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U.S. Army Research, Development and Engineering Command

Pure Form of LiBOB Salt and the Purification Process Producing Such Form



TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.

Inventor: Dr. Kang Xu

ARL 09-33



Technology Overview



The invention describes the synthesis and purification of a new lithium salt, bis(oxalato) borate (LiBOB).

Due to inherent limitations, there is interest in replacing LiPF6 salt. LiBOB is viewed as a good option because:

- •No P-F bond, does not attack organic components
- •Does not decompose thermally into HF (as LiPF6 does); CO2 as benign products

However, "purified" LiBOB is required to maximize performance benefits. This is currently difficult and expensive to achieve.

- ❖The core technology provided by this invention is the purification procedure, the quality-control standard and the resulting pure form of LiBOB obtained from this process.
- This pure form of LiBOB is a distinct compound as compared with other available commercial products.

SOA Electrolyte contains LiPF₆

Thermally Stable Electrolyte contains LiBOB



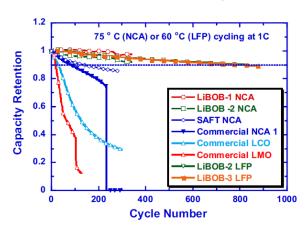
Technology Overview

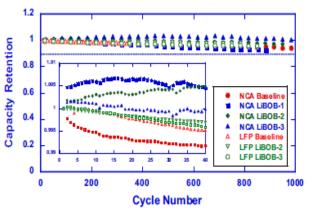


The innovation of preparing pure form of LiBOB and the QC

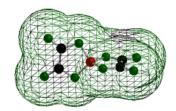
- Impure LiBOB from commercial source cannot support high temperature operation
- The pure form of LiBOB can support Li ion batteries operating at elevated temperatures up to 80 °C
- It also improves safety under abusive over-charge and high-temperature storage

Pure Form of LiBOB supports HT operation of Industry Li Ion Cells for > 1000 cycles

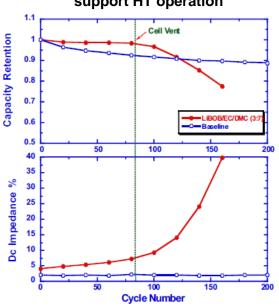




LiBOB



Impure LiBOB does not support HT operation





Technology Advantages



High temperature stability is critical for battery packs in electrified vehicles

- SOA electrolyte fail to do so
- Become dangerous over 60 °C due to HF production

The pure form LiBOB can widen service temperature range of Li ion batteries

Video - SOA Electrolyte (LiPF6) w/o LiBOB

- •Dramatically improves capacity retention at both room and high temperature up to 80 °C
- Significantly reduces cell impedance

Video - Electrolyte with pure LiBOB

The invention of the process provides easy production of high purity of LiBOB and its effective Quality Control

Safety advantage over SOA electrolytes

- •LiBOB allows large format Li ion cells with higher safety than SOA electrolyte salt LiPF₆
- •Higher stability for both over-charge and HT abuses







Battery Pack in Prius



Technology Advantages



This invention holds a number of advantages over the current state-of-art:

- Enables the high temperature application of Li ion battery
 - Demonstrates excellent stability at high temperature; up to 80°C
- Is well suited for harsh environments of Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEV
- Provides superior performance vs. existing commercial LiBOB; maintains 95% energy density after 1,000 cycles
 - at 75 °C capacity retention ~90% at 1000th cycle while most SOA failed before 400th cycle
 - at 60 °C capacity improved by 15% vs. SOA at 2000th cycle
- •Establishes purification process and standard; nearly 100% pure
- Improves safety of Li ion battery under both over-charge and HT abuses
- Open system accommodates a variety of cathode chemistries



Technology Proof of Concept



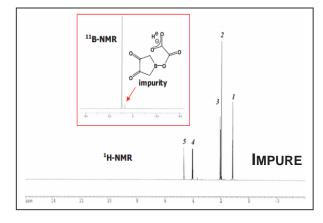
Method of preparation of these novel additives







Evaporation/Precipitation Recrystallization



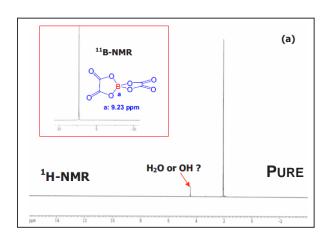




Coin Cells Industry Cells (8 Ah)







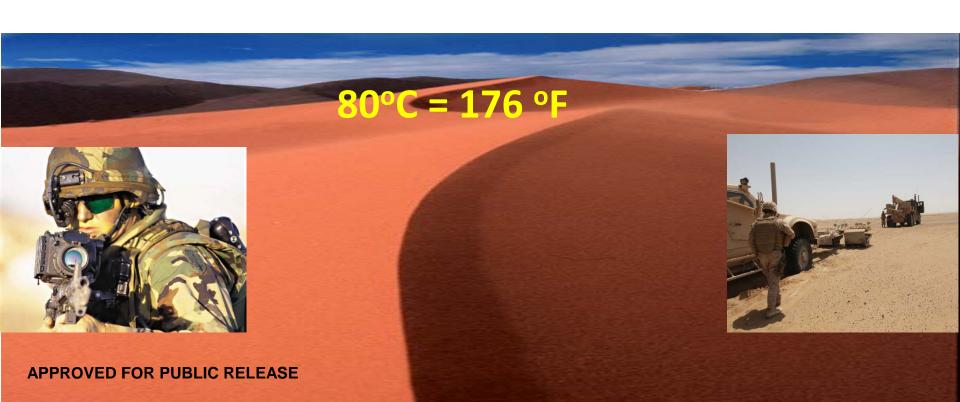
Structural characterization/QC



Military Applications



- Military hybrid electric vehicle applications to reduce fuel consumption and reduce the need for dangerous logistical refueling operations
- Soldier Power in hot climate
 - Battery life significantly improved





RDECOM Commercial Applications



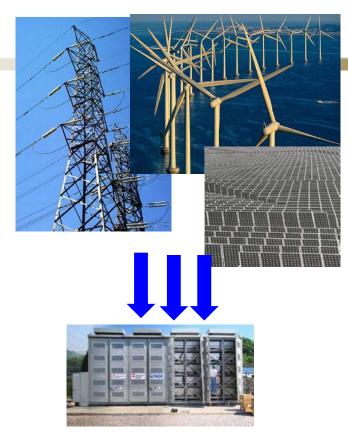
Two major markets

- Electric Vehicle, Hybrid Electric Vehicle
- Large scale stationary energy storage

The invention provides high temperature stability of Li ion battery.

In particular, the invention benefits Li ion battery high temperature applications/environments such as those found in hybrid electric vehicles (HEV).

The purification method developed is also useful for producing other salts that have the BOB anion, such as NaBOB, Mg(BOB)₂ or other metal salts as additives, ionic liquid for double layer capacitors and batteries, etc.



Energy Storage for Grid Stabilization



Electrified Vehicular Power Systems

TECHNOLOGY



Technology Agreements



A patent license and CRADA is sought.

The current technology is TRL 6 and will benefit from a collaboration between the inventor team and the commercialization partner in order to speed the development to the market. This would most readily be done through a license agreement/CRADA.

A provisional patent application has been filed.