

MO3. P Ject -4 AD A 051356 U. S. NAVY ELECTRONICS LABORATORY, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA This is a working paper giving tentative information about some work in progress at NEL. 41 49 If cited in the literature the information is to be identified as tentative and unpublished. NEL .TM -995 NEL/Technical Memorandum TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM TM-995 395 FILE COPY ical Memorandum THE DOGHOUSE -- TYPE BK ELECTRODYNAMIC VLF SONAR PROJECTOR. 13 11P. 666 22 Septemb 2210 995 SF 101 03 16(11351) /SF 106 04 01(8277) F. R. Abbott NEL L30771 / NEL-B20771 16 F1\$103, F10604 995 [] SF101 \$316, SF1060401] MAR 16 1978 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A Approved for public release; Distribution Unlimited 253 550

TABLE OF CONTENTS

The Problem	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•		page	1
Results	•			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	page	1
Administrative Information											•	•	page	1
Introduction	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•	page	2
The DOGHOUSE	•	•	•		•	•			•	•	•	•	Page	2
Pressure Comp	ens	ati	on	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	page	3
Conclusion	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	page	3

ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure 1 (Phot o of DOGHOUSE BK with Guard over Bellows)
Figure 2 (Photo of DOGHOUSE BK Transducer with Drive Plates Exposed)
Figure 3 (Photo of DOGHOUSE BK with one end in torpedo storage tube)
Figure 4 (Photo of Cycle Concerter Power Supply)
Figure 5 (Calibration at NELPOCS by Gowdy)

ANGERS ON ME RTIS White Souther D ---Built Spetter MANHSUNCES MOSTIFIS u th 6 BISTRIBUTION AVAILABILITY CROED AVAIL and, or SPECIAL Piet. A

• • • •

i

THE PROBLEM

Develop a VLF Medium Power Sonar Projector, more adaptable to propulsion through water than the MOD 3B, Type BK described in NEL Report No. 1151 of 20 December 1962.

RESULTS

The MOD 7 BK source occupies about half the volume of the MOD 3 series but is heavier and generally more suitable to submarine deck mounting or towing from a surface ship. It weighs about 1500 pounds. Its performance curve at 400 amps excitation is shown by figure 5. It operates on about 15 volts at 15 c/s. The inductive reactance is such that about 100 volts is required at 100 c/s. It can provide 50 to 100 watts of underwater sound power from 20 to 100 c/s.

PLANS

The serial No. 1 of the MOD 7 series has one-half/pitch of drive plate poles. Serial No. 2 still being assembled will have one-quarter inch pitch and will deliver greater power at 30 c/s and higher. Its output will be 6dB lower at or below 20 c/s.

inch

ADMINISTRATIVE

This effort by the NEL Electrodynamics Division was supported by SF 106 04 01, Task 8277 and SF 101 03 16, Task11314, NEL Problem B20771 and L30771, respectively.

1

INTRODUCTION

³ The underwater acoustic power of type BK Electrodynamic Transducers has yielded extraordinary reliable propagation ranges in the Pacific Basin. These tests have utilized the MOD 3B version described in NEL Report 1151. The MOD 3 Series built extensively of magnesium and with large internal air voids requires mass loading to even submerge and imposes need for unnecessarily large volume air compensation. The MOD 7 corrects these features and has other improvements. The smaller pistons however, reduce the radiated acoustic power at 20 c/s and below.

THE DOGHOUSE

This version weighs about 1500 pounds, is about 32 inches high and 3 feet long. Exposed surface is either stainless or heavily protected steel. Figure 1 shows a completed unit with guard frame over the near bellows and piston.

Figure 2 is a view from the opposite end with guard, bellows and dome piston removed. This view reveals the seventeen electrodynamic drive plates. Figure 3 shows The Doghouse assembled to a 23" ID, 20 foot long torpedo storage shell.

Using this arrangement it is possible to achieve enhanced output when the open end of the tube is slightly under a half wave length away. This enhanced output can be further improved by careful control of aperture size at the open end. Power Supply

The fractional ohm impedance of these devices makes them a natural load for semi conductor frequency convertors such as the NEL design shown by figure 4. These are in turn fed from a three phase source at frequency higher than that

2

required for the highest frequency present in signal transmissions. The primary power required may range to as high as 50 kva at 100 c/s. The voltage for full loads 400 amp operation rises with frequency to about 100 volts at 100 c/s. Lear Siegler of Cleveland are marketing a satisfactory cycle convertor about a third the size of that shown by figure 4. It is their model No. 41128-000 and sells for about \$2000.

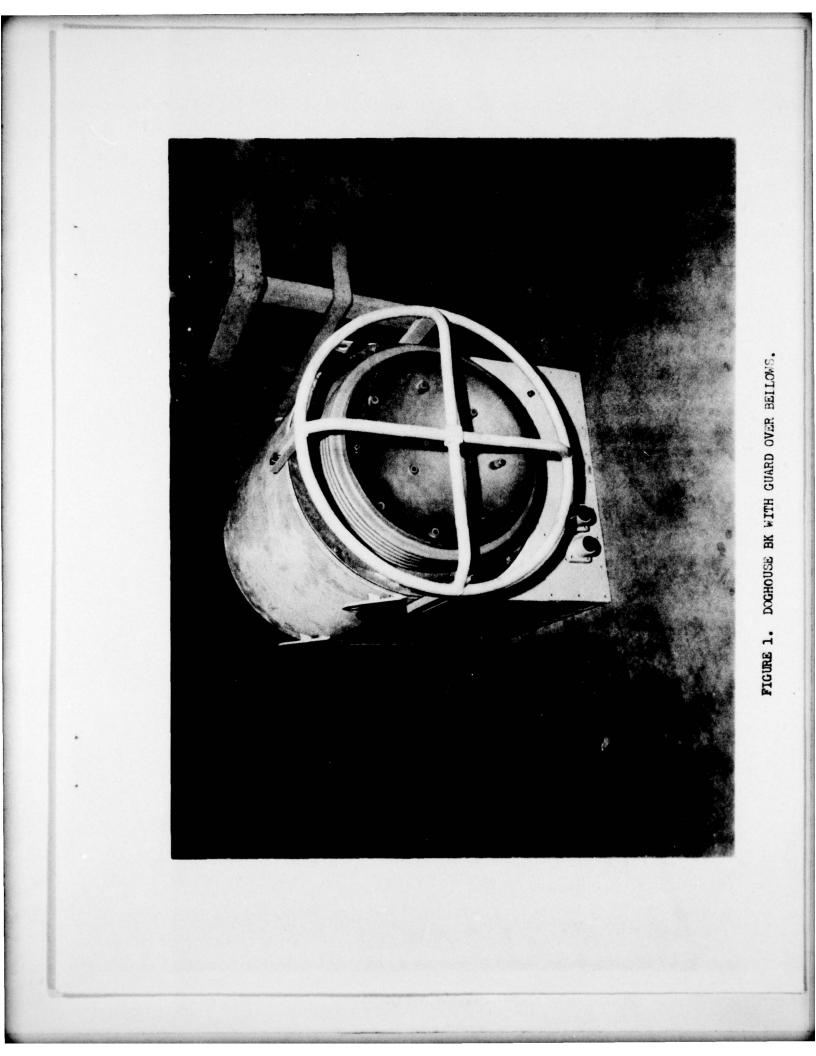
PRESSURE COMPENSATION

These devices operate only when external hydrostatic pressure is balanced by internal air pressure. Figure 3 shows the high pressure air line and the larger low pressure hose to release air when hydrostatic pressure is reduced. The automatic sensor and compensator is inside the lower part of the housing. The MARK 7, DOGHOUSE version has linear ball bearings on all guide pins and on the main supporting rods for drive plate assemblies. These bearings have proven so effective that the older MOD 36 versions are being converted for linear ball bearing operation.

CONCLUSION

The MARK 7 "DOGHOUSE" Type BK sonar projectors are unique in providing medium level underwater acoustic power in the 15 to 100 c/s band. They are compact, tolerably heavy and adaptable to fitting into a dome for towed tests.

3



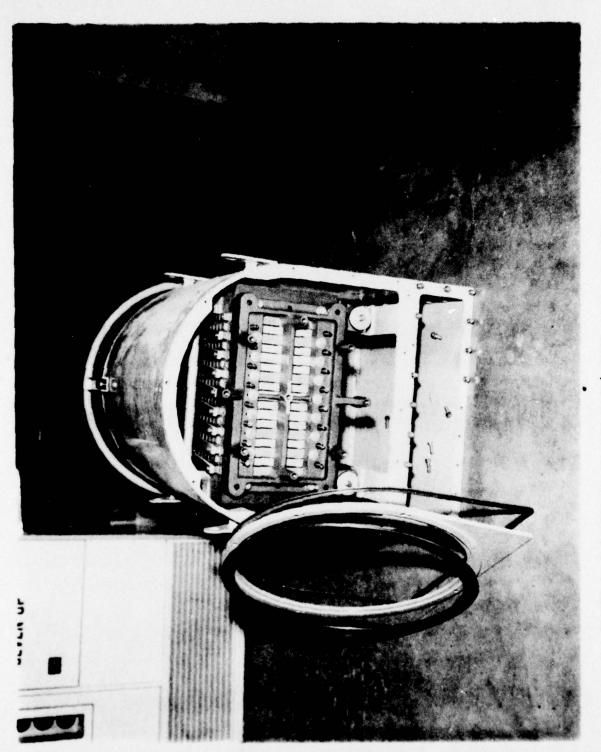
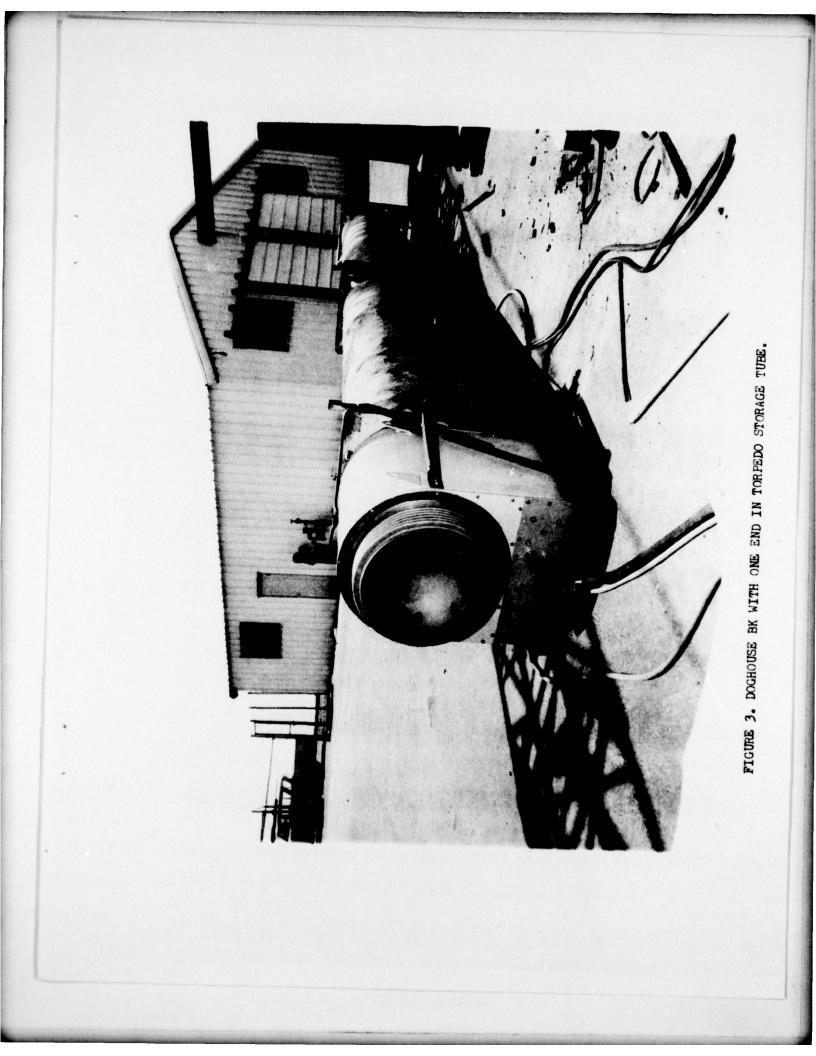
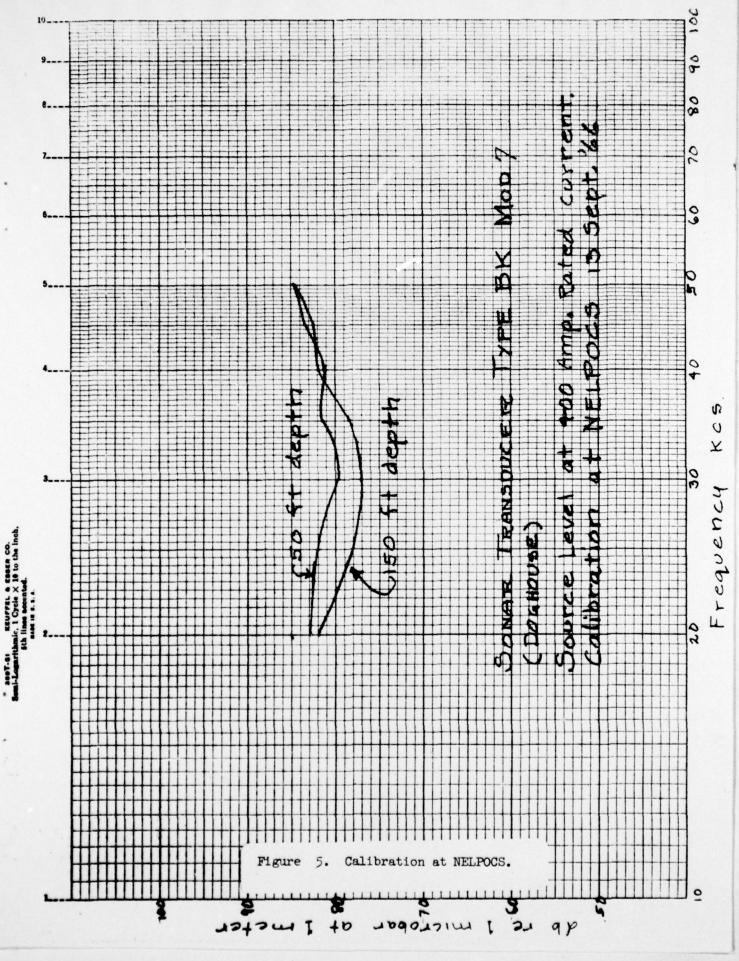


FIGURE 2. DOGHOUSE BK TRANSDUCER W/ DRIVE FLATES EXFOSED







TM-995 INITIAL DISTRIBUTION LIST

NAVY ELECTRONICS LABORATORY CODE 2330 (LT F. V. Weltner) CODE 3100 (D. A. Wilson) CODE 3103 (D. E. Andrews) CODE 3130 (F. R. Abbott) (2) CODE 3130 (R. W. Gowdy) CODE 3130 (J. E. Rusconi) COMMANDER, NAVAL SHIP SYSTEMS COMMAND SHIPS 0351 (2) SHIPS 03236 SHIPS 1622 CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS 0P-312 CHIEF OF NAVAL RESEARCH CODE 467 UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA MARINE PHYSICS LABORATORY (3)