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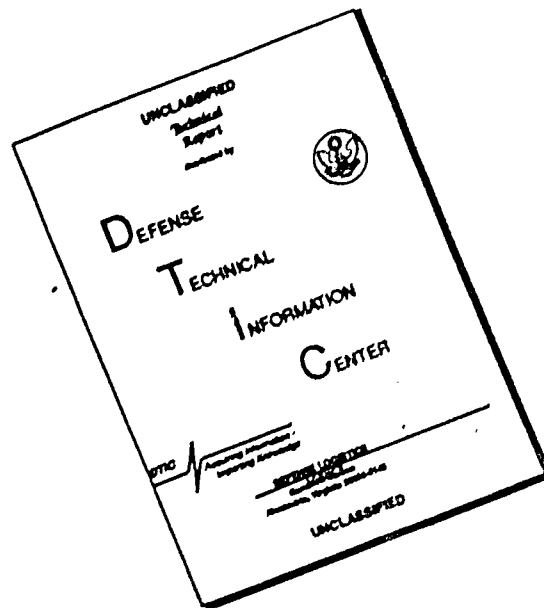
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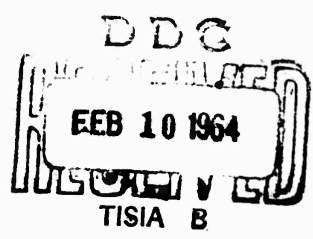
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UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE
BIBLIOGRAPHY SUPPLEMENT NO. 1

by
Nancy Ann Gardner



January 1964

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SPECIAL OPERATIONS RESEARCH! OFFICE
THE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY
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OPERATING UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE
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Research Memorandum 64-1

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UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE
BIBLIOGRAPHY SUPPLEMENT NO. 1

by

Nancy Ann Gardner

Prepared under the Direction of

Barbara Reason Butler

Research Memorandum 64-1

SPECIAL OPERATIONS RESEARCH OFFICE
The American University
Washington, D.C., 20016

January 1964

FOREWORD

The Special Operations Research Office published A Selected Bibliography on Unconventional Warfare in 1961 which covered the unclassified literature in the English-language on that subject up to the middle of that year. This report begins the quarterly publication of guides to recent literature on the subject of unconventional warfare. The articles, essays, and books cited and annotated in this issue were published from 1962 to November 1963.

This is another in a series of SORO publications which update bibliographies related to literature dealing with the Army's cold war missions (The first, Counterinsurgency Bibliography Supplement No. 1, was published December 1963.). SORO's bibliographers maintain a surveillance of such literature in support of SORO research studies which are conducted on problem areas related to the Army's missions in counterinsurgency, unconventional warfare, and psychological operations. For the benefit of Army users of SORO reports and other government agencies with interests in related fields, this bibliographic staff will publish these guides to recent unclassified literature in a monthly cycle which will produce a quarterly updating in those three Army missions and their problem areas.

For the convenience of users of this report the abstract entries are numbered consecutively. Of 287 items reviewed, 96 were selected for abstracting and inclusion in this report. They are grouped according to the subject matter outline and categories shown in the Table of Contents, which reflect the division of the literature into the functional approach and the case study approach to the subject. Next to each category title are printed the entry numbers for those abstracts grouped under that heading, followed by cross references to abstracts under other headings containing information relevant to that category. Following the abstracts, there is an Author-Title Index of all entries in this issue.


Theodore R. Vallance
Director

January 1964

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ABSTRACTS

PART ONE: FUNDAMENTAL ELEMENTS OF UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE

Background

Revolutionary Theory

1. Amann, Peter. "Revolution: A Redefinition," POLITICAL SCIENCE QUARTERLY, 77 (Mar 1962), 36-53. Historiographer makes contribution to general revolutionary theory with his thesis based on his study of the 1848 French Revolution, that power dispersion and unification determine a revolution's extent.
2. Shen-Yu Dai. "The Roots of Chinese Ideology," CURRENT HISTORY, 45 (Sept 1963), 158-64, 181-82. Notes. The Chinese Communists have "Sinified" Communist revolutionary theory, so that it now corresponds with the Chinese revolutionary experience and their nationalist drive against Russia's domination of world communism.
see also item 70.

The Setting of Unconventional Warfare

3. Cross, James Eliot. CONFLICT IN THE SHADOWS: The Nature and Politics of Guerrilla War. Garden City, N.Y.: Doubleday, 1963. ix, 180pp. Bibl., ind. The economic, political, and military conditions of guerrilla war are analyzed to show that best U.S. answer to Communist UW is not reply in kind, but civic action guidance to Comm. threatened areas.

4. Hilsman, Roger. "What Giap Did Not Say," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE, 47 (Aug 1963), 38-40. Ill. In this extract from the foreword to PEOPLE'S WAR, PEOPLE'S ARMY, Praeger, 1962, Hilsman elaborates some political aspects of unconventional war which he feels have been underplayed in Giap's book because of the N. Vietnamese General's military bias.

See also items 13, 62, 69, 80, 88, 96.

Military Strategy

General

5. Heilbrunn, Otto. PARTISAN WARFARE. New York: Praeger, 1962. 199pp. Charts, maps, app., bibl., ind. Author illuminates general characteristics of guerrilla war in his study of the strategy and operations of guerrilla and resistance movements in China, 1936-48, Indochina, 1945-54, Greece, 1946-49, Yugoslavia, 1941-44, and Russia, 1942-44.
6. U.S. Naval Institute. STUDIES IN GUERRILLA WARFARE. Annapolis: USNI, [c. 1963]. 89pp. Ill., maps. USNA-BW103U49. Introduction to this anthology enumerates principles of guerrilla war: offensive, tactical superiority of numbers, mobility, motivation, intelligence. "International puppetry" figures in modern guerrilla wars. Essays cited by author.

See also item 83.

United States and Allied Strategy

7. Fuller, (Maj Gen) J.F.C. "Subverting the Red Threat," *ORDNANCE*, 47 (Jan-Feb 1963), 414-17. Ill. AL. British military analyst and historian views post-WWII Soviet expansion into Eastern Europe, which was expedited by Comm. subversive war, as a form of Muscovite imperialism. He recommends an Allied effort to subvert Soviet satellites.
8. Hahn, Walter F. and Alvin J. Cottrell. "Fashions in Strategy," *ARMY*, 13 (Feb 1963), 42-47. Present U.S. commitment to unconventional warfare is in danger of overemphasis and, because of failure of early efforts, to discouragement. Authors discuss the evolution of U.S. and Soviet strategies from the end of World War II to the present.
9. Holliday, (Lt Col) Sam C. "An Offensive Response," *MILITARY REVIEW*, 43 (Apr 1963), 16-23. Ill. French Service Action units waged offensive irregular war in Communist-controlled areas during the Indochinese conflict, 1950-54. These French operations illustrate the "Free World's" problems in initiating UW within Communist territories.
10. "'The Nature of the Beast'," *INFANTRY*, 52 (May-June 1962), 7-8, 60-61. Ill. Based on a draft field manual prepared at the U.S. Army Infantry School, this article amasses brief but thorough discussions of problems pertaining to irregular forces and undergrounds. Included is a list of "prerequisites for successful irregular force operations."

11. Paret, Peter and John W. Shy. "Guerrilla Warfare and U.S. Military Policy: A Study," *THE AIRMAN*, 6 (May 1962), 2-11. Ill. AL. To integrate guerrilla warfare into military policy, U.S. must understand crucial role of popular support. Terror is not an invincible weapon for the guerrilla leader, for it may turn popular sentiment against his cause.

See also item 19.

Communist Strategy

12. Black, (Col) Edwin F. "The Master Plan for Conquest in Vietnam," *MILITARY REVIEW*, 43 (June 1963), 51-57. Ill., chart. This is a brief summary of the unconventional strategy, both political and military which was adopted by Gen Vo Nguyen Giap, 1944-54, when he led the guerrilla campaign to drive French occupation forces from Vietnam.
13. Fall, Bernard B. "Peking Strikes South," *CURRENT HISTORY*, 45 (Sept 1963), 151-57. Map, notes. In Vietnam, Malaya, Thailand, and Laos, 1962-63, events of unconventional warfare have indicated that China, rather than the USSR, now controls indigenous Communist guerrilla movements. See pp. 155, 156.
14. Garthoff, Raymond. "Guerrillas and Communists;" [review of *MODERN GUERRILLA WARFARE*, ed. Franklin M. Osanka], *PROBLEMS OF COMMUNISM*, 12 (July-Aug 1963), 44-45. Since 1961 Communist strategy has deemphasized guerrilla warfare because of the deterrence capabilities of "imperialist" powers and the necessity of alignment with non-Communist states.

15. Garthoff, Raymond L. "Unconventional Warfare in Communist Strategy," FOREIGN AFFAIRS, 40 (July 1962), 566-75. Adviser on Soviet Bloc Affairs, U.S. Department of State, offers an analysis of Communist writings and practice of guerrilla war, with brief references to guerrilla movements in Albania, China, Cuba, Vietnam, and Yugoslavia.
16. Hessler, William H. "Guerrilla Warfare is Different," U.S. NAVAL INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS, 88 (Apr 1962), 35-47. Ill. Author outlines strategy and tactics of guerrilla wars since WWII in China, Malaya, Philippines, S. Vietnam, and Cuba. He feels that social unrest and Communist-West conflicts will cause many guerrilla wars in the future.
17. Hilsman, Roger W. "The Challenge to Freedom in Asia," DEPARTMENT OF STATE BULLETIN, 49 (July 8, 1963), 43-50. Communist strategy for subversion in Asia, described by Mao Tse-tung as "talk/fight; talk/fight," includes manipulation of all the elements of power: political, economic, psychological, and military.
18. Hilsman, Roger. "Internal War: The New Communist Tactic," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE, 47 (Jan 1963), 50-54. Ill. Although it emphasizes counterinsurgent viewpoint, this adaptation of Hilsman's speech at Institute of World Affairs contains discussion of political and nonpolitical factors which attract manipulation by Communist insurgents.
19. Lindsay, Franklin A. "Unconventional Warfare," FOREIGN AFFAIRS, 40 (Jan 1962), 264-74. U.S. personnel trained for subversion of Communist-dominated peoples must grapple with proven Communist competence in political organization and guerrilla techniques, which accounted for their successes in Indochina in 1946-54, and S. Vietnam since 1959.

20. Mao Tse-tung. "Mao's Primer on Guerrilla War," THE AIRMAN, 6 (May 1962), 12-14. Ill. AL. Objectives of guerrilla war must coincide with the aspirations of the people. Renowned guerrilla leader offers concise information on the organization, discipline, supply, tactics, and strategy of guerrillas and on their relationship with local inhabitants.
21. Miller, (Lt Cdr) Roger J. and (Lt Cdr) James A. Cochran. "Counterinsurgency in Perspective," AIR UNIVERSITY REVIEW, 14 (Sept-Oct 1963), 64-74. AL. Communist insurgent strategy in Cuba, 1952-59, China, 1928-48, and Indochina, 1946-54, was rooted in Communist revolutionary ideology and in local conditions encountered by guerrilla leaders.
See also items 3, 7, 8, 51, 79, 87, 90.

Legality

General

22. Powers, (RADM) Robert D., Jr. "Guerrillas and the Laws of War," UNITED STATES NAVAL INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS, 89 (Mar 1963), 83-87. Ill. Increasing reliance by modern governments on guerrilla forces requires a reevaluation of their legal status. Author's analysis refers to Brussels Declaration, 1874, and Geneva Convention, 1949.
See also item 10.

Administrative Problems

Organization

23. Clutterbuck, (Col) Richard L. "Communist Defeat in Malaya: A Case Study," MILITARY REVIEW, 43 (Sept 1963), 63-78. Ill., maps. During the Malayan Emergency, 1948-59, MCP operations depended on the work of branch organizations; bands of 15-20 guerrillas organized the Chinese villages to provide insurgents with food, money, and information.
24. Mans, (Lt Col) Roland S.N. "Victory in Malaya," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE, 47 (Jan 1963), 44-49; (Feb 1963), 40-43; (Mar 1963), 46-50. Ill. Portions of Part I of this series by British officer on counterinsurgency (1948-59) present an outline of Malayan Communist Party organization and a description of guerrilla intimidation of population.
25. Stratton, (Cdr) Roy. "Navy Guerrilla," U.S. NAVAL INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS, 89 (July 1963), 83-87. Ill. Guerrilla organization, headed by Nationalist China's Lt Gen Tai Lee and USN Capt Milton Miles, procured weather information, harassed Japanese shipping, and gathered intelligence of Chinese coast for possible WWII invasion landings.
26. Wyckoff, (Lt Col) Don P. "Super Soldiers," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE, 47 (Nov 1963), 20-31. Ill. USMC instructor reviews organization and training of U.S. Rangers, Raiders, and Marauders; British Commandos, Long Range Desert Group, and Chindits, while warning against over-expansion of such semi-conventional forces which depletes regular units.

See also items 10, 61-62, 65-67, 74, 78, 82-83, 88.

Recruitment and Training

27. Livingston, (Capt) George D. "Immediate Action Drills," INFANTRY, 53 (July-Aug 1963), 43-45. Ill. To offset disadvantages of close range and limited visibility, jungle warfare units must react quickly when confronted with ambush. Drills ensure discipline in unconventional tactics of hasty ambush, freeze, encounter, and counter-ambush.
28. Mus Afir. "Traveller's Tales: Secret Group," FAR EASTERN ECONOMIC REVIEW, 51 (Sept 12, 1963), 677. According to documents captured by the Sarawak government, Sarawak youth pledge themselves to revolutionary combat and education when they join the Sarawak Advanced Youth Association, a branch of the Clandestine Communist Sarawak Liberation League.

See also items 10, 40, 62, 83.

Logistics

29. George, (M/Sgt) James A. "Primitive Weapons of the Viet Cong," THE AIRMAN, 7 (May 1963), 39-41. Ill. Ingenious and effective weapons, hand-constructed from materials available in jungle, supplement scarce modern ordnance. Examples include bamboo crossbows and spikes and scatter guns which spray nails, wire, and broken glass.

30. "The 'Hot' War U.S. Seems to be Losing," U.S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT, 54 (Jan 21, 1963), 46-48. Ill., map. DCPL. This article concerns some advantages which the Viet Cong possess in the struggle in S. Vietnam, 1963, including their invulnerable source of logistical support, the supply centers in Laos and N. Vietnam.

31. McDonnell, Philip. "Roads to the Rice Bowl," MILITARY REVIEW, 43 (Apr 1963), 7-15. Ill., maps. To supply guerrillas during the Indochina War, 1946-54, Communist China built routes through the difficult terrain of north Thailand, east Burma, Laos, N. and S. Vietnam. Supplies travel over these routes to guerrillas in SE Asia today.

32. Neubauer, John, "The Viet Cong's Crude Weapons," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE, 47 (Oct 1963), 12-13. Ill. Brief article includes photographs and descriptions of nine types of weapon manufactured and used by the Viet Cong, a Communist guerrilla underground organization, against Vietnamese troops and their U.S. support in S. Vietnam.

33. Summers, (Capt) Wallen M. "Raft from Down Under," INFANTRY, 52 (May-June 1962), 13-15. Ill. For transport of Special Warfare equipment and personnel over SE Asian jungle waterways, the inflatable Australian Raft was adopted by the 25th Infantry Division Jungle and Guerrilla Warfare Training Center, Aug 1961. It replaced the Ranger Raft.

See also items 3, 10, 37, 56, 62-63, 73, 77, 81.

Intelligence and Counterintelligence

See items 3, 10, 60, 83.

Guerrilla Relations with Population

34. Johnson, Chalmers A. "Civilian Loyalties and Guerrilla Conflict," WORLD POLITICS, 14 (July 1962), 646-61. Ill. Author points to guerrilla movements in S. Vietnam since 1954, China 1931-48, and Malaya 1948-59, to illustrate his thesis that guerrilla success is chiefly contingent upon popular support, less so upon mobility and terrain factors.
35. Rigg, (Col) Robert B. "Catalog of Viet Cong Violence," MILITARY REVIEW, 42 (Dec 1962), 23-29. Ill. From 1959 to present, Viet Cong guerrillas have ensured themselves of popular support by terrorizing villagers and exploiting local government officials and services. Conventional warfare techniques are ineffective as countermeasures.
36. Rose, Jerry A. "The Elusive Viet Cong," NEW REPUBLIC, 148 (May 4, 1963), 19-26. Ill. DCPL. Using "armed" and spoken propaganda, the Viet Cong established itself among S. Vietnamese villagers before it initiated offensive military operations against the S. Vietnamese Army, 1959-63. Aloof from his people, Diem unwittingly discourages popular support.

See also items 4, 10-11, 23-24, 65, 90.

External Support

37. "Anti-anti-Castro Policy," TIME, 81 (Apr 12, 1963), 29. AL. Anti-Castro raiders, some of whom are U.S. college students, buy 20-mm cannons through the mail from Finland and manufacture dog-tags on souvenir coin machines. Based mostly in the Bahamas, raiders now face collaboration of the U.S. and Britain, who discourage their activities.
38. "New Disclosures: The Story of the Americans at the Bay of Pigs," U.S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT, 54 (Mar 11, 1963), 33-34. Ill. AL. 18 U.S. civilian airmen were recruited for combat duty in support of the rebel invasion of Cuba, Apr 19, 1961; 4 were killed. Other details of U.S. involvement were disclosed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Feb 1963.

See also items 60-61. 66.

Operational Concepts

Subversion

See items 60, 80.

Guerrilla Warfare

Tactical Principles

39. "Characteristics of Guerrilla Operations," INFANTRY, 52 (May-June 1962), 9, 64-66. A guerrilla force relies on surprise, mobility and distribution of forces in depth to offset enemy's materiel advantages. These aspects of guerrilla operations are extracted from a draft field manual prepared by the U.S. Army Infantry School.

40. **Hart, (Capt) Franklin A. "Jungle Ambush,"** INFANTRY, 52 (Mar-Apr 1962), 25-26. Ill. Ambush, an unconventional and highly flexible tactic, should be emphasized in guerrilla training of U.S. forces. Author analyzes size of ambush party, site selection, plan of attack, individual positions, camouflage, fire discipline, control, and withdrawal.
41. **MacLean, Fitzroy. "The Setting for Guerrilla Warfare,"** ROYAL UNITED SERVICE INSTITUTION JOURNAL, 108 (Aug 1963), 206-12. Former British liaison officer to Yugoslav partisans refers to their operations in 1941-44, in a discussion of the essential conditions of guerrilla war: mobility, surprise, denial of target for enemy, and popular support.
42. **"Tactical Air Control in the VNAF,"** AIR UNIVERSITY REVIEW, 14 (Sept-Oct 1963), 75-81. Ill. AL. Attack by numerically superior forces on weak spots in COIN forces is facilitated by the wide dispersion of Viet Cong guerrillas throughout the marshes, coastal plains, and mountains of S. Vietnam.

See also items 3, 5, 27, 34, 61.

Terrain Factors

See items 27, 33-34, 40, 44.

Ambush

43. **Cleary, (Maj) Fred K. and (Capt) Linton C. Beasley. "Ambush."** INFANTRY, 53 (July-Aug 1963), 46-47. Ill. Viet Cong ambushed security platoon of S. Vietnamese who were attempting to clear road for supply convoy en route to training camp. Article refers to weapons, personnel, formations, tactics, and success of Viet Cong guerrilla operations.

44. Macaulay, (1st Lt) Neill. "Guerrilla Ambush," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE, 47 (May 1963), 41-44. Ill., map. U.S. Marine patrols encountered the bands of Sandino and Pedron in three guerrilla ambushes in Nicaragua--1927, 1931, and 1932. The author makes references to guerrillas' use of woods, valleys, and ridges; to their tactics; and to their numbers.
45. Woodyard, (Capt) John H. "Ambush by Bamboo," INFANTRY, 52 (July-Aug 1962), 10-11. Ill. Lethal traps set by the Viet Cong punctuate jungle trails of South Vietnam. Bamboo ambushes include single spikes tipped in dung and laid where soldiers are likely to run for cover during fire, bunches of spikes in hidden pits, and javelin traps.
46. Ziegler, (Capt) Richard G. "A People's Action," INFANTRY, 53 (July-Aug 1963), 48-51. Ill. By ambushing U.S. Ranger company, Viet Cong battalion pinpoints its own location for U.S. and Vietnamese counterinsurgent forces; the result is heavy losses to Viet Cong. The author, U.S. military adviser in Vietnam, witnessed the operation he describes.

See also item 66.

Other Offensive Operations

47. Bourdow, Joseph A. "Big War Guerrillas and Counter-Guerrillas," ARMY, 13 (Aug 1962), 66-69. Ill. Author finds tactics of Russian partisans behind German lines 1941-42 highly relevant to study of current guerrilla warfare. Harassment of road and rail routes necessitated counterinsurgent measures, thus draining energy from German front-line efforts.

48. Heavner, Theodore J.C. "The Viet-Nam Situation," DEPARTMENT OF STATE BULLETIN, 49 (Sept 9, 1963), 393-98. The Viet Cong guerrilla war in S. Vietnam has waned since high point in 1961, according to Deputy Director, Viet-Nam Working Group, U.S. Dept of State. There has been a 36 per cent decrease in VC armed attacks, spring 1962-spring 1963.
 49. Larochelle, (Capt) Romeo J. "My Hoa," INFANTRY, 53 (Sept-Oct 1963), 27. On Oct 12, 1962, Viet Cong guerrillas staged an unsuccessful attack on the outpost in My Hoa, a village in Phu My District, Binh Dinh Province, S. Vietnam. Upon withdrawal they were ambushed by Self Defense Corps and district reserve forces. VC casualties numbered over 150.
 50. Rose, Jerry A. "I'm it, I'm Hit, I'm Hit," SATURDAY EVENING POST, 236 (Mar 23, 1963), 34-47. Ill., map. AL. Jarai tribesmen betrayed U.S. and S. Vietnamese training camp at Plei Mrong to a battalion of Viet Cong guerrillas. This night attack, which exploited poor cooperation between U.S. and S. Vietnamese troops, took heavy toll of COIN forces.
- See also items 3, 50, 61, 63, 77-79, 83, 91, 93.

Terrorism

51. O'Doherty, (MSGT) John K. "Battleground Viet-Nam," THE AIRMAN, 7 (June 1963), 4-9. Ill., map. With a campaign of armed action, subversion, and terror, the Viet Cong aims at political control of S. Vietnam. Article contains statistics of the toll which terror has taken on elements of Vietnamese society, and includes data on guerrilla supply routes.

52. "Togo: Assassination of the President," AFRICA DIGEST, 10 (Feb 1963), 145. Article notes terrorism by "military insurgents." The assassination of Sylvanus Olympio, President of the West African state of Togo, and the overthrow of his government, Jan 13, 1963, are reported. Article is mostly a profile of Olympio.

See also items 3, 35, 73.

Psychological Operations

53. Fair, (Lt Col) Stanley D. "No Place to Hide: How Defoliants Expose the Viet Cong," ARMY, 14 (Sept 1963), 54-55. Viet Cong guerrillas spread propaganda about the herbicide which was used by COIN forces to strip foliage from guerrilla hiding places in the Ca Mau Province, Aug-Sept 1962. Viet Cong claimed that defoliant had harmed animals and humans.

54. "Guerrillas Bearing Gifts," THE ECONOMIST, 206 (Mar 30, 1963), 1216. Map. Bangkok correspondent indicates strong success of Communist guerrillas who penetrate northern Thailand from Burma and Laos. As an investment in good will, they distribute gifts of small goods to villagers as well as word-of-mouth propaganda against the central government.

See also items 3, 67, 80, 90.

Area Control

55. Hobsbawm, E.J. "The Revolutionary Situation in Colombia," THE WORLD TODAY, 19 (June 1963), 248-58. Guerrilla training bases exist in several "quasi-autonomous" rural areas of Colombia. Peasants of these areas have been armed, organized and disciplined by Communists amid the violence which has characterized Colombia since 1948.
56. Woodyard, (Capt) John H. "Viet Cong Village," INFANTRY, 53 (July-Aug 1963), 55-56. Viet Cong organizes villages of central Vietnam for defense against attempts by counterinsurgents to consolidate area into strategic hamlets. Villages are not vigorously defended, however, and author feels counterinsurgent effort will succeed.

Defensive Precautions

See item 56

Evasion and Escape

57. Burchett, Wilfred G. THE FURTIVE WAR: The United States in Vietnam and Laos. New York: International Publishers, [c. 1963]. 224pp. Map, ind. Anti-U.S. journalist talked to Communist leaders, who retold 2nd Pathet Lao Battalion's escape from Royal Laotian Army, May 1960, and formation of National Liberation Front in S. Vietnam, Dec 1960. See chs 5, 10.

58. Clapp, (Lt Col) Archie J. "Shu-Fly Diary," U.S. NAVAL INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS, 89 (Oct 1963), 42-53. Ill., map. Information on Viet Cong measures against COIN helicopter landings and guerrilla escape from air strike areas is scattered thru diary of U.S. Marine air support for S. Vietnamese COIN operations in Mekong Delta region, Apr-July 1962.

PART TWO: HISTORICAL MODELS OF UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE

Pre-World War II Cases

Asia

China

See items 5, 21, 65.

Europe

Ireland

59. Caulfield, Max. THE EASTER REBELLION. New York: Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, [c. 1963]. vii, 375pp. This is a vividly detailed account of street fighting and other aspects of the short-lived rebellion of the Army of the Irish Republic against British government of Ireland, in Dublin, April 24-28, 1916. Author interviewed participants in revolt.

Russia

See item 60.

Scandinavia and Finland

60. Futrell, Michael. NORTHERN UNDERGROUND: Episodes of Russian Revolutionary Transport and Communications through Scandinavia and Finland 1863-1917. London: Faber and Faber, [c. 1963]. 240pp. Ill., map, bibl., app., notes, ind. Complex underground networks facilitated support, from sources outside Russia, of anti-Tsarist revolutionary activities.

Spain

61. Orlov, Alexander. HANDBOOK OF INTELLIGENCE AND GUERRILLA WARFARE. Ann Arbor: Univ of Michigan Press, [c. 1963]. 187pp. UM-U251.R9072. The Chief of Soviet Intelligence, WWII, recounts representative operations of Soviet-backed guerrillas in Spain, 1936-38, and behind German lines, WWII. Soviet involvement was thru the KGB. See ch 15.

Latin America

Mexico

62. Blaisdell, Lowell L. THE DESERT REVOLUTION: Baja California, 1911. Madison, Wis.: Univ of Wisconsin Press, 1962. xiii, 268pp. Ill., maps, bibl., notes, ind. Flores Mazon was the revolutionary anarchist who, supported by U.S. "filibusters," spearheaded unconventional war against the regime of Porfirio Diaz in Baja Calif., Mexico, 1911.
63. Wallis, George A. "Pancho's Raid Not Forgotten," INFANTRY, 53 (July-Aug 1963), 9-12. Ill. Unsuccessful raid of Gen Francisco "Pancho" Villa on Columbus, New Mexico on the night of March 9, 1916, aimed at the seizure of bank funds and machine guns. Villa's forces subsequently were scattered by "punitive expedition" into Mexico by U.S. forces.

Nicaragua

64. Macaulay, (1st Lt) Neill. "Counterguer-
rilla Patrolling," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE,
47 (July 1963), 45-48. Ill. Rice rations
and simple firearms sustain and supply
guerrilla bands of Sandino and General
"Pedron" Altamirano, Nicaragua, 1932.
Written from counterinsurgent viewpoint,
article refers briefly to guerrilla
strength, food, and weaponry.

See also item 44

World War II Cases

Asia

China

65. Johnson, Chalmers A. PEASANT NATIONALISM
AND COMMUNIST POWER: The Emergence of
Revolutionary China, 1937-1945. Stan-
ford, Calif.: Univ Press, 1962. xii,
256pp. Maps, bibl., app., notes, ind.,
tables. AL-DS777.53.J66. Study compares
China and Yugoslavia, WWII, with respect
to the role of Communist organization in
nationalistic resistance movements.
66. Smith, (Col) Wilfred J. "Stalking Dragon
and Flying Tigers," THE AIRMAN, 6 (July
1962), 14-20. Ill., table. AL. The U.S.
Fourteenth Air Force contributed air
support, organizers, and equipment to
Chinese guerrillas for operations a-
gainst Japanese forces, WWII. Guerrillas
agreed to supply intelligence of Japa-
nese shipping for U.S. air attacks.

See also item 25.

Europe

Soviet Union

67. Armstrong, John A. UKRAINIAN NATIONALISM. Rev. ed.; New York and London: Columbia Univ Press, 1963. 361pp. Maps, bibl., app., notes, ind. AL-DK503.8.A73. Pro-German nationalist guerrilla bands check spread of Soviet partisans in Ukraine, WWII, and prove lack of widespread popular support for Red partisans in Volhynia and Galicia. See ch 6.

68. Drum, (Gen der Flieger A.D.) Karl. AIR-POWER AND RUSSIAN PARTISAN WARFARE. [Maxwell AFB, Ala.]: Air Univ, 1962. xii, 63pp. Ill., maps, bibl., app., notes. Maxwell AFB-101-177. Russians air lifted key supplies plus trained and politically indoctrinated personnel to aid Soviet partisans engaged in unconventional war behind German lines, 1941-45.

See also item 5, 67.

Yugoslavia

See items 5, 41, 65.

Post-World War II Cases

Africa

Angola

69. "Angola Casebook: The Angola Revolution," PRESENCE AFRICAINE, 17 (Spring 1963), 151-68. This is a polemic against Portuguese colonial administration and its deafness to Angolan grievances. The ANLA, the insurgent army, forced contact with Port. by operations of violence against settlers and disruption of the colonial economy, 1961-62.

70. Davidson, Basil. "Phase Two in Angola," WEST AFRICA, (Jan 26, 1963), 87. Ill. The "programme of publicity and foreign liaison" undertaken by Angolan nationalist exiles in Leopoldville is the second of three phases of any successful insurgency. The final phase will be the overthrow of the Salazar government.
71. "If Persuasion Fails," THE ECONOMIST, 208 (July 27, 1963), 337-38. If Angola's rebel leaders maintain their present unity, the three-year-old insurgency against Portuguese colonial rule will enter a diplomatic phase. Portugal's official recognition of rebel success in Guinea indicates a new willingness to negotiate with African insurgents.
72. "The Silent African," WEST AFRICA, (Feb 9, 1963), 145. Ill. This is a profile of the Angolan rebel leader, Antonio Agostinho Neto, who escaped surveillance by Aljube Prison police in Lisbon, Portugal, July 1962. A Portuguese-educated medical doctor, Neto organized the Movimento Popular de Libertacao de Angola (MPLA) in Leopoldville in 1957.

Ruanda-Urundi

73. "Africa: Another Congo?" TIME, 79 (June 29, 1962), 22. Ill., map. AL. Bahutu terrorists have driven Watutsi overlords from Ruanda, thus threatening conflict with neighboring Urundi's Watutsi King Kwambutsa IV. The Bahutu receive support from Belgians in the Congo, the Watutsi from Russia. Unrest threatens proposed independence for both Ruanda and Urundi.

Togo

See item 52.

Asia

Burma

74. Banerji, S.C. "Peace Parleys," FAR EASTERN ECONOMIC REVIEW, 41 (Aug 22, 1963), 529-30. Ill. Underground parties have responded to overtures by the Burmese government since April 1963, for "face-to-face" peace negotiations. Parties include Red Flag Communists, Burma Communist Party, Kachin Independence Army, and Karen National United Front.
75. Mus Afr. "Rangoon Amnesty," FAR EASTERN ECONOMIC REVIEW, 41 (Aug 15, 1963), 373. Racialist underground organizations of Karens, Shans, Kachins, and Mons, as well as those of Red and White Communists, have indicated a willingness to negotiate peace with the Burmese government, which has offered a general amnesty to all rebels.

China

See items 5, 21, 65.

India

76. Gelman, Harry. "Indian Communism in Turmoil," PROBLEMS OF COMMUNISM, 12 (May-June 1963), 45-46. In India, where leftist faction of Communist Party has created an underground resistance, author predicts formation of second Communist Party. Sino-Soviet tension, Oct-Nov 1962, resulted in temporary rightist control of the CPI.

77. "India: Naga Roundup," THE ECONOMIST, 208 (Aug 17, 1963), 585. Guerrillas derailed a train and attacked a convoy in Nagaland, an Indian state, despite countermeasures by the Indian government. The Indian Government believes that logistical support for the guerrilla operations may have come from sources within Pakistan.

Indochina

78. Fall, Bernard B. "Vo Nguyen Giap: Man and Myth," MARINE CORPS GAZETTE, 47 (Aug 1963), 34-37. Ill. The Vietnam People's Army was expanded from montagnard guerrilla units into a modern armed force by Gen. Giap, who is profiled in this article. The same profile appears as the introduction to the 1962 Praeger edition of Giap's PEOPLE'S WAR, PEOPLE'S ARMY.
79. Giap, (Gen) Vo Nguyen. PEOPLE'S WAR, PEOPLE'S ARMY. Hanoi: Foreign Languages Publishing House, 1961. 217pp. Ill., maps, errata. Commander-in-Chief of [N.] Vietnam People's Army recounts unconventional strategy and tactics employed against French in Indochina War, 1946-54, in terms of Marxist-Leninist military theory. U.S. ed. by Praeger, 1962.

See also items 5, 9, 12, 19, 21, 31.

Indonesia

80. "The Riots in Java," FAR EASTERN ECONOMIC REVIEW, 40 (May 30, 1963), 463-64. Indonesian Communist Party (PKI) seeks to divert blame for economic grievances from affluent Chinese community to government policy. There are anti-government riots in central Java, where poverty is more severe and PKI is stronger than in west Java.

Laos

81. "Thai Fears for Laos," FAR EASTERN ECONOMIC REVIEW, 40 (May 16, 1963), 369-70. Pathet Lao activity is viewed by Thai press as having significant role in Communist strategy for Laos, Thailand, Cambodia, and S. Vietnam. Importance of Plain of Jars to Viet Cong supply route and propaganda among inhabitants of northern Laos are briefly mentioned.

See also item 57.

Malaya

82. [Barondes, (Maj) Arthur D.]. THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF AIRPOWER IN THE MALAYAN EMERGENCY (1948-1960). Maxwell AFB, Ala.: Aerospace Studies Institute, Air Univ, 1963. vii, 83pp. Maps, bibl., app., charts. AUL-W-37097-1-NC No. 411-62 [Sup 2]. A section is included on organization of Malayan Races Liberation Army and its relation to MCP (pp 1-10).

See also items 23-24.

Philippines

83. Valeriano, (Col) Napoleon D. and (Lt Col) Charles T.R. Bohannon. COUNTERGUERRILLA OPERATIONS: The Philippine Experience. New York: Praeger, [1962]. ix, 275pp. Bibl., app. The authors derive tenets of unconventional war from the strategy and tactics of the Hukbalahap, an organization of Communist guerrillas which menaced the Philippines, 1946-55.

Sarawak

See item 28

South Vietnam

84. "The Great Emancipator," TIME, 81 (Apr 26, 1963), 30-31. DCPL. Viet Cong guerrillas staged night attack on U.S. outpost and village network near Quangnai, NE of Saigon; they were driven back by S. Vietnamese government forces after 2 days of combat, April 1963.

85. U.S. Congress. Senate. Report of Sen. Mike Mansfield, et al, to Committee on Foreign Relations. 88th Cong., 1st Sess. VIET NAM AND SOUTHEAST ASIA. Washington: GPO, 1963. App. AL. This study estimates that Viet Cong guerrillas, numbering more than 120,000, averaged 100 attacks per week throughout S. Vietnam in 1962. See pp. 4-5.

See also items 19, 29-32, 35-36, 42-43, 45-46, 48-51, 53, 56-58.

Thailand

86. "Sarit in Top Gear," THE ECONOMIST, 208 (July 27, 1963), 353. Map. In NE Thailand, loyalty of hill tribesmen to Sarit's government may further deteriorate because of the recent proclamation of an independent state by a Burmese "king-god." These tribesmen have already acquiesced in subversive efforts of communists from China, N. Vietnam, Laos.

See also item 54.

Europe

Greece

87. Kousoulas, D.G. "The Guerrilla War the Communists Lost," U.S. NAVAL INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS, 89 (May 1963), 66-73. Map. UW strategy, Yugoslav support, and Greek govt disorganization were initial advantages of Comm. guerrillas in struggle vs. Greek Army and State, 1946-49. Communists lost thru their decision to undertake conventional operations.

See also item 5.

Hungary

88. Zinner, Paul A. REVOLUTION IN HUNGARY. New York: Columbia Univ Press, 1962. xv, 380pp. Bibl., ind. AL-DB957.278. This is a sociological study of Hungary, 1945-56, in the years preceding the popular uprising in October, 1956. The Hungarian experience proved that revolution can occur in a totalitarian Communist state.

Latin America

Colombia

89. Vieira, Gilberto. "Growth of Militarism in Colombia and the Line of the Communist Party," **WORLD MARXIST REVIEW**, 6 (Apr 1963), 15-21. Communist Party official warns that isolated military actions will not catalyze Colombian revolutionary situation, which is immature due to a lack of political involvement on the part of the masses.

See also item 55.

Cuba

90. Kling, Herle. "Cuba: A Case Study of Unconventional Warfare," **MILITARY REVIEW**, 42 (Dec 1962), 11-22. [Dig. from **THE ANNALS**, (May 1962)]. Map. The unconventional war which Fidel Castro directed against the regime of Cuban dictator Fulgencio Batista, 1953-59, attained success primarily through Castro's flexible propaganda strategy.

91. Sheldon, Craig T. "Alpha 66," **NATIONAL REVIEW**, 14 (Feb 26, 1963), 172-73. AL. A 1500-man Second Front underground has existed in Cuba since Dec 1, 1962. Its sabotage operations, including raid on a terminal in Las Villas Province, Dec 4, have been aided by Alpha 66, a combat force of private U.S. citizens, of which the writer is a member.

See also items 21, 37-38.

Guatemala

92. "Where Reds May Take Over Next in Latin America," U.S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT, 54 (Mar 18, 1963), 48-50. Ill., map. AL. Communist subversion has touched the lower courts and social security system of the Fuentes government in Guatemala, and party membership there is widespread among students, young professional people, teachers, and union members.

Haiti

93. "Haiti: No Breath of Air," THE ECONOMIST, 208 (Aug 17, 1963), 981-82. Map. In August 1963, the invasion of Haiti by 150 exiles met defeat because of the apathy of the Haitian people, who, long terrorized by repressive measures of the Duvalier government, refused to join the rebel march on Haiti's capital, Port-au-Prince.

Middle East

Iran

94. Law, John. "Next Big Blowup--Iran? Hidden Guerrilla War Breaks into Open," U.S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT, 54 (Mar 25, 1963), 82. Ill., map. AL. Southern Iranian tribesmen have adopted guerrilla tactics in effort to counter land reform of Shah Mohammed Rezi Pahlevi. Landlord guerrillas know mountainous terrain and have used weapons since childhood.

Iraq

95. "High Hopes, Low Policies," THE ECONOMIST, 207 (June 15, 1963), 1127-28. Ill. The Kurds, an Iraqi insurgent group with rumored Communist membership, insist on sovereignty in any eventual Arab union and have negotiated with Cairo over head of Baathist government. Baathists have resumed armed repression in dealing with Kurds.
96. Wenner, Lettie M. "Arab-Kurdish Rivalries in Iraq," MIDDLE EAST JOURNAL, 17 (Winter-Spring 1963), 68-82. Mulla Mustafa Barzani led the guerrilla campaign of Iraqi Kurds, whom he united, against the Qasim government in Baghdad, 1961-62. This insurgency came to involve Communist strategy in the Middle East and Kurdish nationalism in Iran and Turkey.

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