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COMPARISON OF WOOD PRESERVATIVES IN STAKE TESTS (1977 PROGRESS --ETC(U)
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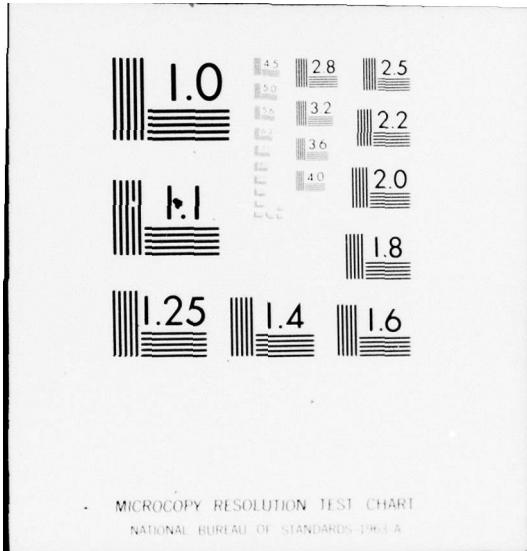
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⑩ H. L. Davidson

⑨ U.S.D.A. FOREST SERVICE
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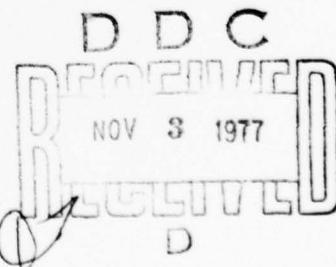
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ABSTRACT

Reports results on test stakes of southern pine sapwood 2 by 4 by 18 inches in size, treated by pressure and nonpressure processes and installed by the Forest Products Laboratory and cooperators in decay and termite exposure sites at various times since 1938 at Saucier, Miss., Madison, Wis., Bogalusa, La., Lake Charles, La., Jacksonville, Fla., and the Canal Zone, Panama. Also included in the tests at Saucier, Miss., are smaller pine stakes and those of treated and untreated plywood, modified woods, laminated paper plastic, and pine infected with Trichoderma mold.

Southern pine untreated control stakes have had an average life of about 1 year in the Canal Zone, 1.8 to 3.6 years in Mississippi, Florida, and Louisiana, and about 6 years in Wisconsin. Superficial treatments by 3-minute dipping and brushing with preservatives such as coal-tar creosote and petroleum oils containing copper naphthenate, zinc naphthenate, phenyl mercury oleate, and pentachlorophenol have added a few months to 4 years to the life of the untreated stakes. Some waterborne preservatives have provided less protection to the stakes than the standard preservative oils, such as coal-tar creosote and pentachlorophenol solutions, when preservative retentions have corresponded to those in commercial use. Other waterborne preservatives have shown excellent results in the exposure tests.

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COMPARISON OF WOOD PRESERVATIVES IN STAKE TESTS¹ (1977 PROGRESS REPORT)

By

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U.S. Department of Agriculture

INTRODUCTION

The results of an international termite exposure test³ have indicated that pine sapwood stakes 2 by 4 by 18 inches furnish an effective means for testing the protection provided against decay and termite attack by various wood preservatives. The Forest Products Laboratory during late 1938, in cooperation with others, treated test stakes of southern pine sapwood with several preservatives for installation at the Harrison Experimental Forest at Saucier, Miss. Replicate sets were treated for installations at Madison, Wis., Bogalusa, La., Jacksonville, Fla., and the Canal Zone, Panama. Since 1938, additional preservatives have been added to these tests, principally at the Saucier, Miss., station. Also installed at that station, so their decay and termite resistance could be studied, were stakes of treated and untreated modified-wood products, such as plywood, impreg, compreg, staypak, papreg, laminated acetylated wood, cyanoethylated wood, that with thiamine destroyed, wood infected with Trichoderma mold, embedded fiberboard (western hemlock strands in portland cement), and particleboard.

In 1967 an installation including 11 standard wood preservatives was made in cooperation with the Wood Products Insect Laboratory, Gulfport, Miss., at Lake Charles, La., in an area infested by the destructive Formosan termite (Coptotermes formosanus), and for comparison at the Harrison Experimental Forest.

¹ This note is a continuation of progress reports by the same title issued periodically from 1950 to 1962 as Forest Products Laboratory Report No. 1761 and as USDA Forest Service Research Note FPL-02 since 1963.

² Maintained at Madison, Wis., in cooperation with the University of Wisconsin.

³ Hunt, G. M., and Snyder, T. E. An International Termite Exposure Test. *Proceedings of the American Wood-Preservers' Association*, 1930, pp. 318-334. Annual progress reports published in these Proceedings each year from 1930 to 1949, again in 1952, 1956, and 1957 (final report).

Stake tests are useful for screening out ineffective materials. They can be used to advantage as a means of further exploring the preservative properties of materials that show promise in laboratory toxicity tests. The limitations of these somewhat accelerated field tests must be recognized, however, by those who wish to make use of them. They should not be considered as a substitute for actual service tests on full-size products such as ties, poles, or posts. Furthermore, the results obtained in stake tests are applicable only under the set of conditions existing in the particular test. Factors such as exposure conditions, preservative retentions, preservative distribution, heartwood volume, and size (surface area in relation to total volume) all tend to influence the performance of treated wood. With small stakes, these factors are much different from those when treated products are used under actual service conditions.

This publication is a progress report on the condition of the modified wood products and stakes, treated with the various preservatives and oils, at the time of the 1976 inspections. The tests at Panama were completed with the final inspection in January 1956. Those at Jacksonville were terminated in December 1960 and those at Bogalusa in December 1962. Progress reports showing the condition of the test stakes in 1947, and during each of the years 1949 to 1969, 1971, 1973, and 1975 were prepared previously.^{1,4}

PRESERVATIVES AND MODIFIED-WOOD PRODUCTS TESTED

Table 1 lists preservatives and other products tested, and refers to existing specifications in cases in which specifications had been issued. Table 1 also refers to tables 2 through 53 in this report, in which test data on the various materials appear. Formulations of treating solutions and descriptions of the various test materials are generally given in these tables. More complete information as to the source and composition of the various materials can, in most cases, be furnished upon request to the Forest Products Laboratory.

SELECTION AND TREATMENT OF STAKES

The stakes of modified wood, with one or two exceptions, were 4 by 18 inches with variable thicknesses. The wood stakes were, for the most part, 2- by 4-inch (nominal) by 18-inch southern pine, uniformly seasoned, surfaced four sides, and selected, as far as possible, for freedom from heartwood, wane, objectionable knots, and other visible defects. Five installations included stakes of smaller size for comparison (tables 6, 35, 37, 42, and 45). The stakes, before treatment, were identified by a number, either stamped on the ends or marked with lumber crayon.

⁴ Blew, J. O. *Comparison of Wood Preservatives in Stake Tests*. Proceedings of the American Wood-Preservers' Association, 1948, pp. 88-119.

All preservative treatments were by pressure impregnation unless otherwise indicated in the tables. Waterborne preservatives, unless otherwise noted in the tables, were applied by the full-cell process, while preservative oils were applied by either empty-cell or full-cell methods, depending upon the retentions required. Complete penetration is desirable and is usually noted in the pressure treatment used. For this reason heartwood material was avoided in the southern pine stakes unless specially noted (table 5). With few exceptions, preservative retentions were computed for individual stakes⁵ from the difference in weight before and after treatment. Surplus preservative was permitted to drain from the stakes before the final weights were taken. After past experience or exploratory treatments had indicated the correct treating schedule or the treating-solution concentration necessary to produce a desired preservative retention, twenty 2-by 4-inch stakes were treated for each test variable, from which 10 acceptable stakes were selected for installation. By discarding those stakes with retentions higher or lower than that desired, the 10 stakes selected by this procedure were usually found to have preservative retentions within 10 percent (plus or minus) of that sought. The stakes not acceptable for the test provided material for checking preservative penetrations. For stakes treated in liquefied petroleum gas (tables 42 and 45) it was impracticable to follow this general procedure. The stakes installed were treated at a commercial plant during the presence of a Laboratory representative and retentions were determined from the analysis of either sections of test stakes or from extra matched stakes included for that purpose.

The test stakes were usually identified by a numbered metal tag nailed (riveted in the case of hard or thin modified-wood products) to the wide face approximately 2 inches from the top of the stake.

INSTALLATION AND INSPECTION OF STAKES

The stakes at Madison, Wis., and Saucier, Miss., were installed in plots by the randomized-block method.⁶ The stakes were set in the ground in an upright position with about half of their length (9 in.) in the ground. The soil in the plot at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., is Norfolk fine sandy loam with a pH of 4.85. That area was cleared of trees, mostly scrub oak and gallberry with a few longleaf and slash pine, before the stakes were installed, and the ground cover is now mostly wire grass. The Madison, Wis., plot, until late 1956, was located in an area of clay loam soil partially shaded by various hardwood trees and sumac. In October 1956, it was necessary to move the stakes to a new test plot near Madison with similar soil but without overstory of trees or shrubs. The soil at Bogalusa, La., is sandy loam, and that at Jacksonville, Fla., is sandy. Both plots are partially shaded. The plot at Lake Charles, La., is located on an open area partially covered

⁵ Preservative retentions on individual stakes have not been included in this report because of the large amount of space that would be required.

⁶ Fisher, R. A., and Yates, F. Statistical Tables for Agricultural and Medical Research. London. 99 pp. 1938.

with broom sedge and marsh grass. The top 10 inches of soil is sandy with some streaks of clay, below which is a heavy muck and the water table.

The 1970 and 1974 inspection at Lake Charles, La., and the final inspection of stakes installed at the Canal Zone during January 1956 were made by representatives of the Wood Products Insect Laboratory, Gulfport, Miss., and the Forest Products Laboratory. The final inspections of the stakes at Jacksonville and Bogalusa were made in 1960 and 1962, respectively, by representatives of the Chapman Chemical Co. and the Forest Products Laboratory. The Madison and Saucier installations were inspected by the Forest Products Laboratory.

In these inspections, the stakes were removed individually, scraped off to facilitate inspection, examined, and then returned to their original place unless their condition indicated removal. Following the examination, the stakes were given a numerical and a letter rating according to decay and termite attack, as follows:

Decay	Termite attack
1, no decay	A, no attack
2, slightly soft or suspicious	B, nibbles or trials
3, partial or limited decay	C, limited attack (penetration)
4, bad decay	D, heavy attack
5, removed because of decay ⁷	E, removed because of termite attack ⁷

In tables 2 through 53, stakes listed as "Good" had an inspection rating of one of the following: 1A, 1B, 2A, or 2B. Stakes listed as "Serviceable but showing some decay" had one of the following inspection ratings: 3A, 3B, 4A, or 4B. Those listed as "Serviceable but showing some termite attack" were so classified on the basis of a field rating of: 1C, 2C, 1D, or 2D. Stakes listed as "Serviceable but showing some decay and termite attack" were given one of the following ratings: 3C, 3D, 4C, or 4D. Under the foregoing system of classification, stakes showing limited and heavy decay, termite attack, or both are grouped together. Undue emphasis is often placed upon this classification, in which the stakes show some deterioration but are not necessarily in serious condition. In making comparisons between preservatives, therefore, only the stakes actually destroyed should be considered.

For stakes classified as "Destroyed by decay fungi and termites," both forms of deterioration must be rated at least with bad decay or heavy attack ("4" or "D") in the inspection. In other words, a stake rated in the inspection as 3E would be considered as destroyed by termites rather than by decay and termites, while one rated as 5C would be considered

⁷ 50 pct or more of cross section destroyed.

as destroyed by decay fungi. The system used in the tables for classifying the destroyed stakes therefore emphasizes the major factor or factors responsible for damage, but it ignores those that may have been noted but that have not seriously contributed to the destruction. In estimating service life prior to 100 percent removal of stakes it has been noted that the average life is approximately at the time when 60 percent of the stakes in a group have been removed.

The foregoing system of classification is considered well suited to the requirements of tests rated on the basis of visual examination. Such methods of examination do not appear to warrant the use of elaborate or precise methods of rating or classification.

Tables 2 through 53 show the condition of the test stakes at the most recent inspection. Table 54 is a summary of results obtained in Mississippi on 2- by 4-inch pine stakes treated with wood preservatives that are in general use.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

The results of the tests thus far can be summarized as follows:

Southern Pine and Plywood Stakes

Untreated stakes.--The untreated 2- by 4-inch southern pine sapwood stakes have had an average life of approximately 1 year in the Canal Zone, Panama, 1.8 to 3.6 years at Saucier, Miss., Bogalusa, La., and Jacksonville, Fla., and 4 to 6 years at Madison, Wis. At Lake Charles, La., 60 percent of the untreated control stakes were destroyed by Formosan termites during the first year. Untreated 3/4-inch pine sapwood stakes in Mississippi have had an average life of 1.4 to 2.1 years.

The untreated Douglas-fir plywood stakes installed at Saucier, Miss., have had an average life of about 1 to 4 years. Those glued with phenolic and urea-resin glues have lasted somewhat longer than those glued with casein glue, which have had an average life of 1 year. The stakes cut from Douglas-fir lumber and of thickness similar to that of the plywood have had an average life of slightly more than 2 years. Untreated plywood stakes of yellow birch, sweetgum, and tangile have had an average life of less than 2 years.

Pressure-treated stakes.--In the newer installations and in those with the more effective preservatives only a limited number of stakes has thus far been removed, and the average life of stakes pressure-treated with various preservatives cannot yet be determined. Estimates on average life were made for preservatives with significant failures at the time of the termination of several installations (see tables 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 18, and 38). In the Canal Zone, stakes treated with several retentions of chromated zinc arsenate have been destroyed during the 15-1/3 years

of exposure. Stakes with 0.33 (0.22 oxide basis) pound per cubic foot of the preservative had an average life of 9 years, while those with approximately 1.05 (0.69 oxide basis) pounds had an average life of 15.3 years. With chromated zinc arsenate retentions of 0.33 (0.22 oxide basis) pound to 1.06 (0.70 oxide basis) pounds per cubic foot, failures have occurred in Wisconsin, while after 36 years in Mississippi failures have been noted only with the low retention (table 4; see similar comparison in table 20). This is attributed to the presence of arsenic-tolerant fungi at the Wisconsin test area.

Stakes treated with retentions of from 0.5 (0.30 oxide basis) to 1.0 (0.61 oxide basis) pound of chromated zinc chloride per cubic foot lasted, on an average, about 5 to 7 years in Panama, 14 to 20 years in Mississippi, and 15 to 18 years in Wisconsin. In Panama, stakes treated with fluor chrome arsenate phenol with average retentions of 0.2 (0.16 oxide basis) to 0.3 (0.24 oxide basis) pound per cubic foot had an average life of about 3 and 6 years, respectively. With stakes treated with 0.6 (0.48 oxide basis) pound per cubic foot, the average life in Panama was 14 years. In Mississippi, stakes treated with 0.2 (0.16 oxide basis), 0.3 (0.24 oxide basis), and 0.6 (0.48 oxide basis) pound of fluor chrome arsenate phenol per cubic foot had an average life of about 10, 18, and 24 years, respectively. Stakes in Wisconsin treated with similar retentions of that preservative had an average life of 14 to 16 years.

Of the waterborne preservatives in test (25 to 31 yrs or longer in Mississippi), the formulations containing either copper and arsenic (ammoniacal copper arsenate, table 14) or copper, chromium, and arsenic (chromated copper arsenate, tables 15 and 20) are the better performers with no failures with retentions of 0.5 (0.29 oxide basis) per cubic foot or higher.

Results thus far on installations of pentachlorophenol with similar retentions (approximately 0.2 lb/ft³) and with different hydrocarbon solvents (tables 17, 42, and 45), show better performance with solutions containing the heavy solvents such as heavy gas oil, lube oil extract (table 17), No. 4 aromatic oil (table 22), and AWPA P9 (heavy petroleum solvent) (tables 42 and 45), than with volatile (LPG) or light oils such as Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits) (tables 17 and 42). Preservatives such as rosin amine-D-pentachlorophenate (tables 22 and 23), tributyltin oxide (tables 36 and 41), and copper-8-quinolinolate (tables 38 and 43) also show better performance with the heavy petroleum solvent than with the light Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits). The above-mentioned heavy petroleum solvents have the following properties:

Petroleum oils	API	Flash	Vis-	Penta	Distillation		
	gravity 60° F	point (PMCC) (°F)	cosity SUS at 100° F	solvency at 75° F (Pct)	IBP (°F)	50 percent (°F)	EP (°F)
Heavy gas oil,							
No. 101	8.3	345	167.4	20-22	600	700	734
Lube oil extract	5.1	295	196.4	28-30	440	696	736
AWPA P9 (heavy)	23.8	225	38.4	15	480	538	647
No. 4 aromatic	6.8	230	72.6	10+	458	592	Cracked, (85 pct)

Coal-tar creosotes installed in Mississippi during 1940 and 1941 (tables 4, 5, and 6) have shown better performance than those installed in 1948 (tables 18 and 19). In the latter installation, 10 coal-tar creosotes with a retention of approximately 8 pounds per cubic foot showed only a few serviceable stakes after 20 years and the average life was determined or estimated at 14 to 21 years. Creosotes installed earlier showed only 20 to 60 percent failures in 35 to 36-1/2 years.

Stakes pressure treated with the fire-retarding formulation containing ammonium phosphate and ammonium sulfate lasted, on an average, only 2 to 3 years in Mississippi. With these ammonium salts plus borax and boric acid, the stakes installed in 1943 lasted on the average of about 4 years. The fire-retarding formulation with borax and boric acid alone has provided protection against decay and termites for an average of about 6 years. The addition of zinc chloride and chromium compounds to combinations of boron and ammonium salts in fire retardants improves protection against decay fungi and termites.

Douglas-fir plywood stakes treated with 6 and 12 pounds per cubic foot of coal-tar creosote have performed somewhat better in Mississippi than those treated with 26 pounds of 1.1 percent or 2.25 percent pentachlorophenol in light solvent per cubic foot (Table 8).

The results of stake tests in Mississippi show copper naphthenate is furnishing greater protection than zinc naphthenate with similar retentions.

Stakes pressure treated with various concentrations of phenyl mercury oleate in naptha have lasted from 5 to 9 years in Mississippi. This chemical alone did not perform quite so well as did a proprietary product containing a water repellent.

Rosin amine D pentachlorophenate in Stoddard solvent is performing less satisfactorily than is pentachlorophenol with that solvent and similar retentions. Naval stores products such as rosin oil, oleo resin, and drop liquor concentrate with petroleum solvents appear to have limited value as preservatives but are improved by the addition of pentachlorophenol. Urea (table 10) has also shown limited protection. Stakes pressure treated with 5.8 pounds per cubic foot had an average life of 9.1 years in

Mississippi. Other products showing limited preservative value in the retentions used are acrylonitrile (cyanoethylation), ammonium hydroxide (thiamine destruction), amyl phenyl acetate, capric acid, copper-8-quinolinolate (in Stoddard solvent), diethyl phenol, DDT, dodecyl amine, nickel stearate, and tributyltin oxide (in Stoddard solvent).

An indication of the influence of size of test stakes can be noted in table 6 where, with a coal-tar creosote retention of 8 pounds per cubic foot, 1/2-inch square stakes show an average life of 17 years with 100 percent removed in 21-1/2 years. After 33-1/2 years, 1-1/2-inch square stakes show 100 percent failures with an average life of 26.6 years, while 2- by 4-inch stakes show 30 percent failures. Also of interest in table 6 is the performance of 2 by 4 stakes treated with 3.3 pounds of coal-tar creosote per cubic foot which show an average life of 24.9 years. With a similar retention of creosote, but with the preservative applied in dilution (11.25 pct) with toluene, the stakes show an average life of 19.1 years.

Nonpressure-treated stakes.--Southern pine stakes and Douglas-fir plywood stakes treated by superficial applications, such as brushing and brief dipping in coal-tar creosote and solutions of pentachlorophenol, copper naphthenate, zinc naphthenate, and phenyl mercury oleate, have, in general, lasted 1 to 4 years longer than the untreated control stakes. Stakes dipped for 15 minutes in coal-tar creosote had a life of about 8 years in Mississippi, however. For the plywood stakes in which the veneer was treated by dipping or long soaking in the preservatives before gluing, the results have generally been more favorable than for plywood similarly treated after gluing. Stakes soaked 18 hours in solutions of pentachlorophenol or mixtures of chlorinated phenols have lasted 5 to 10 years in the Canal Zone. In the United States, the stakes soaked 18 hours in these solutions lasted 8 to 16 years. Douglas-fir plywood stakes treated by brushing, dipping, and 18-hour soaking in chloro-2-phenylphenol solution, however, have lasted only a few months longer than the untreated plywood control stakes. Douglas-fir plywood stakes treated by soaking 18 hours in pentachlorophenol solution had a life of 5 years, while those similarly treated with coal-tar creosote have an estimated average of 24 years.

Pine stakes treated by soaking in urea solution have lasted about 1 to 1-1/2 years longer than the control stakes in Mississippi, while those similarly treated with ureaformaldehyde solution have lasted about 3 to 4 years longer than the controls.

Pine stakes with higher retentions of copper chromate and with copper arsenate applied by double-diffusion have continued to perform well after 35 years in Mississippi. Failures thus far, however, are attributed to poor penetration of the preservative.

Modified-Wood Stakes

Plywood impregnated with phenolic resin (impreg) and impregnated and compressed (compreg) has been considerably more resistant to decay and termite attack than untreated plywood of the same species. Plywood stakes with a low resin content had an average life of approximately 7 years and those with a high resin content lasted 12 years. In Douglas-fir plywood stakes with phenolic-resin-impregnated faces and untreated cores, an average life of about 3.5 years has been obtained, and somewhat better results have been noted when the edges of the plywood have been protected with a phenolic-resin coating. Southern pine 2- by 4-inch stakes impregnated with a low resin content had an average life of 12 years while those with a higher content of phenolic resin have lasted somewhat longer.

Laminated paper plastic made with phenolic resin has shown limited resistance to decay and termite attack, with the life of the stakes averaging about 6 to 8 years. Heat-stabilized birch and maple plywood (staypak) stakes have lasted about 4 to 6 years. The staypak with veneer of 1/16-inch thickness has performed better than that with 1/8-inch veneer, presumably since the thinner veneer permits a better distribution of the phenolic-resin adhesive in the plywood.

Acetylated birch (laminated veneer) has had reasonably good resistance to decay and termite attack with an average life of 17.5 years in Mississippi. Deterioration is due principally to decay fungi.

Untreated stakes of aspen particleboard installed in 1973 are now destroyed with an average life of 2.5 years. It is interesting to note that this material treated with chromated copper arsenate and fluor chrome arsenate phenol is showing less degradation than that treated with pentachlorophenol (Table 49).

The nontoxic preservatives propylene oxide, butylene oxide, and epichlorohydrin in combination with propylene oxide are all showing various degrees of degradation by termites and decay after 2 years service (Table 50).

NOTE

CAUTION: Pesticides can be injurious to humans, domestic animals, desirable plants, and fish or other wildlife--if they are not handled or applied properly. Use all pesticides selectively and carefully. Follow recommended practices for the disposal of surplus pesticides and pesticide containers.

Mention of a chemical in this report does not constitute a recommendation; only those chemicals registered by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency may be recommended, and then only for uses as prescribed in the registration--and in the manner and at the concentration prescribed. The list of registered chemicals varies from time to time; prospective users, therefore, should get current information on registration status from Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.

Crankcase oils may contain chlorinated naphthalenes, which have been reported to contribute to "X-disease" (hyperkeratosis) in cattle. These oils are therefore not recommended for preservative treatment of wood with which cattle may come in contact.

Table 1.--Index to materials tested

Materials	Existing specification or AWPA reference	Table No.
<u>Chemicals</u>	:	:
Acid copper chromate	: Fed. Spec. TT-W-546; AWPA P5	: 15, 16, 46, 47
Acrylonitrile	: --	: 36
Aldrin	: --	: 41
Ammoniacal copper arsenate	: Fed. Spec. TT-W-549; AWPA P5	: 14, 47, 51, 52
Ammoniacal copper borate	: --	: 52
Ammonium hydroxide	: --	: 36
Ammonium sulfate-phosphate	: Navy Spec. 51C38	: 13
Amyl phenyl acetate	: --	: 14
Basic zinc chloride	:	: 26
Basilit UA	: --	: 30
Boliden salt S-25	: --	: 24
Borax-boric acid	: Navy Spec. 51C38	: 13
Butylene oxide	: U.S. Patent No. 3,985,721	: 50
Capric acid	: --	: 14
Chloro-2-phenylphenol	: --	: 5, 8
Chromated copper arsenate	: AWPA P5, Type A; Fed. Spec. : TT-W-550 Type I	: 15, 47
Chromated copper arsenate	: AWPA P5, Type B; Fed. Spec. : TT-W-550 Type II	: 20, 47
Chromated zinc arsenate	: Fed. Spec. TT-W-550 Type III	: 48, 49, 51
Chromated zinc chloride	: Formerly in Fed. Spec. TT-W-538; : AWPA P5	: 4, 24
Chromated zinc chloride, copperized	: Fed. Spec. TT-W-551; AWPA P5	: 2, 16, 25, 35, 47
Chromated zinc chloride (FR)	: Formerly in Fed. Spec. TT-W-562; : AWPA P5	: 31
Copper arsenate	: AWPA Proc. 1941; pp. 23-31	: 9
Copper chromate	: AWPA Proc. 1941; pp. 23-31	: 9
Copper-chrome boron (CB)	: U.S. Patent No. 3,007,844	: 46
Copper-chrome-phosphorus	: --	: 48
Copper formate	: --	: 34
Copper naphthenate	: AWPA P8	: 7, 12, 16, 17, 29
Copper-8-quinolinolate	: AWPA P8	: 38, 43
Creosote, coal-tar	: AWPA P1; Fed. Spec. TT-C-645	: 4, 5, 6, 8
Creosote, coal-tar (English)	: --	: 16, 17, 18, 19, 20,
Creosote, coal-tar (low temperature)	: --	: 31, 35, 47
Creosote, coal-tar (Texas lignite)	: --	: 18, 49
Creosote-coal tar solution	: AWPA P2; Fed. Spec. TT-C-650	: 28
Creosote-petroleum solution	: Fed. Spec. TT-W-568	: 32
Creosote toluene	: --	: 18, 47
Diamyl phenol	: --	: 6
Dichloro-diphenyl-trichloroethane (DDT)	: --	: 14
Dieldrin	: --	: 14
Dodecyl amine	: --	: 41
Drop-liquor concentrate	: --	: 14
Epichlorohydrin	: U.S. Patent No. 3,985,921	: 27
	:	: 50

(Page 1 of 2)

Table 1.--Index to materials tested--continued

Materials	Existing specification or AWPA reference	Table No.
<u>Chemicals--continued</u>	:	:
Fire retardants	: --	: 53
Fire retardants	: AWPA P10	: 25
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol	: AWPA P5; Fed. Spec. TT-W-535 : Type A	: 2, 33, 37, 47, 49
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol	: AWPA P5; Fed. Spec. TT-W-535 : Type B	: 47
Fuel oils	: --	: 5, 17, 27
Heptadecyltrimethyltetra-hydropyrimidine (HTP)	: --	: 44
KP (copper oxide and chlorophenol)	: --	: 35
Lignite-tar extracts	: --	: 39
Mercuric chloride	: --	: 12
Minalith	: AWPA P10, Type C	: 25
Nickel-chromium-arsenic salt	: --	: 15
Nickel-stearate	: --	: 14
Oleo resin	: --	: 27
Paraffin	: --	: 32
Pentachlorophenol	: AWPA P8; Fed. Spec. TT-W-570	: 5, 8, 12, 16, 17, 22, : 23, 27, 29, 31, 32, : 33, 41, 42, 43, 45, : 47, 49
Petroleum oils (various types)	: --	: 17, 18, 21, 23, 45
Phenyl mercury oleate	: --	: 12
Propylene oxide	: U.S. Patent No. 3,985,921	: 50
Pyresote	: AWPA PIC, Type D	: 25
Rosin amine D copper acetate complex	: --	: 27
Rosin amine D pentachlorophenate	: --	: 22, 23
Rosin oil	: --	: 27
Sodium pentachlorophenate	: --	: 2, 5
Sodium tetrachlorophenate	: --	: 2
Toluene	: --	: 6
Tributyltin oxide	: --	: 36, 41
Urea	: --	: 10
Zinc-arsenate-chromium salts	: --	: 20
Zinc chloride	: --	: 2, 4, 20, 26
Zinc naphthenate	: --	: 7, 8
<u>Modified woods, plywood, and paper plastic</u>	:	:
Acetylated wood	: --	: 14
Cyanoethylated wood	: --	: 36
Embedded fiberboard	: --	: 40
Heat-stabilized wood (stavpak)	: --	: 11
Laminated paper plastic (papreg)	: --	: 11
Impreg and compreg	: --	: 3
Mold-infected wood	: --	: 31
Particleboard	: --	: 49
Plywood	: --	: 3, 8, 16, 33, 51
Wood with thiamine destroyed	: --	: 36

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Table 2.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.) treated with chlorinated phenols and with fluor chrome arsenate phenol--Type A, zinc chloride, and chromated zinc chloride, after 15 to 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, September 1938; Bogalusa, La., December 1939; Jacksonville, Fla., January 1939; Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1939; and Madison, Wis., November 1939.

Preservative	Location	Retention of salts ¹			Number in. ²	Condition of stakes late in 1963 ³							Total removed	Average life			
		Minimum	Maximum	Average		test ⁴	Good	Serviceable but showing some- decay	Destroyed by- decay	Decay:Termite: Decay	Fungi:Attack	Fungi: Termite	Attack: Termite	Attack: Fungi			
		Pct	Pct	Pct		Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num- ber	Pct	Yr
Sodium-penta-chlorophenate	Canal	0.24	0.28	0.26	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	100	6.9		
	La.	.24	.28	.26	10	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	9.2		
	Fla.	.25	.28	.26	9	--	--	--	--	11	--	89	9	100	14.2		
	Miss.	.24	.28	.26	10	--	--	--	--	10	20	70	10	100	11.9		
	Wis.	.24	.28	.26	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	10	100	12.5	
	Canal	.45	.54	.50	10	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	100	11.2		
	La.	.45	.53	.49	10	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	10.0		
	Fla.	.46	.55	.50	10	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	8	80	42.0		
	Miss.	.44	.54	.49	10	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	19.4		
	Wis.	.44	.53	.49	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	10	100	16.4	
	Canal	.69	.81	.75	10	--	--	--	--	10	20	70	10	100	11.7		
	La.	.69	.85	.75	10	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	15.6		
	Fla.	.68	.82	.74	10	--	--	--	--	40	10	--	50	6	60	42.0	
	Miss.	.69	.84	.76	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	60	10	100	21.6		
	Wis.	.67	.81	.76	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	10	100	21.0	
	Canal	.92	1.06	.98	10	--	--	--	--	10	10	90	10	100	14.3		
	La.	.93	1.09	.99	10	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	16.2		
	Fla.	.92	1.08	.98	10	--	--	--	--	60	10	--	30	4	40	--	
	Miss.	.93	1.09	.97	10	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	25.0		
	Wis.	.86	1.01	.90	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	10	100	23.4	
Sodium teta-chloroohenate	Canal	.24	.27	.25	10	--	--	--	--	60	40	10	100	100	4.8		
	La.	.23	.27	.25	10	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	8.1		
	Fla.	.23	.28	.25	9	--	--	--	--	22	--	78	9	100	11.3		
	Miss.	.23	.27	.25	10	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	10.7			
	Wis.	.24	.27	.25	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	10	100	11.4	
	Canal	.47	.56	.51	10	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	100	9.9		
	La.	.46	.55	.50	10	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	10.9		
	Fla.	.47	.55	.51	10	--	--	--	--	100	100	100	10	100	15.3		
	Miss.	.48	.58	.52	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	100	10	100	15.1		
	Wis.	.47	.55	.50	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	10	100	14.5	
	Canal	.70	.83	.76	10	--	--	--	--	100	100	100	10	100	13.1		
	La.	.71	.83	.77	10	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	11.9		
	Fla.	.68	.83	.76	9	--	--	--	--	11	89	9	100	16.7			
	Miss.	.68	.82	.75	10	--	--	--	--	100	100	100	10	100	19.7		
	Wis.	.67	.81	.75	9	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	9	100	16.7		
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol--Type A	Canal	.18 (.11)	.22 (.04)	.20 (.04)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	10	100	100	2.9		
	La.	.19 (.12)	.22 (.14)	.20 (.12)	10	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	100	9.6		
	Fla.	.18 (.11)	.21 (.13)	.20 (.12)	10	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	100	13.9		
	Miss.	.18 (.11)	.21 (.13)	.20 (.12)	10	--	--	--	--	10	50	40	10	100	10.2		
	Wis.	.13 (.08)	.22 (.14)	.20 (.12)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	13.8		
	Canal	.28 (.17)	.33 (.20)	.30 (.19)	10	--	--	--	--	30	70	10	100	100	6.4		
	La.	.28 (.17)	.32 (.20)	.30 (.19)	10	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	13.7		
	Fla.	.29 (.18)	.32 (.20)	.30 (.19)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	15.4		
	Miss.	.29 (.18)	.32 (.20)	.30 (.19)	10	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	18.0		
	Wis.	.27 (.17)	.30 (.19)	.28 (.17)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	16.5		
	Canal	.53 (.33)	.66 (.41)	.60 (.37)	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	60	10	100	14.2		
	La.	.56 (.35)	.64 (.40)	.60 (.37)	10	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	100	15.6		
	Fla.	.57 (.35)	.65 (.40)	.61 (.38)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	17.5		
	Miss.	.57 (.35)	.65 (.40)	.61 (.38)	10	--	--	--	--	60	--	40	10	100	24.1		
	Wis.	.59 (.36)	.68 (.42)	.65 (.40)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	16.0		
Sodium penta-chlorophenate and sodium chloride	Canal	.52	.55	.54	10	--	--	--	--	30	70	10	100	100	8.7		
	La.	.46	.53	.49	10	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	100	100	13.3		
	Fla.	.48	.54	.50	10	--	--	--	--	50	10	40	5	50	--		
	Miss.	.46	.53	.49	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	100	10	100	16.3		
	Wis.	.46	.53	.50	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	16.8		

Table 2.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2×4 in., nominal $\times 18$ in.), treated with chlorinated phenols and with fluor chrome arsenate phenol--Type A, zinc chloride, and chromated zinc chloride, after 15 to 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, September 1938; Bogalusa, La., December 1939; Jacksonville, Fla., January 1939; Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1939; and Madison, Wis., November 1939--continued

Preservative	Loca- tion	Retention of salts ¹			Number: in. ²	Condition of stakes late in 1963 ³										Total removed	Average life					
		Minimum	Maximum	Average		test ²	Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termitic	Decay	Fungi	Attack	Fungi	Attack	and	Termitic	Attack	Termitic	Attack	
																		Pct	Pct	Num- ber	Pct	Yr
Zinc chloride	Canal:	0.44 (0.26)	0.53 (0.32)	0.47 (0.28)	10	--	--	--	--	30	70	10	100	3.9								
	La.	.45 (.27)	.55 (.33)	.50 (.30)	10	--	--	--	--	30	70	10	100	8.1								
	Fla.	.45 (.27)	.53 (.32)	.49 (.29)	10	--	--	--	--	20	20	80	10	100	12.9							
	Miss.	.45 (.27)	.54 (.32)	.50 (.32)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	15.4								
	Wis.	.45 (.27)	.53 (.32)	.49 (.29)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	18.2							
	Canal:	.70 (.42)	.82 (.49)	.76 (.45)	10	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	100	3.9								
	La.	.70 (.42)	.78 (.47)	.74 (.44)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	12.1								
	Fla.	.71 (.42)	.82 (.49)	.75 (.45)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	13.5								
	Miss.	.70 (.42)	.79 (.47)	.74 (.44)	10	--	--	--	--	20	10	70	10	100	16.7							
	Wis.	.65 (.39)	.87 (.52)	.75 (.45)	9	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	9	100	18.9							
	Canal:	.94 (.56)	1.08 (.64)	1.00 (.60)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	4.0								
	La.	.94 (.56)	1.08 (.64)	1.01 (.60)	10	--	--	--	--	70	30	10	100	11.6								
	Fla.	.95 (.57)	1.08 (.64)	1.02 (.61)	10	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	15.4								
	Miss.	.94 (.56)	1.07 (.64)	1.00 (.60)	10	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	17.3								
	Wis.	.93 (.56)	1.13 (.68)	1.02 (.61)	10	--	--	--	--	190	--	--	10	100	19.0							
	Canal:	1.40 (.84)	1.62 (.97)	1.49 (.89)	10	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	7.3								
	La.	1.44 (.86)	1.63 (.97)	1.52 (.91)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	11.1								
	Fla.	1.41 (.84)	1.62 (.97)	1.49 (.89)	10	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	15.7								
	Miss.	1.43 (.85)	1.63 (.97)	1.52 (.91)	10	--	--	--	--	60	40	10	100	17.9								
	Wis.	1.36 (.81)	1.74 (1.04)	1.59 (.94)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	18.7							
Chromated zinc chloride	Canal:	.45 (.28)	.55 (.34)	.49 (.30)	10	--	--	--	--	100	10	50	100	4.9								
	La.	.46 (.28)	.55 (.34)	.49 (.30)	10	--	--	--	--	40	10	50	100	8.6								
	Fla.	.45 (.28)	.53 (.33)	.49 (.30)	8	--	--	--	--	25	--	75	8	100	14.3							
	Miss.	.45 (.28)	.55 (.34)	.49 (.30)	10	--	--	--	--	30	10	60	10	100	14.2							
	Wis.	.43 (.26)	.53 (.33)	.47 (.29)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	16.9							
	Canal:	.70 (.43)	.81 (.50)	.76 (.47)	10	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	100	7.2								
	La.	.70 (.43)	.80 (.49)	.76 (.47)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	10.6								
	Fla.	.73 (.45)	.81 (.50)	.77 (.47)	9	--	--	--	--	11	89	9	100	14.3								
	Miss.	.72 (.44)	.81 (.50)	.76 (.47)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	20.2								
	Wis.	.70 (.43)	.86 (.53)	.80 (.49)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	14.7							
	Canal:	.95 (.58)	1.11 (.68)	1.02 (.63)	10	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	6.6								
	La.	.93 (.57)	1.07 (.66)	1.00 (.62)	10	--	--	--	--	40	60	10	100	11.9								
	Fla.	.96 (.59)	1.09 (.67)	1.02 (.63)	10	--	--	--	--	20	70	9	90	17.0								
	Miss.	.96 (.59)	1.09 (.67)	1.02 (.63)	10	--	--	--	--	50	50	10	100	20.1								
	Wis.	.89 (.55)	1.13 (.70)	1.02 (.63)	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	18.2							
Untreated controls	Canal:	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	.7							
	La.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	20	20	60	10	100	2.9							
	Fla.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	2.8								
	Miss.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	60	40	10	100	2.9								
	Wis.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	5.7							

¹Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

²10 stakes were originally installed at each test station. This number has since been reduced either because of failure to locate the stakes at the time of the inspection or because of damage by fire.

³Final inspection at Canal Zone February 1954; at Louisiana December 1958; at Florida December 1960; at Wisconsin October 1963; and at Mississippi December 1963.

⁴Estimate based on percentage of stakes remaining after final inspection.

⁵Retention values based on sodium pentachlorophenate only. Sodium chloride added was equal to 20 pct of weight of sodium pentachlorophenate in solution.

Table 3.--Condition of the plywood stakes and resin-impregnated stakes set January 1940 on the Harrison Experimental Forest,
Saucier, Miss., after about 27 years of service.

Group No.	Stake No.	Treatment	Condition of stakes January 1967						Total removed	Average life	
			mate ber	in good test	Serviceable	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite			
PLYWOOD ¹											
1 : 1-1-40 to : 1-10-40	: Each ply impregnated with a 50 pct aqueous : solution of phenolic resin, slowly dried, : and cured for 1 day at 220° F. Bonded : with phenolic-resin film.		10	8	--	--	--	38	--	62	8 : 100 : 12.4
2 : 2-1-40 to : 2-10-40	: Same as group 1 except that a 25 pct : solution was used.		5	10	--	--	--	60	--	40	10 : 100 : 6.8
3 : 3-1-40 to : 3-10-40	: Face plies impregnated as in group 1 and : bonded to an untreated core with : phenolic-resin film.		210	10	--	--	--	100	--	310	100 : 3.3
4 : 4-1-40 to : 4-10-40	: Face plies impregnated as in group 2 and : bonded to an untreated core with : phenolic-resin film.		25	10	--	--	--	100	--	310	100 : 3.5
5 : 5-1-40 to : 5-10-40	: Same as group 2 except that edges of speci- : mens were given a protective treatment by : dipping in a phenolic resin containing : 15 pct alcohol.		210	10	--	--	--	30	70	310	100 : 4.9
6 : 6-1-40 to : 6-10-40	: Same as group 4 except that edges were : protected as in group 5.		25	9	--	--	--	22	45	33	39 : 100 : 9.3
7 : 7-1-40 to : 7-10-40	: Untreated plies bonded with phenolic-resin : film.		--	10	--	--	--	70	30	10	100 : 1.9
8 : 8-1-40 to : 8-10-40	: Untreated plies bonded with hot-press urea : resin.		--	10	--	--	--	70	30	10	100 : 1.9
9 : 9-1-40 to : 9-10-40	: Untreated plies bonded with casein glue : (FPL formula 48)		--	10	--	--	--	90	10	410	100 : 1.0
10 : 10-1-40 to : 10-10-40	: Untreated plies (yellow birch) bonded with : phenolic-resin film.		--	10	--	--	--	10	30	60	10 : 100 : 1.9
11 : 11-1-40 to : 11-10-40	: Untreated controls--solid wood : (1/4 by 4 by 18 in.).		--	10	--	--	--	--	80	20	10 : 100 : 2.4
STAKES (IMPREG) ²											
12 : 12-1-40 to : 12-10-40	: Impregnated same as group 1.		10	10	--	10	10	50	--	30	8 : 80 : 619.5
13 : 13-1-40 to : 13-10-40	: Impregnated same as group 2.		5	10	--	--	--	50	--	50	10 : 100 : 11.7
14 : 14-1-40 to : 14-10-40	: Controls--untreated.		--	10	--	--	--	--	20	80	10 : 100 : 2.7
COMPRESSED PLYWOOD (COMPREG) ³											
15 : 15-1-40 to : 15-3-40	: Douglas-fir--all plies impregnated as in : group 1, dried and assembled without the : use of glue on a hot press at 130° F and : 1,000 pounds pressure per square inch.		10	3	100	--	--	--	--	1	-- : -- : --
15-4-40 to : 15-6-40	: Yellow-ponderosa--all plies impregnated and : compressed the same as for Douglas-fir.		10	3	--	--	--	33	--	67	3 : 100 : 19.5

¹Specimens in groups 1 to 9 are 3-ply Douglas-fir; in group 10, yellow birch. They are 1/4 x 4 x 18 in. in size and made of 1/16-in. faces and a 1/8-in. core. Specimens in group 11 are solid Douglas-fir, 1/4 x 4 x 18 in. in size.

²Increase based on treated faces.

³Deterioration principally in cores.

⁴Some separation of plies had also occurred.

⁵Specimens are southern pine sapwood, 2 x 4 (nominal) x 18 in. in size.

⁶Based on estimated life of 2 remaining stakes.

⁷Specimens of both Douglas-fir and yellow-ponderosa made of 15-1/16-in. plies, compressed to a thickness of 1/8 in. Size of specimens 1/8 x 4 x 16 in.

NOTE--Stakes remaining after the 1952 inspection were taken up and reset in the same general area.

Table 4.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.) treated with chromated zinc arsenate (Boliden salts), zinc chloride, and coal-tar creosote, after 15 to 36 1/2 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Madison, Miss., September 1940; Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., June 1940; and Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, September 1940.

Preservative	Location	Average retention	Number	Condition of stakes November 1976 ¹								Total removed	Average life
				Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct		
Zinc chloride	Wis.	-- : 0.50 (0.30): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 14.8											
	Miss.	-- : .50 (0.30): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : 40 : 100 : 100 : 14.2											
	Canal	-- : .49 (.29): 10 : 4 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 10 : 100 : 100 : 3.0											
	Wis.	-- : 1.03 (.61): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 19.8											
	Miss.	-- : 1.02 (.61): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : 10 : -- : 30 : 10 : 100 : 14.4											
	Canal	-- : 1.01 (.60): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 10 : 100 : 100 : 3.6											
	Wis.	-- : 1.51 (.90): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 22.3											
	Miss.	-- : 1.51 (.90): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : 40 : 10 : 100 : 18.1											
	Canal	-- : 1.49 (.89): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 10 : 100 : 100 : 4.5											
Chromated zinc arsenate: (Boliden salts) ²	Wis.	-- : .33 (.22): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 19.6											
	Miss.	-- : .33 (.22): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 30 : -- : 50 : 8 : 80 : --											
	Canal	-- : .33 (.22): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 10 : 100 : 100 : 9.2											
	Wis.	-- : .44 (.29): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 26.5											
	Miss.	-- : .44 (.29): 9 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 44 : 12 : -- : 44 : 5 : 56 : --											
	Canal	-- : .44 (.29): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 10 : 60 : 10 : 100 : 11.6											
	Wis.	-- : .60 (.40): 10 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : 90 : -- : -- : -- : 9 : 90 : --											
	Miss.	-- : .58 (.38): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 90 : -- : -- : 10 : 1 : 10 : --											
	Canal	-- : .58 (.38): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : 40 : -- : 10 : 100 : 14.6											
	Wis.	-- : .78 (.52): 10 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : 80 : -- : -- : -- : 8 : 80 : --											
	Miss.	-- : .78 (.52): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --											
	Canal	-- : .78 (.52): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 15.1											
	Wis.	-- : 1.06 (.70): 10 : -- : 40 : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : -- : 6 : 60 : --											
	Miss.	-- : 1.06 (.70): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --											
	Canal	-- : 1.05 (.69): 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 15.3											
Coal-tar creosote	Wis.	.43 : -- : 10 : -- : 40 : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : 6 : 60 : --											
	Miss.	.42 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : 40 : 10 : 100 : 17.8											
	Canal	.43 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 40 : -- : -- : 60 : 10 : 100 : 13.4											
	Wis.	8.0 : -- : 10 : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : 10 : 6 : 60 : --											
	Miss.	8.0 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : 30 : -- : 10 : 4 : 60 : --											
	Canal	8.0 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : 10 : 30 : -- : 3 : 30 : 249											
	Wis.	11.8 : -- : 10 : 20 : 80 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --											
	Miss.	11.8 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 80 : 10 : -- : 10 : 2 : 20 : --											
	Canal	11.8 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : 40 : -- : -- : 4 : 40 : 218											
	Wis.	16.3 : -- : 10 : 40 : 60 : -- : -- : 90 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --											
	Miss.	16.5 : -- : 10 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 90 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --											
	Canal	16.5 : -- : 10 : -- : 90 : -- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --											
	Wis.	5.1.8 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 12.4											
	Miss.	5.1.8 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 30 : -- : 60 : 10 : 100 : 7.7											
	Canal	5.1.8 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 80 : 20 : 10 : 100 : 13.8											
	Wis.	6.71 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 8.4											
	Miss.	6.76 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 50 : 30 : 10 : 100 : 4.2											
	Canal	6.76 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 90 : 10 : 10 : 100 : 2.5											
Untreated controls	Wis.	-- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 6.2											
	Miss.	-- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 50 : 50 : 10 : 100 : 2.2											
	Canal	-- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 90 : 10 : 10 : 100 : 1.1											

¹Final inspection at Canal Zone January 1956.

²Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

³Retention based upon total anhydrous salts: $2n\text{SO}_4 + n\text{NaClO}_4 + \text{Na}_2\text{HAsO}_4 + \text{Na}_2\text{CrO}_4$.

⁴Estimate based upon percentage of stakes remaining after final inspection.

⁵15-min. atm. at room temperature.

⁶Crush treatment, 2 years.

Table 5.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.) treated with chlorinated phenols and coal-tar creosote, after 15 to 16 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, February 1941; Bogalusa, La., March 1941; Jacksonville, Fla., March 1941; and Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., February 1941.

Preservative	Location	Retention of preservative ¹	Number in test ²	Condition of stakes December 1976 ³												Total removed	Average life
				Good	Serviceable but showing some decay	Destroyed by Decay	Termitic attack	Fungi attack	Fungi and termites	Termitic attack	Termitic and attack	Attack	Attack	Attack	Attack		
				Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num. best	Yr
Sodium pentachlorophenate	Canal	0.23	0.27	0.25	10	--	--	--	--	--	60	40	10	100	100	6.4	
	La.	.23	.26	.25	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	10.0	
	Fla.	.23	.26	.25	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	9	100	14.5	
	Miss.	.23	.26	.25	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	16.9	
	Canal	.31	.34	.33	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	100	10.9	
	La.	.31	.34	.33	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	10.4	
	Fla.	.32	.34	.33	8	--	--	--	--	--	12	88	8	100	16.3		
	Miss.	.31	.34	.33	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	19.5	
	Canal	.47	.55	.51	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	100	12.9	
	La.	.48	.54	.51	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	15.5	
	Fla.	.47	.54	.50	10	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	5	50	--	
	Miss.	.47	.55	.51	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	21.3	
	Canal	.73	.81	.77	10	--	--	--	--	--	50	20	30	10	100	14.3	
	La.	.72	.82	.77	8	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	4	50	--	
	Fla.	.72	.83	.77	10	--	--	--	--	--	80	--	20	2	20	--	
	Miss.	.72	.83	.77	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	26.2	
	Canal	.92	1.09	.99	10	--	--	--	--	--	70	--	30	10	100	14.2	
	La.	.92	1.09	.99	7	--	--	--	--	--	57	--	43	3	43	--	
	Fla.	.91	1.10	.99	9	--	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	
	Miss.	.93	1.08	.99	10	--	--	--	--	--	40	30	--	30	6	60	
Sodium pentachlorophenate and sodium chromate; chemical ratio 3.24:1	Canal	.41	.47	.44	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	100	11.1	
	La.	.41	.47	.44	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	15.6	
	Fla.	.40	.47	.44	9	--	--	--	--	--	44	--	56	5	56	--	
	Miss.	.40	.47	.44	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	23.0	
Sodium pentachlorophenate and borax; chemical ratio 1:0.76	Canal	.54	.62	.58	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	12.8	
	La.	.54	.62	.58	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	89	9	100	11.4	
	Fla.	.53	.62	.57	8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	8	100	17.9	
	Miss.	.54	.61	.58	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	21.0	
1:2	Canal	.71	.80	.75	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	12.2	
	La.	.71	.81	.75	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	9.9	
	Fla.	.72	.82	.76	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	12.9	
	Miss.	.71	.80	.75	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	18.8	
1:1.52	Canal	.78	.88	.83	10	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	100	13.0	
	La.	.77	.88	.83	10	--	--	--	--	--	40	--	70	10	100	10.0	
	Fla.	.79	.86	.82	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	9	100	16.7	
	Miss.	.79	.87	.83	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	18.9	
1:3	Canal	.91	1.06	.98	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	11.5	
	La.	.90	1.07	.98	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	9.0	
	Fla.	.92	1.05	.98	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	13.2	
	Miss.	.92	1.06	.98	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	16.1	
1:2.27	Canal	1.00	1.19	1.09	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	12.7	
	La.	1.01	1.16	1.09	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	9.9	
	Fla.	1.01	1.18	1.09	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	15.6	
	Miss.	1.01	1.18	1.09	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	18.6	
1:1.50	Canal	1.17	1.32	1.25	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	12.8	
	La.	1.17	1.32	1.25	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	14.6	
	Fla.	1.17	1.32	1.25	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	10	70	8	80	20.0	
	Miss.	1.17	1.33	1.25	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	10	80	10	100	20.9	

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Table 5.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with chlorinated phenols and coal-tar creosote, after 15 to 36 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, February 1941; Bogalusa, La., March 1941; Jacksonville, Fla., March 1941; and Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., February 1941--continued

Preservative	Location	Retention of preservative ¹	Number in test ²	Condition of stakes December 14/6 ³												Total removed	Average life	
				Good	Serviceable but showing some decay		Destroyed by Decay		Destroyed by Termitite		Destroyed by Fungi		Attacked by Decay		Attacked by Termitite			
				Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent		
5 pct pentachlorophenol in fuel oil ⁴	Canal	4.0	5.4	4.7	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	60	10	100	13.0		
	La.	4.0	5.4	4.8	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	100	10	100	16.6		
	Fla.	4.0	5.6	4.8	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	60	6	60	20.0		
	Miss.	4.2	5.4	4.7	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	100	10	100	21.0		
	Canal	8.6	10.5	9.6	10	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	70	10	100	14.4		
	La.	8.4	10.9	9.6	7	--	--	--	--	57	--	--	43	3	43	--		
	Fla.	8.8	10.5	9.6	9	--	--	--	--	67	--	--	33	3	33	--		
	Miss.	8.6	10.5	9.6	10	--	--	--	--	10	10	--	80	9	90	--		
	Canal	14.0	16.5	15.3	10	--	--	--	--	40	10	--	50	6	60	5.15		
	La.	14.2	16.3	15.3	7	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Fla.	14.2	16.3	15.3	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Miss.	14.0	16.3	15.3	10	--	--	--	--	70	20	--	10	3	30	--		
	Canal	18.6	21.5	20.1	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	La.	18.2	21.7	20.1	7	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Fla.	18.2	21.7	20.1	9	--	--	22	--	78	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Miss.	18.2	21.9	20.0	10	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	10	1	10	--		
3 pct pentachlorophenol + 2 pct chloro-2-phenylphenol in fuel oil ⁴	Canal	4.2	5.8	4.9	10	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	80	10	100	12.6		
	La.	4.4	5.8	4.9	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	100	10	100	14.2		
	Fla.	4.4	5.8	4.9	9	--	--	--	--	22	--	--	78	7	78	20.0		
	Miss.	4.2	5.8	4.9	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	100	10	100	19.2		
	Canal	9.1	10.9	10.0	10	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	50	10	100	13.7		
	La.	9.1	10.9	10.0	6	--	--	--	--	67	--	--	33	2	33	--		
	Fla.	8.9	11.0	10.0	8	--	--	--	--	75	--	--	25	2	25	--		
	Miss.	8.9	11.0	10.0	10	--	--	--	--	10	--	--	90	10	100	24.4		
	Canal	14.2	16.3	15.4	10	--	--	--	--	10	10	--	80	9	90	5.12		
	La.	13.8	16.3	15.3	6	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Fla.	13.8	16.3	15.3	9	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Miss.	14.4	16.1	15.3	10	--	--	--	--	30	30	--	40	7	70	--		
Coal-tar creosote, grade 1	Canal	3.5	6.7	4.7	10	--	--	--	--	10	90	--	--	9	90	5.12		
	La.	3.3	6.7	4.7	6	--	--	--	--	33	--	--	67	4	67	5.22		
	Fla.	3.3	6.5	4.7	9	--	--	--	--	33	33	--	34	6	67	5.19		
	Miss.	3.5	6.5	4.6	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	60	10	100	21.3		
	Canal	8.4	11.6	10.0	10	--	60	--	--	20	10	--	10	2	20	5.20		
	La.	8.6	11.2	10.0	4	--	--	--	--	75	--	--	25	1	25	--		
	Fla.	8.6	11.4	10.0	10	--	--	--	--	90	10	--	--	1	10	--		
	Miss.	8.4	11.4	10.0	10	--	--	--	--	40	40	--	20	6	60	--		
	Canal	13.5	15.4	14.4	10	10	90	--	--	17	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	La.	13.5	15.9	14.5	6	50	16	17	--	17	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Fla.	13.5	15.9	14.5	9	22	56	--	--	22	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	Miss.	13.3	16.1	14.5	10	10	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Fuel oil ⁴	Canal	8.2	11.9	9.9	10	--	--	--	--	60	60	60	60	10	100	5.9		
	La.	8.4	11.7	9.8	10	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	60	10	100	8.4		
	Fla.	8.2	11.7	9.8	8	--	--	--	--	12	--	88	8	100	9.7			
	Miss.	8.2	11.7	9.8	10	--	--	--	--	20	10	70	10	10	100	6.3		
	Canal	18.2	21.0	19.4	10	--	--	--	--	30	70	10	10	100	7.8			
	La.	18.2	21.4	19.4	10	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	10	100	11.9		
	Fla.	18.2	21.4	19.4	9	--	--	--	--	100	9	100	12.4					
	Miss.	18.0	21.9	19.4	10	--	--	--	--	30	10	60	10	10	100	9.1		

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Table V—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 3 inches) treated with chlorinated phenols and coal-tar creosote, after 15 to 16 years of service. Stakes placed in test at various locations in Canal Zone, February 1941; at Bogalusa, Louisiana, March 1941; at Jacksonville, Florida, March 1951; and at Ortega Experimental Forest, Panama, January 1952; February 1941—continued

Preservative	Location	Retention of preservative ¹	Number of stakes tested ²	Condition of stakes December 1962 ³	Total removed alive														
					Destroyed by Service decay			Destroyed by fungi			Decay-termites			Tungus			Termites		
					Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent	
5 pct pentachlorophenol in fuel oil ⁴ and naphtha	Canal	0.5	1.4	0.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	90	10	10	100	2.7				
	Ia.	.5	1.2	.8	19	--	--	--	--	--	39	--	70	10	100	4.2			
	Fla.	.5	1.2	.8	8	--	--	--	--	--	12	--	88	8	100	5.0			
	Miss.	.5	1.2	.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	23	70	10	100	3.2			
18-hour soaking	Canal	2.1	2.6	2.4	10	--	--	--	--	--	109	10	100	10	9.1				
	Ia.	2.1	2.8	2.4	9	--	--	--	--	--	33	--	67	9	100	8.4			
	Fla.	2.1	3.0	2.4	10	--	--	--	--	--	109	10	100	10	11.9				
	Miss.	1.9	3.0	2.4	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	10	12.9				
5 pct pentachlorophenol in soybean oil, naphtha and fuel oil ^{4,6}	Canal	.7	1.2	.9	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	--	10	100	3.3				
	Ia.	.5	1.2	.9	10	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	100	4.0			
	Fla.	.5	1.6	.9	7	--	--	--	--	--	14	--	86	7	100	5.4			
	Miss.	.7	1.2	.9	10	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	40	10	100	4.9			
18-hour soaking ⁷	Canal	2.3	3.7	2.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	199	10	100	10	10.4				
	Ia.	2.1	3.9	2.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	7.6			
	Fla.	2.3	3.2	2.7	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	10	12.2				
	Miss.	2.3	3.5	2.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	10	16.3				
18-hour soaking ⁷	Canal	1.1	3.0	2.3	10	--	--	--	--	--	30	70	10	100	7.0				
	Ia.	1.8	2.6	2.3	10	--	--	--	--	--	29	--	80	10	100	6.3			
	Fla.	1.8	2.8	2.3	8	--	--	--	--	--	12	--	88	8	100	9.8			
	Miss.	1.1	2.8	2.2	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	10	80	10	100	11.9			
3 pct pentachlorophenol + 2 pct chloro-2-phenylphenol in naphtha and fuel oil ⁴	Canal	.9	1.6	1.2	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	--	10	100	2.1				
	Ia.	.9	1.6	1.2	10	--	--	--	--	--	40	--	60	10	100	4.1			
	Fla.	.7	1.6	1.2	19	--	--	--	--	--	10	10	80	10	100	5.0			
	Miss.	.5	1.8	1.2	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	20	60	10	100	5.3			
18-hour soaking	Canal	2.5	4.0	3.1	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	9.0				
	Ia.	2.5	4.0	3.1	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	7.2			
	Fla.	2.3	3.9	3.1	8	--	--	--	--	--	12	--	88	8	100	10.8			
	Miss.	2.6	4.4	3.1	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	10	13.8				
3 pct pentachlorophenol + 2 pct chloro-2-phenylphenol in solvent ⁸ of 80 pct mineral spirits and 20 pct moisture repellent ⁹	Canal	.5	.9	.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	90	10	10	100	1.6				
	Ia.	.5	.9	.7	10	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	3.9			
	Fla.	.5	.9	.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	10	70	10	100	2.8			
	Miss.	.5	.9	.8	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	30	50	10	100	3.6			
18-hour soaking	Canal	2.1	5.8	3.4	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	10	4.8				
	Ia.	2.3	4.6	3.4	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	10	9.2				
	Fla.	2.3	4.9	3.4	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	9.6			
	Miss.	2.3	5.1	3.4	10	--	--	--	--	--	20	10	70	10	100	12.7			
Untreated controls	Canal	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	100	--	10	100	1.2				
	Ia.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	50	20	30	10	100	2.2			
	Fla.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	10	20	70	10	100	1.8			
	Miss.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	40	30	30	10	100	2.3			

¹Based upon weight of dry chemical for sodium pentachlorophenate alone or mixed with other chemicals and on weight of solution for other treatments. Values for stakes originally installed.

²10 stakes were originally installed in test. This number has since been reduced either because of failure to locate the stakes at the time of the inspection or because of damage by fire.

³Final inspection at Canal Zone January 1956, at Jacksonville December 1960, and at Bogalusa December 1962.

⁴Purchased and reported earlier as No. 2 fuel oil but has since been found to have a distillation range lower than that for typical No. 2 fuel oils.

⁵Estimated based upon percentage stakes remaining after final inspection.

⁶Solvent contained 1 part soybean oil and 9 parts each of fuel oil and naphtha by volume.

⁷Specimens contained some heartwood.

Table 6.—Condition of southern pine stakes of different sizes, treated with coal-tar creosote, toluene, and creosote-toluene mixtures, after 35-1/2 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., May 1941.

Preservative	Size of stakes	Average: Number	Condition of stakes November 1976	Total removed	Average life
	retention:	in Good condition:	Destroyed by—		
	test:	Serviceable but showing some—			
Coal-tar creosote	1/2 by 1 1/2 by 18	7.8 : 8	--	88 : --	8 : 17.1
	1 by 1 by 18	8.0 : 10	--	40 : --	9 : --
	1-1/2 by 1-1/2 by 18	7.9 : 10	--	60 : --	10 : 100
	2 by 4 (nominal)	3.3 : 10	--	10 : --	40 : 26.6
	by 18	--	--	--	--
	2 by 4 (nominal)	7.8 : 10	--	60 : 20	10 : 100
	by 18	--	--	--	20 : 24.9
	2 by 4 (nominal)	13.2 : 10	--	80 : 10	4 : 40
	by 18	--	--	--	--
Toluene	2 by 4 (nominal)	29.5 : 10	--	100 : --	10 : 100
	by 18	--	--	--	2.1
Coal-tar creosote: 11.25 pct by weight in toluene	2 by 4 (nominal)	13.4 : 10	--	30 : --	10 : 100
	by 18	--	--	--	19.1
25.2 pct by weight in toluene	2 by 4 (nominal)	18.1 : 10	--	80 : 10	2 : 20
	by 18	--	--	--	--
39.0 pct by weight in toluene	2 by 4 (nominal)	12.6 : 10	--	90 : --	--
	by 18	--	--	--	--

¹Creosote only.

Table 7.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.) treated with copper naphthenate and zinc naphthenate, after about 35 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., October 1941, and on Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., February 1942.

Preservative	Treatment	Location	Age	Condition of stakes December 1976				Total removed	Average life
				retention	in Good condition	Serviceable but showing some decay	Destroyed by Decay; Termitc decay; fungi; and attack		
Zinc naphthenate solution 17 pct (2 pct zinc metal)	Brush, one coat	Miss.: Wis.	0.6 : .5	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	20 : 20	10 : 100 : 2.9
	Solution							--	-- : 20 : 100 : 6.4
Dipped, 3 min.	Miss.: Wis.	1.0 : 1.9	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	40 : 60	10 : 100 : 2.2
								--	-- : 10 : 100 : 7.7
1 pct (0.12 pct zinc metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	9.9 : 9.7	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	50 : 50	10 : 100 : 11.2
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	10.3 : 9.8	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	--	-- : 10 : 100 : 18.9
2.5 pct (0.29 pct zinc metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	10.2 : 10.3	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	50 : 50	10 : 100 : 15.0
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	10.3 : 10.2	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	--	-- : 10 : 100 : 21.9
5.0 pct (0.59 pct zinc metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	10.3 : 10.3	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : --	60 : 90	10 : 100 : 13.5
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	10.4 : 10.0	10 : 9	-- : 22	-- : --	-- : 78	--	-- : 9 : 90 : --
7.5 pct (0.88 pct zinc metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	10.0 : 10.0	9 : 9	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 60	--	10 : 100 : 19.7
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	10.2 : 9.6	10 : 9	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 40	--	-- : 7 : 78 : --
Copper naphthenate solution 17.5 pct (2 pct copper metal)	Brush, one coat	Miss.: Wis.	.5 : .5	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 20	40 : 40	10 : 100 : 3.7
	Dipped, 3 min.	Miss.: Wis.	.7 : .8	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 100	--	-- : 10 : 100 : 8.6
1 pct (0.11 pct copper metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	10.3 : 10.3	10 : 8	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 100	--	-- : 10 : 100 : 5.2
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	10.2 : 9.6	10 : 9	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 80	--	-- : 10 : 100 : 9.8
2.5 pct (0.29 pct copper metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	10.6 : 10.6	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 100	--	-- : 10 : 100 : 15.9
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	10.6 : 10.6	10 : 9	-- : --	-- : 56	-- : 44	--	-- : 8 : 100 : 25.2
5.0 pct (0.57 pct copper metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	9.6 : 9.8	10 : 8	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 40	--	-- : 10 : 100 : 21.8
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	9.8 : 8	10 : 8	-- : --	-- : 78	-- : 22	--	-- : 2 : 22 : --
7.5 pct (0.86 pct copper metal)	Pressure	Miss.: Wis.	9.6 : 10	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 40	--	-- : 10 : 6 : 60 : --
	do.....	Miss.: Wis.	9.8 : 10	10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	-- : 88	-- : 12	-- : 1 : 12 : --
Untreated controls			--	--	--	--	--	--	-- : 30 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 1.8
								--	-- : 10 : 100 : 4.9

Average retention based on 9 stakes.

Table 8.--Condition of treated five-in exterior Douglas-fir plywood stakes (approximately 1 1/2 x 4 x 18 in.) at final inspection after approximately 22 years of exposure. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., in February 1942.

Preservative	Treatment	Retention of preservative (average)	Number in test	Condition of stakes December 1953				Total removed	Average life
				in	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay:Termitc: Decay:fungi: and: attack: and: termite: attack:		
<u>Coca-tar creosote</u>									
Brush, one coat	:Oil	1.5	30	--	--	--	--	27	46
Dipped, 3 min.	:Oil	1.9	30	--	--	--	--	17	30
Soaked, 18 hr.	:Oil	5.6	30	--	6	--	47	27	20
Pressure	:Oil	5.9	30	--	--	--	70	17	--
.....do.....	:Oil	12.3	29	27	39	7	28	--	--
<u>Pentachlorophenol solution²</u>									
Brush, one coat	:Solution 5 pct	1.0	30	--	--	--	--	10	60
Dipped, 3 min.	:Solution 1.3	30	--	--	--	--	--	13	60
Soaked, 18 hr.	:Solution 3.2	30	--	--	--	--	--	3	37
Pressure	:Solution 26.3	30	--	--	--	--	--	20	--
.....do.....	:Solution 26.3	30	--	--	--	--	--	28	10
<u>Zinc naphthenate solution⁵</u>									
Brush, one coat	:Solution 4.6 pct (0.55 pct zinc)	.7	30	--	--	--	--	10	30
Dipped, 3 min.	:Solution 1.1	30	--	--	--	--	--	10	57
Soaked, 18 hr.	:Solution 3.0	30	--	--	--	--	--	14	43
Pressure	:Solution 25.5	30	--	--	--	--	--	13	67
.....do.....	:Solution 25.6	30	--	--	--	--	--	13	7
<u>Chloro-2-phenylphenol solution⁶</u>									
Brush, one coat	:Solution 5 pct	.9	30	--	--	--	--	10	50
Dipped, 3 min.	:Solution 1.1	30	--	--	--	--	--	20	50
Soaked, 18 hr.	:Solution 2.9	30	--	--	--	--	--	13	60
Untreated controls	:	--	--	--	--	--	--	20	43

For the 30 panels tested for each treatment there were 3 sets of 10 specimens. Each set was selected from material contributed by a different manufacturer.

²Solvent contained 1 part pine oil and 12 parts Stoddard-type solvent by volume.

³Stake showed some delamination.

⁴Estimate based on condition of stakes at final inspection.

⁵Stoddard-type solvent used.

NOTE--The stakes remaining in test after the 1950 inspection were taken up and reset in the same general area.

Table 9.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with copper arsenate and copper chromate by the double-diffusion process, after about 35 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., February 1942

Treatment	Calculated retention of chemical ^{1,2}		Num: ber	Condition of stakes December 1976		Total removed	Average life
	Copper as Cu_2O_4	Chromium as Na_2CrO_4		Arsenic as Na_2HAsO_4	Total		
	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct
6-day soak in 10.6 pct copper sulfate solution plus:							
6-day soak in 9.8 pct sodium arsenate solution	.66 (.33)	—	—	.59 (0.36)	1.25 (0.69)	10 : 100	—
12-day soak in 9.8 pct sodium arsenate solution	.66 (.33)	—	—	.75 (.46)	1.41 (.79)	10 : 80 : 20	—
12-day soak in 11.8 pct sodium chromate solution	.66 (.33)	—	—	—	3.24 (1.92)	10 : 100	—
3-day soak in 10.6 pct copper sulfate solution plus:							
6-day soak in 9.8 pct sodium arsenate solution	.88 (.44)	—	—	.55 (.34)	1.43 (.78)	10 : 100	—
6-day soak in 11.8 pct sodium chromate solution	.88 (.44)	—	—	—	2.45 (1.41)	10 : 100	—
3-day soak in 5.3 pct copper sulfate solution plus:							
6-day soak in 4.9 pct sodium arsenate solution	.31 (.15)	—	—	.17 (.10)	.48 (.25)	10 : 50	—
6-day soak in 5.9 pct sodium chromate solution	.31 (.15)	—	—	—	.81 (.46)	10 : 60	—
Untreated controls	—	—	—	—	—	10 : —	—

¹Retentions based on chemical analyses made on 2 stakes treated in each charge with those placed in test.

²Retention values in parentheses are oxides ($\text{CuO} - \text{CrO}_3 - \text{As}_2\text{O}_3$).

Table 10.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with urea, after about 11 to 16-1/2 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., February 1942 and December 1946, and at Madison, Wis., April 1942

Treatment	Condition of stakes late in 1958										Total removed	Average life	
	Total	Average	Num-	Condition	Serviceable	Destroyed by--							
	Lb	Pcf	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num-	Pct	Yr	
INSTALLED 1942													
2 days' soaking ²	Miss.: 4.7	3.4	10	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	3.4		
	Wis.: 4.7	3.4	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	8.1	
4 days' soaking ²	Miss.: 6.9	5.0	10	--	--	--	100	20	80	10	100	3.3	
	Wis.: 6.9	5.0	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	8.0	
6 days' soaking ²	Miss.: 10.2	7.4	10	--	--	--	100	20	80	10	100	2.9	
	Wis.: 10.2	7.4	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	6.0	
B ₁ ³ (thermosetting)	Miss.: 9.9	7.1	10	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	4.5	
2 days' soaking	Wis.: 9.9	7.1	10	--	--	--	10	--	--	10	100	12.5	
B ₁ ³ (thermosetting)	Miss.: 11.2	8.1	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	100	10	100	5.1
4 days' soaking	Wis.: 11.2	8.1	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	13.1	
B ₁ ³ (thermosetting)	Miss.: 11.7	8.4	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	5.6	
6 days' soaking	Wis.: 11.7	8.4	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	15.2	
Untreated controls	Miss.: --	--	10	--	--	--	100	20	80	10	100	1.8	
	Wis.: --	--	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	4.8	
INSTALLED 1946													
Urea resin, pressure ⁴	Miss.: --	--	10	--	--	--	10	20	80	10	100	1.8	
	Wis.: --	--	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	9.1	

¹Calculated total retention of urea or solids for 22 stakes.

²Treating solution made up to 1.15 parts of urea to 1.00 part of water by weight.

³Solution made up of 380 parts urea, 344 parts of 37 pct formaldehyde solution, 231 parts of water, 6 parts of sodium hydroxide, and 39 parts of borax by weight.

⁴Treated with buffered urea-formalin mix (2 to 1 formaldehyde-urea ratio) at a resin solids content of 30 pct.

Table 11.--Condition of high-strength laminated paper plastic (papreg) stakes (1/8 x 4 x 14 in.) and heat-stabilized plywood (staypak) stakes (4 x 18 in.) of several thicknesses after 7 to 8 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss.

Stake No.:	Composition	: Num:	Condition of stakes December 1950					: Average
:	:	: ber :	Destroyed by--					: life
:	:	: in :						:
:	:	: test:						:
:	:	: Decay	: Termite	: Decay fungi	: and termite	:	:	:
:	:	: fungi	: attack	: attack	: attack	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	: Number:	Pct	: Number:	Pct	: Number:	Pct	: Yr
LAMINATED PAPER PLASTIC (PAPREG)--INSTALLED DECEMBER 2, 1942								
1 to 10	: 37.0 pct phenolic resin ¹ + 2 pct hardener, : 4.7 pct volatile matter	: 10	: 7	: 70	: --	: --	: 3	: 30 : 7.4
11 to 20	: 31.6 pct phenolic resin ¹ + 2 pct hardener, : 4.4 pct volatile matter	: 10	: 3	: 30	: 1	: 10	: 6	: 60 : 5.6
21 to 30	: 41.0 pct phenolic resin ¹ + 2 pct hardener, : 4.6 pct volatile matter	: 10	: 7	: 70	: --	: --	: 3	: 30 : 8.0
31 to 40	: 37.0 pct phenolic resin ¹ + 2 pct hardener, : 4.7 pct volatile matter with surface : sheets using 42.6 pct phenolic resin, ¹ : 4.6 pct volatile matter ²	: 10	: 7	: 70	: --	: --	: 3	: 30 : 7.2
41 to 50	: 37.0 pct phenolic resin ¹ + 0.5 oct oleic : acid, 4.7 pct volatile matter	: 10	: 4	: 40	: 1	: 10	: 5	: 50 : 7.6
HEAT-STABILIZED PLYWOOD (STAYPAK)--INSTALLED JUNE 4, 1943								
19-1 and	: 20 plies 1/16-in. birch bonded with phenolic	: 2	: --	: --	: 1	: 50	: 1	: 50 : 4.5
19-2	: resin and compressed to thickness of : 1/2 in.; specific gravity 1.37	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :
HEAT-STABILIZED PLYWOOD (STAYPAK)--INSTALLED DECEMBER 6, 1943								
S-1 to	: 32 plies 1/16-in. birch bonded with phenolic	: 5	: 2	: 40	: --	: --	: 3	: 60 : 6.0
S-5	: resin and compressed to thickness of : 1 in., specific gravity 1.33	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :
21-1 to	: 10 plies 1/8-in. maple bonded with phenolic	: 5	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 5	: 100 : 4.3
21-5	: resin and compressed to thickness of : 5/8 in.; specific gravity 1.36	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :

¹Alcohol-soluble.

²Single surface sheet on each side, coated side out.

³Heavy swelling at edges due to moisture absorption.

Table 12.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with phenyl mercury oleate, pentachlorophenol, copper naphthenate, and mercuric chloride, at final inspection after 20 years of service. Stakes placed in test December 1943 on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss.

Preservative	Treatment	Average	: Num:	Condition of stakes December 1963								Total	Average	
				: retention	: fiber	: in	: Good	: Serviceable but	: Destroyed by	: Decay	: Termite	: Decay		
Phenyl mercury oleate (percentage in naphtha solvent):														
.4	: 3-min. dip	1.40	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	20	: 80	: 10	: 100	: 3.8
.4	: 18-hr. soaking	3.20	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 10	30	: 60	: 10	: 100	: 5.0
.4	: Pressure	5.90	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	10	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 6.7
.4	:.....do.....	12.10	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 30	--	: 70	: 10	: 100	: 8.8
.2	: 18-hr. soaking	3.10	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 10	30	: 60	: 10	: 100	: 4.4
.2	: Pressure	6.00	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	30	: 70	: 10	: 100	: 5.6
.2	:.....do.....	11.80	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	30	: 70	: 10	: 100	: 6.2
.1	: 18-hr. soaking	3.60	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	40	: 60	: 10	: 100	: 4.5
.1	: Pressure	5.90	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	30	: 70	: 10	: 100	: 4.7
.1	:.....do.....	11.60	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	40	: 60	: 10	: 100	: 5.2
<u>.4</u>	: 3-min. dip	1.20	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	60	: 40	: 10	: 100	: 4.0
<u>.1</u>	: 18-hr. soaking	6.00	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	20	: 80	: 10	: 100	: 5.5
<u>.1</u>	: Pressure	6.10	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 10	40	: 50	: 10	: 100	: 6.2
<u>.1</u>	:.....do.....	12.00	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	10	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 8.4
Pentachlorophenol (5.0 pct in pine-oil naphtha (1:12) solvent)	:.....do.....	12.10	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 40	: 20	--	: 40	: 6	: 60	: ² 20
Copper naphthenate (0.5 pct copper metal in naphtha solvent)	:.....do.....	13.10	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 70	: 20	--	: 10	: 3	: 30	: ² 25
Mercuric chloride (1.0 pct in water)	: 3-min. dip	.014	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	50	: 50	: 10	: 100	: 4.8
	: (dry salt)													
	: 18-hr. soaking	.072	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	: --	20	: 80	: 10	: 100	: 7.5
	: (dry salt)													
Untreated controls				: --	: --	: 10	: --	: --	: --	60	: 40	: 10	: 100	: 2.0

¹Solution contained 16 pct solids as a water repellent.

²Estimate based on percentage stakes remaining after final inspection.

NOTE--The stakes remaining in test after the 1952 inspection were taken up and reset in the same general area.

Table 13.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with fire-retardant chemicals, after 7 years of service. Stakes placed in test December 1943 on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., and inspected December 1950

Treating chemicals	Retention of dry salt	Number of stakes	Condition of stakes	Average life
		Pcf	Number:	Pct
Ammonium sulfate, 78 parts; ammonium phosphate, 19 parts; and sodium dichromate, 3 parts (by weight)	3.01 : 6.17	10 : 10	5 : 6	50 : 60
Ammonium phosphate, 10 parts; ammonium sulfate, 60 parts; borax, 10 parts; and boric acid, 20 parts (by weight)	2.98 : 6.19	10 : 10	5 : 2	50 : 20
Borax, 60 parts; and boric acid, 40 parts (by weight)	3.01 : 6.29	10 : 10	3 : 6	30 : 60
Untreated controls	—	10	2	20

Table 14.—Condition of southern pine sapwood stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with various chemicals, and of laminated acetylated yellow birch sapwood stakes (0.4 x 3-1/2 x 15-3/4 in.), after 32 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1944

Preservative ¹	Condition of stakes December 1976										Total removed	Average life
	Average retention	Num-ber	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite	Decay	Fungi	Attack	Fungi		
	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Yr	
PINE STAKES												
Ammoniacal copper arsenate (Fed. Spec. TT-W-549) (percentage in solution)												
0.612 ² (0.59)	: 0.25 (.24)	: 10 : --:	10 : --:	60 : 30 :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	3 : 30 :	--				
1.29 (1.24)	: .53 (.51)	: 10 : --:	100 : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	--				
2.57 (2.48)	: 1.00 (.97)	: 10 : 100:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	--				
3.21 (3.10)	: 1.29 (1.25)	: 10 : 100:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	--				
Amyl phenyl acetate (percentage in Stoddard solvent)												
0.37	: .10	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	100 : 10 :	100 : 6.7				
.93	: .25	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	100 : 10 :	100 : 8.5				
1.85	: .50	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	40 : 60 :	10 : 100 :	10.0			
Capric acid (percentage in Stoddard solvent)												
0.37	: .10	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 30 :	60 : 10 :	100 : 5.0			
.93	: .25	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 20 :	70 : 10 :	100 : 5.3			
1.84	: .50	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 90 :	10 : 100 :	100 : 5.5			
Diamyl phenol (percentage in Stoddard solvent)												
0.37	: .10	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 90 :	10 : 100 :	100 : 5.8			
.90	: .25	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 90 :	10 : 100 :	100 : 8.4			
1.76	: .51	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 90 :	10 : 100 :	100 : 11.4			
DDT (Dichloro-diphenyl-trichloroethane) (percentage in Stoddard solvent)												
1.25	: .35	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	100 : 70 :	-- : -- :	10 : 100 :	100 : 7.1		
2.7	: .74	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	70 : -- :	-- : -- :	30 : 10 :	100 : 9.0		
Dodecyl amine (percentage in Stoddard solvent)												
0.37	: .10	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	20 : 10 :	80 : 10 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 5.4		
.93	: .25	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : 10 :	100 : 10 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 5.7		
1.85	: .50	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 90 :	10 : 100 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 6.8		
Nickel stearate (percentage in coal-tar naphtha)												
0.33	: .10	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 30 :	-- : -- :	90 : 10 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 5.6	
.93	: .27	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	30 : 10 :	-- : -- :	70 : 10 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 4.9	
1.85	: .52	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 10 :	-- : -- :	80 : 10 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 5.5	
Untreated controls	:	--	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	40 : 10 :	60 : 10 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 2.1		
YELLOW BIRCH (LAMINATED) ³												
Acetylated	:	--	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	90 : 10 :	-- : -- :	10 : 10 :	100 : 100 :	100 : 17.5	
Untreated controls	:	--	: 10 : --:	-- : --:	-- : -- :	-- : -- :	10 : 20 :	20 : 70 :	10 : 100 :	100 : 2.7		

¹All stakes except laminated yellow birch were pressure treated.

²Ammoniacal copper arsenate solution and retention figures in parentheses are oxides (CuO and As₂O₃).

³Prepared from 6-ply, parallel-laminated, acetylated 1/16-in. veneer glued with hot-press phenolic resin. Average acetyl content 19.2 pct based upon ovendry weight of wood. Untreated controls prepared from untreated veneer.

NOTE--The stakes remaining in test after the 1952 inspection were reset in the same general area.

Table 15.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.), treated with acid copper chromate, chromated copper arsenate type I, and nickel-arsenic-chromium salts, after 31 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1945

Preservative	Average retention	Number of stakes	Condition of stakes December 1976			Total removed	Average life
			In Good condition	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--		
Acid copper chromate (Fed. Spec. TT-W-546)	0.26 ¹ / _(0.13)	10	--	--	--	10	30 : 10 : 100 : 11.6
	.52 (.26)	10	--	--	--	10	10 : 2 : 20 : --
	.75 (.37)	10	--	40	20	30	-- : 3 : 30 : --
Chromated copper arsenate type I (Fed. Spec. TT-W-550)	.26 (.15)	10	--	--	30	10	60 : 7 : 70 : --
	.50 (.29)	10	20	--	60	20	-- : -- : -- : --
	.78 (.44)	10	80	--	20	--	-- : -- : -- : --
Nickel-arsenic-chromium salts (nickel sulfate ($\text{NiSO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$), 5.5 parts; sodium arsenate ($\text{NaHAsO}_4 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$), 4.0 parts; arsenic acid (H_3AsO_4), 1.5 parts; and sodium dichromate ($\text{Na}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$), 3.0 parts)	.26 (.16)	10	--	--	--	10	30 : 10 : 100 : 17.4
Untreated controls	--	--	--	--	--	90	90 : 10 : 1 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : --

¹Retention values in parentheses based on preservative oxides.

Table 16.--Condition of stakes of Douglas-fir plywood, treated with several wood preservatives, either before or after gluing of the veneer, after 31 years of service. Stakes placed in test December 1945 on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss.

Preservative	Treatment	Plywood ¹	Average retention	Number of preservative thicknesses	Condition of stakes December 1976										Total removed	Average life	
					in. ²	Pcf ³	In. ²	Pcf ³	In. ²	Pcf ³	In. ²	Pcf ³	In. ²	Pcf ³			
PLYWOOD FROM VENEER TREATED BEFORE GLUING																	
Coal-tar creosote	:Pressure	: 13 : 1/16 : 40.9	: 10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 30.9	: 10 : 90 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:Heating ⁴ and 1-hr. cold bath:	: 7 : 1/8 : 12.6	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 20 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 10.2														
	:Cold soaking, 24 hr.	: 13 : 1/16 : 12.9	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 8.4	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 13 : 1/16 : 5.1	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 4.6	: 9 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
Copper naphthenate, (2 pct copper metal) in coal-tar naphtha	:Pressure	: 13 : 1/16 : 15.5	: 9 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 10.2	: 10 : 40 : 30 : -- : -- : -- : 30 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:Heating ⁴ and 1-hr. cold bath:	: 7 : 1/8 : 6.7	: 10 : 20 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 50 : 10 : -- : -- : 1 : 10 : --														
	:Cold soaking, 24 hr.	: 13 : 1/16 : 10.1	: 10 : 90 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 6.2	: 10 : 30 : 20 : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 20 : -- : -- : 2 : 20 : --														
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 13 : 1/16 : 4.2	: 10 : 10 : 10 : -- : -- : 80 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 2.8	: 10 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : 50 : 30 : -- : -- : 20 : 5 : 50 : --														
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct in No. 2 fuel oil	:Pressure	: 13 : 1/16 : 21.4	: 10 : -- : 10 : -- : 90 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 18.2	: 10 : -- : 10 : -- : 80 : 10 : -- : -- : 10 : 2 : 20 : --														
	:Heating ⁴ and 1-hr. cold bath:	: 7 : 1/8 : 10.3	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 70 : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 3 : 30 : --														
	:Cold soaking, 24 hr.	: 13 : 1/16 : 7.4	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 80 : 10 : -- : -- : 10 : 2 : 20 : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 4.8	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 70 : 9 : 90 : --														
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 13 : 1/16 : 4.9	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50 : 20 : -- : -- : 10 : 5 : 50 : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 1.0	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 90 : 10 : 100 : 15.8														
Chromated zinc chloride	:Pressure	: 13 : 1/16 : 5.02 (0.62)	: 8 : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : 40 : 60 : 10 : 100 : 25.8														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 5.06 (0.65)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : 40 : 60 : 10 : 100 : 25.8														
	:Heating ⁴ and 1-hr. cold bath:	: 7 : 1/8 : .98 (.80)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50 : 50 : 50 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 10.3														
	:Steeping, 24 hr.	: 13 : 1/16 : 1.07 (.65)	: 8 : -- : -- : -- : 12 : 88 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 13 : 1/16 : 1.84 (1.12)	: 9 : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : .59 (.36)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 90 : 10 : 100 : 17.0														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 1.30 (.79)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 23.6														
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 13 : 1/16 : .61 (.37)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 30 : 10 : 40 : 60 : 8 : 80 : --														
	:do.....	: 13 : 1/16 : .66 (.40)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 90 : 10 : 100 : 22.1														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : .35 (.21)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 80 : 10 : 100 : 10.8														
Acid copper chromate	:Pressure	: 13 : 1/16 : .76 (.38)	: 9 : 22 : 67 : 11 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : .79 (.39)	: 10 : 30 : 40 : 20 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:Heating ⁴ and 1-hr. cold bath:	: 7 : 1/8 : 1.07 (.50)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 60 : 20 : -- : 10 : 3 : 30 : --														
	:Steeping, 24 hr.	: 13 : 1/16 : .88 (.44)	: 10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 13 : 1/16 : 1.89 (.94)	: 10 : 70 : 20 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : .54 (.27)	: 9 : 45 : 44 : 11 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : 1.32 (.65)	: 10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --														
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 13 : 1/16 : .87 (.43)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 30 : 10 : -- : 3 : 30 : --														
	:do.....	: 13 : 1/16 : .61 (.30)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 50 : 10 : -- : 3 : 30 : --														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : .27 (.13)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 80 : 10 : 100 : 18.4														
	:do.....	: 7 : 1/8 : .38 (.19)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 30 : 10 : 30 : 4 : 90 : --														

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Table 16.--Condition of stakes of Douglas-fir plywood treated with several wood preservatives, either before or after gluing of the veneer, after 31 years of service. Stakes placed in test December 1945 on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Tawakoni, Mississippian.

Preservative	Treatment	Plywood ¹	Average retention ²	(Number of preservative thicknesses)	Condition of stakes December 14 ³										Total removed	Average life				
					in good	Serviceable but showing some Decay	Termites	Fungi	Attack by termites	Attack by fungi	Attack by both	Decay	Termites	Fungi	Attack by both					
		In.	Pct		Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	
PLYWOOD TREATED AFTER GLUING																				
Coal-tar creosote	:Pressure	: 5 : 1/8 :	19.6	: 10 : 90 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --																
	:Hot bath, 1 hr., and cold	: 5 : 1/8 :	2.0	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --																
	: bath, 1 hr.																			
	:Cold soaking, 24 hr.	: 5 : 1/8 :	5.3	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 30 : 50 : 10 : 100 : 11.3																
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 5 : 1/8 :	5.0	: 7.8 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50 : 50 : 8 : 100 : 5.4																
Copper naphthenate, (2 pct copper metal) in coal-tar naphtha	:Pressure	: 5 : 1/8 :	2.9	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 40 : 10 : 30 : 8 : 80 : --																
	:Hot bath, 1 hr., and cold	: 5 : 1/8 :	1.2	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : 40 : 10 : 100 : 12.8																
	: bath, 1 hr.																			
	:Cold soaking, 24 hr.	: 5 : 1/8 :	1.1	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50 : -- : 50 : 10 : 100 : 13.8																
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 5 : 1/8 :	.4	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : 40 : 10 : 100 : 10.5																
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct in No. 2 fuel oil	:Pressure	: 5 : 1/8 :	12.5	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : 20 : -- : 20 : 4 : 40 : --																
	:Hot bath, 1 hr., and cold	: 5 : 1/8 :	2.1	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 40 : 60 : 10 : 100 : 8.3																
	: bath, 1 hr.																			
	:Cold soaking, 24 hr.	: 5 : 1/8 :	2.0	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 10 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 8.3																
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 5 : 1/8 :	.7	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 20 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 7.8																
Chromated zinc chloride	:Pressure	: 5 : 1/8 :	5.62 (.38)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 40 : -- : 60 : 10 : 100 : 17.9																
	:Steeping, 24 hr.	: 5 : 1/8 :	.35 (.21)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 30 : 60 : 10 : 100 : 8.2																
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 5 : 1/8 :	.03 (.02)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 40 : 60 : 10 : 100 : 4.0																
Acid copper chromate	:Pressure	: 5 : 1/8 :	.46 (.23)	: 10 : -- : -- : 20 : 30 : 20 : -- : 30 : 5 : 50 : --																
	:Steeping, 24 hr.	: 5 : 1/8 :	.28 (.14)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 40 : 50 : 10 : 100 : 5.3																
	:Dipping, 10 sec.	: 5 : 1/8 :	.06 (.03)	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 60 : 30 : 10 : 100 : 8.2																
None	:Untreated	: 13 : 1/16 :	--	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50 : 50 : 10 : 100 : 3.7																
	:.....do.....	: 7 : 1/8 :	--	: 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50 : 50 : 10 : 100 : 3.6																

¹Plywood glued with hot-press phenolic-resin adhesive.

²Oils or dry salt absorbed by 21- x 38-in. plywood panel. Stakes were cut from plywood panels after treatment, and all edges exposed during cutting were dipped in the preservative before installation of the stakes.

³Retention values in parentheses based on preservative oxides.

⁴Veneer heated in dryer and then submerged for 1 hr. in unheated preservative.

⁵Approximate values.

⁶Veneer treated prior to drying.

⁷Specimens delaminated and were eliminated from test.

Table 17.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with various petroleum oils, pentachlorophenol solution copper naphthenate solutions, coal-tar creosote, and mixtures of these preservatives, after about 28-1/2 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., and at Bogalusa, La., April 1948

Oil or preservative	Loca-	Avera-	Number:	Condition of stakes December 1976 ²										Total	Average		
				tion	retention:	in	test	Good	Servicable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite	Decay	Fungi	Attack	and	and
				Pcf	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num-	Pct	Yr
Unfortified petroleum oil:																	
Commercial aromatic solvent (Mid-United States)	:Miss.:	4.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	2.4		
	:La. :	4.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	20	80	10	100	2.9			
Stoddard solvent (Mid-United States)	:Miss.:	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	20	70	10	100	2.2		
	:La. :	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	20	70	10	100	2.8		
No. 2 fuel oil (Mid-United States)	:Miss.:	4.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	10	80	10	100	4.4		
	:La. :	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	70	--	30	10	100	4.1		
Heavy thermal side cut (Mid-United States)	:Miss.:	4.2	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	90	10	100	3.5		
	:La. :	4.2	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	4.6		
No. 200 Diesel oil (West Coast)	:Miss.:	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	20	20	60	10	100	4.8		
	:La. :	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	80	--	20	10	100	4.6		
Catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast)	:Miss.:	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	--	60	10	100	7.6		
	:La. :	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	40	10	100	7.7		
	:Miss.:	8.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	14.6		
	:La. :	8.0	: 10	--	10	--	--	--	--	50	20	20	4	40	--		
	:Miss.:	12.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	--	60	10	100	17.1		
	:La. :	11.9	: 8	--	25	--	--	63	12	--	--	1	12	--	--		
No. 300 fuel oil (West Coast)	:Miss.:	4.2	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	90	--	10	10	100	7.1		
	:La. :	4.2	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	20	80	--	8	80	36.5		
No. 400 fuel oil (West Coast)	:Miss.:	4.2	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	80	--	20	10	100	5.8		
	:La. :	4.2	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	90	--	10	10	100	5.5		
Light gas oil (Mid-United States)	:Miss.:	4.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	100	6.7		
	:La. :	4.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	40	10	100	6.0		
Denver No. 3 blend (50-50 topped crude residual and recycled overhead gas oil)	:Miss.:	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	40	10	100	6.5		
	:La. :	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	80	--	20	10	100	5.9		
Heavy gas oil (Mid-United States)	:Miss.:	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	12.9		
	:La. :	4.0	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	40	--	4	40	--		
	:Miss.:	7.9	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	70	--	7	70	--		
	:La. :	7.9	: 9	--	33	--	--	--	--	67	--	--	--	--	--		
	:Miss.:	12.1	: 10	--	10	--	--	--	--	80	10	--	1	10	--		
	:La. :	12.1	: 5	60	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Lube oil extract (Texas)	:Miss.:	4.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	12.0		
	:La. :	4.2	: 8	--	--	--	--	--	--	63	25	--	12	3	37	--	

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Table 17.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with various petroleum oils, pentachlorophenol solution copper naphthenate solutions, coal-tar creosote, and mixtures of these preservatives, after about 28-1/2 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., and at Bogalusa, La., April 1948--continued

Oil or preservative	Loca-	tion	Average retention:	Number: in ¹	Condition of stakes December 1976 ²										Total removed	Average life	
					Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct			
Fortified petroleum oils and mixtures:																	
Commercial aromatic solvent (Mid-United States) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.2	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100	: 10	: 100	: 10.9										
	La.	4.2	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10	: --	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 8.5								
Stoddard solvent (Mid-United States) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10	: --	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 13.7								
	La.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20	: --	: 80	: 10	: 100	: 8.8								
No. 2 fuel oil (Mid-United States) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10	: 10	: 80	: 10	: 100	: 14.9								
	La.	3.8	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20	: --	: 80	: 8	: 80	: 12.5								
Heavy thermal side cut (Mid-United States) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20	: 10	: --	: 80	: 10	: 100	: 14.0							
	La.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10	: --	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 10.6								
No. 200 Diesel oil (West Coast) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.1	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10	: --	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 17.0								
	La.	4.1	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50	: --	: 50	: 5	: 50	: --								
Catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.1	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	: --	: --	: --	: 100	: 10	: 100	: 16.3						
	La.	4.1	: 8	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 88	: 12	: --	: 1	: 12	: --								
	Miss.	8.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 88	: 10	: --	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 21.3							
	La.	7.9	: 8	: -- : 12	: -- : 88	: --	: --	: --	: --								
	Miss.	12.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : 40	: 20	: --	: 40	: 6	: 60	: --							
	La.	12.0	: 9	: -- : 56	: -- : 44	: --	: --	: --	: --								
No. 300 fuel oil (West Coast) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 80	: --	: 20	: 10	: 100	: 14.6								
	La.	4.1	: 8	: -- : 12	: -- : 51	: 12	: --	: 25	: 3	: 37	: --						
No. 400 fuel oil (West Coast) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.2	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 40	: --	: 60	: 10	: 100	: 13.9								
	La.	4.2	: 9	: -- : -- : -- : -- : 22	: 22	: --	: 56	: 7	: 78	: 12.5							
Light gas oil (Mid-United States) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10	: 70	: --	: 100	: 10	: 100	: 15.6							
	La.	4.2	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : 50	: --	: 50	: 5	: 50	: --								
Denver No. 3 blend (50-50 topped crude residual and recycled overhead gas oil) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.0	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10	: 70	: --	: 20	: 9	: 90	: --							
	La.	4.0	: 7	: -- : -- : -- : -- : 86	: 14	: --	: 20	: 9	: 14	: --							
Heavy gas oil (Mid-United States) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	Miss.	4.1	: 9	: -- : -- : -- : -- : 67	: --	: 33	: 3	: 33	: --								
	La.	4.1	: 8	: -- : 12	: -- : 88	: --	: --	: --	: --								
	Miss.	7.9	: 10	: -- : -- : -- : -- : 90	: 10	: --	: 1	: 10	: --								
	La.	7.9	: 6	: -- : 33	: -- : 67	: --	: --	: --	: --								
	Miss.	12.0	: 10	: 10 : 30	: -- : 50	: 10	: --	: 1	: 10	: --							
	La.	12.0	: 5	: 60	: -- : 40	: --	: --	: --	: --								

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Table 17.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with various petroleum oils, pentachlorophenol solution copper naphthenate solutions, coal-tar creosote, and mixtures of these preservatives, after about 28-1/2 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., and at Bogalusa, La., April 1948--continued

Oil or preservative	Location ¹	Average retention ²	Number ³	Condition of stakes December 1976 ²								Total removed	Average life	
				Pct Good	Pct Serviceable but showing some decay	Pct Destroyed by Decay	Pct Termite attack	Pct Decay and fungi attack	Pct Fungi attack	Pct and termites	Pct Termites			
				Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num.	Pct	Yr
Fortified petroleum oils and mixtures:														
--continued														
Lube oil extract (Texas) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol	:Miss.: :La.	4.2 : 4.2	: 10 : 8	-- : --	-- : --	40 : 100	50 : --	-- : --	10 : --	6 : --	60 : --			
Catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with copper naphthenate (0.5 pct copper metal)	:Miss.: :La.	4.2 : 4.2	: 10 : 10	-- : --	-- : 10	-- : 60	10 : --	-- : --	20 : --	3 : 30	100 : --			14.3
Catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with copper naphthenate (0.75 pct copper metal)	:Miss.: :La.	4.4 : 4.2	: 8 : 8	-- : --	-- : 13	-- : 62	75 : 12	-- : --	25 : --	8 : 12	100 : 17.4			
Coal-tar creosote		4.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	70 : 50	-- : --	30 : 10	100 : 14.2			
Coal-tar creosote, 50 pct, and catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol, 50 pct by volume	:Miss.: :La.	4.1 : 4.1	: 10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	--	50 : 40	-- : --	10 : --	5 : 50	50 : --			
Coal-tar creosote, 50 pct, and catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with copper naphthenate (0.5 pct copper metal), 50 pct by volume	:Miss.: :La.	4.2 : 4.3	: 10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	--	10 : 90	90 : 10	-- : --	9 : 10	90 : --			
Coal-tar creosote, 25 pct, and catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with copper naphthenate (0.75 pct copper metal), 75 pct by volume	:Miss.: :La.	4.1 : 4.2	: 10 : 8	-- : --	-- : --	--	90 : 50	38 : 38	-- : --	12 : 1	40 : 50			14.6
Catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with 5 pct pentachlorophenol, 50 pct, and catalytic gas-base oil (West Coast) with copper naphthenate (0.5 pct copper metal), 50 pct by volume	:Miss.: :La.	4.2 : 4.2	: 10 : 9	-- : --	-- : --	--	30 : 100	20 : --	10 : --	40 : --	7 : 70			
Untreated controls	:Miss.: :La.	-- : --	: 10 : 10	-- : --	-- : --	--	-- : --	20 : --	20 : --	60 : --	10 : 100	100 : 2.2		
														2.8

¹10 stakes were originally installed at each test station. This number has since been reduced because of failure to locate the stakes at the time of inspection.

²Final inspection at Bogalusa November 1962.

³Estimate based on percentage of stakes remaining after final inspection.

Table 18.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.), treated with various coal-tar creosotes and creosote solutions, after about 28 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., October 1948, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1948

Preservative	Locality	Average retention ¹	Condition of stakes October 1976 ¹												Total removed	Average
			Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct		
Coal-tar creosote																
Low residue, straight run	Miss.	8.0	10	--	--	--	30	60	--	10	7	70	2	17.8	--	--
	Wis.	8.0	10	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium residue, straight run	Miss.	8.0	10	--	10	--	10	80	--	--	8	80	2	18.8	--	--
	Wis.	8.0	10	--	90	--	--	10	--	--	1	10	--	--	--	--
High residue, straight run	Miss.	7.8	10	--	20	--	20	60	--	--	6	60	2	20.3	--	--
	Wis.	7.8	10	10	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium residue																
Low in tar acids	Miss.	8.1	10	--	10	--	20	70	--	--	7	70	2	19.4	--	--
	Wis.	8.1	10	10	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Low in naphthalene	Miss.	8.2	10	--	10	--	50	40	--	--	4	40	2	21.3	--	--
	Wis.	8.2	10	--	90	--	--	10	--	--	1	10	--	--	--	--
Low in tar acids and naphthalene	Miss.	8.0	10	--	--	--	30	60	--	10	7	70	2	18.9	--	--
	Wis.	8.0	10	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Low residue, low in tar acids and naphthalene	Miss.	8.0	10	--	10	--	20	50	--	20	7	70	2	19.2	--	--
	Wis.	8.0	10	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
High residue, low in tar acids and naphthalene	Miss.	8.2	10	--	10	--	10	70	--	10	8	80	2	20.0	--	--
	Wis.	8.1	10	10	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
English vertical retort	Miss.	8.0	10	--	--	--	30	60	--	10	7	70	2	18.9	--	--
	Wis.	8.0	10	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
English coke oven	Miss.	7.9	10	--	--	--	--	70	--	30	10	100	13.6			
	Wis.	7.9	10	--	90	--	--	10	--	--	1	10	--	--	--	--
English coke oven, 50 pct, and English vertical retort, 50 pct by volume	Miss.	8.1	10	--	--	--	10	40	--	50	9	90	2	16.9	--	--
	Wis.	8.1	10	10	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium residue, low in tar acids and naphthalene, 70 pct, and coal tar, 30 pct by volume	Miss.	8.1	10	--	20	--	10	70	--	--	7	70	2	20.4	--	--
	Wis.	8.1	10	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium residue, low in tar acids and naphthalene, 70 pct, and petroleum oil (Wyoming residual), 30 pct by volume	Miss.	8.1	10	--	10	--	20	70	--	--	7	70	2	19.6	--	--
	Wis.	8.1	10	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	Miss.	8.1	10	--	--	--	--	90	--	10	10	100	3.4			
	Wis.	8.1	10	--	20	--	--	80	--	--	8	80	--	--	--	--
Untreated controls	Miss.	--	10	--	--	--	--	10	10	80	10	100	1.9			
	Wis.	--	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100	5.6			

¹Final inspection in Mississippi November 1968.

²Estimate based on percentage of stakes remaining after final inspection.

Table 19.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2×4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with English coke oven and vertical retort coal-tar creosotes, after about 28 years of service.
Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss.,
 December 1948

Preservative	Average:Num- :reten- :tion	Condition of stakes December 1976	Total removed	Aver- age life
	:Average: :ber	Good: :test:	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--
Coal-tar creosote	5.3 : 10 : --	-- : --	40 : 60 : --	-- : 6 : 60 : --
English vertical retort	10.1 : 10 : --	10 : --	60 : 20 : --	10 : 3 : 30 : --
	15.0 : 10 : 50	20 : --	80 : -- : --	-- : -- : -- : --
English coke oven	4.7 : 10 : --	-- : --	80 : --	20 : 10 : 100 : 16.3
	10.1 : 10 : --	-- : --	30 : 60 : 10 : --	-- : 7 : 70 : --
	14.8 : 10 : --	-- : --	30 : 50 : --	20 : 7 : 70 : --
Untreated controls:	-- : 10 : --	-- : --	-- : --	100 : 10 : 100 : 1.9

Table 20.-Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with zinc-arsenic-chromium and chromated copper arsenate salts, after about 27 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., November 1949, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1949

Preservative	Condition of stakes December 1976										Total removed	Average life
	Location	Average retention	Number	in test	Serviceable but showing some decay	Destroyed by termite	Decay	Termite	Decay fungi	Attack fungi		
	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num-ber	Pct Yr
Zinc-arsenic-chromium salt (S 32) ¹	:Wis. : (0.96)	: 10 :	--	: 90 :	--	--	: 10 :	--	--	--	: 1 :	10 : --
	:Miss. : (.96)	: 10 :	80	: 20 :	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.74)	: 10 :	--	: 80 :	--	--	: 20 :	--	--	--	: 2 :	20 : --
	:Miss. : (.72)	: 10 :	30	: 30 :	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.50)	: 10 :	--	: 20 :	--	--	: 80 :	--	--	--	: 8 :	80 : --
	:Miss. : (.50)	: 10 :	--	: 20 :	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.35)	: 10 :	--	: 10 :	--	--	: 90 :	--	--	--	: 9 :	90 : --
	:Miss. : (.35)	: 10 :	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.22)	: 10 :	--	: 10 :	--	--	: 90 :	--	--	--	: 9 :	90 : --
	:Miss. : (.22)	: 10 :	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	10	: 1 :	10 : --
Chromated copper arsenate, type II (Fed. Spec. TT-W-550)	:Wis. : ² (1.03)	: 10 :	90	: 10 :	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : (1.04)	: 10 :	100	: --	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.78)	: 10 :	100	: --	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : (.79)	: 9 :	100	: --	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.52)	: 10 :	30	: 70 :	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : (.52)	: 10 :	100	: --	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.37)	: 10 :	--	: 100 :	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : (.37)	: 10 :	100	: --	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : (.26)	: 10 :	--	: 100 :	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : (.26)	: 10 :	30	: 40 :	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc chloride	:Wis. : 1.03(.61)	: 10 :	--	--	--	--	: 100 :	--	--	--	: 10 :	100 : 12.8
	:Miss. : 1.04(.62)	: 10 :	--	--	--	--	: 20 :	--	--	80	: 10 :	100 : 16.9
Coal-tar creosote	:Wis. : 8.4	: 10 :	--	: 90 :	--	--	: 10 :	--	--	--	: 1 :	10 : --
	:Miss. : 8.3	: 10 :	--	--	--	--	: 90 :	10 :	--	--	: 1 :	10 : --
Untreated controls	:Wis. : --	: 10 :	--	--	--	--	: 100 :	--	--	--	: 10 :	100 : 7.0
	:Miss. : --	: 10 :	--	--	--	--	: 10 :	30	--	60	: 10 :	100 : 2.8

¹ZnO, 97 parts; Cr₂O₃, 170 parts; and As₂O₅, 213 parts.

²Retention figures in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

Table 21.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with two fortified aromatic petroleum oils, after about 27 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1949

Preservative	Average: :Num- :ber	Condition of stakes December 1976	Total :Average removed : life
	:in :Good: :test: :	:Serviceable but : showing some--	
	:Decay:Termit- :e	:Decay :fungi:attack : fungi : :attack : and : : and : :termite: :attack : :attack : :attack : :	:Decay:Termite: Decay : :
Pcf.	:Pct.:Pct. : : ;	:Pct. : : ;	:Pct. : : ;
			:Pct. : : ;
Standard wood preservative ¹	3.7 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 10 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 7.3		
	8.2 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 10 : 10 : 60 : 8 : 80 : --		
	11.7 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 40 : -- : 30 : 7 : 70 : --		
Wood preservative No. 51746-R ²	4.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : -- : 80 : 10 : 100 : 11.6		
	8.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 20 : -- : 50 : 7 : 70 : --		
	12.1 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 50 : 10 : -- : 40 : 5 : 50 : --		
Untreated controls:	-- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 2.2		

¹Reported to be a mixture of heavy petroleum cresylic acids, an aromatic solvent, and copper napthenate equivalent to 0.3 pct. copper metal.

²Reported to be a mixture of petroleum cresylic acids, aromatic oils, and 1.0 pct. pentachlorophenol.

Table 22.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.), treated with oil solutions of rosin amine D pentachlorophenol and pentachlorophenol, after about 27 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1949.

Preservative	Average retention: : Number: ber:	Condition of stakes December 1976						Total removed	Average life: age
		: in : Good	: Servicable but showing some--	: Destroyed by--	: Decay	: Termite: Decay	: Fungi		
Rosin amine D pentachlorophenol, 5 pct, in Stoddard solvent	4.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 80 : 10 : 100 : 3.8								
	7.9 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 100 : 10 : 100 : 5.1								
	11.8 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 100 : 10 : 100 : 9.5								
Rosin amine D pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; and paraffin wax, 2 pct, in Stoddard solvent	4.2 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 80 : 10 : 100 : 4.5								
	8.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 90 : 100 : 10 : 100 : 7.8								
Rosin amine D pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; paraffin wax, 2 pct; and pentalyn H, 10 pct, in Stoddard solvent	4.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 30 : 40 : 10 : 100 : 8.0								
	8.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 30 : 40 : 10 : 100 : 8.7								
Rosin amine D pentachlorophenol, 5 pct, in No. 4 aromatic oil	4.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : 40 : 10 : 100 : 12.7								
	7.6 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 50 : -- : 50 : 10 : 100 : 15.9								
	12.3 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 30 : -- : 30 : 10 : 100 : --								
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; and pine oil, 5 pct, in Stoddard solvent	4.1 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 9.5								
	8.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 100 : 9 : 100 : 15.5								
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; pine oil, 5 pct; paraffin wax, 2 pct; and pentalyn H, 10 pct, in Stoddard solvent	4.1 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 90 : 10 : 100 : 12.8								
	7.8 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 80 : 10 : 10 : 100 : 15.7								
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct, in No. 4 aromatic oil	4.2 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 60 : -- : 20 : 8 : 80 : --								
	8.2 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 80 : 10 : -- : 10 : 2 : 20 : --								
Untreated controls	-- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 2.3								

Table 23.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with rosin amine D pentachlorophenate and Pentachlorophenol in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual), after about 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., March 1952

Preservative	Average: Number:		Condition of stakes November 1976		Total		Average	
	reten-	in	Good:	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	removed	life	:
Rosin amine D pentachlorophenate 5 pct., in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	4.0	10	--	--	40	40	20	6 : 60 : --
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct. in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	8.0	10	--	--	40	40	20	6 : 60 : --
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct. in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	11.7	10	--	--	10	70	20	2 : 20 : --
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct. in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	4.0	10	--	--	10	50	40	9 : 90 : --
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct. in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	8.0	10	--	--	70	20	--	2 : 20 : --
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct. in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	11.7	10	--	--	20	--	--	-- : -- : --
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct. in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	7.7	10	--	--	20	60	20	8 : 80 : --
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct. in petroleum oil (Wyoming residual)	12.2	10	--	--	30	70	--	7 : 70 : --
Untreated controls	--	10	--	--	--	20	80	10 : 100 : 2.0

Table 24. -- Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with two Boliden salt formulations, after about 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., March 1952

Preservative	Average retention (anhydrous salts)	Number in test	Condition of stakes November 1976	Total removed	Average life
	Pcf.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Yr.
Chromated zinc arsenate (H_3AsO_4 , .022 ¹ (0.11); 20 parts; Na_2HAsO_4 , 21 parts; $Na_2Cr_2O_7 \cdot H_2O$, 16 ² parts; and As_2O_3 , 43 parts) ₂	.38 (.20) : .77 (.40) : 1.01 (.53)	10 : 10 : 310 : -10	-- : -- : -- : --	20 : 100 : 100 : 100	70 : 80 : 80 : 80
Boliden salts S-25 (CrO_3 , .30); CuO, 5 parts; ZnO, 14 parts; and As205, 49 parts)	(.50) : (.75) : (1.01)	10 : 10 : 100 : --	-- : -- : -- : --	100 : 100 : 100 : 100	-- : -- : -- : --
Untreated controls	--	10	--	20	100 : 1.8

¹Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

²Retentions are shown on an anhydrous basis, and figures should be increased approximately 26 pct to obtain values as computed in AWPA Standard P5-55.

³This stake group placed in test in August 1952.

Table 25.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with four fire-retardant formulations (AWPA P10-51), after about 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., March 1952.¹

Preservative	Average retention	Number in test	Condition of stakes November 1976			Total removed	Average life
			Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--		
Chromated zinc chloride (ZnCl ₂ , 80.4 parts; Na ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ • 2H ₂ O, 19.6 parts)	1.50 ² (0.92) ² 2.91 (1.78) ² 6.00 (3.67) ²	10 10 50 50	-- 20 -- 50	-- 20 -- --	40 40 10 --	20 10 10 --	40 6 20 --
Chromated zinc chloride (FR) (Chromated zinc chloride, 80 parts; H ₃ BO ₃ , 10 parts; and (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 10 parts)	1.53 3.00 6.08 --	10 10 10 --	-- -- 80 --	10 60 10 --	30 10 10 --	20 10 10 --	40 9 30 --
Minalith ((NH ₄) ₂ HPO ₄ , 10 parts; (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 60 parts; Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ , 10 parts; and H ₃ BO ₃ , 20 parts)	1.50 3.00 6.13 --	10 10 10 --	-- -- -- --	-- -- -- --	-- 10 30 --	10 10 70 --	90 100 100 --
Pyrosoke	1.50 3.01 6.26 --	10 10 10 --	-- -- -- --	-- -- 10 --	-- 10 20 --	90 100 80 --	100 100 100 --
Untreated controls	--	10	--	--	--	20	80 100 2.6

¹In cooperation with Bureau of Ships, Department of the Navy.

²Retention values in parentheses based on preservative oxides.

Table 26.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with basic zinc chloride and zinc chloride, after about 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., March 1952

Preservative	Average retention	Num- ber	Condition of stakes November 1976			Total removed	Average life
			in Good:	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--		
Basic zinc chloride ¹	1.00	10	--	10	90	--	--
	2.11	10	30	10	60	--	--
	4.13	10	70	30	--	--	--
Zinc chloride	1.02 ² (0.61)	10	--	--	20	--	--
Untreated controls	--	10	--	--	10	20	70 : 10 : 100 : 2.2

¹Pershall process. Compound intended as fire retardant with retentions of 3-1/2 to 4 pcfs.

Retentions of basic zinc chloride are expressed as weight of zinc oxide ZnO.

²Retention value in parentheses based on preservative oxide ZnO.

Table 27.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.), treated with naval-stores products, after about 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., March 1952

Preservative	Average: Number in reten- tion	Condition of stakes November 1976						Total removed	Average life
		test	Good:	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite		
Rosin oil and No. 2 fuel oil (2:7) ¹	4.1	10	--	--	--	30	--	70	100 : 6.8
	8.0	10	--	--	--	60	--	40	100 : 5.8
	12.3	10	--	--	--	20	--	80	100 : 9.3
Rosin oil and No. 2 fuel oil (1:7) ¹	4.0	10	--	--	--	10	--	90	100 : 5.6
	8.0	10	--	--	--	50	--	50	100 : 5.8
	12.1	10	--	--	--	40	--	60	100 : 8.6
Rosin oil and No. 2 fuel oil (1:7) ¹ with 2.98 pct ¹ pentachlorophenol	4.0	10	--	--	--	20	--	80	100 : 11.4
	8.0	10	--	--	--	10	20	70	90 : --
	12.1	10	--	--	--	50	10	40	50 : --
No. 2 fuel oil	4.1	10	--	--	--	30	10	60	100 : 6.2
No. 2 fuel oil with 2.92 pct ¹ pentachlorophenol	4.0	10	--	--	--	10	--	90	100 : 11.1
	8.0	10	--	--	--	20	--	80	100 : 12.8
	12.3	10	--	--	--	60	--	40	40 : --
No. 2 fuel oil with 4.94 pct ¹ pentachlorophenol	4.1	10	--	--	--	50	--	50	100 : 12.4
	8.0	10	--	--	--	40	--	60	100 : 13.2
	12.0	10	--	--	--	60	30	--	30 : --
Rosin oil and Stoddard solvent (1:7) ¹ with 3.21 pct ¹ pentachlorophenol	8.0	10	--	--	--	50	--	50	100 : 12.5
Oleo resin and No. 2 fuel oil (2:7) ¹	4.0	29	--	--	--	--	--	100	90 : 6.1
	8.1	10	--	--	--	40	10	50	100 : 6.8
	12.2	10	--	--	--	30	--	70	100 : 10.7

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Table 27.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with naval-stores products, after about 25 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss.
March 1952--continued

Preservative	Average Number in retention	Condition of stakes November 1976			Total removed	Average life
		Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--		
Oleo resin and Stoddard solvent (1:7) ¹ with 3.11 pct ¹ Pentachlorophenol	8.2	10	--	--	50	10 : 100 : 10.4
Drop liquor concentrate and Stoddard solvent (1:7) ¹ with 2.99 pct ¹ Pentachlorophenol	7.9	10	--	--	80	10 : 100 : 8.7
Oleo resin and No. 2 fuel oil (1:7) ¹ with 2.94 pct ¹ pentachlorophenol	4.1	10	--	--	50	10 : 100 : 13.5
Drop liquor concentrate and No. 2 fuel oil (2:7) ¹	8.0	10	--	--	70	9 : 90 : --
Drop liquor concentrate and No. 2 fuel: oil (1:7) ¹ with 3.03 pct ¹ pentachlorophenol	12.0	10	--	--	100	10 : 100 : 10.2
No. 2 fuel oil with 5 pct ¹ rosin amine D copper acetate complex	4.1	10	--	--	60	9 : 90 : --
Untreated controls	--	10	--	--	70	10 : 100 : 2.8

Ratios and percentages on a weight basis.

¹ Stake missing, eliminated from test.

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Table 28.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with coal-tar creosotes from tars produced by low-temperature carbonization (Disco Process), after 24 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1952.

Preservative	Average Number: retention:	Condition of stakes December 1976			Total removed	Average life
		In test	Good: Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--		
Low-temperature coal-tar creosote, type 1 (tar acids present)	5.0 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	90 : 90 : 90 : 50	-- : -- : -- : --	--	--
	10.2 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	90 : 90 : 50	-- : -- : --	--	--
	15.4 : 10 : 30 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	50 : 50	-- : --	--	--
Low-temperature coal-tar creosote, type 2 (high percentage of tar acids removed)	5.0 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	80 : 100	-- : --	20	20
	9.8 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	100	--	--	--
	15.2 : 10 : 40 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	50	--	--	--
Untreated controls	-- : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	40	40	60	100 : 2.3

Table 29.--Condition¹, after about 23-1/2 years of service², of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.) treated with preservative oils and conditioned by vapor cleaning and steaming to remove residual solvents. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., April 1953³

Stake No.	Preservative	Conditioning:	Number:	Average preservative retention	Condition of stakes November 1976												Total removed	Average life
					after treatment	in test	From weights	By analysis	Good	Serviceable but showing some decay	Destroyed by termite	Decay:Termite	Decay:fungi	Attack:termite	Attack:fungi	Attack:other	Destroyed by other	
					Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct Yr	
V1-V10	Pentachlorophenol;None	4	10	4.2	0.105	0.082	--	--	--	--	20	10	70	10	100	11.6		
V11-V20	2.5 pct in light aromatic solvent ³	Steaming ⁴	10	4.2	.105	.091	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	12.4		
V21-V30	Pentachlorophenol;Vapor 2.5 pct in light aromatic solvent	Cleaning ⁵	10	4.1	.102	.069	--	--	--	--	10	10	80	10	100	11.3		
V31-V40	Pentachlorophenol;Steaming ⁴ 4.5 pct in light aromatic solvent ³	4	10	4.4	.200	.139	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	10.8		
V41-V50	Pentachlorophenol;Vapor 5 pct in light aromatic solvent	Cleaning ⁵	10	4.5	.225	.136	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	14.2		
V51-V60	Pentachlorophenol;None	4	10	4.6	.230	.186	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	14.1		
V61-V70	5 pct in light aromatic solvent ³	Steaming ⁴	10	4.8	.240	.222	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	12.9		
V71-V80	Pentachlorophenol;Vapor 5 pct in light aromatic solvent ³	Cleaning ⁵	10	6.0	.300	.173	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	10	100	12.3		
V81-V90	Pentachlorophenol;Steaming ⁴ 9.1 pct in light aromatic solvent ³	4	10	4.4	.400	.319	--	--	--	--	20	10	--	70	8	80	--	
V91-V100	Pentachlorophenol;Vapor 10 pct in light aromatic solvent	Cleaning ⁵	10	6.0	.600	.397	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	10	7	70	--	
V101-V110	Pentachlorophenol;None	4	10	6.2	.310	.121	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100	10	100	16.5	
V111-V120	5 pct in No. 2 fuel oil	Steaming ⁴	10	6.6	.330	.146	--	--	--	--	10	20	--	70	9	90	--	
V121-V130		Vapor Cleaning ⁵	10	7.2	.360	.111	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	13.1		
V131-V140	Copper naphthenate;None 0.5 pct copper	4	10	4.6	.023	.020	--	--	--	--	50	--	50	10	100	11.0		
V141-V150	in light	Steaming ⁴	10	4.5	.022	.020	--	--	--	--	40	--	60	10	100	12.0		
V151-V160	aromatic solvent																	
V161-V170	Copper naphthenate;Steaming ⁴ 0.59 pct copper	4	10	4.4	.026	.023	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	14.3		
V171-V180	in light	Vapor Cleaning ⁵	10	4.2	.029	.021	--	--	--	--	30	--	70	10	100	13.7		
V181-V190	aromatic solvent																	
	Untreated controls		--	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	40	10	100	2.4	

¹In cooperation with the Bureau of Ships, Department of the Navy.

²Prior to conditioning.

³Solution contained 5 pct ester gum (by weight) as a bloom preventative.

⁴1 hr. steaming with maximum temperature 259° F., and 1 hr. vacuum, following which steaming and vacuum periods were repeated.

⁵1 hr. heating in vapor of aromatic solvent with maximum temperature of 280° F., and 1 hr. vacuum, following which vapor heating and vacuum periods were repeated.

Table 30.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with Basillit UA after about 22 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest,
Saucier, Miss., December 1954

Preservative	Average retention	Number in test	Condition of stakes November 1976			Total removed	Average life
			Good	Serviceable but showing some	Destroyed by—		
Basillit UA ¹	0.25 ² (0.19)	10	—	—	—	40	—
Do.....	.53 (.39)	10	—	—	—	100	—
Do.....	.75 (.56)	10	—	—	—	100	—
Untreated controls	—	10	—	—	—	20	80 : 100 : 1.8

¹Contains sodium fluoride, sodium dichromate, and sodium arsenate.

²Retention values in parentheses based on preservative oxides.

Table 31.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.) of uninfected and Trichoderma
mold-infected wood, treated with coal-tar creosote, pentachlorophenol solution, and copperized
chromated zinc chloride, after about 22 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the
Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1954

Preservative	Average retention	Number in test	Condition of stakes November 1976										Total removed	Average life	
			Pct Good	Serviceable but showing some--		Destroyed by--		Decay: Termite:		Decay: fungi: attack		fungi: and termite: attack			
	Pcf		Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num-ber	Pct	Yr	
STAKES FROM WOOD WITHOUT MOLD INFECTION															
Coal-tar creosote (high residue, straight-run)	: 3.9 : 7.8 : 12.2	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : 20	-- : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : 90 : 70	-- : -- : --	-- : 30 : 70	-- : -- : --	-- : 20 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : 3 : 30	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	
Coal-tar creosote (low residue, low in tar acids and naphthalenes)	: 4.0 : 8.0 : 12.4	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : 50	-- : -- : 50	-- : -- : --	-- : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : 40 : 40	-- : -- : --	-- : 5 : 5	-- : -- : --	-- : 50 : 50	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	
Pentachlorophenol (4.7 pct in No. 2 fuel oil)	: 4.2 : 8.1 : 12.1	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : 10 : 90	-- : -- : --	-- : 20 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : 70 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : 100 : 100	-- : -- : 16.7	-- : -- : --	
Copperized chromated zinc chloride	: .34 ¹ (.20) : .73 (.45) : 1.15 (.71)	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : 80	-- : -- : 80	-- : 20 : 10	-- : 20 : 10	-- : 20 : 10	-- : 20 : 10	-- : 100 : 80	-- : 20 : 10	-- : 100 : 80	-- : 100 : 16.6	-- : -- : --	
Untreated controls	: --	: 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : 60 : 60	-- : -- : 60	-- : 100 : 40	-- : 100 : 40	-- : 100 : 100	-- : 100 : 2.1	-- : -- : --	
STAKES FROM WOOD INFECTED WITH <u>TRICHODERMA</u> MOLD															
Coal-tar creosote (high residue, straight-run)	: 4.0 : 8.0 : 12.0	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : 50 : 100	-- : -- : --	-- : 30 : 100	-- : -- : --	-- : 20 : 100	-- : -- : --	-- : 5 : 50	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	
Coal-tar creosote (low residue, low in tar acids and naphthalenes)	: 4.1 : 8.0 : 12.0	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : 20 : 100	-- : -- : --	-- : 60 : 100	-- : -- : --	-- : 20 : 100	-- : -- : --	-- : 8 : 80	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	
Pentachlorophenol (4.7 pct in No. 2 fuel oil)	: 4.2 : 7.8 : 11.9	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : 20 : 80	-- : 20 : 80	-- : 20 : 80	-- : 20 : 80	-- : 20 : 80	-- : 20 : 80	-- : 8 : 80	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	
Copperized chromated zinc chloride	: .34 (.20) : .74 (.45) : 1.17 (.71)	: 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : 30 : 40	-- : 30 : 50	-- : 20 : 50	-- : 20 : 50	-- : 70 : 10	-- : 70 : 10	-- : 70 : 10	-- : 70 : 10	-- : -- : --	
Untreated controls	: --	: 10	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : -- : --	-- : 10 : 80	-- : 30 : 20	-- : 60 : 10	-- : 100 : 40	-- : 100 : 40	-- : 100 : 100	-- : 100 : 2.5	-- : -- : --	

¹Retention values in parentheses based on preservative oxides.

Table 32.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with Texas lignite coal-tar creosote and with paraffin alone and fortified with pentachlorophenol, after 22 years of service.
Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1954

Preservative	Average Number: retention in test	Condition of stakes November 1976		Total removed		Average life	
		Good: Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite	Decay	Termite
Texas lignite coal-tar creosote	5.1	10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 20 : 10 : -- : 70 : 8 : 80 : --					
Do.....	9.8	10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 80 : -- : -- : 20 : 2 : 20 : --					
Do.....	15.2	10 : 20 : -- : 10 : 70 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --					
25 pct. paraffin in aromatic volatile solvent (by weight)	25.9	10 : -- : -- : -- : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 70 : 9 : 90 : --					
5 pct. pentachlorophenol plus 28.5 pct. paraffin; in aromatic volatile solvent (by weight)	26.3	10 : 10 : -- : 30 : 60 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --					
Untreated controls	--	10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : 30 : 70 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 2.3					

Table 33.—Condition of Douglas-fir, sweetgum, and tangile plywood stakes, treated with pentachlorophenol and with fluor chrome arsenate phenol type A, after about 21 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., January 1956¹

Item:	Species	Preservative	Treatment	Average retention	Num: ber	Condition of stakes November 1976	Total removed	Average life
No.:						In Good: Serviceable but showing some decay: Termite attack: and attack: termite attack:		
1	Douglas-fir	Pentachlorophenol ²	Hot and cold ³	10.0	10	-- : -- : -- : 30 : 20 : -- : 50 : 7 : 70 : --		
2		do.....	Cold soaked	6.3	10	-- : -- : -- : 30 : -- : 70 : 10 : 100 : 8.2		
3	Sweetgum	Fluor chrome	Hot and cold ⁴	.52 (.32)	10	-- : -- : -- : 50 : -- : 50 : 10 : 100 : 12.3		
		arsenate phenol						
		type A						
4		Pentachlorophenol ²	do.....	15.1	10	-- : -- : -- : 30 : -- : 70 : 10 : 100 : 7.4		
5		Fluor chrome	do.....	.62 (.39)	10	-- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : 40 : 10 : 100 : 8.5		
		arsenate phenol						
		type A						
6	Tangile	Pentachlorophenol ²	do.....	9.4	10	-- : -- : -- : 60 : -- : 40 : 10 : 100 : 6.8		
7		Fluor chrome	do.....	.59 (.37)	10	-- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : -- : 10 : 100 : 10.4		
		arsenate phenol						
		type A						
PLYWOOD FROM VENEER TREATED BEFORE GLUING								
8	Douglas-fir	Pentachlorophenol ²	Pressure	9.6	10	-- : -- : -- : 20 : 20 : -- : 60 : 8 : 80 : --		
9		do.....	Cold soaked	.9	10	-- : -- : -- : 20 : 10 : 70 : 10 : 100 : 5.3		
10		do.....	do.....	1.4	10	-- : -- : -- : 20 : -- : 80 : 10 : 100 : 7.1		
11		Fluor chrome	Pressure	.61 (.38)	9	-- : -- : -- : 33 : 11 : 22 : 33 : 6 : 67 : --		
		arsenate phenol						
		type A						
12	Sweetgum	Pentachlorophenol ²	do.....	10.6	10	-- : -- : -- : 70 : -- : 30 : 10 : 100 : 6.3		
13		Fluor chrome	do.....	.55 (.34)	10	-- : -- : -- : 50 : 10 : 40 : 10 : 100 : 7.6		
		arsenate phenol						
		type A						
14	Tangile	Pentachlorophenol ²	do.....	10.4	10	-- : -- : -- : 10 : 70 : -- : 20 : 9 : 90 : --		
15		Fluor chrome	do.....	.60 (.37)	10	-- : -- : -- : 10 : 80 : -- : 10 : 9 : 90 : --		
		arsenate phenol						
		type A						
UNTREATED CONTROL								
16	Douglas-fir	--	--	--	10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 10 : 100 : 3.6		
17	Sweetgum	--	--	--	10	-- : -- : -- : 10 : 10 : 80 : 10 : 100 : 1.4		
18	Tangile	--	--	--	10	-- : -- : -- : -- : 40 : -- : 60 : 10 : 100 : 1.9		

¹In cooperation with the Bureau of Ships, Department of the Navy.

²Five percent solution conforming to MIL-W-18142 (SHIPS) specification 27 August 1954.

³Consisted of heating in a veneer dryer and immersion in unheated preservative solution until desired retention was obtained.

⁴Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

⁵One stake by soft-rot fungus.

NOTE--The stakes were of 5-ply veneer, 5/8 x 4 x 18 in., and cut from panels 24 x 48 in. For item 10 the stakes were cut from the panels and then treated. For other treated items the stakes were cut after treatment and the edges exposed in sawing were brush coated with the preservative.

Table 34.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with copper formate, after about 20 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1956

Preservative	Average reten- tion (copper)	Number:	Condition of stakes November 1976	Total removed	Average life
	Pcf.	Pct. : Pct.	Pct. : Pct.	Pct. : Pct.	Pct. : Yr.
Copper formate	.030	10 : --	-- : --	-- : 30	70 : 100 : 7.4
	.060	10 : --	-- : --	80 : 20	-- : 20 : --
	.090	10 : --	-- : --	90 : 10	-- : 10 : --
	.120	10 : 30	-- : 10	50 : 10	-- : 10 : --
Untreated controls:	--	10 : --	-- : --	-- : 100	10 : 100 : 3.4

Table 35.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. and 3/4 x 3/4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with KP¹ preservative, after about 18-1/2 to 19 years of service. Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., May 1958, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1957.

Preservative	Location	Average retention	Number	Condition of stakes November 1976						Total removed	Average life	
				in Good	Serviceable but showing some decay	Decay	Termite attack	Fungi attack	Fungi and termite			
				Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num-ber	Pct Yr	
STAKES 3/4 by 3/4 by 18 INCHES												
KP ¹ preservative	Miss.	.09	29	--	--	--	56	11	33	9	100	9.5
	do.	.18	28	--	--	38	50	--	12	5	62	--
	do.	.28	29	33	--	39	12	22	--	2	22	--
	do.	.37	10	70	--	10	--	20	--	2	20	--
Chromated zinc chloride	do.	1.20 ³ (0.73)	29	--	--	--	11	11	67	11	8	89
Coal-tar creosote	do.	11.6	10	20	--	40	20	10	--	10	2	20
Untreated controls	do.	--	10	--	--	--	40	--	60	10	100	2.1
STAKES 2 BY 4 BY 18 INCHES												
KP ¹ preservative	do.	.09	10	--	--	--	20	50	--	30	8	80
	Wis.	.09	10	--	40	--	--	60	--	--	6	60
	Miss.	.19	10	10	10	10	40	30	--	--	3	30
	Wis.	.18	10	--	70	--	--	30	--	--	3	30
	Miss.	.27	10	60	--	10	10	20	--	--	2	20
	Wis.	.26	10	30	60	--	--	10	--	--	1	10
	Miss.	.37	10	80	--	--	--	20	--	--	2	20
	Wis.	.35	29	67	33	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chromated zinc chloride	Miss.	1.16 (.71)	10	--	--	20	30	--	--	50	5	50
	Wis.	1.21 (.74)	28	63	--	--	--	37	--	--	3	37
Coal-tar creosote	Miss.	10.2	10	30	20	10	40	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	10.2	10	50	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Untreated controls	Miss.	--	10	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100
	Wis.	--	10	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	100

¹Copper oxide and chlorophenols.

²Specimens found broken and eliminated from test.

³Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

Table 36.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.), treated with tributyltin oxide, after 8 years on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., and of those of cyanoethylated wood and wood treated for destruction of thiamine, after approximately 8 years in Mississippi and 9-1/2 years at Madison, Wis. Stakes placed in test in Mississippi in December 1958 and in Wisconsin in May 1959.

Preservative	Loca-	Average:	Num-	Condition of stakes November 1968				Total	Average	
				tion	reten-	ber	Destroyed by--			
Tributyltin oxide ¹	Miss.	0.015	: 10	--	--	--	--	10	: 100	: 6.3
Do.....	do	.030	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	: 100	: 7.2
Do.....	do	.045	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	: 100	: 7.4
Stoddard solvent (controls)	do	7.1	: 10	--	--	--	--	20	: 80	: 100
Acrylonitrile ²	do	1.23	: 10	--	--	--	--	10	: 90	: 100
Do.....	Wis.	1.22	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	: 100
Do.....	Miss.	2.46	: 10	--	--	--	--	10	: 90	: 100
Do.....	Wis.	2.48	: 10	--	--	--	--	100	--	: 100
Ammonium hydroxide ³	Miss.	--	: 10	--	--	--	--	10	: 90	: 100
Untreated controls	do...	--	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	100	: 100
Do.....	Wis.	--	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--	: 100

¹In Stoddard solvent.

²Used with ammonium hydroxide for cyanoethylation.

³Followed by steaming for thiamine destruction.

Table 37.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal and 3/4 x 3/4 in. x 18 in.) treated with fluor chrome arsenate phenol type A (CWPA-P) and modified after about 12 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Lander, Miss., December 1959.

Preservative	Condition of stakes November 1976										Total removed	Average life	
	Average retention ¹	Number	in	Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite	Fungi	Attack			
	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Num-	Pct	Yr
STAKES 2 BY 4 NOMINAL BY 18 INCHES													
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol (Federal Spec.)	.35 (.22)	28	--	--	--	63	38	--	--	3	38	--	
TT-W-535 (Type A)	.50 (.31)	10	--	--	--	50	40	--	--	10	5	50	--
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol (Type A) (Modified) ²	.75 (.47)	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Untreated controls	--		10	--	--	--	--	40	20	40	10	100	2.1
STAKES 3/4 BY 3/4 BY 18 INCHES													
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol (Federal Spec.)	.36 (.22)	29	--	--	--	34	33	33	9	100	6.7		
TT-W-535 (Type A)	.51 (.32)	10	--	--	--	10	50	30	10	9	90	--	
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol (Type A) (Modified) ³	.77 (.48)	28	--	--	--	37	13	13	37	5	63	--	
Untreated controls	--		10	--	--	--	--	30	20	50	10	100	1.4

¹Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

²Stakes damaged mechanically and eliminated from test.

³Sodium pentachlorophenate substituted for dinitrophenol.

Table 38.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with copper-8-quinolinolate after about 9 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1959.

Preservative	Average			Number			Condition of stakes November 1968			Total			Average				
	Pct	Pcf	ber	in	Good	Servicable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite	Decay	Fungi	Attack	and	Termites	Attack	Removed	Life
Copper-8-quinolinolate																	
0.1 pct in Stoddard solvent	9.9	: 0.010	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 10	: --	: 90	: 10	: 100	: 5.3				
.2 pct in Stoddard solvent	9.9	: .020	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 20	: 10	: 70	: 10	: 100	: 4.2				
.6 pct in Stoddard solvent	10.0	: .060	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 10	: 40	: --	: 50	: 9	: 90	: 15.6			
1.2 pct in Stoddard solvent	10.2	: .123	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: --	: 10	: 60	: --	: 30	: 9	: 90	: 27.8			
.6 pct; paraffin, 2 pct; and Pentalyn-H, 10 pct in Stoddard solvent	10.1	: .061	: 10	: --	: 10	: --	: 20	: 70	: --	: --	: 7	: 70	: 8.8				
.6 pct; Dieldrin, 0.5 pct in Stoddard solvent	10.1	: .060	: 10	: --	: --	: --	: 10	: 70	: --	: 20	: 9	: 90	: 16.6				
Untreated controls	--	--	--	: 10	: --	: --	: --	--	--	: 20	: 80	: 10	: 100	: 2.2			

IEstimate based on percentage of stakes remaining after final inspection.

Table 39.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with blends of extracts from Texas lignite tar, after about 16 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1960.

Lignite-tar extracts		Average Number retention		Condition of stakes December 1976		Total removed		Average life	
		in	Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--				
Hexane-soluble residue, 25 pct; and hexane distillate, 75 pct (by weight)	: 5.1 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 10.0 : 10 : 30 : 10 : -- : 60 : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 14.1 : 10 : 70 : 10 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : --								
High-boiling methanol solubles, 25 pct; and hexane distillate, 75 pct (by weight)	: 5.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 70 : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 9.3 : 10 : 20 : 10 : -- : 70 : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 15.2 : 10 : 80 : -- : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : --								
High-boiling methanol solubles, 10 pct; hexane-soluble residue, 20 pct; and hexane distillate, 70 pct (by weight)	: 5.1 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 80 : 10 : -- : 10 : 2 : 20								
	: 10.1 : 10 : 10 : -- : -- : 90 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 14.7 : 10 : 70 : 10 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
High-boiling methanol solubles, 20 pct; hexane-solution residue, 10 pct; and hexane distillate, 70 pct (by weight)	: 5.2 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 60 : 20 : -- : 20 : 4 : 40								
	: 10.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 90 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 15.2 : 10 : 70 : 10 : 10 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
High-boiling methanol solubles, 15 pct; and hexane distillate, 85 pct (by weight)	: 5.0 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 80 : 10 : 10 : -- : 2 : 20								
	: 10.2 : 10 : 20 : 10 : -- : 70 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 14.9 : 10 : 70 : 10 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
High-boiling methanol solubles, 24.5 pct; hexane distillate, 74.5 pct, and petroleum sulfonate (Morpel X-914), 1 pct (by weight)	: 5.1 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : 70 : 20 : -- : 10 : 3 : 30								
	: 9.9 : 10 : 30 : -- : -- : 70 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	: 15.0 : 10 : 80 : -- : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Untreated controls	: -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 100 : 10 : 100 : 2.6								

Table 40.--Condition of 1 x 4 x 18 in. stakes of embedded fiberboard¹ and untreated Douglas-fir heartwood after 16 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1960

Material	Number:	Condition of stakes November 1976	Total removed	Average life
	in test	Good: Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	
Embedded fiberboard ¹	2 ₉	-- : 11 : -- : -- : --	: 3 ₈₉ : -- : -- : --	: 8 : 89 : .
Douglas-fir heartwood	10	-- : -- : -- : -- : --	: 70 : 10 : 20 : 10	: 100 : 30.0

¹Western hemlock strands in portland cement.

²Stake missing and eliminated from test.

³Failures attributed mainly to the effect of moisture.

Table 41.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 16 in.) treated with tributyltin oxide and pentachlorophenol solutions with heavy and light petroleum solvents and with and without the addition of Dieldrin and Aldrin, after about 16 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1960

Preservative	Condition of stakes December 1976										Total removed	Average life		
	Average: Num- ber	in	Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite	fungi	attack	and	termite	attack	and	termite
	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Yr	Num- ber	Pct
SOLUTIONS WITH STODDARD SOLVENT														
Tributyltin oxide, 0.3 pct; and Dieldrin, 0.3 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	90	--	--	10	10	100	4.9		
Tributyltin oxide, 0.6 pct; and Dieldrin, 0.3 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	90	--	--	10	10	100	6.9		
Tributyltin oxide, 0.3 pct; and Aldrin, 0.3 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	90	--	--	10	10	100	4.6		
Tributyltin oxide 0.3 pct	8.2	10	--	--	--	80	--	--	20	10	100	4.5		
0.6 pct	7.9	10	--	--	--	50	--	--	50	10	100	7.0		
Tributyltin oxide, 0.3 pct; Dieldrin, 0.3 pct; and water repellent, 4.7 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	10	10	100	6.9		
Tributyltin oxide, 0.3 pct; Aldrin, 0.3 pct; and water repellent, 4.7 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	70	--	--	30	10	100	5.3		
Dieldrin, 0.6 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	90	--	--	10	10	100	4.0		
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; pine oil, 5 pct; and water repellent, 4.7 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; pine oil, 5 pct; Dieldrin, 0.3 pct; and water repellent, 4.7 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Water repellent, 4.7 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	80	--	--	20	10	100	4.3		
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; pine oil, 5 pct; Dieldrin, 0.3 pct; stabilizer wax, 2 pct; and water repellent, 4.7 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
SOLUTIONS WITH HEAVY PETROLEUM SOLVENT (AWPA P9)														
Tributyltin oxide, 0.3 pct; and Dieldrin, 0.3 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	90	10	--	--	1	10	--		
Tributyltin oxide, 0.6 pct; and Dieldrin, 0.3 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Tributyltin oxide 0.3 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	90	10	--	--	1	10	--		
0.6 pct	8.0	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct	8.0	10	10	10	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; and stabilizer wax, 2 pct	7.7	10	10	20	--	70	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Petroleum solvent controls	8.0	10	--	--	--	80	--	--	20	2	20	--		
UNTREATED CONTROLS														
None	--	10	--	--	--	70	--	--	30	10	100	3.1		

Table 42.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in., and 3/4 x 3/4 in., x 12 in.), treated with pentachlorophenol in liquefied petroleum gas and in heavy and light petroleum solvents, after about 15-1/2 years of service. Stakes installed at Valley View Test Plot, Madison, Wis., and on Harrison Experimental Forest, Saukier, Miss., during July 1961.

Preservative	Loca-	Average retention	Num-	Condition of stakes December 1976												total	Ave-				
				tion	ber	Good	Serviceable but	destroyed by	removed	life	shoring some-	decay	termites	Decay	Fungi	attack	and	attack	attack	inter-	attack
STAKES 2 BY 4 (NOMINAL) BY 18 INCHES																					
Pentachlorophenol in liquefied petroleum gas ¹	Miss.	--	--	2/14	10	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	20	2	20	--	--	--			
	Wis.	--	--	2/19	10	--	--	--	40	10	--	--	50	6	60	--	--	--			
		--	--	2/34	10	--	--	--	190	--	--	--	55	--	--	--	--	--			
		--	--	2/58	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	75	--	--	--	--	--			
Solutions with AWP-A9 (heavy petroleum solvent)																					
Pentachlorophenol																					
3.5 pct (by weight)				3.0	0.11	.14	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			
					4.5	.19	.22	10	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			
4.2 pct (by weight)					6.8	.29	.32	10	10	10	10	80	--	--	--	--	--	--			
					16.0	.67	.69	10	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			
Solutions with Stoddard solvent:																					
Pentachlorophenol, 4.0 pct; paraffin, 2 pct; and Pentalyn-H, 10 pct (by weight)					3.6	.14	.14	10	--	--	--	10	10	--	80	9	90	--			
					4.6	.18	.18	10	--	--	--	50	--	--	50	5	50	--			
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct; paraffin, 2 pct and Pentalyn-H, 10 pct (by weight)					7.6	.38	.39	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--			
					13.5	.67	.70	10	40	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	--			
Untreated controls					--	--	--	10	--	--	--	30	30	40	10	100	2.1				
STAKES 3/4 BY 3/4 BY 17 INCHES																					
Pentachlorophenol in liquefied petroleum gas ¹	Miss.	--	--	3/15	10	--	--	--	40	--	--	60	10	100	5.5						
	Wis.	--	--	3/15	15	--	--	--	100	--	--	80	15	100	10.0						
	Miss.	--	--	3/19	28	--	--	--	50	--	--	50	8	100	4.6						
	Wis.	--	--	3/19	24	--	--	--	100	--	--	80	14	100	12.4						
	Miss.	--	--	3/31	59	--	--	--	23	22	11	44	7	77	--						
	Wis.	--	--	3/31	44	--	21	--	--	79	--	--	11	11	79	--					
	Miss.	--	--	3/48	58	--	--	--	38	25	12	25	5	62	--						
	Wis.	--	--	3/48	54	--	79	--	--	21	--	--	3	3	21	--					
Solutions with AWP-A9 (heavy petroleum solvent)	Miss.	3.2	.13	--	2/9	--	--	--	22	11	--	68	7	78	--						
Pentachlorophenol, 4.2 pct (by weight)	Miss.	3.3	.14	--	2/11	--	82	--	--	18	--	--	2	18	--						
	Miss.	3.8	.16	--	2/10	--	--	--	10	10	10	70	9	40	--						
	Miss.	3.9	.16	--	2/40	--	70	--	--	30	--	--	3	30	--						
	Miss.	5.7	.24	--	2/24	--	--	--	75	--	--	25	1	25	--						
	Miss.	5.5	.23	--	2/21	--	73	--	--	47	--	--	3	27	--						
	Miss.	16.7	.70	--	2/10	90	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--				
	Wis.	17.2	.72	--	2/14	43	57	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--				
Solutions in Stoddard solvent:	Miss.	3.5	.14	--	2/9	--	--	--	45	10	45	9	100	5.6							
Pentachlorophenol, 4.0 pct; paraffin, 2 pct; and Pentalyn-H, 10 pct (by weight)	Miss.	3.0	.12	--	2/11	--	9	--	91	--	--	10	91	--							
	Miss.	3.9	.16	--	2/10	--	--	--	30	--	--	70	10	100	4.9						
	Miss.	4.0	.16	--	2/13	--	--	--	100	--	--	13	100	10.8							
Pentachlorophenol, 5.0 pct; paraffin, 2.0 pct; and Pentalyn-H, 10 pct (by weight)	Miss.	6.4	.32	--	2/9	--	--	--	33	11	--	56	6	67	--						
	Wis.	6.6	.33	--	2/15	--	20	--	--	80	--	--	12	80	--						
	Miss.	14.4	.72	--	2/11	--	--	--	89	--	--	--	--	--	--						
	Wis.	14.6	.73	--	2/11	23	69	--	--	8	--	--	13	8	--						
Untreated controls	Miss.	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	40	30	30	10	100	1.5							
	Wis.	--	--	--	15	--	--	--	100	--	--	15	100	4.0							

¹It has been reported that the formulation of treating solution in liquefied petroleum gas has been changed since the stakes were treated.

From analysis of composite sample of cross-section waters taken at midpoint from 10 2 x 4 x 18-in. stakes and matched to the 10 stakes treated for installation. Since retentions were not determined for individual test stakes, extra stakes were not treated to provide a selection, according to retentions, for the test installation.

²Based on analysis by Bell Telephone Laboratories of 2-in. sections cut adjacent to test stakes.

³Stakes infested biologically and eliminated from test.

Table 43.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with copper-8-quinolinolate and pentachlorophenol in heavy petroleum solvent, after 13 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1963.

Preservative	Average retention Pcf	Condition of stakes December 1976 : Number : ber	Condition of stakes December 1976 Serviceable but : showing some : Decay:Termite: Decay : attack : fungi:attack : fungi : and : and : and : : termite: termite: : attack : attack : attack : attack : Pct : Yr	Total removed	Average life
Solutions with heavy petroleum solvent (AWPA P9):					
Copper-8- quinolinolate:					
0.15 pct	9.4	0.0140	: 10 : --- : --- : 40 : 60 : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : ---		
0.3 pct	10.1	.0304	: 10 : 10 : --- : 60 : 30 : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : ---		
0.6 pct	9.9	.0593	: 10 : 10 : 10 : 30 : 50 : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : ---		
1.2 pct	10.3	.1237	: 10 : 70 : --- : 30 : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : ---		
Pentachloro- phenol, 4.98 pct	10.6	.53	: 10 : 80 : --- : 10 : 10 : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : --- : ---		
Petroleum solvent: controls	8.5	--	: 10 : --- : --- : 10 : 80 : --- : --- : --- : --- : 10 : 1 : 10 : --		
Untreated controls	--	--	: 10 : --- : --- : --- : --- : 20 : --- : --- : 80 : 10 : 100 : 2.9		

Table 44.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with heptadecyltrimethyltetrahydropyrimidine (HTP) in No. 2 fuel oil, after about 13 years of service. Stakes placed in test at the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1963

Preservative	Average retention	Num-ber	Condition of stakes November 1976	Total removed	Aver-age life
Solu-tion	HTP	test:	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	
			Decay:Termite: Decay :fungi :attack :and :termite: attack :	Decay:Termite: Decay :fungi :attack :and :termite: attack :	
HTP, 2.5 pct., in No. 2 fuel oil	6.0	0.150	10 : -- : -- : -- : 30 : -- : --	70 : 7 : 70 : --	
HTP, 5 pct., in No. 2 fuel oil	8.1	.406	10 : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : --	70 : 7 : 70 : --	
HTP, 5 pct., in No. 2 fuel oil	10.0	.498	10 : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : --	70 : 7 : 70 : --	
Untreated controls:	--	--	10 : -- : -- : -- : 100 : -- : --	100 : 10 : 100 : 2.3	

Table 45.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in., and 3/4 x 3/4 x .6 in.) treated with pentachlorophenol in liquefied petroleum gas and in heavy petroleum solvent, after about 13 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1963

Preservative	Condition of stakes December 1976												Total removed	Average life
	Average retention	Num- ber	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct		
<hr/>														
Solution:	Good		Serviceable but showing some--											
Pentachlorophenol:														
in liquefied petroleum gas ²	1.34	10	--	--	--	80	10	--	10	2	20	--		
	1.49	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	1.65	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
	1.39	10	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct in heavy petroleum oil	10.6	4.53	10	80	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy petroleum oil:	8.0	--	10	--	--	10	80	--	--	10	1	10	--	
Untreated controls:	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	20	--	80	10	100	2.5	
<hr/>														
STAKES 3/4 BY 3/4 INCH														
Pentachlorophenol in liquefied petroleum gas ²	--	1.34	10	--	--	--	10	60	--	30	9	90	--	
		1.40	58	--	--	--	12	76	--	12	7	88	--	
		1.59	58	--	--	--	38	38	--	24	5	62	--	
		1.70	29	--	--	--	11	78	11	--	11	2	22	--
Pentachlorophenol, 5 pct in heavy petroleum oil	10.8	4.54	58	38	--	50	12	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy petroleum oil:	8.3	--	58	--	--	--	--	75	25	--	8	100	6.6	
Untreated controls:	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	50	10	40	10	100	1.4	

¹By x-ray analysis of samples from pieces from which stakes were cut.

²With cosolvent of isopropyl ether.

³Treated in commercial charge with poles and crossarms.

⁴Computed.

⁵Stake mechanically damaged and eliminated from test.

Table 46.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in., nominal x 18 in.), treated with copper-chrome-boron and acid copper chromate preservatives, after approximately 10 years of service. Stakes installed during January 1967 on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss.

Preservative	Average retention	Num:ber	Condition of stakes November 1976			Total removed	Average life
			In Good test:	Serviceable but showing some---	Destroyed by---		
Copper-chrome-boron (CB) (a product of Dr. Wolman, GmbH, Sinzheim, Germany, covered by U.S. patent No. 3,007,844)	0.25 ¹ (0.13)	10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	70 : 60 : 90 : 90 : 40 : 10 : 20 : 50	30 : 40 : 10 : 10 : 40 : 10 : 20 : 10	100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100
Acid copper chromate (AWPA P5-68)	.30 (.29)	10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	-- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	90 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100 : 100	90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90	90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90 : 90
Untreated controls	—	— : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10	— : — : — : — : — : — : — : —	— : — : — : — : — : — : — : —	— : — : — : — : — : — : — : —	— : — : — : — : — : — : — : —	— : — : — : — : — : — : — : —

¹Retention values in parentheses based on preservative oxides.

Table 47. Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with 11 standard wood preservatives, after about 9 years of service. Stakes placed in test in November 1967 at Lake Charles, La., in an area infested by Formosan termites, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss.

Preservative	AWPA location:	Average retention	Number in test	Condition of stakes December 1976			Total removed	Average life
				Good	Serviceable but showing some decay	Destroyed by decay: termite; decay: fungi; attack: fungi and termites; attack: attack; attack: attack		
Cresote, coal-tar: P1-65	L.a.	4.9	10	60	30	10	-	-
		10.2	10	100	--	--	-	-
		15.0	10	100	--	--	-	-
	Miss.	5.1	10	70	30	--	-	-
		9.7	10	100	--	--	-	-
		15.4	10	100	--	--	-	-
Cresote-coal-tar: P2-68 solution (70-30)	L.a.	4.7	10	90	--	10	-	-
		9.9	10	100	--	--	-	-
	Miss.	14.9	10	100	--	--	-	-
		3.9	10	80	20	--	-	-
		10.6	10	100	--	--	-	-
		16.2	19	100	--	--	-	-
Cresote-petroleum: P3-67 solution (50-50)	L.a.	5.8	10	80	10	--	10	-
		12.1	10	100	--	--	-	-
	Miss.	18.3	10	100	--	--	-	-
		6.0	10	40	20	10	30	-
		12.1	10	100	--	--	-	-
		18.5	10	100	--	--	-	-
Pentachlorophenol: P8-64 and 5 pct in heavy petroleum: P9-67	L.a.	5.8	10	90	10	--	-	-
		9.9	10	100	--	--	-	-
	Miss.	15.1	10	100	--	--	-	-
		7.0	10	100	--	--	-	-
		9.5	10	90	--	10	-	-
		14.6	10	100	--	--	-	-
Acid copper chromate	P5-68	.50	2(.025)	10	10	20	20	40
		1.00	(.50)	10	40	20	10	10
		1.49	(.74)	10	90	10	10	10
	Miss.	.51	(.25)	10	40	10	30	40
		1.01	(.50)	10	70	10	20	20
		1.54	(.76)	10	80	--	20	20
Ammoniacal copper	P5-68	.25	(.24)	10	70	--	20	10
		.46	(.44)	10	100	--	10	10
	Miss.	.67	(.63)	10	90	--	10	10
		.26	(.25)	10	80	10	10	10
		.48	(.45)	10	100	--	10	10
		.70	(.66)	10	100	--	10	10

Table 47.—Condition of southern pine stakes $\frac{1}{2}$ x 4 in. nominal x 18 in., treated with standard wood preservatives, after about 9 years of service. Stakes placed in test in November 1967 at Lake Charles, La., in an area infested by *Forficulana* termites, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., ¹continued

Preservative	AWPA	Location:	Average retention	Number:	Condition of stakes December 1976						Total removed	Average life
					In test	Good	Servicable but showing some decay	Decay: termite	Decay: fungi; attack: fungi	Attack: and	Attack: termite	Attack: termite; and
Chromated copper arsenate-type A:	P5-68	La.	.40 (.23)	10 : 70 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			.76 (.44)	10 : 80 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			1.11 (.64)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	Miss.		.39 (.22)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			.76 (.44)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			1.14 (.66)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Chromated copper arsenate-type B:	P5-68	La.	.25 (.23)	10 : 90 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			.44 (.40)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			.65 (.59)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	Miss.		.25 (.23)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			.42 (.38)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			.61 (.55)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Chromated zinc chloride:	P5-68	La.	.76 (.46)	10 : -- : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			1.02 (.62)	10 : -- : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			1.50 (.92)	10 : -- : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	Miss.		.76 (.46)	10 : 30 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			1.02 (.62)	10 : 10 : -- : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
			1.57 (.96)	10 : 60 : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol-type A:	P5-68	La.	.35 (.22)	16 : 20 : 10 : -- : 40 : -- : 20 : -- : 10 : 3 : 30 : --								
			.50 (.31)	10 : -- : 20 : 10 : 40 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
			1.11 (.69)	10 : 30 : 20 : 20 : 30 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
	Miss.		.35 (.22)	10 : 40 : -- : 20 : 50 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
			.51 (.31)	10 : 50 : 20 : 20 : 50 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
			1.16 (.72)	10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol-type B:	P5-68	La.	.35 (.21)	10 : -- : -- : 20 : -- : 70 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
			.50 (.30)	10 : 50 : -- : 20 : -- : 40 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
			1.12 (.68)	10 : 60 : 10 : -- : 30 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
	Miss.		.35 (.21)	10 : 50 : 10 : 20 : 50 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
			.51 (.30)	10 : 90 : -- : 20 : 50 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
			1.19 (.72)	10 : 100 : -- : 20 : 50 : -- : 10 : 20 : 3 : 30 : --								
Untreated controls:	La.		--	10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	Miss.		--	10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								

¹ Stake damaged by falling tree eliminated from test.

² Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

Table 48.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) treated with copper-chrome-phosphorus and chromated copper arsenate Type III preservatives, after about 5 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1971, and Madison, Wis., May 1972

Preservative	Location	Average : Num- : retention:ber	Condition of stakes December 1976						Total : Average						
			in : Good	Serviceable but : showing some	Destroyed by—	removed	removed	removed	removed	removed	removed	removed	removed	removed	removed
Copper-chrome-phosphorus	Miss.	10.26	10 : 30	--	20 : 10	40	--	--	--	4	40	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	1.27	10 : 60	30	--	--	10	--	--	1	10	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	1.46	10 : 60	10	--	10	20	--	--	2	20	--	--	--	--
...do...	...do...	1.75	10 : 80	10	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	1.74	10 : 60	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	1.50	10 : 80	10	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chromated copper arsenate:															
Type III (Fed. Spec. TT-W-550)	...do...	2.20	10 : 100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	2.20	10 : 100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	2.40	10 : 100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	2.40	10 : 90	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	2.60	10 : 100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	2.60	10 : 90	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Untreated controls															
	Miss.	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	90	10	100	2.9	--	--
	Wis.	--	10 : 20	40	--	--	40	--	--	4	40	--	--	--	--

¹Retention based on Osmose Company's analysis of preservative oxides.

²Retention based on preservative oxides.

Table 49.—Condition of stakes of aspen particleboard¹ (3/4 x 4 x 18 in.), treated with chromated copper arsenate type III, fluor chrome arsenate phenol type A, and pentachlorophenol in ethanol or mineral spirits, after 3-1/2 years of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., May 1973.

Preservative	Average retention based on preservative: test oxides	Num- ber : in: Good showing some-	Condition of stakes December 1976		Total removed	Average life				
			Pcf	Pct						
FLAKES TREATED BEFORE FABRICATION INTO PARTICLEBOARD²										
Chromated copper arsenate Type III (Fed. Spec. TT-W-550)	.25	10 : 90 : -- : 10 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	.40	10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	.80	10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol Type A (Fed. Spec. TT-W-535)	.25	10 : 40 : -- : -- : 60 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	.50	10 : 40 : 30 : -- : 30 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Pentachlorophenol (Fed. Spec. TT-W-570) in ethanol	.25	10 : -- : -- : -- : 70 : 30 : -- : -- : 3 : 30								
	.40	10 : 10 : -- : -- : 70 : 20 : -- : -- : 2 : 20								
	.80	10 : 40 : 30 : -- : 30 : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
PRESSURE-TREATED PARTICLEBOARD										
Chromated copper arsenate Type III (Fed. Spec. TT-W-550)	.26	10 : 80 : 20 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	.41	10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
	.84	10 : 100 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --								
Fluor chrome arsenate phenol Type A (Fed. Spec. TT-W-535)	.26	10 : 10 : 40 : -- : 30 : 20 : -- : -- : 2 : 20								
	.54	10 : 30 : 20 : -- : 40 : 10 : -- : -- : 1 : 10								
Pentachlorophenol (Fed. Spec. TT-W-570)	.22	10 : -- : -- : -- : 60 : 20 : -- : 20 : 4 : 40								
	.40	10 : -- : -- : -- : 70 : 20 : -- : 10 : 3 : 30								
	.82	10 : 20 : -- : -- : 60 : 20 : -- : 2 : 20								
Untreated controls	--	10 : -- : -- : -- : 50 : -- : 50 : 10 : 100 : 2.5								

¹Density 40 lb. per cu. ft.

²Flakes sprayed with predetermined amount of preservative solution while being tumbled in screen.

Table 50.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with propylene oxide, butylene oxide, and epichlorohydrin/propylene oxide combinations, after 2 years of service.
Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experiment Forest, Saucier, Miss., October 31, 1974.

Nontoxic preservatives	Average loading: Number Good:			Condition of stakes December 1976			Total removed			Average life		
	Wt. add on	Renten- add	test	in	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--						
Propylene oxide	25.4	7.1	5	20	40	---	---	---	---	40	2	40
Butylene oxide	31.3	9.2	5	40	---	20	40	---	---	---	---	---
Epichlorohydrin, 1 part; propylene oxide, 2 parts	19.4	5.9	3	34	---	33	33	---	---	---	---	---
Controls	---	---	5	---	---	20	20	---	---	60	3	60

Table 51.--Condition of southern pine Douglas-fir and Engelmann spruce heartwood stakes, treated with ammoniacal copper arsenate and chromated copper arsenate, after about 1 year of service.
 Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., May 1976, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., Dec. 1975

Preservative	Loca-	Average	Number:	Condition of stakes December 1976						Total	Average	
				tion	reten-	in	Good	Serviceable but	Destroyed by--			
							showing some					
									Decay:Termite: Decay			
									:fungi:attack : fungi			
									:and : : and :			
									:termite: :termite:			
									:attack : :attack :			
				Pcf	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct	Yr
SOUTHERN PINE ^{1,2} 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH UNINCISED												
Chromated copper arsenate type III												
	Miss.	.23	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.14	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	.28	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.19	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	.47	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.30	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	None											
	Miss.	--	10	50:	30:	20:	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	--	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SOUTHERN PINE ^{1,2} 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH INCISED												
Chromated copper arsenate type III												
	Miss.	.27	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.19	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	.47	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.30	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	.61	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.37	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SOUTHERN PINE ¹ 3/4- BY 3-1/2~ BY 18-INCH PLYWOOD												
Do ³												
	Miss.	.39	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.38	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	.80	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	.78	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	1.21	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	1.17	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	None											
	Miss.	--	10	20:	--	60	10	--	10	--	1	10
	Wis.	--	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chromated copper arsenate type III ⁴												
	Miss.	$\frac{5}{36}$	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	$\frac{5}{36}$	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	$\frac{5}{74}$	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	$\frac{5}{74}$	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	$\frac{5}{1.62}$	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	$\frac{5}{1.62}$	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Do ⁶												
	Miss.	$\frac{5}{36}$	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	$\frac{5}{36}$	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	$\frac{5}{74}$	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	$\frac{5}{74}$	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Miss.	$\frac{5}{1.62}$	10	100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wis.	$\frac{5}{1.62}$	10	--:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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Table 51.--Condition of southern pine, Douglas-fir and Engelmann spruce heartwood stakes, treated with ammoniacal copper arsenate and chromated copper arsenate, after about 1 year of service.
Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., May 1976, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., Dec. 1975--continued

Preservative	Loca-	tion	reten-	Number:	Condition of stakes December 1976				Total	removed	Average life
					Pcf	Pct	Pct	Pct			
SOUTHERN PINE ^{1,2} 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH UNINCISED											
Ammoniacal copper arsenate				:Miss.: .11 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .07 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: .30 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .16 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: .42 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .26 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --		
Do.....				:Miss.: .14 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .07 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: .30 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .15 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: .65 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .39 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --		
SOUTHERN PINE ^{1,2} 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH INCISED											
Do.....				:Miss.: .14 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .07 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: .30 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .15 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: .65 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .39 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --		
SOUTHERN PINE ¹ 3/4- BY 3-1/2- BY 18-INCH PLYWOOD											
Do ³				:Miss.: .39 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .38 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: .80 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: .79 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: 1.19 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: 1.15 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --		
Do ⁴				:Miss.: 5.38 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: 5.38 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: 5.77 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: 5.77 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: 5.08 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: 5.08 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : --		
Do ⁶				:Miss.: 5.38 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: 5.38 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: 5.77 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: 5.77 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Miss.: 5.08 : 10 : 100: -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : --	:Wis.: 5.08 : 10 : --: -- : -- : -- : -- : --	X	

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Table 51.--Condition of southern pine, Douglas-fir and Engelmann spruce heartwood stakes, treated with ammoniacal copper arsenate and chromated copper arsenate, after about 1 year of service.
 Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., May 1976, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., Dec. 1975--continued

Preservative	Condition of stakes December 1976										Total removed	Average life
	Loca-	Average:	Number:									
	tion:	reten-	in:									
	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :		
	Pcf	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct	Yr

DOUGLAS-FIR 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH UNINCISED

Chromated copper arsenate type III	:Miss.: .66	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .55	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.24	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .82	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.62	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : 1.41	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
None	:Miss. : --	: 10	: 30:	10	: 50	: 10	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : --	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

DOUGLAS-FIR 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH INCISED

Chromated copper arsenate type III	:Miss.: .66	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .56	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.28	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .96	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.88	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : 1.28	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

DOUGLAS-FIR 3/4- BY 3-1/2- BY 18-INCH PLYWOOD

Do ³	:Miss.: .62	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .62	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.25	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : 1.22	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.88	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : 1.83	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
None	:Miss. : --	: 10	: 50:	10	: 10	: 30	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : --	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Chromated copper arsenate type III ⁴	:Miss.: ⁵ .60	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ .60	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ⁵ 1.22	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ 1.22	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ⁵ 1.82	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ 1.82	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Do ⁶	:Miss.: ⁵ .60	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ .60	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ⁵ 1.22	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ 1.22	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ⁵ 1.82	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ 1.82	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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Table 51.--Condition of southern pine, Douglas-fir and Engelmann spruce heartwood stakes, treated with ammoniacal copper arsenate and chromated copper arsenate, after about 1 year of service.
Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., May 1976, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., Dec. 1975--continued

Preservative	Loca-	tion	Aver-	Number	Condition of stakes December 1976			Total	removed	Average							
					test	Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--	Decay	Termite	Decay	fungi	attack	fungi	and	and	termite
			Pcf	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct	Yr

DOUGLAS-FIR 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH UNINCISED

Ammoniacal copper arsenate	:Miss.:	0.70	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	.61	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. :	1.42	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	1.29	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. :	2.14	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	1.95	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

DOUGLAS-FIR 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH INCISED

Do.....	:Miss.:	.70	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	.62	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. :	1.41	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	1.26	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. :	2.17	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	2.00	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

DOUGLAS-FIR 3/4- BY 3-1/2- BY 18-INCH PLYWOOD

Do ³	:Miss.:	.63	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	.62	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. :	1.30	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	1.27	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. :	1.97	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	1.93	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Do ⁴	:Miss.:	⁵ .64	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	⁵ .64	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss.:	⁵ 1.30	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	⁵ 1.30	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss.:	⁵ 1.98	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	⁵ 1.98	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Do ⁶	:Miss.:	⁵ .64	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	⁵ .64	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss.:	⁵ 1.30	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	⁵ 1.30	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss.:	⁵ 1.98	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. :	⁵ 1.98	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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Table 51.--Condition of southern pine, Douglas-fir and Engelmann spruce heartwood stakes, treated with ammoniacal copper arsenate and chromated copper arsenate, after about 1 year of service.
Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., May 1976, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., Dec. 1975--continued

Preservative	Loca-	: Average:	Number:	Condition of stakes December 1976								Total	removed	: Average		
				: reten-	: in	: Good:	Serviceable but	: Destroyed by--	: showing some--	: Decay:Termite:	Decay				: termite:	: attack
				Pcf	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct	Yr

ENGELMANN SPRUCE 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH UNINCISED

Chromated copper arsenate type III	Miss.:	0.31	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	.21	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss. :	.50	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	.40	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss. :	.64	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	.48	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
None	Miss. :	--	:	10	:	30	:	30	:	10	:	30	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	--	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--

ENGELMANN SPRUCE 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH INCISED

Chromated copper arsenate type III	Miss.:	.40	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	.28	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss. :	.66	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	.56	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss. :	1.02	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	.86	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--

ENGELMANN SPRUCE 3/4- BY 3-1/2- BY 18-INCH PLYWOOD

Do ³	Miss.:	.71	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	.70	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss. :	1.38	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	1.34	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss. :	2.03	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	1.82	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
None	Miss. :	--	:	10	:	40	:	10	:	20	:	10	:	10	:	2	20
	Wis. :	--	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--

Chromated copper arsenate type III ⁴	Miss.:	5.54	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	5.54	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss.:	51.25	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	51.25	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss.:	51.76	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	51.76	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--

Do ⁶	Miss.:	5.54	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	5.54	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss.:	51.25	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	51.25	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Miss.:	51.76	:	10	:	100	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--
	Wis. :	51.76	:	10	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	:	--	--

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Table 51.--Condition of southern pine, Douglas-fir and Engelmann spruce heartwood stakes, treated with ammoniacal copper arsenate and chromated copper arsenate, after about 1 year of service. Stakes placed in test at Madison, Wis., May 1976, and on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., Dec. 1975--continued

Preservative	Condition of stakes December 1976										Total removed	Average life	
	:Loca-	:Aver-	:Number:	Condition of stakes December 1976									
:tion	:reten-	:in	:Good:	Serviceable but	Destroyed by--								
:	:	:	:	Showing some--									
:	:	:	:		Decay:Termite: Decay								
:	:	:	:		Decay:Termite: Decay	fungi:attack	fungi						
:	:	:	:		attack	and							
:	:	:	:		termite:		termite:						
:	:	:	:		attack		attack						
	: Pct		: Pct	: Pct	: Pct	: Pct	: Pct	: Pct	: Number	: Pct	: Yr		
ENGELMANN SPRUCE 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH UNINCISED													
Ammoniacal copper arsenate													
	:Miss. : 0.26	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .20	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : .63	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .50	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.03	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .75	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
ENGELMANN SPRUCE 2- BY 4-INCH NOMINAL BY 18-INCH INCISED													
Do.....	:Miss. : .42	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .30	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : .97	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .81	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.41	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : 1.16	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
ENGELMANN SPRUCE 3/4- BY 3-1/2- BY 18-INCH PLYWOOD													
Do ³	:Miss. : .70	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : .68	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 1.42	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : 1.35	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : 2.14	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : 2.08	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Do ⁴	:Miss. : ⁵ .65	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ .65	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ² 1.29	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ² 1.29	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ² 2.02	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ² 2.02	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Do ⁶	:Miss. : ⁵ .65	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ⁵ .65	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ² 1.29	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ² 1.29	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Miss. : ² 2.02	: 10	: 100:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	:Wis. : ² 2.02	: 10	: --:	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹Some southern pine contained a small amount of sapwood, and the southern pine plywood was mixed heartwood and sap.

²Resin content of the southern pine ranged from 0.87 to 27.4 percent.

³Treated as 3/4- x 3-1/2- x 18- inch stakes.

⁴Stakes cut from treated 2- x 4- foot panel.

⁵Retention-by-weight of panels from which stakes were cut.

⁶Stakes cut from treated 2- x 4- foot panel, all cut surfaces given a liberal brush coat of a 4.5 percent solution of the preservative the panels were treated with.

Table 52.—Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.) stakes, treated with ammoniacal copper borate and ammoniacal copper arsenate, after about 1 year of service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., December 1975

Preservative	Average retention ¹	Number in test	Condition of stakes December 1976			Total removed	Average life
			Good	Servicable but showing some--	Destroyed by--		
<u>Decay:Termite: Decay :attack :fungi :attack :and :attack :termite: attack :</u>							
Ammoniacal copper borate	.35	100	--	--	--	--	--
	.655	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.455	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.323	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.225	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.165	35	97	--	--	3	--
Ammoniacal copper arsenate	1.35	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.655	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.469	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.330	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.226	35	100	--	--	--	--
	.165	35	97	--	--	3	--
Untreated controls	--	20	10	--	40	45	5
						--	1
						--	5

¹Retention based on preservative oxides.

Table 53.--Condition of southern pine stakes (2 x 4 in. nominal x 18 in.), treated with fire retardant chemicals, after about 6 months service. Stakes placed in test on the Harrison Experimental Forest, Saucier, Miss., May 1976

Preservative	Average retention	Number in test	Condition of stakes December 1976			Total removed	Average life
			Good	Serviceable but showing some--	Destroyed by--		
<u>UDRP¹ fire retardant</u>							
	2.8	10	70	30	--	--	--
	6.0	10	100	--	--	--	--
	9.5	10	90	10	--	--	--
Untreated controls	--	10	20	70	10	--	--

¹Reported to contain urea, dicyandiamide, formaldehyde, and phosphoric acid.

Table 54.--Summary of 2- by 4-inch stake test results obtained in Mississippi with wood preservatives in general use

Preservative	Average retention	Data		Remarks
		Average	Yr	
Acid copper chromate (Fed. Spec. TT-W-546)	: 0.26 ¹ (.13) : .30 (.14) : .51 (.25) : .52 (.26) : .60 (.29) : .75 (.37) : 1.01 (.50) : 1.54 (.76)	: 15 : 11.6 : 46 : -- : 47 : -- : 15 : -- : 46 : 4.6 : 15 : -- : 47 : -- : 47 : --	: 90 pct failed after 10 yr : 40 pct failed after 9 yr : 20 pct failed after 31 yr : 30 pct failed after 31 yr : 20 pct failed after 9 yr : 20 pct failed after 9 yr	
Ammoniacal copper arsenate (Fed. Spec. TT-W-549)	: .25 (.24) : .53 (.51), 1.00 (0.97), 1.29 (1.25)	: 14 : -- : 14 : --	: 30 pct failed after 32 yr : No failures after 32 yr	
Chromated copper arsenate Type I (Fed. Spec. TT-W-550)	: .26 (.15) : .50 (.29), .78 (.44)	: 15 : --	: 70 pct failed after 31 yr	
Type II (Fed. Spec. TT-W-550)	: (.26), (.37), (.52), (1.04)	: 15 : -- : 20 : -- : :	: No failures after 31 yr : No failures after 27 yr	
Chromated zinc arsenate (former Fed. Spec. TT-W-538)	: .28 (.11) : .42 (.22) : .44 (.29) : .48 (.20), .97 (.40), 1.27 (.53) : .55 (.29) : .73 (.38) : .98 (.52) to 1.34 (.70)	: 24 : -- : 4 : -- : 4 : -- : 24 : -- : -- : -- : -- : -- : 4 : --	: 80 pct failed after 25 yr : 80 pct failed after 36-1/2 yr : 56 pct failed after 36-1/2 yr : No failures after 25 yr : 56 pct failed in 36-1/2 yr : 10 pct failed in 36-1/2 yr : No failures after 36-1/2 yr	
Chromated zinc chloride (Fed. Spec. TT-W-551)	: .49 (.30) : .76 (.47) : .76 (.46) : 1.02 (.63) : 1.02 (.62) : 1.50 (.92) : 1.57 (.96) : 2.91 (1.78) : 6.0 (3.67)	: 2 : 14.2 : 2 : 20.2 : 47 : -- : 2 : 20.1 : 47 : -- : 25 : -- : 47 : -- : 25 : -- : 25 : --	: 30 pct failed after 9 yr : 20.1 : : 30 pct failed after 9 yr : 60 pct failed after 25 yr : 10 pct failed after 9 yr : 20 pct failed after 25 yr : No failures after 25 yr	
Copper naphthenate	:	:	:	
0.11 pct copper in No. 2 fuel oil	: 10.3	: 7 : 15.9		
.29 pct copper in No. 2 fuel oil	: 10.2	: 7 : 21.8		
.57 pct copper in No. 2 fuel oil	: 10.6	: 7 : --	: 80 pct failed after 35 yr	
.86 pct copper in No. 2 fuel oil	: 9.6	: 7 : --	: 60 pct failed after 35 yr	
Creosote, coal-tar	: 4.1 : 4.2 : 4.6 : 8.0 : 8.3 : 10.0 : 11.8 : 14.5 : 16.5	: 17 : 14.2 : 4 : 17.8 : 5 : 21.3 : 4 : -- : 20 : -- : 5 : -- : 4 : -- : 5 : -- : 4 : --	: 40 pct failed after 36-1/2 yr : 10 pct failed after 27 yr : 60 pct failed after 36 yr : 20 pct failed after 36-1/2 yr : No failures after 36 yr : No failures after 36-1/2 yr	
Low residue, straight run	: 8.0	: 18 : 17.8		
Medium residue, straight run	: 8.0	: 18 : 18.8		
High residue, straight run	: 7.8	: 18 : 20.3		
Medium residue	:	:	:	
Low in tar acids	: 8.1	: 18 : 19.4		
Low in naphthalene	: 8.2	: 18 : 21.3		
Low in tar acids and naphthalene	: 8.0	: 18 : 18.9		
Low residue, low in tar acids and naphthalene	: 8.0	: 18 : 19.2		
High residue, low in tar acids and naphthalene	: 8.2	: 18 : 20.0		

Table 54.--Summary of 2- by 4-inch stake test results obtained in Mississippi with wood preservatives in general use--continued

¹Retention values in parentheses are based on preservative oxides.

²See tables 5 and 17 for pentachlorophenol in other solvents.

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U.S. Forest Products Laboratory.

Comparison of wood preservatives in stake tests (1977 progress report), by Harley L. Davidson, Madison, Wis., FPL, 1977.
81 pp., tables (USDA For. Serv. Res. Note FPL-02).

Compares wood preservatives used on test stakes of southern pine sapwood on five different sites.

KEYWORDS: Wood preservatives, preservative retention, service life, outdoor exposure, stakes.

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