

**UNCLASSIFIED**

**AD NUMBER**

**AD489056**

**LIMITATION CHANGES**

**TO:**

**Approved for public release; distribution is  
unlimited.**

**FROM:**

**Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov't. agencies  
and their contractors;  
Administrative/Operational Use; 19 MAY 1966.  
Other requests shall be referred to Air Force  
Technical Applications Center, Washington, DC.**

**AUTHORITY**

**AFTAC ltr 28 Feb 1972**

**THIS PAGE IS UNCLASSIFIED**

6  
5  
0  
9  
8  
4

LONG RANGE SEISMIC MEASUREMENTS

DUMONT

19 MAY 1966

Prepared for

AIR FORCE TECHNICAL APPLICATIONS CENTER

Washington, D. C.

15 SEPTEMBER 1966

By

EARTH SCIENCES DIVISION  
TELEDYNE INDUSTRIES, INC.

Under

Project VELA UNIFORM

Sponsored By

ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY

Nuclear Test Detection Office

ARPA Order No. 624

LONG RANGE SEISMIC MEASUREMENTS

DUMONT

19 May 1966

SEISMIC DATA LABORATORY REPORT NO. 160

AFTAC Project No.:	VELA T/6702
Project Title:	Seismic Data Laboratory
ARPA Order No.:	624
ARPA Program Code No.:	5810
Name of Contractor:	EARTH SCIENCES DIVISION TELEDYNE INDUSTRIES, INC.
Contract No.:	AF 33(657)-15919
Date of Contract:	18 February 1966
Amount of Contract:	\$ 1,842,884
Contract Expiration Date:	17 February 1967
Project Manager:	William C. Dean (703) 836-7644

P. O. Box 334, Alexandria, Virginia

AVAILABILITY

This document is subject to special export controls and each transmittal to foreign governments or foreign national may be made only with prior approval of Chief, AFTAC.

This research was supported by the Advanced Research Projects Agency, Nuclear Test Detection Office, under Project VELA-UNIFORM and accomplished under the technical direction of the Air Force Technical Applications Center under Contract AF 33(657)-15919.

Neither the Advanced Research Projects Agency nor the Air Force Technical Applications Center will be responsible for information contained herein which may have been supplied by other organizations or contractors, and this document is subject to later revision as may be necessary.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
EVENT DESCRIPTION	1
INTRODUCTION	2
INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCEDURE	3
DATA AND RESULTS	5

### TABLES

- 1 Station Status Report - DUMONT
- 2 Principal Phases - DUMONT

### FIGURES

- 1 Recording Stations and Signals Received
- 2 Unified Magnitudes
- 3 Travel-Time Residuals,  $T-\Delta/8.1$ ; T-JB
- 4 Maximum Amplitudes of Pn and P
- 5 Maximum Amplitudes of Pg
- 6 Maximum Amplitudes of Lg
- 7 Maximum Amplitudes of LQ
- 8 Maximum Amplitudes of LR

### LIST OF APPENDICES

- I(A) Recording Site Information
- I(B) Unified Magnitudes from Pn or P Waves
- II(A) Seismic Analysis Diagram
- II(B) Instrument Response Curves - LRSM

**BLANK PAGE**

DUMONT  
EVENT DESCRIPTION

DATE: 19 May 1966

TIME OF ORIGIN: 13:56:28.1Z

YIELD:

MAGNITUDE: 5.48 ± 0.56

LOCATION:

SITE: Nevada Test Site, Area U2t

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES:

Lat: 37°06'40.0" N

Long: 116°03'29.0" W

ENVIRONMENT:

GEOLOGIC MEDIUM: Tuff

SURFACE ELEVATION: 4195 ft.

SHOT ELEVATION: 1995 ft.

SHOT DEPTH: 2200 ft.

COMPUTED EPICENTER: ALL STATIONS

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES:

Lat: 37°02'06.0" N

Long: 116°07'19.2" W

TIME OF ORIGIN: 13:56:32.8Z

DEPTH: 48.5 km

EPICENTER SHIFT: 10.2 km, S 34° W

Code	Station	Final						Tape	P
		SPZ	SPR	SPT	LPZ	LPR	LPT		
MN-NV	Mina, Nevada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
KN-UT	Kanab, Utah	+	+	+	-	+	+	*	P
TFSO-Z1	Tonto Forest Observatory, Arizona	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
UBSO-Z10	Uinta Basin Observatory, Utah	+	+	+	-	+	+	*	P
BMSO-Z2	Blue Mountain Observatory, Oregon	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
LAO	Suparray, A0-10, Montana	+	N	N	N	N	N	*	P
SW-MA	Sweetgrass, Montana	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
RG-SD	Redig, South Dakota	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
WN-SD	Winner, South Dakota	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
WMSO-Z6	Wichita Mountain Observatory, Oklahoma	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
CR-MD	Crete, Nebraska	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
JP-AT	Jasper, Alberta, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
KC-MO	Kansas City, Missouri	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
PG-BC	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	+	+	+	I	I	I	*	P
ST-BC	Smithers, British Columbia, Canada	+	+	+	I	I	I	*	P
RL-ON	Red Lake, Ontario, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
CPSO-ZR	Cumberland Plateau Observatory, Tennessee	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
AX-AL	Alexander City, Alabama	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
BF-FL	Belleview, Florida	+	+	-	+	I	-	*	P
HN-ME	Houlton, Maine	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
SM-QB	Schefferville, Quebec, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
NP-NT	Mould Bay, Northwest Territories, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	I	*	P

I Inoperative      + Signal

N No Instrument      - No Signal

P Primary Timing      \* Magnetic Tape Available

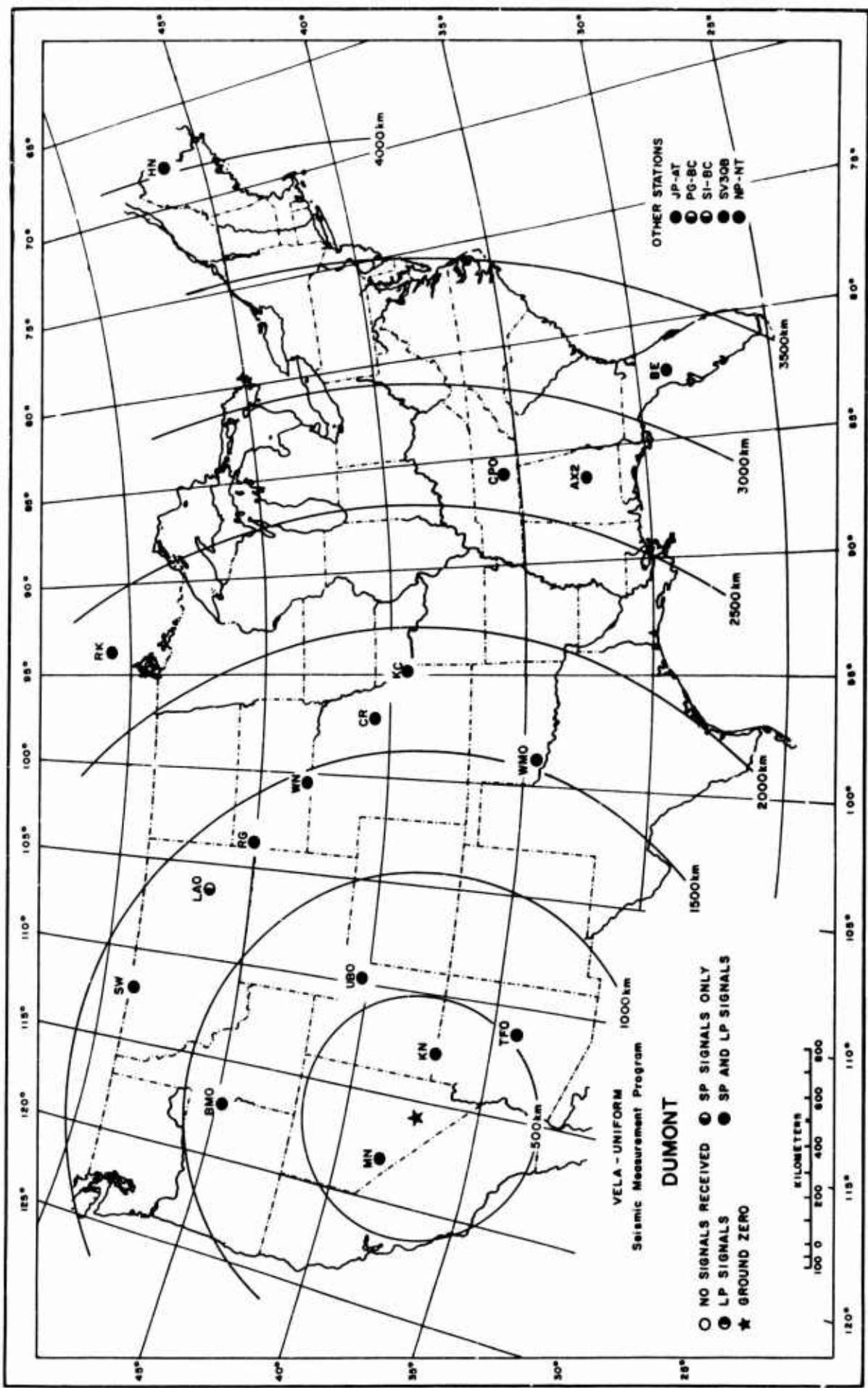
S Secondary Timing

## Station Status Report - DUMONT

Table 1

Recording Stations and Signals Received

Figure 1



## INTRODUCTION

A long range seismic measurements (LRSM) program and several larger seismographic observatories were established under VELA-UNIFORM to record seismological data resulting from natural seismic activity and a planned series of U. S. underground nuclear tests. The LRSM teams are mobile and occupy locations selected to provide optimum data from events of special interest; the observatories are permanent installations as follows:

Wichita Mountains Seismological Observatory (WMSO)  
Lawton, Oklahoma

Uinta Basin Seismological Observatory (UBSO)  
Vernal, Utah

Blue Mountain Seismological Observatory (BMSO)  
Baker, Oregon

Cumberland Plateau Seismological Observatory (CPSO)  
McMinnville, Tennessee

Tonto Forest Seismological Observatory (TFSO)  
Payson, Arizona

Large Aperture Seismic Array (LASA)  
Billings, Montana

The purpose of this report is to provide an analysis of data resulting from the DUMONT event recorded by the

LRSM teams and the VELA observatories and a preliminary summary of data reported by other permanent and temporary seismographic stations.

#### INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCEDURE

The instrumentation at each of the LRSM locations consists of three-component short-period and three-component long-period seismographs. In general, data are recorded on 35 millimeter film and on one-inch 14 channel magnetic tape although recently more portable instrumentation has been incorporated which records only on magnetic tape. The stations are all equipped to record WWV continuously to provide accurate time control and calibration is accomplished once each day and just prior to each shot at the operational settings. Pertinent information useful for analysis of LRSM data is available to qualified users of this data and is contained in Technical Report 65-43, "Interpretation and Usage of Seismic Data, LRSM program." General information on LRSM van and portable system equipment and operation is given in Technical Reports 66-27, "The LRSM Mobile Seismological Laboratory," and 65-74, "A Portable Seismograph." Copies of these reports may be obtained from DDC. The AD control number of Technical Report 66-27 is 480343. All the ob-

servatories have both long-period and short-period, three-component instrumentation, in addition to their other specialized facilities.

Station information is presented in Appendix I. This includes the station name and code; the geographic coordinates, distances and azimuths involved; the station elevations; and the type of instruments in use at each location. Representative instrumental response curves are shown in Appendix II(B).

The procedures used in measuring amplitudes reported herein is illustrated in Appendix II(A) and the unified magnitude is calculated as shown in Appendix I(B). The distance factors (B) beyond  $16^{\circ}$  are from Gutenberg and Richter\*. For distances less than  $16^{\circ}$  values were read from a curve in the Gutenberg and Richter paper back to  $10^{\circ}$  and then extrapolated to  $2^{\circ}$ , using an inverse cube relationship.

A standard hypocenter location program for a digital computer is used to determine the location using data from all stations analyzed. Best-fit values of latitude, longi-

---

\*Gutenberg, B. and Richter, C. F., Magnitude and Energy of Earthquakes, Ann. Geofis., 9 (1956), pp. 1-15

tude, depth of focus, and time of origin are determined statistically by a least squares technique. This utilizes a Jeffreys-Bullen travel-time curve as modified by Herrin in 1961 on the basis of Pacific surface-focus recordings. Precision of the computation is limited primarily by the accuracy of arrival times, the validity of the standard travel-time curve, and by local velocity deviations. Since the method is based on P-wave arrivals, this particular program does not make use of later phases such as pP and S in the determination of depth or location.

#### DATA AND RESULTS (LRSM and VELA OBSERVATORIES)

The parameters of the DUMONT event and a summary of the seismic evaluation is shown on the Event Description page. The operational status of the 22 LRSM stations and observatories is given in Table 1 and illustrated in Figure 1.

Table 2 summarizes the measurements made of the principal phases from the DUMONT event at the LRSM and VELA stations. Included are the Pn and P arrival times, the maximum amplitudes (A/T) of Pn or P motion and other phases as seen on the short-period vertical instruments. Long-period Love and Rayleigh wave motion are also tabulated in (A/T) form.

In addition, individual station Rayleigh wave areas ( $\text{mm}^2$ ) is indicated as measured on the LPZ only. Although reduced to 1K magnification, they have not been normalized to any magnitude. Twenty-two stations recorded short-period signals. Long-period signals from this event were recorded by 19 stations.

The unified magnitudes determined from the LRSM and VELA observatories is shown in Figure 2. The average magnitude is  $5.48 \pm 0.56$ .

The travel-time residuals from the Pn and P phases are shown in Figure 3. Figures 4 through 8 illustrate plots of the amplitude of P, Pg, Lg, LQ, and LR.

Attached to the report are illustrative seismograms showing the signals recorded at 4 stations. The most distant station analyzed that recorded DUMCNT was NP-NT at a distance of 4366 kilometers.

Principal Phases  
DUMONT  
14 May 1968  
11:56:28.12

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Inet	Mean Elevation (in feet x 10)	Phase	Observed Travel Time		Period T (sec)	Maximum Amplitude A/T	Magnitude (P)	Area ( $\text{km}^2$ ) LPZ	
						(min)	(sec)					
KN-NV	Mina, Nevada	216	SPZ	1.26	Pn	0	36.6	0.4	4122	5.98	1042.76	
			SPZ	0.59*	Pg	0	38.7	0.45	14.375	(48.053)		
			SPZ	0.746	LQ			1.01				
			LPT		LQ			---	---			
			LPZ	1.52	LR			14.0	2517			
KN-UT	Kanab, Utah	267	SPZ	1.005	Pn	0	43.2	0.6	2718	5.93	111.33	
			SPZ	1.005	e	0	44.6	0.6	2549	---		
			SPZ		Pn	0	48.1	---	---			
			SPZ		LQ			---	---			
			LPT	1.24*	LQ			14.0	1059			
TFSD	Tonto Forest Observatory, Utah	535	SPZ-1	6.0	Pn	1	14.9	0.6	315	5.93	---	
			SPZ-1	6.0	e	1	21.1	0.6	244			
			SPZ-1	1.0	Pg	1	29.3	1.3	2207			
			SPZ	1.0	LQ			1.3	2049			
			SPZ	1.0	LQ			1.1	2364			
			SPZ	2.0	LQ			(15.0)	(140)			
			SPZ	2.0	LQ			(15.0)	(126)			
			SPZ		LR			---	---			
			SPZ		LR			---	---			
			SPZ-10	4.85	Pn	1	15.7	0.9	760	6.48	65.88	
UBSO	Uinta Basin Observatory, Utah	667	SPZ-10	4.85	e	1	35.3	0.8	842			
			SPZ-10	4.85	e	1	41.1	0.95	461			
			SPZ-10	4.85	(P*)	1	46.2	0.9	532			
			SPZ-10	4.85	Pg	1	52.7	0.7	1681			
			SPZ	5.00	LQ			1.45	4673			
			SPZ	4.70	LQ			1.2	3114			
			SPZ	32.0*	LQ			15.0	182			
			SPZ	(38.0)*	LQ			15.0	(71.5)			
			SPZ	34.0*	LR			14.0	219			
			SPZ		LR			---	---			
BMSO	Blue Mountain Observatory, Oregon	866	SPZ-3	35.0	Pn	1	57.6	0.6	29.3	5.43	375.00	
			SPZ-3	35.0	e	1	59.0	0.45	49.6			
			SPZ-3	35.0	e	2	01.5	0.9	105.			
			SPZ-3	35.0	(P*)	2	05.8	(0.8)	(131.01)			
			SPZ-3	35.0	Pg	2	(24.3)	---	---			
			SPZ		LQ			---	---			
			SPZ		LQ			---	---			
			SPZ	1.0	LQ			(17.0)	(83.3)			
			SPZ	1.0	LQ			16.0	256			
			SPZ	1.0	LR			14.0	554			
LAO	Subarray A0-10, Montana	1339	SPZ	350	Pn	2	52.6	1.0	22.1	5.44	375.00	
			SPZ	32.5	e	2	55.4	0.9	107			
			SPZ	32.5	PP	3	04.1	0.8	179			
			SPZ	32.5	e	3	29.0	0.8	115			
			SPZ	32.5	Pg	4	05.1	1.4	240			
SM-MA	Sweetgrass, Montana	1359	SPZ	84.3	P	2	57.8	0.9	99.8	5.18	207.72	
			SPZ	84.3	e	3	01.2	1.0	182			
			SPZ	84.3	e	3	03.4	0.9	99.3			
			SPZ	116.5*	PP	3	10.0	0.95	228			
			SPZ	84.3	e	3	22.1	0.8	133			
			SPZ	84.3	e	3	28.9	1.0	136			
			SPZ	84.3	Pg	3	49.0	0.8	144			
			SPZ	84.3	e	4	17.0	0.9	102			
			SPZ	129*	LQ			1.3	503			
			SPZ	90.5	LQ			(1.4)	(485)			
NG-ED	Redick, South Dakota	1381	SPZ	23.5	e	3	55.4	0.9	107	6.11	136.27	
			SPZ	42.0*	e	3	04.7	0.7	89.8			
			SPZ	42.0*	PP	3	07.3	0.7	131			
			SPZ	42.0*	e	3	14.3	0.8	(625)			
			SPZ	42.0*	e	3	24.5	0.8	252			
			SPZ	42.0*	e	3	31.0	0.8	289			
			SPZ	42.0*	Pg	3	51.0	(0.8)	(219)			
			SPZ	35.7*	LQ			2.0	2987			
			SPZ	16.2*	LQ			2.0	2590			
			SPZ	4.93	LQ			22.0	(41.1)			
WN-SD	Winner, South Dakota	1510	SPZ	27.5*	P	3	(15.1)	(1.0)	(245)	6.16	113.33	
			SPZ	27.5*	(PP)	3	27.1	1.1	746			
			SPZ	27.5*	(Pg)	4	14.5	1.0	291			
			SPR	52.5*	LQ			1.6	844			
			SPT	60.7*	LQ			2.0	1352			
WMGO	Wichita Mountain Observatory, Oklahoma	197	LPT	21.6	LQ			14.0	353	5.58	401.83	
			LPT	18.5	LQ			15.0	104			
			LPT	33.0	LR			12.0	361			
			SPZ-6	266*	P	3	26.5	1.3	124			
			SPZ-6	266*	e	3	34.6	1.4	115			
			SPZ-6	266*	PP	3	39.7	1.4	97.9			
			SPZ-6	266*	e	3	54.9	1.4	67.1			
			SPZ-6	266*	Pg	4	29.3	---	---			
			SPZ	10.0	(P)	6	21.9	15.0	16.8			
			SPZ	30.0	LQ			1.65	619			
CR-NB	Crete, Nebraska	1709	SPZ	11.8	LQ			1.65	391	5.54	236.55	
			SPZ	10.55	LQ			18.0	138			
			SPZ	4.46	LR			15.0	213			
			SPZ	32.3	P	3	38.5	1.0	240			
			SPZ	32.3	e	3	44.8	1.0	457			
			SPZ	32.3	PP	3	49.4	0.7	191			
			SPZ	32.3	e	3	57.9	0.7	138			
			SPZ	32.3	e	4	10.0	0.7	92.9			
			SPZ	32.3	(Pg)	4	(41.9)	(0.7)	(85.0)			
			SPR	14.55	LQ			1.0	601			
JP-AT	Jasper, Alberta, Canada	1762	SPT	17.2	LQ			1.0	727	3.86	401.83	
			LPT	11.8	LQ			14.0	312			
			LPT	10.55	LQ			14.0	305			
			SPZ	150.3	LR			(12.0)	(17.06)			
			SPZ	150.3	P	3	46.1	0.6	8.0			
			SPZ	150.3	e	3	48.1	(1.0)	(180)			
			SPZ	88.1*	e	3	54.5	0.8	100			
WN-SD	Winner, South Dakota	1510	SPZ	150.3	PP	4	07.6	1.0	93.2	5.18	136.27	
			SPZ	150.3	(Pg)	4	31.4	1.0	66.2			
			SPZ	150.3	e	4	51.0	1.1	91.6			
			SPR	144	LQ			(1.6)	275			
			SPT	96.7*	LQ			1.2	135			
			LPT	6.0*	LQ			15.0	177			
JP-AT	Jasper, Alberta, Canada	1762	LPT	17.0*	LQ			15.0	125			

Principal Phases  
DUMONT  
19 May 1966  
11:56:28.12

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Inst.	Magnification (x) Film & 10	Phase	Observed Travel Time		Period T (sec)	Maximum Amplitude A/T	Magnitude (m)	Area (mm <sup>2</sup> ) EPZ	
						(min)	(sec.)					
KC-MO	Kansas City, Missouri	1685	SPZ	50.2	P	3	5d.8	1.0	(189)	(7.14)	260,13	
			SPZ	50.2	e	4	02.5	1.3	402	402		
			SPZ	50.2	PP	4	12.7	0.65	94.8			
			SPZ	50.2	e	4	35.4	0.7	64.3	(56.7)		
			SPZ	50.2	e	4	56.1	(0.8)	(56.7)			
			SPZ	50.2	(Pq)	5	10.8	(0.9)	(101)	(101)		
			SPZ	48.7	Lg			1.1	159			
			SPZ	48.6	Lg			1.0	134	134		
			LPT	21.3	LQ			16.0	138			
			LPT	18.3	LQ			(16.0)	(257)			
PG-BC	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	1943	SPZ	184	P	4	00.6	1.3	74.3	4.77	4.77	
			SPZ	184	e	4	09.1	1.3	306	306		
			SPZ	194	e	4	(11.8)	1.3	254	254		
			SPZ	184	e	4	54.6	1.6	98.2	98.2		
			SPZ	184	(Pq)	5	37.6	1.2	49.5	49.5		
			SPZ	184	e	6	06.7	1.4	50.9	50.9		
			SPZ	139	Lg			1.7	141	141		
			SPZ	147	Lg			2.15	271			
SI-BC	Smithers, British Columbia, Canada	2138	SPZ	177	e	4	27.7	(0.7)	(15.9)	(4.55)	(4.55)	
			SPZ	129.3*	e	4	21.2	0.7	103	103		
			SPZ	129.3*	e	4	30.6	1.3	174	174		
			SPZ	129.3*	e	4	36.2	1.3	236	236		
			SPZ	129.3*	PP	4	44.2	1.3	151	151		
			SPZ	129.3*	e	4	48.6	1.2	160	160		
			SPZ	129.3*	e	5	00.9	1.3	159	159		
			SPZ	129.3*	(Pq)	6	09.1	1.4	99.0	99.0		
			SPZ	161	Lg			(1.9)	(85.8)	(85.8)		
			SPZ	180	Lg			2.1	156			
BK-ON	Red Lake, Ontario, Canada	2341	SPZ	48.0*	P	4	45.5	0.8	467	5.77	5.77	
			SPZ	48.0*	e	4	47.0	1.05	905	905		
			SPZ	51.5	e	4	54.5	0.9	118	118		
			SPZ	51.5	e	5	00.5	0.8	103	103		
			SPZ	51.5	PP	5	06.6	0.9	122	122		
			SPZ	48.0*	e	5	22.7	0.8	80.4	80.4		
			SPZ	51.5	Lg			1.5	131	131		
			LPT	35.6	LQ			17.0	29.6	29.6		
			LPZ	45.1	LR			12.0	83.8	83.8		
			SPZ	45.1	LQ			13.0	360	360		
CPBO	Cumberland Plateau Observatory, Tennessee	2730	SPZ-B	45.0	P	5	(21.8)	0.85	101	5.42	5.42	
			SPZ-B	45.0	e	5	21.3	0.9	139	139		
			SPZ-B	45.0	e	5	13.4	0.9	87.4	87.4		
			SPZ-B	45.0	e	5	43.4	1.3	77.1	77.1		
			SPZ-B	45.0	PP	5	52.4	0.85	70.2	70.2		
			SPN		Lg			---	---	---		
			SPE		Lg			---	---	---		
			LPN	22.0	LQ			17.0	97.5	97.5		
			LPR	19.0	LQ			19.0	19.9	19.9		
			LPZ	1.0	LR			13.0	360	360		
AX-ZAL	Alexander City, Alabama	2764	SPZ	176.2*	P	5	(25.1)	0.75	128	5.58	5.58	
			SPZ	176.2*	e	5	26.8	(1.0)	(291)	(291)		
			SPZ	176.2*	e	5	38.6	0.95	41.4	41.4		
			SPZ	174.1	e	5	40.9	0.9	42.9	42.9		
			SPZ	174.1	e	7	(17.1)	1.0	24.4	24.4		
			LPR	43.4	(S)	9	36.9	16.0	11.8	11.8		
			LPT	31.8	(S)	9	40.9	17.0	9.6	9.6		
			SPB	171	Lg			(2.4)	(194)	(194)		
			SPZ	170	Lg			(2.4)	(114)	(114)		
			LPR	43.3	LQ			21.0	38.5	38.5		
BF-FL	Bellevue, Florida	2885	LPT	31.8	LQ			20.0	70.8	70.8		
			LPZ	3.0*	LP			17.0	116	116		
			SPZ	11.2	L			0.8	83.0	83.0		
			SPZ	27.4	LQ			(2.0)	(127)	(127)		
			LPZ	4.2*	LR			16.0	115	115		
HN-ME	Houlton, Maine	4066	SPZ	103	P	7	07.9	0.8	58.9	5.31	5.31	
			SPZ	103	e	7	09.1	0.8	102	102		
			SPZ	103	e	7	10.4	0.9	67.4	67.4		
			SPZ	103	e	9	31.0	0.7	11.7	11.7		
			SPZ	103	PP	9	32.2	0.8	17.8	17.8		
			SPZ	103	LQ			2.0	106	106		
			SPZ	8.0*	LQ			16.0	129	129		
			LPZ	20.0	LR			13.0	82.6	82.6		
			SPZ	111	Lg			2.4	94.7	94.7		
			SPZ	120	Lg			(2.2)	(55.2)	(55.2)		
SV-IQB	Schafferville, Quebec, Canada	4100	LPT	28.0	LQ			14.0	37.0	37.0		
			SPZ	29.6	LQ			(14.0)	(19.3)	(19.3)		
			SPZ	36.7	LR			16.0	46.7	46.7		
			SPZ	128	P	7	16.2	0.9	83.7	83.7		
			SPZ	128	e	7	35.6	0.9	139	139		
			SPZ	128	e	7	44.8	0.75	92.4	92.4		
			SPZ	128	PP	8	59.9	1.5	150	150		
			SPZ	128	PP	9	38.4	0.95	56.2	56.2		
			SPZ	202	PS	13	20.9	1.4	12.8	12.8		
			SPZ	202	LQ			2.75	167	167		
NP-AT	Mud Bay, Northwest Territories, Canada	4100	SPZ	128	LQ			2.9	239	239		
			SPZ	7.0	LQ			19.0	42.8	42.8		
			LPZ	12.7	LR			18.0	105	105		
			SPZ	202	LQ			19.0	167	167		
			SPZ	202	LQ			18.0	105	105		

A T m. sec --- Maximum Amplitude Clipped on Film and Magnetic Tape  
 \* Doubtful Values or Phases • Measurements made from Playouts

## Principal Phases - DUMONT

Table 2 - Page 2

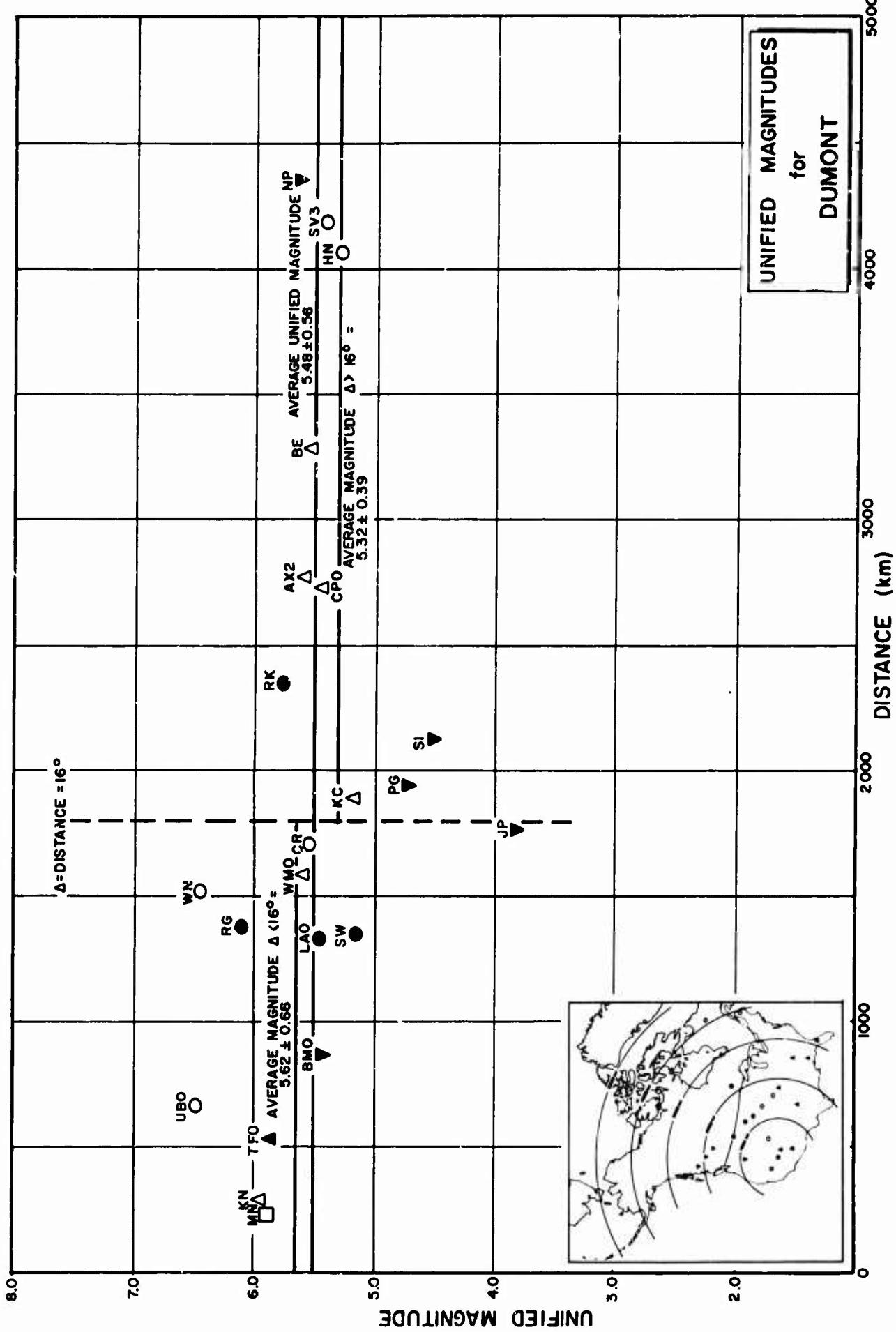
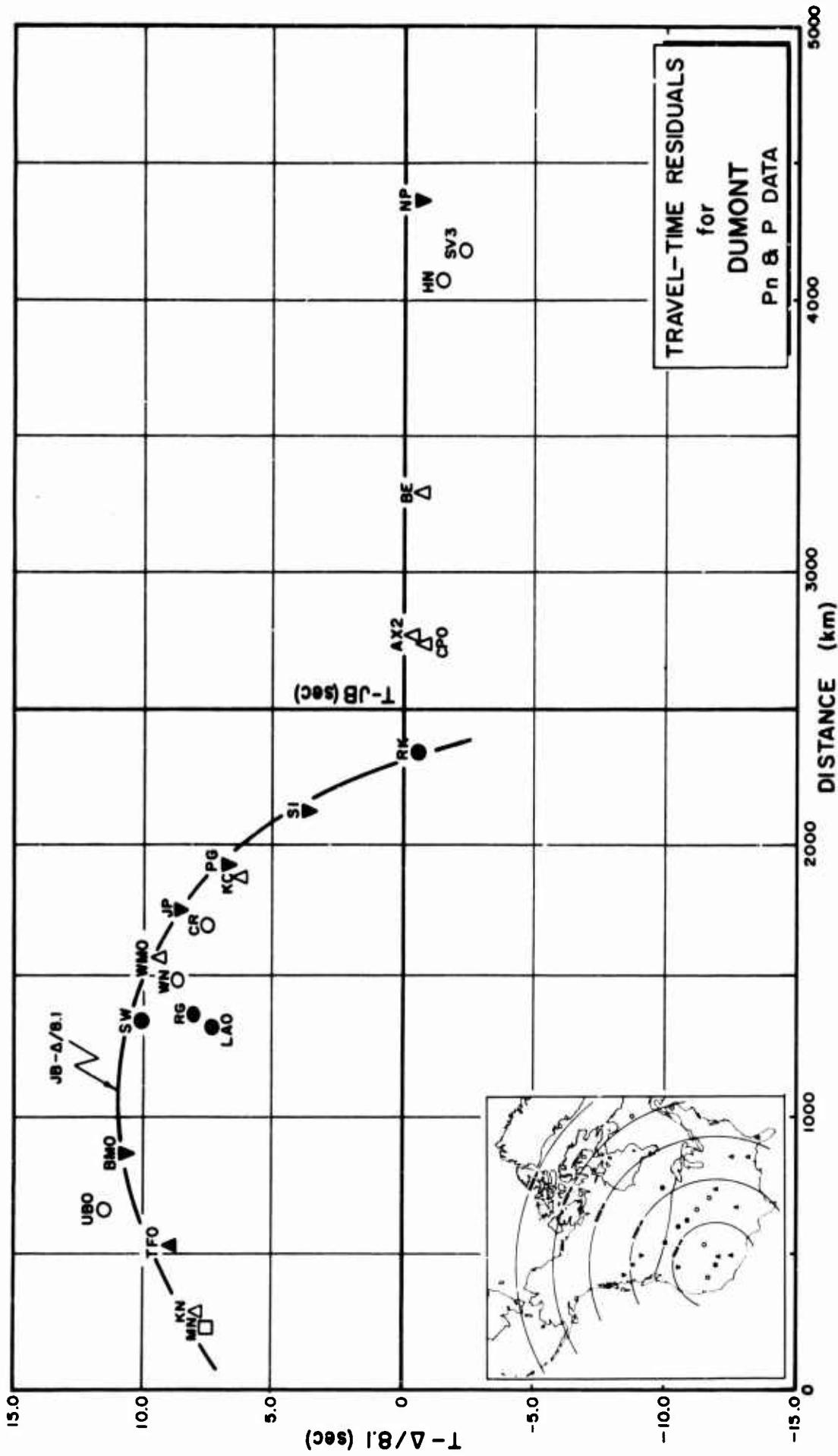


Figure 2

Figure 3



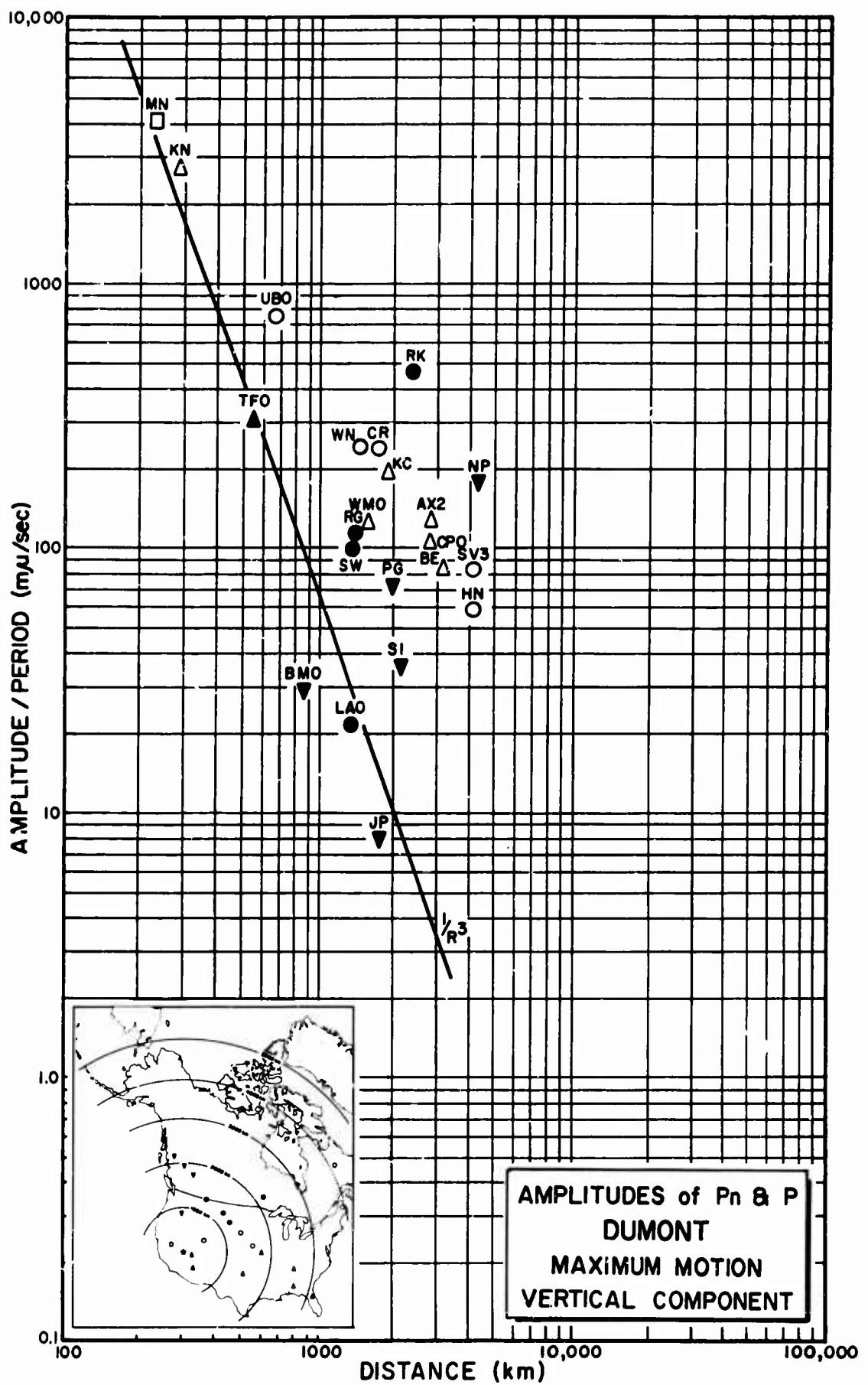


Figure 4

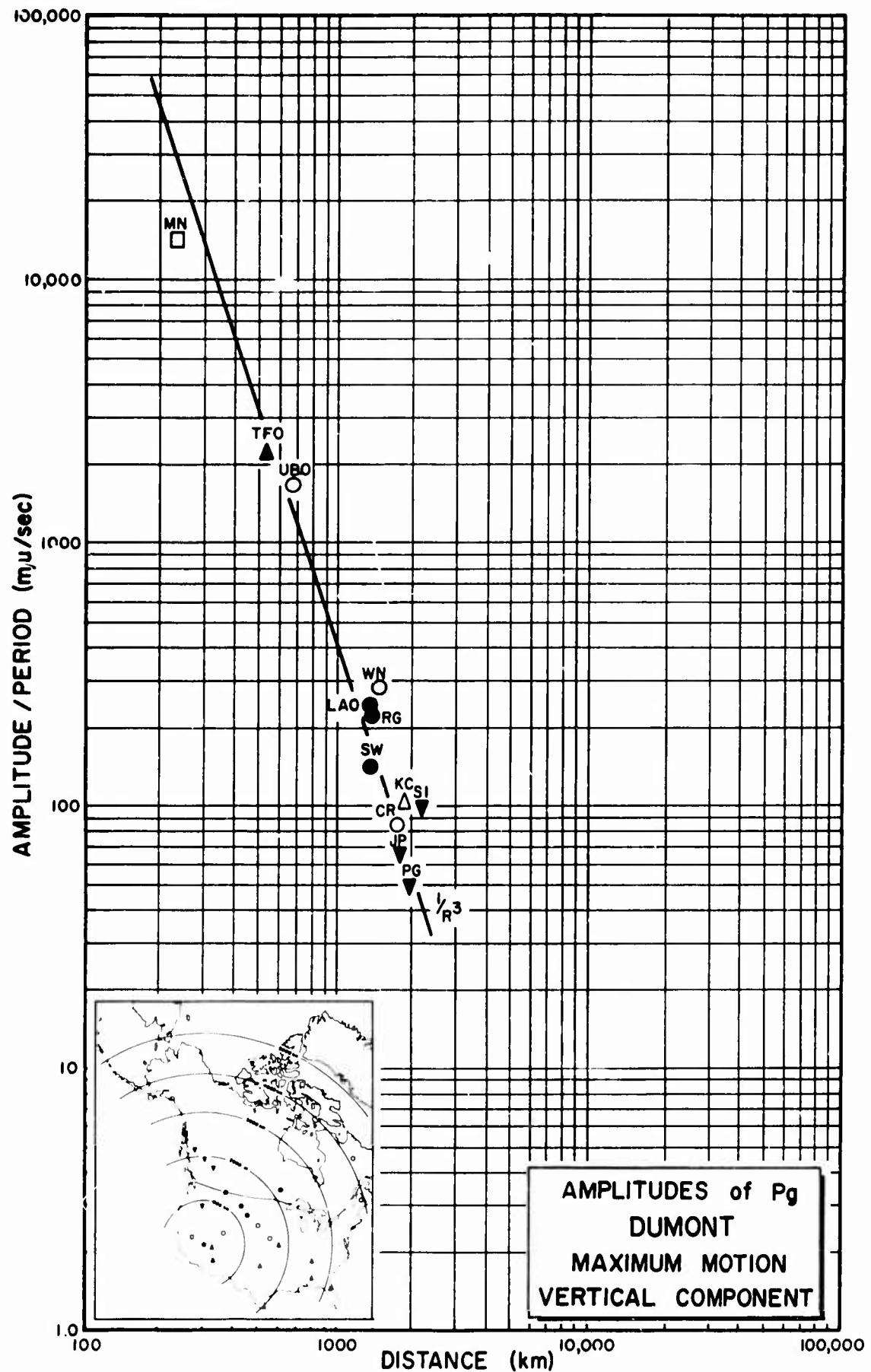


Figure 5

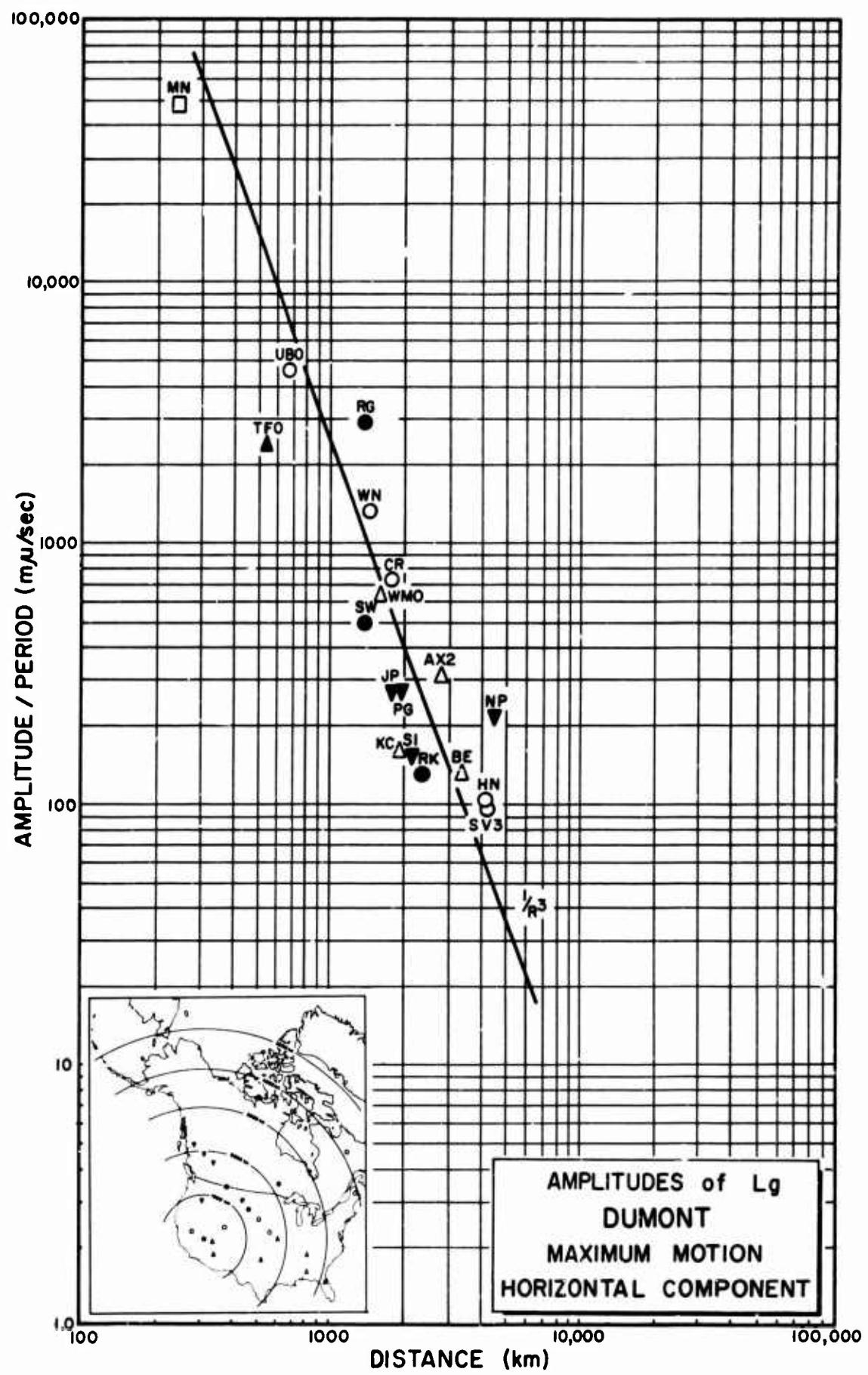


Figure 6

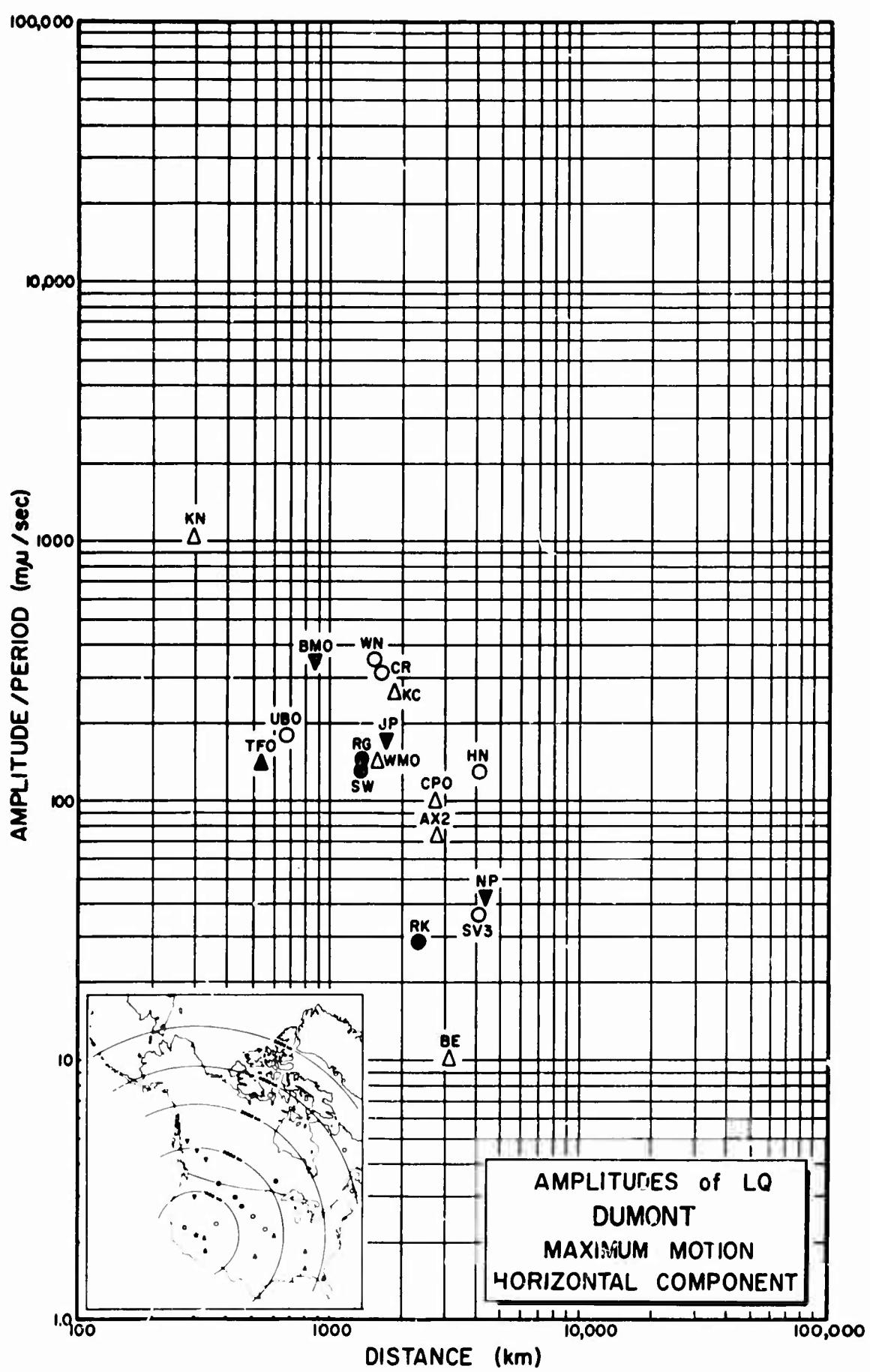


Figure 7

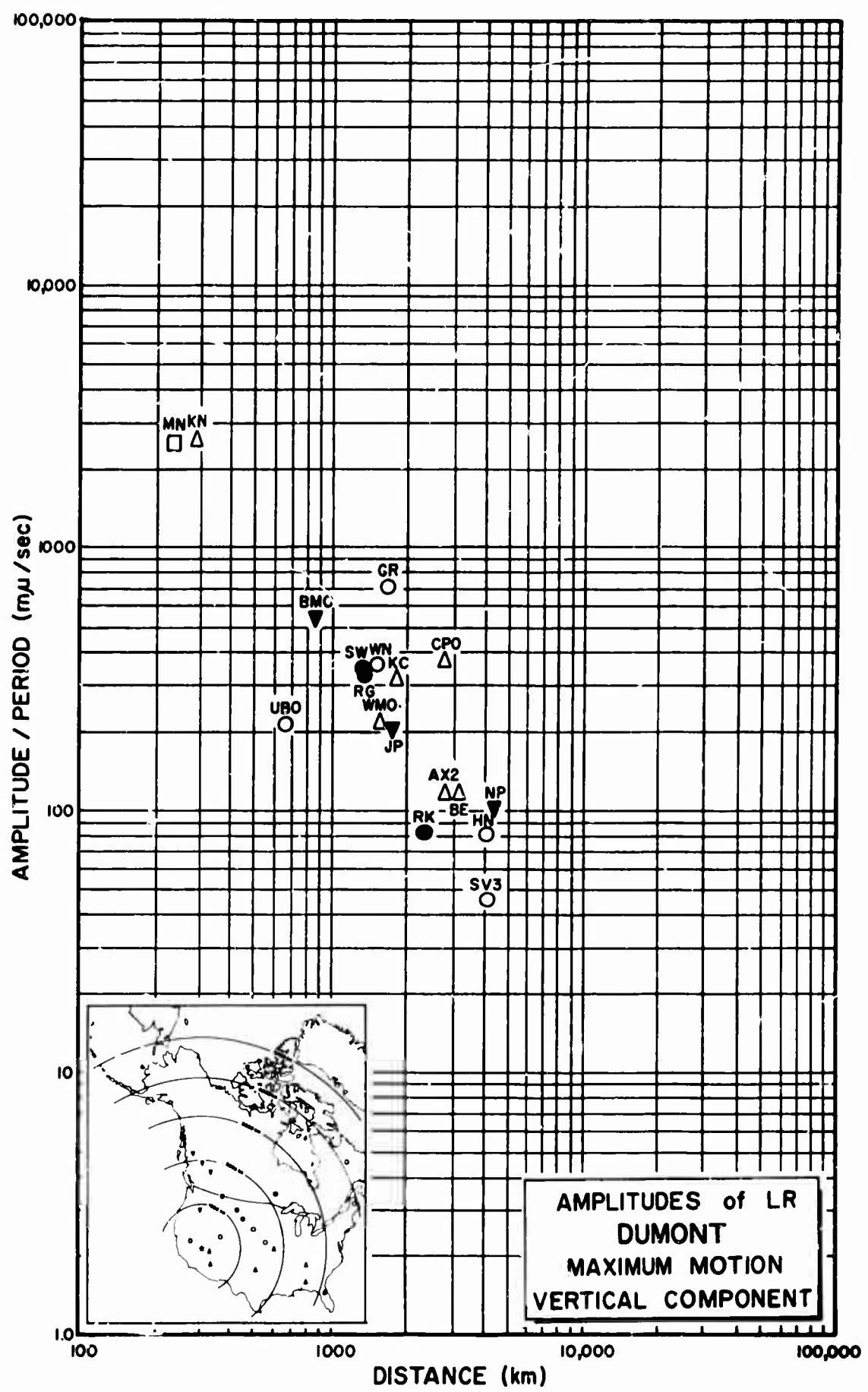


Figure 8

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Geographic Latitude	Geographic Longitude	Elev. (km)	Computed Azimuth		Installed Azimuth		Large or Small SP	LP Inst.
						Epi. Sta.	Sta. Epi.	Radial	Tang.		
MN-NV	Mina, Nevada	236	38°26'10" N	118°08'53" W	1.52	309°	128°	308°	38°	L	X
KN-UT	Kanab, Utah	287	37°01'22" N	112°49'39" W	1.74	91°	275°	95°	185°	L	X
TPSO-Z1*	Tonto Forest Observatory, Arizona	535	34°17'12" N	111°16'03" W	1.49	124°	307°	90°	0°	JM	X
UBSU-Z1*	Uinta Basin Observatory, Utah	667	40°19'18" N	109°34'07" W	1.60	56°	240°	90°	0°	JM	X
BMSO-Z3*	Blue Mountain Observatory, Oregon	866	44°50'56" N	117°18'20" W	1.19	353°	173°	0°	90°	JM	X
LAO	Subarray AO-10, Montana	1339	46°41'19" N	106°13'20" W	.90	34°	221°			HSZ	
SW-MA*	Sweetgrass, Montana	1359	48°58'08" N	111°57'46" W	1.11	13°	196°	121°	211°	S	X
RG-SD*	Redig, South Dakota	1381	45°12'59" N	103°32'05" W	.95	45°	2.4°	127°	217°	L	X
WN-SD*	Winner, South Dakota	1510	43°15'08" N	100°11'46" W	.79	58°	249°	129°	219°	L	X
WMSO-Z6*	Wichita Mountain Observatory, Oklahoma	1597	34°43'05" N	98°35'21" W	.51	94°	285°	90°	0°	JM	X
CR-NB*	Crete, Nebraska	1709	40°39'52" N	96°51'15" W	.44	71°	263°	131°	221°	L	X
JP-AT*	Jasper, Alberta, Canada	1762	52°53'50" N	118°05'25" W	1.13	355°	174°	114°	204°	L	X
KC-MO*	Kansas City, Missouri	1885	39°21'21" N	94°40'17" W	.27	76°	269°	133°	223°	S	X
PG-BC*	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	1943	53°59'50" N	122°31'23" W	.91	347°	163°	110°	200°	L	X
SI-BC*	Smithers, British Columbia, Canada	2138	54°47'18" N	127°04'17" W	.58	340°	152°	107°	197°	L	X
RK-ON*	Red Lake, Ontario, Canada	2341	50°50'20" N	93°40'20" W	.37	42°	238°	58°	148°	S	X
CPSO-Z8*	Cumberland Plateau Observatory, Tennessee	2730	35°35'41" N	85°34'13" W	.57	84°	283°	90°	0°	JM	X
AX2AT*	Alexander City, Alabama	2764	32°46'38" N	86°07'48" W	.23	91°	288°	138°	228°	L	X
BE-FL*	Belleview, Florida	3285	28°54'19" N	82°03'52" W	.02	96°	295°	140°	230°	S	X
HN-ME	Houlton, Maine	4066	46°09'43" N	67°59'09" W	.21	60°	273°	93°	183°	S	X
SV3QB*	Schefferville, Quebec, Canada	4188	54°48'39" N	66°45'10" W	.58	46°	263°	139°	229°	S	X
NP-NT	Mould Bay, Northwest Territories, Canada	4366	76°15'08" N	119°22'18" W	.06	359°	176°	356°	86°	JMZ S	X

\* Seismometers not orientated toward Nevada Test Site

## Recording Site Information - DUMONT

### Appendix I(A)

Unified Magnitude:  $m = \log_{10} (A/T) + B$

where

A = zero to peak ground motion in millimicrons  
 $= \frac{(\text{mm})}{K} (1000)$

K

T = signal period in seconds

B = distance factor (see Table below)

mm = record amplitude in millimeters zero to peak

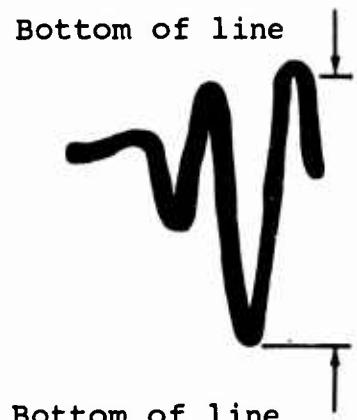
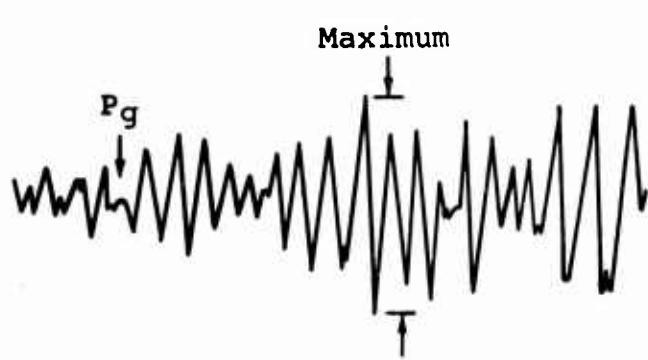
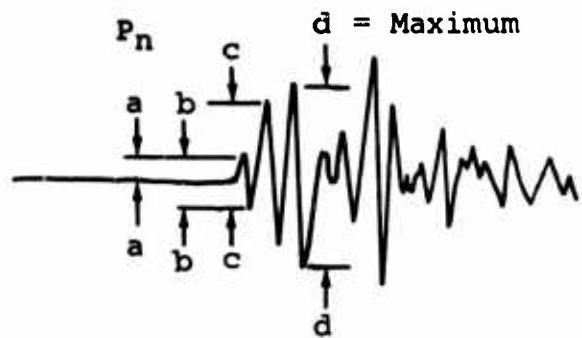
K = magnification in thousands at signal frequency

Table of Distance Factors (B) for Zero Depth

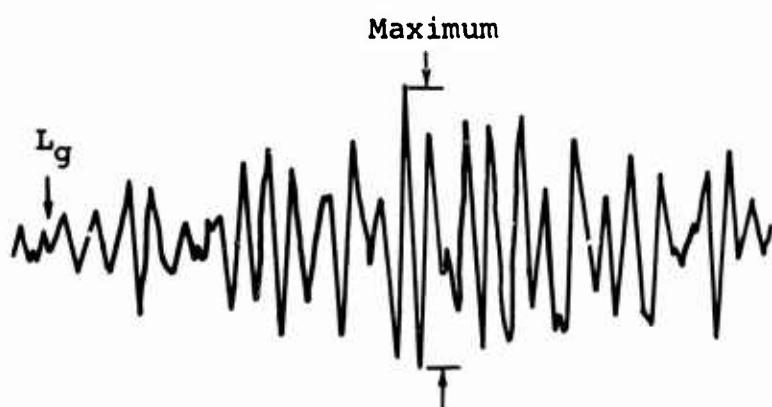
Dist (deg)	B	Dist (deg)	B	Dist (deg)	B	Dist (deg)	B
0°	-	27°	3.5	54°	3.8	80°	3.7
1	-	28	3.6	55	3.8	81	3.8
2	2.2	29	3.6	56	3.8	82	3.9
3	2.7	30	3.6	57	3.8	83	4.0
4	3.1	31	3.7	58	3.8	84	4.0
5	3.4	32	3.7	59	3.8	85	4.0
6	3.6	33	3.7	60	3.8	86	3.9
7	3.8	34	3.7	61	3.9	87	4.0
8	4.0	35	3.7	62	4.0	88	4.1
9	4.2	36	3.6	63	3.9	89	4.0
10	4.3	37	3.5	64	4.0	90	4.0
11	4.2	38	3.5	65	4.0	91	4.1
12	4.1	39	3.4	66	4.0	92	4.1
13	4.0	40	3.4	67	4.0	93	4.2
14	3.6	41	3.5	68	4.0	94	4.1
15	3.3	42	3.5	69	4.0	95	4.2
16	2.9	43	3.5	70	3.9	96	4.3
17	2.9	44	3.5	71	3.9	97	4.4
18	2.9	45	3.7	72	3.9	98	4.5
19	3.0	46	3.8	73	3.9	99	4.5
20	3.0	47	3.9	74	3.8	100	4.4
21	3.1	48	3.9	75	3.8	101	4.3
22	3.2	49	3.8	76	3.9	102	4.4
23	3.3	50	3.7	77	3.9	103	4.5
24	3.3	51	3.7	78	3.9	104	4.6
25	3.5	52	3.7	79	3.8	105	4.7
26	3.4	53	3.7				

Unified Magnitudes from Pn or P Waves

Appendix I(B)



Detail Showing Allowance  
For Line Width

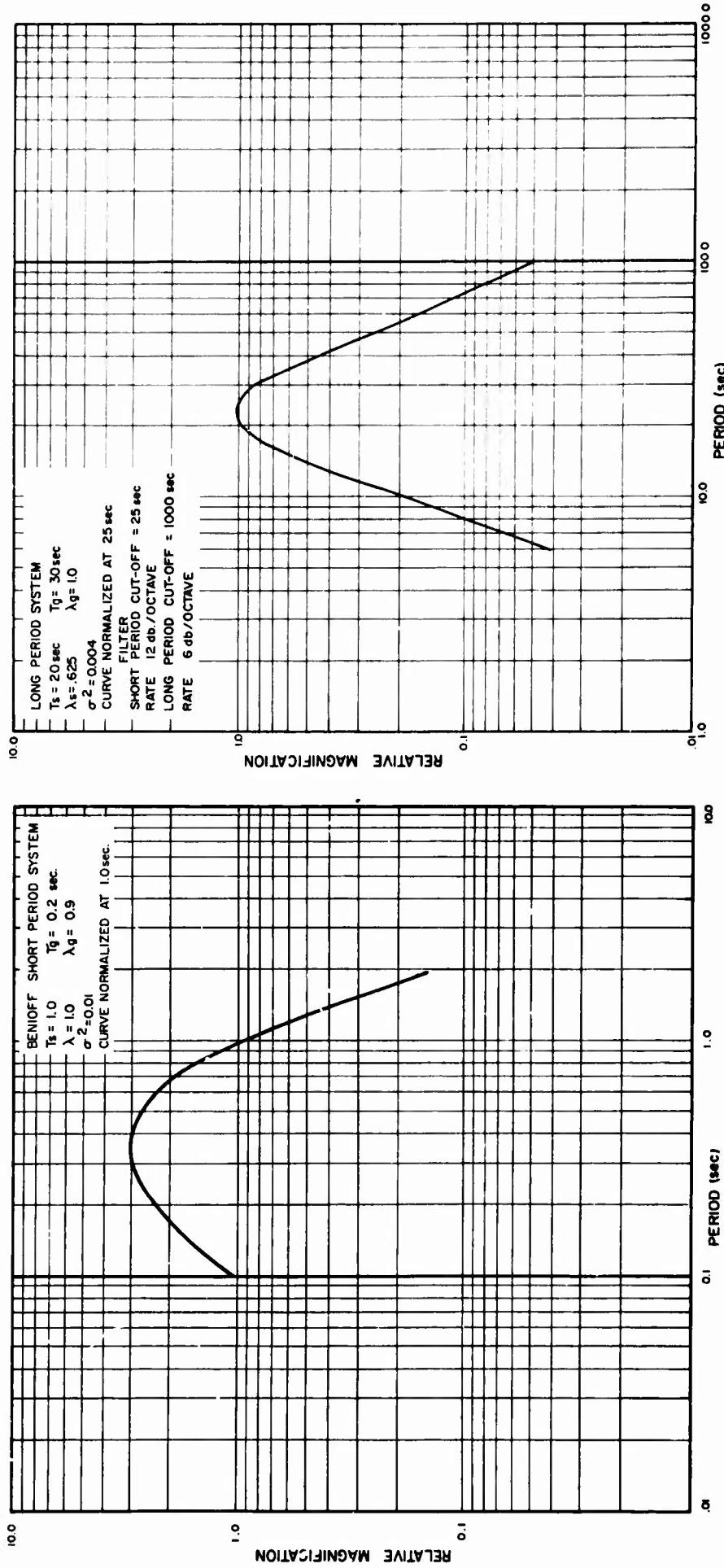


Pick time of  $P_n$  at beginning of "a" half cycle.

Pick amplitude of  $P_n$  as maximum " $d/2$ " within 2 or 3 cycles of "c".

Pick amplitudes of  $P_g$  and  $L_g$  at maximum of corresponding motion.

INSTRUMENT RESPONSE CURVES - LRSM



**BLANK PAGE**

Unclassified  
Security Classification

**DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R&D**

(Security classification of title, body of abstract and indexing annotation must be entered when the overall report is classified)

1. ORIGINATING ACTIVITY (Corporate author) <b>TELEDYNE INDUSTRIES, INC. EARTH SCIENCES DIVISION ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22314</b>	2a. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION <b>Unclassified</b>
	2b. GROUP --

3. REPORT TITLE

Long Range Seismic Measurements - DUMONT

4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates)

Scientific Report

5. AUTHOR(S) (Last name, first name, initial)

Clark, Don M.

6. REPORT DATE <b>15 September 1966</b>	7a. TOTAL NO. OF PAGES <b>20</b>	7b. NO. OF REPS <b>1</b>
8a. CONTRACT OR GRANT NO. <b>AF 33(657)-15919</b>	8b. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S) <b>SDL Report No. 160</b>	
8c. PROJECT NO. <b>VELA T/6702</b>	8d. OTHER REPORT NO(S) (Any other numbers that may be assigned this report) --	
9. ARPA Order No. 624		
d. ARPA Program Code No. 5810		

10. AVAILABILITY/LIMITATION NOTICES

This document is subject to special export controls and each transmission to foreign governments or foreign national may be made only with prior approval of Chief, AFTAC.

11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES --	12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY <b>ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY NUCLEAR TEST DETECTION OFFICE WASHINGTON, D. C.</b>
-------------------------------	--

13. ABSTRACT

An analysis of seismological data from an underground nuclear explosion as a continuing study to provide information to aid in distinguishing between earthquakes and explosions. A table of travel-times and amplitudes of P, Pg, Lg, and surface waves are included along with other unidentified phases.

**Unclassified****Security Classification**

14. KEY WORDS	LINK A		LINK B		LINK C	
	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT
Seismic Magnitude						
Seismic Travel-Time						
Seismic Amplitude						
VELA-UNIFORM						
Nuclear Tests						
<b>INSTRUCTIONS</b>						
1. ORIGINATING ACTIVITY: Enter the name and address of the contractor, subcontractor, grantee, Department of Defense activity or other organization (corporate author) issuing the report.	imposed by security classification, using standard statements such as:					
2a. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION: Enter the overall security classification of the report. Indicate whether "Restricted Data" is included. Marking is to be in accordance with appropriate security regulations.	(1) "Qualified requesters may obtain copies of this report from DDC."					
2b. GROUP: Automatic downgrading is specified in DoD Directive 5200.10 and Armed Forces Industrial Manual. Enter the group number. Also, when applicable, show that optional markings have been used for Group 3 and Group 4 as authorized.	(2) "Foreign announcement and dissemination of this report by DDC is not authorized."					
3. REPORT TITLE: Enter the complete report title in all capital letters. Titles in all cases should be unclassified. If a meaningful title cannot be selected without classification, show title classification in all capitals in parenthesis immediately following the title.	(3) "U. S. Government agencies may obtain copies of this report directly from DDC. Other qualified DDC users shall request through _____."					
4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES: If appropriate, enter the type of report, e.g., interim, progress, summary, annual, or final. Give the inclusive dates when a specific reporting period is covered.	(4) "U. S. military agencies may obtain copies of this report directly from DDC. Other qualified users shall request through _____."					
5. AUTHOR(S): Enter the name(s) of author(s) as shown on or in the report. Enter last name, first name, middle initial. If military, show rank and branch of service. The name of the principal author is an absolute minimum requirement.	(5) "All distribution of this report is controlled. Qualified DDC users shall request through _____."					
6. REPORT DATE: Enter the date of the report as day, month, year; or month, year. If more than one date appears on the report, use date of publication.	If the report has been furnished to the Office of Technical Services, Department of Commerce, for sale to the public, indicate this fact and enter the price, if known.					
7a. TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES: The total page count should follow normal pagination procedures, i.e., enter the number of pages containing information.	11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES: Use for additional explanatory notes.					
7b. NUMBER OF REFERENCES: Enter the total number of references cited in the report.	12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY: Enter the name of the departmental project office or laboratory sponsoring (paying for) the research and development. Include address.					
8a. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER: If appropriate, enter the applicable number of the contract or grant under which the report was written.	13. ABSTRACT: Enter an abstract giving a brief and factual summary of the document indicative of the report, even though it may also appear elsewhere in the body of the technical report. If additional space is required, a continuation sheet shall be attached.					
8b, 8c, & 8d. PROJECT NUMBER: Enter the appropriate military department identification, such as project number, subproject number, system numbers, task number, etc.	It is highly desirable that the abstract of classified reports be unclassified. Each paragraph of the abstract shall end with an indication of the military security classification of the information in the paragraph, represented as (TS), (S), (C), or (U).					
9a. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S): Enter the official report number by which the document will be identified and controlled by the originating activity. This number must be unique to this report.	There is no limitation on the length of the abstract. However, the suggested length is from 150 to 225 words.					
9b. OTHER REPORT NUMBER(S): If the report has been assigned any other report numbers (either by the originator or by the sponsor), also enter this number(s).	14. KEY WORDS: Key words are technically meaningful terms or short phrases that characterize a report and may be used as index entries for cataloging the report. Key words must be selected so that no security classification is required. Identifiers, such as equipment model designation, trade name, military project code name, geographic location, may be used as key words but will be followed by an indication of technical context. The assignment of links, rules, and weights is optional.					
10. AVAILABILITY/LIMITATION NOTICES: Enter any limitations on further dissemination of the report, other than those						

**BLANK PAGE**

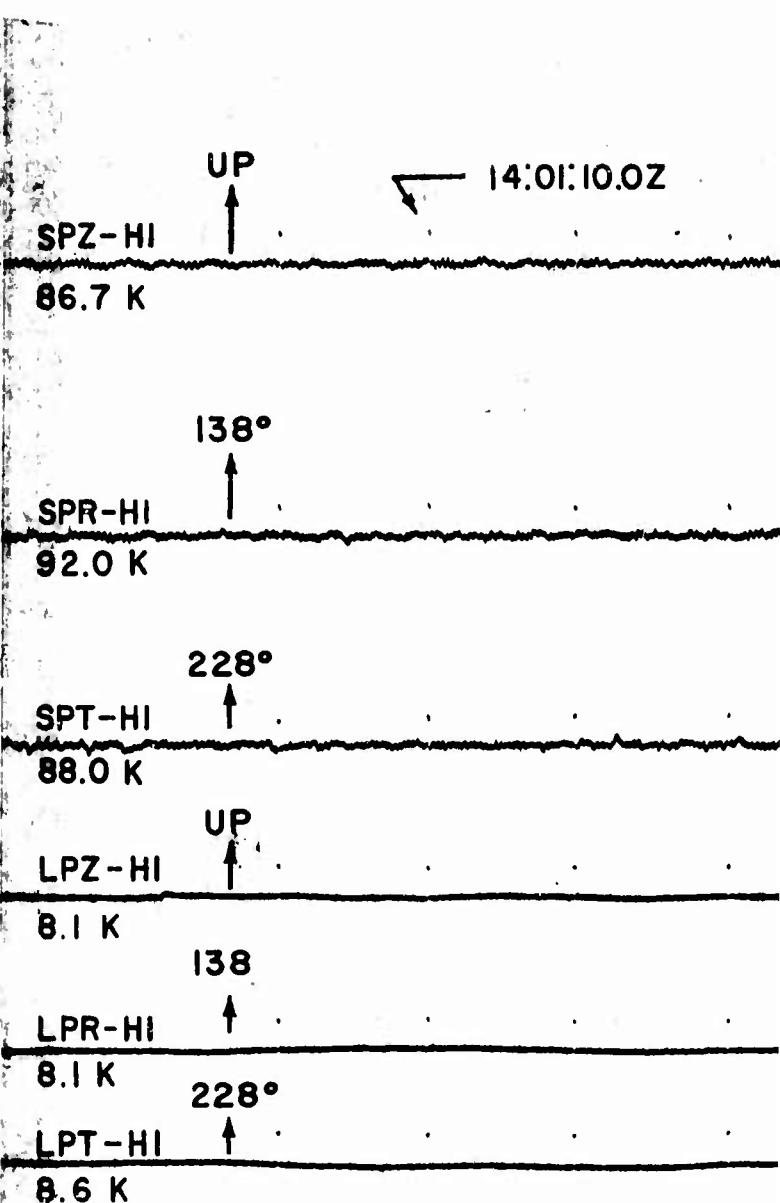
**DUMONT**

**AX2AL**

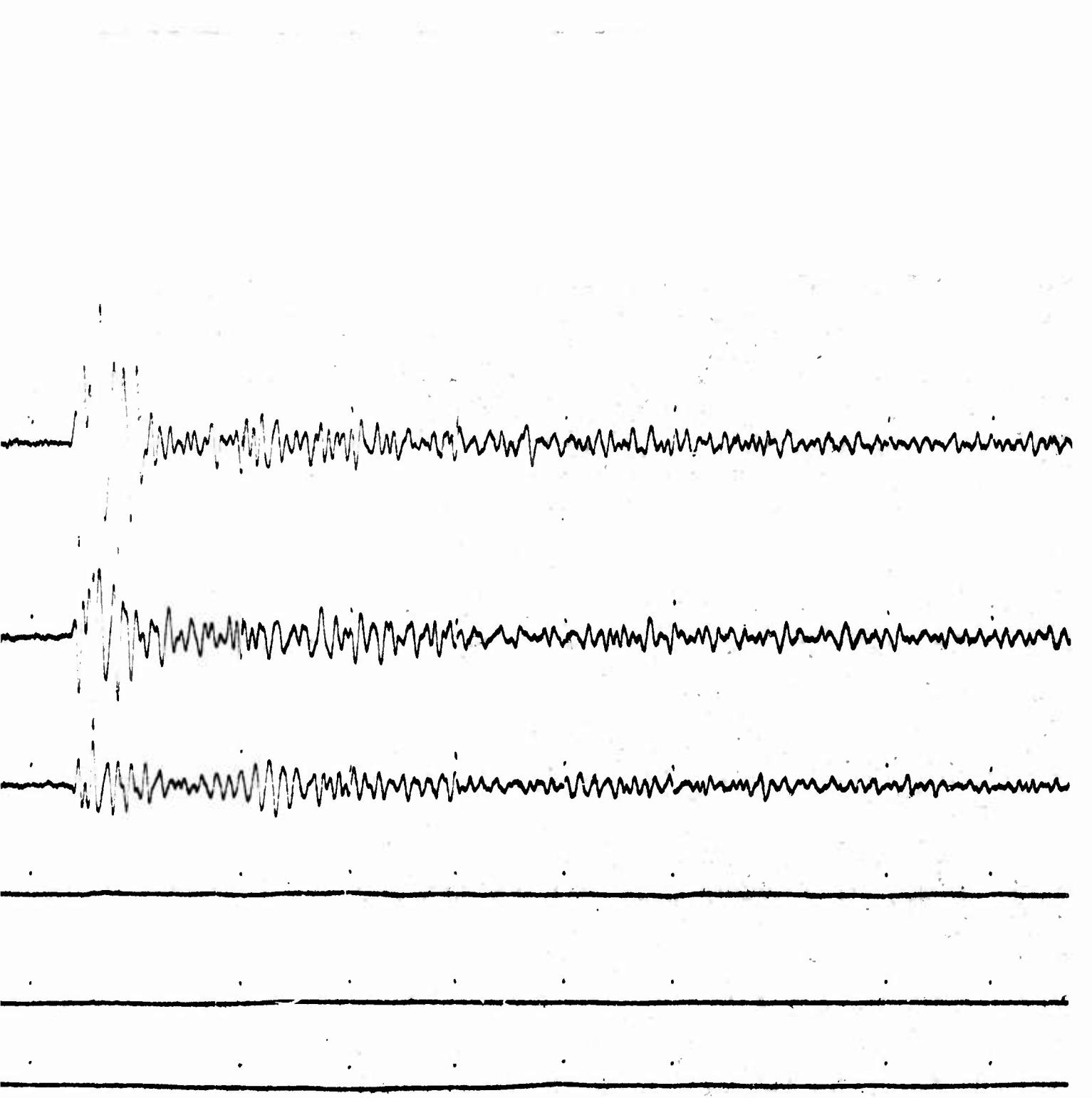
**ALEXANDER CITY, ALABAMA**

**19 MAY 1966**

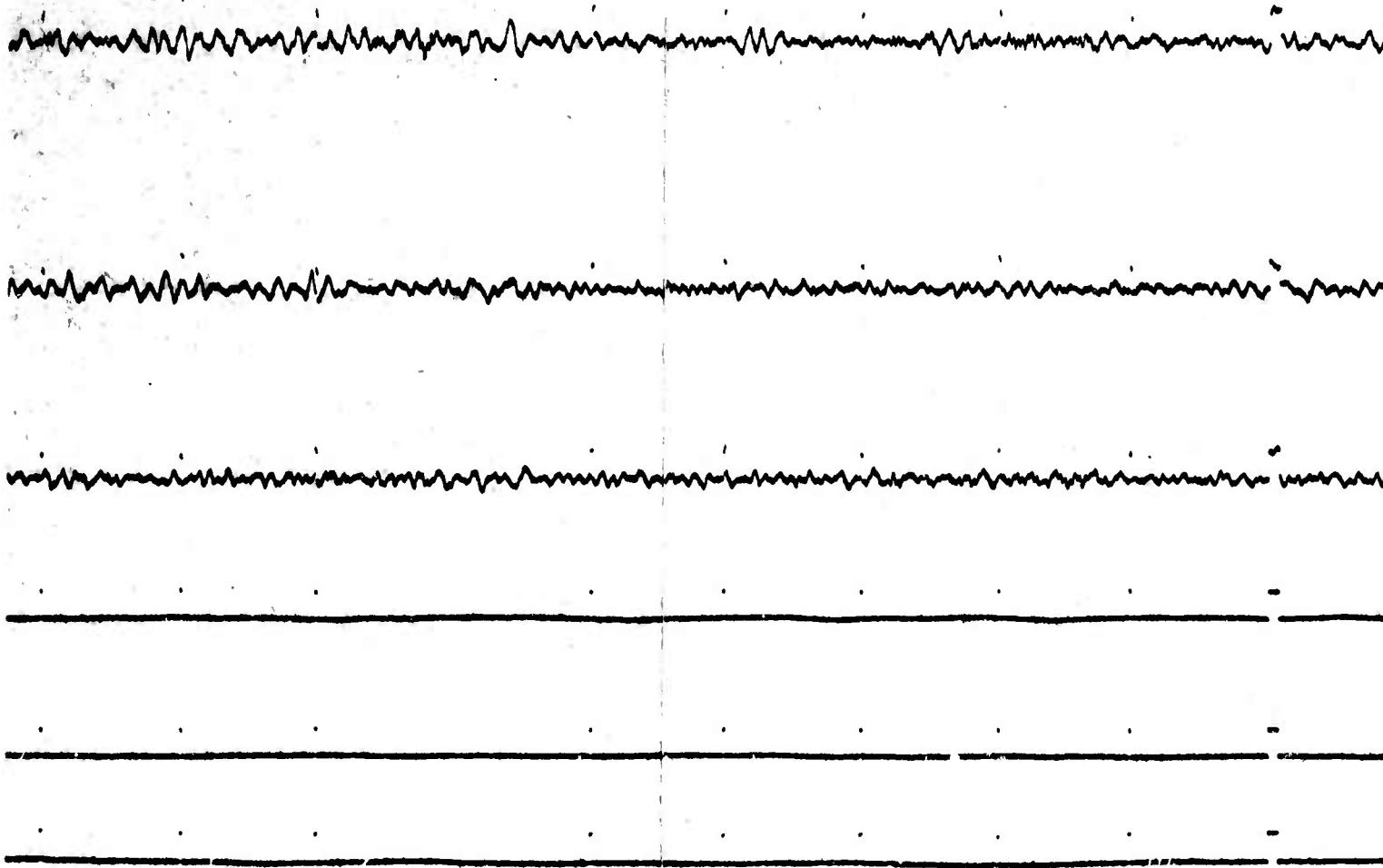
**$\Delta = 2764$  km**



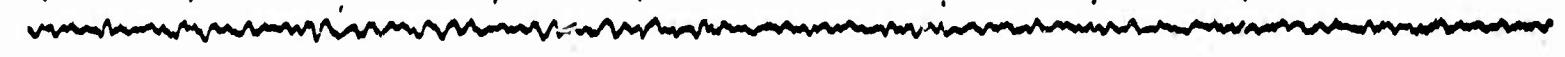
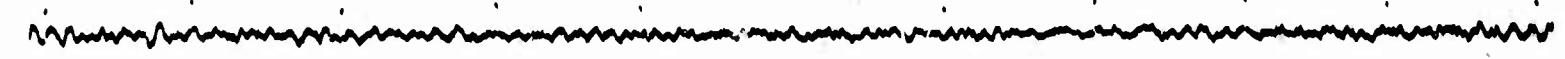
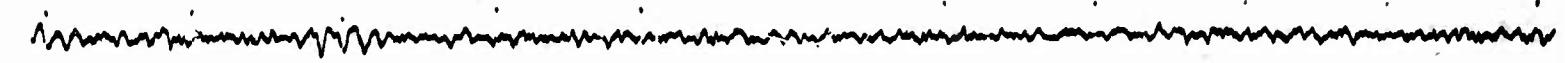
**A**



B



C



D

.....

.....

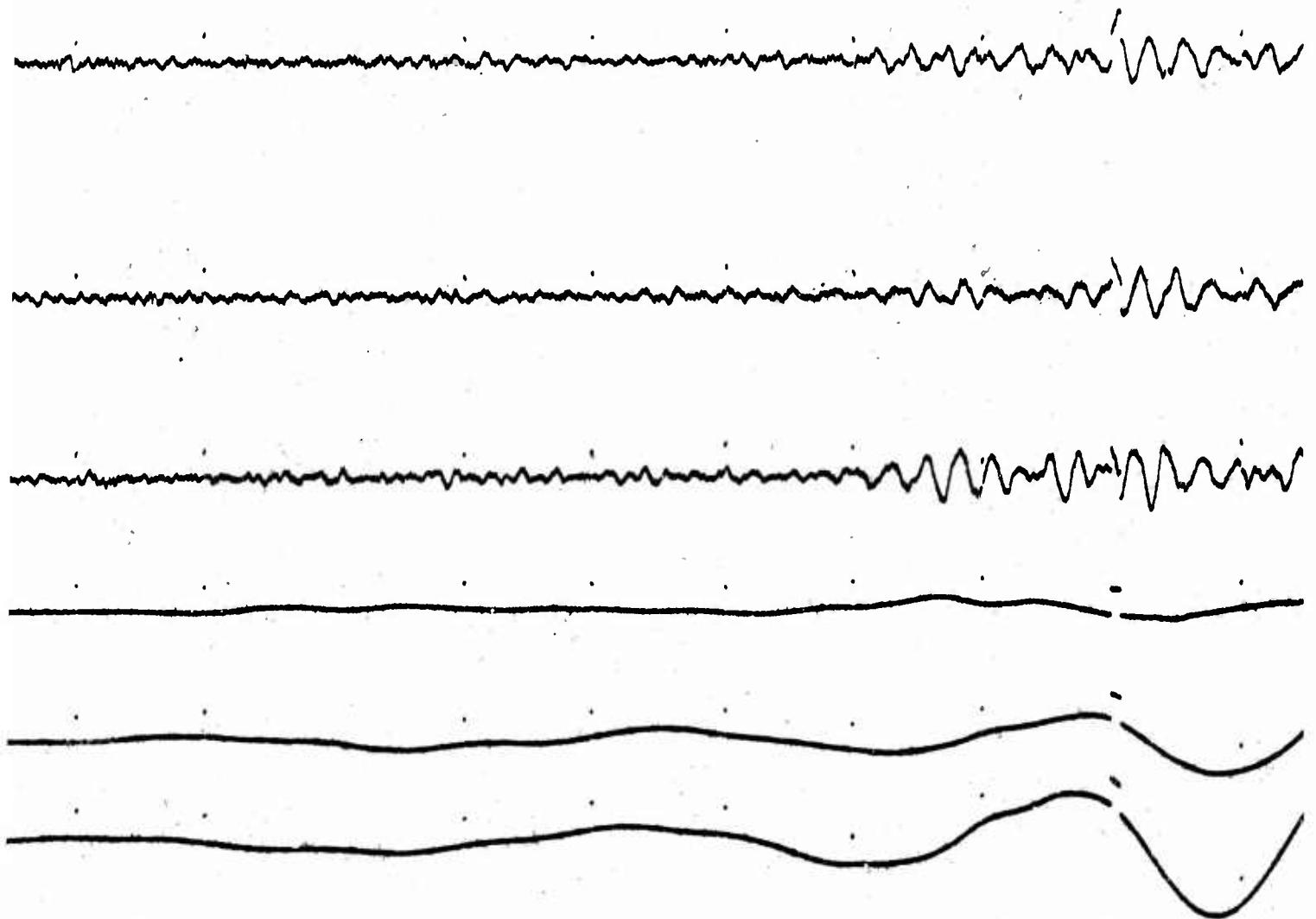
.....

.....

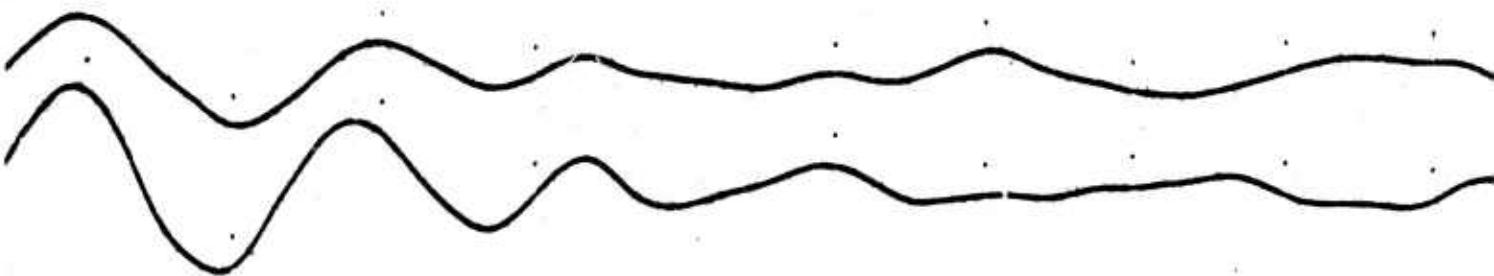
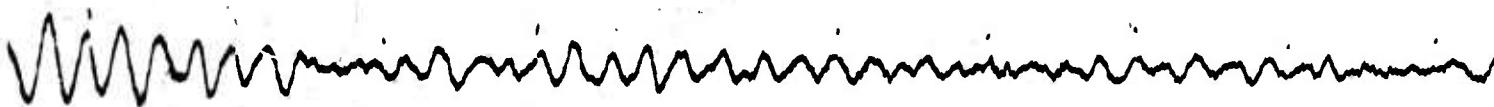
.....

.....

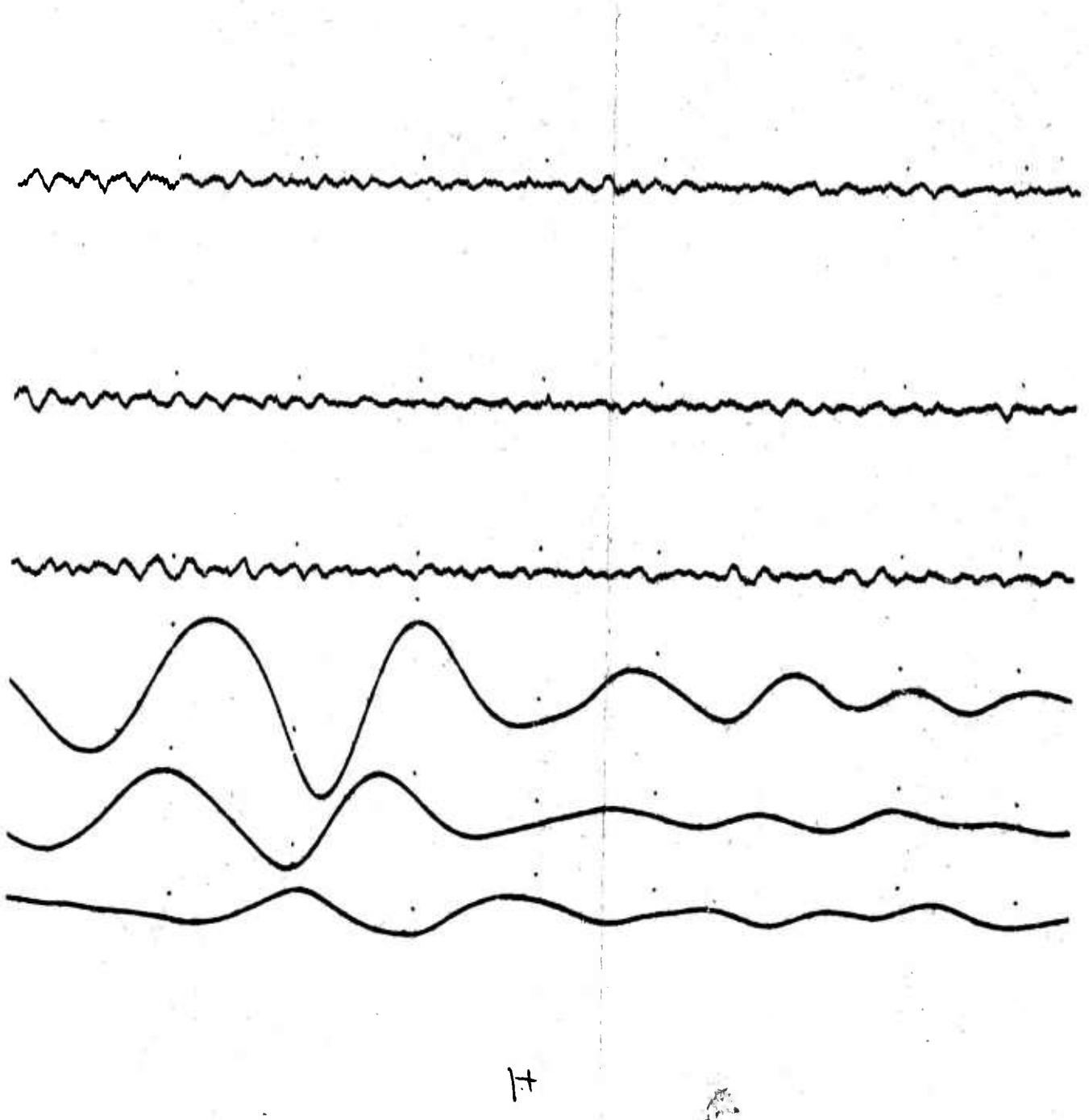
E

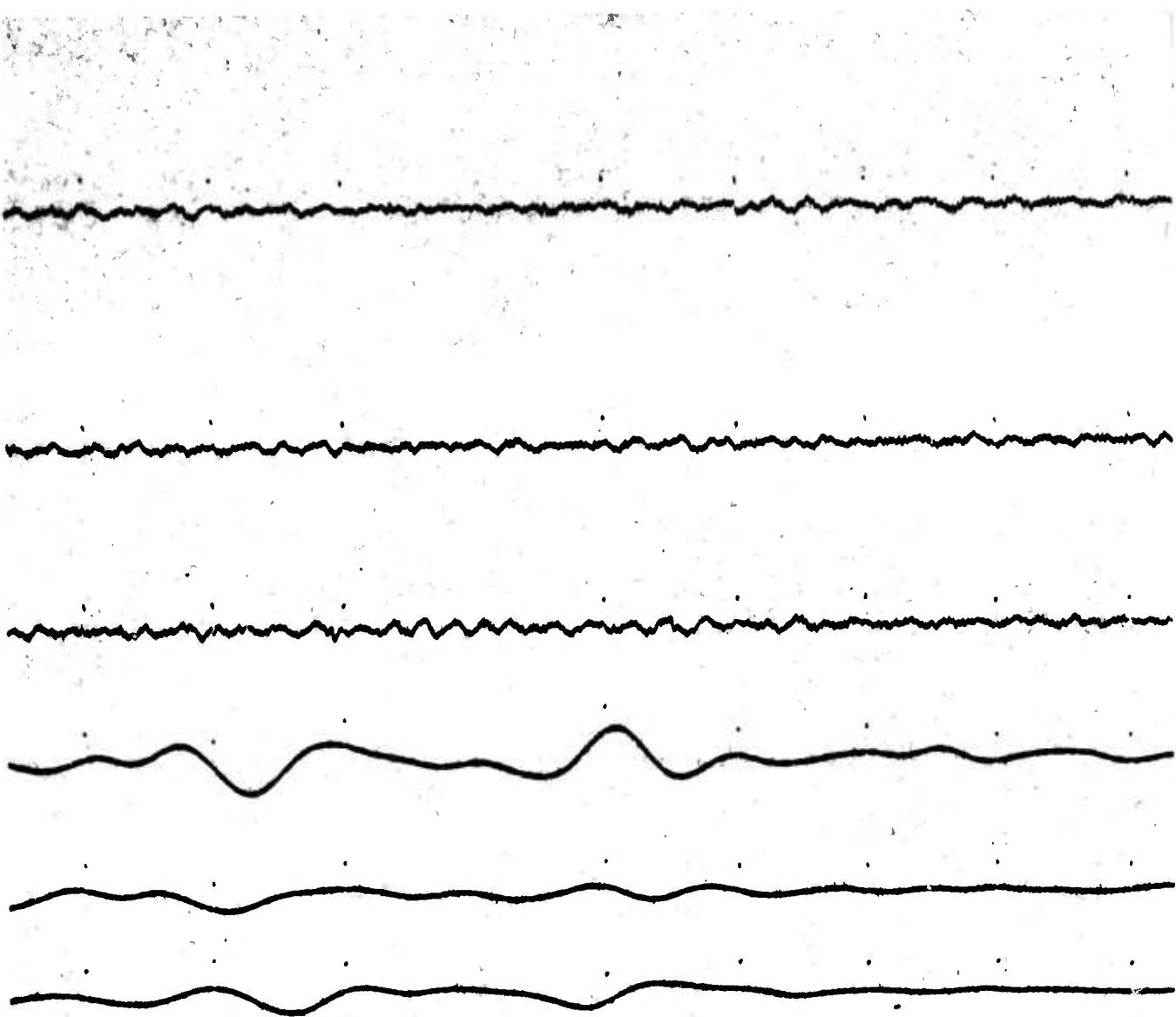


F



G





I

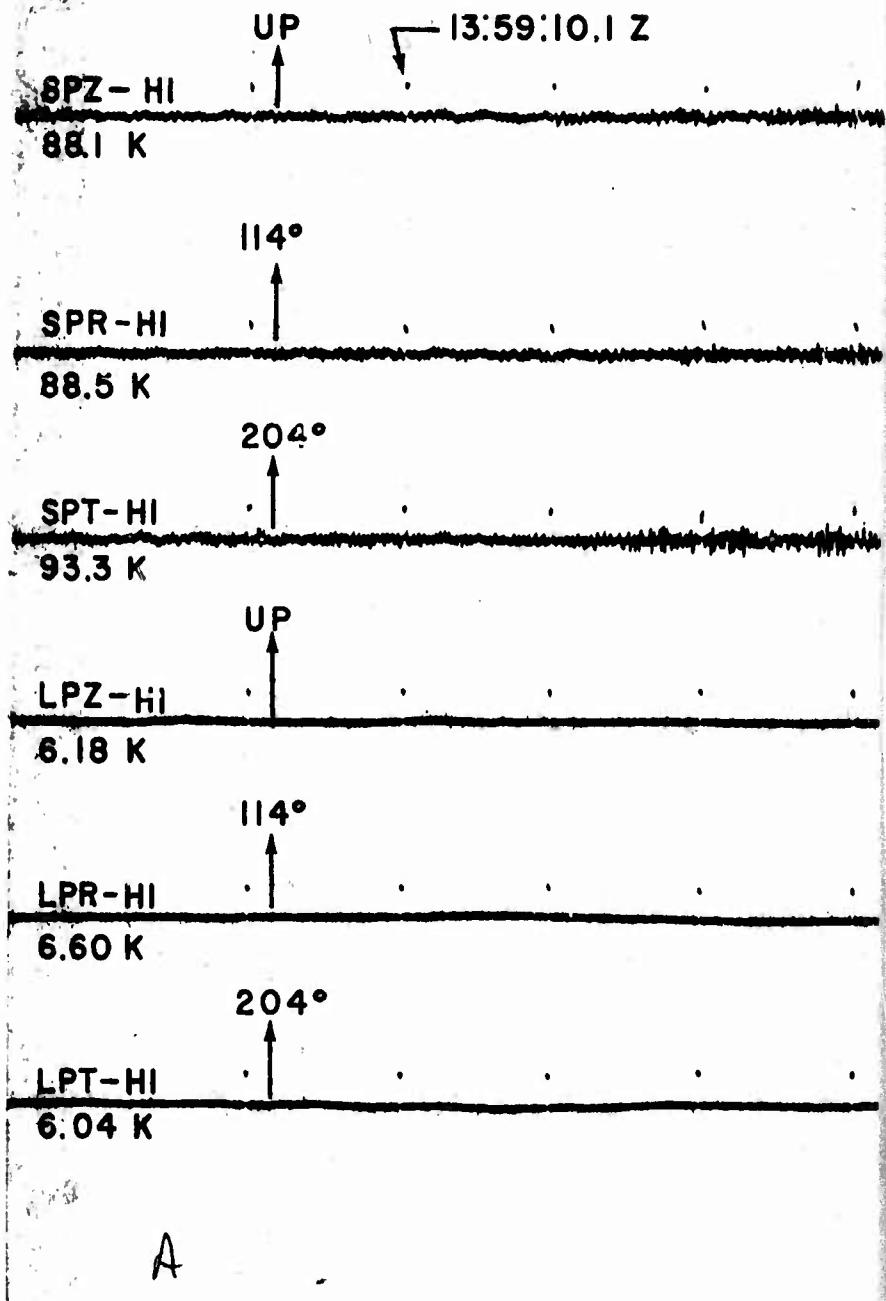
DUMONT

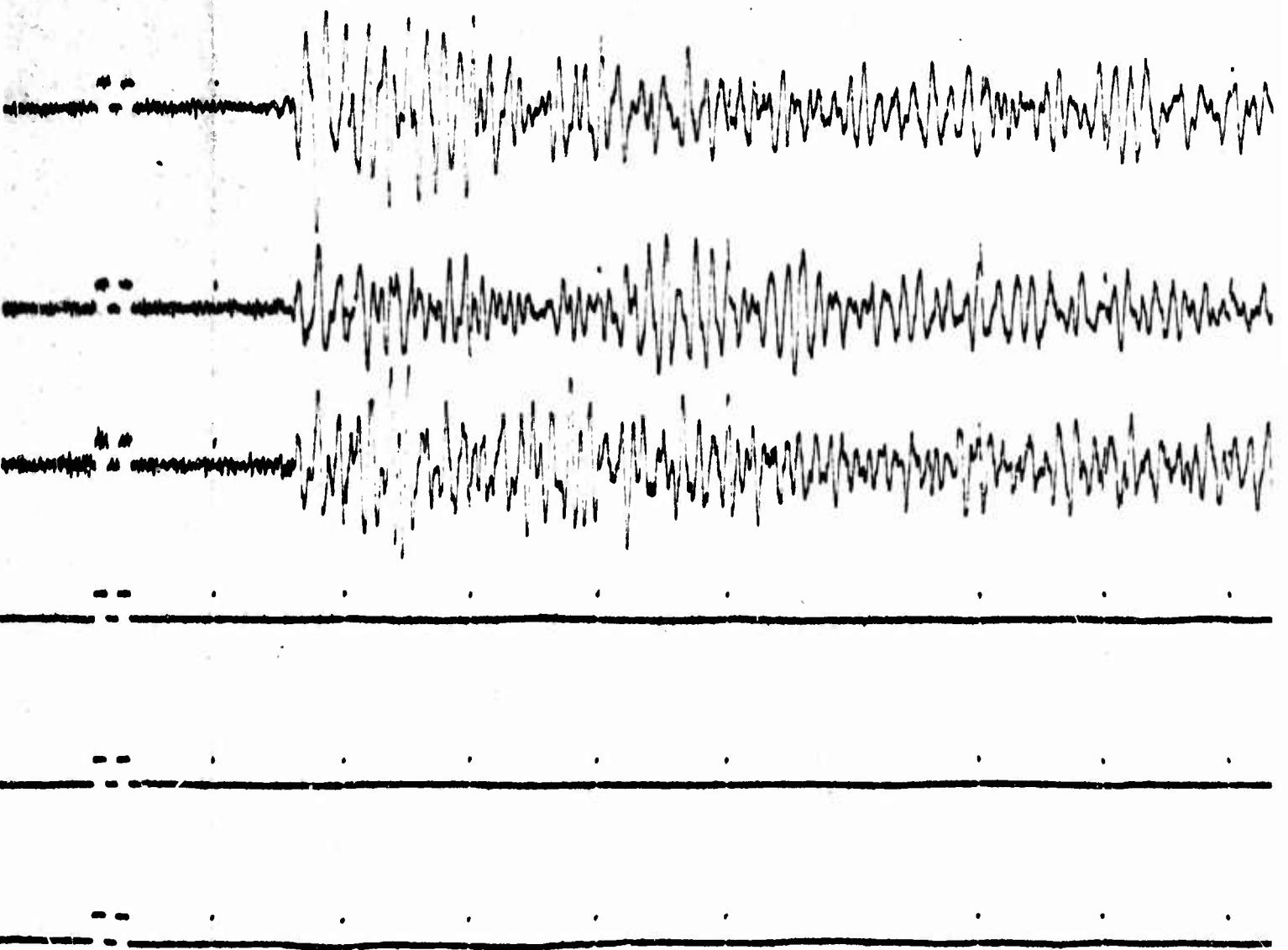
JP - AT

JASPER, ALBERTA, CANADA

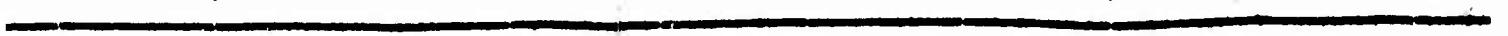
19 MAY 1966

$\Delta = 1762 \text{ km}$

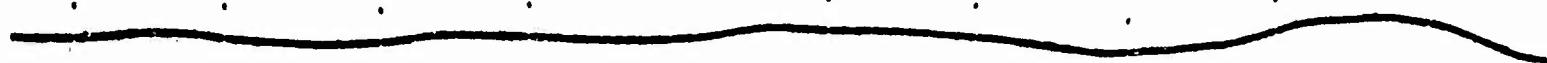
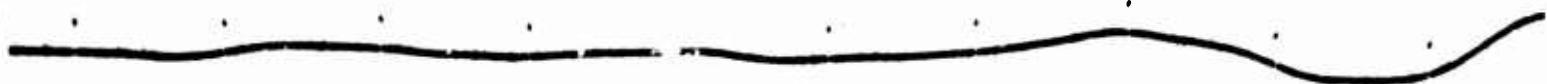
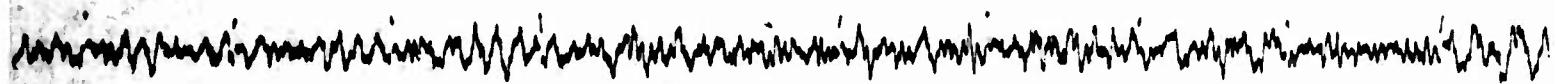




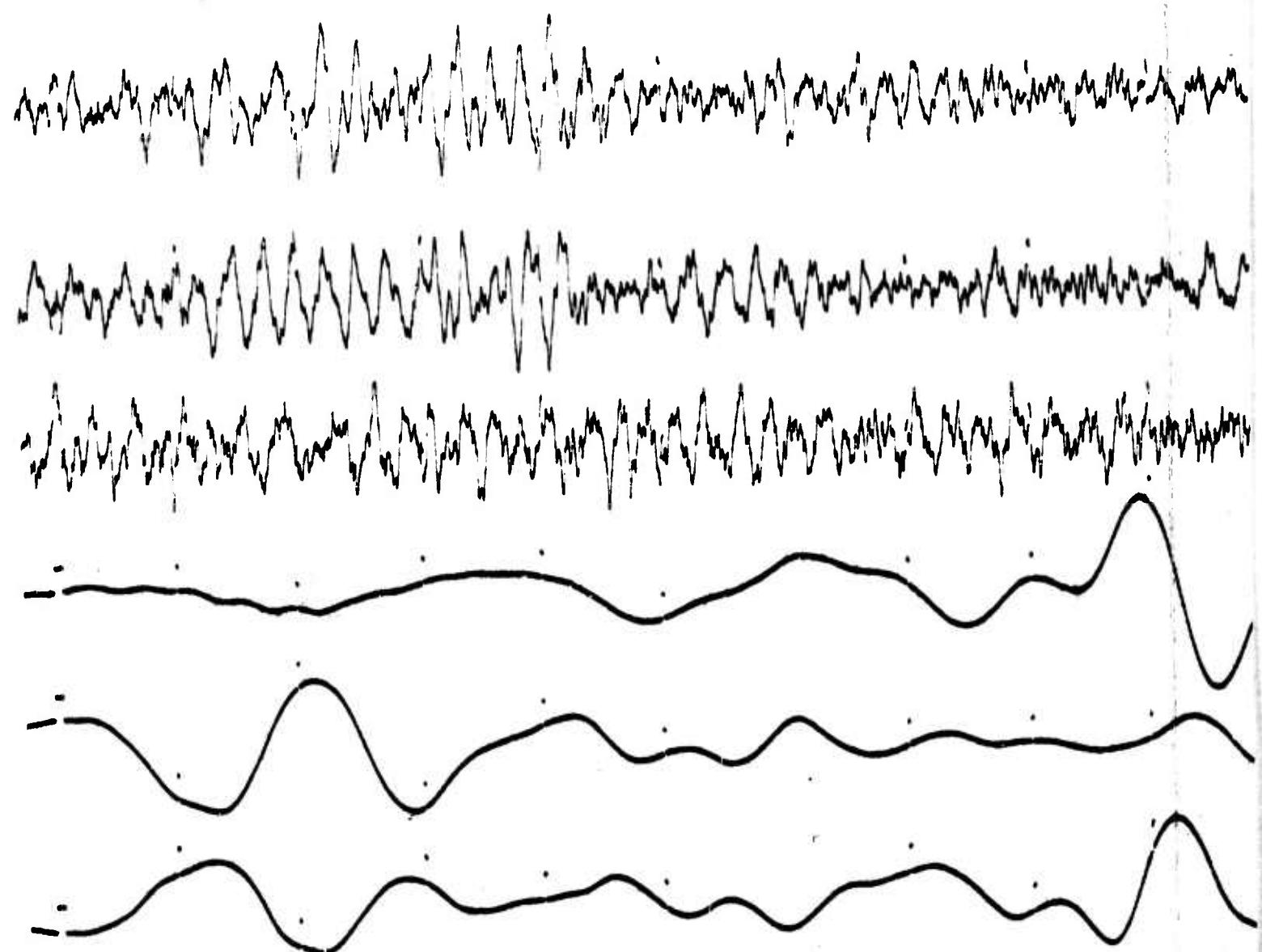
4



c



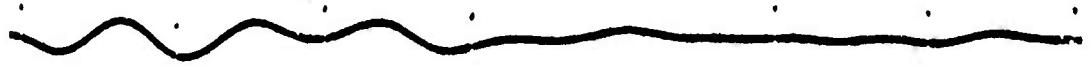
D



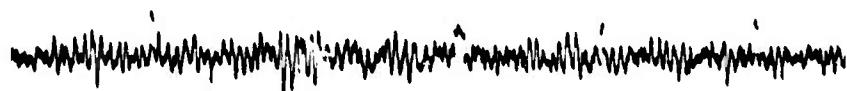
E



F



C



H

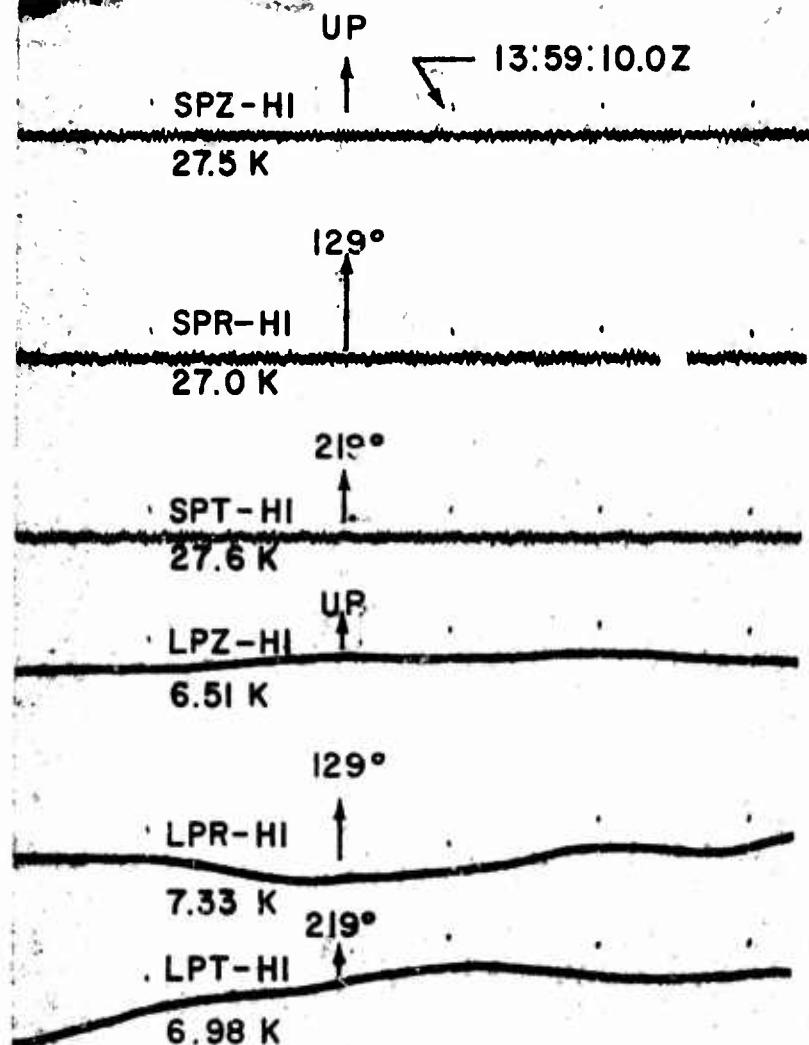
DUMONT

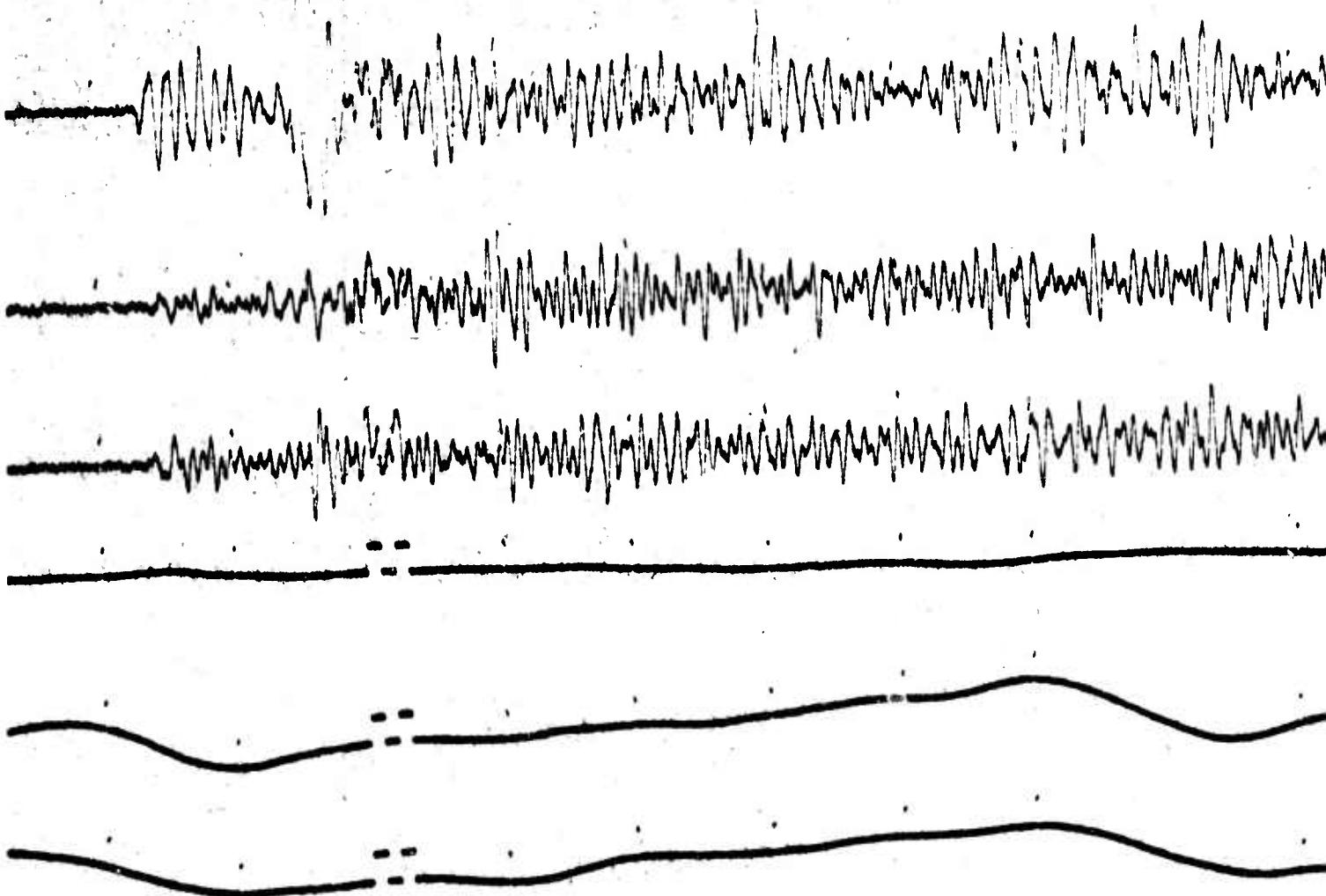
WN-SD

WINNEP ~~E~~ SUTH DAKOTA

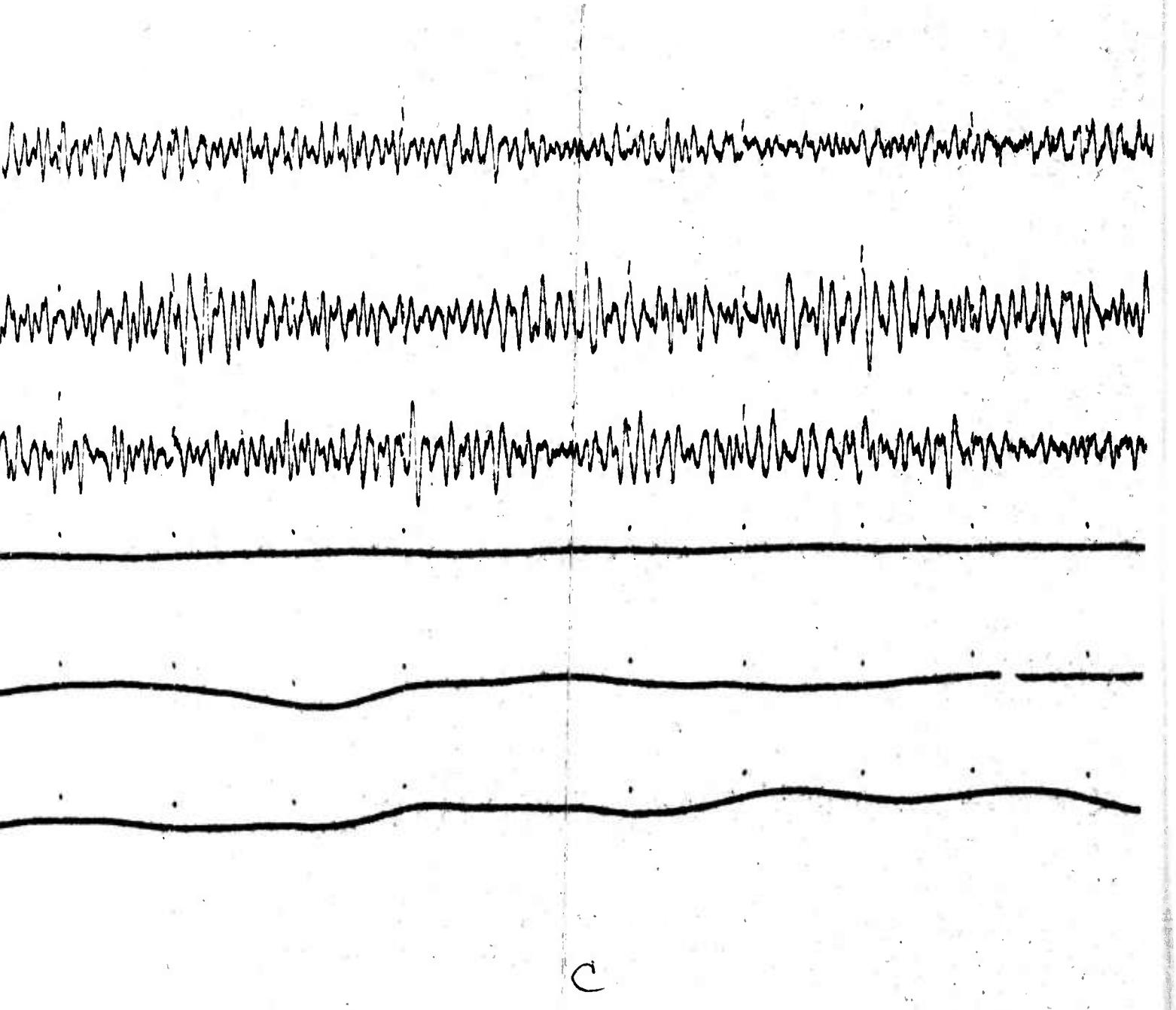
19 MAY 1966

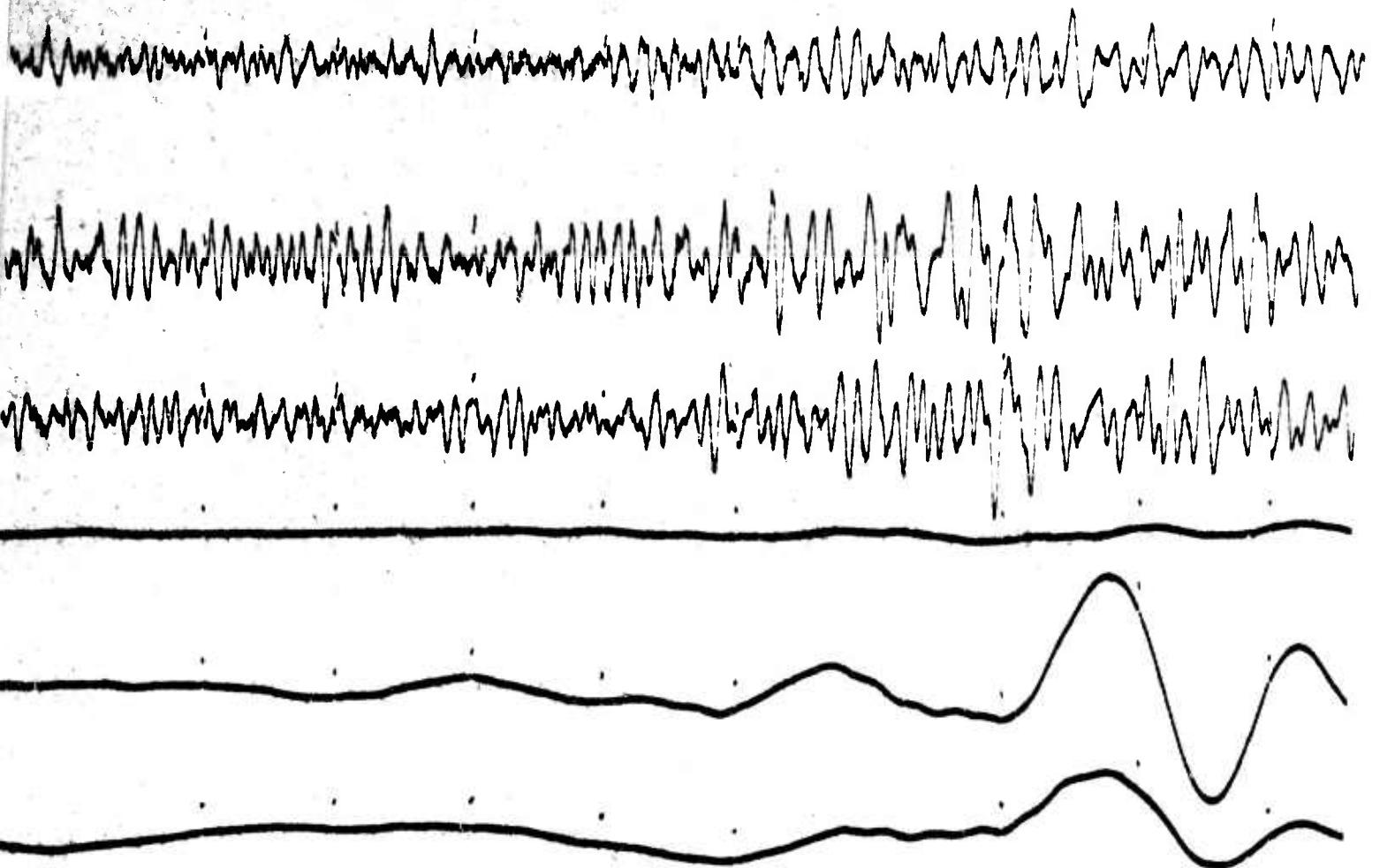
$\Delta = 1510 \text{ km}$



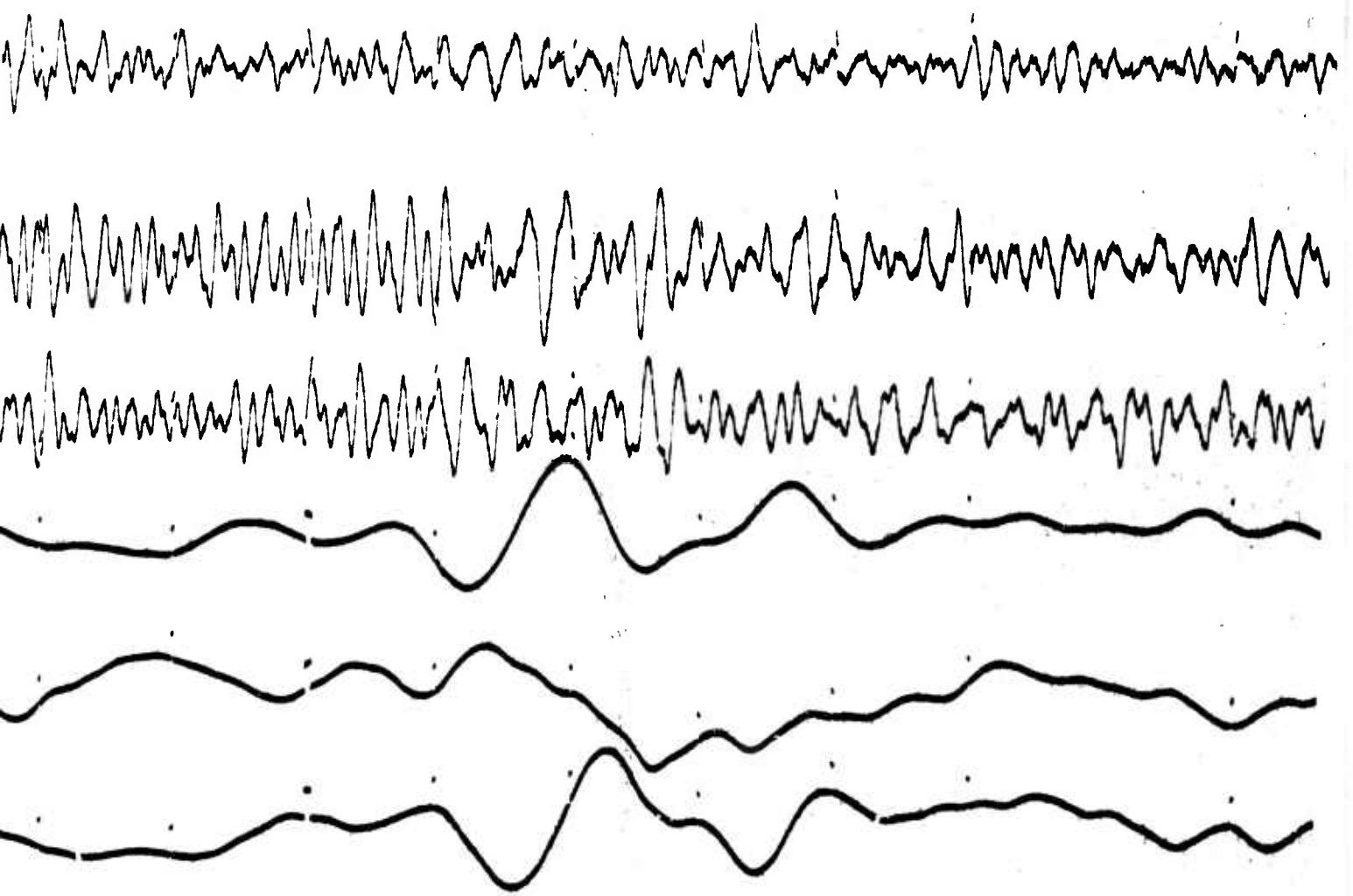


B

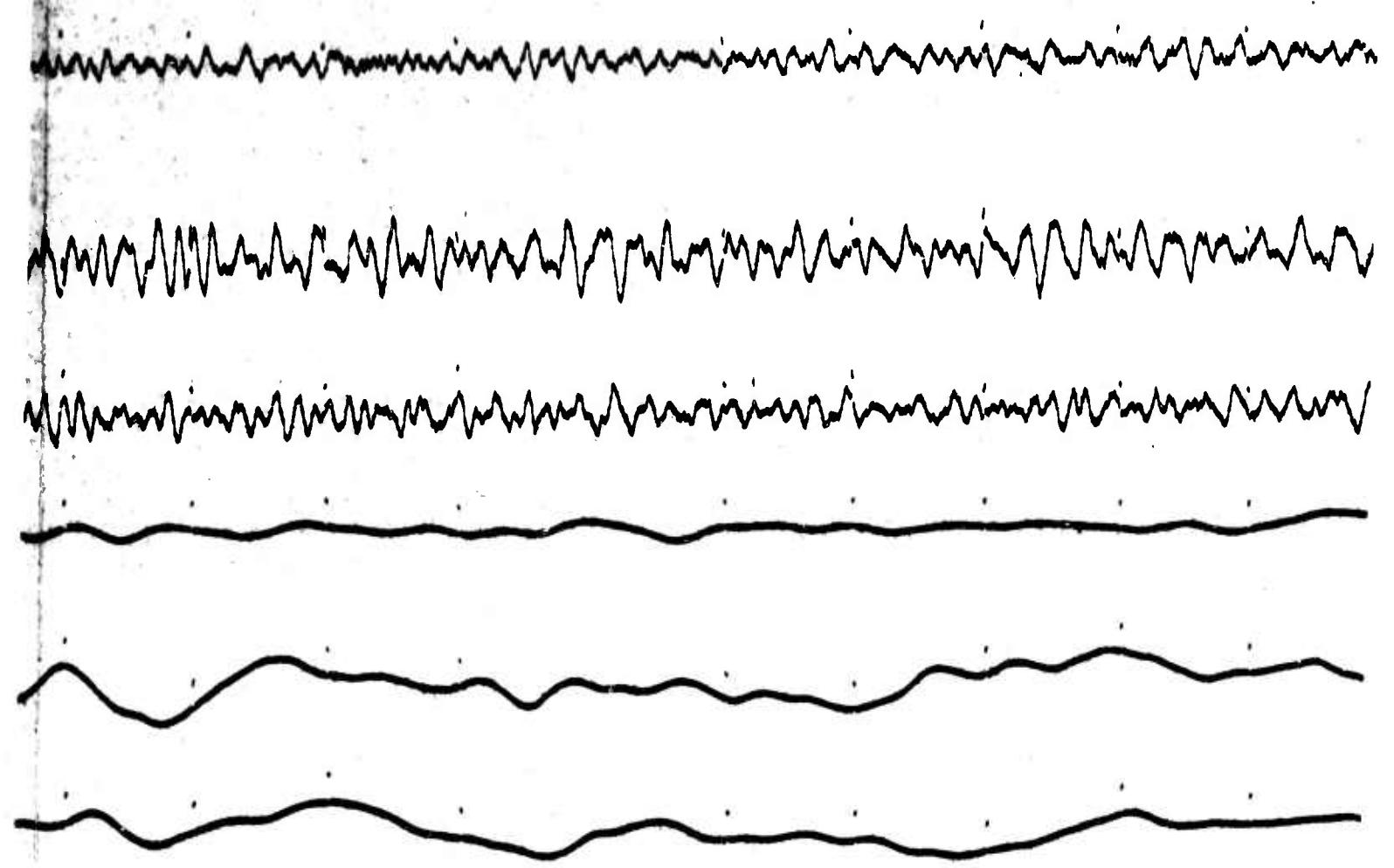




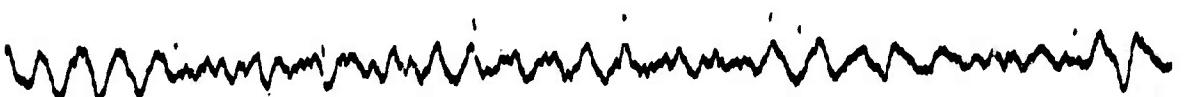
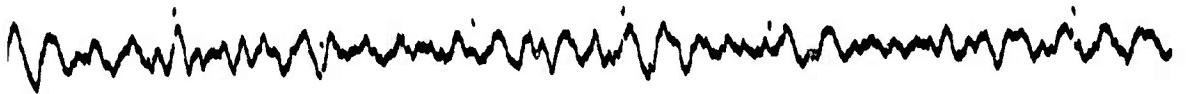
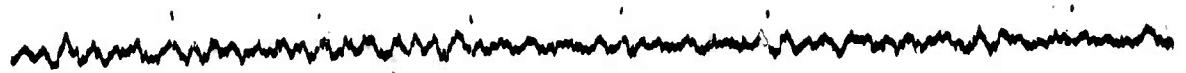
30



E



F



c

**DUMONT**

**MN - NV**

**MINA, NEVADA**

**19 MAY 1966**

**$\Delta = 236 \text{ km}$**

UP 13:56:20.0 Z  

---

**SPZ-LO**  
0.44 K

308°  

---

**SPR-LO**  
0.44 K

38°  

---

**SPT-LO**  
0.42 K

UP  

---

**LPZ-LO**  
0.46 K

308°  

---

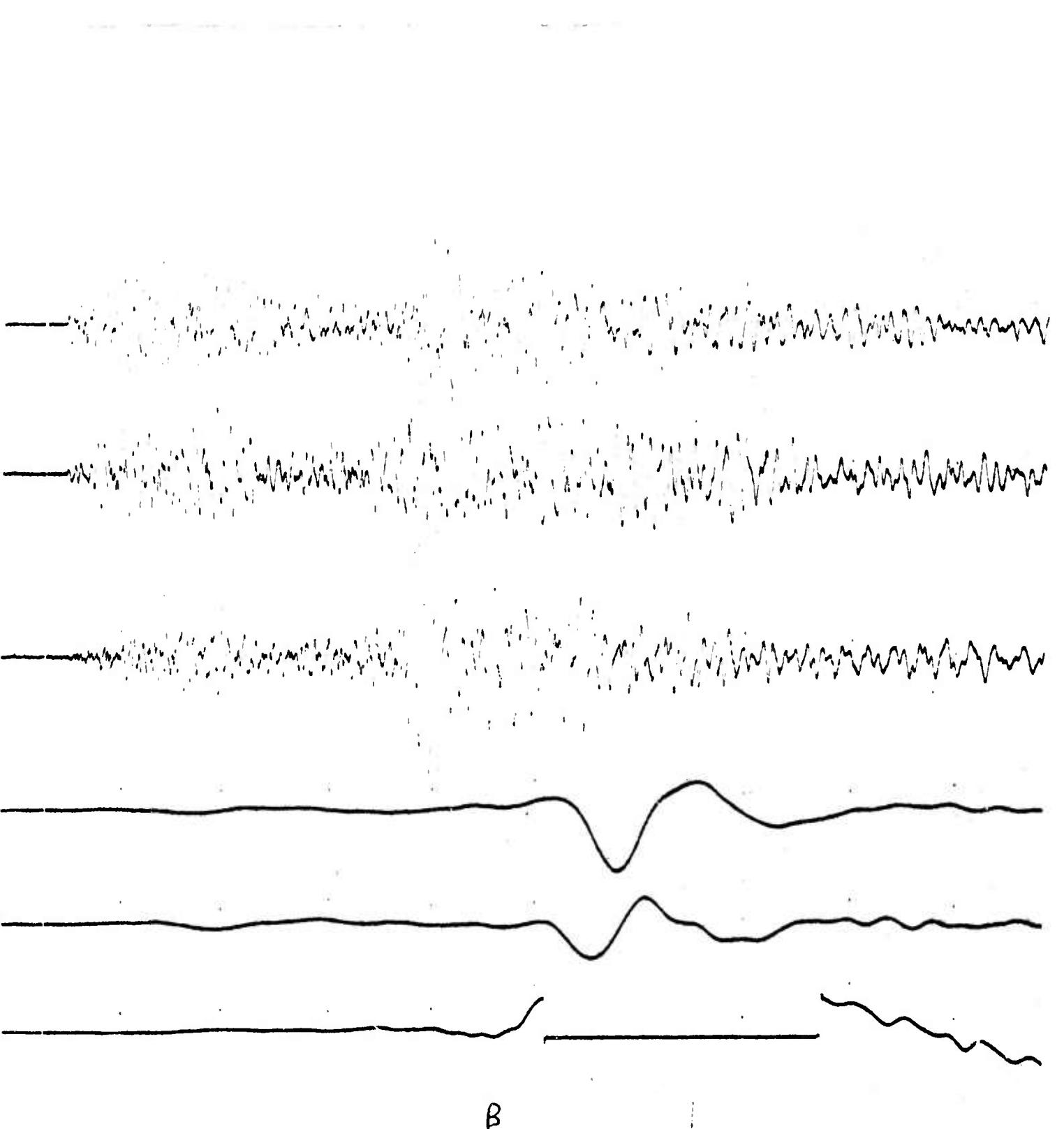
**LPR-LO**  
0.31 K

38°  

---

**LPT-HI**  
CLIPPED

A



B

W

V

W

--

--

--

C