E OU : 66

an an again

FOSR 67-2026

0

022291

۰.

# Test Section Conditions for the Tailored Interface <u>Hypersonic Shock Tunnel</u>

Appendix to H.I.C. No.83 1966

Ъу

M. P. Wood



Distribution of this document is unlimited

Department of Fuel Technology and Chemical Engineering, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, England.

21

Reproduced by the CLEARINGHOUSE for Federal Scientific & Technical Information Springfield Va. 22151

### Test Section Conditions for the Tailcred Interface Hypersonic Shock Tunnel

Appendix to H.I.C. No.83 1966.

#### Introduction

This report contains calculated conditions expected in the test section of the Sheffield University Shock Tunnel.

The driver gases used are either cold hydrogen or a mixture of hydrogen oxygen and helium ignited behind the primary diaphragm. Cold hydrogen "Tailors" at a primary shock Mach ' number of 6 and the helium mixture used at about 12. The report therefore deals with the primary shock Mach number ranges from 5 to 9 and from 9 to 14 to cover both these cases.

The air in the stagnation region is expanded to test section Mach numbers of 3,4 or 5 depending on the nozzle attached.

# Symbols used

fine and

\$ •;• •

- 0 - - -- - -

ŝ

and the start with

- 11 Mar

	P =		pressure $T \equiv temperature$					
	h	=	enthalpy a = sound speed					
	u	=	velocity					
	Ms	=	primary shock Mach number.					
	Mt	=	test section Mach number.					
Subscript	T	=	test section values.					
Subscript	5	=	Stagnation region values					

-**X 'Y**'

## Method of Calculation

### Assumptions made

- (i) The expansion through the nozzles from state 5
  to state T is assumed isentropic when using Mollier date
- (ii) Feldman charts for air were used to obtain values of  $h_5 P_5 T_5$ .

(iii) The enthalpy in region 5 appears in region T as

$$h_{T} + \frac{1}{2} U_{T}^{2} = h_{5}$$

Method

(i) Find values of  $h_5 P_5 T_5$  using the required conditions  $P_1 T_1 M_s$ (ii) From  $h_T + \frac{1}{2} U_T^2 = h_5$  $h_T = h_5 = \frac{1}{2} (Ma)^2$  ....(A)

. Assume a value of "a" and substitute this in (A) hence calculate  $h_{\rm m}$  .

(iii) Using P<sub>5</sub>T<sub>5</sub> expand isentropicly on a Mollier chart to h<sub>T</sub>.
 (iv) Check whether the value of "a" assumed equals the value of "a" at h<sub>m</sub>.

(v) Repeat the above until the "a" assumed to calculate  $h_{\eta}$  equals the "a" at  $h_{\eta}$  on the chart.

When this is so read off values of  $h_{\eta}P_{\eta}T_{\eta}.$ 

- 3 -

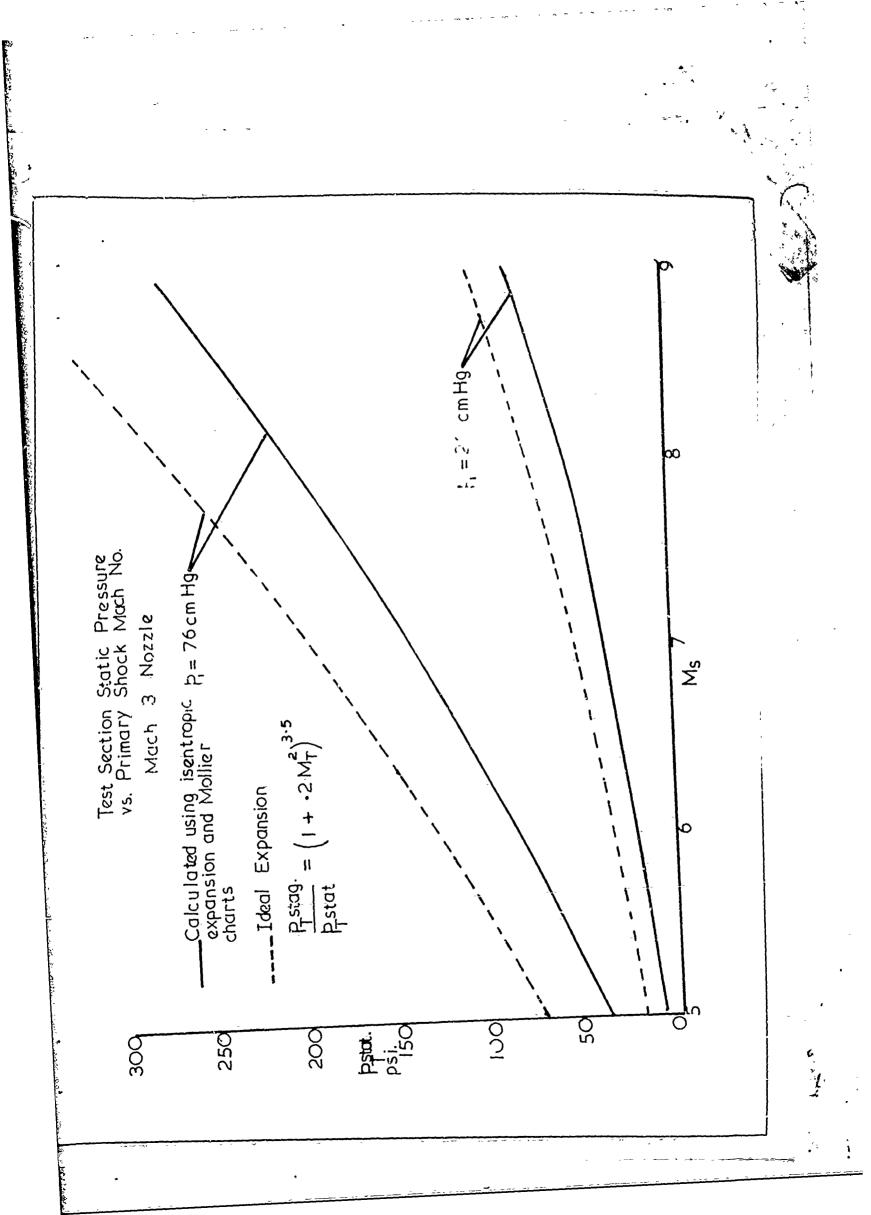
Using the above method values of  $h_T P_T$  and  $T_T$  were obtained for various primary shock Mach numbers using 3 different values of P.1. The primary shock Mach numbers used include the tailoring Mach numbers for hydrogen and hot lhelium as used at Sheffield. Included on the graphs of  $P_T$  and  $T_T$  are values calculated assuming ideal gas with  $\gamma = 1.1$ . Assuming this,

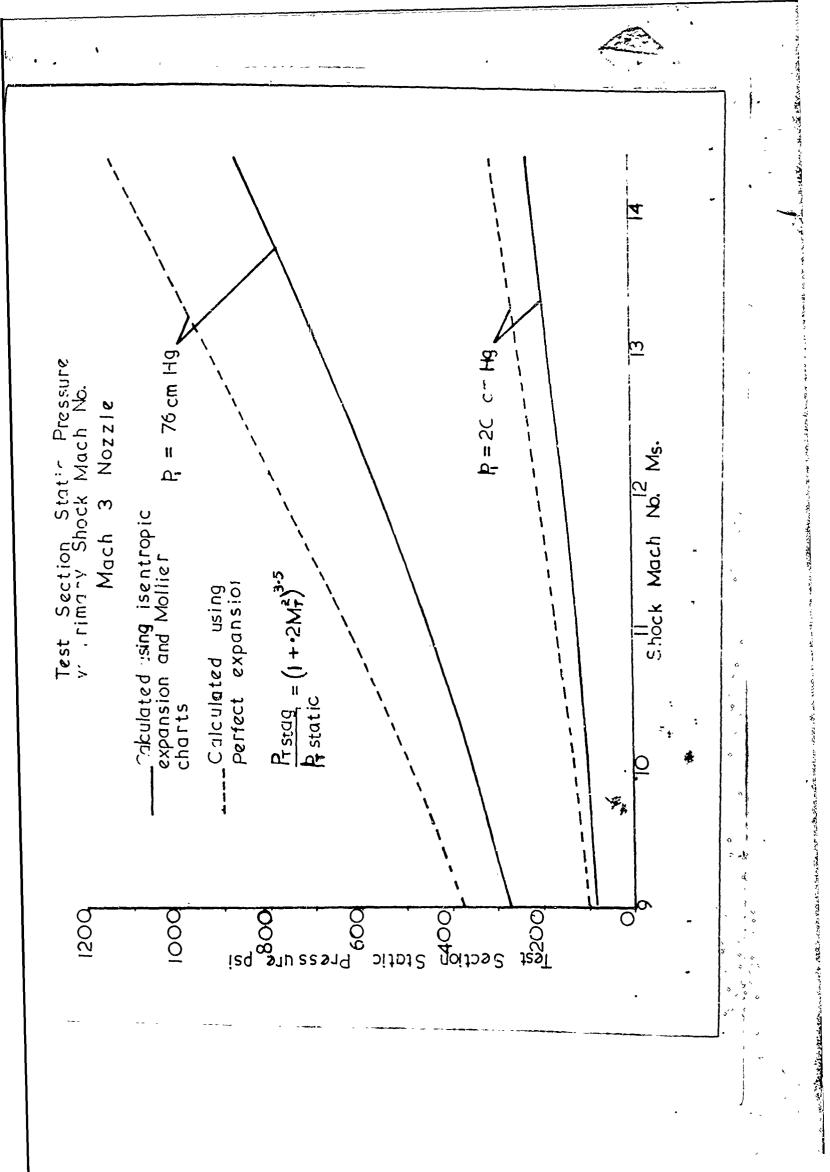
For static temperature  $T_T = \frac{h_5}{RT_0} \frac{1}{3.5(1+0.2M_T^2)} T_0$ and for static pressure  $P_T = \frac{P_5}{(1+0.2M_T^2)^{3.5}}$ 

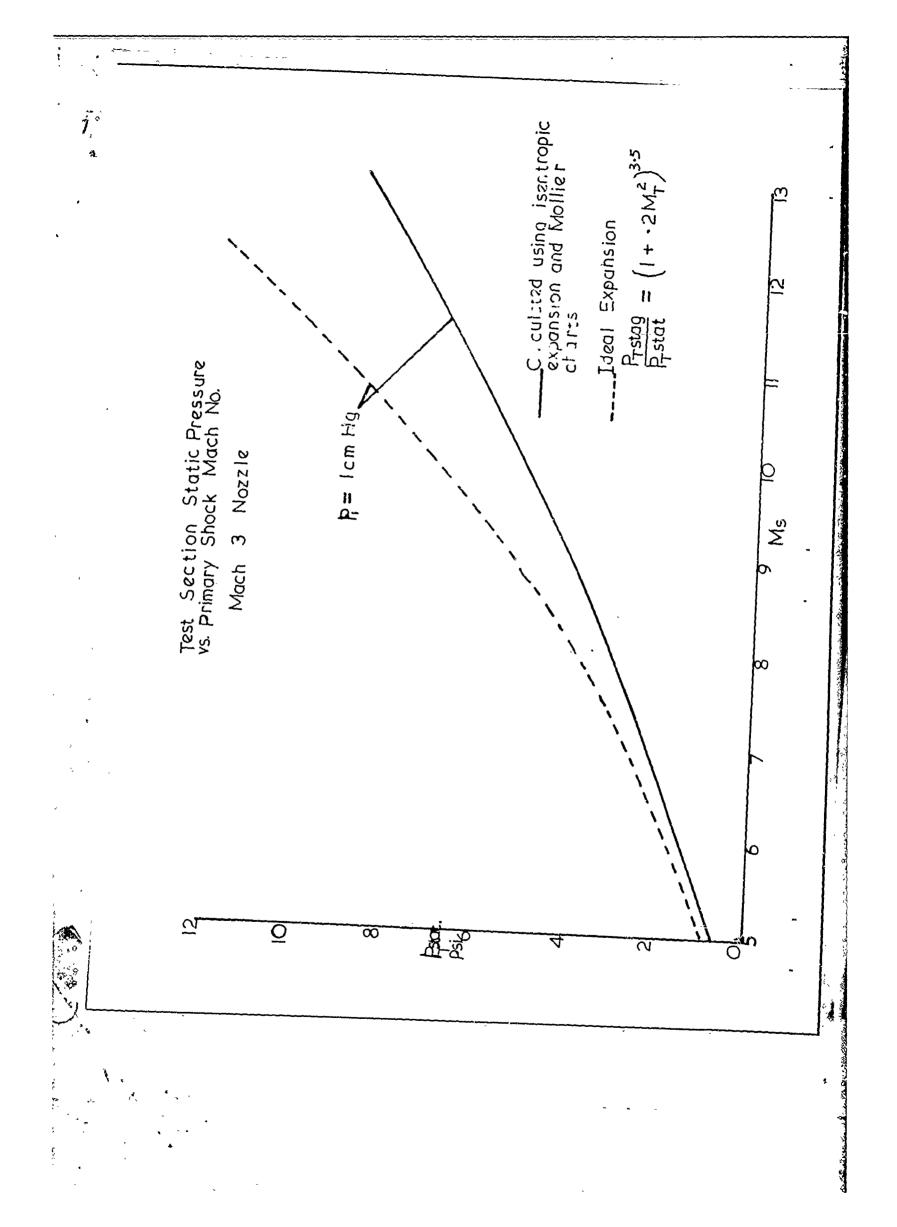
From the graphs it can be seen that these assumptions are only valid at the lower primary shock Mach numbers i.e. when the temperature is less than about 2000°K.

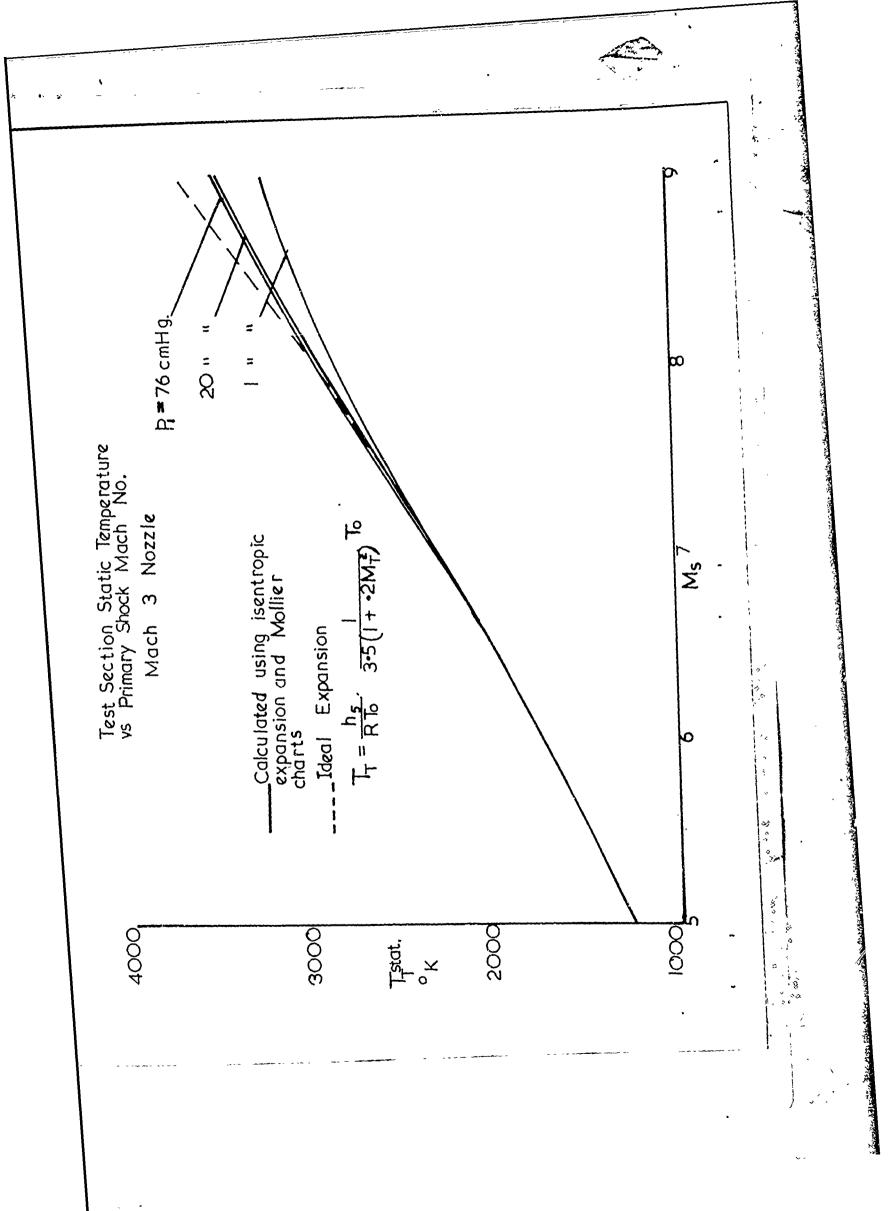
- It is proposed to obtain practical values by using static pressure probes and sodium double beam reversal methods.

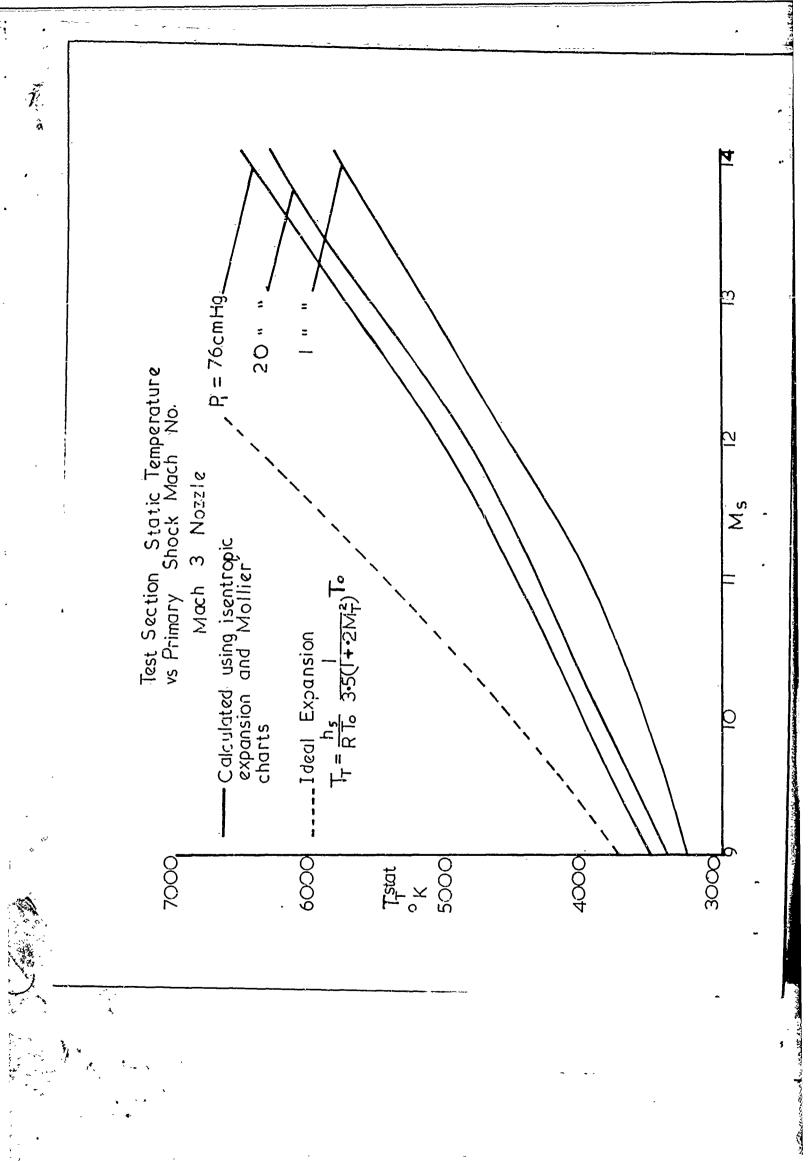
- 4 -

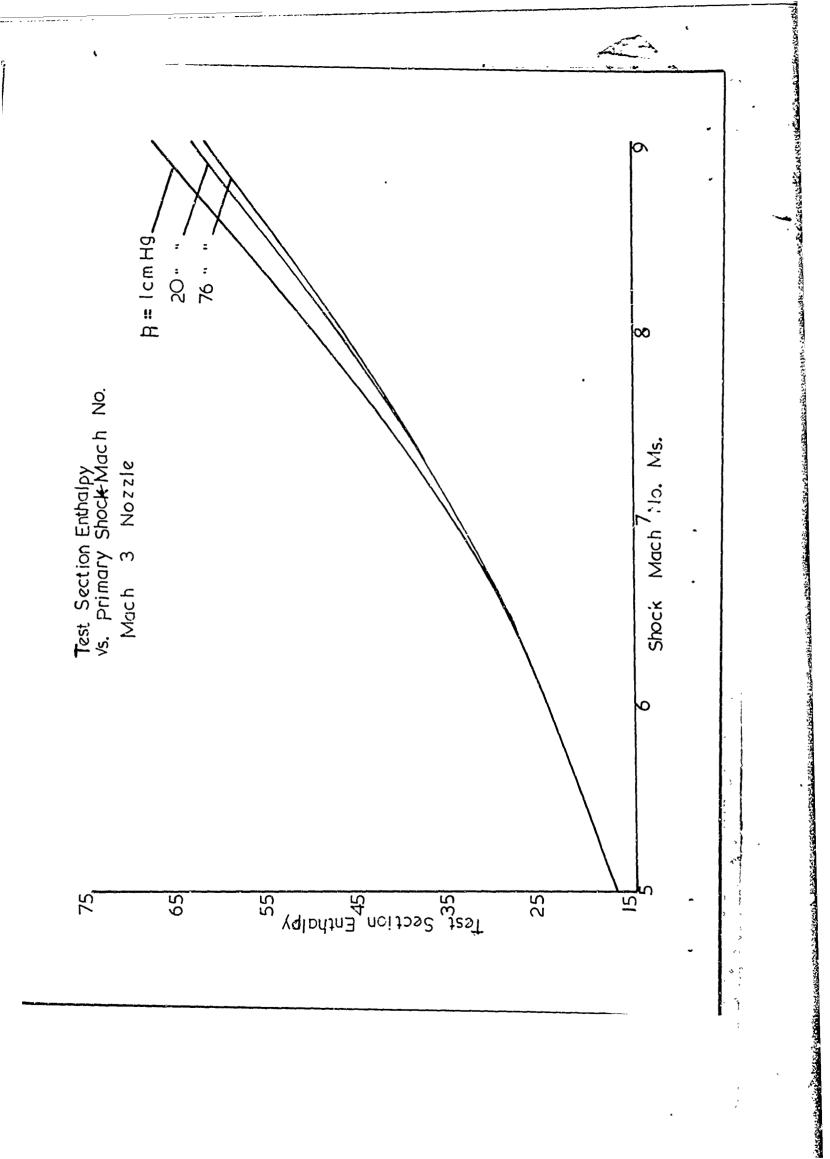


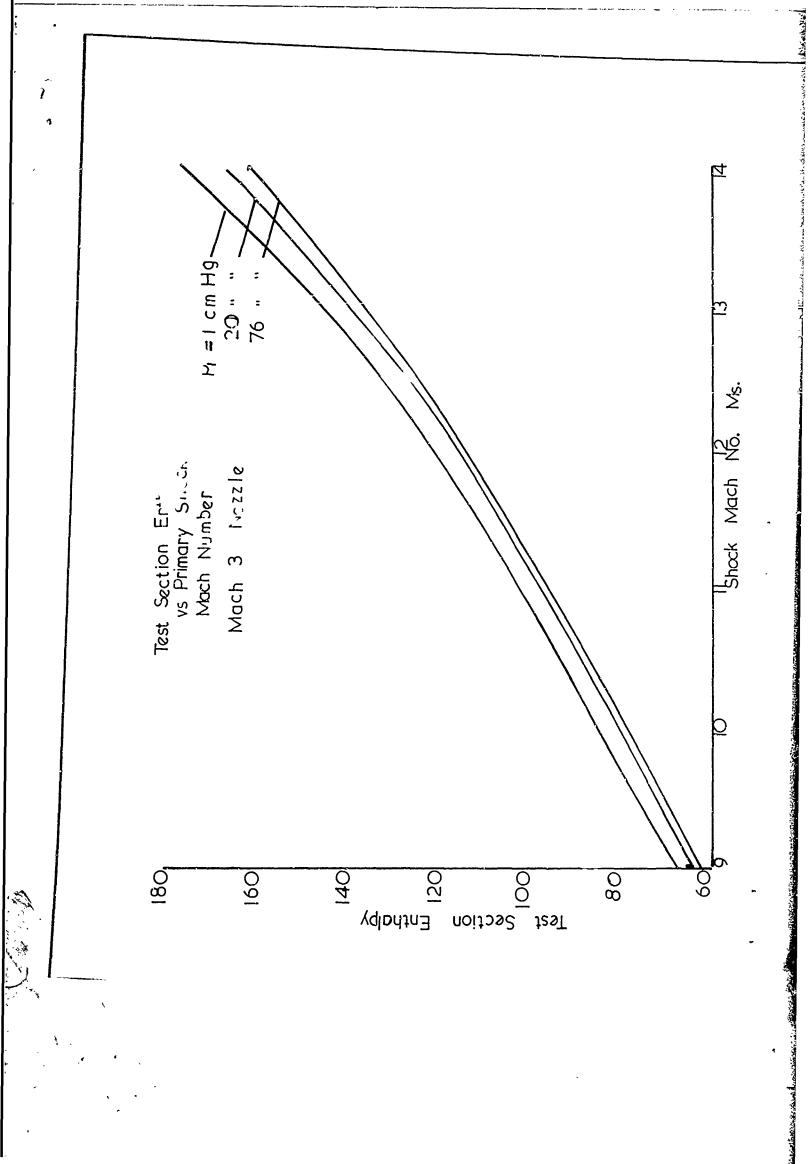


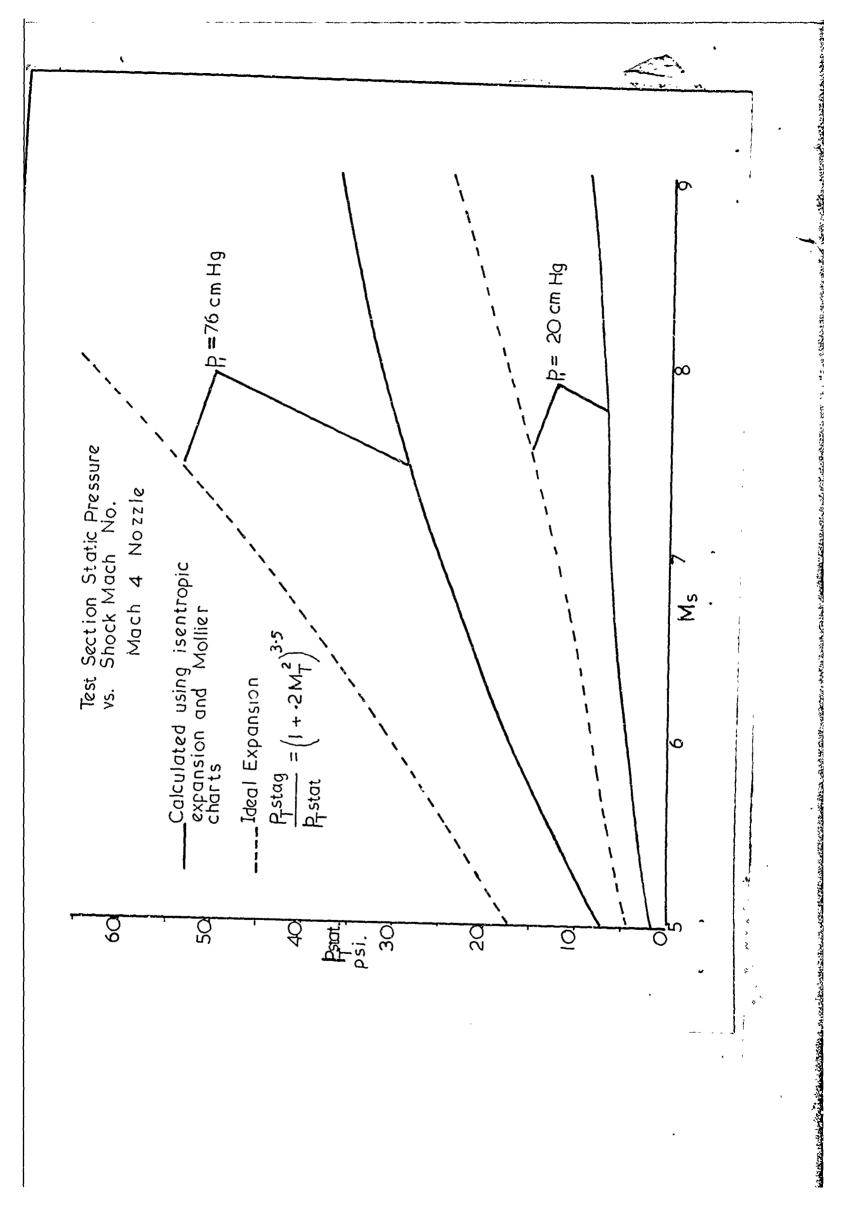


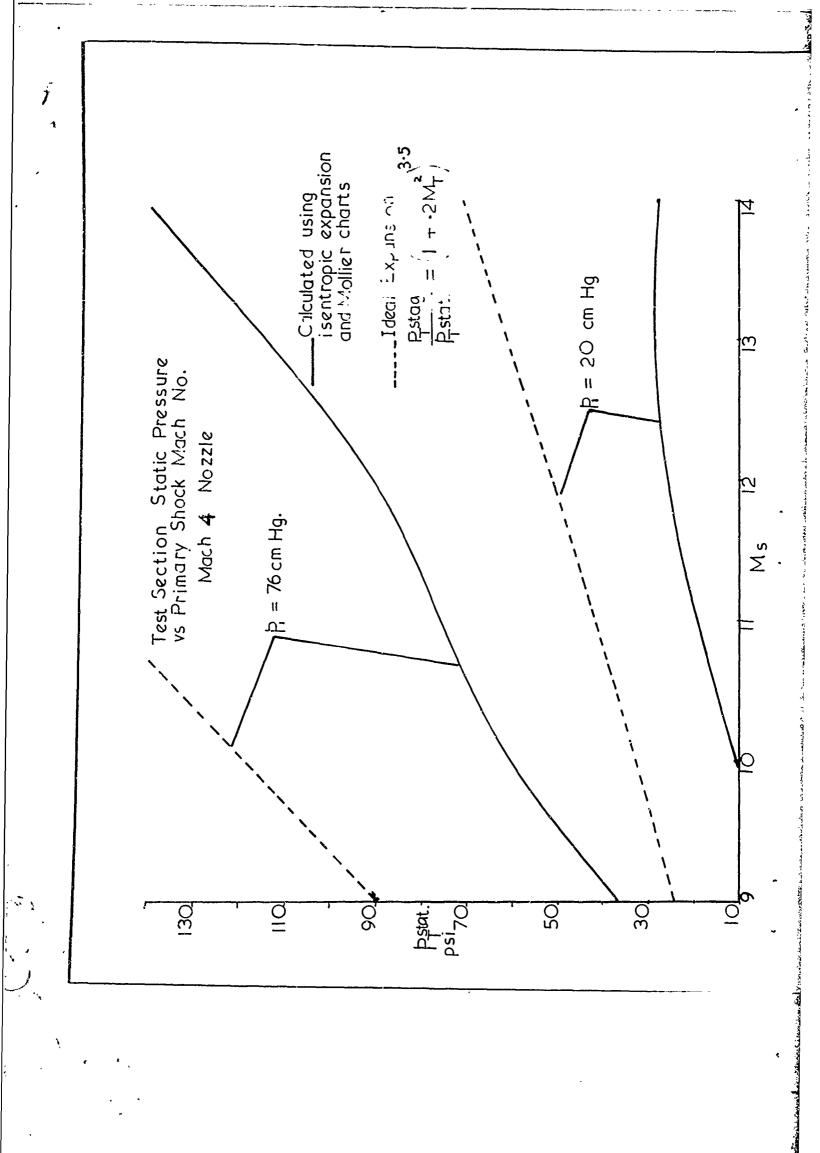


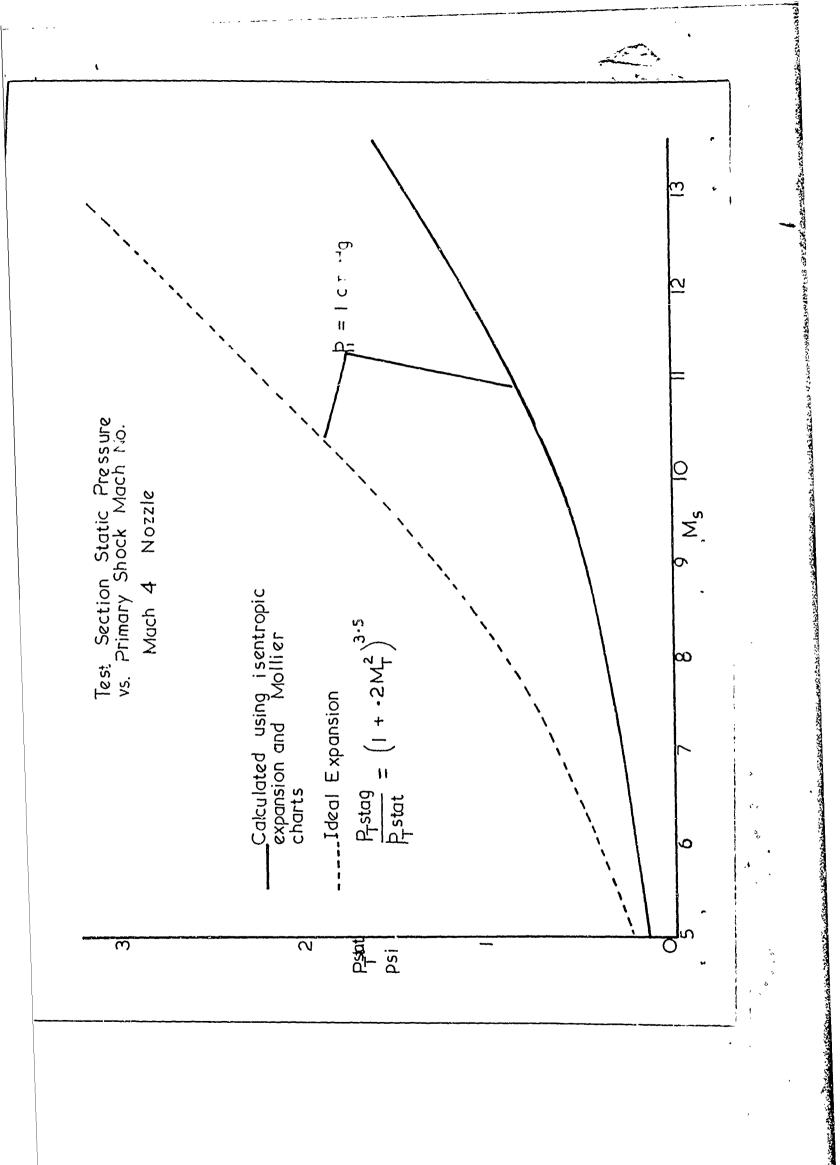


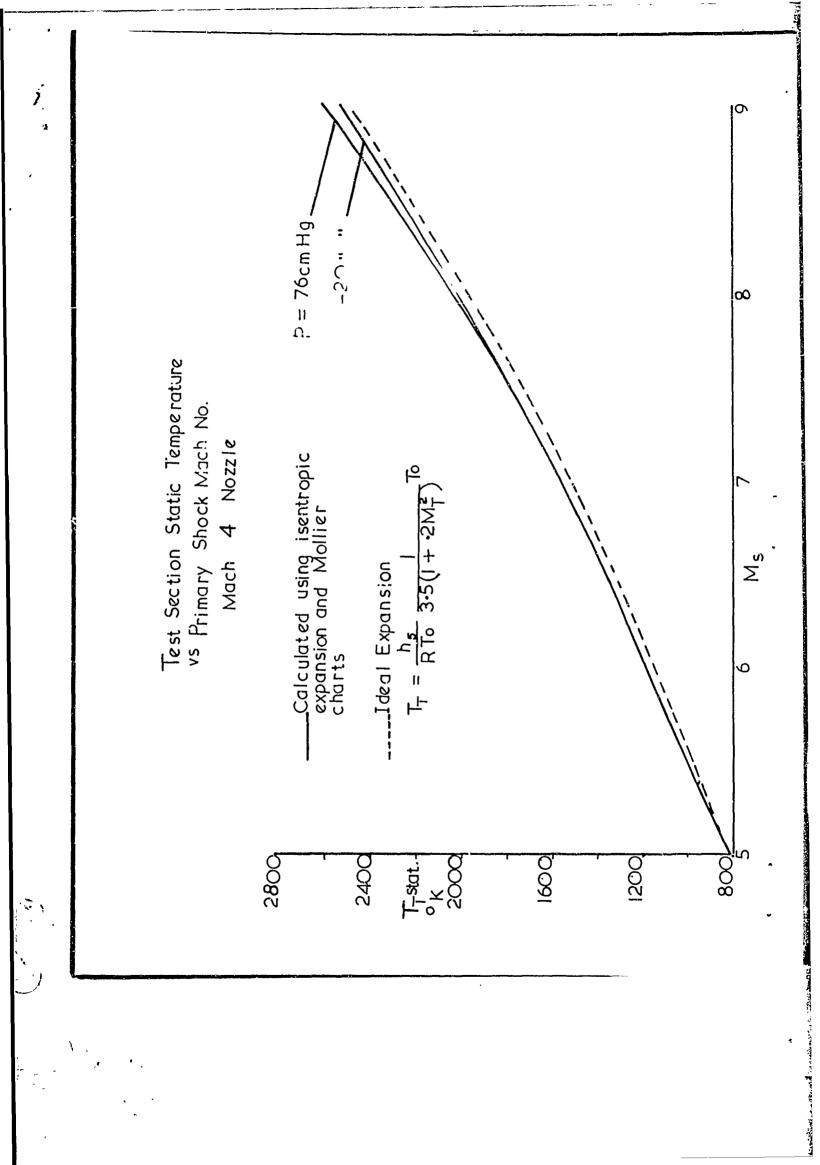


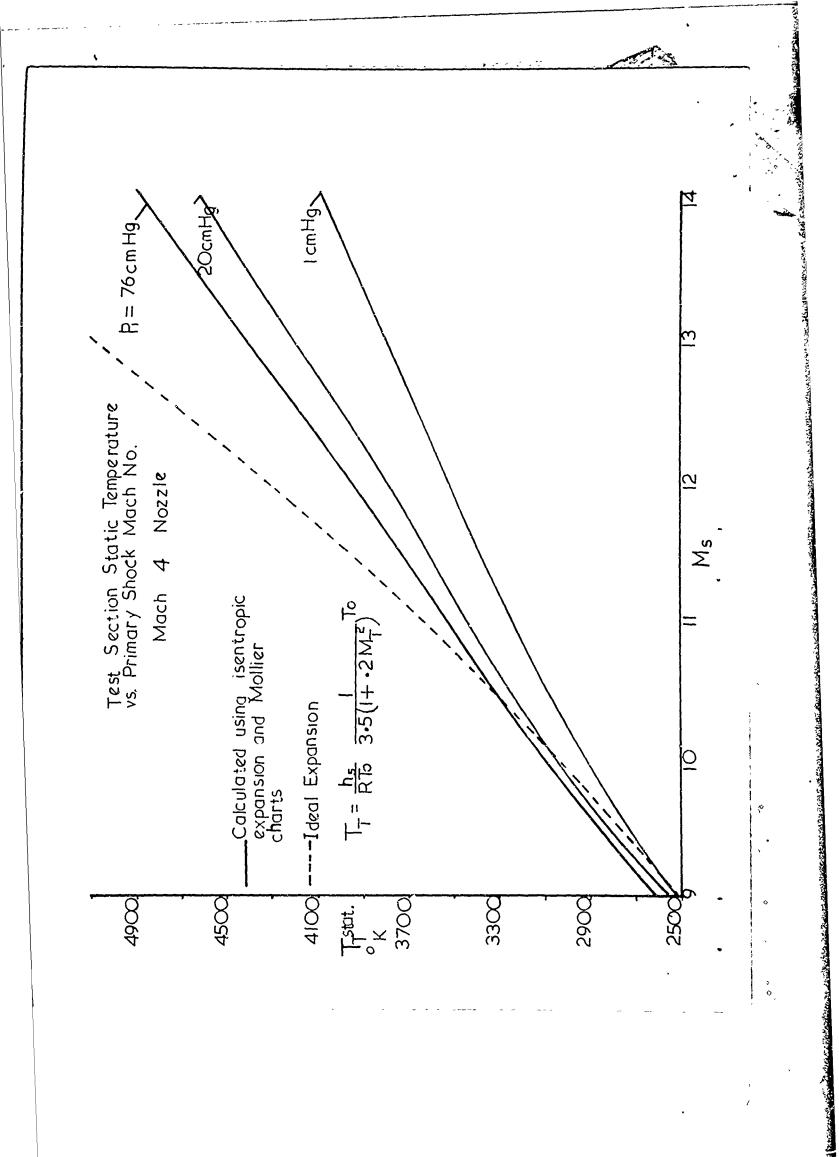


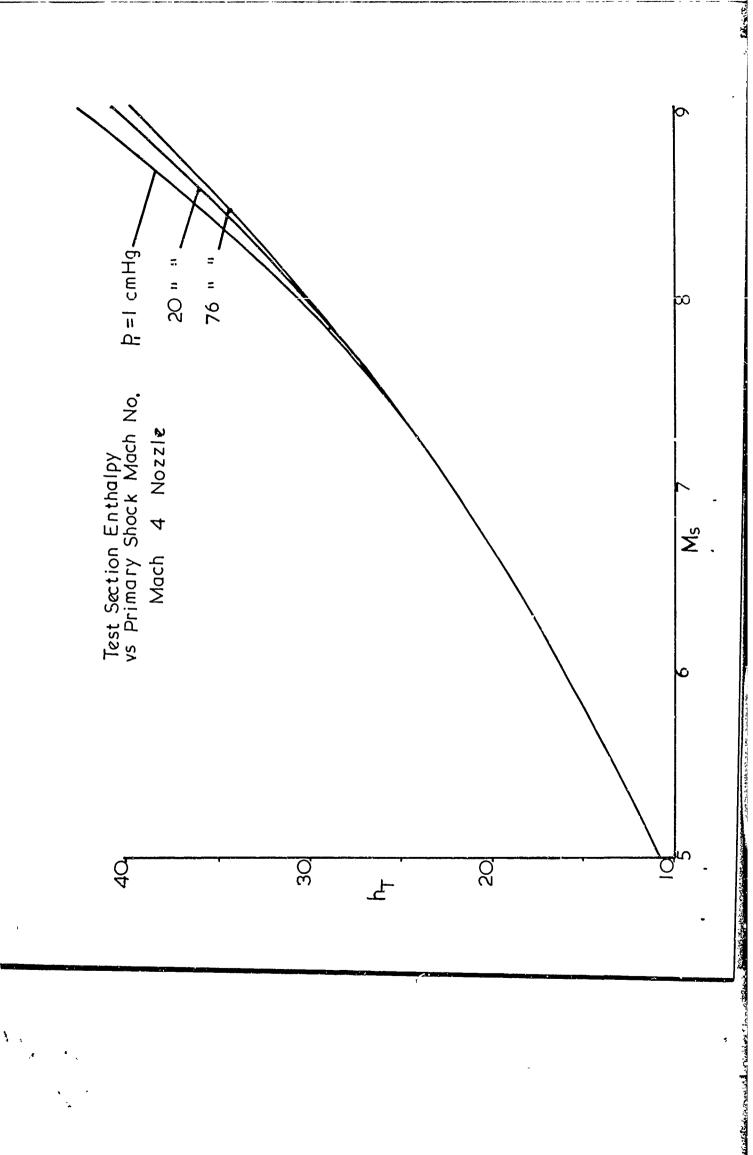






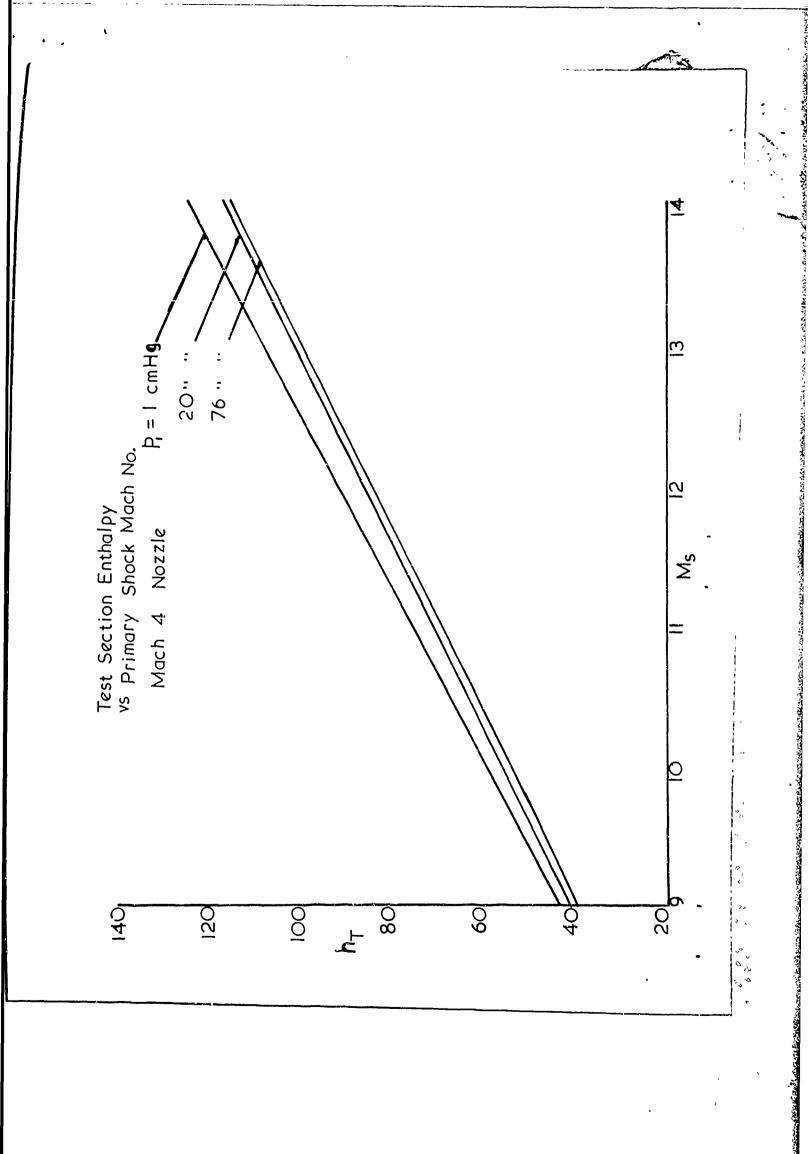


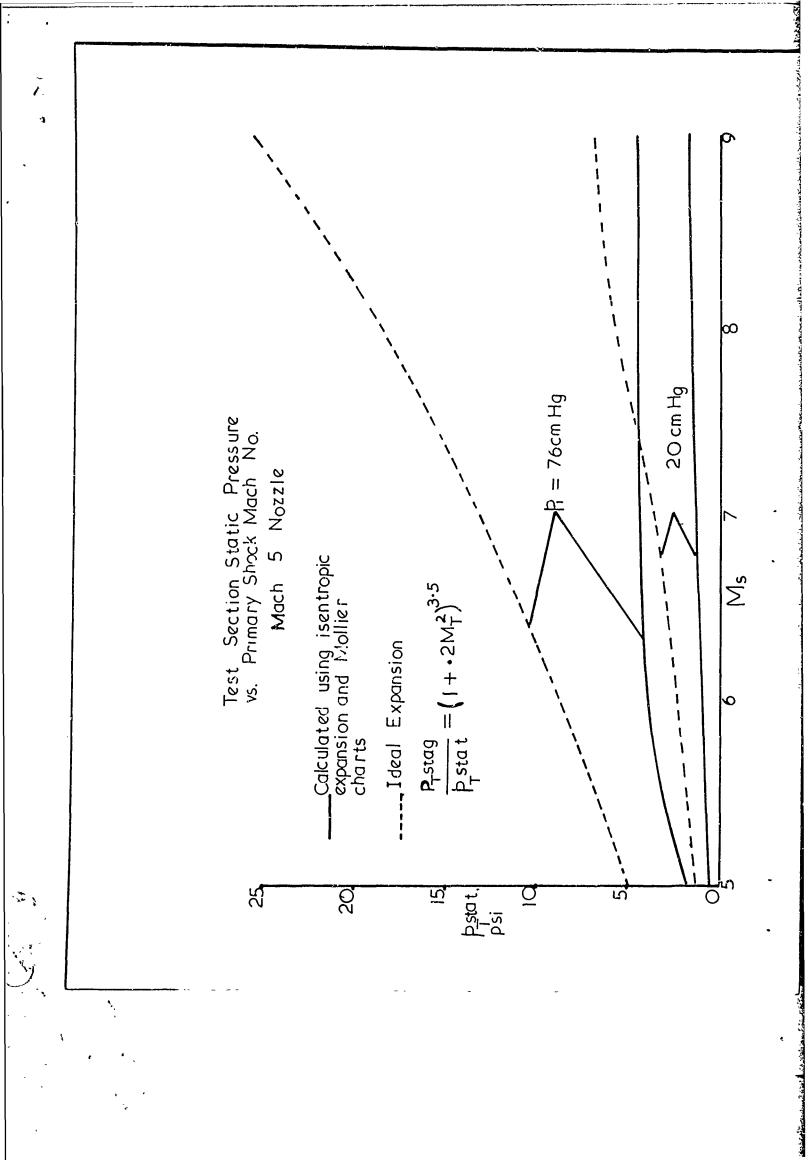


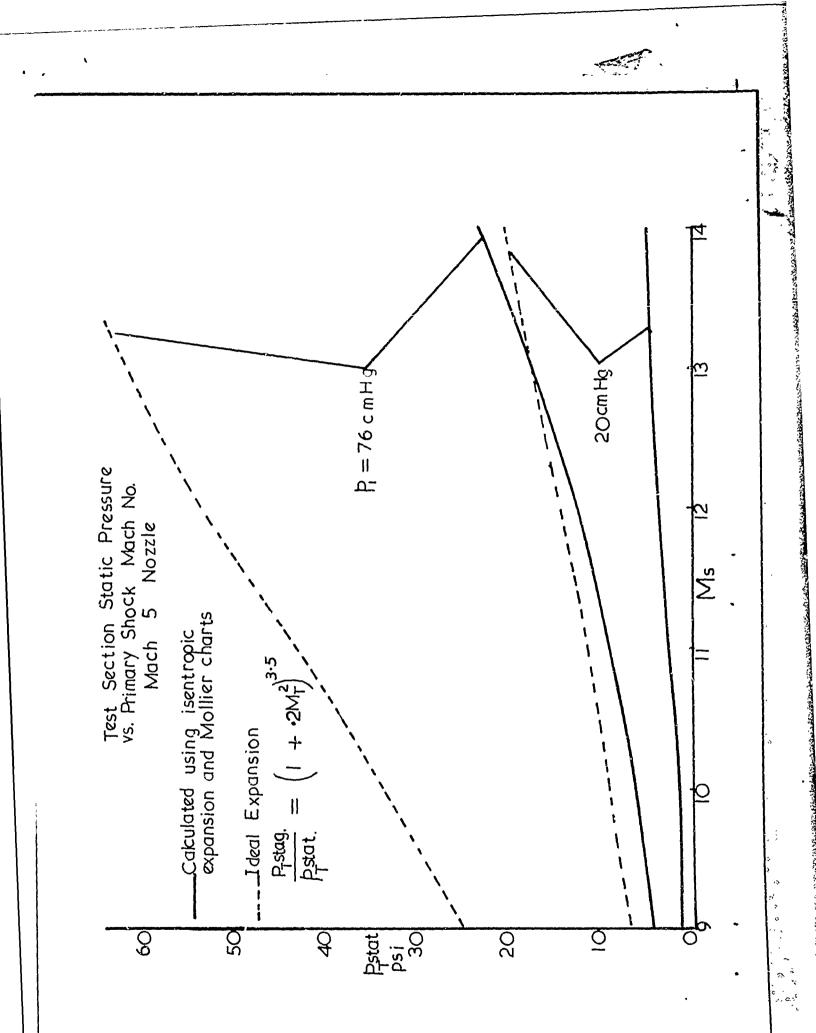


ż

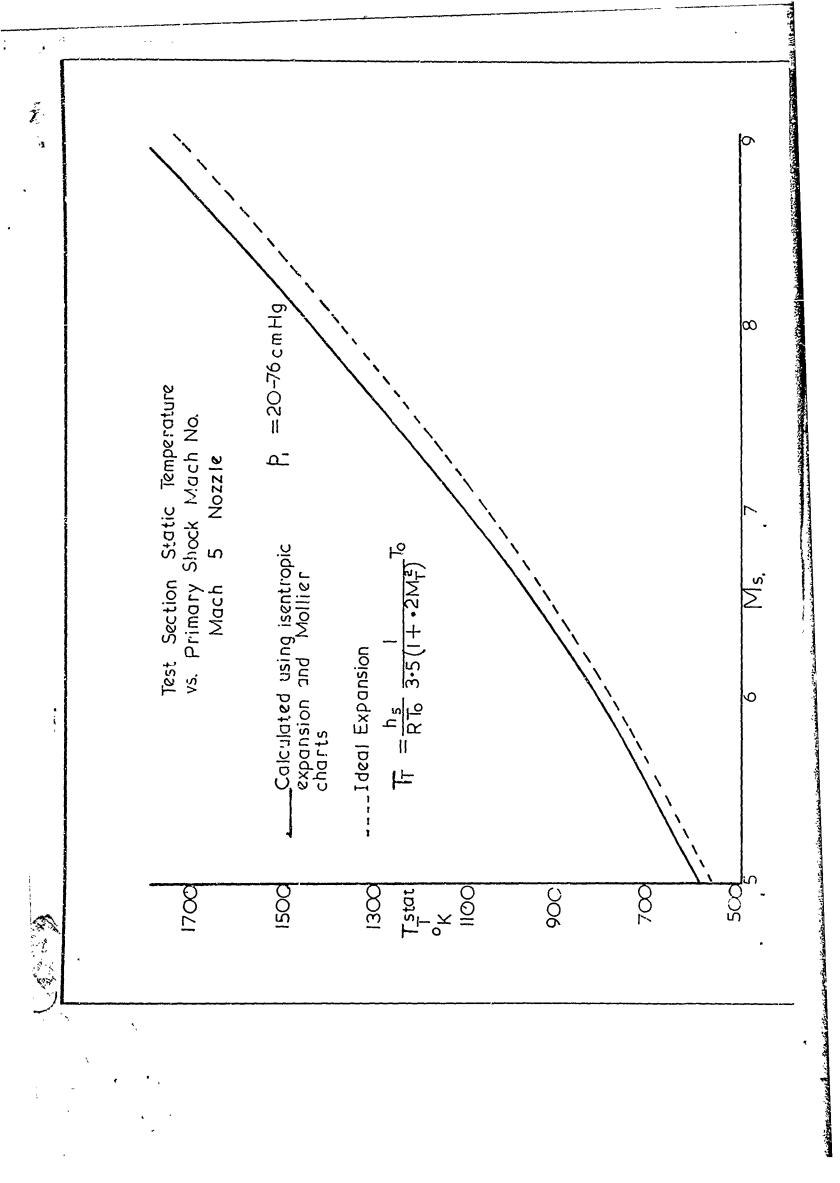
2

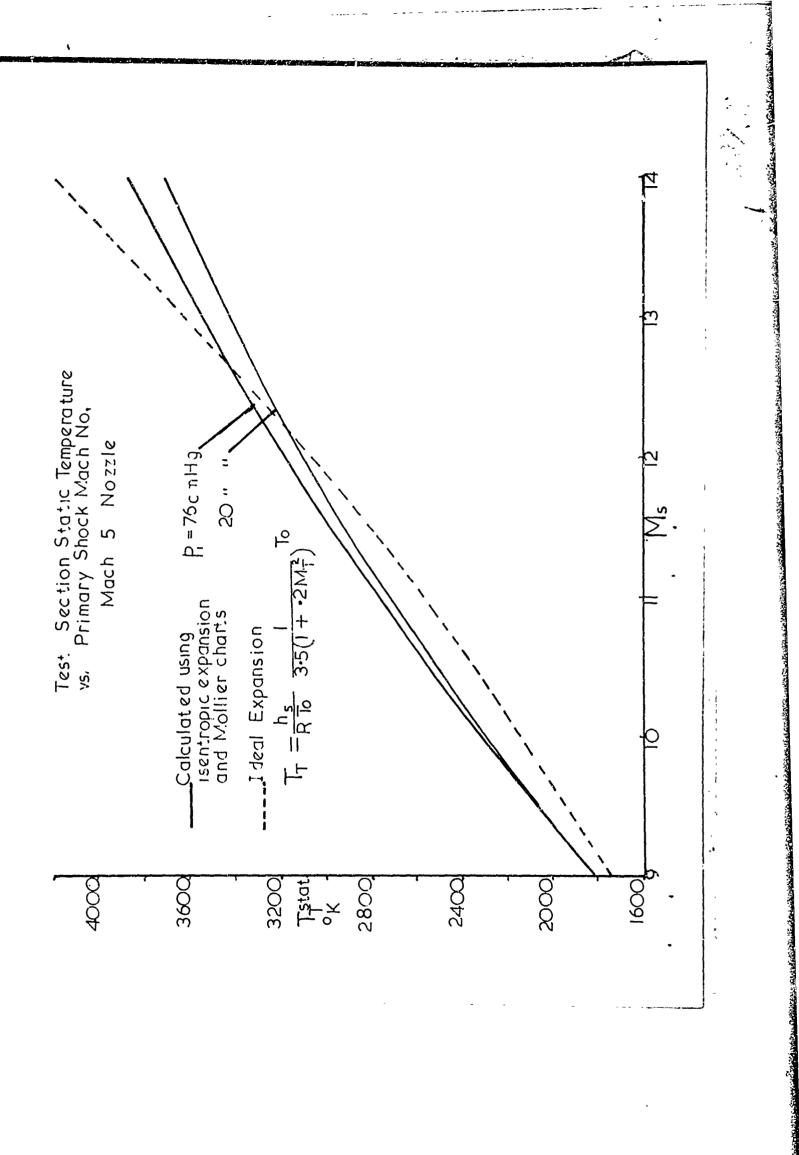


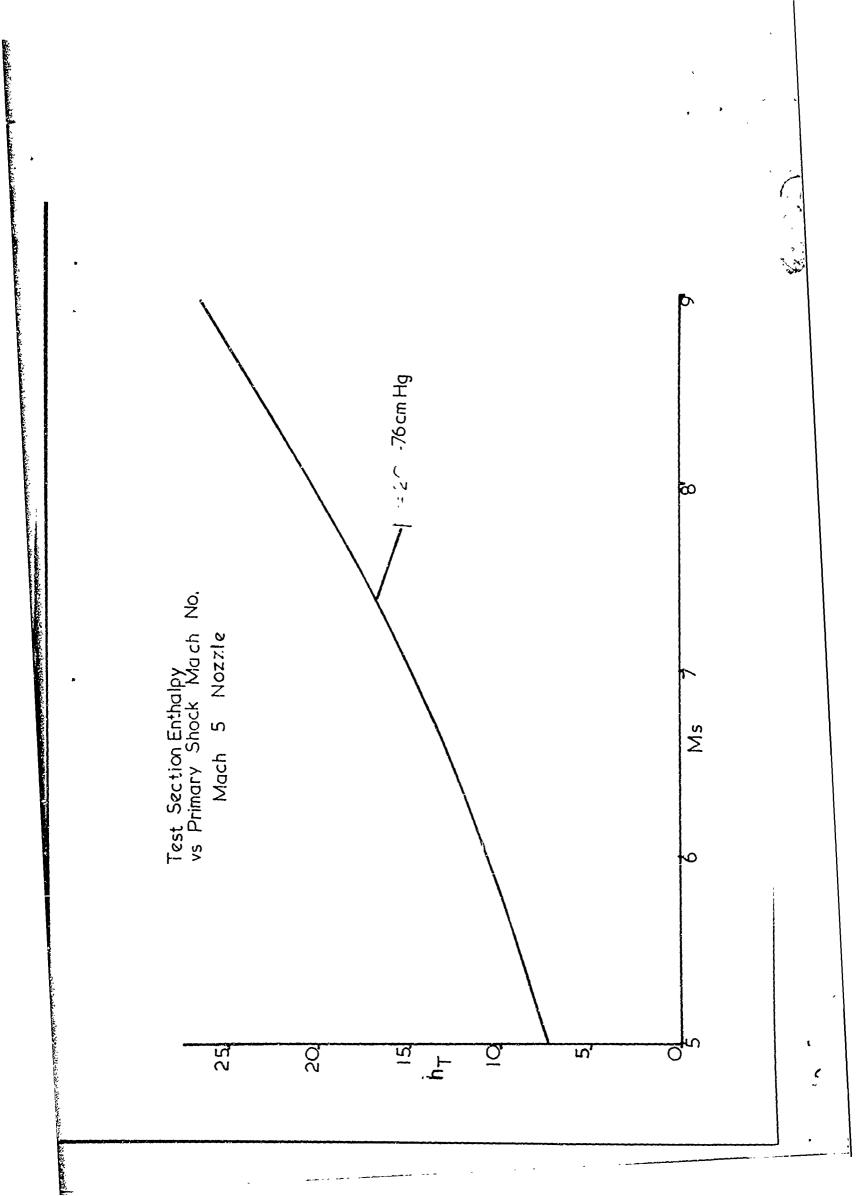


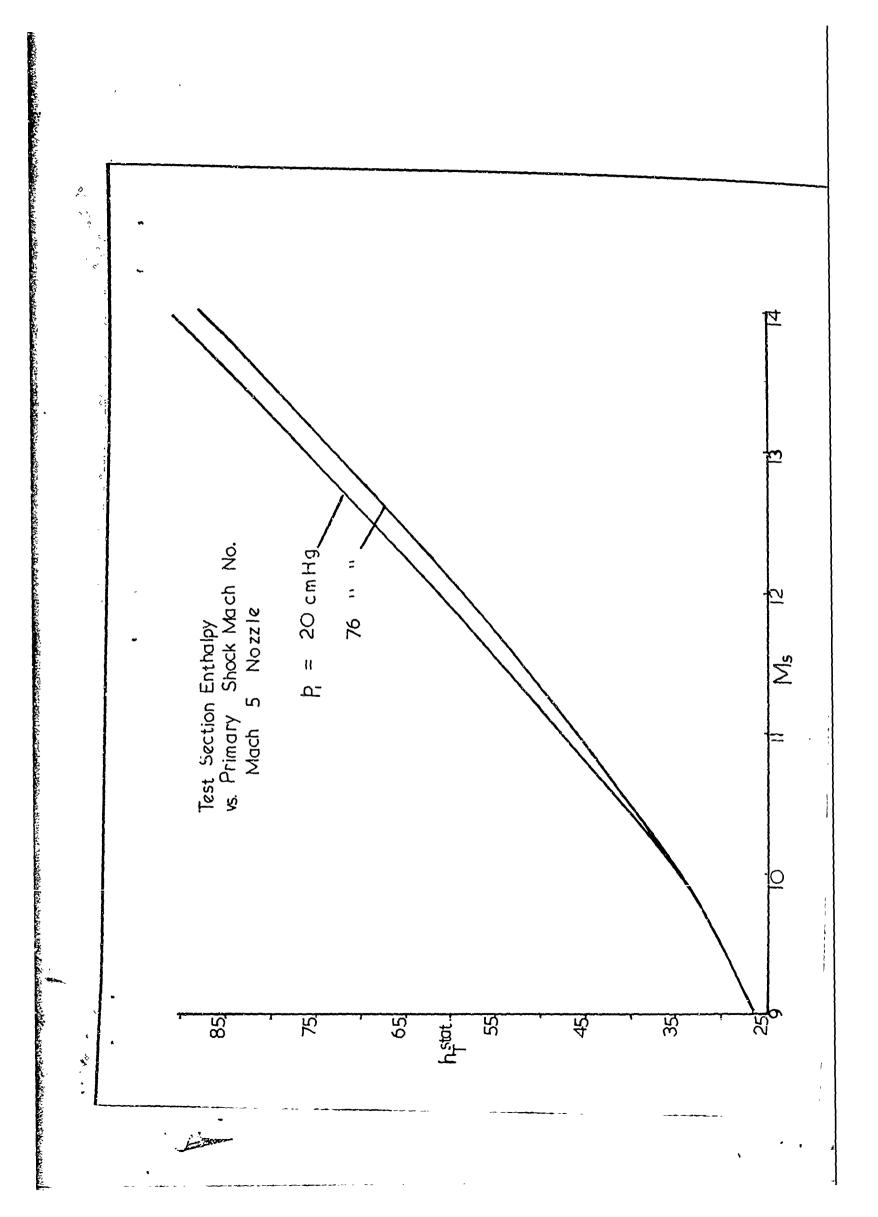


a serve serve a server ser









s is a potate with ty	City say start in soust be entered when the usefall report is clubsilledy 20. 00. PORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION				
Universicy of Sheffield	UNCLASSIFIED				
Fuel Technology and Chemical Engineer	ring Department 20. GROUP				
Sheffield, England					
	DRED INTERFACE HYPERSONIC SHOCK TUNNEL				
Scientific Interim					
M P Wood					
REPORT JATE	74. TOTAL NO OF PAGES 75. NO. OF REFS				
1966	24				
CONTRACT OF GRANT NO AF EOAR 66-11	94. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)				
PROJECT NO 9711-01	Appendix to H.I.C. No. 83				
61445014	96. OTHER REPORT NO(5) (Any other numbers that may be assign				
	this report)				
681308	AFOSR 67-2026				
1. Distribution of this document is Tech, Other	AF Office of Scientific Research (SREP) 1400 Wilson Boulevard				
iech, other	Arlington, Virginia 22209				
at about 12. The report therefore de ranges from 5 to 9 and from 9 to 14 t	anel. I hydrogen or a mixture of hydrogen primary diaphragm. Cold hydrogen umber of 6 and the helium mixture used cals with the primary shock Mach number to cover both these cases.				

e X

1 35

•

ĥ

and the state of the states.

調査

UNCLASSIFIED

KIN WORDS	L'N.		NK BUINK T			
/	ROLE	W T	HOLF	w 7	401+	1 ~
Supersonic Combustion						i.
				]	ļ	ł
Hypersonic Shock Turnel						!
Hypersonic Flight						
SCRAMJET				[		l
JORAL EI						
						Ì
		ł				1
						1
× ·						
						İ
~						
			-			ļ
-						
					5	
· ·						
					4	
		i			• •	
			1		ţ	
		1	1 -	i		
				•	1	
		,	:	:	ſ	
		<u></u>				

· · · · ·