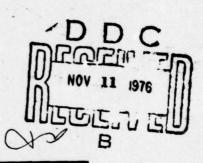


ADA 031987

US ARMY EVALUATION COMMANS





FINAL

REPORT OF

PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT TEST OF U-8F

(ECP-BEA-L23-138)

USATECOM PROJECT NO. 4-4-1004-01

22 DEC 1964

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

Incl 34

US ARMY

AVIATION TEST BOARD

FORT RUCKER, ALABAMA

UNITED STATES ARMY AVIATION TEST BOARD Fort Rucker, Alabama 36362 FINAL rept. Sep-Oct 64. REPORT OF PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT TEST OF U-8F (ECP-BEA-L23-138) USATECOM PROJECT NO. 4-4-1004-01 ACCESSION for White Section MIS Duff Section DDC UNANNOUNCED JUSTIFICATION GISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY CODES AVAIL. and/or SPECIAL A. J. RANKIN Colonel, Armor President

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ABSTRACT

The Product Improvement Test of the U-8F Airplane (ECP-BEA-L23-138) was conducted by the US Army Aviation Test Board (USAAVNTBD) during September and October 1964. Deicing tests were conducted under artificially-induced ice conditions. Instrumented tests were conducted at the Beech Aircraft Company by Beech personnel. It was found that the ECP-BEA-L23-138 Retrofit Kit was capable of anti-icing and deicing the windshield and propellers of the U-8F airplane; the test system was functionally suitable, the generating system was capable of providing 300 amperes per generator; components of the test system were compatible with each other and with the U-8F; a special tool was required to remove the rearmost generator mounting nuts; noise suppression devices did not reduce noise level in radio compass to an acceptable level; and maximum temperature in the avionic compartment or radome was 149.8 F. at 95 F. ambient temperature. It was recommended that the shortcomings be corrected; propeller deicing time be modified to provide 80-second cycling; and the special tool required to remove rearmost generator mounting bolts be procured with the retrofit kits.

UNITED STATES ARMY AVIATION TEST BOARD Fort Rucker, Alabama 36362

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(ECP-BEA-L23-138)

SECTION 1 - GENERAL

1.1. REFERENCES.

A list of references is contained in appendix I.

1.2. AUTHORITY.

1.2.1. Directive.

Letter, AMSTE-BG, US Army Test and Evaluation Command, 14 April 1964, subject: "Test Directive for ECP-BEA-L23-138 Prototype," with two inclosures.

1.2.2. Purpose.

To determine changes required in the proposed ECP-BEA-L23-138 retrofit kits.

1.3. OBJECTIVES.

To determine:

- Compatibility and capability of the proposed retrofit components.
- b. Functional suitability of the proposed retrofit kit.
- c. Maintenance requirements of the proposed retrofit kit.

1.4. RESPONSIBILITY.

The US Army Aviation Test Board (USAAVNTBD) was responsible for conducting the test and submitting the report of test.

1.5. DESCRIPTION OF MATERIEL.

The ECP-BEA-L23-138 proposed retrofit kit consists of two 300-ampere d.c. generators, a 750-volt-ampere inverter, two electrothermal windshield sections, six propeller boots, and two modified propeller spinner bulkheads.

1.5.1. The generating system consists of the two 300-ampere, brushless generators (figure 1) with integral silicon-controlled rectifier voltage regulators, two control panels, and associated wiring harnesses. The control panels are designed to provide system current-regulation, reverse-current, and over-voltage protection. The generating system weighs 137.6 pounds and has a rating of 100 amperes at 1000 engine r.p.m. (2600 generator r.p.m.) and 300 amperes at 1500 engine r.p.m. (3900 generator r.p.m.) and above.

1.5.2. Generator.

- 1.5.2.1. The ECP-138 power source is a brushless hetropolar inductor alternator with a silicon-controlled rectifier regulator.
- 1.5.2.2. The alternator consists of a stator with field and output windings and a rotor. The four field windings are contained in large slots in the stator ninety degrees apart. The output windings are contained in 36 small slots around the periphery of the stator and adjacent to the field windings in the 360-degree position. The rotor consists of magnetic iron punchings secured to a vibration dampening shaft. It is similar to a standard a.c. generator rotor without the windings and commutator.
- 1.5.2.3. The voltage regulator controls the field power of the generator with the silicon-controlled rectifiers. The percentage of time the controlled rectifier is turned "on" determines the average field voltage applied to the generator and subsequently the generator output.
- 1.5.2.4. Battery current is required initially for the field windings. After the generator begins to produce current, a portion of that current is directed to the field winding. D.c. current, acting through the field windings in the large stator slots, increases the flux flow around the periphery of the stator and through the rotor. The flux influences rotor poles to switch polarity each ninety degrees creating cyclic variation of the flux to produce a.c. output.

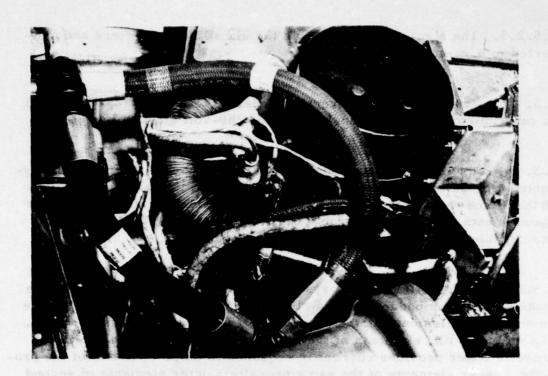


Figure 1. Brushless generator installed on U-8F Airplane.

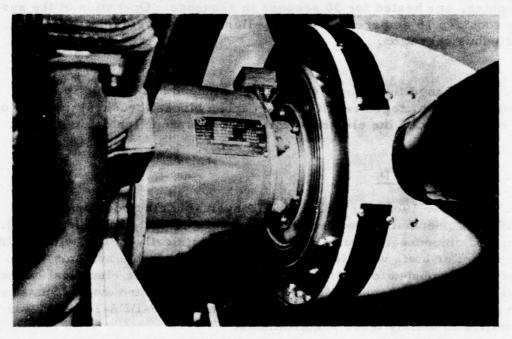


Figure 2. Modified propeller spinner bulkhead showing slip rings.

- 1.5.2.5. The a.c. output is fed into the six silicon rectifiers and converted to d.c. current.
- 1.5.3. A 750-volt ampere inverter (Federal Stock No. 6125-660-8100) is substituted for the previously installed 250-volt standby inverter.
- 1.5.4. The windshields are tempered plate glass with thermostatically-controlled heating elements. A three-position switch allows activation of the elements of both pilot and copilot's windshields (50 amperes), or the elements of pilot's windshield only (25 amperes). The windshields are capable of continuous operation in either mode.
- 1.5.5. The propeller deicing system uses abrasion resistant neoprene boots with two embedded heating elements on each propeller blade. The inner heating elements on the propeller blades are connected in series. The outer heating elements of the blades are also connected in series. A cyclic timer provides current in sequence to outer elements of the propeller, inner elements of the same propeller; outer elements of second propeller, inner elements of second propeller. The cycle is then repeated. During a two-minute cycle, each of the four boot sections, inner and outer, are heated for 30 seconds in sequence. Operation of the system requires 15 amperes. The propeller deicing system is capable of continuous operation.
- 1.5.6. The modified propeller spinner bulkhead has three slip rings (figure 2) which, together with three carbon blocks (brushes) mounted on the engine, provide the electrical circuit to the propeller deicing boots.

1.6. BACKGROUND.

1.6.1. In May 1962, the USAAVNTBD evaluated electro-thermal, alcohol, and pneumatic boot deicing and anti-icing systems (reference 6). Wing and empennage pneumatic boots and electrically-heated windshields and propeller cuffs were found to be the more desirable systems, and were recommended for retrofit on U-8F aircraft. The electrical current required for the thermal deicing systems and for future avionic installation necessitated a larger generating system. ECP-BEA-L23-138 was submitted to satisfy these requirements.

1.6.2. During the conduct of the product improvement testing, the U-8 Project Manager's Office requested that the USAAVNTBD measure temperatures within the avionic compartment and radome of the U-8F. These tests were to be conducted with the aircraft parked in an area having a high ambient temperature.

1.7. FINDINGS.

- 1.7.1. The ECP-BEA-L23-138 Retrofit Kit was capable of anti-icing and deicing the windshield and propellers of the U-8F airplane.
- 1.7.2. The test system was functionally suitable.
- 1.7.2.1. A one-minute timing cycle (15 seconds per propeller section) and a two-minute timing cycle (30 seconds per propeller section) removed the propeller ice under test conditions.
- 1.7.2.2. A 52-second timing cycle (13 seconds per propeller section) did not remove the propeller ice under test conditions.
- 1.7.2.3. Activation of electrically-heated windshields after entry into icing conditions cleared ice from the heated portion of the windshield.
- 1.7.3. The generating system was capable of providing 300 amperes per generator.
- 1.7.4. Components of the test system were compatible with each other and with the U-8F airplane.
- 1.7.5. A special tool was required to remove the rearmost generator mounting nuts.
- 1.7.6. Noise suppression devices did not reduce noise level in radio compass to an acceptable level.
- 1.7.7. Maximum temperature in the avionic compartment or radome was 149.8°F. at 95°F. ambient temperature.

1.8. CONCLUSIONS.

- 1.8.1. The ECP-BEA-L23-138 Retrofit Kit is suitable for Army use.
- 1.8.2. Correction of the shortcomings listed in appendix II would enhance the functional suitability of the ECP-BEA-L23-138 Retrofit Kit.
- 1.8.3. An 80-second propeller-boot timing cycle (20 seconds per propeller section) should be used.

1.9. RECOMMENDATIONS.

It is recommended that:

- 1.9.1. The shortcomings listed in appendix II be corrected.
- 1.9.2. Propeller deicing time be modified to provide 80-second cycling.
- 1.9.3. The special tool required to remove rearmost generator mounting bolts be procured with retrofit kits. Tool specifications are contained in figure 6, section 2.

SECTION 2 - DETAILS AND RESULTS OF SUB-TESTS

2.0. INTRODUCTION.

- 2.0.1. The test system was installed in a US Army U-8F airplane, serial number 62-3864, by the airframe manufacturer and was released to the US Army Aviation Test Board (USAAVNTBD) on 26 August 1964. The system was flight tested for 107 hours during September and October 1964. Deicing tests were conducted under artificially-induced icing conditions. Natural icing conditions encountered were not sufficient to provide valid test data.
- 2.0.2. Instrumented tests were conducted at the Beech Aircraft Company by Beech personnel. USAAVNTBD personnel monitored these tests and provided data from USAAVNTBD flight tests concerning system failure and generator paralleling.

2.1. CAPABILITY AND COMPATIBILITY.

2.1.1. Objective.

- 2.1.1.1. To determine the capability of the ECP-BEA-L23-138 Retrofit Kit for anti-icing and deicing on the U-8F Airplane.
- 2.1.1.2. To determine the compatibility of the ECP-BEA-L23-138 Retrofit Kit components with each other and with the U-8F Airplane.

2.1.2. Method.

Voltmeters and ammeters were installed on each generator and on the aircraft main d.c. bus to monitor output. The right generator was equipped with 15 thermocouples to measure heating of various components during operation. A type T545A oscilloscope was used to monitor and record transients during switching and normal operation. Selected loads were applied to the generator system using GLB-3A load banks. Throughout the test, aircraft communication, navigation, and other electrical systems were monitored for any signs of abnormal operation.

2.1.3. Results.

- Complete test results (from which paragraphs 2.1.3.1. through 2.1.3.6, and 2.1.3.8. through 2.1.3.12. were obtained) are contained in appendix III.
- 2.1.3.1. Neither system was deliberately faulted to obtain reaction of the second system; however, one system did fail during flight under IFR conditions and the remaining system assumed the entire load.
- 2.1.3.2. The generators operating independently, or in combination, maintained design voltage at the main aircraft bus.
- 2.1.3.3. System transients did not cause equipment to become inoperable or induce overheating.
- 2.1.3.4. Each generator was capable of supplying 4-10 amperes at 750 engine r.p.m. (1950 generator r.p.m.), and 100 amperes at 1000 engine r.p.m. (2600 generator r.p.m.).
- 2.1.3.5. A single generator provided up to 125 amperes at manufacturer's recommended idle speed, 1000 engine r.p.m. (2600 generator r.p.m.). Load sharing was within manufacturer's specifications during instrumented tests.
- 2.1.3.6. Generators were tested to a maximum of 3200 engine r.p.m. (8320 generator r.p.m.). Maximum single generator output at this r.p.m. was 300 amperes. To prevent overloading one generator, the maximum total output that was obtained was 592 amperes. Load sharing was within manufacturer's specifications during instrumented tests.
- 2.1.3.7. Loading sharing was a problem for the first 44 hours of the service test; three attempts were made to provide closer paralleling. These attempts were unsuccessful. After failure of No. 1 generator, the manufacturer reworked the generators and regulators, and paralleling was acceptable for the last 63 hours of test.
- 2.1.3.8. Cooling air temperature, on exit from the generator, was not excessive.
- 2.1.3.9. Maximum allowable temperature for the right-hand generator bearing was exceeded during ground tests.
- 2.1.3.10. Generator cooling was normal after engine shutdown, and no heat soakback was encountered.

- 2.1.3.11. Current output and loading sharing were not affected by altitude. No detrimental transient effects were noted.
- 2.1.3.12. Engine compartment ambient temperatures during instrumented tests varied from -1° to +100°F.

2.1.4. Analysis.

- 2.1.4.1. Modifications were made to the voltage regulators to preclude reoccurrence of failures experienced during the first 44 hours of service test. After modifications, repair, and recalibration of generators and regulators, no maintenance was required during the remaining 63 hours of testing.
- 2.1.4.2. Excessive bearing temperatures did not degrade the system, since they occurred only while current in excess of 490 amperes was being produced at 1200 r.p.m.

2.2. FUNCTIONAL SUITABILITY.

2.2.1. Objective.

To determine the functional suitability of the Proposed ECP Retrofit Kit.

2.2.2. Method.

- 2.2.2.1. A CV-2 airplane was equipped with a water spraying device consisting of eight 55-gallon drums, a gasoline driven pump, a 30-inch spray head on an extended boom, and mounting hardware.
- 2.2.2. Water, which had been colored yellow for photographic purposes, was drawn from the drum into the pump and expelled from the spray head under pressure. Icing tests were conducted at -1° to -3°C.
- 2.2.2.3. The test airplane was flown into the water spray with propeller deicing equipment turned off to insure that ice would accumulate on the propeller blades. After formation of ice on propeller blades, the propeller deicing equipment was activated. The timing cycle was then manually varied to determine the shortest cycling period which would clear the ice from the propeller. Presence of propeller ice and degree of cycle efficiency was determined by stopping the right engine, on which tests were conducted, and visually inspecting propeller blades from the copilot's window. All deicing systems were operated individually and in combinations to determine any unfavorable electromagnetic interference characteristics. Navigation instruments were monitored during visual flight conditions. After classification of interference, flights were made under instrument conditions with the equipment operating in all combinations.

2.2.3. Results.

2.2.3.1. Propeller Boot Deicing Cycling Frequency.

Airframe icing condition intensity was a function of distance of test aircraft from spray head and subsequent water particle dispersion. Approximately one inch of ice was accumulated on the airframe during a 12-minute spray run. The maximum amount of ice observed on the propeller blades was 1/4 inch.

- 2.2.3.1.1. The standard automatic cycling period of two minutes cleared the ice from the propeller boots under test conditions.
- 2.2.3.1.2. A one-minute cycling period cleared the ice from propeller boots under test conditions.
- 2.2.3.1.3. A 52-second cycling period did not clear the ice from the propeller boots under test conditions.

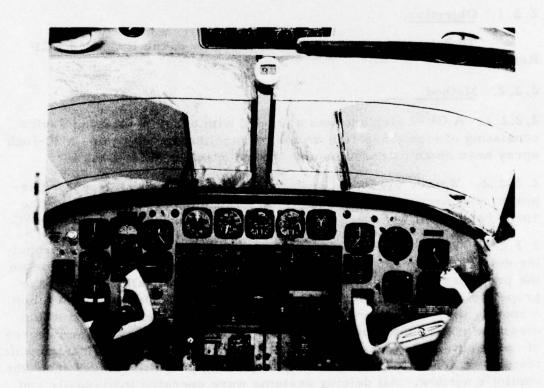


Figure 3. Black lines denote heated area of windshield and the cleared area denotes wiper coverage.

2.2.3.2. Electrically-Heated Windshield.

Activation of electrically-heated windshields after entry into icing conditions cleared ice from the heated portion of windshield. The following shortcomings were noted:

- 2.2.3.2.1. Windshield heating element had a reflective outer surface which produced a glare when flying into the sun.
- 2.2.3.2.2. Heated portion of windshield did not correspond to the area cleared by the windshield wiper (figure 3).
- 2.2.3.2.3. The windshield wiper blades froze to the unheated portion of the windshield. Ice formation on the unheated portion of the windshield raised the wiper blades and prevented contact between the blades and windshield. Actuation of the windshield wipers while the blades were frozen to the windshield displaced the blades 90 degrees and prevented them from wiping the windshield.
- 2.2.3.2.4. Initial activation of the electric windshield sometimes caused a barely discernible blanking of the AN/APN-158 weather radar scope.

2.2.3.3. Electronic Interference.

Components of the voltage regulator in the generator systems introduced static noise in the low band of the AN/ARN-59 radio compass on loop and ADF positions. The generator manufacturer attempted to reduce the noise, first by the installation of two small filters in the regulator circuit of each generator, and later by winding a grounded number 16 wire around the cables from the generator to the main aircraft bus. These two modifications did not discernibly attenuate the noise in the low band of the radio compass. The two capacitors were then removed from the regulator circuit and a "noise suppressor" was installed in each generator circuit. These devices weighed five pounds each and decreased the static noise slightly. Prior to installation of the manufacturer's three modifications to the generating systems, the maximum range at which usable information could be obtained from the loop position of the radio compass was approximately eight miles. With the ground wire and noise suppressor installed, usable information could be obtained from the loop position up to twelve miles. Operation of the Automatic Direction Finding function of the radio compass was not discernibly affected by the noise of the loop and ADF positions.

2.2.3.4. Effect on Navigation Equipment.

Generators created noise on low band of the radio compass. Initial activation of the electrically-heated windshield occasionally caused a faint blanking of the AN/APN-158 weather radar scope.

2.2.4. Analysis.

- 2.2.4.1. To insure removal of ice under more extreme temperature conditions than were available for test, an 80-second deicing cycle should be used.
- 2.2.4.2. The increased use and reliability of modern navigational aids have reduced the requirement for manual loop operation. Therefore, the installation of the partially successful noise suppressors is not recommended because of the weight penalty.

2.3. MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.

2.3.1. Objective.

To determine maintenance requirements of the proposed retrofit kit.

2.3.2. Method.

All scheduled and unscheduled maintenance on the retrofit kit was recorded and the need for special tools noted. All component maintenance was performed by the manufacturer. Unscheduled maintenance performed on the retrofit kit was confined to the voltage regulators and propeller boots. Modifications were made to the system in an attempt to attenuate the noise on the low band of the radio compass. Results of these modifications are contained in paragraph 2.2.3.3.

2.3.3. Results.

2.3.3.1. Voltage Regulators.

2.3.3.1.1. Manufacturer's specifications indicated that generators should parallel within ten percent of the total rated current (60 amperes). Generators were paralleling within twenty amperes, with an induced load of eighty amperes, during ferry flight from Beech Aircraft Company to Fort Rucker, Alabama. Upon arrival at Fort Rucker, a periodic inspection was made on the aircraft. During this inspection,

personnel unfamiliar with the generators attempted to parallel the generators more closely. This resulted in the number one generator assuming the total electrical load. When the number one generator was removed from the line, the number two generator carried the total load effectively.

- 2.3.3.1.2. A manufacturer's technical representative, dispatched to Fort Rucker to supervise the installation of noise filters on the system, was able to adjust the regulators so that the generators again shared the load within the manufacturer's limits. Enroute to artificial icing tests, the number one generator assumed the total load. All electrical equipment in the aircraft was activated in an attempt to bring the number two generator back into service. This effort was unsuccessful and the number two generator came on only when the number one generator was de-energized. During the next sixteen hours and forty minutes, the electrical power source was alternated by manipulating the generator switches; the generators did not produce power simultaneously.
- 2.3.3.1.3. After completion of the artificial icing tests, and upon discovery of the slipped propeller spinner and severed deicing boots (figure 4) on the number one propeller, the test aircraft was flown to Beech Aircraft Company for repair of the boots. After installation of new deicer boots, Beech Aircraft Company electricians, following telephonic instructions from the generator manufacturers, attempted to parallel the generators. During this attempt the voltage adjusting mechanism on the number two generator voltage regulator failed. The aircraft was then flown to an airport near the generator manufacturer's plant in Waynesborough, Virginia. The voltage regulator of the number two generator was replaced, and both regulators were adjusted to parallel the generators within the manufacturer's specifications.
- 2.3.3.1.4. During a two-hour flight to Bridgeport, Connecticut, the number two generator output decreased to approximately five amperes. At this time the number one generator was supplying approximately 65 amperes. During the next eight hours and forty minutes of flight, the paralleling ranged from 60/10 ampere sharing (under actual IFR conditions) to 110/80 ampere sharing (which occurred with all aircraft electrical system activated and the aircraft landing gear being cycled up). Nine hours and forty minutes after the manufacturer had adjusted the generators and during flight under actual IFR conditions, the number one generator went off the line and could not be reset. Prior to the failure, the number one generator had been carrying 45 amperes and the number two seven amperes. When the number one generator failed, the number two carried the load effectively.

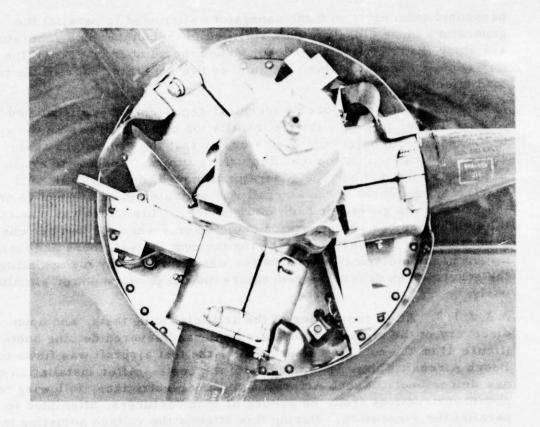


Figure 4. Damaged deicer boots

2.2.3.2. Upon the arrival of the test aircraft at Fort Rucker, the manufacturer's technical representative replaced the number one generator voltage regulator. The replaced regulator had a broken transformer mount and a broken wire in the regulator circuit (figure 5). After replacement of the voltage regulator, the number one generator still would not produce current. The new voltage regulator was later found to be defective. Both generators (and regulators) were then removed from the aircraft and returned to the manufacturer for test, repair, and calibration.

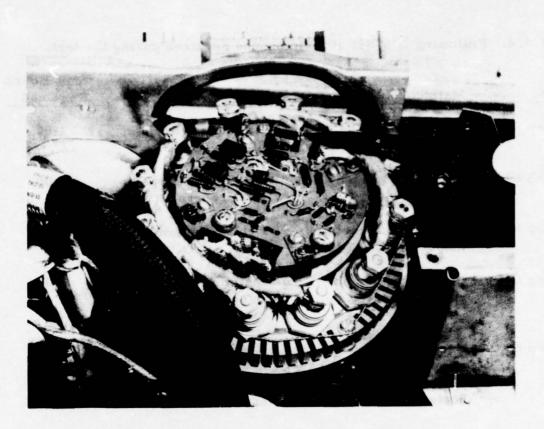


Figure 5. Voltage regulator showing transformer mount failure.

2.2.3.3. After reinstallation of the generators, paralleling was within limits during the remaining 63 hours of the test. This was established by frequent readings of ammeters during normal and maximum possible loading of the generating system.

Removal and installation of the generators required modification of an existing 5/8-inch wreach. The wrench specifications are contained in figure 6.

2.2.3.4. Following is a list of maintenance required during the test:

Date	Maintenance Item	Corrective Action	Man-Hours Required
1 Sep 64	None	Attempted to parallel generator.	1:00
2 Sep 64	Generator not par- alleling.	Attempted to parallel generator.	2:00
2 Sep 64	No. 2 volt-ammeter inoperative.	Replaced ammeter.	4:00
2 Sep 64	Low band of radio compass noisy.	Installed capacitors in voltage regulator circuit.	8:00
6 Sep 64	Propeller spinner slipped and severed propeller deicer boots.	Repositioned spin- ner, retorqued propeller, and replaced boots.	30:00
10 Sep 64	No. 2 generator voltage regulator inoperative.	Replaced and adjusted voltage regulator.	12:00
13 Sep 64	No. 1 generator inoperative.	Both generator and regulators removed, repaired, and reinstalled.	Unknown
22 Oct 64	Low band of radio compass noisy.	Installed ground wire.	Unknown
23 Oct 64	Low band of radio compass noisy.	Installed noise suppressors.	Unknown

Removal and installation of the generators required modification of an existing 5/8-inch wrench. The wrench specifications are contained in figure 6.

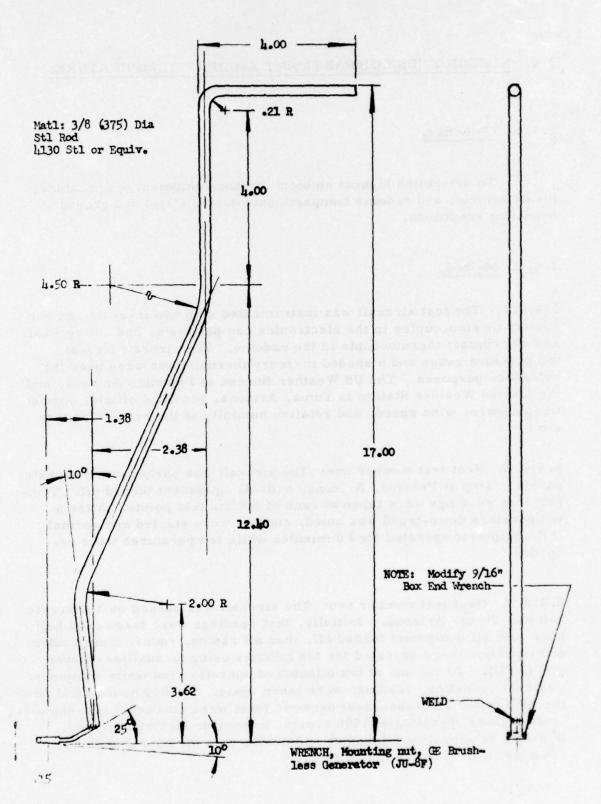


Figure 6. Wrench Specifications

2.4. ELECTRONICS COMPARTMENT AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

2.4.1. Objective.

To determine highest ambient air and equipment temperatures inside avionics and radome compartments during static and ground operating conditions.

2.4.2. Method.

- 2.4.2.1. The test aircraft was instrumented with two free-air and two contact thermocouples in the electronics compartment, and one free-air and one contact thermocouple in the radome. The aircraft free-air temperature gauge and a shaded mercury thermometer were used for reference purposes. The US Weather Bureau at Phoenix, Arizona, and the Marine Weather Station at Yuma, Arizona, provided official airport temperature, wind speed, and relative humidity at the respective test sites.
- 2.4.2.2. Heat test number one: The aircraft was parked on an asphalt parking ramp at Phoenix, Arizona, with all equipment turned off. Temperature readings were taken at each of the six test points. After a temperature down-trend was noted, engines were started and normal IFR equipment operated for 30 minutes while temperatures were recorded.
- 2.4.2.3. Heat test number two: The aircraft was parked on a concrete ramp at Yuma, Arizona. Initially, test readings were taken each half hour with all equipment turned off, then all radios, radar, transponder, and inverters were operated for ten minutes using an auxiliary power unit (APU). At the end of ten minutes of operation and while equipment was still operating, readings were taken again. At 1030 hours local time the APU failed and subsequent dynamic tests were conducted with the aircraft engines operating at 1500 r.p.m. to provide electrical power. Dynamic readings were taken at 15 minutes past the hour and static readings were taken on the half hour.

2.4.2.4. Thermocouples were installed in the following locations:

Probe Number	Туре	Location
1	Free Air	Three inches from roof directly over center of radar synchronizer.
2	Contact	Top of radar synchronizer 2 inches back from face.
3	Contact	Top center of radar RT unit.
4	Contact	Surface-top of antenna mounting bracket.
5	Free Air	Ten inches from roof directly over rear edge of AN/ARC-55 RT unit.
6	Free Air	Directly over wave guide swivel, 6 inches forward of bulkhead.

2, 4.3. Results.

Test results are contained in figures 7 and 8.

2.4.4. Analysis.

During test number 2, temperatures were generally lower with equipment operating and engines operating at 1500 r.p.m. than those recorded during static conditions at comparable temperatures.

TEST 1

	US Weather		Bureau Data								
Time	Temp-		Relative	Acft	Ramp	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	9#
Local)	erature	Wind	Humidity	OAT	Temp	Probe	Probe	Probe	Probe	Probe	Probe
	72	90	39	73	73	70	02	89	71	72	73
0830			d d	92	76.5	77	73.9	6.69	75	78	83.9
0060	75	80	32	79.5	79.5	86.5	77.5	72.5	6.62	84	91.5
0860) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B	82	82	92	81.2	92	87	89.5	101.5
0001	83	90	26	88	98	105	6.68	81.9	95	86	113
1030				93	89.5	110	91.9	84.5	101	104	117
100	68	05	19	95	91	119.5	102	68	110.5	111.5	129.5
130				100	92.5	127	111	94.5	118	117	135.5
1200	94	90	18	103	95	132	114	97.9	122	121	140.5
1230			(1) Li	105	100	134	116.7	100	124.8	122.5	144.9
300	95	03	17	106.5	97.5	134.7	119	106.5	128.6	123.6	149
330				107.5	98.5	135.6	121.7	111.2	132	124.2	149.8
1400	96	04	15	110	66	132	122	113.5	130	122	142
1430				112	100	132.5	124	116.5	133	123	149.2
500	26	90	15	107	105*	132.7	125.7	118.5	131	123	145.5
1530				107	101	130	126.5	120.5	131	122.5	144.5
*0091	26		15			123	123.5	118.5	124	117	128
1608						123	118.5	122.5	123	117	127.5
1613						124.5	123.5	124	122	118	123
1618			or or			126.5	129.5	128	124.5	120.2	121
1623						127	132	134	126	124.5	120.5
1628						129.5	135.5	138.5	126	125.5	120
630	96	05	15	100	100	129.5	135.5	140.5	128.3	127.9	123.7

*Thermometer was exposed to direct rays of sun.

Note: After a temperature down trend was noted, engines were started and all radios, radar, and transponders were operated for 30 minutes while temperatures were recorded.

Figure 7.

TEST 2

											1
	USO	USMC Air Station Data	tion Data								
Time	Temp-	-0	Relative	Acft	Ramp	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	9#
(Local)	1) erature	ire Wind	Humidity	OAT	Temp	Probe	Probe	Probe	Probe	Probe	Probe
0830	72	04	99	82	82	06	85	81	82	83	88
						(95)	(87.5)	(84.2)	(84)	(86.3)	(88.5)
0060	78	04	09	84	83	86	91.5	88	88	90.5	91.5
						(106)	(66)	(63)	(87.5)	96	93
0660				98	85	110	104	102.5	95	105	101
						(112)	(115.5)	(103)	(65)	(106)	(102)
(1) 1000	84	90	44	68	87	112	108	106	92.5	106	102
						(114.5)	5) (117.8)	(117.2)	94	(109.5) (105	(105.8)
1100	87	O	40	66	91	132.2	114.	109	119.5	122	141
						(128.5)	(115.5)	(116.2)	116.2) (121.8)	(122.5)	128
1130				104	95	137	121.5	120.2	124.8	126	143.2
1200	91	03	33	110	92,5	145	125	121.5	130	128.5	149.5
						(136)	(125.5)	(126.5)	126.	5) (128)	(132)
1230				104	94.5	143	129.5	129	128	131	145.5
1300	95	04	24	901	66	141	131	128.5	132	131.9	146.5
						(139.5) (130.	(130.5)	(131.5)	(129.	5) (131)	(135.5)
1330				115	86	147	138,5	138	133	135.5	149
1400	76	U	25	108	66	147	139.5	137	133.5	137	149
						(140.5)	(139.5)	(142)	(131.1)	(135.5)	(131.5)
(2) 1430				109	105	144	142.9	143.5	133	138.5	143
1500	66	04	18	102	101	142	141.5	141	128	136	137
						(140.5)(141)	(141)	(142)	(125.5)	5) (135.5)	129.5)
1530				101	100.5	136.5	140.2	140.5	124	135.2	133
1600	66	80	14	100	100.5	138.5	139.5	139	119	129.2	128
						(134)	(136.5)	(135)	(119, 5) (130)	(130)	125.5)
Rdgs	Rdgs in parens.	were take	were taken after 10 minutes of operation of OMNI/ADF	ninutes	of opera	ation of	OMNI/A		inverter.	radar.	UHF.

Rdgs in parens. were taken after 10 minutes of operation of OMNI/ADF, inverter, radar, UHF, VHF, and transponder.

1. Aircraft heading changed from 360° to 180° after this reading.

2. Jets had just run up--w/jet blast blowing on U-8F.

Figure 8.

SECTION 3

APPENDICES

APPENDIX I

LIST OF REFERENCES

- 1. Letter, AMSTE-BG, US Army Test and Evaluation Command, 14 April 1964, subject: "Test Directive for ECP-BEA-L23-138 Prototype," with two inclosures.
- 2. Plan of Test, USATECOM Project No. 4-4-1004-01, "Product Improvement Testing of the U-8F (ECP-BEA-L23-138), US Army Aviation Test Board, Undated.
- 3. Beech Aircraft Corporation Engineering Test Request No. 9867, 16 April 1964.
- 4. Letter Report, ATBG-DT AVN 1861.1, US Army Aviation Board, 21 April 1961, subject: "Evaluation of L-23F Deicing and Anti-icing Systems."
- 5. Letter, SMOSM-EUU-8, US Army Aviation Materiel Command, 21 April 1964, subject: "USATEC Project Task #4-4-1004-01, U-8F ECP-BEA-L23-138," with two inclosures.
- 6. Letter Report, ATBG-AC AVN 1861.1/62, US Army Aviation Board, 2 May 1962, subject: "Report of Test, Project No. AVN 1861.1/62, Evaluation of L-23F De-icing and Anti-Icing Systems."
- 7. Beech Aircraft Corporation Memorandum Report 20177, "Generator Temperature and Functional Test on Units Manufactured by General Electric Co.," 14 October 1964.

APPENDIX II

SHORTCOMINGS

Shortcoming	Suggested Corrective Action	Remarks
1. Generating system produced noise in the radio compass which reduced effectiveness of the loop antenna.	Isolate and eliminate source of noise.	None.
2. Windshield heating element had a reflective outer surface which produced a glare when flying toward the sun.	Coat windshield heating element with non-reflective material.	The coating should not appreciably degrade the present degree of visibility.
3. Heated portion of windshield did not correspond to area cleared by windshield wiper.	Expand heated portion of windshield to cover area cleared by windshield wiper.	None.
4. Initial activation of electric windshield sometimes caused a barely discernible blanking of the AN/APN-158 weather radar scope.	Isolate and eliminate source of interference.	None.
5. Propeller spinner slipped and severed propeller deicing boots.	The propeller boots be modified to prevent damage in the event of propeller spinner slippage.	None.
6. A maintenance package was not provided.	Provide a maintenance package.	None.

APPENDIX III STATISTICAL DATA OBTAINED FROM INSTRUMENTED TESTS

Memorandum Report 20177	October 14, 1964	
	ALTERNATOR GROUND OPERATION	FIGURE 9

NOTES					Parallel at	dure one															LH OFF	RH OFF	LH OFF	RH OFF		RH OFF	LH OFF			
	Add	Std	Hot	Day oF.				-														-					40			
			B	_		-	-											-				-	-				193			
	sau	AC	A	446																							193			
	Windings	0	В	446 446 446 446																							150 144 193 193 40			
		DC	A	446																							150			
	Frame	Altr		356																							184			
NLY	v	sitive	В	293																							86			
ORC	Rectifiers	Negative Positive	A	293 293 293 356																							86			
EKN	Rec	gative	В	3 293																							107 114			
ALT		-	A																											
TEMPERATURES OF (RH ALTERNTOR ONLY)	Brg.	Drive	End	248																							143			
KES	Vltg Reg.		В	212 212																							83			
KAID	VIt	-	K	212																							78			
MPE		Alternator	Out	1																							119			
IE	Air	Alte	In	Max Allowable																							09			
	-		OAT In	Max																							55	sou		
		Alternator Load Bank	RH		200	160	128	100	20	16	328	288	208	136	99	99	96	99	99	80			•	•	36	84	86	Read		
	res	Load	LH			,		i		,	248	248	248	248	952	184	104	38	00	00			1		•	,		Above		
	Amperes	nator	RH		86	80	89	09	40	18	952	240	802	180	148	120	84	09	52	20	560		196		520		82	Ou		
7		Alter	LH		101	80	09	44	10	4	300	280	240	200	160	120	80	40	20	4		260		516	40	88		inc fua		
RICA		\vdash	KH		28.6 101	28.6	28.7	28.7	28.8	6.87	26.5	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.0	28.8	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.6	1.62		29.0	•	28.6		27.1	1		
ELECTRICAL	ts	Main Alternator	LH		28.6	28.6										28.8				28.6		6.87		28.7	9.87	6.4		All Test Meters Fluctuate On Above Readings	1	
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	RPM	-			00 28	1100 28																								
		10	KPH Eng			11	111	11	1100	1100	2000	2000	20	2000	200	2000	20	500	20	20	2000	2000	2000	20	1000	1000	1000			
2	9		et KP		'																									
NEOC	Pres	Event Alt.	Time Feet		'																									
ELLA		Even	Time		2:40																									
MISCELLANEOUS			Date		5/21/4 2:40																									

Memorandum Report 20177 October 14, 1964

ALTERNATOR FLIGHT OPERATION FIGURE 10

Main Microsopt Alternator	Main Alternator Alternator </th <th>Main Alternator Alternator Alternator<</th> <th>Main Alternator Alternator<!--</th--><th>Main Air Air Vig Reg. Brg. Rectifiers Frame Windings For Ban Air Allerandor Allerandor Allerandor Allerandor Frame Windings Frame Windings Frame Frame Windi</th><th>Volts Amperes Air Vitg Reg. Brg. Rectifiers Frame Windings Form LH RH LH RH LH RH LH RH LH RH All All B Fad A B B B</th><th></th><th></th><th>ELECTRICA</th><th>TRICAL</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>TEMPERATURES OF (RH ALTERNATOR ONLY</th><th>TURE</th><th>SOF</th><th>RH AI</th><th>TERN</th><th>A TOR</th><th>ONLY)</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th><th>-</th><th>NOTES</th><th></th></th>	Main Alternator Alternator Alternator<	Main Alternator Alternator </th <th>Main Air Air Vig Reg. Brg. Rectifiers Frame Windings For Ban Air Allerandor Allerandor Allerandor Allerandor Frame Windings Frame Windings Frame Frame Windi</th> <th>Volts Amperes Air Vitg Reg. Brg. Rectifiers Frame Windings Form LH RH LH RH LH RH LH RH LH RH All All B Fad A B B B</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>ELECTRICA</th> <th>TRICAL</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>TEMPERATURES OF (RH ALTERNATOR ONLY</th> <th>TURE</th> <th>SOF</th> <th>RH AI</th> <th>TERN</th> <th>A TOR</th> <th>ONLY)</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th>-</th> <th>NOTES</th> <th></th>	Main Air Air Vig Reg. Brg. Rectifiers Frame Windings For Ban Air Allerandor Allerandor Allerandor Allerandor Frame Windings Frame Windings Frame Frame Windi	Volts Amperes Air Vitg Reg. Brg. Rectifiers Frame Windings Form LH RH LH RH LH RH LH RH LH RH All All B Fad A B B B			ELECTRICA	TRICAL					TEMPERATURES OF (RH ALTERNATOR ONLY	TURE	SOF	RH AI	TERN	A TOR	ONLY)				-	-	NOTES	
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29.0 28.9 180 176 29.0 29.0 160 152 28.8 28.8 120 120 120 120 128.7 80 92 28.6 28.6 40 60 28.6 28.6 40 60 28.6 28.6 40 60 28.6 28.6 20 52 29.0 28.9 150 150 37 37 28.2 28.2 320 296 280	20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	29, 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	29, 0 2 29, 0 2 28, 9 2 28, 8 2 28, 8 2 28, 6 2 28, 6 2 28, 6 2 29, 0 2 28, 6 2 28, 7	29, 0 2 29, 0 2 29, 0 2 28, 8 2 28, 8 2 28, 6 2 28, 6 2 29, 0 2 29, 0 2 29, 0 2 29, 28, 6 2 29, 7 2 20, 7 2 20	29,0 2 29,0 2 28,0 2 28,8 9 2 28,8 9 2 28,8 9 2 28,6 2 29,0 6 29,0 2 28,5 2 29,0 2 28,5 2 29,0 2 28,5 2 29,0 2 28,5 2 28,			28.5 29	-	0 200															_		
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28. 9 28. 9 140 136 28. 8 28. 8 120 120 28. 8 28. 8 100 108 28. 6 28. 6 60 72 28. 6 28. 6 40 60 28. 6 28. 6 40 60 28. 6 28. 7 8 40 29. 0 28. 9 150 150 29. 150 150 150 29. 28. 2 320 256 280	28.9 28.8 28.8 28.8 28.6 29.6 29.6 29.6 29.6 29.6 29.6 29.6 29	28.9 2 28.8 8 2 28.8 8 2 28.6 7 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 28.6	28.9 2 28.8 2 28.8 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 29.2 2 29.2 2 29.3 2 29.3 2	28.9 2 2 28.8 8 2 2 28.4 8 2 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 8 6	28.9 2 28.8 2 28.8 2 28.6 2 28			28.6 29	0															_	_		
28. 8 28. 8 120 120 - 28. 7 28. 8 100 108 - 28. 7 28. 6 28. 6 40 60 - 28. 6 28. 6 28. 6 28. 6 28. 6 28. 7 2 - 28. 6 28. 9 150 150 - 29. 0 28. 9 150 150 - 28. 2 320 296 280 286 280	28.8 2 28.8 2 28.6 2 28	28.8 2 28.7 2 28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.8 2 28.8 2 28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.8 2 2 28.8 2 2 28.6 2 2 28.6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	28.8 8 2 2 2 8 8 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 2 2 2 8 6 6 6 6			28.6 28	6	9 140														_	_		
28. 8 28. 8 100 108 - 28. 6 28. 6 60 72 - 28. 6 28. 6 40 60 - 28. 6 28. 7 8 40 - 29. 0 28. 9 150 150 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 7	28.8 2 2 28.6 2 2 28.6 2 2 2 8.6 2 2 2 8.6 2 2 2 8.6 2 2 2 8.6 2 2 2 8.6 2 2 2 8.6 2 2 2 8.2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	28.8 2 28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.8 2 28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.8 2 28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.1 2 28.2 2 28.2 2	28.8 2 28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 34 Meter			28.6 28	8	8 120														_	_		
28.7 28.7 80 92 28.6 28.6 40 60 28.6 28.6 40 60 28.6 28.7 8 40 29.0 28.9 150 150 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 34. Meter	28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 34. Meter	28.7 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 34. Meter			28.6 28		8 100															_		
28. 6 28. 6 60 72 - 28. 6 28. 6 40 60 - 28. 6 28. 7 8 40 - 29. 0 28. 9 150 150 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 7	28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 28.2 2 29.3 2	28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 28.2 2	28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 28.2 2 28.2 2	28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 28.2 2 28.2 2			28.5 28		7 80															_		
28. 6 28. 6 40 60 - 28. 6 28. 6 20 52 - 28. 6 28. 9 150 150 - 29. 0 28. 9 150 150 - 28. 2 320 296 280	28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 28.2	28.6 2 28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2	28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.2 2	28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 st Meter	28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 28.2 2 3t Meter			28.5 28	9																_		
28. 6 28. 6 20 52 - 28. 6 28. 7 8 40 - 29. 0 28. 9 150 150 - 72 - 72 - 72 - 37 37 - 28. 2 320 296 280	28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 2 28.2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 28.2 2	28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 28.2 2	28.6 2 29.0 2 29.0 2 	28.6 2 28.6 2 29.0 2 - - 28.2 2 st Meter			28.5 28	9																_		
29. 0 28.9 150 150 72 72 74 75 72 75	28.6 2 29.0 2 2 28.2 2	28.6 2 29.0 2 	28.6 2 29.0 2 29.2 2 28.2 2 st Meter	28.6 2 29.0 2 - - 28.2 2 st Meter	28.6 2 29.0 2 - - 28.2 2 st Meter			28.5 28				,													_		
29.0 28.9 150 150 - 72 - 76 - 76 - 76 - 76 - 78 - 78 - 78 - 78	29.0 2	29.0 2	29.0 2	29.0 2	29.0 2			28.6 28																	_		
- 72 - 75 72 78 78	28.2	28.2 2 st Meter	28.2 2 st Meter	28.2 2 st Meter	28.2 2 st Meter			28.5 29	0	9 150																	
28.2 28.2 320 296 280	28.2 2	28.2 2	28.2 2	28.2 2 st Meter	28.2 2 st Meter			28.2	•		72														_		
28.2 28.2 320 296 280	28.2 2	28.2 2 st Meter	28.2 2 st Meter	28. 2 2 st Meter	28.2 2 st Meter			28.0																	-		
28.2 28.2 320 296 280	28.2	28.2 2 st Meter	28. 2 2 st Meter	28.2 2 st Meter	st Meter			28.6																	_		
		All Test Meters Fluctuate On Above Readings	All Test Meters Fluctuate On Above Readings	All Test Meters Fluctuate On Above Readings	All Test Meters Fluctuate On Above Readings			27.5 28		2 320		280	284											-	-		

ALTERNATOR GROUND OPERATION FIGURE 11

Memorandum Report 20177 October 14, 1964

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NOTES	Windings For	AC Std	A B	Day			सं	, r	F	F 5	- ve	- 2000	- 2000 w	- 2 m 2 m -		- 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	# 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	#	- 20 20 m - 2	- 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		E 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
-	Frame Wind	D	AB	356 446 446 446	1												克里斯克里斯斯克				· 在 在 的 是	· 在 在 的 是 的 是 的 是 是	262 291 302 254 294 283 295 287 288 297 303 291 315 292 315 330 346 304 336 375 397 267 287 296 297 267 287 296 286 280 296 291 393 364 401 425
ERNATOR ONLY)	Rectifiers	egative Positive Altr	BAB	248 293 293 293 293 3				149 153 123 122 20	123 122	123 122	123 122 121 118 142 145	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178 193 196	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178 193 196 154 154	123 122 121 118 142 145 1174 178 193 196 154 154	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178 193 196 154 154 148 148	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178 193 196 154 154 148 148	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178 174 178 179 196 154 154 148 148	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178 193 196 154 154 148 148	123 122 121 118 142 145 174 178 193 196 154 154 148 148	123 122 121 118 142 145 1174 178 193 196 154 154 148 148 162 164 211 216		123 122 121 118 142 145 1174 178 1174 178 1193 196 154 154 168 164 162 164 173 173 173
TEMPERATURES OF (RH ALTERNATOR ONLY)	Vitg Reg. Brg.	Drive Negative	B End A	212 212 248 293				213	213	213	213 235 231	213 235 231 244	213 235 231 244 248	213 235 231 244 258 245	213 235 231 244 258 245 230	213 235 231 244 258 245 245	213 235 231 244 258 245 245 230	213 235 231 231 244 258 245 230	213 235 231 244 258 245 245 230	213 235 231 244 258 245 245 230	213 235 231 244 258 245 246 246 258 230		179 213 149 157 235 147 163 244 187 164 258 218 158 245 189 144 230 175 165 225 187 166 284 245 163 259 205
TEMPERATURE	Air Vltg	Alternator	Out A	Apple +				95 219 191 179															88 95 219 191 179 90 100 246 175 157 92 102 237 185 179 93 102 252 175 163 92 100 267 176 164 92 100 267 176 164 94 118 208 152 144 97 107 237 178 165 96 106 296 210 196 97 121 243 173 163
	Amperes	Alternator Load Bank	H RH LH RH OAT In	Max,		ternator Cuts In At 750 RPM	ternator Cuts In At 750 RPM ternator Cuts In At 725 RPM	its In At 750 RPM its In At 725 RPM 88	,	, 91	, 16 84 84	, 16 84 88	, 16 16 128 128	ts In At 750 RPM ts In At 725 RPM 88 4 4 - 16 90 12 8 - 16 90 98 96 - 184 92 94 188 56 328 93 55 240 160 328 93	ts in At 750 RPM ts in At 725 RPM 4 4 - 16 90 12 8 - 16 90 48 96 - 184 92 49 188 56 328 93 56 240 160 328 92 Affer Engine Shutdown 94	tes In At 750 RPM tes In At 725 RPM 88 4 4 4 4 9 90 12 8 - 16 90 88 96 - 184 92 94 188 56 328 93 56 240 160 328 92 After Engine Shutdown 94 2 4 4	ts In At 750 RPM ts In At 725 RPM 88 4 4 4 16 90 88 96 184 92 94 188 56 328 93 56 240 160 328 92 After Engine Shutdown 94	ts In At 750 RPM ts In At 725 RPM 88 4 4 4 16 90 12 8 16 90 88 93 93 44 18 56 328 93 56 240 160 328 92 After Engine Shutdown 94 2 4	ts In At 750 RPM 12	ts In At 750 RPM ts In At 725 RPM 4 4 4 - 16 90 12 8 - 16 90 94 188 56 328 93 55 240 160 328 93 1After Engine Shutdown 94 2 4 6 - 6 - 6 24 104 - 208 97	ts In At 750 RPM ts In At 725 RPM 88 4	ts In At 750 RPM 4 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	16 884 828 528 60wn 60wn
ELECTRICAL	Volts	ternator	Time Feet KPH Eng Altr Bus LH RH LH			LH Alternator Cu		12 2	2 2 2	2 2 2 8	7 7 6 8 8	2 2 2 8 8 8	7 7 8 8 8 8 8	HAlternator Cu RH Alternator Cu 2200 27.8 27.9 27.8 2375 28.0 28.0 28.0 1 2600 28.0 28.3 28.2 8 2900 28.0 28.3 28.2 8 2900 28.0 28.5 28.5 26 3100 28.0 28.5 28.5 26	LH Alternator Cur RH Alternator Cur 0 27.8 27.9 27.8 5 28.0 28.0 28.0 5 28.0 28.2 8.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 28.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 28.0 Temperatures Taker	LH Alternator Cum RH Alternator Cum 0 27.8 27.9 27.8 5.28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0	LH Alternator Cuu RH Alternator Cuu C 27.8 27.9 27.8 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28	AH Alternator Cur RH Alternator Cur Cur Car S 27.8 27.9 27.8 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28	LH Alternator Cum RH Alternator Cum 0 27.8 27.9 27.8 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28	LH Alternator Cuu RH Alternator Cuu C 27.8 27.9 27.8 5 28.0 28.0 28.0 1 5 28.0 28.3 28.2 8 6 28.0 28.5 28.5 28 6 28.0 28.5 28.5 28 7 28.0 28.6 28.5 28 7 28.0 28.6 28.5 28 7 28.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27	LH Alternator Cum RH Alternator Cum 0 27.8 27.9 27.8 5 28.0 28.0 28.0 18.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 28.0 0 28.0 28.6 28.5 28.5 Temperatures Taken 0 27.0 27.0 27.0 0 27.0 27.0 27.0 0 28.0 28.2 28.1 11.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 11.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 11.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 11.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 11.0 0 28.0 28.5 28.5 11.0	LH Alternator Cur RH Alternator Cur 27. 8 27. 9 27. 8 5 28. 0 28. 0 28. 0 6 28. 0 28. 5 28. 5 7 28. 0 28. 5 28. 5 7 27. 0 27. 0 27. 0 7 27. 0 27	HAlternator Cuu RH Alternator Cuu RH Alternator Cuu 0 27.8 27.9 27.8 1 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0
EOUS	Pres	IAS	Feet KPH Eng Alta				A CONTRACTOR SERVICES	- 750 195	DEFEL	O S S E L L	0506164	0.00000000				医克克尼耳耳耳耳 医红斑的		DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF		医多氏性肾髓管炎 医艾尔氏性毒素		750 195 850 220 900 237 1100 290 1100 290 1200 310 800 210 800 210 800 210 1100 260 1100 260 1100 260	5
MISCELLANEOUS		Event Alt.	Date Time			5/26/4	5/26/4															11:04 11:04 11:04 11:04 11:28 11:28 11:28 11:48 14:20 14:45 14:45 14:45	10.47 11.09 11.09 11.12 11.12 11.12 11.12 11.13

844 88 83 88

351 345 Normal. 169 167 163 162 175 173 175 240 243 320 310

364 401 311 331 Are Below 169 166 164 161 175 171 202 197 191 196 256 262 262

393 350 They 175 1179 1179 1196 2218

216 173 Rain . 103 103 106 109 123

245 255 211 205 207 173 Taken During F 115 115 103 115 115 105 126 126 109 138 151 123 150 170 133

296 210 196 2 243 173 163 2 149 107 103 1 131 100 93 1 147 103 93 1 158 15 106 1 158 15 166 1 196 86 90 2

97 107 96 106 97 121 The Followi 52 60 53 61 53 61 32 32 57 27

208 334 72 66 66 160 160 320 328

245

56 104 300 300

320 320 320 320

28.5 28.6 28.7 28.5 28.6 28.6 28.5 28.6 28.6 28.5 28.6 28.6 28.5 28.6 28.6 28.0 28.6 28.7 27.4 28.1 28.0

2600 2600 2600 2600 2600 4160

1000 1000 1000 1600 1600

......

5/27/4

157 133 159 159 200

Readings

III-5

ALTERNATOR FLIGHT OPERATION FIGURE 12

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Add		AC Std	A B Hot	446 446 446 OF.		186 182 35 Parallel at	186 180 35	161 161	195 195		207 207				*See note below	*See note below	207 202	207	208 202	207 202		240 184	238 184	238 172	224 172	228 178	230 180	230 182	230 183	*See note below	*See note below
		DC	A B	446 446		148 142 186	151 140				159 150						152 126	141 125	149 126	149 125		166 138				158 129	160 130	159 132	160 130		
-	_	e Altr	-	356		190	188	161	195	204	502						210	211	802	208	246	242	237	238	224	228	230	230	230		
ONLY	ers	Positive	A B	293 293		93 93	26 26			82 82							69 89	66 62	19 99	65 61		53 47		53 48		52 47	52 47		52 47		
NATOR	Rectifiers	Negative	В	293		110	108	66	86	101	101						18	81	87	87	06										
TEMPERATURES OF (RH ALTERNATOR ONLY	Brg.	-0.	End A	248 293		138 102	142 101		140 95	142 94							132 81	132 80	127 77	127 77			143 73					133 66	133 66		
S OF (R)	Vltg Reg. I		В	212 212		82	80	70	73	89	10						45	45	40	40	38	56	97	24	22	22	22	22	22		
LIOK	-	L.	4 Y	212		77			9								37		35	35			20					17			
MPERA		Alternator	Out	1		121	122	117	117	119	120						104	105	104	103	126	116	111	110	100	100	100	100	100		
TE	Air	Alt	OAT In	Maximum		63	19 6			45							91 1	14	14	13	1 -1	11-			-12	: -12	21- 2	: -12			
+	-	-	RH O	Z Z		8 56	0 56	-	-	8 39	-	_	_	_	_		- 80	8 5	8 5	8 5	-	_	8 -22	-		-	_	8 -22	_	,	-
	S	T	LH R			216 248					208 248		•	•	1	•	208 248	208 248	208 248	208 248							216 248	216 248	216 24		
			RH I		NO	300 2	300 2				300 2	- 082	240 -	- 007	160 -	140 -	300 2	300 2	300 2	300 2						300 2		300 2		126	120
1		Alternator	TH		IS TURNED ON		262		262	262	262	892	220	172	89	50	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	9	0
KICAL		rnator	RH		TOR	29.7 292					29.5		•			56.5	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.3	29.1	262	26.2	2.62		7			29.5	29.4
ELECIRICAL		_	LH		ALTERNATOR	29.7	29.62	29.5			29.5	•			ı	29.1	29.3	29.3	29.3	29.3									2.62	28.9	29.0
4		Main	Bus		ALT	28.8	28.8				28.7	28.8	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	28.6			28.6	_						28.5	28.5	28.5	28.9	29.0
	RPM		Altr			2600 6760 28.8 29.7	6760				6760	6760	6760	6760	949	0929	7280	7280		7280							8320	8320	8320	8320	8320
-		1	1 Eng				2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2600	2800	2800	2800	2800	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200
			KPH			2500 140	140	135	135	12000130	12000130	2000130	12000130	12000130	12000130	12000130	20000125	20000125	20000125	20000125	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110	27000110
NEOD	Pres	Event Alt.	Time Feet				2500		~		_	_																			2700
MISCELLANEOUS		Even	Time		10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35	11:45	11:46	11:47	11:48	11:49	11:50	9:25	9:30	9:40	9:45	10:30	10:40	10:50	11:00	11:10	11:20	11:22	11:24	11:26	11:28	11:30
MIS			Date		5/28/4												5/59/4														

ALL TEST METERS FLUCTUATE ON ABOVE READINGS (AMMETER FLUCTUATE +5 AMPERES)

*The alternators, for this flight operation, were adjusted to parallel at approximately 300 amperes each to produce rated output for maximum temperature tests. The manufacturer recommends that the alternators should be paralleled at 150 amperes each, for normal operation, which should maintain a load balance within 60 amperes differential. Therefore, it is assumed that the broad differential in paralleling indicated here would be reduced to the manufacturer's specifications when paralleled at 150 amperes each. This is indicated by the ground operation data in Figure 13.

ALTERNATOR GROUND OPERATION FIGURE 13

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NOTES														Parallel at	150 Amns	odura ori											
	For	Std	Hot	Day oF.		27	59	31	32	31	31	31	31								30	30	2				
	Windings	AC	A B	5 446 446			3 213 202	222	234	244	232	230	1 242 224								4 248 230		2				
NLY)		DC	A B	446 446		264 274	213 213	509 509	213 213		230 228		211 211								224 224 248	222 222	1				
TEMPERATURES OF (RH ALTERNATOR ONLY)	Frame	tive Altr	В	958 867		96 216	114 222	128 223	135 234		128 237	130 234	133 243								130 350	130 240	130 540				
ALTER	Rectifiers	Posi	A	293		96	114	128	135	137	128	130	133								000	001	130				
S OF (RH.		Neg	A B	293- 293		116 124	131 131		153 153	156 156	148 148		151 151								07.	158 160	155 155				
TURE	Brg.	Drive	End	248		184	181	184	187	193	192	190	192									507	707				
EMPERA	Vltg Reg.		В	212 212		173 164	144 116	111 021	111 811		112 105		111 106										170 111				
T	۸	Alternator	Out A	4		185 17			188 11	-			191									202					
	Air	Alte	OAT In	Max. Allowable				4 72														2 18					
1			RH 04	A. A.	-	18 68	99 901	248 64	208 63	-	192 64	-	200 64		-	0 1	175	0	4	8	-	112 65	112 6	 7			
	s	ad Bar	1				58 10							36	2007	17				(6)				ATEO			
	Amperes	Alternator Load Bank	RH LH			16 -	88 5	132 -	160 112		159 120		200 200			- 071	100	- 08	- 09	- 04	- 07		156 192	LICTI			
		Altern	LH		VOLTS ONLY	4	82	132	164	180	161	175	208		061	112	06	64	16	80	4	160	160	FERSE	IGS.		
TRICAL		ernator	RH			5 28.5	28.7		28.9	28.9	58.9	29.0	29.0	0 00	29.0	58.9					58.6	29.0	29.0	ALL TEST METERS FLUCTUATE ON	ABOVE READINGS,		
ELECTR	Volts		Bus LH		BATTERY	28.5 28.5	28.5 28.7	28.5 28.9	28.5 28.9	28.5 28.9	28.5 28.9	28.5 29.0	8.5 29.0				28.	28.			28.9 28.9	28.5 29.0	28.5 29.0	ATIT	ABOVE		
-		-	Altr		2100	2375 2	2 0097	2 0062	3100 2	3380 2	3640 2	3900 [2	4160 2	20011		_	_						3380 2	_		_	
	RPM	_	-		800 2	2 006	7 0001	1100 2	1200 3	1300 3	1400 3	1500 3	1600 4	, 007									1300 3				
		IAS	KPH Eng																								
NEOUS	Pres		Feet								,		,		,	,			,		,	,	,				
MISCELLANEOUS		Event Alt.	Time		10:20	10:25	10:35	10:45	10:55	11:05	11:15	11:25	11:35		11:45	11:44	11:45	11:46	11:47	11:48	11:49	11:50	12:00				
W			Date		6/1/4																						

APPENDIX IV - DISTRIBUTION LIST

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US Army Mobility Command	
ATTN: AMSMO-RDS	
Warren, Michigan	
Commanding General	20
US Army Aviation Materiel Command	
ATTN: SMOSM-U	
St. Louis, Missouri	

Accession No.

US Army Aviation Test Board, Fort Rucker, Alabama. Final Report of USATECOM Project No. 4-4-1004-01, Product Improvement Test of the U-8F Airplane (ECP-BEA-L23-138), 15 December 1964. DA Project No. None. 44 pp., 13 illus. Unclassified. Six shortcomings were noted during the test. It was recommended that the shortcomings be corrected; propeller deicing time be modified to provide 80-second cycling; and the special tool required to remove rearmost generator mounting bolts be procured with the retrofit kits.

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