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AD-744 000

VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES

A DDC BIBLIOGRAPHY

DDC-TAS-72-46

JUNE 1972

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VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES

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FOREWORD

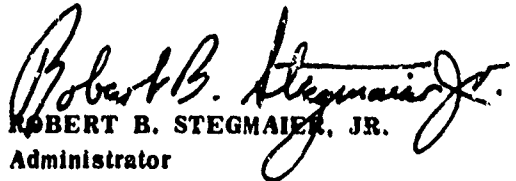
This bibliography contains 199 unclassified references relating to *Vertical Take-Off Planes*. These references were selected from entries processed into the Defense Documentation Center's data bank during the period of January 1962 through January 1972.

This bibliography is a revision of AD-683 500.

Individual entries are arranged in AD number sequence under the heading AD Bibliographic References. Corporate Author-Monitoring Agency, Subject, Title, and Personal Author Indexes are included.

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Administrator
Defense Documentation Center

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TITLE.....	T-1
PERSONAL AUTHOR.....	P-1

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-426 234

DAVID TAYLOR MODEL BASIN WASHINGTON D C

RESULTS OF A VTOL PROPELLER-TYPE AIRCRAFT TESTED IN
THE SUBSONIC WIND TUNNEL IN A HIGHSPEED
CONFIGURATION.

(U)

NOV /3 15P BAMBER, MILLARD J. ;
REPT. NO. DTMB-AERO-1062

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN), ROTARY
BLADES (ROTARY WINGS), WIND TUNNEL MODELS, FEASIBILITY
STUDIES, MODEL TESTS, ROTARY WINGS, HOVERING, LIFT,
DRAG, PITCH (MOTION), AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), SUBSONIC CHARACTERISTICS,
PROPELLERS (AERIAL)
IDENTIFIERS: 1963

(U)
(U)

THE ABILITY OF A PROPELLER TO DEVELOP A FORCE
PERPENDICULAR TO THE AXIS OF ROTATION IS THE BASIS
FOR A VTOL AIRCRAFT THAT APPEARS TO BE CAPABLE OF
HOVERING, AND AT THE SAME TIME TO BE SUPERIOR TO
EXISTING TYPES OF VTOL AIRCRAFT IN HIGH-SPEED
PERFORMANCE. LOW-SPEED WIND-TUNNEL TEST RESULTS FOR
A MODEL INDICATED A LIFT-DRAG RATIO OF 8 WITH
PROPELLERS WINDMILLING IN THE HIGH-SPEED
CONFIGURATION. FOR EXISTING VTOL AIRCRAFT, THE
MAXIMUM LIFT-DRAG ATTAINED IN A HIGH-SPEED
CONFIGURATION IS ABOUT 5. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-426 498

CENTRE NATIONAL D'ETUDES ET DE RECHERCHES AERONAUTIQUES
BRUSSELS (BELGIUM)

POWERED LIFT MODEL TESTING FOR GROUND PROXIMITY
EFFECTS,

(U)

UCT 63 IV COLIN, P. E. ;
REPT. NO. TCEA TN14
CONTRACT: DA91 591EUC2771

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, GROUND EFFECT);
MODEL TESTS, PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), JETS, LIFT,
PITCH (MOTION), AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, PRESSURE,
MOMENTUM, GROUND EFFECT MACHINES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: 1983 (U)

THE EFFECT OF GROUND PROXIMITY ON THE PERFORMANCE
OF POWERED LIFT VEHICLES WAS INVESTIGATED ON SIMPLE
MODELS USING TWO DIFFERENT TESTING METHODS. SINGLE
AND DOUBLE-JET MODELS REPRESENTING VTOL
CONFIGURATIONS AND AN AIR-CUSHION MODEL WITH
PERIPHERAL JET WERE TESTED BOTH IN THE WIND TUNNEL
WHERE A STATIONARY PLATE IMMERSSED IN THE FLOW WAS
USED TO REPRESENT THE GROUND AND ON A SPECIAL RIG
ALLOWING THE MODELS TO BE MOVED OVER A FIXED-GROUND
PLATE. THE LIFT AND CENTRE OF PRESSURE LOCATION
HAVE BEEN DETERMINED WITH BOTH TECHNIQUES FOR VARIOUS
MODEL HEIGHTS ABOVE THE GROUND-PLATE OVER A RANGE OF
MOMENTUM COEFFICIENTS. RESULTS OBTAINED WITH BOTH
METHODS ARE COMPARED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-426 785

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO

RESULTS OF WIND TUNNEL TESTS OF A FULL-SCALE,
WING-MOUNTED, TIP-TURBINE-DRIVEN LIFT FAN.

(U)

SEP 63 379P
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-1C-584
PROJ: DA 1-D-121401-D-144
TASK: 1-D-121401-D-14402
MONITOR: TRECOM TR-63-21

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SHROUDED
PROPELLERS), (*SHROUDED PROPELLERS, DESIGN),
LIFT, FANS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, GAS
TURBINES, INSTRUMENTATION, MODEL TESTS, WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, DRAG, GROUND EFFECT, PERFORMANCE
(ENGINEERING), EQUATIONS, MOTION,
EXPERIMENTAL DATA, DESIGN, PRESSURE, GAS FLOW,
TEMPERATURE, VELOCITY, MOMENTS, PITCH
(MOTION), THRUST, ACCELERATION, STRESSES,
TEST METHODS, THERMODYNAMICS.

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: X-353 ENGINES, LIFT FANS.

(U)

THE FULL-SCALE WING-TIP TURBINE-DRIVEN LIFT FAN WAS
MODEL TESTED IN THE NASA AMES RESEARCH CENTER
40-FOOT BY 80-FOOT WIND TUNNEL. THIS SERIES OF
TESTS HAS PROVIDED THE FIRST LARGE SCALE TEST DATA
WITH FANS INSTALLED IN WINGS. DETAILED DISCUSSIONS
AND TABULAR DATA ARE PRESENTED ON THE FOLLOWING:
WIND TUNNEL MODEL; TEST INSTRUMENTATION, AND TEST
PROCEDURES AND RESULTS. ANALYSIS OF RESULTS
CONSIDERS THE BASIC AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE (POWER
OFF), FAN AERODYNAMIC PERFORMANCE, FAN
THERMODYNAMIC PERFORMANCE, FAN POWERED AIRCRAFT
PERFORMANCE, FAN MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE AND HARDWARE
INSPECTION. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-431 566
PRINCETON UNIV N J

SOME DYNAMIC ASPECTS OF STABILITY IN LOW-SPEED FLYING
MACHINES, (U)

NOV 63 59P DUKES, THEODOR A.; CARBALLAL,
JOSE M.; LION, PAUL M.;
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-835
PROJ: DA-1-D-121401-A-142
TASK: 1-D-121401-A-14203
MONITOR: TRECOM TR-63-56

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, ADAPTIVE
CONTROL SYSTEMS), (•FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES), STABILITY, PITCH (MOTION), FEEDBACK,
DAMPING, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS,
ANALOG COMPUTERS, TIME, PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), LINEAR
SYSTEMS, SUBSONIC CHARACTERISTICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: 1963 (U)

THIS REPORT IS CONCERNED WITH A LINEAR TIME VARYING
APPROXIMATION TO THE DYNAMICS OF LOWSPEED FLYING
MACHINES. SIMPLIFICATIONS AND APPROXIMATIONS ARE
APPLIED WIDELY IN ORDER TO EMPHASIZE ESSENTIAL
ASPECTS. THE RANGE OF TIME VARIATION IS DESCRIBED
IN TERMS OF FROZEN SYSTEM LOCI OF THE ROOTS
CORRESPONDING TO THE PREDOMINANT MODE OF A SYSTEM.
THE RATE OF THE TIME VARIATION IS DESCRIBED IN
TERMS OF THE DEVIATION FROM THE FROZEN SYSTEM
APPROXIMATION. AN ANALOG COMPUTER STUDY WAS MADE TO
SPECIFY QUANTITATIVELY THOSE RATES OF TIME VARIATION
WHICH CANNOT BE CONSIDERED AS SLOW. THE
LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS OF VTOL AIRCRAFT IS STUDIED
AS AN EXAMPLE IN RATHER GENERAL TERMS.
APPROXIMATIONS AND THE APPLICATION OF ROOT LOCUS
METHODS IN TERMS OF THE MOST SIGNIFICANT STABILITY
DERIVATIVES LEAD TO A CONSTRUCTION DESCRIBING THE
BEHAVIOR OF THE OSCILLATORY ROOTS DURING TRANSITION.
THE RESULTS ARE USED IN A DISCUSSION OF THE
FOLLOWING VARIABLE FEEDBACK CONFIGURATIONS: DIRECT
FEEDBACK ADJUSTMENTS, ADAPTIVE FEEDBACK, AND
PROGRAMMED FEEDBACK ADJUSTMENTS. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-447 839

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO

XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: QUARTERLY TECHNICAL PROGRESS REPT. NO.
9, 16 NOV 63-15 FEB 64.

APR 64 15P

CONTRACT: DA44 177TC715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT



SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, RESEARCH
PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION), RESEARCH PLANES, DUCTED FANS,
DESIGN, EJECTION SEATS, TURBOJET ENGINES, GROUND SUPPORT
EQUIPMENT, MODEL TESTS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, LIFT FAN, J-85 ENGINES (U)

DURING THE NINTH QUARTER (NOVEMBER 16, 1963 TO
FEBRUARY 15, 1964) PROGRESS UNDER THE PROPULSION
SYSTEM PROGRAM INCLUDED: (1) SEVEN TECHNICAL
PROGRAM REPORTS COMPLETED AND TRANSMITTED TO TRECOM
WITH THE REMAINING DATA NECESSARY FOR LOW SPEED
FLIGHT CLEARANCE BEARING COMPLETION; (2) REVISION
TO MAINTENANCE MANUAL COMPLETED; (3) PROPULSION
SYSTEM SPARE PARTS, QUANTITIES, PRICE CONTROL, AND
AUTHORITY FOR USE ESTABLISHED WITH TRECOM; (4)
SPARE J85 ENGINES, ONE LIFT FAN, ONE PITCH FAN,
PLUS ENGINE AND FAN SPARE COMPONENTS PACKAGED FOR
SHIPMENT TO EDWARDS; (5) PROVIDED PROPULSION
SYSTEM SUPPORT DURING AIRCRAFT GROUND TESTS; AND
(6) PREPARATION FOR FULL SCALE WIND TUNNEL TEST
WAS COMPLETED IN TERMS OF DETAIL TEST PLAN,
INSTRUMENTATION, TEST FIXTURES, AND DATA REDUCTION
PROGRAM. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-452 792

KELLETT AIRCRAFT CORP PHILADELPHIA PA

EFFECTS OF AIRFRAME GEOMETRY ON DOWNWASH PROBLEMS OF
TANDEM DUCTED-PROPELLER VTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REPT. FOR JUL 61-MAY 63,
JAN 64 115P PRUYN, RICHARD H.

REPT. NO. 179T80 6

CONTRACT: N0W-61-U926

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SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DUCTED FANS),
(*DUCTED FANS, DOWNWASH), MODEL TESTS, GROUND EFFECT,
PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
INTERFERENCE, DUCTS, DEFLECTION, FLUID DYNAMIC
PROPERTIES, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, DUCT INLETS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: TANDEM PROPELLERS (U)

A FULL SCALE HALF-MODEL SIMULATION OF A DUAL TANDEM
DUCTED PROPELLER VTOL AIRCRAFT HAS BEEN TESTED AT
HEIGHTS OF LESS THAN TWO DUCT DIAMETERS ABOVE SAND
AND WATER TERRAIN. DATA ON TERRAIN TRANSPORT,
TERRAIN CAUSED AIRCRAFT DAMAGE, FLOW FIELD
MEASUREMENTS AND DUCTED PROPELLER PERFORMANCE WERE
OBTAINED. THESE TESTS WERE CONDUCTED AT PROPELLER
DISC LOADINGS UP TO 60 POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT WITH
VARIOUS AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS AND DUCTED PROPELLER
ORIENTATIONS. THE DUAL TANDEM CONFIGURATION WAS
FOUND TO CAUSE A SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN DOWNWASH
PROBLEMS COMPARED TO ISOLATED PROPELLER
CONFIGURATIONS PREVIOUSLY TESTED. REDUCED
PERFORMANCE, SEVERE ENGINE AND PROPELLER DAMAGE AND
AN OSCILLATING AERODYNAMIC INTERFERENCE WERE
EXPERIENCED. SEVERAL PROMISING DEVICES TO
ALLEVIATE DOWNWASH PROBLEMS WERE EVALUATED.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-453 315

ROYAL AIRCRAFT ESTABLISHMENT FARNBOROUGH (ENGLAND)

THE STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION AROUND A CIRCULAR
JET EXHAUSTING NORMALLY FROM A PLANE WALL INTO AN
AIRSTREAM, (U)

AUG 64 37P BRADBURY, L. J. S. ; WOOD,
M. N. ;
REPT. NO. TN AERO2978

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES; LIFT), (*JETS,
AXIALLY SYMMETRIC FLOW), PRESSURE, DISTRIBUTION,
BOUNDARY LAYER, THICKNESS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, WINGS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, VELOCITY,
MEASUREMENT, INTERFERENCE (U)

MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE OF THE STATIC PRESSURE
DISTRIBUTION ON THE WALL AROUND A CIRCULAR JET
EXHAUSTING NORMALLY FROM ONE WALL OF A WIND TUNNEL
INTO THE MAINSTREAM FLOW THROUGH THE TUNNEL. THE
MEASUREMENTS SHOW THE WAY IN WHICH THE PRESSURE
DISTRIBUTIONS VARY WITH THE RATIO OF JET TO FREE-
STREAM VELOCITY AND ALSO SHOW THE REGIONS ON THE WALL
WHICH CONTRIBUTE MOST TO THE OVERALL SUCTION FORCE ON
THE WALL. THESE OVERALL SUCTION FORCES ARE SHOWN
TO BE OF THE RIGHT ORDER OF MAGNITUDE TO ACCOUNT FOR
THE LIFT LOSS OBSERVED ON MODELS OF DIRECT JET LIFT
VTOL AIRCRAFT. THEORETICAL WORK ON THE PROBLEM
IS BRIEFLY DISCUSSED AND IT IS SHOWN THAT A
PARTICULARLY SIMPLE MODEL OF THE FLOW WHICH HAS
PREVIOUSLY BEEN SUGGESTED ON A NUMBER OF OCCASIONS IS
NOT REALLY ADEQUATE. SOME DETAILS OF AN ALTERNATIVE
MODEL WHICH IS PROVING MORE SUCCESSFUL ARE GIVEN.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-455 562

AIR FORCE AERO PROPULSION LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

TEST RESULTS OF RESEARCH FOR RAPID SITE PREPARATION
FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REPT. FOR AUG 62-AUG 64,

NOV 64 41P VASILOFF, A. ;

REPT. NO. D64 104

PROJ: 8174

TASK: 817401

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•LANDING FIELDS, PREPARATION), (•VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING FIELDS), SITE SELECTION, SOIL
MECHANICS, BLAST, AFTERBURNERS, TURBOJET ENGINES, DUST,
SPRAYS, AREA COVERAGE, AIR DROP OPERATIONS, POLYESTER
PLASTICS, BORIC ACIDS, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, EPOXY
PLASTICS, RESORCINOL, FORMALDEHYDE, GLASS TEXTILES,
ISOCYANATE PLASTICS, CONCRETE, SODIUM COMPOUNDS,
SILICATES, ZIRCONIUM, CEMENTS, CERAMIC MATERIALS,
CONSTRUCTION (U)

IDENTIFIERS: X-14 AIRCRAFT, J-85 ENGINES (U)

TO OPERATE VTOL AIRCRAFT IN REMOTE FRONT-LINE
AREAS, SITES MUST BE PREPARED TO PREVENT FLYING
FOREIGN OBJECTS FROM DAMAGING THE AIRCRAFT. RESEARCH
WAS CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE WHETHER ANY QUICK-SETTING
SOIL HARDENERS COULD WITHSTAND THE BLAST ENVIRONMENT
OF THE VTOL AFTERBURNER. SAMPLES OF NUMEROUS
MATERIALS WERE TESTED IN A SPECIAL VTOL TEST
FACILITY CONSISTING OF A J-85-5 JET ENGINE WITH
AFTERBURNER THAT COULD BE ROTATED TO A VERTICAL
POSITION TO DUPLICATE GROUND CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY
THE VTOL JET BLAST. A FASTCURING, SPRAYABLE,
RESIN FORMULATION WAS DEVELOPED AND TESTED, AND FULL-
SCALE TESTS WERE MADE WITH AN X-14 VTOL AIRCRAFT.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-461 017

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO

XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: QUARTERLY TECHNICAL PROGRESS REPT. NO.
10, 17 FEB-15 MAY 64.

JUL 64 1V

CONTRACT: DA44 177TC715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, RESEARCH
PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION), (•RESEARCH PLANES, VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES), TURBOJET ENGINES, DUCTED FANS, SPARE
PARTS, MODIFICATION KITS, CAPTIVE TESTS, WIND TUNNEL
MODELS, DESIGN, LOADING (MECHANICS), ACTUATORS, FLIGHT
TESTING, NOSE WHEELS, TAXIING, LANDING GEAR,
MALFUNCTIONS, LIFT, CORRECTIONS, EJECTION SEATS,
RESONANCE, INSTRUMENTATION, MAINTENANCE, STABILITY,
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES,
TEMPERATURE, RELIABILITY, HOVERING, SIMULATION, WEIGHT,
FLUTTER (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, J-85 ENGINES, LOUVERS, LIFT
ENGINES (U)

PROPULSION SYSTEM DELIVERIES WERE COMPLETED WITH
ACCEPTANCE OF THE LAST SPARE LIFT FAN. FAN SPEED
VTOL AND CTOL FLIGHT CLEARANCE WAS REQUESTED AND
GRANTED FOR A/C NUMBER TWO. LIFT FAN AND J85
SPARE PARTS WERE SHIPPED TO EDWARDS AIR FORCE
BASE. NUMBER ONE A/C COMPLETED MODIFICATION
AND GROUND TESTS AT NASA-AMES PRIOR TO FULL SCALE
WIND TUNNEL TESTS. ENGINEERING DESIGN AND ANALYSIS
WAS COMPLETED FOR THE HIGHER LOADING IN THE EXIT
LOUVER ACTUATION SYSTEM. BOTH AIRCRAFT COMPLETED
SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TESTS AT SAN DIEGO. A/C
NUMBER TWO WAS SHIPPED TO EDWARDS AFB TO BEGIN
FLIGHT TESTS AND A/C NUMBER ONE WAS SHIPPED TO
NASA-AMES FOR WIND TUNNEL TESTING. NOSE WHEEL
SHIMMY ENCOUNTERED DURING TAXI TESTS CAUSING AIRCRAFT
DAMAGE. NOSE GEAR REDESIGN AND SUCCESSFUL DYNAMIC
AND STATIC TESTS WERE COMPLETED. A SYSTEMS FAILURE
EVALUATION WAS CONDUCTED ON THE FLIGHT SIMULATOR TO
ESTABLISH EMERGENCY PROCEDURES. A/C DAMAGE AS A
RESULT OF NOSE GEAR FAILURE WAS CORRECTED.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-461 447

LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS TEX LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT.

SEP 64 29P

CONTRACT: AF33 657 7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•TRANSPORT PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TRANSPORT PLANES),
FLIGHT TESTING, PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), TAXIING,
AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, SPARE PARTS, MANUFACTURING
METHODS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT, VTOL

(U)

A MAJOR MILESTONE WAS ACCOMPLISHED WITH ACHIEVEMENT
OF THE FIRST FLIGHT OF THE XC-142A. THE
FLIGHT, MADE ON THE 2 AIRCRAFT, WAS 38 MINUTES IN
LENGTH DURING WHICH TIME THE AIRCRAFT HANDLING
CHARACTERISTICS WERE CHECKED AT AN ALTITUDE OF 10,000
FEET AND A SPEED OF APPROXIMATELY 150 KNOTS, WITH
LANDING GEAR DOWN THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE FLIGHT;
TAKEOFF AND LANDING WERE MADE WITH WING AND FLAPS AT
10 DEGREES. THROUGHOUT THE FLIGHT, THE AIRCRAFT
DEMONSTRATED SMOOTH RESPONSE AND STABLE AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS. SEVERAL OTHER ITEMS OF
SIGNIFICANCE WERE ACCOMPLISHED IN THE OVERALL TEST
PROGRAM. HIGH SPEED TAXI TESTS ON THE 2
AIRCRAFT WERE ACHIEVED; THE 50-HOUR TIE-DOWN TEST ON
THE 1 AIRCRAFT WAS COMPLETED, AS WELL AS THE
TEARDOWN INSPECTION OF TRANSMISSION AND PROPULSION
SYSTEM COMPONENTS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-461 455

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO

XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: QUARTERLY TECHNICAL PROGRESS REPT. NO.
11, 16 MAY-15 AUG 64.

OCT 64 129P

CONTRACT: DA44 177TC715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, RESEARCH
PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION), (•RESEARCH PLANES, RESEARCH
PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION), DUCTED FANS, DESIGN,
ENGINEERING, TURBOJET ENGINES, STABILITY, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, SIMULATION, AIRFRAMES, TEMPERATURE, WIND TUNNEL
MODELS, MODEL TESTS, HEAT TRANSFER, COOLING,
RELIABILITY, MANUFACTURING METHODS, CAPTIVE TESTS,
FLIGHT TESTING, PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), HANDLING,
MANEUVERABILITY, HOVERING, COMPRESSORS, STALLING,
LANDING GEAR, NOSE WHEELS, TAILS (AIRCRAFT),
EXPERIMENTAL DATA, GRAPHICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, J-85 ENGINES, VANES (U)

THE LATERAL CONTROL INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED
WITH THE STATIC LOAD TEST SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AT
SAN DIEGO, THE NECESSARY HARDWARE MANUFACTURED
AND MODIFICATION TO AIRCRAFT NUMBER 2 COMPLETED, WITH
EDWARDS VERTICAL THRUST STAND PLUS FLIGHT TESTING
VERIFICATION OF THE INCREASED LATERAL CONTROL POWER.
FULL SCALE WIND TUNNEL TESTING WAS COMPLETED WITH
AIRCRAFT NUMBER 1, AND THE AIRCRAFT RETURNED TO
EDWARDS FOR PREPARATION FOR FLIGHT TEST. LIFT
FAN INLET VANE FAILURES WERE EXPERIENCED DURING THE
WIND TUNNEL TESTS, MODIFICATIONS DESIGNED,
MANUFACTURED, AND TESTED TO ESTABLISH A FLIGHT
ENVELOPE. POTENTIAL LONGITUDINAL TRIM PROBLEMS
WERE SEEN DURING THE WIND TUNNEL, A HORIZONTAL TAIL
SLAT AND INSTRUMENTATION BOOM FOR MEASURING TAIL
ANGLE OF ATTACK WERE DESIGNED AND INSTALLED ON
AIRCRAFT NUMBER 2. THE NOSE WHEEL SHIMMY
INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED AND MODIFICATIONS
ACCOMPLISHED TO THE AIRCRAFT WHICH ALLOWED SUCCESSFUL
CONVENTIONAL FLIGHTS TO COMMENCE MAY 25, 1964.
INITIAL HOVER FLIGHTS BEGAN ON JULY 16, 1964.
A J85 STALL INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED AS A
RESULT OF SEVERAL COMPRESSOR STALLS EXPERIENCED
DURING FLIGHT.

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-475 412 1/2 20/4
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

AN ANALYSIS OF GROUND EROSION CAUSED BY JET DOWNWASH
IMPINGEMENT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
65 101P SHUTER, DAVID V. ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*DOWNWASH, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), EROSION, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING
FIELDS, AERODYNAMIC LOADING, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, FLOW FIELDS, JET PLANES, FLUID
FLOW, BOUNDARY LAYER, THEORY, EXHAUST NOZZLES,
EXPERIMENTAL DATA, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, TERRAIN,
LIFT, DRAG, PRESSURE, NOZZLES, HAZARDS,
SAFETY

IDENTIFIERS: FORTRAN, THESES

(U)
(U)

RECENT INTEREST IN MILITARY VTOL/STOL AIRCRAFT
EMPLOYING UNPREPARED LANDING SITES HAS LED TO
INTEREST IN THE PROBLEM OF LANDING SURFACE EROSION.
SURFACE EROSION IS CAUSED BY THE AERODYNAMIC FORCES
ON GROUND PARTICLES EXISTING WITHIN THE FLOW FIELD OF
AN IMPINGING JET. THE INVISCID FLOW FIELD IS
DISCUSSED AND THE VISCOUS GROUND BOUNDARY LAYER IS
ANALYZED UTILIZING BOTH THEORY AND AVAILABLE
EXPERIMENTAL DATA. A MATHEMATICAL MODEL OF THE
PROCESS OF ENTRAINMENT OF GROUND PARTICLES IS
CONSTRUCTED. EROSION RATES IN THE FORM OF EROSION
PROFILES ARE PREDICTED FOR SELECTED JET CONFIGURATION
AND TYPES OF TERRAIN. A CRITERION FOR ENTRAINMENT,
DUE TO BOTH LIFT AND DRAG, WAS FOUND AND PRESENTED
FOR SELECTED DISTANCES FROM THE JET CENTERLINE.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-430 995 20/4 1/3
THERM ADVANCED RESEARCH INC ITHACA N Y

A COMPARISON OF DUCTED PROPELLER THEORY WITH BELL X-22A EXPERIMENTAL DATA. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
DEC 65 15P HOUGH, GARY R. KASKEL,
ALVIN L. ;
REPT. NO. TAR-TR-6510
CONTRACT: NONR-4357(JO)
PROJ: NR-212-103

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHROUDED PROPELLERS, PRESSURE),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SHROUDED PROPELLERS),
LEVEL FLIGHT, THREE-DIMENSIONAL FLOW, THEORY,
MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, DUCTED BODIES, WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, MODEL TESTS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), EXPERIMENTAL DATA,
DISTRIBUTION, RESEARCH PLANES, MATHEMATICAL
MODELS, DUCTED BODIES, VORTICES, THICKNESS,
CAMBER, RING WINGS, AERODYNAMIC LOADING, THRUST,
PITCH(MOTION), MOMENTS, CYLINDRICAL BODIES,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), SHROUD RINGS, AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: X-22 AIRCRAFT (U)

FOR THE FORWARD FLIGHT REGIME, A LIMITED COMPARISON
IS MADE BETWEEN THEORETICAL PREDICTIONS OF DUCT
PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS AND DATA OBTAINED FROM ONE-
THIRD AND FULL SCALE MODEL TESTS OF THE X-22A
DUCTED PROPELLER UNIT. THE THEORETICAL
CALCULATIONS ARE BASED UPON PREVIOUS STUDIES OF
DUCTED PROPELLERS WITH FINITE BLADE NUMBER. IT IS
FOUND THAT THE THEORY IS IN REASONABLE AGREEMENT WITH
EXPERIMENT AND GENERALLY TENDS TO UNDERESTIMATE THE
MEASURED PRESSURES. ALSO, THE CHARACTERISTIC SHAPE
OF THE PREDICTED DISTRIBUTION AGREES WELL WITH THE
MEASURED DISTRIBUTION. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-482 075 1/3 13/8
LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS DIV LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS
TEX

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 29, MAY 64,
MAY 64 33P
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTIONS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •TRANSPORT
PLANES), TILT WINGS, PRODUCTION, CALIBRATION,
CHECKOUT PROCEDURES, SCHEDULING, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, HEAT TRANSFER, GEARS, FLIGHT TESTING,
LANDINGS, FUEL SYSTEMS, STATICS, DROP TESTING,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), QUALITY CONTROL, CAPTIVE
TESTS

IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT

(U)
(U)

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM.

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-482 131 1/3
PITTSBURGH UNIV WASHINGTON D C RESEARCH STAFF

RESEARCH AIRCRAFT, XV-5A.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: INTERIM REPT.

APR 66 12P

CONTRACT: DA-49-186-AMC-214(U)

MONITOR: AMC TIR-18.1.3.1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•RESEARCH PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DUCTED
FANS), DESIGN, AIRFRAMES, SUBSONIC FLOW,
TURBOJET ENGINES, LIFT, THRUST
IDENTIFIERS: J-85 ENGINES, V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THIS REPORT TRACES THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE XV-5A RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. THE AIRCRAFT, THOUGH PURELY EXPERIMENTAL, DEMONSTRATES THE PRACTICABILITY OF VTOL LIFT-FAN PROPELLED FLIGHT, COMBINED WITH CONVERSION FROM THE VTOL MODE TO THE CTOL MODE AND FLIGHT IN THE PURELY CONVENTIONAL MODE. THE XV-5A IS AN ALL-METAL, TWIN ENGINE, GAS-PROPELLED, SUBSONIC, TRI-FAN, TRICYCLE LANDING GEAR, VTOL/CTOL AIRCRAFT. IT IS 44.52 FT. LONG. ITS WINGSPAN IS 29.83 FT., AND ITS HEIGHT TO THE TOP OF THE VERTICAL STABILIZER IS 14.75 FT. IT IS POWERED BY TWO J85-5B TURBOJET ENGINES. ITS TWO XJ53-S WING FANS(LIFT) ARE 62.5 IN. IN DIAMETER. ITS X373-A NOSE FAN (PITCH CONTROL, AND LIFT) IS 36 IN. IN DIAMETER AND IS LOCATED IN THE NOSE AHEAD OF THE COCKPIT. ALL FANS ARE OPERATED BY DIVERTING ENGINE EXHAUST GASES THROUGH CROSSOVER DUCTS TO THE TIP TURBINES ON THE RIMS OF THE FANS. THRUST LOUVERS BELOW THE FANS CONTROL THE THRUST GENERATED BY THE REVOLVING FANS AND EXHAUST GASES. MODIFICATIONS SUGGESTED AS A RESULT OF TESTS ARE BEING MADE AND POSSIBLE MILITARY APPLICATIONS OF LIFT-FAN PRINCIPLES OF PROPULSION TO HEAVY AIRCRAFT ARE BEING MADE. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-482 425 1/3
LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS DIV LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS
TEX

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 25, FOR JAN
64.

JAN 64 32P
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •TRANSPORT
PLANES), DESIGN, SCHEDULING, TEST METHODS,
FLIGHT TESTING, AIRPLANE MODELS, TEST EQUIPMENT,
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, AIRFRAMES, VIBRATION,
EJECTION SEATS, SPARE PARTS, GROUND SUPPORT
EQUIPMENT, AIR FORCE TRAINING, AIR FORCE
PROCUREMENT, ASSEMBLING, AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT,
GROUND EFFECT

IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT

(U)
(U)

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM.

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-486 371 1/3
LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS DIV LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS
TEX

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 50 FOR FEB
66.

FEB 66 16P
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *TRANSPORT
PLANES), RESEARCH PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION,
SCHEDULING, TRANSMISSIONS, TILT WINGS, FLIGHT
TESTING, TIME, TAXIING, TAKE-OFF, HOVERING,
WATER, RUNWAYS, RUBBER COATINGS, MEMBRANES,
LANDING MATS, ACTUATORS, DE-ICING SYSTEMS,
THRUST, PROPELLERS(AERIAL)

IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

A TOTAL OF 141 FLIGHTS AND 20.5 FLIGHT HOURS WERE
ACHIEVED. THESE FLIGHTS INCLUDED TAXI RUNS AND
STOL OPERATIONS WITH WATER ON THE RUNWAY, THE FIRST
VERTICIRCUIT AT NIGHT, STOL PASSES AND HOVER OVER
WATER, OFF-RUNWAY TESTS VERTICAL LANDINGS ON A
RUBBERIZED MEMBRANE AND STOL AND HOVER WORK OVER
FORWARD AREA LANDING MATS. THE CATEGORY 1 FLIGHT
TOTAL REMAINED AT 191 FLIGHTS AND 136 HOURS AND 25
MINUTES OF FLIGHT TIME WHILE THE CATEGORY 2 FLIGHTS
NUMBERED 46 FOR 54 HOURS AND 24 MINUTES OF FLIGHT
TIME. TOTAL TIME ON THE FOUR AIRCRAFT AMOUNTED TO
237 FLIGHTS FOR 190 HOURS AND 49 MINUTES.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-486 932 1/3 1/5
LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS DIV LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS
TEX

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 48 FOR DEC
65,

DEC 65 16P HESSE, W. J. ;
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *TRANSPORT
PLANES), PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), FLIGHT
TESTING, TURBOPROP ENGINES, ACOUSTIC PROPERTIES,
THRUST, STABILITY, STATICS, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, AUTOMATIC, SYNCHROS, FLAPS, DUCT
INLETS, LEADING EDGE, PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT (U)

DURING THE MONTH, NO. 1 AIRCRAFT MADE A TOTAL OF
14 FLIGHTS FOR 9 HOURS 33 MINUTES FLIGHT TIME,
BRINGING THE TOTAL CUMULATIVE TIME FOR THE AIRCRAFT
TO 30 HOURS 16 MINUTES IN 69 FLIGHTS. SIGNIFICANT
FLIGHT TEST ACCOMPLISHMENTS DURING THE MONTH INCLUDED
ACOUSTICAL MEASUREMENTS, ENGINE JET THRUST
DETERMINATION, FLYING QUALITY EVALUATION, OFF-FLAP
PROGRAMMING, AND LONGITUDINAL STATIC STABILITY
INVESTIGATIONS. AT THE END OF THE REPORTING
PERIOD, A TOTAL OF 18 PERSONS HAD FLOWN THE XC-
142A AIRCRAFT INCLUDING TWO AIR FORCE GENERAL
OFFICERS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-486 998 1/3
LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS DIV LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS
TEX

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 52, APR 66.
APR 66 19P
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANS, SYSTEMS
ENGINEERING), (•TRANSPORT PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-
OFF PLANES), PROPELLERS(AERIAL), AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS, STRESSES, HOVERING, TAXIING,
FLIGHT TESTING, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING),
SPARE PARTS, GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT, AIR FORCE
TRAINING, TRAINING DEVICES, SCHEDULING (U)
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE OVER-ALL XC-142A PROGRAM WAS ON SCHEDULE.
EVALUATION OF THE NEW CONFIGURATION PROPELLERS
(2FF) WAS ACCOMPLISHED ON THE NO. 1 AIRCRAFT
WITH GOOD RESULTS. IN ADDITION TO PROP STRESS
MEASUREMENTS IN THE HOVER AND CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT
MODES, THE AIRCRAFT ACCOMPLISHED A NUMBER OF TAXI
TESTS OVER SIMULATED BUMPS ON THE RUNWAY. THE
REMAINDER OF THE PERIOD WAS DEVOTED TO READYING THE
AIRCRAFT FOR DELIVERY. THE NO. 2 AIRCRAFT
PROGRESSED SATISFACTORY THROUGH PORTIONS OF REPAIR
WORK, LEADING TO DELIVERY. THE NO. 5 AIRCRAFT
UNDERWENT CLEAN CONFIGURATION SHAKEDOWN EARLY IN
PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY. THE NO. 3 AIRCRAFT
REMAINED IN A DURMANT STATUS, PENDING A REPAIR
DECISION. THE NO. 4 AIRCRAFT RETURNED TO FLIGHT
STATUS. FLIGHTS WERE CONDUCTED PRIMARILY FOR
EXTRACTION CHUTE TOW TESTS TO DETERMINE EXTRACTION
LOADS AT VARIOUS SPEEDS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /Z0M07

AD-486 999 1/3
LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS DIV LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS
TEX

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 44 FOR AUG
65,

AUG 65 20P HESSE, W. J. ;
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES;
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), FLIGHT TESTING,
PITCH(MOTION), DESIGN, SPARE PARTS, HANDLING,
CONTROL, MANEUVERABILITY, AIRSPEED, SHORT TAKE-
OFF PLANES, NIGHT FLIGHT, INSTRUMENT LANDINGS,
HOVERING, GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT, AERODYNAMIC
CONTROL SURFACES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, MODEL TESTS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT (U)

CONTENTS: DEVELOPMENT OF XC-142A AND
FABRICATION OF FIVE PROTOTYPE MODELS;
FABRICATION OF MOCKUP; GROUND TEST PROGRAM;
ENGINEERING DATA; DESIGN DATA; FLIGHT
TEST; REPORTS; SPARE PARTS FOR FIVE
PROTOTYPE AIRPLANES; AND DEVELOPMENT AND
FABRICATION OF AGE. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-487 001 1/3
LTV VUGHT AERONAUTICS DIV LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS
TEX

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 53 FOR MAY
66.

MAY 66 27P

CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TRANSPORT
PLANES), RESEARCH PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), STRESSES, HOVERING,
AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, TAKE-OFF, AIR DROP OPERATIONS,
WEIGHT, PARACHUTE JUMPING, AIRCRAFT FIRES,
ENGINE NACELLES, HYDRAULIC COUPLINGS, CARRIER
LANDINGS, WIND, DISCONNECT FITTINGS, ACTUATORS,
FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS, FLIGHT TESTING,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), TAXIING,
TRANSMISSIONS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT

(U)

FLIGHTS ON THE NO. 1 AIRCRAFT WERE ACCOMPLISHED
TO OBTAIN PROP STRESS DATA AND TO EVALUATE FLYING
QUANTITIES WITH THE NEW CONFIGURATION PROPELLERS
(2FF). IN ADDITION, THE AIRCRAFT HOVERED OVER,
LANDED AND TOOK OFF VERTICALLY FROM A 120 FT DIAMETER
HELICOPTER LANDING PAD OF POLYESTER RESIN AND
FIBERGLASS. A COMPLETELY SUCCESSFUL AIR DROP
PROGRAM WAS CONDUCTED AT UTILIZING THE NO. 4
AIRCRAFT. IN 8 HOURS AND 29 MINUTES OF FLIGHT
TIME, THE AIRCRAFT ACCOMPLISHED APPROXIMATELY FORTY
DROPS OF VARIOUS KINDS, INCLUDING LOADS RANGING FROM
500 TO 4000 POUNDS, 5 AND 95 PERCENTILE DUMMIES AND
10 PARATROOPERS. METHODS EMPLOYED INCLUDED
EXTRACTION, GRAVITY AND 'DUMP TRUCK' AT VARIOUS
ALTITUDES AND FORWARD SPEEDS FROM ZERO TO 125 KNOTS.
THE NO. 5 AIRCRAFT FLEW FROM EAFB TO THE
AIRCRAFT CARRIER USS BENNINGTON FOR FLIGHT
EVALUATION UNDER VARIOUS CONDITIONS. TWO SERIES OF
SUCCESSFUL OPERATIONS WERE CONDUCTED, INCLUDING
VERTICAL AND SHORT TAKE-OFFS AND LANDINGS,
CONVERSIONS AND RECONVERSIONS AND HOVER WITH WIND
OVER THE DECK FROM APPROXIMATELY 12 TO 37 KNOTS.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-601 022

MELPAR INC FALLS CHURCH VA

SIMULATION OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT., VOLUME
1: HELICOPTER ANALYSIS REPORT, (U)

SEP 63 325P TOLER, JAMES R. ; MCINTYRE,
WALTER ; COFFEE, MERLIN P. ;
CONTRACT: N61339 1205
MONITOR: NAVTRADVCEN 1205 1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON STUDY, EQUATIONS OF
MOTION OF VERTICAL/SHORT TAKEOFF AND LANDING
OPERATIONAL FLIGHT/WEAPON SYSTEM TRAINERS.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, SIMULATION), (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, SIMULATION), AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, PROGRAMMING
COMPUTERS, ANALOG COMPUTERS, DIGITAL COMPUTERS,
MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS (U)

THE OBJECTIVE OF THE REPORT IS TO PRESENT THE
AERODYNAMIC AND DYNAMIC HELICOPTER EQUATIONS
SUPPORTED BY DERIVATIONS AND A COMPREHENSIVE
DISCUSSION. THE AERODYNAMIC EQUATIONS ARE
DEVELOPED THROUGH A MODIFIED BLADE ELEMENT APPROACH
ALTHOUGH OTHER ALTERNATIVE TECHNIQUES ARE CONSIDERED.
THE EQUATIONS ARE NOT CONSTRAINED TO A GIVEN, OR A
NUMBER OF GIVEN, FLIGHT CONDITIONS BUT ARE VALID FOR
THE ENTIRE FLIGHT REGIME INCLUDING HOVER, TRANSITION,
AUTOROTATION, THE EFFECTS OF VARYING ALTITUDE, GROUND
EFFECTS, AND BLADE AEROELASTICITY IN TWIST. THE
DYNAMIC DERIVATION DEVELOPS A SET OF UNABRIDGED AND
SIMPLIFIED EQUATIONS OF TRANSLATIONAL AND ANGULAR
RATES SPECIFICALLY FOR A TANDEM ROTOR HELICOPTER.
THE DYNAMIC AND AERODYNAMIC EFFECTS ON THE
HELICOPTER ROTOR ARE COMBINED TO PRODUCE EQUATIONS TO
DESCRIBE BLADE ACCELERATION, VELOCITY, AND POSITION,
WHILE FLAPPING, AT CHOSEN POINTS DURING A ROTATION.
A TECHNIQUE IS ALSO PRESENTED FOR GREATLY
SIMPLIFYING THE SIMULATION OF A TANDEM-ROTOR
HELICOPTER WHICH ELIMINATES THE NECESSITY OF
CONSTRUCTION DETAILED, IDENTICAL MATHEMATICAL MODELS
FOR THE TWO ROTORS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZUM07

AD-601 151

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORP CALDWELL N J

AN INVESTIGATION OF THE OVER WATER ASPECTS OF VTOL
AIRPLANES AT HIGH DISC LOADING. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

DEC 63 53P DYKE, RAYMOND W. ;

REPT. NO. 012 26

CONTRACT: NON-62-0279

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DOWNWASH),
(*CONVERTIBLE PLANES, MODEL TESTS), HOVERING, WATER,
SURFACES, SPRAYS, WATER WAVES, DISKS, LOADING
(MECHANICS), SEAPLANE FLOATS, AIR-SEA RESCUES, LIFE
RAFTS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: X-19 AIRCRAFT, X-100 AIRCRAFT (U)

TESTS, USING SMALL SCALE MODELS OF THE CURTISS-
WRIGHT X-100 AND X-19 AIRCRAFT, HAVE BEEN
CARRIED OUT TO INVESTIGATE THE DISTURBANCE AND SPRAY
CAUSED BY VTOL AIRCRAFT HOVERING ABOVE WATER.
FULL SCALE DISC LOADINGS IN THE RANGE 20 TO 70 LB./
SQ.FT. WERE REPRESENTED. CORRELATION OF THE MODEL
TEST RESULTS WITH FULL SCALE TESTING OF THE X-100
AIRPLANE OVER WATER AT A DISC LOADING OF 23 LB./SQ.FT.
AND HEIGHT OF 21 FEET SHOW EXCELLENT AGREEMENT.
DOWNWASH EFFECTS ON OBJECTS FLOATING BELOW THE X-
19 MODEL WERE ALSO DEMONSTRATED. SPRAY IS SHOWN TO
RISE TO CONSIDERABLE HEIGHTS AT THE HIGHER DISC
LOADINGS WITH THE MODELS CLOSE TO THE WATER SURFACE,
AND FLOATING OBJECTS MAY BE SUBJECTED TO SEVERE
BUFFETING UNDER THESE CONDITIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-601 170

KELLETT AIRCRAFT CORP PHILADELPHIA PA

APPLICATION OF A MECHANICAL GYROSCOPIC STABILIZER TO
VTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

NOV 63 143P

REPT. NO. 220A90 2

CONTRACT: N0W-62-0819

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*GYRO STABILIZERS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, GYRO STABILIZERS),
DESIGN, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, PERFORMANCE
(ENGINEERING), RELIABILITY, EQUATIONS, DIFFERENTIAL
EQUATIONS, MOTION, DAMPING STABILITY (U)

THE APPLICATION OF MECHANICAL GYROSCOPIC
STABILIZERS TO VTOL AIRCRAFT HAS BEEN STUDIED FROM
DESIGN AND FLYING QUALITIES CONSIDERATIONS. DESIGN
OF STUDIES OF A SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM GYROSCOPIC
STABILIZER AND A GYROSCOPIC STABILIZER BAR HAVE BEEN
MADE TO DEVISE A RELIABLE, LIGHTWEIGHT, COMPACT AND
INEXPENSIVE MECHANICAL STABILIZER. THE SELECTION
OF PARAMETERS FOR THE DESIGN OF THE STABILIZERS WAS
MADE UTILIZING EXISTING ANALYSIS AND STABILITY
DERIVATIVES FOR TWO TILT WING VTOL AIRCRAFT. THE
STABILIZER PARAMETER EVALUATION PROCEDURE WAS
ESTABLISHED BASED ON THE AVAILABLE FLYING QUALITIES
CRITERIA. THE RESULTS OF THIS PROGRAM SHOW THE
SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM STABILIZER IS LESS
EXPENSIVE, LIGHTER WEIGHT AND IS MORE COMPACT THAN
THE STABILIZER BAR. THE SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM
STABILIZER WILL WEIGH 20 POUNDS AND WILL OCCUPY ONE
HALF A CUBIC FOOT OF VOLUME TO PROVIDE ATTITUDE AND
RATE STABILIZATION ABOUT THE PITCH AND ROLL AXES OF
VTOL AIRCRAFT. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-602 427

MELPAR INC FALLS CHURCH VA

SIMULATION OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME
II. V/STOL ANALYSIS REPORT. STUDY, EQUATIONS OF
MOTION OF VERTICAL/SHORT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING
OPERATIONAL FLIGHT/WEAPON SYSTEM TRAINERS, (U)

SEP 63 119P MCINTYRE, WALTER ;
CONTRACT: N61339 1205
MONITOR: NAVTRADEVEN 1205-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, FLIGHT SIMULATORS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS),
TRAINING DEVICES, SIMULATION, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, TENSOR
ANALYSIS, AIRPLANE LANDINGS, SPECIAL PURPOSE COMPUTERS,
NAVAL TRAINING (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V/STOL AIRCRAFT, EQUATIONS OF MOTION (U)

THE REPORT PROMOTES AN UNDERSTANDING OF V/STOL
ANALYSIS FOR SIMULATION PURPOSES AND DEVELOPS
EQUATIONS OF MOTION COMPATIBLE TO EITHER ANALOGUE OR
REAL TIME DIGITAL SOLUTION. A GENERAL SET OF
EQUATIONS OF MOTION ARE DEVELOPED IN WHICH AXIS
SYSTEMS AND AERODYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS ARE MINIMIZED.
EQUATIONS OF MOTION ARE THEN DEVELOPED FOR FIVE
DIFFERENT V/STOL AIRCRAFT WHEREIN THE NEED FOR
ADDITIONAL AXIS SYSTEMS AND AERODYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS
FOR A PARTICULAR V/STOL CONFIGURATION IS DEVELOPED.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-607 737

MELPAR INC FALLS CHURCH VA

SIMULATION OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME
III, PART I. COMPUTATIONAL METHODS ANALOG. STUDY,
EQUATIONS OF MOTION OF VERTICAL/SHORT TAKE-OFF AND
LANDING OPERATIONAL FLIGHT/WEAPON SYSTEM
TRAINERS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,

MAY 64 23UP CASTLE, R. A. ; GRAY, A. L. ;

MCINTYRE, WALTER ;

CONTRACT: N61339 1205

MONITOR: NAVTRADEVNEN , 1205 3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, SIMULATION); (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, SIMULATION); (*EQUATIONS, MOTION),
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS); MATHEMATICAL MODELS, ANALOG
COMPUTERS, TILT WINGS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRPLANE
LANDINGS, WEAPON SYSTEMS, TRAINING DEVICES, NAVAL
TRAINING, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, FLIGHT
SIMULATORS (U)

THIS REPORT DEMONSTRATES METHODS OF MECHANIZING THE
EQUATIONS OF MOTION OF HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL
AIRCRAFT BY THE USE OF ANALOG COMPUTING EQUIPMENT.
THE EQUATIONS OF MOTION OF THESE AIRCRAFT ARE
PRESENTED IN NAVTRADEVNEN TECHNICAL REPORTS 1205-
1, -2 (AD-601 022, AD-602 427), AND THIS REPORT
ASSUMES A KNOWLEDGE OF SUCH EQUATIONS BY THE READER.
THE REPORT REVIEWS AND DISCUSSES CRITERIA FOR THE
SELECTION OF ANALOG COMPUTER TYPE AS 60 CYCLE AND 400
CYCLE, AND CHOICE OF CARRIER, AS WELL AS SPECIFIC
COMPUTER COMPONENTS. A HELICOPTER AND A TILT WING
V/STOL ARE SELECTED FOR COMPUTER MECHANIZATION AND
THE PRESENTATION OF COMPUTER FLOW DIAGRAMS WHICH MAY
BE TYPICAL COMPUTER DIAGRAMS USED IN THE ANALOG
SIMULATION OF SUCH AIRCRAFT ARE DISCUSSED.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-601 736

MELPAR INC FALLS CHURCH VA

SIMULATION OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME
III, PART II. COMPUTATIONAL METHODS DIGITAL. STUDY,
EQUATIONS OF MOTION OF VERTICAL/SHORT TAKE-OFF AND
LANDING OPERATIONAL FLIGHT/WEAPON SYSTEM TRAINERS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,

AUG 63 120P TREGUB, BURTON G. ; COFFEE,

MERLIN P. ; RUSSELL, C. E. ;

CONTRACT: N61339 1205

MONITOR: NAVTRADEVEN, 1205 3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO AD-601 022, AD-602 427.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, SIMULATION), (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, SIMULATION), (*EQUATIONS, MOTION),
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), MATHEMATICAL MODELS, DIGITAL
COMPUTERS, TILT WINGS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRPLANE
LANDINGS, WEAPON SYSTEMS, TRAINING DEVICES, NAVAL
TRAINING, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, FLIGHT
SIMULATORS (U)

THIS REPORT WAS WRITTEN WITH THE PURPOSE OF
DEMONSTRATING THE METHODS OF MECHANIZING THE
EQUATIONS OF MOTION OF HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL
AIRCRAFT BY DIGITAL COMPUTING EQUIPMENT. THE
REPORT IS BASED ON THE MECHANIZATION OF THE FINAL
EQUATIONS DEVELOPED IN VOLUMES I AND II OF THIS
REPORT AND ASSUMES A KNOWLEDGE OF THEM. A GENERAL
TREATMENT OF MATHEMATICAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS AND OF
DIGITAL COMPUTER TECHNIQUES IS PRESENTED. THE
MATHEMATICAL MODELS DEVELOPED IN VOLUMES I AND
II FOR HELICOPTERS, BOTH SINGLE AND TANDEM ROTOR,
AND FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT ARE PRESENTED IN A
DIGITALLY APPLICABLE FORM. RECOMMENDATIONS ARE
GIVEN FOR COMPUTER MEMORY SIZE AND FOR COMPUTER
SOPHISTICATION BASED ON THE FINDINGS OF THE STUDY
REPORTED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-608 185

DYNASCIENCES CORP FORT WASHINGTON PA

DOWNWASH IMPINGEMENT DESIGN CRITERIA FOR VTOL
AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT. FOR JUL 63-MAR 64,
AUG 64 137P GEORGE, M. M. ; PERLMUTTER, A. A. ;
BUTLER, L. J. ;
REPT. NO. DCR-139
CONTRACT: DA44 177AMC65T
TASK: 1D121401A14129
MONITOR: TRECOM , TR64 48

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN),
(*DOWNWASH, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES), TERRAIN,
PARTICLES, INHIBITION, VISION, PILOTS, DAMAGE, JETS,
PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), AVIATION ACCIDENTS,
PROPELLERS (AERIAL), PRESSURE (U)

THE OBJECTIVE OF THE PROGRAM WAS TO UTILIZE
EXISTING DATA FOR THE PREPARATION OF DESIGN CHARTS
FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT TO AID IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF
AIRCRAFT DESIGNS THAT WILL ALLEVIATE THE ADVERSE
OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS RESULTING FROM DOWNWASH
IMPINGEMENT ON TERRAIN. SPECIFIC AREAS OF
INVESTIGATION INCLUDED PARTICLE ENTRAINMENT AND
INGESTION AND THEIR EFFECT ON PILOT VISION, AIRCRAFT
DAMAGE, PERSONNEL INJURY, AND AIRCRAFT SIGNATURE.
METHODS TO QUANTITATIVELY PREDICT OPERATIONAL
CONDITIONS RESULTING FROM DOWNWASH IMPINGEMENT OF A
VTOL AIRCRAFT ARE PRESENTED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-610 634

CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES OF IMPINGING
UNIFORM AND NONUNIFORM JETS,

(U)

AUG 64 102P

BRADY, W. GORDON ; LUDWIG, GARY

R. ;

REPT. NO. CAL-TG-1818-S-1

CONTRACT: DA44 177AMC18T

TASK: 1D121401A14129

MONITOR: TRECOM , TR64 42

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: CONTINUATION OF CONTRACT DA44
177TC782. SEE ALSO AD-408 669.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DOWNWASH),
(•JETS, FLUID FLOW), IMPELLERS, DUCTED FANS, BOUNDARY
LAYER, VELOCITY, EXHAUST NOZZLES, BOUNDARY LAYER
TRANSITIONS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, EXPERIMENTAL DATA,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, THEORY, VORTICES, ITERATIVE
METHODS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: IBM 704

(U)

THE RESULTS OF AN EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF THE
FLOW UNDER A NORMALLY IMPINGING NONUNIFORM JET ARE
PRESENTED. THE JET VELOCITY PROFILE WAS DESIGNED TO
BE REPRESENTATIVE OF ROTORS AND DUCTED FANS. THE
JET WAS TESTED AT DISTANCES FROM THE GROUND OF 4, 2,
AND 1/2 NOZZLE DIAMETERS. AN APPROXIMATE ANALYSIS
WHICH USES AN EMPIRICAL RELATION FOR RADIAL MASS FLOW
NEAR THE GROUND IS USED TO CALCULATE THE PROPERTIES
OF THE FLOW ALONG THE GROUND AT RADII LARGE ENOUGH SO
THAT THE PRESSURE GRADIENT IS APPROXIMATELY ZERO. A
METHOD OF CALCULATING THE PROPERTIES OF THE FLOW IN
AN INVISCID, NORMALLY IMPINGING, UNIFORM JET HAS BEEN
FORMULATED. THE FORMULATION IS APPLICABLE FOR ALL
DISTANCES BETWEEN THE JET NOZZLE AND THE GROUND.
SOLUTIONS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED FOR JETS AT NOZZLE-TO-
GROUND DISTANCES OF 1/4 AND 1 JET DIAMETERS. THE
MATHEMATICAL MODEL USED WAS BASED ON A VORTEX-SHEET
REPRESENTATION, AND SOLUTIONS WERE OBTAINED BY MEANS
OF AN ITERATIVE TECHNIQUE USING AN IBM 704 DIGITAL
COMPUTER. GOOD AGREEMENT WAS OBTAINED WITH
EXPERIMENTAL GROUND-PLANE AND JET-CENTERLINE PRESSURE
DISTRIBUTIONS, AND WITH NOZZLE-EXIT VELOCITY
PROFILES.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-612 927

LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS TEX LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

DATA REPORT FOR LTV LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST NUMBER
172, TEST OF HIGH MASS RATE VECTORED PROPULSION FLOW
MODEL, (U)

FEB 65 198P MERTAUGH, L. J., JR.:
REPT. NO. 2-53310/SR-2172
CONTRACT: DAJ1 124ARU 0262
PROJ: 5260E
MONITOR: AR00 , 5260:3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: AVAILABLE COPY WILL NOT PERMIT FULLY
LEGIBLE REPRODUCTION. REPRODUCTION WILL BE MADE IF
REQUESTED BY USERS OF DDC. A COPY IS AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC
SALE.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, WIND TUNNEL
MODELS), (*WIND TUNNEL MODELS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), WIND TUNNELS, TESTS, DATA, LIFT, ROLL, PITCH
MOTION, DRAG, ANGLE OF ATTACK, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, AERODYNAMIC
LOADING, THRUST VECTOR CONTROL SYSTEMS, PROPULSION, GAS
FLOW (U)

THE WIND TUNNEL DATA RESULTING FROM A LOW SPEED
WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A SEMI-SPAN MODEL OF A CLOSE
SUPPORT, VTOL AIRCRAFT IS PRESENTED. THE MODEL
FEATURES AN INTEGRATED PROPULSION/LIFTING SURFACE
SYSTEM AS WELL AS VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL TAILS
LOCATED ON AN AFT, WING TIP EXTENSION. THE
PROPULSION SYSTEM EXHAUST FLOW, WHICH IS SIMULATED
WITH COLD AIR, EXHAUSTS OVER THE WING TRAILING EDGE
FLAP (FLAP JET) AND OUT OF THE LOWER SURFACE OF
THE WING (WING BOX JET). THE EXHAUST FLOWS CAN
BE INDEPENDENTLY VECTORED THROUGH 90 DEGREES WITH
RESPECT TO THE WING CHORD PLANE. THE TEST DATA ARE
PRESENTED IN THE FORM OF LIFT AND ROLLING MOMENT
COEFFICIENTS AS FUNCTIONS OF ANGLE OF ATTACK, AND
DRAG AND PITCH MOMENT COEFFICIENTS AS FUNCTIONS OF
LIFT COEFFICIENT. THE COEFFICIENT DATA ARE GIVEN
WITH AND WITHOUT THE DIRECT THRUST CONTRIBUTION
INCLUDED. THE STATIC THRUST DATA ARE GIVEN IN THE
FORM OF LIFT, DRAG, PITCHING MOMENT AND ROLLING
MOMENT AS FUNCTIONS OF ANGLE OF ATTACK. NO
ANALYSIS OF THE DATA IS PRESENTED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-613 198

LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS TEX LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

ANALYSIS OF A LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A HIGH
MASS RATE VECTORED PROPULSION FLOW MODEL. (U)

FEB 65 97P STANCIL, R. T. ; MERTAUGH, L. J. ,
JR. ;

REPT. NO. 2-53310/4R-2166

CONTRACT: DAJ1 124AR0 D262

PROJ: 5260E

MONITOR: AROD , 5260:2

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LEGIBLE REPRODUCTION. REPRODUCTION WILL BE MADE IF
REQUESTED BY USERS OF DDC. A COPY IS AVAILABLE FOR
PUBLIC SALE.

DESCRIPTORS: (*WIND TUNNEL MODELS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, WIND TUNNEL
MODELS), AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, LIFT, DRAG, THRUST,
FORCE (MECHANICS), FLOW VISUALIZATION, EXHAUST GASES,
PROPULSION, WINGS, JET FLAPS, TAILS (AIRCRAFT), MODEL
TESTS, GRAPHICS (U)

AN ANALYSIS OF SELECTED PORTIONS OF THE DATA
RESULTING FROM A LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A
SEMI-SPAN MODEL OF A VTOL AIRCRAFT IS PRESENTED.
THE MODEL FEATURES AN INTEGRATED PROPULSION/LIFTING
SURFACE SYSTEM AS WELL AS A HORIZONTAL TAIL LOCATED
ON AN AFT, WING TIP EXTENSION. THE PROPULSION
SYSTEM FLOW, SIMULATED WITH COLD AIR, EXHAUSTS OVER
THE WING TRAILING EDGE FLAP (FLAP JET) AND OUT OF
THE LOWER SURFACE OF THE WING (WING BOX JET).
THE EXHAUST FLOWS CAN BE INDEPENDENTLY VECTORED
THROUGH 90 DEGREES. FORCE AND MOMENT DATA ARE
PRESENTED FOR BOTH STATIC AND FORWARD FLIGHT
CONDITIONS. SOME COMPARISON WITH THEORETICAL
PREDICTIONS ARE PRESENTED. PORTIONS OF THE DATA
ARE SHOWN WITH THE DIRECT THRUST COMPONENTS REMOVED.
THE RESULTS OF THIS ANALYSIS SHOW THAT: (1)
THE OUTBOARD LOCATION OF THE HORIZONTAL TAIL
PROVIDES A REDUCTION IN AIRPLANE INDUCED DRAG, (2)
A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF THE THEORETICAL JET FLAP
EFFECT IS OBTAINED WITH THE WING BOX JET DIRECTED
PARALLEL TO THE WING CHORD PLANE, (3) A REDUCED
JET FLAP EFFECT IS AVAILABLE WITH DEFLECTIONS OF THE
WING BOX JET AWAY FROM THE WING CHORD PLANE,

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-616 650

UNITED AIRCRAFT CORP NORWALK CONN NORDEN DIV

UNIVERSAL CONTACT ANALOG DISPLAY (UCAD) RESEARCH,
PHASE I. SYSTEMS ANALYSIS,

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL PROGRESS REPT.,

APR 65 112P WILLIAMS, PETER ;

REPT. NO. 1161-R-0011

CONTRACT: NONR448900

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS, SPECIFICATIONS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS),
(*TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS, FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS),
DESIGN, SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, ANALOG SYSTEMS,
SONAR, CARRIER LANDINGS, HOVERING, ROTARY
WINGS

(U)

THE RESULTS ARE PRESENTED OF THE SYSTEMS ANALYSIS PHASE OF THE UNIVERSAL CONTACT ANALOG DISPLAY (UCAD) RESEARCH PROGRAM, INITIATED IN JUNE 1964. THE GOAL OF THIS RESEARCH IS THE DEVELOPMENT OF DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR A UNIVERSAL RASTER-SCAN TV FLIGHT INSTRUMENT SUITABLE FOR USE IN FIXED-WING, ROTARY-WING, AND VTOL AIRCRAFT. INFORMATION PARAMETERS WERE IDENTIFIED AND QUANTIFIED BY MEANS OF A SYSTEMATIC ANALYSIS OF AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE AND FLIGHT INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS. MISSION SEGMENTS, CONSISTING OF COMMON FLIGHT MANEUVERS, WERE DEFINED AS A RESULT OF MISSION ANALYSES. LOOP DIAGRAMS ARE CONFIGURED FOR FIXED- AND ROTARY-WING AIRCRAFT INCORPORATING LINEAR TRANSFER FUNCTIONS. AIRCRAFT RESPONSE CRITERIA ARE DEVELOPED BASED ON A COMBINATION OF MILITARY HANDLING QUALITY SPECIFICATIONS AND PILOT OPINION REPORTS. DISPLAY AUGMENTATION REQUIREMENTS WERE SPECIFIED. TOTAL DISPLAY INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR FLIGHT CONTROL, PROPULSION SYSTEMS, AND SPECIAL MISSION PARAMETERS WERE ESTABLISHED.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-620 442

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF AERONAUTICS
AND ASTRONAUTICS

LOW SPEED AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF JET VTOL
AIRCRAFT AT ANGLES OF ATTACK.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
MAY 55 90P KUTYNA, DONALD JOSEPH ;
CONTRACT: AF33 608 1081

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), SUBSONIC CHARACTERISTICS, ANGLE OF
ATTACK, PITCH(MOTION), MOMENTS, WIND TUNNELS,
MODEL TESTS, EXPERIMENTAL DATA

(U)

A VTOL MODEL INCORPORATING A LIFTING FAN MOUNTED
VERTICALLY IN THE FUSELAGE WAS TESTED IN THE M. I.
T. WRIGHT BROTHERS WIND TUNNEL TO EXAMINE THE
VARIATIONS OF THE PITCHING MOMENT AND LONGITUDINAL
FORCES WITH CHANGES IN THE ANGLE OF ATTACK AND
FORWARD VELOCITY. THE MODEL WAS TESTED AT ANGLES
OF ATTACK BETWEEN -90 DEGREES, BUT THE RESULTS WERE
CONSIDERED RELIABLE ONLY UP TO +45 DEGREES DUE TO
STALLING OF THE MODEL FAN BLADES. MOMENT WAS FOUND
TO BE UNSTABLE BETWEEN THE MEASURED ANGLES OF ATTACK
FROM -45 DEGREES TO +10 DEGREES, INCREASING
MODERATELY AS ANGLE OF ATTACK INCREASED. AN
INCREASE IN THE RATIO OF FORWARD VELOCITY TO FAN
EFFLUX VELOCITY ALSO PRODUCED AN INCREASED MOMENT.
A THEORY DEVELOPED BY A. R. KRIEBEL BASED UPON A
FOURIER ANALYSIS OF THE VORTEX DISTRIBUTION ON A
THIN CYLINDRICAL DUCTED FAN WAS EMPLOYED TO PREDICT
THE RESULTS OF THE EXPERIMENT. CONSIDERING THE
SIMPLIFYING ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE THEORY, THE
CORRELATION WAS FOUND TO BE REASONABLY GOOD EXCEPT AT
HIGH RATIOS OF FREE STREAM TO FAN EFFLUX VELOCITY.
AT THESE RATIOS, AN UNCOMPENSATED FOR LOW PRESSURE
AREA AFT OF THE EXHAUST DUCT RESULTED IN CONSIDERABLY
ERRONEOUS PREDICTIONS. THRUST GENERALLY INCREASED
WITH ANGLE OF ATTACK AND VARIED WITH THE VELOCITY
RATIO, THE VARIATION BEING RELATED TO THE SIGN OF THE
ANGLE OF ATTACK. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-621 578

LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS TEX LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

LTV LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST NUMBER 190, FOLLOW-ON
TEST OF HIGH MASS RATE VECTORED PROPULSION FLOW
MODEL. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: DATA REPT.,

JUL 65 200P DAVIDSON, J. K. ;

REPT. NO. 2-5331U/5R-2217

CONTRACT: DA31 124ARU D262

PROJ: ARU D262DE

MONITOR: AROD , 5260:5

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SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: AVAILABLE ONLY FOR REFERENCE USE AT
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SALE.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), (*PROPULSION, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES),
THRUST, LIFT, PITCH(MOTION), WIND TUNNEL
MODELS, TAILS(AIRCRAFT), TRAILING CONTROL
SURFACES, ROLL, DRAG, ANGLE OF ATTACK, THRUST
VECTOR CONTROL SYSTEMS, GRAPHICS (U)

THE WIND TUNNEL DATA RESULTING FROM A LOW SPEED
WIND TUNNEL FOLLOW-ON TEST OF A SEMI-SPAN MODEL OF A
CLOSE SUPPORT, VTOL AIRCRAFT IS PRESENTED. THE
MODEL FEATURES AN INTEGRATED PROPULSION/LIFTING
SURFACE SYSTEM AS WELL AS VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
TAILS LOCATED ON AN AFT, WING TIP EXTENSION. THE
PROPULSION SYSTEM EXHAUST FLOW, WHICH IS SIMULATED
WITH COLD AIR, EXHAUSTS OVER THE WING TRAILING EDGE
FLAP (FLAP JET) AND OUT OF THE LOWER SURFACE OF
THE WING (WING BOX JET). THE EXHAUST FLOWS CAN
BE INDEPENDENTLY VECTORED THROUGH 90 DEGREES WITH
RESPECT TO THE WING CHORD PLANE. THE TEST DATA ARE
PRESENTED IN THE FORM OF LIFT AND ROLLING MOMENT
COEFFICIENTS AS FUNCTIONS OF ANGLE OF ATTACK, AND
DRAG AND PITCH MOMENT COEFFICIENTS AS FUNCTIONS OF
LIFT COEFFICIENT. THE COEFFICIENT DATA ARE GIVEN
WITH AND WITHOUT THE DIRECT THRUST CONTRIBUTION
INCLUDED. THE STATIC THRUST DATA ARE GIVEN IN THE
FORM OF LIFT, DRAG, PITCHING MOMENT AND ROLLING
MOMENT AS FUNCTIONS OF ANGLE OF ATTACK. TEST DATA
WITH AND WITHOUT GROUND BOARD EFFECTS ARE PRESENTED.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-621 684

HUGHES TOOL CO CULVER CITY CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

AIRCRAFT DESIGN XV-9A HOT CYCLE RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL SUMMARY REPT. FOR 28 SEP 62-15
MAR 65,

AUG 65 326P HIRSH, NORMAN B. ;

REPT. NO. HTC-AD-64-11 (385-X-05)

CONTRACT: DA44 177AMC877T

TASK: IM121401A14403

MONITOR: USAAVLABS ,

TR-65-29

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO AD-613 339.

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, ROTARY
WINGS), DESIGN, GAS GENERATOR ENGINES, JET
PROPULSION, ROTOR BLADES (ROTARY WINGS),
AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATION, WEIGHT, PAYLOAD,
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, HOVERING, LEVEL FLIGHT,
STABILITY, AERODYNAMIC LOADING, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: XV-9A AIRCRAFT, YT-64 GAS
GENERATOR

(U)

A SUMMARY OF THE DESIGN OF THE XV-9A HOT
CYCLE RESEARCH AIRCRAFT IS PRESENTED. A
DISCUSSION OF THE CONCEPTS UTILIZED IN DESIGN AND
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RELATING TO CONFIGURATION,
WEIGHT AND BALANCE, PERFORMANCE, STABILITY AND
CONTROL, DYNAMICS, AND STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS ARE
PRESENTED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMU/

AD-622 205

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

A QUALITATIVE DISCUSSION OF THE STABILITY AND CONTROL
OF VTOL AIRCRAFT DURING HOVER (OUT OF GROUND EFFECT)
AND TRANSITION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
64 70P WEITZ, PAUL J. ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, HOVERING),
STABILITY, CONTROL, DAMPING, AILERONS, YAW,
DEFLECTION, DUCTED FANS, PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
PITCH(MOTION), JET PLANES, TURBOJET ENGINES,
THRUST, RESEARCH PLANES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: THESES (M)

A SURVEY OF THE LATEST AVAILABLE LITERATURE WAS
MADE IN ORDER TO QUALITATIVELY DISCUSS STABILITY AND
CONTROL PROBLEMS OF VERTICAL TAKEOFF AND LANDING
(VTOL) AIRCRAFT DURING HOVER (OUT OF GROUND
EFFECT) AND THE TRANSITION TO LEVEL FLIGHT.
MODES OF PROPULSION AND METHODS OF PERFORMING THE
TRANSITION MANEUVER ARE DISCUSSED. COMPARISONS ARE
MADE OF THE VARIOUS METHODS UTILIZED FOR PROVIDING
CONTROL FORCES AT ZERO AND VERY LOW SPEEDS. THE
NEED FOR QUANTITATIVE CONTROL POWER REQUIREMENTS AND
HANDLING QUALITIES CRITERIA IS PRESENTED. THE
INSTABILITY OF VTOL AIRCRAFT WHILE HOVERING IS
DISCUSSED, AS ARE THE BASIC REASONS FOR THE POOR
DAMPING CHARACTERISTICS AT LOW SPEEDS. PROBLEMS
WHICH HAVE BEEN ENCOUNTERED TO DATE WITH RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT AND WHICH ARE PECULIAR TO A GIVEN VTOL
MODE ARE DISCUSSED BY MODE. THE NEED FOR AUTOMATIC
STABILIZATION AND PRECISION INSTRUMENTATION
REQUIREMENTS ARE PRESENTED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-624 578

LOCKHEED-CALIFORNIA CO BURBANK

STUDY OF SIZE EFFECTS ON VTOL HANDLING QUALITIES
CRITERIA,

(U)

SEP 65 97P JOHNSTON, J. FORD ; CULVER,
IRVEN H. ; FRIEN, CARL F. ;
REPT. NO. LR-18408
CONTRACT: DA44 177AMC236T
TASK: 1P121401A14178
MONITOR: USAVLABS , TR-65-24

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, CONTROL),
DESIGN, DYNAMICS, FLIGHT, JET PLANES,
HELICOPTERS, YAW, PITCH(MOTION), ROLL,
STABILITY, HOVERING, HUMAN ENGINEERING, DAMPING

(U)

A FUNDAMENTAL STUDY IS PRESENTED OF THE EFFECTS OF
VEHICLE SIZE ON HANDLING QUALITIES OF JET AND
HELICOPTER-TYPE VTOL AIRCRAFT AT HOVER AND LOW
SPEEDS, SIZE BEING DEFINED BY THE CHARACTERISTIC
LINEAR DIMENSION. THE EFFECTS OF SIZE ON VEHICLE
HANDLING QUALITIES CAPABILITY AND PILOT-VEHICLE
COMPATIBILITY ARE DEVELOPED. CONSIDERATION IS
GIVEN TO THE PILOT AS AN ADAPTIVE NONLINEAR SERVO.
THE STUDY INDICATES: (1) CONTROL POWER/
INERTIA AND DAMPING/INERTIA TEND TO DECREASE WITH
SIZE. (2) EXCEPT FOR TAIL ROTOR HELICOPTERS IN
YAW, FINAL ANGULAR RATES ARE RELATIVELY INVARIANT
WITH SIZE. (3) CHARACTERISTIC TIME TO REACH
FINAL ANGULAR RATE INCREASES WITH SIZE. (4)
LINEAR ACCELERATIONS AND MOTIONS ARE NEARLY
INVARIANT WITH SIZE. (5) EFFECTS OF EXTERNAL
DISTURBANCES AND TRIM CHANGES WITH SPEED ON JET
VTOL VEHICLES DECREASE AT LEAST AS RAPIDLY AS
CONTROL POWER/ INERTIA. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-623 100

AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

EFFECTS OF WEIGHT, INERTIA, AND VELOCITY ON CONTROL
POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
AUG 65 71P ROMINE, BYRON HARL ;
REPT. NO. GE/EE/65-20

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
STABILIZATION SYSTEMS), (•STABILIZATION SYSTEMS,
POWER), STABILITY, CONTROL SYSTEMS, WEIGHT,
VELOCITY, ROLL, AILERONS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: VZ-4 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE PILOT-VEHICLE SYSTEMS ANALYSIS IS APPLIED TO
THE PROBLEM OF DETERMINING THE EFFECTS OF GROSS
WEIGHT, INERTIA, AND VELOCITY ON THE STABILIZATION
CONTROL POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SINGLE-LOOP ROLL
CONTROL SYSTEM OF A DOAK VZ-4 VTOL AIRCRAFT.
THE AIRCRAFT IS SUBJECTED TO RANDOM ROLL INPUTS IN
THE FORM OF ATMOSPHERIC DISTURBANCES. ONLY THE
CONTROL POWER REQUIRED TO STABILIZE THE AIRCRAFT ROLL
ANGLE BY THE PILOT'S USE OF AILERONS ALONE IS
CONSIDERED. THE OPEN-LOOP GAIN OF THE SYSTEM IS
DETERMINED BY MAXIMIZING THE CLOSED-LOOP DAMPING
RATIO. THERE ARE NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES IN THE
STABILIZATION CONTROL POWER REQUIREMENTS AT THE GROSS
WEIGHT CONDITIONS ANALYZED. INCREASED MOMENTS OF
INERTIA DO NOT DRIVE THE SYSTEM UNSTABLE, BUT THE
CONTROL POWER REQUIREMENTS DECREASE BY ABOUT SIXTY
PER CENT AS THE MOMENTS OF INERTIA ARE INCREASED FROM
2800 SLUG-SQ FT TO 3300 SLUG-SQ FT. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-623 514

ARMY AVIATION TEST ACTIVITY EDWARDS AFB CALIF

PRELIMINARY PILOT QUALITATIVE EVALUATION OF THE XV-5A
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: LETTER REPT.

OCT 65 48P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, RESEARCH PLANES,
TURBOJET ENGINES, LANDINGS, OPERATION,
STABILITY, FANS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF THE TESTS WAS TO
INVESTIGATE THOSE AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS DIRECTLY
INFLUENCED BY THE LIFT-FAN CONCEPT. THE REPORT
CONTAINS THE RESULTS OF THE PRELIMINARY PILOT
EVALUATION OF THE XV-5A AIRCRAFT DURING THE
STABILITY AND CONTROL PORTION OF THE U. S. ARMY
FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-623 527

VTOL SYSTEMS DIV CURTISS-WRIGHT CORP CALDWELL N J

A THEORY FOR VTOL PROPELLER OPERATION IN A STATIC
CONDITION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. FOR JUN 64-MAY 65,

OCT 65 85P ERICKSON, JOHN C., JR.;

LADDEN, RICHARD M.; BORST, HENRY V.; ORDWAY,

DONALD E.;

CONTRACT: DA44 177AMC165T

PROJ: 1M1214UID14415

MONITOR: USAAVLABS, TR-65-69

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SUBCONTRACTED TO THERM ADVANCED
RESEARCH, INC., ITHACA, N. Y.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL)), (*PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), LIFT, VORTICES,
WAKE, STATICS, THEORY, DEFORMATION,
PROGRAMMING(COMPUTERS), MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS (U)

A GENERAL THEORY FOR PERFORMANCE CALCULATIONS WAS
FORMULATED BASED ON A CONTINUOUS VORTEX
REPRESENTATION ALONG THE LINES OF THE CLASSICAL
LIFTING-LINE MODEL. AS OPPOSED TO FORWARD FLIGHT,
THE DEFORMATION OF THE WAKE IS APPRECIABLE JUST
BEHIND THE PROPELLER, AND ITS DETERMINATION
CONSTITUTES THE HEART OF THE STATIC PROBLEM. A
COMPUTER PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED TO CALCULATE
BOTH THE INFLOW AT THE PROPELLER AND THE INDUCED
VELOCITY AT ANY FIELD POINT FOR AN ARBITRARY
DESCRIPTION OF THE TRAILING VORTEX SHEETS. TO
APPROXIMATE THE FORCE-FREE CONDITION IMPOSED ON THE
WAKE, AN INITIAL WAKE HYPOTHESIS DERIVED FROM THE
THEORY OF THE GENERALIZED ACTUATOR DISK WAS
FIRST USED. THE RESULTING COMPARISONS WITH BOTH
DETAILED AND GROSS MEASUREMENTS WERE UNSATISFACTORY
AND A REFINED HYPOTHESIS WAS DERIVED. THE REFINED
WAKE HYPOTHESIS PROVIDES A MORE REASONABLE
REPRESENTATION OF THE 'PITCH' OF THE ELEMENTS OF THE
DEFORMED TRAILING VORTEX SHEETS AS WELL AS THE
ENVELOPE OF THEIR TRAJECTORIES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-626 617 1/5
REPUBLIC AVIATION CORP FARMINGDALE N Y

FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF A
VTOL BLAST CONTROLLING PLATFORM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
AUG 65 87P BARTHA, S. ; RINGLER, F. H. ;
REPT. NO. C-6091-05
CONTRACT: DA-22-079-ENG-435
PROJ: DA-1-DU21701A047
MONITOR: AEWES , 3-123

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING
MATS), (*LANDING MATS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES),
(*EXHAUST, DEFLECTION), MODEL TESTS, FEASIBILITY
STUDIES, DESIGN, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, JET
ENGINES (U)

A CONCEPT WAS DEVELOPED FOR A PORTABLE VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF AND LANDING BLAST DIVERTING PLATFORM WHICH
WOULD DIRECT THE EXHAUST BLAST AWAY FROM THE AIRCRAFT
AND INTO THE AIR TO PREVENT TERRAIN EROSION, HOT GAS
REINGESTION, GROUND EFFECTS, AND SIGNATURE. THE
PLATFORM WOULD BE ASSEMBLED ON SITE FROM MODULAR
SECTIONS, EACH SECTION CONTAINING DEFLECTOR VANES AND
TOPPED BY A LOAD BEARING GRID. THE FEASIBILITY OF
THIS CONCEPT HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED BY SCALE MODEL
TESTING. THE RESULTS INDICATE THAT SUCH A PLATFORM
IS EFFICIENT IN CONDUCTING ENGINE EXHAUST BLAST AND
ACCOMPANYING ENTRAINED AIR WAY FROM THE AIRCRAFT.
SIGNIFICANT REDUCTION IN THRUST LOSS AND LOWER
SURFACE TEMPERATURE ON THE AIRCRAFT MODEL WERE
OBSERVED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-627 361 1/3

HUGHES TOOL CO CULVER CITY CALIF. AIRCRAFT DIV

COMPONENT TESTING XV-9A HOT CYCLE RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT. 29 SEP 62-15 MAR 65,

NOV 65 199P DEVEAUX, G. D. ;

REPT. NO. HTC-AD-64-26 (385-T-16)

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-877(T)

TASK: IM121401D14403

MONITOR: USAAVLABS , TR-65-38

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO AD-621 684.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, ROTOR
BLADES(ROTARY WINGS)), (*ROTOR BLADES(ROTARY
WINGS), TESTS), JET HELICOPTER ROTORS,
FATIGUE(MECHANICS), ROTARY WINGS, FREQUENCY,
JOINTS, RESEARCH PLANES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-9 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE COMPONENT TESTS INCLUDED FATIGUE TESTS OF THE
BLADE ROOT-END AND CONSTANT SECTION AREAS, HUB GIMBAL
SYSTEM, SPAR-TO-SEGMENT AND ROOT-FITTING-TO-SPAR
ATTACHMENTS, AND MATERIAL EVALUATION TESTS OF THE
BLADE SPARS. SEALING TESTS WERE CONDUCTED ON THE
JOINT BETWEEN THE Y-DUCT AND TRIDUCT IN THE HUB
AREA, THE JOINT AREA BETWEEN THE GAS GENERATOR AND
DIVERTER VALVE, AND THE FIXED-DUCT JOINT ON THE ROTOR
BLADE. BLADE NATURAL FREQUENCY TESTS WERE CONDUCTED
TO ENSURE THAT THE NATURAL FREQUENCIES OF THE ROTOR
BLADE WOULD NOT BE IN A CRITICAL FREQUENCY RANGE.
THE INSTRUMENTED FLIGHT BLADE WAS CALIBRATED IN A
TEST FIXTURE BEFORE THE FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM.

(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-627 370 1/2
PRINCETON UNIV N J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

AN ANALYTICAL STUDY OF THE DYNAMICS OF AIRCRAFT IN
UNSTEADY FLIGHT, (U)

OCT 65 234P CURTISS, H. C., JR.;
REPT. NO. AEROSPACE/MECHANICAL SCI-709
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-8(T)
TASK: 1D121401A14203
MONITOR: USAAYLABS, TR-65-48

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIRCRAFT, AERODYNAMICS), (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMICS), FLIGHT,
DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, DYNAMICS, STABILITY (U)

THE DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF CONVENTIONAL AND VTOL
AIRCRAFT WITH VARYING FLIGHT VELOCITY IS
INVESTIGATED. IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE DYNAMIC
MOTIONS OF AIRCRAFT MAY BE DESCRIBED BY LINEAR
DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WHOSE COEFFICIENTS
(STABILITY DERIVATIVES) ARE FUNCTIONS OF FLIGHT
VELOCITY, AND THEREFORE VARY WITH TIME. PRIMARY
EMPHASIS IS PLACED ON THE EVALUATION OF THE GENERAL
NATURE OF THE VEHICLE RESPONSE AND ITS DEPARTURE FROM
FROZEN SYSTEM (CONSTANT COEFFICIENTS)
CHARACTERISTICS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZC107

AD-626 669 1/1
KELLETT AIRCRAFT CORP WILLOW GROVE PA

DOWNWASH TESTS OF THE DUAL TANDEM DUCTED PROPELLER
VTOL RESEARCH AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS TO EVALUATE
ENGINE INLETS, PROTECTION DEVICES AND STUDY
AERODYNAMIC INTERFERENCE, (U)

NOV 65 158P CURTISS, H. C. , JR. ;
REPT. NO. 179T80-12,
CONTRACT: N04-64-0439

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DOWNWASH),
(•AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, RESEARCH PLANES),
ENGINE AIR SYSTEMS COMPONENTS, FLIGHT TESTING,
DRAG, THRUST, PROPELLER BLADES, SIMULATION,
INTERFERENCE, SAFETY DEVICES (U)

A FULL SCALE HALF-MODEL SIMULATION OF A DUAL TANDEM
DUCTED PROPELLER VTOL AIRCRAFT WAS TESTED UNDER THE
SEVERE ENVIRONMENT CAUSED BY OPERATION SIMULATING
VERTICAL FLIGHT IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO SAND AND
CRUSHED STONE COVERED TERRAIN. FOUR ENGINE INLET
PROTECTION DEVICES WERE EVALUATED IN THIS SERIES OF
TESTS. A WING-LIKE DEFLECTOR DEVICE WAS TESTED IN
TWO CONFIGURATIONS OF DIFFERENT CHORD LENGTHS. A
FULL INLET SCREEN AND A BLOCKED HALF-SCREEN INLET
PROTECTION DEVICE WERE ALSO TESTED. IT WAS FOUND
THAT DUE TO ITS LOCATION IN THE UPFLOW REGION, THE
FULL SCREEN TENDED TO COLLECT PARTICLES AND THEREBY
AGGRAVATED INLET INGESTION. THE BLOCKED HALF-
SCREEN AND THE DEFLECTOR DEVICES SIGNIFICANTLY
REDUCED INGESTION, BUT WERE NOT SUFFICIENTLY
EFFECTIVE TO POSITIVELY PREVENT ENGINE DAMAGE.
TESTS OVER CRUSHED STONE CAUSED SIGNIFICANTLY WORSE
INLET INGESTION AND AIRFRAME DAMAGE PROBLEMS THAN
THOSE EXPERIENCED OVER SAND. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-629 004 14/2 1/3
PRINCETON UNIV N J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

A SURVEY OF V/S10L WIND TUNNEL WALL CORRECTIONS AND
TEST TECHNIQUES, (U)

DEC 65 87P OLCOTT, JOHN W. ;
REPT. NO. 725,
CONTRACT: NONR-1858(14)
PROJ: NR-212-155,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES; MODEL
TESTS); (*WIND TUNNELS, CORRECTIONS); TEST
METHODS, ERRORS, WAKE, LIFT, REVIEWS, WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, DESIGN, TILT WINGS,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), AIRSHIPS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: FLYING WIND TUNNELS (U)

A DISCUSSION OF WIND TUNNEL BOUNDARY CORRECTIONS AS
THEY APPLY TO VTOL MODEL TESTING IS PRESENTED.
CONVENTIONAL WALL CORRECTION THEORY IS INADEQUATE
SINCE IT FAILS TO ACCOUNT FOR BOTH THE PRESENCE OF A
HIGHLY DEVELOPED WAKE AND THE TOTAL LIFT ACTING ON
THE MODEL. CORRECTION THEORIES THAT DO CONSIDER THE
LIFT AND WAKE CHARACTERISTICS OF VTOL DESIGNS GIVE
SATISFACTORY RESULTS, PROVIDED THERE IS NO WAKE
DISTORTION DUE TO THE INTERFERENCE OF TUNNEL WALLS.
BOTH THE HEYSON AND KIRKPATRICK VTOL BOUNDARY
CORRECTION THEORIES ARE EXAMINED AND THEIR
LIMITATIONS DISCUSSED. A COMPARISON OF FREE AIR
AND TUNNEL RESULTS FOR A .165SCALE NORTH AMERICAN
AVIATION TILT WING DESIGN AND A FREE AIR STUDY
OF AN EARLY HAMILTON STANDARD XC 142 PROPELLER
MODEL ARE DISCUSSED. THE PROPELLER DATA AGREED
WITH THEORETICALLY PREDICTED VALUES, BUT
DISCREPANCIES, PARTICULARLY IN DRAG FORCE, APPEARED
WHEN THE AIRSHIP NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION DATA
WERE COMPARED WITH SIMILAR TUNNEL RESULTS. THE
EXACT CAUSE OF THE DIFFERENCES WAS NOT DETERMINED.
THE IMPORTANCE OF THE VTOL MODEL WAKE IS
SUBSTANTIATED. MINIMUM TUNNEL SIZES NECESSARY TO
AVOID WAKE IMPINGEMENT AND DISTURBANCE ARE PRESENTED.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-630 924 1/1 20/4
GRUMMAN AIRCRAFT ENGINEERING CORP BETHPAGE N Y

WIND TUNNEL TEST OF 1/7 SCALE MODEL OV-1. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
DEC 65 BUP SHEPHEARD, FRED W. ;
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-271(T)
TASK: IP125901A14203,
MONITOR: USAAVLABS , TR-65-73

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), MODEL TESTS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
DRAG, LIFT, PITCH(MOTION), AIRCRAFT CANOPIES,
NACELLES, FUSELAGES, AIRPLANE MODELS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-1 AIRCRAFT (U)

WIND TUNNEL TESTS WERE CONDUCTED ON A 1/7 SCALE
MODEL OF THE OV-1 AIRPLANE TO DETERMINE THE POWER-
OFF DRAG, LIFT, AND PITCHING MOMENT COEFFICIENTS OF
THE MODEL AND ITS VARIOUS COMPONENTS. SIGNIFICANT
DRAG DIFFERENCES WERE MEASURED BETWEEN PRODUCTION
CANOPY AND NACELLE CONFIGURATIONS AND STREAMLINED
FUSELAGE AND NACELLE CONFIGURATIONS, BUT ARE NOT
CONSIDERED APPLICABLE. NO OTHER SIGNIFICANT DRAG
DIFFERENCES WERE MEASURED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-631 413 1/3 21/5
HUGHES TOOL CO CULVER CITY CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

GROUND AND FLIGHT TESTS, XV-9A HOT CYCLE RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT., 10 AUG 64-5 FEB 65,
MAR 66 156P PIEPER, C. W. ;
REPT. NO. HTC-AD-65-13,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-877(T)
TASK: IM121401D14403,
MONITOR: USAAVLABS , TR-65-68

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*GAS TURBINES, THERMODYNAMIC CYCLES),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TESTS),
(*THERMODYNAMIC CYCLES, HELICOPTER ENGINES),
(*HELICOPTER ENGINES, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)),
HELICOPTER ROTORS, FLIGHT TESTING, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES, PROPULSION, RESEARCH PLANES,
FEASIBILITY STUDIES, TEST EQUIPMENT,
LOADING(MECHANICS), COOLING (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-9 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE PERFORMANCE, STRUCTURAL QUALITIES, AND
FEASIBILITY OF THE HOT CYCLE ROTOR AND PROPULSION
SYSTEM WERE SUCCESSFULLY VERIFIED FOR ALL NORMAL
HELICOPTER FLIGHT MODES. GROUND TESTS CONSISTED OF
PREFLIGHT AND TIE-DOWN TESTS, WHICH PROVIDED A
FUNCTIONAL CHECKOUT OF THE AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AND TEST
INSTRUMENTATION AND A FINAL CHECKOUT OF THE COMPLETED
AIRCRAFT PRIOR TO START OF FLIGHT TESTS. THE 15
HOURS OF FLIGHT TESTING INCLUDED EVALUATION OF
AIRCRAFT AND ROTOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, FLIGHT LOADS,
COOLING, AND FLYING QUALITIES IN VARIOUS FLIGHT
MODES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-634 777 1/1
DAVID TAYLOR MODEL BASIN WASHINGTON D C AERODYNAMICS
LAB

WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF THE HOVERING,
TRANSITION, AND CRUISING PERFORMANCE OF AN ARRESTED
ROTOR (TRIDENT) VTOL AIRCRAFT CONCEPT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
FEB 66 43P BRASSEUR, GARY W. MAGUIRE,
WILLIAM B. ;
REPT. NO. DTMB-2172, DTMB-AERO-1101
PROJ: 632-542,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), HOVERING, ROTARY
WINGS, MODEL TESTS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
WINGS, FLIGHT TESTING (U)

WIND-TUNNEL TESTS WERE CONDUCTED TO EVALUATE STATIC
STABILITY AND CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS WITH EMPHASIS
ON DETERMINING THE MAGNITUDE OF TRANSITION PROBLEMS.
EVALUATING THE COMPATIBILITY OF THE COMPETING
INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AERODYNAMIC REQUIREMENTS FOR
HIGH STATIC LIFT AND EFFICIENT CRUISING WAS AN
ADDITIONAL TEST OBJECTIVE. TEST RESULTS SHOW THAT
THE MODEL EXHIBITS A STRONG DIRECTIONAL TRIM SHIFT
THROUGH TRANSITION. THE PATTERN SELECTED FOR ROTOR
ARRESTMENT DURING EVALUATION OF THE TRANSITION
CHARACTERISTICS WAS NOT ACCEPTABLE ON THE BASIS OF
POWER REQUIRED TO SUPPORT VEHICLE WEIGHT OR CONTROL
OF TRAJECTORY. THE RESULTS FURTHER INDICATED THAT
THE PERFORMANCE POTENTIAL OF THE DUCTED ROTOR -NOZZLE
SYSTEM MAY BE LIMITED BECAUSE OF THE STRUCTURAL
REQUIREMENTS. MODEL ROTOR DUCT DESIGN, FROM THE
STANDPOINT OF INTERNAL AERODYNAMICS, WAS COMPROMISED
BY ADDING STRUCTURE TO ACCOMMODATE THE WING BENDING
LOADS FOR HIGH-SPEED CRUISING. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-633 269 1/4 5/8
BELL AEROSYSTEMS CO BUFFALO N Y

APPLICATION OF PILOT-CONTROLLER INTEGRATION
TECHNIQUES TO A REPRESENTATIVE V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
OCT 65 156P GAUL, JOHN W. ;
REPT. NO. 2226-903001,
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-1866,
PROJ: AF-8219,
TASK: 821904,
MONITOR: AFFDL , TR-65-200

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), DESIGN, PILOTS, MAN-MACHINE
SYSTEMS, COSTS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: X-22 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS FINAL RESULTS OF A STUDY OF THE
APPLICATION OF PILOT-CONTROLLER INTEGRATION
(PCI) DESIGN TECHNIQUES TO THE FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEM OF A REPRESENTATIVE V/STOL AIRCRAFT.
UNDER THIS PROGRAM THE VALIDITY OF THE CONCEPT WAS
ESTABLISHED IN THE APPLICATION TO THE X-22A V/
STOL. IN THIS APPLICATION THE PCI TECHNIQUE
INDICATED THE AREAS OF THE X-22A FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEM WHERE MODIFICATIONS WOULD RESULT IN THE
GREATEST IMPROVEMENT TO THE PROBABILITY OF MISSION
ACCOMPLISHMENT. DESIGN MODIFICATIONS WERE MADE AND
AN ITERATION USING THE TECHNIQUE WAS ACCOMPLISHED AND
THE PAYOFF WAS EVALUATED. THE DIGITAL PROGRAM WAS
DEVELOPED AND APPLIED TO THE X-22A HAS GENERAL
APPLICABILITY TO OTHER AIRCRAFT. SEVERAL
IMPROVEMENTS TO THIS PROGRAM AS WELL AS TO THE
DETAILS OF TECHNIQUE APPLICATION ARE SUGGESTED.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 943 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X353-SB PROPULSION SYSTEM SPECIFICATION. (U)

JAN 62 106P
REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-112,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-1C-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
634 944.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
•PROPULSION), SPECIFICATIONS, DUCTED FANS,
TURBOJET ENGINES, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, RESEARCH
PLANES, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X353-SB ENGINE (U)

THIS SPECIFICATION COVERS THE CHARACTERISTICS OF
THE X353-SB CONVERTIBLE V/STOL PROPULSION
SYSTEM INTENDED FOR USE IN A PILOTED FLIGHT RESEARCH
AIRPLANE. THE GENERAL ELECTRIC X353-SB
ENGINE IS A HIGH LIFT-WEIGHT RATIO CONVERTIBLE
ENGINE FOR TURBOJET OPERATION AND AUGMENTED LIFT
OPERATION. THE BASIC X353-SB ENGINE COMPRISES
A TURBOJET ENGINE MODIFIED FOR NON-REHEAT OPERATION,
A TIP-TURBINE LIFT FAN AUGMENTING TURBOJET THRUST FOR
V/STOL LIFT AND PROPULSIVE THRUSTS, A GAS DIVERTER
VALVE FOR SELECTING ENGINE OPERATING MODE, AND
ASSOCIATED ENGINE CONTROLS AND ACCESSORIES. THE
TWO PART SCROLL ON EACH LIFT FAN PERMITS
INCORPORATION OF THE X353-SB INTO AN AIRPLANE
POWERPLANT CONFIGURATION COMPRISING TWO (2) BASIC
X353-SB CONVERTIBLE ENGINES PNEUMATICALLY COUPLED
SUCH THAT EACH TURBOJET PROVIDES HALF OF THE REQUIRED
DRIVING POWER FOR EACH OF THE LIFT FANS. ROTORS OF
THE TWO LIFT FANS ROTATE IN OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS TO
MINIMIZE GYROSCOPIC RELATIONS. ALL PERFORMANCE
FIGURES, WEIGHTS, QUANTITIES, ETC., IN THIS
SPECIFICATION ARE GIVEN FOR ONE X353-SB (ONE
TURBOJET ENGINE, ONE FAN, ONE DIVERTER VALVE)
UNLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED OTHERWISE. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 944 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X376 PITCH FAN SPECIFICATION.

(U)

MAR 62 56P
REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-113,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
634 946.

DESCRIPTORS: (DUCTED FANS, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS),
(VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS), GAS TURBINES, SPECIFICATIONS, TURBOJET
ENGINES, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, RESEARCH PLANES,
PITCH(MOTION)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X376 FAN, X353-58
ENGINES

(U)

THIS SPECIFICATION COVERS THE CHARACTERISTICS OF
THE X376 PITCH FAN INTENDED FOR USE IN A
PILOTED FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRPLANE. THE GENERAL
ELECTRIC X376 PITCH FAN IS A HIGH LIFTWEIGHT
RATIO GAS-DRIVEN LIFT FAN FOR SUPPLYING AUGMENTED
CONTROL AND TRIM FORCE IN V/STOL SYSTEMS. THE
X376 PITCH FAN COMPRISES A SINGLE STAGE, TIP-
TURBINE DRIVEN LIFT FAN SUPPLIED WITH TURBOJET
EXHAUST GAS BLEED THROUGH TWO SEPARATE NOZZLE
SCROLLS. THE DOUBLE SCROLL ARRANGEMENT PROVIDES
SINGLE-ENGINE OPERATING CAPABILITY IN A TWO-ENGINE,
CROSS-DUCTED LIFT PROPULSION SYSTEM.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 945 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X353-5B PROPULSION SYSTEM FLIGHTWORTHINESS RATING
TEST.

(U)

MARK 62 3UP
REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-114,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
634 944.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*PROPULSION), FLIGHT TESTING, SPECIFICATIONS,
DUCTED FANS, TUBOJET ENGINES, AIRCRAFT ENGINES,
RESEARCH PLANES, TESTS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X353-5B ENGINES

(U)

THIS SPECIFICATION DEFINES THE FLIGHTWORTHINESS
RATING TEST REQUIREMENTS FOR THE X353-5B
CONVERTIBLE, DUCTED LIFT FAN PROPULSION SYSTEM.
THE X353-5B PROPULSION SYSTEM IS COMPRISED OF A
J85-GE-5 TURBOJET ENGINE, LESS AFTERBURNER, USED
AS A GAS GENERATOR PLUS TWO ADDITIONAL MAJOR
COMPONENTS: A DIVERTER VALVE TO DIRECT THE GAS
FLOW; AND AN X353-5B LIFT FAN.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 946 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X376 PITCH FAN FLIGHTWORTHINESS RATING TEST. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REVISED ED.

APR 62 30P
REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-115,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REVISION OF DOCUMENT SUBMITTED 25
MAR 62. REPORT ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-634 944/

DESCRIPTORS: (*DUCTED FANS, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS), FLIGHT TESTING, SPECIFICATIONS, GAS
TURBINES, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, RESEARCH PLANES,
PITCH(MOTION) (U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X376 FAN (U)

THIS SPECIFICATION DEFINES THE FLIGHTWORTHINESS
RATING TEST REQUIREMENTS FOR THE X376, DUCTED,
PITCH TRIM CONTROL FAN. THE GENERAL ELECTRIC
X376 PITCH FAN IS DESIGNED FOR SUPPLYING AUGMENTED
CONTROL AND TRIM FORCE IN V/STOL SYSTEMS. IT IS
COMPRISED OF A SINGLE STAGE, TIP-TURBINE DRIVEN FAN
SUPPLIED WITH TURBOJET EXHAUST GAS BLEED THROUGH TWO
SEPARATED NOZZLE SCROLLS. THE DOUBLE SCROLL
ARRANGEMENT PROVIDES SINGLE-ENGINE OPERATING
CAPABILITY IN A TWO-ENGINE, CROSS-DUCTED LIFT
PROPULSION SYSTEM. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 947 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X353-5B PROPULSION SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE TEST. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REVISED ED.

MAY 62 28P

REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-116,

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REVISION OF DOCUMENT SUBMITTED 15
APR 62. REPORT ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-634, 945.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*PROPULSION), TESTS, SPECIFICATIONS, DUCTED
FANS, TURBOJET ENGINES, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, RESEARCH
PLANES, VALUES, ACCEPTABILITY (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X-353-5B ENGINES (U)

THIS SPECIFICATION DEFINES THE ACCEPTANCE TEST
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE LIFT FAN AND DIVERTER VALVE
COMPONENTS OF THE X353-5B CONVERTIBLE, DUCTED,
LIFT FAN PROPULSION SYSTEM CONFORMING TO
SPECIFICATION NO. 112. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 948 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X376 PITCH FAN ACCEPTANCE TEST.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: RREVISED ED.

MAY 62 29P

REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-117,

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REVISION OF DOCUMENT SUBMITTED 18
APRIL 1962. REPORT ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-634 944.

DESCRIPTORS: (*DUCTED FANS, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS), SPECIFICATIONS, ACCEPTABILITY, TESTS,
TURBOJET ENGINES, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, RESEARCH
PLANES, PITCH(MOTION)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X376 FAN

(U)

THIS SPECIFICATION DEFINES THE ACCEPTANCE TEST
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE X376, DUCTED, PITCH TRIM
CONTROL FAN CONFORMING TO SPECIFICATION NO. 113.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 950 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

X353-SB PROPULSION SYSTEM FLIGHTWORTHINESS TEST
REPORT (PENALTY TESTS). VOLUME 1. SUPPLEMENT 1. (U)

OCT 63 72P
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*PROPULSION, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), FLIGHT TESTING, RESEARCH PLANES, TURBOJET
ENGINES, CONVERTIBLE PLANES, DUCTED FANS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X 353-SB ENGINES (U)

THE REQUIRED 10-HOUR PENALTY TEST TO EVALUATE
DESIGN MODIFICATIONS TO THE X353-SB LIFT FAN
INLET VANES AND ALUMINUM EXIT LOUVERS WAS COMPLETED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SCHEDULE OF TEST RECOMMENDED
TO THE ARMY IN THE X353-SB PROPULSION
SYSTEM FLIGHTWORTHINESS TEST REPORT. THE
TEST WAS COMPLETED ON A SLAVE X353-SB LIFT FAN
WHICH WAS ALSO AN ACCEPTANCE TEST VEHICLE. THIS
REPORT IS A SUPPLEMENT TO THE X353-SB PROPULSION
SYSTEM FLIGHTWORTHINESS TEST REPORT AND
DOCUMENTS THE PENALTY TEST AND RESULTS. IT IS
SUBMITTED TO THE U. S. ARMY (TRECOM) IN
ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATION 114 TO FORM THE BASIS
FOR ESTABLISHING A FLIGHTWORTHINESS RATING FOR THE
COMPLETE PROPULSION SYSTEM INCLUDING LIFT FAN INLET
VANES, ALUMINUM EXIT LOUVERS AND DIVERTER VALVES.
UPON COMPLETION OF THE TEST, THE INSPECTION RESULTS
SHOWED ALL LIFT FAN COMPONENTS INCLUDING INLET VANES
AND ALUMINUM EXIT LOUVERS TO BE IN SATISFACTORY
CONDITION. THE NEW ROTOR ASSEMBLY TECHNIQUE
RECOMMENDED IN THE FWT REPORT AND DESCRIBED IN FRV
SPECIFICATION 124 WAS COMPLETELY SUCCESSFUL IN
AVOIDING FRETTING. PARTIAL DISASSEMBLY OF THE
ROTOR FOLLOWING THE TEST, WITNESSED BY AN ARMY
(TRECOM) REPRESENTATIVE, SHOWED ALL OF THE ROTOR
HARDWARE TO BE IN EXCELLENT CONDITION. THE XV-
5A FLIGHT TYPE DIVERTER VALVE ACTUATION
SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE PENALTY TEST PLUS TWO
ACCEPTANCE TESTS WITHOUT INCIDENT AND IS IN EXCELLENT
CONDITION. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-634 951 11/3 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

FINISH SPECIFICATION. (U)

AUG 62 13P
REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-14359-1,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *AIRCRAFT
FINISHES), SPECIFICATIONS, PROTECTIVE TREATMENTS,
RESEARCH PLANES, FINISHES + FINISHING, COATINGS,
CORROSION INHIBITION, ALUMINUM ALLOYS, MAGNESIUM
ALLOYS, TITANIUM ALLOYS, STEEL, PIPES, ALLOYS,
GLASS TEXTILES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE PURPOSE OF THIS SPECIFICATION IS TO DEFINE THE
FINISHES NECESSARY TO ASSURE ADEQUATE SURFACE
PROTECTION FOR THE MATERIALS USED IN THE ARMY VZ-
11 AIRPLANES (MODEL 143). (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-635 106 /3 21/5
LOCKHEED-GEORGIA CO MARLETTA

XV-4A VTOL RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT., 30 JUN 61-30 SEP 65.

MAY 66 123P NICHOLSON, ROBERT LOWRY,

RANDALL B. ;

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-773, DA-44-177-AMC-14(T)

PROJ: DA-1F1312010160,

MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-45

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, THRUST
AUGMENTATION), RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING,
JETS, EJECTION, LIFT, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS,
FEASIBILITY STUDIES, EXHAUST GASES, PROPULSION
IDENTIFIERS: V-4 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

A PROGRAM WAS CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE THE
FEASIBILITY OF THE AUGMENTED JET EJECTOR CONCEPT FOR
ATTAINING A VTOL CAPABILITY FOR AIRCRAFT. DURING
THE FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM, THE ACTUAL VERTICAL THRUST
REALIZED WAS ONLY ABOUT 93 PERCENT OF THAT PREDICTED.
AND CONSEQUENTLY THE AIRCRAFT, THE XV-4A, HAD A
MARGINAL LIFT CAPABILITY. THIS MARGINAL LIFT
CAPABILITY SEVERELY LIMITED THE CAPABILITY TO CONDUCT
QUANTITATIVE DATA GATHERING DURING THE FLIGHT TEST
PROGRAM. THE REPORT PRESENTS THE LIMITED
QUANTITATIVE RESULTS OBTAINED AND A BRIEF SUMMARY OF
THE AIRCRAFT DESIGN, SYSTEMS, FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM,
VTOL LIFT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM, AND SMALL-SCALE AND
FULL-SCALE WIND TUNNEL PROGRAMS. THE FEASIBILITY
OF THE AUGMENTED JET EJECTOR CONCEPT WAS
DEMONSTRATED; HOWEVER, THIS CONCEPT IS NOT CONSIDERED
TO BE COMPETITIVE WITH OTHER CONCEPTS FOR ATTAINING A
VTOL CAPABILITY. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-635 489 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY
AND DEMONSTRATOR PROGRAMS DEPT

GROUND VIBRATION TEST RESULTS. (U)

APR 66 107P
REPT. NO. 167,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715.

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. SEE ALSO AD-634 949.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, VIBRATION),
TESTS, RESEARCH PLANES, PERFORMANCE
(ENGINEERING), CAPTIVE TESTS, RESONANCE,
EXPERIMENTAL DATA, MOTION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THIS REPORT CONTAINS THE RESULTS OF THE
EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF THE STATIC AND DYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE U.S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT
FAN RESEARCH AIRCRAFT AS PERTAINING TO THE
FLUTTER AND VIBRATION EFFORT ON THE XV-5A
AIRCRAFT. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-635 640 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X-353-5B PROPULSION SYSTEM FLIGHTWORTHINESS TEST
REPORT. VOLUME II. (U)

JAN 63 140P
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-634 950.

DESCRIPTORS: (*PROPULSION, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), FLIGHT TESTING, RESEARCH PLANES, TURBOJET
ENGINES, DUCTED FANS, VALVES, QUALITY CONTROL,
DEFECTS(MATERIALS) (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5. AIRCRAFT, X353-5B ENGINES (U)

THIS VOLUME OF THE FWT REPORT PRESENTS
PHOTOGRAPHS WITH A BRIEF IDENTIFICATION OF HARDWARE
CONDITION AND DISCREPANCIES FOUND AFTER COMPLETION OF
TESTS DESCRIBED IN SPECIFICATIONS NUMBER 114 AND
115. CERTIFICATES OF INSPECTION ARE INCLUDED.
CLEARANCE CHECKS WERE IDENTICAL WITH ORIGINAL
ASSEMBLY VALUES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-635 695 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

AIRPLANE DETAIL SPECIFICATION.

(U)

APR 63 170P
REPT. NO. SPECIFICATION-118A,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-634 943.

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SPECIFICATIONS), DESIGN, DUCTED FANS, LIFT,
TURBOJET ENGINES, RESEARCH PLANES, PROPULSION
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, X353-SB ENGINES

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(U)

THIS SPECIFICATION COVERS A MID-WING, LIFT-FAN
POWERED RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. IT SHALL BE PROPELLED
BY TWO G. E. X353-SB PROPULSION SYSTEMS. IT
SHALL BE CAPABLE OF VTOL AND STOL IN THE FAN-
SUPPORTED FLIGHT MODE. THE AIRCRAFT SHALL BE
CAPABLE OF CONVENTIONAL WING-SUPPORTED FLIGHT AT HIGH
SUBSONIC SPEEDS. THE AIRCRAFT SHALL ALSO BE CAPABLE
OF TRANSITION FROM ZERO HORIZONTAL SPEED TO HIGH
HORIZONTAL SPEED AND RETURN THROUGH TRANSITION TO
HOVERING FLIGHT. IT SHALL BE CAPABLE OF
CONVENTIONAL TAKE-OFF AND LANDING. DURING WING-
SUPPORTED FLIGHT, CONVENTIONAL CONTROL SURFACES SHALL
BE UTILIZED. DURING FAN SUPPORTED FLIGHT, CONTROL
SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH MODULATION OF THE
AIRFLOW THROUGH THE FANS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-635 951 1/3 20/4 1/1
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

DEVELOPMENT OF A METHOD FOR PREDICTING THE
PERFORMANCE AND STRESSES OF VTOL-TYPE PROPELLERS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.

JUN 66 126P TRENKA, ANDREW R. ;
REPT. NO. CAL-BB-1846-S-1,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-754T),
TASK: ID1214U1A142,
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-26

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)),
(*PROPELLERS(AERIAL), STRESSES), (*WINGS,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (*NACELLES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), PROPELLER BLADES,
TESTS, AEROELASTICITY, THRUST, AERODYNAMIC
LOADING, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS A THEORETICAL METHOD WHICH
ALLOWS THE PREDICTION OF PERFORMANCE AND STRESS
CHARACTERISTICS OF A SINGLE VTOL-TYPE OF PROPELLER-
WING-NACELLE COMBINATION OPERATING IN VARIOUS FLIGHT
CONDITIONS FROM HOVERING THROUGH TRANSITION AND INTO
AXIAL FLIGHT. THE METHOD INCLUDES (1) THE
EFFECTS OF A DISTORTED WAKE, I. E., THE EFFECTS OF
CONTRACTION AND RADIAL AND AXIAL VELOCITY VARIATIONS;
(2) THE EFFECTS OF HOVERING CLOSE TO THE GROUND;
(3) THE INTERFERENCE EFFECTS FROM A NACELLE AND
WING BURIED IN THE PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM. ALSO
PRESENTED ARE EXPERIMENTAL THRUST AND TORQUE DATA.
HOWEVER, BECAUSE OF THE INSUFFICIENT ACCURACY OF
THE EXPERIMENTAL DATA COLLECTED, NO DEFINITE
EVALUATION OF THE MODEL IS MADE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-636 263 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

WEIGHT ANALYSIS.

(U)

NOV 63 19P
REPT. NO. 134,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-FC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN, FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM, SEE ALSO AD-635 695.

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, WEIGHT),
ANALYSIS, RESEARCH PLANES, DESIGN, DUCTED FANS
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

AIRCRAFT WEIGHT INCREASED DURING THE DESIGN AND
MANUFACTURING OF THE XV-5A, IN SPITE OF THE CLOSE
SURVEILLANCE AND CAREFUL CONSIDERATION OF THE
PRINCIPAL PROGRAM OBJECTIVES AND THE BEST WAY TO MEET
THE NEEDS OF THE ARMY. THE OVERWEIGHT ESTIMATE
OF 335 POUNDS BECOMES SECONDARY WHEN THE ADDITIONAL
SYSTEM LIFT (1000 POUNDS) IS CONSIDERED. AT
REDUCED LOAD FACTOR 3.72 RATHER THAN 4.0, THE
ENDURANCE TIMES UNDER VTOL CONDITIONS ARE PREDICTED
TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATION.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-636 264 1/3 1/4
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

PRIMARY FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS STRUCTURAL
ANALYSIS.

(U)

JAN 64 35P
REPT. NO. 140, 1
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM, SEE ALSO AD-
636 263.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, ANALYSIS,
TESTS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, STRUCTURES, DUCTED
FANS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF MODEL XV-5A
PRIMARY FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS IS PRESENTED IN THIS
REPORT. THE PRIMARY FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS CONSIST
OF CONVENTIONAL STICK AND RUDDER PEDALS MECHANICALLY
CONNECTED TO RUDDER, ELEVATOR, AND TO SERVO
ACTUATORS, WHICH CONTROL THE AILERONS, WING-FAN EXIT
LOUVERS AND NOSE-FAN THRUST MODULATOR. THE
STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS IS PRIMARILY INTENDED TO PROVIDE
LOAD INFORMATION FOR THE MAJOR COMPONENTS. THE
CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS WERE
SATISFACTORILY TESTED IN THE AIRPLANE BY APPLYING
LIMIT LOAD TO THE COCKPIT CONTROLS AND REACTING THE
LOAD BY LOCKING THE SURFACES. THE WING-FAN LOUVER
AND NOSE-FAN MODULATOR ACTUATING MECHANISMS WERE
SATISFACTORILY PROOF TESTED ON THE SIMULATOR.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-636 573 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

GROUND RESONANCE TEST PLAN. (U)

SEP 63 61P
REPT. NO. 128,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM, SEE ALSO AD-636 574.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, VIBRATION),
TESTS, RESONANCE, TEST METHODS, RESEARCH
PLANES

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)
(U)

THIS REPORT DESCRIBES THE DETAILED PLAN FOR
DETERMINING THE EXPERIMENTAL VIBRATION
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE U.S. ARMY MODEL XV-5A
LIFT-FAN FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRPLANE.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-630 574 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF WING SECONDARY
COMPONENTS.

(U)

DEC 63 98P
REPT. NO. 138,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM, SEE ALSO AD-635 695.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES), (*WINGS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES),
RESEARCH PLANES, STRUCTURAL PARTS, DUCTED FANS,
AILERONS, FLAPS, TRAILING EDGE, DOORS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF THE FLAP, AILERON, WING
FAN CLOSURE DOORS, WING TRAILING EDGE, AND WING
FITTINGS FOR THE U.S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT FAN
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT ARE PRESENTED IN THIS REPORT.
FOR EACH COMPONENT, A SUMMARY TYPE ANALYSIS IS
PRESENTED PRIMARILY WITH THE INTENT OF GIVING
STRUCTURAL CONFIGURATION, FINAL CRITICAL LOADING, AND
ASSUMPTIONS MADE. STRUCTURAL PROOF TESTS WERE
CONDUCTED SATISFACTORILY ON THE BASIC WING, THE FAN
DOORS, FAN FITTINGS, FLAP AND AILERON. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-638 366 1/3 21/5
HUGHES TOOL CO CULVER CITY CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

XV-9A HOT CYCLE RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT. 29 SEP 62-15 MAR 65.

JUN 66 78P COHAN, S. ; HIRSH, N. B. ;
REPT. NO. HTC-AD-65-27,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-877(T),
TASK: 1M121401D14403,
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-10

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, ROTARY
WINGS), RESEARCH PLANES, PROPULSION, GAS
GENERATING SYSTEMS, DESIGN, CAPTIVE TESTS, FLIGHT
TESTING (U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-9 AIRCRAFT, HOT CYCLE PROPULSION
SYSTEMS, YT-64 GAS GENERATOR (U)

THE REPORT SUMMARIZES A RESEARCH PROGRAM COVERING
THE DESIGN, FABRICATION, AND TEST OF THE XV-9A
HOT CYCLE RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. DISCUSSION OF
THE PROGRAM IS BROKEN INTO FIVE MAJOR AREAS:
DESIGN AND FABRICATION, ENGINE AND WHIRL TESTS,
COMPONENT TESTING, GROUND TESTS, AND FLIGHT TESTS.
DURING THE PROGRAM, CONDUCTED FROM 29 SEPTEMBER
1962 THROUGH 15 MARCH 1965, THE FLIGHT FEASIBILITY
OF THE HOT CYCLE ROTOR WAS SUCCESSFULLY
VALIDATED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-639 229 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FINAL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS AND FLIGHT SIMULATION REPORT.
VOLUME I. (U)

MAR 65 226P
REPT. NO. 157-VOL-1,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *FLIGHT
SIMULATORS), (*RESEARCH PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), ANALYSIS, TESTS, LIFT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

A COMPREHENSIVE DOCUMENTATION OF THE FLIGHT
SIMULATOR STUDY IS GIVEN. SIMULATOR INVESTIGATIONS
OF HIGH SPEED CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT ARE DESCRIBED.
THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE XV-5A FLIGHT SIMULATOR
FROM INITIAL DEVELOPMENT OF METHODS FOR INCORPORATION
OF THE AIRCRAFT AERO-PROPULSION CHARACTERISTICS INTO
THE ANALOG COMPUTER TO FINAL CHECKOUT OF THE
COMPLETED HYDRAULIC AND CONTROLS SIMULATOR IS GIVEN. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-639 230 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FINAL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS AND FLIGHT SIMULATION REPORT,
VOLUME II. (U)

MAR 65 121P
REPT. NO. 157-VOL-2,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-639 229.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SIMULATION), (*RESEARCH PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), FLIGHT SIMULATORS, FLIGHT TESTING,
ANALYSIS, STABILITY, HOVERING, LIFT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

STABILITY AUGMENTATION (SA) SYSTEM GAINS WERE
OPTIMIZED BY PILOTED FLIGHT SIMULATOR EVALUATION OF
HOVERING UNDER GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. WHILE
OPERATION OF THE SA SYSTEM POSES NO PROBLEMS DURING
TRANSITION, STABILITY AUGMENTATION IS UNNECESSARY
ABOVE 40 KNOTS IAS. FOR THE 2,500 FT. HOT DAY
CONDITIONS SIMULATED, THE RAPIDITY WITH WHICH A
CONSTANT ALTITUDE TRANSITION FROM HOVERING COULD BE
ACCOMPLISHED WAS LIMITED BY POWER AVAILABLE AND, AT
THE MORE AFT C.G. LOCATIONS WHEN USING A NOSE FAN
THRUST REVERSAL CAPABILITY OF 30%, BY LONGITUDINAL
TRIM CAPABILITY. AN AUTOMATIC HORIZONTAL TRIM
FEATURE HAS BEEN SELECTED FOR TRANSITION WHICH
PROGRAMS THE TAIL TO THE FULL 20 DEGREE INCIDENCE
LIMIT AT ALL LOUVER VECTOR ANGLES OF 40 DEGREES OR
LESS. CONVERSION BETWEEN CONVENTIONAL AND FAN
FLIGHT MODES IS ACCOMPLISHED BY TIMED SEQUENCING OF
THE WING FAN DOOR OPENING AND HORIZONTAL TAIL
INCIDENCE CHANGE AS A FUNCTION OF DIVERTER VALVE
MOTION. FAILURE STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT
UNCOMMANDED TAIL MOTION COULD RESULT IN A DANGEROUS
FLIGHT CONDITION. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-639 231 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

PHASE I FLIGHT TEST RESULTS. VOLUME I. (U)

MAR 66 191P
REPT. NO. 166-VOL-1,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (*RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
HOVERING, LIFT, DUCTED FANS, FEASIBILITY STUDIES,
TAKE-OFF, PROPULSION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE U.S. ARMY XV-5A SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED
AN EXTENSIVE FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM CONSISTING OF
INVESTIGATIONS OF THE HOVERING, TRANSITION AND
CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT REGIMES. A TOTAL OF 45 FLIGHT
HOURS WERE ACCOMPLISHED DURING WHICH 53 VERTICAL
TAKE-OFFS, 72 CONVENTIONAL TAKE-OFFS, 17 FAN FLIGHT
MODE TAKE-OFFS AT FORWARD SPEED, AND 74 CONVERSIONS
BETWEEN FAN AND CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT MODES WERE
PERFORMED. ORIGINAL FLIGHT TEST OBJECTIVES WERE
SYSTEMATICALLY ACCOMPLISHED IN SUCCESSFULLY
DEMONSTRATING THE FEASIBILITY OF THE LIFT FAN CONCEPT
OF FLIGHT. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-639 232 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

PHASE I FLIGHT TEST RESULTS. VOLUME II. (U)

MAR 66 215P
REPT. NO. 166-VOL-2,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-639 231.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (*RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
LIFT, DUCTED FANS, STABILITY, THERMODYNAMICS,
AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, PROPULSION, LANDING GEAR,
LOADING(MECHANICS)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)
(U)

CONTENTS: CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT TEST RESULTS
(PERFORMANCE, STABILITY AND CONTROL,
THERMODYNAMICS); AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS (HYDRAULIC,
ELECTRICAL, PROPULSION SYSTEM HISTORY, XV-5A
LANDING GEAR, AIRSPEED SYSTEM); STRUCTURES AND
LOADS.

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-639 233 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

PHASE I FLIGHT TEST RESULTS. VOLUME III. (U)

MAR 66 248P
REPT. NO. 166-VOL-3,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5 LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-639 232.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (*RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
GRAPHICS, LIFT, DUCTED FANS, STABILITY, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE VOLUME CONSISTS OF APPENDIX FIGURES
EXCLUSIVELY. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-639 235 1/1 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

ESTIMATED DYNAMIC STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS. (U)

SEP 64 130P
REPT. NO. 151,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STABILITY;
(*RESEARCH PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES),
DYNAMICS, LIFT, DUCTED FANS, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE DYNAMIC STABILITY
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE U.S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT FAN
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT BASED ON THEORETICAL AND EMPIRICAL
ESTIMATES OF DYNAMIC STABILITY DERIVATIVES AND STATIC
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS DERIVED FROM SCALE MODEL
WIND TUNNEL TESTS. EXCEPT FOR A PRESENTATION OF
THE LIFT FAN NATURAL DAMPING CONTRIBUTIONS TO FLIGHT
IN THE LIFT FAN MODE, THE REPORT IS RESTRICTED TO
ANALYSIS OF CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS.
INVESTIGATION SHOWS THAT THE DYNAMIC STABILITY
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE AIRCRAFT ARE SATISFACTORY FOR
THE RESEARCH OBJECTIVES WITHIN THE EXAMINED FLIGHT
ENVELOPE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZUM07

AD-639 236 1/1 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

ESTIMATED STATIC STABILITY AND CONTROL
CHARACTERISTICS.

(U)

MAR 64 230P
REPT. NO. 146,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•RESEARCH PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-
OFF PLANES), FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, STATICS,
STABILITY, MODEL TESTS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
DUCTED FANS, HOVERING, LIFT
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

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THE XV-5A IS A TWO-ENGINE, TWO-PLACE V/STOL
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT WITH A DESIGN GROSS WEIGHT OF 9200
POUNDS AND AN ASPECT RATIO 3.42 WING OF 260 SQUARE
FEET. IN CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT MODE THE AIRCRAFT HAS
A POWER-OFF FLAPS-DOWN STALL SPEED OF 89 KNOTS AND A
DESIGN MAXIMUM SPEED OF 450 KNOTS. IN FAN FLIGHT
MODE THE AIRCRAFT CAN SUSTAIN FLIGHT AT ANY SPEED
FROM HOVERING TO SPEEDS IN EXCESS OF CONVENTIONAL
STALL SPEED. THE REPORT REPRESENTS AN ESTIMATE THE
XV-5A AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, BASED ON
THEORETICAL AND EMPIRICAL CONSIDERATIONS, INCLUDING
THE RESULTS OF 420 HOURS OF WIND TUNNEL TESTS OF 1/8
AND 1/6 SCALE MODELS. IN THE FAN FLIGHT MODE, THE
AIRCRAFT IS ESTIMATED TO BE STATICALLY UNSTABLE IN
PITCH WITH THE MOST AFT CG AT LOW SPEEDS BELOW
APPROXIMATELY 70 KNOTS BUT WITH AN INCREASING
STABILITY WITH SPEED TO THE CONVERSION SPEED WHERE
THE STABILITY LEVEL CORRESPONDS TO THAT FOR
CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT. THE AIRCRAFT POSSESSES
POSITIVE LATERAL AND DIRECTIONAL STATIC STABILITY
WITH SIDESLIP AT ALL FORWARD SPEEDS IN FAN-POWERED
FLIGHT AND THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE CONVENTIONAL
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM IS SHOWN TO BE UNAFFECTED BY
FAN OPERATION. THE EXIT LOUVER CONTROL SYSTEM IS
CAPABLE OF PROVIDING THE REQUIRED PROPULSIVE FORCE
FOR ACCELERATION OF THE AIRPLANE FROM A MINIMUM OF 10
KNOTS REARWARD TO CONVERSION SPEED AND PROVIDES A
THRUST ATTENUATION OF UP TO 22% FOR HOVERING LIFT
CONTROL. (AUTHOR)

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-640 338 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FUSELAGE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS. VOLUME IV. ENGINE
INLET, THRUST SPOILER, PITCH FAN LOUVERS. (U)

MAR 65 44P
REPT. NO. 144,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715.

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FUSELAGES),
(*RESEARCH PLANES, FUSELAGES), (*FUSELAGES,
STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES), AIRCRAFT ENGINE DUCTS,
SPOILERS, DUCTED FANS, THRUST, PITCH(MOTION),
ANALYSIS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE STRUCTURAL ANALYSES OF THE ENGINE AIR INLET,
THE THRUST SPOILER INSTALLATION, AND THE PITCH FAN
LOUVER INSTALLATION OF THE U. S. ARMY XV-5A
LIFT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT ARE PRESENTED. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-640 339 1/1 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FULL-SCALE WINDTUNNEL TEST PROGRAM. (U)

DEC 63 37P
REPT. NO. 135,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (*RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING), WIND
TUNNELS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES, INSTRUMENTATION,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING) (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT DESCRIBES THE DETAILED PLANS FOR THE
FULL-SCALE WINDTUNNEL TESTING OF THE U. S. ARMY
XV-5A LIFT-FAN RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. THE
TEST PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO INVESTIGATE THE
AERODYNAMIC AND STRUCTURAL BEHAVIOR OF THE AIRCRAFT
DURING SIMULATED TRANSITION, CONVERSION AND LOW SPEED
CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT. DETAILED TEST SCHEDULES,
INSTRUMENTATION AND DATA REQUIREMENTS AND OPERATIONAL
LIMITS ARE DESCRIBED FOR THE TESTS THAT WILL BE
PERFORMED AT THE NASA - AMES RESEARCH CENTER
IN THE FULL-SCALE, 40 BY 80 FOOT, WINDTUNNEL
FACILITIES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-640 340 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

STRUCTURAL PROOF TEST PROGRAM.

(U)

66 77P
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715,

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES), (•RESEARCH PLANES, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES), TEST, LOADING(MECHANICS)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

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(U)

THE TEST PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO DEMONSTRATE
INTEGRITY OF AIRCRAFT STRUCTURE AND THE INFORMATION
PRESENTED WILL BE USED TO ESTABLISH DETAIL TEST
PROCEDURES. THE PARTICULAR FLIGHT AND LANDING LOAD
CONDITIONS TO BE SIMULATED DURING TEST HAVE BEEN
DERIVED FROM STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS USING THE CONDITIONS
SPECIFIED IN THE AIRPLANE STRUCTURAL DESIGN
CRITERIA AND HAVE BEEN FOUND CRITICAL. A
DETAILED LISTING OF ALL TEST DATA REQUIREMENTS IS
GIVEN. THE PARTICULAR LOADS AND REACTIONS TO BE
APPLIED TO THE AIRFRAME AND THE MAJOR COMPONENTS ARE
ALSO GIVEN. ALONG WITH THE STRENGTH TESTS, SOME
ADDITIONAL CONTROL SYSTEM TESTS ARE TO BE PERFORMED
AND ARE ALSO DESCRIBED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-640 945 1/1 1/3
PRINCETON UNIV N J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

AN ANALYTICAL STUDY OF FACTORS INFLUENCING THE
LONGITUDINAL STABILITY OF TILT-WING VTOL AIRCRAFT.

(U)

JUL 66 108P BEPPU ,G. ;CURTISS,H. C. ,
JR:
REPT. NO. 756,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-8(T),
PROJ: DA-1P125901A142
TASK: 1P125901A142-33
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-53

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PITCH(MOTION)), STABILITY, ANALYSIS, TILT
WINGS, HOVERING, TRANSPORT PLANES
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT

(U)

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AN ANALYTICAL METHOD FOR PREDICTING THE STABILITY
CHARACTERISTICS OF TILT-WING VTOL AIRCRAFT IN THE
TRANSITION SPEED RANGE IS PRESENTED. SAMPLE
CALCULATIONS BASED ON AN ASSUMED TILT-WING VTOL
TRANSPORT CONFIGURATION OF THE XC-142A CLASS WITH
DOUBLE SLOTTED FLAPS ARE GIVEN. PARTICULAR
EMPHASIS IS PLACED ON THE SENSITIVITY OF THE RESULTS
TO VARIOUS ASSUMPTIONS MADE IN THE ANALYSIS. THE
CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE VARIOUS AIRCRAFT COMPONENTS AND
THE AERODYNAMIC INTERACTIONS OF THE COMPONENTS TO THE
STABILITY DERIVATIVES ARE DISCUSSED, AS WELL AS THE
CHANGES IN THE CHARACTERISTIC MODES OF MOTION OF THE
VEHICLE THAT RESULT FROM VARIATIONS IN THE STABILITY
DERIVATIVES. THE TRIM CONDITIONS OF THE VEHICLE
ARE SHOWN TO BE QUITE SENSITIVE TO THE PREDICTION OF
THE FLAP CHARACTERISTICS. A LIMITED COMPARISON OF
THE CALCULATED RESULTS WITH EXPERIMENTAL DATA
OBTAINED FROM A DYNAMIC MODEL OF THE XC-142A,
WHICH IS SOMEWHAT DISSIMILAR FROM THE ASSUMED
CONFIGURATION, IS PRESENTED. THIS COMPARISON
INDICATES THAT THE TRENDS OF THE STABILITY
DERIVATIVES ARE CORRECTLY PREDICTED. THE AGREEMENT
BETWEEN THEORY AND EXPERIMENT IS GOOD IN HOVERING;
HOWEVER, AS THE WING INCIDENCE IS REDUCED, THE
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THEORY AND EXPERIMENT BECOMES
QUITE LARGE. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-641 371 1/1 1/3
AIR FORCE FLIGHT TEST CENTER EDWARDS AFB CALIF

IMPORTANT VSTOL AIRCRAFT STABILITY DERIVATIVES IN
HOVER AND TRANSITION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
UCT 66 27P RAMPY, J. M. ;
REPT. NO. FTC-TR-66-29

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
STABILITY), (*AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES), HOVERING, FLIGHT,
SIMULATORS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MOTION, TEST
FACILITIES (U)

TO DESIGN BETTER GROUND TEST FACILITIES AND TO
SPECIFY HANDLING QUALITIES CRITERIA, THE AERODYNAMIC
PARAMETERS INVOLVED MUST BE IDENTIFIED. THE PURPOSE
OF THE STUDY WAS TO IDENTIFY THESE PARAMETERS FOR THE
CRITICAL FLIGHT REGIME OF HOVER THROUGH TRANSITION.
BOTH ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMPUTERS WERE USED. THE
PURPOSE OF THE ANALOG SIMULATION WAS TO QUALITATIVELY
ANALYZE THE BEHAVIOR OF VSTOL AIRCRAFT TO CONTROL
INPUTS AND IDENTIFY THE MOST IMPORTANT DERIVATIVES.
TWO TYPICAL VSTOL AIRCRAFT WERE INVESTIGATED.
THE METHOD USED TO DETERMINE THE IMPORTANT
DERIVATIVES WAS THAT OF VARYING THE STABILITY
DERIVATIVES ABOUT SOME BASIC VALUE. THE AMOUNT OF
SIMULATOR RESPONSE IDENTIFIED THE MOST IMPORTANT
DERIVATIVES. NEXT, THE DIGITAL COMPUTER WAS USED
TO AFFIX A MAGNITUDE TO THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF
EACH DERIVATIVE. TO ESTABLISH THE RELATIVE
IMPORTANCE, A SENSITIVITY FACTOR WAS DERIVED. THE
INFORMATION NECESSARY TO CALCULATE THIS FACTOR WAS
OBTAINED FROM A MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS OF THE
EQUATIONS OF MOTION. THE IMPORTANT DERIVATIVES WERE
IDENTIFIED FOR BOTH LONGITUDINAL AND LATERAL-
DIRECTIONAL MOTION. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-642 938 1/2
LTV AEROSPACE CORP DALLAS TEX LTV VUUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

RESEARCH ON VTOL WATER HOVER EFFECTS, (U)

SEP 66 146P MARSH, K. R. ;
REPT. NO. 2-55400/6R-6090
CONTRACT: N00014-66-C0095

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, HOVERING),
(*HOVERING, WATER), AMPHIBIAN PLANES, TRANSPORT
PLANES, AIRPLANE MODELS, DOWNWASH, MODEL TESTS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING) (U)
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT (U)

A SERIES OF TESTS WERE MADE WITH A POWERED MODEL OF
THE XC-142A AIRPLANE HOVERING OVER GROUND AND
OVER A WATER FILLED TANK. SIX COMPONENT
MEASUREMENTS WERE MADE OF THE FORCES AND MOMENTS
ACTING ON THE MODEL, MEASUREMENTS WERE MADE OF THE
WATER SPRAY RECIRCULATED THRU THE OUTBOARD PROPELLER
AND PICTURES WERE TAKEN OF THE SPRAY PATTERNS
DEVELOPED. THE FORCE DATA SHOWED A SLIGHT
REDUCTION IN MODEL NORMAL FORCE WHEN HOVERING OVER
WATER RATHER THEN THE GROUND. THERE WAS
CONSIDERABLE SCATTER IN THE MOMENT DATA.
MEASUREMENTS OF SPRAY BEING RECIRCULATED THRU THE
PROP WERE FOUND TO BE TOLERABLE EVEN AT THE MOST
CRITICAL CONDITIONS. WHILE THERE WAS CONSIDERABLE
SPRAY GENERATED BY THE DOWNWASH, IT WAS BLOWN AWAY
FROM THE MODEL LEAVING THE MODEL RELATIVELY CLEAR OF
SPRAY. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-644 191 1/4 1/3
ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER ARNOLD AIR FORCE
STATION TENN

ON THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF THE LOW SPEED CONTROL
REQUIREMENT FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT, (U)

DEC 66 3UP GOLDBERGER, STEPHEN ;
REPT. NO. AEDC-TR-66-205
CONTRACT: AF 40(600)-1200
PROJ: ARO-BB3602

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH ARO,
INC., TULLAHOMA, TENN.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
SPEEDS), (*FLIGHT SPEEDS, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS),
SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, STABILIZATION SYSTEMS,
DESIGN, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, PILOTS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE CLOSED LOOP DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF A V/STOL
AIRPLANE, PILOT, AND AUTOSTABILIZATION SYSTEM WAS
STUDIED WITH THE PURPOSE OF DEMONSTRATING WHICH
AIRPLANE PARAMETERS ARE MOST IMPORTANT IN DETERMINING
THE AIRPLANE'S LOW SPEED FLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS.
THE INFLUENCE OF THE STABILITY AUGMENTATION SYSTEM
WAS FOUND TO BE SO GREAT THAT THE OTHER PARAMETERS
ARE SMALL BY COMPARISON. THE MOST IMPORTANT
STABILITY AND CONTROL PARAMETER IN LOW SPEED, V/STOL
AIRCRAFT FLIGHT, THEREFORE, IS CONTROL POWER.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-645 997 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT.

PRELIMINARY SYSTEMS ANALYSIS AND SIMULATION. (U)

SEP 63 225P
REPT. NO. 127
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
645 999.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SIMULATION), (*RESEARCH PLANES, SIMULATION),
ANALYSIS, HOVERING, FLIGHT, STABILIZATION
SYSTEMS, TESTS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE ANALOG WORK PERFORMED INCLUDED THE SIX-DEGREE-
OF-FREEDOM HOVER SIMULATION; THE LONGITUDINAL THREE-
DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM TRANSITION SIMULATION; THE
LONGITUDINAL THREE-DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM CONVERSION
SIMULATION; THE SIX-DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM PERTURBATION
CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT SIMULATION, AND THE SIMULATION OF
GAS GENERATOR CONTROL FOR WING-FAN THRUST.
SUPPORTING ANALYSES INCLUDED ROLL-YAW COUPLING AND
STRUCTURAL FEEDBACK IN THE PITCH MODE. FURTHER
WORK ACCOMPLISHED INVOLVED THE STABILITY AUGMENTATION
SYSTEM SPECIFICATION; THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE BRIDGE
CONCEPT FOR ROLL AND YAW LOUVER CONTROL; SUPPORT OF
VARIOUS HARDWARE TESTS; THE GENERATION OF THE
SPECIFICATION FOR THE DEFLOREZ POINT LIGHT SOURCE
VISUAL DISPLAY; FURNISHING CONSOLATION SERVICES
DURING THE DEFLOREZ DISPLAY INSTALLATION AND
TESTING, AND DEVELOPING THE YAW, ROLL AND PITCH
DIRECTION COSINE RELATIONSHIPS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-645 998 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

INSTALLED SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TEST SUMMARY.

(U)

MAR 64 21P

REPT. NO. 148

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TESTS),
(•RESEARCH PLANES, TESTS), HOVERING, FLIGHT,
LIFT, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, PROPULSION
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

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THE THE XV-5A AIRCRAFT S/N 24506 WAS GROUND
TESTED IN ALL AREAS PERTAINING TO HOVER, FORWARD FAN
SUPPORTED FLIGHT, AND LOW SPEED CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT
AND IS ACCEPTABLE TO PROCEED INTO ACTIVE FLIGHT
TESTING. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-645 999 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

NOSE LANDING GEAR DROP TEST REPORT. (U)

MAR 65 23P
REPT. NO. 155
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
645 997.

DESCRIPTORS: (+VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING
GEAR), (+RESEARCH PLANES, LANDING GEAR), (+LANDING
GEAR, DROP TESTING), NOSE WHEELS, SHOCK ABSORBERS,
LOADING(MECHANICS) (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE RESULTS OF THE TESTS DEMONSTRATE SATISFACTORY
ENERGY ABSORPTION CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SHOCK
ABSORBER. THE FIRST TEST CONDITION RESULTS MEETS
THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEVIATION ALLOWANCE. THE
VERTICAL REACTION EXCEEDS THE ORIGINAL REQUIREMENTS
FOR APPROXIMATELY .05 SECONDS AT A STRUT STROKE OF
4.15 INCHES WITH A MAXIMUM OF 6600 POUNDS. THE
SECOND CONDITION RESULTS MEETS THE TEST REQUIREMENTS.
THE OFFICIAL TEST FOR CONDITION THREE WAS RUN WITH
AN ADDITIONAL 200 POUNDS ON THE JIG THAT WAS
ANTICIPATED TO CORRECT FOR FRICTION IN THE DROP
TOWER. THE RESULTS INDICATE, HOWEVER, EXCESSIVE
ENERGY INPUT. A PRIOR RUN IS ALSO INCLUDED WITH
THE CORRECT JIG WEIGHT AND WITH INSUFFICIENT ENERGY
INPUT TO SHOW THE EFFECT OF THE WEIGHT CHANGE.
BOTH RUNS ARE WELL WITHIN THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE
VERTICAL REACTION. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-646 000 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY
AND DEMONSTRATOR PROGRAMS DEPT

FLUTTER MODEL TEST REPORT. (U)

JUN 66 21P
REPT. NO. 168
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), (•RESEARCH PLANES, MODEL TESTS),
(•FLUTTER, WING-BODY CONFIGURATIONS), AILERONS,
ROTATION, FREQUENCY, LIFT, PROPULSION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT COVERS THE WIND-TUNNEL TESTING, IN THE
FLUTTER REGIME OF A DYNAMICALLY SIMILAR MODEL OF THE
XV-5A LIFT-FAN RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. THE
TEST WAS RESTRICTED ENTIRELY TO AN INVESTIGATION OF
THE WING-FUSELAGE COMBINATION AND AS SUCH NO
EMPENNAGE WAS REPRESENTED. TEST OBJECTIVES WERE
SLANTED TOWARD VERIFICATION OF PREVIOUS ANALYTICAL
INVESTIGATIONS WITH CLOSE ATTENTION PAID TO
UNCOVERING ANY TRANSONIC EFFECTS WHICH MIGHT HAVE
BEEN CRUDELY REPRESENTED ANALYTICALLY. THE TESTS
WERE COMPLETED TO THE POINT OF ACHIEVING A 5 PERCENT
MARGIN ON EQUIVALENT SPEED FOR THE HIGHEST AILERON
ROTATIONAL FREQUENCY STUDIED, APPROXIMATELY 18.9 CPS.
ONE ACTUAL CASE OF FLUTTER OCCURRED, AT $M = 0.75$ AND AT A DYNAMIC PRESSURE (Q) OF
APPROXIMATELY 600 PSF FOR AN AILERON ROTATIONAL
FREQUENCY OF 14.9 CPS. A SECOND CASE OF FLUTTER
OCCURRED AT $M = 0.75$ AND A Q GREATER THAN 600 PSF
FOR AN AILERON ROTATIONAL FREQUENCY OF 16.1 CPS!
HOWEVER, THIS LATTER CASE OF FLUTTER WAS NOT
CONSIDERED VALID DUE TO THE APPARENT FATIGUING OF AN
AILERON SPRING BRACKET, RESULTING IN ESSENTIALLY A
FREE-FLUATING SURFACE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH-CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-646 280 1/3 14/4
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

PRELIMINARY RELIABILITY REPORT. (U)

AUG 63 72P
REPT. NO. 125
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
646 289.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
RELIABILITY), (*RESEARCH PLANES, RELIABILITY),
PROPULSION, LIFT, FANS, STRESSES, CONTROL (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

CONTENTS: XV-5A RELIABILITY PROGRAM; X353-
5B AND X376 PROPULSION; AIRCRAFT SUB-
CONTRACTORS RELIABILITY PROGRAM. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-646 281 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

STRUCTURAL DESIGN LOADS.

(U)

MAR 64 319P
REPT. NO. 143
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
646 280.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
LOADING(MECHANICS)), (*RESEARCH PLANES,
LOADING(MECHANICS)), DESIGN, STRUCTURAL PARTS,
MANEUVERABILITY, AERUELASTICITY, LIFT, FANS,
PROPULSION

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE REPORT SHOWS THE METHODS OF ANALYSIS,
CALCULATED DESIGN LOADS, MANEUVERING TIME-HISTORIES,
AERUELASTIC CHARACTERISTICS AND A COMPILATION OF
OTHER PERTINENT CHARACTERISTIC LOADING DATA. THE
ANALYSES EXTENSIVELY UTILIZED XV-5A WIND-TUNNEL
MODEL DATA AND MECHANIZED DIGITAL COMPUTER (IBM
704) PROGRAMS. FROM THESE STUDIES, AIRFRAME
STRENGTH REQUIREMENTS WERE DEVELOPED. PROGRESSIVE
PARAMETRIC EVALUATION OF THE AIRPLANE'S INHERENT
CAPABILITIES THEN SERVED TO CORROBORATE THE AIRFRAME
STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OR, AS FOR ONE PARTICULAR
MANEUVER, DEFINED SAFE FLIGHT-ENVELOPE OPERATING
LIMITS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-646 282 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

MAIN LANDING GEAR DROP TEST REPORT. (U)

MAR 64 25P
REPT. NO. 147
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-SA LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-646
281.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING
GEAR), (*RESEARCH PLANES, LANDING GEAR), (*LANDING
GEAR, DROP TESTING), LIFT, FANS, PROPULSION,
EXPERIMENTAL DATA, SHOCK ABSORBERS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-S AIRCRAFT (U)

THE SHOCK ABSORBER PORTION OF THE 1510L100 MAIN
LANDING GEAR, BUT USING A DUMMY CYLINDER, WAS
TESTED ON 2 AUGUST 1963, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE H.
W. LOUD TEST PROCEDURE 1510LTP-4, REVISION
1A. THE REPORT PRESENTS THE SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION
OF THE ESTABLISHED TEST REQUIREMENTS. (U)
(AUTHOR)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-646 283 1/3 20/4
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

PREDICTED VIBRATION AND ACOUSTIC ENVIRONMENTAL
STUDY.

(U)

OCT 64 31P
REPT. NO. 152
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
646 282.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AEROELASTICITY), (*RESEARCH PLANES,
AEROELASTICITY), VIBRATION, LIFT, FANS,
PROPULSION, ACOUSTICS, FATIGUE(MECHANICS),
FAILURE(MECHANICS), AIRPLANE PANELS, DESIGN
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)
(U)

THE ANALYSIS INDICATES THAT THE PROPOSED WING SKIN
PANELS WILL NOT EXPERIENCE FATIGUE FAILURE AS A
RESULT OF ACOUSTIC EXCITATION SUSTAINED DURING THE
250 HOUR DESIGN LIFE OF THE AIRCRAFT. THE
VIBRATION ENVIRONMENT OF THE AIRCRAFT IS EXPECTED TO
BE SIMILAR TO THAT OF OTHER JET AIRCRAFT OF
COMPARABLE RATED THRUST. BASED ON THE ANTICIPATED
VIBRATION LEVELS AND THE RELATIVELY SHORT DESIGN LIFE
OF THE AIRCRAFT. COMPONENTS THAT MAY BE SUBJECTED TO
SIGNIFICANT OSCILLATORY LOAD SHOULD BE INVESTIGATED
FOR FATIGUE ON AN INDIVIDUAL BASIS BY THE DESIGN
GROUP INVOLVED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

AD-744 000

DEFENSE DOCUMENTATION CENTER ALEXANDRIA VA
VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES. (U)

F/8 173

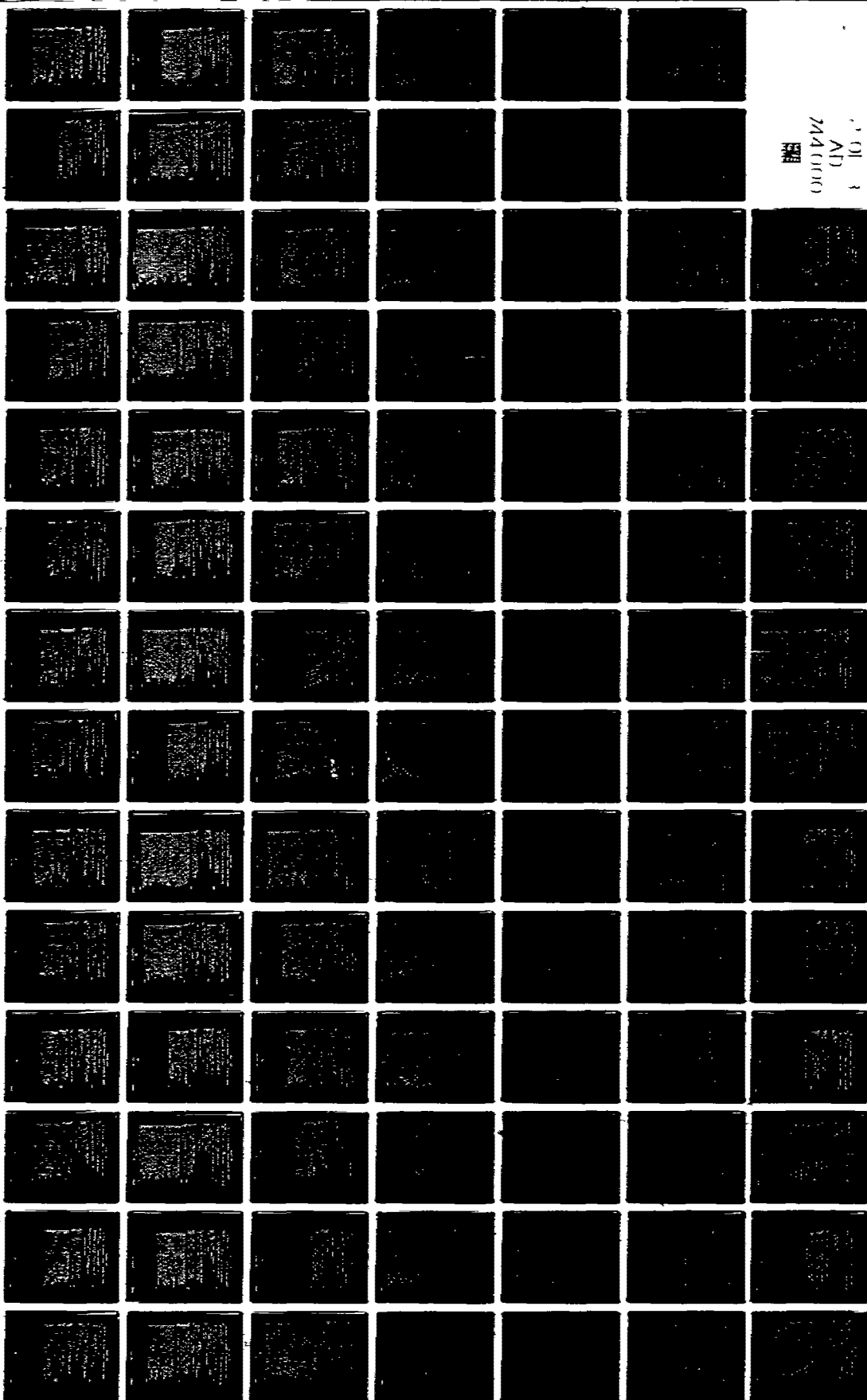
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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-646 289 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

X353-5B AND X376 DESIGN SUMMARY REPORT. (U)

JUL 65 107P
REPT. NO. 161
CONTRACT: DA-34-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
646 284.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FANS),
(*RESEARCH PLANES, FANS), DESIGN, LIFT,
PROPULSION, COMPATIBILITY, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

INSTALLATION STUDIES FOR COMPATIBILITY OF THE
X353-5B AND X376 PROPULSION SYSTEMS TO THE
XV-5A AIRCRAFT ARE DESCRIBED AS WELL AS THE
AERODYNAMIC MECHANICAL DESIGN ASPECTS OF THE LIFT FAN
SYSTEM. DISCUSSIONS ARE CENTERED AROUND THE
CHANGES TO THE FANS DEVELOPED BEYOND CONTRACT DA
44-177-TC-584. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /Z0107

AD-647 367 1/3 21/5
HUGHES TOOL CO CULVER CITY CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

20-HOUR FOLLOW-ON FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM, XV-9A HOT
CYCLE RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT., 17 MAR-23 DEC 65,
DEC 66 220P PIEPER, C. W. HIRSH, N.

B. ;

REPT. NO. HTC-AD-66-4
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-225(T)
TASK: 1M131001D15701
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-81

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
(•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
(•ROTARY WINGS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)),
PROPULSION, COOLING, LOADING(MECHANICS),
NOZZLE GAS FLOW, HELICOPTER ROTORS, GAS GENERATING
SYSTEMS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-9 AIRCRAFT, HOT CYCLE PROPULSION
SYSTEMS (U)

THE REPORT SUMMARIZES ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL DATA FOR
EVALUATION OF HOT CYCLE PROPULSION SYSTEM
PERFORMANCE AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS. THE
TESTS WERE PERFORMED FROM 30 APRIL THROUGH 26
AUGUST 1965 AND INCLUDED AN EVALUATION OF THE
PERFORMANCE, STRUCTURAL QUALITIES, AND STABILITY AND
CONTROL OF THE HOT CYCLE ROTOR AND PROPULSION
SYSTEM IN GREATER DEPTH THAN THAT PRACTICAL DURING
THE INITIAL 15-HOUR FLIGHT TEST. THE 20 HOURS OF
FLIGHT TESTING INVOLVED EXPANSION OF FLIGHT ENVELOPE,
AND INCLUDED EVALUATION OF AIRCRAFT AND ROTOR SYSTEM
PERFORMANCE: FLIGHT LOADS, COOLING, AND FLYING
QUALITIES IN VARIOUS FLIGHT MODES. A GROUND TEST
OF THE TETHERED ROTOR SYSTEM WAS PERFORMED AT THE
CONCLUSION OF FLIGHT TESTING, FOLLOWED BY A TEARDOWN
INSPECTION OF THE AIRCRAFT. THE TEARDOWN
INSPECTION WAS COMPLETED ON 23 DECEMBER 1965.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-647 383 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

LANDING GEAR CRITERIA GROUND LOADS AND
REACTIONS.

(U)

OCT 63 151P
REPT. NO. 131
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING
GEAR); (*RESEARCH PLANES, LANDING GEAR);
(*LANDING GEAR, LOADING(MECHANICS)), LANDING
IMPACT, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS,
FUSELAGES, TAXIING, LIFT, FANS, PROPULSION
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THE MAIN LANDING GEAR IS PROVIDED WITH A TWO-
POSITION FEATURE: THE POSITION FORWARD FOR
CONVENTIONAL LANDING, AND THE POSITION AFT FOR
VERTICAL LANDING. CRITERIA WAS GENERATED FOR BOTH
CONVENTIONAL AND VERTICAL LANDING. CALCULATIONS OF
GROUND LOADS WERE BASED ON METHODS IN MIL-A-8862.
A COMPUTER PROGRAM WAS DEVELOPED WHICH PROVIDES
FUSELAGE REACTIONS AND INTERNAL MEMBER LOADS FOR ALL
LANDING AND TAXIING CONDITIONS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-647 364 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

EMPENNAGE STRESS ANALYSIS REPORT. (U)

NOV 63 144P
REPT. NO. 132
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
TAILS(AIRCRAFT)), (•RESEARCH PLANES,
TAILS(AIRCRAFT)), (•TAILS(AIRCRAFT)
STRESSES), MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS,
LOADING(MECHANICS), LIFT, RANS,
PROPULSION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THIS REPORT PRESENTS THE STRESS ANALYSIS OF THE
MODEL XV-5A EMPENNAGE. THE STRUCTURE
ANALYZED INCLUDES THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL
STABILIZERS, AND THE ELEVATOR AND RUDDER. THE
ANALYSES, WHICH ARE INTENDED TO PROVIDE SUMMARY TYPE
INFORMATION, INCLUDE CRITICAL LOADING DATA;
COMPUTATION OF INTERNAL STRESSES AND SHEARS, AND
BRIEF DETAILED ANALYSES TO FIND MARGINS OF SAFETY OF
THE MAJOR COMPONENTS. THE EMPENNAGE WAS
SUCCESSFULLY PROOF TESTED TO LIMIT LOAD.
CONDITIONS F-12 AND F-13 WERE COMBINED TO
PRODUCE THE CRITICAL SYMMETRICAL CONDITION. THE
CRITICAL UNSYMMETRICAL ROLLING MOMENT OF CONDITION
AF-6 WAS APPLIED DURING THE FUSELAGE UNSYMMETRICAL
TEST CONDITION. ALL LOADS ARE ULTIMATE VALUES,
UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-647 386 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT, LIFT FAN POWERED SCALE
MODEL.

(U)

NOV 63 162P
REPT. NO. 137
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES; MODEL
TESTS), (RESEARCH PLANES; MODEL TESTS),
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, GROUND EFFECT,
FLIGHT, HOVERING, FANS, LIFT, PROPULSION,
WINGS, WIND TUNNELS, STATICS
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

DATA WERE OBTAINED TO DEFINE THE STATIC
CHARACTERISTICS IN AND OUT OF GROUND EFFECT;
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS IN FORWARD FLIGHT FOR THE
TRANSITION, CONVERSION, AND LOW SPEED CONVENTIONAL
FLIGHT MODES; AND FLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS AT LOW
TRANSLATIONAL SPEEDS NEAR HOVERING IN VERTICAL,
LATERAL, AND REARWARD DIRECTIONS. IN ADDITION,
WING SURFACE STATIC PRESSURES AND WING FAN INLET
CLOSURE DOOR HINGE MOMENTS WERE MEASURED. THE DATA
INDICATE AN ADVERSE GROUND EFFECT ON STATIC LIFT AT
HEIGHTS LESS THAN 2 WING FAN DIAMETERS WITH A
REDUCTION OF APPROXIMATELY 6% AT 1.0 DIAMETER. A
CORRESPONDING REDUCTION IN FAN POWER AT CONSTANT FAN
RPM COMPENSATES FOR THE LIFT REDUCTION IF OPERATION
AT CONSTANT POWER IS CONSIDERED. THE EFFECTS OF
WING FAN AND NOSE FAN OPERATION ARE DESTABILIZING
WITH RESPECT TO ANGLE OF ATTACK. NOSE FAN
OPERATION IS SLIGHTLY DESTABILIZING IN YAW, BUT THE
DATA INDICATE POSITIVE LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL STABILITY
FOR THE ENTIRE RANGE OF THRUST COEFFICIENT IN FAN-
POWERED FLIGHT. A FAVORABLE GROUND EFFECT ON LIFT
IS OBTAINED WITH INCREASING FORWARD SPEED AS WOULD
OCCUR DURING SHORT TAKE-OFF OPERATION, WITH AN
INCREASE OF APPROXIMATELY 22% ABOVE THE OUT-OF-
GROUND EFFECT LIFT AT A THRUST COEFFICIENT OF 0.885.
THE DATA OBTAINED IN GROUND EFFECT WERE UNCORRECTED
FOR WALL EFFECTS BUT THIS CORRECTION IS BELIEVED TO
BE SMALL COMPARED WITH THE LIFT INCREASE SHOWN.

(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-64/ 387 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

CALCULATED INSTALLED POWER PLANT PERFORMANCE. (U)

SEP 64 228P
REPT. NO. 150
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
647 386.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TURBOJET
ENGINES), (•RESEARCH PLANES, TURBOJET ENGINES),
(•TURBOJET ENGINES, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)),
LIFT, FANS, PROPULSION, THRUST, DRAG,
EXHAUST GASES, TEMPERATURE (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS CALCULATED INSTALLED
PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS FOR THE U. S. ARMY
XV-5A PROPULSION SYSTEM. THE PROPULSION SYSTEM
CONSISTS OF TWO GENERAL ELECTRIC X353-5B
POWER-PLANTS, ONE G. E. X376 PITCH CONTROL FAN,
AND ASSOCIATED DUCTING, CONTROLS AND ACCESSORY
EQUIPMENT. INSTALLED PERFORMANCE OF TURBOJET MODE
IS PRESENTED FOR ARDC STANDARD DAY AND ANA
421 HOT DAY FOR ONE AND TWO ENGINE OPERATION.
PERFORMANCE DATA INCLUDE GROSS THRUST, PROPULSION
SYSTEM DRAG, NET THRUST, FUEL FLOW AND COOLING SYSTEM
DRAG. A SEA LEVEL STATIC THRUST OF 4,920 POUNDS IS
ESTIMATED FOR AN ARDC STANDARD DAY, FOR
ANA 421, HOT DAY CONDITIONS AT 2,500 FEET
ALTITUDE, STATIC THRUST IS 4,250 POUNDS. A
DETAILED ANALYSIS OF J85 ENGINE OPERATION AT NEAR
IDLE CONDITION (47% TO 60% RPM) SHOWED THAT
EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE INCREASED RAPIDLY WITH
INCREASING ENGINE AIR INLET TEMPERATURE AND SHAFT
POWER EXTRACTION. THUS, TO PRECLUDE EXCEEDING
EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE LIMITS, DUE TO REINGESTION OF
HOT ENGINE EXHAUST GASES AND/OR VARYING POWER
EXTRACTION FOR SYSTEM CHECKOUT, A MINIMUM RPM OF
70% FOR THE J85 ENGINES IS RECOMMENDED FOR XV-
5A FAN MODE OPERATION. THE ENGINE AIR INLET
SHOWS EXCELLENT PERFORMANCE THROUGHOUT ITS REQUIRED
OPERATING ENVELOPE. A MINIMUM TOTAL PRESSURE
RECOVERY OF 98.4% IS AVAILABLE FOR STATIC OPERATION, (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-647 394 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

ONE-FIFTH SCALE INLET MODEL WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT,
VOLUME 1. (U)

MAR 65 246P
REPT. NO. 154-VOL-1
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
647 395.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), (•RESEARCH PLANES, MODEL TESTS), WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, AIRPLANE MODELS, INSTRUMENTATION,
TABLES, TEST EQUIPMENT, LIFT, FANS,
PROPULSION (U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

SUMMARY TABLES, GRAPHS, MODEL DESCRIPTION,
INSTRUMENTATION, CONDITIONS TESTED, VALIDITY OF DATA
AND OTHER INFORMATION ARE PRESENTED. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-647 395 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

ONE-FIFTH SCALE INLET MODEL WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT,
VOLUME II. (U)

MAR 65 61UP
REPT. NO. 154-VOL-2
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
647 394, AD-649 396.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), (•RESEARCH PLANES, MODEL TESTS),
TABLES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, AIRPLANE MODELS,
LIFT, FANS, PROPULSION, SUBSONIC
CHARACTERISTICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

TABULATED DATA ARE PRESENTED FOR THE LOW SPEED
TESTS (MACH 0 TO 0.2). (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-647 396 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

ONE-FIFTH SCALE INLET MODEL WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT,
VOLUME III. (U)

MAR 65 25UP
REPT. NO. 154-VOL-3
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
647 395.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), (•RESEARCH PLANES, MODEL TESTS),
TABLES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, AIRPLANE MODELS,
LIFT, FANS, PROPULSION, SUBSONIC
CHARACTERISTICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

TABULATED DATA ARE PRESENTED FOR THE HIGH SPEED
TESTS (MACH 0.4 TO 0.85). (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-648 006 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
FOR X353-5B AND X376 FANS. (U)

66 42/P
REPT. NO. 124
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FANS),
(*RESEARCH PLANES, FANS), (*FANS,
PROPULSION), TURBOJET ENGINES, LIFT,
OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, INSTRUCTION MANUALS,
ASSEMBLING (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE X353-5B PROPULSION SYSTEM CONSISTS OF A
J85-GE-5 TURBOJET ENGINE (LESS AFTERBURNER)
USED AS A GAS GENERATOR, A DIVERTER VALVE TO DIRECT
THE GAS FLOW, AND AN X353-5B LIFT FAN EQUIPPED
WITH VECTORABLE DISCHARGE LOUVERS. THE X376
PITCH TRIM CONTROL FAN DERIVES ITS POWER FROM TURBINE
DISCHARGE BLEED OF J85-GE-5 TURBOJET ENGINES
(LESS AFTER-BURNERS). THE X376 IS A PARTIAL
ADMISSION TIP TURBINE-DRIVEN FAN WHICH IS CONNECTED
TO THE J85 ENGINES THROUGH AIRFRAME-PROVIDED
DUCTING. THE FAN EMPLOYS TWO SEPARATE SCROLLS
CONTAINING THE TURBINE INLET NOZZLES; THIS FEATURE
PROVIDES FOR ONE-ENGINE-OUT OPERATION. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-648 007 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

STRESS REPORT, NOSE LANDING GEAR ASSEMBLY. (U)

NOV 63 318P

REPT. NO. 133

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING
GEAR), (*RESEARCH PLANES, LANDING GEAR),

(*LANDING GEAR, STRESSES), NOSE WHEELS,
MECHANICAL FASTENERS, FANS, LIFT, PROPULSION

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-S AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE REPORT CONSISTS OF DATA SUBSTANTIATING THE
STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE NOSE LANDING GEAR
ASSEMBLY AND THE TRUNNION PINS REQUIRED FOR
ATTACHMENT TO THE AIRPLANE:

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-651 899 20/4 1/3
DAVID TAYLOR MODEL BASIN WASHINGTON D C AERODYNAMICS
LAB

WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATIONS OF A 1/20-SCALE POWERED
MODEL OPEN-OCEAN V/STOL SEAPLANE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT.,
JAN 67 49P THOMAS, RICHARD O. ;
REPT. NO. DTMB-2181; DTMB-AERO-1106

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SEAPLANES, MODEL TESTS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), CONVERTIBLE PLANES, FLIGHT,
STALLING, WING-BODY CONFIGURATIONS, CANARD
CONFIGURATION, CENTER OF GRAVITY, TILT WINGS,
DESIGN, HOVERING (U)

LOW-SPEED WIND-TUNNEL TESTS WERE CONDUCTED ON A 1/
20-SCALE POWERED MODEL OF A PROPOSED OPEN-OCEAN V/
STOL SEAPLANE DESIGN. HOVER AND TRANSITION POWER
REQUIRED AND CLIMB AND DESCENT SPEEDS AT VARIOUS
FLIGHT PATH ANGLES WERE DETERMINED. THE EFFECT OF
FULL-SPAN SPOILERS ON WING AND CANARD STALLING
CHARACTERISTICS THROUGH TRANSITION WAS BRIEFLY
INVESTIGATED. A COMPARISON OF CRUISE PERFORMANCE
OF THE SEAPLANE AND A CONVENTIONAL TRANSPORT OF
EQUIVALENT SIZE WAS MADE. AFTER CORRECTION OF THE
SEAPLANE MODEL CRUISE LIFT CURVE AND DRAG POLAR TO
FULL-SCALE REYNOLDS NUMBER, CRUISE PERFORMANCE OF
THE SEAPLANE WAS FOUND TO COMPARE FAVORABLY WITH THAT
OF THE CONVENTIONAL MONOPLANE. IN THE TRANSITION
MODE, THE MODEL IS LONGITUDINALLY UNSTABLE AT HIGH
WING TILTS AND DIRECTIONALLY STABLE AT ALL WING TILTS
FOR THE INITIAL CENTER-OF-GRAVITY LOCATION. WITH
THE PRESENT RELATIONSHIP OF WING, CANARD, AND CENTER
OF GRAVITY, THE MODEL CANNOT BE TRIMMED IN PITCH BY
VARYING ONLY INCIDENCE OF THE CANARD WITH UNIFORM
THRUST SETTING ON ALL ENGINES. DIFFERENTIAL
THRUST, THE MECHANISM ENVISIONED FOR HOVER CONTROL,
IS NECESSARY FOR PITCH TRIM AND CONTROL THROUGHOUT
MOST OF THE TRANSITION MODE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-653 563 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FUSELAGE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS. VOLUME 1. SHEAR AND
BENDING. (U)

FEB 64 235P
REPT. NO. 144-VF-1
CONTRACT: DA-44 177-1C-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO
VOLUME 2, AD-653 564.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
FUSELAGES), (*RESEARCH PLANES, FUSELAGES),
(*FUSELAGES, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES), SHEAR
STRESSES, BENDING, LIFT, DUCTED FANS, ANALYSIS,
LOADING(MECHANICS), TABLES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE FINAL STRESS ANALYSIS OF THE U. S. ARMY
XV-5A LIFT FAN RESEARCH AIRCRAFT FORWARD AND AFT
FUSELAGE SECTIONS IS PRESENTED. THE FORWARD AND
AFT SECTIONS OF THE FUSELAGE ARE CONVENTIONAL
AIRCRAFT SEMI-MONOCOQUE STRUCTURES, AND THE CENTER
SECTION IS A WELDED TUBULAR SPACE TRUSS. THE
ANALYSIS OF THE LONGITUDINAL BENDING MEMBERS AND
SKINS OR WEBS IS CONTAINED. THE PRIMARY INTENT OF
THE REPORT IS TO PROVIDE A TABULATION OF INTERNAL
SHEAR AND BENDING STRESS DISTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FINAL
CRITICAL LOADING CONDITIONS. CRITICAL MARGINS OF
SAFETY OF PRIMARY COMPONENTS ARE COMPUTED.
STRUCTURAL ADEQUACY WAS ALSO DEMONSTRATED BY PROOF
TESTS SIMULATING THE CRITICAL CONDITIONS. ALL
LOADS SHOWN ARE ULTIMATE VALUES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-653 564 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FUSELAGE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS. VOLUME II. CENTER
FUSELAGE AND ENGINE MOUNTS.

(U)

FEB 64 438P

REPT. NO. 144-VOL-2

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-1C-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO
VOLUME I, AD-653 563.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
FUSELAGES), (*RESEARCH PLANES, FUSELAGES),
(*FUSELAGES, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES), (*ENGINE
MOUNTS, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES), AIRCRAFT ENGINES,
ANALYSIS, LIFT, DUCTED FANS, PROPULSION,
SUPPORTS, LOADING(MECHANICS), ENGINE
STRUCTURES, EXHAUST PIPES, TABLES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE STRUCTURAL ANALYSES OF THE FUSELAGE SPACE
FRAME, ENGINE MOUNTS AND THE PROPULSION SYSTEM
SUPPORTS OF THE U. S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT
FAN RESEARCH AIRCRAFT ARE PRESENTED. THE
SPACE FRAME INTERNAL LOADS ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED
UTILIZING THE IBM 704 COMPUTER PROGRAM DEVELOPED IN
CONJUNCTION WITH THE XV-5A WING BASIC COMPONENTS
ANALYSIS. THEREFORE, MUCH OF THE REPORT IS MADE UP
OF THE DEFLECTIONS AND INTERNAL MEMBER LOADS PROGRAM
OUTPUT FOR THE SEVERAL LOADING CONDITIONS
INVESTIGATED. THE SPACE FRAME MEMBER CRITICAL
LOADS ARE SUMMARIZED AND MEMBER ALLOWABLES AND
MARGINS OF SAFETY ARE PRESENTED. THE PROPULSION
SYSTEM, INCLUDING CROSSOVER DUCTS, TAILPIPE AND
FORWARD ENGINE SUPPORT IS REVIEWED AND SUPPORTING
STRUCTURE ANALYZED FOR CRITICAL LOADING CONDITIONS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AU-653 565 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS WING BASIC COMPONENTS.

(U)

OCT 63 398P

REPT. NO. 130

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, WINGS),
(*RESEARCH PLANES, WINGS), (*WINGS, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES), ANALYSIS, LIFT, DUCTED FANS,
STRUCTURAL PARTS, STRESSES,
LOADING(MECHANICS), TABLES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF THE BASIC WING
COMPONENTS OF THE U. S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT
FAN RESEARCH AIRCRAFT IS PRESENTED. THE
BASIC STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF THE WING ARE COMPOSED
OF THE TWO SPARS, THE WING LEADING EDGE TORQUE BOX,
AND THE SKINS AND RIBS OF THE PANEL OUTBOARD OF THE
LIFT FAN. A COMPLETE DIGITAL COMPUTER PROGRAM
APPLICABLE TO THIS AND OTHER HIGHLY REDUNDANT
STRUCTURES WAS DEVELOPED. SINCE THIS PROGRAM WAS
USED IN THE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN, THE
DEFLECTIONS, INTERNAL LOADS, AND INTERNAL STRESSES
FOR CRITICAL FLIGHT CONDITIONS ARE SUMMARIZED IN THE
FORM OF PRINTED COMPUTER OUTPUT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-653 566 1/1 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT CONVENTIONAL MODEL. VOLUME
1. LOW SPEED FORCE AND MOMENT DATA. (U)

JAN 64 414P
REPT. NO. 141-VOL-1
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO
VOLUME 2, AD-653 568 AND VOLUME 3, AD-653 569.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SUBSONIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•RESEARCH PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), WIND TUNNEL MODELS, DUCTED FANS, LIFT,
FORCE(MECHANICS), MOMENTS, TABLES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE RESULTS FROM THE WIND
TUNNEL TESTS OF A 1/8-SCALE CONVENTIONAL MODEL OF THE
U. S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. THE TESTS WERE PERFORMED TO
DETERMINE THE SUBSONIC AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
THE XV-5A IN ITS CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT
CONFIGURATION. VOLUME 1 CONTAINS THE TABULATED
FORCE AND MOMENT DATA FROM THE LOW SPEED (M =
0.285) TESTS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-653 568 1/1 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT CONVENTIONAL MODEL. VOLUME
II. LOW SPEED PRESSURE AND HINGE MOMENTS. (U)

JAN 64 344P
REPT. NO. 141-VOL-2
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-1C-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO VOLUME
I, AD-653 566 AND VOLUME 3, AD-653 569.

DESCRIPTORS: (+VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), (+RESEARCH PLANES, MODEL TESTS),
MOMENTS, PRESSURE, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, LIFT,
DUCTED FANS, TABLES, AERODYNAMIC CONTROL SURFACES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE RESULTS FROM WIND TUNNEL
TESTS OF A ONE-EIGHTH SCALE CONVENTIONAL MODEL OF THE
U. S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT FAN FLIGHT
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. VOLUME II PRESENTS HINGE
MOMENT COEFFICIENTS AND PRESSURE DATA IN PLOTTED AND
TABULAR FORM WITH PERTINENT DETAIL EXPLANATORY
INFORMATION. PRESSURE AND HINGE MOMENT DATA WERE
NOT RECORDED DURING THE SECOND PHASE OF THE LOW SPEED
TESTING. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-653 569 1/1 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT CONVENTIONAL MODEL. VOLUME
III. HIGH SPEED (MACH = 0.4 TO 0.9). (U)

JAN 64 547P
REPT. NO. 141-VOL-3
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO
VOLUME 1, AD-653 566 AND VOLUME 2, AD-653 568.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SUBSONIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•RESEARCH PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), WIND TUNNEL MODELS, LIFT, DUCTED FANS,
AERODYNAMIC CONTROL SURFACES, MOMENTS, AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS, TABLES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE VOLUME PRESENTS THE RESULTS OF HIGH SPEED WIND
TUNNEL TEST OF A ONE-EIGHTH SCALE MODEL OF THE
U.S. ARMY XV-5A LIFT FAN RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT. THE TESTS WERE CONDUCTED AT THE
DAVID TAYLOR MODEL BASIN 7 X 10 FOOT
TRANSONIC WIND TUNNEL FACILITY.
CONVENTIONAL MODEL FORCE, PRESSURE, AND HINGE
MOMENT DATA WERE OBTAINED OVER A MACH NUMBER RANGE
OF .40 TO .90 AND PITCH AND SIDESLIP RANGES OF -4 TO
15 DEGREES AND -5 TO +5 DEGREES RESPECTIVELY.
THE COMPLETE AIRCRAFT WAS THE PRIMARY CONFIGURATION
TESTED, WITH THE MAJORITY OF THE VARIATIONS BEING IN
CONTROL SURFACE AND STABILIZER SETTINGS. TESTS
WERE ALSO CONDUCTED WITH THE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
TAIL SURFACES REMOVED, WITH WING FAN UPPER AND LOWER
SURFACE STRUT FAIRINGS REMOVED, AND WITH ENGINE DUCT
PRESSURE SURVEY RAKE INSTALLED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-654 041 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

CALCULATED WEIGHT, BALANCE AND MOMENTS OF
INERTIA.

(U)

JAN 64 139P
REPT. NO. 139
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIGHT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN),
(•RESEARCH PLANES, DESIGN), WEIGHT, STABILITY,
MOMENT OF INERTIA, LIFT, PROPULSION, FANS,
TABLES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE REPORT CONTAINS WEIGHT AND BALANCE AND AIRCRAFT
MOMENT OF INERTIA DATA IN SUMMARY AND IN DETAIL.
THE SUMMARY DATA IS GIVEN FOR SEVERAL FUEL, FLIGHT
TEST INSTRUMENTATION COMBINATIONS CONSIDERED
COMPATIBLE WITH THE FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM.
PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS WERE WRITTEN FOR ENDURANCE
MISSIONS OF 20 AND 45 MINUTES AND THEREFORE WEIGHTS
DATA ARE GIVEN FOR THE AIRCRAFT WITH FUEL TO PERFORM
THESE MISSIONS WITH FLIGHT TEST INSTRUMENTATION
INCLUDED. THE DESIGN GROSS WEIGHT OF THE AIRCRAFT
IS 9200 LBS., AND THEREFORE DATA IS GIVEN FOR THIS
WEIGHT. APPROXIMATELY 85 PERCENT OF THE AIRCRAFT
WEIGHT WAS OBTAINED FROM MEASUREMENT OF COMPONENT AND
SUB-ASSEMBLY WEIGHTS. IN ADDITION, THE AIRCRAFT
ITSELF WAS WEIGHED AND THIS ACTUAL WEIGHT HAS BEEN
USED TO DERIVE VARIOUS GROSS WEIGHT LOADING
CONDITIONS. THE WEIGHT EMPTY GIVEN INCLUDES
ONLY THOSE ITEMS REQUIRED BY THE AIRCRAFT
SPECIFICATION. IT DOES NOT, FOR INSTANCE,
INCLUDE THE AUXILIARY FUEL TANK NOR INSTRUMENTATION
OR OTHER TEMPORARY ITEMS INSTALLED FOR INITIAL FLIGHT
TEST PURPOSES. HORIZONTAL DISTANCES USED WERE
MEASURED FROM FUSELAGE STATION ZERO. VERTICAL
DISTANCES ARE MEASURED FROM A THEORETICAL PLANE 100
INCHES BELOW THE FUSELAGE HORIZONTAL REFERENCE PLANE.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-654 042 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

STRESS ANALYSIS MAIN LANDING GEAR. (U)

JAN 64 231P
REPT. NO. 142
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIGHT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING
GEAR), (*RESEARCH PLANES, LANDING GEAR),
(*LANDING GEAR, STRESSES), STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS,
LOADING(MECHANICS), LIFT, FANS, PROPULSION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT CONSISTS OF DATA SUBSTANTIATING THE
STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE MAIN LANDING GEAR SHOCK
STRUT. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-654 J43 1/1 1/3 14/2
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY
AND DEMONSTRATOR PROGRAMS DEPT

FULL SCALE WIND TUNNEL TEST REPORT.

(U)

JUN 66 303P
REPT. NO. 153
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (*RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
WIND TUNNELS, HOVERING, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, THERMODYNAMICS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), LIFT, PROPULSION,
FANS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE TEST PROGRAM INCLUDED AERODYNAMIC,
THERMODYNAMIC AND MECHANICAL EVALUATION OF THE
COMPLETE FLIGHT TYPE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM AT FLIGHT SPEEDS
EQUIVALENT TO HOVER UP THROUGH 100 KNOTS IN BOTH THE
CONVENTIONAL AND FAN POWER MODES OF FLIGHT. THE
REPORT SUMMARIZES THE MORE IMPORTANT AERODYNAMIC
PERFORMANCE OBTAINED DURING THE TEST PROGRAM. THE
DATA ARE PRESENTED GRAPHICALLY IN COEFFICIENT FORM TO
PROVIDE A CONSISTENT BASIS OF COMPARISON. THE
AERODYNAMIC RESULTS OBTAINED DURING THESE TESTS MAY
BE SUMMARIZED BY SAYING THAT THE AIRCRAFT, AS
DESIGNED AND TESTED, HAS ADEQUATE CONTROL POWER,
LIFT, HORIZONTAL THRUST AND STATIC STABILITY TO
PERMIT SAFE TRANSITIONAL FLIGHT BETWEEN A HOVER LIFT-
OFF AND CONVERSION TO THE JET MODE OF FLIGHT. THE
RESULTS OF THIS WIND TUNNEL TEST PROGRAM HAVE PROVEN
TO BE A VALUABLE ASSET DURING CONDUCT OF THE FLIGHT
TEST PROGRAM. USING THESE DATA, PREDICTIONS OF
AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE HAVE BEEN VERIFIED BY ACTUAL
MEASURED FLIGHT DATA. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AU-654 783 1/1 1/3
LUCKHEED-GEORGIA CO MARIETTA

FULL SCALE TESTS OF THE XV-4A HUMMINGBIRD IN THE AMES
40 X 60 FOOT WIND TUNNEL. (U)

JAN 65 324P
REPT. NO. ER-7634
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-1C-7/3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), HOVERING, TESTS, WIND TUNNELS,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, PITCH(MOTION),
YAW, ANGLE OF ATTACK (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-4 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE TESTS CONSISTED OF 41 RUNS AND A TOTAL OF 944
TEST POINTS. TESTS WERE CONDUCTED OVER A RANGE OF
SPEEDS IN ALL PHASES OF FLIGHT FROM HOVER THROUGH
TRANSITION TO CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT. PITCH AND YAW
RUNS, AS WELL AS CONTROL EFFECTIVENESS RUNS IN ALL
THREE MODES WERE MADE. MANY OF THE PITCH RUNS WERE
MADE WELL INTO THE SO-CALLED DEEP STALL ANGLE OF
ATTACK RANGE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-655 072 1/3 3/5
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

EXTERNAL VISIBILITY CRITERIA FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL TECHNICAL REPT. 1 JUL 65-1 JUL
66,

MAR 67 65P ROBERTS, EDWARD O. ;
REPT. NO. AFFDL-TR-67-27
PROJ: AF-1425
TASK: 142501

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DISTRIBUTION: NO FOREIGN WITHOUT APPROVAL OF AIR
FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LABORATORY, ATTN: FDFR,
W-P AFB, OHIO.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, HUMAN
ENGINEERING), (•VISIBILITY, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), PILOTS, SPECIFICATIONS, COCKPITS,
LANDINGS, DESIGN (U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-4 AIRCRAFT, V-5 AIRCRAFT, X-22
AIRCRAFT, C-142 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT CONTAINS A DISCUSSION OF SOME
INFLUENCING FACTORS WHICH AFFECT THE PHYSICAL ABILITY
OF THE PILOT TO SEE EXTERNALLY FROM THE AIRCRAFT
ALONG WITH THE RESTRICTIONS THEY PRESENT TO THE FIELD
OF VIEW. VISIBILITY DATA ARE PRESENTED ON FOUR
EXPERIMENTAL VTOL AIRCRAFT, XV-4A, XV-5A,
X-22, AND XC-142A, IN THE FORM OF BINOCULAR
PHOTOGRAPHS. A CRITERIA TOOL IS PROVIDED BY
ESTABLISHING THE DEPRESSION ANGLE OF THE SPHERICAL
COORDINATE SYSTEM AS A PARAMETER TO DETERMINE THE
VISIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TERMINAL LANDING
PHASE OF A VTOL AIRCRAFT. FINALLY, AN
ABBREVIATED SET OF TABLES IS PRESENTED TO TRANSFER
THE 'DEGREES-TO-THE-SIDE AND DEGREES-DOWN' COORDINATE
ANGLES TO THE ANGLES OF THE SPHERICAL COORDINATE
SYSTEM. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 321 1/1 1/3
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

EFFECTS OF GUST VELOCITY SPATIAL DISTRIBUTIONS ON
LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL RESPONSE OF A VTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. OCT 65-FEB 67,
JUN 67 37P SWAIM, ROBERT L. ; CONNORS,
ALONZO J. ;
REPT. NO. AFFDL-TR-67-93
PROJ: AF-8219
TASK: 821903

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *GUST
LOADS), (*ROLL, HOVERING), VELOCITY,
MOMENTS, YAW, TURBULENCE, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, EQUATIONS OF MOTION, FUSELAGES (U)

THE EFFECTS OF SPANWISE DISTRIBUTION OF
LONGITUDINAL AND VERTICAL COMPONENTS OF GUST VELOCITY
AND LONGITUDINAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE LATERAL
COMPONENT ON THE LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL RESPONSE OF A
HOVERING VTOL AIRCRAFT ARE ANALYZED. RESULTS
SHOW THAT SPANWISE EFFECTS OF THE LONGITUDINAL AND
VERTICAL COMPONENTS ARE NEGLIGIBLE, AND THE
LONGITUDINAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE LATERAL COMPONENT IS
SIGNIFICANT IN COMPUTING THE POWER SPECTRAL DENSITIES
OF GUST-INDUCED SIDE FORCE, YAWING MOMENT, ROLLING
MOMENT, AND THE AIRCRAFT SIDESLIP, YAW, AND ROLL
ROOT-MEAN-SQUARE RESPONSE ANGLES. IF THE GUST-
INDUCED ANGLES OF ATTACK AND SIDESLIP ANGLES ARE IN
THE NONLINEAR RANGE OF LIFT CURVE SLOPE, THE ABOVE
CONCLUSIONS, WHICH ARE BASED ON LINEAR AERODYNAMIC
THEORY, MAY NOT HOLD AND AN ANALYSIS BASED ON
MOMENTUM TRANSFER OF GUST ENERGY TO THE AIRCRAFT IS
RECOMMENDED. FLOW FIELD INTERACTION EFFECTS DUE TO
ENGINE INTAKE AND EXHAUST ALSO WERE NOT CONSIDERED.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 989 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

STRUCTURAL TEST RESULTS.

(U)

MAR 64 365P
REPT. NO. 145
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AIRFRAMES), (*RESEARCH PLANES, AIRFRAMES),
(*AIRFRAMES, TESTS), FUSELAGES, SUPPORTS,
LOADING(MECHANICS), LIFT, FANS, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE DETAILED STATIC TEST PROCEDURES DESCRIBED COVER
THE 23 PROOF TESTS AND THE ONE ULTIMATE TEST TO BE
ACCOMPLISHED ON THE XV-5A AIRCRAFT. THE
PROCEDURES INCLUDE AIRPLANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS, LOADING
ARRANGEMENTS AND METHODS OF LOAD APPLICATION, ALONG
WITH DETAILED LOAD REACTING STRUCTURES AND LOAD
CYLINDER ARRANGEMENTS. TABLES ARE PRESENTED BY
WHICH LOAD CYLINDERS MAY BE CALIBRATED PRIOR TO EACH
TEST. INSTRUMENTATION DETAILS ARE PROVIDED SHOWING
LOCATION OF BOTH STRAIN AND DEFLECTION MEASURING
EQUIPMENT AND TIMES DURING WHICH SPECIFIC
MEASUREMENTS ARE TO BE MADE. DATA RECORDING
DEVICES ARE ALSO INDICATED. (AUTHOR)

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 990 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FINAL DESIGN WEIGHT REPORT. (U)

JUN 65 139P
REPT. NO. 159
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN),
(•RESEARCH PLANES, DESIGN), WEIGHT, MOMENT OF
INERTIA, FUSELAGES, PROPULSION, LIFT, FANS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT CONTAINS WEIGHT AND BALANCE DATA IN
SUMMARY AND IN DETAIL. THE SUMMARY DATA ARE GIVEN
FOR SEVERAL FUEL AND FLIGHT TEST INSTRUMENTATION
COMBINATIONS CONSIDERED COMPATIBLE WITH THE FLIGHT
TEST PROGRAM. PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS WERE
WRITTEN FOR ENDURANCE MISSIONS OF 20 TO 45 MINUTES
AND THEREFORE WEIGHTS DATA ARE GIVEN FOR THE AIRCRAFT
WITH FUEL TO PERFORM THESE MISSIONS WITH FLIGHT TEST
INSTRUMENTATION INCLUDED. THE DESIGN GROSS WEIGHT
OF THE AIRCRAFT IS 9200 LBS., AND THEREFORE DATA ARE
GIVEN FOR THIS WEIGHT. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 991 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

INSTALLED SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TEST-PROCEDURE. (U)

NOV 63 86P
REPT. NO. 136
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRCRAFT
EQUIPMENT), (•RESEARCH PLANES, AIRCRAFT
EQUIPMENT), (•AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, TESTS),
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), LIFT, FANS,
PROPULSION, CONTROL STICKS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: AIRCRAFT (U)

THE PURPOSE OF THESE TESTS IS TO DEMONSTRATE THAT
THE XV-5A AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS FUNCTION IN ACCORDANCE
WITH THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS. THE TESTING
PROCEDURE IS DIVIDED INTO 12 MAJOR TESTS. THE
ORDER OF APPEARANCE IS THE DESIRED CHRONOLOGICAL
ORDER. WHEN THE AIRCRAFT IS RECEIVED FOR
FUNCTIONAL TESTS, THE HYDRAULIC AND PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS
WILL HAVE BEEN FLUSHED, FILLED AND BLED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH RYAN REPORT 14359-6. THE CONTROLS WILL
HAVE BEEN RIGGED IN ACCORDANCE WITH RYAN REPORT
14395-5. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 992 1/3 21/5
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION LAB
DEPT

X353-SB PROPULSION SYSTEM FLIGHTWORTHINESS TEST
REPORT. VOLUME 1.

(U)

JAN 63 196P
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON VZ-11 LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO AD-
634 950.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*PROPULSION), (*RESEARCH PLANES, PROPULSION),
FLIGHT TESTING, TESTS, RELIABILITY, FANS,
TURBOJET ENGINES, LIFT

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-S AIRCRAFT

(U)

AN X353-SB PROPULSION SYSTEM COMPRISED OF TWO
J85-GE-5 TURBOJET ENGINES WITHOUT AFTERBURNERS,
TWO X353-SB DIVERTER VALVES, ONE X353-S LIFT
FAN AND ONE X376 PITCH TRIM CONTROL FAN WAS
ASSEMBLED AND TESTED. THE SPECIFIED TESTING WAS
COMPLETED. THE J85 GAS GENERATORS WERE
UNAFFECTED BY THE PRESENCE OF THE X353-SB
PROPULSION SYSTEM. THE DIVERTER VALVES AND THE
PITCH FAN MET OR EXCEEDED PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS AT
ALL OPERATING CONDITIONS. THE LIFT FAN MET OR
EXCEEDED PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS AT ALL BUT ONE
CONDITION (SINGLE ENGINE LIFT). THERE WERE
ONLY MINOR DISCREPANCIES FOUND IN THE DIVERTER VALVE
AND PITCH FAN HARDWARE AT DISASSEMBLY. THE LIFT
FAN HAD CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE RESULTING FROM THE
SHEEDING OF A SMALL METAL TAB FROM THE ROTOR DURING
THE LAST ENDURANCE CYCLE OF THE TEST. LIFT FAN
ALUMINUM INLET VANES AND EXIT LOUVERS WERE OF
GENERALLY POOR MANUFACTURING QUALITY AND DID NOT
SATISFACTORILY COMPLETE THE TEST. IT WAS
RECOMMENDED THAT A FLIGHTWORTHINESS RATING BE
ASSIGNED TO THE X353-SB PROPULSION SYSTEM UPON
SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF A 10-HOUR PENALTY TEST OF
NEW LIFT FAN INLET VANES AND EXIST LOUVERS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 993 1/3 1/1
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FLIGHTWORTHINESS AND RELIABILITY SUMMARY REPORT. (U)

AUG 65 180P
REPT. NO. 162
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-1C-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (•RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
RELIABILITY, SAFETY, LIFT, FANS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), STANDARDS,
PROPULSION

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THE DATA INDICATE THAT THE XV-5A AIRCRAFT IS
SAFE AND AIRWORTHY. THIS CONCLUSION WAS
SUBSTANTIATED BY ANALYSIS, GROUND TEST AND FLIGHT
TEST. THE XV-5A IS SHOWN TO BE STRUCTURALLY
SOUND AND SUITABLE FOR USE IN A FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM
OF AT LEAST 250 HOURS. THE AIRPLANE WAS
MANUFACTURED TO EXACTING AIRCRAFT STANDARDS IN CHOICE
AND USE OF MATERIALS, COMPONENTS AND SUBSYSTEMS, AND
WAS MANUFACTURED AND TESTED WITH STRICT QUALITY
CONTROL STANDARDS MAINTAINED. SAFETY AND
AIRWORTHINESS OF THE XV-5A VTOL AIRCRAFT, USING
THE LIFT FAN CONCEPT, WAS DEMONSTRATED. FLIGHT
TESTS INDICATE THAT CONTROLLABILITY IS ADEQUATE AND
IN AGREEMENT WITH ACCEPTABLE STANDARDS. CONTROL IS
SATISFACTORY IN VTOL AND CTOL THROUGHOUT THE
FLIGHT ENVELOPE, AND DURING GROUND ROLL AND TAXI.
FLUTTER ANALYSIS, AND EXPERIMENTAL GROUND, WIND
TUNNEL AND FLIGHT TESTS INDICATE THAT THE AIRCRAFT IS
FREE OF FLUTTER WITHIN THE PRESCRIBED FLIGHT
ENVELOPE. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 994 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

CALCULATED HEAT TRANSFER AND COOLING SYSTEM
PERFORMANCE, VOLUME II.

(U)

JUN 65 339P

REPT. NO. 160-VOL-2

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: MICROFICHE ONLY AFTER ORIGINAL COPIES
EXHAUSTED.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO
VOLUME I, AD-657 995.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, COOLING +
VENTILATING EQUIPMENT), (•RESEARCH PLANES, COOLING
+ VENTILATING EQUIPMENT), (•COOLING +
VENTILATING EQUIPMENT, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)),
COOLING, HEAT TRANSFER, AIRFRAMES, THERMAL
INSULATION, THERMAL ANALYSIS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

VOLUME II CONTAINS SUPPORTING DATA INCLUDING TEST
RESULTS PROVIDING THE BASIS FOR ESTIMATES OF EXTERNAL
AIRFRAME HEATING, METHODS USED IN CALCULATION OF
COOLING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE AND AN ANALYSIS OF
STRUCTURAL PROTECTION SYSTEMS.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /40M07

AD-65/ 995 1/3

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

CALCULATED HEAT TRANSFER AND COOLING SYSTEM
PERFORMANCE, VOLUME 1.

(U)

JUN 65 303P
REPT. NO. 16U-VOL-1
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: AVAILABLE IN MICROFICHE ONLY.
SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO
VOLUME 2, AD-657 994.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, COOLING +
VENTILATING EQUIPMENT), (•RESEARCH PLANES, COOLING
+ VENTILATING EQUIPMENT), (•COOLING +
VENTILATING EQUIPMENT, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)),
COOLING, HEAT TRANSFER, TURBOJET ENGINES,
DOWNWASH, THERMAL INSULATION, FUSELAGES
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

BASED ON ANALYSIS AND LIMITED TEST DATA, THE
AIRCRAFT COOLING AND STRUCTURAL PROTECTION SYSTEMS
ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE SUFFICIENT PERFORMANCE
CAPABILITY TO PERMIT ORDERLY CONDUCT OF INSTALLED
SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL. NASA-AMES 40' X 80' WIND
TUNNEL, AND EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE FLIGHT
TEST PROGRAMS EVEN THOUGH EXTERNALLY INDUCED
ENVIRONMENTAL TEMPERATURES TO 1040F DEVELOP DURING
FAN MODE OPERATION. OCCASIONAL LOCAL AND MINOR
OVERHEATING PROBLEMS ARE EXPECTED WITHIN THE BROAD
RANGE OF POSSIBLE OPERATING CONDITIONS; HOWEVER, IT
IS EXPECTED THEY CAN BE OVERCOME WITH MINOR
STRUCTURAL MODIFICATIONS, INSTALLATION OF ADDITIONAL
INSULATION, AND/OR MINOR MODIFICATION OF OPERATIONAL
PROCEDURES. LACK OF DETAILED KNOWLEDGE OF THE
EXTERNALLY INDUCED ENVIRONMENT MADE COOLING AND
STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS DESIGNS AND ANALYSIS DIFFICULT.
IN AN ATTEMPT TO GAIN FURTHER INSIGHT TO THIS
COMPLEX PROBLEM, A PROCEDURE WAS DEVELOPED WHEREBY
EXISTING LITERATURE DATA ON DOWNWASH PHENOMENA COULD
BE APPLIED QUANTITATIVELY TO THE XV-5A INDUCED
ENVIRONMENT. RESULTS SHOW DIRECTIONAL EFFECTS OF
AIRCRAFT CONTROL SETTINGS, AND INDICATE THE STRONG
POSSIBILITY OF HOT GAS INGESTION BY THE ENGINE AND
COOLING SYSTEM AIR INLET. THESE RESULTS ALSO
INDICATE MEANS WHEREBY ADVERSE EFFECTS MAY BE
MINIMIZED OR ELIMINATED. (AUTHOR)

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/40M07

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 996 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

INSTALLED SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TESTS REPORT. (U)

SEP 64 312P
REPT. NO. 149
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT
AVAILABILITY: AVAILABLE IN MICROFICHE ONLY.
SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TESTS),
(•RESEARCH PLANES, TESTS), AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT,
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, COCKPITS, TURBOJET
ENGINES, FANS, LIFT, LANDING GEAR, FIRE
EXTINGUISHERS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING) (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE INSTALLED SYSTEMS TESTS DEMONSTRATE THAT THE
AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS FUNCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN
REQUIREMENTS. TESTS WERE DIVIDED INTO THIRTEEN
MAJOR FUNCTIONAL AREAS AS FOLLOWS: ELECTRICAL
SYSTEM CHECKOUT; SURFACE GAINS AND HYSTERESIS; FLIGHT
CONTROLS STABILITY; FLIGHT MODE CONVERSION SEQUENCE;
COCKPIT CHECKOUT; ENGINE RUN TEMPERATURE SURVEY;
ENGINE RUN ELECTRICAL SYSTEM CHECKOUT; AUTO-STABILITY
TESTS; FAN FLIGHT TRIM RATES; LANDING GEAR TESTS;
CONTROLS PROOF LOADS; WEIGHT-BALANCE AND FUEL TESTS;
FIRE EXTINGUISHER SYSTEM TESTS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-657 997 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO ADVANCED ENGINE AND
TECHNOLOGY DEPT

FUSELAGE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS. VOLUME III. FRAMES,
BULKHEADS AND FITTINGS. (U)

FEB 64 98P
REPT. NO. 144-VOL-3
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-715

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON XV-5A LIFT FAN
FLIGHT RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM. SEE ALSO
VOLUME 2, AD-653 564 AND VOLUME 4, AD-640 338.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
FUSELAGES), (•RESEARCH PLANES, FUSELAGES),
(•FUSELAGES, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES),
LOADING(MECHANICS), AIRFRAMES, FITTINGS,
MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, SUPPORTS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

A SUMMARY TYPE LOAD ANALYSIS IS PRESENTED FOR EACH
COMPONENT, WITH THE PRIMARY INTENT OF SHOWING THE
STRUCTURAL CONFIGURATION, FINAL CRITICAL LOADING AND
UNUSUAL ASSUMPTIONS MADE. STRUCTURAL ADEQUACY OF
MANY OF THE PRIMARY COMPONENTS WAS DEMONSTRATED BY
PROOF TESTS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-661 087 1/3 1/2
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

PERFORMANCE AND STRESSES OBTAINED ON AN ISOLATED
VTOL-TYPE PROPELLER OPERATING IN HOVERING,
TRANSITIONAL, AND AXIAL FLIGHT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT. JUN 65-JAN 67,
AUG 67 97P TRENKA, ANDREW R. ;
REPT. NO. CAL-BB-1840-S-2
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-75(T)
TASK: 1F125901A142
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-67-37

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL)), (*PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), STRESSES, FLIGHT,
HOVERING, TEST EQUIPMENT, CALIBRATION,
AERODYNAMIC LOADING

(U)

EXPERIMENTAL PERFORMANCE AND BLADE STRESSES
MEASURED ON A THREE-BLADED VTOL-TYPE PROPELLER
TESTED IN FREE AIR ARE PRESENTED. THE ISOLATED
PROPELLER WAS TESTED OVER RANGES OF PROP SPEED,
FORWARD VELOCITY, BLADE ANGLE SETTING, AND THRUST
AXIS TO FREE-STREAM ANGLE. CORRELATION WITH A
THEORETICAL METHOD OF PREDICTING PROPELLER
PERFORMANCE AND BLADE STRESSES WAS MADE. IT WAS
FOUND THAT WHEN THE PROPELLER WAS OPERATING IN A
FLIGHT CONDITION FOR WHICH THE THEORY WAS DEVELOPED,
CORRELATION BETWEEN THEORY AND EXPERIMENT WAS GOOD.
WHEN THE PROPELLER WAS OPERATING IN A FLIGHT
CONDITION WHERE VERY SMALL POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE
EFFECTIVE ANGLES OF ATTACK WERE ENCOUNTERED,
CORRELATION BETWEEN THEORY AND EXPERIMENT WAS POOR.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-661 253 1/2 5/10
THERM ADVANCED RESEARCH INC ITHACA N Y

EXPERIMENTAL STUDY OF PILOT VISIBILITY FROM A VTOL
AIR/SEA CRAFT NEAR THE OCEAN SURFACE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: INTERIM REPT, 22 JUN 66-21 JUN 67
JUL 67 39P TAN, P. M.; HALE, R. W. ;
ORDWAY, D. E. ;
REPT. NO. TAR-TR-6704
CONTRACT: N00014-66-C-0320

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
DOWNWASH), (*PILOTS, *VISIBILITY); OCEANS,
SPRAYS, SURFACES, FLIGHT (U)

A MAJOR PROBLEM ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATION OF A
VTOL AIR/SEA CRAFT NEAR THE OCEAN SURFACE IS THE
IMPAIRMENT OF PILOT VISIBILITY. CLOUDS OF SPRAY,
GENERATED BY DOWNWASH IMPINGEMENT ON THE WATER
SURFACE, SURROUND THE AIRCRAFT AND BLOCK THE PILOT'S
VIEW. THE OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY WAS TO DETERMINE
PROMISING METHODS FOR ALLEVIATING THE PROBLEM. A
MODEL-SCALE EXPERIMENTAL FACILITY WAS CONSTRUCTED TO
STUDY THE DETAILS OF SPRAY GENERATION AND THE
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RESULTING SPRAY PATTERN.
SEVERAL SPRAY ALLEVIATION DEVICES WERE THEN
DESIGNED AND TESTED. TO EVALUATE THEIR
EFFECTIVENESS, A TECHNIQUE FOR QUANTITATIVE
MEASUREMENT OF VISIBILITY WAS DEVELOPED.
COMPARATIVE TESTS WERE CONDUCTED WITH AND WITHOUT
THE SPRAY ALLEVIATION DEVICES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-661 592 1/2 8/6 8/13
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

QUANTITATIVE TERRAIN STUDY OF VTOL LANDING SITE
DISTRIBUTIONS AND OF EFFECTS ON PENETRATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. : JUL 66-30 JUN 67:
JUN 67 125P WOOD, W. F. ; THUNG, H. L.
; LEWANDOWSKI, G. M. ;
REPT. NO. CAL-VE-2303-D
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3483
MONITOR: ASD TR-67-18

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, *TERRAIN),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS),
DISTRIBUTION, LANDING FIELDS, SITE SELECTION,
PROBABILITY, MAPS, SOIL MECHANICS, AERIAL
PHOTOGRAPHY, ALASKA, THAILAND, INDIA, NEVADA,
ITALY, EAST GERMANY, WEST GERMANY,
TRAFFICABILITY, PENETRATION (U)

A VTOL SITE IS ASSUMED TO REQUIRE A GROUND SLOPE OF
10% OR LESS AND BE CLEAR OF TREES. ALSO THERE
CAN BE NO BOULDERS OVER 2 FEET HIGH OR GULLIES DEEPER
THAN 2 FEET. SINGLE SITES, IF SQUARE, SHOULD BE
200 FEET ON A SIDE AND IF CIRCULAR 250 FEET IN
DIAMETER. ASSAULT SITES, IF SQUARE, SHOULD BE 1500
FEET ON A SIDE AND 2000 FEET IN DIAMETER, IF
CIRCULAR. PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS OF DISTANCES
TO SINGLE AND ASSAULT SITES, BASED ON A STUDY OF
ENVIRONMENTAL LITERATURE, TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND AERIAL
PHOTOGRAPHS ARE PRESENTED FOR THAILAND, INDIA,
NEVADA, ITALY, GERMANY AND ALASKA. A VTOL
SITE MAY BE EXPECTED WITHIN A FEW MILES IN ALL BUT
THE MOST UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTS. SITES LOCATED
ON RESIDUAL SOILS WOULD SELDOM BE TOO SOFT FOR VTOL
OPERATIONS, BUT ALLUVIAL SOILS SHOULD BE AVOIDED
WHEN POORLY DRAINED. PRIOR KNOWLEDGE OF ANALOGOUS
SITUATIONS, AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND DIRECT OBSERVATION
PROVIDE THE BEST INFORMATION FOR EVALUATING CANDIDATE
SITES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-662 715 1/3 14/4
ARMY AVIATION MATERIEL LABS FORT EUSTIS VA

XV-5A MAINTENANCE AND SYSTEMS EVALUATION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REPT. FOR 27 JAN-15 NOV 65,
JUL 67 216P MASSIE, ROBERT K. ;
REPT. NO. USAAVLABS-TR-67-53
TASK: AA-65-21

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN),
(•RESEARCH PLANES, MAINTAINABILITY),
RELIABILITY, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING),
PROPULSION, FANS, EFFECTIVENESS, HEATING,
AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT, EVALUATION

(U)

THE DATA COMPILED DURING THIS EVALUATION WERE USED TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF DESIGN AS IT APPLIES TO MAINTAINABILITY OF THE OVERALL AIRCRAFT, ITS SYSTEMS, AND ITS SUBSYSTEMS AND, IN CASES OF DEFICIENCIES, TO RECOMMEND IMPROVEMENTS AND TO SPECIFY AREAS THAT REQUIRE FURTHER RESEARCH BEFORE DERIVATIVE XV-5A-TYPE AIRCRAFT ARE CONSTRUCTED. EACH PROBLEM AREA WAS ANALYZED TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE DISCREPANCIES RESULTED FROM THE AUSTERE RESEARCH AIRCRAFT PROGRAM OR WHETHER THEY WERE INHERENT IN THE LIFT-FAN CONCEPT. RESULTS OF THIS STUDY UNCOVERED THE DESIRABLE AND UNDESIRABLE FEATURES OF 10 OF THE XV-5A AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS. DESIGN REFINEMENTS THAT WILL BE REQUIRED TO BUILD THE LIFT-FAN CONCEPT INTO AN OPERATIONAL MODEL ARE NOT BEYOND THE ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY AVAILABLE DURING THE 1967-1971 TIME PERIOD. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-663 848 1/3 1/1
PRINCETON UNIV N J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

AN EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF THE LONGITUDINAL
DYNAMIC STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS OF A FOUR-PROPELLER
TILT-WING VTOL MODEL. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.:
SEP 67 124P CURTISS, H. C. , JR.;
PUTMAN, W. F. ; LEBACWZ, J. V. ;
REPT. NO. 774
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-8(T)
PROJ: DA-1P125901A142
TASK: 1P125901A14233
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-80

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (1) VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PITCH(MOTION), AIRPLANE MODELS, SCALE,
FLIGHT, TILT WINGS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), TRANSPORT PLANES, ANGLE OF
ATTACK, OSCILLATION, DAMPING (U)

THE RESULTS OF EXPERIMENTS CONDUCTED TO EVALUATE
THE LONGITUDINAL STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS OF A 1/10
SCALE DYNAMIC MODEL OF A FOUR-PROPELLER TILT-WING
VTOL TRANSPORT ARE PRESENTED AND DISCUSSED. THE
PRINCETON DYNAMIC MODEL TRACK WAS USED TO
MEASURE THE STATIC STABILITY AND THE TRANSIENT
RESPONSE OF THE MODEL AT WING INCIDENCES FROM 90
DEGREES TO 40 DEGREES. THE RESULTS ARE INTERPRETED
IN TERMS OF FULL-SCALE AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS.
ALL DATA ARE PRESENTED FOR A C.G. POSITION OF
90% MAC (THE MOST FORWARD C.G. POSITION OF
THE AIRCRAFT IS 15% MAC) AND THE HORIZONTAL TAIL
AND FLAP PROGRAM DIFFER FROM THOSE PRESENTLY USED ON
THE AIRCRAFT. THE TRANSIENT MOTIONS AT WING
INCIDENCES ABOVE 70 DEGREES WERE SIMILAR AND
DOMINATED BY HIGH SPEED STABILITY AND LOW ANGULAR
DAMPING RESULTING IN AN UNSTABLE OSCILLATION OF
APPROXIMATELY A 9-SECOND PERIOD FOR THE FULL-SCALE
AIRCRAFT. THE RESPONSES AT WING INCIDENCES BELOW
70 DEGREES WERE MORE COMPLEX DUE TO A RAPID DECREASE
IN THE SPEED STABILITY FROM A LARGE POSITIVE VALUE
ABOVE 70 DEGREES TO A NEGATIVE VALUE AT 60 DEGREES.

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-666 247 1/3 20/4 1/1
DYNASCIENCES CORP BLUE BELL PA

INVESTIGATION OF PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM EFFECTS ON WING
PERFORMANCE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
NOV 67 213P GEORGE, M. IKISIELOWSKI, E. I
REPT. NO. DCR-234
CONTRACT: C. 44-177-AMC-394(T)
PROJ: DA-1F125901A142
TASK: 1F125901A14231
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-67-67

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
INTERACTIONS), WIND TUNNEL MODELS, LIFT, DRAG,
PITCH(MOTION), MOMENTS, INTERACTIONS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), ASPECT RATIO, TAPER,
MODEL TESTS, TILT WINGS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: SLIPSTREAM (U)

A THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL STUDY WAS CONDUCTED
TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTS OF PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM ON
WING PERFORMANCE. PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED THEORETICAL
ANALYSES WERE EXPANDED AND MODIFIED TO ACCOUNT FOR
RADIAL VARIATION OF THE PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM
VELOCITY. THE EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAM CONSISTED OF
WIND TUNNEL TESTS CONDUCTED WITH A MOTOR-PROPELLER
SYSTEM MOUNTED ON A SEMISPAN WING MODEL. THE WING
MODEL UTILIZED HAS A CHORD TO PROPELLER DIAMETER OF
.46, AN ASPECT RATIO OF 6.37 (3.18 FOR
SEMISPAN), A TAPER RATIO OF 1.0, AND A NACA 0015
AIRFOIL SECTION. THE WING MODEL HAS EIGHT FLOATING
WING SEGMENTS WITH AND WITHOUT A 45-DEGREE SIMULATED
SPLIT FLAP. LOCATED WITHIN EACH FLOATING WING
SEGMENT IS A THREE-COMPONENT STRAIN GAGE BALANCE TO
PROVIDE MEASUREMENTS OF LIFT, DRAG, AND PITCHING
MOMENT. THE MEASUREMENTS OF TOTAL WING LIFT, DRAG,
AND PITCHING MOMENT WERE OBTAINED WITH THE SIX-
COMPONENT MAIN WIND TUNNEL BALANCE. THE TEST DATA
OBTAINED INCLUDED THE EFFECTS OF THE VARIATION OF
PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM VELOCITY BY UTILIZING TWO
PROPELLERS OF DIFFERENT GEOMETRIES. PROPELLER
ROTATION FOR ALL TESTS WAS DOWN AT THE WING TIP.
THE EXPERIMENTAL AND THEORETICAL RESULTS ARE
COMPARED; IN GENERAL, GOOD CORRELATION IS OBSERVED.
(AUTHOR)

129

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM07

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-667 140 1/3 14/4
FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY WASHINGTON D C FLIGHT STANDARDS
SERVICE

FAA DEVELOPMENTS RELATIVE TO DESIGN OF NEW AIRCRAFT
STRUCTURES, (U)

66 IIP DOUGHERTY, JAMES E. ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED FOR PRESENTATION AT THE FAA
MAINTENANCE SYMPOSIUM 'CONTINUED RELIABILITY OF
TRANSPORT TYPE AIRCRAFT STRUCTURE', WASHINGTON,
D. C., 2-4 NOV 66.

DESCRIPTORS: (•TRANSPORT PLANES, •SUPERSONIC
PLANES), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN),
COMMERCIAL PLANES, AIRFRAMES, AVIATION SAFETY,
SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, RELIABILITY, MAINTENANCE,
ROTARY WINGS, HELICOPTERS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: SUPERSONIC TRANSPORT PLANES, FEDERAL
AVIATION REGULATIONS, CRASHWORTHINESS (U)

THE FOLLOWING BROAD AREAS ARE COVERED: (1)
SUPERSONIC TRANSPORTS; (2) TRANSPORT
DESIGNS UNDER FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATION 25;
(3) GENERAL AVIATION DESIGNS UNDER FEDERAL
AVIATION REGULATION 23; (4) ROTORCRAFT
DESIGNS UNDER FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATIONS 27
AND 29; (5) V/STOL AIRCRAFT; (6)
CRASHWORTHINESS AND PASSENGER EVACUATION. (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-667 264 1/3 9/2
MELPAR INC FALLS CHURCH VA

SIMULATION OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT, VOLUME
VI, XC-142 ANALOG COMPUTER PROGRAM STUDY: XC-142A
SIMULATION EQUATION MECHANIZATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
JAN 65 213P MAKARCZYK, J. A. ; FAITH, R.
L. ;

CONTRACT: N61339-1205
MONITOR: NAVTRADEVCE 1205-6

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 5, AD-615 452.

DESCRIPTORS: (•TRANSPORT PLANES, MATHEMATICAL
MODELS), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MATHEMATICAL
MODELS), TILT WINGS, ANALOG COMPUTERS,
SIMULATION, HELICOPTERS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
COMPUTER PROGRAMS, FLOW CHARTING, AIRFOILS,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, RESEARCH PLANES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: COMPUTER SIMULATION, C-142 AIRCRAFT,
XC-142A AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE ANALYSIS AND SIMPLIFICATION
PROCEDURES THAT ARE REQUIRED TO DEFINE AND PROGRAM
THE MATHEMATICAL MODEL FOR THE XC-142A AIRCRAFT
IN A FORM WHICH IS SUITABLE FOR MECHANIZATION AND
SOLUTION ON A GENERAL PURPOSE ANALOG COMPUTER.
THIS PROGRAM WILL ENABLE THE NAVAL TRAINING
DEVICE CENTER TO PERFORM DYNAMIC SIMULATION
STUDIES FOR A V/STOL TILT-WING AIRCRAFT.
SECTION II CONTAINS THE COMPLETE MATHEMATICAL
MODEL OF THE XC-142 WITH ACCOMPANYING DENOTATION
AND VALIDATION. IN SECTION III, THREE SETS OF
SIMULATION EQUATIONS ARE PRESENTED. THESE SETS
REPRESENT THE COMPLETE SIX DEGREES OF FREEDOM
EQUATIONS, LONGITUDINAL MODE EQUATIONS, AND LATERAL-
DIRECTIONAL MODE EQUATIONS. SECTION IV CONTAINS
THE MECHANIZATION FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS ALONG
WITH THE PATCHING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS REQUIRED
FOR THEIR UTILIZATION. SECTION IV ALSO SPECIFIES
THE ANALOG COMPUTER INSTALLATION WHICH IS REQUIRED TO
SOLVE THE MECHANIZATIONS. THE SUBSEQUENT SECTIONS
CONTAIN: A DISCUSSION OF PROGRAM LIMITATIONS,
CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-667 936 1/3 1/4 13/7
HARRY DIAMOND LABS WASHINGTON D C

FLUIDIC STALL SENSING SYSTEM,

(U)

FEB 68 4UP WARREN, RAYMOND W. ; SWARTZ,
ELMER L. ;
REPT. NO. HDL-TR-1368
PROJ. DA-1P125901A142, HDL-42700
TASK: 1P125901A14233

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STALL-
WARNING INDICATORS), (*STALL-WARNING INDICATORS,
*FLUID AMPLIFIERS), SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLOW
SEPARATION, ANGLE OF ATTACK, WINGS, STALLING,
LIFT, BOUNDARY LAYER, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, FLUIDICS,
PROBES, SENSORS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: BLOWING, ATTACHED FLOW

(U)

THE FLUID STALL SENSOR IS A REMOTE INDICATING
SYSTEM FOR DETECTING STALL ON AIRCRAFT WINGS. WHEN
THE FLOW IS ATTACHED TO THE WING, IT CAUSES
ASPIRATION FROM A PROBE JUST ABOVE THE WING SURFACE.
SEPARATED FLOW, ASSOCIATED WITH STALL, DECREASES
THE ASPIRATION. THE CHANGE IN ASPIRATION IS
AMPLIFIED BY A HIGH IMPEDANCE FLUID AMPLIFIER WHICH
DRIVES AN INDICATOR. THE POSITION OF INDICATORS
FROM SEVERAL PROBES ACROSS THE WING GIVES AN
INDICATION OF THE AMOUNT OF LIFT REMAINING.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-667 980 1/3 20/4 1/1
BOEING CO RENTON WASH COMMERCIAL AIRPLANE DIV

A GENERAL METHOD FOR DETERMINING THE AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF FAN-IN-WING CONFIGURATIONS.
VOLUME 1. THEORY AND APPLICATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
DEC 67 298P RUBBERT, P. E. ; ISAARIS, G.
R. ; SCHOLEY, M. B. ; STANDEN, N. M. ; WALLACE,
R. E. ;
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-323(T)
TASK: 1F125901A14234
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-67-61A-VOL-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-667 981.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), DUCTED FANS, WING INLETS,
INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW, LIFT, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, POTENTIAL THEORY,
THREE-DIMENSIONAL FLOW, BOUNDARY LAYER, JET MIXING
FLOW, AXIALLY SYMMETRIC FLOW, FLOW FIELDS,
BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS, THRUST VECTOR CONTROL
SYSTEMS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, YAW, FLIGHT, FLAPS,
COMPUTER PROGRAMS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: FAN-IN-WING CONFIGURATIONS, •LIFT
FANS, STREAMLINES (U)

A GENERAL METHOD IS PRESENTED FOR THE DETERMINATION
OF AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF FAN-IN-WING
CONFIGURATIONS BY MEANS OF INCOMPRESSIBLE POTENTIAL-
FLOW THEORY. THE METHOD IS APPLICABLE TO WINGS,
FLAPPED OR UNFLAPPED, AND TO A WIDE VARIETY OF OTHER
POTENTIAL-FLOW BOUNDARY-VALUE PROBLEMS. ARBITRARY
WING AND INLET GEOMETRY, FAN INFLOW DISTRIBUTION,
THRUST VECTORING, ANGLE OF ATTACK, ANGLE OF YAW, AND
FLIGHT SPEEDS FROM HOVER THROUGH TRANSITION CAN BE
TREATED. THE THEORETICAL MODEL IS COMPLETELY THREE
DIMENSIONAL, WITH NO LINEARIZATION OF BOUNDARY
CONDITIONS. THE CALCULATED RESULTS INCLUDE
PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS, LIFT, INDUCED DRAG AND SIDE
FORCE, PITCHING MOMENT, ROLLING MOMENT AND YAWING
MOMENT. THE NUMERICAL POTENTIAL-FLOW SOLUTION IS
OBTAINED WITH SOURCE AND VORTEX DISTRIBUTIONS ON THE
BOUNDARY SURFACES. THE REPRESENTATION IS COMPOSED
OF SMALL, CONSTANT-STRENGTH SOURCE SHEET PANELS
DISTRIBUTED OVER THE EXTERIOR WING SURFACES, INTERNAL
VORTEX FILAMENTS WHICH EMANATE FROM THE WING TRAILING
EDGE TO PROVIDE CIRCULATION; (U)

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UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-667 981 1/3 20/4 9/2 1/1
BOEING CO RENTON WASH

GENERAL METHOD FOR DETERMINING THE AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF FAN-IN-WING CONFIGURATIONS.
VOLUME II. COMPUTER PROGRAM DESCRIPTION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
DEC 67 335P HINK, GARY R. ; GILBERT,
RICHARD F. ; SUNDSTRUM, KNUT A. ;
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-323(1)
PROJ: DA-1F125901A142
TASK: 1F125901A14234
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-67-61B-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME I, AD-667 980.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (*DUCTED FANS, COMPUTER
PROGRAMS), WING INLETS, INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW,
LIFT, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS, POTENTIAL THEORY, THREE-DIMENSIONAL
FLOW, BOUNDARY LAYER, JET MIXING FLOW, AXIALLY
SYMMETRIC FLOW, FLOW FIELDS, BOUNDARY VALUE
PROBLEMS, THRUST VECTOR CONTROL SYSTEMS, ANGLE OF
ATTACK, YAW, FLIGHT, FLAPS, DIGITAL COMPUTERS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: FAN-IN-WING CONFIGURATIONS, *LIFT
FANS, CDC-6000 PROGRAMS, FORTRAN, ASCENT
PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE (U)

THE REPORT DESCRIBES A DIGITAL COMPUTER PROGRAM
DEVELOPED TO STUDY THE AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
FAN-IN-WING CONFIGURATIONS. THE PROGRAM IS WRITTEN
IN THE FORTRAN IV AND ASCENT LANGUAGES FOR THE
CONTROL DATA CORPORATION 6000-SERIES DIGITAL
COMPUTERS. THREE BASIC PACKAGES ARE PROVIDED BY
THE PROGRAM: A GEOMETRY PACKAGE PRODUCES A
DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE CONFIGURATION; AN
AERODYNAMIC PACKAGE PROVIDES A THEORETICAL SOLUTION
FOR THE POTENTIAL FLOW ABOUT THE CONFIGURATION, AND A
BOUNDARY-LAYER PACKAGE FURNISHES THE BOUNDARY-LAYER
CHARACTERISTICS ON THE WING SURFACE. THE REPORT
PROVIDES A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAM, FLOW CHARTS
AND SEGMENTATION STRUCTURE DIAGRAMS, AND INPUT DATA
FORMATS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-667 983 1/3
PRINCETON UNIV IN J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS
OF THREE TILT-WING VTOL AIRCRAFT DESIGNS, (U)

JAN 66 102P CURNUTT, R. A.; CURTISS, H.
C. J. JR;
REPT. NO. 749
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-8(T)
PROJ: DA-1P125901A142
TASK: 1P125901A14233
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-64

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PITCH(MOTION)), (*TRANSPORT PLANES,
PITCH(MOTION)), RESEARCH PLANES, CONVERTIBLE
PLANES, TILT WINGS, STABILITY, DESIGN, RESPONSE,
MODEL TESTS, SCALE, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, AIRPLANE
MODELS, ANALOG COMPUTERS, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, CORRELATION TECHNIQUES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT, XC-142A AIRCRAFT,
VZ-2 AIRCRAFT, TRIM(AIRCRAFT), ANGLE OF
INCIDENCE (U)

EXPERIMENTAL VALUES OF THE LONGITUDINAL STABILITY
DERIVATIVES OF THREE TILT-WING VTOL AIRCRAFT
CONFIGURATIONS AS OBTAINED FROM TESTS OF SEVERAL
MODELS ARE PRESENTED. RESULTS FROM THE NASA
FULL-SCALE WIND TUNNEL AT LANGLEY FIELD, THE
PRINCETON TRACK, THE LTV AEROSPACE
CORPORATION WIND TUNNEL AND FLIGHT TEST ARE
INCLUDED. AN ANALYSIS IS INCLUDED WHICH UTILIZES
ROOT-LOCUS AND ANALOG COMPUTER STUDIES TO COMPARE THE
CHARACTERISTIC ROOTS AND TRANSIENT RESPONSE OF THE
AIRCRAFT AS THE LONGITUDINAL DERIVATIVES ARE VARIED
WITHIN THE RANGE EXHIBITED BY THESE DATA. TRIM
CONDITIONS AT WING INCIDENCES FROM 20 TO 90 DEGREES
ARE CONSIDERED. THE THREE CONFIGURATIONS INCLUDED
IN THE ANALYSIS WERE FOUND TO EXHIBIT QUITE SIMILAR
STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS IN THE LOW-SPEED REGIME.
GOOD CORRELATION WAS FOUND TO EXIST BETWEEN NASA
WIND TUNNEL DATA AND PRINCETON DYNAMIC MODEL
TRACK DATA FOR THE VZ-2 AIRCRAFT.
CONSIDERATION IS GIVEN TO THE IMPORTANCE OF VARIOUS
DERIVATIVES IN DETERMINING THE RESPONSE
CHARACTERISTICS. A LARGE NUMBER OF ANALOG COMPUTER
TRACES ARE INCLUDED, (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-667 989 21/5 1/3
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO FLIGHT PROPULSION
DIV

INVESTIGATIONS OF A VARIABLE AREA SCROLL FOR POWER
TRANSFER IN TIP TURBINE LIFT FAN SYSTEMS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JUN 64-DEC 66,
NOV 67 623P SMITH, EUGENE G. ;
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-220(T)
PROJ: DA-1F131201D161
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TN-67-26

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *GAS
TURBINES), (*VARIABLE AREA NOZZLES, *STABILIZATION
SYSTEMS), PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), AXIAL-FLOW
TURBINES, GAS GENERATING SYSTEMS, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, ANALOG COMPUTERS, SIMULATION, ROLL,
MATERIALS, DESIGN, TURBINE WHEELS, GAS TURBINE
ROTORS, STRESSES, ANALOG SYSTEMS, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: *TIP TURBINES, *LIFT FANS, V-5
AIRCRAFT, XV-5A AIRCRAFT, A353-5A FANS, LF2
ROTORS, J-85 ENGINES, YJ85-GE-5 ENGINES,
JAZZERS, VARIABLE AREA SCROLLS, *POWER TRANSFER
SYSTEMS (U)

DEMONSTRATION TESTS AND ANALOG SIMULATIONS WERE
PERFORMED FOR THE VARIABLE AREA SCROLL POWER TRANSFER
APPLICABLE FOR THRUST CONTROL OF TIP TURBINE DRIVEN
LIFT FANS. THE TIP TURBINE DRIVEN LIFT FAN USED
THE LIGHTWEIGHT LF2 ROTOR. CONTROL RESPONSE
RATES OF 0.31 SECOND FOR ROLL CONTROL AND 0.10 SECOND
FOR HEIGHT CONTROL WERE DEMONSTRATED. THE JAZZER,
AN ANTICIPATORY DEVICE, IMPROVED THE RESPONSE TO
ABOUT ONE-HALF THE ORIGINAL LEVEL. AERODYNAMIC
PERFORMANCE OF THE SYSTEM MET OR EXCEEDED OBJECTIVE
LEVELS. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-668 006 1/3 14/2 5/9
BELL AEROSYSTEMS CO BUFFALO N Y

STUDY, SURVEY OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT
SIMULATOR TRAINER DYNAMIC RESPONSE. VOLUME II.
DYNAMIC RESPONSE CRITERIA FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT FLIGHT
TRAINERS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.:
MAY 67 187P STREIFF, H. G. ;
CONTRACT: N61339-175J
PROJ: 7681-1
MONITOR: NAVTRADLVCEW 1753-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME I, AD-668 005.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
SIMULATORS), (*FLIGHT SIMULATORS, STANDARDS),
SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, HELICOPTERS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, TRAINING DEVICES, DESIGN,
HANDLING, EQUATIONS OF MOTION, PILOTS, RESPONSE,
COMPUTER PROGRAMS, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS,
SIMULATION (U)

THE RESULTS OF A STUDY TO DETERMINE THE DYNAMIC
RESPONSE CRITERIA FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT SIMULATOR
TRAINERS ARE PRESENTED. THE FUNDAMENTALS OF V/
STOL DYNAMICS, CONTROL, AND SIMULATION WITHIN THE
VARIOUS V/STOL FLIGHT REGIMES ARE DESCRIBED.
DIFFICULTIES LIKELY TO BE ENCOUNTERED IN DEVELOPING
AN ADEQUATE V/STOL AIRCRAFT SIMULATION ARE ALSO
PRESENTED. METHODS AND PROCEDURES FOR DETERMINING
THE ACCURACY TO WHICH SPECIFIC DYNAMIC RESPONSE
PARAMETERS MUST BE SIMULATED ARE PRESENTED, AND BASED
UPON THESE, SIMULATION TOLERANCES ARE DEVELOPED FOR
EACH SIGNIFICANT HANDLING QUALITIES PARAMETER IN EACH
FLIGHT REGIME. THE DYNAMIC ATTRIBUTES OF THE
PILOT-AIRCRAFT COMBINATION WITH REGARD TO EACH
SPECIFIC PARAMETER ARE DISCUSSED. A DETAILED
DESCRIPTION OF VARIOUS V/STOL AIRCRAFT EQUATIONS
OF MOTION, TRANSFER FUNCTIONS, AND MODES OF MOTION IS
INCLUDED AND THE PRACTICAL LIMITATIONS OF VARIOUS
METHODS AND PROCEDURES FOR PROGRAMMING THE EQUATIONS
OF MOTION FOR PILOTED FLIGHT SIMULATION PURPOSES ARE
DISCUSSED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-668 714 1/3
LTV AEROSPACE CORP DALLAS TEX LTV VUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

RESEARCH ON VTOL WATER HOVER EFFECTS, INCLUDING THE
EFFECTS OF WIND AND WAVES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
APR 68 241P MARSH, KEITH R. ;
REPT. NO. 2-55400/8R-6140
CONTRACT: N00014-67-C-0488
PROJ: NR-212-167

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
HOVERING), (•WATER, DOWNWASH), TACTICAL AIR
SUPPORT, TILT WINGS, OCEANS, WATER WAVES, WIND,
MODELS(SIMULATIONS), ALL-WEATHER AVIATION,
ANTISUBMARINE WARFARE, SEA RESCUES, SURFACE
PROPERTIES, TEST FACILITIES, TEST EQUIPMENT, DATA
PROCESSING SYSTEMS, STABILITY, DIGITAL SYSTEMS,
PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT, TEST METHODS, MODEL
TESTS (U)

VERY LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT THE PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED
WITH A VTOL AIRCRAFT HOVERING OVER A WATER SURFACE.
SOME OF THE MORE IMPORTANT OF THESE UNKNOWN EFFECTS
APPEAR TO BE THE EFFECTS OF SURFACE WINDS AND WAVES
ON THE STABILITY AND CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE
HOVERING AIRPLANE, THE EFFECTS OF THE AIRPLANE'S
DOWNWASH ON THE WATER SURFACE, AND THE EFFECTS OF
SURFACE WINDS AND WAVES ON THE SPRAY GENERATED BY THE
AIRPLANE'S DOWNWASH. IN ORDER TO EXAMINE THESE
SEEMINGLY MORE IMPORTANT EFFECTS, A SPECIAL MODEL
TESTING FACILITY HAS BEEN BUILT. THIS FACILITY
PERMITS A MODEL SIMULATING A HOVERING AIRPLANE TO BE
TESTED AS THE FACILITY GENERATES WAVES OF VARIABLE
HEIGHTS AND LENGTHS ON THE WATER SURFACE BELOW THE
MODEL TEST STATION. THE FACILITY CAN ALSO GENERATE
A SURFACE WIND. DURING THIS TEST A MODEL OF A
TILTING VTOL AIRPLANE WITH FOUR PROPELLERS WAS
TESTED AS IT SIMULATED HOVER AT VARYING HEIGHTS AND
DISK LOADINGS ABOVE THE VARIABLE WATER SURFACE
CONDITIONS. THE EFFECTS OF WATER WAVES ON THE
FORCES AND MOMENTS FELT BY THE HOVERING MODEL WERE
FOUND TO BE NEGLIGIBLE, AND THE EFFECTS OF THE
SURFACE WIND ON THE FORCES AND MOMENTS WERE FOUND TO
BE AS WOULD BE PREDICTED WITH A NEGLIGIBLE EFFECT OF
WAVES EVEN WITH THE SURFACE WIND. (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-669 226 1/3 1/1 20/4
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AEROSPACE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

FLUID DYNAMICS OF ROTOR AND FAN SUPPORTED AIRCRAFT AT
SUBSONIC SPEEDS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS.

SEP 67 597P

REPT. NO. AGARD-CP-22

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: NATO FURNISHED. PRESENTED AT A
SPECIALISTS' MEETING OF THE FLUID DYNAMICS PANEL
OF AGARD, GOETTINGEN (GERMANY) 11-13 SEP 67.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SYMPOSIA), HELICOPTERS, HELICOPTER ROTORS,
ROTARY WINGS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, MODEL TESTS, FANS, AEROELASTICITY,
JETS, LIFT, DEFLECTION, PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
AIRPLANE NOISE, VORTICES, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: STOWED ROTOR AIRCRAFT, CROSS FLOW,
LIFT FANS, TRANSITION FLIGHT (U)

THE COLLECTION OF PAPERS EMPHASIZES THE FOLLOWING
AREAS: ROTORS AND FANS IN HOVER AND TRANSITION,
INTERFERENCE WITH THE AIRFRAME AND THE GROUND, GROUND
EFFECTS ON ROTORS AND FANS, NOISE PROBLEMS AND
TESTING TECHNIQUES. THE TOPICS ARE BASED ON LOW-
DISCLOADING DEVICES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-670 965 1/3 15/7
LTV AEROSPACE CORP DALLAS TEX LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF THE XC-142A TILT-WING V/STOL
AIRCRAFT TO IN-FLIGHT CARGO DELIVERY AT SLOW SPEEDS.(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
MAK 68 123P WILSON, JERRY W. ; SCHIRA,
MIKE P. ; DEITERING, J. STEVE ;
REPT. NO. 2-5331U/6R-6098
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-327(T)
PROJ: DA-1F121401A254
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-68-4

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*TRANSPORT PLANES, *AIR DROP
OPERATIONS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIR DROP
OPERATIONS), CARGO, AIRSPEED, PAYLOAD,
HOVERING, GROUND EFFECT, CARGO PARACHUTES,
MILITARY PERSONNEL, TILT WINGS, SIMULATION,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: XC-142A AIRCRAFT, C-142 AIRCRAFT,
TRANSITION FLIGHT, EXTRACTION PARACHUTES,
GRAPHS(CHARTS) (U)

THE POTENTIAL ABILITY OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT TO
PERFORM ARMY DROP MISSIONS AT VARIOUS ALTITUDES
WHILE FLYING AT SPEEDS FROM HOVER TO CONVENTIONAL
FLIGHT COULD PROVIDE A BASIS FOR PRECISION IN-FLIGHT
DELIVERY AND COULD OVERCOME MAJOR OPERATIONAL
RESTRICTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH MANY OF THE CONVENTIONAL
AIR-DROP TECHNIQUES. THE STUDY WAS PARTIALLY BASED
ON ACTUAL AIR-DROP DEMONSTRATIONS. SINGLE CARGO
LOADS OF UP TO 3,000 POUNDS WERE GRAVITY DROPPED IN
HOVER AND AT 30 KNOTS, AND LOADS OF UP TO 4,000
POUNDS WERE EXTRACTED BY PARACHUTE AT 127 KNOTS.
USING THESE FLIGHT DATA TO SET UP A REALISTIC
SIMULATION, A MATHEMATICAL MODEL OF THE XC-142A
AIRPLANE AND A HUMAN PILOT WERE USED TO EXAMINE THE
AIRCRAFT'S RESPONSE WITH CARGO WEIGHTS UP TO THE
AIRPLANE'S MAXIMUM PAYLOAD OF 8,000 POUNDS IN THE
LOW-SPEED PORTION OF TRANSITION AND 12,000 POUNDS AT
A 127-KNOT FLIGHT CONDITION. THE STUDY SHOWS THAT
THE MAXIMUM PAYLOAD COULD BE SUCCESSFULLY DROPPED
WITH PROPER PILOT TECHNIQUE. MEANS OF EXTENDING
THE AIRPLANE'S AIR-DROP CAPABILITY THROUGH THE USE OF
SPECIAL EXTRACTION FORCES AND PARAMETERS APPLICABLE
TO THE AIR-DROP SYSTEM WERE STUDIED.
(AUTHOR)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-671 029 1/3
HAMILTON STANDARD WINDSOR LOCKS CONN

FEASIBILITY STUDY OF ADVANCED V/STOL PROPELLER
TECHNOLOGY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
JUN 66 385P ADAMSON, W. M. ;
CONTRACT: DAAJ02-67-C-0073
PROJ: DA-1G121401D144
TASK: 1G121401D14415
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-68-33

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, WEIGHT),
(*PROPELLERS(AERIAL), WEIGHT), FEASIBILITY
STUDIES, PROPULSION GEARS, REDUCTION GEARS,
OPTIMIZATION, REDUCTION, DESIGN,
PITCH(MOTION), BORON, PROPELLER BLADES,
TITANIUM

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: TRADEOFFS

(U)

A FEASIBILITY STUDY OF ADVANCED V/STOL
PROPELLER SYSTEMS FOR THE 1970-1975 TIME PERIOD WAS
CONDUCTED. THE PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY WAS
TO INVESTIGATE THE APPLICATION OF NEW MATERIALS AND
NEW DESIGN CONCEPTS TO DEFINE THE MAXIMUM REDUCTIONS
IN SPECIFIC WEIGHT OF THE COMPLETE PROPELLER SYSTEM
(INCLUDING REDUCTION GEARBOX) ATTAINABLE IN THIS
TIME PERIOD. PRELIMINARY DESIGNS OF FUTURE
PROPELLER SYSTEMS PRESENTED IN THE REPORT ARE OVER 50
PERCENT LIGHTER THAN COMPARABLE PRESENT-DAY V/
STOL SYSTEMS. THREE INTEGRAL GEARBOX PROPELLER
SYSTEMS, WITH AND WITHOUT CYCLIC PITCH AND WITH AND
WITHOUT A CROSS-SHAFT DRIVE PAD, WERE DEFINED IN THIS
REPORT USING THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY INDICATED AS
FEASIBLE BY THE STUDY. EACH MAJOR COMPONENT OF THE
IGB PROPELLER SYSTEM WAS OPTIMIZED AND THEN MERGED
INTO COMPLETE SYSTEM DESIGNS. A SUMMARY WEIGHT
TABULATION IS PRESENTED SHOWING THE RELATIVE
CONTRIBUTIONS OF EACH MAJOR COMPONENT OF THE
PROPELLER SYSTEM TO THE TOTAL INDICATED WEIGHT
REDUCTIONS. A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF THE WEIGHT
REDUCTIONS IS SHOWN TO BE ACHIEVABLE BY 1970, SINCE
THE TECHNOLOGY REQUIRED IS PRESENTLY UNDER
DEVELOPMENT OR IS A NATURAL EXTENSION OF EXISTING
TECHNOLOGY. OTHER SIGNIFICANT WEIGHT REDUCTIONS,
SUCH AS THOSE RESULTING FROM THE USE OF BORON BLADE
SPARS AND TITANIUM GEARING, ARE AT AN EARLY PHASE OF
THEIR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-671 041 1/3 20/4 1/1
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND
ASTRONAUTICS

AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY OF ALLEVIATING THE LIMITS ON
MINIMUM-SPEED V/STOL WIND-TUNNEL TESTS, (U)

JAN 68 27P SHINDO, SHOJIRO ;RAE, WILLIAM
H. , JR;
REPT. NO. 68-1
CONTRACT: DA-ARO(D)-31-124-G481
PROJ: DA-20014501B33G
MONITOR: ARDD 450613-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, ROTARY WINGS,
AERODYNAMIC LOADING, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
DOWNWASH, WAKE, HOVERING (U)
IDENTIFIERS: FLOW BREAKDOWN,
FENCES(AERODYNAMICS), TRANSITION FLIGHT (U)

AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY WAS MADE TO INVESTIGATE SOME
MEANS TO ALLEVIATE FLOW BREAKDOWN BY USING A NUMBER
OF DIFFERENT STRAKE OR FENCE CONFIGURATIONS. A
TOTAL OF 23 DIFFERENT CONFIGURATIONS WERE STUDIED IN
THE 4 X 6 FT. INSERT WITH A 2 FT. DIAMETER RIGID
ROTOR AT ABOUT 7 PSF DISK LOADING. NONE OF THE
STRAKE CONFIGURATIONS STUDIED IN THE EXPERIMENT
COMPLETELY ELIMINATE THE EFFECT OF FLOW BREAKDOWN.
A FURTHER EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION IS DESIRABLE
BECAUSE OF THE INCREASING INTEREST IN TESTING V/
STOL VEHICLES IN THE TRANSITION SPEED RANGE.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-672 272 1/3 5/8
BOLT BERANEK AND NEWMAN INC CAMBRIDGE MASS

AN OPTIMAL CONTROL METHOD FOR PREDICTING CONTROL
CHARACTERISTICS AND DISPLAY REQUIREMENTS OF MANNED-
VEHICLE SYSTEMS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 1 JUL 66-31 AUG 67,
JUN 68 173P ELKIND, JEROME I. ; FALB,
PETER L. ; KLEINMAN, DAVID ; LEVISON, WILLIAM H.

REPT. NO. BBN-1559
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-5160
PROJ: AF-8219
TASK: 821910
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-67-187

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, MAN-
MACHINE SYSTEMS, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, ANALYSIS,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, OPTIMIZATION, TIME,
HOVERING, GAIN, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, PILOTS,
PERFORMANCE (HUMAN) (U)
IDENTIFIERS: XV-5A AIRCRAFT, OPTIMAL CONTROL
THEORY, V-5 AIRCRAFT (U)

AN ANALYTIC PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING INFORMATION
DISPLAY REQUIREMENTS AND HUMAN CONTROL AND INSTRUMENT
MONITORING CHARACTERISTICS FOR COMPLEX MULTIVARIABLE
VEHICULAR CONTROL SYSTEMS IS DEVELOPED. THE METHOD
IS BASED UPON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THE HUMAN
CONTROLLER WILL ACT IN A NEAR OPTIMAL MANNER.
OPTIMAL CONTROL THEORY AND ITS ASSOCIATED STATE-
SPACE REPRESENTATION IS USED AS THE BASIS FOR THE
ANALYTIC PROCEDURE. A MODEL FOR THE HUMAN
CONTROLLER IS DEVELOPED IN WHICH THE CONTROLLER'S
INHERENT LIMITATIONS ARE APPROXIMATED BY A TIME
DELAY. THE MODEL INCLUDES A PREDICTOR FOR
COMPENSATING FOR THIS TIME DELAY, A CONTROLLER FOR
PRODUCING THE CONTROL INPUTS TO THE VEHICLE AND A
COST FUNCTIONAL THAT IS TO BE MINIMIZED. THE
CONTROLLER IS ASSUMED TO BE OPTIMAL. SEVERAL
SUBOPTIMAL PREDICTORS ARE INVESTIGATED. ONLY
QUADRATIC COST FUNCTIONALS ARE CONSIDERED. THE
ANALYTIC PROCEDURE ASSUMES THAT THE HUMAN OPERATOR'S
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS CAN BE REPRESENTED BY A SET
OF GAINS OPERATING ON THE DELAYED STATE VARIABLES OF
THE SYSTEM.

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-703 882 1/3 1/2
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

VERTICAL TAKEOFF AND LANDING. (U)

FEB 70 120P PAVLENKO, V. F. ;
REPT. NO. FTD-MT-24-379-69
PROJ: FTD-7230278

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: EDITED MACHINE TRANS. OF MONO.
VERTIKALNYI VZLET I POSADKA, MOSCOW, 1968 PI-112, BY
ROBERT ALLEN POTTS.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), TAKE-OFF, AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS, HELICOPTERS, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS, STABILIZATION, AVIATION SAFETY,
JETS, FLIGHT, USSR (U)
IDENTIFIERS: ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT, (U)
TRANSLATIONS

CONTENTS: CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF FLIGHTS IN
NATURE; HELICOPTERS AND ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT;
VTOL AIRCRAFT; VTOL AIRCRAFT POWER PLANTS;
STABILIZATION AND CONTROL OF VTOL; TRANSITION
CONDITIONS OF FLIGHT OF VTOL AIRCRAFT; FLIGHT
SAFETY OF VTOL AIRCRAFT; EFFECT OF A GAS JET ON
THE TAKEOFF-LANDING SITE; ANOMALIES OF FLIGHT
CHARACTERISTICS OF VTOL. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-704 562 5/10 1/3
BOLT BERANEK AND NEWMAN INC CAMBRIDGE MASS

APPLICATION OF OPTIMAL CONTROL THEORY TO THE
PREDICTION OF HUMAN PERFORMANCE IN A COMPLEX
TASK. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JAN 68-SEP 69,
MAR 70 156P BARON, SHELDON; ELKIND, JEROME
I.; KLEINMAN, DAVID L.; MILLER, DUNCAN; ;
LEVISON, WILLIAM H. ;
REPT. NO. BBN-1776
CONTRACT: F33615-68-C-1192
PROJ: AF-8219
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-69-81

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*REACTION (PSYCHOLOGY), THEORY),
(*PERFORMANCE (HUMAN), MATHEMATICAL
PREDICTION), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
HANDLING), HOVERING, SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS),
FEEDBACK, PITCH (MOTION), FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, SCANNING, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, HUMAN
ENGINEERING (U)

IDENTIFIERS: XV-5A AIRCRAFT, V-5 AIRCRAFT,
CONTROL THEORY, FEEDBACK CONTROL, TASK
COMPLEXITY, MANUAL CONTROL TASKS (U)

A PROCEDURE IS DEVELOPED FOR USING HUMAN RESPONSE
THEORY AND THE ANALYTIC METHODS OF OPTIMAL CONTROL
THEORY TO ANALYZE A COMPLEX MANUAL CONTROL TASK.
THE CENTRAL ELEMENT IN THE PROCEDURES IS A MODEL OF
THE HUMAN OPERATOR THAT IS BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION
THAT WELL-TRAINED OPERATORS PERFORM OPTIMALLY SUBJECT
TO CERTAIN INHERENT LIMITATIONS. RECENT RESULTS IN
HUMAN RESPONSE THEORY PROVIDE THE REPRESENTATION OF
THE HUMAN'S LIMITATIONS. OPTIMAL CONTROL THEORY IS
THEN USED TO PREDICT CLOSED-LOOP HUMAN AND SYSTEM
PERFORMANCE. THE MANUAL CONTROL OF THE
LONGITUDINAL POSITION OF A HOVERING VTOL VEHICLE IS
ANALYZED USING THE DEVELOPED TECHNIQUES.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-706 374 1/3
BELL HELICOPTER CO FORT WORTH TEX

A STABILITY AND CONTROL PREDICTION METHOD FOR
HELICOPTERS AND STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT. VOLUME
III: PROGRAMMER'S MANUAL. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. DEC 68-FEB 70,
MAR 70 37P BIRD, BILLY J. ;
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1121
PROJ: AF-8219
TASK: 8219U7
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-69-123-VOL-3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-706 918, AND
VOLUME 4, AD-706 919.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, STABILITY),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STABILITY),
INSTRUCTION MANUALS, SUBROUTINES, ROTOR
BLADES (ROTARY WINGS), HELICOPTER ROTORS,
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), CONTROL, DIGITAL
COMPUTERS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: *STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT DESCRIBES A MATHEMATICAL MODEL OF
ROTORCRAFT THAT MAY BE USED TO DETERMINE
CHARACTERISTICS OF PERFORMANCE, STABILITY, RESPONSE,
AND ROTOR BLADE LOADS. THE COMPLEXITY OF THE
EQUATIONS USED REQUIRES THE USE OF A DIGITAL COMPUTER
FOR EFFICIENT SOLUTION. THIS VOLUME CONTAINS AIDS
FOR THE COMPUTER PROGRAMMER. THE PROGRAMMING AIDS
ARE DIVIDED INTO TWO GROUPS: BACKGROUND MATERIAL
FOR THE PROGRAMMER JUST STARTING TO WORK ON THIS
COMPUTER PROGRAM AND THE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF THE
COMPUTER GENERATED DOCUMENTATION WHICH IS NECESSARY
FOR ANY PROGRAMMER TO WORK EFFECTIVELY ON THIS
PROGRAM. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-706 918 1/3
BELL HELICOPTER CO FORT WORTH TEX

A STABILITY AND CONTROL PREDICTION METHOD FOR
HELICOPTERS AND STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT. VOLUME
II: USER'S MANUAL. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. DEC 68-FEB 70,
FEB 70 164P BIRD, BILLY J. MCCLARTY,

TYCE T. I

CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1121

PROJ: AF-8219

TASK: 821907

MONITOR: AFFDL TR-69-123-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 3, AD-706 374.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, STABILITY),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STABILITY), ROTOR
BLADES (ROTARY WINGS), RESPONSE,
LOADING (MECHANICS),
PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING),
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), EQUATIONS OF MOTION,
HELICOPTER ROTORS, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION,
CONTROL (U)

IDENTIFIERS: *STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT (U)

THE VOLUME PRESENTS ALL DOCUMENTATION AVAILABLE TO
AID THE USER OF THE COMPUTER PROGRAM DEVELOPED IN
THIS WORK. THE INPUT FORMAT SECTION PROVIDES AN
EXPLANATION OF ALL OF THE QUANTITIES INPUT TO THE
COMPUTER PROGRAM. MANY OF THE INPUTS ARE DEFINED BY
EQUATIONS SHOWING HOW THEY FUNCTION IN THE PROGRAM.
THIS MAKES THE USE OF THE INPUTS AS CLEAR AS
POSSIBLE. FOUR TYPICAL SETS OF INPUT DATA ARE
INCLUDED AS WORKING EXAMPLES. THE OUTPUT GUIDE
GIVES A THOROUGH DISCUSSION OF ALL OF THE FORMS OF
COMPUTER OUTPUT OBTAINED BY THE USER.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-706 919 1/3
BELL HELICOPTER CO FORT WORTH TEX

A STABILITY AND CONTROL PREDICTION METHOD FOR
HELICOPTERS AND STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT. VOLUME
IV: APPENDICES.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. DEC 68-FEB 70,
MAR 70 312P BIRD, BILLY J. ;

CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1121

PROJ: AF-8219

TASK: 821907

MONITOR: AFFDL TR-69-123-VOL-4

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 3, AD-706 374.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, STABILITY),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STABILITY),
SUBROUTINES, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, ROTOR
BLADES(ROTARY WINGS), HELICOPTER ROTORS,
CONTROL, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT

(U)

CONTENTS: VARIABLE DEFINITIONS; SUBROUTINES
AND COMMONS CONTAINING EACH COMMON AND VARIABLE;
COMMONS AND VARIABLES IN EACH SUBROUTINE AND
COMMON; SUBROUTINES CONTAINING EACH VARIABLE, BY
COMMON; PROGRAM SECTIONS CONTAINING EACH VARIABLE,
BY COMMON; AND FORTRAN LISTING.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-707 831 1/3
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y FLIGHT RESEARCH
DEPT

A FLIGHT INVESTIGATION OF LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL
HANDLING QUALITIES FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN LOW
SPEED MANEUVERING FLIGHT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. AUG 68-AUG 69,
MAR 70 189P DOETSCH, K-H. ; JR.; GOULD,
D. G. ; MCGREGOR, D. M. ;
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3736
PROJ: AF-698DC
TASK: 698DC00
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-69-41

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH
NATIONAL AERONAUTICAL ESTABLISHMENT, OTTAWA
(ONTARIO), NAE-LTR-FR-12.

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
HANDLING), ROLL, MANEUVERABILITY, FLIGHT
SIMULATORS, FLIGHT TESTING, FLIGHT SPEEDS,
APPROACH

(U)

AN INVESTIGATION TO DETERMINE THE RANGES OF VARIOUS
LATERAL DIRECTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS REQUIRED TO
PROVIDE ADEQUATE FLYING QUALITIES FOR TURNING
MANEUVERS AT LOW SPEED WAS UNDERTAKEN USING AN
AIRBORNE V/STOL AIRCRAFT SIMULATOR. FIVE
PARAMETERS WERE VARIED IN A SYSTEMATIC MANNER: THE
DAMPING RATIO, THE FREQUENCY, AND THE RATIO AND THE
FREQUENCY OF THE NUMERATOR OF THE ROLL-ANGLE TO
AILERON-CONTROL-INPUT TRANSFER FUNCTION. THE PILOTS
PERFORMED A LOW SPEED, VISUAL MANEUVERING TASK AND
DOCUMENTED THEIR ASSESSMENT OF THE CHARACTERISTICS
THROUGH EXTENSIVE COMMENTS AND A NUMERICAL RATING.
THE REPORT PRESENTS ALL THE DATA CATEGORIZED WITH
RESPECT TO THE TEST PARAMETERS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-708 742 1/3
AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

PROPELLER STATIC PERFORMANCE TESTS FOR V/STOL
AIRCRAFT. PART II. TEST DATA (APPENDIX III). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REPT. FOR JUL 65-NOV 67,
JAN 70 365P CHUPIN, MATTHEW H. ;
REPT. NO. ASD-TR-69-15-PT-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO PART I, AD-708 501.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*PROPELLERS(AERIAL)); (*TRANSPORT PLANES,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL));
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING); EXPERIMENTAL DATA,
STATICS; PROPELLER BLADES; DESIGN (U)
IDENTIFIERS: XC-142A AIRCRAFT, C-142
AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE REDUCED DATA OBTAINED DURING AN EXTENSIVE SERIES OF PROPELLER STATIC PERFORMANCE TESTS WHICH WERE RUN BECAUSE OF A STATIC PERFORMANCE THRUST DEFICIENCY ENCOUNTERED DURING FLIGHT TESTS OF THE XC-142A V/STOL CARGO AIRCRAFT. THIRTEEN DIFFERENT PROPELLERS WERE USED; 28 DIFFERENT CONFIGURATIONS WERE OBTAINED BY CHANGING PARAMETERS OF SOME OF THE 13 BLADES. THE REDUCED DATA FOR THE 28 VERSIONS OF PROPELLERS TESTED ARE PRESENTED. PARAMETERS STUDIED DURING THE TESTS INCLUDED BLADE CUFF (ON OR OFF), TIP SHAPE, TWIST, ACTIVITY FACTOR, CAMBER, AND AIRFOIL SECTION. DATA ON SEVERAL OTHER STATIC THRUST PROPELLERS TESTED ON RIGS NOS. 1 AND 4, WHICH WERE NOT A PART OF THIS TEST SERIES, ARE ALSO PRESENTED FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. THE INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM THE TESTS, IN EFFECT, REPRESENTS A STATE-OF-THE-ART STUDY FOR IMPROVING PROPELLER STATIC PERFORMANCE FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT APPLICATIONS. THE INFORMATION OBTAINED DURING THESE TESTS CAN BE USED TO MORE ACCURATELY PREDICT STATIC THRUST FOR FUTURE PROPELLER DRIVEN V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-709 096 1/3 1/1
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEKEY CALIF

AN INVESTIGATION OF GROUND EFFECT ON VERTICAL
TAKEOFF AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
JUN 70 76P THOMPSON, CHARLES DOUGLAS :

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *GROUND
EFFECT), PRESSURE, FUSELAGES, VELOCITY, NOZZLE
GAS FLOW, JETS, THESES

(U)

THE THEORETICAL SOLUTION FOR THE FLOW BENEATH V/
STOL AIRCRAFT WAS EXTENDED TO INCLUDE TILTED JET
CONFIGURATIONS. A LABORATORY MODEL WAS CONSTRUCTED
TO TEST THE EFFECT OF VARIATION OF THE PARAMETERS
GOVERNING THE FLOW. FREE STREAMLINE PLOTS, PRESSURE
COEFFICIENTS ON THE GROUND AND FUSELAGE AND VELOCITY
PROFILES IN THE NOZZLES WERE DETERMINED FROM HOT-WIRE
ANEMOMETER TRAVERSES AND MICROMANOMETER READINGS.
EXPERIMENTAL DATA COMPARED FAVORABLY WITH THE
THEORETICAL DETERMINATIONS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-704 411 21/5
INTER-CONTROLS INC WASHINGTON D C

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEMS STUDY AS APPLIED TO INTER-
ENGINE THRUST CONTROL, (U)

JAN 70 246P CARRAS, ANDREW N. ; HUGHETT,
PAUL W. ;
CONTRACT: N00019-68-C-0117

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

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best available copy.

DESCRIPTORS: (*TURBOFAN ENGINES, CONTROL SYSTEMS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TURBOFAN ENGINES),
(*GAS TURBINES, MATHEMATICAL MODELS), DUCTED
FANS, TURBINE PARTS, LOGIC CIRCUITS, FUELS,
LIQUID LEVEL CONTROL, FAILURE (MECHANICS),
SIMULATION, COMPUTER PROGRAMS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: WTF-6U ENGINES, COMPUTERIZED
SIMULATION, COMPUTER ANALYSIS, *ENGINE CONTROL
SYSTEMS (U)

VTOL TYPE AIRCRAFT INCORPORATING TURBO-FAN ENGINES
AS LIFTING MEANS DO NOT SENSIBLY LEND THEMSELVES TO
THE CROSS-COUPPLING PROVISIONS INHERENTLY AVAILABLE
WITH THE SHAFTEING OF PROPELLER TYPE ENGINES. AN
ENGINE FAILURE IN THE FAN ENGINE CASE IS THEREFORE A
CONSIDERABLY MORE PRECARIOUS MATTER FOR WHICH
PROVISION FOR THRUST COMPENSATION MORE RESPONSIVE
THAN A PILOT WOULD APPEAR TO BE REQUIRED. THE STUDY
UTILIZES A VERY COMPREHENSIVE HYBRID SIMULATION OF
THE WTF-6U ENGINE WHEREIN ALL ENGINE COMPONENTS ARE
SIMULATED ON A PERFORMANCE MAP BASIS THEREBY
INCLUDING ALL NON-LINEARITIES AS WELL AS PERMITTING
THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY AND ALL ENGINE PARAMETERS FOR
USE AS CONTROLLED VARIABLES OPERATING IN CONJUNCTION
WITH THE MANIPULATED VARIABLE, FUEL FLOW. FURTHER,
REALISTIC ACCELERATION CONTROL IN THE COURSE OF LARGE
UPSETS IS ACCOMPLISHED THEREBY PERMITTING A CONTROL
SYSTEM ANALYSIS WHICH IS COMPLETELY APPLICABLE TO THE
DETAIL DESIGN OF THE CONTROL SYSTEM AND THE SELECTION
OF COMPONENTS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-709 475 1/4
HONEYWELL INC MINNEAPOLIS MINN MANNED SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY
GROUP

AIRCRAFT DISPLAYS FOR STEEP-ANGLE
APPROACHES.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. NOV 67-DEC 68,
JUL 70 278P WOLF, JAMES D. HOPPE,

RICHARD B. ;

REPT. NO. 12571-FR1

CONTRACT: N00014-68-C-0191

PROJ: NR-213-U61

MONITOR: JANAIR 681215

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*APPROACH, *DISPLAY SYSTEMS),
(*HELICOPTERS, APPROACH), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, APPROACH), AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, FLIGHT
PATHS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, SIMULATION
IDENTIFIERS: UH-1 AIRCRAFT, H-1 AIRCRAFT, XV-5
AIRCRAFT, V-5 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THE PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF THE PROGRAM WAS TO
INVESTIGATE AIRCRAFT DISPLAY REQUIREMENTS FOR STEEP-
ANGLE APPROACHES AND LANDINGS WITH 1975-1980 ERA
TACTICAL ROTARY-WING AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT. THE
STUDY WAS CONDUCTED WITH VARIABLE-VELOCITY
SIMULATIONS OF BELL UH-1 AND RYAN XV-5
AIRCRAFT. ALTERNATIVE DISPLAY FORMATS WERE
DEVELOPED AND EMPIRICALLY EVALUATED BY MEANS OF REAL-
TIME MAN-IN-THE-LOOP SIMULATION TECHNIQUES. IN
ADDITION, APPROACH ANGLE AND PROFILE CHARACTERISTICS
WERE SYSTEMATICALLY VARIED TO ASCERTAIN THEIR EFFECTS
ON TASK PERFORMANCE. INTERPRETED WITHIN THE
CONSTRAINTS IMPOSED UPON AND BY THE SIMULATIONS,
RESULTS OF THE STUDY INDICATED THAT MANUALLY
CONTROLLED IFR STEEP-ANGLE APPROACHES AND LANDINGS
ARE POSSIBLE WITH ALL DISPLAY FORMATS EVALUATED.
GENERALLY, HORIZONTAL SITUATION DISPLAY FORMATS
WERE FOUND TO YIELD MORE ACCURATE AND PRECISE
PILOTING PERFORMANCE WITH BOTH VEHICLES. EFFECTS OF
APPROACH-PROFILE VARIATIONS WERE MINOR, WHILE EFFECTS
OF APPROACH ANGLE DID VARY AS A FUNCTION OF THE
VEHICLE FLOWN AND THE AXIS OF ERROR OR PERFORMANCE
MEASUREMENT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-710 590 1/3
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

A NEW APPROACH TO THE SPECIFICATION AND EVALUATION
OF FLYING QUALITIES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
JUN 70 71P ANDERSON, RONALD O. ;
REPT. NO. AFFDL-TR-69-120
PROJ: AF-8219
TASK: 821909

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), MAN-MACHINE SYSTEMS,
PILOTS, HOVERING, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION,
SPECIFICATIONS, PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: EVALUATION (U)

A STUDY OF THE CORRELATION OF PILOT MODEL
PARAMETERS AND CLOSED-LOOP PERFORMANCE WITH PILOT
OPINION OF VTOL HOVER DYNAMICS WAS CONDUCTED. THE
ENCOURAGING RESULTS SUGGESTED A PILOT-VEHICLE
ANALYSIS METHOD OF PREDICTING PILOT MODEL PARAMETERS,
CLOSED-LOOP PILOT-VEHICLE PERFORMANCE WITH GUST
INPUTS, AND PILOT OPINION RATINGS FOR A WIDE RANGE OF
VEHICLE DYNAMICS. THIS APPROACH WAS, IN TURN, USED
TO PREDICT RATINGS FOR COMPARISON WITH FIXED BASE,
MOVING BASE, AND FLIGHT TEST RESULTS FOR VFR
CONDITIONS. AGAIN THE RESULTS WERE PROMISING, AND A
NEW METHOD OF SPECIFYING HOVER DYNAMICS FOLLOWED
NATURALLY. THE NEW PILOT-VEHICLE ANALYSIS CONCEPT,
CALLED THE MINIMUM PILOT RATING METHOD, IS DISCUSSED
IN TERMS OF APPLICATIONS TO OTHER TASKS, FLYING
QUALITIES SPECIFICATION, AND CONTROL SYSTEM DESIGN.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-711 665 20/4 1/1 1/3
ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER ARNOLD AIR FORCE
STATION TENN

INVESTIGATION OF THE RECIRCULATION REGION OF A FLOW
FIELD CAUSED BY A JET IN GROUND EFFECT WITH
CROSSFLOW. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 19 MAR-30 APR 70,
SEP 70 SUP BINION, T. W. , JR;
REPT. NO. AEDC-TR-70-192
CONTRACT: F40600-71-C-0002
PROJ: AF-8219, ARO-PD0084

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH ARO,
INC., TULLAHOMA, TENN. REPT. NO. ARO-PWT-TR-
70-202.

DESCRIPTORS: (*GROUND EFFECT, FLOW FIELDS),
(*JETS, INTERACTIONS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, HOVERING), VELOCITY (U)
IDENTIFIERS: CROSS FLOW (U)

A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED IN THE
LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL (V/STOL) TO
DETERMINE THE VELOCITIES IN THE RECIRCULATION REGION
OF THE FLOW FIELD PRODUCED BY THE INTERACTION OF A
JET IMPINGING ON A GROUND PLANE WITH CROSSFLOW.
AXIAL AND VERTICAL VELOCITY COMPONENT MEASUREMENTS
WERE OBTAINED WITH A FORWARD-SCATTERING LASER
DOPPLER VELOCIMETER. TEST RESULTS PROVIDE TWO-
COMPONENT VELOCITY FIELDS AND INDICATE THAT THE JET-
TO-FREE-STREAM VELOCITY RATIO IS MUCH MORE IMPORTANT
IN DETERMINING THE FLOW FIELD THAN THE MAGNITUDE OF
THE INDIVIDUAL VELOCITIES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM07

AD-712 645 1/3
BOEING CO PHILADELPHIA PA VERTOL DIV

EVALUATION OF GEARED FLAP CONTROL SYSTEM FOR
TILTWING V/STOL AIRCRAFT,

(U)

AUG 70 108P CHURCHILL, G. B. ;
REPT. NO. DB-2070

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLAPS),
(*FLAPS, *FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS), TILT WINGS,
PITCH(MOTION), HOVERING, MOMENTS, ANGLE OF
ATTACK, SERVOMECHANISMS, MODEL TESTS
IDENTIFIERS: GEARED FLAP CONTROL SYSTEMS,
TRANSITION FLIGHT, EVALUATION

(U)

(U)

THE GEARED FLAP CONTROL SYSTEM PROVIDES A MEANS FOR
CONTROLLING A TILTWING V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN HOVER
AND TRANSITION FLIGHT WITHOUT THE USE OF AUXILIARY
SYSTEMS SUCH AS CYCLIC PROPELLER PITCH OR TAIL JETS/
ROTORS. THE SYSTEM IS BASED ON USING THE FLAP AS AN
AERODYNAMIC SERVO TO POSITION THE WING RELATIVE TO
THE FUSELAGE. ALTHOUGH THE SYSTEM IS MECHANICALLY
SIMPLE, THE CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS ARE DIFFICULT TO
VISUALIZE BECAUSE OF THE COUPLED BODY DYNAMICS
INVOLVED. THEREFORE, A COMPREHENSIVE ANALYTICAL AND
MODEL TESTING PROGRAM WAS PERFORMED TO EVALUATE THE
SYSTEM. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-713 587 1/4
ARMY AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH LAB MOFFETT FIELD CALIF

MASS FLOW, VELOCITY AND IN-FLIGHT THRUST
MEASUREMENTS BY ION DEFLECTION, (U)

70 15P VAUSE, C. RANDE ; RUDLAND,
ROBERT S. ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIRSPEED INDICATORS, *VERTICAL TAKE-
OFF PLANES), VELOCITY, THRUST, MEASUREMENT,
IONS (U)

IDENTIFIERS: VAMS (VECTOR AIRSPEED MEASURING
SYSTEMS), VECTOR AIRSPEED MEASURING SYSTEMS (U)

AN INVESTIGATION WAS MADE OF THE USE OF GASEOUS
(ION) DISCHARGE SENSORS TO ACHIEVE ADEQUATE
MEASURE OF AIRCRAFT VELOCITY AND INSTALLED THRUST.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-715 315 1/3

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF AEROSPACE
ENGINEERING

AN INVESTIGATION OF THE TRAILING VORTEX
SYSTEM GENERATED BY A JET-FLAPPED WING
OPERATING AT HIGH WING LIFT COEFFICIENTS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,

JUN 70 46P MCCORMICK, BARNES W. ;

SCHUMACHER, WILLIAM J. ;

CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1165

PROJ: AF-1366

TASK: 136617

MONITOR: AFFUL TR-70-90

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VORTICES, TRAILING EDGE), (*JET
FLAPS, VORTICES), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
LIFT), WINGS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, ASPECT RATIO (U)
IDENTIFIERS: BLOWING (U)

THE PURPOSE OF THE INVESTIGATION WAS TO MEASURE THE
GEOMETRY OF THE TRAILING VORTEX GENERATED BEHIND A
JET-FLAPPED WING. SUCH VORTICES CAN POSE A SERIOUS
HAZARD TO AIRCRAFT THAT PENETRATE THEM. PREVIOUS
INVESTIGATIONS PERFORMED ON CONVENTIONAL WINGS
INDICATE THAT THESE VORTICES PERSIST FOR SOME TIME
AND HAVE MAXIMUM TANGENTIAL VELOCITIES WHICH INCREASE
LINEARLY WITH THE LIFT COEFFICIENT. AS FUTURE
AIRCRAFT MAY EMPLOY HIGH LIFT DEVICES SUCH AS JET-
FLAPPED WINGS, THE VORTICES GENERATED COULD BE EVEN
STRONGER. TWO SEMISPAN MODELS OF A JET-FLAPPED WING
WERE TESTED IN A SUBSONIC WING TUNNEL. PARAMETERS
VARIED DURING TESTING INCLUDED THE JET FLAP ANGLE,
ANGLE OF ATTACK, ASPECT RATIO, AND JET MOMENTUM
COEFFICIENT. VORTEX MEASUREMENTS WERE OBTAINED
USING A VORTEX METER WHICH MEASURED THE ROTATIONAL
SPEED OF THE FLUID WITHIN THE VORTEX. VALUES
OBTAINED WERE NUMERICALLY INTEGRATED TO YIELD THE
TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AND CIRCULATION DISTRIBUTED
THROUGH THE VORTEX. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS INDICATE
THAT THE MAXIMUM TANGENTIAL VELOCITY INCREASES TO A
MAXIMUM AND THEN DECREASES WITH CONTINUALLY
INCREASING JET BLOWING. AT HIGH VALUES OF JET
BLOWING, THE VORTEX WAS FOUND TO DECAY RAPIDLY
DOWNSTREAM. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-715 626 21/5
CURTISS-WRIGHT CORP WOOD-RIDGE N J

WTF-48 SINGLE ROTOR COMPRESSOR
DEVELOPMENT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL TECHNICAL REPT.,
NOV 70 59P MULLER, CHARLES H. ;
REPT. NO. CW-WR-69-098F
CONTRACT: N00019-69-C-0533

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*COMPRESSOR ROTORS, DESIGN),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TURBOFAN ENGINES),
(*TURBOFAN ENGINES, COMPRESSOR ROTORS), AXIAL-
FLOW COMPRESSORS, AXIAL-FLOW COMPRESSOR BLADES,
INLET GUIDE VANES, EXHAUST DIFFUSERS, GAS SEALS,
CONFIGURATION, TEST METHODS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: WTF-48 ENGINES, *LIFT FAN
ENGINES

(U)

DEVELOPMENT OF THE REDUCED SCALE WTF-48 LIFT FAN
ENGINE WAS CONTINUED UNDER THIS PROGRAM. THE
OBJECTIVE OF THE PROGRAM WAS IMPROVEMENT OF THE
PRESSURE RATIO, EFFICIENCY AND DIFFUSION OF THE
COMPRESSOR ROTOR. THIS PROGRAM INVESTIGATED THE
EFFECTS OF DEBLUNTING AND SWEEP OF THE ROTOR TRAILING
EDGE AND MODIFICATION OF THE PASSAGE AREA SCHEDULE
AND WALL CONTOURS. THE MODIFICATIONS INVESTIGATED
IN THIS PROGRAM DID NOT PRODUCE INCREASED ROTOR
PRESSURE RATIO OR EFFICIENCY. AN INCREASE OF 11%
IN ROTOR STATIC PRESSURE, ACCOMPANIED BY A 20%
REDUCTION IN DIFFUSER LOSSES, WAS ACCOMPLISHED.
THIS IMPROVEMENT PRODUCED A 5 POINT INCREASE IN
STAGE EFFICIENCY OF THE COMPRESSOR. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-715 939 20/1 1/3
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

THE ACOUSTIC ENVIRONMENT OF A DEFLECTED-JET
VTOL AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL MEMO.,

SEP 70 43P SMITH, D. L.; MCFARLAND,
S. L., JR;
REPT. NO. AFFDL-TN-70-1-FYA
PROJ: AF-1471
TASK: 147102

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIRPLANE ENGINE NOISE, *VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES), JETS, AERODYNAMIC NOISE,
HOVERING, NOZZLE GAS FLOW, EXHAUST NOZZLES,
DEFLECTION

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: NOISE POLLUTION

(U)

A NOISE SURVEY CONDUCTED ON A DEFLECTED-JET VTOL
AIRCRAFT IS DESCRIBED. THE TEST AIRCRAFT WAS
MOUNTED ON A VERTICAL THRUST STAND WITH THE NOZZLES
ORIENTED IN THE 'HOVER-STOP' POSITION WHILE ENGINE
RUNS WERE MADE AT DIFFERENT POWER SETTINGS. FORTY-
ONE (41) MICROPHONES WERE LOCATED IN THE FIELD ON
THE PORT SIDE OF THE AIRCRAFT AND SIX (6)
MICROPHONES WERE LOCATED AT POSITIONS NEAR THE
AIRCRAFT SKIN. THE HEIGHT OF THE FIELD MICROPHONES
WAS VARIED (5 FT, 10 FT, AND 15 FT). ONE-THIRD
OCTAVE BAND SPECTRA OBTAINED FROM ALL MICROPHONES AND
FOR ALL ENGINE POWER SETTINGS WERE FLAT AND DID NOT
EXHIBIT THE 'HAYSTACK' SHAPE WHICH IS CHARACTERISTIC
OF A FREE JET. TYPICAL ONE-THIRD OCTAVE BAND SOUND
PRESSURE LEVEL SPECTRA AND CONTOURS OF OVERALL SOUND
PRESSURE LEVEL ARE PRESENTED. ESTIMATES OF JET
TOTAL ACOUSTIC POWER ARE DEVELOPED FROM THE
MEASUREMENTS AND RELATED TO ENGINE OPERATING
PARAMETERS. EXPRESSIONS ARE DERIVED TO PREDICT THE
ONE-THIRD OCTAVE BAND SPECTRA AT POSITIONS IN THE
FIELD AND ON THE VEHICLE FROM SIMILARLY CONFIGURED
AIRCRAFT FOR VARIOUS ENGINE OPERATING CONDITIONS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-718 121 1/1 20/4
LOCKHEED-GEORGIA CO MARIETTA

A THEORETICAL INVESTIGATION OF A CIRCULAR
LIFTING JET IN A CROSS-FLOWING
MAINSTREAM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JUL 69-DEC 70,
JAN 71 6UP HACKETT, JAMES E. ; MILLER,

H. RONALD ;

REPT. NO. LGR-ER-10940

CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1753

PROJ: AF-6169BT

MONITOR: AFFUL TR-70-170

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *LIFT),
(*JETS, LIFT), MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION,
THEORY, PRESSURE, VORTICES, POTENTIAL THEORY

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: CROSS FLOW

(U)

FINITE-ELEMENT POTENTIAL-FLOW-MODELING THEORETICAL
TECHNIQUES ARE DESCRIBED WHICH PREDICT, FROM FIRST
PRINCIPLES, BOTH THE ROLLED-UP GEOMETRY AND THE PATH
OF A ROUND LIFTING JET CONVERGENT INTO A CROSS-
FLOWING MAINSTREAM, AS ON VTOL OR DIRECT LIFT-
ASSISTED STOL AIRCRAFT. STARTING WITH A
STRAIGHT-CYLINDER GEOMETRY, 'POINT' VORTEX ELEMENTS
ARE PERTURBED USING A PREDICTOR-CORRECTOR STEPPING
METHOD TO GIVE A FIRST ESTIMATE OF THE BENT-BACK
SHAPE, USING ASSUMED CIRCULATION VALUES. A
COLLOCATION SCHEME IS NEXT USED TO REVISE THE
CIRCULATION VALUES, AND AFTER THREE OR FOUR
ITERATIONS, A FINAL EXIT-PLANE PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION
MAY BE CALCULATED. THE FAN-INDUCED TOTAL PRESSURE
RISE IS SIMULATED BY INJECTING VORTEX RINGS AT A
CHOSEN POSITION IN THE DUCT WHICH FEEDS THE JET.
SINCE THE SCOPE OF THE METHOD IS ENTIRELY NON-
VISCOUS, SEPARATIONS TOWARD THE REAR OF REAL JETS AND
THE ASSOCIATED PRESSURE CHANGES ARE NOT SIMULATED AND
BASE-PRESSURE TYPE OF PRESSURES CANNOT BE EXPECTED.
NEVERTHELESS, FOR FORWARD SPEED RATIOS OF 0.1, 0.2,
0.3 AND 0.4, THE LOW-PRESSURE CONTOURS AT EACH SIDE
OF THE JET DO SHOW AN INCREASING REARWARD SHIFT, JUST
AS IS FOUND EXPERIMENTALLY. SOMEWHAT SURPRISINGLY,
THE SIMULATED PLUMES WERE MORE STABLE AT HIGHER
VELOCITY RATIOS. AT LOWER FORWARD SPEEDS, THERE
WAS A TENDENCY TO FLAP, RATHER LIKE A HOSE END WHEN
FREED. IT IS ANTICIPATED THAT, IF VISCOUS EFFECTS
WERE SIMULATED, THESE MOTIONS MIGHT DAMP OUT.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-718 122 20/4 1/1 1/3
NORTHROP CORP HAWTHORNE CALIF. AIRCRAFT DIV

A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW. VOLUME 1.
TEST DESCRIPTION AND DATA ANALYSIS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
DEC 70 448P FRICKE, LYNN B. WOOLER,
PETER T. ZIEGLER, HENRY I
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1602
PROJ: AF-698BT
TASK: 698BT01
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-70-154-VOL-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*JET MIXING FLOW, INTERFERENCE),
(*EXHAUST GASES, JET MIXING FLOW), (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, NOZZLE GAS FLOW), FLAT PLATE
MODELS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, FLOW FIELDS, CURVE
FITTING, PRESSURE, DATA PROCESSING SYSTEMS, TEST
METHODS, FLOW VISUALIZATION, INTERACTIONS,
SIDESLIP

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: TOTAL PRESSURE RAKES, *CROSS FLOW,
GRAPHS(CHARTS), STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS,
CIRCULAR PLATES

(U)

A LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A FOUR-FOOT
DIAMETER CIRCULAR PLATE MODEL WITH UP TO THREE
EXHAUSTING JETS WAS CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE SURFACE
STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS, JET PATHS, AND JET
DECAY CHARACTERISTICS IN THE PRESENCE OF A CROSSFLOW.
DATA WERE OBTAINED FOR THE ONE-JET CONFIGURATION
WITH THE JET EXITING AT A NUMBER OF ANGLES TO THE
PLATE AND AT VARIOUS VELOCITY RATIOS AND SIDESLIP
ANGLES. TWO-JET ARRANGEMENTS WERE TESTED WITH THE
JETS EXITING NORMAL TO THE PLATE FOR THREE DIFFERENT
SPACINGS BETWEEN THE TWO JETS AND AT A NUMBER OF
VELOCITY RATIOS AND SIDESLIP ANGLES. THREE-JET
CONFIGURATION DATA WERE OBTAINED WITH THE JETS
EXITING NORMAL TO THE PLATE FOR A NUMBER OF VELOCITY
RATIOS AND SIDESLIP ANGLES. AS A RESULT OF THIS
INVESTIGATION, SEVERAL CONCLUSIONS ARE DEDUCED
PERTAINING TO THE INTERACTION OF MULTIPLE JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW. THE TEST MODEL,
INSTRUMENTATION, TEST PROCEDURE, AND REDUCTION AND
ACCURACY OF THE TEST DATA ARE DISCUSSED IN THIS
VOLUME. A SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF THE TEST
RESULTS ARE ALSO PRESENTED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-718 123 20/4 1/1 1/3
NORTHROP COMP HAWTHORNE CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW. VOLUME IV.
ADDITIONAL DATA FOR THE THREE-JET
CONFIGURATION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
DEC 70 20UP FRICKE, LYNN B. ; WOOLER,
PETER T. ; ZIEGLER, HENRY ;
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1602
PROJ: AF-698BT
TASK: 698BT01
MONITOR: AFFUL TR-70-154-VOL-4

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME I, AD-718 122.
REPORT ON V/STOL AIRCRAFT AERODYNAMIC PREDICTION
METHODS INVESTIGATION.

DESCRIPTORS: (*JET MIXING FLOW, INTERFERENCE),
(*EXHAUST GASES, JET MIXING FLOW), (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, NOZZLE GAS FLOW), FLAT PLATE
MODELS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, INTERACTIONS, FLOW
FIELDS, CURVE FITTING, PRESSURE, VELOCITY,
SIDESLIP

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *CROSS FLOW, THREE JET
CONFIGURATIONS, GRAPHS(CHARTS), CIRCULAR
PLATES, STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS

(U)

A LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A FOUR-FOOT
DIAMETER CIRCULAR PLATE MODEL WITH UP TO THREE
EXHAUSTING JETS WAS CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE SURFACE
STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS, JET PATHS, AND JET
DECAY CHARACTERISTICS IN THE PRESENCE OF A CROSSFLOW.
THREE-JET CONFIGURATION DATA WERE OBTAINED WITH THE
JETS EXITING NORMAL TO THE PLATE FOR A NUMBER OF
VELOCITY RATIOS AND SIDESLIP ANGLES. AS A RESULT OF
THIS INVESTIGATION, SEVERAL CONCLUSIONS ARE DEDUCED
PERTAINING TO THE INTERACTION OF MULTIPLE JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-720 232 20/4 1/1
NORTHROP CORP HAWTHORNE CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW. VOLUME 11.
ADDITIONAL DATA FOR THE ONE-JET
CONFIGURATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
DEC '70 506P FRICKE, LYNN B. WOOLER,
PETER T. ZIEGLER, HENRY I
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1602
PROJ: AF-698BT
TASK: 698BT01
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-70-154-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 1, AD-718 122 AND
VOLUME 3, AD-720 233.

DESCRIPTORS: (•JET MIXING FLOW, INTERFERENCE),
(•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, NOZZLE GAS FLOW),
DATA, FLAT PLATE MODELS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
FLOW FIELDS, PRESSURE, SIDESLIP, VELOCITY (U)
IDENTIFIERS: JET DECAY, STATIC PRESSURE
DISTRIBUTION, •VELOCITY RATIOS, •ONE JET
CONFIGURATIONS, GRAPHS(CHARTS), •CROSS
FLOW (U)

A LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A FOUR-FOOT
DIAMETER CIRCULAR PLATE MODEL WAS CONDUCTED TO
DETERMINE SURFACE STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS; JET
PATHS, AND JET DECAY CHARACTERISTICS IN THE PRESENCE
OF A CROSSFLOW. DATA WERE OBTAINED FOR A ONE-JET
CONFIGURATION WITH THE JET EXITING AT A NUMBER OF
ANGLES TO THE PLATE AND AT VARIOUS VELOCITY RATIOS
AND SIDESLIP ANGLES. THE REPORT IS THE SECOND OF
FOUR VOLUMES. THE TEST MODEL, INSTRUMENTATION,
TEST PROCEDURE, AND REDUCTION AND ACCURACY OF THE
TEST DATA WERE DISCUSSED IN VOLUME 1.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-720 233 20/4 1/1
NORTHROP CORP HAWTHORNE CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW. VOLUME III.
ADDITIONAL DATA FOR TWO-JET CONFIGURATIONS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
DEC 70 503P FRICKE, LYNN B. ; WOOLER,
PETER T. ; ZIEGLER, HENRY ;
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1602
PROJ: AF-698BT
TASK: 698BT01
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-70-154-VOL-3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-720 232.

DESCRIPTORS: (*JET MIXING FLOW, INTERFERENCE),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, NOZZLE GAS FLOW),
FLAT PLATE MODELS, MODEL TESTS, WIND TUNNEL
MODELS, FLOW FIELDS, VELOCITY, DATA, PRESSURE (U)
IDENTIFIERS: JET DECAY, *TWO JET CONFIGURATIONS,
STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION, *VELOCITY RATIOS,
GRAPHS(CHARTS), *CROSSFLOW (U)

A LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A FOUR-FOOT
DIAMETER CIRCULAR PLATE MODEL WITH UP TO THREE
EXHAUSTING JETS WAS CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE SURFACE
STATIC PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS, JET PATHS, AND JET
DECAY CHARACTERISTICS IN THE PRESENCE OF A CROSSFLOW.
TWO-JET ARRANGEMENTS WERE TESTED WITH THE JETS
EXITING NORMAL TO THE PLATE FOR THREE DIFFERENT
SPACINGS BETWEEN THE TWO JETS AND AT A NUMBER OF
VELOCITY RATIOS AND SIDESLIP ANGLES. THREE-JET
CONFIGURATION DATA WERE OBTAINED WITH THE JETS
EXITING NORMAL TO THE PLATE FOR A NUMBER OF VELOCITY
RATIOS AND SIDESLIP ANGLES. AS A RESULT OF THIS
INVESTIGATION, SEVERAL CONCLUSIONS ARE DEDUCED
PERTAINING TO THE INTERACTION OF MULTIPLE JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW. THE REPORT IS THE
THIRD OF FOUR VOLUMES. THE TEST MODEL,
INSTRUMENTATION, TEST PROCEDURE, AND REDUCTION AND
ACCURACY OF THE TEST DATA WERE DISCUSSED IN VOLUME
1. THE PRESENT VOLUME CONTAINS ADDITIONAL DATA
PERTAINING TO THE TWO-JET CONFIGURATIONS.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-721 166 1/3 1/2
CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD WASHINGTON D C.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD PLANNING STUDY:
STOL-VTOL AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS. (U)

MAR 70 37P HINTZE, CARL, JR;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIR
TRANSPORTATION), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIR
TRANSPORTATION), (*AIR TRANSPORTATION, *CIVIL
AVIATION), (*URBAN PLANNING, AIR
TRANSPORTATION), DESIGN, ECONOMICS, SOCIOLOGY (U)

THE STUDY WAS PREPARED TO PROVIDE INFORMATION TO
THE CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD MEMBERS AND STAFF
ON THE CURRENT STATUS OF STOL AND VTOL AIRCRAFT,
TERMINALS, AND ALLIED FACILITIES. THE STUDY IS A
CONSOLIDATION OF AVAILABLE INFORMATION ARRANGED TO
INDICATE THE CONSENSUS OF OPINION OF THE VARIOUS
AUTHORITIES IN THE FIELD. THE MAJOR DESIGN CONCEPTS
OF STOL AND VTOL AIRCRAFT AND SUPPORT SYSTEMS ARE
DESCRIBED IN RELATIVELY NON-TECHNICAL TERMS.
INCLUDED IS A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE CHANGING
SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF THE MAJOR METROPOLITAN
AREAS OF THE NATION AND THEIR ANTICIPATED EFFECTS ON
URBAN TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS. THE STUDY
SUMMARIZES THE PROBABLE COURSE OF EVENTS IN THE
EVOLUTION OF STOL AND VTOL AIR TRANSPORTATION
SYSTEMS, AND FUTURE PROJECTIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-724 144 1/3
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

THE 'PAPER-PILOT' -- A DIGITAL COMPUTER
PROGRAM TO PREDICT PILOT RATING FOR THE
HOVER TASK.

(U)

MAR 71 99P DILLOW, JAMES D. ;
REPT. NO. AFFDL-TR-70-40
PROJ: AF-8219
TASK: 8219U9

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*HOVERING), MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, COMPUTER
PROGRAMS, PILOTS, EQUATIONS OF MOTION, GUSTS,
COSTS, DIGITAL COMPUTERS

(U)

A MATHEMATICAL MODEL FOR PREDICTING THE PILOT
RATING OF THE FLYING QUALITIES OF A VTOL AIRCRAFT
IN THE PRECISION HOVER MODE IS DESCRIBED. THE MODEL
INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS: THE LONGITUDINAL
EQUATIONS OF MOTION FOR THE VTOL AIRCRAFT IN HOVER;
A STOCHASTIC GUST MODEL WHICH DESCRIBES DISTURBANCES
TO THE AIRCRAFT; A FIXED FORM PILOT MODEL WHICH HAS
FOUR FREE PARAMETERS; AND A COST FUNCTIONAL WHICH IS
MADE UP OF MEASURES OF AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE AND PILOT
WORKLOAD. THE FOUR FREE PILOT PARAMETERS OF THE
PILOT MODEL ARE SELECTED TO MINIMIZE THE COST
FUNCTIONAL. THESE PARAMETERS ARE ADJUSTED TO ENSURE
A 20% STABILITY MARGIN IN PILOT GAINS AND THEN USED
TO COMPUTE A 'PAPER PILOT' RATING OF THE FLYING
QUALITIES OF THE VTOL AIRCRAFT IN THE PRECISION
HOVER MODE. THE MATHEMATICAL EQUATIONS AND DIGITAL
COMPUTER PROGRAM USED TO EXERCISE THE MODEL ARE
DESCRIBED. THE 'PAPER PILOT' RATING WAS COMPUTED
FOR 79 AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATION/GUST INTENSITY
COMBINATIONS. THE AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS
CONSIDERED INCLUDE CASES WITH CONTROL LAG, STABILITY
AUGMENTATION SYSTEM LAG, AND LIMITED PITCH RATE
AUTHORITY IN THE STABILITY AUGMENTATION SYSTEM. THE
'PAPER PILOT' RATINGS ARE COMPARED TO ACTUAL PILOT
RATINGS OBTAINED IN FIXED BASE SIMULATION. THE
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE ACTUAL PILOT RATINGS AND THE
'PAPER PILOT' RATING HAS A MEAN OF .14 AND A STANDARD
DEVIATION OF .63 OUT OF A 10 POINT RATING SCALE.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-725 241 1/3 1/1
DEUTSCHE FORSCHUNGS- UND VERSUCHSANSTALT FUER LUFT- UND
RAUMFAHRT E V BRUNSWICK (WEST GERMANY)

UNTERSUCHUNGEN UEBER DEN EINFLUSS EINES
GENEIGTEN TRIEBWERKSTRAHLS AUF DIE
AERODYNAMISCHEN EIGENSCHAFTEN EINES LEITWERKS
(INVESTIGATIONS OF THE INFLUENCE OF AN INCLINE
PROPULSIVE JET ON THE AERODYNAMIC PROPERTIES
OF THE TAIL ASSEMBLY),

(U)

APR 70 18P SEIDEL, MANFRED ;
REPT. NO. DFVLR-SONDERDRUCK-104

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT
AVAILABILITY: PUB. IN ZEITSCHRIFT FUER
FLUGWISSENSCHAFTEN, V19 N1 P13-29 1971. NO COPIES
FURNISHED BY DDC OR NTIS.
SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: TEXT IN GERMAN.

DESCRIPTORS: (*STABILIZERS(HORIZONTAL TAIL
SURFACE), AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), LIFT,
JETS, PITCH(MOTION), VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
MODEL TESTS, WEST GERMANY

(U)

IN A BASIC EXPERIMENTAL STUDY THE CHANGE IN LIFT OF
AN 'ISOLATED' TAILPLANE INDUCED BY A COLD CIRCULAR
JET IS DETERMINED. WITH REGARD TO THE LONGITUDINAL
STABILITY OF A VTOL AIRCRAFT IN THE TRANSITION
SPEED RANGE, A DOMINANT PARAMETER IS THE ANGLE OF THE
JET NOZZLE RELATIVE TO THE MAINSTREAM DIRECTION.
AS FURTHER PARAMETERS THE JET-SPEED TO MAINSTREAM-
SPEED RATIO, THE DIAMETER OF THE NOZZLE AND ITS
POSITION RELATIVE TO THE TAILPLANE, THE INCIDENCE,
THE CHORD AND THE THICKNESS OF THE TAILPLANE ARE
INVESTIGATED. SYSTEMATIC FORCE AND PRESSURE
MEASUREMENTS WERE CARRIED OUT ON SEVERAL TAILPLANE
MODELS (NACA 0010 SECTION AND FLAT PLATE WITH A
ROUNDED NOSE) OF RECTANGULAR PLANFORMS AND WITH
SIDEPLATES. THE RESULTS PROVIDE A SURVEY ON THE
MAGNITUDE OF JET-INDUCED TAILPLANE CONTRIBUTIONS TO
CHANGES IN STABILITY AND MAY ALLOW TO ESTIMATE
ROUGHLY ENGINE-EFFLUX EFFECTS IN AN EARLY DESIGN
STAGE OF AN AIRCRAFT. SOME FLUID-MECHANICAL
ASPECTS OF THE SPREADING AND INTERFERENCE OF INCLINED
JETS ARE DISCUSSED. THE TESTING INSTALLATION AND
PERFORMANCE ARE BRIEFLY DESCRIBED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-725 746 1/3
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

THE GENERATION OF A MILITARY SPECIFICATION
FOR FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED V/STOL
AIRCRAFT-MIL-F-83300. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. APR 66-MAR 71,
APR 71 41P KEY, DAVID L. ;
REPT. NO. CAL-BB-2925-F-1
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3736, F33615-70-C-1322
PROJ: AF-698DC
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-23

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SPECIFICATIONS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SPECIFICATIONS), PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING),
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, STABILITY (U)

THE DOCUMENT DESCRIBES A FOUR YEAR EFFORT WHICH LED
TO THE ADOPTION OF A NEW MILITARY SPECIFICATION
MIL-F-83300, 'FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED
V/STOL AIRCRAFT', AND THE PUBLICATION OF A
SUPPORTING DOCUMENT, 'BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND
USER GUIDE FOR MIL-F-83300, MILITARY
SPECIFICATION - FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED
V/STOL AIRCRAFT' (AFFDL-TR-70-88).
INCLUDED IN THE REPORT IS AN ASSESSMENT OF THE
STATUS OF V/STOL FLYING QUALITIES RESEARCH AND
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE WORK. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-726 103 1/3 20/4
NORTH AMERICAN ROCKWELL CORP LOS ANGELES CALIF LOS ANGELES
DIV

AERODYNAMIC STABILITY AND CONTROL/WIND
TUNNEL DATA CORRELATION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL TECHNICAL REPT. 15 OCT 66-31
AUG 70,

MAY 71 219P CASTLE, G. R. ;
REPT. NO. NA-70-327-2
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-5323
PROJ: AF-698BT
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
STABILITY), (*FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES), WIND TUNNEL MODELS, HOVERING,
POWER, INTERFERENCE, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
EXPERIMENTAL DATA

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: V-4 AIRCRAFT, XV-4B AIRCRAFT, XV-
5A AIRCRAFT, V-5 AIRCRAFT, V-6 AIRCRAFT,
KESTREL AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE GENERAL OBJECTIVE WAS TO COLLECT AND ANALYZE
AERODYNAMIC STABILITY AND CONTROL DATA FOR THE XV-
4B, XV-5A, AND P-1127 VTOL CONFIGURATIONS.
CORRELATION AND ANALYSIS OF EXISTING MODEL DATA
WERE MADE TO INVESTIGATE HOVER AND TRANSITION
CHARACTERISTICS. PARTICULAR EMPHASIS WAS PLACED ON
THE AERODYNAMIC POWER EFFECTS, SOMETIMES REFERRED TO
AS INTERFERENCE EFFECTS. OTHER AREAS OF
INVESTIGATION WERE SOMETIMES REFERRED TO AS
INTERFERENCE EFFECTS. OTHER AREAS OF INVESTIGATION
WERE NONDIMENSIONAL COEFFICIENTS USED TO PRESENT
VTOL DATA AND WIND TUNNEL TEST TECHNIQUES. WIND
TUNNEL TESTS WERE CONDUCTED USING AN INLET ONLY MODEL
AND A JET ONLY MODEL TO INVESTIGATE SPECIAL TEST AND
ANALYSIS PROBLEMS FOR THESE COMPONENTS. THE
AGREEMENT BETWEEN DIFFERENT SETS OF XV-4B MODEL
DATA WAS, IN GENERAL, FOUND TO BE POOR. HOWEVER,
THE NONDIMENSIONAL COEFFICIENTS USED BY LOCKHEED TO
REDUCE TO XV-4B MODEL DATA APPEAR TO BE VALID
PARAMETERS FOR THIS CATEGORY OF VTOL AIRPLANE.
THE JET ENTRAINMENT FLOW WAS SHOWN BY EXPERIMENT TO
BE THE PRIMARY CAUSE OF THE XV-4B POWER EFFECTS,
AND THE XV-4B JET PATH WAS EXPERIMENTALLY AND
THEORETICALLY DETERMINED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-726 872 1/3
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

PRINCIPLES OF DESIGN OF VERTICAL TAKEOFF AND
LANDING AIRCRAFT.

(U)

FEB 71 45UP KUROCHKIN, F. P. ;
REPT. NO. FTD-MT-24-255-70
PROJ: AF-5362
TASK: DIA-T65-09-04

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: EDITED MACHINE TRANS. OF MONO.
USNOVY PROEKTIROVANIYA SAMOLETOV S VERTIKALNYM
VZLETOM I POSADKUI, MOSCOW, 1970 PL-352, BY LEE O.
THOMPSON.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN),
AIRPLANE NOISE, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, WEIGHT,
HOVERING, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, LANDING GEAR, USSR
IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS

(U)
(U)

THE BOOK IS DEDICATED TO THE DRAFT DESIGNING OF A
COMPARATIVELY NEW TYPE OF AIRCRAFT POSSESSING THE
TAKEOFF AND LANDING PROPERTIES OF HELICOPTERS AND
OTHER FLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS, PECULIAR TO AIRCRAFT.
THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THEIR AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS BASIC PARAMETERS, GRAVIMETRIC
CHARACTERISTICS, AND DESIGNS WITH VARIOUS POWER PLANT
COMPOSITIONS ARE EXAMINED. TURBOPROP (TP) AND
TURBOJET ENGINES (TJ) (ORDINARY AND SPECIAL)
WERE USED IN THE COMPOSITION OF THE LATTER BOTH AS
SUSTAINER AND HUISTING, AND AS COMPOSITE ENGINES
ACCOMPLISHING IN ONE UNIT THE ROLE OF THE FIRST AND
THE SECOND. METHODS ARE GIVEN FOR CALCULATING THE
SPECIFIC VERTICAL TAKEOFF AND LANDING AIRCRAFT
(VTOL) PROCESSES OF FLIGHT, FOR EXAMPLE THE
TRANSFER FROM VERTICAL FLIGHT TO HORIZONTAL FLIGHT
AND CONVERSELY. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-728 112 12/1 1/3
SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIV DALLAS TEX INFORMATION AND CONTROL
SCIENCES CENTER

OPTIMAL AND SUBOPTIMAL CONTROL SYNTHESIS FOR
MINIMUM TIME VTOL TRANSITION: (U)

JUN 70 16P NARDIZZI, LOUIS R. ; TARNG,
MING Y. ; PARKER, ROBERT J. ;
CONTRACT: F44620-68-C-0023, NSF-GK-5608
PROJ: AF-9559
MONITOR: AFOSH TR-71-2211

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: PUB. IN IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON
AEROSPACE AND ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS VAES-7 N3 P506-520
MAY 71.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH LTV
AEROSPACE CORP., DALLAS, TEX.

DESCRIPTORS: (*ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS), PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL
EQUATIONS, INTEGRALS, MATRIX ALGEBRA, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, FEEDBACK,
OPTIMIZATION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: *CONTROL THEORY, AUTOMATIC CONTROL,
FEEDBACK CONTROL (U)

OPTIMAL OPEN-LOOP AND SUBOPTIMAL CLOSED-LOOP
CONTROLS FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT IN A MINIMUM, CLIMB-TO-
CRUISE TIME TRANSITION ARE PRESENTED IN THIS PAPER.
THE OPTIMAL OPEN-LOOP CONTROLS ARE SYNTHESIZED BY A
PROPOSED GRADIENT TECHNIQUE WHICH PROVIDES FOR THE
SELECTION OF DESIRED CHANGES IN PHYSICALLY MEANINGFUL
PARAMETERS DURING EACH ITERATION STEP. THE
SUBOPTIMAL CLOSED-LOOP CONTROLS OVER THE MINIMUM
TIME-TO-CLIMB INTERVAL. PIECEWISE-CONSTANT
FEEDBACK GAINS AND SWITCHING TIMES ARE SYNTHESIZED
FOR MULTIDIMENSIONAL CONTROL VECTORS WHICH ARE LINEAR
COMBINATIONS OF OBSERVABLE STATES. SEVERAL
COMPUTATIONAL RESULTS ARE PRESENTED FOR OPTIMAL AND
SUBOPTIMAL MINIMUM TIME CONTROLS WITH CONSTRAINED AND
UNCONSTRAINED TERMINAL FLIGHT-PATH ANGLES.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-728 546 1/3 20/4
AEROSPACE RESEARCH LABS WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

LOW AREA RATIO THRUST AUGMENTING
EJECTORS,

(U)

71 11P FANCHER, RICHARD B. ;
REPT. NO. ARL-71-0113
PROJ: AF-7116
TASK: 711600

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: PAPER COPY AVAILABLE FROM AMERICAN
INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS, 1290
AVE. OF THE AMERICAS, NEW YORK, N. Y. 10019
\$2.00/MF\$1.00. NO COPIES FURNISHED BY DDC OR
NTIS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PUB. IN AIAA FLUID AND PLASMA
DYNAMICS CONFERENCE (4TH) HELD AT PALO ALTO,
CALIF. 21-23 JUN 71, AS PAPER 71-576.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SUBSONIC NOZZLES, *THRUST
AUGMENTATION), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
LIFT), SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, SECONDARY FLOW,
VELOCITY, STATISTICAL DISTRIBUTIONS, MATHEMATICAL
MODELS, NOZZLES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *THRUST AUGMENTING EJECTORS,
ENTRAINMENT, VELOCITY PROFILES

(U)

THE THRUST AUGMENTATION, LIFT AUGMENTATION AND
NOISE REDUCTION CHARACTERISTICS OF COMPACT EJECTORS
MAKE THEM POTENTIALLY ATTRACTIVE FOR PROPULSION LIFT
SYSTEMS, ALTHOUGH IN THE PAST POOR THRUST
AUGMENTATION RESULTS HAVE NEGATED THE OTHER BENEFITS.
A SYNTHESIS OF AN EJECTOR'S INTERNAL FLOW PHENOMENA
DEVELOPED IN THIS PAPER INDICATES THAT IMPROVED
MIXING AND DIFFUSION CAN SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASE
THRUST AUGMENTATION. A COMPANION EJECTOR
EXPERIMENT DESIGNED FOR RAPID MIXING CONFIRMS THE
MODEL'S AUGMENTATION PREDICTIONS AND SHOWS REASONABLE
AGREEMENT WITH OTHER FLOW CHARACTERISTICS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-728 965 20/4 1/1
AIR VEHICLE CORP SAN DIEGO CALIF

A SLANTED ROUND JET AT LOW FORWARD SPEED,

(U)

DEC 70 5P STRAND, T. ;
CONTRACT: DA-31-124-ARO(D)-311
PROJ: DA-2-0-061102-B-33-G
MONITOR: AROD 5274;7-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: PUB. IN JNL. OF AIRCRAFT, V8 N4
P278-279 APR 71.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REVISION OF REPORT DATED 29 JAN
70.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *JET MIXING
FLOW), FLOW FIELDS, THEORY, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
MODEL TESTS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, VORTICES, ANALYSIS
OF VARIANCE, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES
IDENTIFIERS: *SLANTED ROUND JETS

(U)

(U)

A NEW THEORY WHICH MAY BE USED FOR ESTIMATES OF THE
VARIATION OF THE LIFT OF A SLANTED ROUND JET WITH
FORWARD SPEED IS EVALUATED.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-730 121 1/3 20/4
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED TECHNIQUES FOR THE
IDENTIFICATION OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT STABILITY
AND CONTROL PARAMETERS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. MAY 69-DEC 70,
AUG 71 359P CHEN, ROBERT T. N. ;
EULRICH, BERNARD J. ; LEBACQZ, J. VICTOR ;
REPT. NO: CAL-BM-282U-F-1
CONTRACT: N00019-69-C-0534

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS), FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS,
EQUATIONS OF MOTION, FLIGHT PATHS, STABILITY,
HOVERING, ALGORITHMS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *TRANSITION FLIGHT, KALMAN FILTERS,
X-22 AIRCRAFT

(U)

CONTEMPORARY ANALYSES OF TRANSITION FLIGHT OF V/
STOL AIRCRAFT ARE BASED ON AERODYNAMIC DATA
MEASURED IN A WIND TUNNEL OR ON ANALYTICAL PREDICTION
USING METHODS DEVELOPED FOR CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT.
THE VALIDITY AND ACCURACY OF THESE TECHNIQUES FOR
V/STOL AIRCRAFT HAS NOT YET BEEN ESTABLISHED, AND
IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT THEY BE CORRELATED WITH FLIGHT
TEST DATA THROUGH PARAMETER IDENTIFICATION. IN
SPITE OF THE COMPLICATED NATURE OF V/STOL
DYNAMICS IN TRANSITION, SOME METHOD OF IDENTIFYING
THESE CHARACTERISTICS IS REQUIRED. THIS REPORT
DOCUMENTS THE DEVELOPMENT OF IDENTIFICATION
TECHNIQUES TO MEET THIS REQUIREMENT. THE REPORT
FIRST PRESENTS THE SELECTION OF A MATHEMATICAL MODEL
TO REPRESENT A V/STOL AIRCRAFT (THE X-22A).
THIS IS FOLLOWED BY A DISCUSSION OF AVAILABLE
IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES. BASED UPON A THOROUGH
KNOWLEDGE OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PROGRAM AND THE
LIMITATIONS OF THE AVAILABLE TECHNIQUES, ADVANCED
TECHNIQUES SUITABLE FOR IDENTIFICATION OF V/STOL
AIRCRAFT STABILITY AND CONTROL PARAMETERS ARE
DEVELOPED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-732 736 2U/4 1/3
GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA

VORTEX SHEDDING FROM A TURBULENT JET IN A
CROSS-WIND, (U)

FEB 71 15P MCMAHON, H. M. ; HESTER, D.
D. ; PALFERY, J. G. ;
CONTRACT: DAHCU4-68-C-0004
MONITOR: AR00 T-2;18-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT
AVAILABILITY: PUB. IN JNL. OF FLUID MECHANICS,
V48 PT1 P73-80 1971.
SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REVISION OF REPORT DATED 20 AUG
70.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *JET MIXING
FLOW), WAKE, TURBULENCE, BLUNT BODIES, NOZZLE (U)
GAS FLOW, FLAT PLATE MODELS, MODEL TESTS
IDENTIFIERS: *VORTEX SHEDDING, EXHAUST PLUMES, (U)
*CROSS WIND PROPERTIES, STROUHAL NUMBER

MEASUREMENTS IN THE WAKE BEHIND TURBULENT JETS
EXHAUSTING FROM A SOLID SURFACE INTO A CROSS-WIND
INDICATE THAT VORTEX SHEDDING OCCURS AS IN THE CASE
OF FLOW PAST SOLID BLUFF BODIES. THE STROUHAL
NUMBERS FOR FLOW PAST A CIRCULAR AND A BLUNT JET ARE
IN QUALITATIVE AGREEMENT WITH THOSE FOR CORRESPONDING
SOLID BODIES, PROVIDED THAT THE WIDTH OF THE
SPREADING JET SOME DISTANCE FROM THE SURFACE IS USED
RATHER THAN THE JET EXIT PLANE DIMENSION. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-732 841 20/4 1/3
ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER ARNOLD AIR FORCE
STATION TENN

FLOW FIELD MEASUREMENTS OF A JET IN
CROSSFLOW WITH A LASER VELOCIMETER.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
NOV 71 31P BINION, T. W. , JR;
REPT. NO. AEDC-TR-71-192
CONTRACT: F40600-72-C-0003
PROJ: AF-8219, ARO-P00141
TASK: 621907

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH ARO,
INC., TULLAHOMA, TENN., REPT. NO. ARO-PWT-TR-
71-159.

DESCRIPTORS: (*NOZZLE GAS FLOW, VELOCITY),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, JET MIXING FLOW),
LASERS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, FLAT PLATE MODELS,
JETS, INSTRUMENTATION, SUBSONIC CHARACTERISTICS,
FLOW VISUALIZATION

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: CROSS FLOW, LASER VELOCIMETERS

(U)

TESTS WERE CONDUCTED IN A LOW SPEED WIND TUNNEL
(V/STOL) TO MEASURE THE VELOCITY FIELD OF A JET
ISSUING FROM A FLAT PLATE WITH CROSSFLOW. VELOCITY
COMPONENTS WERE MEASURED WITH A DUAL-SCATTER LASER
VELOCIMETER AT EFFECTIVE VELOCITY RATIOS OF 0.125 AND
0.250. THE DATA YIELDED VELOCITY VECTORS ALONG
LINES NORMAL TO THE JET CENTERLINE IN THREE PLANES
PARALLEL TO THE PLANE OF SYMMETRY. INDICATIONS OF
THE FLOW FIELD TURBULENCE WERE ALSO MEASURED.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DPC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-733 987 1/3 6/7
NAVAL AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER WARMINSTER PA AERO MECHANICS
DEPT

AN EVALUATION OF SEARCH AND RESCUE MISSION
CHARACTERISTICS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
NOV 71 6JP BRENNAN, THOMAS J. ;
REPT. NO. NADC-AM-7136
PROJ: A330-3300/202-C/2W45660000

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•RESCUES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES),
(•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN), AIRFRAMES,
AIRCRAFT ENGINES, PROPULSION, MISSION PROFILES,
HOVERING

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: SAR (SEARCH AND RESCUE), SEARCH
AND RESCUE

(U)

THE REPORT PROVIDES AN OVERVIEW OF THE GENERAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR AN AIRBORNE RESCUE SYSTEM TO FULFILL
A MILITARY SAR (SEARCH AND RESCUE) MISSION.
PROJECTED MISSION AND AIRFRAME/PROPULSION SYSTEM
REQUIREMENTS ARE PRESENTED TO PROVIDE A BASELINE FOR
INITIAL DEVELOPMENT ANALYSES. A STANDARD
METHODOLOGY FOR THE CONDUCT OF DETAILED PERFORMANCE
EVALUATION AND OVERALL MISSION ANALYSES ARE PROPOSED
TO DEFINE CRITICAL AREAS IN SAR AIRCRAFT DESIGNS.
AN AIRCRAFT/PROPULSION SYSTEM IS DESIGNED TO
ILLUSTRATE THE APPLICATIONS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-734 068 1/3
BOEING CO PHILADELPHIA PA VERTOL DIV

CYCLIC PITCH CONTROL ON A V/STOL TILT
WING AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. MAR 70-MAY 71,
UCT 71 114P KOLESAR, CHARLES E. ;
REPT. NO. D210-10353-1
CONTRACT: F33615-70-C-1000
PROJ: AF-698BT
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-91

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), (*FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS,
*PITCH(MOTION)), TILT WINGS,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), PROPELLER BLADES,
AERODYNAMIC CONTROL SURFACES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
HARMONIC ANALYSIS, HOVERING, STABILITY,
TRANSPORT PLANES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: CYCLIC PITCH CONTROL, *TRANSITION
FLIGHT

(U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE KEY RESULTS OF A MODEL WING
TUNNEL TEST PROGRAM THAT WAS DIRECTED TOWARDS
INVESTIGATING THE USE OF CYCLIC PITCH PROPELLERS AS
THE LOW SPEED LONGITUDINAL CONTROL SYSTEM OF A FOUR
PROPELLER V/STOL TILT WING TRANSPORT-TYPE
AIRCRAFT. THE ALMOST LINEAR PITCH CONTROL
EFFECTIVENESS OF THIS SYSTEM THROUGH TRANSITIONAL
FLIGHT AND IN-GROUND EFFECT ALONG WITH THE
CORRELATION WITH THEORY IS DISCUSSED, AND THE
MODERATE POWER INCREASE ASSOCIATED WITH ITS USE IS
SHOWN. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-734 237 1/3
BOEING CO PHILADELPHIA PA VERTOL DIV

1/3 SCALE V/STOL CYCLIC PITCH
PROPELLERS: RESULTS OF WIND TUNNEL
TESTS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: CONTRACTOR TEST REPT. NOV-DEC 70.,
FEB 71 157P WIDMAYER, EDWARD ; TOMASSONI,
J. ;
REPT. NO. D170-10040-1
CONTRACT: F33615-70-C-1000
PROJ: AF-698BT
MONITOR: AFFUL TR-71-91-REF-5

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO REPT. NO. D170-10039-1,
AD-734 236.

DESCRIPTORS: (*PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
*PITCH(MOTION)), WIND TUNNEL MODELS, MODEL
TESTS, TILT WINGS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, EFFECTIVENESS, POWER,
PROPELLER BLADES, PROPELLER HUBS, HOVERING,
DESIGN
IDENTIFIERS: *CYCLIC PITCH PROPELLERS, TRANSITION
FLIGHT

(U)

(U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE RESULTS OF A WIND TUNNEL
TEST PERFORMED IN THE BOEING-VERTOL WIND TUNNEL
ON A 1/3 SCALE V/STOL 4-BLADED CYCLIC PITCH
PROPELLER, HAVING A TOTAL ACTIVITY FACTOR OF 640.
THE PROPELLER WAS TESTED AS BOTH AN ISOLATED
PROPELLER AND AS AN INSTALLED PROPELLER. THE
PRIMARY OBJECTIVES OF THE TEST WERE TO DETERMINE:
THE EFFECTIVENESS OF CYCLIC PITCH CONTROL FOR
LONGITUDINAL CONTROL DURING HOVER AND TRANSITION, THE
CHANGE IN POWER REQUIRED FOR CYCLIC PITCH CONTROL AND
BLADE AND HUB LOADS FOR USE IN DESIGN AND FOR
VERIFICATION OF ANALYTICAL METHODS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-734 702 1/2 1/3
HONEYWELL INC ST PAUL MINN SYSTEMS AND RESEARCH
CENTER

IRF STEEP-ANGLE APPROACH: EFFECTS OF
WIND, SYSTEM DATA-RATE, AND CONTINGENCY-
EVENT VARIABLES.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JUL 70-AUG 71,
DEC 71 262P WOLF, JAMES D. ; BARRETT,
MIKE F. ;
REPT. NO. 12571-FR3
CONTRACT: N00014-68-C-0191
PROJ: NR-213-061
MONITOR: JANAIR 711105

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*INSTRUMENT LANDINGS, *VERTICAL TAKE-
OFF PLANES), (*HELICOPTERS, TACTICAL AIR
SUPPORT), APPROACH, APPROACH INDICATORS, DISPLAY
SYSTEMS, SIMULATION, WIND, MAN-MACHINE SYSTEMS,
DATA, GLIDE PATH SYSTEMS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: UH-1 AIRCRAFT, MAN IN THE LOOP
CONTROL SYSTEMS, H-1 AIRCRAFT, STEEP ANGLE
APPROACHES, STEEP ANGLE LANDINGS

(U)

THE PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY WAS TO
INVESTIGATE, BY MEANS OF REAL-TIME MAN-IN-THE-LOOP
SIMULATION TECHNIQUES, PILOTING PERFORMANCE AS
INFLUENCED BY WIND, SYSTEM DATA-RATE, AND
CONTINGENCY-EVENT VARIABLES DURING IFR STEEP
APPROACHES WITH VERTICAL-LIFT AIRCRAFT. BY ALSO
SIMULTANEOUSLY EVALUATING EFFECTS OF DISPLAY-FORMAT,
APPROACH-ANGLE AND MEASUREMENT-NOISE VARIABLES TO THE
EXTENT POSSIBLE WITHIN THE SCOPE OF EACH STUDY TASK,
AN INCREASED DEGREE OF GENERALITY OF STUDY RESULTS
WAS OBTAINED. A VARIABLE-VELOCITY SIMULATION OF THE
BELL UH-1 HELICOPTER SERVED AS THE TEST VEHICLE
IN ALL STUDY TASKS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-735 420 1/3
NATIONAL AERONAUTICAL ESTABLISHMENT OTTAWA (ONTARIO)

A FLIGHT INVESTIGATION OF LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL HANDLING QUALITIES FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN LOW SPEED MANOEUVRING FLIGHT, (U)

OCT 71 151P DOETSCH, K-H. , JR.; GOULD,
D. G.; MCGREGOR, D. M. ;
REPT. NO. NAE-LR-549
MONITOR: NRC 12285

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB., INC., BUFFALO, N. Y.
SUPERSEDES AD-707 631.

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, HANDLING), ROLL, MANEUVERABILITY, FLIGHT SIMULATORS, FLIGHT TESTING, FLIGHT SPEEDS, APPROACH (U)

AN INVESTIGATION TO DETERMINE THE RANGES OF VARIOUS LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE FLYING QUALITIES FOR TURNING MANOEUVRES AT LOW SPEED WAS UNDERTAKEN USING AN AIRBORNE V/STOL AIRCRAFT SIMULATOR. FIVE PARAMETERS WERE VARIED IN A SYSTEMATIC MANNER: THE DAMPING RATIO, THE FREQUENCY AND THE RATIO OF THE ROLL-ANGLE TO THE SIDESLIP-ANGLE IN THE DUTCH ROLL MODE, TOGETHER WITH THE DAMPING RATIO AND FREQUENCY OF THE NUMERATOR QUADRATIC OF THE ROLL-ANGLE TO AILERON-CONTROL-INPUT TRANSFER FUNCTION. THE PILOTS PERFORMED A LOW SPEED, VISUAL MANOEUVRING TASK AND DOCUMENTED THEIR ASSESSMENT OF THE CHARACTERISTICS THROUGH EXTENSIVE COMMENTS AND A NUMERICAL RATING. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-735 633 1/3
BOEING CO PHILADELPHIA PA VERTOL DIV

WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A POWERED TILT-ROTOR
DYNAMIC MODEL ON A SIMULATED FREE FLIGHT
SUSPENSION SYSTEM. VOLUME VI

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JAN-JUL 71,
OCT 71 209P TOMASSONI, JOHN E. ; TAYLOR,
ROBERT B. ; DELARM, LEON N. ; SCHAGRIN, EDWARD
B. ;

REPT. NO. D213-10000-6
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1577
MONITOR: AFFUL TR-71-26-VOL-6

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 4, PART 2, AD-
735 733.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), ROTARY WINGS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, FLIGHT
TESTING, FREQUENCY, LOADING(MECHANICS), GROUND
EFFECT

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: •TILT ROTOR AIRCRAFT

(U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE RESULTS OF A WIND TUNNEL
TEST ON A POWERED DYNAMIC MODEL OF THE BOEING M-
160 TILT ROTOR AIRCRAFT WITH 5.5 FOOT DIAMETER
ROTORS. THE MODEL WAS TESTED IN THE BOEING V/
STOL 20 X 20 FOOT WIND TUNNEL DURING JANUARY-
FEBRUARY 1971 AND WAS SUPPORTED TO SIMULATE FREE
FLIGHT CONDITIONS WITH MOUNT FREQUENCIES MUCH LOWER
THAN THE DYNAMIC AIRCRAFT FREQUENCIES. BLADE LOADS,
WING LOADS, FLYING QUALITIES AND SKITTISHNESS IN
GROUND EFFECT DATA WERE OBTAINED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-736 247 1/4
HONEYWELL INC ST PAUL MINN SYSTEMS AND RESEARCH
CENTER

DISPLAY AND RELATED SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS FOR
IFR STEEP-APPROACH.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. NOV 67-AUG 71,
JAN 72 176P WOLF, JAMES D. ;
REPT. NO. 12571-FR4
CONTRACT: N00014-68-C-0191
PROJ: NR-213-061
MONITOR: JANAIR 711106

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*DISPLAY SYSTEMS, *INSTRUMENT
FLIGHT), (*FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES), INSTRUMENT LANDINGS, APPROACH INDICATORS,
APPROACH, HELICOPTERS, SIMULATION
IDENTIFIERS: UH-1 AIRCRAFT, XV-5 AIRCRAFT, H-1
AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THE OBJECTIVE WAS TO ESTABLISH DISPLAY INFORMATION
AND SUBSYSTEM REQUIREMENTS FOR MANUALLY CONTROLLED
STEPP-ANGLE APPROACH AND LANDING UNDER IFR FLIGHT
CONDITIONS WITH VERTICAL-LIFT AIRCRAFT.
INVESTIGATIONS WERE CONDUCTED AS A SERIES OF
ITERATIVE ANALYSES AND THE REAL-TIME MAN-IN-THE-LOOP
SIMULATIONS TO EVALUATE SELECTED DISPLAY FORMATS,
THEMSELVES, AS WELL AS THE EFFECTS WHICH RELEVANT
SYSTEM AND ENVIRONMENTAL VARIABLES HAVE UPON PILOTING
TASK PERFORMANCE. ALTERNATIVE DISPLAY FORMATS WERE
INITIALLY TESTED UNDER IDEALIZED FLIGHT CONDITIONS.
THE TESTING OF SELECTED FORMATS WAS THEN CONTINUED
IN A SERIES OF SIMULATION STUDIES IN WHICH SYSTEM AND
ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS WERE SYSTEMATICALLY
INTRODUCED TO DETERMINE THEIR INDIVIDUAL AND
INTERACTIVE EFFECTS UPON PILOTING PERFORMANCE.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-736 537

1/3

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

PROGRAMMED PILOTAGE AS A MEANS OF IMPROVING
ROTORCRAFT PERFORMANCE IN LEVEL FLIGHT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,

SEP 71

49P

WILDMAN, ROBERT ALAN ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), FLIGHT SPEEDS, OPTIMIZATION,
FOLDING HELICOPTER ROTORS, HELICOPTERS, TILT
WINGS, HOVERING, AIRSPEED

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: TRANSITIONAL FLIGHT, DESIGN CRITERIA,
*PROGRAMMED PILOTAGE

(U)

AIRFRAME DRAG REDUCTION AND ENGINE DUCT DESIGN,
WHILE NECESSARY TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF PERFORMANCE,
CANNOT ALONE OFFSET THE AERODYNAMIC LIMITATIONS
INHERENT IN ROTARY WING FLIGHT. THE LATTER, WHICH
HAVE BECOME PREDOMINANT WITH THE ADVENT OF HIGH
OUTPUT TURBOSHAFT ENGINES MUST THEN BE OVERCOME BY
OTHER MEANS DISCUSSED IN THIS PAPER. PROGRAMMED
PILOTAGE TECHNIQUES WHICH UTILIZE REAL-TIME FLIGHT
DATA TO VARY AERODYNAMIC PARAMETERS ARE INVESTIGATED
AND INCORPORATED IN THE PRELIMINARY DESIGN OF A HIGH-
SPEED ROTORCRAFT. THE ROTOR SPEED AND THE
CONTRIBUTION OF LIFT FROM A FIXED WING ARE THUS
OPTIMIZED THROUGHOUT THE FLIGHT ENVELOPE, THEREBY
GREATLY ENHANCING LEVEL FLIGHT SPEED CHARACTERISTICS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-736 825 1/3
BOEING CO PHILADELPHIA PA VERTOL DIV

WIND TUNNEL TEST OF THE AERODYNAMICS AND
DYNAMICS OF ROTOR SPINUP, STOPPING AND
FOLDING ON A SEMISPAN FOLDING TILT-ROTOR
MODEL: VOLUME VII.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JAN-JUL 71,
OCT 71 402P VAN WAGENSVELD, DIRK ; MCHUGH,
FRANK J. ; DELARM, LEON N. ; LAPINSKI, WALTER
L. ; MAGEE, JOHN P. ;
REPT. NO. D213-10000-7
CONTRACT: F33615-69-C-1577
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-62-VOL-7

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON DESIGN STUDIES AND
MODEL TESTS OF THE STOWED TILT ROTOR CONCEPT.
SEE ALSO VOLUME 6, AD-735 633.

DESCRIPTORS: (*ROTARY WINGS, MODEL TESTS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL TESTS), WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, SCALE, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
LOADING(MECHANICS)

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *TILT ROTOR AIRCRAFT

(U)

WIND TUNNEL TEST DATA OBTAINED WITH A 1/9-SCALE
SEMISPAN, UNPOWERED, DYNAMICALLY-SCALED MODEL 213
STOWED/TILT ROTOR ARE REPORTED. THE OBJECTIVES OF
THE TESTS WERE TO OBTAIN AERODYNAMIC, STRUCTURAL, AND
DYNAMICS DATA DURING THE SPINUP, FEATHER AND BLADE
FOLD CYCLES OF THIS VEHICLE. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-802 730 1/3
LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS TEX LTV VOUGHT AERONAUTICS
DIV

XC-142A VTOL TRANSPORT PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MONTHLY PROGRESS REPT. NO. 54 FOR JUN
66.

JUN 66 19P
CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-7868

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •TRANSPORT
PLANES), SCHEDULING, RESEARCH PROGRAM
ADMINISTRATION, MAINTENANCE, ACCEPTABILITY,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), DESIGN, GROUND SUPPORT
EQUIPMENT, SPARE PARTS, TRAINING DEVICES, FLIGHT
TESTING (U)

IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT (U)

CONTENTS: DEVELOPMENT OF XC-142A AND
FABRICATION OF FIVE PROTOTYPE MODELS;
FABRICATION OF MOCKUP; GROUND TESTS;
ENGINEERING DATA; DESIGN DATA; FLIGHT
TEST; REPORTS; SPARE PARTS FOR FIVE
PROTOTYPE AIRPLANES; DEVELOPMENT AND
FABRICATION OF AGE; SPARE PARTS FOR AGE;
TRAINING AND TRAINING EQUIPMENT; AND
CONTRACTOR SUPPORT OF FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-822 178 1/1 1/3
PRINCETON UNIV N J

THE PRINCETON PENNSYLVANIA ARMY AVIONICS RESEARCH
PROGRAM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: ANNUAL REPT. NO. 1, 1 JUN 66-30 MAY
67,

UCT 67 47P DUKES, THEODOR A. ; DURBIN,
ENOCH J. ; GRAHAM, FRANK D. ; SCHMITZ, FREDRIC
H. ; SHARKOFF, EUGENE G. ;
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-02412(E)
PROJ: DA-1H1-20601-A219
TASK: 1H1-20601-A219-07
MONITOR: ECOM 02412-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, *FORMATION FLIGHT),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *AERODYNAMICS),
(*INSTRUMENT LANDINGS, HELICOPTERS),
(*AERONAUTICS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES),
CONTROL, THEORY, DYNAMICS, DECELERATION, TAKE-
OFF, EQUATIONS OF MOTION, VISIBILITY, FLIGHT
PATHS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *AVIONICS

(U)

THE EFFECT OF HELICOPTER DYNAMICS AND
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS ON FORMATION FLIGHT
IS A THEORETICAL STUDY OF THE TRAJECTORY LAWS WHICH
ARE USED TO DEFINE A FOLLOWER'S NOMINAL POINT AND THE
CONTROL LAWS WHICH DETERMINE THE FOLLOWER'S REQUIRED
ACTION. EFFECT OF MANEUVERS IS INCLUDED IN THIS
EFFORT TO PROVIDE FUNDAMENTAL INFORMATION ON WHICH TO
BASE THE DEVELOPMENT OF IFR FORMATION FLIGHT
EQUIPMENT FOR THE ARMY. LANDING CONTROL
THEORY FOR DECELERATING VTOL AIRCRAFT IS AN
ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN OPTIMAL TRAJECTORIES FOR
DECELERATING LANDING AND ACCELERATING TAKE-OFF
MANEUVERS. THE EFFECT OF ACCELERATION, AERODYNAMIC
CONSTRAINTS, AND TERMINAL CONSTRAINTS ARE INCLUDED IN
THE PROBLEM FORMULATION. SIMPLIFIED EQUATIONS OF
MOTION ARE DEVELOPED AND POSSIBLE SCHEMES FOR THEIR
SOLUTION ARE INVESTIGATED IN THIS START TOWARD
PROVIDING INFORMATION ON WHICH DEVELOPMENT OF
GUIDANCE EQUIPMENT CAN BE BASED. A SYSTEM
STUDY OF LOW VISIBILITY APPROACH AND
LANDING IS AN EFFORT TO COMBINE THE CONTROL
CHARACTERISTICS OF HELICOPTERS WITH THE PERFORMANCE
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PILOT TO DETERMINE GUIDANCE
PARAMETERS NEEDED FOR LOW VISIBILITY APPROACHES.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-835 270 1/3 20/4
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

SIMPLIFIED APPROXIMATIONS OF INTERFERENCE EFFECTS ON
JET V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
MAR 68 96P ARCHINO, DAVID THOMAS ;
REPT. NO. GAM/AE/68-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, GROUND
EFFECT), STABILITY, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, LIFT,
HOVERING, PITCH(MOTION), COMPRESSIBLE FLOW,
MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, TEMPERATURE, AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS, APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS),
CORRECTIONS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, THESES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: •JET INTERFERENCE EFFECTS, TRANSITION
FLIGHT (U)

A SEMI-EMPIRICAL APPROACH IS USED TO PREDICT
PERFORMANCE LOSSES AND PITCHING MOMENTS CAUSED BY
INTERFERENCE EFFECTS ON DIFFERENT AIRCRAFT PLANFORMS
IN HOVER AND TRANSITION. DIFFERENT AIRCRAFT
PLANFORMS, AND VARIATION OF THE JET EXHAUST
COMBINATIONS MAKE THE PROBLEM OF PREDICTING
INTERFERENCE EFFECTS DIFFICULT. THE INDUCED FLOW
THAT CAUSES THE PERFORMANCE LOSSES IN HOVER IS
SUPERIMPOSED ON THE FREE STREAM FLOW TO DETERMINE THE
INTERFERENCE EFFECTS ON PERFORMANCE AND PITCH DURING
TRANSITION. AN EMPIRICAL FACTOR IS USED TO
CORRECT FOR THE COMPRESSIBILITY AND TEMPERATURE
EFFECTS OF THE JET EXHAUST ON THE INDUCED FLOW.
RESULTS ARE COMPUTED ON THE IBM 7094 COMPUTER.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-833 396 1/3 20/4 12/1
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

THE APPROXIMATE LONGITUDINAL STABILITY DERIVATIVES OF
A VECTORED THRUST VTOL. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS
MAR 68 153P WINTERS, CHARLES P. ;
REPT. NO. GAM/AE/68-11

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•JET FIGHTERS, STABILITY),
SUPERSONIC PLANES, PITCH(MOTION), THRUST,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), LIST, ACCELERATION,
HOVERING, EQUATIONS OF MOTION, DRAG, COMPUTER
PROGRAMS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, DOWNWASH, THRUST,
WEIGHT, ANGLE OF ATTACK, THESES, MATHEMATICAL
ANALYSIS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: P-1127 AIRCRAFT, TRANSITION FLIGHT,
PRESSURE GRADIENTS, COMPUTER ANALYSIS (U)

THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS STUDY WAS TO INVESTIGATE THE
STABILITY DERIVATIVES AND THE STABILITY OF THE
VECTORED THRUST P-1127 AIRPLANE. EXPRESSIONS
WERE DERIVED FOR THE DERIVATIVES. THE PERFORMANCE,
DERIVATIVES AND STABILITY WERE FOUND FOR BOTH AN
ACCELERATING AND NONACCELERATING TRANSITION FROM
HOVER TO CONVENTIONAL FLIGHT. THE RESULTS OF THE
ACCELERATING TRANSITION WERE COMPARED TO VALUES
AVAILABLE FROM HAWKER SIDDELEY. BOTH
TRANSITIONS WERE UNSTABLE FOR MANY AIRSPEEDS BUT THE
TIMES TO DOUBLE AMPLITUDE WERE SUCH THAT A PILOT
COULD CONTROL THE AIRPLANE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-867 306 1/3
SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY INC HAWTHORNE CALIF

ANALYSIS OF VTOL HANDLING QUALITIES
REQUIREMENTS. PART II. LATERAL-
DIRECTIONAL HOVER AND TRANSITION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JUL 68-JAN 70,
FEB 70 234P CRAIG, SAMUEL J.; CAMPBELL,
ANTHONY;
REPT. NO. STI-TR-181-1
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3736
PROJ: AF-698DC
TASK: 698DC00
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-67-179-PT-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO PART I, AD-845 165.

DESCRIPTORS: (VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
HANDLING), HOVERING, PITCH(MOTION),
PILOTS, PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS
IDENTIFIERS: TRANSITION FLIGHT, CLOSED LOOP
CONTROL SYSTEMS

(U)

(U)

ANALYSES OF AVAILABLE HANDLING QUALITIES DATA WERE
PERFORMED TO DETERMINE LATERAL/DIRECTIONAL DYNAMIC
REQUIREMENTS FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT IN HOVER AND LOW
SPEED FLIGHT. THE BASIS FOR THIS TREATMENT IS AN
EXAMINATION OF THE PILOT/VEHICLE AS A CLOSED-LOOP
SERVO SYSTEM. THE QUASI-LINEAR PILOT DESCRIBING
FUNCTION IS APPLIED. THE RESULTS OF THE STUDIES
SUGGEST THAT THE PRIMARY FACTORS IDENTIFYING
SATISFACTORY AND UNACCEPTABLE HOVER MODE DYNAMIC
FEATURES ARE RELATED TO THE CLOSED-LOOP DEFICIENCIES.
DETAILED CONSIDERATION IS MADE OF THE CONTROL TASK
AND PILOTING FUNCTIONS IN TRANSITION FLIGHT. THE
RESULTS OF THIS GENERIC APPRAISAL ARE EVOKED TO
CONFIRM AND JUSTIFY PRELIMINARY LATERAL/DIRECTIONAL
REQUIREMENT FOR CONTROL IN TRANSITION.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

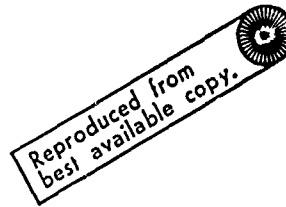
DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-871 154 1/3 14/2
NORTHROP CORP HAWTHORNE CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

A STUDY OF V/STOL GROUND-BASED SIMULATION
TECHNIQUES.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 1 FEB 68-1 JAN 70,
APR 70 43P SINACORI, JOHN B. ;
REPT. NO. NOR-69-168
CONTRACT: DAAJU2-68-C-0019
PROJ: DA-1-F-162204-A-142
TASK: 1-F-162204-A-14233
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-70-16



UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •FLIGHT
SIMULATORS), (•HELICOPTERS, FLIGHT SIMULATORS),
SIMULATION, MOTION, PERCEPTION (PSYCHOLOGY),
DISPLAY SYSTEMS, PILOTS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES

(U)

THE PURPOSE OF THE STUDY IS TO DEFINE THE
SIMULATION CHARACTERISTICS REQUIRED TO ESTABLISH THE
SIMULATOR AS A RELIABLE AND VALID TOOL IN THE
DEVELOPMENT OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT AND HELICOPTERS.
A FLIGHT SIMULATOR EMPLOYING THE POINT LIGHT SOURCE
PRINCIPLE TO GENERATE A VISUAL DISPLAY WAS USED IN
THESE STUDIES. PREVIOUS STUDIES OF A JET-LIFT V/
STOL AIRCRAFT IN THIS SIMULATOR UNCOVERED A PILOT-
VEHICLE PERFORMANCE DEFICIENCY DURING LATERAL
MANEUVERS, RESULTING IN A NAUSEA REACTION WHICH
LIMITED PILOT PARTICIPATION. IN THE PRESENT
INVESTIGATION, HUMAN MOTION PERCEPTION WAS STUDIED,
AND SOLUTIONS TO THIS PILOT-VEHICLE PERFORMANCE
DEFICIENCY WERE EVOLVED BY THE USE OF A MOVING BASE.
THE RESULTS DEMONSTRATED THAT EFFECTIVE SIMULATION
IS POSSIBLE WHEN CERTAIN CONSTRAINTS ARE OBSERVED.
THE BEST CONSTRAINTS OF THE DRIVE MECHANISM WERE
DETERMINED EXPERIMENTALLY AND WERE COMPARED WITH
THOSE IMPLIED FROM PHYSIOLOGICAL CONCEPTS OF HUMAN
MOTION PERCEPTION. A SIMULATION VALIDATION
RATIONALE WAS ALSO DEVELOPED TO ASSIST THE PILOT IN
HIS EVALUATIONS. AN EXAMPLE OF THIS IS DESCRIBED
TOGETHER WITH A DISCUSSION OF SOME LIMITATIONS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-871 424 1/3
PRINCETON UNIV N J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

FEEDBACK CONTROL OF VTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
APR 70 69P DUKES, THEODOR A. ;
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-47(T)
PROJ: DA-1-F-162204-A-142
TASK: 1-F-162204-A-14233
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-69-96

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), (•FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS,
FEEDBACK), TRANSPORT PLANES, TILT WINGS,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, STABILITY, AIRPLANE
MODELS, SCALE (U)
IDENTIFIERS: XC-142A AIRCRAFT, C-142 AIRCRAFT,
•TRANSITION FLIGHT, •FEEDBACK CONTROL (U)

AN APPROXIMATIVE ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION IS GIVEN
OF THE BEHAVIOR OF POLES AND ZEROS CHARACTERIZING THE
LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS OF VTOL AIRCRAFT IN
TRANSITION. IN FEEDBACK DESIGN, IT IS A DESIRABLE
GOAL TO CREATE A DOMINANT ATTITUDE RESPONSE MODE
WHICH IS SEPARATED IN FREQUENCY AND VARIES LITTLE
THROUGHOUT THE TRANSITION. THE INVESTIGATION
DEMONSTRATED THAT THIS GOAL CAN BE ACHIEVED AT FIXED
OPERATING POINTS IN TRANSITION WITHOUT ACCURATE PRIOR
KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE BEHAVIOR OF THE STABILITY AND
CONTROL DERIVATIVES DURING TRANSITION. IN THE
LONGITUDINAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM, PITCH ATTITUDE AND
PITCH RATE FEEDBACK WERE USED. IN THE LATERAL-
DIRECTIONAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM, THE SAME GOAL WAS
ACHIEVED BY USING YAW RATE, ROLL ANGLE, AND ROLL RATE
FEEDBACK. THE GAINS WERE DETERMINED BY AN
APPROXIMATE PROCEDURE. LONGITUDINAL AND LATERAL-
DIRECTIONAL EXPERIMENTS WERE PERFORMED WITH A 0.1
SCALE MODEL OF THE XC-142A TILT-WING VTOL
AIRCRAFT. PULSE RESPONSES OF THE FREE-FLYING MODEL
ARE PRESENTED. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-873 037 1/3
NORTHROP CORP HAWTHORNE CALIF AIRCRAFT DIV

APPLICATION OF THE NORTHROP ROTATIONAL
SIMULATOR TO HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL
AIRCRAFT (USER'S GUIDE).

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 1 FEB 68-1 JAN 70,
MAY 70 9:1P SINALORI, JOHN B. ;
REPT. NO. NOR-70-6
CONTRACT: DAAJ02-68-C-0019
PROJ: DA-1-F-162204-A-142
TASK: 1-F-162204-A-14233
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-70-26

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*FLIGHT SIMULATORS, OPERATION),
(*HELICOPTERS, FLIGHT SIMULATORS), (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT SIMULATORS), EXPERIMENTAL
DESIGN, VISUAL SIGNALS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS,
INTERFACES

(U)

THE PURPOSE OF THE DOCUMENT IS TO SUGGEST
GUIDELINES TO BE USED IN DEVELOPING SOFTWARE
INTERFACE COMPUTATIONS SO AS TO EFFECTIVELY INTEGRATE
THE PILOT AND MATHEMATICAL VEHICULAR REPRESENTATION
TO THE NORTHROP ROTATIONAL SIMULATOR. A
DESCRIPTION OF ALL KEY ELEMENTS AND THEIR PERFORMANCE
AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS IS INCLUDED. PAST
USES AND PROJECTED FUTURE USES ARE ALSO GIVEN.
SOME VALIDATION METHODS ARE DESCRIBED WITH
SUGGESTIONS FOR THEIR USE. SUGGESTED INTERFACE
MECHANIZATIONS ARE GIVEN WHICH PROVIDE EFFECTIVE
VISUAL AND MOTION STIMULI COMPATIBLE WITH SENSORY
CHARACTERISTICS. A RATIONALE FOR THE USE OF MOTION
IS INCLUDED. A METHOD IS OUTLINED WHICH ASSISTS
THE USER IN ASSESSING THE PROBABILITY OF SUCCESS IN
ANY DESIRED SIMULATION AND PREPARATION OF AN
EFFECTIVE EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-873 821 14/2 20/4 1/3
ARMY AVIATION MATERIEL LABS FORT EUSTIS VA

SUITABILITY OF A DRAG SPHERE ANEMOMETER FOR
MEASUREMENT OF VTOL AIRCRAFT DOWNWASH. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL NOTE,
JUN 70 27P STANTON, RUSSELL O. ;
REPT. NO. USAAVLABS-TN-4

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*ANEMOMETERS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, *DOWNWASH), WIND, DRAG, SPHERES,
MEASUREMENT, HELICOPTERS, HOVERING (U)

TESTS WERE CONDUCTED ON A SIMPLE, LOW-COST DRAG SPHERE ANEMOMETER TO DETERMINE ITS SUITABILITY FOR MEASURING WIND VELOCITIES IN THE VICINITY OF VTOL AIRCRAFT AND HELICOPTERS. A DRAG SPHERE ANEMOMETER IS A DEVICE FOR DETERMINING WIND VELOCITY BY MEASURING THE DRAG FORCE ACTING ON A SPHERICAL BODY OF KNOWN DRAG COEFFICIENT. THE DRAG SPHERE ANEMOMETER, AS TESTED, WAS FOUND TO BE CAPABLE OF MEASURING WIND VELOCITIES AND DIRECTION IN ONE PLANE OVER A SPEED RANGE OF 10 TO 110 MPH. INSTRUMENTATION ACCURACY WAS FOUND TO BE PLUS OR MINUS 2.5 MPH IN THE SPEED RANGE OF 10 TO 50 MPH AND PLUS OR MINUS 7% IN THE SPEED RANGE OF 50 TO 110 MPH. DIRECTIONAL ACCURACY WAS FOUND TO BE APPROXIMATELY PLUS OR MINUS 30 DEG. AT LOW WIND SPEEDS, PLUS OR MINUS 10 DEG. FOR SPEEDS FROM 30 TO 60 MPH, AND PLUS OR MINUS 5 DEG. ABOVE 60 MPH. ON THE BASIS OF THE RELATIVELY UNSOPHISTICATED TESTS PERFORMED, THE DRAG SPHERE ANEMOMETER IS CONSIDERED TO BE SUITABLE FOR MEASUREMENT OF DOWNWASH VELOCITIES IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO HOVERING VTOL AIRCRAFT. IF REQUIRED, THE UPPER END OF THE USABLE SPEED RANGE COULD BE EXTENDED THROUGH ADDITIONAL WIND-TUNNEL CALIBRATION. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-874 029 1/3 13/7 20/4
FRANKLIN INST RESEARCH LABS PHILADELPHIA PA

FLUIDIC VORTEX ANGULAR RATE SENSOR
CONCEPT INVESTIGATION FOR HELICOPTERS AND V/
STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
APR 70 46P WACHTELL, G. P. ;
CONTRACT: DAAJ02-69-C-0010
PROJ: DA-1-F-162203-A-141
TASK: 1-F-162203-A-14186
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-70-25

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*FLOWMETERS, *FLUIDICS),
(*STABILIZATION SYSTEMS, *HELICOPTERS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, STABILIZATION
SYSTEMS), VORTICES, FLOW VISUALIZATION,
GYROSCOPES, PRESSURE, FEASIBILITY STUDIES,
SENSORS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: VAJARS(VORTEX AXIS JET ANGULAR
RATE SENSORS), *VORTEX AXIS JET ANGULAR RATE
SENSORS (U)

AN EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION WAS UNDERTAKEN TO
ESTABLISH THE FEASIBILITY OF SENSOR CONCEPTS FOR
APPLICATION IN HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT
STABILITY AUGMENTATION SYSTEMS. THEORIES OF
VARIOUS POSSIBLE RATE SENSING DEVICES BASED ON RAPID
VORTEX FLOWS ARE PRESENTED, WITH EXPERIMENTAL
DEMONSTRATION OF THE PRINCIPLE OF ONE IN WHICH THE
SWIRL FLOW AXIS LAGS BEHIND THE CHAMBER AXIS WHEN THE
CHAMBER IS ROTATED ABOUT A LINE PERPENDICULAR TO ITS
AXIS. TWO MODIFICATIONS YIELDED SENSITIVITIES LESS
THAN ULTIMATELY DESIRED, BY FACTORS ON THE ORDER OF
2000 AND 200. OBSERVATIONS ON THE FLOW PATTERN IN
JETS EMERGING FROM A PAIR OF CONCENTRIC VORTEX
CHAMBERS SHOWED THAT THE CONCEPT OF THE VORTEX AXIS
JET ANGULAR RATE SENSOR (VAJARS) DISCUSSED
THEORETICALLY IN A PREVIOUS FEASIBILITY STUDY WOULD
HAVE TO OVERCOME PROBLEMS CREATED BY TURBULENCE AND
FLOW REVERSAL ALONG THE AXIS. AN ATTEMPT WAS MADE
TO DEMONSTRATE A DEVICE OF HIGH THEORETICAL
SENSITIVITY, IN WHICH A CYLINDRICAL CORE SUPPORTED ON
AN AXIS PERPENDICULAR TO THE CORE AXIS IS SUBJECTED
TO A TORQUE DUE TO THE PRESSURE GRADIENT GENERATED IN
AN ANNULAR PASSAGE BY CORIOLIS FORCES.
THEORETICAL DISCUSSIONS ARE ALSO GIVEN OF A
GYROSCOPE IN WHICH THE FLUID STREAM IS THE ROTOR, (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-875 238 1/3
GENERAL DYNAMICS/CONVAIR SAN DIEGO CALIF

EFFECTS OF HIGH-LIFT DEVICES ON V/STOL
AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE. VOLUME II.
BIBLIOGRAPHY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
JUL 70 220P HEBERT, JOSEPH, JR.;
PEDERSON, S. K.;
CONTRACT: DAAJ02-69-C-0079
PROJ: DA-1-F-162204-1-142
TASK: 1-F-162204-A-14231
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-70-33B

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •LIFT),
SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, TILT WINGS, FLAPS,
BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL, DOWNWASH, GROUND EFFECT,
HANDLING, BIBLIOGRAPHIES,
PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING)

(U)

ALL TYPES OF HIGH-LIFT DEVICES ARE COVERED. BOTH
EXPERIMENTAL AND THEORETICAL TOPICS ARE REVIEWED, AND
THE SELECTED REPORTS ARE LISTED BY A SUBJECT AND AN
AUTHOR INDEX. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-878 075 1/3
GENERAL DYNAMICS/CONVAIR SAN DIEGO CALIF

EFFECTS OF HIGH-LIFT DEVICES ON V/STOL
AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE. VOLUME 1.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 1 JUN 69-31 MAY 70,
OCT 70 185P HEBERT, J. ; PEDERSON, S. ;
CARROLL, J. ; LAUDEMAN, E. ; WHITNEY, C. ;
CONTRACT: DAAJ02-69-C-0079
PROJ: DA-1-F-162204-A-142
TASK: 1-F-162204-A-14231
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-70-33A

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-875 238.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *LIFT),
SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, TWO-DIMENSIONAL FLOW,
FLAPS, AIRFOILS, PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
LOADING(MECHANICS), DOWNWASH, TILT WINGS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)

(U)

THE PURPOSE OF THE STUDY WAS TO DEVELOP A UNIFIED
ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE TO EVALUATE THE EFFECTS OF
PASSIVE HIGH-LIFT DEVICES ON DEFLECTED-SLIPSTREAM OR
TILT-WING V/STOL CONFIGURATIONS. METHODS WERE
DEVELOPED TO PREDICT THE TWO-DIMENSIONAL FLAPPED
AIRFOIL CHARACTERISTICS TO BE USED IN A SPAN LOAD
PROGRAM. THE SPAN LOAD RESULTS ARE USED IN
PROCEDURES FOR ESTIMATING THE COEFFICIENTS OF LIFT,
LONGITUDINAL FORCE, AND MOMENT FOR A WING PARTIALLY
IMMERSED IN A PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM. THESE
CHARACTERISTICS CAN THEN BE USED IN A PERFORMANCE
PROGRAM DEVELOPED TO CALCULATE THE TAKEOFF, LANDING,
AND TRANSITION MANEUVERS. IN ADDITION TO THESE
TASKS, INVESTIGATIONS WERE MADE INTO DOWNWASH
CHARACTERISTICS, WIND TUNNEL WALL CORRECTIONS, AND
CORRELATIONS OF FLIGHT TEST DATA WITH THEORY. AN
ANALYSIS OF THE EFFECTS OF HIGH-LIFT DEVICES ON THE
PERFORMANCE OF A TILT-WING V/STOL CONFIGURATION
IS INCLUDED IN THE APPENDIX. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM07

AD-884 439 1/3
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y FLIGHT RESEARCH
DEPT

BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND USER GUIDE FOR
MIL-F-83300-MILITARY SPECIFICATION --
FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED V/STOL
AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,

MAR 71 469P CHALK, CHARLES R. ; KEY,
DAVID L. ; KROLL, JOHN, JR. ; WASSERMAN, RICHARD
; RADFORD, ROBERT C. ;

CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3736, F33615-70-C-1322

PROJ: AF-698DC

MONITOR: AFFDL TR-70-88

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, SPECIFICATIONS), MILITARY REQUIREMENTS,
STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEWS, FLIGHT TESTING, HOVERING (U)

THE SPECIFICATION WAS COMPILED AFTER AN EXTENSIVE
LITERATURE REVIEW AND MANY MEETINGS AND DISCUSSIONS
WITH PERSONNEL FROM ESSENTIALLY ALL CONCERNED
CIVILIAN AND GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS. THE REPORT
ATTEMPTS TO EXPLAIN THE CONCEPT AND PHILOSOPHY
UNDERLYING THE V/STOL SPECIFICATION AND TO
PRESENT SOME OF THE DATA AND ARGUMENTS UPON WHICH THE
REQUIREMENTS WERE BASED. THE DOCUMENT SHOULD ALSO
SERVE AS A SUMMARY OF THE STATE OF THE V/STOL
FLYING QUALITIES ART AS DETERMINED FROM FLIGHT TEST,
SIMULATION, ANALYSIS, AND THEORY. (AUTHOR) (U)

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CORPORATE AUTHOR - MONITORING AGENCY

•ADVISORY GROUP FOR AEROSPACE RESEARCH
AND DEVELOPMENT PARIS (FRANCE)

AGARD-CP-22
FLUID DYNAMICS OF ROTOR AND FAN
SUPPORTED AIRCRAFT AT SUBSONIC
SPEEDS.
AD-669 226

•AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS DIV WRIGHT-
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

ASD-YH-67-18
QUANTITATIVE TERRAIN STUDY OF
VTOL LANDING SITE DISTRIBUTIONS AND
OF EFFECTS ON PENETRATION.
AD-661 592

ASD-TR-69-15-PT-2
PROPELLER STATIC PERFORMANCE
TESTS FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT. PART
II. TEST DATA (APPENDIX III).
AD-708 742

•AEROSPACE RESEARCH LABS WRIGHT-
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

ANL-71-J113
LOW AREA RATIO THRUST.
AUGMENTING EJECTORS;
AD-728 546

•AIR FORCE AERO PROPULSION LAB WRIGHT-
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

TOR64 104
TEST RESULTS OF RESEARCH FOR
RAPID SITE PREPARATION FOR VTOL
AIRCRAFT.
AD-455 562

•AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-
PATTERSON AFB OHIO

AFFDL-TH-70-1-PT-3
THE ACOUSTIC ENVIRONMENT OF A
DEFLECTED-JET VTOL AIRCRAFT.
AD-715 939

AFFDL-TH-65-200
APPLICATION OF PILOT-CONTROLLER

INTEGRATION TECHNIQUES TO A
REPRESENTATIVE V/STOL AIRCRAFT.
AD-633 269

AFFDL-TR-67-37
EXTERNAL VISIBILITY CRITERIA
FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT.
AD-655 072

AFFDL-TR-67-93
EFFECTS OF GUST VELOCITY
SPATIAL DISTRIBUTIONS ON LATERAL-
DIRECTIONAL RESPONSE OF A VTOL
AIRCRAFT.
AD-657 321

AFFDL-TR-67-179-PT-2
ANALYSIS OF VTOL HANDLING
QUALITIES REQUIREMENTS. PART II.
LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL MOVEMENT AND
TRANSITION.
AD-867 306

AFFDL-TH-67-107
AN OPTIMAL CONTROL METHOD FOR
PREDICTING CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS
AND DISPLAY REQUIREMENTS OF MANNED
VEHICLE SYSTEMS.
AD-672 272

AFFDL-TR-69-41
A FLIGHT INVESTIGATION OF
LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL HANDLING
QUALITIES FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN
LOW SPEED MANEUVERING FLIGHT.
AD-707 631

AFFDL-TR-69-81
APPLICATION OF OPTIMAL CONTROL
THEORY TO THE PREDICTION OF HUMAN
PERFORMANCE IN A COMPLEX TASK.
AD-704 562

AFFDL-TR-69-120
A NEW APPROACH TO THE
SPECIFICATION AND EVALUATION OF
FLYING QUALITIES.
AD-710 590

AFFDL-TR-69-123-VOL-2
A STABILITY AND CONTROL

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PREDICTION METHOD FOR HELICOPTERS
AND STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT.
VOLUME III: USER'S MANUAL.
AD-706 918

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PREDICTION METHOD FOR HELICOPTERS
AND STOPPABLE ROTOR AIRCRAFT.
VOLUME III: PROGRAMMER'S MANUAL.
AD-706 374

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THE 'PAPER-PILOT' -- A DIGITAL
COMPUTER PROGRAM TO PREDICT PILOT
RATING FOR THE HOVER TASK.
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AFFDL-TR-70-88
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GUIDE FOR MIL-F-83300-MILITARY
SPECIFICATION -- FLYING QUALITIES
OF PILOTED V/STOL AIRCRAFT.
AD-884 439

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AFFDL-TR-70-90
AN INVESTIGATION OF THE
TRAILING VORTEX SYSTEM GENERATED BY
A JET-FLAPPED WING OPERATING AT
HIGH WING LIFT COEFFICIENTS.
AD-715 315

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AFFDL-TR-70-154-VOL-1
A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF
JETS EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW.
VOLUME I: TEST DESCRIPTION AND
DATA ANALYSIS.
AD-718 122

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AFFDL-TR-70-154-VOL-2
A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF
JETS EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW.
VOLUME II: ADDITIONAL DATA FOR THE
ONE-JET CONFIGURATION.

AD-720 232

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AFFDL-TR-70-154-VOL-3
A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF
JETS EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW.
VOLUME III: ADDITIONAL DATA FOR
TWO-JET CONFIGURATIONS.
AD-720 233

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AFFDL-TR-70-154-VOL-4
A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF
JETS EXHAUSTING INTO A CROSSFLOW.
VOLUME IV: ADDITIONAL DATA FOR THE
THREE-JET CONFIGURATION.
AD-718 123

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AFFDL-TR-70-170
A THEORETICAL INVESTIGATION OF
A CIRCULAR LIFTING JET IN A CROSS-
FLOWING MAINSTREAM.
AD-718 121

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AFFDL-TR-71-3
AERODYNAMIC STABILITY AND
CONTROL/WIND TUNNEL DATA
CORRELATION.
AD-726 103

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AFFDL-TR-71-23
THE GENERATION OF A MILITARY
SPECIFICATION FOR FLYING QUALITIES
OF PILOTED V/STOL AIRCRAFT-MIL-F-
83300.
AD-725 746

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AFFDL-TR-71-26-VOL-6
WIND TUNNEL TEST OF A POWERED
TILT-ROTOR DYNAMIC MODEL ON A
SIMULATED FREE FLIGHT SUSPENSION
SYSTEM. VOLUME VI.
AD-735 633

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AFFDL-TR-71-62-VOL-7
WIND TUNNEL TEST OF THE
AERODYNAMICS AND DYNAMICS OF ROTOR
SPINUP, STOPPING AND FOLDING ON A
SEMISPAN FOLDING TILT-ROTOR MODEL.
VOLUME VII.
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AIR-ARM

CYCLIC PITCH CONTROL ON A
V/STOL TILT WING AIRCRAFT.
AD-734 060

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AFFDL-TR-71-91-NEF-5
1/3 SCALE V/STOL CYCLIC PITCH
PROPELLERS: RESULTS OF WIND TUNNEL
TESTS.
AD-734 237

• AIR FORCE FLIGHT TEST CENTER EDWARDS
AFB CALIF

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FTC-TR-66-29
IMPORTANT VSTOL AIRCRAFT
STABILITY DERIVATIVES IN HOVER AND
TRANSITION.
AD-641 371

• AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-
PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

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GAM/AE/68-2
SIMPLIFIED APPROXIMATIONS OF
INTERFERENCE EFFECTS ON JET V/STOL
AIRCRAFT.
AD-633 270

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GAM/AE/68-11
THE APPROXIMATE LONGITUDINAL
STABILITY DERIVATIVES OF A VECTORED
THRUST VTOL.
AD-633 396

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GE/EE/65-20
EFFECTS OF WEIGHT, INERTIA, AND
VELOCITY ON CONTROL POWER
REQUIREMENTS FOR VTOL AIRCRAFT.
AD-623 100

• AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC
RESEARCH ARLINGTON VA

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AFOSR-TR-71-2211
OPTIMAL AND SUBOPTIMAL CONTROL
SYNTHESIS FOR MINIMUM TIME VTOL
TRANSITION.
AD-726 112

• AIR VEHICLE CORP SAN DIEGO CALIF

• • •
A SLANTED ROUND JET AT LOW
FORWARD SPEED;
(AROD-5274:7-E)
AD-726 965

• ARMY AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH LAB
HOFFETT FIELD CALIF

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MASS FLOW, VELOCITY AND IN-
FLIGHT THRUST MEASUREMENTS BY ION
DEFLECTION,
AD-713 587

• ARMY AVIATION MATERIEL LABS FORT
EUSTIS VA

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USAAVLABS-TR-4
SUITABILITY OF A DRAG SPHERE
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AIRCRAFT DOWNWASH.
AD-673 821

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USAAVLABS-TR-65-24
STUDY OF SIZE EFFECTS ON VTOL
HANDLING QUALITIES CRITERIA.
AD-622 576

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USAAVLABS-TR-65-29
AIRCRAFT DESIGN XV-9A HOT CYCLE
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT.
AD-621 684

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USAAVLABS-TR-65-38
COMPONENT TESTING XV-9A HOT
CYCLE RESEARCH AIRCRAFT.
AD-627 361

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USAAVLABS-TR-65-48
AN ANALYTICAL STUDY OF THE
DYNAMICS OF AIRCRAFT IN UNSTEADY
FLIGHT.
AD-627 370

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USAAVLABS-TR-65-68
GROUND AND FLIGHT TESTS, XV-9A
HOT CYCLE RESEARCH AIRCRAFT.
AD-631 413

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USAAVLABS-TR-65-69
A THEORY FOR VTOL PROPELLER

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AIR-ARM

OPERATION IN A STATIC CONDITION.
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USAAVLABS-TR-65-73
WIND TUNNEL TEST OF 1/7 SCALE
MODEL OV-1.
AD-630 924

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USAAVLABS-TR-66-10
XV-9A HOT CYCLE RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.
AD-638 366

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USAAVLABS-TR-66-26
DEVELOPMENT OF A METHOD FOR
PREDICTING THE PERFORMANCE AND
STRESSES OF VTOL-TYPE PROPELLERS.
AD-635 951

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USAAVLABS-TR-66-45
XV-4A VTOL RESEARCH AIRCRAFT
PROGRAM.
AD-635 106

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USAAVLABS-TR-66-53
AN ANALYTICAL STUDY OF FACTORS
INFLUENCING THE LONGITUDINAL
STABILITY OF TILT-WING VTOL
AIRCRAFT.
AD-640 945

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COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL
STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS OF THREE
TILT-WING VTOL AIRCRAFT DESIGNS.
AD-667 983

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OF THE LONGITUDINAL DYNAMIC
STABILITY CHARACTERISTICS OF A FOUR-
PROPELLER TILT-WING VTOL MODEL.
AD-663 848

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20-HOUR FOLLOW-ON FLIGHT TEST
PROGRAM, XV-9A HOT CYCLE RESEARCH
AIRCRAFT.
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INVESTIGATIONS OF A VARIABLE
AREA SCROLL FOR POWER TRANSFER IN
TIP TURBINE LIFT FAN SYSTEMS.
AD-667 989

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USAAVLABS-TR-67-37
PERFORMANCE AND STRESSES
OBTAINED ON AN ISOLATED VTOL-TYPE
PROPELLER OPERATING IN HOVERING,
TRANSITIONAL, AND AXIAL FLIGHT.
AD-661 087

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USAAVLABS-TR-67-53
XV-5A MAINTENANCE AND SYSTEMS
EVALUATION.
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INVESTIGATION OF PROPELLER
SLIPSTREAM EFFECTS ON WING
PERFORMANCE.
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DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF THE XC-142A
TILT-WING V/STOL AIRCRAFT TO IN-
FLIGHT CARGO DELIVERY AT SLOW
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FEASIBILITY STUDY OF ADVANCED
V/STOL PROPELLER TECHNOLOGY.
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USAAVLABS-TR-69-96
FEEDBACK CONTROL OF VTOL
AIRCRAFT.
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USAAVLABS-TR-70-16
A STUDY OF V/STOL GROUND-BASED
SIMULATION TECHNIQUES.
AD-871 154

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FLUIDIC VORTEX ANGULAR RATE
SENSOR CONCEPT INVESTIGATION FOR
HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT.
AD-874 029

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USAAVLABS-TR-70-26
APPLICATION OF THE NORTHROP
ROTATIONAL SIMULATOR TO HELICOPTERS
AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT (USER'S GUIDE).
AD-673 037

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EFFECTS OF HIGH-LIFT DEVICES ON
V/STOL AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE.
VOLUME I.
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EFFECTS OF HIGH-LIFT DEVICES ON
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AIRCRAFT.
AD-623 514

ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND FORT
MONMOUTH N J

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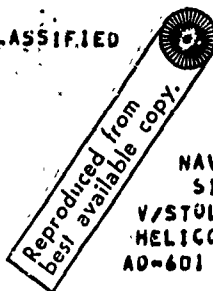
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