AWARD NUMBER: W81XWH-14-1-0346

TITLE: Sphingosine-1-Phosphate Receptor Subtype 3: A Novel Therapeutic Target of K-Ras Mutant Driven Non-Small Cell Lung Carcinoma

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REPORT DATE: October 2015

TYPE OF REPORT: Annual

PREPARED FOR: U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT: Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE			Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188		
Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per respo	onse, including the time for revie	wing instructions, sear	ching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the		
data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regar this burden to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Inform 4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRE	nation Operations and Reports shall be subject to any penalty f	0704-0188), 1215 Jeff	erson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-		
1. REPORT DATE 2. REPORT TYPE		-	DATES COVERED		
October 2015 Annual			5 Sep 2014 - 14 Sep 2015		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5a.	CONTRACT NUMBER		
Sphingosine-1-Phosphate Receptor Subtype 3: A Novel Therapeutic Ta Non-Small Cell Lung Carcinoma	rget of K-Ras Mutant Dr		GRANT NUMBER 1XWH-14-1-0346		
		5c.	PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER		
6. AUTHOR(S) Lee, Meng-Jer, PhD		5d.	PROJECT NUMBER		
		5e.	TASK NUMBER		
E Maile manaior las Querra adu		5f.	WORK UNIT NUMBER		
E-Mail: mengjer.lee@wayne.edu 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		0 1	PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT		
Wayne State University		-	NUMBER		
5700 Cass Ave., STE 4900 Detroit, MI, 48202-3692					
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS	(ES)	10.	SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)		
U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command					
Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012			SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)		
12. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT					
Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES					
14. ABSTRACT: This award aims to characterize the functional role of	of sphingosine-1-phosph	ate receptor sub	type 3 (S1PR3) in oncogenic K-Ras mutant-		
mediated lung adenocarcinoma (AdC) progression, and to examine the					
are two specific aims. Aim 1: We will use the LSL-K-RasG12D mouse model to investigate the role of S1PR3 in the development/maintenance of lung AdC.					
LSL-K-RasG12D will be bred with mice null for S1PR3. S1PR3 ^{-/-} :LSL-K-RasG12D mice will be nasally instilled with adenoviral particle carrying Cre recombinase (Ad-Cre) to induce lung AdC. 3 months later, lung will be weighted, and lung tumor nodules will be quantitated. S1PR3 ^{+/+} :LSL-K-RasG12D mice					
will be used as a control. Aim 2: LSL-K-RasG12D mice will be instil	SL-K-RasG12D mice v	vill be nasally ir	stilled with adenoviral particle carrying Cre		
injected every three days. Mice will be euthanized at 2 and 4 months. Hyperplasia of lung epithelial cells, development of lung adenomas and			stilled with adenoviral particle carrying Cre quantitated. S1PR3 ^{+/+} :LSL-K-RasG12D mice		
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adenocarcinomas will be assessed. We have completed the animal treatening analyzed.	SL-K-RasG12D mice weighted, and lung tume lled with Ad-Cre. Subs nonths. Hyperplasia of	vill be nasally ir or nodules will be equently, TY-521 lung epithelial	stilled with adenoviral particle carrying Cre quantitated. S1PR3 ^{+/+} :LSL-K-RasG12D mice 56, a specific S1PR3 antagonist, will be <i>i.p.</i> cells, development of lung adenomas and		
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adenocarcinomas will be assessed. We have completed the animal treat being analyzed. 15. SUBJECT TERMS: Oncogenic K-Ras mutant, lung adenocarcinoma	SL-K-RasG12D mice weighted, and lung tumo lled with Ad-Cre. Subs nonths. Hyperplasia of atments proposed in Ain	vill be nasally ir or nodules will be equently, TY-521 lung epithelial hs 1 and 2. The o	stilled with adenoviral particle carrying Cre quantitated. S1PR3 ^{+/+} :LSL-K-RasG12D mice 56, a specific S1PR3 antagonist, will be <i>i.p.</i> cells, development of lung adenomas and collected mouse lung specimens are currently type 3		

Standard	Form	298	(Rev.	8-98)
Prescribed b	y ANSI :	Std. Z	39.18	

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1. Introduction

Lung cancer forms in tissues of the lung, usually in the cells lining air passages. The two main types of lung cancer are small cell lung cancer (SCLC) and non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). NSCLC comprises about 85% of all lung cancers, and oncogenic *K-Ras* mutant is a feature of more than 25% of NSCLC and represents one of the most prevalent oncogenic drivers in NSCLC. *K-Ras* mutant lung cancers are generally refractory to chemotherapy as well as targeted agent such as EGFR inhibitors. To date, the identification of drugs to therapeutically inhibit *K-Ras* have been unsuccessful, suggesting that other approaches are required. The main goal of this proposal is to characterize the functional role of sphingosine-1-phosphate receptor subtype 3 (S1PR3) in oncogenic *K-Ras* mutant-triggered lung adenocarcinoma (AdC) progression, and to examine the novel therapeutic utility for the treatment of *K-Ras* mutant-triggered lung AdC by targeting S1PR3 receptors. Therefore, completion of this application is expected to provide novel mechanistic insights for the progression of *K-Ras* mutant-triggered NSCLC, particularly in the context of the tumorigenic role of S1PR3 signaling downstream to *K-Ras* activation. This knowledge can be immediately translated into clinical applications.

2. Keywords

Oncogenic K-Ras mutant, lung adenocarcinoma, sphingosine-1-phosphate receptor subtype 3, non-small cell lung cancer

3. Accomplishments

3.1. What were the major goals of the project?

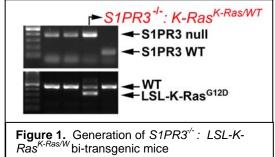
There were two objectives in the proposal.

- Objective 1. To determine role of S1P₃ receptors in *K-Ras* mutant-triggered lung adenocarcinoma progression in animal (Months 1-6).
- 1a. Regulatory review and approval of animal protocol (Projective: Months 1-2; Actual: 100% completion).
- 1b. Mice acquisition and breeding of S1P3^{-/-}:LSL-K-Ras^{G12D} and S1P3^{+/+}:LSL-K-Ras^{G12D} bitransgenic mice (Projective: Months 3-4; Actual: 100% completion).
- 1c. Nasal instillation of adenoviral particles carrying Cre recombinase and lung cancer initiation and development (Projective: Months 5-6; Actual: 20% completion).
- 1d. Analyze lung cancer specimens of S1P3^{-/-}:LSL K-Ras^{G12D} and S1P3^{+/+}:LSL K-Ras^{G12D} bitransgenic mice (Projective: Months 7-8; Actual: 0% completion).
- Objective 2. To explore the therapeutic utility of $S1P_3$ antagonist for the treatment of *K*-*Ras* mutant-triggered lung adenocarcinoma (Months 5-12).
- 2a. Breeding of LSL K-Ras^{G12D} transgenic mice (Projective: months 5-8; Actual: 100% completion)
- 2b. Nasal instillation of adenoviral particles carrying Cre recombinase, *i.p.* injection with or without TY-52156, lung cancer initiation and development (Projective: Months 9-10; Actual: 100% completion).
- 2c. Analyze lung cancer specimens of LSL K-Ras^{G12D} treated with or without TY-52156 (Projective: Months 11-12; Actual: 0% completion).

3.2. What was accomplished under these goals?

Two major activities were achieved in this report period. First, we have successfully generated

the S1PR3^{-/-}: LSL-K-Ras G12D bi-transgenic mice. The genotyping verification of the generated S1PR3^{-/-}: LSL-K-Ras G12D bi-transgenic mice is shown in Figure 1. Secondly, we have treated LSL-KRasG12D mice with or without TY-52156, a specific inhibitor of S1PR3 as proposed in objective 2. Mouse lung tissues were collected, and are currently being analyzed for lung cancer development/ progression. It was taken a longer time than we expect to acquire the LSL-KRas and S1PR3-/-transgenic mice, which delays our time-line of the proposed study.



3.3. What opportunities for training and professional development has the project provided?

This project provides training opportunities for Dr. Jiawei Zhao (postdoctoral fellow) and Mrs. Allison Gartung (PhD candidate) to advance their research skills, expertise, and knowledge in the field of lung cancer biology. Mrs. Gartung is expected to defend her dissertation on March 2016.

3.4. How were the results disseminated to communities of interest? Nothing to Report.

3.5. What do you plan to do during the next reporting period to accomplish the goals?

Two activities are planned. First, the S1PR3^{-/-}: LSL-KRasG12D and S1PR3^{+/+}: LSL-KRasG12D mice will be nasally injected with Ad-Cre. 2 and 4 months later, mice will be euthanized, and the progression of lung adenocarcinomas will be evaluated. Secondly, we will complete our analysis of lung cancer development in lung tissues collected from LSL-KRasG12D mice injected with or without TY-52156.

4. Impact

- **4.1.** What was the impact on the development of the principal discipline(s) of the project? Nothing to Report.
- **4.2. What was the impact on other disciplines?** Nothing to Report.
- **4.3. What was the impact on technology transfer?** Nothing to Report.
- **4.4.** What was the impact on society beyond science and technology? Nothing to Report.

5. Changes/Problems

It was taken a longer time than we expect to acquire the LSL-KRas and S1PR3^{-/-} transgenic mice, which delays our time-line of the proposed study. We have requested 6-months no cost extension of this project, and expect to complete this project at the end of no cost extension.

6. Products

- 6.1. Publications, conference papers, and presentations Nothing to Report.
- 6.2. Website(s) or other Internet site(s) Nothing to Report.
- 6.3. Technologies or techniques Nothing to Report.
- **6.4.** Inventions, patent applications, and/or licenses Nothing to Report.

6.5. Other Products

We have successfully generated the S1PR3^{-/-}:LSL-KRasG12D bi-transgenic mice. The novel animal model will provide a unique opportunity to investigate the role of S1PR3 in oncogenic K-Ras mutant-driven lung adenocarcinoma development.

7. Participants & Other Collaborating Organizations

7.1. What individuals have worked on the project?

Name:	Menq-Jer Lee
Project Role:	PD
Researcher Identifier (e.g. ORCID ID):	
Nearest person month worked:	1.2
Contribution to Project:	Generation of transgenic mice and design research plan
Funding Support:	

Name:	Jiawei Zhao
Project Role:	MD
Researcher Identifier (e.g. ORCID ID):	
Nearest person month worked:	12
Contribution to Project:	Generation of transgenic mice and treatment with TY- 52156
Funding Support:	

Name:	Allison Gartung
Project Role:	PhD candidate
Researcher Identifier (e.g. ORCID ID):	

Nearest person month worked:	3
IL ODIFIDUTION TO PROJECT.	Generation of transgenic mice and treatment with TY- 52156
Funding Support:	

- 7.2. Has there been a change in the active other support of the PD/PI(s) or senior/key personnel since the last reporting period? Nothing to Report.
- **7.3. What other organizations were involved as partners?** Nothing to Report.
- 8. Special Reporting Requirements Nothing to Report.
- 9. Appendices Nothing to Report.