

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE 59TH MEDICAL WING (AETC) JOINT BASE SAN ANTONIO - LACKLAND TEXAS



18 JULY 2017

MEMORANDUM FOR 59RSQ

ATTN: LIEM T MANSFIELD

FROM: 59 MDW/SGVU

SUBJECT: Professional Presentation Approval

- Your paper, entitled <u>Blast Injury of the Lower Extremities</u>: From the Battlefield to the <u>Home Front</u> presented at/published to <u>American Society of Emergency Radiology Annual Meeting, Toronto, Canada 6-9 September 2017 in accordance with MDWI 41-108, has been approved and assigned local file #<u>17276</u>.
 </u>
- 2. Pertinent biographic information (name of author(s) title, etc.) has been entered into our computer file. Please advise us (by phone or mail) that your presentation was given. At that time, we will need the date (month, day and year) along with the location of your presentation. It is important to update this information so that we can provide quality support for you, your department, and the Medical Center commander. This information is used to document the scholarly activities of our professional staff and students, which is an essential component of Wilford Hall Ambulatory Surgical Center (WHASC) internship and residency programs.
- 3. Please know that if you are a Graduate Health Sciences Education student and your department has told you they cannot fund your publication, the 59th Clinical Research Division may pay for your basic journal publishing charges (to include costs for tables and black and white photos). We cannot pay for reprints. If you are a 59 MDW staff member, we can forward your request for funds to the designated Wing POC at the Chief Scientist's Office, Ms. Alice Houy, office phone: 210-292-8029; email address: alice.houy.civ@mail.mil.
- 4. Congratulations, and thank you for your efforts and time. Your contributions are vital to the medical mission. We look forward to assisting you in your future publication/presentation efforts.

LINDA STEEL-GOODWIN, Col, USAF, BSC Director, Clinical Investigations & Research Support

PROCESSING OF PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL RESEARCH/TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS/PRESENTATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

USE ONLY THE MOST CURRENT 59 MDW FORM 3039 LOCATED ON AF E-PUBLISHING

- 1. The author must complete page two of this form:
 - a. In Section 2, add the funding source for your study [e.g., 59 MDW CRD Graduate Health Sciences Education (GHSE) (SG5 O&M); SG5 R&D; Tri-Service Nursing Research Program (TSNRP); Defense Medical Research & Development Program (DMRDP); NIH; Congressionally Directed Medical Research Program (CDMRP); Grants; etc.]
 - b. In Section 2, there may be funding available for journal costs, if your department is not paying for figures, tables or photographs for your publication. Please state "YES" or "NO" in Section 2 of the form, if you need publication funding support.
- 2. Print your name, rank/grade, sign and date the form in the author's signature block or use an electronic signature.
- 3. Attach a copy of the 59 MDW IRB or IACUC approval letter for the research related study. If this is a technical publication/presentation, state the type (e.g. case report, QA/QI study, program evaluation study, informational report/briefing, etc.) in the "Protocol Title" box.
- 4. Attach a copy of your abstract, paper, poster and other supporting documentation.
- Save and forward, via email, the processing form and all supporting documentation to your unit commander, program director or immediate supervisor for review/approval.
- 6. On page 2, have either your unit commander, program director or immediate supervisor:
 - a. Print their name, rank/grade, title; sign and date the form in the approving authority's signature block or use an electronic signature.
- 7. Submit your completed form and all supporting documentation to the CRD for processing to: usaf.jbsa.59-mdw.mbx.wing-crd-publications-and-presentations@mail.mil. This should be accomplished no later than 30 days before final clearance is required to publish/present your materials. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact the 59 CRD/Publications and Presentations Section at 292-7141 for assistance.
- 8. The 59 CRD/Publications and Presentations Section will route the request form to clinical investigations, 502 ISG/JAC (Ethics Review) and Public Affairs (59 MDW/PA) for review and then forward you a final letter of approval or disapproval.
- Once your manuscript, poster or presentation has been approved for a one-time public release, you may proceed with your publication or presentation submission activities, as stated on this form. Note: For each new release of medical research or technical information as a publication/presentation, a new 59 MDW Form 3039 must be submitted for review and approval.
- 10. If your manuscript is accepted for scientific publication, please contact the 59 CRD/Publications and Presentations Section at 292-7141. This information is reported to the 59 MDW/CC. All medical research or technical information publications/presentations must be reported to the Defense Technical Information Center (DITC). See 59 MDWI 41-108, Presentation and Publication of Medical and Technical Papers, for additional information.
- 11. The Joint Ethics Regulation (JER) DoD 5500.07-R, Standards of Conduct, provides standards of ethical conduct for all DoD personnel and their interactions with other non-DoD entities, organizations, societies, conferences, etc. Part of the Form 3039 review and approval process includes a legal ethics review to address any potential conflicts related to DoD personnel participating in non-DoD sponsored conferences, professional meetings, publication/presentation disclosures to domestic and foreign audiences, DoD personnel accepting non-DoD contributions, awards, honoraria, gifts, etc. The specific circumstances for your presentation will determine whether a legal review is necessary. If you (as the author) or your supervisor check "NO" in block 17 of the Form 3039, your research or technical documents will not be forwarded to the 502 ISG/JAC legal office for an ethics review. To assist you in making this decision about whether to request a legal review, the following examples are provided as a guideline:

For presentations before professional societies and like organizations, the 59 MDW Public Affairs Office (PAO) will provide the needed review to ensure proper disclaimers are included and the subject matter of the presentation does not create any cause for DoD concern.

If the sponsor of a conference or meeting is a DoD entity, an ethics review of your presentation is not required, since the DoD entity is responsible to obtain all approvals for the event.

If the sponsor of a conference or meeting is a non-DoD commercial entity or an entity seeking to do business with the government, then your presentation should have an ethics review.

If your travel is being paid for (in whole or in part) by a non-Federal entity (someone other than the government), a legal ethics review is needed. These requests for legal review should come through the 59 MDW Gifts and Grants Office to 502 ISG/JAC.

If you are receiving an honorarium or payment for speaking, a legal ethics review is required.

If you (as the author) or your supervisor check "YES" in block 17 of the Form 3039, your research or technical documents will be forwarded simultaneously to the 502 ISG/JAC legal office and PAO for review to help reduce turn-around time. If you have any questions regarding legal reviews, please contact the legal office at (210) 671-5795/3365, DSN 473.

- NOTE: All abstracts, papers, posters, etc., should contain the following disclaimer statement:
 - "The views expressed are those of the [author(s)] [presenter(s)] and do not reflect the official views or policy of the Department of Defense or its Components"
- NOTE: All abstracts, papers, posters, etc., should contain the following disclaimer statement for research involving humans:
 - "The voluntary, fully informed consent of the subjects used in this research was obtained as required by 32 CFR 219 and DODI 3216.02_AFI 40-402."
- NOTE: All abstracts, papers, posters, etc., should contain the following disclaimer statement for research involving animals, as required by AFMAN 40-401 IP:
 - "The experiments reported herein were conducted according to the principles set forth in the National Institute of Health Publication No. 80-23, Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals and the Animal Welfare Act of 1966, as amended."

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Blast Injury of the Extremities: From the Battlefield to the Home Front

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Disclosure Statements

- The authors received no financial support or incentive in the creation of this educational exhibit.
- The view(s) expressed herein are those of the authors and do not reflect the official policy or positions of Brooke Army Medical Center, the U.S. Army Medical Department, the U.S. Army Office of the Surgeon General, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Air Force, the Department of Defense, or the U.S. Government.

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Objectives

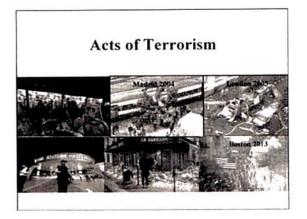
- To understand effects of explosion
- To review mechanism of injury and injury patterns in blast injuries
- To understand role of radiology in evaluation of acute injuries from improvised explosive devices (IED)
- To illustrate mounted and dismounted complex blast injuries

Sources of Blast Injury

- · Military combat operations
 - Conventional weapons
 - Landmines
 - Improvised explosive devices (IEDs)

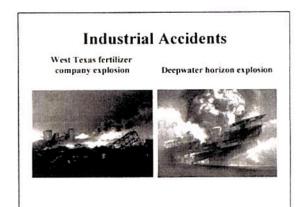
Sources of Blast Injury

- Military combat operations
 - Conventional weapons
 - Landmines
 - Improvised explosive devices (IEDs)
- · Acts of terrorism



Sources of Blast Injury

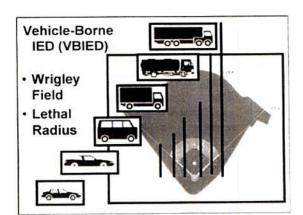
- Military combat operations
 - Conventional weapons
- Land mines
- Improvised explosive devices (IEDs)
- Acts of terrorism
- · Industrial accidents
 - Coal mines
 - Fertilizer and chemical plants
 - Fireworks factories

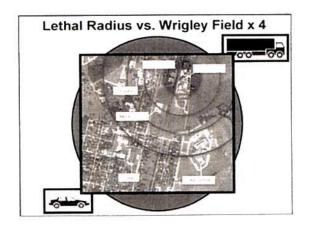


Definition

- I.E.D. is abbreviation for Improvised Explosive Devices
- · Types:
 - Package or object IED
 - Personnel-borne IED (suicide bomber)
 - Vehicle-borne IED (car or truck bomb)
 - Bomb-rigged house

Vehicle-Borne IED (VBIED)					
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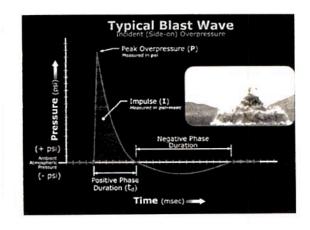




Blast Injury

- Explosion is rapid chemical conversion of solid or liquid into gas with resultant energy release
- · Two types of explosives
 - High-order explosives
 - Low-order explosives





High-Order Explosives

- TNT, C-4, Semtex, nitroglycerin, dynamite, and ammonium nitrate fuel oil
- Detonate quickly, generating heat and loud noise, filling space with high pressure gases in 1/1000th second, and producing supersonic over pressurization shock wave

 "black these " (assisting the second seco
- "blast wave" (positive wave) moves in all directions, exerting pressures up to 700 tons.
- Shock waves possess quality of brisance (shattering effect)

Low-Order Explosives

- Pipe bombs, gunpowder, Molotov cocktails, pure petroleum-based bombs
- Produce subsonic explosion without over pressurization shock wave
- Energy released relatively slowly and burns by a process of deflagration

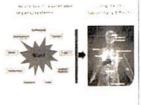
Effects of Explosives

- · Blast pressure wave
- · Fragmentation effect
- · Blast wind
- · Incendiary thermal effect
- Secondary blast pressure effects
- · Ground and water shocks

Mechanisms of injury and injury patterns in blast injury

 Specific injury patterns

 Lifethreatening, multisystem or multidimensional, injuries



System	Injury or Condition
Auditory	TM rupture, ossacular disruption, cochlear damage, foreign body
Face	Performed globe, foreign body, air embolism, fractures
Respiratory	Hast large, hemothorax, pastunothorax, pulmonary contained and hemorrhage, A-V fistules (source of air embolism), airway epithelial damage, aspiration reasonosisto, sepais
Gastrointestinal	Howel perforation, bemorthage, ruptured lever or spleen, sepain, mesenteric schemia from air embolium
Circulatory	Carchae containen, myocardial infarction from sir embolism, shock, vinswagal typotension, peripheral viscular injury, air embolism-induced injury
CNS	Concussion, closed and open brain injury, stroke, spinal cord injury, air embolism-induced injury
Genitourinary	Renal contusion or laceration, acute renal failure due to rhabdomyolysis, typotension, and hypovolensia, penile laceration, testicular rupture
Extremity	Traumatic amputation, fractures, crush musies, compartment syndrome, burns curs, lacerations, acute arternal occlusion, air embolam-induced mjury

Factors Affecting Injuries

- · Composition and type of bomb
- · Delivery method
- · Distance between victim and blast
- Location of blast, open or closed space
- Surrounding environmental barriers or hazards

Location of Blast

- Explosions in closed spaces or that result in structural collapse have higher mortality and injury rates
- 1 out of 4 victims died immediately in structural collapse
- 1 of 12 in confined space bombings
- 1 in 25 in open air bombings
- Bus bombings resulted in highest mortality rate

Reflected blast wave

Reflected blast wave

	Open air explosion	Bus explosion
Mortality	8%	49%
Survivor mean ISS	4	18
Primary blast injury	34%	78%

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Types of Blast Injuries

- Primary
- Secondary
- Tertiary
- Quaternary
- Quinary

Primary Blast Injuries

- Direct result of over pressurization wave's impact on body
- Occur mainly to gas-filled organs: auditory, pulmonary, & GI systems
- Injuries result from spalling, implosion, inertia, and extreme pressure differential at body surfaces causing stress wave that reproduces in underlying tissues
- Spalling occurs when shock wave travels from one medium to another of lesser density, such as from tissue fluid to air, resulting in waves in first medium that lead to macroscopic and microscopic tears at interface of 2 mediums

Primary Blast Injury



Secondary Blast Injuries

 Results from flying debris and bomb fragments "fragmentation effect" leading to penetrating ballistic or blunt force injuries



Tertiary Blast Injuries

- Result of individuals being thrown by <u>blast</u> wind
- Victims may tumble along ground or be thrown through air and strike other objects (walls, cars, fences, ground) with resultant blunt or penetrating trauma



Quaternary Blast Injuries

 Defined as any explosion-related injury or illness not due to any of the above, such as <u>burns</u> and <u>inhalational</u> <u>injuries</u>, exacerbation of underlying chronic conditions



Quinary Blast Injuries

 Due to toxic materials absorbed by body from blast resulting in hemodynamic problems

Injury Pattern

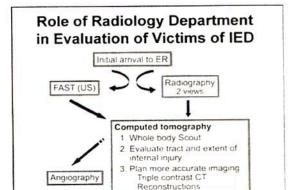
- Structural collapse victims sustained more inhalational and crush injuries (secondary and quaternary injuries) and fewer primary blast injuries
- Confined space bombings result in more primary and quaternary blast injuries
- Open air bombings led to higher rates of ballistic soft tissue injuries or more secondary blast injuries

Bombing Victims Had

- Higher injury severity scores, ISS > 16, 30% vs 10% for other trauma
- Increased immediate mortality, as high as 29% for closed space bombing
- Greater in-hospital mortality rate, 6.2% vs 3% for other trauma
- More frequent need for surgical intervention: orthopedic, longer hospital stays, greater use of intensive, younger age groups
- 53% requiring surgical procedures
- 23% requiring ICU stay
- · 20% having hospital length of stay > 14 days
- Higher hospital resource utilization than victims of other trauma

Causes of Death

 Multiple injuries 	39%
· Head and chest injuries	21%
· Complete disruption of bodies	14%
Head injuries	12%
Chest injuries	11%



Acute Setting

- Rapid mobilization of bedside radiography and sonography units in ED
- · Imaging: X-ray, FAST, CT, angiography
- Direct verbal communication with health care providers
- · Stability of PACS?
- Rapid interpretation of radiological exams which accompany patient upon transfer

Radiological Evaluation in Acute Setting

- · AP chest and pelvis radiographs
 - Limited by one view
 - Additional radiographs on basis of sites of penetrated wounds
 - Triage and/or guide CT, particularly when metallic fragments are identified
- FAST to detect presence of peritoneal fluid

Radiological Evaluation in Acute Setting

- · CT is very important imaging technique
- Radiologist stationed at every CT console
 - To aid in planning best protocol
 - To give real-time interpretations of exams
- Whole-body scout image (AP & LAT) may depict additional unsuspected sites of shrapnel not detected on X-ray

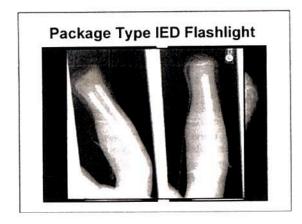
CT Protocol

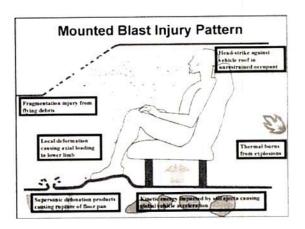
- · Non-contrast
 - Head and face, 1 mm axial slice
 - Sagittal and coronal reformatted images
- Contrast
 - From circle of Willis through pelvis
 - Lower extremities as clinically indicated
 - Discuss with trauma team to establish inferior extent of scan coverage

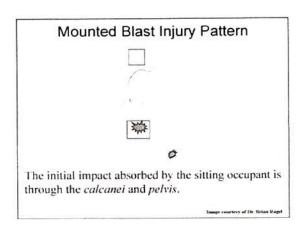
Radiological Evaluation in Acute Setting

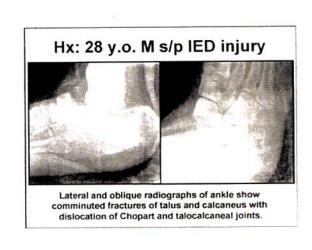
- · Indications for angiography
 - -Limb ischemia
 - Clinical suspicion of vascular injury
 - Proximity of shrapnel to major vessels

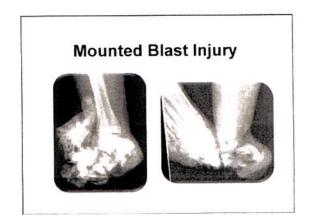
Secondary Blast Injury

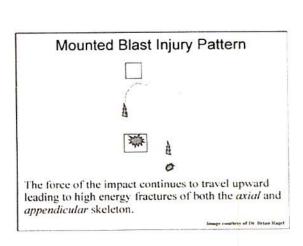


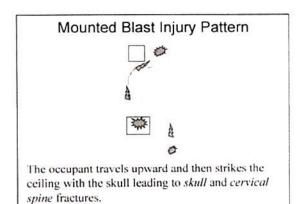


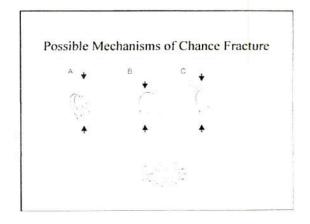


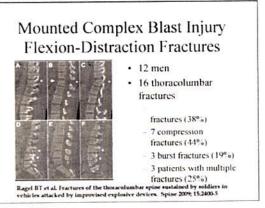


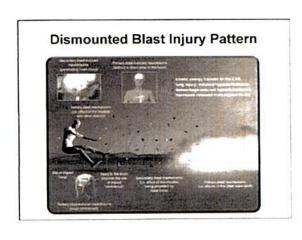


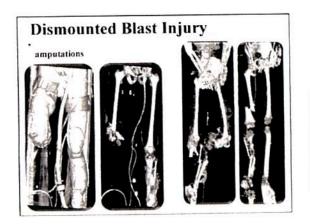




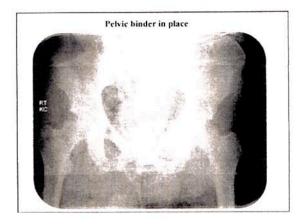


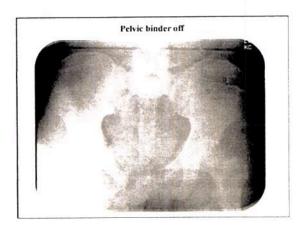




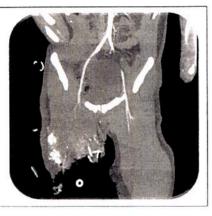








CT of same patient with pelvic binder in place shows right femoral arterial injury with traumatic amputation. Left thigh tourniquet is in place.



Orthopedic Injuries

- Traumatic amputations have poor prognosis
 - 11% of fatalities had traumatic amputation
 - Survival rate of 1% for victims with traumatic amputation
- Madrid bombing, 36% had shrapnel wounds and 18% had fractures
- Oklahoma City bombing, 35% of survivors had musculoskeletal injuries, with 37% of these victims having multiple fractures

Orthopedic Injuries

- · Clinicians should be aware that
 - Fragments may NOT travel in straight lines
 - Significant internal injuries may result from small entrance wounds
 - should be suspected in any victim with thighs, perineum, or buttocks
 - Any hematoma may indicate vascular injury
 - Compartment syndrome and rhabdomyolysis can be complications of musculoskeletal injuries, especially in setting of structural collapse and/or prolonged extrication

Conclusion

- Blast injury is fundamentally different from typical blunt or penetrating trauma
- Blast injury victims do have specific injury patterns
- They often have life-threatening multisystem or multidimensional injuries
- Radiologists play critical role in assessment of their injuries



DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE AIR EDUCATION AND TRAINING COMMAND



6 July 2017

MEMORANDUM FOR 59 MDW/PUBLICATIONS AND PRESENTATIONS MANAGER

FROM: 502 ISG/JA

SUBJECT: Conference Presentation – American Society of Emergency Radiology Annual Meeting

- 1. A request for a legal review of a presentation titled "Blast Injury of the Lower Extremities from the Battlefield to the Homefront" was submitted by the 59 MDW Publications and Presentation Manager for review. The presentation will be given by Liem Mansfield, GS-15, 59 RSQ at the American Society of Emergency Radiology Annual Meeting in Toronto, Canada on 6-9 September 2017. There is no information regarding whether it has been submitted to Public Affairs for review. It is submitted for legal review because the presentation will be given at a meeting held outside the country. There are no apparent conflicts of interest issues that would prohibit presentation of this material at a meeting held by a professional association. The fact the meeting will be held in Canada does not prohibit presentation of the material at this meeting.
- FACTS: Liem Mansfield, GS-15 plans to make a presentation titled "Blast Injury of the Lower Extremities from the Battlefield to the Homefront" at the American Society of Emergency Radiology Annual Meeting in Toronto, Canada on 6-9 September 2017.
- 3. LAWS AND REGULATIONS: DoD 5500.07-R, Joint Ethics Regulation (JER), section 3-307 lays out rules governing "Teaching, Speaking and Writing." If the presentation will "deal in significant part with any ongoing or announced policy, program or operation" of the Air Force, the presenter is required to include a disclaimer that states the "views presented are those of the speaker or author and do not necessarily represent the views of DoD or its Components."
- 4. ANALYSIS: Although the presentation does not "deal in significant part with any ongoing or announced policy, program or operation" of the Air Force, the presentation does address information obtained during the presenter's government employment. Additionally, his affiliation is included on the title slide. Mr. Mansfield included the required disclaimer that the views presented are those of the speaker and do not necessarily represent the views of DoD or its Components. Public Affairs must review the presentation and approve it. There is no prohibition to presentation of this material at this professional meeting simply because it will be held in Canada.
- CONCLUSIONS: The presentation provided for review included the disclaimer required by the JER. There are no apparent conflicts of interest or issues that would prohibit publication.

6. If you have any questions, please call me at 671-5789.

HOLLY J. MACKEY Attorney-Advisor

I concur.

MELANIE MCGHEE Chief, Civil Law