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AERODYNAMICS OF GUIDED AND UNGUIDED
WEAPONS PART II. COMPUTER PROGRAM AND
USAGE

Frank G. Moore, et al

Naval Weapons Laboratory
Dahlgren, Virginia

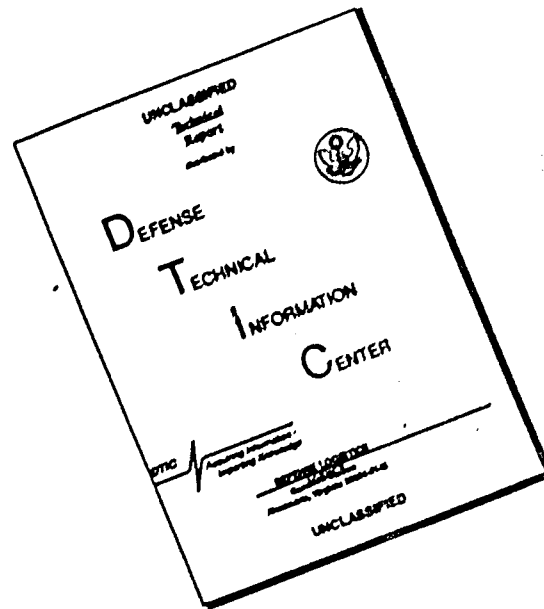
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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report describes a computer program for calculating static forces and moments on canard-body-tail configurations. The program is applicable in the Mach number range, $0 < M_{\infty} < 3$, and angle of attack range, $0 < \alpha < 20^{\circ}$. The theoretical development of the methods used in the program is given in Part I of the report; however, for reference purposes, the various theories used are listed herein.		

A detailed description of the program usage, including input and output quantities, is also given.

Several example cases are considered and the calculated aerodynamics compared with experimental data. In general, accuracies of $\pm 10\%$ can be expected for normal force and drag and the center of pressure is expected to be accurate to within $\pm 8\%$ of the body length. It costs less than \$8.00 per Mach number or angle of attack (on the CDC 6700 Computer) to calculate the static aerodynamics of a typical configuration.

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AERODYNAMICS OF GUIDED AND UNGUIDED WEAPONS

PART II – COMPUTER PROGRAM AND USAGE

by

Frank G. Moore
C. William McKerley

Surface Warfare Department

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FOREWORD

This work was performed to provide a design tool for use in estimating the aerodynamics of guided and unguided projectiles. Support for the work was provided by the Naval Ordnance Systems Command under ORDTASK 35A-501/090-1/UF 32-323-505.

This report was reviewed and approved by Mr. D. A. Jones, III, Head of the Aeroballistics Group and by Mr. C. A. Cooper, Head of the Guided Projectile Division.

Released by:

R. L. Topping
R. L. TOPPING, CDR, USN
Assistant Head, Surface Warfare
Department

CONTENTS

	Page
FOREWORD	i
ABSTRACT	ii
LIST OF FIGURES	iv
I. INTRODUCTION	1
II. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	4
A. Configuration Geometry	4
B. Aerodynamics	7
C. Subroutines	7
III. INPUT	14
IV. OUTPUT	24
V. COMPARISON WITH EXPERIMENT	27
REFERENCES	34
APPENDICES	
A. Glossary	
B. Computer Program Listing	
C. Distribution	

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Page
1. Methods Used to Compute Body Alone Aerodynamics	2
2. Methods Used to Compute Wing Alone and Interference Aerodynamics	3
3. Typical Examples of Input Options for Body Configurations	5
4. Tail (or Canard) Input Geometry Nomenclature for a Modified Double Wedge Airfoil	6
5. Sample Input Data for a Typical Body Alone Configuration	20
6. Sample Input Data for a Typical Wing-Body Configuration	21
7. Sample Input Data for a Typical Canard-Body-Tail Configuration	22
8. Sample Input Data for a Typical Wing Alone Configuration (Biconvex Airfoil Design)	23
9. Sample Output for Canard-Body-Tail Configuration of Figure 7	25
10. Comparison of Theory and Test Data for 5"/54 RAP Projectile	28
11a Drag and Center of Pressure for a Typical Missile Configuration; $AR = 4.5$	29
11b Normal Force Coefficient Derivative for a Typical Missile Configuration; $AR = 4.5$	30
12a Normal Force and Center of Pressure of a Missile Configuration; $AR_t = 4$, $AR_c = 2$, $M_\infty = 1.6$	32
12b Drag of a Missile Configuration and Its Components	33

I. INTRODUCTION

The goal of the present research is to develop the capability to compute static aerodynamics on configurations such as guided and unguided projectiles for the Mach number range zero to three and angle of attack range zero to about twenty degrees. The Mach number and angle of attack range cover present and probable future design requirements for gun-launched weapons.

Included in the present report is a detailed description of the computer program, along with several example cases and a FORTRAN listing of the program. For the derivation and discussion of the various theoretical methods used in the development of the prediction program, the reader is referred to Part I of this report (Reference 1). However, for information purposes, the methods used to compute the particular force or moment component in the given Mach number region are listed in Figures 1 and 2. Figure 1 gives the methods for the body alone and Figure 2 those for the tail (or canard) alone along with the interference effects. Most of the methods listed are standard in the literature with the exception of the empirical methods and the combined Newtonian Perturbation theories. Detailed discussion of this new theoretical method for calculating body wave drag can be found in Reference 2 and for wing wave drag in Reference 1.

COMPONENT	MACH NUMBER REGION	SUBSONIC	TRANSONIC	SUPERSONIC
NOSE WAVE DRAG		—	Wu and AOYOMA PLUS EMPIRICAL	2 nd ORDER VAN DYKE PLUS MODIFIED NEWTONIAN
BOATTAIL WAVE DRAG		—	Wu and AOYOMA	2 nd ORDER VAN DYKE
SKIN FRICTION DRAG	VAN DRIEST II			
BASE DRAG	EMPIRICAL			
INVISCID LIFT and PITCHING MOMENT		EMPIRICAL	Wu and AOYOMA PLUS EMPIRICAL	TSIEN 1 st ORDER CROSSFLOW
VISCOUS LIFT and PITCHING MOMENT	ALLEN and PERKINS CROSSFLOW			

FIGURE 1

Methods Used to Compute Body Alone Aerodynamics

COMPONENT	MACH NUMBER REGION	SUBSONIC	TRANSONIC	SUPERSONIC
INVISCID LIFT AND PITCHING MOMENT		LIFTING SURFACE THEORY	EMPIRICAL	LINEAR THEORY
WING-BODY INTERFERENCE		SLENDER BODY THEORY AND EMPIRICAL	SLENDER BODY THEORY AND EMPIRICAL	LINEAR THEORY, SLENDER BODY THEORY & EMPIRICAL
WING-TAIL INTERFERENCE		LINE VORTEX THEORY		
WAVE DRAG		—	EMPIRICAL	LINEAR THEORY + MODIFIED NEWTONIAN
SKIN FRICTION DRAG		VAN DRIEST		
TRAILING EDGE SEPARATION DRAG		EMPIRICAL		
BODY BASE PRESSURE DRAG CAUSED BY TAIL FINS		EMPIRICAL		

FIGURE 2

Methods Used to Compute Wing Alone and Interference Aerodynamics

II. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

A. Configuration Geometry

The program is designed for four possible configurations: (1) wing alone, (2) body alone, (3) wing-body, and (4) canard-body-tail. Note that in present terminology, wing is interchangeable with either a canard or tail. There are several different geometries which the wing or body may have as discussed below.

1. Body

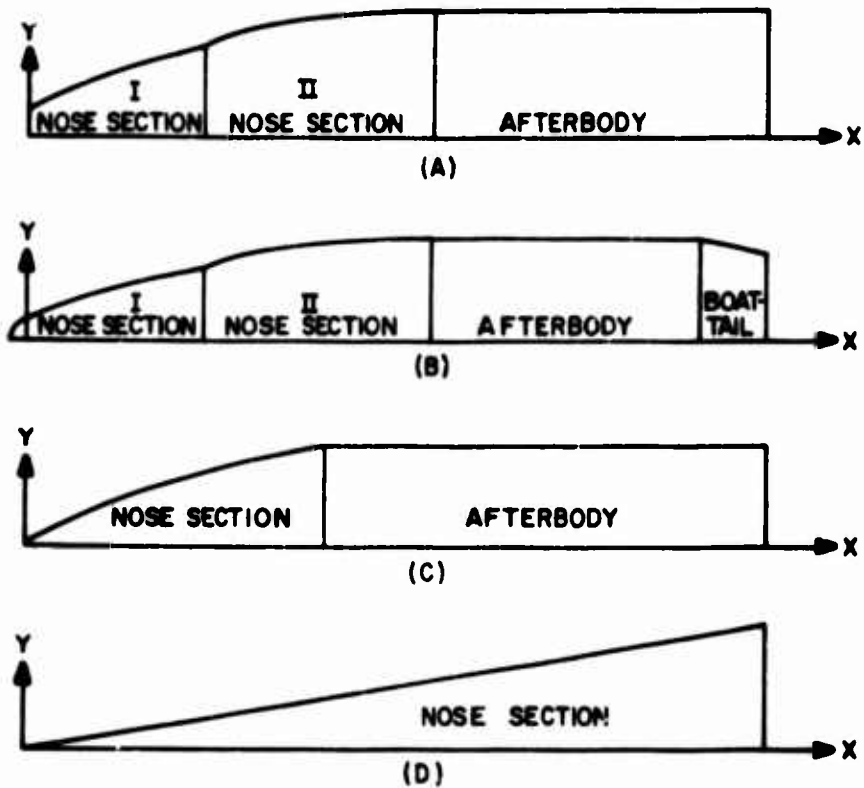
The body may have a pointed or blunted nose. Blunt noses may have spherical caps or they may be truncated as shown in Figure 3. The program automatically accounts for this, however, if the correct inputs are given as described in the input section. In addition to being pointed or blunt, the nose may have up to two different ogive segments present. For example, on spin-stabilized projectiles there is normally one ogive on the fuze and a different ogive between the fuze and shoulder. If the aerodynamics are desired in transonic flow, there is a minimum allowable nose length of 1.5 calibers due to the table look-up procedure used there.

The total body alone may end with the nose or it may continue with an afterbody. If an afterbody is present it is assumed to be cylindrical. Again due to the empirical estimation of aerodynamics in transonic flow, the afterbody must be less than ten calibers because this is the upper limit of the tables. Following the afterbody, a conical or ogival boattail may or may not be present. Instead of a boattail, a flare may be considered but the base drag must be disregarded because it is derived for a boattail angle. Finally, the body alone may or may not have a rotating band present.

2. Wing

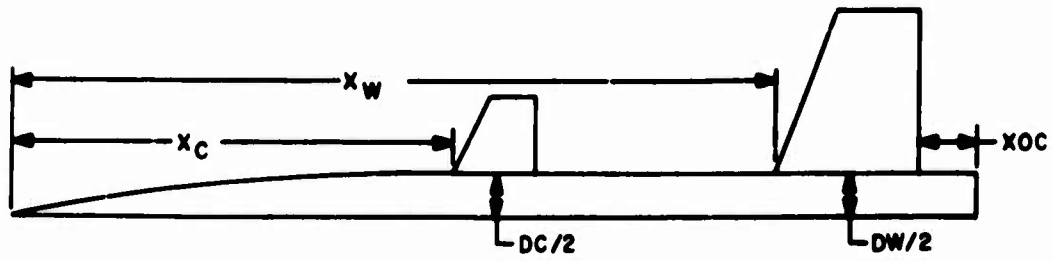
The wing is assumed to have one of two airfoil sections: a biconvex or modified double wedge. Both airfoil sections may have sharp or blunt leading and trailing edges. Also, the wing thickness to chord ratio and the slope of the airfoil section may vary all along the span.

It may appear at first sight that assuming the airfoil section to be one of the two shapes above severely limits the program. This is not the case for projectiles and missiles, however, since the fin geometry normally is of a simple planform with no camber. Also, referring to Figure 4, the modified double wedge

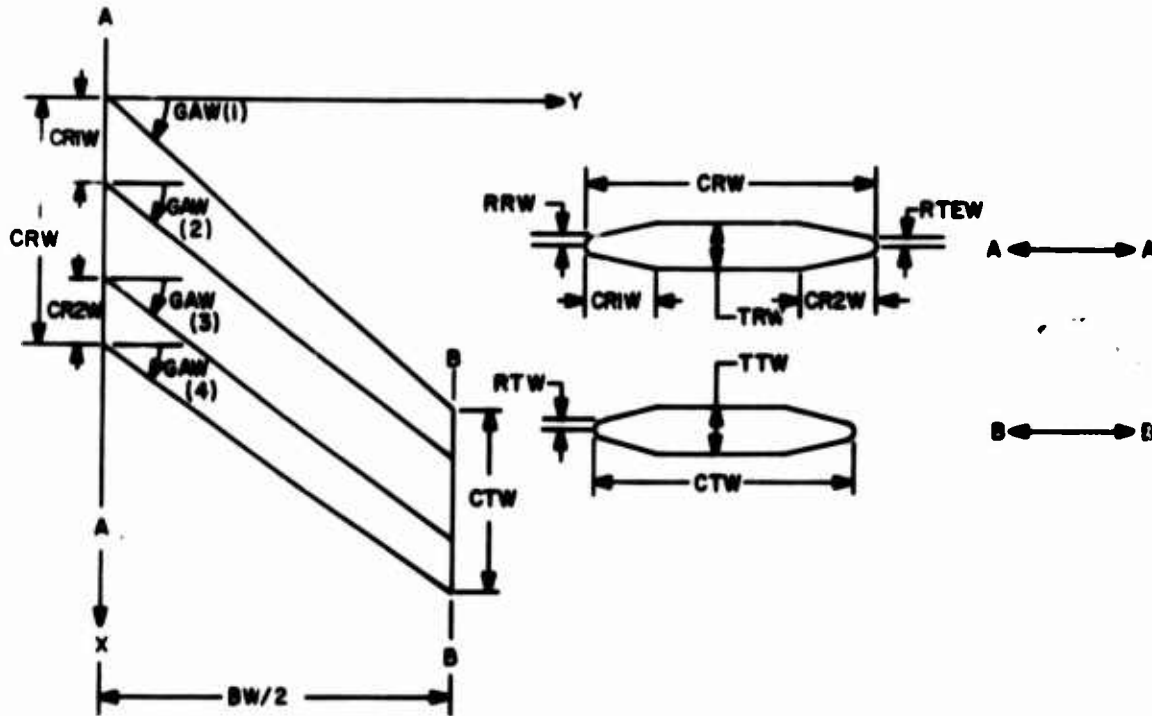


- A) N SHAPE = 3; $N_1 \geq 5$ AND $N_2 \geq 9$; N BLUNT = 2, NFL = 2, NNIA = 2
- B) N SHAPE = 5; $N_1 \geq 5$ AND $N_2 \geq 9$; N BLUNT = 2, NFL = 1, NNIA = 2
- C) N SHAPE = 2; $N_1 = N_2 \geq 5$; N BLUNT = 1
- D) N SHAPE = 1; $N_1 = N_2 \geq 5$; N BLUNT = 1

**FIGURE 3. TYPICAL EXAMPLES OF INPUT
OPTIONS FOR BODY
CONFIGURATIONS**



CANARD-BODY-TAIL CONFIGURATION



TAIL GEOMETRY

FIGURE 4. TAIL (OR CANARD) INPUT GEOMETRY NOMENCLATURE FOR A MODIFIED DOUBLE WEDGE AIRFOIL

can cover all wedge airfoil shapes by adjusting the parameters CR1W and CR2W along with the angles GAW (1) through GAW (4). For example, if a double wedge airfoil is desired then it is sufficient to make the quantity $[CRW - CR1W - CR2W]$ equal to zero and to make $GAW (2) = GAW (3)$.

B. Aerodynamics

As mentioned previously, the various theoretical and empirical methods used to compute the static aerodynamics are listed in Figures 1 and 2 and will not be discussed in this report as they are discussed fully in References 1 and 2. It is worthy of note that the overall guiding principle in the choice of methods listed in the above figures was to use techniques which could yield accuracies generally in the range $\pm 10\%$ and which were inexpensive on the computer. It is believed that this goal was accomplished in that drag and normal force for most configurations can be obtained within the above accuracies and for a cost not exceeding \$75.00 for ten Mach numbers or angles of attack. The center of pressure is within a half caliber of experimental data for most configurations.

C. Subroutines

A brief description of each subroutine will aid the user in understanding the methodology and logic of the program. These descriptions follow.

1. MAIN

This subroutine acts as a control for the entire program. It handles the calling of the various subroutines that calculate the different lift and drag components. The calling of the various subroutines depend on the different options present in the program. These options are given in the input section of this report. The MAIN also handles the summation of the different components to obtain the total lift, drag, and pitching moment coefficients.

2. AINTER

A double interpolation routine used in the transonic Mach number range.

3-8. ARCOSH, ARCOS, ARSECH, ARSIN, ARSINH, ARTANH

These subroutines calculate the hyperbolic arccosine, arccosine, hyperbolic arcsecant, arcsine, hyperbolic arcsine, and the hyperbolic arctangent,

respectively. They are included because not all computers contain these particular functions in their library.

9. BASEP

Calculates the base drag for a body of revolution with or without a boattail throughout the Mach number range. It also includes an empirical estimate for the increase in base pressure drag due to the presence of fins.

10. BASEPW

Computes the drag due to trailing edge separation of a blunt trailing edge fin.

11. BLUNT

Derives the coordinates of a blunt nose tip on a body of revolution.

12. CP3DW

Determines the perturbation velocity at each point on a fin. These perturbation velocities are used by subroutine **WING** to compute pressures and forces on a fin.

13-16. DISC1, DISC2, DISC3, DISC4

These subroutines put in appropriate perturbation solutions to simulate discontinuities in body shape and curvature.

17. DIST

Computes the spanwise distribution of lifting pressure in subsonic flow.

18-19. ELIPT1, ELIPT2

These subroutines are used to evaluate the complete elliptic integrals of the first and second kind.

20. FBINT

Calculates the fin body and body fin interference. The method used is that of Nielsen and Kaattari.⁽³⁾

21. FOINT

This is a simple linear interpolation routine. It is used in subroutines TRNCNA and SUBTRN.

22-23. FD5, FDP5

These subroutines are used to find the derivatives of a function at a given point. The five point Lagrange method is used.

24. GCALC

Computes the spanwise interpolation function for use in subsonic lifting surface theory.

25. GEOM

This subroutine reads input body coordinates and then computes the coordinates where the flow-field properties will be calculated.

26. GEOM1

Calculates the geometric properties of wings in subsonic flow.

27. GUIDED

This subroutine is the controlling subroutine for subsonic wing lift. It establishes boundary conditions and applies the Prandtl Glauert transformation.

28. HCALC

Computes the chordwise interpolation function used in subsonic lifting surface theory.

29. HINT

Computes the chordwise integrals to be used in the chordwise interpolation functions in subroutine HCALC.

30. HYBRID

Determines the body pressure using the hybrid perturbation theory of Van Dyke. For a discussion of this theory, see Reference (2).

31-32. INTERP, INTER5

These subroutines are used to interpolate for the value of a function at a given point. Five point Lagrange interpolation is used.

33. LIFT

Acts as an executive program responsible for the calculation of fin lift. It calls the interference subroutines and combines the lift of the isolated fins with the proper interference terms to obtain all fin lift components.

34. MINVR

Solves the matrix equation $AX = B$ where A is a square coefficient matrix and B is a matrix of constant vectors. A^{-1} and $|A|$ are also available. Solution is by the Gauss-Jordan elimination method.

35. NEWRAP

Uses the Newton-Raphson method to solve for the mean skin-friction coefficient for a given Reynolds number and Mach number.

36. NEWT

Computes the pressure and static aerodynamics on the blunt portion of the nose using modified Newtonian theory. It also calculates the match point to combine Newtonian theory with perturbation theory.

37. NORMFO

Solves for the normal force coefficients on the various components of the body in transonic flow using mostly empirical methods.

38. PQRINT

Integrates the upwash effect of one wing panel on another.

39. RBAND

Estimates the increase in drag due to the presence of a rotating band.

40-41. REGONE, REGTWO

These subroutines calculate the supersonic lift and center of pressure on a fin with a subsonic leading edge and a supersonic trailing edge by linear theory.

42-46. REG1, REG2, REG3, REG4, REG5

These subroutines calculate the supersonic lift and center of pressure on a fin with supersonic leading and trailing edges by linear theory.

47. RK

Finds the solution of differential equations using the fourth-order Runge-Kutta technique.

48. SIMP

Simpson's rule is used to integrate surface pressures to find forces and moments on a body.

49. SIMPW

Integrates wing pressure due to thickness to find wave drag on a wing by using Simpson's rule.

50. SING

Applies Mangler's principle Value technique to obtain the solution to an improper intergral.

51. SKINF

Calculates the axial force coefficient due to skin friction on the body.

52. SKINFW

This subroutine computes the skin friction drag of a wing. The Reynold's number is based on the mean geometric chord.

53. SUBCNA

Calculates the subsonic normal force coefficient and center of pressure for an isolated fin. It acts as a calling program for the subroutine that actually does the calculations.

54. SUBTRN

This subroutine calculates the transonic normal force coefficient and center of pressure for an isolated fin. The method used can be found in the USAF Stability and Control DATCOM.⁽⁴⁾ The method used in the program is a slight modification of that found in the DATCOM, but should be more accurate because the highest subsonic value of normal force derivative and lowest supersonic value are calculated by using lifting surface theory and linear theory, respectively.

55. SUBXCP

Calculates the subsonic center of pressure for an isolated fin. The subroutine uses values of sectional center of pressure as calculated in subroutine DIST.

56. SUPCNA

Computes the supersonic normal force coefficient for an isolated fin. It acts as an executive program and it sets up fin geometry, determines what region a given point on the fin is in, and numerically adds all the lift increments in order to determine the normal force. The supersonic center of pressure for an isolated fin is also calculated in this subroutine.

57. TRANS

Determines the wave drag of a boattail in transonic flow. It is also used to calculate the nose wave drag of tangent ogives in transonic flow.

58. TRAPE

Trapezoidal rule of integration used to determine the surface area and volume of the body alone.

59. TRNCNA

This subroutine is used, along with subroutine SUBTRN, to calculate the transonic normal force coefficient. It acts as an executive program as it calls the various subprograms necessary to determine a table of transonic normal forces for an isolated fin as a function of Mach number.

60. WAVE

Integrates the body alone pressures in order to compute the static aerodynamics.

61. WING

Calculates the pressures and forces on a fin due to thickness at supersonic speeds. The airfoil thickness is assumed to be symmetrical about the x-axis. The method used is conical flow theory as modified in Reference 1.

62. WTINT

Finds the decrement in normal force derivative of the tail of a configuration due to downwash from the canards. The method used is that of Nielsen and Kaattari⁽³⁾ mentioned earlier.

III. INPUT

The following is a list of the required inputs to the computer program described in this report.

CARD TYPE I FORMAT (I3)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
M	(1-3)	Number of cases to be run

CARD TYPE II FORMAT (4F10.4,2F15.12,2I5)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
AL	(1-10)	Angle of attack (Degrees)
DIA	(11-20)	Reference diameter of body (Ft)
HB	(21-30)	Mean height of the rotating band above the body surface (Calibers)
AINF	(31-40)	Speed of sound (Ft/Sec)
RHOINF	(41-55)	Density (Slugs/Ft ³)
AMUINF	(56-70)	Absolute viscosity (lb-Sec/Ft ²)
IPRINT	(71-75)	Equal 1 if pressure coefficients are to be printed Equal 2 no pressure coefficients printed
NTYPE	(76-80)	Equal 1 body alone aerodynamics calculated Equal 2 body-wing aerodynamics calculated Equal 3 body-wing-canard aerodynamics calculated Equal 4 wing or canard alone aerodynamics calculated

CARD TYPE III FORMAT (6F5.3,I5)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
XW	(1-5)	Distance of wing leading edge from nose tip (Calibers) see Figure 4
DELTAW	(6-10)	Wing deflection angle (Degrees)
DW	(11-15)	Diameter of body at wing root chord. If the diameter varies, an average of the body diameters at the leading and trailing edge should be used (Ft).
XC	(16-20)	Distance of canard leading edge from nose tip (Calibers)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
DELTAC	(21-25)	Canard deflection angle (Degrees)
DC	(26-30)	Diameter of body at canard root chord. If the diameter varies, an average of the body diameters at the leading and trailing edge should be used (Ft).
XCG	(31-35)	Reference point for moments and center of pressure (measured in calibers from most forward point of nose).
MN	(36-40)	Number of Mach numbers to be computed

CARD TYPE IV FORMAT (16F5.3)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
AM(ARRAY)	(1-80)	Mach numbers (Limited to 16)

CARD TYPE V FORMAT (15F5.3,I5)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
GAW(1)	(1-5)	Tail leading edge sweep angle (Degrees)
GAW(2)	(6-10)	Angle at which first line of sinks is swept back from Y-axis of tail (Degrees), see Figure 4.
GAW(3)	(11-15)	Angle at which second line of sinks is swept back from Y-axis of tail (Degrees)
GAW(4)	(16-20)	Tail trailing edge sweep angle (Degrees)
CRW	(21-25)	Tail root chord (Ft)
CTW	(26-30)	Tail tip chord (Ft)
BW	(31-35)	Span of isolated tail panels (Ft)
CR1W	(36-40)	Distance from tail leading edge to first discontinuity measured from root of tail parallel to freestream (Ft)
CR2W	(41-45)	Distance from tail trailing edge to first discontinuity upstream from root chord parallel to freestream (Ft)
RRW	(46-50)	Leading edge radius of tail at root chord (Ft)
RTW	(51-55)	Leading edge radius of tail at tip chord (Ft)
TRW	(56-60)	Tail thickness at root (Ft)
TTW	(61-65)	Tail thickness at tip (Ft)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
XOC	(66-70)	Distance of wing trailing edge from base (positive upstream of base and measured in root chord lengths)
RTEW	(71-75)	Trailing edge radius of tail at root chord (Ft)
IW	(76-80)	Equal 1 double wedge or modified double wedge airfoil; Equal 2 biconvex airfoil

CARD TYPE VI FORMAT (15F5.3,15)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
GAC(1)	(1-5)	Canard Leading Edge Sweep Angle (Degrees)
GAC(2)	(6-10)	Angle at which first line of sinks is swept back from Y-axis of canard (Degrees), see Figure 1.
GAC(3)	(11-15)	Angle at which second line of sinks is swept back from y-axis of canard (Degrees)
GAC(4)	(16-20)	Canard trailing edge sweep angle (Degrees)
CRC	(21-25)	Canard root chord (Ft)
CTC	(26-30)	Canard tip chord (Ft)
BC	(31-35)	Span of isolated canard panels (Ft)
CR1C	(36-40)	Distance from canard leading edge to first discontinuity measured from root of canard parallel to freestream (Ft)
CR2C	(41-45)	Distance from canard trailing edge to first discontinuity upstream from root chord parallel to freestream (Ft)
RRC	(46-50)	Leading edge radius of canard at root chord (Ft)
RTC	(51-55)	Leading edge radius of canard at tip chord (Ft)
TRC	(56-60)	Canard thickness at root (Ft)
TTC	(61-65)	Canard thickness at tip (Ft)
XOCI	(66-70)	Distance of canard trailing edge from base of projectile (positive upstream of base and measured in root chord lengths)
RTEC	(71-75)	Trailing edge radius of canard at root chord (Ft)
IC	(76-80)	Equal 1 double wedge or modified double wedge airfoil Equal 2 biconvex airfoil

CARD TYPE VII FORMAT (815,4F10.5)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
N	(1-5)	Total number of points to be read in to describe the body alone geometry (limit of 30)
NSHAPE	(6-10)	Parameter used to describe the body geometry as defined below

Pointed bodies

NSHAPE=1	Nose only
NSHAPE=2	Nose plus afterbody
NSHAPE=3	Nose with a discontinuity (there may or may not be an afterbody present)
NSHAPE=4	Nose plus afterbody plus boattail
NSHAPE=5	Nose with discontinuity plus afterbody plus boattail

If NSHAPE=3 or 5 at least five points must be read in along each of the nose sections, even if the nose section is a straight line.

Blunted Bodies

NSHAPE must be 3 or 5

NSHAPE=3 NN1A=2 Blunted nose with a discontinuity so there are two nose sections present (no boattail present)

NSHAPE=3 NN1A=1 Blunted nose with no discontinuity (no boattail present)

NSHAPE=5 NN1A=2 Blunted nose with a discontinuity so there are two nose sections present (boattail present)

NSHAPE=5 NN1A=1 Blunted nose with no discontinuity (boattail present)

If NN1A=1, then N1=1 and N2 \geq 5

If NN1A=2, then N1 \geq 5 and N2 \geq 9

N1	(11-15)	Number of points used to describe the first nose section
N2	(16-20)	Number of points used to describe the second nose section plus the number of points used to describe the first nose section.

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
N3	(21-25)	Equal 1 conical boattail Equal 2 ogival boattail (if ogival boattail is present at least five points must be used to describe the boattail section)
NBLUNT	(26-30)	Equal 1 pointed body Equal 2 blunted body
NFL	(31-35)	Equal 1, spherical cap on nose Equal 2, truncated nose
NNIA	(36-40)	Equal 1, no discontinuities present in nose Equal 2, discontinuity present in nose so nose appears to be made of two distinct sections
C2	(41-50)	Parameter used to describe mesh spacing. For blunted or spherically capped nose, C2=.05 and for pointed nose C2=.9 are nominal values
C4	(51-60)	Another parameter used to describe mesh spacing. For blunted or spherically capped nose, C4=1; for pointed nose, C4=20 are nominal values
F	(61-70)	Constant which determines limiting body slope for a given mach number (.95 recommended)
RR	(71-80)	Radius of spherical cap or truncated nose (Calibers)

CARD TYPE VIII FORMAT (2F15.10)

Variable Name	Column	Variable Description
X(I)	(1-15)	Longitudinal body coordinate measured from nose (calibers). If nose is blunt, X(1)=0 is at the end of the spherical cap or at the truncated position.
R(I)	(16-30)	Body radius at given longitudinal station (calibers)

There are as many Card Type VIII as are needed to describe the body up to 30 points.

It should also be pointed out that if:

NTYPE=1 (Body alone) Card Types V and VI are omitted,

NTYPE=2 (Wing-body) Card Type VI is left blank or contains all zeros,

NTYPE=3 (Wing-body-canard) all Card Types contain data,

NTYPE=4 (Wing only) Type VI is left blank and Card Types VII and VIII are omitted.

If several cases are to be computed, Card Type I is input one time only, but Card Types II - VIII are given for each case as needed.

Figure 3 shows a few typical examples of body geometry and associated parameters.

At present, the maximum Mach number that can be input is three. This is due to limitations on tables present in the program. The upper limit on Mach number may be less than this if the local body slope becomes equal to 0.95 of the Mach angle based on the freestream Mach number. Mach numbers should be read in from highest to lowest. If a Mach number is desired between 1.05 and .95, then Mach 1.05 must be included. This is because values of wave drag on boattails is assumed to vary linearly from 0 at $M = .95$ to an analytically calculated value at $M = 1.05$. Wave drag on fins is also assumed to vary linearly from 0 at $M = 0.9$ to an analytically calculated value at $M = 1.05$.

The shortest nose length that can be considered in the transonic flow regime is 1.5 calibers. The longest afterbody length that can be considered in the transonic flow regime is 10 calibers. These limitations are due to limits in the tables that are internal to the program.

Several sample input data sheets are shown in Figures 5 thru 8. An accompanying sketch with the geometric parameters describing each configuration is also given. Figure 5 is a body alone, Figure 6 a wing-body, Figure 7 a canard-body-tail, and Figure 8 a wing alone.

DATA CARD LAYOUT												PROG NO.	SERIAL NUMBER
1												2	0
1			1.617		0.224		1.116	0.0		0.002376			
2	6	2	0	1	6	1	2	1	0	0			
3	1	0	3	2	1	4	2	2	2	.15	1	.95	.0341
0	0												
0	1	0											
0	2	0											
0	3	0											
0	5	0											
0	7	0											
0	8	0											
1	1	0											
1	4	0											
1	6	0											
1	8	0											
1	9	0											
2	1	0											
2	3	0											
2	5	0											
4	7	0											
5	8	0											

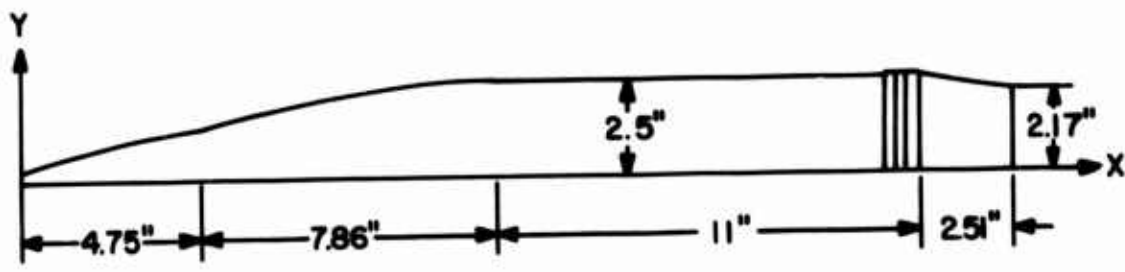
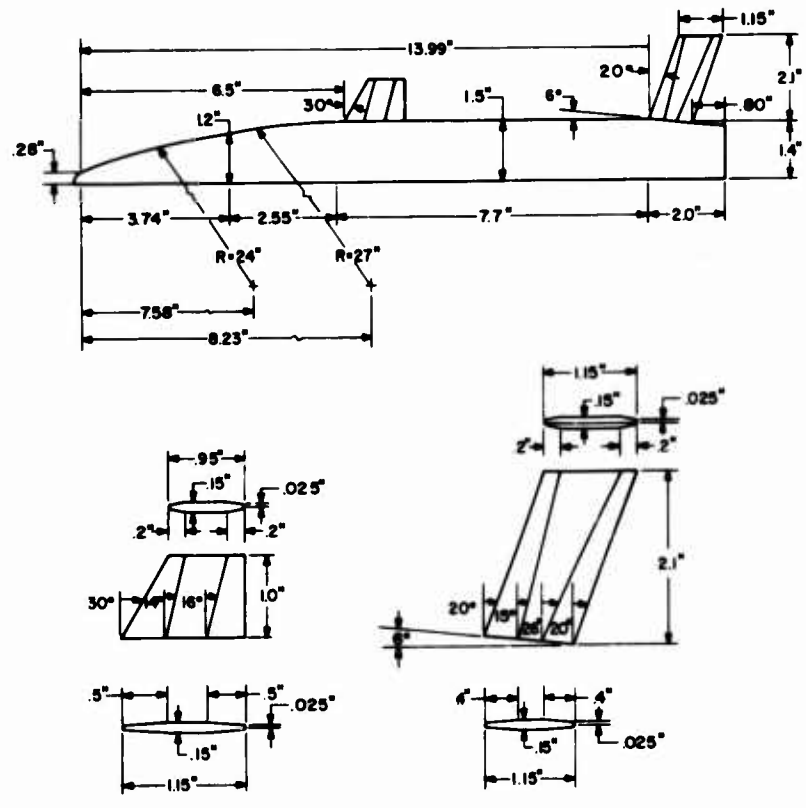


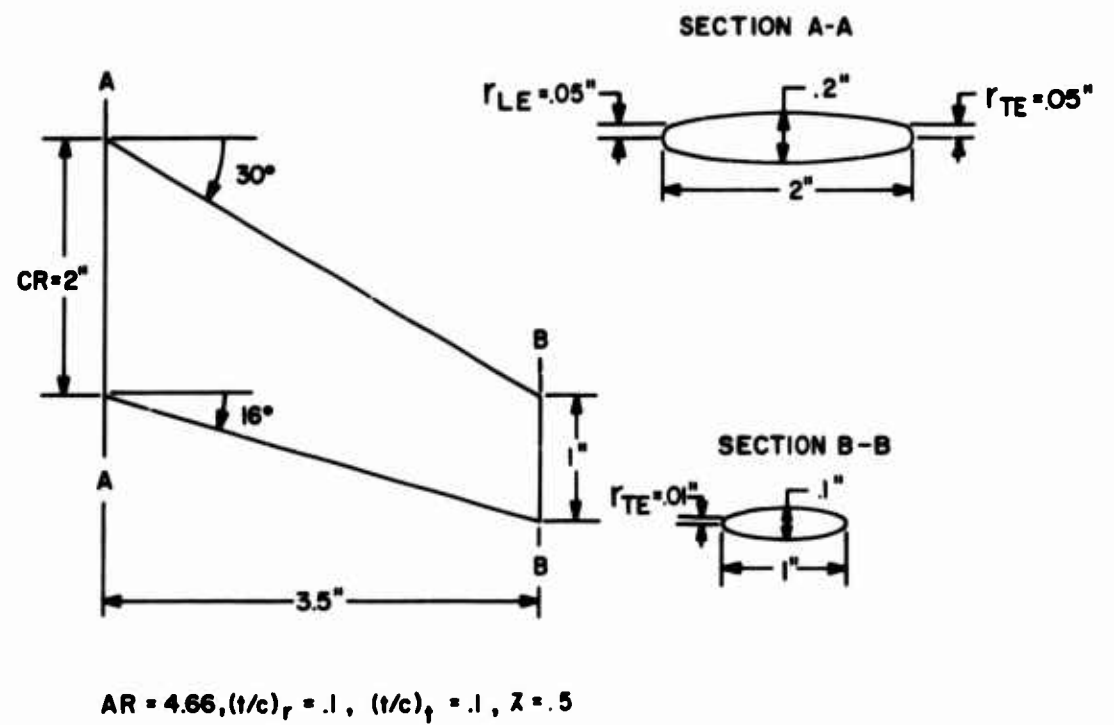
FIGURE 5 - SAMPLE INPUT DATA FOR A TYPICAL BODY ALONE CONFIGURATION

DATA CARD LAYOUT		FORM NO.	FORM NO.
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DATA CARD LAYOUT

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	
1																																																			
1	1.266	2.																																																	
2.																																																			
3.	2.0	3.6	3.2	3.05	2.95	2.8	2.6																																												
30.				1.6	1.667	0.834	0.583	0.834	0.834	0.042	0.008	0.167	0.0834																																						



**FIGURE 8 - SAMPLE INPUT DATA FOR A TYPICAL WING ALONE CONFIGURATION
 (BICONVEX AIRFOIL DESIGN)**

IV. OUTPUT

Before the aerodynamic forces and moments are given, the computer printout will list the freestream conditions and the wing-body geometries that were input. The force and moment output is then given in component form. Referring to the example computer output in Figure 9 (output corresponds to geometry input of Figure 7), the first table is the body alone drag which is broken down into skin-friction, base, wave, and protrusions (rotating band). The second and third tables are the tail and canard drags (if the canard is present), also broken down into the same drag components as above. The fourth table lists the normal force contributions from all geometry components: body alone, wing alone, wing-body, body-wing, canard alone, canard-body, body-canard, and canard-tail. The last table lists the total static aerodynamics of the entire configuration. These include drag, lift, pitching moment, and center of pressure. Also included are the secant slopes of normal force and pitching moment which for small angles of attack are the normal force and pitching moment coefficient derivatives.

FIGURE 9 - SAMPLE OUTPUT FOR CANARD-BODY-TAIL CONFIGURATION OF FIGURE 7

CASE NO. 1

ANGLE OF ATTACK = .10DEGS REFERENCE DIAMETER = .250FT

REFERENCE CONDITIONS

SPEED OF SOUND = 1116.490 FT/SEC
 DENSITY = .0023769 SLUGS/FT³
 ABSOLUTE VISCOSITY = .000000374520 LB-SEC/FT²

WING GEOMETRY(DOUBLE WEDGE OR MODIFIED DOUBLE WEDGE AIRFOIL DESIGN)

SPAN = .350FT.
 ROOT CHORD = .096FT.
 TIP CHORD = .096FT.
 LEADING EDGE SWEEP = 20.00DEG.
 FIRST LINE OF SINKS = 15.00DEGS.
 SECOND LINE OF SINKS = 26.00DEGS.
 TRAILING EDGE SWEEP = 20.00DEGS.
 FIRST CHORD SEGMENT = .033FT.
 REAR CHORD SEGMENT = .033FT.
 ROOT THICKNESS = .0125FT.
 TIP THICKNESS = .0125FT.
 LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT ROOT = .0021FT.
 LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT TIP = .0021FT
 TRAILING EDGE BLUNTNESS = .0042FT
 DEFLECTION ANGLE 0.00DEGS.

CANARD GEOMETRY(DOUBLE WEDGE OR MODIFIED DOUBLE WEDGE AIRFOIL DESIGN)

SPAN = .167FT.
 ROOT CHORD = .125FT.
 TIP CHORD = .079FT.
 LEADING EDGE SWEEP = 30.00DEG.
 FIRST LINE OF SINKS = 14.00DEGS.
 SECOND LINE OF SINKS = 16.00DEGS.
 TRAILING EDGE SWEEP = 0.00DEGS.
 FIRST CHORD SEGMENT = .042FT.
 REAR CHORD SEGMENT = .042FT.
 ROOT THICKNESS = .0125FT.
 TIP THICKNESS = .0125FT.
 LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT ROOT = .0021FT.
 LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT TIP = .0021FT
 TRAILING EDGE BLUNTNESS = .0042FT
 DEFLECTION ANGLE 0.00DEGS.

BODY COORDINATES

X	R
0.0000	.0934
.2494	.1710
.4987	.2416
.7481	.3020
.9973	.3554
1.2467	.3999
1.3317	.4130
1.4167	.4266
1.5016	.4387
1.5867	.4498
1.6716	.4603
1.7567	.4698
1.8416	.4786
1.9267	.4865
2.0116	.4937
2.0967	.5000
4.6700	.5000
5.3400	.3949

FIGURE 9 (CONTINUED)

BODY AXIAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS					
MACH NO.	SKIN FRICTION	BASE PRESSURE	PRESSURE	PROTRUSIONS	TOTAL
2.000	.0310	.0731	.1474	0.0000	.2522
2.400	.0346	.0902	.1493	0.0000	.2741
2.800	.0379	.1193	.1921	0.0000	.3093
1.600	.0413	.1555	.1600	0.0000	.3576
1.200	.0440	.1821	.1717	0.0000	.3987
1.050	.0462	.1813	.1795	0.0000	.4070
1.000	.0466	.1730	.1196	0.0000	.3392
.950	.0471	.1545	.0983	0.0000	.2599
.900	.0475	.1322	.0746	0.0000	.2043
.700	.0444	.1102	0.0000	0.0000	.1590
.500	.0445	.1019	0.0000	0.0000	.1514

WING AXIAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS				
MACH NO.	SKIN FRICTION	BASE PRESSURE	PRESSURE	TOTAL
2.400	.0065	.0041	.0991	.1137
2.400	.0064	.0105	.1055	.1224
2.000	.0071	.0137	.1160	.1364
1.600	.0072	.0145	.1390	.1634
1.200	.0069	.0264	.2368	.2701
1.050	.0066	.0279	.2477	.3123
1.000	.0045	.0276	.2233	.2573
.950	.0063	.0244	.1489	.1799
.900	.0061	.0207	.0744	.1012
.700	.0053	.0179	0.0000	.0232
.500	.0063	.0175	0.0000	.0230

CANARD AXIAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS				
MACH NO.	SKIN FRICTION	BASE PRESSURE	PRESSURE	TOTAL
2.400	.0033	.0039	.0344	.0660
2.400	.0035	.0050	.0411	.0698
2.000	.0036	.0065	.0454	.0555
1.600	.0037	.0094	.0537	.0662
1.200	.0036	.0126	.0722	.0883
1.050	.0035	.0133	.1000	.1164
1.000	.0034	.0131	.0750	.0915
.950	.0033	.0114	.0500	.0651
.900	.0032	.0099	.0250	.0381
.700	.0027	.0045	0.0000	.0112
.500	.0031	.0044	0.0000	.0114

NORMAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS									
MACH NO.	BODY ALONE	WING ALONE	CANARD ALONE	WING-BODY	BODY-WING	CANARD-BODY	BODY-CANARD	CANARD-WING	TOTAL
2.0000	.0057	.0017	.0004	.0021	.0000	.0013	.0002	-.0002	.0091
2.4000	.0054	.0021	.0010	.0025	.0001	.0015	.0002	-.0003	.0094
2.8000	.0044	.0026	.0012	.0031	.0001	.0014	.0003	-.0005	.0097
1.6000	.0040	.0035	.0015	.0042	.0002	.0027	.0004	-.0004	.0104
1.2000	.0031	.0056	.0020	.0069	.0005	.0031	.0004	-.0017	.0127
1.0500	.0031	.0044	.0013	.0053	.0015	.0020	.0013	-.0009	.0123
1.0000	.0031	.0039	.0014	.0048	.0015	.0022	.0014	-.0004	.0121
.9500	.0031	.0027	.0013	.0032	.0010	.0021	.0013	-.0005	.0101
.9000	.0031	.0021	.0014	.0026	.0004	.0021	.0013	-.0004	.0094
.7000	.0027	.0046	.0014	.0056	.0017	.0022	.0014	-.0010	.0127
.5000	.0026	.0042	.0013	.0051	.0016	.0021	.0013	-.0009	.0119

TOTAL STATIC AERODYNAMICS (FORCE/ALPHA)							
MACH NO.	CD	CM	CL	CM	CMAL	CMAL	MCP/D
2.000	.4119	.0091	.0084	-.024	5.233	-13.445	2.6074
2.400	.4467	.0094	.0086	-.024	5.368	-14.023	2.6124
2.800	.5016	.0097	.0088	-.026	5.547	-14.684	2.6471
1.600	.5070	.0104	.0093	-.029	5.937	-16.517	2.7022
1.200	.7571	.0127	.0114	-.040	7.290	-22.436	3.1327
1.050	.8560	.0123	.0108	-.030	7.037	-21.504	3.0560
1.000	.8081	.0121	.0109	-.035	6.932	-20.231	2.9185
.950	.5050	.0101	.0093	-.026	5.809	-14.710	2.4337
.900	.3435	.0094	.0084	-.022	5.410	-17.626	2.3337
.700	.1935	.0127	.0123	-.041	7.253	-23.379	3.2231
.500	.1067	.0119	.0116	-.030	6.623	-21.453	3.2020

V. COMPARISON WITH EXPERIMENT

Three cases are considered to show, first of all, the general accuracy of the method when compared with experiment and, second, how the program can be used to obtain engineering estimates of aerodynamics for configurations which do not exactly fit into one of the four categories listed previously. The three configurations are a body alone, a wing-body in which the wing is mounted on a strake, and a canard-body-tail in which the tail does not have streamwise tips.

The first of these configurations is the 5"/54 Rocket Assisted Projectile (body alone) for which the configuration geometry and input data are given in Figure 5 and the aerodynamics in Figure 10. This particular spin stabilized projectile has a nose length of about 2.5 calibers and a boattail length of 0.5 caliber. The theoretical drag coefficient is in very good agreement with experiment throughout the Mach number range. Fair agreement is obtained for normal force coefficient derivative and center of pressure. The normal force coefficient derivative is generally low in the lower supersonic speed range and approaches the experimental data at moderate supersonic Mach numbers.

A wing-body configuration is shown in Figure 6 and the corresponding aerodynamics in 11A and 11B. Note that in Figure 6, the tails are mounted on strakes which raises the question, "What does one use for the base diameter and wing planform?" The base diameter mainly determines the afterbody drag and the wing planform the wing lift. Since both of these quantities are a direct function of the base area and wing area respectively, it seems reasonable to compute these areas and then define the base diameter and wing planform from them. Thus the base area is computed including the strakes and then an equivalent base diameter defined. Next, the total wing area including the strake planform area, is computed and an equivalent wing obtained by adding this additional area to the chord and span. Although this does not change the configuration lift appreciably when based on wing area, it does change the lift considerably here because the wing lift is based on the body cross-sectional area. Using the above geometry modifications, the aerodynamics were computed and compared with experimental data in Figures 11A and 11B. The drag and center of pressure are shown in 11A and the normal force coefficient derivative in 11B. Excellent agreement with experiment is obtained for normal force and center of pressure. The theoretical drag is about ten percent high at transonic Mach numbers but according to Reference 5, the blockage of the test model in the wind tunnel was too high. Normally when the wind tunnel model is too large (too much blockage), drag values measured in the transonic Mach range fall off and it appears that this may have happened in this case to account for some of the above discrepancy.

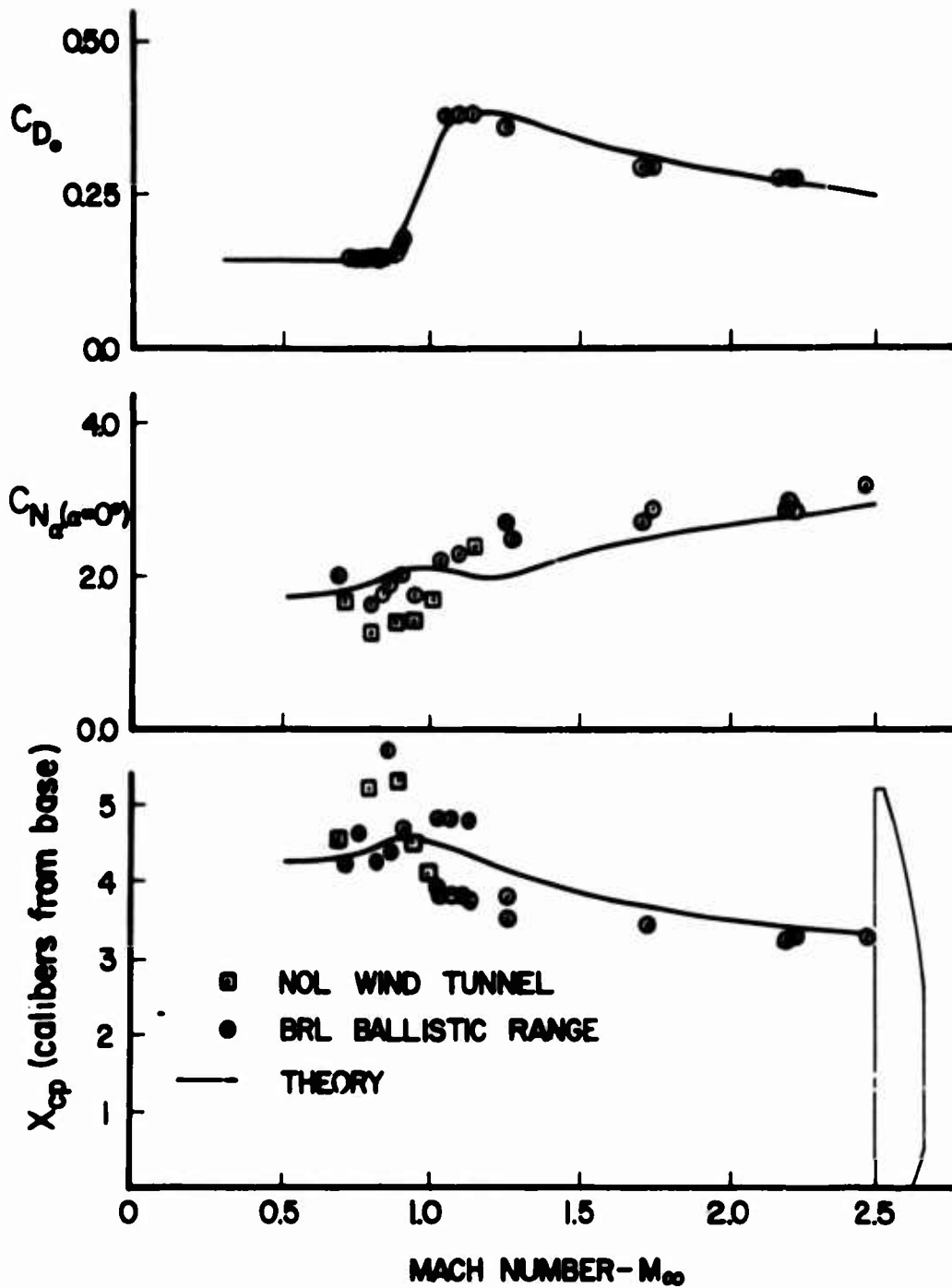


FIGURE 10

Comparison Theory and Test Data for 5"/54 Rap Projectile

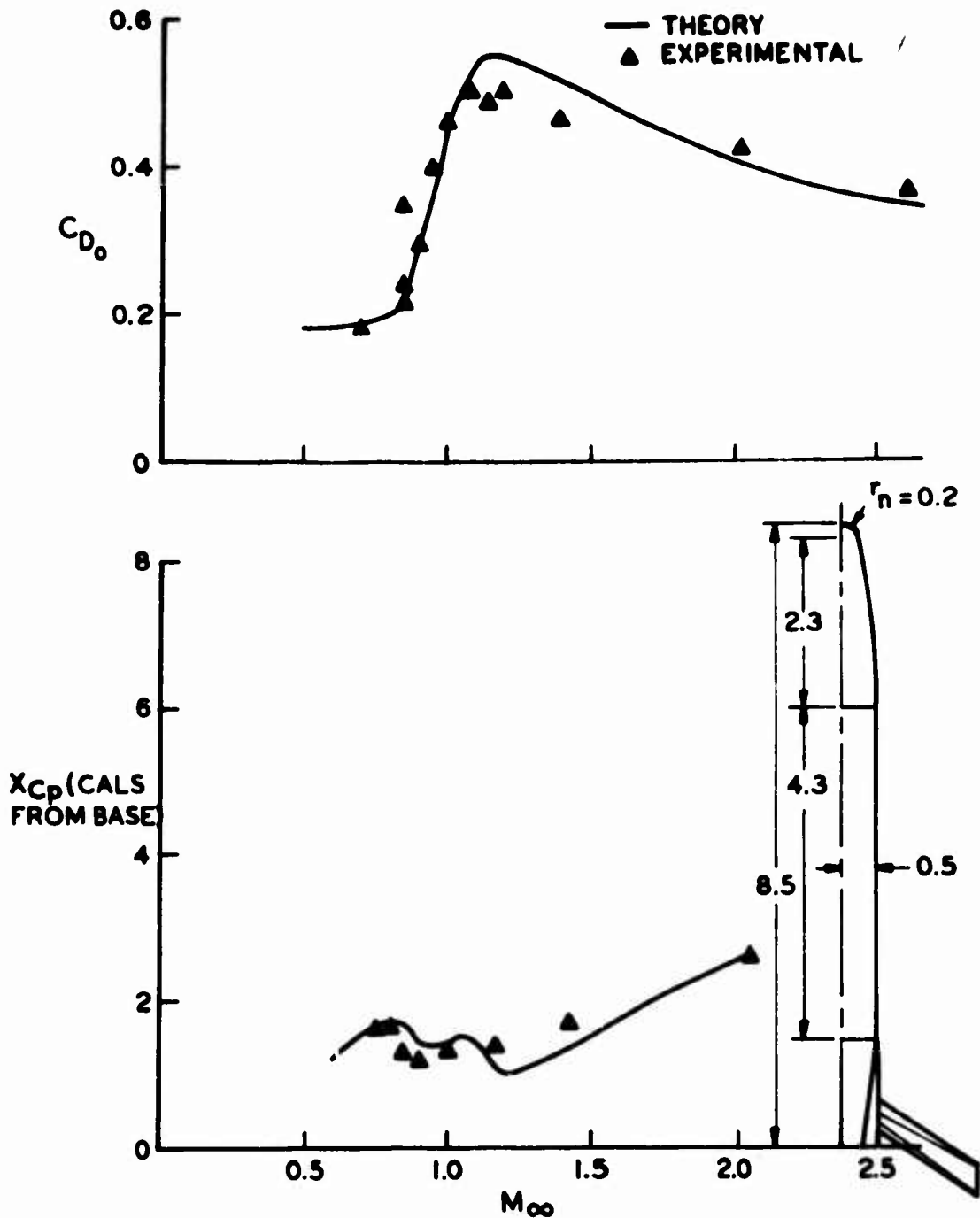


FIGURE 11(A)

Drag and Center of Pressure for a
Typical Missile Configuration; $AR = 4.5$

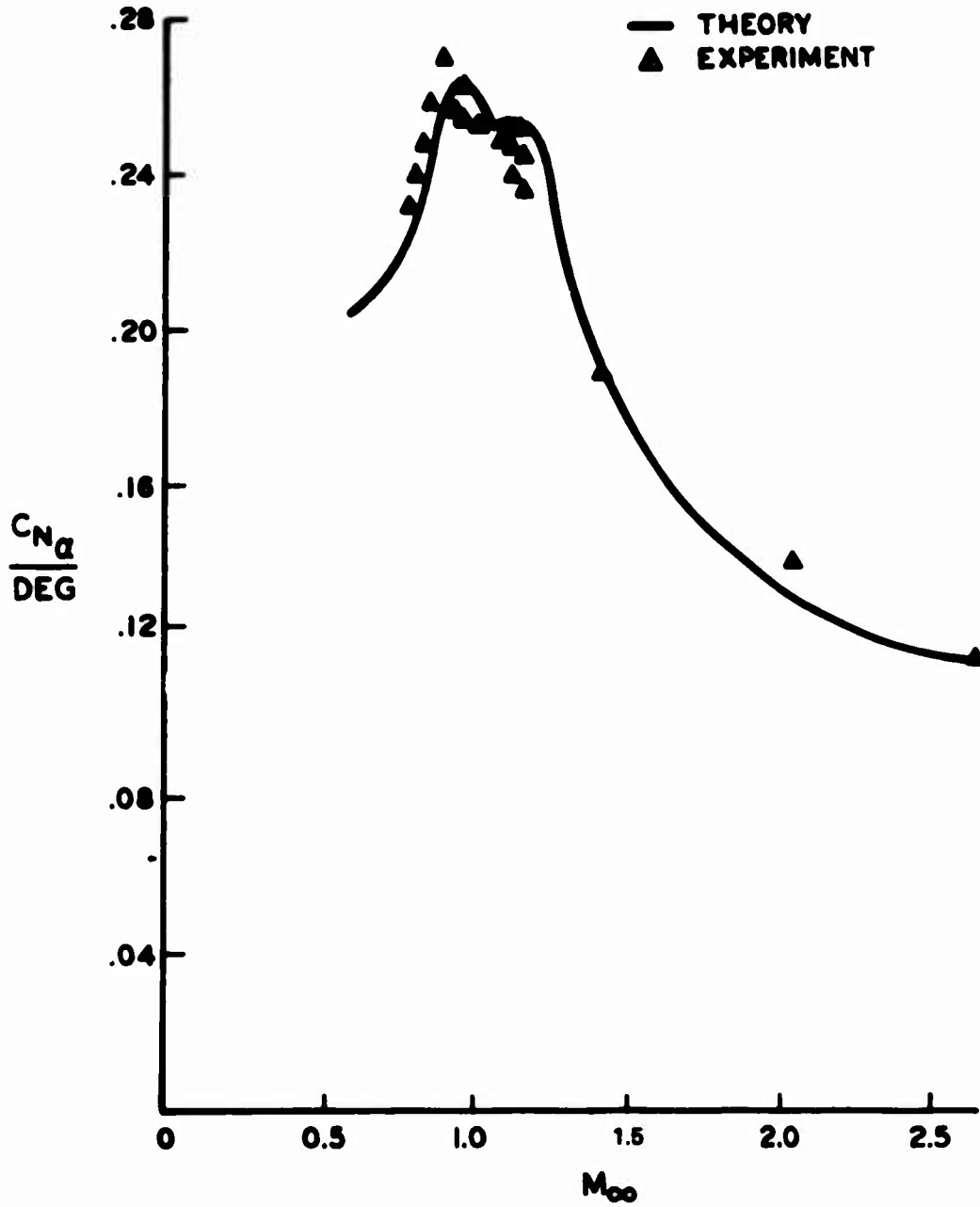


FIGURE 11(B)

Normal Force Coefficient Derivative for a Typical Missile Configuration; AR=4.5

The third geometry considered is a very general canard-body-tail shown schematically in Figure 12A along with the normal force and center of pressure. Note that the tail does not have streamwise tips so the total wing area is again computed and an equivalent span calculated based on the chord and wing area. This gives reasonable values for normal force and center of pressure (Figure 12A), although it appears the tail alone lift is about ten percent too high causing a rearward shift in the center of pressure. The drag of the body alone, along with the canard and tail components, is shown in Figure 12B. The body alone drag agrees well with experiment in subsonic and supersonic flow but is unacceptable in transonic flow. This is because of the sixty percent blunt nose which the empirical transonic drag methodology does not account for. The wing drag is also high in transonic flow, but this is caused by the increase in body base pressure due to the presence of tail surfaces. This increase in drag is included in the curves at the bottom of Figure 12B. The empirical estimates of the body base pressure change due to fins is much higher for this case than the data suggest. However, the total configuration drag agrees with experiment within the accuracy bounds previously set forth, except in transonic flow.

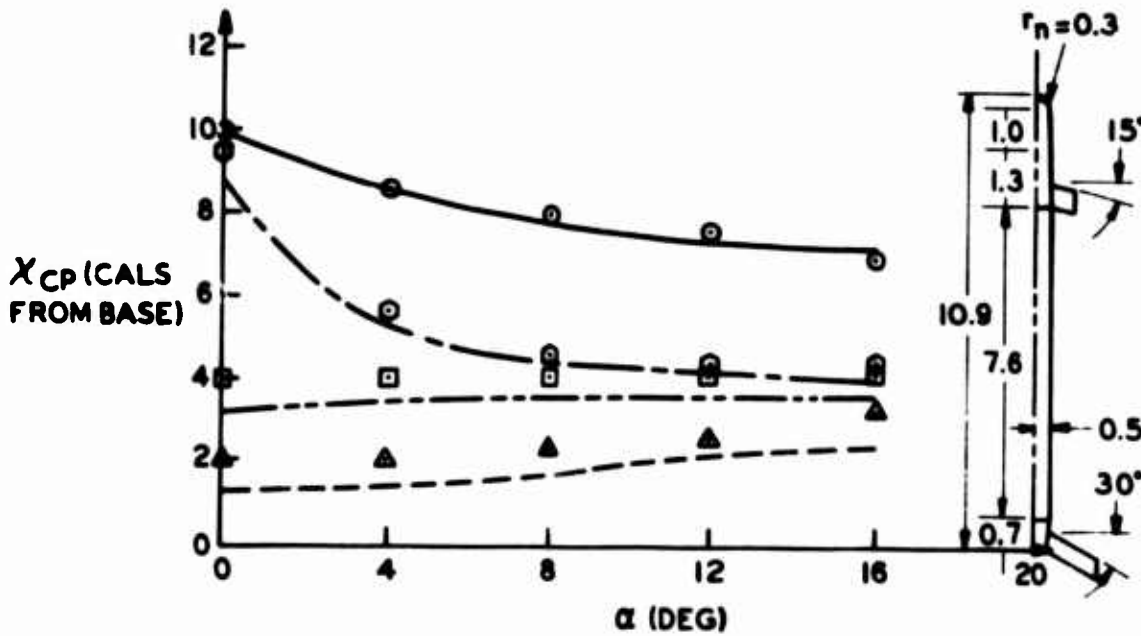
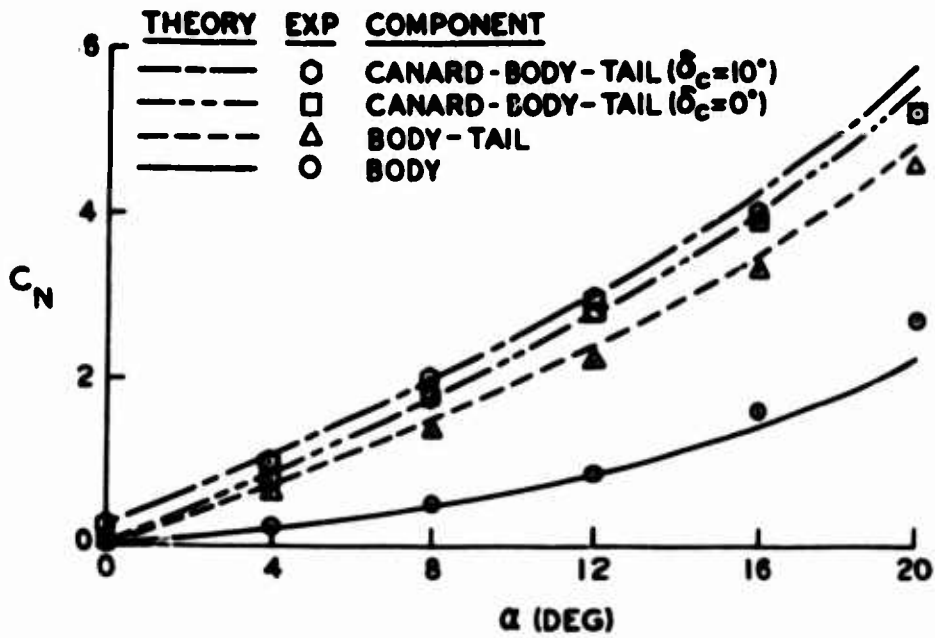


FIGURE 12(A)

Normal Force and Center of Pressure of
 A Missile Configuration; $AR_t = 4$, $AR_c = 2$, $M_\infty = 1.6$

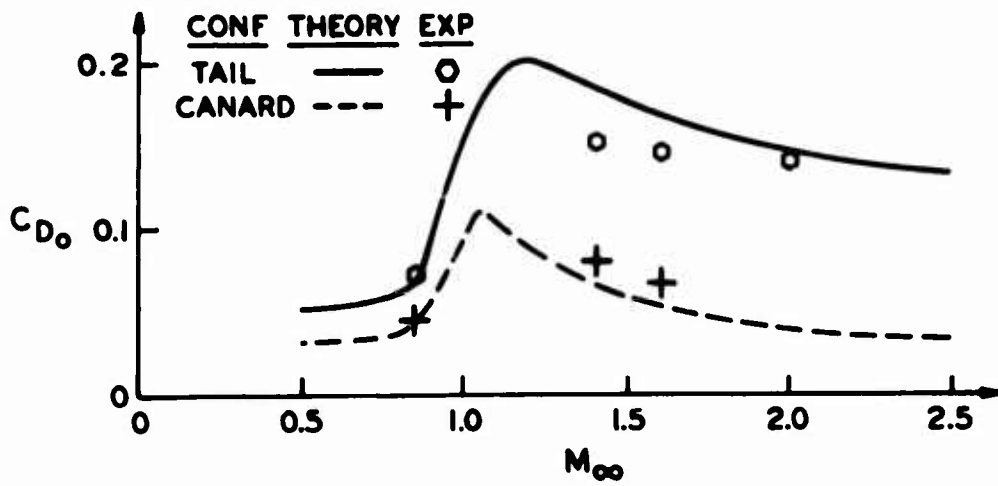
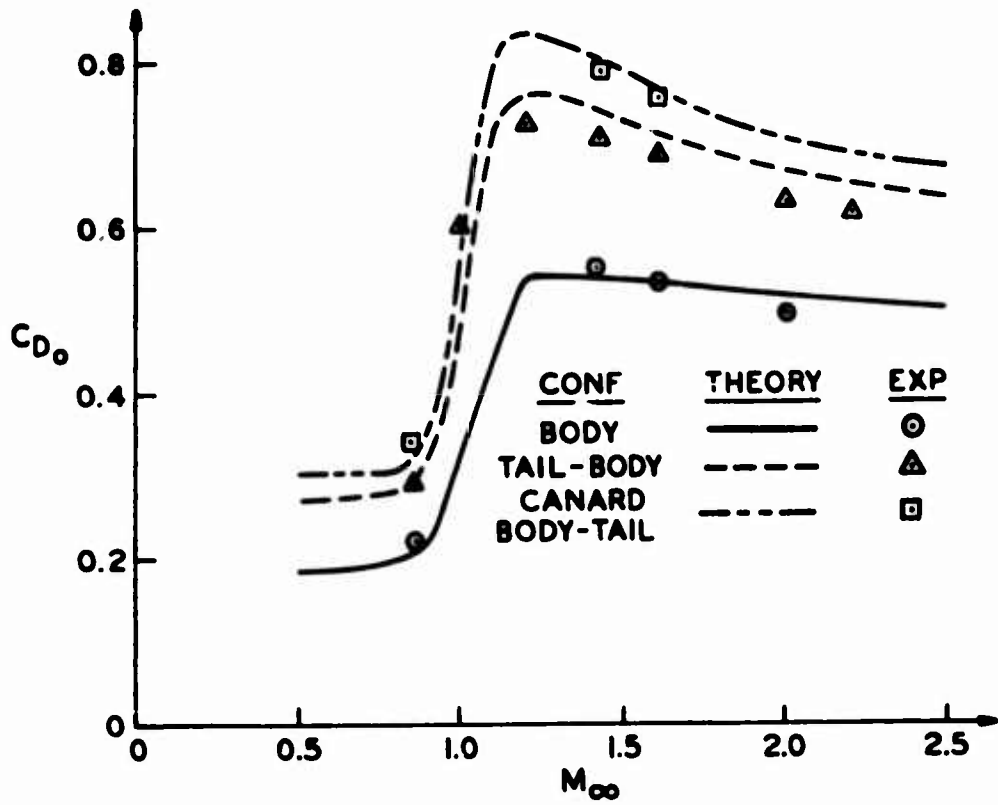


FIGURE 12(B)

Drag of a Missile Configuration and Its Components

REFERENCES

1. Moore, F. G., *Aerodynamics of Guided and Unguided Weapons: Part I - Theory and Application*, NWL Technical Report TR-3018, December 1973.
2. Moore, F. G., *Body Alone Aerodynamics of Guided and Unguided Projectiles at Subsonic, Transonic, and Supersonic Mach Numbers*, NWL Technical Report TR-2796, November 1972.
3. Nielsen, J. N. and W. C. Pitts, *Wing-Body Interference at Supersonic Speeds With an Application to Combinations With Rectangular Wings*, NACA Technical Note TN-2677, 1952.
4. Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc., *USAF Stability and Control DATCOM*, Revisions by Wright Patterson Air Force Base, July 1963, 2 Vols.
5. Touch, L. M., *Transonic Wall Interference Effects on Bodies of Revolution*, AIAA Paper No. 72-1008.

APPENDIX A
Glossary

- 35 -

Glossary

AR_c	Aspect ratio of canard
AR_t	Aspect ratio of tail
C_{D_0}	zero lift drag coefficient
C_L	Lift coefficient
C_M	Pitching moment coefficient
C_{M_α}	Pitching moment coefficient derivative
C_N	Normal force coefficient
C_{N_α}	Normal force coefficient derivative
M_∞	Freestream Mach number
r_{LE}	Leading edge radius of tail or canard (ft)
r_{TE}	Trailing edge radius of wing (ft)
$(t/c)_r$	Thickness to chord ratio of wing at root
$(t/c)_t$	Thickness to chord ratio of wing at tip
x,y	Coordinates with x along body and y out right wing
x_{cp}	Center of pressure measured in calibers from nose tip unless otherwise specified
α	Angle of attack
δ_c	Canard deflection angle
λ	Wing taper ratio

APPENDIX B
Computer Program Listing

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PROGRAM MAIN(OUTPUT, INPUT, TAPE5=INPUT, TAPE6=OUTPUT)
COMMON/GEOM/PP(6), X(30), R(30), C2, N, NSHAPE, N1, N2, P(225), PR(225)
COMMON/GEOL/ P9P(225), RFA
COMMON/GEON2/NN1, NN2, NN3, NN4, NFL, NBLUNT, NK, NNI, IOPINT, NNIA
COMMON/GEON3/VOVS, AL, XM, YM, XINT, YINT, NNIA
COMMON/DIS2/ SUM1, SUM2, SUM3, SUM4, SUM5, SUM6, CABLM
COMMON/GEON4/K, F, PR, RREF
COMMON/DAT1/ T(100), AK(100), AE(100), C(225), C1(225), C3
COMMON/DISC/ I, JK, A12, SUM, JM, PI
COMMON/BASE/CAB, CNB, CMB, TOC, XOC, NYTYPE
COMMON/BAND/CAP, CNP, CMP, MB
COMMON/DIS1/ J1, J3
COMMON/MAVE/CABL, CMBL, CAM, CMN, CMW
COMMON/VOL/ VOL, CAF, CNF, CHF, RM, DIA, XP, AP, VOLN, CR, CT, BM, CAFMI
COMMON/ICOU/ ICOUNT
COMMON/F/CNF, CNB, CMTB, CMPT, CMPT, CMTB, CMTB, CMTB
COMMON/G/ CMC, CNFB, CNBF, CNFB, CNBF, CMC, CNTV, CMTV
DIMENSION AM(20), CM(20), CL(20), XCP(20), CMAL(20),
1 CMAL(20), CA1(20), CAF1(20), CAM1(20), CAPI(20), ETA(9),
2 ALD(9), AMC(10), CDC(10)
DIMENSION GAM(4), GAC(4), CAWM(20), CAFM(20), CAFG(20), CANG(20)
DIMENSION CABG1(20), CABM1(20), CMH1(20), CHCA(20), CHMB(20), CHBM(20)
1, CMCR(20), CMBC(20), CMCH(20)
DIMENSION CA2(20), CA3(20), CMH1(20), CNCA(20), CNMB(20), CNBM(20),
1 CMCB(20), CNBC(20), CNCH(20), CMT(20), CAT(20), CMT(20)
DIMENSION CDCM1(10), CDCM2(10), ASRA(10), CHVIS(20), CHVIS(20)
DATA ETA(1), I=1, 71, 53, 57, 613, 64, 665, 70, 765 /
DATA ALD(1), I=1, 71, 53, 57, 613, 64, 665, 70, 765 /
DATA AMC(1), I=1, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 /
DATA CMCR(1), I=1, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 /
DATA CDCM1(1), I=1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 /
DATA ASRA(1), I=1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 /
DATA CDCM2(1), I=1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 /
M=NUMBER OF CASES TO BE COMPUTED.
AL=ANGLE OF ATTACK(DEG) DIA=REFERENCE DIAMETER OFF BODY(FT).
A1MF, RHO1MF, AMU1MF ARE THE FREESTREAM REFERENCE CONDITIONS FOR
C SPEED OF SOUND(FT/SEC), DENSITY(SLUGS/FT**3), AND ABSOLUTE
C VISCOSITY(LB-SEC/FT**2) RESPECTIVELY AT THE GIVEN ALTITUDE
C IPRINT=1 IF PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS ARE TO BE PRINTED =2 OTHERWISE
C HB=MEAN HEIGHT OF ROTATING BAND IN CALIBERS, IF NO BAND PRESENT HB=0.
C NYTYPE=1 FOR BODY ALONE ?=2 FOR WING PLUS BODY ?=3 FOR WING PLUS BODY PLUS
C CANARDS ?=4 FOR WING OR CANARDS ALONE.
C MN=NUMBER OF MACH NUMBERS TO COMPUTE THE FORCE COEFFICIENTS OF
C A PARTICULAR CASE.
C GAM(I)=ANGLES(IN DEGS.) WHICH THE SOURCES ARE SHEPT BACK OF Y-AXIS FOR WING
C CPM = WING ROOT CHORD MEASURED PARALLEL TO FREESTREAM(FT).
C CPM = WING TIP CHORD MEASURED PARALLEL TO FREESTREAM(FT).
C CPM = WING SPAN MEASURED PERPENDICULAR TO BODY AXIS OF SYMMETRY(FT).
C CR1= DISTANCE FROM WING LEADING EDGE TO FIRST DISCONTINUITY MEASURED FROM
C ROOT OF WING AND PARALLEL TO FREESTREAM(FT).
C CR2= DISTANCE FROM WING TRAILING EDGE TO FIRST DISCONTINUITY UPSTREAM
C FROM ROOT CHORD AND PARALLEL TO FREESTREAM(FT).
C CPM=LEADING EDGE RADIUS OF WING AT ROOT CHORD.
C CPM=LEADING EDGE RADIUS OF WING AT TIP CHORD.
C CPM=TRAILING EDGE RADIUS OF WING AT ROOT CHORD.

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C    IT IS ASSUMED THE TRAILING EDGE RADIUS AT THE TIP CHORD IS PTI...DTM/RRM
C    TPN = WING THICKNESS AT ROOT(FT)
C    TTM = WING THICKNESS AT TIP(FT)
C    MH = NUMBER OF PLACES ALONG THE SEMISPAN OF WING WHERE PRESSURE ARE TO
C        BE CALCULATED.
C    IM=1 FOR DOUBLE WEDGE OR MODIFIED DOUBLE WEDGE, IM=2 FOR
C        BICONVEX AIRFOIL SECTION
C    GAC(I),CRC,CTC,RC,CMIC,CRZC,RRC ,PTC ,TRG,TTG,MC    SAME AS THE ABOVE
C        DEFINITIONS EXCEPT FOR CANARDS.
C    XCC=DISTANCE(IN CHORD LENGTHS) OF WING TRAILING EDGE FROM
C        BASE(POSITIVE UPSTREAM OF BASE).
C    XC,XM= DISTANCE(IN CALIBERS) OF CANARD AND WING LEADING EDGE FROM NOSE TIP
C    DELTA,DELTA=TAIL AND CANARD DEFLECTION ANGLES(IN DEGREES)
C    DM,DC=DIAMETER OF BODY(IN FEET) AT TAIL AND CANARD ROOT CHORD. IF THE
C        DIAMETER VARIES, AN AVERAGE OF THE BODY DIAMETERS AT THE LEADING AND
C        TRAILING EDGES SHOULD BE USED.
C    XCG=REFERENCE POINT FOR MOMENTS AND CENTER OF PPEASURE(MEASURED IN
C        CALIBERS FROM MOST FORWARD POINT OF NOSE). CENTER OF PRESSURE IS MEASURED
C        POSITIVE AFT OF THE REFERENCE POINT AND PITCHING MOMENT POSITIVE NOSE UP.
C    READ(5,50) M
C    FORMAT(I3)
C    DO 27 MM=1,M
C        K11=0
C        PEAD(5,43) AL,DIA,MB,AINF,PHOINF,AMUINF,IPRINT,NTYPE
C        FORMAT(F10.6,2F15.12,2I5)
C        AREF1=3.14159*DIA**2/4.
C        WRITE(6,6) MM,AL,DIA
C        6    FORMAT(///,/,60X,*,CASE NO.,/,I3,/,/,30X,*,ANGLE OF ATTACK =*,F6.2,
C            1*DEGS,/,10X,*,REFERENCE DIAMETER =*,F6.3,*,FT*,//)
C        READ(5,163) XM,DELTA,DM,DC,DELTA,DC,XCG,MN
C        163    FORMAT(F5.3, I5)
C        WRITE(6,7) AINF,PHOINF,AMUINF,XCG
C        7    FORMAT(54X,*,REFERENCE CONDITIONS*//,54X,*,SPEED OF SOUND    =*,
C            1F9.3,*, FT/SEC,/,54X,*,DENSITY    =*,F10.7,*, SLUGS/FT**3
C            2    *,/,54X,*,ABSOLUTE VISCOSITY =*,F15.12,*, LB-SEC/FT**2,/,54X,
C            3* MOMENT REFERENCE =*,F6.2,*,CALIBERS FROM NOSE TIP*,//)
C        AL=AL/57.29583
C        ICOUNT=0
C        PEAD(5,15) (AM(I),I=1,MN)
C        15    FORMAT(16F5.3)
C        KCM=0
C        DO 1 J=1,MN
C            CM(J)=0.
C            CAF=0.
C            CAR=0.
C            CAM=0.
C            CAP=0.
C            CNV=0.
C            CMV=0.
C            CNF=0.
C            CNR=0.
C            CNM=0.
C            CNP=0.
C            CME=0.

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EPACDAM MATN YDACE

CMR=0.
 CMW=0.
 CMP=0.
 CMV=0.
 CAFW(J)=0.
 CABW(J)=0.
 CAMW(J)=0.
 CA2(J)=0.
 CAFC(J)=0.
 CABCI(J)=0.
 CAMC(J)=0.
 CA3(J)=0.
 CMWI(J)=0.
 CMCA(J)=0.
 CMWB(J)=0.
 CMBM(J)=0.
 CMCB(J)=0.
 CMBC(J)=0.
 CMCM(J)=0.
 CMT(J)=0.
 CMAL(J)=0.
 XCP(J)=0.
 CMT(J)=0.
 CMWI(J)=0.
 CMCA(J)=0.
 CMWB(J)=0.
 CMBM(J)=0.
 CMCB(J)=0.
 CMCM(J)=0.
 CMVIS(J)=0.
 CMRF=0.
 CNTB=0.
 CMRT=0.
 CMRF=0.
 CMRT=0.
 CMTB=0.
 CMG=0.
 CMFB=0.
 CMBF=0.
 CNC=0.
 CMFB=0.
 CMRF=0.
 CNTV=0.
 CMTV=0.
 ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
 VOVS=AM(J)
 PDEF=0.5
 BETA=SQRT(ABS(VOVS**2-1.))
 TF(BETA.LF.0.319) BETA=0.319
 VINP=VOVS*ATNF
 PN=RHOTMF*VINP/AMUINF
 TF(NTYPE.FD.1) GO TO 62

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170 IF(ICOUNT-GY,1) GO TO 59
171 READ(5,57) GAM(1),GAM(2),GAM(3),GAM(4),CPM,CTM,RM,CR1M,CR2M,PPM,
172 IPTM,TPM,TTM,TOC,RYEM,ITM
173 IF(GAM(1).LE.1.)GAM(1)=1.
174 FORMAT(15F5.3,I5)
175 MM=1
176 TOC=TPM/CPM
177 IF(IM,EO,2) GO TO 64
178 WRITE(6,63)
179 DTEM=2.*RTFM
180 WRITE(6,71) RM,CPM,CTM,GAM(1),GAM(2),GAM(3),GAM(4),CR1M,CR2M,
181 TPM,TTM,RRM,RTM,NTM,DELTAM
182 FORMAT(50X,'SPAN=',F5.3,'FT.',/,50X,'ROOT CHORD=',F5.3,'FT.',/,50
183 X,'TIP CHORD=',F5.3,'FT.',/,50X,'LEADING EDGE SWEEP=',F5.2,'DEG.',
184 /,50X,'FIRST LINE OF SINKS=',F5.2,'DEGS.',/,50X,'SECOND LINE OF SI
185 NKNS=', F5.2,'DEGS.',/,50X,'TRAILING EDGE SWEEP=',F5.2,'DEGS.',/
186 /,50X,'FIRST CHORD SEGMENT=',F5.3,'FT.',/,50X,'PEAR CHORD SEGMENT=',
187 /,50X,'TIP THICKNESS=',F5.4,'FT.',/,50X,'TIP THICKNESS=',F6.4,
188 *'FT.',/,50X,'LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT ROOT=',F6.4,'FT.',/,50X,
189 *'LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT TIP=',F6.4,'FT.',/,50X,'TRAILING EDGE BLUNT
190 *NESS=',F6.4,'FT.',/,50X,'DEFLECTION ANGLE=',F5.2,'DEGS.',///)
191 FORMAT(//,20X,'WING GEOMETRY(DOUBLE WEDGE OR MODIFIED DOUBLE WEDGE
192 AIRFOIL DESIGN)',//)
193 GO TO 140
194 WRITE(6,65)
195 FORMAT(//,40X,'WING GEOMETRY(BICONVEX AIRFOIL DESIGN)',//)
196 WRITE(6,66) RM,CPM,CTM,GAM(1),TPM,TTM,RRM,RTM,DELTAM
197 FORMAT(50X,'SPAN=',F5.3,'FT.',/,50X,'ROOT CHORD=',F5.3,'FT.',/,50
198 X,'TIP CHORD=',F5.3,'FT.',/,50X,'LEADING EDGE SWEEP=',F5.2,'DEG.',
199 /,50X,'ROOT THICKNESS=',F6.4,'FT.',/,50X,'TIP THICKNESS=',F6.4,
200 *'FT.',/,50X,'LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT ROOT=',F6.4,'FT.',/,50X,
201 *'LEADING EDGE RADIUS AT TIP=',F6.4,'FT.',/,50X,'DEFLECTION ANGLE=
202 /,50X,'DEGS.',//)
203 READ(5,57) GAC(1),GAC(2),GAC(3),GAC(4),CRC,CTC,BC,CRIC,CRC,PRC,
204 IPTC,ITC,ITC,XOC1,RYEC,IC
205 IF(GAC(1).LE.1.) GAC(1)=1.
206 IF(CRC.LE.0.0001) GO TO 59
207 IF(ITC.EQ.2) GO TO 68
208 WRITE(6,69)
209 FORMAT(//,20X,'CANARD GEOMETRY(DOUBLE WEDGE OR MODIFIED DOUBLE WED
210 GE AIRFOIL DESIGN)',//)
211 IPTC=2.*RTFC
212 WRITE(6,71) RC,CPC,CTC,GAC(1),GAC(2),GAC(3),GAC(4),CRIC,CR2C,
213 /,50X,'CANARD GEOMETRY(BICONVEX AIRFOIL DESIGN)',//)
214 WRITE(6,56) RC,CPC,CTC,GAC(1),GAC(2),GAC(3),GAC(4),CRIC,CR2C,
215 /,50X,'CANARD GEOMETRY(BICONVEX AIRFOIL DESIGN)',//)
216 IF(AM,U).LT.1.049) GO TO 141
217 CALL WING(GAM,CPM,CTM,CTM,CR1M,CR2M,PPM,TPM,TTM,MM,ITM)
218 IF(NTYPE.EQ.4) ADEF1=RM/2.*(CRH*CTM)
219 APM=2.*RM/(CPM+CTM)
220 CAMM(J)=14.*SUM3+CARLW/APFF1
221 ARL=ARRS(1.05-AM(J))

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PROGRAM      MATN      TRAFF
225          IF(IAR1.LT.0.0001) CA10=(CAWH(J)
GO TO 142
141          IF(IAM(J).GT.0.04) GO TO 143
CAWH(J)=0.
GO TO 142
143          CAWH(J)=5.*CA10*(AM(J)-0.05)
142          CR=CRM
CT=CTM
CALL SKINFM
CAFW(J)=CAFWI/AREF1
IF(IRM.LE.0.00001) GO TO 152
RTEM1=RTEM*RYM/RRM
GO TO 153
152          RTEM1=RTEM
153          CALL BASEPH(RTEM,RTEM1,CABM)
CABM1(J)=CABM/AREF1
MC=2
IF(IAM(J).LT.1.049) GO TO 144
CALL WING(GAG,CR,C,CTC,BC,CRIG,CR2C,RRG,RTC,TRC,TTG,MC,IC)
CANC(J)=(4.*SUM3+CABLW)/AREF1
IF(IAB1.LT.0.001) CA20=CANC(J)
GO TO 145
144          IF(IAM(J).GT.0.04) GO TO 146
CANC(J)=0.
GO TO 145
146          CANC(J)=5.*CA20*(AM(J)-0.05)
145          CR=CPC
CT=CTC
BM1=BM
BM=BC
CALL SKINFM
CAFC(J)=CAFWI/AREF1
IF(IRC.LE.0.00001) GO TO 150
RTEC1=RTEC*RTC/RRC
GO TO 151
150          RTEC1=RTEC
151          CALL BASEPH(RTEC,RTEC1,CABC)
CABC1(J)=CABC/AREF1
BM=BM1
IF(NTYPE.EQ.4) GO TO 5
62          CALL GEOM
AM(J)=VOVS
IF(J.GT.1) GO TO 17
IF(MI.ME.2) GO TO 17
THEC=A:AM(RP(1))
THETA=THEC*57.29583
WRITE(6,30) THETA
30          FORMAT(1X,17MCONE HALF ANGLE =,F10.5,/)
17          CONTINUE
CALL SKINF
CALL RASEP
CALL PRAND
IF(IAL.LT.0.0001) GO TO 18
IF(VOVS.LT.1.2) CALL NORMF0
18          IF(VOVS.GE.0.01) GO TO 19

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B-5

PROGRAM MAIN TRACE

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290 TCT=MN1
    IF(CNSHAPF.EQ.3) TCT=MN2
    IF(MSHAPF.EQ.5) TCT=MN2
    YMF1=AYAN(RBP(ICT))*57.293
    IF(THE1.GF.10.) GO TO 51
    CAM=C.
    GO TO 5
51 CAM=0.012*(THE1-10.)
    GO TO 5
295 IF(VOVS.LY.1.19) GO TO 2
    CALL HYBRID
    GO TO 5
2  CALL TRANS
5  CA=CAF+CAP+CAM+CAP
61 CA1(J)=CA
    CAF1(J)=CAF
    CAB1(J)=CAB
    CAM1(J)=CAM
    CAP1(J)=CAP
    XT=0.
    IF(NTYPE.EQ.4) GO TO 52
    XT=XB(MN)*RR
    CALL INTERP(ALOD,ETA,XT,ETA1,7,3)
    AREF=3.14159*AREF**2
    AMC1=VOVS*SIN(AL)
    CALL INTERP(AMC,CDC,AMC1,CDC1,9,3)
    CMV=CDC1*ETA1*AP*AL**2/AREF
    CMV=-ETA1*CDC1*AP*AL**2*XP/(AREF**2.*RREF)
    IF(AL.GT.0.0175) GO TO 52
    CMV=0.
    CMV=0.
52 CM(J)=CMF+CMB+CMN+CMV
    IF(NTYPE.EQ.1) GO TO 164
    TOP=2
    TOP1=1
    IF(NTYPE.EQ.3) IOP1=2
    K11=K11+1
    CALL LIFT(9M,GAM(1),CRM,CTM,XM,XT,DELTAM,IOP,IOP1,TRM,TTM,KOM,
1AREF1,DM)
    IF(NTYPE.NE.3) GO TO 164
    TOP=1
    CALL LIFT(9C,GAC(1),CPC,CTC,XC,XT,DELTAC,IOP,IOP1,TRC,TRC,KOM,
1AREF1,DC)
    CM(J)=CMF+CMB+CMN+CMV
    IF(VOVS.LY.1.19) KOM=KOM+1
    CMN1(J)=CMNF
    CMN2(J)=CMNB
    CMN3(J)=CMNB
    CMN4(J)=CMNB
    CMN5(J)=CMNB
    CMN6(J)=CMNB
    CMN7(J)=CMNB
    CMN8(J)=CMNB
    CMN9(J)=CMNB
    CMN10(J)=CMNB
320 164 CM(J)=CMF+CMB+CMN+CMV
    IF(VOVS.LY.1.19) KOM=KOM+1
    CMN1(J)=CMNF
    CMN2(J)=CMNB
    CMN3(J)=CMNB
    CMN4(J)=CMNB
    CMN5(J)=CMNB
    CMN6(J)=CMNB
    CMN7(J)=CMNB
    CMN8(J)=CMNB
    CMN9(J)=CMNB
    CMN10(J)=CMNB
330 164 CM(J)=CMF+CMB+CMN+CMV
    IF(VOVS.LY.1.19) KOM=KOM+1
    CMN1(J)=CMNF
    CMN2(J)=CMNB
    CMN3(J)=CMNB
    CMN4(J)=CMNB
    CMN5(J)=CMNB
    CMN6(J)=CMNB
    CMN7(J)=CMNB
    CMN8(J)=CMNB
    CMN9(J)=CMNB
    CMN10(J)=CMNB

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335 CMCR(J)=CMR
    CMRC(J)=CMRF
    CNCM(J)=CNTV
    CMCM(J)=CMTV
    CM(J)=CMF+CMR+CMW+CMV+CMV
    CA2(J)=CAFW(J)+CABM(J)+CAWH(J)+CNWB(J)+ANS(SI)*(DELTA/57.285)
    CA3(J)=CAFV(J)+CABV(J)+CAWC(J)+CNVC(J)+AFS(CI)*(DELTA/57.285)
    CAT(J)=CA+CA2(J)+CA3(J)
    CNT(J)=CN(J)+
1CNM(J)
    CMT(J)=CM(J)+
1CMC(J)+CNT(J)+XCG
    CD(J)=CNT(J)*STN(AL)+CAT(J)*COS(AL)
    CL(J)=CNT(J)*COS(AL)-CAT(J)*SIN(AL)
    IF(ABS(AL).LT.0.0001) GO TO 1
    CNAL(J)=CNT(J)/AL
    CMAL(J)=CMT(J)/AL
    XCP(J)=-CMT(J)/CNT(J)
1 CONTINUE
    WRITE(6,*)
2 FORMAT(//,53X,*BODY AXIAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS*//,1X,*MACH NO.*
114X,
1IN FRICTION*,14X,*BASE PRESSURE*,13X,*PRESSURE*,14X,*PROTRUSIONS*
2,14X,*TOTAL*//)
    DO 31 L=1,MN
355 WRITE(6,9) AM(L),CAF(L),CAB(L),CAW(L),CAV(L),CAI(L)
    FORMAT(3X,F6.3,18X,F6.4,20X,F6.4,17X,F6.4,16X,F6.4,17X,F6.4)
31 CONTINUE
    IF(NTYPE.EQ.1) GO TO 126
360 WRITE(6,121)
121 FORMAT(//,53X,*WING AXIAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS*//,1X,*MACH NO.*
114X,*SKIN FRICTION*,14X,*BASE PRESSURE*,13X,*PRESSURE*,14X,
2*TOTAL*//)
    DO 122 L=1,MN
365 WRITE(6,9) AM(L),CAF(L),CAB(L),CAW(L),CAV(L),CAI(L)
122 CONTINUE
    IF(NTYPE.EQ.3) GO TO 120
370 WRITE(6,123)
123 FORMAT(//,53X,*CANARD AXIAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS*//,1X,*MACH NO.*
114X,*SKIN FRICTION*,14X,*BASE PRESSURE*,13X,*PRESSURE*,14X,
2*TOTAL*//)
    DO 124 L=1,MN
375 WRITE(6,9) AM(L),CAF(L),CAB(L),CAW(L),CAV(L),CAI(L)
124 CONTINUE
121 WRITE(6,125)
125 FORMAT(//,53X,*NORMAL FORCE CONTRIBUTIONS*//,3X,*MACH NO.*
1*BODY ALONE*,4X,*WING ALONE*,2X,*CANARD ALONE*,3X,*WING-BODY*
2,4X,*BODY-WING*,3X,*CANARD-BODY*,2X,*BODY-CANARD*,2X,
3*CANARD-WING*,5X,*TOTAL*//)
    DO 127 L=1,MN
380 WRITE(6,126) AM(L),CN(L),CNMI(L),CNCA(L),CNCR(L),CNCF(L)
1CNRC(L),CNCH(L),CNT(L)
127 CONTINUE
126 FORMAT(1X,10(3X,F7.4,3X))
126 WRITE(6,12)

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```
12  FORMAT(//,53X,'TOTAL STATIC AERODYNAMICS(FORCE/ALPHA)',//,10Y,  
14PACH NO.',10X,'CD',  
110X,'CM',10X,'CL',10X,'CM',10X,'CNAL',10X,'CNAL',10X,'XCP',//,  
10 14 L=1,MN  
WRITE(6,13) AMIL),CMT(L),CL(L),CMT(L),CNAL(L),CNAL(L),XCP(L)  
14 CONTINUE  
13  FORMAT(12X,F5.3,9X,F6.4,6X,F6.4,6X,F6.4,6X,F6.3,5X,F7.3,7X,F8.3,  
14X,F7.4)  
27 CONTINUE  
END
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SUBROUTINE AINTFP(I,C,F,ANSWER,A,P,N,M)
DIMENSION D(1),C(1),F(1),M
DO 100 I=1,N
IF(A-C(I)) 200,100,100
100 CONTINUE
200 GO 300 J=1,M
IF(B-D(J)) 400,300,300
300 CONTINUE
400 A1=D(J)-D(J-1)
      B1=B-D(J-1)
      C1=E(I-1,J)-E(I-1,J-1)
      X1=X1+C1/A1
      D1=X1+E(I-1,J-1)
      A2=D(J)-D(J-1)
      B2=B-D(J-1)
      C2=E(I,J)-E(I,J-1)
      X2=B2+C2/A2
      D2=X2+E(I,J-1)
      A3=C(I)-C(I-1)
      B3=A-C(I-1)
      C3=D2-D1
      X3=B3+C3/A3
ANSWER=X3+D1
RETURN
END

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TRACE

ARCOSH

FUNCTION

```
FUNCTION ARCOSH(7)
ARCOSH=ALOG(7+ SQRT(7**2-1.1))
RETURN
END
```

FUNCTION APOCS YDICE CPD 440J FTM V3.0-01. - OPT=C 11/03/73 17.34.31. PAGE

```
FUNCTION APOCS(X,Y)
7=SQRT(ABS(Y**2-X**2))
APOCS=ATAN2(7,X)
RETURN
END
```

5


```
FUNCTION ARSECH(7)  
  ARSECH=ALOG(1.77+SQRT(1.77**2-1.))  
  RETURN  
END
```

FUNCTION APSIN YDACE
FUNCTION ARSIN(X,Y)
Z=SQRT(ARC(Y**2-X**2))
ARSIN=ATAN2(X,Z)
RETURN
END

5

FUNCTION APSINH

```
FUNCTION APSINH(7)  
  APSINH=ALOG(7+SQRT(7**2+1.))  
  RETURN  
END
```

FUNCTION APTANH TRACE
APTANH= .5*ERF(11.0+7)/(11.0+7)
RETURN
END

000 6600 FTN V3.0-03-01 OPTEL 11/13/73 17.34.31. PAGE 3

```

SUBROUTINE BASEP
COMMON/GE04/PP(6),X(30),R(30),C2,A,C-30C,N1,N2,XB(22),PB(225)
COMMON/GE01/ RPP(225),RETA
COMMON/GE02/NN1,NN2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NPL,NL,T,HN,NNI,IPPRINT,NNI:3
COMMON/GE03/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,XINT,YINT,NATA
COMMON/GE04/ K,F,RR,RREF
COMMON/BASE/CAH,CNR,CMB,TOC,XOC,NTYPE
DIMENSION TCR3D(20),TXM1(20),DCPF(20)
DATA(TCR3D(I),I=1,19)/.120,.124,.130,.135,.142,.154,.209,.219,.221
1.218,.211,.191,.173,.157,.143,.131,.114,.104,.095/
DATA(TXMI(I),I=1,19)/0.5,.7,.8,.85,.90,1.0,1.05,1.1,1.2,1.3,1.5,
1.7,1.9,2.1,2.3,2.5,2.9,3.0/
DATA(DCPF(I),I=1,19)/.23,.4,.5,.56,.59,.63,.7,.735,.75,.77,.78
1,.78,.66,.48,.32,.2,.12,.04,.0./
CNR=C.
CMB=C.
FACT=AL*.57.295*(PR(NN1)/RREF)**3
CAAM=0.
C THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES BASE DRAG THROUGHOUT THE MACH NUMBER RANGE
NCPRA=0.
CALL INTERP(TXMI,TCR3D,VOVS,CP3D,19,3)
IF(RB(NN1).LE.RREF) GO TO 6
COBP=CP3D*(RB(NN1)/RREF)**2
GO TO 7
6 COBP=CP3D*(RB(NN1)/RREF)**3
7 IF(NTYPE.GT.1) GO TO 2
IF(AL.LE.0.0175) GO TO 3
NCPBA=.0015*FACT*(1+(1.-VOVS)/3.)
3 CONTINUE
CAB=COBP + DCPRA + CAAM
GO TO 99
2 NCPRA=.0035-.01*ABS(XOC)**FACT
XOC1=.1*ABS(XOC)
IF(TOC.GE.XOC1) GO TO 4
DCPRF=0.
GO TO 5
4 CALL INTERP(TXMI,DCPF,VOVS,DCP,19,3)
NCPRF=DCP*(TOC-XOC1)*(PR(NN1)/RREF)**3
5 CAB=COBP+NCPBA+NCPRF
99 RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE BASFPM(RLE,RTE,CABM)
COMMON/GE03/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,XINT,YINT,NNJA
COMMON/VOL/VOL,CAF,CMF,CM,ARM,DIA,RP,AP,VOLM,CR,CT,BM,CAFMI
DIMENSION CP2D(20),XM1(20)
DATA(CP2D(I),I=1,19)/.28,.293,.299,.31,.325,.365,.46,.466,.465,
1.44,.485,.337,.285,.245,.213,.186,.165,.135,.115/
DATA(XM1(I),I=1,19)/8.5,7.8,.05,.9,1.1,1.05,1.1,1.2,1.3,1.5,
11.7,1.9,2.1,2.3,2.5,2.8,3.1/
CABM=0.
IF(CR.LE.0.001) GO TO 99
THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES TRAILING EDGE SEPARATION DRAG.
CALL INTERP(XM,CP2D,VOVS,CPM,19,3)
CABM=2.*BM*CPM*(RLE+RTE)
99 RETURN
15 END

```

```

SUBROUTINE BLJN1
CUMON/CF04/RP(4),X(3),Z(3),C2,M,NSHAP1,M1,M2,X3(2*5),Z3(225)
CUMON/CF01/ RP(225),RFTA
CUMON/CF02/M2,MN2,MN3,MN4,MFL,NILJNT,MN,MNI,IPRINT,MNIA
CUMON/CF03/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,XINI,YINI,JNIA
CUMON/CF04/KF,RF,RQFF
CUMON/CF05/ C3
CALL FD5(X(1),X(1),X(1),X(2),X(3),X(4),X(5),R(1),R(2),R(3),Z(6),R(5),
1033)
VOV=VOVS
IF(VOVS.LE.1.19) VOV=1.0001
AMU=TAN(ASIN(1./VOV))*F
IF(ORB.LE.AMU) GO TO 21
AMJ=ATAN(RR)/F
VOVS=1./SIV(AMU)
BETA=SQRT(ABS(VOVS**2-1.))
J=1
21 TH1=ATAN(DRR)
X=R(1)*COS(TH1)
IF(VOVS.GT.2.1) GO TO 14
THET1=27.5/57.295
D=TAN(THET1)
IF(J.LT.DRR) D=D*RR
THET1=ATAN(D)
X=-RR*SIN(THET1)
YM=RR*COS(THET1)
XB(1)=XM-YM/TAN(THET1)
GO TO 17
14 YM=RR*FTA/VOVS
XM=-RR/VOVS
X3(1)=XR**2/XM
THE=ATAN(YM/(XM-XB(1)))
THET1=THE*F
YM=-RR*SIN(THET1)
YM=RR*COS(THET1)
XB(1)=XM-YM/TAN(THET1)
20 ZP(1)=TAN(THET1)
THE=THE1*57.295
RB(1)=0.
XR(2)=YM
RB(2)=YM
XOP(1)=TAN(THET1)
ZUP(2)=RRP(1)
Z=SQRT(1.+Z**2)
XI=D<0*Z/Z
XI=KR/Z
XINT=XI
YINT=YI
XIXM=A35*(X1-XM)
MNIA=2
IF(XIXM-.031) 19,13,19
X=1
19 MN1=2
GO TO 16
19 Z=16./VOV**2

```

```

IF(LT.2.5) F=2.5
YR(1)=YR(2)+.01/VNV **FDR(2)*(THE/T(.))**2
DO 3 K=3,150
A=N-2
PR(K)=SORT(ARR**2-YR(K)**2)
XR(K+1)=XR(K)+.01/VOV **ERR(K)*A*.5*(THE/30.1)**2
RBP(K)=-YR(K)/PR(K)
IF(XR(K+1).GE.XI) GO TO 10
3 CONTINUE
XR(K+1)=XI
RBP(K+1)=RI
RBP(K+1)=DRB
IF(MN1A.EQ.2) GO TO 16
MN2=K+1
MN2=MN1+10
K=K+1
XR(K+1)=XI
RBP(K+1)=RI
RBP(K+1)=DRB(K)
IF(MFL.EQ.2) MN2=K+1
IF(RI.GE.ARR) GO TO 99
DX=-XI/6.
DR=(R(1)-RI)/6.
DO 13 J=1,5
K=K+1
XR(K+1)=XR(K)+DX
RBP(K+1)=RBP(K)+DP
RBP(K+1)=DRB
13 CONTINUE
IF(MFL.EQ.2) MN2=K+1
IF(MFL.EQ.2) MN2=K+1
IF(MN1A.EQ.1) GO TO 99
K=K+1
IJ=1
XR(K+1)=X(I)
RBP(K+1)=R(I)
CALL FDP5(X,R,XR(K+1),RBP(K+1),N1,1)
RETI=BETA
IF(RFY1.GT.1.) RFY1=.
K=K+1
XR(K+1)=XR(K)+C3*BETI*PR(K)
CALL INTFP(X,R,XR(K+1),RBP(K+1),N1,3)
CALL FDP5(X,R,XR(K+1),RBP(K+1),N1,1)
K=K+1
17 IJ=IJ+1
A=IJ
C5=A*C3
RETI=BETA
IF(RFY1.GT.1.) RFY1=.
XR(K+1)=XR(K)+C5*RETI*PR(K)
IF(XR(K+1).GE.X(N1)) XR(K+1)=X(N1)
CALL INTFP(X,R,XR(K+1),RBP(K+1),N1,3)
CALL FDP5(X,R,XR(K+1),RBP(K+1),N1,1)
IF(XR(K+1).LT.(X(N1)-.0001)) GO TO 17
IJ=1

```


SUBROUTINE PLUNT TRACE

```
115 YP(K+1)=X(N1)
      DP(K+1)=D(N1)
      CALL FDP5(X,P,YP(K+1),DP(K+1),N1,1)
      NN1=K+1
      GO TO 99
      99 RETURN
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE CP10M
COMMON/GE01/ R0P(225),RETA
COMMON/DIS2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6,CABLW
COMMON/CP10M/ YGA(70),ETA(70),AMU,XP,X(70),YP,DZDX(70),XT(70),IL
DIMENSION SIG(70),XMA(70),XGA(70)
PI=3.1415927
BI=SUM6
VI= (XT(1)+BETA*BI/2.-XO(IL ))/(TGAI(L)+BETA)
DO 1 J=1,IL
AR=ABS(XP-XO(J))
IF(AB.LT.0.000001) GO TO 25
SIG(J)=TGAI(J)*YP/(XP-XO (J))
GO TO 26
25 SIG(J)=1.
XMA(J)=YP /TAN(AMU) +XO(J)
XGA(J)=TGAI(J)*YP +XO(J)
X1=YP*YGA(1)+XO(1)
XG=XGA(J)-X1
XM=XMA(J)-X1
YPP=XP-X1
IF(XMA(J).GE.XGA(J)) GO TO 2
IF(XP.GE.XMA(J)) GO TO 3
GO TO 1
3 IF(XP.GE.XGA(J)-0.0001) GO TO 6
IF(SIG(J).LE.1.0001) SIG(J)=1.0001
A=PI*BETA*SORT(ETA(J)**2-1.)
R=SQRT((ETA(J)**2-1.)/(SIG(J)**2-1.))
PHEX=-2.*(DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/A*ARCOSH(B)
SUM1=SUM1+PHEX
IF(YP.LT.VI) GO TO 1
XI=XI+XT(J)+BETA*(BI/2.-YP)
IF(XP.LT.XI) GO TO 1
SI=TGA(J)*(BI/2.-YP)/(XP-XT(J))
B2=(ETA(J)**2+SI)/(1.+SI)/ETA(J)
IF(B2.LE.1.0001) B2=1.0001
PHEXT= (DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/A*ARCOSH(B2)
SUM1=SUM1+PHEXT
GO TO 1
6 A=SQRT(ETA(J)**2-1.)*PI*BETA
IF(SIG(J).GE.0.99999) SIG(J)=.99999
R=SQRT((ETA(J)**2-SIG(J)**2)/(1.-SIG(J)**2))
PHEX=-2.*(DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/A*ARCOSH(B)
SUM1=SUM1+PHEX
IF(YP.LT.VI) GO TO 1
XI=XI+XT(J)+BETA*(BI/2.-YP)
IF(XP.LT.XI) GO TO 1
SI=TGA(J)*(BI/2.-YP)/(XP-XT(J))
R2=(ETA(J)**2+SI)/(1.+SI)/ETA(J)
IF(R2.LE.1.0001) R2=1.0001
PHEXT= (DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/A*ARCOSH(P2)
SUM1=SUM1+PHEXT
GO TO 1
2 IF(XP.GE.XGA(J)-0.0001) GO TO 4
GO TO 1
4 IF(XP.GE.XMA(J)) GO TO 5

```

B-21

SUBROUTINE CP3DM TRACE

```

A=SQRT(1.-ETA(J)**2)*RFTA
PHEX=-DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/A
SUM1=SUM1+PHEX
IF(VP.LT.VI) GO TO 1
YIJ=YT(J)+RFTA*(R1/2.-VP)
IFXP.LT.XI) GO TO 1
SI=TGA(J)*(R1/2.-VP)/XP-YT(J)
R2=(SI+ETA(J)**2)/(ETA(J)*(1.+SI))
IF(R2.GE.0.99999) R2=0.99999
PHEXT=(DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/(A*PI)*ACOS(R2)
SUM1=SUM1+PHEXT
GO TO 1

5 A=PI*RFTA*SQRT(1.-ETA(J)**2)
IF(SIG(J).GE.0.99999) SIG(J)=.99999
R=SQRT(ETA(J)**2-SIG(J)**2)/(1.-SIG(J)**2)
PHEX=-DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/A*(PI-2.*ASTN(R))
SUM1=SUM1+PHEX
IF(VP.LT.VI) GO TO 1
XIJ=YT(J)+RFTA*(R1/2.-VP)
IFXP.LT.XI) GO TO 1
SI=TGA(J)*(R1/2.-VP)/XP-YT(J)
R2=(ETA(J)**2+SI)/(1.+SI)/ETA(J)
IF(R2.GE.0.99999) R2=0.99999
PHEXT=(DZDX(J+1)-DZDX(J))/A*ACOS(R2)
SUM1=SUM1+PHEXT
GO TO 1

1 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
    
```

```

SUBROUTINE DISC1
COMMON/GFOM/RP(6),X(10),PI(30),C2,N,NCHARF,M1,M2,XR(225),PR(225)
COMMON/GEO1/RBP(225),BFYA
COMMON/GEO2/MN1,MN2,MN3,MN4,MFL,NRLUPT,MN,MNI,IPRINT,NV1A
COMMON/DISC/T,JK,A12,SUM,JH,PI
COMMON/DAT1/Y(100),AK(100),AE(100),C(225),C1(225),C3
D=ARS(RBP(JH)-RBP(JH-1))
XY=XR(JH)-BETA*RB(JH)
TAU=BETA*RB(1)/(XB(1)-XI)
IF(TAU.GE.1.)TAU=0.999999
CALL INTERPT,AK,TAU,AKX,100,3)
CALL INTERPT,AE,TAU,AEK,100,3)
CURVATURE SOLUTION FOR FIRST ORDER FUNCTION
THR2=C(JH)*BETA*SORT(XB(1)-XI)*.4./3.*SORT(2.)/PI*SQRT(1.+TAU)*
1(AEK/TAU-AKX)*SORT(META*RB(JH))
HALF=0
IF(D.LE.0.0001)GO TO 98
HALF=C1(JH)*2.*BETA/PI*SORT(RB(JH)/RB(1))*SQRT(2.*TAU/(1.+TAU))*
1((1.-TAU)/TAU*AEK-AKX)
SUM=SUM+THR2*HALF
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE DISC2
COMMON/GCOM/PP(6),X(30),P(30),C2,N,N,M,A,N1,N2,XB(225),      (225)
COMMON/GFOI/ RPI(225),RETA
COMMON/NAT1/ Y(100),AK(100),AE(100),C(205),C1(225),C3
COMMON/DISC/T,J,K,A12,SUM,JM,PI
COMMON/DISC2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,      M6,CABLM
CURVATURE SOLUTION
XI=XB(JM)-BETA*RB(JM)
YAU=RETA*RB(I)/XB(I)-XI
IF(YAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999
CALL INTERP(Y,AK,TAU,AKX,100,3)
CALL INTERP(Y,AE,TAU,AEX,100,3)
A=SQRT(XB(I)-XI)
B=SQRT(1.+TAU)
D=2./PI*SQRT(2.
)
A1=C(JM)*SQRT(RETA*RB(JM))
R1=SQRT(1.+TAU)*RB(I)/(TAU*RB(JM))
SUM1=SUM1-A1 *A**1.5**4./9.*D*B*(13.+TAU)*AKX-4.*AEX)
SUM2=SUM2-A1 *A**2.*D*B*(AKX-AEX)
SUM3=SUM3+A1 *RETA**2./3.*D*B*(AEX/TAU-AKX)
SUM4=SUM4-A1 /A*D*AKX/R
SUM5=SUM5+A1 *RETA/A*D*B*(11.+TAU)/TAU*AEX-AKX)
SUM6=SUM6-A1 *BETA**2/A*D/9*(2.*(1.+TAU)/TAU**2*AEX-(2.-TAU)/
1*TAU*AKX)/3.
E=ABS(RB(JM)-RPP(JM-1))
IF(E.LY.0.0001) GO TO 99
CORNER SOLUTION
A2=A**2
F=SQRT(RB(JM)/RB(I))/PI
G=SQRT(2.*TAU)/B
IF(TAU.GT.0.999) GO TO 2
H=1./(1.-TAU)
M1=C(JM)
SUM1 = SUM1-H1*4.*A2+F*B**2*C*(AKX-AEX)
SUM2 = SUM2-H1*2.*F*B*AKX
SUM3 = SUM3+H1*2.*BETA*F*G*(B**2*AEX/TAU-AKX)
IF(TAU.LT.0.999) GO TO 1
SUM4=SUM4+H1/(A.*BETA*RB(JM))
SUM5=SUM5+3.*H1/(A.*RB(JM))
SUM6=SUM6-7.*RETA*H1/(B.*RB(JM))
GO TO 99
SUM4 = SUM4+H1*F/A2*M*G*(AKX-AEX)
SUM5 = SUM5+H1*BETA*F/A2*M*G*(AEX/TAU-AKX)
SUM6 = SUM6-H1*BETA**2/A2*F*M*G*(12.-TAU**2)/TAU**2*AEX-(2.-TAU)
1/TAU*AKX)
99 RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE DTSC3
COMMON/GFOM/RP(6),X(30),C2,N,NS-30F,N1,N2,XB(225),CR(225)
COMMON/GE01/ RBP(225),PETA
COMMON/DAT1/ Y(100),AK(100),AE(100),C(225),C1(225),C2
COMMON/DISCAT,J,K,AT2,SUM,JH,PI
D=ARS(RBP(JH)-RBP(JH-1))
XI=XR(JH)-PETA*RR(JH)
TAU=RETA*RR(I)/(XB(I)-XI)
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.9999999
CALL INTERP(Y,AK,TAU,AKX,100,3)
CALL INTERP(T,AE,TAU,AE,100,3)
CURVATURE SOLUTION FOR COMPLEMENTARY FUNCTION
A=SQRT(2.*TAU*RR(JH)/(RB(I))*(1.+TAU))
B=C1(JH)*BETA/PI*SQRT(BETA*RB(JH))
SUM=SUM+2.*BETA*C1(JH)/PI*A*((1.+TAU)/TAU*AE)-AKX)
IF(D.LE.0.0001) GO TO 99
CORNER SOLUTION FOR COMPLEMENTARY FUNCTION
B1=-C3*BETA/PI
IF(TAU.GT.0.995) GO TO 1
SUM1=B*SQRT(XB(I)-XI)*4./3.*SQRT(2.*(1.+TAU))*(AEX/TAU-AKX)
SUM2=B1/(XB(I)-YI)*A/(1.-TAU)*(AEX/TAU-AKX)
GO TO 2
1 SUM1=0.
SUM2=-3.*C3 / (A.*RB(I))
2 SUM=SUM+SUM1+SUM2
99 RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE DISC4
COMMON/GEOM/PP(6),X(30),R(30),C2,N,NF=PP,N1,N2,XB(225),PR(225)
COMMON/GEOL/ PRP(225),BETA
COMMON/DAT1/ T(100),AK(100),AE(100),C(225),C1(225),C3
COMMON/DISC/1,J,K,A12,SUM,JM,PI
COMMON/DIS2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6,CABLW
CUPVATURE SOLUTION
XI=XR(JM)-BETA*RB(JM)
YAU=RETA*RB(1)/(XB(1)-XI)
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999
CALL INTERP(T,AK,TAU,AKX,100,3)
CALL INTERP(T,AE,TAU,AE,100,3)
A=SQRT(XB(1)-XI)
B=SQRT(1.+TAU)
N=2.**1.5/PI
E=ABS(RBP(JM)-RBP(JM-1))
F=SQRT(RR(JM)/RB(1))/PI
G=SQRT(2.*TAU)/B
A2=A**2
H1=C1(JM)*F**G
SUM1=SUM1-H1**4.*A2*P**2*(AKX-AEX)
SUM2=SUM2-H1**2.*AKX
SUM3=SUM3+H1**2.*BETA*(R**2*AFX/TAU-AKX)
IF(E.LT.0.0001) GO TO 2
C
CORNER SOLUTION
H2=C1(JM)*D**B*SQRT(BETA*RB(JM))
SUM1=SUM1-H2**4.*1.5**4./9.*(13.+TAU)*AKX-4.*AEX)
SUM2=SUM2-H2**2.*AKX-AEX)
SUM3=SUM3+H2**2*BETA**2./3.*(AEX/TAU-AKX)
SUM1=SUM1+C3**2.*G**AKX
IF(TAU.LT.0.995) GO TO 1
SUM2=SUM2-C3 / (A.*BETA*RB(JM))
SUM3=SUM3-3.*C3 / (A.*RB(JM))
GO TO 2
H=1./ (1.-TAU)
SUM2=SUM2-C3 /A2**H**G*(AKX-AEX)
SUM3=SUM3-C3**BETA/A2**H**G*(AEX/TAU-AKX)
C
CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE DIST (X1,X2,S)
DIMENSION DISCP(11),CCL(11),XCP4(4)
DIMENSION X1(10,10),X2(10,10),S(20),P(10),MX(10),XP1(10),XP2(10),
*
ALOAD(30),XCP(30),MOMENT(30),D(10)
COMMON/AER03/H1(10,10),HM1(10)
COMMON/AER05/GM1(10,10),GN2(10,10)
COMMON/AER07/NB,NA,MVFS,X,ITWING
COMMON/AER09/N1,N2,N4
COMMON/AER10/SPAN,CR,CT,OMEGA,PSS
COMMON/AER11/SAPEA,ALPHAMB,CLT,BETAM
COMMON/ANAME/ROLL,PITCH,MACH,ALPHA,PC,XCG,DIMED
COMMON/Z/XLE(4),XTE(4),Y(4),GAMA,XCPF
REAL MACH
PEAL MOMENT
BETA=SQRT(ABS(1.-MACH**2))
PX(1)=0.05
PX(2)=0.1
DO 721 I=3,10
PX(I)=PX(I-1)*0.1
721 CONTINUE
KI=0
LK=0
LKS=N1
NS=N1*W2
DO 500 K=1,10
XP1(K)=0.
XP2(K)=0.
DO 501 I=1,N4
MX(I)=0.
DO 501 J=1,N4
MX(I)=MX(I)+MI(J,I)*PX(K)**(J-1)*SQRT((1.-PX(K))/PX(K))
501
DO 500 J=1,N1
DO 500 I=1,N4
XR1(K)=KR1(K)+GN1(1,J)*X1(I,J)*MX(I)
XR2(K)=XR2(K)+GN2(1,J)*X2(I,J)*MX(I)
DO 604 J=1,N1
CM1=0.
CM2=0.
HST1=0.
HST2=0.
X=-0.00001
DO 40 L=1,49
X=X+0.02
X01=0.
XD2=C.
CALL MINT
DO 603 I=1,N4
X01=X01+MI(I)*X1(I,J)
X02=X02+MI(I)*X2(I,J)
CM1=(X01-HST1)*(X-0.01)+CM1
CM2=(X02-HST2)*(X-0.01)+CM2
HST1=X01
HST2=X02
LK=LK+1
LKS=LK*N1
603
40
55

```



```

        ALOAD(LK)=HST1
        ALOAD(LKS)=HST2
        MO(LK)=CM1
        MO(LKS)=CM2
        XCP(LK)=CM1/(HST1*0.000001)
        XCP(LKS)=CM2/(HST2*0.000001)
        DO 5000 I=1,4
        YCP4(III)=XCP(III)
5000 CONTINUE
        JSURF=1
        JSURF=2
        DO 105 K=1,10
        K2=K*10
        MOMENT(K)=0.
        MOMENT(K2)=0.
        XP1(K)=0.
        XP2(K)=0.
        DO 105 I=1,M1
        N=I*M1
        DO 105 J=1,M1
        MOMENT(K)=MOMENT(K)+GN1(J,I)*MO(I)*PX(K)**(J-1)*SQRT(1.-PX(K))
        MOMENT(K2)=MOMENT(K2)+GN2(J,I)*MO(N)*PX(K)**(J-1)*SQRT(1.-PX(K))
        XP1(K)=XR1(K)+GN1(J,I)*ALOAD(I)*PX(K)**(J-1)*SQRT(1.-PX(K))
        XP2(K)=XR2(K)+GN2(J,I)*ALOAD(N)*PX(K)**(J-1)*SQRT(1.-PX(K))
        S1=PSS*SPAN/2.
        CP=2.*S1*(1.-CT/CR)/SPAN
        CS=1.-CT/CR
        DO 5 K=1,10
        K2=K*10
        XCP(K)=CR*(1.-CP*PX(K))*BETAM*MOMENT(K)/XR1(K)
5 XCP(K2)=CR*(1.-CS*PX(K))*BETAM*MOMENT(K2)/XR2(K)
        DO 3 K=1,10
        XR1(K)=CR*XR1(K)*(1.-CP*PX(K))
        XR2(K)=CR*XR2(K)*(1.-CS*PX(K))
        JSURF=1
        JSURF=2
        SUM1=0.05*XR1(1)
        SUM2=0.05*XR2(1)
        DO 99 I=2,10
        SUM1=SUM1+XR1(I)*0.1
        SUM2=SUM2+XR2(I)*0.1
99 CONTINUE
        SUM1=SUM1*5(1)
        JK=M1*M2
        SUM2=SUM2*5(JK)
        JSURF=1
        JSURF=2
        CLT=(SUM1+SUM2)/SAREA
        DCLDA=CLT/ALPHAWR
        NY=SPAN/20.
        CALL SUBXCP(SPAN,BETA,CISXCP,XCP4)
        CCLRT=-2.*XR1(1)-XR1(2)
        DO 53 I=1,10
        IF(I-1) 51,51,52
51 CCL(1)=CCLPT
    
```

```

115 GO TO 53
52 DCCL(I)=-YR1(I)
53 CONTINUE
   DCCL(11)=0.
   CMWING=NY/13.*SABE1*(DCCL(1)*DISXCP(1)+4.*DCCL(2)*DISXCP(2)+2.*DC
1CL(3)*DISXCP(3)+4.*DCCL(4)*DISXCP(4)+2.*DCCL(5)*DISXCP(5)+4.*DCCL(
26)*DISXCP(6)+2.*DCCL(7)*DISXCP(7)+4.*DCCL(8)*DISXCP(8)+2.*DCCL(9)*
3DISXCP(9)+4.*DCCL(10)*DISXCP(10)+DCCL(11)*DISXCP(11))*2.
   YCPF=-CMWING/CLT
   RETURN
   END
120

```

SUBROUTINE FLIPT1 YDACC

CCC 6600 FTN V7.1-930A OPT=0 11/13/77 17.34.31. PAGE

```
SUBROUTINE FLIPT1(ARG,ANS)
DIMENSION TEOFK(5),THEYA(5)
DATA(THEYA(1),I=1,5)/0.,20.,40.,70.,90./
DATA(TEOFK(1),I=1,5)/1.5708,1.523,1.3931,1.1146,1./
CALL INTERP(THEYA,TEOFK,ARG,ANS,5,3)
RETURN
END
```

5

```
5 SURROUTINE FLIPT2(ARG,ANS)
  DIMENSION TFOFK(23),TTHETA(23)
  DATA TTHETA(I),I=1,23)/0.,10.,20.,30.,40.,50.,60.,70.,75.,80.,85.,
  186.,17.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,19.,
  27.,89.,9833/
  DATA TFOFK(I),I=1,23)/1.5708,1.5828,1.621,1.6858,1.7444,1.9356,2.15
  165,2.5046,2.7641,3.1534,3.8317,4.053,4.339,4.743,5.435,6.003,6.533
  2.6,821,7.226,7.919,8.43,8.836,9.529/
  CALL INTERP(TTHETA,TFOFK,ARG,ANS,23,3)
  RETURN
  END
10
```

```

SUBROUTINE PRINT(R, VOV, CP, CT, AP, CLAMDA, CLA, XKWR, X, XA, XKWB1, XKRW
11, XL, XLF, APFF)
C THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES THE FIN, BODY AND BODY-FIN INTERFERENCE
C THROUGH THE FIN-TYPE MACH NUMBER RANGE. XKRW IS THE LIFT OF THE BODY
C IN THE PRESENCE OF THE WING DIVIDED BY THE LIFT OF THE WING ALONE
C DUE TO ANGLE OF ATTACK. XKWB IS THE LIFT OF THE WING, THE PRESEN
C CE OF THE BODY DIVIDED BY THE LIFT OF THE WING ALONE DUE TO ANGLE
C OF ATTACK.
C XKWB1 IS THE LIFT OF THE WING IN THE PRESENCE OF THE BODY DIVIDED
C BY THE LIFT OF THE WING ALONE DUE TO WING DEFLECTION.
C XKWB1 IS THE LIFT OF THE BODY IN THE PRESENCE OF THE
C WING DIVIDED BY THE LIFT OF THE WING ALONE DUE TO WING DEFLECTION.
C SLAMDA EQUALS LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE
C CLAMDA IS THE SPAN OF THE FIN EXTENDED TO THE BODY CENTERLINE
C LOP EQUAL 1 NO AFTERBODY PRESENT BEHIND FIN
C LCP1 EQUAL 1 NO FIN DEFLECTION
C F=CR/(B-R)*TAN(CLAMDA/57.29578)+CT)
C CPN=XLE+CR-XL
C IF(CPN.GT.0.001) F=(CP-CPN)/((R-P)*TAN(CLAMDA/57.29578)+CT)
C IF(VOV.EQ.1.) VOV=.999998
C XKWB1=2.
C LOP=2
C XKWB1=0.
C XKWB1=0.
C BETA=SQRT(ABS(VOV**2-1.))
C DF=2.*R
C XL1=XLE+CR+DF*BETA
C XL2=XLE+CR
C IF(XL-0.01).LE.XL2) LOP=1
C IF(XL-XL1) 500,500,600
500 XAFT=XL-(XLE+CR)
C GO TO 601
600 XAFT=DF*BETA
601 A1=DF*BETA
C A2=XAFT
C BDCP=2.*BETA*R/CR
C SLAMDA=CT/CR
C IF(CLAMDA.LE.0.) GO TO 5072
C XM=1./TAN(CLAMDA/57.29578))
C RYM=BETA*XM
C GO TO A7
5072 BXM=1000.
C A7 CONTINUE
C FACTOR=BETA*AP*(1.+SLAMDA)*(1./RYM+1.)
C IF(RYM.LT.0.01) FACTOR=0.
C PB=R/RB
C SW=(R-P)*(CR+CT)
C FACT1=BETA*CLA*(1.+SLAMDA)*(1./PB-1.)*:DF/SH
C IF(RR.LE.0.) GO TO 22
C IF(RR.GE.1.) GO TO 21
C XK1=2./((3.14159*(1.-PB)**2)
C XK2=1.+PB**4
C XK3=.5*ATAN(.5*(1./RA-OR))
C XK4=3.14159/4.

```

```

60      XK5=PR**2
        XK6=1./OR*OP
        XK7=2.*ATAN(RB)
        XKW=XK1*(XK2*(XK3+XK4)-XK5*(XK6+XK7))
        GO TO 24
22      XKW=1.
        GO TO 24
23      XKW=2.
24      CONTINUE
65      1  XKBM=(1.+*A)**2-XKW
        XKBWA=XKBW
        XKBWA=XKBW
        IF(VOVS.LT.1.) GO TO 50
        IF(FACTOR.LE.2.0) GO TO 50
3       C1=1./BDCR
        IF(C1.LE.1.) C1=1.
        XMCROD=C1*BXM
        IF(BXM-1.) 4, 4, 5
4       XK1=16.*SQRT(BXM)/3.14159/(BXM+1.)/C1
        XK2=(1.+XMCROD)*SQRT(C1-1.)*(XMCROD+1.)
        XK3=C1**2*BXM*(1.5)
        XK4=BXM*C1**2*(BXM+1.)
        XK5=ATAN(SQRT(1./BXM))-ATAN(SQRT(C1-1.)/(XMCROD+1.))
        XK6=(BXM+1.)/SQRT(BXM)*ATANH(SQRT(BXM*(C1-1.)/(XMCROD+1.)))
        XKBW=XK1*(XK2-XK3+XK4-XK5-XK6)
        GO TO 12
5       XK1=8./((3.14159*SQRT(BXM**2-1.))/C1)
        XK2=(1.+XMCROD)**2*ARCOS((BXM+C1)/(1.+XMCROD))
        XK3=C1**2*ARCOS(1.+BXM)*BXM**2
        XK4=BXM*C1**2*SQRT(BXM**2-1.)*ARCSIN(1./C1)
        XK5=SQRT(BXM**2-1.)*APCOSH(C1)
        XKBW=XK1*(XK2-XK3+XK4-XK5)
12      CONTINUE
        IF(C1.EQ.1.) XKBW=XKBW/BDCR
        XKBW=XKBW/FACT1
        IF(XKBW.GT.XKBW11) XKBW=XKBW11
        XKBWA=XKBW
7       XMCROD=1./(BDCR/BXM)
        C1=1./BDCR
        C2=BXM/(1.+BXM)
        C3=1./C2
        C4=1.+C3*BDCR
        IF(BXM-1.) 8, 8, 9
9       XK1=16.*C2**2/(3.14159*BDCR)
        XK2=C4*(1.5)
        XK3=SQRT(C4)
        XK4=(C3*BDCR)**2*ATANH(SQRT(1./C4))
        XKBW=XK1*(XK2+XK3-2.-XK4)
        GO TO 14
9       XK1=8.*BXM/(3.14159*SQRT(BXM**2-1.)*BDCR)
        XK2=C2*C4**2*APCOS((1.+BXM)*BDCR)/(C4*BXM)
        XK3=SQRT(BXM**2-1.)/(BXM+1.)*SQRT(1.+*A*BDCR)-1.
        XK4=SQRT(BXM**2-1.)/BXM*BDCR**2*APCOS(1.+C1)
        XK5=C2*APCOS(1.+BXM)

```

```

11C YKRW=YK1*(YK2*YK3-YK4-YK5)
14 YKRW=YKRW/FACT1
    YKRW=YKRW
50 CONTINUE
    IF(RB.LE.0.) GO TO 27
    IF(RB.GT.1.) GO TO 24
    PI=3.14159
    Y=1./RB
    C1=Y+1.
    C2=Y**2+1.
    C3=(Y+1.)**2
    C4=Y-1.
    C5=C4**2
    C6=Y**2-1.
    YKWB1=1./PI**2*(PI**2/4.*C3/Y**2+PI**2/C5*ARCSIN(C6,C2))-2.*
125 1*PI*C1/Y/C4+C2**2/Y**2/C5*(ARCSIN(C6,C2))**2-4.*C1/Y/C4*ARCSIN(C6,C2)
    2*8.*ALOG(C2/12.*Y)/C5)
    GO TO 70
130 27 YKWB1=1.
    YKWB1=0.
    YKWB2=1.
    YKWB2=0.
    YKWB12=1.
    YKWB12=0.
    GO TO 660
135 24 YKWB1=1.
    YKWB1=1.
    YKWB2=0.
    YKWB2=0.
    YKWB12=0.
    YKWB12=0.
    GO TO 660
140 70 CONTINUE
    YKWB2=1.+(YKWB-1.)**F
    YKWB12=1.+(YKWB1-1.)**F
    YKWB12=(YKWB-YKWB1)**F
    IF(VOVS.GT.1..AND.FACTOR.GT.4.) GO TO 750
    IF(LOP.EQ.1) A2=0.
    IF(A2.GT.A1) A2=A1
    YKWB2=YKWBNA+A2/A1*(YKWBNA-YKWBNA)
    YKWB12=YKWB2**F
    IF(LOP=1) (50,650,660
650 A1=CR
    A2=CR-COM
    A3=A2/A1
    YKWB2=(YKWB2-1.)**A3+1.
    YKWB12=(YKWB12-1.)**A3+1.
165 YKWB12=YKWB12**A3

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SUBMITTING PRINT TRACE
 660 CONTINUF
 XKWA=XKWA2
 XKWA=XKWA2
 XKB1=XKB12
 XKB1=XKBA12
 PETUPN
 FND

170

660 FYN V3.1.1.1 11/3/73 17.34.31. PAGE 4

SUBROUTINE FNS YDACE

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SUBROUTINE FNS (Y,X1,X2,X3,X4,X5,F1,F2,F3,F4,F5,FX)
A1=(X-X4)*(X-X5)*(2. *Y-X2-X3)+(Y-X1)*(X-X3)*(2. *Y-X4-X5)
A2=(X-X4)*(X-X5)*(2. *X-X1-X3)+(Y-X1)*(X-X3)*(2. *Y-X4-X5)
A3=(X-X4)*(X-X5)*(2. *X-X1-X2)+(Y-X1)*(X-X2)*(2. *Y-X4-X5)
A4=(X-X3)*(X-X5)*(2. *X-X1-X2)+(Y-X1)*(X-X2)*(2. *Y-X3-X4)
D1=(X1-X2)*(X1-X3)*(X1-X4)*(X1-X5)
D2=(X2-X1)*(X2-X3)*(X2-X4)*(X2-X5)
D3=(X3-X1)*(X3-X2)*(X3-X4)*(X3-X5)
D4=(X4-X1)*(X4-X2)*(X4-X3)*(X4-X5)
D5=(X5-X1)*(X5-X2)*(X5-X3)*(X5-X4)
C1=A1/D1
C2=A2/D2
C3=A3/D3
C4=A4/D4
C5=A5/D5
FX=C1*(F1+C2*(F2+C3*(F3+C4*(F4+C5*(F5
RETURN
END

```

5 0 1

10 0 7

15 0 9

20 0 13

25 0 11

30 0 12

35 0 13

40 0 15

45 0 16

50 0 17

55 0 18

60 0 19-

```

SUBROUTINE F0P5(TX,TV,Y
DIMENSION TX(30),TV(30)
I=0
1 I=I+1
IF(TV(I).LE.X ) GO TO 1
K=J+2
IF(I.LE.K) I=K
IF(I.GT.(N-2)) I=N-2
CALL F0S(Y
1),TV(I),TV(I+1),TV(I+2),Y
)
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE F01MT(TBFR,TK2K1,REF,TAPAMF,JJ)
DIMENSION TBFR(10),TK2K1(10)
DO 10 I=1,9
IF(TBFR-TBFR(I)) 1,10,10
10 CONTINUE
1 A=TBFR(I)-TBFR(I-1)
B=REF-TBFR(I-1)
C=TK2K1(I)-TK2K1(I-1)
X=B+C/A
TAPAMF=TK2K1(I-1)+X
RETURN
END
5
10

```

```

SUBROUTINE GCALC
DIMENSION V(30,10),AK(10),AS(10),CA(10)
COMMON/AERO1/GN(10,10),PS(10)
COMMON/AEROR/NB,NA,MYES,X,TIMEG
DO 110 NP=1,NR
NB1=NB
NP2=2*NB+1
NB3=NB*NP
NP4=2*NB+2*NP+1
NP5=NB*NP
NP6=NP
AK1=1.0
DO 51 I=2,NB1
AI=I
AK1=AK1*AI
AK2=1.0
DO 61 I=2,NB2
AI=I
AK2=AK2*AI
AK3=1.0
DO 71 I=2,NB3
AI=I
AK3=AK3*AI
AK4=1.0
DO 81 I=2,NB4
AI=I
AK4=AK4*AI
AK5=1.0
YF(NB5-1)83,83,82
DO 91 I=1,NB5
AI=I
AK5=AK5*AI
CONTINUE
AK6=1.0
IF(NB6-1)93,93,92
DO 101 I=1,NB6
AI=I
AK6=AK6*AI
CONTINUE
S3=(AK1/AK6)**2
X4=AK4/(AK2*AK3*AK5)
S1=(-1.0)*NP/2.0*(2*NP)
S2=S3*X4
AK(NP)=S1*S2
DO 111 I=1,NB
KDUM1=NB+2-I
KDUM2=NB+1-I
AS(KDUM1)=AK(KDUM2)
AS(I)=1.0
KNB=NB+1
KNR=NB+1
DO 44 I=1,KNR
KDUM=NB+2-I
AK(KDUM)=AS(I)
V(1,1)=0.005

```

```

V(I,NB)=1.0
KNR=NB-1
IF(NR-2)45,45,46
CONTINUE
ANB=KNR
DO 66 K=2,KNR
AT=K-1
V(I,K)=AI/ANB-0.05
CONTINUE
NRGO=NB-6
IF(NB -6)76,76,77
GO TO (73,74,75),NRGO
V(I,6)=V(I,6)+0.06
GO TO 76
V(I,6)=V(I,6)+0.07
V(I,7)=V(I,7)+0.07
GO TO 76
V(I,6)=V(I,6)+0.08
V(I,7)=V(I,7)+0.08
V(I,8)=V(I,8)+0.08
CONTINUE
ANR=NR
DO 85 K=1,NR
I=0
I=I+1
XXD=C.0
XXF=0.0
DO 69 J=1,NB
AJ=J
XXD=XXD+AK(J)*(ANB-AJ+1.)*V(I,K)**(NB-J)
CONTINUE
NBR=NB+1
DO 70 J=1,NBR
XXF=XXF+AK(J)*V(I,K)**(NBR-J+1)
CONTINUE
V(I+1,K)=V(I,K)-XXF/XXD
ASTOP=0.000001
IF(ABS(V(I+1,K)-V(I,K))-ASTOP)46,86,68
PS(K)=V(I+1,K)
PEF=AK(I)
DO 11 I=1,NP
NA(I)=0.
DO 11 J=1,NR
AJ=J
NA(I)=NA(I)+AK(J)*PS(I)**(NB-J)*(AIB+1.-AJ)/PEF
DO 12 I=1,NR
NA(I)=SQRT(1. / (1.-PS(I)))/NA(I)
DO 15 I=1,NP
GN(I,I)=1.0
DO 15 J=2,NB
GN(J,I)=AK(J)/PEF+PS(I)*GN(J-1,I)
DO 30 I=1,NB
DO 30 J=1,NB
GN(J,I)=GN(J,I)*NA(I)
RETURN
    
```

SUBROUTINE GCALC TRACE

NO. 603 FYN V3.3-2-10-73 11/3/73 17.14.31.

PAGE

3

END

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SUBROUTINE GCOM
COMMON/GEOM/ BP(4), X(30), P(30), C2, N, NCSHAP, N1, N2, XR(225), R(225)
COMMON/GE01/ DPF(225), RETA
COMMON/GE02/ NN1, NN2, NN3, NN4, NFL, NRLUNT, NI, NNI, IPPINT, N110
COMMON/GE03/ VCVS, AL, XM, YM, XINT, YINT, N115
COMMON/GE04/ K, F, OR, PRF
COMMON/GE05/ C3
COMMON/ICOU/ ICOUNT
COMMON/LENG/ 3L, ANL, ALA
COMMON/VOL/ VOL, CAF, CNF, CMF, PN, DIA, XP, AP, VOLN, CP, CT, BM, CAPWI
IF(ICOUNT.GT.1) GO TO 31
READ(5,1) N, NSHAP, N1, N2, N3, NRLUNT, NFL, NN1A, C2, C4, F, PR
FORMAT(I5,4F10.5)
31 C3=C2/C4
C N= TOTAL NUMBER OF POINTS READ IN ALONG BODY.
C NSHAP IS A PARAMETER WHICH DESCRIBES THE BODY SHAPE.
C NN1=NUMBER OF GRID POINTS COMPUTED ALONG FIRST OGIVE=N2 ALONG 2ND
C PORTION OF BODY= N3 ALONG THIRD PORTION AND NN4 ALONG 4TH SEGMENT.
C MAXIMUM OF 4 SEGMENTS ALLOWABLE.
C N3=1 FOR CONICAL BOATTAIL,=2 FOR OGIVAL BOATTAIL. IF OGIVAL BOATTAIL
C IS PRESENT THEN AT LEAST 5 POINTS MUST BE GIVEN ALONG BOATTAIL.
C C2 IS A FACTOR WHICH DETERMINES STEP SIZE IN X DIRECTION.
C POINTED BODY
C NRLUNT=1
C C2=0.9 AND C4= 2C. ARE NOMINAL VALUES FOR THESE PARAMETERS.
C NSHAP=1? NOSE ONLY.
C NSHAP=2? NOSE PLUS AFTERBODY.
C NSHAP=3? NOSE WITH A DISCONTINUITY IN IT. THERE MAY OR MAY NOT BE
C AN AFTERBODY PRESENT.
C NSHAP =4? NOSE PLUS AFTERBODY PLUS BOATAIL.
C NSHAP =5? NOSE WITH DISCONTINUITY IN IT PLUS AFTERBODY PLUS BOATAIL.
C NI=NUMBER OF POINTS ALONG FIRST OGIVE=N2 = NUMBER OF POINTS THROUGH
C SECOND OGIVE INCLUDING FIRST OGIVE.
C IF NSHAP = 3 OR 5 , AT LEAST FIVE POINTS MUST BE READ IN ALONG
C EACH OF THE OGIVES, EVEN IF THE OGIVE IS A STRAIGHT LINE.
C ALUNTED BODY
C NRLUNT=2
C C2=0.5 AND C4= 1.0 ARE NOMINAL VALUES FOR THESE PARAMETERS.
C NFL=1 FOR SPHERICAL CAP, NFL=2 FOR TRUNCATED NOSE.
C WHEN THE BODY IS ALUNTED NSHAP MUST BE EITHER 3 OR 5.
C NSHAP = 3 NN1A=1? ALUNTED NOSE WITH NO DISCONTINUITIES OTHER THAN THE
C INTERSECTION OF THE CAP WITH OGIVE.
C NSHAP=3, NN1A=2? ALUNTED NOSE WITH A DISCONTINUITY IN THE OGIVE SO THERE
C ARE 2 OGIVES PRESENT.
C NSHAP=5, NN1A=1? SAME AS ABOVE EXCEPT BOATTAIL PRESENT.
C NSHAP=5, NN1A =2? SAME AS ABOVE EXCEPT BOATTAIL PRESENT.
C IF NN1A =1 , THEN NI=1 AND N2.GE.5? IF NN1A=2, THEN NI=2. AND N2. GE.9
C DO = RADIUS OF SPHERICAL CAP IN CALIBERS(OR TRUNCATED PORTION).
C IU=1
IF(ICOUNT.GT.1) GO TO 32
WRITE(6,34)

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SUBROUTINE GFORM TADCF

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34  FORMAT(//,53X,'RDY COORDINATES ',//,5F4.0X',11X,END',/)
    DO 2 I=1,N
    PFAD(5,3) X(I),P(I)
    WRITE(6,33) X(I),P(I)
    FORMAT(47X,2F12.4)
    CONTINUE
    33  FORMAT(2F15.10)
    3  IF(NBLUNT.EQ.2) CALL BLUNT
    32  IF(NHLUNT.EQ.2) GO TO 5
    XR(1)=X(I)
    RR(1)=R(I)
    IF(NI.NE.2) GO TO 4
    IF(MN1A.EQ.2) GO TO 4
    DO 508 I=2,5
    RP(I)=(R(I)-R(1))/(X(I)-X(1))
    TA=RP(I)
    TABE=BETA*TA
    IF(TABE.LT.0.94) GO TO 509
    508 CONTINUE
    509 XR(2)=X(I)
    RR(2)=R(I)
    RP(1)=RP(I)
    MN1=2
    K=1
    RBP(1)=RP(1)
    RBP(2)=RBP(1)
    GO TO 5
    4  DO 6 J=1,5
    L=1
    CALL FDP5(X,R,X(J),RP(J),N2,L)
    CONTINUE
    TA=RP(1)
    TABE=BETA*TA
    RBP(1)=TA
    IF(N1.EQ.2) GO TO 510
    IF(TABE.LT.0.94) GO TO 503
    DO 505 I=1,5
    TABE=BETA*RP(I)
    IF(TABE.LE.0.94) GO TO 506
    505 CONTINUE
    506 XR(2)=X(I)
    RR(2)=R(I)
    RBP(2)=RP(I)
    RP(1)=RP(I)
    RP(1)=0.
    RBP(1)=RP(1)
    XR(1)=XR(2)-RR(2)/RP(1)
    XR(3)=XR(2)+0.01
    JJ=3
    JK=2
    JU=M1
    GO TO 507
    503 CALL FDS(X(1),X(1),X(2),X(3),X(4),X(5),RR(1),RP(2),RP(3),RR(4),
    1 RP(5),RPP)
    110 PHOB=ABS((1.+RP(1)**2)**1.5/PPP)

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115 YP(2)=0.025*PHQR/BETA**1.5 +XB(1)
    YF(XP(2).GT.(X(N1)/5.)) XB(2)=Y(N1)/5.
    JJ=2
    JK=1
    JU=N1
    YF(NN1A.FO.2) JU=N2
507 J=1
    DO 7 K=JJ,50
    CALL INTERP(X,R,YB(K),PB(K),JU,3)
    CALL FDP5(X,R,YB(K),RBP(K),JU,J)
    BET1=BETA
    YF(BET1.GT.1.) RFT1=1.
    YB(K+1)=YB(K)+BFT1*(PB(K)-PB(JK))*C2
    YF(XR(K+1).GE.X(N1)) GO TO 9
7 CONTINUE
8 YB(K+1)=X(N1)
  PB(K+1)=R(N1)
  NN1=K+1
  NN2=NN1+10
  CALL FDP5(X,R,YB(K+1),RBP(K+1),JU,J)
5 GO TO(9,10,11,12,11) ,NSHAPE
9 MN=NN1
  ANL=YB(MN)
  AL=0.
  ALA=0.
  GO TO 99
10 YB(K+2)=X(N1)
  PB(K+2)=R(N1)
  RBP(K+2)=0.
  BET1=BETA
  YF(BET1.GT.1.0) RFT1=1.
  YB(K+3)=C3 +RFT1*PB(K+2)+XB(K+2)
  PB(K+3)=RB(K+2)
  RBP(K+3)=0.
  K=K+1
  IJ=IJ+1
  A=I
  C5=A*C3
  BET1=BETA
  YF(RFT1.GT.1.0) RFT1=1.
  YB(K+3)=C5+RFT1*PB(K+2)+XB(K+2)
  PB(K+3)=PB(K+2)
  RBP(K+3)=0.
  YF(XB(K+3).LT.X(N)) GO TO 14
  YB(K+3)=X(N)
  PB(K+3)=P(N)
  MN=K+3
  NN2=K+3
  ANL=YB(MN1)
  AL=0.
  ALA=XB(MN) -YB(MN1)
  NN3=NN2+10
  GO TO 99
11 YB(K+2)=Y(N1)
  PB(K+2)=P(N1)

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SIMROUTINE GCOM TRACE

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J=N1
CALL FOP5(X,R,XB(K+2),RBP(K+2),N2,J)
RTI=BETA
IF(BET1.GT.1.0) RTI=1.
XR(K+3)=XB(K+2)+C3 *RTI*PR(K+2)
CALL INTERP(X,R,XR(K+3),RB(K+3),N2,3)
CALL FOP5(X,R,XR(K+3),RBP(K+3),N2,J)
K=K+1
15 IJ=IJ+1
A=IJ
C5=A*C3
BETI=BETA
IF(BET1.GT.1.0) BETI=1.
XR(K+3)=XB(K+2)+C5*BETI*RB(K+2)
IF(XB(K+3).GE.X(N2)) XB(K+3)=X(N2)
CALL INTERP(X,R,XR(K+3),RB(K+3),N2,3)
CALL FOP5(X,R,XR(K+3),RBP(K+3),N2,J)
IF(XB(K+3).LT.(X(N2)-.0001)) GO TO 15
IJ=1
XB(K+3)=X(N2)
RB(K+3)=R(N2)
NN2=K+3
ANL=XB(NN2)+RR
IF(NFL.EQ.2) ANL=XB(NN2)
BL=0.
ALA=0.
CALL FOP5(X,R,XB(K+3),RBP(K+3),N2,J)
IF(XB(K+3).LT.(X(N1)-.0001)) GO TO 30
NN=K+3
NN3=K+3
GO TO 99
RBP(K+4)=0.
XB(K+4)=XB(K+3)
RB(K+4)=RB(K+3)
BETI=BETA
IF(BET1.GT.1.0) BETI=1.
XR(K+5)=C3/10.*BETI*RB(K+4)+XB(K+4)
PR(K+5)=RB(K+4)
RBP(K+5)=0.
205 K=K+1
IJ=IJ+1
A=IJ
C5=A*C3
BETI=BETA
IF(BET1.GT.1.0) BETI=1.
CZE=BETA+3
IF(CZE.GT.10.) CZE=10.
XR(K+5)=C5*BETI*RB(K+4)+CZE*XB(K+4)
RBP(K+5)=0.
215 IF(XB(K+5).LT.(X(N2+1)) GO TO 16
PR(K+5)=X(N2+1)
PR(K+5)=R(N2+1)
NN3=K+5
220 ALA=XB(NN3)-XB(NN2)
    
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```

IF(NSLAPE.FD.5) GO TO 13
N=K+5
GO TO 99
12  XR(K+2)=X(N1)
    PR(K+2)=P(N1)
    PRP(K+2)=0.
    AML=XR(NN1)
    RET1=BETA
    IF(BET1.GT.1.0) RET1=1.
    XR(K+3)=C3/1C.*RET1*PR(K+2)+XB(K+2)
    PR(K+3)=C4*(K+2)
    PRP(K+3)=0.
    K=K+1
17  IJ=IJ+1
    A=IJ
    C5=A*C3
    RET1=BETA
    IF(BET1.GT.1.0) RET1=1.
    XR(K+3)=XR(K+2)+C5*RET1*PR(K+2)/RETA**3
    PR(K+3)=PR(K+2)
    PRP(K+3)=0.
    IF(XB(K+3).LT.X(N1+1)) GO TO 17
    XR(K+3)=X(N1+1)
    PR(K+3)=P(N1+1)
    NN2=K+3
    ALA=XB(NN2)-XB(NN1)
    IJ=1
    XR(K+4)=XR(K+3)
    PR(K+4)=PR(K+3)
    PRP(K+4)=PRP(K+3)
    RET1=BETA
    IF(BET1.GT.1.0) RET1=1.
    XR(K+5)=XR(K+4)+C3 *RET1*PR(K+4)
    IF(N3.EQ.2) GO TO 20
    IF(ICOUNT.GT.1) GO TO 517
    SLOPE=(P(N)-PR(K+4))/(X(N)-XB(K+4)) +1./57.293
    TFSLOPE.LT.-0.0A72) SLOPE=-.0A72
    P(N)=SLOPE*(X(N)-XB(K+4))+PR(K+4)
517  PR(K+5)=PR(K+4)+SLOPE*(XR(K+5)-XR(NN2))
    PRP(K+5)=SLOPE
    PRP(K+5)=SLOPE
    GO TO 21
20  CALL INIF95 (XR(K+5),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),P(N-4),
    P(N-3),P(N-2),P(N-1),P(N),PR(K+5))
    CALL FDS(XR(K+5),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),R(N-4),R(N-3),
    P(N-2),R(N-1),R(N),RBF(K+5))
21  T=(XR(K+5).LT.X(N1)) GO TO 1A
    XR(K+5)=X(N)
    PR(K+5)=P(N)
    NN3=K+5
    PL=XR(NN3)-XR(NN2)
    NN=K+5
    GO TO 99
1A  K=K+1
    IJ=IJ+1
275

```

```

A=IJ
C5=A*C3
REY1=P*TA
IF(BET1.GT.1.0) RET1=1.
XR(K+5)=XR(K+4)+C5*RET1*PB(K+4)
TF(N3.EQ.2) GO TO 22
P(K+5)=R(NN2)+SLOPE*(XR(K+5)-XR(NN2))
RBP(K+5)=SLOPE
GO TO 23
22 CALL INTERP(XR(K+5),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),R(N-4),
1P(N-3),R(N-2),R(N-1),P(N),PR(K+5))
CALL FDS(XR(K+5),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),P(N-4),R(N-3),
1P(N-2),R(N-1),R(N),RBP(K+5))
23 IF(XR(K+5).LT.X(N)) GO TO 1A
XR(K+5)=X(N)
PR(K+5)=R(N)
NN3=K+5
NN=K+5
BL=XR(NN3)-XB(NN2)
GO TO 99
13 XR(K+6)=XB(K+5)
RB(K+6)=RB(K+5)
IJ=1
RET1=BETA
IF(BET1.GT.1.0) RET1=1.
XR(K+7)=XR(K+6)+C3/2.*RET1*RB(K+6)
IF(N3.EQ.2) GO TO 24
IF(ICOUNT.GT.1) GO TO 516
SLOPE=(R(N)-RB(K+6))/(X(N)-XB(K+6)) +1./57.293
IF(SLOPE.LT.-0.0872) SLOPE=-.0872
R(N)=SLOPE*(X(N)-XB(K+6))+RB(K+6)
RB(K+7)=RB(K+6)+SLOPE*(XB(K+7)-XB(NN3))
RBP(K+7)=SLOPE
GO TO 25
24 CALL INTERP(XB(K+7),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),R(N-4),
1P(N-3),R(N-2),R(N-1),R(N),RB(K+7))
CALL FDS(XR(K+7),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),R(N-4),R(N-3),
1P(N-2),R(N-1),R(N),RBP(K+7))
25 IF(XB(K+7).LT.X(N)) GO TO 1A
XR(K+7)=X(N)
RB(K+7)=R(N)
NN4=K+7
NN=K+7
RL=XB(NN4)-XB(NN3)
GO TO 99
19 K=K+1
IJ=IJ+1
A=IJ
C5=A*C3
RET1=BETA
IF(BET1.GT.1.0) RET1=1.
XR(K+7)=XR(K+6)+C5*RET1*PB(K+6)
TF(N3.EQ.2) GO TO 26
PR(K+7)=R(NN2)+SLOPE*(XR(K+7)-XR(NN3))
    
```

```

    PPR(K+7)=SLOPE
    GO TO 27
26  CALL INTER5(XR(K+7),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),P(N-4),
    1P(N-3),P(N-2),P(N-1),P(N),PPR(K+7))
    CALL FDS(XR(K+7),X(N-4),X(N-3),X(N-2),X(N-1),X(N),P(N-4),P(N-3),
    1P(N-2),P(N-1),P(N),PPR(K+7))
27  IF(XR(K+7).LT.X(N)) GO TO 19
    XR(K+7)=X(N)
    PR(K+7)=P(N)
    NN=K+7
    NP4=K+7
    RL=XB(NN)-XB(NN3)
99  CONTINUE
    RETURN
    END
34C
345

```

```

SUBROUTINE GEOM1
COMMON/AF004/PS1(10),PS2(20),S(20)
COMMON/AF007/XLENGE(20),XFEDGE(20),C(I)
COMMON/AF009/N1,N2,N4
COMMON/AF010/SPAN,CP,CT,OMEGA,PSS
S1=SPAN*PSS/2.
S2=SPAN/2.
LA=N1+1
LB=N1+N2
OMEGA=OMEGA/57.3
CP=CP-2.*S1*(CP-CT)/SPAN
TC=TAN(OMEGA)
DO 3 I=1,N1
C(I)=CP-(CP-CT)*PS1(I)
XLENGE(I)=S1*PS1(I)*TC
3 XFEDGE(I)=C(I)+XLENGE(I)
DO 21 I=LA,LB
C(I)=CP*(CR-CT)*PS2(I)
XLENGE(I)=-S2*PS2(I)*TC
21 XFEDGE(I)=C(I)+XLENGE(I)
CONTINUE
DO 11 I=LA,LB
11 S(I)=S2
DO 13 I=1,N1
13 C(I)=S1
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE GUTREF(AR,AVFC,NSQ,CNAR,PI,PS,CDEF)
COMMON/77/XLF(4),YTF(4),Y(6),GAMA,Y(3)
REAL MACH
DIMENSION AP(NSQ,NSQ),AVFC(NSQ,1)
DIMENSION ALCH(20),CFOUT(10),QFIN(10),A(10),X1(10),Y1(2)(10,10),
* WD1(10,10),PL1(10),R01(10)
COMMON/AF01/GN1(10),PS(10)
COMMON/AF02/PL1(10),R01(10),R1(10,10),M0(10,10)
COMMON/AF03/M1(10,10),M1(10)
COMMON/AF04/PS1(10),PS2(20),S(20)
COMMON/AF05/GN1(10,10),GN2(10,10)
COMMON/AF06/OT1(20,20),OT2(20,20),PI1(10,10),PI2(10,10)
COMMON/AF07/XEDGE(20),XEDGE(20),C(20)
COMMON/AF08/NR,NA,MYS,X,IMING
COMMON/AF09/N1,N2,N4
COMMON/AF10/SPAN,CR,CT,OMEGA,PSS
COMMON/AF11/SAPEA,ALPHAWR,CLT,BETAW
COMMON/ANAME/ROLL,PITCH,MACH,ALPHA,PC,XCG,TIMEF
PI=3.1415927
CPM=CR
TMYA=0.
DX1=0.00999
DY2=0.00999
XCRTI=0.2
ADX=4.0
ALPHAWR=ALPHA
ALS=ALPHA*.01745329
DM=COS(DYHFD/57.3)
BETAW=SQRT(1.-MACH**2)
CR=CR/BETAW
CT=CT/BETAW
PC=PC/BETAW
OMEGA=OMEGA/57.3
GAMA=OMEGA
OMEGA=ATAN(TAN(OMEGA)/BETAW)*57.3
ALPHA=ALPHA*DM
MYES=0
LA=N1+1
LB=N1+N2
NB=N1
CALL GCALC
DO 35 I=1,N1
KSUM=NR-I+1
DO 35 J=1,NR
GM1(I,J)=GN(KSUM,J)
PS1(I)=PS(I)
NB=N2
CALL GCALC
DO 36 I=1,NR
KSUM=NR-I+1
KD=I+N1
PS2(KD)=-PS(I)
PS2(I)=-PS1(I)
DO 36 J=1,NR
GM2(I,J)=GN(KSUM,J)

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B-50

SUBROUTINE CUIFEC TRACE

```

60      CALL GEOM1
        DO 5000 III=1,4
          XLF(III)=XLFDGE(III)
          XTE(III)=XTEDEGE(III)
          Y(III)=PS1(III)
5000    CONTINUE
        NA=NA
        CALL MCALC
        DO 30 I=1,NA
          RL(II)=RL(II)
          RD(II)=RD(II)
          KDUM=NA-I+1
          DO 30 J=1,NA
            MD(II,J)=MD(J,I)
            MI(II,J)=B(KDUM,J)
            NA=NA
            IMING=1
            X=RD(II)
        CALL HINT
        CALL PRINT(DX1)
        CALL STNG (ALGM,C)
        DO 5926 I=1,NSQ
          DO 5926 J=1,NSQ
5926    AP(I,J)=B.0
          DO 5927 I=1,MSO
            AP(I,I)=1.0
5927    BVEC(I,1)=1.0
            DEOUT(1)=1.0
            L=0
            IST=1
            ISCD=M1
1096    DO 1000 JR=IST,ISCD
              DO 1000 K=1,M4
                L=L+1
                KC=0
                DO 140 J=1,M1
                  IMING=1
                  NA=NA
                  IF(J-JR)00,60,80
                    X=RD1(K)
                    CALL HINT
                    DO 70 I=1,NA
                      KC=KC+1
                      RX=-ALGM(JR)*MD1(K,I)
                      BM=1./E2.*PT*S(J)*C(J)*S(J)**2
                      YA(I)=MH1(I)*BM
                      AP(L,KC)=XA(I)*PI11(J,JR)+RX
                      GO TO 140
70          GO TO 140
80          NGRAT=NA+1
            B2=S(JR)*PS1(JR)-S(J)*PS1(J)
            IF(IST-1)1061,1061,1062
1062    B2=S(JR)*PS2(JR)-S(J)*PS1(J)
1061    CONTINUE
            B3=S(J)*C(J)*R2**2/(4.*PI)
            DX=DX2

```

Y-YO

B:51


```

IF(ARS(R2)-XCPII/1.*C(J)) 2300,2300,2400
2300 NY=NY2/ADY*2.
2400 CONTINUE
DO 90 I=1,NGRAT
90 NFIM(I)=0.0
NFIM(1)=0.000001
100 CONTINUE
DO 120 M1=1,4
X=DEIN(M1)
CALL MINT
DO 110 I=2,NGRAT
R1=C(JR)*RDI(K1-C(J))*X+XLEDFG(JR)-XLEDFG(J)
R2=R3*C(J)/(R1**2+R2**2)**1.5
110 DEOUT(I)=MH1(I-1)*R2
CALL RK(DEOUT,DETN,DX,NGRAT,M1)
120 CONTINUE
IF(DEIN(1)-0.99)100,100,130
130 R4=(1.*R1/SORT(R1**2+R2**2))/R2**2
DO 104 I=2,NGRAT
XA(I)=DEIN(I)
KC=KC+1
XDUM=PI11(J,JR)
IF(IST-1)1031,1031,1032
1032 XDUM=QI12(J,JR)
1031 CONTINUE
R7=MH1(I-1)*R4*R3
AP(L,KC)=(XA(I)+R7)*XDUM
104 CONTINUE
140 CONTINUE
DO 141 J=L,LB
K1=J-M1
K2=J-R-M1
IMING=1
NA=N4
145 IF(J-JR)91,61,91
X=RDI(K)
CALL MINT
DO 71 I=1,NA
KC=KC+1
8M=1./I2.*PT(S(J))*C(J)*S(J)**2
8X=-ALGM(JR)*MH1(K,I)
XA(I)=MH1(I)*8M
AP(L,KC)=XA(I)*PT2(K1,K2)*8X
71 GO TO 141
81 IGRAT=NA+1
R2=S(JR)*PS1(JR)-S(J)*PS2(J)
IF(IST-1)1064,1064,1065
1065 R2=S(JR)*PS2(JR)-S(J)*PS2(J)
1064 CONTINUE
R3=S(J)*C(J)*R2**2/(4.*PI)
DX=DX2
2301 IF(ARS(R2)-XCPII/1.*C(J)) 2301,2301,2400
2401 CONTINUE
DO 91 I=1,NGRAT

```

X-Y0

Y-Y0

B-52

```

91  DFIN(I)=0.0
101 CONTINUE
170 DO 121 M1=1,4
    X=DEFIN(I)
    CALL MINT
    DO 111 I=2,NGRAT
      B1=C(JR)*P01(K)-C(J)*X+XLENGE(JR)-XLENGE(J)
      B2=B3*C(J)/(B1**2+B2**2)**1.5
111  DEOUT(I)=MH1(I-1)*B1
121  CALL RK(DEOUT,DEFIN,DX,NGRAT,M1)
131  IF(DEFIN(I)-0.99)101,101,131
140  R4=(1.+B1/SORT(B1**2+B2**2))/B2**2
141  DO 114 I=2,NGRAT
142  XA(I)=DEFIN(I)
143  KC=KC+1
144  XDM=OT21(J,JR)
145  IF(I=1)1041,1041,1042
1041 CONTINUE
1042 XDM=PI22(K1,K2)
1043 RZ=MH1(I-1)*B4*B3
114  AP(L,KC)=(XA(I)+BZ)*XDUM
141  CONTINUE
142  CONTINUE
143  CONTINUE
144  CONTINUE
145  IST=IST+M1
195  ISCD=LB
    DO 5281 I4=13,24
    DO 5280 J4=1,24
      K4=J4
      IF(J4.GT.12) K4=J4-24
      K4=K4+12
      AP(I4,J4)=AP(I4-12,K4)
200  CONTINUE
5280 CONTINUE
5281 CONTINUE
1097 CONTINUE
539  ALPH=ALPHA
    VO=MACM*1100.
    IF(MACH.EQ.0.) VO=1.
    S2=SPAN/2.
    S1=S2*PSS
    IK=0
210  DO 210 I=1,LB
    DO 210 K=1,N4
      IK=IK+1
210  BVEC(IK,1)=(-XCG+XLENGE(I)+R01(K)*C(I))*PITCH*DH/VO+ALPH/57.3
      IK=0
215  DO 3 I=1,N1
    DO 3 K=1,N4
      IK=IK+1
3  BVEC(IK,1)=BVEC(IK,1)-PS1(I)*S1*ROLL/VC
    DO 4 I=1,N2
    DO 4 K=1,N4

```

```
225      IK=IK+1
      4 RVEC(IK,1)=RVEC(IK,1)-PS2(I1)*S2*ROLL/V0
      CALL MINVP (AP,NS0,RVEC,1,DETERM,ICRP)
      L=0
      DO 798 J=1,N1
      DO 899 I=1,N4
      L=L+1
      798 X1(I,J)=BVEC(L,1)*2.
      799 CONTINUE
      DO 802 J=1,N2
      DO 900 I=1,N4
      L=L+1
      900 X2(I,J)=BVEC(L,1)*2.
      802 CONTINUE
      CALL DIST (X1,X2,S)
      CNAF=-CLT/AL5
      XCPFF=XCPF+XLEF
      RETURN
      END
```

```

5      SUBROUTINE HCALC
        DIMENSION A(10,10),DA(10)
        COMMON/AERO2/RL(10),RD(10),B(10,10),HD(10,10)
        COMMON/AERO8/NB,NA,MYES,X,IMING
        ANA=NA
        DO 10 I=1,NA
            AI=Y
            RL(I)=0.5*(1.-COS((2.*AI-1.)/(2.*ANA+1.)*3.1415927))
            RDUN=NA+1-I
            RD(KDUM)=1.-RL(I)
            A(I,1)=1.
            DO 1 I=2,NA
                A(I+1,I-1)=0.0
            A(I,I)=1.
            A(2,1)=-RL(1)
            I1=3
            J1=2
            J=J1
            DO 3 I=2,I1
                A(I,J)=-A(I-1,J-1)*RL(J)+A(I,J-1)
                I1=I1+1
                J1=J1+1
            IF(J1-NA)2,2,4
            CONTINUE
            DO 11 I=1,NA
                DA(I)=0.
            DO 11 J=1,NA
                AJ=J
            DA(I)=DA(I)+A(J,NA)*RL(I)**(NA-J)*(ANA+1.-AJ)
            DO 12 I=1,NA
                DA(I)=SORT( RL(I)/(1.-RL(I))/DA(I)
            DO 15 I=1,NA
                B(I,I)=1.
            DO 15 J=2,NA
                B(J,I)=A(J,NA)+RL(I)*B(J-1,I)
            DO 30 I=1,NA
                DO 30 J=1,NA
                    B(J,I)=B(J,I)+DA(I)
            DO 902 K=1,NA
                NAB=NA-1
                ANA=NAB
                DO 902 I=1,NA
                    XXF=0.
                    XXD=0.
                    DO 900 J=1,NAB
                        AJ=J
                        XXD=XXD+B(J,I)*RD(K)**(NAB-J)*(ANA-AJ+1.)
                        DO 901 J=1,NA
                            XYF=XYF+B(J,I)*RD(K)**(NAB-J+1)
                            YF1=SQRT(1.-RD(K))/RD(K)
                            YF2=1./RD(K)+1./1.-RD(K)
                            MC(I,K)=(XXD-XYF/2.*YF2)*YF1
            RETURN
        ENN

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```

5      SURROUTINE MINT
        DIMENSION Q(10,10),AAI(10),AA(10),MH2(10)
        COMMON/AEQ03/H1(10,10),MH1(10)
        COMMON/AEQ08/NB,NA,MYES,X,ITING
        MYES=MYES+1
        IF(MYES-1)800,800,801
        CONTINUE
        Q(1,1)=1.
        DO 930 K=2,9
            AK=K
            Q(1,K)=1./AK
            Q(2,K)=Q(1,K-1)*(2.*AK-3.)/(2.*AK)
            Q(2,K)=Q(2,K)-1./AK
        CONTINUE
        DO 940 K=3,9
            AK=K
            DO 940 I=3,K
                Q(I,K)=Q(I-1,K-1)*(2.*AK-3.)/(2.*AK)
        CONTINUE
        ASO=SQRT (X*(1.-X))
        DO 970 I=1,9
            AAI(I)=X**I
            AFY=SQRT (X/(1.-X))
            ASI=AYAM (AFY)
            AAI(1)=ASI+ASO
            DO 982 K=2,NA
                KA=K-1
                AAI(K)=Q(K,K)*(ASO-ASI)
            DO 982 I=1,KA
                KDUM=KA+1-I
                AAI(I)=AAI(K)+ASO*Q(I,K)+AA(KDUM)
        CONTINUE
        DO 999 K=1,NA
            MH1(K)=0.0
        DO 999 I=1,NA
            KDUM=I
            MH1(K)=MH1(K)+AAI(I)*HI(KDUM,K)
        RETURN
        END

```

```

SUBROUTINE HYBRID
COMMON/GEOM/PP(6),X(30),R(30),C2,N,NSHAPE,N1,N2,XB(225),FR(225)
COMMON/GE01/ RPP(225),BETA
COMMON/GE02/NN1,NN2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NBLUNT,NN,UNI,IPPINT,NN1A
COMMON/GE03/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,YINT,YINT,NN1A
COMMON/GE04/K,F,PR,PRF
COMMON/DIS2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6,CARLM
COMMON/DAT1/ Y(100),AK(100),AE(100),C(225),C1(225),C3
COMMON/DISC/ I,J,K,AT2,SUM,JM,PI
COMMON/DISI/J1,J3
COMMON/MAVE/CARL,CMBL,CMBL,CAM,CMM,CMM
COMMON/CPV/ CPV(225,7),JA,J8
COMMON/VOL/ VOL,CAF,CMF,CMF,CM,DM,DIA,XP,AP,VOLN,CR,CT,BM,CAFNI
COMMON/DISP/ R81(225),R81(225),R81(225),R81(225)
DIMENSION PSI(225),PHI(225),ZE0X(225),ZE0R(225),ZE0(225),
ZE0PX(225),ZE0PP(225),ZE0RR(225),PSIX(225),PSIR(225),
ZE1X(225),ZE1R(225)
DIMENSION YMET(20),YMET(20)
DATA(YMET,I=1,99)/.01,.02,.03,.04,.05,.06,.07,.08,.09,.10,.11,.12,
1.13,.14,.15,.16,.17,.18,.19,.20,.21,.22,.23,.24,.25,.26,.27,.28,
2.29,.30,.31,.32,.33,.34,.35,.36,.37,.38,.39,.40,.41,.42,.43,.44,
3.45,.46,.47,.48,.49,.50,.51,.52,.53,.54,.55,.56,.57,.58,.59,.60,
4.61,.62,.63,.64,.65,.66,.67,.68,.69,.70,.71,.72,.73,.74,.75,.76,
5.77,.78,.79,.80,.81,.82,.83,.84,.85,.86,.87,.88,.89,.90,.91,.92,
6.93,.94,.95,.96,.97,.98,.99/
DATA(AK(I),I=1,99)/23.35902,3.02571,2.03492,2.70210,2.60107,
12.51987,2.45234,2.37475,2.34473,2.30064,2.26132,2.22392,2.19380,
22.16445,2.13748,2.11257,2.08946,2.06794,2.04702,2.02696,2.01123,
31.99451,1.97871,1.96376,1.94957,1.93608,1.92324,1.91099,1.89929,
41.08811,1.87740,1.86713,1.85727,1.84780,1.83870,1.82993,1.82148,
51.81331,1.80547,1.79787,1.79053,1.78343,1.77655,1.76989,1.76344,
61.75718,1.75111,1.74521,1.73948,1.73392,1.72851,1.72324,1.71812,
71.71313,1.70827,1.70354,1.69892,1.69442,1.69003,1.68575,1.68157,
81.67748,1.67350,1.66960,1.66579,1.66206,1.65842,1.65485,1.65137,
91.64795,1.64461,1.64133,1.63813,1.63499,1.63191,1.62889,1.62593,
A1.62303,1.62018,1.61739,1.61465,1.61194,1.60932,1.60672,1.60418,
B1.60168,1.59922,1.59680,1.59443,1.59210,1.58981,1.58755,1.58534,
C1.58316,1.58101,1.57890,1.57683,1.57479,1.57278/
DATA(AE(I),I=1,99)/1.02836,1.04970,1.06835,1.08526,1.10085,
11.11541,1.12909,1.14204,1.15433,1.16606,1.17727,1.18802,1.19835,
21.20828,1.21786,1.22711,1.23604,1.24469,1.25307,1.26119,1.26907,
31.27672,1.28416,1.29139,1.29843,1.30528,1.31196,1.31847,1.32482,
41.33102,1.33707,1.34298,1.34875,1.35439,1.35991,1.36522,
51.37059,1.37575,1.38082,1.38577,1.39063,1.39539,1.40005,1.40463,
61.40911,1.41351,1.41783,1.42207,1.42623,1.43032,1.43433,1.43827,
71.44218,1.44594,1.44968,1.45336,1.45697,1.46053,1.46402,1.46746,
81.47045,1.47417,1.47785,1.48148,1.48506,1.48859,1.49206,1.49549,
91.49807,1.49902,1.50192,1.50477,1.50759,1.51036,1.51310,1.51579,
A1.51845,1.52107,1.52366,1.52621,1.52872,1.53121,1.53365,1.53607,
B1.53845,1.54081,1.54313,1.54542,1.54769,1.54992,1.55213,1.55430,
C1.55646,1.55859,1.56068,1.56275,1.56480,1.56682,1.56882/
PI=3.1415927
Y(100)=1.
AK(100)=PI/2.

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B-57

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60 AF(100)=AK(100)
C THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES THE SECOND ORDER AXIAL AND FIRST
C ORDER CROSS FLOW PERTURBATION VELOCITY COMPONENTS. THESE
C COMPONENTS ARE THEN COMBINED TO YIELD A HYBRID SOLUTION.
62 IKK=1
IK=1
THEY(1)=0.
THEY(11)=0.
DO 47 IJ=2,7
THEY(IJ)=THEY(IJ-1)+30.
THEY(IJ)=THEY(IJ)/57.29583
47 CONTINUE
YA=RP(1)
17 IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 118
WRITE(6,140) VOVS
140 FORMAT(//,47X,'PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS AT M = ',F6.3,/)
118 TA2=TA**2
C(1)=TA2/SQRT(1.-BETA**2*TA2)
CONICAL SOLUTION *
F11= ARSECH(BETA*TA)
F22= SQRT(1.-BETA**2*TA2)
ZE0(11)=-C(1)*F11
ZE0X(11)=-C(1)*F11
ZE0Y(11)=-C(1)*F11
80 ZE0XX(11)=-1./F22*C(1)
ZE0XY(11)=1./F22*TA*C(1)
ZE0YY(11)=-1./F22*TA2*C(1)
90 ZE0RR(11)=-1./F22*TA2*C(1)
C PARTICULAR SOLUTION AT TIP
I=1
AM=1.2*VOVS**2/BETA**2
PSIX(11)=VOVS**2*(ZE0(11)+AM*TA +ZE0R(11)*ZE0XX(11)+ZE0X(11)*
1ZE0Y(11)+AM*TA +ZE0YR(11))-0.75*TA +ZE0R(11)**2*ZE0XR(11)
PSIR(11)=VOVS**2*(ZE0(11)+AM*TA +ZE0R(11)*ZE0XX(11)+ZE0X(11)*(AM
1+1.)*ZE0R(11)+AM*TA +ZE0R(11))-0.25*ZE0R(11)**2*(ZE0R(11)+3.)*TA
2*ZE0RR(11))
C COMPLIMENTARY SOLUTION AT TIP.
C1(11)=TA*(TA*(1.+ZE0X(11))-PSIR(11))/F22
AR=C1(11)/C(1)
ZE0P(11)=AR*ZE0(11)
ZE0PX(11)=AR*ZE0X(11)
ZE0PY(11)=AR*ZE0Y(11)
95 C TOTAL SOLUTION AT TIP= PARTICULAR PLUS COMPLIMENTARY.
PHIX(11)=PSIX(11)+ZE0PX(11)
PHIR(11)=PSIR(11)+ZE0PR(11)
OR=(1.+ZE0X(11))*2+ZE0P(11)**2
CP01=2./((1.+4*VOVS**2)*(1.+0.2*VOVS**2*(1.-08))**3.5 - 1.)
OB=(1.+PHIX(11))*2+PHIP(11)**2
CPV(1,1)=2./((1.+4*VOVS**2)*(1.+0.2*VOVS**2*(1.-08))**3.5-1.)
CP02=CPV(1,1)
100 IF(MN.EQ.2) GO TO 35
C FIRST ORDER AXIAL FLOW
DO 7 I=2,NM
SUM=C.
IF(I.EQ.2) GO TO 36
J2=I-1

```

```

115      CC A J=2,J2
        XI=XB(JJ-1)-BETA*PB(JJ-1)
        YAU=RETA*PB(JJ)/(XB(JJ)-XI)
        IF(TAU.GE.1.0) TAU=.999999
        SUM=SUM+BETA*C(J)*XB(JJ)-XI)*(SQRT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
        A CONTINUE
        JM=NN2+1
        IF(I.LE.JM) GO TO 36
        CALL DISC1
        J=NN1+1
        XI=XB(JJ-1)-BETA*PB(JJ-1)
        YAU=RETA*PB(JJ)/(XB(JJ)-XI)
        IF(TAU.GE.1.0) TAU=.999999999
        SUM=SUM+BETA*C(J)*XB(JJ)-XI)*(SQRT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
        JM=NN2+1
        IF(I.LE.JM) GO TO 36
        CALL DISC1
        J=NN2+1
        XI=XB(JJ-1)-BETA*PB(JJ-1)
        YAU=RETA*PB(JJ)/(XB(JJ)-XI)
        IF(TAU.GE.1.0) TAU=.999999999
        SUM=SUM+BETA*C(J)*XB(JJ)-XI)*(SQRT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
        JM=NN3+1
        IF(I.LE.JM) GO TO 36
        CALL DISC1
        J=NN3+1
        XI=XB(JJ-1)-BETA*PB(JJ-1)
        YAU=RETA*PB(JJ)/(XB(JJ)-XI)
        IF(TAU.GE.1.0) TAU=.994999999
        SUM=SUM+BETA*C(J)*XB(JJ)-XI)*(SQRT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
        JM=NN3+1
        IF(I.LE.JM) GO TO 36
        CALL DISC1
        J=NN3+1
        XI=XB(JJ-1)-BETA*PB(JJ-1)
        YAU=RETA*PB(JJ)/(XB(JJ)-XI)
        IF(TAU.GE.1.0) TAU=.999999
        YI=C(J)*BETA*SQRT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU
        DEN=RETA*(XB(JJ)-XI)*(SQRT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
        C(J)=(YI*YI-SUM)/DEN
        IF(IKK=2) 52,63,64
        GO TO 65
        JL=NN1
        GO TO 65
        JL=NN2
        GO TO 65
        JL=NN3
        GO TO 65
        IF(I.LE.JL) GO TO 7
        N=ABS(PBP(JL+1)-PBP(JL))
        IF(D.GE.0.0001) GO TO 6A
        C(JL+1)=C(JL)
        IKK=IKK+1
        GO TO 7
        6A C(JL+1)=(PBP(JL+1)-PBP(JL))/(PBP(JL+1)+PBP(JL))
        IKK=IKK+1
        CONTINUE
        I=2 IS 2ND POINT ON SURFACE
        DO 9 I=2,NN
    
```



```

SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
SUM4=0.
SUM5=0.
SUM6=0.
C J=1 IS CONICAL SOLN. WHICH WILL BE ADDED IN BELOW.
DC 10 J=2,I
XXI=XB(I)+BETA*PB(J-1)-XB(J-1)
TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XXI
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
F1=ARSECH(TAU)
F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
SUM1=SUM1-C(J)*XXI**2*((1.+0.5*TAU**2)*F1 -1.5*F2)
SUM2=SUM2-2.*C(J)*XXI*(F1-F2)
SUM3=SUM3+BETA*C(J)*XXI*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)
SUM4=SUM4-2.*C(J)*F1
SUM5=SUM5+2.*BETA*C(J)*F2/TAU
SUM6=SUM6-BETA**2*C(J)*(F2/TAU**2 + F1)
170 CONTINUE
JM=NM1+1
IF(I.LE.NM1) GO TO 18
CALL DISC2
J=NM1+1
XXI=XB(I)+BETA*PB(J-1)-XB(J-1)
TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XXI
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
F1=ARSECH(TAU)
F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
SUM1=SUM1+C(J)*XXI**2*((1.+0.5*TAU**2)*F1 -1.5*F2)
SUM2=SUM2+2.*C(J)*XXI*(F1-F2)
SUM3=SUM3-BETA*C(J)*XXI*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)
SUM4=SUM4+2.*C(J)*F1
SUM5=SUM5-2.*BETA*C(J)*F2/TAU
SUM6=SUM6+BETA**2*C(J)*(F2/TAU**2 + F1)
JM=NM2+1
IF(I.LE.NM2) GO TO 18
CALL DISC2
J=NM2+1
XXI=XB(I)+BETA*PB(J-1)-XB(J-1)
TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XXI
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
F1=ARSECH(TAU)
F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
SUM1=SUM1+C(J)*XXI**2*((1.+0.5*TAU**2)*F1 -1.5*F2)
SUM2=SUM2+2.*C(J)*XXI*(F1-F2)
SUM3=SUM3-BETA*C(J)*XXI*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)
SUM4=SUM4+2.*C(J)*F1
SUM5=SUM5-2.*BETA*C(J)*F2/TAU
SUM6=SUM6+BETA**2*C(J)*(F2/TAU**2 + F1)
JM=NM3+1
IF(I.LE.NM3) GO TO 18
CALL DISC2
J=NM3+1
XXI=XB(I)+BETA*PB(J-1)-XB(J-1)

```

```

225 TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XXI
    IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    F1=APSECH(TAU)
    F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
    SUM1=SUM1+C(J)*XXI**2*(1.+0.5*TAU**2)*F1 -1.5*F2)
    SUM2=SUM2+2.*C(J)*XXI*(F1-F2)
    SUM3=SUM3-BETA*C(J)*XXI*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)
    SUM4=SUM4+2.*C(J)*F1
    SUM5=SUM5-2.*BETA*C(J)*F2/TAU
    SUM6=SUM6+BETA**2*C(J)*(F2/TAU**2 + F1)
    XIMX1=XR(I)-XB(1)+BETA*PB(I)
    TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XIMX1
    IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    F1=APSECH(TAU)
    F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
    ZEO(I)=SUM1+XIMX1*(F2-F1)*C(I)
    ZEOX(I)=SUM2-F1*C(I)
    ZEOY(I)=SUM3+BETA*F2/TAU*C(I)
    ZEOXX(I)=-1./(XIMX1*F2)*C(I)+SUM4
    ZEOXR(I)=BETA/(XIMX1*TAU*F2)*C(I)+SUM5
    ZEOYR(I)=-BETA**2/(XIMX1*TAU**2*F2)*C(I)+SUM6
    QB=(1.+ZEOX(I))**2 + ZFO(I)**2
    CPV(I,1)=CP01
    PHIX(I)=ZEOX(I)
    PHIR(I)=ZEOYR(I)
    IF(NSHAPE.NE.4) GO TO 503
    IF(I.GT.NN2) GO TO 505
    GO TO 504
230 503 IF(I.GT.NN3) GO TO 505
    504 CONTINUE
    C SECOND ORDER AXIAL SOLUTION.
    C A. PARTICULAR SOLUTION
    AN=1.2*VOVS**2/BETA**2
    PSI(I)=VOVS**2*(ZEOY(I)*(ZEO(I)+AN*RR(I))+ZEOP(I))-0.25*RR(I)
    1*ZEOP(I)**3)
    PSTY(I)=VOVS**2*(ZEO(I)+AN*PB(I))*ZEOP(I)/E0XX(I)+ZEOX(I)*(
    17E0Y(I)+AN*PB(I))*ZEOXP(I)-0.75*PB(I)*ZEOP(I)**2-ZEOYR(I)
    PSTPR(I)=VOVS**2*(ZEO(I)+AN*PB(I))*ZEOYR(I)+ZEOY(I)*(AN
    1+1.)*ZFO(I)+AN*PB(I))*ZERP(I)-0.25*ZFO(I)**2*(ZEOY(I)+3.*PB(I)
    2*ZERP(I))
    C B. COMPLIMENTARY SOLUTION
    SUM=0.
    IF(I.EQ.2) GO TO 37
    J3=1-1
    DO 12 J=2,J3
    YI=YR(IJ-1)-PBTA*PB(IJ-1)
    TAU=BETA*PB(I)/YR(I)-YI
    IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    SUM=SUM+BETA*C(IJ)*YR(I)-YI
    1-TAU*PBSECH(TAU))
    12 CONTINUE
    JMENN(I)
    IF(I.LE.J4) GO TO 37
    CALL OVER3
235 1* (SQRT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU

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280 J=NN1+1
    XI=XB(J-1)-RFTA*RB(J-1)
    YA=BETA*RB(I)/(XB(I)-XI)
    IF(YAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    SUM=SUM-BETA*C1(J)*(YR(I)-XI
1-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
    JM=NM2+1
    IF(I.LE.JM) GO TO 37
    CALL DTSC3
    J=NM2+1
    XI=XB(J-1)-BETA*RB(J-1)
    YA=BETA*RB(I)/(XB(I)-XI)
    IF(YAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    SUM=SUM-BETA*C1(J)*(XN(I)-XI
1-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
    JM=NM3+1
    IF(I.LE.JM) GO TO 37
    CALL DTSC3
    J=NM3+1
    XI=XB(J-1)-BETA*RB(J-1)
    YA=BETA*RB(I)/(XB(I)-XI)
    IF(YAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    SUM=SUM-RETA*C1(J)*(XB(I)-XI
1-TAU*ARSECH(TAU))
    37 TAU=BETA*RB(I)/(XB(I)-XB(I-1)+BETA*RB(I-1))
    IF(YAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    TAU1=BETA*RB(I)/(XB(I)-XB(I)+BETA*RB(I))
    YTC1(I)=BETA*SORT(1.-TAU1**2)/TAU1
    C1(I)=(RPP(I)*(1.+ZE0X(I))-PSIP(I)-TT-SUM)/(BETA*(XB(I)-
1XB(I-1)+BETA*RB(I-1))+(SORT(1.-TAU**2)/TAU-TAU*ARSECH(TAU)))
    IF(IK-2) 94,95,96
    94 JL=NM1
    GO TO 97
    95 JL=NM2
    GO TO 97
    96 JI=NM3
    97 IF(I.LE.JL) GO TO 93
    D=ABS(RPP(JL+1)-RPP(JL))
    IF(D.LE.0.0001) GO TO 92
    D1=PSI(JL+1)-PSI(JL)
    C3=-D1
    C1(JL+1)=(RPP(JL+1)*(1.+ZE0X(JL+1))-PSIP(JL+1)-TT-SUM+3.*C3/
1(A.*RB(JL+1)))/RETA
    IK=IK+1
    GO TO 93
    92 C1(JL+1)=(RPP(JL+1)*(1.+ZE0X(JL+1))-PSIP(JL+1)-TT-SUM)/RETA
    IK=IK+1
    93 SUM1=0.
    SUM2=0.
    SUM3=0.
    DO 13 J=2,I
    YXI=XB(I)-XP(J-1)+RETA*RB(J-1)
    YA=RETA*RB(I)/YXI
    IF(YAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
    C1=ARSECH(TAU)

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```

335       F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
          SUM1=SUM1-C1(IJ)*XXI**2*(1+.0.5*TAU**2)*F1-1.5*F2)
          SUM2=SUM2-2.*C1(IJ)*XXI*(F1-F2)
          SUM3=SUM3+BETA*C1(IJ)*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)*XXI
          13 CONTINUE
          JM=NM1*1
          IF(I.LE.NM1) GO TO 21
          CALL DISC6
          J=NM1+1
          XXI=XB(I)-XB(J-1)+BETA*PB(J-1)
          TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XXI
          IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
          F1=APSECH(TAU)
          F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
          SUM1=SUM1+C1(IJ)*XXI**2*(1+.0.5*TAU**2)*F1-1.5*F2)
          SUM2=SUM2+2.*C1(IJ)*XXI*(F1-F2)
          SUM3=SUM3-BETA*C1(IJ)*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)*XXI
          JM=NM2*1
          IF(I.LE.NM2) GO TO 21
          CALL DISC6
          J=NM2*1
          XXI=XB(I)-XB(J-1)+BETA*PB(J-1)
          TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XXI
          F1=APSECH(TAU)
          F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
          SUM1=SUM1+C1(IJ)*XXI**2*(1+.0.5*TAU**2)*F1-1.5*F2)
          SUM2=SUM2+2.*C1(IJ)*XXI*(F1-F2)
          SUM3=SUM3-BETA*C1(IJ)*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)*XXI
          JM=NM3*1
          IF(I.LE.NM3) GO TO 21
          CALL DISC6
          J=NM3*1
          XXI=XB(I)-XB(J-1)+BETA*PB(J-1)
          TAU=BETA*PB(I)/XXI
          IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
          F1=APSECH(TAU)
          F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
          SUM3=SUM3-BETA*C1(IJ)*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)*XXI
          SUM2=SUM2+2.*C1(IJ)*XXI*(F1-F2)
          SUM1=SUM1+C1(IJ)*XXI**2*(1+.0.5*TAU**2)*F1-1.5*F2)
          YIMX1=XB(I)-XB(1)+BETA*PB(1)
          TAU=BETA*PB(I)/YIMX1
          IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
          F1=APSECH(TAU)
          F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
          ZFOP(I)=SUM1+C1(IJ)*YIMX1*(F2-F1)
          ZFOPY(I)=SUM2-C1(IJ)*F1
          ZFOPM(I)=SUM3-C1(IJ)*BETA*F2/TAU
          C TOTAL 2ND ORDER SOLUTION FOR ALL CURVE LENGTHS.
          PMF(I)=C1(I)*ZFOP(I)
          BPT(I)=C1(I)*ZFOPY(I)
          BPTM(I)=C1(I)*ZFOPM(I)
          CPT(I)=C1(I)*ZPT(I)
          CPTM(I)=C1(I)*ZPTM(I)
          CPTM(I)=C1(I)*ZPTM(I)

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390 505 IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 9
      42  FORMAT(47X,6F10.5)
      35  CONTINUE
      35  IF(ABS(CAL).GT.0.001) GO TO 116
      IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 151
      WRITE(6,41)
      41  FORMAT(54X,1HX,10X,1MR,10X,5MDR/DX,7X,3MCP,/)
      151  DO 117 I=1,NM
      IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 150
      WRITE(6,42) XB(I),RB(I),RBP(I),CPV(I,1)
      150  DO 117 J=1,7
      CPV(I,J)=CPV(I,1)
      117  CONTINUE
      GO TO 108
      C  FIRST ORDER CROSS FLOW
      116  IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 120
      WRITE(6,51)
      51  FORMAT(54X,1HX,8X,1MR,9X,5HTMETA,6X,2MCP,/)
      120  J=1
      C  BOUNDARY LAYER DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS INCLUDED FOR CROSSFLOW SOLUTION.
      PO=(1.0092*VQVS**2)**0.5A
      PND=PN*DIA
      XCRIT=50000./RND
      DELI=0.125*PO*.5.*SORT(XCRIT/RND)
      DEL1=15.*SORT(XCRIT/RND)**1.25
      DEL2=0.
      DRBP=0.
      DO 702 I=2,NM
      IF(XB(I).GT.0.) GO TO 705
      RB(I)=RB(I)
      RBP(I)=RBP(I)
      GO TO 702
      705  IF(XB(I).LE.XCRIT) GO TO 700
      DEL=.125*PO*(DEL1+0.289*(XB(I)-XCRIT)/RND**0.25)**0.80
      GO TO 701
      700  DEL=DELI*XB(I)/XCRIT
      701  CONTINUE
      RB(I)=RB (I)+DEL
      DER=DEL-DEL2
      DEX=XB(I)-XB(I-1)
      IF(DEX.GT.0.) GO TO 703
      GO TO 704
      703  DRBP=DER/DEX
      704  RBP(I)=RBP (I)+DRBP
      DEL2=DEL
      CONTINUE
      RBP(I)=RBP(I)
      RRP1(I)=RRP1(I2)
      TA=RRP1(I)
      TA2=TA**2
      R(I)=2./BETA/(SORT(1.-BETA**2*TA2)/(BETA**2*TA2)+ARSECH(RTA**2))
      I=1
      TAU=BETA*TA
      F1=ARSECH(TAU)
      F2=SOR(1.-TAU**2)

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ZE1(1)=R(1)/2.*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)
ZE1X(1)=R(1)*F2/TAU
ZF1P(1)=-BETA*R(1)/2.*(F2/TAU**2+F1)
DO 53 IJ=1,7
UB=COS(AL)*SIN(THET(IJ))*SIN(AL)*COS(THET(IJ))*ZE1X(IJ)
VB=COS(AL)*PHI(R(IJ))*SIN(AL)*COS(THET(IJ))*SIN(THET(IJ))*ZE1P(IJ)
WB=-SIN(AL)*SIN(THET(IJ))*SIN(THET(IJ))*SIN(THET(IJ))*SIN(THET(IJ))*TAU
QB=UB**2+VB**2+WB**2
CPV(1,IJ)=2./(1.4*VOVS**2)*((1.+0.2*VOVS**2*(1.-QB))**3.5-1.)
IF(IPRINT.ME.1) GO TO 53
WRITE(6,42) XB(I),RB(I),THET1(IJ),CPV(1,IJ)
53 CONTINUE
IF(MN.MF.2) GO TO 23
DO 131 IJ=1,7
CPV(2,IJ)=CPV(1,IJ)
CONTINUE
131 GO TO 108
23 J5=MN
DO 22 I=2,J5
SUM=0.
J6=I-1
DO 14 J=1,J6
IF(J.GT.1) GO TO 110
YAU=BETA*RB1(I)/(XB(I)-XB(I)+BETA*RB(1))
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
GO TO 111
110 Y1U=BETA*RB1(I)/(XB(I)-XB(I)-1)+BETA*RB1(IJ-1)
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
F1=ARSECH(TAU)
F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 107
D=ABS(XB(J)-XB(J-1))
IF(D.LY.0.000001) GO TO 14
SUM=SUM-R(I)*(F2/TAU**2+F1)
107 CONTINUE
14 TAU=BETA*RB1(I)/(XB(I)-XB(I-1)+BETA*RB1(I-1))
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
D=ABS(XB(I)-XB(I-1))
IF(D.LY.0.000001) GO TO 114
R(I)=42./BETA*(SUM)/(SQRT(1.-TAU)**2)/TAU**2+ARSECH(TAU)
GO TO 115
114 R(I)=0.
115 SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
DO 15 J=1,I
IF(J.GT.1) GO TO 112
YAU=BETA*RB1(I)/(XB(I)-XB(I)+BETA*RB(1))
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
XYI=XB(I)-XB(I)+BETA*RB(I)
GO TO 113
112 XYI=YB(I)-YB(I)+BETA*RB1(IJ-1)
YAU=BETA*RB1(I)/XYI
IF(TAU.GE.1.) TAU=0.999999999
113 F1=ARSECH(TAU)

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```

500      F2=SQRT(1.-TAU**2)
24      SUM1=SUM1+8(IJ)/2.*(F2/TAU-TAU*F1)*XXI
        SUM2=8(IJ)*F2/TAU*SUM2
        SUM3=-8*TA/2.*R(IJ)*(F2/TAU**2+F1)+SUM3
        IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 46
15      CONTINUE
46      ZE1(I)=SUM1
        ZE1X(I)=SUM2
        ZE1R(I)=SUM3
C      HYBRID THEORY
        DO 48 IJ=1,7
        UB=COS(AL)*(1.+PHIX(I))+SIN(AL)*COS(THET(IJ))+ZE1X(I)
        VB=COS(AL)*PHIR(I)+SIN(AL)*COS(THET(IJ))+1.+ZE1R(I)
        WB=-SIN(AL)*SIN(THET(IJ))*(1.+ZE1(I)/RB1(I))
        QB=UB**2+VB**2+WB**2
        CPV(I,IJ)=2./(1.+4.*VOVS**2)*((1.+0.2*VOVS**2*(1.-08))**3.5-1.)
        IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 48
        WRITE(6,42) XB(I),RB(I),THET1(IJ),CPV(I,IJ)
48      CONTINUE
        IF(M.EQ.2) GO TO 27
22      CONTINUE
108     IF(MBLUNT.EQ.2) CALL NEMT
        CALL WAVE
27      CONTINUE
        RETURN
520     END

```

```
5 SUBROUTINE INTERP(TX,TY,X,Y,N,J)
   DIMENSION TX(100),TY(100)
   I=0
1  I=I+1
   IF(TX(I).LE.X) GO TO 1
   IF(I.LE.J) I=J
   IF(I.GT.(N-2)) I=N-2
   CALL INTER5(X,TX(I-2),TX(I-1),TX(I),TX(I+1),TX(I+2),TY(I-2),TY(I-1),
1) ,TY(I),TY(I+1),TY(I+2),Y)
   RETURN
END
```


SUBROUTINE INTEPS(X,X1,X2,X3,X4,X5,F1,F2,F3,F4,F5,F)

5 POINT LAGRANGE INTERPOLATION SUBROUTINE

X1,LE,X,LE,X5

A1=(X-X2)*(X-X3)*(X-X4)*(X-X5)

A2=(X-X1)*(X-X3)*(X-X4)*(X-X5)

A3=(X-X1)*(X-X2)*(X-X4)*(X-X5)

A4=(X-X1)*(X-X2)*(X-X3)*(X-X4)

A5=(X-X1)*(X-X2)*(X-X3)*(X-X4)

D1=(X1-X2)*(X1-X3)*(X1-X4)*(X1-X5)

D2=(X2-X1)*(X2-X3)*(X2-X4)*(X2-X5)

D3=(X3-X1)*(X3-X2)*(X3-X4)*(X3-X5)

D4=(X4-X1)*(X4-X2)*(X4-X3)*(X4-X5)

D5=(X5-X1)*(X5-X2)*(X5-X3)*(X5-X4)

C1=A1/D1

C2=A2/D2

C3=A3/D3

C4=A4/D4

C5=A5/D5

F=C1*F1+C2*F2+C3*F3+C4*F4+C5*F5

RETURN

END

5

10

15

20

```

SUBROUTINE LIFT(R,GAMA,CR,CT,XLE,XL,DELTA,IOP,IOPI,TO,TT,K,AREF,DF
1)
COMMON/GE02/NN1,NN2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NPLUNT,NN,NNI,IPPRINT,NNIA
COMMON/GE03/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,XINT,YINT,ANTA
COMMON/F/CMRF,CNTB,CMBT,CMRF,CMBT,CMTB
COMMON/G/ CNC,CNFB,CNRF,CMFB,CMRF,CMC,CNTV,CHTV
COMMON/BASE/CAB,CNB,CHR,TOC,XOC,NTYPE
C IOP=1 FOR WING
C IOP=2 FOR TAIL
C IF JUST HAVE WING OR JUST HAVE TAIL IOPI=1
C K MUST BE INITIALIZED TO ZERO FOR EACH NEW CONFIGURATION
XM=CR*.25
DREF=SQRT(4.*AREF/3.14159)
IF(NTYPE.EQ.4) DREF=CR
XL=XL*DREF
XLE=XLE*DREF
DELTA1=DELTA/57.29578
YBAR=B/6.*(CR+2.*CT)/(CR+CT)
TBAR=TB-(TB-TT)/(1.5*B)*YBAR
CBAR=CR-(CR-CT)*(CR+2.*CT)/(3.*(CR+CT))
TOVC=TBAR/CBAR
N1=4
N2=4
N4=3
ALAM=CT/CR
BETA=SQRT(ABS(VOVS**2-1.))
AI=AL*57.29578
XLI=XLE+CR*DF*BETA
IF(XL-XLI) 500,500,600
500 XAFT=XL-(XLE+CR)
GO TO 601
600 XAFT=DF*BETA
601 CONTINUE
SF=(CR+CT)*.5*B
ARF=2.*B/(CR+CT)
R=.5*DF
IF(VOVS-.79) 104,105,105
104 CALL SUBCNA(B,CR,CT,GAMA,SF,AI,XLE,CNAF,XCPF,VOVS,N1,N2,N4)
GO TO 108
105 IF(VOVS-1.19) 106,106,107
106 CALL TRCNA(CR,CT,B,GAMA,TOVC,VOVS,CNAF,XCPF,IOP,K,SF,AI,XLE,N1,N2
1,N4)
GO TO 108
107 CALL SUPCNA(CR,CT,B,VOVS,AI,IPPRINT,GAMA,XLE,SF,1.,CNAF,XCPF,IOPI)
108 CONTINUE
C FIN BODY INTERFERENCE
O=.5*B*B
CALL FRINT(R,O,VOVS,CR,CT,AREF,GAMA,CNAF,XKFB,XKRF,XKFB1,XKRF1,XL,X
1LE,AREF)
IF(NTYPE.NE.4) GO TO 200
XKFB=1.
XKFB1=1.
XKRF=0.
XKRF1=0.
200 IF(IOPI.LF.1) GO TO 111

```

IF(1-IOP) 109,110,110

109 PT=0

ST=SF

RT=0

ART=0

CNAT=CNAT

XCPY=XCPY

ALAMT=ALAM

XKTB=XKTB

XKBT=XKBT

XKTB1=XKTB1

XKBT1=XKBT1

DELTA=DELTA/57.29578

IF(VOVS.GT.1.19) GO TO 216

XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF

GO TO 209

F1=BETA*DREF-XAFT

F2=F1-CR

IF(F1.GE.0.) GO TO 201

XCPBT=(CR+BETA*DREF)/2.

XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF+XLE/DREF

GO TO 209

IF(F2.GT.0.) GO TO 205

C1=CR**2*DREF/2.

C2=BETA**2*DREF**3/6.

C3=(DREF/2.-XAFT)/(3.*BETA)/(DREF-XAFT/(2.*BETA))

C4=CR+XAFT*C3

C5=XAFT*C4*(2.*DREF-XAFT/BETA)/2.

C6=DREF*CR-SETA*DREF**2/2.

C7=XAFT*(2.*DREF-XAFT/BETA)/2.

XCPBT=(C1-C2+C5)/(C6+C7)

XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF+XLE/DREF

GO TO 209

C1=CR+XAFT

C2=CR**2.*XAFT/3.

XCPBT=(2.*C1**3.-C2*XAFT**2)/(C1**2.-XAFT**2)

XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF+XLE/DREF

209 XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF

GO TO 112

110 CALL WTIME(R,B,RT,RT,ART,CNAT,CR,XCPT,XLE,DELTA1,ALAMT,XH,XKF

18,XKFB1,CLTVA,AT)

CNFB=CNAT*(XKFB*AL+XKFB1*DELTA1)*SF/AREF

CNBF=CNAT*(XKBF*AL+XKBF1*DELTA1)*SF/AREF

CNTB=CNAT*(XKTB*AL+XKTB1*DELTA1)*ST/AREF

CNBT=CNAT*(XKBT*AL+XKBT1*DELTA1)*ST/AREF

CNTV=CLTVA*SF/AREF

XCPCB=XCPB/DREF

IF(VOVS.GT.1.19) GO TO 215

XCPBC=XCPCB

GO TO 211

F1=BETA*DREF-XAFT

F2=F1-CR

IF(F1.GE.0.) GO TO 203

XCPBC=(CR+BETA*DREF)/2.

XCPBC=XCPBC/DREF+XLE/DREF

GO TO 211

215 F1=BETA*DREF-XAFT

F2=F1-CR

IF(F1.GE.0.) GO TO 203

XCPBC=(CR+BETA*DREF)/2.

XCPBC=XCPBC/DREF+XLE/DREF

GO TO 211

216 F1=BETA*DREF-XAFT

F2=F1-CR

IF(F1.GE.0.) GO TO 203

XCPBC=(CR+BETA*DREF)/2.

XCPBC=XCPBC/DREF+XLE/DREF

GO TO 211

```

203 GO TO 211
   IF(F2.GT.0.) GO TO 207
   C1=CP+2*DREF/2.
   C2=BETA**2*DREF**3/6.
   C3=(DREF/2.-XAFY/(3.*BETA))/(DREF-XAFY/(2.*BETA))
   C4=CP+XAFY*C3
   C5=XAFY**4*(2.*DREF-XAFY/BETA)/2.
   C6=DREF*CP-BETA*DREF**2/2.
   C7=XAFY*(2.*DREF-XAFY/BETA)/2.
   XCPBC=(C1-C2+C5)/(C6+C7)
   XCPBC=XCPBC/DREF+XLE/DREF
   GO TO 211
207 C1=CR+XAFY
   C2=CR+2.*XAFY/3.
   XCPBC=(2.*C1**3/3.-C2*XAFY**2)/(C1**2-XAFY**2)
   XCPBC=XCPBC/DREF+XLE/DREF
211 CMBF=-CMBF*XCPBC
   CMTB=-CMTB*XCPB
   CMBT=-CMBT*XCPB
   CMTV=-CMTV*XCPB
   CMBF=CMBT*AL*SY/AREF
   CMBF=-CMBF*XCPB
   CMC=CMBF*AL*SF/AREF
   CMC=-CMC*XCPB
   GO TO 112
111 CONTINUE
   IF(IOP=1) 113,113,114
113 CMBF=CMBF*(XKB*AL+XKFB1*DELTA1)*SF/AREF
   CMBF=CMBF*(XKB*AL+XKFB1*DELTA1)*SF/AREF
   CMTB=0.
   CMTV=0.
   XCPB=0.
   XCPB=0.
   XCPB=0.
   XCPB=XCPB/DREF
   F1=BETA*DREF-XAFY
   F2=F1-CR
   IF(F1.GE.0.) GO TO 204
   XCPBC=(CR+BETA*DREF)/2.
   XCPBC=XCPBC/DREF+XLE/DREF
   GO TO 210
204 IF(F2.GT.0.) GO TO 20A
   C1=CP+2*DREF/2.
   C2=BETA**2*DREF**3/6.
   C3=(DREF/2.-XAFY/(3.*BETA))/(DREF-XAFY/(2.*BETA))
   C4=CP+XAFY*C3
   C5=XAFY**4*(2.*DREF-XAFY/BETA)/2.
   C6=DREF*CP-BETA*DREF**2/2.
   C7=XAFY*(2.*DREF-XAFY/BETA)/2.
   XCPBC=(C1-C2+C5)/(C6+C7)
   XCPBC=XCPBC/DREF+XLE/DREF
   GO TO 210
20A C1=CP+XAFY
   C2=CP+2.*XAFY/3.

```

B-71

```

170 XCPAC=(2.*C1**3/1.-C2*XAFY**2)/(C1**2-YAFY**2)
    XCPAC=XCPAC/DREF+XLE/DREF
    CNFB=-CNFB*XPCPB
    CNRF=-CNRF*XCPAC
    CMTB=0.
    CNBT=0.
    CMTV=0.
    CNFV=0.
    CNCF=0.
    CMC=CNAF*AL*SF/AREF
    CMC=-CMC*XPCPB
    GO TO 112
114 CNFB=0.
    CNRF=0.
    CMTB=CNAF*(XKFB*AL+XKFB1*DELTA1)*SF/AREF
    CNBT=CNAF*(XKBF*AL+XKBF1*DELTA1)*SF/AREF
    CMTV=0.
    XPCPB=0.
    XCFBC=0.
    XCPYB=XCPF/DREF
    IF(VOVS.GT.1.19) GO TO 217
    XCPBT=XCPYB
    GO TO 212
217 F1=BETA*DREF-XAFY
    F2=F1-CR
    IF(F1.GE.0.) GO TO 202
    XCPBT=(CR+BETA*DREF)/2.
    XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF+XLE/DREF
    GO TO 212
202 IF(F2.GT.0.) GO TO 206
    C1=CR**2*DREF/2.
    C2=BETA**2*DREF**3/6.
    C3=(DREF/2.-XAFY/(3.*BETA))/(DREF-XAFY/(2.*BETA))
    C4=CR+XAFY*C3
    C5=XAFY*C4*(2.*DREF-XAFY/BETA)/2.
    C6=DREF*CR-BETA*DREF**2/2.
    C7=XAFY*(2.*DREF-XAFY/BETA)/2.
    XCPBT=(C1-C2+C5)/(C6+C7)
    XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF+XLE/DREF
    GO TO 212
206 C1=CR+XAFY
    C2=CR+2.*XAFY/3.
    XCPBT=(2.*C1**3/3.-C2*XAFY**2)/(C1**2-XAFY**2)
    XCPBT=XCPBT/DREF+XLE/DREF
    CNFB=0.
    CNRF=0.
    CMTB=-CMTB*XCPYB
    CNBT=-CNBT*XCPBT
    CMTV=0.
    CNCF=0.
    CMC=0.
    CMC=CNAF*AL*SF/AREF
    CNRF=-CNRF*XCPYB
112 CONTINUE
    XLE=XLE/DREF
220

```

SUBROUTINE LIFE TRACE
XL=XL/DIFF
PFUPN
END

CC 100 FTN V3.0-00 11/ 3/73 17.14.31. PAGE 5

```

SUBROUTINE MINVP (A,N,R,M,OPTERM,IF00)
C
C      SURROUTINE MINVP(A,N,R,M,OPTERM,IF00)
C      MATRIX INVERSION FOR SYSTECH WITH VARIABLE ARRAY SIZE
C
5     DIMENSION IPTVCT(100),INDEX(100,2)
C     DIMENSION A(N,N),R(N,M)
C
C     FPOOR LIST
C     7001 - N GREATER THAN 100
C     7002 - REMAINDER OF MATRIX HAS VANISHED
C
10    FOUTVALENCE (AMAX,T,SWAP)
C
C     CONSISTENCY CHECK
C
15    4 IERR=0
C     5 IF(N-100)10,10,6
C     6 IERR=7001
C     RETURN
C
C     INITIALIZATION
C
20    DETERM=1.0
C     DO 20 J=1,N
C     20 IPIVOT(J)=0
C     DO 50 I=1,N
C
C     SEARCH FOR PIVOT ELEMENT
C
30    40 AMAX=0.0
C     45 DO 105 J=1,N
C     50 IF (IPIVOT(J)-1) 60,105,60
C     60 DO 100 K=1,N
C     70 IF(IPIVOT(K)-1)80,100,100
C     80 IF (ABS (AMAX)-ABS (A(I,J,K))) 85,100,100
C     85 IROW=J
C     90 ICOLUM=K
C     95 AMAX=A(I,J,K)
C     100 CONTINUE
C     105 CONTINUE
C     110 IPIVOT(ICOLUM)=1
C     112 IF(AMAX)130,113,130
C     113 IERR=7002
C     RETURN
C
C     INTERCHANGE ROWS TO PUT PIVOT ELEMENT ON DIAGONAL
C
45    130 IF (IROW-ICOLUM) 140,260,140
C     140 OPTERM=-OPTERM
C     150 DO 200 L=1,N
C     160 SWAP=A(IROW,L)
C     170 A(IROW,L)=A(ICOLUM,L)
C     200 A(ICOLUM,L)=SWAP
C     205 IF(M) 260,260,210
C     210 DO 250 L=1, M
C     220 SWAP=B(IROW,L)

```

MIV 0
MIV 10
MIV 20
MIV 30
MIV 40
MIV 50
MIV 60
MIV 70
MIV 80
MIV 90
MIV 100
MIV 110
MIV 120
MIV 130
MIV 140
MIV 150
MIV 160
MIV 170
MIV 180
MIV 190
MIV 200
MIV 210
MIV 220
MIV 230
MIV 240
MIV 250
MIV 260
MIV 270
MIV 280
MIV 290
MIV 300
MIV 310
MIV 320
MIV 330
MIV 340
MIV 350
MIV 360
MIV 370
MIV 380
MIV 390
MIV 400
MIV 410
MIV 420
MIV 430
MIV 440
MIV 450
MIV 460
MIV 470
MIV 480
MIV 490
MIV 500
MIV 510
MIV 520
MIV 530
MIV 540

```

230 R(IRON,L)=A(ICOLU,L)
250 R(ICOLU,L)=SWAP
260 INDEX(I,1)=IRON
270 INDEX(I,2)=ICOLU
310 PIVOT=A(ICOLU,ICOLU)
320 DETERM=DETERM*PIVOT
C
C      DIVIDE PIVOT ROW BY PIVOT ELEMENT
C
330 A(ICOLU,ICOLU)=1.0
340 DO 350 L=1,N
350 A(ICOLU,L)=A(ICOLU,L)/PIVOT
355 IF(M) 380, 380, 360
360 DO 370 L=1,M
370 R(ICOLU,L)=R(ICOLU,L)/PIVOT
C
C      REDUCE NON-PIVOT ROWS
C
380 DO 550 L1=1,N
390 IF(L1=ICOLU) 400, 550, 400
400 T=A(L1,ICOLU)
420 A(L1,ICOLU)=0.0
430 DO 450 L=1,N
450 A(L1,L)=A(L1,L)-A(ICOLU,L)*T
455 IF(M) 550, 550, 460
460 DO 500 L=1,M
500 R(L1,L)=R(L1,L)-R(ICOLU,L)*T
550 CONTINUE
C
C      INTERCHANGE COLUMNS
C
600 DO 710 I=1,N
610 L=N+1-I
620 IF (INDEX(L,1)-INDEX(L,2)) 630, 710, 630
630 IRON=INDEX(L,1)
640 ICOLU=INDEX(L,2)
650 DO 705 K=1,N
660 SWAP=A(K,IRON)
670 A(K,IRON)=A(K,ICOLU)
700 A(K,ICOLU)=SWAP
705 CONTINUE
710 CONTINUE
740 RETURN
END
    
```

MIV 55C
 MIV 56C
 MIV 57C
 MIV 58C
 MIV 59C
 MIV 60C
 MIV 61C
 MIV 62C
 MIV 63C
 MIV 64C
 MIV 65C
 MIV 66C
 MIV 67C
 MIV 68C
 MIV 69C
 MIV 70C
 MIV 71C
 MIV 72C
 MIV 73C
 MIV 74C
 MIV 75C
 MIV 76C
 MIV 77C
 MIV 78C
 MIV 79C
 MIV 80C
 MIV 81C
 MIV 82C
 MIV 83C
 MIV 84C
 MIV 85C
 MIV 86C
 MIV 87C
 MIV 88C
 MIV 89C
 MIV 90C
 MIV 91C
 MIV 92C
 MIV 93C
 MIV 94C
 MIV 95C
 MIV 96C
 MIV 97C
 MIV 98C
 MIV 99C


```

C SURROUTINE NFWPAP(7,PN,C6,F,CF1)
C THIS SURROUTINE USES NEWTON RAPHSON METHOD TO SOLVE FOR MEAN
C SKIN FRICTION COEFFICIENT.
5 CF=0.0025
J=0
1 F=C7/SORT(CF)-ALOG10(PN*CF) +C6
  DFDCF=-.5*C7/(CF**1.5)-.43429/CF
  J=J+1
  CF1= CF
10 CF=CF-F/DFDCF
  IF(CF.LE.0.0001) CF=0.0001
  DCF=CF-CF1
  TF(ABS(DCF)-1.E-05) 2,2,4
  IF(J-50) 1,1,2
15 4 2 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END

```

```

SUBROUTINE NEXT
COMMON/SPW/DP(6),F(10),D(10),C(2),X(1),Y(1),Z(1),R(25)
COMMON/CPV/ CPV(25),PFA
COMMON/CF02/NN1,NN2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NPL,NPI,NNI,IPR1,IPR2
COMMON/CF03/VVVS,AL,XM,YM,VT,VTAT,MTA
COMMON/CF04/K,F,PR,POFF
COMMON/MAVF/CABL,CNBL,CNRL,CAM,CMM,CPM
COMMON/CPV/ CPV(25),PFI(20)
DIMENSION PFI(20),PFI(20)
PLPI=(1.2*VVVS**2)**.5*(6./17.*VVVS**2-1.))**2.5
IF(NFL.EQ.1) GO TO 2
CP0= 10.906*PLPI-1.)/(0.7*VVVS**2)
IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 19
WRITE(6,5) CP0
FORMAT(1X,6HPRESSURE COEFFICIENT ON TRUNCATED NOSE =,F10.5)
CA=CP0*(P(1)/POFF)**2
CN=0.
CM=0.
CABL=CA
CNBL=0.
CNRL=0.
XCP=0.
CL=-CA*SIN(AL)
CD=CA*COS(AL)
IF(NFL.EQ.2) GO TO 20
NNT=2
GO TO 99
2 CP0=(PLPI-1.)/(0.7*VVVS**2)
CS=COS(AL)
SS=SIN(AL)
PFI(1)=0.
PFI(2)=0.
IF(AL.GT.0.0001) GO TO 9
NP=1
GO TO 10
9 DO 3 I=2,7
PFI(I)=PFI(I-1)+30.
PFI(7)=PFI(7)/57.295A3
3 CONTINUE
NP=7
10 IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 1A
WRITE(6,9)
9 FORMAT(//,54X,6PFSSHPF COEFFICIENTS ON SPHERICAL NOSE,/)
1A XI=0.
IX=(POFXM 1/6.
NC 6 I=1,7
Y2=XI-DO
P2=SQRT(PO**2-X2**2)
NC 11 L=1,NM
A=(1.-XI /DO)**2
CP =CP0*(A**2+XI /DO-1.)*COS(AL)*SIN(2.*AL)
1*(1.-A)*COS(PFI(1))**2**2)
IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 11
WRITE(6,5) Y2,P2,PFI(1),CP
CONTINUE
11

```

B-77

PROGRAM NAME TRACE

```

4      X1=X1+DX
      CONTINUE
      D2=CP-CPV(I,7)
      D2=0
      DO 12 I=1,MN1
      X2=XB(I)
      IF(X2.GE.XINT) GO TO 15
      Y1=CP+X2
      IF(X1.GE.PP) X1=PP
      IF(X1.GE.PP) X2=PP
      P2=SQRT(P2**2-X2**2)
      DO 13 L=1,MM
      A=(1.-X1/PP)**2
      CP =CP0*(A*CS**2+(X1 /PP-1.)**2)*SQRT(1.-A)*COS(PH(L))*SIN(2.*AL)
      IF(I.PRINT.NE.1) GO TO 13
      IF(I.LT.MN1) GO TO 13
      WRITE(6,5) X2,R2,PH(L),CP
13     CONTINUE
      IF(D.GT.0.) GO TO 14
      D1=D2
      D2=CP-CPV(I,7)
      IF(D2.LE.0.) GO TO 12
      SLOPE=(D2-D1)/(XB(I)-XB(I-1))
      XNV=XB(I-1)-D1/SLOPE
      MNI=I
      GO TO 15
14     D1=D2
      D2=CP-CPV(I,7)
      IF(D2.GE.0.) GO TO 12
      SLOPE=(D2-D1)/(XB(I)-XB(I-1))
      XNV=XB(I-1)-D1/SLOPE
      MNI=I
      GO TO 15
15     CONTINUE
      IF(I.GE.MN1) XNV=XINT
      MNI=I
      IF(X2.GE.XINT) XNV=XINT
      IF(I.GE.MN1) MNI=I-1
      YNV=SQRT(P2**2-XNV**2)
      TM2=ATAN(-YNV/XNV)
      SM=SIN(TM2)
      CM=COS(TM2)
      PA=(PP/RDEF)**2
      CA=CP0/2.*PA*(CS**2*(1.-CH**4)+.5*SS **2*SM**4)
      CM=CP0*PA*SIN(2.*AL)*SM**4/4.
      CM=-CP0/2.*PA*SIN(2.*AL)*(SM**4/4.+SH**2*CH**3/5.+2./15.*(1.-1.))
      CABL=CA
      CNBL=CM
      CPBL=CM
      CL=CN*CS-CA*SS
      CP=CA*CS+CN*SS
      XCP=-CM/CN
20     CONTINUE

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SUBROUTINE NEWT TRACE DATE 11/03/73 17.34.31. PAGE 3

5 FROMAT(54,4F10.5)
20 OPTION
END

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SURROUTINE NCPFC
COMMON/GEOM/PP(I),X(30),P(30),C2(1),SHAPE,N1,N2,XB(205),PB(225)
COMMON/GE01/PBP(225),RFTA
COMMON/GE02/NN1,NR2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NPL,NLNT,NN,NNI,TPP,INT,NPIA
COMMON/GE03/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,XINT,YINT,NPIA
COMMON/GE04/K,F,RR,RRF
COMMON/MAVE/CABL,CMBL,CMBL,CAM,CMM,CPM
COMMON/VOL/VOL,CAF,CNF,CHF,PM,DYA,XP,AP,VOLN,CR,CT,CA,CAFMI
COMMON/LENG/RL,ANL,ALA
DIMENSION A1(10),A2(10),AM(10),F1(10),F2(10),G1(10),G2(10),FA(10)
1  C04(10),C06(10),C07(10),C08(10),C09(10),D10(10),D12(10)
2  D11(10),XCPLA(10)
DATA(A1(I),I=1,10)/1.75,1.82,1.91,96,2.05,2.6,3.5,3.65,3.7,3.35/
DATA(A2(I),I=1,10)/1.8,1.83,1.89,1.95,1.97,2.15,2.45,2.44,2.4,2.2/
DATA(AM(I),I=1,10)/0.2,4.6,6.8,8.94,97,1.05,1.2/
DATA(F1(I),I=1,10)/0.1,2.3,4.5,6.75,85,925,1.7
DATA(G1(I),I=1,10)/3.35,3.48,3.6,3.65,3.5,2.6,1.75,1.46,1.35,1.28/
DATA(F2(I),I=1,10)/3.35,3.2,56,2.25,1.83,1.3,1.02,95,85,75/
DATA(A1(I),I=1,10)/0.5,1.1,1.5,2.2,5.3,4.6,10.7
DATA(A04(I),I=1,10)/0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0/
DATA(A06(I),I=1,10)/0.03,0.43,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05/
DATA(A07(I),I=1,10)/0.08,0.13,0.13,0.13,0.14,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15/
DATA(A08(I),I=1,10)/0.12,0.16,0.16,0.20,0.23,0.235,0.248,0.25,0.252/
DATA(A010(I),I=1,10)/0.175,0.23,0.265,0.293,0.31,0.325,0.337,0.34,0.34/
DATA(A011(I),I=1,10)/0.097,0.138,0.16,0.176,0.186,0.19,0.195,0.197,0.197/
DATA(A012(I),I=1,10)/0.097,0.138,0.16,0.176,0.186,0.19,0.195,0.197,0.197/
DATA(XCPLA(I),I=1,10)/5.4,342,31.29,272,26,248,245,245/
IF(BLGE.0.02) GO TO 6
CNALB=0.
GO TO 2
6  IF(VOVS.GT.1.) GO TO 1
F11=SORT(1,-VOVS**2)
CALL INTERP(F1,G1,F11,G11,10,3)
CNALB=-G11*(1.-4.**8(NN1)**2)
GO TO 2
1  F12=SORT(VOVS**2-1.)
CALL INTERP(F2,G2,F12,G12,10,3)
CNALB=-G12*(1.-4.**8(NN1)**2)
THE=ABS(RP(NN1))
IF(NN1A.EQ.2) THE=ABS(RBP(NN2))
IF(NBLUNT.EQ.2) THE=ABS(RBP(NN2))
CALL INTERP(AM,A1,VOVS,A11,10,3)
CALL INTERP(CAM,A2,VOVS,A22,10,3)
CNALN=-A11*THE+A22
IF(ALA.GT.0.01) GO TO 9
CNALA=0.
GO TO 4
9  CALL INTERP(FA,C07,ALA,D071,10,3)
CALL INTERP(FA,C08,ALA,D081,10,3)
CALL INTERP(FA,C10,ALA,D101,10,3)
CALL INTERP(FA,C06,ALA,D061,10,3)
IF(VOVS.GE.0.8) GO TO 5
D061=0.
CALL INTERP(VOVS,.4,.6,.7,.8,1.,D041,D051,D071,D081,D101,CNALA)

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IF(VCVS.L,C.6) CNALAE5.C61*(VQVS-L.
TF(VQVS.L,C.4) CNBLAE0.
CC TO 4
CALL INTERP(FA,D12,ALA,D121,10.3)
C11=C121
CALL INTERP(VQVS,7,2,1,1,1,2,D071, C-1,D1C1,D111, "1:1,CNALA)
CNAL=CNAL+CNAL*CNALR
XC=N=ANL-VCLN/13.14159*DEFF**2)
XCPB=X8(NN)-BL/2.
XCPB=RL*(1.-3.14159*(DEFF**2-.DEFF*BL*APS(PBP(NN)))+BL**2/3.*
1PRP(NN)**2))+ANL*ALA
XCPA=ANL*ALA/2.
CALL INTERP(FA,XCPA,ALA,XCP1,10.3)
XCP=XCP1*ALA
XCPA=ANL*XCP
CNAL=-CNAL*N*XCPN+CNAL*XCPA+CNALB*XCPB)
CNW=CNAL*AL
RETURN
END

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CURROUT:INF POINT TRACE
DIMENSION CFOUT(10),DETN(10),7(10),Z(10),P(10),G(10),AP(10)
COMMON/AE04/PS1(10),PS2(20),S(20)
COMMON/AF05/GN1(10,10),GN2(10,10)
COMMON/AE06/OI1(20,20),OI2(10,10),PI1(10,10),PI2(10,10)
COMMON/AF08/NE,NA,MYE$,X,IMING
COMMON/AE09/N1,N2,N4
7(1)=2.
7(2)=2.003/6.
7(3)=2.005/120.04.
7(4)=2.007/120.042.1)36.
7(5)=2.009/120.042.072.1)24.002
7(6)=2.011/120.042.072.110.1)120.002
7(7)=2.013/120.042.072.110.12.013.0720.002
7(8)=2.015/120.042.072.110.12.013.014.015.0720.002
7(9)=Z(8)*256./116.017.1)
DO 702 JR=1,N1
Y=PS1(JR)
SO=SQRT(1.-Y)
A00=1./SO*ALOG(ABS((1.+SO)/(1.-SO)))
A0(1)=2.0Y*A00
PO=-1./Y-A00/2.
P(1)=A00-1.5*A0(1)
DO 700 I=2,9
AI=I
A0(I)=Z(I)+Y*A0(I-1)
P(I)=AI*A0(I-1)-(AI+0.5)*A0(I)
DO 701 J=1,N1
PI1(J,JR)=GN1(I,J)*PO
DO 701 I=2,N1
PI1(J,JR)=PI1(J,JR)+GN1(I,J)*P(I-1)
CONTINUE
DO 831 J=1,N1
PI1(J,JR)=PI1(J,JR)/S(1)**2
DO 802 J=1,N2
KD=JR*N1
Y=ABS(RS2(KD))
SO=SQRT(1.-Y)
A00=1./SO*ALOG(ABS((1.+SO)/(1.-SO)))
A0(1)=2.0Y*A00
PO=-1./Y-A00/2.
P(1)=A00-1.5*A0(1)
DO 800 I=2,9
AI=I
A0(I)=7(I)+Y*A0(I-1)
P(I)=AI*A0(I-1)-(AI+0.5)*A0(I)
DO 801 J=1,N2
PI2(J,JR)=GN2(I,J)*PO
DO 801 I=2,N2
PI2(J,JR)=PI2(J,JR)+GN2(I,J)*P(I-1)
LR=N1+N2
CONTINUE
DO 832 J=1,N2
PI2(J,JR)=PI2(J,JR)/S(LR)**2

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80? CONTINUE
VVV=C.0979
XX2=XX1/20.
91 K1=N1+1
K2=N1+M2
K4=N1
K5=1
KF=11
NGPAT=M1+1
DO 10 JR=K1,K2
DO 11 I =1,NGPAT
DEIN(I)= 0.0
DEIN(1)=0.000001
12 DX=DX2
IF(DEIN(1)-VVV)13,13,14
14 DX=DX1
13 DO 15 M1=1,4
X=DEIN(1)
DO 201 I=1,K4
AP(I)=X**(I-1)
DO 16 K=1,K4
G(K)=0.0
DO 16 I=1,K4
G(K)=G(K)+GNI(I,K)*AP(I)
RAD1=(ABS(RS2(JR))*S(JR)+X*S(1))**2
SQ=SQRT(1.00001-X)
DEOUT(1)=1.
DO 17 K=2,NGRAT
DEOUT(K)=G(K-1)*SQ/RAD1
17 CALL RK(DEOUT,DEIN,DX,NGRAT,M1)
15 CONTINUE
18 IF(DEIN(1)-0.99)12,12,18
KDUM=J+1
DO 19 J=K5,K6
O112(J,JR)=DEIN(KDUM)
19 CONTINUE
90 K1=1
K2=M1
K4=N2
K5=N1+1
K6=N1+M2
NGPAT=M2+1
DO 20 JR=K1,K2
DO 21 I =1,NGPAT
DEIN(I)= 0.0
DEIN(1)=0.000001
22 DX=DX2
IF(DEIN(1)-VVV)23,23,24
24 DX=DX1
23 X=DEIN(1)
DO 202 I=1,K4
AP(I)=X**(I-1)
DO 26 K=1,K4
G(K)=0.0
100
105
202
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115 DO 26 J=1,K4
      G(K)=G(K)+CN2(T,K)*AP(T)
      RAN1=(ABS(DS1(JP)))*S(JP)*S(K61)
      SC=SQRT(1.00001-X)
      CFOUT(1)=1.
      DO 27 K=2,NGRAT
        DFOUT(K)=G(K-1)*SC/RAN1
        -ALL RK(DFOUT,DFIN,DX,NGRAT,M1)
      CONTINUE
120 IF(DFIN(1)-0.99)22,22,29
      DO 29 J=K5,K6
        KNUM=J+1-N1
29 0121(J,JP)=DFIN(KNUM)
20 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      ENC
125
    
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SUBROUTINE BRANC
COMMON/RANC/CAP,CMP,CMP,HR
COMMON/GFC3/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,YINT,YINT,AA...
DIMENSION AM(15),DCAP(15)
DATA(AM(I),I=1,12)/0.5,0.5,0.7,0.9,0.9,0.9,1.1,1.2,1.5,2.0,3.0,3.0/
DATA(DCAP(I),I=1,12)/0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0052,0.0057
CALL INTERP(AM,DCAP,VOVS,CAP1,12,3)
CAP=CAP1*HR/0.01
CMP=0.
CMP=0.
RETURN
END
    
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SUBROUTINE RFGONF (CP,I,J,X,Y)
COMMON/AL,XM,BETA,GAMALF,PI,9
DIMENSION CP(9,33),X(33),Y(9)
COMMON/9/FOFKP1(6),FOFKP2(F),FOFKP3(6),FOFKP4(F),FOFKP5(6),YPHO1(5)
1)ESKP(5),YTHET1(5)
DATA(TPHO1(I),I=1,6)/0.,20.,40.,60.,75.,90./
DATA(YTHET1(I),I=1,5)/0.,20.,40.,70.,90./
DATA(FOFKP1(I),I=1,6)/0.,.7491.,.6988.,1.0496.,1.3131.,5767/
DATA(FOFKP2(I),I=1,6)/0.,.3483.,.6921.,1.0291.,2774.,1.5238/
DATA(FOFKP3(I),I=1,6)/0.,.3462.,.6763.,.9801.,1.1911.,3931/
DATA(FOFKP4(I),I=1,6)/0.,.3429.,.6497.,.8914.,1.0217.,1.1184/
DATA(FOFKP5(I),I=1,6)/0.,.362.,.6428.,.866.,.9659.,1./
XK=SQRT(1.-BETA**2)/(YAN(GAMALF)**2)
APG=ATN(XK)**57.29574
CALL ELTPT1(ARG,FOFK)
COFK=1./FOFK
DELTA=YAN(GAMALF)*Y(I)/X(J)
C1=SQRT(1.-DELTA**2)
CP(I,J)=CP1
RETURN
END

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SUBROUTINE REGTWO(CP,I,J,X,Y)
COMMON/AL,YM,RTA,GAMALF,PI,R
DIMENSION CP(9,33),X(33),Y(9)
COMMON/AF,FOFKP1(6),FOFKP2(6),FOFKP3(6),FOFKP4(6),FOFKP5(6),TDMO(16)
1)FSKP(5),TMT(115)
DIMENSION FOF1(12),FOF2(12),FOF3(12),FOF4(12),FOF5(12),FOF6(12),FOF7(12),FOF8(12),FOF9(12),FOF10(12),FOF11(12),FOF12(12),TMT1(12),TMT2(12),FSKP(12)
DATA(TPHO(1),I=1,6)/0.,20.,40.,60.,75.,90./
DATA(TTMT(1),I=1,5)/0.,20.,40.,70.,90./
DATA(FOFKP1(I),I=1,6)/0.,3491.,6946.,1.0494,1.313,1.5767/
DATA(FOFKP2(I),I=1,6)/0.,3483.,6921.,1.029,1.2774,1.5234/
DATA(FOFKP3(I),I=1,6)/0.,3462.,6763.,9401.,1.191,1.3931/
DATA(FOFKP4(I),I=1,6)/0.,3429.,6497.,4914.,1.0217,1.1184/
DATA(FOFKP5(I),I=1,6)/0.,342.,6428.,866.,9659,1./
DATA(TTMTA(I),I=1,12)/0.,15.,30.,40.,50.,60.,70.,80.,85.,86.,88.,190./
DATA(TPHO(I),I=1,12)/0.,20.,35.,50.,60.,70.,75.,80.,85.,87.,89.,90
1./
DATA(FOF1(I),I=1,12)/0.,3491.,6109.,8727.,1.0472,1.2217,1.309,1.39
163,1.4835,1.5127,1.5475,1.5708/
DATA(FOF2(I),I=1,12)/0.,3495.,6133.,8792.,1.0577,1.2373,1.3273,1.4
1175,1.5078,1.5439,1.5801,1.5981/
DATA(FOF3(I),I=1,12)/0.,3508.,62.,8982,1.0896,1.2853,1.3846,1.484
16,1.595,1.6253,1.6656,1.6858/
DATA(FOF4(I),I=1,12)/0.,352.,6264.,9173,1.1226,1.3372,1.4477,1.55
197,1.673,1.7184,1.764,1.7868/
DATA(FOF5(I),I=1,12)/0.,3533.,6336.,9401.,1.1643,1.4068,1.5345,1.6
166,1.8,1.8542,1.9084,1.9356/
DATA(FOF6(I),I=1,12)/0.,3545.,6408.,9647,1.2126,1.4944,1.6492,1.8
1125,1.9826,2.0519,2.1216,2.1565/
DATA(FOF7(I),I=1,12)/0.,3555.,6471.,9876,1.2619,1.5959,1.7927,2.0
1119,2.2518,2.352,2.4535,2.5046/
DATA(FOF8(I),I=1,12)/0.,3561.,6513,1.0044,1.3014,1.6918,1.9468,2.
12653,2.6694,2.8561,3.053,3.1534/
DATA(FOF9(I),I=1,12)/0.,3563.,6525,1.0091,1.3129,1.7237,2.005,2.3
1836,2.9487,3.262,3.6328,3.8317/
DATA(FOF10(I),I=1,12)/0.,3563.,6526,1.0097,1.3144,1.7279,2.0129,2
1.4015,3.0037,3.4233,3.8629,4.0528/
DATA(FOF11(I),I=1,12)/0.,3564.,6528,1.0104,1.3163,1.7335,2.0239,2
1.4272,3.0945,3.7538,4.431,4.7427/
DATA(FOF12(I),I=1,12)/0.,3564.,6528,1.0107,1.317,1.7354,2.0276,2.
14362,3.1313,3.262,4.7413,9.529/
CALL REGONE(CP,I,J,X,Y)
CPI=CP(I,J)
AO=RTA*.5*(X(J)+RTA*(Y(I)-.5*B))
C1=1.-AO*XM
C2=XM-1.
C3=(C1+C2)/(2.*YM*(AO+1.))
YLK=SOPT(XM**2-1./YM
APGUI=SOPT(XM**2-1./YM
THETA=ASIN(APGUI)*57.2957A
CALL FLIPY(THETA,F1)
THETA=ASIN(XLK)*57.2957A
CALL FLIPY2(THETA,PK)

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XKPRIM=SQRT(1.-XLK**2)
YETA=ASIN(XKPRIM)*57.29578
CALL ELIPT2(THETA,BKPRIM)
C4=AD*(X(J)+BETA*Y(I)*XM)
C5=BETA*.5*B*(A0*XM+1.)
C6=SQRT(C4/C5)
PSI=ASIN(C6)*57.29578
CALL ELIPT1(THETA,FKPRIM)
THETO1=PSI
65 CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF1,THETO1,FSKP(1),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF2,THETO1,FSKP(2),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF3,THETO1,FSKP(3),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF4,THETO1,FSKP(4),12,3)
70 CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF5,THETO1,FSKP(5),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF6,THETO1,FSKP(6),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF7,THETO1,FSKP(7),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF8,THETO1,FSKP(8),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF9,THETO1,FSKP(9),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF10,THETO1,FSKP(10),12,3)
75 CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF11,THETO1,FSKP(11),12,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO,FOF12,THETO1,FSKP(12),12,3)
CALL INTERP(THETA,FSKP,THETA,FSKP1,12,3)
80 CALL INTERP(TPHO1,EOFKP1,THETO1,ESKP(1),6,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO1,EOFKP2,THETO1,ESKP(2),6,3)
85 CALL INTERP(TPHO1,EOFKP3,THETO1,ESKP(3),6,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO1,EOFKP4,THETO1,ESKP(4),6,3)
CALL INTERP(TPHO1,EOFKP5,THETO1,ESKP(5),6,3)
90 CALL INTERP(THETA,ESKP,THETA,ESKP1,5,3)
C7=SQRT((2.*BETA*(.5*B-Y(I)))/(X(I)+BETA*Y(I)))
C8=.5*AL/(BETA*XM**1.5*E1*PI)
C9=C7*BK
C10=-2.*X(J)*SQRT(XM/(X(J)**2-BETA**2*Y(I)**2*XM**2))
C11=FSKP1/BKPRIM*(PI*.5-BK*EKPRIM)
C12=BK*ESKP1
CP2=C8*(C9+C10*(C11+C12))
CP1,J)=CP1*CP2
RETURN
END

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SUBROUTINE DFC1 TRACE

DATE: 11/03/73 17.34.31. PAGE 1

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SUBROUTINE DFC1(CP,I,J)
COMMON/A/ AL,XM,BETA,C,MALF,PI,R
DIMENSION CP(9,33)
FACT=SQT(1.-XM**2)
CP(I,J)=4.*AL/(BETA*FACT)
RETURN
END

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CCO 102 FTM V3-C-D-11/3/73 17-34-31.

PAGE 1

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SUBROUTINE DEG2 (DP, I, J, X, Y)
COMMON/AL AL, XM, BETA, GAMMA, PI, S
DIMENSION CP(9, 33), X(33), Y(9)
DELTA=TAN(GAMMA)*Y(I)/X(J)
C1=XM**2-DELTA**2
C2=1.-DELTA**2
C3=SQRT(C1/C2)
C4=1.-2.*ASIN(C3)/PI
FACT=SQRT(1.-XM**2)
CP(I, J)=6.*AL/(BETA*FACT)**C4
RETURN
END

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SUBROUTINE DFC3(CP,I,J,X,Y)
COMMON/AV AL,XM,BETA,GAMALF,PI,B
DIMENSION CP(9,3),Y(3),Y(9)
Y1=Y(I)-5*B
Y1=X(J)-5*B*B*TAN(GAMALF)
DELTA1=YAN(GAMALF)*Y1/X1
C1=DELTA1+XM
C2=-DELTA1*(1+XM)
C3=SQRT(C1/C2)
C4=ATAN(C3)
FACT=SQRT(1-XM**2)
CP3=-A*AL/(PI*BETA*FACT)*C4
CP1=4*AL/(BETA*FACT)
CP(I,J)=CP1+CP3
RETURN
END

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B-91

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SUBROUTINE PEG4(CP,I,J,Y,V)
COMMON/AL,XM,BETA,GAMLF,PI,B
DIMENSION CP(9,33),X(33),Y(9)
V1=Y(I)-.5*PI
XI=X(J)-.5*PI*TAN(GAMLF)
DELTA1=TAN(GAMLF)*Y1/X1
C2=-DELTA1*(1.+XM)
C3=SQRT(C1/C2)
C4=ATAN(C3)
FACT=SQRT(1.-XM**2)
CP4=-B.*AL/(PI*BETA*FACT)*C4
DELTA=TAN(GAMLF)*Y(I)/X(I)
C5=XM**2-DELTA**2
C6=1.-DELTA**2
C7=SQRT(C5/C6)
CR=1.-2.*ASIN(C7)/PI
CP2=B.*AL/(BETA*FACT)*CR
CP(I,J)=CP2*CP4
RETURN
END

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SUBROUTINE REGS(CP,I,J,X,Y,K)
COMMON/AL,XM,BETA,GAMALF,PI,B
DIMENSION CP(9,33),Y(33),Y(9),FACTOR(33)
C1=.5*B*BETA
YJ=Y(I)-.5*B
DELTA=XM
C1=XM**2-DELTA**2
C2=1.-DELTA**2
C3=SQRT(C1/C2)
C4=ASIN(C3)
FACT=SQRT(1.-XM**2)
SUM=0.
DO 10 L=K,J
IF(L.GT.K) GO TO 20
FACTOR(L-1)=-4.*AL/(BETA*FACT)**(1.-2.*C4/PI)
20 CONTINUE
XF=-BETA*(.5*B-Y(I))+X(L)
DELTA=TAN(GAMALF)*.5*B/XF
C1=XM**2-DELTA**2
C2=1.-DELTA**2
C3=SQRT(C1/C2)
C4=ASIN(C3)
FACTOR(L)=-4.*AL/(BETA*FACT)**(1.-2.*C4/PI)
XF=-BETA*(.5*B-Y(I))+X(L-1)
IF(XE.LT.C12) XE=C12
XI=X(J)-XE
DELTA=YJ/XI*TAN(GAMALF)
C5=XM*DELTA
C6=-DELTA*(1.+XM)
APG=C5/C6
IF(APG.LT.0.) APG=1.E-10
C7=SQRT(APG)
CA=ATAN(C7)*2./PI
SUM=SUM+CA*(FACTOR(L)-FACTOR(L-1))
10 CONTINUE
CPS=SUM
CALL REG2(CP,I,J,X,Y)
CP2=CP(I,J)
Y1=Y(I)-.5*B
X1=X(J)-.5*B*TAN(GAMALF)
DELTA=TAN(GAMALF)*Y1/YI
C1=DELTA*(1.+XM)
C2=-DELTA*(1.-XM)
C3=SQRT(C1/C2)
C4=ATAN(C3)
FACT=SQRT(1.-XM**2)
CP4=-4.*AL/(PI*B*FACT)*C4
CP(I,J)=CPS+CP4+CP2
RETURN
END

```

YPAGE

SUBROUTINE PK

```
SUBROUTINE PK(DFOUT,DFIN,DX,NGPAT,M1)
DIMENSION DFOUT(10),DFIN(10),DF1(10),DF2(10)
DO 75 I=1,NGPAT
GO TO (55,60,65,70),M1
DF1(I)=DFIN(I)
DF2(I)=DFOUT(I)*DX
USE1=DF2(I)*.5
GO TO 75
55 USE1=DFOUT(I)*2.*DX
DF2(I)=DF2(I)+USE1
USE1=USE1*.25
GO TO 75
60 USE1=DFOUT(I)*2.*DX
DF2(I)=DF2(I)+USE1
USE1=USE1*.5
GO TO 75
65 USE1=DFOUT(I)*2.*DX
DF2(I)=DF2(I)+USE1
USE1=USE1*.5
GO TO 75
70 USE1=DFOUT(I)*DX
USE1=(DF2(I)+USE1)/6.
75 DFIN(I)= DF1(I)+USE1
RETURN
END
```

```

SUBROUTINE SIMP
COMMON/GEOM/PP(F),X(10),P(10),C2,N,NF,M2,I,II,N7,YR(225), (225)
COMMON/GEOM1/ PRP(225),PFTA
COMMON/CPV/ CPV(225,7),JA,JR
COMMON/NTS2/SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6
COMMON/GEOM/K,F,PP,PPF
DIMENSION F1(225),G1(225)
DC 1,7=JA,JR
A1=CPV(I,1)+2.*(CPV(I,3)+CPV(I,5))+CPV(I,7)
A2=4.*(CPV(I,2)+CPV(I,4)+CPV(I,6))
F1(I)=0.17454*(A1+A2)*PR(I)
R1=CPV(I,1)-CPV(I,7)+2.*(CPV(I,3)-CPV(I,5))*C.5
R2=4.*(CPV(I,2)-CPV(I,6))*C.4667
G1(I)=0.17454*(R1+R2)*PR(I)
G1(I)=G1(I)*X(I)
1 CONTINUE
IF(JA.NE.JR) 0 2
SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
GO TO 99
2 JRB=JR-1
NO 3 I=JA,JRB
M=(PR(I+1)-PR(I))/6.
X12=(XB(I+1)+XB(I))/2.
IF((JR-JA).LT.5) GO TO 4
J=JA+2
CALL INTERP(XB,F1,X12,F12,JR,J)
CALL INTERP(XB,G,X12,G12,JR,J)
GO TO 5
4 F12=(F1(I)+F1(I+1))/2.
G12=(G1(I)+G1(I+1))/2.
G112=(G1(I)+G1(I+1))/2.
IF(JR.GT.2) GO TO 5
F1(3)=F1(2)
G1(3)=G1(2)
G1(2)=2./3.*G1(2)
G1(3)=G1(2)
G112=2./3.*G112
SUM1=SUM1+M*(F1(I)+4.*F12+F1(I+1))
M1=(XB(I+1)-XB(I))/6.
SUM2=SUM2+M1*(G1(I)+4.*G12+G1(I+1))
SUM3=SUM3+M1*(G1(I)+4.*G112+G1(I+1))
3 CONTINUE
SUM3=SUM3+SUM2*PP
PFTURN
99 END

```

```

SUBROUTINE SIMPM(IP,XM,ZPR,JI,JK,J,LK)
COMMON/MS2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6,CARLM
DIMENSION CP(70,9),ZPR(70),XM(70)

```

```

LK=1
F=JI
K1=JI

```

```

F=F-1
EE=E/2.
KK=K1/2
F1=KK

```

```

IF(EE.GT.E1) LK=2
DO 1 K=JI,JK
F=K

```

```

K1=K
IF(LK.NE.2) GO TO 3
F=E-1.
K1=K-1
E=E-1
EE=E/2.
KK=K1/2
F1=KK

```

3

```

IF(EE.LE.E1) GO TO 53
FHALF=CP(K,J)*ZPR(K)
GO TO 1

```

```

IF(K.GT.JI) GO TO 54
FI=CP(JI,J)*ZPR(JI)
F=FI
GO TO 1

```

53

```

FI=CP(K,J)*ZPR(K)
DX=(XM(K)-XM(K-2))/2.
SUM2=SUM2+DX/3.*(F+.5.*FHALF+FI)
F=FI

```

54

```

CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

1

```


```

```


```

```

SUBROUTINE SING (ALGM,C)
DIMENSION C(20),ALGM(20)
COMMON/AFD04/PS1(10),PS2(20),S(20)
COMMON/AFD06/CI1(20,20),CI2(20,20),PI1(10,10),PI2(10,10)
COMMON/AFD09/N1,N2,N4
COMMON/AFD10/SPAN,CP,CT,OMEGA,PSS
PI=3.1415927
LA=N1+1
LR=N1+N2
DO 600 JP=1,N1
C5=0.0
DO 700 J=1,N1
IF(J-JP)A0,700,A0J
100 SJ=S(J)
SP=S(JP)
C1=SORT(SR-SR*PS1(JP))
C2=SR*PS1(JP)-SJ*PS1(J)
C3=ALOG(ABS(C2))*SJ
C4=SORT(SJ-SJ*PS1(J))
C5=C5+C2**2+C3**C4*PI1(J,J,JP)
700 CONTINUE
C7=SORT(1.-SP/SJ*PS1(JP))
C6=SJ**1.5 *2./3.*(ALOG(ABS(1.-C7**2))-2./3.-2.*C7**2+.7**3*ALOG
1(ABS(1.+C7)/(1.-C7)))+ALOG(SJ))
C8=C5/C1
C9=C6/C1
SUM=C9-CA
600 ALGM(JP)=SUM
DO 601 JR=1,N1
DO 701 J=LA,LR
C8=S(JR)
C1=SORT(SR*SR*PS1(JP))
C2=SR*PS1(JP)-SJ*PS2(J)
C3=ALOG(ABS(C2))*SJ
C4=SORT(SJ*SJ*PS2(J))
C5=C5+C2**2+C3**C4*PI2(J,JP)
701 CONTINUE
C7=SORT(1.+SP/SJ*PS1(JP))
C6=SJ**1.5 *2./3.*(ALOG(ABS(1.-C7**2))-2./3.-2.*C7**2+.7**3*ALOG
1(ABS(1.+C7)/(1.-C7)))+ALOG(SJ))
C8=C5/C1
C9=C6/C1
SUM=C9-CA
601 ALGM(JP)=(ALGM(JP)+SUM)/(4.*PI(C(JP)))
DO 602 JP=LA,LR
C5=0.0
DO 702 J=LA,LR
IF(J-JP)A02,702,A02
100 SJ=S(J)
SP=S(JP)
C1=SORT(SR*SR*PS2(JP))
C2=SR*PS2(JP)-SJ*PS2(J)
C3=ALOG(ABS(C2))*SJ

```

```

SUBROUTINE STNG      TRACE
C4=SQRT(SJ+SJ**2*(J))
K1=J-N1
K2=JP-N1
C5=C5+C2**2*C3*(4*PI22(K1,K2)
702  CONTINUE
C7=SQRT(1.+SR/SJ**2*(JP))
C6=SJ**1.5 *2./3.*(ALOG(ABS(1.-C7**2))-2./3.-2.*C7**2+7**2)*ALOG
1(ABS((1.+C7)/(1.-C7)))+(ALOG(SJ))
C8=C5/C1
C9=C6/C1
SUM=C9-C8
602  ALGM(JR)=SUM
DO 603 JR=LA,LB
C5=0.0
DO 703 J=1,N1
CJ=S(J)
SR=S(JR)
C1=SQRT(SR-SR**2*(JR))
C2=SJ*RSI(J)-SR**2*(JR)
C3=ALOG(ABS(C2))*SJ
C4=SQRT(SJ-SJ**2*(J))
C5=C5+C2**2*C3*C4*0I12(J,JP)
703  CONTINUE
C7=SQRT(1.-SR/SJ**2*(JR))
C6=SJ**1.5 *2./3.*(ALOG(ABS(1.-C7**2))-2./3.-2.*C7**2+7**2)*ALOG
1(ABS((1.+C7)/(1.-C7)))+(ALOG(SJ))
C8=C5/C1
C9=C6/C1
SUM=C9-C8
603  ALGM(JR)=(ALGM(JR)+SUM)/(4.*PI*(C(JR)))
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE SKINF
COMMON/GEOM/PP(6),X(30),P(30),C2,N,NCHAP(4),N2,XB(225),P(205)
COMMON/GFO1/PBP(225),PETA
COMMON/GEOP/NN1,NN2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NPLUNT,NA,NNI,IPPIAT,NNIA
COMMON/GEOS/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,XINT,YINT,NNIA
COMMON/GFO4/K,F,PP,PPF
COMMON/DTS2/SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6,CARLM
COMMON/CPV/CPV(225,7),JA,JB
COMMON/VOL/VOL,CAF,CNF,CNF,RN,0IA,XP,AP,VOLN,CP,CT,BM,CAFMI
IF(NPLUNT.FO.1) GO TO 5
IF(NFL.EQ.2) GO TO 5
SUM1=6.24314*PP*YINT
SUM2=3.14159*YINT**2*(PP-YINT/3.)
THE=ATAN(-YINT/YINT)
SUM3=PP**2*THE/2.-PP**2*SIN(THE)/2.
AR=ACOS((PP+XINT)/PP)
SUM4=SUM3*2./3.*PP**3*(1.-SIN(AR)**3)
GO TO 6
5
SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
SUM4=0.
CF3=0.

```

THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES THE AXIAL FORCE COEFFICIENT DUE TO SKIN FRICTION ON THE BODY (CNF).

```

PI=3.14159
AREF=PI*PP**2
GAMA=1.4
TWOI1=1.+0.9*(GAMA-1.)*(VOVS**2/2.)
C=GAMA-1.
A=SQRT(C*VOVS**2/(2.*TWOI1))
R=(1.+5*C*VOVS**2)/TWOI1-1.
N=SQRT(R**2+4.*A**2)
C1=(2.*R**2-B)/D
N2=B/D
D3=.242/(A*SQRT(TWOI1))
D4=ASIN(C1)
C5=ASIN(C2)
C6=(1.+2.*.761/2.*ALOG10(TWOI1))
C7=D3*(D4+C5)
PN3=RN*XR(NN1)*DJA
CALL NEWAP(C7,PN3,C6,H,CF3)
IF(NPLUNT.FO.1) GO TO 1
K=NNIA
K1=NN1
K2=NN2
K3=NN3
K4=NN4
GO TO 2
K=1
K1=NN1
K2=NN2
K3=NN3
K4=NN4
J=K

```


SUBROUTINE SKINE TRAPE

```

JB=K1
TF(JP.EQ.NN) JB=NN-1
CALL TRAPE
VOLN=SUM2
TF(NN1.EQ.NN) GO TO 99
JA=K1+1
JB=K2
TF(JA.EQ.NN) JB=NN-1
CALL TRAPE
TF(NRLUNT.EQ.2) VOLN=SUM2
TF(NN1A.EQ.2) VOLN=SUM2
TF(NN2.EQ.NN) GO TO 99
JA=K2+1
JB=K3
TF(JB.EQ.NN) JB=NN-1
CALL TRAPE
TF(NN3.EQ.NN) GO TO 99
JA=K3+1
JB=NN-1
CALL TRAPE
99 SR = SUM1
VOL = SUM2
AP = SUM3
XP = SUM4 / SUM3
PNCRIT = 100000.
CALL MEMAP(C7,PNCRIT,C6,M,CFCRIT)
XCRIT = RNCRIT / (RN * DIA)
SCRIT = SB * XCRIT / (XB(NN) + RR)
TF(SCRIT.GT.SB) SCRIT = SB
CDFB = CF3 * SB / AREF - CFCRIT * SCRIT / AREF + 1.328 * SCRIT / AREF / SQRT(RNCRIT)
CMF = 0.
CMF = 0.
RETURN
END

```

```

SURROUTINE SKTNEW
COMMON/VOL/ VOL,CAF,CNF,CNF,GN,NTA,XP,AP,VLN,CR,CT,BH,C2,I
COMMON/GEOM/VVS,AL,YM,YM,YINT,YINT,NTA
C THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES THE SKIN FRICTION COEFFICIENT ON A WING.
C THE REYNOLDS NUMBER IS BASED ON THE MEAN GEOMETRIC CHORD.
CAFMI=0.
YF(CP,LF,0.001) GO TO 2
CF1=C.
GAMA=1.4
YHOTI=1.+9*(GAMA-1.)*(VVS**2/2.)
C=GAMA-1.
A=SQRT(C*VVS**2/(2.*YHOTI))
B=(1.+5*(C*VVS**2)/YHOTI)-1.
N=SQRT(B**2+4.*A**2)
C1=(2.*A**2-B)/D
D2=B/D
D3=.242/(A*SQRT(YHOTI))
D4=ASIN(C1)
C5=ASTN(D2)
C6=(1.+2.*.76)/2.*ALOG10(YHOTI)
C7=D3*(D4+C5)
CBAR=CR-(CR-CT)/3.*(CR+2.*CT)/(CR+CT)
RN1=RN*CBAR
CALL MEMRAP(C7,RN1,C6,F,CF1)
PNCRIT=50000.
CALL MEMRAP(C7,PNCRIT,C6,F,CFCRIT)
XCRIT=RNCRIT/RN
SWM=2.*BN*(CR+CT)
SCRIT=SWM*XCRIT/CBAR
IF(SCRIT.GT.SWM) SCRIT=SWM
CAFMI= CF1*SWM-CFCRIT*SCRIT+1.328*SCRIT/SORT(RNCRIT)
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE SURONA (PE,CEE,CTE,GEMAF,SE,ALPH,XLEF,XCPE,XLME,L,M,
IN)

REAL MACH

DIMENSION A(50,50),RVFC(50,1)

COMMON/AFPC09/N1,N2,N4

COMMON /AERO10/SPAN,CP,CT,OMEGA,PSS

COMMON/AFPC11/SAPE,ALPHAMP,CLT,BETAM

COMMON/ANAP17/POLL,PITCH,MACH,ALPHA,PC,XCG,DIHED

PSS=1.

ROLL=0.

PITCH=0.

PC=1.

XCG=0.

DIHED=0.

SPAN=RF

CP=CRF

CT=CTF

OMEGA=RAMAF

SAPE=SF

ALPHA=ALP

MACH=VOVS

N1=L

N2=M

N4=N

NSO=(N1+N2)*N4

CALL GUIDED (AP,RVEC,NSO,CNAF,XLEF,XCPF)

RETURN

END

5

10

15

20

25


```

60 CALL ATNVC(1,1) YOVCE=08
61 CONTINUE
62 IF (YOVCE.LT.10) GOVC=03
63 CONTINUE
64 CALL ATNVC(YAP2,101,YCLAS,CLAP,YOVCE,1,16)
65 CLAP=CLAP*CLASPT
66 YCLAP2=15.56
67 CONTINUE
68 IF (YOVCE.GT.10) YOVCE=08
69 CALL ATNVC(YAP2,102,YAPVC,APVC,YOVCE,AP2,11,6)
70 YWA=FRMN*.27
71 CLAP=(1.-APVC)*CLAP
72 IF (YOVCE.GT.16) YOVCE=16
73 CALL FOUT(1074,YAPVC,YOVCE,APVC,AP2,11,6)
74 YWA=FRMN*.26
75 CLAP=(1.-APVC)*CLAP
76 YCNATR(1)=CNAP
77 YCNATR(2)=CLAP
78 YCNATR(3)=CLAP
79 YCNATR(4)=CLAP
80 YCNATR(5)=CNAP*4
81 YMTD(1)=.8
82 YMTD(2)=FOMN
83 YMTD(3)=YWA
84 YMTD(4)=YWA
85 YMTD(5)=YOVSI
86 DETURN
87 ENO

```

```

SUBROUTINE SUBXCP(A, RFTA, DYSXCP, XCP)
DIMENSION DYSXCP(11), XCP(4), A(4,4), XCP1(11), Y1(11)
COMMON/7/XLF(4), YTF(4), Y(4), GAMMA, XCP
DO 1 L=1,4
CE=YTF(L)-XLF(L)*RFTA
XCP1(L,1)=XLF(L)*RFTA+XCP(L)*C
Y(L)=Y(T)*.5*R
1 CONTINUE
DY=R/20.
DO 10 L=1,4
DO 10 K=1,4
IF(K-1) 11,11,12
11 A(L,K)=1.
GO TO 10
12 KK=K-1
A(L,K)=Y(L)**KK
10 CONTINUE
CALL MINVP(A,4,XCP1,1,DETFPM,IFRR)
XCP1=XCP1(1,1)
SUM=C.
DO A I=1,11
IF(I-1) 1A,1A,19
1A DYSXCP(I)=XCP1
Y1(I)=0.
GO TO A
19 SUM=SUM+DY
Y1(I)=SUM
DYSXCP(I)=XCP1(1,1)+XCP1(2,1)*Y1(I)+XCP1(3,1)*Y1(I)**2+XCP1(4,1)*Y
11(I)**3
9 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

1 SUBROUTINE SUPCMA(CP,CT,SPAN,VOVS,ALPHA,ETA,GAMA,XLF,FC,PCFF,
 2 CNMF,XCPF,K)

3 COMMON/AL,XM,PETA,GAMALF,PI,B
 4 DIMENSION CP(9),X(33),Y(9)
 5 DIMENSION XLF(9),XTE(9),CHOD(9),CCN(9)
 6 DIMENSION CN(9),CM(9),CNI(9),CPI(9),CC(9)
 7 N=K
 8 CNMF=0.
 9 XCPF=0.
 10 PI=3.14159
 11 DO 1 I=1,9
 12 900 FORMAT(10X,3F10.4)
 13 901 FORMAT(13X,7M1Y/R?,7X,3MCNS,7X,3MCMS)
 14 DO 1 J=1,32
 15 1 CP(I,J)=0.
 16 R=SPAN
 17 GAMALE=GAMA/57.2957A
 18 TANGAM=TAN(GAMALE)
 19 GAMATE=ATAN((CT-CP+.5*B*TANGAM)/(.5*B))
 20 XMNTE=VOVS*COS(GAMATE)+.00001
 21 IF(XMNTE-1.) 503,504,504
 22 503 VOVS=1./COS(GAMATE)+.00001
 23 PPINT 505
 24 505 FORMAT(1X,88SUPSONIC TRAILING EDGE ENCOUNTERED, MACH NUMBER INCRFA
 25 1 SED SO THAT TRAILING EDGE IS SONIC.)
 26 504 CONTINUE
 27 RETA=SQRT(ABS(VOVS**2-1.))
 28 XMNLE=VOVS*COS(GAMALE)
 29 AL=ALPHA/57.2957A
 30 XMU=ASIN(1./VOVS)
 31 XM=TANGAM/RETA
 32 YM1=CP/(RETA-TANGAM-2./R*CT+2./B*CR)
 33 YM2=(.5*R*TANGAM-CR*RETA*.5*R)/(TANGAM+2./B*CT-2./B*CR+BETA)
 34 YM3=(BETA*B-CR)/(TANGAM+2./R*CT-2./B*CR+BETA)
 35 3 CONTINUE
 36 SUM=C.
 37 NY=R/16.
 38 DO 115 I=1,9
 39 IF(I.FO.1.OR.I.FO.9) GO TO 12
 40 GO TO 13
 41 12 CONTINUE
 42 IF(I.EQ.1) Y(1)=.00001
 43 IF(I.EQ.9) Y(9)=.5*R-.00001
 44 GO TO 14
 45 13 SUM=SUM+NY
 46 Y(I)=SUM
 47 14 XLE(I)=Y(I)*TANGAM
 48 XTE(I)=2.*Y(I)/R*(.5*B*TANGAM+CT-CP)+CP
 49 CMORP(I)=XTE(I)-XLF(I)
 50 DX=(XTE(I)-XLE(I))/32.
 51 YM1=Y(I)*RETA
 52 YM2=-BETA*(Y(I)-.5*B)+.5*B*TANGAM
 53 YM3=-BETA*(Y(I)-.5*R)+.5*R*BETA
 54 IF(IPRINT-1) 91,91,92
 55 91 91 94,94,92

```

93 CONTINUE
  PRINT 95,VCVS,CHORD(I)
95 FORMAT(//,4F,12F)
  LOCAL CHORD=0.56,4.0*FT,0.40,0.5*(R/2)*.23X,0.53,0.53/
  200,0.0
  GO TO 92
94 CONTINUE
  PRINT 96,VCVS,CHORD(I)
96 FORMAT(//,46X,12F)
  LOCAL CHORD=0.56,4.0*FT,0.40,0.5*(R/2)*.23X,0.53,0.53/
  2FLCP,0.0
97 CONTINUE
  SUM1=0.
  L=0
  DO 115 J=1,33
  IF(J-1) 16,16,17
  SUM1=.000001*CHORD(I)
  FACTOR=SUM1
  GO TO 14
17 SUM1=SUM1+NY
18 X(J)=SUM1*(I)*TANGAM
  IF(J.EQ.33) X(J)=X(J)-FACTOR
  DETERMINE IF THE LEADING EDGE IS SUPERSONIC OR SUBSONIC
  IF(I.-XMLE) 5,5,6
5 CONTINUE
6 SUPERSONIC LEADING EDGE
  DETERMINE IF THERE ARE FOUR OR FIVE REGIONS
  TESANG=ATAN(1.58*TANGAM*CT)/(1.5*B)
  YMU=1.5707963268-YMU
  IF(TESANG-XMU) 7,7,8
7 CONTINUE
8 FOUR REGIONS OR LESS
  IF(X(J).LE.XM1.AND.X(J).LE.XM2) CALL REG1(CP,I,J)
  IF(X(J).GE.XM1.AND.X(J).LE.XM2) CALL REG2(CP,I,J,X,Y)
  IF(X(J).GE.XM1.AND.X(J).GE.XM2) CALL REG4(CP,I,J,X,Y)
  IF(X(J).LE.XM1.AND.X(J).GE.XM2) CALL REG3(CP,I,J,X,Y)
  GO TO 15
9 CONTINUE
10 FIVE REGIONS
  IF(X(J).LE.XM1.AND.X(J).LE.XM2) CALL REG1(CP,I,J)
  IF(X(J).GE.XM1.AND.X(J).LE.XM2) CALL REG2(CP,I,J,X,Y)
  IF(X(J).GE.XM2.AND.X(J).LE.XM1) CALL REG3(CP,I,J,X,Y)
  IF(X(J).GE.XM1.AND.X(J).GE.XM2.AND.X(J).LE.XM3) CALL REG4(CP,I,J,X,Y)
  GO TO 15
11 CONTINUE
  LEADING EDGE
  IF(J.EQ.1) M=J
  CALL REG5(CP,I,J,X,Y,M)
  GO TO 15
12 CONTINUE
  LEADING EDGE
  IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 102
  SUM1=0.
  Y(I)=0.000001*CHORD(I)*V(I)

```



```

115 X(2) = .00000015 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(3) = .00000004 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(4) = .00000007 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(5) = .0000001 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(6) = .0000004 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(7) = .000001 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(8) = .000005 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(9) = .0001 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(10) = .0005 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(11) = .001 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(12) = .005 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(13) = .01 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(14) = .015 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(15) = .02 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(16) = .025 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(17) = .03 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(18) = .035 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(19) = .04 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(20) = .045 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(21) = .05 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(22) = .055 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(23) = .06 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    X(24) = .0625 * CHORD(I) * XLF(I)
    DC 10 K=2,24
    DXX=X(K)-X(K-1)
    IF(X(K).GE.XM1.AND.Y(K).LE.XM2) CALL RFGONE(CP,I,K,X,Y)
    IF(X(K).GE.XM2) CALL RFGTWO(CP,I,K,X,Y)
    SUM2=SUM2+(CP(I,K)+CP(I,K-1))*DXX*.5
    C1=(CP(I,K)+CP(I,K-1))*DXX*.5
    C2=X(K-1)
    C3=0XX/3.
    C4=CP(I,K-1)+2.*CP(I,K)
    C5=CP(I,K-1)+CP(I,K)
    SUM3=SUM3+C1*(C2+C3+C4/C5)
140 CONTINUE
    K=N
    SUM2=SUM2+CP(I,1)*(X(1)-XLF(I))
    SUM3=SUM3+CP(I,1)*(X(1)-XLF(I))*(XLF(I)+X(1)-XLF(I))*-.5)
    CN(I)=SUM2/CHORD(I)
    CM(I)=-SUM3/(CHORD(I)*DPFF)
    X(2)=X(1)+DX
    X(3)=X(2)+DX
145 CONTINUE
    IF(X(J).GE.XM1.AND.X(J).LE.XM2) CALL RFGONE(CP,I,J,X,Y)
    IF(X(J).GE.XM2) CALL RFGTWO(CP,I,J,X,Y)
150 CONTINUE
    IF(EO.9.AND.J.FO.1) CP(I,J)=C.
    IF(PRINT-1) 220,220,115
220 CONTINUE
    YN=Y(I)/(1.5*9)
    XN=X(J)-YLF(I),L=CHORD(I)
    PRINT 222,YN,XN,CP(I,J)
222 FORMAT(41X,F5.3,20X,F7.4,18X,F5.3)
115 CONTINUE
    IF(1.-YMINF) 25,25,26

```

```

200 SUM2=C.
    SUM5=C.
    DO 50 J=1,9
    SUM2=0.
    SUM4=C.
    XLE(J)=Y(J)*TANGAM
    YLE(J)=2.*Y(J)/R*(.5*R*TANGAM*CT-CO)+CO
    C=1/YLE(J)-XLE(J)
    DY=C/32.
    DO 31 I=1,33
    IF(I-1) A0,A0,A1
    A0 SUM5=0.000001*C
    GO TO 82
    A1 SUM5=SUM+DY
    A2 X(I)=SUM+Y(J)*TANGAM
    F=1
    FE=E/2.-.1
    K1=Y
    KK=K1/2
    E1=KK
    IF(FF*GE-E1) GO TO 32
    FHALF=CP(J,1)
    FHAL=C*CP(J,1)*X(I)
    GO TO 31
    32 Y(I,GY,1) GO TO 33
    F1=CP(J,1)
    F1=C*CP(J,1)*X(I)
    F=FI
    FC=FIT
    GO TO 31
    33 F1=CP(J,1)
    FIT=CP(J,1)*Y(I)
    SUM4=SUM4+DY/3.*IF0+.4.*FHAL+FIT
    SUM2=SUM2+DY/3.*IF+.4.*FHAL+FIT
    F=FI
    FO=FIT
    31 CONTINUE
    CONT(J)=SUM2
    CNS=SUM2/C
    CMS=SUM4/(C*DPFF)
    YFIT=PRINT-1) 500,500,550
    500 CONTINUE
    YF(J,E0,1) PRINT 901
    YP02=Y(J)/(1.5+R)
    PRINT 900,YB02,CNS,CMS
    550 CONTINUE
    XPCS=CMS/CNS
    TOTAL LIFT,PITCHING MOMENT,AND CENTER OF PRESSURE
    F2=F2-.1
    F3=F2/2.
    JJ=J/J
    F4=JJ
    YF(FT,GF,E4) GO TO 34
    FHALFV=SUM2

```

SUBROUTINE SUPCNA TRACE

```

FHALY=SUM4
GO TO 50
34 IF (J.GT.1) GO TO 36
FIIY=SUM4
FY=SUM2
FY=FY
FOY=FY
GO TO 50
36 FIIY=SUM2
FY=FY
SUM3=SUM3+DY/3.*(FY+4.*FHALY+FY)
SUM5=SUM5+DY/3.*(FOY+4.*FHALY+FIIY)
FY=FY
FOY=FY
50 CONTINUE
CNWING=2./AREF*SUM3
CNWING=-2.*SUM5/AREF
XCPW=-CNWING/CNWING+XLF
GO TO 100
26 CONTINUE
NO 60 I=1,9
DX=CHORD(I)/32.
X(I)=XLF(I)
NO 103 J=2,33
X(J)=X(J-1)+DX
103 CONTINUE
F1=4.*(CP(I,4)+CP(I,5)+CP(I,10)+CP(I,10)+CP(I,12)+CP(I,14)+CP(I,16)
+CP(I,18)+CP(I,20)+CP(I,22)+CP(I,24)+CP(I,26)+CP(I,28)+CP(I,30)+CP
2(I,32))
F2=CP(I,3)+CP(I,33)+2.*(CP(I,5)+CP(I,7)+CP(I,9)+CP(I,11)+CP(I,13)+
1CP(I,15)+CP(I,17)+CP(I,19)+CP(I,21)+CP(I,23)+CP(I,25)+CP(I,27)+CP(I
2I,29)+CP(I,31))
CM1(I)=CM1(I)+DX/3.*(F1+F2)/CHORD(I)
CM1(I)=CM1(I)*CHORD(I)
G1=4.*X(4)+CP(I,4)+X(16)*CP(I,6)+X(18)*CP(I,8)+X(10)+X(12)
1CP(I,12)+X(14)+CP(I,14)+X(16)+CP(I,16)+X(18)*CP(I,18)+X(20)+CP(I,
220)+X(22)+CP(I,22)+X(24)+CP(I,24)+X(26)*CP(I,26)+X(28)*CP(I,28)+X(
330)*CP(I,30)+X(32)*CP(I,32))
G2=X(3)+CP(I,3)+X(33)+CP(I,33)+2.*(X(5)+CP(I,5)+X(7)+CP(I,7)+X(9)+
1CP(I,9)+X(11)+CP(I,11)+X(13)+CP(I,13)+X(15)+CP(I,15)+X(17)+CP(I,17
2)+X(19)+CP(I,19)+X(21)+CP(I,21)+X(23)+CP(I,23)+X(25)+CP(I,25)+X(27
3)+CP(I,27)+X(29)+CP(I,29)+X(31)+CP(I,31))
CM1(I)=CM1(I)-DX/3.*(G1+G2)/CHORD(I)+DREF
CM1(I)=CM1(I)*CHORD(I)+DREF
IF (I.PEINT-1) 600,600,650
600 CONTINUE
IF (I.EQ.1) PRINT 901
YPO2=Y(I)/(.5**I)
PPINT 900, YPO2, CM1(I), CM1(I)
650 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
CNWING=DY/3./AREF*(CN(1)+4.*(CN(2)+CN(5)+CN(6)+CN(9))+2.*(CN
1(3)+CN(15)+CN(7))+CN(9))*2.
CNWING=2.*DY/3.*AREF*(CM1(1)+4.*(CM1(2)+CM1(4)+CM1(7)+CM1(9)
1)+2.*(CM1(3)+CM1(5)+CM1(7))+CM1(9))

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XCDM=XLF-CNHING/CNHING
XCDP=(CCN11)*Y(1)+CCN(2)*Y(2)+CCN(3)*Y(3)+CCN(4)*Y(4)+CCN(5)*Y(5)+C
100 CONTINUE
200 CNAF=CNHING/AL
XCDP=XCDM/DDFF
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE TRAJNS
COMMON/SE04/PP(I),X(I),P(I),C2,N,NS=0,N1,N2,XB(225),P(225)
COMMON/SE01/ RPP(225),PETA
COMMON/SE02/NN1,NN2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NPLUNT,N,NMI,IPRINT,NP14
COMMON/SE03/V0V5,AL,XM,YM,XINT,YINT,NNT4
COMMON/SE04/K,F,PR,RREF
COMMON/CPV/ CPV(225,7),JA,JR
COMMON/DIS2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6,CARLW
COMMON/LENG/BL,ANL,ALA
COMMON/HAUF/CARL,CNRL,CAN,CNW,CNW
DIMENSION AM(10),CA15(10),CA2(10),CA25(10),CA3(10),CA4(10)
DATA(AM(I),I=1,4)/.85,.9,.95,.1,.1,.15,.1,.1,.15,.1,2/
DATA(CA15(I),I=1,4)/.01,.072,.13,.177,.215,.247,.277,.3/
DATA(CA2(I),I=1,4)/0,.036,.073,.107,.14,.169,.191,.205/
DATA(CA25(I),I=1,4)/0,.01,.04,.07,.09A,.122,.138,.143/
DATA(CA3(I),I=1,4)/0,.0,.024,.046,.073,.092,.102,.097/
DATA(CA4(I),I=1,4)/0,.0,.01,.032,.047,.055,.055,.047/
CP0=C.
IF(RPP(NN1).LT.-0.0001) GO TO 87
GO TO AA
A7 V0V=V0V5-.049R
IF(V0V.LT.1.) GO TO A9
ARFF=3.14159*ARFF**2
IF(NSHAP.EQ.4) GO TO AA
IF(NN1A.EQ.2) GO TO 1
IF(NBLUNT.EQ.2) GO TO 1
J=NN2+1
GO TO 2
J=NN3+1
GO TO 1C L=J,NN
XX=XR(L)-XB(J)
DELTA=ATAN(1./12.*ANL)
IF(RPP(J-3).LT.RPP(1)) DELTA=ATAN(.2/ANL)
GAMA=1.4
C1=1.+GAMA
C2=SQRT(C1)
C3=V0V **2
C4=1.-C3
C5=C4/(C1*C3)
C6=3.*DELTA/12.*C0
C7=25.*C1*V0V **2*(2./3.)
C8=5.*C4/(C1*C3)
C9=1.25*C5**2
C10=2.*C5/(V0V **2*(2./3.))*C6**2*(2./3.)
C11=(C6/V0V )*(4./3.)
C12=C7*(CA+(C9+C10+C11))*(.5)
P=SQRT(C10)
V=2.*ALA +2.*XX
CP1 =.4*(V-C)/SQRT(C1*V0V **2*(2./3.))*(.04*(Y-C)**2/(C1*V0V **
1(2./3.))-C4/(C1*C3))**.5
IF(V.GT.C) CP1=C.
DELTA=-RPP(L)
GAMA=1.4
C1=1.+GAMA
C2=SQRT(C1)

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```

C3=VOV **2
C4=1.-C3
C5=C4/(C1*C3)
C6=3.*DELTA/(2.*C0)
C7=25.*C1*VOV ** (2./3.)
CA=5.*C6/(C1*C3)
C0=1.25*C5**2
C10=2.*C5/(VOV ** (2./3.))*C6** (2./3.)
C11=(C6/VOV )** (4./3.)
C9=C7*(CA*(C9+C10+C11)** (.5))
C=SQRT(C9)
Y=XX**2.
CPV(L,1)=.4*(Y-C)/SQRT(C1*VOV ** (2./3.))* (.04*(Y-C)**2/(C1*VOV **
1 (2./3.))-C4/(C1*C3))**5-DELTA**2*CPI
IF(Y.GT.C) CPV(L,1)=CPI
15  DO 10  K1=1,7
10  CPV(L,K1)=CPV(L,1)
JB=J
JB=NN
SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
CALL SIMP
CRO=2.*SUM1/AREF
VO=VOV-1.
IF(VO.LE.0.06) CRI=CRO
V1=VOVS
CONTINUE
89  IF(VOVS.GT.0.95) GO TO 90
CRO=0.
GO TO 88
90  CRO=CRI*(VOVS-.95)/(V1-.95)
88  CONTINUE
CALL INTERP(AM,CA15,VOVS,A0,A,3)
CALL INTERP(AM,CA2,VOVS,A1,A,3)
CALL INTERP(AM,CA25,VOVS,A2,A,3)
CALL INTERP(AM,CA3,VOVS,A3,A,3)
CALL INTERP(AM,CA4,VOVS,A4,A,3)
IF(ANL.LE.4.) GO TO 16
CAN=A4*(1.-.2*(ANL-4.))
88  TO 17
16  CALL INTERP5(ANL,1.5,2.,2.5,3.,4.,A0,A1,A2,A3,A4,CAN)
17  CAN=CAN*CRO
99  RETURN
100  END
    
```

```

SUBROUTINE TDADE
COMMON/GFOM/DP(F),X(30),P(30),C2,N,NSH,PI,JA,JB,XR(225),- (25)
COMMON/GF01/ DRP(225),PETA
COMMON/CPV/ CPV(225,7),JA,JB
COMMON/UIS2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,C,N,CARLM
THIS SUBROUTINE INTEGRATES THE SURFACE AREA PLANFORM AND
VOLUME BY TRAPEZOIDAL RULE.
PI=3.14159
TF(JR,NF,1) GO TO 2
SUM1=PI*DRP(2)*SQRT(DR(2)**2+XR(2)**2)
SUM2=PI/3.*DR(2)**2*XR(2)
SUM3=.5*DR(2)*XR(2)
SUM4=SUM3*2./3.*XR(2)
GC TO 99
DO 1 I=JA,JB
CX=XB(I+1)-XB(I)
SUM1=SUM1+PI*DX*(DR(I)*SQRT(1.+DRP(I)**2)+DR(I+1)*SQRT(1.+DRP(I+1)**2))
SUM2=SUM2+PI/2.*DX*(DR(I)**2+DR(I+1)**2)
SUM3=SUM3+DX*(DR(I+1)+DR(I))
SUM4=SUM4+DX*(XP(I+1)+DR(I+1)+XR(I)+DR(I))
CONTINUE
RETURN
END

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SUBROUTINE TONCPA(CP,CT,R,GAMA,TOVC,V ... ,N1,N2,N4)
DIMENSION TONAM(5),TMTOM(5),TCNAT(5), ... (5)
1 IF(I-1) 1,1,2
  IF(K-1) 3,4,6
3 CALL SUBCNA(R,CP,CT,GAMA,SF,AL,XLF,CNAMP8,XCPMP8,.8,N1,N2,N4)
  VCVS1=1.2
  CALL SUBCNA(CP,CT,R,VOVS1,AL,2,GAMA,XLF,SF,1.,CNAM14,XCP14,2)
  CALL SUBTOM(CP,CT,R,GAMA,TOVC,CNAMP8,CNAM14,TCNAT,TMTOM,VOVS1)
10 C=XCPM14-XCPMP8
  XCPPR=XCPMP8
  A=VOVS1-.4
  GO TO 10
2 IF(K-1) 5,6,6
  VCVS1=1.2
  CALL SUBCNA(CP,CT,R,VOVS1,AL,2,GAMA,XLF,SF,1.,CNAM14,XCP14,2)
  CALL SUBTOM(CP,CT,R,GAMA,TOVC,CNAMP8,CNAM14,TCNAT,TMTOM,VOVS1)
20 C=XCP14-XCP1P8
  XCPPR=XCP1P8
  A=VOVS1-.4
10 CONTINUE
  BI=VOVS-.4
  N=C*R1/A
  XCP=XCPPR+D
  RETURN
END

```



```

SUBROUTINE WAVE
COMMON/SAVE/CARL,CNRL,CNML,CAM,CNM,CMW
COMMON/FCM/PP16,X(10),P(30),C2,N,NSWAVE,1,N2,XB(225),105
COMMON/CF01/ PBP(225),RFTA
COMMON/CF02/NN1,NN2,NN3,NN4,NFL,NELUNT,NNI,IPDINT,NN12
COMMON/DT2/ SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,SUM6,CABLW
COMMON/CPV/ CPV(225,7),JA,JR
COMMON/CF04/K,F,PR,ROFF
COMMON/CF03/VOVS,AL,XM,YM,XTINT,NNIA
DIMENSION XN(6)
CA2=0.
CA3=0.
CA4=0.
CN2=C.
CN3=C.
CN4=C.
CM2=0.
CM3=C.
CM4=0.
SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
APEF=3.141592653589793
IF(NELUNT.FC.1) GO TO 1
K=NN1
K1=NN1
K2=NN2
K3=NN3
K4=NN4
GO TO 2
K=1
K1=NN1
K2=NN2
K3=NN3
K4=NN4
CARL=0.
CNRL=0.
CABL=0.
JA=K
JR=K1
CALL STMP
CA1= 2.*SUM1/APEF
CN1=-2.*SUM2/APEF
CP1= 2.*SUM3/(APEF*2.*ROFF)
SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
IF(NN1.EQ.NN1) GO TO 00
JA=K1+1
JR=K2
CALL STMP
CA2= 2.*SUM1/APEF
CN2=-2.*SUM2/APEF
CM2= 2.*SUM3/(APEF*2.*ROFF)
SUM1=0.

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TRACE

SUBROUTINE NAME

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SUM2=C.
SUM3=C.
TF(NN2,EQ.NN ) GO TO 99
JA=K2+1
JP=K3
CALL STMP
CA3= 2.*SUM1/ARFF
CN3=-2.*SUM2/ARFF
CP3= 2.*SUM3/(ARFF+2.*ARFF)
SUM1=0.
SUM2=0.
SUM3=0.
TF(NN3,EQ.NN ) GO TO 99
JA=K3+1
JP=K4
CALL STMP
CA4= 2.*SUM1/ARFF
CN4=-2.*SUM2/ARFF
CM4= 2.*SUM3/(ARFF+2.*ARFF)
CA5= CABL+CA1+CA2+CA3+CA4
CN5= CNBL+CN1+CN2+CN3+CN4
CM5=CMBL+CM1+CM2+CM3+CM4
RETURN
END

```

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B-117

```

SUBROUTINE WING(CA,CP,CT,R,CP1,CP2,DP,DT,DTT,MWC,IM)
COMMON/GE1/VVVS,AL,VM,VM,VTINT,VINT,ANK
COMMON/GE2/NI1,NI2,NI3,NI4,NEL,NRLUNT,NI,NI,IPDINT,ANK
COMMON/NI2/SUM1,SUM2,SUM3,SUM4,SUM5,CS,CS,CARLW
COMMON/COMING/ TGA(70),FYA(70),AMU,VP,VP(2),VP,OTDX(70),OT(70),IL
COMMON/GE1/PRP(225),RFTA
DIMENSION CA(4),Y(10),X(70),CP(70,9),ZPP(70),CPN(40),THL(1),
170(40),XN(70)
M=4
AMU = ASIN(1./VVVS)
PAR=57.29583
CARLW=0.
SUM3=0.
IF(CP.LF.0.0001) GO TO 97
SUM6=8
DO 2 J=1,6
IF(GA(J).LE.1.) CA(J)=1.
TGA(J)= TAN(GA (J)/RAD)
FYA(J)=TGA(J)/RFTA
2 CONTINUE
CS=COS(GA(1)/RAD)
N=32
XO (1)=0.
Y(1)=XO(1)+R /2.*TGA(1)
Z(1)=0.
3 Y(1)= COORDINATES OF ORIGINS OF SOURCES AT WING TIP.
C C1,C2,C MEASURED PARALLEL TO FREESTREAM
L=0
VP=0.0001
C1=CP1+VP*(TGA(2)-TGA(1))
PLF=(RT-PR)*VP *2./R+RP
DTE=PLE
PAVG=(RT+PR)/2.
Y2=(YT-TP)*VP/R+TP
C=C0+VP*(TGA(4)-TGA(1))
DU=0.
XU=0.
PLPT=(1.2*VVVS**2)**3.5*(6./17.*VVVS**2-1.))**2.5
CPD=(PLPT-1.)/(0.7*VVVS**2)
IF(LE.LT.0.0001) GO TO 11
C COMBINED NEWTONIAN PERTURBATION THEORY.
CIP=C1*CS/PLE
TP=T/(2.*PLE)
A1=(1.-CIP)**2+TP**2
A2=2.*(CIP*(1.-CIP)-TP**2)
A3=CIP**2
XRAD=(-A2-SQRT(A2**2-4.*A1*A3))/(2.*A1)
YU=XRAD*PLE/CS
DRAD=SQRT(2.*XRAD-XRAD**2)
DU=PRB*PLE
IF(IM.EQ.1) GO TO 15:
N1=C/2.
N2=T/2.-PLE
N3=PLE/CS
N4=(P2**2+N1**2-C*03+D1**2)/(2.*D2)

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B-118

SYMBOLS TIME NAME TRACE

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60 CP=01-YU
   ZPD=05/SQRT(04**2-05**2)
   GC TO 152
151 ZPD=(Y/2.-0U)/(C1-YU)
152 O7DX(1)=0.
   TMM=15.
   O7DX(2)=TAN(TMM/PAD)
   TMT=ATAN(7PP)*RAD
   TMI=(90.-TMI)/RAD
   A1=RLF/CS
   R1=TAN(7BP)
   F1=(CS/R1)**2
   F=F1/41.+F1)
   XI=A1*(1.-SORT(1.-F))
   ZI=A1*CS**2/R1*(1.-XI/A1)
70 NEWTONIAN THEORY
   TMM=(90.-TMM)/RAD
   CARLW=4.*RAVGR*CPM*CS**2*(SIN(TMI)-SIN(TMI)**3/3.)
   OTH=(90.-TMI)/20.
   OFL=90./PAD
   CPN(1)=CPM*CS
   PERTURBATION THEORY
   R1=TAN(TMM/RAD)
   F1=(CS/R1)**2
   F=F1/41.+F1)
   XM=A1*(1.-SORT(1.-F))
   ZM=A1*(1.-XM/A1)*CS**2/R1
   TM(1)=0.
   XO(1)=XM-ZM**2/CS/(RLF-XM*CS)
   XT(1)=XO(1)+R /2.*TGA(1)
   ZO(1)=0.
   XO(2)=XM
   XT(2)=XO(2)+R /2.*TGA(1)
   ZO(2)=ZM
   O7DX(3)=O7DX(2)
   TM(2)=TMM
   DO 12 L=2,30
   TM(L+1)=TM(L)-1.
   IF(TM(L+1).LE.TMI) GO TO 13
   TMT=TM(L+1)/PAD
   O7DX(L+2)=TAN(TMT)
   R1=TAN(TMT)
   F1=(CS/R1)**2
   F=F1/41.+F1)
   XO(L+1)=A1*(1.-SORT(1.-F))
   XT(L+1)=XO(L+1)+R /2.*TGA(1)
   ZO(L+1)=A1*CS**2/R1*(1.-XO(L+1)/A1)
12 CONTINUE
   GO TO 11
13 TMI(1)=TMI
   TMT=TM(L+1)/PAD
   O7DX(L+2)=TAN(TMT)
   R1=TAN(TMT)
   F1=(CS/R1)**2
   F=F1/41.+F1)

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115 XC(L+1)=A1*(1.-SCOT(1.-F))
    XT(L+1)=XC(L+1)*B /2.*TGA(1)
    YC(L+1)=A1*CS**2/RS*(1.-XC(L+1)/A1)
    TF(J,F0,1) GO TO 26
    A=N
    DELX=(CR-XC(L+1))-RTE/CS)/A
    DELY=(CT-XC(L+1))-RTE/CS)/A
    N1=N+1
    DO 21 JL=2,N1
    XC(L+JL)=XC(L+JL-1)+DELX
    YT(L+JL)=YT(L+JL-1)+DELY
    TGA(L+JL)=2.*(YT(L+JL)-XC(L+JL))/R
    FYA(L+JL)=TGA(L+JL)/R*TA
    LL=L+JL
    LL=L+1
21 CONTINUE
    XC(L+N1)=XC(L+N1)+RTE*(CR/2.-RTE/CS)/(TR/2.-RTE)
    GO TO 22
26 XC(L+2)=CP1
    XC(L+3)=(CR-CP2)
    IF(CR2.LE.0.000001) GO TO 140
    XC(L+4)=CR+RTE*(CR2-RTE/CS)/(TR/2.-RTE)
    GO TO 141
140 XC(L+4)=CP
141 XT(L+2)=XC(L+2)+R/2.*TGA(2)
    XT(L+3)=XC(L+3)+R /2.*TGA(2)
    XT(L+4)=XC(L+4)+R /2.*TGA(3)
    YT(L+4)=XC(L+4)+R /2.*TGA(4)
    LL=L+4
    LL=L+1
    TGA(L+2)=TGA(2)
    TGA(L+3)=TGA(3)
    TGA(L+4)=TGA(4)
    FYA(L+2)=FYA(2)
    FYA(L+3)=FYA(3)
    FYA(L+4)=FYA(4)
    DO 15 J=1,LL
    TGA(J)=TGA(1)
    FYA(J)=FYA(1)
15 CONTINUE
    Y(1)=0.0001
    YP = Y (1)
    X (1)=Y (1)*TGA(1)
    MW =M +1
    DO 3 J=1,MW
    F2=0.
    SUM21=0.
    A=M
    Y (J+1)=Y (J)+R /L2.*A
    Y(2)=R/L2.*A1
    TF(J,F0,4) Y(MW)=Y(MW)-0.0001
    YP = Y (J)
    IF(J,F0,1) GO TO 154
    PLF1=(PT-RO)*Y(J-1)*2./R+RP
    PLF2=(PT-RO)*Y(J)*2./R+RP

```

```

170 OLF=OLF2
    OTE=OLF
    YF(OLF1,LF,0.000001) GO TO 172
    FACTOP=OLF2/OLF1
    GO TO 173
172 FACTOP=1.
173 XU=YOU*FACTOP
    PU=UO*FACTOP
    NI=L+1
    DO 153 I=1,NI
    XO(I)=XO(I)*FACTOP
    XT(I)=XO(I)+R/2.*TGA(1)
153 CONTINUE
154 YP=Y(J)
    X (J+1)=Y (J+1)*TGA(1)
    C1=CP1 +YP*(TGA(IL-2)-TGA(1))
    C2=CP2 +YP*(TGA(IL)-TGA(IL-1))
    T2=(YT -TP )+YP/R +TP
    C =COP +Y (J )*(TGA(IL)-TGA(1))
    IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 90
    IF(INC.GT.1) GO TO 92
    WRITE(6,91) VOVS,C
91 FORMAT(//,50X,'PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS ON WING AT M=*,F5.3,/,60X,
    2*Y,(R/2)*.20X,*Y/C*.20X,*CP*,//)
    GO TO 90
92 WRITE(6,93) VOVS,C
93 FORMAT(//,50X,'PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS ON CANARD AT M=*,F5.3,/,60X,
    1*LOCAL CHORD=*,F6.4,*FT,*,//,40X,
    1*Y/(R/2)*.20X,*Y/C*.20X,*CP*,//)
90 SUM2=0.
    IF(YM.EQ.1) GO TO 23
    N1=N+1+L
    N2=L+2
    D1=C/2.
    D2=Y/2.-RLE
    D3=RLE/CS
    YF(D2,LE,0.000001) GO TO 174
    D4=(D2**2+D1**2-D*03+D3**2)/(2.*D2)
    GO TO 175
174 D4=100000.
175 DO 24 JL=M2,N1
    X1=XT(JL-1)-XT(1)
    X2=X1+(XO(JL-1)-X1)*(1.-2.*Y(J)/R)
    C5=N1-X2
    C7OY(JL)=D5/SDPT(D4**2-D5**2)
24 CONTINUE
    C7OY(N1+1)=0.
    GO TO 25
C 23 C7OY(I) IS SLOPE JUST UPSTREAM OF POINT Y.
    C7OY(IL+2)=(Y/2.-RUI)/(C1-XU)
    C7OY(IL+3)=0.
    YF(C2,LF,0.0001) GO TO 170
    C7OY(IL+4)=-(Y/2.-RUI)/(C2-RUF/CS)
    GO TO 171

```

CHORDLINE WING TRACE

```

170 D7DX(L+4)=C.
171 D7DX(L+5)=0.
25  X1=X(J)-Y(J)*TGA(1)
    A=N
225  XP=X (J) +YC(1)
    N1=N+1+L
    L1=L+1
    NC 25 K=1,L1
    7PP(K)=D7DX(K)
230  CONTINUE
    IF(IM.GT.1) GO TO 27
    X1=X(J)
    GO TO 35
27  L2=L+2
    N2=N1+1
    DO 34 K=L2,N2
    7PP(K)=D7DX(K)
34  CONTINUE
35  IF(IM.EQ.1) GO TO 70
    KLL=L+1
    F=KLL
    E=E-1
    FF=E/2.
    KK=KLL/2
    F1=KK
    IF(EF.LE.F1) KLL=KLL+1
    K2=1
    K1=2
240  IF(L.LY.2) GO TO 15A
    K2=2
245  IF(L.EQ.2) K2=3
    IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 15B
    A1=PIE/CS
    DEL=90./RAD
    YY=Y(J)/(B/2.)
    DO 159 K=1,A
    CPN(K)=CPO*SIN(DEL)**2+CS**2
    P1=(CSATAN(DEL))**2
    F=B1/(1.+B1)
    XP=RLF*(1.-SQRT(1.-F))
    XY=XP/C
    WRITE(6,4) YX,XY,CPN(K)
    DEL=DEL-10./RAD
159  CONTINUE
265  XP=X(J)+Y0(2)
    CO 33 K=K2-N1
    IF(XP.LT.(X(J)+Y0(L+1))) YX=Y0(K+1)-Y0(K)
    IF(K.GE.(L+1)) CY=(C-Y0(L+1))-PTE/CS)/A
    SUM1=0.
    CALL CP3DW
    CP(K,J)=-2.*SUM1
    IF(CP(K,J).LT.0.) GO TO 75
    IF(CP(K,J).GT.CFO) CP(K,J)=CFO
    GO TO 76
275  IF(ABS(CP(K,J)).GT.CPO) CP(K,J)=-CPO

```

```

74  X2=XB-X(J)
    IF(OLF.LT.2.00001) GO TO 132
    IF(K.GF.KLL) GO TO 132
    A11=SQRT(1.+7*P(K)**2)
    SIN=7*P(K)/A11
    CPN(K)=CPN*SIN**2
    AP=CP(2,J)-CPN(2)
    IF(K.FO.1) GO TO 52
    I'(AR.GT.0.) GO TO 130
    APB=CP(K,J)-CPN(K)
    IF(CP(K,J).LT.0.) GO TO 131
    IF(ARB.LT.0.) GO TO 52
    IF(K1.EO.1) GO TO 132
    AK=K
    ALK=L
    AKL=AK/ALK
    TH1=(90.-THM*AKL*(THM-TH1))/RAD
    CABLM=4.*PAVG*P*CPD*CS**2*(SIN(TH1)-SIN(TH1)**3/3.)
    KLL=K
    K1=1
    F=K
    FE=F-.1
    FE=FE/2.
    KK=K/2
    E1=KK
    IF(FE.GE.E1) GO TO 132
    KLL=KLL-1
    GO TO 132
130  APB=CP(K,J)-CPN(K)
    IF(ARB.GT.0.) GO TO 52
    IF(K1.EO.1) GO TO 132
    K1=1
    KLL=K
    AK=K
    ALK=L
    AKL=AK/ALK
    TH1=(90.-THM*AKL*(THM-TH1))/RAD
    CABLM=4.*PAVG*P*CPD*CS**2*(SIN(TH1)-SIN(TH1)**3/3.)
    F=K
    FE=F-.1
    FE=FE/2.
    KK=K/2
    E1=KK
    IF(FE.GF.E1) GO TO 132
    KLL=KLL-1
    F=K
    FE=F-.1
    FE=FE/2.
    KK=K/2
    E1=KK
    IF(FE.GF.E1) GO TO 53
    FHALF=CP(K,J)*(7*P(K)+7*P(K+1))/2.
    GO TO 52
    IF(K.GT.KLL) GO TO 54
    FT=CP(KLL,J)+7*P(KLL+1)

```



```

335 F=PI
    GO TO 52
54 FT=CP(K,J)*(7PP(K)+7PP(K+1))/2.
    SUM2=SUM2+DX/3.*(F+.5*FHALF+FI)
    F=FI
52 X1=XT(K)-R*TC(A1)/2.
    XP=X(J)+XC(K)+2.*Y(J)*(X1-Y(K))/(B+DX+DX/7.
    IF(XP.GT.(X(J)+C-RLE/CS)) XP=X(J)+C-RLE/CS
150 IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 33
    YY=Y(J)/(B/2.)
    XX=X2/C
    IF(K.GE.KLL) GO TO 160
    IF(K1.EQ.1) GO TO 160
    WRITE(6,4) YY,XX,CPN(K)
    GO TO 33
345 160 WRITE(6,4) YY,XX,CPN(K,J)
    4 FORMAT(41X,F6.3,20X,F7.4,1AX,F6.3)
    33 CONTINUE
    GO TO 71
70 CONTINUE
    K1=2
    KLL=L+2
    IF(L.LY.2) GO TO A5
    CPN(2)=CP0*CS**2*0.969A
    IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 156
    A1=RLE/CS
    DEL=90./RAD
    YY=Y(J)/(B/2.)
    DO 155 K=1,B
    CPN(K)=CP0*SIN(DEL)**2*CS**2
    P1=(CS/TAN(DEL))**2
    F=R1/(1.+R1)
    XP=RLE*(1.-SQRT(1.-F))
    XX=XP/C
365 WRITE(6,4) YY,XX,CPN(K)
    DEL=DEL-10./RAD
    CONTINUE
155 DO 83 K=1,L
156 XHW=X(J)+XC(K)
    XW(K)=XHW
    NY=X0(K+1)-X0(K)
    XP=XW(K)
    SUM1=0.
    CALL CP3DW
    CP(K,J)=-2.*SUM1
    A1=SQRT(1.+DZDX(K+1)**2)
    STD=DZDX(K+1)/A1
    CPN(K)=CP0*SID**2
    IF(K.EQ.1) GO TO A3
780 IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 101
    YY=Y(J)/(B/2.)
    X2=XP-X(J)
    XX=Y2/C
    IF(K.GE.KLL) GO TO 157
385 IF(K1.EQ.1) GO TO 157

```

```

WRITE(6,4) Y,XX,CPN(K)
GO TO 101
157 WRITE(6,4) Y,XX,CP(K,J)
101 AP=CP(2,J)-CPN(2)
IF(AR.GT.0.) GO TO A4
AP=CP(K,J)-CPN(K)
IF(CP(K,J).LT.0.) GO TO A6
IF(ARR.LT.0.) GO TO A3
IF(K1.EQ.1) GO TO A3
AK=K
ALK=L
AKL=AK/ALK
TH1=(90.-THM+AKL*(THM-TH1))/RAD
CARLM=4.*PAVG*B*CP0*CS**2*(SIN(TH1)-SIN(TH1)**3/3.)
KLL=K
KI=1
GO TO A3
A8 APB=CP(K,J)-CPN(K)
IF(ARR.GT.0.) GO TO A3
IF(K1.EQ.1) GO TO A3
KI=1
KLL=K
BK=K
ALK=L
AKL=AK/ALK
TH1=(90.-THM+AKL*(THM-TH1))/RAD
CARLM=4.*PAVG*B*CP0*CS**2*(SIN(TH1)-SIN(TH1)**3/3.)
CONTINUE
L1=L+3
XMM=X(J)+X0(L+1)
XM(L+1)=XMM
7PP(L+1)=D7DX(L+1)
YP=XM(L+1)-0.00001
SUM1=0.
CALL CP3DM
CP(L+1,J)=-2.*SUM1
Y=L+1
IF(CP(L+1,J).GT.CP0) CP(K,J)=CP0
IF(TPOINT.NE.1) GO TO 102
YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
Y2=XP-X(J)
XY=X2/C
WRITE (6,4) Y,XX,CP(K,J)
CONTINUE
XM(L+2)=XMM
7PP(L+2)=D7DX(L+2)
YP=XM(L+2)+0.00001
SUM1=0.
CALL CP3DM
CP(L+2,J)=-2.*SUM1
Y=L+2
IF(CP(L+2,J).GT.CP0) CP(K,J)=CP0
IF(TPOINT.NE.1) GO TO 103
YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
Y2=YP-Y(J)

```

```

445      YY=X2/C
        WRITE (6,4)YY,XX,CP(K,J)
        CONTINUE
        X12=XO(L+2)+Y(J)*TGA(L+2)
        X13=XO(L+3)+Y(J)*TGA(L+3)
        X14=CO-RF/CS+Y(J)*TGA(L+4)
        XX=X13-X12-C.CC01
        IF(X4.LE.0.0) GO TO 60
        N11=N/4
        AA=M11
        N12=N11+2+L
        DX=(X12-XWH)/AA
        LN=2
        GO TO 61
455      N11=N/2
        LN=1
        AA=M11
        DX=(X12-XWH)/AA
        N12=N11+2+L
        DO 28 K=L1,N12
460      XM(K)=XM(K-1)+DX
        IF(K.EQ.N12) XM(N12)=XM(N12)-0.00001
        XP=XM(K)
        SUM1=0.
        CALL CP30H
        CP(K,J)=-2.*SUM1
        IF(TPOINT.NE.1) GO TO 104
        YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
        X2=XP-X(J)
        XX=X2/C
470      WRITE (6,4)YY,XX,CP(K,J)
        CONTINUE
        ZPP(K)=D7DX(L+2)
        CONTINUE
475      IF(ABS(CP(N12,J)).GT.CP0) CP(N12,J)=-CP0
        JK=N12
        JI=KLL
        LK=1
        IF(Y(J).GT.0.001) GO TO 80
        CP(L+2,J)=CP(L+3,J)
        CP(N12,J)=CP(N12-1,J)
        CALL SIMPH(CP,XM,ZPP,JI,JK,J,L<)
        IF(LN.EQ.1) GO TO 62
        DX=(X13-XWH(N12))/(2.*AA)
        N13=N12+2
        N14=3*(N11+1)+L
        XM(N12+1)=XM(N12)+0.00001
        ZPP(N12+1)=0.
        XP=XM(N12+1)+C.CC03.
        SUM1=0.
        CALL CP30H
        CP(N12+1,J)=-2.*SUM1
        K=N12+1
        IF(TPOINT.NE.1) GO TO 105
        YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)

```

```

500      YZ=XP-X(I,J)
        XX=XZ/C
        WRITE (6,4)YY,XY,CP(K,J)
        CONTINUE
105      IF (ABS(CP(N12+1,J)).GT.CPO) CP(N12+1,J)=-CPO
        DO 54 K=N13,N14
        YH(K)=XH(K-1)+DX
        IF (K.EQ.N14) XH(N14)=XH(N14)-0.00001
        ZP(K)=0.
        YP=XH(K)
        SUM1=0.
        CALL CP3DH
        CP(K,J)=-2.*SUM1
        IF (ABS(CP(K,J)).GE.CPO) CP(K,J)=-CPO
        IF (IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 106
        YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
        XZ=XP-X(I,J)
        XX=XZ/C
        WRITE (6,4)YY,XY,CP(K,J)
        CONTINUE
106      CONTINUE
        ZP(N14+1)=DZDX(L+4)
        XH(N14+1)=XH(N14)+0.00001
        XP=XH(N14+1)+0.00001
        SUM1=0.
        CALL CP3DH
        CP(N14+1,J)=-2.*SUM1
        K=N14+1
        IF (IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 107
        YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
        XZ=XP-X(I,J)
        XX=XZ/C
        WRITE (6,4)YY,XY,CP(K,J)
        CONTINUE
107      CONTINUE
        IF (ABS(CP(N14+1,J)).GT.CPO) CP(N14+1,J)=-CPO
        DX=(X14-X13)/AA
        N14=N14+2
        N15=4*(N11+1)+L
        DO 55 K=N14,N15
        XH(K)=XH(K-1)+DX
        IF (K.EQ.N15) XH(N15)=XH(N15)-0.00001
        YP=XH(K)
        SUM1=0.
        CALL CP3DH
        CP(K,J)=-2.*SUM1
        IF (IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 108
        YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
        XZ=XP-X(I,J)
        XX=XZ/C
        WRITE (6,4)YY,XY,CP(K,J)
        CONTINUE
108      CONTINUE
        ZP(K)=DZDX(L+4)
        CONTINUE
        JT=N14-1
        JK=N15
    
```

```

LX=1
IF(Y(J).GT.C.0001) GO TO 41
CP(N14+1,J)=CP(N14+2,J)
CP(N15,J)=CP(N15-1,J)
CALL SIMPW(CP,XM,7DD,JI,JK,J,LK)
XM(N15+1)=XM(N15)+0.00001
XP=XM(N15)+0.00001
SUM1=0.
CALL CP30W
CP(N15+1,J)=-2.*SUM1
7PR(N15+1)=DZDX(L+5)
N1=N15+1
GO TO 71
62 XM(N12+1)=XM(N12)+0.00001
XP=XM(N12+1)+0.00001
SUM1=0.
CALL CP30W
CP(N12+1,J)=-2.*SUM1
IF(CP(N12+1,J).LT.0.) GO TO 77
IF(CP(N12+1,J).GT.CPO) CP(N12+1,J)=CPO
GO TO 78
77 IF(ARSCP(N12+1,J)).GT.CPO) CP(N12+1,J)=-CPO
78 CONTINUE
K=N12+1
IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 109
YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
X2=XP-X(J)
XX=X2/C
WRITE (6,4)YY,XX,CP(K,J)
109 CONTINUE
7PR(N12+1)=DZDX(L+4)
DX=(X14-X13)/AA
N13=N12+2
N15=*(N11+1)+L
DO 67 K=N13,N15
XM(K)=XM(K-1)+DX
7PR(K)=DZDX(L+4)
IF(K.EQ.N15) XM(N15)=XM(N15)-0.00001
XP=XM(K)
SUM1=0.
CALL CP30W
CP(K,J)=-2.*SUM1
IF(IPRINT.NE.1) GO TO 110
YY=Y(J)/(R/2.)
X2=XP-X(J)
XX=X2/C
WRITE (6,4)YY,XX,CP(K,J)
110 CONTINUE
67 CONTINUE
IF(CP(N15,J).GT.CPO) CP(N15,J)=CPO
66 XM(N15+1)=XM(N15)+0.00001
XP=XM(N15)+0.00001
SUM1=0.
CALL CP30W
CP(N15+1,J)=-2.*SUM1
605

```

```

K=1F+1
IF(TPINT.NF.1) GO TO 111
YY=X(J)/(R/2.1)
X2=X-X(J)
XX=X2/C
WRITE (6,4)YY,XY,CP(K,J)
111 CONTINUE
7P=(N15+1)=D7DX(L+5)
N1=N15+1
J1=N13-1
JK=N15
LK=2
IF(Y(J).GT.0.001) GO TO A2
CP(N12+1,J)=CP(N12+2,J)
CP(N15,J)=CP(N15-1,J)
CALL SIMP(CP,XH,7PR,JT,JK,J,LK)
CDS=2.*SUM2/C
CDS1=CDS*C**3/(T*CR)/T
COSC=CDS*C
E2=J
E2=E2-.1
E3=E2/2.
JJ=J/2
E4=JJ
IF(E3.GE.E4) GO TO 55
FHALFY=COSC
GO TO 3
IF(J.GT.1) GO TO 56
FV=COSC
FY=FY
GO TO 3
FV=COSC
FY=Y(J)-Y(J-1)
SUM3=SUM3+DY/3.*(FY+4.*FHALFY+FY)
FY=FY
3 CONTINUE
97 PRTUPN
END

```

CLUBROUTINE WTTT(PW,PH,PT,PT,APT,CLAN, X1,CPM,XLOCY,XU,CLYVA,ALPHA)

1 CLAN, X1, XKB, XKB1, CLYVA, ALPHA)

2 SH=ON+.5*PH

3 X1=PH*PT

4 AT PRESENT SLENDED BODY VALUE IS USED F F

5 PI=3.14159

6 F=PI/4.*(SW-PH)*PH

7 FACT=F

8 ALPHA=ALPHA/57.29578

9 M=(XLOCY-X1)/FF-CPM)*SIN(ALPHA)-(CPM-XH)*SIN(DELTA)

10 F1=FACT**2/(F**2+H**2)

11 H1=H*PT**2/(F**2+H**2)

12 SUM=0.

13 DO 10 I=1,4

14 GO TO (4,5,6,7),I

15 F=-F

16 GO TO 4

17 F=FT

18 H=H1

19 GO TO 4

20 F=-F1

21 H=H1

22 C9=(ST-PT)*ALAMT)

23 C9=1.-ALAMT

24 C10=F-ST

25 C11=F-PT

26 C12=(C9-F*C9)/(2.*(ST-PT))*ALOG((H**2+C10**2)/(H**2+C11**2))

27 C13=C9/(ST-PT)

28 C14=(ST-PT)*H*ATAN(C10/H)-H*ATAN(C11/H)

29 FUNC=C12-C13*C14

30 IF (T.EQ.2-OR.I.EQ.3) FUNC=-FUNC

31 SUM=SUM+FUNC

32 10 CONTINUE

33 FW=FACT

34 XI=2./(1.+ALAMT)*SUM

35 29 CONTINUE

36 CLTV=(CLAN*CLAT*(XKB*ALPHA+XKB1*DELTA)*XI*(ST-PT))/(6.28*ART*(FW

37 1-PH))

38 CLYVA=CLTV

39 PFTURN

40 END