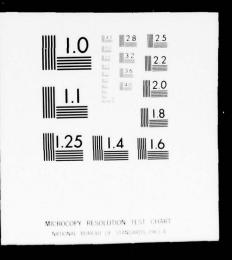


OF ADA037684



LEDERY COBOL EDERAL Compiler ESTING SERVICE

VALIDATION SUMMARY REPORT

Department of the Navy (ADPESO)

> Washington, D.C. 20376

> > DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A Approved for public release. Distribution Unlimited



(10)

CCVS74-VSR180

COHOL CO*PILER

VALIDATION SUMMARY REPORT.

VALIDATION NUMBER CCVS74-VSR180

@1977\ (B) 75p.

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Prepared By:

FEDERAL COBOL COMPILER TESTING SERVICE DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20376

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

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COBOL COMPILER VALIDATION

1.	Validation Number	CCVS74-VSR180
2.	Vendor	Digital Equipment Corporation
3.	Fainframe	DECSYSTEM-10 Model Number 1080
4.	Compiler Identification	Digital Equipment Corporation CBL74 Version 1
5.	Operating System Identification	TOPS-10 V6-03
6.	Compiler Validation System Version Number	ccvs74 2.0
7.	Federal Information Processing Standard Publication	21-1

*PLEASE NOTE. The Federal COBOL Compiler Testing Service may make full and free public disclosure of the Validation Summary Report (VSR) in accordance with the "Freedom of Information Act" (5 U.S.C. #552). The results of this validation are only for the purpose of satisfying United States Government requirements, and apply only to the Computer System, Operating System release, and compiler version identified in the VSR. The COBOL Compiler Validation System is used to determine, insofar as is practical, the degree to which the subject compiler conforms to the Federal COBOL Standard. Thus, the VSR is necessarily discretionary and judgmental. The United States Government does not represent or warrant that the statements, or any one of them, set forth in the VSR are accurate or complete. The VSR is not meant to be used for the purpose of publicizing the findings summarized therein.

for information concerning this compiler you can contact the vendor's designated representative named below:

Mr. David M. Nixon Digital Equipment Corporation 200 Forest Street Marlboro, Massachusetts 01752

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

```
SECTION 1.
             INTRODUCTION
        1.1
               Purpose of the Validation Summary Report
                Preparation of the VSR
        1.2
                Organization of the VSR
        1.3
                Abstract Covering Compliance to American
                 National Standard Programming Language COBOL
        1.5
                Federal Standard COBOL
               Use of the VSR
Sources of Additional Information
        1.6
        1.7
                Requests for Interpretation
        1.8
        1.9
                Federal Standard COBOL Approved Interpretation
        1.10
                Timeliness of the Validation Summary Reports
SECTION 2.
             DETAILED EVALUATION OF ERRORS
        2.1
               Nucleus Level 1
Nucleus Level 2
        2.3
               Table Handling Level 1
        2.4
               Table Handling Level 2
        2.5
               Sequential I-O Level 1
        2.6
               Sequential I-O Level 2
        2.7
               Relative I-O Level 1
               Relative I-O Level 2
        2.8
        2.9
               Indexed I-O Level 1
        2.10
              Indexed I-O Level 2
        2.11
               Sort-Merge Level 1
        2.12
               Sort-Merge Level 2
        2.13
               Segmentation Level 1
        2.14
               Segmentation Level 2
               Library Level 1
Library Level 2
        2.15
        2.16
        2.17
               Debug Level 1
        2.18
               Debug Level 2
        2.19
               Inter-Program Communication Level 1
        2.20
              Inter-Program Communication Level 2
SECTION 3.
             COMPILER STATUS
        3.1
               Low Level (Minimum COBOL)
        3.2
               Low-Intermediate Level
        3.3
                High-Intermediate Level
               full Standard Level
SECTION 4.
             SOFTWARE ENVIRONMENT
```

APPENDIX A - VALIDATION SUMMARY WORKING DOCUMENT

ASCII VALIDATION

SECTION 5.

SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of the Validation Summary Report

The purpose of the Validation Summary Report (VSR) is to identify individual COBOL language elements whose implementation does not conform to Federal Standard COBCL as adopted from American National Standard Programming Language COBOL, X3.23-1974, by Federal Information Processing Standard 21-1 (FIPS PUB 21-1).
1.2 Preparation of the VSR

The Validation Summary Report is prepared by analyzing the results of running the CGBOL Compiler Validation System (CCVS). The COBOL Compiler Validation System consists of audit routines containing features of Federal Standard COPOL, their related data, and an executive routine (VP-routine) which prepares the audit routines for compilation. Each audit routine is a COBOL program which includes many tests and supporting procedures indicating the result of the tests.

The testing of a compiler in a particular hardware/operating system environment is accomplished by compiling and executing each audit routine. The report produced by each routine tells whether the compiler passed or failed the tests in the routine. If the compiler rejects some language elements by terminating compilation, giving fatal diagnostic messages, or terminating execution abnormally, then the test containing the code the compiler was unable to process is deleted and the audit routine compilation and execution repeated.

The compilation listings and the output reports of the audit routines constitute the raw data from which the members of the Federal COROL Compiler Testing Service produce a Validation Summary Report.

1.3 Organization of the VSR

The Validation Summary Report is made up of several sections the contents of which are described below.

- a. Section 2 summarizes the results of the compilation and execution of the programs comprising the COBOL Compiler Validation System. Section 2 is subdivided into a subsection representing each level of each module defined in American National Standard Programming Language COBOL, X3.23-1974. Each subsection contains a list of all of the language elements which must be implemented in order to claim support of that level/module. The list of language elements will be annotated to include a description of both syntax and semantic errors detected during the validation.
- b. Section 3 FIPS PUB 21-1 defines four Federal levels of the COBOL Standard. Section 3 of the VSR lists the discrepancies described in Section 2 by the Federal level in which the problem occurs.

- c. Section 4 contains information which describes the software environment in which the compiler was tested. This includes the name and version of the operating system; the implementor-names which were used in the Environment Division of the programs comprising the CCVS; the options used with the compiler; and if applicable, information regarding the use of compiler optimization features.
- d. Appendix A is the Validation Summary Working Document, a working paper resulting from the compilation and execution of the CCVS, and from which the VSR is derived.
- 1.4 Abstract Covering Compliance to American National Standard Programming Language COBOL

Definition of an Implementation of American National Standard Programming Language COBOL (excerpts from X3.23-1974, Chapter 1, Section 1.5).

An implementation is defined to meet the requirements of the American National Standard COBOL specification if that implementation includes a fully implemented specified level of each of the functional processing modules and of the Nucleus as defined in this Standard. It follows from this that, in order to meet the requirements of this Standard, an implementation must:

- a. Not require the inclusion of substitute or additional language elements in the source program, in order to accomplish any part of the function of any of the standard language elements.
- b. Accept all standard language elements contained in a given level of a module which is specified as being included in the implementation, except as specifically exempted (as pertaining to specific hardware components for which support is not claimed). See "Elements that Pertain to Specific Hardware Components" below.

These points are of particular pertinence in two areas:

- (1) There are throughout the American National Standard COBOL specification certain language elements whose syntax, or effect, is specified to be, in part, implementor-defined. While the implementor specifies the constraints on that portion of each element's syntax or rules that is indicated in this Standard to be implementor-defined, such constraints may not include any requirement for the inclusion in the source program of substitute or additional language elements.
- (2) When a function is provided outside the source program that accomplishes a function specified by any particular standard COBOL element, then the implementation must not require, except for Environment Division elements, the specification of that external function in place of or in addition to that standard language element:

The following qualifications apply to the American National Standard COBOL specification:

- a. There are certain language elements which pertain to specific types of hardware components. In order for an implementation to meet the requirements of this standard, the implementor must specify the minimum hardware configuration required for that implementation and the hardware components that it supports. Further, when support is thus claimed for a specific hardware component, all standard language elements that pertain to that component must be implemented if the module in which they appear is included in the implementation. Language elements that pertain to specific hardware components for which support is not claimed, need not be implemented. However, the absence of such elements from an implementation of American National Standard COBOL must be specified.
- b. An implementation of American National Standard COBOL may include the ENTER statement or not, at the option of the implementor.
- c. An implementation that includes, in addition to a specified level of each of the functional processing modules and of the Nucleus, elements or functions that either are not defined in the American National Standard CO3OL specification or are defined in a given level of a standard module not otherwise included in the implementation, meets the requirements of this Standard. This is true even though it may imply the extension of the list of reserved words by the implementor, and prevent proper compilation of some programs that meet the requirements of this Standard. The implementor must specify any optional language (language not defined in a specified level but defined elsewhere in the Standard) or extensions (language elements or functions not defined in this Standard) that are included in the implementation.
- d. In general, the American National Standard COBOL specification specifies no upper limit on such things as the number of statements in a program, the number of operands permitted in certain statements, etc. It is recognized that these limits will vary from one implementation of American National Standard COBOL to another and may prevent the proper compilation of some programs that meet the requirements of this standard.

IMPLEMENTOR-DEFINED LANGUAGE SPECIFICATIONS

The language elements in the following lists depend on implementor definitions to complete the specification of the syntax or rules for the elements.

The elements whose syntax is partly implementor-defined are:

SOURCE-COMPUTER paragraph computer-name

OBJECT-COMPUTER paragraph computer-name

MEMORY SIZE clause integer

alphabet-name implementor-name; whether imple-

mentor-names are provided.

SPECIAL-NAMES paragraph implementor-name

ASSIGN clause implementor-name

VALUE OF clause implementor-name; whether implementor-names are provided.

RERUN clause implementor-name and the form; the implementor provides at least one of seven specified forms.

CALL and CANCEL statements relationship between operand and the referenced program.

COPY statement relationship between library-name text-name, and the library.

ENTER statement language-name
Margin R The location.

Area B The number of character positions.

Qualification The number of qualifiers; at least five must be supported.

The elements whose effect is partly implementor-defined are:

Element Implementor-Defined Aspect

alphabet-name The correspondence between native and foreign character sets.

USAGE IS COMPUTATIONAL Representation and whether automatic clause alignment occurs.

USAGE IS INDEX clause Representation and whether automatic alignment occurs.

SYNCHRONIZED clause Whether implicit FILLER positions are generated; their effect on the size of group items and redefining items.

ACCEPT statement Maximum size of one transfer of data in Level 1 Nucleus.

DISPLAY statement Maximum size of one transfer of data in Level 1 Nucleus.

Numeric test Representation of valid sign in the absence of the SIGN IS SEPARATE clause.

Comparison of nonnumeric items Collating sequence, where NATIVE or implementor-name collating sequence is implicitly or explicitly specified.

Arithmetic expressions Number of places carried for intermediate results.

Elements That Pertain to Specific Hardware Components

(Sequential I-O only)

The standard language elements in the list that follows pertain to specific types of hardware components. These language elements must be implemented in an implementation of American National Standard COBOL when support is claimed, by the implementor, for the specific types of hardware components to which they pertain, and the module in which they are defined is included in that implementation.

Element	Hardware Component
CODE-SET clause	Device capable of supporting the specified code.
MULTIPLE FILE TAPE clause	Reel
CLOSEREEL/UNIT statement	Reel or mass storage
CLOSENO REWIND statement	Reel or mass storage
OPENREVERSED statement	Reel with the capability of making records available in the reversed order; mass-storage with the capability of making records available in the reversed order.
OPENNO REWIND statement	Reel or mass storage
OPENI-O statement (Sequential I-O only)	Mass storage
OPEN EXTEND statement	Reel or mass storage
REWRITE statement	Mass storage

SEND...BEFORE/AFTER
ADVANCING statement

Devices capable of vertical positioning; devices capable of action based on mnemonic-names.

USE...I-O (Sequential I-O only)

Mass storage

WRITE...BEFORE/AFTER ADVANCING

Devices capable of vertical positioning; devices capable of action based on mnemonic-name.

1.5 The Federal COBOL Standard

The COBOL compiler validation results enclosed in this document reflect the degree to which the subject COBOL compiler implements the Federal COBOL Standard. The Federal COBOL Standard is essentially the same as the American National Standard Programming Language COBOL, X3.23-1974, with two exceptions:

The Federal COBOL Standard defines 4 levels and the ANSI Standard defines only the minimum COBOL implementation and the full standard. Low and High levels of the Federal COBOL Standard (see 1.5.1) correspond to the above two ANSI levels (minus the Report Writer module). Two additional levels, low-intermediate and high-intermediate have been included in the Federal Standard between the highest and lowest subsets. These additional levels accommodate hardware which cannot support the full standard, but which is capable of implementing more than the minimum standard.

The Report Writer Module is not contained in the Federal COBOL Standard.

The Federal COBOL Standard requires that a compiler contain as a minimum the elements specified in at least one of the Federal levels. No restrictions are imposed on the inclusion of selected features from higher levels or even unique vendor extensions. Compatibility amoung various implementations of a given level containing additional features must be controlled by management imposed standards and restrictions.

1.5.1 Federal Standard COBOL Levels

- a. Federal Standard COROL specifications are the language specifications contained in American National Standard Programming Language COBOL, X3.23-1974. For purposes of the Federal Standard, the modules defined in X3.23-1974 are combined into four levels. Not all computers are large enough to accommodate a COBOL compiler containing the full ANSI Standard. Therefore, the Federal Government requires that all compilers acquired by its agencies contain as a minimum one of the four Federal levels, depending on machine size, configuration and user needs. The knowledge that all computers will support at least one of these four subsets simplifies the task of developing machine-independent COBOL programs.
- b. The four levels of Federal Standard COBOL are identified as: Low, Low-Intermediate, High-Intermediate, and High. Each Federal Standard COBOL level is composed of either the high or low levels of the nucleus and ten of the eleven Functional Processing Modules (FPMs) defined in X3.23-1974. The four Federal Standard COBOL levels are reflected in the following table. The numbers in the table refer to the level within the FPM or nucleus as designated in X3.23-1974, and a dash in the table denotes that the corresponding FPM is omitted.

		Low Inter-	High Inter-	
	Low Level	mediate Level	mediat e Level	High Level
NUCLEUS	1	1	2	2
FPMs				
TABLE HANDLING	1	1	2	2
SEGUENTIAL I-O	1	1	2	2
RELATIVE I-O	-	1	2	2
INDEXED I-O	-	-	-	2
SORT-MERGE		-	1	2
REPORT WRITER	-	•		-
SEGMENTATION	-	1	1	2
LIBRARY	-	1	1	2
DEBUG	•	1	2	2
INTER-PROGRAM				
COMMUNICATION		1	2	2
COMMUNICATION		•	2	2

1.5.2 Conformance to Federal Standard COBOL

A compiler implemented in conformance to Federal Standard COBOL must meet at least the following requirements.

- a. The implementation must include all of the language elements of at least one of the levels of federal Standard COBOL.
- b. The implementation must meet all of the requirements defined in American National Standard COPOL, X3.23-1974, Section I, paragraph 1.5, Definition of An Implementation of American National Standard COBOL which is provided in section 1.4 of this VSR.
- c. The implementation must provide a facility for the user to optionally specify a level of Federal Standard COBOL for monitoring his source program at compile time. The monitoring will be an analysis of the syntax used in a source program against the syntax included in the specified level of Federal Standard COBOL. Any syntax used in the source program that does not conform to that allowed by the user selected level of Federal Standard COBOL will be diagnosed. The syntax diagnosed as not conforming to the specified level will be identified to the user through a diagnostic message on the source program listing. The diagnostic message will contain, at least: (1) The identification of the source program line number in which the nonconforming syntax occurs, (2) the identification of the level of Federal Standard COBOL that supports

the syntax or that the syntax is nonstandard COBOL.

1.6. Use of the VSR

The Federal COBOL Compiler Testing Service may make full and free public disclosure of the Validation Summary Report (VSR) in accordance with the "Freedom of Information Act" (5 U.S.C. #552). The results of the validation are only for the purpose of satisfying United States Government requirements, and apply only to the computer system, operating system release, and compiler version identified in the VSR.

The COBOL Compiler Validation System is used to determine, insofar as is practical, the degree to which the subject compiler conforms to the COBOL Standard. Thus, the VSR is necessarily discretionary and judomental. The United States Government does not represent or warrant that the statements, or any one of them, set forth in the VSR are accurate or complete. The VSR is not meant to be used for the purpose of publicizing the findings summarized therein.

1.7 Sources of Additional Information

FIPS PUB 21-1 defines the Federal COBOL Language Standard. This publication is available from the Office of ADP Standards Management, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C., 20234.

The detailed COBOL Language specifications are given in the publication "American National Standard Programming Language COBOL, X3.23-1974", available from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, New York 10018.

An explanation of the COBOL Compiler Validation System is contained in the CCVS User's Guide. This document explains how to run the compiler validation system. The User's Guide and a magnetic tape containing a copy of the CCVS programs are available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia, 22151. (Ordering information can be obtained from the Federal COBOL Compiler Testing Service.)

1.8 Requests for Interpretation

Questions regarding this VSR or the CCVS in general should be forwarded to the FCCTS. If any problem cannot be adequately resolved through the FCCTS, the request for interpretation will be forwarded to the Federal COBOL Interpretation Committee for final resolution.

A brochure describing the validation process including the procedures for requesting a validation and resolution of questions involving interpretation of the current Federal Standard is available from the Department of the Navy, Federal COBOL Compiler Testing Service, Washington, D.C. 20376.

1.9 Federal Standard COBOL Approved Interpretation

The National Bureau of Standards published in the Federal Register Vol. 41

CCVS74-VSR18D

No. 179, September 14, 1976, an approved interpretation of Federal Standard CDBOL as pertains to the evaluation of arithmetic expressions in the COMPUTE statements. This interpretation states that "size of the intermediate result field is implementor-defined."

Since the results of evaluating arithmetic expressions are not predictable, all COMPUTE statements and If statements containing arithmetic expressions have been removed from the COBOL Compiler Validation System.

1.10 Timeliness of the Validation Summary Reports

The timeliness of the Validation Summary Report is important. Compilers and their related operating system software are modified several times a year. The Compiler Validation System used to validate compilers is also updated during the life of the system. Therefore to ensure that the latest version of both the vendor's compiler and the Validation System are the latest officially released versions, check with the:

Director Federal COBOL Compiler Testing Service Department of the Navy Washington, D. C. 20376 (202) 697-1247

Please use the Validation Summary Report number of this report when corresponding with the Testing Service.

SECTION 2. DETAILED EVALUATION OF ERRORS.

This section summarizes the results of the compilation and execution of the programs comprising the COEOL Compiler Validation System (CCVS). The version of the CCVS used during this validation is shown inside the front cover of the VSR.

Section 2 is made up of a variable number of subsections. The number of subsections is dependent on the Level of Federal COBOL being validated. There will be a subsection for each level of each module which is validated. If the high level of a module is validated then there will be two subsections for that module; one for the low level and one for the high level.

A validation of the low level of Federal Standard COBOL would result in three subsections being present. One for Nucleus level 1, one for Sequential 1-0 level 1, and one for Table Handling level 1.

Each error or deviation noted in this section makes reference to a program or functional COBOL module contained in Appendix A (Validation Summary Working Document). This reference provides the documented results of an occurrence of errors/deviataions detected during the running of the CCVS using the compiler within the environment identified within this document. The Validation Summary Working Document is presented in sequence by functional module, functional module level and program number as defined below.

Each program in the COBOL Compiler Validation System is identified by a 5-character program name. The name associates the routine with the functional processing module and level of American National Standard Programming Language COBOL tested within the program.

The five character name has the general format XXNMM. The first two characters are alphabetic and identify the functional module tested by the program. The permissable values are:

CM - Communication

DB - Debug

IC - Inter-Program Communication

IX - Indexed I-0

LB - Library

NC - Nucleus

RL - Relative I-0

RP - Report Writer

SG - Segmentation

SQ - Sequential I-O ST - Sort-Merge

TH - Table Handling

The third character of the audit routine name is either a 1 or 2, and identifies the level of the functional module being tested. Each module and level is represented by several programs. The fourth and fifth characters of the program name are sequence numbers for programs which test features in the

same level of the same functional processing module.

As an example, the program name NC210 is the tenth program in the series of routines which test the second level of the Nucleus module.

Description of Section 2.

Each error/deviation is noted by number in the left hand margin opposite the language element in question. This number is used in section 3 to categorize errors by Federal level (See 1.5.1). Inserted directly below the language element is a brief description of the error. To the right of the language element is a page reference to X3.23-1974, American National Standard Programming Language COBOL. The reference at the end of the description of the error is to Appendix A which contains the detailed information collected during the validation. The reference is made up of the routine name followed by an A or B (A for compile time or syntax error and B for execution time or semantic error) and a number which makes the error unique in Appendix A.

Example:

2.1 Nucleus Level 1

Operational symbols: S V P II-21

2.1.9

* The scaling character *P* is not permitted in a

* PICTURE character-string.

* (NC101_A_2)

- 2.1.9 represents the ninth error for Nucleus Level 1
- II-21 represents the page in x3.23-1974 where the language element is defined
- * Boxes the description of the error/deviation

NC101.A.2 represents:

Program name - NC101 Syntax error - A second error - 2

2.2 Sequential I-0 Level 1

2.1 NUCLEUS LEVEL 1

Language Concepts						1-75
Characters used for words		-				1-76
0, 1,, 9		• •	• •	•	• •	
A, 3,, 1						
till billion						
Characters used for punctuation	on .			-		I-65
" quotation mark						
(left parenthesis						
) right parenthesis						
. period						
space						
= equal sign						
Characters used in editing						1-58
B space						
O zero						
+ plus						
- minus						
CR credit						
DB debit						
2 zero suppress						
* check protect						
\$ currency sign						
, comma						
 period 						
/ stroke						
Separators						1-75
The separators, semicolon an	nd co	omma	ar	e n	ot	
allowed						II-1
Character-strings						1-76
COBOL words						1-76
Not more than 30 character	rs	• •		•	•	
User-defined words						1-76
data-name				•	• •	
						11-1
Must begin with an alp						11-1
Must be unique; may no	01 06	e qua	111	160	• •	11-1
level-number						
mnemonic-name						
paragraph-name						
program-name						
routine-name						
section-name						
System-names						I-78
computer-name						
implementor-name						
language-name						
Reserved words						1-79
Key words				•	• •	,
Optional words						
Figurative constants						1-80
ZERO				•		1-60
LENU						

		SPACE					
			-VALUE				
			VALUE				
		QUOTE					
			5	cter wo	rds		1-80
	Lite						1-80
					ve length		
				haracte			
	Nu	-				rom 1 through	
		18 dia	its		•		
	PICT	URE ch.	aracter	-string	s		I-82
							1-82
	Referenc	e Forma	it				I-105
							1-105
							I-105
							I-106
	Sect	ion hea	ader				I-106
	Para	graph t	neader.				1-107
	Data	Divis	ion ent	ries .			1-107
	Area B						I-105
	Para	graphs.					I-107
	Data	Divis	ion ent	ries .			I-107
	Contin	uation	of lin	es			I-106
						ontinued	
	Commen	t line:	s				I-108
				ent lin	es		
	Stro	ke (/)	commen	t line			
	Identifi	cation	Divisi	on			1-94
							11-3
							11-2
							11-2
							11-2
	The SE	CURITY	paragr	aph			11-5
							1-95
				paragr	aph		11-5
		uter-na					
				paragr	aph		11-6
		uter-na					
		RY SIZE					
					CE clause		
2.1.1							
						SEGUENCE cla	use
	* resu	icted 1	incor	rect co	de generat		
					onic-name		11-6
					onic-name	caries	
	101200000000000000000000000000000000000	TATUS		10 mile m	o.iic iidae		

Switches are not supported.	
(NUCLEUS)	
alphabet-name clause CURRENCY SIGN clause	
DECIMAL-POINT clause	
Data Division	1-97
Working-Storage Section	11-11
The data description entry	11-12
The BLANK WHEN ZERO clause	11-14
The data-name or FILLER clause	11-15
The JUSTIFIED clause (may be abbreviated JUST).	11-16
Level-number	11-17
01 through 10 (level numbers must be 2 digits)	11-13
77	II-11
The PICTURE clause (may be abbreviated PIC)	11-18
Character-string may contain 30 characters	11-18
Data characters: A X 9	11-18
Operational symbols: S V P	11-21
Fixed insertion characters	11-21
O (may be used only in edited items)	
B (may be used only in edited items)	
thay be used only in earlied items,	
\$ (currency sian)	
+ and -	
DB and CR	
1	
Replacement or floating characters	11-21
\$ (currency sign)	
+ and -	
2	
	11-21
Decimal point substitution	
The REDEFINES clause (may not be nested)	
The SIGN clause	11-31
The SYNCHRONIZED clause (may be aboreviated SYNC	
The USAGE clause	11-35
COMPUTATIONAL (may be abbreviated COMP) DISPLAY	
The VALUE clause	11-36
literal	11-36
rocedure Division	1-99
Conditional expressions	11-41
Simple condition	11-41

			ENO	1) (1																
			ENO Tpai	T] {	EQUA on (A L	TO num	eri										11-	-42	
		Clas			iti													-	-42 -43	
2.1.3		Swit	ch-	stat	tus	co	ndi	tio	n .	•	•	• •	•	•	•		•	11	-44	
	* S	witc	hes	are		(5	e e	por 2.1	.2)											
		ithm	eti	c of	pera	and	s l	imi	ted	to	1	3 d	iqi	ts				11.	-51	
	Over The	ACCE	PT :	stat	teme	nt	(0	nly	on	e t	ra	nsf	er	o f	d	ata	a)	II.		
		enti ide	fie	r/l	ite	ral	s e	rie	s .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		11.	-55	
	RO	VING UNDE ZE E	D pl	hras	se															
	The The	ALTE DISP	R SI	tate	emer ater	nt	t (onl	y 0	ne	tr.	ans	fer	0	m e f). dat	ta)	I	I - 57 I - 59	
2.1.4																				
		ISPL																		
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	der								i	e	S																	
The												ni	•			_	_					_			_	_		11-77
	γ .									-			•	•		•	•	•	٠	•	•	-	•	•	•	•		
	iv								i	•	r																	
	001										•																	
	IZE										•																	
The																												11-78
										171	en		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-70
	ro						d I	n e																				
	HRU																											
	IME																											
The					t a	t	e	n e	n	t	•		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-85
	ite	9 6	aι																									
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The																	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-89
	der									r	aι	•	s •	r	i	e s												
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2.2 NUCLEUS LEVEL 2

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La		30		96			,,,,		e t		٦.	•	٠.		n .	'n	•			:		'n	•	•	•	:	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	_	65
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	L I																															:				75
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			,	05				11.3			n-		-		u:	>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1 -	10
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	٥.																															UK	N		T -	87
	6 (Ja	ı	11	1	C	3 t	,	O I	١.	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1-	01
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	C	n																																		-1
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													_ ,																							94
10	er	ıt	١.	"	c	aı		0	n	U	11	'1	S	0	n	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11	
	11	16	1	A	1	t.	- C	0	" i	1	LE	D	t	a	ra	9	•	9 t	n	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11	-4
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		a	11	p h	9	0	1	-	na	3 M	e	C	la	u	54																					

	ı	itera	ı																					
	Data Di	visio	n.																				1-9	7
	The d	ata c	esc	rip	tic	n	en	try															II-	12
	Level	-nunt	19																				I I -1	17
	01	throu	gh	49	(16	ve	1-1	חנו	nbe	rs	m	ay	be	. 1	1 0	r	2	di	q i	ts)			
	66																							
	88																							
	The R																						11-	27
	The RI	ENAME	S c	lau	s e	(m.	ay	be	n	es	t e	d)					•	•					11-2	29
	dat.	a-nam	e																					
		a-nam																						
	The V									•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•		I I - 3	36
		eral-																						
		eral-						1-2	?															
	lit	eral	ran	ge	ser	ie	S																	
	Procedu	re Di	VIS	100	• .	•	•	• • •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	I-99	
	Arith	metic	ex	pre	551	on:	s .	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-	
	Condi	tiona	i e	xpr	622	101	ns.		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-4	
	2120	ole c	ond	וזו	on	:.	•	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-	
	~ ~	elati Rela	ona		one	11	101		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-	4 1
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	C	ondit																					11-	
		ian c								_	-		_	-	_		77.	_	_	_	-		11-4	
		NOT								_	_	-	-		_	•	-				_			
	Comp	olex	con	dit	ion											_							11-4	45
		ogica					100		100				100			-	-			_				
	No	egate	d s	imp	le	col	nd	iti	ion														11-4	46
		ombin																					I I -	46
		revia																					I I -	47
	Multip																						11-	51
	The A	CEPT	st	ate	men	t	(no) r	es	tr	i c	tic	n	, ,	n	th	6	nu	mb	er				
	01	ftra	nsf	ers	o f	di	at a	a).															II-	53
	FRO	M phr	956																					
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		ACCEP																						
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	76- 47																							
	The Al	ov st ident				-			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-5	>>
		ING i					-																	
		RESPO				-		6.2																
																							11-5	. 7
	The Al	seri									•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11-3	, (
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			POI																															
		The														•	•			•	•	•	•				•	•			•	•	11-6	1
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		The																															11-6	
		The																															11-6	
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		B	Υ .	i d	en	t	if	ie	r	S	e	r i	e s	5																				
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		U	.T	IL	c	h	ra	se																										
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			ROM				1120.00			7																								
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2.3 TABLE HANDLING LEVEL 1

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			i	n	d e	,	, -	n	а	m	e																													
	S	ul	b	s	cr	• •	p	t	i	n	g		-		3		L	e١	16	1	S																			I-89
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Da	t	a	1	D.	i	, i	S	i	0	n																														
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			i	n	: 6			n	а	m	e	1	i	d	e	n	t	i 1	i	e	r		S	e	r	ie	2													
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2.4	TABLE HANDLING LEVEL 2	
	All elements of 1 TPL 1,2 are a part of 2 TBL 1,2	
	Data Division	
	The OCCURS clause	111-2
	integer-1 TO integer-2 DEPENDING ON data-name	
	ASCENDING/DESCENDING data-name	
	data-name series	
	ASCENDING/DESCENDING series	
	Procedure Division	
	The SEARCH statement	111-7
	VARYING phrase	
	AT END phrase	
	WHEN phrase	
	The SEARCH ALL statement	111-7
	AT END phrase	
	BUTTE Change	

2.5	SEQUENTIAL 1-0 LEVEL 1	
	Language Concepts	
	User-defined words	
	file-name	
	record-name	
	1-0 status	
	Environment Division	
	The file-control paragraph IV-4	
	The file control entry IV-4	
	SELECT clause	
	ASSIGN TO implementor-name clause	
	ORGANIZATION IS SEQUENTIAL clause	
	ACCESS MODE IS SEQUENTIAL clause	
	FILE STATUS clause	
	The I-O-CONTROL paragraph IV-6	
	RERUN clause	
	SAME AREA clause	
	SAME AREA series	
	Data Division	
	File Section IV-9	
	The file description entry IV-10	
	The record description entry IV-9	
	The BLOCK CONTAINS clause IV-11	
	integer CHARACTERS	
	integer RECORDS	
	The CODE-SET clause IV-12	
	2.5.1	
	★ The compiler does not accept the "CODE-SET IS alphabet-	
	 name" clause if the optional word 'IS' is missing. 	
	(SC118 A 1)	
	2.5.2	_
	* The compiler required a non-standard clause (RECORDING MODE	
	* IS STANDARD-ASCII) in order to process tage files in	
	* accordance with the American National Standard Code for	
	* Information Interchange.	
	* (SQ118 A.2)	
		_
	The DATA RECORDS clause IV-13	
	data-name	
	data-name series	
	The LABEL RECORDS clause IV-14	
	STANDARD	
	OMITTED	
	The RECORD CONTAINS clause IV-18	
	integer-1 TO integer-2 CHARACTERS	
	The VALUE OF clause IV-19	
	implementor-name IS literal	
	implementor-name 15 literal	

	Procedure Division
	The CLOSE statement (only a single file-name may appear
	in a CLOSE statement)
	REEL
	UNIT
	The OPEN statement (only a single file-name may appear
	in an OPEN statement)
	INPUT
	OUTPUT
	1-0
	The READ statement IV-28
	INTO identifier
	AT END phrase
2.5.3	
	 The compiler requires the AT FND clause for READ statements
	 even though a declarative procedure for USE on I-O was
	 included in the program.
	* (SQ121 A)
	The KEWRITE statement IV-31
	FROM identifier
	The USE statement
	EXCEPTION/ERROR PROCEDURE
	ON file-name
	ON INPUT
	ON OUTPUT
	ON I-0
	The WRITE statement IV-34
	FROM identifier
	BEFORE/AFTER integer LINES
2.5.4	
	 Omission of the ADVANCING phrase in WRITE statements resulted
	 in a default value of REFORE 1 LINE instead of the correct
	* value of AFTER 1 LINE.
	* (SQ101 P)
	255205745755 DAGG
	BEFORE/AFTER PAGE

2.6

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			LI	NA	GE	- C	0 U	N T	EF	₹.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,	V-3
	Envi																														
		he																				•	•	•	•	•	•		•	_	V-4
	1	he								e	ı t	ry	,		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•		•	1	1-4
			SF	11/2/17		C																									
						10																									
						E			-																						
	1	he														•	•	•	•			•	•		•	•				I	1-6
			-			E C	-																								
						E C																									
			MUI	LT	IΡ	LE	F	IL	E.	1/	AP	E	c	laı	J S	е															
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		he																				•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	_	V-1 0
	1	he																		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	I	V-11
			in	t e	g e	r -	1	TC) i	in	te	g e	r.	- 2	R	E C	OF	D	S												
			in	te	ge	r -	1	TO	i	'n	t e	o e	r.	- 2	C	A H	RA	C	TE	RS	5										
	1	he	L	I N	A G	E	cι	au	SE			•			•				•							•	•	•	•	I	V-15
			FO	TC	I١	G	ph	ra	SE																						
			TO	P	ph	ra	s e																								
			B0	TT	MC	P	hr	as	9																						
	1	he	V	AL	UE	0	F	cl	au	15	9																			I	V-19
			im	pl	em	en	to	r-	na	m	е	IS	(da	t a	-n	an	ne													
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	Proc	ed	ur	e	Di	v i	s i	or	1																						
	1	he	C	LO	SE	s	ta	te	me	n	t																			I	V-20
						IN										0 C	K														
			fi	le	-n	am	e	s e	ri	e	5																				
	1	he	0	PE	N	s t	at	en	er	ıt.																				1	V-24
			IN	PU	T																										
				R	E V	ER:	SE	D																							
				N	0	RE	WI	NO																							
			οu	TP	UT		_																								
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	1	he																					3								V-32
		116	EX	CEI	PT	10	N/	FD	B (D P	P			- 0	10		Ch			1.				5				•	•	•	. 52
						10																		3							
	,	he																•	_ ^											11	V-34
						/ A													•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	
						/A					-					-		0													
			A 1	E.	VU	-0	-	r A	6		ı m	p e		. (1 4	e -	5 (d	r e	п) €	11										

2.7	RELATIVE I	-0 L	EVEL	1																			
	Langua	00 (20.0	nte																			
		r-de				_																	1-76
	0.26	file			orc	5.	•	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1-10
		10.00		-																			
		reco		-																			
	1-0	sta	tus.	•	• •	•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	V-2
	Enviro	nmen	t Di	vis	ion																		
	The	FIL	E - C O	NTR)L	par	agi	rap	h.														V-5
		file																					V-5
		SELE																					
		ASSI				eme	nto	r-	nat	n e	c I	aı	ıs e										
		ORGA																					
		ACCE				-				•													
		9 9 9	EQUE																				
			ANDO																				
		FILE	ment control of the		- 1																		
	76.0	I-0																					V-7
						ara	ggr	apn	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	V-1
		RERU																					
		SAME																					
		SAME	AKE	A S	eri	es																	
	Data D	ivis	ion																				
	Fil	e Se	ctio	n																			V-10
	The	file	e de	scr	ipt	ior	n er	ntr	у.														V-11
		rec																_					V-10
		BLO																					V-12
		inte								•	•	-	_	-	-	•	-	_	_	_		-	
		inte																					
	The	DAT																					V-13
		data			, ,			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• 13
		data			:																		
				-																			V-14
	ine	LABI			(02	C	au	se.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	V-14
		STAN																					
		OMIT																					
	The	REC												•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	V-15
		inte																					
	The	VAL										•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	V-16
		impli	emen	tor	-na	n e	I S	li	ter	al													
		impl	emen	tor	-na	m e	15	li	te	ral	. 5	er	ie	S									
	Proced		nivi	cia																			
		CLO				nt																	V-17
		WITH			me		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	•	file																					V-19
	Ine	DEL							•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4-19
		INVA																					
		OPE		ate	nen	t .	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	V-20
		INPU	T																				

	OUTPUT												
	I-0												
	file-name series												
	INPUT, OUTPUT, and	I-	0	se	· r	i e s	s						
The	e kEAD statement												V-23
	INTO identifier												
	AT END phrase												
	INVALID KEY phrase												
The	e REWRITE statement												V-26
	FROM identifier												
	INVALID KEY phrase												
The	e USE statement												V-30
	EXCEPTION/ERROR PRO	CE	DL	IRE									
	ON file-name												
	ON INPUT												
	ON DUTPUT												
	ON I-0												
T	he WRITE statement.												V-32
	FROM identifier												
	INVALID KEY phrase												

8.8	RELATIVE I-O LEVEL 2							
	All elements of 1	REL O,	2 are	a par	t of i	REL C	2.0	
	Environment Divisi	on						
	The FILE-CONTRO	L para	graph					 V-5
	The file contro	lentr	y					 V-5
	SELECT claus	e						
	RESERVE inte	ger AR	EA(S)	claus	e			
	ACCESS MODE	IS DYN	AMIC	clause				
	The I-O-CONTROL	parag	raph					 V-7
	SAME RECORD	AREA						
	SAME RECORD	AREA e	ntrie	s				
	Data Division							
	The file descri							 V-11
	The BLOCK CONTA	INS cl	ause					 V-12
	integer-1 TO	integ	er-2	RECORD	S			
	integer-1 TO	integ	er-2	CHARAC	TERS			
	The VALUE OF cl	ause .						 V-16
	implementor-							
	implementor-	name I	S dat	a-name	entr	ies		
	Procedure Division							
	The READ statem	ent						 V-23
	NEXT RECORD							
	The START state							 V-28
	KEY IS phras							
	INVALID KEY							
	The USE stateme							 v-30
	EXCEPTION/ER		III III III EN	RE				
	ON file-na	me ser	ies					

CCVS74-VSR18D

2.9 INDE	EXED I-O LEVEL 1
	Language Concepts User-defined words
	record-name I-O status
	Environment Division The FILE-CONTROL paragraphVI-5 The file control entryVI-5 SELECT clause ASSIGN TO implementor-name clause
2.9.1	 The compiler requires the ASSIGN clause to immediately follow the SELECT clause in a file control entry. (IX207 A.2)
	ORGANIZATION IS INDEXED clause ACCESS MODE clause SEQUENTIAL RANDOM RECORD KEY clause FILE STATUS clause The 1-0-CONTROL paragraph VI-9 RERUN clause SAME AREA clause SAME AREA series
	Pata Division File Section
	The DATA RECORDS clause VI-14 data-name data-name series The LABEL RECORDS clause VI-15 STANDARD
	OMITTED The RECORD CONTAINS clause
	implementor-name IS literal series Procedure Division The CLOSE statement VI-18 WITH LOCK

The DELETE statement	VI-20
INVALID KEY phrase	
	VI-21
INPUT	
OUTPUT	
1-0	
file-name series	
INPUT, OUTPUT, and I-O series	
The READ statement	VI-24
INTO identifier	
AT END phrase	
INVALID KEY phrase	
The REWRITE statement	VI-28
FROM identifier	
INVALID KEY phrase	
The USE statement	VI-32
EXCEPTION/ERROR PROCEDURE	
ON file-name	
ON INPUT	
ON OUTPUT	
ON 1-0	
The WRITE statement	VI-33
FROM identifier	
INVALID KEY phrase	

2.10 IN	DEXED I-O LEVEL 2
	All elements of 1 INX 0,2 are a part of 2 INX 0,2
2 40 4	Environment Division The FILE-CONTROL paragraph
2.10.1	 The ALTERNATE RECORD KEY clause is not supported. (IX205 A)
	WITH DUPLICATES phrase The I-O-CONTROL paragraph VI-8 SAME RECORD clause SAME RECORD AREA series
	Data Division
	The file description entry VI-12
	The BLOCK CONTAINS clause VI-13 integer-1 TO integer-2 RECOPDS
	integer-1 TO integer-2 CHARACTERS The VALUE OF clause VI-17 implementor-name IS data-name implementor-name IS data-name series
	Procedure Division
	The READ statement VI-24 KEY IS phrase
	NEXT RECORD The START statement VI-30 KEY IS phrase
	INVALID KEY phrase The USE statement

2.11 SORT-MERGE LEVEL 1

Language Concepts	
User-defined words	- I-76
file-name	
Environment Division	
	_ VII-2
The file control entry	- VII-2
SELECT clause	
ASSIGN TO implementor-name clause	
ASSIGN TO Implemental - name clause	
Data Division	
File Section	. VII-5
The sort-merge file description entry	- VII-5
The DATA RECORDS clause	. VII-6
The RECORD CONTAINS clause	. VII-7
Procedure Division	
The RELEASE statement	- VII-12
FROM phrase	
The RETURN statement	. VII-13
INTO phrase	
AT END phrase	
The SORT statement (only one SORT statement, a STOP	
RUN statement, and any associated input-output	
procedures allowed in the nondeclarative	
portion of a program)	. VII-14
KEY data-name	
data-name series	
ASCENDING series	
DESCENDING series	
mixed ASCENDING/DESCENDING	
INPUT PROCEDURE phrase	
THRU	
USING phrase	
OUTPUT PROCEDURE phrase	
THRU	
GIVING phrase	

CCVS74-VSK180

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																																				VII-2
		SE													•								-	Ī		-	Ī	-				-	-	-		
1	he	1	-0) -	C	24	11	R	01		D	aı	r a	a	r	a r	h						_	_				_				_		_	_	VII-3
		SA																						_		-	_	_		-			-	_	_	
		SA	ME		S	OF	1	1	S) R	T	-1	1 E	R	G	E	A	R	E A	1	c l	l a	us	s e												
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Proc	edi	11	e	D	i	v i	is	i	or	1																										
1	he	14	ER	G	Ε	S	t	a	te	e m	e	nı	t																							VII-8
		KE	Y	d	a	t a	3 -	n	aı	n e																										
			C	la	t	a -	·r	a	m e		s	e i	ri	e	s																					
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			P	e	•	n i	t	t	e	1)							-																			VII-14
		-			T 1		10			- 0		-		-	-		_																			

2.13	SEGMENTATION LEVEL 1	
	Language Concepts User-defined words	1-7
	Procedure Division Segment-numbers	I x - 4
	Fixed segment-number range 0 through 49 Non-fixed segment-number range 50 through 99	
	All sections with the same segment-number must be together in the source program	

2.14	SEGMENTATION LEVEL 2	
	All elements of 1 SEG 0,2 are a part of 2 SEG 0,2	
	Environment Division	
	The OBJECT-COMPUTER paragraph	
	SEGMENT-LIMIT IX	(- !
	Procedure Division	
	Segment-numbers	K - 1
	Sections with the same segment-number need not	
	be physically contiguous in the source program	

2.15 LIERARY	LEVEL	1
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Language Concepts								
User-defined words								1-76
text~name								
All divisions								
The COPY statement								¥-2

CCVS74-VSR1EO

16 LIBR	ARY LEVEL 2
	All elements of 1 LIB 0,2 are a part of 2 LIB 0,2
	Language Concepts User-defined words
	All divisions The COPY statement
2.16.1	 The combiler cannot process COPY statements containing a text-name qualified by a library-name identifying the
	* COBOL library in which the text resides. * (L8207 A)
	nent setue

ccvs74-vsR180

•		ted. (DERUG	Module)	
Language Concepts				
Special registers				 1-80
DEPUG-ITEM				 x I -1
Environment Division	1			
The SOURCE-COMPUT				
WITH DEBUGGING	G MODE clause.			 x 1 - 3
Procedure Division				
USE FOR DEBUGGING	G statement			 XI-4
procedure-name	e			

2.18 DE	EUG LEVEL 2
2.18.1	 The Debug Module is not supported. (See 2.17.1)
	All elements of 1 DEB 0,2 are a part of 2 DEB 0,2
	Procedure Division USE FOR DEBUGGING statement
	file-name series cd-name series

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2.1	9 INTE	R-PROGRAM	COMMINTER	TION LEVEL	1

Data Division															
Linkage Section	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	x 1 1 - 2
Procedure Division															
Procedure Division header. USING phrase	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	X I I -
The CALL statement literal	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	XII-
USING data-name series															
The EXIT PROGRAM statement					-										x 1 1 -8

2.20	INTER-PROGRAM COMMUNICATION LEVEL 2	
	All elements of 1 IPC 0,2 are a part of 2 IPC 0,2	
	Procedure Division	
	The CALL statement	XII-
	ON OVERFLOW phrase The CANCEL statement	XII-

SECTION 3. COMPILER STATUS

Section 1.5 explains the four levels of Federal Standard COPOL. This section lists the discrepancies described in Section 2 by the Federal level in which the problem occurs. All errors listed for a lower level are also errors in any higher level, even though they are listed only in the lower level. The paragraph number from Section 2 is used to reference the errors in each Federal level.

3.1. Low Level

- 2.1.1 PROGRAM COLLATING SEQUENCE clause resulted in error.
- 2.1.2 Switches are not supported.2.1.4 DISPLAYed numeric data is incorrectly edited.
- 2.5.1 Compiler rejects CODE-SET IS ... clause w/o 'IS'.
- 2.5.2 Non-standard code required for ASCII (x3.4) tape files.
- 2.5.3 AT END clause required in READ statement for I-O file. 2.5.4 Default value of ADVANCING phrase is not AFTER 1 LINE.
- 3.2. Low-Intermediate Level
 - 2.17.1 Debug module is not supported.
- 3.3. High-Intermediate
 - 2.2.1 ACCEPT identifier FROM DAY statement result is one greater than correct Julian date.
 - 2.2.2 INSPECT statement with multi-character operands and multiple TALLYING and REPLACING operands did not execute correctly.
- 3.4. High Level
 - 2.9.1 ASSIGN clause must immediately follow SELECT clause in file control entry.
 - 2.10.1 ALTERNATE RECORD KEY clause is not supported.
 - 2.16.1 COPY statement with text-name qualified by library-name can not be compiled.

SECTION 4 SOFTWARE ENVIRONMENT.

The compiler referenced in this document was validated using the software environment described in this section. When using a modification of the described environment, the compiler may or may not continue to conform to the Standard. It should be noted that during the validation process, an attempt is made to validate as many different options as possible.

The use of compiler options, implementor-names in the Environment Division and any form of optimization which is not described in this report could cause the compiler to produce a program that does not perform according to the specifications of Standard COBOL. Only the environment described in this document has been used with this compiler to satisfy the requirements of FIPS PUB 21-1 and FPMR 101-32.1305.1a. (Any deviations which must be corrected as per the referenced FPMR are described in Sections 2 and 3 of this report.)

1. Options or parameters used on the processor call statement for the compiler: The following options/parameters were used during the validation.

Options specified:

hone

Options defaulted:

N/A

2. Environment Division implementor-names.

Printer destined files

LPT

Tape files

MTAN

Sequential Mass-storage files

DSK

Random Access files

DSK

Sort files (SD)

DSK.DSK.DSK

Switch names

Not supported by the compiler.

Source Computer names

DECSYSTEM-10

Object Computer names

DECSYSTEM-10

3. Optimization. The compiler may or may not have optimization features. If there was an optimization feature available, it was used during the validation process (during a separate execution of the Compiler Validation System) to determine if its use causes the compiler to produce a program which does not give the expected results. If the optimization is invoked through the compiler call statement then it is mentioned in paragraph 1 above. If it is invoked through the introduction of syntax in other than the Data and Procedure Divisions of the source program it is shown below. Optimization which would require modification to the Data and Procedure Divisions is not considered in this report in that it is beyond the scope of the use of standard COBOL and the validation process.

Optimization was not considered for this validation.

4. Compiler.

CBL74 Version 1

5. Operating system.

TOPS-10

5. ASCII Validation

ASCII Validation is performed by running a sequence of three CCVS74 programs (SG118, SG119, SG120) using special procedures. The purpose of this special run is to validate that in fact the compiler/operating system being tested is capable of processing an ASCII tape file and an ASCII card file produced (in accordance with the appropriate American National Standard) on another system. There is also a magnetic tape and a card file created in ASCII during the validation which will be taken to another system for further processing to determine whether the compiler/operating system being tested can also produce ASCII files.

This testing is based on several American National Standards and presumes their support by the compiler/operating system being validated. These are:

- 1. American National Standard Programming Language COEOL X3.23-1974
 - The CODE-SET clause is used to read and write the ASCII files.
 - The PROGRAM COLLATING SEQUENCE clause is used to process the data in ASCII mode as well as native mode.
 - The SIGN...SEPARATE clause is used for signed data and all data is in the DISPLAY (character) mode.
- American National Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) x3.4-1968. (Note that this describes the code, not the labeling and tape recording formats.)
- American National Standard Hollerith Punched Card Code, x3.26-1970.
- American National Standard Magnetic Tape Labels for Information Interchange, X3.27-1969.
- American National Standard Recorded Magnetic Tape for Information Interchange (800 CPI, NZRI), X3.23-1967.
- American National Standard Recorded Magnetic Tape for Information Interchange (1600 CPI, PR), x3.39-1973.

The language of the 1974 COBOL Standard provides the capability to accept, process, and produce ASCII code. The ASCII Standard describes the code insofar as the bit arrangement and configuration, but does not address recording techniques, record formats or any labeling scheme. The 800 CPI, NZRI magnetic tape recording standard was used to establish the recording density and techniques. (1600 CPI, PE based on X3.39-1973 "Recorded Magnetic Tape for Information Interchange" could be used under special arrangements.) The tape labeling scheme used in these tests is based on X3.27-1969 but is also compatible with the revision to that tape label standard. Only the VOL1, HDR1, and EOF1 labels are used. The records are fixed length and unblocked.

During the validation, the Validation Manager for the Federal COBOL Compiler Testing Service would use the necessary ASCII magnetic tape and card files in addition to the normal tape files associated with a validation. For the ASCII portion of the validation the following steps are performed:

- 1. The tape file and card deck (produced on another computer system) are used as input to several programs designed to validate whether the system being validated can accept and process ASCII data. Any changes made during this validation to the source programs reading the data are noted below.
- 2. A tape file and card file are produced during the validation which should prove to be identical to the files described in 1 above. These two files are then processed on a different computer system to determine the degree to which the system being validated supports the ASCII standard. Any changes made during this validation to the source program producing the data are noted below.

Results for this Validation

...........

The system was able to both read and produce the required ASCII files based on references 2 and 3 above. 800 CPI NZRI to magnetic tape was used (reference 5 above). The following modifications had to be made in order to fulfill the ASCII validation requirement.

- 1. The tape labeling standard (reference 4 above) is not supported by the Operating System used during the validation. An unlabeled tape file was used as input and the LABEL RECORDS clause in each of the source programs was modified to reflect OMITTED labels.
- 2. The non-standard clause "RECORDING MODE IS STANDARD ASCII" was added to the SELECT statement of each of the tape files in order to use the ASCII code described in reference 2 above. (Note The CODE-SET clause in the File Description Entry which should have accomplished this function did not, thus the introduction of the non-standard RECORDING MODE clause.)

APPENDIX A

VALIDATION SUMMARY WORKING DOCUMENT

A-1 This appendix is a working paper produced during the validation and documents the results of the compilation and execution of each of the programs comprising the CCVS. The results contained herein are based on the use of the compiler within the Validation Environment identified in this appendix. This appendix (Validation Summary Working Document) is not part of the official Validation Summary Report (VSR) and is not intended to reflect in any way the compiler's usefulness or degree of conformance to the language specifications.

The reader of this appendix should keep in mind that the same problem area may appear in more than one program, but is considered only as one single discrepancy and as such is reflected only once in the body of the VSR. (The VSR will in turn only reference the first occurrence of the problem in the appendix.)

This appendix is divided into two parts. The first part describes the Validation Environment. The second part of the document is divided into categories of information: compilation and execution results.

The reference document for COBOL is FIPS PUB 21-1 (x3.23-1974).

VALIDATION ENVIRONMENT

COMPILER IDENTIFICATION: DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION, CPL74 VERSION 1

COMPUTER SYSTEM: DECSYSTEM-10 MODEL 1080

OPERATING SYSTEM: TOPS-10

DEPUG MODULE

08101 thru 08105, 08201 thru 08204

The test set for this module was not run since the standard DEBUG MODULE has not been implemented in this compiler.

INTER-PROGRAM COMMUNICATION, LEVEL 1
IC101 thru IC115, IC151, IC152

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- 6. Execution
 - No failures.

INTER-PROGRAM COMMUNICATION, LEVEL 2

IC201 thru IC208

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

INDEXED I-0, LEVEL 1
IX101 thru IX107

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

INDEXED I-O, LEVEL 2

1x201 thru 1x204

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution

No failures.

IX205 thru IX208

- A. Compilation
 - In IX205 through IX208, all references to ALTERNATE RECORD KEYs were rejected as "IMPROPER CLAUSES".
 - 2. In IX207, one SELECT clause is not followed immediately by an ASSIGN clause, but by a series of the optional clauses, and then the ASSIGN clause. This SELECT sentence elicited the fatal error, "*ASSIGN* IS THE ONLY ALLOWED WORD HERE".
- B. Execution

IX205 through IX208 were not run because of ALTERNATE KEV tests (not supported).

LIBRARY, LEVEL 1 LB101 thru LB107

- A. Compilation
 No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

LIERARY, LEVEL 2

L3201 thru L8205

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution

No failures.

LB206

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

LP206 had one test failure because that test involved the use of debug lines which are not supported by the compiler.

LB207

A. Compilation

The compiler aborted while compiling LB207. The compiler could not handle qualified text names in COPY statements requiring the use of more than one library at compile time.

B. Execution

Could not run due to compiler abort.

NUCLEUS, LEVEL 1

NC101 thru NC108

A. Compilation

All references to hardware switches were optioned out prior to validation since the system does not provide switches.

B. Execution

No failures.

NC109

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

All tests involving the DISPLAYing of numeric data items failed. The correct and computed results are as follows:

TEST	CORRECT RESULTS	COMPUTED RESULTS
DISP-TEST-3	0123456789	123,456,789
DISP-TEST-7	1c0123456789A	10123,456,789A
DISP-TEST-13	E 0102030405	E 12345

NC110 thru NC120, NC151 thru NC165

A. Compilation

All references to hardware switches were optioned out prior to validation since the system does not provide switches.

B. Execution

No failures.

NUCLEUS, LEVEL 2

NC201 thru NC213

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

No failures.

NC214

A. Compilation

In NC214, the construct set

OBJECT-COMPUTER.

DECSYSTEM-10

PROGRAM COLLATING SEQUENCE IS N-A-T-I-V-E.

SPECIAL-NAMES.

N-A-T-I-V-E IS NATIVE.

caused the compiler to generate incorrect code which resulted in errors during the subsequent assembly phase. This caused QUOTE-TEST-4 to fail at execution time. When the above construct set was modified to appear as:

OBJECT-COMPUTER.

DECSYSTEM-10

PROGRAM COLLATING SEQUENCE IS NATIVE.

thus removing the SPECIAL-NAMES Link, QUOTE-TEST-4 passed.

B. Execution

In NC214, the Julian date for the day the test was run (£ FEB 1977) was incorrectly shown as 77040 instead of 77039 as expected. The construct being exercised was ACCEPT identifier FROM DAY.

NC215

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

No failures.

NC216

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

In NC216, the following INSPECT test is executed:

INSPECT identifier-1 TALLYING identifier-2 FOR ALL "A" identifier-3 FOR LEADING "AH" identifier-4 FOR CHARACTERS BEFORE "." identifier-5 FOR CHARACTERS AFTER "AL" REPLACING

FIRST "L " BY "ZZ" AFTER INITIAL "AL"

FIRST "BAD" BY "ZZZ" AFTER "L "

LEADING "BAD" BY "ZZZ" BEFORE INITIAL "Q"

FIRST "BAD" BY "ZZZ" BEFORE INITIAL "Z"

FIRST "BAD" BY "ZZZ" AFTER "ALL"

ALL "." BY "Z" AFTER "ALL"

The initial contents of identifer-1, PICTUREd as X(83), is:

AH YES AH YES W.C. FRITOES HERE. ANYONE WHO HATES DOGS AND KIDS CAN NOT BE ALL BAD.

The test gave the following error indications:

	COMPUTED VALUE	CORRECT VALUE
identifier-1 (last eight char. final value)	ALZZBADZ	ALZZZZZ
identifier-3	1	0
identifier-4	15	13
identifier-5	6	5

For identifer-1, since the boundary for comparison in the second REPLACING phrase (AFTER "L ") is established before "L " is replaced by "ZZ" (first REPLACING clause), "BAD" will indeed be matched and replaced by "ZZZ". [See II-71, 5(c).]

For identifier-3, the second TALLYING for leading "AH" will never participate in a comparison because each "A" in the first TALLYING clause operation is matched prior to the "AH" comparison. The match of "A" terminates the comparison cycle on the "A" and starts a new comparison cycle on the character that is immediately to the right of the matched "A". [See II-70 5(c) and II-71 6(c).]

For identifier-4, whenever an "A" match is made by the first TALLYING clause, the third TALLYING clause is not performed, so the count of "CHARACTERS BEFORE "." is 13 (or 15 - 2) and not 15.

For identifier-5, and for the same reason as above, the number of "CHARACTERS AFTER "AL"" is 5 and not 6, since the "A" in the last six characters of the strino is matched by the first TALLYING clause, and thusly is not eligible for matching by the fourth TALLYING clause.

NC217, NC218

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution

No failures.

RELATIVE I-O, LEVEL 1
RL101 thru RL109, RL151 thru RL153

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

RELATIVE 1-0, LEVEL 2
RL201 thru RL205

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 No failures.

SEGMENTATION, LEVEL 1 SS101 thru SG106

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

SEGMENTATION, LEVEL 2

\$5201 thru \$6204

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

SEQUENTIAL ACCESS, LEVEL 1

50101

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

SQ101 and SQ151 monitor the use and omission of the ADVANCING phrase in WRITE statements. Incorrect spacing was performed when the omission of the ADVANCING phrase apparently defaulted to ... BEFORE 1 LINE instead of ... AFTER 1 LINE as the Standard requires.

SQ102 thru SQ117

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

No failures.

SG113, SG119, and SQ120

- A. Compilation
 - 1. In SQ119 and SQ120, fatal errors were flagged on the construct

"CODE-SET ASCII-CODE"

located in the file description (FD) for a sequential file. In each case when the optional word *IS* was added the compiler accepted the syntax of the statement containing the CODE-SET clause.

- 2. In SQ118, SQ119, and SQ120 the non-standard clause "RECORDING MODE IS STANDARD-ASCII" had to be added to the SFLECT statements for the files which produced/read ASCII tape files during the ASCII validation of the Compiler/Operating System. The CODE-SET clause in the File Description Entry was present for these tape files and the use of the non-standard clause should not have been necessary.
- B. Execution

No failures.

50121

A. Compilation

In S0121, a fatal error " *AT END* CLAUSE REGUIRED" flagged the construct,

"READ SQ-FS5 RECORD."

SO-FS5 had been previously OPENed for I-O and had associated with it, a declarative procedure whose USE statement read,

"USE AFTER STANDARD ERROR PROCEDURE ON 1-0."

50151

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

See S@101.

SQ152, SQ153

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

No failures.

SEGUENTIAL ACCESS, LEVEL 2

SG201 thru SG218

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

No failures.

ccvs74-vsR180

SORT-MERGE MODULE, LEVEL 1

ST101 thru ST117

A. Compilation

No errors.

B. Execution

to failures.

SORT-MERGE MODULE, LEVEL 2 ST201 thru ST215

- A. Compilation
 No errors.
- B. Execution
 No failures.

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

TABLE-HANDLING MODULE, LEVEL 2

TH201 thru TH220

- A. Compilation
 - No errors.
- B. Execution
 - No failures.

COMMUNICATION MODULE

Author's Note:

FCCTS does not currently officially validate this module since (1) a large volume of requests for interpretation on this module have been submitted to the cognizant ANSI committee (x3J4) for resolution, and (2) facilities for testing this CCVS module were insufficient to determine the validity of these tests during the development of CCVS74.

Fowever, the subject DEC compiler includes an implementation of the Communication Module and during the official validation, the CCVS tests for this module were run on an unofficial basis. It is significant to note that the implementation fully passed all tests with the following exception. When a program issues a DISABLE to an output terminal, the CCVS assumes the transmission link will be broken and message transmission will cease from the output queue as soon as the message then being transmitted is completed (next EMI). The DEC implementation does not cease transmission until the current message group is finished (next EGI).