \right)^{0.526} \quad (5)$$

The TNT impulse equivalency ( $E_I$ ) is then obtained from a relation similar to equation (1):

$$E_I = 100 \left[ \frac{z_{A5}^3}{z_{TNT}^3} \right] \text{constant impulse} \quad (6)$$

$$= 0.0163 z_{A5}^{1.42} I_{A5}^{1.58}$$

Use of this equation eliminates the need for construction plots on log-log graphs.

This method linearizes TNT impulse data below the point of slope reversal by extrapolation of values from greater scaled distances. Thus hypothetical equivalency values are obtained below scaled distances of about  $1.9 \text{ m/kg}^{1/3}$  ( $4.8 \text{ ft/lb}^{1/3}$ ). However, the method does avoid complete neglect of impulse equivalency at small scaled distances due to the discontinuities produced during point-by-point analysis (ref. 3).

An analysis of contributions to the measured peak pressure and impulse showed that the weight of booster material used for these tests is insignificant. To a first approximation, the TNT equivalencies of the C4 booster and the A5 explosive were assured equal, i.e., the actual explosive charge weight is the sum of the booster and test material. Neglect of the booster then corresponds to an error of 1% in weight of explosive and a maximum error of 0.33% in scaled distance. Uncertainties of this magnitude produce corresponding errors in pressure and impulse that are considerably below the standard deviation of reference tables (ref. 1) and are an order of magnitude less than experimental errors in normal blast measurements. The same conclusion is obtained for any reasonable assumption concerning the actual equivalency of the booster material; the contribution may be totally neglected for booster weights on the order of 1%, test material equivalencies in the range of 50 to 300%, and scaled distances in the range of  $1$  to  $16 \text{ m/kg}^{1/3}$  ( $2.52$  to  $40 \text{ ft/lb}^{1/3}$ ).

Tancreto (ref. 3) has observed that attenuation of peak pressure and impulse due to limited recording system frequency response becomes significant for measurements at small-scaled distances. However, comparison of several records from the Sangamo and Honeywell

instruments revealed no significant differences, and the Sangamo data were primarily used for subsequent computations.

### Test Results

Test data sheets for all tests with pertinent measured parameters are given in Appendix A. Selected pretest and post-test still photographs are given in Appendix B. Test numbers shown are for local reference only and provide access to original range data files.

Maximum pressure, scaled positive impulse, and TNT equivalencies are summarized by test configuration in tables 3 through 6 and figures 8 through 15. Fireball duration and diameter as measured from the high-speed motion pictures are given in table 7.

### Discussion

The plots of peak pressure versus scaled distance (figs. 8 through 10) from the orthorhombic container tests show the same general trend that has observed in recent TNT equivalency determinations on other explosive and propellant materials (refs. 2-5). Compared to corresponding TNT surface bursts, the observed pressures are higher at far and near field,  $Z = 8 \text{ m/kg}^{1/3}$  (20 ft/lb $^{1/3}$ ) and at near field,  $Z = 3 \text{ m/kg}^{1/3}$  (7.5 ft/lb $^{1/3}$ ) with lower values at intermediate distances. Results of the cylindrical shipping drum tests (fig. 11) show the same general characteristics, although pressures are everywhere greater than those of the referenced material and generally higher than that of the other configurations of A5. Impulse versus distance data show similar tendencies to those obtained for peak pressures.

Essentially S-shaped TNT equivalency curves (figs. 12 thru 15) were obtained by use of maximum data. The composite data (see Summary) show that both pressure and impulse scales with the cube root of charge weight for all tests of the orthorhombic boxes. The difference between impulse equivalency for the cylindrical and orthorhombic cases is not significant, but the pressure equivalency is markedly higher for the large cylindrical tests except at the extremes of scaled distance.

### CONCLUSIONS

The TNT equivalency of Composition A5 (Type 1) explosive varies significantly with scaled distance and is generally greater than 100%.

Blast pressure and impulse scales with the cube root of charge weight for orthorhombic configurations of the test material.

The explosive yield from a cylindrical configuration is greater between scaled distances of 1.19 and 15.87 m/kg<sup>1/3</sup> (3 and 40 ft/lb<sup>1/3</sup>) than that from the orthorhombic configurations.

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Table 1. Composite TNT equivalency by container configuration

Configuration	TNT Equivalency (lb) at Sealed Distance											
	1.19 m/kg <sup>1/3</sup> (3.0 ft/lb <sup>1/3</sup> )		1.61 m/kg <sup>1/3</sup> (4.05 ft/lb <sup>1/3</sup> )		2.13 m/kg <sup>1/3</sup> (5.38 ft/lb <sup>1/3</sup> )							
	P	T	P	T	P	T						
Orthorhombic Containers	260	240	290	340	220	160	120	140	130	120	250	160
Cylindrical Shipping Drum	290	270	300	360	330	140	190	140	210	110	210	130

Table 2. Transducer calibration and placement

Channel Number	Sealed Distance m/kg <sup>1/3</sup> (ft/lb <sup>1/3</sup> )	Calibration Pressure kPa (psig)	Expected Pressure kPa (psig)	R, Distance in Meters (ft) From Charge			
				Charge Weight 11.34 kg (25 lb)	Charge Weight 22.68 kg (50 lb)	Charge Weight 27.22 kg (60 lb)	Charge Weight 68.04 (150 lb)
1, 7	1.19 (3.0)	689. (100)	922 (133.7)	2.67	3.37	3.58	4.86 (15.9)
2, 8	1.61 (4.05)	414. (60)	468 (67.9)	3.61	4.55	4.83	6.36 (21.5)
3, 9	2.13 (5.38)	207.8 (30)	246 (35.6)	4.80	6.04	6.42	8.71 (28.6)
4, 10	3.17 (9.0)	68.9 (10)	81.5 (11.8)	8.02	10.11	10.74	14.57 (47.8)
5, 11	7.14 (18.0)	34.5 (5)	24.0 (1.18)	16.04	20.21	21.48	29.15 (95.6)
6, 12	15.87 (40.0)	34.5 (5)	8.12 (1.18)	35.64	44.92	47.73	64.78 (212.5)

Table 3. Summary of test results 11.34 kg (25 lb) charges

<u>R</u> <u>meters</u> <u>(ft)</u>	<u>Z</u> <u>m/kg<sup>1/3</sup></u> <u>(ft/lb<sup>1/3</sup>)</u>	<u>P</u> <u>kPa</u> <u>(psi)</u>	<u>I</u> <u>kPa·ms/kg<sup>1/3</sup></u> <u>(psi·ms/lb<sup>1/3</sup>)</u>	<u>E<sub>P</sub></u> <u>(%)</u>	<u>E<sub>I</sub></u> <u>(%)</u>
2.67 (8.77)	1.19 (3.0)	1720 (250)	380 (42)	250	240
3.61 (11.84)	1.61 (4.05)	970 (240)	320 (35)	290	290
4.80 (15.7)	2.13 (5.38)	410 (60)	180 (20)	210	170
8.02 (26.3)	3.57 (9.0)	76 (11)	100 (11)	110	140
16.04 (52.6)	7.14 (18.0)	31 (4.5)	50 (5.5)	170	120
35.7 (117.0)	15.87 (40.0)	13 (1.9)	24 (2.7)	260	130

Table 4. Summary of test results 22.68 kg (50 lb) charges

<u>P</u> <u>meters</u> <u>(ft)</u>	<u>Z</u> <u>m/kg</u> <u>(ft/lb)</u>	<u>P</u> <u>kPa</u> <u>(psi)</u>	<u>I</u> <u>kPa·ms/kg<sup>1/3</sup></u> <u>(psi·ms/lb<sup>1/3</sup>)</u>	<u>E<sub>P</sub></u> <u>(%)</u>	<u>E<sub>I</sub></u> <u>(%)</u>
3.37 (11.1)	1.19 (3.0)	1860 (270)	360 (40)	270	230
4.55 (14.9)	1.61 (4.05)	970 (140)	340 (38)	290	310
6.04 (19.8)	2.13 (5.38)	480 (70)	150 (17)	220	130
10.1 (33.2)	3.57 (9.0)	90 (13)	100 (11)	120	140
20.2 (66.3)	7.14 (18.0)	23 (3.4)	70 (7.8)	100	230
44.9 (147.4)	15.87 (40.0)	12 (1.8)	28 (3.1)	250	160

Table 5. Summary of test results 27.22 kg (60 lb) charges

<u>R meters (ft)</u>	<u>Z m/kg<sup>1/3</sup> (ft/lb<sup>1/3</sup>)</u>	<u>P kPa (psi)</u>	<u>I kPa·ms/kg<sup>1/3</sup> (psi·ms/lb<sup>1/3</sup>)</u>	<u>E<sub>p</sub> (%)</u>	<u>E<sub>I</sub> (%)</u>
3.58 (11.74)	1.19 (3.0)	1720 (250)	400 (44)	250	270
4.83 (15.8)	1.61 (4.05)	970 (140)	410 (45)	290	430
6.42 (21.1)	2.13 (5.38)	550 (80)	180 (20)	290	170
10.74 (35.2)	3.57 (9.0)	90 (13)	100 (11)	120	140
21.5 (70.5)	7.14 (18.0)	28 (4)	43 (4.8)	130	100
47.7 (156.6)	15.87 (40.0)	12 (1.8)	32 (3.5)	250	200

Table 6. Summary of test results 68.04 kg (150 lb) charges

<u>R meters (ft)</u>	<u>Z m/kg<sup>1/3</sup> (ft/lb<sup>1/3</sup>)</u>	<u>P kPa (psi)</u>	<u>I kPa·ms/kg<sup>1/3</sup> (psi·ms/lb<sup>1/3</sup>)</u>	<u>E<sub>p</sub> (%)</u>	<u>E<sub>I</sub> (%)</u>
4.86 (15.9)	1.19 (3.0)	2000 (290)	400 (44)	290	270
6.56 (21.5)	1.61 (4.05)	1520 (220)	430 (48)	500	460
8.71 (28.6)	2.13 (5.38)	620 (90)	160 (18)	330	140
14.6 (47.82)	3.57 (9.0)	125 (18)	100 (11)	190	140
29.1 (95.6)	7.14 (18.0)	35 (5.1)	46 (5)	210	110
64.8 (212.5)	15.87 (40.0)	1.1 (1.6)	23 (2.5)	210	120

Table 7. Fireball duration and diameter

Charge Weight kg (lb)	Maximum Fireball Diameter meters (ft)	Fireball Duration msec
11.34 (25)	9.14 (30)	98
27.22 (60)	13.7 (45)	162
68.04 (150)	17.4 (57)	248

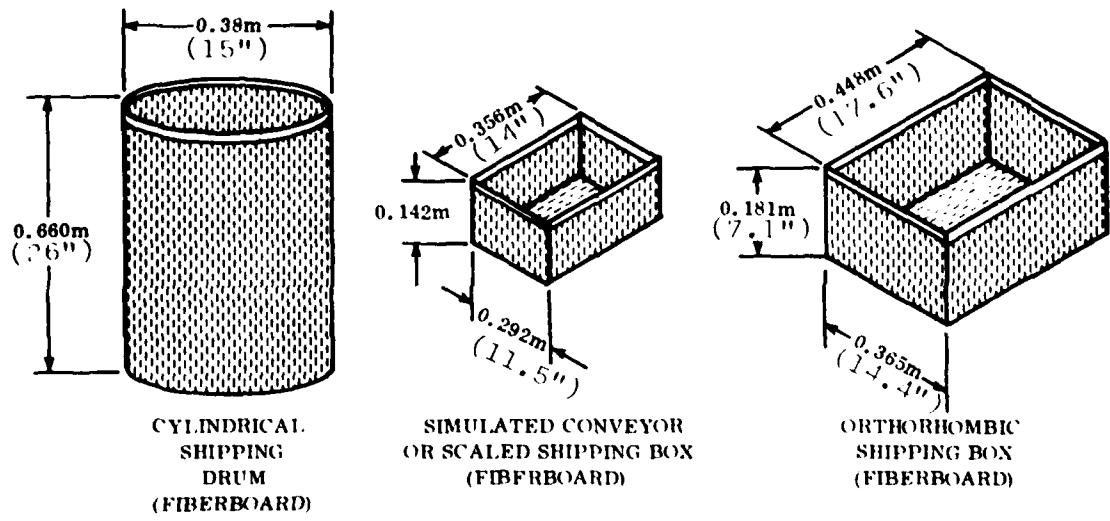


Figure 1. Composition A5 containers.

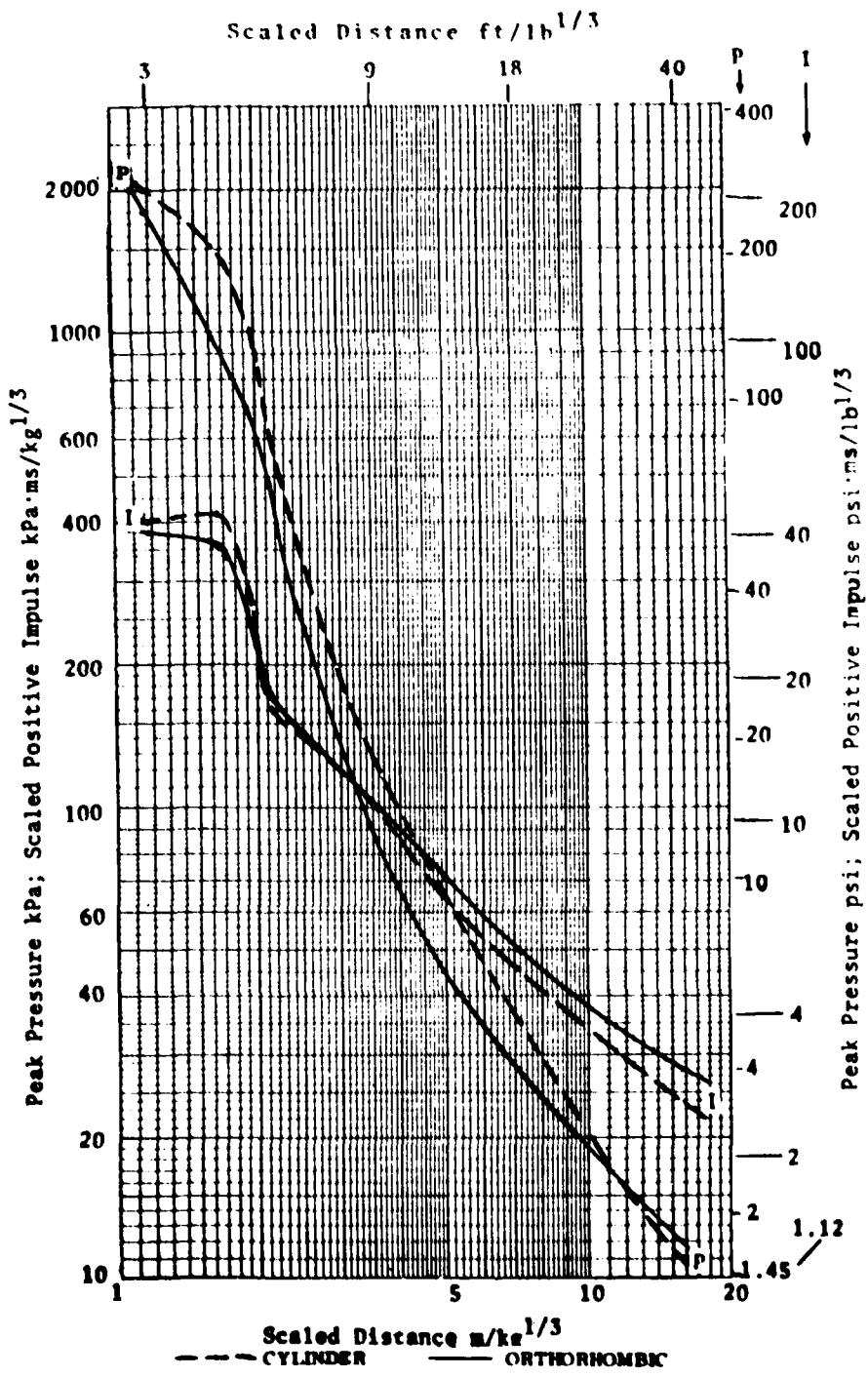


Figure 2. Composite pressure and impulse vs scaled distance.

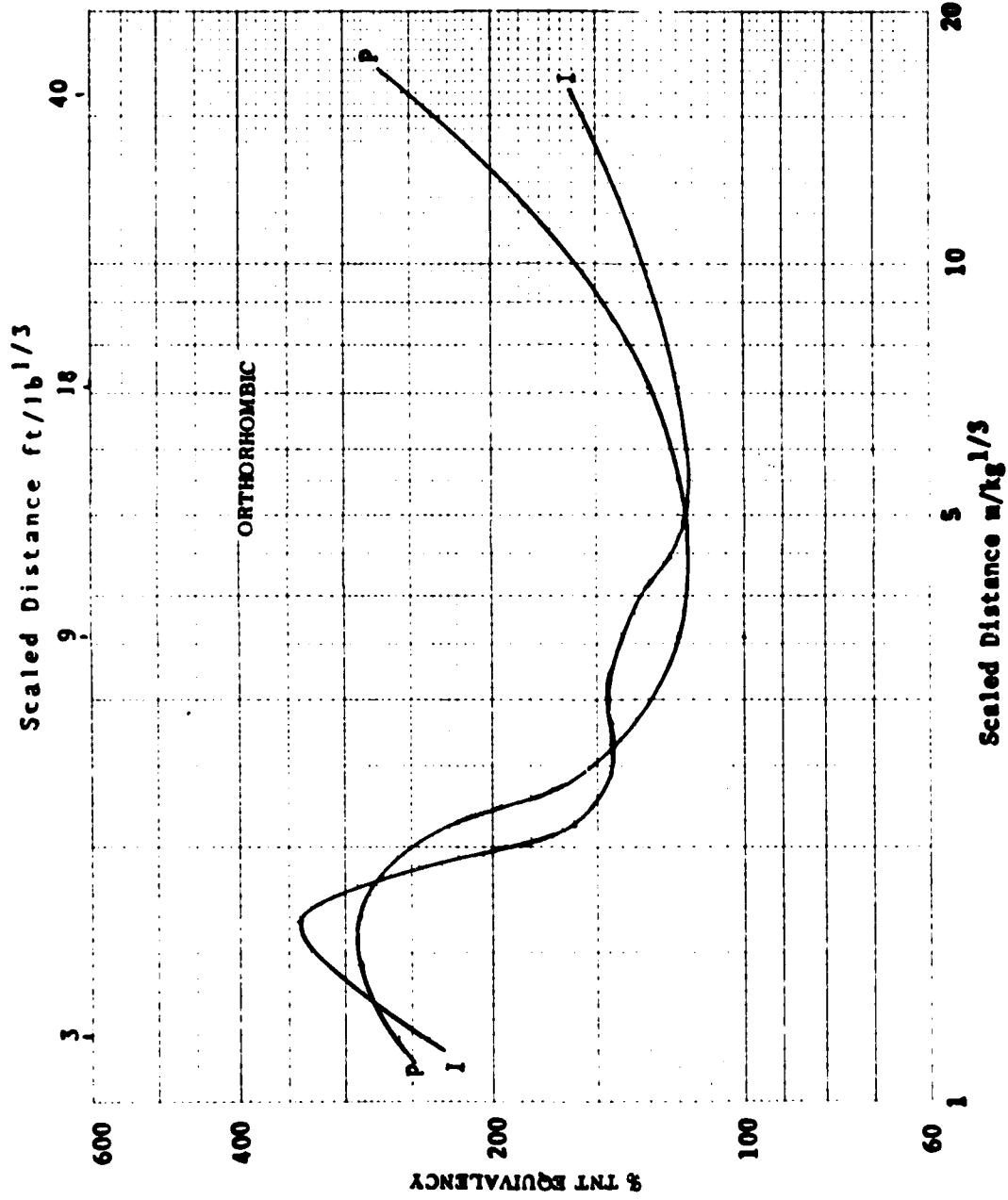


Figure 3. Composite TNT equivalency for orthorhombic configuration.

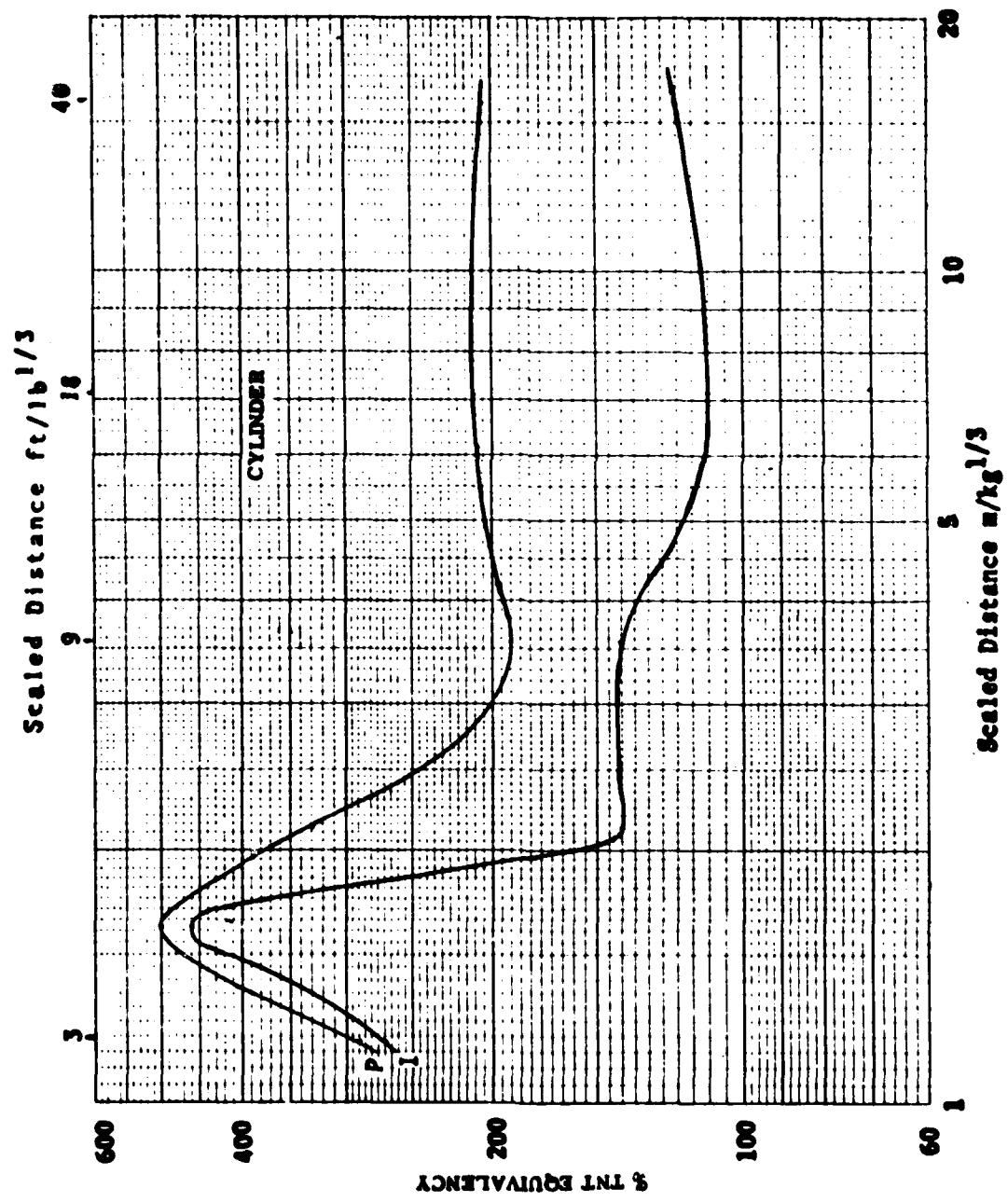
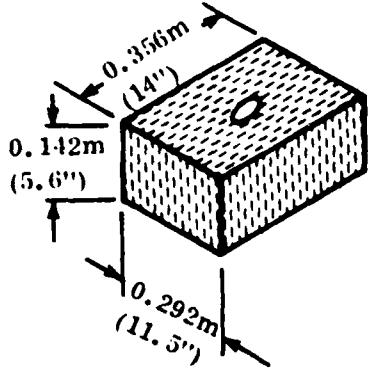
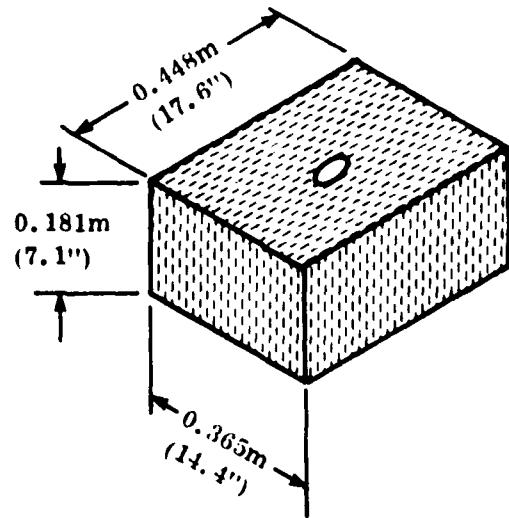


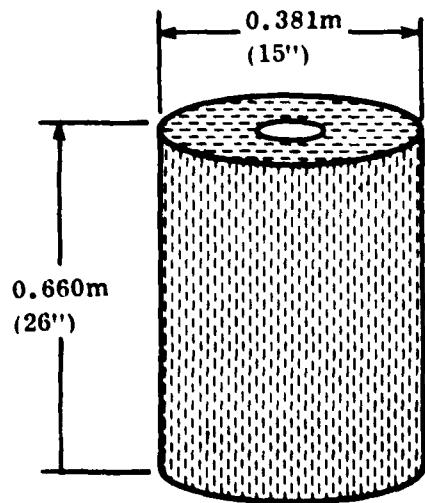
Figure 4. Composite TNT equivalency for cylindrical configuration.



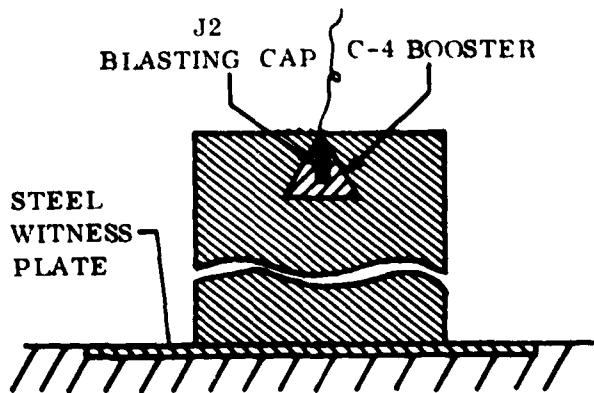
(a) Scaled Shipping Box



(b) Full Scale Shipping Box



(c) Full Scale Shipping Drum



(d) Booster and Charge Placement

Figure 5. Test container configurations.

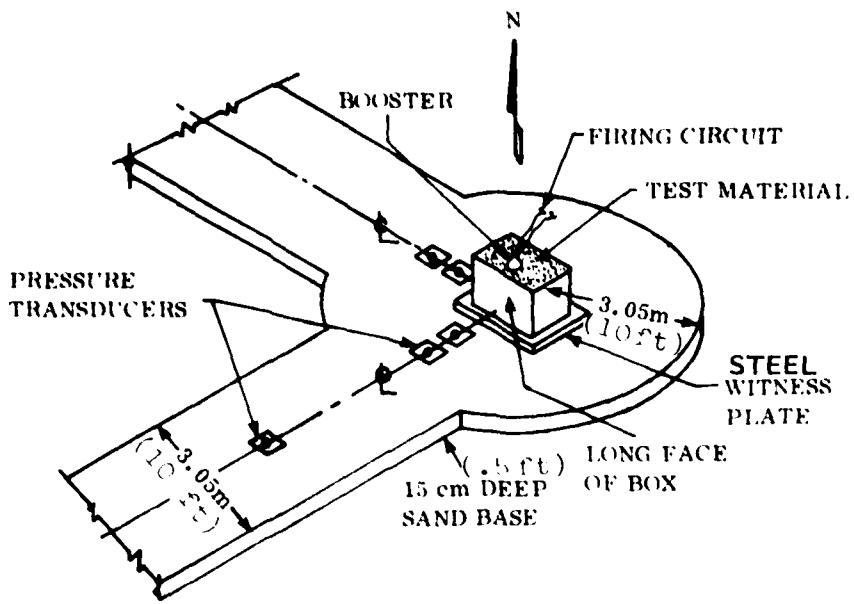


Figure 6. Typical charge placement for equivalency tests.

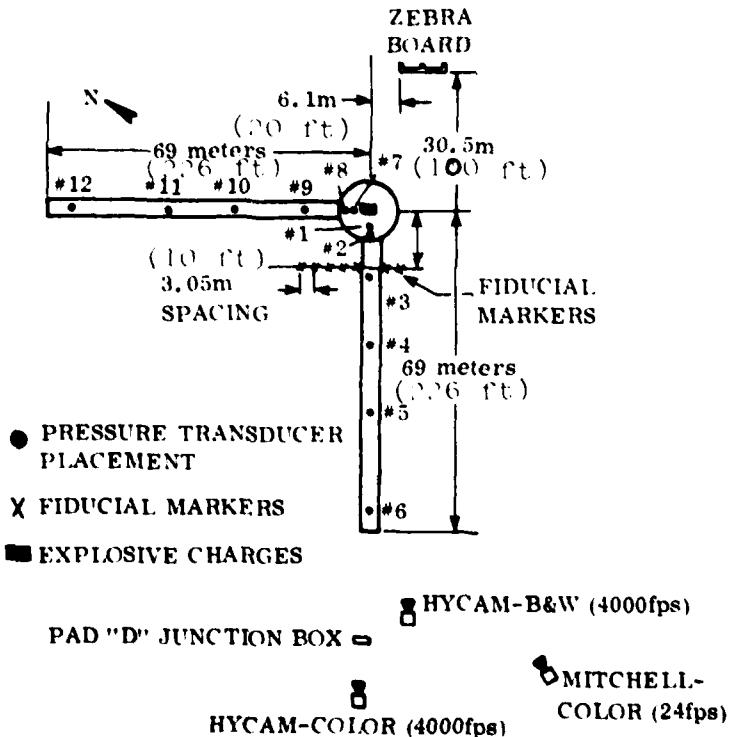


Figure 7. Test area showing transducer and camera placement

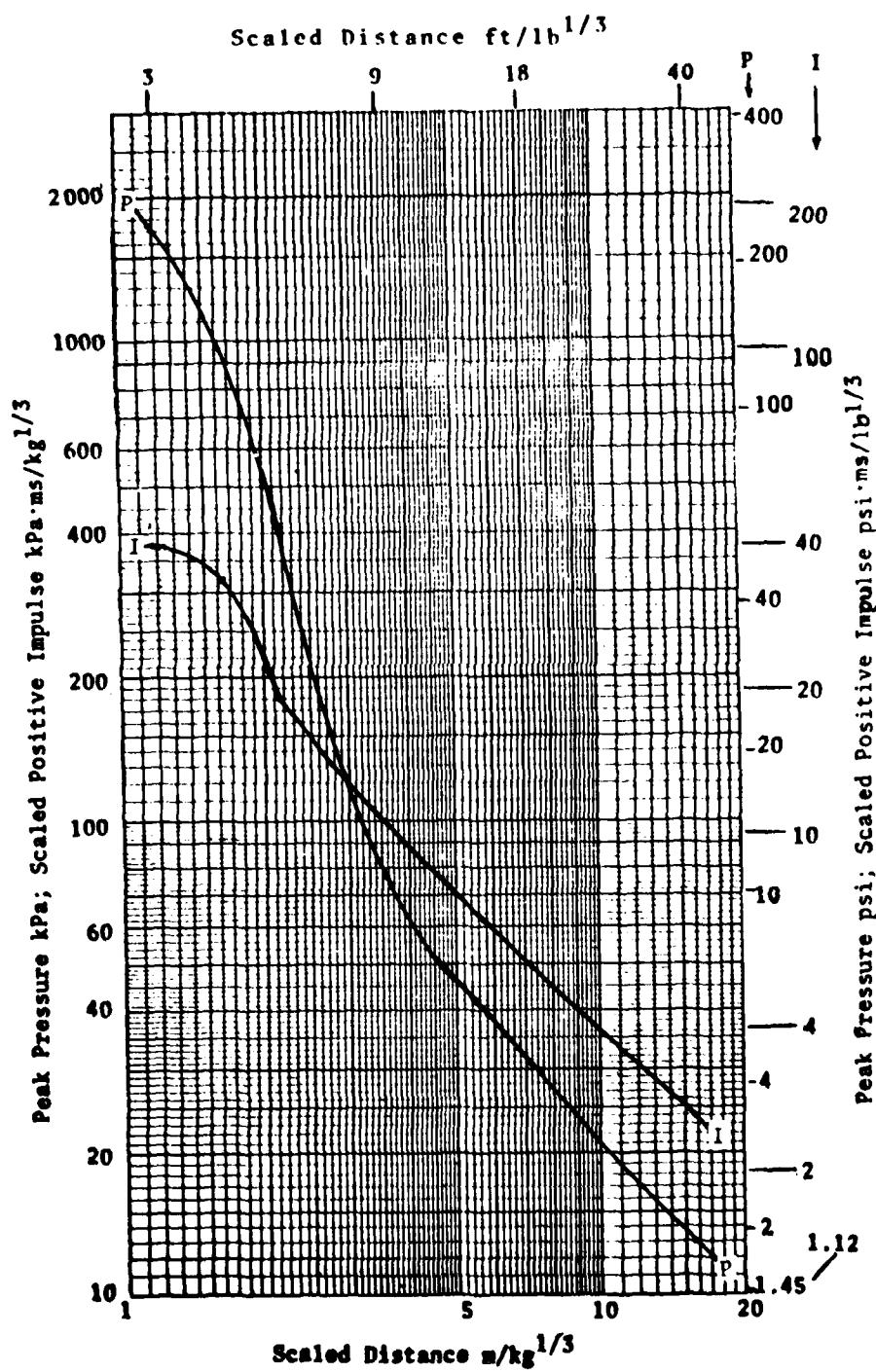


Figure 8. Pressure and impulse vs scaled distance,  
11.34 kg (25 lb) charges.

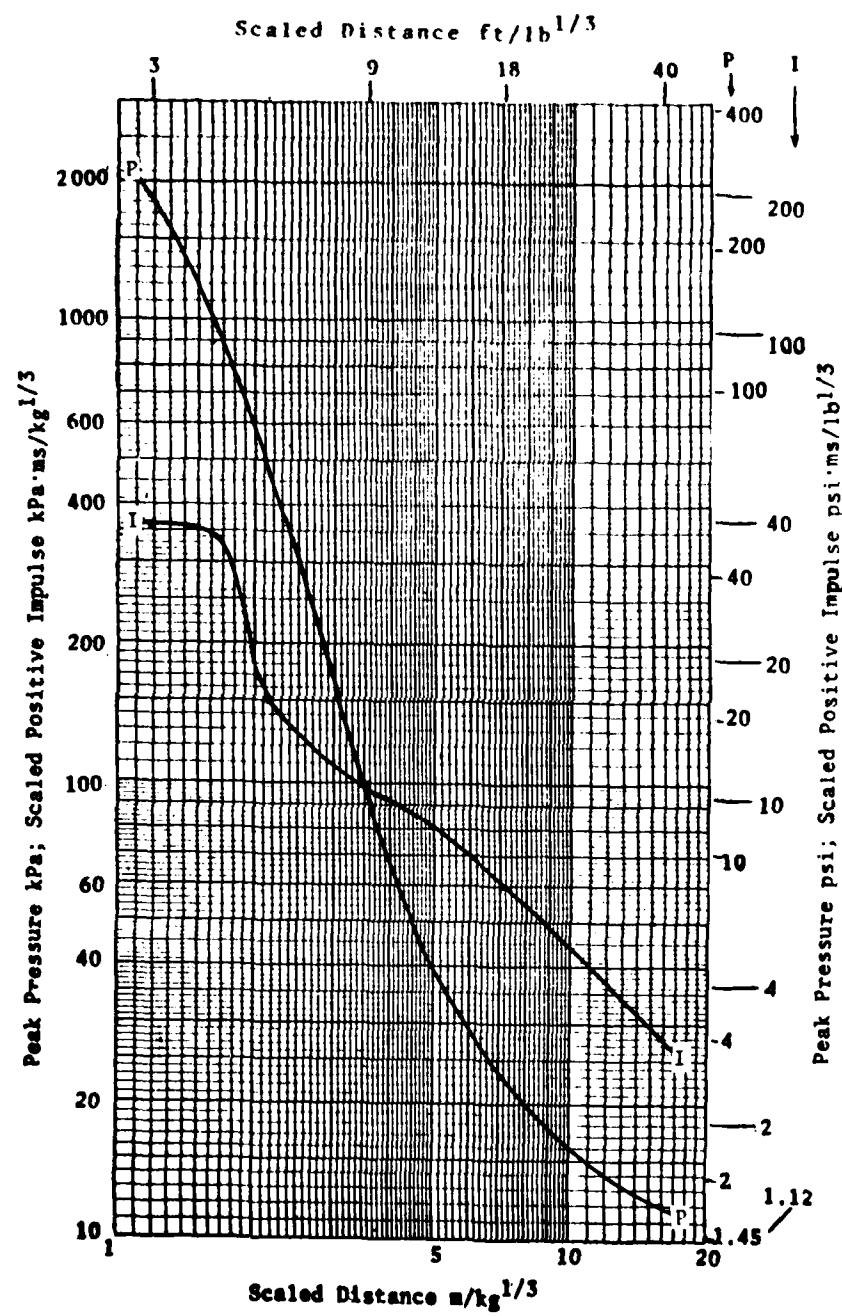


Figure 9. Pressure and impulse vs scaled distance,  
22.68 kg (50 lb) charges.

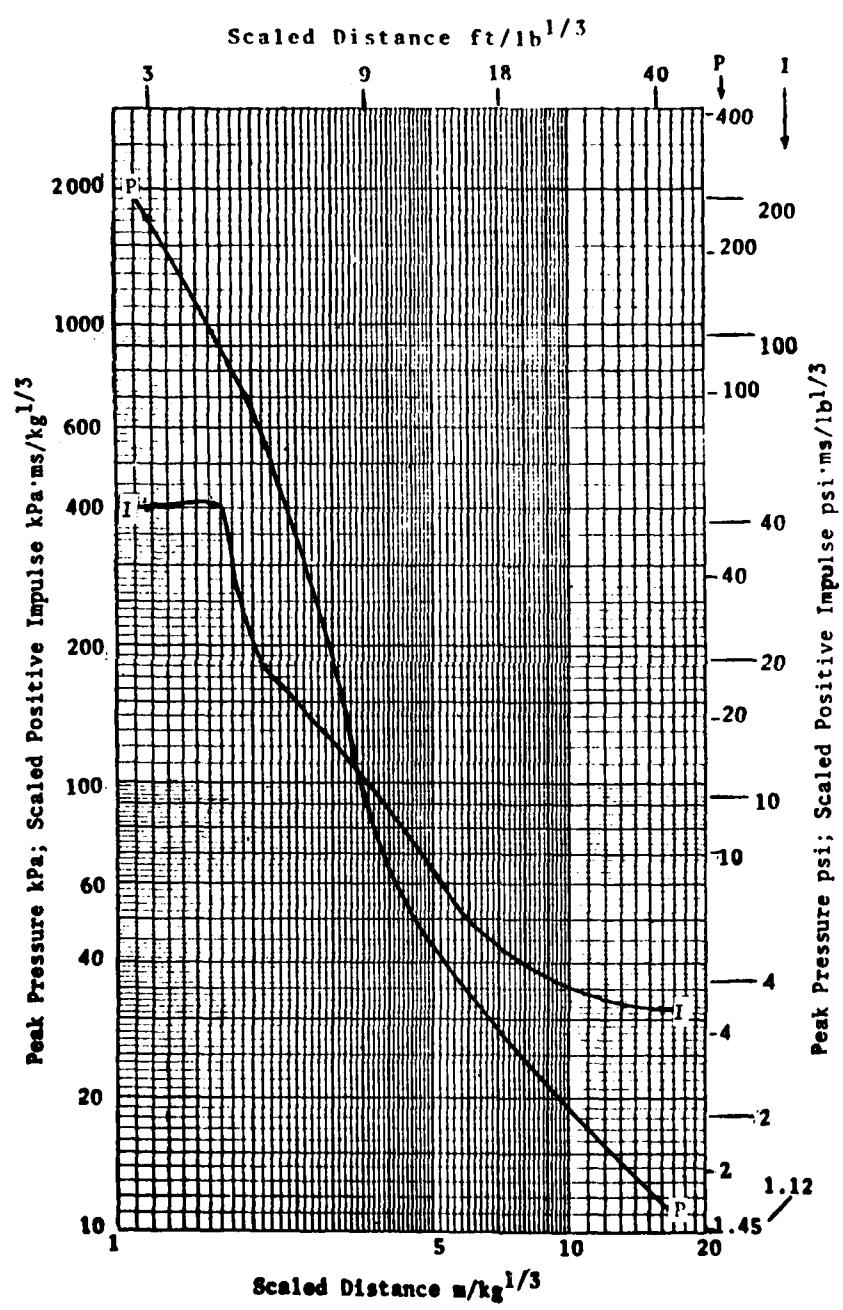


Figure 10. Pressure and impulse vs scaled distance,  
27.22 kg (60 lb) charges.

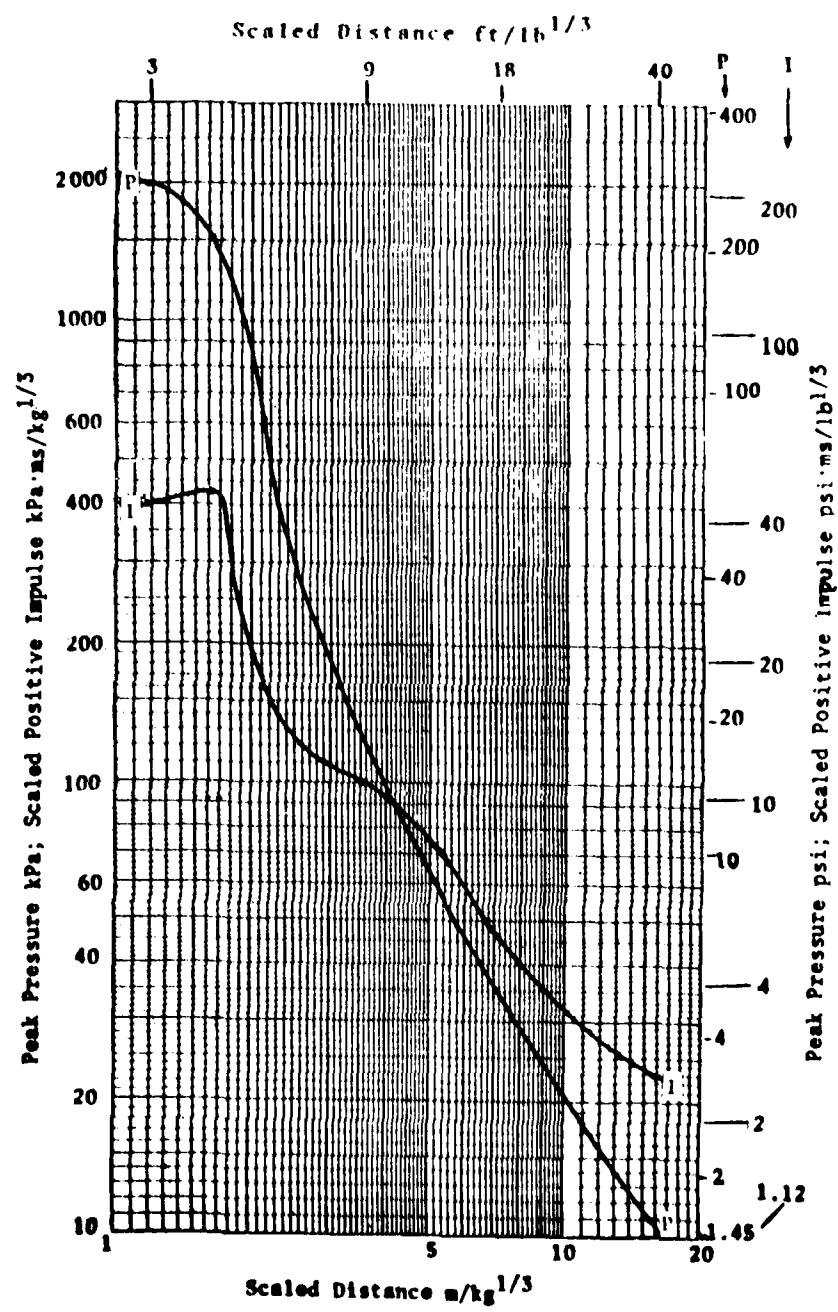


Figure 11. Pressure and impulse vs scaled distance, 68.04 kg (150 lb) charges.

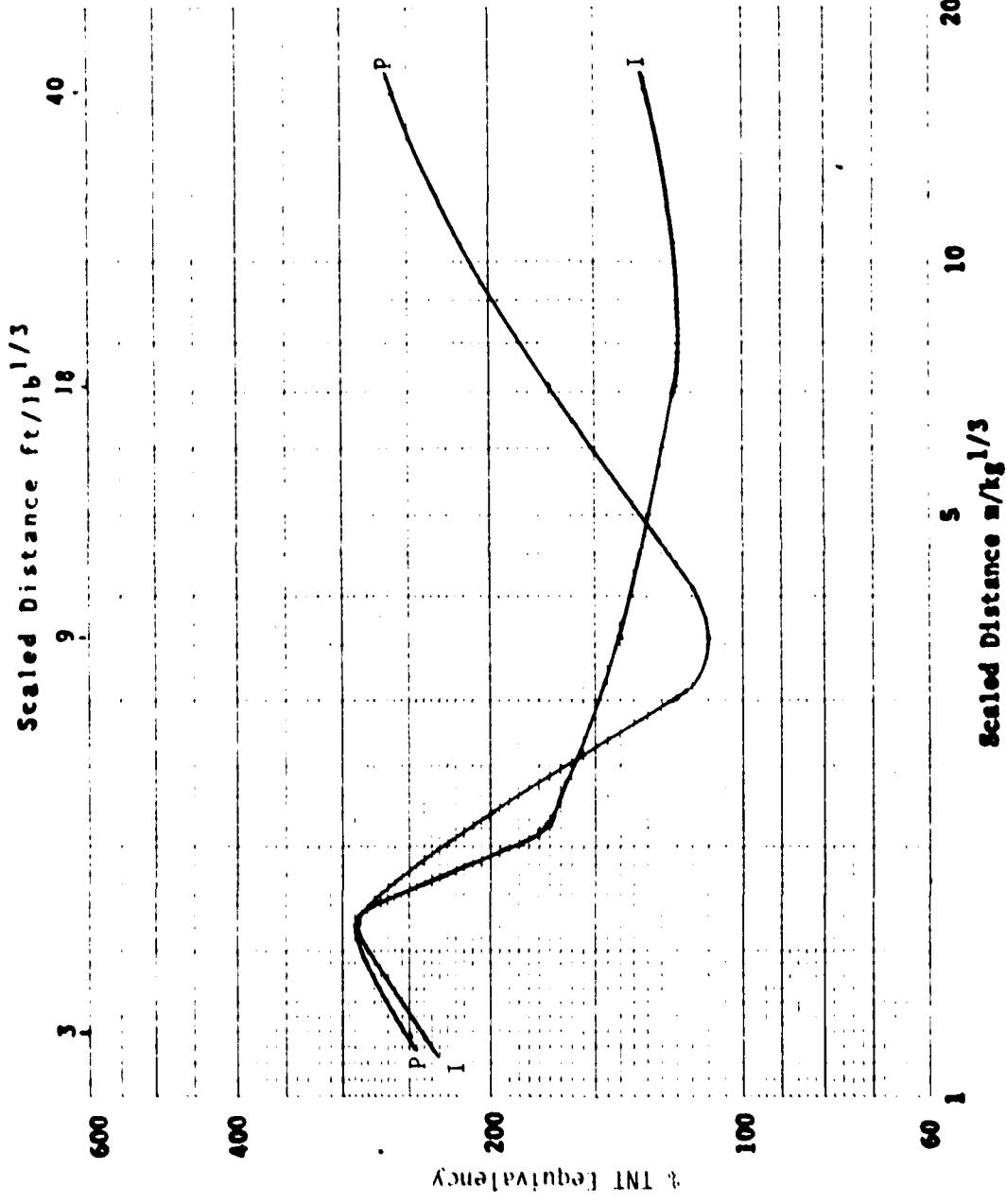


Figure 12. Pressure and impulse TNT equivalencies, 12.34 vs 25 lb, charges.

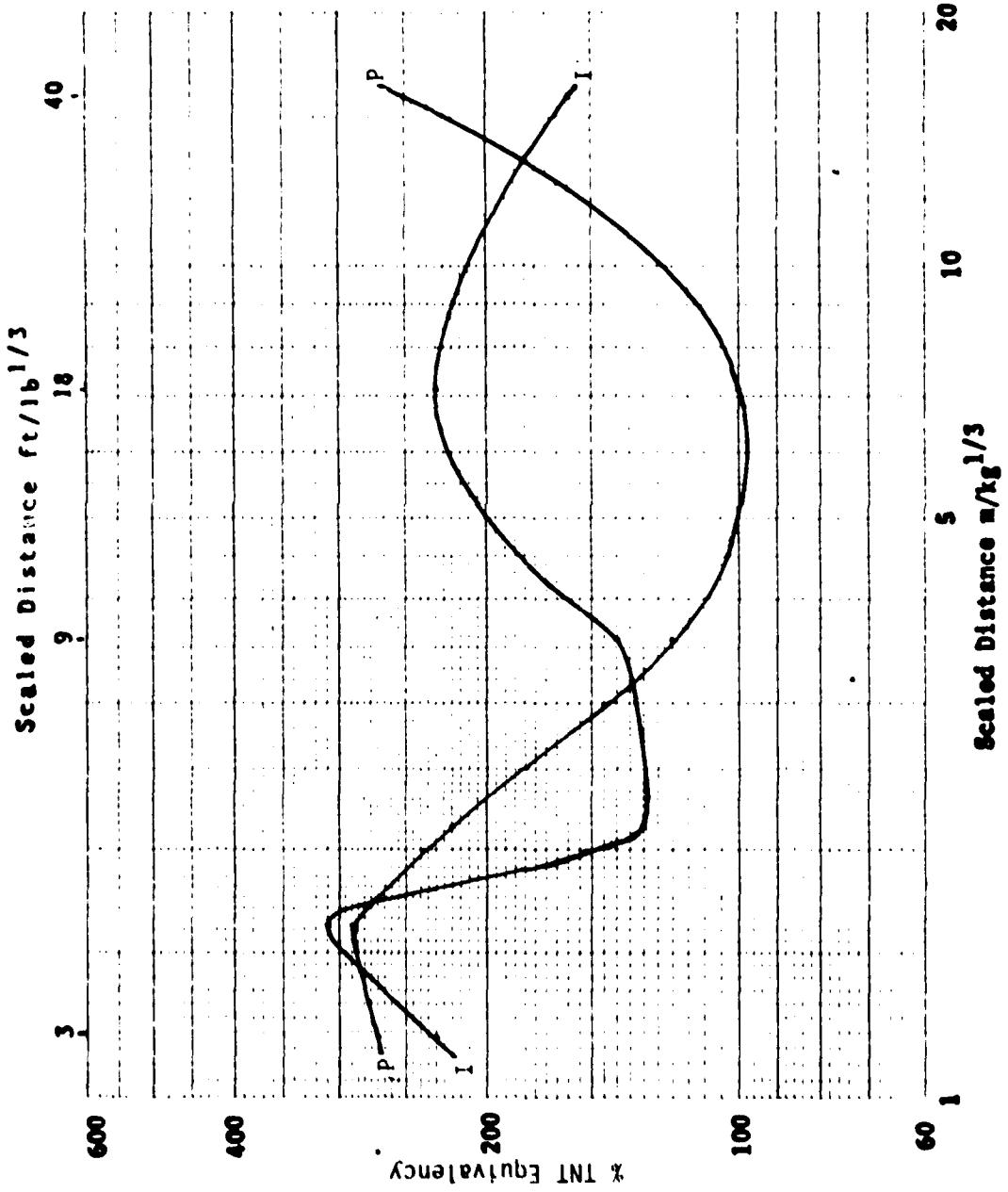


Figure 13. Pressure and impulse TNT equivalencies, 22.68 kg (50 lb) charges.

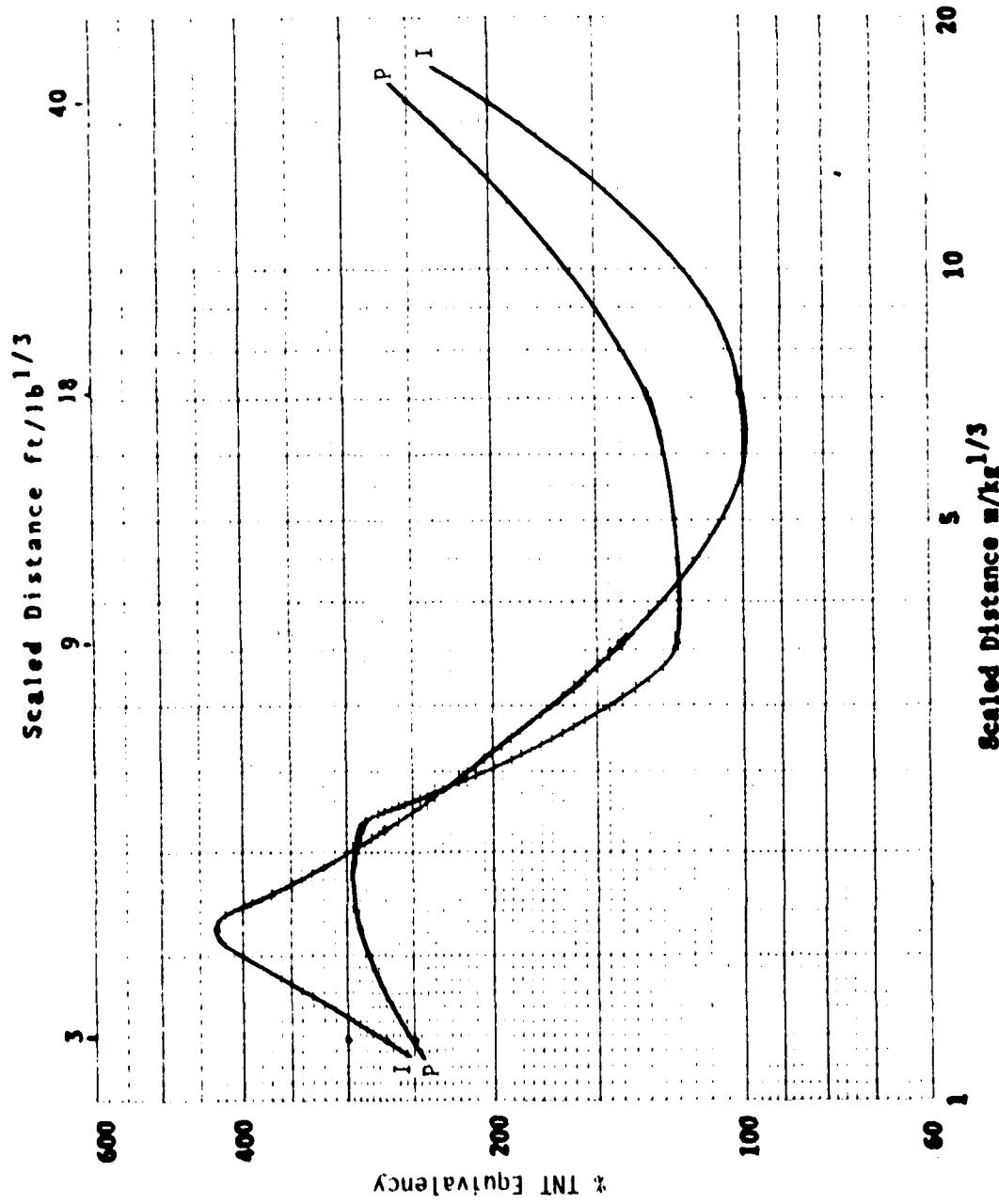


Figure 14. Pressure and impulse TNT equivalencies, 27.22 kg (60 lb) charges.

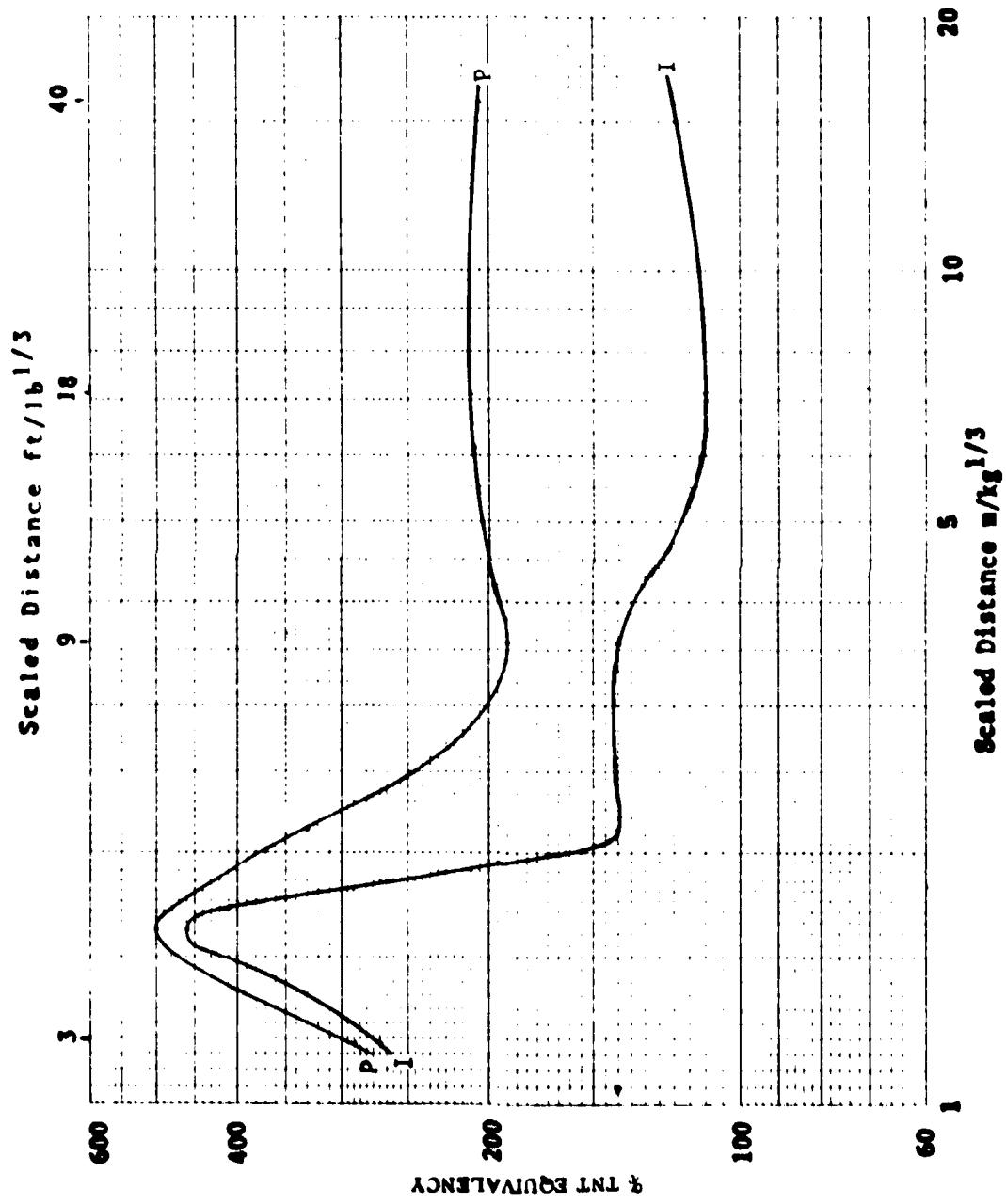


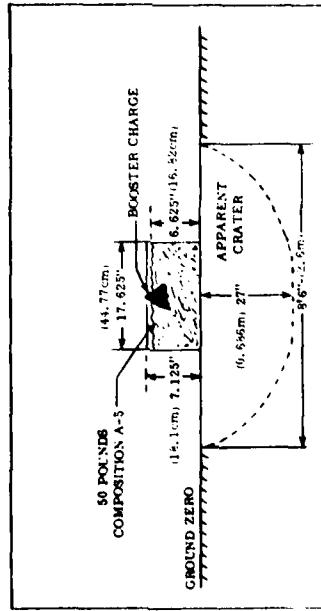
Figure 15. Pressure and impulse TNT equivalencies, 68.04 kg (150 lb) charges.

APPENDIX A  
TEST DATA SHEETS, TNT EQUIVALENCY OF COMPOSITION A5

Test Number 05-6-01A1

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Testing	DATE	1/27/76
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5, original Shaping Container	TIME	12:59
SAMPLE WEIGHT	20 lbs/22.69 kg	TEMP.	51°F/10.5°C
IGNITION SOURCE	J-2 Engineer's Special Blasting Cap	HUMIDITY	20%
BOoster Wt.	0.25 lbs/0.113 kg	BAR. PRESS.	30.32
TEST NO.	C-4 40.5% Charge Wt.	WIND DIR.	310°
CONTRACT NO.	105-5-01A1	WIND VEL.	12 Knots
NAS-27750			

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS						
	Alt. Test. 22.98 lb (50 lb) Composition A-5	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure kPa • msec $\cdot \text{kg}^{-1/3}$	Scaled impulse (psi • msec $\cdot \text{lb}^{-1/3}$ )	Time of Arrival (msec)	Remarks
1	1768	370	(41)	1.10		
2	717	262	(23)	2.10	Limited	
3	6.04	101	(1.1)	-	Poorly Detonated Point Z Cap	
4	345	101	(1.1)	-	Poorly Detonated Point Z Cap	
5	20.21	23	(1.1)	20.7		
6	44.9	12	(2.6)	23		
7	147.4	9	(2.6)	109.3		
8	147.4	12	(2.6)	109.3		
9	147.4	12	(2.6)	109.3		
10	11.6	60	(1.1)	10.6		
11	16.3	60	(1.1)	21		
12	147.4	12	(2.6)	109.3		



FIELD EVALUATION

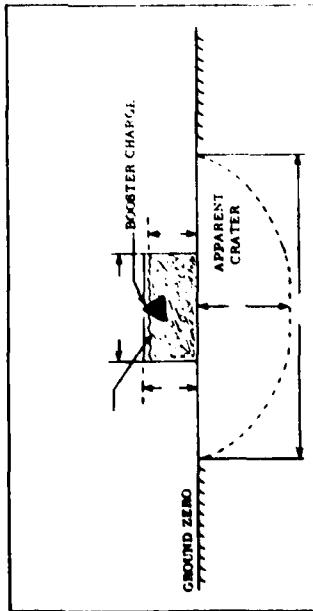
Total detonation occurred; all instrumentation channels functioned; crater diameter 5' 5"; nominal depth 27".

### Test Number 05-6-01A<sub>2</sub>

TEST TITLE	Explosive Proprietary Testsite	DATE	1/27/75
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-1 Ordnance Initiator	CHARGE TIME	1350
SAMPLE WEIGHT	50 lbs/22.68 kg	TEMP.	53°F/11.6°C
IGNITION SOURCE	J-2 Engineers' Special Blasting Cap	H.T. MEDIUM	26%
BOOMER WT.	0.5 lbs/0.227 kg	WIND DIR.	340°
TEST NO.	05-6-01A <sub>2</sub>	WIND VEL.	14 knots
CONTACT NO.	NASA-27750		

#### EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

A2 Test: 22.68 kg (50 lb) Composition A6					
Channel No.	Distance Above No. (ft)	Peak Pressure (psi)	Bolted Impulse (lb-sec)	Time of Arrival (msec)	Remarks
1	3.37 (11.00)	1600 (222)	280 (237)	1.30	
7	7.66 (24.85)	2400 (345)	320 (285)	1.30	
2	4.58 (14.97)	1765 (245)	240 (211)	2.45	
6	10.11 (33.32)	60 (10)	30 (20)	2.40	
5	-	-	-	-	Bad Transducer
8	6.04 (19.8)	434 (63)	111 (11)	4.40	
4	10.11 (33.32)	60 (10)	30 (20)	12.0	
10	10.11 (33.32)	60 (10)	30 (20)	11.2	
6	20.21 (66.2)	21 (3.1)	32 (3)	40.4	
11	6.07 (19.4)	12 (1.9)	38 (4)	39.4	
6	44.9 (147.4)	12 (1.9)	27 (2.9)	109.4	
12	44.9 (147.4)	12 (1.9)	27 (2.9)	109.5	



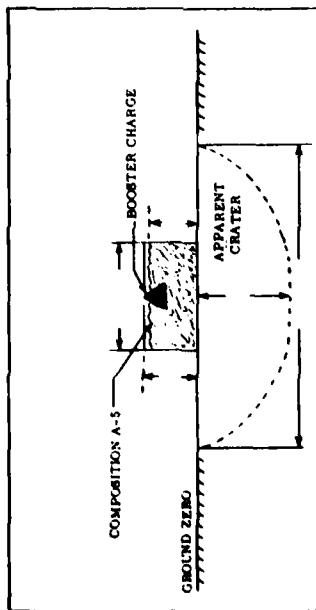
#### FIELD EVALUATION

Crater dimensions occurred; test results indicate that the 1.03 boomer charge weight shall be used for the remainder of the tests; crater diameter 0.762 meter deep by 3.2 meters wide.

Test Number 05-6-01A3

TEST TITLE	Explosive Emissivity Testing	
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Original Shipping Container	
SAMPLE WEIGHT	50 lbs./22.68 kg.	
IGNITION SOURCE	J-2 Engineer's Special Blasting Cap	
BOoster WT.	0.5 lbs./0.227 kg.	
TEST NO.	05-6-01A3 Comp. C-4 13 of Charge Wt.	
CONTRACT NO.	NAB-27759	

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS						
A3 Test. 22.68 kg./50 lbs. by Composition A5						
	Instant	Peak	Scaled Impulse	Time of	Remarks	
(Channel)	Meters	kP.s	kP.s • sec. $\times$ 10 $^{-3}$	Arrival (sec.)		
(Chanel No.)	(ft.)	(psi)	(psi • sec.)	( $\mu$ sec. • 10 $^{-3}$ )		
1	2.37 (11.06)	1700 (247)	200 (25)	1.36		
7	2.37 (11.06)	1700 (247)	200 (25)	1.36		
2	4.55 (14.9)	700 (115)	220 (28)	2.59		
8	4.55 (14.9)	700 (115)	220 (28)	2.59		
9	4.55 (14.9)	700 (115)	220 (28)	2.59		
3	6.04 (19.0)	480 (70)	101 (11.2)	4.66		
9	6.04 (19.0)	480 (70)	101 (11.2)	4.66		
4	10.11 (33.3)	12 (1.2)	22 (10.2)	11.0		
10	10.11 (33.3)	12 (1.2)	22 (10.2)	11.0		
5	20.21 (68.3)	24 (3.6)	38 (4.2)	20.85		
11	20.21 (68.3)	24 (3.6)	38 (4.2)	20.85		
6	44.9 (147.4)	12 (1.2)	22 (2.4)	109.6		
12	44.9 (147.4)	12 (1.2)	22 (2.4)	109.6		

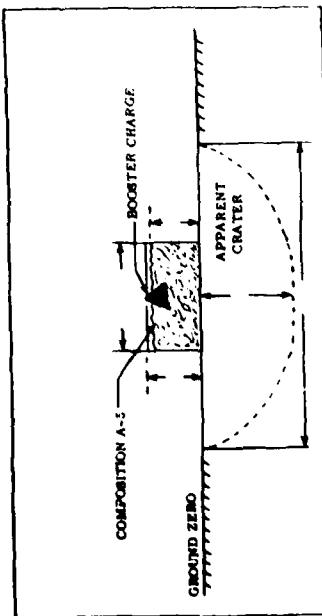


FIELD EVALUATION  
Total diameter of material remaining after detonation approximated crater dimension  
0.767 meter deep by 2.58 meters wide.

Test Number 05-6-01A4

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Testing	DATE	1/26/76
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Original Sample Container	TIME	12:14
SAMPLE WEIGHT	66 lbs/27.22 kg	TEMP.	55°F/12.7°C
HUMIDITY	21%		
IGNITION SOURCE	-1- Explosive's Special Blasting Cap		
BOoster WT.	0.6 lbs/0.27 kg Comp. C-4 1% of Charge wt. BAR. PRESS.	30.31	
TEST NO.	US-4-91A4	WIND DIR.	255°
CONTRACT NO.	MAB-3776	WIND VEL.	4 Knts

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS					
		At Time -27.22 sec (60 lb) Composition A5		Time of Arrival	
		Peak Impulse kP.s	Scaled Impulse kP.s • mass <sup>1/3</sup> (lb) <sup>1/3</sup>	Impulse / Mass - 1/3	Impulse / Mass - 1/3
Channel No.	Distance Meters (ft)	Pressure kPa (psi)			
1	3.50 (11.76)	157.9 (23.9)	180 (43)	1.00	
7	3.50 (11.76)	157.9 (23.9)	180 (43)	1.00	Baseline Drift
2	4.63 (15.86)	185.0 (26.4)	220 (47)	1.40	Limited
8	15.0	-	-	-	Bad Transducer
3	30.2 (101)	300 (47)	330 (61)	3.4	
5	6.42 (21.1)	60.1 (8.7)	75.0 (12.3)	3.8	
9	6.42 (21.1)	60.1 (8.7)	75.0 (12.3)	3.8	
4	10.74 (35.3)	63 (9.2)	80 (12.8)	12.9	
10	10.74 (35.3)	63 (9.2)	80 (12.8)	12.0	
7	8 (26.5)	26 (3.6)	35 (5.2)	41.3	
11	8 (26.5)	26 (3.6)	35 (5.2)	44.8	
6	47.73 (156.6)	12 (1.6)	20 (2.9)	116.2	Frag Hit?
12	47.73 (156.6)	12 (1.6)	20 (2.9)	116.1	



FIELD EVALUATION  
Complete detonation of all material occurred; all instrumentation functioned; crater dimensions  
6.13 meter deep by 2.36 meters wide.

Test Number 05-6-01A5

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS						
TEST TITLE		EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT TEST		TESTS		
TEST NUMBER	TEST SAMPLE	CONVENTIONAL A-1 CRATER	SHAPED CRATER	TIME	TIME OF ARRIVAL	NUMBER
1	SAMPLE WEIGHT 6.16 G	6471.2 FT				
2	TEMP.	253				
3	H. HEIGHT					
4	CONVENTIONAL BAR. PRESS.	21.25				
5	BAR. PRESS.	1800				
6	WIND DIR.					
7	WIND VEL.	12 KNOTS				
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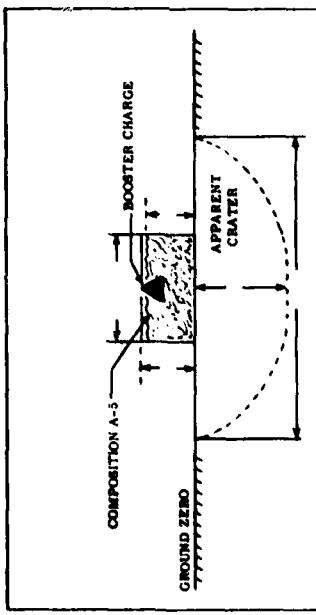
Test Number 06-6-03E1

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	DATE	2/4/78
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Original Shaped Container	TIME	10A1
SAMPLE WEIGHT	60 lbs/22 kg	TEMP.	-12°F/-22°C
IGNITION SOURCE	-3 Engineer's Special Blasting CND	HUMIDITY	64%
BOoster WT.	60 lbs/22 kg Comp. C-4 1/2 of Charge Wt.	BAR. PRESS.	30.17
TEST NO.	06-6-03E1	WIND DIR.	125°
CONTRACT NO.	NARM-37750	WIND VEL.	15 Knts

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	DATE	2/4/78
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Original Shaped Container	TIME	10A1
SAMPLE WEIGHT	60 lbs/22 kg	TEMP.	-12°F/-22°C
IGNITION SOURCE	-3 Engineer's Special Blasting CND	HUMIDITY	64%
BOoster WT.	60 lbs/22 kg Comp. C-4 1/2 of Charge Wt.	BAR. PRESS.	30.17
TEST NO.	06-6-03E1	WIND DIR.	125°
CONTRACT NO.	NARM-37750	WIND VEL.	15 Knts

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

E1 Test: 27.25 lbs 60 lbs Composition A5			
Channel	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure kPa (psi)	Scaled Impulse kPa sec (psi sec)
1	3.56 (11.76)	1570 (230)	210 (0.2)
7	11.76 (38.5)	1570 (230)	1.20 (0.0)
2	4.83 (16.0)	1300 (180)	244 (0.0)
8	11.76 (38.5)	1300 (180)	2.00 (0.0)
			Triple Peak
3	6.42 (21.1)	1150 (167)	1.60 (0.0)
9	11.76 (38.5)	1150 (167)	4.20 (0.0)
4	10.74 (35.2)	89 (12.9)	101 (0.1)
10	11.76 (38.5)	89 (12.9)	11.7 (0.1)
5	21.44 (70.5)	17 (2.5)	36 (0.0)
11	11 (3.6)	43 (6.7)	39.5 (0.0)
6	47.73 (154.6)	19 (1.45)	41 (0.0)
12	12 (4.0)	13 (1.05)	115.2 (0.0)
			Peak H17
			12.35
			38.2
			39.5
			111.6



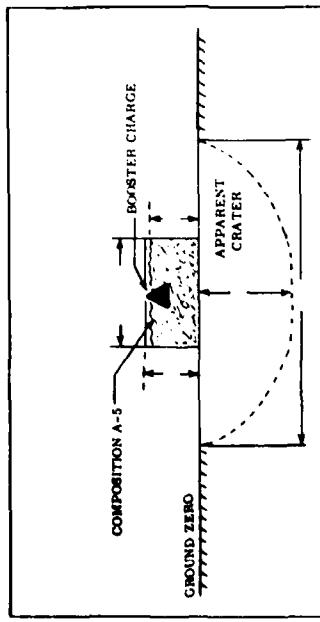
FIELD EVALUATION  
Complete detonation; crater dimension 0.610 meter deep by 3.277 meters wide.

## Test Number 06-6-03E<sub>2</sub>

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test		DATE	TIME
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Original Shipping Container		1/10/75	—
SAMPLE WEIGHT	60 lbs/27.22 kg		70 F/21.1°C	
IGNITION SOURCE	—2 Engineer's Special Blasting Cap		7%	
BOOSTER WT.	0.5 lbs/0.23 kg	Comp. C-4	BAR. PRESS.	30.16
TEST NO.	06-6-03E <sub>2</sub>		WIND DIR.	95°
CONTRACT NO.	NAB-27750		WIND VEL.	11 Knots

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test		DATE	TIME
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Original Shipping Container		1/10/75	—
SAMPLE WEIGHT	60 lbs/27.22 kg		70 F/21.1°C	
IGNITION SOURCE	—2 Engineer's Special Blasting Cap		TEMP.	74°
BOOSTER WT.	0.5 lbs/0.23 kg	Comp. C-4	HUMIDITY	7%
TEST NO.	06-6-03E <sub>2</sub>		BAR. PRESS.	30.16
CONTRACT NO.	NAB-27750		WIND DIR.	95°

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS					
E2 Test: 27.22 kg (60 lb) Composition A-5					
Channel No.	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure kPa (psi)	Scaled Impulse kPa • meter/kg (lb • meter/lb)	Time of Arrival (msec.)	Remarks
1	3.58 (11.76)	0.63 (0.92)	0.05 (0.04)	210 (34)	1.20
7	10.75 (24.3)	0.50 (0.72)	0.05 (0.04)	210 (34)	1.20
2	4.83 (15.8)	0.63 (0.92)	0.05 (0.04)	400 (65)	2.05 Limited
9	10.75 (24.3)	0.63 (0.92)	0.05 (0.04)	400 (65)	1.80
3	6.42 (21.1)	0.51 (0.74)	0.05 (0.04)	—	3.05 Broken Cable
8	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	180 (21)	3.10
4	10.76 (25.2)	0.69 (0.98)	0.05 (0.04)	84 (12.9)	11.8
10	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	85 (12.9)	11.8
5	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	10 (1.6)	10.0 Ruptured
11	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)
6	47.73 (156.6)	1.12 (1.53)	2.2 (2.4)	22 (1.7)	113.0
12	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	107.0 (2.0)	— (—)



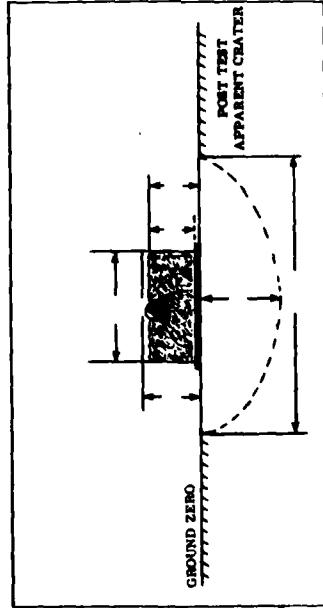
**FIELD EVALUATION**  
This test was performed to determine differences in aspect ratio upon possible reinforcement.  
Crater diameter 0.33 meter deep by 3.17 meters wide.

Test Number 06-6-02D1

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	DATE	2/4/76
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-6 Conveyor Belts Simulation	TIME	1100 hrs
SAMPLE WEIGHT	25 lbs (11.34 kg)	TEMP.	73
IGNITION SOURCE	1-1/2" Electric Sparker, Simulated Gun	HUMIDITY	50%
BOOSTER WT.	2.25 lbs (1.011 kg) C-4 1/3 of Charged w/ BAR. PRESS: 40.92	WIND DIR.	145°
TEST NO.	06-6-02D1	WIND VEL.	13 inches
CONTRACT NO.	NASA-21753		

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

DI Test: 11.34 kg (25 lb) Composition A5					
Channel No.	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure kPa (psi)	Scaled Impulse (psec.msec • lb <sup>-1/3</sup> )	Time of Arrival (msec)	Remarks
1	2.67 (8.77)	1800 (241)	520 (56)	0.80	Baseline Drift
7	1330 (220)	30 (34.2)	0.82		
2	3.61 (11.6)	800 (116)	440 (49)	1.40	Baseline Drift
8	1080 (149)	310 (35)	1.50		
3	4.80 (15.7)	320 (40)	160 (16)	2.75	
9	1110 (89)	110 (14.0)	2.65		
4	6.02 (26.8)	68 (10.8)	97 (10.8)	8.80	
10	1120 (12)	108 (12.0)	8.80		
5	16.04 (62.6)	29 (4.2)	36 (4.0)	29.6	
11	1130 (13)	31 (5.0)	43 (5.4)	29.2	
6	35.6 (117.0)	12 (1.1)	23 (1.1)	84.7	
12	1170 (16)	24 (2.7)	43.1		



FIELD EVALUATION

Complete detonation

Crater dimension 0.457 meters down to 2.26 meters wide

Test Number 05-6-02B2

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-4 Convector Booster Simulation	
SAMPLE WEIGHT	2.0 lb.	
IGNITION SOURCE	21	TEMP.
IGNITION SOURCE	21	HUMIDITY
IGNITION SOURCE	21	WIND PRESS.
IGNITION SOURCE	21	WT. BAR.
IGNITION SOURCE	21	WIND DIR.
IGNITION SOURCE	21	WIND VEL.
BOoster WT.	0.25 lb./0.113 kg	CONC. C-4 J1
TEST NO.	06-6-02B2	OF CHARGE
CONTRACT NO.	NASA-57150	LOCNO

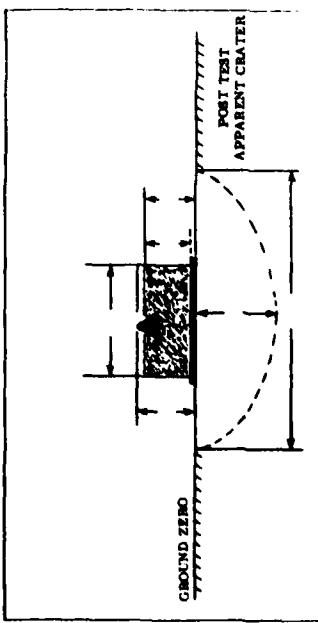
EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

		B2 Test, 1.134 kg (25 lb) Composition A5	
Channel No.	Distance (Meters /ft.)	Peak Pressure (kPa /psi)	Scaled Impulse (lb-sec)
1	2.67 (8.77)	1530 (222)	200 (22)
7	7.00 (24.5)	910 (135)	0.90 (13)
2	3.61 (11.6)	960 (125)	410 (64)
8	7.00 (24.5)	970 (135)	1.50 (22)
3	4.80 (15.7)	660 (87)	120 (18)
9	6.77 (22.2)	440 (62)	2.0 (3)
4	6.02 (20.3)	66 (9.6)	104 (15)
10	11.1 (36.5)	70 (10)	9.25 (1.3)
5	16.04 (52.6)	22 (3.2)	35 (5.2)
11	20 (6.6)	22 (3.2)	37.3 (5.8)
6	35.6 (117.0)	12 (1.8)	31 (4.5)
12	42 (140)	12 (1.8)	65.6 (8.4)

Time of Arrival (msec)

(msec)

Remarks



FIELD EVALUATION

All data channels functioned. Good test. Total amount was contained in booster charge weight was utilized for the remainder of the test.

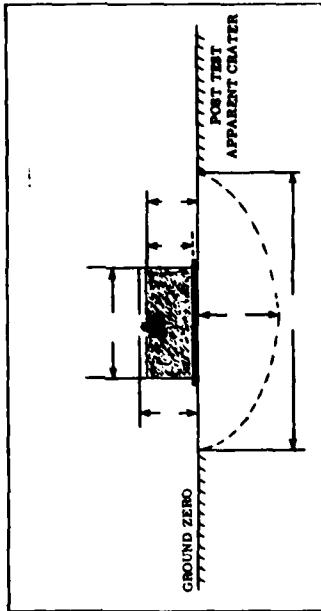
Ground distance is 667 meters, done in 1.82 meter wide.

### Test Number 05-6-02B<sub>3</sub>

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Testing		DATE	1/29/76	
TEST SAMPLE	Composition	A-6	Booster Simulation	TIME	1515 Hrs
SAMPLE WEIGHT	25 lb./11.34 kg.		TEMP.	66° F/20°C	
IGNITION SOURCE	1-2 Fordham's Special Booster Cap		HUMIDITY	20%	
BOOSTER WT.	0.25 lb./11.34 kg Comp. C-4-13 of Charge w/ Bar. Press. 30-10		WIND DIR.	280°	
TEST NO.	05-6-02B <sub>3</sub>		WIND VEL.	12 knots	
CONTRACT NO.	NASB-27750				

#### EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

Bl Test: 11.34 kg (25 lb) Composition A6					
Channel No.	Distance Meters (m)	Peak Pressure kPa (psi)	Scaled Impulse kPa·msec (psi·sec)	Time of Arrival (msec)	Remarks
1	2.67 (0.77)	1480 (219) (232)	300 (50) (50)	6.78	
7	12.00 (314)			6.98	
2	3.61 (11.8)	1000 (146) (150)	280 (41.5)	1.39	
8	9.70 (129)			1.49	
3	4.80 (15.7)	870 (123) (125)	125 (18)	2.88	
9	6.61 (18.1)			3.68	
4	8.07 (24.3)	64 (8.8) (7.7)	86 (10.7) (6)	9.4	
10	10.5 (31.5)			9.15	Peak Peak
5	16.04 (52.8)	25.5 (2.7) (20)	34 (2.9) (1)	30.5	
11	12.8 (32.8)			31.4	
6	35.6 (117.0)	12 (1.6) (7.8)	32 (2.4) (2)	33.4	
12	11.1 (31.1)			33.4	



#### FIELD EVALUATION

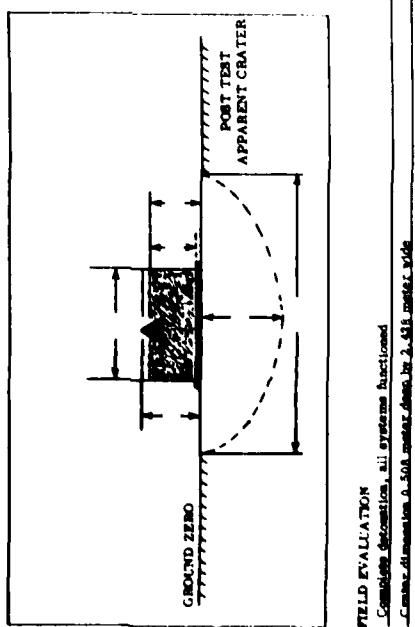
Good test. All systems function. Complete detonation.  
Center alignment 0.457 inches off center in 2.310 meter wide

**Test Number 05-6-02B4**

TEST TITLE		Explosive Equivalency Testing		DATE	1-30-76
TEST SAMPLE		Composition A-4 Composite		Stimulation	13.0° Hite
SAMPLE WEIGHT	25 lbm/11.34 kg	TEMP.	70°F/21.1°C	TIME	70.0 sec
MIGRATION SOURCE	2-8 February 1975, Dugout Crater	HUMIDITY	23%		
BOOSTER WT.	9.25 lbm/4.19 kg	BAR. PRESS.	30.16 kPa		
TEST NO.	65-4-02B4	WIND DIR.	230°		
CONTRACT NO.	MAA-A-37750	WIND VEL.	12.0 m/sec		

**EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS**

No. Test. 11-34 kg (25 lb) Composition A-4					
	Distance	Peak	Scaled Impulse	Time of	Remarks
Chamber	Measure	Pressure	kPsec-m/sec <sup>2</sup> /kg <sup>-1/3</sup>	Arrival	(msec)
No.	(ft)	(psi)	(psi-m/sec <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>1/3</sup>	(sec)	
1	2.67 (8.77)	1,100 (180) (550)	100 (43) (375)	0.80	Limited
7	?	?	?	?	
2	3.61 (11.6)	970 (150) (650)	270 (21) (30)	1.00	
6	4.90 (15.7)	320 (45) (170)	190 (21) (180)	-	1.15 Cut Cable
9	?	?	?	?	
4	67 (26.3)	60 (0.7) (42)	60 (0.9) (75)	2.15	
10	15 (5.0)	15 (4.0) (54)	15 (21) (54)	2.4	
5	16.04 (52.6)	15 (4.2) (34)	34 (4.0) (33)	24.4	
11	?	?	?	?	
6	35.6 (117.0)	5.3 (1.2) (14)	17 (1.9) (23)	94.0	
12	?	?	?	?	



**FIELD EVALUATION**

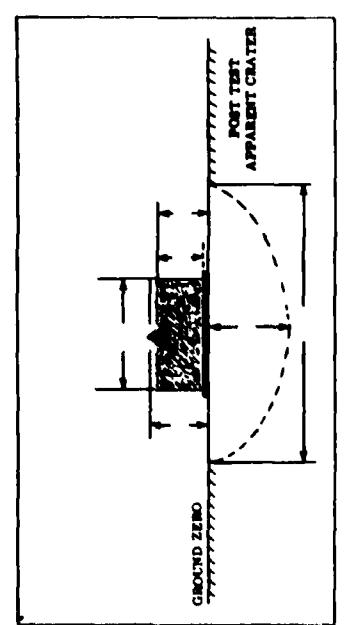
Completely detonated, all systems functioned.  
Crater diameter 0.50 meters & depth 2.45 meters & wide.

Test Number 05-6-02B5

TEST TITLE	Explosive Emissivity Testing	
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-52 lb	Cloth Bag
SAMPLE WEIGHT	52 lb	
LOCATION NUMBER	1-3 Foothills Special Materials Crater	
HUMIDITY	21%	
BAR. PRESS.	29.92	
WIND DIR.	200°	
WIND VEL.	12 knots	
CONTRACT NO.	MAB-27750	

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

No. Test	11.44 kg (25 lb) Composition A5		
	Time	Peak Distance Metres (ft)	Scaled Impulse kPa · msec · kg <sup>-1/3</sup> (psi · msec · lb <sup>-1/3</sup> )
1	2.67	1270 (184) (412)	380 (452)
2	3.61	965 (146) (226)	290 (322)
3	4.60	330 (447) (526)	121 (127.5) (171)
4	5.62	69 (82) (10)	52 (10.2)
5	16.04	16 (2.3) (32.6)	26 (2.6) (3.7)
6	26.4	6 (0) (0)	4 (0.4)
7	36.4	9 (1.2) (1.9)	19 (2.1) (2.6)
8	46.4	—	—
9	56.4	—	—
10	66.4	—	—
11	76.4	—	—
12	86.4	—	—

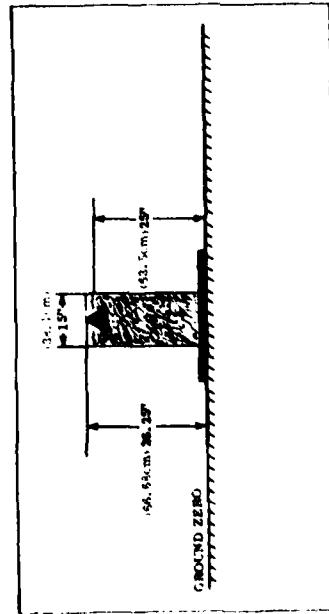


FIELD EVALUATION  
Crater dimensions

Crater diameter 9.57 meters deep to 2.14 meter side

Test Number 05-6-03C1

TEST TITLE	Explosive Susceptibility Test	DATE	1/21/76
TEST SAMPLE	Concentrate A & Fiber Suspended	TIME	12:15
SAMPLE WEIGHT	186 lbs (84 kg)	TEMP.	51.5/13.5°C
IONIZATION SOURCE	1.5A Dc Power Supply	HUMIDITY	46%
BOOMER W.T. 1.75 lbs	34 sec	BAR. PRESS.	26.35
TEST NO.	05-6-03C	WIND DIR.	140°
CONTRACT NO.	NA39-27750	WIND VFL	10.0 sec



FIELD EVALUATIONS

Pulled to achieve 100% detonation

Initial pull to detonation

Median detonation distance = 4000 ft. B/W failed to run

4000 ft. above ground and 24 sec detonation time found

No trigger data obtained

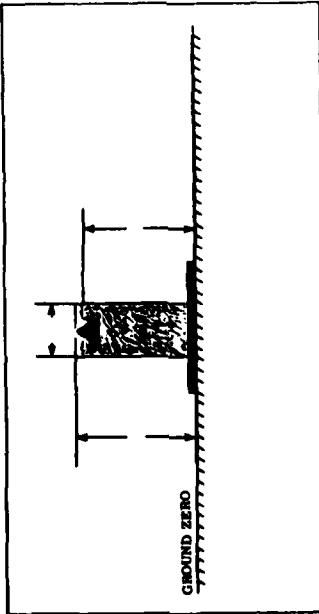
EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS					
CL Test: 60.04 kg (132 lb) Composition A					
Chamber No.	Distance (in.)	Peak Pressure (psi)	Stable Impulse (psi sec)	Time of Arrival (msec)	Remarks
1	4.94 (18.6)	1000 625 100	310 350 345	1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00
7		1270 1000 875	300 300 300	1.70 1.70 1.70	
2	6.56 (21.5)				
9		1270 1000 875	300 300 300	2.00 2.00 2.00	
3	8.71 (26.6)	500 350 250	125 125 125	2.60 2.60 2.60	
8		1270 1000 875	300 300 300	3.00 3.00 3.00	
4	14.34 (47.6)	500 350 250	70 70 70	4.00 4.00 4.00	
10		1270 1000 875	300 300 300	4.60 4.60 4.60	
5		10.3 29.15 1000 875	30 30 30	5.1.0 5.1.0 5.1.0	
11		10.3 29.15 1000 875	30 30 30	5.1.1 5.1.1 5.1.1	
6		64.78 1212.5	10 10 10	100.0 100.0 100.0	
12					

# Test Number 05-6-03C2

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	DATE	1/31/76
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-9 Fiber Shipping Drum	TIME	1402 Hrs
SAMPLE WEIGHT	150 lbs/68.04 kg	TEMP.	65°F/18.3°C
IGNITION SOURCE	J-3 Explosives Special Blasting Cap	HUMIDITY	65%
BOOSTER WT.	1.5 lbs/0.68 kg Comp. C-4 1% of Charge w/	BAR. PRESS.	140°
TEST NO.	05-06-05C2	WIND DIR.	
CONTRACT NO.	NASA-S-27750	WIND VEL.	11 knots

## EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

C2 Test: 0.04 kg (150 lb) Composition A5					
	Channel No.	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure kPa (psi)	Scaled Impulse kPa msec/kg <sup>1/3</sup> (psi msec · lb <sup>1/3</sup> )	Time of Arrival (msec)
	1	4.06 (13.9)	2020 (285)	640 (65)	1.60 Baseline Drift
	7	8.71 (28.7)	1050 (159)	310 (35)	1.75
	8	6.56 (21.6)	1050 (159)	175 (18.5)	2.32 End Drift
	8	6.56 (21.6)	1400 (210)	370 (40.9)	2.40
	3	8.71 (28.6)	570 (84)	134 (15.2)	
	9	8.71 (28.6)	550 (81)	143 (16.0)	5.22
	4	14.86 (47.9)	1280 (186)	79 (8.6)	5.40
	10	14.86 (47.9)	1000 (147)	52 (5.1)	15.8
	5	29.15 (95.6)	25 (3.6)	31 (3.6)	52.3
	11	14.86 (47.9)	33 (4.8)	43 (5.1)	51.3
	6	64.76 (212.5)	10 (1.39)	20 (2.2)	150.4
	12	64.76 (212.5)	11 (1.56)	21 (2.3)	148.7



## FIELD EVALUATION

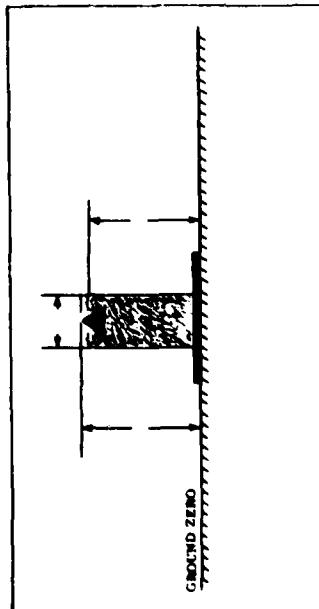
Accurate data measured for this test series

Complete detonation

Case was about 0.45 meters (1.5 ft) deep by 3.505 meters (11.5 feet) wide

### Test Number 05-6-03C3

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	DATE	1/31/78
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-3, First Shipment, Drums	TIME	1512
SAMPLE WEIGHT	14.0 lbs (6.4 kg)	TEMP.	52.0/16.61°C
IGNITION SOURCE	J-2 Electric Special Blasting Cap	HUMIDITY	22%
EXPLORER WT.	1.5 lbs (0.68 kg) Compo. C-4 1/2 of Charge	BAR. PRESS.	28.12
TEST NO.	05-6-03C3	WIND DIR.	140°
CONTRACT NO.	NASA-27750	BEND VEL.	11.4600

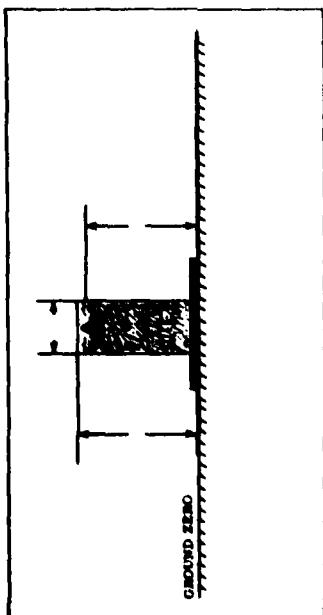


FIELD EVALUATION  
Acoustic field point data accumulated  
from the following tests:  
1. Ground zero point test  
2. Ground zero point test

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS					
C3 Test: 60.64 kg (130 lb) Composition A-3					
		Channel No.	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure kPa (psi)	Stated Impulse kg-m sec <sup>-1</sup> (lb-in sec)
1	4.06 (15.35)	1 (13)	215.0 (272)	2.90 (2.2)	1.46
7		2 (75)	410 (46)		1.60
2	6.36 (21.5)	3 (65)	116.5 (155)	3.60 (3.7)	2.80
9		4 (240)	370 (41)		2.85
3	6.71 (28.6)	5 (65)	506 (58)	1.40 (1.28)	5.15
9		6 (86)	128 (14)		5.06
4	16.59 (47.9)	7 (11.3)	77 (98)	30 (30)	14.3
10		8 (14.4)	110 (13)		15.06
5	29.15 (95.6)	24 (3.5)	32 (35)	51.4 (51)	
11		35 (46)	45 (51)		50.9
6	64.78 (212.5)	10 (1.44)	20 (2.4)	120.4 (12)	
12		12 (1.7)	22 (2.4)		140.2

Test Number 06-6-01C4

TEST TITLE	Explosive Sensitivity Test	DATE	3/3/78
TEST SAMPLE	Combination A-4 Fiber Slagging Device	TIME	1414 hrs
SAMPLE WEIGHT	149.8g / 45.9g	TEMP.	73.7/21.5°C
IGNITION SOURCE	J-4 Research's Standard Igniter Gun	HUMIDITY	50%
ROCKETRY WT.	1.1 lb / 0.65 lb C-4	BAR. PRESS.	20.40
TEST NO.	06-6-01C4	WIND DIR.	180°
CONTACT NO.	504-3779	WIND VEL.	11.8000



FIELD EVALUATION	
Total time	00:00:00
Countdown initiation	00:00:00
Cylinder dimension H, 103 meters deep by 3.76 meters wide	

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

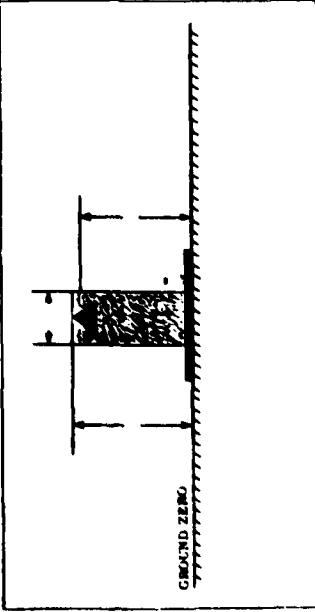
Channel No.	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure (kPa) (psi)	C4 Test: 68.04 kg (150 lb) Composition A/C		Remarks
			Scallop Impulse (IPa • microsec <sup>-1</sup> ) (psi • microsec <sup>-1</sup> )	Time of Arrival (sec)	
1	4.88 (15.9)	1770 (25.9)	300 (44.4)	1.70	
2	6.84 (21.6)	1280 (18.7)	250 (37.5)	3.05	
3	6.84 (21.6)	1277 (18.6)	250 (37.5)	3.15	
4	14.84 (47.9)	1177 (17.2)	125 (18.1)	5.40	
5	14.84 (47.9)	1174 (17.2)	125 (18.1)	5.50	
6	20.16 (66.6)	1170 (17.0)	125 (18.1)	5.55	
11	11.7 (3.8)	117 (1.7)	125 (18.1)	5.65	
12	64.76 (215.6)	9 (1.35)	32 (4.8)	148.9	
			(2.9)		
			(2.9)	148.1	

## Test Number 06-6-01C5

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	DATE	2/2/78
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Fiber Slipping Drum	TIME	1514 hrs 72°/23.7°C.
SAMPLE WEIGHT	150 lbs (68.04 kg)	TEMP.	
IGNITION SOURCE	J-2 Fuzer's Friend Mortier Co.	HUMIDITY	48%
BOOSTER WT.	1.36 lbs / 34 kg Comp. C-4 13 of Charge	BAR. PRESS.	30.60
TEST NO.	06-6-01C5	WIND DIR.	180°
CONTRACT NO.	NASA-27150	WIND VEL.	1.1m/sec.

TEST TITLE	Explosive Equivalency Test	DATE	2/2/78
TEST SAMPLE	Composition A-5 Fiber Slipping Drum	TIME	1514 hrs 72°/23.7°C.
SAMPLE WEIGHT	150 lbs (68.04 kg)	TEMP.	
IGNITION SOURCE	J-2 Fuzer's Friend Mortier Co.	HUMIDITY	48%
BOOSTER WT.	1.36 lbs / 34 kg Comp. C-4 13 of Charge	BAR. PRESS.	30.60
TEST NO.	06-6-01C5	WIND DIR.	180°
CONTRACT NO.	NASA-27150	WIND VEL.	1.1m/sec.

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS					
CB Time: 68.06 sec (150 lbs Composition A5)					
	Channel No.	Distance Meters (ft)	Peak Pressure kPa (psi) (inches)	Time of Arrival (sec)	Remarks
			(psi) (inches)	(sec)	
1	6.46	20.02	600 (150) 575 (145) 550 (140)	1.70	Lambed and Baseline Drift
7	11.37	21.00	550 (145) 525 (140)	1.60	
3	6.46	18.12	400 (130) 380 (125)	2.00	Lambed and Baseline Drift
9	21.46	18.12	400 (130) 380 (125)	2.30	
5	6.71	27	400 (130) 380 (125)	5.15	Double Peaks
8	21.6	27	350 (125) 320 (120)	5.4	Double Peaks
4	16.58	102	350 (125) 320 (120)	15.0	
10	47.8	102	350 (125) 320 (120)	15.0	Lambed
6	22.15	22	350 (125) 320 (120)	51.0	
11	66.78	22	350 (125) 320 (120)	51.5	
8	64.78	9	350 (125) 320 (120)	150.0	Multiple Peaks
12	212.5	11	350 (125) 320 (120)	148.4	Multiple Peaks



## FIELD EVALUATION

Final field data submitted

Comments about this

Comments about this

**APPENDIX B**  
**SELECTED PHOTOGRAPHS**



Pretest Configuration, 27.22 kg Charge, Showing Transducer Array



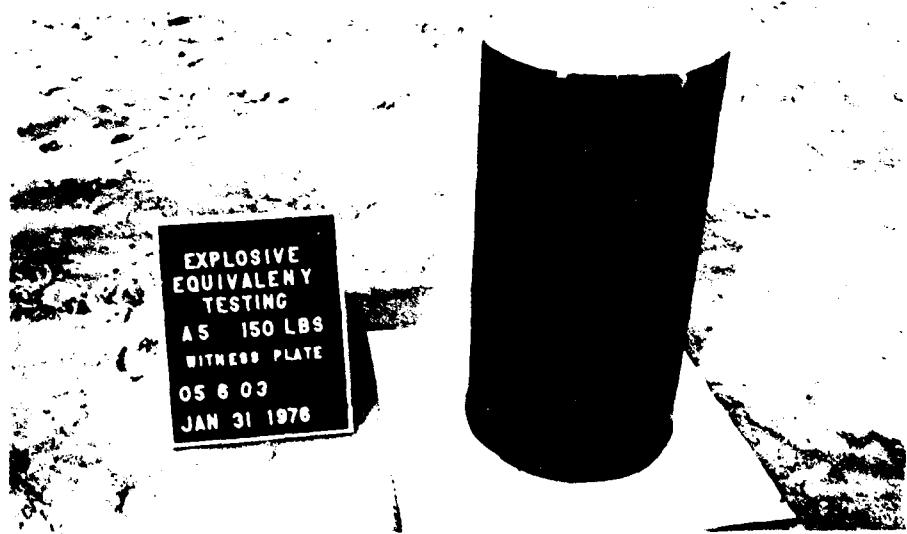
Post Test Crater, 27.22 kg Charge



Pretest Configuration, 11.34 kg Charge



Pretest Configuration, 27.22 kg Charge, Showing Firing Line and Breakwire Cables



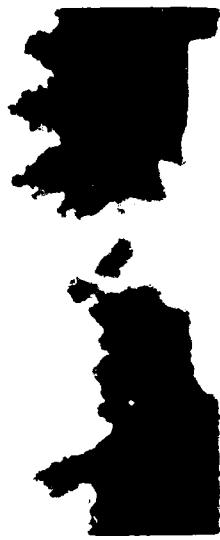
Pretest Configuration, 68.04 kg Charge. Showing booster charge and Blasting Cap



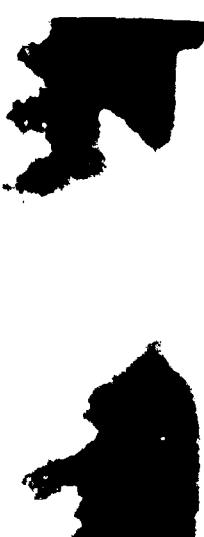
Posttest Crater, 68.04 kg Charge



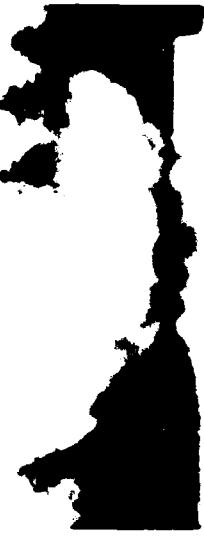
Immediately Following Detonation



20 msec Following Detonation



73 msec Following Detonation  
(Maximum Diameter)



Dust Cloud at 233 msec Following  
Detonation

**Fireball Characteristics From 1500fps 16 mm Film**  
**(27.22 kg Composition A5)**

## SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

A5	Composition A5 explosive
E <sub>I</sub>	TNT impulse equivalency
E <sub>p</sub>	TNT pressure equivalency
ft	feet
ft/lb <sup>1/3</sup>	feet per cube root of pounds
I	impulse (scaled positive impulse)
kg	kilograms
kPa	kilopascal
kPa·ms/kg <sup>1/3</sup>	kilopascal - milliseconds per cube root of kilograms
m	meters
m/kg <sup>1/3</sup>	meters per cube root of kilograms
P	pressure
psi	pounds per square inch
psi·ms/lb <sup>1/3</sup>	pounds per square inch-milliseconds per cube root of pounds
R	radical distance (center-to-center) of charge and pressure gages
W	weight
Z	scaled distance

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Dept of Defense Explosives Safety Board

Hoffman Building #1, Room #856C

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Alexandria, VA 22331

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