

Geophysical Data Report

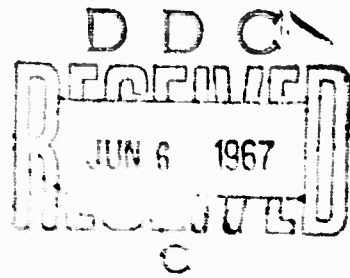
ATMOSPHERIC RADIO NOISE DATA BANGKOK, THAILAND—June-August 1966

By: RANGSIT CHINDAHPORN LT. CHAIKAMOL LUMJIAK
PRAIUAB NIMITYONGSKUL

Prepared for:

U.S. ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND
FORT MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

CONTRACT DA-36-039 AMC-00040(E)
ORDER NO. 5384-PM-63-91



Distribution of this document is unlimited.

SPONSORED BY
ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY
ARPA ORDER 371

FOR THE
THAI-U.S. MILITARY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER
SUPREME COMMAND HEADQUARTERS
BANGKOK, THAILAND



STANFORD RESEARCH INSTITUTE
MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA

ARCHIVE COPY

AD 652685

**BEST
AVAILABLE COPY**



January 1967

Geophysical Data Report

ATMOSPHERIC RADIO NOISE DATA BANGKOK, THAILAND—June-August 1966

Prepared for:

U.S. ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND
FORT MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

CONTRACT DA-36-039 AMC-00040(E)
ORDER NO. 5384-PM-63-91

By: RANGSIT CHI, DAHPORN LT. CHAIKAMOL LUMJIAK
PRAJUAB NIMITYONGSKUL

SRI Project 4240

Distribution of this document is unlimited.

SPONSORED BY
ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY
ARPA ORDER 371

FOR THE
THAI-U.S. MILITARY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER
SUPREME COMMAND HEADQUARTERS
BANGKOK, THAILAND

Copy No. ^{of 100} 29.....

~~CONTENTS~~

Page 111

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS	iii
LIST OF TABLES.	iii
1 INTRODUCTION	1
11 DISCUSSION	7
APPENDIX - RADIO NOISE VALUES	9

ILLUSTRATIONS

Fig. 1	ARN-3 Atmospheric Radio Noise Measuring Equipment	2
Fig. 2	Location of the Radio Noise Recording Station at Laem Chabang, Thailand	3
Fig. 3	Radio Noise Recording Station	4
Fig. 4	Nomogram for Transforming Effective Antenna Noise Figure to Noise Field Strength as a Function of Frequency	6
Fig. A-1	Three-Month Median Time-Block Values of Radio Noise Power	14

TABLES

Table I	Radio Noise Measuring Site at Laem Chabang, Thailand	5
Table II	ARN-3 Radio Noise Recorder Specifications	5
Table A-1	Month-Hour Values of Radio Noise	10
Table A-2	Three-Month Time-Block Values of Radio Noise	13

I INTRODUCTION

Measurements of atmospheric radio noise are being made by the Electronics Laboratory of the Military Research and Development Center (MRDC-EL), a joint Thailand-United States-organization in Bangkok. The noise-measuring equipment (Fig. 1), modeled after the U.S. National Bureau of Standards Radio Noise Recorder, Model ARN-2, is located near the village of Laem Chabang (Fig. 2), about 90 kilometers southeast of Bangkok, in order to minimize interference from man-made noise. A view of the site, showing the standard ARN-2 antenna and ground plane, is presented in Fig. 3.

The cooperation and participation of the staff members of the Thailand Ministry of Defense and the support of the United States Advanced Research Projects Agency and the U.S. Army Electronics Command, have made it possible for the data presented in this report to be accumulated.

Tables I and II, below, present information about the site and the equipment.

For convenience in applying the results in this study, a nomogram for transforming effective antenna noise figure to noise field strength as a function of frequency is presented in Fig. 4.

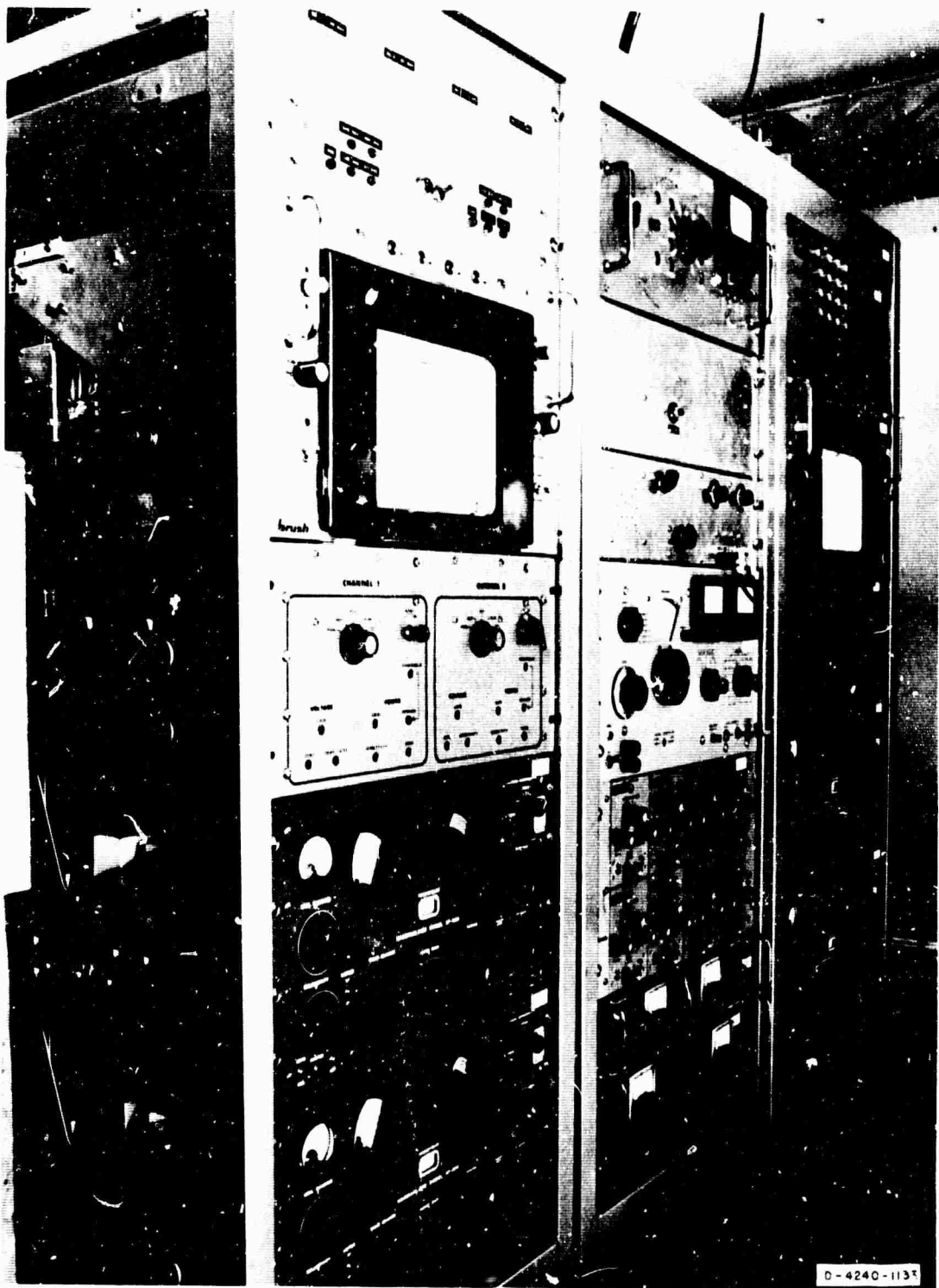


FIG. 1 ARN-3 ATMOSPHERIC RADIO NOISE MEASURING EQUIPMENT

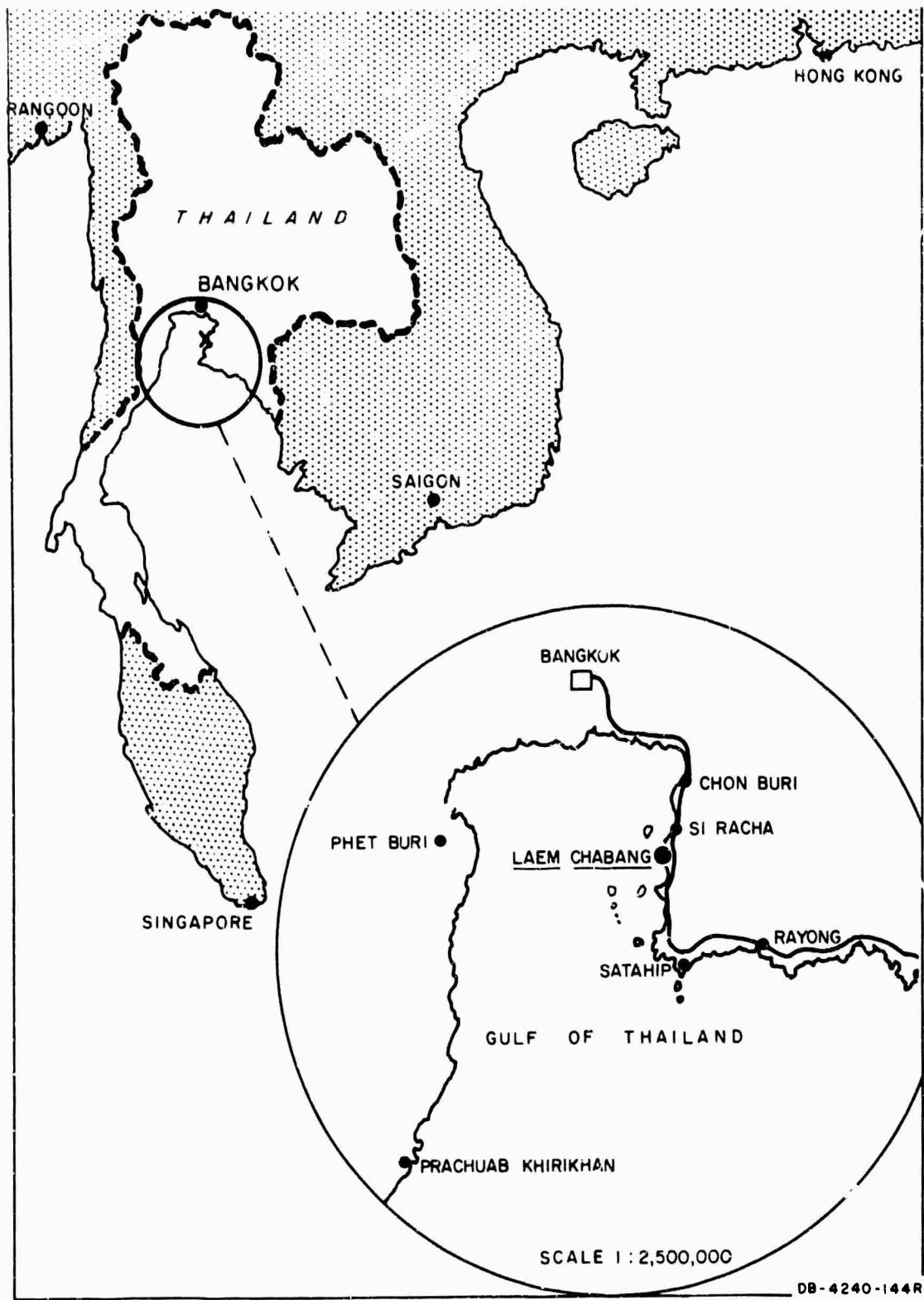


FIG. 2 LOCATION OF THE RADIO NOISE RECORDING STATION AT LAEM CHABANG, THAILAND

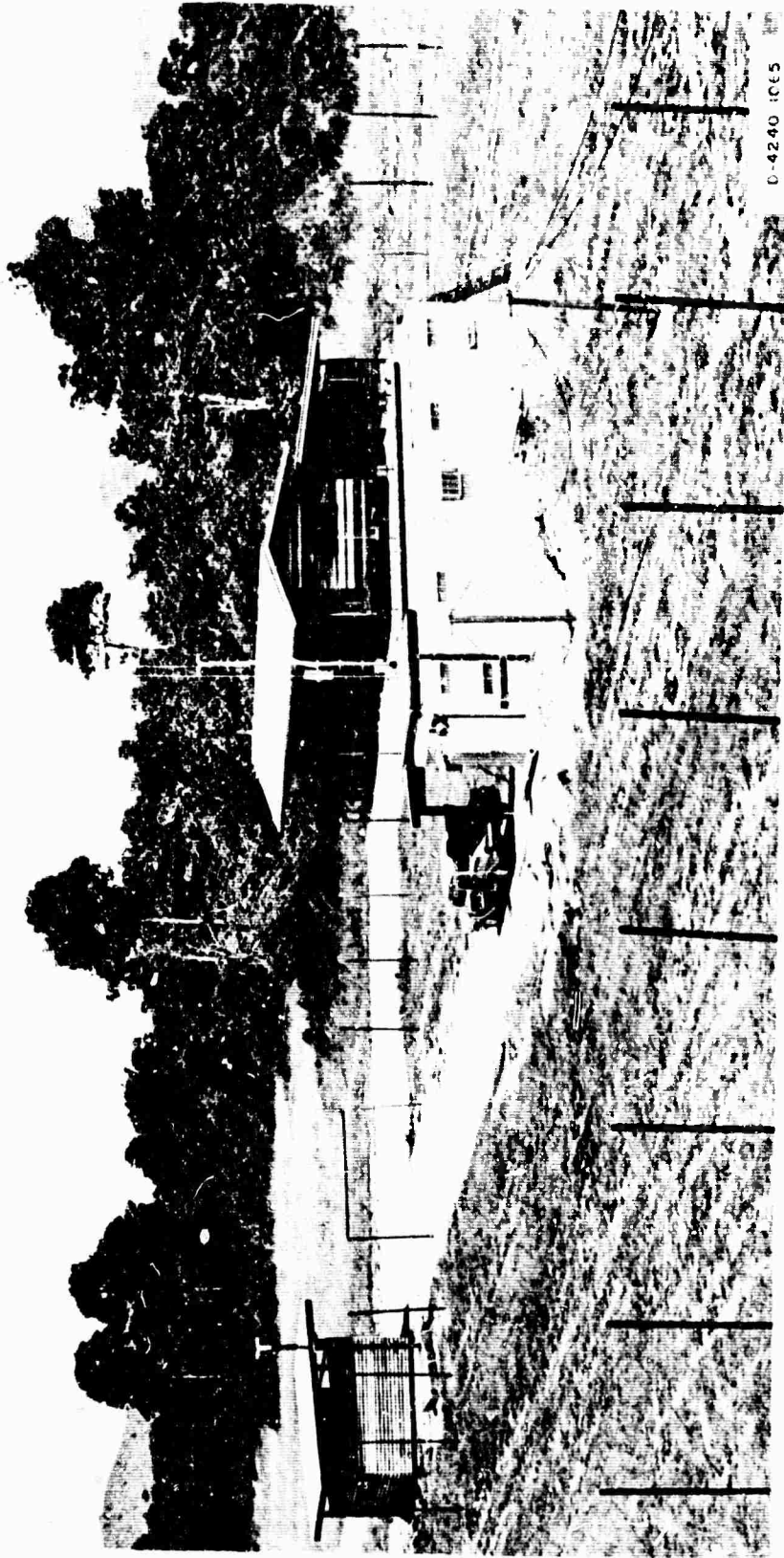


FIG. 3 RADIO NOISE RECORDING STATION

Table I

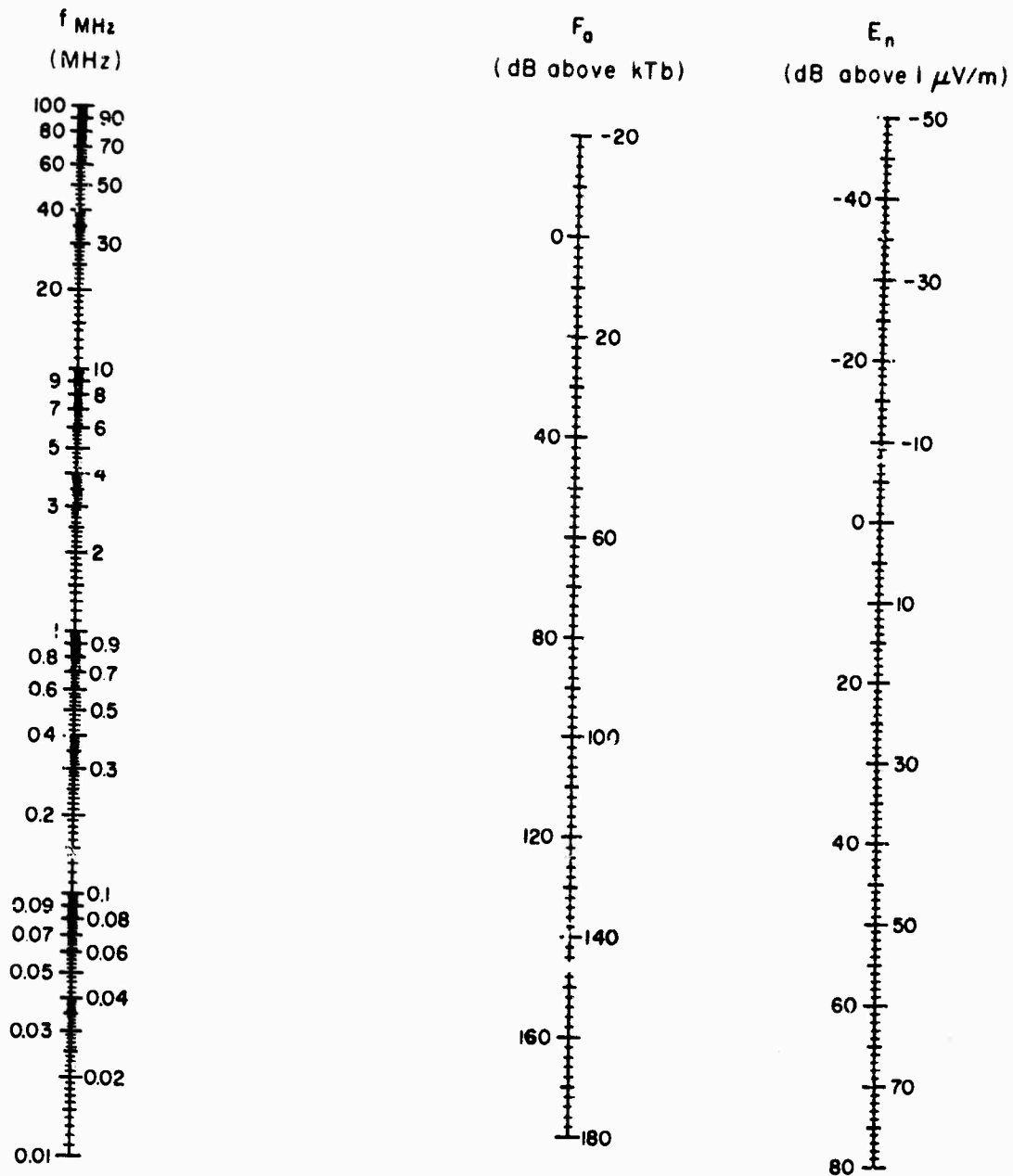
RADIO NOISE MEASURING SITE AT
LAEM CHABANG, THAILAND

GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		ELEVATION ANGLE OF HORIZON
Latitude	Longitude	
13.55°N	100.90°E	Less than 3 degrees in all directions; zero degrees towards the west (Gulf of Thailand)

Table II

ARN-3 RADIO NOISE RECORDER SPECIFICATIONS

Antenna	Standard 6.6294-meter (21.75 feet) vertical antenna with ground plane consisting of ninety radial wires, each approximately 100 feet long.
Frequencies of Measurement	6, 13, 27, 160, 530, 2,300, 5,000, and 10,000 kHz.
Effective noise bandwidth of receiver	200 Hz
Recording chart speed	5 cm per hour



$$E_n = F_a + 20 \log_{10} f_{\text{MHz}} - 65.5$$

DB-4240-261

F_a = Effective Antenna Noise Figure = External Noise Power Available from an Equivalent Short, Lossless, Vertical Antenna in dB Above kTb .

E_n = Equivalent Vertically Polarized Ground Wave rms. Noise Field Strength in dB Above $1 \mu\text{V}/\text{meter}$ for a 1-kHz Bandwidth.

f_{MHz} = Frequency in MHz

Source: ESSA Tech. Report IER 18-ITSA 18-28

FIG. 4 NOMOGRAM FOR TRANSFORMING EFFECTIVE ANTENNA NOISE FIGURE TO NOISE FIELD STRENGTH AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY

II DISCUSSION

The noise data contained in this report are compatible with the data in a series of Technical Notes published by ITSA,* (Series 18) "Quarterly Radio Noise Data." The following two parameters of the atmospheric noise are tabulated in the Appendix:

- (1) Mean power
- (2) Mean envelope voltage.

The mean power is a basic parameter and is expressed as an effective antenna noise factor, F_a . F_a is defined as the noise power available from an equivalent loss-free antenna in dB above kTb , the thermal noise power available from a passive resistance, where

k = Boltzmann's constant (1.38×10^{-23} joules per degree Kelvin)

b = Effective receiver noise bandwidth (Hz)

T = Reference temperature taken as 288° Kelvin.

The mean envelope voltage, V_d , is expressed as a deviation in dB below the mean power.

Four frequencies, either in the MF and HF bands or in the VLF and LF bands, may be recorded simultaneously for 30 minutes. Switching between the two sets of four frequencies is accomplished automatically each half hour. The average power and the mean envelope voltage are recorded on an 8-channel strip-chart recorder. The thirty-minute samples are taken as representing the noise condition for the full hour.

The month-hour medians for power and voltage, $F_{a,m}$ and $V_{d,m}$, respectively, are determined from the hourly values scaled from the chart recordings for each of the corresponding frequencies. Normally, from twenty-five to thirty observations of the mean power are obtained monthly

*Institute for Telecommunication Sciences and Aeronomy, of the Institutes for Environmental Research, Environmental Science Services Administration, U. S. Department of Commerce.

for each hour of the day and from ten to fifteen observations of the voltage deviations. When there are fewer than fifteen observations of the mean power or seven observations of the voltage deviations, the tabulated values in the Appendix are identified by an asterisk.

The extent of the variation of the noise power from day to day at a particular hour of the day can be determined from the upper and lower decile values of F_a . These are expressed in dB above and below the month-hour median, F_{am} , and designated by D_u and D_l , respectively, in Table A-1.

Time-block median values of noise are tabulated on a seasonal basis and are obtained by averaging all month-hour medians for the four hours of the day within the three-month period (see Table A-2 and Fig. A-1). The time-block values conform to the seasonal time-block values used in CCIR Report No. 322.

The results of the noise measurements at MF and HF for the months June, July, and August 1966 are given in this report. No data for LF and VLF for these months are available, but it is expected that data for these frequency bands will be published in subsequent reports.

APPENDIX
RADIO NOISE VALUES

Table A-1

MONTH-HOUR VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Station: LAEM CHABANGLat. 13.55°NLong. 100.9°EMonth June 1966

HR. (LT)	FREQUENCY (MHz)															
	0.53				2.3				5.0				10.0			
	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}
00	103	12	13	4.0	*73	--	--	4.0	66	6	15	2.0	53	15	13	3.0
01	102	12	9	4.0	*70	--	--	4.0	67	6	14	2.0	53	13	17	3.0
02	102	12	16	5.0	*69	--	--	4.0	63	9	12	2.0	52	16	22	3.5
03	99	13	13	5.0	*73	--	--	4.0	64	8	15	2.0	*49	--	--	3.0
04	90	13	11	5.0	*71	--	--	4.0	*61	--	--	2.0	*47	--	--	4.5
05	96	13	12	5.0	*74	--	--	4.0	*64	--	--	2.0	*52	--	--	4.0
06	*86	--	--	3.0	*70	--	--	4.0	64	11	13	2.0	53	9	9	3.5
07	83	22	10	4.0	*70	--	--	2.0	*58	--	--	2.0	49	11	9	4.0
08	82	20	10	4.0	*56	--	--	2.0	51	17	4	3.0	46	13	9	6.0
09	80	19	11	4.0	*55	--	--	3.0	*47	--	--	2.0	47	8	13	4.0
10	84	14	14	4.0	*51	--	--	3.0	*47	--	--	3.0	45	6	10	4.0
11	84	18	15	6.0	*48	--	--	3.0	*43	--	--	3.0	*45	--	--	4.5
12	88	12	17	7.0	49	16	11	4.0	45	7	13	2.0	43	8	13	4.5
13	88	14	14	7.0	49	9	12	4.0	44	6	10	3.0	44	8	14	5.0
14	93	12	19	7.0	*52	--	--	5.0	47	10	12	4.0	47	6	15	5.0
15	99	12	22	9.0	57	19	17	4.0	53	11	9	3.0	50	3	17	4.5
16	95	15	13	6.5	*66	--	--	3.0	58	13	13	2.0	52	3	16	4.0
17	98	14	5	6.0	*70	--	--	2.0	59	14	12	2.0	55	12	13	3.0
18	100	13	5	4.0	*73	--	--	2.0	66	14	12	2.0	55	12	13	3.0
19	101	13	11	4.0	*78	--	--	2.0	75	--	--	2.0	57	11	13	3.0
20	102	13	10	4.0	*78	--	--	2.0	74	7	8	2.5	56	8	10	2.0
21	103	12	16	4.0	*78	--	--	2.0	*68	--	--	2.0	55	12	16	3.0
22	100	14	10	4.0	*77	--	--	2.0	68	8	14	2.0	57	14	19	3.5
23	103	11	12	4.5	*76	--	--	2.0	*66	--	--	2.0	55	11	15	3.0

* Fewer observations than 15 days of mean power measurements or 7 days observations of voltage measurements.

F_{am} = Median value of effective antenna noise in dB above kTbD_u = Ratio of upper decile to median F_{am} in dBD_l = Ratio of median F_{am} to lower decile in dBV_{dm} = Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean power

Table A-1 (Continued)

MONTH-HOUR VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Station: LAEM CHARANGLat. 13.55°NLong. 100.9°EMonth July 1966

HR. (LT)	FREQUENCY (MHz)															
	0.53				2.3				5.0				10.0			
	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}
00	101	13	15	2.0	68	12	8	2.5	64	11	16	1.0	54	15	17	5.0
01	100	12	12	2.0	66	11	5	2.5	64	11	15	1.0	*58	--	--	4.0
02	100	11	12	3.0	66	7	5	3.0	62	10	13	2.0	*62	--	--	4.0
03	101	9	13	3.0	65	9	4	4.0	62	12	13	2.0	*51	--	--	5.0
04	99	11	13	3.0	65	9	5	4.0	61	15	12	2.0	*55	--	--	5.0
05	98	11	14	4.0	64	13	5	4.0	60	12	11	2.0	*56	--	--	5.0
06	92	16	9	3.0	68	13	7	2.0	60	11	11	1.0	53	8	11	5.0
07	86	17	6	4.0	68	4	12	2.0	54	18	8	1.5	50	12	13	6.0
08	83	19	12	3.0	61	8	15	2.0	47	10	8	2.0	47	8	12	5.0
09	88	6	12	5.0	59	14	14	2.0	49	14	15	2.0	40	7	9	4.0
10	84	8	13	4.0	56	13	15	2.0	48	6	16	1.0	41	9	9	4.0
11	83	13	15	4.0	57	8	15	2.0	44	13	13	2.0	36	13	3	4.0
12	81	7	12	3.0	58	6	19	3.0	45	14	13	2.0	40	8	9	6.0
13	86	6	9	3.0	59	14	15	3.0	44	11	12	2.0	40	12	9	4.0
14	87	9	6	3.0	58	13	12	1.0	46	16	10	2.0	45	8	15	4.0
15	88	10	14	3.0	60	6	10	3.0	52	9	11	2.0	47	17	7	5.0
16	92	6	19	3.0	66	9	17	2.0	57	12	13	2.0	51	12	12	4.0
17	96	12	19	3.0	75	7	25	2.0	65	9	26	2.0	55	13	14	3.0
18	100	10	16	3.0	75	14	16	2.0	70	7	22	2.0	62	7	19	4.0
19	102	14	17	2.5	77	12	14	1.0	74	8	26	2.0	61	10	18	4.0
20	104	10	13	3.0	78	15	19	1.0	73	11	24	2.0	63	9	21	4.0
21	103	10	17	4.0	77	11	11	2.0	71	11	22	1.0	53	17	9	5.0
22	102	11	14	5.5	71	15	11	2.0	70	9	22	2.0	54	23	11	4.0
23	102	11	15	2.5	70	11	5	2.0	64	14	16	2.0	57	22	16	4.0

* Fewer observations than 15 days of mean power measurements or 7 days observations of voltage measurements.

F_{am} = Median value of effective antenna noise in dB above kTBD_u = Ratio of upper decile to median F_{am} in dBD_l = Ratio of median F_{am} to lower decile in dBV_{dm} = Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean power

Table A-1 (Concluded)

MONTH-HOURLY VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Station: LAEM CHABANG Lat. 13.55°N Long. 100.9°E Month August 1966

HR. (LT)	FREQUENCY (MHz)															
	0.53				2.3				5.0				10.0			
	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}
00	97	7	10	10.0	71	10	10	3.9	61	19	9	2.0	49	13	20	5.0
01	96	8	14	9.0	72	7	8	3.5	60	22	9	2.0	47	21	11	5.0
02	96	5	13	7.0	72	5	10	4.0	62	19	9	2.0	45	23	9	5.0
03	96	6	15	8.0	70	7	10	5.0	64	14	12	2.0	48	7	13	7.5
04	95	5	15	8.0	69	7	11	6.0	61	10	12	2.0	42	9	16	6.0
05	90	8	9	8.5	70	6	12	5.0	59	11	9	2.0	45	5	10	6.0
06	89	8	20	8.0	71	14	17	2.0	60	8	12	2.0	46	19	6	4.0
07	83	9	6	10.0	70	10	20	2.0	56	9	16	2.0	41	11	7	6.5
08	82	15	8	4.0	65	13	17	2.0	50	17	13	2.0	38	11	5	6.0
09	80	14	17	4.0	57	22	10	2.0	49	8	17	2.0	34	14	5	6.5
10	79	17	10	4.0	54	19	6	2.0	46	13	18	2.0	34	16	5	6.0
11	82	17	11	10.0	58	19	11	2.0	49	9	14	2.0	33	17	7	6.0
12	84	16	11	11.0	64	15	18	2.0	46	12	12	2.0	38	9	16	6.5
13	87	13	11	6.0	66	13	18	2.5	48	9	10	4.0	39	7	17	8.0
14	91	10	13	8.0	70	9	19	4.0	51	8	8	4.0	43	5	10	8.0
15	93	8	15	11.0	68	10	13	3.5	52	8	7	2.0	44	5	8	8.0
16	92	13	11	8.0	73	7	15	2.0	60	9	8	2.0	47	9	8	6.0
17	95	9	9	6.0	77	8	16	2.0	65	7	11	1.5	55	9	18	4.0
18	96	6	7	7.0	80	7	13	2.0	69	5	9	1.5	54	11	16	4.5
19	100	3	11	5.5	82	5	16	2.0	68	11	11	2.0	51	9	30	6.0
20	97	7	9	4.5	81	9	11	2.0	69	14	9	1.5	51	8	25	5.0
21	97	5	8	6.0	82	5	19	2.0	68	15	8	2.0	51	14	18	4.5
22	97	5	10	6.0	78	7	8	2.0	67	11	8	2.0	54	7	17	4.0
23	96	8	9	5.5	73	9	10	2.5	63	9	8	2.0	48	8	13	4.0

* Fewer observations than 15 days of mean power measurements or 7 days observations of voltage measurements.

F_{am} = Median value of effective antenna noise in dB above kTbD_u = Ratio of upper decile to median F_{am} in dBD_l = Ratio of median F_{am} to lower decile in dBV_{dm} = Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean power

Table A-2

THREE-MONTH TIME-BLOCK VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Station: LAEM CHABANG, THAILAND Lat. 13.55°N Long. 100.9°E Period June-July-August 1966

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TIME BLOCKS (LST)																							
	0000-0400			0400-0800			0800-1200			1200-1600			1600-2000			2000-2400								
	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	D _l	V _{dm}				
0.53	99	10	13	5.0	91	12	11	5.5	83	15	12	5.0	89	12	14	9.0	97	11	12	5.0	100	10	12	5.0
2.3	70	9	8	4.0	69	10	11	3.0	57	15	13	2.0	59	12	15	3.5	74	9	17	2.0	77	10	11	2.0
5	63	12	13	2.0	60	12	12	1.9	48	12	13	2.0	48	10	11	3.0	66	10	15	2.0	68	11	14	2.0
10	52	15	15	4.0	49	11	10	5.0	41	11	8	7.5	43	8	13	6.0	55	10	16	4.0	55	13	16	4.0

F_{am} = Median value of effective antenna noise in dB in kHz

D_u = Ratio of upper decile to median F_{am} in dB

D_l = Ratio of median F_{am} to lower decile in dB

V_{dm} = Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean power

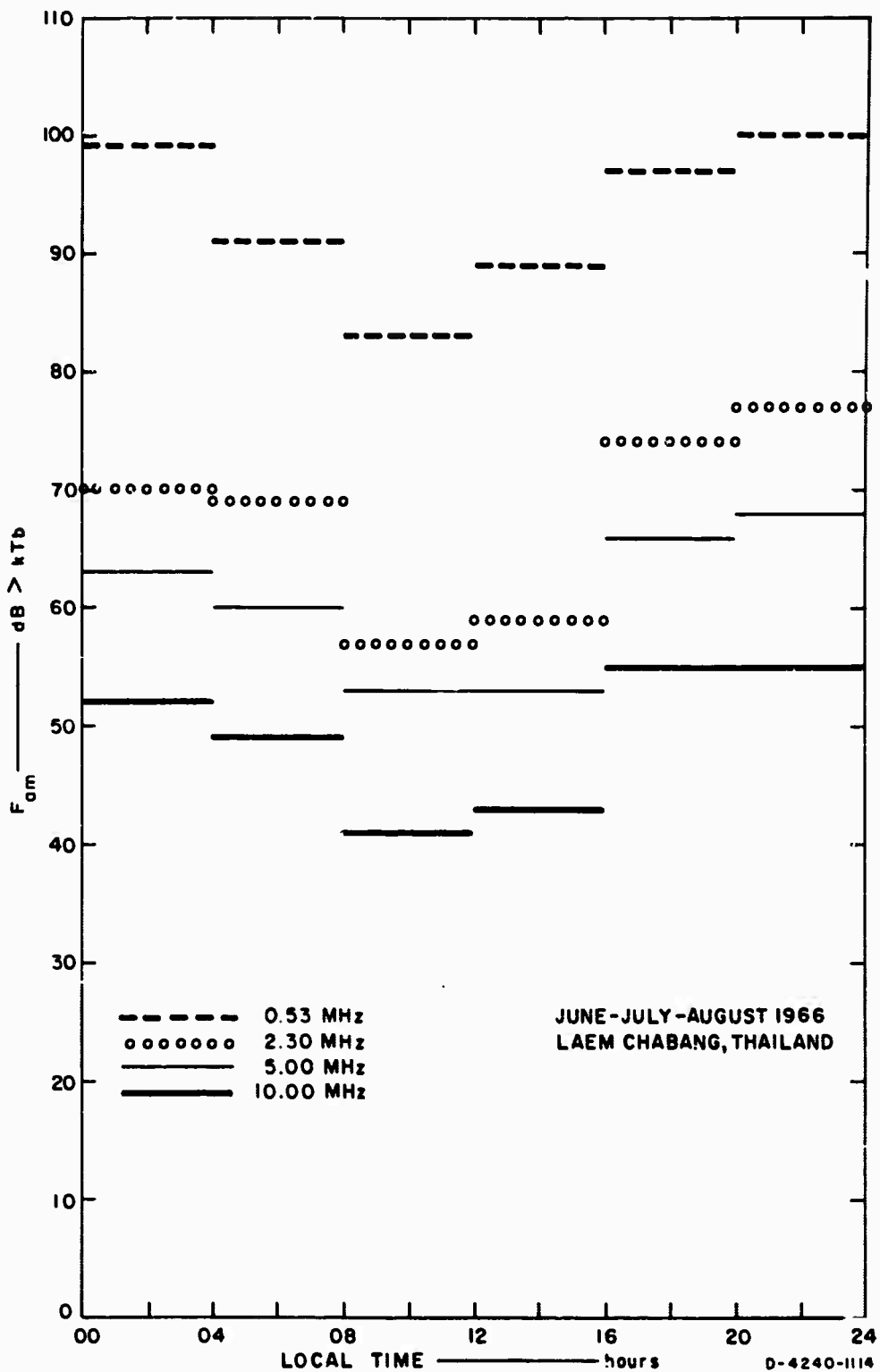


FIG. A-1 THREE-MONTH MEDIAN TIME-BLOCK VALUES OF RADIO NOISE POWER

DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R & D

(Security classification of title, body of abstract and indexing annotation must be entered when the overall report is classified)

1. ORIGINATING ACTIVITY (Corporate author) Stanford Research Institute Menlo Park, California 94025		2a. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION UNCLASSIFIED	
		2b. GROUP N/A	
3. REPORT TITLE ATMOSPHERIC RADIO NOISE DATA, BANGKOK, THAILAND—June-August 1966			
4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates) Geophysical Data Report Covering the Period June through August 1966			
5. AUTHOR(S) (First name, middle initial, last name) Hangsit Chindahporn, Lt. Chaikamol Lumjiak, Prajuab Nimityongskul			
6. REPORT DATE January 1967		7a. TOTAL NO. OF PAGES 21	7b. NO. OF REFS
8a. CONTRACT OR GRANT NO. Contract DA-36-039-AMC-00040(E)		8a. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S) Geophysical Data Report SRI Project 4240	
b. PROJECT NO. Order No. 5384-PAI-63-91		8b. OTHER REPORT NO(S) (Any other numbers that may be assigned this report)	
c. AFPA Order No. 371			
d.			
10. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT Distribution of this document is unlimited.			
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY Advanced Research Projects Agency Washington, D.C.	
13. ABSTRACT None: Data Report			

BLANK PAGE

14 KEY WORDS	LINK A		LINK B		LINK C	
	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT
Atmospheric radio noise VLF, LF, MF, HF Mean power, F_n Mean envelope voltage, V_d Four-hour time blocks Monthly Summary Quarterly Summary AIN-2 AIN-3 June, July, August 1966 Laem Chabang (near Surracha), Thailand						



ERRATUM

Ref: "Atmospheric Radio Noise Data, Bangkok, Thailand--June-August 1966,"
Geophysical Data Report, by Rangsit Chindahporn, Lt. Chaikamol
Lumjiak, and Prajuab Nimityongskul, Contract DA 36-039 AMC-00040(E),
SRI Project 42'0. Stanford Research Institute, Menlo Park, California
(January 1967).

An error has been found in Fig. A-1 of the report as printed. The
illustration has been corrected and is attached. Please correct the
copy(ies) of this report as submitted to you.

DDC
RECEIVED
JUL 6 1967
RECEIVED
B

ARCHIVE COPY

AD-652-685

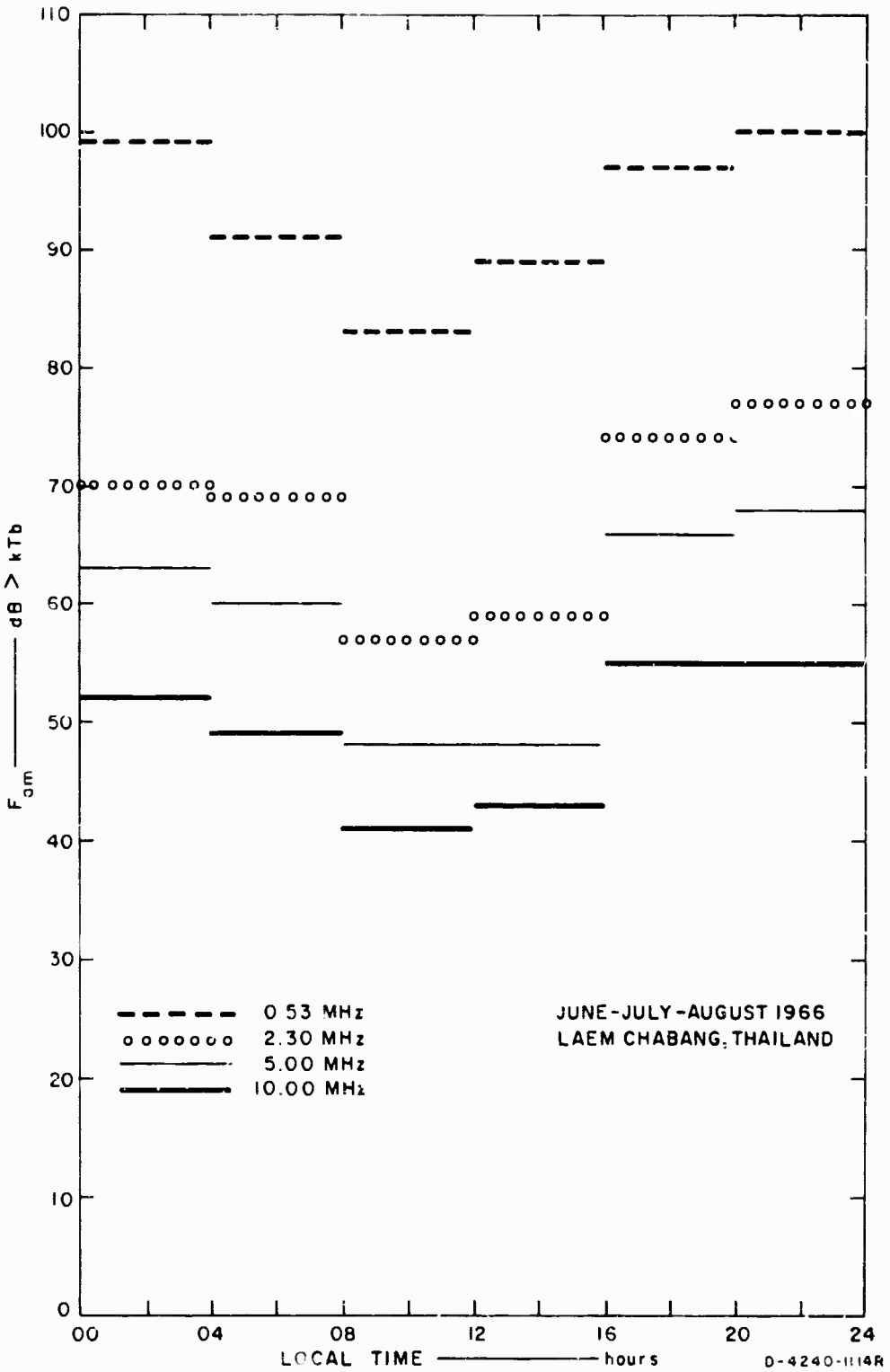


FIG. A-1 THREE-MONTH MEDIAN TIME-BLOCK VALUES OF RADIO NOISE POWER