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AGAM-P (M) (5 Aug 68)

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FOR OT RD 682263

21 August 1968

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 4th

Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1968 (U)

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1. Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation in accordance with paragraph 5b, AR 525-15. Evaluations and corrective actions should be reported to ACSFOR OT RD, Operational Reports Branch, within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.

- 2. Information contained in this report is provided to insure that the Army realizes current benefits from lessons learned during recent opera-
- 3. To insure that the information provided through the Lessons Learned Program is readily available on a continuous basis, a cumulative Lessons Learned Index containing alphabetical listings of items appearing in the reports is compiled and distributed periodically. Recipients of the attached report are encouraged to recommend items from it for inclusion in the Index by completing and returning the self-addressed form provided at the end of this report.

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1 Incl

nneth G. Niekham KENNETH G. WICKHAM Major General, USA The Adjutant General

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS, 4TH BATTALION, 60TH ARTILLERY
APO 96238

AVGK-AF-S3

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 4th Battalion (AW)(SP) 60th Artillery, Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery and Battery B (SLT), 29th Artillery For Period Ending 30 April 1968, RCS CSFOR (RL).

SEE DISTRIBUTION

- 1. SECTION I (C) Significant Organization or Unit Activities.
 - a. General
- (1) The 4th Battalion (AW)(SP) 60th Artillery with attached Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery, remained assigned to I Field Force Vietnam, attached to I Field Force Vietnam Artillery and further attached, less operational control, to 41st Artillery Group at the beginning of the reporting period. Battery B (SLT) 29th Artillery, remained attached, less operational control to 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery. Effective 17 February 1968, 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, with attached Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery, was detached from 41st Artillery Group and fully attached to I Field Force Vietnam Artillery.
- (2) The battalion, with attachments, operated at widely separated locations in support of maneuver and artillery units of the United States and Free World Military Assistance Forces throughout the II Corps Tactical Zone and the I Corps Tactical Zone.²
- (3) Headquarters and Headquarters Battery was attached to I Field Force Vietnam Artillery and located at Camp Townes, Qui Nhon area. Battery A was assigned to 4th Battalion (AW)(SP) 60th Artillery. Operational control of the 1st AW Platoon was exercised by 3d Battalion, 506th Infantry, in the Phan Thiet area. Operational control of the 2d AW Platoon was exercised by 6th Battalion, 32d Artillery, in the Tuy Hoa/Ninh Hoa area. Battery B was assigned to the 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery. The 1st AW Platoon was located in the Qui Nhon area with operational control of 110 Section exercised by Qui Nhon Sub-Area Command; operational control of 120 and 140 Section exercised by 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery; Apprational control of the 130 Section was exercised by 41st Artillery Group.

(1)

1. See Incl 1
2. See Incl 2

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS; DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS. DOD DIR 5200.10

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FOR OT R3

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The 2nd AV Platoon was located in the Pleiku/Dak To area with operational control of 210, 220 and 230 Sections exercised by 6th Battalion, 29th Artillery, 4th Division Artillery. Operational control of 240 Section was exercised by 5th Battalion, 22d Artillery, 52d Artillery Group in Polei Dreng. Battery C was assigned to 4th Eattalion (AW) P), 50th Artillery. The 110 and 130 Sections of 1st AW Flatorn remained temporarily attached to the lst Cavalry Division (Air Mobile) and were located in Grang Tri, I Corps Tactical Zone. Operational control of 120 and 140 Sections and 2nd AW Platoon was exercised by the 4th Battalion (AW)(SF), 60th Artillery. These two sections and the platoon were deployed from the vicinity of Bong Son south to Go Boi. Battery D was assigned to 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery. Operational control of the 1st AW Platoon was exercised by 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, 4th Division Artillery, in the area southeast of Pleiku. The 2d AW Platoon was located south of Pleiku with operational control of 210 Section exercised by 3rd Battalion, 6th Artillery; operational control of 220 and 230 Sections was exercised by 6th Battalion, 14th Artillery; operational control of 240 Section was exercised by 4th Division artillery. The 240 Section was located at Kontum.

- (4) Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery was attached to 4th Rattalion (AV)(SP), 60th Artillery. The six machine gun sections were further attached to Batteries of the 4th Eattalion (AV)(SP), 60th Artillery, with operational control exercised as follows: Section A attached to Battery A with operational control of the 1st and 2d Squads exercised by Tuy Hea Sub-Area Command; operational control of the 5d and 4th Squade exercised by 173rt Airborne Brigade in the May Roa area. Section 3 was attached to Pattery C and further temporarily attached to the 1st Cavalry Division (Air Mobile), in Quang Tri, I Corps Tactical Zone. Section C was attached to Battary C, with operational control exercised by the 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, and deployed in the Bong Son area. Section D was attached to Battery D with operational control of 2rd, 3rd, and 4th Squads exercised by 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, and operational control of the lat Squad exercised by 5th Battalien, 22d Artillery, in the Pleiku area. Section E was attached to Battery A, with operational control exercised by 3rd Battalion, 506th Infantry, in the Phan Thiet area. Section F was attached to Battery B with operational control of 1st, 3rd and 4th Squnds exercised by Ath Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, in the An Khe area and operational control of the 2d Squad exercised by Battalion, 12th Infantry, in the Dak To area.
- (5) Battery B (SUT), 29th Artillery, remained attached to I Field Force Vietnam, further attached to I Field Force Vietnam Artillery and further attached to 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery. The 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Searchlight Platoons were attached to Batteries B, C, and A respectively, with operational control exercised as follows: 1st Flatoon to 4th Division Artillery located in Dak To/ Fleiku area; 2nd Platoon, minus four Searchlights to 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery in the Bong Son/Go Boi area. Four searchlights were temporarily attached to 1st Cavalry Division (Air Mobile) located in the Quang Tri area, I Corps Tactical Zone; 3rd Platoon

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to various United States and Republic of Korea forces located on the coastal plains from the junction of Highways 1 and oB (Crossroads) south to Phan Thiet.

- (6) In addition to the TO&E authorization of 64 M42A1 (Dusters) and 24 M-55 (Quads), the Battalion employed four additional Dusters and three additional Quads by Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery personnel. These Dusters were employed for defensive support by the Qui Nhon Sub-Area Command at critical installations within the immediate area surrounding Qui Nhon. One Duster supported Battery C, 2d Battalion, 17th Artillery, in conjunction with one Quad at the fire support base near Ky Son Mountain. One Quad supported 6th Battalion, 84th Artillery. The remaining Quad alternated its defensive missions between Camp Townes and Lane Army Heliport.
- (7) Elements of the Battalion participated in the following major operations: MACARTHUR, PATRICK, WALKER, BOLLING, MANG HO 11 in the II Corps Tactical Zone and PEGASUS in the I Corps Tactical Zone.

b. Intelligence

- (1) The wide dispersal of the Battalion's elements and the TO&E under which it was organized precluded effective and efficient centralized intelligence efforts. Close coordination was maintained with all supported units to insure receipt of correct intelligence on the local area of operations and the timely evaluation of information contributing to the intelligence collecting effort.
- (2) The intelligence gathering function of the Battalion S-2 was concentrated in the Qui Nhon area. Intelligence information was gathered by daily liaison visits to the ROK Capitol Infantry Division, Qui Nhon Sub-Area Command, Special Forces Detachment, B-22 MACV Sub-Sector Advisory Team 27, Naval Intelligence Officer, 22d Infantry Division (ARVN), 504th Military Police Battalion, 8th Transportation, Lane Army Air Field, 51st and 54th Military Intelligence Detachments. Information gathered from these sources was forwarded to higher headquarters in the Battalion's daily intelligence summary. Intelligence regarding the II Corps Tactical Zone was received in daily INTSUMS and weekly PERINTREPS, from Headquarters, I Field Force Vietnam.
- (3) A complete Enemy Order of Battle was maintained and kept current by the S2 officer. The order of Battle file contains names, locations and strength of every known NVA/VC unit down to company size in the II Corps Tactical Zone. Each enemy unit's AKA (also known as) designation and a roster of officer personnel is also maintained.
- (4) The Combined Intelligence Center Vietnam (CICV) was requested to support the Battalion Intelligence effort by provideing pattern analysis studies of enemy units and tactical scale studies of certain geographical areas in the II Corps Tactical Zone. The pattern analysis study contains

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the history of enemy units. The tactical scale studies contain information concerning geology, soil analysis, weather and wegetation classification of all geographical areas is Victum. These studies, when received, will provide invaluable information for consideration when employing the weapon systems and searchlights.

- (5) Batteries received intelligence for their particular area of employment through briefings and reports prepared by their supported units. Intelligence in the form of Spot Reports was forwarded by the batteries to the Battalion S2 for evaluation and inclusion in the Battalion INTSUM as appropriate.
 - c. Operations and Training Activities.

(1) Operations

(a) All operational elements of the 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery and attached Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery, and Battery B (SLT), 29th Artillery, were engaged in tactical operations during each of the 90 days of this reporting period. The fire units' primary employment continued to be perimeter defense with supplemental missions consisting of convoy escort; route, strongpoint, work-party and bridge security; and search destroy fire support and mine sweep team security with maneuver elements. Supporting fires were provided through interdiction, counterfire, reconnaissance by fire, confirmed target engagement, and on-call fire. Searchlights continued to be employed in support of critical installations and position areas, performing missions in the visible and infrared modes on a programmed and on-call basis. The type and number of supporting fires and searchlight missions performed during this reporting period are as follows:

DUSTER (M42A1)

TYPE .	NUMBER	AMMUNITION EXPENDED (40MM)
Interdiction	3221	122,743
Counterfire	108	2,512
Reconnaissance by fire	1262	13, 106
Confirmed	50	2,512
Other (Training & On-Call)	104	6,654
TOTAL MISSION	5785	

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QUAD (M-55)

<u> </u>	NUMBER	AMMUNITION EXPENDEDED (.50 CAL)
Interdiction	762	399,666
Counterfire	47·	14,100
Recommissance by Fire	232	. 170,373
Confirmed	ۇ	108,579
Other (Training & On-Call)	34	12,789
Total Missions:	1084	
SEARCHLIGHT (AN/MSS-3)		
TYPE	NUMBER	
Visible		
H & I On-Call	17,409 2,169	•
Infrared -		
H & I On-Call	10,380 	
Total Missions:	30,282	

(b) As a follow-up of activities reported last quarter, Automatic Weapons and Searchlight employment was again examined to determine if the employment derived maximum utilization of the capabilities of the weapon systems and searchlights. With the exception of a few instances, the Automatic Weapon and Searchlight employment was sound. The problems encountered in the employment of these elements was due to lack of knowledge on the part of supported unit commanders. After Battery or Battalian personnel explained the capabilities and limitations of the weapon systems and searchlights, errors in employment were corrected. It was then determined that a third informational letter? on AW and Searchlight employment considerations be distributed to supporting units. The intent of the letter is to continually improve AW and Searchlight support. This Headquarters also established a policy for liaison to be capacited with supported unit commanders by battery commanders or platoon leaders upon initial employment with a new unit. It is envisioned that this personal contest and the informational letter will enhance the utilization of Automatic Weapons and Searchlights.

3. See Inol 3

(5)

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(c) Automatic Weapons employment in the II Corps Tactical Zone demonstrated a need for flexibility. During this quarter, artillery units were continually moving which required AW support for convoys and fire base defense. Also, maneuver elements conducted various operations of short duration which required Automatic Weapons for search and destroy activities and blocking fire support. In several instances, the Battalion was unable to render support as requested because operational control of Dusters and Quads was exercised by other units. In order to achieve flexibility in Automatic Weapons support, this Headquarters forwarded an Automatic Weapon/Searchlight Organization for Combat to CG, IFFORCEV-ARTY which recommended that operational control of certain elements be exercised by 4th Battalion (AW) (SP), 60th Artillery. This recommendation is pending at this time. It is envisioned that AW and Searchlight elements will continue to perform present mission assignments in respective areas of operation. With operational control exercised by this battalion, flexibility for contingencies will be gained throughout the II Corps tactical zone.

(d) A chronological sequence of events and actions occuring during tals period is attached at Inclosure 5.

(e) Significant events

30 January to 28 March 1968. Six Quads, under operational control of 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery performed convoy escort for 8th Transportation Group and other unit convoys on highway 19 between An Khe and Pleiku. Three Queds, (E15, E17, E19) based at Camp Enari, escorted convoys east to An Khe each morning and west to Pleiku each afternoon. Three Quads, (El6, E23, E26), based at Camp Radcliff, escorted convoys west to Pleiku each morning and east to An Khe each afternoon. The Quads also provided camp security at their respective base camps each night. During the 59 days on escort duty, seven enemy ambushes were effectively engaged by quick action and devastating fire power provided by the Quai crews. 5 The average ammunition expenditure per Quad per ambush was 1431 rounds. Five Quad crew members were wounded in action. Quads were credited with eleven enemy killed in action, by body count. On 28 March 1968, the Quads, performing convoy escort highway 19, were given the mission to provide route security on Highway 19, by recommendation of the traffic coordinator. The recommendation was made to counter enemy staging ambushes on convoys in areas east ans east of Man Giang pass. The three Quads, based at Camp Radcliff, were assigned sectors of responsibility between An Khe and Mang Giang pass. The three Quads, based at Camp Enari, were assigned responsibilities between Pleiku and Mang Giang pass. Each Quad formed a security team with a tank or APC (armored personnel carrier) and was also assigned as a reaction force in their respective sectors.

25 March to 3 April 1968. In cooperation with 1st Battation, 50th Infantry (mechanized), on 25 March, Battery C, mounted a Quad (E11) on a M1/3 Armored Personnel Carrier. This experimental concept was devised to enable the Quad to accompany the mechanized infantry on search and destroy operations within the Cochise area of operations. Initial tests of the "Leprechaun," as at

4. See Incl 4

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5. See Incl 6

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was nicknamed, demonstrated that the MIB provided an adequate platform for the Quad and that are maneuverability of the MII3 was not degraded. Advantages gained were rability for he Quad and greater basic load ammunition capacity, (30,000 rounds VS 10,000 rounds). The Quad. on the Mills, could lay down fire to within 50 meters of the front and sides of the carrier. An additional man in the Quad crew was required to pass ammunition from inside the APC through the top hatch door to the cannoners. On 31 March 1968 the "Leprecharn" supported a search and destroy mission conducted by Lat Battalion, 50th Infantry (mech). Contact was made with an enemy force of unknown sire at 1315 hours in the vic of LZ Uplift. Ell, (Leprechaun), engaged the enemy with marriagen finepower with undetermined results. Two cannoncers were wounded by gun shots in the ankles. It was then determined to add a two foot high armor plate on each side of the AFC to provide protection for the cannoneers. On 2 April 1969, at 1708 hours, the "Leprechaum" was accompanying Company A, 1st Bautalion, 50th Infantry (Msch) in column, returning to LZ Uplift. The Legencheun was the fifth vehicle in the column. A nine was detenated beneath the M113 which completely disabled the M113 and Quad. Three men, a Company A driver, and two Eattery E, 41st Artillery, Quad cannoncers, were killed as a result of the mine detenation. The mine consisted of a shape charge weighing 80-100 pounds which was detonated by a command device. The M113 and the Quad were not recoverable and were distroyed the next day by EOD personnel.

5 April 1968. Quads E 7, E 8, E 10, and searchlights 43 and 44 were lifted to LZ Snapper, 7 kilometers south of the Khe Savh Marine Base. The mission of the Quads and searchlights was perimeter defense of LZ Snapper, which was utilized by the 1st Cavalry Division (Air Mobile) during Operation Fegaus. Quads fired H & I type missions.

28 April 1968. Quads E7 and E8 and searchlight 46 were similated to I/Z Cecille, in the A Shau valley, to provide perimeter defense of fire support bases utilized by 2d Battalion. 19th Artilleny.

A April 1968. Commanding General, INFORCEV-Artillery amounced the concept for employing the 6th Battalion, 84th Artillery (155 towed), in the II Gorps Tactical Zone as a "Swing Battalion". The dission of the Battalion was to move throughout the II Comps tactical zone supporting maneuver elements and reinforcing Artillery, when and where required. The 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, was directed to support the Swing Battalion with automatic weapons and searchlights during it's move and operations. The concept of the automatic weapon and searchlight support was recommended to IFFORCEV-Artillery. The Battalion's first operation, having been in country 3 weeks, was to move from the An Kae area to the vicinity of Thu My and establish a fire support base in the Cochice AC. The 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, was directed to provide 2 Duster sections, 2 Quads and 2 searchlights to support the Battalion. Duster sections B120 and B140, Quads E27 and E14, searchlights S47 and S51 were drawn-down from mission assignments in the Cochice AO and placed in support of the Swing Battalion by CC. Ath Enttalion (AW)(ST), 60th Artillery.

6. See Incl 7

(7)

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20 April 1968. 6th Battalion, 84th Artillery was directed to move to a position 5 kilometers west and 10 kilometers north of Qui Nhon, establish a fire support base and reinforce fires of the Capitol Division Artillery (ROK) in support of operation Maeng Ho 11. The Dusters, Quads and Searchlights supporting the 6th Battalion, 84th Artillery were to continue support of the Dattalion. The 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, was directed to support the ROK maneuver elements with six searchlights. Five Searchlights were drawndown from mission assignments in the Cochise AO and one searchlight was drawndown from its mission assignment in the Tuy Hoa area and assigned the support mission.

(f) Operational control

The wide dispersion of the Battalion's organic and attached elements throughout the II Corps Tactical Zone and in the I Corps Tactical Zone presented problems in the area of command and control, troop welfare in regard to pay and personal problems, supply of repair parts and communications. The distance between most Northern and most Southern fire units is 248 air miles and the distance between the Eastern and Western fire units is 100 air miles in the II Corps Zone. The distance from Base Camp to the elements in Quang Tri is 210 air miles. Several of the elements are located at positions which are not accessible by road. The aircraft support provided (one helicopter, two days per week) was inadequate to accomplish coordination visits with supported units, timely payment of troops, and transportation of repair parts. The Battalion continued to utilize the AN/GRC-19 radio pending receipt of the AN/GRC-106 radio. Communication with subordinate units was marginally adequate due to the distance involved, the inherent maintenance problems, and limited capabilities of the AN/GRC-19.

(2) Training Activities.

- (a) The training requirements for the Battalion's personnel are conducted at squad and section level by the batteries because of the wide dispersion of tire units and Searchlights.⁸ Individual training records are maintained at the Battery Headquarters.
- (b) During this reporting period, various training programs for special areas of interest were conducted. The Battalion did not conduct basic unit or advanced unit training because of mission committments.
- (c) Replacement training for 85 personnel, received through the infusion program, was conducted as the personnel arrived at the Battalion's Base Camp. The formal training was conducted under the auspices of the Battalion S-3 Officer prior to making replacement assignments to the batteries. A synopsis of the Replacement Training Program is at inclosure 10.
- (d) Six men attended the Unit Armorer's Training Gourse conducted by Technical Representatives of the 1st Logistical Command. The (8)
- 7. See Incl 8
- 8. See Incl 9

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special interest area of this training course was care, cleaning and maintenance of the M15Al Rifle.

- (e) Six officers (1st and 2nd Lieutenants) attended a five-day Forward Observer Training Course conducted by 2nd Battalian, 17th Artillery as directed by CG, IFFORCEV-ARTY. This is a continuous training program for all Lieutenants newly assigned to IFFORCEV-ARTY units. A training program is also conducted and required for all newly assigned Lieutenants, for the Fire Direction Officer. This Headquarters has requested relief from the FDO training requirement due to the nature of this unit's mission. The FO training course is considered beneficial to officers assigned to this organization.
- (f) One officer attended the Civil Operation and Revolutionary Development Support (CORDS) Advisory Orientation course spensored by MACV. The scope of the Course was not applicable to units of battalien size on smaller. Most periods of instruction were based on Division, Field Force and Corpo Tactical Zone levels of operation.
- (g) A six day training program was conducted by the Battalian S-4 for purposes of training battery personnel in PLL procedures. A synopsis of the training program is at inclosure 11.

d. Josistics.

- (1) Support: No change occured in the status of logistical support for the battalion during the reporting period. Logistical support of all classes of supply was maintained for organic and attached units located at Camp Townes. Quarters and Classes I, III, and V supplies, as a minimum, are the responsibility of major subordinate commands in whose area the elements of this Battalion are deployed. TOME and TA 50-901 items are provided to all battalion personnel by the S-4. Supplies not available through the major subordinate commands are also supplied by this battalian's S-4, in order to incure that a combat ready posture is maintained by all elements.
 - (a) Support was rendered by the agencies listed at inclosure 1.2.
- (b) Support rendered in Class I, III, and V supply categories was considered adequate during this reporting period.
- (c) Support rendered in Class II and IV supply categories was considered inadequate during this reporting period. The 56th Field Depot, Qui Nhon, provided non-expendable and expendable supply support. The expendable supply support was unsatisfactory. For the period, I rebruary 1968 through 30 April 1968, 224 requisitions were submitted and only 59 were filled. The support provided by the Maintenance Support Company, 5th Maintenance Battalion, for repair parts was unsatisfactory. For the period, I February through 30 April 1968, 1500 requisitions were submitted and only 277 were filled. "Red

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Ball" requisitions were marginally satisfactory. Cut of '15' of the "Red Ball" requisitions, 101 were filled.

(d) During this reporting period, a study9was made to determine whether the PLL should continue to be maintained at Eattalian level or be relocated at each of the Automatic Weapons Batteries. Eattery E (MG), 41st Artillery was not considered for establishing a PLL because its elements are attached to the Automatic Weapons Datteries. Battery B (SLI), 29th Artillery was considered for establishment of a PLL. As a result of the study, it was determined that the PLL would be relocated at Battery level.

(2) Maintenance.

- (a) Maintence concepts in RVN differ significantly from normal. Experience during the last quarter indicated that a shortage of repair parts exists and support units do not react in a minimum amount of time to effect repairs. Consequently, battalion and battery maintenance sections often performed services and repairs allocated to depot waintenance.
- (b) Selective or controlled cannibalization was frequently utilized for preplacement of armament and automotive parts on the M42Al, ie: top and bottom covers, right and left extractors, hatch catches, magnetos, and mufflers. This was due, in part, to the apparent shortage of these repair parts and incorrect data previously recorded in the PLD. The controlled cannibalization has caused, and will continue to cause, difficulty in turning in combat losses to classification and salvage points.
- → (c) Coordination was effected, through the Director of Maintenance, Qui Nhon, with the 86th Maintenance Battalion to rebuild M42Al engines. Twenty-one engines for rebuilding are on hand in the 526th salvage yard.
- (d) Maintenance activities during this reporting period included the following: technical inspection of all weapons; weapons carriers, and wheeled vehicles by Battalion and Battery waintenance personnel; replacement of 26 M42Al engines and 5 M42Al transmissions due to unservicability.
- (3) Supply. Major items of equipment turned in. received, and due out during the period, 1 Feb 1968 to 30 April 1968, are listed at inclosure 14.
- (4) Ammunition. The following number of rounds were fired by 68 Dusters (M42Al) and 27 Quads (M-55) employed by this Battalian during this reporting period:

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TYPE AMMUNITION

TOTAL ROUNDS

40MM

192,064

Caliber .50

705,517

(5) Base Camp Development.

- (a) This headquarters was informed at the beginning of this reporting period that the Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, Headquarters Sections of Battery E, 41st Artillery and Battery B, 29th Artillery, would move to Camp Radcliff, An Khe. On or about 20 February 1968, this Headquarters was informed to be ready to move to Camp Raccliff and be operational at that location within 48 hours after receipt of the movement order. A reconnaissance was conducted and an area at Camo Radeliff was located. A forward element was dispatched to the new position to prepare the existing buildings for occupancy and coordinate engineer assistance for wiring buildings, reconstruction and road work.
 - (b) As a result of the pending move, no major improvements were initiated during the first two months of the reporting period. Only maintenance of existing facilities was scheduled and accomplished to include painting of several buildings, construction of a sump system for. the Mess Hall, remodeling of offices, and construction of several fighting bunkers in the Headquarters Battery sector of responsibility.
- (c) As of 1 April 1968, it appeared that the move of the base camp would be pending for an indefinite period of time. Therefore, the following improvements were accomplished during the month of April:
 - 1. Establishment of a water supply point within the confines of Camp Townes, at one of the three existing wells. In coordination with area engineers, (Pacific Architectural and Engineering Company), a pump has been installed and the capacity of the well is being evaluated at this time.
- 2. Construction of a small arms range (150' long and 30' wide) to be utilized for zero and familiarization firing.
 - 3. Remodeling of the Post Exchange building which increased the usable floor space by 900 square feet; remodeling of another building of 400 square feet to be utilized as a PX annex.
- 4. To improve the compound's defensive posture, five fighting bunkers were rebuilt and a supplementary barbed wire fence barrier was erected between guard towers 3 and 6. Using a bulldozer, depressions were filled, hedgerows were removed and fields of fire cleared outside of the perimeter to 50 meters beyond the perimeter fence. Additional real estate was acquired on the north side of the compound for purpose of extending the perimeter in this area.

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- e. Civil resident. Daries the past quarter, this Battalian renewed the Friendship Program which had diminished considerably during the TET and post-TET periods of January and February. Although enemy activity greatly hindered the Civic Action projects in the Tuy Phuoc District, the majority of the people and GVN officials remained highly recaptive to our aid. The MacV Advisory Team, in this district, has been enthusiastic about the Civic Action program, and was very cooperative in providing ideas.
- (1) The Battalion Medical Section treated 106 general medical patients at Camp Townes, and conducted MEDCAPS at the Tuy Phuce Sub-sector Headquarters. Emergency service for 38 accident victims was provided at the Battalion Dispensary. The Battalion Surgeon presently visits the Medical Clinic in Tuy Phuce on a regular schedule.
- (2) The TET and post-TET offensive conducted by VC/NVA units throughout Tuy Phuoc Sub Sector resulted in the destruction of many dwellings. The displaced and homeless families had a great and immediate need for materials and tools to reconstruct the homes destroyed by the energy. Hence, the most significant Civic Action project conducted by this organization during the quarter was furnishing building materials and tools to needy families in the Sub-Sector. Contributions consisted of: 2760 hC-ft lumber, 21 bags of formalizer, 1 saw, and 1 "T" square. Battalian personnel spent a total of 52 man days in Civic Action projects.
- (3) During this quarter, commodities and sundry items were distributed among RF/PF families and to the MaCV Tuy Phuoe Sub Sector Advisory Team for further distribution. These items consisted of used children's clothing, candy and chewing gum. During the month of April, the Battalion Chaplain visited the Qui Nhon Support Command Elementary School, a new project now underway. The purpose of the visit was to establish liaison with the school principle to determine how the Battalion could assist them. Plans and projects to aid the elementary school are pending. In addition, battalion personnel voluntarily contributed \$320.47 to the TET Aggresion Relief Program.

f. Personnel

(1) The 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery, Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery and Battery B (SLT), 29th Artillery authorized and assigned strengths as of 30 April were as follows:

(12)

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•		AUTHORIZED					ASS.	CNID		
		OFF	WO	FM	VGG.		OFF	WO.	FM	<u> AGG</u>
4th Bn,	60th Arty	37	3	658	698		34	3	725	762
Btry E,	41st Arty	2	0	115	117		1	0	120	121
Btry B,	29th Arty	7	0	144	151		4	0	140	144
	TOTALS					*				
		46	3	917	966	•	39	3	985	1027

(2) Gains and losses:

		<u>GAT</u>	Ñ <u>S</u>					Loss	EES	
	,	OFF	WO	EM	AGG		_म्स्	VO	EM	AGG
4th Bn,	60th Arty	32	3	201	236		37	3	249	289
Btry E,	41st Arty	2	0	50	22		2	0	36	38
Btry B,	29th Arty	7	0	34	41		3	0	42	45
		41	3	253	299	•	42	3	327	372

- (3) This battalion was overstrength 69 enlisted men as of the last day of the reporting period. However, these individuals one replacements for 102 enlisted men that rotate during the month of May 1968.
- (4) As of 30April, this battalion was short I Major, 3 Captains, and 3 Lieutenants.
- (5) During the period 1 February 1968 through 30 April 1968, the battalion Personnel Section out-processed 360 men returning to CCNUS and inprocessed 275 replacements.
- (a) Of the 22 officers received during the reporting period, 9 or 40.9% were not trained in automatic weapons and had no prior experience in automatic weapors.
- (b) Of the 154 enlisted men received as replacements for MOS 13F during the reporting period, 19 or 12% were not trained and had no prior experience in automatic weapons.
 - (6) A shortage of 30 NCO's in grade E6 and 46 NCO's in grade E5 (13)

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qualified by training or experience in automatic weapors, presently exists in this battalien. During the recent turnever of personnel, qualified NCO's rotated and lower grade personnel were assigned as replacements. Also, 55 men with a primary MOS other than 15M are filling: supervisory positions. The following actions have been initiated by the Battalion to counteract these deficiencies:

- 1. Conduct a training program including formal and OJT type training.
- 2. Submission of a list of unauthorized MOS, now assigned to the Battalion, as an effort to exchange these personnel for those qualified in MOS 13F.
 - 3. Requisition of appropriate MOS.
- 4. Reclassification of those personnel readily grasping MOS 13F concepts as a result of training.
- (7) The following awards and decorations were presented during the reporting period:

ANAPD	NUMBER
Legion of Merit	1
Silver Star	1
Bronze Star w/V	. 2
Bronze Star	24
Air Medal	ı
Army Commendation Medal w/V	1
Army Commendation Medal	26
Purple Heart	36
IFFV Certificate of Achievement	6 .
TOTAL	98

(14)

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(8) The following is a listing of judicial and non-judicial actions taken during the reporting period:

ACTION		MINIBER	•
ARTICLE 15		25	
SCM		6	
SPCM		ı	
GCM	4	0	
	TOTAL	32	

(9) Casualities during the reporting period are as follows:

TYPE	NUMBER
Killed in Action	• 3
Died of Battle Wounds	0
Wounded in Action	36
Missing in Action	0
Non-Battle	0

(10) Rest and Recuperation: Quotas were not all utilized because of personnel rotation during this reporting period.

(a) Out of Country:

LOCATION	FFB	MAR	APR
HAWATI	3	7	12
EONG KONG	1	. 3	6
MANTLA	ο.	0	1
TOKTO	0	0	6
BANGKOK	5	6	9
SINGAPORE	ı	0	3

(15)

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<u>IOCATION</u>	<u> FFB</u>	MAR	APR
TAIPEI	0	3	9
AUSTRALIA	5	7	8
TOTALS	15	26	55

(b) In-Country Rest and Recuperation (Vung-Tau)

LOCATION	FIB	MAR	APR
VUNG-TAU	2	2	Λ

(11) The Borale of the Battalion's and attached batteries' personnel continued to be excellent.

(12) Religious Activities: .

- (a) A Protestant worship service was conducted weekly at the Camp Townes Memorial Chapel by the Battalion Chaplain. The average attendance at these services was thirty. Protestant services were also conducted by the Chaplain at various element positions throughout the II Corps Tactical Zone and in the I Corps Tactical Zone. The average attendance at these services was twelve.
- (b) Two Memorial Services were conducted for the following named personnel who were killed as a result of hostile action while in the service of their country:

NAME	ACN	UNIT	DIM
WOODLAND, Thomas S.	US51668358	Btry E, 41st Arty	2.Vår 68
SANCHEZ, Thomas S.	US54720626	Btry E, 41st Arty	2 Apr 68
NICHOLAISEN, James E.	RA15668358	Btry E, 41st Arty	15 Apr 68

- (o) The 4th Battalion (AW)(SP) 60th Artillery Memorial Plaque, honoring those men who have lost their lives in the service of their country, was dedicated at services conducted on 10 March 1963.
- (d) Activities added to the Battalion's religious program included a Chapel choir and a weekly Bible study period.
- (e) Coordination with 41st Artillery Group Chaplain was made for the conducting of Catholic Mass at Camp Townes each week.

(16)

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(13) Medical:

(a) During the reporting period, the Battalion Surgeon made the following visits to the field and administered the innoculations as shown below:

DATES OF VISITS		NUMBER ULATIONS GIVEN
9 Mar 68	LST Beach, Phu Tai,	
	Go Roi	32
15 Mar 68	Phu Hiep, Dong Tre	43
16 Mar 68	Bong Song, LZ Uplift, LZ English, LZ Laranie, LZ Geronino, LZ Lo Boi	44
22 Mar 68	Camp Enari, LZ Oasis, Rook Quarry Artillery Hill	44 7
25 Mar 68	Camp Enari, Pl Lei Kler	ug 24
27-28 Mar 68	Phan Thiet, LZ July, LZ Betty, LZ Bortlott	38
1 Apr 63	LZ Laramio, LZ Pony LZ Salen	34
ll Apr 68	Camp Radoliff	1.0
19 Apr 68	Camp Enari	38
23 Apr 68	Camp Radcliff	40

(b) Base Camp Operations Included:

•	FEB*	MAR	APR	AGGREGATE TOTAL
Out Patients Visits	116	343	393	852
Quartered Patients	2	1.0	13	20
Hospital Admissions	5	7	. 20	. 32
Tomunizations	131	368	373	E72
Inspections	18	12	2.4	14

*The Aid Station was without a Surgeon from 8 February to 5 March 1968. (17)

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(c) Other Patients Seen:

	FIB	MAR	/.PR
Victuamese	13	84	63
Korean	2		2

- (d) Health and Disease Disorders:
- 1. Five men out of an average strength of 1113 contracted malaria during the reporting period.
- 2. Fifteen man days were lost as a result of foot disorders caused by improper foot and boot care. Twelve men suffered hearing degradation as a result of not wearing ear plugs while working around generators, serving on crew served weapons, and firing small arms. The latter was the cause of the majority of the cases.

(18)

2. (C) SECTION. 2. LESSONS LEARNED: COMMANDER: 9-OBSERVATIONS. EVALUATION, AND RECONTEND. TIONS. (U)

- a. PERSONEEL. None
- b. OPER TIONS.

(1) COUNTERFIRE BY AUTOILTIC WEAPONS

- (a) Observation. Automatic weapons performing perimeter defense duties should have the capability of immediate counterfire in event of mortar/rocket attacks on the position.
- (b) Evaluation. Artillery units supported by automatic weapons adhere to the SOP that automatic weapons will not return fire unless clearance is obtained from the battery FDC. Automatic weapons have the capability to bring fire on mortar/rocket positions with pinpoint accuracy. During the time spent obtaining clearance to fire in event of mortar/rocket attack, the position is subjected to damage to equipment and injury to personnel by incoming mortar/rocket rounds. Counterfire by automatic weapons usually stop mortar/rocket attacks.
- (c) Recommendation. That artillery and other units suggested by automatic weapons enable immediate counterfire by automatic weapons when under mortar/rocket attack without having to obtain clearance.

(2) LEADLETE RELOTION DRILLS BY AUTOMETIC WEAPONS CHEWS

- (a) Observation. Automatic weapons crows should establish and practice immediate reaction drills to bring fire on the enemy in event of ambush or other hostile action as an automatic response.
- (b) Evaluation. A recent incident demonstrated the fact that automatic weapons crows trained for immediate reaction to hostile actions precluded disaster when one of two Dusters on convoy escort hit a mine. In spite of dense smoke, dust and apparent confusion resulting from the mining incident, both Dusters were able to counterfire the hostile small arms after the mine detonation and break a well planned ambush.
- (c) Recommendation. That immediate reaction drills be emphasized in training by automatic weapons crows in Advanced Individual Training and Basic Unit Training.

(3) INITELL LILISON WITH SUPPORTED UNITS

- (a) Observation. Automatic weapons personnel must conduct a thorough liaison visit with commenders of supported units immediately upon occupation of the position.
 - (b) Evaluation. Recent experience has demonstrated that

all supported units are not aware of the capibilities and limitations of automatic weapons. This has resulted in improper employment and failure to render logistical support. Consequently, firepower capabilities are not utilized to the maximum extent and automatic weapons are unable to participate in sustained operations due to lack of resupply.

(c) Recommendations. That automatic weapons battery commanders/platoon leaders/section leaders conduct initial liaison visits with supported unit commanders to fully explain the capabilities and limitations of automatic weapons, recommend employment for best possible defense posture and inform supported commanders of the support which must be rendered to automatic weapons elements. This headquarters prepared an automatic weapon/searchlight employment information letter and distributed it to supported commanders during a previous reporting period. This letter has been revised and will be distributed again. A copy of this letter is attached as Inclosure 3.

(4) PREPARATION AND USE OF RANGE CARDS

- (a) Observation. It is imperative that automatic weapons crown propage range cards and amountate them with standard information and information pertaining to no-fire zones.
- (b) Evaluation. On several occasions, automatic weapons were not able to identify no-fire zones when required to counterfire suspected or actual enemy mortar/rocket positions. This resulted in time wasted while the squad leaders requested this information from the supported units.
- (c) Recommendation. That automatic weapons crews identify no-fire zones, use fire direction equipment associated with Duster or Quad and determine azimuths and elevations of no-fire zones; that this information be annotated on respective range cards; that range card preparation training be conducted in Advance Individual Training and Basic Unit Training. This headquarters has prepared and distributed range card samples to all automatic weapons units for guidance. The sample range card is attached as Inclosure 15.

(5) MENING INCIDINTS

....

- (a) Observation. Numerous mining incidents in the Kontum-Polei Klang area demonstrate that the Viet Cong are crafty adversaries. Mines have been placed on road shoulders, road centers and intersections. Plastic mine devices are also utilized.
- (b) Evaluation. Due to use of plastic mine devices, engineer mine sweeps are not insurance that a road is free of mines. The enemy's placement of mines does not always follow a set pattern. Plastic type mines and irregular placement causes difficulty in discovering mines.

23

(c) Recommendation. That personnel refrain from using unswept roads. That personnel using swept roads are continually alert for any digging or tampering with road surfaces or shoulders, unusual makings, rock patterns, or arrangements of peculiar vegetation near the road indicating possible markings for mines as a varning for enemy forces.

(6) TRAILERS FOR DUSTERS

- (a) Observation. Dusters do not afford sufficient space for carrying personal gear or protective materials from a closed base position to a new position.
- (b) Evaluation. Duster crews supporting artillery units, which continually move from one base position to another during extended periods, are hampered by the lack of available space for carrying equipment and materials required for personal welfare and protection. A trailer authorized for each Duster would allowiste this problem.
- (c) Recommendation. That each Duster be authorized a le Ton Ammunition Trailer, M332 for purpose of carrying personal welfare and protective material. The trailer, M332, affords additional carrying space, low silhouette, and trackability when towed by a Duster. This headquarters has published and distributed a loading plan indicating what and where equipment is to be carried on the Duster. This plan will support the Duster crew for a period of four days. The trailer, required for longer periods, has been requisitioned. This plan is attached at Inclosure 16.

(7) HICREASED MOBILITY FOR QUAIS

- (a) Observation. Present $2\frac{1}{12}$ For truck prime mover for the Quad limits the mobility of Quads to established road networks and hard surfaced areas.
- (b) Evaluation. In the present configuration, Quads mounted on 2½ Ton Trucks cannot effectively support maneuver elements on search and destroy missions or range with self propelled artillery units when operating off established road networks and hard surfaced areas. Mounting the Quad on a full tracked, self propelled vehicle will enable the Quad to range with maneuver and self propelled elements.
- (c) Recommendations. That a full tracked, self propelled vehicle be evaluated as the prime mover for the Quad. This headquarters has requested temporary loan of three Cargo Carriers, Self Propelled, M548 for test and evaluation. This request has been approved by I Field Force Vietnam Artillery and I Field Force Vietnam and forwarded to USARV.

c. TRAINING

(1) TRADITING CONDUCTED AT UNIT LEVEL

- (a) Observation. Because of the wide dispersion of battery elements, only on-the-job training can be effectively conducted at the battery level.
- (b) Evaluation. Mandatory training required for all personnel include 9 subjects annually, 2 subjects monthly and 1 subject weekly for a total of 85 hours per month. (See inclosure 9) Batteries are not able to effectively conduct the formal training required because of mission committments and wide dispersion of elements. Battalion level training could be conducted for the annual subjects during replacement in-processing and training. The monthly and weekly subjects could be conducted by using handouts. Records of training could be maintained by the respective batternes.
- (c) Recommendation. That organizations with similiar employment conduct training as outlined in the above evaluation. This headquarters is presently nevising its training program along this concert.
 - d. THELLIGENCE: Mono

c. MCCISTICS

(1) SUPPORT OF AUTOMATIC WILPON/SELECHLIGHT ELEMENTS

- (a) Observation. As currently employed, automatic weapons/scarchlight elements are not capable of supporting themselves nor do parent units have the capability to provide required logistical support.
- (b) Evaluation. In some instances, required supplies of Class I, III, and V items were not received by automatic weapon/ searchlight elements because the supported unit did nor assume this responsibility and the parent unit was not capable of effecting resupply. Parent units of automatic weapon/searchlight elements do not have the continuous supply trains that are available to the supported units. Supported units should be required to render support and provide Class I, III and V supplies to automatic weapon/searchlight elements.
- (c) Recormendations. That units supported by automatic weapon/searchlight elements be required to supply Class I, III, and V items to these elements. This headquarters is resolving this problem by liaison visits with supported units.

(2) LOCATION OF PLL FUNCTIONS

(a) Observation. PLL functions located at battalion

level do not provide adequate response. time nor sufficient stockage of certain critical items.

- (b) Evaluation. Excessive equipment down time was experienced due to transportation of required repair parts from the consolidated PLL at battalion level to the using unit because of the wide dispersion of elements throughout the II and I Corps Tactical Zones. Certain critical items were not on hand when required because of authorized stockage for consolidated PLL.
- (c) Recommendation. That PILs be maintained at the battery level. Corrective action taken in view of the recommendation was training of battery personnel as PLL clerks and transferring PLL to the battery level. The estimated date for 50% fill of battery PLLs is 1 June 1968.

(3) EXCESSIVE DEADLINE TIME

(a) Observation. Equipment was deadlined for excessive time due to insufficient resupply of repair parts.

(b) Evaluation.

1 !

- 1. The delay experienced in returning deadlined equipment to operational status was due to inadequate supply of repair parts caused by the following:
- a. Incorrect demand data recorded in PLL because controlled and uncontrolled cannibalization was the major source of repair parts. This resulted in FLL having a maximum zero balance of 35%.
- <u>b</u>. Lack of sense of urgency in obtaining requisitioned parts by supply and support agencies. During this reporting period, only 175 items were received for 1500 requisitions.
- 2. Corrective action taken by this organization included:
- a. A technical inspection of all organic conjugate of the battalion and attached units to identify shortages.
 - b. Establishment of a system for controlled cannabelization and recording of correct demand data.
 - c. Coordination of an MAZAl ongine rebuild project with U.S. Army Support Command, Qui Nhon.
 - d. Preparation and submission of a list of repair parts, considered combat essential, based on experience. This list is attached as Inclosure 17.

e. Establishment of a continuous monitoring 24 system and parts requisition procedures to include review of status of each requisition on a monthly basis.

provide a secure container for par's received by the agency and awaiting pick up by the battalich.

g. Continuous personal contact by Battalien S-4 personnel with support agencies.

en obtaining repair parts supplies at all command levels.

f. ORGANIZATION

(1) ATTACHED PERSONNEL

- (a) Observation. Personnel of Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery, and Battery B (SLT), 29th Artillery, attached to automatic weapons batteries add an additional supervisory and administrative burden on the AW battery commander.
- (b) Evaluation. An AW assistant platoon leader, given the supervisory and administrative responsibility for attached machine gun and searchlight personnel, will alleviate this problem within the AW battery.
- (c) Recommendation. That an AW assistant platoon leader be assigned responsibilities for supervisory control and administration of personal, medical and financial items of attached machine gun and searchlight personnel; that machine gun and searchlight personnel be detached from automatic weapons batteries administrative control and support be exercised by parent units; that operational control of Quads and Searchlights be exercised by AW batteries. Above recommendations will be explored and the concept adopted if feasible in the near future. The MTOXE "G" series is presently under study at higher headquarters which changes the present organization of Duster battery and Quad battery to a Tuster/Quad battery which will solve this problem.

g. OTHER

(1) QUALIFIED MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL (TRACK MECHANICS-MOS 63020)

(a) Observation. Track mechanics, MOS 63020, assigned to this organization are qualified to perform maintenance on M-48, M-60, and M13 vehicles. Little of this knowledge is applicable to the M241 vehicle.

(b) Evaluation. Because assigned track mechanics have little knewledge applicable to the M42A1 vehicle, four to six weeks is required for an on-the-job training program. The training time required has a detremental effect on the battalion's maintenance posture.

maintenance contact team for purpose of performing track maintenance at site of widely dispersed element locations. This concept has reduced excessive equipment down time.

- (c) Recommendation. That the feasibility of a school established to train personnel on the M42Al vehicle be evaluated.
 - (2) OUALIFIED INTERNATION IMPSCHIEF (TURNIT MECHANICS-
- (a) Observation. Turret mechanics, MOS 45F20, assigned to this battalion are qualified to perform maintenance on the M-55, MIO8, and M-109 vehicles and not on the M42Al vehicle.
- (b) Evaluation. Because assigned turret mechinics have little knowledge applicable to the M2Al vehicle, an on-the-job training program for a four to six wock period must be conducted to qualify these personnel on the M4Al vehicle. The training time required has detrimental effect on the battalion's maintenance posture. The turret mechanics as signed were not trained as IMS 45FMO for automatic weapons turret mechanic. This-battalion should receive the turret mechanics trained at Fort Bliss.
- (c) Recommendation. That a procedure be established to identify turnot mechanics trained at Fort Plies and assign these personnel to automatic weapons battaliens.

(3) AN/VRC PLDIO CLBLE CONFICTION IN M42A1

- (a) Observation. On many Dusters within the battalion the co-ax antenna cable connection on the AN/VNC-46 radio has been broken.
- (b) Evaluation. Ammunition cans taken from the track commander's side of the sterage compartment were pulled out in such asway that the co-ax antenna connection was hit and the connection broken or the cable cut.
- (c) Recommendation. That the easing from a L-495 trip flare be used as a shield which will give adequate protection to the connecting point where the co-ax antenna lead meets the radio. This shield can be attached to the radio by the two screws already on the radio.

(4) EXTERNAL PHONE C-2296/VRC

(a) Observation. The external phone, part of intercommunication control set C-2296/VRC, located on the rear deck of the M-42 tends to pull out easily from the control box.

(25)

(b) Evaluation. This external phone is connected directly inside the C-2296/VRC and when the phone cond is accidentally pulled out, there is no way to repair it in the field.

(c) Recommendation. That the control set and external phone cord and be modified for connection similar to that on a radio and microphone cord affording a stronger connection; or that a "breakaway" connection be fabricated which would afford a joint on the cord which will break and preclude cord being pulled from the control set.

(5) INTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS. SYSTEM - MAZAL

- (a) Observation. Problems have occurred with the internal communications system M42Al that require repairs of 3rd & 4th ochelon nature.
- (b) Evaluation. kepairs of the M42Al internal communications system cannot be made by battery communication section because of lack of training, schematics of system, and equipment for troubleshooting. The schematics of the system are needed to troubleshoot and determine what repairs are required.
- (c) Recommendation. That schematics, repair and maintenance manuals be obtained. This Headquarters forwarded a letter to the USSADCEN requesting these items. As a result of this letter, a civilian representative of electronics command, working out of the office of the Director of Maintenance, Qui Phon, is assisting in this matter.

(6) MALARIA PREVENTION

- (a) Observation. Prevention of malaria continues to be a problem and is a matter for training, indostrination, and command emphasis.
- (b) Evaluation. Malaria prevention items such as medicine, mosquite netting, and insect repellent are readily available. Each man is issued a mosquito net, insect repellent and advised to take oral medicines for prevention of malaria. Each individual is required to annotate a roster indicating he has taken malaria prevention oral medicine. A command letter was published by this headquarters outlining malaria prevention measures to be followed by units of this command. Even with these precuations, both vivax and falciparum malaria is being contacted by men of this organization.
- (c) Recommendation, That indoctrination periods pertaining to malaria preventative measures be included in all phases of training.

(26) CONFIDENTIAL

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INFECTIONS OF THE FEET

(a) Observation. Prevention of foot infection contimues to be a problem and is a motter of training and indoctrination.

(b) Evaluation. Common foot infections such as infected blisters and abrasions are caused by improper foot hygiene, fit and care of boots.

(c) Recommendation. That indoctrination periods pertaining to prevention of foot infection be included in all phases of training.

(8) USE OF EAR PLUCS

(a) Observation. Prevention of ear damage by use of ear pluge is a matter for continual training indoctrination and command emphasis.

(b) Evaluation. Degradation of hearing is occurring with increased frequency because personnel are not wearing ear plugs when exposed to loud or continuous noise such as 40mm and Caliber .50 firing, generators, helicopters and small arms firing. The most frequent cause of car damage during the reporting period was small arms firing.

(c) Recommendation. That use of ear plugs whon working on crow served weapons, generators, riding in helicoptors and firing small arms receive emphasia in all phases of training.

MC, Artillery

Commanaire

-17 Incl__

Incl4, 7,8, 12, 14 and 17

Withdrawn, HQ, DA

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(27)

AVFA-AT-D (30 April 68) 1st Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of 4th Battalion (AW), (SP), 60th Artillery, Battery E (NG), 41st Artillery and Battery B (SLT), 29th Artillery for Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS: CSFOR) (R1)

- DA, Headquarters, I Field Force Vietnam Artillery, APO 96350 4 JUN 1969
- TO: Headquarters, I Field Force Vietnam, APO 96350
- 1. (C) Reference paragraph b(1)(c), section 2, page 19, Counterfire by Automatic Weapons. Nonconucr. Clearance for field artillery and/or automatic weapons fire should be always obtained unless a target is positively identified as enemy and is jeopardizing the security of US or allied personnel.
- 2. (C) Reference paragraph b(2)(c), section 2, page 19, Immediate Reaction Drills by Automatic Weapons Crews. Concur.
- 3. (C) Reference paragraph b(3)(c), section 2, page 20, Initial Liaison with Supported Units. Concur.
- 4. (C) Reference paragraph b(4)(c), section 2, page 20, Preparation and Use of Range Cards. Concur.
- 5. (C) Reference paragraph b(5)(c), section 2, page 21, Mining Incidents. Concur.
- 6. (C) Reference paragraph b(6)(c), section 2, page 21, Trailers for Dusters. Concur.
- 7. (C) Reference paragraph b(7)(c), section 2, page 21, Increased Mobility for Quads. Concur.
- 8. (C) Reference paragraph c(1)(c), section 2, page 22, Training Conducted at Unit Level. Nonconcur. In addition to providing lesson plans in the form of handouts for wide distribution, battery officers must either present or closely supervise the presentation of mandatory training.
- 9. (C) Reference paragraph e(1)(c), section 2, page 22, Support of Automatic Weapon/Searchlight Elements. Com ur.
- 10. (C) Reference paragraph e(2)(c), section 2, page 23, Location of PLL Functions. Concur.
- 11. (C) Reference paragraph e(3)(c), section 2, page 24, Excessive Deadline Time. Concur.
- 12. (C) Reference paragraph f(1)(c), section 2, page 24, Attached Personnel. Concur.
- 13. (C) Reference paragraph g(1)(c), section 2, page 25, Qualified Maintenance Personnel (Track Mechanics MOS 63020). Concur.

AVFA-AT-D

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 4th Battalion (AW), (SP), 60th Artillery, Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery and Battery B (SIT), 29th Artillery for Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS: CSFOR) (R1)

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- 14. (C) Reference paragraph g(2)(c), section 2, page 25, Qualified Maintenance Personnel (Turret Mechanics MOS 45F20). Concur.
- 15. (C) Reference paragraph g(3)(c), section 2, page 25, AN/VRC Radio Cable Connection in M42A1. Concur.
- 16. (C) Reference paragraph g(4)(c), section 2, page 26, External Phone C-2296/VRC. Concur.
- 17. (C) Reference paragraph g(5)(c), section 2, page 26, Internal Communications System M42A1. Concur.
- 18. (C) Reference paragraph g(6)(c), section 2, page 26, Malaria Prevention. Concur.
- 19. (C) Reference paragraph g(7)(c), section 2, page 26, Infections of the Feet. Concur.
- 20. (C) Reference paragraph g(8)(c), section 2, page 26, Use of Ear Plugs. Concur.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

GERALD G. TOUNG
Major, Artillery
Adjutant

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AVFA-GC-OT (30 Apr 68) 2d Ind

SUBJECT: Operational Report of Ath Battalion (AM)(SP) 50th Artillery, Battery E (RG), 41st Artillery and Battery B (SLT), 29th Artillery for Period Ending 30 April 1968, RCS CSFOR-65 (R1)(U)

DA, Headquerters, I Field Force Vietnam, APO 96350 1 ! JUN 1968

TO: Commanding General, United States Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVNGC-DST, APO 96375

- (C) This headquarters has evaluated subject report and forwarding indorsements and makes the following recommendations and comments:
- a. Reference paragraph ld(1)(d) Section 1 page 10, Prescribed Load List: Establishing the PLL at battery level was one of the topics discussed at the Logistics Seminar held at HQ IFrONCEV on 6 June 1968. The Director of Supply Qui Nhon Supply Depot is aware of the problem and some improvements will be noted by 30 June 1968.
- b. Reference paragraph 1d(2)(b) Section 1 page 10, Turn-in of Combat Loss Vehicles. No problems should be encountered if AR 735-3 and USARV Reg 735-3 are adhered to in turning in combat loss vehicles.
- c. Reference paragraph 1d(2)(c) Section 1 page 10, M42Al Engine Rebuild: There is a program in CONUS for the M42Al engine rebuild. Unserviceable engines should be turned-in through logistical channels to preclude future shortages.
- d. Reference paragraph 2e(3) Section 2 page 23, Excessive Deadline Time: Concur with the recommendation, however this unit's current deadline rate is only about 7% compared to the MACV standard of 15%

FOR THE COMMANDER:

ROBERT C. GABBARD

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ASSF ADJUTANT GENERAL

ILT AGC

Copy furnished: IFFORCEV Arty

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AVHGC-DST (30 Apr 68) 3d Ind (U) CPT Arnold/ms/LBN 4485 SUBJECT: Operational Report of 4th Battalion (AN)(SP) 60th Artillery, Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery and Battery B (SLT), 29th

Artillery For Period Ending 30 April 1968, RCS CSFOR (R1). 6 JUL 1968

TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558

1. This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 30 April 1968 from Headquarters, 4th Battalion, 60th Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS, US ARMY VIETNAM, APO San Francisco 96375

Comments follow:

- a. Reference item concerning increased mobility for quads, page 21, paragraph b(7): Concur that the 2½ ton Truck Mounted Quad .50 Machine Guns are inadequate for deployment in cross-country missions; however, M548 Carrier assets are currently not available to support this requirement. Assets to fill known TOE shortages are expected to arrive in-country over the next minety days.
- b. Reference item concerning qualified maintenance personnel (Turret Mechanics - MOS 45F20), page 24, paragraph g(2)(c): Concur. The present procedure is to screen the DA Form 20 of each replacement with PMOS 45F20 to determine the service school attended. This procedure insures that personnel who attend course number 642-45F20-A (Fort Bliss, Texas) are assigned to major subordinate commands that have an automatic weapons battalion.
- c. Reference item concerning external phone C-2296/VRC, page 25, paragraph g(4). A USAECOM equipment representative in the Qui Nhon area will visit the unit, evaluate the problem and submit a Technical Assistance Report to USAECOM. The representative will, if possible, make an on the spot correction as an interim measure. Unit should submit an Equipment Improvement Report (EIR) in accordance with paragraph 3-7.4, TM 38-750.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Elaaka binhara C. S. NAKATSUKASA Captain. AGC Assistant Adjutant General

Copies furnished: HQ, 4th Bn, 60th Arty HQ, I FFORCEV

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GPOP-DT (30 Apr 68) 4th Ind (U)
SUBJECT: Operational Report of PQ 4th Bn, 60th Arty Btry E (MG) for
Period Ending 30 April 1968, RCS CSFOR-65 (R1)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San France sco 96558 18 JUL 1958

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters has evaluated subject report and forwarding indorsements and concurs in the report as indersed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

C.C. SHORTT CPT, AGC Asst AG 31/

FFVB FFVC

DE FFV. NR 01 16/0057Z

RR 160052Z FEB 68

FM CG IFFORCEV /RTY NHA RVN

TO CO 41ST /RTY GF PHC RVN

CO 4TH BN 60TH /RTY QNH RVN

INFO: CO 52ND ARTY GF PKU RVN

BT

CONFIDENTAL 02-0246 FROM AVF/-AT-D

SUBJ: /RTILLERY ORGANIZ/TION FOR COMB.T (U)

(C) EFFECTIVE 170001H FEB 68, THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENTS ARE MADE:

4/60 ARTY, WITH E/41 ARTY AND B/29 /RTY ATTACHED, IS DET/CHED

FROM 41ST ARTY GF AND ATTACHED FULLY TO I FFORCEV ARTILLERY.

HHB, 8/26 ARTY IS DETACHED FROM 41ST ARTY GF AND ATTACHED

FULLY TO I FFORCEV ARTILLERY.

GP4

BT

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39 SUBJECT:

Tr: Operational Report Lessons Learned for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS*CSFOR) (R1)

KEY TO DISPOSITION MAP

4th En, (AW) (SP), 60th Arty
with
Battery E, (MG), 41st Arty
and
Battery B, (SLT), 29th Arty
attached

- 1. QUANG TRE
 4-DUSTER
 1-QUAD
 1-SLT
- 2. CALP EVANS 3-QUADS 3-SLTS
- 3. LZ ENGLISH
 2-DUSTERS
 2-QUADS
 1-SLT ...
- 4. BONG SON 2-DUSTERS 2-SLTS
- 5. LZ ORANGE 2-DUSTERS
- C. <u>Lz Pony</u> 2-Dusters
- 7• LZ UPLIET

 HQ C/4/60

 HQ 1/B/4/60

 4-DUSTERS

 3-QUADS
- 8. EHU CAT 2-DUSTERS 1-QUAD 1-SLT
- 9. QUI NHON
 HQ 4/60 Arty
 HHB 4/60 Arty

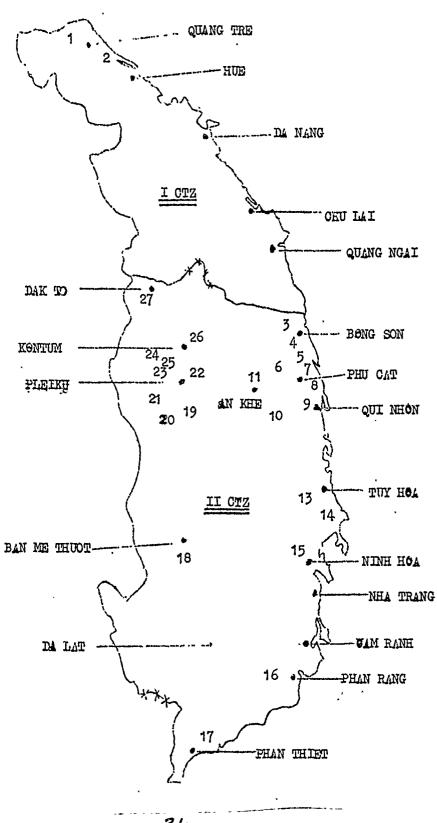
- 9. QUI NHON
 HQ 4/60 ARTY
 HHB 4/60 ARTY
 B/29
 6-DUSTERS
 1-QUAD
 1-S:T
- 10. BINH KHE 2-DUSTERS
- 11. <u>AN KHE</u> 3-QUADS.
- 12. DONG TRE 3-DUSTERS (1 COMBAT LOSS) 1-SIT
- 13. TUY HOA
 2-dibsters
 4-QUADS
 3-SLTS
- 14. PHU HIEP H.J. A/4/60 4-SLTS
- 15. WHITE HORSE 1-SUT
- 16. HAN RANG 2-SLTS
- 17. PHAN THIET
 8-DUSTERS
 4-QUADS
 2-SLTS

Inclosure 2

CONFIDENTIAL

34

.18• •	2-DUSTERS	23•	POLEI KLENG 1-QUAD
19•	CAMP ENARI 3-DUSTERS 3-QUADS	24.	PLEI BLANG YAM 1-SLT
	4-SLTS	25 · :	PLE MRONG 1-SLT
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21.	POLEI DJERANG 2-DUSTER	27.	DAK TO 4-DUSTER 2-DUSTER (FIRE BASE 13)
22•	ARTY HILL IQ B/4/60		1-QUAD 1-SLT



CONFIDENTIAL

AVGK-AF-S3

30 April 1968

SUBJECT: Operational Report Lesson's Learned for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968 (RCS-CSFOR) (R1)

DISPOSITION AS OF: 30 APRIL 1968

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<u>्राम</u>	COORDINATE	<u>opcon</u>
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B132	BR90040C	41ST ARTY GP
B141	BR889015	6/84
B142	BR889015	6/84
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E26 E27 E28	CRO44332 CRO51307	6/84 2/17	

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS, 4TH BATTALION, 60TH ARTILLERY APO San Francisco 96238

15 AVGK-AF-83

26 April 1968

SUBJECT: Employment of AW and Searchlights in Vietnam

TO:

See Distribution

I. GENEFAL

- 1. The 4th Battalion (AW)(SP), 60th Artillery and attached Battery E (MG), 41st Artillery completed one year in the Republic of Vietnam on 12 March 1968. Battery B (SLT), 29th Artillery was attached to the Battalion on 2 January 1968. Lessons Learned through experience during operations are outlined herein to assist in future planning and employment of the Gun, AAA, SP Twin M-42 (Duster), Mount Machine Gun Caliber .50, (M-55) and the Xenon Searchlight AN/MSS-3.
- (a) Employment of organic weapons has been characterized by wide dispersion of units. Presently, elements occupy 63 locations from Phan Thiet north to Quang Tri and from Qui Nhon west to Dak To, in support of 45 separate maneuver elements and artillery units. This dispersion of elements naturally causes liaison, support and control problems which are alleviated with the assistance of supported commanders. Recommendations are offered throughout the text of this letter to aid similar type units and supported units in acquiring maximum Automatic Weapon and Searchlight effectiveness.
- (b) The Duster Battalion and Quad Battery are being employed in the direct support role; however, crew proficiency of air defense engagement procedures are continually stressed.
- (c) Inclosure 1 provides characteristics and capabilities to assist in Automatic Weapons and Searchlights.
- (d) Inclosure 2 provides recommended mission assignments for Automatic Weapons and Searchlights.

II. EMPLOYMENT

2. When properly employed in defensive and offensive roles, the Duster and Quad have proven to be formidable weapons for support of maneuver and artillery units. Considerations and recommendations for utilization of the Duster, Quad and Searchlight are listed below:

a. DUSTER

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AVGK-AF-S3 26 April 1968

SUBJECT: EMPLOYMENT OF AW AND SEARCHLIGHTS IN VIETNAM

- (1) The supersensitive point detonating fuze and flat trajectory of the 40mm projectile are key factors in positioning the weapon. Dense brush or foliage will cause detonation of the projectile. Tracer burn out of 40mm ammunition occurs between 3500 and 4500 meters which limits effective range. Consequently, fields of fire should be free of restriction by brush or trees to at least 3500 meters, where possible.
- (2) Commanding terrain positions are recommended for the Duster, allowing utilization of full 6400M traversing capability and engagement of targets at maximum range. Alternate positions for the Duster provide flexibility to the defensive configuration. Preplanning concentration and programmed H & I fires on an irregular basis provides a deterrent factor for the perimeter.
- (3) Employment in pairs is recommended for better coverage, mutual support, limited recovery capability, and section integrity for support of search and destroy operations, route and work party security and defensive support.
- (4) The Duster is not recommended for convoy escort missions because long moves and low speeds have proven harmful to engines and transmissions. Due to the age of the chassis, it lacks the speed and durability of newer carriers which should be considered when operating with self-propelled artillery or armor units.

b. QUAD

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- (1) Employment of the $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ton Truck Mounted Quad is similar to Duster employment in many respects. However, the prime mover limits the mobility to hard surface areas and established road systems.
- (2) The Quad is an area saturation weapon and is very effective in foliage and heavy brush areas.
- (3) When emplaced in a defensive area, selection of alternate positions enables maneuverability within the position for purposes of massing fires and covering all routes of approach.
- (4) Like the Duster, preplanned concentrations for the Quad add to the H & I program and the overall deterrent factor when in defensive positions.

c. SEARCHLIGHT

- (1) The searchlight, when utilized in a defensive position, is recommended to be employed on high ground enabling coverage of the entire position area.
- (2) The Searchlight, reciprocally laid with Automatic Weapons, offers a strong deterrent factor. Searchlight infrared detection, illumination and Automatic Weapons engagement, simultaneously, provide the defensive with a surprise capability for gaining the offensive.

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26 April 1968

SUBJECT: EMPLOYMENT OF AW AND SEARCHLIGHTS IN VIETNAM

- Searchlights, supported unit commanders are encouraged to include section or squad leaders in intelligence or operations briefings. The information received will provide Automatic Weapon and Searchlight personnel with the includes and provide quicker reaction time in providing on-call missions. When included in operations planning of supported units, Automatic Weapons and Searchlight personnel will be able to advise supported commanders on matters such as employment, ammunition requirements, supply needs and personnel changes. This will enable a closer working relationship and control procedures.
- (4) To insure continuous and effective support, supported commanders should provide Glass I, III, and V items for supporting Automatic Weapons and Searchlight personnel and to assist in maintenance within the supported unit's capabilities.
- (5) It is recommended that supported commanders schedule H & I and Recon by Fire firing for Automatic Weapons. This practice will enhance crew performance and insure weapons are functioning properly. If possible, a free-fire zone should be established for Automatic Weapon training and test firing.
- (6) It is imperative that Dusters, Quads and Searchlights be positioned within the defensive perimeters to preclude these elements being over run and lost to the defense, in the event of attack. This is especially important for ground mounted Quads. When ground mounted, the Quad has no mobility and it must be provided adequate support and protection by ground troops and covering fire by other crew served weapons. Ground mounted Quads should not be placed so near the perimeter that is is within hand grenade distance from the enemy.

III. MAINTENANCE

- 3. Because of the inherent maintenance problems of the Duster and Quad, time is required for performance of crew maintenance and maintenance services. These weapon systems, as all equipment, must be continually maintained in order to provide support to their maximum capabilities. Duster and Quad crews will perform required maintenance in the available time and during mission assignments. Maintenance services are scheduled quarterly and require 72 hours for performance for the Duster. Thirty hours are required for the Quad and 2½-ton Truck services.
- (2) To expedite repair parts resupply for Automatic Weapons and Searchlights, supported units are encouraged to initiate requisition and work order actions through their direct support maintenance agencies. This action will eliminate excessive equipment down-time caused by transportation of required parts from the Battalion's Base Camp. In the near future, this problem will be alleviated because PLLs will be established at each battery with associated ASIs.

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SUBJECT: EMPLOYMENT OF AW AND SEARCHLIGHTS IN VIETNAM

- (3) Dusters, when employed in pairs (by sections), have a limited recovery capability. One Duster can tow another for distances as far as 10 kilometers. Greater distances cause undue engine wear of the towing Duster. Also, a wrecker is required to change and service engines and transmissions. This Battalion is authorized only one wrecker and is augmented by one VTR. In view of the dispersion of Dusters throughout the II Corps Tactical Zone, it is impossible for this Battalion to support all elements with VTR or wrecker support when required. It is therefore, required that supported unit commanders assist Duster crews by providing wrecker support for maintenance services and repairs and vehicle recovery within their capabilities.
- (4) In order to preclude excessive down time for Dusters and Quads due to minor repairs, maintenance services required for the weapons systems should be considered by supported commanders in regard to frequency of their mission assignments. Section and Squad Leaders will know the status of their equipment, when services are scheduled, and will be able to advise supported commanders of their maintenance requirements.

IV. SUMMARY

4. The information contained herein is intended to aid the commander in employment of Automatic Weapons and Searchlights supporting this operation. Close adherence to recommended mission assignments will greatly enhance the support rendered by those elements. The requests made in regard to maintenance support, which can be effected by the supported unit commander, will aid in maintaining continuous operation of the weapon systems and Searchlights. Staff Officers, Battery Commanders, and Platoon Leaders of this organization, will make frequent liaison visits with supported unit commanders to assist in employment aspects and effect coordination action for maintenance and support requirements.

s/Paul E. Schultz t/PAUL E. SCHULTZ LTC, Artillery Commanding

DISTRIBUTION: Special

·2 Incl

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AUTOMATIC WEAPONS DATA

- Each firing battery is composed of two platoons, four sections per platoon, 2 M-42s per section. (total 16 M-42s)
- 2 "ach M-42 is armed with 2 40mm guns and 1 M-60 Machine Cun.
- 3. Rate of fire: Maximum, 240 rnds/min; Sustained, 100 rnds/min.
- 4. Effective Range: 3500 Meters (limited by self-destruction ammunition)
- 5. Ammunition:
 - a. Type: 40mm, HE-T or HEI-T, SD, MK 11, W/fuse, PD, MK 27.
 - b. Basic load: 480 rounds on carriage (480 more may be towed)
- 6. Vehicle
 - a. Full-tracked, gasoline driven, air-cooled engine.
- b. 140 gal. fuel gives operating range of 35 to 100 miles depending on terrain conditions.
 - c. Speed: Up to 45 mph on improved roads, 25 mph in cross-country operations.
- 7. Weight: 25 tons (airlift by C-124 or C-141)

M-55

- 1. The M-55 battery is composed of six sections, four squads per section, 1 M-55 per squad. (total 24 M-55s)
- 2. Each M-55 has four caliber .50 Machine Guns on the mount.
- 3. Rate of fire: Maximum 450-500 rnds/min; per .50 cal.
- 4. Effective range: Point targets, 1830 meters; area targets, 6750 meters.
- 5. Ammunition
 - a. Type: .50 Cal
 - b. Basic load: 10.000 rnds on the prime mover, 10,000 towed.
- 6. Prime mover: 22-ton truck
- 7. Weight
 - a. Mount only: 3200 lbs.
 - b. Mount, basic load, crew: 8,000 lbs. (carried by 1 CH-47)
- c. M-35 complete (truck, mount, basic load, crew w/equipment): 26,204 lbs. (carried internally by C-124, C-130, C-141)

Incl 1

AN/MSS-3

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- 1. Each Searchlight battery consists of 3 platoons with 12 lights per platoon. (total 36 Searchlights)
- 2. Effective range:
 - .a. White light: 3-5000 meters.
 - b. Infrared: 2-3000 meters.
- 3. Vehicle: \(\frac{1}{4}\)-ton cruck w/ 180 Amp alternator.
- 4. Weight: 1.5 tons complete (carried by 1 CH-47)
- 5. Beam width:
 - a. Focus: 12th
 - b. Spread: 120¢
- 6. Traverse limits: 6400m
- 7. Elevation limits: +540¢; -380¢
- 8. Continuous operation: 2 hours; cool for 30 minutes (visible mode)

RECOMMENDED MISSION ASSIGNMENTS

- 1. Suitable AW missions:
 - a. Tactical missions
 - 1) Road security
 - 2) Perimeter defense
- 3) Search and destroy (M-42 only. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ton Prime Mover for M-55 limits mobility to hard surface areas and established road systems)
 - 4) Work party security
 - 5) Strong point security
- 6) Convoy escort (M-55) should be utilized. Long moves at low speeds prove excessively harmful to M-42.
 - 7) Air transportable (M-55 only)
 - 8) M-42 waterborne operations on-board LCM
 - 9) Blocking and destruction missions
 - b. Fire missions
 - 1) Interdiction
 - 2) Counterfire--during AW or mortar attacks
 - 3) Recon by fire
 - 4) Confirmed target locations
 - 5) Indirect fire and unobserved fire
- 2. Considerations for choice between the M-42 and M-55.
 - a. The M-42 is preferred for:
 - 1) Point targets
 - 2) Close-in fires at heavier targets i.e., bunkers, building, etc.
 - 3) Indirect fires
 - b. The M-55 is pref. :ed for:
 - 1) Firing near friendly positions in under brush or heavy foliage.

Incl 2

- 2) Saturation fires
- 3) Blocking fires
- 3. Unsuitable missions for AW
 - a. Cavalry operations, such as screening and reconnaissance missions
 - b. Cross country movement at low speeds or in jungle terrain
- c. Convoy escort of heavy artillery batteries and extended road marches are not recommended for M-42, Dusters

Orionological Sequence of Major Actions and Events for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1968. (Reference: Daily SITREPS, 4/60)

- 4 Feb 68 1450 kiss int Bn, 30th Arty Surgeon was fired upon at BR98 1253 (a rox 15 rounds). At 1630 hours the 19th Si & Si BN (18981248) was fired on by small arms and AutoO matic less as from the VIC of BR983252. The 8th Transportation coup dispatched reaction force. In the results time fight 18 US/FWMAF vehicles were pinned down on highway 6B by the enemy small arms and Automatic Weapons fire from the same general area. Armed helicopters from Lane Army Airfield engaged the enemy position. BN CMDR dispatched M-42 and Quad 50 reaction force and extracted personnel pinned down by the enemy fire. After personnel were extracted and returned to Camp Townes, artillery fire was called in and adjusted from Camp Townes observation post. A/3/17 fired 41 rounds of 105mm HE.

 Assessment: Undetermined.
- 4 Feb 68 2040 hrs: Dusters D141 and D142 enroute to fire base approximately 10 KM west of Casis were abbushed at ZB013319 by an unknown size force using small arms. The Duster fired 202 rounds. Results: 1 NVA KIA. Negative damage or casualtied to US personnel.
- 5 Feb 68 1640 hrs: Quads E15, E17 and E18 while performing convoy escort for 124th Trans Bn were ambushed by an unknown . * VO force on Highway 19 in the Mang Giang Pass. Ine Quads expended 6200 rounds in support of the convoy. Fegative assessment.
- 7 Feb 68 Duster P? 71 was ambushed VIC AR933479. Duster B231 fired and experted 50 rounds. Results: 3 enemy KIA. Negative damage or insualties.
- 8 Feb 68 Quad E19 and E22 located at LZ Betty was employed in a search and destroy mission in which several fortifications were destroyed resulting in 3 VC KIA.
- 7; Feb 68 0845 hrs: Duster D112 hit mine VIC ZA209343 enroute to check roint 33 for daily strongpoint security mission.

 2 WIA treated and returned to duty. 1245 hours VIC ZA152324 while being towed by M-88 VTR, Duster D112 hit a second mine causing extensive damage, resulting in combat loss.
- 22 Feb 68 Duster A111, A122 and Quad E19 while on search and destroy mission in support of 3/506 Infantry near Phan Thiet WIC ANS28082 received credit for 17 enemy KTA.
- 25 Fox 68 2015 hrs: Duster C221 while performing bridge security observed unknown size VC force gathering in a church

INCLOSURE 5

VIO BR875957. Duster fired one confirmed mission expending 296 rounds resulting in church being destroyed. Ascessment undetermined. Duster 0121 while performing perimeter defense at LZ English observed a suspected VO compfirm. Distar fired one reconnectors one by fire missic expending 136 rounds VIC BS868028. Results 4

28 Feb 68 Dusting 31 and B112 fired five recongissance by fire mis this is an Qui when Sub-Area Command VIC of CR5422, OROTTO CRF 200 and ORO321. In the VIO. cf. ORO33214 four Dusting were destroyed. Three were destroyed and one partially destroyed. Three lean-to type shelters were discored alter 40mm shells cleared away the foliage.

Area believed to be the Base Camp of the E210 VC BN.

No energy fire was returned during the operation.

- 3 Mar 68 1945 hrs: Duster B211, B212, B221, D141, B231 and B232 received 81nn mortar, 122,, rocket and receiless rifle attack at Dak To to VIC YB988167. Dusters fixed counterfire mission expending 924 rounds resulting in 1 enemy KIA.
- 4 Mar 68 0030 hrs: DUSTER D221 located VIU of YA876456 Polei
 Djereng fired one mission expending 73 rounds at enemy
 moster position. Morters silenced at time. On 5 March
 Duster D221 received credit for destroying 82mm mertar . •
 position.
- 4 Mar 68 1035 hrs: Duster A221 in support of special Forces and CIDG personnel on a search and destroy mission VIC CQ 938753 discovered 2 NVA hiding in bush. Enemy engaged with Duster's Machine Gum. Assessment 1 NVA KIA, one probable KIA, 1 NVA flag captured.
- 5. Mar 68 2100 kms: Duster 221 received an undetermined amount of incoming rocket, mortar, and small arms fire VIC YA876456 southeast of Polei Djereng. Mortar and recoiless rifle rounds impacted 10 meters in front of Duster's position, wounding 4 EM. All EN were treated and returned to duty. Duster fired 1 counterfire mission expending 300 rounds. Assessment: Nortar fire silenced.
- 7 Mar 68 2100 hrs: Duster A111, A112 and A121 fired 8 H & I missions expending 96 rounds at suspected enery location VIC AN960680 near LZ Betty. Assessment: 7 enemy KIA (by body count).
- 8 Mar 68 Quads F16, E23 and E26 fired one counterfire mission expending 10,000 rounds, what were on convoy escort duty for the 8th Trans Group when convoy was ambushed on the Mang Giang Pass VIO BR3545. Quad E26 received 1 round in right door. Negative ossualties.

- 12 Mar 68 1430 hrs: H103 fixed one confirmed mission expending 586 rounds VIO CRO70336 and CRO86228. Assessment: 14 small structures destroyed, 7 large structures destroyed.
- 13 Mar 60 2200 kmg. Inster C211 on bridge security VIC LZ Lowboy VIO 25921203 observed 3 VC setting explosives on bridge. Drewn crew fired M-79 and M-60 weapons.

 Assessments 1 confirmed enemy KEM and 2 possible enemy WIM.
- 15 Mar 68 1330 Frads E16 and E26 were ambushed while on convoy escond with 8th Trans Bn on Highway 19 VIC BR1752.

 Quads Fred 900 rounds silencing ambushers with unconfirmed enemy KIA, 1 US WIA (Btry E, 41st Arty)
- 19 Mar 68 O915 hrs: Quad E19 while on search and destroy mission fired small arms fire and Automatic Weapons fire VIC AN 911229. Mission was fired in support of 3rd Bn 506th. Infantry. 1 US WEE (E19). Assessment: Undetermined
- 20 Mar 68 1000 hrs: Duster D241 enroute to Kontum hit anti-tank mine VIC Z4232581. Sniper fire commenced and was silenced after Duster D241 fired 70 rounds in counterfire mission. Negative casualties.
- 23 Mar 68 0900 hrs: Duster D242 while on convoy escort mission going east on route 511 VIC ZA029929 near Kontum, hit land mine. 4 US WIA including Cpt. Joseph W. Corder Jr. Battery D Commander. D242 combat loss.

1000 hrs: Duster A232 while moving to position for escort mission in support of 6th Bn 32nd Arty hit land nine VIC of BC945775. 2 US WIA. A232 (A/4/60) combat loss.

31 Mar 68 1315 hrs: Quad E11 on search and destroy mission in support of 1st En 50th Infantry contacted unknown size enemy force VIC of BR997732. Quad E11 engaged the enemy.

Assessment: Undetermined. 2 US WIA (E11 personnel) evac to 85th EVAC Hospital.

1650 hrs: Personnel of C/4/60 enroute to LZ English were ambushed vic BR886885. Several vehicles from the 173rd ABN were allo caught in the ambush. Received Automatic Weapons fire from both sides of the road. Estimated enemy size 2 platoons. Dusters B121, C221 and C222 were called in for support. Duster fired 762 roung breaking ambush. Negative casualties. Assessment undetermined as a sweep of the area could not be made.

1 Apr 68 0730 hrs: Quad E15 mount was air lifted to VIC YA939912

mission FSB perimeter defense.

1 Apr 68 1630 hrs. Anno dump VIC YA939912 received incoming mortar rounds. Fire spread to Quad E15 causing minor damages. Majority of all Quad PIL equipment destroyed. Quad corw personal clothing and equipment destroyed. Negative casualties. Quad E15 operational.

1700 hrs. to 2200 hrs: Quad E15 received undetermined number of incoming mortar rounds and sniper fire VIC YASSIGIA. Quad E15 returned counterfire mission expending 2000 rounds. Negative damage to equipment or casualties.

- 2 Apr 68 1708 hrs: AFC with Quad E11 mounted returning in column from infantry operation in support of 1st En, 50th Infantry hit mine VIC of BR999783. PFC Thomas S. Woodland, PFC Pablo 6. Sanchez, E/41, KIA. AFC and Quad combat loss.
- 4 Apr 68 1345 hrs: Quad E15 mount received incoming mortar rounds VIC of YA171198. 1 US WIA (E/41).
- 8 Apr 68 O800 hr: Dusters B121, B122, B141 and B142, Quads E14, E27 and E28 departed Camp Townes for extensive operation in support of 6th Bn, 84th Arty VIC BR8953.
- 9 Apr 68 Dusters B121, B122, B141 and B142 received incoming mortar rounds VIC BR892632. Dusters fired counterfire missions expending 482 rounds in XXI of nortar flashes.

 Assessment: Mortar fire silenced. 1 US WIA (E/41).

O800 hrs: Work rarty uncovered 3 bodies VIC BR354452 killed by .50 Caliber Machine Guns Quad E16, E23 and E26 were credited with 3 enemy KIAs by body count. Mission fired O/A 5APR.

10 Apr 68 0130 hrs: Scarchlight S21 observed movement on perimeter VIC ZA183911 Searchlight personnel fired 10 M-79 rounds. Assessment: 3 enemy KIA by body count.

0830 hrs: E25 and E26 fired counterfire in support of an EOD Team working along Highway 19 in VIC of BR300452 expending 4800 rounds respectively. Assessment: Quad E25 and E26 credited with 4 enemy KIA by body count.

1230 hrs: Estimated regimental size force NVA attacked position VIC of BR300452 with recoiless rifles, AK 47s and B-40 rockets. Attack repulsed by Infantry, artillery and Airstrikes. Quads E25 and E26 fired 15,000 rounds in counterfire missions. Assessment: Quads E25 and E26 were credited with 4 enery KIA by body count.

- 15 Apr 68 1400 hrs: Quad E15 mount located just outside of their perimeter VIC of YA899934 were called upon to provide litter bearers for US Infantry unit in fire fight with undetermined size NVA force. PFC James E. Nicolasse: (/ '1') became separated from his unit. Search of area was or ducted with negative results.
 - 17 Apr 68 1700 hrs: PFC Nicolaisen was found MA as a result of another sweep of the area by infantry unit.
 - 17 Apr 68 2100 hrs: Duster A241 while on perimeter defense observed indetermined size force of VC VIC of CQ118372. Duster £241 expended 72 rounds. Assessment 3 enemy KEA by body count.
 - 19 Apr 68 2100 hrs: Dusters C141 and C142 in support of regular forces authorsh VIC of BR776911 fired 5 confirmed missions expending 119 and 96 rounds respectively. Assessment: 8 enemy KIA by body count.
 - 20 Apr 68 OSOO hrs: Dusters B121, B122, and B142, Quads E14, E27, and E28, Searchlights S41, S42, S48, S52 and S66 in support of 6th Bn, 84th Arty; Btry B 7th Bn, 15th Arty, Btry C, 2nd Bn, 17th Arty in support of 1st Inf Regiment (ROK) and 26th Inf Regiment (ROK) began mission assignment for Operation Meng Ho 11.
 - 22 Apr 68 1655 hrs: Quad E19 returning from work party security in support of 27th Engineers hit a 105mm pressure detonated road mine VIC of AN87176 approximately 5KM from Fhan Thiet. Vehicle damaged. 3 US WIA (A/4/60) 2 EN treated in field and returned to duty, 1 EM will be evan to 36th Evac Hospital.
 - 2015 hrs: Searchlight S48 illuminated 2 VC VIC of CRO90375 resulting in capture of 1 VC by ROK Forces.
 - 23 Apr 68. 0710 hrs: Quad E13 enroute to LZ Pony hit land mine VIC of BR799826. Negative casualties. Vehicle damaged.
 - 27 Apr 68 0005 hrs: Duster B111 fired 1 counterfire mission against incoming smiper fire expending 30 rounds VIO BR0323. Negative US casualties. Assessment: Sniper fire sllenced.
 - 29 Apr 68 1030 hrs Duster D121 and D132 fired one mission each, expending a total of 361 rounds, on a known enemy small arms position VIC ZAO59312. The small arms were firing on a helicopter flying overhead. Assessment: Small arms fire silenced.

QUAD CONVOY ESCORT DUTY HWY QL 19

The following reports of action were complied from the 4th Battalion (AW) (SP), 60th Artilliny SITREPS and 8th Transportation Group letters. subject: Synopsis of Ambush.

13 Feb 68. .. convoy consisting of:78 cargo vehicles, 1
maintenance truck, 2 gun jeeps (M-60 MG), 3 gun trucks (4 M-60
MG/TRK) and Quads E15, E17 and E18 departed An Khe at 1325 hours.
At a point 200 meters east of the base of Mang Giang Pass (See
map point 1), the lead vehicles of the convoy were taken under
fire by enemy mortars and small arms. Convoy personnel immediately
returned fire in the direction of the suspected enemy positions.
The convoy commander directed E17 to engage the enemy and lay
down screening fire in the direction of the suspected enemy mertan
position while the convoy moved through the area. Tactical ...
Security Forces (173rd ABN) arrived within 10 minutes of the initial
contact. Air strikes were conducted. A sweep of the suspected enemy
positions was conducted after air strikes.

AF"ESSMENT: Enemy casualties unknown. No US casualties or equipment damage. Enemy had fired 7 mortar rounds.

4 Mar 68. A convoy consisting of 104 cargo vehicles, 4 gun jeeps (M-60 MG), 8 gun trucks (4 M-60 MG/TRK) and Quads E16, E23 and E26 departed An Khe at 0830 hours. At 0900 hours the convoy was halted at CP 89 by taotical security because of enemy action in Mang Giang Pass. At 1130 hours the convoy continued with one Tank (1/69) and 2 APCs (173rd ABN) accompanying for additional security. At 1145 hours (VIC BR333461) the convoy came under heavy small arms, Automatic Weapons and mortar fire (See map point 2). The Convoy Security Force including E16, E23 and E26 immediately returned fire on the enemy positions which were well entrenched in the tree line on the north side of the road. Sporadic fire was also received from the scuth side of the road. A reaction force of 1 Tank, 4 APCs and 4 Gun Ships arrived within five minutes after the initial contact. The enemy force was estimated at 50 personnel.

ASSESSMENT: Enemy casualties unknown, 8 US WI4, including 2 Quad cannoneers; 5 vehicles and two trailers damaged. Quads expended 25,000 rounds.

8 Mar 68. A convoy consisting of 79 cargo vehicles; 4 gun jeeps (M60 MG), 5 gun trucks (4 M-60 MG/TRK) and quads E16, £23 and £26 departed in the at 0800 hours. At 0830 hours VIC BR335445 (See map point 1), the third gun truck in the first serial was hit by a Claynore mine. At the same time the convoy came under heavy small arms and Automatic Weapons fire. The Convoy Security Force including E16, £23 and £26. A company from the 173rd, operating in the immediate area was driven back after 15 minutes.

ASSESSMENT: 1 US KIA, 2 US WIA, 1 Vehicle damaged; enemy casualties not known.

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INCLOSURE 6

The convoy preceded and at 0915 hours at a point 2 Kilometers west of CP 102 (See map point 2), a fuel truck in the first serial hit a mine. The vehicle was taken under enemy fire by small arms, Automatic Weapons and B40 rockets, which ignited the fuel. The remainder of the column came under enemy fire. The Convoy Security Force including quads \$16, \$23 and \$24 laid down a base of fire directed at the enemy positions while the convoy maneuvered past the burning vehicle. Tactical Security Forces arrived within 5 minutes and engaged the enemy.

ASSESSMENT: 1 US KIA, 1 vehicle damaged, 1 vehicle destroyed. The Quads expended a total pf 10,000 rounds in both ambushes. The Quads received no casualties or damage.

15 Mar 68. At 1030 hours a convoy supported by Quads E16 and E26 came under small arms and Automatic Weapons fire from a bunker approximately 400 meters of the highway (See map point 3). The Quads fired 900 rounds into the bunker silencing the enemy fire.

ASSESSMENT: Negative US casualties or equipment damaged; 3 enemy KIA by Quads.

At 1330 the Quass were returned to An Khe providing security for a convoy when they came under fire from small arms and Automatic Weapons fire (See map point 3). The Quads directed fire into the **. enemy positions expending 900 rounds.

ASSESSMENT: 2 US WIA both from Quads. Nogative US equipment damage. 8 enemy KIL.

SNOPSIS: QUADS on convoy escort are utilized as a quick reaction force capable of engaging the enemy with devastating fire that saturates the enemy positions in the minimum amount of time. The Quads, irregularly placed in the column, precludes the enemy from predetermining their position and provides protection for the entire convoy. As illustrated by the above, the Quads are used to lay down screening fires while the column passes through the area. Also Quads check the enemy's offensive against the convoy until Security Eirces, helicopter gun ships, or artillery arrives at the area of anough.

MANDATORY TRAINING REQUEREMENTS

THE FOLLOWING PROGRATION INTRUCTION IS AN EXERBOY PROGRAMMENT 350-1
4TH BAFFALTON (AM)(SP) 6OTH ARTILLERY. THE TRAINING IN CONDUCTED AT THE
SQUAD OR RECTION TOVEL BY PARTHERIES OF THE BATTLEON.

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ъ,	COR HEFTELIER	1	HOHEHLY
c.	CHARACTER GUIDANCE	1	MOHTHLY
d.	CLARIESTIFE SURVEILLANCE AND LISTING DIVICES	1	YLLAUIE1A*
·e.	CODE OF COMDUCT	1	VIUNTITA
f.	COTTLAID INFORMATION	1	LINGEN
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n.	DEFINE AGAINST ENEVERSION AND ESTIONAGE	1	YALLUULLA*
i.	PHYSICAL FITTESS PROGRAM	4	VIII.TIL
j.	QUALIFICATION IN ARES	3	YJINGA
k.	LATECUARDING DEFENSE INFO	1	*Alejually
1.	SURVIVIL, ELCAME AND EVASION	1	YJJAUMIA

TOTAL

22 HOURS

- * STATEOUS MAY BE GIVEN NITTH OFFICER SECURITY ONLINEARYONS.
- 3. FOLLOWING SUBJECTS ARE CONSIDERED OF SUFFICIENT DEPORTANCE TO BE INTEGRATED INTO ALL PHASES OF PRAIRIES WERE ALPROPIAME:
 - a. COUNTRIESURCENCY AND COUNTRIGUERALISM ENABILIES.
 - b. PERST AID AND ENERGENCY CARE
 - c. FIELD SAMITATION
 - d. MAMERIA NEADITESS

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Inclosure 9

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- j. FEEDD ARRILLESY CLSERVATION
- h. COMPUNICATIONS PROTEDURES

PEPLICULTURE TRAINING CYCLE

- a. REMARKS TO A LITTLE CYCLE:
 - (1). WE MEET MAY BUILD THE UNTILIZED FOR LERBOUTHE IN-LICCESSING DRAWING OF INDVIDENT HER. OLD AID TA-50 KINES AND TWO YOUR CHESTALION ON , THE BETTELLON HIS CONTROL OF THE BETTELLON HIS CON
 - (2) THE STATE OF THE WITH A GREEN FILLION L. COPPLIED, FIRES WEALOLD FOR ZERO/FMINLUMATION, AND LUM TOTION OF H-16, H-60 MACHINE CUM, LMD .50 CHARRES INCOMES GREEN, NO INCOMES DISLIBITION AND ASSEMBLY.
 - (3) THE AND PINA DAY RELACEMENT WARRING ECLEDOLD WILL CONSIDE OF:
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 - (b) HIDIYIDUAL ANGERES AND PIELD SANTEARION (1 AL)
 - (c) STAPLATED GATERIA STOP (1 kg)
 - (d) Difficion sof and hulds of bagachilibe (1 Tat)
 - (5) PRACTICAL EXERCISE ON USE OF GUILLESS ULD AND, COMPUTING MINISTER ELEVATION; IN THIS FOR AZHIULE; HUDINGSON AND ALL DEFAULE INV FIRMIG.
 - (2) H-10 OLG AND HATCHENINGS (2 ERS)
 - b. Use letter from the problem was review to include the following business where will be included in follow it. Theorem that the training:

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M-15 TRAINING 2 ADDITIONAL NOURS

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Inclosure 10

- O. IN ADDITION TO SOURCED SEPTEMBERS TRAINING MISSED SHOVE, MACH. BATTERY COURSES ON-THE-JOB MAINTING OF THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
 - (1) SER THY PUFF AS REQUIRED BY LEDIVIDULE UNIT PACKED, SIMU MICH.
- (2) LEDIVIDUAL FED WHIT RECEDENCH, FEELD FARTIFICATIONS, COVER AND CONCEALMENT.
 - (j) CLEM DRIVE. INDUCTOR, DI LOT ARR DEFINEME.
 - (A) FRULARMITON AND USE OF RAPIGE CERRS.
- (5) USARV, IMPORGEV, AND 4TH HATTALION (AU)(SP) GOTH ARTILIPATY POLICIAS AND ARROGEDURES.
 - (6) UNIT MISSIONS AND OBJECTIVES

INCLOUGE 11

PLL CLERK TRAINING PROGRAM

THE FOLLOWING FORMAL AND ON-THE-JOB TRAINING WAS CONDUCTED BY THE BATTALION S4 FOR PURPOSES OF QUALIFYING BATTERY PERSONNEL TO PERSURE THE DUTIES OF PLL CLERK.

t. FORMAL TRAINING (2 DAYS)

- (a) INTRODUCTION TO PUBLICATIONS (2 HRS)
- (b) INTRODUCTION TO THE RECORD OF DEMAND AND TITLE INSERT CARDS (2 HRS)
- (c) PRACTICAL EXERCISE ON THE PREPARATION OF A PLL (4 HRS)
- (d) INTRODUCTION TO THE RED BALL EXPRESS AND ISSUE PRIORITY SYSTEM (2 HRS)
- (c) PRATICAL EXERCISE INVOLVING ALL PHASES OF A FLL (INCLUDING THE DEMAND CARDS, TITLE INSERTS, AND SUBMITTING REQUISITIONS).

2. OJT (4 DAYS)

- (a) EACH PLL CLERK PREPARED HIS RESPECTIVE BATTERY'S RECOAD OF DEMAND AND TITLE INSERT CARDS.
- (b) THE PLL CLERKS PREPARED RED BALL EXPRESS REQUISITIONS FOR BATTALION CONSOLIDATED PLL.
- (c) THE PLL CLERKS PROCESSED STATUS CARDS, AND MADE THE NECESSARY FOLLOW UP FOR THE BN CONSOLIDATED PLL.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY LEADQUARTERS, 4TH BATTALION, 60TH ARTILLERY APO 96238

AVGK-AF-S4

19 March 1968

SUBJECT: Location of Prescribed Load Stock

CO, 4th Bn, 60th Arty APO San Francisco 96238

1. REFERENCES:

- a. Message, CG USARV, AVHGD-MF 61514, DTG 131109Z Sep 67, SUDJECT: Location of Prescribed Load Stock.
- b. Mesuage, CG IFFORCEV, Artillery, AVFA-AT-E, 10-0280, DTG 20355Z Oct 67, SUBJECT: Location of PLL and Stock
- c. Message, CG IMPONCAV, Arty, AVFA-AT-E, 02-0447, DTG 270330Z Feb 68, SUBJECT Prescribed Locd List.
 - d. AN-735-35 Faragraph 6-3
- 2. In compliance with reference 10, the following factors were considered pertaining to the location of prescribed load stock:
 - a. Age of equipment utilized
 - b. Stock of spare parts available for equipment
 - o. Past and present deadline rate.
 - d. Transportation and communication with subordinate units.
- e. Wide dispersion of fire units and subordinate unit headquarters from battalion headquarters.
- · f. Status of PLL line items with stock located of battalion level and stock located at battery level.
- g. Requirement for PLL experienced personnel with stock located at battalion level and stock located at battery level.
- · 3. The following advantages and disadventages were noted with the PLL remaining consolidated at battalion level:
 - a. ADVANTACES:
- (1) Total number of lines authorized on PIL (890) based on consolidated demands.

Inclosure 13

- (2) ASL at 5th Maintenance Battalion is within 20 minutes driving time from FLL location.
- (3) Three ILL clerks and one supervisor can maintain consolidated PLL.
 - (4) PLL functions can be closel; supervised at battalion level.
- (5) The PLL clerks working in the consolidated PLL are trained and knowledgeable.

b. DISADVARTAGES:

- (1) Long distances between consolidated PLL location and firing batteries with the attendant time lapse in transporting repair parts.
 - (2) There is only one ASL supporting the battalion.
- (3) Demand data in some cases is incorrect due to units obtaining repair parts from other sources.
- 4. The following advantages and disadvantages with the FLL being at battery level is listed below:

a. ADVANIAGES:

- (1) The repair parts would be stocked at the location where maintenance is acutally performed (reference 1d).
 - (2) The time large in transporting repair parts would be reduced.
- (5) The ASL's which would support the unit PLL's would be relatively close to the PLL location.
- (4) Personnel in units would take more interest in the procurement of repair parts.
- (5) The total number of mission essential items authorized for stockage would increase for approximately 160 lines.

b. DISLDV.MTAGES:

- (1) The requirement for trained FIL clerks would increase from three to a minimum of six (a minimum of one clerk per PLL for Hq Btry, A Btry, B Btry, C Btry, D Btry, and B Btry 29th Arty). Repair muts for B Btry, 41st Arty, would be on the PLL's of the units to which the machine gun sections are attached.
- (2) An estimated 211 line items would be dropped from the unit PLL due to lower density of equipment and the reduced number of demands.

Q5. CONCLUSIONS:

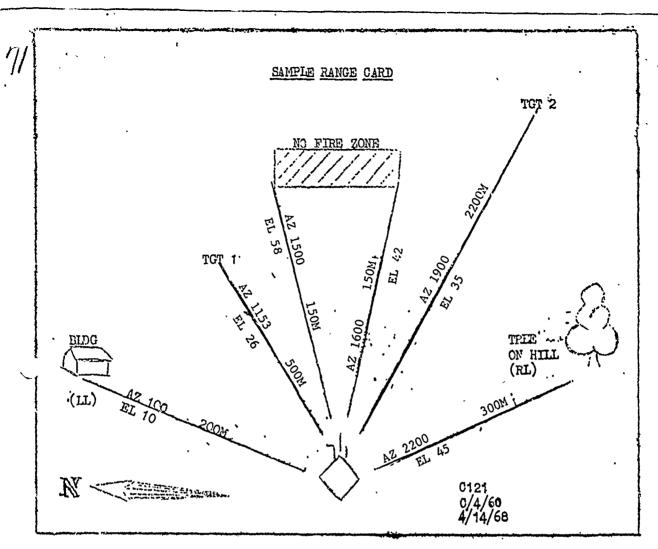
- a. The PLL located at battery level would be more responsive to the needs of the unit.
 - b. The availability of repair parts will not improve.

6. RECOMMENDATIONS:

- a. That a PLL be established at each unit with the exception of E Btry, 41st Arty.
- b. That a training program under the direction of Lt. Mandery be established at this location.
- c. That each unit select one individual to be trained as a repair parts specialist.
- d. That this headquarters request permission to maintain a consolidated PLL at this location in addition to the unit PLL's.
- e. That the PLL for HHB 4/60 be maintained by one of the repair part: specialists presently assigned.

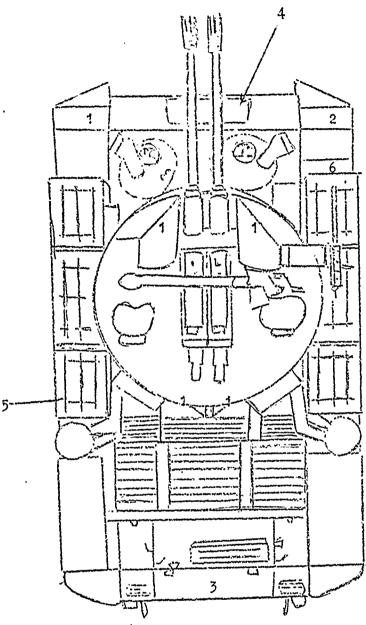
ANTONIO G. GONZALES
CPT, Artillery

S4



DIEMS TO BE INCLUDED ON RANGE CARDS

- i. Targets
- 2. Ranges
- 3. Direction/Elevation (AZ/EL)
- 4. Left Limit (LL)
- 5. Right Limit (RL)
- 6. Your Location
- 7. Nerth Arrow
- 8. No Fire Zones or Outpost location of Patrols
- 9. Fire Unit Designation
- 10. Date Prepared



- PACK W/BED ROLL
- 200 SAND BAGS
- 15 8' ENGINEER STAKES 3 CASES C-RATTONS IN DRIVERS COMPAREMENT
- 5 GAL 30W OIL
- 5 GAL WATER

- NOTE: 1. PACK WILL HAVE ONE COMPLETE CHANGE OF UNIFORM MINUS BOOTS PLUS MESS KIT AND TOILET ARTICLES.

 2. BED ROLL WILL CONSIST OF BLANKET & MOSQUITO NET ROLLED INSIDE OF PONCHO & ATTACHED TO BOTTOM OF PACK.

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