

SUBJECT

421

TRENDS OF DEVELOPMENT

IN

VEHICLES AND TANKS

Memo

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PREPARED BY

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ARMY GROUND FORCES BOARD NO. 2 Fort Knox, Kentucky

TRENDS OF DEVELOPMENT - VEHICLES AND TANKS

TIME: 1 HOUR

PART I

INTRO DUCTION

- A. PURPOSE: The purpose of this lecture is to inform you of the policy of the War Department in respect to research and development, how the Army Ground Forces are organized for the implementation of this program, and particularly of trends of development in the fields of tanks and other tracked or wheeled vehicles.
- B. POLICY: The official policy for War Department research and development is that all research and development agencies will apply the results of scientific analysis and research to the development of the most advanced weapons, techniques, material and countermeasures, for the use of the Army and in the execution of the military policy of the United States.
- C. FUNDS: It must be remembered that the extent of our progress in implementing this program will be in direct proportion to the amount of funds allocated by the Congress for this work. Therefore, to insure a steady and suitable rate of progress in research and development there will be required, during time of peace, sums of money without precedent in peace-time appropriations.
- D. DEVELOPMENT SECTION ARMY GROUND FORCES: To implement this development program for ground units, Headquarters, Army Ground Forces, established its own Development Section on a general staff level. It is responsible for the following:
- l. Determining the need for changes or improvement in existing materiel, the development of new materiel to perform a specific function, or to utilize new scientific discoveries;
- 2. The analysis of requests for revision of material or development of new material and the revision of previously specified military characteristics or preparation of new ones. For the detail work connected with military characteristics, the Section is assisted by the Army Ground Forces Boards;

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- 3. The maintenance of liaison with research and development installations of the technical services, the Army Air Forces, and the United States Navy, to assist in the prompt solution of the many minor problems involved in the production of pilot models of modified or new material and the engineering tests in connection therewith;
- 4. Assignment of projects and supervision of service tests by the Army Ground Forces Boards;
- 5. Evaluation of, and action upon, reports of tests made by Army Ground Forces Boards (this latter includes approval or diapproval of the material for standardization and decisions concerning the advisability of continuing research, development, and testing of each particular item);
- 6. Continuing study of materiel for possible use to Army Ground Forces being or having been developed by the Army Air Forces, the Navy Department or foreign armies (this includes the maintenance of liaison with the higher research and development echelons of the Army Air Forces and Navy Department, and the evaluation of all information on foreign equipment which may become available to the Section);
- 7. Constant study of scientific development which might lead to revision or replacement of present material.
- E. ARMY GROUND FORCES BOARDS: The Army Ground Forces Boards function as the field agencies of Headquarters, Army Ground Forces. Prior to and during the past war, there existed in each Arm and Service a Board of Officers to whom was delegated the service testing of all items of equipment used in that Arm. Obviously there was considerable overlap and frequently insufficient personnel to cover adequately all classes of equipment. For reasons of economy and efficiency these branch boards were terminated on 1 October 1945 and in their stead were established three Army Ground Forces Boards. More recently a fourth Board was established. Board No. 1, at Fort Bragg, tests artillery, air support, electronic, and certain other equipment. Board No. 2 will be discussed in detail later. Board No. 3, at Fort Benning, tests light man-carried weapons with accessory fire control equipment, individual clothing and equipment, and ground Quartermaster and chemical warfare equipment. Board No. 4, at Fort Bliss, tests antiaircraft and guided missiles.

F. ARMY GROUND FORCES BOARD NO. 2:

l. ORGANIZATION. (Refer to Organization Chart, Exhibit A.)
Board Headquarters is at Fort Knox, Kentucky. It has the necessary
administrative personnel, Research, Test Analysis, Liaison Sections, and
the Board Detachment. As test sections it has, the Automotive, Amphibious



Medical, Maintenance and Supply, Engineer, and Weapons and Ammunition. The Field Test Branch of the Amphibious Section is at Fort Ord, California. The Engineer Section has a Field Branch at Fort Lewis, Washington. The Animal Equipment Test Section is at Fort Riley, Kansas.

2. RESPONSIBILITIES: Board No. 2 has jurisdiction over automotive equipment, heavy weapons and fire control equipment integral with armored fighting vehicles, amphibious equipment, ground engineer equipment, ground medical equipment, animal equipment, and maintenance equipment for the above.

Its responsibilities with respect to the equipment within its jurisdiction are as follows:

- a. The evaluation of all recommendations for the development of new or improvement of existing equipment.
- b. The review and study of foreign equipment.
- c. Preparation of military characteristics and recommendations for development.
- d. Assisting Headquarters, Army Ground Forces in maintaining contact with development agencies during all phases of development and engineering tests.
- e. Performing users' tests of equipment.
- f. It has the responsibility for recommending:
 - (1) Modifications in or standardization of items tested.
 - (2) Reclassification of standard items of materiel.
 - (3) Basis of issue of items to be standardized.
- g. It has the responsibility for assisting in the preparation of basic training literature on the drill and technical care of material tested.
- h. Recommending maintenance procedure, replacement parts, and equipment for items tested.
- i. Continued observation and review of reports of performance of standard items.





3. DEVELOPMENT OF NEW EQUIPMENT: The Board studies After-Action Histories, Battlefield Reports, recommendations from troops and combat experienced personnel, et cetera, to determine the requirements of the ground forces within its field of responsibility. In addition it follows closely the developments in foreign countries through the reports of Liaison and Attache personnel. Having determined that a requirement exists or upon receipt of directives from Army Ground Forces, it makes a study and submits the military characteristics to Headquarters, Army Ground Forces for approval. After the item is approved and submitted to a development agency, the Board then follows its progress through liaison visits and reports of Army Ground Forces Liaison Officers with all the development facilities. An early pilot model is sent to the Board where it is given exhaustive field tests, often in comparison with other similar standard items.

As a result of these tests the Board recommends acceptance of improvements. Often Headquarters, Army Ground Forces, will direct an extensive field test by a troop unit; these are observed and supervised by the Board.

In 1944, a Board of combat-experienced officers was formed at Fort Knox for the purpose of reviewing all armored equipment. In 1945, Headquarters, Army Ground Forces appointed a Board which reviewed the report of the Armored Equipment Board and those of other Arms. Lastly in 1945, the War Department appointed a Board which reviewed the previous Arm and Service Board Reports and in addition, received testimony from a great number of battlewise personnel, as well as many of the best scientists and engineers in the country. This latter report is under continuous review by all the Boards, the Development agencies, and the interested headquarters with a view toward keeping it constantly up to date. With the great background of experience and profound consideration which lie behind the War Department Board, it is believed that the future development of equipment for the ground forces will be along the right lines.



PART II

TRACKED VEHICLES

This portion will deal with tracked vehicles. They are divided into three categories -- tanks, carriers, and special purpose vehicles. Obviously, the reason for tracked vehicles is to provide cross-country mobility under the most adverse conditions. To give you a perspective of tracked vehicles, each group is arbitrarily classified Past -- meaning World War II; Present -- those which are used today and would be used if we were to fight in the near future; and Future vehicles.

Tanks

First, tanks will be discussed. Some conceive a tank as more or less a battleship on land. It is a fighting unit which can be used for reconnaissance; for support of other ground troops; for a knock-down, drag-out fight against enemy armor; and for exploitation and pursuit. The following pictures and description will give you a brief review of past and present, and Army Ground Forces ideas on future trends. As you can well realize, the development of this type of equipment is a constant race between fire power and protection -- fire power which will penetrate the maximum armor, and armor which will afford protection. against the best antitank weapon.

Light Tanks

The Light Tank, M5 (Exhibit B). This tank was known as the General Stewart. The latter name being derived from its peppy performance and general handiness. This tank is the final form of the light tank or combat car developed by our Army just prior to the start of the war. It was used principally in North Africa by British and American troops. The 37mm gun proved ineffective against German armor but its radius of operation, speed, and reliability made it a very useful vehicle. It was used primarily for reconnaissance purposes. This particular model is powered by two commercial Cadillac engines and uses a hydramatic transmission. Note the suspension. The road wheels are sprung in pairs - 2 pairs to each side.

Weight: 16 tons 36 MPH Speed: 2½" maximum Armor:

Armament: One 37mm gun and three .30 Cal.

machine guns

(2) The Light Tank, M24 (Exhibit C). This tank was known as the General Chaffee. This tank was developed after the start of the war and was issued to our units in the ETO as a replacement for the Light Tank, M5. This tank offered a considerable improvement over the previous light tank in that it mounts a 75mm gun. Note the suspension system on this tank. The larger road wheels are individually sprung on torsion bars giving an improved ride and better cross country maneuverability.

Weight: 20 tons Speed: 35 MPH Maximum Armor: 1"

Armament: One 75mm gun; one .50 Cal. AA machine gun and two .30 Cal. machine guns

The Light Tank, T37 (No Exhibit). This tank is now in the mock-up stage of development. This will be the first post war tank to be built by the Army. It will incorporate lessons learned in combat as well as advances in metallurgy and mechanical design. The main armament of this tank will be a 76mm high velocity gun capable of firing an excellent armor piercing projectile, as well as an effective HE round. The gun, sights, and coaxially mounted machine gun will be stabilized in a horizontal and vertical plane. A range finder and computing mechanism will be coupled so as to permit ranging and firing effectively by one man when the tank is moving or stationary. A recently designed tank engine with transmission attached will give this tank power and agility over and above any tank that we have developed in the past. Labor saving devices will be such that a four man crew will be sufficient.

b. Medium Tanks

(1) The Medium Tank. M3 (Exhibit D) was frequently called the General Grant. Production was started on this tank just prior to our entry into the war. This tank was used by the British and American Troops in the North African campaign and by the Russians. The 75mm gun placed



low in the right forward portion of the hull has very limited traverse. (Point to Exhibit D). This weakness was recognized in the original design and action was taken to produce a tank with a turret having all-around traverse. The original version of this tank had a riveted hull - others were built with welded and some with cast hulls. Several engines were used in these tanks: a radial gasoline engine, radial diesel, twin diesel, 30 cylinder multiple-bank Chrysler engine, and the Ford V8 tank engine. These differences in construction and in power plant were necessary to utilize all available industry and to produce an adequate number of tanks. Note that the suspension system is similar to that of the first light tank pictured except for the addition of another pair of road wheels.

32 tons Weight: 25 MPH Speed: 2늘" maximum Armor:

Armament: 75mm gun; 37mm gun; three .30 Cal.

machine guns we found The war primary The Medium Tank, M4 (Exhibit E). This tank is known as the General Sherman It is based on the Medium Tank, M3 chassis, the principal change being a longer 75mm gun mounted in a turret with all-around traverse. This picture illustrates the M4A3, the preferred version of this series with a Ford V8 tank engine. As in the case of the General Grant, a variety of hull constructions and engines were used. This tank was used in the Pacific and in the invasion of Europe and many of these vehicles were still in service when the war ended.

Weight: 34 tons 26 MPH Speed: 3" maximum Armor:

Armament: One 75mm gun; one .50 Cal. machine gun;

two .30 Cal. machine guns.

The Medium Tank, M4A3E8 (Exhibit F). The complicated nomenclature just given will indicate



to you that this is the M4 series tank upon which many improvements have been made. It is the last of this series and is the same as the M4 previously shown you except for the following major changes; the 75mm gun has been replaced with a 76mm high velocity gun, which, combined with improved sighting and vision equipment make this tank far superior to its forerunners; wider track with a changed suspension system increases the cross country maneuverability and reliability. This tank was issued to units in the ETO as rapidly as they could be made available. the end of the war most of our forces in Europe were completely equipped with this version of the M4 series tank. A number of these tanks are now on hand. Its fighting ability and reliability are such that it is now issued our few remaining armored units.

Weight: 38 tons Speed: 20 MPH Armor: 31 maximum

The Medium Tank, M26 (Exhibit G), better known as the General Pershing. This tank represents a complete departure from the ML series type. A very limited number of these tanks were shipped to Europe during the latter part of the war. Although they saw little service; this tank could stand up to the best the Germans had to offer. The suspension system is similar to the General Chaffee. A rear drive sprocket and torqmatic transmission have been included in this vehicle. Greater armor protection has been provided and a much more powerful gun is placed in its all-around traverse turret. The weak points of this vehicle are its lack of power and restricted operating range.

Weight: 46 tons Speed: 20 MPH Armor: 4" maximum

Armament: 90mm gun; one .50 Cal. machine gun;

two .30 Cal. machine guns



- (5) The Medium Tank, M45 (Exhibit H). This was developed late and did not see action in combat. During the last war the 105 howitzer was mounted in tanks in order to provide an assault gun for close cooperation with infantry and tank units. Here we see the 105 howitzer installed in the turret. Other characteristics are similar to those of the General Pershing.
- This next picture (Exhibit J) is an artist's conception of a medium tank weighing approximately 45 tons. Note the sloping lines of both turret and hull. This is to provide sloped armor and give maximum protection for any given thickness plate used. Note the remote controlled machine guns. These are to provide greater automatic Weapon fire. More power, better fire control equipment. better gun, complete stabilization and other features mentioned in discussing the new light tank, will all be incorporated in any new medium tank. Present test and design work is being directed toward the perfection of components that will permit the building of this tank.
- c. Heavy Tanks The following heavy tanks have been designed and built during and since the war and are also development tanks which saw no action in combat.
 - (1) Heavy Tank, M6 (Exhibit K). The tank pictured here is the first attempt by our Army to build a heavy tank. There are four pairs of dual mounted road wheels on either side. Note that the suspension is protected by armor. A rear drive sprocket, hydraulic transmission and a 775 horse power radial, air-cooled engine have been used to drive this tank. This tank did not pass service test stage due to insufficient mechanical reliability.

Weight: 60 tons Speed:: 25 MPH Armor: 4" maximum

Armament: One high velocity 3" gun; 37mm gun; three .50 Cal. machine guns; one .30 Cal. machine gun.



- (2) The tank shown here, the Heavy Tank, T29 (Exhibit L), is a result of further effort to produce a suitable heavy tank. This tank was completed after the end of hostilities. Note the suspension system is similar to that of the General Pershing. It is powered by a 750 horse power V12 engine, which drives through a cross drive transmission. This tank is armed with a high velocity 105mm gun. The power and maneuverability of this tank are such as to insure good cross country and tactical ability. Preliminary tests indicate that it will be a reliable tank mechanically. Its armament and armor are such as to make it an odds-on favorite against any known foreign tank.
- Super Heavy Tank, T28 (Exhibit M). This tank was completed after the end of hostilities and was built for the purpose of acquiring engineer data in case we should need to build vehicles of such size. Total weight of this vehicle combat loaded is nearly 100 tons. It mounts a high velocity 105mm gun and has extremely heavy front armor. To carry this tremendous weight and to permit any degree of mobility, dual tracks have been provided. The tracks have been designed to permit removal of the outer half on each side. Cable, crane and other gear for this disassembly and assembly are provided with the vehicle. When removed, the outer tracks are coupled together and towed behind the tank. The operation of removing or installing the outer track sections requires about four hours by a trained crew. The vehicle is remarkably easy to drive but the lack of speed and power are serious shortcomings.

Weight: 95 tons Speed: 8 MPH

Armor: 12" maximum

Armament: 105mm gun and .50 Cal. machine gun

2. Carriers

a, The tempo of battle has introduced a new problem - that of personnel carriers to keep pace with the tanks. Consequently, there is a requirement for fast moving mobile carriers. A new family of carriers is being developed. One of the older carriers which you will all recognize was:



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(1) Half Track Personnel Carrier, M5AT (Exhibit N).

These vehicles, half tracks, were used for a large variety of purposes such as carrying troops, general cargo carrying, prime movers, as a mount for guns, howitzers, mortars, and as command vehicles. The enemy was never sure whether one of them would be carrying infantrymen, cargo, a weapon, or any combination of the three.

The vehicle is based on a specially designed, commercial type, front and rear drive truck chassis with an armored hull and was used extensively in both the Pacific and European theaters. The endless-band track-laying rear drive permits its use over rough terrain, and it will cross ditches which are not sufficiently deep to cause the front or rear to become embedded. Some models are provided with a roller at the front to assist in climbing out of ditches.

Weight: 10 tons Speed: 38 MPH Armor: 1/4"

Armament: One .30 Caliber and one .50 Caliber machine gun.

Armored Utility Vehicle, Mth (Exhibit 0). This is a new full track vehicle developed to satisfy the need of the Ground Forces for an armored carrier with excellent cross-country mobility, for transporting troops well forward in the zone of the advance. The vehicle is still in the development and experimental stage. It offers excellent all around armor protection for troops against light artillery fragments or small arms fire. It carries 25 fully equipped infantrymen. It has a torsion bar suspension. It may be used as an armored ambulance, a battlefield supply vehicle, a CP vehicle, and a prime mover.

Weight: 25 tons Speed: 32 MPH Armor: 5/8" maximum

Armament: One .50 caliber ring mounted and one .30 caliber ball mounted machine gun.



Armored Utility Vehicle, T18 (No Exhibit). This is a future development vehicle. It will have all around protection against small arms fire and light artillery fragments. It carries 12 fully equipped infantrymen and is expected to replace the half track. Design will permit employment of individual weapons and all-around vision for the squad leader. Torsion bar suspension will be used and the power plant will be a horizontally opposed air-cooled engine with cross-drive transmission.

Weight: Approx. 18 ton
Speed: " 32 MPH
Armor: " ½" maximum

Armament: Two independent .50 caliber machine guns that can be controlled from any of three positions.

(4) Tractor, High Speed, M4 (Exhibit P). This vehicle used during the war provides a full track type prime mover for artillery loads of 18,000 to 30,000 pounds, and is capable of transporting personnel, ammunition, and accessories. It has a personnel compartment, accommodating eight men in two rows of seats and a cargo compartment, mounted on a high speed, full track-laying hull and suspension.

Power is supplied by a 210 horsepower Waukesha engine through a torque converter and a constant mesh transmission. It is provided with a 30,000 pound capacity winch and is equipped with air and electric brake controls for the towed loads.

Weight: 16 ton

Speed: 33 MPH with towed load

Armor: None

Armament: One .50 caliber machine gun on ring mount.

(5) Cargo Tractor, M8 (Exhibit Q). This is a newly developed high speed full track vehicle. It is a companion vehicle to the Armored Utility Vehicle M44, and is based on the same components. It has a powerful 9-cylinder, air-cooled, radial gasoline engine and torquatic transmission. It is a full track carrier with large volume cargo capacity



capable of towing loads of from 18,000 to 37,000 pounds while carrying a 5-ton pay load.

Weight: 23 ton (combat loaded)

Speed: 32 MPH

Armor: 3/8" maximum

Armament: One .50 caliber ring mounted machine gun and one 2.36" Rocket Launcher

(6) Cargo Tractor, T43El (No Exhibit). Another item under development is a companion vehicle to the Armored Utility Vehicle, T18, known as the Cargo Tractor, T43El. It will be the prime mover for the 155mm Howitzer and light artillery loads. Features will include full track laying and torsion bar type suspension similar to those of the companion vehicle.

Weight: 15 ton Speed: 35 MPH Armor: None

Armament: One .50 caliber machine gun in

ring mount.

(7) Carrier, Light Cargo, M29C (Exhibit R). The "Weasel" was developed for use over snow and ice. The M29C was adapted for amphibious operation. Water-tight cells are located at the front and rear for buoyancy. Twin rudders are provided at the rear, and side panels cover the upper half of the track. Propulsion of the vehicle in water is by means of the tracks. This vehicle is capable of operation on dry land, in swamps, in snow, or in still water.

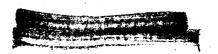
Weight: $2\frac{1}{4}$ ton

Speed: Land, 36 MPH; water, 4 MPH

'Armor: None Armament: None

3. Special Purpose Vehicles

a. The system of track propulsion is recognized as that best adapted for cross-country operation. Consequently, still another family of tracked vehicles have been developed to keep pace with the development of tanks. These vehicles may be classified as mobile gun carriages, or tank destroyers, or self-propelled artillery. A few of them will be discussed.





(1) Gun Motor Carriage, M3 (Exhibit S). The first selfpropelled mount standardized in World War II, this
weapon provided high mobility carriage for the
old World War I French 75 mm gun. The gun mount
was a modified half-track designed primarily for
antitank use. It was available to troops in time
to aid in the rout of Marshall Rommel's troops in
North Africa: A gunshield is provided to give
protection against small arms fire and overhead
protection against frontal attack by aircraft.
The gunshield traverses with the guns

Weight: 10 ton Speed: 45 MPH

Armor: 5/8" maximum
Armament: One 75 mm gun

(2) Carriage, Gun Motor, M10 (Exhibit T). This vehicle uses the components of the General Sherman tank except for a special transmission and thinner armor which permits greatly increased speed. This was the World War II tank destroyer. Special fittings are provided on the hull and turret for the purpose of bolting on auxiliary armor to permit its use as a tank. One of these vehicles with our troops in North Africa knocked out four German tanks, a number of other vehicles, and a German 88 mm antitank gun in 25 minutes of action.

Weight: 33 ton
Speed: 30 MPH
Armor: $2\frac{1}{2}$ " maximum

Armament: One 3" gun and one .50 caliber machine

gun.

(3) Carriage, Gun Motor, M18 (Exhibit U). This is a highly mobile, low silhouette, lightly armored 76 mm gun motor carriage designed to supersede the Gun Motor Carriage, M10. It is a full track-laying type, using a torsion bar suspension system. Power is supplied by a 9-cylinder aircooled gasoline engine through a hydraulic transmission.

Weight: 20 ton Speed: 50 MPH

Armor: 1" maximum

Armament: One 76 mm gun and one 50 caliber

machine gun.



(4) Carriage, Motor, 105 mm, Howitzer, T19 (Exhibit V).

This vehicle was designed to provide a 105 mm,

Howitzer on a self-propelled mount as an

expedient weapon. It was used by our troops in
the North African campaign. The chassis is the
familiar half-track. It was superseded by the
105 mm Howitzer Motor Carriage, M7.

Weight: Approx. 10 ton

Speed: 45 MPH Armor: 1/4"

Armament: One 105 mm Howitzer and one .50 caliber

machine gun.

(5) Carriage, Motor, 105 mm Howitzer, M7 (Exhibit W)

The pulpit-like appearance of the machine gun
compartment has given this vehicle the nickname,
"The Priest." It is a highly mobile weapon, and
is credited with an important part in the German
defeat in Libya. The vehicle is based on a medium
tank chassis and is powered by a 9-cylinder,
radial, gasoline engine. Provisions are made
for towing an armored trailer for transporting
additional ammunition.

Weight: 26 ton Speed: 25 MPH Armor: 2" maximum

Armament: 105 mm Howitzer and one ring mounted

.50 caliber machine gun.

(6) Carriage, Motor, 105 mm Howitzer, M37 (Exhibit X)

This vehicle was known as the "Preacher" and was
developed to provide a lighter, more mobile selfpropelled Howitzer for supporting rapidly moving
armored vehicles, and as a replacement for 105 mm
Howitzer Motor Carriage, M7, series. It is based
on the General Chaffee chassis and thus has twin
Cadillac engines, hydramatic transmissions, and
torsion bar suspension.

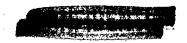
Weight: 20 ton Speed: 35 MPH

Armor: 쿨

Armament: 105 mm Howitzer and one .50 caliber

ring mounted machine gun.



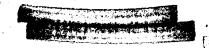


(7) Carriage, Motor, 240 mm Howitzer, 192 (Exhibit Y)
The pilot of this vehicle was barely completed prior to the end of the war, and is the largest self-propelled artillery weapon built to date.

It has excellent mobility at slow speed for traversing cross-country terrain and remarkable stability during firing. It can be brought into action in the minimum of time to support rapidly moving situations.

Weight: 63 ton
Speed: 15 MPH
Armor: 12" maximum
Armament: 240 mm Howitzer.

(8) A few of these vehicles have been shown as a matter of interest. Future development of self-propelled artillery is the responsiblity of Army Ground Forces Board No. 1



MOTOR TRANSPORT AND SPECIAL VEHICLES

Motor Transport - General

The next subject to be discussed is Motor Transport. In World War II, American motor transport in general was far superior to that of any other country, friendly or enemy. Our superiority was the result of having a well-established and highly developed automotive industry in this country.

As good as our vehicles were, the need for improvement became apparent when we were forced to rely almost entirely on wheeled transportation for supply. The vast quantities of material to be moved called for the maximum use of every vehicle. Furthermore, the conditions under which vehicles were required to operate had no counterpart in commercial practice. In spite of these difficulties, our trucks did a magnificent job, but we cannot afford to overlook the short-comings that were discovered.

The most important deficiency found in our motor transportation was lack of interchangeability of parts between vehicles of closely related types. As a result, we had far too many vehicles deadlined for lack of a certain item that was out of stock, when perhaps in the next bin there was an excess of similar items which could not be used because of slightly different dimensions. This problem is being attacked by establishing a series of standard components and accessories which will be applicable to all vehiclos of a given class in the current development program.

Another short-coming consumed too much time in repair simply because not much thought had been given to providing means for quick removal and replacement of components. Studies presently being conducted indicate that, too often, far more time is spent in preparation for rather than in making the ropair. By designing ease of maintenance into our vehicles we hope to materially reduce the total number of vehicles required to keep a given number on the road.

Of equal importance is the requirement for improved cross country mobility of wheeled vehicles. With the advent of guided missiles, and improved bombing technique, we may expect that hastily constructed by-passes around destroyed portions of a supply route will be the rule rather than the exception. It is possible that large sections of arterial routes may be denied to our use by enemy action. In this case we must be prepared to use alternate routes, cross country if necessary Material improvement in cross country performance is promised now under development.



In order to reduce the number of different types of vehicles used by the Army, it was decided that all requirements could be met by eight basic types of chassis, with cargo and special purpose bodies as needed. These types are:

 $\frac{1}{4}$ -ton, Truck, 4x4

1-ton type, Truck, Lightly Armored

3/4-ton, Truck, 4x4

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton, Truck, 6x6, with short and long wheel bases

5-ton, Truck, 6x6

8, 12 and 25-ton Chassis groups .

1. Trucks, Medium

Probably the best way to illustrate the trend in wheeled vehicle development is to take a specific example with which we are all more or less familiar - the $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton, 6x6, cargo truck. This vehicle was originally developed as a prime mover for light artillery, but its performance was so good, that prior to our entry into World War II, it was adopted as the standard cargo truck for tactical units. During the war it proved, without doubt, to be the best general purpose military truck ever made. Minor modifications were incorporated during this period but we finished the war with essentially the same vehicle as we had at the start. Like all trucks of conventional design the performance of the six-by-six in soft ground left much to be desired. This deficiency became more important as the war in the Pacific progressed, because to opera to successfully in the rice-paddy country of Japan and China, a cargo truck with superior deep-mud performance would be required.

To meet this requirement, a special truck was designed (Exhibit 2). This vehicle was called the $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton, Cargo Truck, 4x4, T-23. It has a ground clearance of 25 inches compared to 10 inches for the standard $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton truck. This increase is obtained by the use of large low-pressure tires (ever 5 feet in diameter) and by mounting the differentials in the frame rather than on the axles. Another feature of interest is the contrally controlled tire inflation system by which the driver can deflate or inflate tires while the vehicle is in motion. This permits the use of very low tire pressure to obtain increased flotation for operation in mud or sand, and quick re-inflation to normal pressure, without stopping, for operation on reads. The vehicle out-perfermed any other wheeled vehicle under the conditions for which it was, designed but could not be considered satisfactory as a general purpose truck.



Since the war the development of a new $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ten truck has been initiated to replace the present six-by-six in tactical units. It is called the Carrier, Cross country, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ten, 6x6, T51 (Exhibit AA). Its design will use the experience gained in the design of the T-23 Truck just described, while retaining the good points of the present standard truck. It will incorporate the following features:

- a. High flotation tires with centrally controlled tire inflation system.
- b. Self-locking differentials to prevent total loss of mo-. bility due to whoels slipping on one side.
- c. A transmission which permits goar shifting under full torque load. This will eliminate the momentary loss of power that occurs when changing goars with a convential transmission, and which results in a tendency for the vehicle to stall or bog down under adverse conditions.
- d. Individual wheel suspension, for improved cross country ride.
- o. Air-cooled engine of improved design with increased horsepower.
- f. It will employ the maximum number of standardized components and will incorporate ease of maintenance features.

This vehicle therefore promises to be a definite improvement over our present $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton truck. The importance of this development is that if it proves successful, those features can be incorporated in all military wheeled vehicles to obtain superior cross country performance. However, in obtaining this added performance, we cannot afford to sacrifice the stamina and reliability of the standard $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton truck.

2. Trucks, Light

In the light truck class a vehicle to replace the present 3/4-ton truck, 4x4, is being developed concurrently with the improved 2½-ton vehicle. It is to be called the Carrier, Cross country, 3/4-ton, 4x4, T53 (Exhibit BB). The history of the development of this vehicle clearly indicates the emphasis that is being placed on the cross country mobility of tactical wheeled vehicles. The first vehicle in this class used by the Army was based on the chassis of a commercial 1/2-ton truck. Not having four-wheel drive, the vehicle had poor off-the-road performanco and was replaced by a $\frac{1}{2}$ -ton, 4x4. This vehicle was an improvement but was not entirely satisfactory, so early in the last war we went to a 3/4-ton, 4x4, truck with larger tires and increased ground clearance. The chassis of this vehicle is used on our present standard 3/4-ton weapons carriers, command trucks, ambulances, omergency repair trucks and carryalls. The proposed vehicle will be used for the same purposes, but will provide better performance by incorporation of the features planned for the 2½-ton truck.





In the very light truck class similar improvements are planned. The new version of the very versatile $\frac{1}{4}$ -ton, truck, 4x4, popularly known as the jeep, will provide better flotation, easier ride characteristics and increased power. The general conception of the new vehicle is the same as the present one, and the improved model will perform the same missions as the present model.

In addition to the $\frac{1}{4}$ -ton truck, the need has been established for a light, wheeled, partially armored truck of the approximate size of the $\frac{1}{4}$ -ton truck, 4x4. It is to be used by reconnaissance elements, commenders, liaison officers, messengers, and others whose duties require them to be habitually mounted in exposed vehicles (Exhibit CC). This experimental model was built during the war but did not fully satisfy the requirement. Essentially, the chassis of the vehicle shown on the screen is that of $\frac{1}{4}$ -ton truck with an additional driving axle to carry the added weight of the armor. The conception of the proposed vehicle is much the same as this one but improved performance characteristics are required. It must be capable of seating four men, or three men if a medium range two-way radio set is to be carried. Armor protection against medium range small arms fire and medium artillery fragmentation is desired, and, of course, the cross country mobility must be superior. The gross weight of the vehicle, combat leaded, will be approximately 5000 pounds.

3. Trucks, Heavy

In the heavy truck class, 5-ton, 8-ton, 12-ton and 25-ton cargo capacity models are required. The 5-ton truck will be used to replace the present 4-ton to 6-ten trucks, wherever practicable. Cargo, wrecker, and dump bodies will be provided and it will be capable of use as a truck-tractor, when equipped with fifth wheel. This picture (Exhibit DD) shows an experimental 12-ton truck with 8x8 drive. It illustrates the trend of development in the 8, 12 and 25-ton chassis group. When equipped with cargo bodies these vehicles will provide means for transporting heavy equipment; when equipped as truck-tractors, they will provide motive power for semi-trailers to be used as vehicle transporters as well as for cargo. A 25-ten semi-trailer is planned for the 8-ten truck-tractor, one of 50-ten capacity for 12-ten truck-tractor and a third of 100-ten capacity for the 25-ten truck-tractor.

4. Recovery Vehicles and Wreckers

The following discussion will cover the more important special vehicles. In this class are recovery vehicles and wreckers. At the start of World War II, the Army Ground Forces were equipped with 4-ton and 10-ton wheeled wreckers which were capable of handling the vehicles of the Army on highways. However, it soon became apparent that this recovery vehicle lacked sufficient cross country ability to fulfill the mission of battlefield recovery (Exhibit EE). To meet this requirement a full tracked, armored recovery vehicle based on the medium tank was developed and



successfully employed in battlefield recovery of all types of armored vehicles. On the screen is shown the present standard tank recovery vehicle preparing to tow a light tank. With the arrival of the 46-ton Medium tank M26 during the final phase of the war it was evident that a recovery vehicle of greater power and capacity was needed. As a result, a series of recovery vehicles capable of handling battlefield recovery and highway wrecker duty for all types of Army Ground Forces equipment is under development. This program consists of two wrecker trucks and two full tracked recovery vehicles. The wreckers will be based on the proposed standard 5 and 12-ton truck chassis referred to previously; the recovery vehicles will be based on medium and heavy tank components.

5. Field Ambulances

The ambulance in use at the beginning of World War II was the ambulance, $\frac{1}{2}$ -ton, 4x4, cross country. This was found to be too light and was soon replaced with a 3/4-ten Ambulance of the same type. Later in the war, the old type body was replaced by a larger one capable of being collapsed and erected by field maintenance units. It is known as the "Knockdown" type and has the advantage of reducing shipping space, providing room for an attendant and of carrying six litter patients against four for the older type. This is the ambulance now authorized for field medical units. In order to reduce the distance for litter carry and to provide a more rapid means of evacuation for front line casualties, various means of using the Truck, $\frac{1}{4}$ -ton, 4x4, were improvised during combat. This vehicle proved so satisfactory that at present, plans are being made for the development of a light ambulance of the $\frac{1}{4}$ -ten type to carry two or three litter patients, utilizing the chassis of the proposed lightly armored $\frac{1}{4}$ -ten truck previously mentioned.

6. Amphibious Vohicles

The amphibious vehicles we know today were all developed during the last war. The island-hopping warfare of the Pacific and the invasions on the European continent expedited this development to such an extent that when hostilities ceased, we had in use both track-laying and whoeled amphibious cargo carriers, as well as a lightly armored amphibious tank.

The wheeled carrier is the $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton amphibious truck known as the DUKW (Exhibit FF). Its primary mission is to receive cargo from ships anchored offshore and to deliver it to inland dumps. When waterborne, the vehicle is propeller-driven. It is equipped with a central tire inflation system, since it must use low tire pressure for traction in loose beach sand and resume normal pressure for road operation. In general, the present vehicle is satisfactory but new versions will incorporate devices to facilitate loading and unloading, and water performance will be improved.





The amphibious tank developed during the war known as the LVT(A)5 (Exhibit GG) has a lightly armored hull and a turret-mounted, gyro-stabilized 75mm howitzer. It weighs nearly 40,000 pounds combat leaded with crew of six men. It was designed to provide close-in fire support to troops in the initial assault waves but its light armor makes it unsatisfactory for employment as a land tank. Development is continuing in effort to improve its capabilities for accomplishing tank missions. An experimental model (Exhibit HH) known as the amphibious 76mm Gun Meter Carriage, T87, has been tested and appears to be a step in the right direction, since it has considerably more fire power and better land performance. It is based on the tank destroyer 76mm Gun Meter Carriage, M18, proviously described under tracked vehicles.

7. Armored Dozors and Engineer Armored Vehicle

A piece of equipment that proved most valuable in assisting the advance of armored columns is the Tank Dozer. The first models were battlefield expedients and consisted simply of hasty application of dezer blades to standard tanks. These crude improvisations were so effective in clearing rubble and breaking trail through rough terrain, that special dezer kits were designed and issued. This modification, while satisfactory for simple dezing tasks was by no means as efficient or as versatile as the engineer tractor-dezer. (Exhibit JJ). On the screen is a picture of the latest development in tank dezers. The war ended before this device could be employed in combat but service tests indicate it is far superior to previous models.

To bridgo the gap between the comparatively inefficient tank degree and the completely unarmored engineer tractor degree, a lightly armored degree is under development. It will be necessarily less efficient than the standard degree but will be able to operate in areas where protection against small arms fire and artillery fragments is required.

An entirely now itom of armored engineer equipment is now being developed and is tentatively known as the Engineer Armored Vehicle or Demolition Tank. It will be capable of carrying, in addition, to its operating crew, a two-man demolition detail with 2000 pounds of explosives in such form as to permit placement by hand, mechanical means, or projection device. The latter two methods will be controlled from within the tank. The demolition tank will also be capable of mounting alternatively a dezer blade, mine detection and clearing devices, and an assault bridge launching device. The vehicle will be based on components of the medium tank and will afford armor protection.

8. Armored Car

The last type of vehicle to be covered in this discussion is the Armored Car. (Exhibit KK). This is the Armored Car. M8. It was the only vehicle of its type that was used by our troops during the last,





war. It drives on all siz-wheels and has a maximum speed of 56 MPH. It is armed with one 37mm Gun, one calibor .50 machine gun and one caliber .30 machine gun. Maximum armor thickness is 3/4-inch.

A later model was tested during the war and standardized as the Armored Car, M38. It provided some improved performance, but the other characteristics were so similar that it never went into production.

Further development is being considered for a vehicle of this type using components of the new $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton cargo truck, and mounting main armament of approximately 75mm caliber.

PART IV

CONCLUSION

In conclusion we may summarize the status of tank and vehicular development by stating that the progress achieved during the war exploited conventional designs and methods so thoroughly that further work along these lines will not be remunerative. Instead, we must apply new methods and explore unconventional design if we are to make real progress in the future.



SUGGESTIONS FOR PRESENTATION

- 1. Recommend that the Organization Chart of Army Ground Forces Board No. 2 be reproduced to a scale large enough to be easily read by the audience when mounted upon the speaker's platform. However, it may be presented as a slide if preferred.
- 2. The Operational Chart, Army Ground Forces Board No. 2, is furnished to provide the speaker with further details, if he desires to use them, in discussing the organization of the Board. It should not be presented to the audience.
- 3. Recommend that a chart showing the responsibilities of Board No. 2 be prepared and used in discussing paragraph F2 of Part I.
- 4. Recommend that slides be made from inclosed photographic prints. This method of presentation is preferred to the belloptican.
- 5. A characteristics sheet for each of the vehicles listed below, discussed in the lecture text, is inclosed. These sheets are for use of the speaker in answering questions which may be asked concerning points not stated in the text.

Sheet Title		Photograph Exhibit to Which Applicable
Tank, Light, M24		C
Tank, Medium, M4A3E8, with 76 mm Gun		F
Tank, Medium, M26		G
Tank, Medium, M45		Н
Vehicle, Utility, Armored, M44		0
Tractor, High Speed, 18-Ton, M4		P
Tractor, Cargo, M8		: Q
Carrier, Cargo, Amphibian, M29C		R
Carriage, Motor, 76 mm Gun, M18	•	U
Carriage, Motor, 105 mm Howitzer, M37	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Carriage, Motor, 240 mm Howitzer, T92		Y .



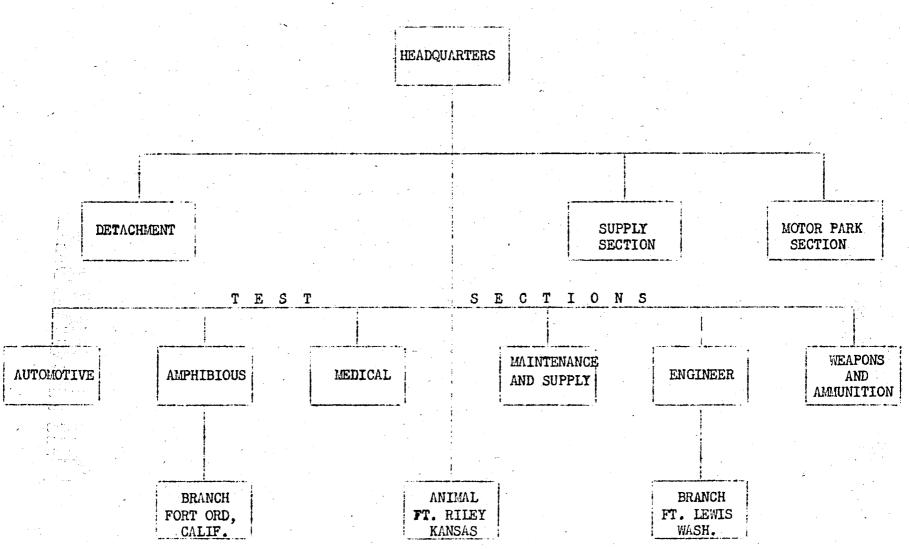


Sheet Title (Cont'd) Photograph Exhibit to Which Applicable

None Truck, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -Ton, 6x6, LWB Z Truck, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -Ton, Cargo, 4x4, T23 Truck, 3/4-Ton, 4x4, Ambulance, (Knockdown) None None Truck, $\frac{1}{4}$ -Ton, 4x4, C & R EE Vehicle, Tank Recovery, M32B3 FF Truck, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -Ton, 6x6, Amphibian GG Landing Vehicle, Tracked, LVT (A) 5 KK Car, Armored, Light, M8

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ORGANIZATION CHART AGF BOARD NO. 2 FORT KNOX, KENTUCKY







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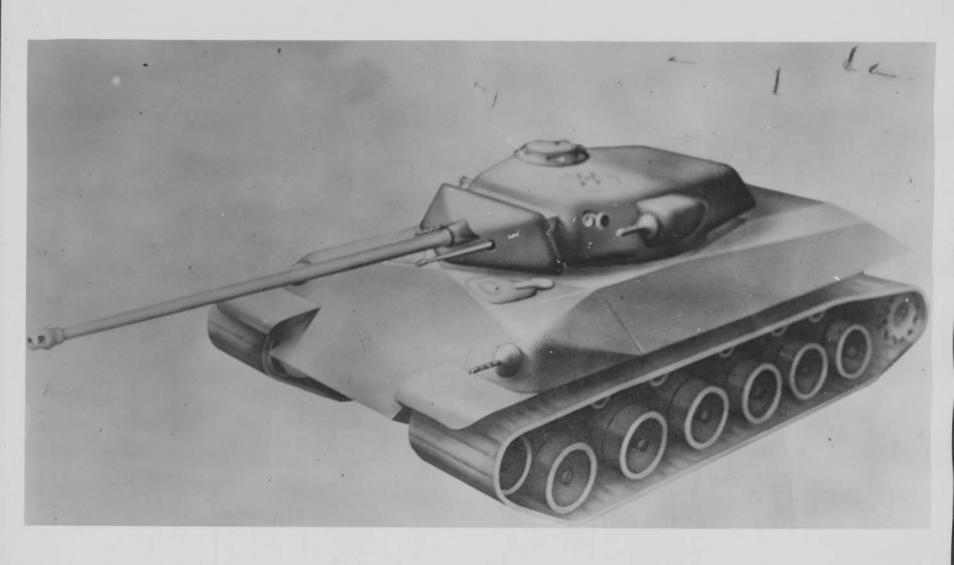




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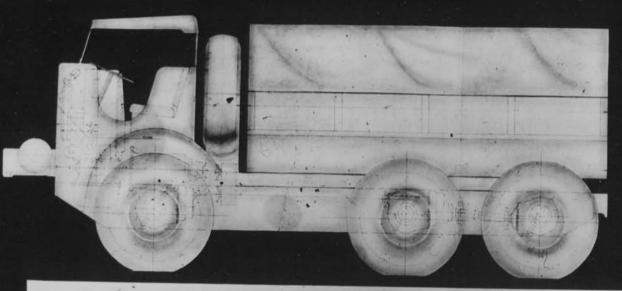


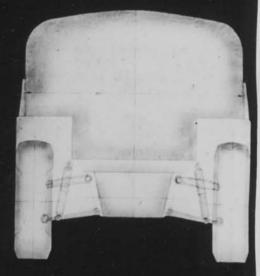
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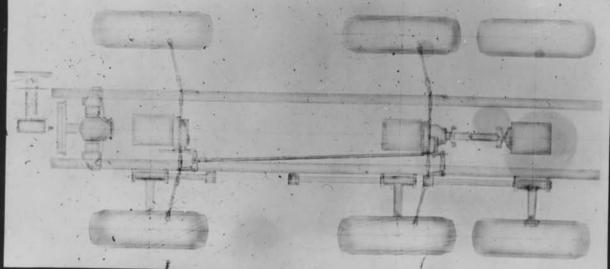




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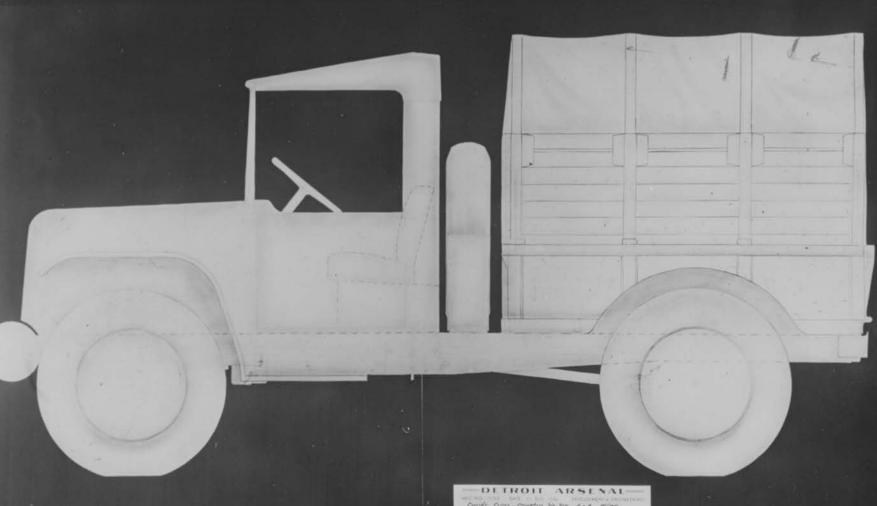




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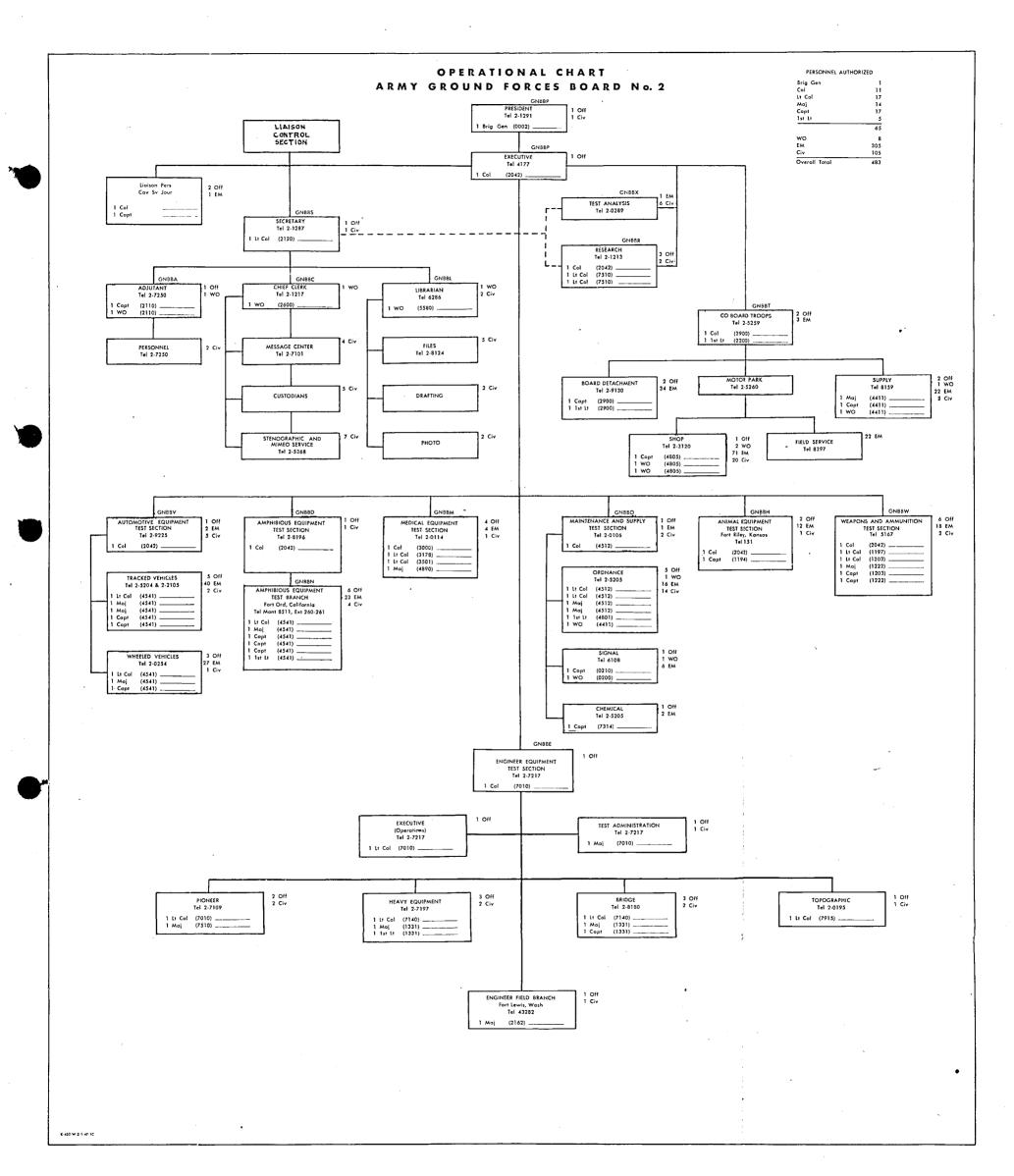


M





46-753



CHARACTERISTICS

Tank, Light, M24

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

Low silhouette, light tank mounting a 75mm gun.

GENERAL:

Cadillac Motor Div., GMC

Full Tracked, Armored, Combat Medel: M24 Type:

Weight: (lbs.) Net 36,484 Fighting 40,090

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 216 Width 113 Height 108

Reducible to: (in.) Length Width Height

Tread: (in.) 96 . Ground Clearance: (in.) 17-3/4

Computed Ground Fressure: 9.9 (PSI) Fighting Weight @ 1 in. Pen.

· Rated Speed

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 11.0

PERFORMANCE:

Maximum Crade First Gear Maximum Vertical Wall 36 in.

Maximum Trench 96 in. Second Gear ... Third Gear :: ; ; Maximum Fording Depth 40 in. Fourth Gear Minimum Turning Circle (O.D.) 46 ft. Reverse Towing Capacity 54,800 lbs. ft. Maximum Tractive Effort Angle of Approach

Angle of Departure

Cruising Range 150 mi.

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.) .90 m.p.g. on highway; .74 m.p.g. cross country Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.) 56.4

ARMOR:

Hull Above Sponson Line Below Sponson Line 1 in.@ 60° 1 in. @ 45° 1 in@ 12° 3/4 in. @ 12 Sides $3/4 \text{ in. } 60^{\circ}$ $3/4 \text{ in. } \text{@ } 45^{\circ}$ Rear 1/2 in. Top 1/2 and 3/8 in. Bottom

Type Armor Homogeneous

ARMOR: (Contid) to the same

Turret

15 in @ 250 Front

Sides lin.@ 250

Gun Mantlet

Type Armor Homogeneous

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 75mm Gun M6 or M17

Mount M64 (T90)

Caliber 75mm Length in Calibers 37.5 Total Length (in.) 116.4 Weight of Gun and Nount (lbs.) Est. Tube Life 3000 rds. Total Length (in.) 116.4

Out of Balance Balanced on its trunnions using a weighted recoil guard.

Breech Block Semi-auto., Horizontal Sliding

Maximum Chamber Pressure 36,000 psi.

Maximum Range 150 Elevation 8875 yds w/Shell HE(SC)

Maximum On Carriage Range 8875 yds w/Shell HE(SC)

Ammunition Stowage 48 Rds. under turret floor. Total Rds. 48

Maximum Elevation 15° (267 mils) Maximum Depression 10°

Maximum Traverse 360° Turret Friction 183 Ft. 1bs. Torque

Type Recoil Mechanism Concentric, Hydro-Spring w/replenisher

Type Oil Special

Maximum Recoil 13 in.

Normal Recoil 112 in.

Rear 1 in @ 0°

Top 1/2 in.

Type Equilibrator None

Elevating Handwheel: Effort 12 in. 1bs.

Mils per Turn 20

Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort 12 in. 1bs. Mils per Turn 25

Power Traverse: Control Effort 14 in. 1bs. Torque

Turret RPM 4

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach., Cal. .30,M1919A4, Fixed

Gun, Mach., Cal. .50, M2HB, Flex.

Gun, Mach., Cal. 30, M1919A4, Flex.

Gun, Sub-mach., Cal. 45, M3

Mount M64 (T90) Mount : D80029 Mount - D76102

Ammunition:

The state of the s		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· Marie
AMMUNITION	HE (SC)	APC	HVAP:	SMOKE	SMOKE
The same are a second as a sec				WP	HC,BI
Model Model	M48	*	T45	M64	м89
Wt. Projectile (lbs.)	14.6	14.96	8.4	15.25	6.61
Vt. Round (1bs.)	19.6	19:36	13.6	20.26	9.83
Wt. Fropellant (lbs.)	2.0	2.00	2.2	2.00	0.219
Length Round (in.)	26.6	26.29	23.08	26.60	20.26
Fuze Model	M48, M48A2	. *	None	M57	None
Muzzle Velocity (f/s)	1980	2030	2850	1980	850
Pene. Home. Plate @		250			
1000 yds. & @ 30 [●]		2:3	3.6		1
obliquity (in.)		1			

^{*} M61, 61Al w/Fuze B.D. M66Al and Tracer; M61 w/Tracer

Fire Control:

Direct Fire Telescope, M7lG Periscope, M1OP Periscope, M15

Mount M65 (T94)
Mount M66
Mount Vision Cupola Rotor

Indirect Fire Quadrant, Elevation, M9
Indicator, Azimuth, M21

Vision Devices Vision Cupola Periscope, M13 Location Commander's Hatch Location Asst. Driver's Hatch

Periscope, M13

Location Driver's Hatch

Others Binoculars, M3; Quadrant, Gunner's, M1

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Cadillac Motor Div., GMC. Model 44T24

Type Dual V-8, Gas, Liquid Fuel, Type Gas, 80 plus Oct.

Cooling System Liquid

No. Cylinders 8 (each) Horsepower (Rated) 220 at 3400 (Total for 2 eng.) RPM

Displacement (cu. in.) 346 Bore (in.) 3.5 Stroke (in.) 4.5

Governed Speed (rpm) 3400 Compression Ratio 7.06:1

Clutch: None

Transmission:

Make Detroit Transmission Div., GMC
Type Hydramatic
No. of Speeds Forward 4 Reverse None**
Gear Ratios
First 3.92:1
Second 2.53:1
Third 1.55:1

Differential:

Fourth.

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Type Controlled Gear Ratio 2.62:1 Steering Ratio 1.33:1 (Approx.)

Final Drive:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Type Herringbone Gear Ratio 2.57:1

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratios High 1.03:1 Low 2.34:1 Reverse 2.44:1 ***

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (2)	110	gals	
Transmission	15	qts.	
Differential	20	qts.	
Final Drives	2	qts.	(ea.)
Engine & Oil Filter	8	qts.	(ea. engine)
Oil Bath Air Cleaners			(ea.)
Cooling System	40	qts.	(ca. engine).
Transfer Case	: - 4 블	qts.	
and the second second	, .	_	*

RUNNING: GEAR:

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track:

Type All Steel, Center Guide, Single Pin Model T72
All Lubber, Center Guide, Louble Pin T85 Pitch (in.) $5\frac{1}{2}$ Width (in.) 16 Longth of Ground Contact (in.) 126 @ 1 in. Pen. Drive Front Sprocket New Lutions per Mil 886 Shoes per Track 75

Some and the second of the second

The state of the s

Terminal Commence of a Series

June Help (Cost):

Number 10 Dual Size (in.) $25\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ Thools:

Tires: Cured on Wheels

Steering Mechanism: Typo, Controlled Differential - Populaten Bayert

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Hatteries Number 4 Voltage 6
Main Generator Number 2 (1 per engine) Voltage 24

Luxiliary Generator None 4 Amps 50 appayed to Roman Sign

COMMUNICATIONS:

A 1991 B 2007 1 1 1 1 Radios: Type SCR 506(Command Vehicle Only) Location des't Briver Compart. SCR 508 or 528 Location Turret Bulge Location Turret in Front of Tank Commander

No. of Interphone Cutlets: 5

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 10 lb. CO2 Fixed 1 4 lb. CO₂ Portable

Series Contraction .

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

** Transmission in combination with Transfer Unit gives 8 speeds forward and 4 in reverse.

Turret Traverse: Type Hydraulic Mfgr. The Oil Gear Co. Auxiliary Type: Manual Mfgr. New Process Gear Co.

Gyrostabilizer: Yes

CHARACTER ISTICS

Tank, Medium, MLA3E8, with 76mm Gun

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

The Tank, Medium, M4A3E8 with 76mm Gun, employs a 23 inch track and horizontal volute springs.

GENERAL:

Make: Chrysler Corp.

Type: Full Tracked, Armored, Combat Model: M4A3E8

Weight: (lbs.) Net 70,950 Fighting 75,590

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 246(incl.gun) Width 1174 Height 1172

Reducible to: Length Chassis 228. Width Height

Tread: (in.) 101 Ground Clearance: (in.) Front 172; Rear 192

Computed Ground Pressure: 10.9 (PSI) Fighting Weight @ 1 in Pen

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 13.2

Crew: 5

PERFORMANCE:

Rated Speed 26 mph max.

Maximum Grade

Maximum Vertical Wall

Maximum Trench

Maximum Fording Depth 36 in. Third Gear Minimum Turning Circle (O.D.) 62 ft. Fourth Gear Towing Capacity Fifth Gear

Angle of Approach 38 Deg. Reverse

Angle of Departure 25 Deg.

Cruising Range 100 mi. highway

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.) .55 mpg Highway; .47 mpg Cross-country Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.) 12.3 mpg Highway; 4.7 mpg Cross-country

ARMOR:

Hull		Above Sponso	n Line	Below Sp	onson Line
Front Sides		2½ in. @ 4 1½ in. @ 0	•		@ 56º
Rear		-2 0 0	l½ in. @ 22		© 0
go T	•		3/4 in.		£

l in. & $l^{\frac{1}{2}}$ in.

Bottom
Type Armor Homogeneous

ARMOR: (Cont'd.)

Turret

· Front

2½ in. @ 40°-15°

Rear Top h in 600

l in.

Sides

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. @ 0° 4 in. Basis

Gun Mantlet Type Armor

Homogeneous

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 76mm M1A2

Mount Combination M62

Caliber 76.2mm Length in Calibers 52(Bore) Total Length (in.) 163-3/4 Weight of Gun and Mount (lbs.) Est. Tube Life 2100 rds.

Weight of Gun and Mount (1bs.) Est. Tube Life 2100 rds. Out of Balance Balanced on its trunnions using Weighted recoil guard.

Breech Block Vertical Sliding Wedge

Maximum Chamber Pressure 43,000 psi.

Maximum Range 15° Elevation 10343 w/Shell HE(NC)

Maximum On Carriage Range 12560 yds. w/Shell HE(NC)

Ammunition Stowage 6 Rds. in Ready Rack; 35 Rds. Under Turret Floor;

30 Rds. Behind Asst. Driver. Total Rds. 71.

Maximum Elevation 240 8: . (429.6 mils) Maximum Depression 100 5:

Maximum Traverse 360°

Turret Friction 148 Ft. 1bs. Torque

Type Recoil Mechanism Hydro-spring Type Oil Special

Maximum Recoil 4 in.

Normal Recoil 11-5/8 in.

Type Equilibrator None

Elevating Handwheel: Effort 15.5 in. lbs. Mils per Turn 22

Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort 1.5 in. 1bs. Mils per Turn 22

Power Traverse: Control Effort 4.9 in. lbs. Torque Turret RPM 3.8

Secondary Weapons:

Gun. Mach., Cal. 50. HB. M2

Mount D80030

Gun, Mach., Cal..30, M1919A4, Flex.

Mount D82255

Gun, Mach., Cal..30, M1919A4, Fixed Mount M62

Ammunition:

· ·		-		
AMMUN IT ION	HE(NC)) APC	HVAP	SMOKE
	•	5. e *		HC,BI
Model	*	**	M93	м88
Wt. Projectile (lbs.)	12.87	15.44	9.5	7.38
Wt. Round (lbs.)	22.49	24.8	18.9	13.43
Wt. Propellant (lbs.)	3.75	3.75	3.97	0.219
Length Round (in.)	32.35	33.84	31.7	28.56
Fuze Model	*	**	None	None
Muzzle Velocity (f/s)	2700	2600	3400	900
Pene. Home. Plate @				
1000 yds. & @ 30°	'	3.6	5.2	•
obliquity (in.)	ļ		•	

^{*} M42 w/fuze P.D., M48A1; M42A1 w/fuze P.D., M48 or M48A1 or M48A2; M42A1, NH.w/fuze P.D., M48 or M48A1 or M48A2.

^{**} M62 and M62Al w/fuze B.D., M66Al and Tracer; M62, NH, w/fuze B.D., M66Al and Tracer; M62 w/fracer.

Fire Control:

Direct Fire Telescope, M711
Periscope, M10G
or Periscope M4A1
Periscope M15

Mount M57
Mount T116
Mount
Mount
Vision Cupola Rotor

Indirect Fire Quadrant, Elevation, M9
Indicator, Azimuth, M20

Vision Devices Vision Cupola Periscope, M13 Periscope, M13 Periscope, M13

Location Commander's Hatch Location Driver's Hatch Location Ass't; Driver's Hatch Location Location Location (Vic.)

Others Binocular, M13; Quadrant, Gunner's, M1

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Ford Motor Co. Model GAA

Type V8, Gas, Liquid Cooled Fuel, Type Gas, 80 Oct. Cooling System Liquid
No. Cylinders 8 Horsepower (Rated) 500 at 2600 RPM

Displacement (cu.in.) 1100 Bore (in.) 5.4 Stroke (in.) 6

Governed Speed (rpm) 2600 (under load) Compression Ratio 7.5:1

Clutch:

Make Long Mfg. Co. Type Dry, Multi-disc

Transmission:

Make Spicer Mfg. Corp. Type Synchromesh. Nc. of Speeds Forward 5 Reverse 1 Gear Ratios First 7.56:1 Sec ond 3.11:1 Third 1.78:1 1.11:1 Four th .73:1 Fifth-Raverse 5.65:1

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Division, GMC Type Controlled
Gear Ratio 3.53:1 Steering Ratio 1.515:1

Final Drive:

Make. Buick Motor Division, GMC Type Herringbone Gear Ratio 2.84:1

Transfer Case: None

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (4)

Transmission

Differential

Final Drives

Engine & Oil Filter

Oil Bath Air Cleaners

Auxiliary Generator Power Plant

Cooling System

175 gals.

32 qts.

32 qts.

(ea.)

56 qts.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Horizontal Volute Spring

Track:

Type Steel, rubber backed, double pin, center guide Model T80
All rubber, double pin, center guide T84
Width (in.) 23
Pitch (in.) 6
Length of Ground Contact (in.) 151 @ l in Pen
Drive Front Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 812 Shoes per Track 78

Wheels: Number 12 Dual Size (in.) $20\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$

Tires: Cured on Wheel-

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 2 Voltage 12

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 30 Amps 50

Auxiliary Generator Make Homelite Voltage 28 Amps 50

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR 506 (command vehicles only) Location Rt. Sponson, Front SCR 508 or 528 Location Turret Bulge AN/VRC-3 Location Turret in front of Tank Commander.

No. of Interphone Outlets: 5

FIRE PROTECTION: 2 10 lb CO₂ Fixed 2 4 lb CO₂ Portable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Turret Traverse: Type Hydraulic Mfgr. The Oil Gear Co.;

Auxiliary Type; Manual Mfgr. New Process Gear Co.

Gyrostabilizer: Yes

CHARACTERISTICS

Tank, Medium, M26

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Low silhouette medium tank mounting a 90mm gun, M3.

GENERAL:

Make: Fisher Body Division, GMC - -- --

Type: Full Tracked, Armored, Combat

Weight: (lbs.) Net 84,850 Fighting 92,355

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 349-3/8 Width 138-3/4 Height 109-3/8

Model: M26....

Rated Speed 30 mph max.,

First Gear 0-9 mph None

Second Gear 6-19

90 mi. highway; 60 mi. cross-country

Third Gear 12-30

25 mph sustained.

Low

High

Reducible to: (in.) Length Width Height

Tread: (in.) 110 Ground Clearance: (in.) 17-11/16

Computed Ground Pressure: 13.0 (PSI) Fighting Weight @ 1 in Pen

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 10.8

Crew: 5

PERFORMANCE:

Maximum Grade . 60%

Maximum Vertical Wall 46 in.

Maximum Trench 95 in.,

Maximum Fording Depth 48 in.

Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 63 ft.

Towing Capacity 60,000 lbs. ft. Maximum Tractive Reverse Effort

Homogeneous

Angle of Approach
Angle of Departure
Cruising Range

Type Armor

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

ARMOR:

Hu 1.2	*Above Spon	son Line	Below Sponson Line	
Front	4 in.@	460	3 in. @ 53°	•
Sides		3 in. & 2 in.	. 3.00 · ·	
Rear.		2 in. 2 10°		
Тор		7/8 in.		
Bottom		l in. & 1½ in	i.	

Turret

1 . . .

4 in. 4

Frent 3 in 🔊 🗪 00 Sides

Gun Mantlet 8 in. Basis

Type Armor Homogeneous

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 90mm Gun, M3

Mount M67

l in.

Rear

Top

Caliber 90mm Length in Calibers 50

Total Length (in.) 186 Est. Tube Life 1500 rds.

Weight of Gun and Meunt (lbs.) Out of Balance 50,000 in. lbs. Muzzle Heavy

Breech Block Semi-automatic, Vertical Sliding Wedge

Maximum Chamber Pressure 38,000 psi

Maximum Range 15° Elevation 12964 yds. w/Shell HE(NC)

Maximum On Carriage Range 14858 yds. w/Shell HE(NC)

Ammunition Stowage 10 Rds. in Ready Rack; 48 Rds. under Turret Floor:

6 Rds. on each Side Hull Side Walls. Total: 70 Rds.

Maximum Elevation 20° (356 mils)
Maximum Traverse 360° Maximum Depression 100

Turret Friction 98 Ft. lbs. Torque

Type Recoil Mechanism Hydro-spring (Dual Mechanism) Type Oil Special

Maximum Recoil 14 in. Normal Recoil 12.375 in.

Type Equilibrator Spring

Elevating Handwheel: Effort 33 in. lbs. Mils per Turn 5

Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort 6 in. lbs. Mils per Turn 21

Power Traverse: Control Effort 25 in. lbs. Torque Turret RPM 3.3

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach., Cal .50, HB, M2 Flex.

Mount

Gun, Mach., Cal .30, M1919A4 Flex.

Mount Bow

Gun, Mach.,Cal .30, M1919A4 Fixed

Mount M67

Ammunition:

		· ; ;; · .		
AMMUNITION	HE (NC)	APC	HVAP	
Model	*	35%	М304	
.Wt. Projectile (lbs.).	23.29	24.11	16.7	and the second
Wt. Round (1bs.)	42.04	43.87	36	de ster
Wt. Prepellant (lbs.)	7.31	7.31	7.55	
Length Round (in.)	37.44	38.24	35.9	
Fuze Medel	*	, %%	None	
Muzzle Velocity (f/s)	2700	2800	3350	
Pene. Home. Plate @ 300 yds. & @ 300				
obliquity (in.)		4.7	7.8	

^{*} M71 w/Fuze P.D., M48 or M48A2

^{**} M82 w/Fuze B.D. M68 and Tracer: M82 w/Tracer (wt.Projectile 23.40)

Fire Control:

Direct Fire

Telescope, M83C Periscope, M10F

Mount M72 Mount M73

Periscope, M15

Mount Vision Cupola Rotor

Indirect Fire Quadrant, Elevation, M9 Indicator, Azimuth, M20

Vision Devices Vision Cupola

Periscope, M13

Location Commander's Hatch Location Loader's Hatch (Vicinity)

Periscope, M13

Periscope, M13

Location Driver's Hatch

Location Asst. Driver's Hatch

Others Binoculars, M13; Quadrant, Gunner's, M1

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Ford Motor Co.

Model GAF

Type V-8, Liquid Cooled, Gas Fuel, Type Gas, 80 Oct. CoolingS ystem Liquid No. Cylinders 8 Horsepower (Rated) 500 at 2600 RPM

Displacement (cu. in.) 1100

Bore(in.) 5.4 Stroke(in.) 6

Governed Speed (rpm) 2600 (under load)

Compression Ratio 7.5:1

Clutch: None

Transmission:

Make Detroit Transmission Div., GMC

Type Terqmatic

No. of Speeds

Forward 3

Reverse 1

Gear Ratios

First 1:1

Second 1:2.337

Third 1:4,105

1:1.322 Reverse

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC

Gear Ratio 3.53:1

Type Controlled Steering Ratio 1.79:1.00

Final Drive:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC

Gear Ratio 3.95:1

Type Herringbone

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratio 1.38:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (2) 183 gal. Transmission 31 qts. Differential 60 qts. Final Drives 7 qts. Engine & Oil Filter 32 qts. oil Bath.Air Cleaners

35 qts. (each)

. Auxiliary Generator Power Plant 3 qts. Cooling System 22 gal.

Transfer Case Common with Transmission

RUNWING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track:

Type Steel, rubber backed, double pin, center guide T80E1 . All rubber, double pin, center guide T84E1 Pitch(in.)

Width (in.) 23 Length of Ground Contact (in.) 154 @ 1 in. Pen

Drive Rear . Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 812 Shoes per Track 82

Number 12 Duals Size(in.) 26×6 Wheels:

Tires: Cured on Wheel

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

· Voltage 12 Batteries Number · 2 Main Genérator Number. 1 Voltage 24 Amps 150 Auxiliary Generator None

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type AN/VRC-3 Location Turret Bulge SCR 508 or 528 Terret Bulge

No. of Interphone Outlets: 5

101b CO2 Fixed FIRE PROTECTION: 41b CO, Portable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Type Hydraulic Mfgr. The Oil Gear Co. Turret Traverse:

Auxiliary Type: Manual Mfgr. New Process Gear Co.

Gyrostabilizer: None

Driven by 4 cycle, Liquid Cooled, 13 H.P. Waukesha Main Generator: Engine in main engine compartment or by tank engine

through two one-way pulleys on either end of generator.

Rated Sneed 30 mph Max.

None

CHARACTERISTICS

Tank, Medium, M45

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

A 105mm Howitzer Assault Gun on the Tank, Medium, M26 chassis.

GENERAL:

Fisher Body Div. & Chevrolet Central Office, GMC

Type: Full Tracked, Armored, Combat Model: M45

Weight: (lbs.) Net 86,000 Fighting 93,000

Length 268-3/4 Width 138-3/4 Height 109-3/8 Overall Dimensions: (in.)

Reducible to: (in.) For Shipment Length Width 124 Height

Ground Clearance: (in.) 17-11/16 Tread: (in.) 110

Computed Ground Pressure: 13.1 (PSI) Fighting Weight @ l in.Pen.

HP/Ton Fighting Weight:

Crew: 5

PERFORMANCE:

25 mph Sustained 60% High Maximum Grade Maximum Vertical Wall 46 in. Maximum Trench 95 in. First Gear 0-9 mph

Maximum Fording Depth 48 in. Second Gear 6-19 Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 63 ft. Third Gear 12-30 Reverse

Towing Capacity 60,000 lbs. ft. Maximum Tractive Effort

Angle of Approach

Cruising Range 90 mi. Highway; 60 mi. cross-country

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

Angle of Departure

ARMOR:

		•						
Hull .		Above Sp	onson Li	ne		Below	w Sponson	Li ne
Front		4 in.	@ 46°			3 :	in. @ 53°	,,
Sides	•	•		3 in.	& 2 in.	@ 0°		
Rear				2 in.	@ 100		•	
T Op	- 5			7/8 i	n.	1		
Bottom				l in.	& la in	•		

Type Armor Homogeneous

ARMOR: (Cont'd)

Turret

Rear 25 in. @ 00 5 in. @ 0° Front

5 in. - 3 in. @ C^o Top Sides

Gun Mantlet 8 in. Basis Homogeneous Type Armor

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 105mm Howitzer M4 Mount T117

Caliber 105mm Length in Calibers 22.5 (Bore) Total Length (in.) 101.3 Est. Tube Life 20,000 rds.

Weight of Gun and Mount (lbs.)

Out of Balance None

Breech Block Horizontal Sliding Wedge

Maximum Chamber Pressure 28,000 psi.

Maximum Range 15° Elevation 7318 yds.

Maximum On Carriage Range 11722 yds.

Ammunition Stowage 10 Rds. in Ready Rack; 64 Rds. Under Turret Floor.

Total Rds. 74.

Maximum Elevation 35°

Maximum Depression 100

Maximum Traverse 360°

Turret Friction & Ft. 1bs. Torque

Type Recoil Mechanism Hydro-spring Type fil Special

Maximum Recoil

Normal Recoil 12-7/8 in.

Type Equilibrator None

92 in. lbs. Elevating Handwheel: Effort Mils per Turn 25

Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort 3 in. lbs. Mils per Turn 22

Power Traverse: Control Effort 46 in. lbs. Torque Turret RPM 3.3

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach. Cal. 50, HB, M2 Mount Gun, Mach. Cal. 30, M1919A4, Flex Mount Gun. Mach. Cal. 30, M1919A4, Fixed Mount

Ammunition:

			•	,
AMMUNITION	HE (NC)	SMOKE	SMOKE	HEAT
/	•	HC, BE	WP	
Model	Ml	меЦ	M60 ·	м67
Wt. Projectile (lbs.)	33.00	. 32.87	34.70-35.21	29.22
Wt. Round (lbs.)	42.07	41.94	43.77-44.28	36.85
Wt. Propellant (lbs.)	3.04	3.04	3.04	1.60
Length Round (in.)	31.07	30.49	31.08	31.05
Fuze Model	* :	M54	M57	M62
Muzzle Velocity (f/s)	1550 (Max)	1550 (Max)	1550 (Max)	1250
Pene. Home. Plate @	:			
1000/ yds. & @ 30°				5.5
obliquity (in.)	J . · ·		to the second	
* M48, M48AI, M54				

Fire Control:

Mount T131 Telescope, M76G Direct Fire

Mount T130 Periscope, M10D

Mount Vision Cupo la Rotor Periscope, M15

Indirect Fire Unit, Sight, M29Al Mount Holder. T3 Indicator, Azimuth, M20 Quadrant, Elevation, M9

. Location Commander's Hatch Vision Devices Vision Cupola

Location Driver's Hatch Periscope, M13

Location Asst. Driver's Hatch Periscope, M13

Location Loader's Hatch (Vic.) Periscope, M13

Others Binoculars, M13, Quadrant, Gunner's, M1

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Model GAF Make Ford Motor Co. Type V-8, Gas, Liquid Cooled Fuel, Type Gas, 80 Oct.

Cooling System Liquid No. Cylinders 8 Horsepower (Rated) 500 at 2600 RPM Bore (in.) 5.4 Stroke (in.) 6 Displacement (cu.in.) 1100 Governed Speed (rpm) 2600 (Under Load) Compression Ratio 7.5:1

Clutch: None

Transmission:

Make Detroit Transmission Div., GMC.

Type Torquatio

Forward 3 Reverse 1 No. of Speeds

Gear Ratios

First 1:1.00

Second 1:2.337

Third 1:4.105

Reverse 1:1.322

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Type Controlled Gear Ratio 3.53:1 Steering Ratio 1.79:1.00

Final Drive:

Type Herringbone Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Gear Ratio 3.95:1

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratios 1.38:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

183 gals. Fuel Tanks (2) Transmission 31 qts. 60 qts. Differential Final Irives 7 qts. Engine & Oil Filter 32 qts. Oil Bath Air Cleaners 秀 qts. (ea.) 3 qts. Auxiliary Generator Power Plant 22 gals. Cooling System Transfer Case Common with Transmission

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track:

Type Steel, rubber backed, double pin, center guide Model T80El
All rubber, double pin, center guide T84El
Width (in.) 23 Pitch (in.) 6
Length of Ground Contact (in.) 154 @ 1 in Pen
Drive Rear Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 812 Shoes per Track 82

Wheels: Number 12 Dual Size (in.) 26 x 6

Tires: Cured on Wheel

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 2 Voltage 12

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 24 Amps 150

Auxiliary Generator Total None

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR-508 or 528 Location Turret Bulge

AN/VRC-3 Location Turret Bulge

No. of Interphone Outlets: 5

FIRE PROTECTION: 2 10 1b CO₂ Fixed .2 4 1b CO₂ Portable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Turret Traverse: Type Hydraulic Mfgr. The Oil Gear Co. Auxiliary Type: Manual Mfgr. New Process Gear Co.

Gyrostabilizer: Yes

Main generator driven by 4 cycle, liquid cooled, 13 H.P. Waukesha engine in main engine compartment or by tank engine through two one-way pulleys on either end of generator.

CHARACTERISTICS

Vehicle, Utility, Armored, M44

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

A full tracked, highly mobile armored vehicle capable of use as an armored personnel or cargo carrier, litter carrier, reconnaissance vehicle or prime mover.

GENERAL:

Cadillac Motor Div., GMC Make:

. Type: Full Tracked, Armored, Combat

Model: M44

Weight: (lbs.) Net 39,000

Fighting 49,000

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 2564

Width 117

Height 111-5/8

Reducible to: (in.) Length

Width

Cargo Space:

. Cu. Ft.

Length (in.)

114 Width (in.)

Entire Space Not Available As) Space Must Be Available For Soldier) Manning Cal..50 MG, AA.

Height of Bed (in.) 52 Loading Height: (in.) 424

Tread: (in.) 96

Ground Clearance: (in.) 184

Computed Ground Pressure: .. 7.8 (PSI) Fighting Weight @ 1 in Pen.

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 19.8

Crew: 27 1

PERFORMANCE:

Rated Speed 32 mph Low None

Maximum Grade 60%. First Gear Maximum Vertical Wall 30 in. Second Geer 40 in. Maximum Fording Depth Third Gear Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.)44 ft. Keverse 🐇 Towing Capacity

Angle of Approach 25° 451 Angle of Departure 180 mi.

Cruising Range Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

Below Sponson Line Above Sponson Line 5/8 in. on 10 in. Radius 5/8 in. @ 10 Front 1/2 in: $@ 0^\circ$ 3/8 in. @ 0° Sides 1/2 in. @ 0° 3/8 in. @ 45° Kear 3/8 in. Top 5/16 in. Bottom Type Armor Homogeneous

Turret None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

- Primary Weapon: Gun, Mach., Cal. .50, HB,M2 Mount T107

Maximum Elevation Maximum Traverse Maximum Depression

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach., Cal.30, M1919A4, Flex. Mount Ball Gun, Sub-Mach., Cal. .45, M3 Launcher, mocket, M1

Pire Control:

·Vision Devices Periscope, T24 Location Driver's Hatch Periscope, T24 Location Asst. Driver's Hatch

Others

POWER TRAIN:

* Engine: Mounted Horizontally

Make Continental Motors Corp. Model k975D4

Type Radial, Air Cooled Fuel, Type Gas, 80.0ct. Cooling System Air No. Cylinders 9 Horsepower (Rated) 485 at 2400 RPM

Displacement (cu.in.) 973 Bore (in.) 5 Stroke (in.) 5.5

Governed Speed (rpm) 2400 (Under Load) Compression Ratio 5.7:1

Clutch: None

Transmission:

Reverse

Make Detroit Transmission Div., GMC
Type Torquatic
No. of Speeds Forward 3 Reverse 1

** Gear Ratios
First 1:1
Second 1:2.337
Third 1:4.105

1:1.322

Differential:

Make Buick Meter Div., GMC Gear Ratio 3.14:1

Type Controlled Steering Ratio 1.6:1

Final Drive!

Make Buick Motor Div., GHC Gear Ratio 2.82:1 Type Spur Gear

Transfer Case:

Gear Matio 1.29:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (2) 225 gals. Transmission 48 qts. (Dry) Differential 20 qts. Final Drives 5 qts. Engine & Oil Filter 44 q ts. Oil Bath Air Cleaners 4 qts. (ea.) Auxiliary Generator Power Plant 5 gals. (ea.) Cooling System Air Cooled 1 Transfer Case Common With Differential

MUNNING GEAR!

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track:

Type All Steel, Center Guide, Single Pin Model T86
Steel, Imbber Backed, Double Pin T87
Width (in.) 21 Pitch (in.) 6.14
Length of Ground Centact (in.) 149½ @ 1 in. Pen.
Drive Front Sprecket Levelutions per Mi. 737 Shoes per Track 84

Whoels: Number 12 bual Size (in.) $25\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$

Tires: Cured On Wheel

Steering Mechanism: Typo Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEL:

Batteries Number 2 Voltage 12
Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 24 Amps 50
Auxiliary Generator Make 2-Hemelite Voltage 24 Amps 60 (ea.)

COMMUNICATIONS:

hadios: Type SCR 506 (Command Vehicles Only) Location

\$63 508 or 510 or 608. Location 'Left rear of

personnel compartment.

AN VRC 3

Location Rear of driving

Hear of driving compartment.

No. of Interphone Outlets:

FIRE PROTECTION: 3 10 1b CO₂ Fixed

2 4 lb CO2 Portable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

* Right Angle Drive From Engine into Transmission

** All Ratios in Transmission are Overdrive

CHARACTERISTICS

Tractor, High Speed, 18 Ton, M4

BRIEF DESCRIPTION: .

A full tracked prime mover for towing heavy artillery over rough terrain.

GENERAL:

Make: Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.

Type: Full Tracked

Model: Mi

Weight: (1bs.) Net 28,000 cross 31,400 Payload 3400

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 203-Class A Width 97 Height 99 206-Class B

Reducible to: (in.)

Length

Width Height

Tread: (in.) 80

Ground Clearance: (in.) 20

Computed Ground Pressure: 7.6 (PSI) Towing 90mm Gun 8.75 (PSI) Towing 155mm

HP/Ton Gross Weight: : 13.4

Crew: 11 Cargo Space: Fitted with special cargo & ammunition carrying boxes.

PERFORMANCE:

Rated Speed 35 MPH
High Low
None

Maximum Grade 30%

Maximum Vertical Wall 29 in. First Gear

Maximum Trench 60 in. Second Gear

Maximum Fording Depth 41 in. Third Gear

Minimum Turning Circle (O.D.) 37 ft. Reverse

Towing Capacity 27,000 lbs. ft. Maximum

Tractive Effort

Angle of Approach
Angle of Departure

30 Deg.
30 Deg.

Cruising Range 180 mi.

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.) 2 mpg w/towed load

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

ARMOR: None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: Gun, Mach., Jal. 50, HB, M2 Flex. Mount M490

Maximum Elevation 800

Maximum Depression 200 (Full Depression not available to front and rear.)

Maximum Traverse 360°

Fire Control: None

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Waukesha Motor Co. Model 145 GZ

Type In Line, 4 Cycle Fuel, Type Gas, 70 Oct. Cooling System Liquid

No. Cylinders 6 Horsepower (Rated) 210 at 2100 RPM

Displacement (cu.in.) 817 Bore (in.) 6 Stroke (in.) 5-3/8

Governed Speed (rpm) 2100 Compression Ratio 5.95:1

Clutch:

Make

Type Dry Disc - Spring Loaded

Transmission:

Make

Type Selective

No. of Speeds ... Forward 3

Reverse_ 1

Gear Ratios

First 2.166:1 Second 1.555:1

Third 0.437:1 .

Roverse 1.822:1

Differential: ..

Make

Gear Ratio 2.666:1

Type. Controlled Steering Ratio 1.747:1

Final Drive:

- Make

Gear Ratio 2.764:1

Type Herringbone

Transfer Case: None

TCRQUE CONVERTER: Max. Ratio 1.372:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tank (1) 125 gals.

Transmission & Differential 28 qts.

Terque Cenverter 34 qts.

Final Drives 10 qts.(ea.)

Engine & Oil Filter 20 qts.

7il Bath Air Cleaners

Cocling System 72 qts.

Winch 3 qts.

RUNN ING GEAR:

Suspension: Type. Horizontal Volute Spring

Track:

Type All rubber, double pin, outside end connectors Model T48, T51 Width (in.) 16 9/16 Pitch (in.) 6
Length of Ground Contact (in.) 124
Drive Front Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 812 Shoes per Track 65

Wheels: Number 8 Size (in.) 20 x 9

Tires:

Number 8 Type Pressed On Size (in.) No. Plies Solid

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 1 Voltage 12

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 12 Amps 25

Auxiliary Generator None

COMMUNICATIONS: No ne

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 4 1b.CO2 Portable

Rated Speed 32 MPH

LOW

None

CHARACTERISTICS

Tractor, Cargo, M8

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

A full tracked vehicle based on the Tank, Light, M24, chassis, but with a R975D4 engine. The vehicle has a five ton cargo capacity.

GENERAL:

Make: Buick Motor Div., GMC

Type: Full Tracked, Unarmored Mcdel: M8

Weight: (lbs.) Net 35,000 Gross 46,000 Payload 11,000

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 248 Width 117 Height $115\frac{1}{4}$

Reducible to: Length Width Height.

Cargo Space:

Cu. Ft.

Height of Bed (in.) 44

Length (in.) 152

Height of Bows above Floor (in.) 63-3/4

Width (in.) 110

Loading Height: (in.) 502

Tread: (in.) 96 Ground Clearance! (in.) $18\frac{1}{4}$

Computed Ground Pressure: 7.3 (PSI) Gross Load

HP/Ton Gross Weight: 21.1 .

Crew: 2

PERFORMANCE:

Maximum Grade 60% Maximum Vertical Wall First Gear 30 in. Maximum Tremh & in. Second Gear 40 in. Maximum Fording Depth Third Gear Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 44 ft. Reverse .37,000 lbs. Towing Capacity ∴ 24° 30°. Angle of Approach 230 Angle of Departure Cruising Range 200 mi.

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

ARMOR: For structural strength

Above Sponson Line Hull.

Front Sides

Rear

TOD Bottom

Type Armor.

None 5/16 in.

Turret None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: Gun, Mach. Cal. .50, HE, M2, Flex.

Mount T107

Below Sponson Line 3/8 in. @ 0°

 $3/8 in. @ 0^{\circ}$

3/8 in. @ 45°

Maximum Elevation Maximum Depression

Maximum Traverse

Secondary Weapons:

Launcher, Rocket, Ml

Fire Control: None

POWER TRAIN: .

Engine: *Mounted Horizontally

Make Continental Motors Corp. Model R975D4 Type Radial, 9 cyl. Fuel, Type Gas, 80 Oct Cooling System Air No. Cylinders 9 Horsepower (Rated) 485 at 2400 RPM Displacement (cu.in.) 973 Bore (in.) 5 Stroke (in.) 5.5 Governed Speed (rpm) 2400 (under load) Compression Ratio 5.7:1

Clutch: None

Transmission:

Make Detroit Transmission Div., GMC.

Type Torquatic

Forward 3 Reverse 1 No. of Speeds

Gear Ratios

First 1:1

Sec ond 1:2.337

Third 1:4.105

Reverse 1:1.322

POWER TRAIN: (Cont 'd)

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC. Gear Ratio 3.14:1

Type Controlled Steering Ratio 1.6:1

Final Drive:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC. Gear Ratio 3.82:1

Type Spur Gear

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratio 1.29:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tank (2)
Transmission
Differential
Final Drives
Engine & Oil Filter
Oil Bath Air Cleaners
Auxiliary Generator Power Plant
Ccoling System
Transfer Case
Winch

250 gals.
48 qts. Dry
20 qts.
5 qts. (ea.)
44 qts.
8 qts. (Total 2)

Air Cooled Common with Transmission

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track:

Type Steel, rubber backed, double pin Model T87
All steel, center guide, single pin T86
All rubber, double pin T88
Width (in.) 21
Pitch (in.) 6

Length of Ground Contact (in.) 149-1/8
Drive Front Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 754 Shoes per Track 84

Wheels: Number 12 Dual Size (in.) $25\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$

Tires : Cured on wheel.

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

2 Voltage 12 Batteries. Number Amps 50 Number 1 Voltage 24 Main Generator Make Voltage : Auxiliary Generator . Amps

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR-510 or 610 or 619 Location Driver's Cab No. of Interphone Outlets:

FIRE PROTECTION:

3 10 1b CO2 Fixed . 1 4 1b CO2 Fortable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

* Right angle drive from engine into transmission. All ratios in transmission are overdrive. Vehicle equipped with 50,000 lb. winch .

CHARACTERISTICS

Carrier, Cargo, Amphibian, M29C

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

The Carrier, Cargo, M290 is an Amphibian Cargo Carrier designed for operation on dry land, swamps, snow, or water.

GENERAL:

Make: Studebaker Corp.

Type: Amphibian, Full Tracked, Unarmored Model: M290

Weight: (lbs.) Net 4771 Gross 5971 Payload 1200

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 192-1/8 Width $67\frac{1}{4}$ Height 70-13/16

Reducible to: (in.) Length 173-11/16 Width Height 53-11/16

Tread: (in.) 45 Ground Clearance: (in.) $10\frac{1}{2}$

Computed Ground Pressure: 1.91 (PSI) Gross Load

HP/Ton Gross Weight: 21.7

Crew: 2 to 4 Cargo Space: Cu.Ft. Length Width Height

PERFORMANCE:

Rated Speed 100% Maximum Grade High Low Maximum Vertical Wall 10 in. 100 Max.Spd. 36 in. 12 mph Maximum Trench First Gear 4 mph Maximum Fording Depth amphibious Second Gear 20 6.5 Minimum Turning Circle (3.D.) 24 ft. "Third Gear 32 10 L200 lbs. Towing Capacity Reverse Angle of Approach 47 Deg. Angle of Departure 36 Deg.

Angle of Departure 36 Deg Cruising Range 175 mi. Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.) 0.7-7

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

Freeboard (@ Gross Weight) Bow 10 in.; Stern 8 in. Speed on water: 4

ARMOR: None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL: None

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Studebaker Corp. Model 6-170 Champion
Type In line, 4 cycle, liquid cooled Fuel, Type Gas, 70-80 Oct.
Cooling System Liquid
No. Cylinders 6 Horsepower (Rated), 65 at 3600 RPM
Displacement (cu.in.) 169.6 Bore (in.) 3 Stroke (in.) 4
Governed Speed (rpm) Compression Ratio 7:1

Clutch:

Make Borg and Beck Div., Borg-Warner Corp.
Type Dry Disc

Transmission:

Make Warner Gear Div., Borg-Warner Corp.

Type Automotive-2nd & High Synchronized

No. of Speeds Forward 3 Reverse 1

Gear Ratios

First 2.66:1

Second 1.564:1

Third 1.00:1

Reverse 3.55:1

Differential:

Make Cincinnati Milling Machine Co. Type Controlled Gear Ratio 4.87:1

Final Drive: Integral with Differential

Transfer Case: *

Gear Ratios High .866:1 Low 2.74:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tank (1) 33 gals. Transmission l qt. Differential 6 qts. Engine & Oil Filter 5 qts. है qt. Oil Bath Air Cleaners Auxiliary Generator Power Plant Cooling System 12-3/4 qts. Transfer Case Common with Differential Capstan 1 qt.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Leaf. Springs (Transverse

Track:

Type Endless band Model T76El Width (in.) 20 Pitch (in.) 4½

Length of Ground Contact (in.) 78-1/8

Frive Rear Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 1568 Shoes per Track 56

Wheels: Number 16 Dual Size (in.) $l_{\frac{1}{4}} \times 8$

Tires: Cured on Wheels

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries	Number 2	Voltage	6		
Main Generator	Mumber 1	Voltage	12	Amps	40
Auxiliary Generator	Make Autolite	Voltage	12	\mathtt{Amps}	55

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR 510 or 610 or 694; 506 Location Cargo Compartment or 598 or 510 or 528; 508 or 610 or 619 or 628 or 694
No. of Interphone Outlets: None

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 1 qt. Carbon Tetrachloride, Fortable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

* Transfer case and differential combined.

CHARACTERISTICS

Carriage, Motor, 70mm Gun, M18

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

A full track, armored, self-propelled Tank Destroyer.

GENERAL:

Make: Buick Motor Div., GMC

Type: Full Tracked, Armored, Combat Model: M18

Weight: (lbs.) Net 34,556

Fighting 37,557

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 2072; 262 with Width 113 Height 101

gun for 'd.

Reducible to: (in.)

Length

Width

Height 93년

Tread: (in.) 94-5/8

Ground Clearance: (in.) 144

Computed Ground Pressure: 13.4 (PSI) Fighting Weight @ lin. Pen.

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 25.8

Crew: 5

PERFORMANCE:

Rated Speed 60 MPH
High Low
None

Maximum Grade 60% @ 3 mph.

Maximum Vertical Wall 36 in.

Maximum Trench 74 in.

Maximum Fording Depth 48 in.

Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 66 ft.

Maximum Fording Depth 48 in.

Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 66 ft.

Meximum Turning Circle (0.D.) 66 ft.

Towing Capacity 26,500 lbs.ft. Maximum

Tractive Effort

Angle of Approach

Angle of Departure 261 Deg.

Cruising Range . , 150' mi.

Gas Economy (Mf. per gal.) .776.mpg Highway; .481 mpg cross country

28 Deg.

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

ARMOR:

<u>Hull</u>	Above Sponson Line	Bel	ow Sponson Line	
Front	麦 in. @ 40°	-	½ in. @ 25°	
•	Bottom Front Plate 2 in.	@ 53°	•	
Sides	ģ in. @ 23호		$\frac{1}{2}$ in . @ 0°	
Rear		$\frac{1}{3}$ in. @ $13\frac{10}{2}$		
Тор		5/16 iñ.		
Bettom	•	3/16 in.	•	
Type Armor	Rolled Homogeneous	<i>2</i> /		

ARMOR: (Contid)

Turret

Front

3/4-1 in. @ 230

Rear $\frac{1}{2}$ in. @ 0°

Sides

1/2 in. @ 20°

Top None

Gun Mantlet

Type Armor

Cast and Rolled Homogeneous

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 76mm.M1A2

Mount M1

Caliber 76.2mm Length in Calibers 52(Bore) Total Length(in.) 163-3/1
Weight of Gun and Mount (lbs.) Est. Tube Life 2100 rds

Weight of Gun and Mount (lbs.)

Out of Balance Balanced on its trunnions using weighted recoil guard.

Breech Block Vertical Sliding Wedge

Maximum Chamber Pressure 13,000 psi

Maximum Range 15° Elevation 10343 yds. w/Shell HE (NC)

Maximum On Carriage Range 11677 yds. w/Shell HE (NC)

Ammunition Stowage 18 Rds. in Each Sponson (Rt. & Left); 9 Rds. in

Ready Rack. Total Rds. 45.

Maximum Elevation 200 (356 mils). Maximum Depression 10°

Maximum Traverse 360° Turret Friction

Type Recoil Mechanism Hydro-spring Type Oil Special

Maximum Recoil 14 in. Normal Recoil 11 5/8 in.

Type Equilibrator None

Elevating Handwhell: Effort

Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort

Power Traverse: Control Effort

Mils per Turn 25 Mils per Turn 15

Turret RPM

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach, Cal .50, HB, M2, Flex Mount D 60258 : Cal .50 Subcaliber Mount Mount M10 Carbines, Cal .30, M1

Ammunition:

	4.	94.	
HE (NC)	APC	HVAP	SMOKE
*	** /	M93	HC,BI M88
12.87	15.44	9.5	7.38
22.49	24.8	18.9	13.43
3.75	3.75	3.97	0.219
32.35	33.84	31.7	28.56
* .	. **	None	No ne
2700	2600	3400	90 <u>0</u>
	3. 6	5.2	
	* 12.87 22.49 3.75 32.35 *	* ** 12.87 15.44 22.49 24.8 3.75 3.75 32.35 33.84 * ** 2700 2600	# ** M93 12.87 15.44 9.5 22.49 24.8 18.9 3.75 3.75 3.97 32.35 33.84 31.7 * ** None 2700 2600 3400

* M42Al w/Fuze P.D. M48Al or M48 or M48A2; M42Al, N.H., w/Fuze P.D. M48 or M48Al or M48A2; M42 w/Fuze P. D. M48Al.

** M62 and M62Al w/Fuze B.D. M66Al and Tracer; M62, N.H., w/Fuze B.D. M66Al and Tracer; M62 w/Tracer.

Fire Control:

Direct Fire Telescope, M760

Mount 1155

Periscope, 11,Al m/tels., M47A2

Indirect Fire Quadrant, Elevation, M9
Indicator, Azimuth, M18

Vision Devices Periscope, M13
Periscope, M13

Location Driver's Hatch Location Asst. Driver's Hatch

Others Binoculars, M3.
Quadrant, Gunner's, M1

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Continental Motors Corp. Model R975c4

Type Radial, 9 cyl. Fuel, type Gas, 80 oct. Cooling System Air

No. Cylinders 9 Horsepower (Rated) 485 at 2400 RPM

Displacement (cu.in.) 973 Bore (in.) 5 Stroke (in.) 5.5

Governed Speed (rpm) 2400 (Under Load) Compression Ratio 5.7:1

Clutch: None

Transmission:

Make Detroit Transmission Division, GMC
Type Torqmatic
No. of Speeds Forward 3 Reverse 1
Gear Ratios
First 1:1.000
Second 1:2.337
Third 1:4.105
Reverse 1:1.322

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Gear Ratio 3.133:1

Type Controlled Spur Gear Steering Ratic 1.6:1

Final Drive:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Gear Ratic 2.176:1

Type Spur Gear

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratio 1.29:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks' (2)
Transmission
Differential
Final Drives
Engine & Oil Filter
Oil Bath Air Cleaners
Auxiliary Generator Power Plant
Cooling System
Transfer Case

165 gals.

48 qts. Dry
20 qts.
5 qts.(ea.)

44 qts.
4 qts. (ea.)
5 gals.
Air Cooled
Common with differential

RUNNING GEAR: ...

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track:

Type All Steel, Single Pin, Center Guide, Rubber Bushed. Model T69 Width (in.) 12 Effective Pitch (in.) 5-1/8 Length of Ground Contact (in.) $116\frac{1}{2}$ @ 1 in Pen. Drive Front Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 802 Shoes per Track 83

Wheels: Number 10 Dual Size (in.) $26 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$

Tires: Cured on Wheel.

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 2 Voltage 12

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 26 Amps 50

Auxiliary Generator Make Homelite Voltage 30 Amps 50

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR-610 . Location Rear Turret Bulge No. of Interphone Outlets: 5

FIRE PROTECTION: 2 10 1b. CO₂ Fixed 1 4 1b. CO₂ Portable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Turret Traverse: Type Hydraulic Mfgr. The Oil Gear Co.

Auxi Hary Type: Manual Mfgr. New Process Gear Co.

Gyrostablizer: None

Rated Speed 28 MPH

Lcw

High

Carriage, Motor, 105mm Howitzer, M37

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

The Carriage, Motor, 105mm Howitzer, M37, is a full-tracked, armored artillery carriage designed to support rapid moving Tank-Infantry combat teams.

GEMERAL:

Make: American Car and Foundry Co.

Type: Full Tracked Howitzer Carriage Model: M37

Weight: (lbs.) Net 36,000 Fighting 43,000

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 218 Width 119 Height 115

Reducible to: (in.)

Length Width Height 100 by removal of Cal..50 AA gun

Tread: (in.) 96. Ground Clearance: (in.) 17(effective)

Computed Ground Pressure: 10.9 (PSI) Fighting Weight

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 10.2

Crew: 7

PERFORMANCE:

60% Maximum Grade First Gear 12 mph 5 mph 40 in. Maximum Vertical Wall Second Gear Maximum Trench & in. Third Gear Maximum Fording Depth 42 in. Fourth Gear 30 13 Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 40 ft. Reverse Towing Capacity 36,200 lbs. ft. Maximum

Angle of Approach
Angle of Departure
Cruising Range
Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)
Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)
150.5

ARMOR:

Type Armor

			•	•	
Hull		Above Sponson l	-	Below	Sponson Line
Front		½ in. @ 0° &	600	***************************************	½ in. @ 60°
Sides		½ in. @ 0° &	12°		$\frac{1}{2}$ in. @ 12°
Rear.		불 in. @ 0°			ੀ in. @ 45°
Top	-		$\frac{1}{2}$ in.		2
Bottom			를 in.	& 5/8 in.	

Rolled Homogeneous

ARMOR: (Cont!d)

Turret None Barbette Mount

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 105mm Howitzer, M4

Mount Howitzer, M5

Caliber 105mm Length in Calibers 22 Total Length (in.) 101.3 Weight of Gun and Mcunt (lbs.) Est. Tube Life 20,000 rds. Out of Balance None

Breech Block Horizontal Sliding Wedge Maximum Chamber Pressure 28,000 psi Maximum Range 150 Elevation 7300 yds. Maximum On Carriage Range 12,180 yds.

Ammunition Stowage 4 bins of 15 rds; 2 bins of 24 rds.; 6 rds. in Ready Rack. Total rds. 114.

Maximum Elevation 745.1 mils Maximum Depression 173.7 mils Maximum Traverse 933 mils

Type Recoil Mechanism Hydro-spring w/replenisher Type Oil Special Maximum Recoil Normal Recoil 12-7/8 in.

Type Equilibrator None

Elevating Handwheel: Effort 20 in. lbs. Mils per Turn 20 Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort 5.9 in. lbs. Mils per Turn 20 Power Traverse: None

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach, Cal .50, HB, M2, Flex. Mount M49c Carbines, Cal .30 Gun, Sub-Mach, Cal .45, M3 or M3Al

Ammunition:

and the contract of the contra				. 177
ANMUNITION :	HE(NC)	SMOKE	SMOKE WP	HEAT
Model	Ml	HC,BE M8L	м60	м67
	33.00	32.87	34.70-35.21	29,22
Wt. Round (1bs.)	42.07	41.94	43.77-44.28	36.85
Wt. Propellant (lbs.)	3.04	3.04	3.04	1,60
Length Round (in.)	31.07	30.49	31.08	31.05
Fuke Mcdel	· * ,	M54	M57	M62
	1550 (Max)	1550 (Max)	1550 (Max)	1250
Pene. Home. Plate @ 1000 yds. & @ 30° cbliquity (in.)				5.5
* M48. M48A1. M54				

Fire Control:

Direct Fire Telescope, M76G

Mount Telescope, T95

Indirect Fire Telescope, Panoramic, M12A2 Mount Telescope, M76
Quadrant, Elevation, T15

Vision Devices Periscope, M13

Location Driver's Hatch

Others Set; Aiming Posts, M1
Quadrant, Gunner's, M1
Setter, Fuze, M22

Binoculars, M17

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Cadillac Motor Div., GMC Model 3G Series

Type Dual V-8, Gas Fuel, Type 80 Oct. gas Cooling system Liquid

No. cylinders 8 (ea.) Horsepower (Rated) 220 at 3400 (Total for

2 engines) RPM

Displacement (cu.in.) 346 Bore (in.) 3½ / Stroke (in.) 4½

Governed Speed (rpm) 3400 Compression Ratic 7.06:1

Clutch: None

Transmission:

Make Detroit Transmission Division, GMC
Type Hydramatic
No. of Speeds Forward 4 Reverse None**
Gear Ratios
First 3.92:1
Second 2.53:1
Third 1.55:1
Fourth 1:1

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Division, GMC Type Controlled Gear Ratio 2.625:1 Steering Ratio 1.845:1

Final Drive:

Make Buick Motor Division, GMC Type Herringbone Reduction Gear Ratio 2.55:1

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratios High 1.0:1 Low 2.34:1 Reverse 2.44:1**

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Transmission

Transmission

Differential

Final Drives

Engine-& Oil Filter

Oil Bath Air Cleaners

Ccoling System

Transfer Case

110 gals.

120 qts.

20 qts.

(ea.)

8 qts. (ea. engine)

3 qts. (ea.)

40 qts. (ea. engine)

42 qts.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track: 2.

Type All Steel; center guide, single pin Model T72
Width (in.) 16 Pitch (in.) $5\frac{1}{2}$ Length of Ground Contact (in.) 124
Drive Front Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 885 Shoes per Track 88

Wheels: Number $10 \cdot \text{Duals}$ Size (in.) 25 x $4\frac{1}{2}$

Tires: Cured on Wheel

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 2 Voltage 12 (24 volts system)

Main Generator Number 2 Voltage 24 Amps 125 (Total)

Auxiliary Generator None

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR 510 Location Left Sponson Front No. of Interphone Outlets: 3

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 10 1b CO2 Fixed 1 4 1b CO2 Fortable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

** Transmission in combination with Transfer Unit gives & speeds forward and 4 in reverse.

CHARACTERISTICS

Carriage, Motor, 240mm Howitzer, T92

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

Self propelled Howitzer Carriage to provide Artillery Support for Heavy Combat Teams.

GENERAL:

Make: Chrysler Corp.

Type: Full Tracked Howitzer Carriage Model: T92

Weight: (1bs.) Net 122,687

Fighting 125,500

Over all Dimensions: (in.) Length 376 Gun-overall Width 143 Height 126
Gun-overall

Reducible to: (in.)

Length

Width

Height

Tread (in.) 110

Ground Clearance: (in.) 182

Computed Ground Pressure: 15.0 (PSI) Fighting Weight 23 in. Track @l in.Pon 12.3 (PSI) Fighting Weight 28 in. Track @l in.Pon

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 8.0

Crew: 4

PERFORMANCE:

Rated Speed 15 MPH High Low

None

Maximum Grade 60%

Maximum Vertical Wall 46 in. F.

Maximum Trench 24 in. So

Maximum Fording Depth 36 in. T.

Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 60 ft. R.

Towing Capacity 90,900 lbs. ft. Maximum

First Gear Second Gear Third Gear Reverse

Tractive Effort

Angle of Approach

Angle of Departure

Cruining Range

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

Cil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

ARMOR :

Hull Above Sponson Line

Front lin. @ 64°

Sides lin. @ 0°

Rear

Top 0.875 in. Bottom 1 in.

Type Armor Homogeneous

Mtr Cr

ARMOR: (Cont'd)

Turret None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 240mm Howitzer, M1

Mount T30

Caliber 240mm Length in Calibers 34(Bore) Total Length (in.) Est. Tube Life 2000 rds. Weight of Gun and Mount (1bs.)

Out of Balance.

Breech Block Interrupted Screw

Maximum Chamber Pressure 36,000 psi

Maximum Range 150 Elevation 8450 yds. (Min.Chg.)

Maximum On Carriage Range 25,225 yds.

Ammunition Stowage None

Maximum Elevation 65%

Maximum Depression To

Maximum Traverse R-12°; L-12°

Type Recoil Mechanism Hydraulic

Type Oil Special

Type Counterrecoil Mechanism Hydropneumatic Normal Recoil 54.2 to 58.8 in.

Maximum Recoil 60 in. Type Equilibrator Hydropneumatic

Elevating Handwheel: Effort

Mils per Turn Mils per Turn

Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort

Power Traverse: None

Secondary Weapons:

Carbines, Cal 130, M1

Ammunition: Ammunition Carried in Accompanying Vehicle, Carrier, Cargo.T31:

And the second s		
AMMUN IT ION	•	HE (NC)
Mode1	· 	* *
Wt. Projectile (360
Wt. Round (1bs.).		Sep. Load.
Wt. Propellant (lbs.)	80
Length Round (in	•)	Sep. Load.
Fuze Model		*
Muzzle Velocity	(f/s).	:2300
Pene. Home. Plate	e @	
1000 yds. & @ 30	၇ ၀	
obliquity (in.)		

^{*} M114, M114; w/suppl. chg. w/Fuze PD M51, 51A1, 51A3, 51A4 or Fuze, Time. Mechanical, M67, 67A1, 67A2, 67A4 or Fuze, CP, M78; M14 adapted for Fuze, VT, T76E6.

Fire Control:

Direct Fire Telescope, Elbow, M16AlEl Mount Tel., T152

Indirect Fire Telescope, Pancramic, M12 Mount Tel., M30 Quadrant. Gunner's, M1

Vision Devices Vision Cupola Vision Cupola Location Driver's Hatch Location Ass't. Driver's Hatch

Others

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Ford Motor Co. Model GAF

Type V-8, Gas, Liquid Cooled Fuel, Type Gas, 80 plus Oct.

Cooling System Liquid

No. Cylinders 8 Horsepower (Rated) 500 at 2600 RPM

Displacement (cu.in.) 1100 Bore (in.) 5.4 Stroke (in.) 6

Governed Speed (rpm) 2600 (under load) Compression Ratio 7.5:1

Clutch: None

Transmis sion: .

Make Detroit Transmission Div., GMC
Type Tcrqmatic
No. of Speeds: Forward 3 Reverse 1
Gear Ratios
First 1:1
Second 1:2.337
Third 1:4.105

Reverse 1:1.322

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Gear Ratio 3.53:1

Type Controlled Steering Ratio 1.79:1

Final Drive:

Make Chrysler Corp. Gear Ratio 6.25:1

Type Planetary

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratic '.38:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (2) 250 gals. Transmission 31 qts. Differential 60 qts. 12 qts. Final Drives Engine & Oil Filter 32 qts. Oil Bath Air Cleaners 3 qts. Auxiliary Generator Power Plant Cooling System 22 gals. Transfer Case Common with Transmission

RUNN ING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Individual Torsion Bar

Track:

Type All rubber, double pin, center guide Model T84E3
Steel, rubber backed, double pin, center *** T80E3
Width (in.) 23; w/extended end connector: 28 Pitch (in.) 6
Length of Ground Contact (in.) 182 @ 1 in Pen
Drive Front Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 812 Shoes per Track 94

Wheels: Number 14 Duals Size (in.) 26 x 6

Tires: Cured on Wheels

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries 'Number 2 Voltage 12

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 24 Amps 75

Auxiliary Generator Make Homelite Voltage 24 Amps 60

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type Location
No. of Interphone Outlets: 4

FIRE PROTECTION: 2 10.1b CO2 Fixed 2 4 1b CO2 Portable

CHARACTERISTICS

Truck, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -Ton, 6x6, LWB

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

All wheel drive, medium cargo vehicle capable of cross-country speration.

GENERAL:

Make: General Motors Corporation

Type: 6x6 Cargo

Model: CCKW-353

Loaded to Rated Load

Weight: (lbs.)

Axle Make

Timken-Detroit Axle Co.

General Motors Corp.

Net.

Gross

Gross

Payload

w/winch w/o winch w/winch w/o winch

15,450 5,350 (Incl.

11,230 10,230 16,580 15,580 5,350 350

lbs. Pers. Wt.)

Weight Distribution: (lbs)

Axle Make

Empty

W/winch

W/o winch

Timken-Detroit Axle Co.

General Motors Corporation

Timken-Detroit Axle Co. General Motors Corporation Rear Axle Load

w/winch w/o winch Axle Make Front Axle Load : 5484 5150 ... Timken-Detroit Axle Co. 5527 5193 General Motors Corporation Rear axle Load 10966 10300 Timken-Detroit Axle-Co 11053 10387 · General Motors Corporation

Overall Dimensions: (in.)

Length w/winch 270 Width 88 Height 107 w/o winch 256

Reducible to: (in.) Length Width Height 744

...Cargo Space:

Cu. Ft.
Length (in.) 144-7/16 Height of Bed (in.) 14
Width (in.) 80 Height of Bows above Floor (in.) 61

Leasing Feight: (2:1) Wooden Body 48 Steel Body 47

Wheelesse: (in.) 164 Tread (in.) Front 624 Rear 67-3/4

Grand Clearance: (in.) Front Axle 9-7/8 Rear Axle 9-3/8 Chassis 174

Consulted Ground Pressure: (PSI) Net Load

(PSI) Gross Load

HP/Ton Gross Weight: 12.6 w/winch; 13.4 w/o winch

Crew: 2

PERFORMANCE:

Rated Speed 45 mph

65% Maximum Grade High Low Maximum Fording Depth First Gear Minimum Turning Circle (O.D.) 64 ft. Second Gear 4500 lbs. Third Gear Towing Capacity Angle of Approach 31° w/winch; 54° w/o winch Fourth Gear 36° Angle of Departure Fifth Gear 300 mi. Cruising Range Reverse Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.) 7.5 Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

ARMOR: None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL: As provided in various T/O&E's, i.e.

Gun, Mach., Cal. .50, HB, M2, Flex,

Mounted in Ring Mount.

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make GMC
Type In Line, 4 Cycle, Gas
No.Cylinders 6
Displacement (cu.in) 270.5
Governed Speed (rpm) 2750

Model 270
Fuel, Type Gas, 70 Oct Cooling System Liquid
Horsepower (Rated) 104 at 3000 RPM
Bore(in:) 3-25/32 Stroke(in.) 4
Compression Ratio 6.75:1

Clutch:

Make Inland Mfg. Div., GMC, & Long Mfg. Co. Type Press. Plate, Disc.

Transmission:

Make Clark Equip. Co. Type Selective, Sliding, Overdrive Reverse 1 No. of Speeds Forward 5 Gear Ratios First 6.06:1 Second 3.50:1 Third 1.80:1 Fourth 1.00:1 Fifth 0.80:1 Reverse 6.00:1

Front Axle:

Make Timken-Detroit Axle Co. Type High Traction
General Motors Corporation
Gear Ratio 6.60:1

Intermediate & Rear Axle:

Make Timken-Detroit Axle Co.
General Motors Corporation
Gear Ratio 6.60:1

Type Banjo or Split

Transfer Case:

Timken-Detroit Axle Co: 1:16:1 2:61:1 General Motors Corporation 1:16:1 2:63:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (1) 40 gals.

Transmission $5\frac{1}{2}$ qts.

Differential Front, Int. & Rear Axles $6\frac{1}{2}$ qts. each Engine & Oil Filter 10 qts.

Oil Bath Air Cleaners 1 qt.

Cooling System 19 qts.

Transfer Case $2\frac{1}{4}$ qts.

Winch 1-7/8 qts.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Leaf Spring

Wheels: Number 10 Size (in.) 20

Tires:

Number 10; 1 Spare Type M&S Size (in.) 7.50 x 20 No. Plies 8 Revolutions Per Mile 576

Steering Mechanism: Type Mechanical

Brakes: Type Hydraulic

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

<u>Batteries</u> Number 1 Voltage 6
<u>Main Generator</u> Number 1 Voltage 6 Amps 40

COMMUNICATIONS: None

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 1 qt. Carbon Tetrachloride.

CHARACTERISTICS

Truck, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -Ton, Cargo, 4x4, T23

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

An entirely new type of cross country truck providing high ground clearance and flotation characteristics for negotiating swampy terrain previously considered impassable to standard military vehicles.

GENERAL:

Make: Chrysler Corp.

Model: T23

Type: 4x4, Cargo

Weight: (lbs.) Net 14,595

Gross 19,595

Payload 5000

Weight Distribution: (lbs)

Empty Front Axle Load 9960

Rear Axle Load 4635 Loaded to Rated Load Front Axle Load 10950 Rear Axle Load

Overall Dimensions: (in.)

Length 231-5/8

Width 96

Height 111-5/8

Reducible to: (in.)

Length

Width

Height 89½

Cargo Space:

Cu. Ft. Length(in.) Width (in.) 80 Height of Bed (in.) Height of Bows above Floor (in.)

Loading Height: (in.) 52-1/8

Wheelbase: (in.) 124

Tread:(in.) Front 76-1/8 Rear 76-1/8

Ground Clearance: (in.)

Front and Rear 25: Amidships 37

: Computed Ground Pressure:

(PSI) Net Load

(PSI) Gross Load

HP/Ton Gress Weight: 12.3

High

Low

Maximum Grade Hi: 3.9% Lo: 87.5% Maximum Vertical Wall
Maximum Fording Depth 65 in. First Gear Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) 66 ft. Second Gear Third Gear 4500 lbs. Towing Capacity 40 Fourth Gear Angle of Approach 570 Fifth Gear Angle of Departure Cruising Range 300 Mi. Highway Reverse Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.) .
Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

ARMOR: None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL: None

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Chrysler Corp.

Type In Line, 4 Cycle
No. Cylinders 6

Displacement (cu.in) 331
Governed Speed (rpm) 2800

Model

Fuel, Type Gas
Cooling System Liquit

Horsepower (Rated) 120 at 3200 RPM
Bore(in.) 3-3/4 Stroke(in.) 5
Compression Ratio 6.35:1

Clutch:

Make Borg & Beck Div., Borg-Warner Corp. Type Single Plate

Transmission:

Make Clark Equipment Co.
Type Selective Gear
No. of Speeds Forward 5 Reverse 1
Gear Ratios
First 6.06:1
Second 3.50:1
Third 1.80:1
Fourth 1.00:1
Fifth .799:1
Reverse 6.00:1

Front Axle:

Make Timken-Detroit Axle Co. Gear Ratio 6.8:1 Type Constant Velocity

Rear Axle:

Make Timken-Detroit Axle Co. Gear Ratio 6.8:1

Type Constant Velocity

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratios

High 1:1

Low 2:18:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (1)

50 gals.

Transmission

 $5\frac{1}{2}$ qts.

Axles 7 qts. ea. (Front and Rear Axles)
Engine & Oil Filter 8 qts.

Oil Bath Air Cleaners 1 qt. Cooling System 32 qts.

Transfer Case

2 3/4 qts. 2 qt. 2 qt.

Winch

Air Compressor Steering Gear

3 qts.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Leaf Spring

Wheels: Number 4

Size (in.) 26

Tires:

Number 4

Type Central Tire Inflation System

Size (in.) 18.00 x 26 Rolling Radius 31 in.

No. Plies 10

Revolutions Per Mile 325

Steering Mechanism: Type Mechanical, with Air Assist

Brakes: Type Hydraulic

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries

Number 1

Main Generator

Number 1

Voltage 12 Voltage 15 Amps 50

COMMUNICATIONS: None

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 1 at. Caroon Tetrachloride

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

WINCH CAPACITY: 10,000 lbs.

CHARACTERIS TICS

Fruck, 3/4 Ton, 4x4, Ambulance (Knockdown)

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

All wheel drive field ambulance capable of cross country operations.

GENERAL:

Make: Bodge Division, Chrysler Corp.

Type: 4x4 Ambulance

Model: KG-77-2

Weight: (lbs.) Net 7140

Gross 8640

Payload 1500

Weight Distribution: (lbs.)

Empty

Front Axle Load 3120 Rear Axle Load 4020 Loaded to Rated Load
Front Axle Load 3200
Rear Axle Load 5440

Overall Dimensions: (in.)

Length 191-13/32

Width 84

Height 97-1/16

Reducible to: (in.)

Length

Width

Height

Cargo Space:

Cu. Ft. Fitted with Litters
'Length (in.) 91-9/16
Width (in.) 79-9/16

Height of Bed (in.) 59
Height of Bows above Floor (in.) None

Loading Height: (in.) 312

Wheelbase: (in.) 121

Tread: (in.) 64-3/4

Ground Clearance: (in.) 10-5/8 Front & Rear Axle 16-3/16 Amidships

Computed Ground Pressure:

(PSI) Net Load

(PSI) Gross Load

HP/Ton Gross Weight: 21.3

Crew: 2

PERFORMANCE:

Maximum Grade- High 6%; Low 60%

Maximum Vertical Wall

Maximum Fording Depth 34 in. Approx.

Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.) Right 48 ft;

Left 52½ ft.

Towing Capacity 1000 lbs.

Angle of Approach 540

Angle of Departure 260

Cruising Hange 240 mi./ w/Towad Load 210 mi.

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

Oil Economy (Mi. per yt.)

Max Speed None
First Gear 9 mph
Second Gear 18
Third Gear 33
Fourth Gear 54
Reverse 7

Rated Speed 54 mph

Low.

ARMOR: None .

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL: None

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Dodge Div., Chrysler Corp. Model T-214

Type In Line, 4 cycle Ruel, Type Gas, 70 Oct. Cooling System Liquid

No. Cylinders 6 Horsepower (Rated) 92 at 3200 RFM

Displacement (cu. in) 230:2 Rore(in.) 34 Stroke(in.) 4-5/8

Governed & peed (rpm) 3200 Compression Ratio 6.7:1

Clutch:

Make Borg & Beck Div., Borg-Warner Corp.
Type Single Dry Plate

Transmission:

Make New Process Gear Co.

Type Selective, Sliding Gear
No. of Speeds Forward 4 Reverse 1
Gear Ratios
First 6.40:1
Second 3.09:1
Third 1.69:1
Fourth 1.00:1
Reverse 7.82:1

Front Axle:

Make Dodge Div., Chrysler Corp.

Gear Ratio 5.83:1

Type Full Floating, Hypoid

Rear Axle:

Make Dodgo Div., Chrysler Corp. Type Full Floating, Hypoid Goar Ratio 5.83:1

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratio 1.00:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (1) 30 gals. 2-3/4 qts. Transmission Differential 3 qts. Engine & Oil Filter 5 qts. Oil Bath Air Cleaners 1 qt. Cooling System 19 qts.

Transfer Case

RUMINIENG GEAR:

Suspension: Type Leaf Spring

Wheels: Number 4 Size (in.)

16

Tires:

4; 1 sparc Number Type M&S Size (in.) 9.00 x 16 No. Plies Rolling Radius 17 in. Revolutions per Mile 593

l늘 qts.

Steering Mechanism: Typo Mechanical

Brakes: Type Hydraulic

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Voltage 6 Number 1 Main Generator Voltage 6 Number 1 Amps 40

COMMUNICATIONS: None

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 1 qt. Carbon Tetrachloride.

CHARACTERISTICS

Truck, $\frac{1}{4}$ -Ten, 4x4, C&R

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

All wheel drive, light command and reconnaissance vehicle embedying speed, mobility, and cross-country ability.

GENERAL:

Make: Willys-Overland Motors Inc. Model: MB

Ford Motor Co.

Type: 4x4

Weight: (lbs.) Net Willys 2453 Gross 3253 Payload 800) Incl. 30

. Ford 2474 3274 800).lbs.) Pers. I

Weight Distribution: (lbs.)

Empty

Loaded to Rated Load Willys Ford Front Axle Load 1318 1320 Rear Axle Load 1935 1954 Front Axle Load Rear Axle Load

Overall Dimensions: (in.)

Length $132\frac{1}{4}$ Width $62\frac{1}{4}$ Height 72.

Reducible to: (in:)

Length Width Height 52

Cargo Space:

Cu. Ft. Height of Bed (in.) 15-Length (in.) 33\frac{1}{4} Height of Bows above Floor (in.) 47 Width (in.) 55

Wheelbase: (in.) 80 Tread: (in.) Front 49-7/8 Rear 49-1/4

Ground Clearance: (in.) Front Axle 8-3/4; Rear Axle 8-3/4; Chassis 10-3/32

Computed Ground Pressure: (PSI) Net Load (PSI) Gross Load

HP/Ton Gress Weight: 33.9 (Calculated)

Crew: 2

Low

59.5% Maximum Grade High. 21 in. Maximum Fording Depth First Gear Minimum Turning Circle (O.D.) 35 ft. Second Gear 1000 lbs. Third Gear Towing Capacity 450 Angle of Approach Reverse 350 Angle of Departure 260 mi. Cruising Range Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.) Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

ARMOR: None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL: None

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Ford Motor Co.

Type In Line, 4 Cycle Fuel, Type Gas, 68 Oct. Cooling System Liquid No. Cylinders 4 Horsepower (Rated) 60 at 3800 RPM

Displacement (cu.in) 134.2 Bore(in.) 3.125 Stroke(in.) 4.375 Governed Speed (rpm) None Compression Ratio 6.48:1

Clutch:

Make Borg & Beck Div., Berg-Warner Corp.; Atwood Vacuum Machine Co. Type Friction Driven Single Plate; Pressure Plate

Transmission:

Make Warner Gear Div., Borg-Warner Corp.; Ford Motor Co.
Type Synchromesh, 2nd & 3rd Synchronized
No. of Speeds Forward 3 Reverse 1
Gear Ratios
First 2.67:1
Second 1.56:1
Third 1.00:1
Reverse 3.55:1

Frent Axle:

Make Spicer Mfg. Corp.; Ford Motor Co. Type Full Floating Gear Ratio 4.88:1

Rear Axle:

Make Spicer Mfg. Corp.; Ford Motor Co. Type Hypoid Gear Ratio 4.88:1

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratios High 1.00:1 Low 1.97:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks(1) 15 gal.
Transmission 1 qt.

Differential Front $l_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ qt.; Rear $l_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ qt.

Engine & Oil Filter 5 qts.
Oil Bath Air Cleaners 1 qt.
Cooling System 11 qts.
Transfer Case 12 qts.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Leaf Spring

Wheels: Number 4 Size (in.) 46

Tires:

Number 4; 1 spare Size (in.) 6.00 x 16 Rolling Radius 14 in.

Type Non-Directional M&S No. Plies 6 Revolutions Per Mile 720

Steering Mechanism: Type Mechanical

Brakes: Type Hydraulic

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 1 Voltage 6
Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 6 Amps 40

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR 510 or 610 Location Left Front Side of No. of Interphone Outlets: None Vehicle Behind Driver

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 , 1 qt. Carbon Tetrachloride

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Machine Guns and Mounts Installed by Troops per Tactical Conditions.

Rated Speed 25 MPH

Low

None

High

CHARACTERISTICS

Vehicle, Tank Recovery, M32B3

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

A full tracked recovery vehicle for cross-country evacuation of armored vehicles.

GENERAL:

Make: Lima Locomotive Works Inc.

Type: Full Tracked ... Model: M32B3

Keight: (lbs.) Net 58,000 Fighting 62,000

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 2294 Width 103 Height 104-3/16

Reducible to: (in.) Length Width Height

Tread: (in.) 83 Ground Clearance: (in.) 17-1/8

Computed Ground Pressure: 12.7 (PSI) Fighting Weight • 1 in. Pen.

HP/Ton Fighting Weight: 16.1

Crew: 6

PERFORMANCE:

. 60% Maximum Grade 24 in. First Gear Maximum Vertical Wall 74 in. Second Gear Maximum Trench Maximum Fording Depth 48 in. Third Gear Minimum Turning Circle (O.D.) & ft. Fourth Gear Towing Capacity Fifth Gear Angle of Approach Reverse Angle of Departure

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

Cruising Range

ARMOR:

Hull	Above Sponson Line	Below Sponson Line
Front	2.0 in. @ 55°	2 in4.25 at 45°
Sides	1.5 in. @ 00	1.5 in. @ 0°
Rear	1.5 in. @ 70°	l in. 😇 👓
Top	3/4 i	.n.
Bottom	l ir	le de la companya de
Type Armer	Homog eneous	

120 mi.

ARMOR: (Cont'd)

Turret

Front

 $l_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ in. @ 0°

Rear $l_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ in. @ 30°

Sides

這 in. @ 00 ···

Top None

Gun Mantlet

None

Type Armor

r Homogeneous

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Teapon: Gun, Mach., Cal. 50, HB, M2

Maximum Elevation 80° Maximum Traverse 360°

Maximum Depression 100

Secondary Weapons:

Mortar, 81 mm Gun, Mach., Cal..30, M191944, Flex.

Fire Control:

Vision Devices Periscope, M13 Location Driver's Hatch
Periscope, M13 Location Asst. Driver's Hatch

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Ford Motor Co. Model GAA

Type V-8, Cas, Liquid Cooled Fuel, Type Gas, 80 Oct.

Cooling System Liquid

No. Cylinders 8 Horsepower (Rated) 500 at 2600 RPM

Displacement (cu.in.) 1100 Bore (in.) 5.4 Stroke (in.) 6

Governed speed (rpm) 2600 (under load) Compression Ratio 7.5:1

Clutch:

Make Long Mfg. Co. Type Dry.Multi-Disc

Transmission:

Make Spicer Mfg. Corp.

Type Synchromesh

No. of Speeds Forward 5 Reverse 1

Gear Ratios

First 7.56:1

Second 3.11:1

Third 1.78:1

Fourth 1.11:1

Fifth .73:1

Reverse 5.65:1

POWER TRAIN: (Cont'd)

Differential:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC. Gear Ratio 3.53:1

Type Controlled Steering Ratio 1.515:1

Final Drive:

Make Buick Motor Div., GMC Gear Ratio 2.84:1

Type Herringbone

Transfer Case: None

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (4) 175 gals.

Transmission)
Differential)164 qts.
Final Drives)
Engine & Oil Filter 32 qts.
Oil Bath Air Cleaners 3½ qts.
Cooling System 56 qts.
Winch 5 qts.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Vertical Volute Spring

Track:

Type All rubber, double pin Model T48

All steel, double pin T74

Width (in.) 16-9/16 Pitch (in.) 6

Length of Ground Contact (in.) 147 @ 1 in. Pen.

Drive Front Sprocket Revolutions per Mi. 812 Shoes per Track 79

Whaels: Number 12 Size (in.) 16 x 9

Tires:

Number 12 Type Pressed On Size (in.) 20 x 9 No. Plies Solid

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled Differential

Brakes: Type Mechanical

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 2 Voltage 12

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 24 Amps 60

Auxiliary Generator Mone

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR-528 or 610 Location Rt Sponson

No. of Interphone Outlets: 4

FIRE PROTECTION: 2 10 1b CO₂ Fixed 2 4 1b CO₂ Portable

All wheel drive amphibian cargo or personnel carrier's

GENERAL:

Make: General Motors Corporation

Type: Amphibian, 6x6

Model: DUKW 353

Weight: (lbs.) Net 14,760

Gross 19,760

Payload, 5,000

Weight Distribution: (lbs.)

Emp ty Front Axle Load Rear Axle Load

Loaded to Rated Load Front Axle Load 5250 Rear Axle Load 14510

Overall Dimensions: (in.)

Length 372 Width 96 Height 1104 w/ring mount 106 w/o ring mount

Reducible to: (in.)

Width 85-3/8 Height 104-3/4 w/ring mount Length 90 w/o ring mount

Loaded Waterline Lengths (in.) 344

Loaded Freeboard: (in.)

At Cosming Front 29 Roar 29 At Deck Front 24 Rear

Loaded Draft: (in.)

At Front Wheels 42

At Rear Wheels

Cargo Space:

·Cu. Ft. To Top of Coaming 196 Under Tarpaulin Bows 385

Height of Bed (in.) Front 28 Rear 272

Length (in.) 148 Width (in.) 82

Height of Bows above Floor(i...) Front 54 . Lear 49

Loading Height: (in.)

Wheelbase: (in.) 164

Tread: (in.) Front 63-5/8

Rear 63-7/8

Ground Clearance: (in.) 114 All Axles; 18 Chassis

Cruising Speed, 3rd Gear 50 mi.

Computed Ground Pressure:

(PSI) Net Load (PSI) Gross Load

HP/Ton Gross Weights

Crew: 2

PERFORMANCE:		Ra te c	1 Speed 50 MI	PH
		High	٠.	Low
Maximum Grade 65%		,,	Land MPH	
Maximum Vortical Wall 17 in.	•		On Smooth	
Maximum Fording Depth Amphibious			Water	
Minimum Turning Circle (0.D.)	First Gear	7	• • • •	3
Water 40 ft.	Second Gear	11	6.0	5
Land $68\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	Third Gear	22	4.8	10
Towing Capacity	Fourth Gear	40		18
Angle of Approach 380	Fifth Gear	50 .		22
Angle of Departure 25°15.	Reverse	7	2.5	3
Cruising Range				
Land 240 mi.		*		
Water Top Speed 2nd Gear 30 mi.	y salah L			14.30

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

Gas Economy (Mi. per gal.)

ARMOR: None

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: Gun, Mach., Cal., 50, HB, M2FTe t.Mount M36

Maximum Elevation Maximum Depression
Maximum Traverse

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make GMC
Type: Valve-in-Head, 6 cyl. Fuel, Type Gas, 75 Oct.
Cooling System Liquid
No. Cylinders 6 Horsepower (Rated) 104 at 3000 RPM
Displacement (cu. in.) 270.5 Bore(in.) 3-25/32 Stroke(in.) 4
Governed Speed (rpm) 2750 Compression Ratio 6.75:1

Clutch:

Make Inland Mfg. Div., GfC.
Type Dry, Single Plato, Disc

Transmission:

Make Clark Equipment Co.

Type 5 Speed Overdrive, Selective, Sliding Gear

No. of Speeds Forward 5 Reverse 1

Gear Ratios

First 6.06:1

Second 3.50:1

Third 1.80:1

Four th 1.00:1

Fifth .799:1

Reverse 6.00:1

Front Axle:

Make General Motors Corporation Type Banjo Full Floating

Gear Ratio 6.6:1

Rear Axle:

Make General Motors Corporation Type Banjo or Split Full Floating Gear Ratio 6.6:1

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratios High 1.16:1 Low 2.63:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (1) 40 gals

Transmission $5\frac{1}{2}$ qts.

Differential Front, Int., Rear Axles $6\frac{1}{2}$ qts. ea

Engine & Oil Filter 10 qts.
Oil Bath Air Cleaners 1 qt.

Cooling System 20 qts.

Transfer Case $2\frac{1}{4}$ qts.

Winch

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Leaf Spring

Wheels: Number 10 Size (in.)

Tires:

Number 10 Type Military Desert, Flotation Size (in.) 11.00x18 No. Plies 10
Rolling Radius 20 in. Revolutions Per Mile 504

Steering Mechanism: Type Mechanical

Brakes: Type Hydraulic (Hydrovac)

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 1 Voltage 6 Maps 40

COMMUNICATIONS: None

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Life Preservers, Jacket Type 15; Life Ring 1; Winch Cap 10,000 lbs. Central Tire Inflation System
Bilge Pumps: 1 60 gallon per minute Rotary Pump; 1 260 gallon per minute Centrifugal Pump; 1 50 gallon per minute Hand Pump for

emergency use.

Equipped with anchor and shackle...

FIRE PROTECTION: 2 1 qt. Carbon Tetrachloride or 2 4 lbs. CO2 Portable.

342.3

Landing Vehicle, Tracked, LVT (A) 5

A full tracked amphibious armored howitzer carriage.

GENERAL

Food Machinery Corp. Make:

Type: Full Tracked Amphibian Model: LVT (A) 5

Weight: (lbs.) Net 33,200 Fighting: 39,460

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 313 Width 128 Height 1222

Length Height Reducible to: (in.) Width 1920.49 %

Draft to Bottom of Grousers: (in.)

Ground Clearancet (in.) 18 Hard Ground 15 Soft Ground Tread: (in.) $113\frac{1}{2}$

Computed Ground Pressure: 10.9 (PSI)

HP/Ton Gross Weight: 12.7

Crew:

mph. Rated Speed and Lunch mph. ax water speed 6 mph. High Low Rated Speed Max land spood 21

Maximum Grade 60%. Maximum Vertical Wall 36 in.
Maximum Trench
Maximum Fording Depth Amphibious First Gear Second Gear None Third Gear

Minimum Turning Circle (Q.D.) 30 ft. on land Fourth Gear Fifth Gear Towing Capacity :

Reverse Angle:of Approach . . Angle of Departure

Cruising Range Gas Economy (Miles per gal.)

Oil Economy (Miles per qt.)

ARMOR:

Below Sponson Above Sponson Hull 14 in.
14 in.
15 in.
16 in.
16 in. Front Sides Rear Top None Bottom. Pin-on Type Armor

Turret

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. Front Sides 1 in.

Rolled Homogeneous Type Armor

Rear Top None

WEAPONS. AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 75mm Howitzer, M3

Mount: M7

Total Length (in.) 54.18

Est. Tube Life 20,000 rds.

Caliber 75mm Length in Calibers 15 cal.

Weight of Gun and Mount (lbs.)

Out of Balance

Breech Block Horizontal Sliding Wedge Maximum Chamber Pressure 29,000 psi Maximum Range 150 Elevation 5631 yds.

Maximum On Carriage Range 9550 yds.

Ammunition Stowage 6 Rds. in Ready Racks 94 Rds. on Vehicle

Total Rds: 100

Maximum Elevation 40° Maximum Traverse 360° Maximum Depression 200

Turret Friction

Type Recoil Mechanism Hydro-spring

Type Oil Special Normal Recoil 11.62 in.

Maximum Recoil

Type Equilibrator Mone

Elevating Handwheel: Effort Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort . Power Traverse: Control Effort

Tils por Turn Mils per Turn Turret RFM

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach, Cal .30

Gun, Mach, Cal .30 or 50 Gun, Mach, Cal .30 or 50

Mount Cab

Mount Turret Port Side Mount Turret Starboard Side

Ammunition:

HE (NC)	HEAT	SMOKE	SMOKE
•		FS	WP
M48	M66	. м64	м64
14.60.	13.10	15.41	15.25
18.24	16.30	19.05	18.89
1.06	1.04	1.04	1.04
23:48	23.47	23.49	23.49
* ,	**	P.D.M57	P.D.M.57
1250	1000	850	850
			,
	3.625		
	M48 14.60 18.24 1.06 23.48	M48 M66 14.60 13.10 18.24 16.30 1.06 1.04 23.48 23.47 *** 1250 1000	FS M48 M66 M64 14.60 13.10 15.41 18.24 16.30 19.05 1.06 1.04 1.04 23.48 23.47 23.49 * ** P.D.M57 1250 1000 850

* P.D. M48A2, TSQ., M54 * B.D. M62 or M62A1

Direct Fire Telescope, M70R Fig. 1 Street St

据中的有种。1870年的方面的"大大"的"大

Indirect Fire Telescope, Panoramic, M12A5 . Mount, M44 .

一种主义、建筑工艺法律等于更大的。

The second of th

Vision Devices - Vision Blocks

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Continental Motors Corp. Model W670-9A Type Radial, 7 cyl. Fuel, Type 80 Oct. Cooling System Air No. Cylinders 7 Horsepower (Rated) 250 at 2400 RPM No. Cylinders 7 Displacement (cu.in.) 667.86 Bore(in.) 5-1/8 Stroke(in.)
Governed Speed (rpm) 2600. Compression Ratio 6.1:1

Clutch:

Make

Type Modified Rockford

Transmission: One Unit with Controlled Differential

Make Spicer Universal Joint Co.; Wisconsin Axle Co.

Type Synchromesh Forward 5

. No. of Speeds Gear Ratios

5.37:1 First

Second - 2.82:1

1.72:1 Third Fourth 1.22:1

Fifther .87291 ABA ANTO ABA SANS

Reverse 6.19:14 04 (10

Differential: One Unit with Transmission

Make Spicer Universal Joint Co.; Wisconsin Axle Co. Type Controlled Gear Ratio 2.62:1 Steering Ratio 1.845:1 College of the Colleg

Final Drive:

Make, Gear Ratio 2.57:1 Type Herringbone

TO SERVE SHOW A SE

Transfer Case: None

: o :

DESTRUCTION OF THE STREET

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (2)

Transmission
Differential
Final Drives
Engine & Oil Filter
Oil Bath Air Cleaners
Auxiliary Generator Power Plant
Cooling System

110 gals.
24 qts
3 qts. (ea.)
23 qts.
41r Cooled

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Torsional Shaft, Rubber Bearings

Track:

Type. All Steel

Width (in.) 14½ Fitch (in.) 8 (Double Pitch)

Length of Ground Contact (in.) 126½

Drive Front Spincket Revolutions per mi. 960

Shoes per Track 73 (Double Fitch)

Wheels: Number 22 Size (in) $8-5/8 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$

Tires:

Number 22 Type Pressed On Size (in.) $12 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$ No. Plies Solid

Steering Mechanism: Type Controlled

Brakes: Type Steering

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:

Batteries Number 2 Voltage 6

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 12 Amps 45

Auxiliary Generator Make Delco (2) Voltage 12 Amps 60

COMUNICATIONS:

Radios Type IC Location
No. of Interphone Outlets 5

FIRE PROTECTION: 2 101b.00 Fixed 1 4 1b.00 Portable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Turret Traverse: Type Hydraulic . Mfgr. The Oil Gear Co.

Auxiliary Type: Manual Mfgr. New Process Gear Co.

Gyrostabilizer: Ye

Bilge Fumps: One 500 gallons per minute centrifugal Pump, One 40 gallons per minute hand-operated Diaphragm Pump for

emergency use only.

Signalling Search Light Equipped

ERIEF DESCRIPTION:

All wheel drive armored reconnaissance car with cross country operating abilities ...

GENERAL:

Make: Ford Motor Co.

Type: 6x6 Armored Car

Model: M8

Weight: (1bs.) Net 14,500

Fighting 17,200

Weight Distribution: (lbs.)

Empty ... Front Axle Load Second Axle Load Rear Axle Load

Loaded to Rated Load Front Axle Load Second Axle Load 5420 Rear Axle Load 5420

Overall Dimensions: (in.) Length 197 Width 100

Height 885

Reducible to: (in.) Length

Width

Height

Wheelbase: (in.) Front Axle to Center of Rear Pagie 104 Front to Rear Axle 128 Front to Second Axle 80,

Ground Clearance: (in.) 112

Tread: (in) 76

Computed Ground Pressure: 11.7

(PSI) Fighting Weight @ 4 in. Pen.

HP/Ton Gross Weight: 12.8

Oil Economy (Mi. per qt.)

Crews

F	ERFORMAN CE:		Rated	Speed	56 mph	
	Maximum Grade 60% Maximum Vertical Wall 12 in.	First Gear	High 8 mph		Low 4 mph	
	Maximum Fording Depth 32 in.	Second Gear	15		8	
١.	Minimum Turning Circle(0.D.) 56 ft.	Third Gear	32		16	
	Towing Capacity	Fourth Gear	56		28 ' /	
	Angle of Approach 60°	Reverse	8	• .	4	
	Angle of Departure 45°.				ζ.	
	Cruising Range 400 mi.				, i	
	Ga's Economy (Mi. per gal.) 7.5					

ARMOR:

Hull Above Sponson Line Below Sponson Line Front $3/4 \text{ in. } @ 45^{\circ}$ 1/2 in. & 5/8 in. @ 60° & 30° 3/8 in. @ 22° Sides 3/8 in. @ 22° $3/8 \text{ in. } @ 0^{\circ}$ Rear 1/4 in. Top 1/4 in. Bottom Type Armor Homogeneous Plate

Turret

Front 3/4 in. @ 20° Rear 3/4 in. @ 20°
Sides 3/4 in. @ 20° Top 1/4 in.
Gun Mantlet
Type Armor Side-Cast Armor: Top-Homogeneous Plate

WEAPONS, AMMUNITION AND FIRE CONTROL:

Primary Weapon: 57mm M6

Mount M23A1

Length in Calibers 53.5 (Bore) Total Length(in.) 82.50 Caliber 37mm Weight of Gun and Mount(lbs.) 262.5 Est. Tube Life 700 rds w/APC, M51 Out of Balance Breech Block Semi-Auto, Vertical Sliding Maximum Chamber Pressuro Maximum Range 150 Elevation 7200 w/Shell HE(NC) Maximum On Carriage Range 7583 yds. w/Shell HE(NC) Ammunition Stowage 16 Rds. in clips in turret; 64 Rds. in rack upper sponson. Total Lds 80 Maximum Elevation 20° (355.6 mils) Maximum Depression 100 Maximum Traverse 360° Turret Friction Type accoil Mechanism Hydro-spring Type Oil Special Maximum Lecoil 8 in. Normal Recoil 7 in. Type Equilibrator None Elevating Handwheel: Effort Mils per Turn Hand Traverse Handwheel: Effort Mils per Turn Power Traverse: None

Secondary Weapons:

Gun, Mach., Cal.50, HB, M2, Flex Mount D60258 Gun, Mach., Cal.30, M1919A4, Flex Mount M23A1 Carbines, Cal.30, M1

Ammunition:

AMMUN ITION	HE (NC)	APC	CANNISTER
Model	м63	M51	M2
Mt. Projectile (lbs.)	1.61	1.92	1.89
ht. hound (IDS.)	3.08	3.46	3.36
Mt. Propellant (lbs.)	0.44	0.51	0.44
Length wound (in.)	14.09	14.53	14.53
Fuze Model	M58	None	None
Muzzle Velocity (1/s)	2600	2900	2450
Pene. Home Plate & 1000 yds. & @ 30° obliquity (in.)		1.86	1

Fire Control:

Mount Combination M23Al Direct Fire Tolescope, M70D

Indirect Fire None

Location Driver's Hatch Vision Slots Vision Devices

Location Assit.Driver's Hatch Vision Slots

Prisms, Protectoscope Location Driver's Hatch

Prisms, Protectoscope Location Assit.Driver's Hatch

Others

Binoculars, M3

POWER TRAIN:

Engine:

Make Hercules Motors Corp. Model J X D

Type In Line, 4 Cycle Fuel, Type Gas, 70-80 Oct.

Cooling System Liquid

No. Cylinders 6 Horsepower (Rated) 110 at 3200 Displacement (cu.in.) 320 Bore (in.) 4 Stroke (in.) 4.25 Compression Ratio 6.7:1

Governed Speed (rpm)

Clutch:

Make Long Mfg. Co. Type Single Plate, Dry

Transmission:

Make Warner Gear Div., Borg-Warner Corp.

Type Synchronized, Selective Gear

No. of Speeds Forward 4 Reverse 1

Gear Ratios

First ' 6.499:1 Second . 3.543:1 1.752:1 Third Four th 1.000:1 Reverse 6.987:1

Front Axle:

Make Timken-Detroit Axle Co.

Type Split-type Housing

Gear Ratio 6.66:1

Intermediate & Rear Axle:

Make Ford Motor Co. Gear Ratio 6.66:1

Type Full Floating Banjo

Transfer Case:

Gear Ratios

High 1.00:1

Low 1.956:1

TABLE OF CAPACITIES:

Fuel Tanks (1)

59 gals. Transmission 4호 qts. Differential Front 2-3/4 qts.; Rear $2\frac{1}{4}$ qts.

Engine & Oil Filter 7 qts. Oil Bath Air Cleaners 2 qts.

 $23\frac{1}{2}$ qts. Cooling System Transfer Case 24 qts.

RUNNING GEAR:

Suspension: Type Semi-Elliptic Leaf Springs

Track: None

Wheels: Number 6 Size (in.) 20

Tires:

Number -Combat Туре Size (in.) 9.00 x 20 No. Plies Rolling Radius 19 in. Revolutions Per Mile 531

Steering Mechanism! Type Worm & Roller

Brakes: Type Hydraulic (Hydrovac)

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM!

Ratteries Number 1 Voltage 12

Main Generator Number 1 Voltage 12 Amps 60

Auxiliary Generator None

COMMUNICATIONS:

Radios: Type SCR 506 (Command Vehicle Only) Location Either Sponson SCR 508 or 510 or 608 or 610 Location Either Sponson No. of Interphone Outlets: 4

FIRE PROTECTION: 1 4 lb CO2 Portable

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

When two radios are installed, 64 rd. 37mm ammunition box is removed.

Turret Traverse: Type Two speed, Hand Mfgr. Ford Motor Co.

Gyrostabilizer: None

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