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MEMORANDUM REPORT NO. 2215

## A COMPUTER PROGRAM TO CALCULATE THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF A SYSTEM OF COAXIAL BODIES OF REVOLUTION

by

G. P. Neitzel

August 1972

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MEMORANDUM REPORT NO. 2215

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A COMPUTER PROGRAM TO CALCULATE THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES  
OF A SYSTEM OF COAXIAL BODIES OF REVOLUTION.

G. P. Neitzel

Exterior Ballistics Laboratory

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BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES

MEMORANDUM REPORT NO. 2215

GPNeitzel/mjm  
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD  
August 1972

A COMPUTER PROGRAM TO CALCULATE THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES  
OF A SYSTEM OF COAXIAL BODIES OF REVOLUTION

ABSTRACT

A computer program to calculate the mass, center of gravity location, and moments of inertia of a system of coaxial bodies of revolution is presented. The derivation of equations used by the program, instructions for setting up inputs, and a sample case are also given.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ABSTRACT . . . . .	3
LIST OF SYMBOLS . . . . .	7
I. INTRODUCTION . . . . .	9
II. DERIVATION OF EQUATIONS . . . . .	9
A. Mass and Center of Gravity Location . . . . .	11
B. Moments of Inertia . . . . .	12
III. USE OF THE PROGRAM . . . . .	13
IV. SAMPLE CASE . . . . .	15
REFERENCES . . . . .	21
DISTRIBUTION LIST . . . . .	27

## LIST OF SYMBOLS

$a_0, a_1$	y-intercept and slope of a straight line, respectively
$I_{cg}$	transverse moment of inertia about the center of gravity
$I_x, I_y, I_z$	moments of inertia about the x, y, and z axes
m	mass
r, $\theta$	polar coordinates used in transformation of y-z plane
R	radius of a circular arc
x, y, z	right-handed, orthogonal coordinate system
$x_{cg}$	center of gravity position along x-axis
$x_o, x_f$	lower and upper bounds, respectively, of surface along x-axis
$\rho$	density
Subscripts	
c	coordinates of center of circular arc
i	value for segment of body
t	total value for body
u, l	upper and lower surfaces, respectively



## I. INTRODUCTION

When designing a projectile, one must consider not only the exterior configuration of the body, but its physical properties as well, since these will directly influence the flight behavior of the shell. By physical properties we mean mass, center of gravity location and the axial and transverse moments of inertia. It is possible to compute these properties manually, but this task for a relatively complex projectile is a very tedious one. The program described in this report (coded by D. Solmon) enables the designer to obtain accurate values for the physical characteristics of his designs with minimum effort.

Minimization of user effort necessarily implies some constraints. However, the constraints to be applied must not seriously degrade the ability of the program to handle complex bodies. With this in mind, one major assumption was made in designing this program; namely, that objects to be considered by this program will consist of coaxial bodies of revolution only. More generalized programs are available which handle the asymmetric case, but which also require more work on the part of the user<sup>1\*</sup>.

This report presents the derivation of the equations used by the program and instructions for setting up the inputs. A sample case is included for illustrative purposes. A complete listing of the program with all subroutines may be found in the Appendix.

## II. DERIVATION OF EQUATIONS

Consider an axisymmetric shell of uniform density (Figure 1) having the x-axis as its axis of symmetry. The shell is bounded radially by  $r_\ell$  and  $r_u$  (where  $r_\ell$  and  $r_u$  are functions of  $x$  and  $r_\ell \equiv y_\ell$  and  $r_u \equiv y_u$  in the x-y plane) and in the x-direction by  $x_o$  and  $x_f$  (where  $x_o$  is not necessarily located at the origin as shown in Figure 1).

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<sup>1</sup>References are listed on page 21.

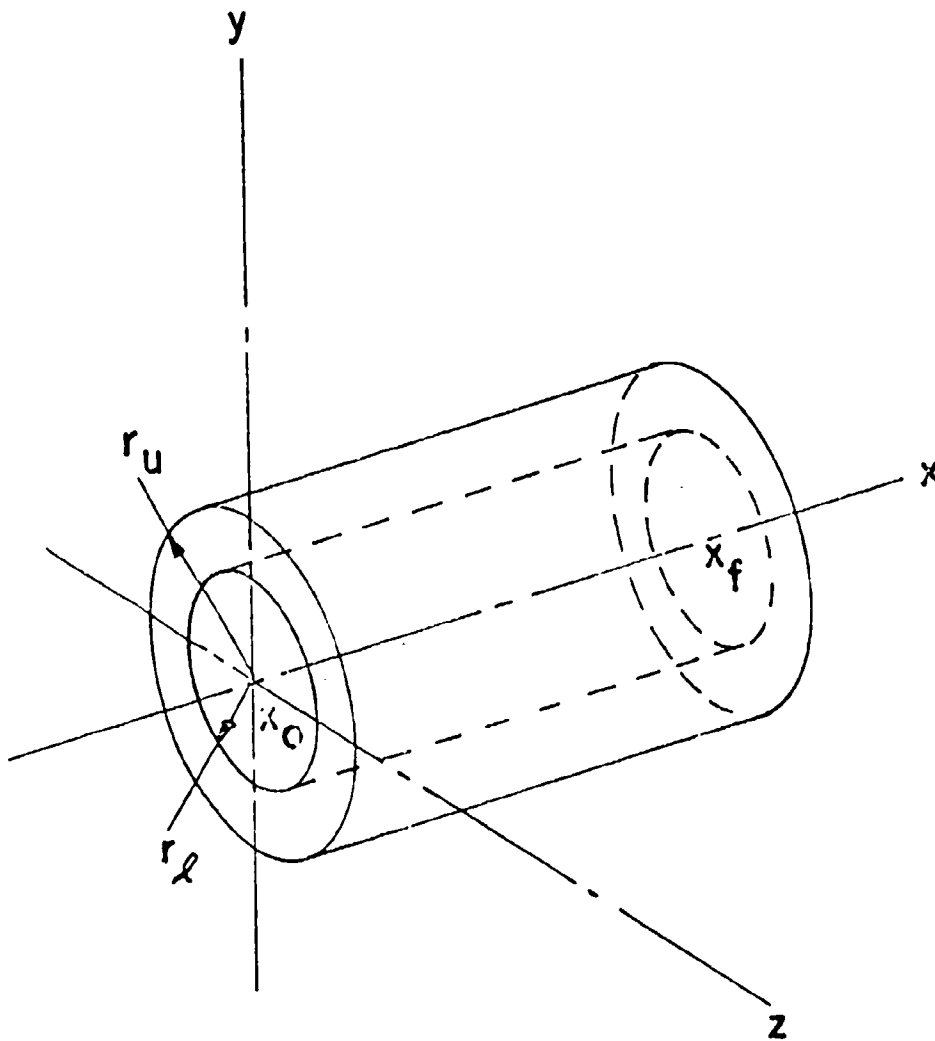


Figure 1. Coordinate System with Body Along x-Axis

A. Mass and Center of Gravity Location

In general, we know that for uniform density<sup>2</sup>

$$m = \int dm = \rho \int \int \int dx dy dz.$$

Transforming the y-z plane to polar coordinates and setting the limits of integration, we get

$$dy dz = r dr d\theta,$$

$$m = \rho \int_{x_0}^{x_f} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{y_l}^{y_u} r dr d\theta dx,$$

which reduces to

$$m = \pi \rho \int_{x_0}^{x_f} (y_u^2 - y_l^2) dx.$$

We also know that

$$x_{cg} = \frac{\int x dm}{\int dm},$$

therefore,

$$x_{cg} = \frac{\int_{x_0}^{x_f} (y_u^2 - y_l^2) x dx}{\int_{x_0}^{x_f} (y_u^2 - y_l^2) dx}$$

To calculate the total mass and center of gravity location for a composite body, we first calculate the mass and center of gravity location for each section ( $m_i, x_{cg_i}$ ) and use the following relations:

$$m_t = \sum_i m_i$$

$$x_{cg_t} = \frac{\sum_i m_i x_{cg_i}}{m_t}$$

## B. Moments of Inertia

The principal moments of inertia can be defined by<sup>2</sup>

$$I_x = \rho \int \int \int (y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz,$$

$$I_y = \rho \int \int \int (x^2 + z^2) dx dy dz,$$

$$I_z = \rho \int \int \int (x^2 + y^2) dx dy dz,$$

where  $I_x$ ,  $I_y$ , and  $I_z$  are the moments of inertia about the x, y, and z axes respectively. For an axisymmetric body whose axis of symmetry is the x-axis,

$$I_y = I_z.$$

### 1. Axial Moment of Inertia.

$$I_x = \rho \int \int \int (y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz.$$

Transforming to polar coordinates and setting limits of integration,

$$I_x = \rho \int_{x_0}^{x_1} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^u r^3 dr d\theta dx$$

therefore, 
$$I_x = \frac{\pi \rho}{2} \int_{x_0}^{x_1} (y_u^4 - y_k^4) dx.$$

For a composite body,

$$I_{x_t} = \sum_i I_{x_i}.$$

### 2. Transverse Moment of Inertia.

$$I_y = I_z,$$

therefore,

$$2 I_y = I_y + I_z = \rho \int \int \int (2x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz.$$

$$I_y = \rho \int \int \int x^2 dx dy dz + \frac{\rho}{2} \int \int \int (y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz$$

$$= \rho \int \int \int x^2 dx dy dz + \frac{1}{2} I_x.$$

Transforming to polar coordinates and setting limits of integration,

$$I_y = \frac{1}{2} I_x + \rho \int_{x_0}^{x_f} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{y_l}^{y_u} x^2 r dr d\theta dx,$$

therefore, 
$$I_y = \frac{1}{2} I_x + \pi \rho \int_{x_0}^{x_f} (y_u^2 - y_l^2) x^2 dx.$$

For a composite body, the total moment of inertia about the y (or z) axis is given by

$$I_{y_t} = \sum_i I_{y_i}.$$

To get the total transverse moment of inertia about the center of gravity, we use

$$I_{cg_t} = I_{y_t} - m_t x_{cg_t}^2.$$

### III. USE OF THE PROGRAM

As previously stated, this program assumes a system of coaxial bodies of revolution. If the x-axis is chosen as the axis of symmetry, then the surfaces of the body may be generated by rotating  $y = f(x)$  about the x-axis. The origin is usually taken (a) at the nose, with the positive x-axis pointing rearward or (b) at the base, with the positive x-axis pointing forward. The center of gravity is computed from the chosen origin. As presently constructed, the program will handle two types of functions; circular arcs and straight lines. Circular arcs are of the form

$$y = y_c \pm \sqrt{R^2 - (x - x_c)^2},$$

where  $(x_c, y_c)$  is the location of the center, and  $R$  is the radius. Some care must be taken to insure that the quantity under the radical sign is never negative in the applicable x-interval. (The quantity could go negative near  $|x - x_c| = R$ , due to round-off errors.) Taking the origin at the nose will usually circumvent this problem.

Straight lines are of the form

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x,$$

where  $a_0$  and  $a_1$  are the y-intercept and slope respectively. Associated with each function is an interval,  $(x_0, x_f)$ , within which it is applicable, and the density,  $\rho$ , of the area lying immediately below the function within the interval.

Each function is input on a single data card. The cards may be arranged in any order, with a blank card following the last data card of a case. Cases may be stacked. The data cards are of the following form, with data fields being ten columns. Decimal points must be punched.

A. Circular Area

<u>card Columns</u>	<u>Content</u>
1-10	$x_c$
11-20	$y_c$
21-30	R
31-40	$x_e$
41-50	$x_f$
51-60	.
61-78	alphanumeric code for identification of output
79	blank for $y = y_c + \sqrt{\quad}$ - for $y = y_c - \sqrt{\quad}$
80	1

## B. Straight Lines

<u>Card Columns</u>	<u>Content</u>
1-10	$a_0$
11-20	$a_1$
21-30	$x_0$
31-40	$x_f$
41-50	blank
51-60	$\rho$
61-78	alphanumeric code for identification of output
79	blank
80	2

Care should be taken to insure that the units of measurement used for density are consistent with the units of length used on the drawing from which the functions were derived.

The program prints out the input data, for checking purposes, as well as the computed values of mass, center of gravity location, and axial and transverse moments of inertia. The units of these computed values are dependent upon the units of the input data.

## IV. SAMPLE CASE

The sample case, shown in Figure 2, is the 105mm, HE, M1 artillery projectile with M73 dummy fuze. The shape is rotationally symmetric except for two fuze wrench slots on the M73 which were ignored for present purposes. The densities of the various materials which make up the round are listed in Table 1.

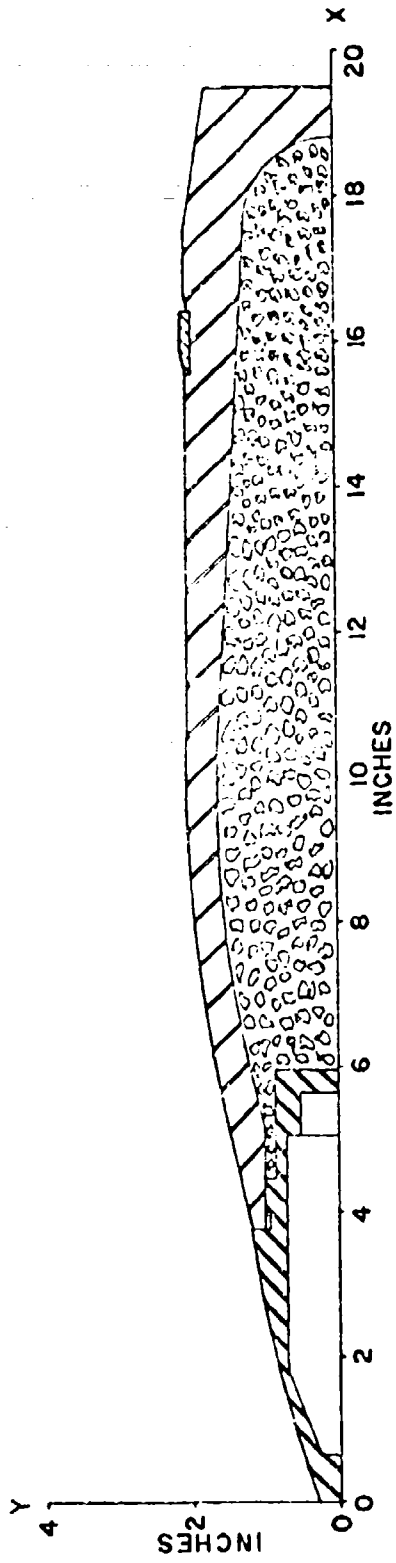


Figure 2. 105mm, HE, M1 with M73 Dummy Fuze



Table I. Densities of Materials Used for Sample Case

Section	Material	Density (lb/in <sup>3</sup> )
Fuze	Steel	.2833
Body	Steel	.2833
Base Plate	Steel	.2833
Rotating Band	Gilding Metal	.3128
H.E. Filler	Comp B	.0549

Tabulations of input and output are shown in Tables II and III respectively. A comparison of computed values with standard values is given in Table IV. The computed values are in good agreement with the standard values with the maximum error (+2.8%) occurring in the transverse moment of inertia computation. Keep in mind, however, that these standard values are the mean values of measurements taken on a sample of production rounds whose actual shapes may vary slightly from standard. This sample case was selected to give the reader an idea of the degree of complexity which can be handled by the program. For known shapes with known densities, the computation is nearly exact (within the tolerance imposed on the integration routine).

Table II. Inputs for Sample Case

1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-78	80
7.155122	-26.578557	22.	0.	2.76	.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	1
.93	0.	2.76	3.96		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
1.	0.	3.96	4.46		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
.85	0.	4.46	5.96		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
-.007899	.390756	.66	1.77		0.	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
1.92	0.	.7	1.77	1.92	0.	105MM MI TEST CASE	1
.7	0.	1.92	5.04		0.	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
.5	0.	5.04	5.64		0.	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
10.433179	-23.421353	25.5	3.76	9.54	.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	1
2.063	0.	9.54	10.54		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
2.045	0.	10.54	15.54		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
-1.288581	.214516	15.54	15.85		.3128	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
2.1115	0.	15.85	16.41		.3128	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
1.97	0.	15.54	16.41		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
2.03	0.	16.41	16.51		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
-3.158857	.314286	16.51	16.61		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
2.063	0.	16.61	17.46		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
4.708190	-.1515	17.46	19.46		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
1.505	0.	19.46	19.49		.2833	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
1.	0.	3.76	3.96		0.	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
1.	0.	4.46	5.15		.0549	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
9.525438	-13.347667	15.	5.15	9.79	.0549	105MM MI TEST CASE	1
9.79	-16.35	16.	9.79	10.78478	.0549	105MM MI TEST CASE	1
2.212444	-.054702	10.78478	17.62908		.0549	105MM MI TEST CASE	2
17.56	0.	1.25	17.62908	18.81	.0549	105MM MI TEST CASE	1
blank							

TABLE III. Output for Sample Case

A	D	A	I	V	C	Y	C	R	A	D	X	F	DENSITY	COMMENTS		
0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.71515	C1	-0.20524	D2	0.22000	D2	0.00000	00	0.37400	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.93000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.37400	D1	0.39400	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.10000	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.39400	D1	0.44600	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.85000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.44600	D1	0.59600	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
-0.78990	-02	0.39076	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.59600	D1	0.17700	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.19200	D1	0.00000	00	0.70000	D1	0.17700	D1	0.19200	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.70000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.19200	D1	0.50400	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.50000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.50400	D1	0.50400	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.10413	D2	-0.23421	D2	0.25500	D2	0.37400	D1	0.95400	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.20630	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.95400	D1	0.10540	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.20450	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.10540	D2	0.15400	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
-0.12886	01	0.21452	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.15400	D2	0.15400	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.21115	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.15400	D2	0.17400	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.19700	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.17400	D2	0.16410	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.20300	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.16410	D2	0.16510	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.20430	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.16510	D2	0.17400	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.47082	01	-0.15150	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.17400	D2	0.19400	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.15050	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.19400	D2	0.19400	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.10000	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.37400	D1	0.39600	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.10200	01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.39600	D1	0.51500	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.95214	D1	-0.13348	D2	0.15000	D2	0.51500	D1	0.97400	D1	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.16350	D2	0.18000	D2	0.97400	D1	0.10780	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.22124	01	-0.54702	-01	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.10780	D2	0.17630	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE
0.00000	00	0.00000	00	0.17500	D2	0.00000	00	0.12500	D2	0.17630	D2	0.16810	D2	0.28330	00	105PP MI TEST CASE

MASS CG AX MOM TRANS MOM CODE  
 0.33087E 02 0.12291E 02 0.20453E 02 0.79218E 03 105PP MI TEST CASE

Table IV. Comparison of Standard and Computed Values for Sample Case

Quantity	Units	Stand.	Computed	Error (%)
Mass	lb	33.0	33.087	+0.3
Center of Gravity (from nose)	in	12.264	12.291	+0.2
Axial Mom.	lb-in <sup>2</sup>	79.488	80.453	+1.2
Trans. Mom.	lb-in <sup>2</sup>	770.803	792.18	+2.8

#### REFERENCES

1. E. B. Lacher, "Moments: A Computer Program to Calculate Moments and Products of Inertia of Asymmetric Shells and Other Bodies," Picatinny Arsenal Technical Report No. 4143, AD 730682, July 1971.
2. K. R. Symon, *Mechanics (second edition)*, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc., 1960.

APPENDIX

	DIMENSION ICODE(40), XC(40), YC(40), RC(40), AO(40), AI(40),	MAIN 1
	1 XO(80), XF(80), RO(40), XOP(80), X(80), XT(80), FY(40), MN(40),	MAIN 2
	2 NFUN(40), XL(40), XU(40)	MAIN 3
	COMMON XC, YC, RC, AO, AI, NUP, NLO, FLIP, ICODE	MAIN 4
	EXTERNAL FX	MAIN 5
	PI=3.141592654	MAIN 6
C		MAIN 7
C	INITIALIZATIONS	MAIN 8
C		MAIN 9
	1 ZF=0.	MAIN 10
	XM=0.	MAIN 11
	AMI=0.	MAIN 12
	EB=0.	MAIN 13
	AO(1)=0.	MAIN 14
	AI(1)=0.	MAIN 15
	XC(1)=0.	MAIN 16
	YC(1)=0.	MAIN 17
	RC(1)=0.	MAIN 18
	RO(1)=0.	MAIN 19
	XO(1)=0.	MAIN 20
	XF(1)=0.	MAIN 21
		MAIN 22
C	READ INPUT, REARRANGE IF NECESSARY, AND PRINT OUT.	MAIN 23
C		MAIN 24
	DO 5 I=2,100	MAIN 25
	READ (5,28) XC(I),YC(I),RC(I),XO(I),XF(I),RO(I),(ACODE(K),K=1,2),	MAIN 26R
	1 ICODE(I)	MAIN 27R
	IF (ICODE(I).EQ.0) GO TO 6	MAIN 28
	AACODE=ACCODE(1)	MAIN 29
	ABCODE=ACCODE(2)	MAIN 30
	IF (ICODE(I).NE.2) GO TO 2	MAIN 31
	AO(I)=XC(I)	MAIN 32
	AI(I)=YC(I)	MAIN 33
	XF(I)=XO(I)	MAIN 34
	XO(I)=RC(I)	MAIN 35
	XC(I)=0.	MAIN 36
	YC(I)=0.	MAIN 37
	RC(I)=0.	MAIN 38
	GO TO 3	MAIN 39
	2 AO(I)=0.	MAIN 40
	AI(I)=0.	MAIN 41
	3 IF (I.GT.2) GO TO 4	MAIN 42
	WRITE (6,31)	MAIN 43W
	4 WRITE (6,32) AO(I),AI(I),XC(I),YC(I),RC(I),XO(I),XF(I),RO(I),	MAIN 44W
	1 AACODE,ABCODE	MAIN 45W
	5 CONTINUE	MAIN 46
	N=20	MAIN 47
	GO TO 7	MAIN 48
	6 N=I-1	MAIN 49
	7 WRITE (6,29)	MAIN 50W
	LI=N	MAIN 51
	ACODE(1)=AACODE	MAIN 52
	ACODE(2)=ABCODE	MAIN 53
C		MAIN 54
C	DIVIDE BODY INTO REGIONS USING BREAK POINTS.	MAIN 55
C		MAIN 56
	DO 8 I=1,N	MAIN 57
	X(I)=XO(I)	MAIN 58
	J=N+I	MAIN 59
	8 X(J)=XF(I)	MAIN 60

NN=2*N	MAIN 61
N=NN	MAIN 62
L=1	MAIN 63
DO 12 I=1,N	MAIN 64
FLOP=0.	MAIN 65
CALL PMIN (X,NN,XPIN,IT)	MAIN 66
XBP(L)=XMIN	MAIN 67
IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 9	MAIN 68
IF (XBP(L).EQ.XBP(L-1)) FLOP=1.0	MAIN 69
9    J=0	MAIN 70
DO 10 K=1,NN	MAIN 71
IF (IT.EC.K) GO TO 10	MAIN 72
J=J+1	MAIN 73
X(J)=X(K)	MAIN 74
10   CONTINUE	MAIN 75
NN=NN-1	MAIN 76
IF (FLOP.EQ.1.0) GO TO 11	MAIN 77
L=L+1	MAIN 78
11   CONTINUE	MAIN 79
IF (NN.EQ.1) GO TO 13	MAIN 80
12   CONTINUE	MAIN 81
13   CONTINUE	MAIN 82
IF (X(1).EQ.XBP(L-1)) GO TO 14	MAIN 83
XBP(L)=X(1)	MAIN 84
GO TO 15	MAIN 85
14   L=L-1	MAIN 86
15   CONTINUE	MAIN 87
XO(1)=XBP(1)	MAIN 88
XF(1)=XBP(L)	MAIN 89
I=1	MAIN 90
16   II=1	MAIN 91
XT(1)=(XBP(1)+XBP(I+1))/2.	MAIN 92
K=1	MAIN 93
C	MAIN 94
C	MAIN 95
C	MAIN 96
DO 19 J=1,LI	MAIN 97
IF (XO(J).GT.XT(1).OR.XT(1).GT.XF(J)) GO TO 19	MAIN 98
IF (RC(J).EQ.0.) GO TO 17	MAIN 99
FY(K)=YC(J)+SQRT(RC(J)**2-(XT(1)-XC(J))**2)+A0(J)+A1(J)*XT(1)	MAIN100
IF (ICODE(J).NE.-1) GO TO 18	MAIN101
FY(K)=YC(J)-SQRT(RC(J)**2-(XT(1)-XC(J))**2)+A0(J)+A1(J)*XT(1)	MAIN102
GO TO 18	MAIN103
17   FY(K)=A0(J)+A1(J)*XT(1)	MAIN104
18   CONTINUE	MAIN105
MN(K)=J	MAIN106
K=K+1	MAIN107
19   CONTINUE	MAIN108
K=K-1	MAIN109
JJ=1	MAIN110
20   CONTINUE	MAIN111
IF (K.EQ.2) GO TO 22	MAIN112
CALL PMAX (FY,K,XMAX,IT)	MAIN113
NFUN(JJ)=MN(IT)	MAIN114
ICODE(JJ)=ICODE(IT)	MAIN115
J=0	MAIN116
DO 21 IX=1,K	MAIN117
IF (IT.EQ.IX) GO TO 21	MAIN118
J=J+1	MAIN119
ICODE(J)=ICODE(IX)	MAIN120

	FY(J)=FY(IX)	MAIN121
	MN(J)=MN(IX)	MAIN122
21	CONTINUE	MAIN123
	JJ=JJ+1	MAIN124
	K=K-1	MAIN125
	GO TO 20	MAIN126
22	CONTINUE	MAIN127
	IF (FY(1).GT.FY(2)) GO TO 23	MAIN128
	NFUN(JJ)=MN(2)	MAIN129
	ICODE(JJ)=ICODE(2)	MAIN130
	NFUN(JJ+1)=MN(1)	MAIN131
	ICODE(JJ+1)=ICODE(1)	MAIN132
	GO TO 24	MAIN133
23	NFUN(JJ)=MN(1)	MAIN134
	ICODE(JJ)=ICODE(1)	MAIN 35
	NFUN(JJ+1)=MN(2)	MAIN136
	ICODE(JJ+1)=ICODE(2)	MAIN137
24	CONTINUE	MAIN138
25	NUP=NFUN(II)	MAIN139
	NLO=NFUN(II+1)	MAIN140
	XL(II)=XAP(II)	MAIN141
	XU(II)=XAP(II+1)	MAIN142
	FLIP=0.	MAIN143
C		MAIN144
C	INTEGRATE BODY SECTION TO FIND MASS, AND ACCUMULATE.	MAIN145
C		MAIN146
	CALL RMBGIN (FX,FI,XL(II),XU(II),10.**(-6),0.)	MAIN147
	FLIP=1.0	MAIN148
	XM=XM+PI*RO*(NUP)*FI	MAIN149
C		MAIN150
C	INTEGRATE BODY SECTION TO FIND C.G. LOCATION.	MAIN151
C		MAIN152
	CALL RMBGIN (FX,FI,XL(II),XU(II),10.**(-6),0.)	MAIN153
	FLIP=2.0	MAIN154
	XCG=FFI/FI	MAIN155
C		MAIN156
C	INTEGRATE BODY SECTION TO FIND AXIAL MOMENT, AND ACCUMULATE.	MAIN157
C		MAIN158
	CALL RMBGIN (FX,FI,XL(II),XU(II),10.**(-6),0.)	MAIN159
	FLIP=3.0	MAIN160
	AMI=AMI+0.5*PI*RO*(NUP)*FI	MAIN161
C		MAIN162
C	INTEGRATE BODY SECTION TO FIND TRANSVERSE MOMENT, AND ACCUMULATE.	MAIN163
C		MAIN164
	CALL RMBGIN (FX,GCI,XL(II),XU(II),10.**(-6),0.)	MAIN165
	ZF=ZF+FI*XCG*PI*RO*(NUP)	MAIN166
	BF=BF+PI*RO*(NUP)*(0.25*GI*GCI)	MAIN167
	IF (II.EQ.JJ) GO TO 26	MAIN168
	II=II+1	MAIN169
	GO TO 25	MAIN170
26	I=I+1	MAIN171
	IF (I.EQ.L) GO TO 27	MAIN172
	GO TO 16	MAIN173
C		MAIN174
C	CALCULATE C.G. LOCATION AND TOTAL TRANSVERSE MOMENT.	MAIN175
C		MAIN176
27	CGPGJ=ZF/XM	MAIN177
	B=BB-XM*CGPGJ**2	MAIN178
C		MAIN179
C	PRINT OUT RESULTS, AND RETURN FOR A NEW CASE.	MAIN180



C	WRITE (6,30) XM,CGPROJ,AMI,B,(ACODE(I),I=1,2)	MAIN181
	GO TO 1	MAIN182W
C	28 FORMAT (6F10.6,2A9,12)	MAIN183
	29 FORMAT (/5X,5H MASS,12X,2HCG,9X,6HAX MOM,7X,9HTRANS MOM,11X,4HCODE	MAIN184
	1/)	MAIN185
	30 FORMAT (4(2X,E12.5),3X,2A9)	MAIN186
	31 FORMAT (////7X,1HA,12X,1HA,12X,1HX,12X,1HY,12X,1HR,12X,1HX,12X,1HX	MAIN187
	1,9X,7HDENSITY,10X,8HCOMMENTS/8X,1HC,12X,1HI,12X,1HC,12X,1HC,25X,1H	MAIN188
	20,12X,1HF/)	MAIN189
	32 FORMAT (1H ,8E13,5,3X,2A9)	MAIN190
	END	MAIN191
	FUNCTION FX (X)	MAIN192
	DIMENSION XC(40), YC(40), RC(40), AO(40), A1(40), XXC(4C),	MAIN193-
	1 ICODE(40)	* 193* 1
	COMMON XC, YC, RC, AO, A1, NUP, NLO, FLIP, ICODE	FX 2
	XXC(NUP)=X-XXC(NUP)	FX 3
	IF (RC(NUP).EQ.0.) XXC(NUP)=0.	FX 4
	XXC(NLO)=X-XXC(NLC)	FX 5
	IF (RC(NLO).EQ.0.) XXC(NLO)=0.	FX 6
	IF (ICODE(NUP).EQ.-1) GO TO 1	FX 7
	YU=(YC(NUP)+(RC(NLP)**2-XXC(NUP)**2)**0.5+AO(NUP)+A1(NUP)*X)**2	FX 8
	GO TO 2	FX 9
	1 YU=(YC(NUP)-(RC(NUP)**2-XXC(NUP)**2)**0.5+AO(NUP)+A1(NUP)*X)**2	FX 10
	2 CONTINUE	FX 11
	IF (ICODE(NLO).EQ.-1) GO TO 3	FX 12
	YL=(YC(NLO)+(RC(NLO)**2-XXC(NLO)**2)**0.5+AO(NLO)+A1(NLO)*X)**2	FX 13
	GO TO 4	FX 14
	3 YL=(YC(NLO)-(RC(NLO)**2-XXC(NLO)**2)**0.5+AO(NLO)+A1(NLC)*X)**2	FX 15
	4 CONTINUE	FX 16
	FX=YU-YL	FX 17
	IF (FLIP.EQ.0.) RETURN	FX 18
	IF (FLIP-2.) 5,6,7	FX 19
	5 FX=X*FX	FX 20
	RETURN	FX 21
	6 FX=YU**2-YL**2	FX 22
	RETURN	FX 23
	7 FX=FX*(X**2)	FX 24
	RETURN	FX 25
	END	FX 26
	SUBROUTINE RMBGIN (FX,FI,LL,UL,TOL,PC)	FX 27
	REAL LL	FX 28-
	DIMENSION A(9), B(9)	* 221* 2
	DO 1 I=1,9	RMBGN 2
	A(I)=0.	RMBGN 3
	1 B(I)=0.	RMBGN 4
	XL=LL	RMBGN 5
	FA=FX(XL)	RMBGN 6
	F=FX(UL)	RMBGN 7
	H=UL-XL	RMBGN 8
	A(I)=.5*H*(FA+F)	RMBGN 9
	IP=1	RMBGN10
	IC=0	RMBGN11
	IS=1	RMBGN12
	IF (PC.EQ.0.) GO TO 2	RMBGN13
	WRITE (6,11) H,IC,(A(I),I=1,4)	RMBGN14
	2 IC=1	RMBGN15
	3 H1=H	RMBGN16W
	H=.5*H	RMBGN17
		RMBGN18
		RMBGN19

```

X=XL+H
SUM=0.
DO 4 I=1,IS
SUM=FX(X)+SUM
4 X=H1+X
IS=IS+IS
B(1)=.5*(A(1)+H1*SUM)
C=4.
DO 5 J=1,IP
K=J+1
B(K)=(C*B(J)-A(J))/(C-1.)
5 C=4.*C
IF (PC.EC.O.) GO TO 6
WRITE (6,11) H,IC,(B(I),I=1,9)
6 DO 7 J=1,IP
K=J+1
ABC=ABS((B(J)-B(K))/B(K))
IF (ABC-TOL.LE.O.) GO TO 10
ABC=ABS((A(K)-B(K))/B(K))
IF (ABC-TOL.LE.C.) GO TO 10
7 CONTINUE
IF (IP.EC.B) GO TO 8
IP=IP+1
8 IC=IC+1
DO 9 J=1,9
9 A(J)=B(J)
IF (IC.LE.10) GO TO 3
WRITE (6,12)
10 FI=B(K)
RETURN
C
11 FORMAT (1PE14.7,14,9E12.5)
12 FORMAT (37H RMRGIN DID NOT CONVERGE IN 10 STEPS.)
END
SUBROUTINE PMAX (X,N,XMAX,J)
DIMENSION X(500)
X+AX=X(1)
J=1
DO 2 I=2,N
IF (XMAX-X(I)) 1,2,2
1 J=I
XMAX=X(I)
2 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PMIN (X,N,XMIN,J)
DIMENSION X(500)
J=1
XMIN=X(1)
DO 2 I=2,N
IF (XMIN-X(I)) 2,2,1
1 J=I
XMIN=X(I)
2 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
* DATA

```

```

RMBGN20
RMBGN21
RMBGN22
RMBGN23
RMBGN24
RMBGN25
RMBGN26
RMBGN27
RMBGN28
RMBGN29
RMBGN30
RMBGN31
RMBGN32
RMBGN33W
RMBGN34
RMBGN35
RMBGN36
RMBGN37
RMBGN38
RMBGN39
RMBGN40
RMBGN41
RMBGN42
RMBGN43
RMBGN44
RMBGN45
RMBGN46
RMBGN47W
RMBGN48
RMBGN49
RMBGN50
RMBGN51
RMBGN52
RMBGN53-
* 274* 3
PMAX 2
PMAX 3
PMAX 4
PMAX 5
PMAX 6
PMAX 7
PMAX 8
PMAX 9
PMAX 10
PMAX 11-
* 285* 4
PMIN 2
PMIN 3
PMIN 4
PMIN 5
PMIN 6
PMIN 7
PMIN 8
PMIN 9
PMIN 10
PMIN 11-
END

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