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2010 TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLES CONFERENCE

Monterey, CA

7 - 9 February 2010

Agenda

Monday, February 8, 2010

KEYNOTE SPEAKER

• Lieutenant General James H. Pillsbury, USA Deputy Commanding General, U.S. Army Materiel Command

SESSION I

- U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) "TWV Strategy Update" Lieutenant General Michael A. Vane, USA Director, Army Capabilities Integration Center (ARCIC) (video)
- Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G-8 "TWV Funding Challenges", Lieutenant General Robert P. Lennox (video), USA Deputy Chief of Staff and COL Mark Barbosa, G-8
- Commanding General, US Army Reserve Command "TWV and Reserve Component Challenges", Lieutenant General Jack C. Stultz, USA Chief, Army Reserve
- Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G-3/5/7 "State of TWV from the G-3/5/7 Perspective" LTG (R) Joseph Yakovac, Educator and Consultant

SESSION II

- TWV Life Cycle Management in an Era of Persistent Conflict, Lieutenant General Claude V. "Chris" Christianson, USA (Ret.) Director, The Center for Joint and Strategic Logistics National Defense University, Washington DC
 - 1. Navy Corporate Business Course, NPS, Monterey, CA
 - 2. Joint Logistics & Lifelong Learning
 - 3. TWV's in a Sea of 'Change'.
- Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G-4, U.S. Army Logistics "TWV and Logistics Challenges", Major General Robert M. Radin, USA Assistant Deputy Chief of Staff, G-4
- Warfighter / Combined Arms Support Command, Major General James E. Chambers, USA Commanding General, CASCOM
- PEO, USMC Land Systems, Mr. William E. Taylor Program Executive Officer (PEO)
- U.S. Army TACOM Life Cycle Management Command, Mr. Michael D. Viggato Deputy to Commanding General, TACOM
- U.S. Army Contracting Command, Mr. Harry P. Hallock Executive Director, TACOM Contracting Center
- Tank-Automotive Research, Development and Engineering Center (TARDEC), Mr. Thomas Mathes, Executive Director, Product Development Business Group

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Tuesday, February 9, 2010

SESSION III

TODAY'S STRATEGIES AND UPCOMING CHALLENGES:

- Mr. Kevin M. Fahey (SES), Program Executive Officer, Combat Support & Combat Service Support
- BG Brian R. Layer, USA, Commanding General, Chief of Transportation, Commandant, U.S. Army Transportation School
 - 1. Army Strong wmv file
 - 2. Leader Development Strategy for a 21st Century Army wmv file
 - 3. NASCAR vs MRAP wmv file
 - 4. Virtual Combat Convoy Trainer IED Simulation wmv file

• Major General Roger A. Nadeau, USA, Commanding General U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Command

PROJECT/PROGRAM MANAGER OVERVIEWS: MRAP, JCSS AND TACTICAL VEHICLES:

Mine Resistant Ambush Protected (MRAP) Vehicle Program

• Mr. Paul D. Mann, Joint Program Manager, Mine Resistant Ambush Vehicle (MRAP) Program, Marine Corps Systems Command

Joint Light Tactical Vehicle (JLTV) Program

- COL John "Steve" Myers, USA, Project Manager, Joint Combat Support Systems
 - 1. I'm A Soldier wmv file

PM OVERVIEWS: MRAP, JCSS AND TACTICAL WHEEL VEHICLES

Program Tactical Vehicles (TV)

• COL David Bassett, USA, Project Manager, Tactical Vehicles

P.M. TV PRESENTATIONS

- LTV: Mr. Dennis N. Haag; Product Manager, Light Tactical Vehicles
- MTV: LTC Shane Fullmer, USA, Product Manager, Medium Tactical Vehicles
- HTV: LTC(P) L. Allen Johnson, USA; Product Manager, Heavy Tactical Vehicles

2010 Tactical Wheeled Vehicles Conference Tentative Agenda* February 7 - 9, 2010 Monterey Conference Center Monterey, CA (*subject to change - 1/22/10)

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 2010

8:00 a.m 1:00 p.m.	12th Annual NDIA TWV Golf Tournament Player check-in & Continental Breakfast Black Horse Golf Course, Seaside, California (Golf Tournament Chair: Chuck Prikopa, BAE Systems)
8:30 a.m.	shotgun start
2:00 p.m 7:00 p.m.	Registration Check-in The DeAnza Ballroom Foyer The Portola Plaza Hotel at Monterey Bay
3:00 p.m 7:00 p.m.	Annual Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Networking/Awards Reception The DeAnza Ballroom I and II

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 2010

7:00 a.m. – 8:00 a.m.	Continental Breakfast Sorra Bollroom				
	The Monterey Conference Center				
7:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.	Registration Check-in Continues Serra Ballroom The Monterey Conference Center				
8:00 a.m. – 8:10 a.m.	Conference Overview & Welcome "TWV Strategy During Challenging Times" Serra Ballroom The Monterey Conference Center				
	 Mr. Bruce Harrison Vice President, BAE Systems and Chairman, Tactical Wheeled Vehicles Division 				

NDIA

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 2010 (continued)

8:10 a.m. – 8:15 a.m.	NDIA Welcome				
	Serra Ballroom				
	The Monterey Conference Center				
	 Lieutenant General Lawrence P. Farrell, Jr., USAF (Ret.) President & CEO NDIA 				
8:15 a.m. – 8:45 a.m.	Keynote Speaker				
	 Lieutenant General James H. Pillsbury, USA Deputy Commanding General, U.S. Army Materiel Command 				
	Session I: Chairman: Mr. Eddie Garcia, Director Oshkosh Defense, Oshkosh Corporation Serra Ballroom The Monterey Conference Center				
8:45 a.m. – 9:15 a.m.	U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) "TWV Strategy Update"				
	• Lieutenant General Michael A. Vane, USA Director, Army Capabilities Integration Center (ARCIC)				
9:15 a.m. – 9:45 a.m.	Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G-8 "TWV Funding Challenges"				
	• Lieutenant General Robert P. Lennox, USA Deputy Chief of Staff, G-8				
9:45 a.m. – 10:30 a.m.	Coffee Break Serra Ballroom Foyer				
10:30 a.m 11:00 a.m.	Commanding General, US Army Reserve Command "TWV and Reserve Component Challenges"				
	• Lieutenant General Jack C. Stultz, USA Chief, Army Reserve				

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 2010 (continued)

11:00 a.m. – 11:30 a.m.	Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G-3/5/7 "State of TWV from the G-3/5/7 Perspective"				
	• Major General Rhett A. Hernandez, USA Assistant Deputy Chief of Staff, G-3/5/7				
11:30 a.m 1:00 p.m.	Lunch The DeAnza Ballroom I & II The Portola Plaza Hotel at Monterey Bay				
	Session II Chairman: Mr. Pat MacArevey Vice President, Government Business, Navistar Defense Serra Ballroom The Monterey Conference Center				
1:00 p.m1:30 p.m.	TWV Life Cycle Management in an Era of Persistent Conflict				
	• Lieutenant General Claude V. "Chris" Christianson, USA (Ret.) Director, The Center for Joint and Strategic Logistics National Defense University, Washington DC				
1:30 p.m 2:00 p.m.	Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G-4 U.S. Army Logistics "TWV and Logistics Challenges"				
	• Major General Robert M. Radin, USA Assistant Deputy Chief of Staff, G-4				
2:00 p.m 2:30 p.m.	Warfighter / Combined Arms Support Command				
	• Major General James E. Chambers, USA Commanding General, CASCOM				
2:30 p.m 3:00 p.m.	PEO, USMC Land Systems				
	• Mr. William E. Taylor Program Executive Officer (PEO)				
3:00 p.m. – 3:30 p.m.	Coffee Break				

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 2010 (continued)

3:30 p.m 4:00 p.m.	U.S. Army TACOM Life Cycle Management Command		
	• Mr. Michael D. Viggato Deputy to Commanding General, TACOM		
4:00 p.m 4:30 p.m.	U.S. Army Contracting Command		
	• Mr. Harry P. Hallock Executive Director, TACOM Contracting Center		
4:30 p.m 5:00 p.m.	Tank-Automotive Research, Development and Engineering Center (TARDEC)		
	Dr. Grace Bochenek		
	Director, TARDEC		
5:00 p.m 6:30 p.m.	Annual Conference Reception The DeAnza Ballroom I and II		
	The Portola Plaza Hotel at Monterey Bay		

EVENING ON OWN - ENJOY MONTEREY!

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2010

7:00 a.m 8:00 a.m.	Continental Breakfast Serra Ballroom Foyer The Monterey Conference Center
7:00 a.m 12:00 noon	Registration Check-in continues Serra Ballroom Foyer The Monterey Conference Center

2010 TAC WHEEL CONFERENCE BADGES ARE TO BE WORN AT ALL TIMES DURING EVENT.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2010 (continued)

Session III

Chairman: Mr. Tom Bagwell (SES) Deputy Program Executive Officer, Combat Support & Combat Service Support (DPEO CS&CSS), U.S. Army

> Serra Ballroom The Monterey Conference Center

8:00 a.m. – 9:00 a.m.	Today's Strategies and Upcoming Challenges			
(8:00 - 8:20)	- Mr. Kevin M. Fahey (SES) Program Executive Officer, Combat Support & Combat Service Support			
(8:20 - 8:40)	- BG Brian R. Layer, USA Commanding General, Chief of Transportation, Commandant, U.S. Army Transportation School			
(8:40 - 9:00)	- Major General Roger A. Nadeau, USA Commanding General U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Command			
9:00 a.m. – 10:10 a.m.	Project/Program Manager Overviews: MRAP, JCSS and Tactical Vehicles			
(9:00 – 9:30)	Mine Resistant Ambush Protected (MRAP) Vehicle Program			
	 Mr. Paul D. Mann Joint Program Manager, Mine Resistant Ambush Vehicle (MRAP) Program, Marine Corps Systems Command 			
	 COL Kevin Peterson, USA Project Manager, Mine Resistant Ambush Vehicle (MRAP) Program, Program Executive Office, Combat Support & Combat Service Support 			
(9:30 –9:50)	Joint Light Tactical Vehicle (JLTV) Program			
	 COL John "Steve" Myers, USA Project Manager, Joint Combat Support Systems 			

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2010 (continued)

9:00 a.m. – 10:10 a.m.	PM Overviews: MRAP, JCSS and Tactical Wheel Vehicles					
(9:50 -10:10)	Program Tactical Vehicles (TV)					
	 COL David Bassett, USA Project Manager, Tactical Vehicles 					
10:10 a.m. –10:20 a.m.	Mr. Bruce Harrison Conference Close-out					
10:20 a.m. – 10:50 a.m.	Coffee Break Serra Ballroom Foyer (Serra Ballroom will be reconfigured into two rooms)					
10:50 a.m. – 12:40 p.m.	P.M. Breakout Sessions - will follow on from Overview – P.M. TV presentations					

Attendees (can	remain	in	same	ballroom	as	briefers	will	rotate
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Breakout Sessions:	Group 1 – Serra (A)	Group 2 – Serra (B)	Group 3 - Steinbeck Ballroom			
10:50 -11:20	<u>LTV</u> : Mr. Dennis N. Haag; Product Manager, Light Tactical Vehicles	MTV: LTC Shane Fullmer, USA; Product Manager, Medium Tactical Vehicles	HTV: LTC(P) L. Allen Johnson, USA; Product Manager, Heavy Tactical Vehicles			
11:20 - 11:30	Break					
11:30-12:00	MTV: LTC Shane Fullmer, USA; Product Manager, Medium Tactical Vehicles	HTV: LTC(P) L. Allen Johnson, USA; Product Manager, Heavy Tactical Vehicles	<u>LTV</u> : Mr. Dennis N. Haag; Product Manager, Light Tactical Vehicles			
12:00 - 12:10		BREAK				
12:10-12:40	HTV: LTC(P) L. Allen Johnson, USA; Product Manager, Heavy Tactical Vehicles	LTV : Mr. Dennis N. Haag; Product Manager, Light Tactical Vehicles	MTV: LTC Shane Fullmer, USA; Product Manager, Medium Tactical Vehicles			

2010 TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLES CONFERENCE ADJOURNS

2010 TAC WHEEL CONFERENCE BADGES ARE TO BE WORN AT ALL TIMES DURING EVENT.

AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION™



UNCLASSIFIED

NDIA Tactical Wheeled Vehicles (TWV) Conference 8 February 2010 COL Mark Barbosa, G-8



UNCLASSIFIED

<u>Purpose</u>: To provide an overview of the Army's TWV fleet and discuss how it supports Army senior leader's vision

Our goal is to build a <u>versatile mix</u> of <u>tailorable</u> and <u>networked</u> organizations, operating on a <u>rotational</u> <u>cycle</u>, to provide a <u>sustained flow</u> of trained and ready forces for current commitments and to hedge against <u>unexpected contingencies</u>, at a tempo that is predictable and sustainable for our All-Volunteer Force

<u>Agenda</u>:

- Strategic Orientation
- New Army Equipping Strategy
- Evolving TWV Investment Strategy
- TWV Fleet Overview
- Evolving TWV Capability Requirements

Period of Continuous Change

- Shifting Operational Landscape
- Restructuring materiel modernization strategies
- Fielding "incremental" vs. "big bang" solutions



- Transitioning to support the establishment of the Materiel Enterprise
- Diminishing resources and simultaneous increases in requirements
- Facing difficult choices in a fiscally constrained environment



New Army Equipping Strategy

- An <u>affordable</u> strategy
- Ensures Soldiers have the right equipment to meet mission requirements:
 - whether in combat
 - training for combat
 - operating as part of generating force
 - conducting Homeland Defense and Defense Support to Civil Authorities missions

Old Strategy

- Tiered readiness
- Equip 100% units, 100% of the time
- Minimal recognition for Reset
- Homeland Defense requirements not recognized
- Equipment normally remained in one unit
- Equip to unit design
- Requirements approved, then resourcing considered

New Strategy

- Cyclic readiness
- Equip to mission and ARFORGEN Phase
- Recognizes necessity for Reset
- Homeland Defense capabilities recognized/resourced
- Equipment in constant motion
- Equip to unit mission
- Requirements life cycle costs considered upfront

Evolving TWV Investment Strategy

Army TWV Fleet = Over 267,350 vehicles

- Adapting based on operational demand, cognizant of fiscal realities
- Planning to integrate 12,291 MRAP + 3,391 M-ATV into the force
- Emphasizing a mixed fleet that spans protection, payload, and performance
- Accelerating our plans to **<u>stop</u>** HMMWV procurement for Army only needs
- Equipping to mission per ARFORGEN cycle
- <u>Modernizing</u> while we fight
- Planning to <u>restore</u> Army Prepositioned Stocks
- <u>Recapitalizing</u> and <u>divesting</u> selected variants
- Planning to <u>integrate</u> Joint Light Tactical Vehicle when ready
- <u>Scrutinizing</u> new and existing TWV requirements

Tactical vehicles must be protected, mobile, and networked



Unclassified

AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION™

TWV Capabilities Restored





- Stopping HMMWV procurement for "Army-only" needs sustaining current HMMWV requirements through RECAP
- Exercising option for over 2,000 HMMWVs by 1 Mar 10 (e.g., final buy for "Army needs", acquisition objective met)
- Funding not requested in FY11 for Army-only HMMWV procurement
- Seeking approval to use a portion of the FY10 HMMWV Procurement funding for other Army priorities
- Reviewing options to sustain 160K on-hand HMMWV fleet by shifting acquisition strategy to RECAP and/or Reset
- Replacing over 3,000 Light Tactical Wheel Vehicle requirements with the MRAP/M-ATV
- Supporting development of the Joint Light Tactical Vehicle

A0 Series (1985-93)



A1 Series (1991-95)



A2 Series (1994-2004)



ECV M1114;M1151/52/65 (1995-Present)

Unclassified

NOTE: MOD 4 = Approved Armor Capable LTV (i.e., accepts Frag Kits)

AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION

Tactical Medium Truck Family



- Majority of requirements are "modern," and 69 percent of Medium Trucks on hand would be classified as modern
- Current investment has resulted in healthy fleet that is well distributed relative to requirements
- Aging fleet 30 percent of fleet is being filled by M35, M809, and M939 series trucks whose average age exceeds 20 years
- Moving Army to a fleet with scalable protection (e.g., FMTV investment strategy procures armor capable vehicles to support Long Term Protection Strategy objective to provide scalable protection by using the A cab/B-kit concept, to replace older models, and to fill current Modified Table Of Organization & Equipment (MTOE) shortages
- Divesting M35 series trucks by end of FY11 and M809 series trucks by end of FY15
- Planning to maintain capability to sustain M939 series trucks through FY22





FMTV A1



FMTV A1R







Unclassified

AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION[™]

Tactical Heavy Truck Family



- Majority of requirements are "modern," and 98 percent of Heavy Tactical Vehicles on hand are modern
- Equipment well distributed across COMPOs 1-3. COMPO 6 (APS) low due to decision to source operational needs
- Divesting oldest M915/M916 HEMTT variants NLT FY11 replacing with M983 Light Equipment Transporter
- Investing in HEMTT RECAP and new procurement of HEMTT Load Handling System and Light Equipment Transporter
- Modernizing Heavy fleet primarily thru RECAP, Reset, and Product Improvement



Unclassified

AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION[™]

Tactical Heavy Truck Family



- Speed of modernization/divestiture depends on how fast we want to achieve our LTPS and replace older model trucks LTPS target is 47% approved "armor available".
- Current HTV armor on hand is ~22% (LTAS "B" Kits and AoA sets)
- HEMTT A0/A2, PLS A0, HET A0 8V92 engine obsolescence FY18





AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION[™] Evolving TWV Capability Requirements

Provide Soldiers protected mobility

Provide increased <u>off-road mobility</u>



Increase <u>platform capacity</u> to accept evolving technologies

Obtain better Command and Control on-the-move capability

• Use **incremental approach** to vehicle development

A culture of innovation is needed to address continuously evolving warfighter capability gaps

Navy Corporate Business Course NPS, Monterey, CA

Notes

10 February 2010

1. PURPOSE - To address the students and discuss innovation and transformational leadership. Address Title: *Transformational Leadership and Innovation; can't have one without the other.*

2. ATTENDEES – A total of 34 students made up of Navy officers (CDR – CAPT) and civilian professionals (GS-15 – YA-3). Length of careers spans ~16 years to more than 25 years.

3. OUTLINE

INTRODUCTION.

- Before we start...I understand you may be gagging at the idea of having to sit here and listen to someone ramble on about logistics for 90 minutes, so let try to ease your minds a bit.
 - The more I look, the less I see logistics and the more I see philosophies...
 - There is a universality or portability of ideas that transcends a specific function...I now believe that is one of the most critical attributes of effective executive leadership
 - I look at my logistics experience now more as a model of how to approach challenges...and as a bellwether...like Haiti.
- My background...
 - o No Masters....No early promotions...Not a good student...
 - Small Ag town...IE degree
 - Today: remarkable opportunity...For years I've felt that "Something just wasn't quite right"
- Today is very special for me...thank VADM Quast for this opportunity
- I encourage you to actively participate today... Share your thoughts & ideas, and challenge things you have issues with ... interrupt...question...disagree...
- I'd like to talk with you today about . . .
 - Moving toward a 21st Century logistics capability, and why it's so hard
 - Here we are talking about this on the eve of the second decade of the 21st Century – but it's not too late!
 - As part of this discussion, we'll talk about leadership and why you're so important to our future . . .
 - <u>**BLUF**</u>: We need you our defense logistics enterprise needs you. We need your Courage Patience Competence, to:
 - Build an *interdependent* defense logistics environment that will be a central component of our national security in the years ahead.

• If done right, it won't look like anything we have ever seen before—and there is no one else but you out there to do it . . .

TRANSFORMATION. Before talking specifically about logistics, I'd like to spend a couple of minutes to talk about transformation and transformational leadership in general.

- Transformation: in recent years . . . much more publicity, priority & effort behind transformation . . . I am not sure the resources have accompanied all this support.
 - > We (our militaries and our nations) have continually been changing
 - There isn't much at the operational level that's the same as when I started
 - So, why over the past several years do we have this kind of emphasis?
- I would offer that this exceptional emphasis is directly related to
 - how to profoundly the operating environment has changed
 - ➤ the duration of our current effort
 - > the scope of the team involved in today's operations
 - > the pervasive information available to families, businesses & governments
 - > and how our senior leaders see the future evolving in the years ahead
- What is a leader's role in this process?
 - You've heard about much of this during your time here don't intend to revisit all you've heard
 - Emphasize that what is important is that enabling transformation/change is really a state of mind.
 - The driving desire to find a better way unbridled curiosity
 - A way/approach to understanding problems What are we trying to *fix*? And I use the term 'fix' with some trepidation here. I'm not sure that we can really fix many of the challenges we'll face. In many cases it may be more of global trade offs and/or risk management that you'll be asked to deliver.

<u>21ST CENTURY LOGISTICS</u>. I've structured my remarks around 5 elements – I offer this only as a framework or a way of thinking about change – a way to gauge progress (or lack of progress). As I mentioned, even though I'll talk about this through the logistics lens, this kind of model can be applied to almost any functional area.

- Elements of logistics. Even though I call these 'elements of logistics' they should be viewed as a framework around which we can approach a challenge. The 5 elements I think about are:
 - o Vision
 - o Processes
 - Organizations
 - o Systems
 - o People

• The fact of the matter is that today's young men and women – people at the *tip of the spear* already get it – YOU guys get it! When they hear leadership talk about change and joint, they just don't understand why this is such a big deal – they've worked successfully under extreme pressure with members of other services, nations and non-governmental agencies to deliver quality support. But it is not with today's younger men and women that our challenge lies . . .

- Our challenge lies with an *industrial age culture* that has given us sets of rules and procedures that simply are not useful to us in contemporary and future environments.
 - MIKE LYDEN AND THE FISCs CHANGING TO FLEET SUPPORT ORGANIZATIONS?
 - ICAF NAME CHANGE?
- Strategic *decision cycles* that take too much time and are too cumbersome
 - JOINT STAFF AND CHANGING DOCTRINAL PUBLICATIONS?
- Procurement policies and processes that cannot effectively respond to the changing requirements of the operating environment;
- Processes that are relatively inflexible and
- *Organizations* that have been insulated by design from other key elements in the logistics enterprise.

1. VISION: With that short comment about transformation, let's begin with an obvious but challenging component—as George Bush Sr put it, "that vision thing"

- For any innovation, change or transformation to take root, it must be driven by a clear, *compelling vision* to tie together the many disparate elements of any change.
 - It's important to remember that *change is not an end state*, it's a continuous journey. Therefore, a vision must be under constant review and update.
 - Fundamental to any vision is a clear description of a *future state*. From a military perspective, and there seems to be a strong consensus about this, the future will be characterized by:
 - Persistent conflict
 - State & non-State actors
 - Who will be our adversaries?
 - Some debate over what constitutes "conflict"
 - Russian cyber attacks in Estonia
 - Activities in Zimbabwe, etc.
 - Are we ready for all of these? And for the ones we can't imagine? *ASK THE SOUTHCOM CDR*...
 - Globally dispersed operations (Afghanistan is the perfect storm for logistics)
 - Globally connected
 - Tenuous LOCs
 - Tactical threats global implications
 - Decisions you will make could have strategic impacts
 - Complexity
 - Pace of change
 - Multi-national, inter-agency, NGO, commercial at tactical level

• DOCTRINE, JFCOM, CJCS, MATTIS, CCJO, EXPERIMENTATION...

- Simultaneous operations across the spectrum of activities move back and forth with ease . . .
 - Engagement
 - Security
 - Combat
 - Reconstruction
 - A flat (or more likely reduced) resource stream
 - Fewer new equipment buys
 - Aging equipment higher sustainment costs
 - Insertion of emerging technologies on these aging platforms integration/sustainment
- Last, but clearly not least, is uncertainty
- But, even though there is some consensus about the character of the future, there is *no consensus on the way forward*, and that's where you come in to the game.
 - In my opinion, you need to *speak up and be part of the discussion*. Nobody knows what the right answer is because there is NOT a right answer.
 - Even though there may not be a RIGHT answer, there are better and worse answers and you have to be able to assess.
 - It is the discussion itself that makes us smarter and stronger, just as the process of planning is more important than the plans we actually write that in most cases either are never used or as the saying goes "*do not survive the first shot in combat*."
 - PARADOX: We say that nobody can predict the future, but many things we are apparently certain of...

2. <u>PROCESSES</u>: I'm talking about those processes out there that are absolutely essential to delivering logistics support to the warfighter. Now, as part of my 'Truth in Lending' promise, I am about to talk about the supply chain. I know most of you don't really care about that, but it is a \$200B enterprise...and, the philosophy behind these remarks do apply to every other function that supports the joint force. In discussing this I'm going to refer to the *defense support chain*.

- Our Greatest Challenge this support chain looks different depending upon where you stand/sit *fundamentally, we don't understand it!* I can't over-emphasize how profound this is, because if we don't all see the same thing, we won't be able to solve our problems.
 - Capital Area Food Bank example
 - Unusual supply chain, with well intentioned people all trying to do the right thing, but
 - Still aren't getting food to everyone who needs it . . .
 - Our leaders don't agree on
 - where 'it' starts and ends
 - the deliverables 'it' should produce

- the performance metrics/measure of effectiveness 'it' should meet
- Key terms (lexicon) are not understood or universally accepted
- Way forward
 - We must find a *common framework* through which we can view the defense support chain. There are reference models out there we should use, but I'm not here this morning to talk to you about them. I am here to tell you that absent a model, we'll never make it better we'll just work harder to deliver that support. What a reference model will do is:
 - Describes processes with shared outcomes
 - Offer a common language/syntax
 - Enable flexible design options
 - Always view the defense support chain from an *enterprise perspective*
 - Purpose of the support chain is to link national capabilities/resources to changing operational requirements
 - The process knows no organizational or command boundaries the process serves the enterprise
 - Turf battles, 'My Lane', etc.

3. <u>ORGANIZATIONS</u>. What I'm talking about here is to better understand logistics organizational designs and relationships, and using that knowledge to help change from a what is primarily hierarchal/industrial/fixed designs using overly bureaucratic processes, to flatter, collaborative, agile organizational designs that respond with effectiveness to changing requirements.

- Can a military organization be flat, collaborative agile and learning?
- Can we afford not to be?
- Out in the AOR you have been all of those things—I am not sure I would agree it's so in the Pentagon
- Design: for a changing environment (adaptive vs. industrial)
 - Rapidly reconfigure to meet changes
 - Sensor grid (you can't watch everything) is a key element in adaptive organizations
 - Don't lose the organizational 'core'
 - why the organization exists!
 - All are part of a larger enterprise
 - how they 'fit' must be clear
- Relationships. Whether we can accurately describe them or not, our organizations are global partners. However, they are not driven by common interests, and they are not enabled with open communications within and across organizational boundaries. Improving this condition requires conscious effort in both design and management.
 - Three partnerships that need attention
 - Partnerships B/T government organizations
 - Responsibilities & accountabilities
 - Roles in our support chain & life cycle systems approach

- Partnerships B/T government & industry
 - Integral member of the team
 - Common outcomes (life cycle availability at value)
 - New PBLs not adversarial hiding data—frequently reassessed
 - ✓ This talk is not about PBLs, but I would happily field a question on them
- Partnerships B/T industry competitors
 - Common goals
 - 'All or nothing' approaches to BD. How can the USG incentivize "shared earnings?"

• Way Forward

- *Network organizations* across the environment to provide visibility (situational awareness) using sensor data to build information (situational awareness) that leads to better decisions.
- Make logistics **an** *integral part of operational planning/execution* to shorten decision cycles and make logistics decisions better.
 - This is not just a "seat at the table in the Ops Center
- Focus on *unity of effort* as the desired outcome in all we do!
 - Unity of effort is the foremost logistics imperative, but it certainly applies to all that we do...
- **4.** <u>SYSTEMS</u>. Systems must be part of an architectural hierarchy serving logisticians— I know this sounds like it is about computers but it is not—it is about logic.
- Process architecture How do the processes work?
 - Who plays what role in executing the processes?
 - What are their relationships?
 - What do the processes deliver, and to whom?
- Data architecture
 - Who needs what data to make decisions?
 - Where is that data generated?
 - How will we move the data?
- Systems architecture this is about computers and applications . . .
 - What applications will we use to meet the data requirements above?
- Way Forward
 - o Enterprise solutions (not an enterprise system)
 - *Generate data once*, share with all who need
 - o Value systems/applications on how they impact the enterprise
 - Watch for sub-optimization; depot inventory optimization, e.g.
 - Part of the larger whole.
 - Remember the purpose of applications is to *enable better decisions*; to help people do their jobs better. Applications should not exist separate from a decision-making process.

5. <u>**PEOPLE**</u>: Our greatest impediment to affecting meaningful, long-term logistics transformation may well be our cultures –

- Our cultures are reflected in our people
 - o Behavior
 - How/what they think
 - What they say

Therefore: any meaningful change should start with people...

- *How do they learn?*
- What do they need to know?
- What attribute do we want them to manifest?
- What kind of leaders do we need?
- The answer (or a big part of it) to our cultural challenges is education and a deep *commitment to life-long learning*
 - How do people learn?
 - Training....
 - Education...
 - Experience...
 - Coaching...
 - Mentoring...
 - Reflection...
- Fundamental to learning is the challenge of knowing *what kind of logisticians we want*? What skills, knowledge & attributes do we need/want? When, and to what degree are these KSAs needed?
 - My perspective:
 - Comfortable with uncertainty, Ability to influence, negotiator/mediator...
 - Have a broad, global perspective; Courage, patience, curiosity...
 - Able to make decisions with minimal information, Quick learner...
- Last, let me talk a little about the leadership element of people. Many of our leaders today are too narrowly focused and their horizon is too short—they're too close to the map board. The same may be true for some of you. Why would I say that?
 - Graded on execution the tasks at hand
 - Made worse by 8+ years of operations
 - Leading organizations into the close target zone
 - o Impact??
 - Not alert to change
 - Like a horse running a race with blinders
 - Can miss the small signals that lead to significant change
 - ✓ Butterfly's wings in China Hurricane in the Atlantic (Chaos-Complexity Theory)

- ✓ Not sure I buy into the theory, but I do know that a blogger in Iraq or a thumb drive in an Afghan market can both have global impact!
- \checkmark We live in a globally interconnected world
- Many times these signals of change come from the edge . . . leaders aren't there
- Inhibits curiosity
 - May be one of the most important attributes of a successful leader in tomorrow's environment

• Way Forward

- Develop a *learning continuum* that gives us the best chance of developing the kinds of logisticians we need
 - We want to help shape those kinds of logisticians...that's why the CJSL was established
 - This is an effort that lasts over a professional lifetime—I am still a work in progress although I am told there does not appear to be much hope for me
 Summary State
- Ensure we provide incentives to *drive the right behaviors* across the logistics enterprise
 - Overall enterprise performance vice individual/segment/activity excellence
- *Mentorship and coaching* are key components of this lifetime of learning culture
 - If you are junior, seek out the counsel of senior leaders you admire—it is not sucking up (of course, it could be sucking up if all a person does is curry favor from a superior). This is a key tenet of the book, "Leading Up" by Michael Usee.
 - You in turn must do the same for those behind and below you... and the more senior you are the more important this is. The flag officer who does not devote at least 10 percent of his time to this endeavor is, in my view, doing a disservice to our Nation
- **<u>CLOSING</u>**. In summary I've tried to frame our logistics enterprise in the context of five elements—and as I mentioned, this approach can be applied to lots of other areas as well logistics.
 - Vision the description of a compelling end state that will drive change
 - Processes a common, shared understanding of those processes that deliver support to the customers
 - Organizations knowing those elements that provide the control over the delivery of support
 - Systems establishing the applications we need to help us make good decisions
 - People the Holy Grail of change developing people like you who will lead us into the future.

To be effective, transformation must embrace changes to all five of these elements.

• Change should be harmonious—but it never is.

- As leaders, our job is to make it better and to keep those we charge with "making it happen" focus on the vision we jointly created and hopefully share.
- The vision is what unites the other four

The sheer size and complexity of our world makes this an incredibly challenging undertaking. BUT—can we afford not to take it on? People at the tip of the spear like you are changing everyday—it is imperative that as you progress to higher levels of responsibility to enable the changes we need to enhance success.

- Opportunities exist
- Progress is being made

At the end of the day, we need an enterprise that works in harmony toward common outcomes, shares a common language and system of metrics, and provides visibility over all information needed to make good decisions across that enterprise. That can only happen with people like you, and organizations that share values that make this a wonderful profession and a great way of life.

I have temporarily given up my RV and sacrificed leaving DC for Monterey because of you (not much of a sacrifice); VADM Quast has given up his dream of the pro tennis circuit for you; you all are responsible not just to lead, but to do the same for the generations that follow you.

It has been an honor to be with you, thank you for your commitment to our Nation, and my very best wishes as you continue in service to our Country.

Joint Logistics &

Lifelong Learning

CUST Center for Joint and Strategic Logistics

JOE - Attributes

• Global dispersion - Demands a globally-distributed concept of support

- ✓ Rapid & Precise *response is the metric*
- ✓ LOCs will be tenuous; Commercial reliance; a *lucrative target*

• <u>Complex</u> -

✓ Joint, Interagency, Multinational, NGOs all play; *complicated politically and operationally*

✓ 100s of contractors with a support battalion; multiple supply chains; complicated tactically

Uncertain – Only real 'known' is that it will be volatile and messy

• Costly -

- ✓ We're big & expensive; \$170B \$270B...
- ✓ Must become more efficient
- <u>Law</u> Title X gives Services <u>responsibility</u> to train, equip, sustain, but . . .

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✓ Gives COCOM the *directive authority for logistics (DAFL)*

CCJO - Implications

 Organizations and leaders must approach each challenge as unique –

✓ Context vs. Template

 Organizations and processes must be able to support across four activities –

✓ Simultaneously sustain engagement, security, combat & reconstruction operations

• <u>Leaders</u>, organizations and processes must be able to adapt to the situations as they present themselves –

✓ Continuous assessment of the environment





Joint Logistics - Imperatives



✓ <u>Unity of effort</u>

- Process definition
- Roles and responsibilities
- Process transparency
- Common output metrics



✓ JLE-wide visibility

- Enterprise data architecture
- Authoritative source data
- 24/7 access to network
- ✓ <u>Rapid & Precise Response</u>
 - Velocity, Reliability, Visibility
 - Efficiency

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- Performance tracking
- Process analysis

Joint Logistics - Definition What is it?

The deliberate or improvised <u>sharing</u> of Service logistics resources . . . to support joint force operational requirements, enhance synergy, and reduce redundancies and costs.

Why do we need it?

Because (especially during initial expeditionary operations) the Services, by themselves, seldom have sufficient capability to independently support the JFC.

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The Defense Supply Chain

Purpose: To effectively meet the constantly changing needs of the joint force."



Who's Who - Defense Supply Chain


Defense Supply Chain Outcomes



Our People - Our Future ...

- Logistics expert . . .
 - ✓ Grounded in the "core" of Service logistics
- OK with uncertainty . . .
 - Understands that change is the only certainty
- Has a mature global perspective . . .
 - ✓ Keen insight into E2E processes & the long view
- Can make decisions with minimal info . . .
 - ✓ Distinguish between "must know" and "nice to know"

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- <u>Service & Joint Individual Training...</u>
 - ✓ Learning to do
- Joint Professional Logistics Education...
 - ✓ Learning to think
- t: Joint Experience...
 - ✓ Learning to be
 - Mentoring, Coaching...
 - ✓ Building the bench
 - <u>Reflection</u>...
 - ✓ Learning from within

Development:

Attributes:

Logistics Body of Knowledge

TENETS

- **Contains** the knowledge needed for logistics success
- **Owned** by the logistics community
- Useful: relevant
- Usable: accessible
- Comprehensive: complete
- Dynamic: changing
- Knowledge Mgmt:
- When does 'on line' knowledge become core?
- When does core become obsolete?
- Who is responsible to 'control'



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Virtual Coach

- Research
- Current policies, doctrine, lessons
- History
- Initiatives / best practices

Tailored Learning

- On line access
- Specialty courses
- Web casts

Core Requirements

- All practitioners embrace
- Part of formal training & educational continuum
- Logisticians & Nonlogisticians

You Have to Make a Difference . . .

- ✓ Create a *Passion* for Change
 - Lead through active participation...
- ✓ Span Boundaries
 - Cross organizational and cultural aisles

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- ✓ Build Relationships
 - Matrix people and organizations
- ✓ Share your vision
 - Focus on the future

Joint Logistics and World Hunger...

Optimize the Defense Supply Chain

- Achieve Unity of Effort among the players
- Agree on common metrics focused on the warfighter
- Provide the customer an EDD and meet it

• Deliver Enterprise-wide Visibility

- Provide access to real-time, shared information
- Enable Joint Logisticians to plan, execute, and control
- Improve decision making

• Establish a Life-Cycle approach to systems readiness

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- Link acquisition to sustainment
- Manage our systems as fleets "cradle to grave"
- Establish life-cycle sustainment metrics in development



BACKUP SLIDES



Delivering JLE-Wide Visibility...

<u>What is it?</u>	Access to logistics <u>requirements</u> , <u>resources</u> & <u>processes</u> Authoritative, 24/7 access					<u>esses</u>	
Why do we Need it?		To provid <u>mal</u>	To provide the knowledge needed to make effective decisions				
What is the Effect?		Sustaine	Sustained Logistics Readiness				
How to Deliver?							
Joint Lo	<u>g Capabilitie</u>	<u>es</u> :					
Supply Op	ns						
Maintenan	ce Opns	Proce	Dete				
Deployme	nt & Distribu	ition SS	Architoct	Decisio	on 💦 💊		
Health Ser	vice Suppor	t Archit	Architect	Suppor	rt		
Logistics	Services	ecture					

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JFC Rqmts

Operational Engineering

Operational Contracting

Visibility - Effective Decisions...

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What we want . . .

- Real-time, dynamic access to authoritative data
- Tools that are
 - intuitive & easy to use;
 - require virtually zero training;
 - and support the way joint logisticians do their work
- Tools that can be easily tailored by users via map-based displays & user-defined views
- A world-class application that integrates logistics planning and execution

How to get there ...

- Not a new IT system... But, a joint application that leverages existing and emerging Service and Agency data sources
- Include functional users in the development process (rather than wait until OT&E) to define requirements and assess progress
- Deliver an agile development process that yields quality products every couple of months "Spiral Development"

Life Cycle Systems Philosophy...

To deliver an accepted level of readiness at the best possible value to the Services

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

PURPOSE

Link Acquisition and Sustainment . . .

- Make developmental decisions based on total lifecycle costs
- Charter PMs to become "Fleet Managers" focused on delivering life-cycle readiness at best value to the Department
 - Measure outcome at the tip of the spear "objective capabilities"
 - Measure readiness as a "cost per unit of availability"
- Adhere to key performance outcomes focused on sustainment
 - Reliability, Availability, Maintainability

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- Total fully burdened costs

Life Cycle Systems Readiness... resetting the force

Today's Issues:

- There is no assurance that resources (time, funding, & capacity) are integrated in a way that will enable effective Service reset in support of Joint Force "end state" requirements
- There is no assurance that base depot reset requirements are recognized across DOD

Discussion Points:

- Resetting is essential to future Joint Force Readiness
 - Resetting is a continuous requirement for life-cycle systems readiness
 - The depot capcity/funding needed to deliver a given level of readiness at a certain level of OPTEMPO is undetermined
- Depot-level maintenance is essential to resetting operations
 - All depot maintenance is not conducted in Depots
 - Depot operations are being primarily funded out of supplemental dollars
- A consistent baseline resource stream, driven by reliable requirements forecasting is required to deliver effective depot operations
 - "Surge" requirements above the baseline should be driven by OPTEMPO above programmed levels



End State: Time, capacity and funding balanced and integrated to sustain joint force readiness.

TWVs in a Sea of

Change

Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference.

LTC C-V Christianson, USA (Ret)

Center for Joint and Strategic Logistics

The Challenge...

"The Defense Department does not have a unified tactical wheeled vehicle strategy that considers timing, affordability and sustainability."

GAO Study, September 2009



What Has 'Changed?'

<u>Pre-9/11</u>... a time of order, albeit constrained resources:

- Trucks were 'just' transportation
- Relatively homogenous mix
- Not a lot of CLS

Today... a chaotic/uncertain time, with almost unlimited resources:

- Trucks as combat systems
- Mixed fleets, overlapping capabilities
- Diverse support concepts with multiple supply chains

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Searching for 'Order' ...

- Is today's 'mess' the new 'order'...?
- How do we find 'order' in chaos...?
- How can we deliver affordable life cycle readiness...?



Some Strategic 'Ideas' ...

- Life Cycle Systems Philosophy...
- Fleet Management Concept
- "Post Industrial" Industrial Policy



Strategy...

Life Cycle Systems Philosophy

- \checkmark Tie operational outcomes to total life cycle costs
 - Operational requirement (*availability*) = outcome
 - Total costs optimized against that outcome
- \checkmark Clearly define the components of total life cycle costs
 - Personnel, time, parts, training, energy use, infrastructure...inclusive of all
 - Establish 'weight' based on what is important

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 \checkmark Reset an integral part of life cycle management

Strategy...

Fleet Management

- \checkmark Base all decisions on value to the total fleet...
 - Use life cycle cost model business case analyses
 - Merge acquisition and sustainment processes true integration

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- Optimize use of acquisition and sustainment resources
- ✓ Design systems for life cycle availability
 - Common engine strategy...?
 - Shorter development cycles

Strategy...

21st Century 'Post-Industrial' Policy

- \checkmark "Integrate" the commercial support network
 - share same outcome
 - share same situational understanding
 - share reward & risk

✓ Develop long-term commitments to availability and costs

✓ Build true partnerships in life cycle availability

CISI Center for Joint and Strategic Logistics





U.S. Army Contracting Command



Contracting Support to the Warfighter



U.S. Army Contracting Command



Mission & Vision Statement

Mission

Provide global contracting support to warfighters through the full spectrum of military operations.

<u>Vision</u>

A professional workforce providing quality contracting solutions in support of our warfighters.



Army Contracting Command

UNCLASSIFIED

Expeditionary - Responsive - Innovative



U.S. Army Contracting Command



How much the ACC Obligates

Dollars (\$B)

	Dollars
AMCOM-CC	\$19.0
CECOM-CC	\$15.0
ECC	\$2.8
JM&L-CC	\$2.7
MICC	\$8.3
NCRCC	\$4.4
PM SANG	\$0.5
RDECOM-CC	\$6.2
Rock Island- CC	\$11.8
SDDC	\$0.1
TACOM-CC	\$25.4



FY09 281,590 Actions \$96.2B

Army Contracting Command



U.S. Army Contracting Command



U.S.ARM

U.S. Army Contracting Command

ACC Support to OIF/OEF



20.1% of Total ACC Dollars in Direct Support to OIF/OEF

- \$20.4B total OIF/OEF
- 1880 total OIF/OEF actions

EXAMPLES:

- Rock Island Arsenal Contracting Center LOGCAP (\$5.9B/year)
- TACOM Contracting Center Afghanistan Security Assistance Program, \$1.78
 - > 27,000 vehicles & 104,000 weapons delivered



U.S. Army Contracting Command



ACC Trends & Impacts





ACC Strategic Priorities

- Grow and develop a professional civilian and military workforce
- Maintain superior customer focus
- Standardize, improve and assure quality business processes and policies across the organization
- Obtain and maintain needed resources
- Enhance Working Environment/Quality of Life



Recent Contracting Guidance

- Focus on transparency
- Increase competition/reduce the use of sole source contracts
- Improve competitive environment for the life of multiple award contracts/shorten the length of IDIQ contracts
- Reduce risk of cost growth/overcharging
- Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Guidance to improve Government Acquisition, 29 July 2009 (implements President's Direction)

U.S. Army Contracting Command



Improving Government Acquisition

- Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Goals
 - 7 percent contract savings by end of 2011
 - 10 percent reduction in prices paid on sole source or cost type contracts in 2010
- Processes
 - Reduce use of Time and Material, Labor Hour, Cost Reimbursement and Non Competitive/"1 Bid" Contracts
 - Negotiate harder for reduced prices
 - Reduce wasteful spending
 - Improve requirement definition
 - Improve market analysis
 - Improve contract management and oversight
 - Use strategic buying techniques to get better prices



Improving Use of Contractor Performance Information

- As of 1 July 2009 must use the on-line Past Performance Information Retrieval System
 - > Interim and final evaluations must be fed into the system
 - > This is already required for Army activities
 - Termination for Default and defective pricing info must be noted if applicable
- The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) will track compliance and publicize who is not submitting required information



U.S. Army Contracting Command



Questions

Army Contracting Command

UNCLASSIFIED

Expeditionary – Responsive - Innovative

Army (2005) America's Army Reserve

Equipping the Operational Army Reserve

LTG Jack Stultz Chief, Army Reserve

Army 2000 Reserve

World-Wide Equipping Challenges "Research & Development Requirements"



Light Mobile Route Security Vehicle (LMRSV)



Urban Assault Vehicle (UAV)



Green Assault Vehicle (GAV)



8 Feb 10

COL Leighton /G4-SRD/ 703-601-3456

Army 2000 Reserve

Operational Army Reserve Equipping Sources



COL Leighton /G4-SRD/ 703-601-3456
Operational Army Reserve *Equipping Challenges*



COL Leighton /G4-SRD/ 703-601-3456

Operational Army Reserve Equipping Effects on Readiness

Readiness (R)

Fleet Age-Over 75% of the AR TWV fleet exceeds its Economical Usage Life (EUL)

Depot Maintenance - Expensive & Labor Intensive

RECAP - Limited funding of AR TWV fleet



Training (T)

Individual – Qualifications & Certification Collective – Pre-Mob, Pre-Deploy, Post-Mob Equipment Training Sets -Mitigating Strategy On-Hand (S) ARFORGEN 80-% 80+% 90+%

Reset Train/ReadyAvailable

Retention

Homeland Defense (First Title X Responders)

Where do we take Risk



<u>Army Reserve Mission</u>. Provide trained units and qualified persons available for active duty in the armed forces, in time of war or national emergency, and at such other times as the national security may require.



COL Leighton /G4-SRD/ 703-601-3456

Right Balance of Sustainment and New Procurement "…ensures Soldiers have the right amount and type of modernized equipment to meet their mission requirements – whether in combat, training for combat, operating as part of the generating force, or conducting Homeland Defense and Defense Support to Civilian Agencies missions." (LTG Speakes, Army Equipping Strategy, 29 Sep 09)





Procurement -

Sustainment



Ready Trained & Equipped
 Operational Reserve













Questions



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Back-Ups



8 Feb 10

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TWV Analysis

- Current estimates are that a single year of use of equipment in theater can equal five to ten times the normal peacetime usage.
- Most of our TWV fleet has an economically useful service life of from 15-20 years.
- A portion of this equipment (estimate 20%) has seen service in the Gulf War in 1990-92.
- Even our non-deployed TWV fleet has seen more extensive use in unit training during preparation for mobilization, unit training and validation at mob sites, conduct of training support to other components and "Pop Up' training course addressing MOS reclassifications and transfers.
- The result is that a majority of TWV fleet will have rapidly expended a majority or all of its planned service life.



TWV Funding Overtime





Army 2000 Reserve

NGREA Funding



Army 20%

Reserve

Army Strategic Equipping Common Operational Picture

COMPO 3

[MTOE & TDA - With Subs - Without EQ4 SSO Auth & OH - ALL LINS]



LIN Family	Current % OH	30Jun11 % OH	FY17 % OH
HV EXPANDED MOBILITY TAC TRK (HEMTT)	69%	85%	67%
PLS	100%	100%	95%
TACTICAL HEAVY TRUCK (HV TRK)	99%	99%	83%
TACTICAL LIGHT TRUCK (LT TRK)	95%	92%	99%
TACTICAL MEDIUM TRUCK (MED TRK)	98%	98%	99%

Base as of 1/8/10 Supplemental as of 1/11/10

×0×

LIN Family = Specific groups of LINs
Current On - Hand = LIW on-hand with substitutions
Projected on-hand based on EQUIPFOR distribution
Color codes based on SACS File Req. vs OH inventory
On-hand inventory above requirements are not counted

Attention: Until completion of Quadrennial Defense Review (QDR) 2010, all force structure, projected onhand, and financial data beyond FY 2010 are predecisional and subject to change based on QDR decisions. Acronyms: PLS=Palletized Loading System

As Of Dates On-Hand: 13-Dec-2009 Required: 30-Nov-2009 EquipFor: 10-Nov-2009 LQA: 10-Nov-2009



LTV Fleet



LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY15
 T07543 (M1037)	2	111	267
T07679 (M1097)	758	7,551	765
T37588 (M1152A1)	332	978	6,613
T61630 (M1113)	1,072	370	356
	2,164	9,010	8,001
LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY15
T56383 (M998A1)	896	1,117	908
T61494 (M1038)	12,678	244	12,190
T61562 (M1038A1)	114	1	111
T11588 (M1152)	0	6	0
T11722 (M998P1)	0	1	0
T11790 (M1165)	0	16	0
T38772 (M1165A1)	0	179	0
T38873 (M998)	0	4,702	0
	13,688	6,266	13,209





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LTV Fleet 2 of 2



LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY15
T05096 (M966)	2	278	0
T34704(M1151)	44	439	1,267
T92242 (M1025)	2,150	1,412	2,300
T92310 (M1026)	78	255	0
T92446 (M1114)	1,944	38	1,143
T37338 (M1026P1)	0	2	0
T91490 (M1025P1)	0	3	0
T91490 (M1025A2P1)	0	1	0
	4,218	4,218	4,710



MTV Fleet

-6-1	
	00



LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY15
T94671 (M1089A1P2)	0	0	8
T94709 (M1089)	261	107	219
X63299 (M936)	43	205	38
	304	412	265

LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY15
T41995 (M1081)	0	9	23
T42063 (M1081)	21	5	0
T42131 (M1078A)	12	9	0
T59448 (M1078A1P2)	25	16	3
T60081 (M1078)	3,166	1740	3,269
T60149 (M1078)	513	366	586
X40009 (M35A1)	37	548	234
X40077 (Trk Cargo)	0	42	6
X40146 M35A2)	17	208	43
T67748 (M1078A1P1)	0	1	1
X40214 (Trk Cargo)	01	10	0
	3,782	2,963	4,164

MTV Fleet 2 of 3



	LIN		Req FY10	Curren OH	t Req FY15
T93484 (VA	N 2 1/2T M1079	9)	196	64	238
X62340 (TR	K VAN M109)		0	167	26
X62477 (VA	N M109A3 W	W)	0	4	0
			196	235	264
LII	N	Req FY10	1	Current OH	Req FY15
T61239		1,371		331	1,248
T61307		26		38	67
T88983		0		0	2
X59326		16		1,855	49
X59463		2		252	0
		1,415		2,476	1,366
I	LIN	F	Req Y10	Current OH	Req FY15
T41271			267	71	278
T67136			0	0	12
X62237			51	138	66
		3	318	209	356



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MTV Fleet

3 of 3



LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY15
T41036	0	0	25
T41104	0	1	2
T41135	380	66	712
T41203	8	47	15
T41447	0	4	12
T41515	0	29	14
D68413 (M923A2P1)	0	1	0
T61704	34	5	187
T61908	2,711	686	3,409
X40420	0	0	0
X40283	0	14	0
X40794	52	2,661	442
X40831	0	1	12
X40931	12	501	13
X41105	0	26	2
X41242	0		0
	3,197	4,068	4,845



Army 20%		HT	V F	leet
Reserve			1 of 2	
	LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY17
	T40999	1,131	1,045	1,823
	T41067	0	84	0
		1,021	1,129	1,823
	LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY17
	T59415	22	9	142
	T60946	0	2	1,007
		22	11	1,149
	LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY17
	T39518	63	8	0
	T39586	104	72	132
	T39654	12	4	0
	T59278	20	51	68
		199	135	200
FLAMMABLE No smoking within spreet	LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY17
	T58161	42	75	51
	T87243	205	133	227
		247	208	278

1.1

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A	rmy	2	
R	es	er	le ,

HTV Flee	t
-----------------	---

2 of 2

FLAMMABLE ND SMOKING WITHIN 50 FEET	LIN	Req FY10	Current OH	Req FY17
	T58161	42	75	51
	T87243	205	133	227
		247	208	278
	LIN	Req FY10	Currei OH	nt Req FY17
	T96496	461	53	1302
		Re	a Curr	ent Rea
	LIN	FY1	0 OF	H FY17

T61103 (M915)



2,406

2,477

1,853

ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND





NDIA 2010 Tactical Wheeled Vehicles Conference



LTG James Pillsbury

Version 09 as of Feb 3, 2010

Thank You for Supporting Us

- You've responded well by -
 - Producing quality vehicles and parts expeditiously
 - ✓ Partnering in our Depots
 - Working with us at many home stations and some overseas sites
- We couldn't do it without you...

Look forward to continue working with you

The Current Environment

(and just over the horizon)...

- Now well funded but...
- Future funding expected to be reduced
- Greater pressure to do more with less
- Emphasis on innovation (products/process)
- Great value in leveraging our combined strengths

Beyond FCS . . .

- Future Combat Systems is gone... Now Brigade Combat Team Modernization
- Original MRAPs less effective in Afghanistan... Limited roads, more cross country
- We're buying M-ATV for use in Afghanistan... Going forward are JLTV and GCV
- What's next? Army needs a vehicle that combines several discrete attributes

Desirable Features...

- BLAST PROTECTION (IED and EFP) - A + B Kits
- FUEL EFFICIENT fuel has a major impact on logistics
- MANEUVERABLE (especially over rugged, terrain with traillike roads)
- TRANSPORTABLE smaller footprint
- SUSTAINABLE cost + ease of maintenance
- ✤ RELIABLE
- AFFORDABLE no gold plating
- COMMONALITY OF PARTS
- ✤ MEET JOINT NEEDS



Why Fuel Efficient?...



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Why Fuel Efficient?...



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Why Fuel Efficient?...



Why Fuel Efficient?...



Acquisition / Sustainment Costs of Ground Vehicle Programs





Acquisition cost as % of life cycle cost Sustainment cost as % of life cycle cost

Sustainability – CBM

Benefits...

- Increase operational availability
- More efficient maintenance
 - Enables mechanics to work on what needs fixing and not waste time on stuff that doesn't
- Cost savings
 - ✓ Maintenance Reduced labor hours
 - Parts Reduces parts required including changing out those that are not failing
- Reduces inventory along with cost
- Improves vehicle readiness
- Facilitates tracking and improves visibility/knowledge of vehicle and fleet status

Call to Action

Not here to offer all solutions...

- Important to keep asking the right questions!
- Looking forward...
 ✓ Expand what we're doing together e.g. Partnerships
 ✓ Be open to finding <u>new ways</u> to support our Soldiers

Questions?



and TWV from a Last Minute, but ... Exceptional, Stand In

LTG (R) Joe Yakovac Educator and Consultant



BIG THOUGHTS

DEFENSE SPENDING MAY HAVE PEAKED AND WILL STABILIZE AT CURRENT LEVEL

 A volunteer Army manned, trained, and equipped to defeat "hybrid" threats is "much" more expensive than the pre-2003 force and where you accept risk in capabilities is a difficult decision.



THOUGHTS ON TWVs

- A proven essential capability that has captured more market share:
 - Route clearing
 - Mobility/survivability for "light" fighters
 - You can probably think of others!!
- Platforms (light thru heavy) that have proven to be very adaptable to integrating NEW capabilities without "unacceptable" degradation in overall performance
- Because of "2nd thought" and budget pressures will have a FUTURE of remanufacturing/upgrades, depot overhaul, and 10/20 RESET with no new starts
- OK, what about MRAP AND JLTV? Good question!



Final BIG THOUGHT

If you are a Leader in Defense (government or contractor) and you have not thought through the impact of the Acquisition Reform Legislation and its implementation by DOD on the DEFENSE BUSINESS, you are derelict in your duties!

WHY??



Major Changes to Acquisition Policy and Procedure

- 1. Analysis of Alternatives Study Guidance
- 2. Acquisition Strategies to Ensure Competition
- 3. Competition and Considerations for the Operation and Sustainment (O & S) of Major Weapon Systems
- 4. Competitive Prototyping
- 5. Cost Estimation
- 6. Developmental Test and Evaluation (DT&E)
- 7. Systems Engineering
- 8. Performance Assessments and Root Cause Analysis (PARCA)
- 9. Assessment of MDAP Technologies
- 10. Preliminary Design Reviews (PDR)
- 11. Certification IAW 10 USC 2366a and 2366b
 - 12. Critical Cost Growth
 - 13. Revised MDAP Definition

I REST MY CASE !!



BACK - UP

DOD Programs

ТНЕ

COHEN GROUP

ss Cost (Şmil)	(Base+OCO)	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15
HMMWV	Procurement (USA)	\$1,511.00	\$1,344.00		\$202.60	\$ -	\$ -	\$27.70
	Units (#)	9202	8120					
	Recap (USA)	\$510.00	\$2.90		\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$62.30
	Units (#)	8594	46					336
	RDTE (USA)	\$ -	\$ -	\$2.00	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$
	Procurement (USN)	\$77.80	\$79.30		\$32.10	\$34.00	\$35.00	\$34.70
	Units (#)	278	255		128	136	140	13.
	Procurement (USMC)	\$131.00	\$37.60		\$0.70	\$2.50	\$21.80	\$48.1
	Units (#)	591	213			3	118	23
	Procurement (USAF)	\$16.30	\$63.00		\$33.90	\$28.90	\$26.80	\$29.4
MTVR	Procurement (USMC)	\$30.80	\$141.80		\$11.80	\$1.70	\$137.30	\$137.4
	RDTE (USA)	\$20.50	\$32.00	\$52.90	\$66.80	\$51.50	\$52.50	\$53.3
JLTV	RDTE (USMC)	\$38.70	\$57.70		\$130.30	\$73.90	\$31.90	\$35.6
	Procurement (USA)	\$ -	\$ -		\$-	\$153.00	\$478.10	\$858.4
	Procurement (USMC)	\$	\$		\$ -	\$33.80	\$516.80	\$713.8
FMTV	Procurement (USA)	\$631.50	\$1,359.60	\$1,434.50	\$408.40	\$396.90	\$486.20	\$381.2
	Units (#)	1877	4349		1118	812	1229	91
	RDTE (USA)	\$2.20	\$5.70	\$3.70	\$5.70	\$5.80	\$5.90	\$6.0
FHTV	Procurement (USA)	\$1,975.00	\$1,414.20		\$705.00	\$73.70	\$68.10	\$160.8
	Units (#)	30137	20645		7792	2401	2032	230
	RDTE (USA)	\$ -	\$5.70	\$2.10	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$
MRAP	Procurement	\$1,961.00						
	MRAP Fund		\$7,996.00		ТВА	ТВА	ТВА	/ TB/
	Sustainment							
	upgrade/overhaul							
Adapting our TWV Strategy

LTG Michael A. Vane

Deputy Commanding General, Futures, and Director, Army Capabilities Integration Center US Army Training and Doctrine Command

<mark>3 Feb 2010</mark>



as of 07 1800 Feb 10 J. Wiseman x3491



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NDIA TWV COnference 8 Feb 10

2



September 1914

The first automotive transport of troops...



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The Operational Environment...

Specific Threats

Evolving Threats



"we must emphasize the integration of technology into capable formations commanded by innovative leaders who are comfortable operating under conditions of ambiguity and uncertainty.

To maximize the potential of technological developments, we must conscientiously *evolve and adapt* capabilities based on changes in threat capabilities and the operational environment"



The Army Capstone Concept

TRADOC Pam 525-3-0

Operational Adaptability: Operating under Conditions of Uncertainty and Complexity In an Era of Persistent Conflict

2016-2028

21 December 2009

GEN Martin Dempsey, CG TRADOC



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Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Strategy



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Tactical Wheeled Vehicle vs. Combat Vehicle Characterization

Must be defined by Mission Role; NOT by type of vehicle

Traditional Combat Platforms

Traditional Tactical Wheeled Vehicles

The Sweet Spot...?



Stability Operations, Security Assistance, Consequence Management...



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Ehe New York Eimes

Effective and

Efficient use of

manpower, other

resources...

Gates Says U.S. Army's Size Will Grow by 22,000 A DURANT TO BARLEY

Public and some states

WASHINGTON - Defense Secretary Robert M. Gates on Monday announced a temporary increase in the size of the <u>Army</u> of up to 22,000 troops to meet what he called the "persistent pace" of operations in Iraq and Afghanistan.



is Encarge Ites Image The increase, to occur over the next three years, will raise the nine of the Army to \$69,000 active duty soldiers.

An expansion to 547,000 soldiers, announced by Mr. Gates in 2007, was completed in May.

Currently there are about 130,000 American troops in Iraq

and about 60,000 expected in Afghanistan by the end of the year. Although there is a scheduled reduction of close to 80,000 troops in Iraq, most will not start to come home until after March 2010.

Darticular Generality Stational & Contrawith dard Adams 2004 Hullion at low State Income

"The Army faces a period where its ability to continue to deploy combat units at acceptable fill rates is at risk," Mr. Gates said, meaning that he was concerned that Army

units sent to Iraq and Afghanistan in the future might not have enough soldiers. He spoke at a Pentagon news conference with Adm. Mike Mullen, the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Mr. Gates did not say what the increase would cost over all, but indicated he would ask Congress for money to pay for it in 2011 and 2012. He estimated the cost in the frical year that ends in October at "less than a hundred million dollars" and in fiscal 2010 at \$1 billion. He said he would absorb the costs in 2009 and 2010 into the existing Pentagon



El montentes.

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Fully Burdened Cost of Fuel...



Fully Burdened Cost of Trucks...



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A Business Case for Change

Today...

15,363 Soldiers 2340 Tankers Gen – \$9.8 M/day Avn - \$8.4 M/day

> ... a twenty percent improvement in fuel efficiency...

Possible...

Increase 3072 combat troops
Less Exposure Hours
\$3.6 M/day Fuel Savings - \$1.3 B/year



"...robotics offer the potential to deploy appropriate combinations of manned and unmanned systems to perform an increasing range of tasks"

(Army Capstone Concept)

Guiding Principles ...
Robotics <u>enable</u> the humans
Humans should <u>not have to accommodate</u>
Early user and technology developer collaboration
Use "system of system" to measure effectiveness
Get more from force structure ; Cost / Benefit



Connecting Soldiers





Social Networking...

Develop (

Others...



NV COnference 8 Feb 10

Better ways to do business?...

Learn, adapt, learn, adapt... Buy fewer, more often...



as of 07 1800 Feb 10 J. Wiseman x3491

Adapting our TWV Strategy

LTG Michael A. Vane

Deputy Commanding General, Futures, and Director, Army Capabilities Integration Center US Army Training and Doctrine Command

<mark>3 Feb 2010</mark>



AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION™



UNCLASSIFIED

NDIA Tactical Wheeled Vehicles (TWV) Conference 8 February 2010 COL Mark Barbosa, G-8



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<u>Purpose</u>: To provide an overview of the Army's TWV fleet and discuss how it supports Army senior leader's vision

Our goal is to build a <u>versatile mix</u> of <u>tailorable</u> and <u>networked</u> organizations, operating on a <u>rotational</u> <u>cycle</u>, to provide a <u>sustained flow</u> of trained and ready forces for current commitments and to hedge against <u>unexpected contingencies</u>, at a tempo that is predictable and sustainable for our All-Volunteer Force

<u>Agenda</u>:

- Strategic Orientation
- New Army Equipping Strategy
- Evolving TWV Investment Strategy
- TWV Fleet Overview
- Evolving TWV Capability Requirements

Period of Continuous Change

- Shifting Operational Landscape
- Restructuring materiel modernization strategies
- Fielding "incremental" vs. "big bang" solutions



- Transitioning to support the establishment of the Materiel Enterprise
- Diminishing resources and simultaneous increases in requirements
- Facing difficult choices in a fiscally constrained environment



New Army Equipping Strategy

- An <u>affordable</u> strategy
- Ensures Soldiers have the right equipment to meet mission requirements:
 - whether in combat
 - training for combat
 - operating as part of generating force
 - conducting Homeland Defense and Defense Support to Civil Authorities missions

Old Strategy

- Tiered readiness
- Equip 100% units, 100% of the time
- Minimal recognition for Reset
- Homeland Defense requirements not recognized
- Equipment normally remained in one unit
- Equip to unit design
- Requirements approved, then resourcing considered

New Strategy

- Cyclic readiness
- Equip to mission and ARFORGEN Phase
- Recognizes necessity for Reset
- Homeland Defense capabilities recognized/resourced
- Equipment in constant motion
- Equip to unit mission
- Requirements life cycle costs considered upfront

Evolving TWV Investment Strategy

Army TWV Fleet = Over 267,350 vehicles

- Adapting based on operational demand, cognizant of fiscal realities
- Planning to integrate 12,291 MRAP + 3,391 M-ATV into the force
- Emphasizing a mixed fleet that spans protection, payload, and performance
- Accelerating our plans to **<u>stop</u>** HMMWV procurement for Army only needs
- Equipping to mission per ARFORGEN cycle
- <u>Modernizing</u> while we fight
- Planning to <u>restore</u> Army Prepositioned Stocks
- <u>Recapitalizing</u> and <u>divesting</u> selected variants
- Planning to <u>integrate</u> Joint Light Tactical Vehicle when ready
- <u>Scrutinizing</u> new and existing TWV requirements

Tactical vehicles must be protected, mobile, and networked



Unclassified

- Approaching procurement objectives on many models of TWVs
- Not all are optimum in terms of performance and Soldier protection

	FY09 TOTAL FY11 TOTAL		
	Army	Army	
	Equipment	Equipment	Get Well
CATEGORY	On Hand	On Hand	Date
HMMWV	84%	102%	
HEMTT Truck Tractor	80%	79%	2012
HEMTT Tanker	77%	98%	
Medium DUMP TRUCKS	73%	119%	
HEMTT Wrecker	81%	83%	2012
HEMTT Cargo	64%	104%	
Medium Wreckers	101%	130%	
FMTV Cargo	82%	106%	

How do we bridge the gap with innovative modernization and recapitalization programs?



- Stopping HMMWV procurement for "Army-only" needs sustaining current HMMWV requirements through RECAP
- Exercising option for over 2,000 HMMWVs by 1 Mar 10 (e.g., final buy for "Army needs", acquisition objective met)
- Funding not requested in FY11 for Army-only HMMWV procurement
- Seeking approval to use a portion of the FY10 HMMWV Procurement funding for other Army priorities
- Reviewing options to sustain 160K on-hand HMMWV fleet by shifting acquisition strategy to RECAP and/or Reset
- Replacing over 3,000 Light Tactical Wheel Vehicle requirements with the MRAP/M-ATV
- Supporting development of the Joint Light Tactical Vehicle

A0 Series (1985-93)



A1 Series (1991-95)



A2 Series (1994-2004)





Unclassified

NOTE: MOD 4 = Approved Armor Capable LTV (i.e., accepts Frag Kits)



- Majority of requirements are "modern," and 69 percent of Medium Trucks on hand would be classified as modern
- Current investment has resulted in healthy fleet that is well distributed relative to requirements
- Aging fleet 30 percent of fleet is being filled by M35, M809, and M939 series trucks whose average age exceeds 20 years
- Moving Army to a fleet with scalable protection (e.g., FMTV investment strategy procures armor capable vehicles to support Long Term Protection Strategy objective to provide scalable protection by using the A cab/B-kit concept, to replace older models, and to fill current Modified Table Of Organization & Equipment (MTOE) shortages
- Divesting M35 series trucks by end of FY11 and M809 series trucks by end of FY15
- Planning to maintain capability to sustain M939 series trucks through FY22





FMTV A1



FMTV A1R







Unclassified



- Majority of requirements are "modern," and 98 percent of Heavy Tactical Vehicles on hand are modern
- Equipment well distributed across COMPOs 1-3. COMPO 6 (APS) low due to decision to source operational needs
- Divesting oldest M915/M916 HEMTT variants NLT FY11 replacing with M983 Light Equipment Transporter
- Investing in HEMTT RECAP and new procurement of HEMTT Load Handling System and Light Equipment Transporter
- Modernizing Heavy fleet primarily thru RECAP, Reset, and Product Improvement



M1070 HET





AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION[™] Evolving TWV Capability Requirements

Provide Soldiers protected mobility

Provide increased <u>off-road mobility</u>



Increase <u>platform capacity</u> to accept evolving technologies

Obtain better Command and Control on-the-move capability

• Use **incremental approach** to vehicle development

A culture of innovation is needed to address continuously evolving warfighter capability gaps



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U.S. ARMY LOGISTICS

SUSTAINING AMERICA'S ARMY: THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION







TWV and Logistics Challenges



MG Robert Radin Assistant Deputy Chief of Staff, G-4 Headquarters, Department of the Army

ADAPT // INNOVATE // ANTICIPATE // ALWAYS READY

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What's On My Mind Today

 We are working the Plans, Policies, and Programs and issuing it to the field, supporting the current war fight as it migrates from Iraq to Afghanistan

OIF Responsible Drawdown

 Iraq Drawdown requires Plans, Policies, Programs that are simple, straightforward, easily understood, and defensible

OIF Responsible Reset

• Our biggest challenge will be to get resources so logisticians in the field can execute the policies

Haiti Relief Operations

Fully engaged with sustainment planning and coordination in support of Operation Unified Response

In the Plans, Policies, Programs we create, it is important we take into account second and third order effects, so that we're not having to rethink the path forward.







Our Start Point...I Tend To Focus On Process

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Reducing Complex Issues into Fundamental Terms

TWV Strategy

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Building TOEs to document our requirements

Potential reduction of ~17,000 TWVs across all fleets from TO&E
 Worked in Summer 2009 for BCTs & Modular BDEs
 TRADOC- All COMPOS

Potential reduction of ~10,900 LTVs
 Working in Summer 2010 for the Rest of the Force

Fleet management process to balance reset/recap/new production of Light, Medium, & Heavy fleets

Prioritize funding for the modernization of the oldest TWVs ahead of new procurement when feasible

Procure increments of capability in ARFORGEN-sized packages

DAPT // INNOVATE // ANTICIPATE // ALWAYS READY

TWV Balance

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Program Evaluation Groups (PEGs)

Funding \$B FY11-FY15



10.6

4.0 4.1 4.9 5.9 6.7 7.3 7.4

000

Execution

Programmed

5.4

4.5 3.2 3.8

8.5 9.0 9.3 9.8

<u>Training (TT)</u>

- Provides for unit readiness, unit collective training, institutional training and officer acquisition
- Supports MNF compatibility through integrated training and military exercises with allies & coalition powers

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Equipping (EE)

 Provides resources for the integration of new doctrine, training, organization, and equipment to develop and field. Focus: acquisition

Sustaining (SS)

- Sustain operations, stressing worldwide readiness, strategic mobility, Army Reserve stocks, and operations of depots
- Measures operations and procedures to further integration, standardization, and interoperability of information systems

<u>Manning (MM)</u>

• Authorizes personnel by grade & skill; Integrates ARNG & AR

Organizing (OO)

 Provides Generating Forces for peacetime sustainment, training, and wartime mobilization capabilities

Installations (II)

 Plans & Programs installation funding for Base Support, Military Construction, Family Housing, BRAC & Environmental Restoration

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PEG Resourcing of Program

HTV Example



DAPT // INNOVATE // ANTICIPATE // ALWAYS READY

Depot Maintenance	Sustainment System Technical Support	Army Prepositioned Stocks	Second Destination Transportation	Core Logistics		
55	s	ustaining PEG Function				
· Organic & Contract	· Engineering Support	· Acquire	· Transportation	· Supply Depot		
Overhaul / Repair/	• Quality Assurance	• Maintain	Movements in Support o	f: Operations		
Rebuild End Items	Modification Work	· Reconstitute	- Supplies	• IT /Comms		
· Post Production	Orders	· Property	- Equipment	· Central Proc		
Software Support	· Safety of Use	Accountability	Maior end items	·LOGCAP		
Reset End Items	Technical Assistance	Care of Supplies in	- Equipment redistribution · LOG Automation			
· Modular Force	Logistics Assistance	Storage	- New Equipment Fielding · Logistics Support			
· Test, Measurement,	Reps (LARs)	- Prepositioned Stocks	- Title XXXIX and X Elements (LSE)			
and Diagnostic	- Technical Manuals	2015 Strategy	responsibilities			
Equipment (TMDE)			- War Reserve Army			
Base						
\$1,166.2	\$437.5	\$328.8	\$572.3	\$986.0		
Overseas Contigency Operations (OCO)						
\$4,628.5	\$194.7	\$340.0	\$3,119.4	\$1,438		
Total Base		\$3,490.8	Total OCO	\$9,720.6		
OCO = Currently depicts funding request						


TWV Balance

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SUSTAINING AMERICA'S ARMY - THE STRENGTH OF THE NATION

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Supporting Tactical Wheeled Vehicles Today and Tomorrow

Mr. Thomas Mathes Executive Director, Product Development Business Group

Distribution approved for Public Release; distribution Unlimited, per AR 380-5. OPSEC Review conducted per AR 530-1 and HQ TACOM OPSEC SOP





Challenges



An evolution from a Logistics Vehicle to a Combat Platform

This equates to an increased need for:

- Protection
- Fuel Efficiency
- Power
- Mobility



A2 Series (1994-Present) 6.5L Diesel Engine 4 Spd Electronic Transmission 3,520 - 4,400 lb. Payload GVW: 10,300 lb.



ECV (1993-Present) 6.5L Turbo Diesel Engine Suspension Upgrade Armor Capable 1,800 – 5,100 lb. Payload GVW: 12,100 lb. Current Op: >16,500 lb. ECV = Expanded Capacity Vehicle



M1151A1 w/ FK7 & OGPK



A0 Series (1984-93) 6.2L Diesel Engine 3 Spd Transmission 2,500 – 3,632 lb. Payload GVW: 7,700 lb.



A1 Series (1991-95) Improved Driveline Improved Suspension 2,500 – 3,632 lb. Payload GVW: 10,000 lb.



M1151A1 w/ FK6 & OGPK





What TARDEC does



Provide bridge between requirements and technology

TECHNOLOGY

REQUIREMENTS

- Identify space, weight and power impacts on platforms and technologies
- Provide Feedback to Combat and Material Developers as well as Tech Base on System Impacts/Trades

115

- Provide Vehicle Characteristics for input into Modeling and Simulation Tools
- Develop "Smart Buyer" for supporting future projects



RDECOM Technology Integration Concept







Using a System-Centric Approach



1. Institutionalizing the processes, business models & culture required for transformation





2. Systems-focused with analytical underpinning

3. Robust ground systems integration capabilities

Demonstrated Core Competencies

Integration of systems, sub-systems or platforms Requirements, data collection and data management Configuration management System Engineering Analytical processes Interfaces with PEOs and OEMs Leveraging partnerships with academia and industry



Outside In

Occupant Centric Survivability

THRE



Encounter Avoidance Detection Avoidance Acquire Avoidance Design from Occupant Quit

Hit Avoidance Penetrate Avoidance Kill Avoidance Morofft-shaping←armor←crush zone←structurer-testraints-seats

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Inside Out

TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.

Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Survivability ATO

RDECOM







Balanced Approach





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TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.



On-going Support to the Warfighter













R&D Achievement (*RDA*) *Awards*

- Convoy Active Safety Technology (CAST)
- Elastomer Improvement Program (EIP)

• Ground Vehicle Control Aids for Improved Mobility with Indirect Vision, Drive-By-Wire Crew Stations (collaboration with ARL)



• Lightweight Vehicle Underbody Protection System (LVUPS)

Support to the Warfighter

-Thrown Object Protection System -MRAP Gunner's Restraint -M939 Gunner's Restraint -M-ATV Enhanced Vision Kit -Overhead Wire Mitigation Kit -Electronic Tip-Over Antennae System -MRAP Egress Trainer





Army M&S Awards

- Duty Cycle Experiments (DCE)
- Vehicle Propulsion System Evaluation Tool (VPSET)





Army's Greatest Invention (AGI) Awards

- MEAP Add on Armor Kit
- System Remote Video Terminal A-Kit





We're Open for Partnering & Innovation!





TARDEC's Ground Vehicle Gateway is YOUR entry point!

Submit your technology for review at: https://tardec.groundvehiclegateway.com

Small Business Innovation Research

- Congressionally Mandated Program
- 10.2 Topic/Phase I Schedule 2010
 - 10.2 Solicitation Pre-Release 21 APR-18 MAY
 - http://www.dodsbir.net/solicitation/
 - 10.2 Solicitation Opens 19 MAY
 - http://dodsbir.net/submission
 - 10.2 Solicitation Closes 23 JUN
- Phase II is by Invitation or Fast Track
- ONLY Phase I Awardees are eligible to receive Phase II

Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA)

 Can be utilized to create innovative collaborative arrangements

Test Services Agreement (TSA)

- Technology transfer mechanism that allows work for hire
- All inventions and data belong to the TSA partner
- Allows industry partners to leverage TARDEC's unique capabilities

TARDEC Omnibus

Awarded August 2009 5 Year IDIQ Contract Provides a wide variety of services Will augment existing TARDEC capabilities

TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.





TARDEC's priority – Support the Fight!

Our Mission is to develop, integrate, and sustain the right technology solutions for all manned and unmanned DOD ground systems and combat support systems to improve Current Force effectiveness and provide superior capabilities for the Future Force.

Continue fostering relationships with the TACOM-LCMC, Industry & Academia.



GroundVehicleGateway@conus.army.mil













Strategy During Challenging Times

2010 NDIA Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference Portola Plaza Hotel, Monterey, California Monday, 8 February 2010



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER

What's on my Mind...



- **1. Uncertain fiscal future**
- **2. Becoming more Energy Efficient**
- **3. Maintaining our Expeditionary Nature**
 - Survivability vs. Mobility
 - Survivability vs. Transportability
- 4. Balancing the "Iron Triangle" to deliver Critical Warfighting Capabilities

PEO LAND SYSTEMS MARINE CORPS 1. OUR FISCAL FUTURE

"The spigot of defense spending that opened on Sept. 11 is

"We must constantly guard against so-called **"requirements** creep," validate the maturity of technology at milestones, fund programs to independent cost estimates, and demand stricter contract terms and conditions."

closing."



Secretary of Defense Robert Gates before the Senate Armed Services Committee

"This department (DoD) must consistently demonstrate the commitment and **leadership to** stop programs that significantly exceed their budget or which spend limited tax dollars to buy more capability than the nation needs."

IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER







"We will be more energy efficient...

we have to be." General James T. Conway Commandant of the Marine Corps



"We can do these things. We have to."

Secretary of the Navy (SECNAV) The Honorable Ray Mabus

- > 1. Cut oil consumption 50 percent by 2015.
- 2. By 2016, a Green Strike Group, consisting of nuclear and biofuel powered ships will be in service.
- 3. By 2020, 40% of the Navy's total energy will come from fossil fuel alternatives and 50% percent of its onshore energy will come from renewable sources.
- 4. Lifetime energy costs for systems will be incorporated into Navy and Marine Corps award contracts.
- S. Reduce petroleum use in the 50,000 commercial vehicle fleet by 50 percent by phasing in hybrid fuel and electric vehicles.

IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER





General James Conway, CMC





IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER



What my GPS is telling me...



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER





- **1. Working with our partners**
- 2. Exploiting Science and Technology efforts
- 3. Balancing our Ground Combat Vehicle Strategy
- 4. Balancing through internal program management tools

IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER

Balancing Through Partnerships



"Our first step is to continue to work with our partners to exploit technology to meet the Warfighter's needs..."



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER

Balancing Through Technology



PEOLS has identified "5" High Priority Technologies for 2010 to increase Warfighting capabilities and effectiveness of the MAGTF

> Power & Energy
> Fuel Efficiency
> Survivability & Mobility
> Modeling & Simulation
> Fuel Containment & Fire Suppression

IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER

Balancing Through a Tactical Vehicle Strategy



VEHICLES ROMO EFV (HEAVY-Tracked) MPC (MEDIUM-Wheeled) JLTV (LIGHT-Wheeled) Range of Marine Personnel Carrier Joint Light Tactical Vehicle Expeditionary Fighting Military Operations Vehicle. Employed as a Employed as a Employed as a Maneuver Vehicle Maneuver Vehicle **Mobility Vehicle** Amphibious maneuver Traditional Mobility for Combat Forcible Entry High concentration of Balanced protected mobility Leaders, Weapons Operations force and firepower Reinforcement for the AE Company, Combat CBRNE protection MCO Speed and mobility = M1A1. Support and Combat High all-around protection Major Combat Operations Service Support Speed and mobility = M1A1 Urban Maneuver Amphibious maneuver Balanced protected mobility **Crisis Response** Low Force Dispersion Medium Force Dispersion High Force Dispersion (3 per squad) (1 per squad) (2 per squad) W Stability Ops Mine Protection Mine Protection Mine Protection IED Protection IED Protection IED Protection Humanitarian Relief

The Ground Combat Vehicle Strategy

Balance Through Key Program Management Tools



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER

- ✓ Life Cycle Logistics (LCL)
 PBL's
- ✓ Program Maturity
 - PoPS
- Rigorous Systems
 Engineering
 - Technical Authority
 - Modeling & Simulation
 - Test & Evaluation
- Cost Estimation
- ✓ Science & Technology



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER







"America needs to maintain a global Navy and a global presence for a lot of reasons, protection of our economic interests, projection of power to reassure allies, to deter future adversaries. I think that a fleet, and embarked Marines and associated Marine elements are one of our nation's strongest methods of doing that."

Secretary of the Navy (SECNAV) The Honorable Ray Mabus 13



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER





William E. Taylor PEO Land Systems Marine Corps Quantico, VA 703-432-3370 Bill.Taylor@usmc.mil



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER



Backups

Program Portfolio



Expeditionary Fighting Vehicle (EFV)

IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER



Logistics Vehicle System Replacement (LVSR)



Medium Tactical Vehicle Replacement (MTVR)





Joint Light Tactical Vehicle (JLTV)



Lockheed Martin Systems Integratio







Marine Personnel Carrier (MPC)* Ground Air Task Oriented Radar G/ATOR



Common Aviation Command & Control System (CAC2S)



PEO LS ORGANIZATIONAL VIEW



IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER







IT'S ALL ABOUT THE WARFIGHTER



Current GCTV Strategy



2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022 2024





US Army Transportation School

Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference 2010





U.S. ARMY TRANSPORTATION CORPS: WE MOVE THE NATIONS STRENGTH

Brigadier General Brian R. Layer Chief of Transportation

Film


Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference 2010



Drivers like Army Drivers are:



- ✓ Highly Competitive & adaptive
- ✓ Team Work
- ✓ Sophisticated
- \checkmark Technology to Win
- ✓ Winning Spirit

- ✓ Innovative
- ✓ Adaptive
- ✓ Resourceful
- ✓ Opportunistic
- ✓ Agile



Soldier truck drivers are an integral component of tomorrow's combat system





Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference 2010





Film

SPEARHEAD OF LOGISTICS

Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference 2010



1944 WWII





Today





Tomorrow









Tactical Wheel Vehicle Conference 2010 Future Truck Driver Requirements



During World War II any boy right off the farm could drive a truck.....

Future Truck Characteristics :

- Higher Mobility Rate
- Robotic Operations
- Complex Sensing Systems
- Advance Load Handling Smart Load Handling System
- Intermodal Operations
- Integrated Armor Mine and Ballistic
- Higher Degree of Protection w/o Increasing Vehicle Weight
- Integrated Fire Suppression System
- Blast Resistance Seats
- Greater Fuel Efficiency
- Integrated C4ISR
- Dynamic Movement Tracking

Driver Assisted Features (Pwr Steering & Air Brakes)

Basic Cargo and Pax Carrier





1959 M35 Cost = \$15,000 ea

Increased Mobility

Improved Armor &



M-ATV Cost = Over \$400,000 ea

Technology Advanced a Smarter Truck



FTTS Cost = \$XXX.XX ea

future not just anyone can operate the truck. ⁶

1945 CCKW Cost = \$10,000 ea



Tactical Wheel Vehicle Conference 2010 Future Truck Driver Requirements



Future Requirements will impact the way the Army Trains and Fights

Doctrine and Training Implications:

- Greater Impact on Leader Development
- Opportunity to Conduct Autonomous Operations
- Complex Sensing Systems with Immediate Feedback
- Flexible Employment of Transportation Assets
- Capability to Conduct Intermodal Operations from the Cab of the Truck
- A Sophisticated Truck will Drive More Simulation Training Time
- The Future Truck will Incorporate Human Elements

Advance TWV Technology Will Add A New Dynamitic Dimension to Training



Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference 2010



We are preparing the Human Element for future battlefield by incorporating the latest in simulations, immersive and virtual technologies







Doctrine, Lessons Learned, Latest TTPs from OEF/OIF

Live, Interactive individual and Collective simulations like:

- Virtual Combat Convoy Trainer (VCCT)
- HMMWV Egress Assistance Trainer (HEAT)
- Leverage Immersive & Virtual capabilities such as:
 - Counter IED Trainer
 - Common Driver Trainer
 - Warrior Skills Trainer



Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference 2010





Training leaders of today and tomorrow to operate in the complex Interactive system of logistics



FM 3.0: The Army requires agile and adaptive leaders able to handle the challenges of full spectrum operations in an era USARNY of persistent conflict. Army leaders must Be-

- Competent in their core proficiencies
- Broad enough to operate across the spectrum of conflict
- Able to operate in joint, interagency, intergovernmental, and multinational environments and leverage other capabilities in achieving their objectives
- Culturally astute and able to use this awareness and understanding to conduct operations innovatively
- Courageous enough to see and exploit opportunities in the challenges and complexities of the operational environment



• Grounded in Army Values and the Warrior Ethos.



Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference 2010



Questions & Comments







Change and the TWV Fleet

<u>Deputy PM Acquisition:</u> Tony Shaw (Acting) Deputy PM Logistics: Tony Warrior

Project Manager COL Dave Bassett

PRODUCT MANAGERS

- Light Tactical Vehicles
 Mr. Dennis Haag
- Medium Tactical Vehicles
 LTC Shane Fullmer
- Armored Security Vehicle
 LTC Kent Moorhouse
- Heavy Tactical Vehicles
 LTC Allen Johnson

OTHER SIGNIFICANT PROCUREMENT EFFORTS

The life cycle management of light, medium and heavy tactical vehicles & trailers enabling the

Safety Enhancements

Expeditionary Ground Force

- Add-on-Armor/GPK
- Surge Support

MISSION

Distribution Statement A: Approved for public release: Distribution is unlimited

THE ARMY TRUCK TEAM ~ "You Call, We Haul"

February 2010





THE ARMY TRUCK TEAM ~ "You Call, We Haul"

Big Changes

Changes in Leadership

- AAE, MILDEP
- TV, LTV, MTV in 2009
- ASV, HTV in 2010

Changes in Guidance

- New 5000 Series Renewed focus on process
- Focus on Competition
- ACAT level changes
- Post-build up budgets

Values Don't Change – Commitment to the Warfighter Doesn't Change



Focus Has Shifted

- Iraq Drawdown Afghan Surge
- Industry has answered the call for armor
- Few if any open parking spaces
- New Procurement RECAP RESET
- Quality still a major priority
 - No finish line
 - So technically it's more of a death march than a marathon

Army must capitalize on and sustain the fleet investment

5



Increased Competition Opportunities

- FMTV is not a 4 letter word
- Competition for sustainment/RECAP
- Component-level competition
- Continued safety/survivability improvements

6



Managing the Fleet

	<u>Funding</u> <u>Type</u>	<u>Acquisition</u> <u>Approach</u>	<u>Requirements/</u> Configuration	<u>Goal</u>	<u>Lead/</u> <u>Coordination</u>
<u>Sustain</u>	ΟΜΑ	Depot RESET TPER MWO	Same Configuration	Restore to 10/20	AMC Lead PM Coordination
<u>Evolve</u>	Limited RDT&E OPA	Depot RECAP ECPs Block/Model Improvements Prime Contractor Led	Current ORD/ CPD/CPD Threshold- Objective ONS/ JUONS	Incremental Capability ImprovementsManage ObsolescenceEmergent theater requirements	PM Lead TCM Trans Coordination
<u>Transform/</u> <u>Replace</u>	Significant RDT&E OPA	Competitive RECAP Competitive Buy/Rebuy	New CDD/ CPD CPD Annex AROCM	<u>Significant</u> Capability improvements that exceed current requirement or vehicle	TCM Trans/ ARCIC Requirements Lead PM Acquisition Lead

THE ARMY TRUCK TEAM ~ "You Call, We Haul"

February 2010

Take Aways

Focus is shifting from new procurement to sustainment

- Capitalize on the Army's truck investments
- Modernize / Rebalance 3P's through RECAP
- RESET to sustain capable assets
- New opportunities for competition
 - Every fleet. Every chance we get.
 - Production and sustainment
 - Depot partnerships increasingly important
- Know the process (Sustain, Evolve, Transform / Replace) that applies to your capability/product
- Renewed focus on acquisition process

8



Project Manager Joint Combat Support Systems

Develop and Acquire Joint Combat Support Systems for Expeditionary Forces

~1~

NDIA TWV Conference 9 February 2010

COL John S. Myers Project Manager

Joint Combat Support Systems

Project Manager JCSS~ NDIA TWV Conference





MISSION

Develop and Acquire Joint Combat Support Systems for Expeditionary Forces

VISION

Support the Joint Warfighter across the spectrum of conflict

Project Manager

COL John S. Myers

Deputy PM Acquisition: Mr. Dennis Mazurek

<u>Deputy PM Technology:</u> Mr. David Dopp

PRODUCT MANAGERS

- Sets, Kits, Outfits and Tools
 - LTC Brian Tachias (USAR)
- Joint Light Tactical Vehicles
 - LTC Wolfgang Petermann (USA)
 - LtCol Ruben Garza (USMC)

PRODUCT DIRECTORS

- Test, Measurement & Diagnostics Equipment
 - Mr. George Mitchell

HORIZONTAL TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION

• Pending











JLTV Program Status



• JLTV TD Phase is on schedule

- Awarded 3 Contractors October 29, 2008
 - BAE Systems Land & Armament Systems Ground Systems Division; Santa Clara, CA
 - General Tactical Vehicles
 - Lockheed Martin Systems Integration Owego; Owego, NY
 - Two protests were filed and denied by the GAO, allowing work to resume on Feb 17 2009
- Testing is ongoing
- Vehicles and trailers will be delivered in April 2010

TD Phase will be no longer than 27 months, schedule will be event driven, and will meet the following exit criteria:

- Approval of the appropriate capabilities development document (CDD or CPD), supported by analysis from TD work
- Demonstration of an ability to achieve TRL 6 (minimum) in an integrated system with a focus on: Protection, Transportability, Reliability, Producibility
- An assessment of commonality across the JLTV FoV
- An assessment of the technical risks relevant to entering initial production will to lay a foundation for the Manufacturing Assessment done during EMD.

Competitive Prototyping is working

- Increased government leverage
- Competition is being driven by real performance on actual hardware
- Increased confidence in operational performance through test and evaluation of actual performance capabilities
- Improved fidelity seen by improvements in design solution from JLTV TD PDR to JLTV TD CDRs
- Cost information gleaned from this phase increases confidence in cost estimates for the program life cycle.

International Participation

• Australia and India discussions are ongoing for next phase of EMD International participation



JLTV Hardware



BAE SYSTEMS







Project Manager JCSS~ NDIA TWV Conference









~5~









7-9 Feb 2010

JLTV Acquisition Strategy



• Tech Development Phase

- Full and open competition for 3 Cost Type contracts
- Prototypes from each Payload Category (including Trailers)
- Developmental Test, User Evaluation, Limited Live Fire & RAM
- Engineering, Manufacturing & Development Phase (Notional)
 - Full and open competition to award 2 contracts
 - Cost or Fixed Price type contracts
 - Developmental Test, RAM, Limited User Test (OT), Limited Live Fire

~6~

- Production Phase (Notional)
 - Restricted competition (EMD Contractors only), down select to one contractor
 - Fixed Priced type contract for LRIP and FRP
 - Developmental test, RAM, MOT&E, FUSL
 - TDP as an option



Commonality within FoV w/ Trailers



JLTV Cat B, IC.



JLTV to be designed for commonality beyond major components, to include repair parts, tools, training, system design, maintenance procedures and sources of supply





- Approval of the appropriate capabilities development document (CDD or CPD), supported by analysis from TD work
- Demonstration of an ability to achieve TRL 6 (minimum) in an integrated system with a focus on:
 - Protection
 - Transportability
 - Reliability
 - Producibility
- •An assessment of commonality across the JLTV FoV
- An assessment of the technical risks relevant to entering initial production will to lay a foundation for the Manufacturing Assessment done during EMD.



Planning Information for EMD

- Initial PD posting Mar-Apr 2010 (will solicit comments)
- Quarterly updates to PD plan to Apr 2011 RFP release
- Initial SOW posting Jun-July 2010 (will solicit comments)
- Program Information WWW Address:
 - http://contracting.tacom.army.mil/majorsys/jltvemd/jiltvemd.htm

Industry days:

- PD focus Spring 2010
- Pre-Proposal Conference (in conjunction with RFP Release Apr 2011)
- Final RFP Release: Apr 2011
- Planned Award Date: Sep 2011







• Competitive Prototyping appears to be having desired effects

- Maintaining a healthy level of competition
- Developing Government talent
- Currently design and build of prototype vehicles and companion trailers is on schedule; program is on track to complete a robust TD phase as directed
- EMD requirements will be shared through draft PD requirements as they evolve, anticipate EMD RFP release in 3d Qtr 2011





Back Up





Schedule

- Each contractor was required to submit an Integrated Master Schedule (IMS)
- No additional time will be allowed to successfully complete the contract requirements
- Schedule performance will be monitored by CDRL submittals
- Performance
 - Compliance matrices, trade studies, TPMs, testing and analyses will be used to assess the capabilities of the proposed system solution
 - An integrated teaming approach is being used to achieve best possible system solution
 - Knowledge Point reviews (government only) are being used to holistically assess requirements achievability for EMD

Cost

- Each contractor will receive their allocated contract award
- No other funding will be allocated
- Cost performance will be monitored by CDRL submittals

Cost, Schedule and Performance will Inform EMD Phase Requirements

Technology Integration



Mature individual technologies

• TD phase will close "integration gap"

- Demonstrate Family of Vehicles (FoV) approach and key vehicle categories
- Demonstrate commonality of components
- Demonstrate technology maturity, integration and producibility assessment
- Demonstrate achievability of requirements across the FoV
- Trade studies to inform on feasibility of integrated solution on achieving requirements
- Assess technical risk relevant to entering initial production
- During the TD phase the CDD will be revised almost exclusively based upon the formal test results or approved results of analysis
- Provide analysis to base trade off's

During TD Phase the JLTV PMO will demonstrate technology integration leading to a low-risk EMD phase

Life-Cycle Acquisition Approach



• Tech Development Phase

- Full and open competition for 3 Cost Type contracts
- Prototypes from each Payload Category (including Trailers)
- Designs for the entire FoV
- Developmental Test, User Evaluation, Limited Live Fire & RAM
- Potential Off-Ramp to MS C for select sub-configurations

• Engineering, Manufacturing & Development Phase (Notional)

- Full and open competition to award 2 contracts
- TDP Data rights addressed in RFP
- TRL 6 or higher required in RFP
- Cost or Fixed Price type contracts
- Developmental Test, RAM, Limited User Test (OT), Limited Live Fire

• Production Phase (Notional)

- Restricted competition (SDD Contractors only), down select to one contractor
- Focused incentives (Reliability Growth, Maintenance Man-hour Reduction, Fuel Efficiency, Life Cycle O&S Reduction, Accelerated Deliveries)
- RFP to include requirement for TDP (Re-competition, Spares, Engineering Efforts, Etc.)
 - TDP CLIN executed post Production Verification Test
- Fixed Priced type contract for LRIP and FRP
- Developmental test, RAM, MOT&E, FUSL

Statement of Need Discussion

Current fleet mix:

Capability gaps within existing fleet are the result of an imbalance in protection, payload, and performance within a transportable vehicle

- **<u>Protection</u>**: fixed protection in light vehicles
 - Require inherent and supplemental armor, scalable to mission
- <u>Payload</u>: supplemental armor reduces useable payload
 Require a design that supports armor, warriors, mission equip, C4, cargo
- Performance: supplemental armor degrades all elements
 - Require a design that supports mobility, reliability & maintainability at gross vehicle weight & transport at essential combat configuration
- Transportability: current platforms lack armor design flexibility to allow full range of transportability
 - Require a design which enables Rotary and Fixed Wing Air, Sea, Overland transport

The JLTV vehicles built will address this imbalance & meet DoD goals for costs & long-term sustainability





Overview of Program Executive Office **Combat Support & Combat Service Support** 2010/NDIA Tactical Wheeled Vehicle (TWV) Conference EQUIP OUR JOINT WARFIGHTERS WITH THE WORLD'S BEST CHAMPLINT, GR CR-AM

MR. KEVIN M. FAHEY **Program Executive Officer** Combat Support & Combat Service Support

Comparision Leadership The Right People... The Right Product. At the Right Time... From the Right Source... At the Right Price

AND TOMORROW

FFICE

EXECUTIVE

31-SCHEDULE · PERFORMANCE

8-9 February 2010



The Future is still unclear!!!



Mission & Vision

Conducts Life Cycle Management for the Army's Combat Support and Combat Service Support (CS&CSS) Portfolio; Supports the ARFORGEN Model by Developing, Fielding, Sustaining, Resetting and Integrating New Technologies Using a System of Systems Approach to Support the Joint Warfighter.



Equip Our Joint Warfighters with the World's Best Capability... Today and Tomorrow... Using the DoD's Best Acquisition Workforce

ARFORGEN: ARmy FORce GENeration
Overview of Portfolio Guidance

u Army Level Guidance

- Support to the War
 - Deploy Ready Units
 - ONS/JUONS
 - Modifications to TWVs as requested by COCOM
- Force Structure / Modularity Design
 - Large growth in TWV requirements
- Balance the Army by 2011
 - Fill out the MTOEs
 - Correct Readiness

u TWV Guidance

- TWV Strategy The Four Tenets:
 - Emphasize the mixed fleet approach that spans the Iron Triangle of Protection, Payload and Performance
 - Move the Army to a fleet of TWVs that have scalable protection (integrated A-cabs and add-on armor kits)
 - Take maximum advantage of existing platforms through Recap, Reset and Product Improvement
 - Integration of MRAP into the fleet mix
- TWV Investment Strategy
 - Balance the quantity, quality and sustainment of Army equipment throughout its life cycle to meet combat, training, generating force and homeland defense requirements with appropriate capabilities



PAYLOAD

Senior Leader Intent

- Develop a Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Investment Strategy as soon as possible
- Ensure the Strategy provides guidance for FY10-11 execution of funding and sets the stage for POM 12-17 development
- Ensure Strategy provides guidance enabling the Materiel Enterprise to develop and execute a Fleet Management Strategy
- Migrate this process (Strategy and Execution) to other commodities



)FFICE

FXECUTIVE

PROGRAM

Fleet Management Process





Our Challenge

Long term

- Develop a comprehensive Tactical Wheeled vehicle strategy that is linked to the Strategic Planning Guidance, rooted in the anticipated operational environments the Army is likely to face and supports the various COCOM OPLANS.
- Must integrate operational/tactical, acquisition, programmatic, sustainment and equipping/structure strategies.
- The Tactical fleet must be looked at within brigades/units and across brigades and units as we equip consistent with Army Force Generation Model (ARFORGEN)

Near term

 Determine immediate requirement to sustain and modernize the current the tactical wheeled vehicle fleet and develop acquisition and programmatic strategies to support the requirements

Conundrum

The Near-term strategy should be based on the Long term strategy ... can we afford to wait?

has to be Prepared for

- Changes in Environment
 - Responsive to Natural Disaster, Regional Conflict
 - Quality Product with Accelerated Deliveries and Quantities

The Strategy

- Create Contracts with Maximum Flexibility
- Time = Seconds/Minutes/Hours NOT Days/Months/Years
- Changes in Technology
 - Ability to Keep Step with Technology Advances
 - The Army is serious about designing with Future Growth in Mind -Headroom -Improve Capability, Survivability, Network Communication and Reduce Burden on Soldier and Operating Costs
- Changes in Mission
 - Add on Armor's Burden on Vehicles, Payload Effects and System Reliability
 - Use the Feedback Information from Rotations to Influence Design and Joint Efforts

Requirements – Strategic Overview

- 1. Near term Focus on supporting GWOT while at the same time preparing for the future
- Long term Focus on the fleet of tactical wheeled vehicles
- **3.** Assumptions for Validation
 - The Army has and will continue to have a requirement for Tactical wheeled vehicles across a wide variety of operational environments, including complex urban terrain, across the full range of military operations.
 - We are likely to face an asymmetric threat similar to those we are encountering today; therefore, the capability provided by current combat systems will have a role in future conflicts.
 - The current Tactical wheeled vehicles will have a useful role in the Army inventory for the foreseeable future while at the same time recognizing there are capability gaps which must be addressed (e.g. Light Tactical Vehicles)



- The Army and USMC TWV strategy will be flexible
- Current wartime experiences will inform the Strategy
- Tenets of TWV Strategy
 - Take maximum advantage of existing platforms
 - Recap, Reset, Product Improvements
 - Plan integration of MRAP into the fleet mix
 - Emphasize a mixed fleet approach that spans the "Iron Triangle" of Protection, Payload and Performance
 - Move the Army to a fleet of TWVs that have scalable protection (integrated A-kit cabs and add-on armor Bkits)
- Transition to Joint Light Tactical Vehicle (JLTV) as it is ready

TWV Investment Strategy is nested within this Strategy



Giving the Commander in the Field the Ability to Adapt to Changes...to Mission...to Environment ...to Technology!



JPP(ST **)FFICE** Service FXECUTIVE OMBAT Program Support OMBA

FXECUTI

CS/CSS

Capability Package (CP) 2011-2012 – Network Increment 1 Integration



Our Plan for Future Acquisitions

CURRENT FORCE New • JLTV • MRAP ATV

Continuous Improvement

M915A5

PEO CS/CSS

- PLS A1
- HEMTT A4
- HMMWV RECAP
- FMTV A1P2
- HET A1
- MRAP

Sustain

- RESET
- RECAP
- Two-Level Maintenance

Building Blocks for Sustainment





Change in How We Do Business

- More Efficient Use of Limited Resources
- Correlate Business Strategies with Industrial (Commercial and Organic) Base Planning
- Continue to Pursue Industry/Organic Base Partnerships that Leverage Core Competencies
- Incorporate Lessons Learned and Good Business Practices
- Leverage Innovation in Government, Industry, and Academia
- Continue to RESET/RECAP the Current Fleet while Developing Future Vehicles
- Maintaining Government/Industry Communication in a Competition Environment

We Must Continue to Manage Tactical Fleet Consistent with ARFORGEN Model

Expedited Modernization Initiative Procedure (EMIP)



Expedited Modernization Initiative Procedure (EMIP)

u Qualification

- Technology Readiness Level (TRL) 7
 - Actual Prototype System Demonstrated In Military-operational Environment
- Available For Production Within 6 Months
- Technologies New To Army (Not Already Demonstrated In Its Current Configuration)
- u Submit Technology Application Ideas (TAIs) And Demonstration Plan In MS Word Format To PM JCSS Mailbox: trucktech@conus.army.mil

u Next EMIP Demonstration Week

- 26-30 Apr 10 At SANG (Tentative)
- TAI Submission Cutoff Date Is 12 Feb 10

http://peocscss.tacom.army.mil/EMIP/home.html

Total # of TAIs submitted to date: 592

- Total # of Demos to date: 316
 - 19 Demos conducted at Ft. Eustis
 - 21 Demos conducted at SANGB
 - 125 Demos conducted at Detroit Arsenal, Warren
 - 151 Demos conducted at Yuma



How EMIP benefits the Army... The Fire-Fighting Story



Man-portable Fire Fighting Apparatus



Trailer-mounted Fire Fighting Apparatus



EMIP informs the Army about emerging component technology that may address capability gaps... MARKET RESEARCH (NOT SOURCE SELECTION)

The results of every EMIP demo are captured in the Advanced Collaborative Environment (ACE) and are available to multiple Army organizations

Summary

- We Are Living In Demanding Times; After Years Of Ramping Up Production To Unprecedented Rates, We Have Entered The Perfect Storm... Budget Decline, Recovering Economy, Persistent Conflict, ...
- Seeking Bold Innovative Design Solutions From The Beginning To Accommodate Change In Threat, Mission, Technology & Resources
- Sustain And Continue Improvement Processes. . .Fact and Data Based Decisions
- Breaking New Ground In The Rapid Expansion Of Our Systems Through Reset and Recap in support of the ARFORGEN
- We Need To Take Immediate Actions To Resolve Our Critical Strategic Issues and be prepared for the future

Partner Together to Reach Higher and Achieve More to Meet the Challenges of Today's Rapidly Changing Requirements

21

Combat Support 🍲 Combat Service Support **PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICE**





Survivable Vehicles for the Warfighters





JPO MRAP Mission: We deliver survivable, fully capable, Mine Resistant Ambush Protected (MRAP) vehicles to our Warfighters and customers. We demand and support maximum readiness from our MRAP vehicles once delivered. We operate with speed and a sense of urgency always.

NDIA Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Conference

FEB 2010



Paul Mann Program Manager

COL Kevin Peterson Military Deputy Program Manager

Joint MRAP Vehicle Program Office



Distribution Statement A: Approved for public release: distribution is unlimited



Agenda

MRAP Team

- Program Overview
- Key Accomplishments
- Priorities
- Current Operations
- Challenges
- Questions





MRAP Team





Operational Demand Signal





MRAP Family of Vehicles



CAT I (321), CAT II (1,905), CAT II AUV (38), ARV (2)



CAT I (1,996), CAT II (1,058), CAT III (79)



CAT I (1,384)



CAT I (2,848), CAT II (16)





CAT I (6,424), CAT II (16)





M-ATV (6,624)





Unclassified

International

Programs



Program Status/Accomplishments

* 25,700 MRAP Family of Vehicles (FoV) Acquisition Objective

- > Executed In Accordance With 17 Low Rate Initial Production (LRIP)
- > 22,882 MRAP vehicles procured against Joint Service requirement
- > 16,236 of 17,596 MRAP Cat I-III vehicles procured to date
- > 6,644 of 8,104 MRAP All Terrain Vehicle (M-ATV) procured to date
 - Initial order 30 June 09
 - Production >1,000 per month
 - 3,573 accepted by USG to date*
 - 801 M-ATV transported to OEF*
 - 407 fielded in OEF*

Suspension System Upgrades

- Cougar Independent Suspension System (ISS) installations done at MRAP Sustainment Facility (MSF)
 - 100% of OEF Cougars to be upgraded with ISS
 - 789 Cat I and Cat II installations complete for USMC & USN*
 - 480 vehicles fielded in OEF*

RG31, RG33 A1 (SOCOM) & MaxxPro Dash-Evaluating suspension upgrades for OAF

* 15,520 FoV Delivered to Theater*

- * Completed IOT&E for M-ATV, DASH and Cougar ISS
- * Operational Readiness Rating (OIF) 96%, (OEF) 93% (26 Jan 10)



Priorities

* Fielding

- M-ATV
- ISS Upgrades Cougar, RG31, RG-33, MaxxPro
- Readiness all variants
- Expanding Theater Facilities
 - Kuwait (MSF)
 - OEF (Multiple Sites)
- Defining OEF Requirements



JPO MRAP Operations



Unclassified

IRAQ



Responsible Drawdown

- Scorpion Cascade for HST
- Off Ramp Equipment to Afghanistan
- Battle Damage Repair and Sustainment Maintenance
- Product Improvements
 - CROWS
 - Survivability Upgrades
- **Sweep the Fleet**



Ramping Down

Maintain continuous support to Warfighter



Kuwait/PM Forward

- MRAP Sustainment Facility (MSF) Operations
 - Home Station Training
 - Theater Sustainment Stocks
- Independent Suspension
 System(ISS) Installations
- Camp Buering
 - RIP/TOA Training
 - TADSS
- Route Clearance Modernization
 Facility
- Theater Operations Center

Maintain Flexibility





Afghanistan

Fielding

- Sustainment
- Battle Damage Repair
- Facility Infrastructure Build-up
- Joint Solutions Support Center (JSSC)
- Retrofits

Speed of response to support the Warfighter



Ramping Up



Joint Services MRAP/M-ATV HST Fielding Locations



ONTC (Irwin) **2**JRTC (Polk) SFt. Polk GFt. Drum **6**Ft. Bragg **6**Ft. Dix **Ft.** Atterbury [®]Ft. Shelby **S**Ft. Hood **1** Ft. Stewart **1**Ft. McCov ¹ Ft. Riley ¹Ft. Sill ¹Ft. Bliss ¹**5**Ft. Lewis **1** Ft. Carson **Ft. Campbell** ¹Ft. Schofield 19 Ft. Wainwright 20 Ft. Richardson **3** JMRC (Hohenfels) China Lake, CA Ft. Story, VA **Ort Hueneme, CA Gulfport**, MS

G Cheatham Annex

II MEF(Lejeune)
III MEF(Okinawa)
III MEF(Hawaii)
MTIC (FLW)
LOS (Lejeune)
MAGTFTC (29P)
Smoky Hill, KS
Pope, NC
Ft. Hood
Wheeler, HI
Ft. Wainwright
Ft. Lewis

[] I MEF(Pendleton)

- Heidelberg, GE
- McGuire, NJ
- Creech, NV
- Ft Bliss
- Moody, GA
- Sembach,GE
- C Andersen, Guam
- Tyndall, FL
- Malmstrom, MT
- 🕼 Nellis, NV
- 🕼 Hurlburt, FL
- Port Hueneme, CA

Unclassified





OEF Infrastructure

OEF Requirements

ISS Fielding

M-ATV Fielding



Air Force in Kandahar





Questions?



Unclassified

Army Test and Evaluation Command



Test and Evaluation Operations

An Enabler to Successful Systems **Development and Performance** February 2010

Army Proven Battle Ready



Make Sure This...




...Can Survive This.





Section 231 Report Eight Core T&E Principles

- 1. Focus Measure Improvements To Capability
- 2. Experiment To Learn Strengths & Weaknesses
- 3. DT/OT Integration Opportunity
- 4. Start Early, Be Operationally Realistic, Be Continuous
- 5. Evaluate In Mission Context At Time Of Fielding
- 6. Compare To Current Capabilities
- 7. Use All Available Information
- 8. Exploit The Benefits Of M&S

Army Proven Battle Ready



Examples of Forward Progress

- Line Haul Truck Instrumentation for Cross Country Drive to DT
- Recommending Multiple LUT's to Mitigate Risk
- If Results don't support MS decision, explore alternatives
- ➢ Use of Test Pilots in Operational Test Scenario
- Senior Level Early Involvement if OT Challenges Expected
- > ATEC Support to PEO in DOTE Oversight Programs
- Capabilities & Limitations Reports to Support Rapid Fielding
- ➢ Growing Early Involvement w/ PEOs & Industry
- Industry/ATEC Success Stories???

Army Proven Battle Ready



Senior Points of Contact

- HQ ATEC
 - MG Roger Nadeau (CG) <u>roger.nadeau@us.army.mil</u>
 - Dr Jim Streilein (Deputy Cdr/Tech Dir) james.streilein@us.army.mil
- HQ DTC
 - Mr James Johnson (Dir) james.b.johnson@us.army.mil
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 - Mr Jim Amato (Tech Dir) jim.amato@us.army.mil
- HQ AEC
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 - Mr. Frank Apicella (Tech Dir) <u>frank.apicella@us.army.mil</u>

—Army Test and Evaluation Command

Test and Evaluation Operations



...Not Part Of The Problem!

Army Proven Battle Ready



PM Heavy Tactical Vehicle



<u>Product Manager:</u> LTC Allen Johnson

The Life Cycle Management of Heavy Tactical Wheeled Vehicles Fleets

Distribution Statement A: Approved for public release: Distribution is unlimited

Agenda

- Fleet Modernization
- Future Tech Insertion
- Upcoming Competitive Procurements





Heavy Tactical Vehicles 21 Products, 11 OEMs, \$2.25B

- M977 Heavy Expanded Mobility Tactical Truck (HEMTT) Cargo
- M985 HEMTT Cargo w/MHC
- M978 HEMTT Tanker, 2500 gal
- M983 HEMTT Tractor
- M984 HEMTT Wrecker
- M1120 HEMTT Load Handing System (LHS)
- HEMTT A3 Electric Hybrid Tech Demonstrator
- HEMTT A4 LTAS and Improved Performance
- HEMTT M983 Tractor Light Equipment Transporter (LET)
- HEMTT RECAP
- M1074 Palletized Load System (PLS) w/MHC
- M1075 PLS Truck
- M1076 PLS Trailer
- PLS A1 LTAS and Improved Performance
- M1070 Heavy Equipment Transporter System (HETS)
- M1000 HETS Semi-trailer
- HETS A1– Improved Performance
- M1142 Tactical Firefighting Truck (TFFT)
- M1158 HEMTT-based Water Tender (HEWATT)
- Enhanced Container Handling Unit (E-CHU)
- M3/M3 A1 Container Roll On/Off Platform (CROP)
- M1, M1077/M1077 A1 Flat rack
- M915 Line Haul Tractor
- M915 A5 LTAS and Improved Performance
- M916 Light Equipment Transporter (LET)
- M917 20 Ton Dump

- Fifth Wheel Towing Device (FWTD)
- M870 A3 40 ton Low Boy Trailer
- M871 A3 22.5 ton Flatbed Trailer
- M872 A4 34 ton Flatbed Trailer
- M967 A2 5000 Gal Bulkhaul Tanker
- M969 A3 5000 Gal Refueler Tanker
- M989 A1 Heavy Expanded Mobility Ammunition Trailer (HEMAT)

HEM

HF7

AOR

- Interim Stryker Recovery System
- External Fire Suppression
- Armor
- LED Headlights
- Improved Seats
- Remote Control Mirrors

M915



Today's HEMTT Fleet

12,000+ trucks not B-Kit Ready



Basic HEMTT

- AoA Cab
- 8V92 MUI Engine
- HT 740 Transmission
- Hendrickson Suspension



HEMTT A2

- AoA Cab
- 445HP 8V92 DDEC IV Engine
- Allison Electronic Transmission
- Corrosion Protection Upgrades

HEMTT A4

- B-Kit Ready
- Integrated under Cab Protection (A Cab)
- 500HP CAT C-15
- ABS & Traction Control
- Air Ride Suspension
- Updated Electrical System
- Common Cab / B-Kit with PLS A1
- Allows Survivability Growth to meet LTPS Standards

1985 - 2001

2002 - 2007

 $2008 \rightarrow$

Modernize through RECAP







Core Truck in Teardown



After RECAP - B-Kit Ready!

- Established in 2001 by the VSCA directive to lower O&S costs of HEMTT fleet with emphasis on integrating affordable technology upgrades
- Upgrades fleet to B-Kit Ready model for added crew protection
- Inducts old, worn out HEMTT's and produces a new vehicle with the same configuration as new production at less cost

Dependent upon availability of core "seed"

Converts A0 / A2 to B-Kit capable A4



Today's M1075 PLS Fleet



Basic PLS

- AoA
- 500 HP 8V92 DDEC III/IV
- CLT 755 Transmission
- Hendrickson Suspension
- Air Transportable on C141, C5, C17



PLS A1

- B-Kit Ready
- 600 HP CAT C-15
- Independent Front Suspension
- Updated Electrical System
- ABS & Traction Control
- Common Cab / B-Kit with HEMTT A4
- Allows Survivability Growth to meet LTPS Standards

2010

1994 - 2009

2010-2025

Modernize through RECAP

"GO HEAVY or GO Home!"

PLS RECAP Way Ahead

- PLS basic inducted, returned as PLS A1
- RECAP < Cost of New Production w/Tech Insertion
- Currently funded FY10-12 only



[&]quot;GO HEAVY or GO Home!"



Today's M1070 HETS Fleet



Basic HETS

- 8V92 DDEC III/IV Engine
- CLT 754 Transmission
- Hendrickson Suspension
- Air Transportable on C141, C5, C17

19894 - 2002



HETS A1

- Modern Powertrain
- Upgraded Front Suspension
- Updated Electrical System
- ABS & Traction Control
- Production Climate Control
- Chassis Capacity for Protection Growth to LTPS Standards
- Maintenance Enhancements to Trailer

2011-2025

Divest older HETS and procure A1



10

	M1070	M1070A1
Engine	500 hp Detroit Diesel 8V92TA	700 hp CAT C-18
Transmission	Allison CLT-754	Allison 4800SP
Transfer Case	Oshkosh 55000, Two Speed	Oshkosh 30000, Single Speed
Axle, Front	21,500 lbs	32,000 lbs
Axle, Rear	23,680 lbs	25,000 lbs
Steering	Shepard hydraulic front gear	Dual front gears
Wheels	11,500 lbs rated	16,000 lb rated
Air Conditioning	A/C Kit available	A/C
Electrical	12 & 24 –volt	24-volt
Alternator	145 amp	400 amp
ABS	No	Yes





Today's M915 Line Haul Fleet

Δ4

Divest older models



M915 A0

- AM General
- CAT13 Speed semi-automatic transmission
- Cummins Big Cummins Big Cam 1 engine

1978-81

M915 A1 M915 A2

A2

- AM General Freightliner
- Allison fully ABS system automatic
- M915 A3
- Freightliner
- Electronically controlled Detroit **Diesel Series 60** engine,
- Allison World transmission,
- Freightliner's 'TufTrac' off-road suspension,
- Air Conditioning
- collision warning system
- 1989-99 1999-2009 1999 - 2008

M915 A4

A3

- Retrofit Program with Freightliner/Nat'l Guard
- Enhances A0-A2's with A3 system upgrades
- M915 A5
- 500 HP DD-CE 6V53 engine
- Extended Cab 10" wider 34" deeper
- A-Cab / B-kit design
- 20K Front axle increase/rear suspension increase for armor weight

A5

12

- 7 Auxiliary power connections
- Air tap added to allow air tool use
- VORAD collision avoidance system
- Dual 60 gal. tanks adding range

2009

Divest older models and procure A5

"GO HEAVY or GO Home!"

1981-85

transmission

Cam 3 engine





HTV Fleet Overview Line Haul Systems

M870A3



80% of fleet > 20 years 23% of fleet > 34 years FY09-12 Procure 1,326



47% of fleet > 20 years 21% of fleet > 30 years FY09-12 Procure 440

14



M976 at MTOE 63% of fleet > 25 years

M979 at MTOE 84% of fleet > 25 years



M979 at MTOE 89% of fleet > 24 years 24% > 32 years

Older Fleets, Funding Stops, RESET!!

PM HTV Competitive Contract Overview

	2009								2010										2011											2012										
M870	Jun	Jul	Au	g Sep	0	ct No	»v 0	ec J	an F	eb M	ar Ap	or May	y Jur	n Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct I	10V [ec J	an F	eb Ma	ar Ap	or Ma	y Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct
Draft ATPD Released							<u> </u>	18 N	ov																															
SOW Complete										13 Ja	an																													
RFP Released											19	Feb																												
Receive Proposal												22 N	/lar																											
SSEB Complete															2 J	ul																								
Award of contract															1	19 Ju	ıl																							

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			2	2009)				2010											2011													2012										
M872	Jun	Jul	Au	g Sep	00	t Nov	De	c Jan	Fe	b Ma	r Ap	or Ma	y Jur	Jul	Au	g Se	p 0	ct No	v De	ic Ja	n F	eb Ma	м /	Apr I	May	Jun	Jul	Au	j Sej	p 0	ct No	ov D	ыс Ја	m F	eb N	Aar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	00
Draft ATPD Released							18	B No	V																																		
SOW Complete									1	3 Ja	n																																
RFP Released											19	Feb																															
Receive Proposal												22	Mar																														
SSEB Complete															2.	Jul																											
Award of contract																19 J	ul																										

																										_							
		200	9			2010														20	11		2012										
HEMTT, PLS & HET	Jun Jul	l Aug Se	ep Oc	t Nov	Dec J	Jan F	eb Ma	r Ap	r May	Jun	Jul	Aug S	iep (Oct No	ov Dec	Jan	Feb M	ar /	Apr May	Jun	Jul	Aug S	ep O	oct No	ov Dec	: Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr M	ay Jun	Jul	Aug S	iep Oct
Draft ATPD /SOW Released															1 No	/																	
Draft SOW Comments Due																	5 Jan	1															
SOW Complete																		1	Mar														
RFP Released																			1 Ap	r													
Receive Proposal																						6 Jul											
SSEB Complete																									1 N	lov							
Award of contract																									15	5 Nov	/						

PM's Last Word

16

Two Customers

The Warfighter + The Taxpayer

We Must Ensure Outstanding Equipment Goes to the Warfighter





PM Light Tactical Vehicles



MISSION

ACAT 1C

The lifecycle management of light battlefield distribution systems enabling the Modular, Joint and Expeditionary Ground Forces.

Distribution Statement A: Approved for public release: Distribution is unlimited

THE ARMY TRUCK TEAM ~ "You Call, We Haul"

<u>Product Manager</u> Mr. Dennis Haag

January 2010



Purpose and Agenda

Purpose: HMMWV Updates

Agenda:

- Opportunities for Business
- HMMWV Background
- HMMWV Fleet Overview
- HMMWV Evolution
- HMMWV Production & Improvements
- HMMWV Recap
- Light Tactical Trailer Production
- Challenges
- HMMWV Path Forward



HMMWV Business Opportunities

Full & Open Competition on HMMWV UAH RECAP

- RFI released in December 2009
- Additional RFIs as material is developed.
- Goal is RFP release in March 2010 for ~60K vehicle fleet.

Reduction of Sole Source Parts

- Would like 3 suppliers for every part.
- Continued emphasis on getting more suppliers qualified.

Help from Industry

- Armor Weight Reduction
- Fire Suppression
- Survivability
- Reliability & Safety Upgrades



HMMWV Program Background

- ACAT 1C Program
- Milestone C 1983
- As of 30 Dec 09, 162,589 trucks and 34,845 trailers have been fielded
- Contract Status:
 - Completing deliveries on 2009 FY Contract by Dec 2010
 - Follow on Production Contract
 - Competitive RECAP
- We will reach the Army AAO shortly (166,154 HMMWVs & 44,275 LTTs)
 - Army will have greatly reduced demands for new production.



HMMWV Fleet Overview



M966 HMMWV TOW CARRIER



M1097 HMMWV SHELTER CARRIER



M1114 UP-ARMORED HMMWV (UAH)



M1025 HMMWV ARMAMENT CARRIER

M1097R1 HMMWV

RECAP

M1151 ENHANCED

ARMAMENT CARRIER

1000000





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M1035 HMMWV AMBULANCE 2 LITTER



M1152 ENHANCED CARGO/TROOP CARRIER



M1037 HMMWV SHELTER CARRIER



M996 HMMWV AMBULANCE 2 LITTER



M1165 ENHANCED COMMAND AND CONTROL CARRIER



M1038 HMMWV SHELTER CARRIER



M997 HMMWV AMBULANCE 4 LITTER



M1167 ENHANCED TOW CARRIER



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M1097 HMMWV CARGO CARRIER



M1113 HMMWV EXPANDED CAPACITY VEHICLE (ECV)



UAH RECAP



HMMWV Evolution

Block upgrades to increase payload and versatility





A0 Series (1984-93) 6.2L Diesel Engine 3 Spd Transmission 2,500 - 3,632 lb. Payload GVW: 7,700 lb.



A1 Series (1991-95) Improved Driveline Improved Suspension 2,500 - 3,632 lb. Payload GVW: 10,000 lb.



A2 Series (1994-Present) 6.5L Diesel Engine **4 Spd Electronic Trans** 3.520 - 4,400 lb. Payload GVW: 10,300 lb.





ECV (1993-Present) 6.5L Turbo Diesel Engine Suspension Upgrade Armor Capable 1,800 - 5,100 lb. Payload GVW: 12.100 lb. Current Op: >16,500 lb.

ECV = Expanded Capacity Vehicle



6

RECAP Payload: TBD GVW: TBD







- Fielding to CONUS after SWA Requirement filled: 162,589 fielded to date (CONUS)
- Production rate: 64/day average
- Introduction model: M1167 (TOW Variant)
- Reliability & Safety Enhancements, to include: Armor coverage, Load range E wheel/tire assembly, Electrical upgrades, Lightweight doors, Suspension upgrades, LED lights, Mending Plate improvements, Fire Suppression System upgrades......





Reliability Enhancements Vehicle (REV)

8





HMMWV Unarmored and UAH RECAP

- Program Intent: Extend useful life of fleet at fraction of new production cost
- Current Program (Since FY04) Convert early models to M1097R1 and M1025R1 models respectively providing:
 - Models Eligible: M998/A1, M1025/A1, M1026/A1, M1037, M1038/A1, M1097/A1
 - more payload capacity (drive-train and suspension upgrades)
 - extending economic useful life by 15 years

Executed at

- Red River Army Depot 21,895 complete to date
- Letterkenny Army Depot 18,227 complete to date
- Maine Military Authority 1,519 complete to date



- Total Recap Vehicles Produced 41,641; Handed-Off (fielded) 40,167
- Un-armored RECAP ends FY10 due to meeting goal of 45K systems, with no future funding
 - LEAD May / June FY10
 - MMA and RRAD Sep FY10





HMMWV Fleet Path Forward

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HMMWV Model Evolution





- Up-armored HMMWVs (UAH) RECAP Pilot Program Converts unarmored production configuration models with enhanced reliability components to UAH HMMWV's
 - Conducting UAH RECAP / Modernization pilots at RRAD and LEAD 2QFY09
 - 2 each M1113's and M1097's converted to assess viability of each to carry Armor
- Competitive UAH HMMWV RECAP Modernization Program planned for FY11 and beyond



- Initial Request For Information (RFI) Released 8 Jan 10
- RFI update with Automotive Tank Purchase Description (ATPD) and Survivability Specification (classified) 15 Jan 10
- RFI Close 22 Feb 10
- DRAFT Request for Proposal (RFP) early Mar 10
- Final Request for Proposal 31 Mar 10
- Contract Award 4th Quarter FY10







Light Tactical Trailer Production

- Over 34,845 LTTs fielded to date
- New production contracts awarded in Aug 08 (2 Contractor awards)
- Production: 1600 / month combined









PM Medium Tactical Vehicles



MISSION



The life cycle management of medium tactical wheeled vehicles enabling the modular, joint, expeditionary force.

Distribution Statement A: Approved for public release: Distribution is unlimited

THE ARMY TRUCK TEAM ~ "You Call, We Haul"

<u>Product Manager</u> LTC Shane Fullmer


FMTV Program Background

- ACAT IC Program
- Milestone C 1995
- As of 30 Nov 09, 43,584 trucks and 9,723 trailers have been fielded
- Contract Status:
 - Completing deliveries on 4th Production Contract (BAE) in Dec 10
 - Follow on Production Contract Awarded to Oshkosh on 26 Aug 09



FMTV Program Overview

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February 2010

3



FMTV Fleet Overview



M1078 2.5 Ton LMTV Cargo



M1083 5 Ton MTV Standard Cargo



M1084 5 Ton MTV Standard Cargo w/MHE



M1086 5 Ton MTV Long Cargo w/MHE



M1087 2.5 Ton MTV Exp Van



M1088 5 Ton MTV Tractor



M1089 8.5 Ton MTV Wrecker



M1095 5 Ton MTV Trailer



M1157 10 Ton MTV Dump



LSAC



HIMARS

- 17 Truck Variants in 2 1/2 & 5 Ton Payload Class
- Expanded Application of FMTV Platform to Support Army Emerging Requirements – HIMARS, LHS, 10-Ton Dump, MEADS
- LVAD Variant Air Drop Certified
- 85% Commonality of Parts; 80% Commonality of Parts with MRAP Caiman
- Companion Trailers Double Hauling Capacity

- Unit Resupply
 Unit Mobility
 - Ammunition Resupply
 - Weapons Platform
 - Troop Transport

4



FMTV History/Future

1994 - 1999 FMTV AO



- 14 variants (2.5 and 5 ton)
- Central Tire Inflation
 System
- 7 speed automatic transmission
- C-130 transportable
- 85% commonality of parts
- 22 year corrosion

for air conditioning

AO/A1 Variant vehicles

Note: Full Rate Production decision Aug 95



1999 - 2004

- Anti-lock Braking System
- Class V Interactive Electronic Technical Manual (IETM)
- 100% improved Reliability/MR
- Open systems architecture
 HIMARS



2004 - 2008

- EPA compliant
- Improved reliability/MR
- Expansible Van
- Air conditioning (A/C)
- Low Velocity Air Drop/ 10 ton dump/Load Handling System
- 260 Amp alternator

FMTV Armor Development

Low Signature Armored Cab (LSAC)



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 Purpose built cab which replaces the standard FMTV cab

- Either fully integrated on production line or interchanged with standard cab in approx. 8 hrs.
- 3,480 LSAC Cabs were applied to existing AO/A1/A1R Variant vehicles



2008 - 2010

- Long Term Armoring Strategy (LTAS) Armoring Solution
- Increased Load Carrying, 19K Axle
- Enhanced A/C
- Air/Hydraulic Brake System
- B-kit armor



2010 - 2015

5

- Suspension upgrades
- Electronic Stability Control (ESC)
- Alternate transmission/ powertrain updates
- Increased fuel economy
- Optimized maintenance ratio

Long Term Armor Strategy (LTAS)

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- Modular concept consisting of a standard or "A-cab" designed to accept armor referred to as a "B-kit"
- Replacing aging RACK and LSAC equipped FMTVs in Theater

2008

Improved Armor Protection

<u>2004</u>

cab

Radian Armor Crew Kit (RACK)

Incorporates environmental control system

1855 Armor Kits were applied to existing

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Adds ballistic and

mine blast protection

Bolt on over existing

2005

February 2010



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February 2010



Long Term Armor Strategy (LTAS)

System Description

Fielding

Mission:

• To provide a vehicle configuration which is able to adapt armor based on the threat, mission or technology and provide a greater level of protection than current AoA configurations.

Characteristics:

- Factory installed, armor capable cabs, which include A/C, provide the structure for soldier-installed armor kits. Major vehicle performance characteristics are not degraded with armor kits installed.
- The A-Cab armor kit concept allows for future armor upgrades to advanced light weight materials (ie, ceramics, composites, etc.).
- Requirement: 1996 TWV Crew Protection Kit (CPK) ORD, CARDS Reference Number 16060, approved by HQDA G3

Design & Test Phase: 21 Cargo & Variant Vehicles – Complete 3 Remaining Variants – On-going

Vehicles Fielded: 522 (30 Nov 09) No. on contract: 15,347 Distribution:

Active Guard & Reserve Units – CONUS & OCONUS



Performance/Risk

Schedule

Key Milestones

Nov 07 🖌 LTAS FOT complete Dec 07 🖌 LTAS PVT complete Dec 07 🖌 Ballistic testing complete Apr 08 🖌 SER Apr 08 🖌 Safety Confirmation Mar 09 🖌 First LTAS vehicle delivered to Gov't Mar 09 🖌 Commence LTAS Variants testing May 09 🖌 Initial fielding to Ft. Polk Complete all Variant testing Apr 10

Risk:

- Delay in variant deliveries for test cause production to start prior to test completion; BAE difficulty in cutting in test changes.
- Logistics products in support of fielding

Risk	Performance	Schedule	Cost
Risk Level	Low	Med/High	Low

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February 2010



- I7 FMTV Variants (2.5 & 5 ton payload class)
- Companion trailers capable of doubling payload.

Current Challenges

- LTAS Production
- Increase in Armor Protection
- Weight Reduction
- Resolve Contracting Issues

Future Challenges

- RESET/RECAP of TPE trucks and trailers
- Suspension Mods
- Increased Fuel Economy
- Embedded Vehicular diagnostics (CBM)