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TRANSFER FUNCTION, IMPULSE RESPONSE AND RERADIATED WAVEFORM FOR--ETC(U)

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TRANSFER FUNCTION, IMPULSE RESPONSE AND
RERADIADED WAVEFORM FOR AN ELLIPTICALLY SYMMETRIC
RERADIATION FUNCTION OF THE FORM $z^{\frac{1}{2}}$, HALF AN ODD INTEGER
(USL PROGRAM NO. 6837).

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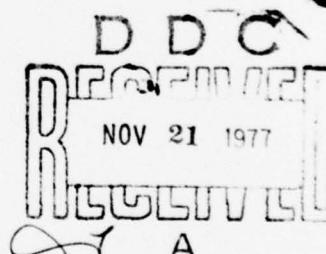
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by

(10) Donald A. Stremsky



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U. S. NAVY UNDERWATER SOUND LABORATORY
FORT TRUMBULL, NEW LONDON, CONNECTICUT

TRANSFER FUNCTION, IMPULSE RESPONSE AND
RERADIATED WAVEFORM FOR AN ELLIPTICALLY SYMMETRIC
RERADIATION FUNCTION OF THE FORM $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{4t^2}{\lambda^2}}}$ HALF AN ODD INTEGER
(USL PROGRAM NO. 0837)

by

Donald A. Stremsky

USL Technical Memorandum No. 2242-156-67

1 May 1967

INTRODUCTION

A computational program has been prepared by the Information Processing Division to compute a particular Reradiation Function $w(x)$; Transfer Function $W(w, P)$; Impulse Response $w(t, P)$; and Reradiated Waveform $g(t, P)$ as defined below in terms of the incident plane wave pulse. This IBM 704 program, designated USL Program No. 0837, is in Fortran II language and is described in Appendixes A and B. Similar computational programs are described in USL Technical Memorandum Nos. 2242-111-67 and 2242-157-67.

THEORY

Reference (a) contains a description of the mathematical model constructed and the theory behind considering reflection as a reradiation phenomenon.

This program computes for half-integer values of λ

- (a) $s_1 s_2 w(x)$
- (b) $W(w, P)$
- (c) $k_w(t, P)$
- (d) $k_g(t, P)$

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where

$$(1) \quad w(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\nu+1}{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \pi} \left[1 - \left(\frac{x_1}{\alpha_1} \right)^{\nu} - \left(\frac{x_2}{\alpha_2} \right)^{\nu} \right]^{\nu}, & x \in A \\ 0 & , x \notin A \end{cases}$$

$$A: \left(\frac{x_1}{\alpha_1} \right)^{\nu} + \left(\frac{x_2}{\alpha_2} \right)^{\nu} \leq 1, \quad \nu > -1$$

$$(2) \quad w(u, p) = 2^{\nu+1} \Gamma(\nu+2) \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1) (k\omega)}{(k\omega)^{\nu+1}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{c} \left[(\alpha_1 p_1)^{\nu} + (\alpha_2 p_2)^{\nu} \right]^{\nu/k}$$

$$(3) \quad w(t, p) = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+2)}{k \Gamma(\nu+3/2) \sqrt{\pi}} \left[1 - \left(\frac{t}{k} / k \right)^{\nu} \right]^{\nu+1/2}$$

$$(4) \quad g(t, p) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(z) w(t-z, p) dz$$

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} A(t) \cos \{ [\omega_0 + \Delta \omega (t/\tau)] t + \varphi \}, & |t| \leq T \\ 0 & , |t| > T \end{cases}$$

Note: Program 1032 as described in USL Tech. Memo. No. 2242-157-67 computes the above mentioned functions for integer values of ν .

COMPUTER PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

A nomenclature listing for USL Program No. 0837 is Appendix A, the flow chart is Appendix B, and the IBM 704 Fortran II Program is Appendix C.

The basic input data deck required by the program consists of four cards.

Table 1

Card Formats

<u>Card No.</u>	<u>Cols.</u>	<u>Contents</u>
1	1-8 7-16 17-24 25-32 33-40 41-48 49-51 52-54	a_1 a_2 x_1 x_2 c v \checkmark ISKP (set equal to zero to compute Reradiation Function)
	55-57	JSKP (set equal to zero to compute Transfer Function)
	57-60	KSKP (set equal to zero to compute Impulse Response & reradiated waveform)
	61-63	For long jobs requiring the use of a dump tape at least one of the above variables should not be set equal to zero. NSTOP (In reference to Reradiated Waveform Array (k, t), NSTOP is the number of times t is incremented when k has its maximum value.)
2	1-8 9-16 12-24 25-32 35-36 39-46	Initial value of ω Maximum value for ω Initial value for t Initial value of k (if not computed) KK (if set equal to zero, initial value for k will be computed) Maximum value for k
3	1-8 9-16 17-24 25-32	$A_1 \}$ Components of A $N_1 \}$ Components of N

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<u>Card No.</u>	<u>Cols.</u>	<u>Contents</u>
3	33-40 41-48 49-56 57-64 65-72	Δx_1 Δx_2 Δt Increment of ω Δk
4	1-8 9-16 17-24 25-32 33-40 41-48	ω_0 $\Delta \omega$ Maximum value of ϵ Initial value of ϵ $\Delta \epsilon$ φ

Formats:

Card No. 1 - Format 6F8.3, 5I3

2 - Format 4F8.3, 2X, I2, 2X, F8.3

3 - Format 9F8.3

4 - Format 6F8.3

Tape Units Required

<u>Tape Unit No.</u>	<u>Tape Identification</u>
----------------------	----------------------------

3	Data Input
4	Values for Reradiation Function, Transfer Function & Impulse Response.
5	Calcomp Plotter containing values for Reradiation Function
6	Reradiated Waveform Array (k,t)
7	Transfer Function Array (k,v)
8	Impulse Response Array (k,t)
{ 0	Dump Tape
	{ SS5 must be done to dump. No other sense switches are used.

Subroutines Required

Subroutine AMP computes the values for A array referred to under equation (4).

Subroutine SPHJ computes the values of spherical Bessel Functions (see reference (b) and Appendix C).

PROGRAM OUTPUT

Tape #4 contains:

(1) The values for the Z array plus the corresponding values for the Reradiation Function according to Format (1X, F10.5, 5X, F10.5).

(2) The values for the product of k and w plus the corresponding values of the Transfer Function according to Format (1X, F10.5, 5X, F10.5).

(3) The values for t/k plus the corresponding values for the Impulse Response according to Format (1X, F10.5, 5X, F10.5).

Tape #5 contains:

The values for the Reradiation Function (Calcomp Plotter tape).

Tape #6 contains:

The Reradiated Waveform Array (k,t) according to Format (F10.5).

Tape #7 contains:

The Transfer Function Array (k,w) with Format (F10.5).

Tape #8 contains:

The Impulse Response Array according to Format (F10.5).

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Tape #0 is a dump tape.

Notes: This program contains options to compute or not to compute any of the functions mentioned above. Tapes Unit No's. 6, 7, and 8 can be used as input to USL Program #0809, "Representation of Surfaces: A Computer Program to Plot Contours and Draw Perspective Views", by Edward Beardsworth, Jr.

SUMMARY

An IBM 704 Fortran program, USL Program No. 0837, has been written to compute a particular Reradiation Function, Transfer Function, Impulse Response, and Reradiated Waveform in terms of the incident plane wave pulse.

D. A. Stremsky
D. A. STREMSKY
Mathematician

LIST OF REFERENCES

- (a) Edward S. Eby, "Spectra and Waveforms of Bottom Reflected Pulses", USL Tech. Memo. No. 914-160-66, of 10 June 1966.
- (b) R. D. Whittaker, USL Memorandum No. 6-2-908-01-00, Ser 907-157, 30 November 1965.

APPENDIX A

NOMENCLATURE LISTING FOR USL PROGRAM NO. 0837

S (I)	$(\kappa_1/a_1)^2 + (\kappa_2/a_2)^2$
Z (I)	$\sqrt{S(I)}$
RERAD(I)	Element of Reradiation Function Array
TRFER(I)	Element of Transfer Function Array
AKW(LM,I)	k w
RESP(LM,I)	Element of Impulse Response Array
RATT(I)	t/k
GS(J)	Element of Reradiated Waveform Array
A1	a ₁
A2	a ₂
X1	x ₁
X2	x ₂
C	c
V	v
N	∇
W	w
WMAX	Maximum value for w

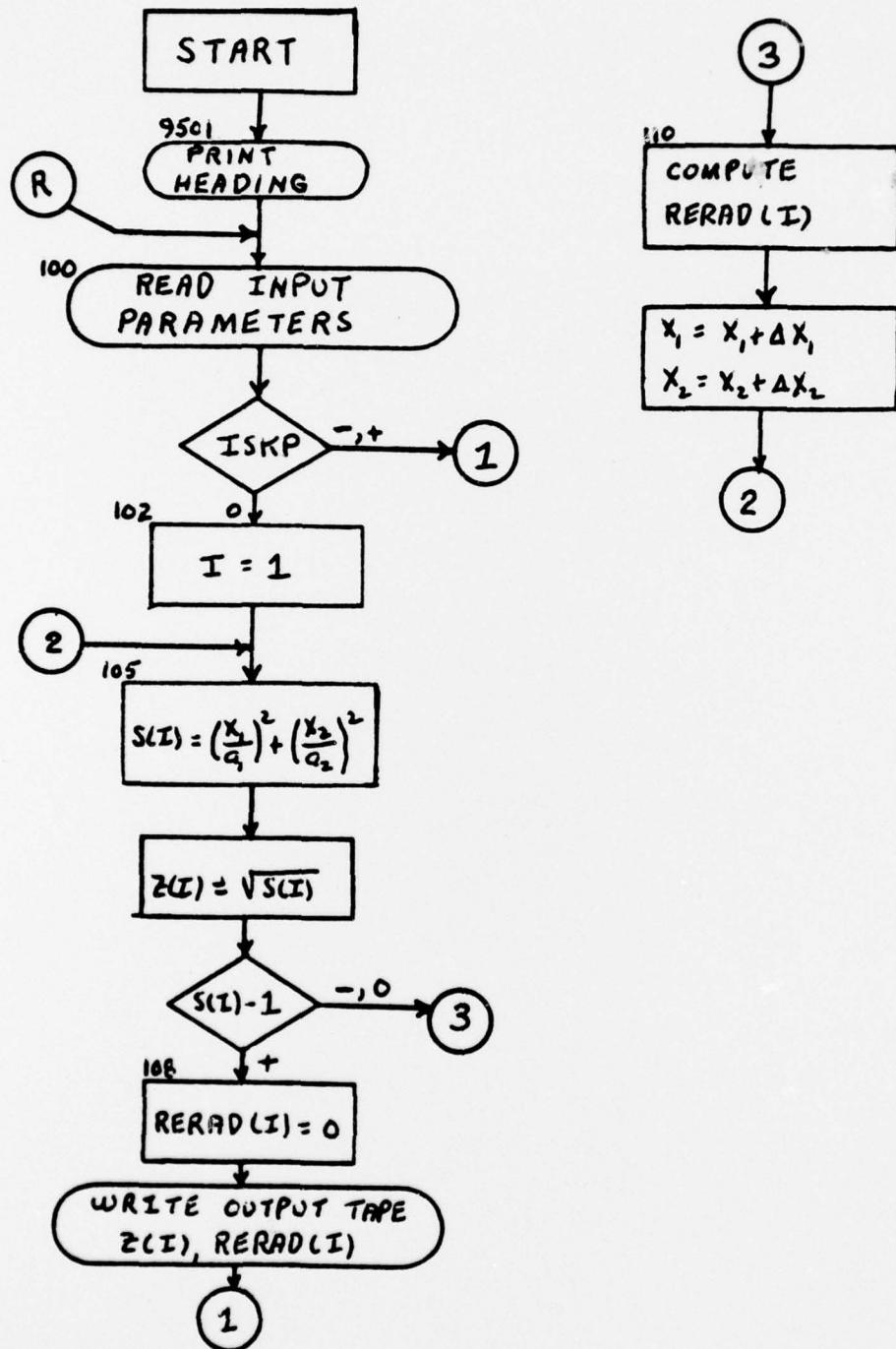
T	Initial value for t
AK	k
AKMAX	Maximum value for k
B1	λ_1
B2	λ_2 } components of λ
B3	N_1
B4	N_2 } components of N
B5	Δx_1
B6	Δx_2
B7	Δt
B8	Increment of w
B10	$\Delta \zeta$
B12	Δk
OMEGA	ω_0
DELTA	Δw
TT	Maximum value of ζ
TAV	Initial value of ζ
PHI	ϕ

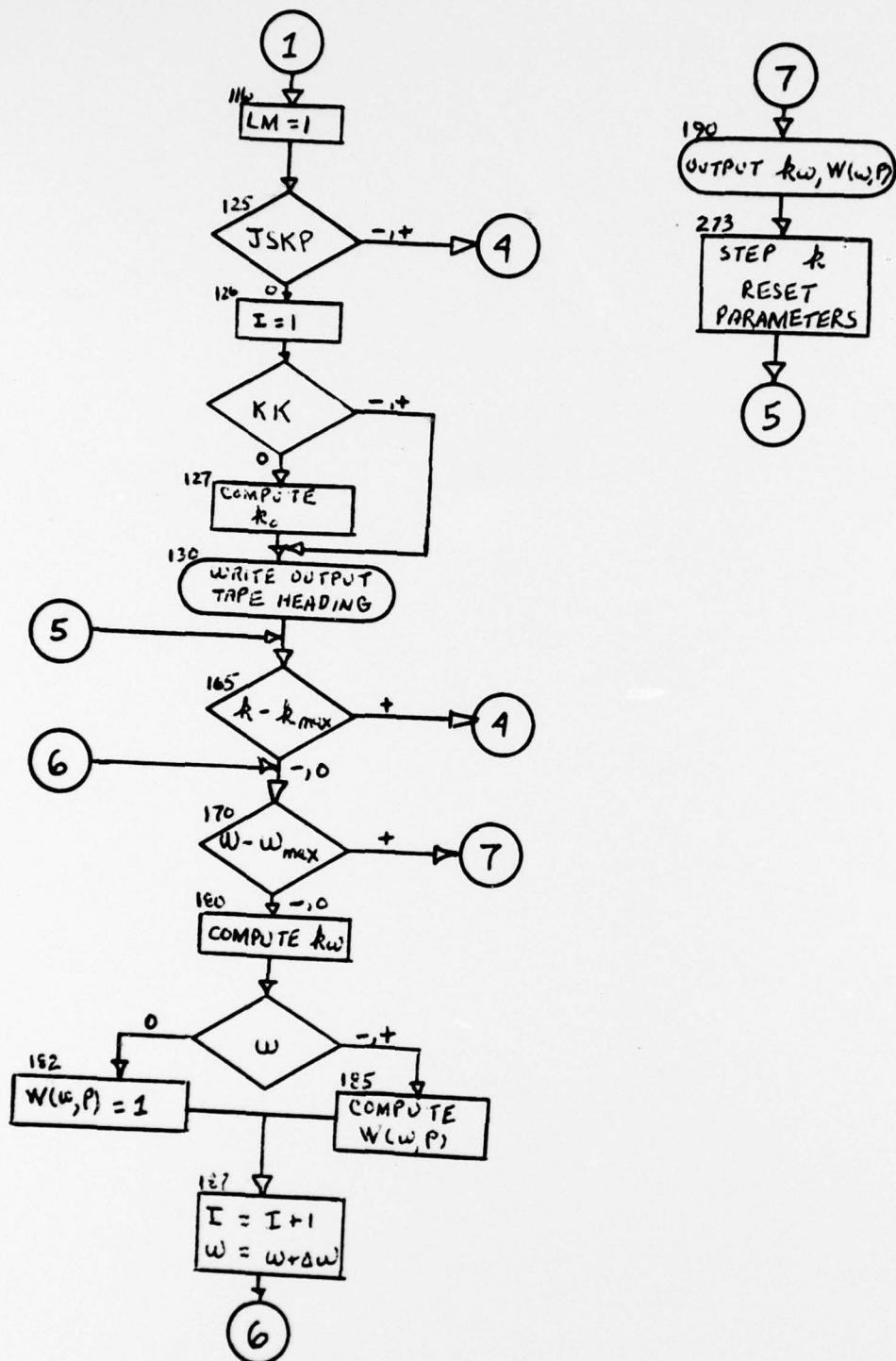
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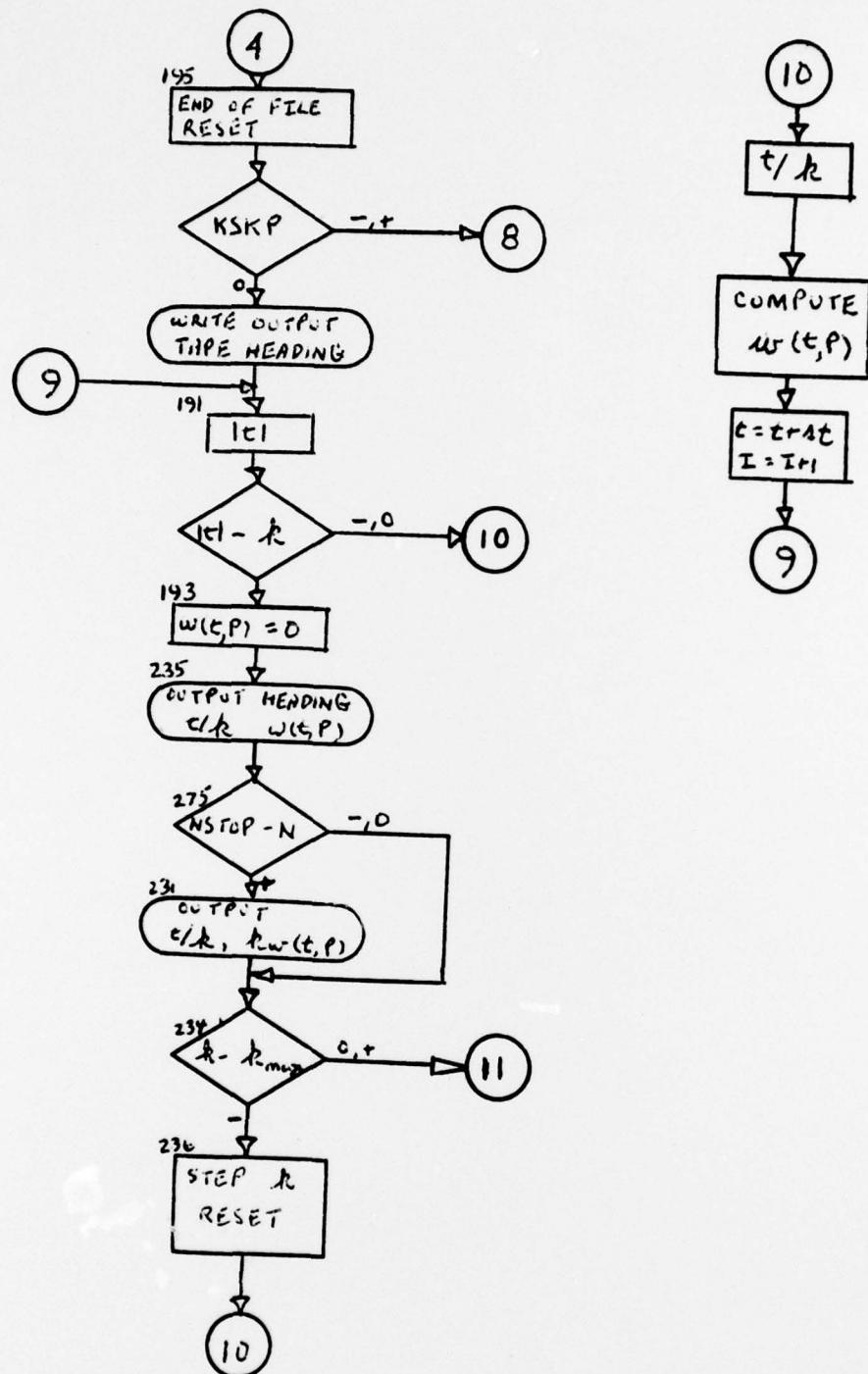
APPENDIX B

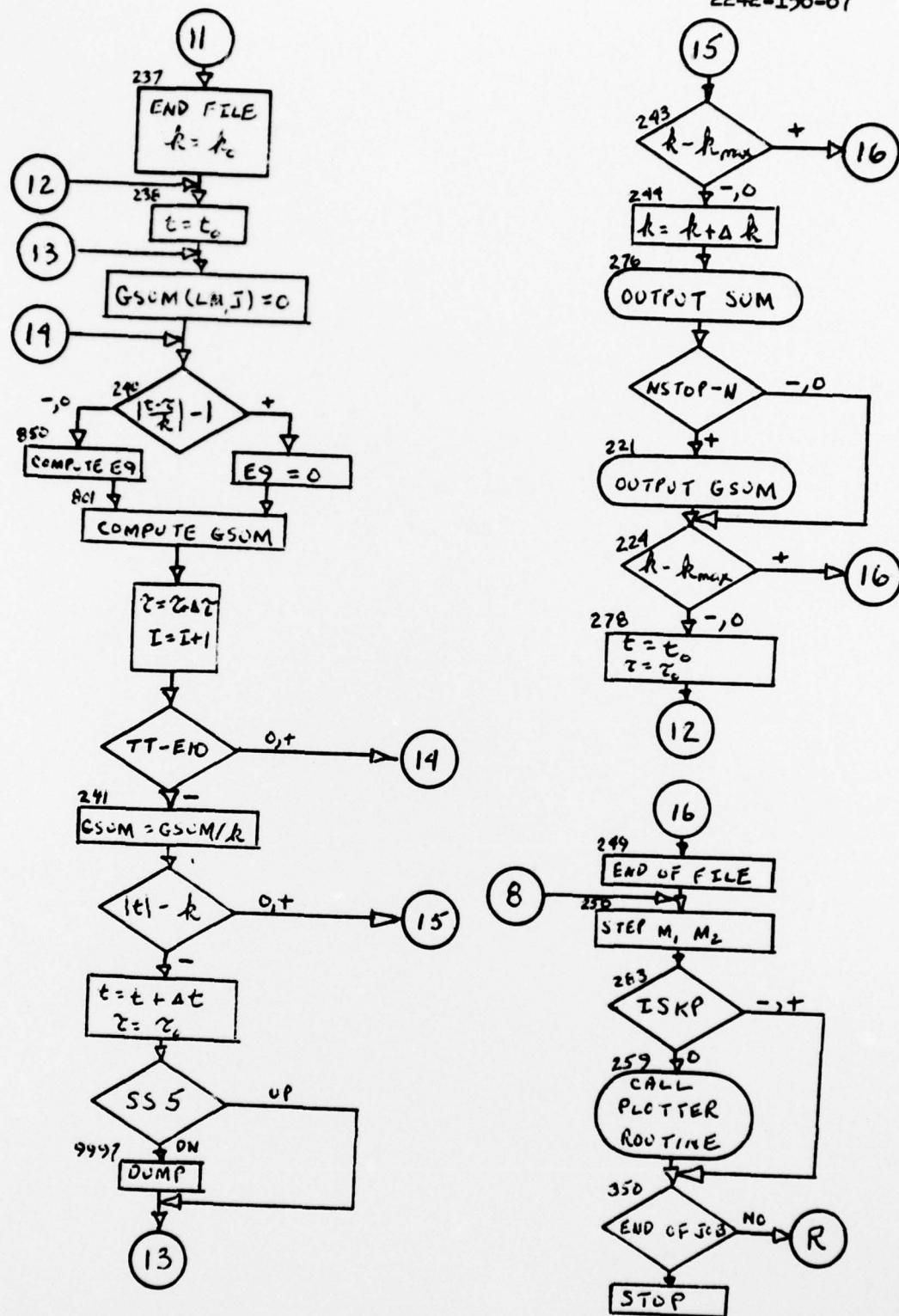
FLOW CHART FOR USL PROGRAM NO. 0837

"RERADIATION FUNCTION, TRANSFER FUNCTION, IMPULSE RESPONSE (CASE 1B)"









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APPENDIX C

FORTRAN PROGRAM NO. 0837

```

C      RERADIATION FUNCTION, TRANSFER FUNCTION, IMPULSE RESPONSE (CASE 1B)
C      D.A.STREMSKY
C      DIMENSION Z(500),RERAD(500),APPLE(500),AKW(50,50),TRFER(50,50),RES
C      IP(50,50),RATIC(50,50),B(150),S(500),GSUM(50,50),R(1000),IDUMP(18)
C      DIMENSION BUFFER(1024),XAXIS(500),YAXIS(500)
STDJN ALF *0837
STECD ALF *
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4,9501
9501 FFORMAT(1H1)
      READ INPUT TAPE 3,9502,DI
9502 FFORMAT(A5)
      IF(TDJN-DI)9503,9504,9503
9503 PAUSE 6
9504 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4,9502,DI
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4,9505
9505 FFORMAT(10X32HD,A,STREMSKY,RCCM 3126,CODE 2242)
      READ INPUT TAPE 3,100,A1,A2,X1,X2,C,V,N,ISKP,JSKP,KSKP,NSTOP
100 FFORMAT(6F8.3,5I3)
      READ INPUT TAPE 3,101,W,WMAX,T,AK,KK,AKMAX
101 FFORMAT(4F8.3,2X,I2,2X,F8.3)
      READ INPUT TAPE 3,103,B1,B2,B3,B4,B5,B6,B7,B8,B12
103 FFORMAT(9F8.3)
      READ INPUT TAPE 3,104,AMEGA,DELTA,TT,TAU,B10,PHI
104 FFORMAT(6F8.3)
      W1=W
      AK1=AK
      T1=T
      TAU1=TAU
      NSTOP=NSTOP+1
      PIE=3.1415
      DEG=180./PIE
      C6=1.7724
      C1=N+1
      NP1=N+1
      NP2=N+2
      X=N
      C3=X+3./2.
      C10=X+1./2.
      C2=N+2
      C4=2.**C3
      C5=2.**C2
      C7=C4*C6/C5
      MPRCD=1
      DC 160 I=1,NP2
      MNEW=2I-1
      MPRCD=MPRCD*MNEW
160 CCONTINUE
      PRCD=MPROD
      IF(ISKP)116,102,116
102 I=1
105 S(I)=(X1/A1)**2+(X2/A2)**2
      SX=S(I)
      Z(I)=SQRTF(SX)
      ZM1=S(I)-1.
      IF(ZM1)110,110,108
108 RERAD(I)=0.
      N1=I-1

```

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CC TO 261
110 APPLE(I)=1.-S(I)
PEAR=APPLE(I)**C10
RERAD(I)=PEAR*C3/P1E
115 X1=X1+B5
X2=X2+B6
I=I+1
GC TO 105
261 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4.251
251 FCRMAT(1X36HZ           RERADIATION FUNCTION)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4.252,(Z(I)+RERAD(I),I=1,N1)
252 FCRMAT(1X,F10.5,5X,F10.5)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4.253
253 FCRMAT(///)
116 LM=1
125 IF(JSKP)195,126,195
126 I=1
IF(KK)130,127,130
127 P1=B1-C*B3/V
P2=B2-C*B4/V
RB=(A1*P1)**2+(A2*P2)**2
AK=SQRTE(RB)/C
130 I=1
194 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4.254
254 FCRMAT(1X34HKW           TRANSFER FUNCTION)
165 IF(AK-AKMAX)170,170,195
170 IF(W-WMAX)180,180,190
180 AKW(LM,I)=AK*W
IF(W)185,182,185
182 TRFER(LM,I)=1.00000
GC TO 187
185 BOP=AKW(LM,I)
CALL SPHJ(BOP,B)
BANG=BOP**C3
TRFER(LM,I)=C7*PROD*B(NP2)/BANG
187 I=I+1
W=W+RA
GC TO 170
190 N2=I-1
N4=LM
WRITE 'OUTPUT TAPE 4.255,((AKW(LM,I)+TRFER(LM,I),I=1,N2)+LM=N4,N4)
255 FCRMAT(1X,F10.5,5X,F10.5)
280 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 7,273,((TRFER(LM,I),I=1,N2)+LM=N4,N4)
273 FCRMAT(F10.5)
I=1
W=W1
LM=LM+1
AK=AK+F12
GC TO 165
195 I=1
END FILE 7
END FILE 7
LM=1
AK=AK1
IF(KSKP)250,265,250
265 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4.257
257 FCRMAT(1X34HT/K           IMPULSE RESPONSE)
191 ABSFT=ABSF(T)

```

```

IF(ABSFT-AK)199,199,193
193 RESP(LM,I)=0.
N3=I-1
GC TO 235
199 NPROC01
200 DC 220 J=1,NP1
NEWJ=J
NPROC0D=NPROC0D*NEWJ
220 CONTINUE
PRCD2=NPROD
RATIO(LM,I)=T/AK
G2=RATIO(LM,I)**2
G3=1.-G2
G4=G3**C1
DEN=C5*PRCD2
RESP(LM,I)=PRCD2*G4/DEN
T=T+B7
I=I+1
GC TO 191
235 N3=I-1
N4=LM
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4,258,(RATIO(LM,I),RESP(LM,I),I=1,N3),LM=N4,N4)
258 FCRMAT(1X,F10.5,5X,F10.5)
282 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,275,(RESP(LM,I),I=1,N3),LM=N4,N4)
275 FORMAT(F10.5)
N3P1=N3+1
IF(NSTOP-N3P1)234,234,231
231 DC 232 I=N3P1,NSTOP
RESP(N4,I)=0.0
232 CONTINUE
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,233,(RESP(LM,I),I=N3P1,NSTOP),LM=N4,N4)
233 FORMAT (F10.5)
234 IF(AK=AKMAX)236,237,237
236 AK=AK+P12
LM=LM+1
I=1
T=T1
GC TO 199
237 LM=1
ENC FILE 8
ENC FILE 8
N5=0
AK=AK1
I=1
238 D11=B7/AK
T=T1
J=1
D12=ABSF(D11)
239 GSUM(LM,J)=0.
240 FRACT=TAU/T
E1=AMFGA+DELTA*FACT/2.0
E2=E1*TAU
E3=E2*PHI
E4=COSF(E3/DEG)
CALL AMP(TAU,R)
FCN=R(I)*E4
TDIF=(T-TAU)/AK
GRAPE=ABSF(TDIF)

```

```

PLUM=GRAPE-1.0
IF(PLUM)850,850,279
279 E9=0.0
GC TC 801
850 E5=GRAPE/C12
NE5=ES
IA=NE5+1
IB=NE5+2
E6=GRAPE=RATIC(LM,IA)
E7=E6/D11
E8=1.0-E7
RSPN=F7*RSPN(LM,IR)+E8*RSPN(LM,IA)
E9=FCN*RSPN*B10
801 GSUM(LM,J)=GSUM(LM,J)+E9
TAU=TAU+E10
I=I+1
E10=ARSF(TAU)
IF(TT-E10)241,240,240
241 GSUM(LM,J)=GSUM(LM,J)/AK
ABSF=ABSF(T)
IF(ABSF=AK)242,243,243
242 T=T+R7
J=J+1
TAU=TAU1
IF(SENSE SWITCH 5)9997,9999
9997 DC 9998 LK=1,15
IDUMP(LK)=+0
9998 CONTINUE
IDUMP(16)=-6
IDUMP(17)=+0
IDUMP(18)=N5
CALL DUMP(IDUMP)
9999 GC TC 239
243 IF(AK=AKMAX)244,244,249
244 AK=AK+B12
N3=J-1
N4=LM
276 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,277,((GSUM(LM,I),I=1,N3),LM=N4,N4)
277 FFORMAT(F10.5)
N3P1=N3+1
IF(NSTCP=N3P1)224,224,221
221 DC 222 I=N3P1,NSTOP
GSUM(N4,I)=0.00000
222 CONTINUE
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,223,((GSUM(LM,I),I=N3P1,NSTCP),LM=N4,N4)
223 FFORMAT(F10.5)
224 N5=N5+J+NSTOP-N3
IF(AK=AKMAX)278,278,249
278 LM=LM+1
T=T1
TAU=TAU1
I=1
GC TC 238
249 END FILE 6
END FILE 6
250 M1=N1+1
M2=N1+2
283 IF(ISKP)350,259,250

```

```
259 CALL PLOTS(BUFFER(1024),1024,5)
DC 260 J=1,N1
XAXIS(J)=Z(J)
YAXIS(J)=RERAD(J)
260 CONTINUE
CALL PLOT (0.0,5.0,-3)
CALL SCALE (YAXIS,5.0,N1,1,10.0)
CALL SCALE (XAXIS,10.0,N1,1,10.0)
CALL LINE (XAXIS,YAXIS,N1,1,1,11)
CALL AXIS (0.0,0.0,20HRERADIATION FUNCTION,20,5.0,90.0,YAXIS(M1),Y
IAXIS(M2),10.0)
CALL AXIS (0.0,0.0,1HZ,-1,10.0,0.0,XAXIS(M1),XAXIS(M2),10.0)
CALL PLOT (0.0,0.0,999)
350 READ INPUT TAPE 3,9502,ED
IF (ED=TECD) 9503,9509,9503
9509 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 4,9511
9511 FCRMAT(4HCEND)
END FILE 4
9510 STCP 5
END(1,1,0,1,1)
```

C SPHERICAL BESSEL FUNCTION J .

R. D. WHITTAKER

0614

C SUBROUTINE SPHJ (X,B)
DIMENSION B(200),BL(200),SC(4),A(2)
BE=1.0E-10
DC 5 I=1,200
BL(I)=0.0
5 B(I)=0.0
X=X*1.0
S STC A(2)
S STG XL
S STG A(1)
IF (X-.05) 45,6,6
6 IF (X-100.) 7,7,45
7 IF (X-10.) 8,15,15
8 RN=72./(4.02-LOGF(X))
GC TO 20
15 RN=1.51*X+25.
20 MAX=RN+1.0
N=MAX-2
B(MAX-1)=BE*1.0
S STG BL(MAX-1)
DC 35 I=1,N
J=MAX-I+1
AN=(2*J-3)
AN=AN*1.0
CALL DPA1
S CLA B(J-1)
S LDG BL(J-1)
CALL DPA13
S STO VH
S STG VL
S CLA X
S LDG XL
CALL DPA1
S CLA VH
S LDG VL
CALL DPA14
S STO VH
S STG VL
S CLA B(J)
S LDG BL(J)
CALL DPA1
S CLA VH
S LDG VL
CALL DPA12
S STO B(J-2)
S STG BL(J-2)
35 CONTINUE
CALL DPSC (A(2),SC(4),IDUMMY)
S CLA X
S LDG XL
CALL DPA1
S CLA B(1)
S LDG BL(1)
CALL DPA13
CALL DPA1
S CLA SC(4)

S LDG SC(3)
S CALL DPA14
S STC VH
S STG VL
MAX=MAX-2
DC 40 I=1•MAX
S CLA VH
S LDG VL
CALL DPA1
S CLA B(I)
S LDG BL(I)
CALL DPA13
S STC B(I)
40 CONTINUE
B(MAX+1)=0.0
45 RETURN
END(1•1•0•1•1)