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The ETL - 0076 Bendix Corporation

Research Laboratories

Southfield, Michigan 48076

BRL Project 2521

RPIE Symbol Placement Accuracy Final Technical Report

October 22, 1976

Submitted to:

U. S. Army Engineer Topographic Laboratories Fort Belvoir, Virginia 22060

Prepared Under: Contract No. DACA76-76-C-0005

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RPIE Symbol Placement Accuracy Project was to locate and correct this problem.

This report discusses the cause of symbol placement problems and documents the program changes made. Section 2 describes the source of the noted symbol placement errors, and section 3 discusses the minimization of those errors. Section 4 provides additions to the viewer operating sequence, and section 5 documents the changes that have been made to the original RPIE programs.

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION & SUMMARY

The Replacement of Photographic Imagery Equipment (RPIE) is a high-resolution, high-speed, large-format image restitution system. Its major purpose is to produce high-resolution orthophotos from panoramic photographs. A symbol generator is part of the system and is used to overprint symbols on the output orthophoto. Upon completion of RPIE development, it was found that symbols on some output orthophotos were not being placed accurately enough to meet user requirements. These symbol placement errors were noted only in the system's UNAMACE ONLINE operating mode. The objective of the RPIE Symbol Placement Accuracy Project was to locate and correct this problem.

The major source of symbol placement errors was traced to mechanical and electronic alignment problems in the viewer portion of the system which caused positioning errors in output imagery with respect to the symbols. After these errors were corrected, the RPIE software was modified so that viewer alignment errors are checked and corrected as a part of normal operation. Similar potential error sources in the printer portion of the system were investigated, and corrections for them were included in the software modifications.

This report discusses the cause of symbol placement problems and documents the program changes made. Specifically, Section 2 describes the source of the noted symbol placement errors. Section 3 discusses the minimization of those errors. Solutions to newly discovered symbol placement errors are also described. Section 4 provides additions to the viewer operating sequence. Finally, Section 5 documents the changes that have been made to the original RPIE programs. Familiarity with system operation and computer programs of the original RPIE system is necessary for a complete understanding of this report.

SECTION 2

THE SYMBOL PLACEMENT PROBLEM

When work on the RPIE Symbol Placement Accuracy Contract began, correlator averaging errors were thought to be causing the symbol placement problem. However, the magnitude of symbol placement errors soon indicated that a similar but more devastating problem must exist. Through observation and analysis of viewer operation, the principal source of error was found to be viewer alignment with both the mechanical alignment and the electronic alignment of the viewer being incorrect.

The mechanical alignment problems were largely in the viewing optics, making it difficult or impossible for an operator to make precision measurements with the instrument. Also, the y₁ coupling to the encoder was slipping with servo motion. The electronic misalignment was in the centering of the CRT optical axes on their respective floating marks. These three problems were the immediate culprits responsible for symbol placement errors, but any mechanical error causing the operator to make inconsistent manual measurements and any electronic error causing the correlator scans not to see and measure as the operator would see and measure will result in symbol misplacement.

The reason viewer alignment is critical is that alignment problems result in faulty measurement of the grid of sixty points on the overlap area between the input and control photos. To see that this is true, note that the operator establishes the photo coordinate system of each photo when he manually performs interior orientation. The model coordinate system is established by the program as a function of control photo coordinates and data given to it on the UNAMACE magtape. Now assume for a moment that the mechanical alignment is perfect and only the electronic alignment is not right. During grid point

measurements a point that the operator would manually measure as having model coordinates x_m , Y_m , E_m and input photo coordinates x_{p1} , y_{p1} , the correlator might automatically measure as having the same model coordinates but with input photo coordinates x_{p2} , y_{p2} . (The model coordinates would remain stable because only input photo coordinates are adjusted to remove parallax. The input photo point is forced to match the control photo point.) What the correlator measures as conjugate image points are not, in truth, conjugate points according to the manually established photo coordinate system. If the mechanical alignment as well as the electronic alignment is incorrect, even the manual point measurement is wrong because the relative position of the floating mark has changed since interior orientation was performed.

Faulty measurement of the grid points results in a resection and third-order transformation computation that does not fit conjugate images. The entire output photo at the printer then is substantially in error, but the error does not become obvious until symbols are observed. Symbols are placed according to the erroneous model-to-photo fit and are seen to be offset from their correct location. In reality the symbols are just symptomatic of the broader problem.

SECTION 3

THE SOLUTION

Once the source of the noted symbol placement error was identified, it was necessary to find a way to minimize that error. The first half of this section deals with the solution found for the alignment problem discussed in Section 2. The solution involves hardware maintenance and program changes.

The second half of this section discusses symbol placement in general. As part of the Symbol Placement Accuracy Project, all sources of symbols in all operating modes were studied for potential error, even though only header symbols in UNAMACE ONLINE mode have thus far found to be in error. Some changes were made in the programs as a result of the study.

3.1 THE NOTED PROBLEM'S SOLUTION

The immediate solution to the noted symbol placement problem was to align the viewer by fixing the viewer alignment errors mentioned in Section 2. The primary long-term solution to the problem is to perform the maintenance necessary to keep the viewer aligned properly at all times. Section 4 of the Handbook for Replacement of Photographic Imagery Equipment, Volume II, Viewer System Instruction Manual is the "Maintenance" section of the Handbook. It contains the recommended procedures for maintenance and adjustment of the correlator and servo subsystems, both Bendix-built. For instructions on maintaining the OMI-built equipment see the Handbook of Operating and Maintenance Instructions for the AS-11A Photogrammetric Analytical Plotter Group, Volume 1: Viewer and Coordinatograph, published by OMI.

As a secondary solution to the problem, the RPIE programs were modified to perform the following functions:

- (1) Allow for small scan alignment adjustments to be made by the operator as part of the viewer's operating sequence.
- (2) Diagnose major errors in viewer alignment and warn the operator that maintenance is required.
- (3) Compute symbol placement offsets to be used at the printer to correct for minor electronic misalignment at the viewer.

The first function is performed in conjunction with the interior orientation of each photo at the viewer. The operator is asked to insure that the center of the scan's axes coincides with the floating mark at an index point. The floating mark remains stationary at the middle of the index point while the operator uses the scan alignment knobs on the viewer panel to center the image of the index point on the scan as it appears on the monitor scope. Because the alignment knobs are limited in the amount of correction they are capable of delivering, the scan and floating mark must be well aligned before this adjustment is made.

During the normal viewer operating sequence, the operator manually measures four conjugate image points, called alignment points, on the control and input photos. Normally they are well distributed in the photos' overlapping area. If the operator has taken care to measure them accurately and if the viewer is mechanically aligned, the points provide four good examples of accurate pairs of model and input photo coordinates which can be used to accomplish the second and third functions listed above. The set of alignment point measurements are saved until after the grid of sixty points has been measured and the resection and third-order transformation have been computed.

Then, using the computed resection and transformation, the program converts the saved input photo coordinates into their corresponding model coordinates. Because of residual errors in the resection and transformation computation and because of minor offsets in the electronic alignment, it is not expected that the computed model coordinates will be identical to the saved accurate model coordinates. However, they should be close. The differences in model coordinates are calculated and printed on the CRT terminal under the title "ALIGNMENT POINT OFFSETS". The average X and Y model coordinate offsets over the four points then are computed. If either of the average offsets is greater than fifty micrometers in value and if the operator has been careful in aligning the scans and measuring alignment points, there must be errors in the viewer electronic alignment. When such a large offset is found, the program prints a warning message to the operator. The message indicates that viewer maintenance operations may be needed. If so, the printed alignment point offsets may be of some help in diagnosing the alignment problem.

The average X and Y model coordinate offsets are stored in the disk photo file by the VIEW program for use at the printer. The PRINT program adds the offsets to given accurate model coordinates of symbols to compensate for the error in the viewer's model-to-photo fit. As long as the error is small (viewer misalignment is minor), the offsets will help to position the symbols correctly. The "given accurate model coordinates of symbols" come from two sources. They are found on the UNAMACE tape's header record, and they are derived from control stage coordinates read from punched cards to define offline symbols.

3.2 SOLUTIONS TO OTHER PROBLEMS

If the viewer is aligned well, the above-mentioned program changes correct for errors in positioning header and control offline symbols in the RPIE system's UNAMACE ONLINE mode. (Header symbol errors are the only ones that have been noticed in system operation thus far.) However, there are four different sources of symbols and six possible modes of operation in the RPIE system. Under the contract all combinations of symbols and modes were investigated for potential symbol placement problems. The following paragraphs discuss in detail discoveries made, while Table 3-1 summarizes the changes made in handling the various operating-mode/symbol combinations at the printer.

As a result of the investigation, two new errors in symbol placement were found in the PRINT program. First, in the case of input offline and manual symbols in the UNAMACE ONLINE and OFFLINE modes, the original PRINT program converted the given input photo coordinates of the symbols to model coordinates by using only the orientation elements computed at the viewer. The third-order transformation coefficients were ignored. Consequently, the symbols were not being positioned as accurately as possible. As a solution, the PRINT program was changed to use the third-order transformation coefficients as well as the orientation elements in determining symbol model coordinates from input photo coordinates.

The second error discovered involves control offline symbols in UNAMACE ONLINE and OFFLINE modes. There the original PRINT program assumed that the control photo used at the viewer was an orthophoto. In reality the control photo can be either a frame photo or an orthophoto, and the stage coordinates read from cards to define symbol positions must reference the control photo used. A change was made in the PRINT program to check for the frame control situation. When that case is found, the stage coordinates are first transformed to the corresponding frame photo coordinates and then, using data on the UNAMACE tape, the photo coordinates are converted to the model coordinates of the symbol. When the control photo is an orthophoto, only the first conversion (from stage to photo coordinates) is necessary since photo x, y and model X, Y are identical.

Symbol Source Operating Mode	Header	Control Offline	Input Offline	Input Manual
UNAMACE ONLINE	Changed to correct for small viewer alignment errors.	Changed to correct for small viewer alignment errors and to check for frame control photo.	Changed to use a more accurate phototo-to-model routine.	Changed to use a more accurate photo-to-model routine.
UNAMACE OFFLINE	Unchanged.	Changed to check for frame control photo	Changed to use a more accurate photo- to-model routine.	Changed to use a more accurate photo-to-model routine.
PROFILE	Unchanged, but symbols will be accurate only if viewer alignment is good.	Unchanged, but symbols will be accurate only if viewer alignment is good.	Unchanged. Symbols cannot be placed accurately.	Unchanged. Symbols cannot be placed accurately.
UNAMACE MODEL	Unchanged.	Not allowed.	Unchanged.	Unchanged
RECTIFY	Not allowed.	Not allowed.	Unchanged.	Unchanged.
СОРҮ	Not allowed.	Not allowed.	Unchanged.	Unchanged.

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Table 3-1 - Summary of Changes Made in Printing Symbols

Beside the two correctable errors mentioned above, another problem area was discovered. In PROFILE mode input offline and manual symbols cannot be placed with accuracy. The symbols' input photo coordinates are transformed to model coordinates by using approximate orientation elements only. These orientation elements are computed by the VIEW program from the operator-measured coordinates of the four alignment points. They were meant to be used merely as an aid in profiling at the viewer and not in a photo-to-model routine at the printer. Some thought was given to changing the PRINT program to not allow input offline and manual symbols in PROFILE mode. It was finally decided to retain these symbols with the warning that they cannot be positioned accurately.

Again in PROFILE mode, header and control offline symbols will be correctly placed only if the viewer is aligned well. Unlike UNAMACE ONLINE mode, PROFILE mode does not lend itself to correcting for small viewer alignment errors.

One final observation made during the investigation was that printer alignment is critical when the symbol source is input offline or input manual. Unless the floating mark in the viewing path is aligned with the printing optical axes, input offline and manual symbols will be offset from their correct locations. The reason for this is that mis-alignment causes the photo coordinate system used by the laser scan in printing to be offset from the photo coordinate system defined by the operator during interior orientation at the printer.

SECTION 4

VIEWER SCAN ALIGNMENT PROCEDURES

This section provides scan alignment procedures that now are a required part of the viewer's operating sequence in UNAMACE ONLINE and PROFILE modes. When followed, the procedures remove small x and y scan offsets, insuring that the center of the scan for each stage coincides with the floating mark for that stage as the operator sees it. With the exception of these scan offsets, the VIEW program assumes that the viewer unit is perfectly aligned both mechanically and electronically. If the viewer is not aligned well, the program (operating in UNAMACE ONLINE mode) will be able to tell and will issue a warning message. However, the warning will not appear until one input photo has been processed completely.

Section 4 of the <u>Handbook for Replacement of Photographic Imagery</u> Equipment, Volume I, System Description and Operating Procedures Instruction <u>Manual</u> is the "Operating Instructions" section of the Handbook. It contains the original RPIE operating procedures into which the new scan alignment procedures must be integrated. In the following discussions of the new procedures Section 4 of the Handbook is referenced frequently to indicate how that integration should occur. The new procedures add less than a minute to the viewer's total running time.

4.1 PREPROCESSING PROCEDURES

The first step toward aligning the scan must be taken before on-line processing begins. In the original preprocessing sequence (see Section 4.1) four interior orientation index points on each control photo and four interior

orientation index points on each input photo are identified. This identification occurs in both UNAMACE ONLINE and PROFILE modes. One index point on each control photo and one index point on each input photo will now be used for more than just interior orientation. They will be used to align the control and input scans. Consequently, an additional step required during preprocessing is as follows:

As soon as the index points on a photo have been identified, pick one of the points to use for scan alignment. The selected point should be the point with the highest contrast; i.e., a dark point on a light background or a light point on a dark background. If all four index points are identical in contrast, as is the case for most input photos, any one of the four will do. Mark the selected point on the print of the photo.

4.2 VIEWER OPERATING PROCEDURES

The rest of the changes in the operating instructions all occur in Section 4.6, the viewer operating sequence. The first additional step for scan alignment occurs just after the control photo has been loaded and the first interior orientation index point has been measured. Specifically, the following step is inserted between steps 17 and 18.

(17.5) P: ALIGN CONTROL SCAN

R: If this index point is not the point selected during preprocessing for scan alignment, depress the SKIP button on the viewer panel and continue with step 18.

R: If this index point is the point selected during preprocessing for scan alignment, perform the following steps in their specified sequence:

- (a) Set the MONITOR SCOPE VIDEO knob located at the lower left corner of the viewer panel to V2.
- (b) Set the MONITOR SCOPE SCAN knob to NORM.
- (c) Make sure that the scan as it appears on the screen of the monitor scope is centered on the screen. If it is not centered, turn the POSITION VERTICAL and the POSITION HORIZONTAL knobs on the monitor scope to move the scan in the x and y directions and thereby center the scan.
- (d) Turn the red PMT POWER button on. The index point and its surrounding imagery will appear on the monitor scope.
- (e) To improve visibility on the monitor scope, remove its front screen and adjust the INTENSITY knob.
- (f) At the viewer panel open the door of the control subpanel. Using the ALIGNMENT X2 and Y2 knobs, position the index point at the center of the scan as closely as possible.
- (g) Depress the GO button. The index point will become magnified on the monitor scope so that the scan can be aligned more carefully. Use the ALIGNMENT X2 and Y2 knobs to place the center of the index point at the center of the scan. Be as precise as possible.

- (first h) When satisfied with the alignment of the scan with the index point, depress the GO button.
- (alternate h) If unable to satisfactorily align the scan with the index point, depress the SKIP button.
 - (i) The imagery on the monitor scope will return to its normal size. Turn PMT POWER off and replace the front screen of the monitor scope.
 - (j) Continue with step 18.

To summarize, the button combinations allowed during step 17.5 are

SKIP - The scan is not aligned.

GO SKIP - The scan is not aligned.

GO GO - The scan is aligned.

If the scan is not aligned during step 17.5, the program repeats its "ALIGN CONTROL SCAN" command at each subsequent index point until the command has been followed. At the fourth index point the SKIP button is ignored. Consequently, if the control scan has not been aligned by then, it must be done at the fourth point.

The alignment of the input scan is nearly identical to the alignment of the control scan. The added step for input scan alignment occurs after the first interior orientation index point has been measured. Inserted between steps 33 and 34, it is as follows:

(33.5) P: ALIGN INPUT SCAN

- R: If this index point is not the point selected during preprocessing for scan alignment, depress the SKIP button on the viewer panel and continue with step 34.
- R: If this index point is the point selected during preprocessing for scan alignment, perform the following steps in their specified order:
 - (a) Set the MONITOR SCOPE VIDEO knob located at the lower left corner of the viewer panel to V1.
 - (b) Check to see that the MONITOR SCOPE SCAN knob is set to NORM.
 - (c) Turn the red PMT POWER button on. The index point and its surrounding imagery will appear on the monitor scope.
 - (d) To improve visibility on the monitor scope, remove its front screen and adjust the INTENSITY knob.
 - (e) At the viewer panel, open the door of the control subpanel. Using the ALIGNMENT X1 and Y1 knobs, position the index point at the center of the scan as closely as possible.
 - (f) Depress the GO button. The index point will become magnified on the monitor scope so that the scan can be aligned more carefully. Use the ALIGNMENT X1 and Y1 knobs to place the center of the index point at the center of the scan. Be as precise as possible.

- (first g) When satisfied with the alignment of the scan with the index point, depress the GO button.
- (alternate g) If unable to satisfactorily align the scan with the index point, depress the SKIP button.
 - (h) The imagery on the monitor scope will return to its normal size. Turn PMT POWER off and replace the front screen of the monitor scope.
 - (i) Continue with step 34.

If the scan is not aligned during step 33.5, the program repeats its "ALIGN INPUT SCAN" command at each subsequent index point until the command has been followed. At the fourth index point the SKIP button is ignored. Consequently, if the input scan has not been aligned by then, it must be done at the fourth point.

The final change in the viewer's operating sequence occurs only in UNAMACE ONLINE mode after the resection and transformation computations have been completed. When the slash response is typed in step 50, the VIEW program computes the differences between the operator-measured model coordinates of the four alignment points and the model coordinates of those same points computed according to the resection and transformation results. If the viewer unit is well-aligned and if the scan alignment procedures in steps 17.5 and 33.5 have been followed, these differences will be random and small. As a diagnostic aid, the differences are listed at the CRT terminal and are called "ALIGNMENT POINT OFFSETS". (If all four points are not listed, do not be concerned. It is possible for a point's model coordinates to be indeterminate.) From the individual point offsets the program then computes an average X offset

and an average Y offset. If either one of these offsets is greater than 50 micrometers in absolute value, the program knows something is wrong with the viewer's alignment. Either the scan alignment steps were not performed correctly or the viewer hardware is out of adjustment. The program prints the following message:

WARNING: THE VIEWER UNIT MAY NEED TO BE ALIGNED

If this warning persists from model to model, even after you have been extremely careful in aligning the control and input scans, it is time for maintenance operations to be exercised at the viewer. (The values printed as alignment point offsets may be helpful in determining the source of the problem.) If the warning does not reappear, assume that the viewer's alignment is satisfactory.

SECTION 5

DOCUMENTATION OF PROGRAM CHANGES

This section documents the specific changes made in the programs in order to implement the new functions mentioned in Section 3.1 and to make the corrections described in Section 3.2. Since all of the changes made modify or append the original programs, documentation consists of modifications and additions to the original flowcharts, inputs/outputs, and listings.

Due to a lack of test data not all of the changes documented in this section were actually tried. Specifically, measurements made at a comparator and punched on cards were not available or obtainable for checkout purposes. The result is that changes relating to offline symbols and/or to the UNAMACE OFFLINE operating mode may not be correct. Great care was taken, however, not to make mistakes in theory. Should measurements from cards be used on the system in the future, any errors found should be trivial coding bugs.

5.1 FLOWCHARTS

Each flowchart page in this section either is entirely new or is a modified version of one of the flowchart pages in Section 4 of the <u>Programming Documentation for Replacement of Photographic Imagery Equipment, Volume I, Program Descriptions.</u> In either case its proper position within the original flowcharts is indicated in the upper right-hand corner of the page where the name of the flowchart and a page number are found. The flowchart pages (fourteen in all) are divided into three figures each of which represents a major area of change as discussed below.

The first five flowchart pages (Figure 5-1) are involved in allowing scan alignment adjustments to be made as part of the viewer's operating sequence. After each index point measurement on the control and input photos a new "align scan" subroutine is called. Its purpose is to control operator/program communication in aligning the input or control scan. In doing so, it schedules a new clock function, the "wait for go or skip" clock function (see page 5 of Figure 5-1). This function monitors the GO and SKIP viewer panel buttons and returns to the program when one or the other has been pushed by the operator. When the first GO button occurs, the align scan subroutine helps the operator to center the measuring mark on the index point by shrinking the scan size which magnifies the image of the point on the monitor scope. The scan size is returned to normal when the operator is finished adjusting the scan's alignment.

The next four flowchart pages (Figure 5-2) are concerned with computing symbol placement offsets and, in the process, diagnosing viewer mis-alignment. The one addition to VIEW PAGE 19 is a processing box which indicates that alignment point measurements are saved after they have successfully been used to compute an approximate resection. The only changes on page 2 and page 4 of Figure 5-2 are in two connectors. Their numbers were changed to insert VIEW PAGE 28A between VIEW PAGE 28 and VIEW PAGE 29. On VIEW PAGE 28A the actual computation of symbol placement offsets occurs. Note that the UNAMACE photo-to-model (UPTM) routine is used to convert the alignment points' input photo coordinates to model coordinates. The UPTM routine has been changed to use viewer data, particularly the transformation coefficients, when directed to do so by an argument. The UPTMPR routine prepares viewer data for the UPTM call; i.e., it puts the data into a format acceptable to the UPTM routine. Neither the UPTM or UPTMPR routines have been flowcharted.

The last five flowchart pages (Figure 5-3) deal with all the changes that have been made in the PRINT program in order to correctly position symbols

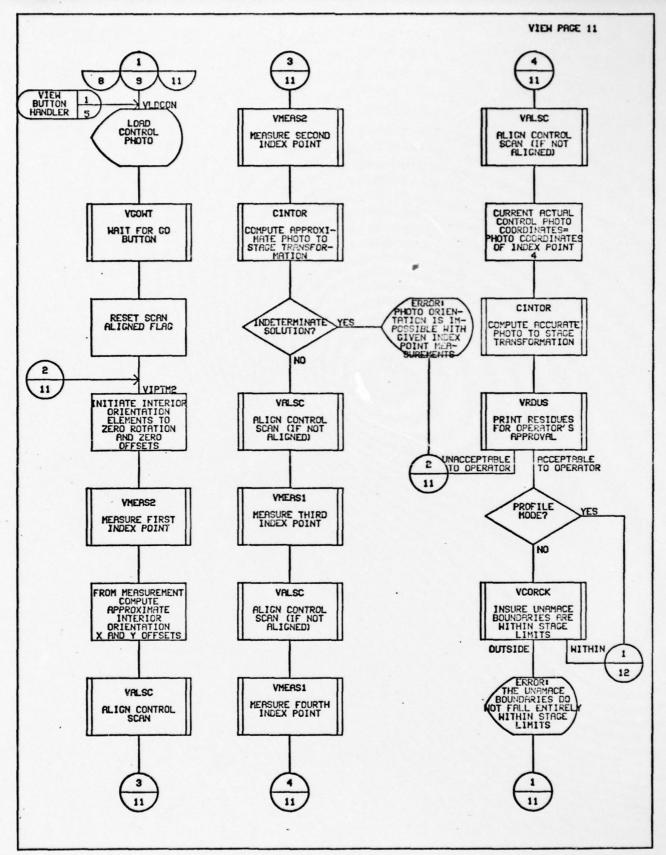


Figure 5-1 - Align Scan Flowchart Changes (1 of 5)

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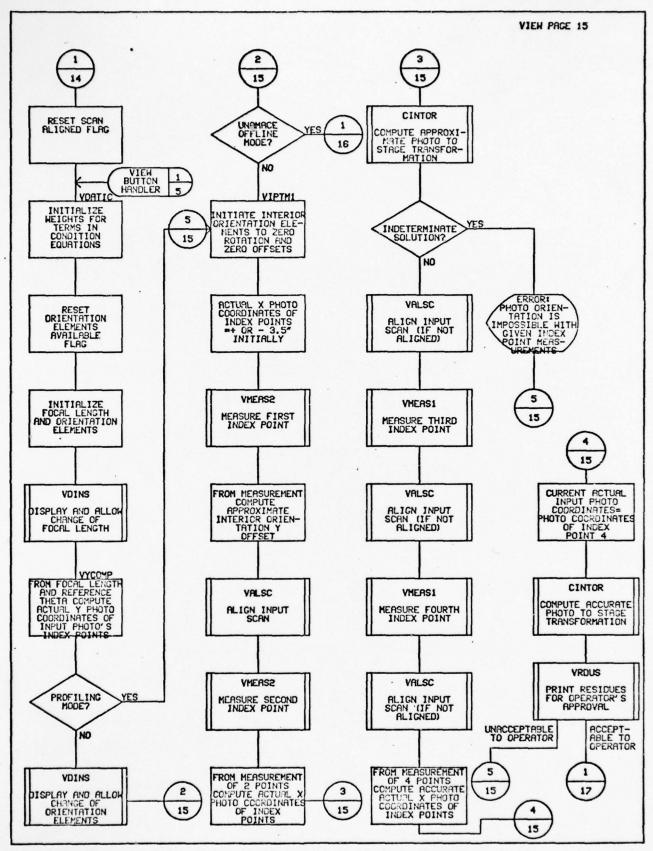


Figure 5-1:- Align Scan Flowchart Changes (2 of 5)

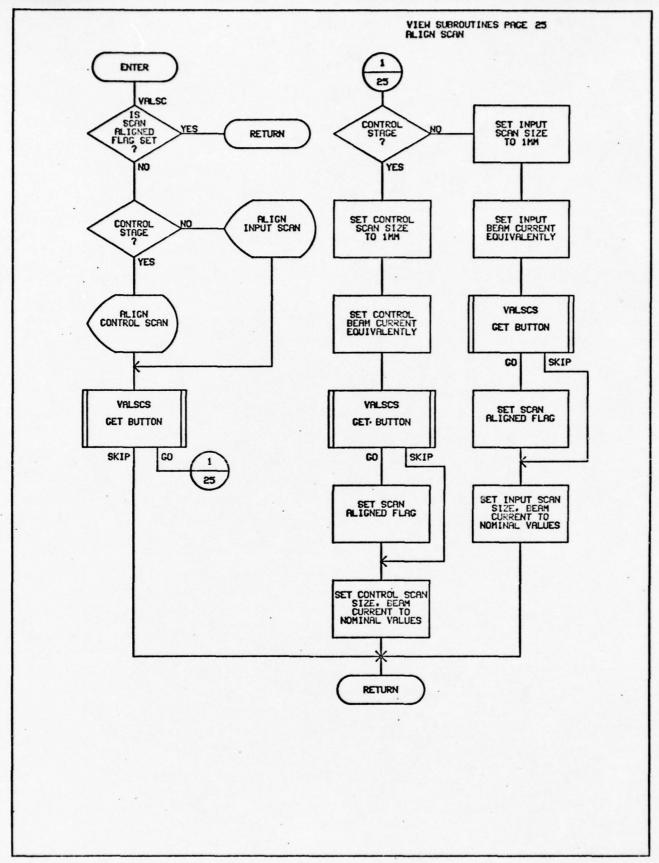


Figure 5-1 - Align Scan Flowchart Changes (3 of 5)

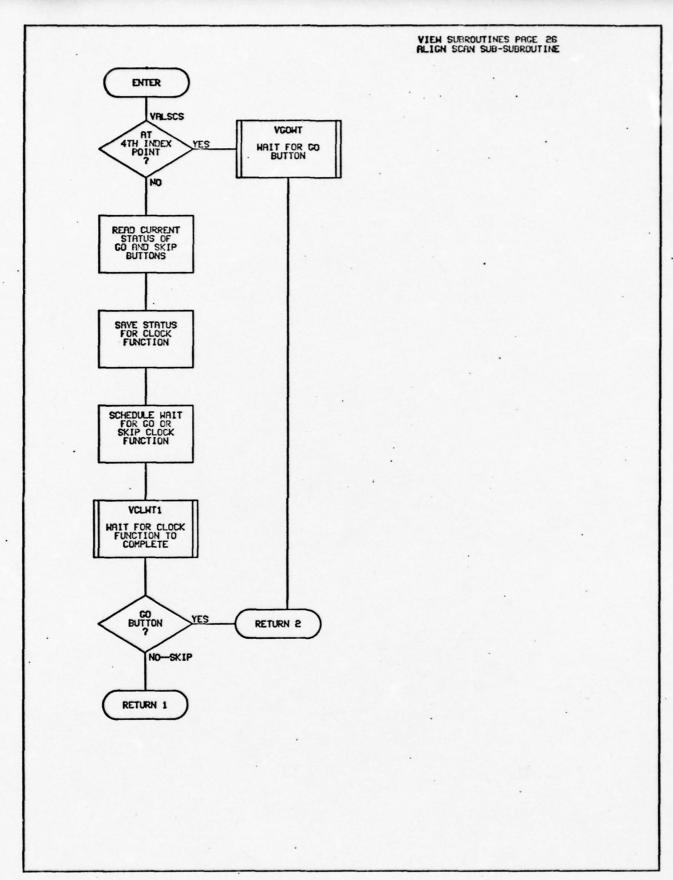


Figure 5-1 - Align Scan Flowchart Changes (4 of 5)

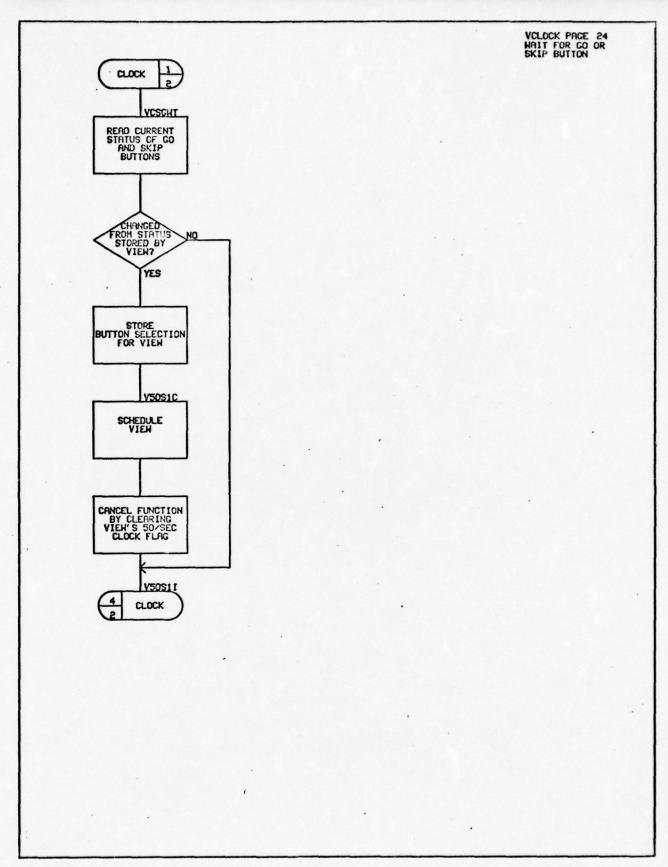


Figure 5-1 - Align Scan Flowchart Changes (5 of 5)

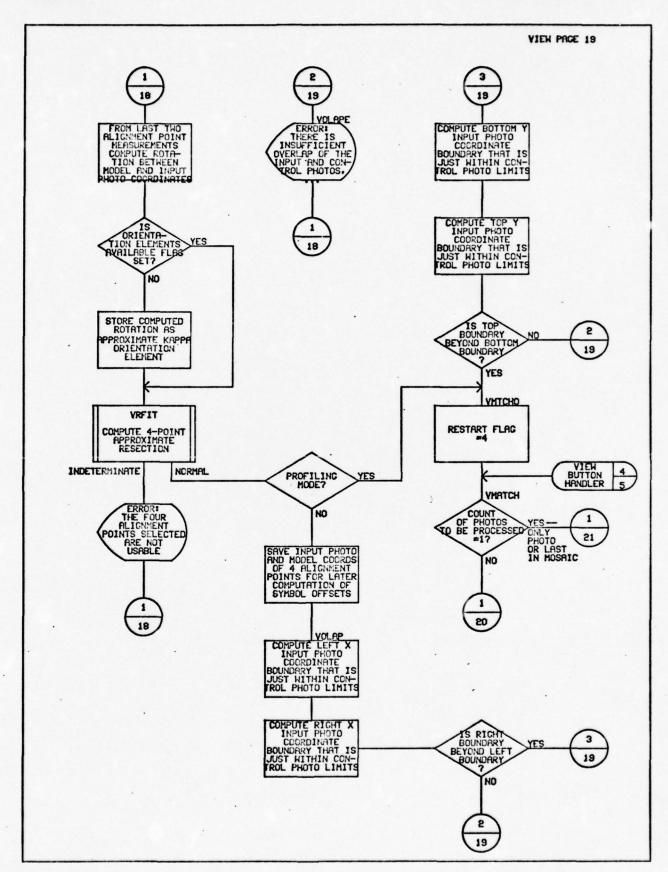


Figure 5-2 - Symbol Placement Offsets Flowchart Changes (1 of 4)

TO THE REAL PROPERTY.

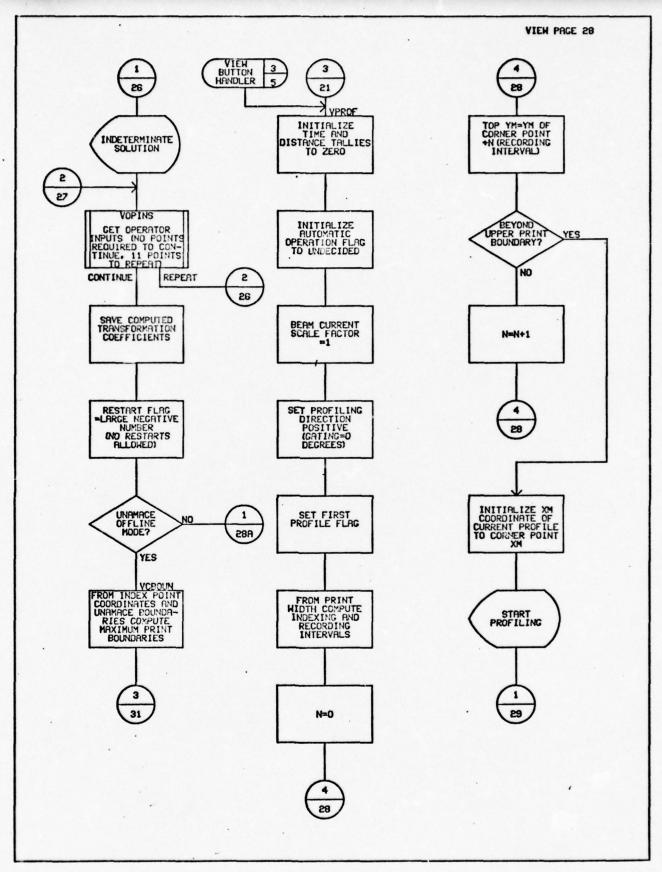


Figure 5-2 - Symbol Placement Offsets Flowchart Changes (2 of 4)

TO THE REAL PROPERTY.

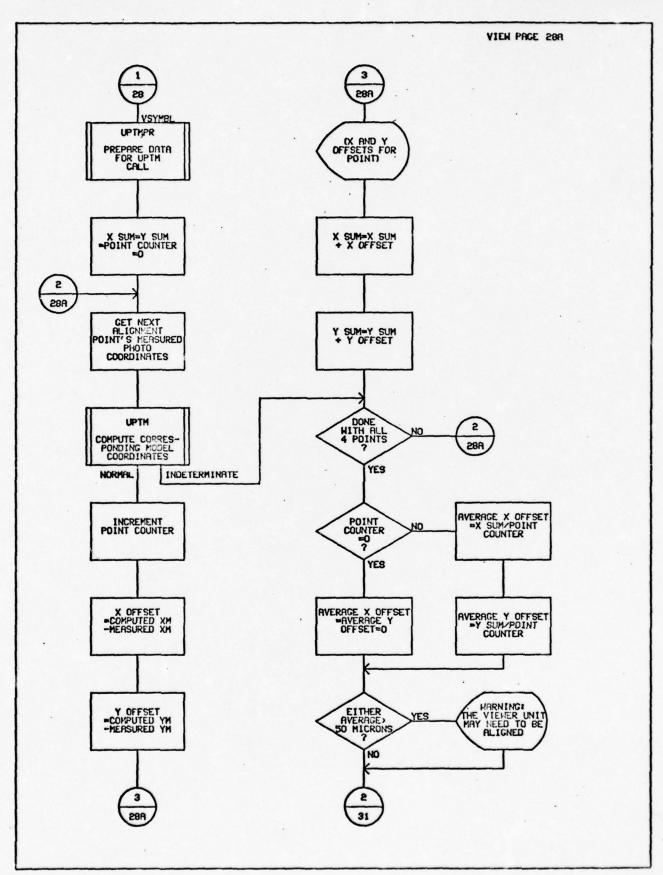


Figure 5-2 - Symbol Placement Offsets Flowchart Changes (3 of 4)

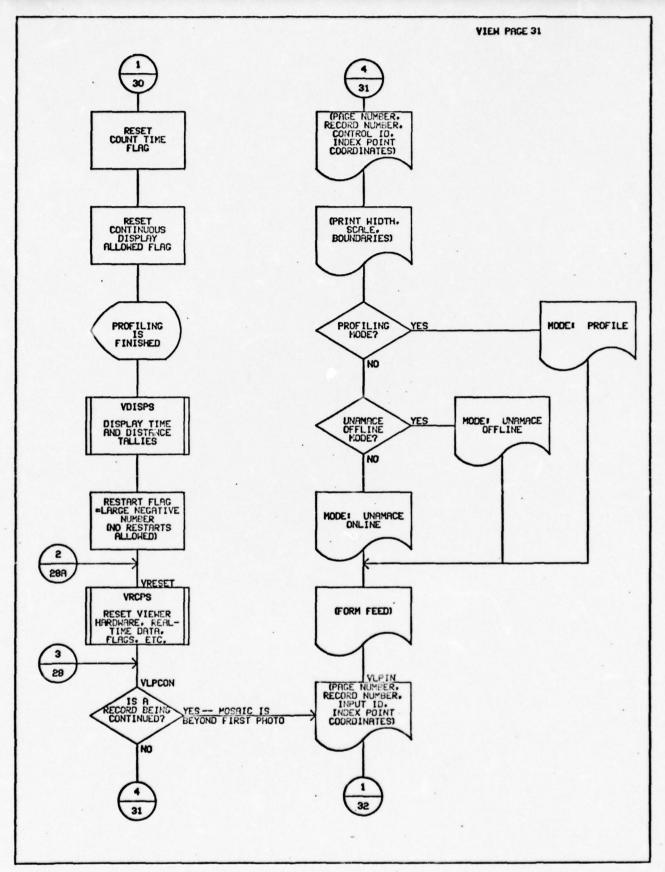


Figure 5-2 - Symbol Placement Offsets Flowchart Changes (4 of 4)

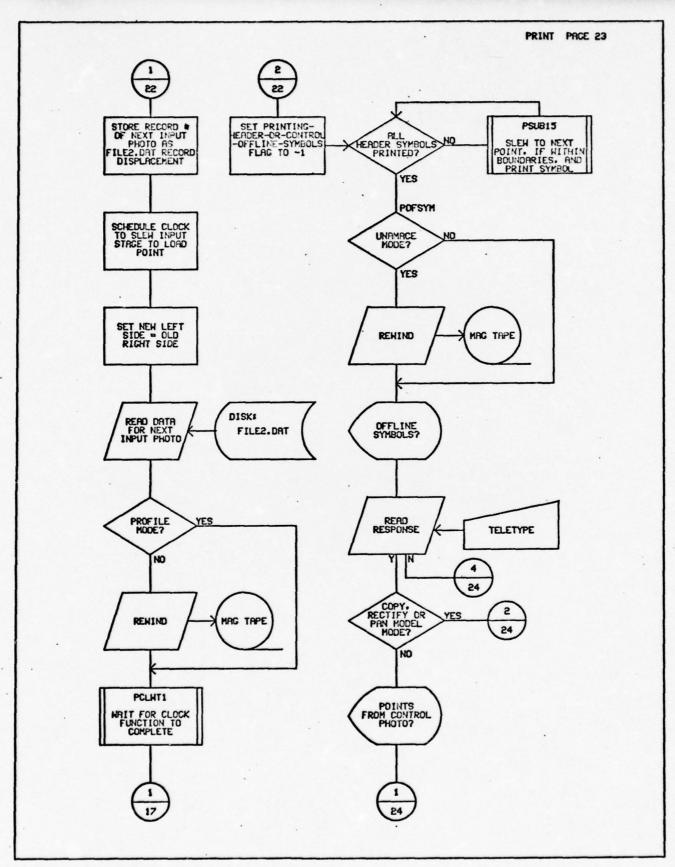


Figure 5-3 - Printing Symbols Flowchart Changes (1 of 5)

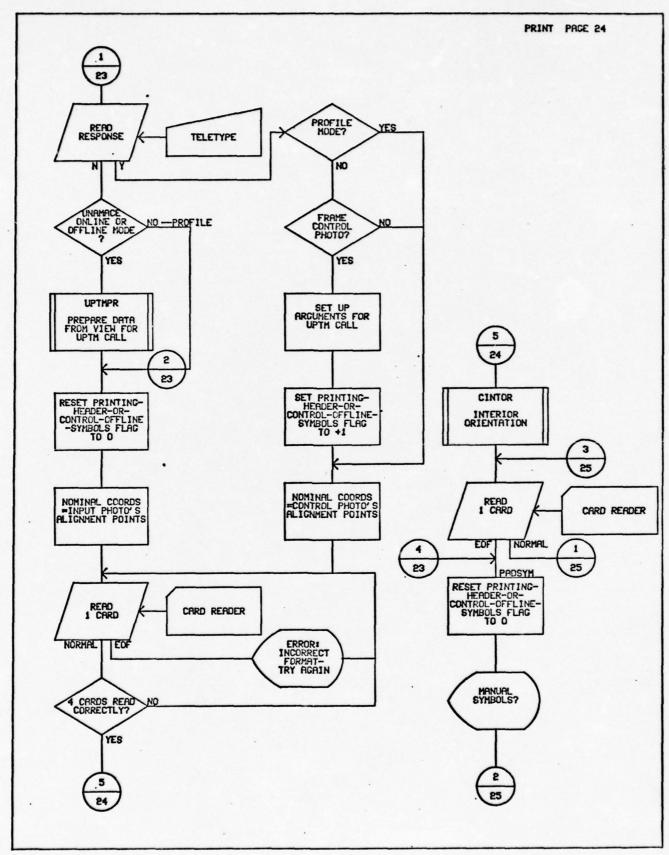


Figure 5-3 - Printing Symbols Flowchart Changes (2 of 5)

T. BOLES

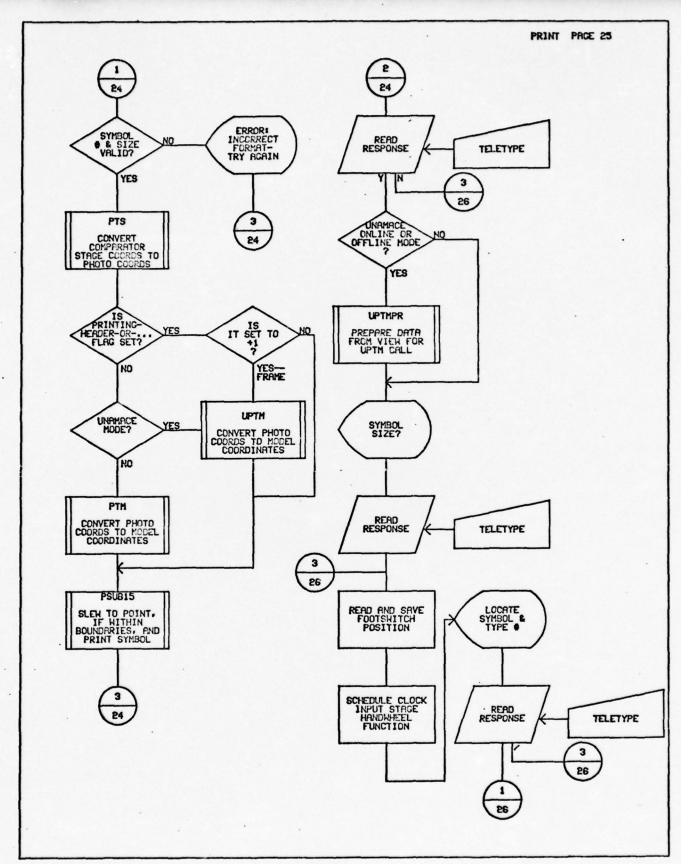


Figure 5-3 - Printing Symbols Flowchart Changes (3 of 5)

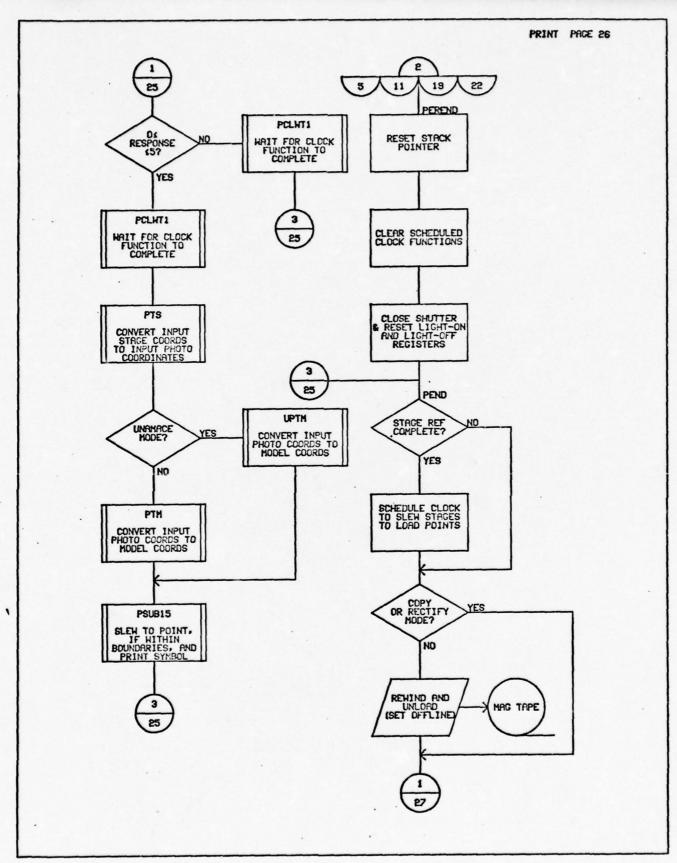


Figure 5-3 - Printing Symbols Flowchart Changes (4 of 5)

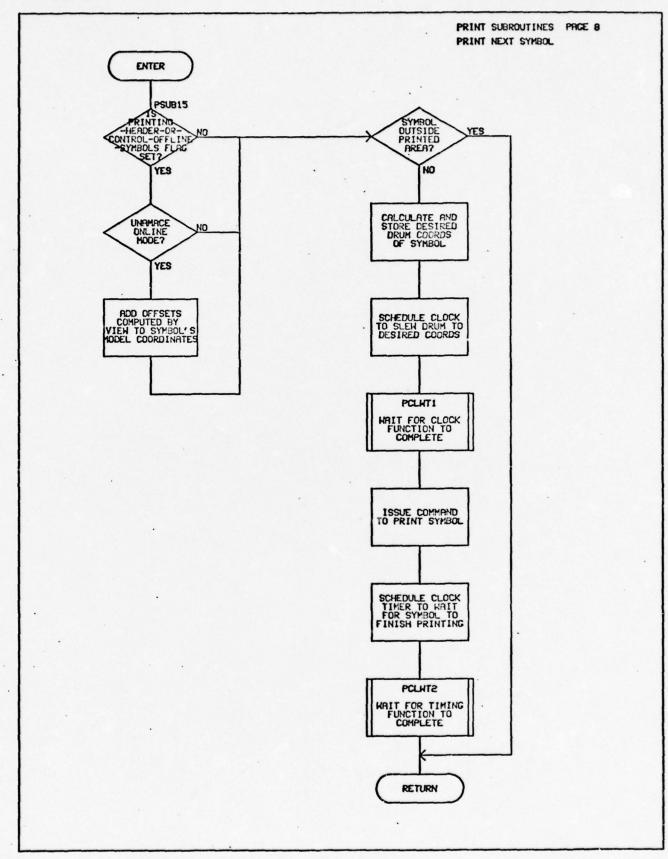


Figure 5-3 - Printing Symbols Flowchart Changes (5 of 5)

from each of the four possible sources. A new flag, the printing-header-orcontrol-offline-symbols flag, is set as follows to differentiate three conditions:

- -1 = header or control offline symbols are now being printed on the output photo
- 0 = header or control offline symbols are not now being printed on the output photo
- +1 = control offline symbols from a frame control photo are now being printed on the output photo

The flag is tested by the "print next symbol" subroutine (see page 5 of Figure 5-3). If the flag is non-zero and if the operating mode is UNAMACE ONLINE, the subroutine adds the symbol placement offsets computed by VIEW to the symbol's model coordinates. When input offline and manual symbols are being printed in UNAMACE ONLINE and OFFLINE modes, it is the modified UNAMACE phototo-model routine that is called to obtain accurate results. As in the case of the VIEW program, the UPTMPR routine is first called to prepare the data from the viewer for the UPTM routine.

5.2 INPUTS/OUTPUTS

As part of the required program changes, small additions were made to two disk data files. The photo file, which transports information between the viewer and the printer, was one of the files enlarged. Recall that the photo file really consists of two interrelated data files whose mnemonics are FILE1.DAT and FILE2.DAT. Both were increased by four words per record in order to make room for the symbol placement offsets computed by VIEW for use by PRINT. Table 5-1 lists FILE1.DAT data as it now is stored. Note that the offsets have

Table 5-1 - Photo File (FILE1.DAT) Format (1 of 2)

Item No.						
In the properties of the pro	I tem No.	Item		Length	Units	Data Type
Data for Output Photo - 2 Output photo boundaries Initial X model coordinate Final X model coordinate Final X model coordinate Final Y model Final Fina	EACH RECORD	- Word count = 115	(81	records to	tal)	
2 Output photo boundaries Initial X model coordinate Final X model coordinate Initial Y model coordin	1			18 bytes		ASCII
Initial X model coordinate Final X model coordinate Final X model coordinate Initial Y model coordinate Final Y model Coo	Data for Out	tput Photo -				
Final X model coordinate Inlitial Y model coordinate Final Y model coordinate Final Y model coordinate 2 words pm floating floating ym ym floating ym floating ym ym ym ym floating ym ym ym floating ym	2	Output photo boundaries				
4 Mode flag** 1 byte 5 Inverse of output photo scale 2 words floating Data Unique to Input Photo - 6 Input photo identification number 16 bytes μm ASCII 7 Actual input photo index point coordinates x coordinate 2 words μm floating y1 coordinate 2 words μm floating y2 coordinate 2 words μm floating 9 Input photo's reference theta angle (center scan angle) 2 words μm floating 10 Air refraction constants K1 2 words μm floating 11 Image motion constant EX 2 words μm floating 12 Orientation elements BX (also called XL) 2 words μm floating BY (also called YL) 2 words μm floating BY (also called YL) 2 words μm floating BY (also called YL) 2 words μm floating BY (also called ZL) 2 words μm floating BY (also called ZL) 2 words μm floating EX (APPA 2 words radians floati		Final X model coordinate Initial Y model coordinate		2 words 2 words	μm μm	floating floating
Data Unique to Input Photo - 6	3	Print width index*		1 byte		Integer
Data Unique to Input Photo - 6	4	Mode flag**		.1 byte		
6 Input photo identification number 16 bytes µm ASCII 7 Actual input photo index point coordinates x coordinate yl coordinate 2 words µm floating y2 linput photo's reference theta angle (center scan angle) 2 words radians floating y2 linput photo's focal length 2 words µm floating y2 words µm floating y2 words µm floating y2 words µm floating y2 words µm floating y3 linput photo's focal length 2 words µm floating y3 linput photo's focal length 2 words µm floating y3 linput photo's focal length 2 words µm floating y3 linput photo's focal length 2 words µm floating y3 linput photo's focal length 2 words µm floating y3 loating y4 laso called XL) 2 words µm floating y4 loating y4 loa	5	Inverse of output photo scale		2 words		floating
7 Actual input photo index point coordinates x coordinate x coordinate yl coor	Data Unique	to Input Photo -				
7 Actual input photo index point coordinates x coordinate x coordinate yl coords ym floating yl coordinate xl loading xl loading xl loading yl coordinate xl loading xl loading yl coordinate yl coords ym floating xmappa ym floating xmappa ym floating xmappa ym floating ym ym floating ym y	6	Input photo identification number		16 bytes	μm	ASCII
yl coordinate y2 coordinate 2 words µm floating floating Input photo's reference theta angle (center scan angle) Input photo's focal length Input photo's reference theta angle (center scan angle) Input photo's reference theta angle (center scan angle) Input photo's reference theta Input photo's reference theta angle (center scan angle) Input photo's redians floating angle (center scan angle) Input photo's redians floating Input photo's focal length Input photo's focal length Input photo's focal length Input photo's place of the scan angle (center) Input photo's place of the scan angle (center) Input photo's redians floating Input photo's place of the scan angle (center) Input photo's place	7	Actual input photo index point				
angle (center scan angle) 9		yl coordinate	•	2 words	μm	floating
Air refraction constants K1 K2 Z words µm floating II Image motion constant Drientation elements BX (also called XL) BY (also called YL) BZ (also called YL) BZ (also called ZL) EX (also called ZL) EX (also called ZL) EX (also called ZL) EX (also called YL) EX (also called YL) EX (also called ZL) EX (also called XL) EX (also	8			2 words	radians	floating
K1 K2 2 words µm floating 11 Image motion constant 2 words µm floating 12 Orientation elements BX (also called XL) BY (also called YL) BZ (also called YL) BZ (also called ZL) EX (also called ZL) BZ (also called ZL) EX (also called YL) BZ (also called YL) EX (also c	9	Input photo's focal length		2 words	μm	floating
Il Image motion constant 2 words µm floating 12 Orientation elements BX (also called XL) 2 words µm floating BY (also called YL) 2 words µm floating BZ (also called ZL) 2 words µm floating KAPPA 2 words radians floating OMEGA 2 words radians floating PHI 2 words radians floating 13 Transformation coefficients aØ 2 words µm floating 14 2 words radians floating 15 2 words µm floating 16 2 words µm floating 17 2 words µm floating 18 2 words µm floating 19 2 words µm floating 10 2 words µm floating 10 2 words µm floating 11 2 words µm floating 12 words µm floating 13 2 words µm floating 14 2 words µm floating 15 2 words µm floating 16 2 words µm floating 17 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	10	Air refraction constants				
BX (also called XL) BY (also called YL) BZ (also called YL) BZ (also called ZL) EXAPPA OMEGA PHI Transformation coefficients a 2 words 2 words 2 words 2 words 2 words 3 vords 4 vords 4 vords 4 vords 5 vords 6 vords 7 vords 8 vords 9 vords 10 ating 10 ating 10 ating 10 ating 10 ating 10 ating 10 vords 2 words 10 vords 2 vords 10 vo						
BX (also called XL) BY (also called YL) BZ (also called ZL) EX (also called YL) EX (also	11	Image motion constant		2 words	μm	floating
BY (also called YL) BZ (also called ZL) EARPPA OMEGA PHI Transformation coefficients ag al al al al al al al al al	12	Orientation elements				
a\$\text{0} & 2 words & \mu m & floating \\ a1 & 2 words & \mu^0 & floating \\ a2 & 2 words & \mu^0 & floating \\ a3 & 2 words & \mu^m^-1 & floating \\ a3 & 2 words & \mu^m^-1 & floating \\ a3 & 2 words & \mu^m^-1 & floating \\ a3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\ a4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 &		BY (also called YL) BZ (also called ZL) KAPPA OMEGA		2 words 2 words 2 words 2 words	μm μm radians radians	floating floating floating floating
al 2 words μm^0 floating a2 2 words μm^0 floating a3 2 words μm^{-1} floating	13	Transformation coefficients				
2 words um-1 floating a6 2 words um-2 floating		a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6		2 words 2 words 2 words 2 words 2 words 2 words	μm0 μm0 μm-1 μm-1 μm-1 μm-2	floating floating floating floating floating floating
a7 . 2 words μm^{-2} floating a8 . 2 words μm^{-2} floating					um-2	
a9 2 words µm-2 floating					μm-2	

Table 5-1 - Photo File (FILE1.DAT) Format (2 of 2)

tem No.		l tem_		Length	Units	Data Type
	bø			2 words	μm	floating
	b1			2 words	umO	floating
	b2			2 words	u _m 0	floating
	b3			2 words	µm-1	floating
	ь4			2 words	µm-1	floating
	b5			2 words	µm-1	floating
	ь6			2 words	μm ⁻²	floating
	67			2 words	μm-2	floating
	68			2 words	μm-2	floating
	b 9			2 words	μm-2	floating
14	Symbol placement of	ffsets				
	X model coordin	nate offset		2 words	μm	floating
	Y model coordin			2 words	μm	floating
15	Link to FILE2.DAT	record		1 word		integer
16	Right match line end point coordinates					
	Point 1's X n	nodel coor	dinate	2 words	μm	floating
	Point 2's X n			2 words	hw	floating
17	Intensity (calcul by printer)	lated and	stored	2 words		floating
18	Center line densi	ties				
	Maximum			2 words		floating
	Minimum			2 words		floating
	Average			2 words		floating
19	Right match line	average de	ensity	2 words		floating
Print Width	Index	**Bit		=\$		=1
1 mm	ø	7	UNAMACE mode		Profile mode	
2 mm		6	Online mode		Offline mode	
4 mm	2	5	Orthophoto control		Frame photo control	
8 mm	3	4	Frame p	noto no. 1		oto no. 2
		3-1			sed	
		Ø	Status	= viewed	Status =	viewed and printed
		NOTES:	If bit 7=	l, then bit 6= meaningful onl	Ø and bit ! y if bit 5	5 =Ø. =1.

been inserted immediately after the transformation coefficients. Table 5-2 indicates data now stored in each record in FILE2.DAT.

Because the photo file was lengthened, the support program IFILES was modified to erase the longer records. For convenience, IFILES also was changed to initialize record 0 of FILEI.DAT. Record 0 holds nominal FILEI.DAT data and is used by the printer in RECTIFY and COPY modes.

The message file (MESFIL.DAT) was the other disk data file that was changed. Unlike the photo file, the message file was not enlarged in the sense that more space had to be allocated for it on the disk. Rather, the UPDATE program was used to add messages to the existing file. The messages are stored in records that have not been used until this time. All of the new messages pertain to scan alignment at the viewer and appear at the CRT terminal during the viewer's operation. The messages and their associated record numbers are as follows:

Record Number	Message
218	ALIGN CONTROL SCAN
219	ALIGN INPUT SCAN
220	WARNING: THE VIEWER UNIT MAY NEED TO BE ALIGNED
221	X Y
222	ALIGNMENT POINT OFFSETS:

Both the original photo file and the message file are discussed in detail in Section 3.4 of the <u>Handbook for Replacement of Photographic Imagery</u> Equipment, Volume I, System Description and Operating Procedures Instruction Manual.

Table 5-2 - Photo File (FILE2.DAT) Format

I tem No.	Item	Length Un	its Data Type
EACH RECOR	D - Word count = 97	(240 re	cords total)
14	Same as items 6 - 19 in FILE1.DAT		
14 7	Left match line average density	2 words	floating

5.3 LISTINGS

In total, six RPIE source modules were involved in the program changes made. They are INIT, CLOCK, COMMON, PRINT, VIEW, and IFILES. Because the complete listing of each of these source modules is long and because a source module listing can be produced readily at the RPIE system at any time, modified versions of the six modules are not listed in completion in this section. Instead, only the modifications are listed together with an explanation of how they affect the original listings. The explanations are found in comment lines that reference the original source listings (see Programming Documentation for Replacement of Photographic Imagery Equipment, Volume II) by giving the page and line number(s) where the change is occurring. Beyond referring to the location, the comment line indicates the nature of the change - deletion, insertion, or replacement. All changes are coded in the assembly language of the PDP11/45 computer.

Following is a table of contents for the remainder of this section. Brief, general statements are included to make the changes made in each module more comprehensible.

Listing Page

1. INIT modifications 5-24

Symbol placement offsets added to printer's photo file data storage. 5-25

New viewer clock function added to wait for GO or SKIP button.

3.

COMMON modifications

Page

5-26

KB: CINIT. MOD

FOLLOWING ARE THE MODIFICATIONS MADE TO INIT
UNDER THE RPIE SYMBOL PLACEMENT ACCURACY CONTRACT

CHANGE 1-17 TO

GLOBL PPTRR, PLBPTR, PIOVAL, PSEGL, PVCNT
INSERT BETWEEN 1-49 AND 1-50

GLOBL PXSOFF, PYSOFF
INSERT BETWEEN 1-469 AND 1-470

PXSOFF: FLT2 0 ;X SYMBOL OFFSET
PYSOFF: FLT2 0 ;Y SYMBOL OFFSET
CONTRACTOR STATEMENT STATEMEN

COPY AVAILABLE TO DUC DOES NOT PERMIT FULLY LEGIBLE PROBUCTION

KB: CCLOCK. MOD

FOLLOWING ARE THE MODIFICATIONS MADE TO CLOCK JUNDER THE RPIE SYMBOL PLACEMENT ACCURACY CONTRACT

; INSERT BETWEEN 1-44 AND 1-45 . GLOBL VCSGNT, VCGOSK

; INSERT BETWEEN 2-650 AND 2-651

VCSGNT=. -V5051-2

MOV VPNL, R1 #177771, R1 BIC MOV #0, R0

READ CURRENT STATUS OF GO AND SKIP BUTTONS

VCGOSK=. -2

XOR R1, R0 BEQ V50511 MOV RØ, VCGOSK BR V5051C

CURRENT STATUS CHANGED? ; NO -- CONTINUE WAIT

: YES--STORE BUTTON SELECTION AND

, VIEW WAIT FOR GO OR SKIP FUNCTION

; END WAIT

COPY AVAILABLE TO DOG DOES NOT PERMIT FULLY LEGIBLE PRODUCTION

```
KB: CCOMMON. MOD
FOLLOWING ARE THE MODIFICATIONS MADE TO COMMON
UNDER THE RPIE SYMBOL PLACEMENT ACCURACY CONTRACT.
INSERT BETWEEN 1-104 AND 1-105
         . GLOBL VXSOFF, VYSOFF, UPTMPR
; CHANGE 1-386 TO
         . WORD
                 230.
                                  ; RECORD LENGTH (BYTES)
; CHANGE 1-393 TO
         . NORD
                 230.
                                  ; RECORD LENGTH (BYTES)
; CHANGE 1-407 TO
                                  RECORD LENGTH (BYTES)
         . WORD
                 194.
; CHANGE 1-414 TO
                                  RECORD LENGTH (BYTES)
         . WORD
                 194.
: CHANGE 1-455 TO
         WORD
                 230.
                                  ; RECORD LENGTH (BYTES)
; CHANGE 1-459 TO
         . WORD
                 194.
                                  ; RECORD LENGTH (BYTES)
; CHANGE 1-463 TO
         . WORD
                 194.
                                  ; RECORD LENGTH (BYTES)
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-666 AND 1-667
                 75.
                                  , MAG VELOCITY CONTROL
PMGVEL: . FLT2
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-158 AND 2-159
                                  X SYMBOL OFFSET
VXSOFF: .FLT2
                 0
                                  ; Y SYMBOL OFFSET
VYSOFF:
        . FLT2
                 0
CHANGE FROM 2-209 THROUGH 2-234 TO
    ; OR
    ARG1=0 TO INDICATE THAT MTPS AND IPTAP SHOULD BE
    ; CALLED INSTEAD OF UMTPS
    ; ARG2=ADDR OF ORIENTATION ELEMENTS
    ;ARG3=ADDR OF MODEL SCALE OR 0 (NO EARTH CURVATURE CORRECTION)
    ; ARG4=ADDR OF AIR REFRACTION CONSTANTS OR 0 (NO AF CORRECTION)
    ; ARG5=ADDR OF REFERENCE THETA
    ; ARG6=ADDR OF FOCAL LENGTH
    ;ARG7=ADDR OF TEMPORARY STORAGE (4 WORDS)
    ARG8=ADDR OF TRANSFORMATION COEFFICIENTS
FMTP:
        MOV
                 R5, -(SP)
                                  SAVE RETURN ADDRESS
                                  ; INC TO ARGUMENTS
         TST
                 (R5)+
        MOV
                 4(R5), R2
                                  ; R2=ADDR OF ARGLST
         TST
                                  ; ARG1=0 IN ARGLST?
                 (R2)
                                  ; YES--USE MTPS CALL
        BEQ
                 16$
                                  ; NO--USE UMTPS CALL
        MOY
                 #5$+2, RØ
        MOV
                 #5,R1
                                  SAVE VOLATILE DATA
14$:
        MOV
                 -(RØ), -(SP)
        SOB
                 R1, 14$
                                  STORE ARGUMENTS FOR UMTPS
        MOV
                 (R5)+,(R0)+
                 (R2)+, (R0)+
        MOV
                 (R2)+, (R0)+
        MOY
        MOY
                 (R2)+, (R0)+
        MOY
                 (R5), (R0)
        JSR
                                  JUNAMACE MODEL-TO-PHOTO SUBR
                 R5, UMTPS
1$:
        . WORD
        . WORD
                 0
25:
3$:
        . WORD
                 0
4$:
        . WORD
                 0
5$:
        . WORD
        MOV
                 #1$, RO
```

```
#5, R1
         MOV
15$:
                                  RESTORE VOLATILE DATA
         MOV
                  (SP)+, (R0)+
         SOB
                  R1. 15$
                                   RESTORE RETURN ADDRESS
         MOY
                  (SP)+, R5
                                  RETURN
         RTS
                 R5
16$:
         MOV
                  #12$+2, RØ
         MOV
                  #7, R1
17$:
         MOV
                  -(R0),-(SP)
                                  SAVE VOLATILE DATA
         508
                 R1, 17$
         MOY
                 13$, -(SP)
         MOV
                  (R5)+, (R0)+
                                  ISTORE ARGUMENTS FOR MTPS
         TST
                 (R2)+
         MOV
                 #6, R1
18$:
         MOV
                  (R2)+, (R0)+
         SOB
                 R1, 18$
         MOV
                  (R2), 13$
         MOV
                  (R5), R5
         JSR
                 RS, MTPS
                                  : MODEL-TO-PHOTO SUBR
        . WORD
6$:
7$:
        . WORD
        . NORD
8$:
                 0
        . NORD
9$:
                 0
        . WORD
18$:
                 0
        . WORD
11$:
                 11
12$:
        . NORD
                                  ON RETURN ACCEPHOTO X.
                                  # AC3=PHOTO Y
                                   ; IDEALIZED-FHOTO-TO-ACTUAL
         JSR
                 RS, IPTAP
13$:
         . WORD
                                  :-PHOTO SUER
                 a
         MOV
                 (SP)+, 13$
                 #6$, RO
        MOV
        MOY
                 #7, R1
        BR
                 15$
; PREPARE-FOR-UPTM SUBROUTINE (USED TO STORE 2 FOCAL LENGTHS
; FROM ONE AND COMPUTE ORIENTATION ELEMENT MATRIX FROM ANGLES)
    ; ARG1=ADDR OF FOCAL LENGTH
    ; ARG2=ADDR OF STORAGE FOR 2 FOCAL LENGTHS (4 WORDS)
    : ARG3=ADDR OF ORIENTATION ELEMENT ANGLES (OMEGA)
    ARG4=ADDR OF STORAGE FOR MATRIX (36 WORDS)
UPTMPR: LDF
                                 STORE FOCAL LENGTH AS X AND Y
                 @(R5)+,AC0
                                  FOCAL LENGTHS TO MEET
        MOY
                 (R5)+, R0
                                  JUPTM ROUTINE'S ARGUMENT
                 ACO, (RO)+
        STF
        STF
                 ACO, (RO)
                                  REQUIREMENTS
        MOV
                 SP, R1
        MOV
                 #3, R2
        MOV
                 (R5)+, R4
        LDF
                 (R4), AC0
                                  ADD REF THETA TO OMEGA
        RDDF
                 @(R5), AC0
        STF
                 ACO, (R4)+
1$:
        TRAP
                 18.
                                  COMPUTE TRIG FUNCTIONS AND
                                  STORE ON STACK SO THEY END
        STF
                 ACO, -(SP)
        TRAP
                                  JUP IN FOLLOWING ORDER:
                 16.
                 ACO, -(SP)
                                  ; SK, CK, SW, CW, SP, CP
        STF
        CMP
                 -(R4), -(R4)
        SOB
                 R2, 1$
        LDF
                 8. (R4), ACO
                 @(R5)+, ACØ
        SUBF
        STF
                 ACO, 8. (R4)
                                  COMPUTE ORIENTATION MATRIX
        MOV
                 SP, RØ
                                  JELEMENTS AND STORE IN TEMPORARY
                 (R5)+, R2
        MOV
                                  :STORAGE--
        LDF
                 (RØ)+, ACØ
                                  ; 5K
                 (R0)+, AC1
        LDF
                                  ; CK
        MULF
                 -(R1), AC1
                                  CFCK
        STF
                 AC1, AC5
                                       COPY AVAILABLE TO DDC DOES NOT PERMIT FULLY LEGISLE PRODUCTION 5-27
                                  ; SWSK
        MULF
                 (R0), ACO
```

```
ACO, AC4
STF
MULF
         -(R1), ACO
                            ; SPSWSK
                            # CPCK-SPSNSK
         ACO, AC1
SUBF
                            ; =A11
STF
         AC1, (R2)+
         (R1)+, ACO
LDF
                            ; SP
         (RØ), ACØ
                            SWSP
MULF
MULF
         -(R0), ACO
                            ; CKSWSP
LDF
         (SP), AC1
                            ; 5K
                            CPSK
MULF
         (R1), AC1
                            # CPSK+CKSWSP
ADDF
         AC1, ACO
                            ; =A12
         ACO, (R2)+
STF
LDF
         -(R1), ACO
                            ; SP
                            CWSP
MULF
         -(R1), ACO
                            ; -CWSP
         AC0
NEGF
                            ; =A13
STF
         ACO, (R2)+
         (R1), 800
                            ; CM
LDF
         (SP), AC0
                            ; SKCW
MULF
                            ; -SKCN
         AC0
NEGF
         ACB, (R2)+
                            ; =A21
STF
         (R1)+, ACØ
                            ; CW
LDF
                            CKCN
         (RØ), ACØ
MULF.
                            ; =A22
STF
         ACO, (R2)+
                            ; CK
         (R0)+, AC1
LDF
LDF
         (RØ)+, ACØ
                            ; SW
                            ; =A23
         ACO, (R2)+
STF
         (R1)+, 8C1
                            ; SPCK
MULF
                            ; CP
LDF
         (R1), AC2
                            ; SKSWCP
MULF
         AC4, AC2
                            ; SKSWCP+SPCK
ADDF
         AC2, AC1
         AC1, (R2)+
                            ; =A31
STF
MULF
         ACS, ACO
                            ; CKCPSW
         (SP), AC1
                            ; SK
LDF
                            ; SPSK
MULF
         -(R1), AC1
SUBF
         ACO, AC1
                            ; SPSK-CKCPSW
         AC1, (R2)+
                            ; =832
STF
         (R0), ACO
                            ; CW
LDF
         #24, SP
ADD
                            CPCW
         (SP)+, AC0
MULF
                            ; =A33
STF
         ACB, (R2)+
                            RETURN
RTS
         R5
```

```
KB: CPRINT, MOD
: FOLLOWING ARE THE MODIFICATIONS MADE TO PRINT
JUNDER THE RPIE SYMBOL PLACEMENT ACCURACY CONTRACT
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-53 AND 1-54
         . GLOBL PXSOFF, PYSOFF, UPTMPR, VP2OFF
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-348 AND 1-349
        . =. +64
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-776 AND 1-777
                                  PRINTING A HEADER OR CONTROL
        TST
                 #0
PHCSYM=. -2
                                  OFFLINE SYMBOL?
        BEQ
                 15
                                  ; NO--SKIP
        TSTB
                 PMODE
                                  ; YES--UNAMACE ONLINE MODE?
                                  ; NO--PROFILE, P-M, RECT, OR
        BLE
                 1$
                                  COPY
                 #100, PMODE
        BITB
        BNE
                 15
                                  ; NO--UNAMACE OFFLINE
        ADDF
                 PXSOFF, RC0
                                  ; YES--ADD OFFSETS TO SYMBOL'S
                                  XM, YM TO CORRECT FOR VIEWER
        ADDF .
                 PYSOFF, AC1
; CHANGE 1-1011 TO
        BNE
                 PERR4
; CHANGE 1-1483 TO
        ADDF
                 PXYRBF+190., ACO ; LEFT AVG DENSITY
; CHANGE 1-1488 TO
5$:
        MOV
                 #PXYRBF+170., R5; ADDR OF NEXT INTENSITY
```

```
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-322 AND 2-323
         MOV
                 #-1, PHCSYM
                                  ; SET PRINTING-HEADER-OR-
                                  ; CONTROL-OFFLINE-SYMBOLS
                                  FLAG
; DELETE 2-328 AND 2-329
; CHANGE 2-330 TO
POFSYM: TSTB
                 PSMODE
                                  JUNAMACE MODE?
; CHANGE 2-331 TO
        BGE
                                  ; NO--SKIP
                 8$
; CHANGE 2-332 TO
        JSR
                 R5, PRNSUB
                                  ; YES -- REWIND TAPE
; CHANGE 2-335 TO
        BR
; CHANGE 2-337 TO
        ADD
                 #FFX1+8. , R5
; CHANGE 2-341 TO
                 9$
                                  ; P-M UNAMACE
        BLT
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-354 AND 2-355
                                  RESET PRINTING-HEADER-OR
9$:
                 PHCSYM
        CLR
                                  ; CONTROL-OFFLINE-SYMBOLS
                                  FLAG
; CHANGE 2-355 TO
        BR
                 P35
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-355 AND 2-356
4$:
        BR
                 PADSYM
        TSTB
10$:
                 PMODE
                                  PROFILE MODE?
                                  JYES--USE INPUT PHOTO FIDUCIALS
        BLT
                 3$
                                  ; NO, UNAMACE ONLINE OR OFFLINE
```

```
JSR
                 R5, UPTMPR
                                   PREPARE ARGUMENTS FOR UPTM
                                  STORE INPUT PHOTO'S FOCAL LENGTH
                 F.F
         . WORD
                                  ; TWICE
                                  IN THIS TEMPORARY STORAGE
         . WORD
                 PTEMP+44
                                  COMPUTE INPUT PHOTO'S ORIENTATION
         . WORD
                 F-WO
         . WORD
                 FTHTAR
                                  ; ELEMENTS MATRIX
                                  AND STORE IN THIS TEMP STORAGE
         . WORD
                 PTEMP
                                  JUSE INPUT PHOTO FIDUCIALS
         BR
                 3$
; CHRNGE 2-358 TO
        BR
                 10$
                                  INO, INPUT PHOTO
INSERT BETWEEN 2-359 AND 2-360
         TSTB
                 PMODE
                                  PROFILE MODE?
         BLT
                 P35
                                  ; YES '
                                  ; NO--FRAME CONTROL?
         BITE
                 #40, PMODE
         BEQ
                 P35
                                  ; NO
         MOV
                 #PFX1, R5
                                  ; YES
                 #20, PMODE
                                  ; PHOTO 1 ON TAPE?
         BITE
         BEQ
                 115
                                  ; YES
                                  ; NO--PHOTO 2
                 #VP20FF, R5
         ADD
                                  ; SETUP FOR UPTM--
                                  FOCAL LENGTH ADDR
11$:
        MOY
                 R5, PFOC
         ADD
                 #60. , R5
                                  ; CAMERA STATION
         MOV
                 R5, PCAMST
                                  ; COORDS ADDR
                                  ORIENTATION ELEMENTS
                 #12. , R5
         ADD
         MOV
                 R5, PORIEN
                                  ; MATRIX ADDR
                                  ;R5=FIDUCIALS' ADDR
         SUB
                 #64., R5
                                  ; SET PRINTING-HEADER-OR
                 PHOSYM
         NEG
                                  ; CONTROL-OFFLINE-SYMBOLS
                                  FLAG POSITIVE
; CHANGE 2-360 TO
                                  STORE ADDR OF NOM COORDS
P35:
        MOV
                 R5, 15$
; CHANGE 2-380 TO
        TST
                                  CONTROL ORTHOPHOTO?
                 PHOSYM
; CHANGE 2-381 TO
                                  ; YES--ALREADY HAVE MODEL COORDS
        BLT
                 4$
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-381 AND 2-382
                                  ; NO--INPUT
        BEQ
                 19$
                                  ; NO, CONTROL FRAME--CONVERT
                 R5, PSU19A
        JSR
                                  FROM PHOTO TO MODEL
        BR
                 16$
        BR
                 4$
19$:
; INSERT AFTER 2-405'S PADSYM:
                                  RESET PRINTING-HEADER-OR-
                 PHCSYM
        CLR
                                  ; CONTROL-OFFLINE-SYMBOLS
                                  ; FLAG
INSERT BETWEEN 2-407 AND 2-408
        TSTE
                 PMODE
                                  ; PROFILE, P-M, COPY, OR
                                  ; RECTIFY?
        BLE
                 1$
                                  JYES--SKIP
                                  ; NO, UNAMACE ONLINE OR OFFLINE
         JSR
                 R5, UPTMPR
                                  ; PREPARE ARGUMENTS FOR UPTM
                                  STORE INPUT PHOTO'S FOCAL LENGTH
                 PF
         . WORD
                                  ; THICE
                                  ; IN THIS TEMPORARY STORAGE
         . WORD
                 FTEMF+44
                                  COMPUTE INPUT PHOTO'S ORIENTATION
                 PWO
         . WORD
        . WORD
                 PTHTAR
                                  ; ELEMENTS MATRIX
                                  AND STORE IN THIS TEMP STORAGE
         WORD
                 PTEMP
; CHANGE 2-418 TO
                  RS, PTTYR
          JSR
 ; CHANGE 2-437 TO
                                  ; ERROR
        BR
INSERT BETWEEN 2-441 AND 2-442
                  R5, PCLWT1
                                   ; WAIT FOR HANDWHEELS TO COMPLETE
 2$:
         JSR
                                   JIGNORE BECAUSE OF ERROR
         BR
                  35
 4$:
         TST
                  (SP)+
         BR
                  3$
```

27

```
; CHANGE 2-701 TO
                 F33
                                  PROFILE
        BLT
INSERT BETWEEN 2-701 AND 2-702
                                  JUNAMACE ONLINE OR OFFLINE
        BGT
                 P34
; CHANGE 2-703 TO
        BGE
                 P33
                                  ; RECT/COPY
; CHANGE 2-704 TO
PSU19A: MOV
                 #PXMR, R1
; CHANGE 2-705 TO
                 R1, R0
        MOV
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-708 AND 2-709
                                  JUNAMACE PHOTO-TO-MODEL USING
                 R5, UPTM
        JSR
P34:
        BR
                 2$
                                  ; ALL DATA FROM VIEWER
        . WORD
                                  PAN PHOTO COORDS PNTR
                 PXMR
        . WORD
                 PTEMP+44
                                 FOCAL LENGTH PATE
                                  ; EXPOSURE STATION PNTR
        . WORD
                 PBX0
                                  CORIENTATION MATRIX PATE
        . WORD
                 PTEMP
        . WORD
                 PZST
                                  JESTIMATED STARTING ELEV PATR
        . WORD
                 PARG1
                                 PATE TO ELEV SUBR'S ARG LIST
        . WORD
                 3$
                                 PATE TO FMTP SUBR'S ARG LIST
        . WORD
                                  ; MODEL COORDS PATE
                 PXMR
2$:
        TST
                 RØ
                                  ; INDETERMINATE SOLUTION?
        BNE
                 P25
                                 ; YES
        BR
                 P26
                                 ; NO
3$:
        . WORD
                                  FLAG TELLING FMTP TO CALL
                 0
                                  MTPS AND IPTAP
        . WORD
                 PBX0
                                  ; EXPOSURE STATION PATE
        . WORD
                                 ; NO EARTH CURVATURE
                 0
        . WORD
                 0
                                  INO AIR REFRACTION CORRECTION
                                 REFERENCE THETH POINTER
        . WORD
                 PTHTAR
        . WORD
                                  FOCAL LENGTH POINTER
                                 ; PHOTO COORDS TEMP STORAGE
                 PTEMP+54
        . WORD
        . WORD
                 PTC
                                 ; TRANSFORMATION COEFFICIENTS
                                  POINTER
; CHANGE 2-709 TO
        JSR.
                 RS, PTM
                                  :NO--TRANSFORM COORDS INTO
P33:
```

```
KB: CVIEW, MOD
FOLLOWING ARE THE MODIFICATIONS MADE TO VIEW
JUNDER THE RPIE SYMBOL PLACEMENT ACCURACY CONTRACT
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-61 AND 1-62
                 UPTMPR, VXSOFF, VYSOFF
         . GLOBL
          GLOBIL
                 VOSGNT, VOGOSK
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-827 AND 1-828
                                  RESET SCAN ALIGNED FLAG
         CLR
                 VSCALD
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-841 AND 1-842
         JSR
                 PC, VALSO
                                  ALIGN SCAN
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-855 AND 1-856
         JSR
                 PC, VALSO
                                  ; ALIGN SCAN (IF NOT ALIGNED)
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-856 AND 1-857
         JSR
                 PC, VALSO
                                  ; ALIGN SCAN (IF NOT ALIGNED)
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-857 AND 1-858
         JSR
                 PC, VALSO
                                  ; ALIGN SCAN (IF NOT ALIGNED)
; INSERT BETHEEN 2-120 AND 2-121
         CLR
                 VSCALD
                                  RESET SCAN ALIGNED FLAG
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-241 AND 2-242
         JSR.
                 PC, VALSO
                                  ; ALIGN SCAN
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-257 AND 2-258
                 PC, VALSO
                                  FALIGN SCAN (IF NOT ALIGNED)
         JSR
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-258 AND 2-259
         JSR
                 PC, VALSO
                                  FALIGN SCAN (IF NOT ALIGNED)
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-259 AND 2-260
        JSR
                 PC, VALSO
                                  ; ALIGN SCAN (IF NOT ALIGNED)
; CHANGE 2-407 TO
        BGE
                 12$
                                  ; NO, UNAMACE ONLINE
; INSERT BETWEEN 2-409 AND 2-410
12$:
        MOV
                 #VPM, RO
                                  ; SAVE MEASURED ALIGNMENT POINT
        MOV
                 #VPMA, R1
                                  ; INPUT PHOTO AND MODEL COORDS
                 #VPP, R2
        MOY
                                  FOR LATER COMPUTATION OF
        MOV
                 #VPPA, R3
                                  SYMBOL PLACEMENT OFFSETS
                                  STORE POINT'S--
        MOV
                 #4, R4
13$:
                 (RØ)+, ACØ
        LDF
                                  ; XM
                 ACO, (R1)+
        STF
        LDF
                 (RØ)+, ACØ
                                  ; YM
        STF
                 ACO, (R1)+
        TSTF
                 (R0)+
                                  ; (SKIP EM)
        LDF
                 (R2)+, ACØ
                                  ; XP
                 ACO, (R3)+
        STF
        LDF
                 (R2)+, AC0
                                  ; YP
                 AC0, (R3)+
        STF
        SOB
                 R4, 13$
                                  REPEAT FOR NEXT ALIGNMENT PT
; CHANGE 2-1010 TO
                 VSYMBL
                                  ; NO, UNAMACE ONLINE -- COMPUTE
        BEQ
                                  SYMBOL PLACEMENT OFFSETS
; DELETE 2-1011
; INSERT AFTER 2-1061
                                  BEGIN COMPUTATION OF SYMBOL
                                  ; PLACEMENT OFFSETS-
VSYMBL: JSR
                 R5, UPTMPR
                                  ; FIRST, PREPARE ARGUMENTS FOR
                                  JUPTM ROUTINE
                                  STORE INPUT PHOTO'S FOCAL
        . WORD
                                  ; LENGTH THICE
        . WORD
                 VTEMP+60
                                  IN THIS TEMPORARY STORAGE
                                  COMPUTE INPUT PHOTO'S ORIENTATION
        . WORD
                 VOMEGA
        . WORD
                 VIHTAR
                                  ; ELEMENTS MATRIX
                                  AND STORE IN THIS TEMP STORAGE
        . WORD
                 VTEMP
                                  , THEN, COMPUTE OFFSETS BASED ON
```

```
CLRF
                  AC2
                                    STORAGE FOR SUM OF XM DIFFERENCE
         CLRF
                  AC3
                                    STORAGE FOR SUM OF YM DIFFERENCE
         MOV
                  #VPMA, RØ
                                    LINK TO ALIGNMENT PT MODEL COORDS
                  #VFFA, R1
         MOV
                                    LINK TO ALIGNMENT PT PHOTO COORDS
         CLR
                  R2
                                    GOOD PT COUNTER
                  #4, R3
         MOV
                                    ALIGNMENT PT COUNTER
                                   LINK TO TEMP STORAGE
         MOV
                  #VTEMP+44, R4
         MOVE
                  #60, VNALPT
                                   ; INIT ALIGN PT # FOR OFFSET
                                   DISPLAY
         JSR
                  R5, VCDS
                                    "ALIGNMENT POINT OFFSETS:"
         . WORD
                  222.
         JSR
                  R5, VCDS
                                           ×
                                                 4.
         . WORD
                  221.
                                   JGET NEXT ALIGNMENT PT'S PAN
                                   ¿PHOTO COORDS--
2$:
         LDF
                  (R1)+, AC1
                                   ; XP
         LDF
                  (R1)+, ACO
                                   ; YP
         STF
                  AC1, (R4)+
         STF
                  ACO, (R4)
         INCE
                  VNALPT
                                   ; INC ALIGN PT # FOR OFFSET
                                   DISPLAY
         JSR
                  R5, CRSAV
                                   ; SAVE REGISTERS
         JSR
                  R5, UPTM
                                    FORTRAN UNAMAGE PHOTO TO
                                   : MODEL ROUTINE -- COMPUTES MODEL
                                   COORDS CORRESPONDING TO PHOTO
                                   : COORDS
         BR
                  3$
                  VTEMP+44
         . WORD
                                   PAN PHOTO COORDS PHTR
         . WORD
                  VTEMP+60
                                   FOCAL LENGTH PATE
                                   EXPOSURE STATION PATE
         . WORD
                  VEX
         . WORD
                  VTEMP
                                   ; ORIENTATION MATRIX PNTR
         . WORD
                  VZST
                                   SESTIMATED STARTING ELEV PATR
                                   PNTR TO ELEY SUBR'S ARG LIST PNTR TO FMTP SUBR'S ARG LIST
         . WORD
                  VELARG
         . WORD
                  1$
                                   ; MODEL COORDS PNTR
         . NORD
                  VTEMF+44
3$:
         TST
                  RØ
                                   ; INDETERMINATE SOLUTION?
                                   ; YES, POINT IS OUT OF RANGE
         BNE
                  4$
                                   : -- SKIP
                                   ; NO--RESTORE REGISTERS
         JSR
                  RS, CRRES
         INC
                                   ; INCREMENT GOOD PT COUNTER
                 R2
         LDF
                  (R4), AC1
         LDF
                  -(R4), ACO
         SUBF
                  (RØ)+, ACØ
                                   ; PT'S XM OFFSET=COMPUTED XM
                                   ; OF ALIGN PT-MEASURED XM
                                   OF ALIGN PT
         SUBF
                  (RØ)+, AC1
                                   ; PT'S YM OFFSET=COMPUTED YM
                                   ; OF ALIGN PT-MEASURED YM
                                   OF ALIGN PT
         JSR.
                 RS, CRSAV
                                   ; DISPLAY THESE OFFSETS
         MOV
                  #VOIARG, R1
         STF
                 AC1, -(SP)
         STF
                 800, -(SP)
         MOV
                 SP, (R1)
        MOV
                  #"0=, R0
VNALPT=. -2
                 R5, VCDS
         JSR.
         . WORD
                 95.
                 R5, VCD2VL
         JSR
         . WORD
         ADD
                  #8. , SP
         JSR
                 R5, CRRES
                                   ; ADD THIS PT'S OFFSETS TO
         ADDF
                 ACB, AC2
         ADDF
                 AC1, AC3
                                   STORED SUMS OF XM, YM DIFF
                                   REPEAT FOR NEXT ALIGNMENT PT
         SOB
                 R3, 2$
                                   AT LEAST ONE GOOD POINT?
7$:
         LDCIF
                 R2, FICO
```

SAVED ALIGNMENT PT MEASUREMENTS

COPY AVAILABLE TO LISE BULS RUTS-33
PERMIT FULLY LEGIBLE PRODUCTION

```
, YES
         BNE
                  5$
         CLRF
                  AC2
                                   ; NO--SET AVERAGE MODEL COORD
         CLRF
                  AC3
                                   OFFSETS TO ZERO (NO SYMBOL
         BR
                  6$
                                   ; PLACEMENT CORRECTIONS)
                  R5, CRRES
4$:
         JSR
                                   RESTORE REGISTERS
         TSTF
                  -(R4)
                                   REPEAT FOR NEXT ALIGNMENT PT
         SOB
                  R3, 2$
         BR
                  7$
5$:
         DIVE
                  ACO, AC2
                                   COMPUTE AVERAGE MODEL COORD
         DIVF
                  ACO, AC3
                                   ; OFFSETS AND STORE AS SYMBOL
6$:
         STF
                  AC2, VXSOFF
                                   ; PLACEMENT CORRECTIONS
         STF
                 AC3, VYSOFF
         ABSF
                                   ; IF AN OFFSET IS LARGER
                 RC2
                                   THAN 50 MICRONS, WARN THE
         CMPF
                 F50, AC2
         CFCC
                                   OPERATOR ABOUT VIEWER ALIGNMENT
         BLT
                 23
        RBSF
                 AC3
         CMPF
                 F50, AC3
         CFCC
         BGE
                 9$
                 R5, VCDS
                                   ; "WARNING: THE VIEWER UNIT MAY
8$:
         JSR
         . WORD
                 220.
                                   ; NEED TO BE ALIGNED"
9$:
         JMP
                 VRESET
1$:
        . WORD
                                   ; FLAG TELLING FMTP TO CALL
                 ø
                                   IMTES AND IFTAE
         . WORD
                 VBX
                                   EXPOSURE STATION PATE
        . WORD
                                   ; NO EARTH CURVATURE
                 A
        . WORD
                                   , NO AIR REFRACTION CORRECTION
                 0
                 VTHTAR
                                   REFERENCE THETA PATE
        . WORD
         . WORD
                 ٧F
                                   FOCAL LENGTH PATE
                 VTEMP+70
         . WORD
                                   PHOTO COORDS TEMP STORAGE
                                   TRANSFORMATION COEFFICIENTS PNTR
         . WORD
                 VTRANC
; CHANGE 5-489 TO
                 #60, VINCHT
                                   ; INIT INDEX PT # TO 0
VIPTMI: MOV
; DELETE 5-490
; INSERT BETWEEN 5-516 AND 5-517
                                   ; READ "MEASURE INDEX POINT
                 R5, VCDS
        JSR
         . WORD
                                   :0" MESSAGE
                 184.
; CHANGE 5-517 TO
                                   INCREMENT
        INC
VINCNT=. -2
                                   ; INDEX PT #,
; INSERT BETWEEN 5-517 AND 5-518
                 VINCNT, VMESEF+22.
                                           STORE IT IN
         MOVE
; INSERT BETWEEN 5-534 AND 5-535
                                   ; ALIGN SCAN SUBROUTINE
                                   IS SCAN ALREADY ALIGNED?
VALSC:
        TST
                 #0
VSCALD=, -2
        BNE
                 4$
                                   ; YES--SKIP
                 R5, CRSAV
         JSR
                                  ; NO--SAVE REGISTERS
        BIT
                 #4, R5
                                   CONTROL STAGE?
        BEQ
                                   ; NO--INPUT STRIGE
                 5$
                 R5, VCDS
                                   ; YES-- "ALIGN CONTROL SCAN"
         JSR
         . WORD
                 218.
         JSR
                 R5, VALSCS
                                   SKIP BUTTON
        BR
                 7$
        MOY
                 #VSCGEN, R2
                                   GO BUTTON
        MOV
                 #VSCALD, R1
                 #4, R5
                                   CONTROL STAGE?
        BIT
                 23
                                   ; NO--INPUT STAGE
         BEQ
                 #50315, (R2)
                                   ; YES--SCAN SIZE=1MM
        MOV
        MOV
                 #140632, (R2)
                                   SET BEAM CURRENT EQUIVALENTLY
                 R5, VALSOS
         JSR
                                   SKIP BUTTON--INSURE SCAN
        DEC
                 (R1)
                                   FALIGNED FLAG IS RESET
```

```
MOV
                  #140000, (R2)
                                   ¿ZERO BEAM CURRENT
                                   SET SCAN SIZE TO MAX
         MOV
                  #53777, (R2)
3$:
         INC
                  (R1)
                                   SET SCAN ALIGNED FLAG
                                   RESTORE REGISTERS
7$:
         JSR
                 RS, CRRES
45:
         RTS
                  P.C
                                   RETURN
                 R5, VCDS
                                   , "ALIGN INPUT SCAN"
         JSR
5$:
         . WORD
                 219.
         BR
                 1$
                                   ; SCAN SIZE=1MM
8$:
         MOV
                  #10315, (R2)
                  #130632, (R2)
                                   I SET BEAM CURRENT EQUIVALENTLY
         MOV
         JSR
                  RS, VALSOS
         DEC
                  (R1)
                                   ; SKIP BUTTON--INSURE SCAN
                                   ; ALIGNED FLAG IS RESET
         MOV
                  #130000, (R2)
                                   ; ZERO BEAM CURRENT
                                   ; SET SCAN SIZE TO MAX
         MOV
                 #13777, (R2)
         BR
                 3$
                                   ; ALIGN SCAN SUB-SUBROUTINE
VALSCS: CMP
                 #64, VINCNT
                                   ;4TH INDEX PT?
         BEQ
                 6$
                                   ; YES -- FORCE A GO BUTTON
        MOV
                 #VCGOSK, RØ
                                   ; NO--ALLOW GO OR SKIP
                                   ; STORE STATUS OF GO AND SKIP
        MOV
                 VPNL, (RØ)
                                   ; BUTTONS FOR CLOCK
         BIC
                  #177771, (RØ)
                                   SCHEDULE WAIT FOR GO OR SKIP
                 #VCSGWT, V50S1
        MOV
        JSR
                 R5, VCLNT1
                                   CLOCK FUNCTION
                                   SKIP BUTTON?
         BIT
                 #2, (R0)
                                   HES
        BNE
                 9$
                                   ; NO--GO BUTTON
2$:
         TST
                  (R5)+
                                   RETURN
9$:
         RTS
                 R5
6$:
         JSR
                 R5, VGONT
                                   ; WAIT FOR GO BUTTON SUBR
        BR
                 2$
; INSERT BETWEEN 6-301 AND 6-302
VPPA:
        . =. +40
                                   ; SAVED ALIGNMENT POINT INPUT
                                   PHOTO COORDS
VPMA:
        . =. +40
                                   , SAVED ALIGNMENT POINT MODEL
                                   COORDS
                                   ; (UNAMACE ONLINE ONLY)
; INSERT BETWEEN 6-325 AND 6-326
        . FLT2
                                   ; AND FOR (UNAMACE ONLINE ONLY)
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
        . FLT2
                 0,0,0,0
                                   ; PHOTO COORDS, MODEL COORDS, AND
                                    FOCAL LENGTHS DURING COMPU-
                                    ; TATION OF SYMBOL PLACEMENT
                                    OFFSETS
```

```
KB: CIFILES. MOD
FOLLOWING ARE THE MODIFICATIONS MADE TO IFILES
JUNDER THE RPIE SYMBOL PLACEMENT ACCURACY CONTRACT
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-25 AND 1-26
    ; RECORD 0:
                 /0000000000000000000000/
PVCPID: . ASCII
                                            CONTROL PHOTO ID #
                                   , MODEL, COORDS OF ENTIRE
PXM0:
        . FLT2
                  0
        . FLT2
                  0
                                   JOVERLAP AREA TO BE PRINTED
PXMF:
PYM0:
        . FLT2
         . FLT2
PYMF:
                  0
PWINDX: . BYTE
                  3
                                   ; INDEX TO PRINT WIDTH(0, 1, 2, 3)
                                   ; 0=RECT; 1=UNAMACE; 21=PROFILE
PMODE:
        . BYTE
                  0
POPSC:
        . FLT2
                 100000.
                                   ; OUTPUT PHOTO SCALING
                                   ; = MODEL DISTANCE/PHOTO DISTANCE
        . ASCII
PIPID:
                 /00000000000000000/ ; INPUT PHOTO ID #
PIOX1:
        . FLT2
                  88900.
                                   ; INTERIOR ORIENTATION ELEMENTS
                  -100000.
PIOY1:
        . FLT2
        . FLT2
PIOY2:
                 100000.
                                   THETA REF
PTHTAR: . FLT2
                  0
        . FLT2
                 500000.
                                   FOCAL LENGTH
PF:
PK1:
        . FLT2
                  0
        . FLT2
PK2:
                  0
PKIMC:
        . FLT2
                  0
PBX0:
        . FLT2
                 0
PBY0:
        . FLT2
                  500000.
PBZ0:
        . FLT2
PK0:
        . FLT2
PNO:
        . FLT2
         . FLT2
                 0
PPØ:
                                   , TRANSFORMATION COEFFICIENTS
PTC:
         . =. +80.
                                   JX SYMBOL -OFFSET
PXSOFF: . FLT2
                                   JY SYMBOL OFFSET
PYSOFF: . FLT2
                 0
                                   POINTER TO NEXT INPUT PHOTO
PNXTIP: . WORD
                 -1
        . FLT2
PVXM3:
                 0
PVXM4: .FLT2
PINTNS: .FLT2
                 0
                                   ; INTENSITY FOR CURRENT PHOTO
                 3. 5
                                   CENTER LINE
PCDMAX: . FLT2
                 0
                                   ; DENSITY INFORMATION
PCDMIN: . FLT2
                 0
PCDAVG: .FLT2
                 0
PRDAVG: . FLT2
                 0
    ; RECORDS 1-80:
; CHANGE 1-37 TO
         MORD
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-45 FIND 1-46
         . RECRD #DKLB, #F1R0RB
                                   BEGIN RECORDING RECORD 0
         . WAIT
                 #DKLB
                                   ; WAIT FOR FINISH
; INSERT BETWEEN 1-85 AND 1-86
                                   FILE 1 RECORD BLOCK FOR
                                   RECORD 0
F1RØRB: . NORD
                 2
        . WORD
                 PVCPID
        . WORD
                 230.
         . WORD
                 0,0
; CHANGE 1-89 TO
         . WORD
                 230.
; CHANGE 1-101 TO
        . WORD
                 194.
```