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## BOUNDARY LAYER AEROSOL TRANSPORT MEASUREMENTS IN A VALLEY SYSTEM

Part III

### FINAL TECHNICAL REPORT

by

Reinhold Reiter  
and Rudolf Sladkovic

July 1976

EUROPEAN RESEARCH OFFICE

United States Army

London W. 1, England

Grant Number DA-ERO-75-G042

Institut für Atmosphärische Umweltforschung  
der Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft

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cont.  
→ particle propagation of the single experiment will be compared with the theoretical distribution and influences of valley shape and temperature inversion on the actual distribution will be discussed.

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# **BOUNDARY LAYER AEROSOL TRANSPORT MEASUREMENTS IN A VALLEY SYSTEM**

**Part III**

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**by**

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### ABSTRACT

The transport of aerosols in a mountain valley has been investigated by means of field experiments. This report is based on eight such experiments, which have been conducted under various meteorological conditions (stability classes B, C, And D after Pasquill, Turner, etc). A complete set of measured data like particle distributions, wind profiles, balloon trajectories, and temperature probings will be presented. The particle propagation of the single experiment will be compared with the theoretical distribution and influences of valley shape and temperature inversion on the actual distribution will be discussed.

#### 1. GENERAL REMARKS

The present report includes the results of all eight field measurements which have been accomplished from May 13, 1975 through Augsut 13, 1975 under the conditions described in the last Technical Report (Part II, (0)), paragraph 1. In addition, some conclusions will be drawn, which are, however preliminary ones, since further field measurements will be performed. A final evaluation and conclusion will be prepared after the termination of the field measurements (around summer 1976).

Technical facilities (paragraph 2, Report Part II), aerosol material, and theoretical basis (paragraph 3, Report Part II) have remained unchanged. They have been, however, refined in parts and reference is made in this report where necessary.

The area of the propagation measurements and the location of the aerosol generator remained the same, too.

## 2. RESULTS OF FIELD EXPERIMENTS

### 2.0. Format of Presentation

Below a scheme will be commented which will be used to describe all the results of the single field experiments in like manner:

#### i. General remarks:

- a. Distribution of the rotorod sampling devices over the area. Phase I (propagation of the particles between the source and the northern outskirts of Garmisch-Partenkirchen) will be distinguished from Phase II (further distribution over and beyond Garmisch-Partenkirchen and into the branching valleys), see Report Part II \*).
- b. Meteorological conditions and atmospheric stability with classification resulting from
  - Measurements of the wind speed and of the temperature profiles up to 300 m above ground according to Dilger and Nester (1) and Polster (2);
  - Cloudiness, wind speed, daytime, and season according to Pasquill (7), Turner (3), Klug (4), and Luna and Church (5).
- c. Time and duration of emission
- d. Average wind speed between valley floor (= 0 m) and level of the aerosol source (= 300 m) ( $\bar{u}$ ) resulting from ground level measurements and pilot balloon tracking.

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\* ) Fig. 17 of Report Part II presents the phases in wrong order: phase II must be phase I and vice versa.

ii. Tables with data as follows:

Coordinates x (distance from source) and y (transverse distance) of the sampling points according to map "Werdenfelser Land" - Bayer. Landesvermessungsamt München, 1:25000. The positions of the sampling point of each experiment have been marked on the maps too (see iv.).

- Column  $D_{40}$  and  $D_{60}$ : number of fluorescent particles which have been collected at the sampling points after an emission time of 40 or 60 minutes.  $D_{60}$  has also been calculated from an emission time of 40 minutes:

$D_{60} = D_{40} \times 60/40$  to make possible the comparison of the results.

- Column  $S\bar{U}$ : the following formula has been applied to calculate the values

$$S\bar{U} = \frac{D_{60} \cdot \bar{U}}{\eta \cdot V}$$

$S$  Particle concentration [particles/m<sup>3</sup>]

$\bar{U}$  mean wind speed between 0 - 300 m above ground

$\eta$  efficiency of the rotorods, after Leighton (6)  
= 50%

$V$  air throughput of a rotorod, after Leighton (6):  
 $V = 1,3 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

There are different values for  $\bar{U}$  in Oberau, Farchant, Institute etc, which have been considered in the calculation.

The dimension of  $S\bar{U}$  is [particles/m<sup>2</sup>. s] based on  $D_{60}$  [particles/h],  $V$  [m<sup>3</sup>/h] and  $\bar{U}$  [m/s].

iii. Plot of  $S\bar{U}$  as a function of x and y, a graph with cross sections and a graph with longitudinal sections are added.

- iv. Map with number of particles marked at the positions of the rotorods.
- v. Profiles of wind speeds measured with pilot balloons.
- vi. Trajectories of the pilot balloons on the map.
- vii. Radiosonde data in form of lapse rates.

Diagrams iii to vi can be found in the figure-supplement.

2.1 Experiment No. 1 of May 13, 1976

The positions of the sampling sites are the same as in the experiment of March 7, 1975 (Fig. 19, last report).

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 8/10 - 10/10 Cu

cloud height: 1600-2500 m a.s.l.

wind direction: NW - NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Oberau  $\bar{u} = 3,2$  m/s

atmospheric stability: adiabatic with tendency towards slight instability

stability class: D (C)

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 1300 m above ground

Duration of emission: 12.35 - 13.35 CET (60 min)

Results:

Table No. 1

Figures: 1 - 9

Table 1

13 May 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance |       | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | $D_{60}$ | Su   |
|----------------|----------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------|------|
|                | x [m]    | y [m] |                         |                     |          |      |
| A              | 2100     | 0     | 650                     | 300                 | 921      | 4534 |
| B              | 3200     | 0     | 653                     | 297                 | 547      | 2693 |
| C              | 4500     | 600   | 655                     | 295                 | 415      | 2043 |
| D              | 4500     | 400   | 655                     | 295                 | 501      | 2466 |
| E              | 4500     | 0     | 659                     | 291                 | 753      | 3707 |
| F              | 4500     | -225  | 662                     | 288                 | 732      | 3606 |
| G              | 4500     | -400  | 662                     | 288                 | 822      | 4047 |
| H              | 5900     | 0     | 667                     | 283                 | 566      | 2786 |
| I              | 7300     | 500   | 677                     | 273                 | 1158     | 5700 |
| J              | 7300     | 300   | 677                     | 273                 | 1327     | 6533 |
| K              | 7300     | 0     | 678                     | 272                 | 1331     | 6553 |
| L              | 7300     | -250  | 683                     | 267                 | 1346     | 6631 |
| M              | 7300     | -500  | 686                     | 264                 | 828      | 4076 |
| N              | 9300     | 500   | 692                     | 258                 | 1511     | 7439 |
| O              | 9300     | 300   | 690                     | 260                 | 1410     | 6941 |
| P              | 9300     | 0     | 688                     | 262                 | 1347     | 6631 |
| Q              | 9300     | -200  | 685                     | 265                 | 1330     | 6550 |
| R              | 9300     | -500  | 685                     | 265                 | 1191     | 5863 |
| S              | 14500    | 0     | 740                     | 210                 | 1046     | 5149 |
| T              | 7500     | 3100  | 1780                    | -830                | 205      | 1009 |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

2.2 Experiment No. 2 of July 26, 1975

Due to a significant meandering of the particle plume in the valley, which has been observed during our last experiment, the measurements 2100 m and 5900 m in front of the source did not yield useful results. These sampling sites have not been used again, but at a distance of 3200 m 3 sites have been set up.

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 1/10 - 2/10 Cu

cloud height: 2000-2500 m a.s.l.

wind direction: N - NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Oberau  $\bar{U} = 5,0 \text{ m/s}$   
Farchant  $\bar{U} = 6,2 \text{ m/s}$

atmospheric stability: slightly instable to instable

stability class: C (B)

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 220-450 m above  
ground

Duration of emission: 11.00 - 12.00 CET (60 min)

Results:

Table No. 2

Figures 10 - 17

Table 2

26 June 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance |      | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | $D_{60}$ | $S\bar{u}$ |
|----------------|----------|------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------|------------|
|                | x[m]     | y[m] |                         |                     |          |            |
| A              | 3200     | 750  | 653                     | 297                 | 56       | 431        |
| B              | 3200     | 300  | 653                     | 297                 | 713      | 5485       |
| C              | 3200     | 0    | 653                     | 297                 | 814      | 6261       |
| D              | 4500     | 600  | 655                     | 295                 | 414      | 3185       |
| E              | 4500     | 350  | 655                     | 295                 | 608      | 4677       |
| F              | 4500     | 0    | 659                     | 291                 | 605      | 4654       |
| G              | 4500     | -200 | 662                     | 288                 | 439      | 3377       |
| H              | 4500     | -400 | 662                     | 288                 | 294      | 2261       |
| I              | 7300     | 500  | 677                     | 273                 | 495      | 4721       |
| J              | 7300     | 300  | 677                     | 273                 | 540      | 5150       |
| K              | 7300     | 0    | 678                     | 272                 | 490      | 4674       |
| L              | 7300     | -250 | 683                     | 267                 | 482      | 4597       |
| M              | 7300     | -500 | 686                     | 264                 | 568      | 5418       |
| N              | 9300     | 500  | 692                     | 258                 | 411      | 3920       |
| O              | 9300     | 300  | 690                     | 260                 | 439      | 4187       |
| P              | 9300     | 0    | 688                     | 262                 | 458      | 4368       |
| Q              | 9300     | -200 | 685                     | 265                 | 617      | 5885       |
| R              | 9300     | -500 | 685                     | 265                 | 588      | 5608       |
| S              | 14500    | 0    | 740                     | 210                 | 679      | 5223       |
| T              | 8000     | 3000 | 1780                    | -830                | 29       | 45         |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

2.3 Experiment No. 3 of July 7, 1975

The positions of the sampling sites are the same as in experiment 2.

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 1/10 - 2/10 Cu

cloud height: 2500 m a.s.l.

wind direction: N - NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Oberau  $\bar{u} = 3,5$  m/s  
Farchant  $\bar{u} = 6,5$  m/s

atmospheric stability: instable

stability class: B

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 830-950 m above  
ground

Duration of emission: 11.10 - 12.10 CET (60 min)

Results

Table No. 3

Figures 18 - 24

Table 3  
7 July 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance |       | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | D <sub>60</sub> | S <sub>U</sub> |
|----------------|----------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|
|                | x[m]     | y[m]  |                         |                     |                 |                |
| A              | 3200     | 750   | 653                     | 297                 | 191             | 1028           |
| B              | 3200     | 300   | 653                     | 297                 | 596             | 3209           |
| C              | 3200     | 0     | 653                     | 297                 | 870             | 4685           |
| D              | 3200     | -1100 | 656                     | 294                 | 279             | 1502           |
| E              | 4500     | 600   | 655                     | 295                 | 243             | 1308           |
| F              | 4500     | 350   | 655                     | 295                 | 287             | 1545           |
| G              | 4500     | 0     | 659                     | 291                 | 373             | 2008           |
| H              | 4500     | -400  | 662                     | 288                 | 362             | 1949           |
| I              | 7300     | 600   | 677                     | 273                 | 245             | 2450           |
| J              | 7300     | 350   | 677                     | 273                 | 248             | 2480           |
| K              | 7300     | 0     | 678                     | 272                 | 291             | 2910           |
| L              | 7300     | -250  | 683                     | 267                 | 283             | 2830           |
| M              | 7300     | -450  | 686                     | 264                 | 268             | 2680           |
| N              | 9300     | 500   | 692                     | 258                 | 206             | 2060           |
| O              | 9300     | 300   | 690                     | 260                 | 208             | 2080           |
| P              | 9300     | 0     | 688                     | 262                 | 225             | 2250           |
| Q              | 9300     | -200  | 685                     | 265                 | 239             | 2390           |
| R              | 9300     | -500  | 685                     | 265                 | 269             | 2690           |
| S              | 14500    | 0     | 740                     | 210                 | 238             | 1281           |
| T              | 8000     | 3000  | 1780                    | -830                | 260             | 400            |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

2.4 Experiment No. 4 of July 9, 1975

13 rotorods have been set up in phase I (Loisach Valley) and 5 rotorods in phase II (Garmisch-Partenkirchen) to find suitable sampling sites for future experiments in phase II.

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 3/10 Sc, Cu + 8/10 Ac

cloud height: 2200 m + 2800 m a.s.l.

wind direction: N - NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Oberau  $\bar{U} = 4,0 \text{ m/s}$   
Farchant  $\bar{U} = 5,6 \text{ m/s}$

atmospheric stability: slightly unstable to adiabatic

stability class: C - D

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 300 + 600 + 950 m  
above ground

Duration of emission: 11.30 - 12.30 CET (60 min)

Results:

Table No. 4

Figures: 25 - 31

Table 4

9 July 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance |       | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | D <sub>60</sub> | S <sub>U</sub> |
|----------------|----------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|
|                | x[m]     | y[m]  |                         |                     |                 |                |
| A              | 3200     | 750   | 653                     | 297                 | 1298            | 7987           |
| B              | 3200     | 0     | 653                     | 297                 | 1301            | 8006           |
| C              | 3200     | -1100 | 656                     | 294                 | 363             | 2234           |
| D              | 4500     | 600   | 655                     | 295                 | 981             | 6037           |
| E              | 4500     | 0     | 659                     | 291                 | 720             | 4431           |
| F              | 4500     | -400  | 662                     | 288                 | 684             | 4209           |
| G              | 7300     | 600   | 677                     | 273                 | 683             | 5884           |
| H              | 7300     | 200   | 677                     | 273                 | 790             | 6806           |
| I              | 7300     | -200  | 683                     | 267                 | 544             | 4687           |
| J              | 7300     | -400  | 686                     | 264                 | 390             | 3360           |
| K              | 9300     | 500   | 692                     | 258                 | 418             | 3601           |
| L              | 9300     | 0     | 688                     | 262                 | 487             | 4196           |
| M              | 9300     | -500  | 685                     | 265                 | 492             | 4238           |
| N              | 10800    | 2000  | 780                     | 170                 | 161             | 990            |
| O              | 11000    | 4500  | 820                     | 130                 | 21              | 129            |
| P              | 14500    | 0     | 740                     | 210                 | 661             | 4068           |
| Q              | 14500    | -500  | 740                     | 210                 | 322             | 1981           |
| R              | 14500    | -1800 | 800                     | 150                 | 148             | 910            |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

2.5 Experiment No. 5 of July 23, 1975

This experiment has been carried out in phase I due to strong atmospheric instability (intense sunshine). Most of the rotorods have been set up close to the source to pick up the concentration maximum.

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 1/10 - 2/10 Cu

cloud height: 2500 m a.s.l.

wind direction: NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Oberau  $\bar{u} = 4,9 \text{ m/s}$   
Farchant  $\bar{u} = 5,7 \text{ m/s}$

atmospheric stability: instable

stability class: B

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 670-770 m above ground

Duration of emission: 12.04 - 13.04 CET (60 min)

Results:

Table No. 5

Figures: 32 - 39

Table 5  
23 July 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance |       | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | $D_{60}$ | SU   |
|----------------|----------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------|------|
|                | x [m]    | y [m] |                         |                     |          |      |
| A              | 1600     | 250   | 650                     | 300                 | 313      | 2360 |
| B              | 1600     | 0     | 650                     | 300                 | 837      | 6310 |
| C              | 1600     | -300  | 651                     | 299                 | 658      | 4960 |
| D              | 3200     | 750   | 653                     | 297                 | 234      | 1764 |
| E              | 3200     | 300   | 653                     | 297                 | 762      | 5744 |
| F              | 3200     | 0     | 653                     | 297                 | 673      | 5073 |
| G              | 3200     | -400  | 655                     | 295                 | 651      | 4907 |
| H              | 3200     | -1100 | 656                     | 294                 | 438      | 3302 |
| I              | 4500     | 600   | 655                     | 295                 | 357      | 2691 |
| J              | 4500     | 0     | 659                     | 291                 | 427      | 2319 |
| K              | 4500     | -200  | 662                     | 288                 | 528      | 3980 |
| L              | 4500     | -400  | 662                     | 288                 | 538      | 4055 |
| M              | 7300     | 600   | 677                     | 273                 | 224      | 1964 |
| N              | 7300     | 200   | 677                     | 273                 | 382      | 3350 |
| O              | 7300     | -200  | 683                     | 267                 | 553      | 4850 |
| P              | 7300     | -400  | 686                     | 264                 | 535      | 4691 |
| Q              | 9300     | 500   | 692                     | 258                 | 184      | 1613 |
| R              | 9300     | 0     | 688                     | 262                 | 324      | 2858 |
| S              | 9300     | -500  | 685                     | 265                 | 331      | 2903 |
| T              | 9300     | 3000  | 1780                    | -830                | 43       | 66   |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

2.6 Experiment No. 6 of July 28, 1976

12 sampling sites have been chosen in phase II, but still  
7 in the Loisach valley to allow a comparison with former  
results.

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 1/10 - 2/10 Cu

cloud height: 2700 m a.s.l.

wind direction: N - NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Farchant  $\bar{u} = 6,8 \text{ m/s}$   
Institute  $\bar{u} = 5,2 \text{ m/s}$

atmospheric stability: slightly instable to instable

stability class: C (B)

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 470 + 900 m above  
ground

Duration of emission: 12.00 - 12.40 CET (40 min)

Results:

Table No. 6

Figures: 40 - 47

Table 6

28 July 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance  |       | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | D <sub>40</sub> | D <sub>60</sub> | S $\bar{u}$ |
|----------------|-----------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
|                | x[m]      | y[m]  |                         |                     |                 |                 |             |
| A              | 3200      | 0     | 653                     | 297                 | 257             | 385             | 3080        |
| B              | 7300      | 600   | 677                     | 273                 | 218             | 327             | 3421        |
| C              | 7300      | 0     | 678                     | 272                 | 327             | 490             | 5126        |
| D              | 7300      | -400  | 686                     | 264                 | 517             | 777             | 8129        |
| E              | 9300      | 500   | 692                     | 258                 | 252             | 378             | 3954        |
| F              | 9300      | 0     | 688                     | 262                 | 351             | 526             | 5503        |
| G              | 9300      | -500  | 685                     | 265                 | 376             | 564             | 5900        |
| H              | 12000     | 2800  | 780                     | 170                 | 112             | 168             | 1344        |
| I              | 12000     | 1400  | 707                     | 243                 | 129             | 193             | 1544        |
| J              | 12000     | 850   | 707                     | 243                 | 208             | 312             | 2496        |
| K              | 12000     | 0     | 707                     | 243                 | 482             | 723             | 5784        |
| L              | 12000     | -700  | 715                     | 235                 | 393             | 590             | 4720        |
| M              | 16500     | 0     | 770                     | 180                 | 466             | 700             | 5600        |
| N              | 16500     | -1200 | 740                     | 210                 | 450             | 675             | 5400        |
| O              | Eckbauer  |       | 1200                    | -250                | 35              | 53              | 163         |
| P              | Wamberg   |       | 1050                    | -100                | 51              | 76              | 234         |
| Q              | Hausberg  |       | 1330                    | -380                | 79              | 118             | 363         |
| R              | Kreuzjoch |       | 1700                    | -750                | 135             | 202             | 621         |
| S              | Kreuzeck  |       | 1650                    | -700                | 127             | 190             | 585         |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

2.7 Experiment No. 7 of 6 August, 1975

4 sampling sites have been chosen in the Loisach valley, but 15 in phase II. 4 sites have been located in Grainau, because a second concentration maximum has been observed there.

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 3/10 - 4/10 Cu

cloud height: 2500 m a.s.l.

wind direction: N - NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Burgrain  $\bar{u} = 6,7 \text{ m}/$   
Institute  $\bar{u} = 4,6 \text{ m}/$

atmospheric stability: indifferent to slightly unstable

stability class: D (C)

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 320 m above ground

Duaration of emission: 11.30 - 12.10 CET (40 min)

Results:

Table No. 7

Figures: 48 - 55

Table 7  
6 Aug 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance       |       | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | D <sub>40</sub> | D <sub>60</sub> | S <sub>U</sub> |
|----------------|----------------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
|                | x [m]          | y [m] |                         |                     |                 |                 |                |
| A              | 7300           | 0     | 678                     | 272                 | 436             | 654             | 6741           |
| B              | 9300           | 500   | 692                     | 258                 | 344             | 516             | 5319           |
| C              | 9300           | 0     | 688                     | 262                 | 390             | 585             | 6030           |
| D              | 9300           | -500  | 685                     | 265                 | 455             | 682             | 7030           |
| E              | 12000          | 3000  | 800                     | 150                 | 66              | 99              | 700            |
| F              | 12000          | 2100  | 715                     | 235                 | 119             | 179             | 1266           |
| G              | 12000          | 1300  | 707                     | 243                 | 267             | 400             | 2831           |
| H              | 12000          | 600   | 707                     | 243                 | 416             | 624             | 4416           |
| I              | 12000          | 0     | 707                     | 243                 | 597             | 895             | 6333           |
| J              | 12000          | -700  | 715                     | 235                 | 573             | 859             | 6079           |
| K              | 16000          | 1700  | 900                     | 50                  | 472             | 708             | 5010           |
| L              | 16500          | 900   | 800                     | 150                 | 546             | 819             | 5796           |
| M              | 16500          | 0     | 770                     | 180                 | 425             | 637             | 4437           |
| N              | 16500          | -1200 | 740                     | 210                 | 272             | 408             | 2887           |
| O              | 8000           | 3000  | 1780                    | -830                | 28              | 42              | 130            |
| P              | Eckbauer       |       | 1200                    | -250                | 53              | 80              | 246            |
| Q              | Bayernhaus     |       | 1250                    | -300                | 170             | 255             | 785            |
| R              | Garmischerhaus |       | 1330                    | -380                | 169             | 254             | 781            |
| S              | Kreuzjoch      |       | 1700                    | -750                | 107             | 160             | 492            |
| T              | Kreuzeck       |       | 1650                    | -700                | 155             | 232             | 714            |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

2.8 Experiment No. 8 of August 13, 1975

The positions of the sampling sites are the same as in experiment No. 7 (phase II).

Meteorological conditions:

cloud cover: 4/10 - 5/10 Cu

cloud height: 2500 m a.s.l.

wind direction: N - NE

mean wind speed between 0-300 m above ground: Burgrain  $\bar{u} = 6,1 \text{ m/s}$   
Institute  $\bar{u} = 3,0 \text{ m/s}$

atmospheric stability: slightly instable

stability class: C

height of temperature inversion or isotherm: 200 +670 m above  
ground

Duration of emission: 12.00 - 12.40 CET (40 min)

Results:

Table No. 8

Figures: 56 - 63

Table 8  
13 Aug 1975

Number of counted particles per collection point

| coll.<br>point | distance       |       | altid.<br>[m]<br>a.s.l. | $\Delta h^*$<br>[m] | D <sub>40</sub> | D <sub>60</sub> | SU   |
|----------------|----------------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
|                | x [m]          | y [m] |                         |                     |                 |                 |      |
| A              | 7300           | 0     | 678                     | 272                 | 94              | 141             | 1323 |
| B              | 9300           | 500   | 692                     | 258                 | 68              | 102             | 957  |
| C              | 9300           | 0     | 688                     | 262                 | 108             | 162             | 1520 |
| D              | 9300           | -500  | 685                     | 265                 | 310             | 465             | 4364 |
| E              | 12000          | 2800  | 780                     | 170                 | 39              | 58              | 267  |
| F              | 12000          | 2000  | 710                     | 240                 | 50              | 75              | 346  |
| G              | 12000          | 1300  | 707                     | 243                 | 122             | 183             | 845  |
| H              | 12000          | 600   | 707                     | 243                 | 154             | 231             | 1060 |
| I              | 12000          | 0     | 707                     | 243                 | 215             | 322             | 1486 |
| J              | 12000          | -700  | 715                     | 235                 | 330             | 495             | 2285 |
| K              | 16500          | 900   | 800                     | 150                 | 302             | 453             | 2090 |
| L              | 16500          | 0     | 770                     | 180                 | 345             | 517             | 2386 |
| M              | 16500          | -1200 | 740                     | 210                 | 438             | 657             | 3032 |
| N              | 14500          | -1800 | 800                     | 150                 | 726             | 1089            | 5026 |
| O              | 8000           | 3000  | 1780                    | -830                | 22              | 33              | 101  |
| P              | Eckbauer       |       | 1200                    | -250                | 23              | 34              | 104  |
| Q              | Bayernhaus     |       | 1250                    | -300                | 97              | 145             | 446  |
| R              | Garmischerhaus |       | 1330                    | -380                | 103             | 154             | 473  |
| S              | Kreuzjoch      |       | 1700                    | -750                | 98              | 147             | 452  |
| T              | Kreuzeck       |       | 1650                    | -700                | 123             | 184             | 566  |

\* Height difference between source and collection point

### 3. COMMENTARY

In figures 64 - 66 for all experiments the concentration distributions in the plume axis on ground level are presented as functions of the distance from the source. The graphs also show two theoretical curves, which have been calculated with the Pasquill formula in the axis and on the ground (Report, Part II, formula (5))

$$S\bar{u} = \frac{E}{\pi \sigma_y \sigma_z} \exp - \frac{H^2}{2 \sigma_z^2}$$

S particle concentration  
[ particles /m<sup>3</sup> ]

$\bar{u}$  mean wind speed between ground  
and source height [m/s]

E emission rate  
1,42 g/s = 1,3 . 10<sup>10</sup> particles /s

$\sigma_y, \sigma_z$  diffusion coefficients in the  
direction of y and z [m]

H effective height of the source [m];  
figures as  $\Delta h$  in the tables of the  
results

This diffusion model thus assumes complete ground absorption, i.e. all released particles which contact the ground will be caught there. Diffusion coefficients have been used according to Pasquill (7) and Turner (11) and according to Nowicki (9). Pasquill coefficients have been calculated with an effective height of a source of 107 m and a roughness  $z_0 \approx 0,1 - 0,2$  m. In our experiments the height of the source is about 300 m and the roughness of the Loisach valley and of Garmisch-Partenkirchen is  $z_0 = 0,44$  m. These real conditions have been considered in the calculation of the coefficients according to Nowicki. The mean propagation coeffi-

cients for the atmospheric layer between ground and source height can be calculated with the following formulae (Nowicki (9)):

$$\bar{\sigma}_{y_{0-H}} = 0.08 \left( 6m^{-0.3} + 1 - \ln \frac{H}{z_0} \right) x^{0.367(2.5m)}$$

$$\bar{\sigma}_{z_{0-H}} = 0.38m^{1.3} \left( 8.7 - \ln \frac{H}{z_0} \right) x^{1.55 \exp(-2.35m)}$$

x distance from the source [m]

$z_0$  height of surface roughness [m]

H effective height of the source [m]

m meteorological exponent, depending  
on the atmospheric equilibrium

The mean m-values as a function of the stability class are

| class | V    | B     | C     | D     | E     | F     |
|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| m     | 0.08 | 0.143 | 0.196 | 0.270 | 0.365 | 0.440 |

#### 4. CONCLUSIONS

4.0 In most cases presented in Figs. 64 - 66 there is an obvious influence of the valley slopes on the particle propagation in the valley. The limiting value for the start of this effect (i.e. measured particle concentration greater than calculated) is that distance from the source, where  $4.3 \sigma_y$  equals the width of the valley ( $4.3 \sigma_y = R$ ). After this distance the particle plume will contact the valley

slopes, and characteristic values are 3 - 3.5 km for condition B, 5 - 5.5 km for condition C, and 8 - 9 km for condition D. These limits are depicted as short vertical bars in Figs. 64 - 66 intersecting the theoretical curves.

4.1 Up to the distance where  $4.3 \sigma_y = R$  the propagation of the particles in a mountain valley is the same as in the open country and the transverse concentration distribution agrees well with a Gaussian distribution. Fig. 67 presents some of these concentration distributions close to the source.

4.2 At distances with  $4.3 \sigma_y > R$  the particle concentration usually exceeds the theoretical value for the open country, reaching a distinct maximum at 7 - 9 km. Simultaneously the Gaussian profile of the concentration distribution alters in favour of a uniform distribution. Fig. 68 shows some plume cross sections at distances of 7.3 and 9.3 km: the particle concentration from slope to slope of the valley is almost homogeneous apart from some minor and local maxima. The particle current fills the whole width of the valley.

4.3 Temperature inversions, too, affect the propagation of the dispersed particles in a mountain valley (see longitudinal sections, Figs. 10, 25, 48). This influence - which can cause a second maximum of the particle concentration (D) in the plume axis - is very well revealed by the experiments of June 26 and July 9, 1975 (class C), and by the experiment of August 6, 1975 (class D). This effect is very pronounced whenever the inversion is directly above the source. An increase of this influence with increasing distance from the source can lead to a second and intense concentration maximum, as can be seen in the experiment of July 9, 1975, where a second maximum has developed in a distance  $x = 14.5$  km from the source.

4.4 Contrary to the open country conditions an inversion and the narrowness of a valley cause an increase of the particle concentration in a mountain valley. Other factors, however, like vertical and horizontal meandering of the plume, cause a concentration reduction in the valley.

The horizontal meandering of the wind in the Loisach valley is well indicated in all balloon trajectories (see first of all balloon trajectories, Figs. 29, 36) and all experiments show a shift of the maximum particle concentration out of the plume axis. This horizontal meandering just causes a very intense and fast propagation of the dispersed particles within a short distance from the source (up to  $4.3 \frac{y}{y} = R$ ). Such a meandering of the plume has also been observed in the experiments by Hovind (8) and Start (10).

Some of the experiments also revealed a vertical fluctuation of the plume in the vicinity of the source. This phenomenon (experiment March 7, 1975, Report, Part II and experiment May 15, 1975 in this report) has been regarded as an irregular high concentration close to the source. This observation has been confirmed by means of three constant-level balloons. The balloons have been started at source level, they soon sank to a level of 100 to 50 m above ground before ascending again. This phenomenon is caused by a sinking of the air current at the lee-side of the release mountain thus producing particle concentrations which do not agree with the theoretical distribution. (Figs. 29, 36).

4.5 A specific propagation of dispersed particles in a mountain valley is, to a high degree, caused by an inhomogeneous wind field. In diffusion equations independence of the mean wind speed from the geographic coordinates is assumed. This assumption is a good approximation for open country conditions, but it does not suffice in the mountains. The wind forms during sunny mornings in the Loisach valley north of the release mountain, accelerates in the valley,

reaches a maximum at the end of the valley and slows down in the basin of Garmisch-Partenkirchen. Characteristic average wind profiles are presented in Fig. 69 in distances of 3.2 km, 7.3 km, and 14.5 km from the release mountain (class C for instance). This figure shows in the valley at a distance of 3.2 km from the source, a homogeneous wind speed up to an altitude of 500 to 600 m, a decrease above towards a calm between 1000 and 1300 m, and geostrophic wind above the calm.

At a distance of 7.3 km from the source, there is a significant increase of the wind speed with a maximum between 200 and 300 m above ground and the calm is found already between 900 and 1100 m.

In the basin of Garmisch-Partenkirchen the wind speed decreases again and the calm is at a still lower level of 800 to 1000 m: the geostrophic wind penetrates here into lower altitudes. These two facts most probably cause the high particle concentrations at large distances from the source (12, 14.5, and 16.5 km) in the basin of Garmisch-Partenkirchen. It could be established that most of the particles propagate with the valley wind and that there is no perpendicular spreading (see the results on the peaks of Wank, Eckbauer, and Kreuzeck). Descending valley wind causes an increase of the particle concentration and declining wind causes slower propagation. Both factors therefore cause a secend or even a third concentration maximum at large distances from the source, contrary to the theoretical conception.

It is of interest that the driving force of this mechanism is the sunshine intensity and not the direction of the geostrophic wind. Even a geostrophic west current (i.e. transverse to the valley wind) cannot stop the wind in the basin of Garmisch-Partenkirchen (e.g. in the experiment of July 28, 1975, the geostrophic wind was from W, in the experiments

of June 26, July 9, and August 13, 1975, the geostrophic wind was from NW).

4.6 The vertical wind profile in a mountain valley is very specific and distinguished from a profile above the open country which can be described with an exponential or logarithmic equation (see Fig. 69). Moreover, this profile is subject to quick variations with time and space. The determination of the mean wind speed in the atmospheric layer between ground and effective source level is therefore very difficult in this case and should be based on a coincidental checking of the atmosphere. For a certain valley the total wind rose must be determined too. All other wind roses, even from nearby stations which are, however, situated beyond the valley, will lead to completely different and erroneous results.

##### 5. COLLECTION OF AEROSOL PARTICLES ON FILTERS

At Atmospheric Science Laboratory, White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico, measurements of the refractive index of aerosol samples are conducted of aerosol material which is received from various places of the earth.

For these investigations samples are provided by our Institute of our stations Garmisch-Partenkirchen and Wank peak (later-on Zugspitze, too).

Following is the number of filters exposed at both stations during the contract period:

Garmisch-Partenkirchen      10 Apr 75 - 30 Jun 76: 84 filters  
(valley) 740 m a.s.l.

Wank peak, 1780 m a.s.l.    20 Apr 76 - 30 Jun 76: 5 filters

Because of the small aerosol concentration at Wank level the filters have to be exposed for 2 - 3 weeks.

Since the beginning of April 1976 we also provide all measuring data obtained at the stations which might be of interest for comparison purposes: Meteorological parameters, aerosol concentration and size distribution, vertical exchange intensity, atmospheric electricity.

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The sampling of aerosol particles for the same program at Zugspitze is being prepared and will begin by the end of this summer.

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LEGENDS OF FIGURES

Type of figures:

- I Number of counted particles and product  
Su particles/m<sup>2</sup>. s for cross sections and plume axis
- II Number of counted particles per sampling site
- III Wind velocity profiles
- IV Trajectories of pilot balloons
- V Air temperature measurements by radiosonde

| Field Exp.<br>No. | Date of<br>Exp. | Type of<br>Figure | No. of<br>Figure |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1                 | 13 May 1975     | I                 | 1                |
|                   |                 | II                | 2                |
|                   |                 | III               | 3 - 5            |
|                   |                 | IV                | 6 - 8            |
|                   |                 | V                 | 9                |
| 2                 | 26 June 1975    | I                 | 10               |
|                   |                 | II                | 11               |
|                   |                 | III               | 12 - 14          |
|                   |                 | IV                | 15 - 16          |
|                   |                 | V                 | 17               |
| 3                 | 7 July 1975     | I                 | 18               |
|                   |                 | II                | 19               |
|                   |                 | III               | 20 - 21          |
|                   |                 | IV                | 22 - 23          |
|                   |                 | V                 | 24               |
| 4                 | 9 July 1975     | I                 | 25               |
|                   |                 | II                | 26               |
|                   |                 | III               | 27 - 28          |
|                   |                 | IV                | 29 - 30          |
|                   |                 | V                 | 31               |

| Field Exp.<br>No. | Date of<br>Exp. | Type of<br>Figure | No. of<br>Figure |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 5                 | 23 July 1975    | I                 | 32               |
|                   |                 | II                | 33               |
|                   |                 | III               | 34 - 35          |
|                   |                 | IV                | 36 - 38          |
|                   |                 | V                 | 39               |
| 6                 | 28 July 1975    | I                 | 40               |
|                   |                 | II                | 41               |
|                   |                 | III               | 42 - 43          |
|                   |                 | IV                | 44 - 46          |
|                   |                 | V                 | 47               |
| 7                 | 6 August 1975   | I                 | 48               |
|                   |                 | II                | 49               |
|                   |                 | III               | 50 - 51          |
|                   |                 | IV                | 52 - 54          |
|                   |                 | V                 | 55               |
| 8                 | 13 August 1975  | I                 | 56               |
|                   |                 | II                | 57               |
|                   |                 | III               | 58 - 59          |
|                   |                 | IV                | 60 - 62          |
|                   |                 | V                 | 63               |

**Fig. 64 a, b** Product Su particles/m<sup>2</sup>s for plume axis,  
stability class B

**Fig. 65 a,b,c,d** Same, stability class C

**Fig. 66 a, b** Same, stability class D

**Fig. 67** Field experiments with Gaussian shape of  
particle distribution transverse to axis

**Fig. 68** Field experiments without Gaussian shape of  
particle distribution transverse to axis

**Fig. 69** Wind speed profiles in the valley, stability  
class C, at 12.30 CET

- 32 -

FIGURES

Fig. 1

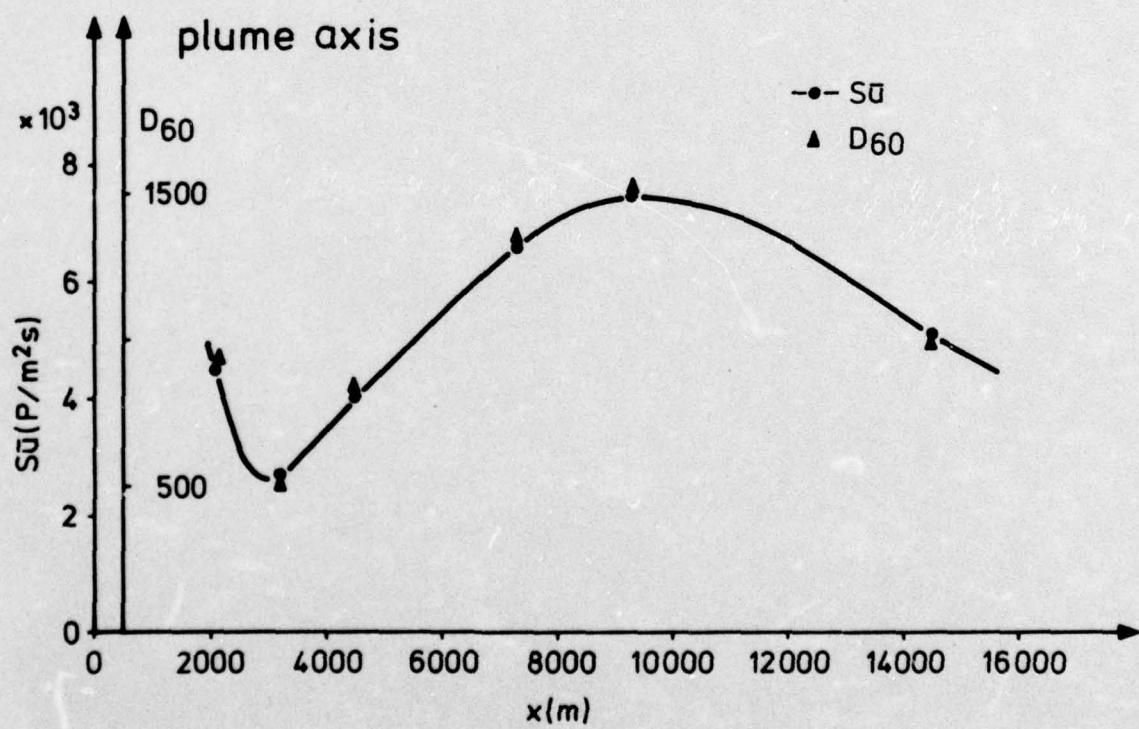
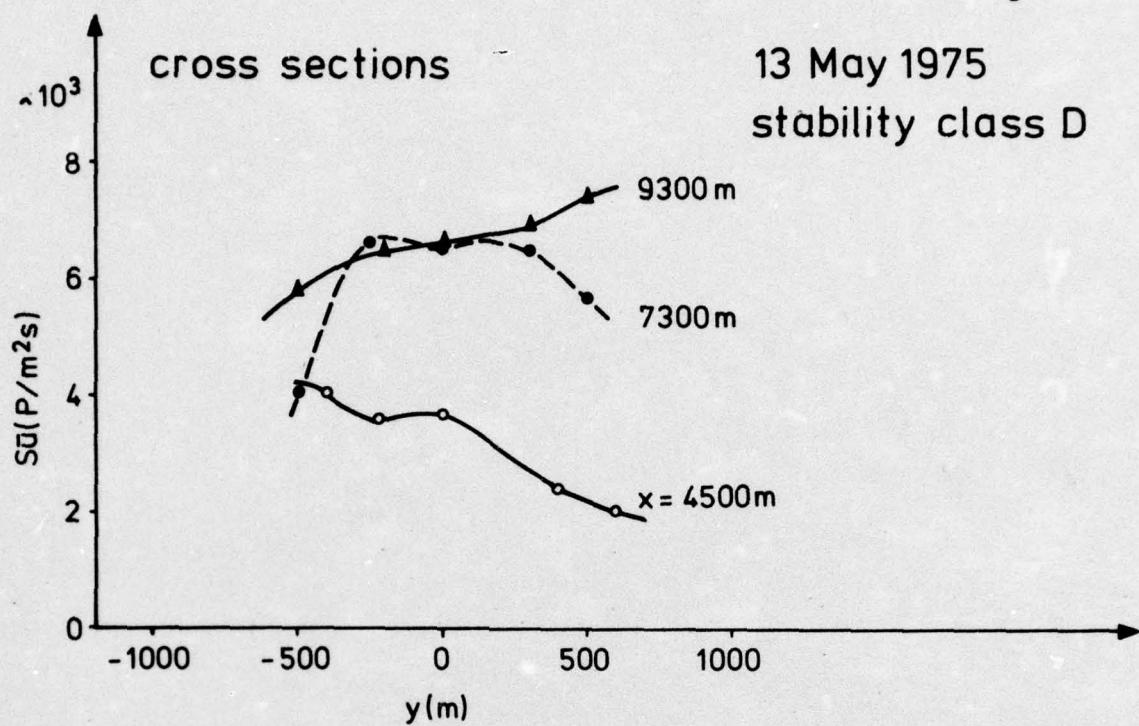


Fig. 2

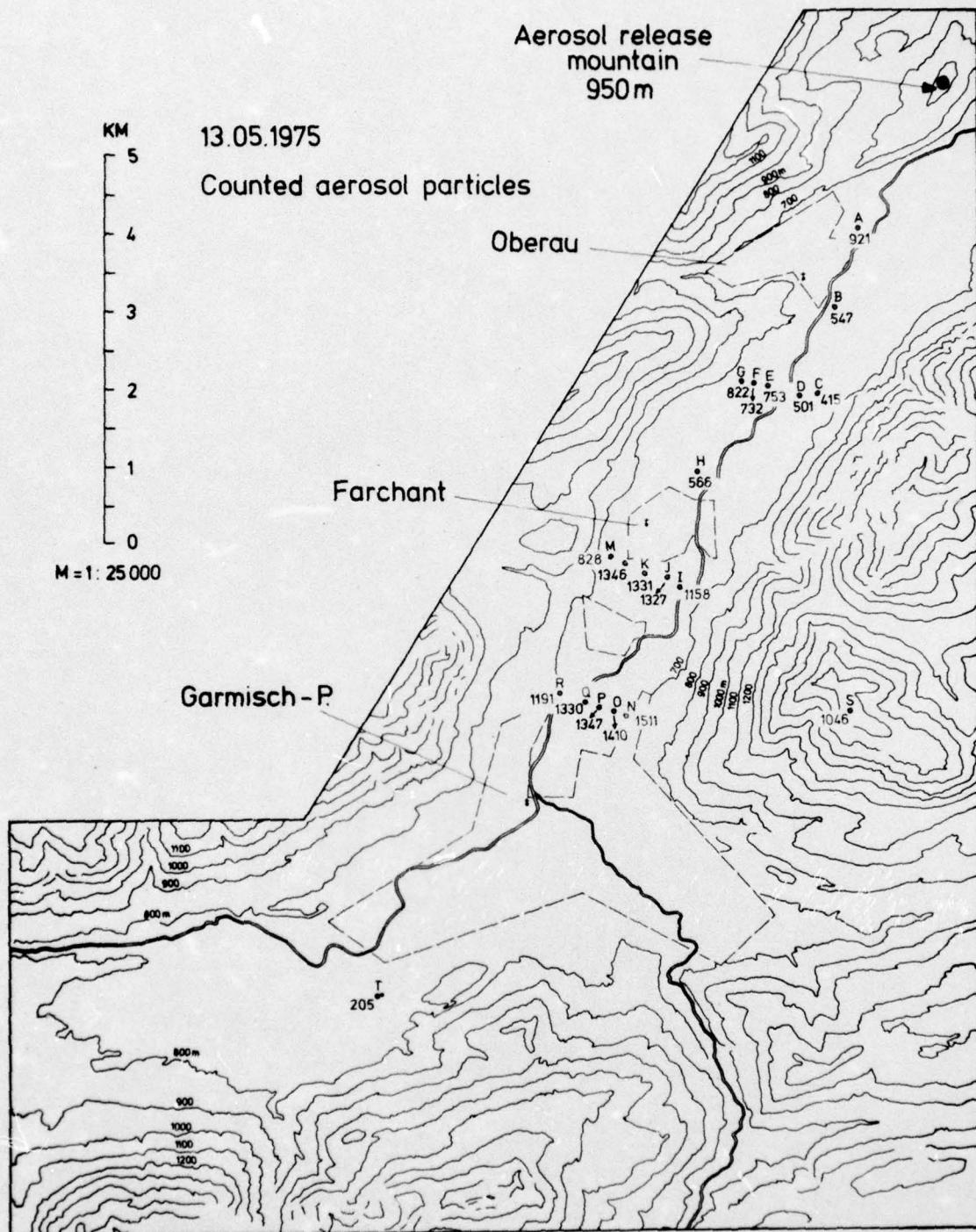


Fig. 3

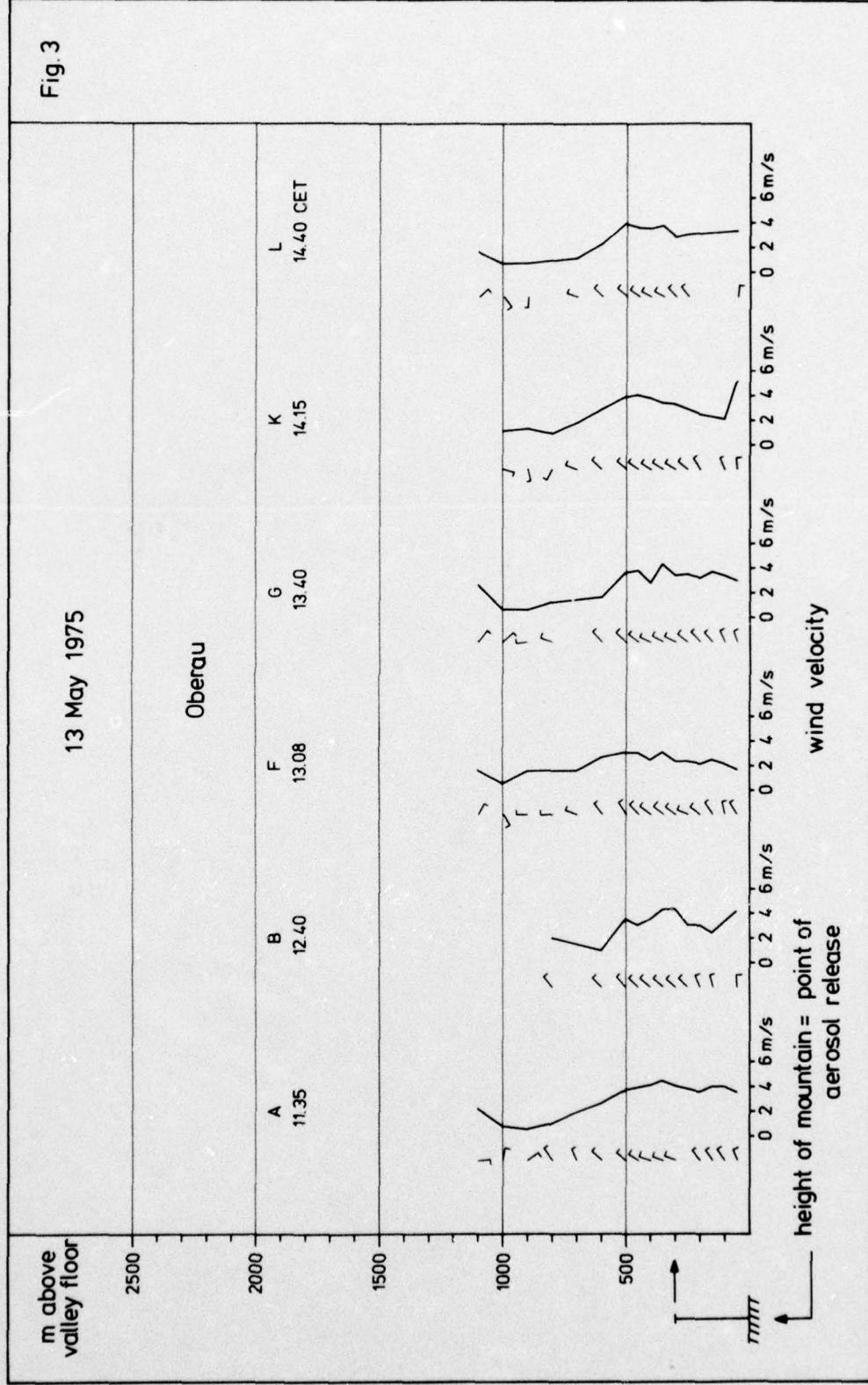


Fig. 4

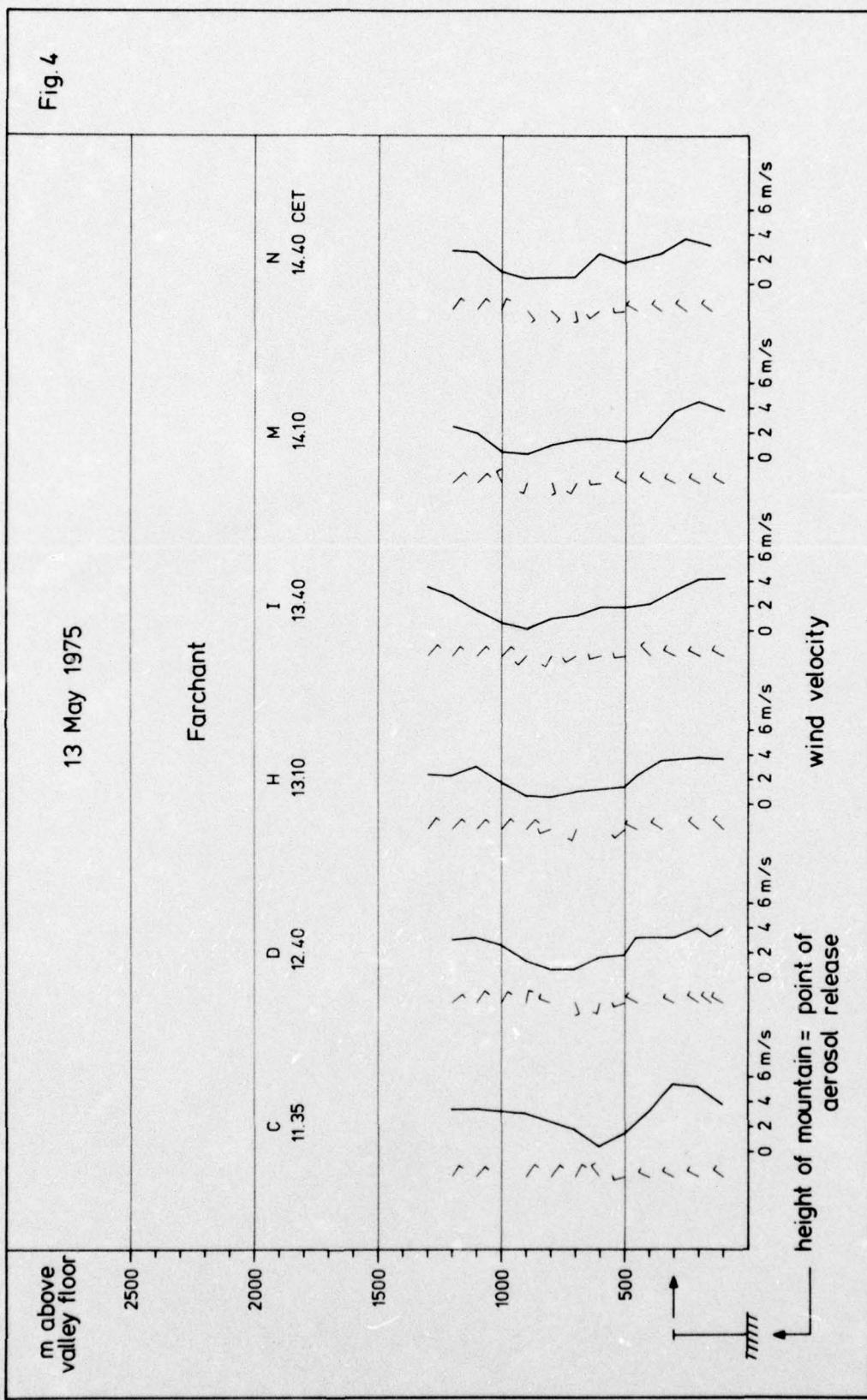


Fig.5

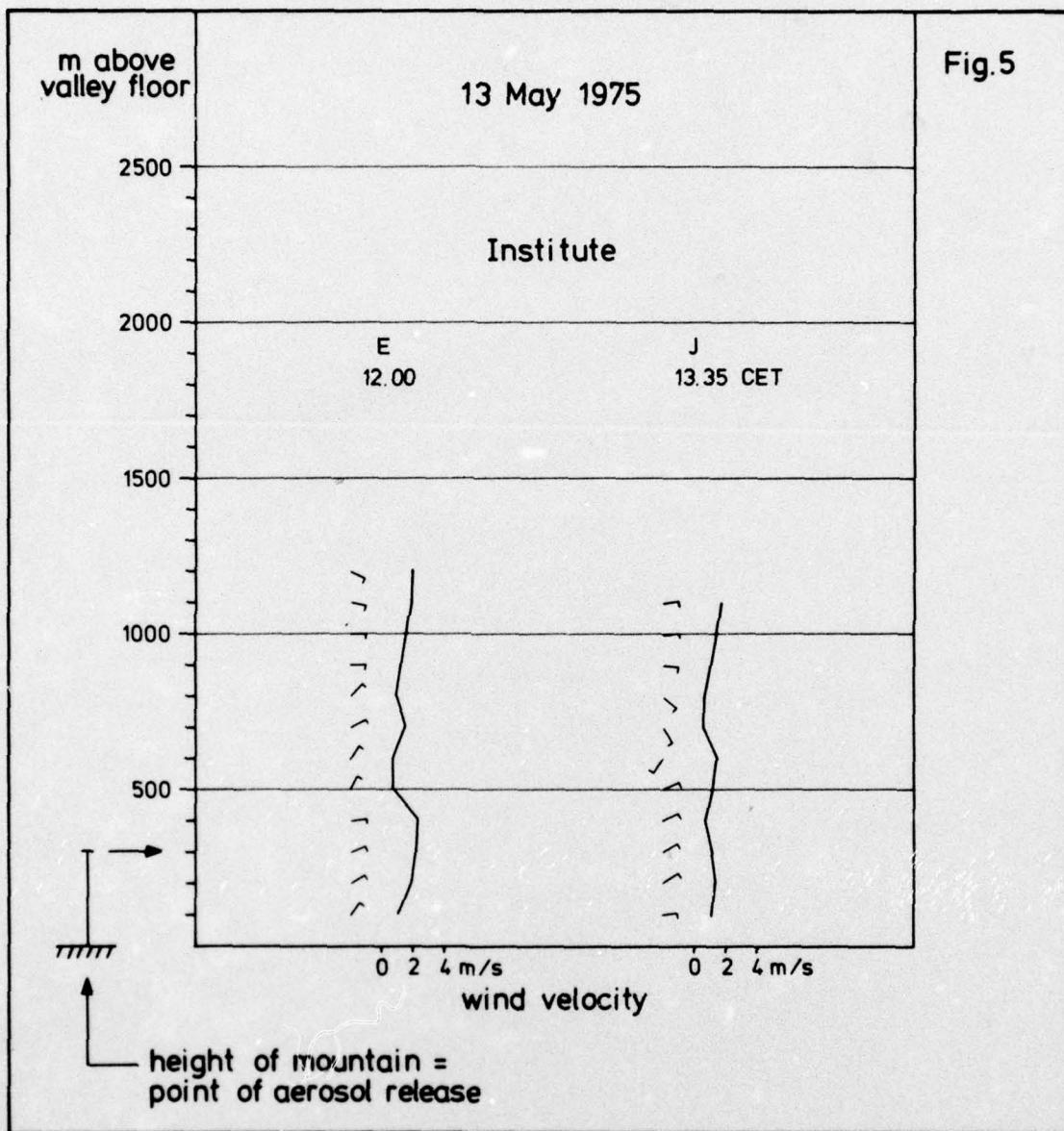


Fig. 6

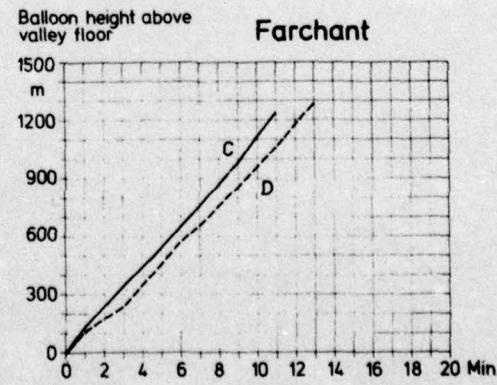
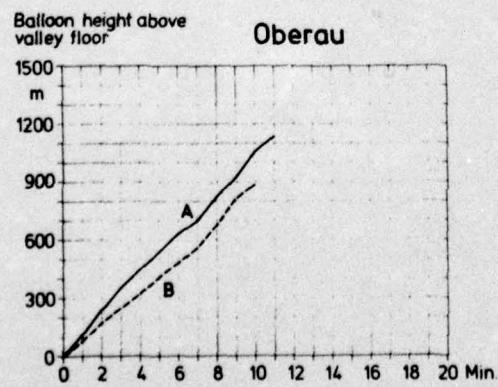
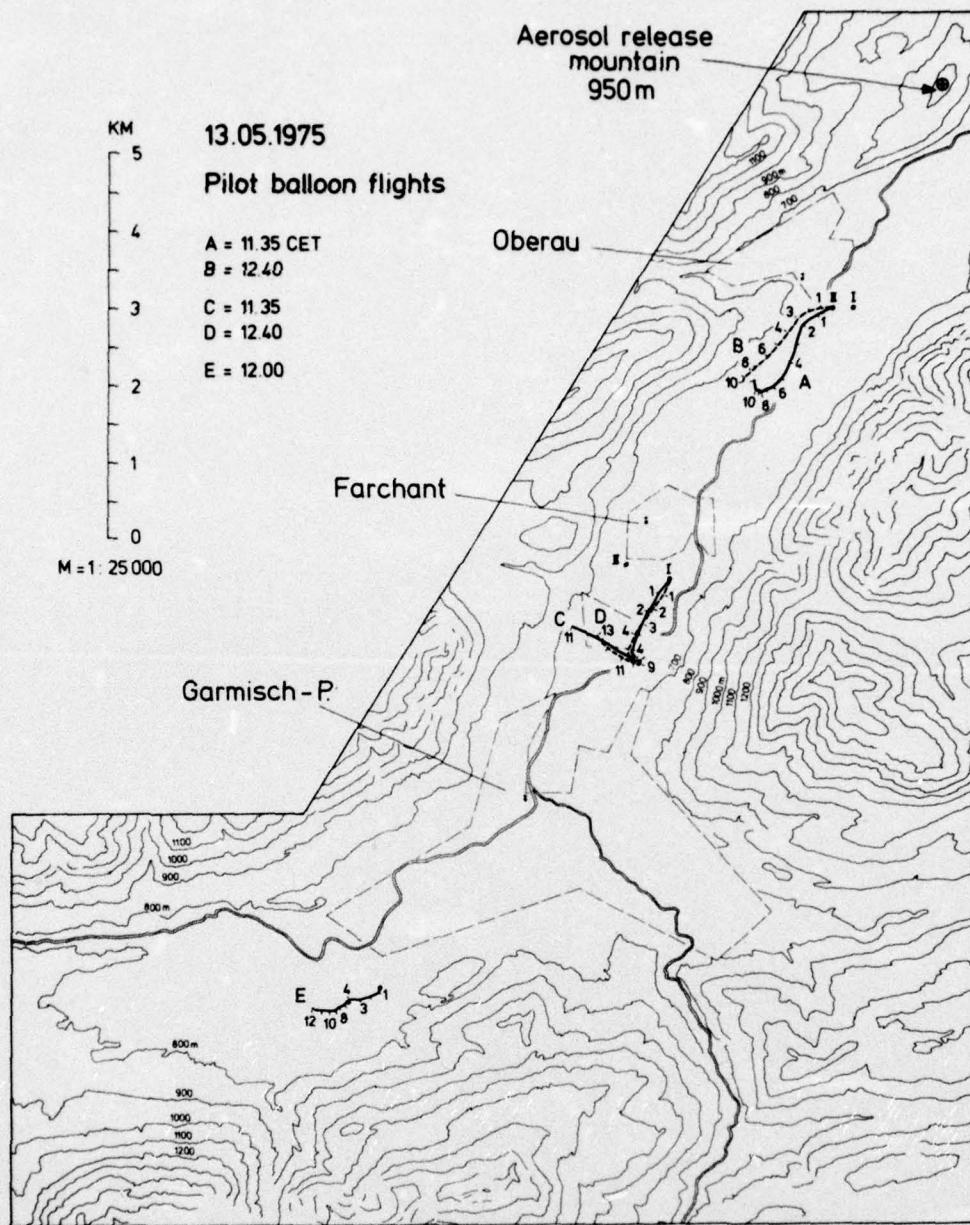


Fig. 7

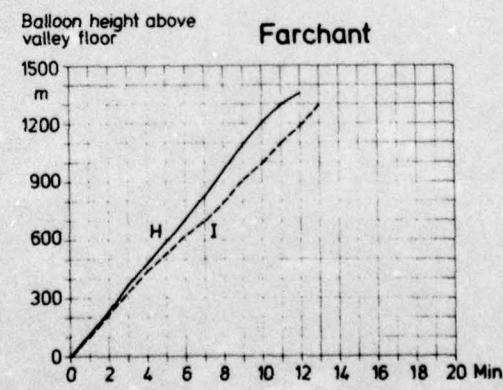
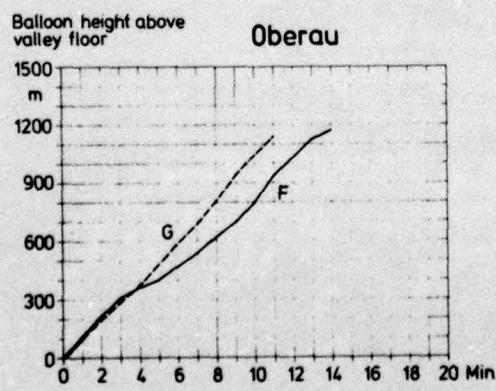
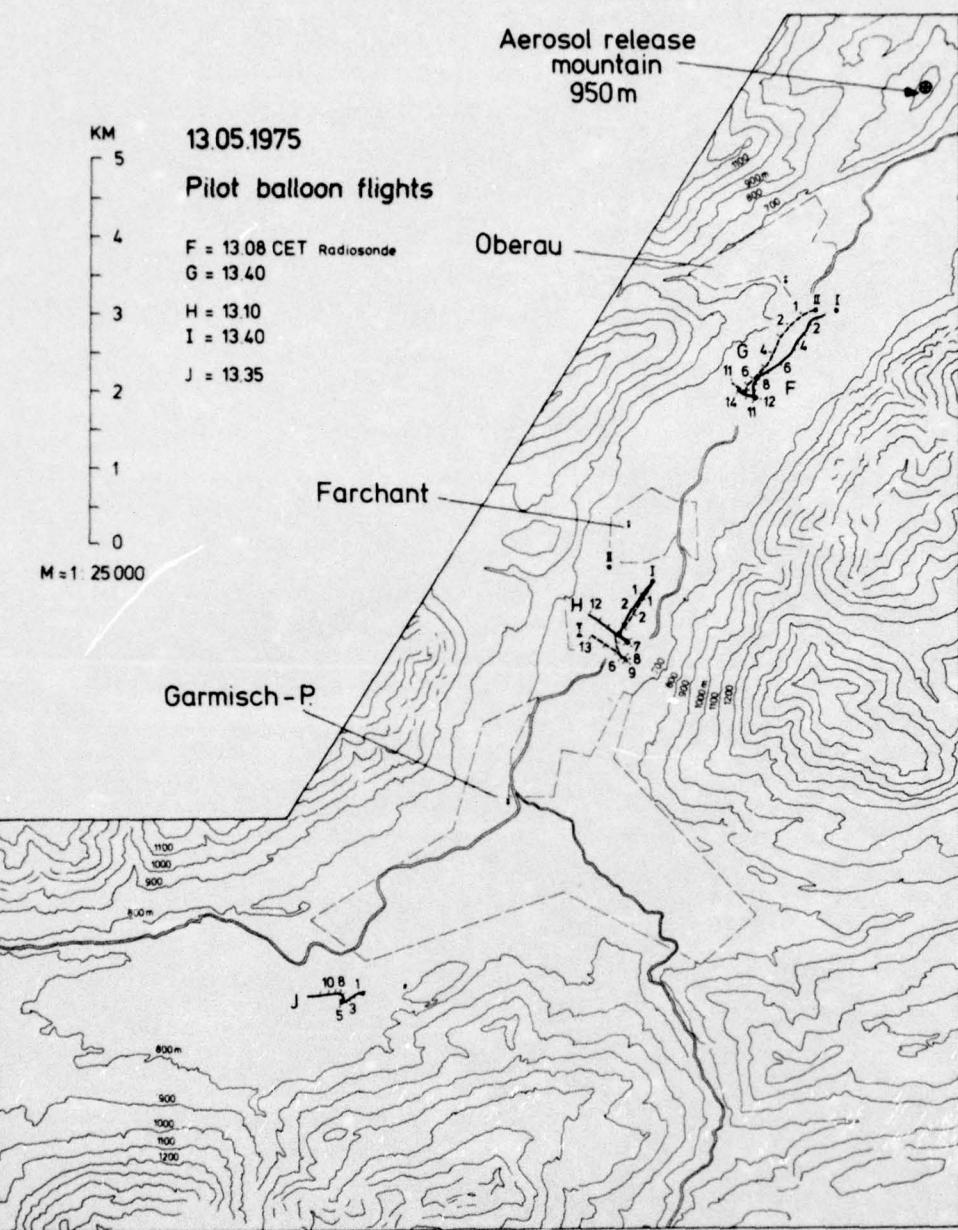


Fig. 8

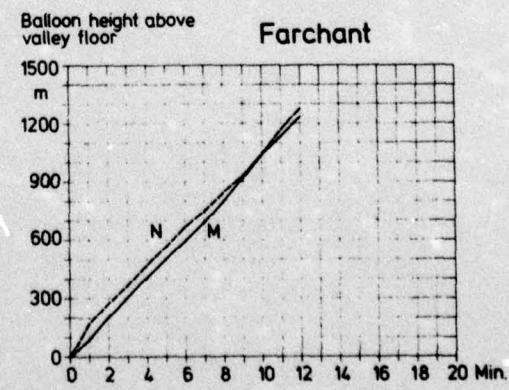
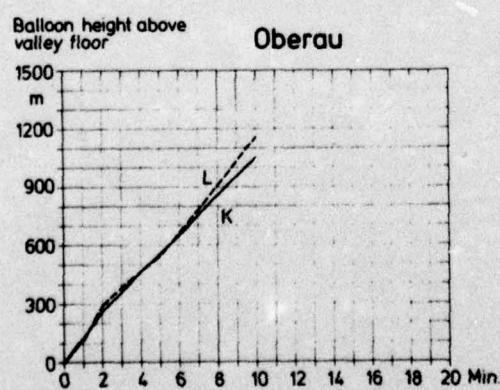
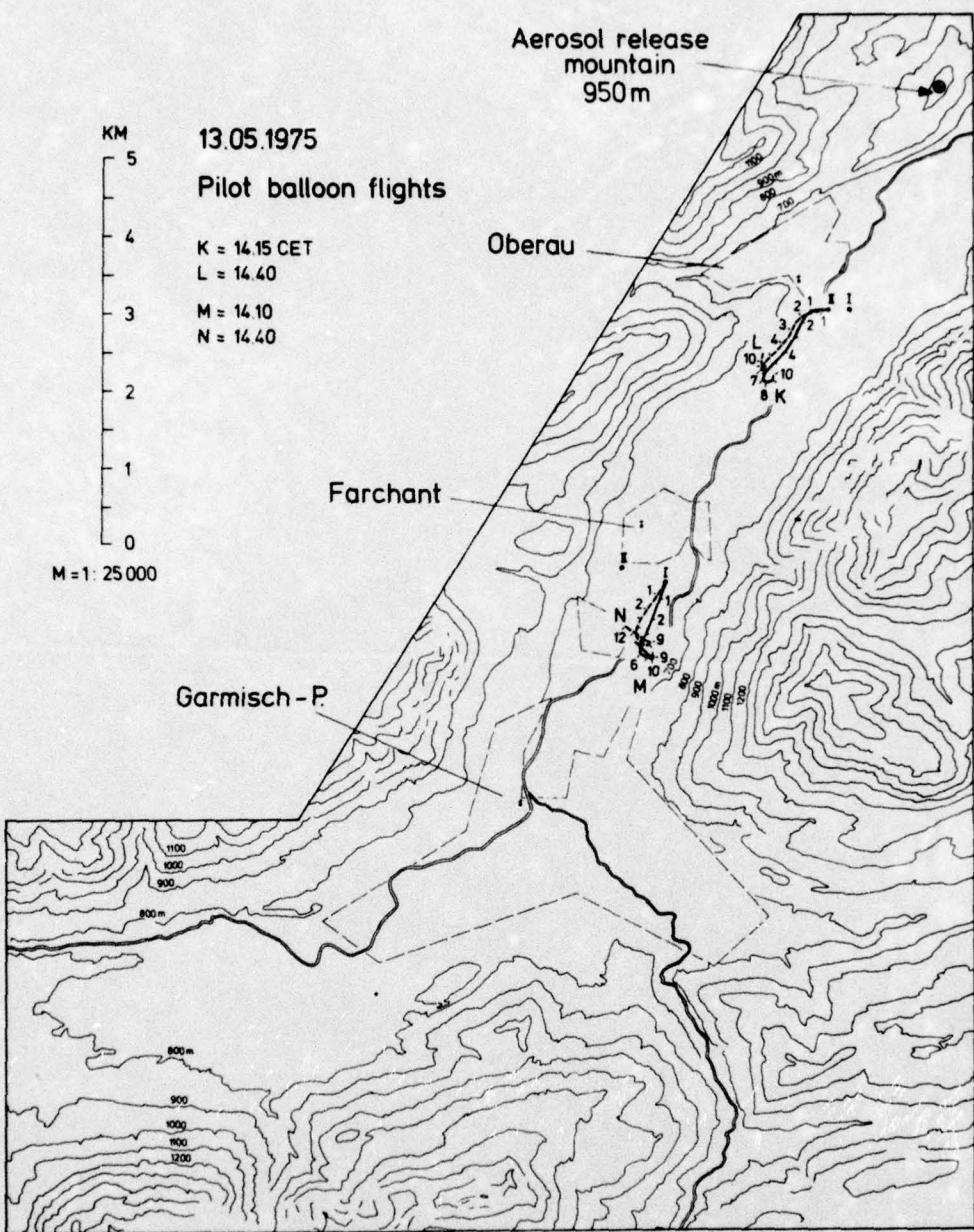


Fig. 9

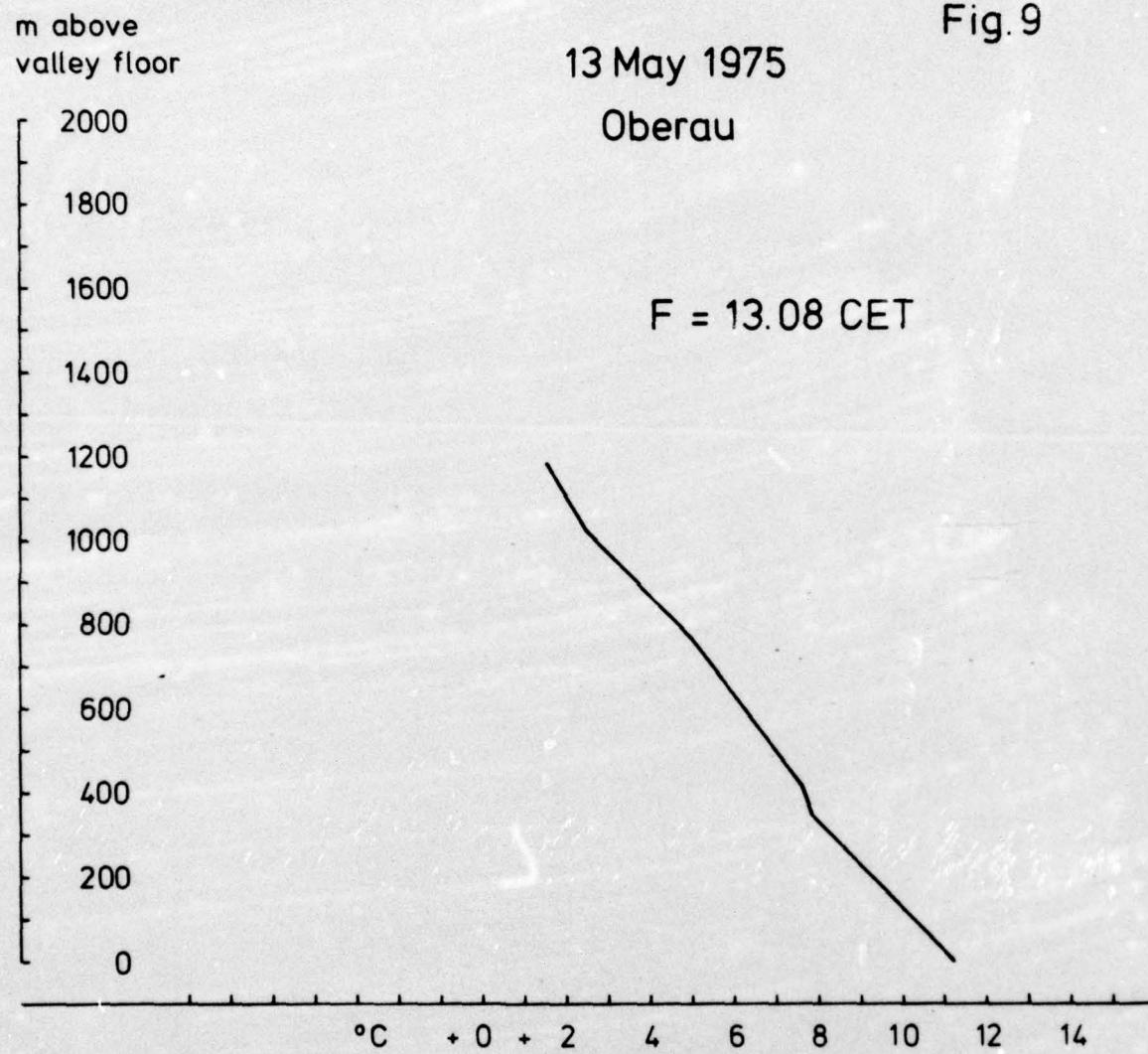


Fig. 10

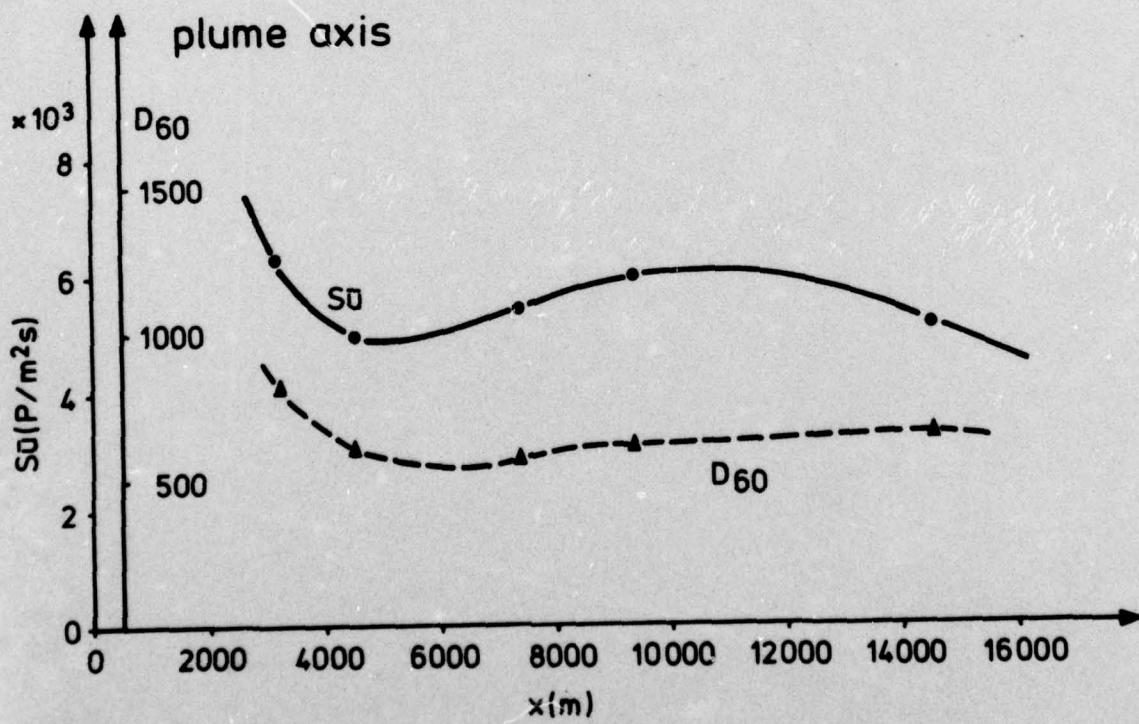
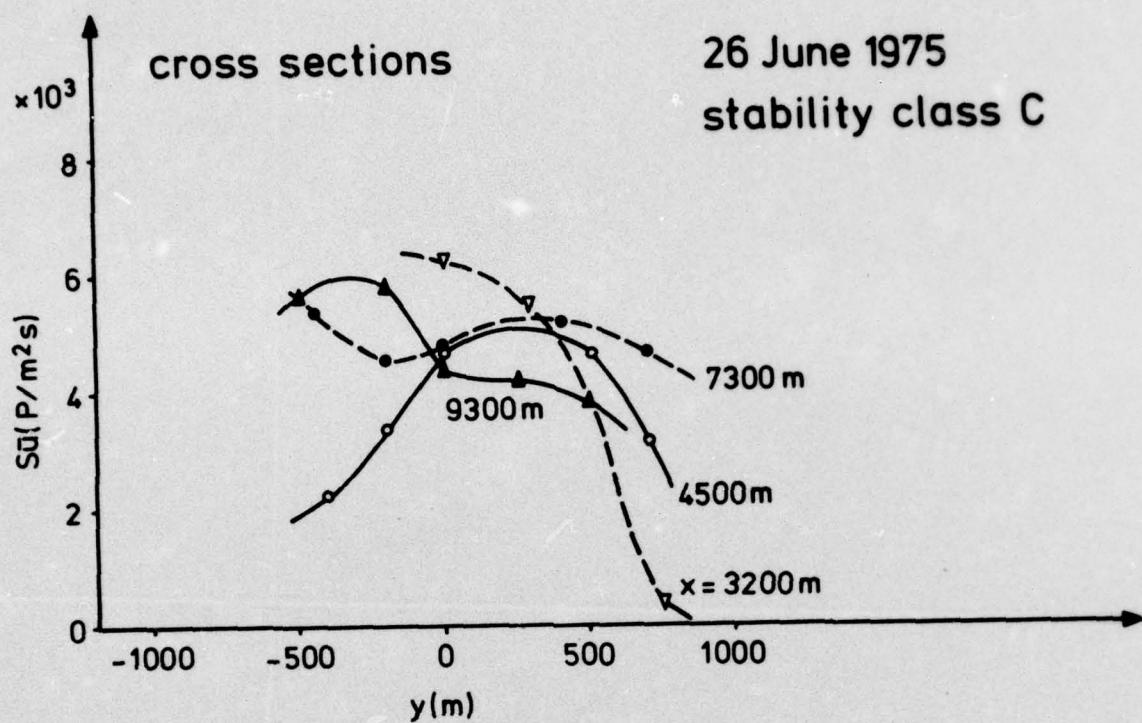


Fig.11

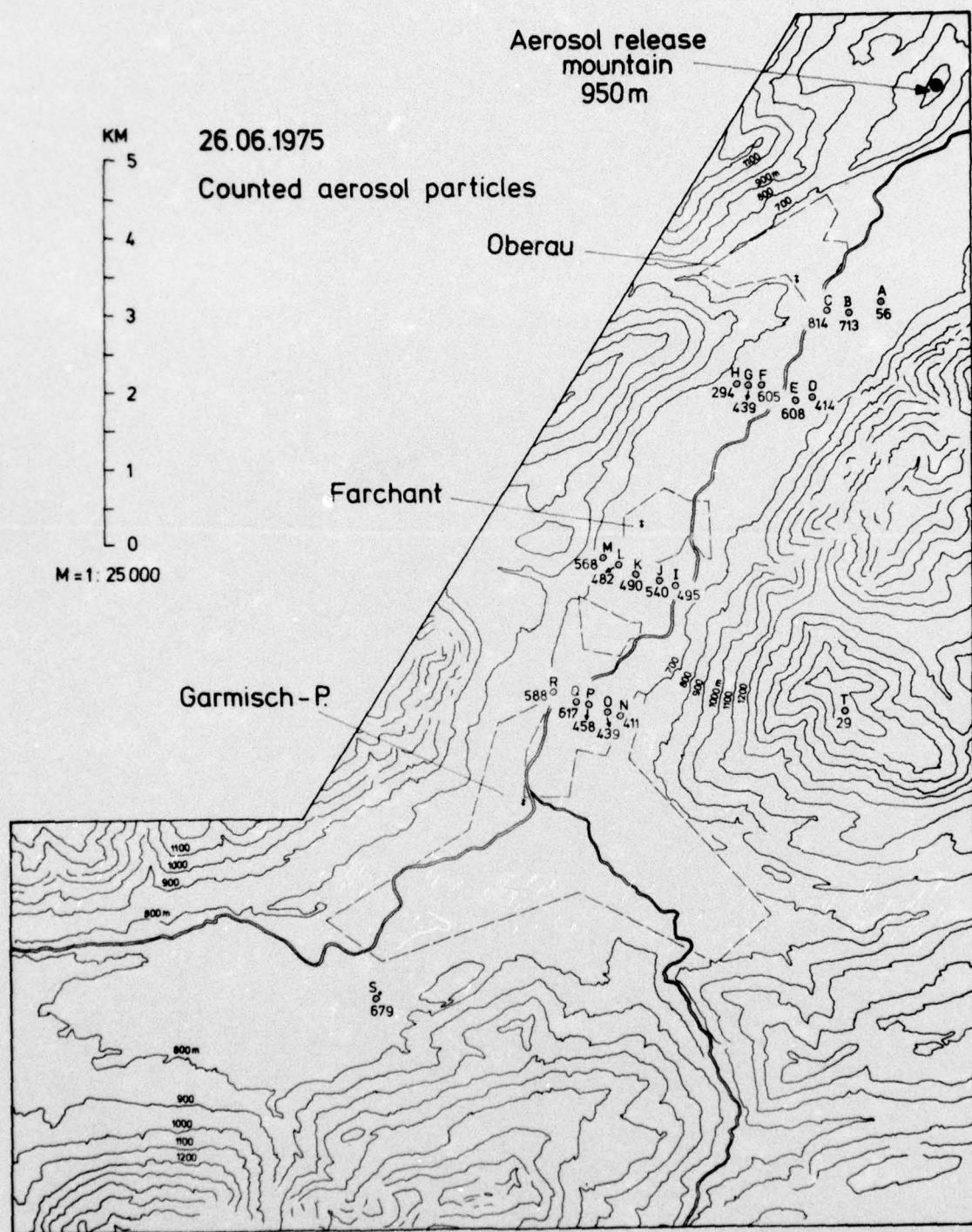


Fig. 12

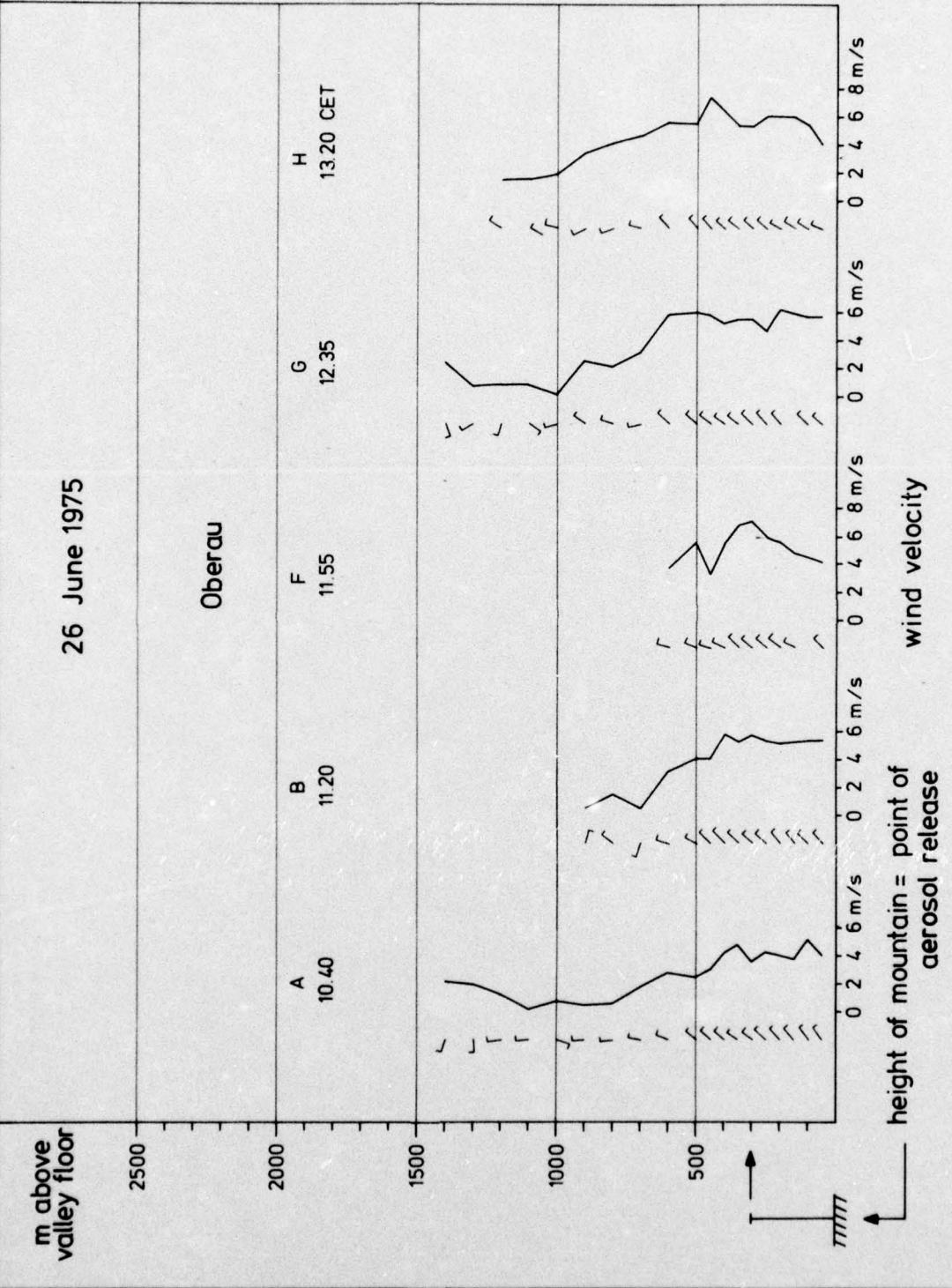
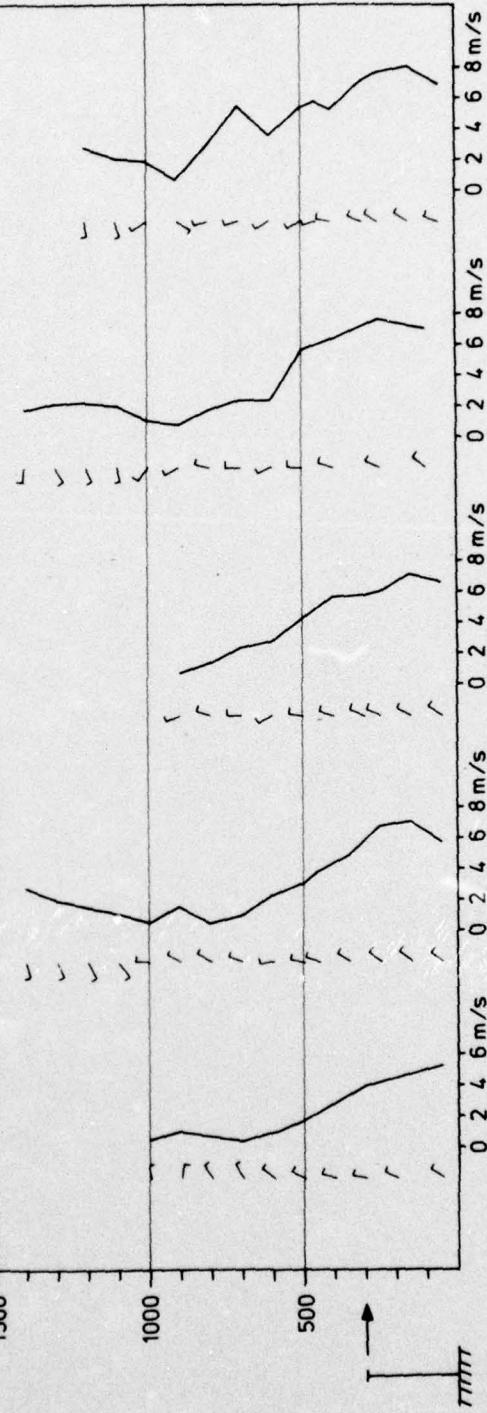


Fig 13

26 June 1975  
m above valley floor

Farchant

C 10.40      D 11.25      I 12.05      J 12.30      K 13.15 CET



height of mountain = point of aerosol release

Fig.14

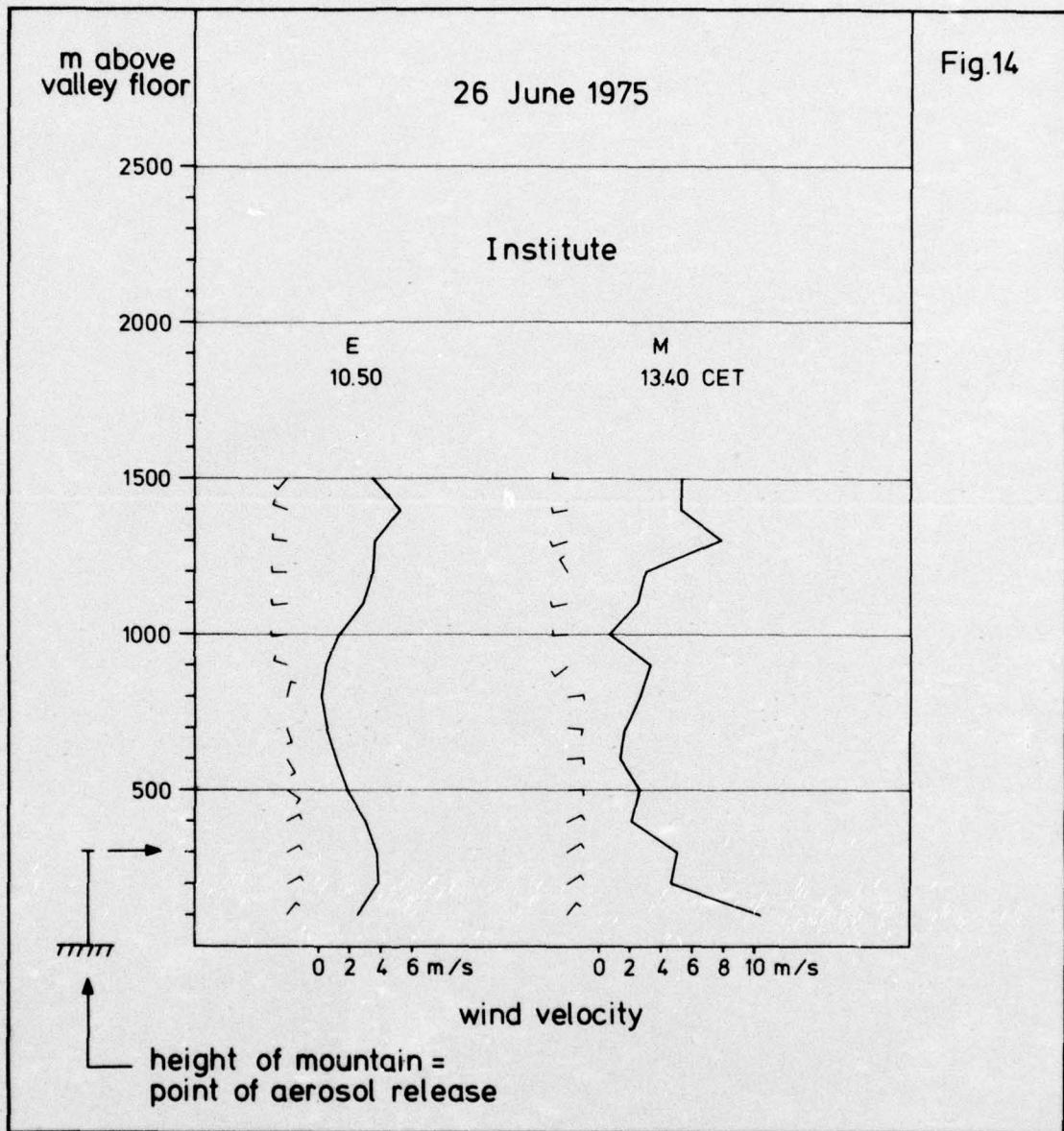


Fig.15

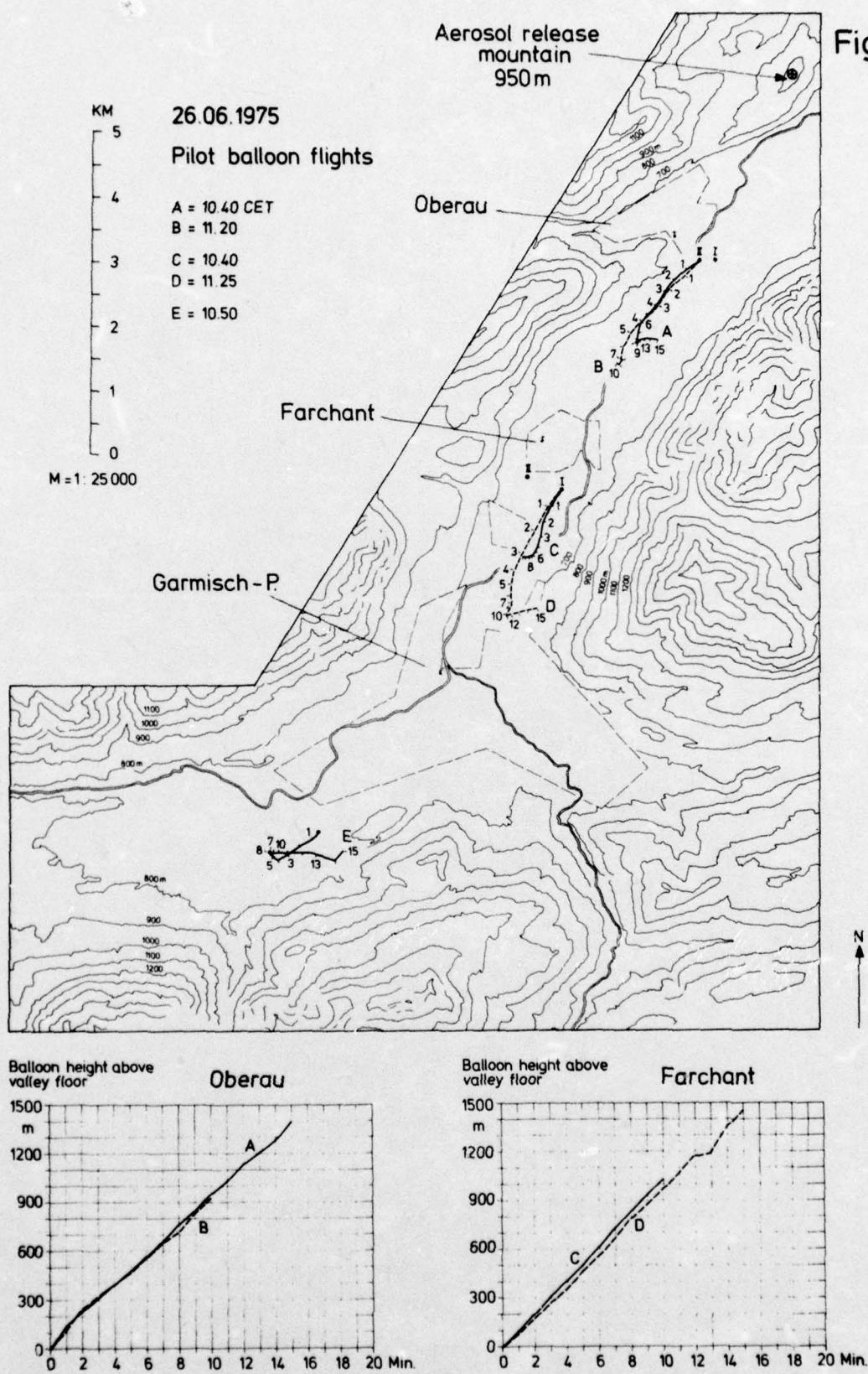


Fig.16

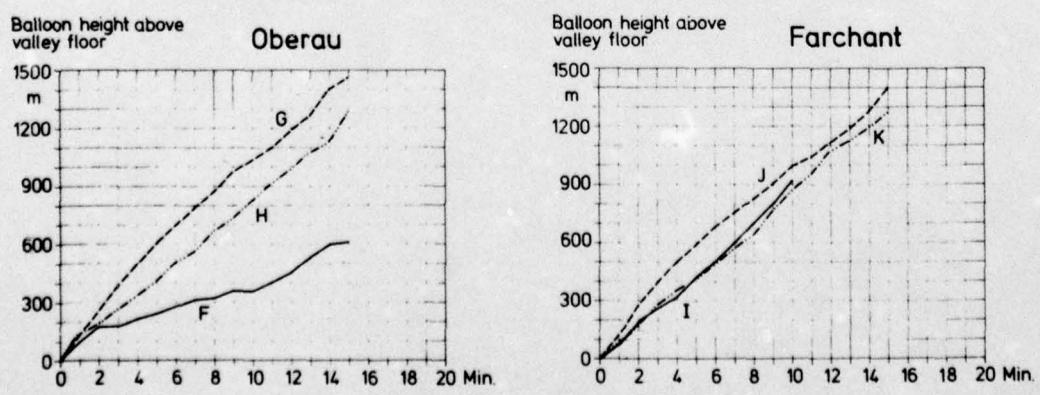
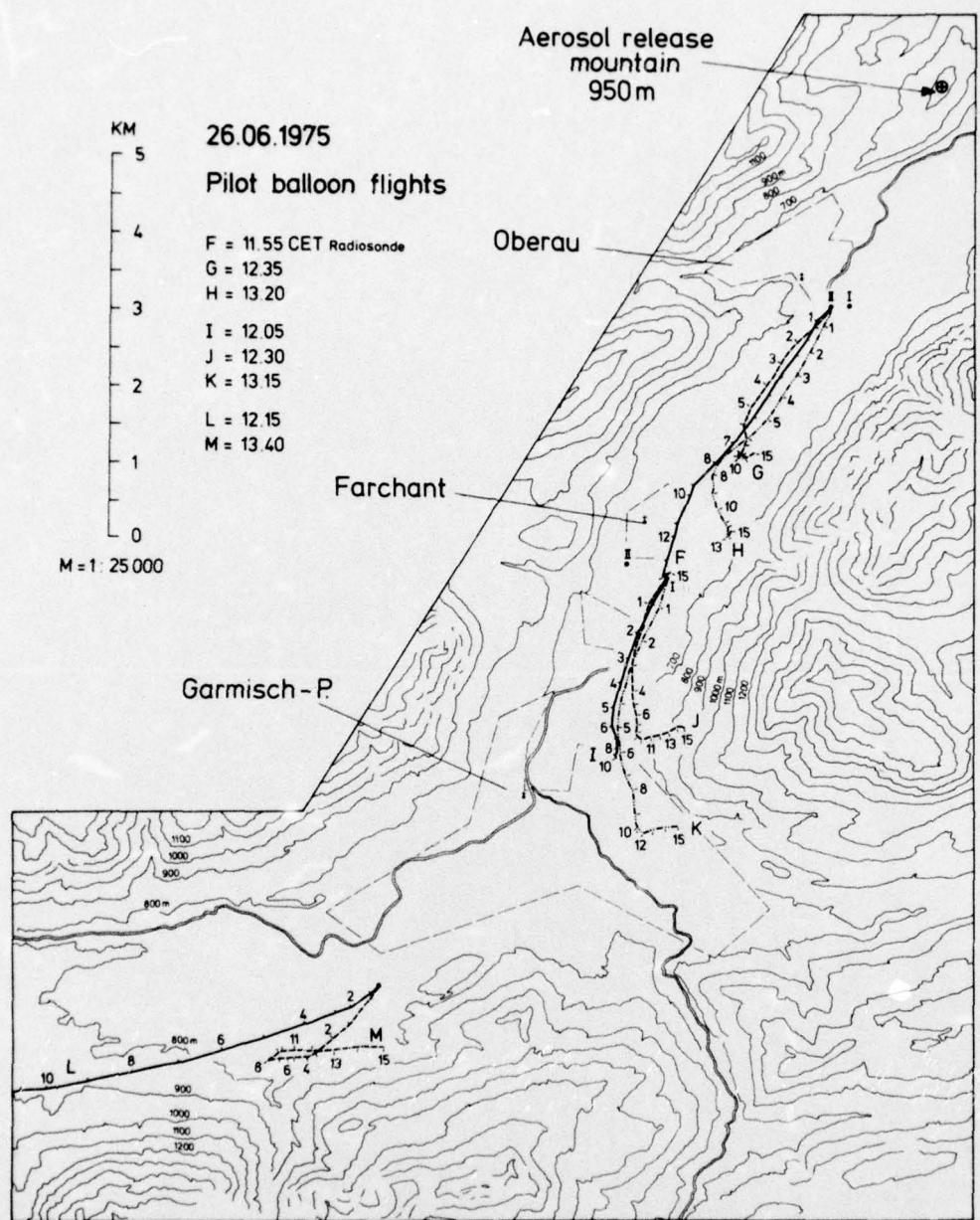


Fig. 17

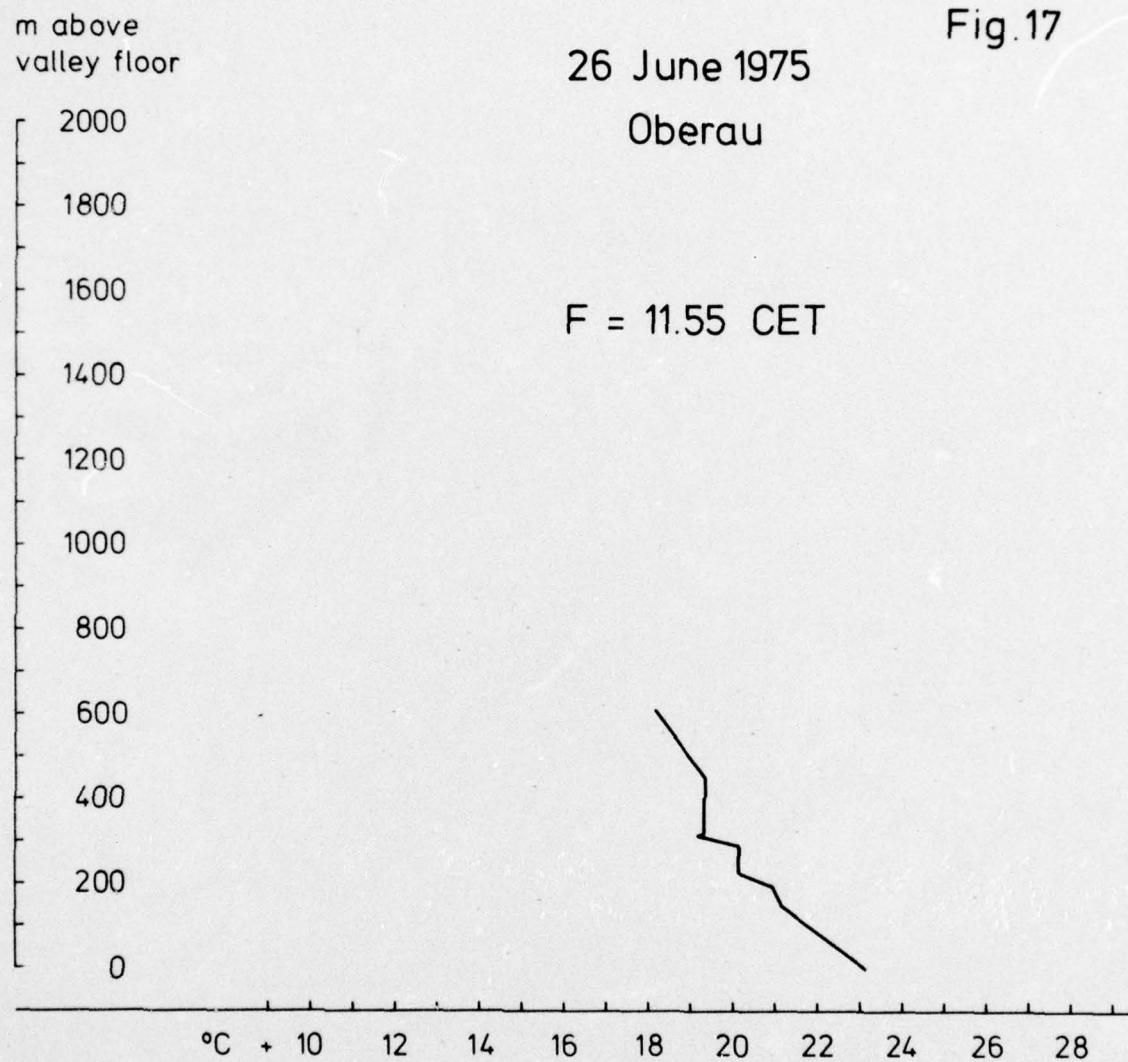


Fig. 18

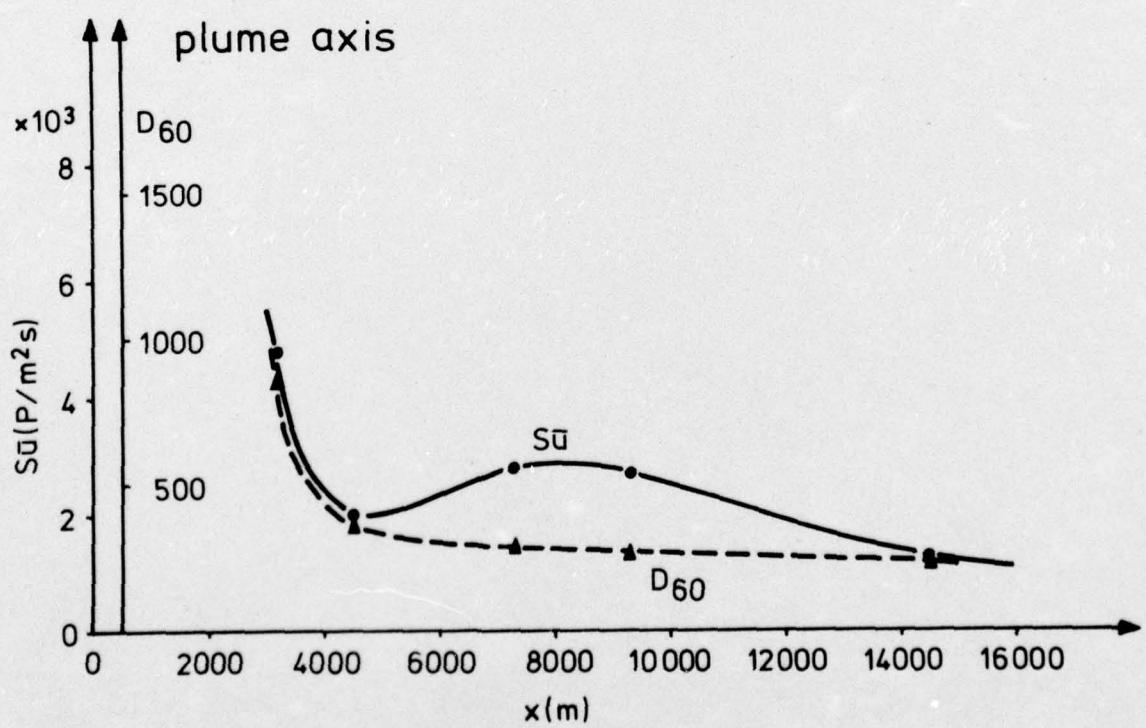
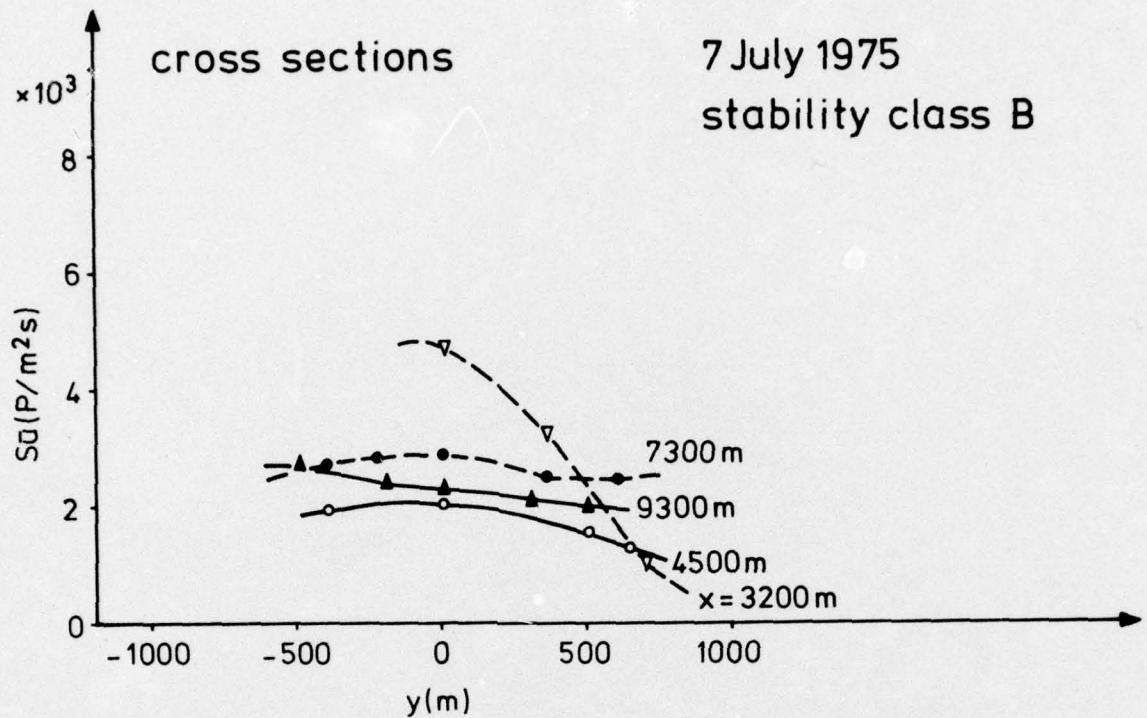


Fig. 19

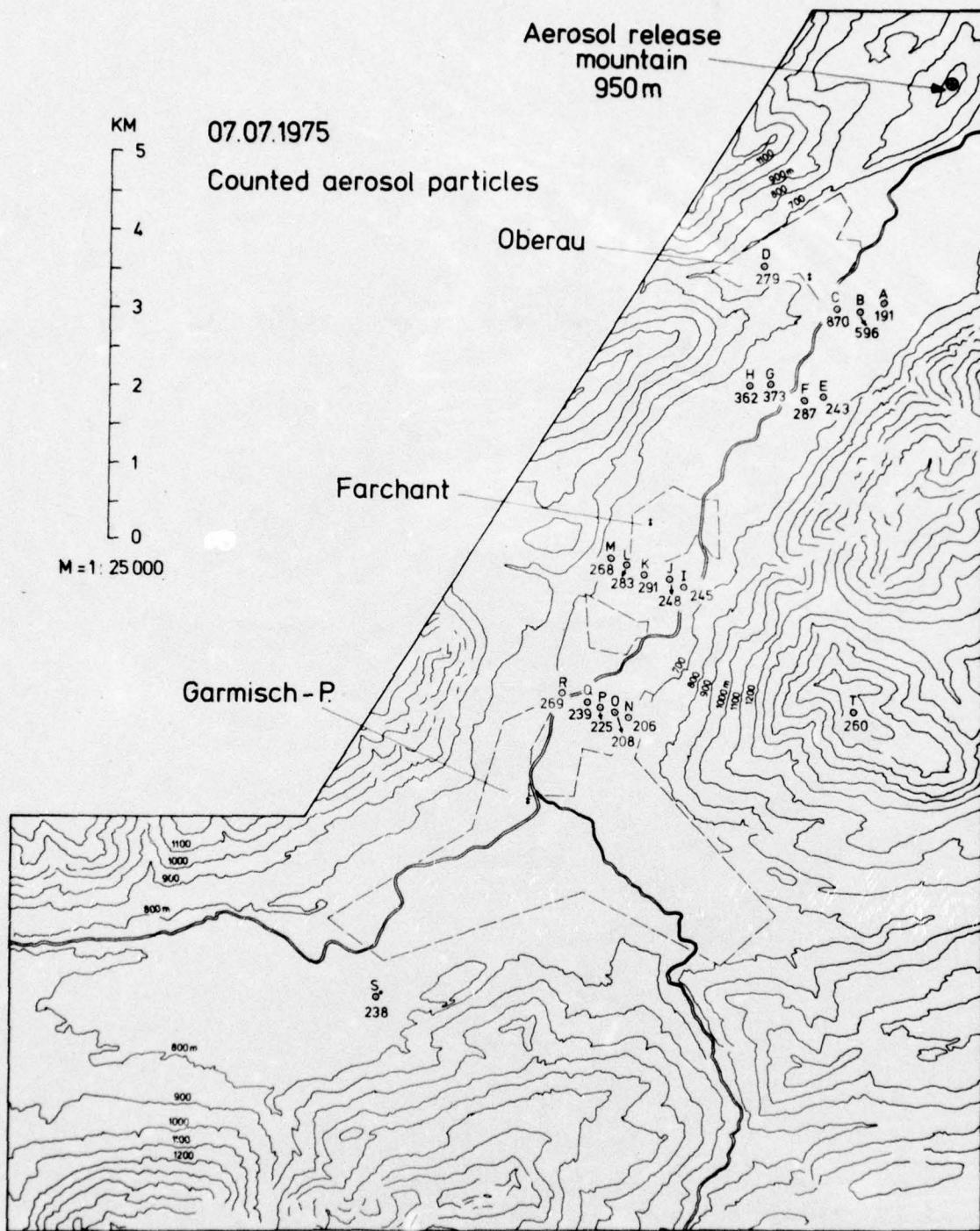


Fig. 20

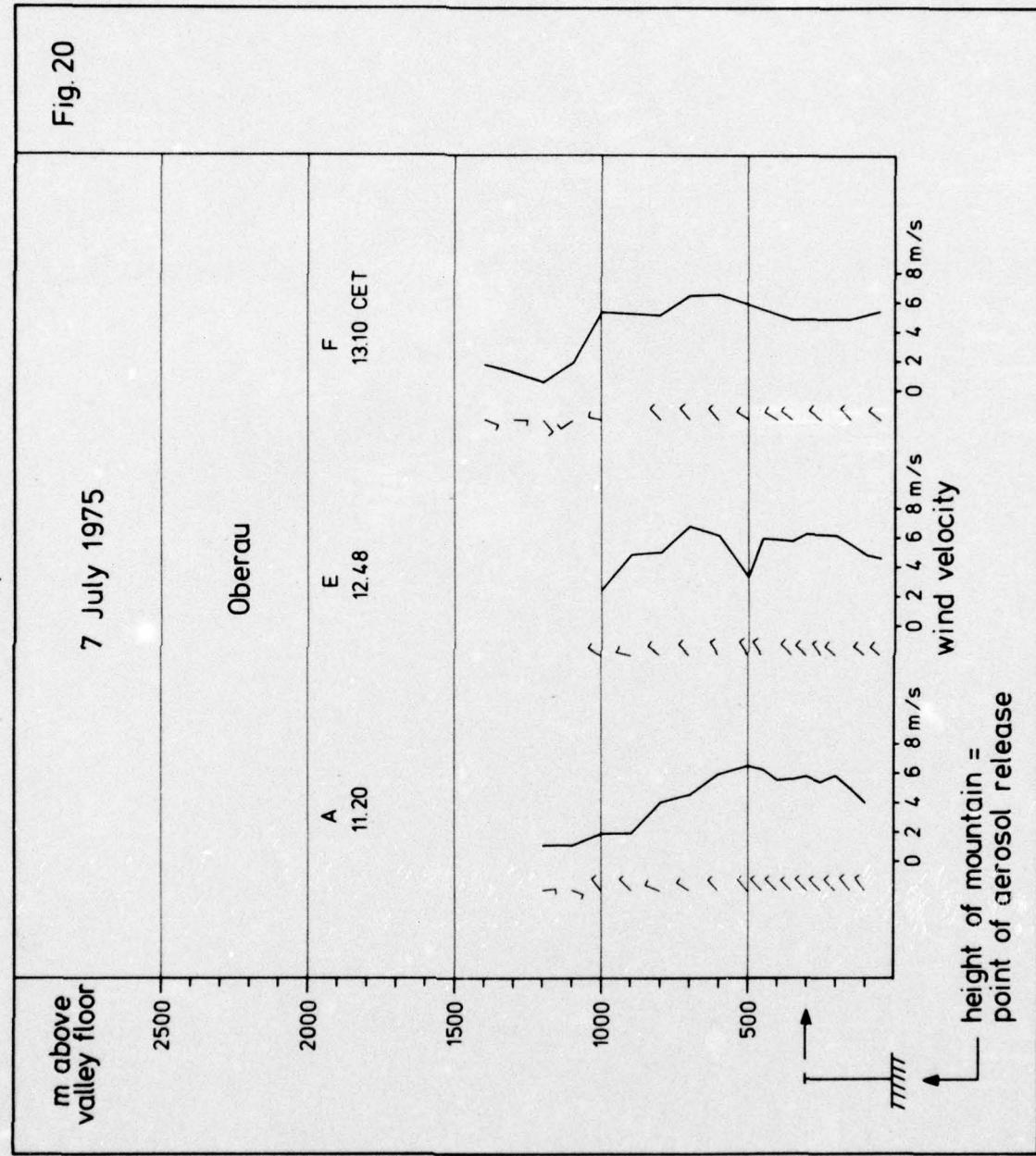


Fig. 21

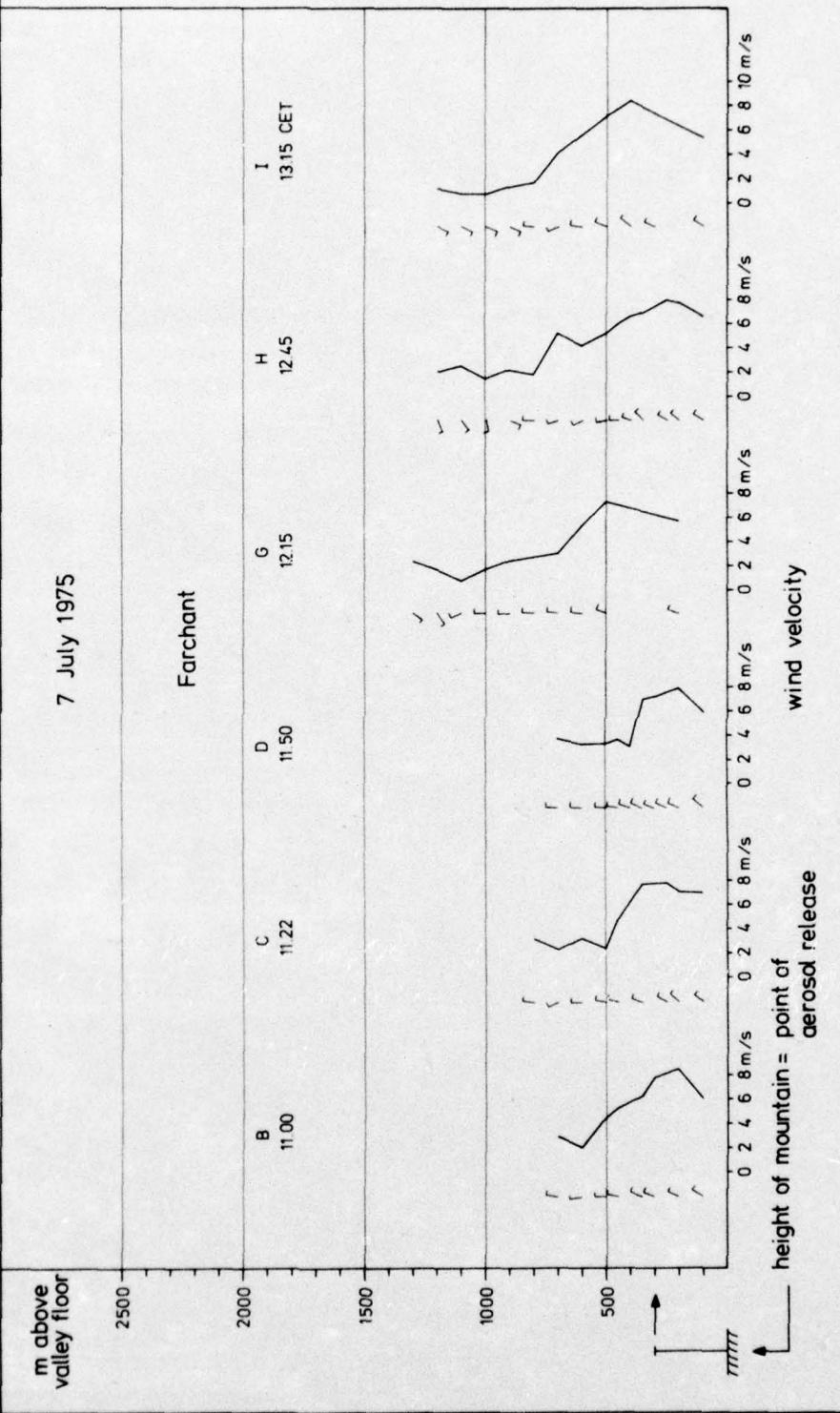


Fig. 22

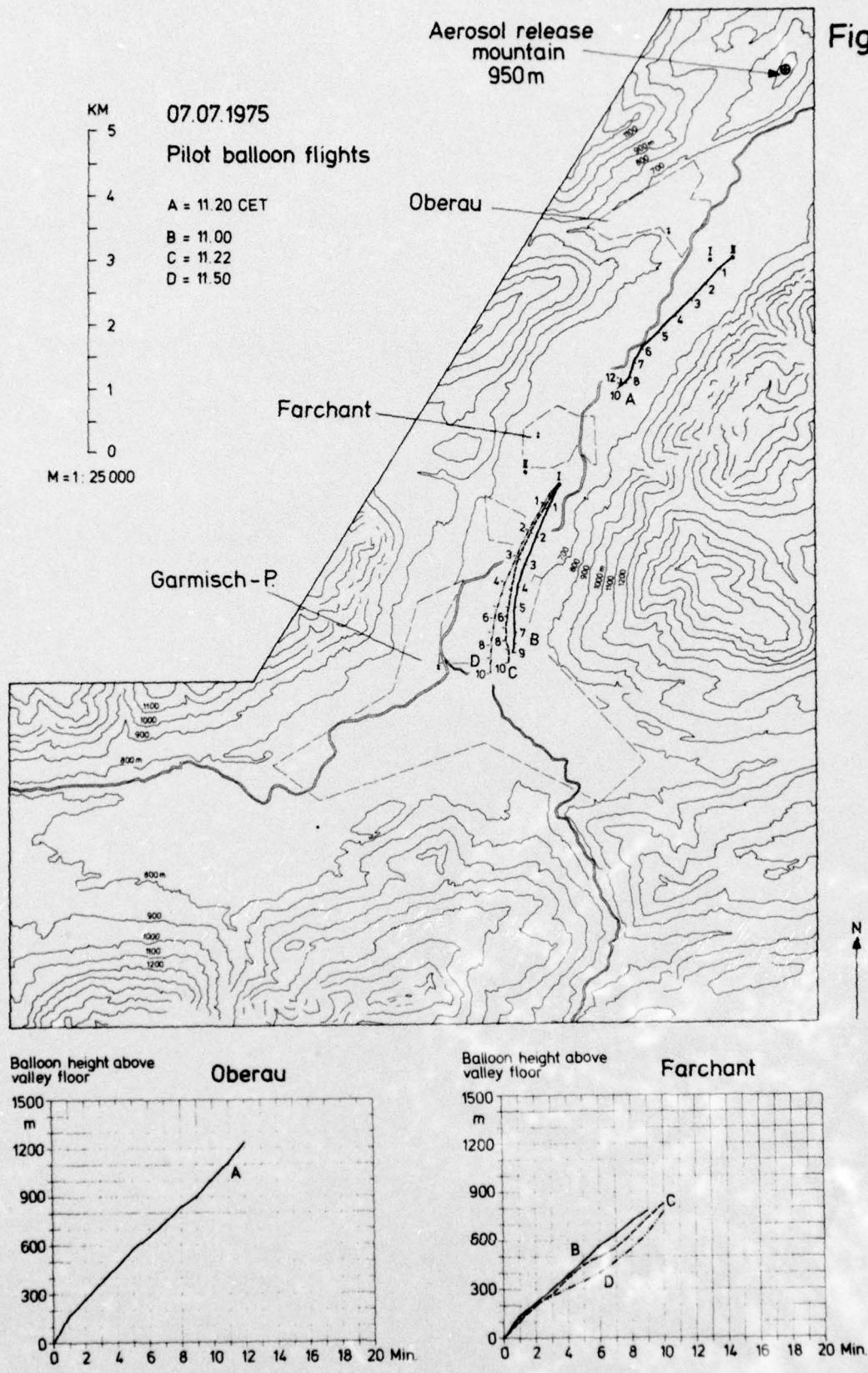


Fig. 23

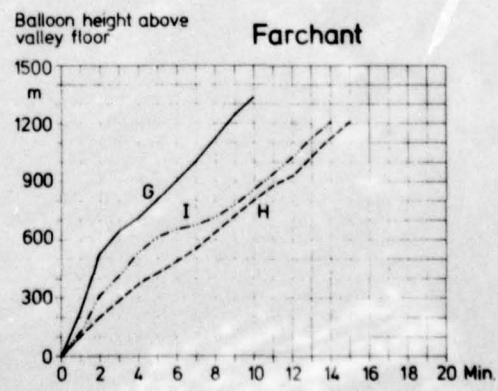
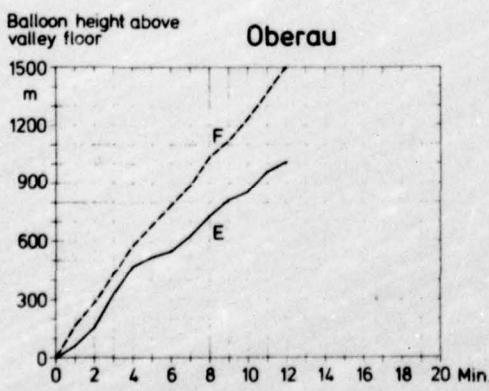
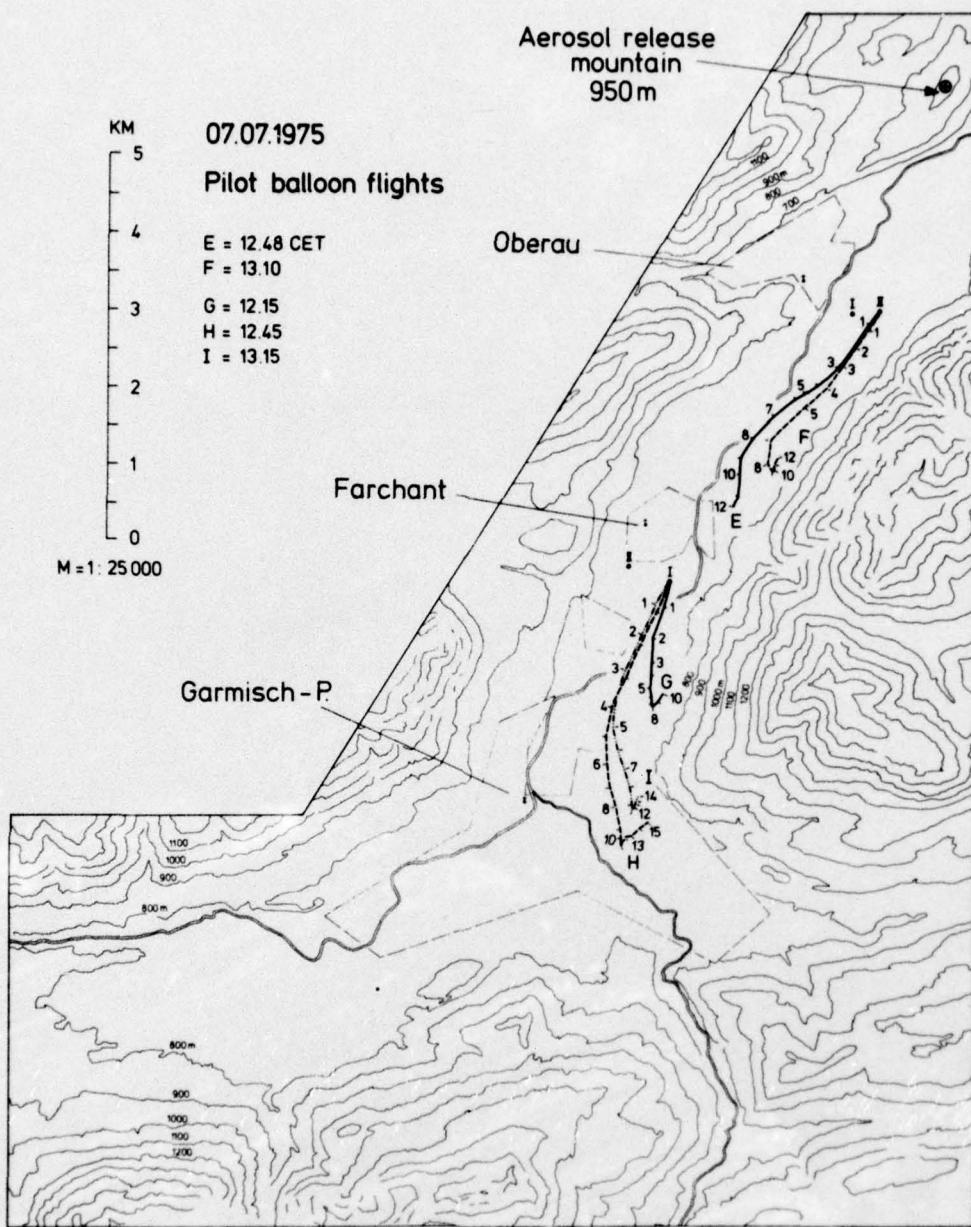


Fig. 24

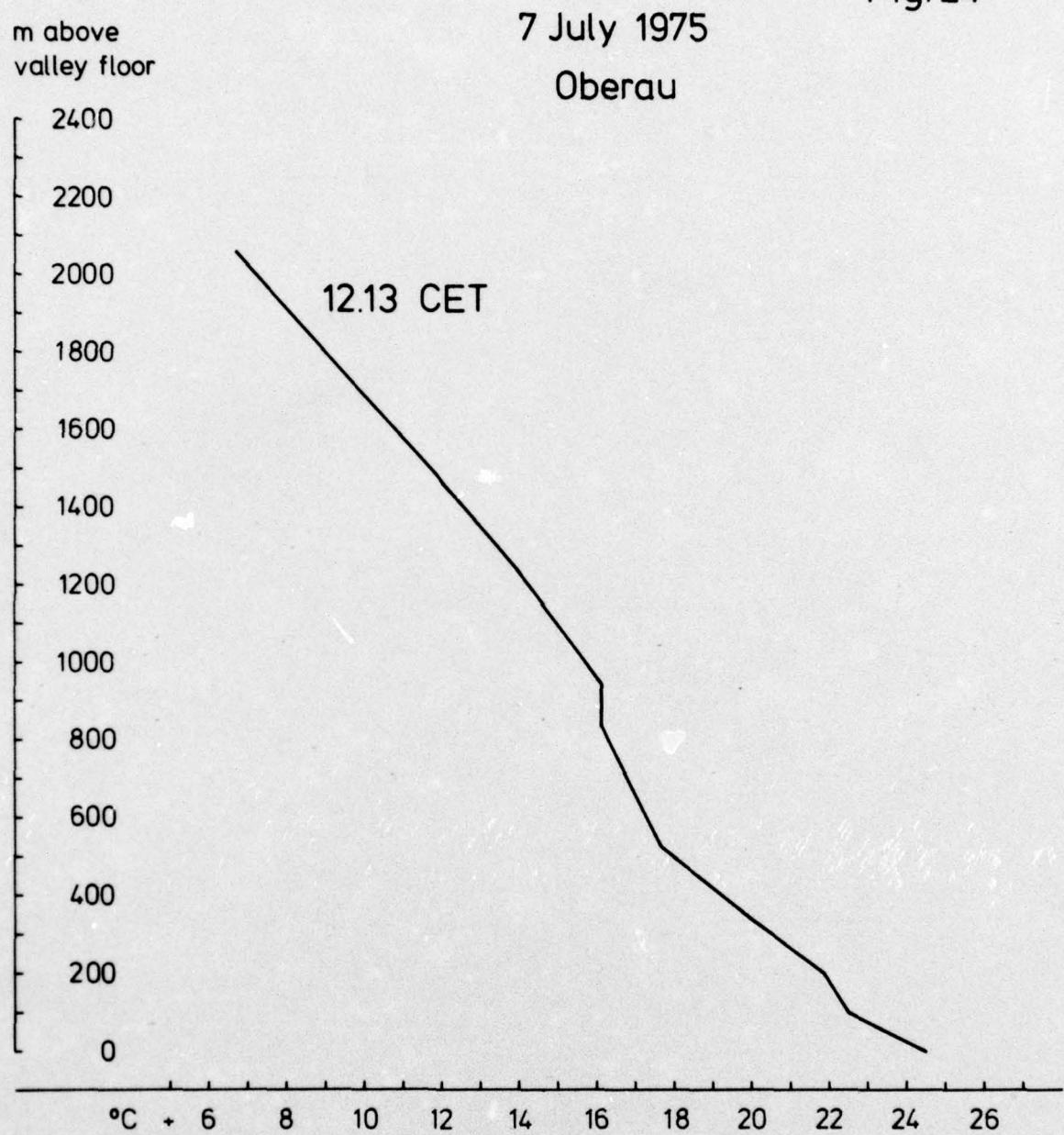


Fig. 25

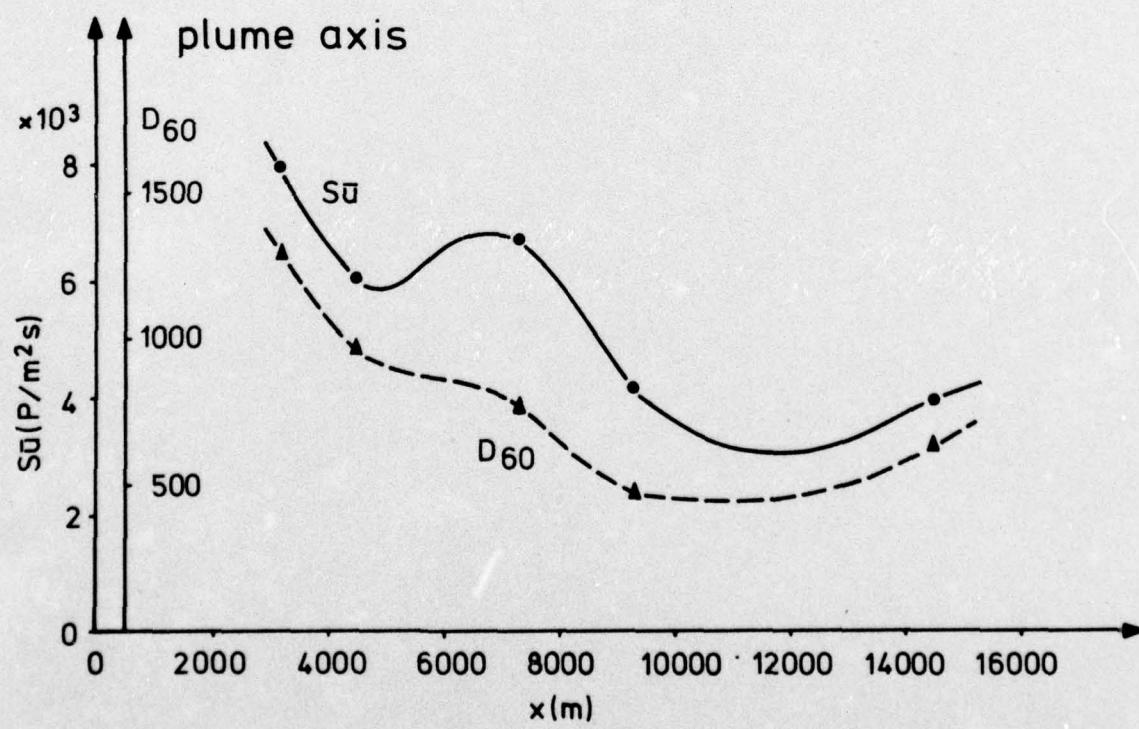
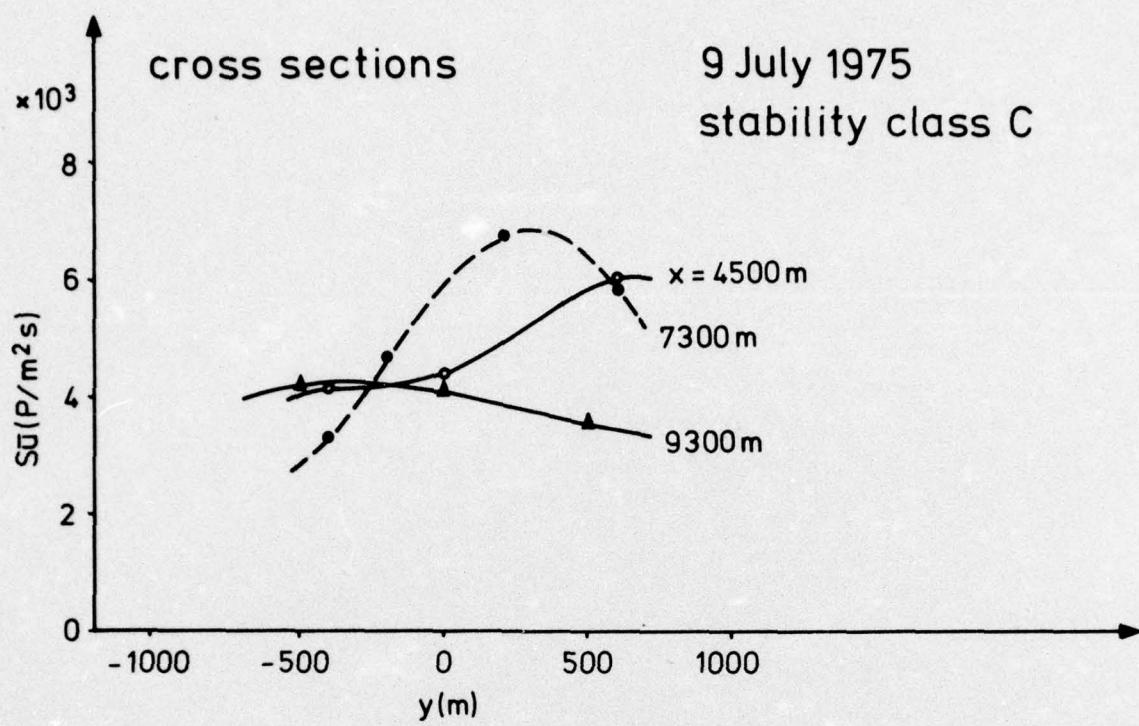


Fig. 26

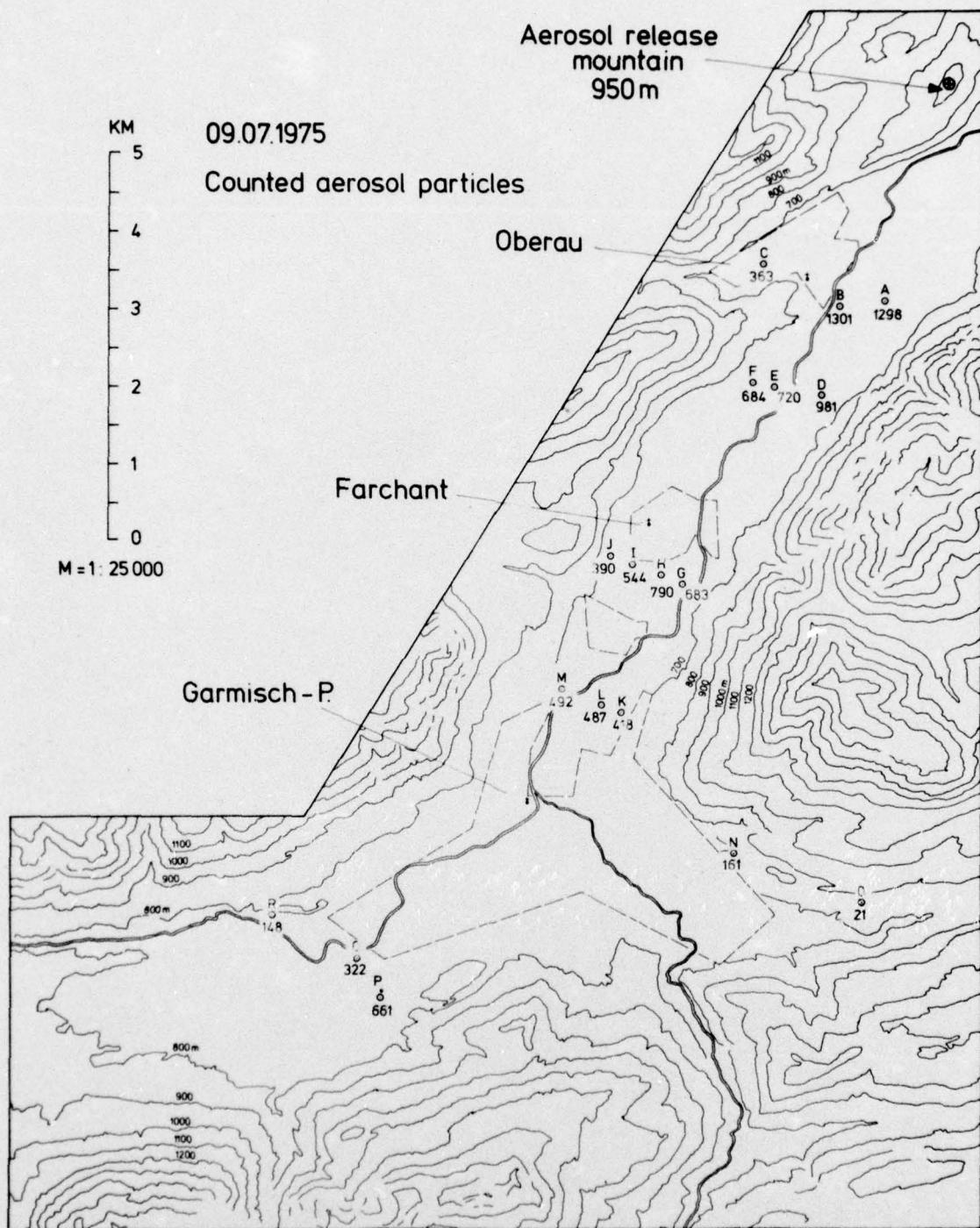


Fig. 27

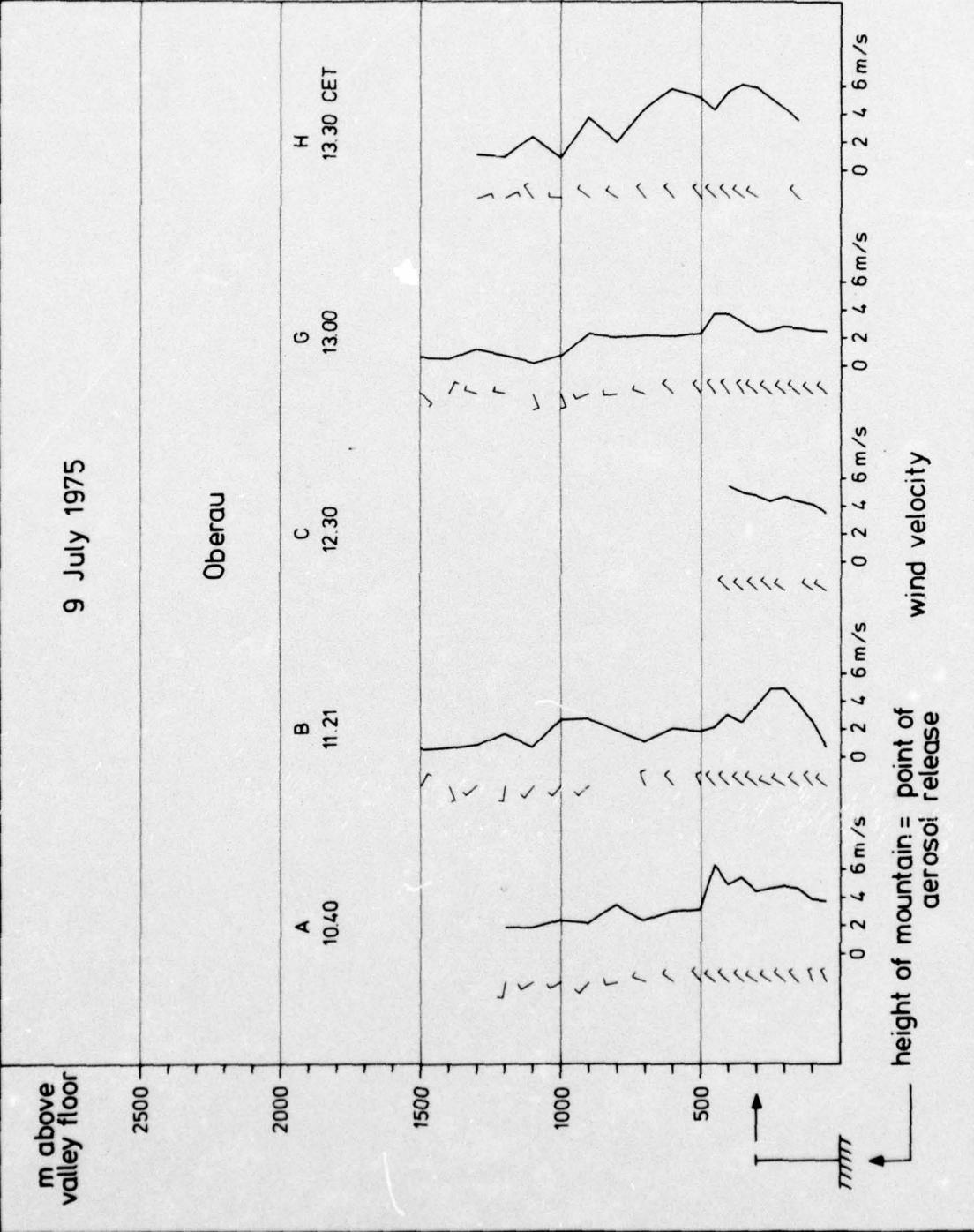


Fig. 28

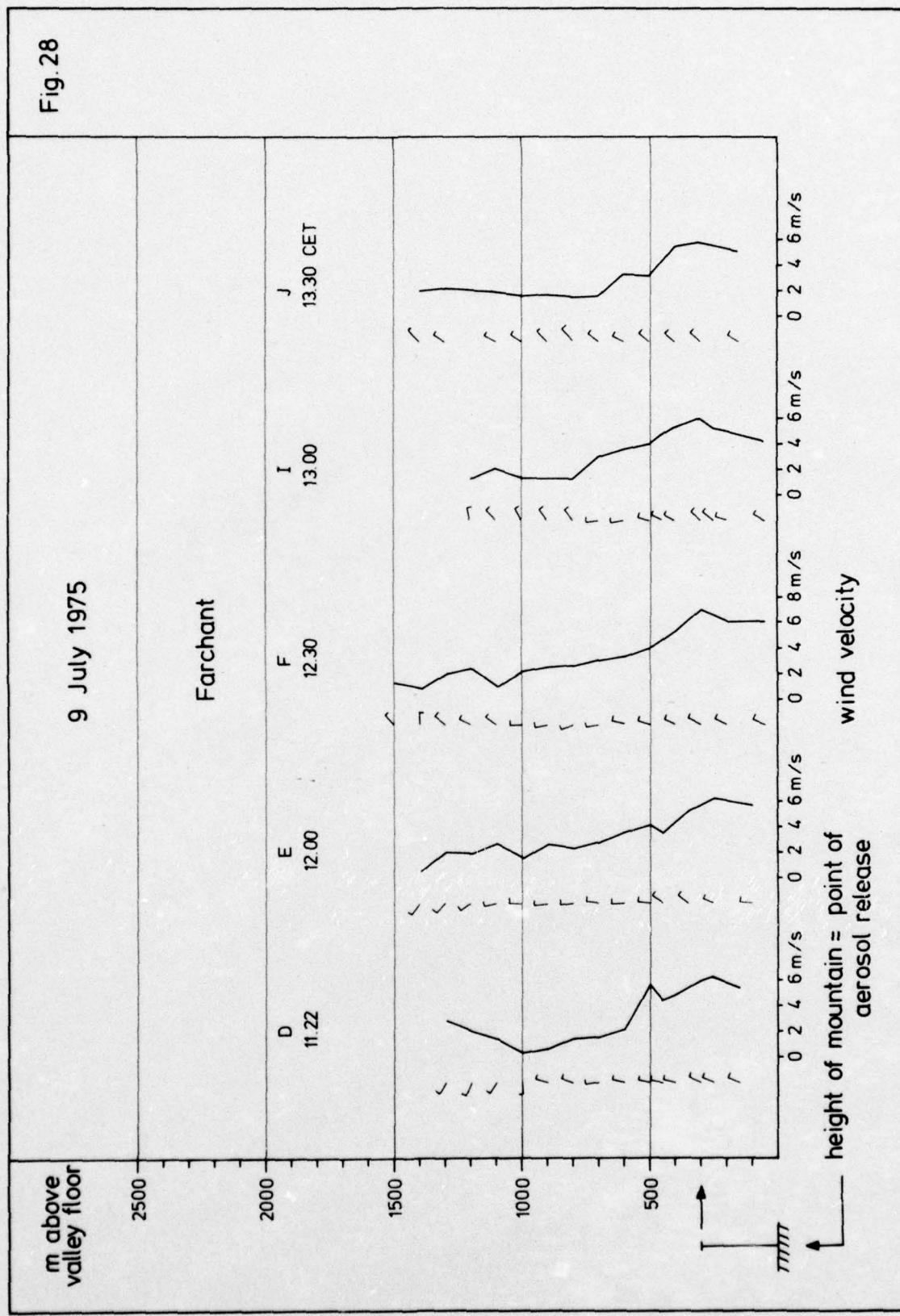


Fig. 29

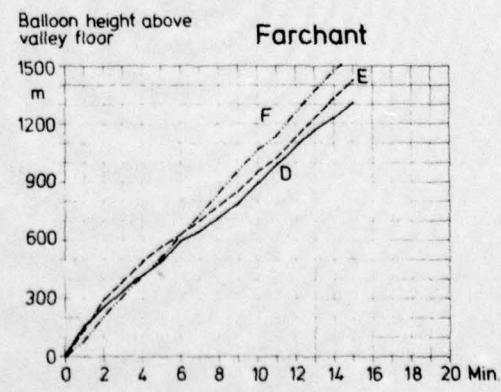
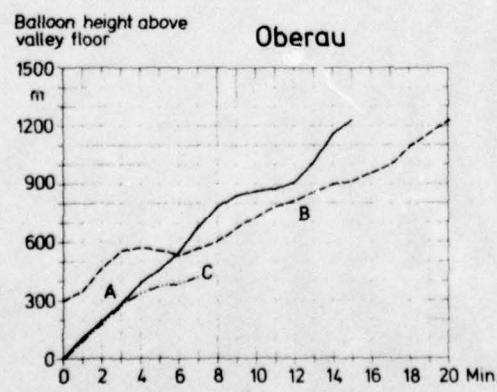
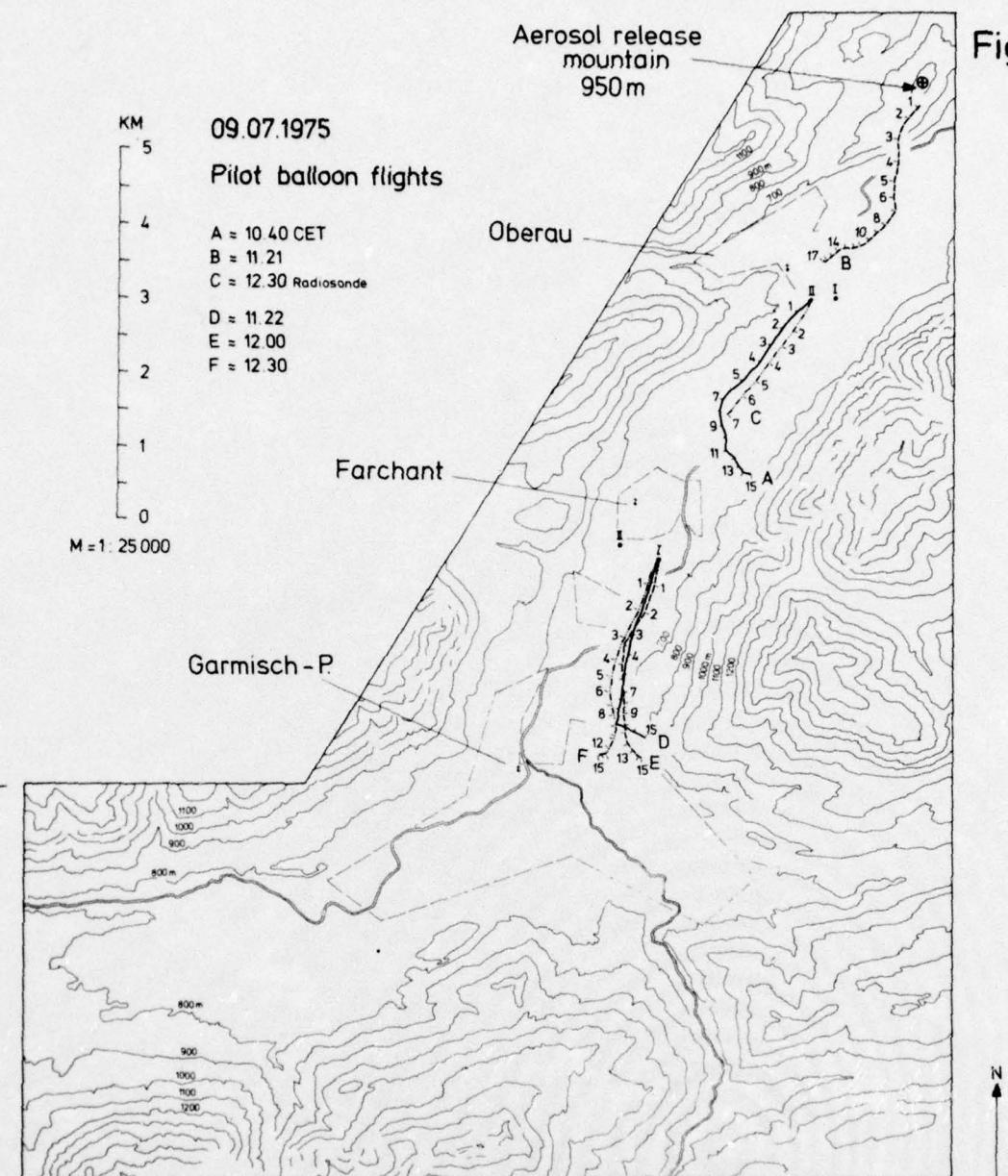


Fig. 30

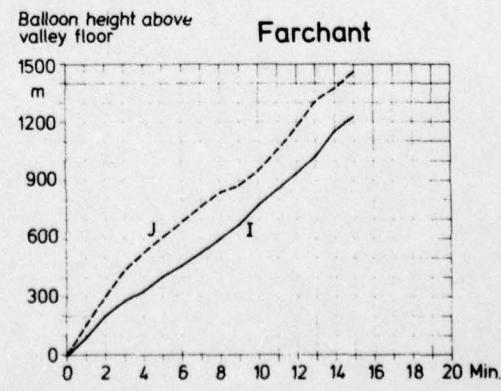
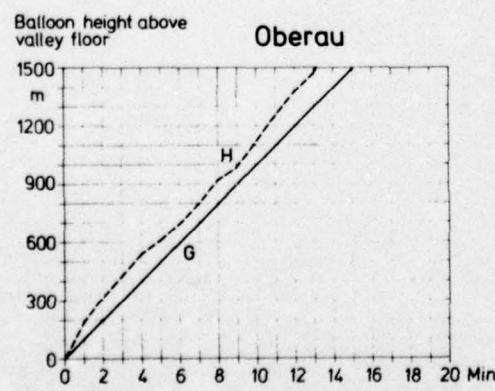
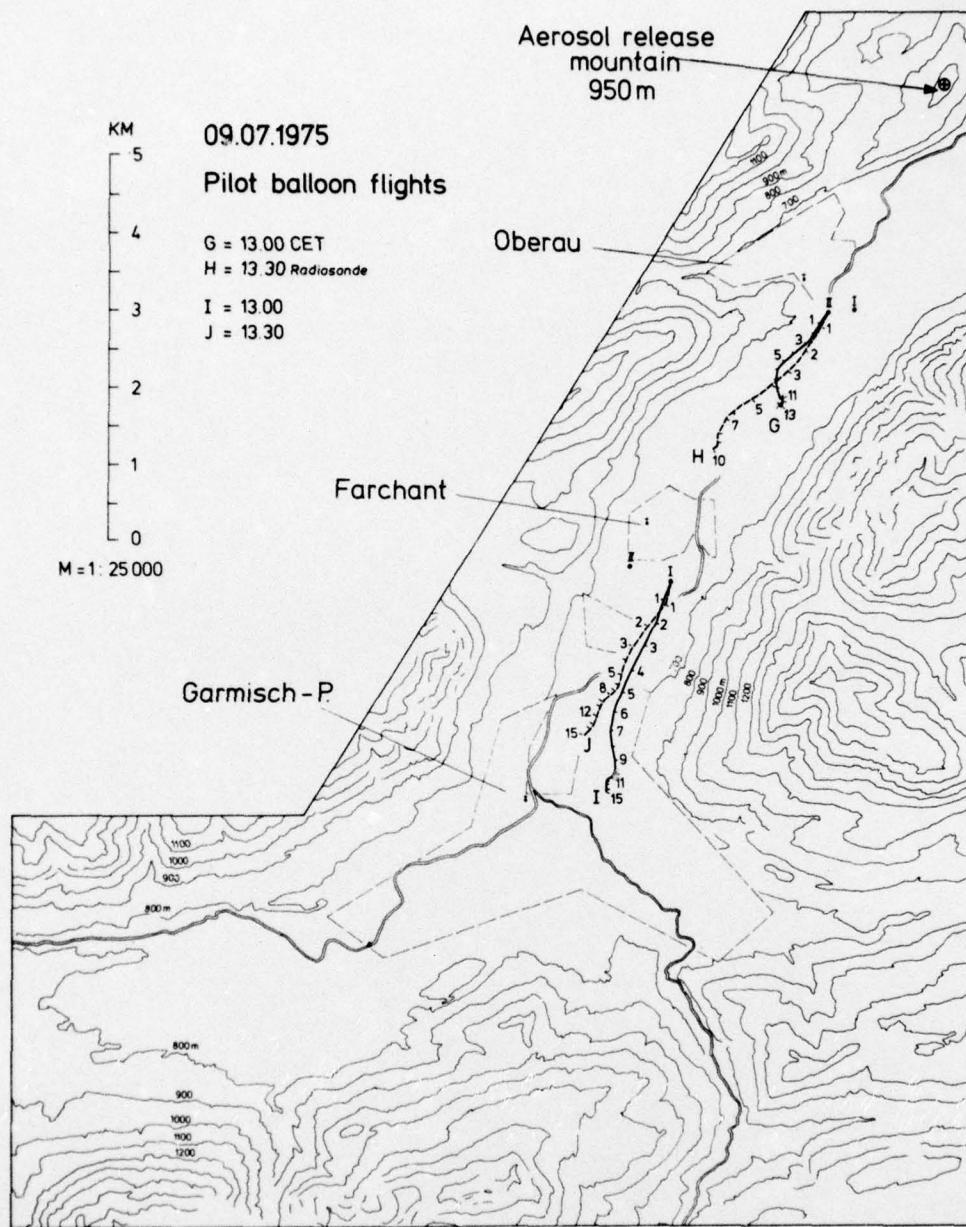


Fig. 31

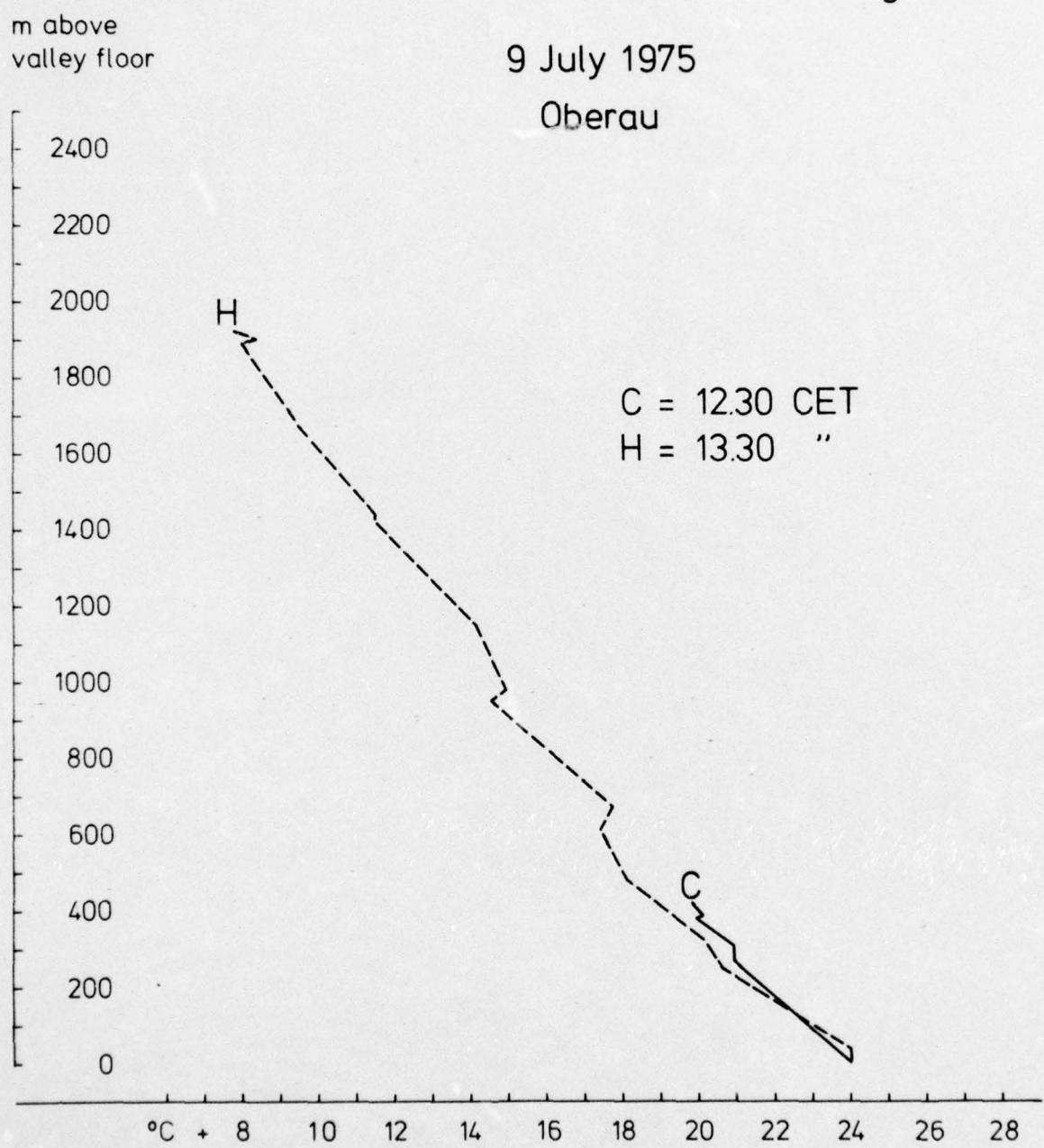


Fig. 32

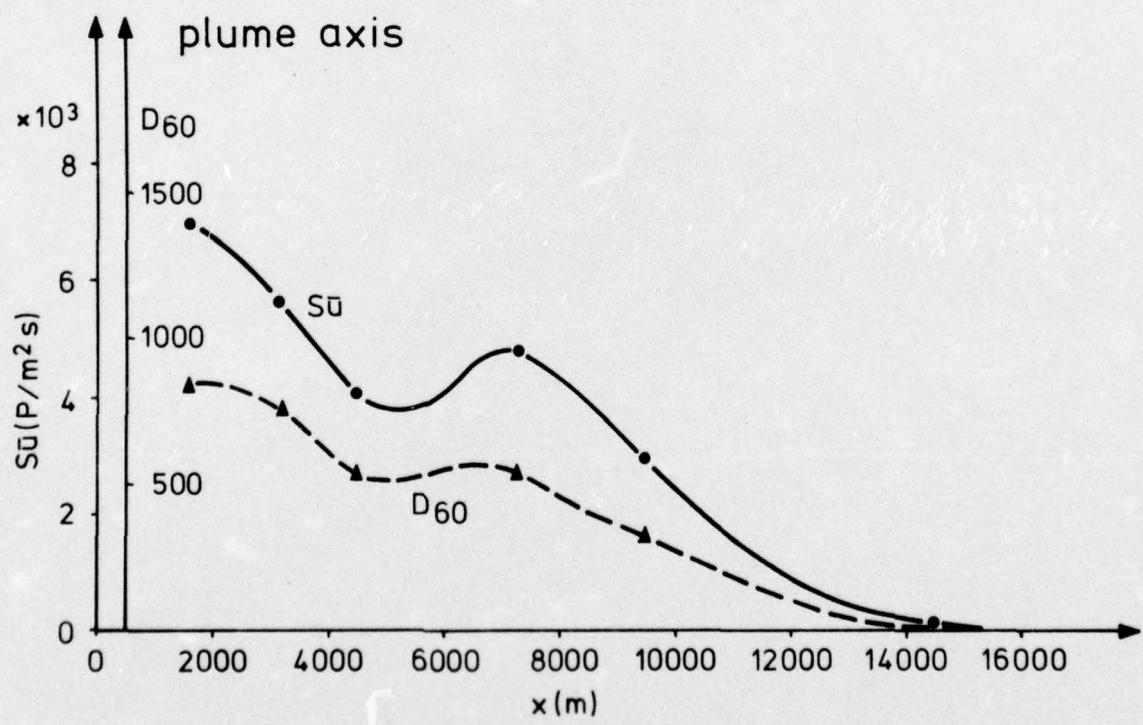
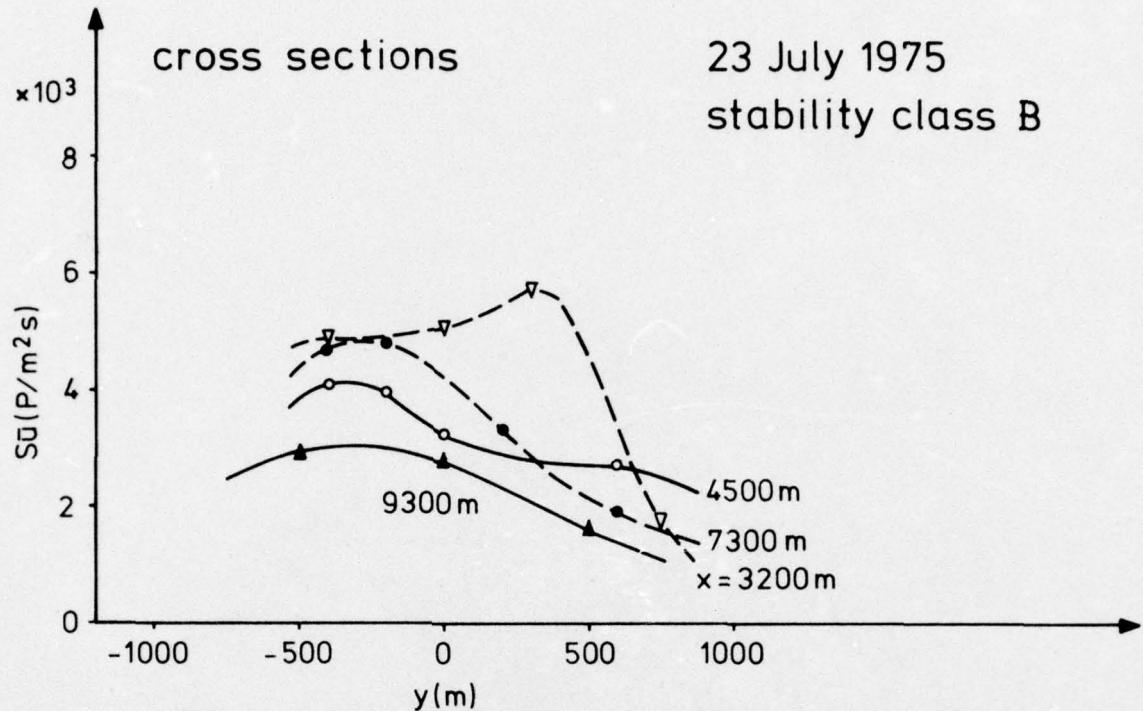


Fig. 33

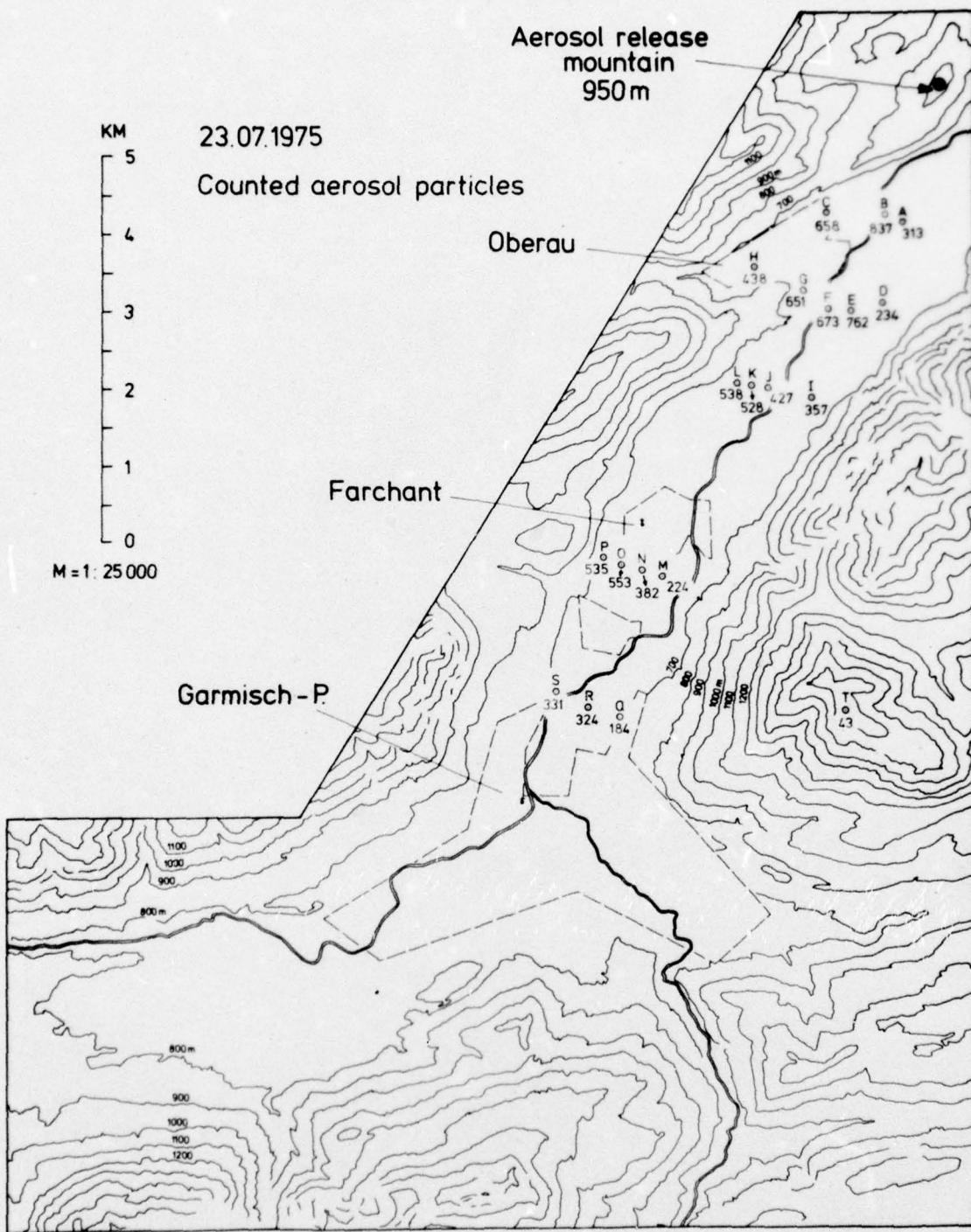


Fig. 34

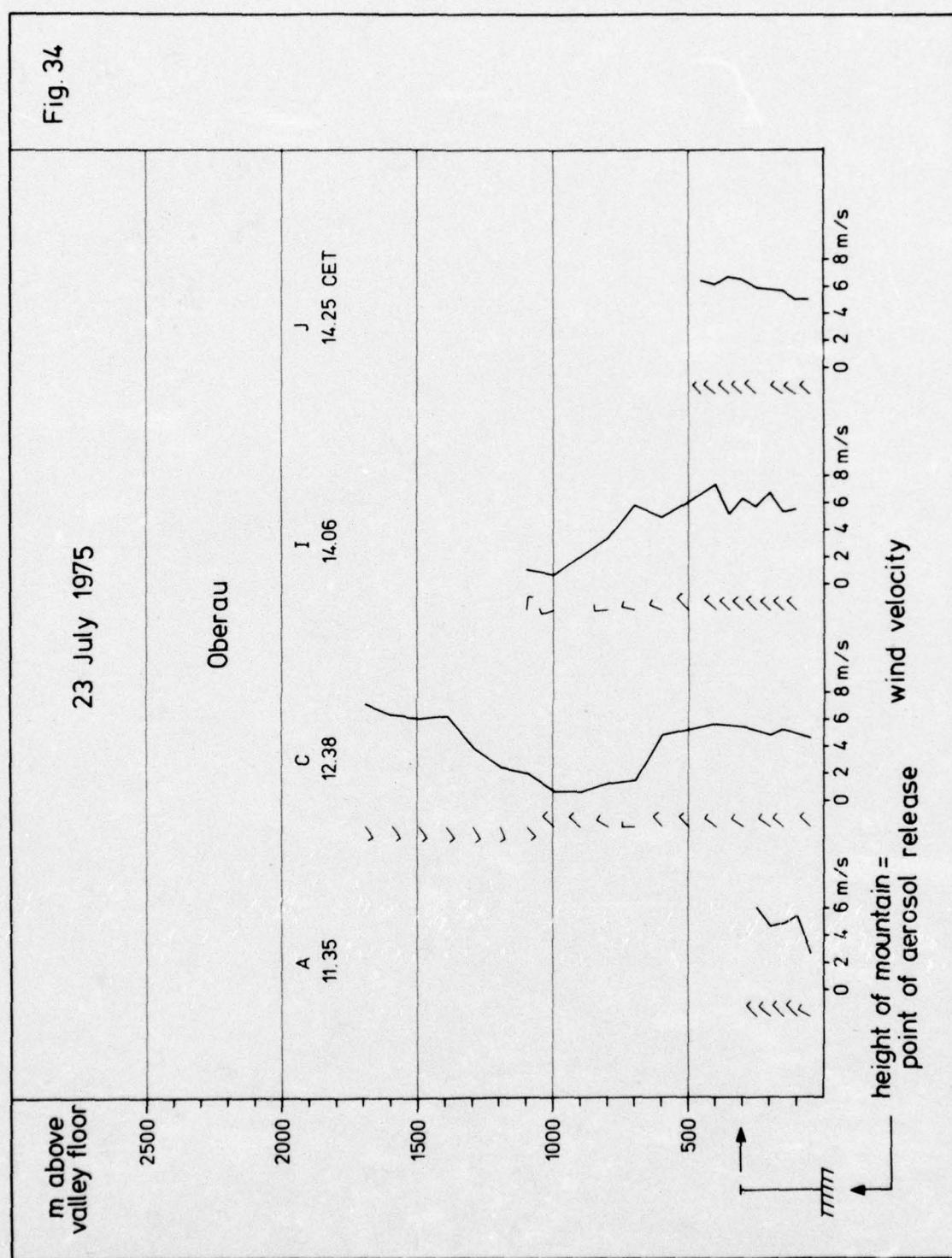


Fig. 35

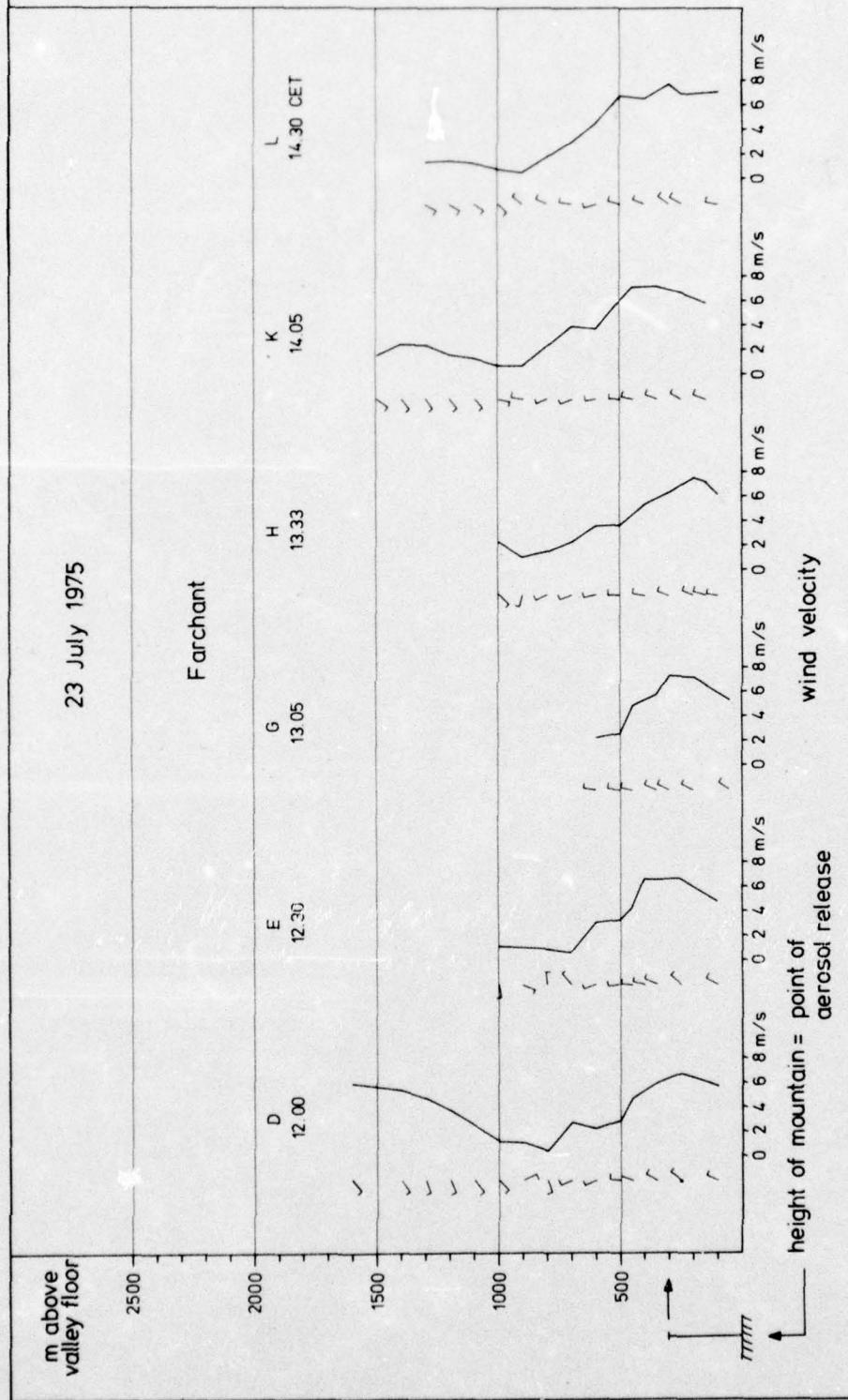


Fig. 36

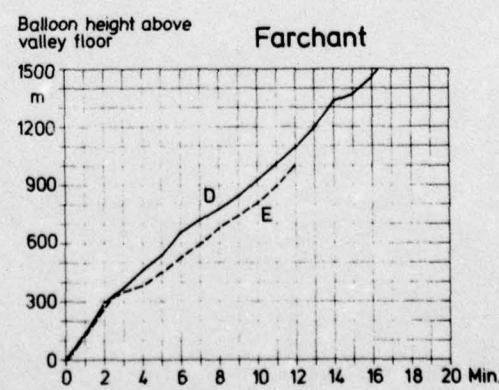
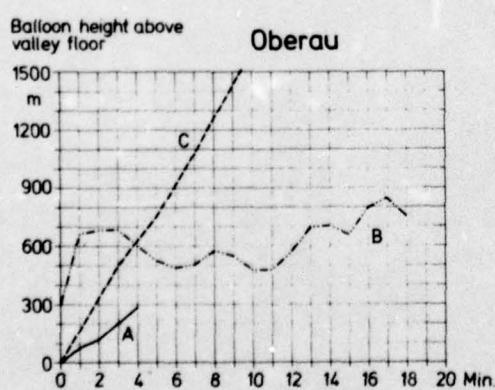
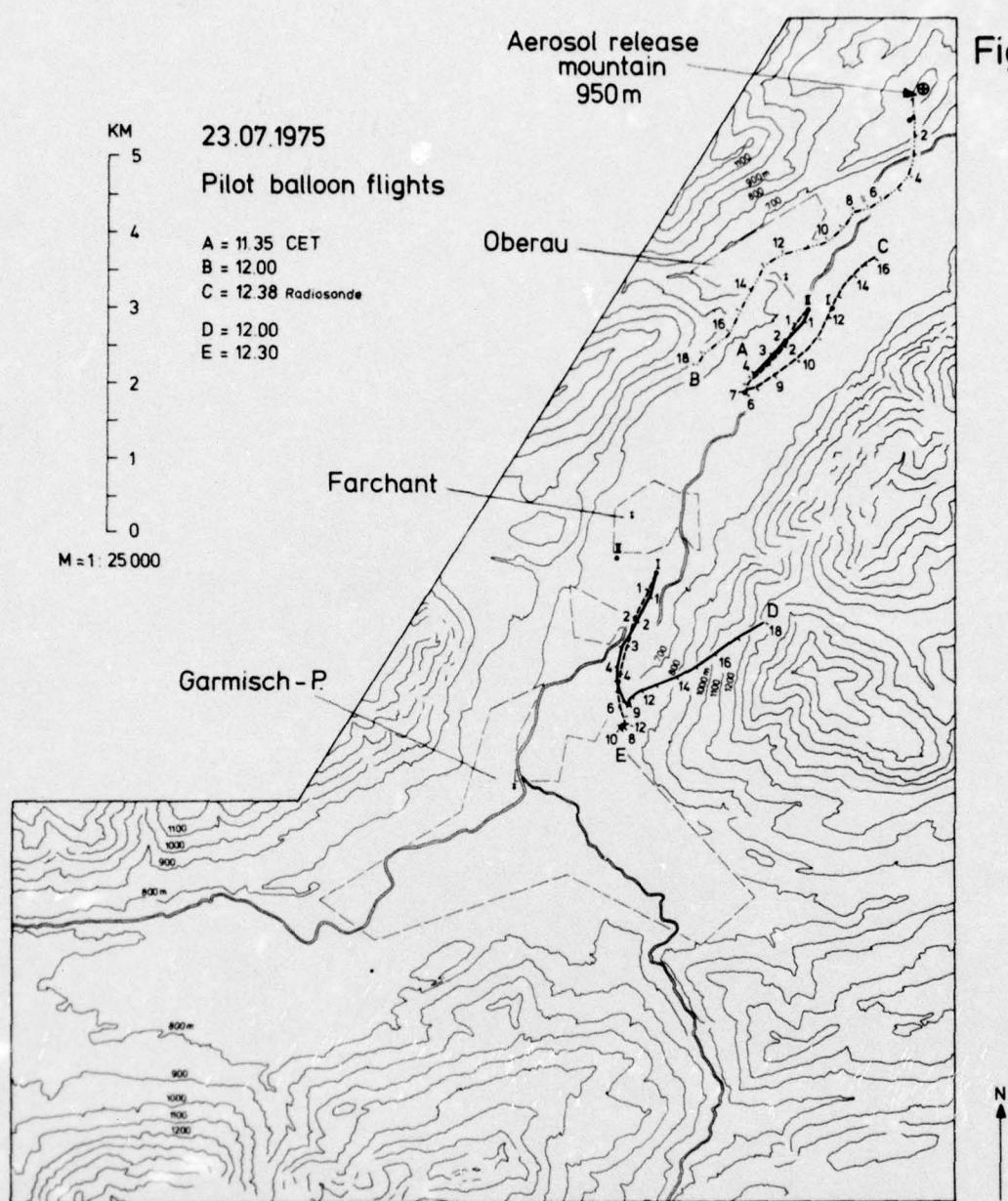


Fig. 37

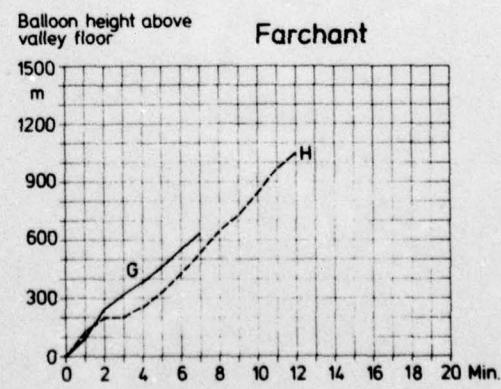
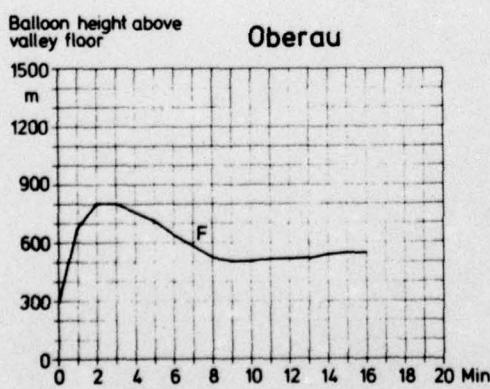
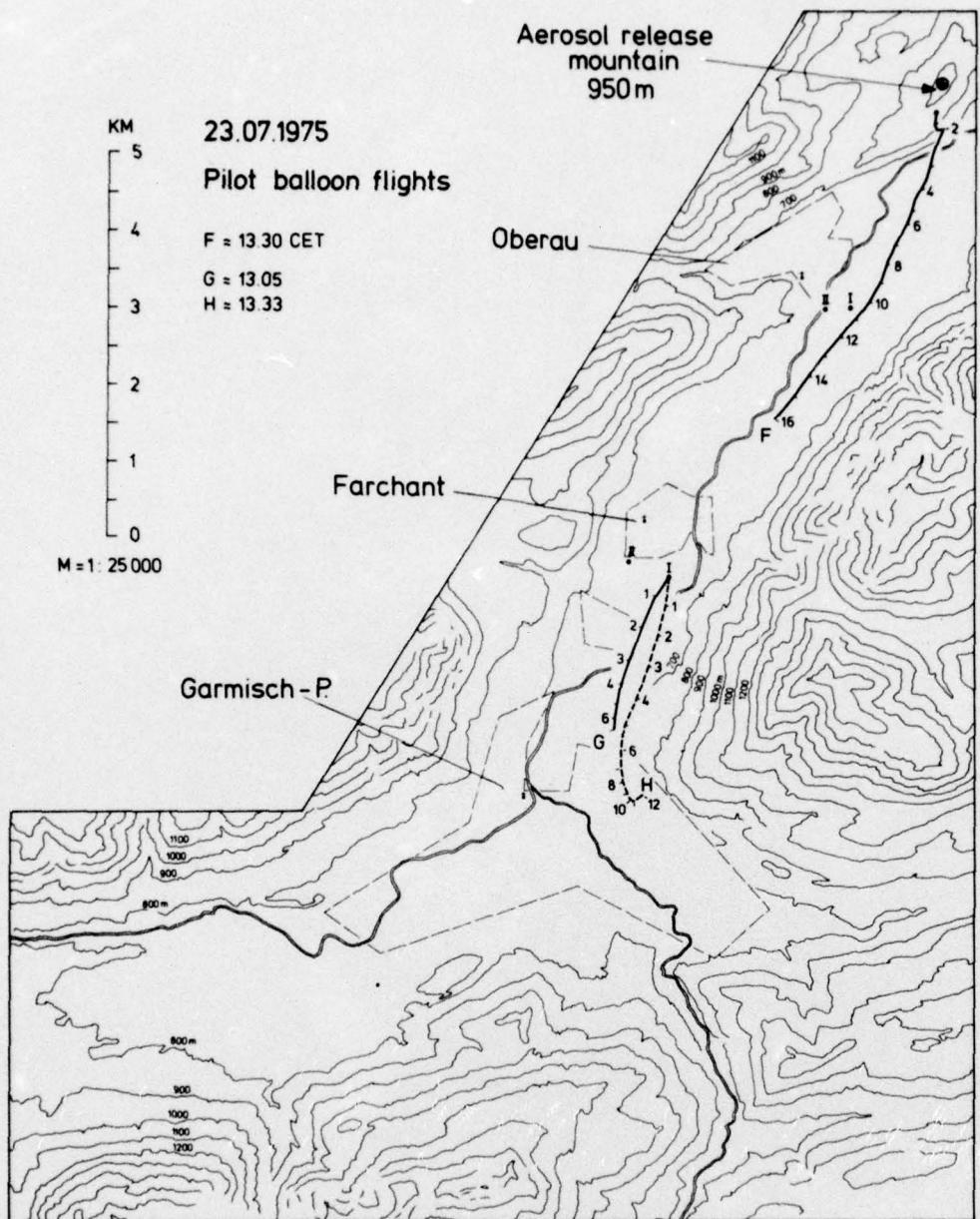


Fig. 38

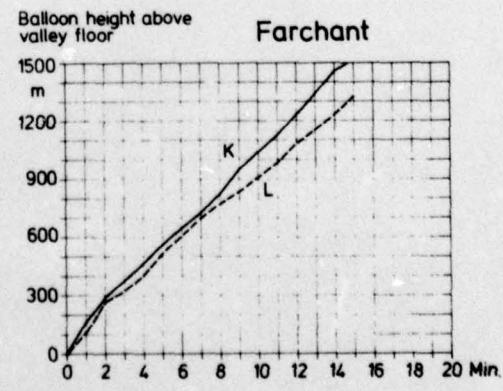
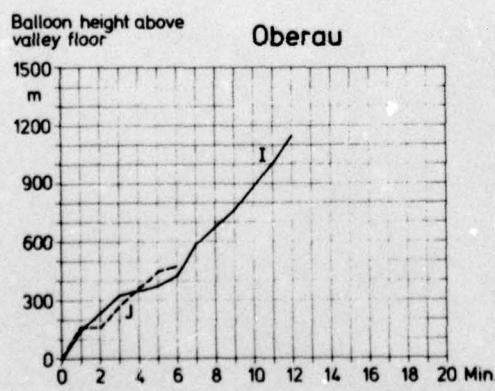
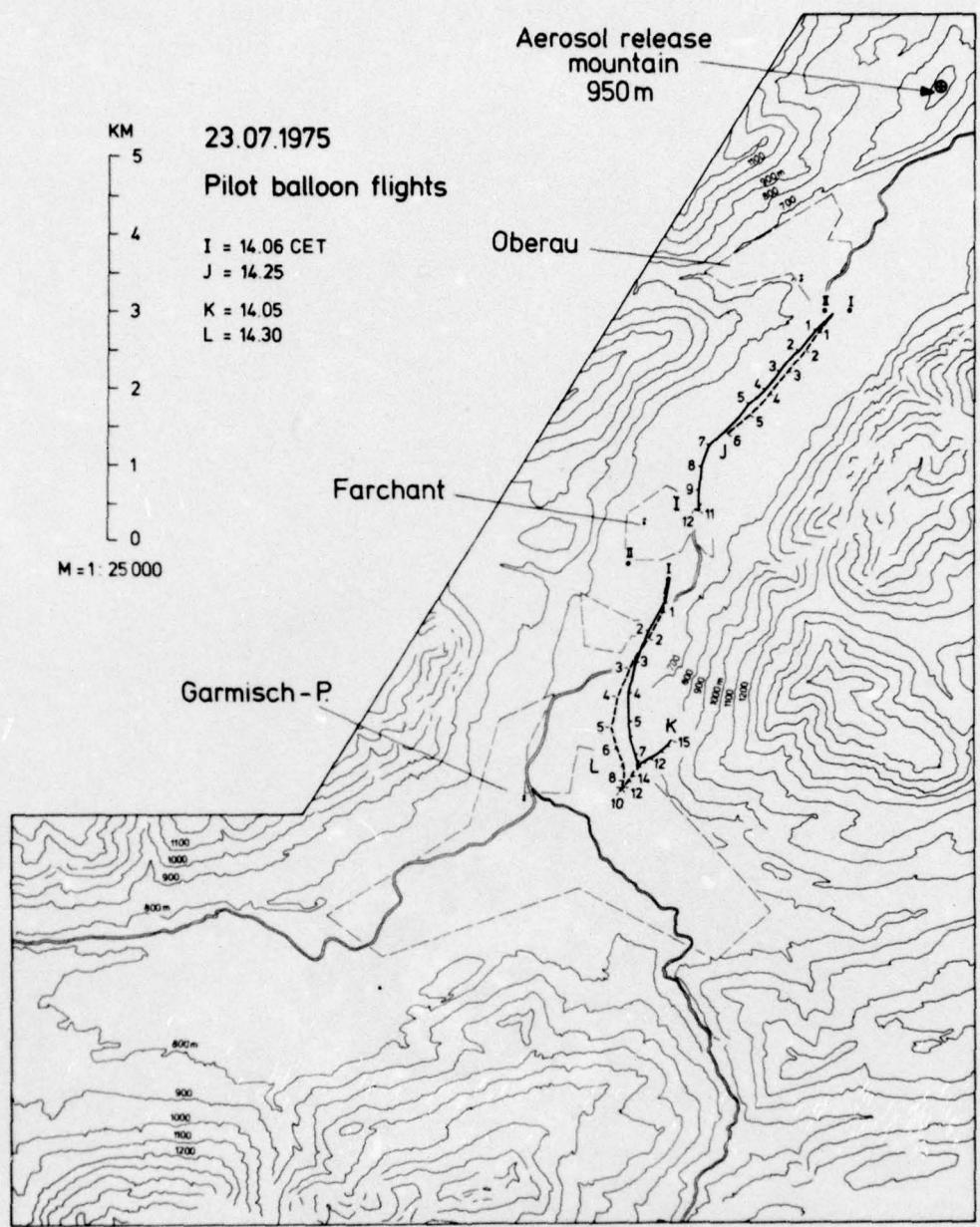


Fig. 39

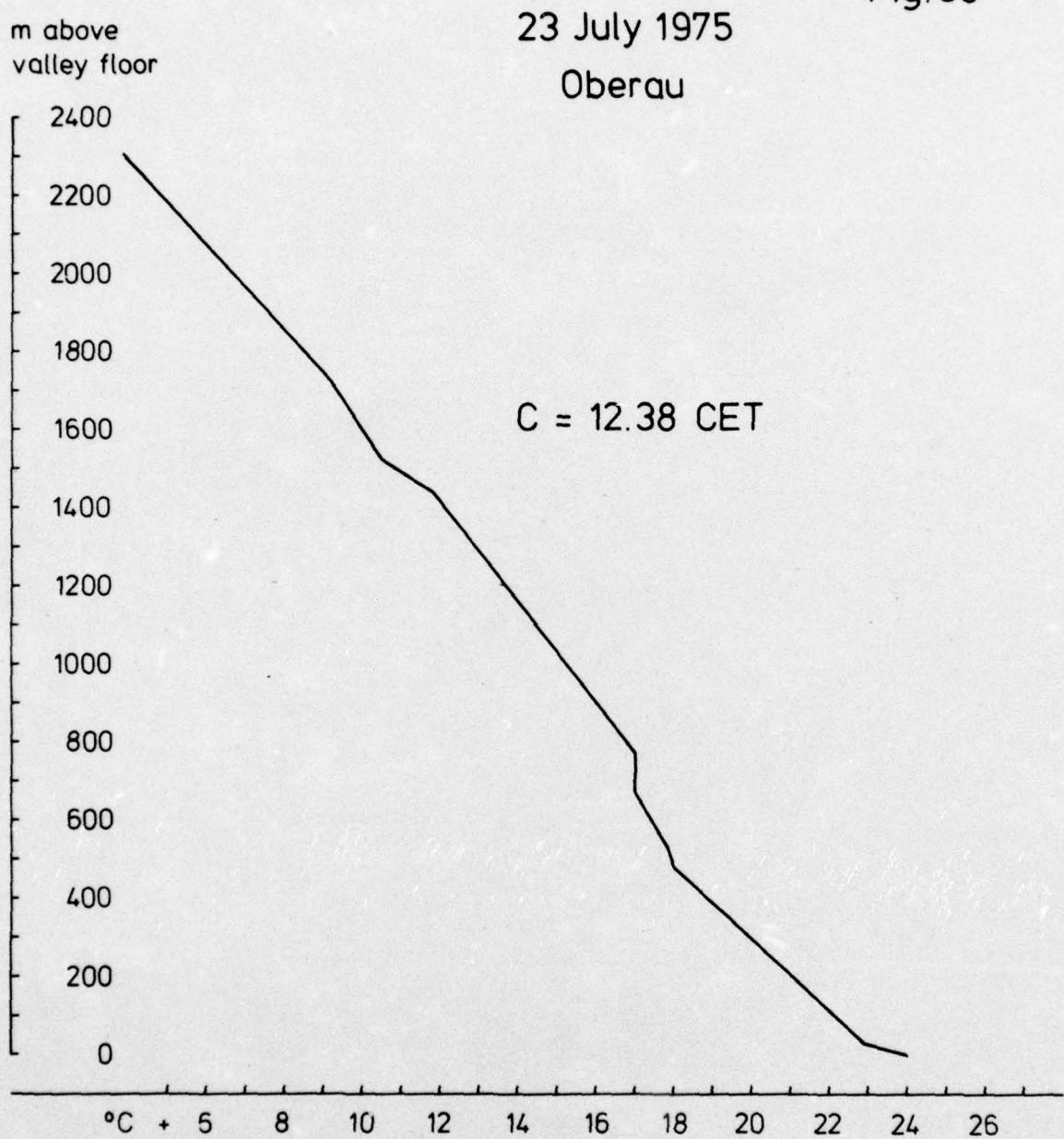
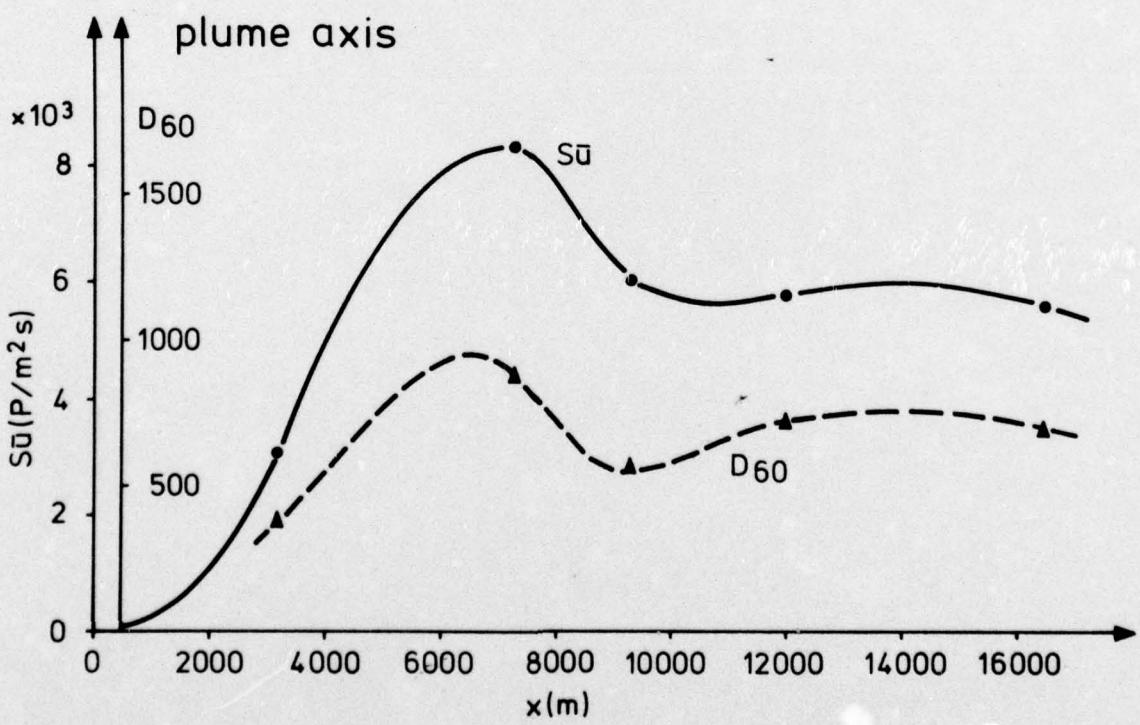
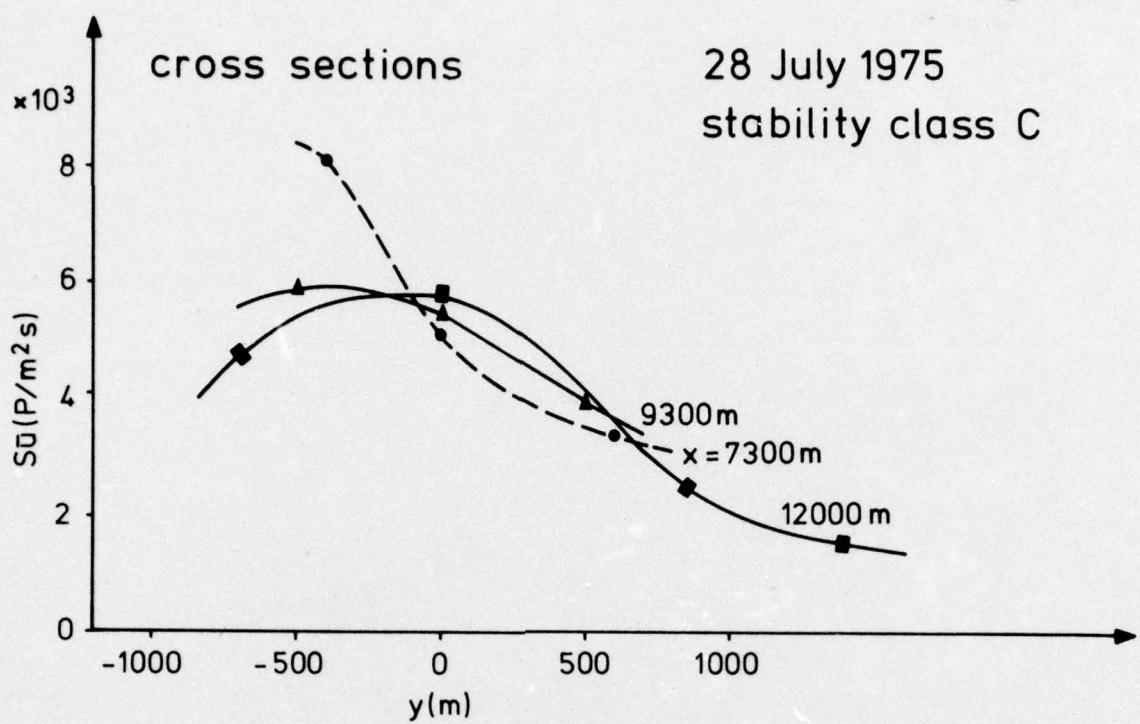


Fig. 40



**Fig.41**

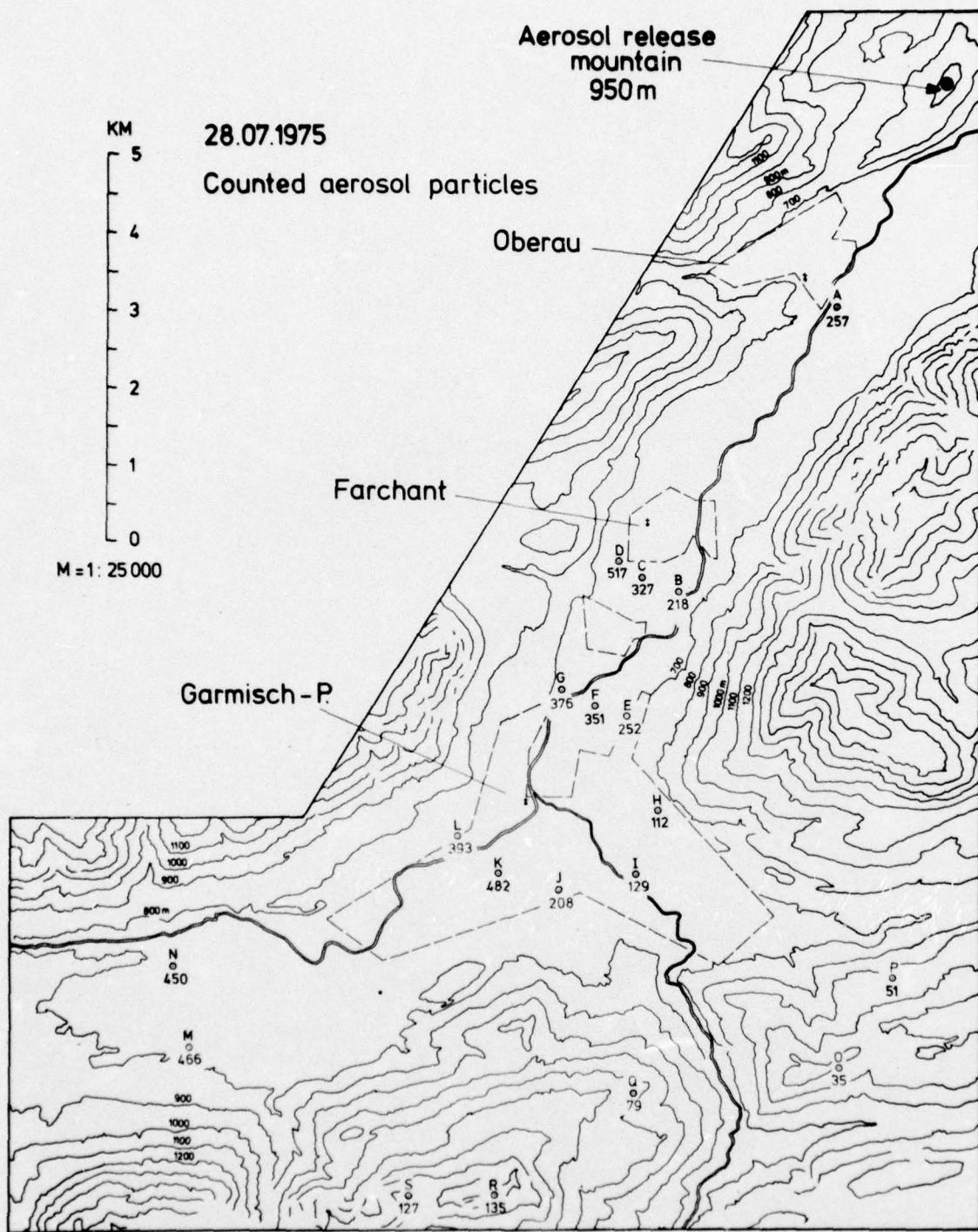


Fig. 42

28 July 1975

m above  
valley floor

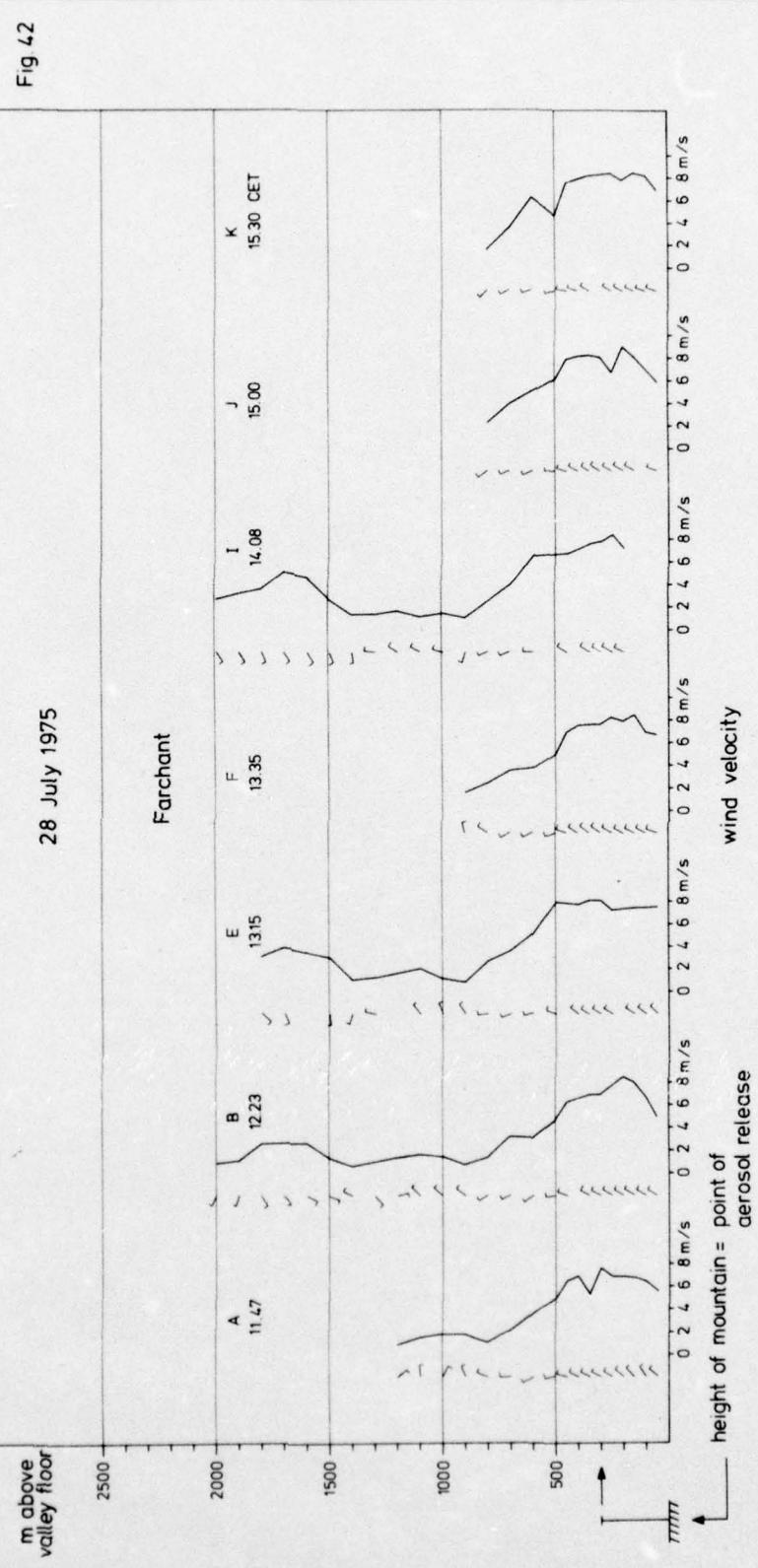


Fig. 43

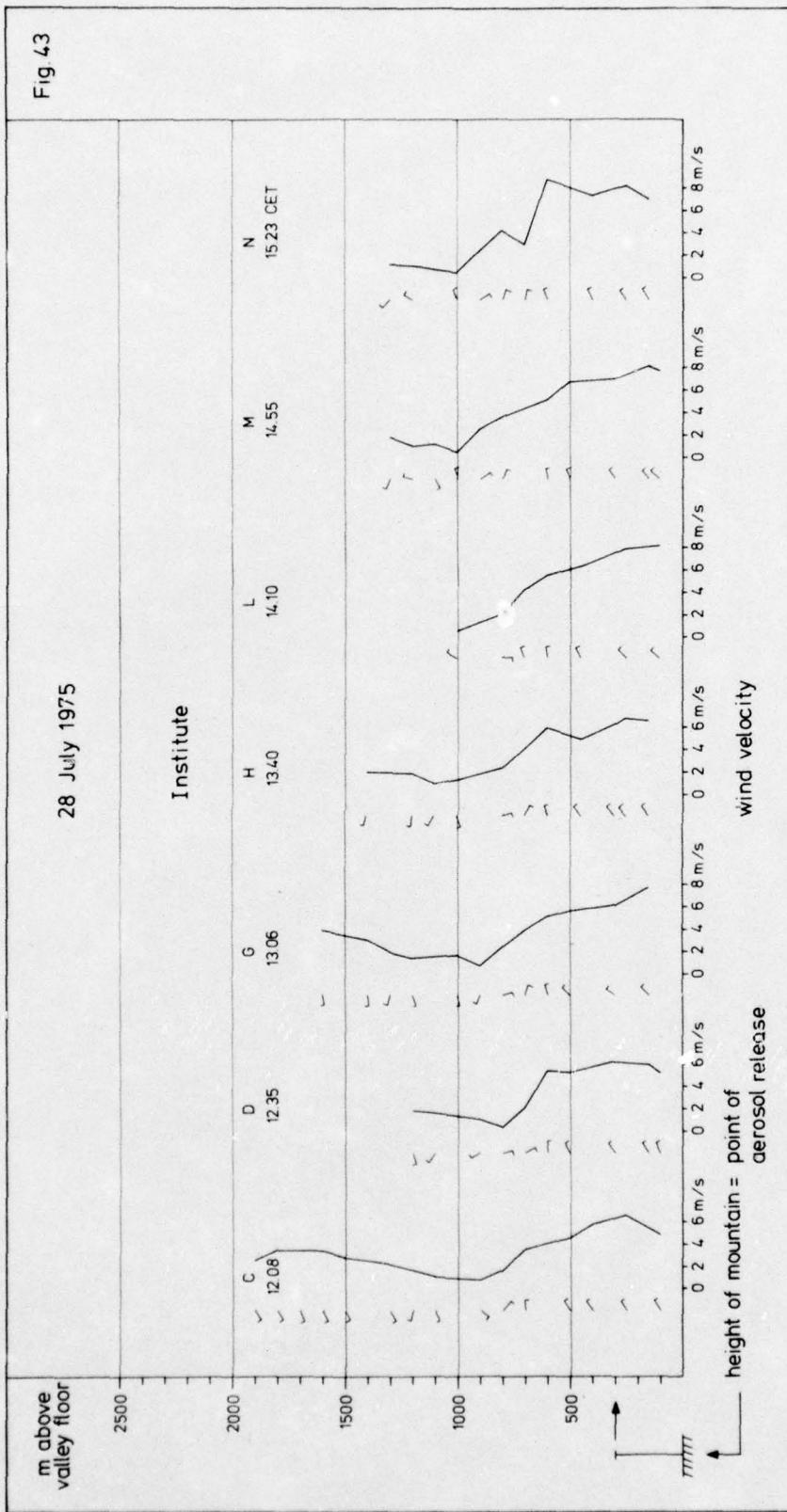


Fig. 44

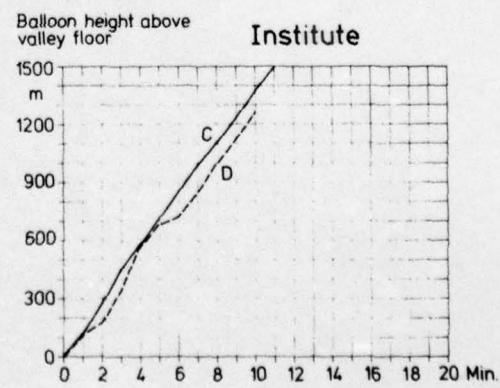
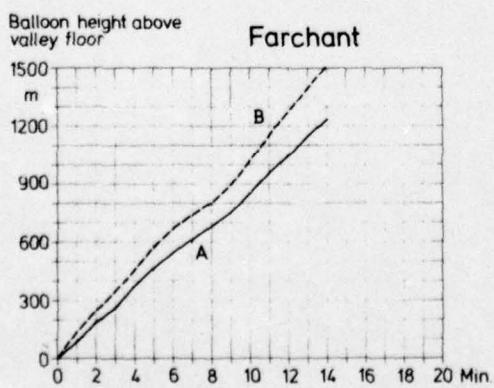
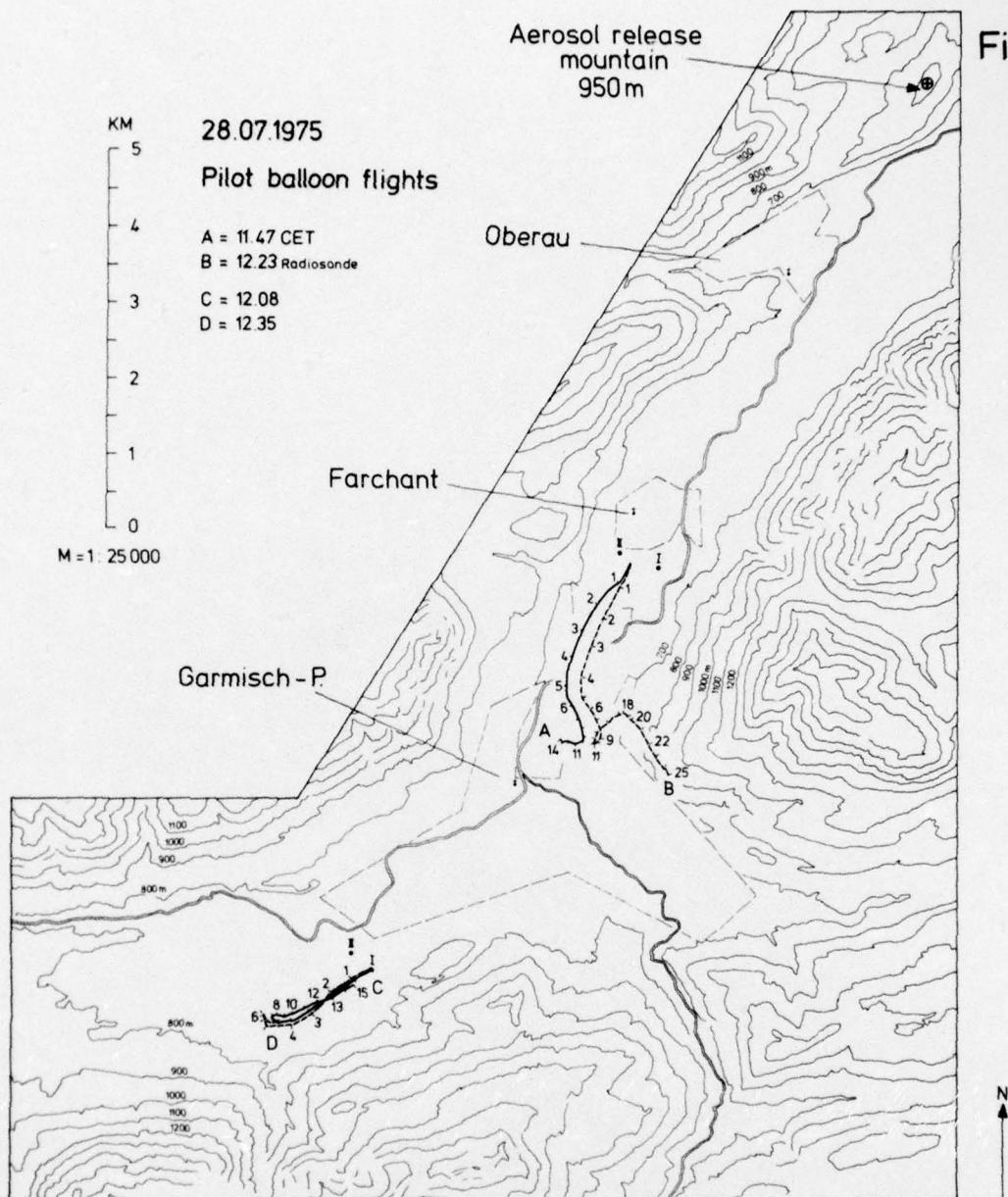


Fig. 45

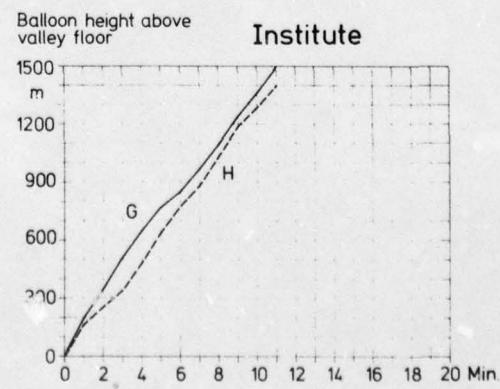
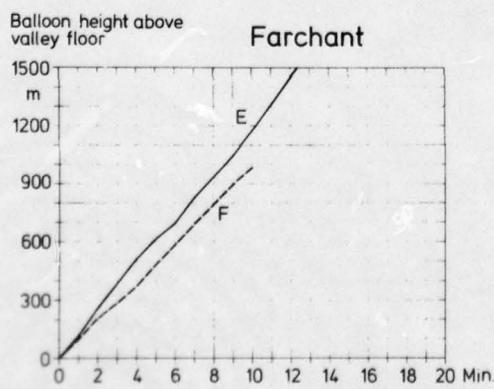
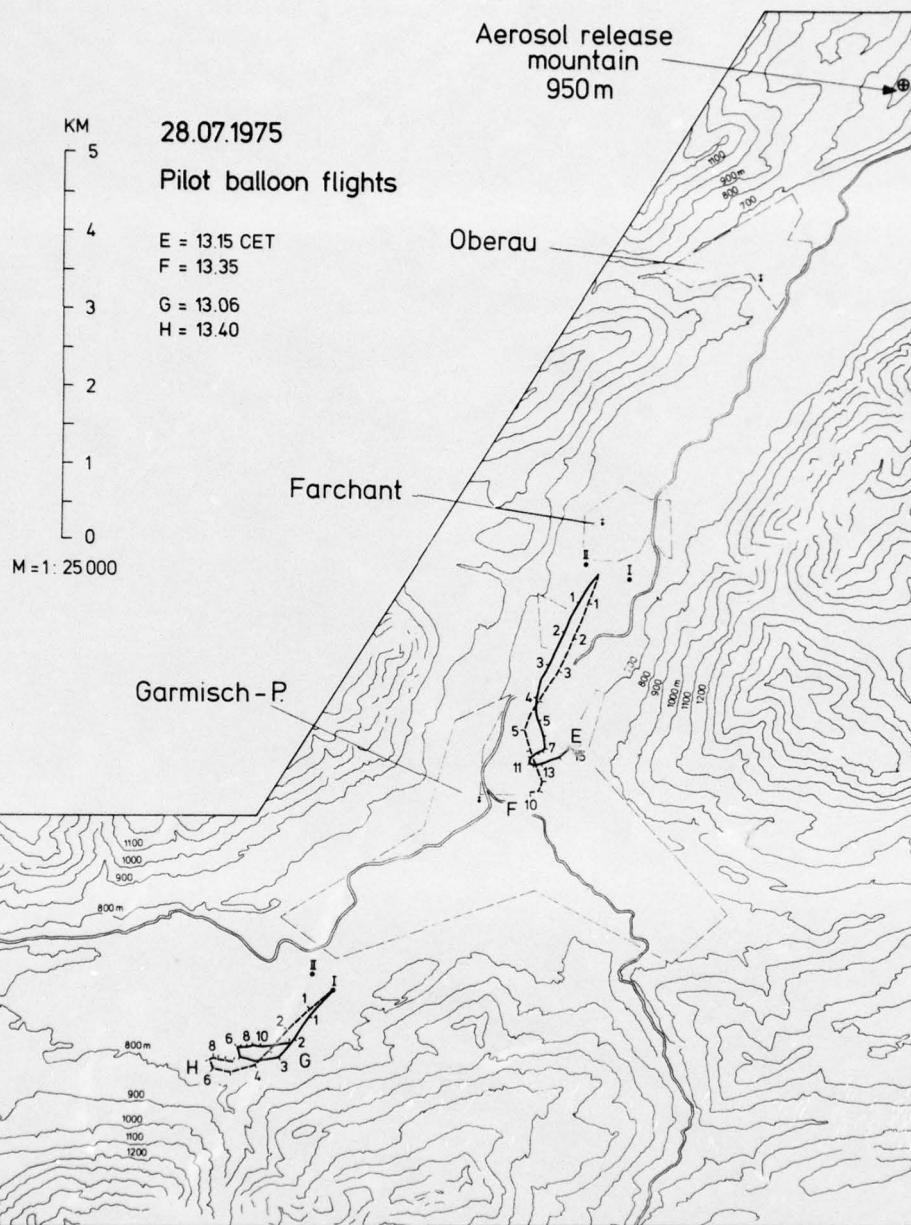
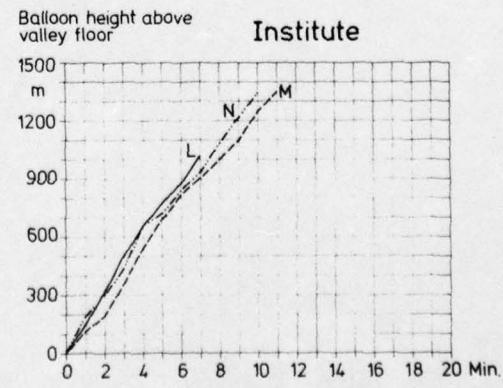
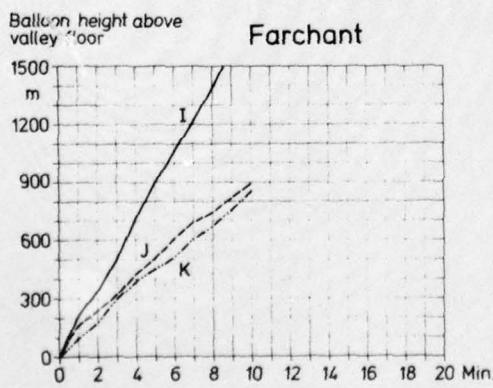
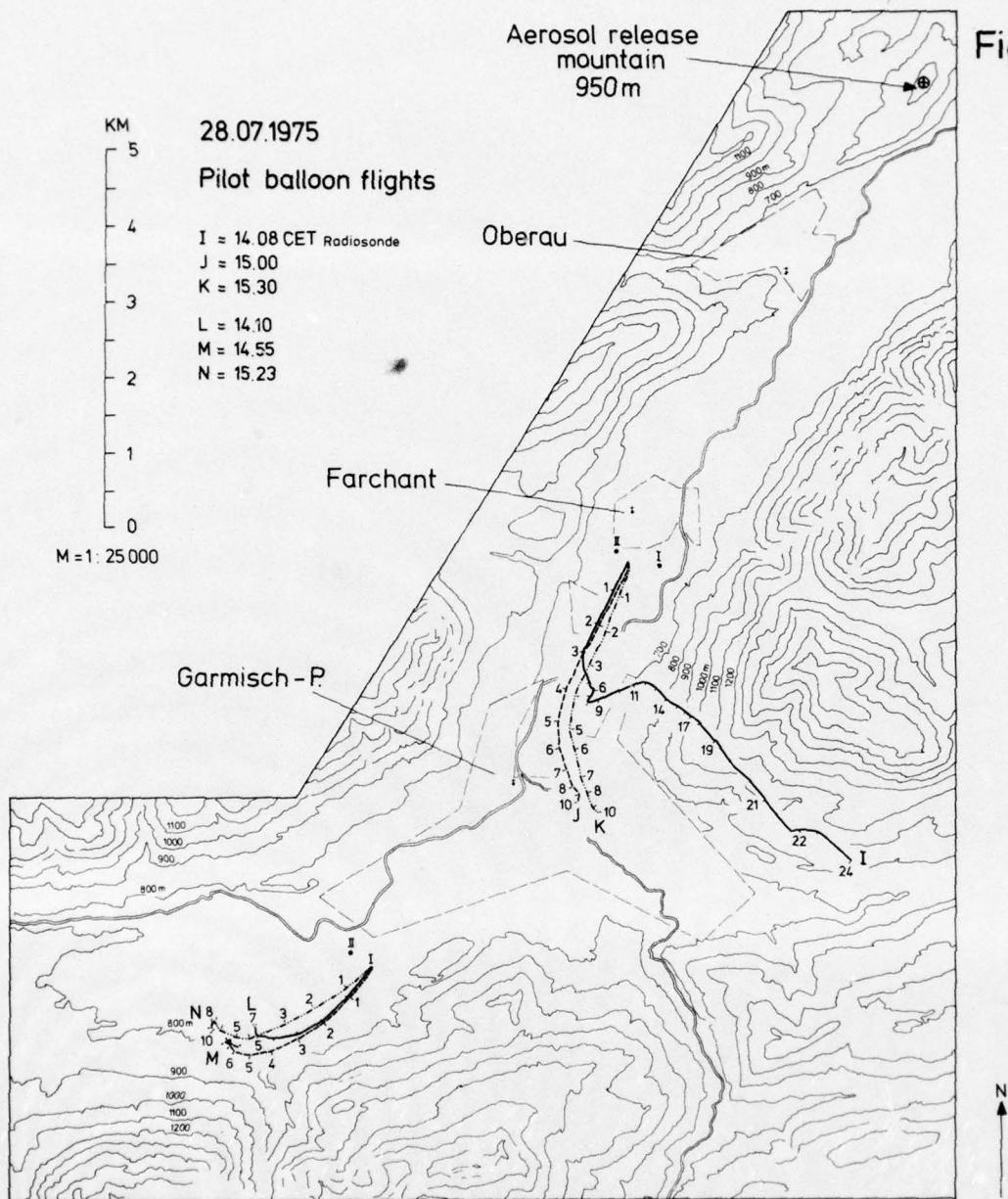


Fig. 46



m above  
valley floor

Fig. 47

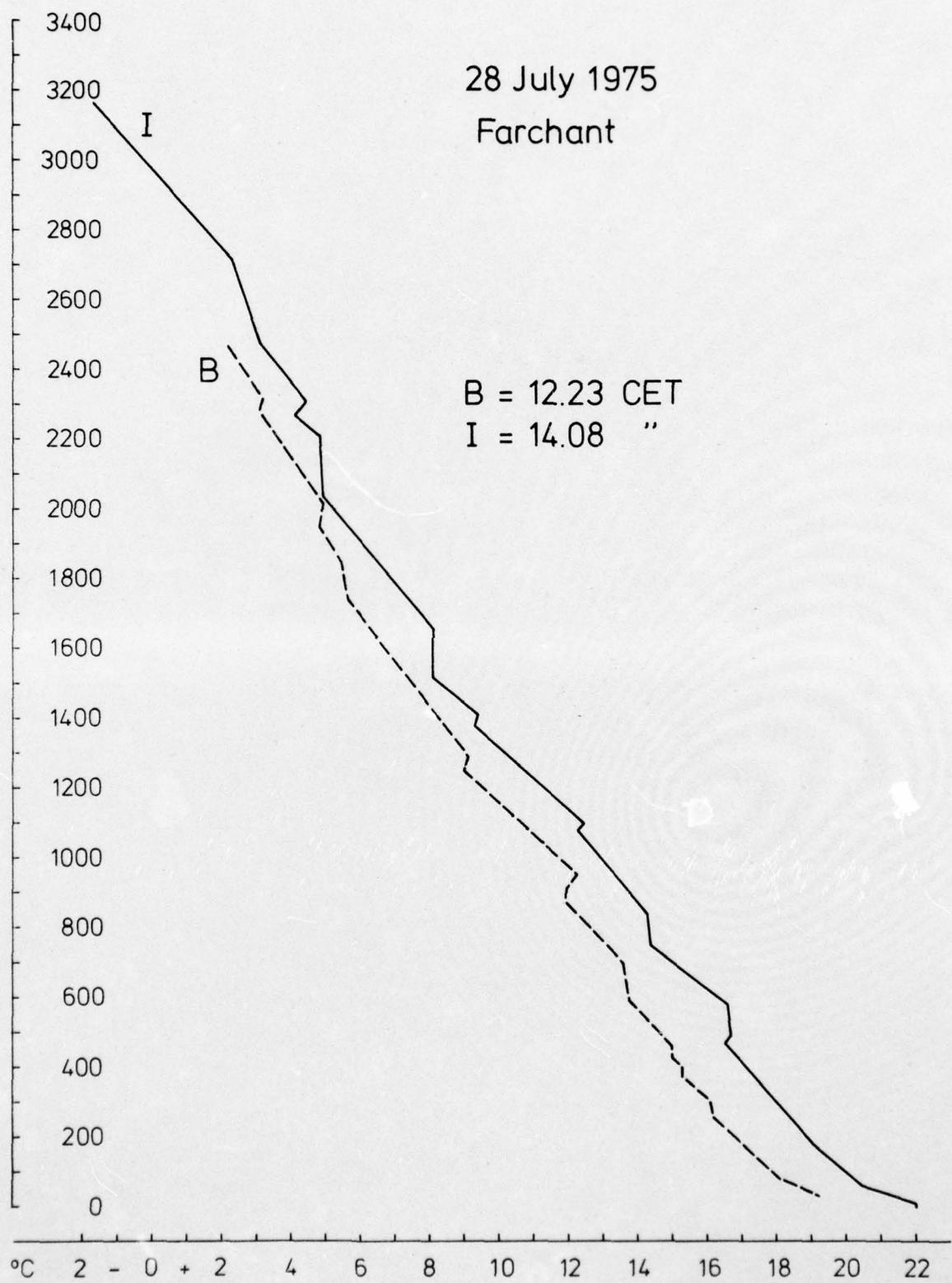


Fig. 48

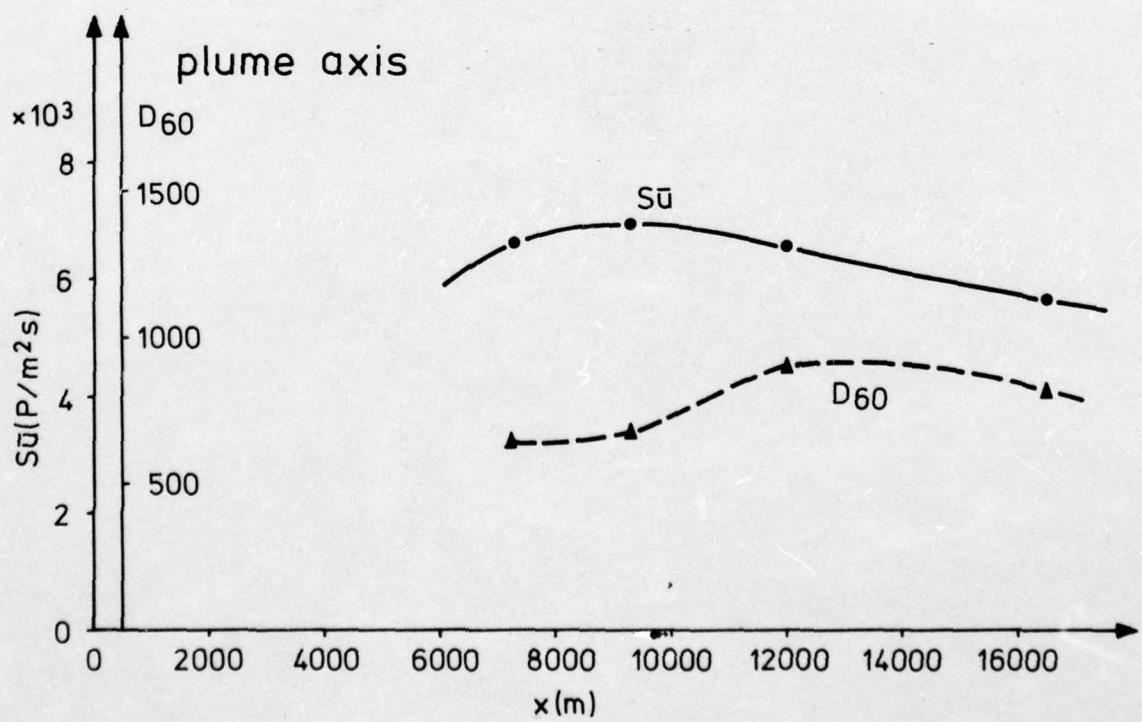
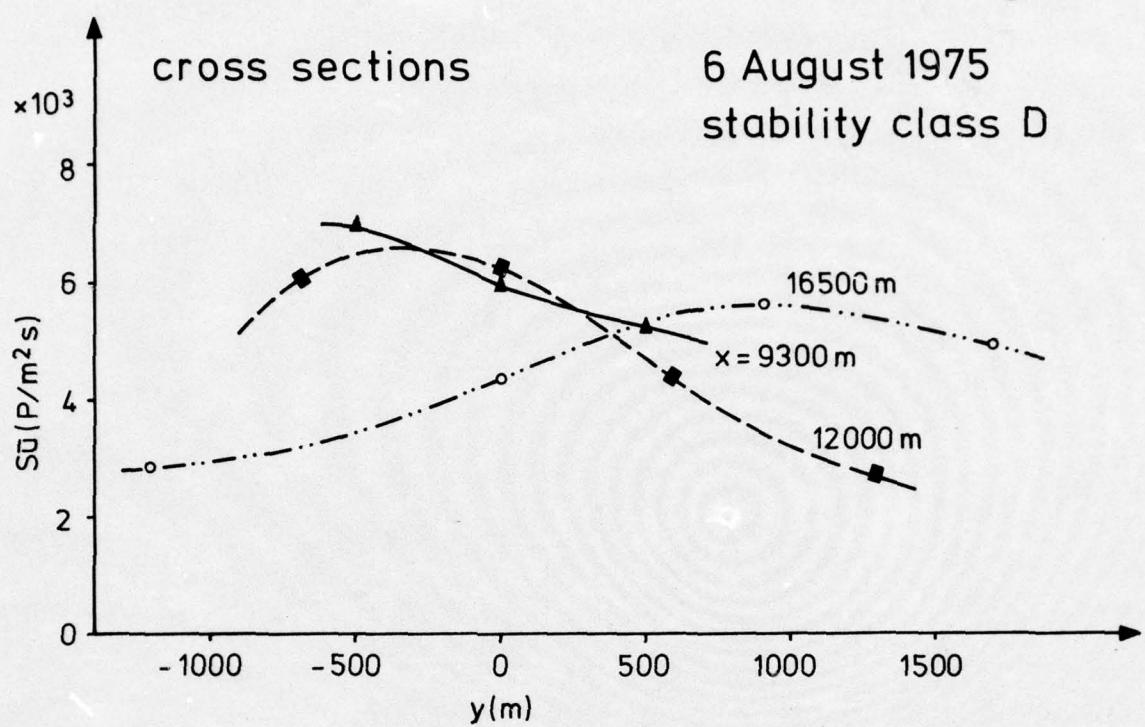


Fig. 49

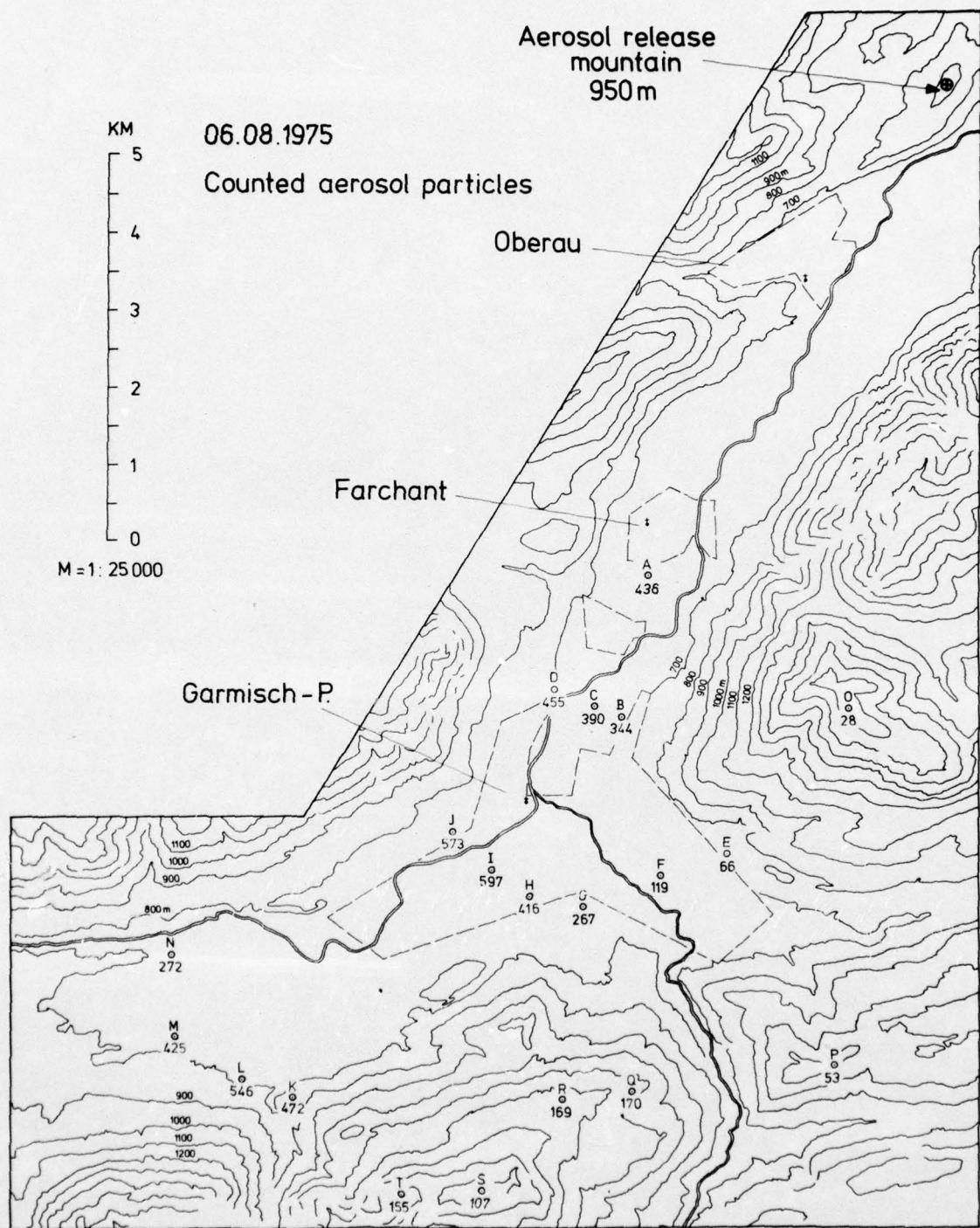


Fig. 50

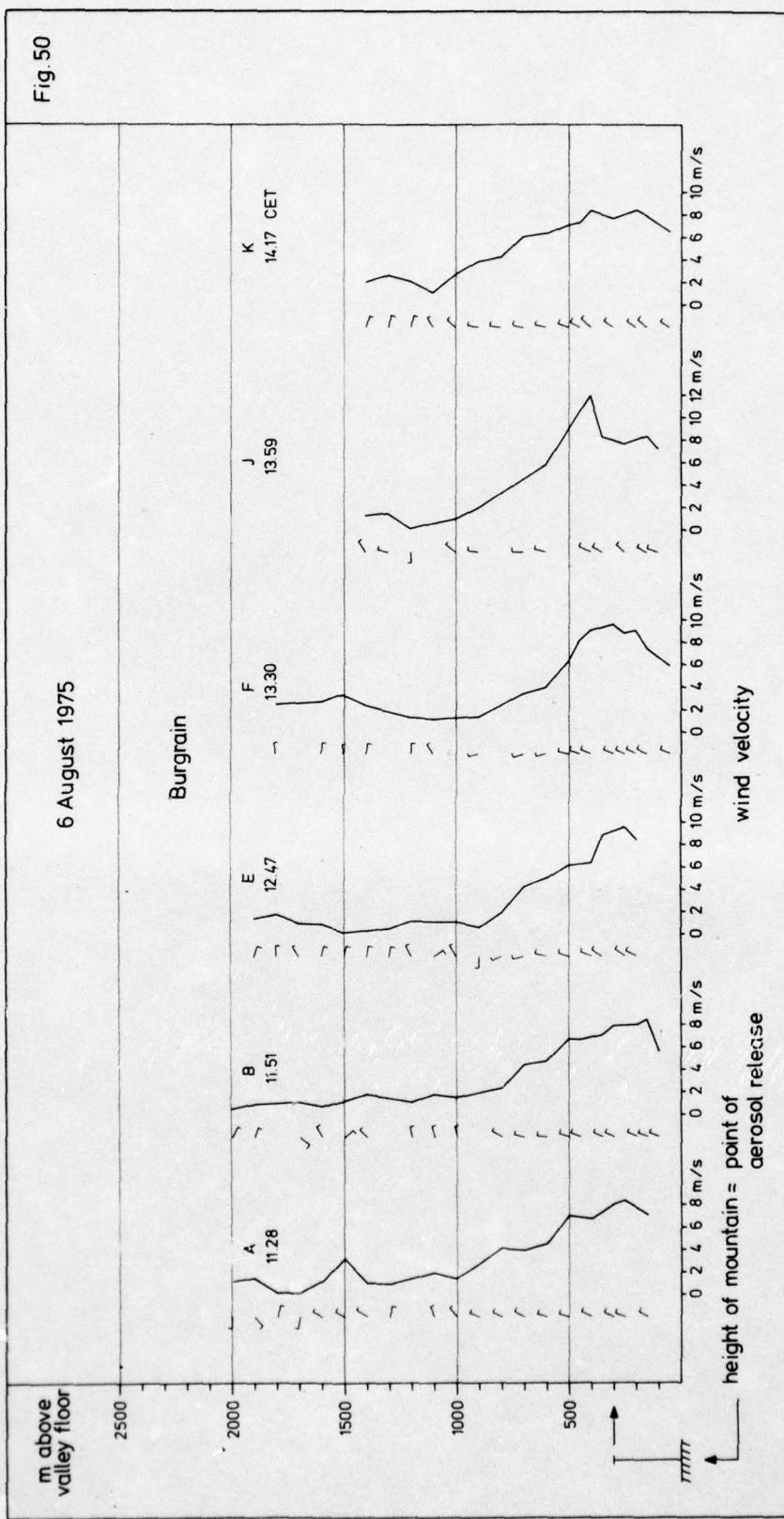


Fig. 51

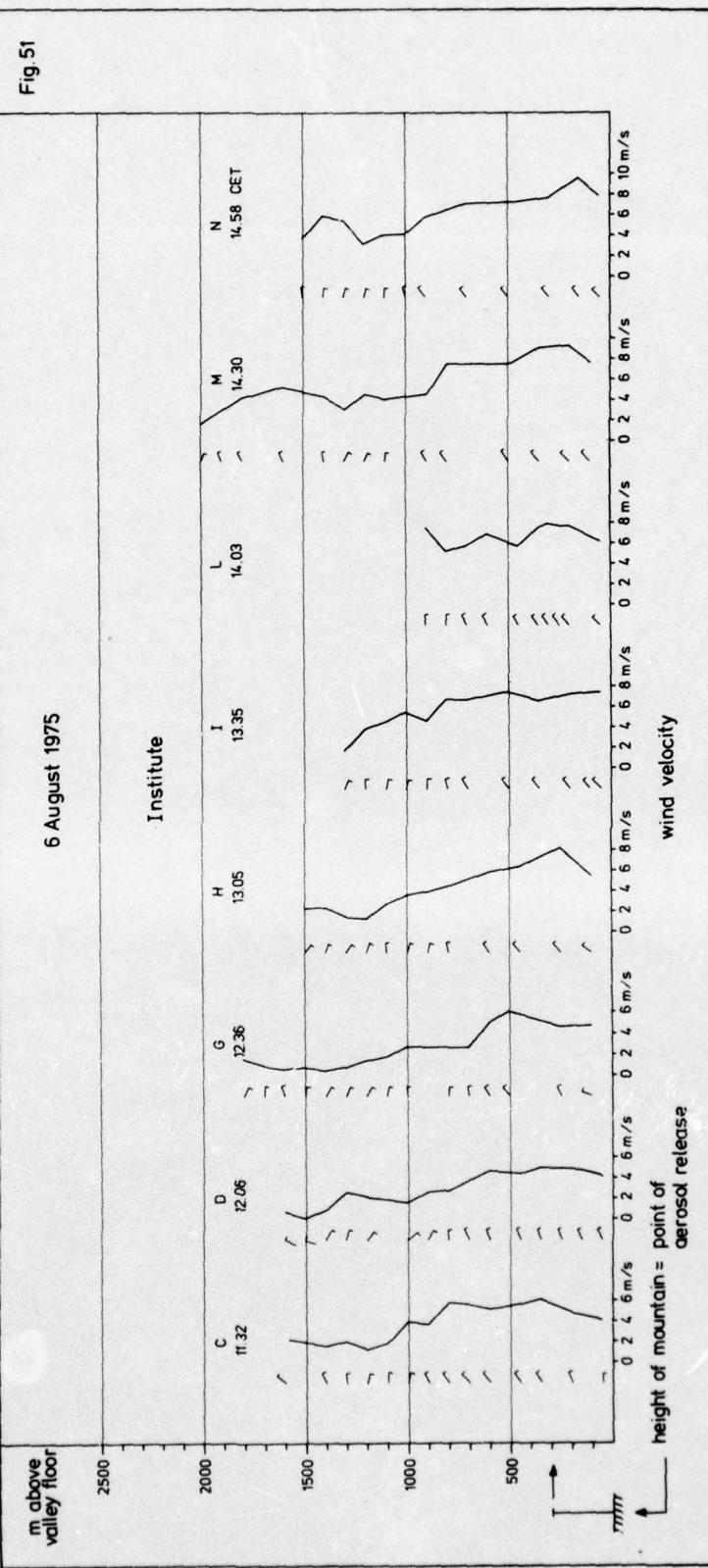


Fig. 52

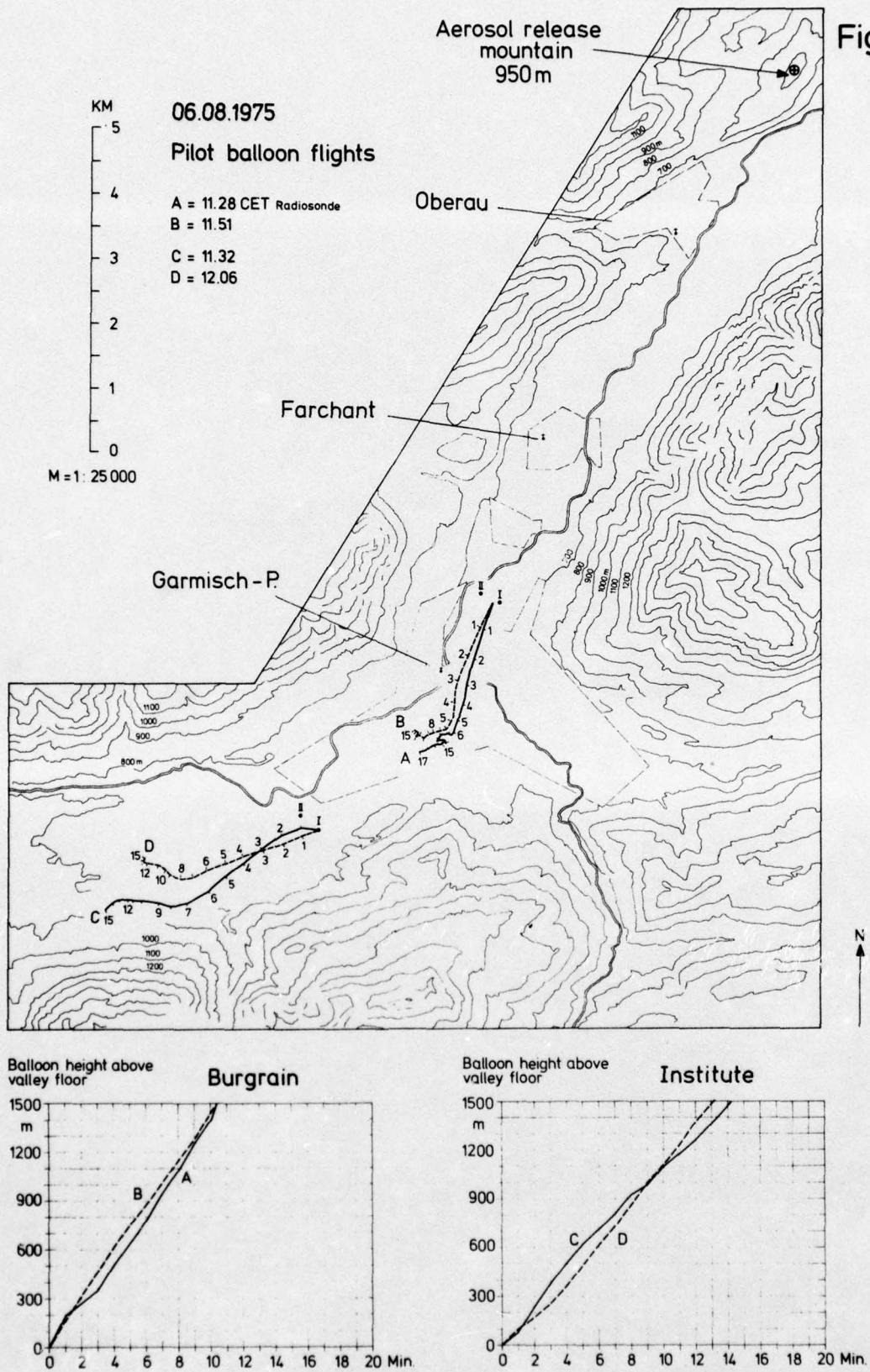


Fig. 53

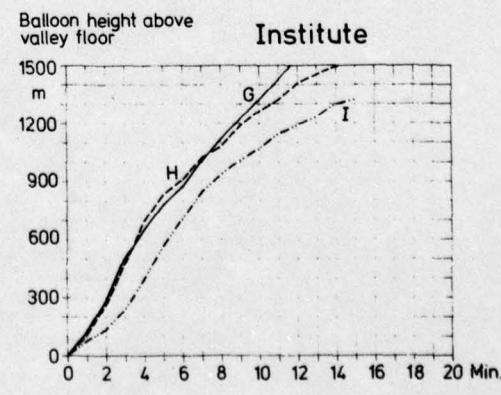
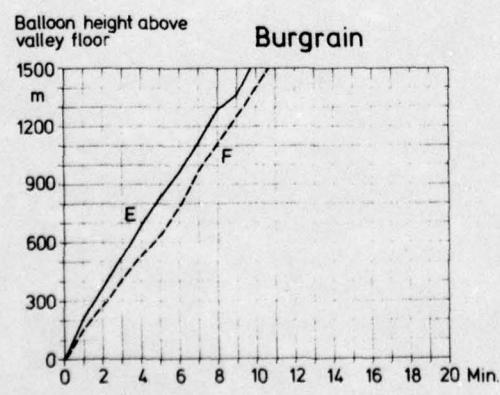
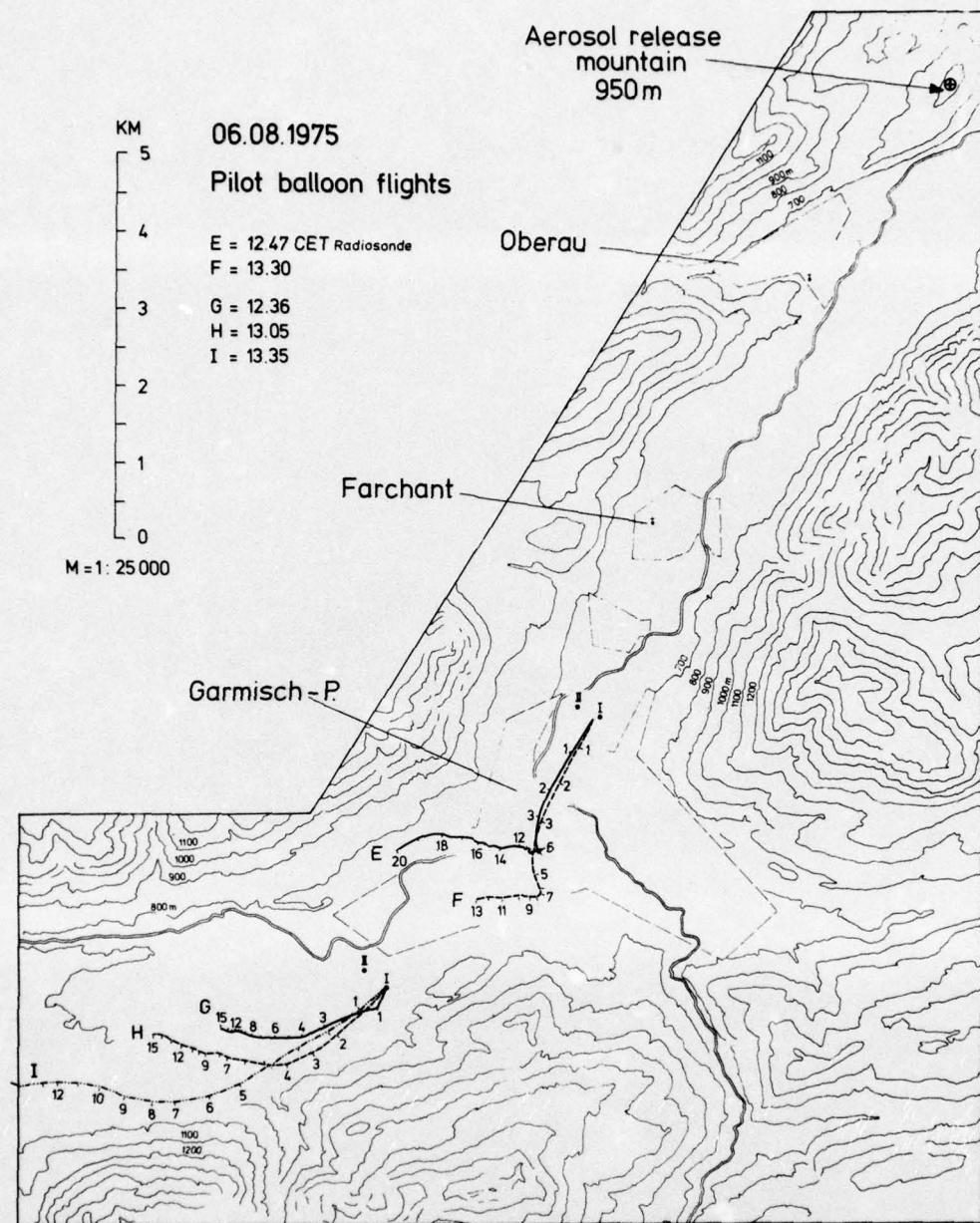
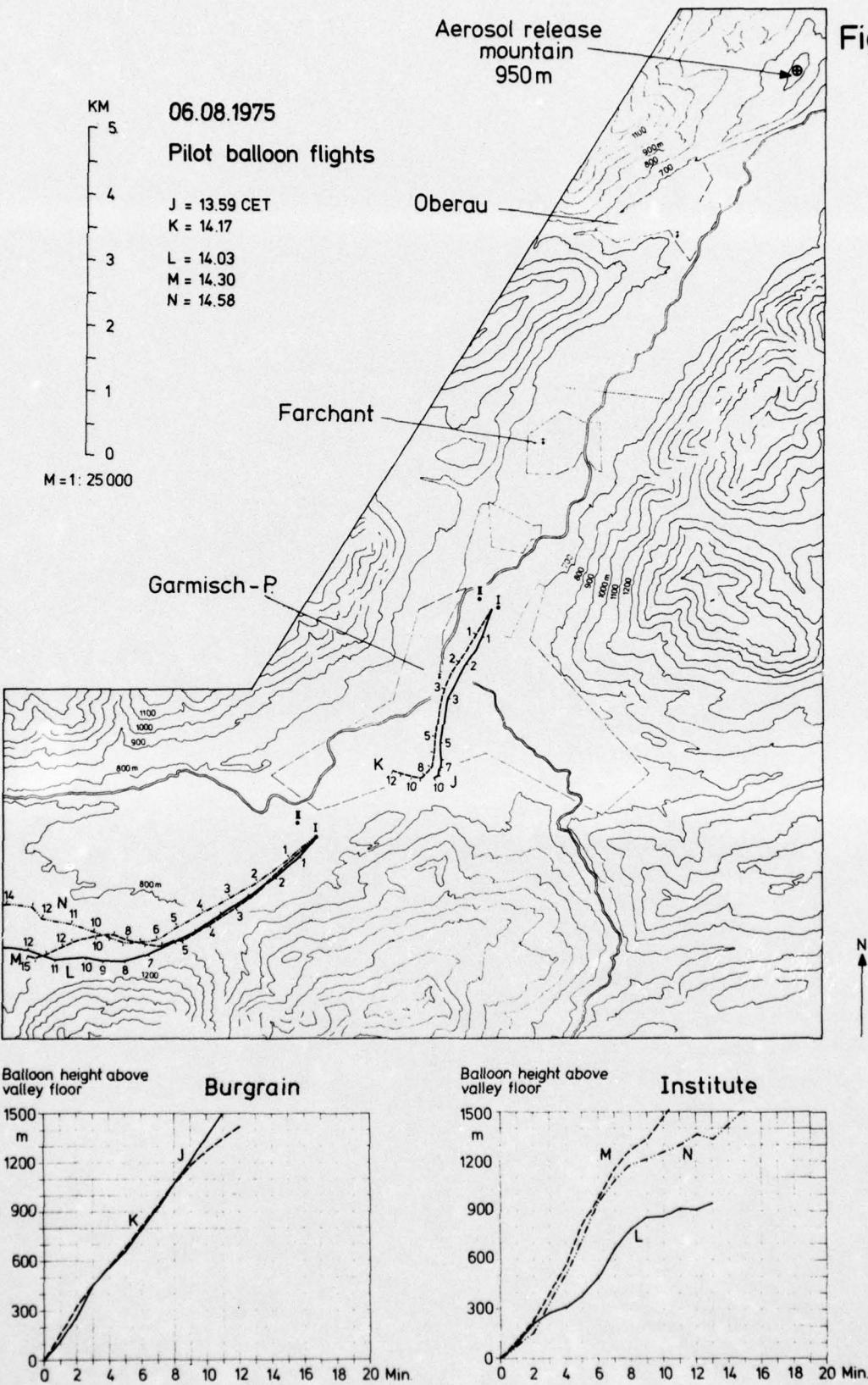


Fig. 54



m above  
valley floor

Fig. 55

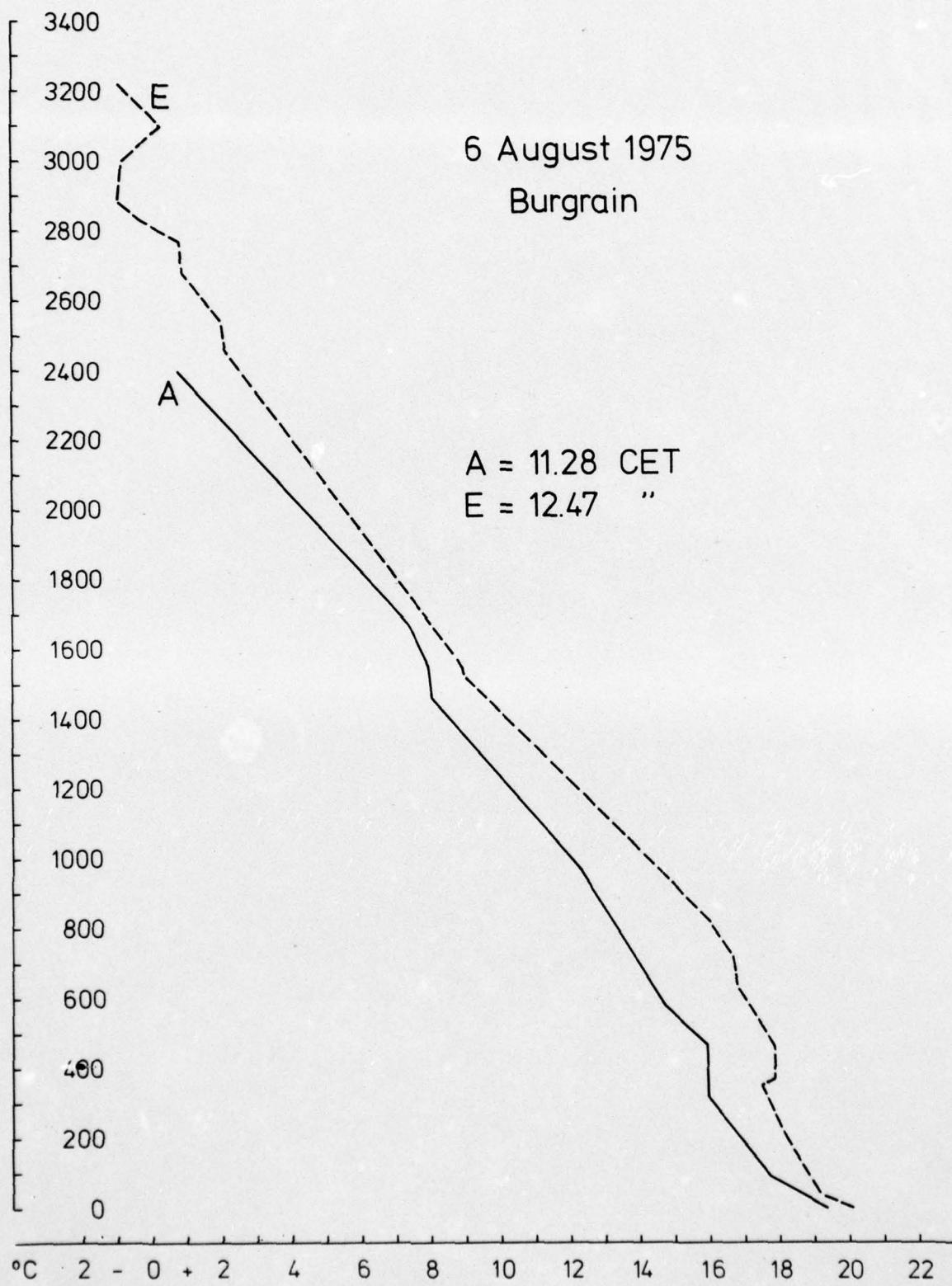


Fig. 56

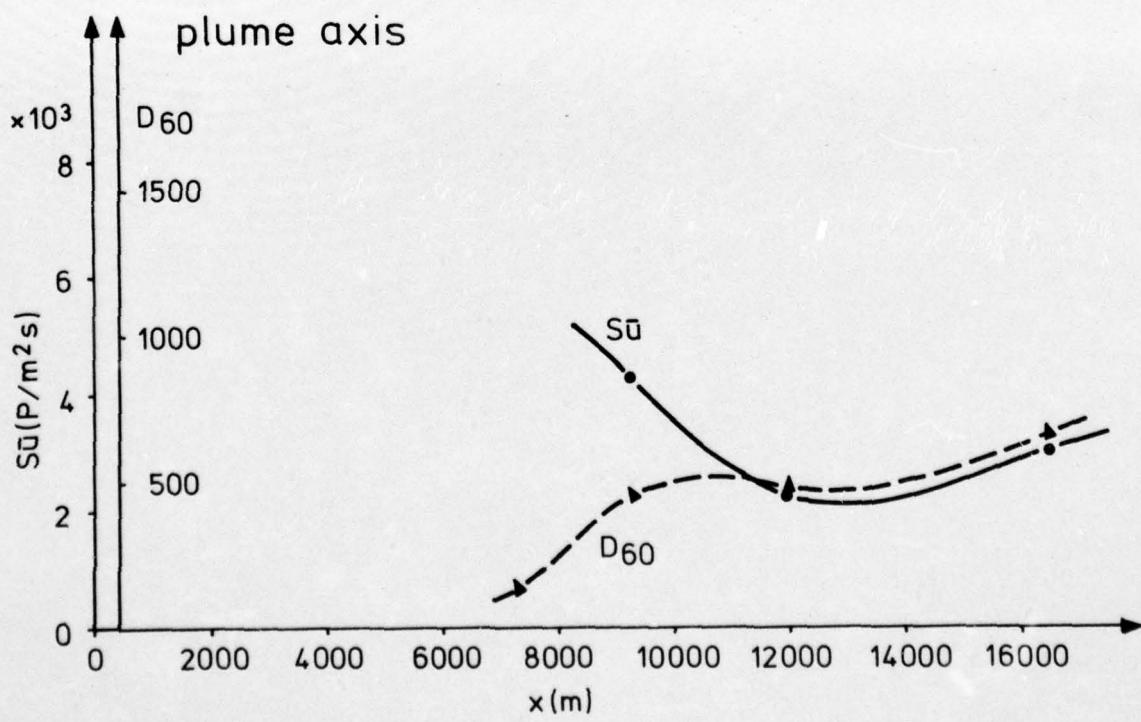
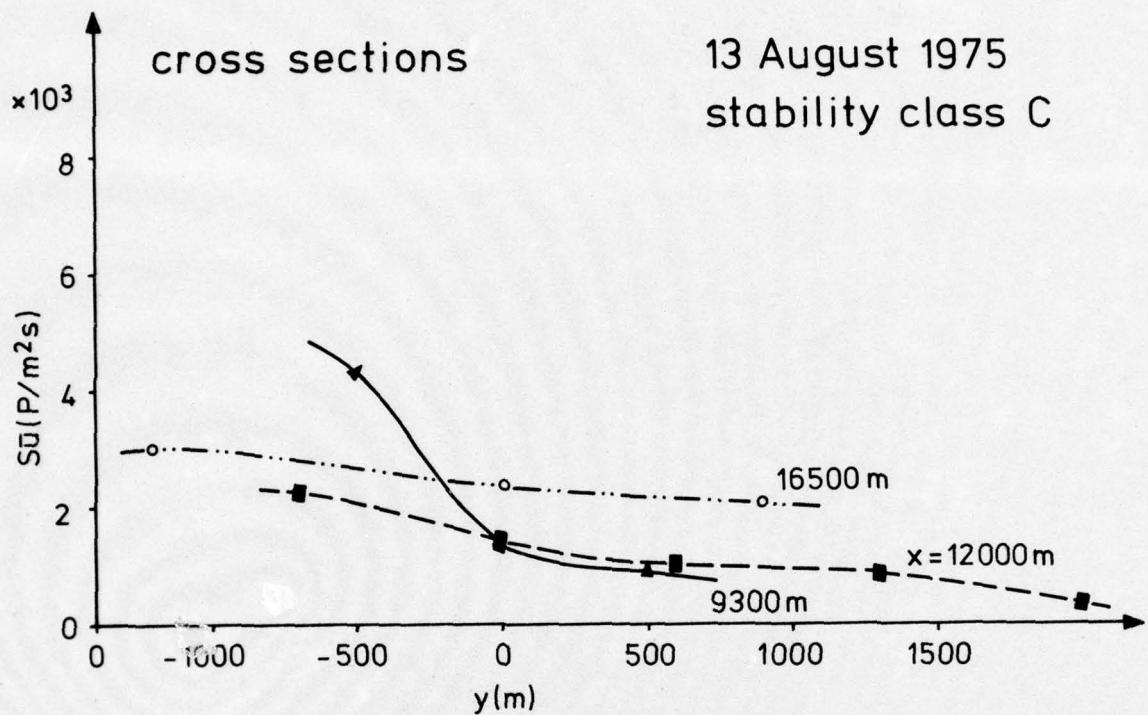


Fig. 57

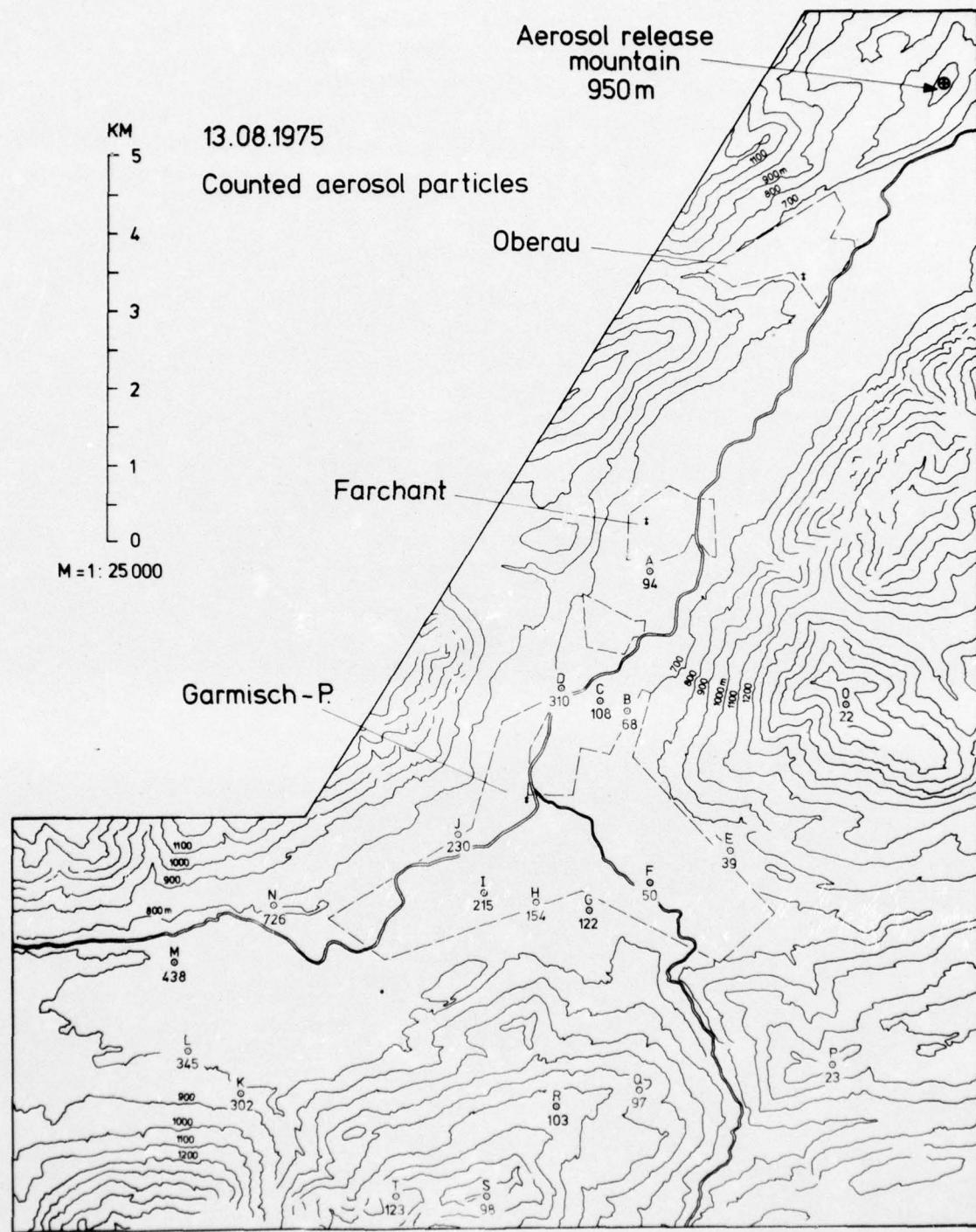
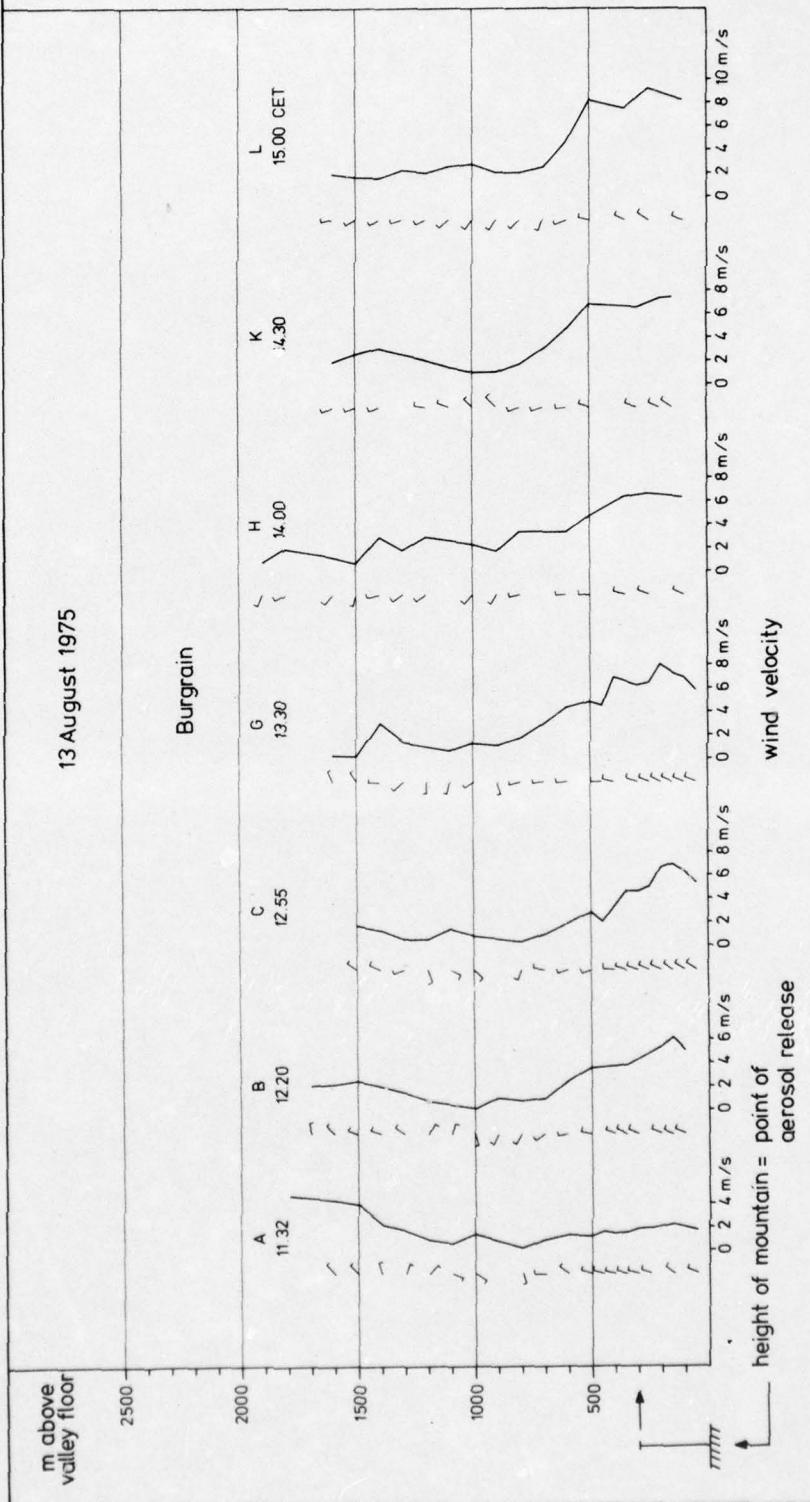


Fig. 58

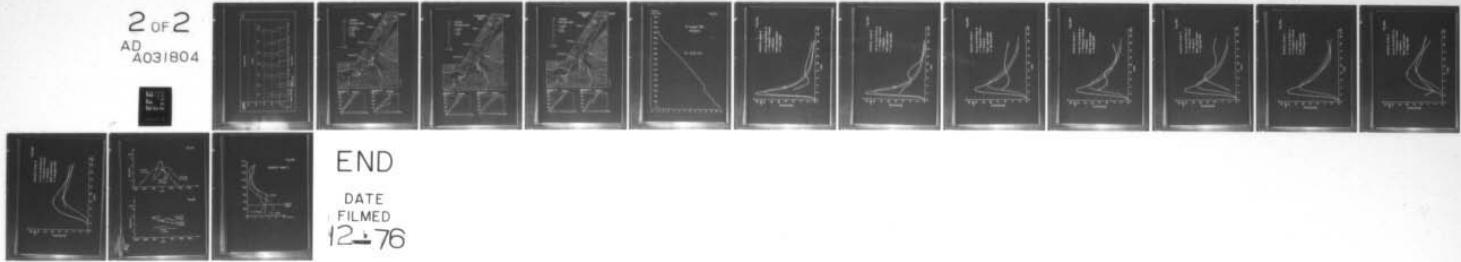


AD-A031 804 FRAUNHOFER-GESELLSCHAFT GARMISCH-PARTENKIRCHEN (WEST --ETC F/G 4/1  
BOUNDARY LAYER AEROSOL TRANSPORT MEASUREMENTS IN A VALLEY SYSTE--ETC(U)  
JUL 76 R REITER, R SLADKOVIC DA-ERO-75-G-042

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12-76

Fig. 59

13 August 1975

Institute

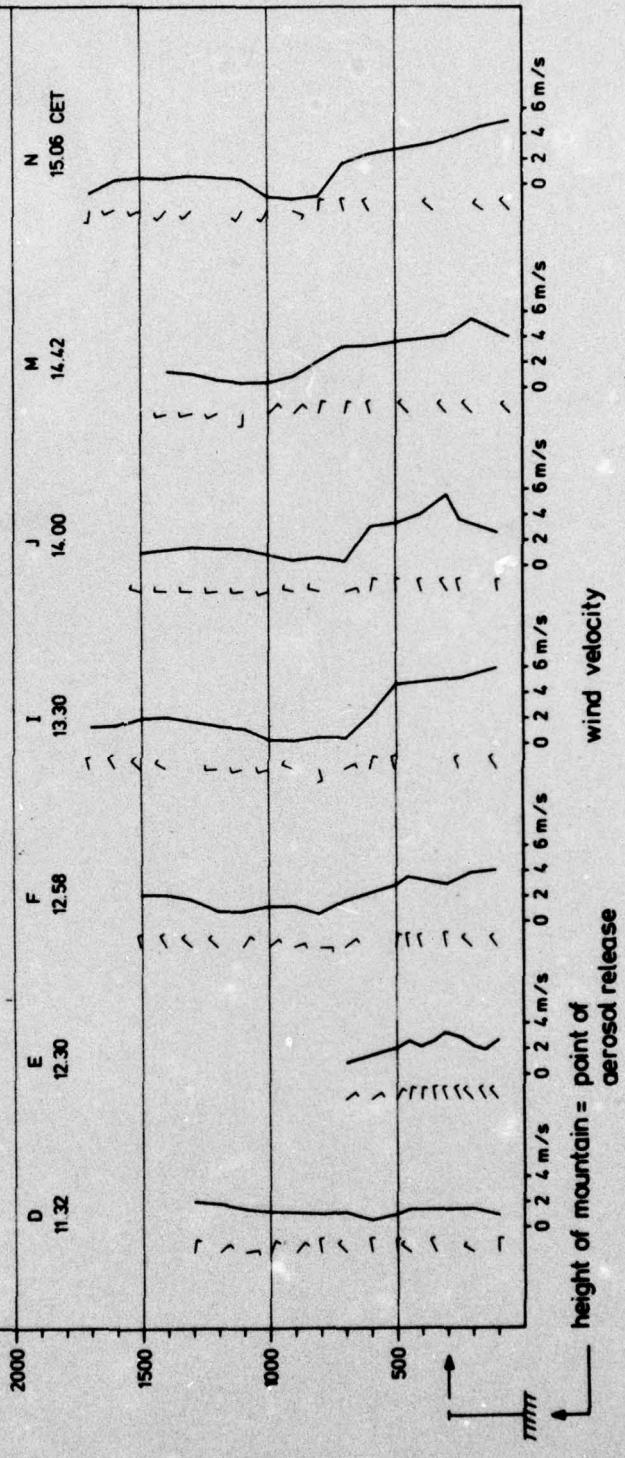


Fig. 60

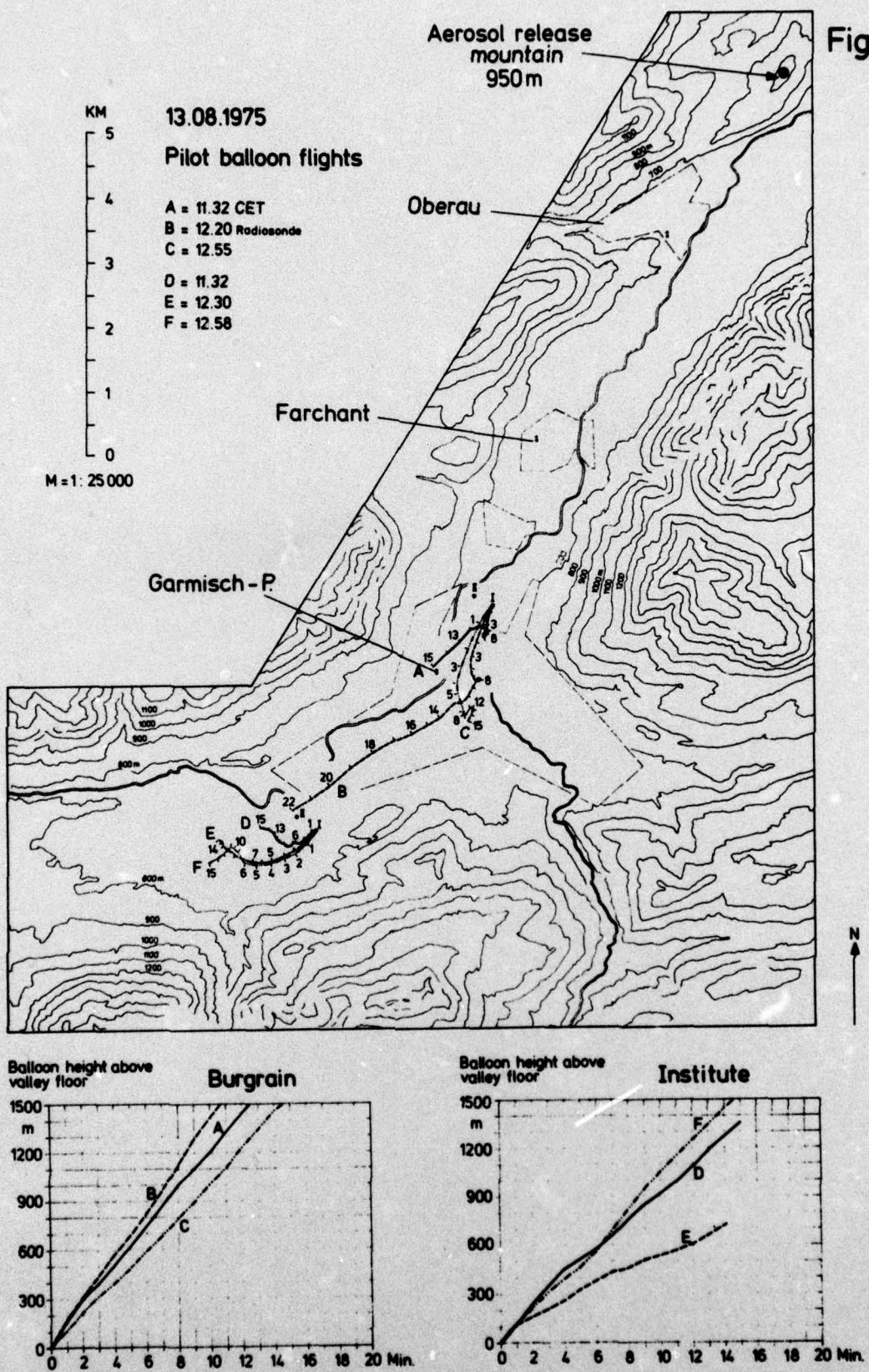


Fig. 61

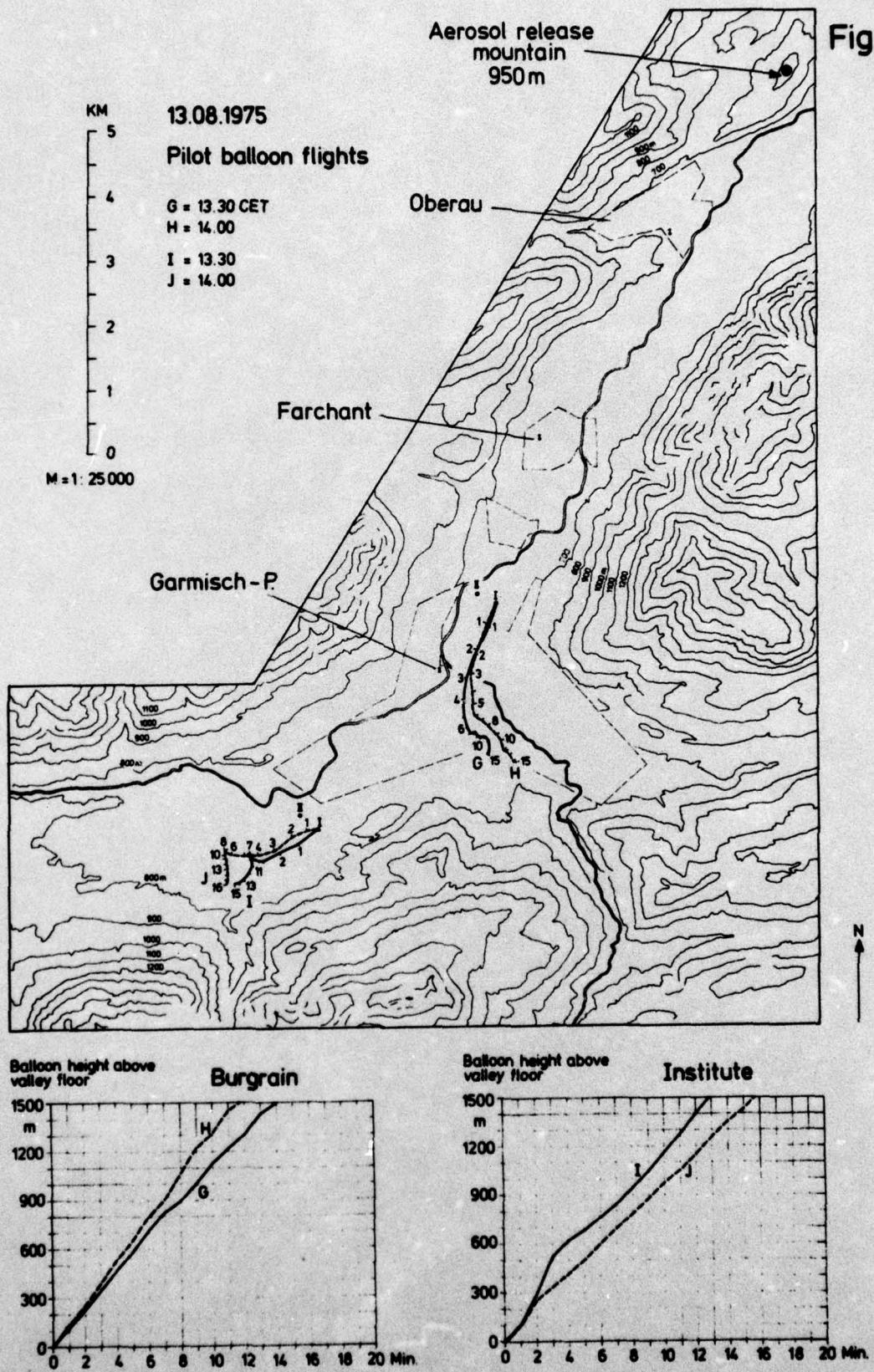


Fig. 62

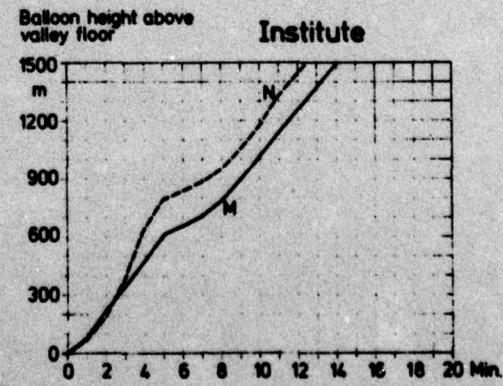
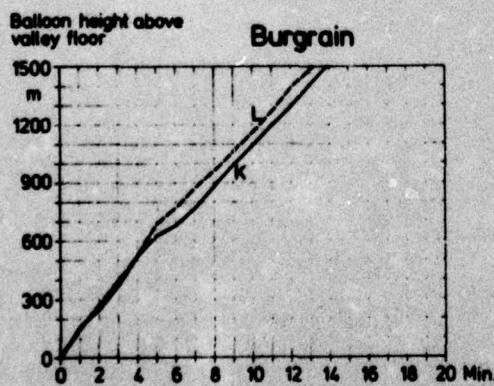
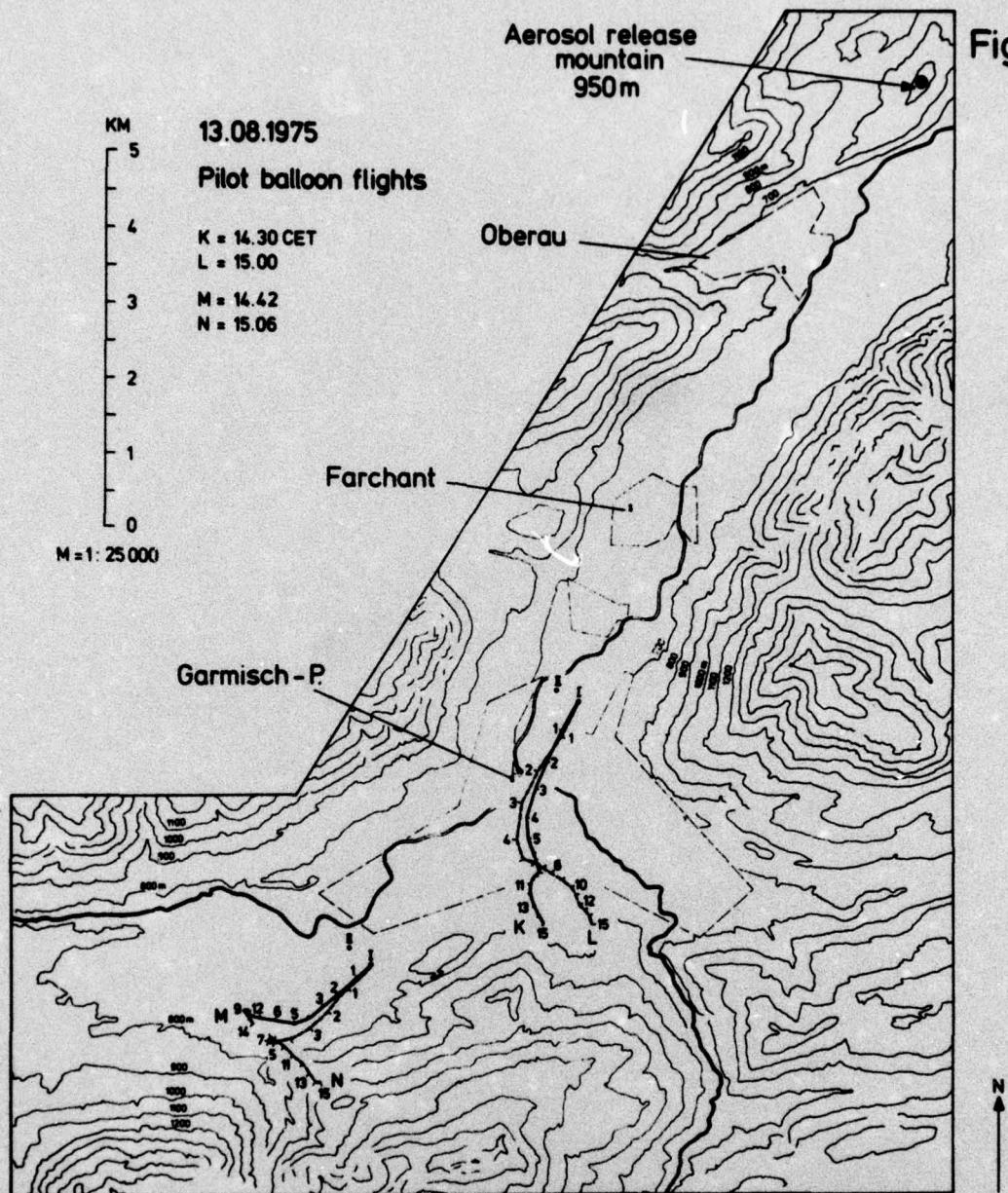


Fig. 63

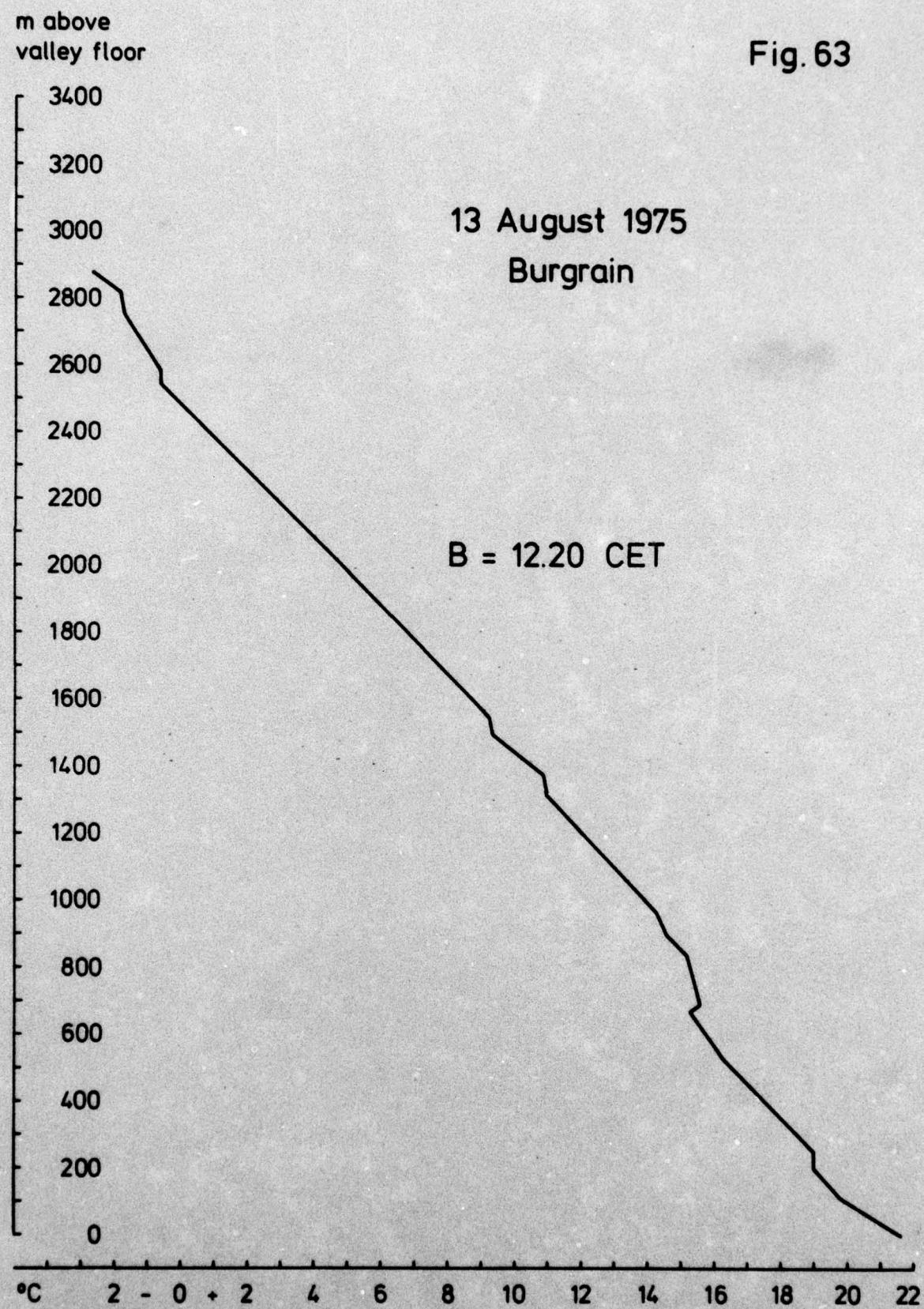


Fig. 64a

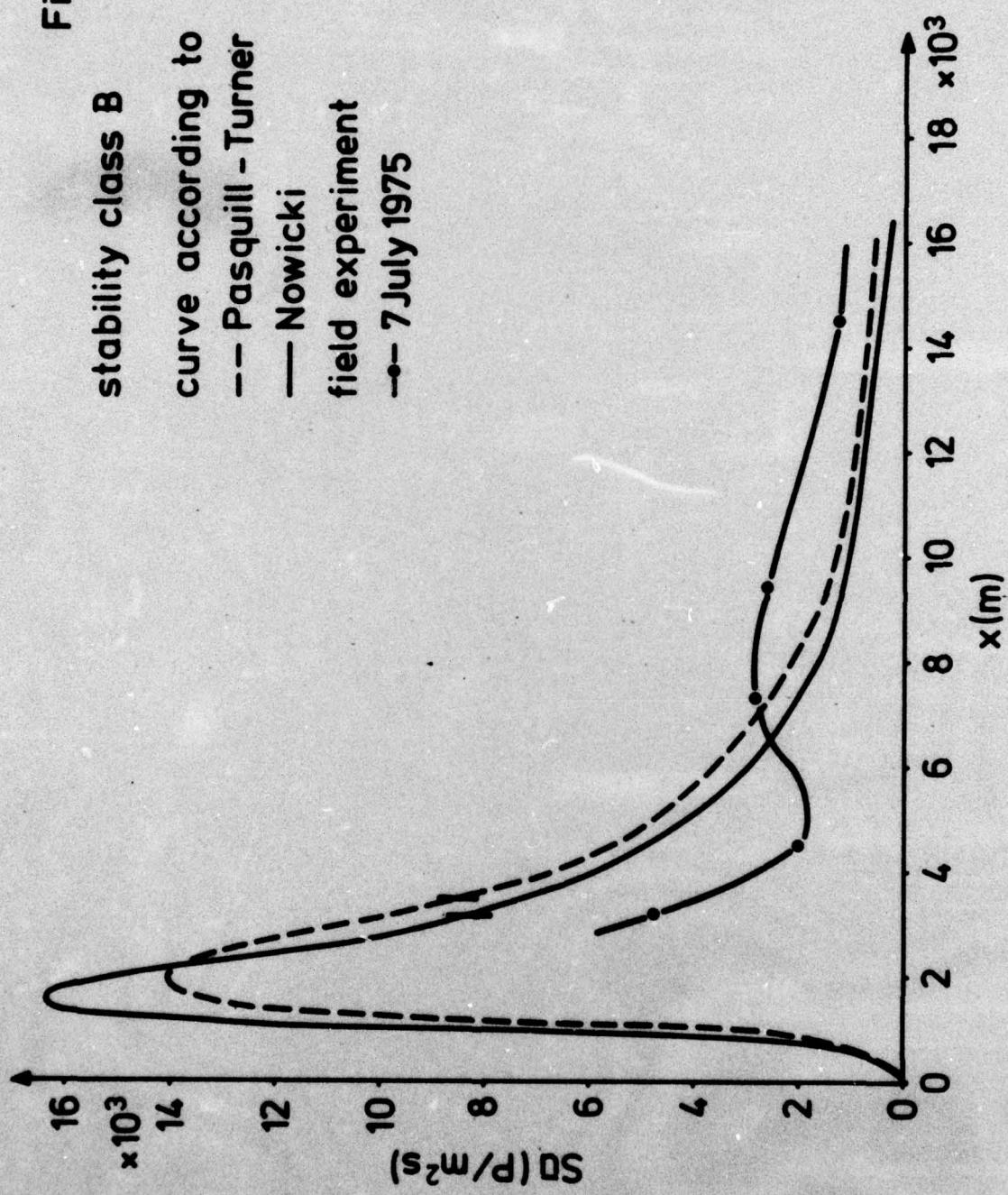


Fig. 64b

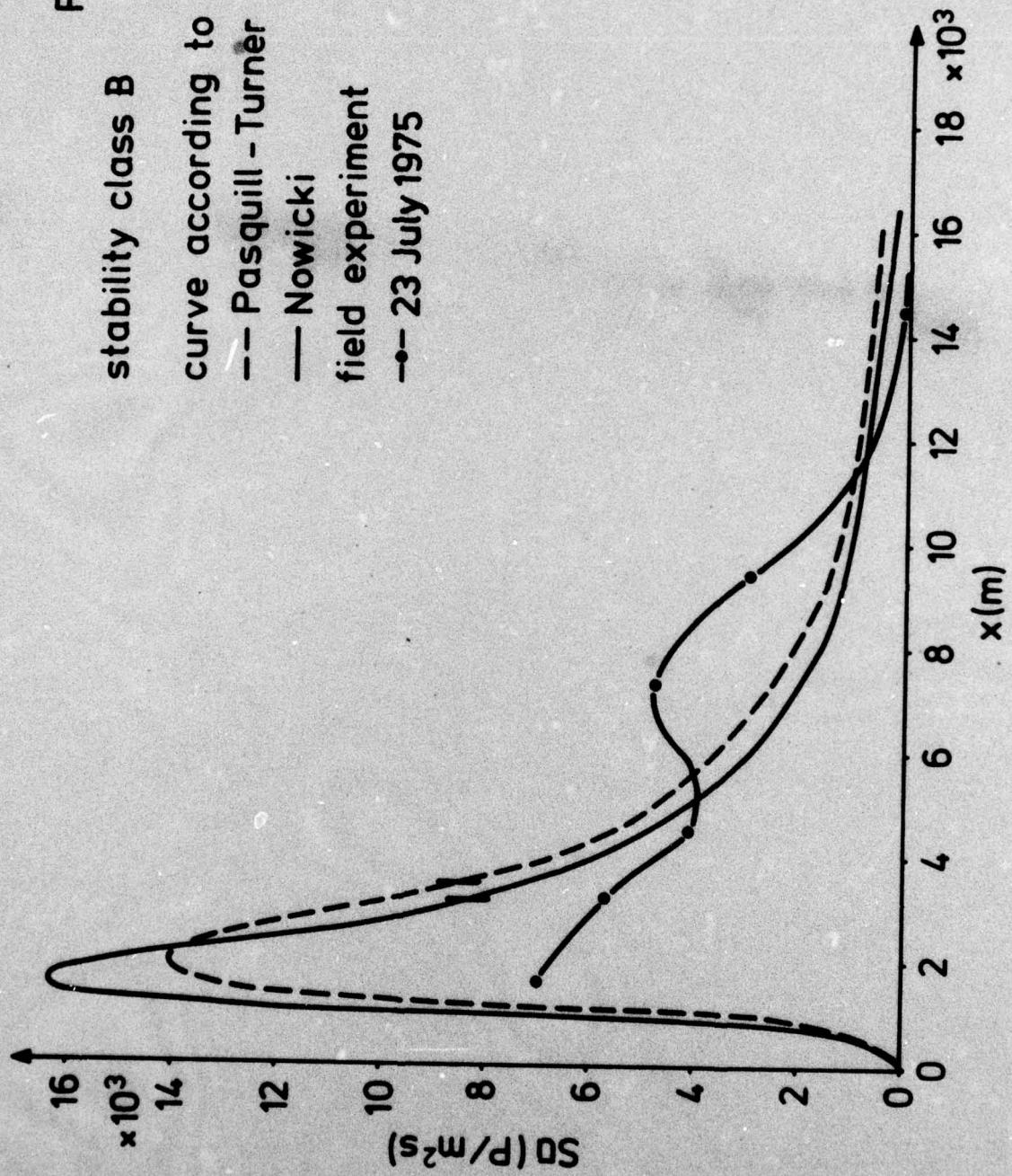


Fig. 65a

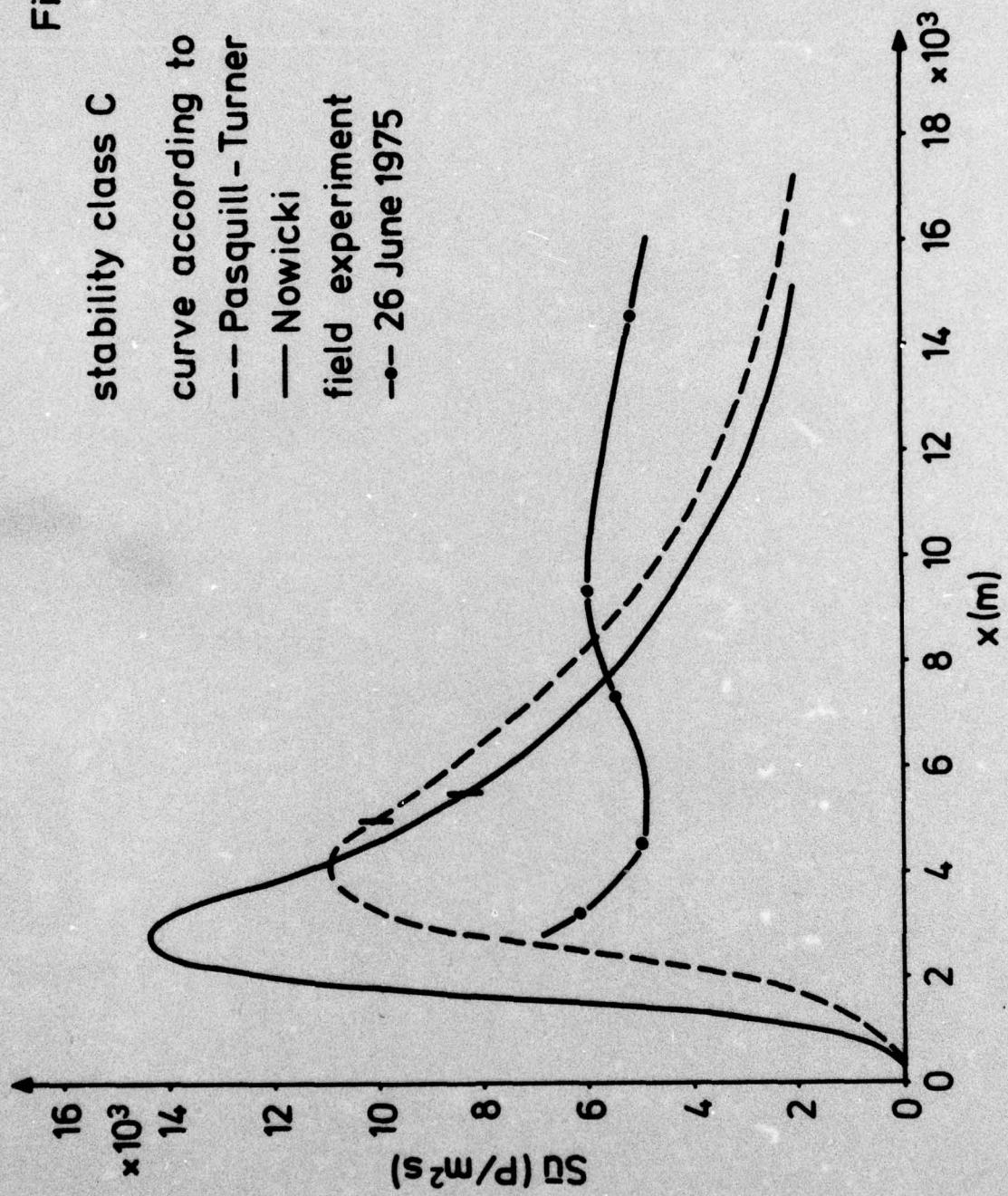


Fig. 65b

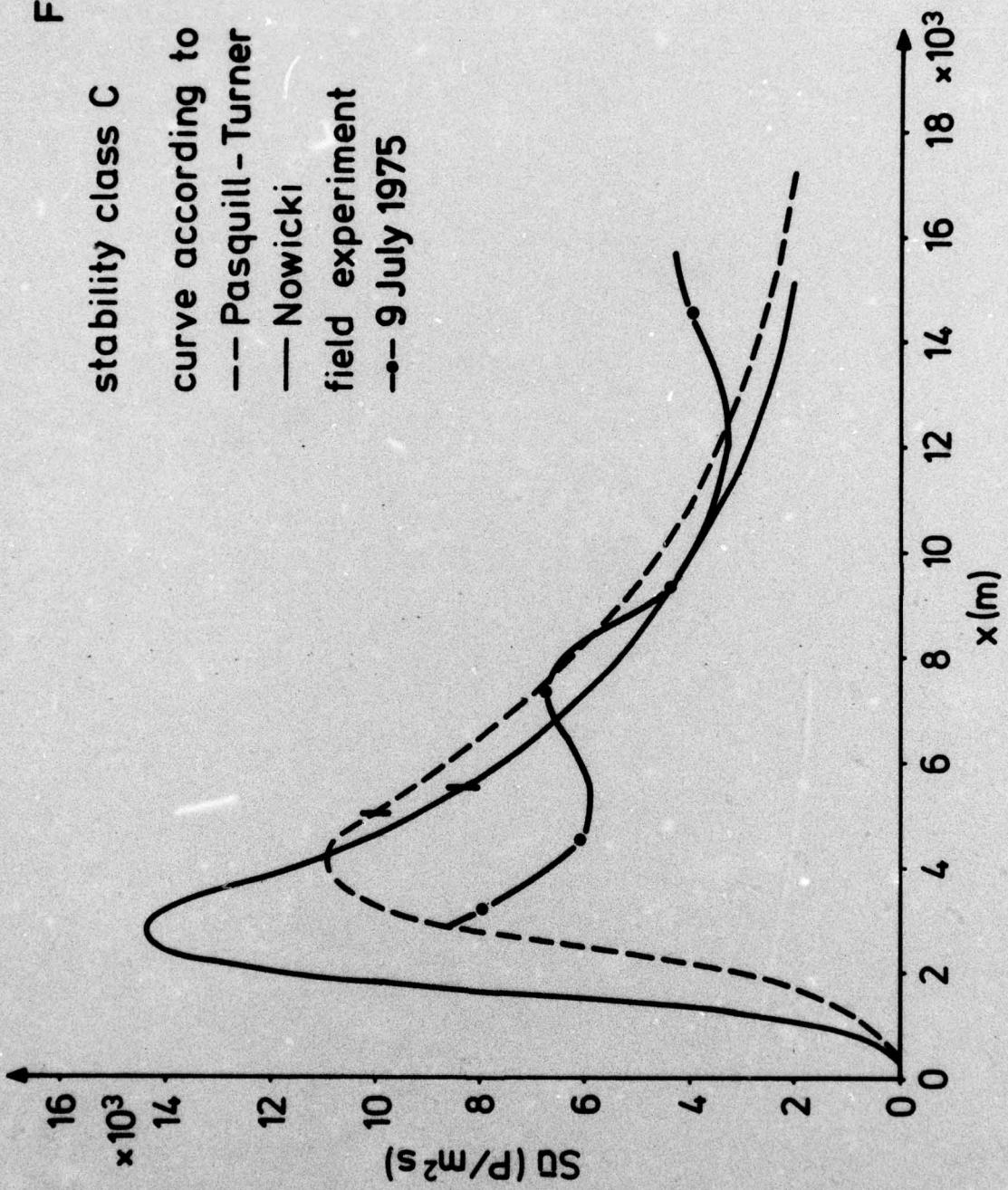


Fig. 65c

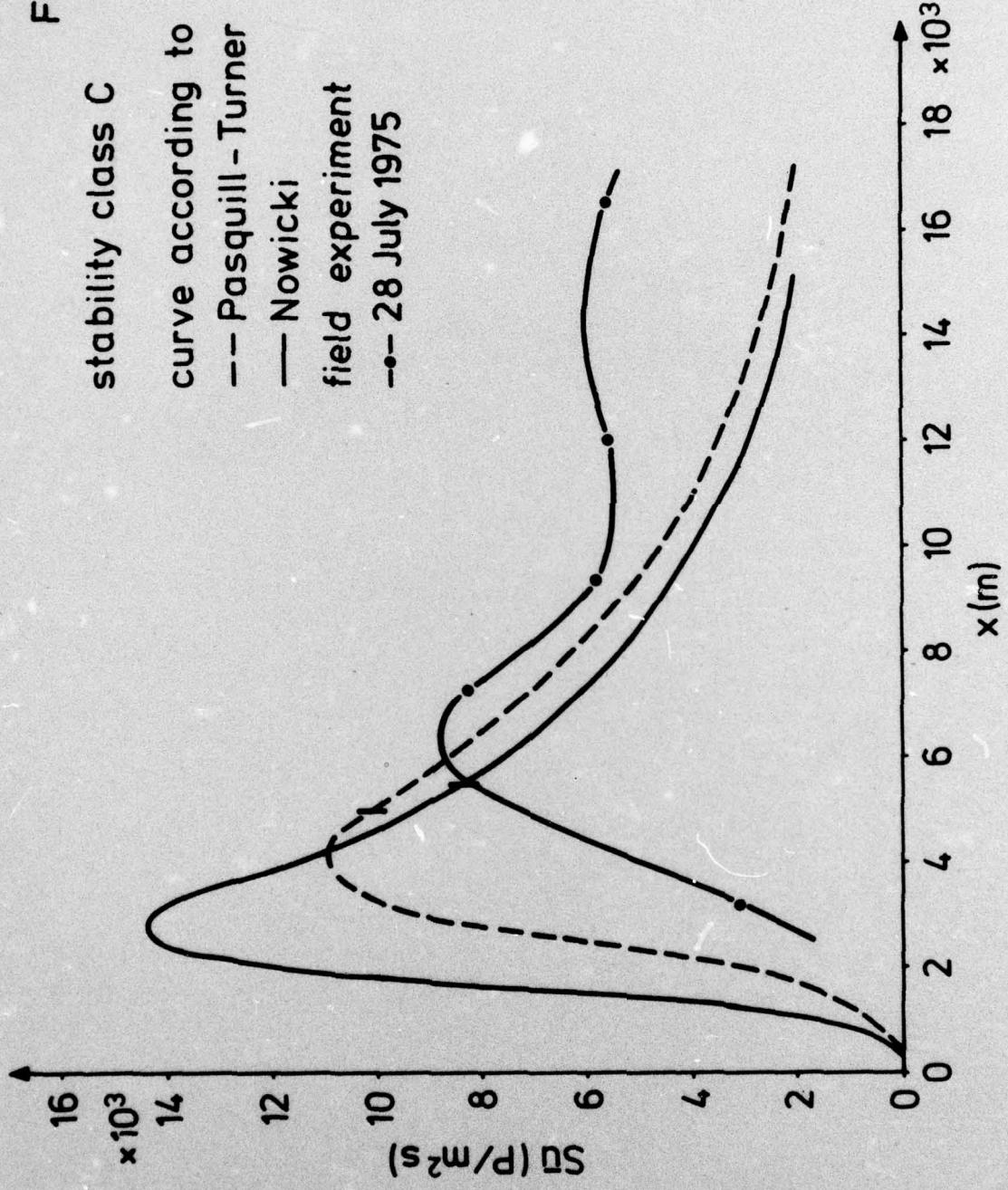


Fig. 65d

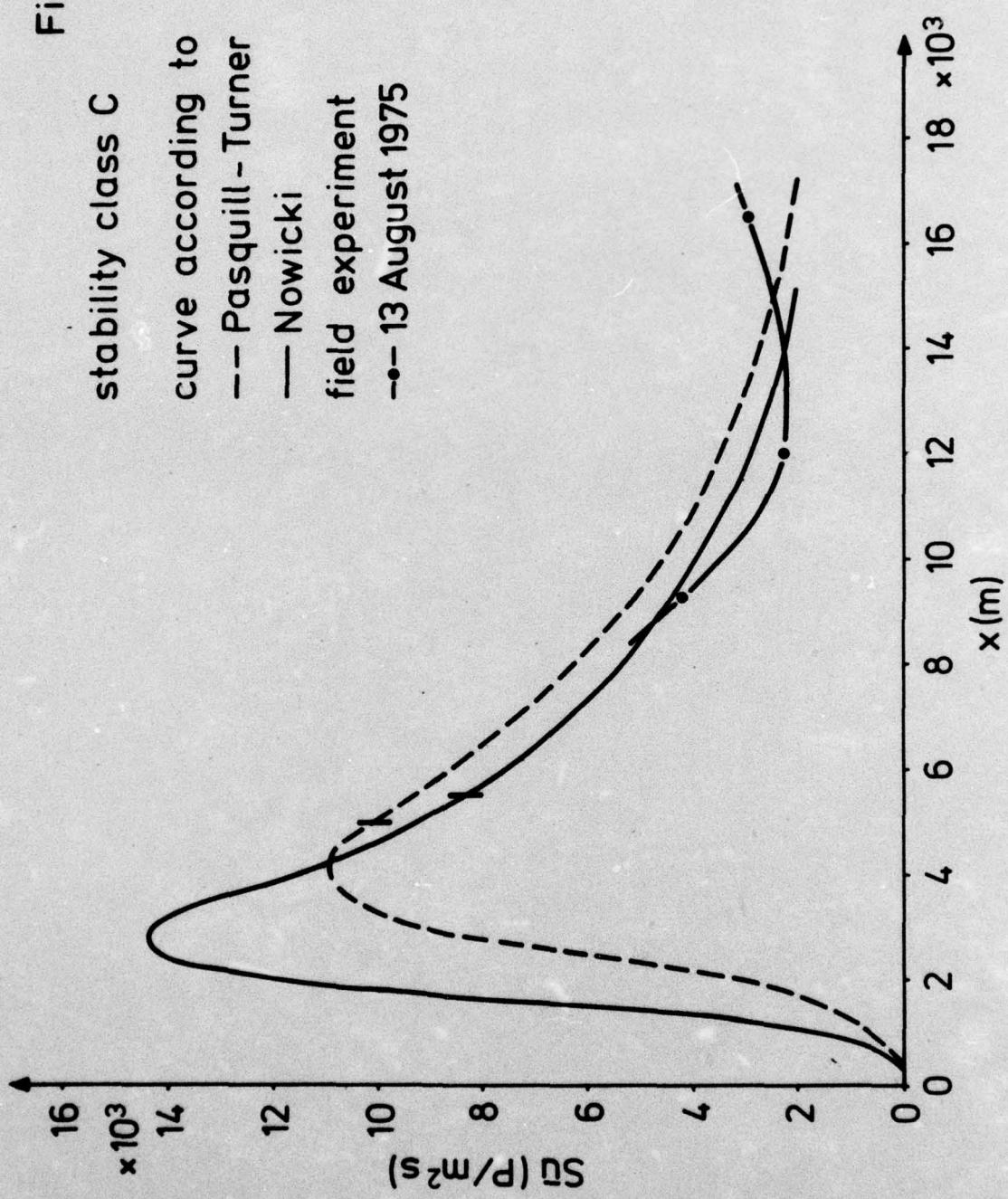


Fig. 66a

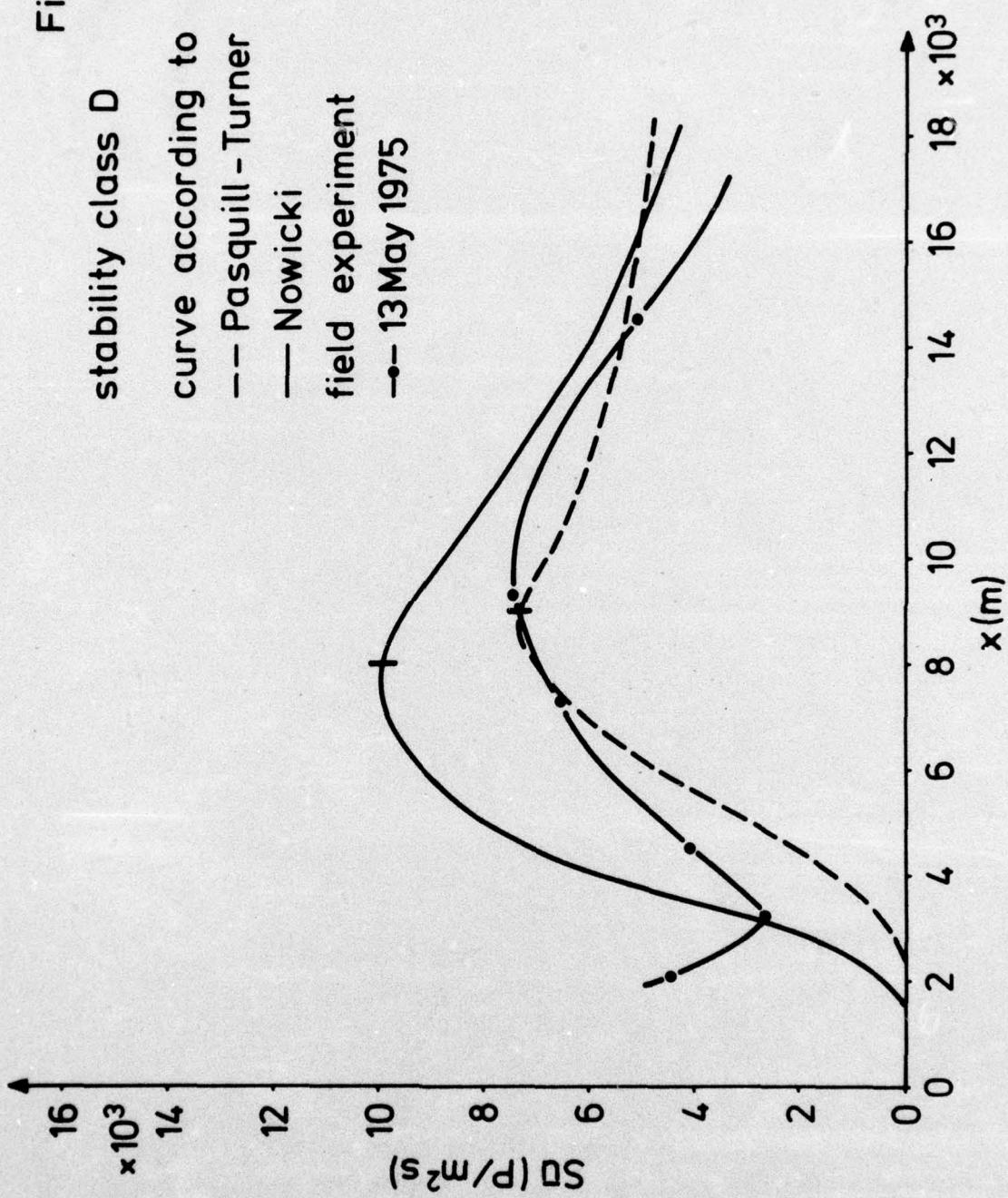


Fig. 66b

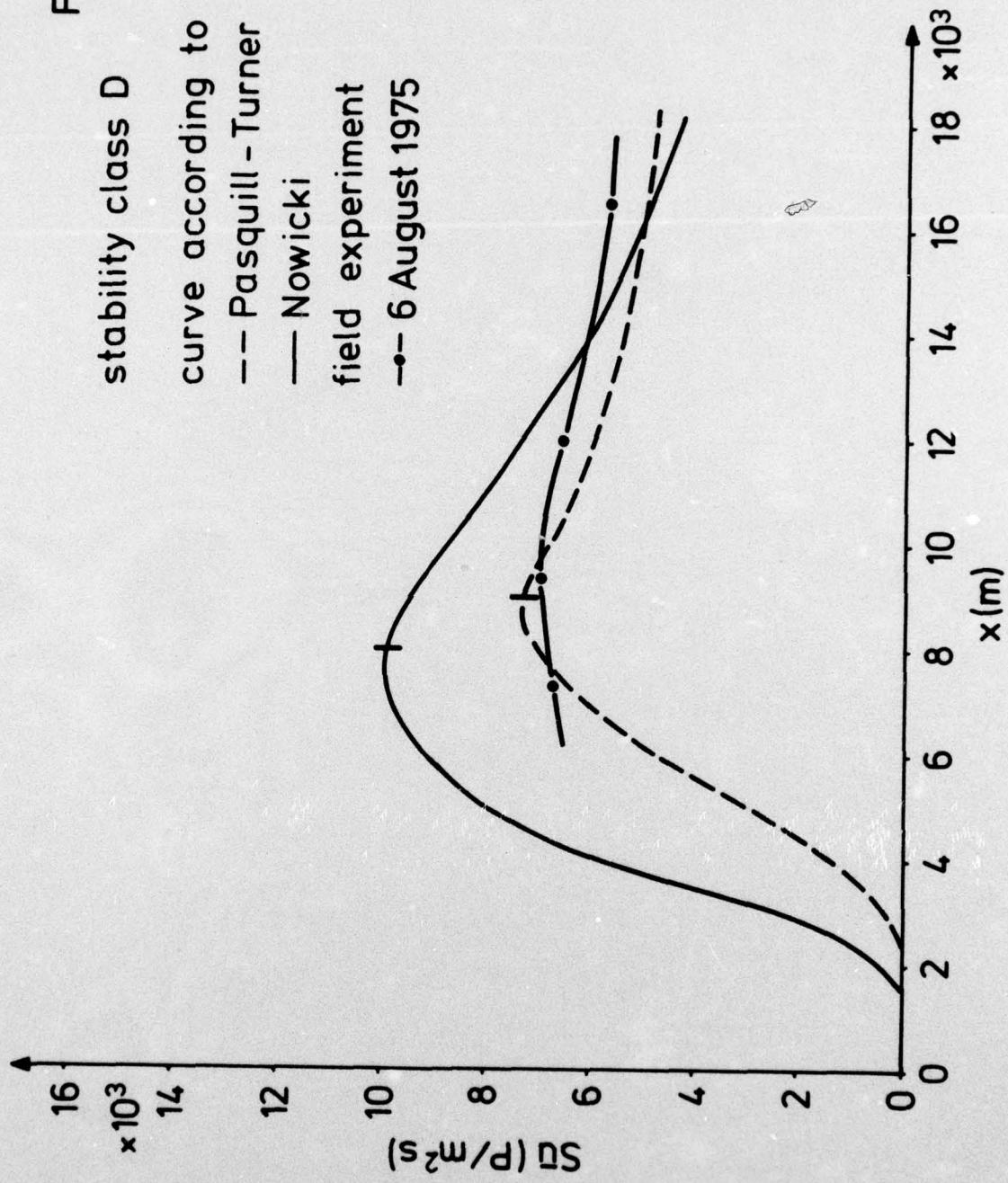


Fig. 67

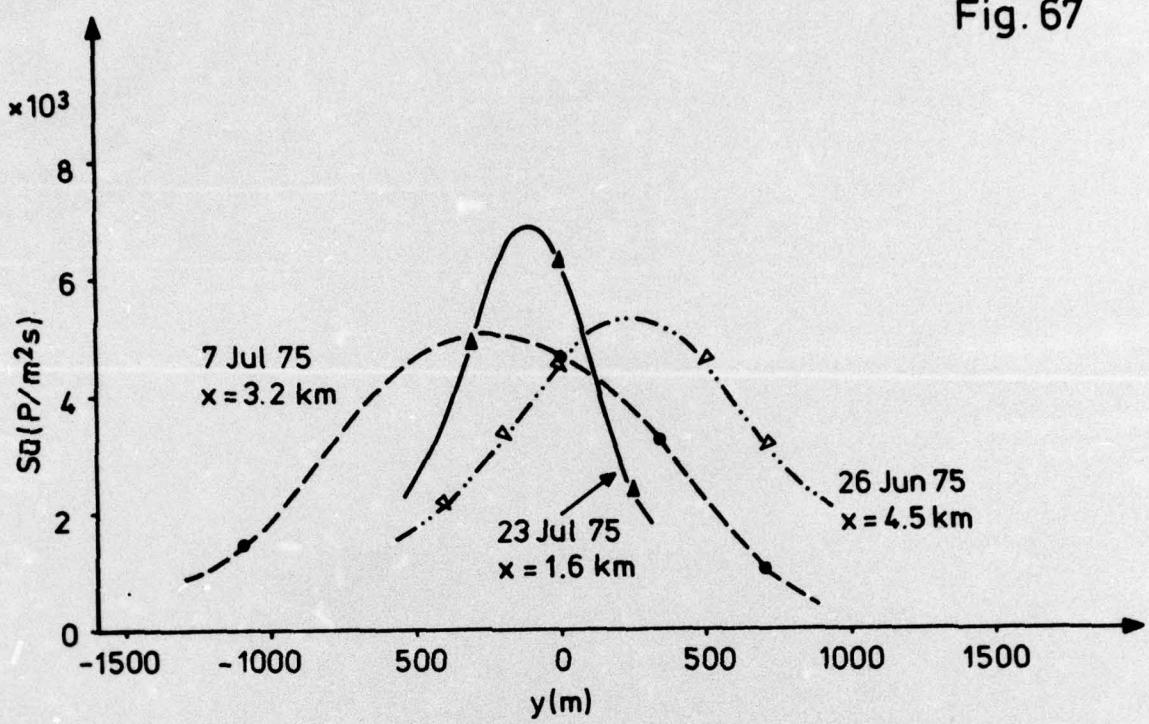


Fig. 68

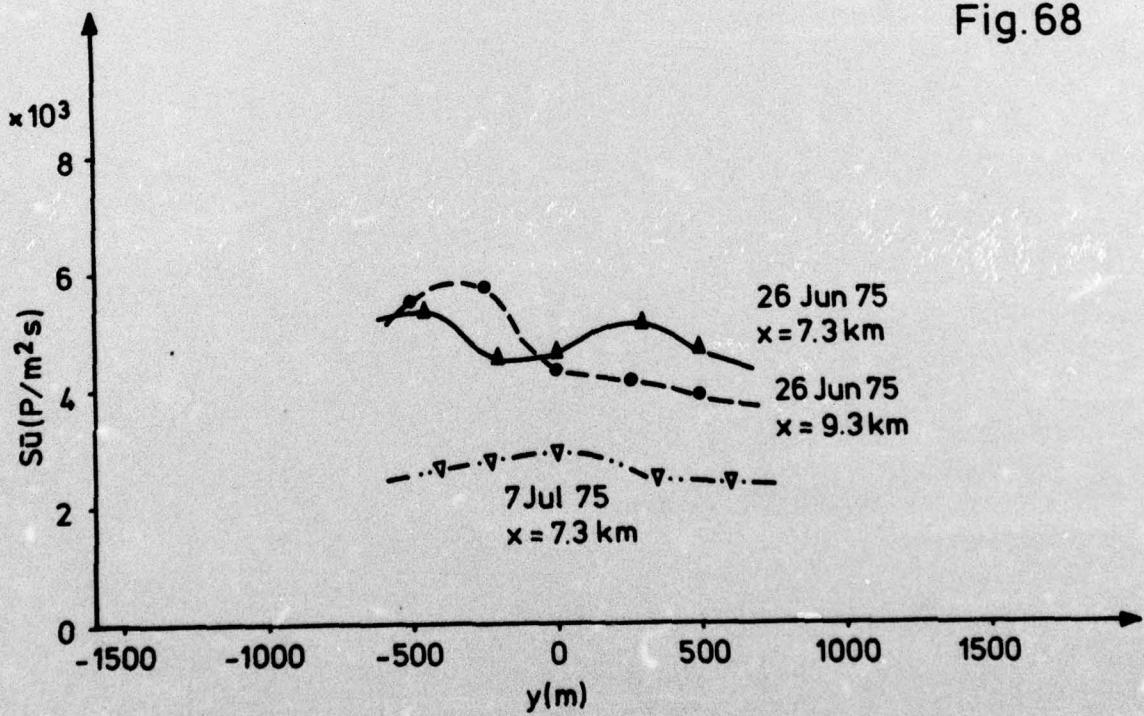


Fig. 69

