War-Fighting in the Early 21st Century: A Remote-Controlled, Robotic, Robust, Size-Reduced, Virtual-Reality Paradigm

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Report Documentation Page

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Standard Form 298 (Rev. 8-98)
Prescribed by ANSI Std Z39-18
The Law of Accelerating Returns

- The price-performance, capacity & bandwidth of information technologies progresses exponentially through multiple paradigm shifts
  - Specific to information technology
    - not to arbitrary exponential trends (like population)
    - Still need to test viability of the next paradigm
  - A scientific theory
    - 25 years of research
    - Part of a broader theory of evolution
    - Inventing: science and engineering
  - Moore’s law just one example of many
- Yes there are limits
  - But they’re not very limiting
    - Based on the physics of computation and communication
    - and on working paradigms (such as nanotubes)
The Paradigm Shift Rate is now doubling every decade
Growth of U.S. Phone Industry

Logarithmic Plot

- **Dollars (millions) and Calls/Day (millions)**
- **Year**

- **Red Line**: Revenues (millions of dollars)
- **Blue Line**: Phone calls per day (millions)
Estimated U.S. Cell Phone Subscribers

Logarithmic Plot

Subscribers (millions)

Year


1,000

100

10

1

0.1
Mass Use of Inventions
Years Until Use by 1/4 U.S. Population

Year
1860 1880 1900 1920 1940 1960 1980 2000

Television Radio Telephone PC Mobile Phone The Web

Years
100 10 1
Countdown to Singularity

Linear Plot

Time to Next Event (years)

- Life
- Eukaryotic cells, multicellular organisms
- Cambrian Explosion (body plans)
- Reptiles
- Class Mammalia
- Primates
- Superfamily Hominioidea
- Family Hominidae
- Human ancestors walk upright
- Genus Homo, Homo erectus, specialized stone tools
- Homo sapiens
- Homo sapiens sapiens
- Art, early cities
- Agriculture
- City-states
- Writing, wheel
- Printing, experimental method
- Industrial Revolution
- Telephone, electricity, radio
- Computer
- Personal computer

Time Before Present (years)
Paradigm Shifts for 15 Lists of Key Events

Time to Next Event (years)

Time Before Present (Years)

- Carl Sagan
- American Museum of Natural History
- Encyclopedia Britannica
- ERAPS at University of Arizona
- Paul Boyer
- Barrow and Sik
- Jean Heidmann
- IGPP Symposium
- Phillip Tobias
- Davis Nelson
- Goran Burenhult (ed.)
- Johanson and Edgar
- Modis 2002
- Richard Coren
- Modis 2003
Canonical Milestones

Logarithmic Plot

Time to Next Event (years)

Time Before Present (years)

- Milky Way
- Life on Earth
- First Eukaryotes
- First multicellular life
- Cambrian Explosion
- First flowering plants
- First mammals
- Asteroid collision
- First hominoids
- Chimpanzees and humans diverge
- First stone tools
- Emergence of Homo sapiens
- Domestication of fire
- Differentiation of human DNA Types
- Emergence of modern Humans
- Rock art, protowriting
- Invention of agriculture
- Techniques for starting fire
- Development of the wheel, writing
- Zero and decimals invented
- Renaissance (printing press)
- Industrial Revolution (steam engine)
- DNA structure
- Transistor
- Nuclear, energy
- Modern physics
**Epoch 1** Physics & Chemistry  
Information in atomic structures

**Epoch 2** Biology  
Information in DNA

**Epoch 3** Brains  
Information in neural patterns

**Epoch 4** Technology  
Information in hardware and software designs

**Epoch 5** Merger of Technology and Human Intelligence  
The methods of biology (including human intelligence) are integrated into the (exponentially expanding) human technology base

**Epoch 6** The Universe Wakes Up  
Patterns of matter and energy in the universe become saturated with intelligent processes and knowledge

---

**The 6 Epochs of Evolution**

Evolution works through indirection: it creates a capability and then uses that capability to evolve the next stage.
Linear vs. Exponential Growth:

- Exponential trend
- Linear trend

Knee of Curve
An ongoing exponential sequence made up of a cascade of S-curves (linear plot)

A single S-curve (as seen on a linear plot)

The same exponential sequence of S-curves on a logarithmic plot
Information Technologies \textit{(of all kinds)} double their power \textit{(price performance, capacity, bandwidth)} \textit{every year}
### A Personal Experience

<table>
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<th>Measure</th>
<th>MIT’s IBM 7094</th>
<th>Notebook Circa 2003</th>
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<tr>
<td>Year</td>
<td>1967</td>
<td>2003</td>
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<tr>
<td>Processor Speed (MIPS)</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>1,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Main Memory (K Bytes)</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>256,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Approximate Cost (2003 $)</td>
<td>$11,000,000</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
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24 Doublings of Price-Performance in 36 years, doubling time: 18 months not including vastly greater RAM memory, disk storage, instruction set, etc.
Moore’s Law is one example of many....
Moore’s Law
The Fifth Paradigm

Logarithmic Plot

Year

Calculations per Second per $1000

10^{-6} 10^{-4} 10^{-2} 10^{0} 10^{2} 10^{4} 10^{6} 10^{8} 10^{10}

Electromechanical Relay Vacuum Tube Transistor Integrated Circuit
Transistors per Microprocessor

Logarithmic Plot

Doubling time: 2 years

Year


Transistors per Chip

10^3 10^4 10^5 10^6 10^7 10^8 10^9

4004 8008 8086 386 286 486 DX Pentium II Pentium III Pentium 4 Xeon Itanium

$r^2 = 0.9873$
Processor Performance (MIPS)

Logarithmic Plot

MIPS

Year


Doubling time: 1.8 years

Xeon Pentium 4
Pentium II
Pentium
8086
8080
4004

8008
286
386
486
Dynamic RAM Price
Bits per Dollar at Production
(Packaged Dollars)

Doubling time: 1.5 years

Note that DRAM speeds have increased during this period.
Random Access Memory
Bits per Dollar (1949-2004)

Doubling time = 1.5 years

Logarithmic Plot
Microprocessor Clock Speed

Logarithmic Plot

Doubling time: 3 years

\[ r^2 = 0.9699 \]
Microprocessor Cost Per Transistor Cycle

Logarithmic Plot

$\text{$/Transistor/Hz}$

10
10^{-10}
10^{-13}
10^{-16}
10^{-19}


Year

Halving time: 1.1 years
Dynamic RAM
Smallest (called "Half Pitch") Feature Size

Logarithmic Plot

Halving time: 5.4 years
Total Bits Shipped

Logarithmic Plot

Doubling time: 1.1 years

Year


10^8 10^10 10^12 10^14 10^16 10^18
Doubling (or Halving) times

- Dynamic RAM Memory “Half Pitch” Feature Size: 5.4 years
- Dynamic RAM Memory (bits per dollar): 1.5 years
- Average Transistor Price: 1.6 years
- Microprocessor Cost per Transistor Cycle: 1.1 years
- Total Bits Shipped: 1.1 years
- Processor Performance in MIPS: 1.8 years
- Transistors in Intel Microprocessors: 2.0 years
- Microprocessor Clock Speed: 2.7 years
The Biotechnology revolution: 

the intersection of biology with information technology
Every form of communications technology is doubling price-performance, bandwidth, capacity every 12 months
Price-performance
(wireless data devices)

Logarithmic Plot

Bits per Second/$

Year

1 10 100 1000 10000
Internet Data Traffic

Logarithmic Plot

Bytes / Year

Doubling time = 1 year

Year


$10^{12}$ $10^{15}$ $10^{18}$
Internet Backbone Bandwidth (Bits per Second)

Logarithmic Plot

Bits per Second

10^4
10^5
10^6
10^7
10^8
10^9
10^10

Year
Miniaturization: another exponential trend
Decrease in Size of Mechanical Devices (diameter in mm)
Planetary Gear
Nanosystems bearing
Nanosystems smaller bearing
Respirocyte \textit{(an artificial red blood cell)}
Respirocytes with Red Cells

Copyright Vik Olliver, vik@asi.org.
Animation of a respirocyte releasing oxygen in a capillary
High resolution still from the Animation of a respirocyte
Nanotech Science Citations (1990-2002)

Logarithmic Plot

Doubling time: 2.4 years

$r^2 = 0.9862$
Exponential Growth of Computing
Twentieth through twenty first century

Calculations per Second per $1,000

Year

1900 1920 1940 1960 1980 2000 2020 2040 2060 2080 2100

Logarithmic Plot

All Human Brains
One Human Brain
One Mouse Brain
One Insect Brain
Reverse Engineering the Brain: 
the ultimate source of the 
templates of intelligence
The (converging) Sources of the Templates of Intelligence

• AI research
• Reverse Engineering the Brain
• Research into performance of the brain (human thought)
  – Language: an ideal laboratory for studying human ability for hierarchical, symbolic, recursive thinking
• All of these expand the AI tool kit
Resolution of Noninvasive Brain Scanning

Logarithmic Plot

Resolution (mm)

0.1
1
10
100
1000

Year
Brain Scanning
Image Reconstruction Time (seconds)

Logarithmic Plot

- X-axis: Year
- Y-axis: Seconds

The graph shows a logarithmic decrease in image reconstruction time from 1970 to 2005.
Reverse Engineering the Human Brain:
Five Parallel Auditory Pathways

- speech, music, long-term memory
- working memory
- separate streams
- combine representations

- head, eye control
- head, eye orientation
- visual input

Diagram showing various auditory pathways including AC, LS, MGB, SC, ICx, ICC, DCN, OC, VNLL, PON, DNLL, VNTB, LSO, GBC, SEC, MSO, ITD, SBC.
“Now, for the first time, we are observing the brain at work in a global manner with such clarity that we should be able to discover the overall programs behind its magnificent powers.”

-- J.G. Taylor, B. Horwitz, K.J. Friston
Ways that the brain differs from a conventional computer:

• Very few cycles available to make decisions
• Massively parallel: 100 trillion interneuronal connections
• Combines digital & analog phenomena at every level
  – Nonlinear dynamics can be modeled using digital computation to any desired degree of accuracy
  – Benefits of modeling using transistors in their analog native mode
Ways that the brain differs from a conventional computer:

- The brain is self-organizing at every level
- Great deal of stochastic (random within controlled constraints) process in every aspect
  - Self-organizing, stochastic techniques are routinely used in pattern recognition
- Information storage is holographic in its properties
The Brain’s Design is a level of complexity we can manage

- Only about 20 megabytes of compressed design information about the brain in the genome
  - A brain has ~ billion times more information than the genome that describes its design
- The brain’s design is a probabilistic fractal
- We’ve already created simulations of ~ 20 regions (out of several hundred) of the brain
Models often get simpler at a higher level, not more complex

• Consider an analogy with a computer
  – We do need to understand the detailed physics of semiconductors to model a transistor, and the equations underlying a single real transistor are complex.
  – A digital circuit that multiplies two numbers, however, although involving hundreds of transistors, can be modeled far more simply.
Modeling Systems at the Right Level

• Although chemistry is theoretically based on physics, and could be derived entirely from physics, this would be unwieldy and infeasible in practice.
• So chemistry uses its own rules and models.
• We should be able to deduce the laws of thermodynamics from physics, but this is far from straightforward.
  – Once we have a sufficient number of particles to call it a gas rather than a bunch of particles, solving equations for each particle interaction becomes hopeless, whereas the laws of thermodynamics work quite well.
Modeling Systems at the Right Level

• The same issue applies to the levels of modeling and understanding in the brain – from the physics of synaptic reactions up to the transformations of information by neural clusters.
• Often, the lower level is more complex.
• A pancreatic islet cell is enormously complicated. Yet modeling what a pancreas does (in terms of regulating levels of insulin and digestive enzymes) is considerably less complex than a detailed model of a single islet cell.
Seven of the dozen separate movies that the eye extracts from a scene and sends to the brain
The Cerebellum

• The basic wiring method of the cerebellum is repeated billions of times.
• It is clear that the genome does not provide specific information about each repetition of this cerebellar structure
  – but rather specifies certain constraints as to how this structure is repeated
  • just as the genome does not specify the exact location of cells in other organs, such the location of each pancreatic Islet cell in the pancreas
Gathering data from multiple studies, Javier F. Medina, Michael D. Mauk, and their colleagues at the University of Texas Medical School devised a detailed bottom-up simulation of the cerebellum.

Their simulation includes over 10,000 simulated neurons and 300,000 synapses, and includes all of the principal types of cerebellum cells.
The Law of Accelerating Returns is driving economic growth

• The portion of a product or service’s value comprised of information is asymptoting to 100%
• The cost of information at every level incurs deflation at ~ 50% per year
• This is a powerful deflationary force
  - Completely different from the deflation in the 1929 Depression (collapse of consumer confidence & money supply)
Real Gross Domestic Product

Logarithmic Plot

$R^2 = 0.9784$
Per-capita GDP

Logarithmic Plot

$r^2 = 0.9541$
E-commerce Revenues in The United States

Logarithmic Plot

Billions of Dollars

Year


B2B (Business to Business)
B2C (Business to Consumer)
IT’s Share of the Economy

Logarithmic Plot

$r^2 = 0.9711$
Contemporary Examples of Self-organizing systems

• The bulk of human intelligence is based on pattern recognition: the quintessential example of self-organization
Contemporary Examples of Self-organizing systems

- Machines are rapidly improving in pattern recognition
- Progress will be accelerated now that we have the tools to reverse engineer the brain
- Human pattern recognition is limited to certain types of patterns (faces, speech sounds, etc.)
- Machines can apply pattern recognition to any type of pattern
- Humans are limited to a couple dozen variables, machines can consider thousands simultaneously
2010: Computers disappear

- Images written directly to our retinas
- Ubiquitous high bandwidth connection to the Internet at all times
- Electronics so tiny it’s embedded in the environment, our clothing, our eyeglasses
- Full immersion visual-auditory virtual reality
- Augmented real reality
- Interaction with virtual personalities as a primary interface
- Effective language technologies
2029: An intimate merger

- $1,000 of computation = 1,000 times the human brain
- Reverse engineering of the human brain completed
- Computers pass the Turing test
- Nonbiological intelligence combines
  - the subtlety and pattern recognition strength of human intelligence, with
  - the speed, memory, and knowledge sharing of machine intelligence
- Nonbiological intelligence will continue to grow exponentially whereas biological intelligence is effectively fixed
Nanobots provide...

- **Neural implants that are:**
  - Noninvasive, surgery-free
  - Distributed to millions or billions of points in the brain

- **Full-immersion virtual reality incorporating all of the senses**
  - You can be someone else
  - “Experience Beamers”

- **Expansion of human intelligence**
  - Multiply our 100 trillion connections many fold
  - Intimate connection to diverse forms of nonbiological intelligence
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Reference URLs:

Graphs available at:
www.KurzweilAI.net/pps/25ASC/

Home of the Big Thinkers:
www.KurzweilAI.net
The Criticism...

• from Incredulity
The Criticism from Malthus

• “Exponential trends can’t go on forever” (rabbits in Australia…)
  – Law of accelerating returns applies to information technologies
  – There are limits
    • But they’re not very limiting
  – One paradigm leads to another….but
    • Need to verify the viability of a new paradigm
    • Molecular computing is already working
      – Nanotube system with self-organizing features due to hit the market next year
      – Molecular computing not even needed: strong…cheap…AI feasible with conventional chips according to ITRS
    – Exotic technologies not needed
The Criticism from software

• “Software / AI is stuck in the mud”

• Computers still can’t do…..(fill in the blank)
  – The history of AI is the opposite of human maturation

• CMU’s GPS in the 1950’s solved hard adult math problems (that stumped Russell & Whitehead)

• But computers could not match a young child in basic pattern recognition
  – This is the heart of human intelligence

• Tell the difference between a dog and a cat?
The Criticism from software cont.

– Hundreds of AI applications deeply embedded in our economic infrastructure

• CAD, just in time, robotic assembly, billions of $ of daily financial transactions, automated ECG, blood cell image analysis, email routing, cell connections, landing airplanes, autonomous weapons…..

• If all the AI programs stopped…..

• These were all research projects when we had the last summit in 1999
The Criticism from software cont.

• “AI is the study of how to make computers do things at which, at the moment, people are better.” - *Elaine Rich*

• Unsolved Problems have a mystery
  – Intelligence also has a mystery about it…
  – As soon we know how to solve a problem, we no longer consider it “intelligence”

• “At first I thought that you had done something clever, but I see that there was nothing in it, after all” – said to Sherlock Holmes
  – “I begin to think that I make a mistake in explaining.” – Sherlock Holmes
The Criticism from software cont.

• **Software complexity and performance is improving**
  – Especially in the key area of pattern recognition
    • Only recently that brain reverse-engineering has been helpful

• **Take chess, for example**
  – The saga of Deep Fritz
  – With only 1% of the computes of Deep Blue, it was equal in performance
    • Equal in computes to Deep Thought yet it rated 400 points higher on chess rating (a log scale)
    • *How was this possible*: Smarter pattern recognition software applied to terminal leaf pruning in minimax algorithm

• **Or autonomous vehicles....and weapons**
The Criticism from software cont.

• **Genetic Algorithms**
  – Good laboratory for studying evolution
  – More intelligence from less
  – GA’s have become more complex, more capable
    • Evolving the means of evolving
      – Not just evolving the content of the genetic code but adding new genes
      – Reassigning the interpretation of genes
      – Using codes to control gene expression
    • Means to overcome over fitting to spurious data
    • Larger genomes
  – But GA’s are not a silver bullet
    • One self-organizing technique of many
The Criticism from software cont.

- Military technology: steady increase of sophisticated autonomous weapons
- Software productivity exponentially increasing
- Algorithms getting more sophisticated (e.g., search, autocorrelation, compression, wavelets)
- Measures of software complexity (log scale) increasing steadily
- Combined impact of:
  - Increasingly complex pattern recognition methods
    - Starting to be influenced by biologically inspired paradigms
  - Vast data mining not feasible just 7 years ago
The criticism from reliability

• “Software is too brittle, too crash prone” (Jaron Lanier, Thomas Ray)
  – We CAN (and do) create reliable software
    • Intensive care, 911, landing airplanes
      – No airplane has crashed due to software crashes despite software being responsible for most landings
  – Decentralized self-organizing systems are inherently stable
    • The downtime for the Internet over the last decade is zero seconds
The criticism from the complexity of brain processing

• The complexity of all the nonlinearities (ion channels, etc) in the brain is too complex for our technology to model (according to Anthony Bell, Thomas Ray)

• According to Thomas Ray, strong AI will need “billions of lines of code”
  – But the genome has only 30-100 million bytes of compressed code
  – The Brain is a recursive probabilistic fractal
    • Example: The Cerebellum
The criticism from micro tubules and quantum computing

• Human thinking requires quantum computing and that is only possible in biological structures (i.e., tubules) (according to Roger Penrose)
  – No evidence that quantum computing takes places in the tubules
  – Human thinking does not show quantum computing capabilities
  – Even if it were true, it would not be a barrier
    • Would just show that quantum computing is feasible
      – Nothing to restrict it to biological structures
The criticism from Ontology

• John Searle’s Chinese Room:
  – “Because the program is purely formal or syntactical and because minds have mental or semantic contents, any attempt to produce a mind purely with computers programs leaves out the essential features of the mind.”
  – John Searle

• Searle ignores the *emergent* features of a complex, dynamic system
• Can apply Searle’s argument to show that the human brain “has no understanding”
Promise versus Peril

• GNR enables our creativity
  – and our destructiveness
• Ethical guidelines do work to protect against inadvertent problems
  – 30 year success of Asilomar Guidelines
Promise versus Peril cont.

• So what about advertent problems (asymmetric warfare)?
  – Designer pathogens, self-replicating nanotech, unfriendly AI (Yudkowsky)….
  – So maybe we should relinquish these dangerous technologies?
  – 3 problems with that:
    • Would require a totalitarian system
    • Would deprive the world of profound benefits
    • Wouldn’t work
      – Would drive dangerous technologies underground
      – Would deprive responsible scientists of the tools needed for defense
Promise versus Peril cont.

• So how do we protect ourselves?
  – Narrow relinquishment of dangerous information
  – Invest in the defenses….
Recipe for Destruction

By Ray Kurzweil and Bill Joy

AFTER a decade of painstaking research, federal and university scientists have reconstructed the 1918 influenza virus that killed 50 million people worldwide. Like the flu viruses now raging across the globe, the 1918 virus was a bird flu that jumped directly to humans, the scientists reported. To shed light on how the virus evolved, the United States Department of Health and Human Services published the full genome of the 1918 influenza virus on the Internet in the GenBank database.

This is extremely foolish. The genome is essentially the design of a weapon of mass destruction. No reasonable scientist would advocate publishing precise designs for an atomic bomb, and in two ways revealing the sequence for the flu virus.

Ray Kurzweil, an inventor, is the author of "The Singularity is Near: When Humans Transcend Biology." Bill Joy, founder of the former chief scientist of Sun Microsystems, is a partner at a venture-capital firm.

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Why publish the 1918 influenza genome?

A science staff writer, Jacobsen, Kaiser, said, "Both the doctors and scientist's editors acknowledge concerns that terrorists could, in theory, use the information to reconstruct the 1918 flu virus." And yet the journal required that the full genome sequence be made available on the GenBank database as a condition for publishing the paper.

Proponents of publishing this data point out that valuable insights have been gained from the virus's resurrection. These insights could help scientists understand the flu's evolution and better prepare for future pandemics, including avian flu.

There are other approaches, however, to sharing the scientifically useful information. Specific insights -- for example, that a key mutation might in one way or another influence the virus's unusual virulence -- could be published without detailing the complete genome sequence. The precise genome could potentially be shared with scientists with suitable security clearances.

We urgently need international agreements by scientific organizations to limit such publications and to implement strict new controls on the best approach to preventing research for weapons of mass destruction from falling into the wrong hands. Part of that discussion should concern the appropriate role of governments, scientific groups, and industry.

We also need a new Manhattan Project to develop specific defenses against new biological threats. No solution is perfect, but some are more promising than others. For instance, creating new biosecurity technologies, like RNA interference, that could be harnessed. We need to put more time on the defensive side of the scale.

We realize that calling for this genome to be "unpublished" is a bit like trying to gather the birds back into the barn. Perhaps we will be lucky this time, and we will indeed succeed in developing defenses for these killer flu viruses before they are needed. We should, however, treat the genetic sequences of pathogenic influenza viruses no less carefully than designs for nuclear weapons.

For more information, please visit http://www.genetics.org.
“Enough”

• “Is it possible that our technological reach is very nearly sufficient now? That our lives, at least in the West, are sufficiently comfortable.” (Bill McKibben)

• My view: not until we…
  – can meet our energy needs through clean, renewable methods (which nanotech can provide)
  – overcome disease….
    • …and death
  – overcome poverty, etc.

• Only technology – advanced, nanoscale, distributed, decentralized, self-organizing, increasingly intelligent technology – has the scale to overcome these problems.
Okay, let’s say that overcoming disease is a good thing, but perhaps we should stop before transcending normal human abilities….

– So just what is normal?
– Going beyond “normal” is not a new story.
  • Most of the audience wouldn’t be here if life expectancy hadn’t increased (the rest of you would be senior citizens)
– We are the species that goes beyond our limitations
  • We need not define human by our limitations
– “Death gives meaning to life…and to time”
  • But we get true meaning from knowledge: art, music, science, technology
• Scientists: “We are not unique”
  – Universe doesn’t revolve around the Earth
  – We are not descended from the Gods
    • But from apes…worms….bacteria…dust
• But we are unique after all
  – We are the only species that creates knowledge….art, music, science, technology…
    • Which is expanding exponentially
So is the take-off hard or soft?

- **Exponential growth is soft...**
  - Gradual...
  - Incremental...
  - Smooth...
  - Mathematically identical at each point...

- **But ultimately, profoundly transformative**
Reference URLs:

Graphs available at:
www.KurzweilAI.net/pps/25ASC/

Home of the Big Thinkers:
www.KurzweilAI.net