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LONGITUDINAL STATIC STABILITY AND DRAG CHARACTERISTICS OF A-7D AND F-4E AIRCRAFT WITH VARIOUS EXTERNAL STORE CONFIGURATIONS AT TRANSONIC SPEEDS

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Ronald E. Davis

ARO, Inc.

April 1971

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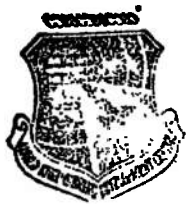
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**LONGITUDINAL STATIC STABILITY AND DRAG
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**Ronald E. Davis
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9 Apr 1976

FOREWORD

The work reported herein was sponsored by the Air Force Armament Laboratory (AFATL), Air Force Systems Command (AFSC), under Program Element 62602F, Project 2567.

The test results presented were obtained by ARO, Inc. (a subsidiary of Sverdrup & Parcel and Associates, Inc.), contract operator of the Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), AFSC, Arnold Air Force Station, Tennessee, under Contract F40600-71-C-0002. The tests were conducted during the period November 9 to 17, 1970, under ARO Project No. PC0114, and the manuscript was submitted for publication on February 4, 1971.

This technical report has been reviewed and is approved.

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ABSTRACT

Longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics of 0.05-scale models of A-7D and F-4E aircraft were obtained at Mach numbers from 0.50 to 1.30 to determine the effects of store configuration and location on stability and drag. Prototypes, as well as a family of proposed store configurations, were tested.

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NOMENCLATURE

A_b	Base area, 0.0201 sq ft for A-7D and 0.0747 sq ft for F-4E
BL	Buttock line from plane of symmetry, in.
C_A	Measured axial-force coefficient, measured axial force/ $q_\infty S$
$C_{A,b}$	Base axial-force coefficient, $(p_\infty - p_b)A_b/q_\infty S$
$C_{A,F}$	Forebody axial-force coefficient, $C_A - C_{A,b}$
C_D	Forebody-drag coefficient, forebody drag/ $q_\infty S$
C_m	Pitching-moment coefficient, pitching moment/ $q_\infty Sd$, moment reference at FS 16.173 and WL 5.00 for A-7D and FS 16.233 and WL 1.55 for F-4E
C_L	Forebody-lift coefficient, forebody lift/ $q_\infty S$
C_N	Normal-force coefficient, normal force/ $q_\infty S$
\bar{c}	Mean aerodynamic chord, 0.542 ft for the A-7D and 0.802 ft for the F-4E aircraft
FS	Fuselage station, in.

M_∞	Free-stream Mach number
p_∞	Free-stream static pressure, psf
p_b	Model base pressure, psf
q_∞	Free-stream dynamic pressure, $0.7 p_\infty M_\infty^2$, psf
S	Wing reference area, 0.9375 sq ft for A-7D and 1.3250 sq ft for F-4E
WL	Waterline from reference horizontal plane, in.
α	Angle of attack, angle between a model waterline and the free-stream velocity vector, deg

SECTION I INTRODUCTION

External carriage of weapons has been used for many years to increase the striking power of fighter-type aircraft. At low speeds, the drag penalties have been acceptable as trade-offs for the added payload. However, for present-day aircraft with transonic and supersonic cruise speeds, the added drag and the destabilizing pitching moments produced by stores carried beneath the wing and/or fuselage can be critical to the success of the mission. Therefore, at the request of the Air Force Armament Laboratory (AFATL), Eglin Air Force Base, Florida, tests utilizing 0.05-scale models of the F-4E and A-7D aircraft were conducted in the Aerodynamic Wind Tunnel (4T), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), to evaluate the effect of external stores upon aircraft stability and drag. Several new weapon configurations were tested as well as the Triple Ejection Racks (TER) and Multiple Ejection Racks (MER) configured with M-82 and M-117 bombs, all of which are carried by pylons. The new weapon configurations consist of a family of shapes with a common body diameter and ogive nose employing three base region contours and various control and lifting surfaces, hereafter referred to as parametric shapes. These weapon configurations are a proposed means of multiple weapon carriage. Data were obtained for the F-4E and A-7D models over Mach number from ranges 0.5 to 1.30 and 0.5 to 1.05, respectively.

SECTION II APPARATUS

2.1 TEST FACILITY

The Aerodynamic Wind Tunnel (4T) is a closed-loop, continuous flow, variable density tunnel capable of being operated at Mach numbers from 0.20 to 1.30. At all Mach numbers, the stagnation pressure can be varied from 400 to 3400 psfa. The test section is 4 ft square and 12.5 ft long with perforated, variable porosity (0.5 to 10 percent) walls. It is completely enclosed in a plenum chamber from which the air can be evacuated, allowing part of the tunnel airflow to be removed through the perforated walls of the test section. The wall perforations are 0.50-in.-diam holes inclined 60 deg from the normal to the wall surface. This design allows control of wave attenuation and blockage effects. The tunnel model support system consists of a pitch sector, strut, and sting attachment receptacle, and the system has a pitch capability of -12 to 28 deg with respect to the tunnel centerline. A schematic of the test section showing the location of the models is presented in Fig. 1, Appendix I.

2.2 TEST ARTICLES

The test articles were 0.05-scale models of the A-7D and F-4E aircraft and various stores. Dimensional sketches of the A-7D and F-4E models are shown in Fig. 2. The horizontal tail settings for the A-7D and F-4E models were both at zero-degree incidence with respect to model waterline during testing. The wing-root chord of the A-7D and F-4E models have -1.0- and 1.0-deg incidence, respectively, with respect to waterline. Wing and vertical tail surfaces were set at zero-degree deflection on both models. All tests were conducted with free transition.

The locations of the forward end of the pylons, to which the various store carriage racks and stores were mounted, are shown in Fig. 2. Details and dimensions of the pylons are shown in Fig. 3 and the TER and MER are shown in Fig. 4. The TER and MER were mounted on the pylons as required by the store configurations. Shown in Figs. 5, 6, and 7 are dimensional sketches of the 370-gal fuel tank, MK-82 bomb, and M-117 bomb, respectively. Figure 8 shows the numbering sequence of the TER and MER stations and the roll orientation of the MK-82 and M-117 bombs mounted on each station. Dimensional sketches of the seven geometrically related shapes are presented in Fig. 9.

Photographs of four configurations installed in the test section are shown in Fig. 10. A list of the configurations tested is presented in Table I, Appendix II.

2.3 INSTRUMENTATION

Two six-component, internal strain-gage balances of different capacity were used during the test to obtain the force and moment data for the A-7D and F-4E models. Base pressure measurements were obtained with pressure transducers connected to two orifices located on the sting inside the base of the aircraft model.

SECTION III TEST DESCRIPTION

3.1 TEST CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURES

Force data were obtained on various store configurations of the A-7D and F-4E aircraft. The Mach number range was from 0.5 to 1.3. Tunnel stagnation pressure ranged from 3200 psfa at $M_\infty = 0.50$ to 2200 psfa at $M_\infty = 1.30$, and the total temperature varied from 90 to 110°F. Reynolds number and dynamic pressure variations with Mach number are presented in Fig. 11. The test section wall porosity was varied with free-stream Mach number in order to achieve the minimum lift interference while reducing blockage effects.

The tunnel conditions were held constant at the prescribed Mach number and total pressure while the angle of attack was varied through the range of -4 to 15 deg. Data were recorded at each of 28 discrete angles of attack. Data were obtained for both the A-7D and F-4E configurations at Mach numbers of 0.50, 0.70, 0.80, 0.90, 0.95, and 1.05 and in addition at Mach numbers of 1.10, 1.20, and 1.30 for the F-4E.

3.2 CORRECTIONS

Balance and sting deflections caused by the aerodynamic loads on the model were accounted for in the data reduction program to determine the angle of attack. Model weight tare corrections were made to calculate net aerodynamic forces on the model.

To determine the wind tunnel flow angularity, configuration F401 was run in an upright and inverted position. A flow angle deviation that varied with Mach number was

determined. All data were corrected for this flow angularity which varied from 0.30-deg upwash at Mach number 0.50 to 0.10-deg upwash at Mach number 1.20.

3.3 PRECISION OF MEASUREMENTS

Although the data in this report were determined from single-sample measurements, the uncertainties for these data were estimated by methods based on statistical analysis. Errors arising from setting free-stream test conditions were determined from tunnel calibration data. Other effects considered include instrument precision and balance calibration curve-fit deviation. For a 95-percent confidence level, the uncertainties in the data presented herein are as follows:

$C_D (C_L = 0.3)$	C_L	C_m	M_∞	q_∞	α
± 0.0015	± 0.006	± 0.001	± 0.002	± 10	± 0.1

SECTION IV RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

4.1 DATA PRESENTATION

Force and moment coefficients were plotted by machine and faired with straight lines. The data have been presented in the following format and order for each group of data: (1) C_L versus α , (2) C_D versus C_L , (3) C_m versus C_L , and (4) C_D versus M_∞ . The effect of M_∞ on C_D for the A-7D stores is plotted for $C_L = 0$ and for the F-4E stores is plotted at $C_L = 0.3$ and $C_L = 0.1$ for $M_\infty < 1.0$ and $M_\infty > 1.0$, respectively.

The data have been presented to illustrate primarily the effect of (1) parametric-shape configuration variation, (2) parametric-shape carriage position, and (3) parametric-shape configuration addition on aircraft stability and performance. Data for the clean-aircraft configurations A701 and F401 are presented in each figure for comparison. Presented in Table II is a configuration key to assist in figure interpretation. Data for the A-7D and F-4E are presented in Figs. 12 through 31 and Figs. 32 through 55, respectively. Data are presented only for selected Mach numbers except to show the effect of Mach number on drag coefficient.

4.2 A-7D CONFIGURATIONS

The addition of stores resulted in only small changes in the lift curve slope for all configurations as shown in Figs. 12, 16, 20, 24, and 28.

All aircraft configurations were statically stable over the Mach number range (Figs. 13, 17, 21, 25, and 29). In general, the addition of stores reduced the stability of the aircraft, except for the addition of configuration A704 (M-117 bomb on TER), which increased the stability at the high Mach numbers (Fig. 13). However, when the M-117 bomb was carried on the MER (configuration A702), the aircraft stability was decreased.

The addition of lifting surfaces to the blunt-base parametric-shape store reduced aircraft stability at all Mach numbers (Fig. 17) for configurations A707 and A710. The addition of canards (Configuration A707) to the midwing-store configuration, A710, reduced the aircraft stability at subsonic Mach numbers and had no effect at $M_\infty = 1.05$.

When stores were carried on one wing, movement of the store from the inboard to the outboard wing station had no effect on aircraft stability (Fig. 21). However, when the stores were carried on both wings, the movement of the stores from the inboard to the outboard wing stations decreased the aircraft stability as Mach number was increased, except at $M_\infty = 1.05$ where there was no effect (Fig. 25).

The effect of loading stores at the same wing station, on either one or both wings, is shown in Fig. 29. The aircraft stability was decreased when both wings were loaded.

The addition of stores produced large increases in drag coefficient at all Mach numbers for all configurations (Figs. 14, 18, 22, 16, and 32). In some cases, the addition of stores increased the drag coefficient at zero lift by as much as 150 percent of the clean-aircraft drag coefficient (Fig. 14b). As the number of stores was increased the subsonic drag level increased, and the drag rise occurred at progressively lower Mach numbers as shown in Fig. 15. Comparison of the results for similar store configurations (A702 and A703) indicates that the increase in drag coefficient is proportional to the increase in frontal area. With both wings loaded, the inboard carriage positions resulted in the largest increase in drag coefficient as shown in Fig. 27.

4.3 F-4E CONFIGURATIONS

The addition of stores to the F-4E resulted in small changes in lift-curve slope and produced a small positive shift in the zero-lift angle of attack for most configurations as shown in Figs. 32, 36, 40, 44, 48, and 52. All aircraft configurations were statically stable over the Mach number range except at the high values of lift coefficient as shown in Figs. 33, 37, 41, 45, 49, and 53.

In general, all configurations exhibited similar changes in stability with Mach number. The addition of stores reduced the aircraft stability, especially at the low subsonic Mach numbers.

Figure 33 indicates that the aircraft is more stable when three MK-82 bombs are carried on the TER than when three M-117 bombs are carried at the high subsonic Mach numbers. As shown in Figs. 41 and 45, with parametric-shape stores on the left and right wings, changing the store-base geometry or adding store lifting surfaces did not affect the aircraft stability characteristics. With both wings loaded with the parametric-shape store, the most outboard carriage position (F419) produced the most favorable stability characteristics at subsonic Mach numbers as shown in Fig. 49. Increasing the number of parametric-shape stores carried on the wings reduced the aircraft stability as illustrated in Fig. 53.

The addition of stores produced large increases in drag coefficient at all Mach numbers, for all configurations, as seen in Figs. 34, 38, 42, 46, 50, and 54.

The incremental drag (produced by changing the base geometry of the parametric-shape stores) for stores carried on both wings is small. It is greatest for the ogive-shaped base (F405) and least for the blunt-shaped base (F407) as shown in Figs. 42 and 43.

The changes in incremental drag, produced by the addition of lifting surfaces to the blunt-base parametric-shape store, were almost as great as the increase produced by the addition of the store at subsonic Mach numbers as shown in Fig. 43 (configuration F407) and in Fig. 47 (all store configurations). With both wings loaded, the most inboard carriage position (F411) produced the most favorable drag characteristics as shown in Figs. 50 and 51. As shown in Fig. 54, comparison of the results for the parametric stores loaded on one wing (F420) and on two wings (F419) shows that the incremental drag coefficient was generally proportional to the increase in aircraft frontal area.

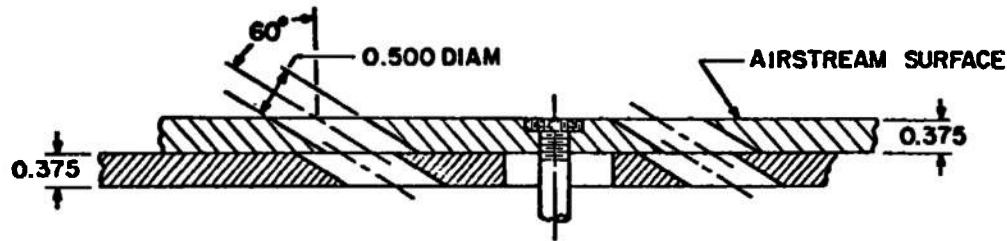
SECTION V CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of the test to determine the longitudinal static stability and drag characteristics of A-7D and F-4E aircraft with various external store configurations, the following conclusions are made:

1. The addition of stores degrades the stability and drag characteristics of both the A-7D and F-4E aircraft.
2. With stores carried on both wings of an aircraft, movement of the carriage position from the inboard to outboard stations decreases the stability of the A-7D and increases the stability of the F-4E.
3. The incremental drag coefficient increase is generally proportional to the incremental increase in aircraft frontal area when similar stores are added to either the A-7D or F-4E aircraft.
4. With both wings of the aircraft loaded with similar stores, the most inboard carriage position produces the most favorable drag characteristics for the F-4E aircraft and the least favorable drag characteristics for the A-7D aircraft.
5. The increase in incremental drag coefficient, produced by the addition of lifting surfaces to the store, is almost as large as the increase in drag coefficient produced by the addition of the store for the F-4E aircraft at subsonic speeds.

APPENDIXES

- I. ILLUSTRATIONS**
- II. TABLES**



TYPICAL PERFORATED WALL CROSS SECTION

ALL DIMENSIONS AND TUNNEL STATIONS IN INCHES

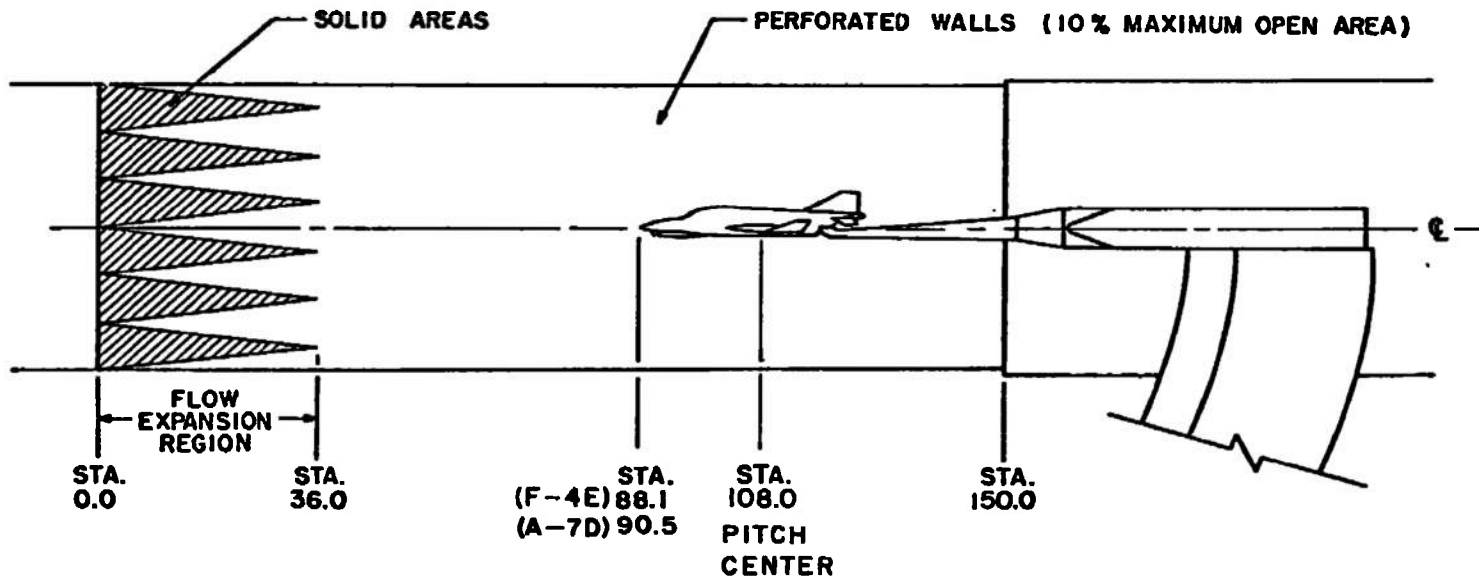
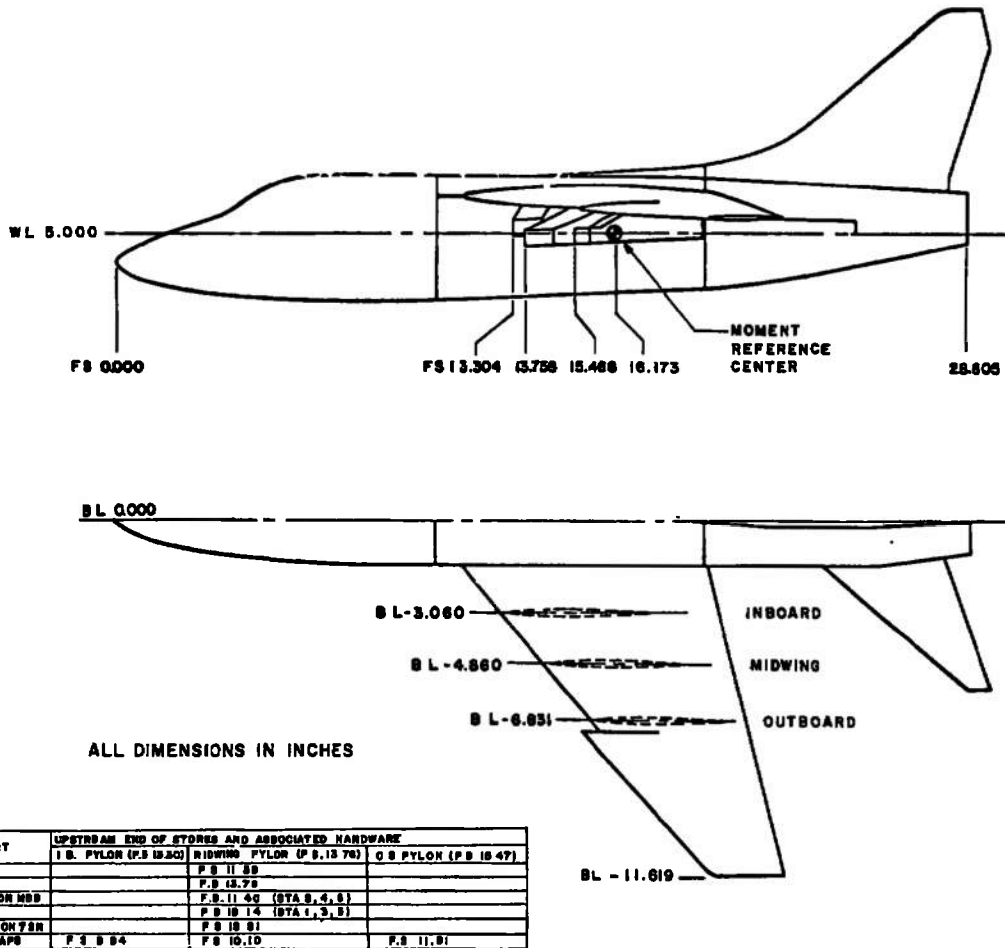
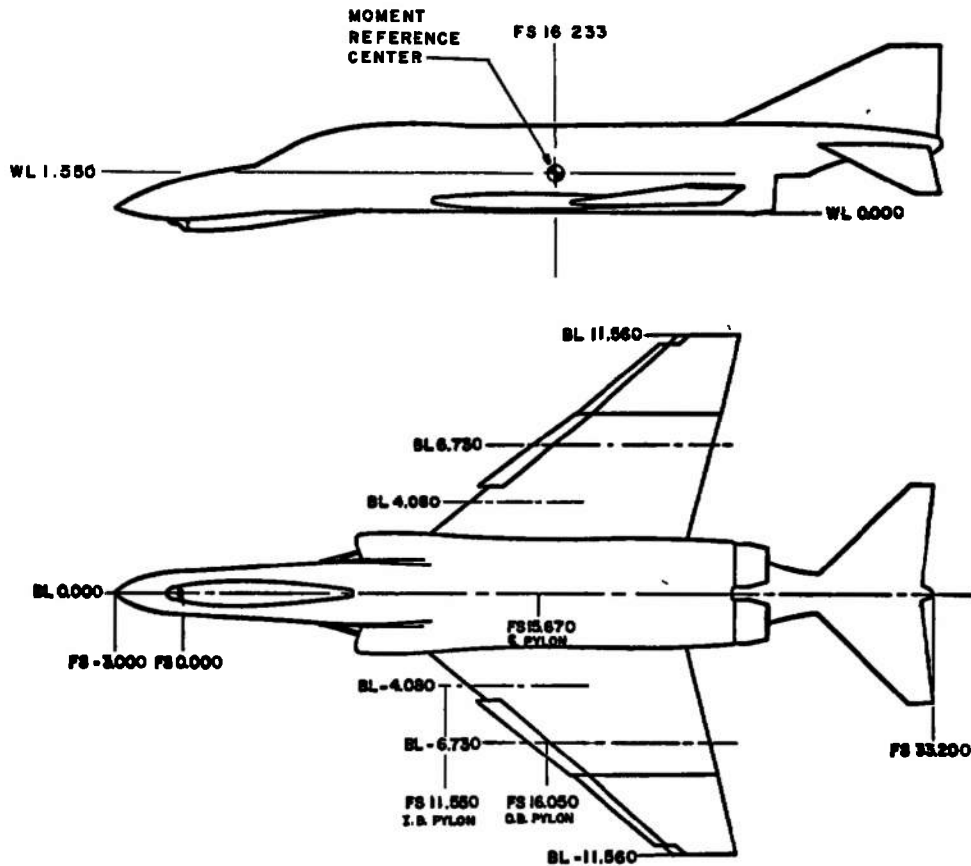


Fig. 1 Schematic of the Tunnel Test Section Showing Model Location



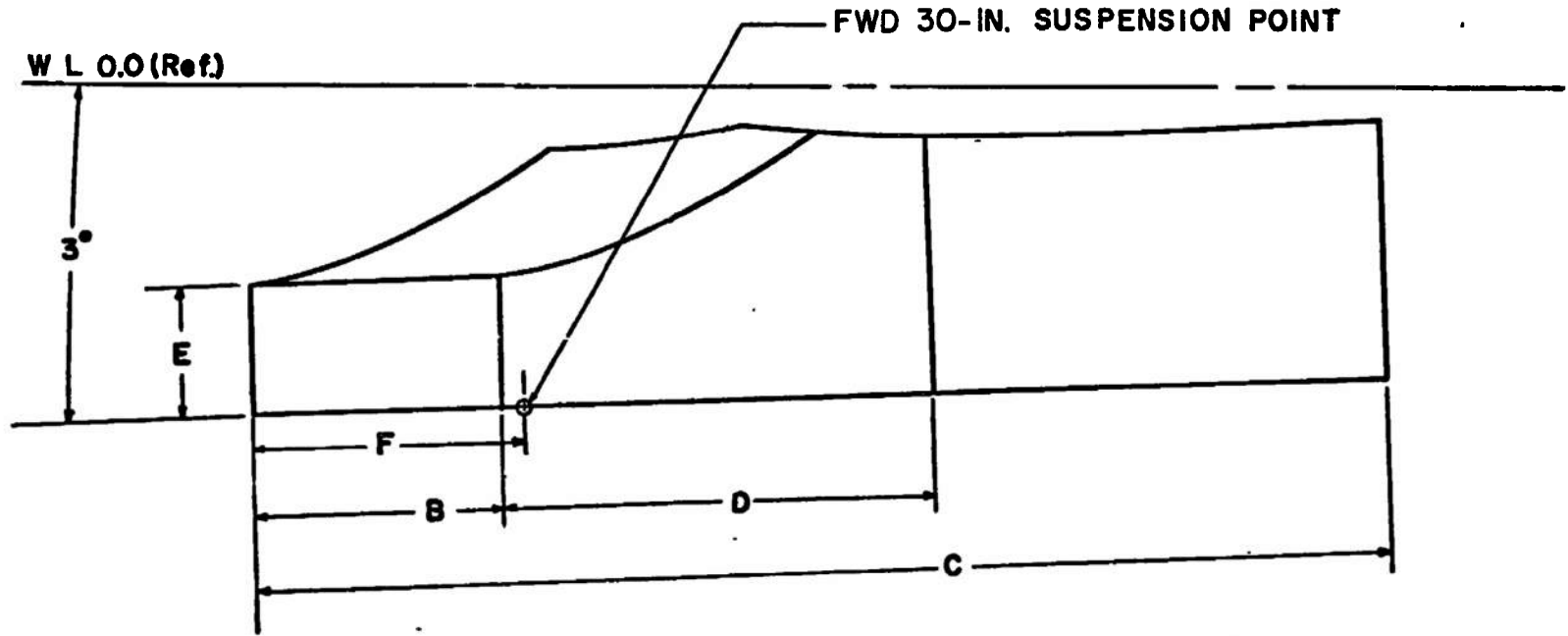
a. A-7D Model
 Fig. 2 Sketch of the Aircraft Models



PART	UPSTREAM END OF STORES AND ASSOCIATED HARDWARE		
	I. PYLON (FS 16.57)	I.B. PYLON (FS 11.56)	O.B. PYLON (FS 16.05)
TER	-	FS 11.51	-
WER	FS 12.51	-	-
WRE ON YER	-	FS 11.57	-
370 GAL TANK	-	-	FS 15.88
M77 BOMB ON TER	-	FS 11.88	-
PARN SHAPE	-	FS 7.82	FS 15.40

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

b. F-4E Model
Fig. 2 Concluded

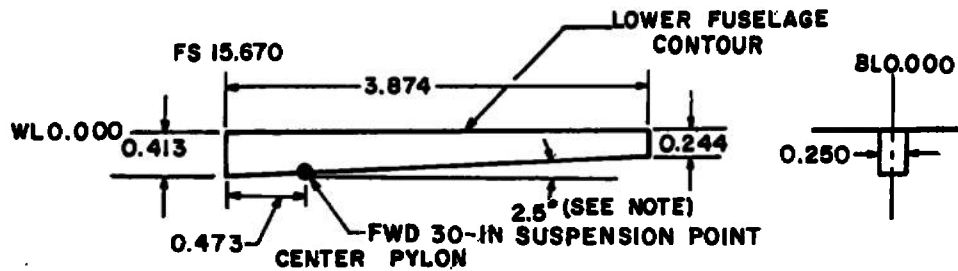
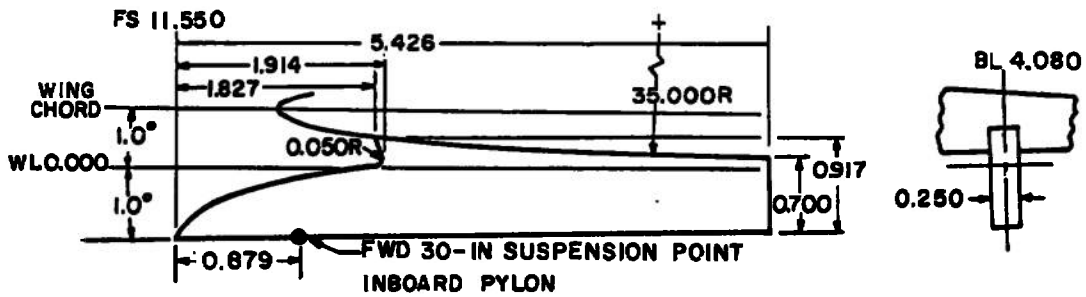
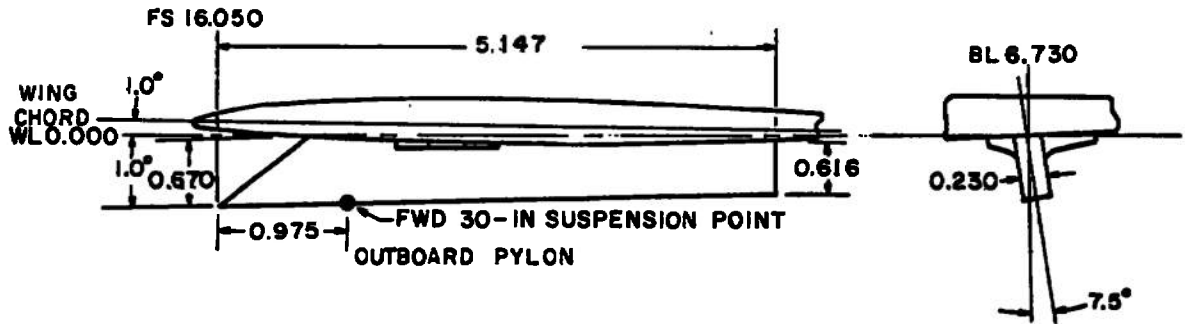


ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

	INBOARD	CENTER	OUTBOARD
B	1.030	1.030	0.515
C	4.580	4.850	4.437
D	1.630	1.905	2.008
E	0.575	0.575	0.513
F	0.950	0.950	0.750

a. A-7D Model

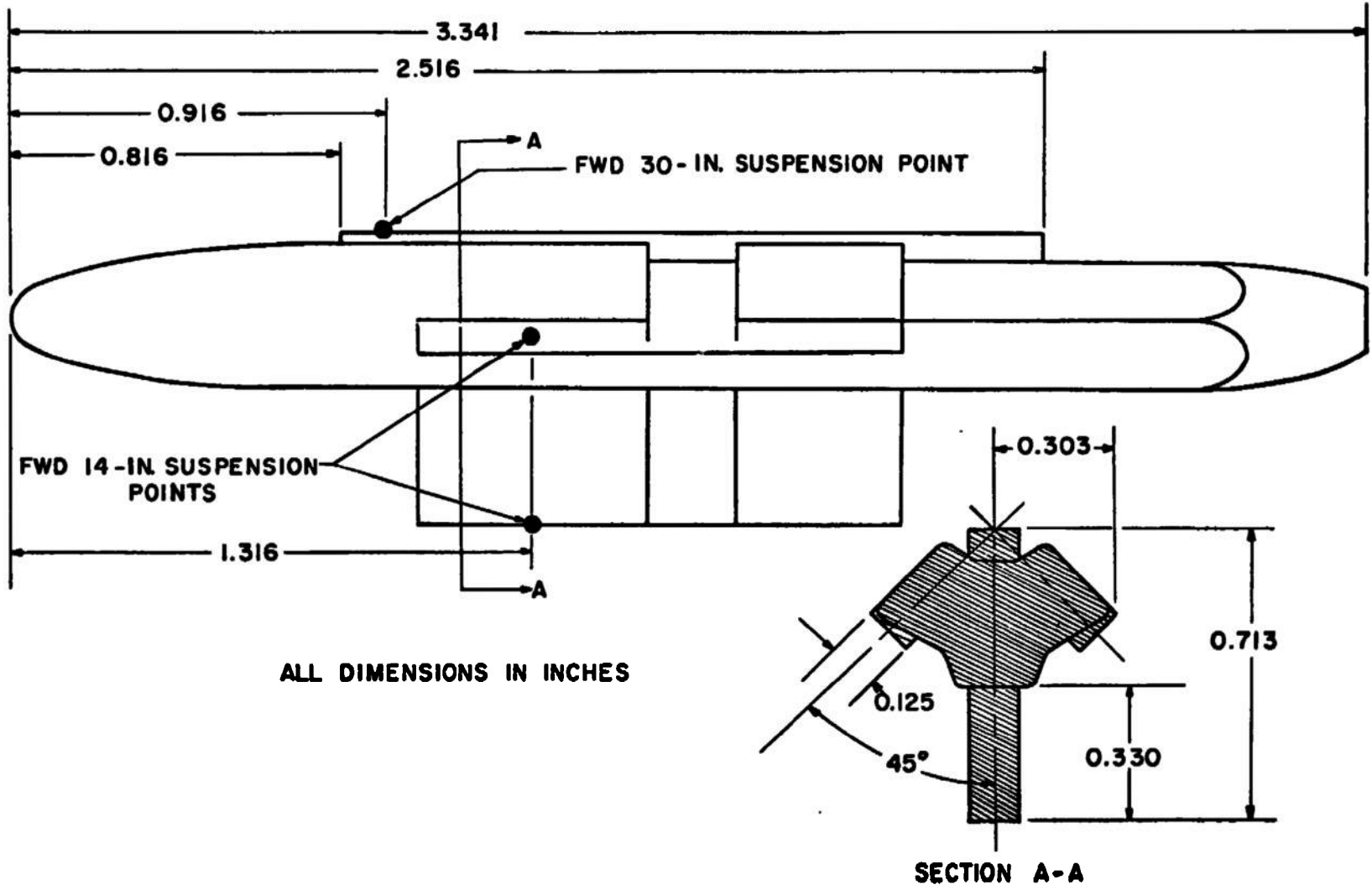
Fig. 3 Details and Dimensions of the Aircraft Model Pylons



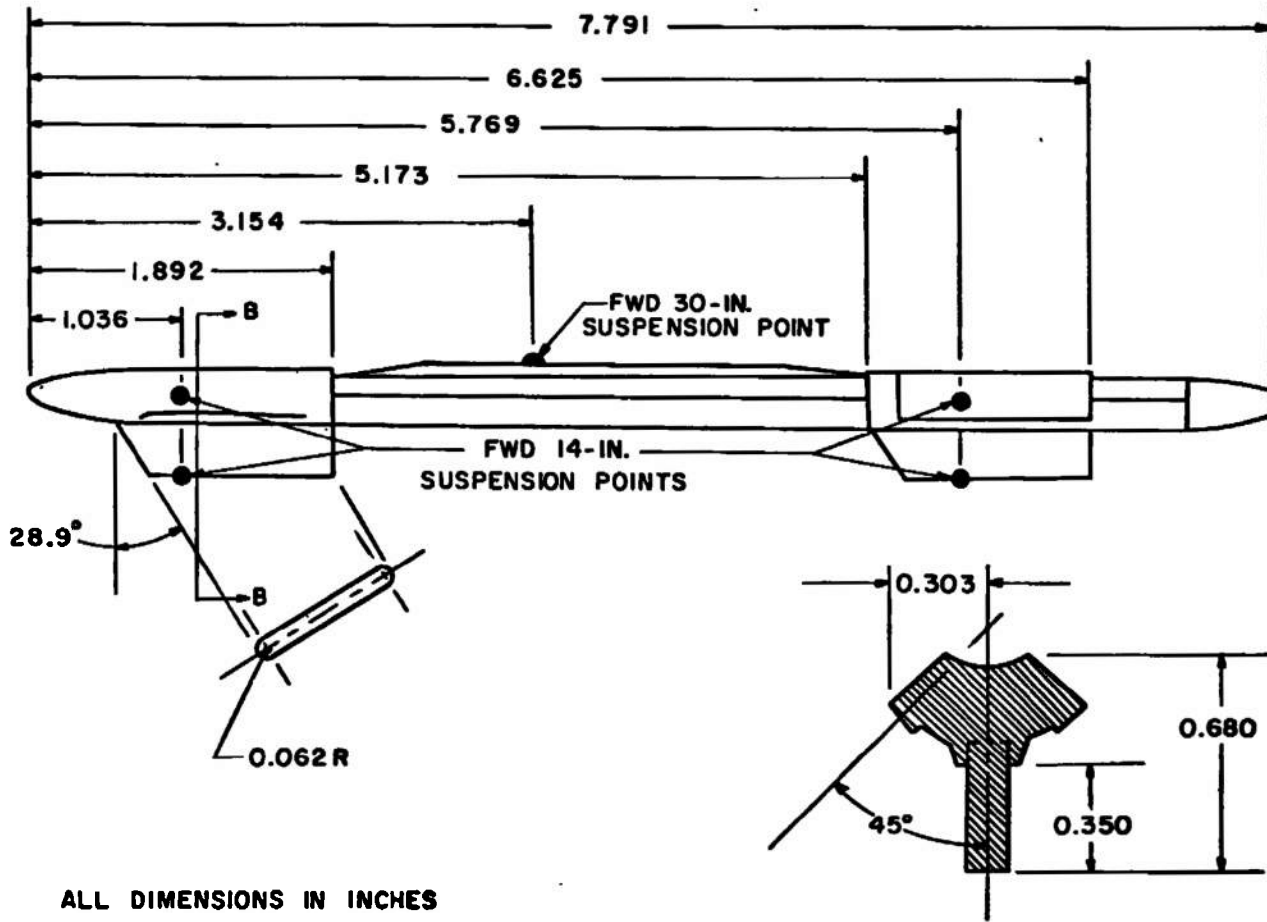
NOTE: MULTIPLE EJECTION RACK (MER)
MOUNTED AT -1° ANGLE OF
INCIDENCE WITH RESPECT
TO WL 0.000

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

b. F-4E Model
Fig. 3 Concluded

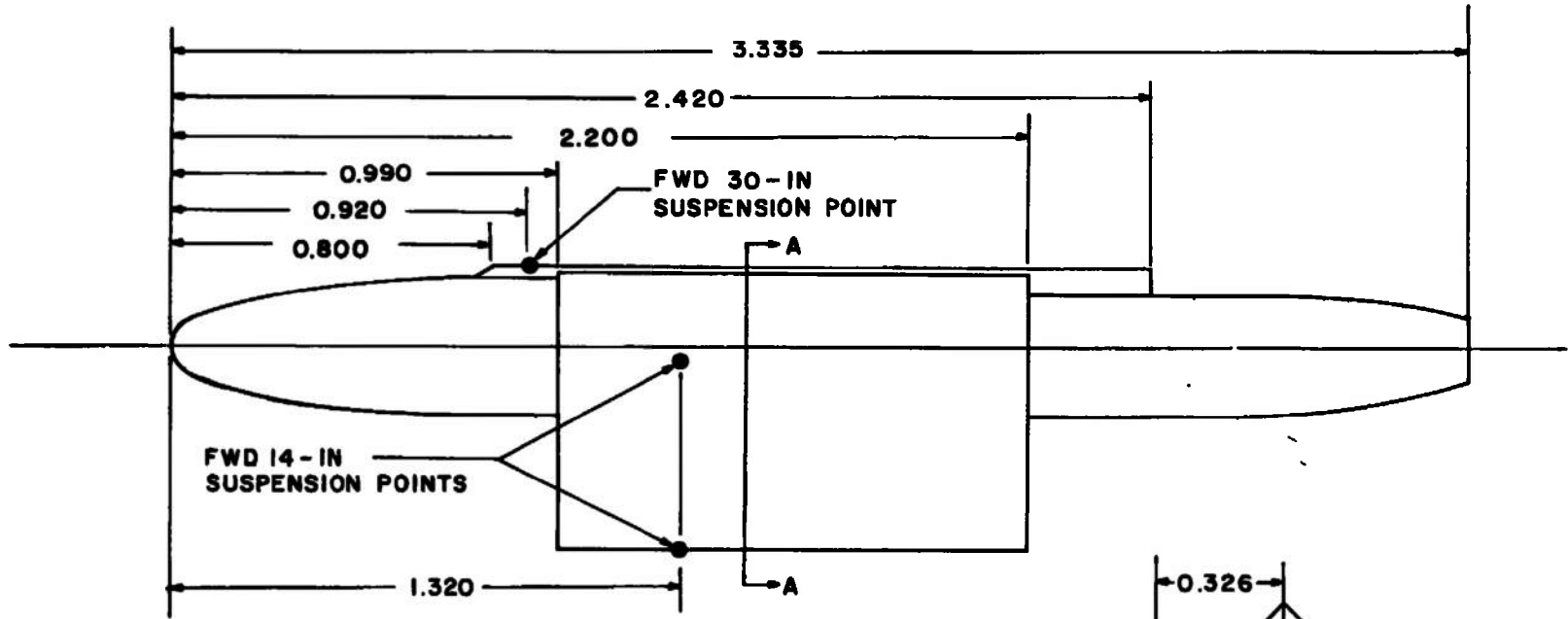


a. A-7D Model TER
Fig. 4 Details and Dimensions of the Aircraft TER and MER Models

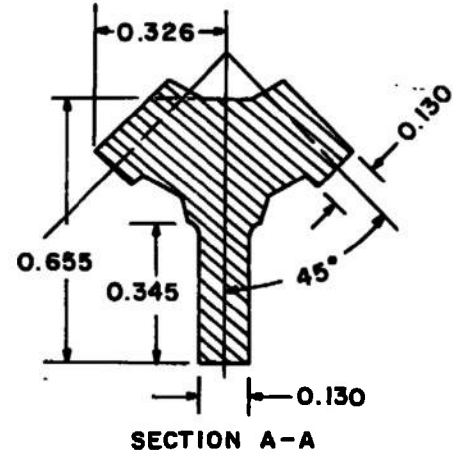


ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

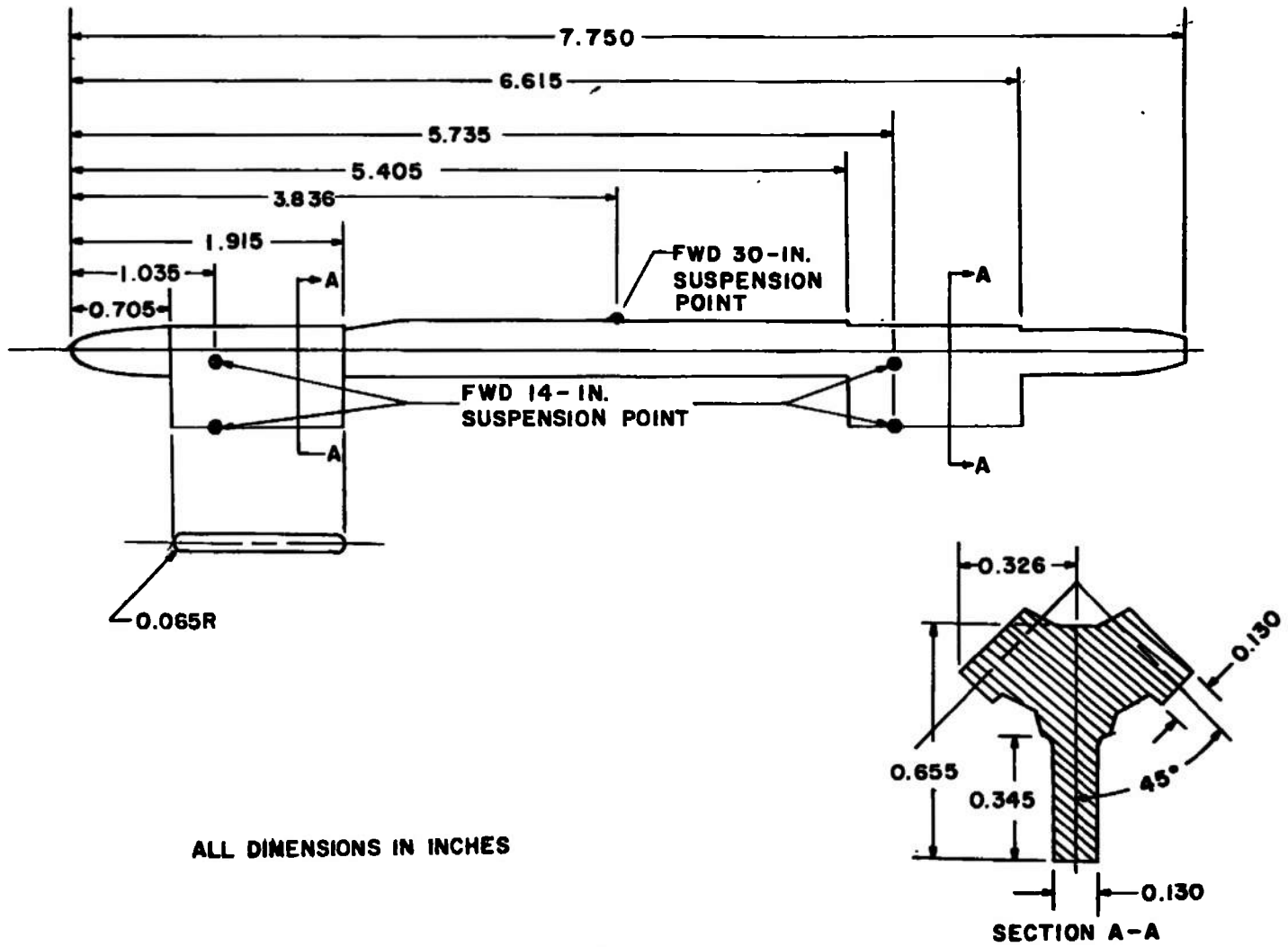
b. A-7D Model MER
Fig. 4 Continued



ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

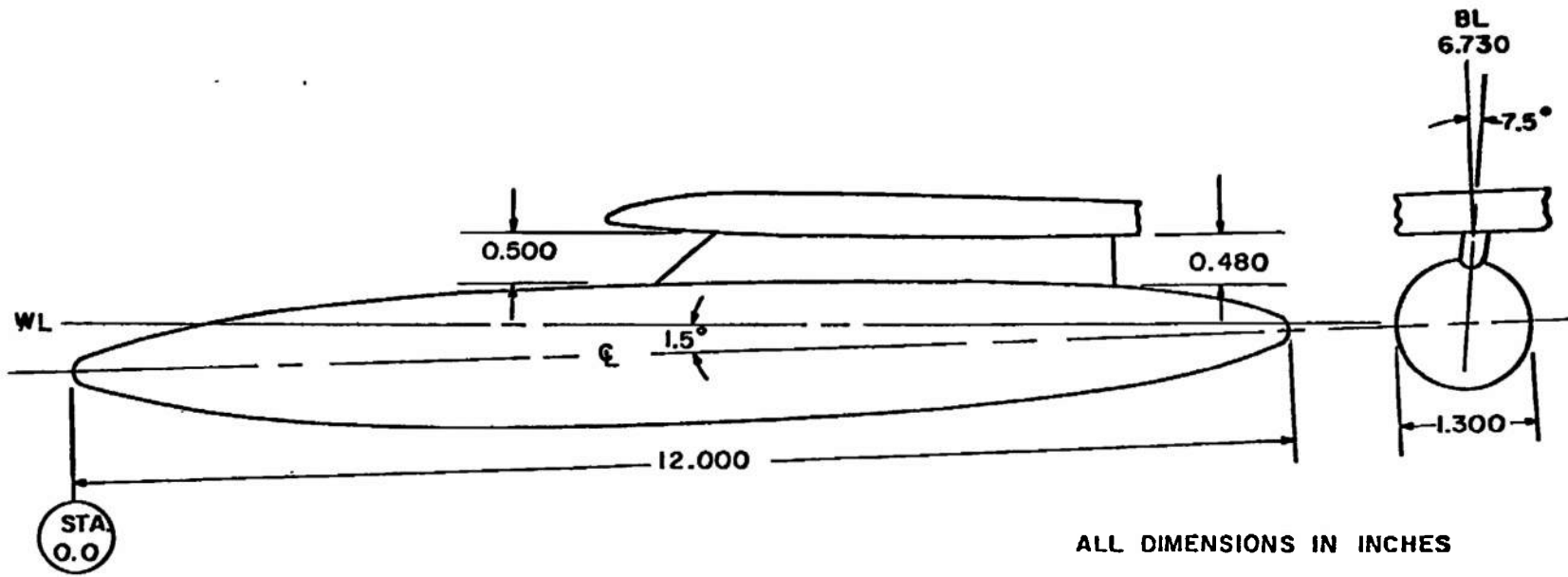


c. F-4E Model TER
Fig. 4 Continued



ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

d. F-4E Model MER
Fig. 4 Concluded



ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

BODY CONTOUR, TYPICAL BOTH ENDS

STATION	BODY DIAM	STATION	BODY DIAM
0.000	0.000	2.500	1.116
0.025	0.100	2.750	1.156
0.050	0.144	3.000	1.190
0.150	0.258	3.250	1.218
0.250	0.340	3.500	1.242
0.500	0.498	3.750	1.260
0.750	0.622	4.000	1.274
1.000	0.724	4.250	1.286
1.250	0.812	4.500	1.294
1.500	0.890	4.750	1.298
1.750	0.958	5.000	1.300
2.000	1.016	6.000	1.300
2.250	1.070		

Fig. 5 Details and Dimensions of the 370-gal Fuel Tank Model on the Outboard F-4E Pylon

STA.	DIAM
0.000	0.150
0.210	0.150
0.212	0.231
0.312	0.282
0.412	0.322
0.512	0.361
0.612	0.391
0.712	0.421
0.812	0.445
0.912	0.465
1.012	0.483
1.112	0.497
1.212	0.510
1.312	0.520
1.412	0.525
1.512	0.530
1.612	0.532
1.712	0.533
1.812	0.535
1.912	0.537
2.312	0.537
2.412	0.535
2.512	0.525
2.612	0.520
2.712	0.510
2.812	0.497
2.912	0.483
3.012	0.465
3.173	0.438

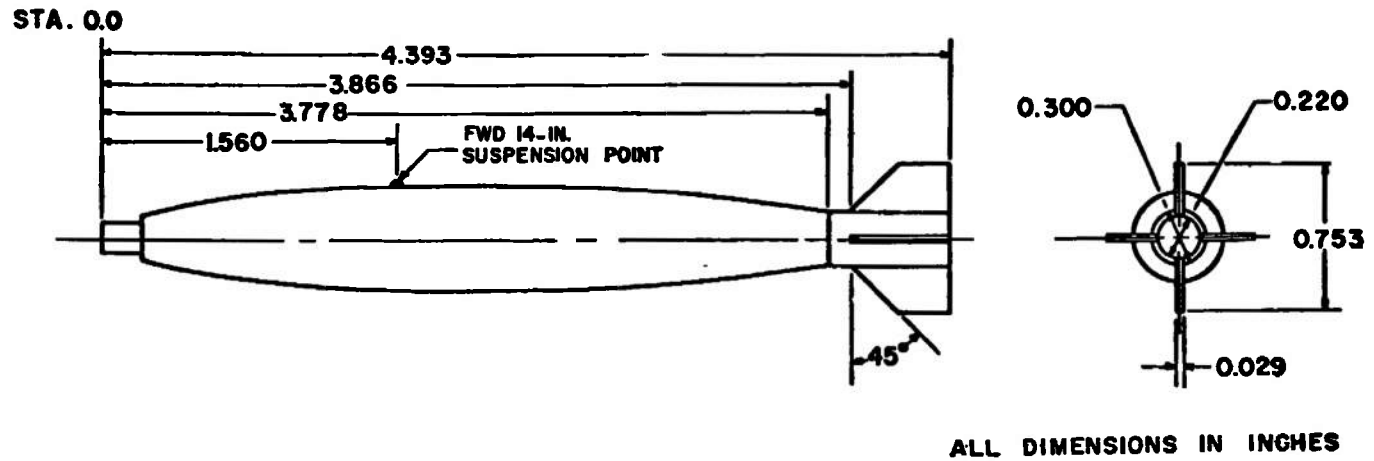


Fig. 6 Details and Dimensions of the MK-82 Bomb Model

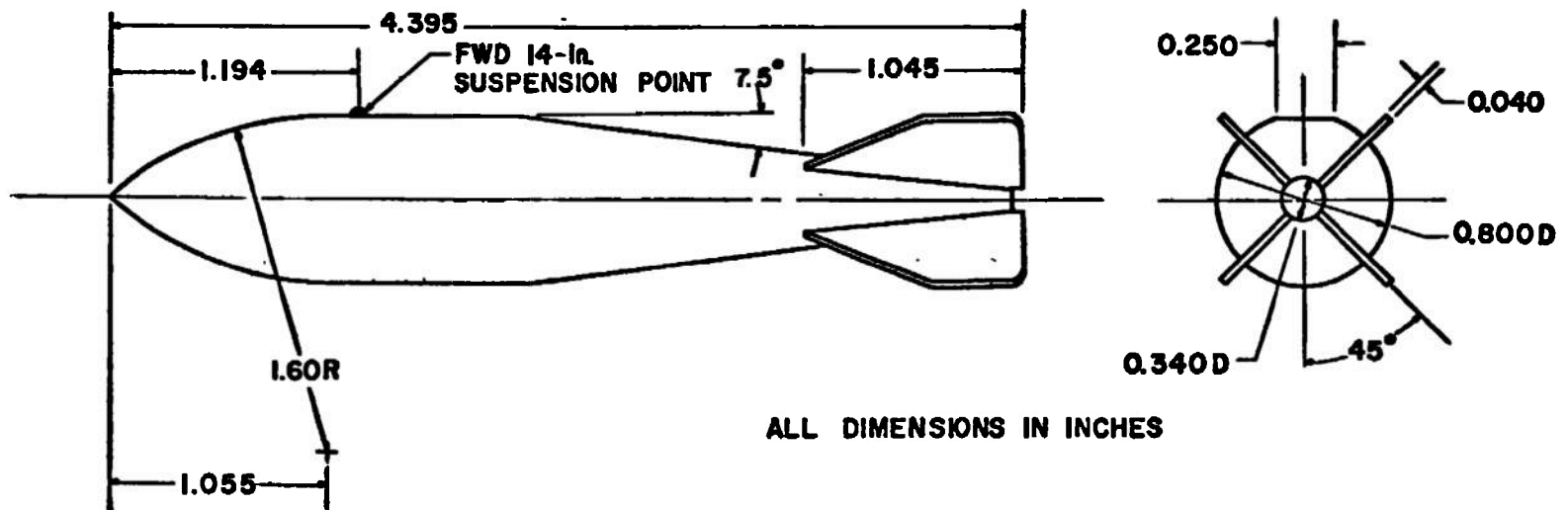
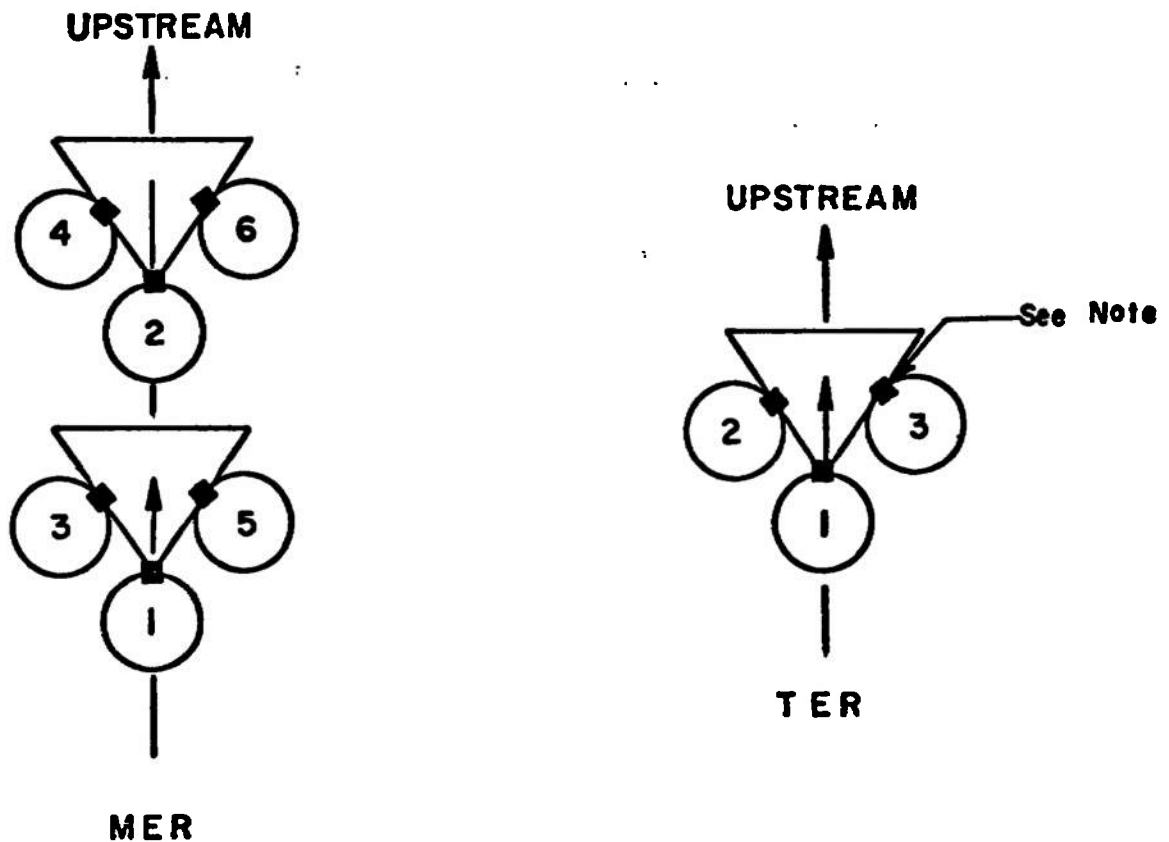


Fig. 7 Details and Dimensions of the M-117 Bomb Model



NOTE: The square indicates the orientation of the suspension lugs

TYPE RACK	STATION	ROLL ORIENTATION, deg
MER	1	0
	2	0
	3	45
	4	45
	5	-45
	6	-45
TER	1	0
	2	45
	3	-45

Fig. 8 Schematic of the TER and MER Store Stations and Orientation

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

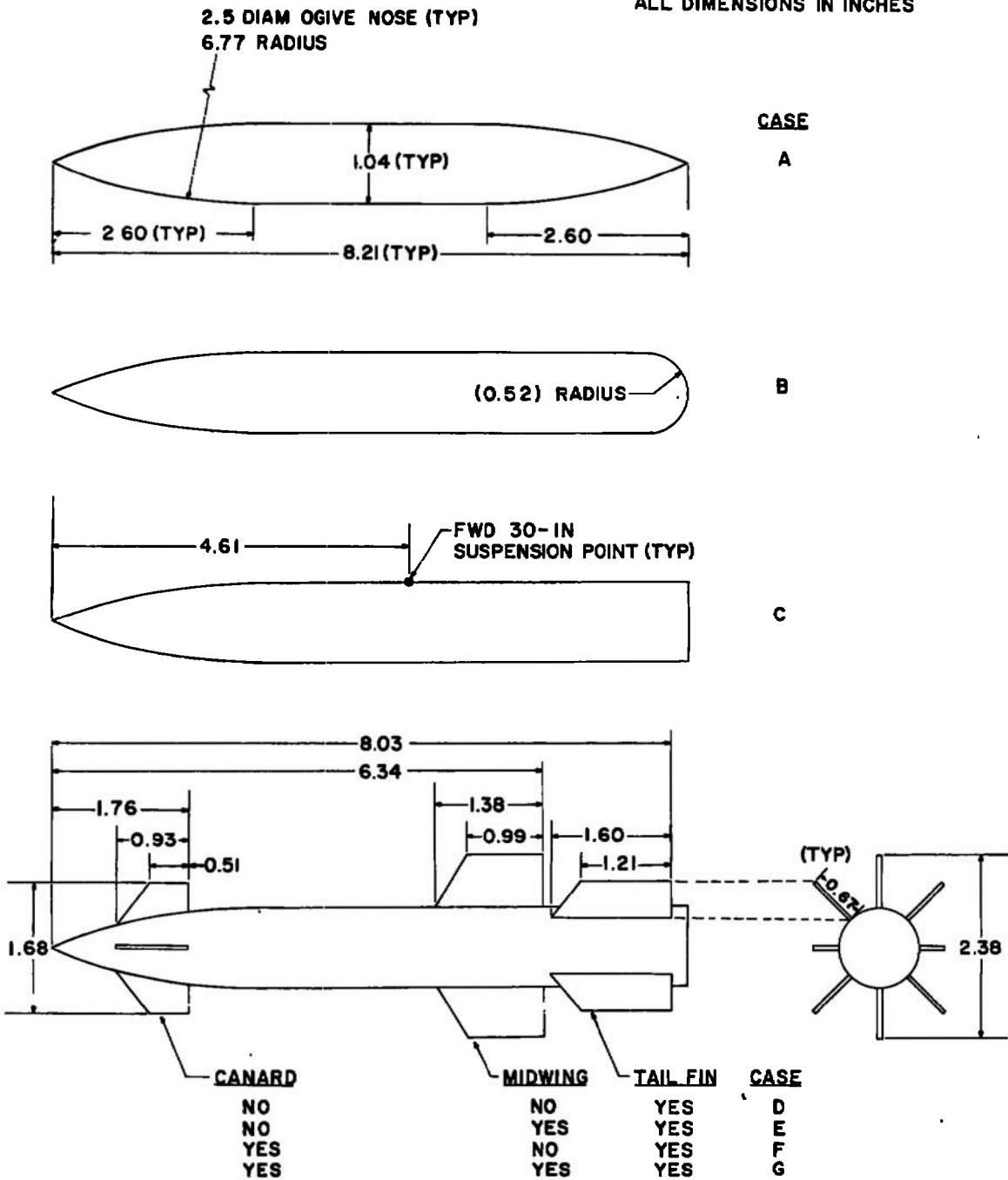
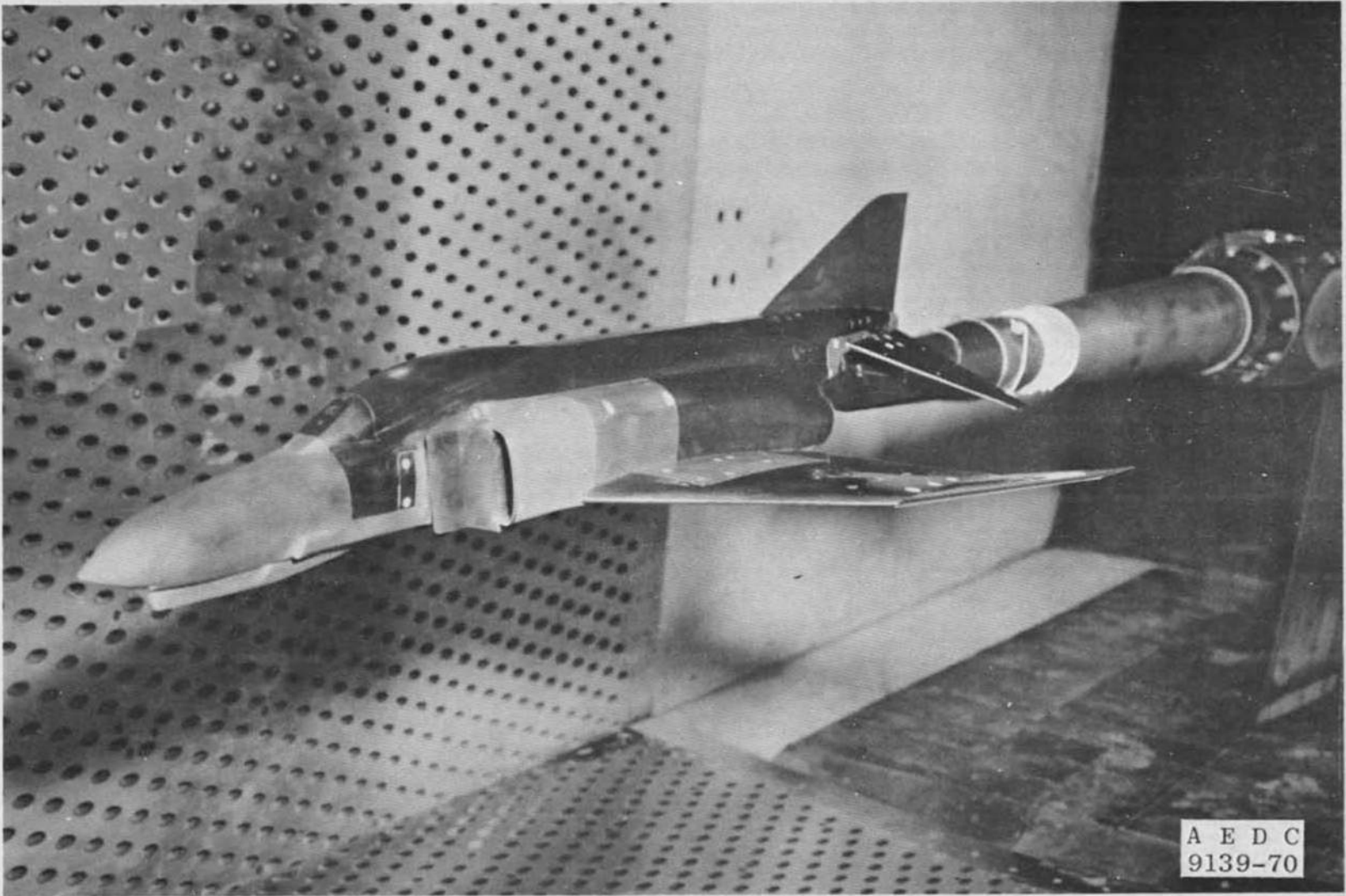
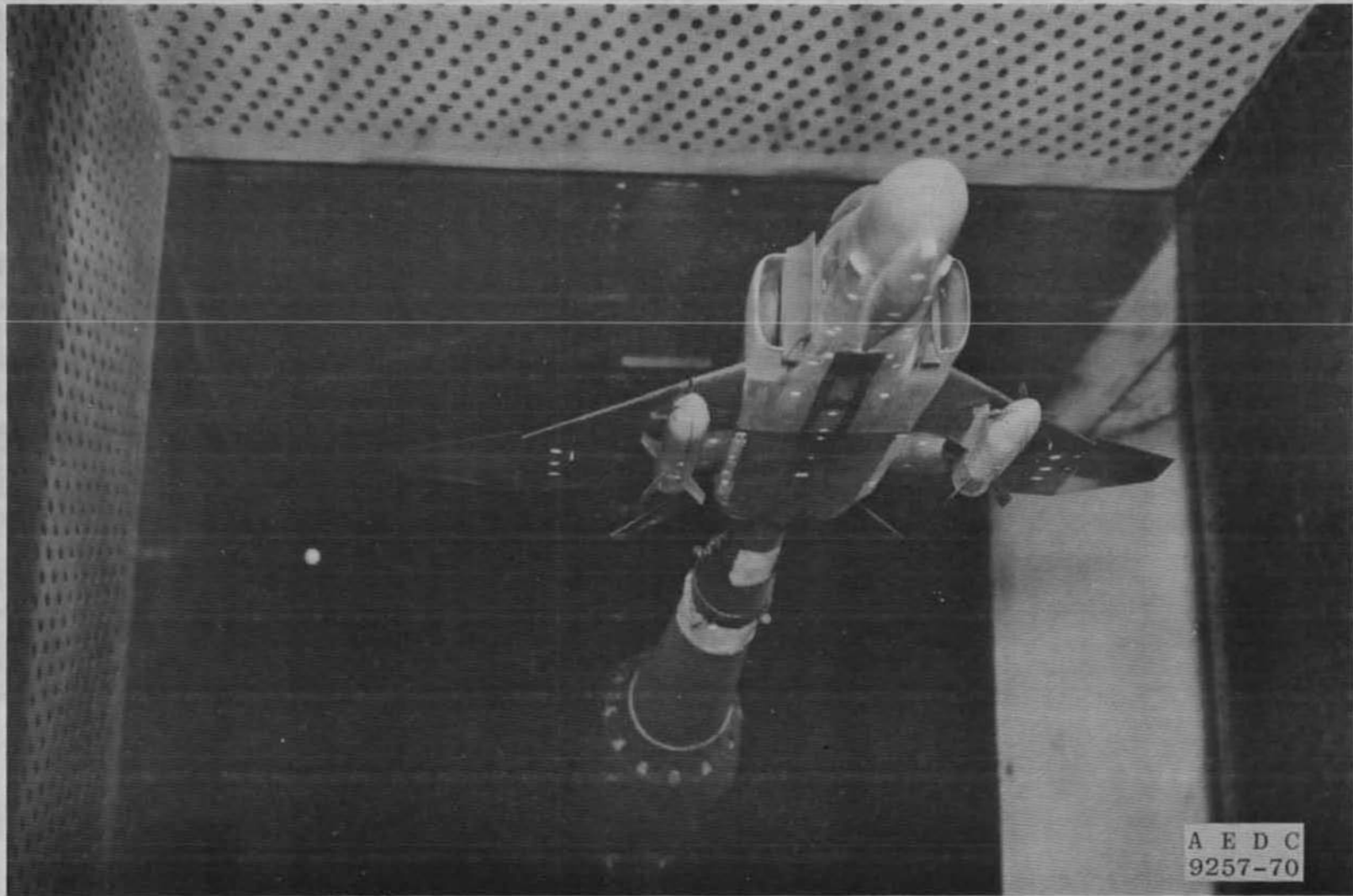


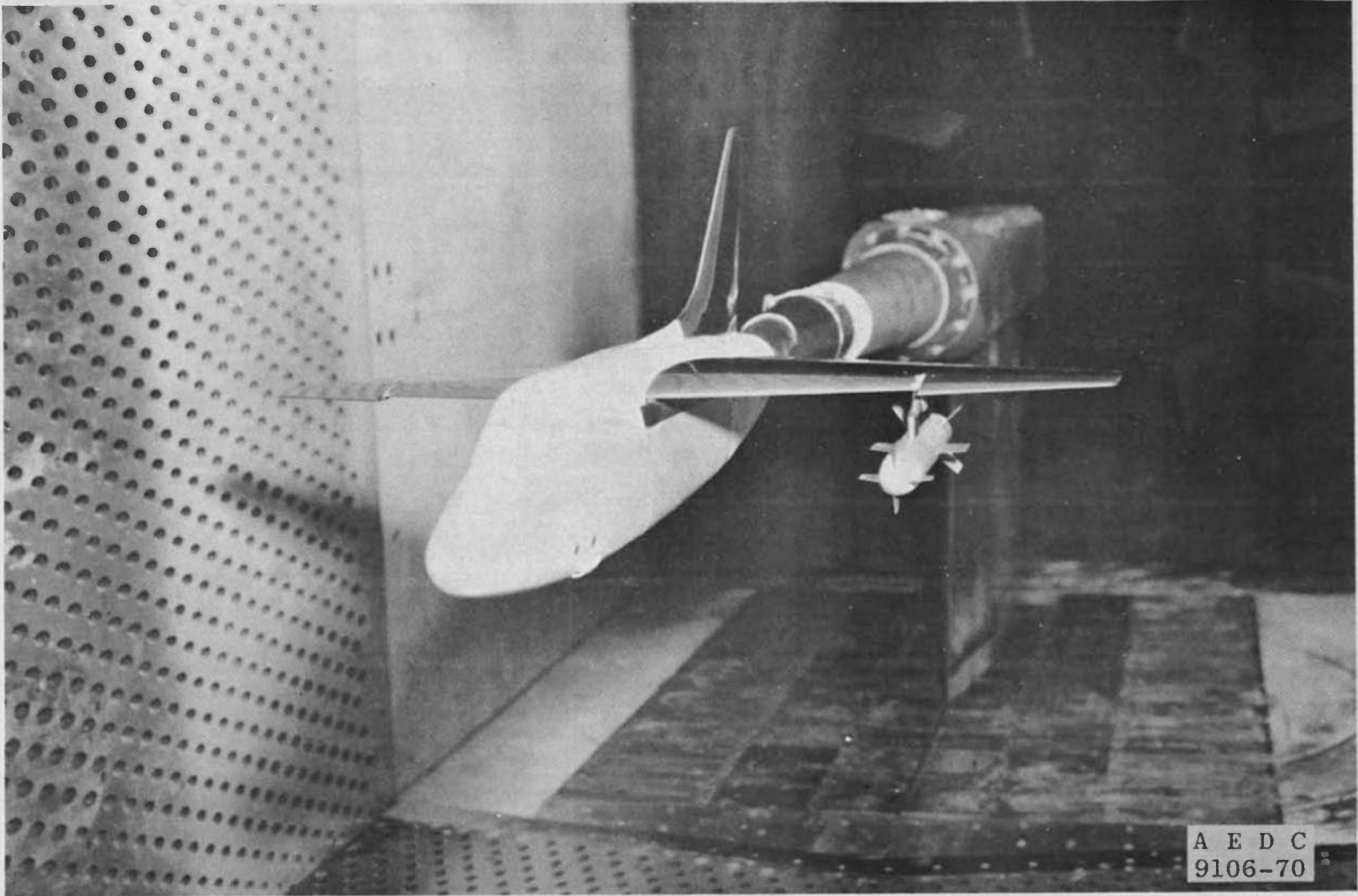
Fig. 9 Details and Dimensions of the Various Parametric Shape Configurations



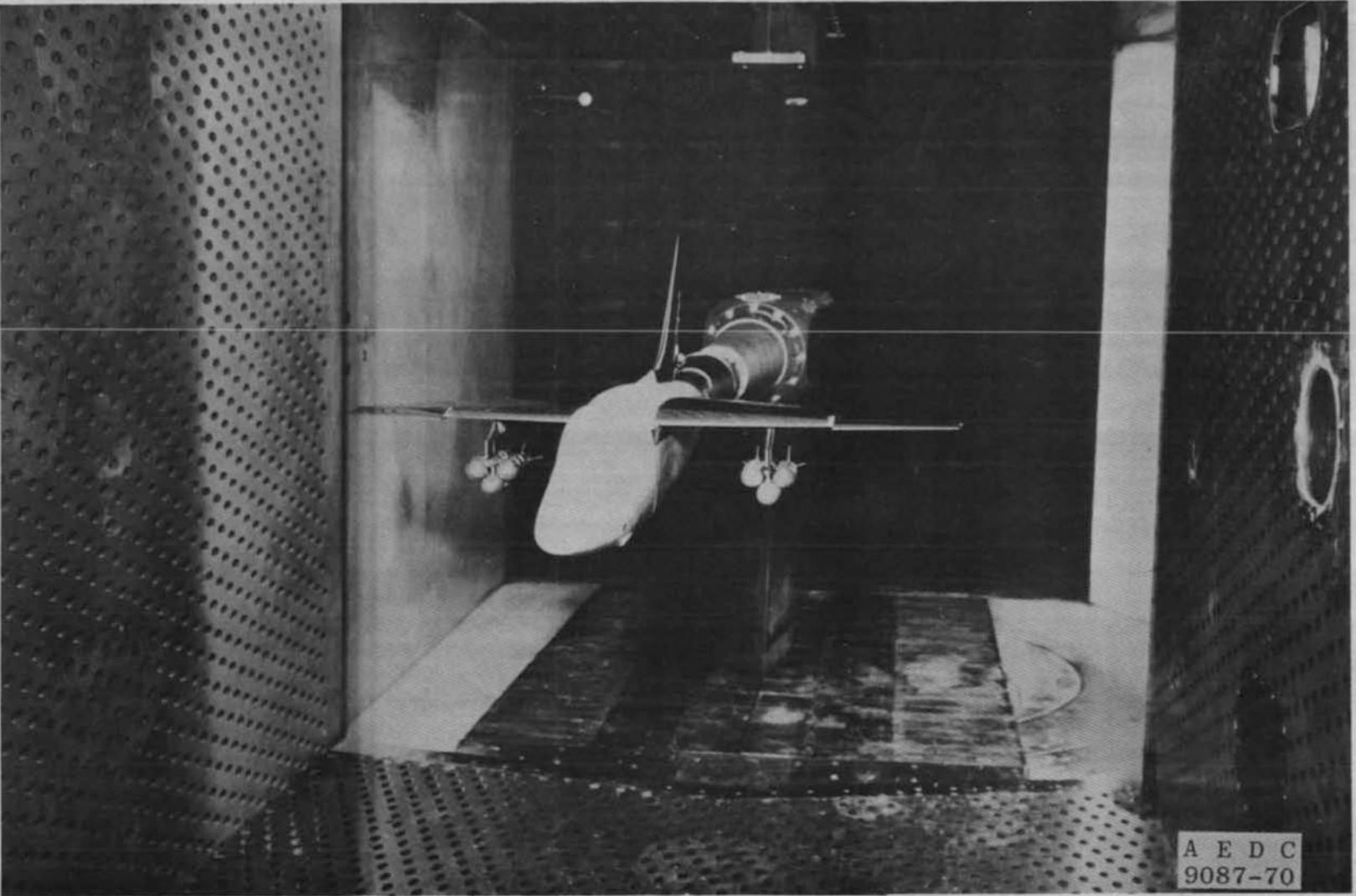
a. Configuration F401
Fig. 10 A-7D and F-4E Models Installed in the Tunnel Test Section



b. Configuration F411
Fig. 10 Continued



c. Configuration A713
Fig. 10 Continued



d. Configuration A704
Fig. 10 Concluded

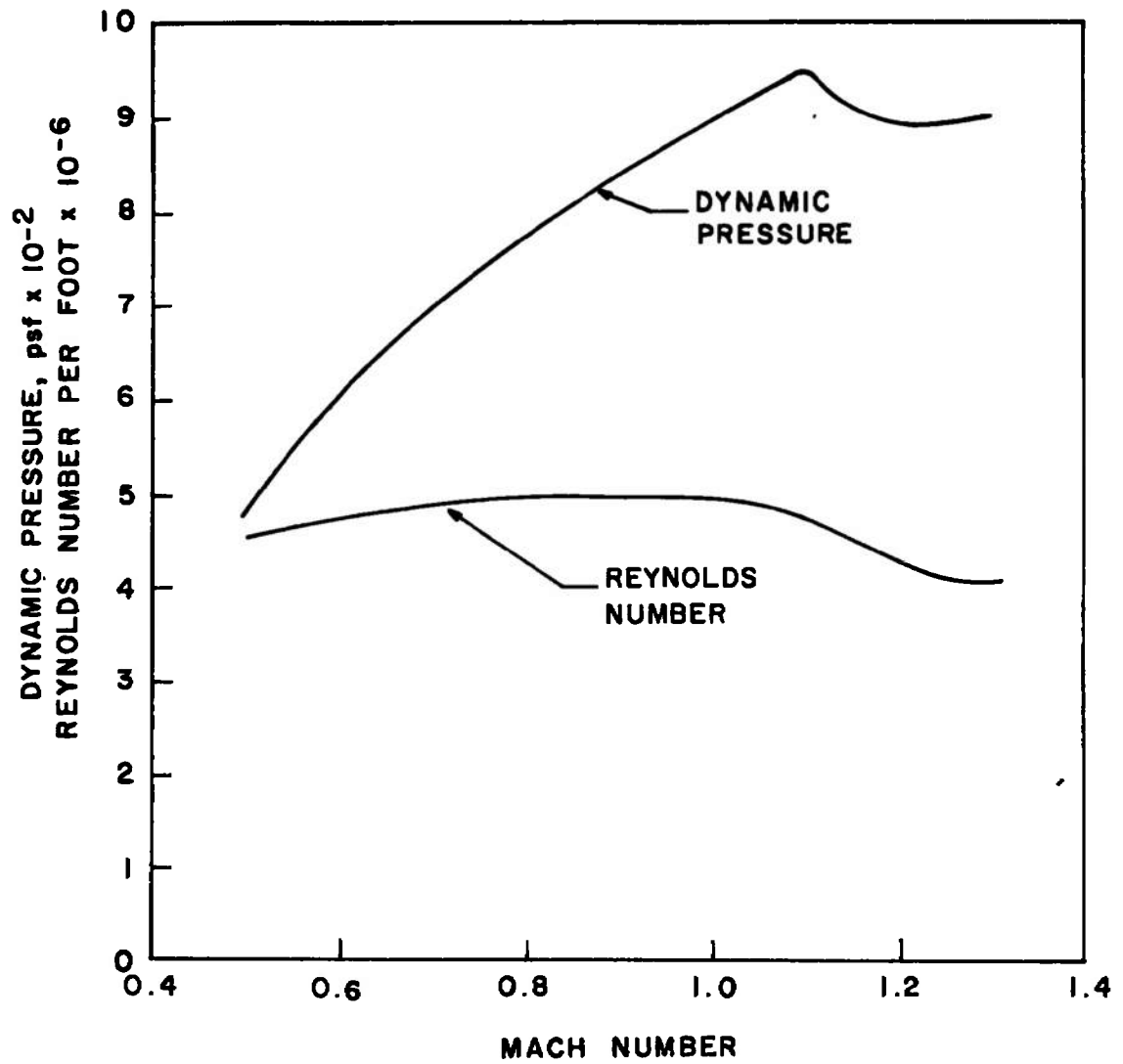
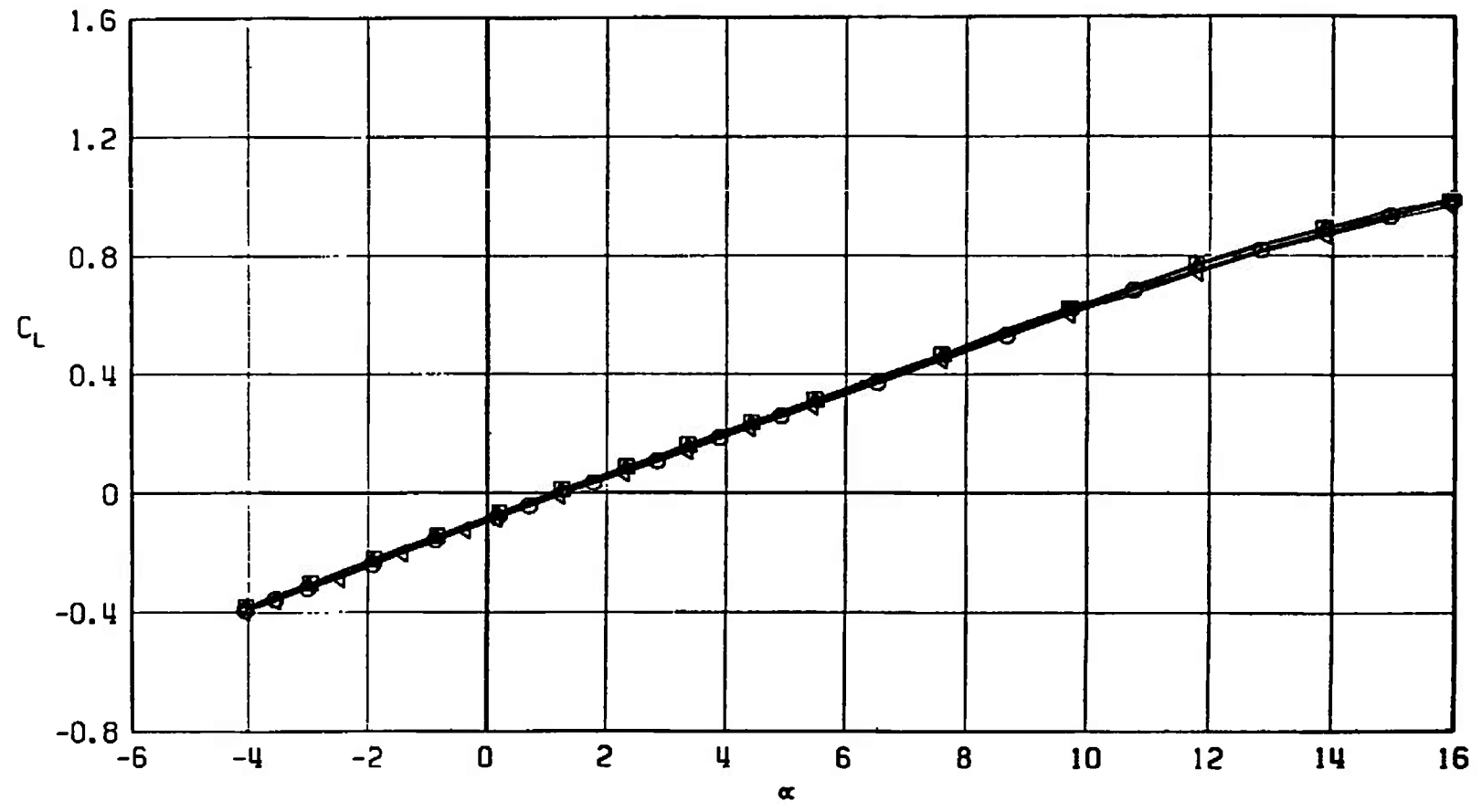


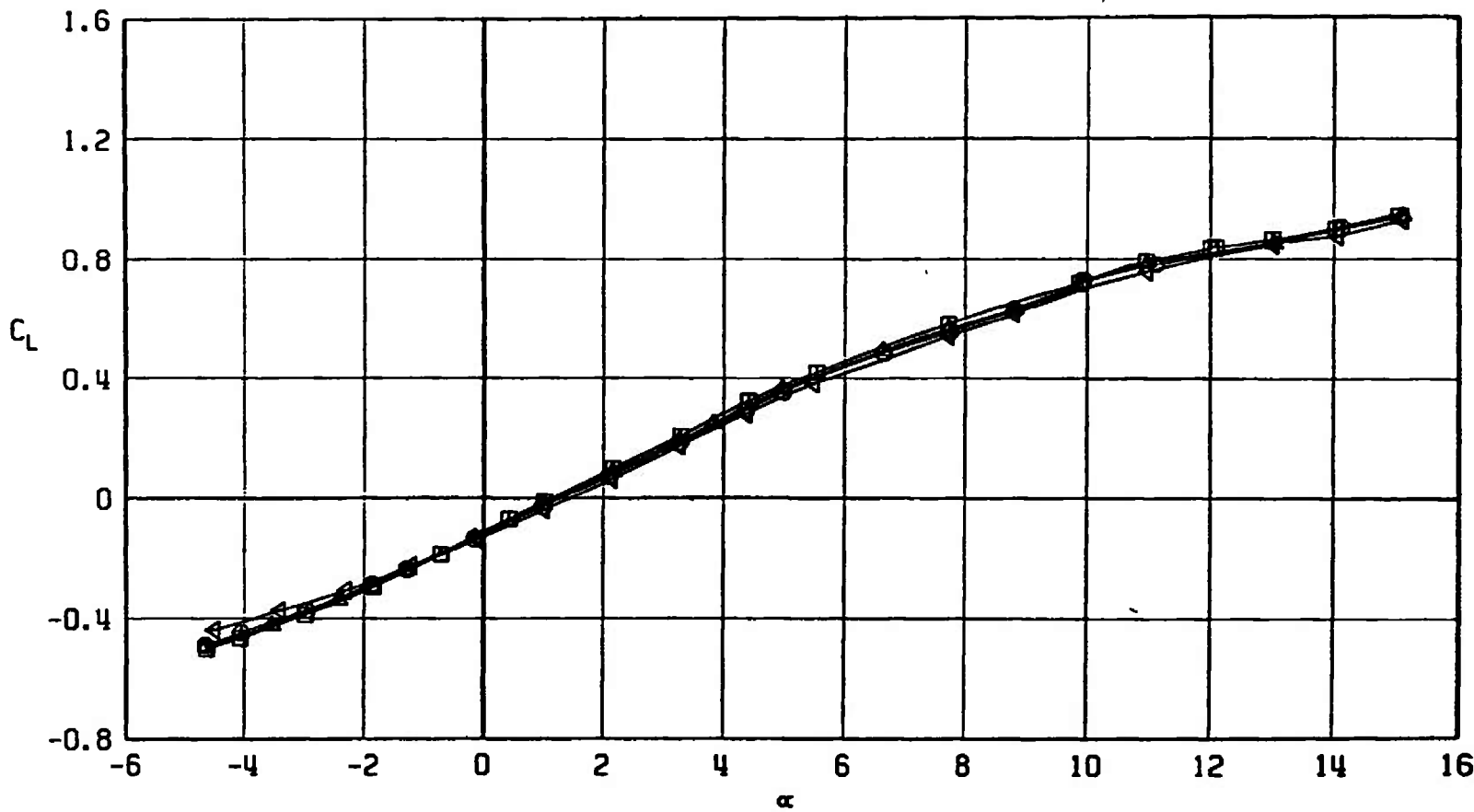
Fig. 11 Variation of Dynamic Pressure and Reynolds Number with Mach Number

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
◄	A704



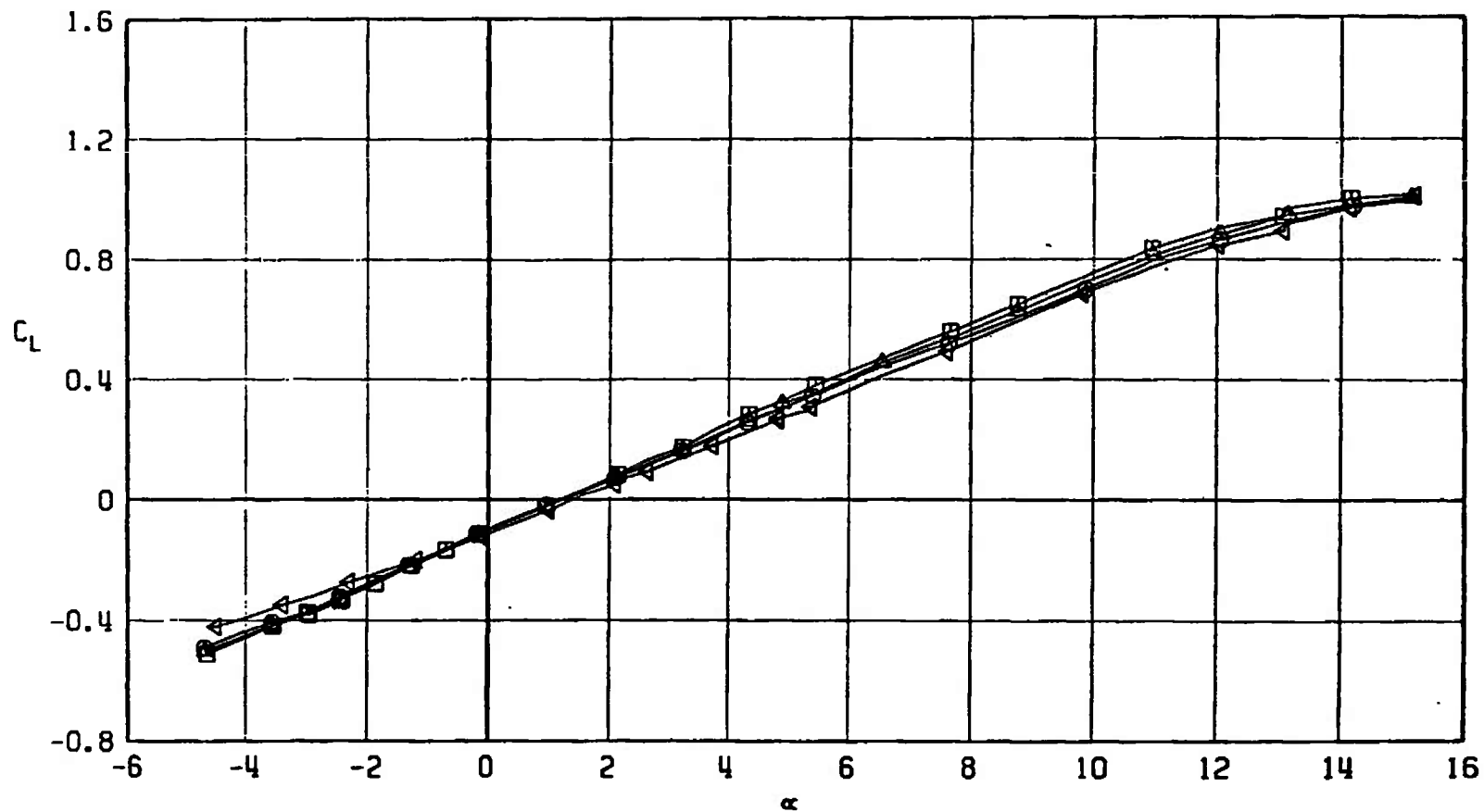
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$
Fig. 12 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations A701, A702, A703, and A704

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
▽	A704



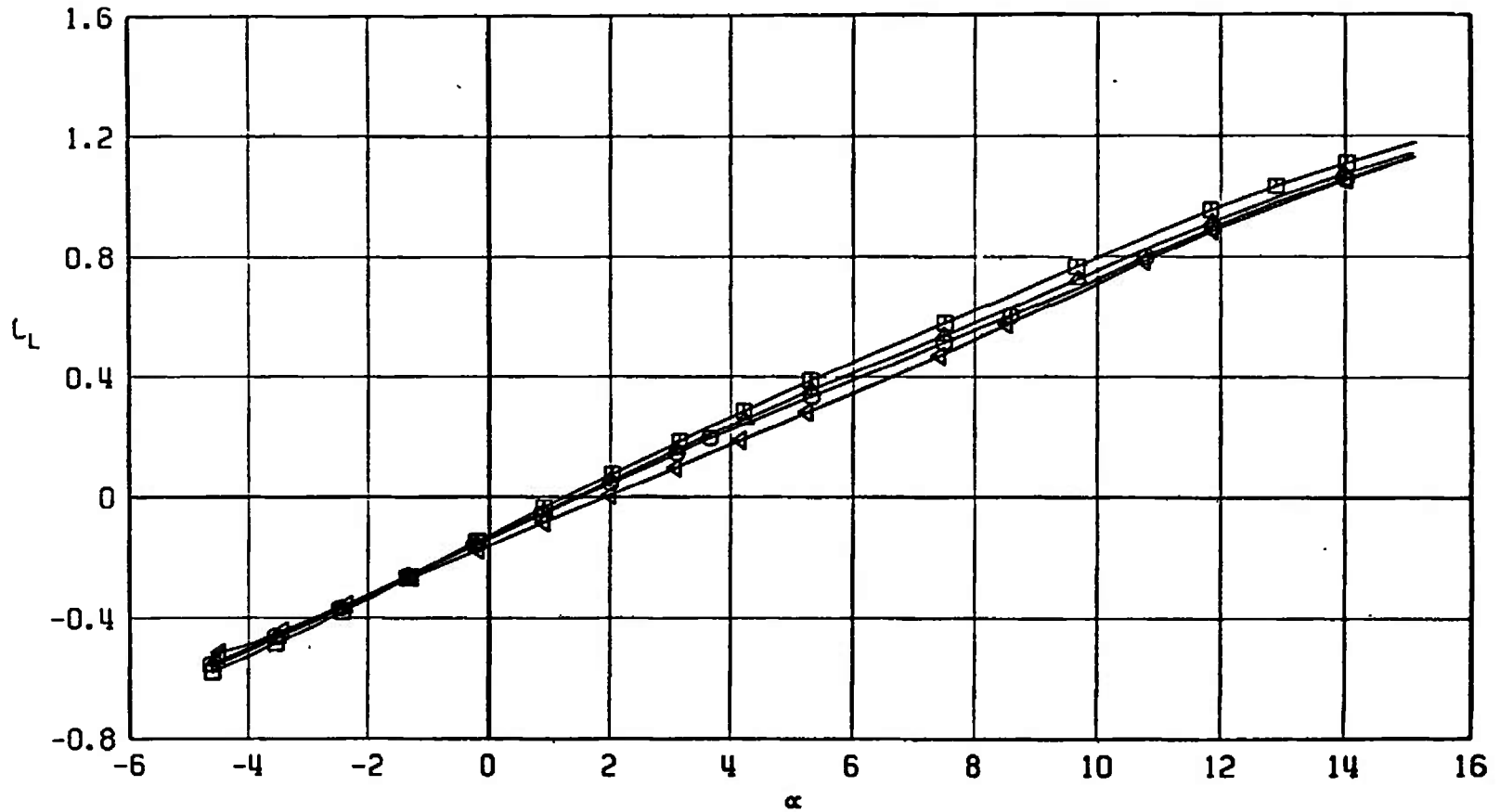
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 12 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
●	A702
▲	A703
△	A704



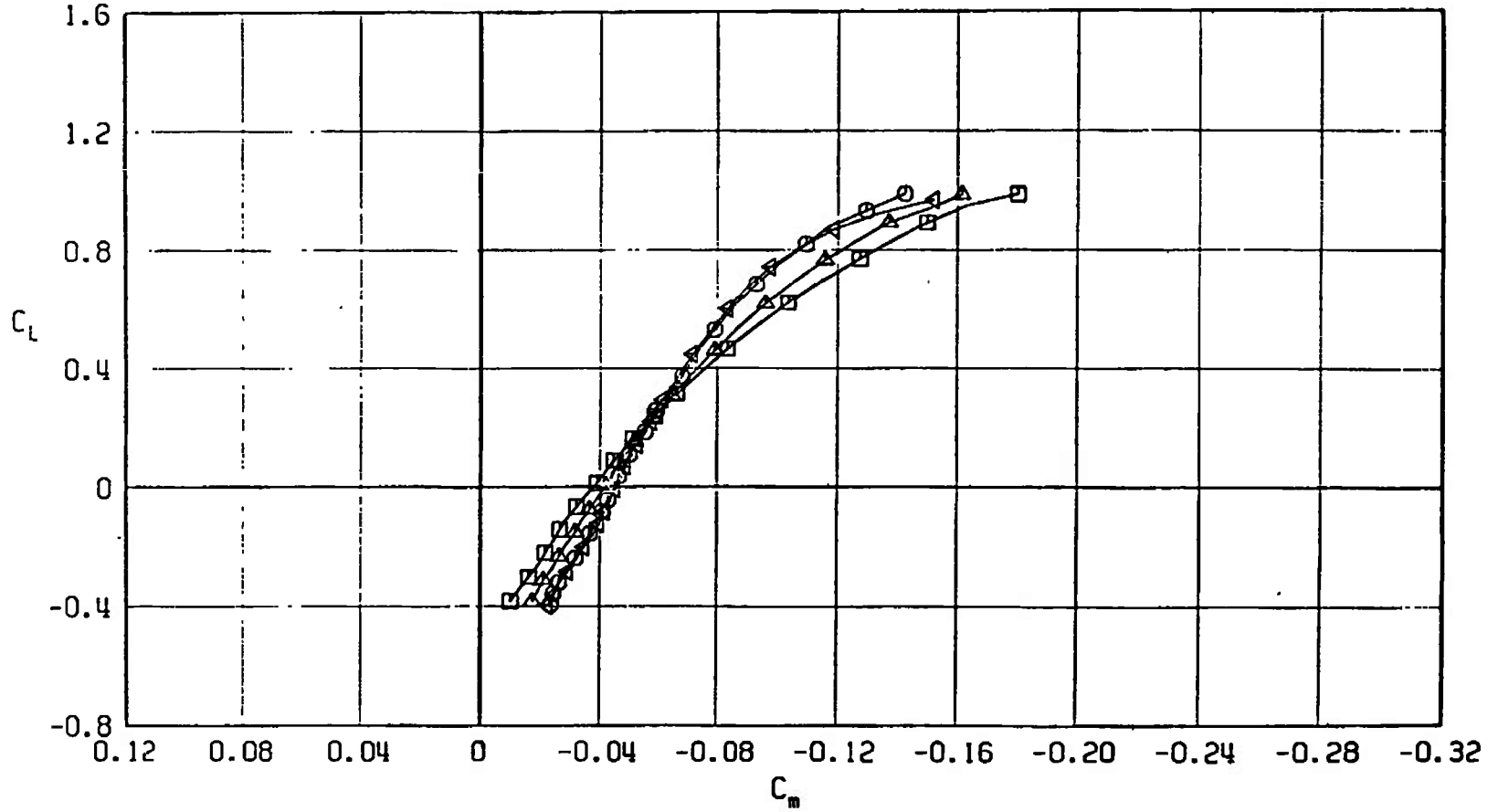
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 12 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
◊	A704



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 12 Concluded

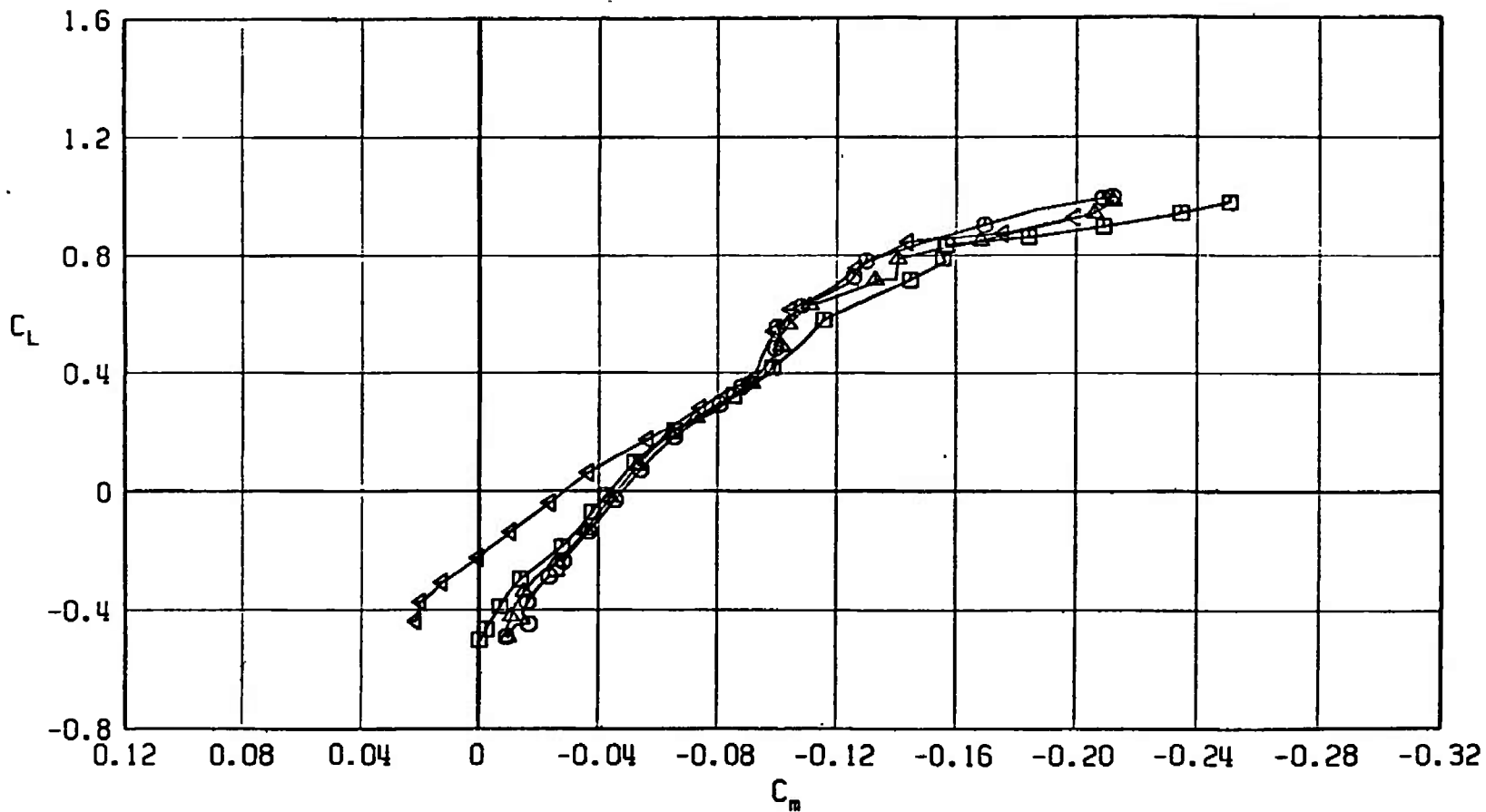
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
▽	A704



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

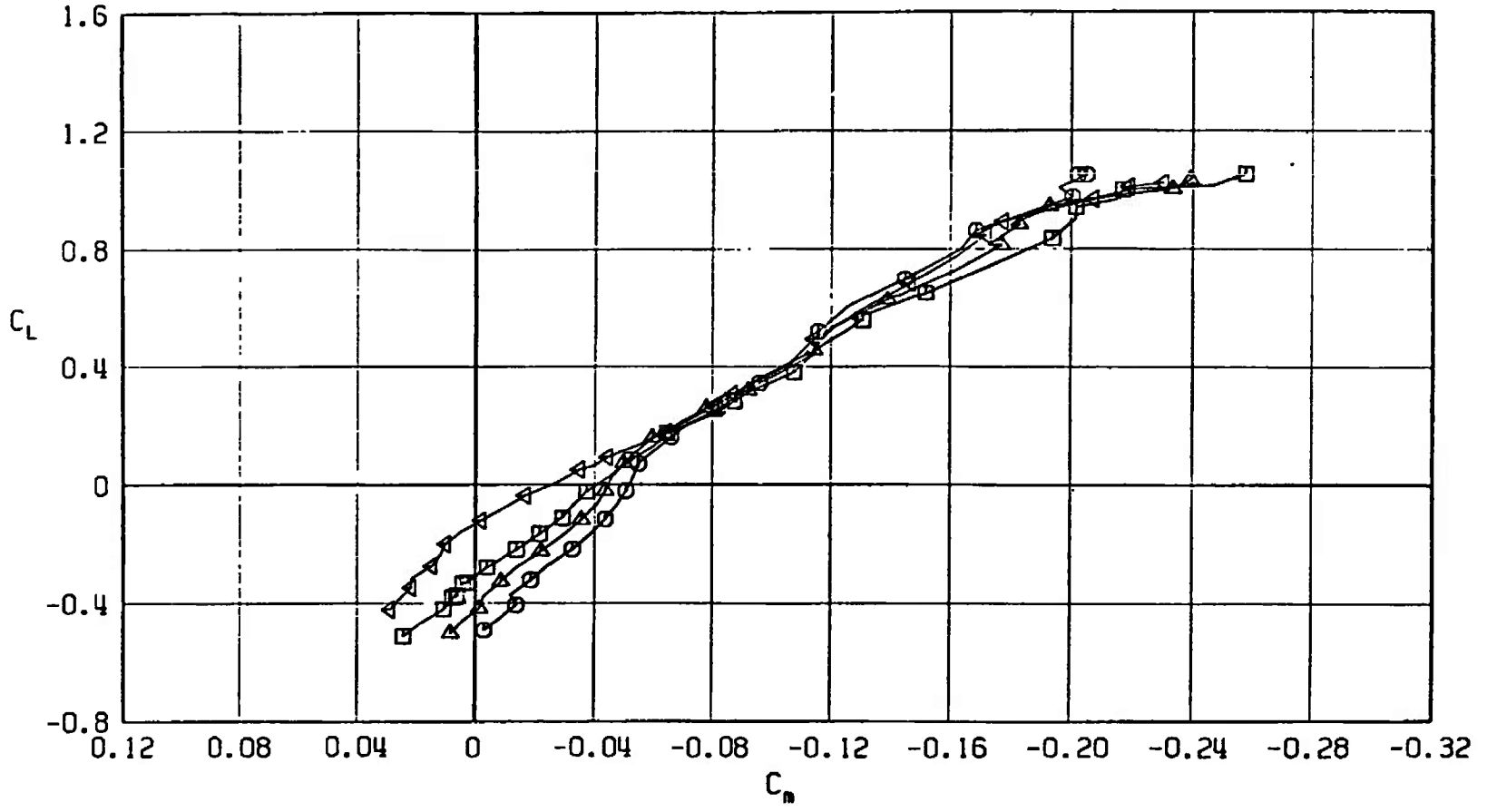
Fig. 13 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A702, A703, and A704

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
▲	A703
△	A704



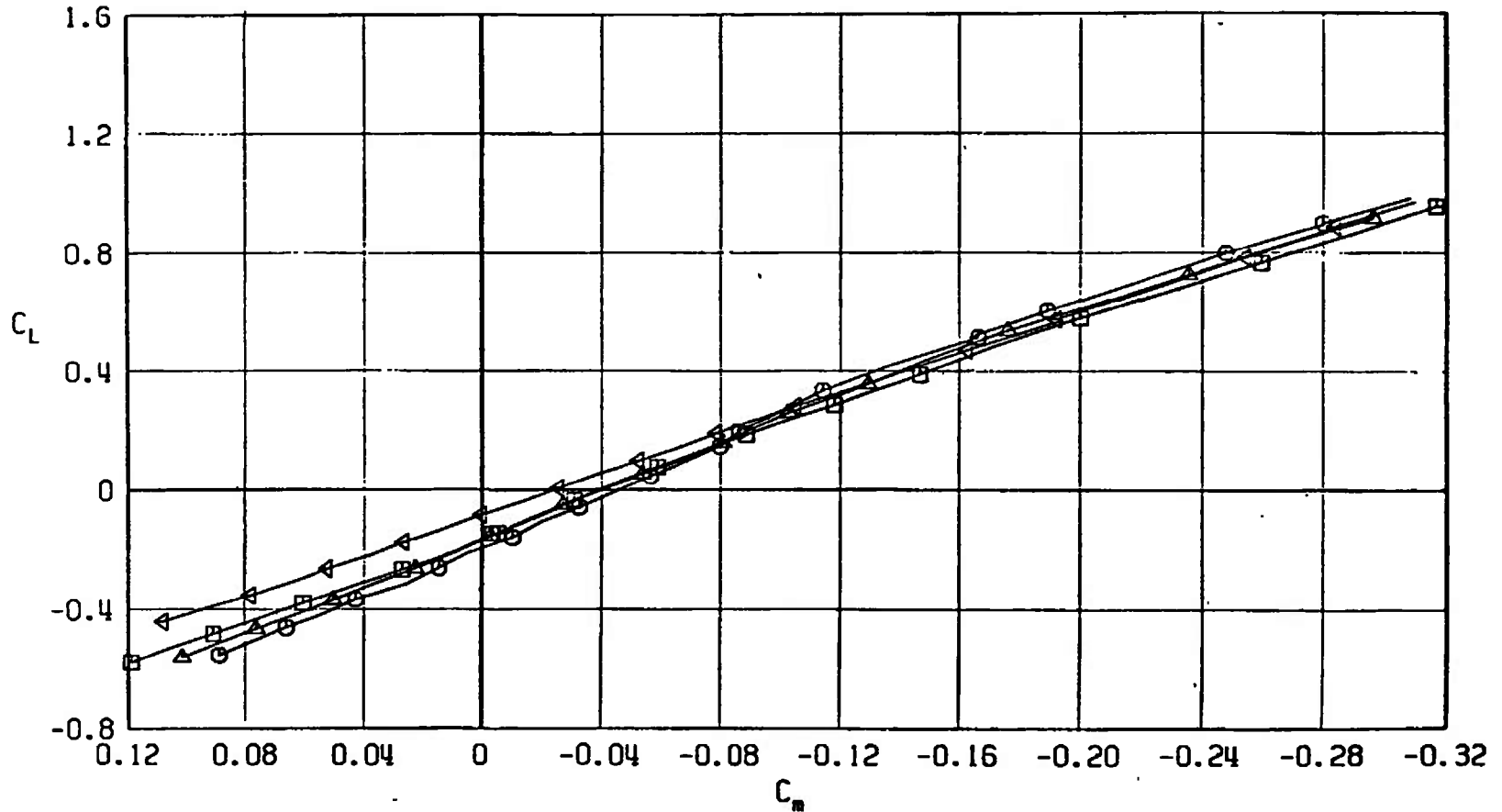
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 13 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
▽	A704



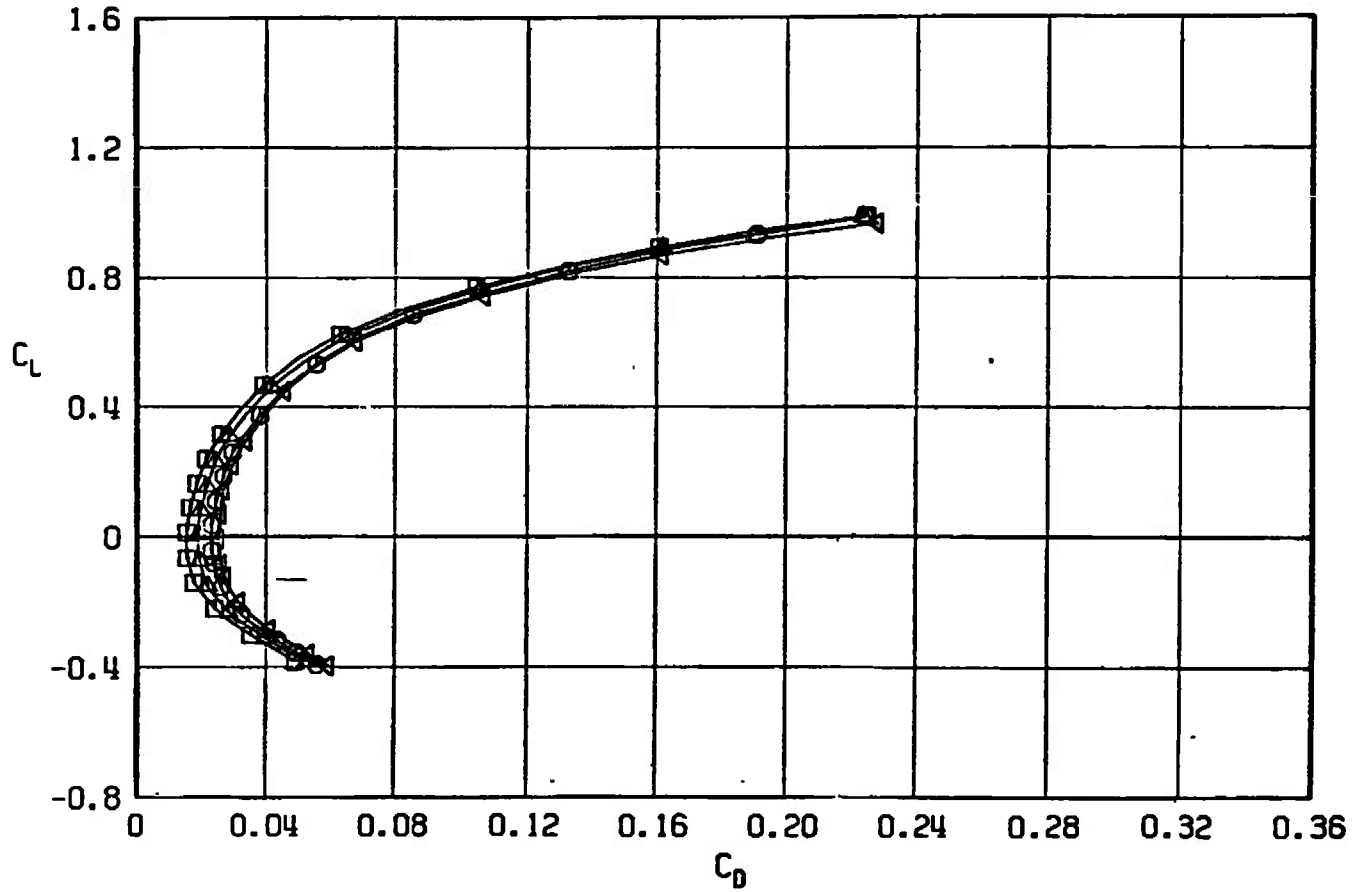
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 13 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
◁	A704



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 13 Concluded

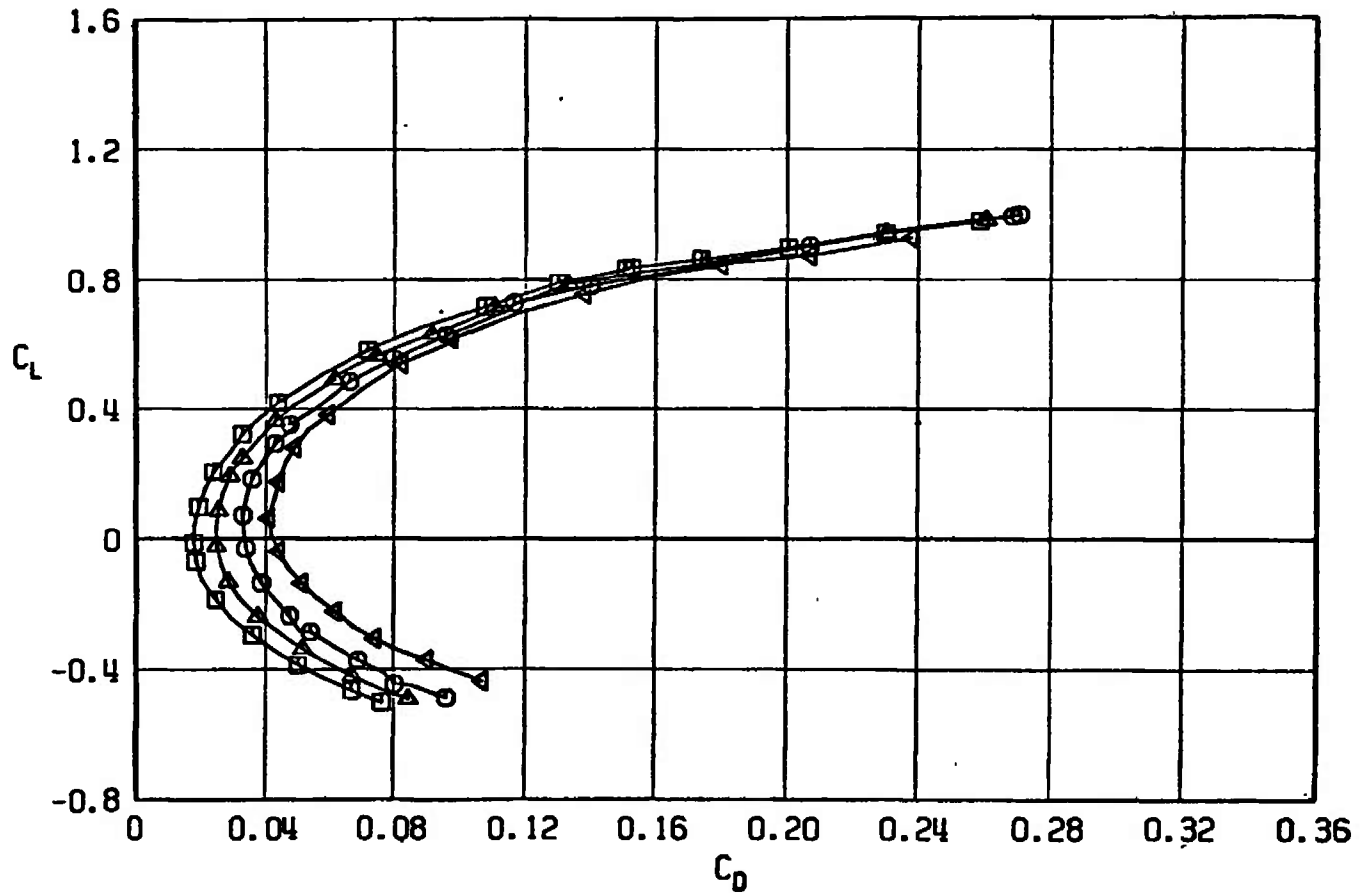
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
▽	A704



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

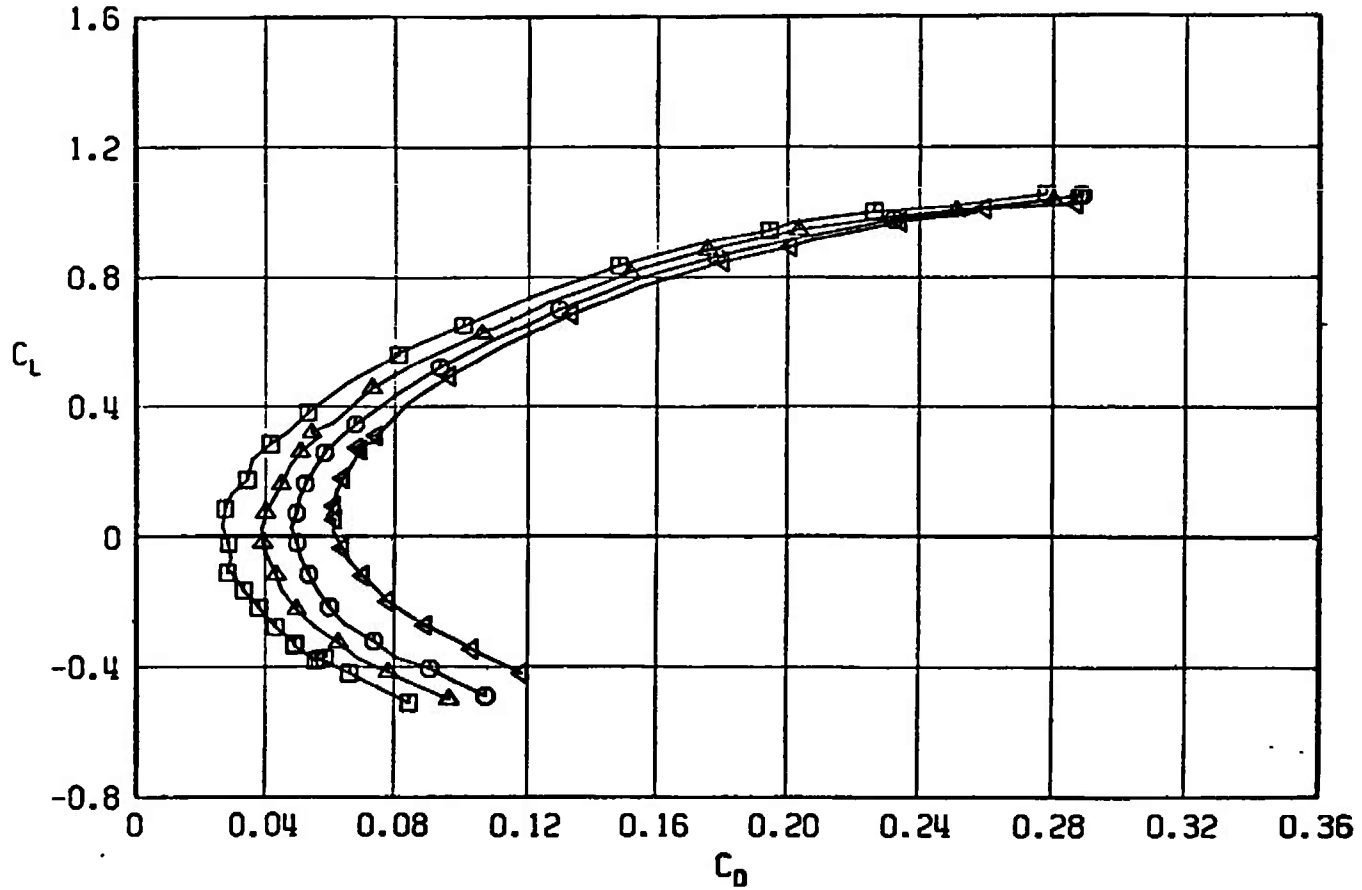
Fig. 14 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A702, A703, and A704

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
◀	A704

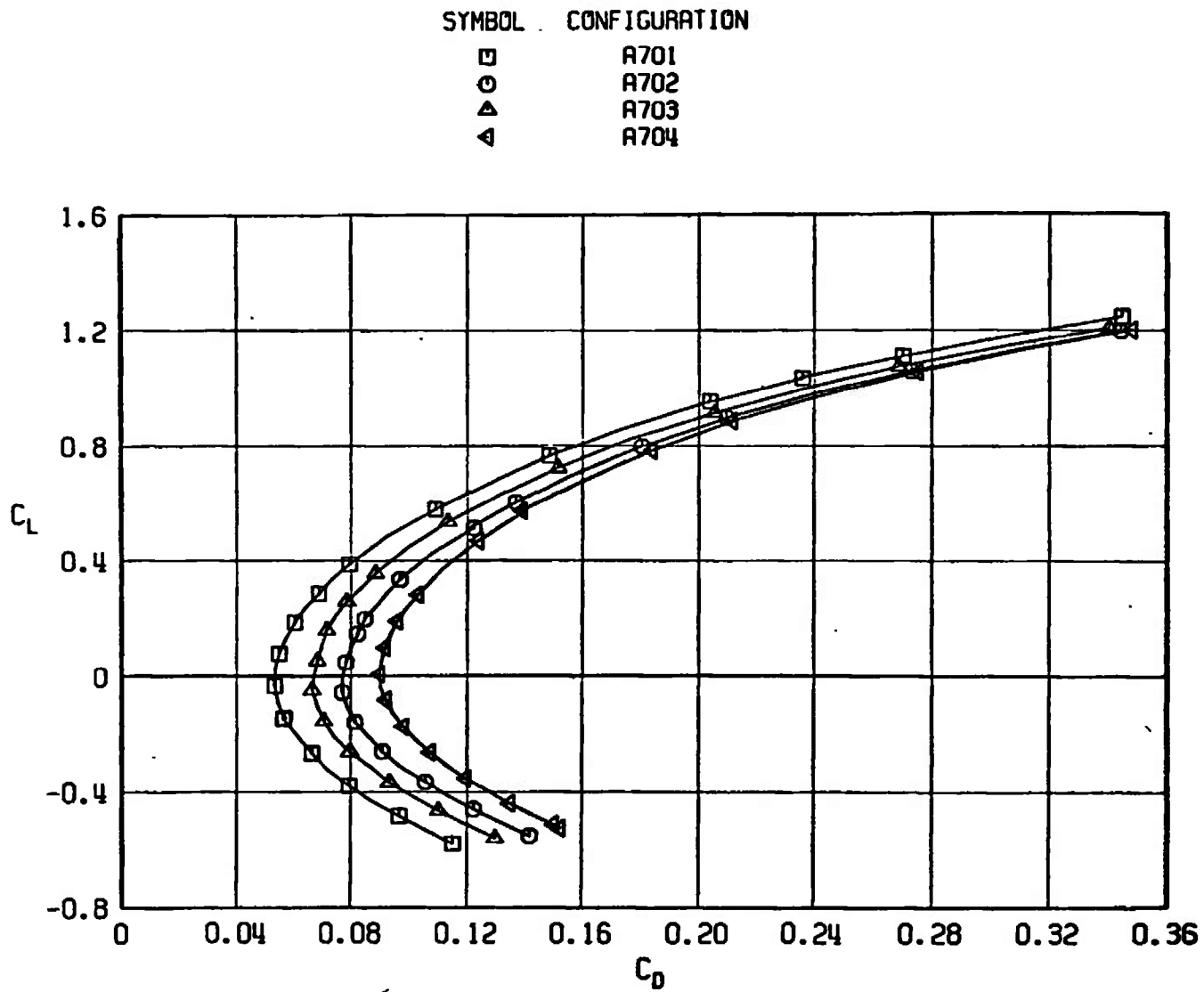


b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 14 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
▽	A704



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 14 Continued



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 14 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A702
△	A703
▽	A704

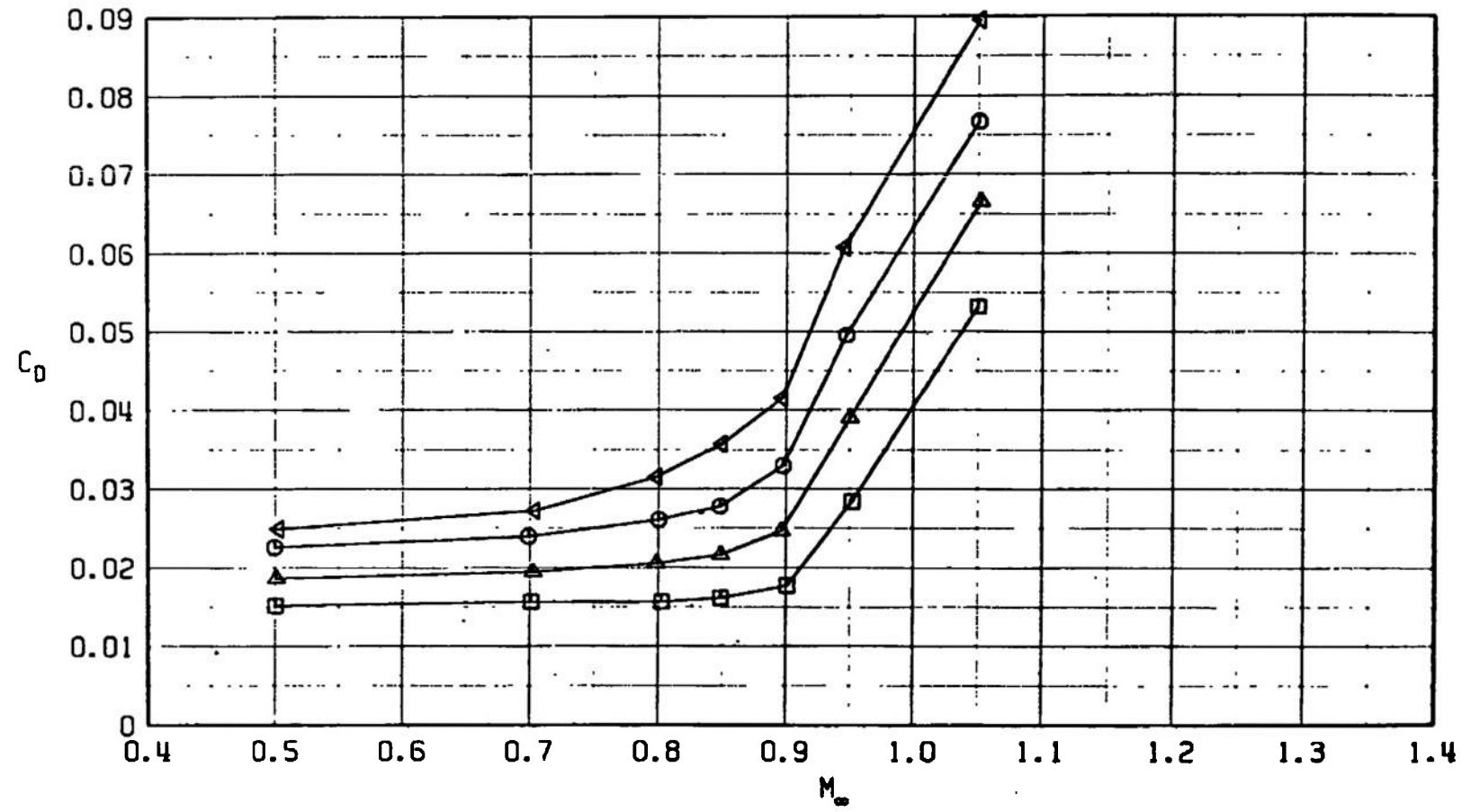
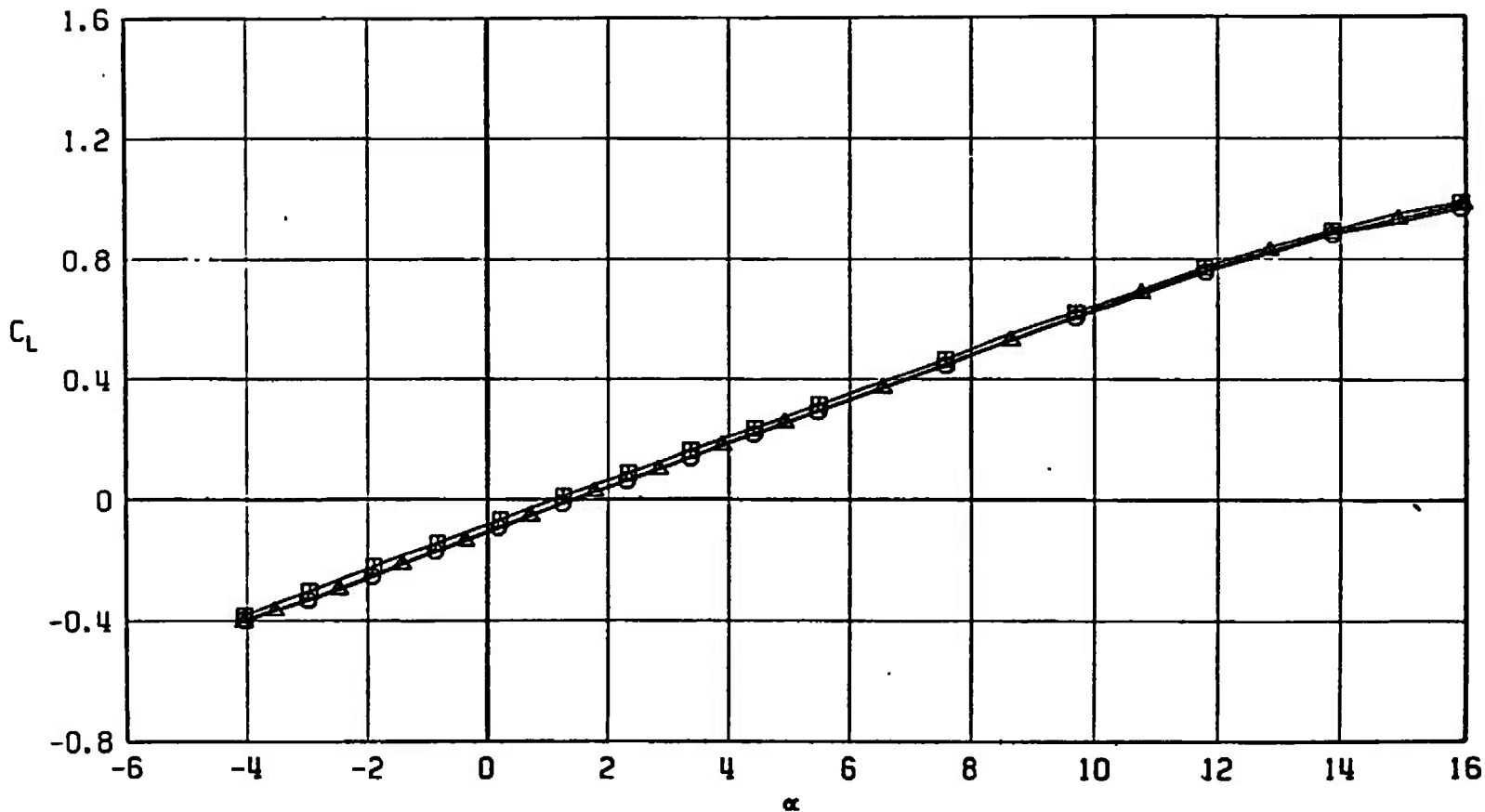


Fig. 15 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0$ for Configurations A701, A702, A703, and A704

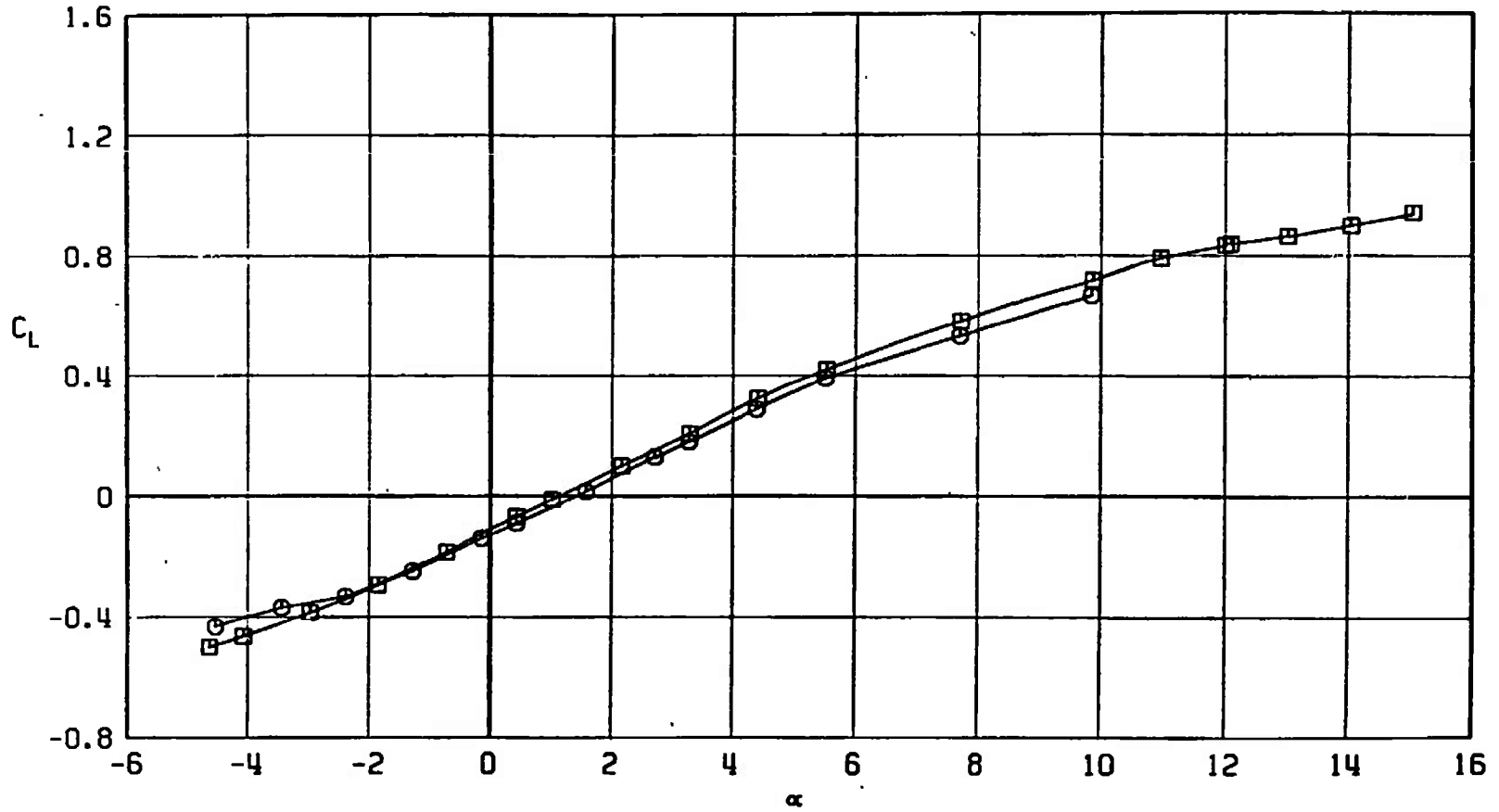
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

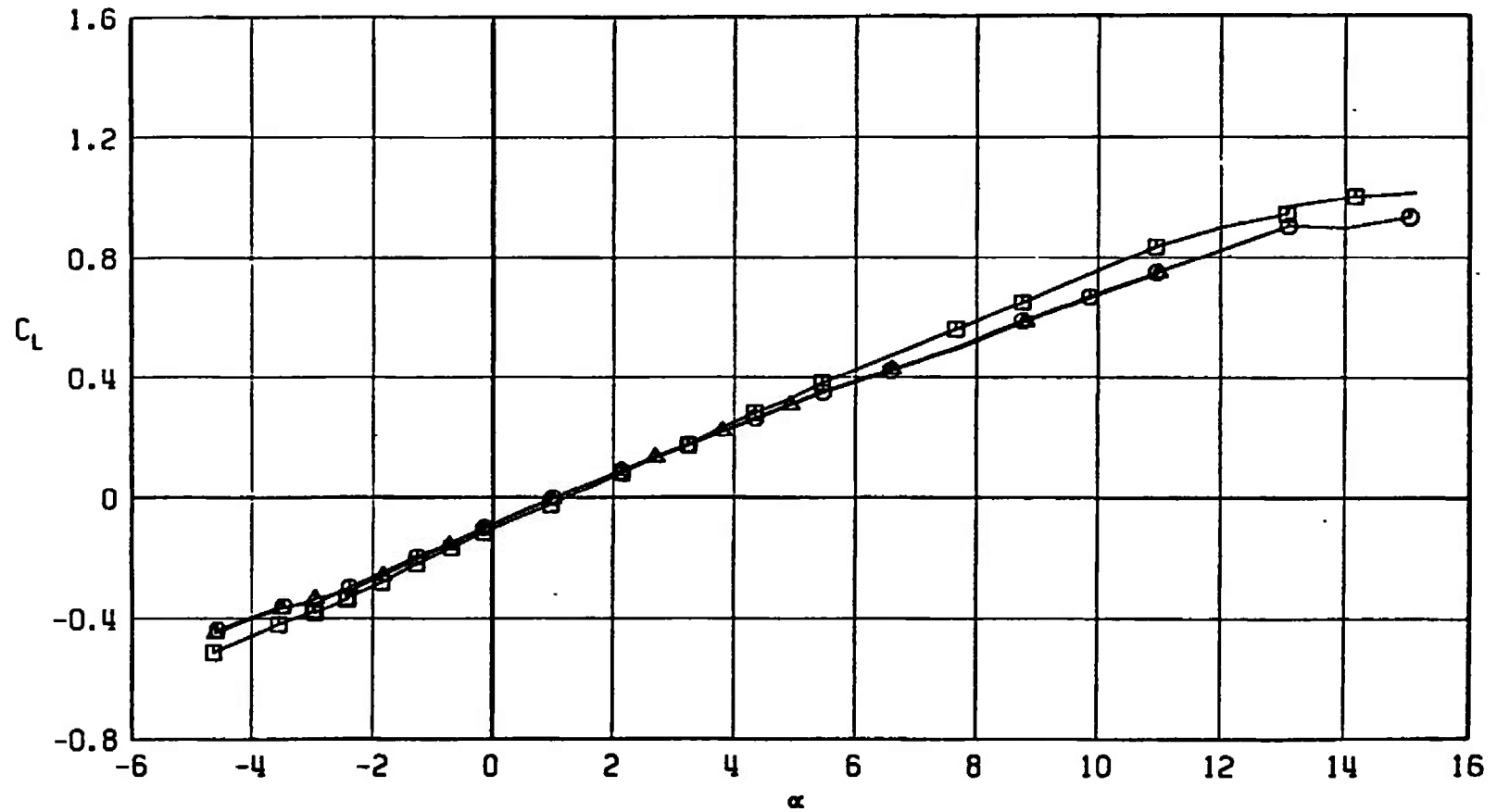
Fig. 16 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations A701, A707, and A710

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710



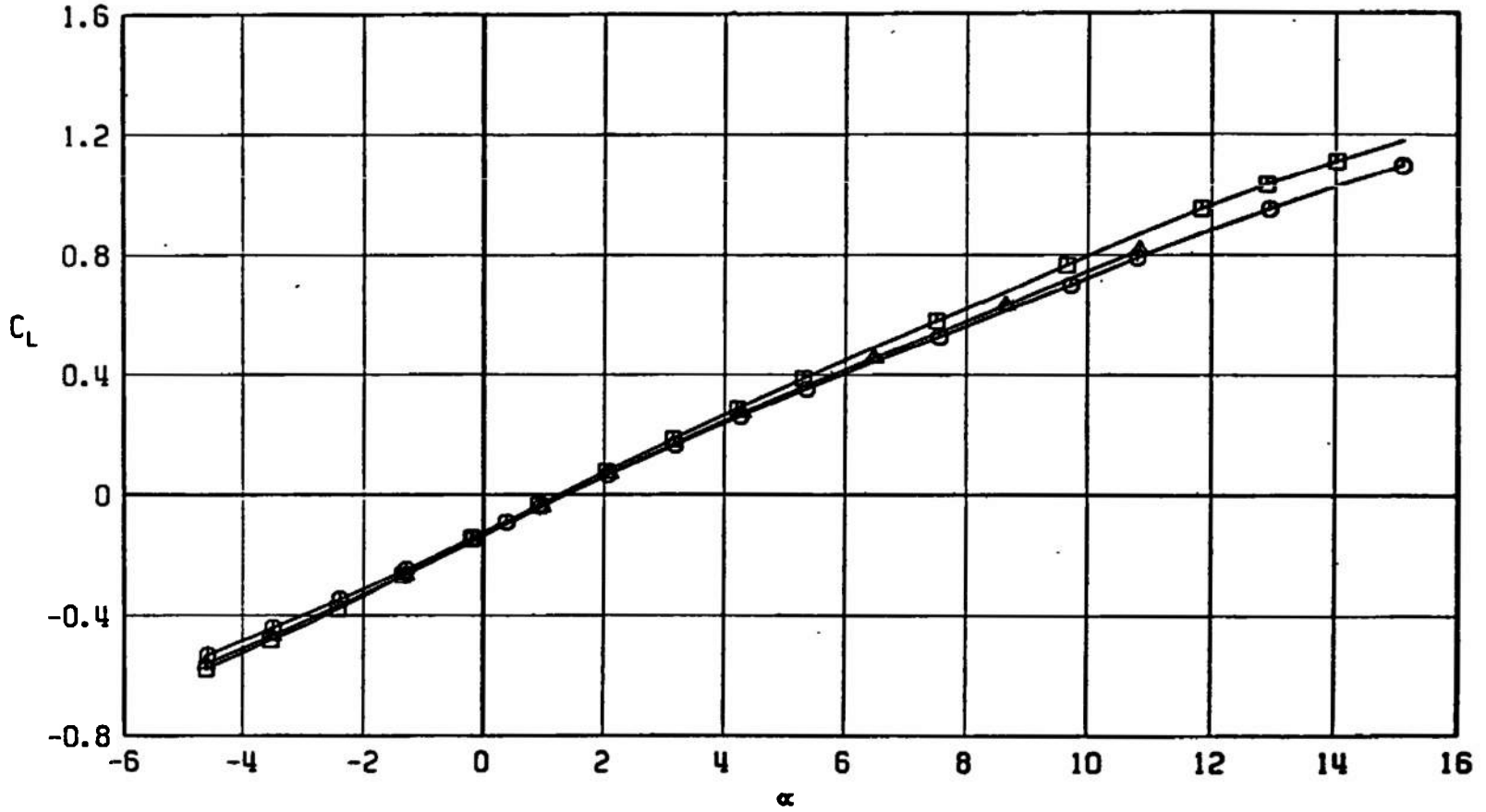
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 16 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



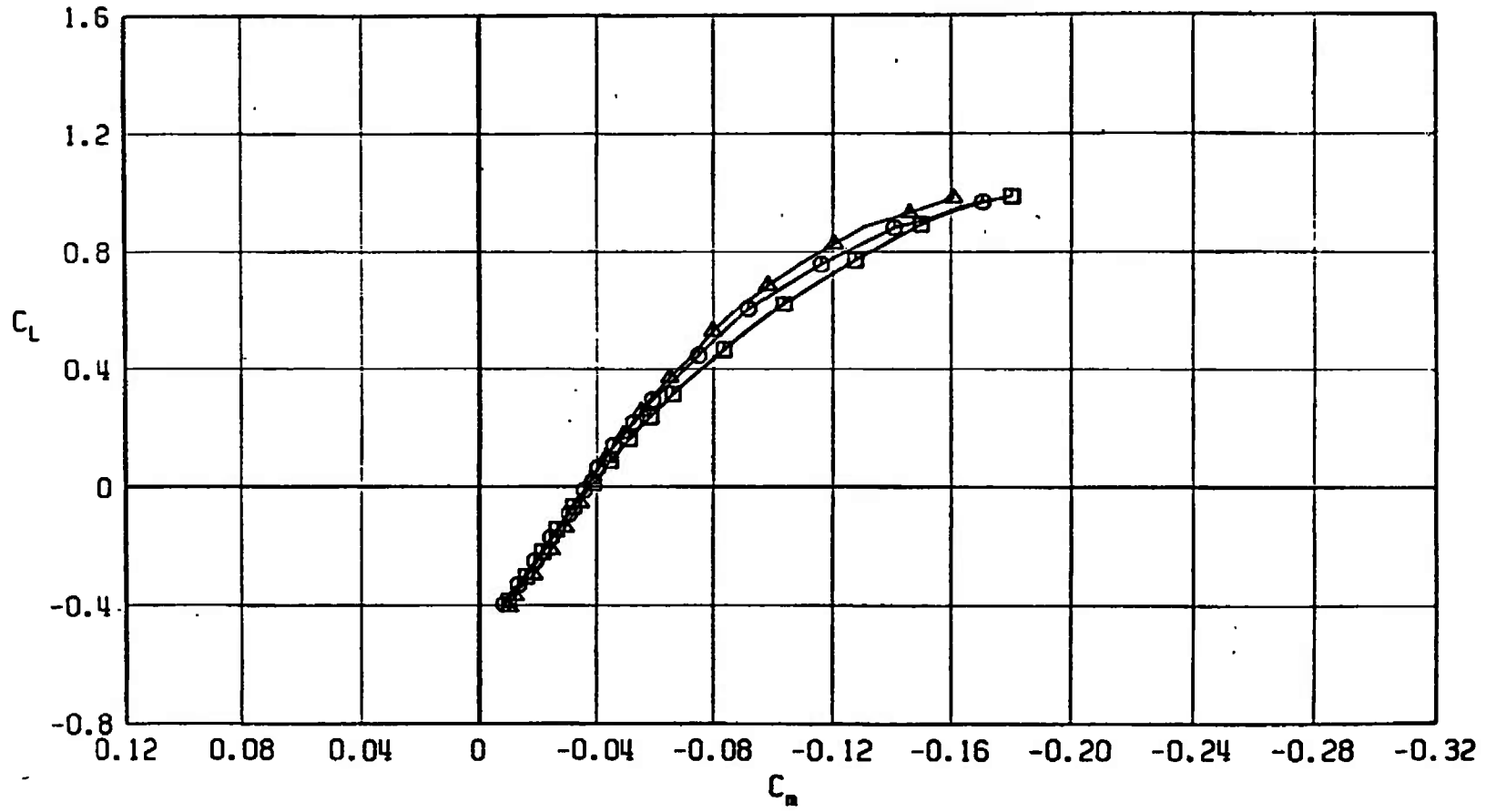
$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 16 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 16 Concluded

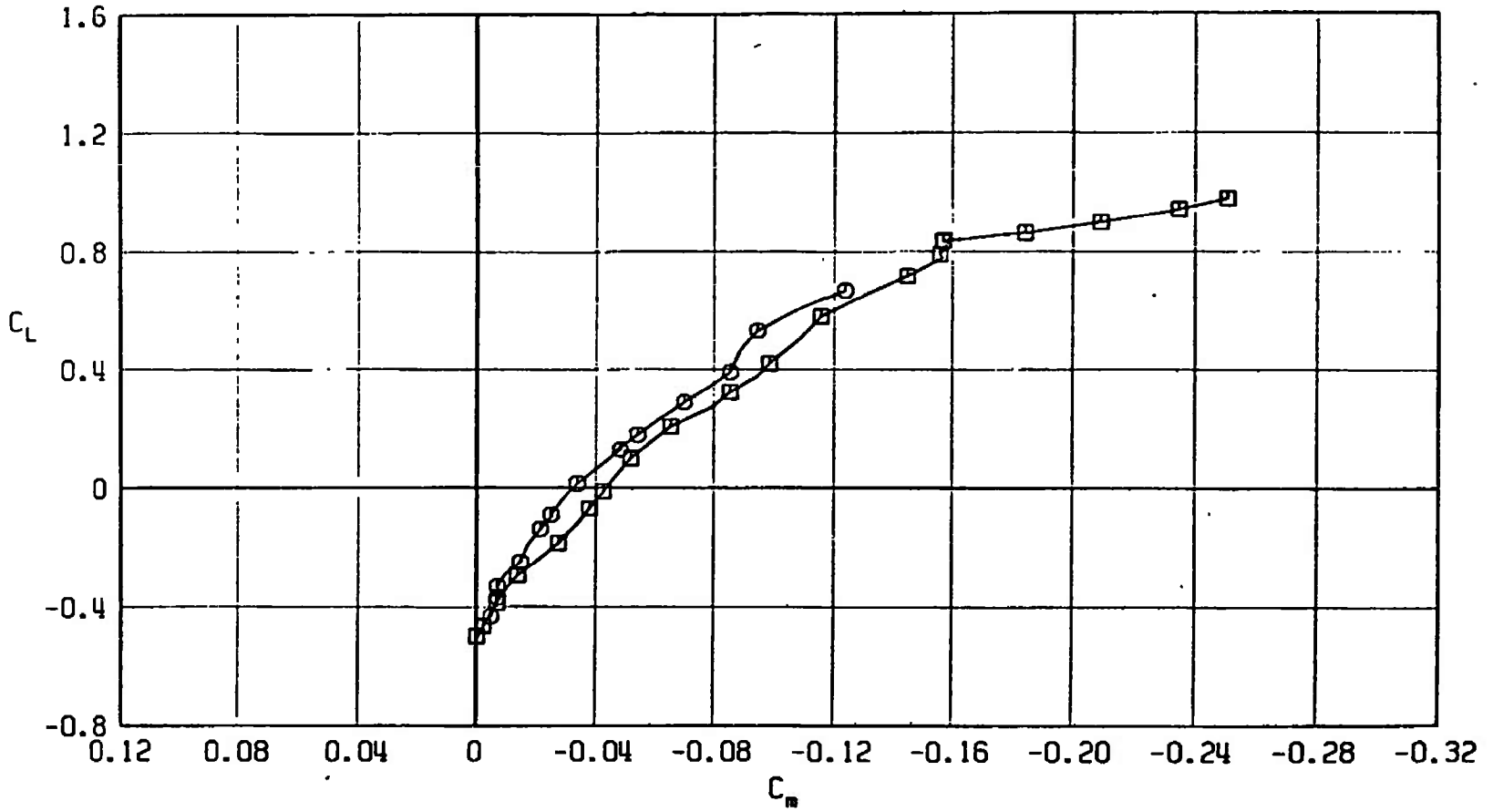
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

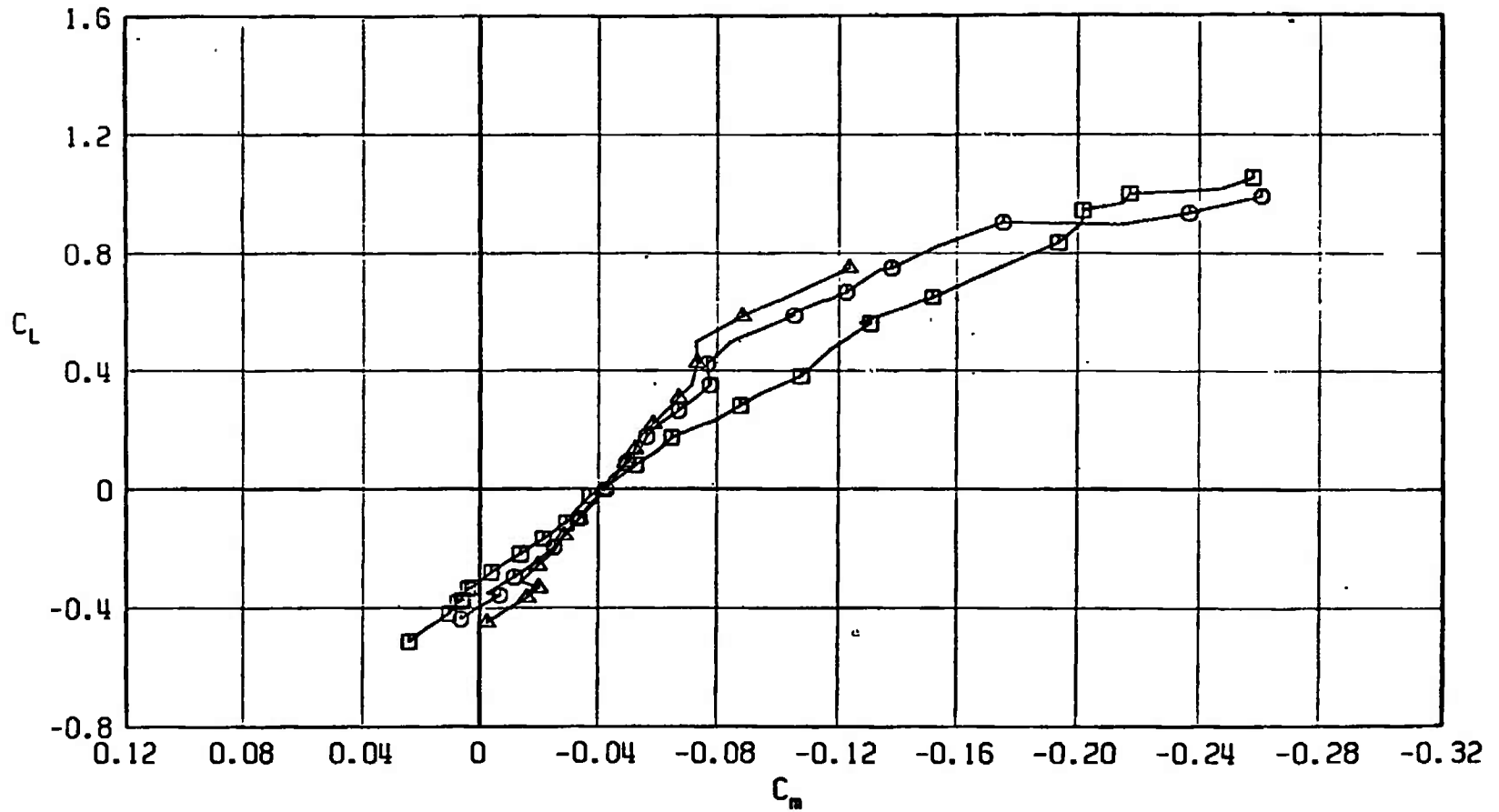
Fig. 17 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A707, and A710

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710



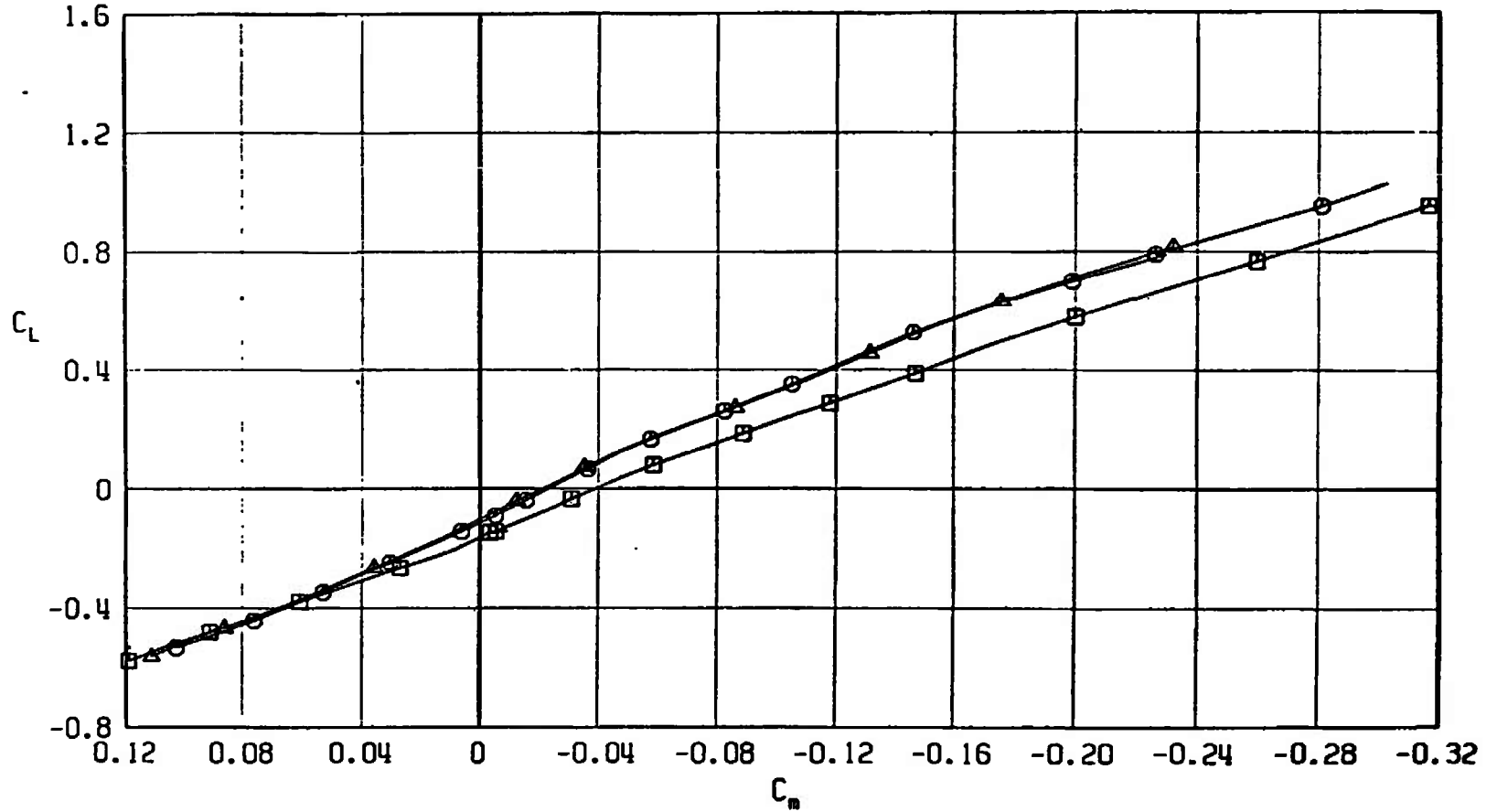
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 17 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 17 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 17 Concluded

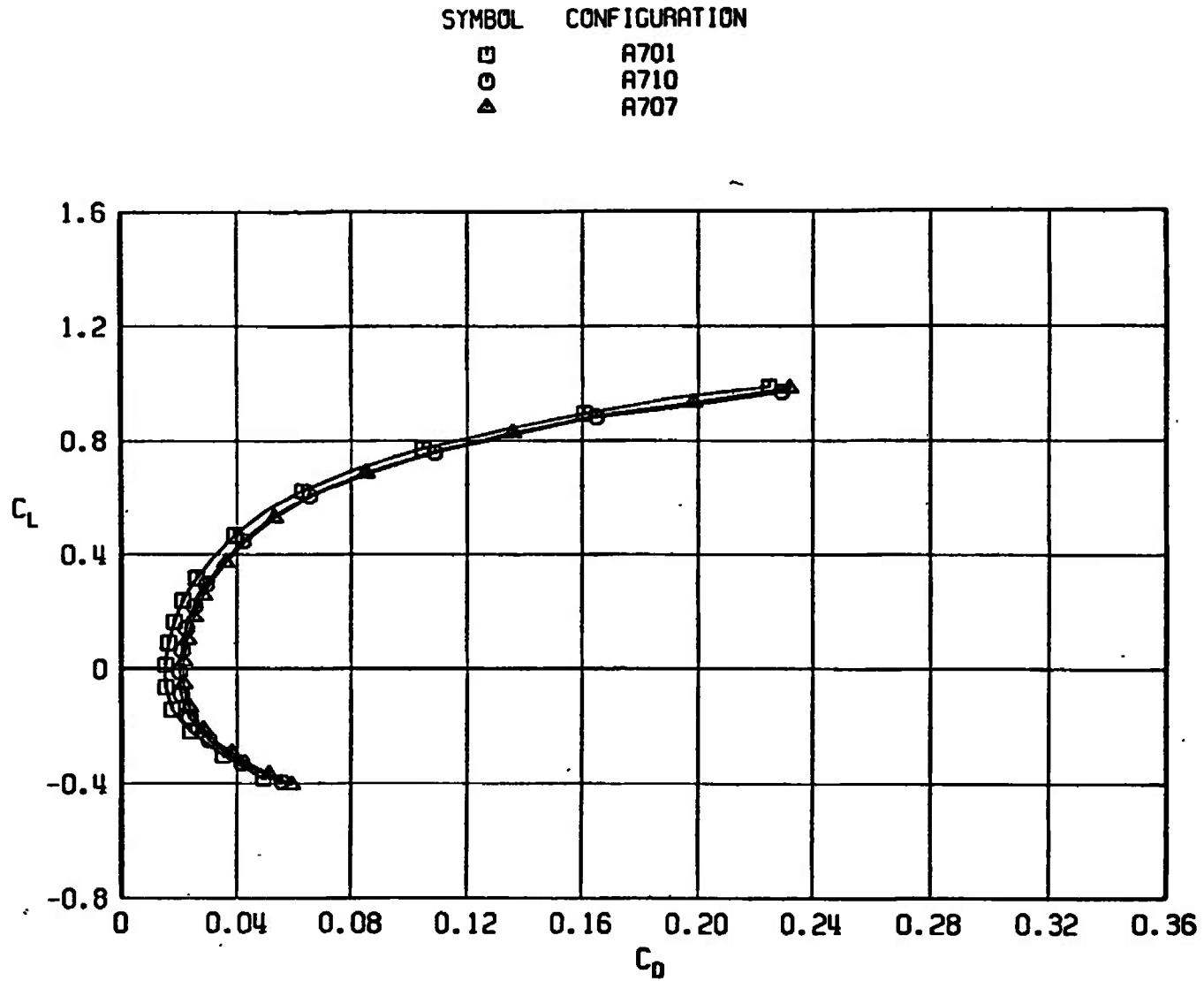
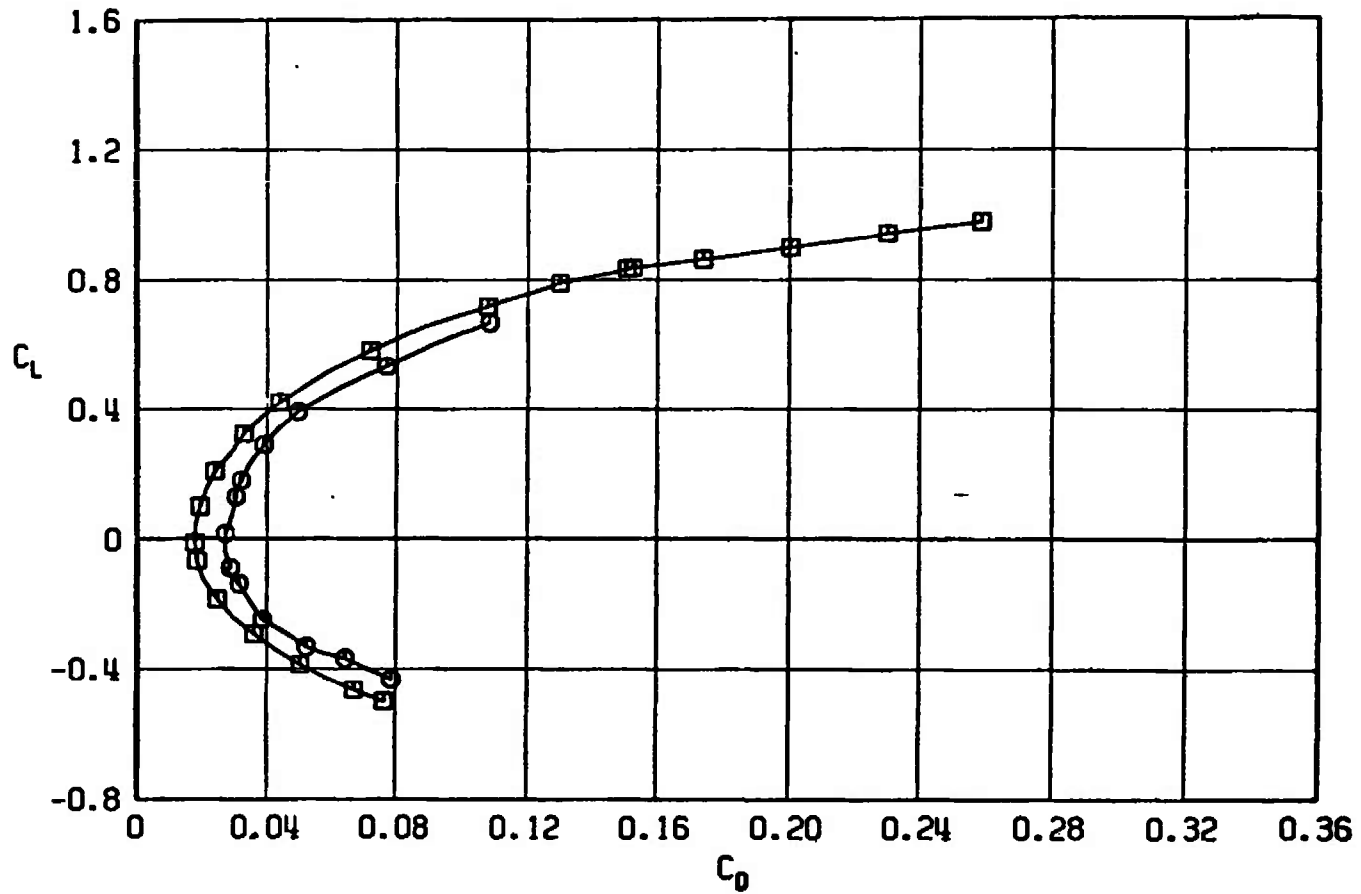
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

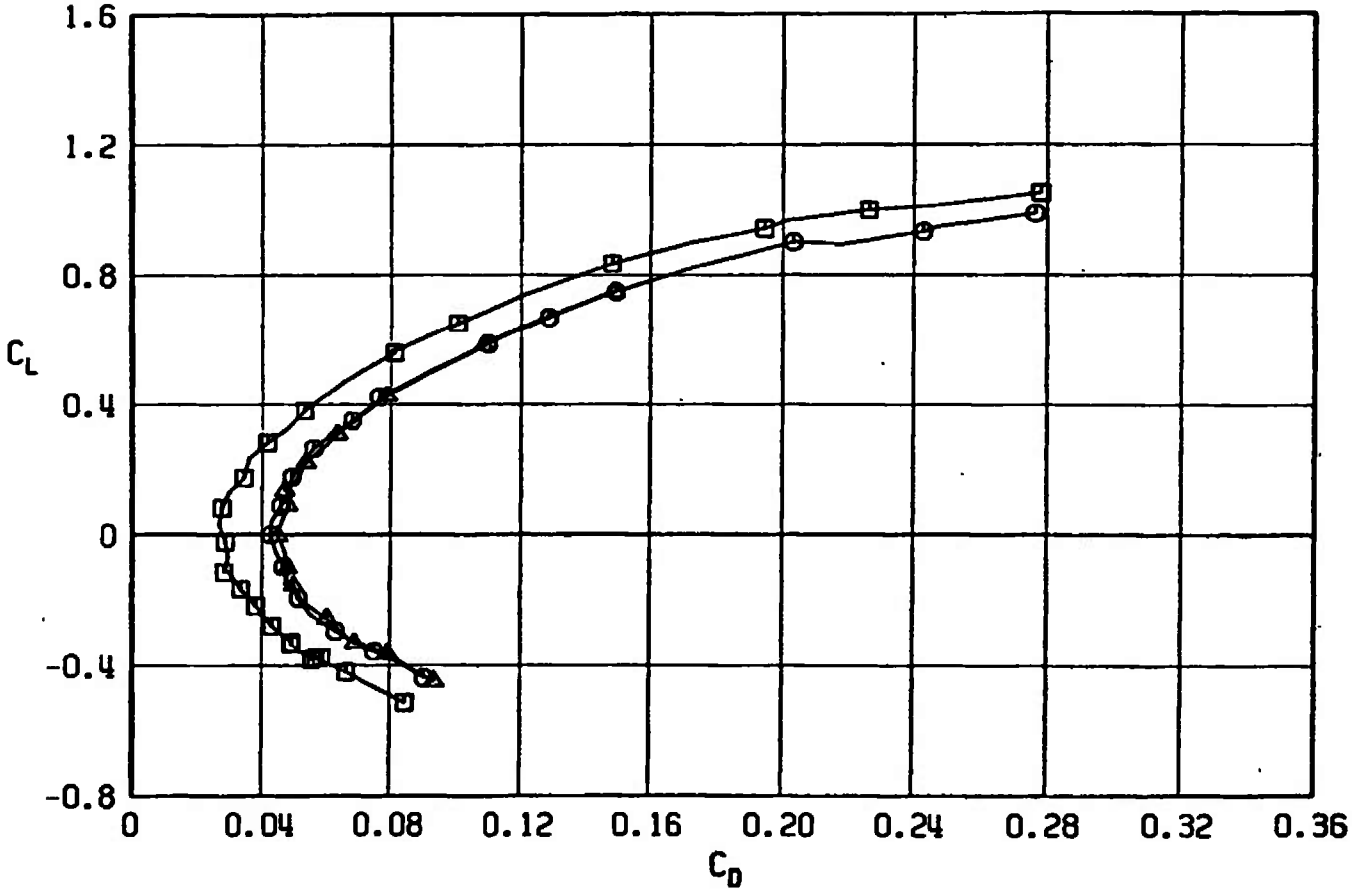
Fig. 18 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A707, and A710

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710



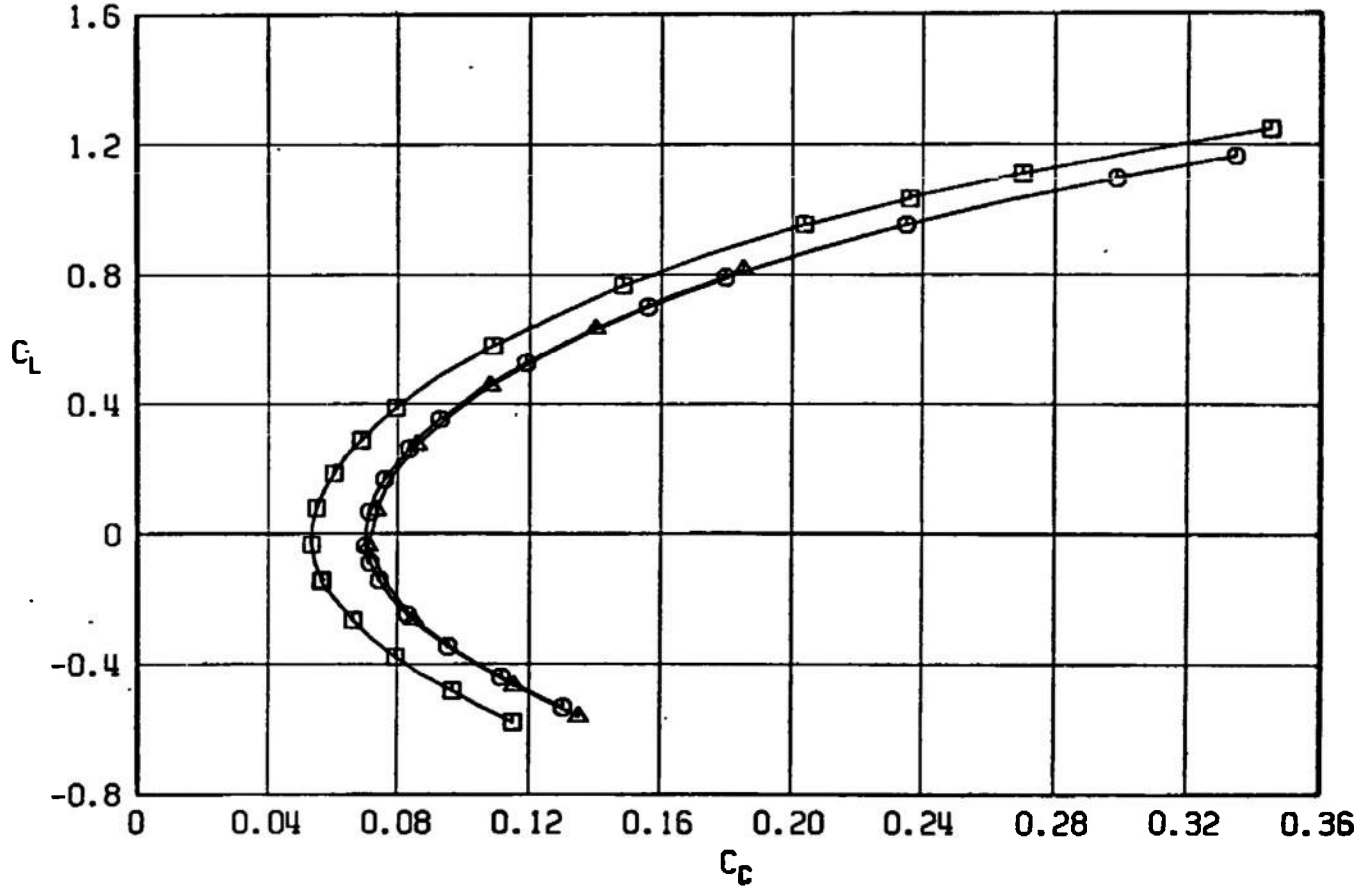
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 18 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 18 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 18 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A710
△	A707

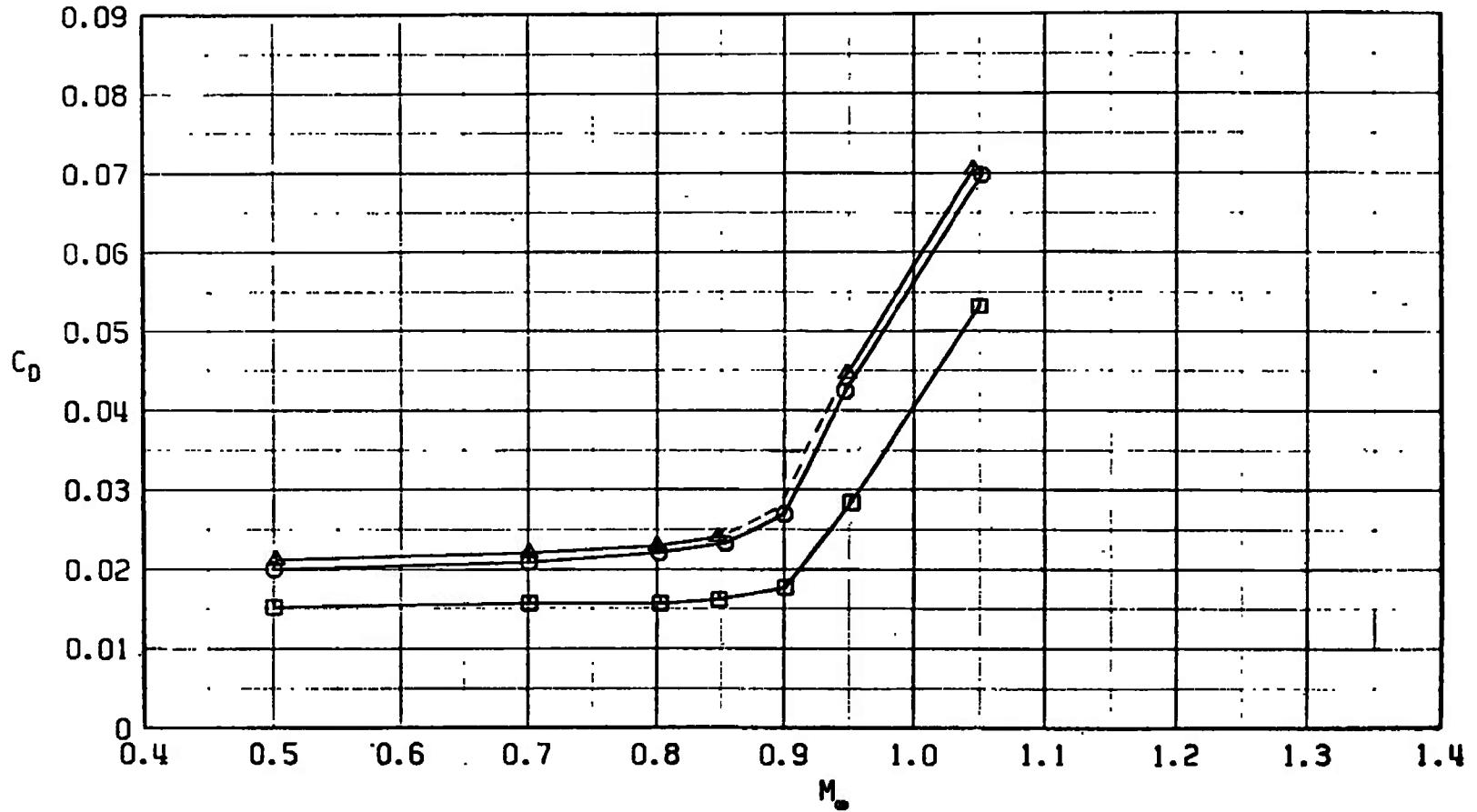
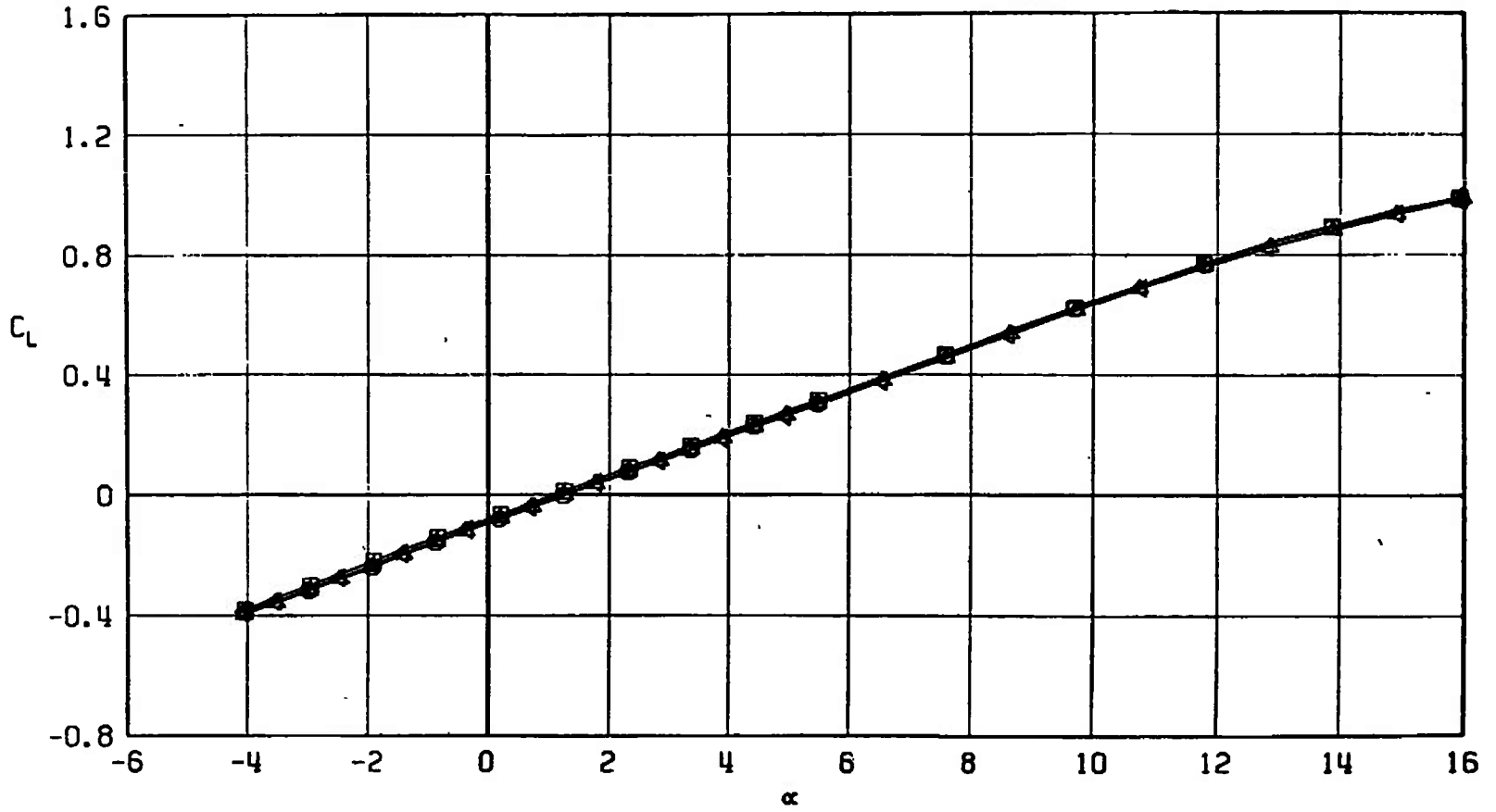


Fig. 19 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0$ for Configurations A701, A707, and A710

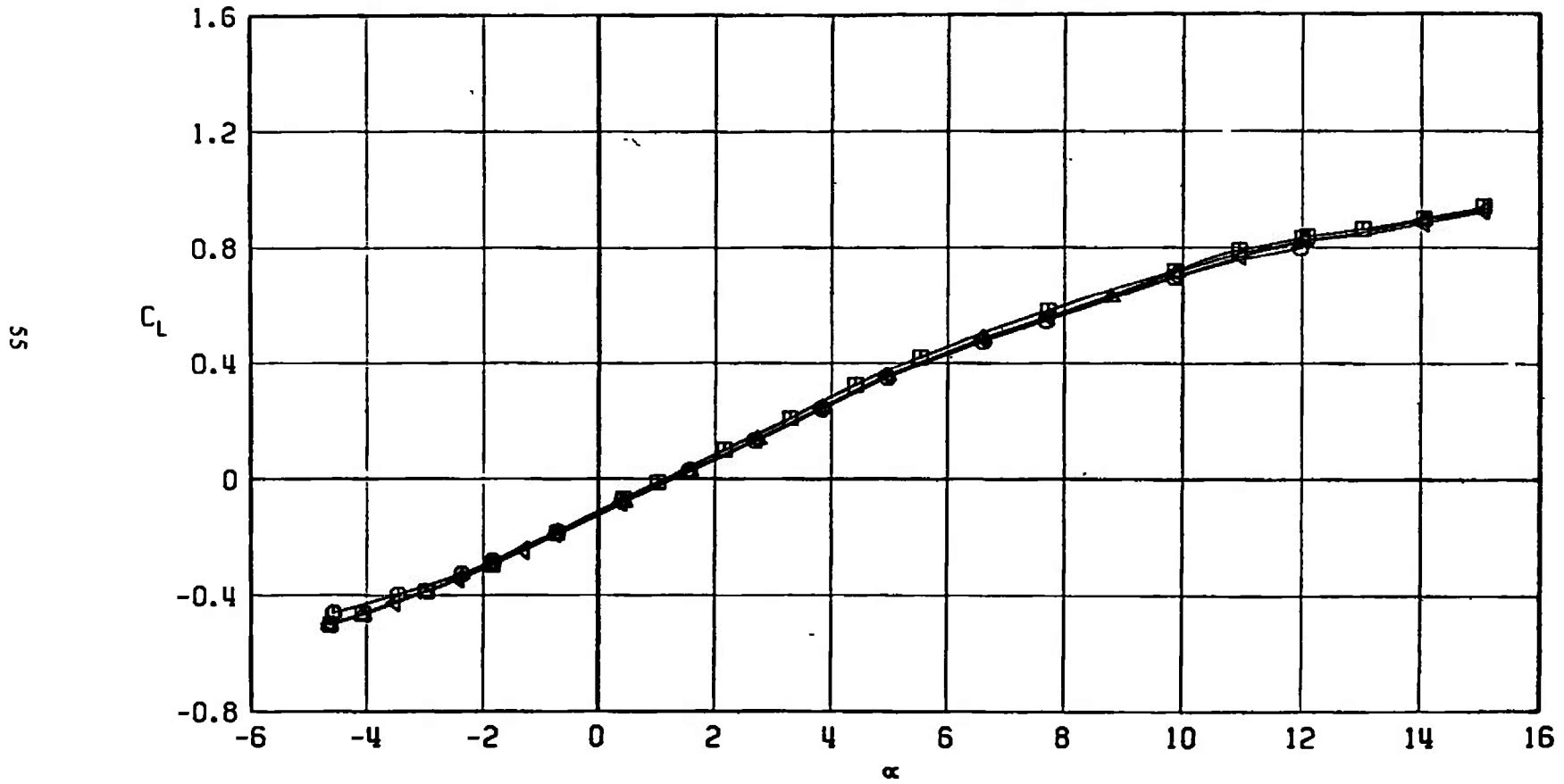
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
▽	A711



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

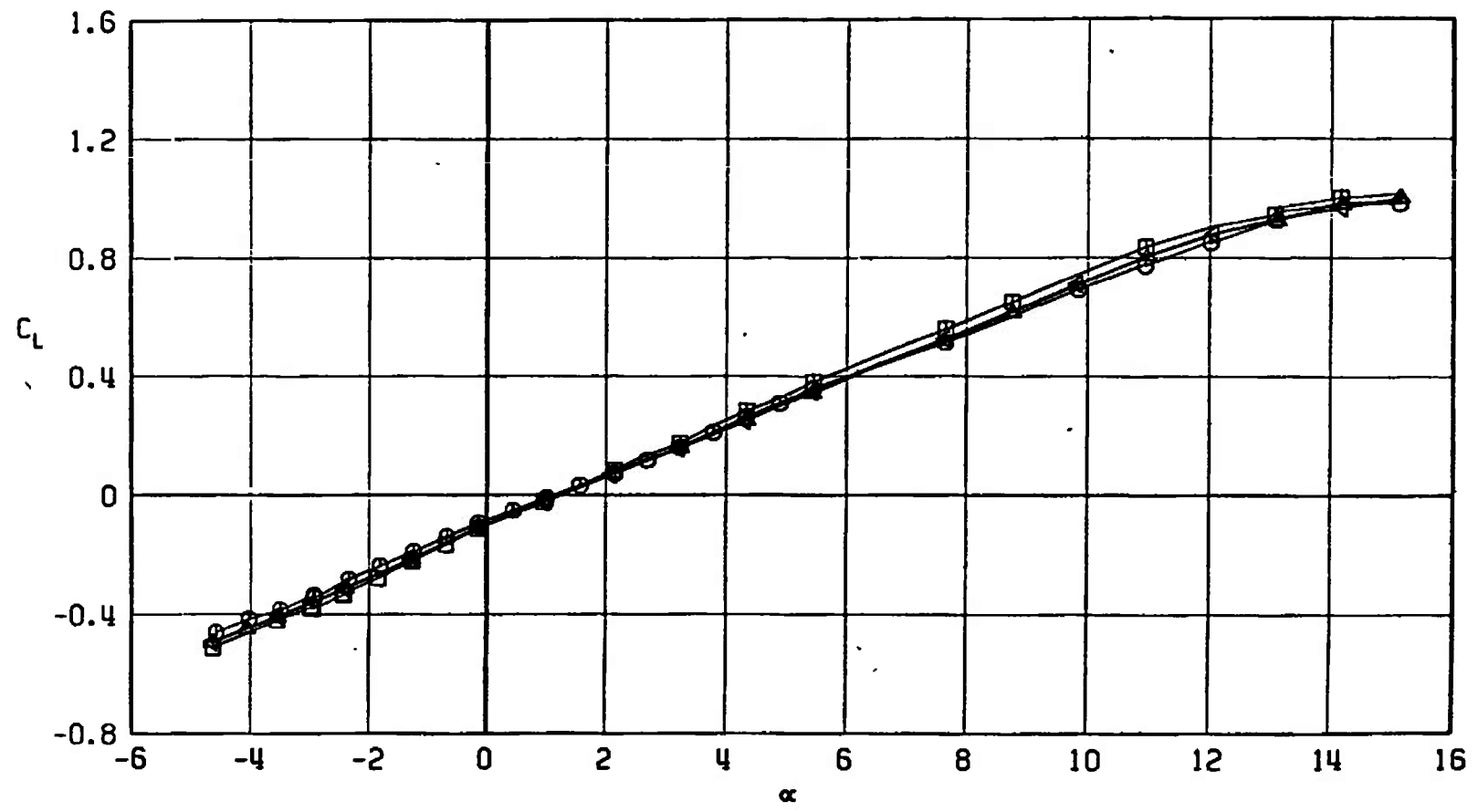
Fig. 20 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations A701, A711, A712, and A713

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
◁	A711



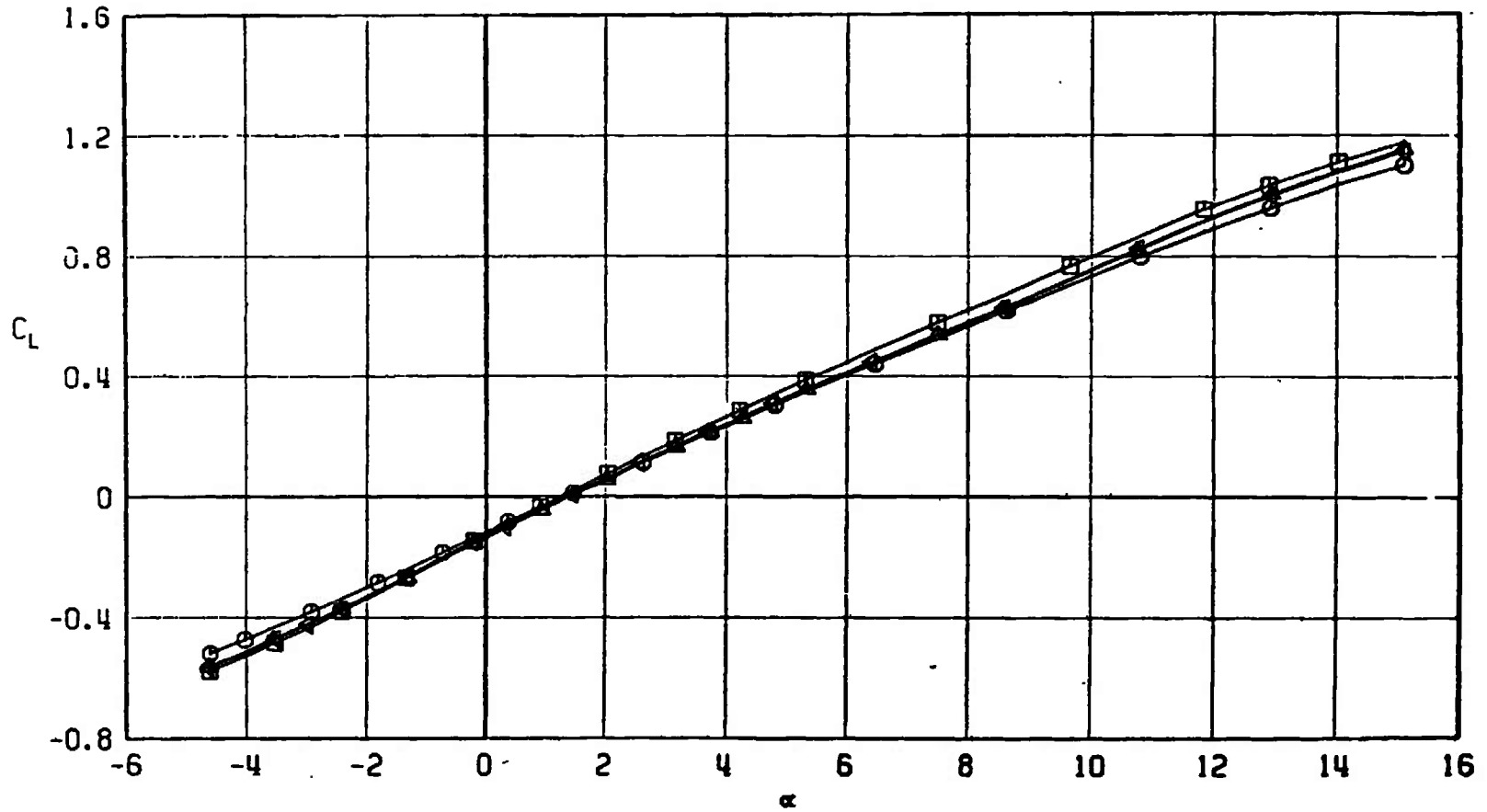
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 20 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
▽	A711



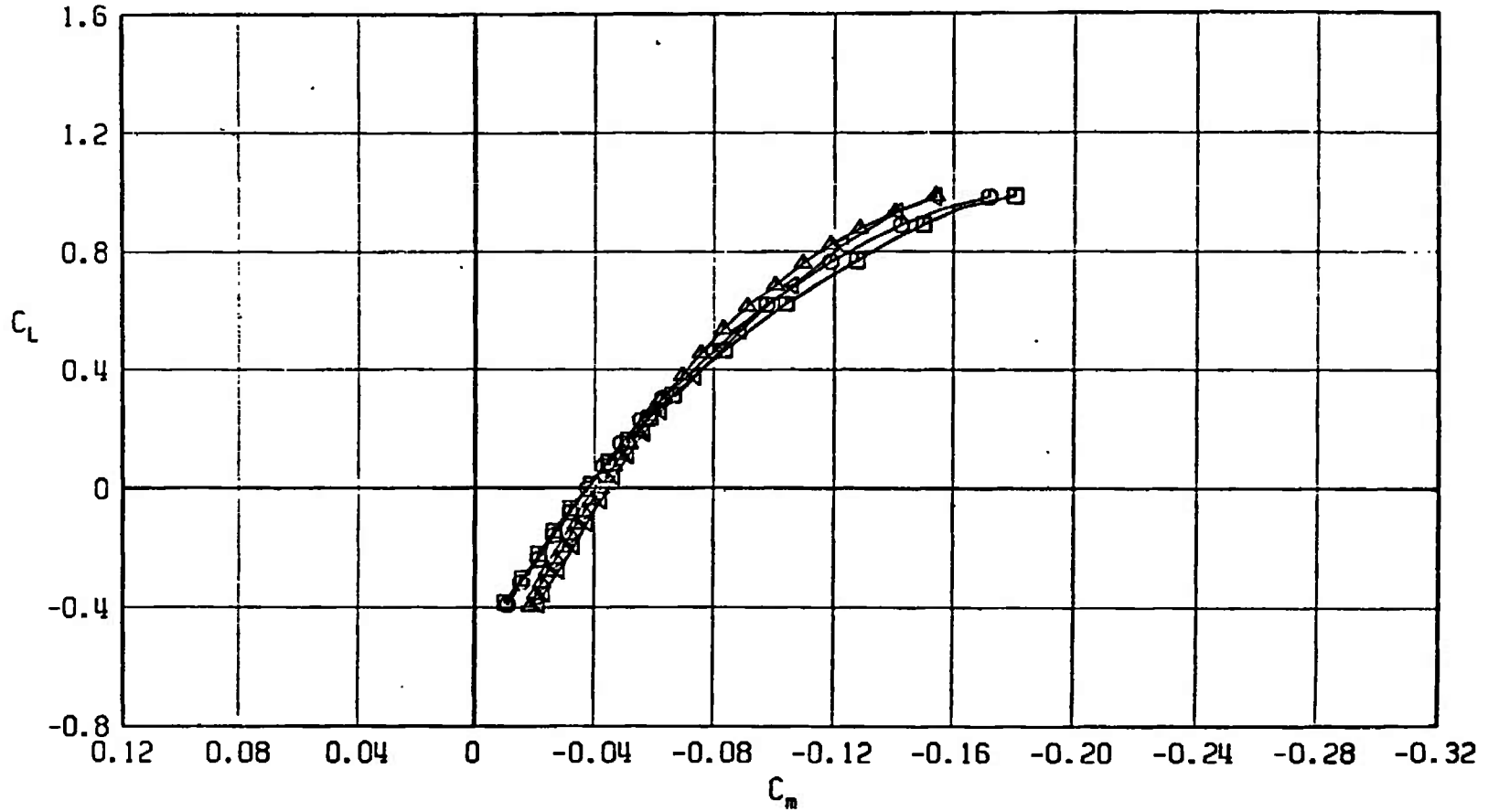
$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 20 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
◀	A711



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 20 Concluded

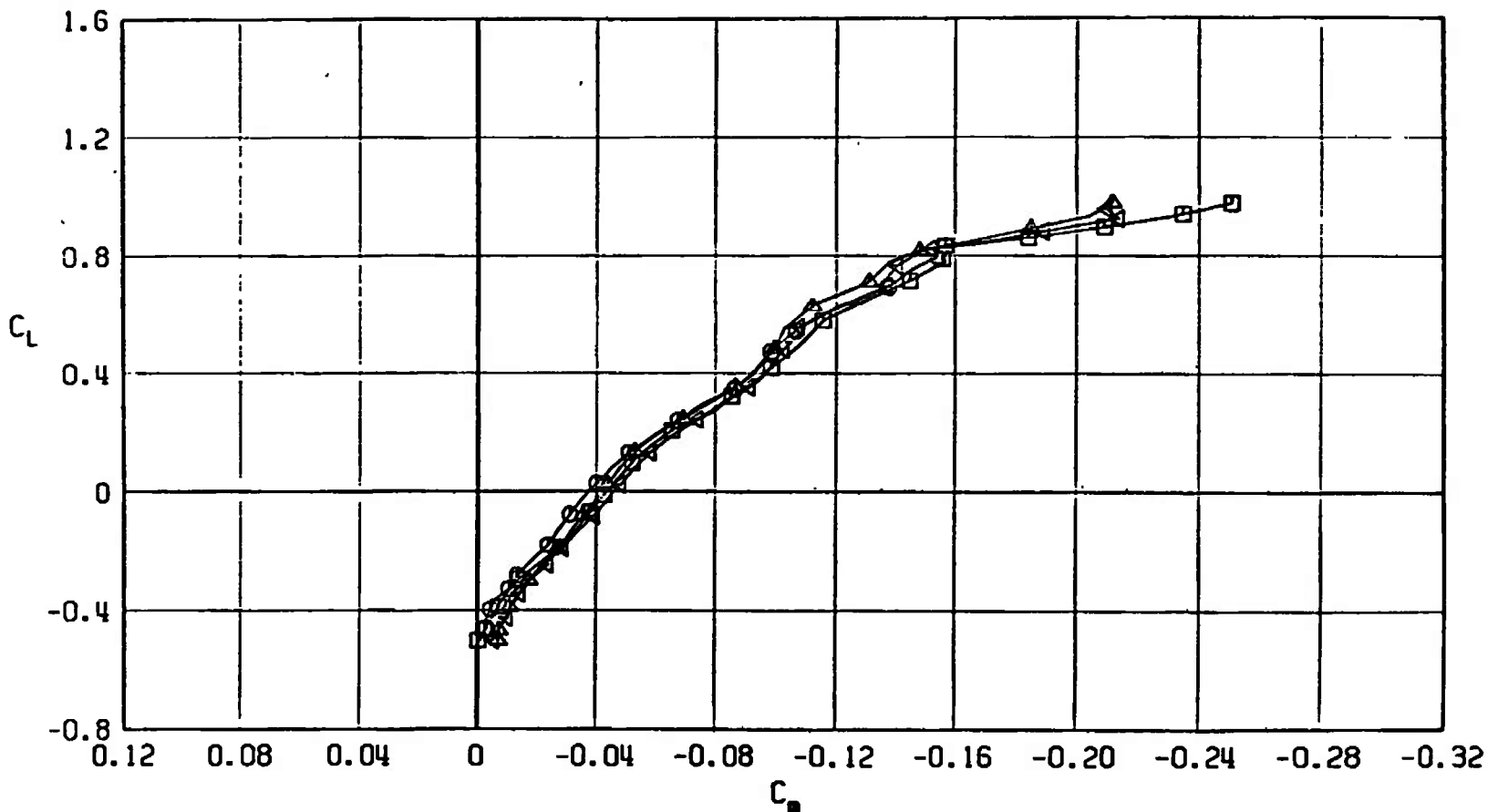
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
▽	A711



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

Fig. 21 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A711, A712, and A713

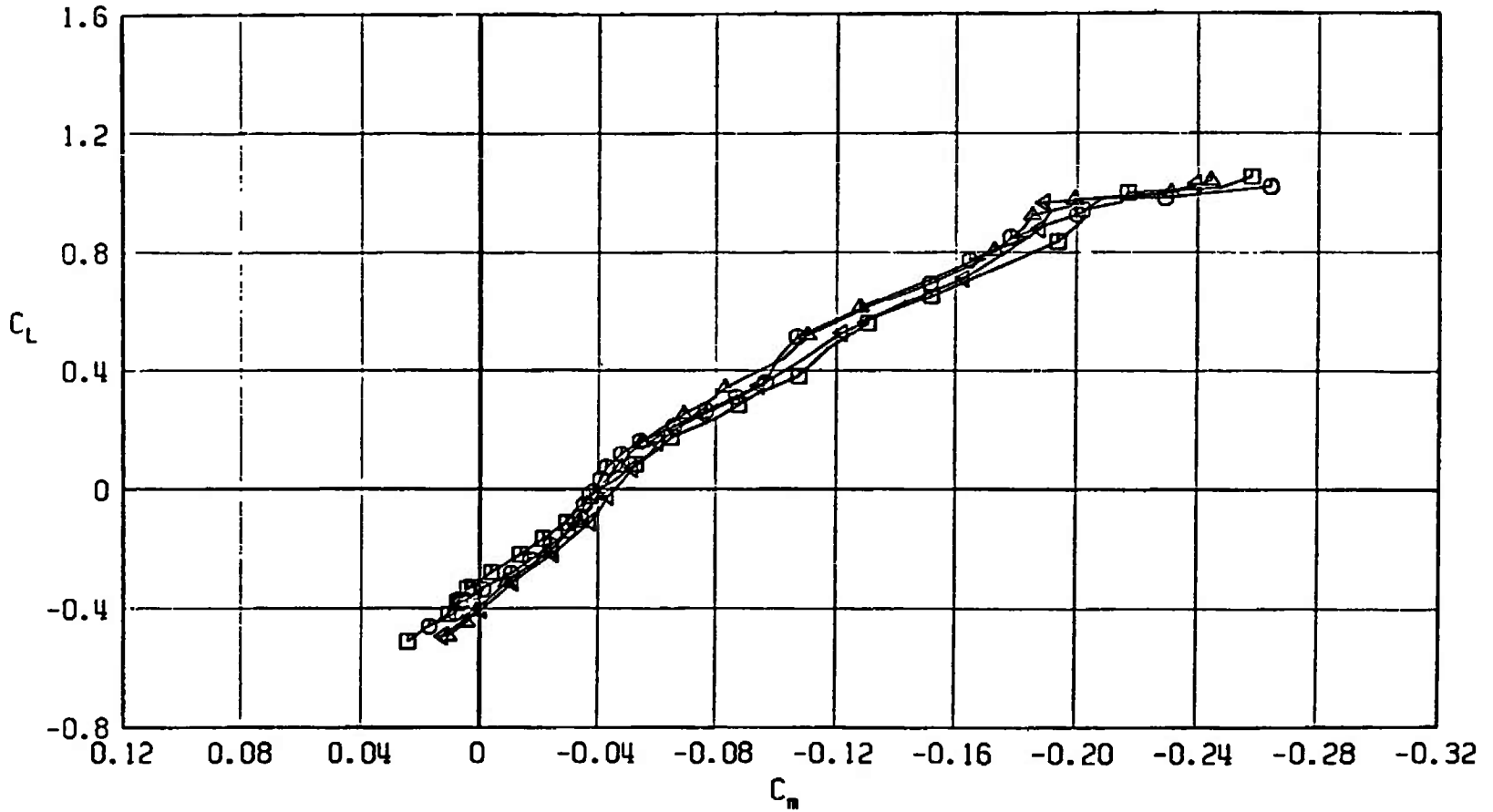
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
◀	A711



b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 21 Continued

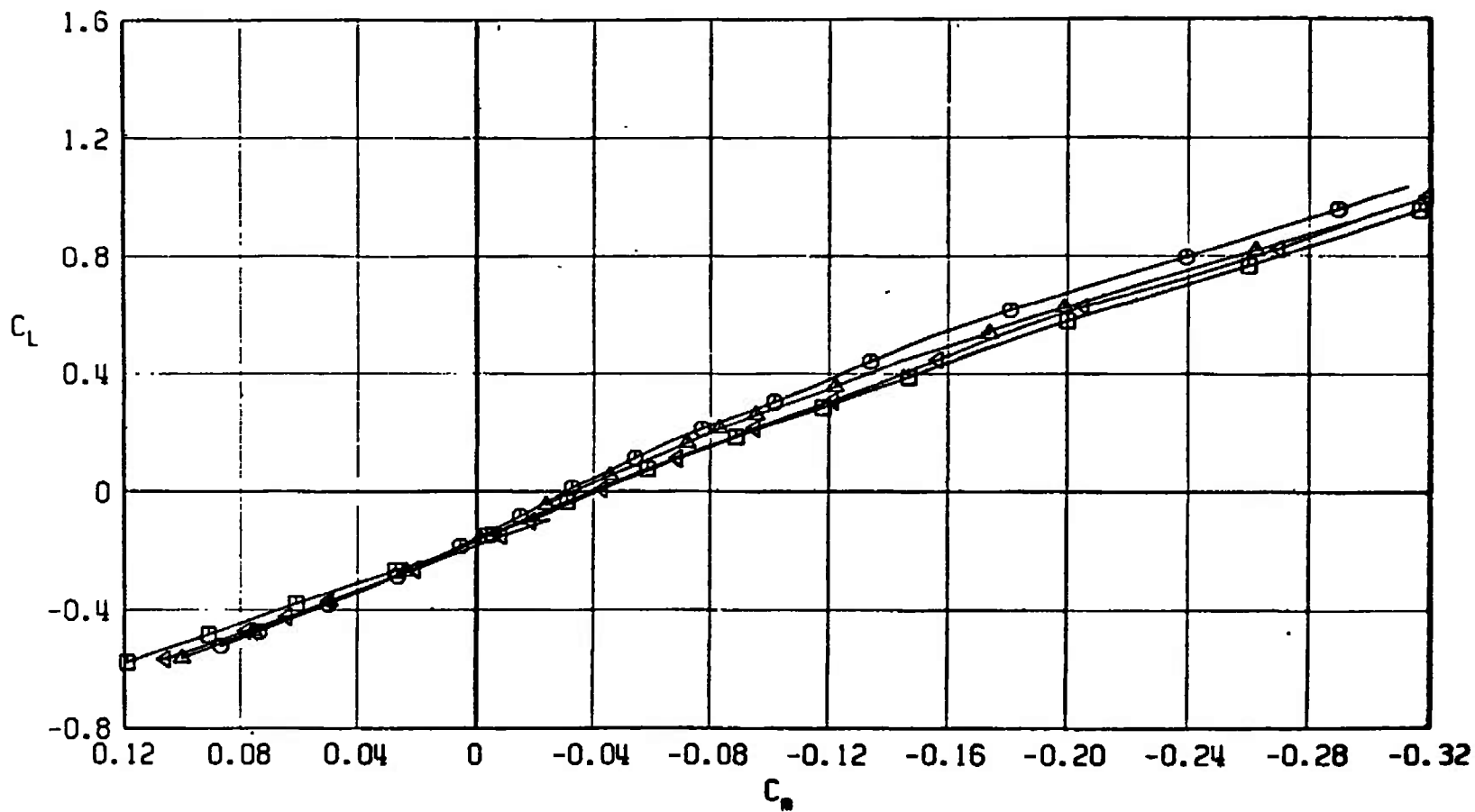
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
▽	A711

60



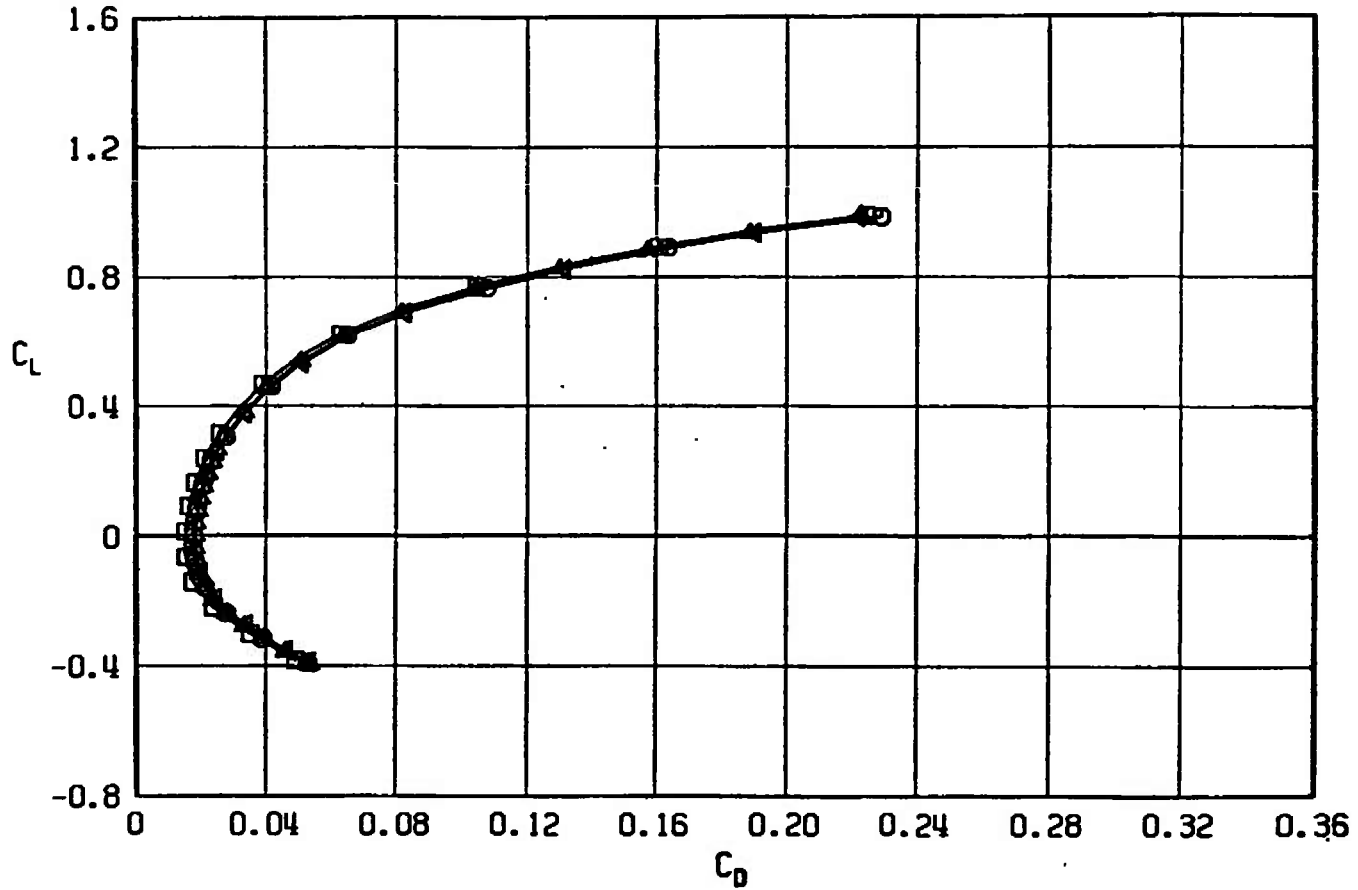
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 21 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
◀	A711



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 21 Concluded

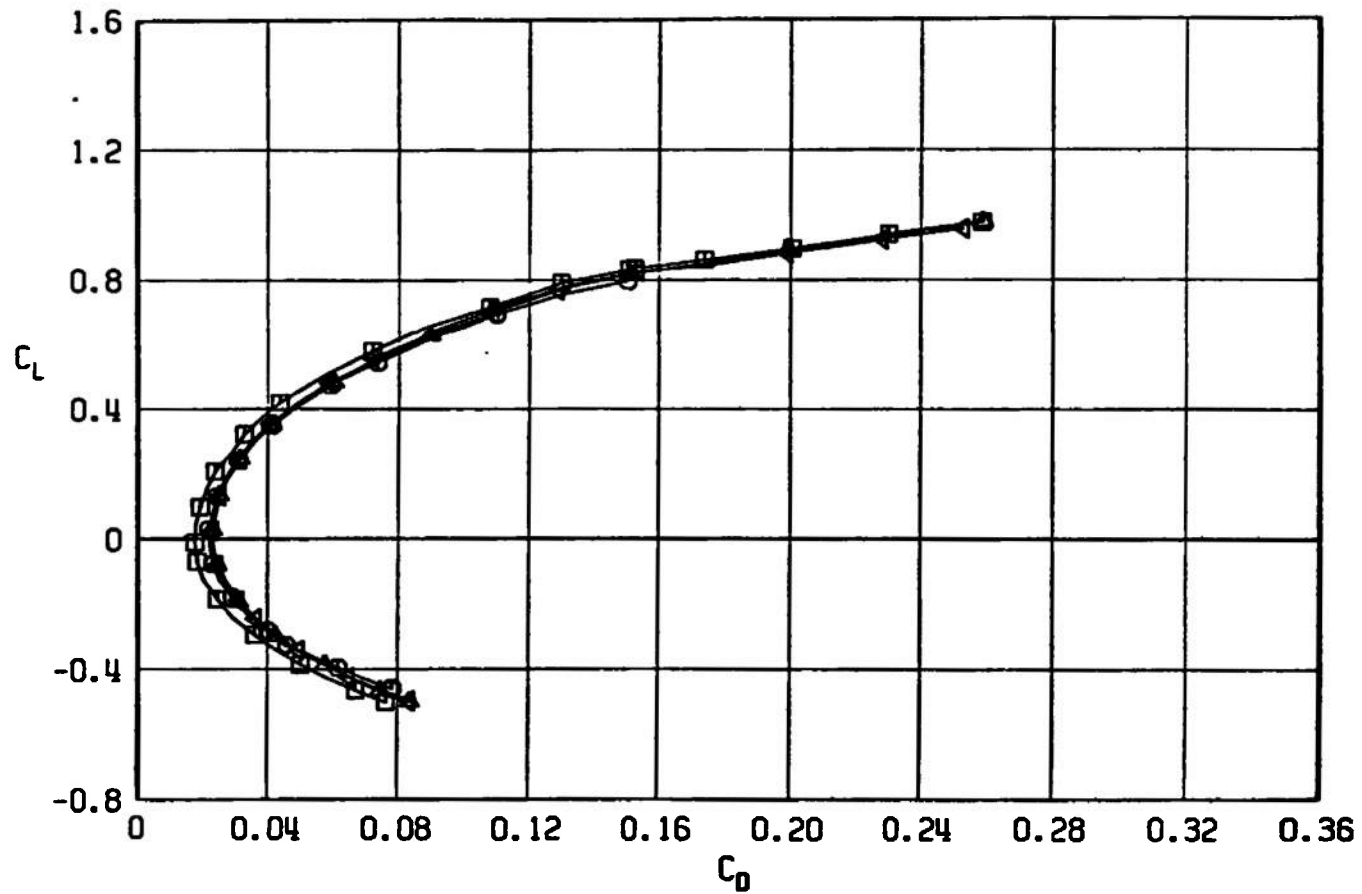
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
◀	A711



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

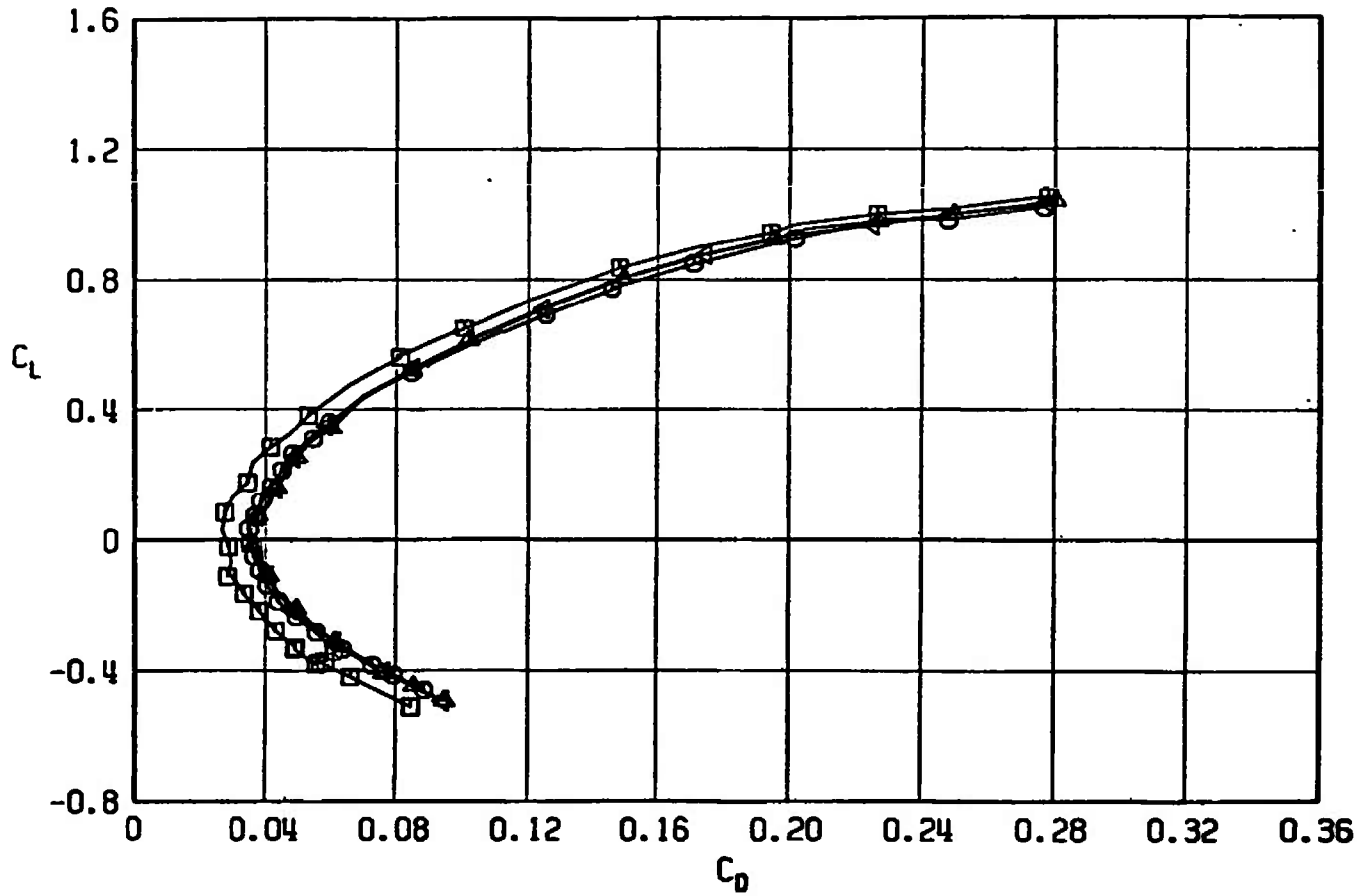
Fig. 22 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A711, A712, and A713

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
◄	A711



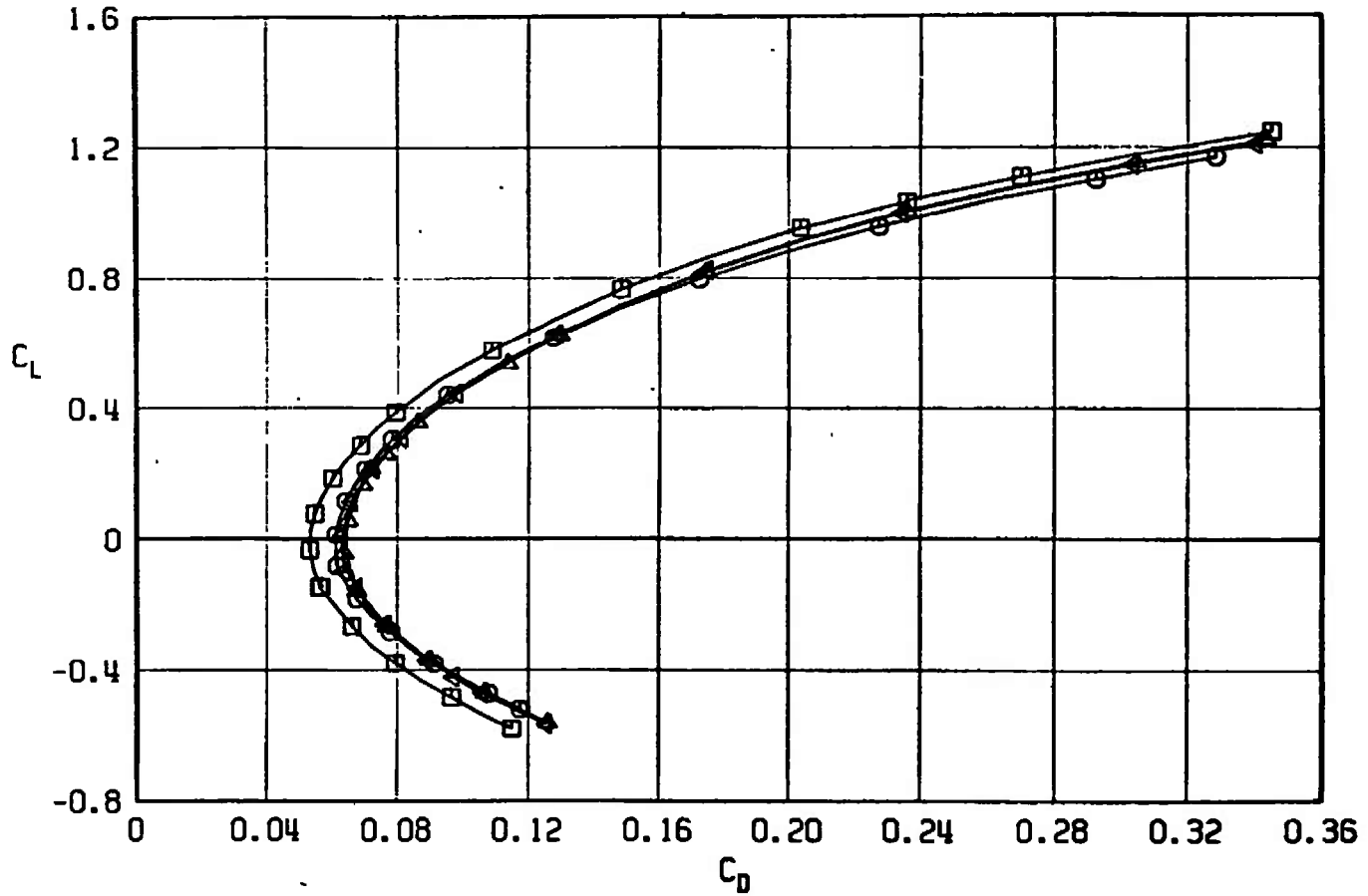
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 22 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
▽	A711



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 22 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
◄	A711



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 22 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A712
▽	A711

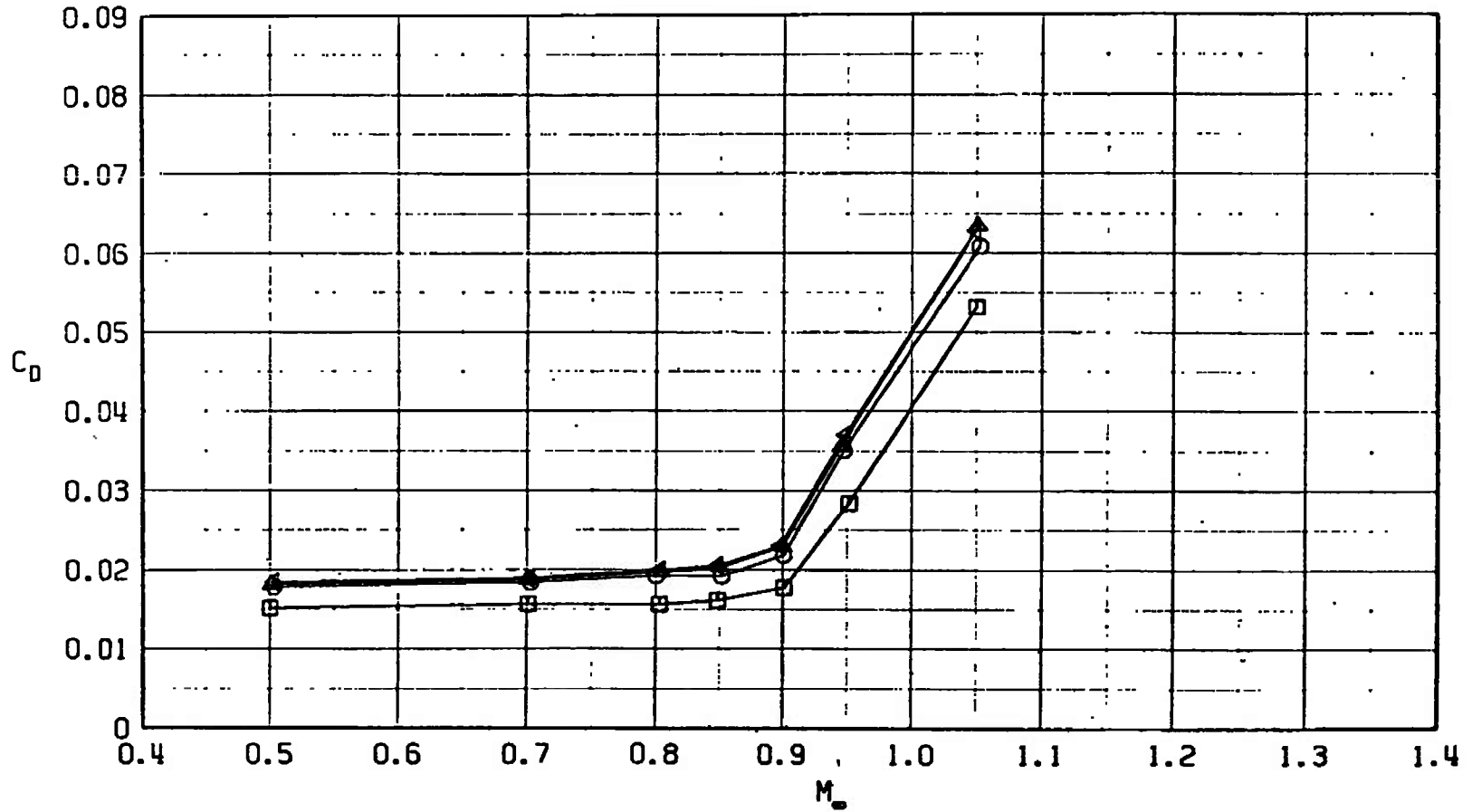
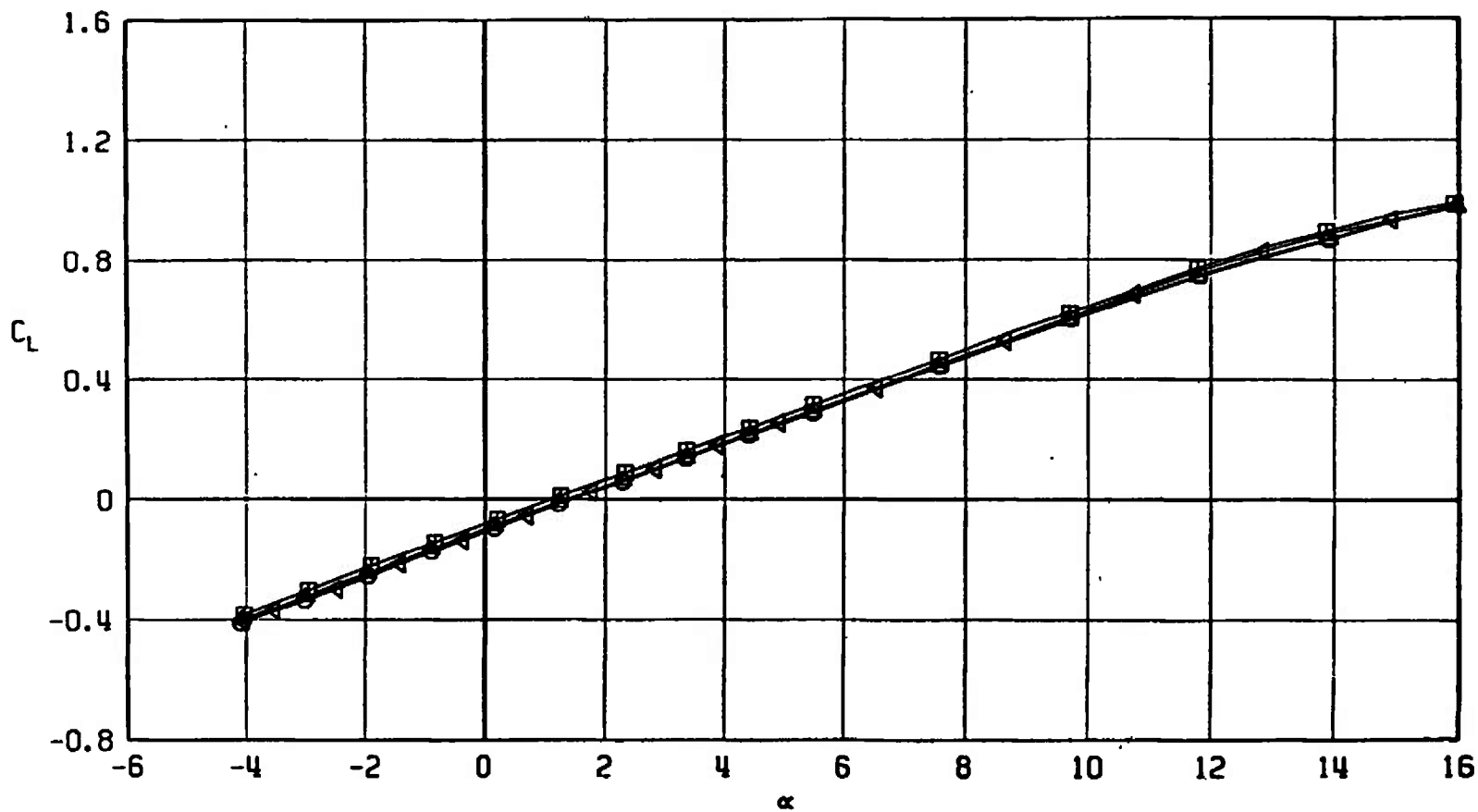


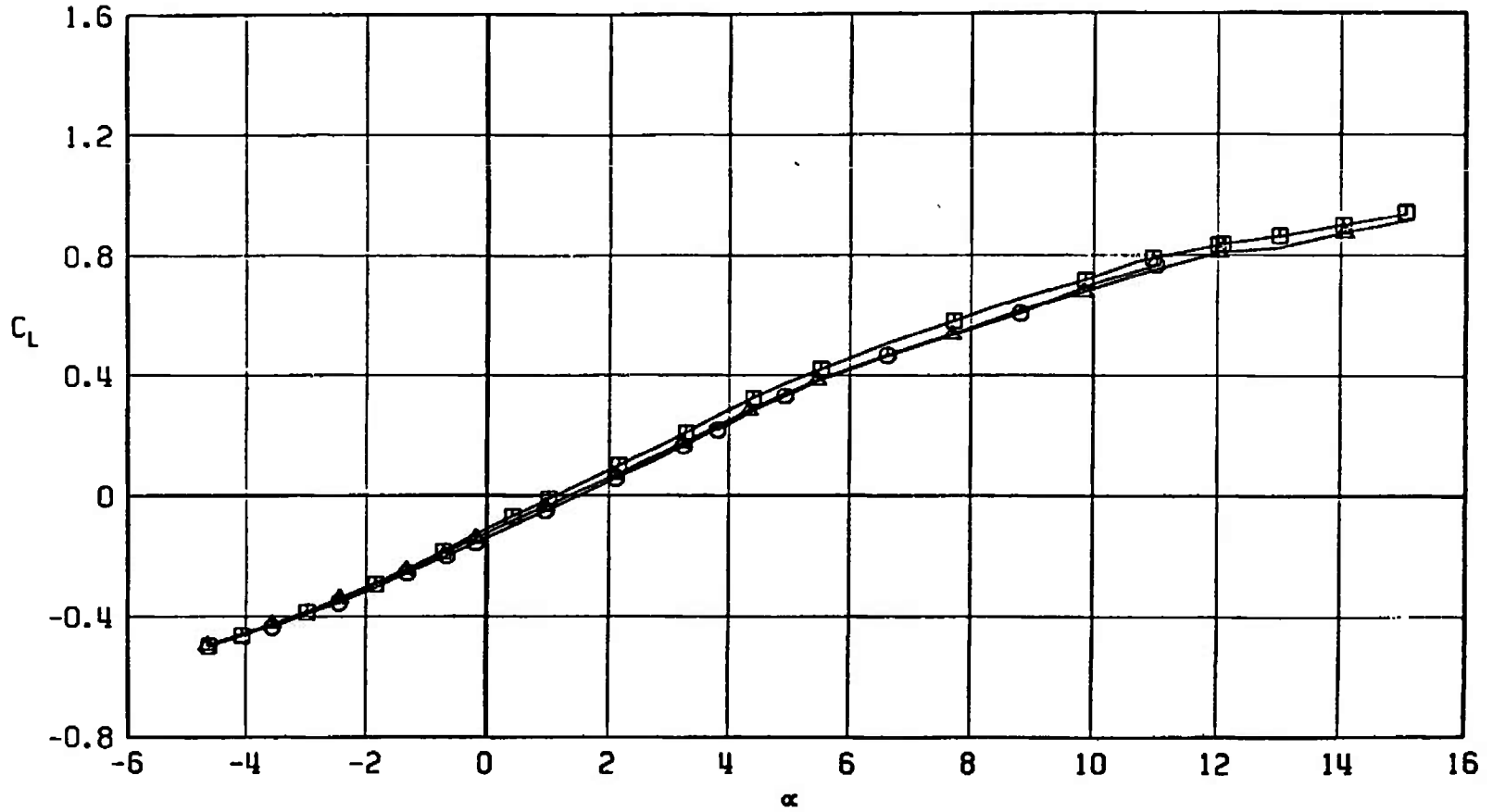
Fig. 23 Drag Coefficient Variaton with Mach Number at $C_L = 0$ for Configurations A701, A711, A712, and A713

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
◀	A707



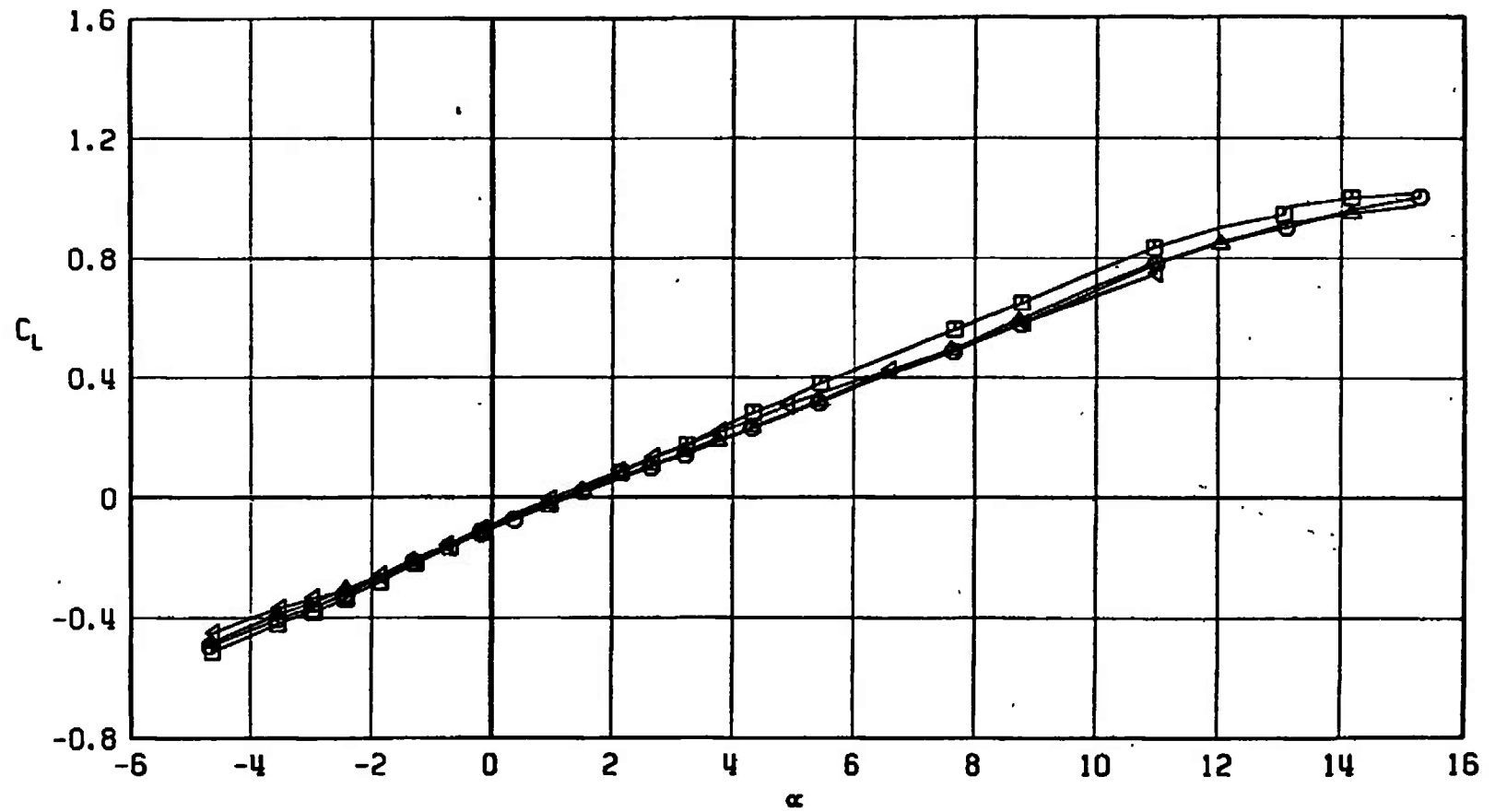
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$
 Fig. 24 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations A701, A705, A706, and A707

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705



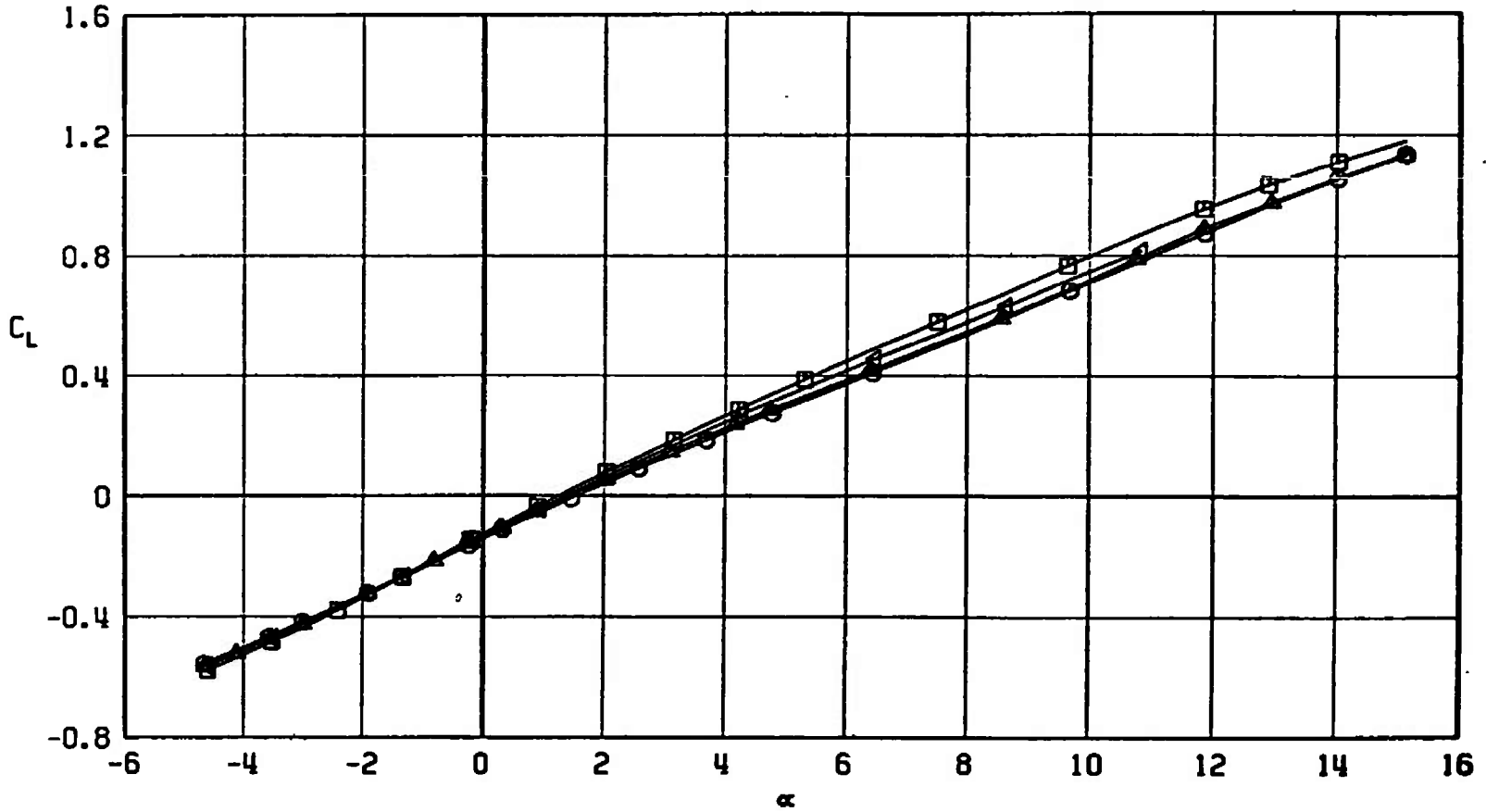
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 24 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
◀	A707



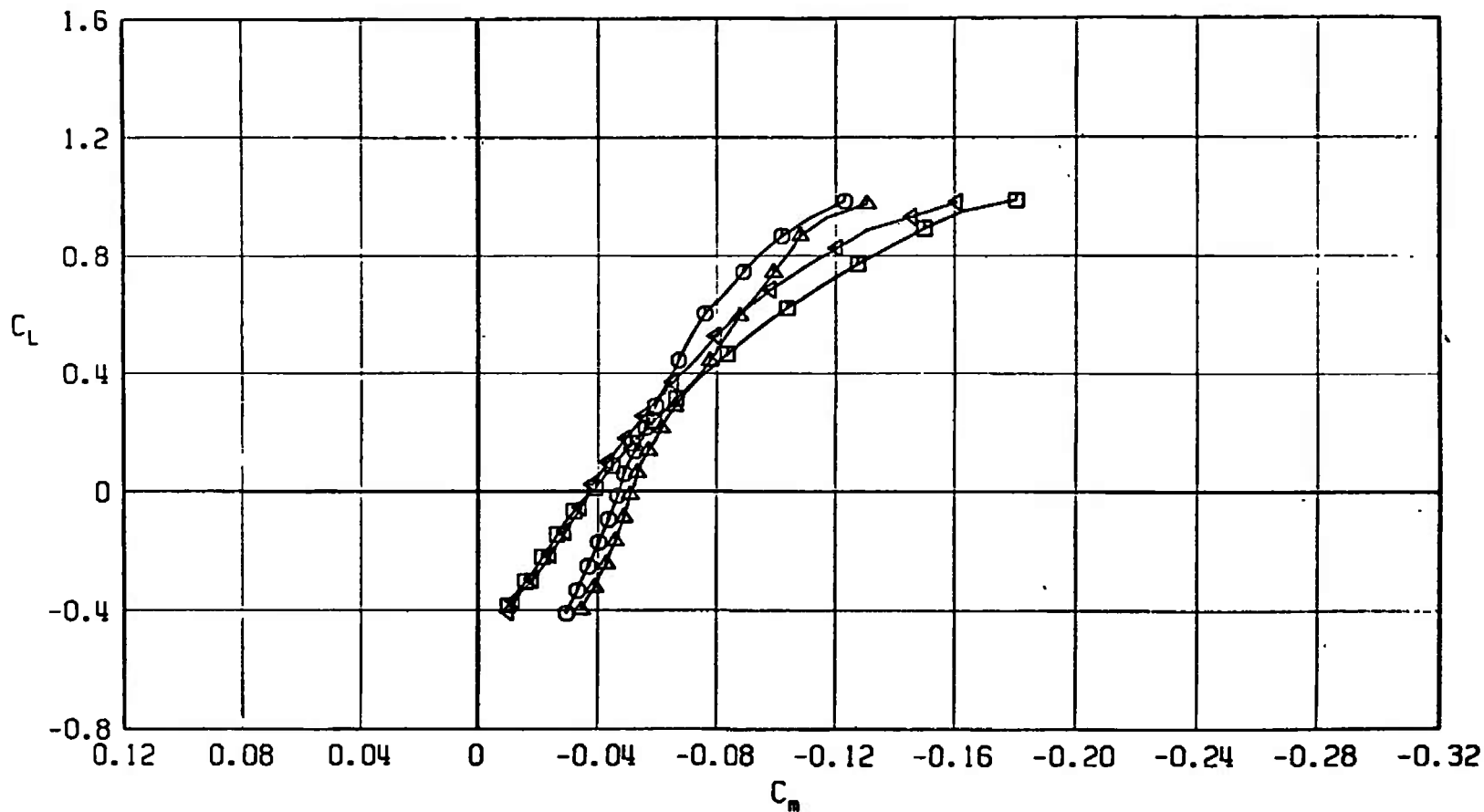
$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 24 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
◀	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 24 Concluded

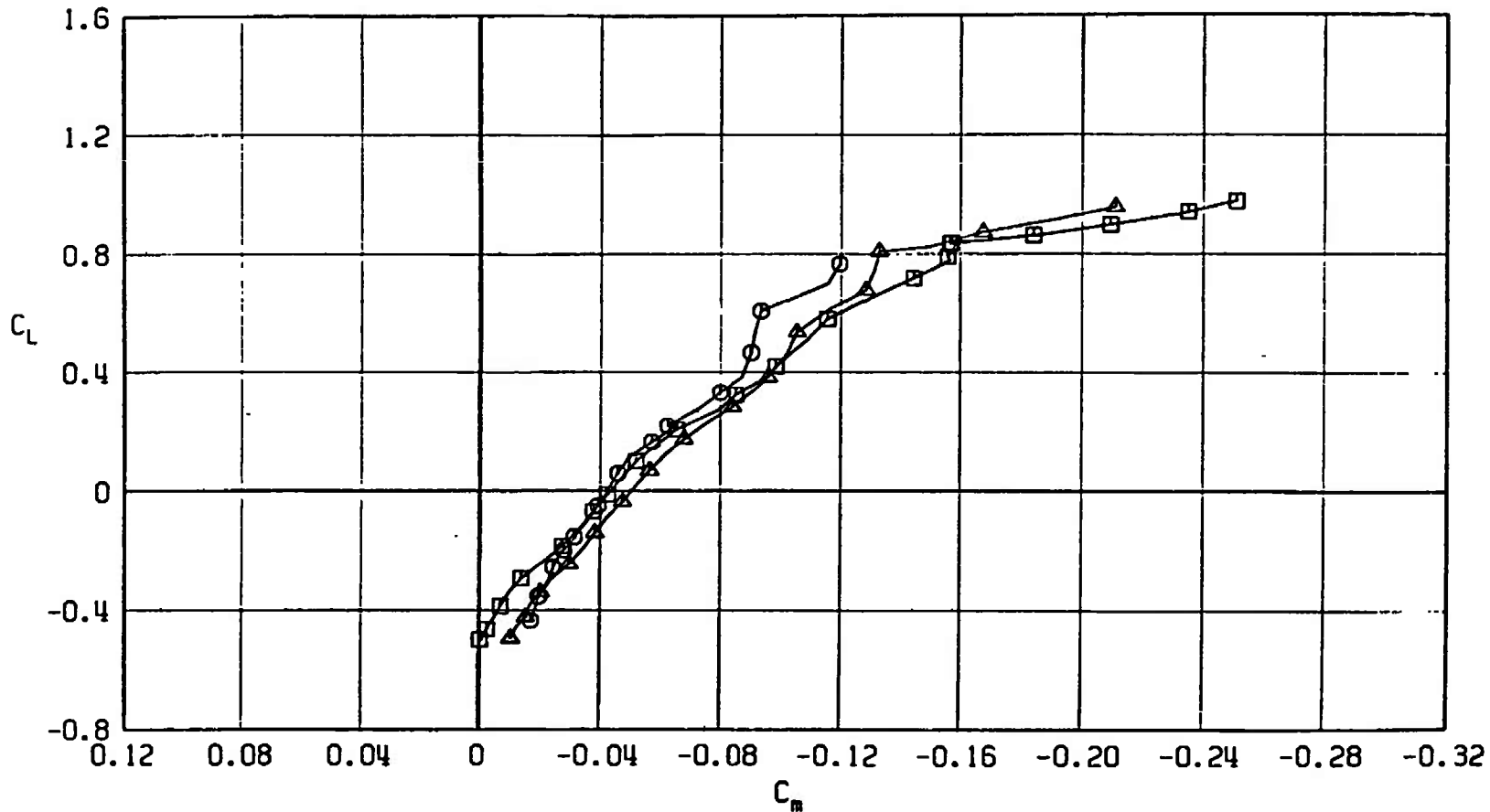
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
◀	A707



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

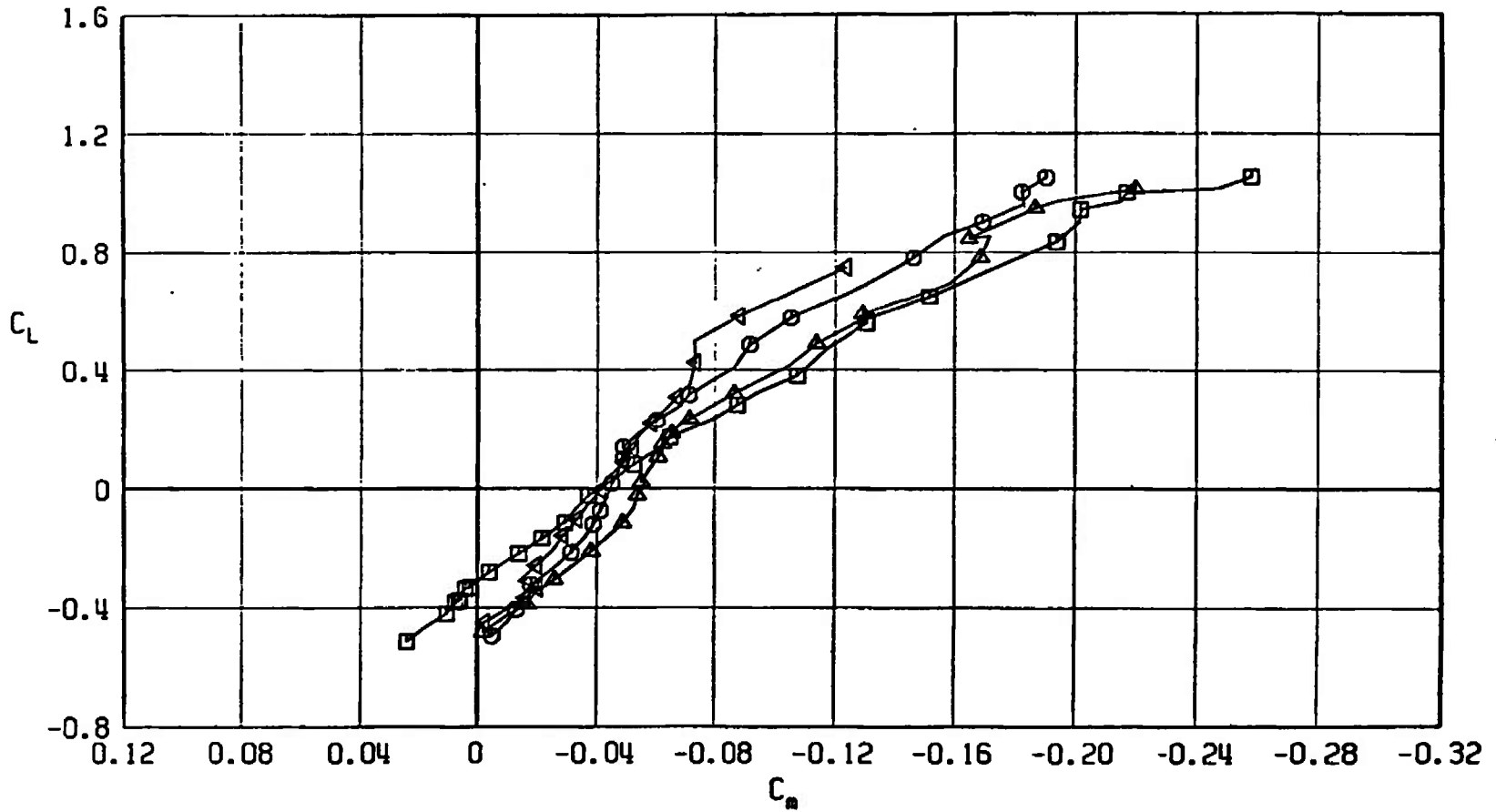
Fig. 25 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variaton with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A705, A706, and A707

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705



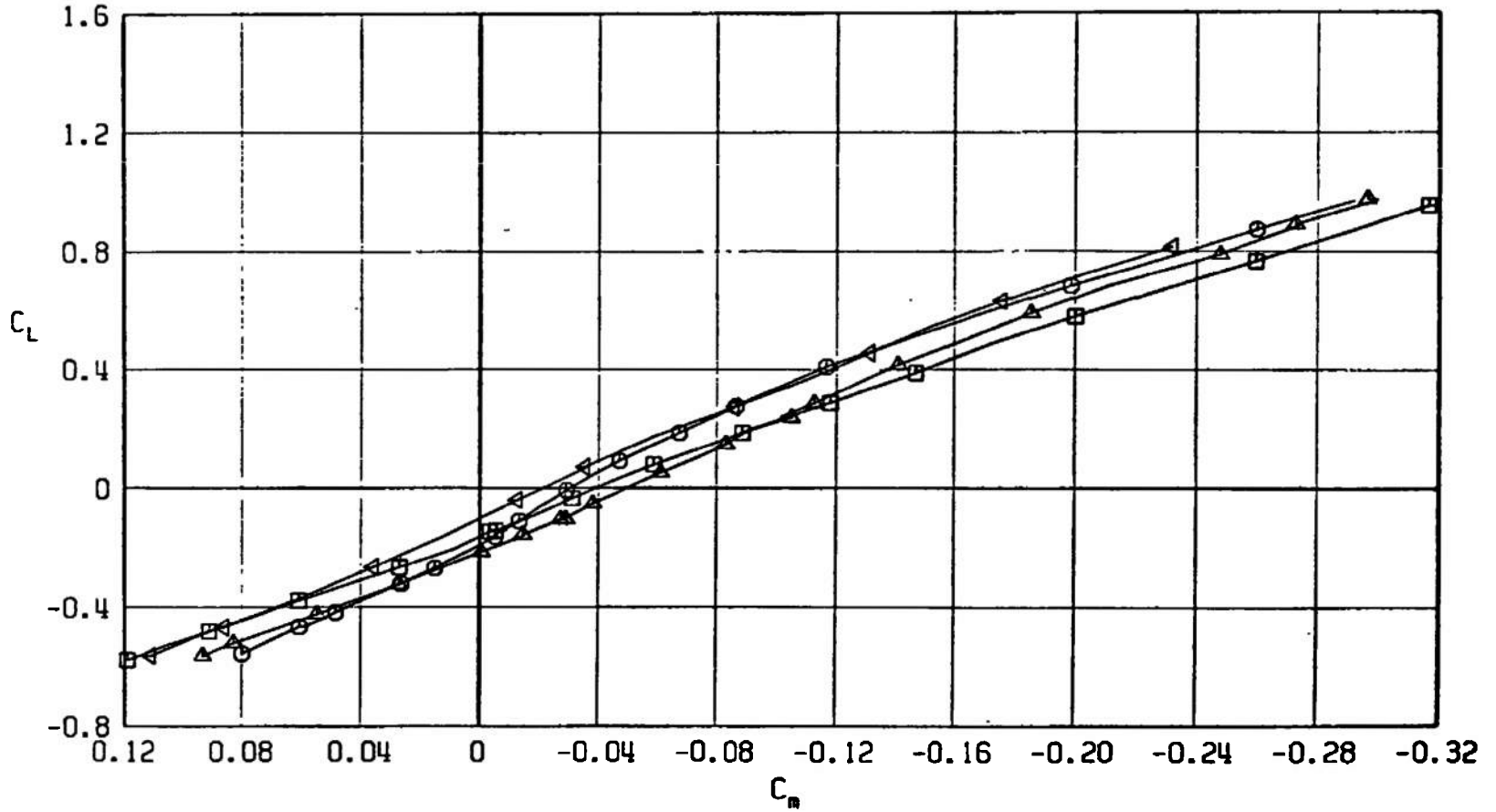
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 25 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
◄	A707



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 25 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
▽	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 25 Concluded

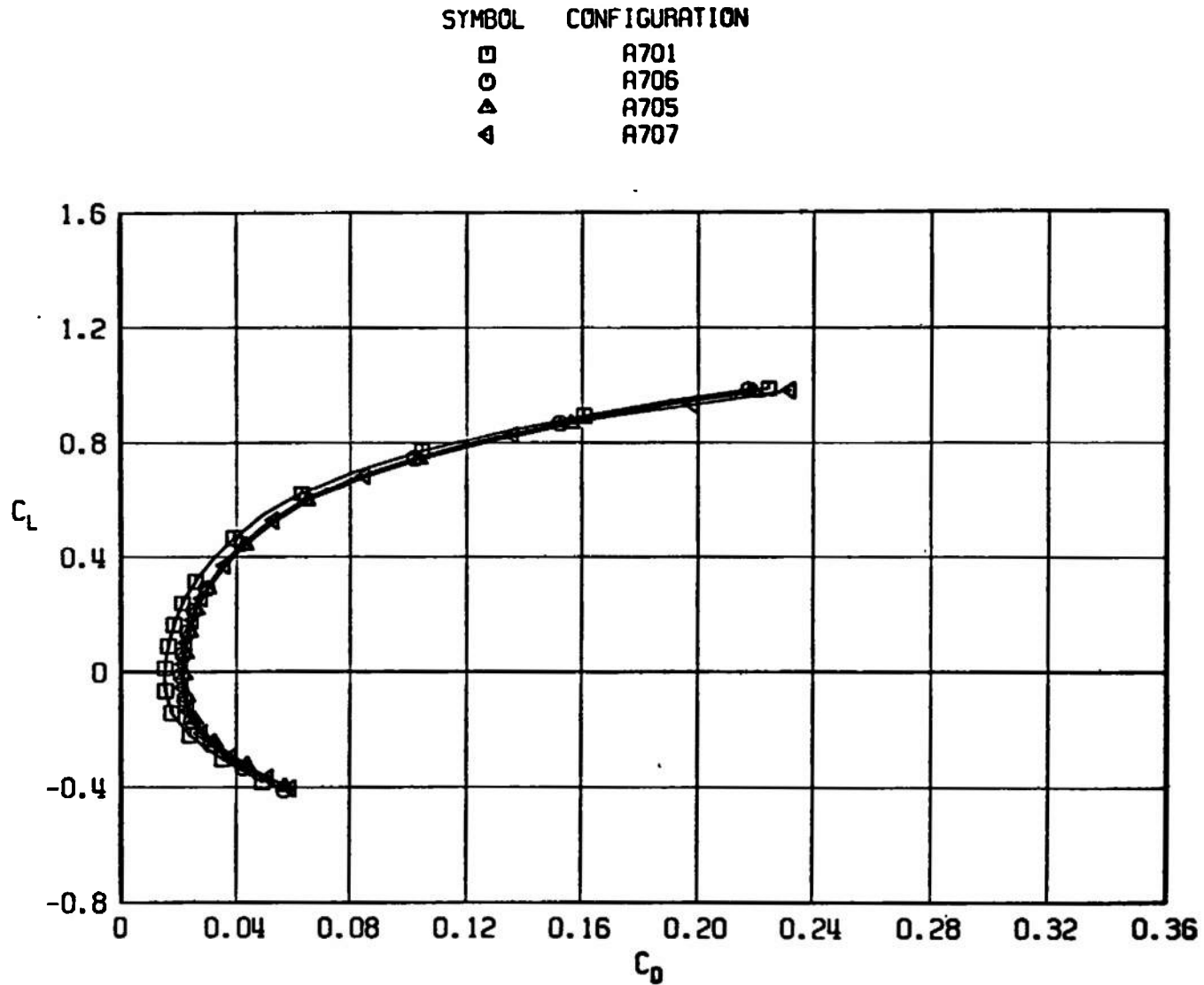
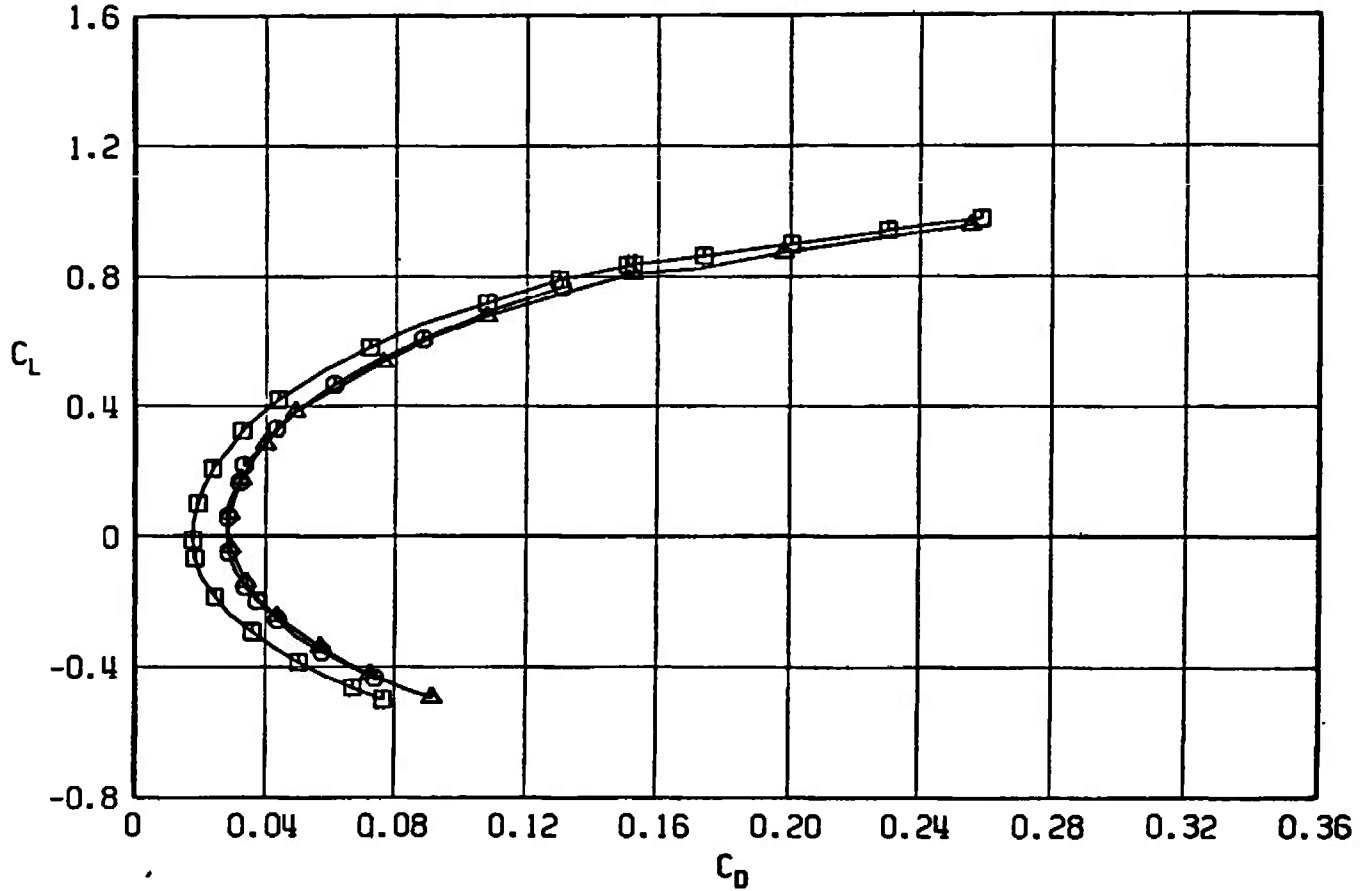
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

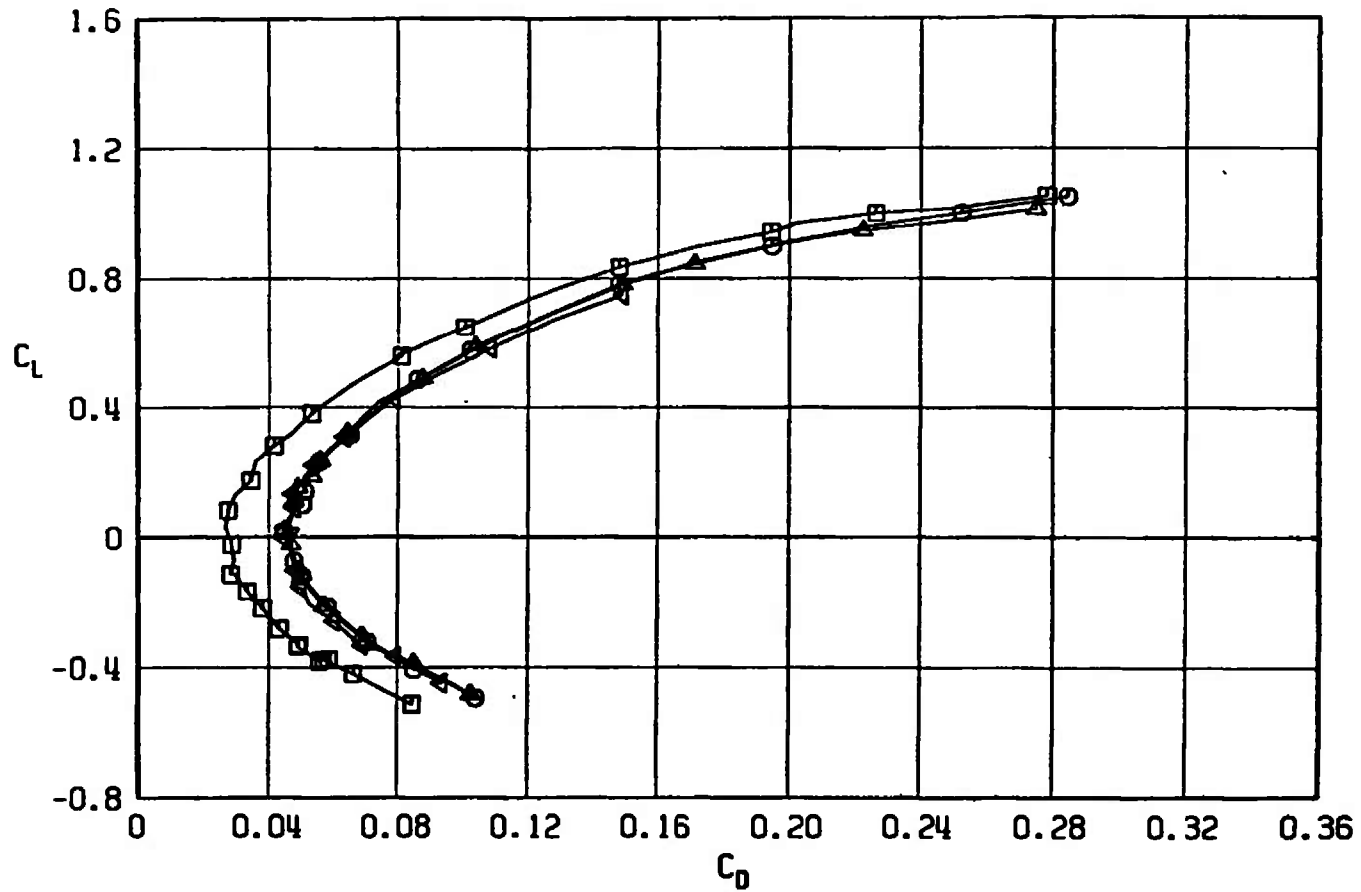
Fig. 26 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A705, A706, and A707

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705



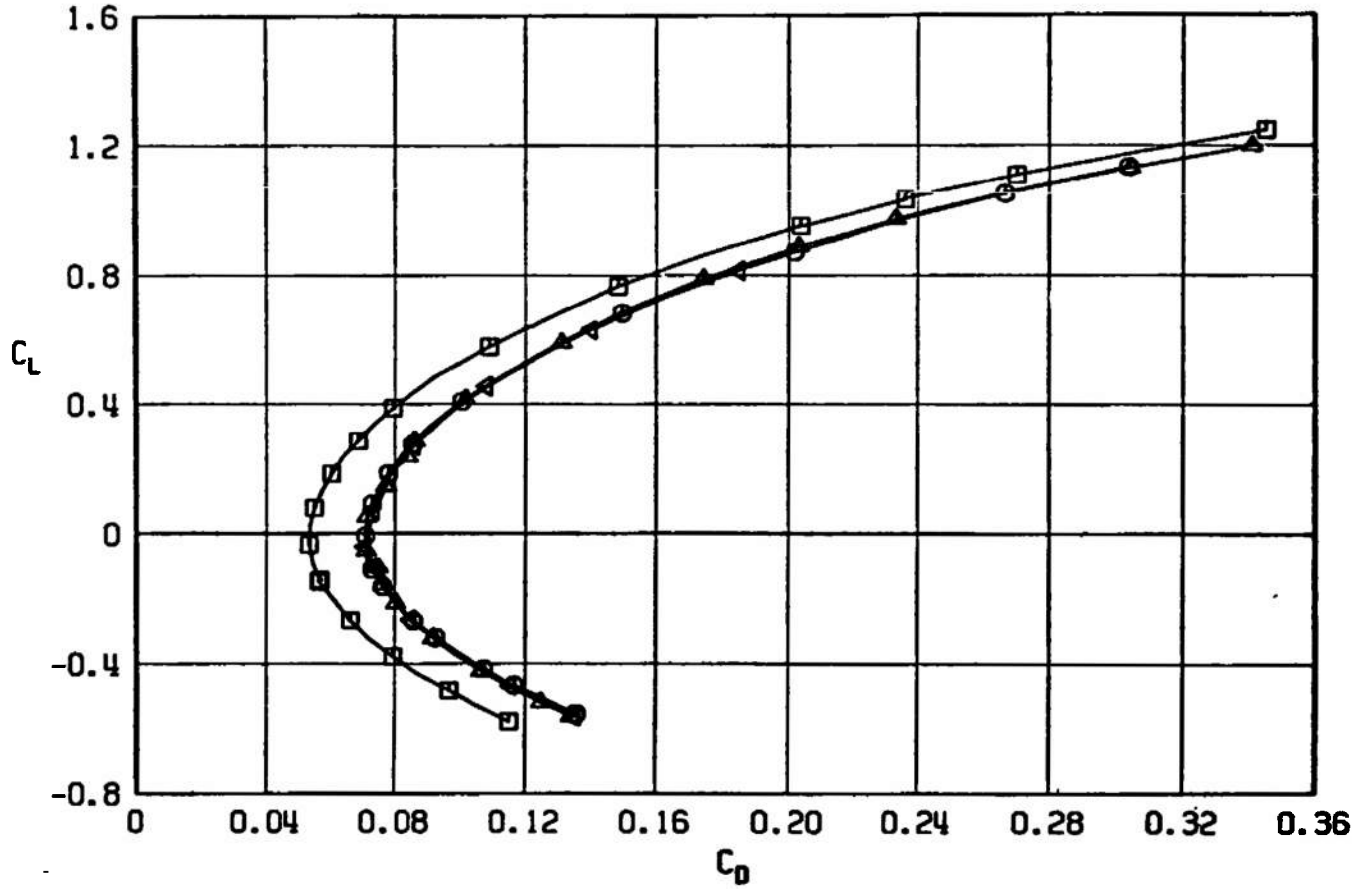
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 26 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
▽	A707



$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 26 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A706
△	A705
◀	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 26 Concluded

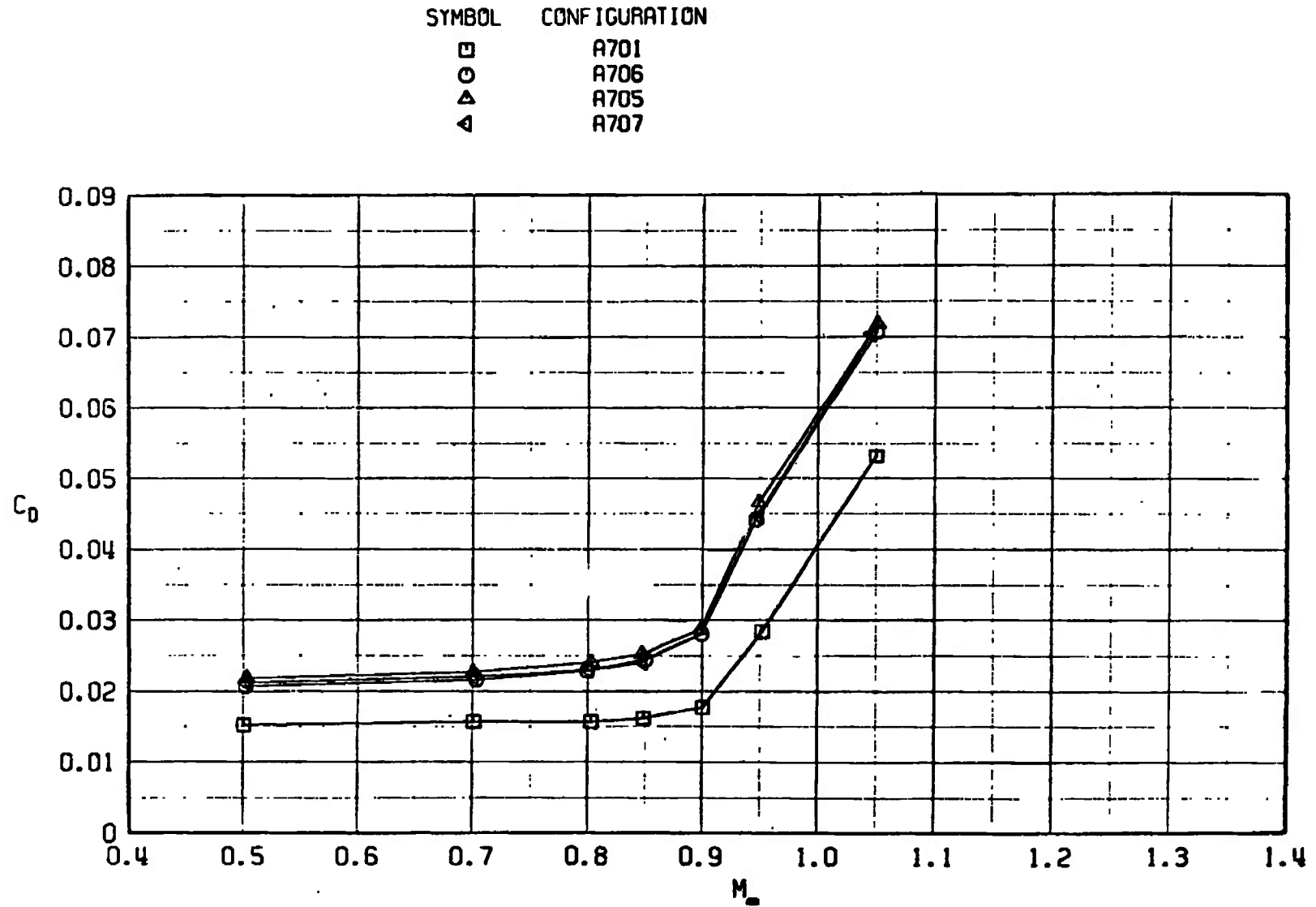
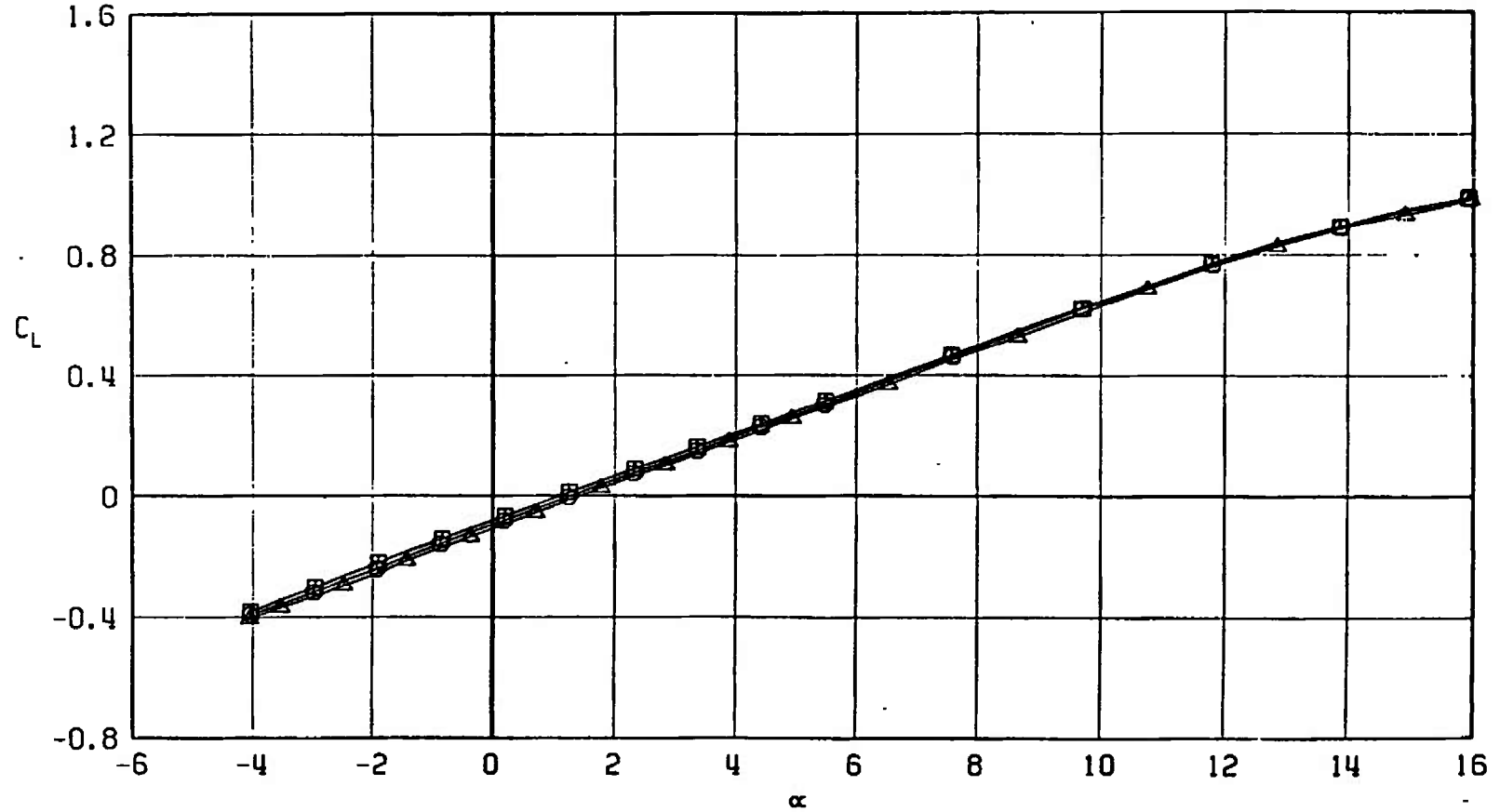


Fig. 27 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0$ for Configurations A701, A705, A706, and A707

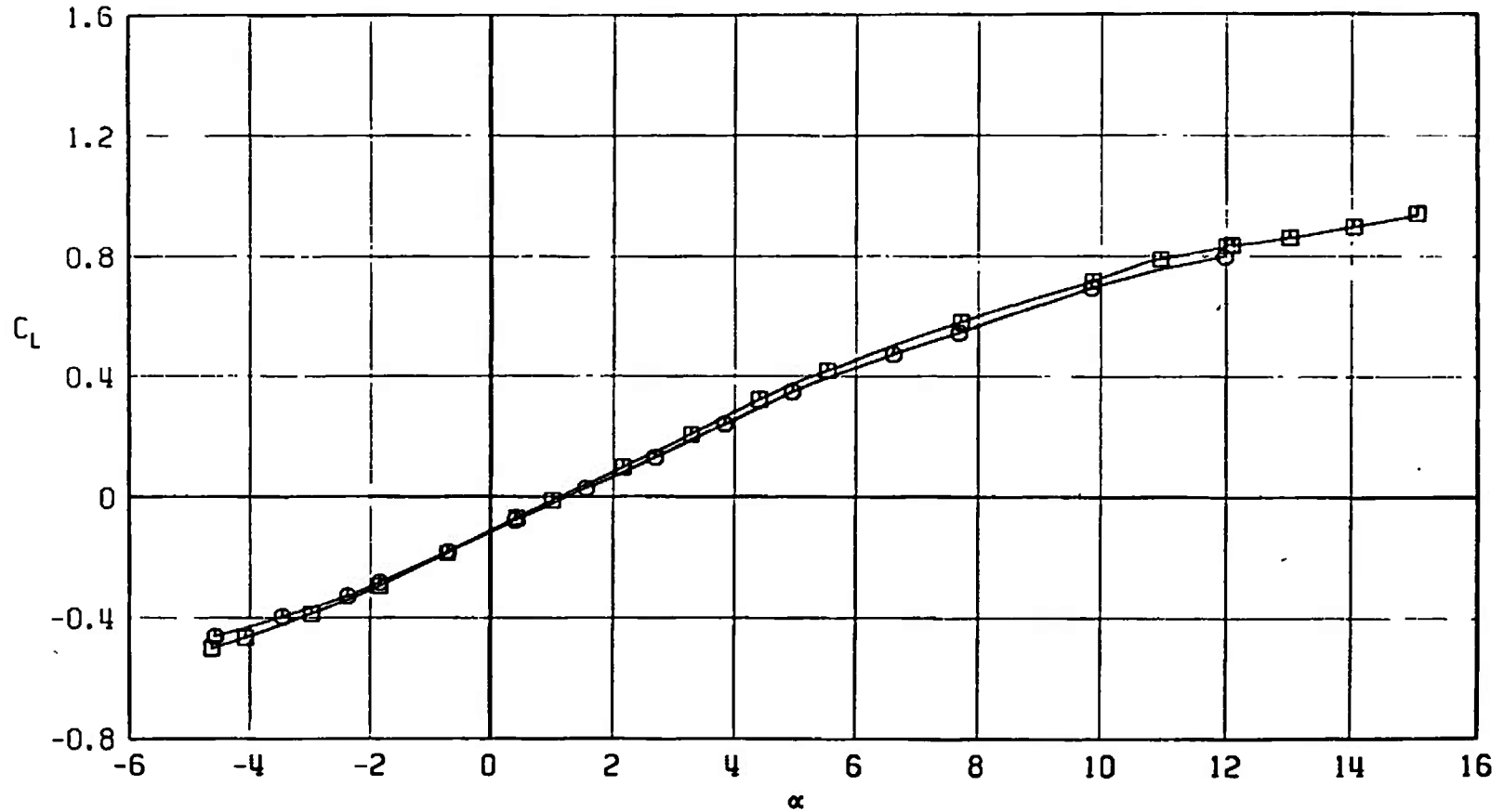
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

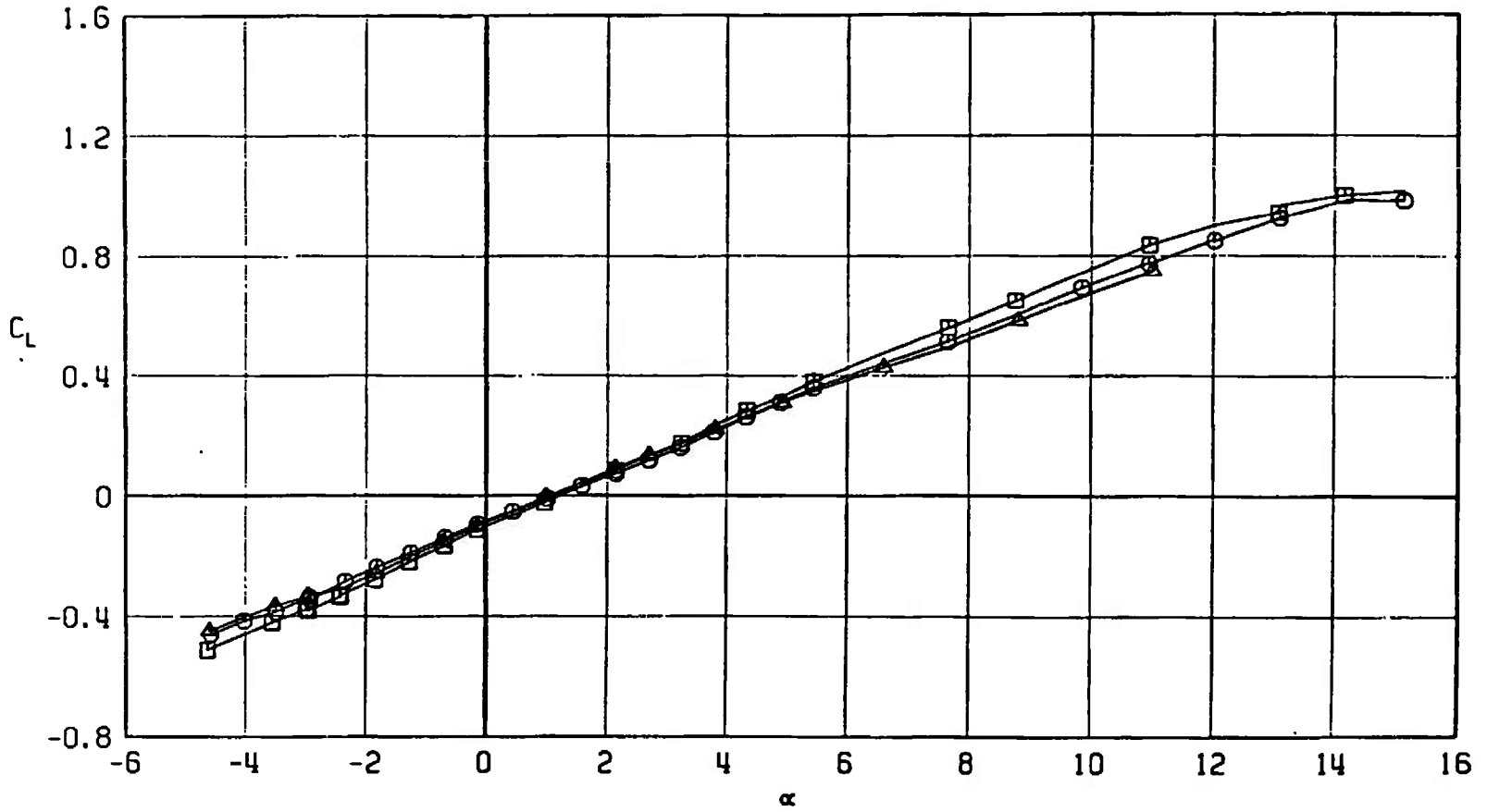
Fig. 28 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations A701, A707, and A713

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713



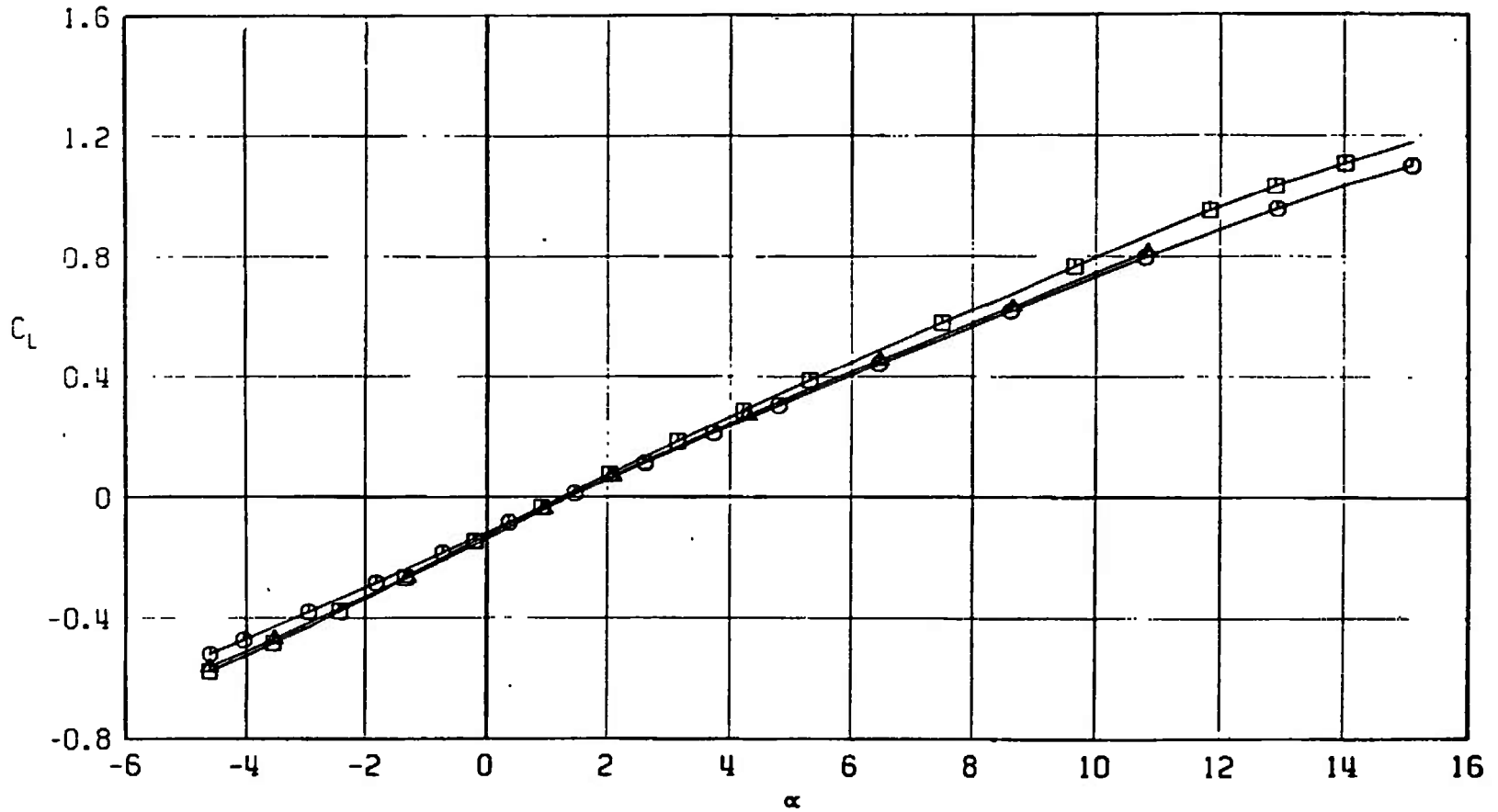
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 28 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



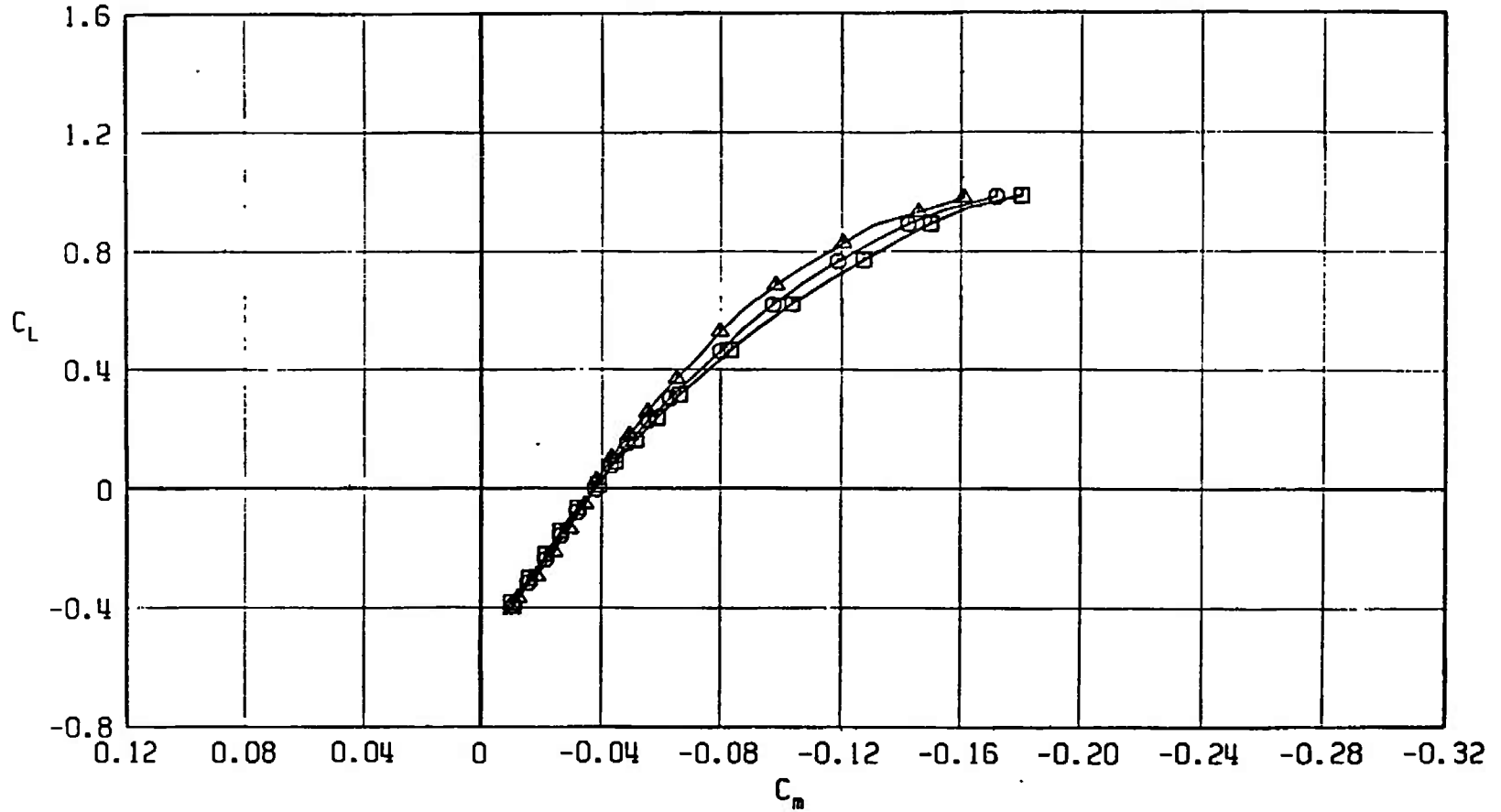
$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 28 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 28 Concluded

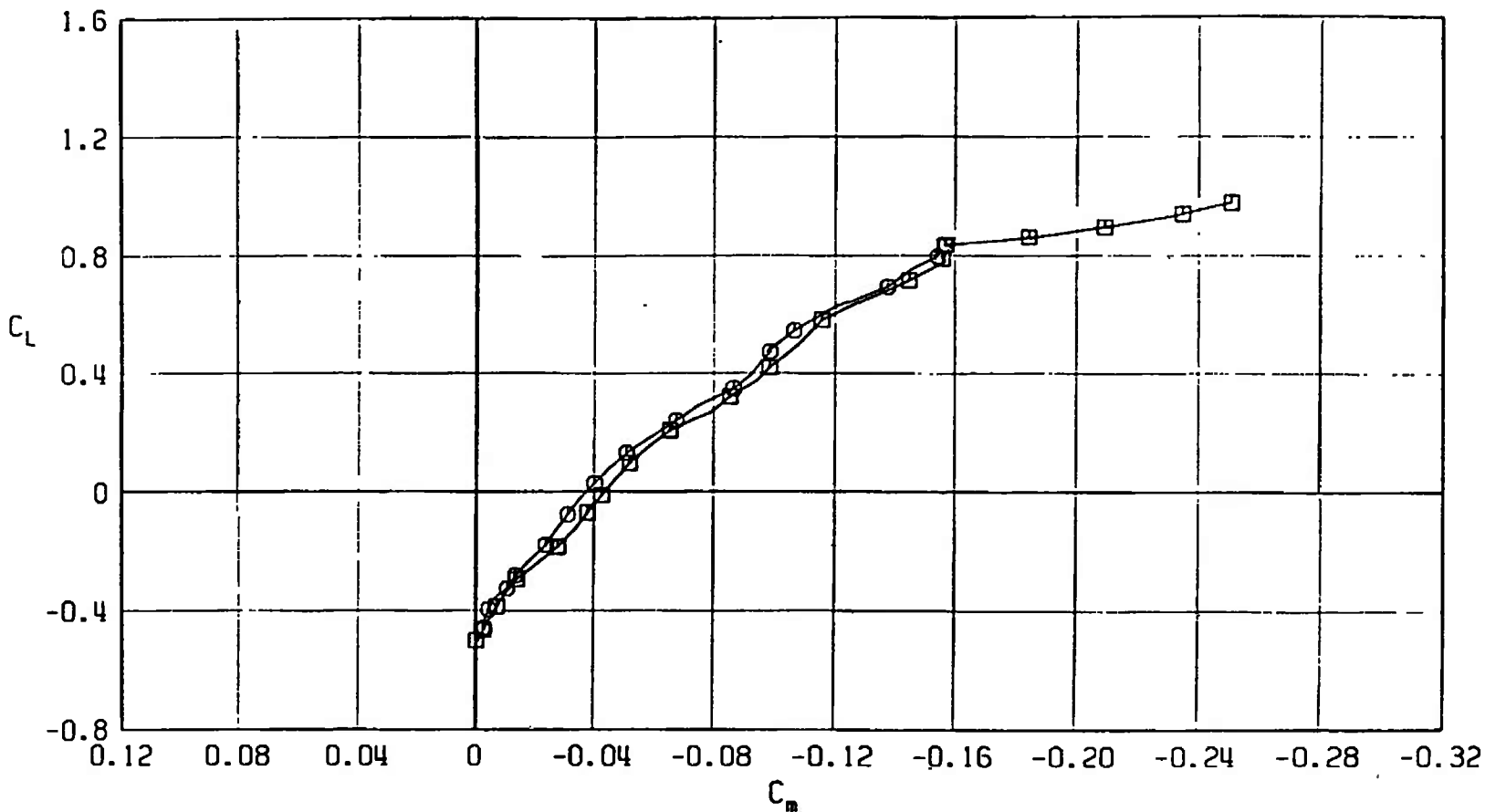
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

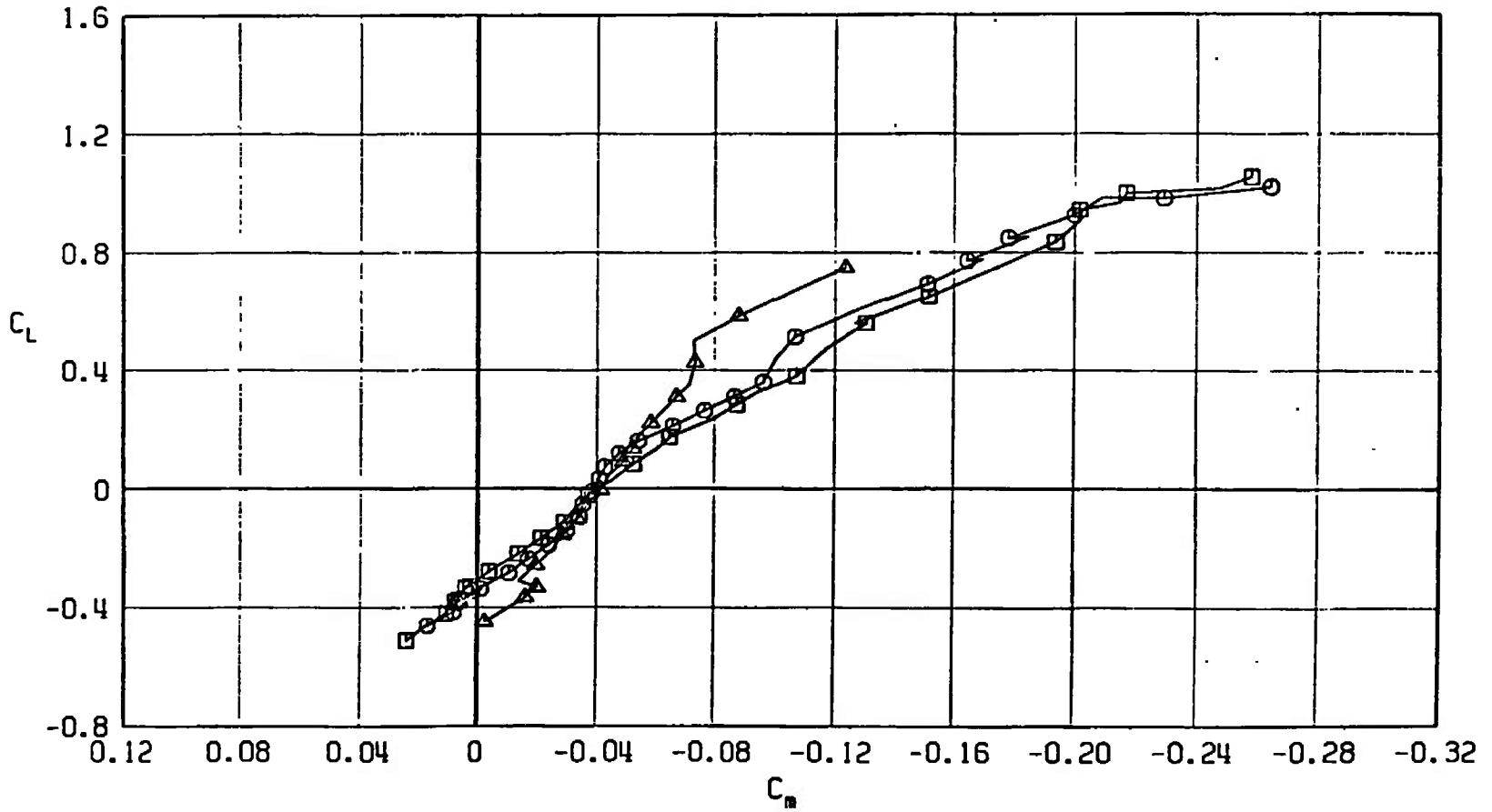
Fig. 29 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A707, and A713

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713



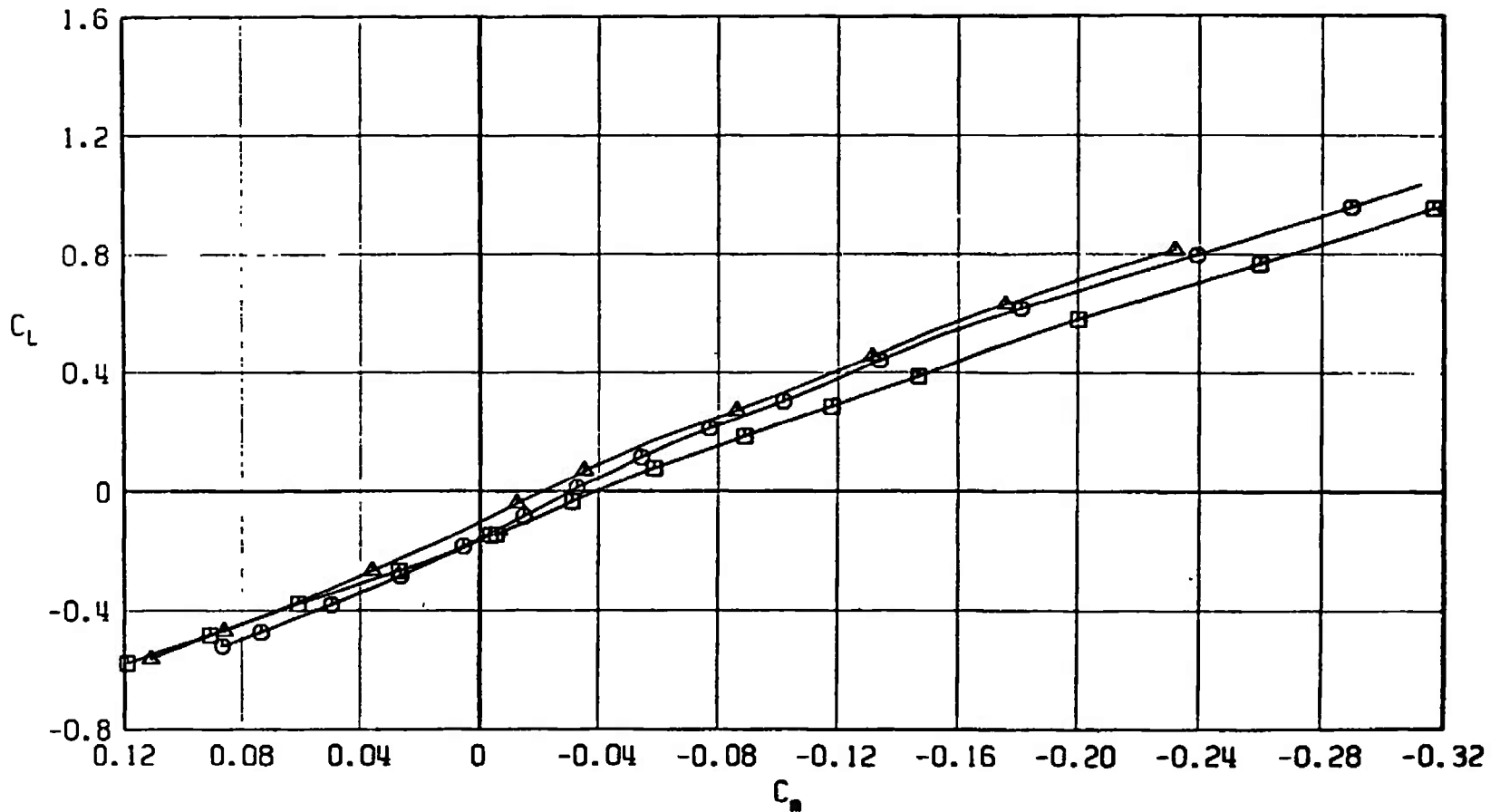
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 29 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



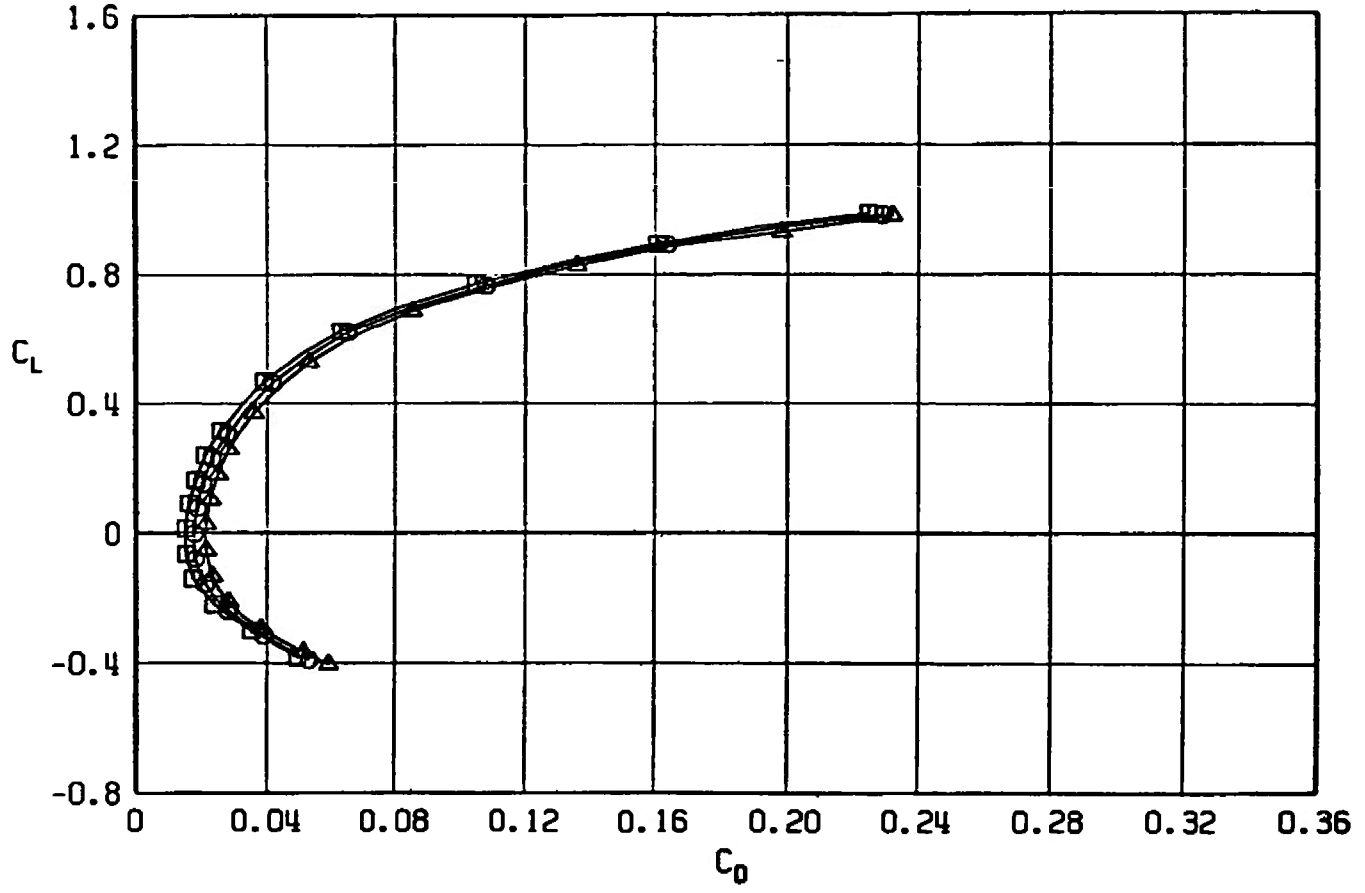
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 29 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



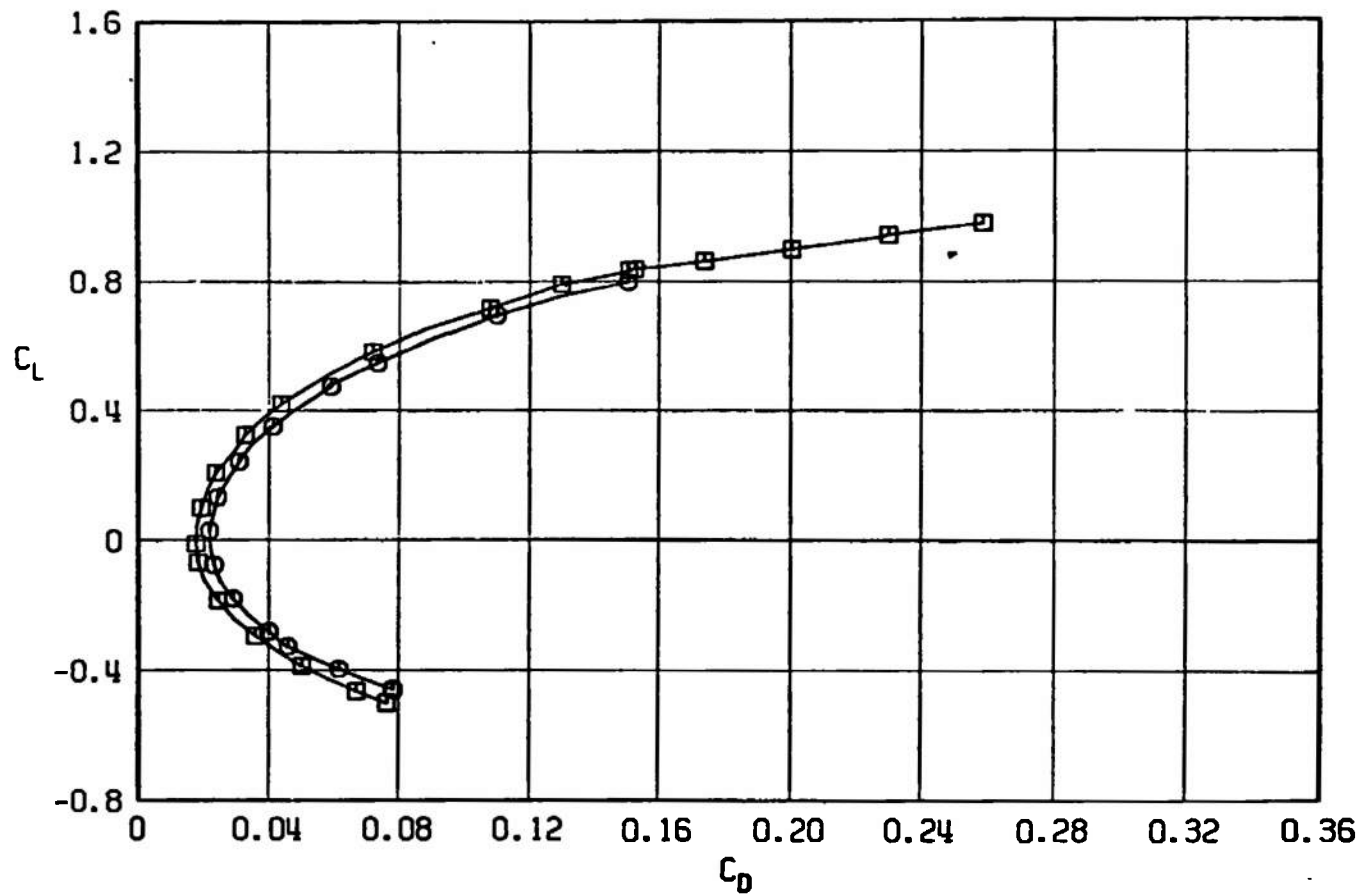
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 29 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



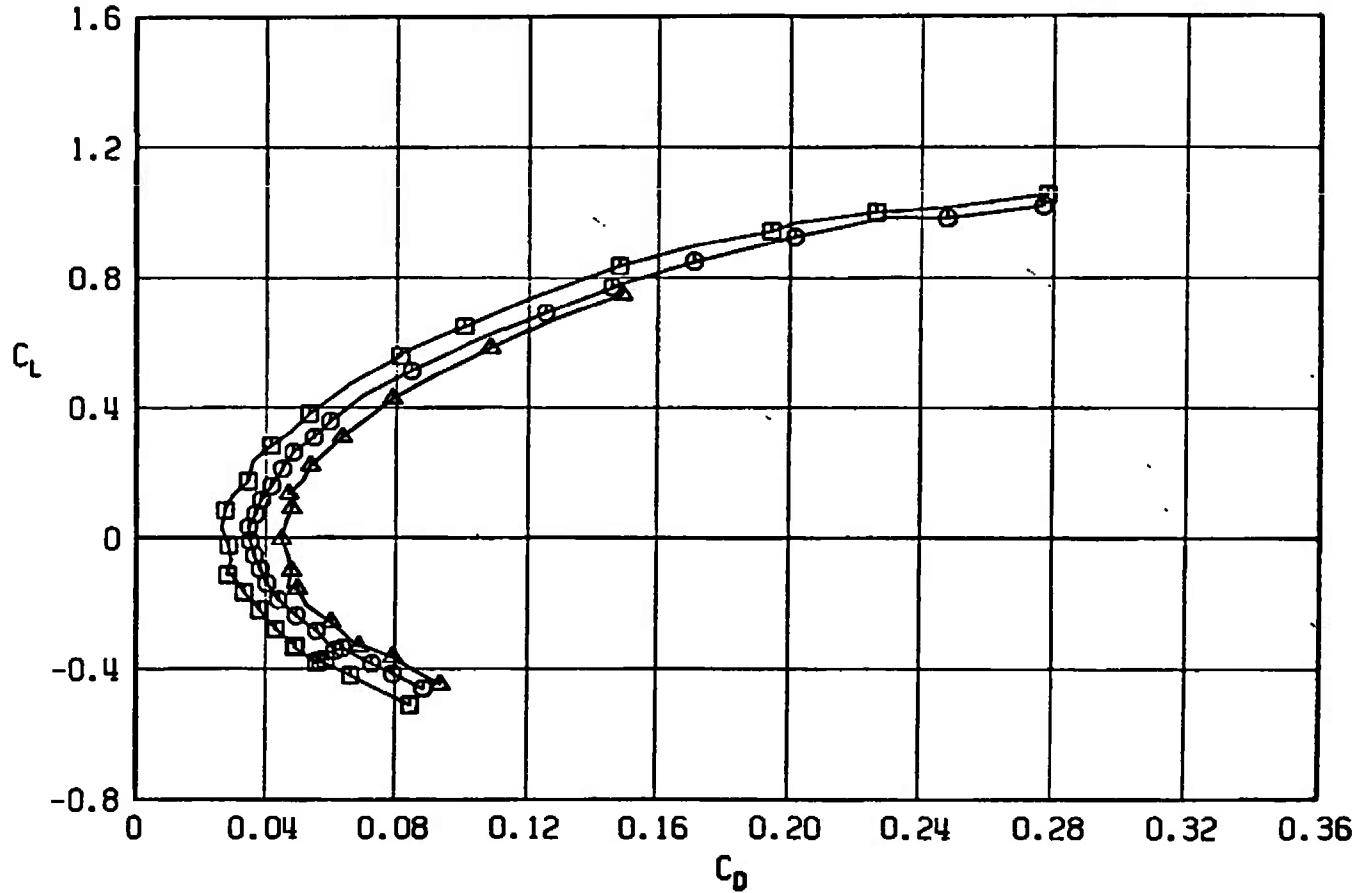
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$
Fig. 30 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations A701, A707, and A713

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713



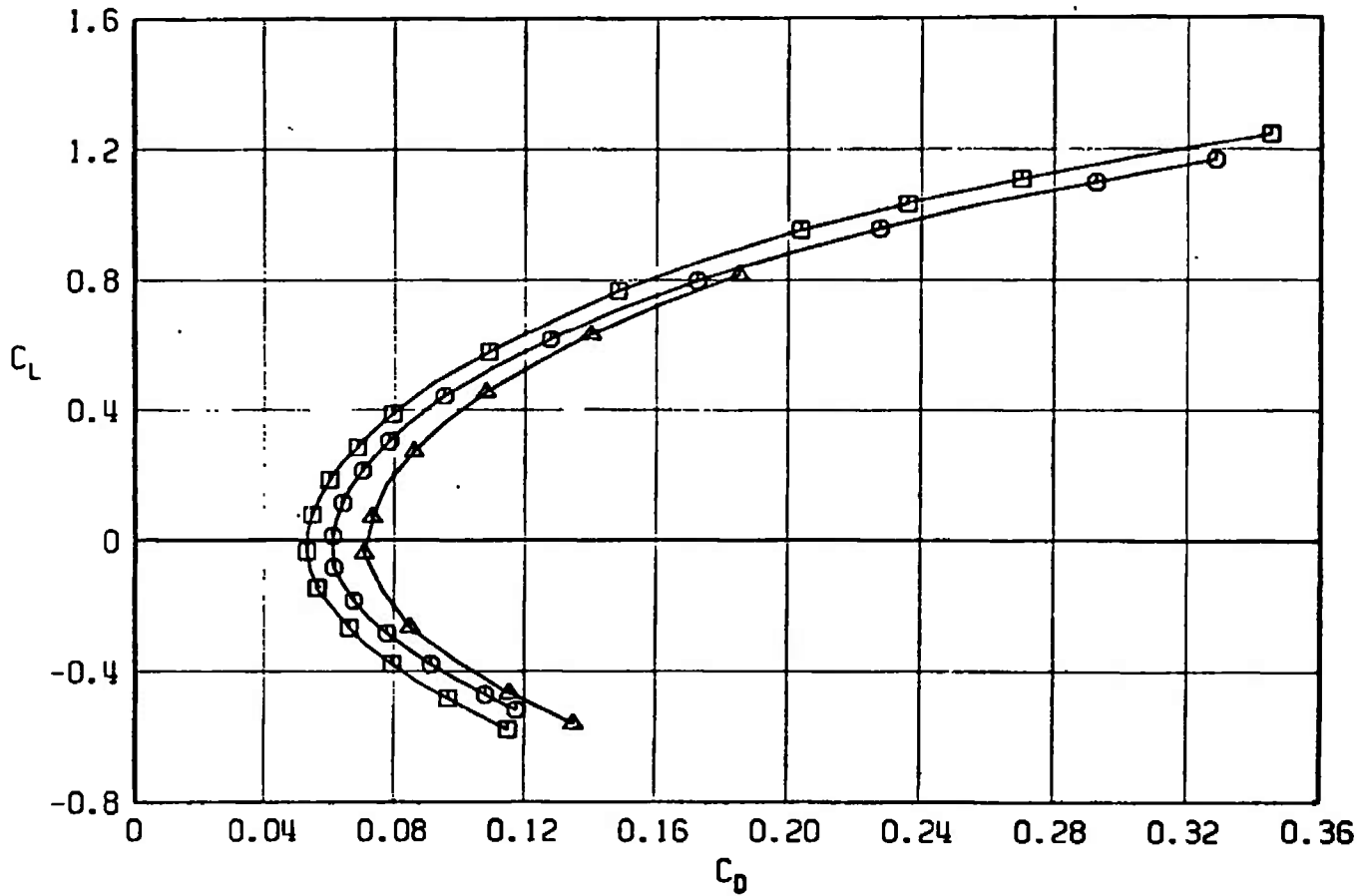
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 30 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 30 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 30 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	A701
○	A713
△	A707

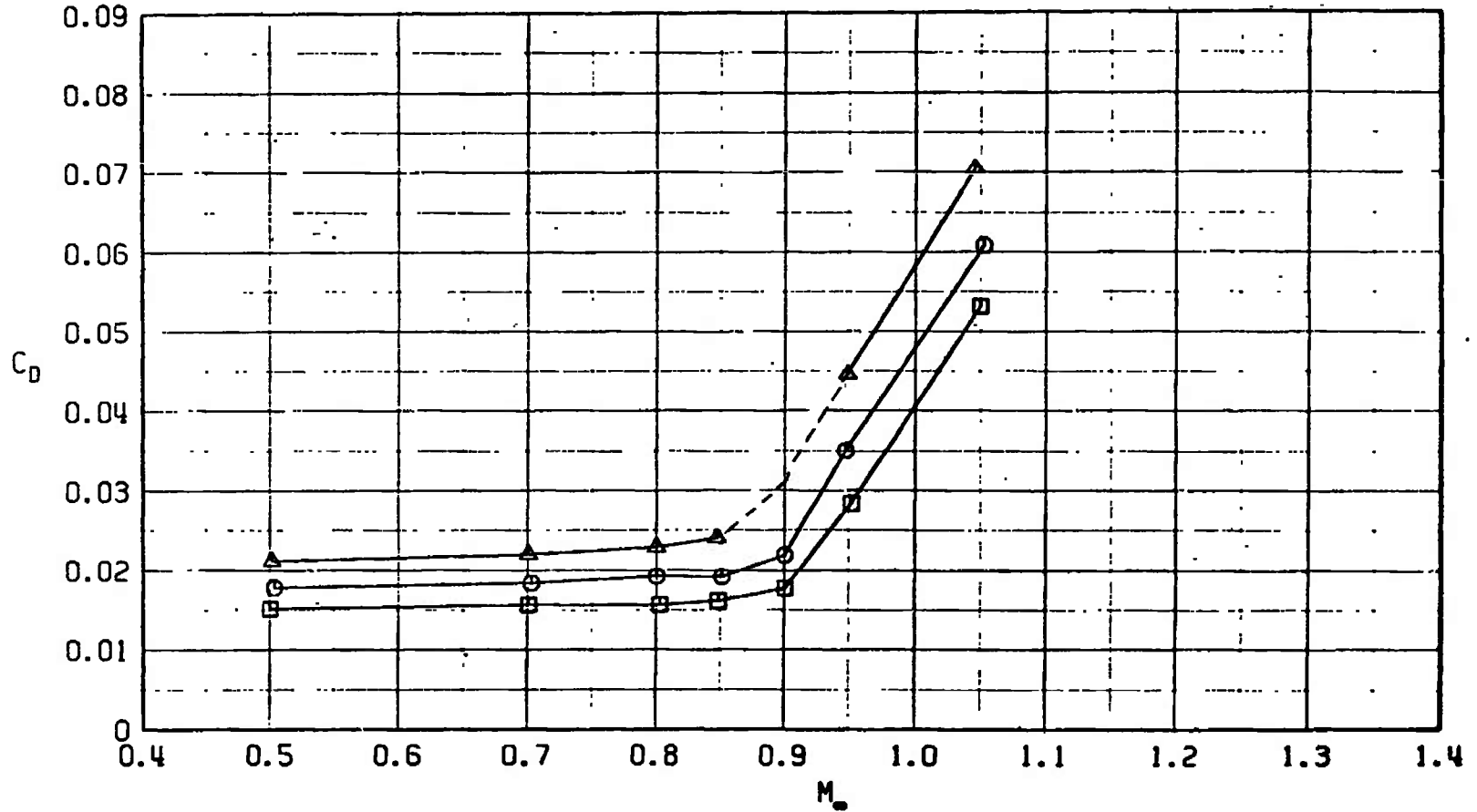
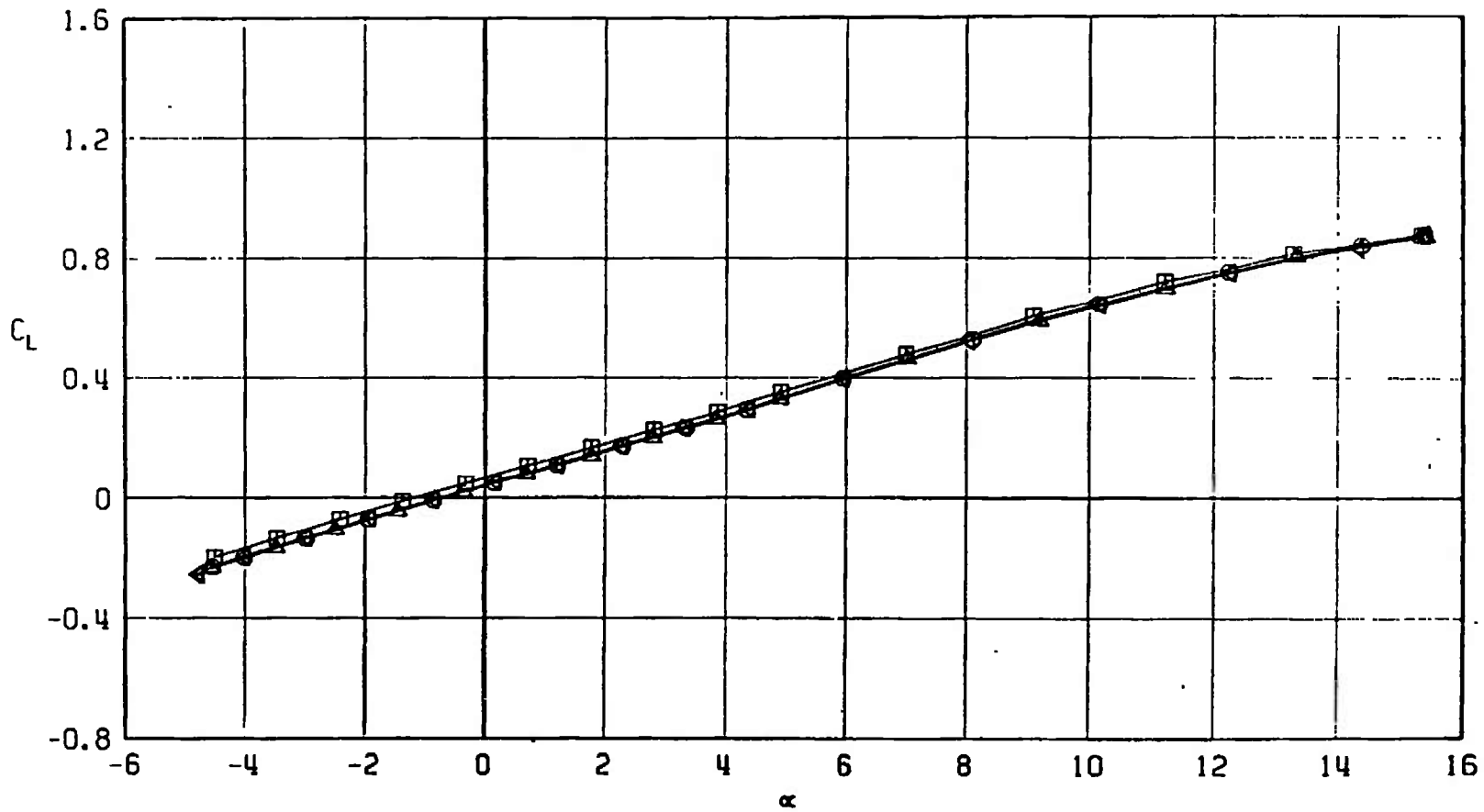


Fig. 31 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0$ for Configurations A701, A707, and A713

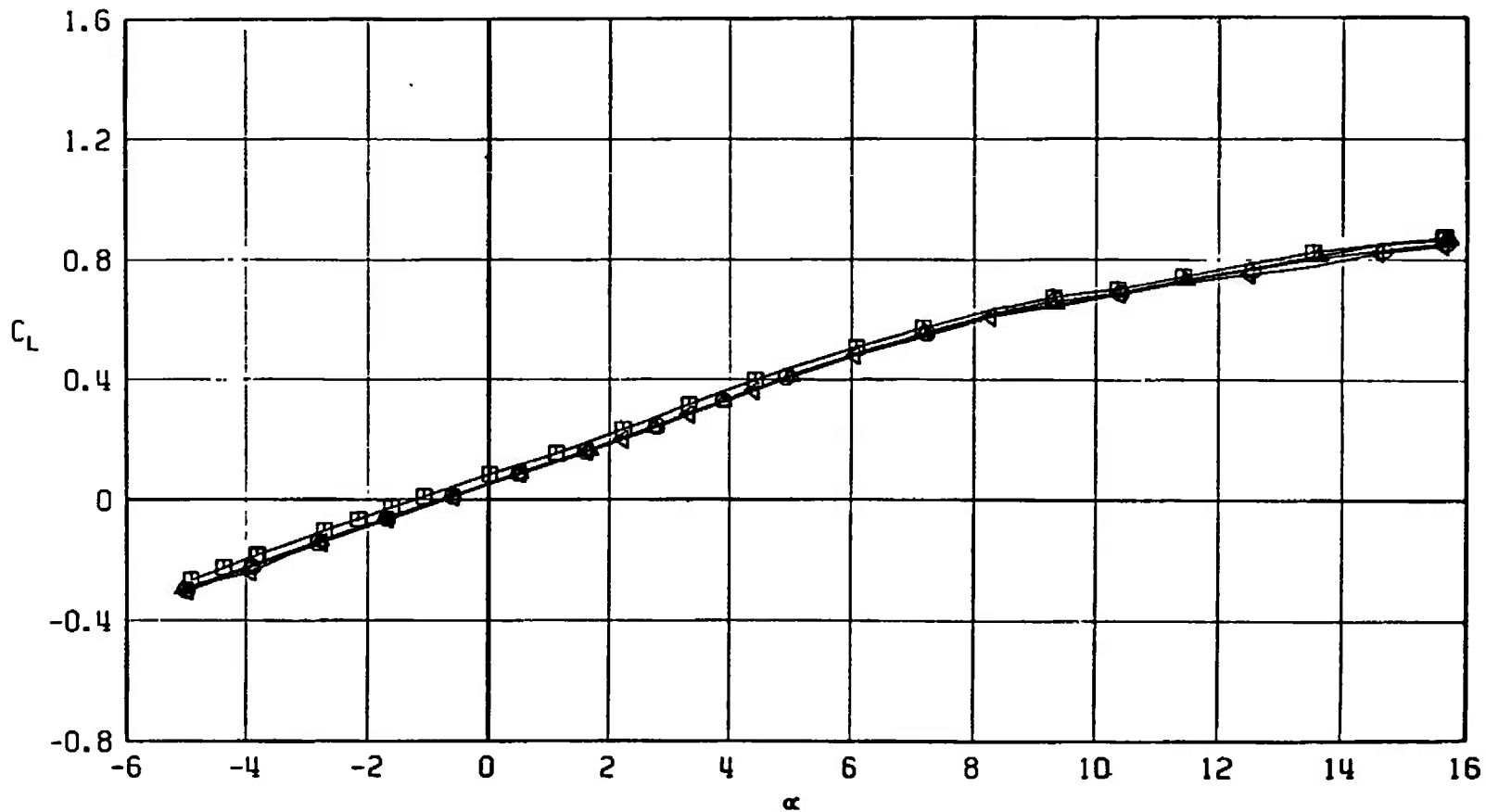
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◀	F402



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

Fig. 32 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations F401, F402, F403, and F404.

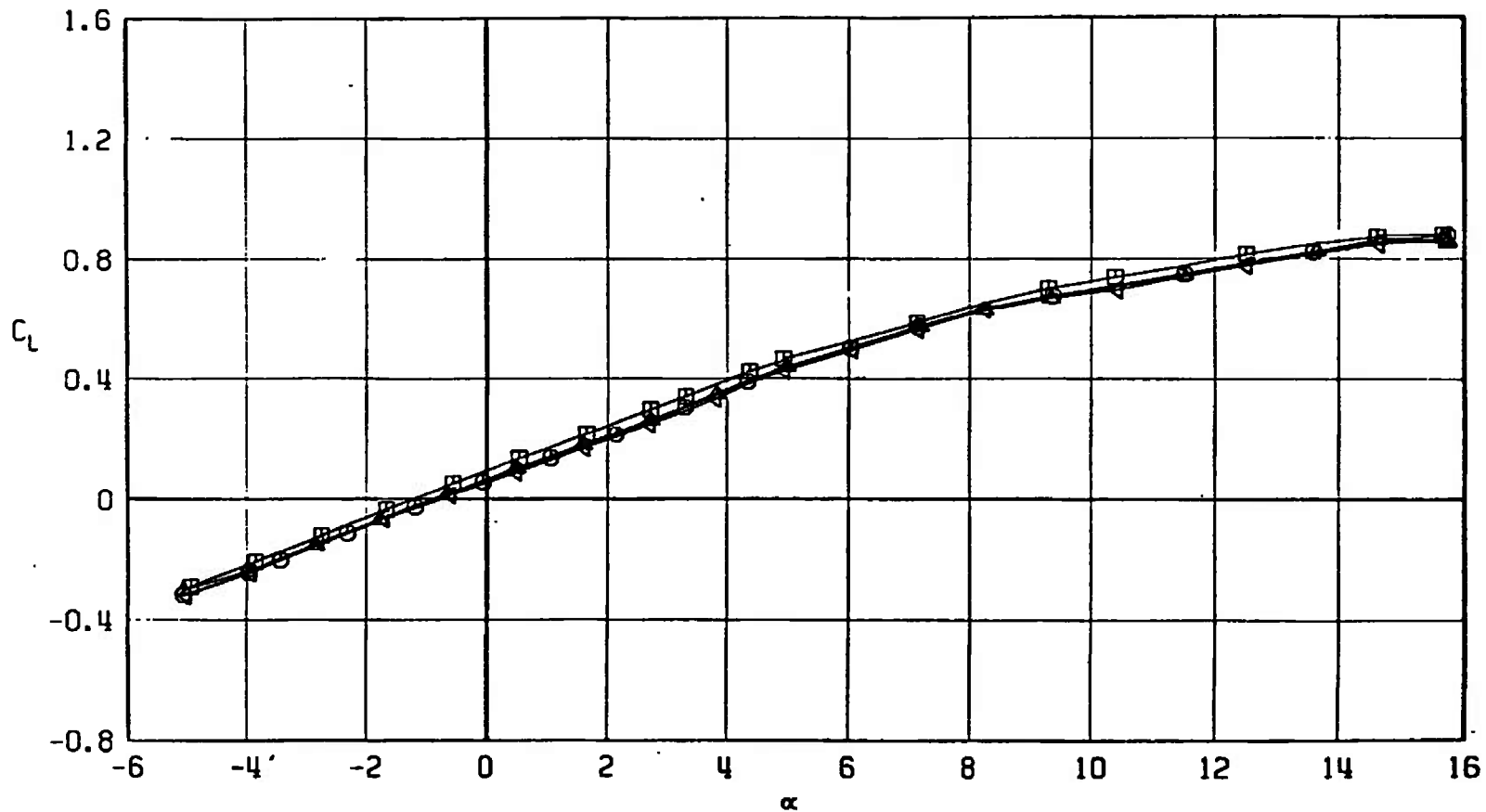
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◀	F402



b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 32 Continued

SYMBOL CONFIGURATION

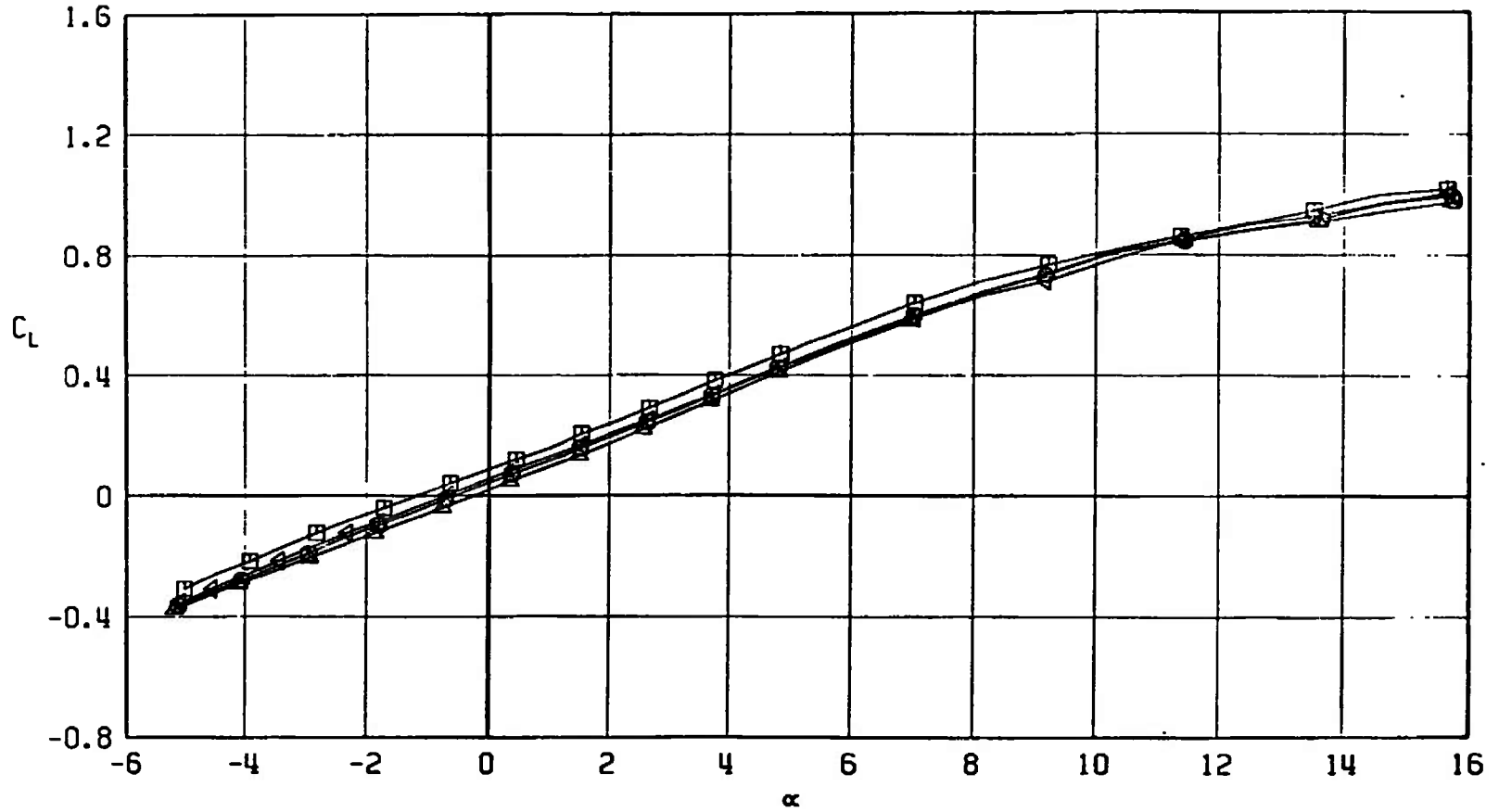
□ F401
○ F403
△ F404
◀ F402



$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 32 Continued

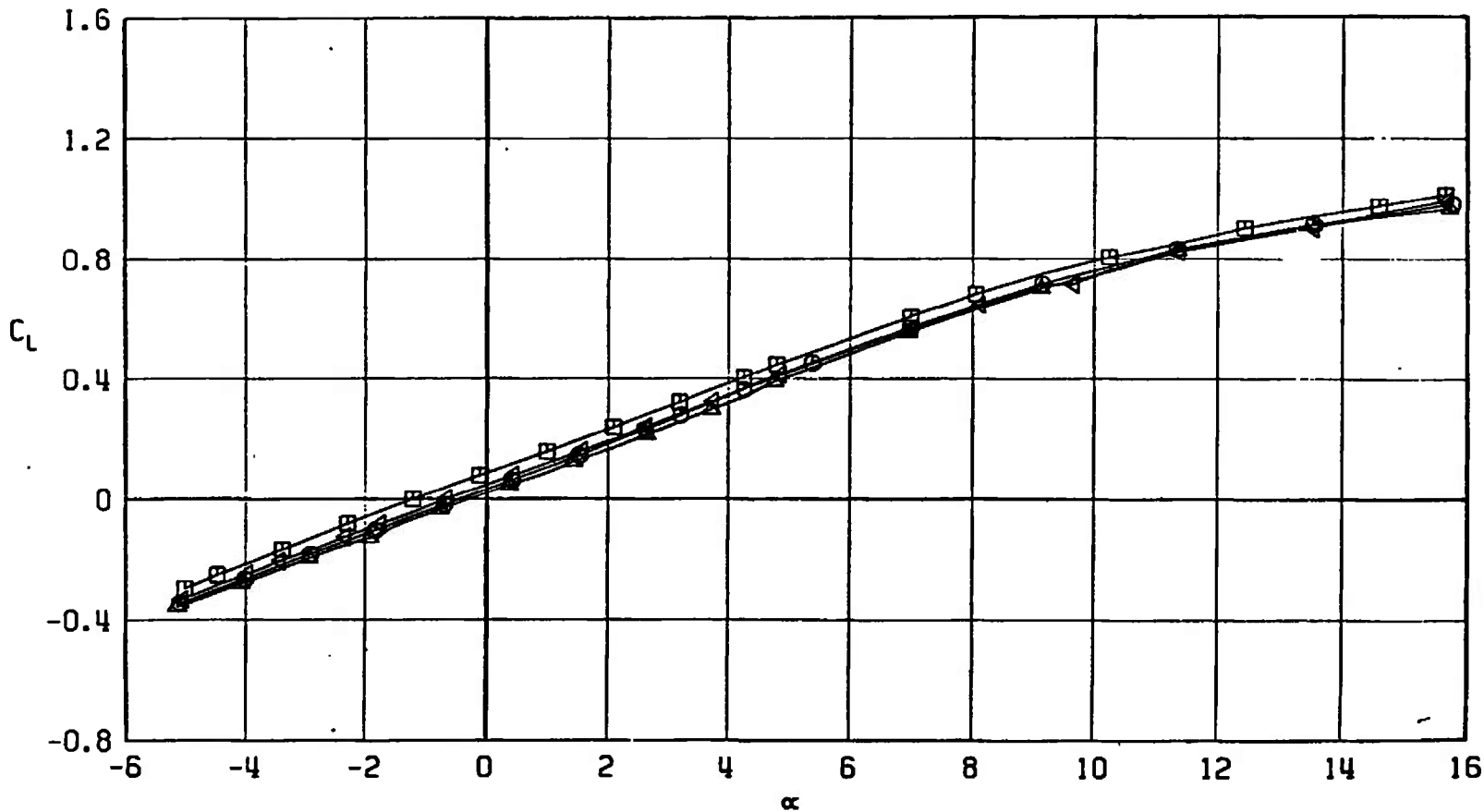
95

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◀	F402



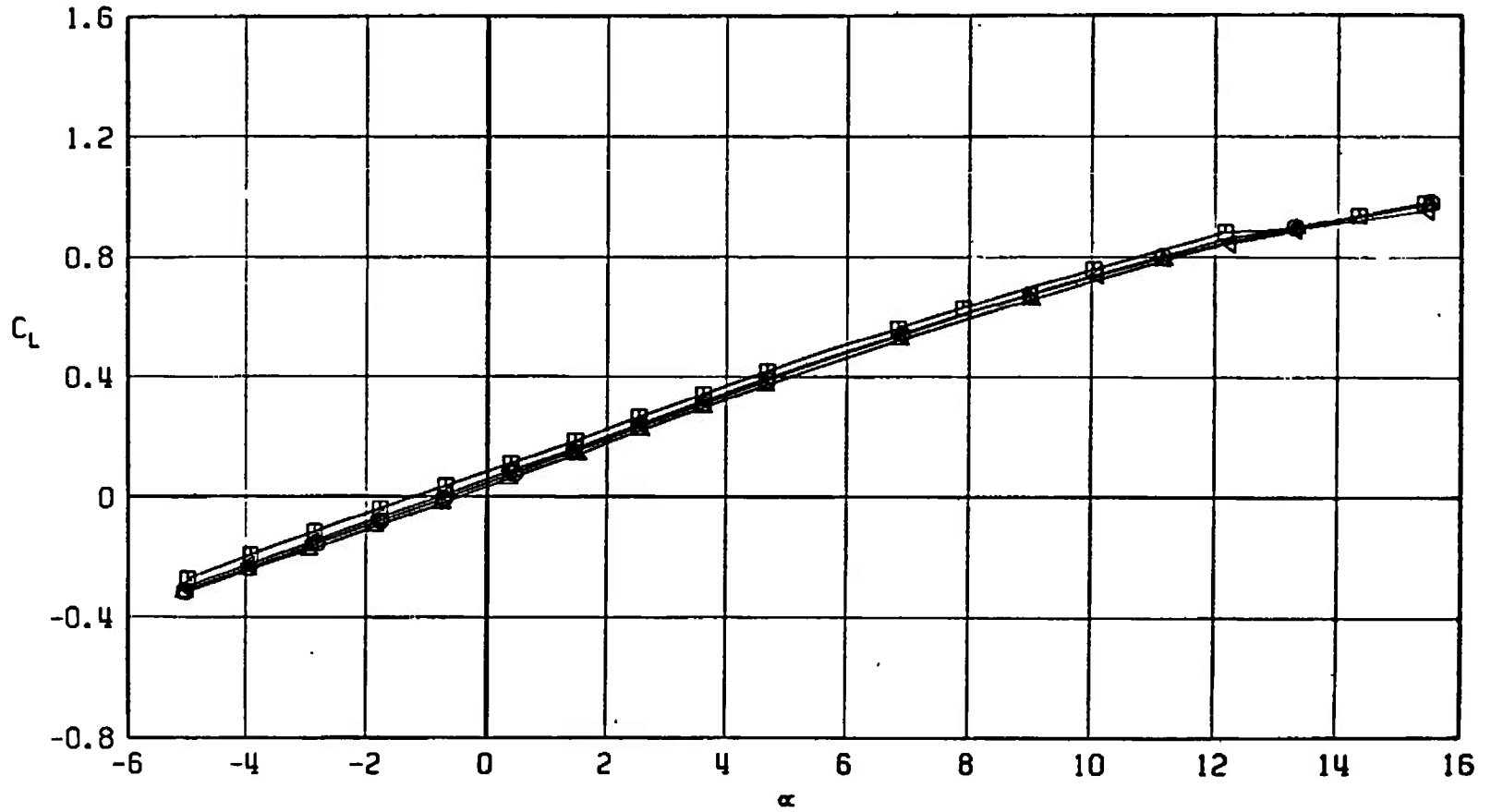
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 32 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◄	F402



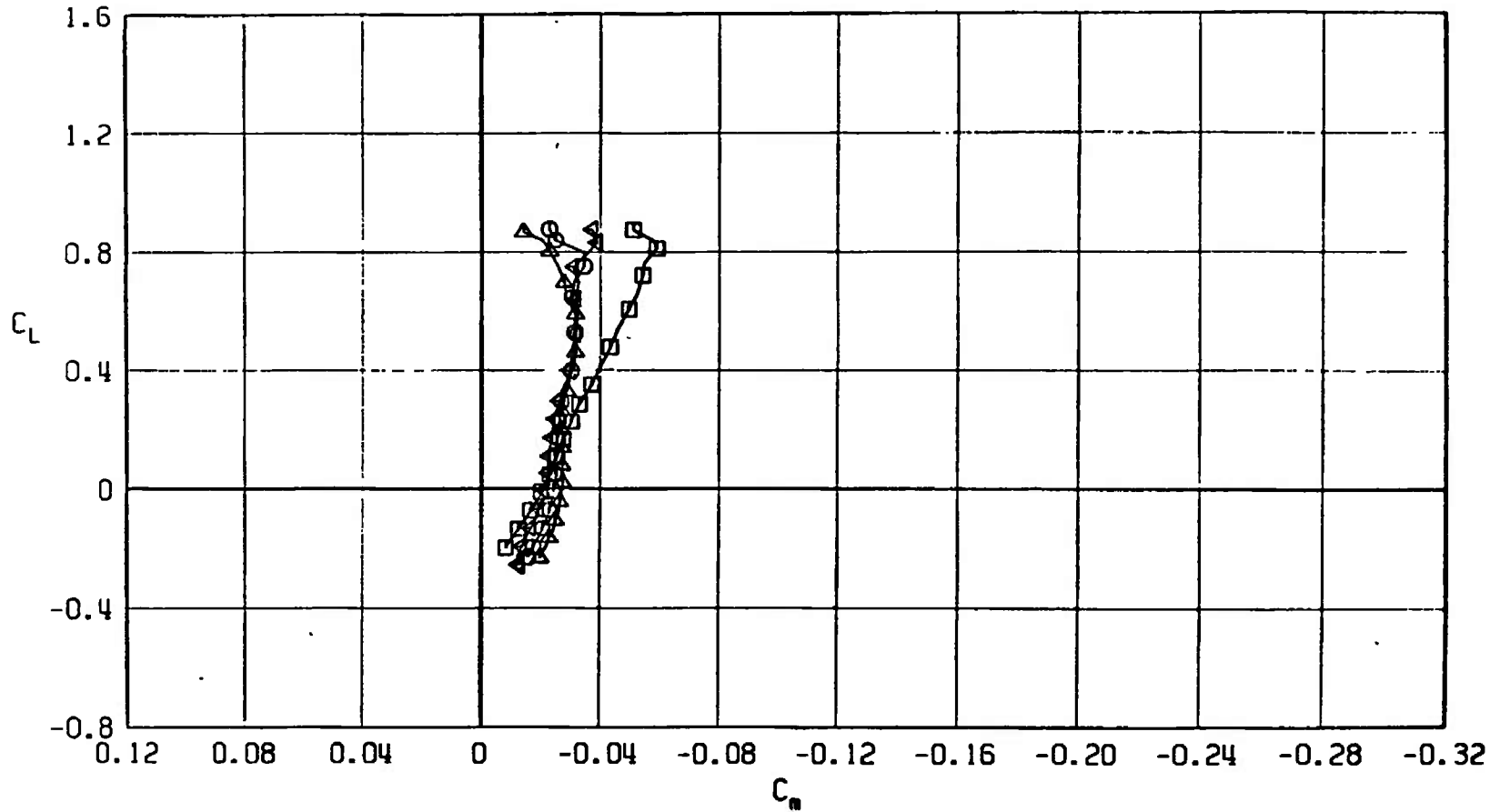
e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 32 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
▽	F402



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 32 Concluded

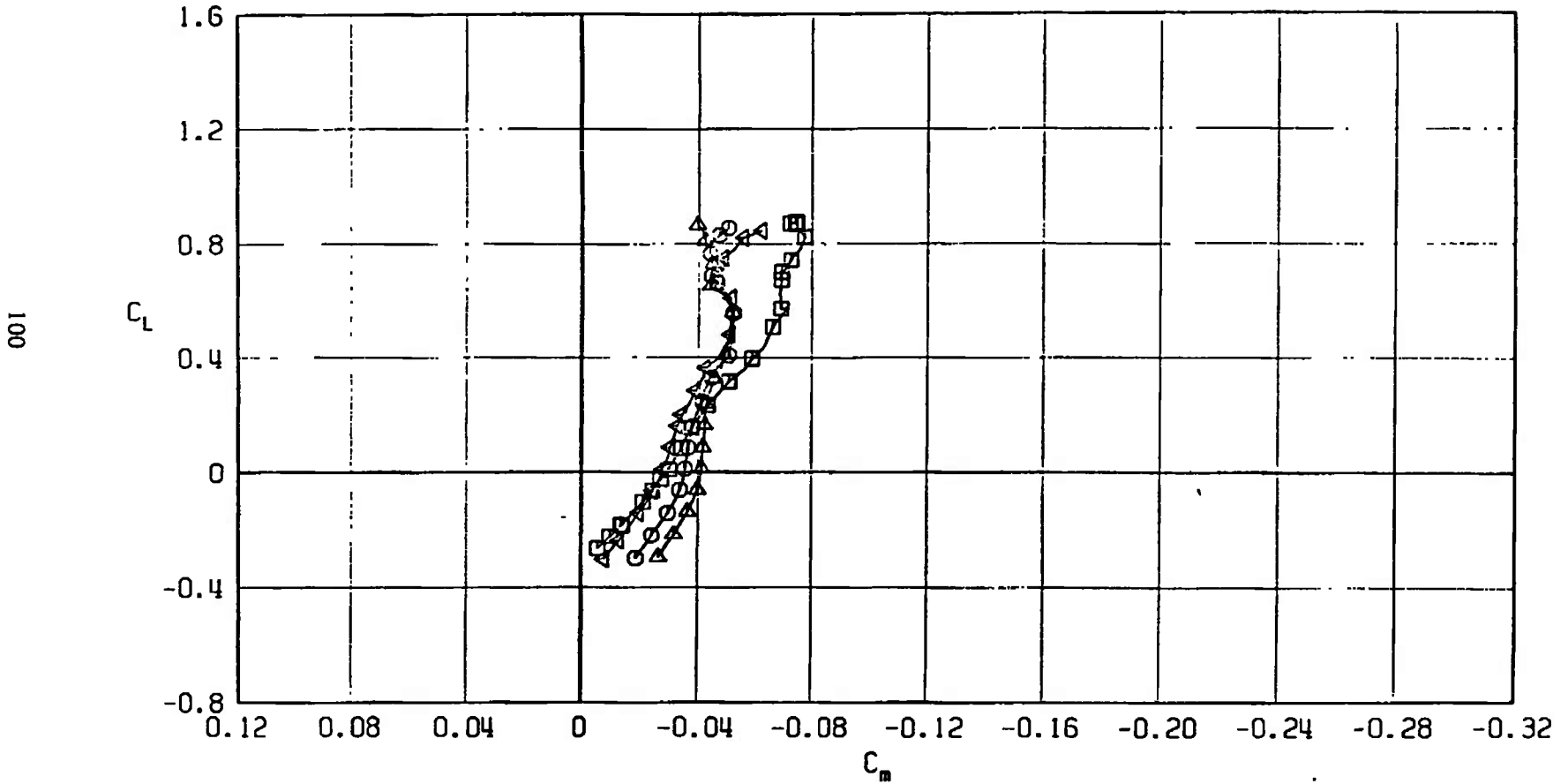
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◀	F402



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

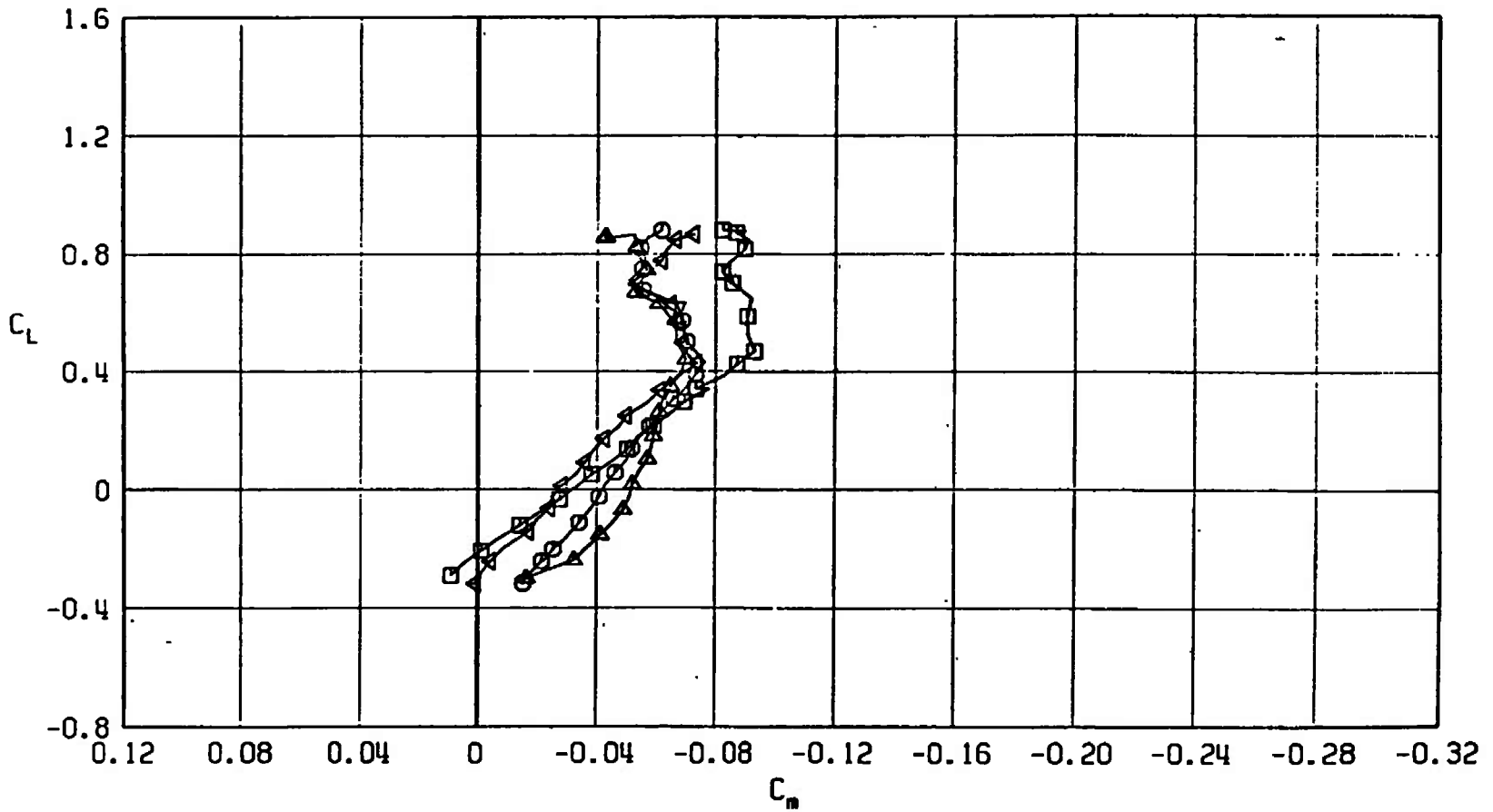
Fig. 33 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F402, F403, and F404

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
▽	F402



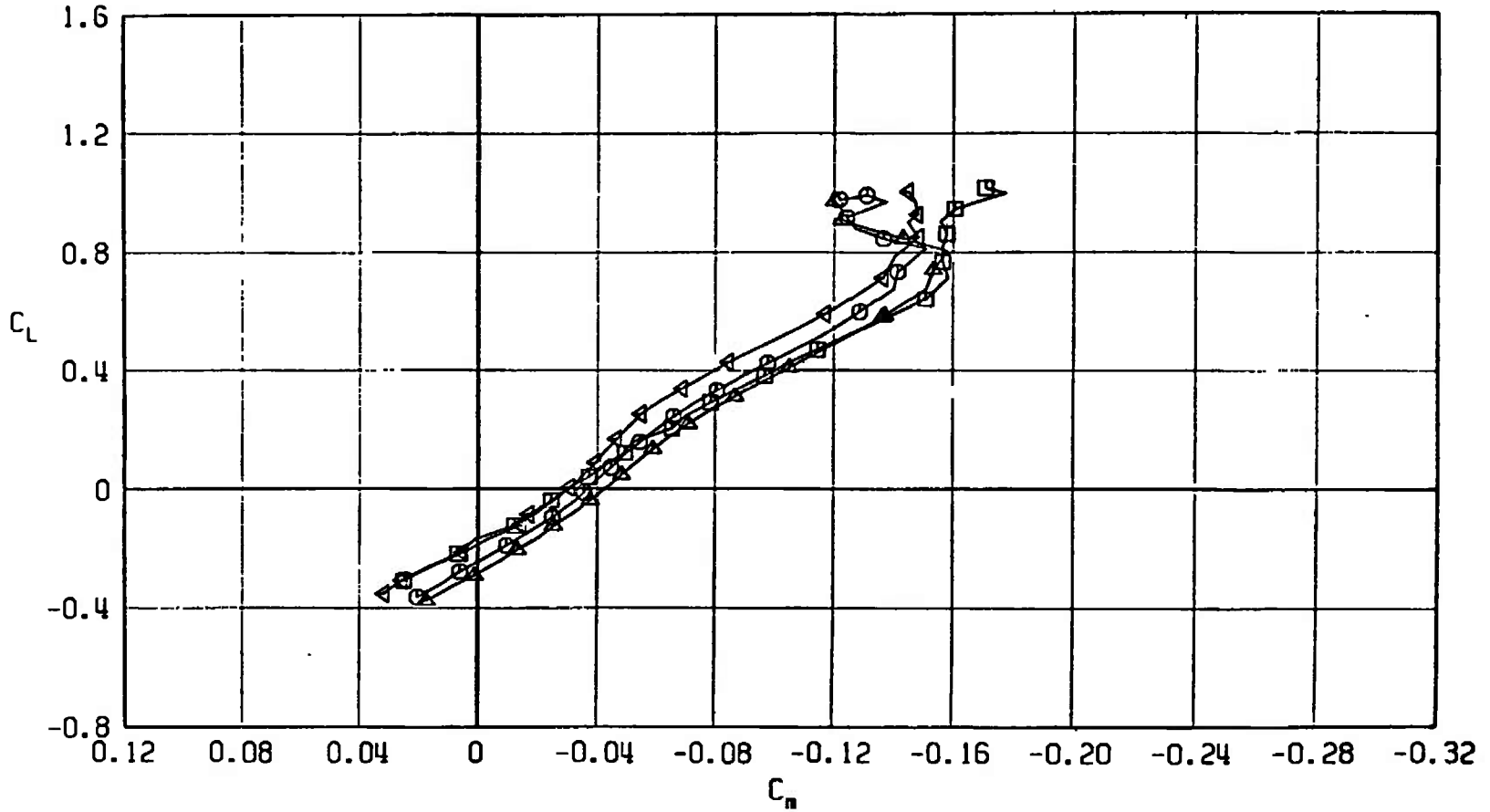
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 33 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
▽	F402



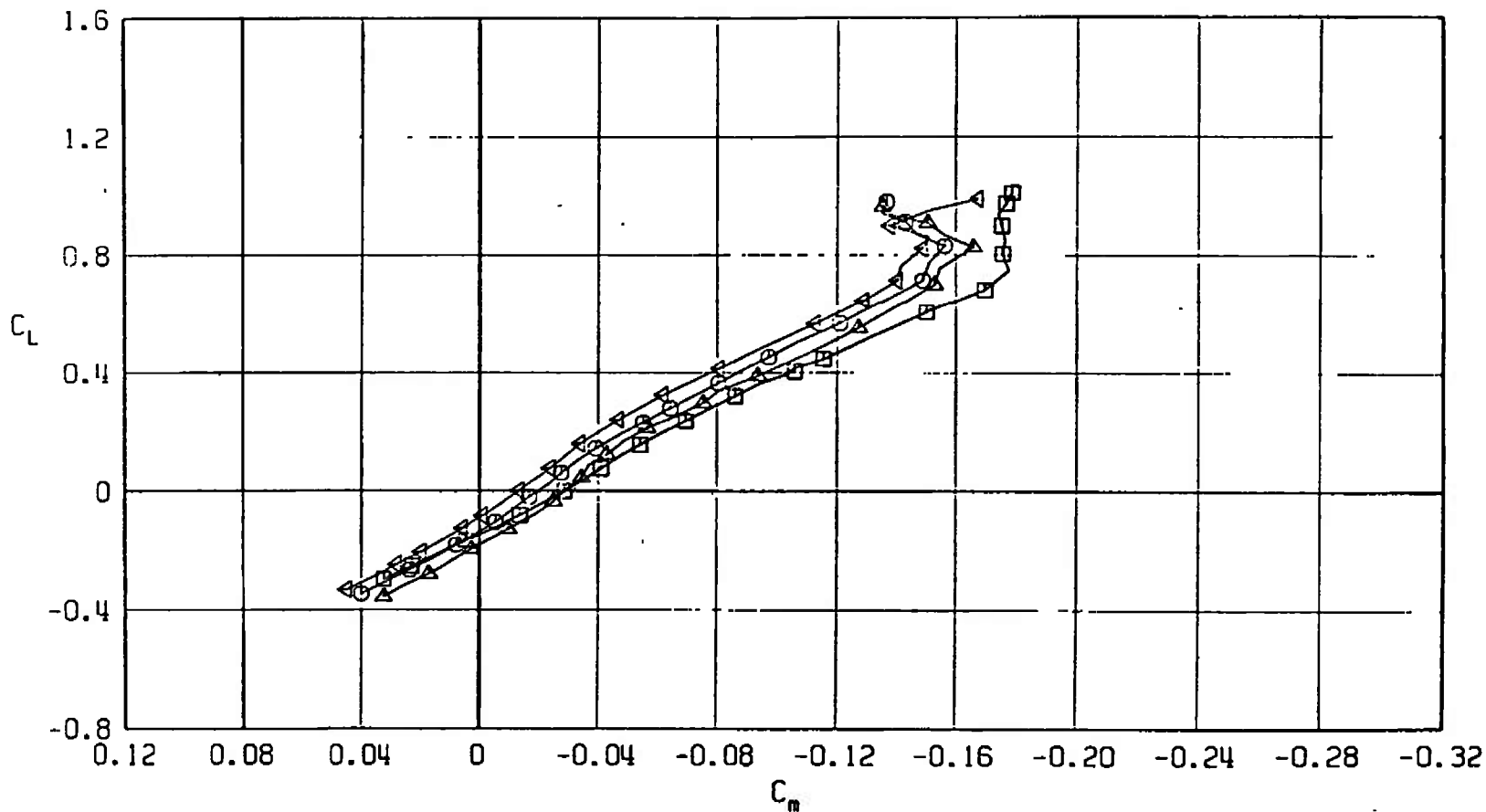
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 33 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
▽	F402



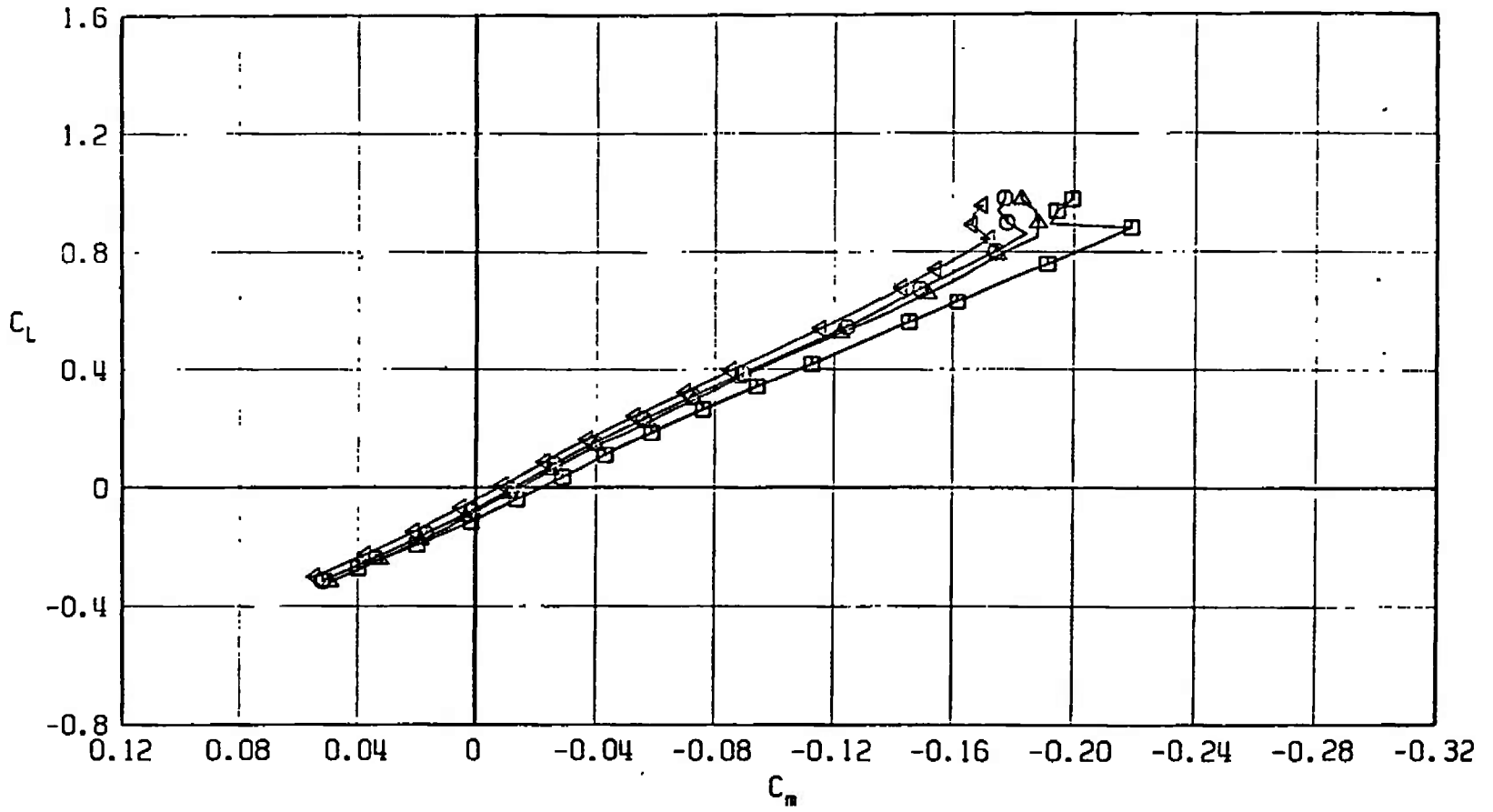
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 33 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◄	F402

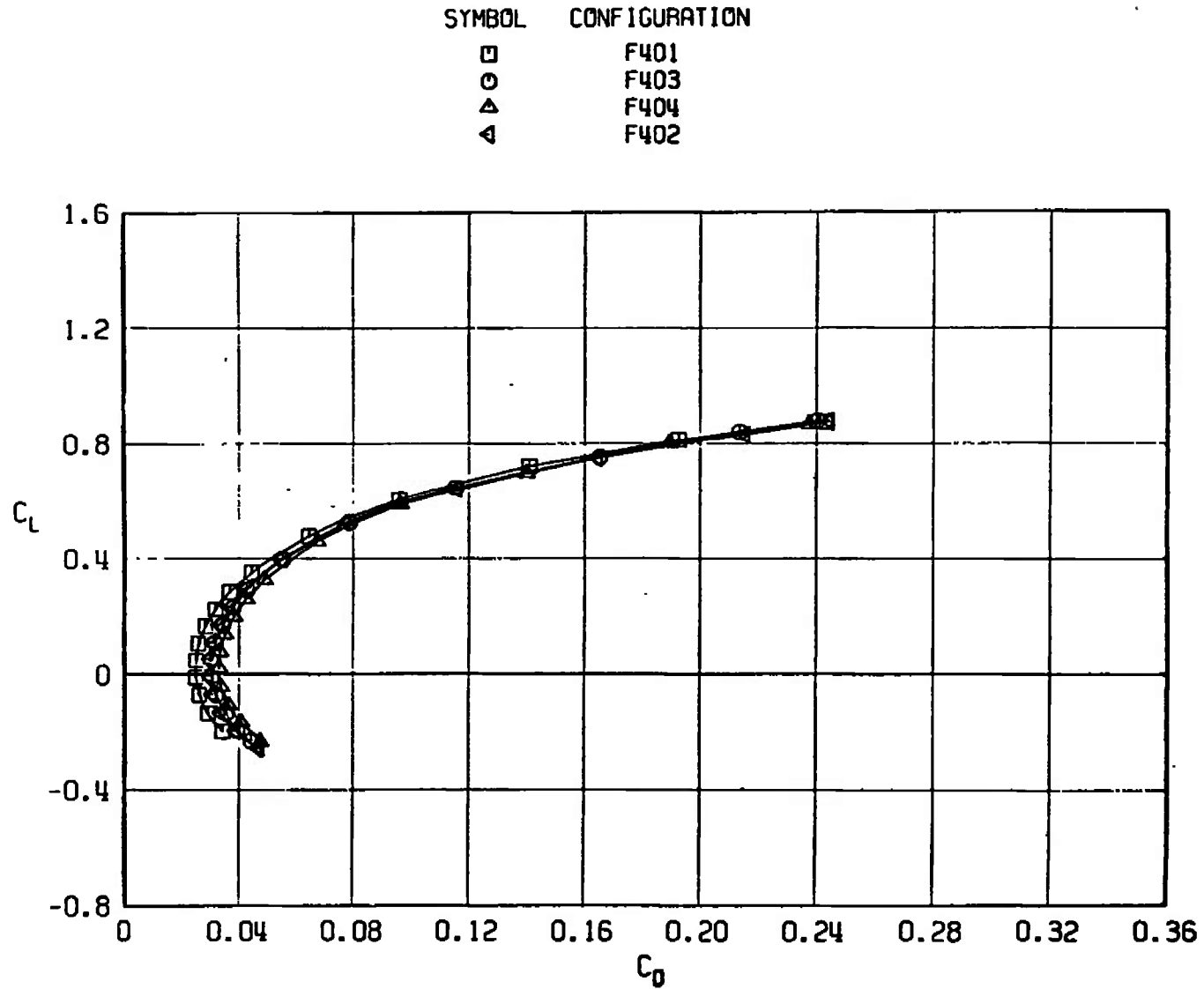


e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 33 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
▽	F402



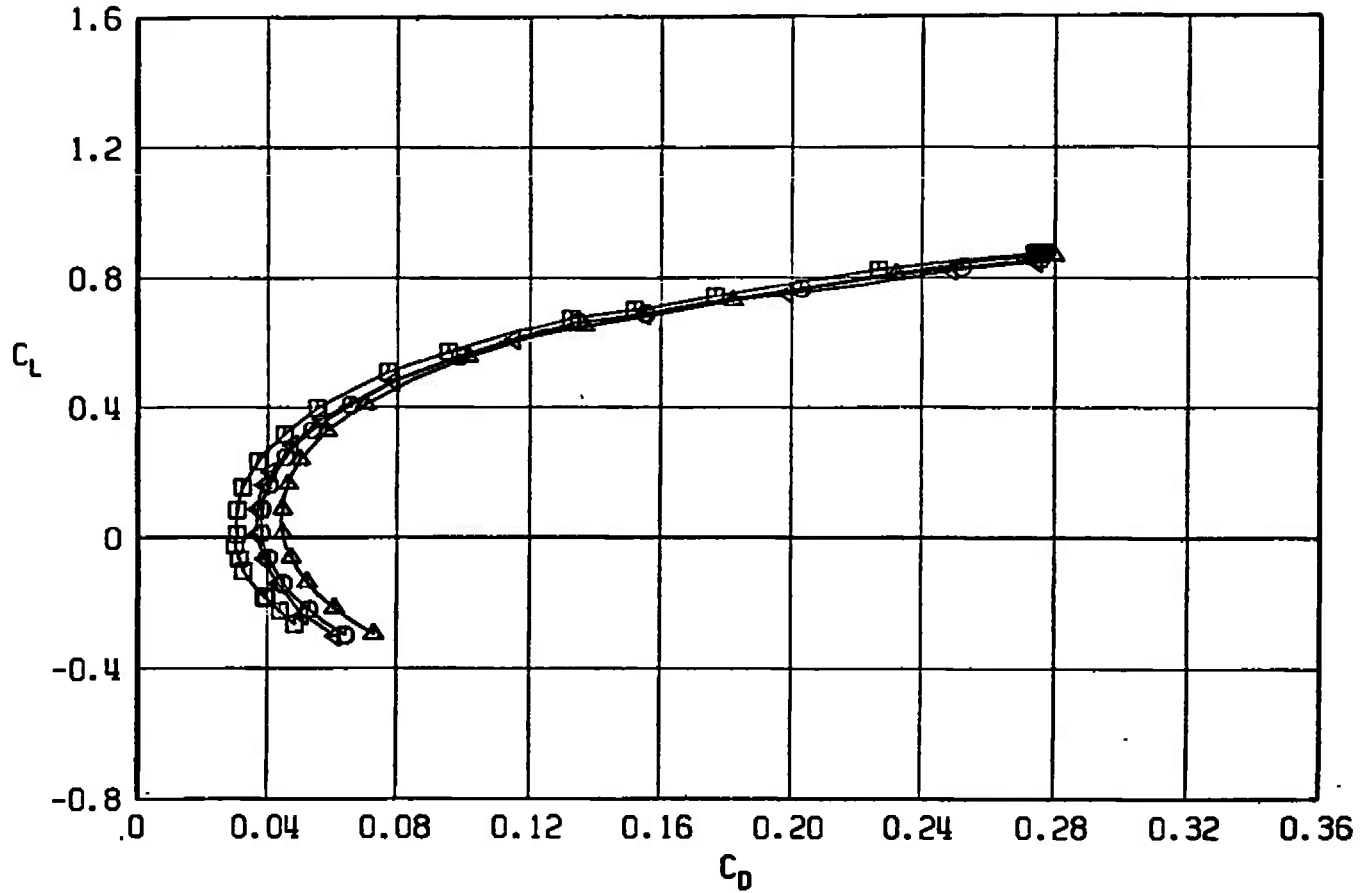
f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 33 Concluded



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

Fig. 34 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F402, F403, and F404

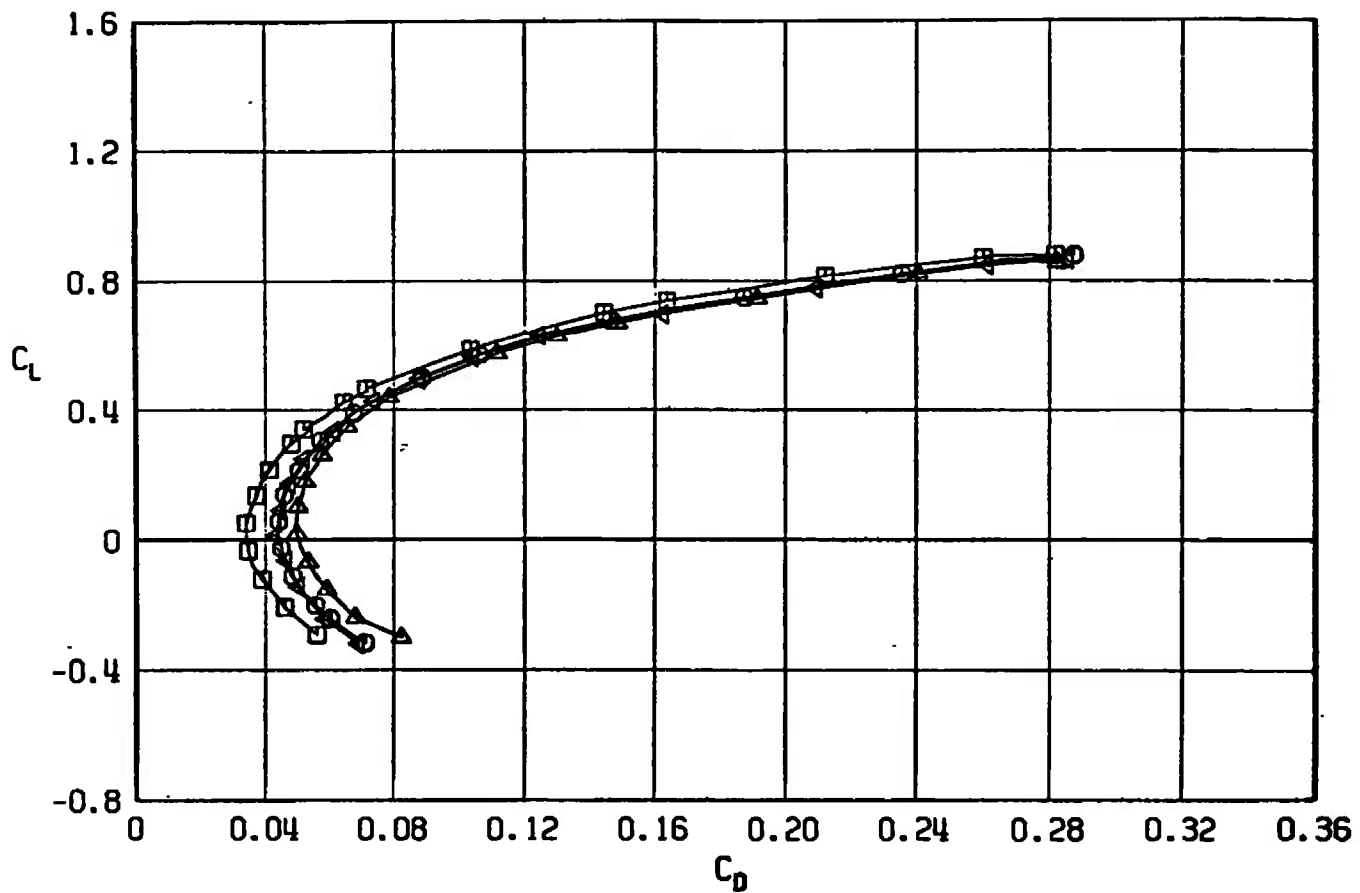
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
▽	F402



b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 34 Continued

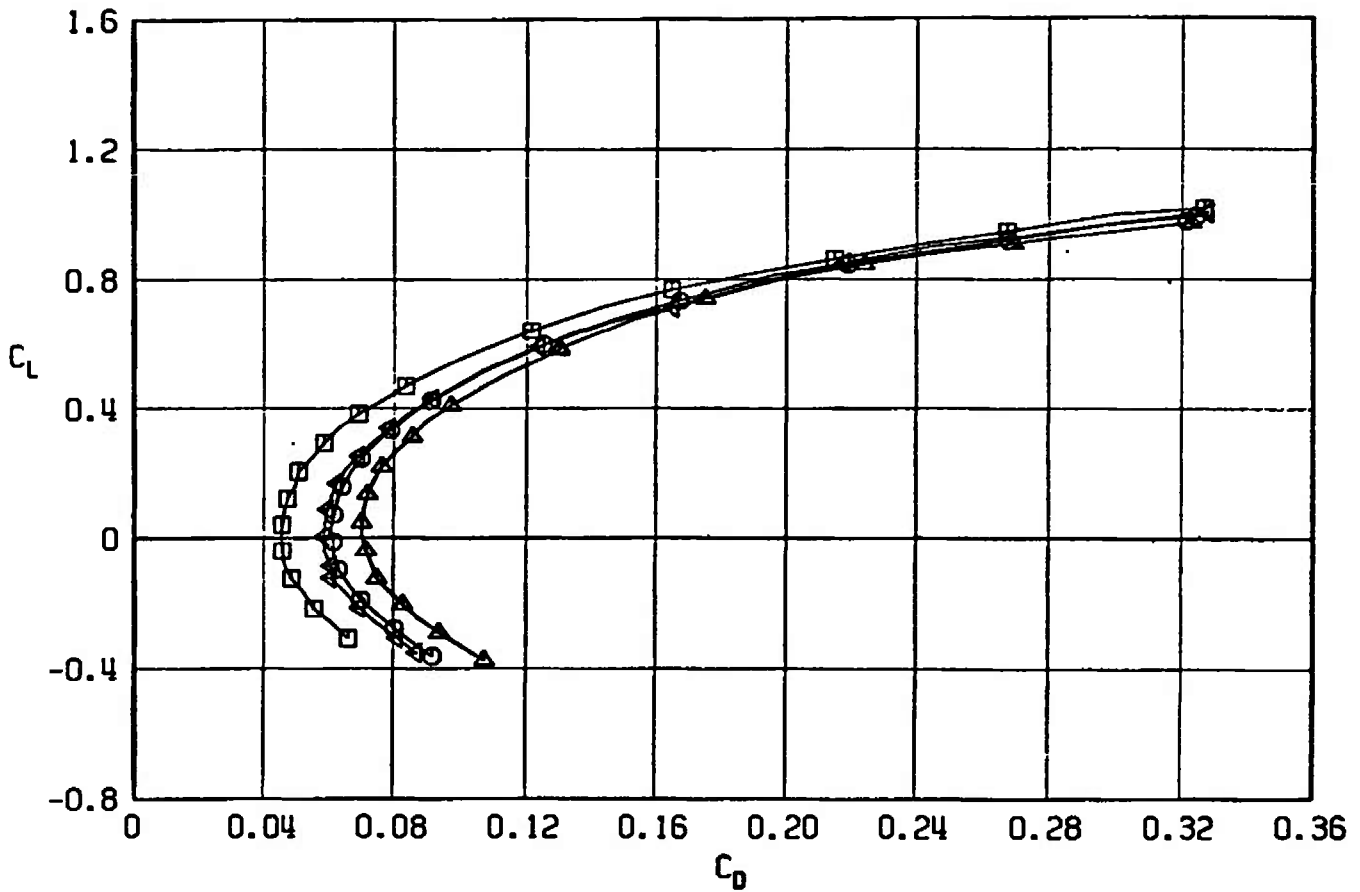
SYMBOL CONFIGURATION

□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
▽	F402



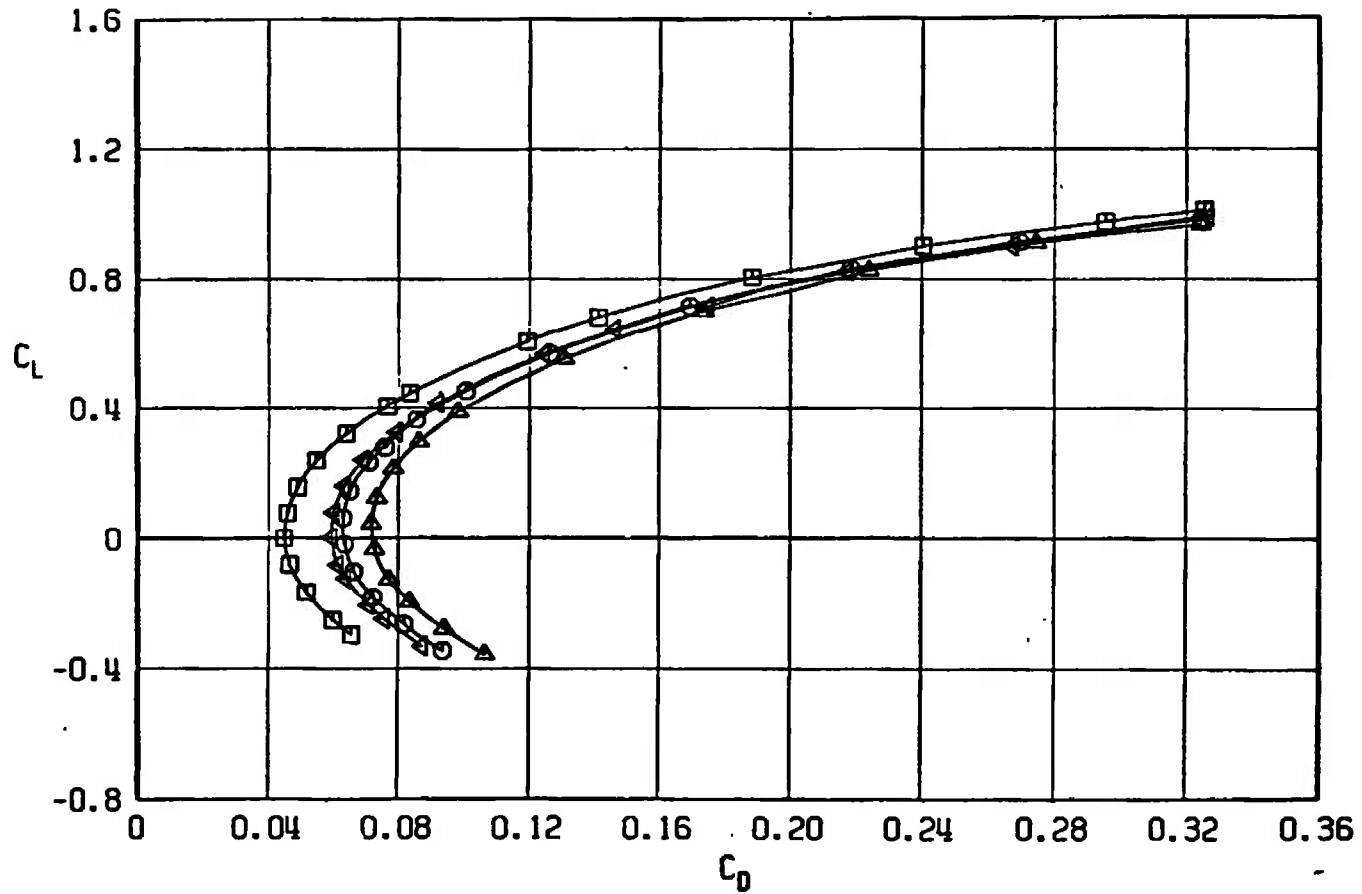
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 34 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◄	F402



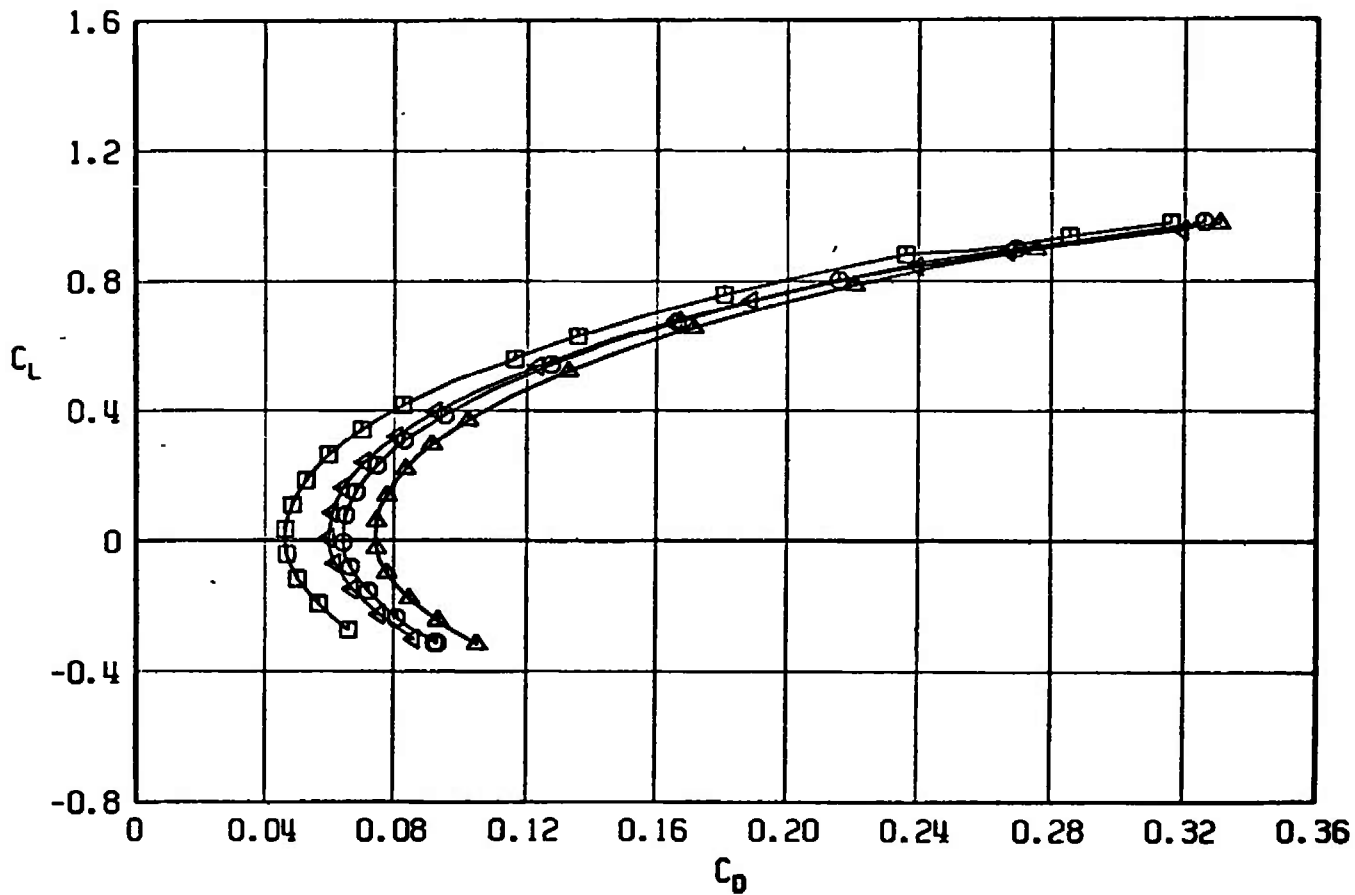
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 34 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◄	F402



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 34 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
▲	F404
△	F402



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 34 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F403
△	F404
◄	F402

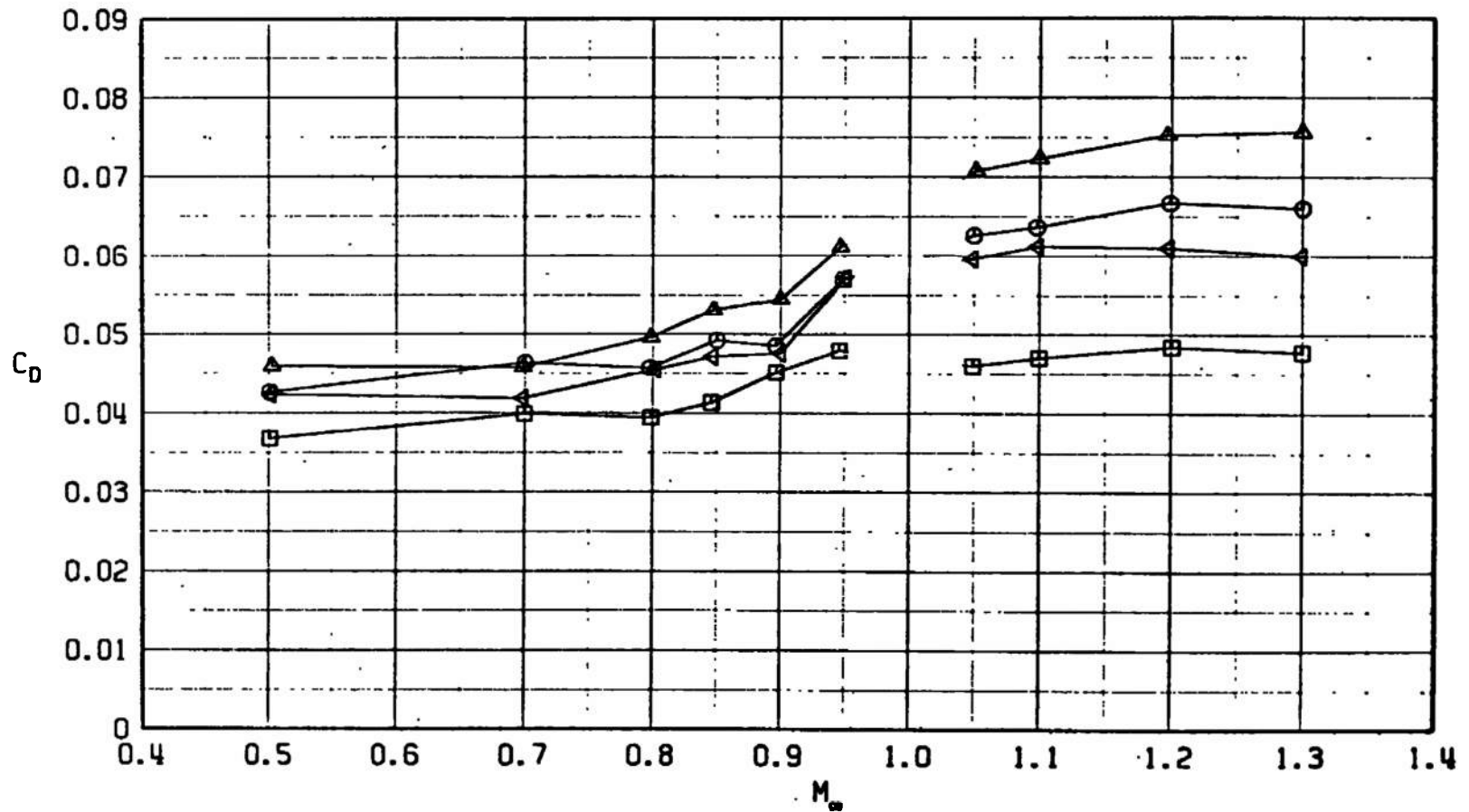
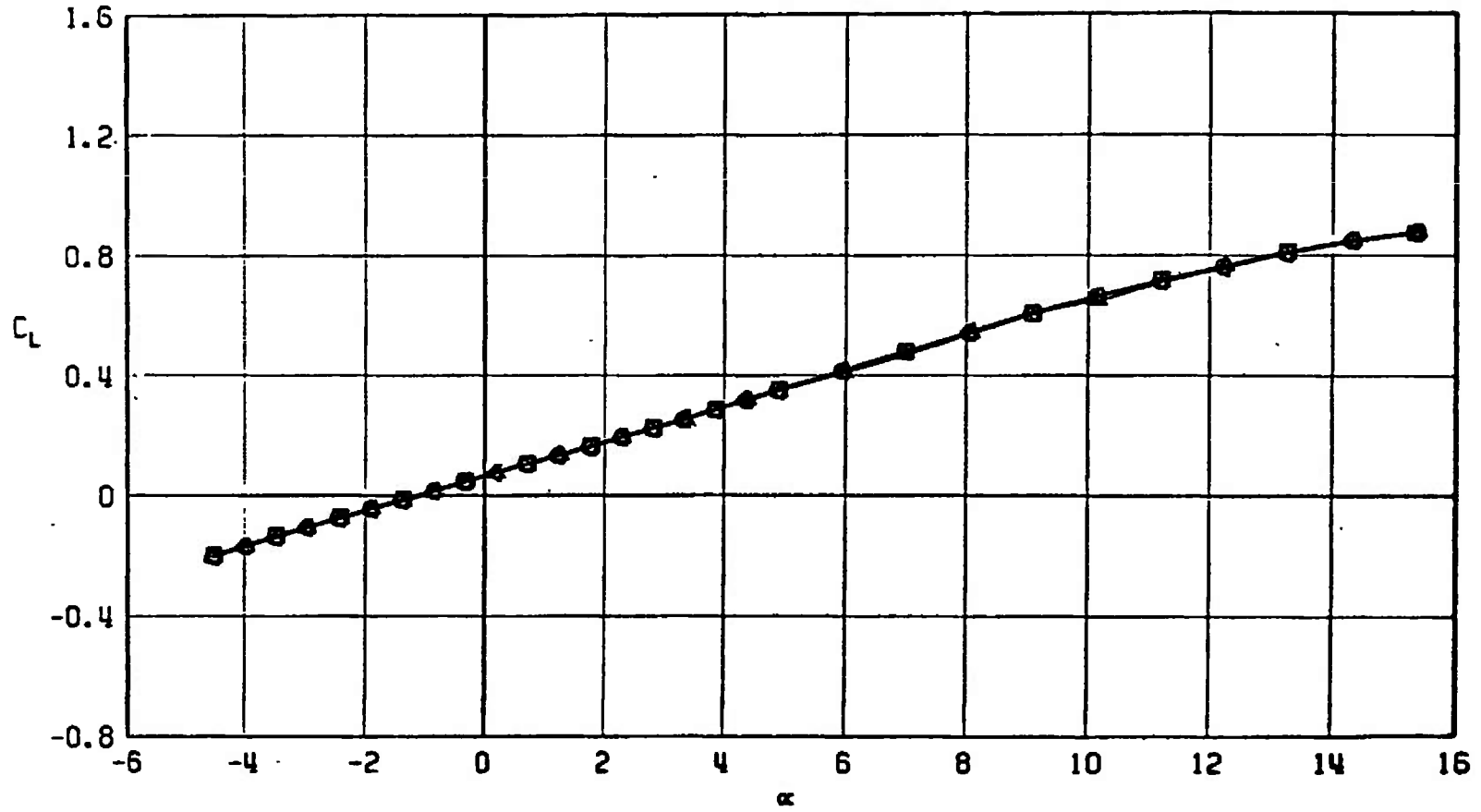


Fig. 35 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0.30$, $M_\infty < 1.0$ and $C_L = 0.1$, $M_\infty > 1.0$ for Configurations F401, F402, F403, and F404

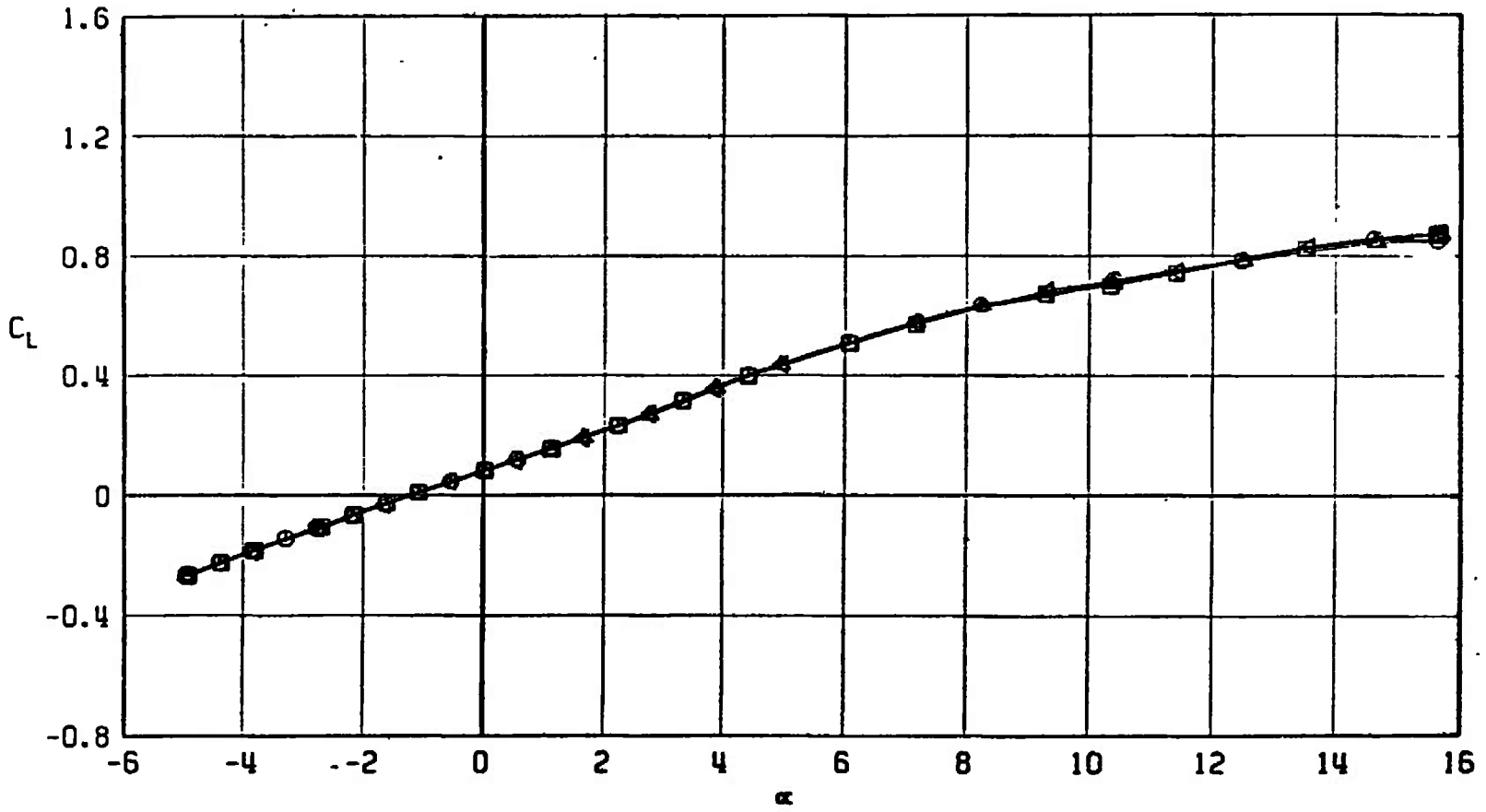
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

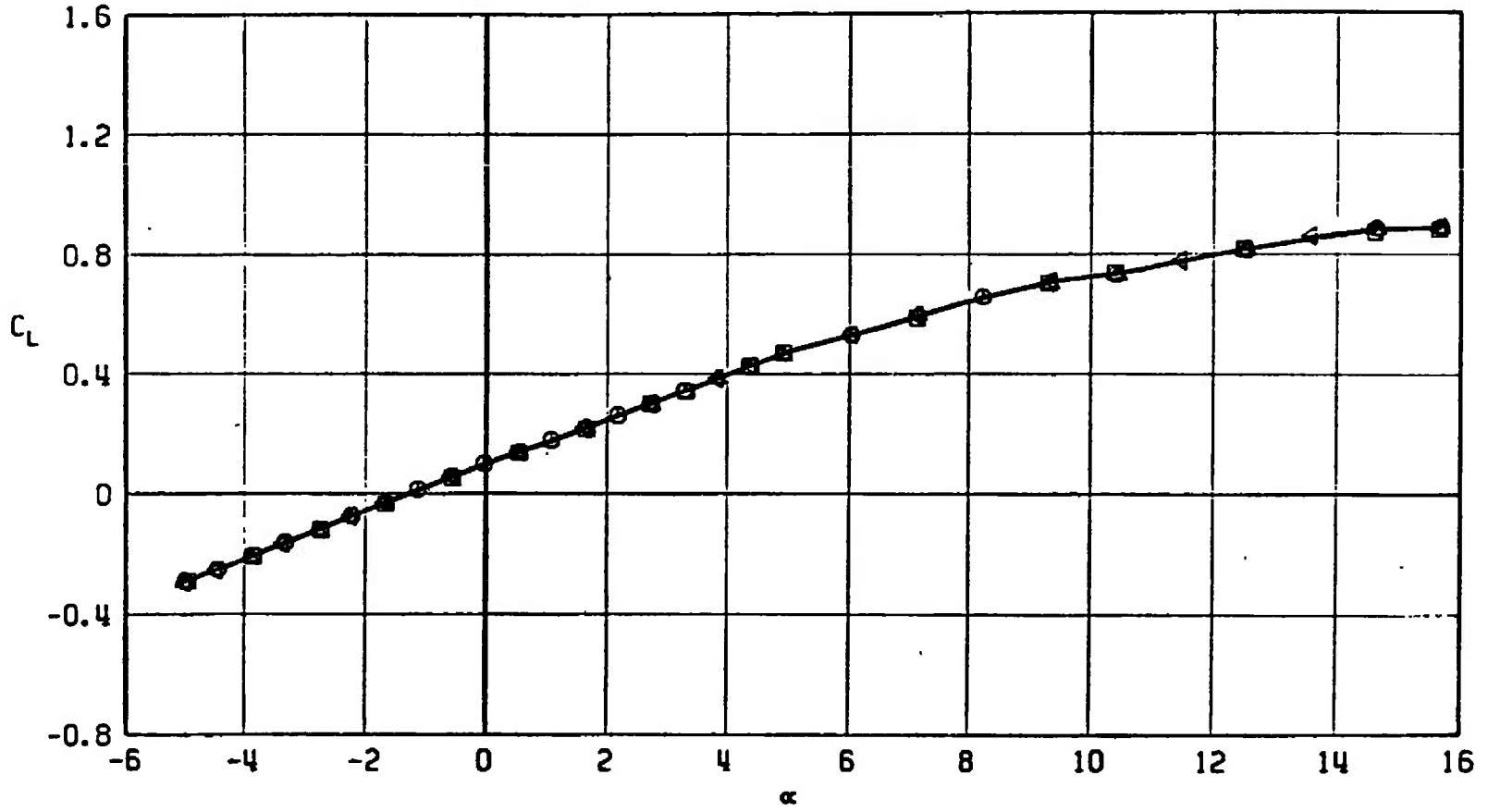
Fig. 36 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations F401, F412, F415, and F418

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
◀	F415



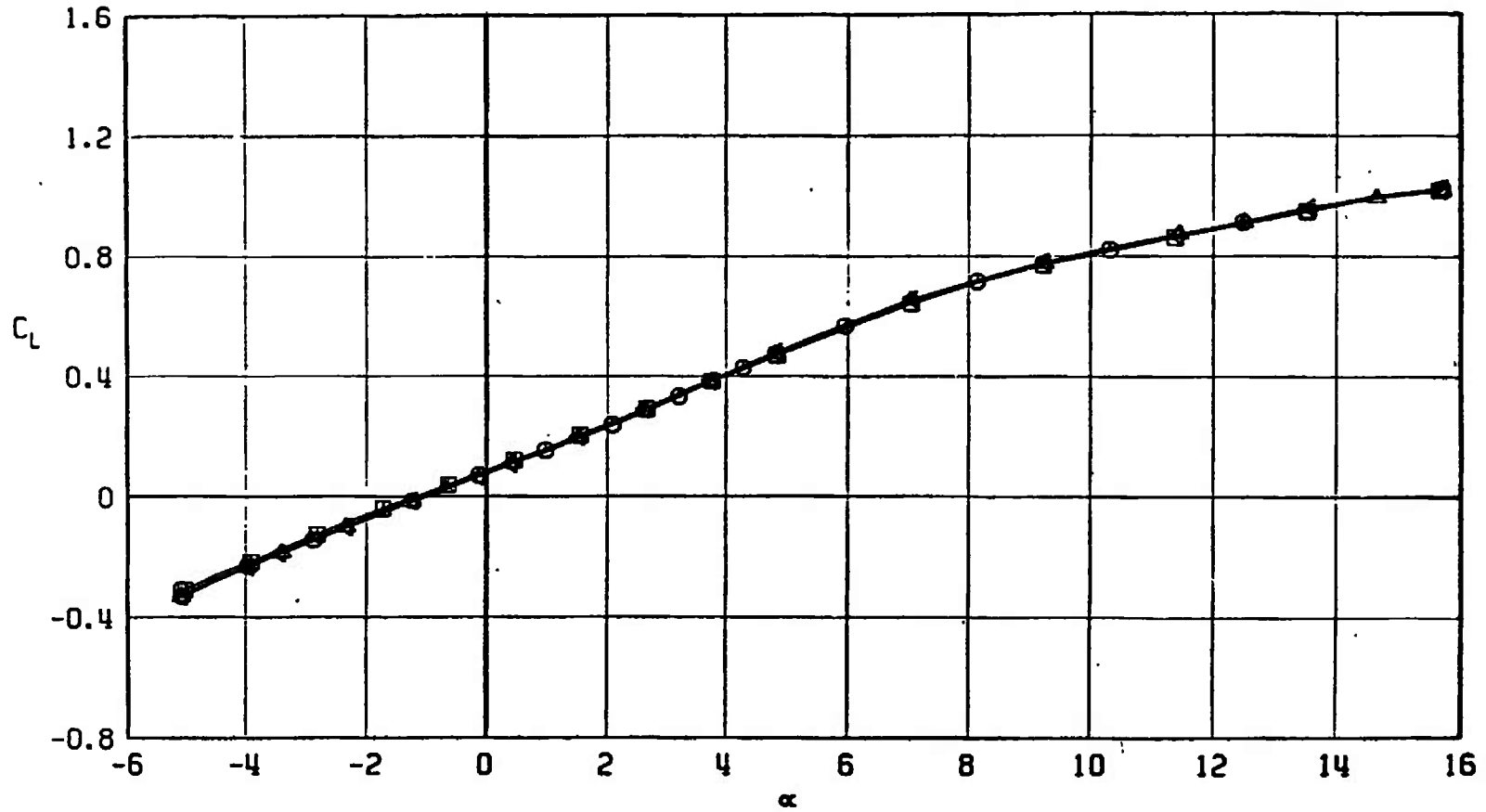
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 36 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



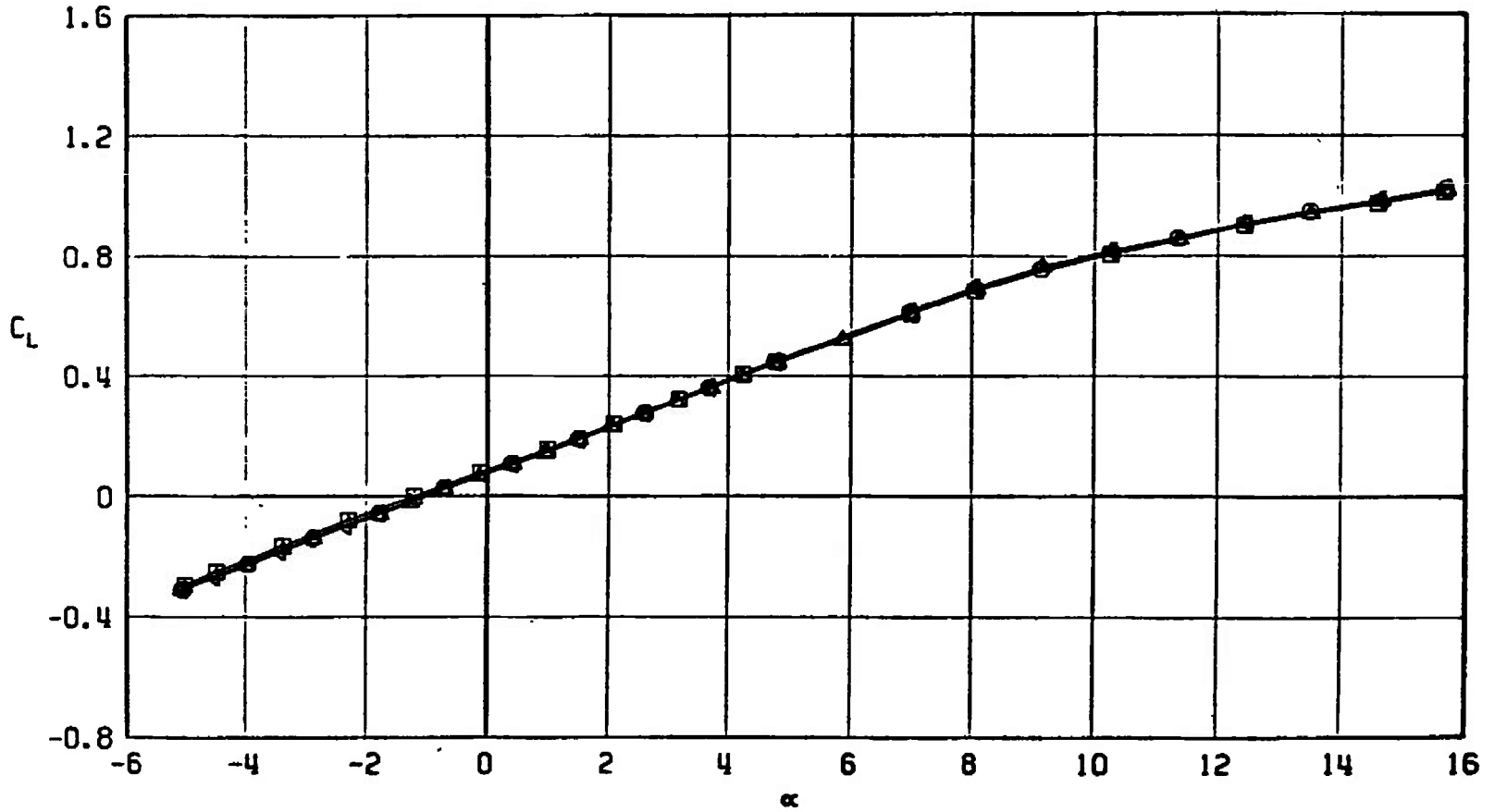
$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 36 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
◊	F415



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 36 Continued

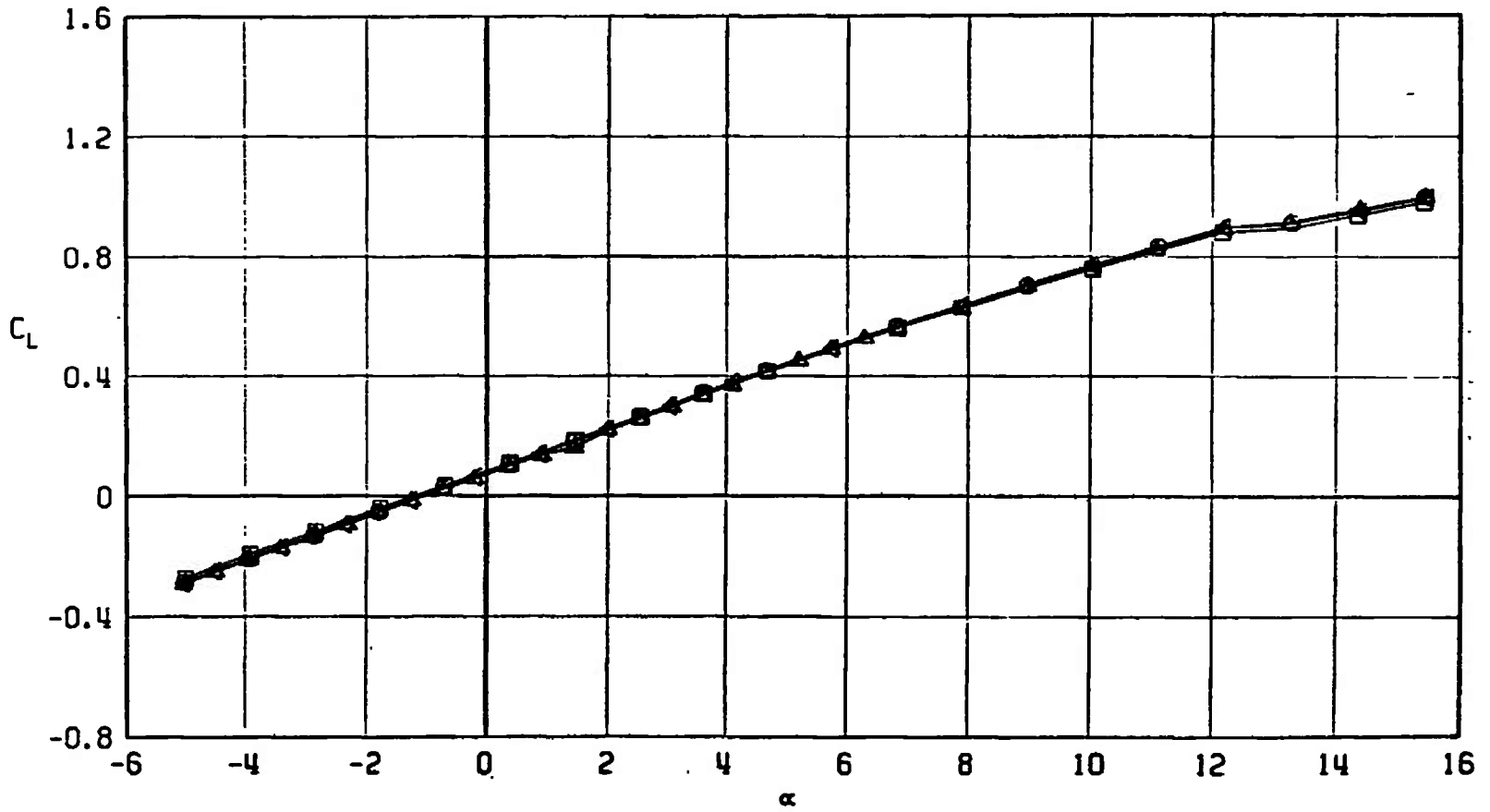
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 36 Continued

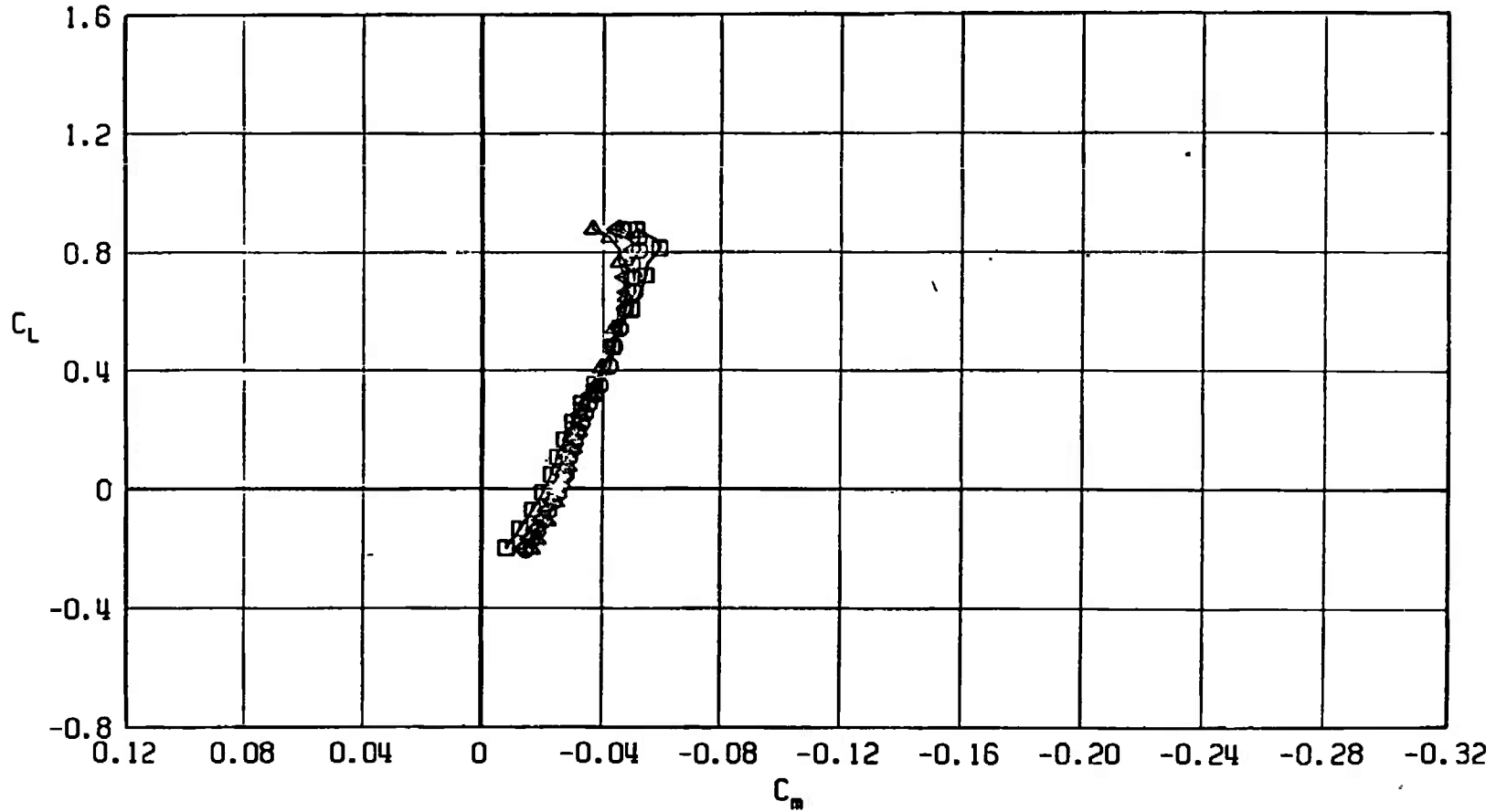
SYMBOL CONFIGURATION

□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
◀	F415



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 36 Concluded

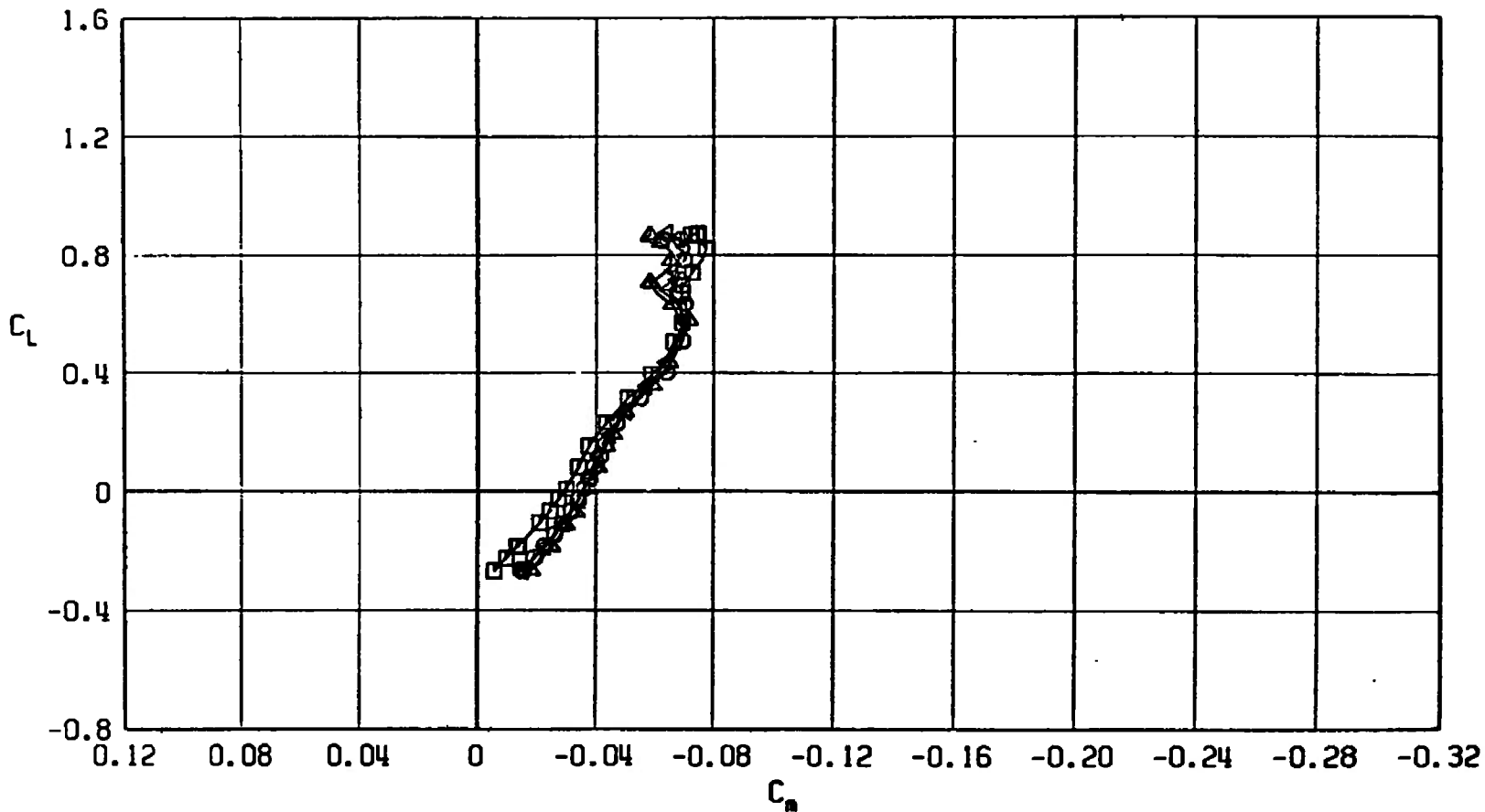
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

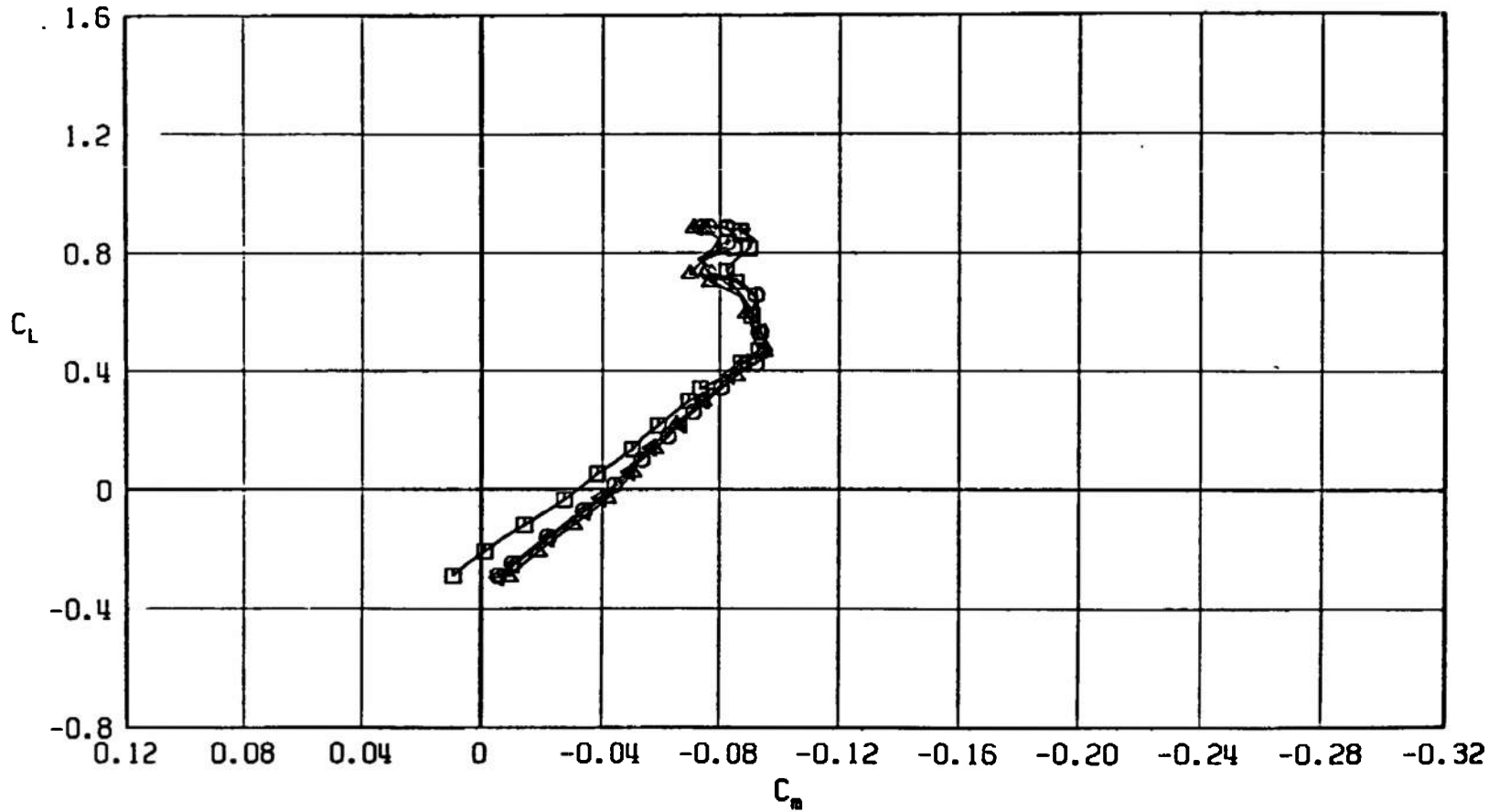
Fig. 37 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F412, F415, and F418.

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
◀	F415



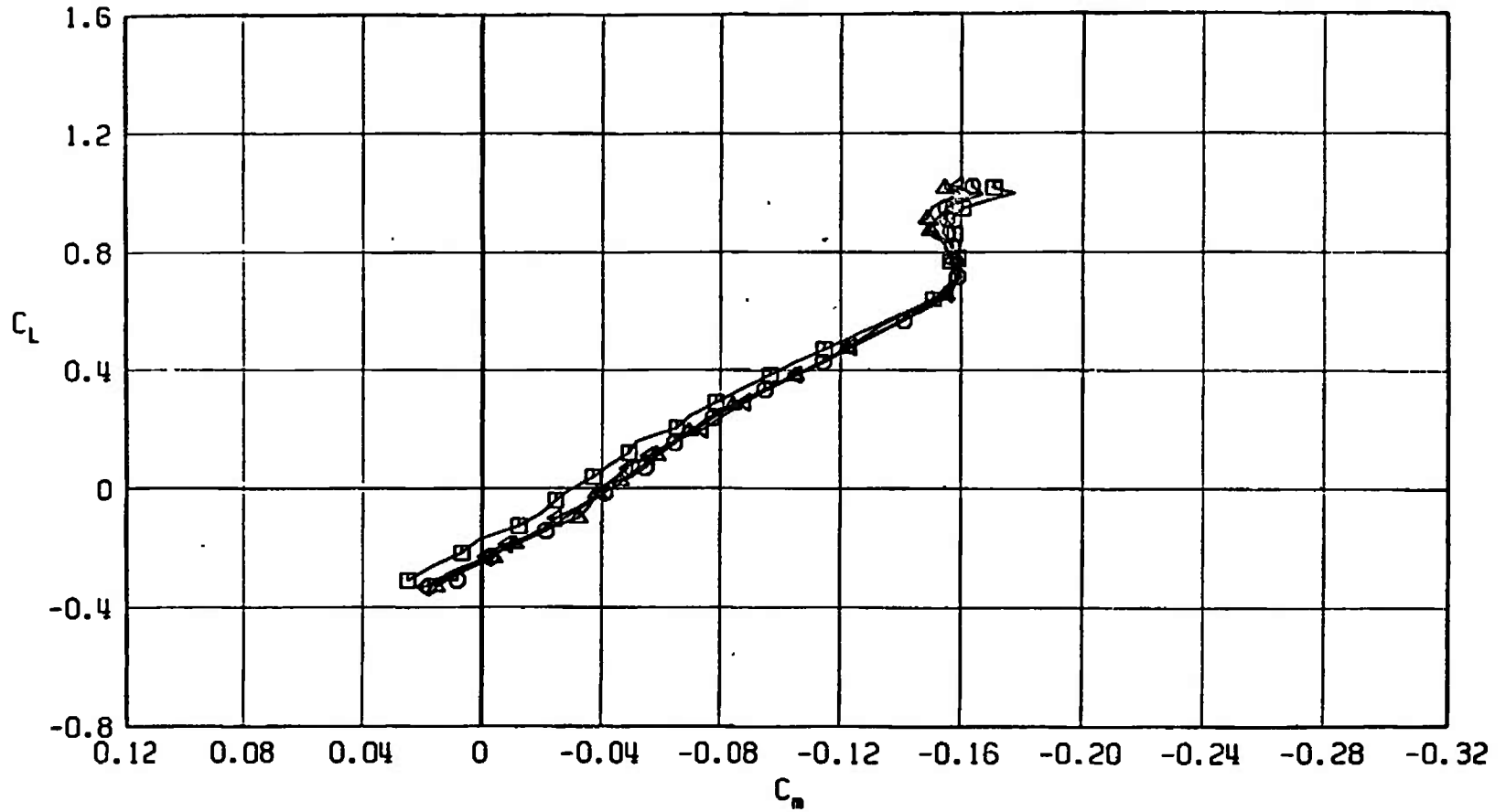
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 37 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



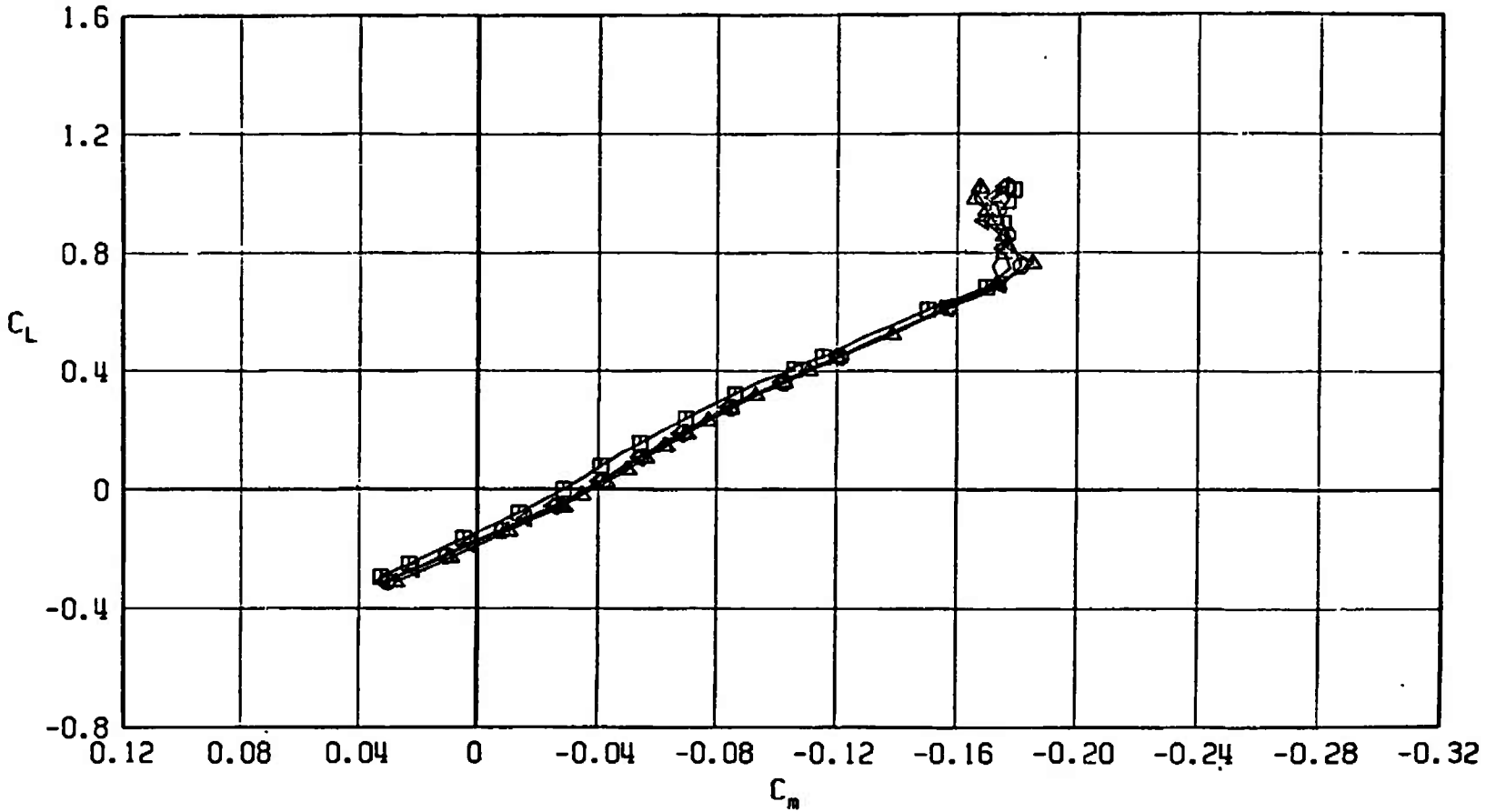
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 37 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



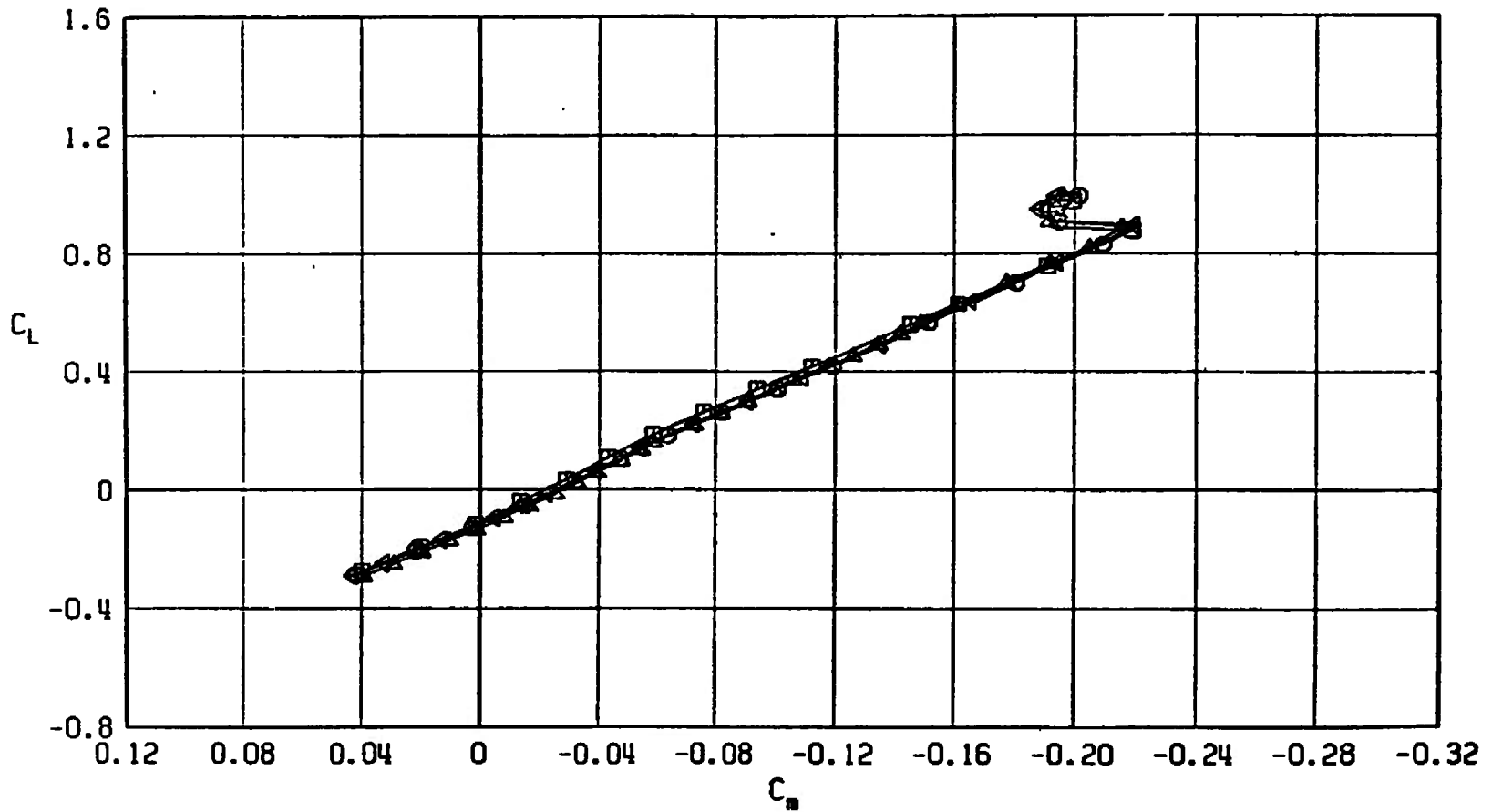
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 37 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



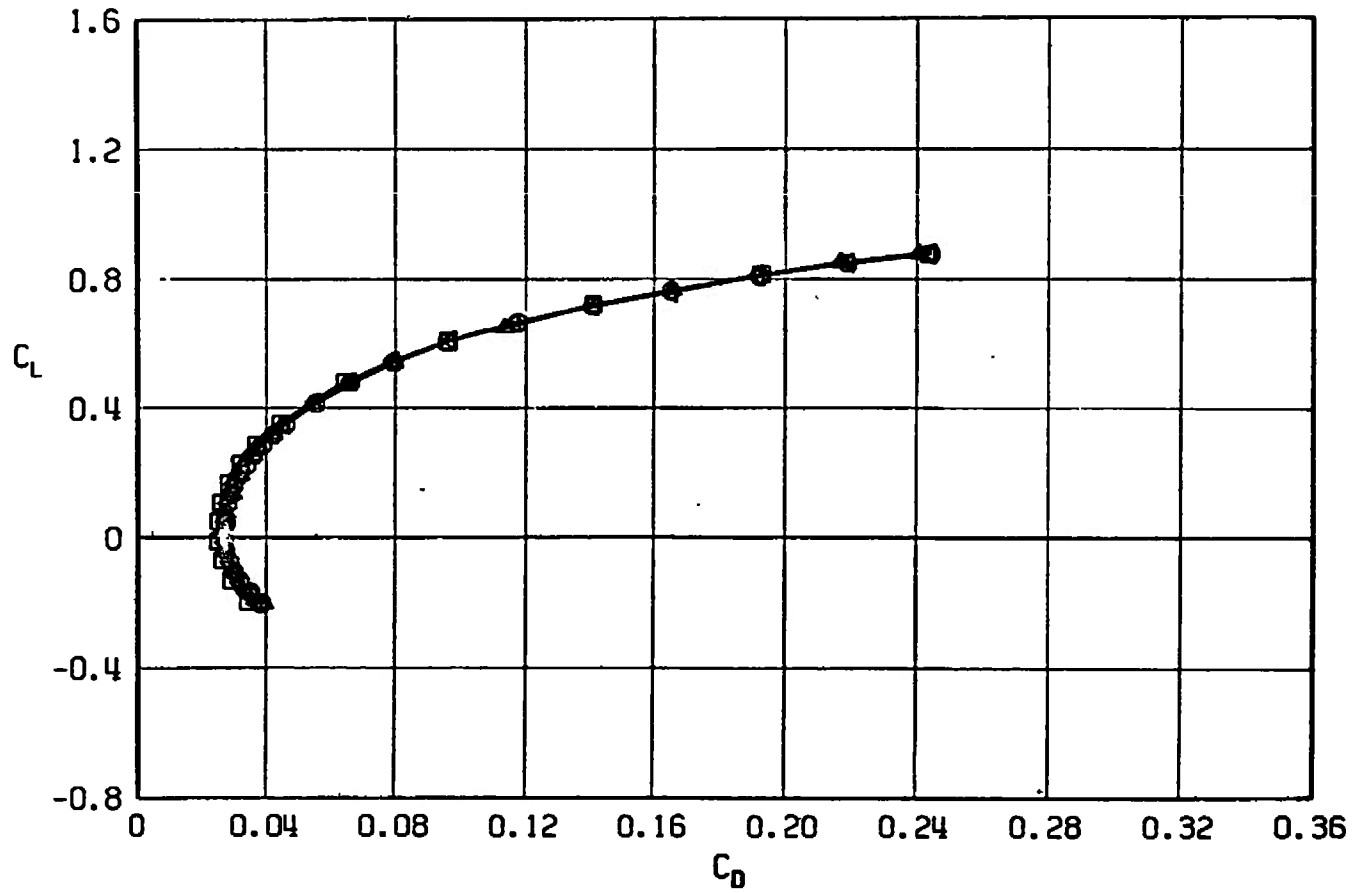
e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 37 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 37 Concluded

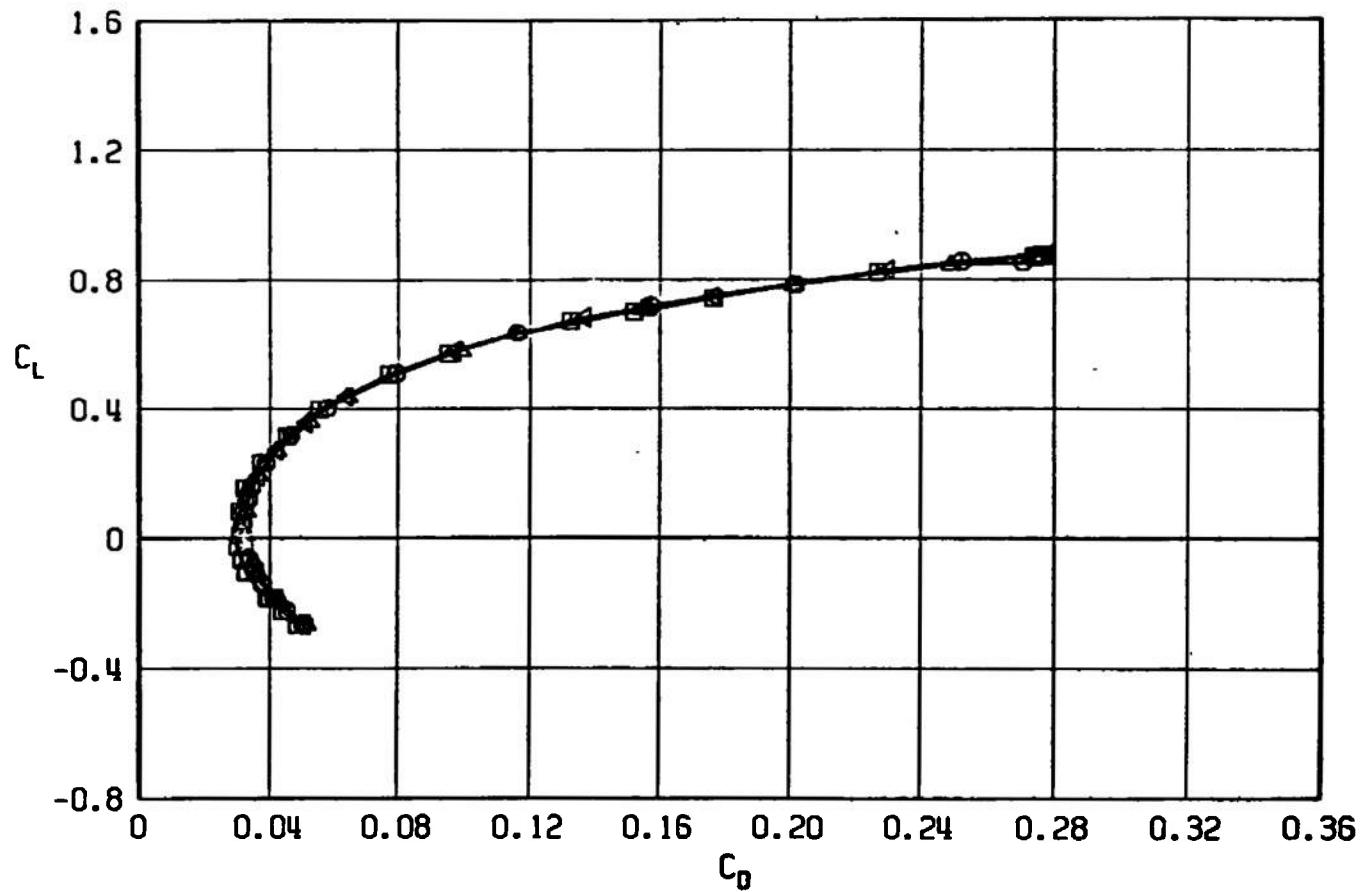
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

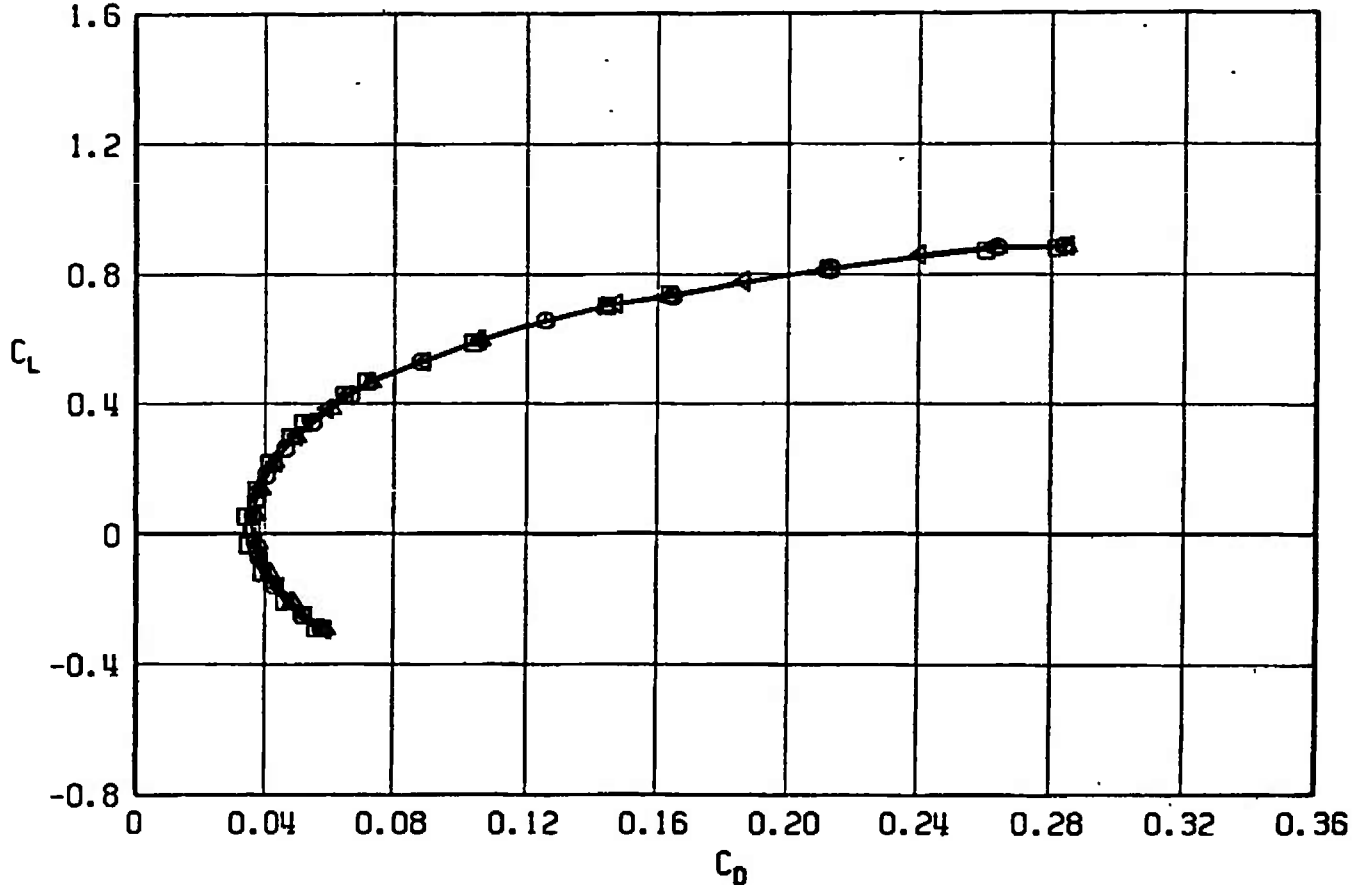
Fig. 38 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F412, F415, and F418

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
◁	F415



b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 38 Continued

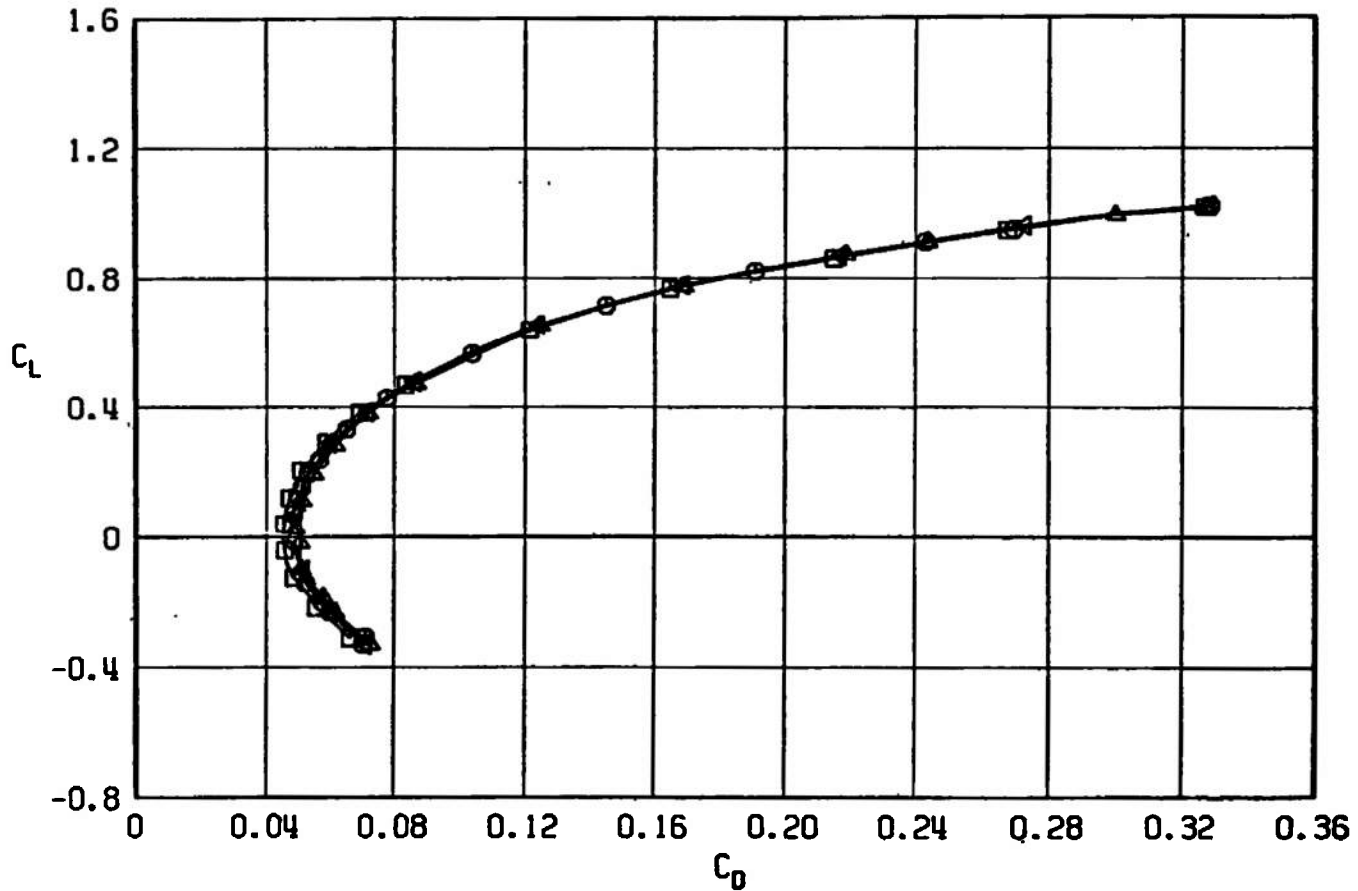
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 38 Continued

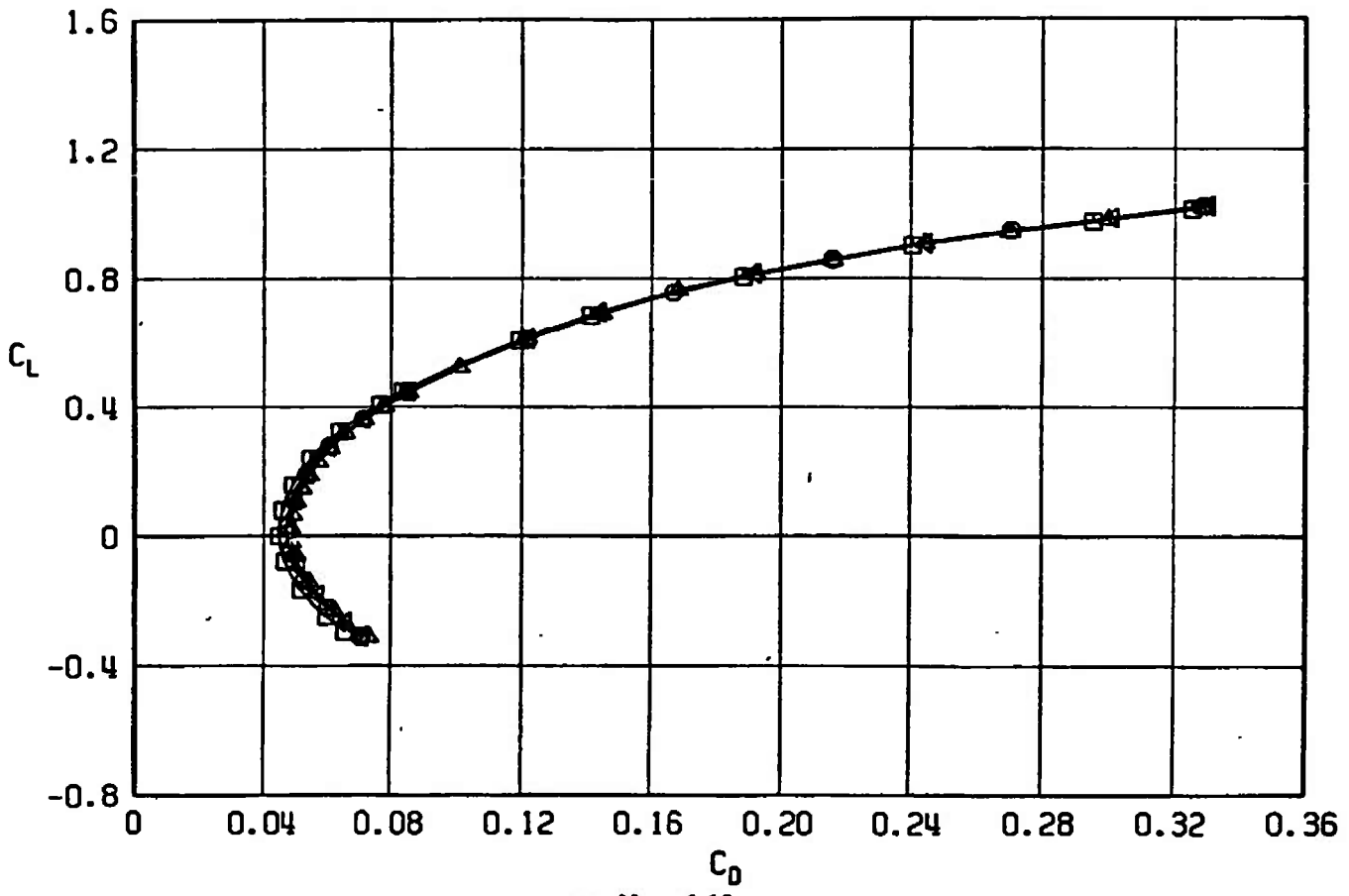
SYMBOL CONFIGURATION

□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 38 Continued

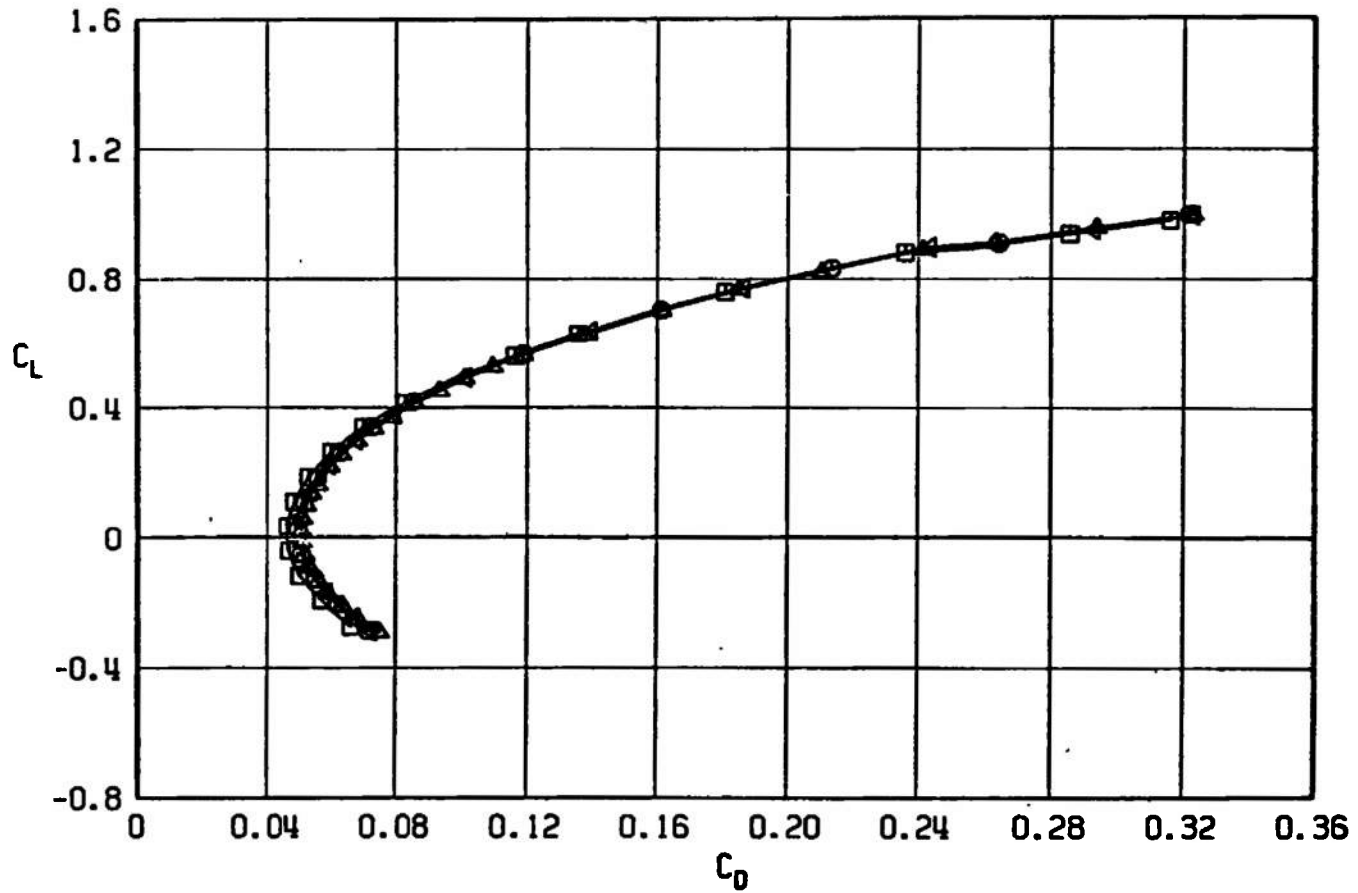
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 38 Continued

SYMBOL CONFIGURATION

□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
◀	F415



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 38 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F412
△	F418
▽	F415

130

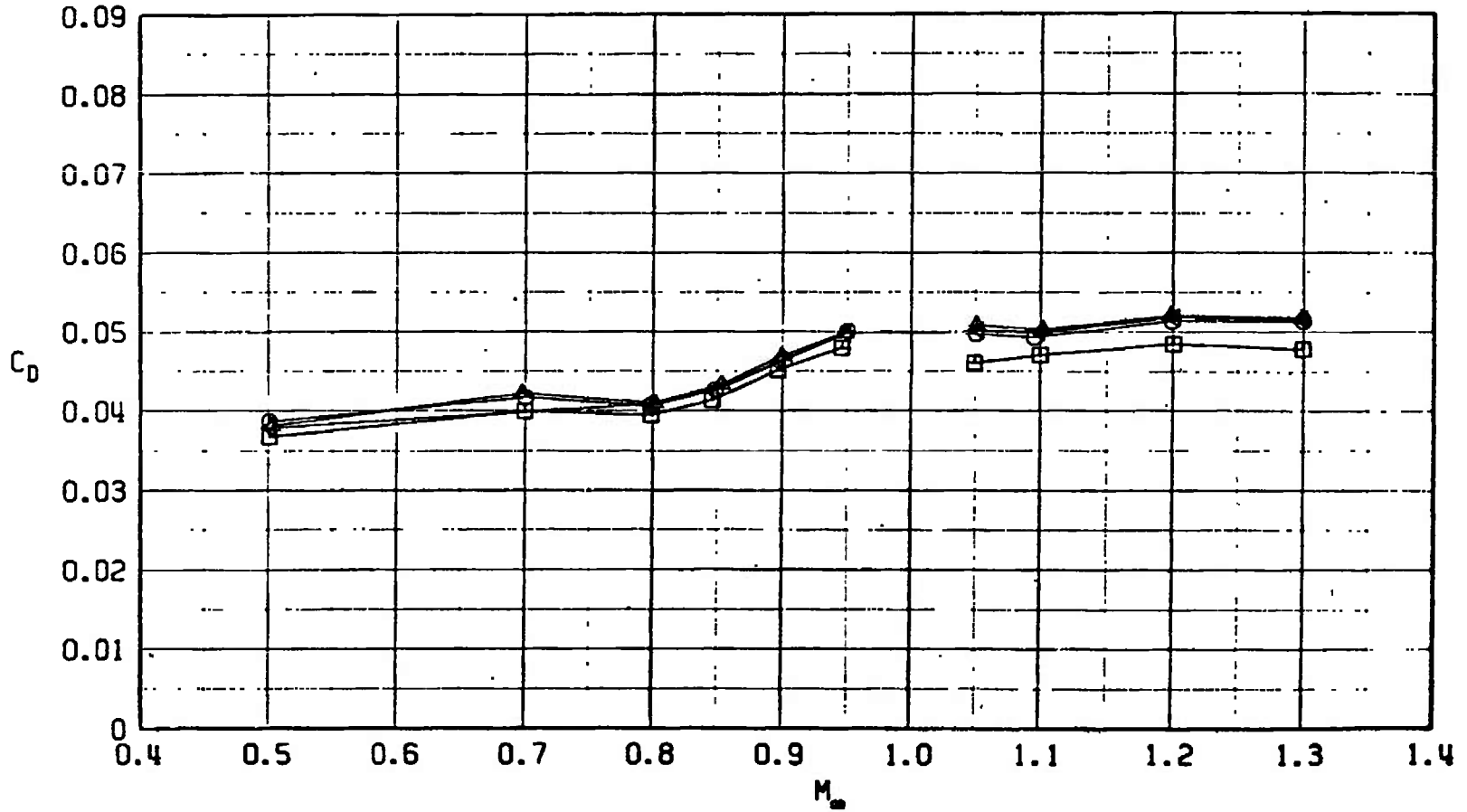
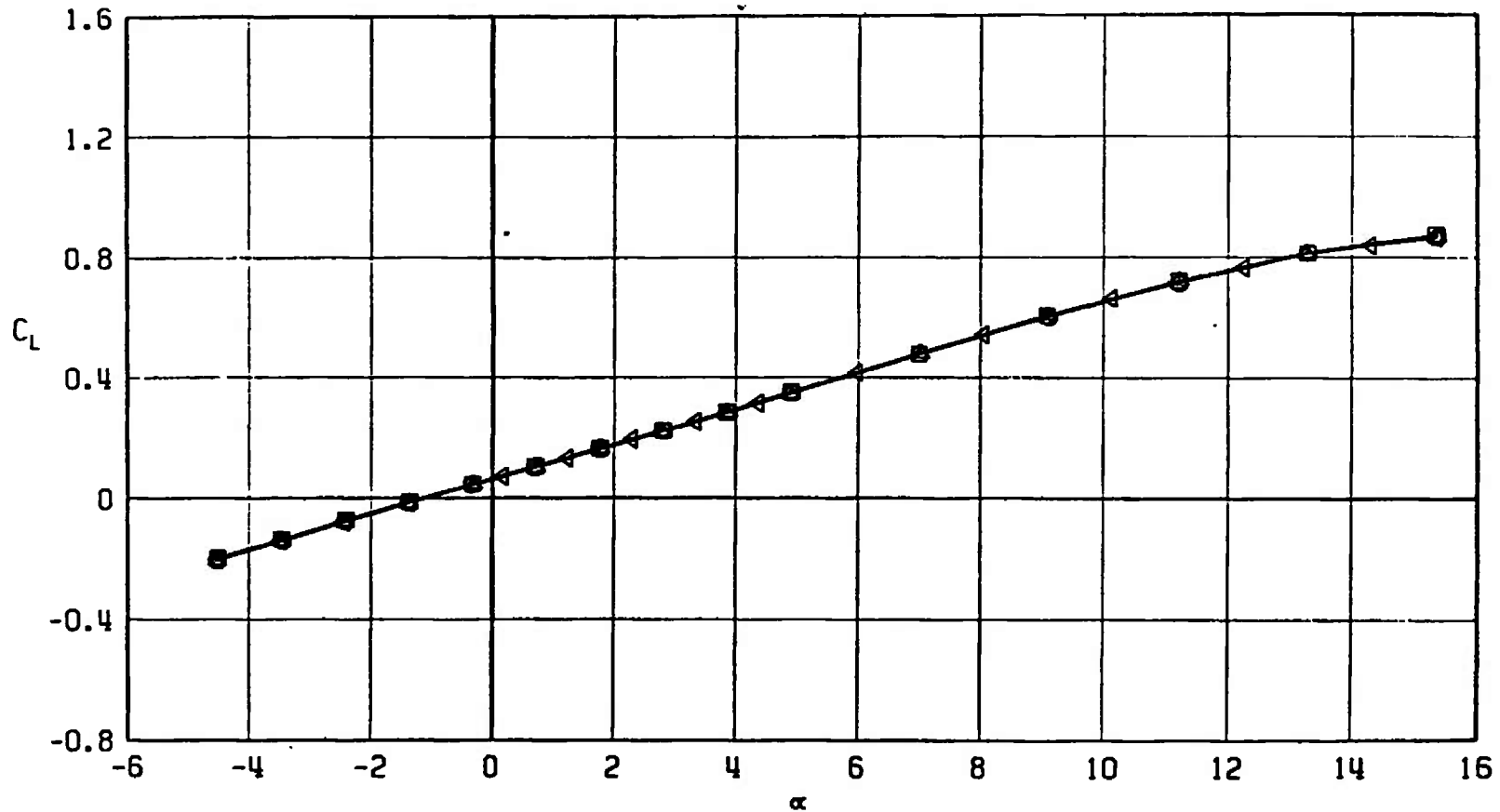


Fig. 39 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0.30$, $M_\infty < 1.0$ and $C_L = 0.1$, $M_\infty > 1.0$ for Configurations F401, F412, F415, and F418

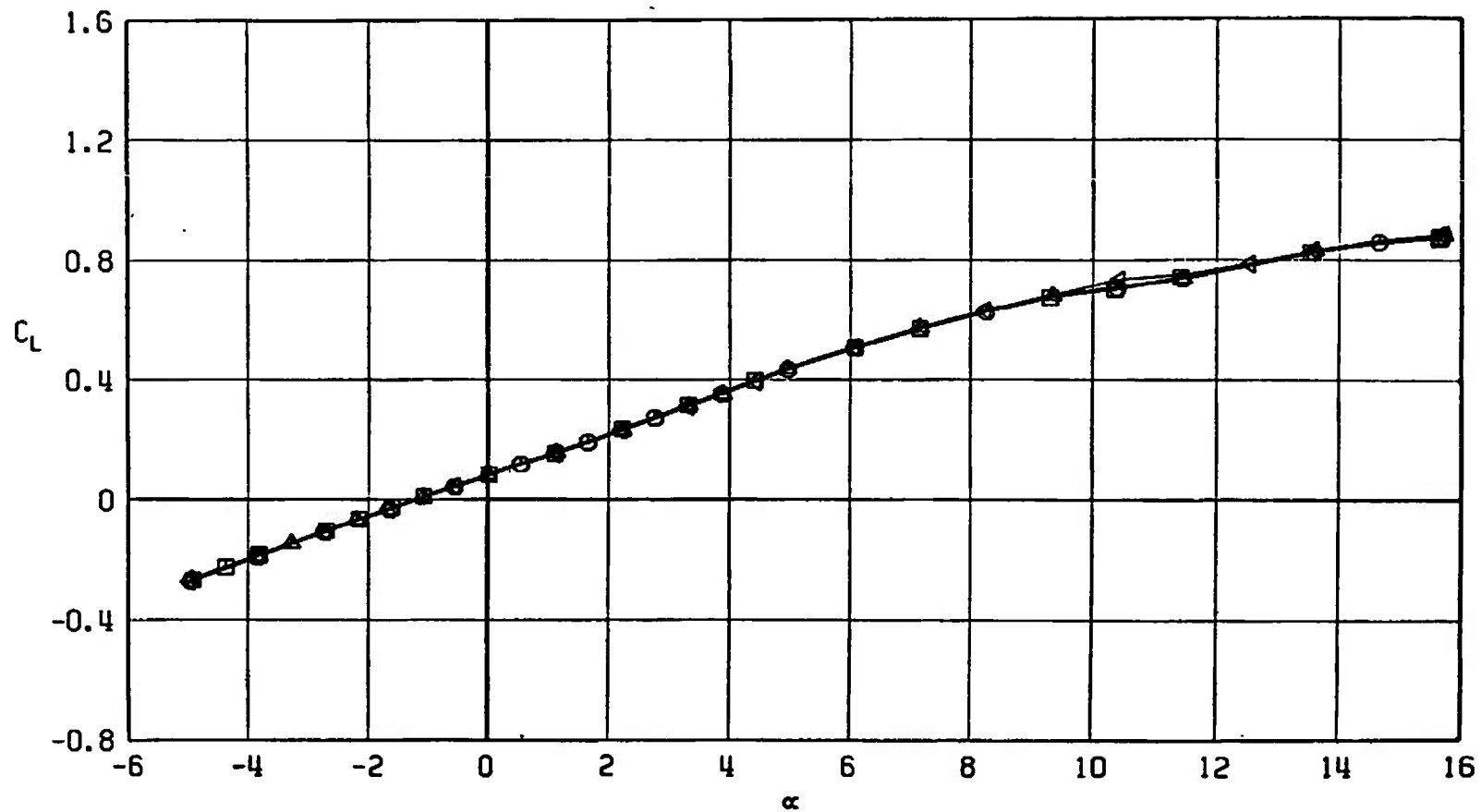
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
◁	F405



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

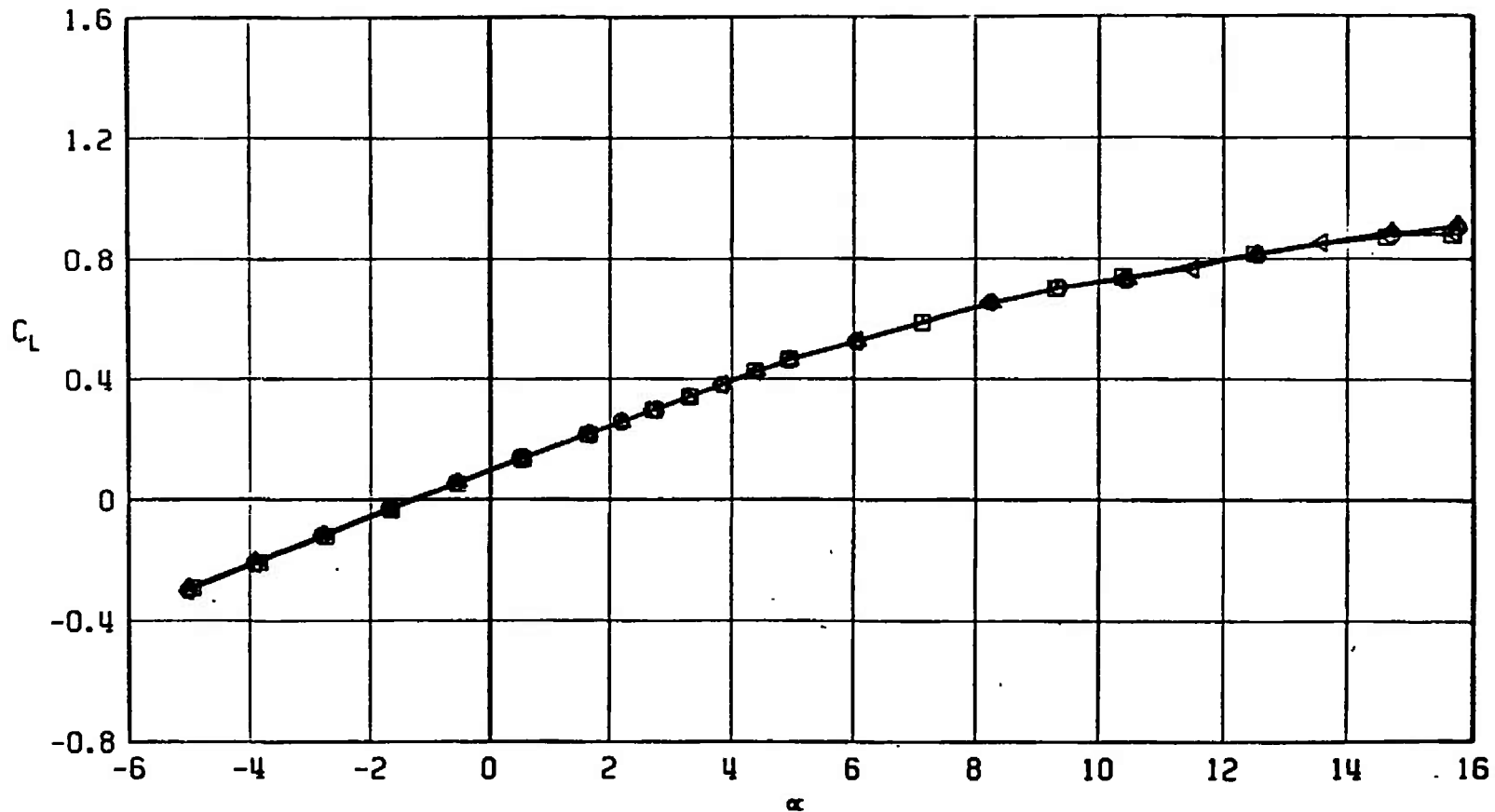
Fig. 40 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations F401, F405, F406, and F407

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
◀	F405



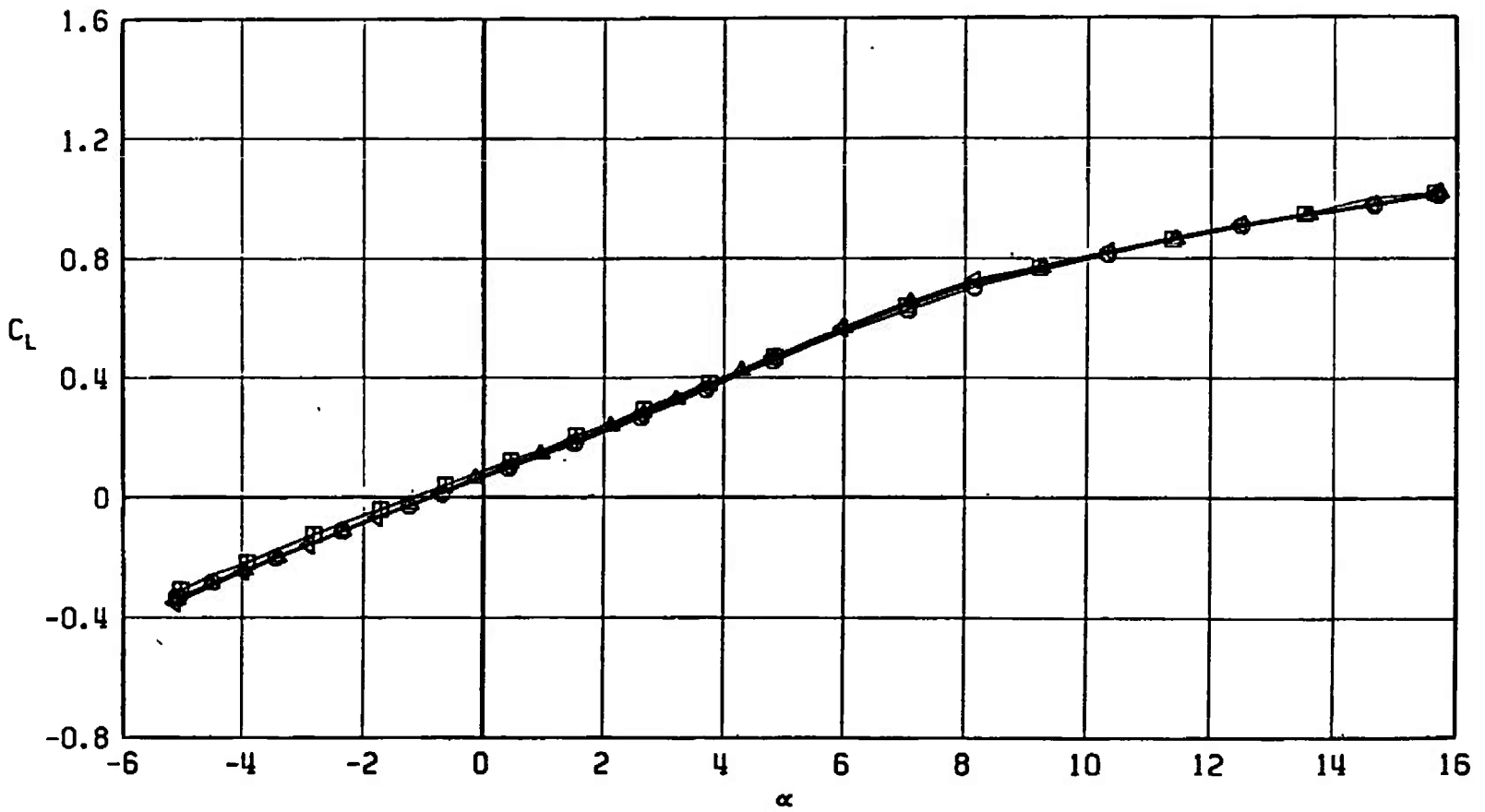
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 40 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
◁	F405



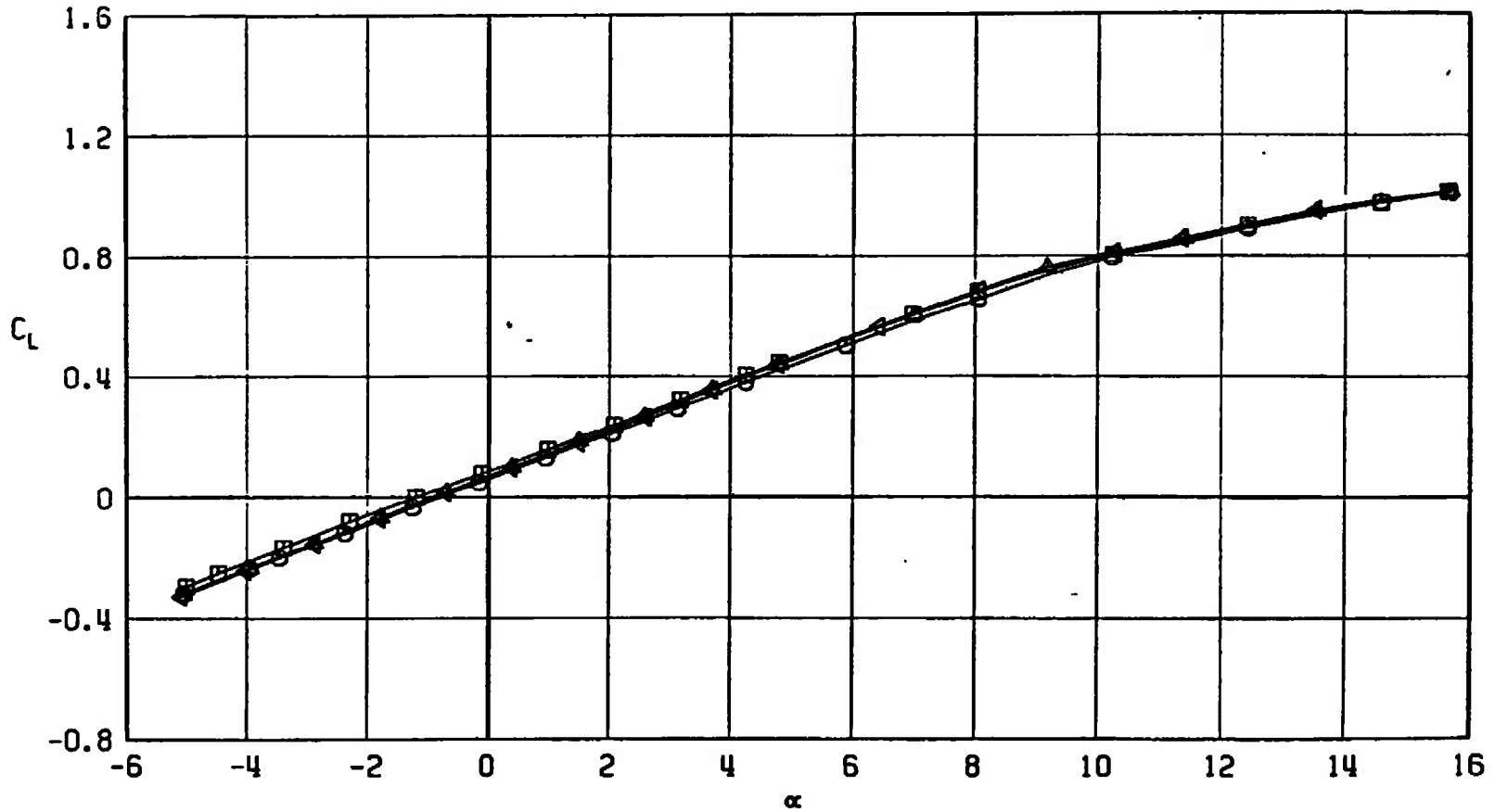
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 40 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



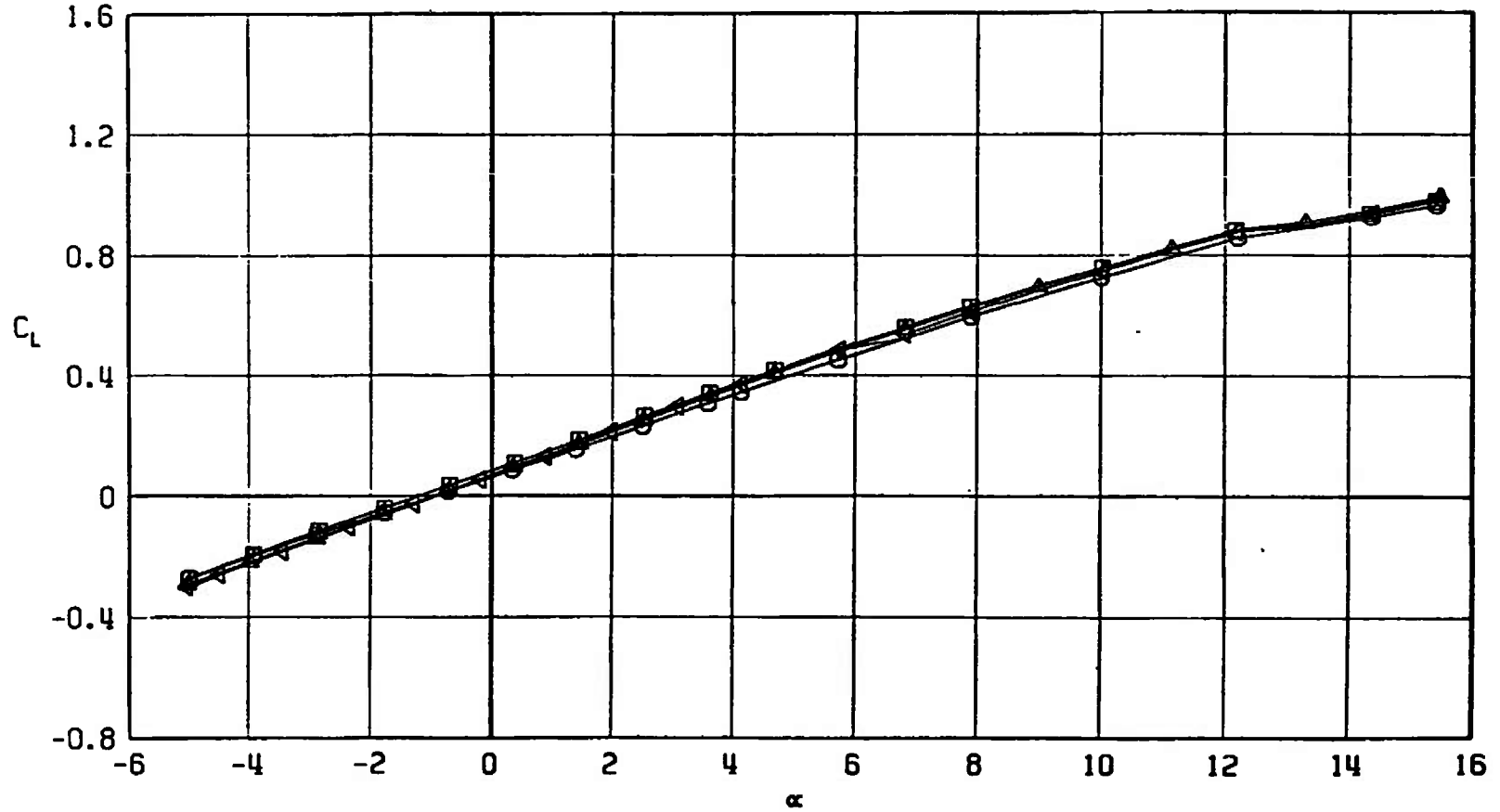
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 40 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
◀	F405



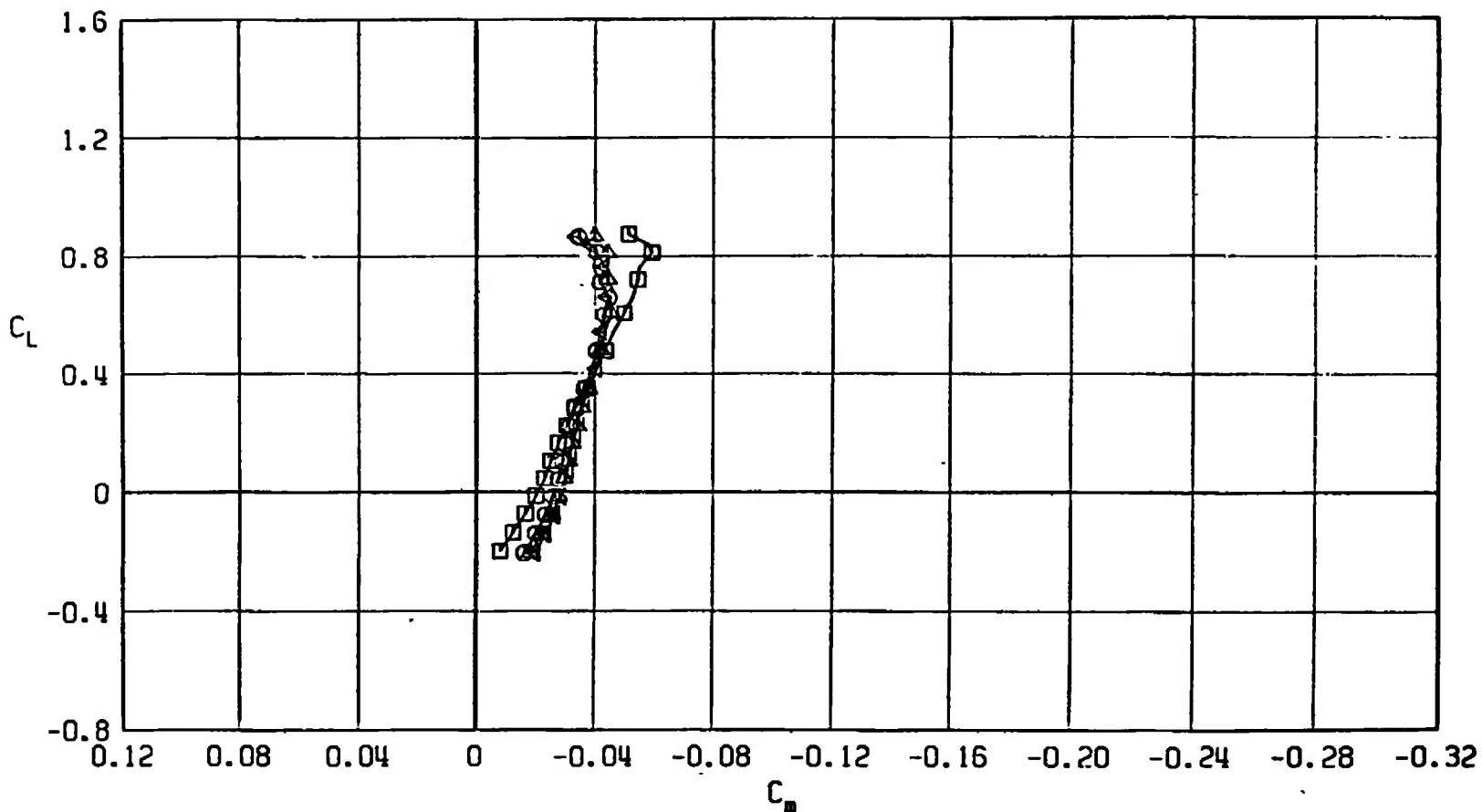
e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
 Fig. 40 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 40 Concluded

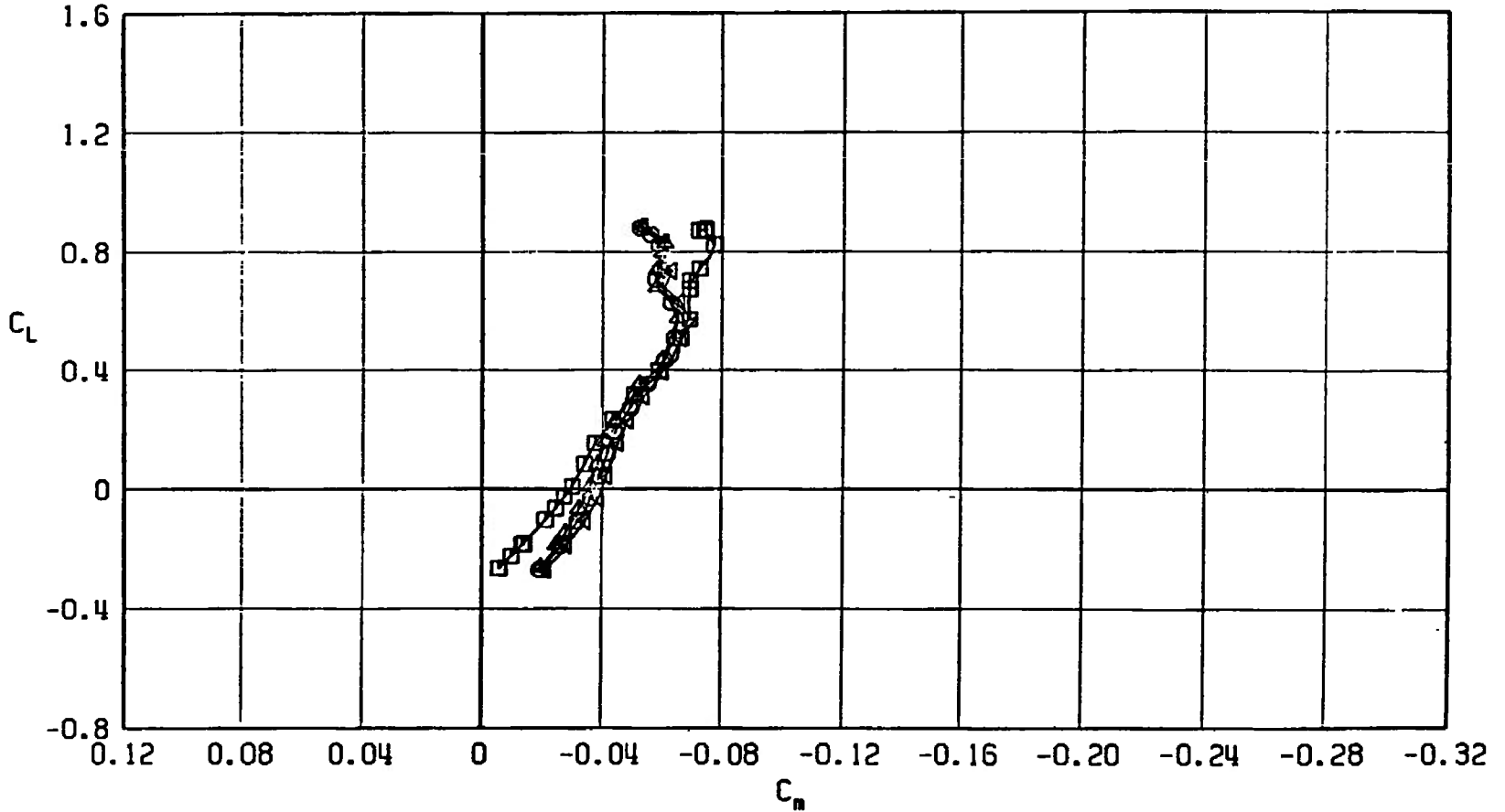
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
◀	F405



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

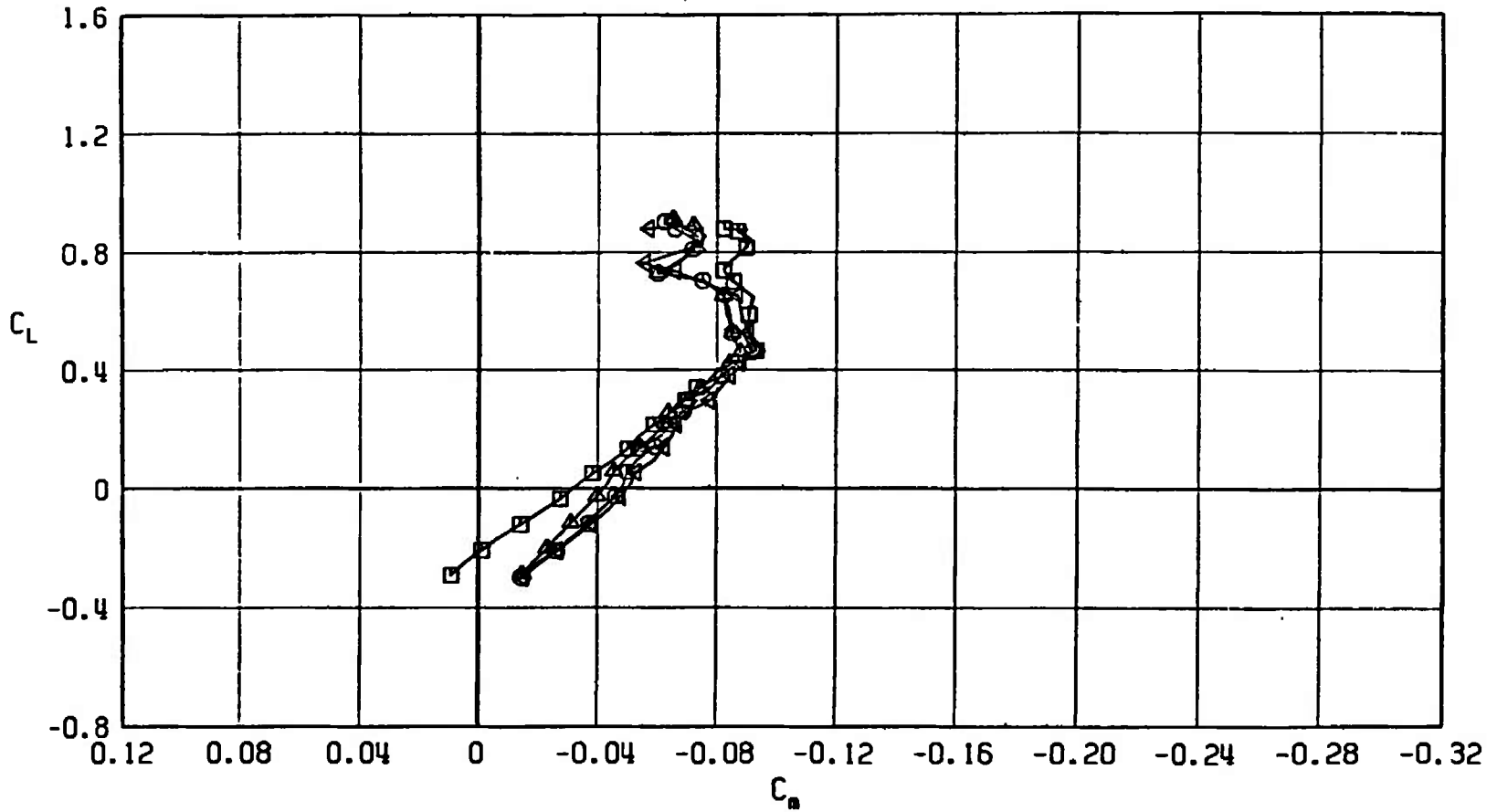
Fig. 41 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F405, F406, and F407

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 41 Continued

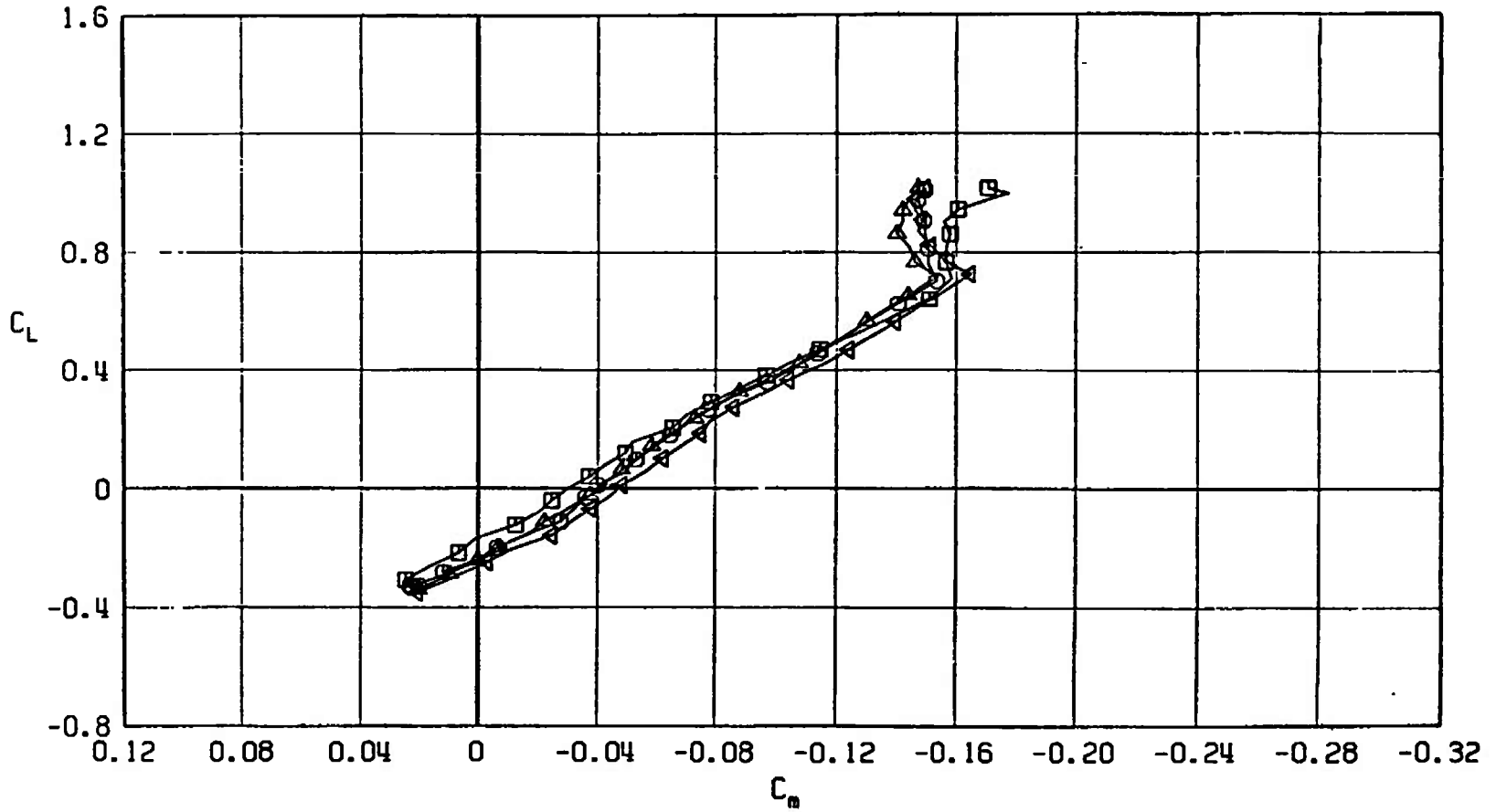
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 41 Continued

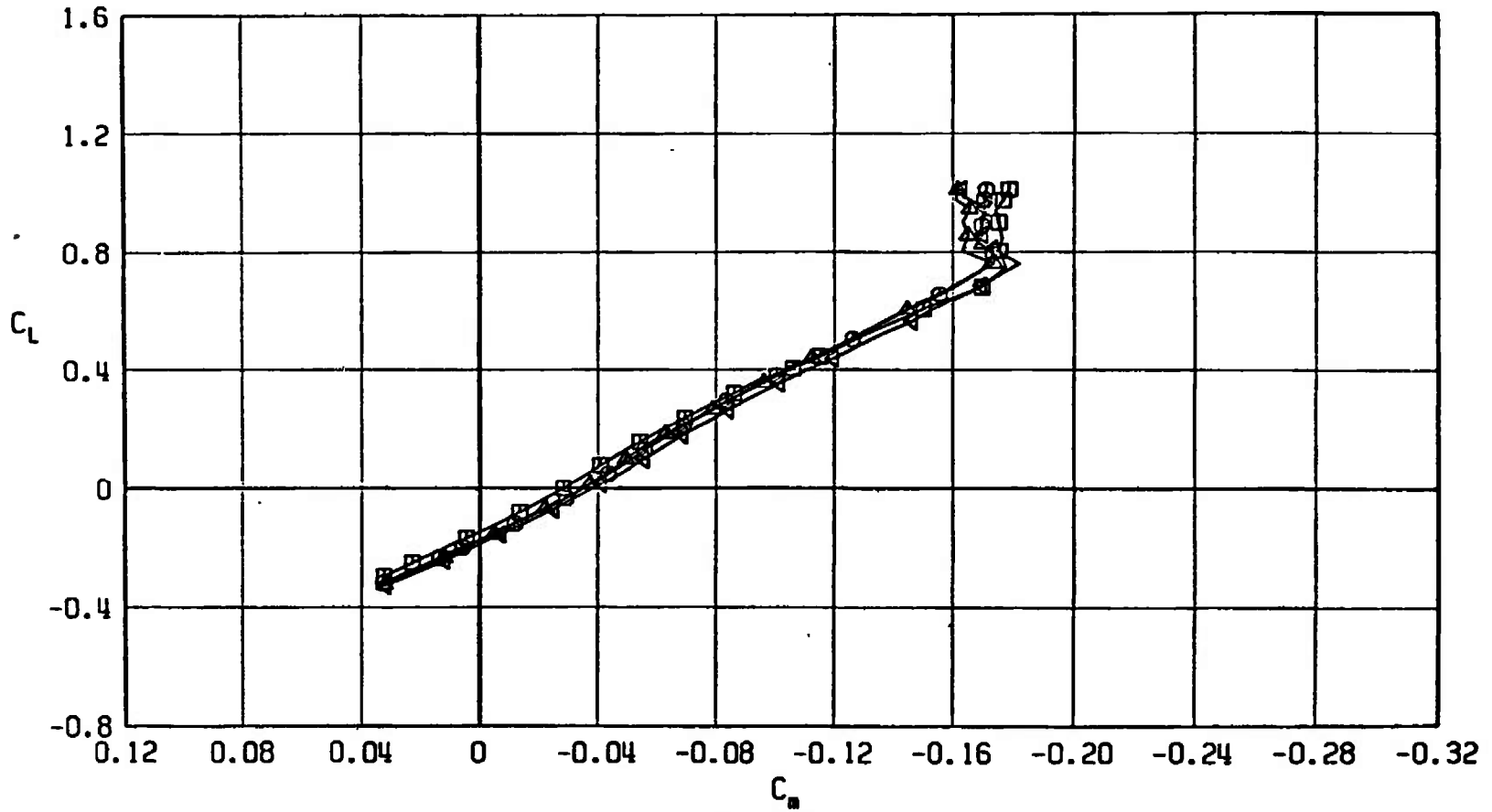
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
▲	F407
△	F405

140



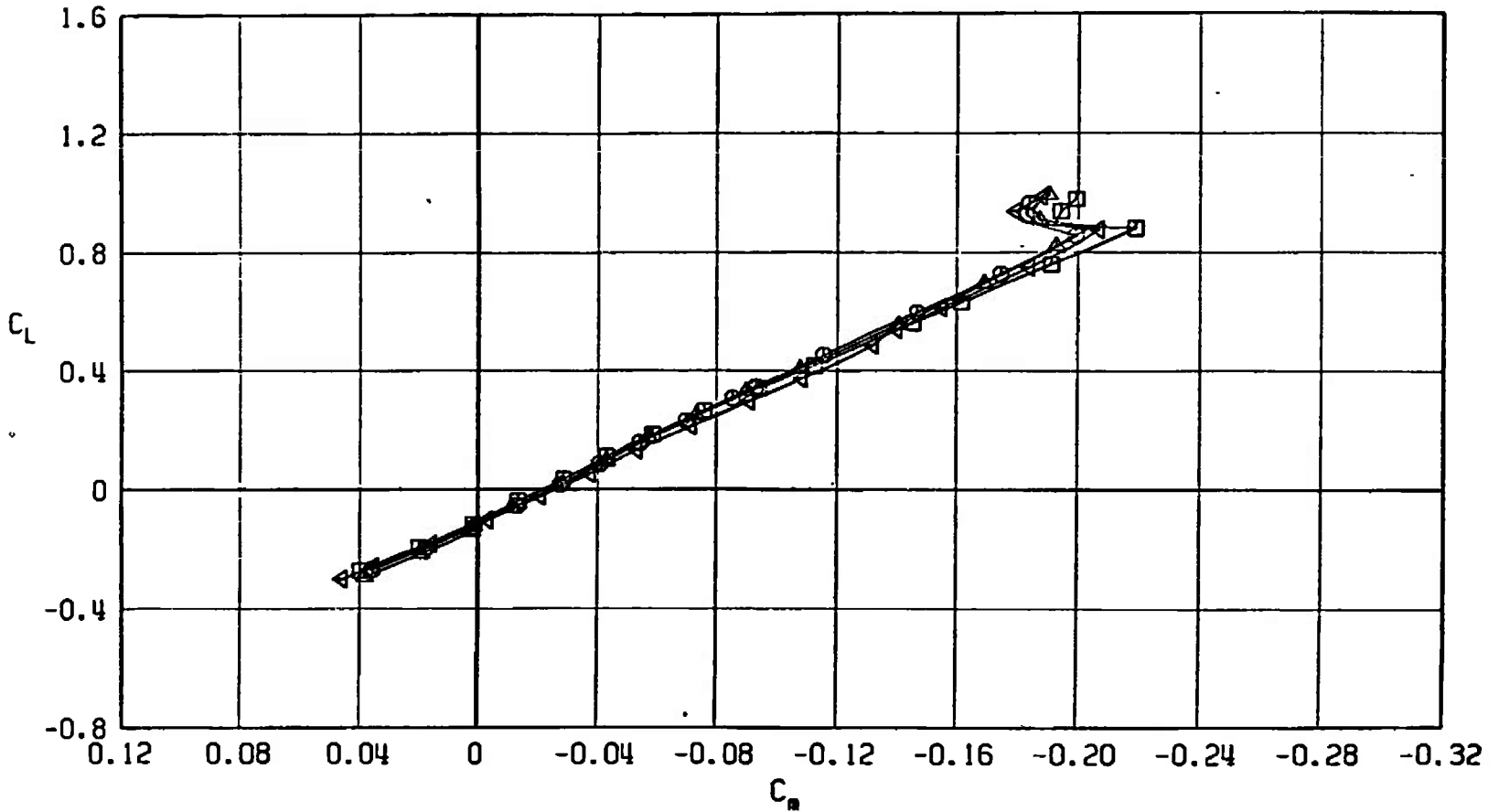
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 41 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
◀	F405



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
 Fig. 41 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 41 Concluded

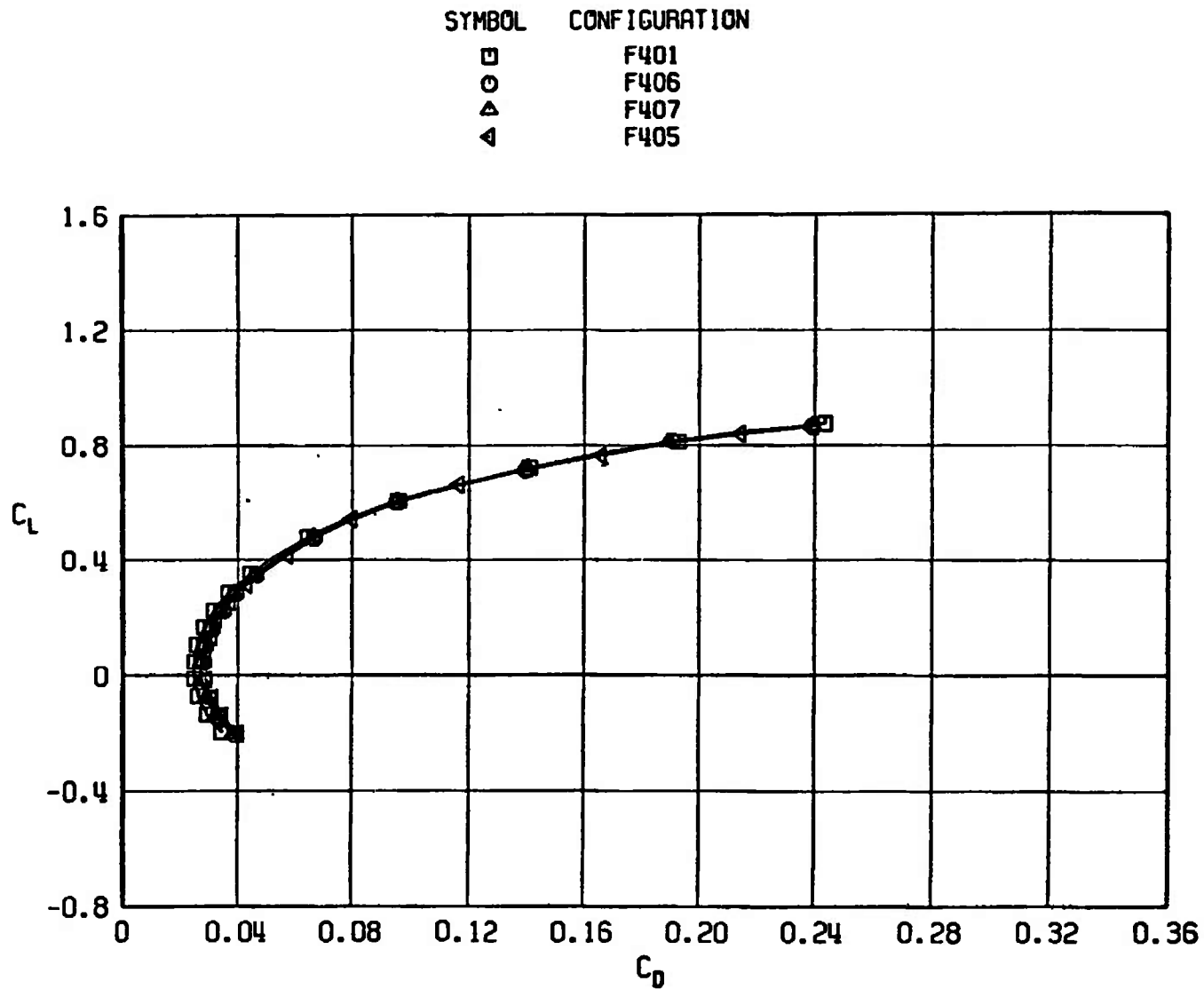
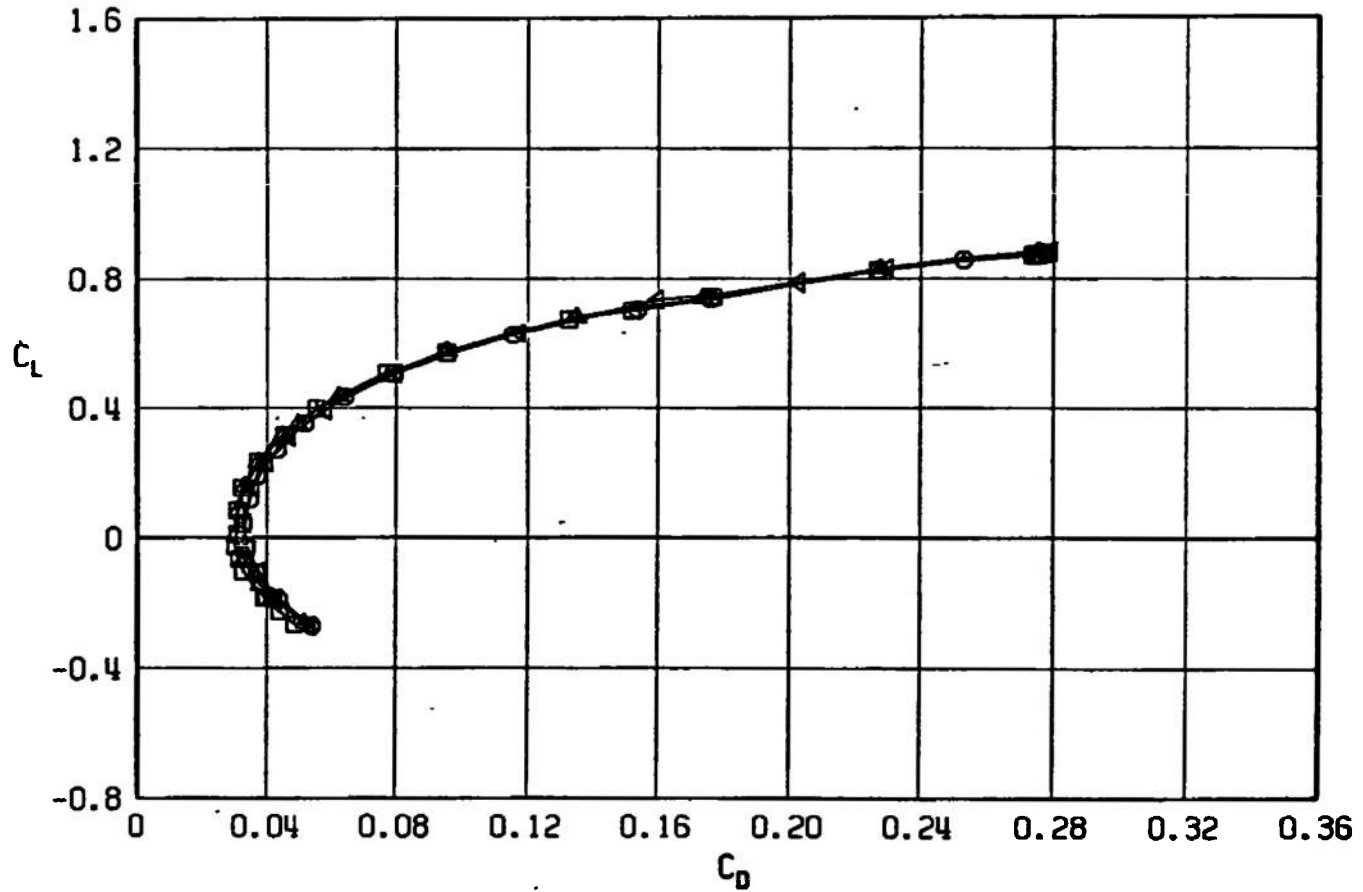
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

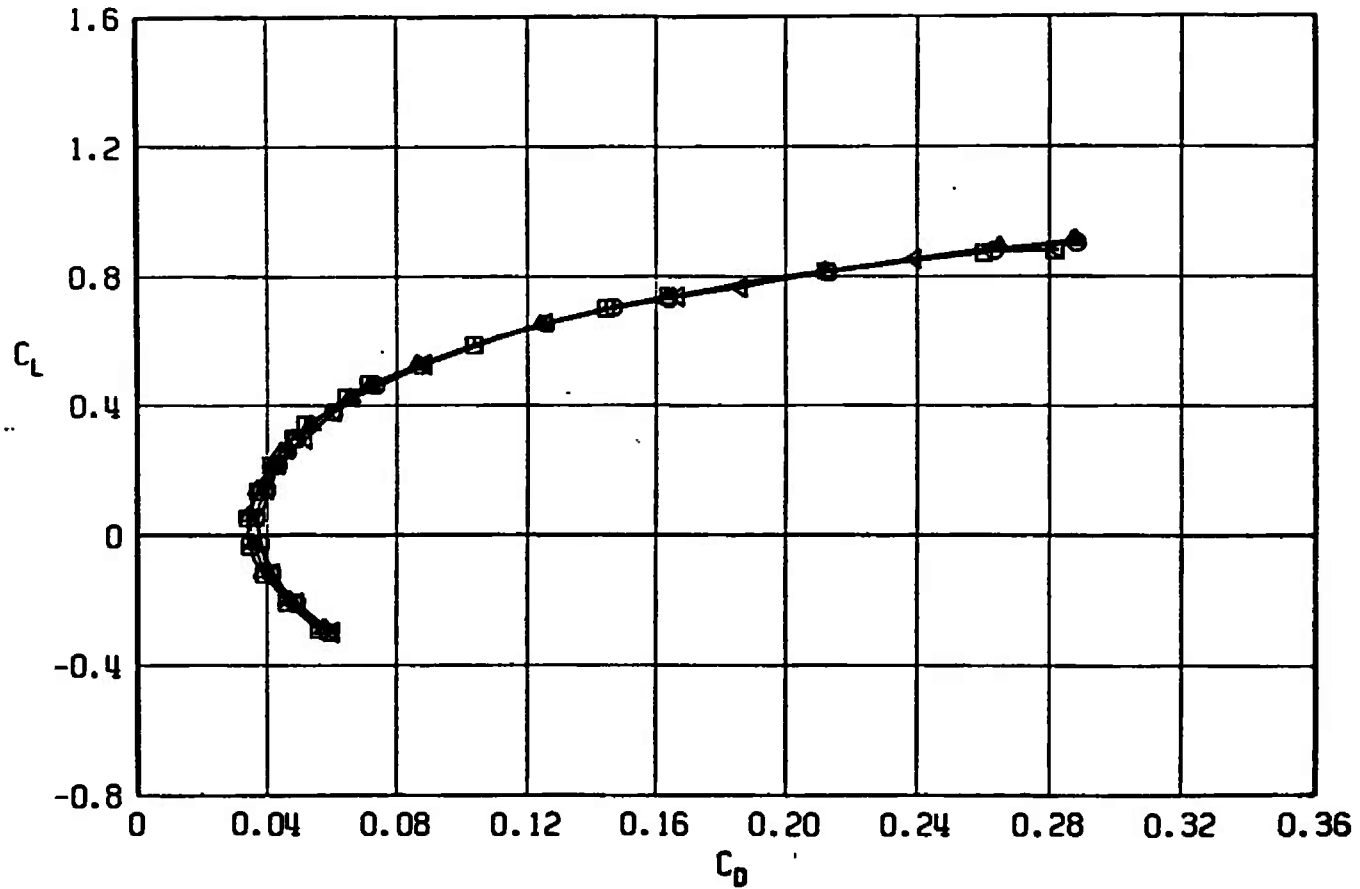
Fig. 42 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F405, F406, and F407

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



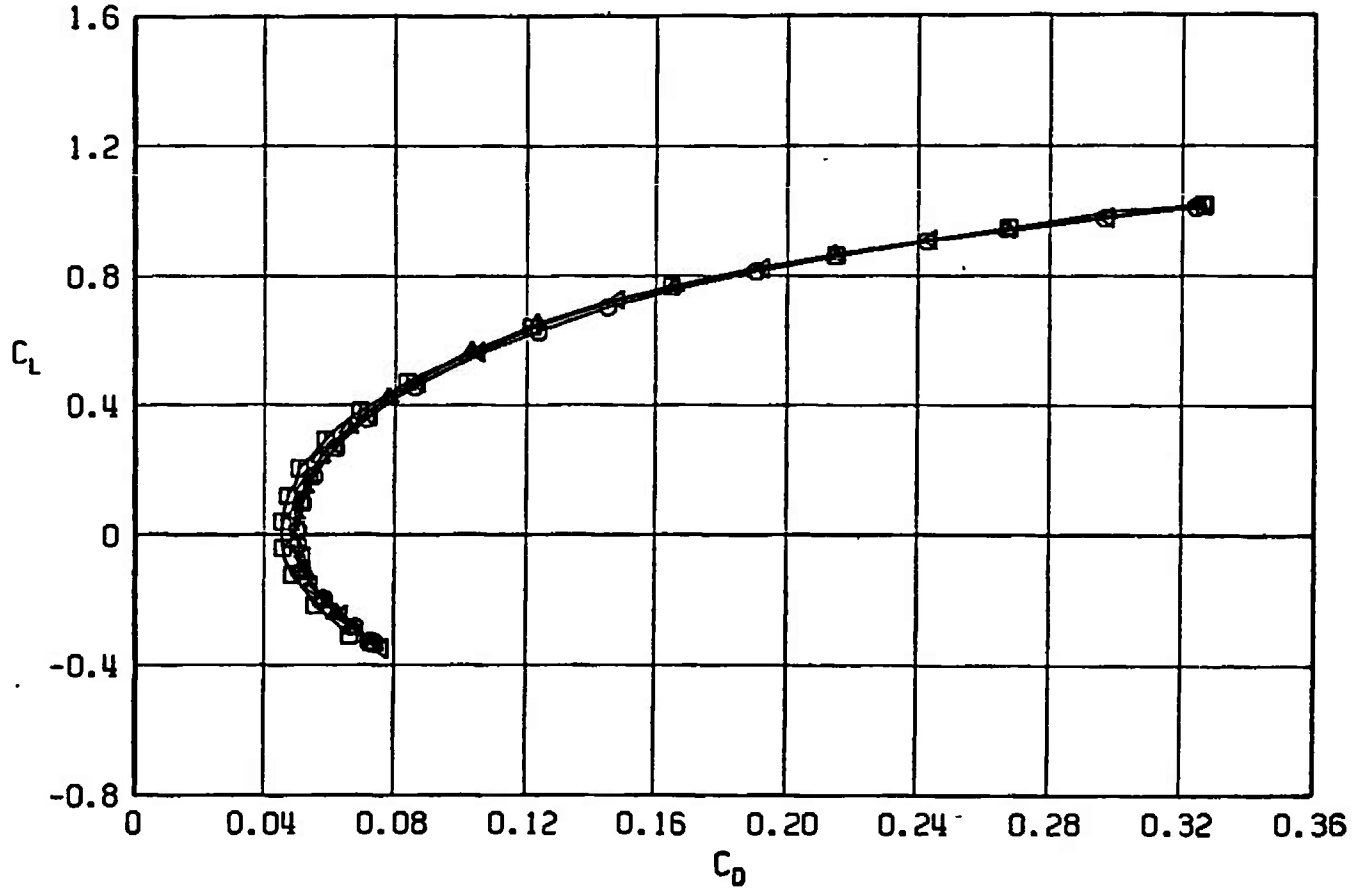
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 42 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



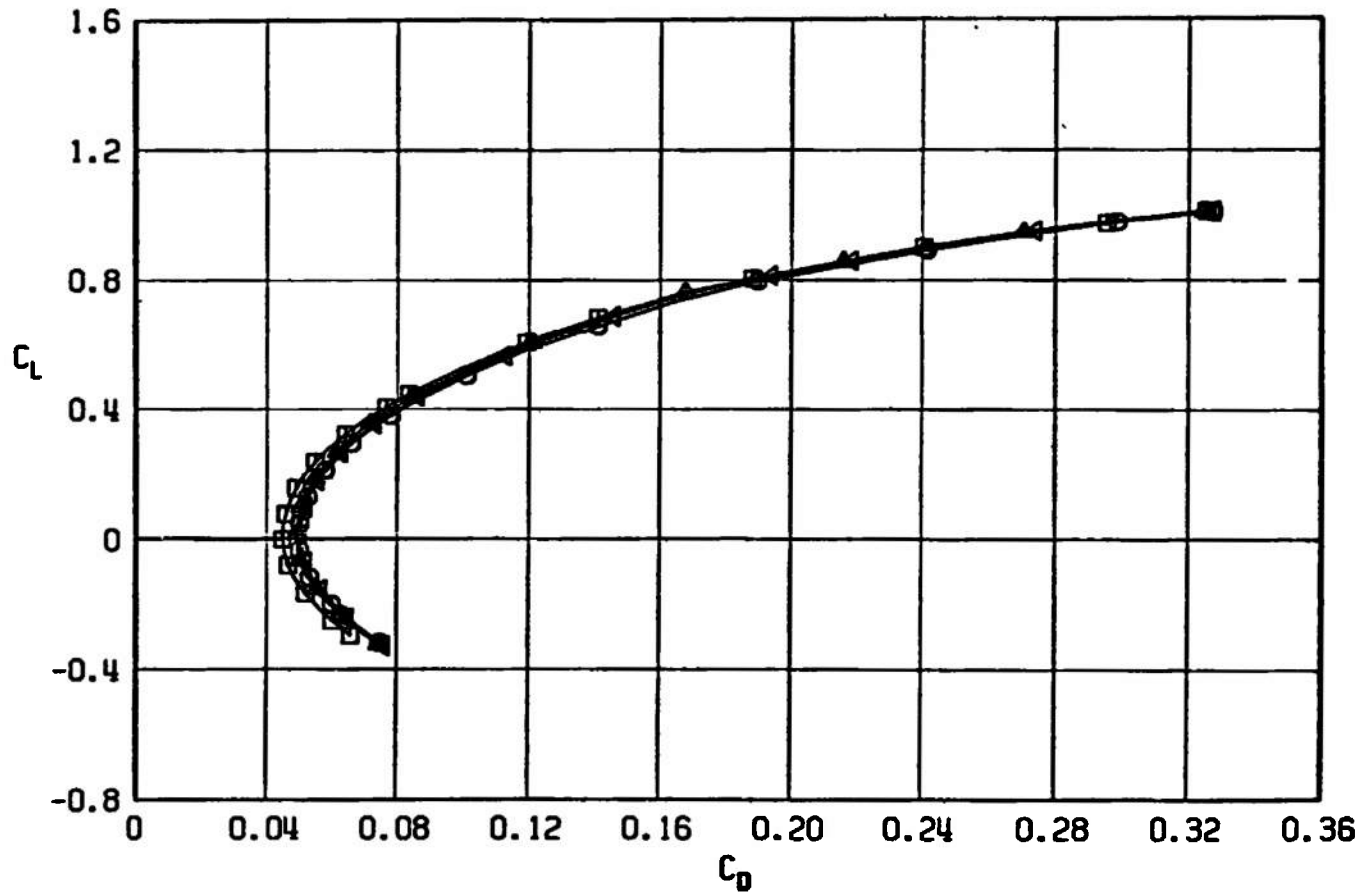
$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 42 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▽	F405



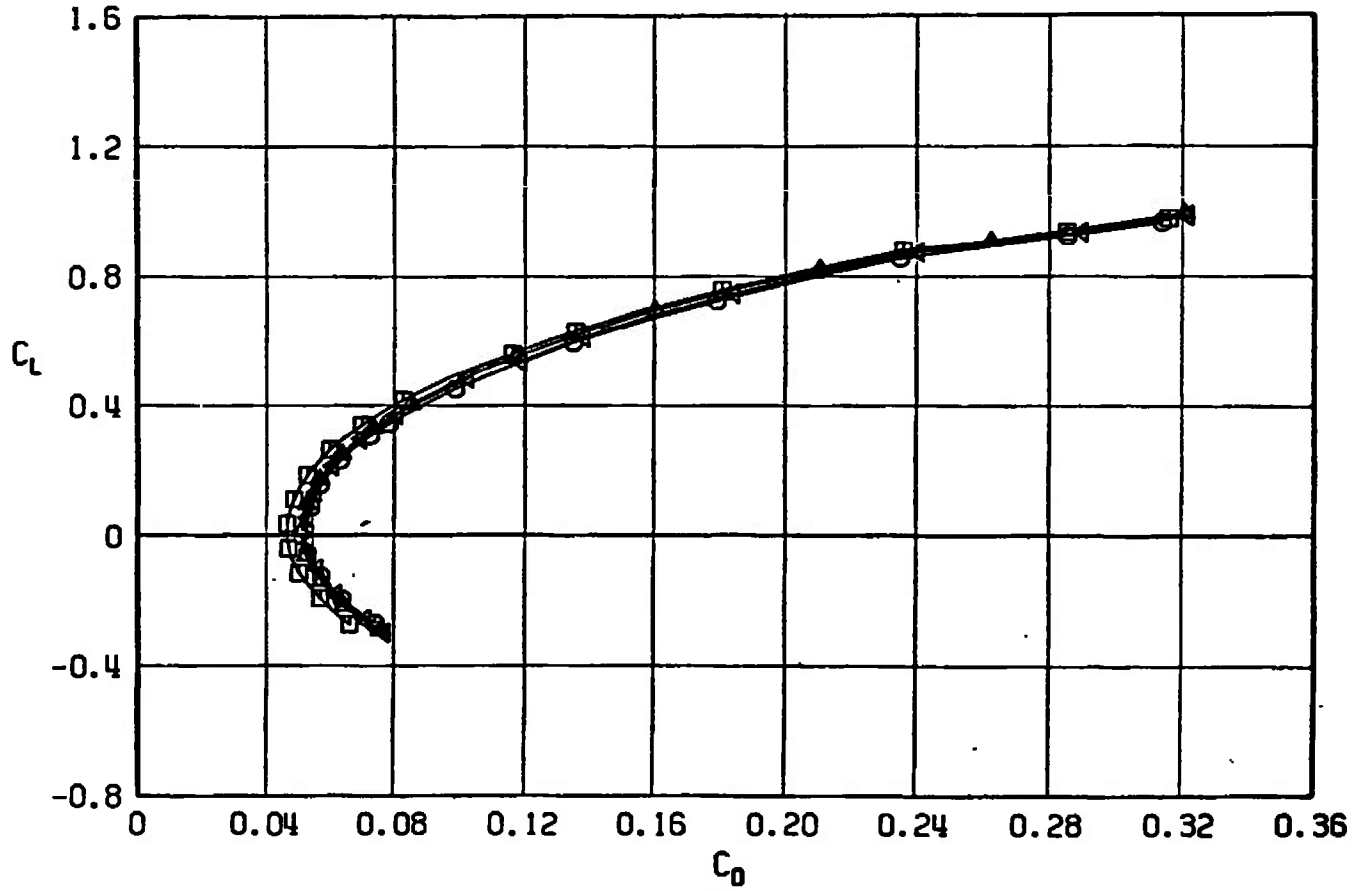
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 42 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▲	F405



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 42 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F406
△	F407
▲	F405



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 42 Concluded

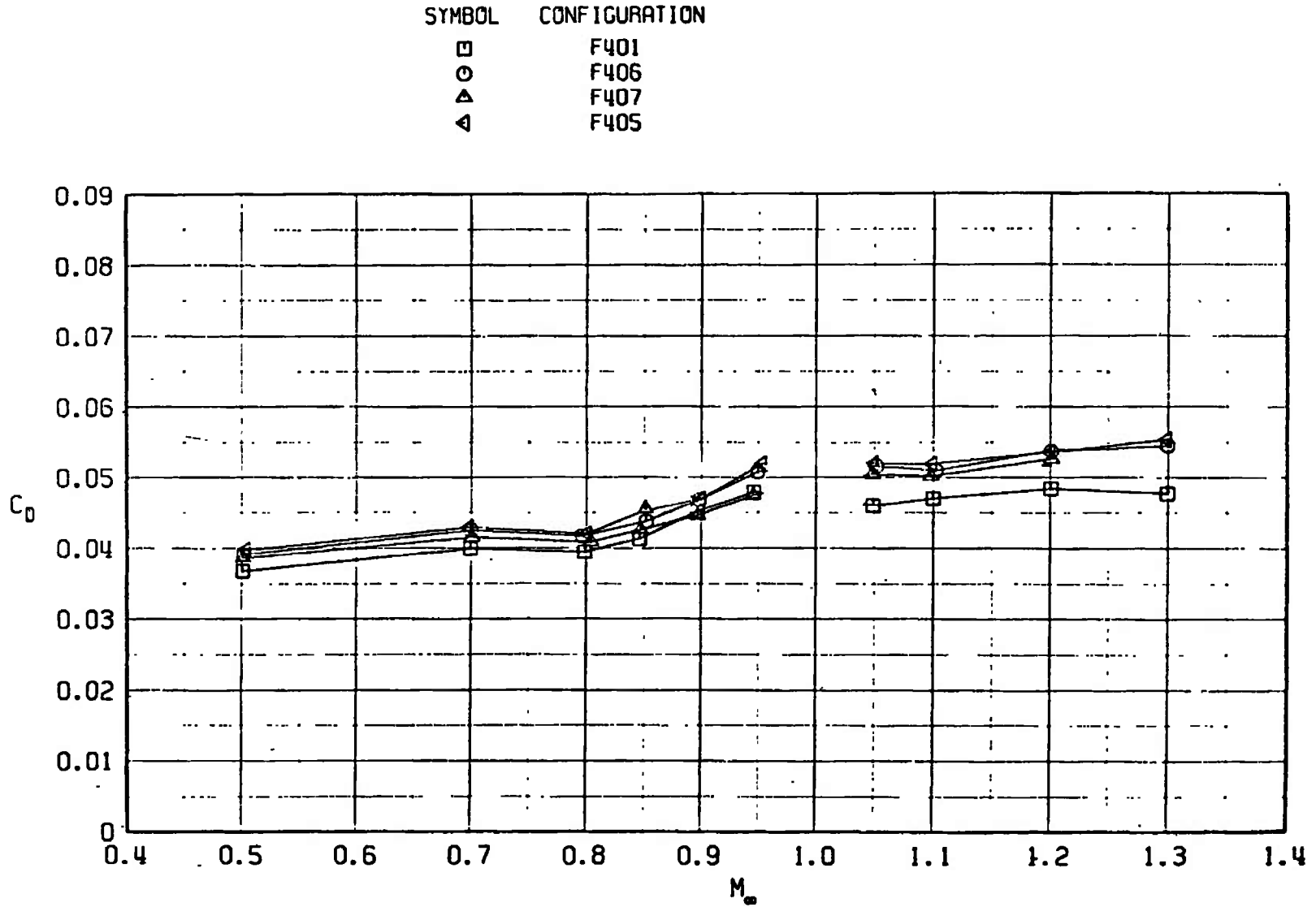
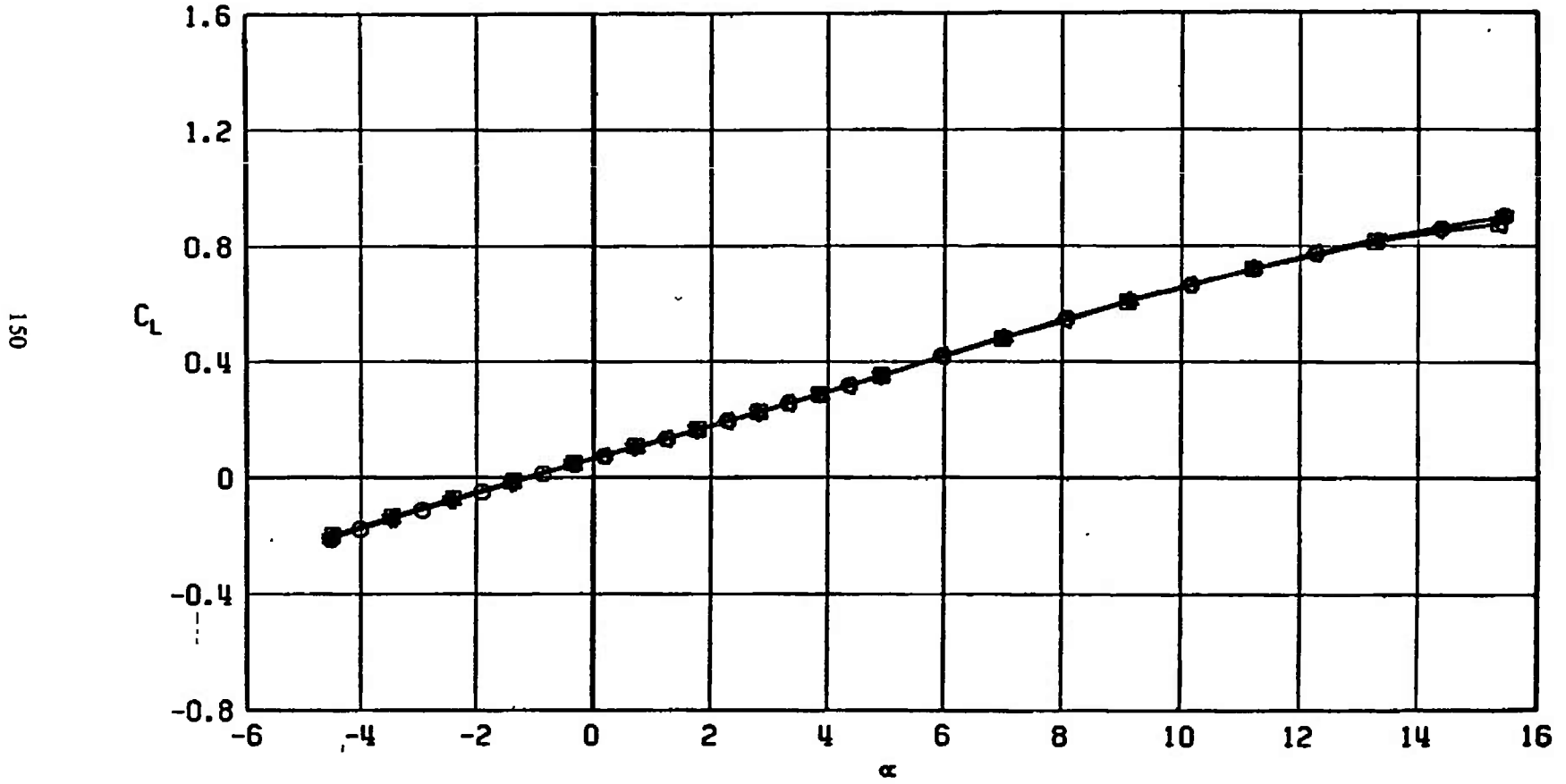


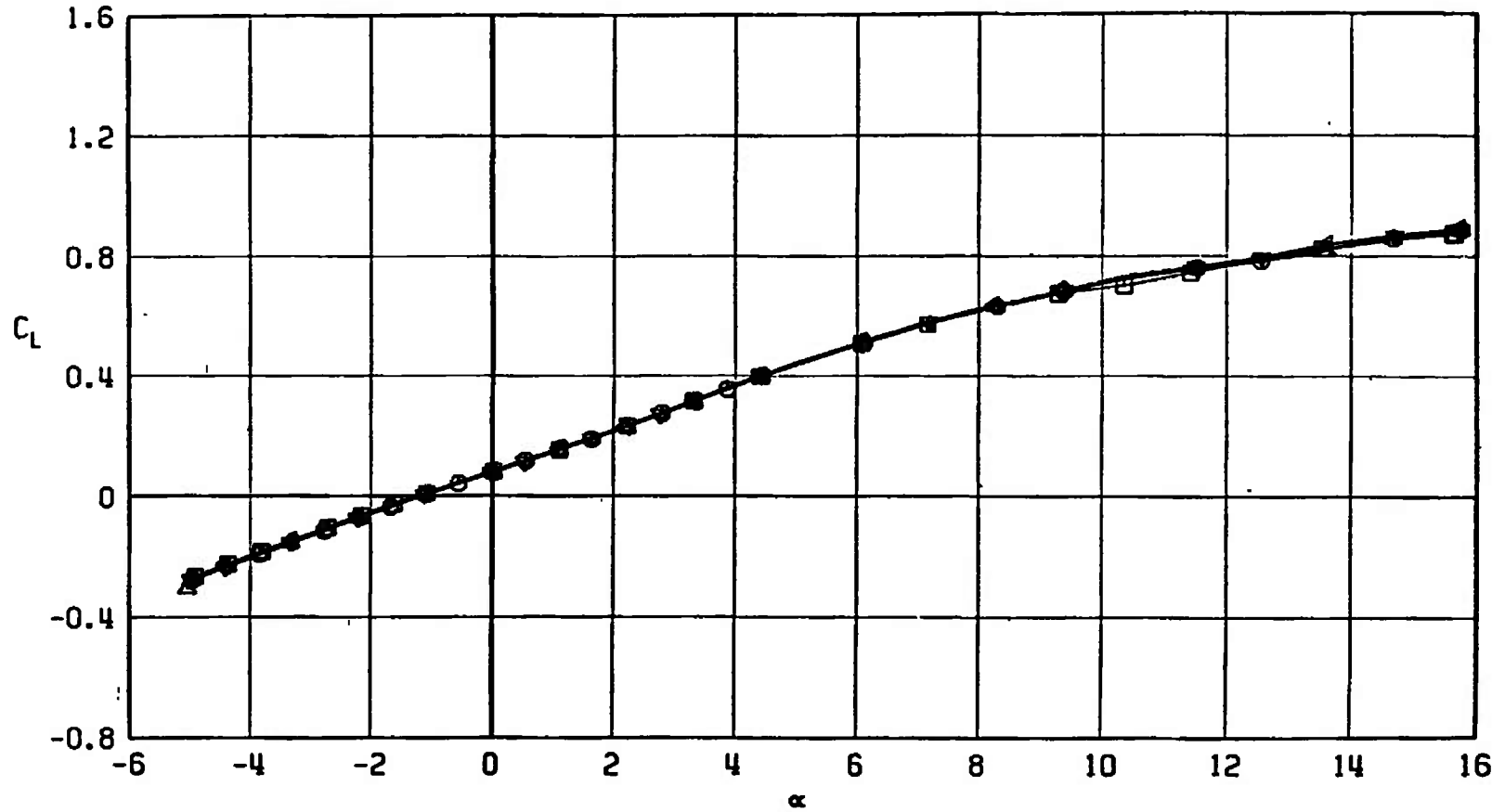
Fig. 43 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0.30$, $M_\infty < 1.0$ and $C_L = 0.1$, $M_\infty > 1.0$ for Configurations F401, F405, F406, and F407

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◊	F409



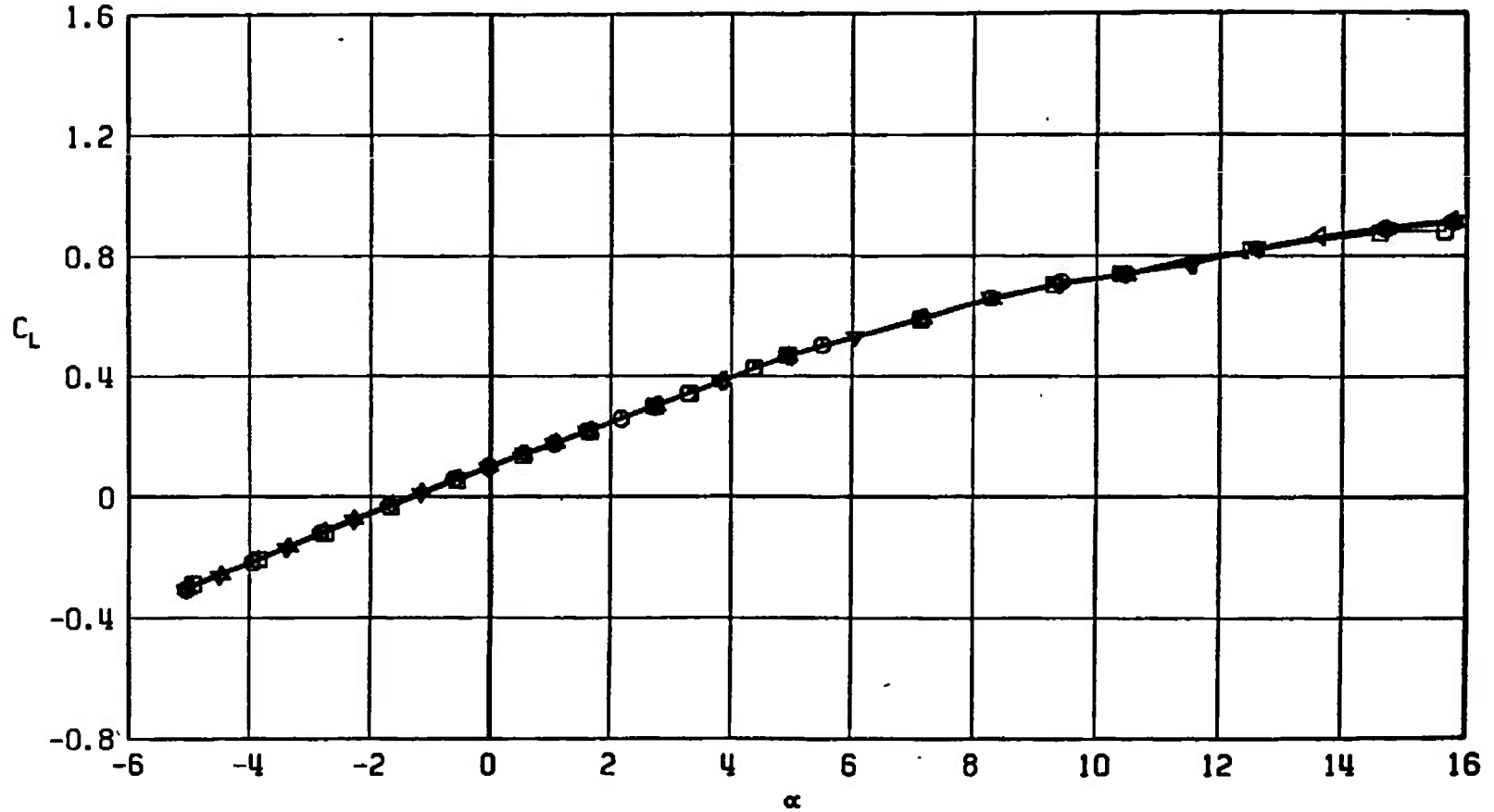
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$
 Fig. 44 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations F401, F408, F407, F410, and F411

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
◀	F408
▼	F409



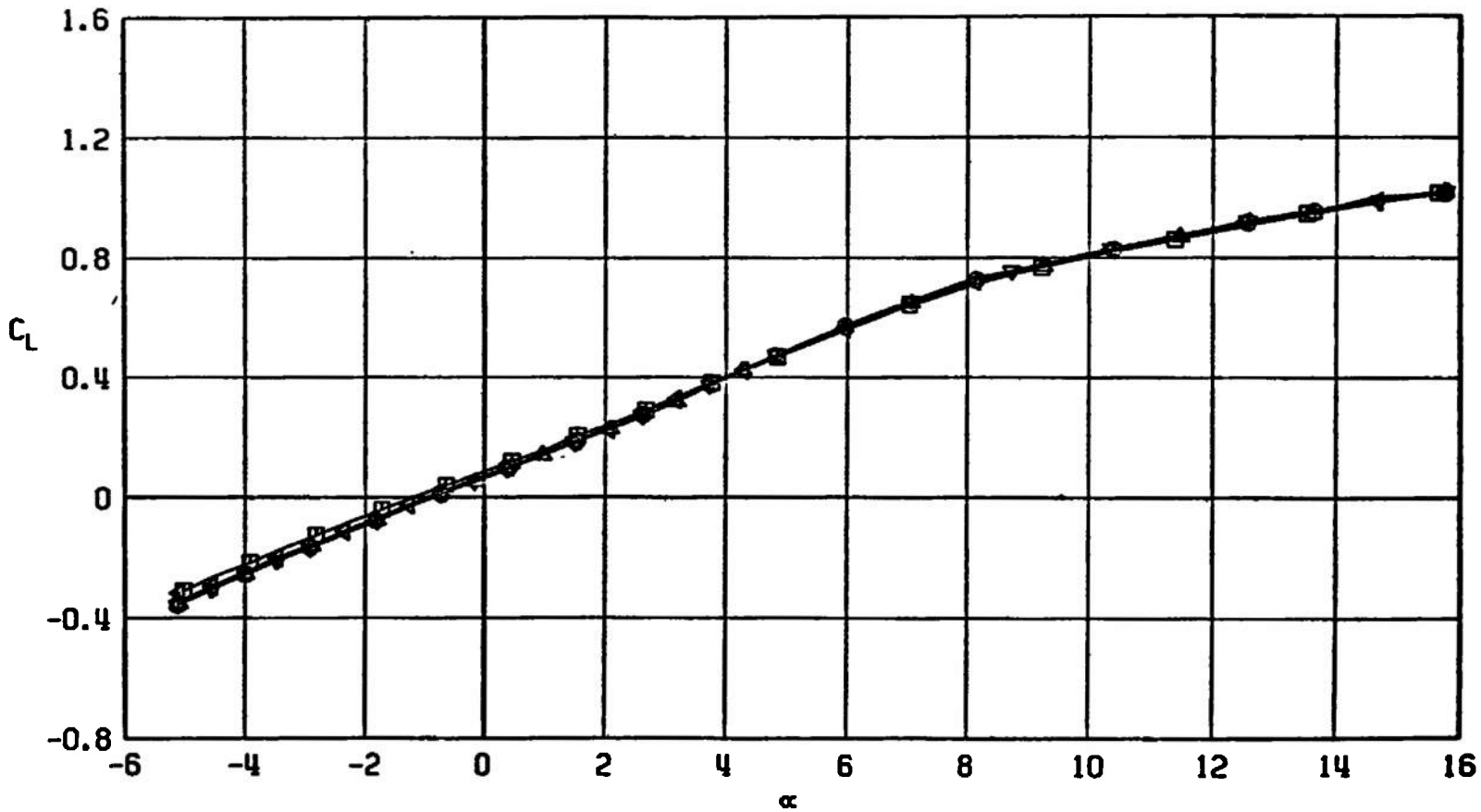
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 44 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◊	F409



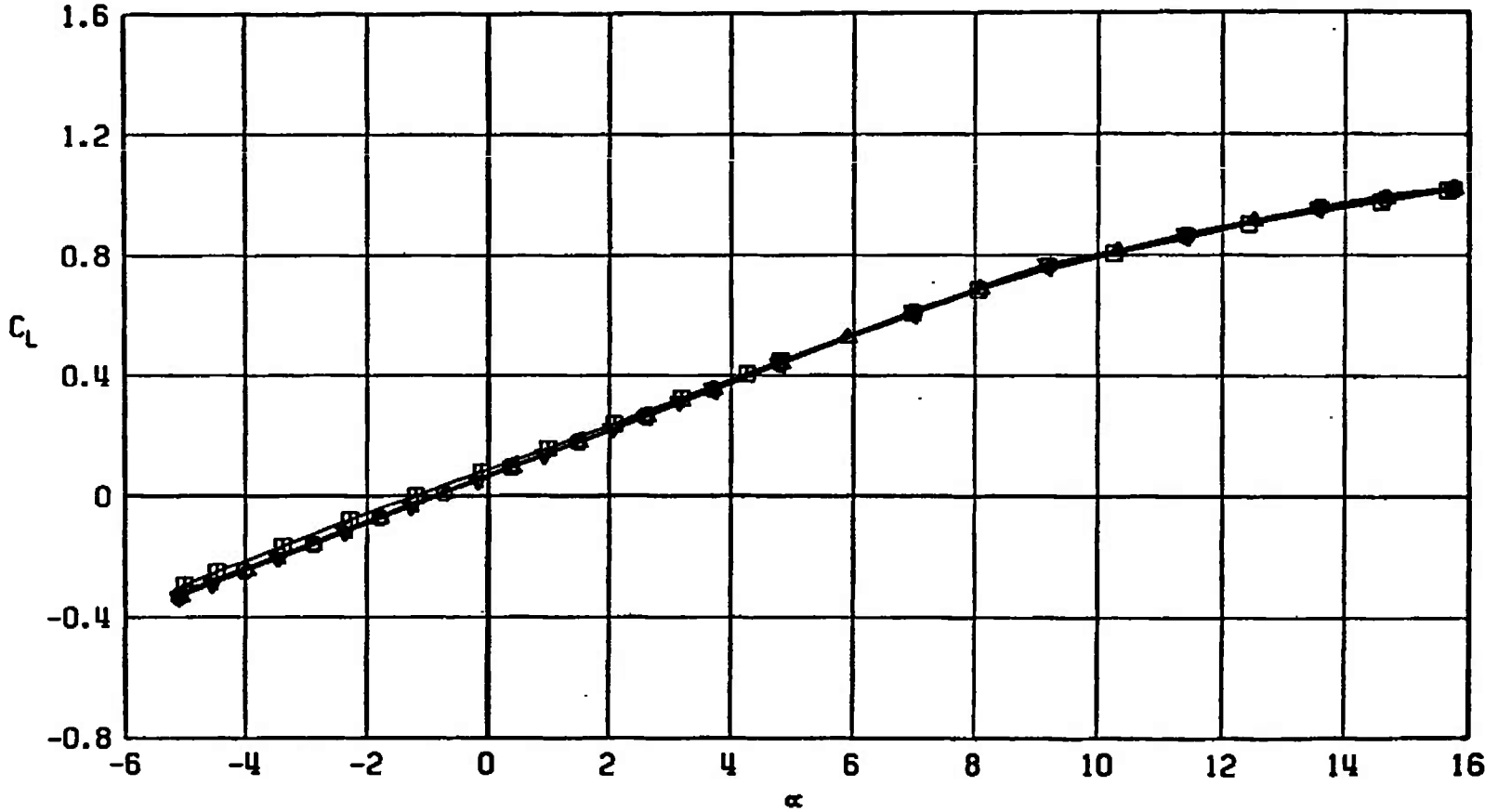
α
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 44 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◊	F409



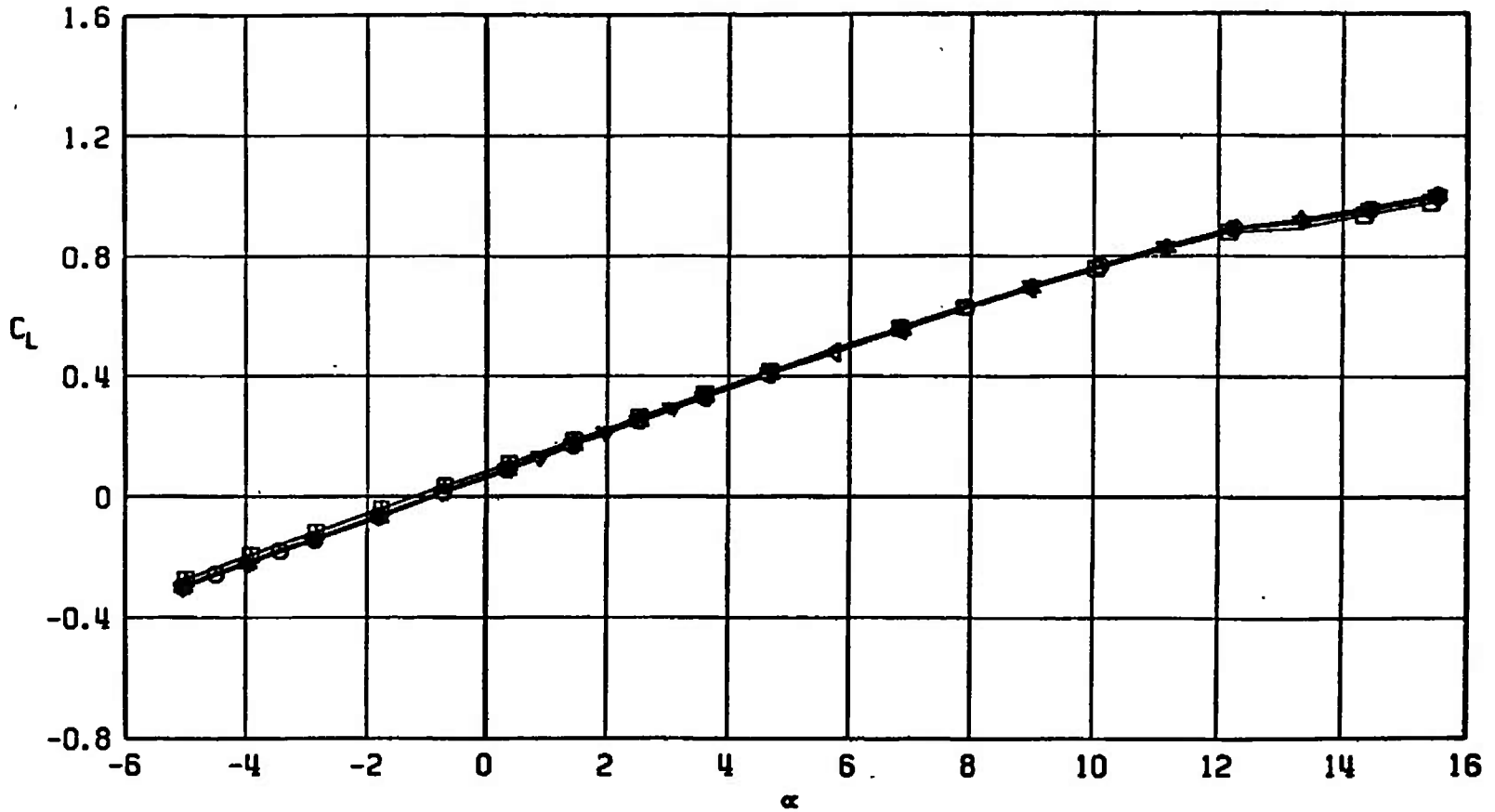
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 44 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◇	F409



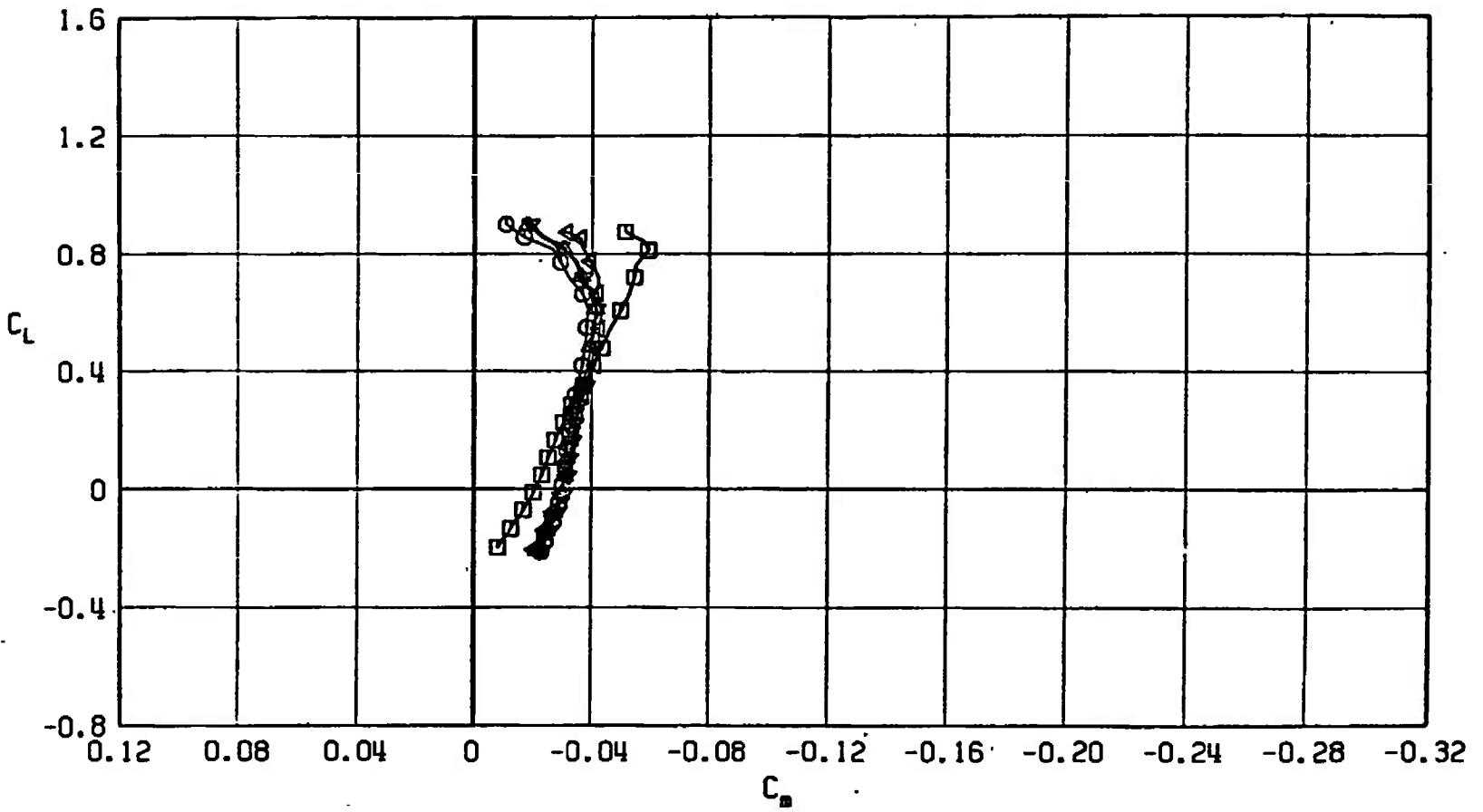
e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 44 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◊	F409



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 44 Concluded.

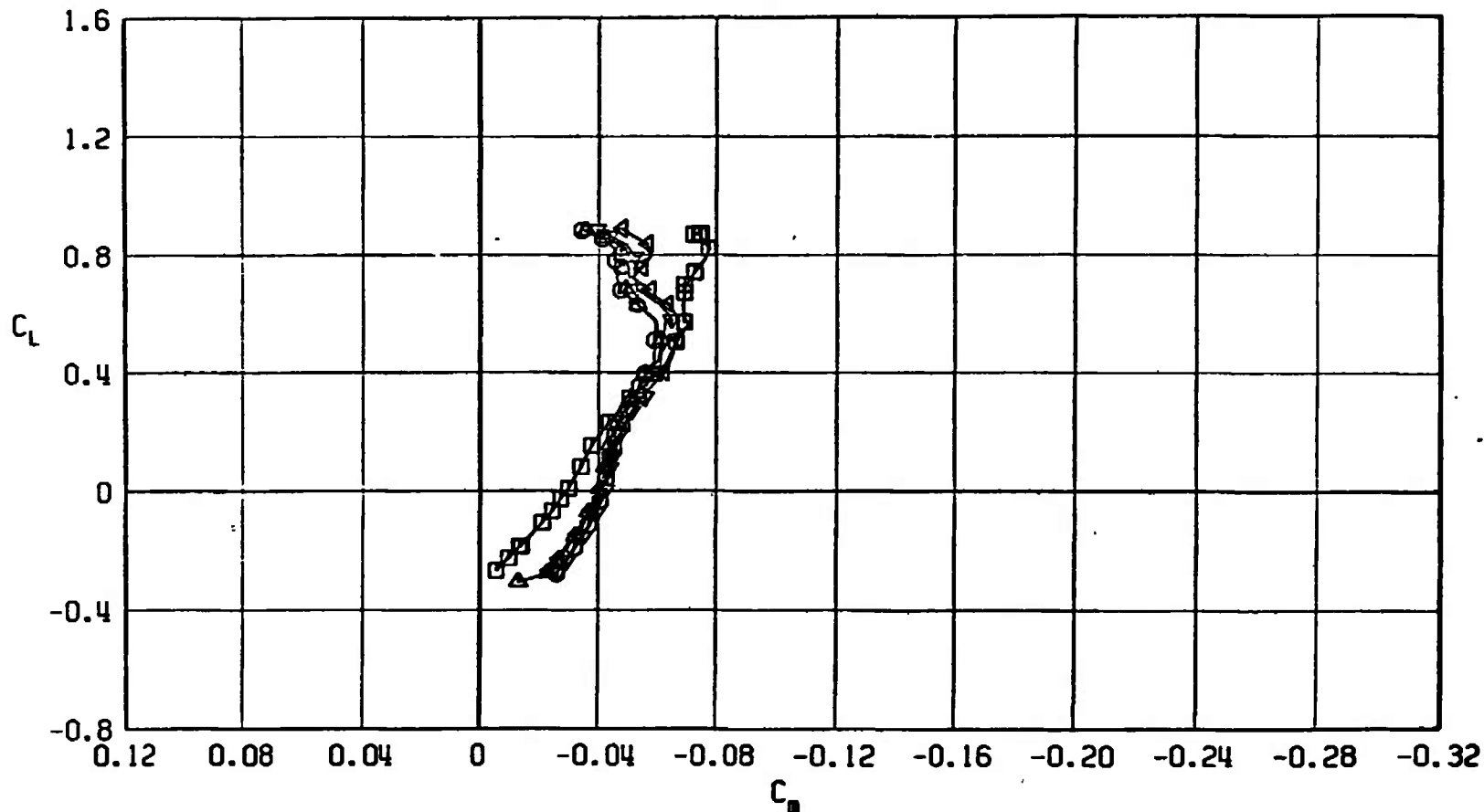
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◊	F409



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

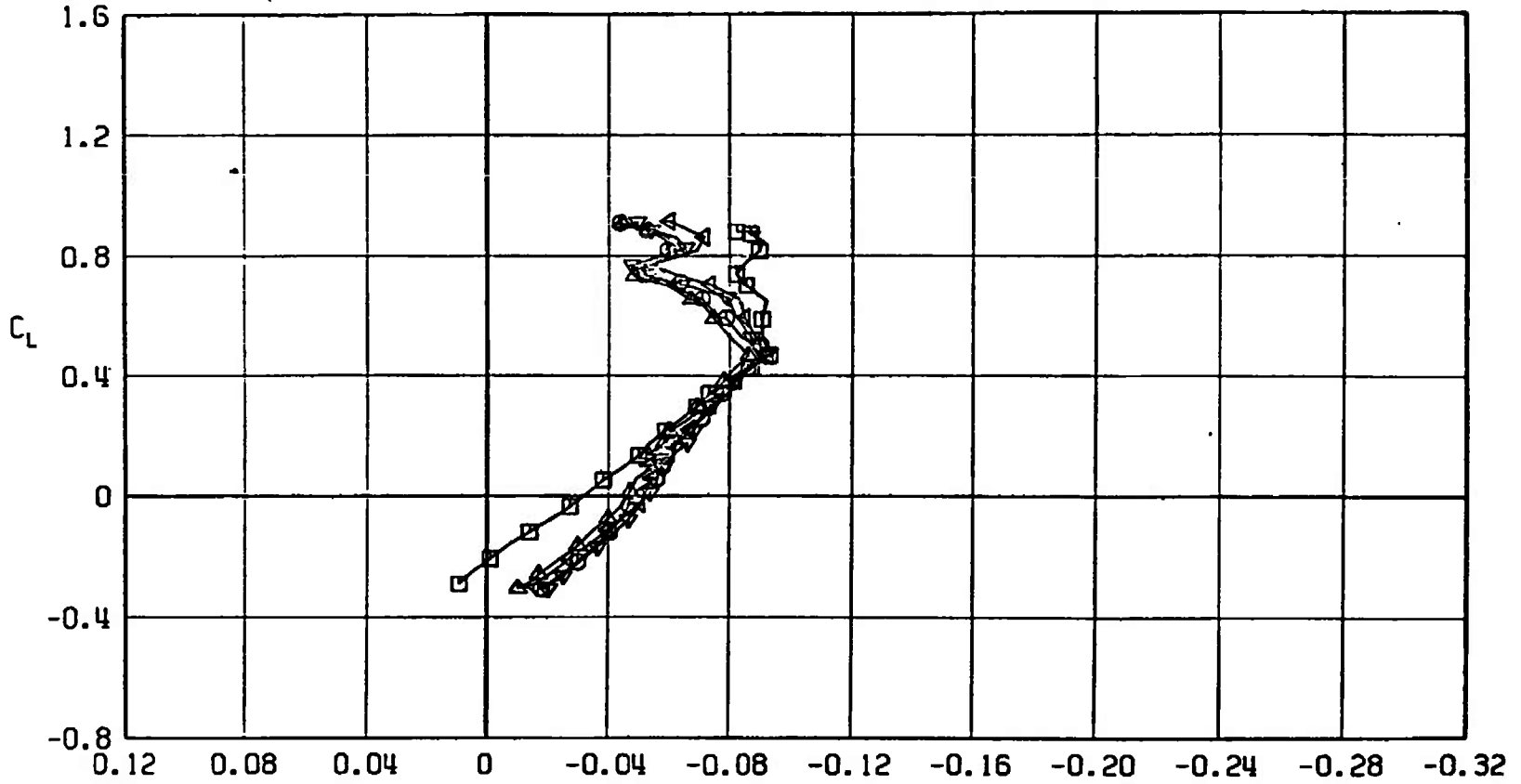
Fig. 45 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F408, F407, F410, and F411

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
◀	F408
▼	F409



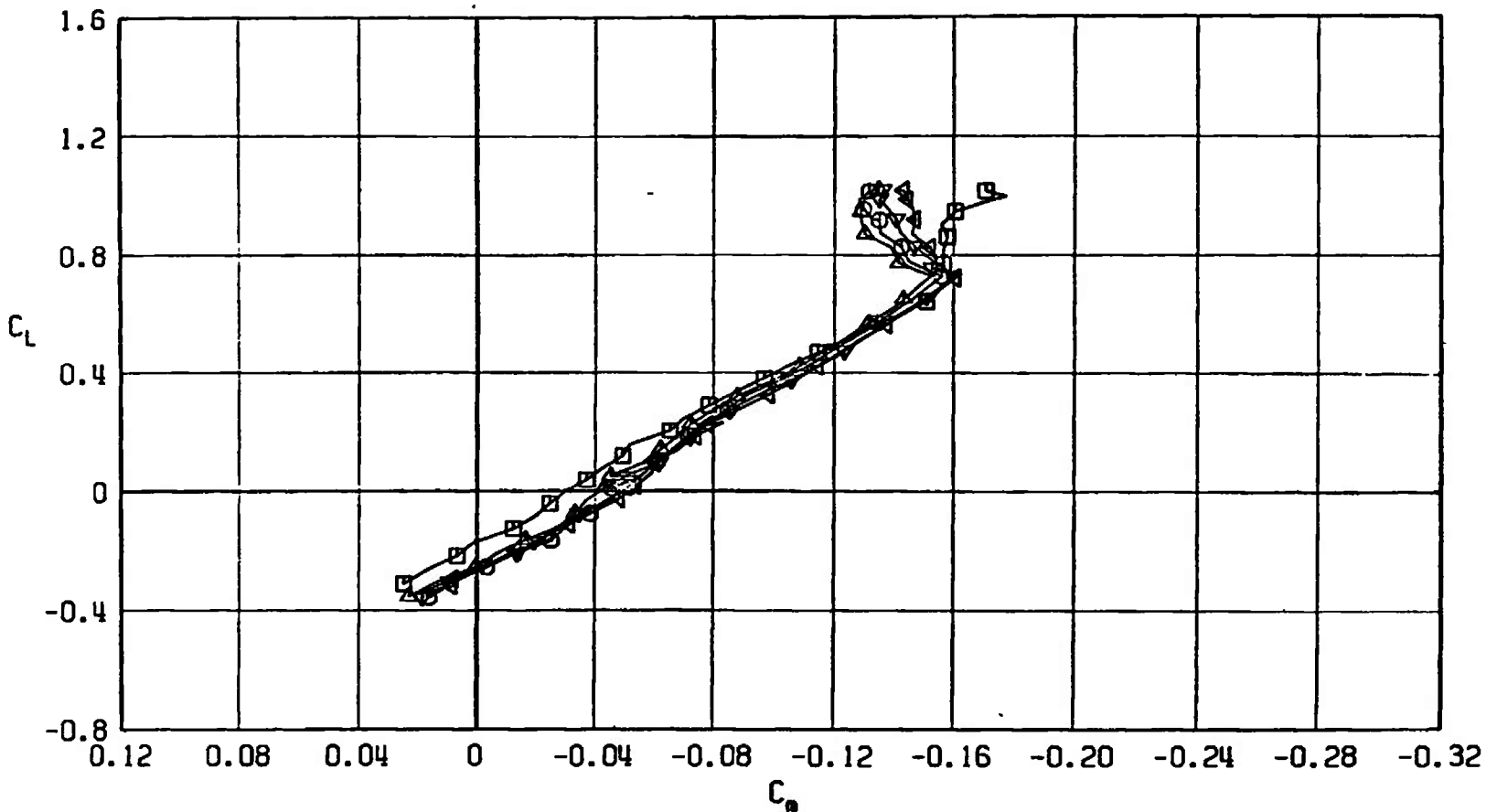
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 45 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
◀	F408
▽	F409



C_D
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 45 Continued

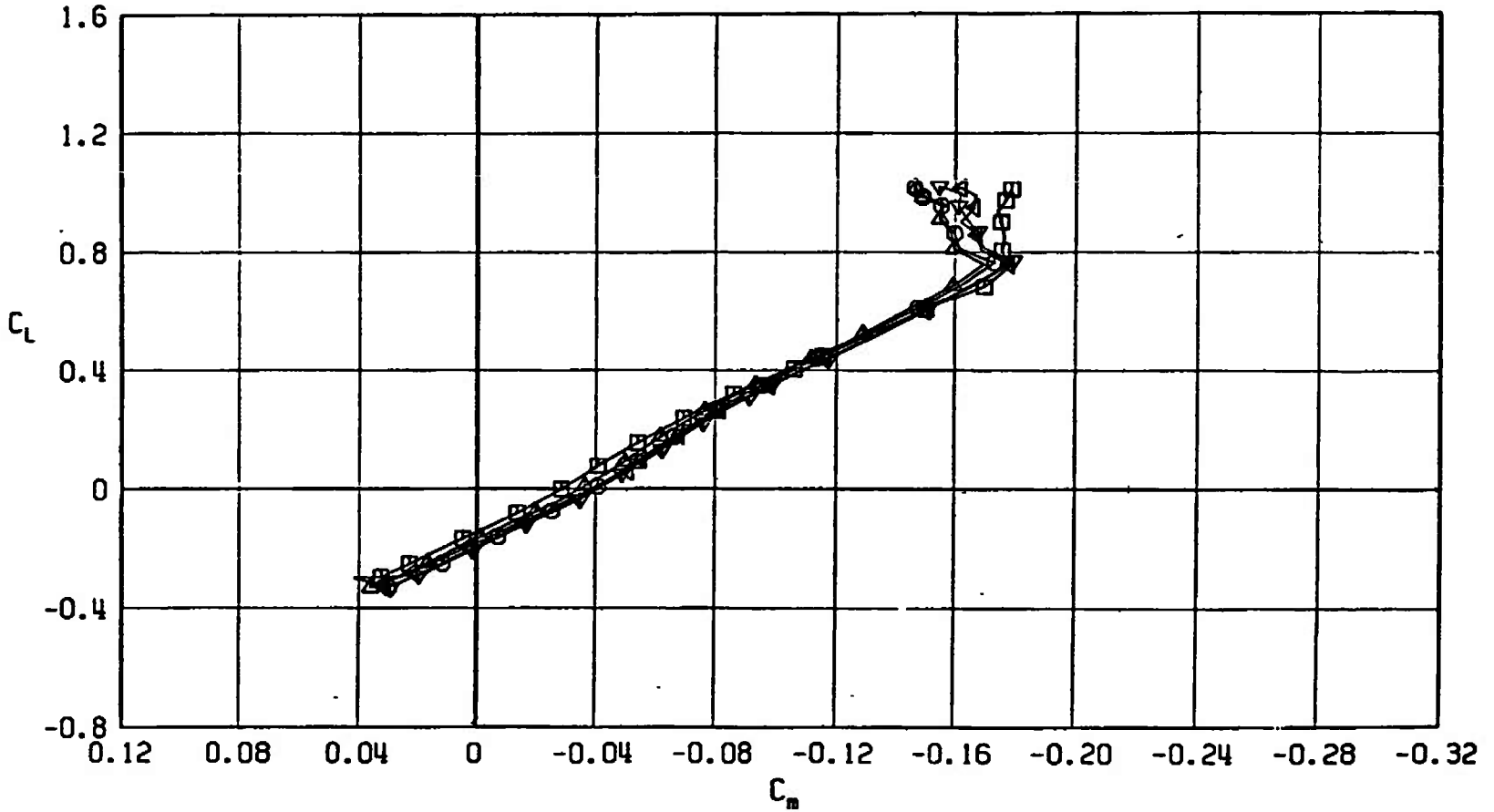
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
▽	F409



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 45 Continued

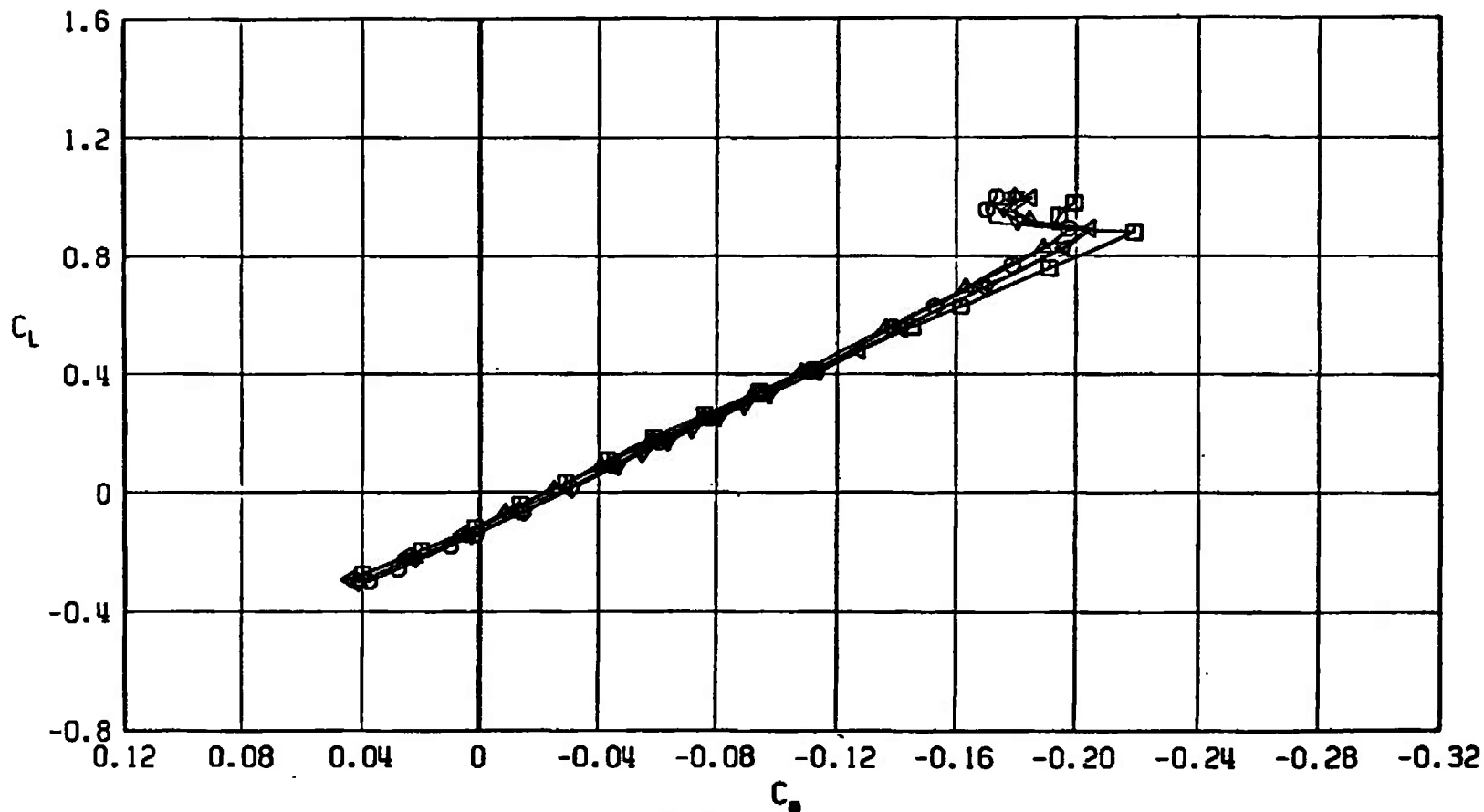
SYMBOL CONFIGURATION

□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
▷	F409



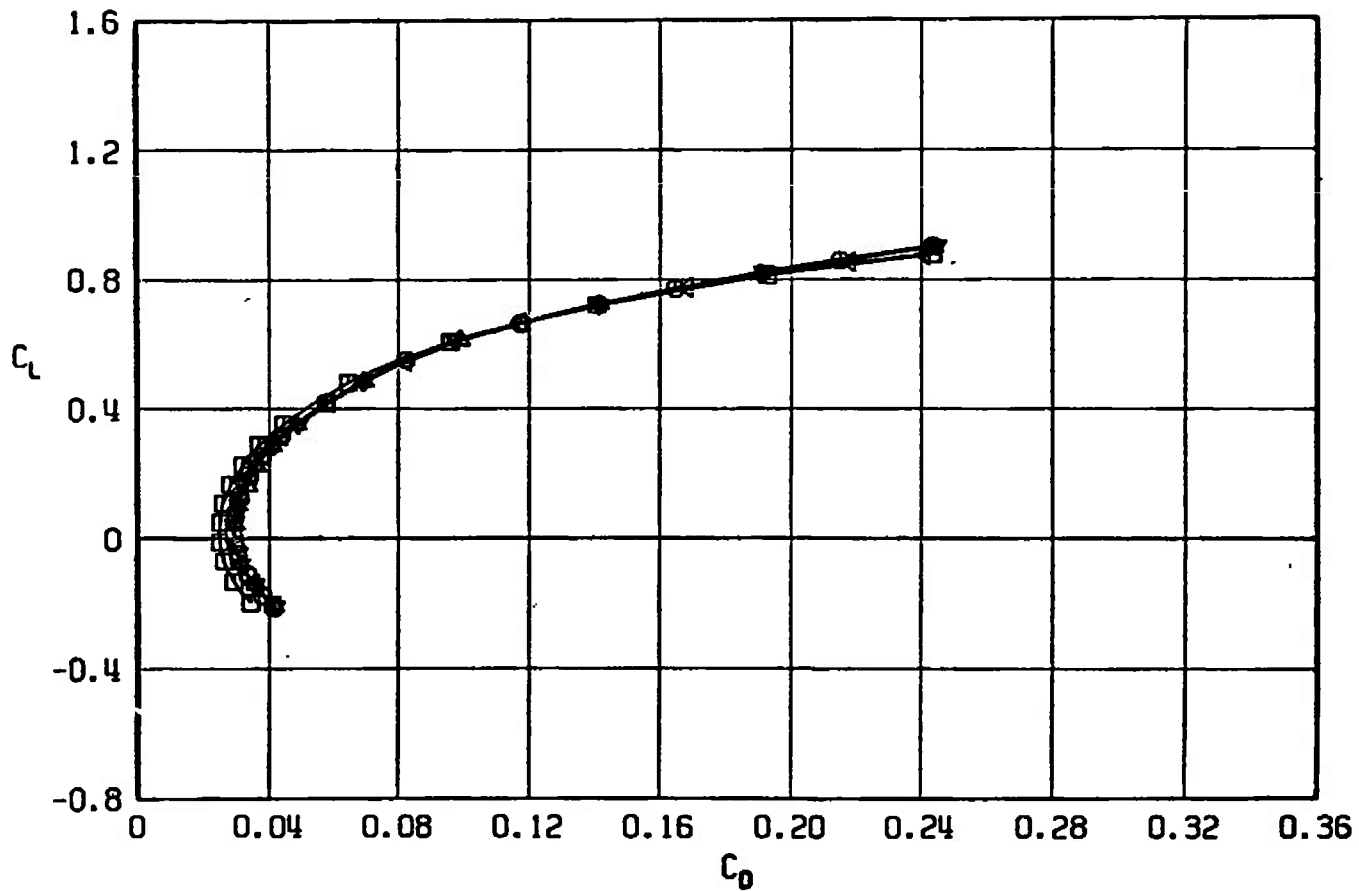
e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 45 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▲	F408
▼	F409



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 45 Concluded

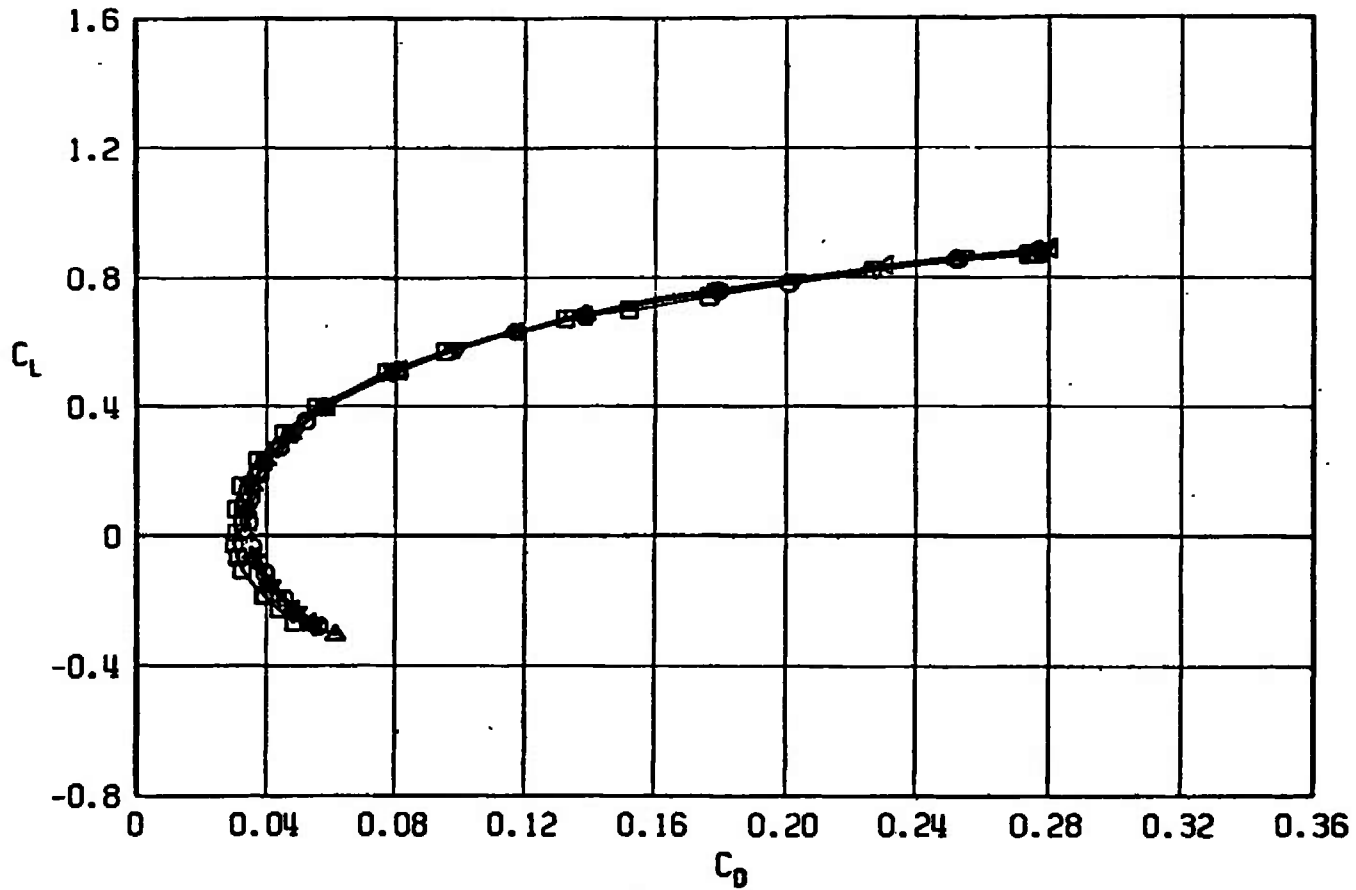
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
▲	F409



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

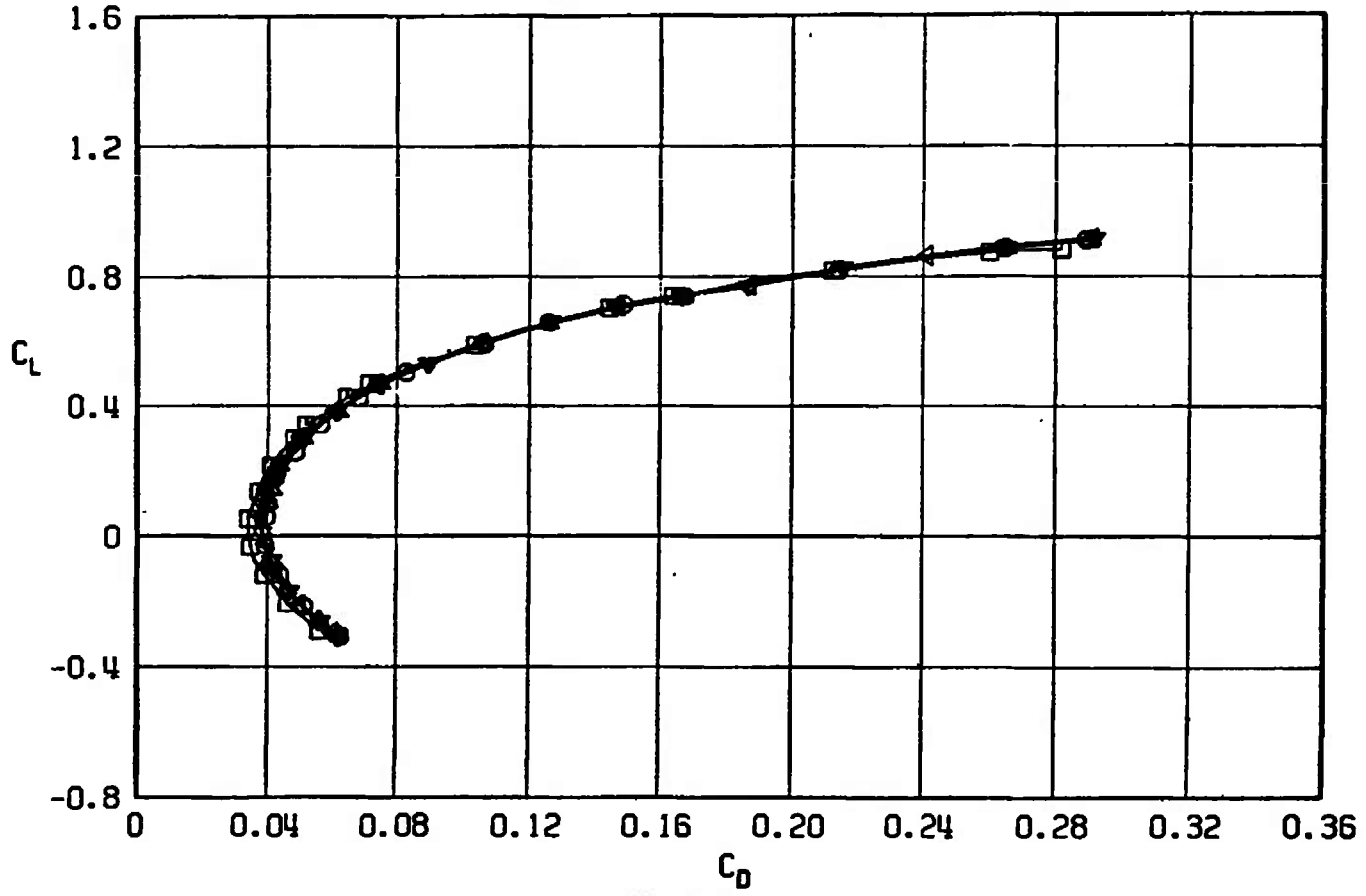
Fig. 46 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F408, F407, F410, and F411

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
◀	F408
▼	F409

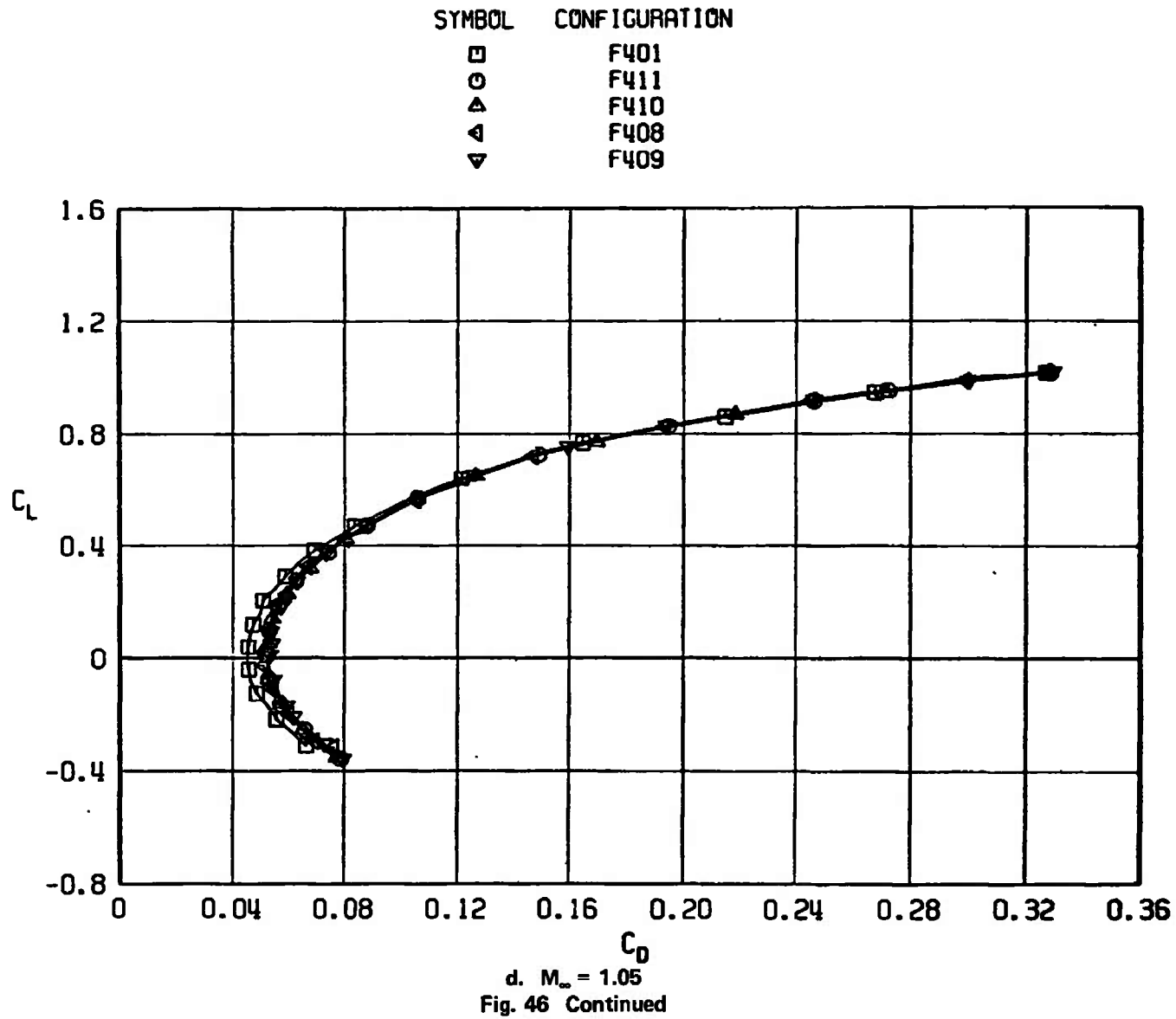


b. $M_w = 0.90$
Fig. 46 Continued

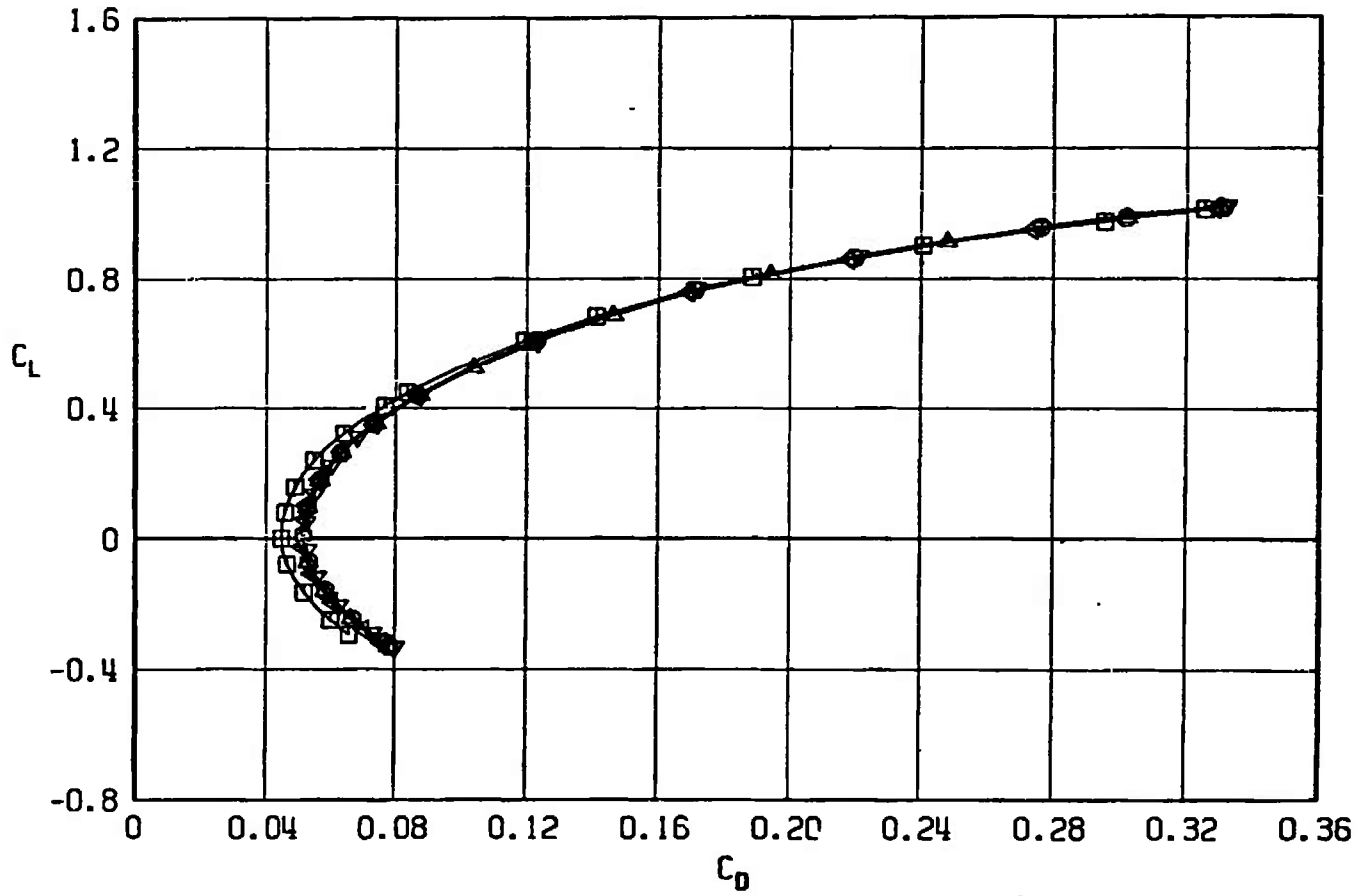
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◊	F409



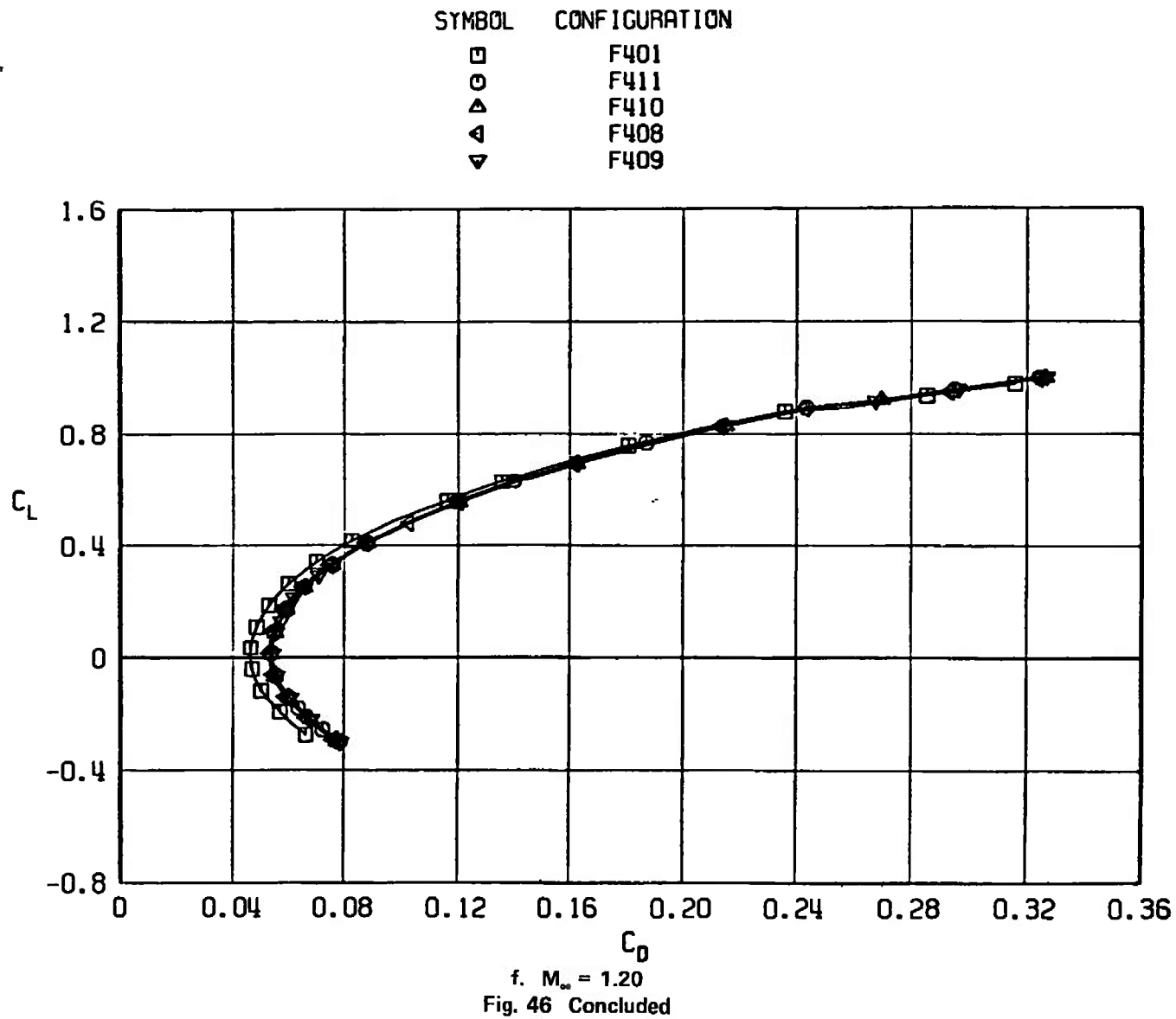
C_D
 $c. M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 46 Continued



SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▽	F408
◊	F409



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
 Fig. 46 Continued



SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F410
▷	F408
▽	F409

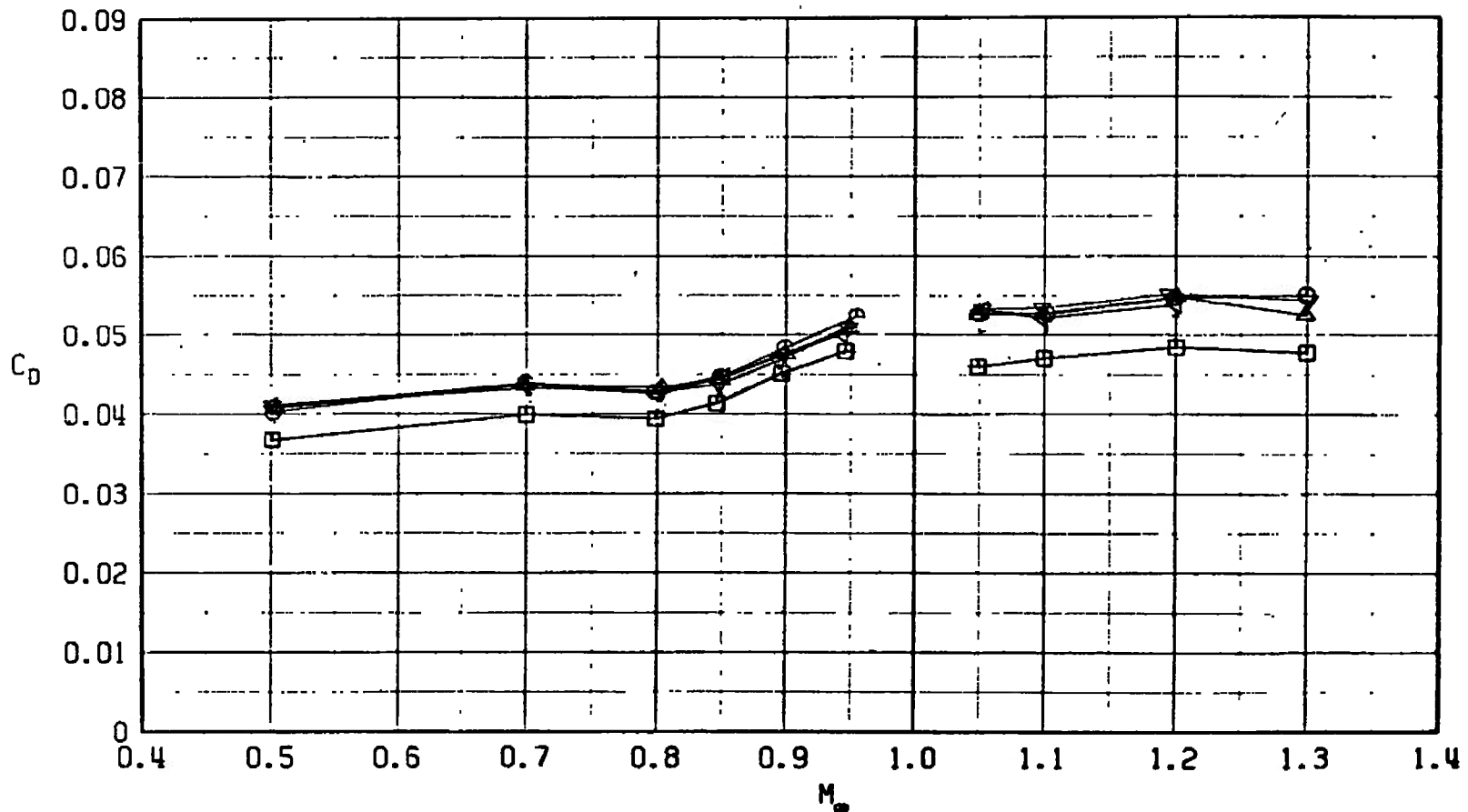


Fig. 47 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0.30$, $M_\infty < 1.0$, and $C_L = 0.1$, $M_\infty > 1.0$ for Configurations F401, F408, F407, F410, and F411

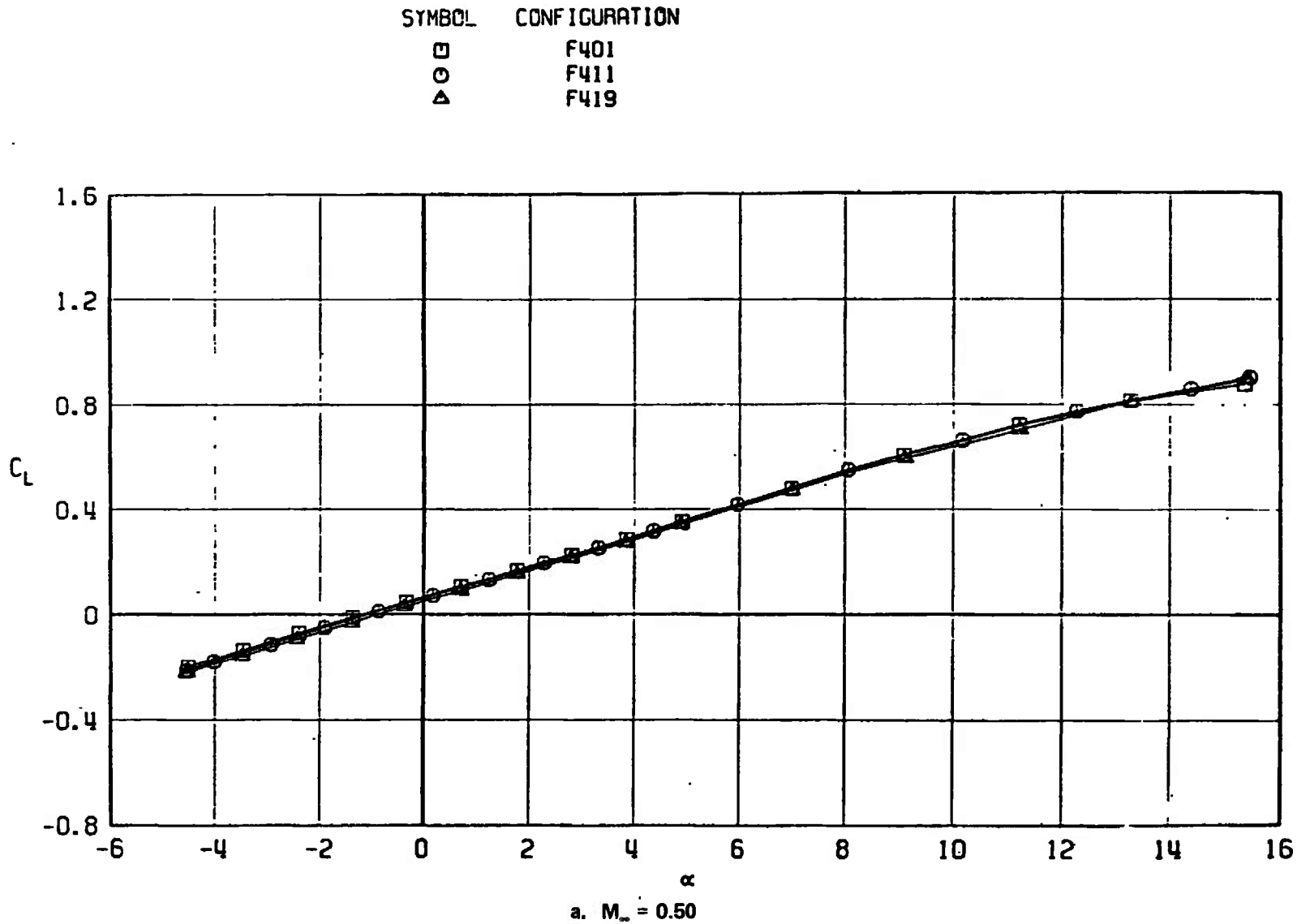
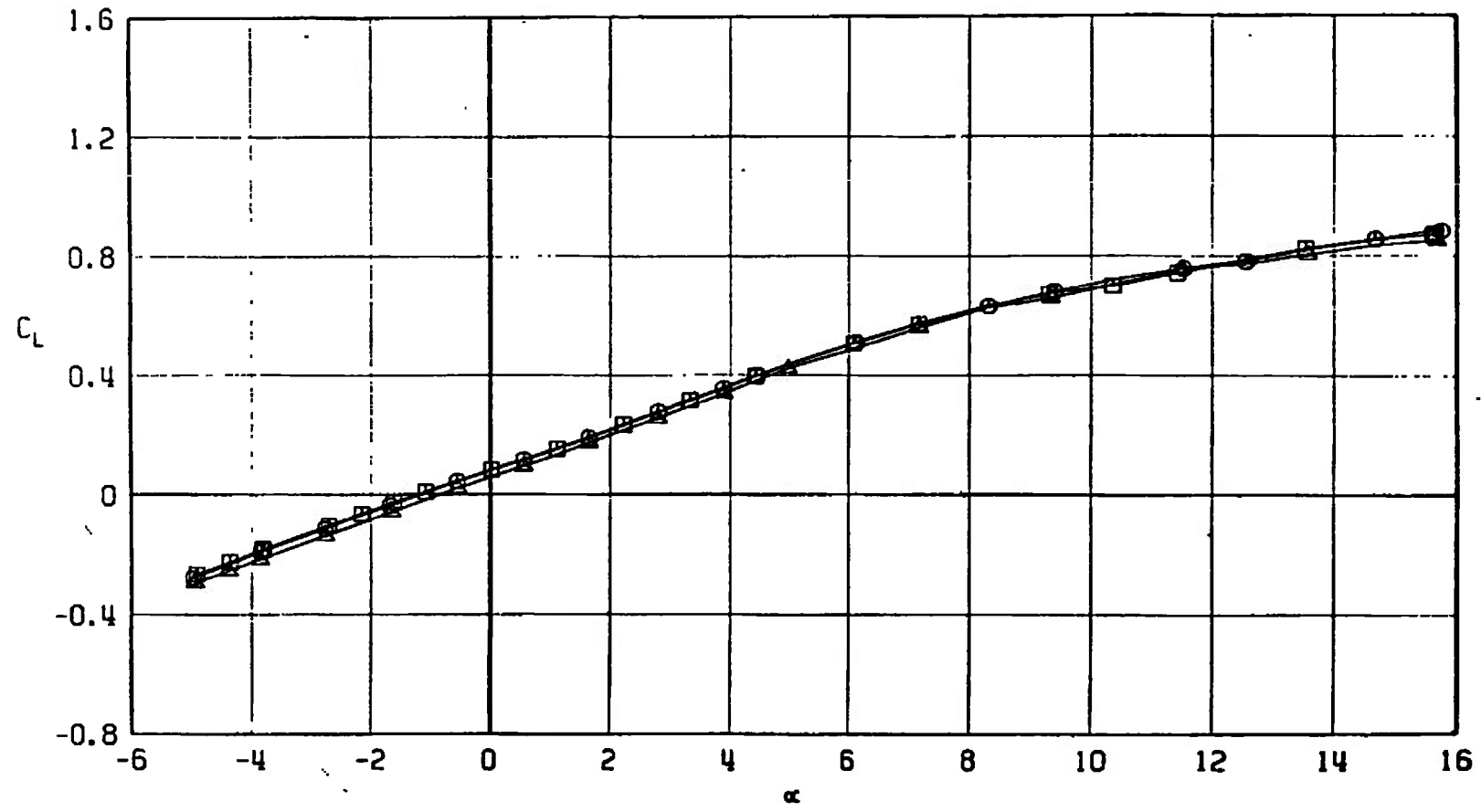


Fig. 48 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations F401, F411, and F419

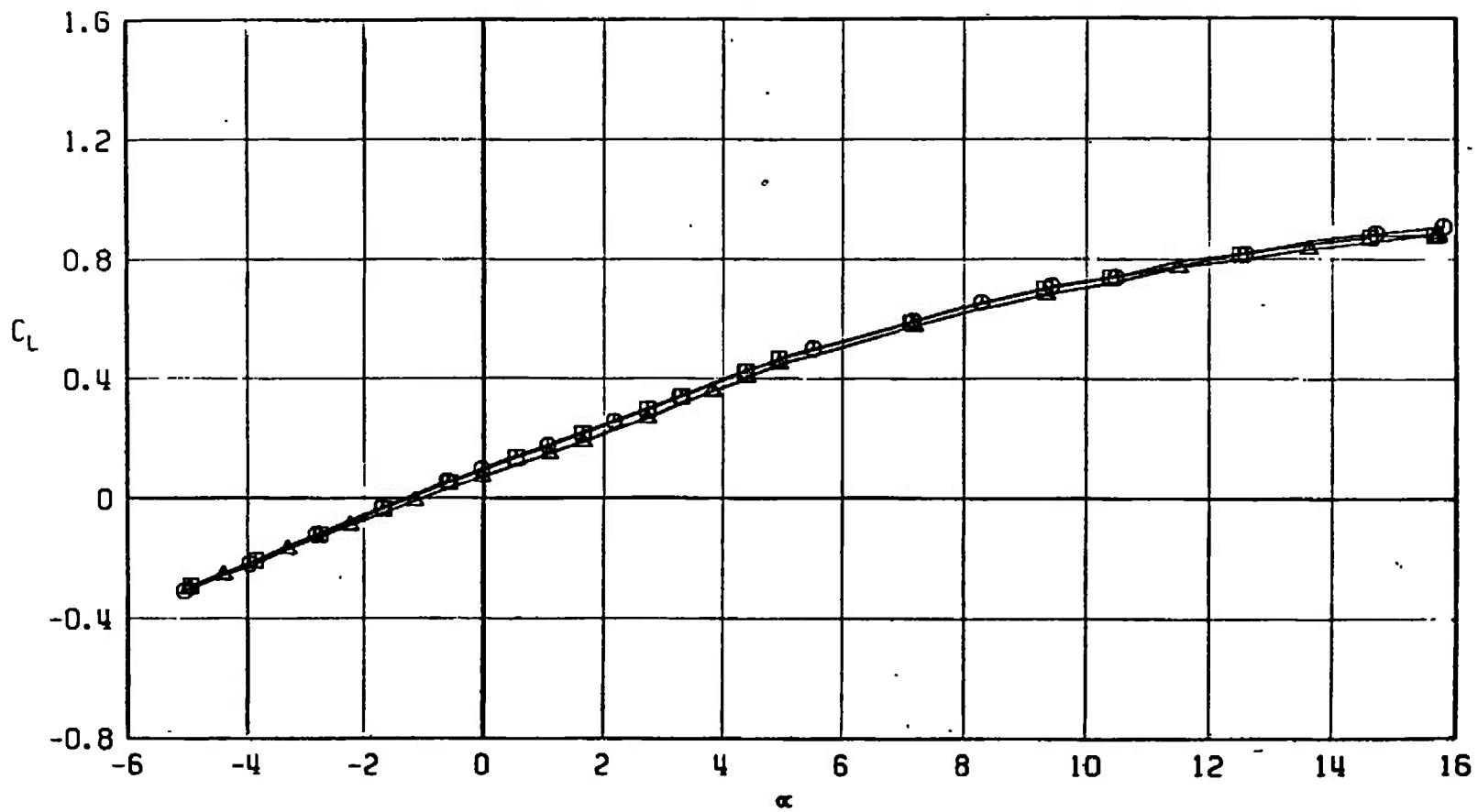
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 48 Continued

170

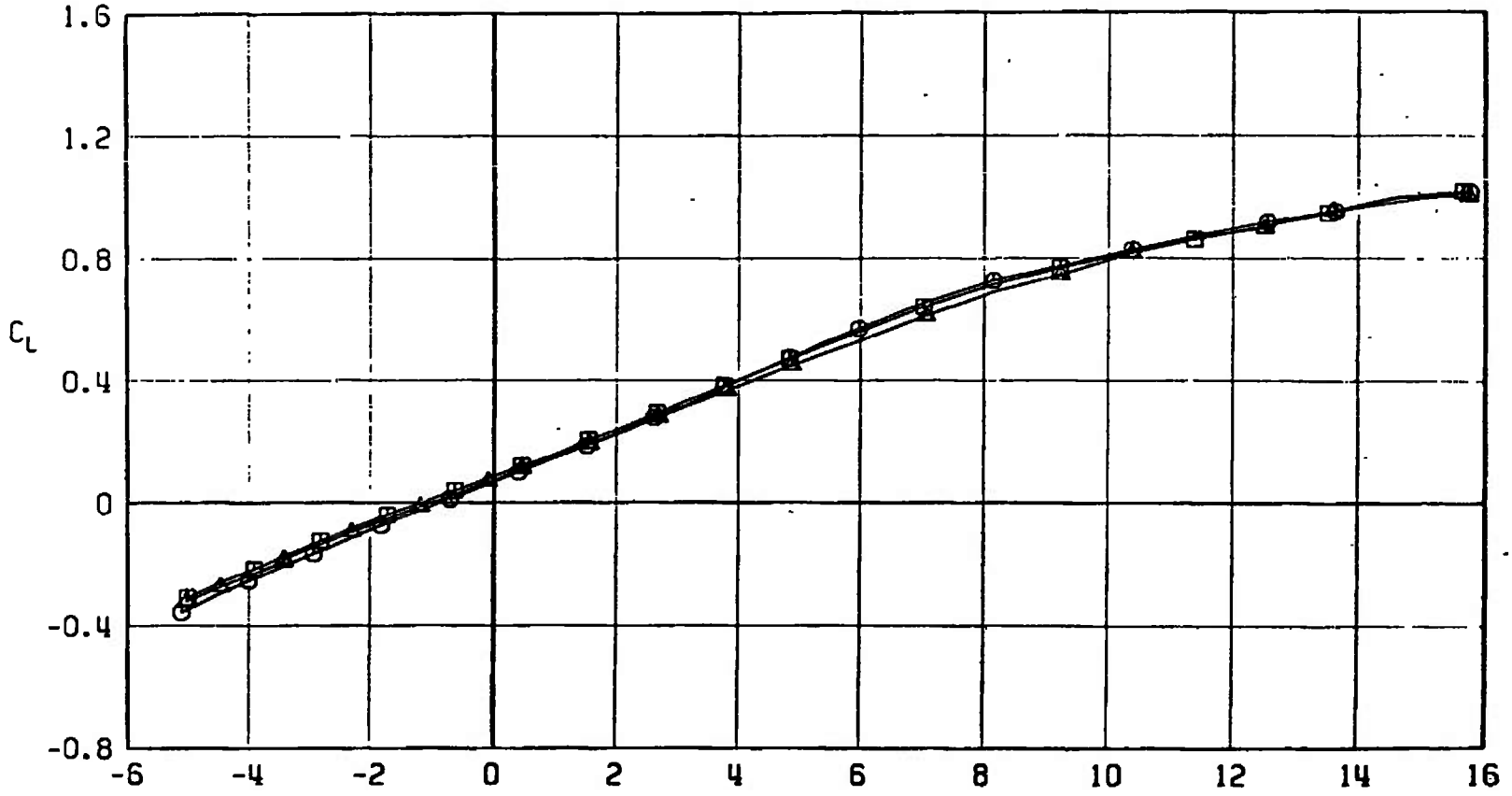
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



171

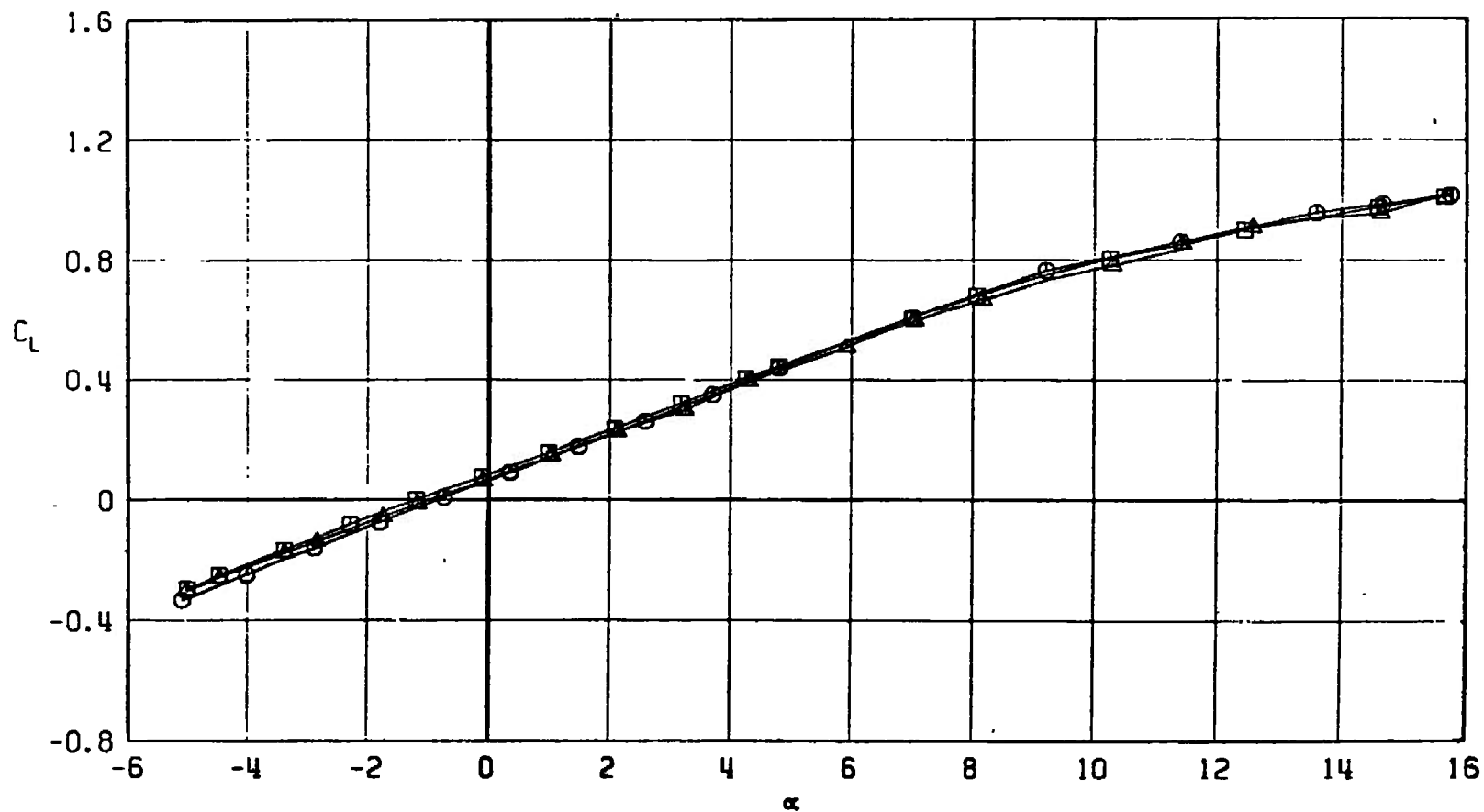
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 48 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



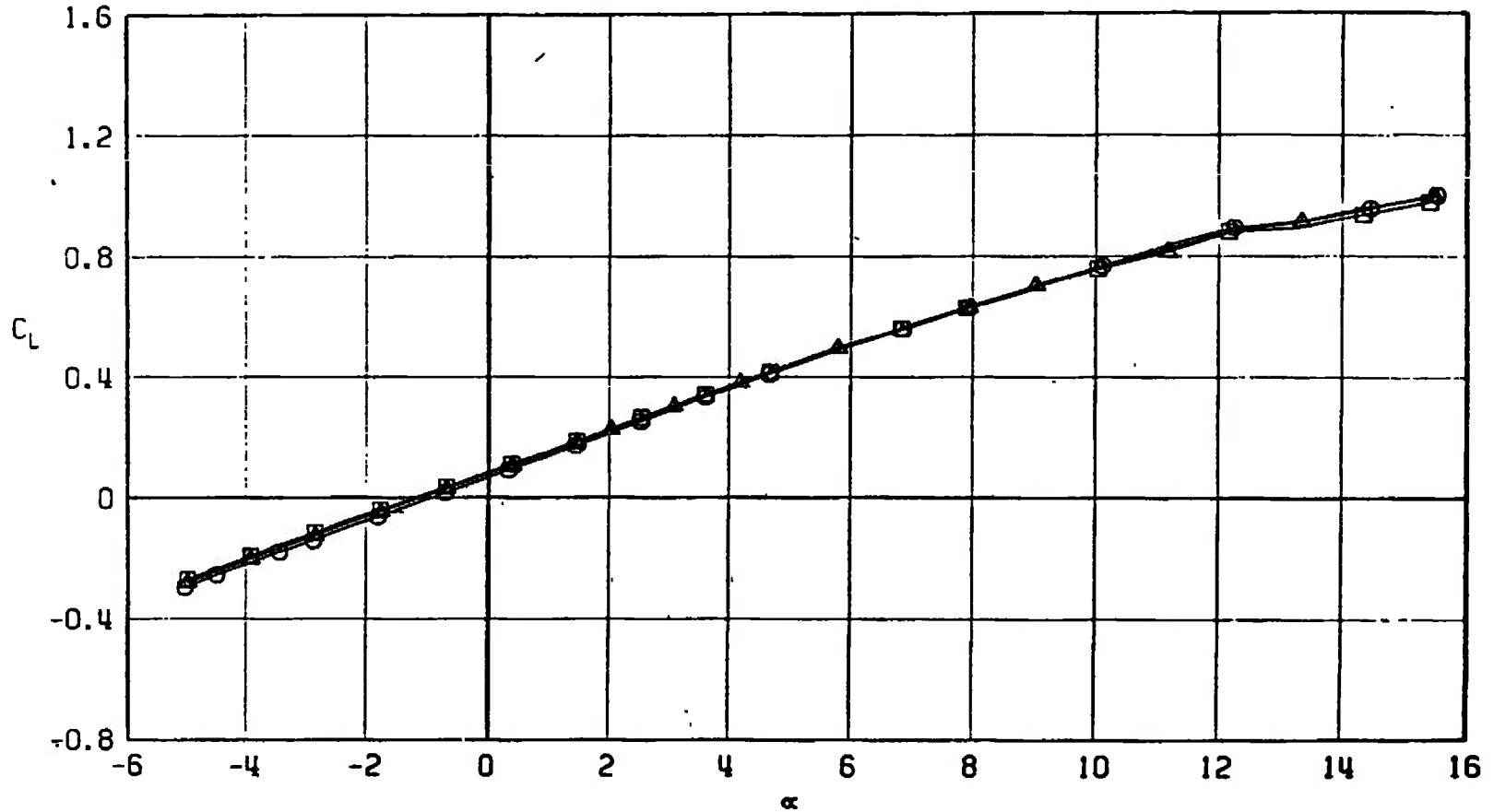
α
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 48 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 48 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 48 Concluded

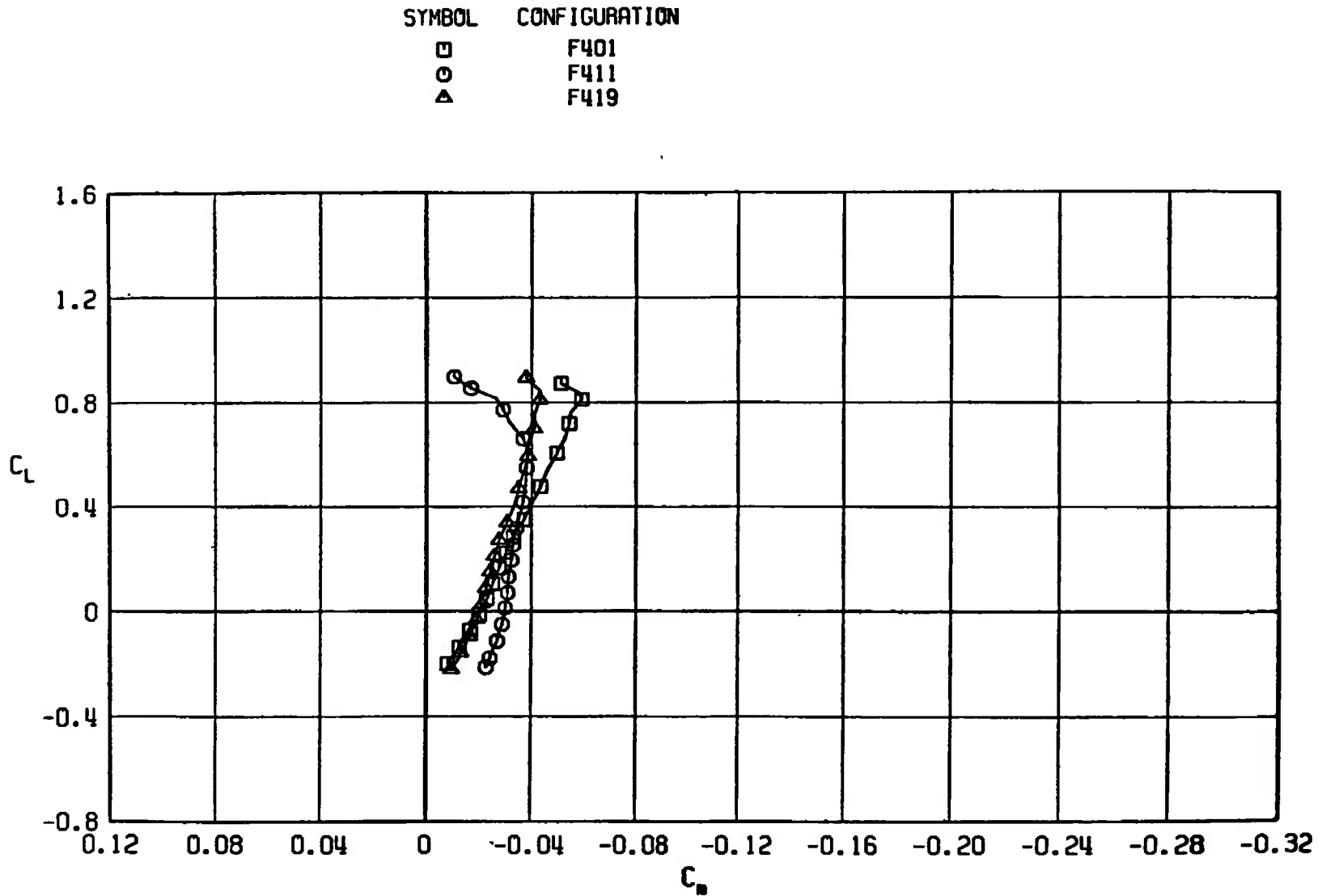
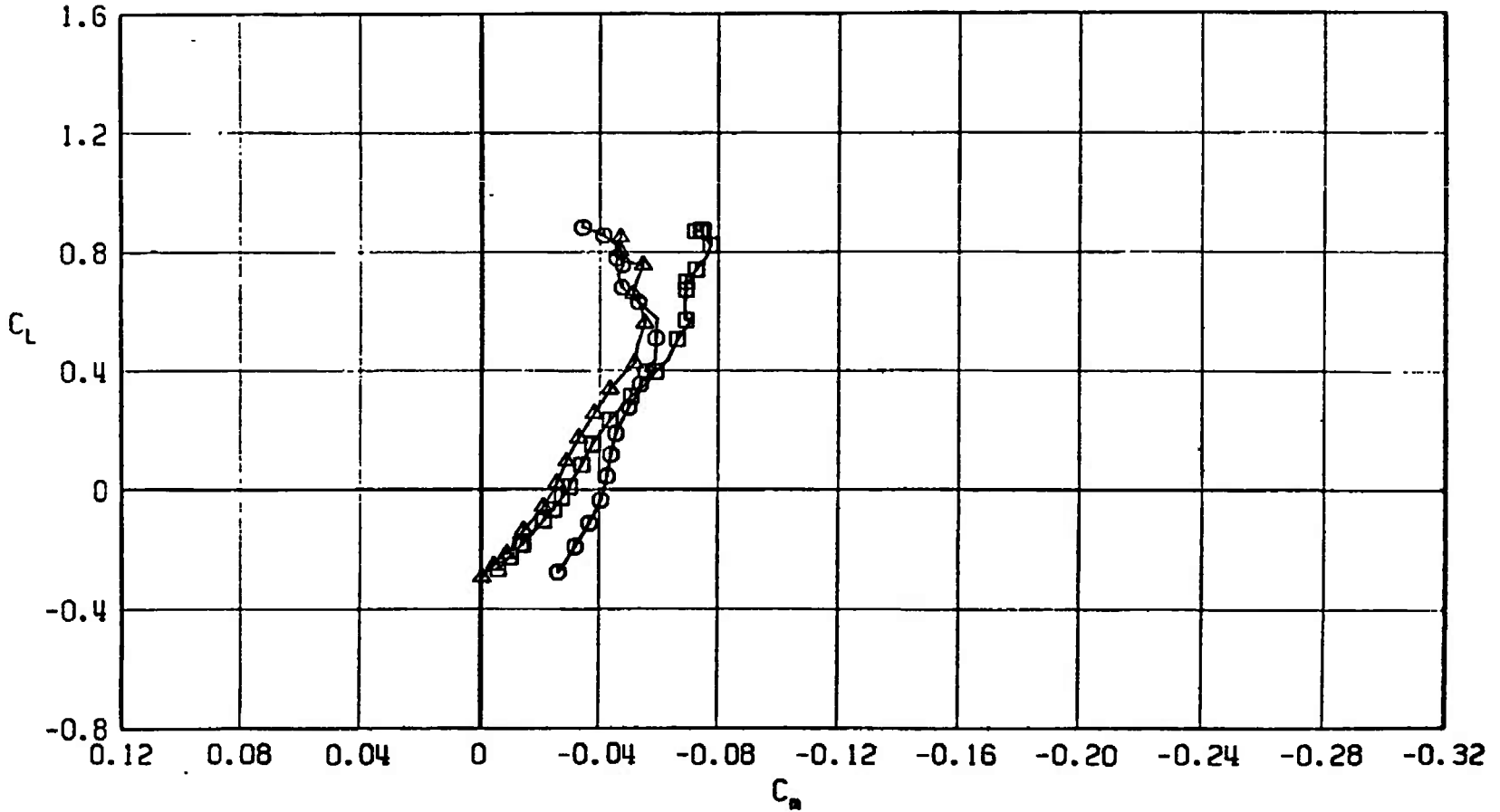
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

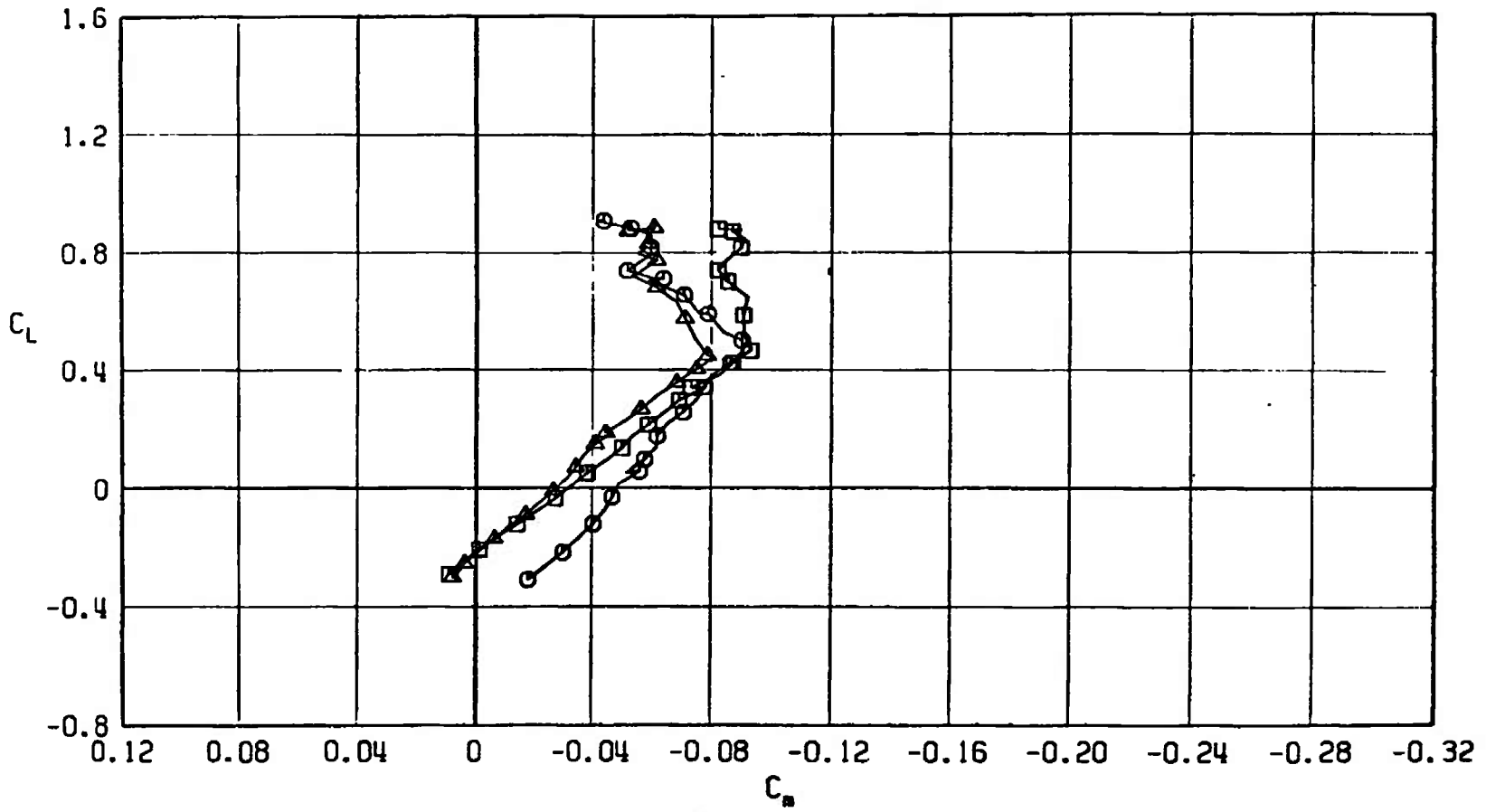
Fig. 49 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F411, and F419

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



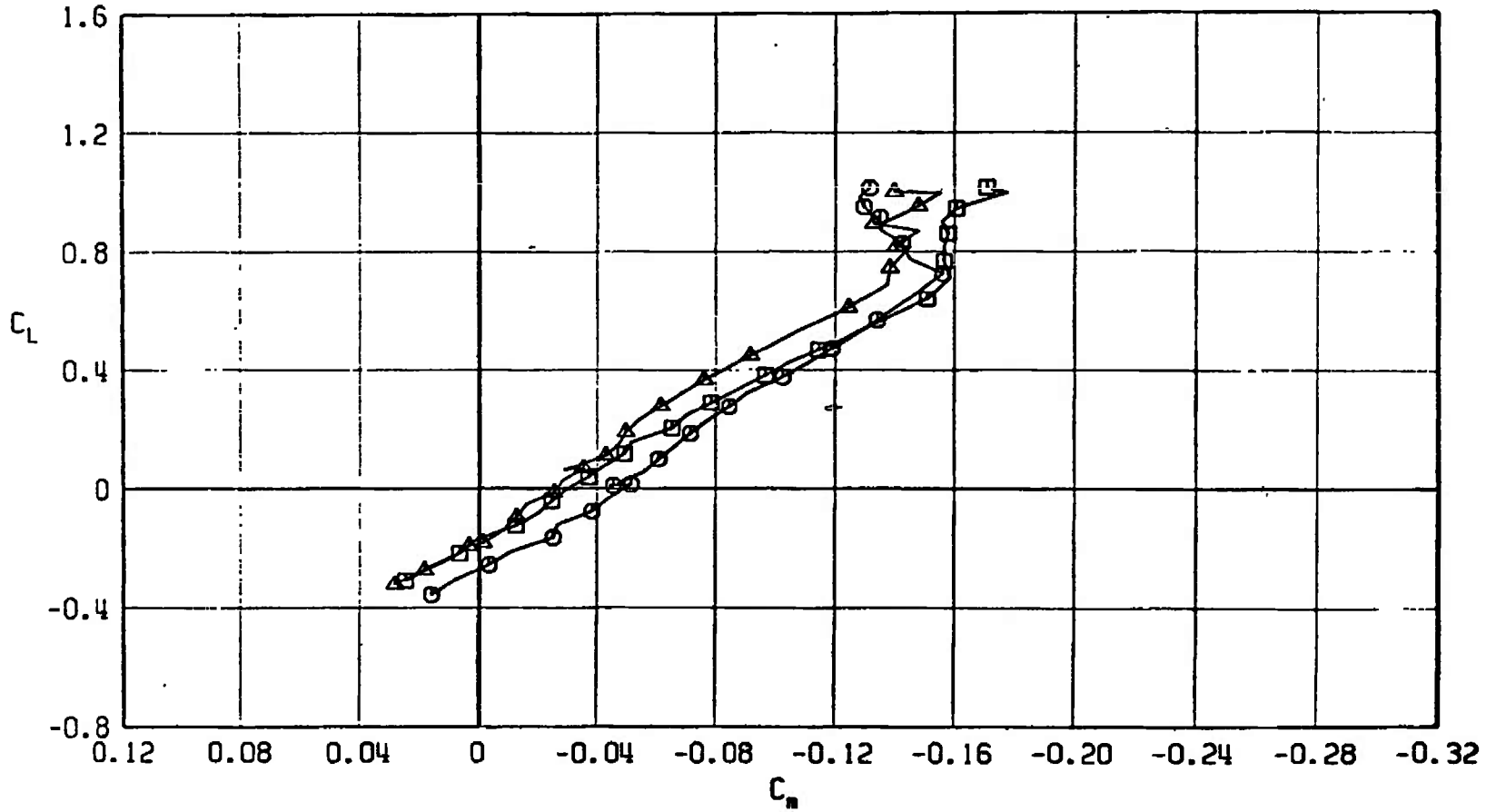
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 49 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



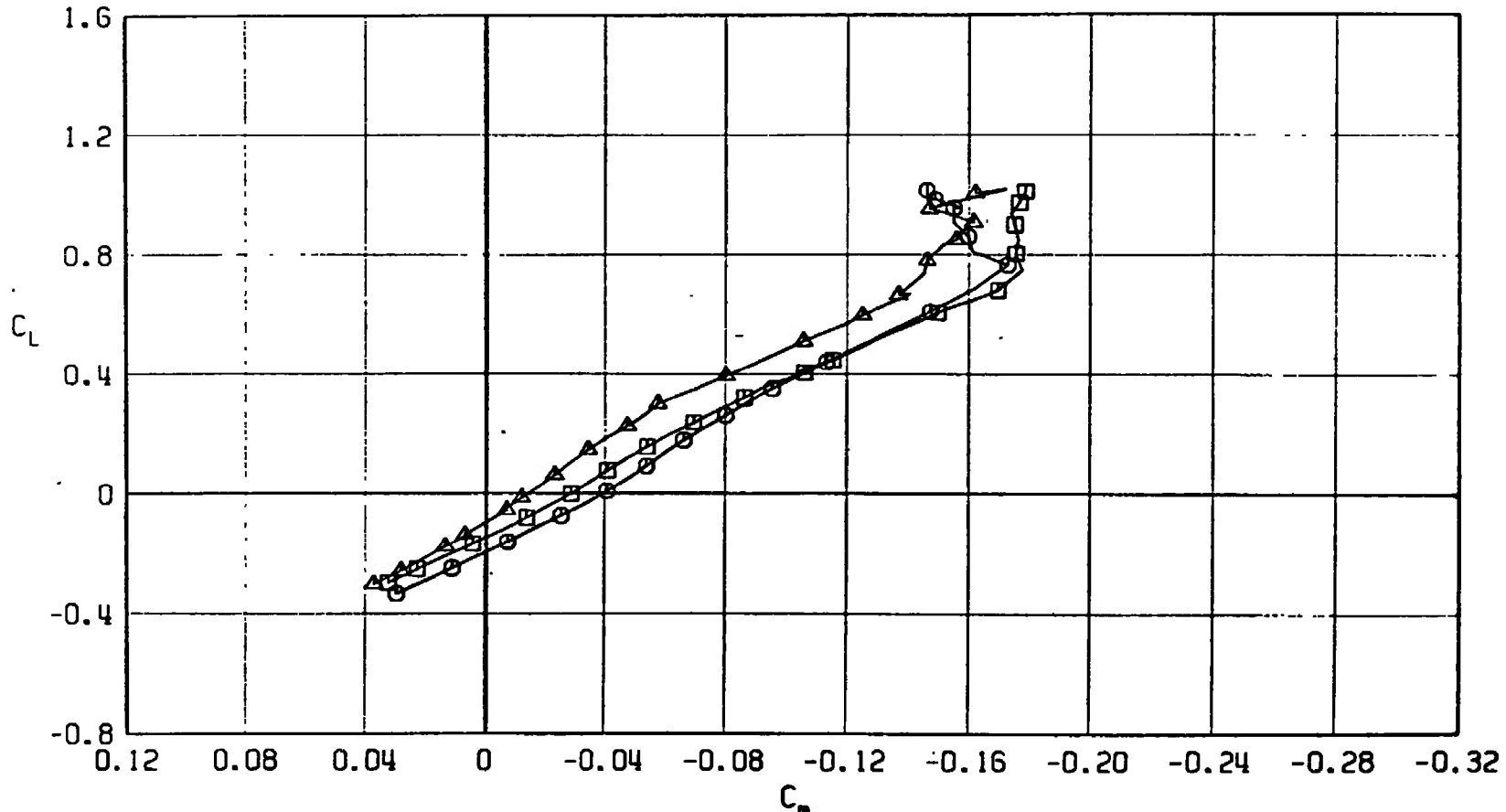
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 49 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 49 Continued

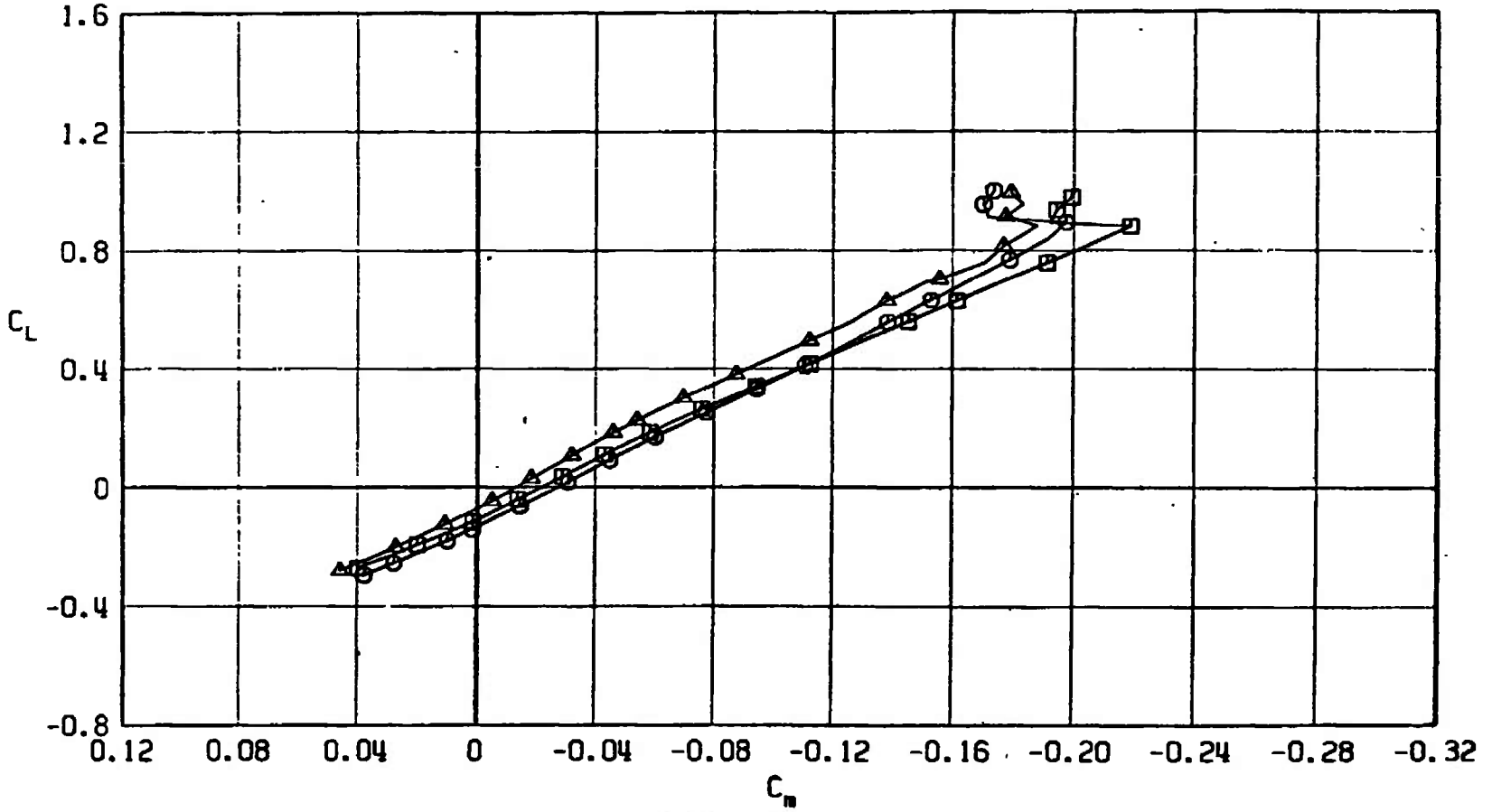
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
 Fig. 49 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419

180



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 49 Concluded

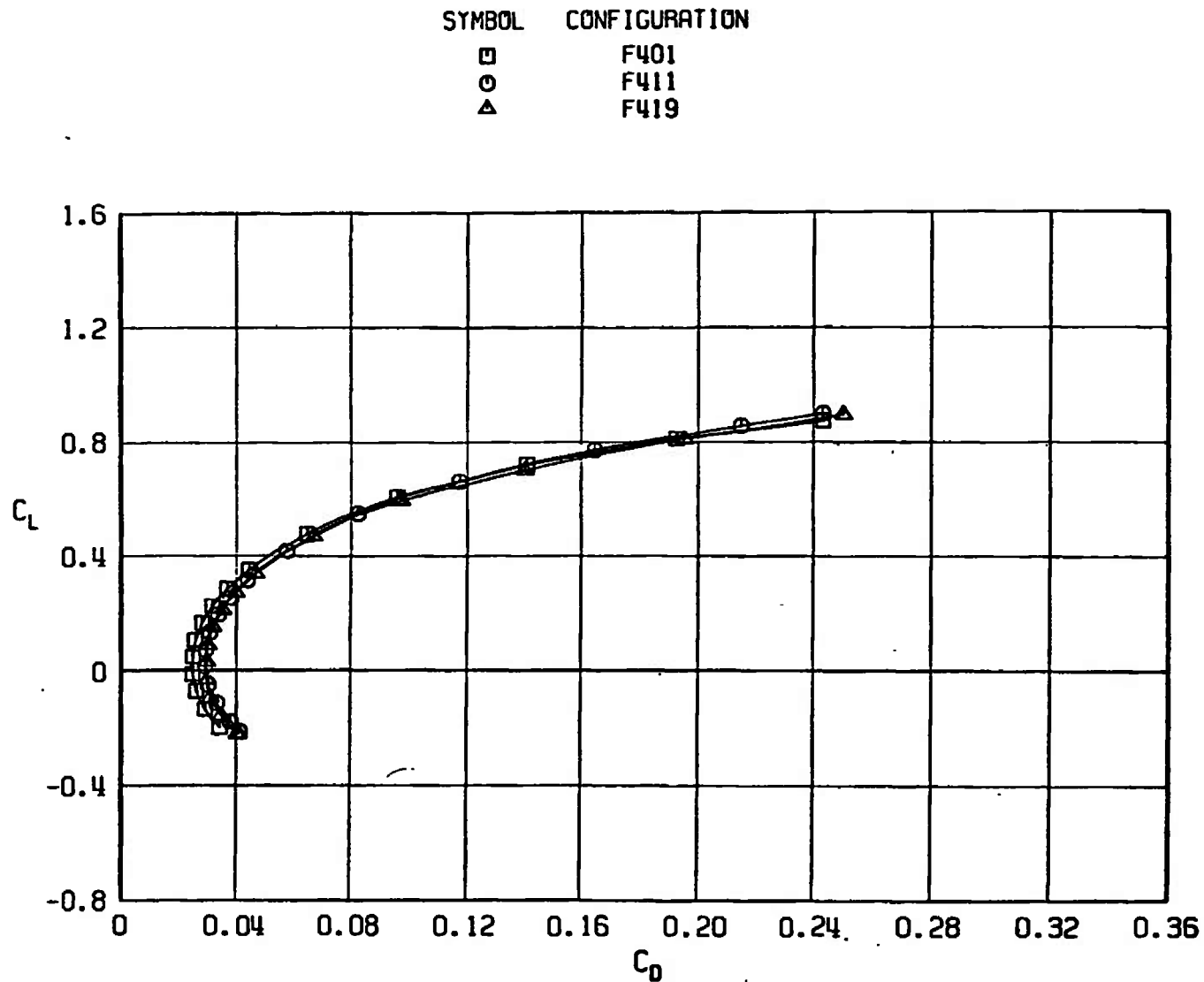
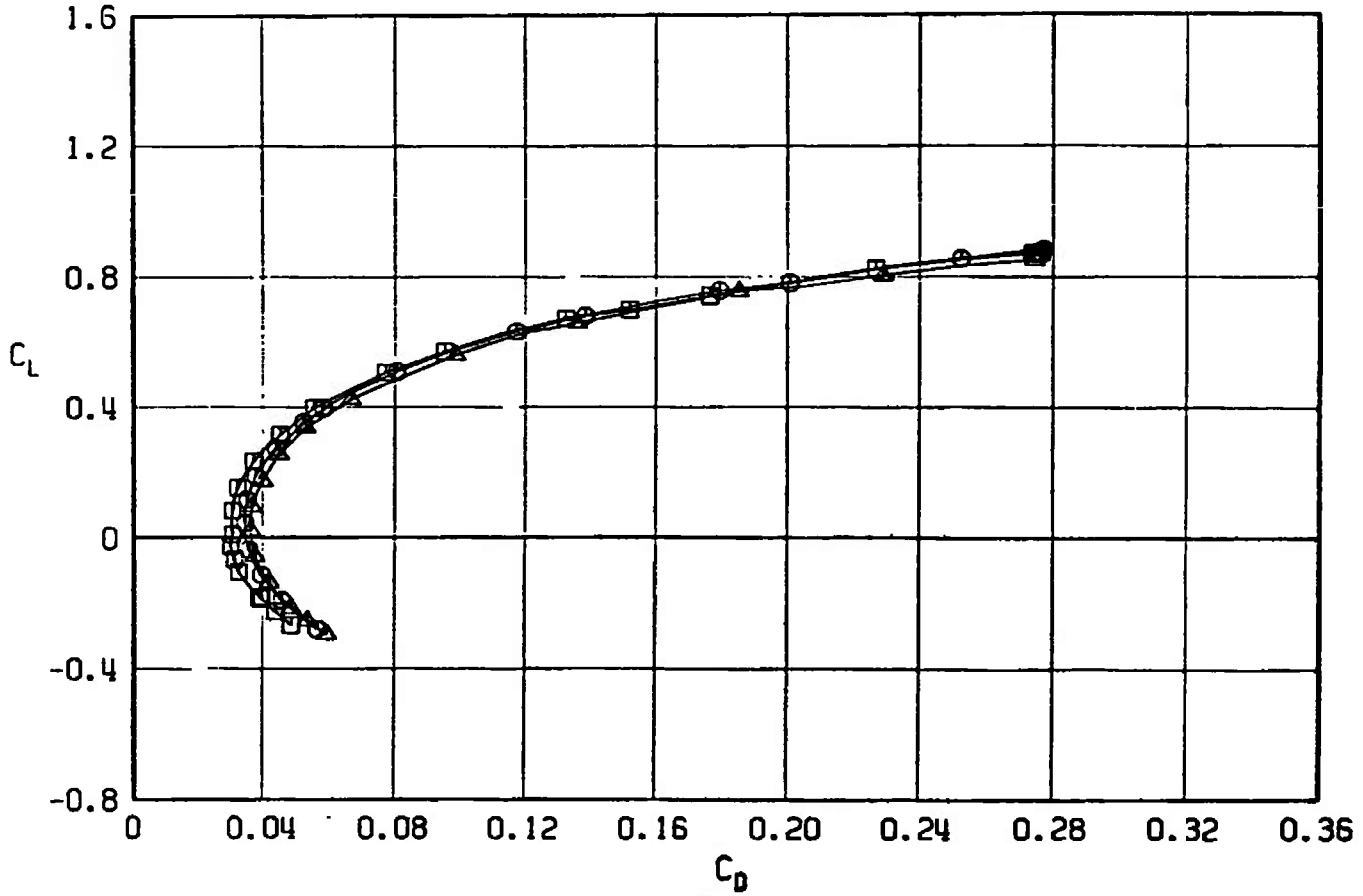
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

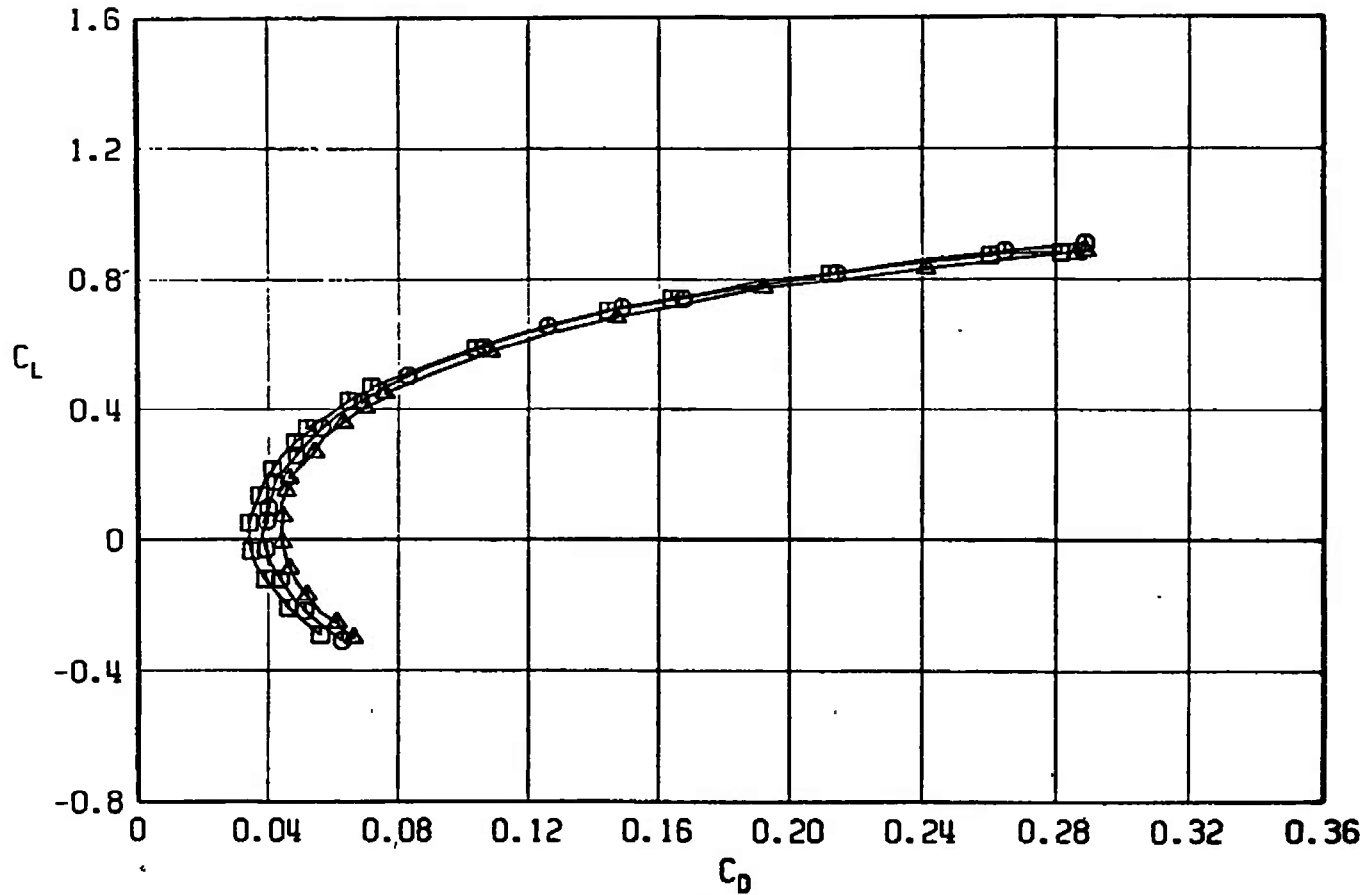
Fig. 50 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F411, and F419

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 50 Continued

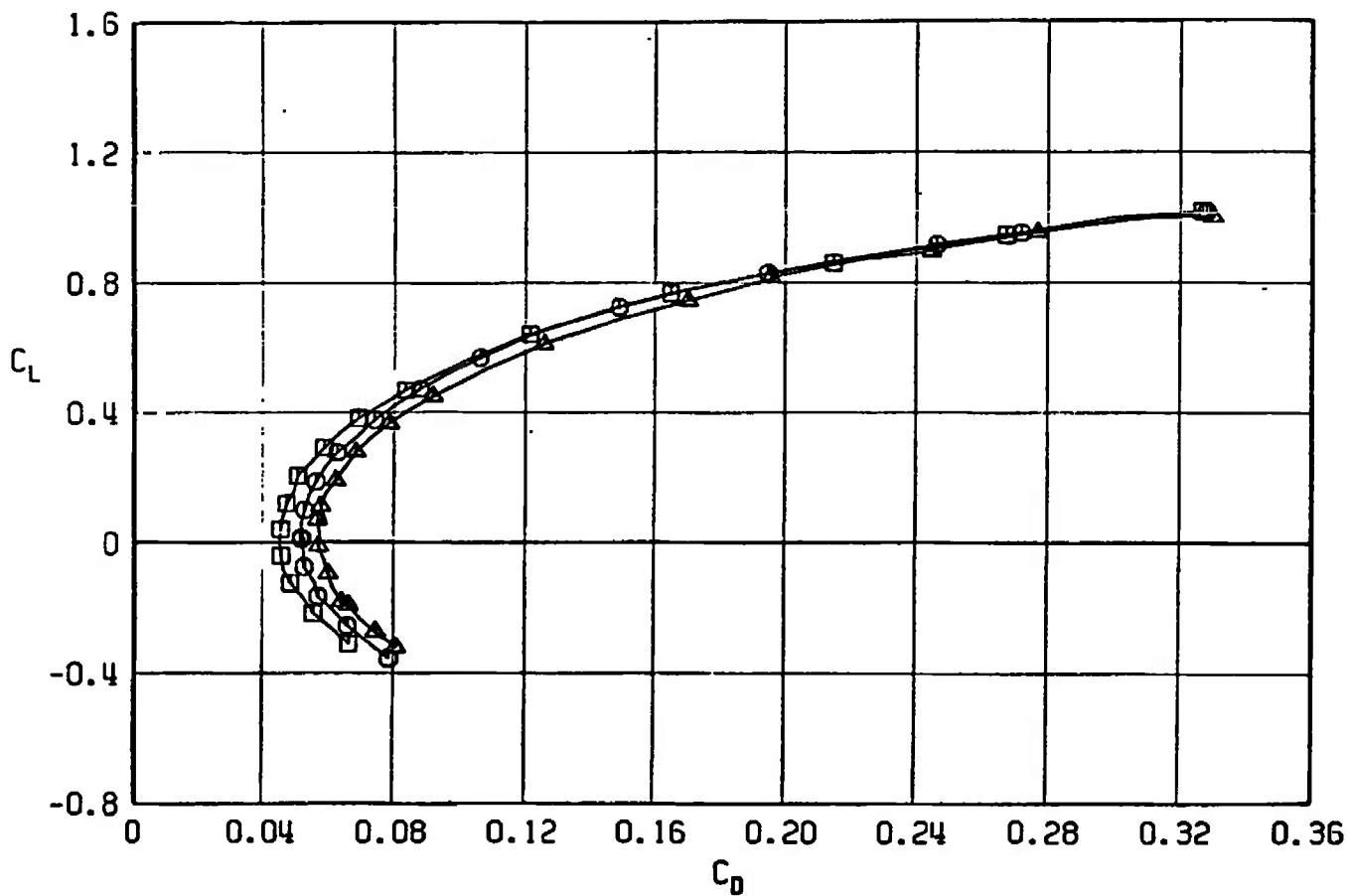
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 50 Continued

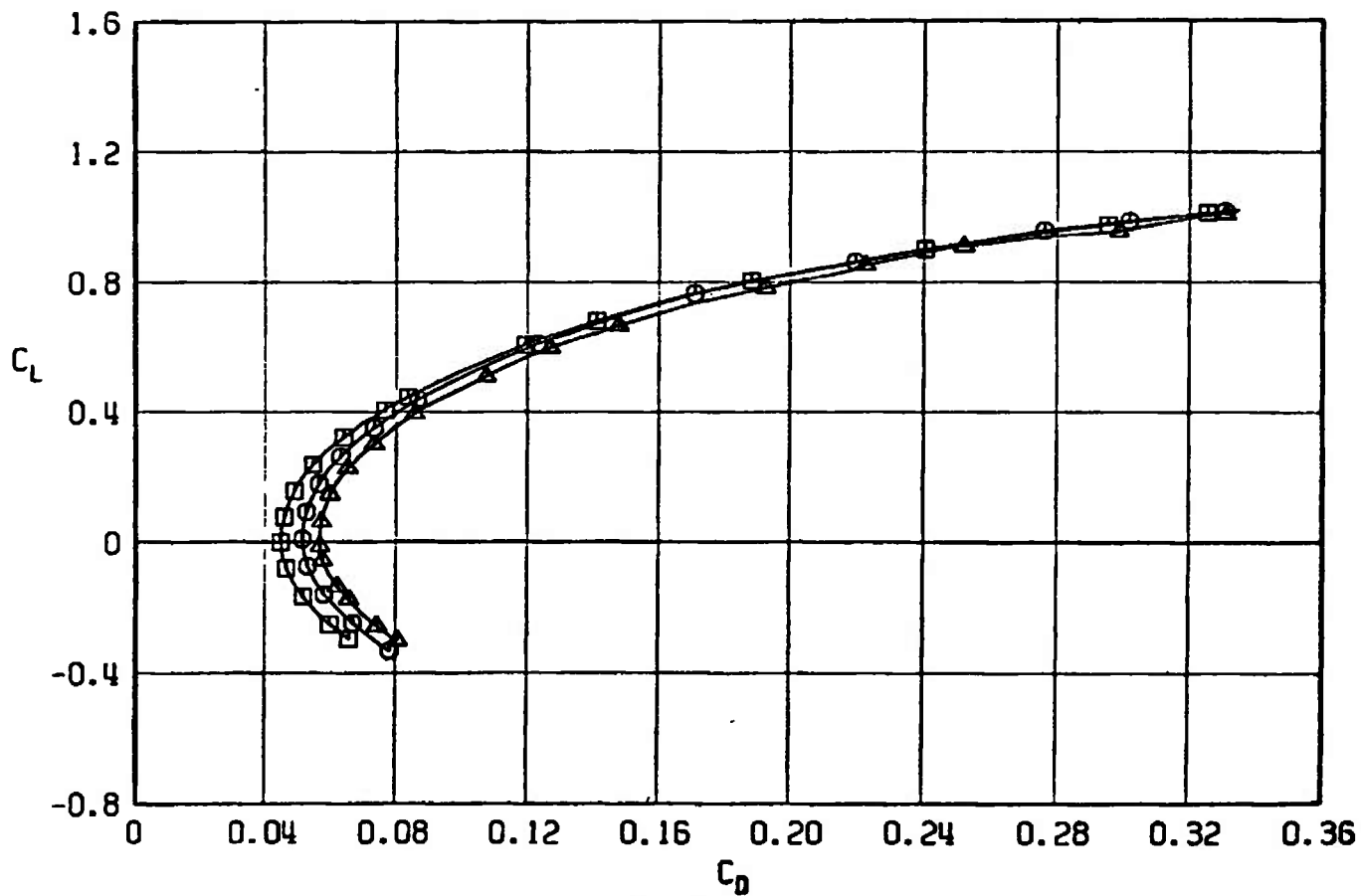
SYMBOL CONFIGURATION

□ F401
 ○ F411
 △ F419



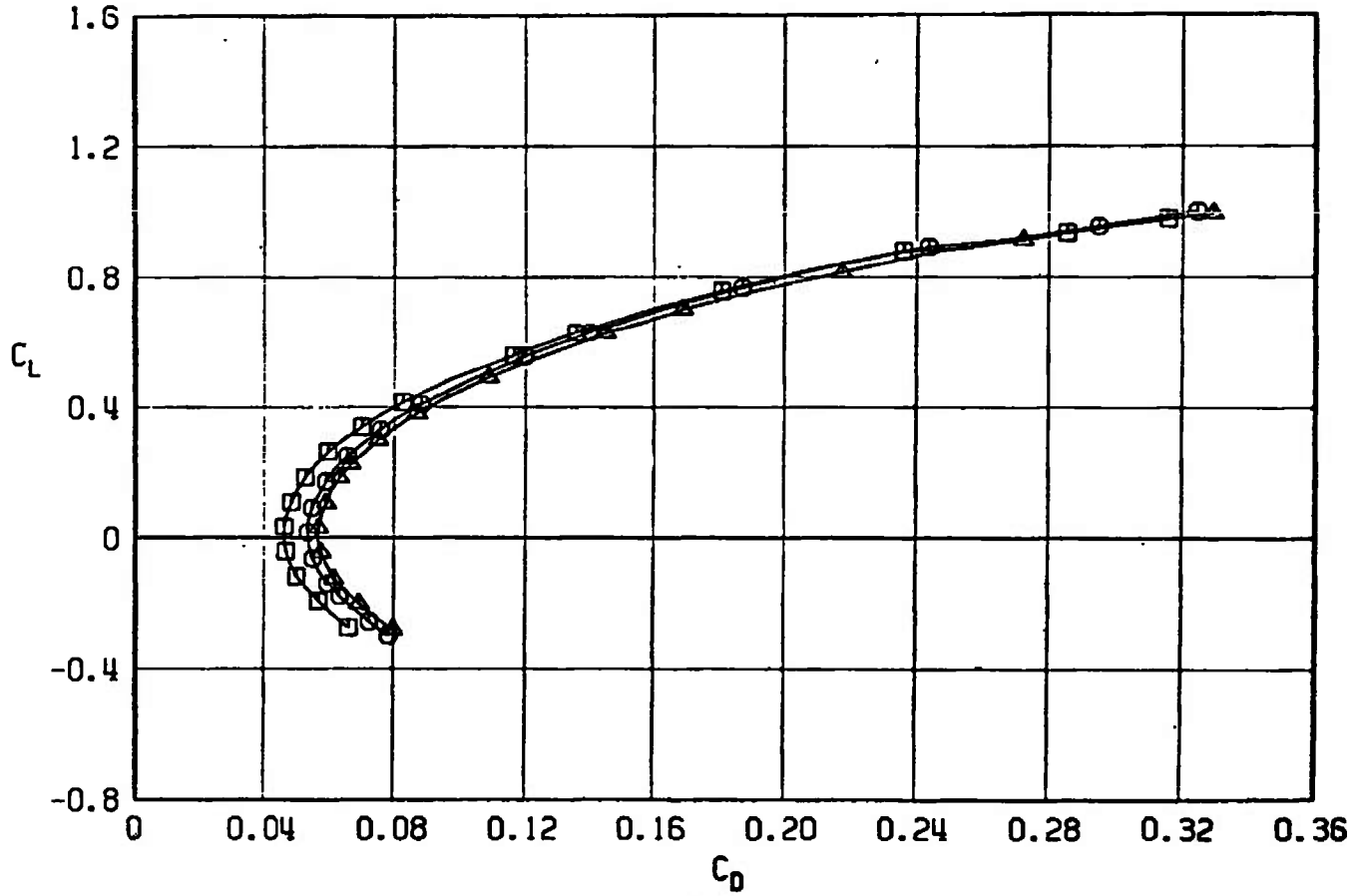
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 50 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



$\alpha = M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 50 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F411
△	F419



$f. M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 50 Concluded

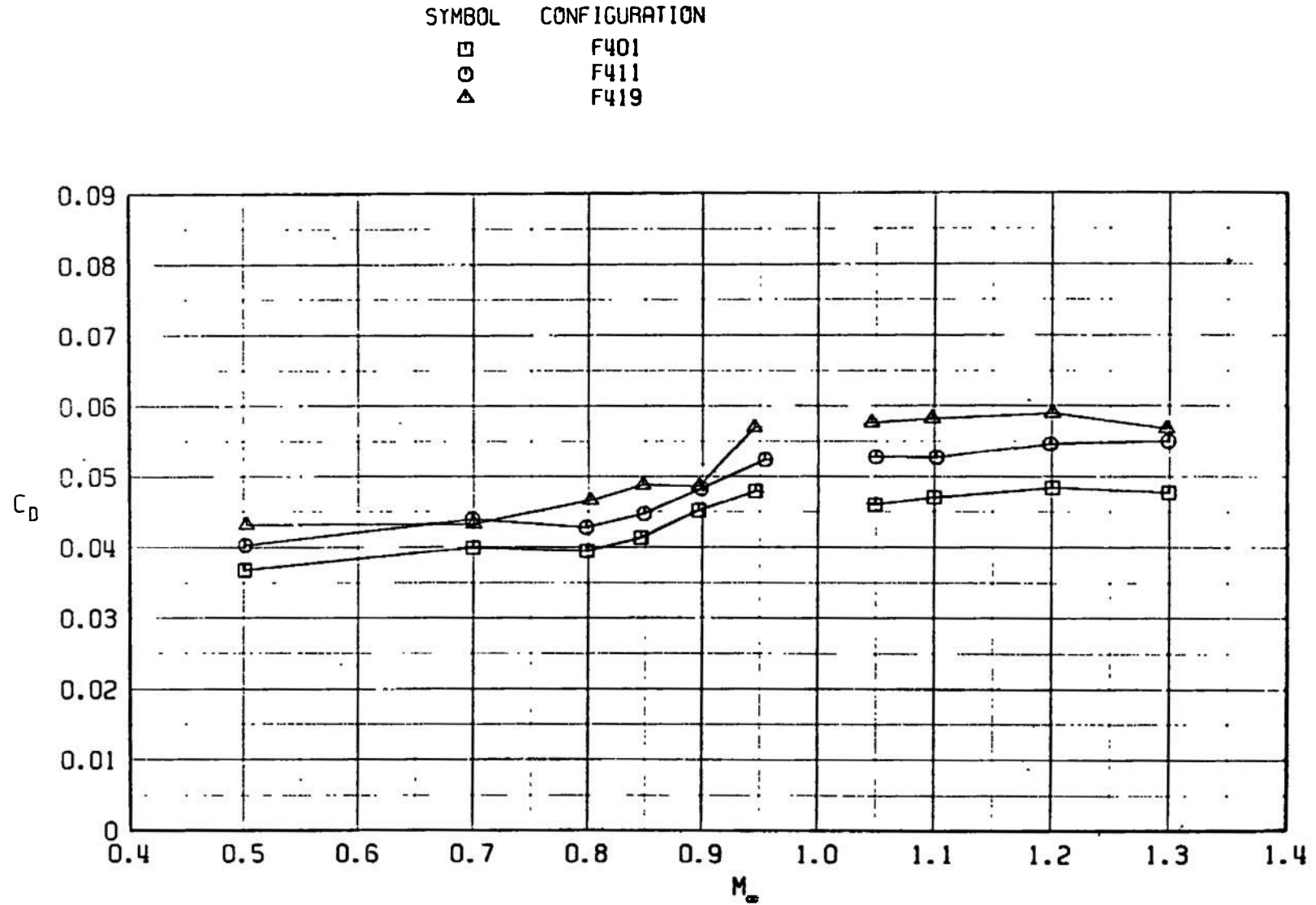


Fig. 51 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0.30$, $M_\infty < 1.0$ and $C_L = 0.1$, $M_\infty > 1.0$ for Configurations F401, F411, and F419

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419

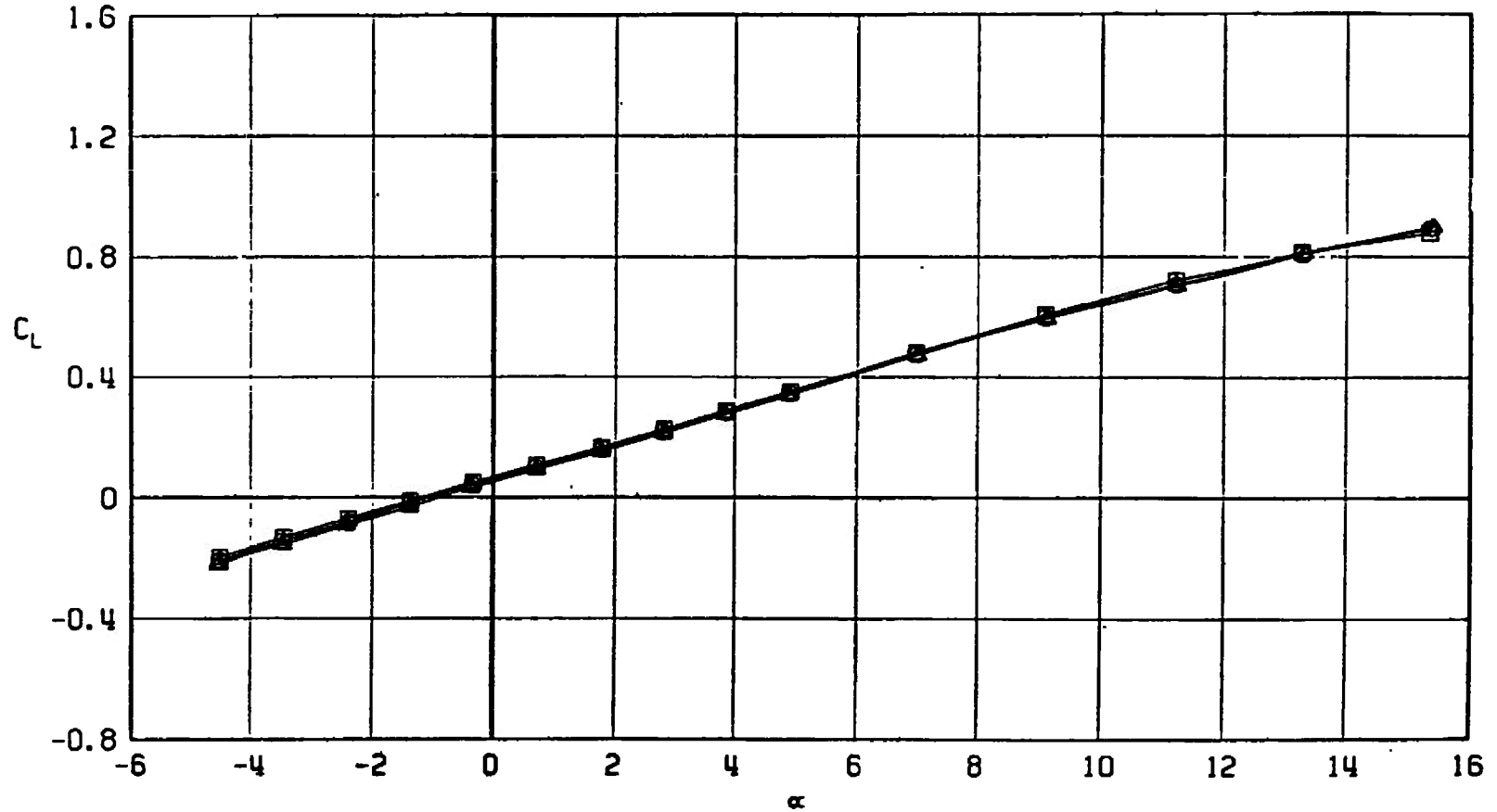
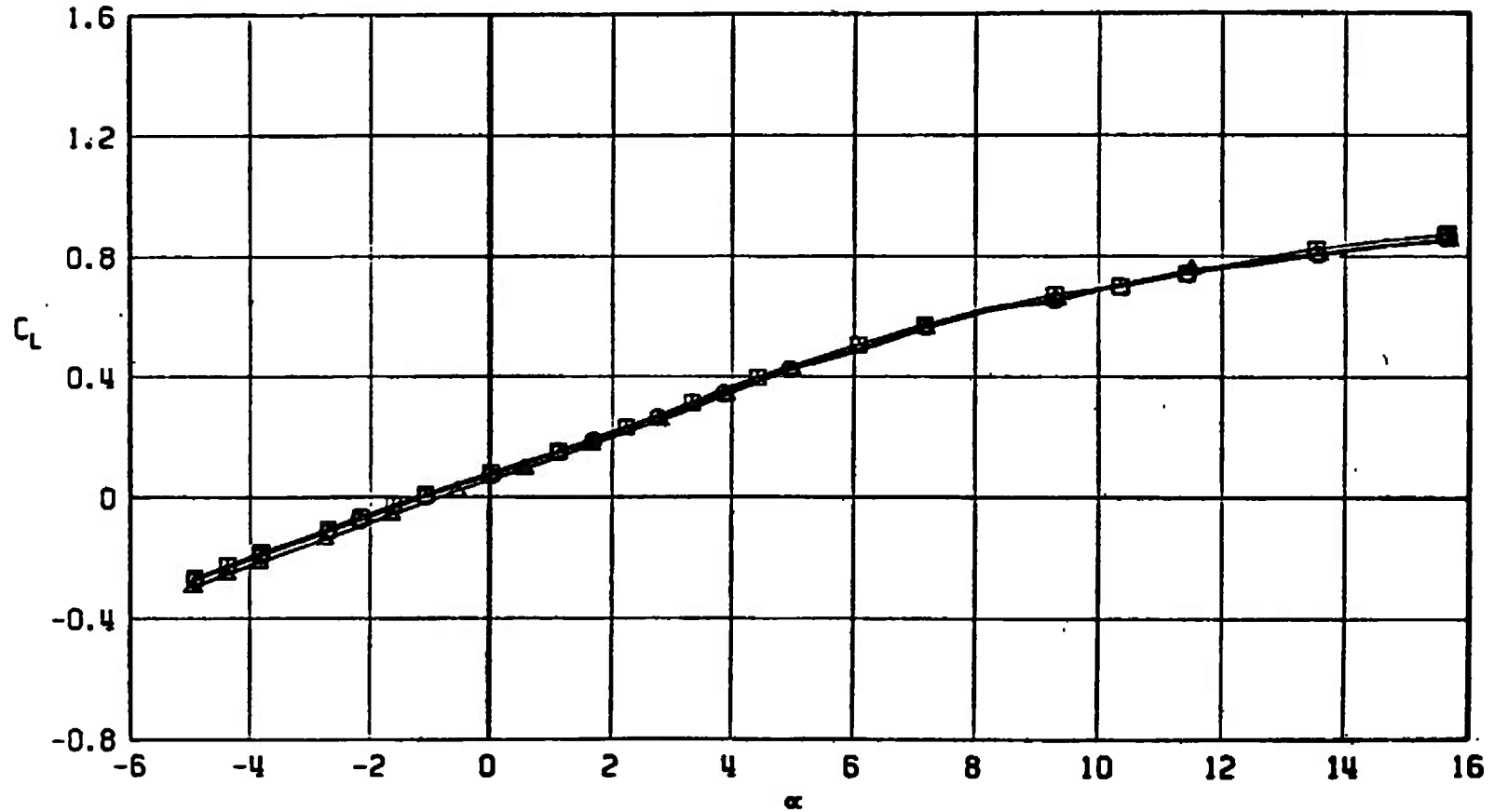
a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

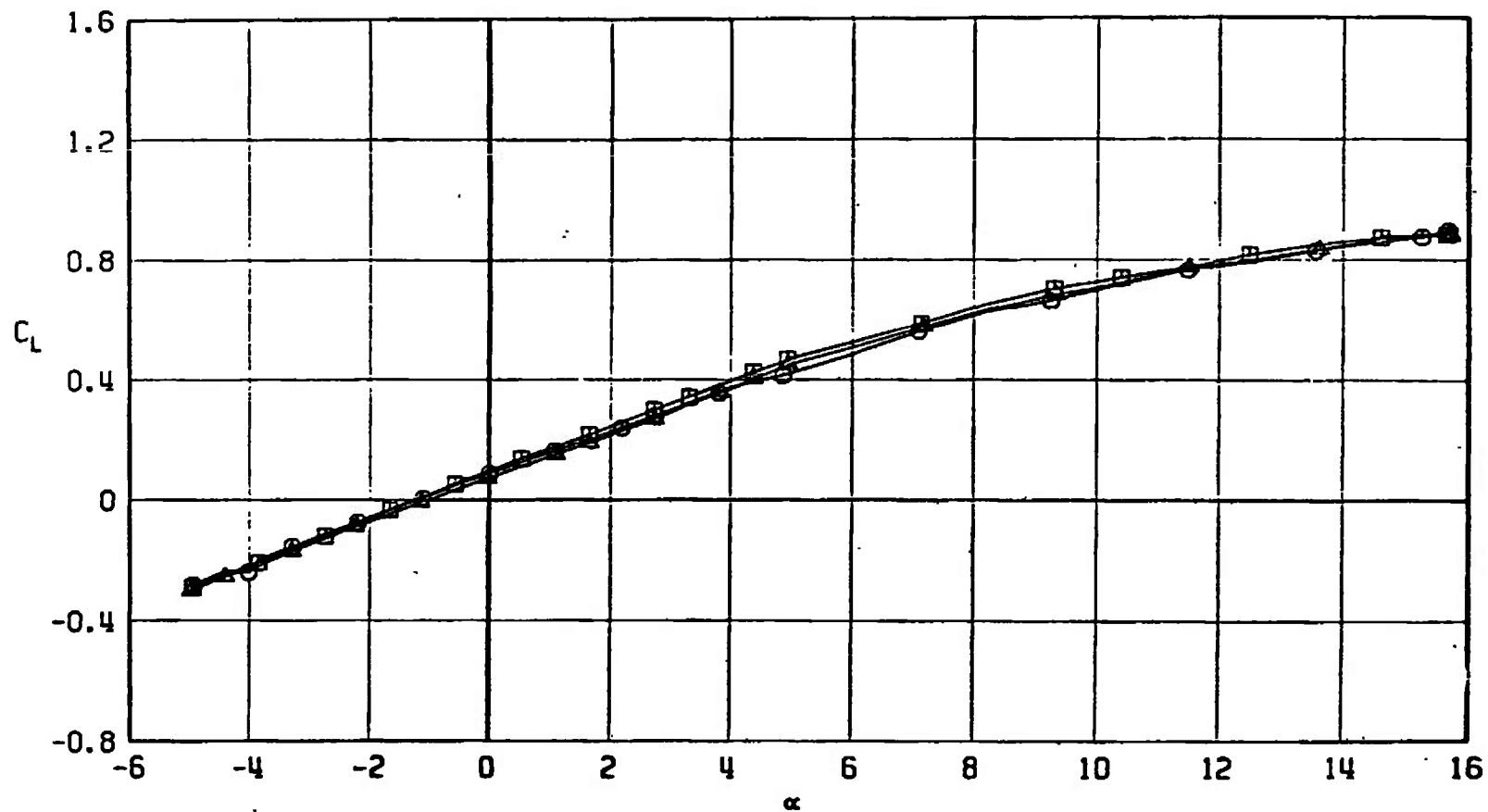
Fig. 52 Lift Coefficient Variation with Angle of Attack for Configurations F401, F419, and F420

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



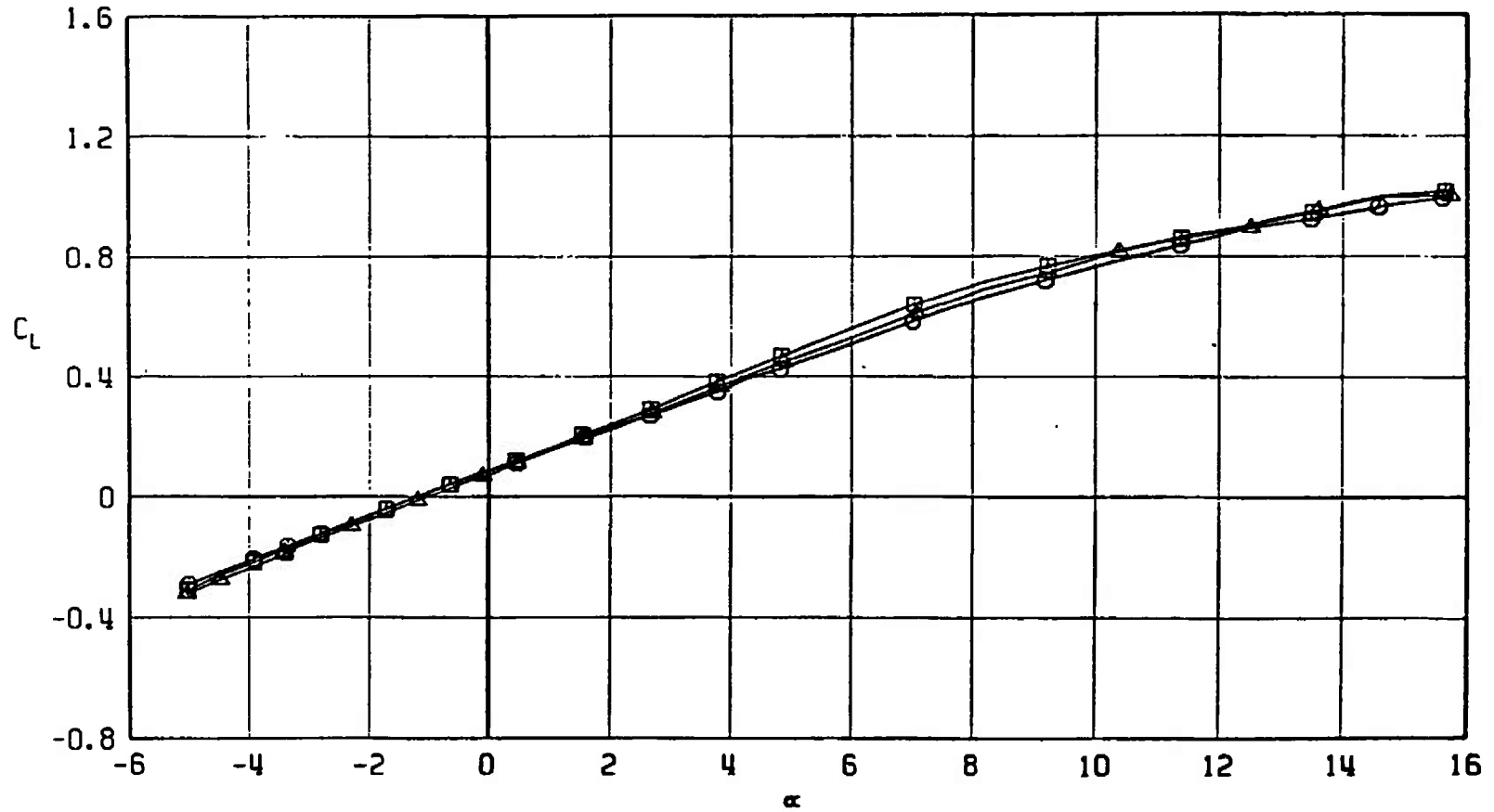
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 52 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



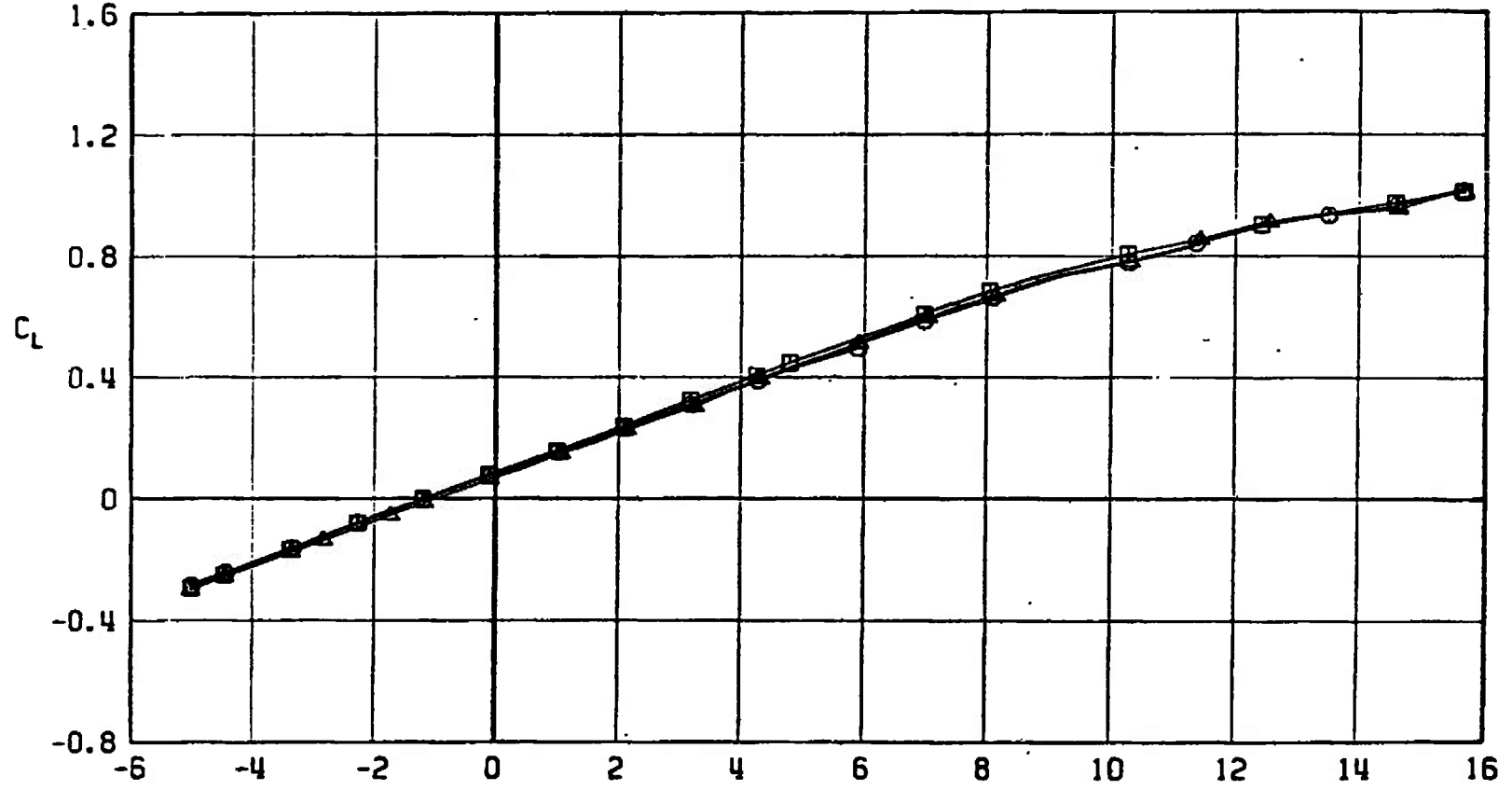
$c. M_\infty = 0.95$
 Fig. 52 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



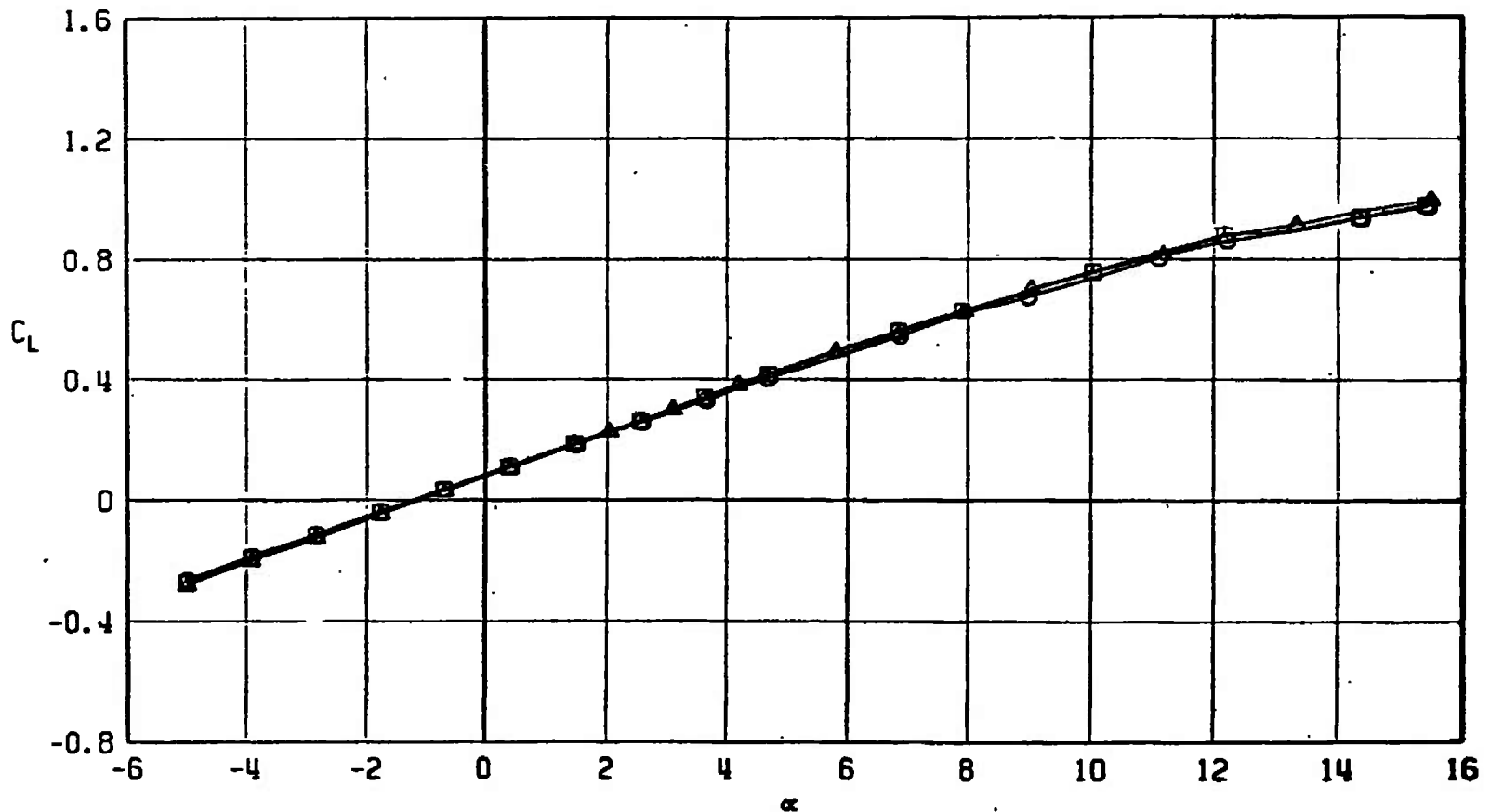
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 52 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



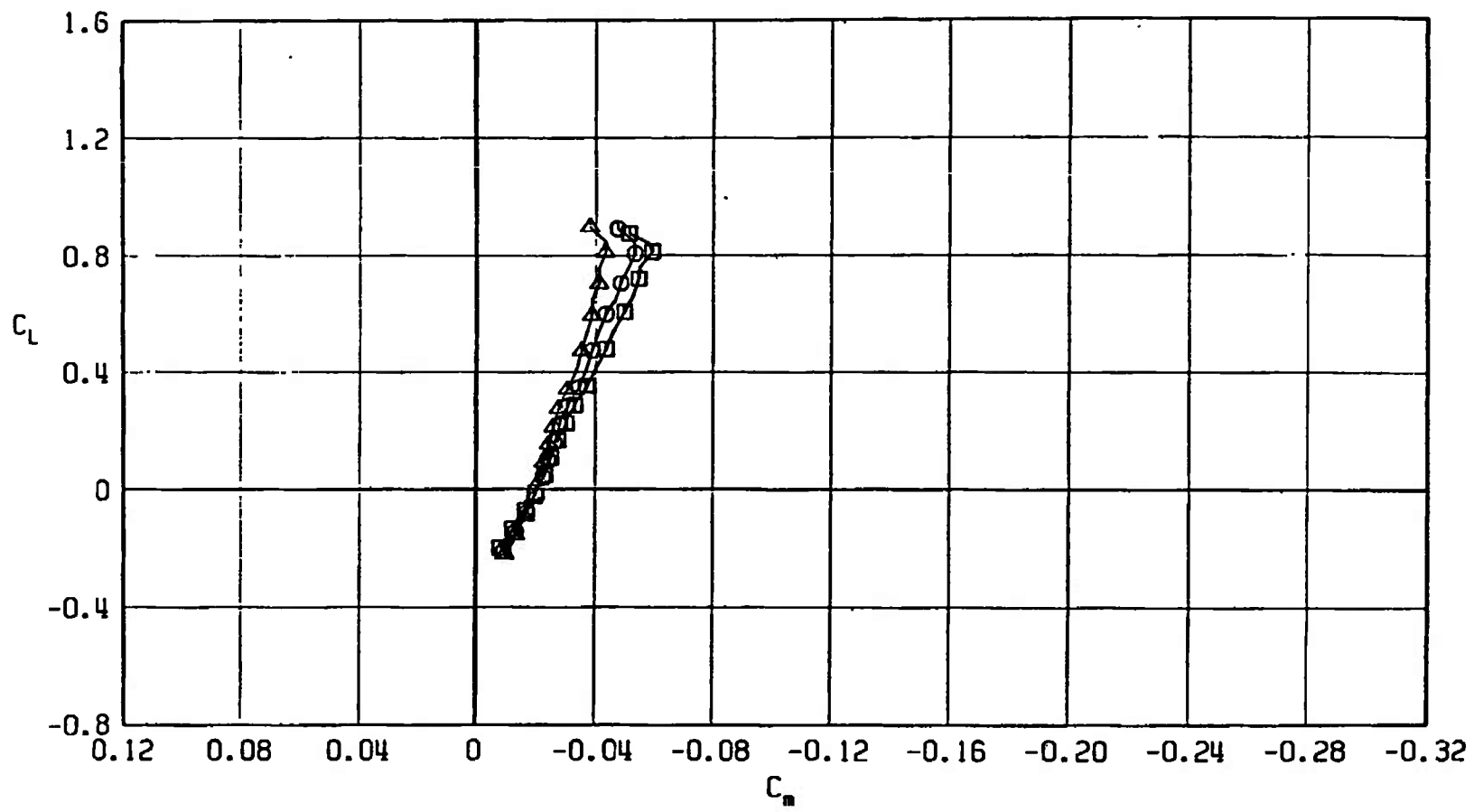
α
e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
Fig. 52 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 52 Concluded

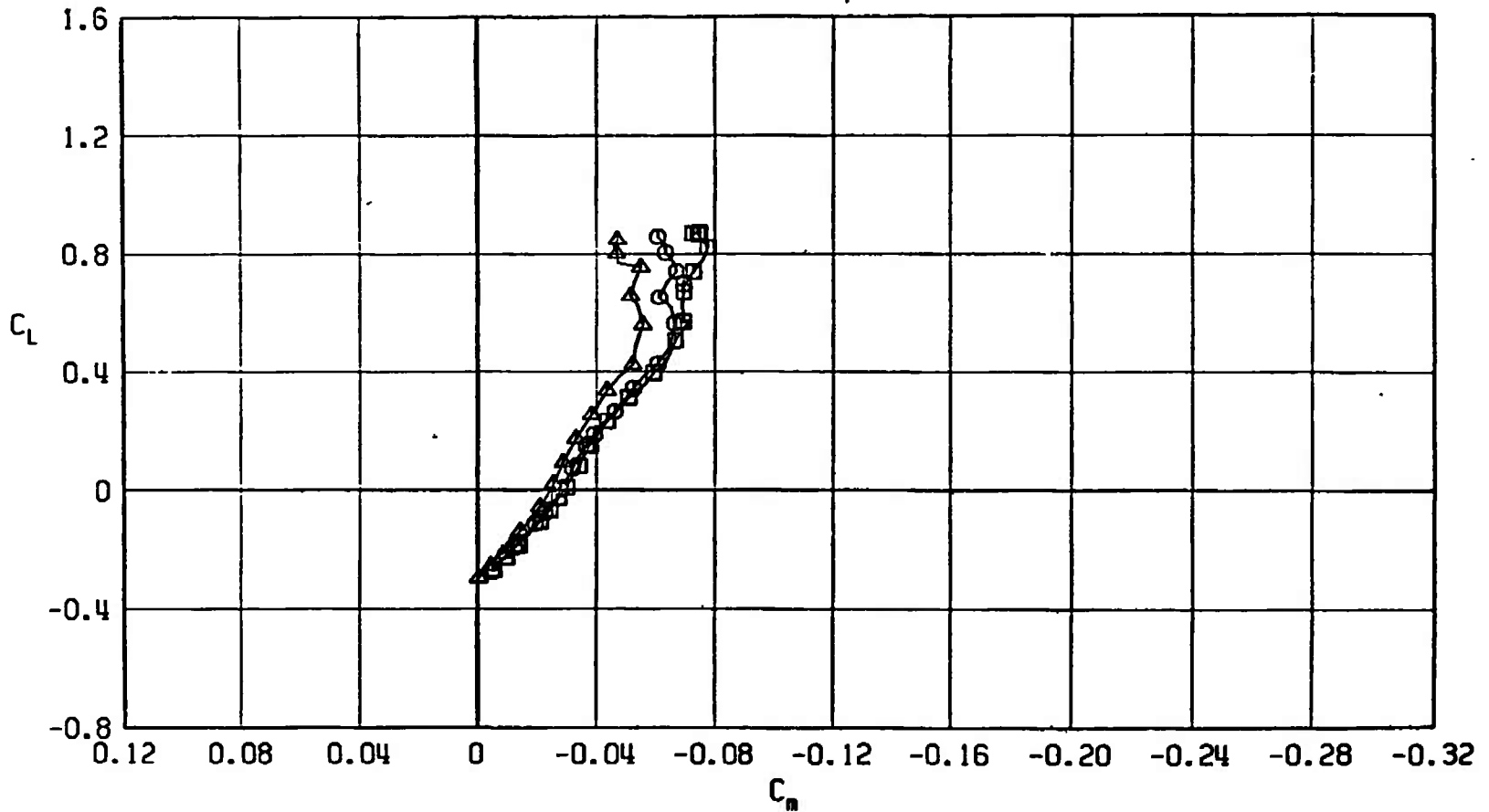
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

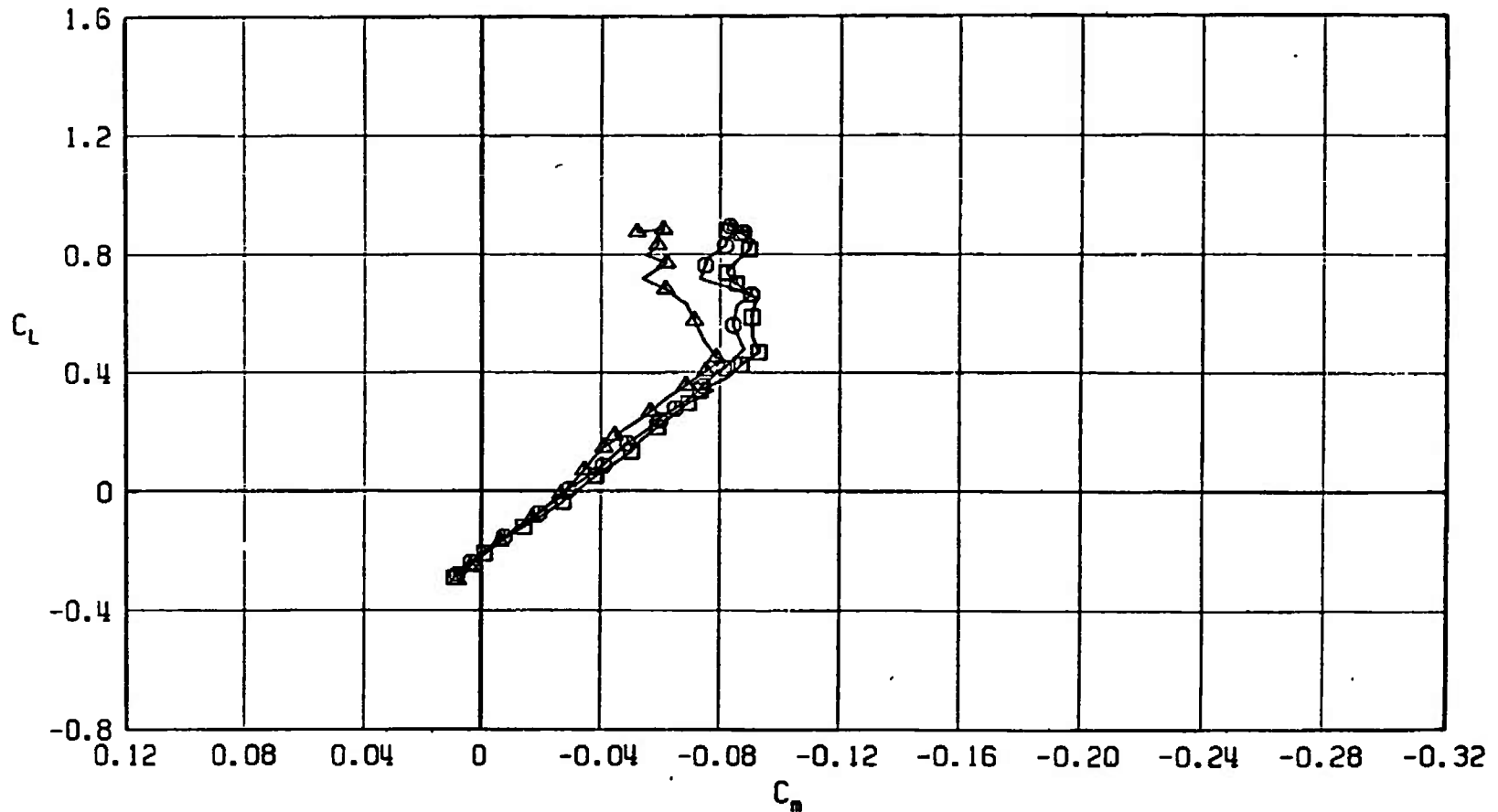
Fig. 53 Pitching-Moment Coefficient Variaton with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F419, and F420

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



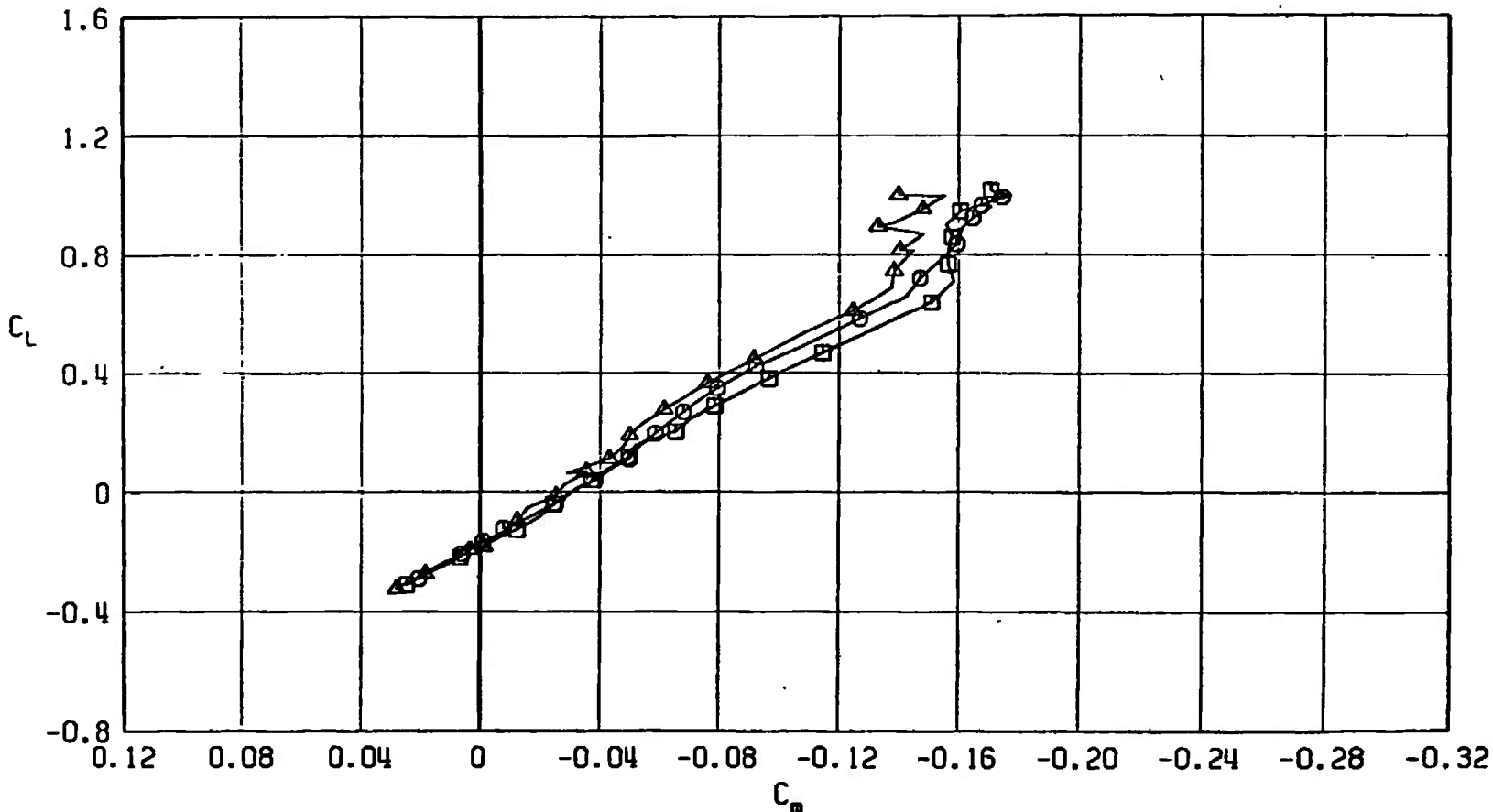
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
 Fig. 53 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



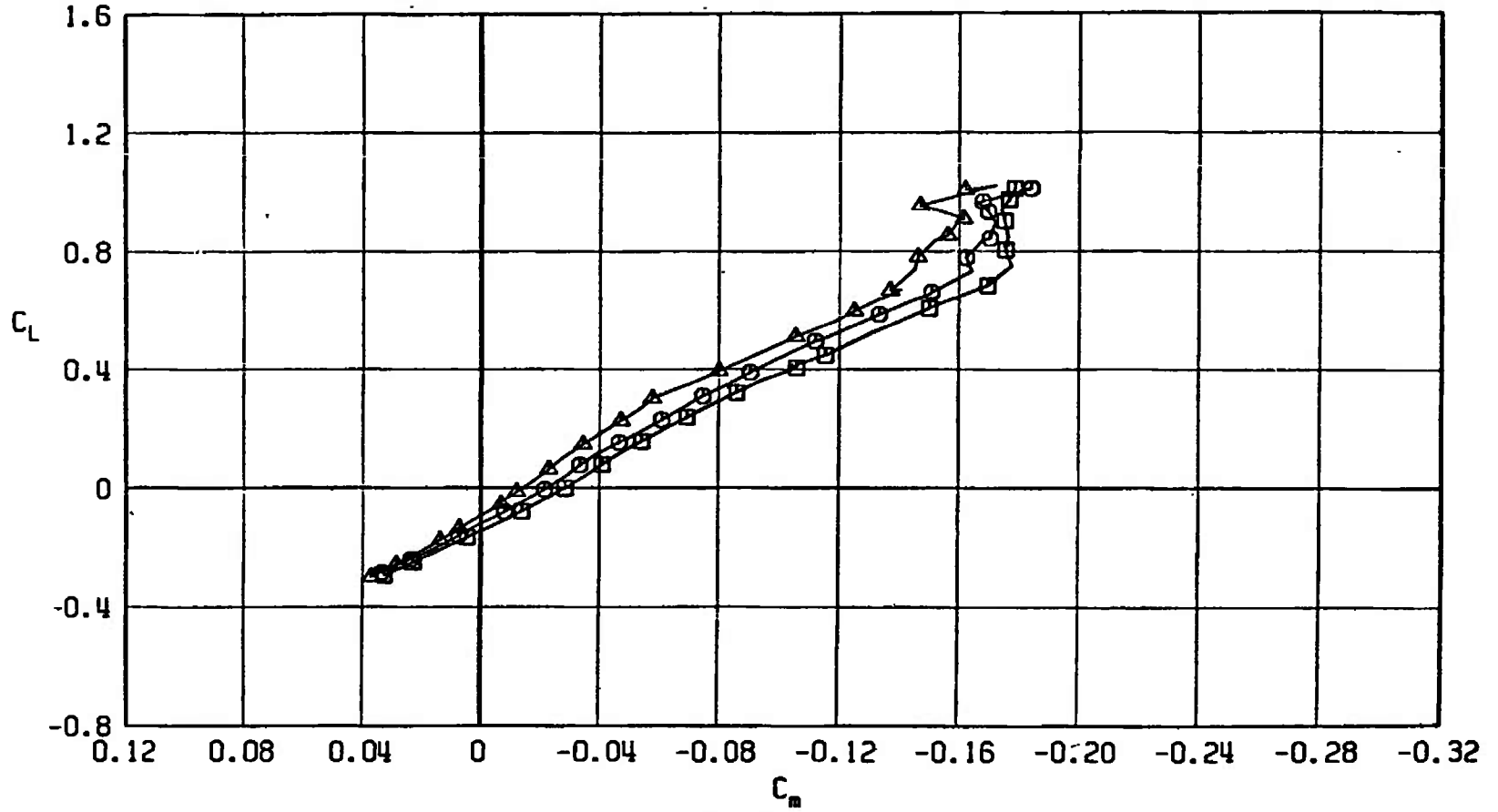
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 53 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



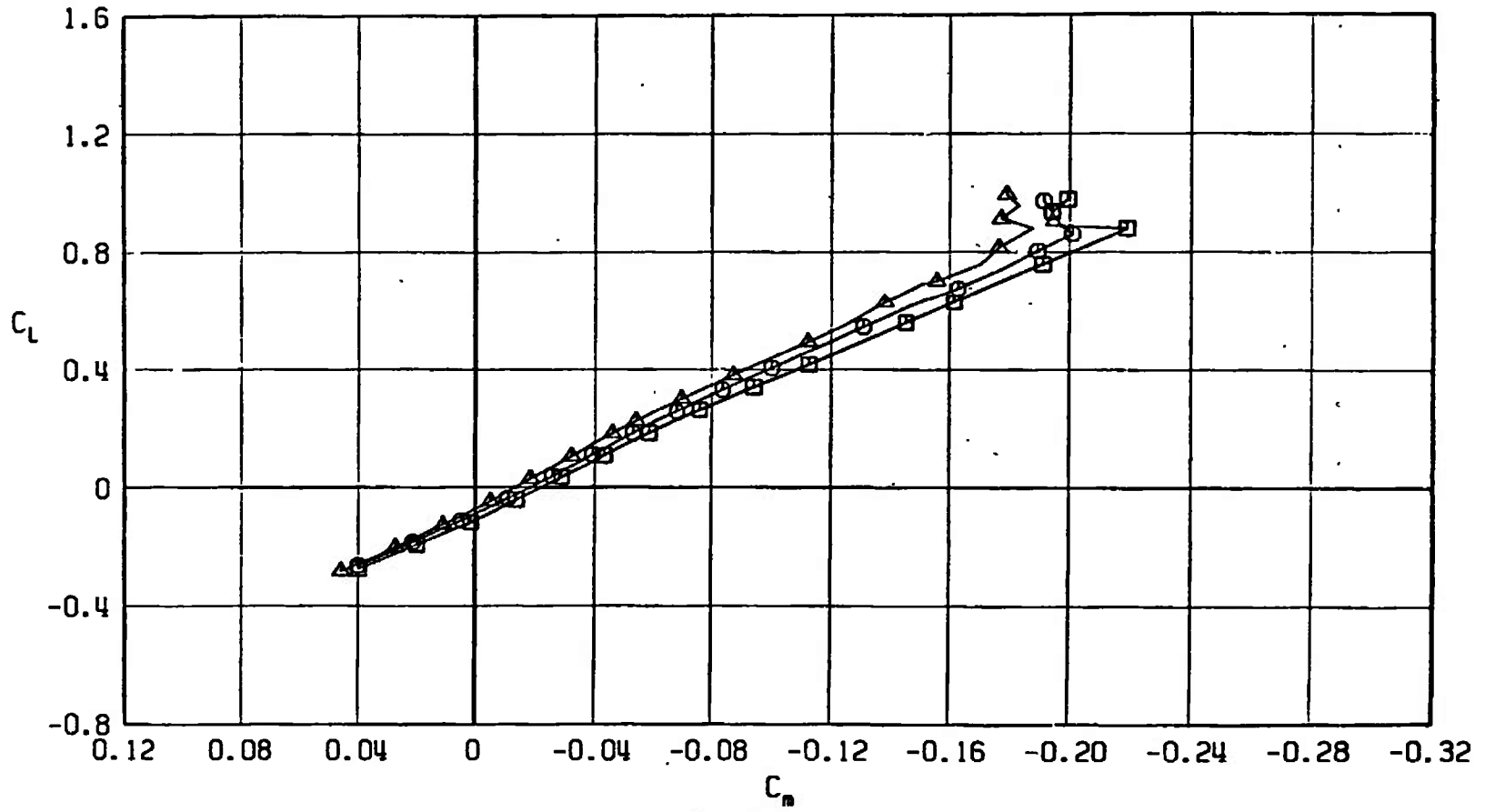
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
 Fig. 53 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



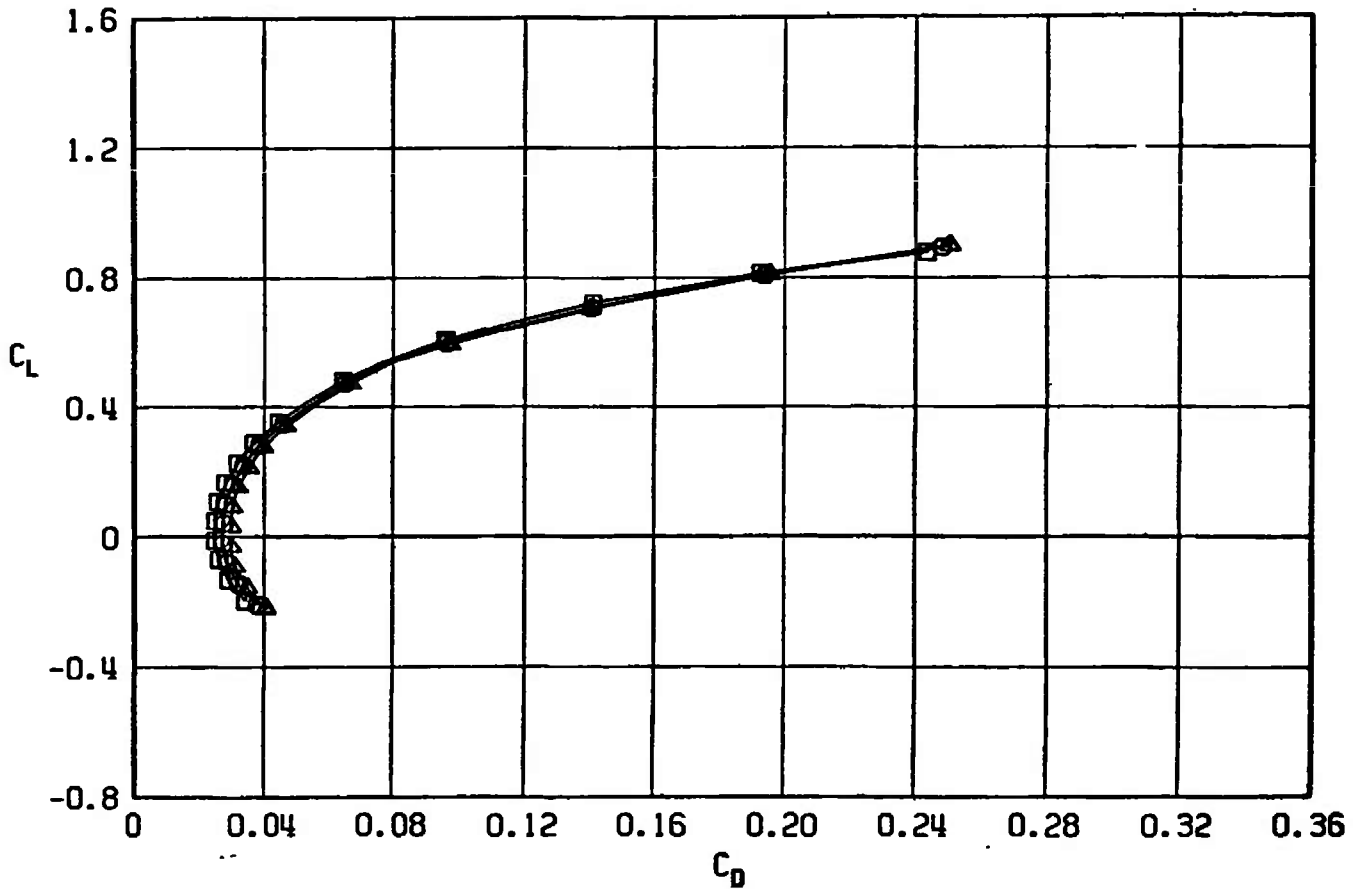
e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
 Fig. 53 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
 Fig. 53 Concluded

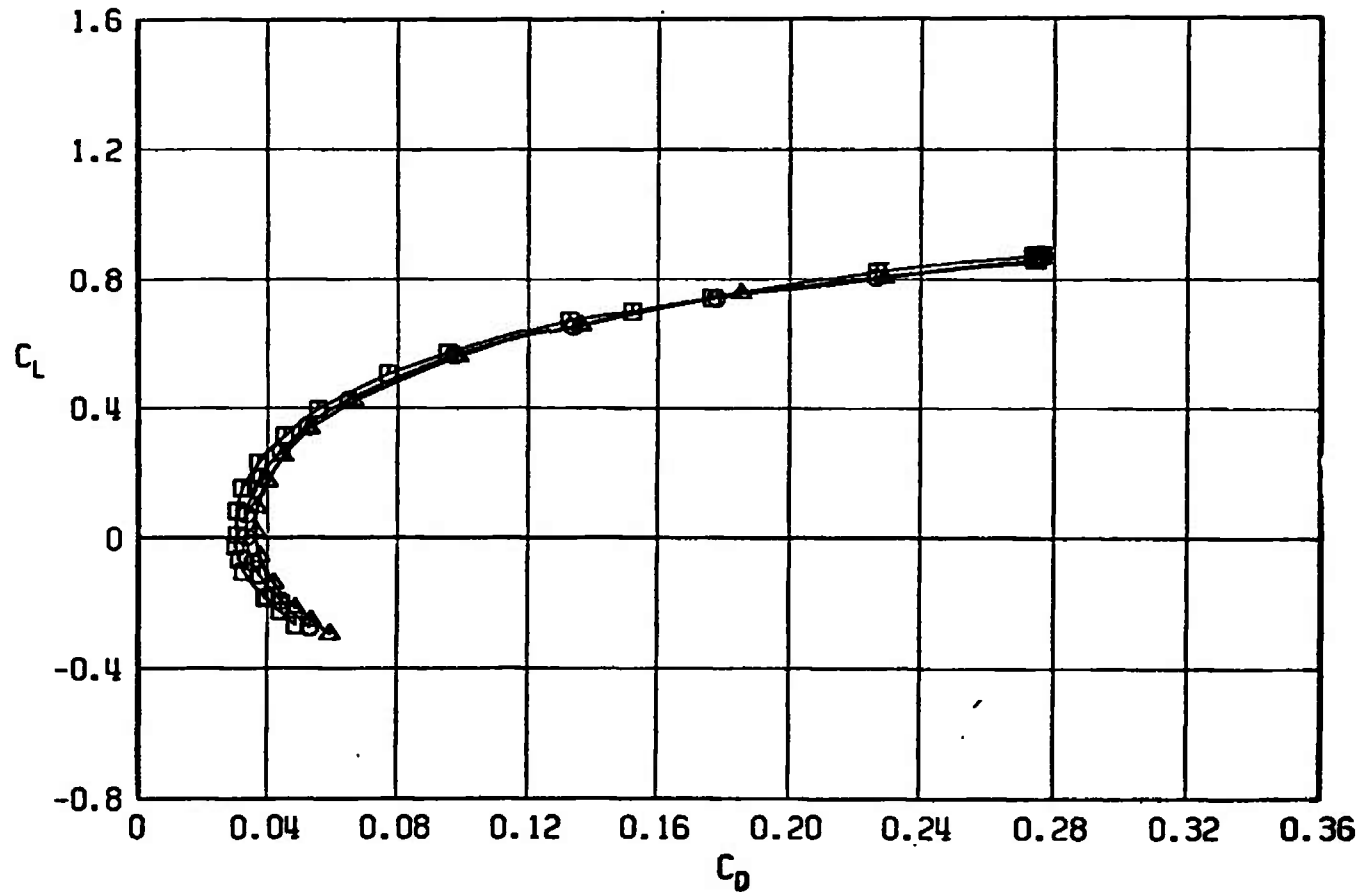
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



a. $M_\infty = 0.50$

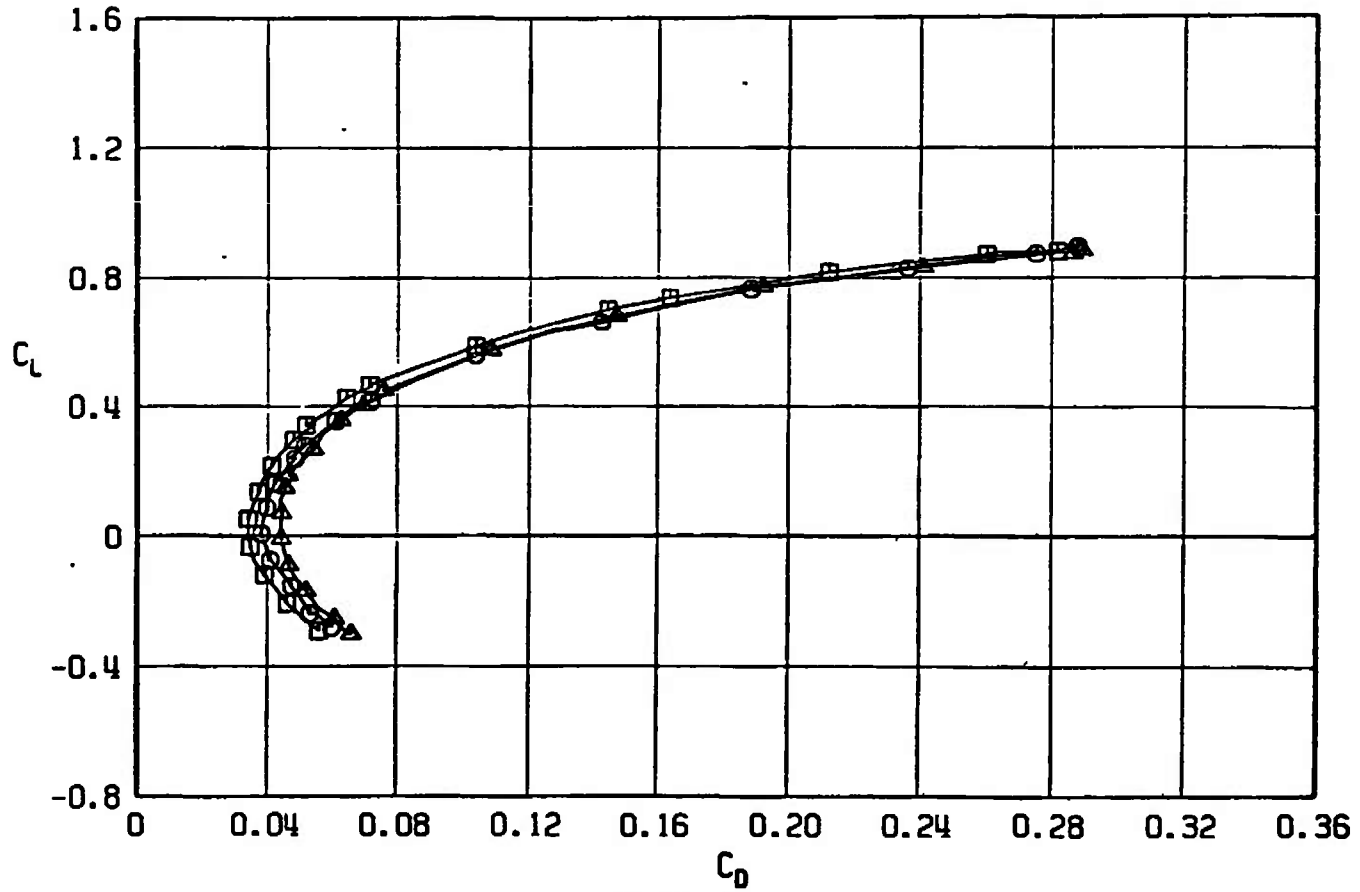
Fig. 54 Drag Coefficient Variation with Lift Coefficient for Configurations F401, F419, and F420

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



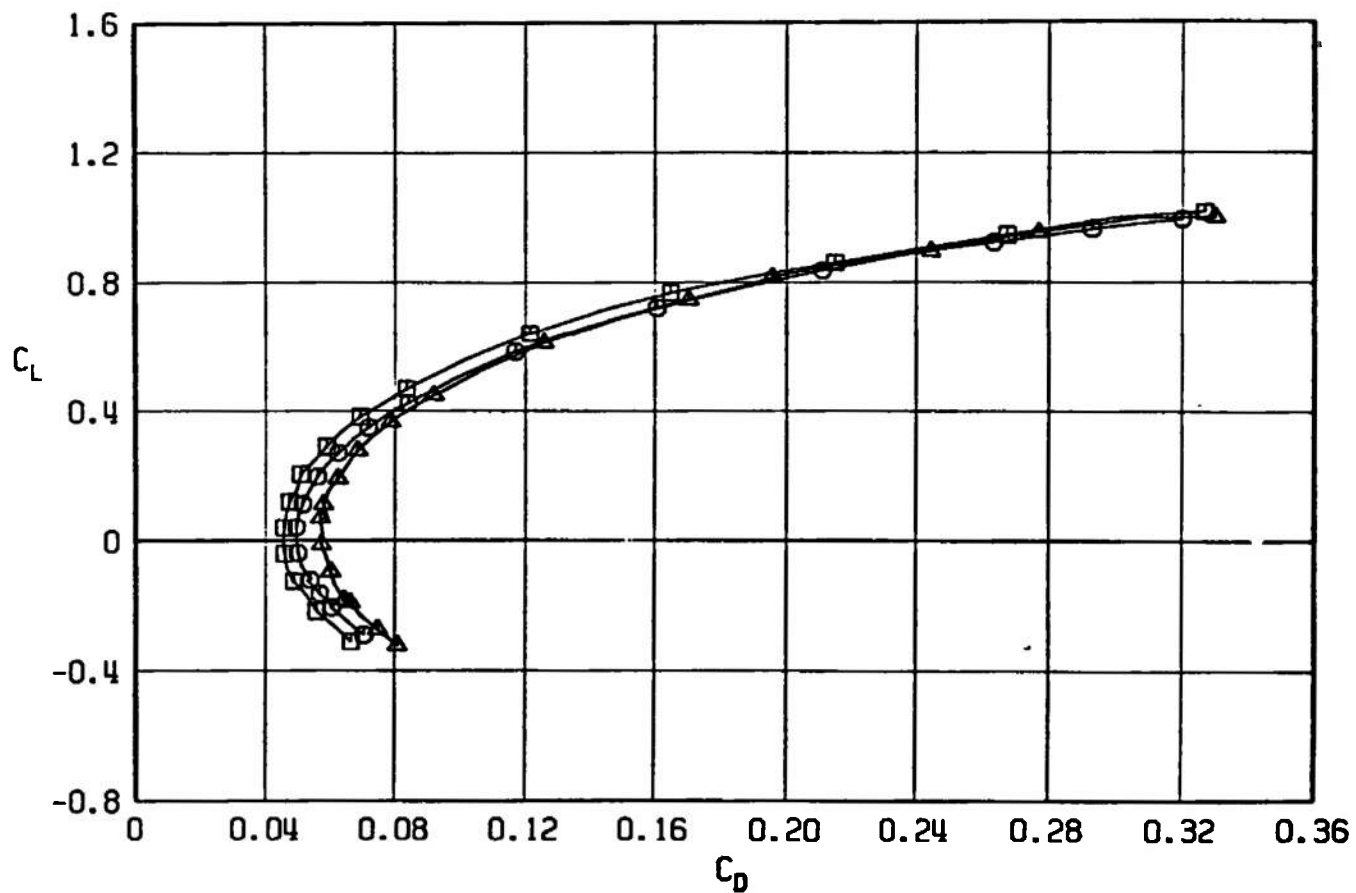
b. $M_\infty = 0.90$
Fig. 54 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



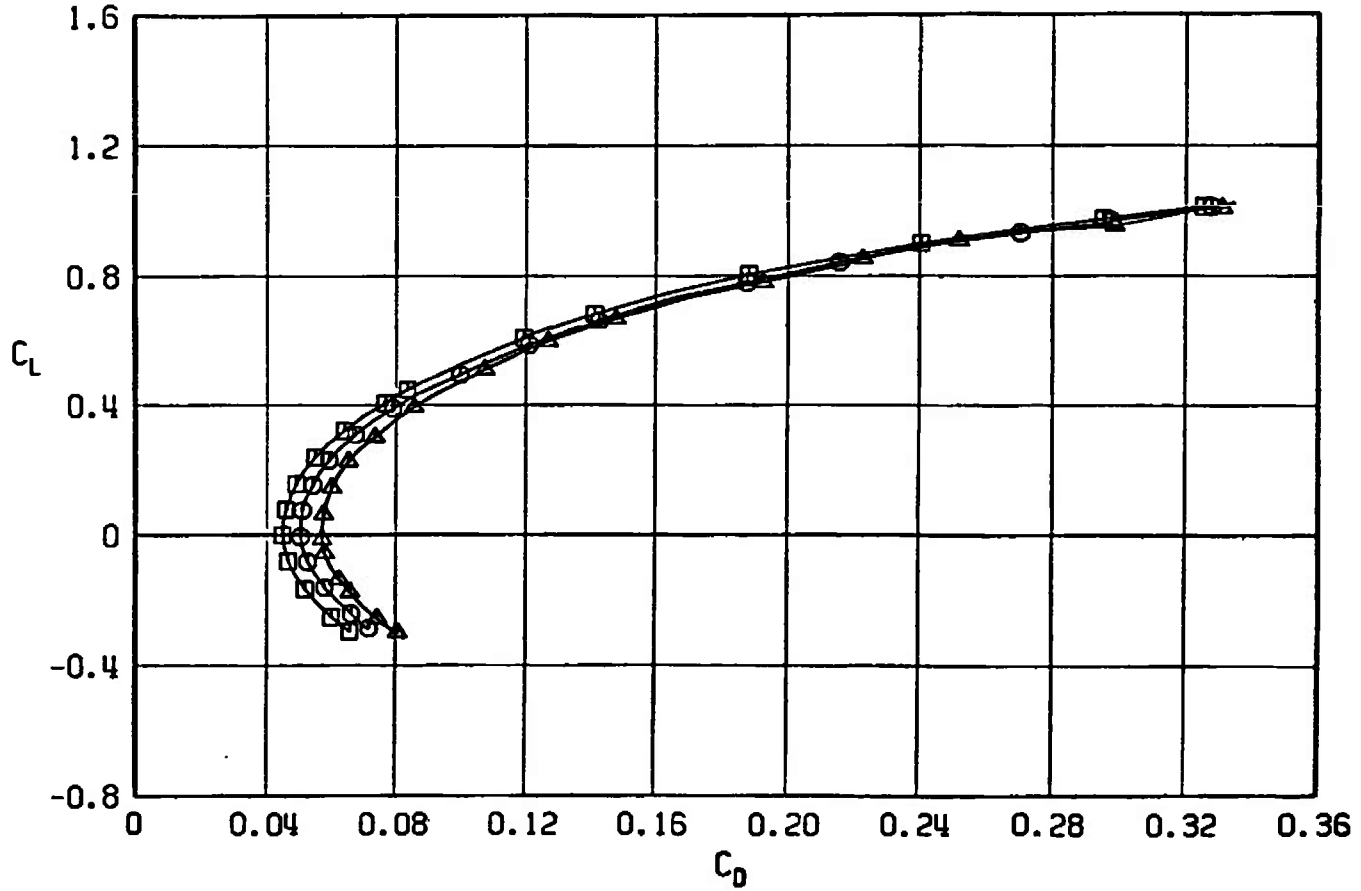
C_D
c. $M_\infty = 0.95$
Fig. 54 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



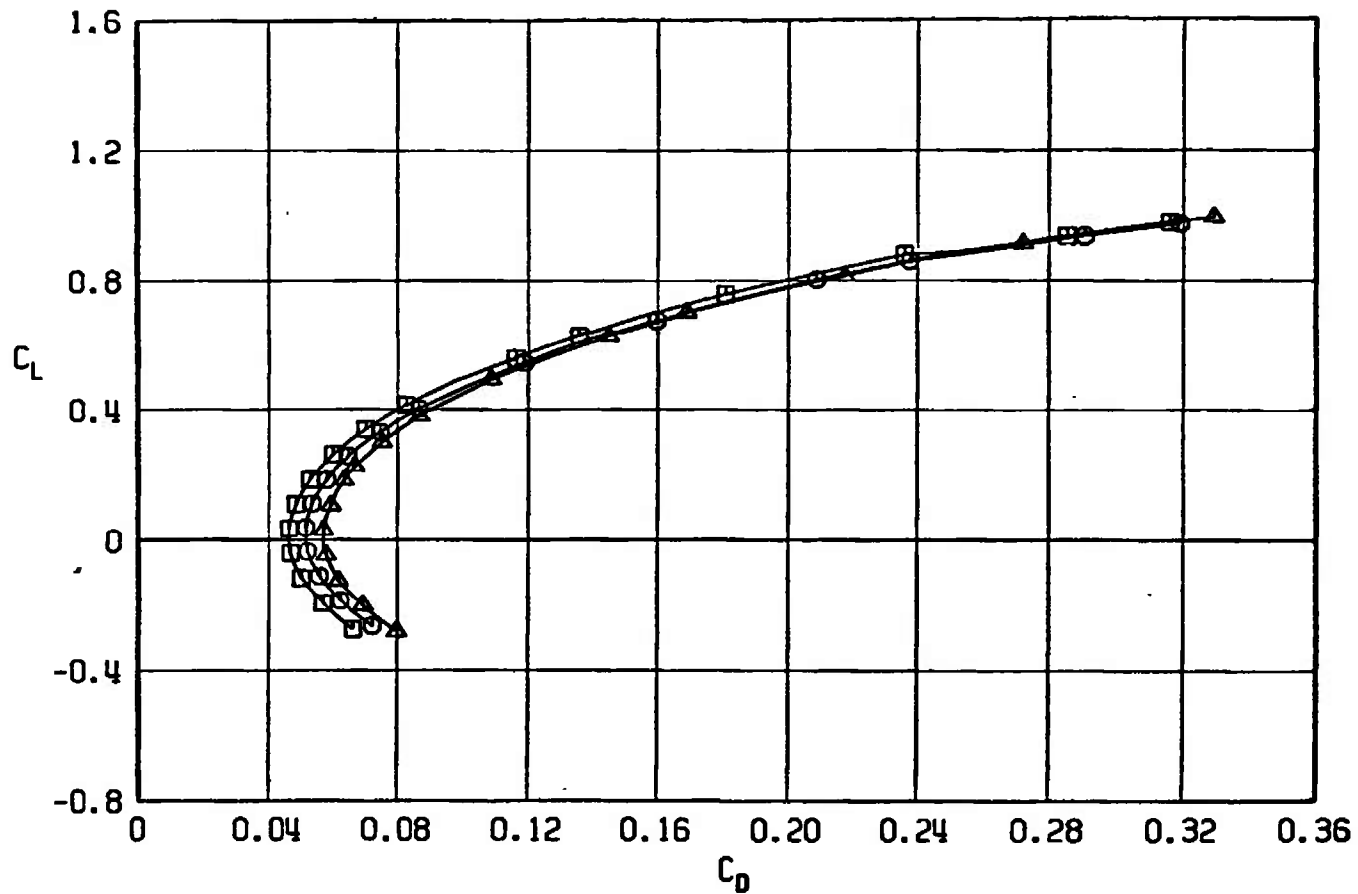
d. $M_\infty = 1.05$
Fig. 54 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



e. $M_\infty = 1.10$
 Fig. 54 Continued

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419



f. $M_\infty = 1.20$
Fig. 54 Concluded

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION
□	F401
○	F420
△	F419

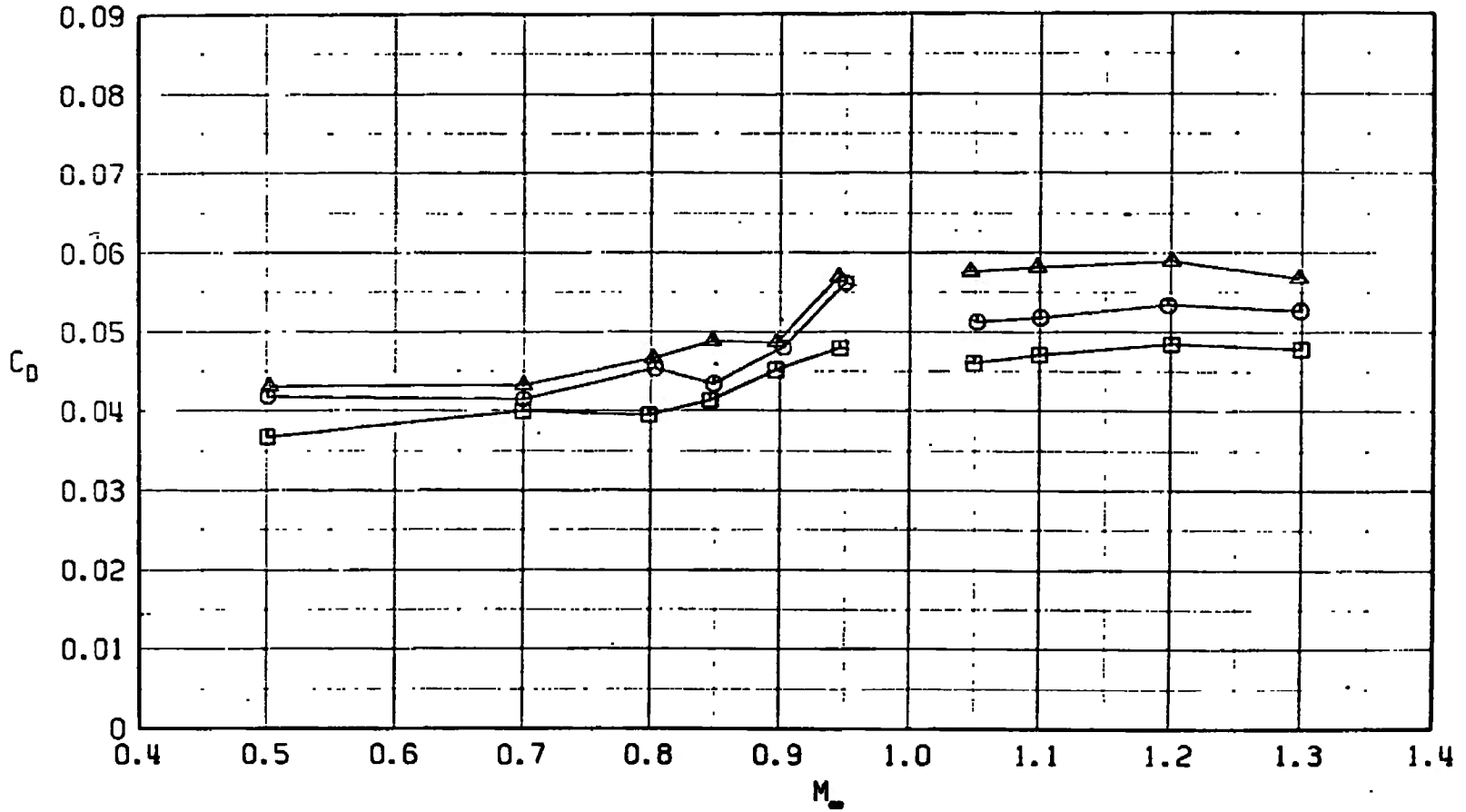


Fig. 55 Drag Coefficient Variation with Mach Number at $C_L = 0.30$, $M_\infty < 1.0$ and $C_L = 0.1$, $M_\infty > 1.0$ for Configurations F401, F419, and F420

TABLE I
AIRCRAFT LOAD CONFIGURATIONS

<u>Configuration</u>	A-7D		
	<u>Inboard</u>	<u>Mid-Wing</u>	<u>Outboard</u>
A701	Clean	Clean	Clean
A702	Clean	Pylon plus MER plus M-117; Sta 2, 3, 4	Clean
A703	Clean	Left wing only plus pylon plus MER plus M-117; Sta 2, 3, 4	Clean
A704	Clean	Pylon plus TER plus M-117; Sta 1, 2, 3	Clean
A705	Case G	Clean	Clean
A706	Clean	Case G	Clean
A707	Clean	Clean	Case G
A710	Clean	Clean	Case D
A711	Left wing only, Case G	Clean	Clean
A712	Clean	Left wing only, Case G	Clean
A713	Clean	Clean	Left wing only, Case G
	F-4E		
	<u>Centerline</u>	<u>Inboard</u>	<u>Outboard</u>
F401	Clean	Clean	Clean
F402	Pylon plus MER	Pylon plus TER	370-gal fuel tank
F403	Clean	Pylon plus TER plus MK-82; Sta 1, 2, 3	370-gal fuel tank
F404	Clean	Pylon plus TER plus M-117; Sta 1, 2, 3	370-gal fuel tank
F405	Clean	Case A	Clean
F406	Clean	Case B	Clean
F407	Clean	Case C	Clean
F408	Clean	Case D	Clean
F409	Clean	Case E	Clean
F410	Clean	Case F	Clean
F411	Clean	Case G	Clean
F412	Clean	Left wing only, Case A	Clean
F415	Clean	Left wing only, Case D	Clean
F418	Clean	Left wing only, Case G	Clean
F419	Clean	Clean	Case G
F420	Clean	Clean	Left wing only, Case G

TABLE II
GUIDE TO FIGURE INTERPRETATION

Figures	Variable	Configurations
12, 13, 14, and 15	Store addition, carriage configuration	A-7D A701, A702, A703, and A704
16, 17, 18, and 19	Parametric-shape configuration	A701, A707, and A710
20, 21, 22, and 23	Parametric-shape carriage position	A701, A711, A712, and A713
24, 25, 26, and 27	↓	A701, A705, A706, and A707
28, 29, 30, and 31	Parametric-shape configuration addition	A701, A707, and A713
32, 33, 34, and 35	Store addition, store configuration	F-4E F401, F402, F403, and F404
36, 37, 38, and 39	Parametric-shape configuration	F401, F412, F415, and F418
40, 41, 42, and 43	↓	F401, F405, F406, and F407
44, 45, 46, and 47	↓	F401, F408, F409, F410, and F411
48, 49, 50, and 51	Parametric-shape carriage position	F401, F411, and F419
52, 53, 54, and 55	Parametric-shape configuration addition	F401, F419, and F420

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13. ABSTRACT

Longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics of 0.05-scale models of A-7D and F-4E aircraft were obtained at Mach numbers from 0.50 to 1.30 to determine the effects of store configuration and location on stability and drag. Prototypes, as well as a family of proposed store configurations, were tested.

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