AD

TECHNICAL REPORT 75-22 FSL

# A CONSUMER EVALUATION OF AIR FORCE FOOD SERVICE

Laurence G. Branch

by

Survey Research Program
University of Massachusetts-Boston
Boston, Massachusetts 02116

and
Herbert L. Meiselman
Lawrence E. Symington

Food Sciences Laboratory

Contract Number: DAAKO3-74-C-0098

July 1974

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

UNITED STATES ARMY
NATICK LABORATORIES
Natick, Massachusetts 01760



Food Sciences Laboratory

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

Citation of trade names in this report does not constitute an official indorsement or approval of the use of such items.

Destroy this report when no longer needed. Do not return it to the originator.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM	
1. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	
TR-75-22-FSL		HD/H-003 820
4. TITLE (and Subtitie)		S. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
A Consumer Evaluation of Air Ford	e Food Service	
		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHGF(e)		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(*)
Laurence G. Branch, Herbert L Meis	selman,	DAAKO3-74-C-0098
and Lawrence E. Symington	!	
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
Survey Research Program		
University of Massachusetts-Boston	1	
Roston Massachusetts 02116 11. Controlling office name and address		12. REFORT DATE
Food Sciences Laboratory		July 1974
US Army Natick Laboratories		13. NUMREP OF PAGES Q()
Natick Massachusetts 01760 14. Monitoring agency name & address(it dilleren	t from Controlling Oilice)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
		Unclassified
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)		<u> </u>
Approved for public release; dist	ribution unlimit	ed.
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered	in Block 20, if different from	m Report)
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Reproduce	ed by	
NATIO	ONAL TECHNICAL	
	RMATION SERVICE Department of Commerce	
S	Springfield VA 22151	
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde il necessary and	d identify by block number)	
Food Service Systems		
Evaluation		
Consumer		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue an reverse elde il necessary and	d Identify by block number)	
An 18-page consumer opinion surv personnel at Travis Air Force Ba		

Force Base to elicit opinions on a wide range of factors thought to determine and/or influence consumer utilization and acceptance of a food

service facility. Survey results indicated that the customers do find fault with both the food and non-food aspects of military food service, but that

DD 1 JAN 73 1473 EDITION OF T NOV 68 IS OBSOLETE

in most cases the food factors are rated lower.

5 SUBJECT TO CHANGE

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

# A CONSUMER EVALUATION OF AIR FORCE FOOD SERVICE

by

Laurence G. Branch

Survey Research Program University of Massachusetts-Boston Boston, Massachusetts 02116

and

Herbert L. Meiselman

Lawrence E. Symington

Food Sciences Laboratory

Contract Number DAAK03-74-C-0098

July 1974

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT &

Approved for public release

Distribution Unlimited

...

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
List of Tables		ii
Introduction		1
Method		4
Results		7
Meal Patterns		8
Preferred Foods		10
Evaluation and I	mportance of Fourteen Food Service Factors	12
Part I: Part II: Part III: Part IV: Part V: Part VI: Part VII: Part VIII: Part X: Part X: Part XI: Part XII: Part XIV:	Quality of Food Variety of Weekend Food Variety of Weekday Food Quantity of Food Variety of Short Order Food Monotony of the Same Facility Speed of Service Hours of Operation Service by Dining Facility Personnel Military Atmosphere General Dining Facility Environment Convenience of Location Dining Companions Expense	20 23 23 26 30 30 33 37 37 42 44 44 48
Conclusions and Rec	commendations	52
References		54
Appendix I		56
Appendix II		74
Appendix III		82

## LIST OF TABLES

		Page
Table 1	Reported Meal Patterns of the Air Force Consumers	9
Table 2	Types of Cooking Individuals Were Raised on	11
Table 3	Types of Cooking or Specialty Food Preferred	13
Table 4	Importance of Fourteen Food Service Factors on Attendance	14
Table 5	Evaluation of Fourteen Food Service Factors	17
Table 6	Quality of Raw Food Product	21
Table 7	Quality of Food Preparation	22
Table 8	Consumers Opinions of the VARIETY of WEEKEND Food	24
Table 9	Consumers Opinions of the VARIETY of WEEKDAY Food	25
Table 10	Consumers Opinions of the VARIETY of Food over a Period of a MONTH	27
Table 11	Consumers Responses to the Question: Other than times of dieting, do you ever leave your dining facility without enough to eat?	28
Table 12	Consumers Opinions of Amounts per Servings	28
Ta le 13	Are Second Helpings `same sted?	31
Table 14	Consumers' Opinions of the VARIETY of SHORT ORDER FOODS	32
Table 15	Delays in Service	34
Ta-le 16	Opinions Concerning Self-Bussing	35
Table 17	Consumers Opinions of the HOURS of OPERATION	36
Table 18	Dining Facility Personnel	38
Table 19	Food Service Personnel Functions	38
Table 20	Military Atmosphere	20

# LIST OF TABLES (cont'd)

		Page
Table 21	Opinions Concerning Specific Policies	41
Table 22	Music Preferences	43
Table 23	Convenience of Location: Means of Travel	45
Table 24	Convenience of Location: Walking Time	46
Table 25	Social Aspects of Dining Facilities	47
Table 26	Opinions Concerning Current Separate Rations System	49
Table 27	Alternative Separates Rations Proposals	50
Table 28	Sex of Samples	74
Table 29	Race of Samples	74
Table 30	Age of Samples	7=
Table 31	Educational Level of Samples	76
Table 32	Time in Service	77
Table 33	Reenlistment Plans	78
Table 34	Reaction to Military Service	78
Table 35	Pay Grade of Sample	79
Table 36	Rural/Urban Background Sample	80
Table 37	Geographical Origins of Sample	81

#### INTRODUCTION

During FY 1973-74, U. S. Army Natick Laboratories (NLABS) conducted an investigation of Air Force Food Service under Task 03, Project Number 1J662713AJ45, Analysis and Design of Military Feeding Systems, and Task 03, Project Number 1J662713A034, Military Food Service and Subsistence Technology.

Travis Air Force Base was selected as the principle study site. Minot Air Force Base, North Dakota, and Homestead Air Force Base, Florida, were chosen as ancillary sites. The three Air Force Bases differ in mission (tactical, military airlift, strategic), in climate, and in degree of isolation from off base civilian food service.

One basic premise of the total project was that food service must be oriented toward and responsive to the consumer. The objectives, stated very simply, were to improve existing system performance, increase its effectiveness, and identify possible cost reductions.

The overall approach employed for this project was as follows:

- 1. Perform initial system studies.
  - a. system evaluation
  - b. consumer research (all three installations)
  - c. environmental analysis
- 2. Define possible improvements to the system and experimentally evaluate each.
  - 3. Recommend system improvements.

The initial consumer research had several principle components, a

Consumer's Opinions of Food Service Systems Survey, a Food Preference Survey,
and a Consumer Evaluation of Proposed Changes Survey. The Consumer's

Opinions Survey identified factors which determine and/or influence customer

opinions of the three individual food service systems (Travis, Minot, and Homestead Air Force Bases) are available as separate reports. 1,2,3 The Food Preference Survey established food preference patterns and determines the monthly frequency with which the consumers want the foods offered. This information then becomes the basis for improved menu developments to increase acceptance of the system, since food variety has been found to be one of the most serious irritants in military food service. 1,2,3,4,5,6 The Proposed Changes Survey attempted to determine the effect of possible system changes on customer attendance.

Two additional analyses dealt with human aspects of the Air Force Food Service System. The environmental analysis consisted of examining the dining facility environment to define the necessary improvements for increasing consumer satisfaction, with minimum change and cost. An investigation concerning job satisfaction and training among the food service workers, both military and civilian, attempted to identify the problems which the workers find in their system and the factors which might form the basis of a more satisfied food service worker.

Upon completion of these and other efforts, the resulting proposed changes were implemented at Travis Air Force Base for experimental evaluation. Limited analyses have also been performed at both Minot Air Force Base and Homestead Air Force Base. Responses by consumers to these system changes were measured by direct face-to-face interviews.

The purpose of the present report is a comparison of the similarities and differences of consumer opinion across the three Air Force Bases surveyed with the Consumer Opinions Survey. 1,2,3 The degree of agreement among consumers at the three Air Force Bases partially defines the degree

of generalizability of the consumer opinion data on which the changes at Travis Air Force Base were formulated, hence, the applicability of the results of the experiement to other Air Force bases.

The final phase of the project consists of recommending changes to the Air Force to improve performance, increase effectiveness, and reduce costs of base food service operations. Plans for their implementation will also be provided.

The general consumer approach outlined above has been previously applied and validated in a different military food service system, that of the Army. An experimental system developed for Fort Lewis, Washington, using a consumer orientation, was shown to clearly increase troop acceptance, of the system while providing other benefits. 10

#### METHOD

A copy of the Consumer's Opinions Survey is contained in Appendix 1.

The questionnaire was developed by the Food Sciences Laboratory on
the basis of previous consumer responses concerning military food service
systems and from the results of informal interviews with Air Force consumers.

The format permitted automated scoring by a mark sense reader.

The survey was administered at Travis AFB between 5-14 December 1972 and 8-9 January 1973 to groups ranging in size from 5-111 respondents. For the 17 sessions, the respondents were seated at tables in a large, well-lighted room and were told the background of the study by one of the 2-5 supervisors present.

The survey was administered at Minot AFB between 8-12 January 1973 to groups ranging in size from 23-185 respondents. For the eight sessions, the respondents were seated at tables in a large attractive recreation room in the Base Recreation Center and were told the background of the study by one of the four supervisors present.

The survey was administered at Homestead AFB between 28 January and 2 February 1973 to groups ranging in size from 15-68 respondents. For the ten sessions, the respondents were seated at long tables in a vacant dining facility and were told the background of the study by one of the four supervisors present.

Except for two sessions at Travis AFB, during which the order was reversed, each respondent was first asked to complete the Consumer's Opinions Survey, which took about 40 minutes, and then a Food Preference

Survey, which took about 60 minutes. Further specific information about how each sample was obtained is contained in the individual reports. 1,2,3 The respondents from each base were treated as two samples - the subsistence-in-kind (SIK) personnel and the personnel receiving a basic-allowance-for-subsistence (BAS).

Appendix II presents detailed descriptive information on the demographic background characteristics of the consumer samples (Tables 28-37). The background profile of the "typical" respondent in each of the six groups was:

	TRA	VIS	MIN	OT	HOMES	TEAD	COMPO	SITE
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Total Number	289	401	245	264	237	251	771	916
Sex <sup>1</sup>	M	M	M	M	M	M	М	M
Race <sup>2</sup>	С	С	С	С	С	С	C	С
Age (in years)	20.4	27.3	20.0	24.9	20.2	27.9	20.2	26.7
Education Level <sup>3</sup>	HSG	HSG	HSG	HSG	HSG	HSG	нsg	HSG
Time in Service (years)	1.28	7.55	1.19	5.65	1.32	8.45	1.26	7.29
Re-enlistment Plans <sup>4</sup>	3.98	3.34	4.07	3.64	3.97	3.20	4.00	3.39
Reaction to Military Service <sup>5</sup>	4.62	3.53	4.44	4.07	4.41	3.17	4.50	3.59
Pay Grade <sup>6</sup>	E3-	E5-	E2-3	E4+	E3-	E5-	E3-	E4-5

<sup>1.</sup> M = male

<sup>2.</sup> C = caucasian

<sup>3.</sup> HSG - high school graduate

<sup>4. 1</sup> m definitely yes; ? m probably yes; 3 m undecided; 4 m probably no; 5 m definitely no

<sup>5. 3 =</sup> like a little; 4 = neutral; 5 = dislike a little

<sup>6. &</sup>quot;-" indicates nearly the grade; "2-3" indicates between two grades; "+" indicates slightly above the grade

In general, the SIK samples and the BAS samples are quite similar across the three bases. Minot's BAS group is a couple of years younger than Travis' or Homestead's, both in terms of chronological age and time in service, and hence a little lower in pay grade. Minot's BAS group is also a little less likely to re-enlist than Travis' or Homestead's, while Homestead's BAS group likes military service a slight bit more, followed by Travis' BAS group, and then by Minot's, which is fairly neutral toward military service. The consistency in background characteristics across the three SIK samples is remarkable; virtually the only variation is that the Travis SIK group is a little more negative toward military service than the others. The size of the hometowns of all six samples are also very similar - from a moderate sized city (25,000 to 100,000 people). The distribution of origins according to states, as was indicated in the individual reports, is proportional to the populations of the states, except that the state in which the base is located is overrepresented.

#### RESULTS

Before presenting the data, a framework for interpreting similarities and differences across the three installations is necessary.

The criterion for determining the strengths and weaknesses of Air Force food service in general, as distinct from the food service operations at a particular Base, is to focus on the degree of variability found for each dimension. For example, when the degree of variability is minimal (that is, high similarity of response patterns) across three installations, with different missions, sizes, climates, commands, etc., then the data can be applied to Air Force food service, in general, When, on the other hand, high variability is found (indicating greater Jissimilarity of response patterns), then the evaluation is more correctly interpreted as specific to the installation or the dimension it represents.

The implication of this data interpretation is to maximize the utilization of generalizable information. The command group or services officer or food service officer of any Air Force installation can look at the data presented in this report, and if there is minimal variability across the installations tested, can assume that the enlisted personnel at their own installations most probably hold similar opinions. Certainly, though, if the background characteristics of the specific installation are known to be significantly different from those upon whom the data were obtained, then utilization and implementation of this information should be considered in that light.

Reported Meal Patterns. The information concerning these reported meal patterns, presented in Table 1, is highly consistent across the three installations.\* To emphasize once again, the implication of the consistent pattern is that these meal patterns can be interpreted as indicative of the meal patterns of Air Force personnel in general. The responses for the time period prior to entering the military indicate that only a quarter to a third of the men reported typically eating 21 meals a week the traditional three meal a day pattern. Furthermore, only one in seven men reported eating 21 meals a week at the time of the surveys. The implication of this information is apparent when one considers that part of military subsistence bookkeeping is based on the three meal a day, 21 meals a week assumption. The Air Force consumer is reporting that this assumption is untenable.

The reader is cautioned against assuming that the frequency of attendance in the dining halls as reported by personnel in this paper and pencil survey necessarily corresponds to the respondents¹ actual attendance in the dining hall. For some as yet undefined reason, respondent reported attendance has been higher than the number of meals served in the dining halls as recorded by the normal military headcount system. For example, in the case of Travis Air Force Base if the SIK and BAS dining hall attendance rates as reported in the survey are used to project the total her of meals served in a month, a total figure of 160,108 meals per month is obtained. The average number of meals served in a month during this time period reported by the headcount and accounting system was only 68,428 meals per month, which also includes transients, reserves, etc. These discrepancies suggest that airmen overestimate their dining hall attendance rates on paper and pencil surveys.

TABLE 1
Reported Meal Patterns of the Air Force Consumers

Number of meals per week consumed BEFORE		avis	Mi	inot	Homes	stead	Compo	osite
ENTERING MILITARY	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Under 7:	2%	3%		2%	1%	₹%	1%	1%
. 7:	3%	2%	3%	3%	2%	3%	- 3%	3%
8 - 13:	6%	6%	6%	3%	7%	4%	6%	4%
14;	18%	21%	10%	17%	11%	14%	14%	18%
15 - 20:	21%	17%	20%	17%	16%	23%	19%	19%
21:	25%	36%	26%	31%	18%	35%	23%	34%
22 - 27:	8%	7%	16%	13%	16%	9%	13%	9%
28:	17%	9%	20%	14%	28%	12%	21%	11%
Mean meals per week:	19	19	20	19	21	19	20	19
Number of meals per week consumed AT TIME OF TESTING						<b>.</b>		
Under 7:	3%	1%	4%	5%	2%	4%	3%	3%
7:	8%	6%	8%	6%	8%	5%	8%	6%
8 - 13:	24%	16%	18%	13%	12%	14%	18%	15%
14:	21%	26%	20%	20%	18%	18%	20%	2 2%
15 - 20:	2 2%	27%	26%	27%	30%	34%	26%	29%
21:	15%	16%	10%	14%	16%	16%	14%	15%
22 - 27:	5%	5%	11%	9%	10%	7%	8%	7%
- 28: ′	2%	3%	3%	6%	3%	2%	3%	3%
Mean meals per week:	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Number of meals per week consumed IN THE DINING FACILITIES								
0:	5%	55%	9%	56%	11%	53%	8%	55%
1 - 7:	13%	25%	14%	18%	15%	25%	14%	23%
7:	13%	8%	9%	6%	9%	6%	11%	7%
8 - 13:	26%	4%	16%	9%	24%	7%	22%	7%
14:	15%	2%	19%	4%	12%	3%	15%	3%
15 - 20:	17%	4%	18%	3%	17%	3%	17%	3%
21:	8%	1%	7%	2%	8%	2%	8%	1%
22 - 27:	1%	1%	5%	1%	3%		3%	1%
28:	2%	3%	3%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%
20.								

At the time of the surveys, approximately three out of every five persons reported eating at least 14 but not more than 21 meals a week, but this result also necessarily implies that about two out of five persons eat, on the average, either less than two meals or more than three meals a day. At the time of the surveys, a significant minority reported atypical meal patterns.

An inspection of the number of meals per week consumed in the dining facilities reveals that members of the BAS group report being a customer only infrequently, and that the SIK group goes elsewhere for a fair percentage of their meals.

Preferred Foods. As Table 2 indicates, approximately half the men reported being raised on general American type foods, while another one in four mentioned either Soul or Southern. Again the data are highly consistent across the three installations with three exceptions: Travis AFB had a slightly larger percentage of men report being raised on Mexican food, Minot AFB had a slightly larger percentage of men report being raised on German food, and Homestead AFB had a slightly larger percentage of men being raised on Southern food. These exceptions are consistent with two other pieces of information. One, Table 37 in Appendix II indicated that the state in which a particular installation is located is slightly over-represented in the samples; and two, popular impressions of regional preferences would suggest that Floridians would have had greater exposure to Southern style foods, Californians would have had greater exposure to Mexican foods, and North Dakotans would have had greater exposure to German foods.

TABLE 2

Types of Cooking Individuals were Raised on

	Travis		Minot		Homeste		Composi	
Cuisine	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
General American	44%(1)	55%(1)	54%(1)	51%(1)	51%(1)	47%(1)	49%(1)	52%(1)
Sou1	18%(2)	13%(2)	16%(2)	13%(3)	14%(2)	7%(3)	16%(2)	12%(3)
Southern	7%(4)	11%(3)	7%(3)	13%(2)	14%(3)	23%(2)	9%(3)	15%(2)
English	4%(6)	2%(6)	6%(4)	6%(4)	5%(4)	5%(4)	5%(5)	4%(4)
Mexican	5%(5)	5%(4)	2%(8½)	2%(9)	4%(5)	2%(9)	4%(6)	3%(5)
Italian	3%(7)	1%(9½)	3%(6)	1%(10½)	3%(6)	3%(5)	3%(7)	2%(7)
German	1%(9½)	1%(9½)	4%(5)	4%(5)	1% (10½)	2%(9)	2%(8)	2%(9)
New England	1%(9½)	2%(7½)	2% (8월)	2%(7½)	3%(7)	2% (6½)	2%(9)	2%(9)
Polish (& Eastern Europe)	2%(8)	2%(7½)	1%(10½)	3%(6)	2%(9)	2%(9)	1%(10)	2%(9)
Spanish (not Mexican)	1%(11)	1%(11)	1%(10½)	1%(10½)	1%(10½)	2%(11)	1%(11)	1%(11)
French	1%(12)	1%(12岁)	½% <sup>*</sup> (13)	1%(12)	- (15½)	1%(12)	***(12)	1%(12)
Chinese	淞*(13½	) 1%(12월)	- (15½)	松 <sup>*</sup> (13½)	松*(13)	- (15½)	松*(14)	%*(13)
Greek	'- (15월)	¾*(14½)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (13)	- (15½)	狄 <sup>*</sup> (13)	- (15월)	½%*(14)	松*(15岁)
Jewish	¾ <sup>*</sup> (13½	i)¾ <sup>*</sup> (14½)	½% <sup>*</sup> (13)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (13½)	- (15½)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (13½)	浆 <sup>*</sup> (14)	<b>%</b> *(14)
Japanese	- (15岁)	- (16)	- (15½)	- (15½)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (13)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (13½)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (16)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (15½)
Other	10%(3)	3%(5)	2%(7)	2%(7½)	2%(8)	2%(6½)	5%(4)	3%(6)

## \*: Less than ½%

Note: For each sample, the rank of the specific cuisine based on unrounded data is indicated in parentheses in this and the following tables.

Table 3 presents the Air Force consumers preferences for cuisine or specialty foods. Setting aside the ever popular general American style, the data indicates that there is no doubt about the popularity of Italian and seafoods for all Air Force consumers. Mexican foods are also a highly preferred specialty food. Southern type foods are likewise quite preferred by Air Force consumers; in fact, if Southern and Soul are viewed as overlapping food groups, then the Southern/Soul option is second only to general American cuisine.

Evaluation and Importance of Fourteen Food Service Factors. Table 4 presents information related to the fundamental question of what factors are contributing to the non-utilization of the Air Force dining facilities. The fourteen factors included in the questionnaire (five are food related and nine are non-food factors, like management policies, environmental factors, etc.) are listed in decreasing magnitude according to the mean composite score of the SIK samples. Before treating the individual factors, though, the reader's attention should be focused on a consistent characteristic of the data both in this table and the other tables to follow. For nearly every factor of element within a factor, the SIK's reported a more negative evaluation than their BAS counterparts. Certainly, there are several plausible explanations for this phenomenon, but the reader is advised to bear the phenomenon itself in mind.

Notice in Table 4 that without exception all the food related factors (quality, variety, and quantity in that order) were reported by the Air Force SIK consumers to be more significantly related to non-attendance in

<sup>\*</sup> A note concerning statistical significance in the context of this report is the subject of Appendix III.

TABLE 3

Type of Cooking or Specialty Food Preferred

	Travis	5	Minot	:	Homest	ead	Compos	ite
Cuisine	SIK	BAS	SIK .	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
General American	17%(1)	21%(1)	21%(1)	20%(1)	19%(1)	19%(1)	19%(1)	20%(1)
Italian	13%(2)	13%(3)	13%(2)	13%(2)	16%(2)	14%(2)	14%(2)	13%(2)
Seafood	12%(4)	11%(4)	13%(3)	11%(4)	13%(3)	14%(3)	13%(3)	12%(4)
Mexican	13%(3)	13%(2)	10%(4)	12%(3)	7% (5월)	9%(5)	10%(4)	12%(3)
Chinese	9%(5)	9%(6)	8%(5)	8%(5)	6%(7)	6%(6)	8%(5)	8%(6)
Soul	9%(6)	7%(7)	7%(6)	7%(7)	7% (5월)	5%(8)	8%(6)	6%(7)
Southern	6%(7)	9%(5)	6%(7)	8%(6)	9%(4)	13%(4)	7%(7)	10%(5)
English	3%(9)	3%(10)	4%(9)	5%(9)	5%(8)	3%(9)	4%(8)	3%(9)
German	3%(10)	4%(8½)	5%(8)	5%(8)	2%(13)	6%(7)	3%(9)	5%(8)
French	4%(8)	2% (11)	3%(10)	2%(11)	3%(10)	2%(14)	3%(10)	2%(11岁)
Spanish (not Mexican)	2%(12)	2%(12)	2%(13)	2%(13)	3%(9)	2%(10)	2%(11)	2%(11½)
New England	2%(13)	1%(16)	2%(14)	2%(14)	3%(11)	2%(13)	2%(12)	1%(14)
Japanese	2%(14)	4% (8½)	1%(15)	3%(10)	2%(12)	2%(11)	2%(14)	3%(10)
Polish (& Eastern Europe)	2%(15)	1%(15)	2% (11½)	2%(12)	2%(14)	2%(12)	2%(15)	2%(13)
Greek	1%(16)	½% <sup>*</sup> (17)	¾ <sup>*</sup> (17)	½% <sup>*</sup> (17)	1%(16)	紫*(16克)	1%(16월)	½% <sup>*</sup> (17)
Jewish	1%(17)	¾% (13½)	1%(16)	¾% <sup>*</sup> (16)	¾% <sup>*</sup> (17)	**(16克)	1%(16½)	₹% <sup>*</sup> (16)
Other	3%(11)	1%(13岁)	2%(11岁)	1%(15)	1%(15)	1%(15)	2%(13)	1%(15)

### \*: Less than 1/2/2

Note: For each sample, the rank of the specific cuisine based on unrounded data is indicated in parentheses in this and the following tables.

TABLE 4

Importance of Fourteen Food Service Factors on Attendance

	Travis	Minot	Homestead	Composite
	SIK BAS	SIK BAS	SIK BAS	SIK BAS
Quality of food	2.35 1.93	2.27 1.96	2.33 1.83	2.32 1.87
	(0.75) (0.83)	(0.76) (0.87)	(0.79) (0.87)	(0.77) (0.86)
	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)
Variety of regular food-weekends	2.06 1.54 (0.82) (0.76) (2) (6)	2.01 1.70 (0.77) (0.80) (2) (4)	2.16 1.55 (0.83) (0.79) (2) (5)	2.08 1.59 (0.81) (0.79) (2) (5)
Variety of regular food-weekdays	2.01 1.76 (0.78) (0.75) (3) (2)	1.98 1.73 (0.75) (0.80) (3) (2)	2.16 1.63 (0.82) (0.79) (3) (2)	2.05 1.63 (0.79) (0.78) (3) (2)
Quantity of Food	1.84 1.51	1.94 1.71	1.99 1.59	1.92 1.59
	(0.79) (0.73)	(0.81) (0.83)	(0.86) (0.77)	(0.82) (0.78)
	(7) (8)	(5) (3)	(4) (4)	(4) (4)
Variety of short order food	1.92 1.52	1.76 1.61	1.87 1.44	1.85 1.52
	(0.79) (0.73)	(0.77) (0.74)	(0.80) (0.69)	(0.79) (0.72)
	(5) (7)	(7) (10)	(5) (11)	(5) (10)
Monotony of same facility	1.90 1.50	1.79 1.62	1.82 1.48	1.84 1.53
	(0.79) (0.71)	(0.79) (0.77)	(0.78) (0.71)	(0.79) (0.73)
	(6) (9)	(6) (8)	(6) (10)	(6) (9)
Speed of service	1.50 1.50	1.94 1.61	1.77 1.54	1.82 1.54
	(0.80) (0.72)	(0.84) (0.76)	(0.78) (0.78)	(0.81) (0.75)
	(12) (10)	(4) (9)	(7) (6)	(7) (8)
Hours of operations	1.93 1.49	1.63 1.48	1.68 1.50	1.76 1.49
	(0.80) (0.68)	(0.78) (0.70)	(0.76) (0.71)	(0.79) (0.69)
	(4) (11)	(11) (13)	(9) (9)	(8) (11)
Service by dining facility personnel	1.81 1.54	1.75 1.65	1.65 1.53	1.74 1.57
	(0.79) (0.75)	(0.77) (0.76)	(0.78) (0.73)	(0.78) (0.75)
	(8) (5)	(8) (6)	(10) (7)	(9) (7)
Degree of military atmosphere present	1.75 1.59	1.65 1.67	1.74 1.61	1.71 1.62
	(0.78) (0.78)	(0.74) (0.81)	(0.80) (0.77)	(0.77) (0.78)
	(10) (3)	(10) (5)	(8) (3)	(10) (3)
General dining facility environment	1.81 1.58	1.68 1.62	1.63 1.52	1.71 1.58
	(0.75) (0.76)	(0.69) (0.77)	(0.73) (0.69)	(0.73) (0.75)
	(9) (4)	(9) (7)	(11) (8)	(11) (6)
Convenience of location	1.53 1.23	1.49 1.42	1.35 1.30	1.46 1.30
	(0.70) (0.52)	(0.70) (0.68)	(0.60) )0.59)	(0.67) (0.60)
	(11) (14)	(12) (14)	(13) (14)	(12) (14)
Desirable eating companions	1.46 1.36	1.37 1.48	1.39 1.37	1.41 1.39
	(0.64) (0.64)	(0.62) (0.71)	(0.62) (0.62)	(0.63) (0.66)
	(13) (12)	(13) (12)	(12) (12)	(13) (12)
Expense	1.29 1.30	1.24 1.49	1.26 1.32	1.26 1.36
	(0.54) (0.57)	(0.52) (0.71)	(0.54) (0.60)	(0.53) (0.63)
	(14) (13)	(14) (11)	(14) (13)	(14) (13)

Scale: 1 . Not related to non-attendance; 2 . Minor reason for non-attendance;

Note: The format for this and several subsequent tables is to present a specific mean value in the body of the table, then present its standard deviation below it in parentheses, and lastly indicate the rank of the factor from most serious to least serious in the parentheses on the third line.

<sup>3 =</sup> Major reason for non-attendance.

the dining facilities than the non-food related factors.

Three of the fourteen factors (expense, desirable eating companions, and convenience of location) were reported as only very minimally related to non-attendance.

Five of the factors were ranked differently by the SIK's as compared to the BAS's. The attendance of the BAS samples was reported as being consistently less influenced by the variety of weekend foods, variety of short order foods, and the monotony of the same facility. The most obvious and logical explanation of this phenomenon is to interpret it in light of the meal patterns and demographic characteristics of the BAS samples - the BAS samples generally eat fewer meals in the dining facilities so it is reasonable that monotony would be less salient; the BAS group rarely eats in the dining facilities on weekends so it is reasonable that the variety at that time would not be too salient for them; and the BAS groups are older and possibly less frequent consumers of short order foods so it is reasonable that the variety of short order foods would also be less salient. On the other hand the attendance of the BAS samples was reported as being consistently more influenced by the degree of military atmosphere present and the general dining facility environment.

The variability on attendance of two factors - the hour of operation and the speed of service - is large enough to warrant a caveat against interpreting the information as indicative of the phenomenon for Air Force food service attendance in general. Concerning the hours of operation, the data indicated that the Travis SIK's reported that their existing hours kept them from patronizing the dining facilities to a greater degree than

than any other group at any other installation. To the extent that just the Travis SIK's reported this influence on attendance at that degree, then the composite SIK rating is somewhat inflated. Likewise, the data concerning the effects of speed of service on attendance indicated a variable situation. Minot Air Force Base was reported to have a speed of service which contributed to non-utilization to a greater degree than at the other two installations, with Minot's SIK sample particularly championing that position. Due to this level of variability between the six groups (SIK's and BAS's at 3 Bases), no general statements concerning the effects of the speed of service on attendance in Air Force food service are warranted.

The consumers were also asked to rate each of the foregoing 14 factors as a major attraction, a minor attraction, neither a problem nor an attraction, a minor problem, or a major problem. This alternative format was used because querying the consumers about the degree to which each of the factors influences non-attendance does not allow the consumer to compliment the food service system. Furthermore, some of the factors might be viewed as "problems" of the food service system but not serious enough to influence utilization. Table 5 presents these evaluations with the 14 factors listed in the same order as in Table 4. Note that only one factor (expense) had any ratings above the neutral point (i.e. was rated as an attraction); the rest were reported as problems of varying degrees.

If the fourteen individual sources of problems indicated in Table 5 were aggregated, the mean amount of "problem" reported could then serve as an indicator of the state of food service for each of the six data sources. According to this procedure, Travis Air Force Base was reported at a level of 3.56 by its SIK's and 3.40 by its BAS's; Minot Air Force Base was re-

TABLE 5

Evaluation of Fourteen Food Service Factors

	Travis	Minot	Homestead	Composite
	SIK BAS	SIK BAS	SIK BAS	SIK BAS
Quality of food	4.02 3.73	4.04 3.83	4.18 3.43	4.08 3.68
	(1.12) (1.11)	(1.18) (1.10)	(1.03) (1.18)	(1.11) (1.14)
	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (5)	(1) (1)
Variety of regular food-weekends	3.91 3.48 (1.04) (0.96) (2) (6)	3.85 3.56 (1.02) (0.95) (3) (5)	4.03 3.46 (1.01) (0.95) (2) (2)	3.93 3.50 (1.02) (0.95) (2) (4)
Variety of regular food-weekdays	3.77 3.43	3.75 3.55	3.99 3.45	3.83 3.47
	(1.05) (1.00)	(1.01) (1.00)	(1.02) (0.98)	(1.03) (1.00)
	(3) (7)	(5) (6)	(3) (3)	(3) (5)
Quantity of food	3.57 3.31	3.76 3.57	3.95 3.22	3.75 3.36
	(1.07) (1.10)	(1.16) (1.12)	(1.06) (1.09)	(1.11) (1.11)
	(8) (11)	(4) (4)	(4) (10)	(4) (10)
Variety of short order food	3.71 3.42	3.59 3.52	3.73 3.32	3.68 3.42
	(1.00) (0.97)	(1.05) (0.93)	(1.00) (0.98)	(1.02) (0.96)
	(5) (9)	(7) (8)	(7) (8)	(7) (8)
Monotony of same facility	3.74 3.55	3.60 3.62	3.79 3.44	3.71 3.54
	(0.93) (0.85)	(0.94) (0.90)	(0.85) (0.80)	(0.91) (0.86)
	(4) (3)	(6) (3)	(5) (4)	(5) (3)
Speed of service	3.55 3.42	3.86 3.54	3.74 3.42	3.71 3.45
	(0.97) (0.97)	(1.08) (0.95)	(0.97) (1.05)	(1.02) (0.99)
	(9) (10)	(2) (7)	(6) (6)	(6) (6)
Hours of operation	3.69 3.49	3.31 3.26	3.54 3.31	3.52 3.38
	(1.12) (0.99)	(1.18) (0.99)	(0.96) (0.99)	(1.10) (1.00)
	(6) (4)	(11) (12)	(9) (9)	(10) (9)
Service by dining facility personnel	3.64 3.48	3.56 3.48	3.42 3.33	3.55 3.44
	(0.99) (1.02)	(0.99) (0.90)	(1.04) (0.96)	(1.01) (0.97)
	(7) (5)	(9) (9)	(10) (7)	(9) (7)
Degree of military atmosphere present	3.51 3.60	3.59 3.64	3.61 3.53	3.57 3.59
	(0.98) (0.98)	(1.03) (0.97)	(0.95) (1.04)	(0.99) (1.00)
	(11) (2)	(8) (2)	(8) (1)	(8) (2)
General dining facility environment	3.53 3.43	3.48 3.46	3.39 3.04	3.47 3.33
	(1.04) (1.06)	(0.97) (0.98)	(0.90) (1.01)	(0.98) (1.04)
	(10) (8)	(10) (10)	(11) (13)	(11) (11)
Convenience of location	3.18 3.04	3.08 3.31	3.00 3.10	3.09 3.13
	(1.04) (1.00)	(1.14) (0.87)	(0.97) (0.94)	(1.05) (0.95)
	(12) (13)	(12) (11)	(13) (12)	(12) (13)
Desirable eating companions	3.06 3.24	3.00 3.09	3.07 3.13	3.04 3.17
	(0.95) (0.91)	(0.88) (0.87)	(0.85) (0.92)	(0.90) (0.90)
	(13) (12)	(13) (14)	(12) (11)	(13) (12)
Expense .	2.96 2.95	2.95 3.18	2.97 2.92	2.97 3.01
	(1.01) (1.02)	(0.91) (0.98)	(0.94) (1.00)	(0.96) (1.01)
	(14) (14)	(14) (13)	(14) (14)	(14) (14)

Scale: 1 = Significant attraction; 2 = Minor attraction; 3 = Neutral; 4 = Minor problem; 5 = Significant problem.

Note: The format for this and several subsequent tables is to present a specific mean value in the body of the table, then present its standard deviation below it in parentheses, and lastly indicate the rank of the factor from most serious to least serious in the parentheses on the third line.

ported at a level of 3.53 by its SIK's and 3.47 by its BAS's; Homestead Air Force Base was reported at a level of 3.60 and 3.29 by its SIK's and BAS's respectively; while the composite scores were 3.56 and 3.40 respectively. These data again indicate that across installations the SIK's report greater problems in the Air Force food service system than do those reimbursed for eating elsewhere. Strikingly discrepant in relation to the other groups was the reduced level of problem reported by the Homestead BAS's.

The specific data presented in Table 5 indicated for the most part a consistent pattern which can therefore be generalized to Air Force food service in general except where noted in the following discussion.

The first atypical element in Table 5 is the rating the Homestead BAS's gave to the quality of food; the other five sources of data were remarkably consistent in their pronouncement that quality of food is the most serious problem, but the Homestead BAS's view the phenomenon differently.

The opinions concerning the quantity of food presented a more complicated situation. As evidenced by the ranks, the quantity appeared to be a serious problem at Minot AFB, not too serious at Travis AFB, serious to the SIK's at Homestead AFB and not too serious to the BAS's at Homestead AFB, with an overall composite rating as a serious problem for the SIK's and not too serious for the BAS's. Apparently, the quantity of food provided in the Air Force food service system varies considerably, and the consumers react strongly to this.

The next factor demonstrating a significant deviation in severity across the six groups is the speed of service. The Minot SIK's reported

this as the second most serious problem in their food service system, while the other five sources of data reported speed of service as a problem of mid-level severity.

The reactions to the hours of operation likewise resulted in a variable pattern. Both groups of consumers at Travis AFB reported this to be a more serious problem than the consumers at the other two installations.

The data concerning the service provided by the dining facility personnel presented in Table 5 also introduced an additional complication.

Notice that the BAS groups of Minot AFB and of Travis AFB both reported the same "bsolute level or degree of problem associated with this factor, but because Travis' BAS's reported lower levels of problems in their food service system, the rank of this problem for Travis' BAS's is much higher than for the Minot AFB BAS's (from 5th to 9th). It is because of phenomena like this that the language used to describe the data is critically important. This data indicated that the Travis' BAS group reported that the service provided by their dining facility personnel was a problem area of greater importance to them than the Minot BAS group reported for themselves, (though as previously mentioned, part of the explanation rests on the fact that Minot's BAS group reported their food service system to have had slightly more problems in general than the Travis AFB BAS's reported theirs to have had).

The factor of degree of military atmosphere present also elicited variability which highlights and mixes two previously mentioned patterns. The data indicated that the position of this problem was very high for all the BAS groups, and quite low for all the SIK groups, while the absolute level of this problem was very consistent across all six groups.

The following discussion will expand on the consumers' opinions for each of the factors and will detail which aspects of each factor were pleasing or displeasing.

Part I: Quality of Food. Table 4 and Table 5 indicated that the quality of food served was judged as the single most salient reason contributing to non-utilization of the Air Force food service system and was the single most serious problem in Air Force food service. Table 6 presents the consumers' image of the raw food products procured for dining facility consumption. Overall, the consumers reported that they were not too critical of the raw food products. None of the 11 potential problems of raw food products was reported as occurring "often" by either group at any installation. The Homestead SIK's were slightly more critical of the raw food products than any other group, but overall the reported rates of problems with raw food products were consistent and minimal.

Table 7 presents the consumers' image of the quality of the food preparation. Agair, the similarity across the six groups at three different installation: is sufficient to assume that the composite ratings are indicative of Air Force food service. Tasteless or bland food and greasy food were reported by the SIK's in composite to occur "sometimes" to "often," with a slight indication of more towards "often" than "sometimes." The BAS's however, reported these two problems as closer to "sometimes" than "often." Tough, undercooked, cold, dried out food was also consistently reported to occur more than just "sometimes." Overcooked food was likewise reported to occur "sometimes."

TABLE 6
Quality of Raw Food Product

	Tra: SIK	v <b>is</b> BAS	Mino SIX	BAS	Homes: SIK	t <b>ea</b> d BAS	Compos SIK	site BAS
Excess fat	2.31	2.26	2.25	2.23	2.34	2.19	2.30	2.23
	(0.76)	(0.66)	(0.74)	(0.68)	(0.76)	(0.72)	(0.75)	(0.69)
	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Old looking	2.22	2.09	2.17	1.97	2.30	1.98	2.23	2.02
	(0.77)	(0.76)	(0.77)	(0.72)	(0.82)	(0.72)	(0.79)	(0.74)
	(2)	(5)	(3)	(5)	(2)	(6)	(2)	(5)
Gristle or tendon	2.17	2.17	2.17	2.16	2.24	2.21	2.19	2.18
	(0.71)	(0.65)	(0.73)	(0.68)	(0.78)	(0.70)	(0.74)	(0.67)
	(3)	(4)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(1)	(3)	(2)
Stringy	2.14	2.17	2.15	2.13	2.24	2.18	2.18	2.16
	(0.75)	(0.64)	(0 71)	(0.66)	(0.77)	(0.71)	(0.75)	(0.67)
	(5)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(3)
Stale	2.16	2.04	2.10	1.91	2.23	1.96	2.16	1.98
	(0.76)	(0.75)	(0.75)	(0.71)	(0.79)	(0.73)	(0.77)	(0.73)
	(4)	(7)	(5)	(7)	(5)	(7)	(5)	(7)
Damaged or bruised (e.g. fruits or veg.	2.12	2.18	2.09	2.10	2.18	2.07	2.13	2.13
	)(0.79)	(0.70)	(0.84)	(0.74)	(0.77)	(0.72)	(0.80)	(0.72)
	(6)	(2)	(6)	(4)	(6)	(4)	(6)	(4)
Off-flavor or odor	1.99	1.87	2.01	1.84	2.11	1.89	2.03	1.87
	(0.74)	(0.76)	(0.82)	(0.73)	(0.89)	(0.74)	(0.82)	(0.74)
	(8)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(7)	(9)	(7)	(9)
Over-ripe fruit	2.00	2.08	1.98	1.92	2.03	1.99	2.00	2.01
	(0.75)	(0.71)	(0.83)	(0.70)	(0.75)	(0.69)	(0.78)	(0.70)
	(7)	(6)	(8)	(6)	(8)	(5)	(8)	(6)
Under-ripe fruit	1.96	1.92	1.88	1.82	2.02	1.90	1.95	1.88
	(0.69)	(0.62)	(0.77)	(0.66)	(0.78)	(0.69)	(0.75)	(0.65)
	(9)	(8)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(8)	(9)	(8)
Spoiled	1.48	1.43	1.58	1.47	1.68	1.50	1.55	1.47
	(0.61)	(0.64)	(0.75)	(0.62)	(0.79)	(0.70)	(0.72)	(0.65)
	(10)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(1C)	(11)
Sour (c.g. milk)	1.47	1.44	1.49	1.52	1.61	1.51	1.54	1.48
	(0.61)	(0.62)	(0.74)	(0.68)	(0.83)	(0.67)	(0.73)	(0.65)
	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)

Scale: 1 = Never; 2 = Sometimes; 3 = Often; 4 = Always.

Note: The format for this and several subsequent tables is to present a specific mean value in the body of the table, then present its standard deviation below it in parentheses, and lastly indicate the rank of the factor from most serious to least serious in the parentheses on the third line.

TABLE 7
Quality of Food Preparation

	Travis	Minot	Homestead	Composite
	SIK BAS	SIK BAS	SIK BAS	SIK BAS
Tasteless or blank	2.52 2.39	2.51 2.35	2.63 2.30	2.55 2.36
	(0.81) (0.76)	(0.80) (0.81)	(0.77) (0.78)	(0.80) (0.78)
	(2) (2)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)
Greasy	2.59 2.43	2.48 2.28	2.56 2.25	2.55 2.34
	(0.70) (0.63)	(0.81) (0.73)	(0.84) (0.75)	(0.82) (0.78)
	(1) (1)	(2) (2)	(2) (3)	(2) (2)
Tough	2.46 2.34	2.45 2.28	2.48 2.26	2.46 2.30
	(0.71) (0.73)	(0.73) (0.71)	(0.74) (0.72)	(0.73) (0.72)
	(3) (3)	(4) (3)	(3) (2)	(3) (3)
Undercookeá	2.31 2.14	2.31 2.11	2.40 2.06	2.37 2.11
	(0.75) (0.64)	(0.72) (0.64)	(0.72) (0.69)	(0.73) (0.66)
	(4) (6)	(6) (5)	(4) (5½)	(4) (6)
Cold	2.26 2.20	2.46 2.10	2.39 2.04	2.36 2.13
	(0.74) (0.70)	(0.74) (0.64)	(0.74) (0.72)	(0.74) (0.70)
	(6) (4)	(3) (6)	(5) (7)	(5) (5)
Dried out	2.27 2.17	2.36 2.12	2.33 2.12	2.32 2.14
	(0.70) (0.75)	(0.69) (0.70)	(0.78) (0.71)	(0.72) (0.73)
	(5) (5)	(5) (4)	(6) (4)	(6) (4)
Overcooked	2.14 2.12	2.20 2.04	2.24 2.06	2.19 2.08
	(0.74) (0.63)	(0.74) (0.61)	(0.75) (0.67)	(0.74) (0.64)
	(7) (7)	(7) (7)	(7) (5½)	(7) (7)
Burned	1.89 1.84	2.05 1.85	2.01 1.81	1.98 1.83
	(0.71) (0.64)	(0.72) (0.62)	(0.76) (0.64)	(0.73) (0.64)
	(8) (8)	(8) (8)	(8) (8)	(8) (8)
Raw	1.84 1.71	1.85 1.73	1.94 1.68	1.87 1.71
	(0.80) (0.70)	(0.79) (0.69)	(0.77) (0.70)	(0.79) (0.69)
	(9) (9)	(9) (9)	(10) (10)	(9) (9)
Too spicy	1.83 1.70	1.77 1.65	1.98 1.68	1.86 1.68
	(0.77) (0.69)	(0.76) (0.70)	(0.88) (0.73)	(0.80) (0.70)
	(10) (10)	(10) (10)	(9) (9)	(10) (10)
Too salty	1.63 1.60	1.63 1.56	1.74 1.58	1.66 1.58
	(0.73) (0.68)	(0.77) (0.67)	(0.84) (0.64)	(0.78) (0.66)
	(11) (11)	(11) (11)	(11) (11)	(11) (11)
Still frozen	1.43 1.42	1.46 1.49	1.47 1.37	1.45 1.42
	(0.70) (0.63)	(0.73) (0.68)	(0.74) (0.63)	(0.72) (0.64)
	(12) (12)	(12) (12)	(12) (12)	(12) (12)

Scale: 1 - Never; 2 - Sometimes; 3 - Often; 4 - Always.

Note: The format for this and several subsequent tables is to present a specific mean value in the body of the table, then present its standard deviation below it in parentheses, and lastly indicate the rank of the factor from most serious to least serious in the parentheses on the third line.

Part II: Variety of Weekend Food. Table 8 indicates that the SIK's reported with a high degree of consistency that more than "a few more meat choices" are needed on the weekend. Furthermore, the consumers' reported preferences for increased offerings by food types were consistent-the composite indicates that the largest requested increase in offerings per meal was for meats, followed by desserts, vegetables, starches, salads, and beverages in that order with only infrequent shifts in order of preference from the specific data sources.

The consistent pattern in this and in several of the following tables dealing with variety lead the authors to suggest that the evaluation of food in the current military food service systems is based primarily on the consumer reaction to the meat items.

Part III: Variety of Weekday Food. Table 9 indicates, again with a high degree of consistency, that the consumers' opinions about the variety of weekday food corresponds very nearly to their opinions about weekend food - as indicated in the composite columns, the largest desired increase in offering per meal is requested for meats, followed by desserts, vegetables, starches, salads, and beverages in that order, with only a very few shifts in order of preference from the specific data sources. Not only was the pattern highly similar for the consumers' responses to weekday and weekend variety, but the actual magnitude of consumers' desires for increased offerings by food types is very similar (a mean difference in the composite columns of less than 5 hundredths). Apparently, the consumer opinions about weekday and weekend variety in terms of increasing the number of offerings per meal are parallel; or in other terms the variety of weekend foods is not better

TABLE 8
Consumers Opinions of the VARIETY of WEEKEND Food

	Travis		Minot		Homestead		Composi	te
Type of Food	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Meats	3.15	2.91	3.18	2.94	3.22	2.99	3.18	2.94
	(0.77)	(0.80)	(0.77)	(0.68)	(0.81)	(0.78)	(0.78)	(0.76)
	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Desserts	2.92	2.63	2.84	2.77	2.85	2.63	2.87	2.66
	(0.82)	(0.77)	(0.87)	(0.73)	(0.87)	(0.80)	(0.85)	(0.77)
	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Vegetables	2.83	2.62	2.83	2.59	2.77	2.60	2.81	2.61
	(0.81)	(0.74)	(0.79)	(0.70)	(0,87)	(0.75)	(0.82)	(0.73)
	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Starches	2.73	2.50	2.79	2.62	2.77	2.57	2.76	2.55
	(0.85)	(0.77)	(0.83)	(0.70)	(0.89)	(0.75)	(0.86)	(0.75)
	(4)	(6)	(4)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(4)	(5)
Sa <b>lad</b> s	2.69	2.56	2.76	2.56	2.64	2.59	2.70	2.57
	(0.79)	(0.73)	(0.82)	(0.73)	(0.80)	(0.75)	(0.80)	(0.74)
	(5)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6)	(4)	(5)	(4)
Beverages	2.66	2.50	2.59	2.56	2.71	2.56	2.66	2.53
	(0.80)	(0.73)	(0.81)	(0.74)	(0.84)	(0.74)	(0.82)	(0.73)
	(6)	(5)	(6)	(5)	(5)	(6)	(6)	(6)

Scale: 1 = Fewer choices acceptable; 2 = Choices now enough; 3 = A few more choices needed; 4 = Many more choices needed.

TABLE 9

Consumers' Opinions of the VARIETY of WEEKDAY Food

	Travis		Minot		Homes	tead	Composite		
Type of Food	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	
Meats	3.08	2.99	3.24	2.98	3.17	3.01	3.16	2.99	
	(0.81)	(0.75)	(0.70)	(0.64)	(0.80)	(0.77)	(0.77)	(0.73)	
	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Desserts	2.94	2.68	2.92	2.84	2.82	2.69	2.90	2.73	
	(0.83)	(0.79)	(0.84)	(0.72)	(0.85)	(0.79)	(0.84)	(0.78)	
	(2)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(2)	
Vegetables	2.73	2.71	2.81	2.67	2.74	2.70	2.76	2.70	
	(0.82)	(0.75)	(0.77)	(0.70)	(0.85)	(0.77)	(0.81)	(0.74)	
	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)	
Starches	2.63	2.55	2.73	2.63	2.28	2.58	2.69	2.58	
	(0.86)	(0.79)	(0.84)	(0.72)	(0.90)	(0.79)	(0.87)	(0.77)	
	(5)	(5)	(4)	(4)	(6)	(5)	(4)	(5)	
Salads	2.64	2.52	2.70	2.62	2.60	2.65	2.65	2.63	
	(0.81)	(0.76)	(0.81)	(0.72)	(0.81)	(0.79)	(0.81)	(0.76)	
	(4)	(4)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(4)	(5)	(4)	
Beverages	2.63	2.52	2.60	2.58	2.64	2.56	2.63	2.55	
-	(0.77)	(0.74)	(0.80)	(0.74)	(0.82)	(0.76)	(0.80)	(0.75)	
	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(4)	(6)	(6)	(6)	

Scale: 1 = Fewer choices acceptable; 2 = Choices now enough; 3 = A few more choices needed; 4 = Many more choices needed.

but likewise no worse than the variety of weekday foods.

An inspection of the magnitude of the consumer responses presented in Tables 8 and 9 leads the authors to suggest somewhat reluctantly that perhaps the survey questionnaire was not adequately tapping consumer opinions concerning variety by solely querying about the number of choices offered. On the one hand the SIK consumers have indicated that the variety on weekends and during the week are the second and third most important food service factors relating to non-attendance (Table 4) and the second and third most serious problems in Air Force food service systems. Yet on the other hand the consumers have indicated that the variety of weekend and weekday food need not be augmented by "many more choices," in fact something less than "a few more choices" is expressly indicated in every cell in Tables 8 and 9 save the SIK's opinions about meats. It is quite possible that "variety" to the Air Force consumer means something quite different from the number of offerings per meal for each food type. And also judging from the perspective provided by Table 10 (which demonstrates that the consumers' opinions of the variety of food over a period of a month was not very different from their expressed opinions about weekend and weekday variety, either in order of preference or in magnitude), the meaning of "variety" to the Air Force consumer is likewise more than the number of different offerings over the period of a menu cycle.

Part IV: Quantity of Food. The information presented in Table 11 addresses the question of whether the Air Force consumers are getting enough to eat in their dining facilities, and the answer is that approximately two out of three SIK's and over half of the BAS's indicated that they

TABLE 10

Consumers Opinions of the VARIETY of Food Over a Period of a MONTH

	Travis		Minot		Homes	tead	Composite	
Type of Food	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Meats	3.23	3.05	3.23	2.99	3.32	3.06	3.26	3.04
	(0.73)	(0.75)	(0.75)	(0.68)	(0.74)	(0.74)	(0.74)	(0.73)
	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Desserts	2.89	2.73	2.82	2.73	2.86	2.66	2.86	2.71
	(0.81)	(0.76)	(0.82)	(0.72)	(0.86)	(0.78)	(0.83)	(0.76)
	(2)	(3)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)
Vegetables	2.81	2.77	2.83	2.66	2.82	2.68	2.82	2.71
	(0.79)	(0.77	(0.79)	(0.68)	(0.84)	(0.73)	(0.81)	(0.74)
	(3)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)
Starches	2.74	2.64	2.81	2.65	2.30	2.60	2.79	2.63
	(0.84)	(0.79)	(0.84)	(0.69)	(0.84)	(0.75)	(0.84)	(0.75)
	(4)	(5)	(4)	(4)	(6)	(5)	(4)	(5)
Salads	2.74	2.69	2.72	2.62	2.67	2.65	2.72	2.66
	(0.78)	(0.77)	(0.79)	(0.68)	(0.80)	(0.73)	(0.79)	(0.73)
	(5)	(4)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(4)	(5)	(4)
Beverages	2.73	2.54	2.56	2.59	2.74	2.61	2.68	2.57
-	(0.79)	(0.73)	(0.77)	(0.69)	(0.82)	(0.76)	(0.80)	(0.73)
	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(4)	(6)	(6)	(6)

Scale: 1 - Fewer choices acceptable; 2 - Choices now enough; 3 - A few more choices needed; 4 - Many more choices needed.

TABLE 11

Consumers Responses to the Question: Other than times of dieting, do you ever leave your dining facility without enough to eat?

		Travis		Minot		Homestead		Composite	
Response		SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
1. Never		34%	49%	35%	39%	28%	43%	32%	44%
2. Sometimes		47%	38%	43%	43%	44%	45%	45%	41%
3. Often		15%	10%	17%	13%	22%	11%	18%	11%
4. Always		5%	3%	5%	5%	7%	1%	6%	3%
	MEAN:	1.90	1.67	1.93	1.84	2.07	1.71	1.96	1.73

TABLE 12

Consumers Opinions of Amounts per Serving

	Travis		Minot		Homes	tead	Composite		
Type of Food	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	
Meats	2.53	2.81	2.35	2.52	2.04	2.28	2.33	2.58	
	(1.33)	(1.44)	(1.39)	(1.41)	(1.27)	(1.37)	(1.35)	(1.43)	
Vegetables	3.64	3.73	3.61	3.73	3.42	3.63	3.56	3.70	
	(1.14)	(0.94)	(1.17)	(1.06)	(1.18)	(1.06)	(1.16)	(1.01)	
Desserts	3.72	3.69	3.53	3.45	3.71	3.81	3.65	3.66	
	(1.05)	(0.97)	(1.08)	(1.27)	(1.09)	(0.96)	(1.08)	(1.06)	
Starches	4.43	4.49	4.07	4.21	3.95	4.27	4.16	4.35	
	(1.57)	(1.41)	(1.46)	(1.45)	(1.53)	(1.42)	(1.54)	(1.42)	
	1	2	3		4	5	6	7	
SCALE:	L								
	Too				About			To	
	Little			Right			Much		

Note: Standard deviations are indicated in parentheses.

at least sometimes left the dining facilities without enough to eat.

Table 11 furthermore indicates that the Homestead SIK con\_\_\_rs reported this problem more than any other group, though in general the data reveal a consistent pattern across the installations.

Demonstrating that insufficient quantity is expressed as a problem in Air Force food service by their consumers is only part of the task, though; indentifying what factors might specifically be influencing the consumers' judgment is the other part of the task. Table 12 presents the consumers' opinions about the amounts per serving on a seven point scale (from too little to too much). For meat portions, both types of consumers at all three installations reported that the amount per serving is insufficient, though the degree of insufficiency varies with installation (the portions of Homestead AFB are the least sufficient, followed by Minot AFB, and then Travis AFB). The portion sizes of vegetables and desserts were also reported consistently as slightly on the "too little" side of the scale, though there was again some variability across the three installations. Starches were reported to be slightly on the "too much" side of the scale by all groups except the Homestead SIK's. Again it should be noted that variability across installations existed and consequently statements about Air Force food service must be guarded.

Knowing that the consumers reported a serious problem of insufficient quantity (Tables 4 and 5), and specifying that the original amount per serving of meat is much too little while the amounts of vegetables and desserts are slightly too little (Table 12), it is then reasonable to consider whether the insufficient original portions can be augmented by second

helpings. Table 13 indicates the consumers impressions of the availability of second helpings for seven types of foods (there was no a priori means of knowing which food items represented portion problems, so information was obtained on all food types and is therefore presented). First, Table 13 presents one of the few exceptions to the generalization that the BAS consumers tended to respond less critically. Generally the BAS consumers indicated that second helpings were available less often. Second, meats were consistently reported as less frequently available for seconds than any other food type (with the Homestead AFB consumers indicating even less availability than the other two bases). This element of information, when coupled with the information that the original portion of meat is perceived as much too little by the consumers, might be one of the primary reasons why consumers reported a problem of insufficient quantity in Air Force food service systems. Third, notice that a larger percentage of Travis AFB consumers (particularly the BAS group) reported that desserts are always available for second helpings; perhaps the existence of a separate bakery facility at Travis AFB accounted for this.

Part V: Variety of Short Order Food. Table 14 indicates that the consumers consistently desire a few more offerings of short order foods during the week, on weekends, and during the course of a menu cycle.

Part VI: Monotony of the Same Facility. Although the consumers did report that this factor consistently influenced attendance to a considerable degree, no further information was asked of the respondents because this would have required too great an addition to the questionnaire length.

TABLE 13
Are Second Helpings Permitted?

# - For Travis AFB -

SERVED BY OTHERS						
DERVED BY CHIERD	Nev	er	Somet	imes	A1w	ays
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Short Order Items	2%	6%	23%	49%	75%	44%
Meat Items	13%	15%	58%	64%	29%	21%
Starches	2%	5%	23%	44%	75%	51%
Vegetables	1%	4%	19%	43%	80%	53%
SELF-SERVICE						
Salads	2%	3%	10%	24%	89%	73%
Beverages	1%	4%	7%	16%	92%	80%
Desserts	1%	4%	11%	26%	87%	70%
		- For M	Minot AFB	_		
SERVED BY OTHERS	Nev	er	Some	times	A1w	ays
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Short order items	6%	11%	46%	55%	48%	34%
Meat items	11%	21%	61%	60%	27%	19%
Starches	2%	9%	33%	44%	64%	46%
Vegetables	3%	10%	28%	42%	69%	48%
SELF-SERVICE	•.0	20.0	2070	7 6 70	0 7 / 0	40%
Salads	2%	8%	13%	23%	85%	<b>69</b> %
Beverages	2%	<b>7</b> %	10%	20%	88%	73%
Desselts	3%	11%	15%	30%	<b>82</b> %	58%
		- For Ho	omestead A	FB -		
SERVED BY OTHERS	Nev	er	Som	et imes	A1w	avs
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Short order items	2%	6%	33%	54%	65%	40%
Meat items	22%	19%	58%	7 2%	20%	9%
Starches	5%	5%	39%	49%	56%	46%
Vegetables	3%	4%	33%	44%	64%	51%
SELF-SERVICE						
Salads	1%	4%	11%	22%	88%	74%
Beverages	2%	4%	i%	17%	91%	79%
Desserts	2%	6%	16%	35%	82%	59%
		- Cc	omposite -			7
SERVED BY OTHERS	Nev	er	Som	et imes	A1w	ays
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Short order items	3%	8%	34%	52%	63%	40%
Meat items	15%	18%	59%	65%	26%	17%
Starches	3%	6%	31%	45%	66%	48%
Vegetables	3%	6%	267	43%	72%	51%
SELF-SERVICE						
Salads	2%	5%	11%	23%	87%	72%
Beverages	1%	4%	8%	17%	90%	78%
Desserts	2%	7%	14%	30%	84%	64%
		7 - 4		2 - 10	<del>-, -,,,</del>	U-7/0

TABLE 14

Consumers Opinions of the VARIETY of SHORT ORDER Foods

	Travi	.8	Mino	ot	Home	stead	Compo	site
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Time Periods								
Weekdays		2.98 0.78)	3.14 (0.76)	2.99 (0.74)	3.05 (0.81)	2.92 (0.75)	3.10 (0.78)	2.96 (0.76)
Weekends	3.12 (0.80) (	2.94 0.81)	3.23 (0.80)	2.99 (0.74)	3.13 (0.82)	2.88 (0.78)	3.16 (0.81)	2.93 (0.78)
Menu Cycles		3.01 0.74)	3.13 (0.80)	3.01 (0.72)	3.13 (0.78)	2.93 (0.70)	3.12 (0.80)	2.99 (0.73)

Scale: 1 = Fewer choices; 2 = Choice now enough; 3 = A few more choices needed; 4 = Many more choices needed.

Part VII: Speed of Service. Table 15 presents the consumers'
perceptions of how long they must wait for service, specifying the
usual delay at the headcount station, the usual delay in the serving
line, and at Travis AFB (the only base with self-bussing) the usual
delay at the dishwashing area. The variability of the mean delay in
minutes across the three installations suggests to the authors that
some portion of the reported existing delays can be avoided. The average 11½ minute combined delays reported by the Minot SIK's suggests why
these same respondents indicated that speed of service is the second
most serious problem with Minot AFB food service (Table 5) and the
fourth most important reason for non-utilization of their system (Table 4).

The questionnaire was also designed to ascertain consumer opinions regarding self-bussing. As Table 16 indicates, the Travis AFB personnel are neutral to mildly unaccepting (and they have self-bussing which results in a slightly more than 4 minute delay - Table 15); while the Minot AFB and Homestead AFB consumers are successively more unaccepting of the proposal, with the Homestead SIK's reporting a mean of just about "mildly unacceptable."

Part VIII: Hours of Operation. The information presented in Table 17 indicates a curious but consistent pattern - most of the dissatisfaction with the hours for both weekday and weekend meals reflected a minority opinion (albeit, a fairly large minority opinion) desiring very much extended hours, and principally an extension to later closing times at each meal. Even adjusting the hours by 30 minutes each way to exceed the mean response will not satisfy the largest dissatisfied groups at any installation, who want the facilities open an hour or more earlier and/or later.

TABLE 15
Delays in Service

	Tra	Travis		ot	Homes	tead	Compo	site
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Usual Delay at Headcount Station								
Minutes: 0	14%	19%	4%	21%	14%	20%	11%	20%
1-5	65%	5 9%	44%	38%	54%	55%	55%	52%
5-10	18%	15%	34%	28%	23%	17%	24%	19%
10-15	2%	5%	13%	8%	6%	6%	7%	6%
Over 15	1%	17.	5%	5%	3%	2%	3%	2%
MEAN:	3.80	3.72	6.39	5.21	4.65	3.98	4.88	4.21
Usual Delay in Serving Line								
Minutes: 0	8%	17%	6%	20%	77.	16%	7%	17%
1-5	68%	58%	56%	55%	5 1%	59%	59%	7,8%
5-10	20%	19%	27%	20%	30%	19%	26%	19%
10-15	3%	5%	9%	2%	8%	5%	6%	4%
Over 15	1%	1%	2%	3%	4%	1%	3%	2%
MEAN:	4.19	4.03	5.24	3.92	5.45	3.98	4.92	3.99

# Usual Delay at Dishwashing Area

Minutes:	c	34%	17%
	1-5	59%	58%
	5-10	6%	19%
	10-15	₹% <sup>*</sup>	5%
01	re.c 15	<b>₹</b> % <sup>★</sup>	1%
	MEAN.	4.19	4.03

(Minot and Homestead do not require self-bussing, and consequently this dimension is not applicable for these two Bases.)

\*: Less than 1/2%

TABLE 16
Opinions Concerning Self-Bussing

		Travis		Minot		Homes	tead	Composite		
		SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	
1.	Very Acceptable	9%	8%	<b>7</b> %	11%	8%	8%	8%	9%	
2.	Mildly Acceptable	14%	9%	6%	10%	5%	<b>7</b> %	9%	9%	
3.	Neutral	24%	31%	31%	28%	2 <b>2</b> %	24%	26%	28%	
4.	Mildly Unacceptable	19%	17%	16%	15%	16%	16%	1 <b>7</b> %	16%	
5.	Very Unacceptable	34%	35%	40%	36%	50%	44%	41%	38%	
	MEAN:	3.56	3.62	3.76	3.66	3.94	3.82	3.74	3.66	

CONSUMERS' OPINIONS OF THE HOURS OF OPERATION

New Noticy 1 Friendly   Secondary   Seco								K	DIOT ALI	PORCE	BASK			
Promite   Prom		S AIR FO	RCE BA	SE		-			LIVE ALV				_	
Proper   State   Mark   Mark   State   Mark	Weekdays: Honday to Friday	4000				B		realizable modely to realize	Breek	fast	Hid-Day	Heal	Evening	Mea1
Process							_			-				
No. of more narias		SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	•	314	ů.	348	D.C.	340	20
20 sin. earlier   21 in t   27 sq   100 sin.   27 sq						154	167		172	712	167	13%	177.	167
15 ais. aeriler   17   17   17   17   17   17   17   1														
MEAN IN MINISTES:  11 .15 10 13 12 13  MEAN IN MINISTES:  11 .15 10 13 12 13  MEAN IN MINISTES:  11 .15 10 13 12 13  MEAN IN MINISTES:  11 .15 10 13 12 13  MEAN IN MINISTES:  12 .15 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .2									174	T	5%			
NEAN IN HIMUTES:									75%	71%	68%	75%	68%	75%
To: 1 her, or more later 1 yr 2 yr									13	15	14	17	14	11
1 hr. or more later   311 287 211 242 365 287   1 hr. or more later   312 355 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287	NEAN IN HINUTES:	- 11	. 15	10	13	12	13	1201 217 121722		-				
10 data,   Sacrature   97   100   185   174   1933   107   105   101   116   117	To:													
Second   S	1 hr. or more later													
Mark in flower   1														
Mark IN MINUTES:   22   20   18   19   27   21   Mark IN MINUTES:   21   18   17   16   20   17														
	GRIII GO IL AG	2,4		20.0					• •		_			
Proc:   SIK   BAS   SIK   BA	HEAN IN MINUTES:	. 22	20	18	19	27	21	MEAN IN MINUTES:	21	18	17	16	20	17
Breakfast   Mid-Day   Meal   Evening   Meal   Process   Six   Sax   Six   Si	Mackanda - Saturday and Sund	av						Weekends: Saturdey and Sunds	7					
SIK   BAS   SIK			fort	W(d_7-	w Meal	Sugar'-	e Mest	. 23		cfast	Hid-Dev	Nee1	Evenius	Meal.
Prom:														
Second		SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	Down.		-100				~~
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10					*	41-			217	167	197	177	18%	167.
1														
### MEAN IN MINUTES:  13 13 12 12 16 13 MEAN IN MINUTES:  14 11 15 12 13 12 12 16 13 MEAN IN MINUTES:  15 ain, later 357, 297, 300, 247, 407, 287, 171, 175, 175, 176, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177								15 min. earlier						
MEAN IN MINUTES: 13 13 12 12 16 13   MEAN IN MINUTES: 14 11 15 12 13 12   12   15   17   17   17   17   17   17   17								Sufficient es it is	73%	77%	68%	747,	71%	767.
To: 1 hr. or more later 1 52 297, 307, 247, 467, 257, 31 hr. or more later 1 15 297, 111 97, 87, 87, 12 1 hr. or more later 1 15 271 111 97, 87, 87, 87, 15 min. later 1 15 min. later 1 15 277, 111 97, 87, 87, 87, 15 min. later 1 15 min. later 1 17 277, 111 97, 87, 87, 87, 15 min. later 1 18 277, 111 97, 87, 87, 97, 97, 97, 97, 97, 97, 97, 97, 97, 9				12	12	16	12	HEAN IN MINUTES:	14	11	15	12	13	12
10 min later	HEAR IN MINUTES:	13	13	12	12	10	13 .		171			•		
10 min.   Race   10 min.	To:								0.59	019	400	100	209	214
15 min. later														
Sufficient as it is 59% 62% 58% 66% 51% 61% 51% 61% Sufficient as it is 60% 70% 62% 62% 62% 61% MEAN IN MINUTES: 23 20 21 17 26 19 MEAN IN MINUTES: 22 16 19 15 19 15  **REMESTRAD AIR FORCE BASE***  **Breakfast*** Mid-Day Meal Evening Meal SIK BAS														
MEAN IN HINUTES: 23 20 21 17 26 19   MEAN IN MINUTES: 22 16 19 15 19   Brakfast ROMESTEAD AIR FORCE BASE													627.	68%
HOMESTEAD AIR FORCE BASE   Hid-Day Meal   Evening Heal SIK BAS								MEAN TO MINITES.	22	16	19	15	10	15
	MEAN IN MINUTES:	23	20	21	17	26	19	under the terrories;	**	10	.,		.,	-
	84.77.2		1111111	20100					CYMPOST	ידע י				=
Breakfast   Mid-Day   Meal   Evening   Meal   SIK   BAS   SIK		EAD AIR	FORCE .	BASE				Hashdayes Wonder to Friday	w					
SIK   BAS   SIK	Manufactor Monday to Priday													
From:	weamays. Industry to Itzuey							1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			W(1 0		w	V1
1 hr. or more earlier 177, 15%, 12%, 14%, 9%, 13%, 13% 130 min. earlier 7%, 5%, 11%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12	weemays. Immay to II 2009	Bresk	fast	Mid-Da	y Meal	Evenin	g Meal	100000			-			
1 hr. or wore earlier 12% 16% 12% 14% 9% 13% 13% 130 min. earlier 7% 9% 11% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 130 min. earlier 7% 9% 11% 12% 13% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3	weemeys. Immay to IIImay										-			
15 min. earliar   17	in.		BAS			SIK	BAS				-			
Sufficient as it is 80% 76% 72% 72% 72% 72% 76% Sufficient as it is 80% 76% 76% 72% 72% 72% 72% 76% 80% 10 12 11 12 9 11	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier	S IK	BAS 16%	STK 12%	BAS 14%	51K 9%	BAS 13%	Prom	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	S I K	BAS 15%
MEAN IN MINUTES:  10 12 11 12 9 11  MEAN IN MINUTES:  10 12 11 12 9 11  MEAN IN MINUTES:  11 14 12 12 12 12  To:  1 hr. or more later 25%, 23%, 24%, 21%, 35%, 28%, 27%, 27%, 37%, 17%, 15% inc., later 37%, 27%, 27%, 37%, 17%, 15% inc., later 9%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 15% inc., later 9%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 10%, 16%, 12%, 13%, 10%, 10%, 10%, 10%, 10%, 10%, 10%, 10	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min, earlier	SIK 127. 7%	BAS 16% 8%	5 TK 12% 12%	BAS 147 127	S I K 97. 127.	BAS 137. 87.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. aarlier	SIK 14% 7%	BAS 19% 9%	SIK 137. 117.	BAS 14% 12%	51K 14% 9%	BAS 15% 8%
To: 1 hr. or more later 25%, 23%, 24%, 21%, 35%, 28%, 30 min. later 376, 27%, 27%, 27%, 27%, 37%, 17%, 30 min. later 377, 27%, 27%, 27%, 37%, 17%, 30 min. later 377, 27%, 27%, 27%, 37%, 17%, 30 min. later 378, 27%, 27%, 27%, 37%, 17%, 30 min. later 378, 27%, 27%, 27%, 37%, 17%, 30 min. later 378, 27%, 27%, 37%, 27%	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 sin. earlier 15 min. earlier	SIK 127. 7% 17.	BAS 16% 8% 1%	5 IK 12% 12% 5%	BAS 147 127 27	97. 127. 37.	BAS 137. 87. 37.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier	147. 77. 27.	BAS 19% 9% 1%	SIK 137. 117. 47.	BAS 14% 12% 3%	SIK 147. 97. 47.	BAS 157. 87. 37.
I hr. or more later 25% 23% 24% 21% 35% 26% 30 min. later 29% 25% 22% 22% 24% 27% 30 min. later 37% 27% 27% 30 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 27% 27% 37% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 2	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is	SIK 127. 77. 17. 80%	BAS 16% 8% 1% 76%	5 TK 12% 12% 5% 72%	BAS 147 127 27 727	97. 127. 37. 772.	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier	147. 77. 27.	BAS 19% 9% 1%	SIK 137. 117. 47.	BAS 14% 12% 3%	SIK 147. 97. 47.	BAS 157. 87. 37.
I hr. or more later 25% 23% 24% 21% 35% 26% 30 min. later 29% 25% 22% 22% 24% 27% 30 min. later 37% 27% 27% 30 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 11% 15 min. later 37% 27% 27% 37% 27% 37% 27% 27% 27% 37% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 27% 2	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is	SIK 127. 77. 17. 80%	BAS 16% 8% 1% 76%	5 TK 12% 12% 5% 72%	BAS 147 127 27 727	97. 127. 37. 772.	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is	147. 77. 27. 77.	19% 9% 1% 1% 71%	SIK 137. 117. 47. 724.	14% 12% 3% 72%	SIK 147. 97. 47. 737.	BAS 157. 87. 37. 747.
30 min. later 127, 117, 188, 137, 157, 107, 15 min. later 37, 27, 27, 27, 37, 17, 37, 17, 15 min. later 37, 27, 27, 27, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is KEAN IN MINUTES:	SIK 127. 77. 17. 80%	BAS 16% 8% 1% 76%	5 TK 12% 12% 5% 72%	BAS 147 127 27 727	97. 127. 37. 772.	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767.	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is HEAN IN MINUTES	147. 77. 27. 77.	19% 9% 1% 1% 71%	SIK 137. 117. 47. 724.	14% 12% 3% 72%	SIK 147. 97. 47. 737.	BAS 157. 87. 37. 747.
Sufficient as it is   59%   65%   57%   64%   47%   61%   Sufficient as it is   59%   65%   60%   65%   51%   61%	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is NEAN IN MINUTES: To:	127. 7% 17. 80%	BAS 16% 8% 1% 76% 12	5 IK 12% 12% 5% 72% 11	BAS 147 127 27 727 12	97. 127. 37. 777. 9	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11.	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is HEAN IN MINUTES To:	147. 77. 77. 77.	19% 9% 1% 71%	137. 117. 47. 723.	14% 12% 3% 72%	147. 97. 47. 737.	BAS 157. 87. 37. 747.
MEAN IN MINUTES: 19 17 18 17 26 20   MEAN IN MINUTES: 21 18 18 17 24 19	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later	SIK 127. 77. 17. 807. 10	16% 87 17 767 12 237 117	5 IK 12% 12% 5% 72% 11	BAS 147 127 27 727 12	97. 127. 37. 777. 9	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar	SIK  147. 77. 27. 777. 11	197. 97. 12. 717. 14	137. 117. 47. 723. 12	BAS 14% 12% 3% 72% 12	51K 147. 97. 47. 73% 12	BAS 157. 87. 37. 747. 12
Brackfest   Mid-Day   Meal   Evening   Meal     SIK   BAS   SIK   BAS   SIK   BAS     Prom:	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is MEAN IN HINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later	SIK 127. 7% 12. 80% 10 25% 12%, 3%	16%, 8%, 1%, 76%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1	5 IK 12% 12% 5 5% 7 2% 11 24% 18% 27,	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27.	97. 127. 37. 177. 9	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11 287. 107.	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. later	147. 77. 22. 777. 11 297. 97.	197. 97. 17. 717. 14	137. 117. 47. 724. 12 227. 16%. 27.	14% 12% 3% 72% 12 12 22% 120, 3%	147. 97. 47. 737. 12	BAS 157. 87. 37. 747. 12 277. 107. 37.
Breakfast   Hid-Day Meal   Evening Heal   SIK   BAS	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is MEAN IN HINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later	SIK 127. 7% 12. 80% 10 25% 12%, 3%	16%, 8%, 1%, 76%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1	5 IK 12% 12% 5 5% 7 2% 11 24% 18% 27,	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27.	97. 127. 37. 177. 9	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11 287. 107.	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. later	147. 77. 22. 777. 11 297. 97.	197. 97. 17. 717. 14	137. 117. 47. 724. 12 227. 16%. 27.	14% 12% 3% 72% 12 12 22% 120, 3%	147. 97. 47. 737. 12	BAS 157. 87. 37. 747. 12 277. 107. 37.
Breakfast   Hid-Day Meal   Evening Heal   SIK   BAS	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is MEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is	SIK 127. 77. 17. 807. 10. 25%. 127. 37. 59%.	16% 87. 17% 767. 12 23% 117. 27% 657.	12% 12% 12% 57, 72% 11 24% 18%, 57,	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647.	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477.	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11. 287. 107. 17. 617.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient es it is	147. 77. 27. 777. 11 297. 97. 27. 597.	197. 97. 12. 717. 14 257. 107. 23.	137. 117. 47. 72% 12 227. 16%, 27. 607.	BAS 14% 12% 3% 72% 12 22% 12% 3% 63%	147. 97. 47. 732. 12 347. 137. 27. 517.	BAS 157, 87, 37, 747, 12 277, 107, 37, 617,
SIK BAS SIK BA	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min, later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:	127. 77. 17. 1807. 10 25%. 127. 37. 59%.	16% 87. 17% 767. 12 23% 117. 27% 657.	12% 12% 12% 57, 72% 11 24% 18%, 57,	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647.	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477.	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11. 287. 107. 17. 617.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient as it ia HEAN IN MINUTES:	147. 77. 22. 777. 11 297. 97. 27. 597.	197. 97. 12. 717. 14 257. 107. 23.	137. 117. 47. 72% 12 227. 16%, 27. 607.	BAS 14% 12% 3% 72% 12 22% 12% 3% 63%	147. 97. 47. 732. 12 347. 137. 27. 517.	BAS 157, 87, 37, 747, 12 277, 107, 37, 617,
Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 1 52, 67, 97, 97, 87, 87, 87, 15 min. later 2 1 hr. or more later 3 1 hr. or more	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min, later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:	127, 77, 17, 1807, 10 252, 127, 37, 597, 19	16% 87 17 767 12 23% 117 27% 657 17	127. 127. 127. 57. 727. 11 247. 187. 277. 577.	147. 127. 27. 727. 12. 217. 137. 27. 647.	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477.	BAS 137, 87, 37, 767, 11, 287, 107, 17, 617, 20	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient as it ia HEAN IN MINUTES:	\$1K 14% 7% 22, 77% 11 29% 9% 9% 9% 20, 59%	197. 97. 17. 717. 14 257. 107. 27. 637.	137. 117. 47. 722. 12 227. 167. 27. 607.	14% 12% 3% 72% 12 22% 120, 3% 63%	147. 97. 47. 732. 12. 347. 137. 27. 517. 24.	BAS 157, 87, 37, 747, 12 12 277, 107, 37, 617, 19
1 hr. or more earlier 127. 137. 137. 137. 147. 147. 147. 1 hr. or more earlier 130 min. earlier 15. 67. 97. 97. 87. 87. 15 min. earlier 27. 27. 15 min. earlier 27. 27. 27. 757. 767. 767. 767. 777.  MEAN IN MINUTES: 9 10 11 11 10 11  MEAN IN MINUTES: 12 12 13 12 13 12  To: 1 hr. or more later 37. 27. 27. 287. 257. 377. 277. 1 hr. or more later 37. 27. 287. 257. 377. 277. 1 hr. or more later 37. 27. 287. 257. 377. 277. 1 hr. or more later 37. 27. 287. 257. 377. 277. 1 hr. or more later 37. 17. 167. 167. 167. 167. 167. 777.  MEAN IN MINUTES: 12 12 13 12 13 12  To: 1 hr. or more later 37. 27. 287. 257. 357. 267. 30 min. later 57. 77. 117. 97. 87. 87. 15 min. later 57. 77. 117. 97. 87. 87. 15 min. later 77. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37.	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min, later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:	127. 77. 17. 807. 10 25% 127. 377. 59% 19	BAS  16% 87, 17, 767  12  23% 117  657  17	12% 127, 55, 727, 11 24% 18%, 27, 572, 18	147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647. 17	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11 287. 107. 17. 617. 20 g Heal	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient as it ia HEAN IN MINUTES:	\$1K 14% 7% 22, 77% 11 29% 9% 9% 9% 20, 59%	197. 97. 17. 717. 14 257. 107. 27. 637.	137. 117. 47. 722. 12 227. 167. 27. 607.	14% 12% 3% 72% 12 22% 120, 3% 63%	147. 97. 47. 732. 12. 347. 137. 27. 517. 24.	BAS 157, 87, 37, 747, 12 12 277, 107, 37, 617, 19
30 min. earlier 5% 6% 9% 9% 8% 8% 15 min. earlier 5% 6% 9% 9% 8% 8% 15 min. earlier 5% 6% 9% 9% 9% 8% 8% 15 min. earlier 5% 6% 9% 9% 9% 8% 8% 15 min. earlier 2% 2% 2% 3% 2% 4% 2% 15 min. earlier 2% 2% 2% 3% 2% 4% 3% 5% 15 min. earlier 2% 2% 2% 3% 2% 4% 3% 5% 15 min. earlier 2% 2% 2% 3% 2% 4% 3% 5% 15 min. earlier 2% 2% 2% 3% 2% 4% 3% 5% 5% 15 min. later 3% 2% 25% 25% 37% 27% 27% 1 hr. or more later 36% 27% 28% 23% 35% 26% 30 min. later 5% 7% 11% 9% 8% 8% 15 min. later 5% 7% 11% 9% 8% 8% 15 min. later 5% 2% 2% 2% 2% 3% 3% 5% 5% 64% 55% 64% 64% 64% 64% 64% 64% 64% 64% 64% 64	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min, later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:	127. 77. 17. 807. 10 25% 127. 377. 59% 19	BAS  16% 87, 17, 767  12  23% 117  657  17	12% 127, 55, 727, 11 24% 18%, 27, 572, 18	147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647. 17	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26	BAS 137. 87. 37. 767. 11 287. 107. 17. 617. 20 g Heal	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient as it ia HEAN IN MINUTES:	\$1K 14Z 7Z 7Z 7Z 11 29Z 9Z 2Z 59Z 2Z 59Z 2Z 59Z	197. 97. 12. 717. 14 257. 107. 27. 637. 18	137. 117. 47. 722. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18	14% 12% 3% 72% 12 22% 13% 63% 17	SIK 147, 97, 47, 732 12 347, 137, 27, 517, 24	BAS  157. 87. 37. 747.  12  277. 107. 37. 617. 19
Is min. earlier 37, 17, 47, 27, 47, 77, 15 min. earlier 27, 27, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 47, 37, 27, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN HINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Seturday and Sund	SIK 127, 77, 117, 807, 10 257, 127, 37, 597, 19 lay Brack SIK	BAS  16% 67% 177 767  12  23% 117  657  17	12% 12% 12% 57, 72% 11 24% 18%, 27, 57% 18 Mid-Day	147. 127. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647. 17	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26  Evening	BAS  137. 87. 37. 762. 11  287. 107. 17. 617. 20  g Meal BAS	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda	147, 77, 77, 77, 77, 77, 11  297, 97, 27, 597, 21  Break SIK	197, 97, 12, 717, 14 257, 107, 27, 18	137. 117. 147. 722. 12. 227. 167. 27. 607. 18. Hid-Day SIK	BAS 14% 12% 3% 72% 12 22% 12% 3% 63% 17 Meal BAS	SIK  147. 97. 47. 737. 12  347. 137. 27. 517. 24  Evening SIK	BAS  157, 87, 37, 747, 12  277, 107, 37, 617, 19  Heal BAS
Sufficient as it is 81% 80% 75% 76% 76% 77% Sufficient as it is 76% 76% 72% 75% 71% 75% 11% 12 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: Weskends: Seturday and Sund From: 1 hr. or more earlier	127. 77. 117. 807. 10  257. 127. 37. 597. 19  Brack SIK 127.	BAS  16% 87% 177  12  23% 11% 27% 65% 17  effect BAS	127, 127, 57, 727, 11 247, 187, 27, 572, 18 Hid-Day	147 127 27 727 12 12 12 217 137 27 647 17	97. 127. 27. 27. 27. 27. 37. 477. 26 Evenin SIK	BAS  137, 87, 37, 767, 11  287, 107, 117, 617, 20  g Meal BAS  147,	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ac it is HEAN IN MINUTES To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient es it is HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda	147, 77, 77, 11 297, 97, 22, 597, 21 Freak SIK	19% 97, 12, 71% 14 25% 10% 27, 63% 18	137. 117. 147. 47. 727. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIK 167.	BAS 144 127 37 727 12 227 12 27 17 17 17 18 17	SIK 147, 97, 47, 737, 12 347, 137, 27, 517, 24 Evening SIK 177,	BAS  157, 872  372  747  12  277, 107, 374  617, 19  Heal BAS  167,
To: 1 hr. or more later 377. 277. 287. 257. 377. 277. 30 min. later 67. 107. 147. 107. 87. 87. 37. 15 min. later 75. 77. 117. 97. 87. 87. 15 min. later 77. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 37. 20 ficient as it is 76: 1 hr. or more later 77. 277. 287. 237. 357. 267. 30 min. later 78. 57. 57. 117. 97. 87. 87. 37. 15 min. later 77. 27. 27. 27. 27. 37. 38. 39. 59. 59. 69. 59. 69. 59. 69. 59. 69.	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Seturday and Sund From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier	SIK 127, 77, 12, 807, 10, 257, 127, 37, 597, 19, lay Brack SIK 127, 57,	16%, 6%, 17%, 76%, 12 23%, 11%, 20%, 65%, 17 12 Efect BAS	12% 12% 12% 5% 72% 11 24% 18% 27, 57% 18 Hid-Day SIK	147. 127. 27. 727. 12. 217. 137. 27. 647. 17. 9 Meal BAS. 137. 97.	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87.	BAS 137, 87, 37, 767, 11, 287, 107, 17, 617, 20, g Meal BAS 147, 87,	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier	147, 77, 77, 77, 11  297, 97, 27, 27, 27, 21  Freak SIK  177, 57, 57,	19%, 9%, 17%, 17%, 17%, 144, 16%, 16%, 16%, 18	137. 117. 117. 12. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18 Hid-Day Six 167. 97.	BAS 147, 127, 37, 727, 12 227, 127, 157, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177, 177, 17	SIK  147. 97. 47. 737. 12  347. 137. 27. 517. 24  Evening SIK 177. 67.	BAS  157, 87, 37, 747, 12  277, 107, 37, 617, 19  Heal BAS  167, 77,
To: 1 hr. or more later 377. 277. 287. 257. 377. 277. 30 min. later 67. 107. 147. 107. 87. 87. 37. 15 min. later 75. 77. 117. 97. 87. 87. 15 min. later 77. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 37. 20 ficient as it is 76: 1 hr. or more later 77. 277. 287. 237. 357. 267. 30 min. later 78. 57. 57. 117. 97. 87. 87. 37. 15 min. later 77. 27. 27. 27. 27. 37. 38. 39. 59. 59. 69. 59. 69. 59. 69. 59. 69.	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: Weskends: Seturday and Sund From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier	SIK 127, 77, 117, 807, 10 25%, 127, 37, 59%, 19 Brack SIK 127, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 19	BAS  16% 67% 76% 12  23% 11% 25% 65% 17  effect BAS  13% 67, 17	12% 12% 12% 57, 72% 11 24% 18% 27, 57% 18 Mid-Day SIK 13%, 97% 47,	147 127 27 727 12 12 217 137 27 647 17 9 Meal BAS 137, 97 27,	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87. 47.	BAS  137. 87. 37. 767. 11  287. 107. 117. 617. 20  g Meal BAS  147. 87. 27.	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier	147, 77, 77, 77, 11  297, 97, 27, 597, 21  Freak SIK	197, 97, 17, 717, 14  257, 107, 27, 637, 18  Fast BAS  167, 67, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 2	137. 117. 117. 147. 722. 12  227. 167. 27. 607. 18  Hid-Day SIK 167. 97. 37.	BAS 147, 127, 727, 12 12 227, 127, 17 17 18 18 147, 197, 27, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 14	SIK  147, 97, 47, 737, 12  347, 137, 27, 517, 24  Evening SIK  177, 87, 47, 47, 47, 47,	BAS  157. 87. 97. 747.  12  277. 107. 37. 617. 19  Heal BAS  167. 77. 77.
1 hr. or more later 37% 27% 28% 25% 37% 27% 1 hr. or more later 36% 27% 28% 23% 35% 26% 30 min. later 5% 7% 11% 9% 8% 8% 15 min. later 3% 1% 3% 27% 4% 1% 15 min. later 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 3% 8% 8% 15 min. later 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 3% 36 min. later 5% 6% 6% 5% 6% 6% 5% 6% 6% 5% 6% 6% 5% 6% 6% 5% 6% 6% 5% 6% 6% 6% 5% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6%	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Seturday and Sund From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is	SIK 127, 77, 117, 807, 10 257, 127, 37, 597, 19 Brack SIK 127, 57, 37, 58, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 1	BAS 16% 67. 17. 767. 12 23% 117. 27. 65% 17 effect BAS 13% 67, 17. 80%	12% 12% 12% 57, 72% 11 24% 18%, 27, 57% 18 Hid-Day SIK 13%, 47, 75%	147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647. 17 9 Meal BAS 137. 97. 27. 767.	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87. 47. 767.	BAS  137, 87, 37, 767, 11  287, 107, 17, 617, 20  g Meal BAS  147, 87, 27, 777,	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. later Sufficient es it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. esrlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is	147, 77, 22, 777, 11 297, 27, 27, 27, 27, 21  Break SIK 177, 27, 767, 767, 767, 767, 767, 77, 767, 77, 7	197. 97. 17. 14 257. 167. 18 BAS	137. 117. 147. 772. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIK 167. 97. 37. 721.	BAS  14% 127, 37, 727, 12  227, 127, 37, 637, 17  Meal  BAS  14% 97, 27, 757,	SIK  147. 97. 47. 737.  12  347. 137. 27. 517. 24  Evening SIK 177. 67. 47. 717.	BAS  157, 677, 747, 12  277, 107, 57, 19  Heal  BAS  167, 757, 757, 757, 757, 757, 757, 757, 7
30 min. later 67, 10% 14% 10% 87, 87, 87, 30 min. later 57, 77, 11% 97, 87, 87, 15 min. later 57, 27, 27, 27, 27, 37, 37, 30 ficient as it is 54%, 62%, 55%, 64%, 52%, 63%, 52%, 63%, 54%, 54%, 54%, 54%, 54%, 54%, 54%, 54	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Seturday and Sund From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is	SIK 127, 77, 117, 807, 10 257, 127, 37, 597, 19 Brack SIK 127, 57, 37, 58, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 1	BAS 16% 67. 17. 767. 12 23% 117. 27. 65% 17 effect BAS 13% 67, 17. 80%	12% 12% 12% 57, 72% 11 24% 18%, 27, 57% 18 Hid-Day SIK 13%, 47, 75%	147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647. 17 9 Meal BAS 137. 97. 27. 767.	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87. 47. 767.	BAS  137, 87, 37, 767, 11  287, 107, 17, 617, 20  g Meal BAS  147, 87, 27, 777,	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. later Sufficient es it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. esrlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is	147, 77, 22, 777, 11 297, 27, 27, 27, 27, 21  Break SIK 177, 27, 767, 767, 767, 767, 767, 77, 767, 77, 7	197. 97. 17. 14 257. 167. 18 BAS	137. 117. 147. 772. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIK 167. 97. 37. 721.	BAS  14% 127, 37, 727, 12  227, 127, 37, 637, 17  Meal  BAS  14% 97, 27, 757,	SIK  147. 97. 47. 737.  12  347. 137. 27. 517. 24  Evening SIK 177. 67. 47. 717.	BAS  157, 677, 747, 12  277, 107, 57, 19  Heal  BAS  167, 757, 757, 757, 757, 757, 757, 757, 7
15 min. later	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Seturday and Sund From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES: To:	SIK 127, 77, 117, 807, 10 257, 127, 37, 599, 19 Brack SIK 127, 57, 37, 817, 9	BAS 16%, 6%, 1%, 76%, 1%, 76%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1	12% 12% 12% 57, 72% 11 24% 18% 27, 57% 18 Hid-Day 81K 13% 97% 47, 75% 11	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12 .  217. 137. 27. 647. 17  9 Meal BAS  137. 97. 27. 767. 11	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87. 47. 767.	BAS  137, 87, 37, 767, 11  287, 107, 17, 617, 20  g Meal BAS  147, 87, 27, 777, 11	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient es it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES:  Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient os it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES:	147, 77, 77, 77, 11  297, 97, 22, 7597, 21  Freak SIK  177, 57, 27, 767, 12	19%, 9%, 12, 717, 14  257, 107, 27, 63%, 18  fast BAS  167, 67, 27, 767, 12	137. 117. 117. 127. 12 227. 167. 277. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIK 167. 97. 727. 13	BAS  147, 127, 37, 772, 12  12  227, 12, 17  17  Weal  BAS  147, 757, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 15	SIK  147, 97, 47, 737, 12  347, 137, 27, 517, 24  Evening SIK  177, 87, 47, 717, 13	BAS 157, 677, 747, 12 277, 107, 617, 19 Heal BAS 167, 757, 757, 12
Sufficient as it is 54% 62% 55% 64% 52% 63% Sufficient as it is 58% 64% 58% 66% 55% 64%	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: Weskends: Seturday and Sund From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  KEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later	SIK 127, 77, 13, 807, 10 257, 127, 37, 597, 19 Brack SIK 127, 57, 381, 9 372,	BAS 167, 67, 17, 767, 12 237, 117, 22, 657, 17 17 18AS 137, 67, 18, 807, 10 277, 10	127, 127, 57, 727, 11  247, 187, 27, 577, 18  Mid-Day, 51K, 137, 97, 47, 757, 11	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12  217. 137. 27. 647. 17  9 Meal BAS  137. 97. 27. 767. 11	97. 127. 27. 77. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87. 47. 10	BAS  137, 87, 37, 767, 11  287, 107, 17, 617, 20  g Meal BAS  147, 87, 27, 777, 11  277, 277, 11	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient ac it is HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient os it is HEAN IN MINUTES: To: 1 hr. or more later	147, 77, 77, 11 297, 97, 22 21 37 Break SIK 177, 5767, 12 267, 267, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 2	197. 97. 12. 717. 14  257. 107. 257. 18  fast BAS  167. 677. 27. 767. 12	137. 117. 117. 147. 722. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIK 167. 97. 727. 13	BAS  147, 127, 37, 777, 12  12  227, 127, 37, 17  17  Meal  BAS  147, 97, 757, 12  227, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 147, 14	SIK  147, 97, 47, 797, 47, 797, 12  347, 137, 27, 517, 24  Evening SIK  177, 67, 47, 717, 13	BAS  157, 677, 747, 12  277, 107, 37, 617, 19  Heal BAS  167, 757, 12  267, 12
	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:  To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:  Weekends: Seturday and Sund  From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 5 min. earlier 5 min. earlier 5 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 16 min. or more later 170: 1 hr. or more later 170: 10 min. later	SIK  127, 77, 117, 807, 10  257, 127, 37, 597, 19  Brack SIK  127, 57, 37, 817, 9  377, 67,	BAS 167, 67, 117, 767, 12 237, 117, 27, 657, 17 17 18 BAS 137, 67, 17 10 277, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 1	12% 12% 12% 5% 72% 11 24% 18% 27% 57% 18 Kid-Day 51K 13% 97% 44% 75% 11	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12  217. 137. 27. 647. 17  Weal BAS  137. 97. 22. 767. 11	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87. 47. 10	BAS  137, 87, 37, 767, 11  287, 107, 17, 617, 20  g Meal BAS  147, 87, 27, 777, 11	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 5 min. later Sufficient es it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 5 min. earlier 5 min. earlier 5 min. earlier 5 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 16: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later	SIK  147, 77, 22, 777, 11  297, 27, 27, 27, 27, 21  Break SIK  177, 57, 27, 761, 12  267, 57, 57, 57, 57, 57, 57, 57, 57, 57, 5	197. 97. 17. 14 257. 16 37. 18 Fast BAS 167. 27. 767. 12	137. 117. 117. 12. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIK 167. 97. 37. 727. 13	BAS  147, 127, 27, 12  12  227, 12  17  17  Heal  BAS  147, 97, 27, 12  17  Heal  184, 97, 27, 15  112	SIK  147. 97. 47. 737. 12  347. 137. 27. 517. 24  Evening SIK 177. 67. 47. 717. 13	BAS  157  87  747  12  277  107  57  617  19  Heal  BAS  167  757  12
MEAN IN MINUTES: 24 19 21 15 29 19 HEAN IN MINUTES: 23 19 21 17 24 18	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is	SIK 127, 77, 117, 807, 10 257, 127, 597, 19 Brack SIK 127, 57, 817, 9	BAS 16%, 6%, 17, 76%, 12 23%, 11%, 22%, 65%, 11%, 28%, 66%, 11%, 80%, 10 27%, 10%, 11%, 12%, 11%, 11%, 11%, 11%, 11%, 11	12%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12%, 12%,	BAS  147, 127, 27, 727, 12  217, 137, 27, 647, 17  9 Meal BAS  137, 97, 27, 767, 11  257, 107, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 2	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 151. 37. 477. 26 Evening SIK 127. 87. 47. 10	BAS  137. 87. 37. 767. 11  287. 107. 117. 617. 20  g Meal BAS  147. 87. 777. 11	From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. sarlier 15 min. sarlier Sufficient ae it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. latar 15 min. later Sufficient es it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. esrlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  HEAN IN MINUTES:  To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later	147, 77, 77, 77, 11  297, 97, 27, 597, 21  17  Break SIK  177, 57, 767, 12  267, 57, 27, 77, 77, 77, 77, 77, 77, 77, 77, 7	19%, 9%, 12, 717, 14  257, 10%, 63%, 18  fast BAS  167, 67, 767, 12  277, 767, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 2	137. 117. 117. 127. 12 227. 167. 277. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIK 167. 37. 727. 13	8AS 144, 127, 777, 12 12 227, 127, 137, 147, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 15	SIK  147, 97, 47, 737, 12  347, 137, 27, 517, 24  Evening SIK  177, 87, 47, 717, 13  357, 87, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 2	BAS  157, 677, 747, 12  277, 107, 747, 617, 19  Heal  167, 77, 757, 12  267, 87, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3
	From: 1 hr. or wore earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  NEAN IN MINUTES:  To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:  Weekends: Seturday and Sund  From: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient as it is  MEAN IN MINUTES:  To: 1 hr. or more later 30 min. later 15 min. later 15 min. later 15 min. later Sufficient as it is	SIK 127, 77, 117, 807, 10 25%, 127, 37, 59%, 19 Brack SIK 127, 57, 37, 81, 9 377, 62, 37, 64, 37, 544,	BAS 167, 67, 117, 767, 112 237, 117, 27, 657, 17 18 BAS 137, 67, 12 10 277, 10 10 277, 10 627, 12	12% 12% 12% 12% 13% 72% 11  24% 18% 27, 57% 18  Hid-Day 81K  13% 97, 44% 75% 11 28% 23% 55%	BAS  147. 127. 27. 727. 12 . 217. 137. 27. 647. 17  Meal BAS  137. 97. 27. 767. 11  257. 107. 27. 647.	97. 127. 37. 777. 9 357. 157. 37. 477. 26 Evenin SIK 127. 87. 47. 10	BAS  137, 87, 37, 767, 11  287, 107, 17, 617, 20  g Meal BAS  147, 87, 777, 11  277, 87, 13, 637,	Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier Sufficient ae it is  HEAN IN MINUTES  To: 1 hr. or more latar 30 min. later Sufficient es it ia  HEAN IN MINUTES: Weekends: Saturday and Sunda  Prom: 1 hr. or more earlier 30 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 15 min. earlier 50 min. earlier 51 min. earlier 51 hr. or more later 50 min. later 15 min. alter 15 min. later 50 min. later	147, 77, 77, 11 297, 97, 27, 597, 21 5 Freak SIK 177, 57, 27, 767, 12 267, 57, 27, 757, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 2	197. 97. 17. 14 257. 167. 18 BAS 167. 27. 767. 12 277. 277. 647.	137. 117. 117. 127. 12 227. 167. 27. 607. 18 Hid-Day SIX 167. 97. 37. 727. 13	147, 127, 777, 12 227, 127, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 15	SIK  147. 97. 47. 737. 12  347. 137. 24  Evening SIK  177. 67. 47. 717. 13  357. 687. 27. 557.	BAS  157, 877  747  12  277, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 107, 1

Part IX: Service by Dining Facility Personnel. Table 18 presents the consumers' opinions of the ability of their cooks and the attitudes of the workers in the dining facilities. The cooks' abilities are consistently rated somewhat poorly by the SIK's at each installation, and only slightly closer to "average" by the BAS's. The consumers' opinions about the attitudes of the workers indicated more variability (Travis SIK's presented the lowest ratings; Minot BAS's presented the highest, though still below the "average" point on the scale) but nevertheless the best was still below average.

Table 19 indicates how often the consumers are subjected to inferior personnel practices (e.g., not putting out enough silverware and condiments; preparing too little food; preparing too much food and hence contributing to leftovers). The data in this table exhibit more heterogeneity than usual, with the Homescead SIK's reporting a greater frequency of inferior personnel practices than consumers of other installations, and with the SIK's reporting an increase in frequency of inappropriate silverware and leftovers served day after day from Travis AFB, then Minot AFB, and lastly Homestead AFB.

Part X: Military Atmosphere. Table 20 clearly demonstrates that the average consumer wants less military atmosphere in the dining facilities, and the response category chosen by the most respondents at any installation with any meal status was to have "a lot less military atmosphere." The data are also quite consistent across groups, except that the Homestead SIK's desire even less military atmosphere than the average while the Homestead BAS's desire a little more military atmosphere than the average.

TABLE 18
Dining Facility Personnel

	Travis		Minot		Homes	tead	Compo	site
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Ability of Cooks	2.85	3.21	2.91	3.37	2.91	3.30	2.88	3.28
	(1.43)	(1.42)	(1.44)	(1.59)	(1.43)	(1.46)	(1.43)	(1.46)
Attitudes of Workers	3.04	3.16	3.20	3.39	3.16	3.18	3.13	3.23
	(1.47)	(1.51)	(1.49)	(1.57)	(1.49)	(1.51)	(1.49)	(1.51)
Scale: 1 2		3		4	5		6	
Very			Ave	erage				Exceller
Poor								

TABLE 19
Food Service Personnel Functions

	Travis		Min	ot	Homes	tead	Compo	site
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
How often do you find:								
Inappropriate or missing silverware	2.03 (0.81)	1.98 (0.77)	2.12 (0.84)	2.03 (0.75)	2.22 (0.78)	2.06 (0.74)	2.12 (0.82)	2.02 (0.76)
Not enough condiments (ketchup, etc.)	2.07 (0.80)	2.06 (0.76)	2.07 (0.90)	2.00 (0.78)	2.41 (0.85)	2.06 (0.80)	2.18 (0.86)	2.04 (0.78)
Left-overs being served day after day	2.40 (0.93)	2.10 (0.87)	2.56 (0.88)	2.06 (0.94)	2.72 (0.92)	2.04 (0.89)	2.55 (0.94)	2.07 (0.88)
Serving line has run out of items	2.42 (0.90)	2.28 (0.83)	2.46 (0.84)	2.30 (0.82)	2.65 (0.83)	2.34 (0.84)	2.50 (0.87)	2.30 (0.83)

Scale: 1 = Never; 2 = Sometimes; 3 = Often; 4 = Always.

TABLE 20
Military Atmosphere

Consumer Desires:	Tra	vis	Mine	ot	Homest	ead	Compos	site
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
1. A lot more	3%	4%	2%	3%	1%	5%	2%	4%
2. A little more	5%	6%	3%	5%	1%	7%	3%	6%
3. About the same	27%	28%	29%	25%	25%	32%	27%	28%
4. A little less	22%	25%	28%	26%	25%	22%	25%	25%
5. A lot less	43%	38%	38%	42%	47%	33%	43%	37%
MEAN:	3.99	3.86	3.98	3.98	4.17	3.72	4.04	3.86

Table 21 supplements the consideration of less military atmosphere by indicating specifically which rules or policies the consumers want enforced or instituted and which they do not. The data are quite consistent across installations for four policies - calling "at ease" when an officer enters; no smoking; officers and NCO's permitted to cut in line; and separation of officers and NCO's from enlisted personnel. For these, the consumers report minimal ambiguity concerning the existence of the rules (the rules do not exist according to the vast majority of the respondents, except for the policy of separating officers and NCO's from enlisted personnel, for which there appeared to be some ambiguity as evidenced by the increasing percentage who thought the rule existed). For those four policies, there was only minimal consumer support for instituting the specific rules, while large segmets of respondents were either opposed to instituting or had no opinion. For the policies concerning dress regulations and barring civilian guests though, the data are more complicated. For both these policies there was considerable disagreement over whether the rules existed or not. A further breakdown of the consumer responses on the basis of which facility each patronized within installations offering more than one dining facility did not indicate that specific facilities had a definite policy and others did not, but rather that the personnel from each facility were divided in their impressions. Furthermore, the data suggested a curious instance of polarization between the Homestead SIK's and BAS's concerning the dress regulation. At Homestead AFB there was no ambiguity about the existence of the rules concerning dress regulations (they existed), but an atypically

TABLE 21
Opinions Concerning Specific Policies

-			•					
	Tra		Min		Homes		Compo	sit€
Dress regulations	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Yes, rule exists	5 1%	78%	6 3%	75%	93%	96%	68%	82%
Feelings:								
Enforce or institute	15%	29%	14%	24%	14%	42%	14%	31%
Abolish or not institute	44%	34%	48%	38%	5 <i>7</i> %	35%	49%	35%
No opinion	41%	37%	39%	38%	30%	23%	37%	33%
Not allowing civilian guests								
Yes, rule exists	56%	66%	29%	38%	55%	73%	47%	60%
Feelings:								
Enforce or institute	16%	20%	13%	14%	15%	26%	15%	20%
Abolish or not institute	46%	38%	34%	31%	36%	39%	40%	37%
No opinion	38%	41%	5 3%	55%	47%	34%	45%	44%
Calling "at ease" when officer enters								
Yes, rule exists	7%	7%	8%	12%	8%	7%	8%	8%
Feelings:							1	
Enforce or institute	6%	6%	8%	5%	3%	<b>7</b> %	6%	6%
Abolish or not institute	49%	50%	40%	42%	42%	50%	44%	47%
No opinion	44%	44%	5 3%	54%	5 6%	45%	5 1%	46%
No smoking							i	
Yes, rule exists	<b>7</b> %	<b>7</b> %	11%	16%	8%	<b>7</b> %	9%	10%
Feelings:								
Enforce or institute	12%	15%	12%	11%	14%	1 <b>7</b> %	13%	15%
Abolish or not institute	36%	38%	34%	32%	33%	38%	34%	36%
No opinion	5 2%	47%	54%	56%	<b>52</b> %	45%	5 3%	49%
Officers and NCO's per- mitted to cut in line								
Yes, rule exists	8%	10%	10%	15%	8%	10%	9%	11%
Feelings:								
Enforce or institute	11%	12%	8%	11%	11%	12%	10%	11%
Abolish or not institute	46%	50%	45%	43%	47%	5 3%	46%	45%
No opinion	43%	38%	47%	46%	42%	35%	44%	40%
Separation of officers and NCO's from enlisted men								
Yes, rule exists	13%	26%	14%	22%	23%	26%	16%	25%
Feelings:								
Enforce or institute	10%	12%	7%	11%	11%	16%	10%	13%
Abolish or not institute	47%	49%	41%	39%	44%	42%	44%	44%
No opinion	43%	40%	5 2%	5 3%	45%	42%	46%	43%

large 42% of the BAS's desired the rules enforced while an atypically large 57% of the SIK's desired the rules abolished. Strongly opposing opinions like these were not found elsewhere in the data. But with the opinions of the Homestead BAS's aside, there was not much support for enforcing or instituting dress regulations. Likewise there was not much support for enforcing or instituting rules prohibiting civilian guests, but again a fairly large group had no opinions on the issue.

Part XI: General Dining Facility Environment. In the evaluations of the individual installations, 1,2,3 this section was considerably more detailed than other sections because the concept of the "dining facility environment" had so many dimensions. For this composite report though, the authors felt that collapsing the consumers opinions across the three facilities of Travis AFB, the one facility of Minot AFB, and the two facilities of Homestead AFB would be more misleading than illuminating. Those six facilities are of different vintages and design, and therefore to compile a composite rating of the "Air Force food service facilities" in terms of general conditions like perceived number of safety hazards, or the proximity of washroom facilities, or even the general appearance of the buildings is simply unwarranted. Even such things as preferences for table size was influenced by the type of dining facility the respondent usually patronized. For the consumers opinions about their own facility, the reader is directed to the appropriate individual report.

The consumers were asked however to indicate what type of music they would like in their dining facilities, and Table 22 presents their responses. Choosing a suitable variety to please the maximum percentages

TABLE 22
Music Preferences

	Trav		Min		Homes	tead	Compo	site
Type	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
A variety of the following	24%	28%	28%	33%	32%	32%	28%	31%
Hard rock	12%	4%	18%	10%	14%	7%	14%	6%
Popular	18%	9%	12%	10%	11%	8%	14%	9%
Sou1	11%	5%	11%	9%	11%	6%	11%	6%
Instrumental	7%	19%	7%	13%	6%	20%	7%	18%
Rock and roll	5%	4%	7%	5%	7%	2%	6%	4%
Any type is fine	7%	9%	5%	7%	6%	10%	6%	8%
Country western	4%	9%	3%	6%	4%	6%	4%	7%
Classical	4%	5%	4%	3%	3%	6%	3%	5%
Other	5%	5%	2%	2%	3%	2%	3%	3%
Jazz	3%	4%	3%	2%	2%	1%	2%	2%
Do not want music	1%	₹% <sup>*</sup>	0%	1%	0%	1%	½% <sup>*</sup>	1%

<sup>\*:</sup> Less than 1/2/

of SIK's and BAS's would not be an easy task. Hard rock music, for example, was preferred very highly in the composite, but only 4% of the Travis BAS's preferred it while 18% of the Minot SIK's did. This degree of heterogeneity of opinion contributes to the difficult tasks facing food service planners. Instrumental music also presents a problem in the sense that it was highly preferred by the BAS groups (but not quite as highly by the Minot BAS's), but only moderately preferred by the SIK's.

Part XII: Convenience of Location. Table 23 indicates that the majority of the BAS group drives wherever they are going. For the SIK's the dining facilities are close enough to the living areas for 2/3 of them to walk, but apparently the job sites are far enough removed that the percentage who drove consistently increased considerably. Table 24 presents information which was intended to address the same issue regarding convenience of location, specifying how many minutes it would take to walk from place to place. For the SIK's a less than 5 minute walk between living area and dining facility was reported by from 1/2 (Homestead AFB) to 2/3 (Minot AFB) of the consumers. The walking time from job sites to dining facilities are more varied however. Nearly half of the BAS's reported a walk in excess of 30 minutes between their living areas and either job sites or dining facilities.

Part XIII: Dining Companions. The consistency of opinions about the social aspects of the dining facilities as expressed by the SIK's across installations and by the BAS's across installations is apparent from the information presented in Table 25. The differences between SIK's and BAS's are also consistent, with the SIK's reporting that the

T BLE 23
Convenience of Location: Means of Travel

		TF	RAVIS A	FB						
Usual Means	Wa	1k	Dr	ive	Ric	de	В	us	Ot:	her
of Travel	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Between living area and dining facility	65%	20%	27%	63%	7%	2%	1%	0%	3%	15%
Between job site and dining facility	40%	23%	43%	64%	10%	4%	3%	1%	4%	8%
Between living area and job site	31%	6%	48%	87%	13%	5%	7%	2%	<i>₹</i> % <sup>*</sup>	1%
		<u>M</u>	INOT A	FB						
	Wa	1k	Dr	ive	Ric	ie	В	18	Ot!	her
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Between living area and dining facility	72%	24%	20%	54%	4%	7%	0%	<u>*</u> %*	4%	14%
Between job site and dining facility	36%	14%	40%	62%	18%	12%	2%	<b>3</b> %*	4%	11%
Between living area and job site	3 <b>7</b> %	8%	40%	76%	19%	14%	2%	2%	1%	₹% <sup>*</sup>
		HOM	ESTEAD	AFB						
	Wa	1k	bri	ive	Ric	le	Bı	18	Otl	ner
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Between living area and dining facility	66%	20%	28%	66%	3%	5%	3%	10%	0%	0%
Between job site and dining facility	50%	20%	37%	69%	9%	4%	5%	6%	0%	0%
Between living area and job site	42%	10%	45%	83%	11%	6%	0%	0%	2%	2%
	1	C	OMPOS I	E						_
	Wa]	_	Dri	_	Rid	ما	Bu		0+1	ner
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	STK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Between living area and dining facility	68%	21%	25%	61%	3%	4%	½% <sup>*</sup>	<b>₹</b> %*	3%	13%
Between job site and dining facility	42%	20%	40%	65%	1 <b>2</b> %	6%	2%	1%	47.	8%
Between living area and job site	36%	8%	45%	83%	14%	8%	4%	1%	1%	1%

<sup>\*:</sup> Less than ½%

TABLE 24
Convenience of Location: Walking Time

TO ASSTO A DO														
TRAVIS AFB		_	_								-		_	• •
Minute				10		-15		-20		-25	_	-30	Over	
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Between living area														
and dining facility	58%	24%	19%	8%	9%	6%	5%	87.	3%	4%	2%	3%	4%	46%
Between job site	050	0.00	254		- 001			01				( <u>1.6)</u>		
and dining facility	25%	29%	25%	20%	19%	19%	12%	11%	5%	6%	5%	7%	9%	9%
Between living area														
and job site	19%	5%	15%	7%	1 <b>9</b> %	11%	20%	10%	7%	6%	7%	9%	14%	52%
MINOT AFB														
Minute	s: 1-	5	6-	10	11	-15	16	-20	21	-25	26	-30	Over	30
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Potrace living one						`								
Between living area	64%	29%	10%	6%	12%	8%	5%	00/	2%	1.01	₹%*	1.01		1. 19/
and dining facility	04%	23/0	10%	0%	12/0	0%	3%	9%	2/0	4%	2/0	4%	7%	41%
Between job site														
and dining facility	13%	16%	17%	19%	32%	23%	20%	15%	7%	8%	5%	6%	5%	137
Between living area														
and job site	15%	5%	20%	<b>7</b> %	28%	11%	12%	14%	77.	2%	4%	7%	14%	53%
am job site	1378	J /6	20%	1 10	20%	11/0	12/0	14/0	//-	2/0	4/0	1/0	14/0	33%
HOMESTEAD AFB														
	ε: 1-	.5	6-	10	11	- 15	16	-20	21	-25	26.	-30	Over	30
HOMESTEAD AFB Minute	_	_	-	10 BAS		-15 BAS		-20 RAS		-25 RAS		-30	Over	
Minute	_	5 BAS	6- SIK	10 BAS	J1 SIK		16 SIK	-20 BAS	21 SIK	-25 BAS	26 SIK	-30 BAS	Over SIK	30 BAS
Minute Between living area	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK			
Minute	_	_	-											
Minute Between living area and dining facility	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site	51%	BAS 22%	SIK 24%	BAS	SIK 11%	BAS 10%	SIK 4%	BAS 9%	SIK 1%	BAS 4%	SIK	BAS 2%	SIK 8%	BAS 45%
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS 7%	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility  Between living area	51% 51% 39%	BAS 22% 20%	SIK 24% 31%	BAS 7% 27%	SIK 11% 16%	BAS 10% 27%	SIK 4% 9%	9% 12%	SIK 1% 2%	8AS 4% 3%	1% 1%	BAS 2% 2%	8% 1%	BAS 45% 8%
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility	51%	BAS 22%	SIK 24%	BAS 7%	SIK 11%	BAS 10%	SIK 4%	BAS 9%	SIK 1%	BAS 4%	SIK	BAS 2%	SIK 8%	BAS 45%
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility  Between living area and job site	51% 51% 39%	BAS 22% 20%	SIK 24% 31%	BAS 7% 27%	SIK 11% 16%	BAS 10% 27%	SIK 4% 9%	9% 12%	SIK 1% 2%	8AS 4% 3%	1% 1%	BAS 2% 2%	8% 1%	BAS 45% 8%
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility  Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE	51% 51% 39% 26%	BAS 22% 20% 7%	24% 31% 30%	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	BAS 10% 27% 12%	SIK 4% 9% 9%	9% 12% 13%	SIK 1% 2% 3%	BAS 4% 3%	1% 1% 2%	2% 2% 6%	8% 1% 8%	BAS 45% 8% 49%
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility  Between living area and job site	SIK 51% 39% 26% s: 1-	BAS 22% 20% 7%	31% 30%	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	BAS 10% 27% 12% -15	9% 9%	9% 12% 13% -20	SIK  1%  2%  3%	BAS 4% 3% 3% -25	SIK  1%  1%  2%	BAS 2% 2% 6% -30	SIK 8% 1% 8% Over	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility  Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE	51% 51% 39% 26%	BAS 22% 20% 7%	31% 30%	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	BAS 10% 27% 12%	SIK 4% 9% 9%	9% 12% 13%	SIK 1% 2% 3%	BAS 4% 3%	1% 1% 2%	BAS 2% 2% 6% -30	8% 1% 8%	BAS 45% 8% 49%
Minute  Between living area and dining facility  Between job site and dining facility  Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE  Minute	SIK 51% 39% 26% s: 1-	BAS 22% 20% 7%	31% 30%	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	BAS 10% 27% 12% -15	9% 9%	9% 12% 13% -20	SIK  1%  2%  3%	BAS 4% 3% 3% -25	SIK  1%  1%  2%	BAS 2% 2% 6% -30	SIK 8% 1% 8% Over	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30
Between living area and dining facility Between job site and dining facility Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE  Minute  Between living area	51% 51% 39% 26% s: 1- S1K	22% 20% 7% 5 BAS	24% 31% 30% 6- SIK	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	10% 27% 12% -15 BAS	SIK 4% 9% 9% 16 SIK	9% 12% 13% -20 BAS	SIK  1%  2%  3%  211  SIK	3% 3% -25 BAS	SIK  1%  17.  2%  26.  SIK	2% 2% 6% -30 BAS	8% 1% 8% Over SIK	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30 BAS
Between living area and dining facility Between job site and dining facility Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE  Minute  Between living area and dining facility	SIK 51% 39% 26% s: 1-	BAS 22% 20% 7%	31% 30%	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	BAS 10% 27% 12% -15	9% 9%	9% 12% 13% -20	SIK  1%  2%  3%	BAS 4% 3% 3% -25	SIK  1%  1%  2%	BAS 2% 2% 6% -30	SIK 8% 1% 8% Over	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30
Between living area and dining facility Between job site and dining facility Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE  Minute  Between living area and dining facility Between job site	51% 51% 39% 26% s: 1- S1K	22% 20% 7% 5 BAS	24% 31% 30% 6- SIK	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	10% 27% 12% -15 BAS	SIK 4% 9% 9% 16 SIK	9% 12% 13% -20 BAS	SIK  1%  2%  3%  211  SIK	3% 3% -25 BAS	SIK  1%  17.  2%  26.  SIK	2% 2% 6% -30 BAS	8% 1% 8% Over SIK	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30 BAS 44%
Between living area and dining facility Between job site and dining facility Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE  Minute  Between living area and dining facility	51% 51% 39% 26% s: 1- S1K	22% 20% 7% 5 BAS	24% 31% 30% 6- SIK	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23%	10% 27% 12% -15 BAS	SIK 4% 9% 9% 16 SIK	9% 12% 13% -20 BAS	SIK  1%  2%  3%  211  SIK	3% 3% -25 BAS	SIK  1%  17.  2%  26.  SIK	2% 2% 6% -30 BAS	8% 1% 8% Over SIK	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30 BAS
Between living area and dining facility Between job site and dining facility Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE  Minute  Between living area and dining facility Between job site and dining facility	51% 51% 39% 26% 5: 1- 51K	BAS 22% 20% 7% 5 BAS 25%	24% 31% 30% 6- SIK	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23% 111 SIK 10%	BAS 10% 27% 12% -15 BAS 8%	9% 9% 9% 16 SIK	9% 12% 13% -20 BAS 9%	SIK  1%  2%  3%  21  SIK  2%	BAS  4%  3%  3%  -25  BAS  4%	SIK  1%  17.  2%  26.  SIK  1%	BAS  2%  2%  6%  -30  BAS  3%	SIK 8% 1% 8% Over SIK 6%	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30 BAS 44%
Between living area and dining facility Between job site and dining facility Between living area and job site  COMPOSITE  Minute  Between living area and dining facility Between job site	51% 51% 39% 26% 5: 1- 51K	BAS 22% 20% 7% 5 BAS 25%	24% 31% 30% 6- SIK	BAS 7% 27% 10%	11% 16% 23% 111 SIK 10%	BAS 10% 27% 12% -15 BAS 8%	9% 9% 9% 16 SIK	9% 12% 13% -20 BAS 9%	SIK  1%  2%  3%  21  SIK  2%	BAS  4%  3%  3%  -25  BAS  4%	SIK  1%  17.  2%  26.  SIK  1%	BAS  2%  2%  6%  -30  BAS  3%	SIK 8% 1% 8% Over SIK 6%	BAS 45% 8% 49% 30 BAS 44%

<sup>\*:</sup> Less than 1/2%

TABLE 25
Social Aspects of Dining Facilities

	Trav	is	Minot Homestead		tead	Сотро	site	
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
I sit with friends at	2.83	2.47	2.89	2.53	2.83	2.50	2.85	2.50
a dining table	(0.81)	(0.90)	(0.83)	(0.96)	(U.79)	(0.92)	(0.81)	(0.92)
I line up with my triends	2.56	2.18	2.67	2.33	2.67	2.17	2.63	2.22
for the meal	(0.82)	(0.86)	(0.80)	(0.98)	(0.85)	(0.83)	(0.83)	(0.89)
There is a friendly social	2.04	1.86	2.03	1.89	2,10	1.95	2.06	1.89
atmosphere in this dining hall	(0.80)	(9.70)	(0.72)	(0.76)	(0.75)	(0.74)	(0.76)	(0.73)
Room conditions are	1.99	1.80	2.02	1.93	2.08	1.87	2.03	1.86
acceptable for relaxed conversation	(0.80)	(0.75)	(0.78)	(0.83)	(0.82)	(0.75)	(0.80)	(0.77)
I talk to people at other	1.86	1.66	1.88	1.77	1.84	1.72	1.86	1.71
tables during the meal	(0.70)	(0.62)	(0.68)	(0.68)	(0.61)	(0.71)	(0.67)	(0.67)
The feeling of privacy is	1.79	1.69	1.77	1.71	1.65	1.62	1.72	1.65
quite good in this dining hall			(0.81)	(0.77)	(0.70)	(0.70)	(0.78)	(0.74)
I try to claim a certain	1.47	1.29	1.34	1.31	1.38	1.30	1.40	1.30
table as my area	(0.81)	(0.64)	(0.69)	(0.56)	(0.72)	(0.66)	(0.75)	(0.62)

Scale: 1 = Never; 2 = Sometimes; 3 = Often; 4 = Always

dining facilities are a vehicle for meeting social needs more frequently than the BAS's report.

Part XIV: Expense. Although it can be argued that expense had no appreciable effect on attendance in Air Force food service (Table 4), this opportunity was used to gauge consumer opinions concerning the separate rations system. Table 26 presents consumer reaction to the policies governing the current system. The composite scores for SIK's indicate essential neutrality, but with approximately 1/5 with strong opinions at the opposite extremes of the scale, thereby canceling each other out when computing the mean. The differences in SIK mean scores for the specific installations reflected differences in the percentage of SIK's who reported the current system to have been very unacceptable (24% at Travis AFB resulted in the least acceptable mean score; 15% at Minot AFB resulted in the most acceptable mean score; and 21% at Homestead AFB placed its mean score in the middle). The composite scores for the BAS's indicated a skewed distribution basically acceptable to the current system. And similarily again, the differences in BAS mean scores for the specific installations reflected differences in the percentage of BAS's who reported the current system to have been very acceptable.

Table 27 presents the consumers reactions to three alternative

TABLE 26
Opinions Concerning Current Separate Rations System

		Travis		Minot		Homes	tead	Composite	
		SIK	BAS	SIK	VAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
1.	Very Unacceptable	24%	11%	15%	7%	21%	8%	20%	9%
2.	Mildly Unacceptable	9%	8%	10%	9%	11%	10%	10%	9%
3.	Neutral	37%	22%	40%	19%	34%	20%	37%	21%
4.	Mildly Acceptable	8%	17%	12%	15%	9%	18%	10%	16%
5.	Very Acceptable	22%	42%	23%	51%	25%	44%	23%	45%
	MEAN:	2.95	3.71	3.18	3.94	3.07	3.79	3.06	3.80

TABLE 27
Opinions Concerning Alternate Separate Rations Proposals

		Trav	is	Min	o c	Homes	tead	Compo	site
PRO	POSAL 1:	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
	ryone on separate ions; meal pricing								
1.	Extremely Unfavorable	1 <b>7</b> %	20%	16%	16°'	12%	13%	15%	1 <b>7</b> %
2.	Mildly Unfavorable	9%	11%	8%	13%	9%	11%	9%	11%
3.	Neutral	26%	27%	28%	24%	24%	22%	26%	25%
4.	Mildly Favorable	14%	18%	1 <b>8%</b>	1 <b>9</b> %	15%	21%	16%	19%
5.	Extremely Favorable	35%	24%	30%	28%	39%	33%	34%	28%
	MEAN:	3.40	3.14	3.37	3.32	3.60	3.50	3.45	3.29
Eve	OPOSAL 2: eryone on separate cions; item pricing								
1.	Extremely Unfavorable	28%	36%	31%	31%	30%	33%	30%	34%
2.	Mildly Unfavorable	1 <b>7</b> %	18%	16%	19%	9%	10%	14%	16%
3.	Neutral	25%	20%	28%	23%	24%	23%	26%	22%
4.	Mildly Favorable	14%	13%	1 <b>0</b> %	11%	13%	15%	12%	13%
5.	Extremely Favorable	15%	13%	15%	1 <b>7</b> %	24%	19%	18%	16%
	MEAN:	2.70	2.48	2.61	2.65	2.92	2.75	2.74	2.60
	DPOSAL 3:								
	rrent system	1.09/	. 001	- 001	- 081	0.5%	- 07/	0.00	
1.	Extremely Unfavorable	19%	13%	18%	18%	25%	20%	21%	16%
2.	Mildly Unfavorable	12%	14%	11%	11%	13%	11%	12%	12%
3.	Neutral	31%	33%	36%	37%	25%	33%	31%	34%
4.	Mildly Favorable	15%	18%	17%	16%	12%	18%	15%	17%
5.	Extremely Favorable	23%	22%	18%	19%	25%	19%	22%	20%
	MEAN:	3.09	3.22	3.07	3.07	3.00	3.04	3.06	3.13

separate rations proposals. Proposal 2, separate rations with item pricing, was rated lowest; the current system (proposal 3) was rated neutral on the average; and the concept of putting everyone on separate ration status and charging for each meal (proposal 1) was rated the most favorable of the alternatives presented. The composite ratings reflected consistent opinions across installations, though a superficial examination of the data in Table 27 does not emphasize the consistency. The superficial examination reveals that the mean values vary across installations, but a closer examination of the data reveals that the order of preference for the proposals is the same for every group at every installation except for the Travis BAS's, who preferred proposal 3 over proposal 2 by 0.08.

Due to the interest in alternatives to the present ration law, a short questionnaire was administered to 265 Airmen at Shaw Air Force Base to determine if respondents who have had experience with a specific form of "item pricing; all on separate rations" would rate the three alternatives of the Consumer's Opinions Questionnaire differently. Preliminary results indicated that the Shaw AFB BAS consumers had very different opinions when compared to the BAS consumers of other installations who did not have experience with a form of "item pricing; separate rations."

The Shaw AFB consumers rated the "item pricing; separate rations" proposal as most favorable of the three; the composite BAS Air Force consumer rated it least favorable. Further information on this topic will be forthcoming and should clarify the issue.

### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The reader should bear in mind that the following statements are made solely to reflect the consumers' preferences. Words like "must" and "should" are reflections of the consumers' responses to a paper and pencil questionnaire. The authors fully realize that other considerations must be attended to before final decisions can be made and implemented for Air Force food service.

The similarity of consumers' responses across installations suggests that Air Force food service is quite consistent and that different missions, climatic environments, commands, locations, size, etc., do not appreciably influence consumers' reactions to food service.

- 1. Across installations the consumers have reported that the food-related factors (quality, variety, and quantity in that order) contribute more to the non-utilization of the dining facilities than the non-food factors (like monotony of the same facility, speed of service, etc.). This phenomenon applies at least to Air Force food service, and in fact there is data to suggest that this is a problem of military food service (the Army follows the same pattern; <sup>5,6</sup> the Navy and Marine Corps have not been surveyed with this questionnaire).
- 2. Meat items are of particular concern to the consumers, and might be a critical lead indicator of the consumer evaluation of the food service system as a whole. The consumers judged meat items to be of poor quality, without acceptable variety, and served in insufficient quantity.
- 3. The quality of the food was judged as the single most salient reason contributing to the non-utilization of Air Force food service systems. The importance of this factor is independent of the size of the base, the climate, the mission, or anything else measured.

- 4. Food variety was reported as a serious problem, but increasing the number of offerings per meal did not appear to be what the consumers desire. Perhaps a subsequent report on food preferences by this laboratory will provide some answers.
- 5. Several non-food factors of the dining facilities were also rated as problems and reported to be contributing to non-attendance, the most serious of which was the monotony of the same facility.
- 6. The current method of describing attendance rates in Air Force dining facilities is based on a three meal a day/21 meal a week assumption. This assumption is untenable because the reports of Air Force personnel indicated that a majority do not eat 21 meals a week. Breakfast is the meal reportedly most often missed and it also accounts for the most change in reported meal patterns since entering the military.

### REFERENCES

- Branch, L.G. and H.L. Meiselman. The consumer's opinions of the service system: The 1973 Travis Air Force Base survey.
   United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical Report 73-52-PR, 1973.
- Branch, L.G., L.E. Symington, and H.L. Meiselman. The consumer's opinions of the food service system: The 1973 Minot Air Force
   Base survey. United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical Report 74-7-PR, 1973.
- 3. Branch, L.G., J. Westerling, H.L. Meiselman, and L.E. Symington. The consumer's opinions of the food service system: The 1973 Homestead Air Force Base survey. United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical Report, TR-75-3-FSL.
- 4. Meiselman, H.L., L.G. Branch, D. Waterman, T. Reed, and L.E. Symington.
  Air Force food preferences. United States Army Natick Laboratories
  Technical Report, in press.
- 5. Branch, L.G., D. Waterman, L.E. Symington, and H.L. Meiselman. The consumer's opinions of the food service system: The 1973 Fort Lee, Virginia, survey. United States Army Natick Laboratories

  Technical Report, TR-74-49-PR.
- 6. Branch, L.G. and H.L. Meiselman. Consumer reaction to the Fort Lewis

  CAFe system. United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical

  Report 72-64-PR, 1972.

- 7. Leitch, D.P., R.J. Byrne, & G. Hertweck. An analysis of consumer evaluations of proposed changes in a food service system. United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical Report 74-40-0R/SA, 1974.
- 8. Symington, L.E. and H.L. Meiselman. The food service worker and the Travis Air Force Base experimental food system: Worker opinion and job satisfaction. United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical Report, 1974, in press.
- 9. Mattus, T.T. Jr., G. Hertweck and D.P. Leitch. A consumer evaluation of the experimental food service system at Travis Air Force Base, California. United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical Report, 1974 in press.
- 10. Bustead, R.L. (Ed.) CAFe System Experiment at Fort Lewis, Washington.

  United States Army Natick Laboratories Technical Report 73-20-OR/SA,

  1972.

# CONSUMER'S OPINIONS OF FOOD SERVICE SYSTEMS

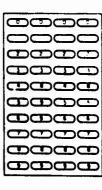
### APPENDIX I

U. S. ARMY NATICK LABORATORIES

**NOVEMBER 1972** 

Booklet	Serial	Number

In the grid to your right, please fill in the ovals corresponding with the Booklet Serial Number that is stamped directly above the numeric grid.



Instructions for all questions: For each question completely darken the circle around the number of your answer. Certain questions have specific instructions associated with them. Please read these instructions carefully.

INSTALLATION CODE (To be supplied by testers.)

DININ	G FACILITY CO	DE (To be su	pplied by testers.	)		
	<b>@</b> @ <b>@</b> @	<b>ക്കാന്ത</b>				
		s which indica	te your AGE at la	st birthday.		
1st dig	it താധാധാധാ	000000				
2nd di	git മധമാവം	りかけけり				
Darken the o	circle which indica	ates your RAC	Œ.			
○ Cauca:	sian					
O Negro						
Orient						
Other	(specify		)			
Darken the	circle which indic	ates your SEX				
○ Male						
<ul><li>Femal</li></ul>	e					
Darken the	circle which indic	ates your HIG	HEST LEVEL OF	EDUCATIO	N.	
	Grade School					
	ed Grade School					
	High School		. 1			
	School Graduate (	includes GED	)			
	Job Training					
○ Some	e Graduate					
O Beyon						
- 50,0						
How long ha	ve you been IN N	MILITARY SE	RVICE? Darken	one circle in	each line.	
years			111213141516171			
			0000000	000		
and m	onths 0 1 2 3 4					
Do you also			ent enlistment en	da). Darkan ti	ha annunuinta	
circle.	TO REENLIST W	men your pres	ent emistment en	azı Dərken t	ne appropriate	
⊕ Defini	talu vas					
Probal						
4 Undec						
@ Probel						
O Defini	tely no					
How much o	lo you LIKE MIL	ITARY SERV	ICE? Darken the	appropriate	circle.	
Dislike	Dislike	Dislike	Neutral	Like	Like	Li
very much	moderately	a little		a little	moderately	ve
Ф	•	•	<b>(</b>	3	•	

Dislike	Dislike	Dislike	Neutral	Like	Like	Like
very much	moderately	a little		a little	moderately	very much
0	<b>O</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>(</b>	<b>O</b>	•	Œ

A ....

When	e were you raised?	Darken the appropriate circle.
Φ	In the country	
<b>Ø</b>	In a town with less	s than 2,500 people
3	In a town or small	city with more than 2,500, but less than 25,000 people

- In a city with more than 25,000, but less than 100,000 people
   In a large city with more than 100,000, but less than one million people
- In a very large city with over one million people
- In a suburb of a large or very large city

#### In what STATE were you raised? Darken the appropriate circle. 0 01 Alabama O 28 Nevada 0 62 Alaska 0 29 New Hampshire 0 03 O 30 Arizona New Jersey 0 04 Arkansas 0 31 **New Mexico** 0 05 California O 32 New York 0 06 Colorado O 33 North Carolina C 07 Connecticut 0 34 North Dakota O 08 Delaware O 35 Ohio 0 09 Florida O 36 Oklahoma 0 10 Georgia 0 37 Oregon 0 11 Hawaii O 38 Pennsylvania 0 12 Idaho 0 39 Rhode Island 0 40 0 13 South Carolina Illinois 0 14 Indiana 0 41 South Dakota 0 15 O 42 Tennessee lowa 0 16 Kansas 0 43 Texas 0 17 C 44 Utah Kentucky 0 18 O 45 Louisiana Vermont 0 19 Maine 0 46 Virginia 0 20 Maryland 0 47 Washington 0 21 Massachusetts 0 48 West Virginia 0 22 Michigan 0 49 Wisconsin 0 23 Minnesota O 50 Wyoming 0 51 0 24 Mississippi Other U.S. territories or possessions (For 25 0 Missouri example, Puerto Rico or Virgin Islands.) 26 Montana 0 52 Outside the U.S. or U.S. Territories or 0

Darken the circle which indicates your PRESENT GRADE.

Θ	E-1
0	E-2
Φ	E-3
Φ	E-4
3	E·5
<b>(4)</b>	E-6
Ø	E-7
<b>D</b>	E-8

27

0

Nebraska

Do you receive a SEPARATE RATIONS ALLOWANCE (money instead of free meals)? Darken the appropriate circle.

possessions.

O Yes
O No

@ E.9

ANIMAL CIAE			וואט	AO MA	A AC					1 1110 0	ppic	priat	C CIT	CIO.		
	Chinese					0 08		Jewish								
	English					0 10		Mexic	_							
	French					011		New E	277		_					
	General	Ame	rican	Style		0 12			(& E	astern	Eur	ope)				
	German					0 13		Soul								
	Greek					0 14		South	-							
	Italian					O 15				t ivlex						
O 08	Japanese	•				o 16		Other	(plea	se spec	cify.					l
What TYPE							00	DS do	you	like be	st?	Pleas	e da	rken		
the circles o		OP 1	HR	EE CH	OICE											
<del>-</del>	Chinese					0 09		Jewish								
	English					011		Mexic								
_	French					0 11		New E								
	General	Ame	erican	Style		0 12		Poish	(& E	astern	Eur	cpe)				
	German					O 13		Soul								
	Greek					0 14		South								
	Italian					O 15				ot Mex	ican	1)				
O 08	Japanes	В				0 16		Seafo	od							
						0 17		Other	(ple	se spe	cify.					)
WHICH ME. YOU EAT 1 day meal. B	HEM?	lf yo	u ha	ve "bru	ınch											
		Мо	n.	Tue	3S.	l We	d.	l Thu	ırs.	l Fr	i. I	Sa	t.	l Su	n.	
		Yes		Yes		Yes				Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Breakfast		Φ	0	0	<b>D</b>	0	(1)	D	w	Φ	3	Φ	<b>D</b>	Œ	3	
Mid-day Mea	al	Φ	9	0	0	0	<b>D</b>	0	<b>2</b> 0	Ð	<b>2</b> D	D	<b>3</b> D	Θ.	9	
	30.	_	_			=	_									
Evening Mea	al	Φ	9	θ	Ð	0	0	Œ	20	Þ	-21	Ф	<b>D</b>	Œ	0	
After Evenir	ng	Θ	<b>D</b>	θ	<b>D</b>	Φ	0	Œ	Œ	D	<b>D</b>	Ţı	<b>D</b>	Ф	<b>D</b>	
WHICH ME. If you have each block.																
		Mo	n.	Tu	es.	We	d.	Thu	rs.	Fr	i.	Sa	t.	Su	n.	
		Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Breakfast		Φ	<b>D</b>	θ	<b>D</b>	Θ	0	Φ	<b>D</b>	Φ	0	Θ	<b>D</b>	Ф	Ð	
								1		l				_		
Mid-day Me	ai	θ	0	θ	Ф	Θ	Ð	0	<b>D</b>	θ	θ	θ	Ð	Ф	Ð	
Evening Mea		θ	Œ	θ	0	0	Œ	Ф	<b>O</b>	Ф	θ	Θ	<b>D</b>	Э	0	
After Evenir	ng	θ	<b>D</b>	θ	<b>D</b>	0	Œ	0	<b>D</b>	Ф	0	θ	<b>D</b>	0	0	

BEFORE YOU ENTERED THE MILITARY, WHICH MEALS DID YOU USUALLY EAT? if you ete "brunch" on Saturdays or Sundays, consider It to be a mid-day meel. Be sure to mark each block.

		Tues. Yes No	Wed. Th	urs. Fri. S No Yes No	Sat. Yes No	Sun. Yes No
Breakfast	Φ Φ	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0
Mid-day Meal	0 0	0 0	000	0 0 0	0 0	<b>o o</b>
Evening Meal	<b>o o</b>	0 0	0 0 0	<b>o</b> o	0 0	0 0
After Evening	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0

WHERE DO YOU EAT when you do not eat in the military dining facility? Indicate how often by filling in one circle in each line.

<b>a</b> .	Private residence (girlfriend's house, friend's or relative's	Never	Less than once e week	1-3 times a week	4-7 times e week	8-14 times e week	15 or more times a week
	house, your home, your barracks, bringing your food, etc.)	0	0	0	0	0	C
b.	An installation snack facility (the bowling alley, the exchange, etc.)	0	0	0	0	0	0
c.	An installation NCO club, EM or Airmen Club, or service club	0	0	0	0	0	0
d.	Diner, snack bar, pizze parlor, or drive-in off the installetion (or having it delivered)	0	0	0	0	0	0
€.	Quality resteurent off the installetion	0	0	c	0	0	0
<b>f.</b>	Bar or tavern (with alcoholic beverages) off the installation	0	0	0	0	0	0
g.	From vending machines	0	0	0	0	0	0
h.	From mobile snack or lunch trucks	၁	0	0	0	0	0
i.	Other (write it below and indicate how often)	0	0	0	0	0	o
			60				

Listed below are 14 GENERAL AREAS OF CONCERN. For each topic or area, indicate whether it is a significant problem, a minor problem, neither a problem nor an attraction, a minor attraction, or a significant attraction for your dining facility in your opinion.

a.	Area or topic  Convenience of location	Signifi- cent Problem	Minor Problem	Neither Problam Nor Attrac- tion	Minor Attrac- tion	Significant Attraction	
b.	General dining facility environment	Φ	<b>o</b>	Φ	Ð	<b>o</b>	
C.	Degree of military atmosphere present	Φ	<b>D</b>	Φ	ه،	<b>o</b>	
d.	Desirable eating companions	Φ	Φ	30	1.	<b>9</b>	
e.	Expense	Φ	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b> D	•	90	
f.	Hours of operation	Φ	<b>D</b>	<b>3</b> D	•	<b>(3</b> )	
g.	Monotony of same facility	Φ	<b>3</b> 0	<b>3</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>3</b> 0	
h.	Quality of food	Φ	<b>O</b>	30	•	<b>9</b>	
i.	Quantity of food	Φ	Φ	<b>3</b>	•	<b>©</b>	
j.	Service by dining facility personnel	Φ	Φ	<b>O</b>	<b>©</b>	<b>o</b>	
k.	Variety of the regular meal food (weekday only)	Φ	<b>o</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>O</b>	•	
1.	Variety of tha regular meal food (weekend only)	Φ	<b>©</b>	<b>o</b>	<b>Φ</b>	30	
m.	Variety of the short order food	Φ	Φ	<b>a</b>	<b>©</b>	<b>O</b>	
n.	Speed of service or lines	Φ	<b>D</b>	<b>D</b>	Œ	Φ	

For each of the same 14 general areas, indicate whether it is a major reason for your degree of NON-ATTENDANCE at the dining facility, a minor reason for your degree of non-attendance, or not related to your degree of non-attendance.

₽.	Area or topic  Convenience of location	Major reason for non- attendance	Minor reason for non- attendance	Not related to non- attendance ©
b.	General dining facility environment	Φ	<b>o</b>	Φ
c.	Degree of military atmosphere present	Œ	<b>o</b>	<b>o</b>
d.	Desirable eating companions	Φ	<b>o</b>	Φ
e.	Expense	Φ	<b>o</b>	Φ
f.	Hours of operation	Φ	Φ	Φ
g.	Monotony of same facility	Φ	Φ	<b>o</b>
h.	Quality of food	Φ	Φ	•
i.	Quantity of food	Φ	Φ	Φ
j.	Service by dining facility personnel	Φ	Φ	<b>o</b>
k.	Variety of the regular meal food (weekday only)	Φ	<b>D</b>	<b>D</b>
t.	Variety of the regular meal food (weekend only)	Φ	<b>©</b>	<b>©</b>
m.	Variety of the short order food	Φ	<b>©</b>	<b>o</b>
n.	Speed of service or lines	Φ	Φ	Φ

If you have a REGULARLY SCHEDULED ACTIVITY which keeps you from attending the dining facility at certain times, indicate how many meals per week you do not attend because of this activity. (Indicate "zero meals not attended" if you have no such activity.)

Meals not attended:	0	1	2-4	5	6.7	8-10	More than 10
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sec. 3 " "

Concerning the degree of MILITARY ATMOSPHERE which you feel exists in your dining facility at the present time, indicate whether you feel there should be MORE or LESS military atmosphere in the future.

A Lot More		About the Sama			A Litt Less	ile		A Lot Less ©
Indica	ite how you usually travel between	aach of the fo	ollowing	locatio	ins:			
		Walk	Drive	Ride	Bus	Other (s	-	
8.	Living area to your job site	Φ	Φ.	<b>D</b>	•	Φ		
b.	Job sita to dining facility	Φ	<b>(D)</b>	0	<b>(</b>	Φ		
c.	Living area to dining facility	Φ	<b>O</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>(</b>	Φ		
	ata approximately how many minus ated in the previous questions from		u to tra	wel by t	he me	ans you		
		1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	Over
		min	min	min	min	min	min	30 min
a.	Living area to your job site	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b.	Job site to dining facility	0	0	0	0	O	0	0
C.	Living area to dining facility	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indic	ate approximately how many MINL	JTES it woul	d take t	o WALI	C from	your:		
		1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	Ovar
		min	min	min	min	min	min	30 min
a.	Living area to your job site	0	0	0	0	ت	0	0
b.	Job site to dining facility	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C.	Living area to dining facility	0	0	0 0		0 0		0
ls yo	our dining facility ever:							
		Never	Sometimes			Often		Always
a.	Too cold	Φ		<b>D</b>		<b>②</b>		•
b.	Too warm	Φ		Œ		Œ		<b>©</b>
C.	Stuffy	Φ		<b>D</b>		<b>•</b>		<b>©</b>
d.	Smoky	Φ		<b>D</b>		•		<b>(</b>
a.	Full of steem	9		, <b>Ø</b>		0		•
f.	Full of unpleasant food odors	Φ		•		<b>9</b>		<b>•</b>
How	v often do you find:							
		Never	S	iomatim	<b>0</b> 5	Often		Always
a.	Inappropriate or missing silverware	Φ		<b>②</b>		Φ		•
b.	Not enough condiments							
o.	(katchup, atc.)	Ф		0		Œ		<b>3</b>
	(Kathiup, att.)	9		•				_
C.	Laft-overs being served							
	day after day	Φ		0		0		<b>①</b>
d.	Serving lina has run out							
	of items	0		<b>3</b>		9	-	<b>(D</b> )
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_						

For each pair of items below, please indicate your opinion of THE GENERAL CONDITION - OF YOUR DINING FACILITY by darkening the circle which comes closest to describing your feelings.

		Extremely	Moderately	Neutral	Moderately	Extremely	
a.	Clean kitchen area	Φ	<b>D</b>	Ф	<b>(</b>	Ф	Dirty kitchen area
b.	Insect infested	Φ	0	<b>O</b>	•	<b>©</b>	Insect free
c.	P.odent infested	Φ	<b>D</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>©</b>	Φ	Rodent free
d.	Clean serving counters	Φ	<b>D</b>	Ф	<b>(</b>	Ф	Dirty serving counters
e.	Dirty dispensing devices	Θ	<b>D</b>	0	Φ	<b>O</b>	Clean dispensing devices
f.	Dirty silverware	Φ	Œ	0	<b>@</b>	<b>D</b>	Clean silverware
g.	Clean trays	0	<b>a</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>(</b>	<b>©</b>	Dirty trays
h.	Clean dishes and glasses	Θ	<b>O</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>(</b>	<b>D</b>	Dirty dishes and glasses
i.	Dirty floors	Œ	<b>O</b> D	<b>6</b> 0	<b>@</b>		Clean floors
į.	Dirty tables and chairs	Ф	0	Œ	a		Clean tables and chairs
k.	Brightly lighted	0	0	0			Dimiy lighted
1,	Sunny						Lacking in sunlight
	-19	Φ	<b>Ø</b>	<b>©</b>	•		
m.	Quiet	Φ	<b>D</b>	Φ	•	0	Noisy
n.	Crowded	Œ	<b>©</b>	Φ	•	00	Uncrowded
0.	Roomy	Φ	Ð	<b>D</b>	Φ	Ф	Cramped
p.	Poorly designed	Φ	<b>D</b>	Ф	•	9	Well designed
q.	Pleesant view	Φ	Ф	Φ	•	Ф	Unpleasant view
r.	Low number of safety hazards	Φ	<b>O</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>①</b>	<b>D</b>	High number of safety hazards
S.	Unplessant exterior appearence	Θ	<b>O</b>	<b>o</b>	•	Ф	Pleasant exterior appearance
t.	Unpleasant interior	Ф	<b>o</b>	OD.	<b>o</b>	00	Plaasant interior

# Indicate your opinions about CONVENIENCES WITHIN YOUR DINING FACILITY.

<b>a</b> .	Convenient	to ente <i>r &amp;</i> leave	<b>Hextremely</b>	() Moderately	O Neutral	⊕ Moderately	<b>6</b> Extremely	Inconvenient to enter & leave		
b.	Far	from washroom	Θ	Ø	Φ	•	9	Close to washroom		
C.	•	between tables ly passage	θ	0	0	Œ	<b>O</b>	Small space between tables forbids easy passage		
d.	Inadequa size of	te table size for trays	θ	Ф	0	•	9	Adequate table size for trays		
Is the	overall APPEARAN	CE OR ATMOSP	HER	E of	you	r din	ing f	facility:		
8.		Colorful	Φ	Œ	Φ	Φ	0	Drab		
b.		Cheerful	Θ	Φ	0	•	<b>D</b>	Dreary		
c.		Cluttered	Φ	Φ	9	•	0	Unclutte/ed		
d.		Beautiful	Φ	9	0	Φ	•	Ugly		
●.		Relexed	θ	0	0	•	Φ	Tense		
f.		Sociable	Θ	Φ	Θ	<b>(</b>	0	Unsociable		
g.		Crowded	θ	<b>D</b>	0	Φ	Φ	Uncrowded		
Are th	e TABLES in your	dining facility:								
<b>a.</b>		Colorful	θ	æ	0	•	<b>3</b> D	Drab		
b.		Beautiful	Φ	<b>D</b>	0	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	Ugiy		
c.		Wide variety	θ	Φ	0	Φ	0	Limited variety		
d.		Sturdy	Θ	<b>D</b>	<b>©</b>	•	Φ	Easy to damage		
€.		Roomy	Θ	0	Э	<b>©</b>	Θ	Cramped		
Indicate the TABLE SIZE you prefer:										
	2 persons	4 persons		6	perso O	ens.		8 persons More than 8 persons		
Indicat	Indicate the TAPLE SHAPE you prefer:  O Round									

Square or Rectangular

# Indicate how often each of the following statements about SOCIAL aspects of your dining facility applies to you.

	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
I line up with my friends for the meal .	Φ	Φ	Φ	Φ
I always sit with my friends at a dining table	Φ	Φ	Œ	Œ
I always try to claim a certain table as my area	Φ	Φ	Φ	(4,
The feeling of privacy is quite good in this dining hall	Φ	Φ	<b>o</b>	•
I talk to people at other tables during the meal	Φ	Φ	<b>O</b>	Œ
Room conditions are acceptable for relaxed conversation	Ф	<b>o</b>	Œ	<b>©</b>
There is a friendly social atmosphere in this dining hall	Φ	<b>o</b>	<b>o</b>	Φ
Do you have MUSIC in your dining facility	y no √?	Yes D	No Ø	

Very	Mildly		Mildly	Very
Acceptable	Acceptable	Neutral	Unacceptable	Unacceptable
<b>(</b> D)	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b>	•	•

Indicate the one type of music you would most prefer in the dining facilities:

0	Any type is fine
0	Hard rock
0	Soul
0	Popular
0	Rock and roll
0	Jazz
0	Instrumental
0	Classical
0	Country western
0	A variety of the above
0	Other (write it hera)
$\overline{}$	Do not went music

•	•	F BUSSING I	ystem in	which each person o	arries his
own tray to the	dishwashing area?		Yes	No	
			Φ	<b>D</b>	
Indicate how yo	ou do or would feel	about having	SELF BU	JSSING in the dining	) facilities:
Very	Mildly			Mildly	Very
Acceptable	Acceptable	Neutral		Unacceptabla	Unacceptabla
Φ.	0	Φ		•	Œ
Indicate your o	pinion about the po	licies concerni	ing the S	EPARATE RATION	S SYSTEMS:
Verv	Mildly			Mildly	Verv
Acceptable	Acceptable	Neutral		Unacceptable	Unacceptable
Ф	0	00		•	0
	pinion of the follow	_		· ·	
individual shoul		neals he eats i	n a milita	rations allowance. E ary dining facility (b	
Extremely	Mildly	<i>:</i>		Mildly	Extremely
Unfavorabla	Unfavorable	Neutral		Favorable	Favorable
Φ	<b>②</b>	<b>3</b>		<b>O</b>	<b>O</b>
b. In CO	NUS, everyona shou	ld receive the	separate	rations allowance. E	ach individual
should then pay	y for the specific item	ms he takes fro	om tha s	erving lina (2 eggs: 1	5 cents;
hamburger: 20	cents; french fries: 1	10 cents; chick	en: 45 c	ents).	
Extremely	Mildly			Mildly	Extremely
Unfavorabla	Unfavorable	Neutral		Favorable	Favorable
Φ	<b>②</b>	•		<b>3</b>	<b>O</b>
c. The cu	ırrent system gives s	ome people a :	separate	rations allowance en	d requires
tham to pay for	r aach meal they eat	in the dining	facility.	Tha others who do r	ot raceiva
that allowence	are authorized to ea	t in the dining	facilities	s without charge. Th	is system
should be retain	ned.				
Extremely	Mildly			Mildly	Extramely
Unfavorabla	Unfavorabla	Neutral		Favorabla	Favorabla
Θ	<b>3</b>	•		•	•

# What hours would you like the dining facility to be open for your convenience?

# Weekdays: Monday to Friday

	Breakfast	Mid-Day Meal	Evening Meal
From:			
1 hr or more earlier	Φ	Φ	Φ
30 min earlier	•	<b>o</b>	•
15 min estiler	•	<b>o</b>	•
Sufficient as it is	•	•	Ø
To:			
1 hr or more later	Φ	Φ	Φ
30 min later	•	<b>O</b>	•
15 min later	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	•
Sufficient as it is	•	Φ	•

# Weekands: Saturday and Sunday

	Breekfast	Mid-Day Meal	Evening Meal
From:			
1 hr or more earlier	Φ	Φ	Φ
30 min earlier	•	•	•
15 min earlier	•	•	•
Sufficient as it is	•	•	Œ
To:			
1 hr or more later	Φ	Φ	Φ
30 min later	•	•	Φ
15 min later	<b>O</b>	<b>(D)</b>	0
Sufficient as it is	•	•	•

# Is the food in your mess hall ever:

		Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
8.	Overcooked	Φ	•	•	•
b.	Undercooked	Φ	•	0	•
C.	Cold	Θ	•	<b>O</b>	•
d.	Tasteless or bland	Θ	•	0	•
6.	Burned	Θ	•	•	•
f.	Dried out	Θ	•	•	•
g.	Greasy	Θ	•	<b>O</b>	Φ
h.	Tough	Φ	•	•	•
i.	Too spicy	Φ	•	<b>O</b>	•
i.	Raw	Φ	•	•	•
k.	Still frozen	Φ	•	•	•
1.	Too salty	Φ	<b>D</b>	Φ	•

# Do you ever find that the food in your dining facility is, or has:

		Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
8.	Gristle or tendon	0	<b>D</b>	•	<b>₽</b>
b.	Excess fat	Θ	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b>	•
C.	Stringy	Ф	<b>D</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b>
d.	Damaged or bruised				
	(e.g., fruit or				
	vegetables)	Ф	<b>O</b>	•	•
●.	Over-ripe fruit	0	•	<b>O</b>	•
f.	Under-rips fruit	0	<b>3</b>	<b>O</b>	•
g.	Stale	æ	<b>D</b>	0	<b>O</b>
h.	Old looking	Θ	<b>3</b>	0	<b>Ø</b>
i.	Sour (e.g., milk)	Φ	<b>9</b>	<b>O</b>	0
j.	Spoiled	Φ	•	0	•
k.	Off-flavor or odor	Φ	<b>O</b>	0	Œ

Other than times of dieting, do you ever LEAVE your dining facility WITHOUT ENOUGH TO EAT?

NEVER	SOMETIMES	OFTEN	ALWAYS
Φ	•	•	•

# Do you serve yourself or do the dining facility personnel serve you the following items:

		SELF-SERVICE	SERVED BY OTH
●.	Short order items	Φ	•
b.	Meat items	Φ	•
C.	Starches (i.e. potatoes)	Φ	•
đ.	Vegetables	Φ	•
●.	Salade	Φ	•
f.	Beverages	Φ	co.
g.	Desserts	Φ	•

## Are SECOND HELPINGS PERMITTED for the following items?

		Always	Sometimes	Never
●.	Short order items	0	•	0
b.	Meat items	Φ	<b>O</b>	•
C.	Starches (i.e. potatoes)	Φ	<b>Ø</b>	<b>O</b>
đ.	Vegetables	Φ	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b>
●.	Salads	Ф	<b>②</b>	<b>©</b>
f.	Beverages	0	00	Φ
g.	Desserts	Φ	9	0

Answer the following questions for the regular meal only. Exclude the short order meal. Indicate "Not Appropriate" (8) if you have self-service and/or second helpings permitted.

NA D

NA

NA

NA L

a. What is your opinion about the amount of meat per serving:

Very Poor		he VARIET Many More	Y of offerin A Fe More	w	y particular Choices Now	WEEKDAY meal. Fewer Choices
Φ		he VARIET	Y of offerio	ngs at an	y particular	
	OD .					
		a)	Average ©	<b>3</b> 0	OD E	xcellent Ø
cate your opin meal as pleas			TUDES of	the dini	ng facility W	ORKERS to make
Very Poor	<b>②</b>	•	Average  ①	<b>O</b>	<b>(</b>	xcellent Ø
our dining faci						
ate vour opin	ion abo	ut the ABIL	.ITY of the	COOKS	to prepare	high quality meals
Too Little	<b>©</b>	<b>a</b> )	About Right	<b>o</b>	<b>(</b>	Too Much
d. What is ye	our opir	ion about t	ne amount	of desser	t per serving	j:
Little	σ	uto	Right	<b>3</b>	<b>(</b>	Much Ø
Too	our con	non about t	About	oi vegeti	enies her ser	ving. Too
c. What is ye	<b>②</b>	(D)	Œ	O)	<b>O</b>	Ø
Too Little			About Right			Too Much
b. What is yo	oui opii	non about t	ne amount	OI SCOLO	ies per servir	·
L 1475 - 4 1-	<b>3</b>	<b>(</b> D)	<b>(</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>o</b>	Ø
Φ			Right			Much

Indicate your opinion of the VARIETY of offerings at any particular WEEKEND mest.

A BUT THE RESEARCH AND A SECTION OF A SECTIO

	We need:	Many More Choices	A Few More Choices	Choices Now Enough	Fewer Choices Acceptable
a.	For short order			8	
	foods:	<b>O</b> D	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b> D	<b>@</b>
b.	For meats:	Φ.	<b>②</b> .	<b>3</b> 0	<b>©</b>
C.	For starches:	<b>O</b>	œ.	<b>O</b> D	•
d.	For vegetables:	Ф	<b>②</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>(D</b> )
0.	For salads:	Ф	<b>O</b>	<b>(D)</b>	<b></b>
f.	For beverages:	Φ	<b>. Q</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>②</b>
g.	For desserts:	Φ	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b> D	<b>®</b>

Indicate your opinion of the VARIETY of foods offered in the menu during the course of a month or so.

	We need:	Many	A Few	items	Fewer
	2 9	More	More	Now	Items
	TO 1	: Items	Items	Eriough	Acceptable
		· /			
a.	For short order:	Φ	<b>O</b>	<b>OD</b>	<b>@</b>
b.	For meats:	Ф	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b> D	<b>③</b>
c.	For starches:	Φ	<b>D</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>(</b>
d.	For vegetables:	0	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b> D '	<b>3</b> 0
8.	For salads:	. 00	Φ	Φ	<b>@</b>
f.	For beverages:	Φ	<b>O</b> D	, <b>©</b>	<b>3</b>
g.	For desserts:	<b>D</b>	Φ	<b>O</b>	Œ

Is CARRY OUT SERVICE available in your dining facility? (Disregard any flight feeding programs in this and the following two questions.)

Yes No

Indicate how you do or would feel about CARRY OUT SERVICE being available from the dining facilities.

Extremely						Extremely
opposed			Neutral			Enthusiastic
Ф	0	<b>3</b>	Œ,	<b>©</b>	<b>②</b>	<b>O</b>

If such a CARRY OUT SERVICE were available, how do you feel it would influence your attendance in the military dining facilities?

- ① No influence.
- D I would eat a FEW MORE meals per week,
- ① I would eat MANY MORE meals per week.

How long do you USUALLY have to WAIT in line at the headcount station TO GET ADMITTED for a meal:

- O I never have to wait in line.
- 1 wait between one and five minutes.
- I wait between five and ten minutes.
- I wait between ten and fifteen minutes.
- 1 wait longer than fifteen minutes.

How long do you USUALLY have to WAIT IN THE SERVING LINE after the headcount before you get your food?

- ① I never have to wait in line.
- D I wait between one and five minutes.
- D I wait between five and ten minutes.
- @ I wait between ten and fifteen minutes.
- (3) I wait longer than fifteen minutes.

How long do you USUALLY have to WAIT AT THE DISH WASHING AREA when self-bussing?

- I never have to wait in line.
- D I wait between one and five minutes.
- D I wait between five and ten minutes.
- I wait between ten and fifteen minutes.
- D I wait longer than fifteen minutes.
- Not applicable; no self-bussing.

For each of the following RULES FOR BEHAVIOR, first indicate whether or not the rules exist in your dining facility and then indicate whether you feel it should be ENFORCED OR INSTITUTED, whether you feel it should be ABOLISHED OR NOT INSTITUTED, or whether you have NO OPINION about it.

		Does Rule Ex	cist?	Enforce or	Abolish or	No
		Yes	<u>No</u>	Institute	not Institute	Opinion
a.	Dress regulations	0	<u> </u>	Θ	(D)	<u>a</u>
b.	Not allowing non-					
	military guests	Φ	<b>Ø</b>	Ф	<b>O</b> D	<b>©</b>
c.	Calling "at ease"					
•	when officer enters	<b>①</b>	Œ:	Ø.	, <b>O</b> , ,	ത
d.	No smoking	Ф	ග	Ф	<b>2</b>	<b>O</b> D
e.	Officers and NCO's					
	permitted to cut		-			
	in line	Φ	ان	Ø	යා	<u> </u>
f.	Separation of					
	officers and NCO's		1			
	from enlisted men	0	op l	$\odot$	<b>②</b>	<b>①</b>
	tion to the second seco					

Now we would like to have your opinions of food service systems in general. Therefore, answer the following questions as if your circumstances were different and you held a civilian job instead of being in military service.

Suppose you regularly went out to eat your NOON MEAL and had many places to choose from. Indicate the order of IMPORTANCE of each of the following 10 factors in making your CHOICE OF WHERE TO EAT by darkening the circle under "1st" for the most important factor, darkening the circle under "2nd" for the second most important factor, and so on. Each factor then should have one ranking.

		1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
a.	Convenience of location	0	0	0	0	0	$\circ$	0	0	$\circ$	$\circ$
b.	General appearance	0	0	0	Ο.	0	0	0	0	0	0
C.	Price	0	0	0	$\bigcirc$	0	C	0	0	0	0
d.	Quality of food	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ç	0
e.	Quantity of food	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f.	Variety of food	O	0	0	0	0	0	$\circ$	0	0	0
g.	Speed of service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h.	Availability of music	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i.	Pleasantness of service										
	personnel	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0
j.	Cleanliness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Suppose you regularly went out to eat your EVENING MEAL and had many places to choose from. Indicate the order of IMPORTANCE of each of the following 10 factors in making your CHOICE OF WHERE TO EAT by darkening the one for the most important factor, darkening the two for the second most important factor, and so on. Each factor then should have one ranking.

		1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
8.	Convenience of location	0	0	0	0	0	Ò	$\circ$	$\langle \rangle$	$\circ$	$\odot$
b.	General appearance	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	$\bigcirc$	0
c.	Price	0	0	0	0	0	C	Ċ	0	0	0
d.	Quality of food	$\cap$	0	$\bigcirc$	0	·C)	0	O	0	0	0
8.	Quantity of food	Ó	O	$\bigcirc$	0	0	O	0	0	0	0
f.	Variety of food	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0
g.	Speed of service	Q	$\circ$	$\varphi$	0	0	$\circ$	0	0	0	0
h. 👵	Availability of music	0	0	0	· O	O.	$\circ$	$\bigcirc$	O	لان	$\hookrightarrow$
i. •	Pleasantness of service										
	personnel	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j,	Cleanliness	, 0	$\varphi$	0	0	0	.0	0	$\alpha$	0	0

Supposé you have decided to have an INEXPENSIVE NOON or EVENING MEAL. Would you prefer a cafeteria, self-service system or a waitress-service system?

·	Definitely	Probably	Neutral	Probably	Definitely	
Self-service	Φ	<b>D</b>	<b>D</b>	•	<b>(2</b> )	Waitress service

### APPENDIX II

TABLE 28
Sex of Samples

	Tr	avis	Mi	not	Home	estead	Comp	osite
•	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Male	93% (270)	96% (385)	87% (211)	96% (253)	90% (214)	98% (245)	90% (695)	96% (883)
Female	17% (19)	4% (16)	13% (31)	4% (11)	10% (23)	2% (6)	10% (73)	4% (33)
Totals	100% (289)	100% (401)	100% (242)	100% (264)	100% (237)	100% (251)	100% (768)	100% (916)

Note: The actual numbers are indicated in the parentheses in this and some following tables.

TABLE 29
Race of Samples

	Tra	vis	МI	no t	Home	stead	Comp	osite
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
Caucasian	66%	77%	78%	81%	76%	87%	73%	81%
	(188)	(306)	(189)	(213)	(181)	(218)	(558)	(737)
Negro	21%	16%	19%	17%	16%	10%	19%	15%
	(61)	(63)	(46)	(44)	(39)	(26)	(146)	(133)
Oriental	4%	1%	狄 <sup>*</sup>	0%	划*	0%	2%	1%
	(10)	(5)	(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(12)	(5)
Other	9%	6%	3%	3%	7%	3%	7%	4%
	, (27)	(23)	(7)	(7)	(16)	(7)	(50)	(37)
Totals	100%	100%	100⅓%	101%	99%	100%	101%	101%
	(286)	(397)	(243)	(264)	(237)	(251)	(766)	(912)

<sup>\*:</sup> Less than 1/2%

Note: Totals equalling more or less than 100% reflect rounding discrepancies in this and some following tables.

TABLE 30
Age of Samples

		Tra	uri e	Min	ot.	Homes	heat	Compo	eite
Years		SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	sik	BAS
17	. 1	1%		₹% <sup>*</sup>	-	-	-	3%*	-
18		9%	1%	14%	2%	10%	1%	11%	1%
19	E 155	25%	5%	30%	5%	24%	3%	26%	4%
20		25%	10%	30%	1,5%	27%	8%	27%	11%
21	· ·	20%	14%	14%	16%	24%	8%	19%	13%
22	19	7%	10%	4%	13%	9%	9%	7%	11%
23	=(1	5%	8%	4%	9%	5%	12%	5%	9%
24	1	3%	6%	1%	5%	1%	6%	2%	6%
25	10 1	3%	5%	2%	· · 6%	1%	4%	2%	5%
26-28	. ' =	1%	6%	2%*	7%	<u> </u>	10%	1%	7%
29-31		-	7%	-	7%	-	6%	_ 13 (1)	7%
32-34		-	8%	-	3%	-	6%	-	6%
35-37	4	-	11%	-	6%	-	11%	- 1	9%
38-40			4%	-	2%	-	9%	- 12	5%
41-43		-	3%	₺% <sup>*</sup>	3%	-	2%	½%*	3%
44-46		-	2%	-	2%*	<b>-</b> '	2%	-	1%
47 &		-	2%	-	½%*	-	₹%*	-	1%
	MEAN:	20.4	27.3	20.0	24.9	20.2	27.9	20.2	26.7

<sup>\*:</sup> Less than 1/2%

TABLE 31
Educational Level of Samples

Hig	hest Level Attained	Tra SIK	avis BAS	Min SIK	not BAS	Homes SIK	tead BAS	Compo	site BAS
1.	Some grade school		₹% <sup>*</sup>	•	29	,#	-	-	12%*
2.	Finished grade school	74	1%	1%	2/,*	₹% <sup>*</sup>	₹% <sup>*</sup>	1%	1%
3.	Some high school	6%	3%	6%	1%	3%	1%	5%	2%
4.	Finished high school	55%	52%	59%	56%	62%	5 1%	59%	53%
5.	Skilled job training	2%	3%	. 4%	, 5%	4%	3%	3%	4%
6.	Some college	32%	37%	29%	31%	27%	39%	29%	36%
7.	College graduate	3%	3%	. 2%	5%	2%	4%	2%	4%
8.	Beyond college	1%	1%	½%*	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%

<sup>\*:</sup> Less than 1/2%

TABLE 32
Time in Service

5. S. B.	Tra	vis	Mino	ot <sup>a</sup>	Homes	tead	Compo	site
Years	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
0.0-0.5	14%	2%*	21%	1%	6%	½%*	13%	10%*
0.51-1.0	20%	2%	24%	6%	29%	5%	24%	4%
1.01-1.5	42%	12%	30%	16%	32%	3%	35%	11%
1.51-2.0	15%	5%	19%	9%	24%	11%	20%	8%
2.01-2.5	6%	13%	3%	12%	7%	5%	5%	10%
2.51-3.0	· 2%*	8%	1%	8%	12%*	6%	1%	7%
3.01-3.5	½%*	8%	12%*	8%		6%	12%*	7%
3.51-4.0	1%	3%	½%*	6%	2%	8%	1%	5%
•				· •			-	
4.01-5.0		5%		3%	·=== &	8%		``5%
5.01-6.0	-:	3%	- 5	2%	-	4%		3%
6.01-7.0	½%*	4%	1%	2%		1%	30/.*	3%
7.01-8.0		3%		3%		2%		3%
8.01-9.0		2%		1%		2%		1%
9.01-10.00	* \$	1%		2%		3%		2%
= . =		•						
10.01-15.0	====	10%		8%		8%		9%
15.01-20.0		16%	•	11%		22%		16%
20.01 & ↑		6%		2%		6%		5%
MEAN:	1.28	7.55	1.19	5.65	1.32	8.45	1.26	7.29

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1/2%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> These figures differ from the figures presented in the Minot report<sup>2</sup>.

TABLE 33
Reenlistment Plans

			Travis		Minot		Homestead		Composite	
			SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
1.	Definitely Yes		2%	16%	2%	13%	2%	17%	2%	16%
2.	Probably Yes		6%	13%	4%	13%	<b>7</b> %	19%	6%	14%
3.	Undecided		27%	24%	28%	17%	30%	21%	28%	21%
4.	Probably No		21%	14%	1 <b>7</b> %	10%	15%	14%	18%	13%
5.	Definitely No		44%	33%	49%	4 <b>7</b> %	46%	29%	46%	36%
	4	MEAN:	3.98	3.34	4.07	3.64	3.97	3.20	4.00	3.39

TABLE 34
Reaction to Military Service

	•	Tra SIK	av <b>i</b> s BAS	Minot SIK BAS		Homestead SIK BAS		Com	osite BAS
	_104	8							
1.	Like very much	3%	17%	5%	11%	5%	24%	4%	17%
2.	Like moderately	13%	26%	14%	24%	18%	29%	15%	26%
3.	Like a little	9%	8%	13%	6%	6%	7%	10%	7%
4.	Neutra1	26%	. 20%	25%	1 <b>7</b> %	27%	16%	26%	18%
5.	Dislike a little	10%	<b>7</b> %	8%	<b>7</b> %	11%	4%	10%	6%
6.	Dislike moderately	18%	10%	12%	15%	11%	11%	14%	11%
7.	Dislike very much	21%	13%	22%	19%	22%	10%	22%	14%
	MEAN:	4.62	3.53	4.44	4.07	4.41	3.17	4.50	3.59

TABLE 35
Pay Grade of Samples

: =		Travis		Minot		Home	stead	Composite		
	<b>.</b>	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	
E-1	SI ş	4%	3%*	10%	₹% <sup>*</sup>	1%	10/*	5%	½%*	
E-2		29%	2%	35%	8%	27%	4%	30%	4%	
E-3		61%	18%	5 1%	- 24%	65%	12%	59%	·18% ·	
E-4	35	6%	33%	3%	37%	7%	30%	5%	33%	
E-5		划*	22%	₹% <sup>*</sup>	19%	- E E	24%	₹% <sup>*</sup>	22%	
E-6		-	13%	~	8%	-	18%	-	13%	
E-7		•	8%	=	3%	, <del>-</del>	9%		7%	
E-8		-	2%	-	2%**	`-	3%		2%	
E-9		925	2%	: 	12%*	₹% <sup>*</sup>	1%*	₹% <sup>*</sup>	1%	
	MEAN:	2.68	4.68	2.49	4.08	2.81	4.80	2.66	4.54	

\*: Less than 3%

TABLE 36
Rural/Urban Background of Samples

	Travis		Min	ot	Homes	tead	Composite	
	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS	SIK	BAS
In the country	15%	21%	21%	24%	16%	22%	17%	22%
In a town with less than 2500 people	6%	10%	7%	7%	9%	8%	7%	9%
In a town or small city with 2500-25,000 people	19%	23%	22%	18%	24%	20%	22%	21%
In a city with 25,000 - 100,000 people	. 20%	18%	20%	19%	19%	20%	20%	19%
In a suburb of a large or very large city	10%	7%	8%	9%	8%	8%	9%	8%
In a large city with 100,000-1,000,000 people	17%	15%	11%	14%	16%	12%	15%	14%
In a very large city with over 1,000,000 people	12%	7%	11%	9%	7%	- 8%	10%	8%

TABLE 37
GEOGRAPHICAL ORIGINS OF THE SAMPLES

GE	OGRAPHIC	AL ORIGI		HE SAMPLES	i		
•	Trav SIK	ris BAS	Min- SIK	BAS	Homas SIK	BAS	1970 Conpus
Alabama	27.	27.	27,	27.	37.	3%	27.
Alaska	*	*	*	*	0	0	*
Arizona	27.	17.	*	*	*	*	17.
Arkansas	. 27.	17.	*	17.	27.	17.	17.
California	19%	217.	6%	37.	5%	2%	10%
Colorado	17.	17.	*	17.	0	*	17.
Connecticut	4%	17.	17.	*	17.	0	17.
Dalaware	*	0	0	*	0	*	*
Florida	27.	37.	27.	37.	15%	117.	37.
Georgia	17.	27.	27.	27.	37.	3%	27.
Hawaii	*	17.	17.	*	27,	0	*
Idaho	*	17.	17.	17.	0	0	*
Illinoia	47.	47.	6%	47.	5%	47.	5% .
Indiana	27.	2%	27.	3%	37.	37.	37.
Iowa	27.	2%	27.	1%	27.	1%	1%
Kansas	0	*	17.	17.	0	*	17.
Kentucky	27.	27.	1%	27.	27.	4%	27.
Louisians	27,	27,	17.	2%	27.	27.	2%
Maine	0	1%	17.	0	17.	*	*
Mary Land	27.	1%	17.	27.	37.	27.	27.
Hassachusetts	27.	27.	27.	2%	27.	27.	37.
Michigan	5%	47.	57.	3%	37.	5%	47.
Minnesota	17.	27.	47.	87.	17.	17.	27.
Mississippi	17.	3%	0	*	0	17.	1%
Hissouri	27,	2%	27.	2%	*	17.	27.
Montana	*	0	27.	*	0	0	*
Nabraska	17.	*	0	27.	*	1%	17.
Nevada	*	*	0	0	0	*	*
New Hampshire	*	*	0	*	0	0	*
New Jersey	2%	27.	17.	1%	27.	4%	47.
New Maxico	0	*	17.	0	*	0	*
New York	6%	5%	9%	9%	7%	7%	97.
North Carolina	17.	47.	37.	57.	17.	3%	37.
North Dakota	*	*	37.	27.	*	*	*
Ohio	47.	3%	5%	5%	- 5%	77.	5%
Oklahoma	1%	17.	27,	0	17.	2%	17.
Oregón	27.	2%	*	17.	*	17.	17.
Pennsylvania	4%	5%	6%	67.	37.	5%	6%
Rhode Island	0	0	17.	*	0 .	*	, <b>*</b>
South Carolina	17.	17.	17.	37.	17.	27	2%
South Dakota	0	*	1%	1%	0	1%	*
Tennessee	27.	17.	27.	27.	27.	37.	2%
Texas	97.	67.	7%	57.	67.	7%	67.
Utah	1%	17.	*	*	4%	0	17.
Vermont	0	17,	0	*	17.	17.	*
Virginia	*	17.	27.	27.	47.	27.	27.
Washington	17.	17.	27.	17.	17.	17.	27.
West Virginia	*	27.	0	*	*	3%	17,
Wisconsin	1%	17.	5%	5%	2%	*	27,
Wyoming	0	*	0	0	0	1%	*
Other U.S. territorie or possessions (for example, Puerto Rico or Virgin Islands.)		17.	0	17.	27.	27.	•
Outside the U.S. or U.S. territories or possessions	*	17	*	13.	2%	1%.	-

<sup>\*:</sup> Leas than 17.

## APPENDIX III

Survey research typically utilizes probability sampling, from which estimates of error can be derived and confidence in precision achieved. Notwithstanding that the sampling frames (the lists or records) upon which to draw a probability sample are woefully inaccurate (the survey team found many instances of individuals listed as receiving subsistence in kind who in fact had been receiving the basic allowance for subsistence for 10 years and more), we could proceed with a straightforward manner. Theoretically we could correct the frames, draw the sample, and collect individual data. However, the time, effort, and cost of data collection by this method can be drastically reduced by group administration which however presents other problems. If Airman First Class John Doe is selected by probability from cleaned frames, the experimenter has no guarantee that the selected AIC John Doe will be present. If the experimenter emphasizes the participation of the selected individuals, the experienced experimenter finds substitutions. If the experimenter emphasized no substitutions, absenteeism is so large that the sample is usually biased. Therefore we accept a group administered, non-probability sample, and increase our sample size considerably to insure the stability of our data. Hence our data is reliable, but the large sample sizes make tests of statistical significance practically meaningless. For example, consider the Homestead AFB group means presented in Table 4 (not even the composite means). Because of the large sample sizes and the typically small standard deviations of the scores, a mean difference of 0.06 to 0.09 is statistically significant (even without the correction term for large samples, which produces statistical significance for yet smaller mean differences). Therefore, the mean response of

the SIK group to the quantity of food (1.99) is statistically a more significant reason (p < .05) for non-attendance than the variety of short order food (1.87). Clearly this type of argument is not necessary for the development of improvements in the existing food service system. Inclusion of measurements of statistical significance will be inserted only where it will serve to clarify an issue.