

2007 Joint Chemical Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) Conference & Exhibition

"Combating Weapons of Mass Destruction" 25-27 June 2007

Fort Leonard Wood, MO

Onsite Agenda

Tuesday, June 26, 2007

Chief of Chemical Welcome - Brigadier General Thomas Spoehr, USA Commandant, US Army Chemical School

Keynote Address - Mr. Jean Reed, Special Assistant, Chemical and Biological Defense and Chemical Demilitarization Programs, in the Office of the Assistant to the Secretary of Defense

Session 2a: Joint Chemical Biological Defense Baker Theater

• Major General Larry New, USAF Director, Joint Requirements Office

Session 1b: Homeland Defense Baker Theater

- Brigadier General Kevin Wendel, USA, CG, 20th SUPCOM (CBRNE)
 - · Radiation Systems Evolution, Colonel Richard Whitman, USA (Ret) Radiation Safety Officer, US Customs and Border Protection

Wednesday, June 27, 2007

Session 2b: Joint Chemical Biological Defense - Baker Theater

- · Dr. Darrell Galloway Director, Joint Science and Technology Office for Chemical and Biological Defense, DTRA
 - Major General Stephen Reeves, USA, Joint Program Executive Officer for Chemical and Biological Defense



June 25 – 27, 2007 Fort Leonard Wood, MO



Joint CBRN Conference & Exhibition June 25 – 27, 2007 Fort Leonard Wood, MO

Achieving DoD's Full Spectrum Capabilities

Proliferation of the capability for nations and terrorist organizations to employ CBRN weapons on the battlefield or against American citizens in the homeland and overseas makes the government's role in the defense of our country from CBRN threats and effects more vital than ever before. It is important for the CBRN community, the military and civilian employees of the Services and other government agencies, our international partners, contractors, industry, and academia to come together and share information about our capabilities to defend against CBRN and our requirements for the future.

The Joint CBRN Conference & Exhibition does that.



JOINT CBRN CONFERENCE & EXHIBITION

AGENDA

Monday, June 25, 2007

7am - 3pm Conference Set-up

3pm - 7pm Registration/Exhibits Open

Exhibit Pavilion

5:30pm - 7pm NDIA Reception

Exhibit Pavilion

Tuesday, June 26, 2007

7:30am - 9am Registration and Continental

Breakfast

Exhibit Pavilion

7:30am - 4pm Exhibits Open

Exhibit Pavilion

9:20am - 9:30am Opening Ceremonies

Baker Theater

NDIA Welcome

BG Dean Ertwine, USA (Ret)

Chairman, NDIA Chem Bio Division

MANSCEN Welcome

MG William McCoy, USA

Commanding General, US Army Maneuver Support Center

Chief of Chemical Welcome

BG Thomas Spoehr, USA

Commandant, US Army Chemical

School

Tuesday, June 26, 2007 (cont.)

9:30am - 10:10am

Keynote Address

Mr. Jean Reed

Special Assistant, Chemical and
Biological Defense and Chemical
Demilitarization Programs, in
the Office of the Assistant to the
Secretary of Defense

10:10am - 11:30am

Session 1a: Homeland Defense

Baker Theater

10:10am - 10:50am Mr. Chuck Gallaway

Department of Homeland Security
10:50am - 11:30am Session 2a: Joint Chemical

Biological Defense
Baker Theater

Baker Theater

10:50am - 11:30am *Maj Gen Larry New, USAF*Director, Joint Requirements Office

11:30am - 1:30pm **Lunch** *Exhibit Pavilion*

1:30pm - 3pm Session 1b: Homeland Defense

1:30pm - 2pm COL Joseph Bassani, USA Chief of Plans, NORTHCOM

2pm - 2:30pm BG Kevin Wendel, USA CG, 20th SUPCOM (CBRNE)

2:30pm - 3pm Radiation Systems Evolution

COL Richard Whitman, USA (Ret)

Radiation Safety Officer, US Customs

and Border Protection

3pm Closing Comments, Day 1

BG Dean Ertwine, USA (Ret)

JOINT CBRN CONFERENCE & EXHIBITION

Wednesday, June 27, 2007

7:30am - 9am Registration and Continental Breakfast Exhibit Pavilion

7:30am - 4pm Exhibits Open Exhibit Pavilion

8:45am Opening Comments

BG Dean Ertwine, USA (Ret)

Chairman, NDIA Chem Bio Division

8:50am - 9:30am **Keynote Address** *Mr. Joseph Benkert*

Principal Deputy, ASD for Global Security Affairs

9:30am - 11am Session 2b: Joint Chemical Biological Defense
Baker Theater

9:30am - 10am BG Thomas Spoehr, USA Commandant USACMLS/Dir Joint Combat Developments

10am - 10:30am Dr. Darrell Galloway
Director, Joint Science and
Technology Office for Chemical and
Biological Defense, DTRA

10:30am - 11am MG Reeves, USA
Joint Program Executive Officer for
Chemical and Biological Defense

11am Closing Comments for Baker Theater Presentations BG Dean Ertwine, USA (Ret)

Wednesday, June 27, 2007 (cont.)

11:10am - 11:30am JPEO CBD Demonstration Outside Baker Theater

11:30am - 1:30pm Lunch

Exhibit Pavilion

1:30pm - 4pm Demonstrations

4pm Conference and Exhibits Close

"The Department of Defense finds this event meets the minimum regulatory standards for attendance by DoD employees. This finding does not constitute a blanket approval or endorsement for attendance. Individual DoD Component commands or organizations are responsible for approving attendance of its DoD employees based on mission requirements and DoD regulations."

For up-to-date conference information, visit http://www.ndia.org/meetings/7300

Exhibits Pavilion

(Including outdoor booths)



Company Name	Booth #
Advanced Measurement Technology	617
AdVnt Biotechnologies	102
Ahurea Scientific, Inc.	202
Air Technologies International	512
Alexeter Technologies	501
Allen-Vanguard	201
Alluviam LLC	419
ANP Technologies, Inc.	706
Argon Electronics	406
Arista Tek Inc.	119
Avon Protection Systems, Inc.	402
BAE Systems	900
Base-X Inc	704
Battelle	304 & 306
Boeing	625
Brimrose Corporation of America	312
Bruker Daltonics NBC Detection Corp.	504
Canberra Industries	320
CBRNe World	708
CBRNIAC	417
Chemical Corps Regimental Assocation	626
Coalescent Technologies	606
Concurrent Technologies Corp.	714
Constellation Technology	123 & 125
Defense Group, Inc.	427
DHS Systems, LLC (DRASH)	1005
Draeger Safety, Inc.	701
DriLet America/ PDA LLC	206
DRS Sustainment Systems, Inc.	16 & 107
Dycor Technologies Ltd.	225
EAI/SAIC	210
EG&G DMI	222
E-Z-EM, Inc.	109
First Line Technology	609
Foster Miller Inc.	226
Genencor	404
HILLINIE	2 -

Company Name	Booth #
General Dynamics - ATP	111
Gentex Corporation	423
Global Ground Support	112
Global Protection	601
Hunter Manufacturing Company	209
ICx Technologies	410
IEM	524
INFICON	317
Innovative Biosensors, Inc.	110
Intelagard, Inc.	702
iRobot Corporation	603
ITT AES	610
Joint Equipment Assessment Program	722
JPEO for Chem Bio Defense	9 & 418
Kalman & Company, Inc.	124
Kokatat, Inc.	720
Lockheed Martin	503
L-3	15
MacAulay-Brown, Inc	220
Medical Mobile International	1037
Military Medical Technology	126
Milliken & Company	623
Missouri State University	712
Mobile Medical	1037
Morphix Technologies	502
MSA	121
NanoScale Materials, Inc.	203
National Guard Bureau	127
NNSA's Kansas City Plant	604
Northrop Grumman	3 & 618
Nucsafe, Inc.	318
Oak Ridge National Laboratory	611
Ol Analytical/CMS Field Products	128
Omni/RFD Beaufort	724
OptiMetrics, Inc.	526
Paul Boye Technologies	217
Pine Bluff Arsenal	428
Production Products	324

Company Name	Booth
Company Name	#
Proengin Inc	205
Pursuit Dynamics Inc.	710
QuickSilver Analytics, Inc.	510
RADeCO, Inc	310
RAE Systems	118
Remploy Frontline	106
Rohm and Haas Company	305
SafetyTech International, Inc.	518
Sceptor Industries, Inc.	218
Scientific Services Program	602
Scot Incorporated	204
Scott Specialty Gases	302
Signature Science, LLC	705
Smiths Detection	401
STERIS Corp.	1031
Tex-Shield, Inc.	409
Thermo Fisher Scientific	227
TSI Incorporated	223
TVI Corporation	7
U.S. Army ECBC	326
Ultra Electronics Audiopack	101
US Army Dugway Proving Ground	219
USAA	103
USAES-DEI	319
Utilis USA	105
W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.	619
Wel-Fab, Inc.	301
Y-12 National Security Complex	718

Thank you to our sponsors.















Joint CBRN Combat Developer

U.S. Army Chemical School BG Tom Spoehr

Briefing for JCBRN Conference 26 June 2007



Agenda



- Mission
- Authority
- Process
- Joint CBRN Combat Developer
 - Joint Experimentation and Analysis
 - Joint Threat Support
- Doctrine Support
- Training Support
- Operational Update
- Transformation



Mission



Conduct experiments for the Department of Defense's Chemical and Biological Defense Program by systematically exploring new and innovative combinations of medical and non-medical Doctrine, Organization, Training, Materiel, Leadership and Education, Personnel, and Facilities (DOTMLPF) capabilities.

to reduce risk in materiel development



Authority



Implementation Plan for the Management of the Joint Chemical Biological Defense Program dated: 22 April 2003

"Para 3.4.8 -Through the JRO, serve as the Joint Combat Developer for the CBDP"













Process



CBDP Process



Combatant Commanders

Services













Joint Requirements
Office (JRO)

STSD(NCB) Oversigh

Required Capabilities





















Test & Evaluation Executive

Joint Science & Technology Office for CB Defense

Science &Tech Gaps

Mature Technologies

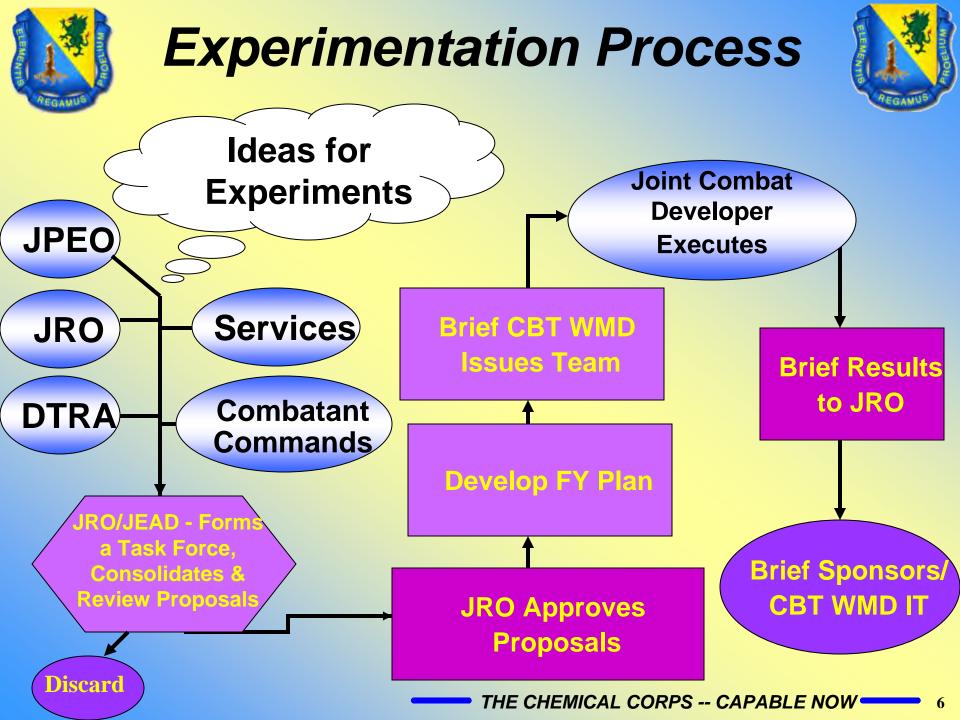
Joint Combat Developer

Joint Program
Executive
Office (JPEO)

Capabilities to the Warfighter for All Missions



Process based on managing total program risk





Joint Experimentation and Analysis



JEAD Completed Experiments



- Sensitive Equipment Decon Validate Concept of Operations & Key
 Performance Parameters (Completed FY05, Final Report dated 31 Oct 05)
- Split MOPP Validate USAF Concept of Operations for Fixed Sites (Completed FY05, Final Report dated 9 Dec 05)
- Aerial CBRN Sensing Develop & validate Concept of Operations (DTRA Funded, Final Report dated Jul 06)
- Cold Weather Decon Validate cold weather tactics, techniques and procedures for WMD-CSTs (NGB Funded, Final Report dated June 07)







JEAD On-Going Experiments



- WMD-CST LOE Validate CST TDA (HLS funded, draft report in staffing)
- Air Crew Duration Validate TTPs and safety requirements (JRO/JPEO funding, TRANSCOM nominated)
- Joint CBRN Dismountable Recon System Validate organization & equipment for CPD (JPEO Experiment, Live Sea Phase May 07, draft ground phase report in staffing)
- Joint Expeditionary Collective Protection Develop/validate Ingress/Egress TTPs (JPEO experiment, draft report in staffing)
- Mortuary Affairs/Human Remains Decon System Rock Drill Develop CONOPS (JPEO/JPM Decon Funded, CASCOM supported, draft report dated May 07)
- CBRN Recon Experiment TIC/PDE Load-Out Experiment (HS Funded, Live Experiment May 07)



Joint CBRN Dismountable Recon System



- Objective: Examine whether the JCDRS demonstrates an improved capability to conduct CBR dismounted reconnaissance missions, has the capability to detect and identify hazardous material, if TTPs are adequate and effective, and whether existing organizational assets are sufficient.
- JPEO Funded, JPM-CA, JPM-IP supported
- Location: Aberdeen MD, Norfolk, VA

Recommendations: DOTMLPF recommendations are identified

in the report.

 Result: JCDRS offers new capability to detect and identify more substances during dismounted recon and SSA missions. Services demonstrated they could accomplish missions with their planned organization.





Joint Expeditionary Collective Protection



- Objective: Investigate the capability of warfighters to follow TTPs for entry/exit, potential throughput, capability of SOF non-powered shelters, and utilization of a CCA outside the airlock,
- JPEO Funded
- Location: Eglin Air Force Base, FL
- Recommendations: Changes to Doctrine, Organization level at which shelters will be used should be examined, Attendants are needed to support ingress/egress, Training on conducting TTPs is simple, Materiel changes may be required.
- Result: Processing into JECP requires three distinct functions, Throughput is limited by the time takes for the functions, TTP's were modified and are now adequate





Mortuary Affairs Human Remains Decontamination



- Objective: Define the end-to-end Mortuary Affairs process for handling chemically contaminated remains from point of death to CONUS. ID organizational roles, C2, capabilities, processes and procedures necessary, and ID issues for resolution at a higher level.
- JPEO, JPM Decon Funded, CASCOM Supported
- Location: Fort Lee, VA

Recommendations: DOTMLPF recommendations are identified in

the report.

 Result: Developed a proposed end-to-end process, Defined requirement for intra-theater contaminated remains container, Identified organizational roles and issues for resolution at a higher level.





JEAD Future Experiments

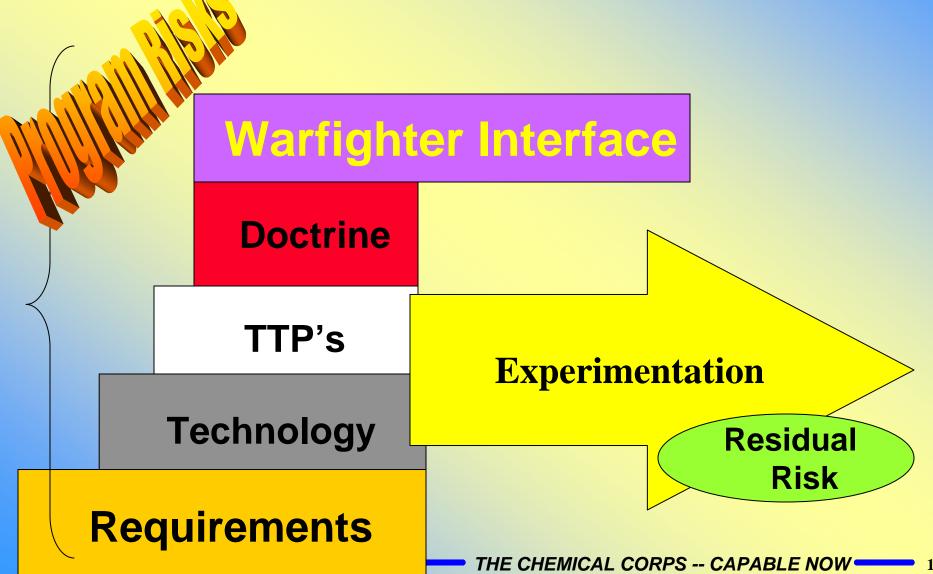


- Sensitive Site Exploitation Develop & validate Concept of Operations
- Standoff Chemical Agent Detection Validate CONOPS (USMC nominated)
- Automation/Robotic Decontamination Develop & validate
 Concept of Operations and Tactics, Techniques and Procedures
- Near and Long Term User Needs Development for Improving CBRN Contamination Assessment, and Decontamination – Concept of Operations/Requirements Needs



Value Added of the Joint Experimentation and Analysis Division







Joint Threat Support



JTSB Foundation



Mission: Develop and coordinate intelligence & threat support products as required by CBRND acquisition programs and experimentation.

Authority: JTSB chartered under the Joint Combat Developer-Chemical Biological Radiological Nuclear Defense (JCD-CBRND) October 2005.

- In support of Commandant USACMLS as Joint Combat Developer
- Charter 1st anniversary review pending signature.

Scope:

- Joint Chemical Biological Defense acquisition programs and experimentation
- Highest Priority: Director Operational Test & Evaluation Oversight Programs



JTSB FY07 Production & Status

Program	Product	Event Supported	Status
Joint Chemical Agent Detector	System Threat Assessment Report (STAR)	Milestone Decision Review (MDR) C	Approved
Joint Service Lightweight Nuclear Biological Chemical Reconnaissance System	Joint Threat Test Support Package (JTTSP)	Multi-service Operational Test & Evaluation (MOT&E)	Approved
Joint Chemical Biological Defense Program (JCBPD) Information Systems (Battle Management	STAR	Joint Warning Network (JWARN), Joint Effects Model (JEM) & Joint Operational Effects Federation (JOEF) MDRs	Approved
Joint Chemical Agent Detector	JTTSP	Operational Analysis & MOT&E	Approved
Joint Chemical Biological Radiological Agent Water Monitor (JCBRAWM)	STAR	MDR	Service Comment Adjudication Review
Joint Expeditionary Collective Protection	STAR	MDR THE CHEMICAL CORPS	Service Commend Adjudication CAPABEE NOW



JTSB FY07 Production & Status (Cont'd)



Program	Product	Event Supported	Status
JCBDP Decontamination Systems	STAR	MDRs	Pending Service Review & Comment
JCBDP Individual Protective Equipment	STAR	MDRs	Pending Service Review & Comment
Joint Biological Point Detection System (JBPDS) & Joint Biological Standoff Detection System (JBSDS)	STAR	MDRs	Post-Threat Working Group (TWG) Edits
JBPDS	JTTSP	MOT&E Phase VI	Post-TWG Edits
JCBRAWM	JTTSP	Program Test & Evaluation Cycle	Post-TWG Edits
JCBDP Information Systems (Battle Management	JTTSP	MOT&E	Pending T&E Threat Requirement Determination



Value Added of the JTSB



- One-stop-shop for JCBDP threat analysis.
- Acquisition lifecycle threat intelligence support, from requirements determination to fielding.
- Standardized threat support to counter disparities in service policies & procedures.
- Adapted procedures for support to all programs, exceeding the requirements of the JTSB Charter.

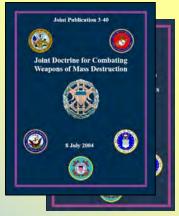


Doctrine Support to the Joint CBRN Force



Doctrine (1 of 3)



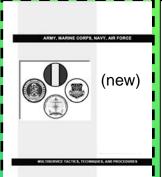


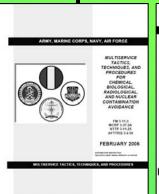
Combating — — — — — WMD (JP 3-40)

Operations in — — — CBRN Environments (JP 3-11)



CBRN Operations (capstone manual)













WMD Elimination CBRN
Contamination
Avoidance
(Sense)

CBRN Protection (Shield) CBRN
Decontamination
(Sustain)

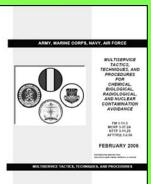
CBRN Command & Control (Shape) CBRN Consequence Management



Doctrine (2 of 3)

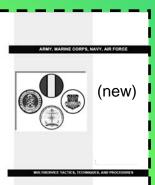














WMD Elimination

CBRN
Contamination
Avoidance
(Sense)



CBRN
Decontamination
(Sustain)

CBRN
Command
& Control
(Shape)

CBRN
Consequence
Management

FM 3-11.20

Technical Escort
Battalion Operations

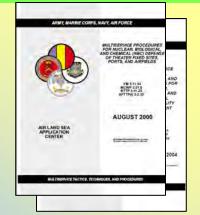
AUGUST 2006

Headquarters,
Department of the Army

Technical Escort Operations

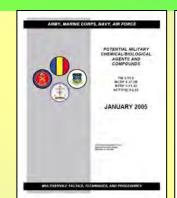


CBRN Recon &
Bio Surveillance

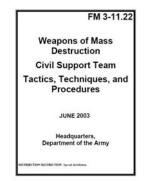


Installation CBRN Defense

Vulnerability Assessment



CB Agents and Compounds



WMD-CST Operations



Doctrine (3 of 3)



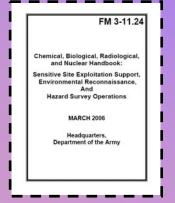
Becoming Joint



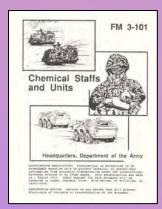
SSE



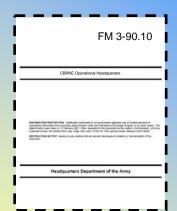
Field Behavior



CBRN Site Assessment



Chemical Staffs and Units



CBRNE Operational Headquarters

	'FM 3-56
Field Manual No. 3-50	Horizonten Department of the Army Washington, DC, 4 December 19
	Smake Operations
ISTRICTION REITS	ETEN: Approved to public release destitution is admined.
	nees for the 2 has seen

Smoke Operations



CONSEQUENCE MANAGEMENT



PUBLICATION

FM 3-11.21

"CBRN Consequence Management Operations"



STATUS:

- Current version Dec 01
- J-8 sponsored
- Under revision FY06
- Final draft complete Jun 07
- Staffing complete (all Services)

WAY AHEAD:

- Multi-Service work group May 07
- Mass casualty decontamination exercises (May-Aug 07)
- Final approval NLT Oct 07
- Electronic publishing Dec 07

REMARKS:

- Emphasis on the National Response Plan (CBRN Responders)
- Linked to the joint capabilities study for WMD Consequence Management
- Synchronized with joint doctrine for CBRNE consequence management
- Domestic reconnaissance and casualty decontamination (<u>DRCD</u>)
- National guard CBRNE Enhanced Response Force Package (CERFP)
- Multi-Service <u>tactical</u> publication



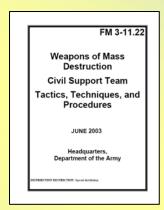
WMD CIVIL SUPPORT TEAMS



PUBLICATION

FM 3-11.22

"WMD Civil Support Team (WMD CST) Operations"



STATUS:

- Current version Jun 03
- Under revision FY06
- Internally resourced
- Final draft complete (NGB)
- Final edit in progress

WAY AHEAD:

- Signature draft complete 2QTR FY07
- Final approval 3QTR FY07
- Electronic publishing 4QTR FY07

REMARKS:

- Revision implements <u>lessons learned</u>
 from Hurricane Katrina
- Revision incorporates WMD CST emerging capabilities for homeland security
- Partnership with the National Guard Bureau (NGB)
- Army publication



INSTALLATION DEFENSE



PUBLICATION

FM 3-11.34

"Installation CBRN
Defense Operations"



STATUS:

- Current version Aug 2000
- J-8 sponsored
- Under revision FY05
- Final draft complete
- Final edit in progress

WAY AHEAD:

Electronic publishing 3d QTR FY07

REMARKS:

- Tied to the National Response Plan with links to consequence management
- Scope expanded to include <u>CONUS</u>-<u>based military installations</u> (all Services)
- Integrated with <u>ATSD-NCB study</u> for CBRNE Installation Protection
- Synchronized with the Joint Program
 Manager (Guardian) <u>acquisition strategy</u>
- Multi-Service publication



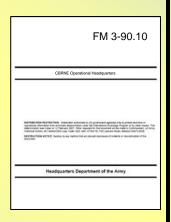
20TH SUPCOM (CBRNE)



PUBLICATION

FMI 3-90.10

"CBRNE Operational Headquarters"



STATUS:

- Initial Draft complete Apr 07
- Staffing in progress (Army wide)
- Key stakeholder staffing (Joint)

WAY AHEAD:

- Use draft doctrine for JOCEX (Jul 07)
- Validate during UFL (Aug 07)
- Validation input complete (Sep 07)
- Complete final draft (Nov 07)
- Publish FMI (Dec 07)

REMARKS:

- Interim Field Manual
- Doctrine built upon approved O&O
- Implements JTF Elimination Handbook
- Develops WMD-E operational and tactical tasks
- Addresses JTF headquarters capability
- Includes a Combating WMD primer



Training Support to Joint CBRN Force



Functional Training (WMD-CST)



COURSES

- Civil Support Skills Course (8w)
- CST Operations Course (1w)
- Analytical Laboratory System (ALS) Course (5w)
- Unified Command Suite (UCS) Course (4w)
- CST Pre-Command Course (1w)



STATUS

- CST Operations Pilot May 2007
- ALS course validated and is being conducted now at Bluegrass, KY
- UCS Course is anticipated to be institutionalized in FY08
- Trained over 200 Civil Support Team personnel in 2006

REMARKS

- Civil Support Skills Course specifically designed to support domestic mission
- Civil Support Skills Course has received overwhelming positive feedback from **CST** students
- Courses are designed to be Joint/multiagency focused



FUNCTIONAL TRAINING



USAR Domestic Response & Casualty Decontamination (DRCD)

COURSES

CBRN Responder Course (2w)
Mass Casualty Decontamination
Course (1w,3d)

STATUS

- CBRN Responder under-going 2nd validation
- Mass Casualty Decon pilot completed March 2007



REMARKS

- Courses designed to support Defense Reform Initiative Directive 25 to improve military support for WMD incidents
- Courses designed to support reserve component 14 day active training cycle
- CBRN Responder Course includes emergency response competencies, site entry, sampling, and specialized equipment
- Can support CERFP individual training requirements



Functional Training



COURSES

Radiation Safe
OPRAD Safe
BIDS (P3I and JBPDS)
Technical Escort (moving to 4w 3d)
NBCRV (Stryker L6)



STATUS

- Updated all legacy courses
- Updated TE course pilot (Aug07)
- Radiation courseware updated to include lessons learned from OIF
- 1st L6 Course March 08

REMARKS

- Courses designed to complement full spectrum operations
- All course revisions are based on feedback from the field



Operational Update



dm 057-49

Dangerous Times







Operational Update



OIF LTC Allen/SGM Hill Chemical Units Assigned

- √ Tech Escort Detachment
- ✓ 1/329 Recon Plt
- √4/181 S/D Plt
- √1 CD 4 Recon Plts (Fox)
- √3/25 ID Recon Plt
- √4/25 ID Recon Plt
- ✓2/2 ID Recon Plt
- √3/2 ID Recon Plt (Fox)
- √4/2 ID Recon Plt (SNBCRV)
- √2/10 ID Recon Plt
- √3/82 ABN Recon Plt
- √1/3 ID Recon Plt
- ✓2/3 ID Recon Plt (Fox)
- √3/3 ID Recon Plt
- √4/1 ID Recon Plt
- √790th CM Co



Chemical Staffs

OTTOTTO OTTOTTO	
Iraq / Kuwait	Afghanistan
III Corps / 3rd Army 25 th ID / 1 st CD / 3 rd ID	82 nd ABN Div

OIF 06-08: HQs, III Corps / 25 ID / 1 CD / 3 ID OIF 07-09: HQs, XVIII Corps / 3 ID / 4 ID / 1 AD

OEF 07-09: HQs, 101st AA

OEF LTC Fisher/SGM Velarde Chemical Units Assigned

- **√23d CML BN (-)**
 - HQ
 - 61st CM Co
 - 62nd Cm Co
- √ 4/82 ABN Recon Plt
- √ 3/10 MNT Recon Plt
- ✓ 26th CRD

Kuwait/CFLCC LTC Bober/SGM McKenzie Chemical Units Assigned

- √ 44th Chemical Company
- √ 7th Chemical Company



Transformation



S

Ε

Ε

Transformation Strategy



More Capable ... Not Bigger

Elite CM Forces Increase density OSIA of High End Units **Spec Msn Units** Increase **Special Purpose CM Forces** skill levels in **Technical Escort** Chem Recon Det (SF) General Purpose Units **WMD Civil Support Team Specialized General Purpose CM Forces** Fox Recon **NBCRV BIDS** HRD **General Purpose Unit-based transformation CM Forces** for a modular Army **Smoke** Decon **Battle Staffs**

Questions?

Chemical Biological Defense Program Science & Technology

"A Dynamic Balancing Act"

Dr. Darrell Galloway

Chemical Biological Defense Program (CBDP)
Joint Science & Technology Office (JSTO)

Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA) Chemical/Biological Technologies Directorate





27 June 2007



Asymmetric Warfare

\$4.5 Billion



The super carrier.
95,000 tons of diplomacy.
4.5 acres of sovereign U.S. territory anywhere, any time.

37 cents

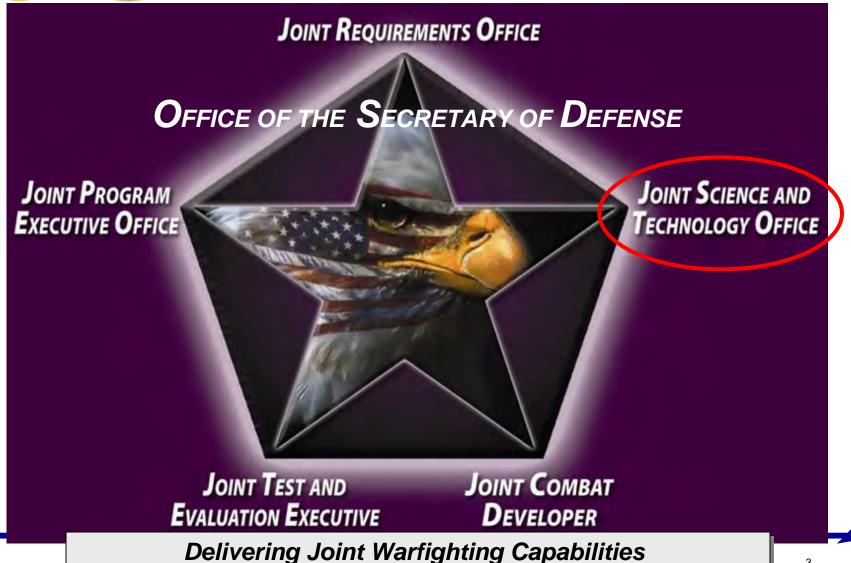


Consequence of an attack against D.C. 100,000 dead, 125,000 infected Economic cost = \$26 Billion (Kaufmann *et al.*, 1997)





We are the S&T Arm of the CBDP







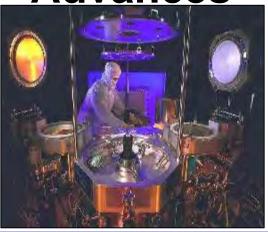
Program Drivers

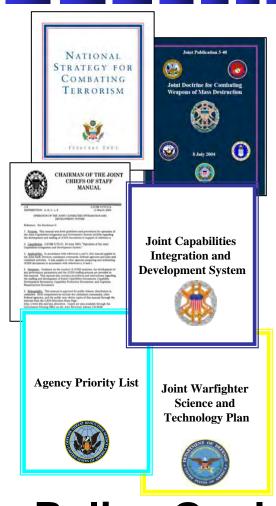


Warfighter Requirements

Can be in tension with one another

Technology Advances





Policy Goals



Balancing the Warfighter's Needs





Current



























Meeting Deliberate and Urgent Requirements

The way we want to fight

Future
Planned S&T Orientation

Revolutionary

Deliberate

The fight we are in

Time Critical

Urgent Needs

Evolutionary

Want it NOW

Limited by Current

Technology



The Threat



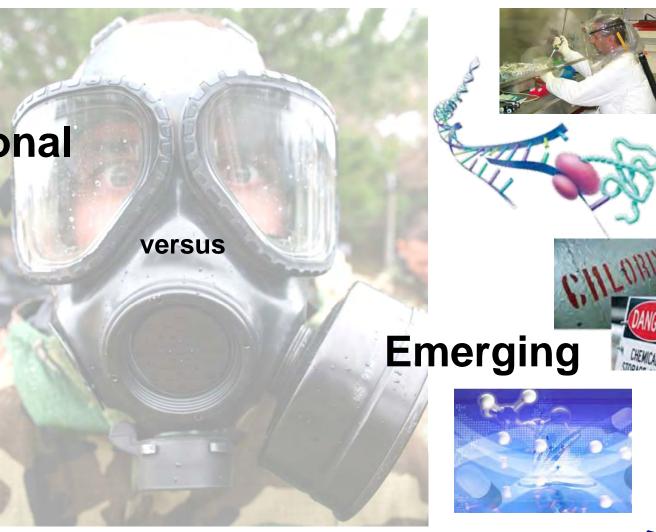
Traditional

Anthrax







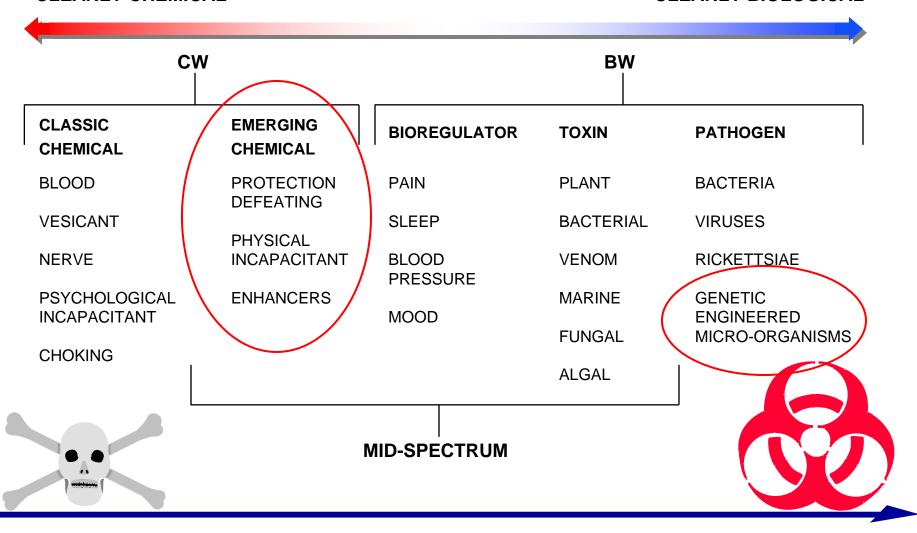




CBW Agent Spectrum

CLEARLY CHEMICAL

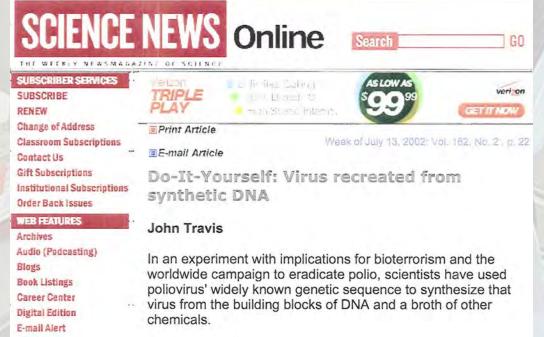
CLEARLY BIOLOGICAL





Emerging Threats

What is the next threat?



How will they do it?



Weighting the Effort

Definite challenges remain for the "old" agents

New challenges with emerging threats



The Solution Realm





Hardware and Software

Evolutionary





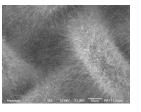
Transformational Countermeasure Technologies Initiative (TCTI)





Transformational Countermeasure Technologies Initiative (TCTI)

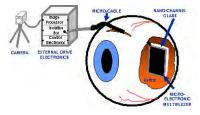
Basic Science Advances





Nano-catalytic selfdecon material

Bio-engineered Countermeasures



Meta-data information interface



Nano-scale protective coatings and fabrics

Integrated Cross- _ Cutting Technologies

- Multi-threat defense
- Integral design concept
- Interactive digital multifaceted data architecture



Nanotechnology-Biotechnology-Information Technology-Cognitive Sciences (NBIC)

Broad Spectrum Applications



Future Combat Systems

- Hierarchial systems of systems
- Non-intrusive; minimal logistics





Consequence Management

Achieves An Integrated System Using Revolutionary Technologies While Maintaining the Highest Levels of Performance and Being Invisible to the User

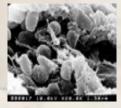




Medical Countermeasures

Traditional

Plague



Smallpox



Anthrax



FTV FINAL DRUPE (80 pg/mL)
CAUTION: New Oncycle
(9) Leve to simulations
Same between 2 safety
(mc)(ii) - No Presents
(mc)(iii) - No Presents
(mc)(iii)
(mc)(iii

Plague Vaccine



Antiviral for smallpox



Anthrax Vaccine

Transformational Medical Technologies Initiative (TMTI)

STATES OF AUTO

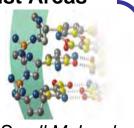


Transformational Medical Technologies Initiative (TMTI)

Scientific Thrust Areas



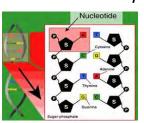
Genomic Identification



Small Molecule Discovery



Protein Based Therapeutics

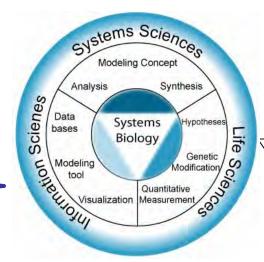


Nucleotide Therapeutics



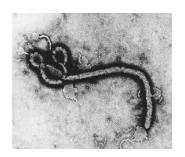
Human Immune Enhancement

Integrated Cross-Cutting Technologies



Microarray Technology Bioinformatics Proteomics Genomics siRNA

Deliverables



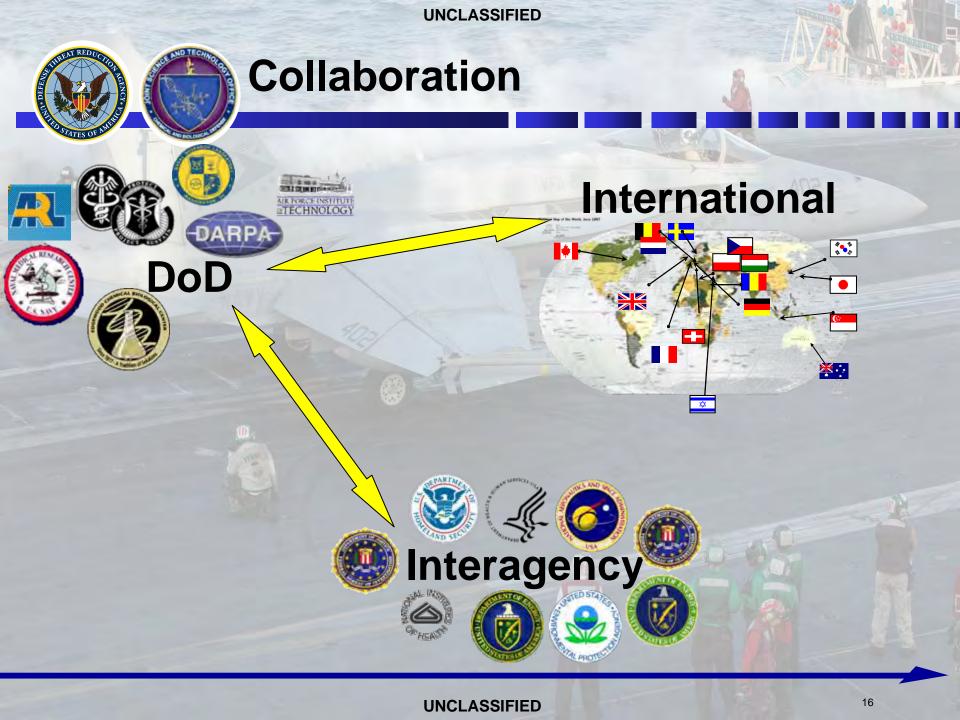
Broad Spectrum Treatments

- Hemorrhagic fever viruses
 - Intracellular bacterial pathogens



Genetic ID & Analysis

An Innovative Approach Using Revolutionary Technologies to Expedite the Development of Products to Counter Emerging Biological Threats





Around the Globe

Multilateral







Bilateral









We have a diverse performer base





PENNSTATE































International















Military Service Labs







National Labs



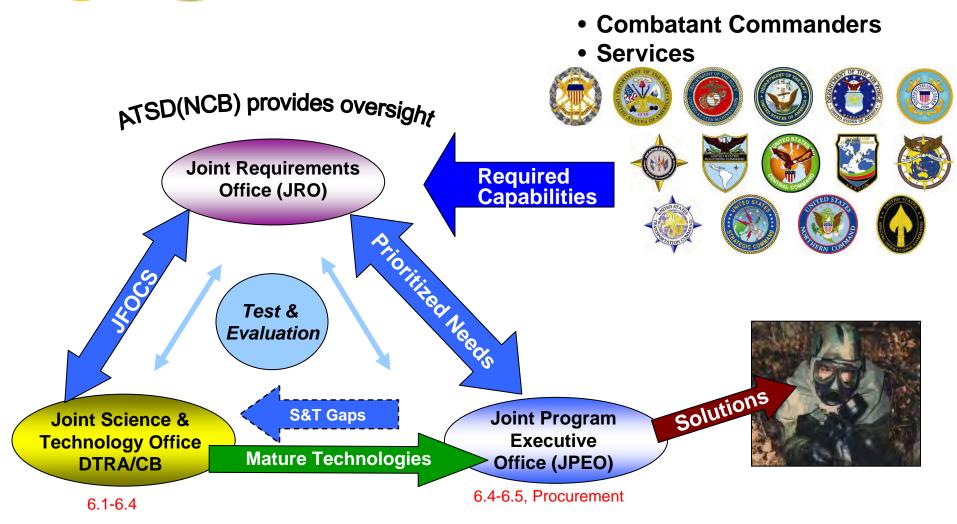








At the End of the Day



Conclusions

"New ideas pass through three periods:

- ✓ It can't be done.
- ✓ It probably can be done, but it's not worth doing.
- ✓ I knew it was a good idea all along!"

— Arthur C. Clarke







Questions?





Joint Staff Combating Weapons of Mass Destruction (CbtWMD) Working Actions

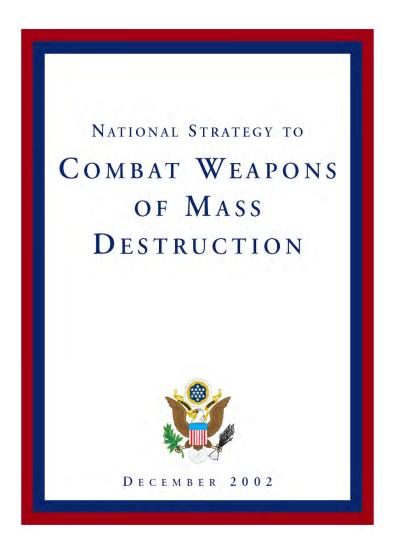
MajGen Larry D. New

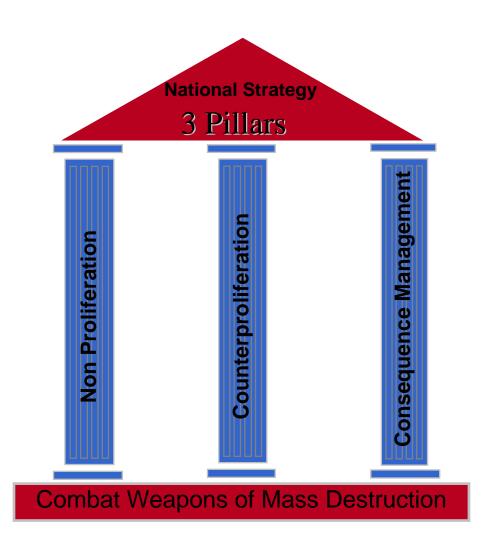
Director, Joint Requirements Office for CBRND/J-8

June 2007

- CbtWMD Strategic Military Framework
- CbtWMD Mission Areas
- DDFP Organization within the Joint Staff
- What we've accomplished
- Questions and Discussion

National Strategy to Combat Weapons of Mass Destruction





Principles Guiding

Strategic Goal

Ensure that the United States, its Armed Forces, allies, partners, and interests are neither coerced nor attacked by enemies using WMD

End States

Standards by which we can measure effectiveness towards the Strategic Goal

Military Strategic Objectives

Defeat, Deter – Protect, Respond, Recover – Defend, Dissuade, Deny – Reduce, Destroy, Reverse

Strategic Enablers

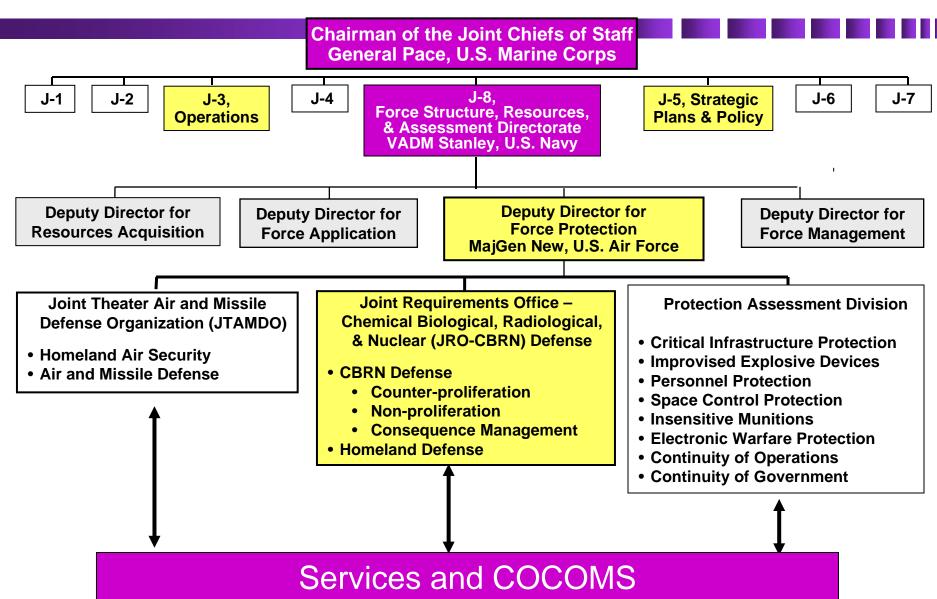
Intelligence – Partnership Capacity – Strategic Communication Support

Eight Mission Areas

Offensive operations, Elimination, Interdiction, Active Defense, Passive Defense, WMD Consequence Management, Security Cooperation and Partner Activities, Threat Reduction Cooperation

uiding Principles

Joint Staff and J8 DDFP Organization



UNCLASSIFIED

What We Accomplished

- Passive Defense
- Consequence Management
- Interdiction
- Elimination

Questions & Discussion



Mr. Jean D. Reed

Special Assistant for Chemical and Biological Defense and Chemical Demilitarization Programs, SA(CBD&CDP)

Joint CBRN Conference

June 26, 2007



History of the CB Threat



Evolving Threats







Evolving Response

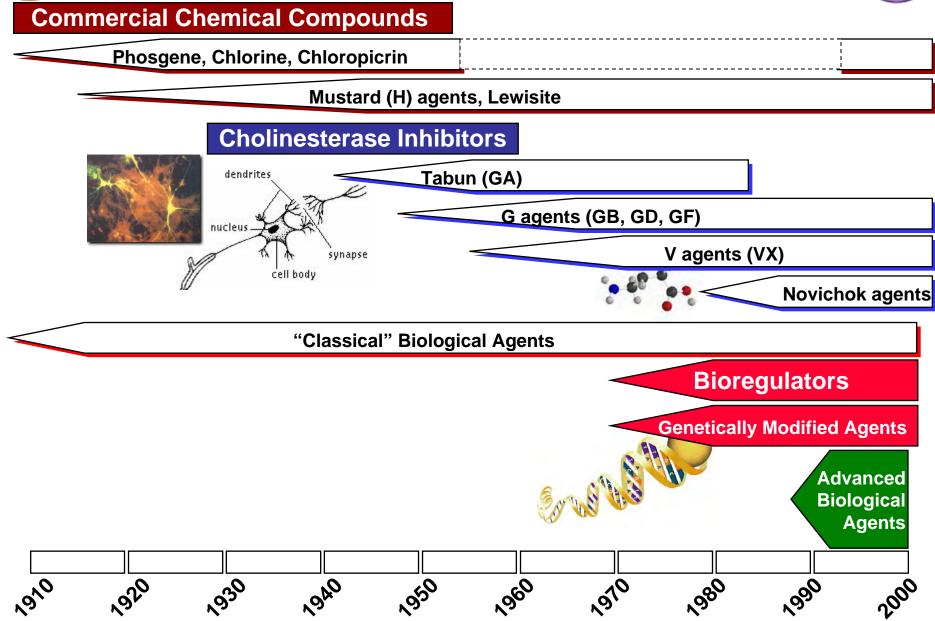






The Changing Nature of the Threat: Evolution of Chemical and Biological Agents



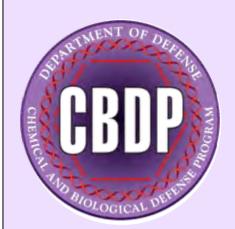




CBDP Vision and Mission







Ensure DOD operations are unconstrained by chemical and biological effects.

<u>MISSION</u>

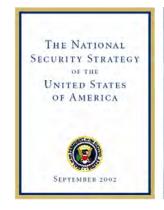
Provide chemical and biological defense capabilities in support of the National Military Strategies.

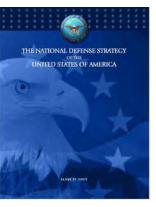


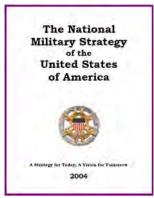
The CBDP Provides Key Capabilities Supporting Multiple National Strategies



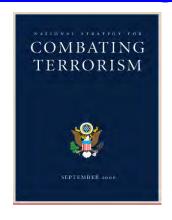
National Security





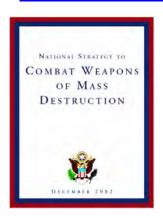


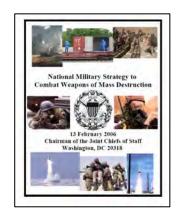
Combating Terrorism



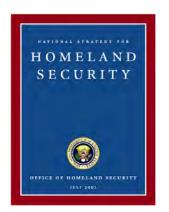


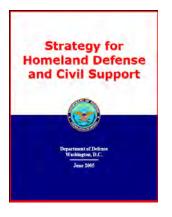
Combating WMD





Homeland Security/Defense







Quadrennial Defense Review (QDR):



Vision for Combating Weapons of Mass Destruction

The future force will be organized, trained, equipped, and resourced to deal with all aspects of the threat posed by weapons of mass destruction. It will have capabilities to:

- detect WMD, including fissile material at stand-off ranges;
- locate and characterize threats;
- interdict WMD and related shipments whether on land, at sea, or in the air;
- sustain operations under WMD attack; and
- render safe or otherwise eliminate WMD before, during or after a conflict.

The Department will develop new defensive capabilities in anticipation of the continued evolution of WMD threats. Such threats include ... genetically engineered biological pathogens, and next generation chemical agents. The Department will be prepared to respond to and help other agencies to mitigate the consequences of WMD attacks.



ATSD(NCB)'s Program Strategy Guidance for the CBDP

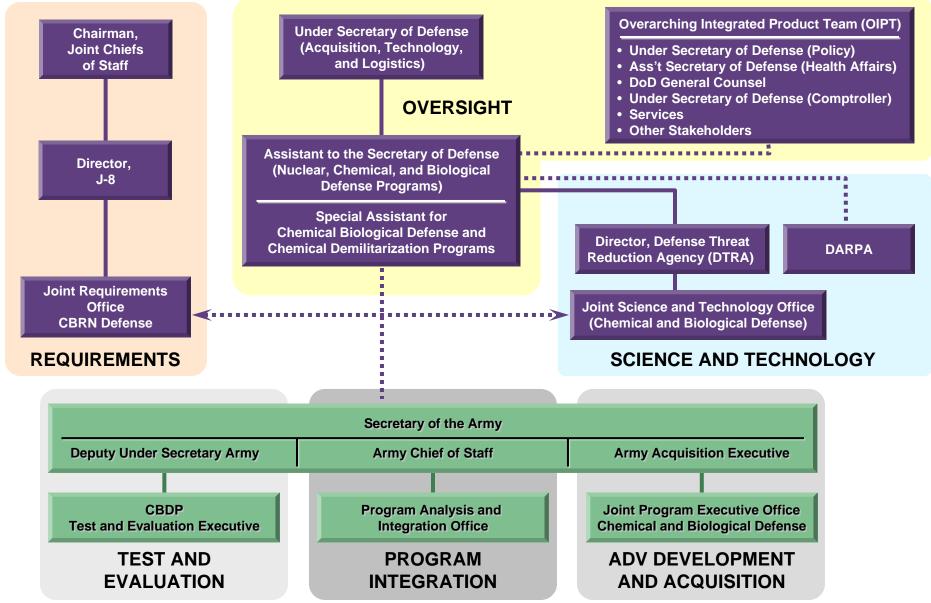


- Provide a balanced CBDP to support National Military Strategies and Departmental objectives to improve CBRN Defense readiness and reduce operational risk.
 - Guided by 2006 QDR, SECDEF's FY2008-2013 Planning Guidance.
 - Provides strategic focus for the FY08-13 period.
 - Focuses on capabilities-based approaches.
 - Ensures joint integrated approaches to counter the threat.
 - Addresses lessons learned from Operations Enduring and Iraqi Freedom.
 - Addresses post September 11, 2001 challenges.
 - Supports Transformation, Acquisition Reform and Strengthening Interagency Links.
- Build a comprehensive fiscal plan wherein budgets flow from programs, programs from capability needs, capability needs from missions, and missions from national security objectives.



CBDP Organization







Joint Science &

Technology Office

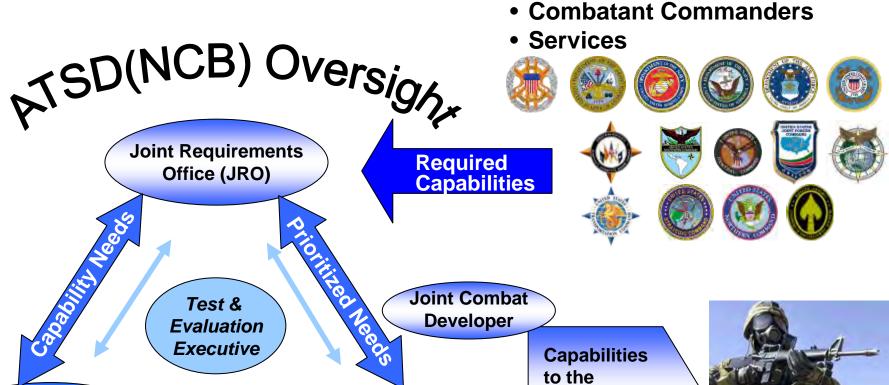
for CB Defense

Science & Tech Gaps

Mature Technologies

CBDP Process





Warfighter

Missions

for All

Process based on managing total program risk

Joint Program

Executive

Office (JPEO)



Leveraging Interagency Activities are Key to Achieving National Strategies



CBDP Coordinates With:











Technical U Support Working Group (TSWG)



U.S. Coast Guard



Department of Homeland Security (DHS), S&T Directorate





National Institute of Allergies and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)

Various Levels of Coordination/Cooperation Exist With:



U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)



Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)



Office of Science & Technology Policy



Department of Justice

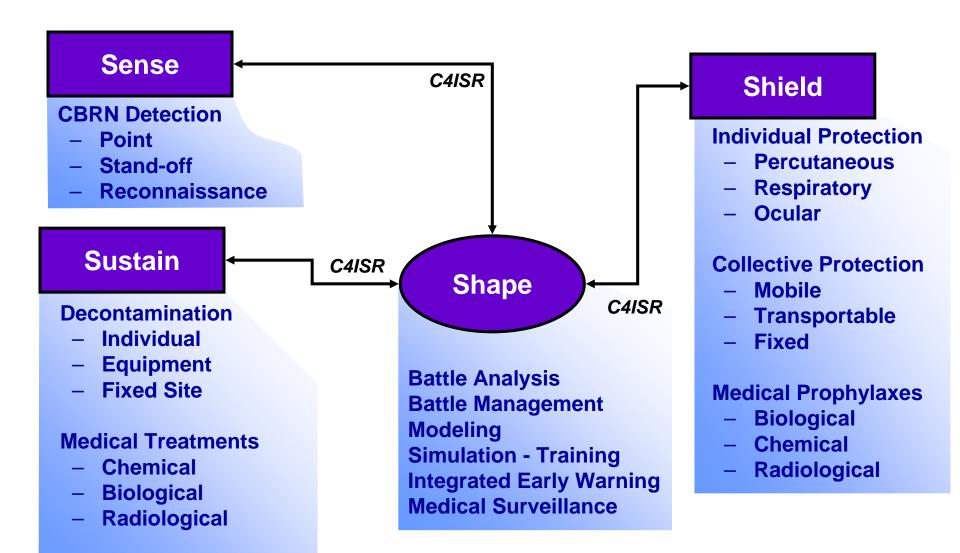




Medical Diagnostics

CBRN Defense Operational Elements and Capabilities







Selected CB Defense Systems







Joint Bio Point Detection System (JBPDS)



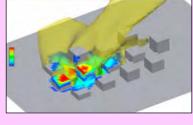
Joint Bio Standoff **Detection System (JBSDS)**



JCAD

SHAPE





Joint Effects Model (JEM)



Joint Operations Effects Federation (JOEF)

SHIELD



Joint Vaccine Acquisition Program





JSGPM



CB Protected Shelter

SUSTAIN



Joint Bio Agent Identification & Diagnostic System (JBAIDS)



Antidote Treatment, Nerve Agent Autoinjector (ATNAA)



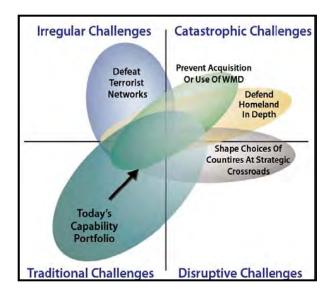
Joint Service Transportable Decon System

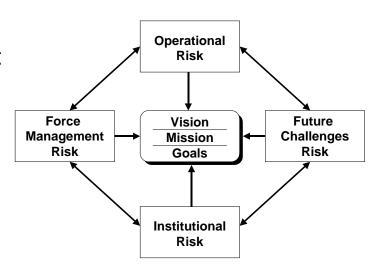


Program Alignment with Strategy



- Utilize the Department's risk management framework appropriately to reduce near-term risks while developing new capabilities to meet tomorrow's challenges.
- Invest in capability development to address a wider range of challenges.
- Provide a risk-informed investment strategy reflecting **joint warfighting priorities**.
- Identify key outputs and appropriate balance among near, mid, and far-term strategies for achieving them.
- Ensure strategy-driven, affordable and achievable outcomes.
- Support the **transformation** process... one that not only anticipates the future but also seeks to create it.
- Support transparent, open and agile decision making.
- Deliver results that support the Departmentwide strategy.







CBDP Science & Technology (S&T) Initiatives



Identify and Exploit Revolutionary Technologies

- Transformational Medical Technologies Initiative (TMTI)
- Transformational Countermeasures Technology Initiative (TCTI)
- Nanotechnology Initiative

Recapitalization of S&T Infrastructure

- Test & Evaluation Facilities
- NTA Test Chamber
- U.S. Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID) Recapitalization

Initiatives will enhance CBD S&T capabilities.



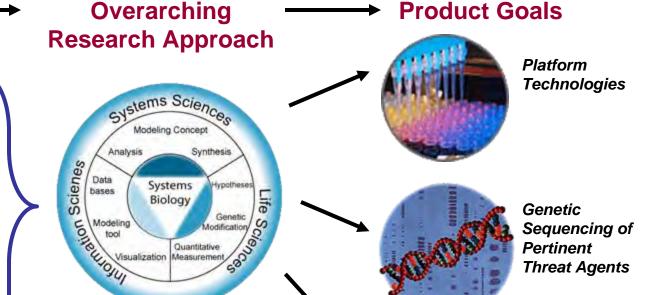
TMTI is a Major Medical Innovation



An innovative approach using revolutionary technologies to expedite the development of products to counter emerging biological threats

Thrust Areas for Research

- Genomic Identification
- Small Molecule Drugs
- Protein Based Therapeutics/Biologics
- Host Immune Enhancement
- Nucleotide Therapeutics



Microarray Technology
Bioinformatics
Proteomics
Metabolomics
Genomics
siRNA

Broad Spectrum Countermeasures

One Drug—Many Bugs



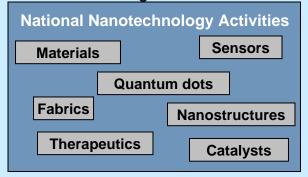
Nanotechnology Initiative



Joint Science & Technology Office (JSTO) nanotechnology initiative is a two-phased effort.

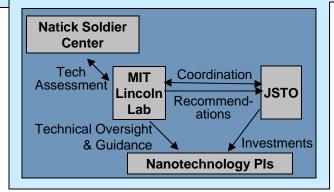
Phase I

- Objective: Conduct a survey of nanotechnologies with application to CBD needs.
- Team from MIT-LL and Natick Soldier Center will conduct the survey.
- Recommendations will be provided to JSTO on applicable nanotechnologies.



<u>Phase II</u>

- Objective: Develop a solid S&T base of nanotechnology applied to all aspects of CBD needs.
- Multidisciplinary team will advise nanotechnology program Principal Investigators (PIs).
- Nanotechnology developments will continue to be monitored.



Protection **Decontamination Technologies** for applied research in core program Medical Countermeasures Detection

Leverages significant interagency investments for potential CBD applications.



Transformational Countermeasure Technologies Initiative (TCTI)

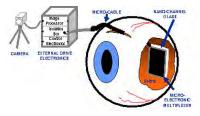






Nano-catalytic selfdecon material

Bio-engineered Countermeasures



Meta-data information interface



Nano-scale protective coatings and fabrics

Integrated Cross- _ Cutting Technologies

- Multi-threat defense
- Integral design concept
- Interactive digital multifaceted data architecture



Nanotechnology-Biotechnology-Information Technology-Cognitive Sciences (NBIC)

Broad Spectrum Applications



Future Combat Systems

- Hierarchical systems of systems
- Non-intrusive; minimal logistics





Achieves An Integrated System Using Revolutionary Technologies While Maintaining the Highest Levels of Performance and Being Invisible to the User



Recapitalization of S&T Infrastructure



- Initiative underway to recapitalize and revitalize CBD S&T infrastructure, which is required to:
 - Counter expanding threats from novel and emerging threats.
 - Exploit advances in technology.
 - Speed the technology transition into systems acquisition programs.

U.S. Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases





BL-4 Lab

Edgewood Chemical Biological Center's Advanced Chemistry Lab



Lab Exterior



Filtration System

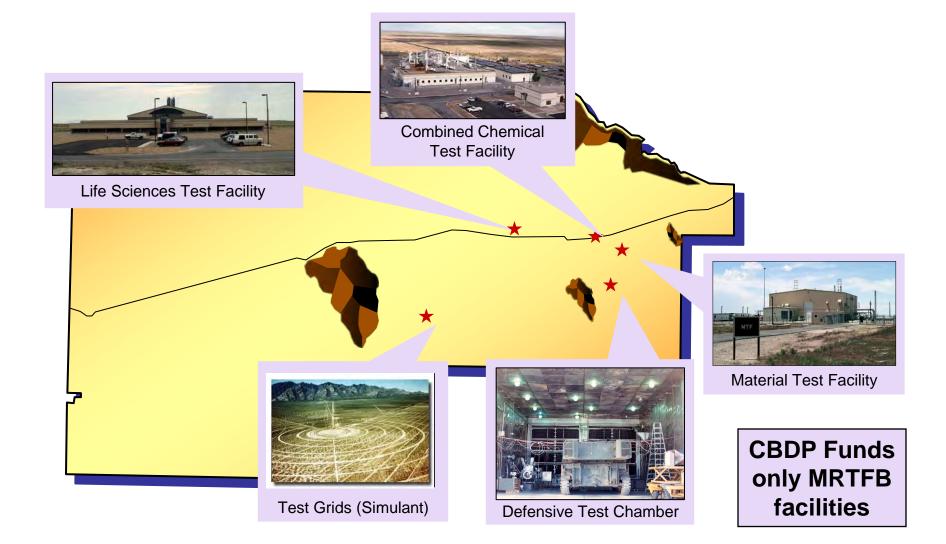


Lab Interior



CBDP Major Range & Test Facility Base (MRTFB) Dugway Proving Ground Key Facilities







CBDP Priorities for FY08



- Stable funding for the Transformational Medical Technologies Initiative (TMTI) to fully exploit the advanced science and technology innovation necessary to successfully counter future genetically engineered biological weapons.
- Adequate long-term investment in the Research, Development,
 Test, and Evaluation (RDT&E) infrastructure to enhance our
 RDT&E capabilities, including the modernization and construction
 of laboratories and test facilities to ensure we develop advanced
 countermeasures against current and emerging chemical and
 biological threats.
- Consistent resources for the overall program itself to ensure that, year after year, we are able to field the improved defensive capabilities essential to ensure our military can operate in any environment, unconstrained by chemical or biological weapons.



Selected CB Defense Systems







Joint Bio Point
Detection System (JBPDS)



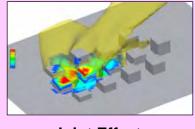
Joint Bio Standoff Detection System (JBSDS)





SHAPE





Joint Effects Model (JEM)



Joint Operations Effects Federation (JOEF)

SHIELD



Joint Vaccine Acquisition Program





JSGPM



SUSTAIN



Joint Bio Agent Identification & Diagnostic System (JBAIDS)



Antidote Treatment, Nerve Agent Autoinjector (ATNAA)



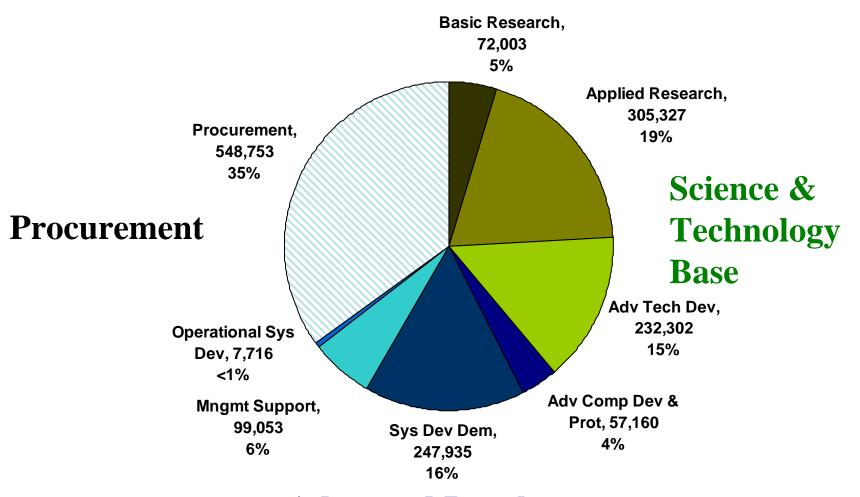
Joint Service Transportable Decon System



Chemical Biological Defense Program



Based on FY08 President's Budget Request (February 2007) \$1.570 Billion



Advanced Development



Readiness and Overall Unit Preparedness







Readiness and Overall Unit Preparedness



Army Chemical Unit Preparedness

- GAO Report, "Management Actions Are Needed to Close the Gap between Army Chemical Unit Preparedness and Stated National Priorities," January 2007
 - GAO evaluated the Army's chemical and biological units, including the extent to which (1) units tasked with providing chemical and biological defense support to combat units and commands are adequately staffed, equipped, and trained and (2) units also tasked with a homeland defense mission—especially National Guard and Reserve units—are adequately prepared for this mission.

WMD-Civil Support Team (CST)

 WMD-CST unfunded requirements identified during FY08-13 POM build. Requirement to be addressed during the FY10-15 POM build

	United States Government Accountability Office
GAO	Report to the Ranking Minority Member, Subcommittee on National Security and International Relations, Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, House of Representatives
January 2007	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE
	Management Actions Are Needed to Close the Gap between Army Chemical Unit Preparedness and Stated National Priorities
	Accountability • Integrity • Redisbility

GAO-07-143



CBDP: The Way Ahead



Need to build on current strengths...

- Integrated collection of systems
- Multi-disciplinary approaches
- Well developed doctrine and concepts for the military in operational environments

...while recognizing a changing environment

- Laboratory and other infrastructure may need overhaul
- Operational environment must consider homeland security
- Emerging and non-traditional threats may be critical
- Congress will continue to play an active role
- Industry may be increasingly important, though DoD-unique assets need to be identified and maintained



CBDP: The Way Ahead



...and Planning for the Future

- Need to balance investment between current risks (operational and procurement needs) and future risks (S&T and infrastructure)
- Coordination with other agencies (DHHS, DHS, and others) for an effective national effort
 - DoD may play key role in transitioning technologies from laboratory concepts to field-ready systems, especially medical systems
- Broad-spectrum, dual-benefit approaches will need to be evaluated in all areas



Back-up Slides





Issues



Military Construction (MILCON)

- The Army, as Executive Agent for the CBDP, no longer plans, programs, or budgets for CBDP-related infrastructure
 - The Army owns a vast majority of the infrastructure that directly supports the CBDP
 - Army Regulation 415-15* revision prohibits the programming of MILCON, Army, for CBDP-related efforts based on Army General Counsel review of 50 USC 1522

* AR 415-15, Army Military Construction and Non-appropriated-Funded Construction Program Development and Execution, 12 June 2006

Army Chemical Unit Preparedness

- GAO Report, "Management Actions Are Needed to Close the Gap between Army Chemical Unit Preparedness and Stated National Priorities," January 2007
 - GAO evaluated the Army's chemical and biological units, including the extent to which (1) units tasked with providing chemical and biological defense support to combat units and commands are adequately staffed, equipped, and trained and (2) units also tasked with a homeland defense mission—especially National Guard and Reserve units—are adequately prepared for this mission.

WMD-Civil Support Team (CST)

 WMD-CST unfunded requirements identified during FY08-13 POM build. Requirement to be addressed during the FY10-15 POM build

Joint Service Lightweight Standoff Chemical Agent Detector (JSLSCAD)

JPEO providing recommendation through Army Acquisition Executive on military utility of the JSLSCAD program

Integrated Consortium of Laboratory Networks

- Homeland Security Presidential Directive 9 gave impetus to develop networks to coordinate the specific skills and resources of laboratories nationwide for the complete, rapid, and effective facilitation of disease surveillance and response to bioterrorism-related health emergencies
 - Recommend continued DoD participation in the ICLN to ensure effective response to CBRN events



UNCLASSIFIED

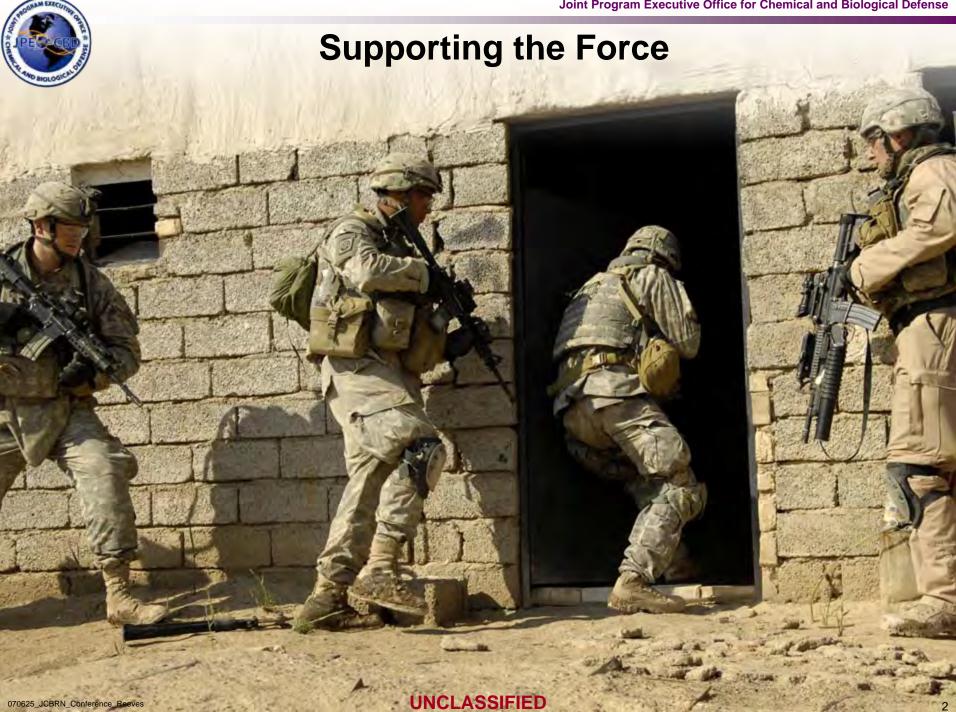
Support the Force

Improve Fielded Capabilities

Build the Future

PRESENTED TO:

Joint CBRN Conference Fort Leonard Wood, MO STEPHEN V. REEVES
Major General, USA
Joint Program Executive Officer
for Chemical and Biological Defense
(703) 681-9600





Toxic Industrial Chemical Detection and Protection Equipment Set (TIC PDE)

Commercial-Off-The-Shelf (COTS)

Sensitive Site Exploration (SSE)

Additional Training Sets Approved Under NSERP to Address User Needs







Sets include: HAZMAT ID, MultiRAE Plus

Meets CENTCOM Operational Needs Statement (ONS)



Joint Acquisition CBRN Knowledge System (JACKS) Information Response Center (IRC)

- Consolidates all CB Hotlines
- Operates on a 24/7/365 Basis
- Provides Single Entry Point for all CB Defense Equipment Information

"One-Stop-Shop" for CBRN Equipment Information

- Total Asset Visibility
- Specifications and Standards
- Fact Sheets
- Advisory Messages
- Shelf-Life Information
- New Equipment Training

HOTLINE SUPPORT 1-800-831-4408

https://jacks.jpeocbd.osd.mil



Fully-Integrated CBDP Information Center



Improving Fielded Capability

15 New Capabilities

34 Capabilities Currently Fielding

PROTECTION













MEDICAL







INFORMATION/ ANALYTICAL





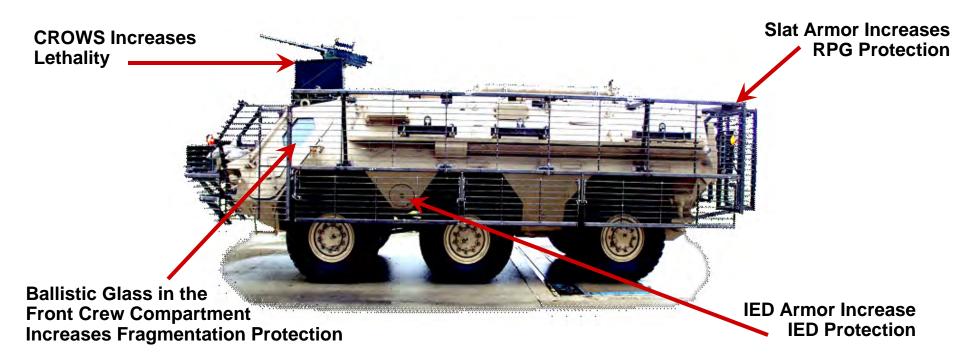




M93A1P1 FOX NBCRS Upgrade

- Improved RPG Protection: Slat Armor
- Improved IED Fragmentation Protection

- Up-Gun to M2 Machine Gun
- Common Remotely Operated Weapon System (CROWS)
- Enhanced Communications (VIC III)



Enhanced Survivability and Lethality



Individual Protection







Integrated Footwear System (IFS)

JSLIST Block 2 Glove Upgrade (JB2GU) (24 hours of protection / up to 30 days of wear)





Joint Service Lightweight Integrated Suit Technology (JSLIST)

- Universal Camouflage Pattern
 Type II: Most Application
 - •Type VII: Special Ops
- Increased Durability
- Reduced Weight and Improved Fit
- Enhanced Suit Closures and Higher Confidence
- Reduced Heat Stress by 15%



Individual Protection Fieldings





Improved Fit, Increased TIC Capability, Reduced Burden



Medical Treatments – Improved Nerve Agent Treatment System (INATS) / Advanced Anti-Convulsant System (AAS)



Faster Acting and Increased Efficacy Protects
Nerve Agent-Induced Seizures, Reduces
Neurological Damage and Prevent Seizure
Reoccurrence

AAS: Replaces Currently Fielded Convulsant Antidote for Nerve Agents

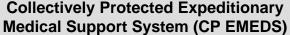
Enhanced Treatment Regimen Broad Spectrum of Nerve Agents

INATS: Replaces
Currently Fielded
Oxime



Collective Protection Fieldings (Ongoing and Upgrades)











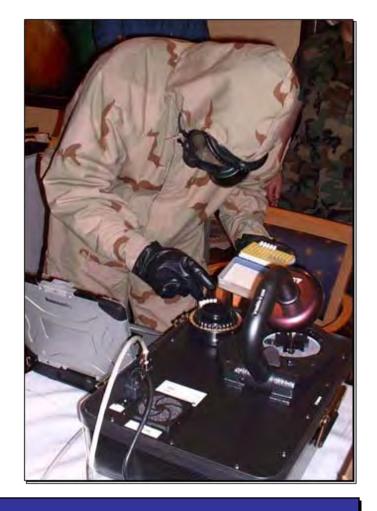




Chemical Biological Medical System Fielding

Joint Biological Agent
Identification and Diagnostics
System (JBAIDS)





Rapid Identification and Diagnostic Confirmation for BWA and Other Pathogens



Decontamination Fieldings



Lightweight Multipurpose Decontamination System (LMDS)



Army ONS – Modified COTS Interim Capability Prior to Joint Service Transportable Decontamination – Small Scale



Joint Service Personnel Decontamination System (JSPDS)

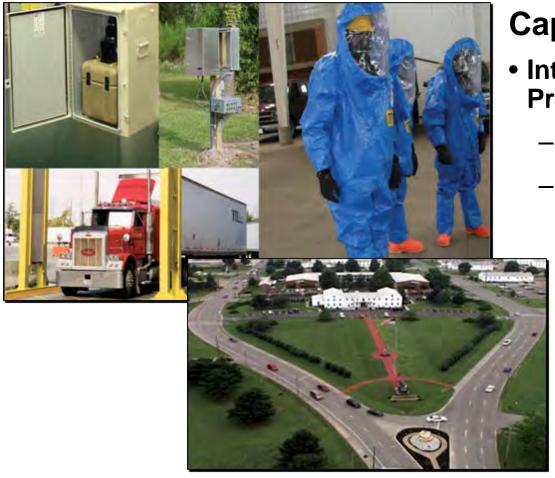


Reactive Skin Decontamination Solution (RSDL)

Improved Performance - Increased Capability for Current and Emerging Threats



Installation Protection Program (IPP)



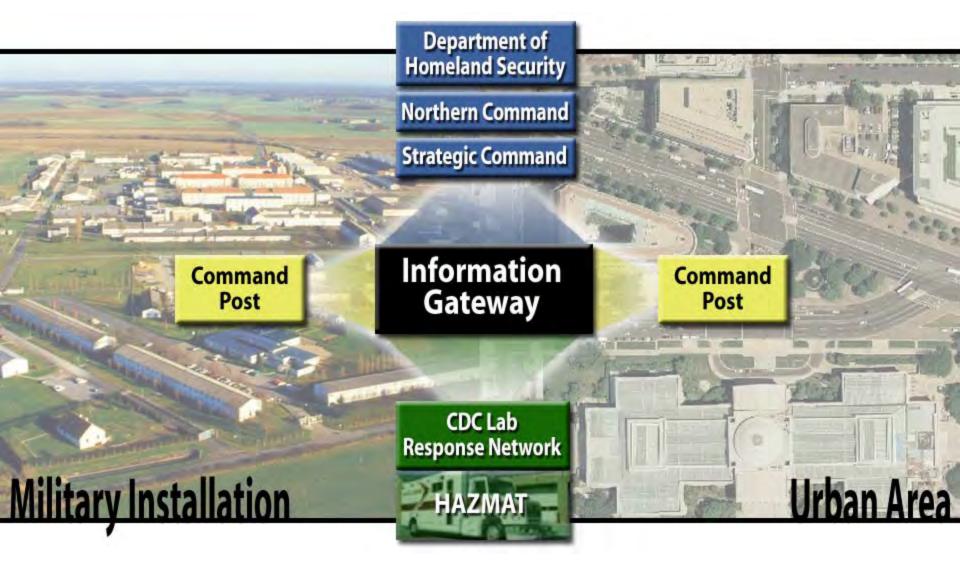
Capabilities:

- Integrated and Effective Protection
 - -Respond and Recover
 - Effective and Affordable
 - Detection
 - Warning
 - Decontamination
 - Information Management
 - Medical Protection, Surveillance, and Response

IPP Fielding: 44 Locations
First Responder Program: 32 Locations



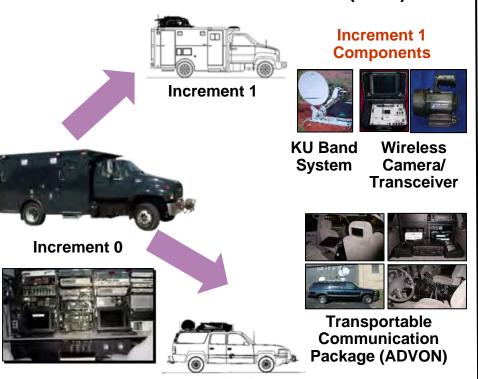
Civil-Military Network Integration





Supporting the National Guard: JPM Guardian Fieldings

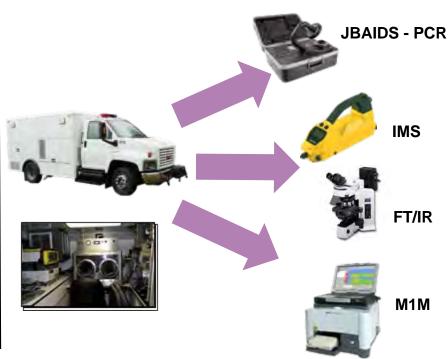
CST Unified Command Suite (UCS)



Commanders Vehicle

CST Analytical Laboratory System (ALS)

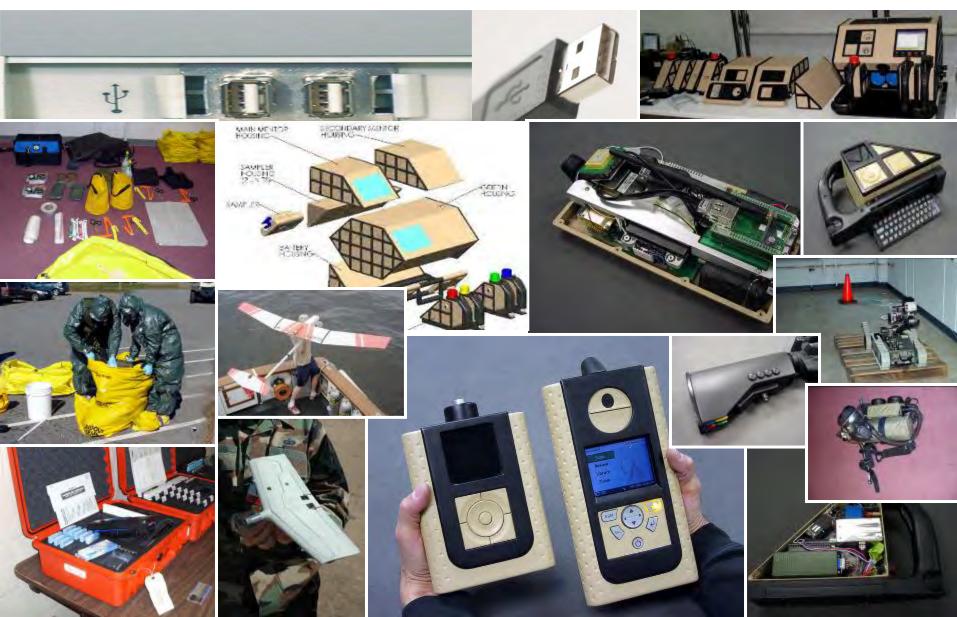
Increment 1 Analytical Upgrade
Chemical / Biological Agent Detection & Analysis



New JPM: Consequence Management Enhanced BW / CW and TIC Capability Increased Interoperability



Building the Future



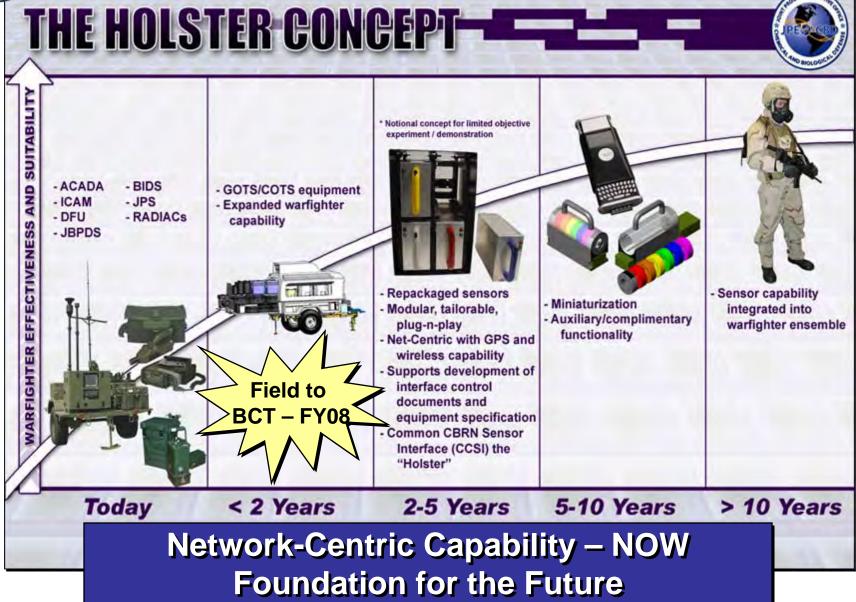


Joint Warfighter Experimentation



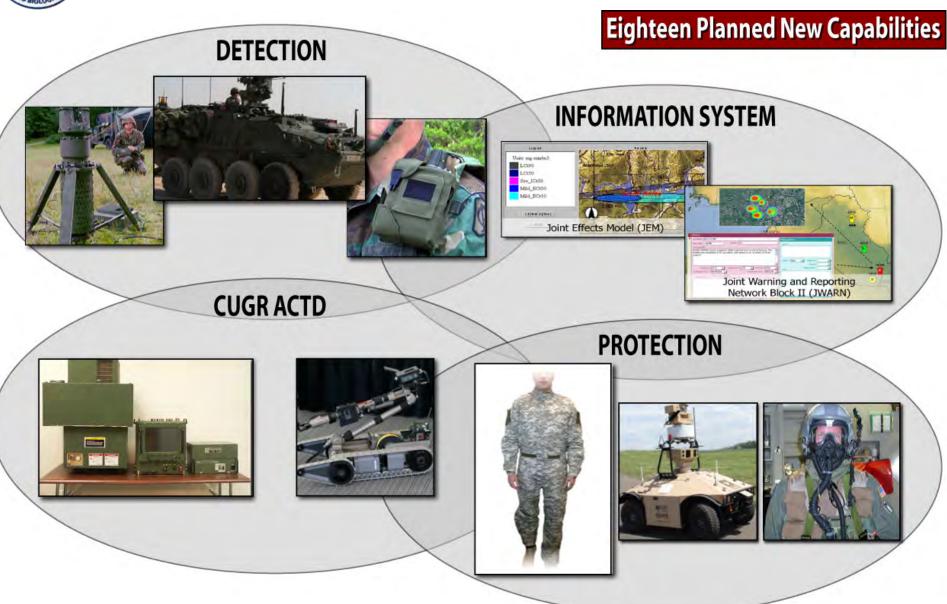


Building the Future - NOW





Major Future Fieldings





Major Defense Acquisition Program (MDAP) Chemical/Biological Defense Program Support





CBR Detection
Battle Management
Integrated Early Warning
Collective Protection

Decontamination Individual Protection

OTHERS Bradley, THAAD, CFPI, UAV...

Expeditionary Fighting Vehicle



Stryker



Joint Strike Fighter

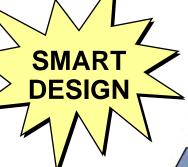




070625_JCBRN_Conference_Reeves UNCLASSIFIED



Software Standardization



JPEO-CBD STANDARDS

- Common CBRN Sensor Interface (CCSI)
 - Common Modular Communications Interface
 - November 2007

JPEO-CBD Standards

CBRN Enterprise
Standards

- DDMS
- CBRN Data Model

ENTERPRISE STANDARDS

- CBRN Data Model Version 1.5
 - All Current CBRN
 Development Activities

Industry Standards

- WS-I Profiles
 UDDI
 SOAP
- OASIS Web Service Profiles WSDI
 - HTTP + XML/XSLT

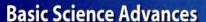
INDUSTRY STANDARDS

Common Net-Centric
 Standards are Critical
 to Component
 Interoperability

Interoperability Built From The Bottom Up – Common Standards!



Integration of Advanced Materials and Concepts



Integrated Cross-Cutting Technologies

Broad Spectrum Applications



- **Broad Spectrum Defense** for Hazardous Matierals
- Modular Design Concepts
- **Interactive Digital Architecture**



- **Hierarchical System of** Systems
- Non-Intrusive; Minimal Logistics



- Nanotechnology
- Biotechnology
- Information Technology
- **Cognitive Sciences**
- Materials Science



24

An Integrated System Using Revolutionary Technologies Transparent to the User

Sustained

Combat Power

ntegrated

Medical

Capability



Medical System Integration

CB Event - Current Approach

Doses **Absorbed** **Symptoms**

Agent **Delivery**

Doses on Target*

Downwind Dispersa

Medical Pretreatment

Multi-agent

Vaccines

Medical Diagnostics

Medical **Therapeutics**

Transformational **Medical Technology Initiative**

Bioinformatics

Medical Surveillance

Broad Spectrum Therapeutics

Integrated System Using Revolutionary Technologies Transparent to the User

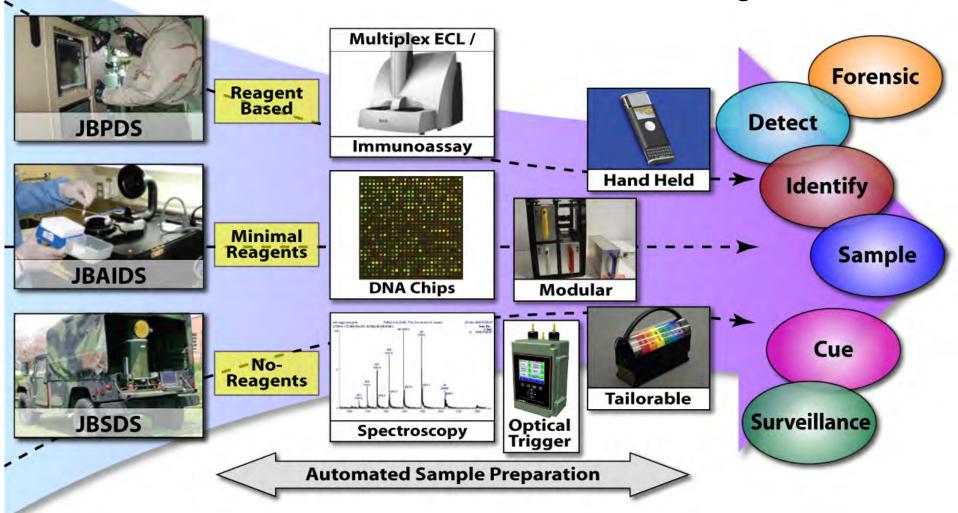


Bio-Sensing Vision

Develop and Field Advanced Bio Sensing Technologies

- Multi-Plex for Broad Range of Threats
- Tailorable for Threat/Mission

- Modular Across Sensing Modality
- No/Minimal Reagents

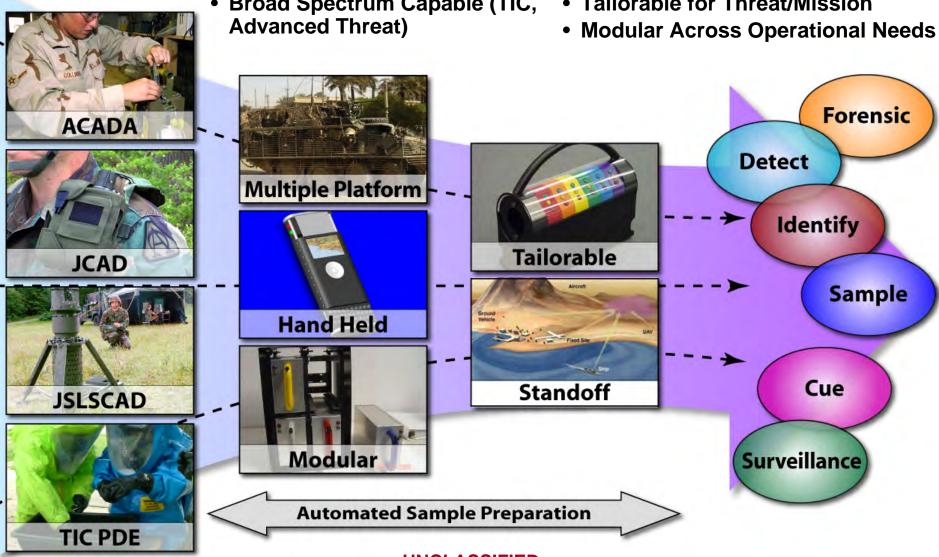




Chemical Detection Vision

Develop and Field Integrated Systems

- **Broad Spectrum Capable (TIC, Advanced Threat)**
- Tailorable for Threat/Mission



070625_JCBRN_Conference_Reeves



Decontamination Vision

Reduce Logistics Burden Eliminate Hazardous Material (CLO2, H2O2)

Today

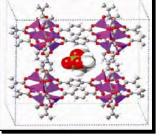




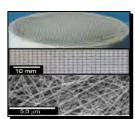
mVHP, Sensitive Equipment Decon

DF200





Advanced Chemistries





Nano-Fibers

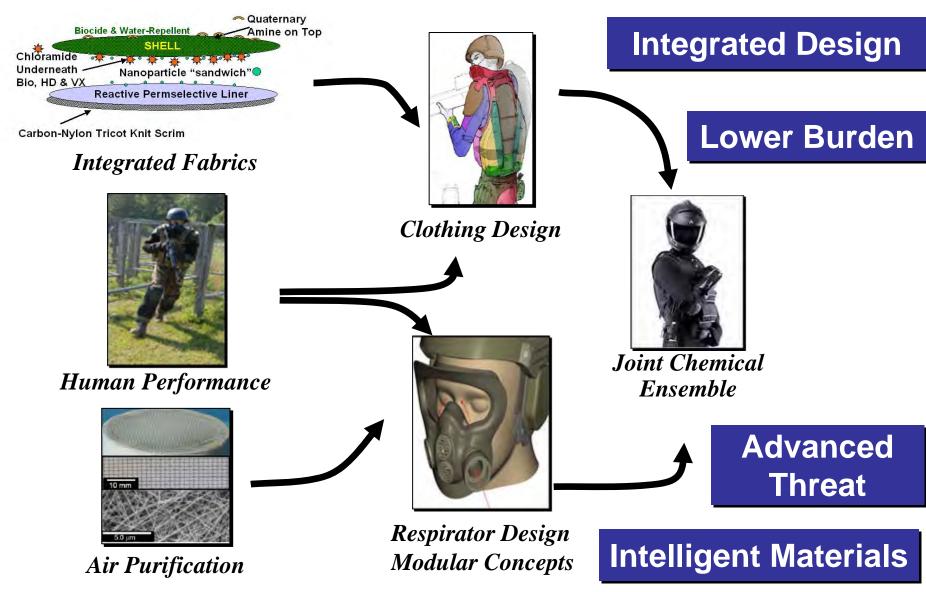


Integrated into Platforms

Strippable Barriers Self-Decontaminating Fabrics/Coatings



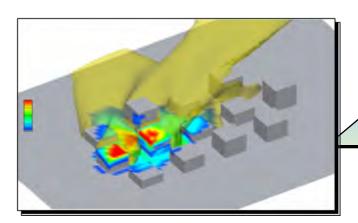
Individual CBRN Protection Vision



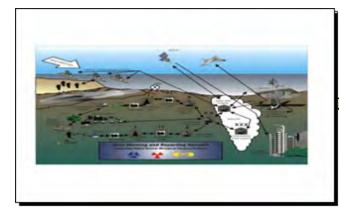


Joint CBRN Integrated Information System

Awareness



Joint Effects Model (JEM)



Joint Warning and Reporting Network (JWARN)

Strategic

Operational

Tactical

Sensors



Information Systems Interoperability



Joint Operational Effects Federation (JOEF)

CBRN Data Services on Service-Oriented Architecture



The Bottom Line – Return on Investment



DELIVERING WARFIGHTING CAPABILITY

(Best Technology - Right Place and Time)







U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Radiation Systems Evolution

From Counter-Drug to Counter-Terrorism

Joint CBRN Conference

Ft Leonard Wood - NDIA

June 26, 2007

Richard T. Whitman CBP RSO (COL-R, CM, USAR)



Radiation within the CBP Mission

- This presentation demonstrates how Operational Radiation Safety has assisted the rapid fielding of Non-Intrusive Inspections Systems for the U.S. Customs and Border Protection
- This briefing is for your information and is NOT for attribution.



Radiation within the CBP Mission

Non-Intrusive Inspection:

Currently Gamma-Ray or X-Ray/Accelerator

Passive Detection:

- Portal Monitors and 'self ranging' devices
- Examination of radiation in commerce



Growth Since 1998





Growth Since 1998



\$10M



CBP Radiation Safety Philosophy

Actively Engage Stakeholders:

Unions
Trade Associations (e.g., Film, Port Authorities)
Public Bodies (e.g., CRCPD, OAS)
Department of Defense
CORAR and NEI
US and International Regulators
Concensus Groups: ANSI

Continue to refine current & planned protection



CBP Radiation Safety Philosophy

Radiation Worker Exposure limits are falling to 40% of current levels

By working with Vendors, CBP exposure limits are 2% of current worker limits

CBP maximum exposures are <1% of limits!

Continue to refine current & planned protection



Radiation Detection System Baggage X-ray





Radiation Detection System Baggage X-ray





Personal Radiation Detector





Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System II

(Early models have Cesium-137; later models have Cobalt-60)





101-X-ray Van





Truck X-ray System





Mobile Truck X-Ray System







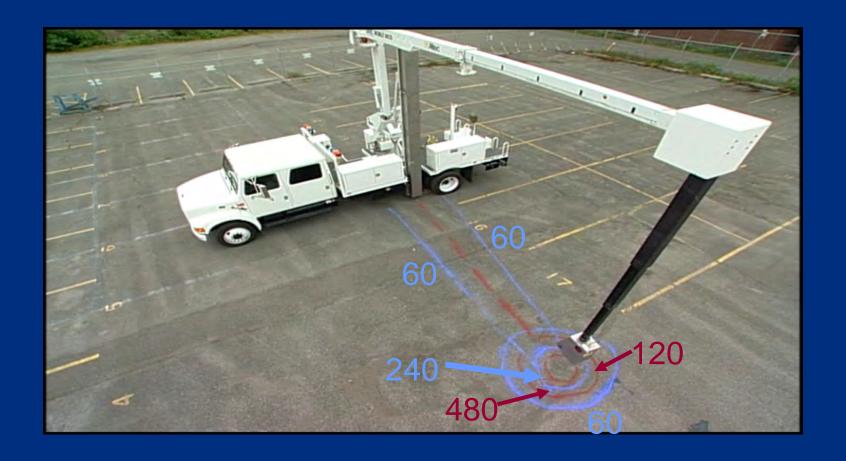


Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System

(Early models have Cesium-137; later models have Cobalt-60)



Mapping Radiation Fields (microR/hr)





Mobile Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System

(with Cobalt-60)





Mobile Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System

(with Cobalt-60)





CBP Radiation Safety Standard

Small systems and gamma systems

Less than 0.5 microSieverts in any hour

Less than 1.2 microSieverts peak in any hour

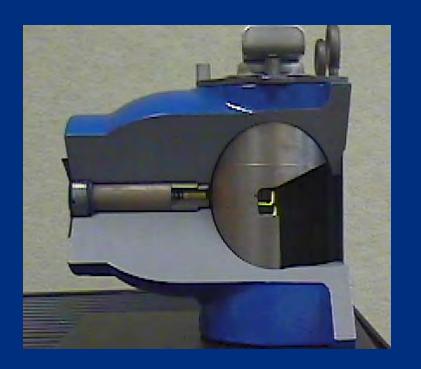
Less than .025 microSieverts per pass of any system

Less than 1 milliSieverts in any year



Source Information

Shielding



Source Selection





Gauge Selection

Typical Gauge Items



CBP Cobalt Gauge Items





Safety Features and Markings



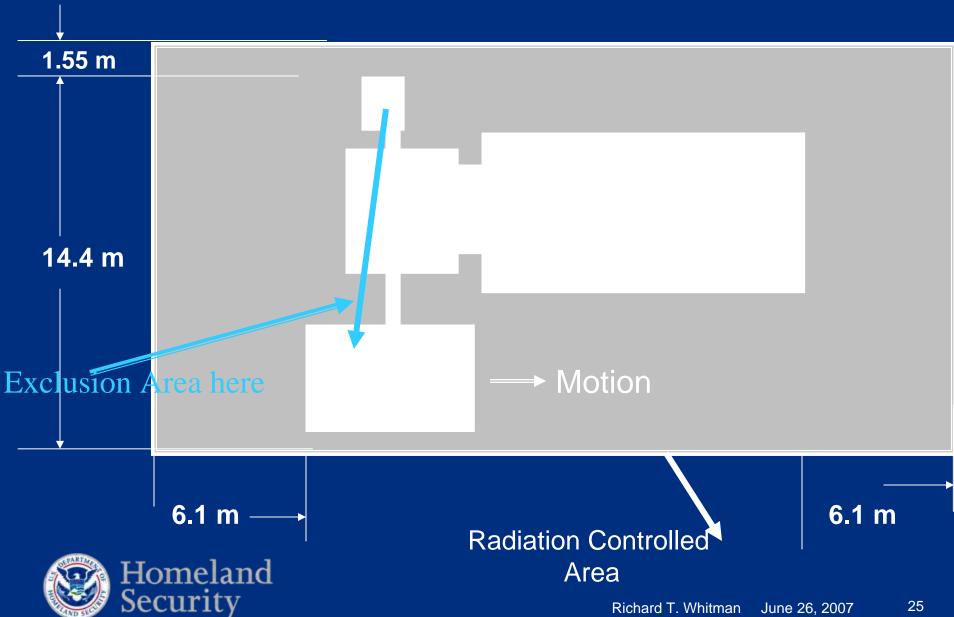


Safety Features and Markings





Rolling Scan



Radiation Portal Monitor System







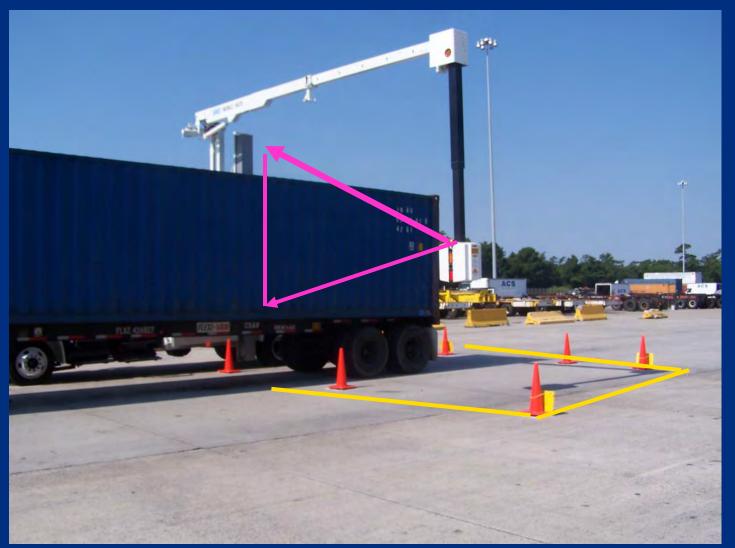






















Gamma Ray Inspection System

("Gards" with Cobalt-60)





Rail Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System (Early

models have Cesium-137; later models have Cobalt-60)





Rail Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System (Early

models have Cesium-137; later models have Cobalt-60)







Pallet Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System

(with Cobalt-60)





Portal Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System

(Cesium-137)





Portal Vehicle and Cargo Inspection System

(Cesium-137)





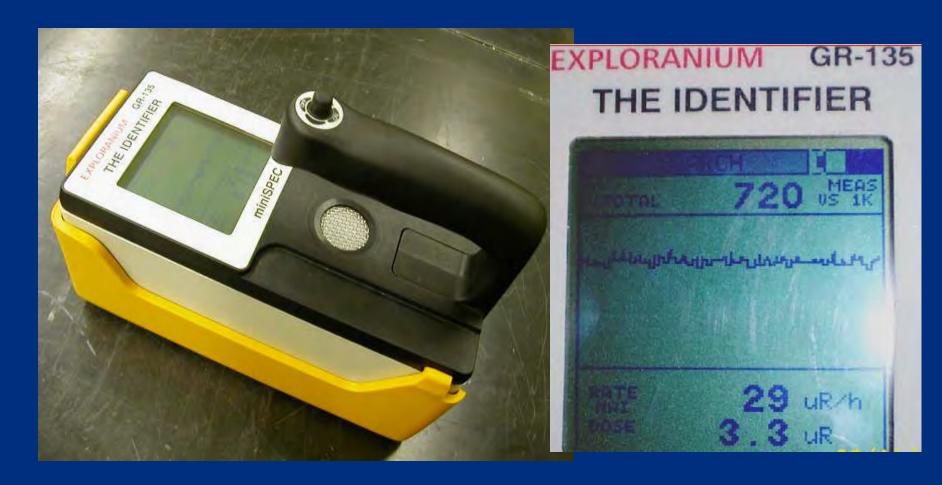
Standard Ionization Meter

(Victoreen 450P and the newer 451P)





Radiation Isotope Identification Device





Z-Backscatter X-Ray System

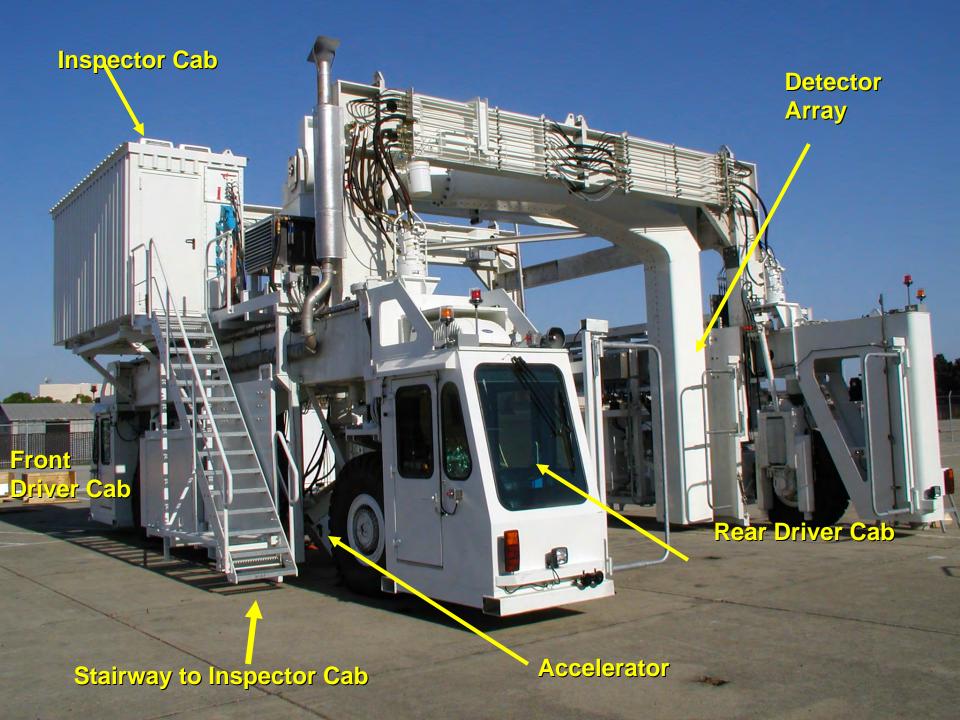




Mobile Sea Container Accelerator System







Mobile Sea Container Accelerator System





Before / After MSCS Collimation at 20 ft from cab side axis 25 20 **Before Collimation** uGy/h 10 5 195 292 389 98 486 583 680 **Seconds** Results after Collimation























Rail Gantry Accelerator System (BIR)





Sources For Training









NOT FOR DRUG USE

Program Update

CBP Officer Training

- + Sources
- + New RPMs and reach back
- + Equipment expansion

CBP Radiation Safety Program Growth

- + Additional Staffing
- + NRC and Canadian License



Richard.T.Whitman @ DHS.GOV

(317) 614 – 4843 desk

(317) 945-6423 cell





Homeland Security