THESIS

A SOFTWARE PROTOTYPE FOR A COMMAND,
CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS AND INTELLIGENCE
(C^3I) WORKSTATION

by

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Rapid Prototyping by using Prototype System Description Language (PSDL) and Computer Aided Prototyping System (CAPS) minimizes the time and resource costs, and maximizes reliability. In this technique, designer builds the prototype with the initial requirements, and the user evaluates the actual behavior of the prototype against its expected behavior. If prototype fails to execute properly, the user and the designer work together to change the requirements and the prototype, until the prototype captures the critical aspects of the software system.

This thesis uses the rapid prototyping approach to produce an Ada software prototype of C3I workstation, which provides commonality and connectivity between naval platforms and land bases by providing the ability to process tactical data from many interfaces in real-time. The major emphasis of the prototype is to support

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C3I information management functions, message generation and information display.

This thesis has successfully produced an executable Ada prototype, and further demonstrates the feasibility of the software research and development policies proposed by the Navy’s Next Generation Computer Resources program.
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A SOFTWARE PROTOTYPE FOR A COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS AND INTELLIGENCE (C³I) WORKSTATION

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This thesis has successfully produced an executable Ada prototype, and demonstrates the feasibility of the software research and development policies proposed by the Navy's Next Generation Computer Resources program.
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<td>Computer Aided Prototyping System</td>
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<td>COMMS</td>
<td>Communications</td>
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<tr>
<td>CWC</td>
<td>Composite Warfare Commander</td>
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<td>C3I</td>
<td>Command, Control, Communications and Intelligence</td>
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<td>ECM</td>
<td>Electronic Counter Measures</td>
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<td>EMAIL</td>
<td>Electronic Mail</td>
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<td>EMCON</td>
<td>Emissions Control</td>
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<td>EMREP</td>
<td>Emergency Report</td>
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<td>ESM</td>
<td>Electronic Support Measures</td>
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<td>FIFO</td>
<td>First In First Out</td>
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<td>INTREP</td>
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<td>MCP</td>
<td>Minimum Calling Period</td>
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<td>NGCR</td>
<td>Next Generation Computer Resources</td>
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<td>OTH-T</td>
<td>Over The Horizon Targeting</td>
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<td>PSDL</td>
<td>Prototype System Description Language</td>
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<td>STATREP</td>
<td>Status Report</td>
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<td>TAE</td>
<td>Transportable Applications Environment</td>
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<td>TCD</td>
<td>Tactical Command Display</td>
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<td>TD</td>
<td>Track Database</td>
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<td>TDD</td>
<td>Track Data Display</td>
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<td>TDM</td>
<td>Track Database Manager</td>
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To my father, whom I love very much, but sadly, I don't have any more chance to share moments;

and to my mother, whom I love very much, and happily, I still have more chance to do so.

Vedat Coskun
I. INTRODUCTION

This thesis describes the development of a software prototype of a workstation for a Command, Control, Communications and Intelligence ($C^3I$) system.

This chapter presents a brief description of the software engineering problem, current methodologies being used, and the major differences between them. The Prototype System Description Language (PSDL), the Computer Aided Prototyping System (CAPS) and $C^3I$ system are also described briefly to provide a foundation for this thesis. The requirements for $C^3I$ system, and the detailed stages of prototyping are given in successive chapters. These chapters are followed with our conclusions and recommendations for further research.

The design of the prototype with PSDL, and prototyping steps through CAPS are performed by Cengiz Kesoglu. Vedat Coskun wrote the Ada code for the modules, and designed the user interface for the prototype.

A. SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Computers are useful only if they perform the functions needed correctly. Most computer faults are due to software design errors rather than hardware malfunctions. Software engineering is important because software has a large and increasing effect on people's lives, and has a large and increasing cost. Developing reliable, useful, and flexible software systems is one of the great challenges facing software engineers today [Ref. 1].

There exist many methodologies to support software engineering. The two major approaches are the waterfall model and the prototyping method [Ref. 2].
The waterfall model describes a sequential approach to software development by using a bottom-up implementation, as shown in the Figure 1-1. The use of bottom-up implementation is the major weakness in this life cycle. With this approach, nothing seems to be produced until the whole system is finished. There are some difficulties in the testing phase, because the most trivial bugs are found at the beginning of testing period, and the most serious ones are encountered at the last. Unfortunately, debugging is extremely hard during this stage since there are thousands of modules to search for the bug. Another weakness of the waterfall model is the sequential progression. It insists that a phase must be finished completely before starting the next one. The requirement analysis stage can be considered as the most critical phase, since the errors made during this phase effect the rest of the project very seriously. Because the user begins to see the important results only after coding

Figure 1-1. The Waterfall Model
phase ends, if there are some decisions done at the design phase that the user does not approve, which is a usual case, lots of effort will be lost, since much work is done based on that wrong design decisions. Improvements in the user’s understanding of what the system will be like when it is completed would be very helpful if they can be achieved before much effort is spent.

B. RAPID PROTOTYPING

The demand for large, high-quality systems has increased to the point where a jump in software technology is needed. Rapid prototyping is one of the most promising solutions to this problem. Rapid prototyping is particularly effective for ensuring that the requirements accurately reflect the user’s real needs, increasing reliability and reducing costly requirement changes [Ref. 3].

Figure 1-2 illustrates the prototyping process. In prototyping cycle, the system designer and the user work together at the beginning to determine the critical parts of the proposed system. Then the designer prepares a prototype of the system based on these critical requirements by using a prototype description language. The resulting system is presented to the user for validation. During these demonstrations, the user evaluates if the prototype behaves as it supposed to do. If errors are found at this point, the user and the designer work together again on the specified requirements and correct them. This process continues until the user determines that the prototype successfully captures the critical aspects of the proposed system. Then designer uses the prototype as a basis for designing the production software [Ref. 4].

The rapid iterative construction of prototypes within a computer aided environment automates the prototyping method of software development and is called rapid prototyping[Ref. 5]. The potential benefits of prototyping depend critically on the ability to modify the behavior of the prototype with less effort than required to modify the production software. Computer aided and object-based rapid prototyping provides a solution to this problem.
Figure 1-2. The prototyping cycle
II. BACKGROUND

A. THE COMPUTER AIDED PROTOTYPING SYSTEM (CAPS)

An integrated set of computer aided software tools, the Computer Aided Prototyping System, has been designed to support prototyping of complex software systems, such as control systems with hard-real-time constraints.

If carried out manually, the prototyping process has limited benefits because of the time and effort involved. CAPS can increase the leverage of the prototyping strategy reducing and adapting a prototype to perceived user needs.

The main components of CAPS are The User Interface, The Software Database System, and The Execution Support System, as shown in the Figure 2-1. Since the CAPS system is a new approach, there is ongoing research on some aspects of it, and the system is not finished yet.

Figure 2-1. CAPS Components

1. The User Interface

The user interface aids evolution by providing facilities for entering information about the requirements and design, presenting the results of prototype
execution to the customer, guiding the choice of which aspects of the prototype to 
demonstrate, and helping the designer propagate the effects of a change. The user 
interface consists of a Syntax-directed Editor with graphic capabilities, an Expert 
System for communicating with end users, and a Browser, as shown in Figure 2-2. 
PSDL is the main component of the user interface, and will be explained in the next 
part.

![Diagram of User Interface Components]

Figure 2-2. User Interface Components

The Graphic Editor is a tool which permits the designer to specify the 
portions of PSDL prototype using graphical objects to represent the system. 
Graphical objects include Operators, Inputs, Outputs, Data Flows, and Self Loops on 
operators [Ref. 6].

The Syntax Directed Editor is used by the designer to enter the textual 
portions of the prototype design not represented by the graphic editor in order to 
completely represent the system [Ref. 4].

The Browser provides the ability for the designer to view the reusable 
components in the software base [Ref. 4].
The Expert System provides the capability that generates English text descriptions of PSDL specifications. This tool permits the understanding of PSDL components to the users who are not familiar with them.

2. The Software Database System

The Software Database System provides reusable software components for realizing given functional (PSDL) specifications, and it consists of Design Database, Software Base, Software Design Management System, and Rewrite System as shown in the Figure 2-3.

![Software Database System Components](image)

The Design Database contains PSDL prototype descriptions for all software projects developed using CAPS [Ref. 4].

The Software Base contains PSDL descriptions and implementations for all reusable software components developed using CAPS [Ref 4].

The Software Design Managements System manages and retrieves the versions, refinements and alternatives of the prototypes in the design database and the reusable components in the software base [Ref 4].
The Software Base speeds up evolution by providing many different versions of commonly used components, making it easier to try out alternative designs. In the PSDL prototyping method, modules are realized by three main mechanisms:

1. Retrieval of suitable components from the Software Base. The Software Base contains generic modules with parameters determined as part of the retrieval process. It also contains rules for matching a specification by means of a composite operator realized by a network of operators, at least one of which must be an available reusable component. The retrieval mechanism can therefore perform some routine aspects of bottom-up design, freeing the designer from the need to be familiar with all of the reusable components in the software base.

2. Decomposition of the component into a network of simpler components. The designer does this if the component can not be retrieved directly from the Software Base, and if the component is sufficiently complex to benefit from decomposition into simpler parts.

3. Direct implementation in a programming language. This is essential if the Software Base does not contain a component that performs the required function with the required speed.

3. The Execution Support System

The Execution Support System contains a Translator, a Static Scheduler, a Dynamic Scheduler, and a Debugger as shown in the Figure 2-4.

The Translator generates code that binds together the reusable components extracted from the software base. Its main functions are to implement data streams, control constraints, and timers.

The Static Scheduler allocates time slots for operators with real time constraints before execution begins. If the allocator succeeds, all operators are guaranteed to meet their deadlines even with the worst case execution times. If the static scheduler fails to find a valid schedule, it provides diagnostic information useful
for determining the cause of the difficulty and whether or not the difficulty can be solved by adding more processors.

![Execution Support System Components](image)

**Figure 2-4. Execution Support System Components**

As execution proceeds, the dynamic scheduler invokes operators without real-time constraints in the time slots not used by operators with real-time constraints.

The Debugger allows the designer to interact with the execution support system. The Debugger has facilities for initiating the execution of a prototype, displaying execution results or tracing information of the execution, and gathering statistics about a prototype’s behavior and performance.

**B. THE PROTOTYPING SYSTEM DESIGN LANGUAGE (PSDL)**

CAPS tools communicate by means of PSDL, which integrates the tools and provides the prototype designer with a uniform conceptual framework and a high level description of the system. PSDL supports frequent design modifications by meeting the subgoals *Modularity, Simplicity, Reuse, Adaptability, Abstraction,* and *Requirements Tracing.*

Modularity is important for easy modification, and is supported by PSDL via *operators* and *data streams.* Good modularity means that the prototype should be
realized by a set of independent modules with narrow and explicitly specified interfaces.

PSDL is simple and easy to use because it contains a small number of powerful constructs. Designs are described in PSDL as networks of operators connected by data streams. These networks can be represented as dataflow diagrams augmented with control and timing constraints. The operators in the network can either be functions or state machines. The data streams can carry exception conditions or values of arbitrary abstract data types.

PSDL supports reusable components with uniform specifications suitable for retrieving modules from a software base. The specification part of a PSDL component contains several attributes that describe the interface and behavior of the component.

PSDL supports adaptability of modules by making small modifications to them when necessary, by means of control constraints. Control constraints can be used to impose preconditions on the execution of a module, to add filters to the output of a module, to suppress or raise exceptions in specified conditions, and to control timers. These facilities allow small modifications to the behavior of a module to be expressed independently of its implementation.

A set of abstractions suitable for describing complex software systems with real-time constraints is important, and hence PSDL provides abstractions suitable for describing large systems and real-time constraints. These include the nonprocedural control constraints such as **timing constraints**, and **timers**. Examples of timing constraints include the maximum execution time, the maximum response time, and the minimum calling period. Timing constraints implicitly determine when operators with hard-real-time constraints will execute. This simplifies evolution by removing explicit scheduling decisions from the design, thus allowing a software tool rather than the designer to handle rescheduling caused by design changes.

Requirements tracing is important because the prototype must adapt the changing perceptions of the requirements resulting from demonstrations of prototype behavior.
PSDL supports requirements by means of a construct for declaring the requirements associated with each part of the prototype.

1. **PSDL Computational Model**

PSDL is based on a computational model. Formally it is an augmented graph. The form of the computational model is:

\[
\text{Graph} = (\text{Vertex, Edge, Time(Vertex), Constraint(Vertex)})
\]

This implies that each graph is represented by its set of vertices, set of edges, set of maximum execution times for each vertex, and set of constraints for each vertex.

![PSDL Graph Example](image)

**Figure 2-5. A PSDL Graph Example**

An example of a PSDL graph is shown in the Figure 2-5. In this graph, operator `translate message` takes the input `incoming message`, outputs into `translated message`, and whole process should take a maximum of 20 milliseconds, as the value of time constraint.

Operators are *state machines*, and the internal state is modeled by a set of state variables. Operators with empty set of state variables behave like *functions*. Operators may be either *atomic* or *composite*. Atomic operators represent single operations and not need to be decomposed into other operators.

Data streams are data which move between operators. They are either *data-flow streams* or *sampled* data streams. Data-flow streams in PSDL act as FIFO buffers of capacity one, and are used for synchronizing data-driven computations.
Data-flow streams guarantee that each of the data values written into the stream is read exactly once. Sampled streams in PSDL model are streams for which only the most recent information is meaningful. One distinction between sampled streams and data flows streams is that reading a data value from stream does not remove it from the stream.

Operators may be triggered by data streams and/or periodic timing constraints. Operators triggered by data streams are called sporadic, and operators triggered by periodic timing constraints are called periodic.

Every time critical sporadic operator has a maximum response time (mrt) and a minimum calling period (mcp) in addition to a maximum execution time (met).

The mrt defines an upper bound on the time that may elapse between the point in time at which an operator is activated to read from its input streams and the time when its write event occurs. A mcp defines a lower bound on the time between two successive activations of the read transitions of operator f (Figure 2-6). The mcp can be considered as the window of opportunity for the operator to use, and the mrt as the used portion of it.

Periodic operators are triggered by temporal events and must occur at regular time intervals. For each operator f, these time intervals are determined by the specified period (OPERATOR f PERIOD t) and deadline (OPERATOR f FINISH WITHIN t).

The period is the time interval between two successive activation times for the read transition of a periodic operator.
The deadline defines an upper bound on the occurrence time of the write transition of a periodic operator relative to the activation of its read transition. By default, the deadline is equal to the maximum execution time, and a static feasibility constraint requires that deadline must be greater than or equal to maximum execution time (Figure 2-7).

The difference between the activation time of a read transition and the deadline for the corresponding write transition is called the scheduling interval. The scheduling intervals of a periodic operator can be viewed as sliding windows, whose position on time axis relative to each other is fixed by the period, and whose absolute position on
the time axis is fixed by the occurrence time $t_0$ of the first read transition. This time may vary within the interval 0 to period of the operator (Figure 2-8).

![scheduling interval diagram](image)

Figure 2-8. Scheduling Interval

The control constraints and the timing constraints determine both the conditions under which the operators are triggered and the buffering disciplines for the data streams. Control constraints can express conditional execution and output, and can control exceptions and timers.

Triggering conditions and guarded outputs are expressed by predicates. If an input stream is guarded by a triggering condition, input data which do not satisfy the condition are read from the stream but do not fire the operator. Similarly, guarded output streams of an operator prevent the specified output data from being written into the guarded streams if the output guard conditions are not satisfied.

Synchronization between different operators in PSDL is achieved by precedence constraints. These constraints are introduced by data streams as follows.

Data-flow streams ensure that values are not read until they are written, and that a value is not overwritten before it has been read. This property ensures that transactions are not lost or repeated, and can be used to correlate data from different sources, such as preprocessor operators operating in parallel.

Sampled streams cannot guarantee that values will never be overwritten before they are read. The purpose of a sampled stream is to provide the most recent available version of data.
The precedence constraints associated with sporadic operators are implicit. Periodic operators are triggered by temporal events rather than by arrival of data values, and in certain conditions the precedence constraints can affect these timing constraints.
III. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE

PROTOTYPE OF A GENERIC C\textsuperscript{3}I WORKSTATION

A. BACKGROUND

A Command, Control, Communications and Intelligence (C\textsuperscript{3}I) System assists the commander in understanding a tactical situation within his geographical area of responsibility. The generic C\textsuperscript{3}I workstation would be designed to be implemented on a wide variety platforms, in support of a Composite Warfare Commander (CWC) command and control architecture. The workstation would provide the CWC and his subordinate commanders and coordinators with a system that supports them in monitoring air, surface, subsurface, and power-projection (strike) tactical environments, and aid in tactical decision making in those areas. The architecture provides for connectivity between naval platforms, shore-bases, and external forces and information sources, and enables the processing of tactical data from internal and external sources [Ref. 7].

Requirements for the generic C\textsuperscript{3}I workstation is given in great detail in the thesis written by Steven E. Anderson [Ref. 7]. A summary of his study will be provided in this chapter as a basis for the prototyping of the C\textsuperscript{3}I workstation.

B. THE ESSENTIAL MODEL

1. The Environmental Model

i. The Statement of Purpose

The purpose of the generic C\textsuperscript{3}I workstation is to provide commonality and connectivity between naval platforms and land bases by providing the ability to
process, in real-time, tactical data from many interfaces. This includes the ability of the C³I workstation to receive and transmit command and control data via communications links, to receive track information from organic platform sensors, to provide a tactical display interface to the user, to provide a modern text editor for generating and forwarding communications messages, and to provide a means for verifying track data integrity.

ii. The Context Diagram

In the Yourdon Environmental Model, the context diagram shows the external interfaces with which the designed system communicates. For C³I workstation, these external interfaces are the users, weapon systems, platform sensors, navigation system, and communications links. The context diagram is given in Figure 3-1.

![Context Diagram](image)

Figure 3-1. The Context Diagram
iii. The Event List

The following is an informal list of events that occur outside of the generic C³I workstation and invoke a response from the station. This list represents a list of generic stimuli that could apply to any specific C³I workstation implementation.

- Network communications message received (via communications links).
- Sensor system data update received.
- Weapons system change of status received.
- Navigation system updates own-ship navigation information.
- User chooses to view track tuple information (textually).
- User chooses to manually add new track to database.
- User chooses to manually modify existing track data.
- User chooses to manually delete track from database.
- User chooses to view own-ship weapon status.
- User chooses to view track data (graphically).
- User chooses to generate a message.
- User enters message text.
- User chooses to read a message.
- User chooses to set system parameters: initiate transmission sequence.
- User chooses to set system parameters: set monitor constraints.
- User chooses to set system parameters: archive set-up.
- User chooses to set system parameters: set track filter.
- User chooses to set system parameters: reporting set-up.
- User chooses to set system parameters: network set-up.
- User chooses to set system parameters: set monitor constraints.

2. The Behavioral Model

Yourdon Behavioral Model provides an informal means for describing the internal behavior of the proposed software system. It consists of data-flow diagrams, process specifications for the atomic modules, and the data dictionary. Level 0 diagram and the data-flow diagrams for the first level decomposition are given in
Appendix A. The detailed decomposition for PSDL is based on these first level decompositions, which will be discussed in further chapters.

C. IMPLEMENTATION CONSTRAINTS

The following constraints are specified in the functional specifications document for a generic C^3I workstation [Ref. 7]:


- The performance constraints for the generic C^3I workstation include hard-real-time information processing and display. Since the current systems are so antiquated, it is somewhat unknown exactly how well such a system can perform. Hence, a policy of "best possible performance" will be adopted while looking at the system performance constraints.

- When interacting with information from multiple sources, the most recent information should be displayed, unless specified otherwise by the user.

- The implementation constraints are somewhat sketchy at present. With today's technology, it is possible to implement such a system on a 100 MIPS class machine (such as a militarized SUN workstation). However, the software developed must be modular and anticipate the portability of this system, as much as possible, onto other machines in the future. Careful attention must be paid to distributed architectures in the design and implementation of this software.

- The system hardware must also provide for a "modern" computer interface including color graphics, windows/menus, mouse/trackball mechanism, keypad, etc. in keeping with the Next Generation Computer Resources (NGCR) effort.

D. REQUIREMENTS AND CONSTRAINTS FOR PROTOTYPING EFFORT

1. Unclassified Environment

Since most C^3I systems and procedures are classified, many generalizing assumptions will be made for the prototype system. Arbitrary representative data values have been provided. The OTH-T Gold Reporting Format has been chosen to
serve as the basis for the prototyping examples since it is both character oriented and unclassified.

2. Prototyping Hardware

The generic C³I workstation will be implemented on a commercially available Sun Microsystems workstation operated by the Naval Postgraduate School Computer Science Department, with the goal of producing software directly transferable to the Genisco Workstation.

3. Prototyping Software

The Sun Microsystems workstation operating system is derived from UC Berkeley Version 4.2BSD and Bell Laboratories’ UNIX System Version 32V.

TAE Plus, a windowing software package developed by NASA Goddard, will be used to generate the user interface to the generic C³I workstation.

In accordance with Department of Defence policy, Ada shall be used as the implementation language for the prototype.

4. Implementation Configuration

Initial prototyping efforts will focus on a single user system with multiple weapons, sensors, and external communications (Figure 3-2).

5. Timing Constraints

- The Inertial Navigation System updates the ownship velocity every 40.96 ms and transmits this nominally every 983.04 ms. The latitude and longitude are updated every 1.3 seconds.

- Provisionally the Generic C³I Workstation should be capable of retrieving data from up to (potentially) 1000 tracks in less than 1 second.

- The time difference between receiving a track data message by the system and entering its contents into the track database should be less than 2 seconds.
Provisionally for prototyping purposes, the maximum number of tracks per sensor will be assumed to be 100 tracks per second.

System response times for man-machine interface are as given in Table 3-1:

TABLE 3-1. Dialogue Type Versus System Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dialogue Type</th>
<th>System Response Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Question and Answer</td>
<td>0.5 to less than 2 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Menu Selection</td>
<td>less than 0.2 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form Filling</td>
<td>greater than 2 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function Keys</td>
<td>less than 0.2 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command Language</td>
<td>0.5 to greater than 2 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural/Query Language</td>
<td>0.2 to less than 0.5 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphic Interaction</td>
<td>less than 0.2 seconds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• System response times for ingressing and egressing communications messages are provided in Table 3-2.

**TABLE 3-2. Message Priorities and System Response**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Message Precedence</th>
<th>Time Between Message Completion and Transmission</th>
<th>Time Between Message Reception and Display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLASH</td>
<td>Very Fast (less than 1 second)</td>
<td>Very Fast (less than 1 second)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMMEDIATE</td>
<td>Fast (less than 2 seconds)</td>
<td>Fast (less than 2 seconds)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIORITY</td>
<td>Moderate (less than 3 seconds)</td>
<td>Moderate (less than 3 seconds)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROUTINE</td>
<td>Slow (less than 4 seconds)</td>
<td>Slow (less than 4 seconds)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Provisionally a nominal weapon status update rate would be once every second.
Based on the system requirements given in the previous chapter, it is possible to construct a module decomposition diagram, consisting of modules that are responsible for implementing these requirements. The first level module decomposition is given in Figure 4-1. Modules in this diagram will be decomposed into lower levels to show the implementation of the higher level module requirements. A detailed description of

![Diagram of Generic C³I Workstation Modules](image)

**Figure 4-1. First Level Module Decomposition**
each module with its corresponding PSDL prototype description will be presented in following sections.

*Comms Links, Sensors, Navigation System and Weapons Systems* modules are actually external to the prototype, and should not be included in the modular decomposition. However, the prototype workstation will need their data, so these modules are included in the prototype to simulate the related external systems.

A. GENERIC C³I WORKSTATION

This module is responsible for the complete implementation of the system described. This is the highest level module, and includes the *communications interface*, the *sensor interface*, the *track database manager*, the *user interface*, and the *weapons interface* along with the modules simulating the external interfaces.

The periods of the external interface simulators are determined according to the total maximum execution times of the atomic operators in the system. Other timing constraints given at this level are calculated based upon the requirements, and will be explained with the related operator explanation. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR c3i_system
SPECIFICATION

DESCRIPTION { This module is responsible for the implementation of the complete generic C³I workstation }

END
IMPLEMENTATION
GRAPH
```
DATA STREAMS

sensor_data : sensor_record,
position_data : ownship_navigation_info,
input_link_message : filename,
weapon_status_data : weapon_status,
comms_email : filename,
sensor_intrep : intelligence_report,
tdd_archive_setup : archive_setup,
tdm_resolution_notice : resolution_notice,
initiate_trans : initiate_transmission_sequence,
terminate_trans : boolean,
tdd_filter : set_track_filter,
tdd_constraints : set_monitor_constraints,
tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command,
tcd_emission_control : emissions_control_command,
tcd_network_setup : network_setup,
weapons_emrep : weapon_status_report,
weapons_statrep : weapon_status_report,
comms_add_track : add_track_tuple,
sensor_add_track : add_track_tuple,
update_track : update_track_tuple,
delete_track : delete_track_tuple,
add_track : add_track_tuple,
out_tracks : track_tuple

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS

OPERATOR comms_interface
OPERATOR sensor_interface
  MINIMUM CALLING PERIOD 2.5 ms
  MAXIMUM RESPONSE TIME 500 ms
OPERATOR track_database_manager
OPERATOR user_interface
OPERATOR weapons_interface
  TRIGGERED BY SOME weapon_status_data
  OUTPUT weapons_emrep IF
     weapon_status_data.status = damaged OR
     weapon_status_data.status = service_required OR
     weapon_status_data.status = out_of_ammunition
  MINIMUM CALLING PERIOD 250 ms
  MAXIMUM RESPONSE TIME 500 ms
OPERATOR comms_links
  PERIOD 10 sec
OPERATOR sensors
B. COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE

The Communications Interface performs those functions directly related to the reception and transmission of the communications messages. Because of the differences between the stations utilizing the communications equipment, this module will vary greatly from one instantiation of a generic C^3_I workstation to another. As it was recommended in the requirements analysis [Ref. 7], implementation of this module is highly modularized.

Communications messages which arrive at the interface will be analyzed to determine if they contain track information, if they need to be relayed to other participants in the network, or if they need to be archived for future reference.

This interface will need to monitor, relay and transmit messages on the various link networks. It performs filtering functions on incoming messages, address routing, track precedence sorting and message format translation.

For prototyping purposes, as proposed in the requirements analysis, the primary communications systems of interested will be JTIDS, LINK-11, LINK-16, and OTCIXS.

The complete modular decomposition of the communications interface is given in Figure 4-2.
Figure 4-2. Decomposition of Communications Interface Module
The timing constraints related to this interface follow:

- For incoming messages, time between message reception and display varies between less than 1 second and less than 4 seconds, depending upon the precedence of the incoming message. The prototype is designed to be fast enough to handle the highest precedence message. Thus the system shall display any incoming message within 1 second after arriving at the interface. On the data flow path for a message from the communications interface to the CRT there are many operators, and these are limited with 500 ms to process on the message.

- Similarly, requirements state that each outgoing message should be transmitted between 1 second and 2 seconds depending on the precedence. Again the prototype is designed to be limited with the lower boundary. Thus each outgoing message shall be processed and forwarded within 1 second after arriving at the interface.

- There is no time constraint for periodic track reports in the requirements. The prototype is designed to produce periodic track report every 2 seconds when this feature is activated.

These timing constraints are reflected on the submodules as minimum calling periods and maximum response times.

Based on the speeds of the links connected to the workstation (1300-5000 bits/sec), and the assumption that the shortest navy message is about 100 characters (800 bits, if start/stop bits and redundant data are neglected), the system will receive a maximum of 25 messages from 4 communications links in 1 second. Therefore, the operator resolve_incoming_messages has 500 ms to handle 12.5 messages, and its minimum calling period is 500 / 12.5 = 40 ms. Maximum response time is 500 ms as indicated above.

The maximum number of messages arriving at the operator resolve_outgoing_messages in 1 second is calculated as follows:

- 1 message/2 sec from periodic operator prepare_track_report.
- 12.5 messages/sec to relay (an assumption that half of the messages that the system received should be relayed).
- 1 message/sec from the user (an assumption).
So totally there are 14.5 messages to process within 1 second. Thus the minimum calling period for this operator is $1000 / 14.5 = 68.9$ ms. Maximum response time is 1000 ms as given by the constraint.

Maximum execution times for operators are determined such that the addition of maximum execution times for a certain process does not exceed the maximum response time of that process. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR comms_interface
SPECIFICATION
    INPUT input_link_message : filename,
        tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command,
        tcd_emission_control : emissions_control_command,
        tcd_network_setup : network_setup,
        tdd_archive_setup : archive_setup,
        initiate_trans : initiate_transmission_sequence,
        terminate_trans : boolean
    OUTPUT comms_email : filename,
        comms_add_track : add_track_tuple
DESCRIPTION { This operator is responsible for processing incoming and outgoing messages as well as producing periodic track reports and format translating }
END
IMPLEMENTATION
GRAPH
```
DATA STREAMS

raw_message : translation_command,
ready_message : transmission_command

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS

OPERATOR resolve_incoming_messages
Detailed explanations of the decomposed composite operators are provided below with their PSDL descriptions.

1. Operator resolve_incoming_messages

The primary function of this operator is to process communications messages received from the connected links. The operator is still complicated for implementation and it is decomposed into four atomic operators as shown in the graph in the PSDL description.

Timing constraints for the operators are given arbitrarily, but the total execution time for the operators is less than or equal to the maximum response time of the operator resolve_incoming_messages.

Some input and output guards, and triggering conditions are specified in the implementation part of the PSDL description, and they will be explained under the definitions of the atomic operators. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR resolve_incoming_messages
SPECIFICATION
   INPUT  input_link_message  : filename,
          tcd_network_setup   : network_setup,
          tdd_archive_setup   : archive_setup
```
OUTPUT comms_email : filename,
    comms_add_track : add_track_tuple,
    tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command
DESCRIPTION { This operator processes the incoming communications messages }
END
IMPLEMENTATION
GRAPH

DATA STREAMS
input_text_record : text_record,
comms_text_file : text_record

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS
OPERATOR parse_input_file
    TRIGGERED BY SOME input_link_message
The atomic operators resulting from the decomposition are explained below.

i. Operator parse_input_file

This is an atomic operator responsible for parsing the incoming communications message and writing the data in the message in an Ada record type for further processing. It is a sporadic operator, and triggered by input_link_message. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR parse_input_file
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  input_link_message : filename
  OUTPUT input_text_record   : text_record
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 250 ms
  DESCRIPTION { Parses the input string and writes the data in a record type }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada parse_input_file
END
```

ii. Operator decide_for_relaying

This is a sporadic operator triggered by input_text_record as specified one level above. Depending on the network conditions described in variable
ted_network_setup, and the address fields in input_text_record, this operator outputs
tcd_transmit_command. As it was determined by the control constraints of this
operator, output is guarded, and this guarding flag (tcd_transmit_command.text.relay)
is set by the operator depending on the conditions explained above. The PSDL
description follows:

OPERATOR decide_for_relaying
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  tcd_network_setup  : network_setup,
         input_text_record  : text_record
  OUTPUT tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 50 ms
  DESCRIPTION { Checks the input message record if it is
                 needed to be relayed }
iv. Operator extract_tracks

This sporadic operator is triggered if the comms_text_file.is_track flag is set to true by the previous operator, and extracts the tracks from the input variable. Then the operator puts them into the output stream. The PSDL description follows:

```psdl
OPERATOR extract_tracks
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT comms_text_file : text_record
  OUTPUT comms_add_track : add_track_tuple
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
  DESCRIPTION { Extracts the tracks from comms_text_file and writes them into add_track }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada extract_tracks
END
```

2. Operator resolve_outgoing_messages

This operator performs the functions for processing all messages for transmission. It is decomposed into four atomic operators. Maximum execution times for the operators are again given arbitrarily, and the triggering and guarding conditions will be explained later with the atomic operators. The PSDL description follows:
OPERATOR resolve_outgoing_messages
SPECIFICATION

INPUT  tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command,
       tcd_emission_control : emissions_control_command,
       tcd_network_setup : network_setup,
       ready_message : transmission_command

OUTPUT raw_message : translation_command

DESCRIPTION { This operator processes the outgoing messages }

END

IMPLEMENTATION

GRAPH

INPUT tcd_transmit_command

OUTPUT raw_message

DATA STREAMS

output_messages : message_list,
transmission_message : transmission_command

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS

OPERATOR make_routing

TRIGGERED BY SOME tcd_transmit_command
The details of the atomic operators with their PSDL descriptions are below.

i. Operator make_routing

This operator prepares the routing field of the transmission_message depending on the tcd_network_setup (it determines which station is in which link), and the addresses of the tcd_transmit_command when triggered by the tcd_transmit_command as explained in triggering conditions. The PSDL description follows:

```psdl
OPERATOR make_routing
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  tcd_network_setup  : network_setup,
         tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command
  OUTPUT transmission_message : transmission_command
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 300 ms
  DESCRIPTION { Prepares the routing field of transmission_message }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada make_routing
END
```
ii. Operator forward_for_translation

This atomic operator is implemented as a state machine with the state variable `translate`. It decides if the transmission_message requires translation depending on the format of the message and the links on which it is going to be transmitted. If the format of the original message is not compatible with the formats allowed in transmission link, then it is necessary to translate it to the appropriate format for that link. The state variable is set upon this decision, and output guard determined in one level above checks for the value of this flag.

As it is explained in requirements document [Ref. 7], the message formats used in communications links are classified. Therefore, for prototyping purposes a graph similar to one in Figure 4-3 is used.

![Communication Formats Diagram](https://example.com/CommunicationFormatsDiagram.png)

Figure 4-3. Notional Message Translation Mapping[6]

The PSDL description follows:

```plaintext
OPERATOR forward_for_translation
SPECIFICATION
INPUT transmission_message : transmission_command
OUTPUT raw_message : translation_command,
ready_message : transmission_command
STATES translate : boolean INITIALLY false
```
MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
DESCRIPTION { checks if message is needed to be translated, and sets the state variable }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada forward_for_translation
END

iii. Operator forward_for_transmission

As it is determined in the control constraints, this operator is triggered by either ready_message or tcd_emission_control. It is a state machine with state variable waiting_messages. As long as the emissions are restricted by tcd_emission_control, the messages for transmission are written into the state variable waiting_messages. When silence is lifted, again by tcd_emission_control, all messages in state variable are written into output stream output_messages. While there is no silence, input ready_message is written into output stream. Output of this operator is guarded by the values of the input stream tcd_emission_control. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR forward_for_transmission
SPECIFICATION
INPUT ready_message : transmission_command,
tcd_emission_control : emissions_control_command
OUTPUT output_messages : message_list
STATES waiting_messages : message_list INITIALLY null
MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 200 ms
DESCRIPTION { queues the input while there is silence, and dequeues when silence lifted }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada forward_for_transmission
END

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iv. Operator convert_to_text_file

This sporadic operator prepares a text file which includes the message to be transmitted. The PSDL description follows.

OPERATOR convert_to_text_file
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT output_messages : message_list
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
  DESCRIPTION { writes the message into a text file }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada convert_to_text_file
END

3. Operator prepare_periodic_report

This operator is responsible for producing periodic track reports. This atomic operator gets the tracks from the database, and periodically prepares a message that contains tracks with matching values determined by initiate_trans command. This process terminates by terminate_trans command. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR prepare_track_report
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT initiate_trans : initiate_transmission_sequence,
  terminate_trans : boolean
  OUTPUT tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
  DESCRIPTION { produces periodic track report }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada prepare_track_report
END
4. Operator translate_message

This operator is supposed to perform message format translation in the real implementation. Since the message formats are classified, for prototyping purposes, it just makes a type conversion between the input and output data streams. The PSDL description follows:

```plaintext
OPERATOR translate_message
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  raw_message  : translation_command
  OUTPUT ready_message : transmission_command
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 300 ms
  DESCRIPTION { performs message format translation }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada translate_message
END
```

C. SENSOR INTERFACE

The type of sensors used by the U.S. Navy varies from platform to platform. There are many differences between the sensors such as speed, data accuracy, tracking capability, maximum number of tracks that can be tracked, etc. As it was advised in the requirements document [Ref. 7], the prototype is designed for a shipboard example. The primary sensor systems in the prototype are SPY-1 radar, SAR-8IRST, SLQ-32 ESM device, and SQS-53C bow mounted sonar.

The Sensor Interface is still thought to be complex and it is decomposed into atomic operators. The functional decomposition of the interface is in Figure 4-4. The functions performed by these atomic modules will be discussed in detail in following sections.

The timing constraints related with this operator were given as follows:

- The inertial navigation system updates the ownship velocity every 40.96 ms and transmits this nominally every 983.04 ms. The latitude and longitude are updated every 1.3 seconds.
- Provisionally for prototyping purposes, the maximum number of tracks per sensor will be assumed to be 100 tracks per second.

![Diagram of Sensor Interface Module]

Figure 4-4. Decomposition of Sensor Interface Module

The second constraint is used to determine the minimum calling period of this interface. Since there will be 4 sensors connected to the prototype C³I workstation, maximum number of tracks coming into the system will be $4 \times 100 = 400$ per second.

There was not a specific timing constraint for maximum time required to process a sensor track data. An assumption was made that a sensor track data shall be processed by the sensor interface within 500 ms after arriving the interface. Therefore minimum calling period for this interface is $500 / 200 = 2.5$ ms. Maximum response time is 500 ms as assumed. These timing constraints were stated in PSDL description of operator c3i_system.

Maximum execution time for the atomic operators are again given arbitrarily. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR sensor_interface
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT sensor_data : sensor_record,
```
position_data : ownship_navigation_info
OUTPUT sensor_add_track : add_track_tuple,
sensor_intrep : intelligence_report

DESCRIPTION { this operator processes the sensor track data }

IMPLEMENTATION

DATA STREAMS
sensor_contact_data : local_track_info,
normalized_contact_data : local_track_info

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS
OPERATOR analyze_sensor_data
TRIGGERED BY SOME sensor_data
OPERATOR normalize_sensor_information
TRIGGERED BY SOME sensor_contact_data
OPERATOR prepare_sensor_track
TRIGGERED BY normalized_contact_data, position_data

END
2. Operator analyze_sensor_data

In the actual system this operator is an expert system that acts as a track filter, eliminating duplicate or redundant information. It insures the consistency and uniqueness of track identification and labeling. As a second major function, based upon the intelligence data supplied by the sensors, such as ESM and ECM information, it also provides decision support.

For prototyping purposes, this operator is designed to separate contact and intelligence information provided by the sensors. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR analyze_sensor_data
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  sensor_data : sensor_record
  OUTPUT sensor_contact_data : local_track_info, sensor_intrep : intelligence_report
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 200 ms
  DESCRIPTION { separates the contact and intelligence data portions of input sensor data }

END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada analyze_sensor_data
END
```

3. Operator normalize_sensor_information

Sensors on a platform are located separately anywhere from a few meters apart, to a hundred meters apart, or more. This module modifies the information provided by a sensor depending on its physical location relative to a reference location on the platform. Thus all track information from different sensors will be reported from the same reference point.

For prototyping purposes, since this module will completely depend on the type of the platform and positions of each individual sensors on that platform, no
computations and modifications are made. It has been placed in the decomposition for the completeness. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR normalize_sensor_information
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT   sensor_contact_data  : local_track_info
  OUTPUT  normalized_contact_data : local_track_info
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
  DESCRIPTION { for prototyping purposes, it just assigns the input into output }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada normalize_sensor_information
END
```

4. Operator prepare_sensor_track

The position information is provided relative to own platform by the sensors. This operator is triggered by this relative track information, and it calculates the absolute position of the track by using the latest own platform position time information. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR prepare_sensor_track
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT   normalized_contact_data : local_track_info,
          position_data     : ownership_navigation_information
  OUTPUT  sensor_add_track        : add_track_tuple
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 200 ms
  DESCRIPTION { converts relative location data to absolute values }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada prepare_sensor_track
END
```
D. TRACK DATABASE MANAGER

The track database manager is responsible for integration and synthesis of tracks received from communications systems and organic platform sensors. It is responsible for including all new tracks, delete old tracks and permitting rapid access to information fields for use by the user. A monitor will scan the database periodically to match, merge, correlate or delete unnecessary tracks.

Based on these simplified general functions, the decomposition shown in Figure 4-5 was produced.

The timing constraints specified for this operator are:

- Provisionally the generic C^3I workstation should be capable of retrieving data from track database up to 1000 tracks in less than one second.
- From the time a track data message is received by the system and its contents are entered into the track database should be less than 2 seconds.
- The inertial navigation system updates the ownship velocity every 40.96 ms and transmits this nominally every 983.04 ms. The latitude and longitude are updated every 1.3 seconds.

The second constraint is used to determine the maximum response time of the operator update_tracks. 500 ms of the given 2 seconds was used by the communications interface to process the incoming message. The maximum response time of operator update_tracks is determined to be 500 ms. So, for a track data message, it takes 1000 ms to enter its contents into the track database, and these timing constraints satisfy the given requirement.

The last constraint is used to determine the type of the operator monitor_ownership_position. Since the input data comes periodically, this operator is designed as a periodic operator with a period equal to the input data flow rate. There was no timing constraint specified in the requirements document for the period of monitoring the database. The prototype is designed to perform this function every 2 seconds.

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Figure 4-5. Decomposition of Track Database Manager Module
The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR track_database_manager
SPECIFICATION

INPUT  comms_add_track : add_track_tuple,
sensor_add_track : add_track_tuple,
add_track : add_track_tuple,
update_track : update_track_tuple,
delete_track : delete_track_tuple,
tdd_filter : set_track_filter,
tdd_constraints : set_monitor_constraints,
position_data : ownship_navigation_info
OUTPUT out_tracks : track_tuple,
tdm_resolution_notice : resolution_notice,

DESCRIPTION { manages the track database }
END

IMPLEMENTATION

GRAPH

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS
OPERATOR update_tracks
OPERATOR monitor_database
The details about the operators in the decomposition at this level are given below.

1. **Operator update_tracks**

This module performs the functions for adding new tracks into the track database, deleting tracks from the database, and updating tracks in the database. It is composed of several atomic operators and the details of them will be provided in the following sections. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR update_tracks

SPECIFICATION

INPUT
  comms_add_track : add_track_tuple,
  sensor_add_track : add_track_tuple,
  add_track : add_track_tuple,
  update_track : update_track_tuple,
  delete_track : delete_track_tuple,
  tdd_filter : set_track_filter,
  position_data : ownship_navigation_info

OUTPUT
  out_tracks : track_tuple

STATES
  tracks : track_tuple

INITIALLY null

DESCRIPTION { adds, deletes, updates tracks }

END

IMPLEMENTATION

GRAPH
```
DATA STREAMS

filtered_comms_track : add_track_tuple,
filtered_sensor_track : add_track_tuple

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS

OPERATOR filter_comms_tracks
TRIGGERED BY SOME comms_add_track

OPERATOR filter_sensor_tracks
TRIGGERED BY SOME sensor_add_track

OPERATOR add_comms_track
TRIGGERED BY SOME filtered_comms_track
OPERATOR add_sensor_track
  TRIGGERED BY SOME filtered_sensor_track
OPERATOR monitor_ownership_position
  TRIGGERED BY SOME position_data
OPERATOR delete_the_track
  TRIGGERED BY SOME delete_track
OPERATOR update_the_track
  TRIGGERED BY SOME update_track
OPERATOR add_user_track
  TRIGGERED BY SOME add_track
END

i. Operator filter_comms_tracks

This operator prevents unwanted tracks from entering the track database. It is triggered by comms_add_track, and depending on the filtering conditions set by the user via tdd_filter, only the tracks satisfying the filtering conditions are placed into the output stream. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR filter_comms_tracks
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  tdd_filter : set_track_filter,
  comms_add_track : add_track_tuple
  OUTPUT filtered_comms_track : add_track_tuple
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
  DESCRIPTION { filters the tracks depending on the values specified by tdd_filter }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada filter_comms_tracks
END

ii. Operator filter_sensor_tracks

This operator performs a similar filtering operation for the tracks coming from the sensor interface. The PSDL description follows:
OPERATOR filter_sensor_tracks
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  tdd_filter : set_track_filter,
          sensor_add_track : add_track_tuple
  OUTPUT filtered_sensor_track : add_track_tuple
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
  DESCRIPTION { filters the tracks depending on the
                values specified by tdd_filter }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada filter_sensor_tracks
END

iii. Operator add_comms_track

This atomic operator adds the filtered comms tracks to the track.
database. Tracks are added to the database with a prioritizing scheme as defined in
the requirements document [Ref. 7]. Air tracks are placed at the top of the database,
followed by surface and then subsurface tracks. Within these demarcations, the
tracks are ordered on the range from our station. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR add_comms_track
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  filtered_comms_track : add_track_tuple,
         tdd_filter : set_track_filter
  OUTPUT out_tracks : track_tuple
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
  DESCRIPTION { adds comms tracks to the database }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada add_comms_track
END

iv. Operator add_sensor_track

This atomic operator adds the filtered sensor tracks to the track
database as explained above. The PSDL description follows:
OPERATOR add_sensor_track  
SPECIFICATION  
   INPUT filtered_sensor_track : add_track_tuple,  
                tdd_filter : set_track_filter  
   OUTPUT out_tracks : track_tuple  
   MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms  
   DESCRIPTION { adds sensor tracks to the database }  
END  
IMPLEMENTATION Ada add_sensor_track  
END  

\textit{v. Operator monitor\_ownship\_position}  

This is an atomic operator that acts as an interface with ownship navigation system. In the actual implementation, this operator would be concerned with the message protocols, and bit patterns necessary to retrieve information from the navigation system. For the prototype system, as an interface, this operator parses through representative navigation data and modifies the own position data in the track database. The PSDL description follows:  

OPERATOR monitor\_ownship\_position  
SPECIFICATION  
   INPUT position_data : ownship\_navigation\_info  
   OUTPUT out_tracks : track_tuple  
   MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 1000 ms  
   DESCRIPTION { parses through the input and modifies the own position in database }  
END  
IMPLEMENTATION Ada monitor\_ownship\_position  
END  

\textit{vi. Operator update\_the\_track}  

This atomic operator updates the specified track in the track database. The PSDL description follows:
OPERATOR update_the_track
SPECIFICATION
    INPUT  update_track : update_track_tuple
    OUTPUT out_tracks   : track_tuple
    MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 1000 ms
    DESCRIPTION { updates the specified track }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada update_the_track
END

vi. Operator delete_the_track

This atomic operator deletes the specified track from the database.
The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR delete_the_track
SPECIFICATION
    INPUT  delete_track : delete_track_tuple
    OUTPUT out_tracks   : track_tuple
    MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 1000 ms
    DESCRIPTION { deletes the track from the database }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada delete_the_track
END

vii. Operator add_user_track

This atomic operator adds the tracks entered by the user. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR add_user_track
SPECIFICATION
    INPUT  add_track   : add_track_tuple
    OUTPUT out_tracks : track_tuple
    MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 1000 ms
    DESCRIPTION { adds user tracks to the database }
2. Operator monitor_database

The purpose of this module is to scan the track database periodically with the goal of removing old, unwanted, and redundant tracks. This is performed by specified atomic operators. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR monitor_database
SPECIFICATION
INPUT  
  tdd_constraints : set_monitor_constraints,  
  out_tracks : track_tuple
OUTPUT  
  delete_track : delete_track_tuple,  
  tdm_resolution_notice : resolution_notice,
DESCRIPTION  
  { scans the database for old, unwanted and redundant tracks }
END
IMPLEMENTATION
GRAPH

END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada add_user_track
END
CONTROL CONSTRAINTS

OPERATOR check_for_time-out_and_range
OUTPUT delete_track IF bad_track_found
OPERATOR identify_similarities
TRIGGERED IF NOT mode = OFF
OUTPUT tdm_resolution_notice IF mode = ADVISE AND
similarity_found,
delete_track IF mode = AUTOMATIC AND
similarity_found
END

The details about the atomic operators are explained below.

i. Operator check_for_timeout_and_range

This atomic operator scans the track database and forwards the id’s of the tracks with older refreshing time and greater range than specified by the constraints. It is implemented as a state machine, and output is placed if the state variable bad_track_found is set to true. The state variable is set to true if any out-timed or out-ranged track is found in the track database. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR check_for_time-out_and_range
SPECIFICATION
INPUT out_tracks : track_tuple,
tdd_constraints : set_monitor_constraints
OUTPUT delete_track : delete_track_tuple
STATES bad_track_found : boolean INITIALLY false
MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 300 ms
DESCRIPTION { scans database for aged and out ranged tracks }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada check_for_timeout_and_range
END


**ii. Operator identify_similarities**

This operator scans the database for redundant tracks. If a similarity is found, than the state variable is set to true, and depending on the operation mode specified by tdd_constraints (advise or automatic), either the track id is forwarded to operator update_tracks for deletion, or a notice is sent to the user. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR identify_similarities
SPECIFICATION
    INPUT
      out_tracks : track_tuple,
      tdd_constraints : set_monitor_constraints
    OUTPUT
      tdm_resolution_notice : resolution_notice,
      delete_track : delete_track_tuple
    STATES
      similarity_found : boolean INITIALLY false
    MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 700 ms
    DESCRIPTION { scans the database for track resolution }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada identify_similarities
END
```

**E. USER INTERFACE**

The user interface for generic C^3^1 workstation prototype is implemented with version 4.1 release of Transportable Applications Environment (TAE) Plus. TAE Plus provides an integrated and consistent environment for developing and running both contemporary window-based applications with graphical, point-and-click user interfaces based on the X Window System, and more traditional alpha-numeric-based applications [Ref. 8].

After preparing and running the implemented user interface within TAE Plus workbench, the software provides a skeleton of an executable Ada program for the
user interface. Then, this Ada program is modified to meet the requirements of the whole system. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR user_interface
SPECIFICATION

INPUT
comms_email : filename,
sensor_intrep : intelligence_report,
out_tracks : track_tuple,
tdm_resolution_notice : resolution_notice,
weapons_statrep : weapon_status_report,
weapons_emrep : weapon_status_report,

OUTPUT
delete_track : delete_track_tuple,
add_track : add_track_tuple,
update_track : update_track_tuple,
tdd_filter : set_track_filter,
tdd_constraints : set_monitor_constraints,
tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command,
terminate_trans : boolean,
tdd_archive_setup : archive_setup,
initiate_trans : initiate_transmission_sequence,
tcd_network_setup : network_setup,
tcd_emission_control : emissions_control_command

DESCRIPTION { interfaces with the user }

END
IMPLEMENTATION

GRAPH
DATA STREAMS

modify_database : modify_command;,  
tcd_status_query : boolean,  
editor_selected : boolean,  
td_track_request : database_request,  
td_graphic_track_request : database_request

CONTROL CONSTRAINTS

OPERATOR manage_user_interface
OPERATOR get_user_inputs
OPERATOR resolution_notice_panel
  TRIGGERED BY SOME tdm_resolution_notice
OPERATOR emergency_status_screen
  TRIGGERED BY SOME weapons_emrep
OPERATOR message_arrival_panel
  TRIGGERED BY SOME comms_email
OPERATOR intelligence_report_panel
  TRIGGERED BY SOME sensor_intrep
OPERATOR get_modification_data
  TRIGGERED BY SOME modify_database
OPERATOR status_screen
  TRIGGERED IF tcd_status_query
OPERATOR message_editor
  TRIGGERED IF editor_selected
OPERATOR display_tracks
  TRIGGERED BY SOME out_tracks
OPERATOR display_graphic_tracks
  TRIGGERED BY SOME out_tracks

END

1. Operator manage_user_interface

This is the operator which controls all of interactions with the user. It opens and closes the panels, senses and receives the user inputs, and assigns these inputs to related variables. This operator does not have any input or output variable.
specified in the PSDL description since the external input and output is not allowed in the current version of CAPS.

First it displays the main menu panel and gets the user's choice. The main menu panel provides the user following options:

- Archive Setup
- Track Filter
- Display Tracks
- Display Graphic Tracks
- Weapon Status
- Network setup
- EMCON Status
- Message Editor
- Read Message Panel
- Initiate Track Report
- Terminate Track Report
- Modify Database

When user selects one of the options above, the specified panel is displayed, and user enters related data as shown on the panel. These data is used either to set the variables provided by the operator get_user_inputs, or triggering other operators in the user interface module.

Operator manage_user_interface is the atomic operator which controls other TAE Plus modules. It makes use of many other functions and procedures which are not described by PSDL. The explanation for these functions and how the user interface runs will be provided in the next chapter. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR manage_user_interface
SPECIFICATION
   DESCRIPTION { controls other user interface modules }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada manage_user_interface
END
```
2. Operator get_user_inputs

This atomic operator puts the values supplied by the manage user interface to the output data streams. If the user does not specify some values, default values are used. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR get_user_inputs
SPECIFICATION

OUTPUT modify_database : modify_command,
tcd_status_query : boolean,
editor_selected : boolean,
td_track_request : database_request,
td_graphic_track_request : database_request,
initiate_trans : initiate_transmission_sequence,
terminate_trans : boolean,
tdd_filter : set_track_filter,
tdd_constraints : set_monitor_constraints,
tdd_archive_setup : archive_setup,
tcd_network_setup : network_setup,
tcd_emission_control : emissions_control_command

DESCRIPTION { assigns the values of the out parameters }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada get_user_inputs
END
```

3. Operator resolution_notice_panel

This atomic operator displays the notice sent by the track database manager. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR resolution_notice_panel
SPECIFICATION
```
4. **Operator emergency_status_screen**

This atomic operator displays the emergency weapon status sent by the weapons interface. The PSDL description follows:

```pascal
OPERATOR emergency_status_screen
SPECIFICATION
   INPUT weapons_emrep : weapon_status_report
   DESCRIPTION { displays emergency weapon status }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada emergency_status_screen
END
```

5. **Operator message_arrival_panel**

This atomic operator displays the name of the file which consists a the newly arrived message. If user choices to see the message, it will be displayed for browsing. The PSDL description follows:

```pascal
OPERATOR message_arrival_panel
SPECIFICATION
   INPUT comms_email : filename
   DESCRIPTION { displays the name of the file which has the newly arrived message in it }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada message_arrival_panel
END
```
6. Operator intelligence_report_panel

This atomic operator displays the intelligence report supplied by the sensors interface. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR intelligence_report_panel
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT sensor_intrep : intelligence_report
  DESCRIPTION { displays the intelligence report }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada intelligence_report_panel
END

7. Operator get_modification_data

This atomic operator displays a panel with three options in it. By these options, the user can add a track into the database manually, or he can delete or update an existing track in the database. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR get_modification_data
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT modify_database : modify_command
  OUTPUT add_track : add_track_tuple,
                   update_track : update_track_tuple,
                   delete_track : delete_track_tuple
  DESCRIPTION { gets track database modification values }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada get_modification_data
END

8. Operator status_screen

This atomic operator displays the weapon status supplied by the weapons interface. The PSDL description follows:
OPERATOR status_screen
SPECIFICATION
    INPUT weapons_statrep : weapon_status_report,
           tcd_status_query : boolean
    DESCRIPTION { displays the weapon status }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada status_screen
END

9. Operator message_editor

This atomic operator provides the user an empty message template. The user can type in the fields of the template to complete the message. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR message_editor
SPECIFICATION
    INPUT editor_selected : boolean
    OUTPUT tcd_transmit_command : transmit_command
    DESCRIPTION { provides the message template }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada message_editor
END

10. Operator display_tracks

This atomic operator first gets the filtering values, such as track type, IFF type, maximum range from the user, and then displays the tracks satisfying the filtering conditions. User can change these filtering conditions any time by querying this panel. The PSDL description follows:

OPERATOR display_tracks
SPECIFICATION
11. **Operator display_graphic_tracks**

This atomic operator displays the tracks graphically as explained above. The PSDL description follows:

```psdl
OPERATOR display_graphic_tracks
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT td_graphic_track_request : database_request
  DESCRIPTION { displays the tracks graphically }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada display_graphic_tracks
END
```

**F. WEAPONS INTERFACE**

In the actual C^3^1 workstation, the Weapons Systems Interface is designed to monitor current weapons systems statuses, including operational availability, reload status, weapons loadout, and any additional information that may be deemed relevant [Ref. 7].

For the prototype workstation, in keeping with the provisional shipboard example, the primary weapons connected to the system will be a PHALANX CIWS, a 5"/54 gun, TOMAHAWK cruise missiles, and Mk 46 torpedoes. It will be assumed that these weapon systems provide real time status data at every 1 second as specified in the timing constraints given in previous chapter.

According to this given timing constraint, there will be 4 weapon status data coming to the interface in 1 second, assuming that the interface shall process an
individual data in 500 ms, the minimum calling period for this interface is 250 ms. Maximum response time is 500 ms. These timing constraints were specified at the first level PSDL description with the guard conditions. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR weapons_interface
SPECIFICATION
INPUT weapon_status_data : weapon_status
OUTPUT weapons_emrep : weapon_status_report,
weapons_statrep : weapon_status_report
STATES ciws_status,
gun_status,
tws_status,
mk_48_status : weapon_status_type
INITIALLY ready, ready, ready, ready
MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
DESCRIPTION { interfaces with weapon systems, and forwards weapon status reports }
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada weapons_interface
END
```

G. EXTERNAL SYSTEMS

These are separate atomic operators simulating the external systems producing data for the prototype C³I workstation. In general, all of them use a random number generator package to produce random data.

Having these external systems included in the C³I prototype actually slows down the execution, and effects the timing constraints specified for the other operators. But for the completeness of the prototype, these are included within the C³I prototype.

Maximum execution times for these operators are given arbitrarily at this moment, and they will be minimized during the execution process through CAPS.
1. Operator comms_links

This operator simulates the communications links attached to the prototype workstation. It is defined as a non time critical operator, so the dynamic scheduler will schedule this operator to produce messages. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR comms_links
SPECIFICATION
   OUTPUT input_link_message : filename
   DESCRIPTION { produces the input messages }
   MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada comms_links
END
```

2. Operator sensors

This is an operator which simulates sensors connected to the prototype C³I workstation. It creates a certain number of tracks initially, and then each time it reports the current position of a track chosen randomly. The initial positions and speed, course values of the tracks are decided randomly by using a random number generator. The operator keeps track of the tracks within a database which is implemented as a linked list, and updates the values as time passes. The PSDL description follows:

```
OPERATOR sensors
SPECIFICATION
   OUTPUT sensor_data : sensor_record
   DESCRIPTION { creates sensor data }
   MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada sensors
END
```
3. Operator navigation_system

This operator simulates the navigation subsystem of the platform, and produces position data. For the prototyping effort, ownship is assumed to start navigation from a certain geographic position, and steams to a constant route with constant speed. This operator is defined to be a periodic operator to simulate the real navigation system. The PSDL description follows:

```plaintext
OPERATOR navigation_system
SPECIFICATION
  OUTPUT position_data : ownship_navigation_info
  DESCRIPTION { creates ownship position data }
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada navigation_system
END
```

4. Operator weapons_systems

This operator simulates the weapons systems attached to the prototype. It produces weapon status data periodically. The PSDL description follows:

```plaintext
OPERATOR weapons_systems
SPECIFICATION
  OUTPUT weapon_status_data : weapon_status
  DESCRIPTION { creates weapon status data }
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 100 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION Ada weapons_systems
END
```
G. DATA TYPES

A variety of data types are used in the prototype. The definitions of these data types, their associations with the data streams, and the names of the operators using these data streams are provided in Table 4-1.

**TABLE 4-1. User Defined Data Types**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATA TYPE</th>
<th>DATA STREAMS</th>
<th>OPERATORS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>add_track_tuple</td>
<td>comms_add_track</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sensor_add_track</td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>add_track</td>
<td>resolve_incoming_messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>filtered_comms_track</td>
<td>extract_tracks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>filtered_sensor_track</td>
<td>sensor_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>prepare_sensor_track</td>
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<td></td>
<td>track_database_manager</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>update_tracks</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>filter_comms_tracks</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>filter_sensor_tracks</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>add_sensor_track</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>archive_setup</td>
<td>tdd_archive_setup</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolve_incoming_messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>get_user_inputs</td>
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<td>database_request</td>
<td>td_track_request</td>
<td>user_interface</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>td_graphic_track_request</td>
<td>get_user_inputs</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>display_graphic_tracks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete_track_tuple</td>
<td>delete_track</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>track_database_manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>update_tracks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>delete_the_track</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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### TABLE 4-1. User Defined Data Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATA TYPE</th>
<th>DATA STREAMS</th>
<th>OPERATORS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>message_list</td>
<td>output_messages waiting_messages</td>
<td>resolve_outgoing_messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>forward_for_transmission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>convert_to_text_file</td>
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<tr>
<td>modify_command</td>
<td>modify_database</td>
<td>user_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>get_user_inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>get_modification_data</td>
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<td>network_setup</td>
<td>tcd_network_setup</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>resolve_incoming_messages</td>
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<td>decide_for_relaying</td>
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<td>resolve_outgoing_messages</td>
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<td>make_routing</td>
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<td></td>
<td>get_user_inputs</td>
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<tr>
<td>ownership_navigation_info</td>
<td>position_data</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>track_database_manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>update_tracks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>monitor_ownership_position</td>
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<td></td>
<td>navigation_system</td>
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<tr>
<td>resolution_notice</td>
<td>tdm_resolution_notice</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
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<td>track_database_manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>monitor_database</td>
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<td>sensor_record</td>
<td>sensor_data</td>
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<tr>
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<td>analyze_sensor_data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>sensors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ad a linked list type that contains communications messages.

Ada linked list type that contains communications messages.

Ada enumeration type which consists of database modification types (add, update, delete).

Ada array type that contains the names of the stations in four different communications links.

Ada record type that contains the position, velocity and course values for own ship.

Ada record type that contains the information about the tracks which are found to be similar by the track database manager.

Ada record type that contains the track data which is generated by the sensors.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATA TYPE</th>
<th>DATA STREAMS</th>
<th>OPERATORS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>emissions_control_command</td>
<td>tcd_emission_control</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolve_outgoing_messages</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>forward_for_transmission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>user_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>get_user_inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filename</td>
<td>input_link_message</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolve_incoming_messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>parse_input_file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>decide_for_archiving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>user_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>message_arrival_panel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comms_links</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>initiate_transmission_sequence</td>
<td>initiate_trans</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>prepare_periodic_report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>user_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>get_user_inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intelligence_report</td>
<td>sensor_intrep</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>sensor_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>analyze_sensor_data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>user_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>intelligence_report_panel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>local_track_Info</td>
<td>sensor_contact_data</td>
<td>sensor_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>analyze_sensor_data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>normalize_sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>prepare_sensor_track</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ad a record type that contains the current EMCON status.

Ad a string type that contains the name of a message.

Ad a record type that contains the track report which will be transmitted to the other stations periodically.

Ad a record type that contains the intelligence data and the source of the information.

Ad a record type that contains the track information.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>DATA TYPE</strong></th>
<th><strong>DATA STREAMS</strong></th>
<th><strong>OPERATORS</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>set_monitor_constraints</td>
<td>tdd_constraints</td>
<td>c3_system track_database_manager monitor_database check_for_timeout_and_range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>identify_similarities user_interface get_user_inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set_track_filter</td>
<td>tdd_filter</td>
<td>c3_system track_database_manager update_tracks filter_comms_tracks filter_sensor_tracks add_comms_track add_sensor_track user_interface get_user_inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolve_incoming_messages parse_input_file decide_for_relaying decide_for_archiving extract_tracks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>text_record</td>
<td>input_text_record comms_text_file</td>
<td>c3i_system track_database_manager update_tracks add_comms_track add_sensor_track monitor_ownership_position update_the_track delete_the_track add_user_track monitor_database check_for_timeout_and_range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>identify_similarities user_interface display_tracks display_graphic_tracks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>track_tuple</td>
<td>out_tracks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>tracks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ada record type which determines monitor constraints.

Ada record type which contains filtering data for the tracks.

Ada record type that contains a communications message.

Ada linked list type of track records.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATA TYPE</th>
<th>DATA STREAMS</th>
<th>OPERATORS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>translation_command</td>
<td>raw_message</td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolve_outgoing_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>forward_for_translation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>translate_message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>transmit_command</td>
<td>tcd_transmit_command</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comms_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolve_incoming_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>decide_for_relaying</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolve_outgoing_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>make_routing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>prepare_track_report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>user_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>message_editor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>update_track_tuple</td>
<td>update_track</td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>weapon_status</td>
<td>weapon_status_data</td>
<td>track_database_manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>weapon_status_report</td>
<td>weapons_emrep</td>
<td>update_tracks</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>weapons_statrep</td>
<td>update_the_track</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>weapon_status</td>
<td>weapon_status_data</td>
<td>user_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>get_modification_data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>c3i_system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>weapons_interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>weapons_systems</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ada array type which contains the message text which will be translated.

Ada array type which contains message records which will be transmitted.

Ada record type that contains the information for the track which will be updated in the track database.

Ada record type that contains status of the weapon systems.

Ada array type that contains current status of the weapon systems.
CHAPTER V

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE C^3I WORKSTATION

Prototyping through CAPS

The prototyping process in the CAPS environment is done by following the steps given below:

- The designer draws the graphs by using the graphic editor.
- The graphic editor provides the skeleton PSDL code.
- The designer modifies the skeleton PSDL code by using the syntax-directed editor, and finally system produces psdl.txt file which contains the PSDL description of the prototype.
- The translator produces an Ada package, tl.a, which handles the instantiation of the data streams, reading data from the data streams, writing data to data streams, executing the atomic operators, and etc. CAPS uses psdl.txt file to produce this driver package.
- The static scheduler tries to find a schedule for the time critical operators, and if a feasible schedule is found, the static scheduler produces ss.a, Ada package that contains the static schedule.
- Once the static schedule is found, the dynamic scheduler produces the file ds.a which contains the dynamic schedule for the non-time critical operators in the psdl.txt.
- CAPS provides the user with matching Ada reusable components for the atomic operators. If a reusable component can not be found, then the designer either decomposes the operator and tries to find Ada component for them, or he writes the Ada component for that operator. When all the components are found, they are placed in Ada package sb.a.
- CAPS compiles and loads sb.a, tl.a, ds.a, and ss.a and starts to execute the prototype.
CAPS environment is still an ongoing research study, and the functions listed above were not all ready when we started prototyping. This chapter explains how these steps are accomplished for C3i workstation prototype.

A. PREPARING PSDL DESCRIPTION FILE, *PSDL.TXT*

When we started modular decomposition, and defining PSDL descriptions, the graphic and syntax directed editors were not ready to use for a multi level PSDL example. For this reason we have used framemaker to draw the graphs and write the PSDL code.

After completing the multi level decomposition, we prepared the psdl.txt file which includes only the atomic operators in the bottom level of the decomposition. The consistency checking between the levels, and the different modules was done manually.

The psdl.txt file is provided in Appendix B.

B. PRODUCING DRIVER PACKAGE, *TLA*

The translator gets psdl.txt file as input, and produces tl.a as output.

Package tl.a consists of instantiations of generic package SAMPLED_BUFFER (or FIFO_BUFFER) for each data streams used, and driver procedures for each atomic operator.

During the execution of the prototype, the system continuously gave bus errors at a certain point of the program. After a long debugging effort, we figured out that this error occurs for the data stream which was instantiated as the last package (package c3i_system_package in tl.a). We could not find any meaningful reason for this error, and solved it by adding a new sampled_buffer instantiation at the end of the package, which we actually did not use at all. This problem appears to be caused by a fault in the Verdix Ada Compiler, Version 6.0.

The other problems we encountered either during the translation of psdl.txt or compiling tl.a were mostly solved by Prof. Berzins, V.
The driver package tl.a is provided in Appendix C.

C. BUILDING THE STATIC SCHEDULE, SS.A

The static scheduler that we started with constrained the designer to specify minimum calling periods and maximum response times together with the maximum execution times. Later, we thought that it would be better if the static scheduler calculated the undefined mrt and mcp values, depending on the other timing constraints supplied by the designer, and the static scheduler was modified to do so. The algorithm and the corresponding Ada code is provided in Appendix G.

Another problem with the static scheduler occurred during the execution of the prototype. Because of the amount of variables used, the default storage size for the static schedule task was not long enough. For this reason the scheduler package was modified to produce the static schedule package, ss.a, with sufficient storage size. For this modification an Ada representation clause is used.

The static schedule package ss.a is given in Appendix D.

D. BUILDING THE DYNAMIC SCHEDULE, DS.A

Similar to static schedule, we encountered a storage size error for the dynamic schedule. The dynamic scheduler was also modified to overcome this error.

The dynamic schedule package produced by the updated dynamic scheduler is provided in Appendix E.

E. BUILDING THE SOFTWARE BASE, SB.A

This step of searching, finding and retrieving matching Ada components for the atomic PSDL operators was not yet implemented. In addition, we could not find any matching Ada components manually for almost all of the operators used in C3I. For this reason we had to write Ada components for all of the atomic operators, and test them.
As it was mentioned before, we have used TAE Plus to create the user interface modules. TAE Plus provides the interface designer either Ada or C code for the designed interface. But this tool generated code is not ready to execute, and the designer still has to modify it. The TAE Plus resource file created by the TAE Plus Workbench, user.res, must be placed into the directory where the prototype runs. We thought that it would be very useful to explain how TAE Plus code is modified to get an executable interface code. This is done in Appendix H.

The Ada components are placed in the software base package, sb.a, written in Ada. This is provided in Appendix F. Due to the time limitation of our research, some of the functions could not be integrated into the running version of the prototype. But the Ada code for these functions were also prepared, and tested. This code is given in Appendix I.
CHAPTER VI

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. CONCLUSIONS

Due to its complexity and size, it was impossible to realize this prototype by using traditional software engineering techniques and programming languages only. Our research has contributed towards the development of a rapid prototype of a C³I system software by using the CAPS environment. The required features, characteristics and difficulties with the development of such a software system have been refined as a result of the long term effort which this thesis describes.

This thesis research incorporated the first attempt to make use of a rapid prototyping environment, CAPS, to prototype a hard-real-time software system. This required comprehensive understanding of the major tools provided by the CAPS environment, besides the knowledge of C³I systems, the PSDL language and other system design issues. As was explained in the previous chapter, using the environment for the first time, we encountered many problems that slowed down the main research effort, and only two thirds of the prototype could be implemented.

The major emphasis of the prototype designed is to support C³I information management functions such as track information correlation, message generation and information display. Due to the limited research time, some of the minor functions, such as message format translation, automatic message relaying and part of the track database manager is excluded from the prototype. The complete list of these functions is provided in the following recommendations section.

Hard-real-time constraints imposed by the requirements analysis are reflected in the design of the prototype. These timing constraints were feasible for a stand alone
Sun Microsystems Workstation. The prototyping research has been carried out on a multi user Sun system which is much slower than the proposed hardware. This speed difference and the dependency of the system speed on the number of users at the execution time forced us to use longer maximum execution times, and periods to make the prototype run.

This thesis provides a running prototype of a C³I system with major functions. This work is the first in a series of steps leading toward a complete C³I software system. Additional research and development is required to identify weaknesses and areas of improvement.

B. RECOMMENDATIONS

Following is the list of operators which are not implemented in this thesis. Since most of the problems encountered during the prototyping of this version are solved, we believe that adding these features to the prototype is relatively easy.

- Operator translate_message
- Operator decide_for_relaying
- Operator forward_for_translation
- Operator normalize_sensor_information
- Operator update_the_track
- Operator delete_the_track
- Operator add_user_track
- Operator check_for_timeout_and_range
- Operator identify_similarities
- Operator resolution_notice_panel
- Operator intelligence_report_panel
- Operator get_modification_data
- Operator display_graphic_tracks

As mentioned earlier, timing constraints used in this version were limited by the hardware. When faster and stand-alone hardware is available, this prototype should be modified to reflect the timing constraints specified by the user.
LEVEL 1-1 COMMS INTERFACE
NAVIGATION SYSTEM

OWNSHIP LOCATION MONITOR

OWNSHIP navigation information

2.3

RELATIVE TO ABSOLUTE POSITION CONVERSION

add track tuple

2.4

SENSOR INFORMATION NORMALIZATION

local track information

2.2

SENSOR INTERFACE CONTROL

local track information

2.1

TRACK DATA DISPLAY (4)

intelligence report

sensor information

PLATFORM SENSORS

TRACK DATABASE MANAGER (3)
LEVEL 1-5 TACTICAL COMMAND DISPLAY
LEVEL 1-6 WEAPONS SYSTEMS INTERFACE
APPENDIX B

PSDL DESCRIPTION OF PROTOTYPE

PSDL.TXT

In Chapter IV, we have provided the multi-level PSDL description of the C³I prototype with the graphical representations. But, the current version of the translator and the static scheduler can handle only flat level PSDL files. This Appendix provides the flat level PSDL description of the C³I prototype. The graph portion of the PSDL code below is the internal representation of the flat level PSDL graph which is provided at the end of this appendix (Figure B-1).

OPERATOR C3I_SYSTEM
SPECIFICATION
END
IMPLEMENTATION
GRAPH
VERTEX COMMS_LINKS : 1200 MS
VERTEX PARSE_INPUT_FILE : 500 MS
VERTEX DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING : 500 MS
VERTEX EXTRACT_TRACKS : 500 MS
VERTEX FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS : 500 MS
VERTEX ADD_COMMS_TRACK : 500 MS
VERTEX SENSORS : 800 MS
VERTEX NAVIGATION_SYSTEM : 800 MS
VERTEX ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA : 500 MS
VERTEX PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK : 500 MS
VERTEX FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS : 500 MS
VERTEX ADD_SENSOR_TRACK : 500 MS
VERTEX MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION : 500 MS
VERTEX DISPLAY_TRACKS
VERTEX GET_USER_INPUTS
VERTEX MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE
VERTEX WEAPONS_SYSTEMS : 500 MS
VERTEX WEAPONS_INTERFACE : 500 MS
VERTEX STATUS_SCREEN
VERTEX EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN

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CONTROL CONSTRAINTS

OPERATOR COMMS_LINKS
   PERIOD 50 sec

OPERATOR PARSE_INPUT_FILE
   TRIGGERED BY SOME INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE

OPERATOR DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING
   TRIGGERED BY SOME INPUT_TEXT_RECORD
   OUTPUT COMMS_TEXT_FILE IF COMMS_TEXT_FILE.ARCHIVE
   OUTPUT COMMS_EMAIL IF NOT COMMS_TEXT_FILE.IS_TRACK

OPERATOR EXTRACT_TRACKS
   TRIGGERED IF COMMS_TEXT_FILE.IS_TRACK

OPERATOR FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS
   TRIGGERED BY SOME COMMS_ADD_TRACK

OPERATOR ADD_COMMS_TRACK
   TRIGGERED BY SOME FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK

OPERATOR SENSORS
   PERIOD 50 sec

OPERATOR NAVIGATION_SYSTEM
   PERIOD 50 sec
OPERATOR ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA
TRIGGERED BY SOME SENSOR_DATA
OPERATOR PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK
TRIGGERED BY SOME SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA, POSITION_DATA
OPERATOR FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS
TRIGGERED BY SOME SENSOR_ADD_TRACK
OPERATOR ADD_SENSOR_TRACK
TRIGGERED BY SOME FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK
OPERATOR MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION
TRIGGERED BY SOME POSITION_DATA
OPERATOR DISPLAY_TRACKS
TRIGGERED BY SOME OUT_TRACKS
OPERATOR GET_USER_INPUTS
OPERATOR MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE
OPERATOR WEAPONS_SYSTEMS
PERIOD 50 sec
OPERATOR WEAPONS_INTERFACE
TRIGGERED BY SOME WEAPON_STATUS_DATA
OUTPUT WEAPONS_EMREP IF WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS = DAMAGED OR
WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS = SERVICE_REQUIRED OR
WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS = OUT_OF_AMMUNITION

OPERATOR STATUS_SCREEN
TRIGGERED IF TCD_STATUS_QUERY
OPERATOR EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN
TRIGGERED BY SOME WEAPONS_EMREP
OPERATOR MESSAGE_EDITOR
TRIGGERED IF EDITOR_SELECTED
OPERATOR MAKE_ROUTING
TRIGGERED BY SOME TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND
OPERATOR FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION
TRIGGERED BY SOME TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE
OUTPUT OUTPUT_MESSAGES IF DUMMY
OPERATOR CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE
TRIGGERED BY SOME OUTPUT_MESSAGES
OPERATOR MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL
TRIGGERED BY SOME COMMS_EMAIL
OPERATOR PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT
TRIGGERED IF NOT TERMINATE_TRANS
PERIOD 50 sec
END

OPERATOR MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE
SPECIFICATION
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE
END

OPERATOR COMMS_LINKS
SPECIFICATION
  OUTPUT INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE : FILENAME
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 1200 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA COMMS_LINKS
END

OPERATOR PARSE_INPUT_FILE
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE : FILENAME
  OUTPUT INPUT_TEXT_RECORD : TEXT_RECORD
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA PARSE_INPUT_FILE
END

OPERATOR DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT INPUTTEXTRECORD : TEXT_RECORD,
  TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP : ARCHIVE_SETUP
  OUTPUT COMMS_TEXT_FILE : TEXT_RECORD,
  COMMS_EMAIL : FILENAME
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING
END

OPERATOR EXTRACT_TRACKS
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT COMMS_TEXT_FILE : TEXT_RECORD
  OUTPUT COMMS_ADD_TRACK : ADD_TRACK_TUPLE
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA EXTRACT_TRACKS
END

OPERATOR FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT COMMS_ADD_TRACK : ADD_TRACK_TUPLE,
  TDD_FILTER : SET_TRACK_FILTER

OPERATOR ADD_COMMS_TRACK
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK : ADD_TRACK_TUPLE,
    TDD_FILTER            : SET_TRACK_FILTER
  OUTPUT OUT_TRACKS     : TRACK_TUPLE
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA ADD_COMMS_TRACK
END

OPERATOR SENSORS
SPECIFICATION
  OUTPUT SENSOR_DATA : SENSOR_RECORD
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 800 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA SENSORS
END

OPERATOR ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT SENSOR_DATA : SENSOR_RECORD
  OUTPUT SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA : LOCAL_TRACK_INFO
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA
END

OPERATOR PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA : LOCAL_TRACK_INFO,
    POSITION_DATA          : OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO
  OUTPUT SENSOR_ADD_TRACK  : ADD_TRACK_TUPLE
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK
END
OPERATOR FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  SENSOR_ADD_TRACK  : ADD_TRACK_TUPLE,
        TDD_FILTER       : SET_TRACK_FILTER
  OUTPUT FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK : ADD_TRACK_TUPLE
  STATES APPROVED : BOOLEAN INITIALLY FALSE
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 MS
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS
END

OPERATOR ADD_SENSOR_TRACK
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK : ADD_TRACK_TUPLE,
        TDD_FILTER       : SET_TRACK_FILTER
  OUTPUT OUT_TRACKS    : TRACK_TUPLE
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA ADD_SENSOR_TRACK
END

OPERATOR NAVIGATION_SYSTEM
SPECIFICATION
  OUTPUT POSITION_DATA : OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 800 MS
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA NAVIGATION_SYSTEM
END

OPERATOR MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  POSITION_DATA  : OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO
  OUTPUT OUT_TRACKS    : TRACK_TUPLE
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 MS
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION
END

OPERATOR DISPLAY_TRACKS
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT  OUT_TRACKS    : TRACK_TUPLE,
        TD_TRACK_REQUEST : DATABASE_REQUEST
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA DISPLAY_TRACKS

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OPERATOR GET_USER_INPUTS

SPECIFICATION

OUTPUT TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP : ARCHIVE_SETUP,
    TDD_FILTER : SET_TRACK_FILTER,
    TD_TRACK_REQUEST : DATABASE_REQUEST,
    TCD_STATUS_QUERY : BOOLEAN,
    TCD_NETWORK_SETUP : NETWORK_SETUP,
    TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL : EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND,
    EDITOR_SELECTED : BOOLEAN,
    INITIATE_TRANS : INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE,
    TERMINATE_TRANS : BOOLEAN

END

IMPLEMENTATION ADA GET_USER_INPUTS

END

OPERATOR WEAPONS_INTERFACE

SPECIFICATION

INPUT WEAPON_STATUS_DATA : WEAPON_STATUS
OUTPUT WEAPONS_EMREP : WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT,
    WEAPONS_STATREP : WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT

STATES CIWS_STATUS,
    GUN_STATUS,
    TWS_STATUS,
    MK48_STATUS : WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE

INITIALLY READY, READY, READY, READY

MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms

END

IMPLEMENTATION ADA WEAPONS_INTERFACE

END

OPERATOR WEAPONS_SYSTEMS

SPECIFICATION

OUTPUT WEAPON_STATUS_DATA : WEAPON_STATUS

MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 ms

END

IMPLEMENTATION ADA WEAPONS_SYSTEMS

END

OPERATOR STATUS_SCREEN

SPECIFICATION

INPUT WEAPONS_STATREP : WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT,
TCD_STATUS_QUERY : BOOLEAN
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA STATUS_SCREEN
END

OPERATOR EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT WEAPONS_EMREP : WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN
END

OPERATOR MESSAGE_EDITOR
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT EDITOR_SELECTED : BOOLEAN
  OUTPUT TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : TRANSMIT_COMMAND
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA MESSAGE_EDITOR
END

OPERATOR MAKE_ROUTING
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : TRANSMIT_COMMAND,
      TCD_NETWORK_SETUP : NETWORK_SETUP
  OUTPUT TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE : TRANSMISSION_COMMAND
      MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 MS
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA MAKE_ROUTING
END

OPERATOR FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE : TRANSMISSION_COMMAND,
      TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL : EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND
  OUTPUT OUTPUT_MESSAGES : MESSAGE_LIST
      STATES WAITING_MESSAGES : MESSAGE_LIST INITIALLY NULL
      MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 500 MS
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION
END

OPERATOR CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT OUTPUT_MESSAGES : MESSAGE_LIST
OPERATOR MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT COMMS_EMAIL : FILENAME
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL
END

OPERATOR PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT
SPECIFICATION
  INPUT INITIATE_TRANS : INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE,
  TERMINATE_TRANS : BOOLEAN
  OUTPUT TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : TRANSMIT_COMMAND
  MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME 800 MS
END
IMPLEMENTATION ADA PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT
END
Figure B-1. Flat Level PSDL Graph
APPENDIX C

DRIVER PACKAGE

TL.A

This appendix contains the Ada package tl.a. The translator gets the psdl.txt file provided in Appendix B as input, and creates this driver package.

Package tl.a includes a buffer instantiation for each data stream, and a driver procedure for each atomic operator.

package TL is
  procedure PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_DRIVER;
  procedure MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL_DRIVER;
  procedure CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_DRIVER;
  procedure FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_DRIVER;
  procedure MAKE_ROUTING_DRIVER;
  procedure MESSAGE_EDITOR_DRIVER;
  procedure EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN_DRIVER;
  procedure STATUS_SCREEN_DRIVER;
  procedure WEAPONS_INTERFACE_DRIVER;
  procedure WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_DRIVER;
  procedure MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE_DRIVER;
  procedure GET_USER_INPUTS_DRIVER;
  procedure DISPLAY_TRACKS_DRIVER;
  procedure MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_DRIVER;
  procedure ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER;
  procedure FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_DRIVER;
  procedure PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER;
  procedure ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_DRIVER;
  procedure NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_DRIVER;
  procedure SENSORS_DRIVER;
  procedure ADD_COMMS_TRACK_DRIVER;
  procedure FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_DRIVER;
  procedure EXTRACT_TRACKS_DRIVER;
procedure DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_DRIVER;
procedure PARSE_INPUT_FILE_DRIVER;
procedure COMMS_LINKS_DRIVER;
end TL;

with SB; use SB;
with PSDL_STREAMS; use PSDL_STREAMS;
with DS_Debug_PKG; use DS_Debug_PKG;
with PSDL_TIMER_PKG;

package body TL is
    type PSDL_EXCEPTION is (UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION);
    package C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC is
        package DS_TERMINATE_TRANS is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(BOOLEAN);
        package DS_INITIATE_TRANS is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE);
        package DS_COMMS_EMAIL is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(FILENAME);
        package DS_EDITOR_SELECTED is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(BOOLEAN);
        package DS_OUTPUT_MESSAGES is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(MESSAGE_LIST);
        package DS_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND);
        package DS_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(TRANSMISSION_COMMAND);
        package DS_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(NETWORK_SETUP);
        package DS_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(TRANSMIT_COMMAND);
        package DS_TCD_STATUS_QUERY is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(BOOLEAN);
        package DS_WEAPONS_EMREP is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT);
        package DS_WEAPONS_STATREP is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT);
        package DS_WEAPON_STATUS_DATA is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(WEAPON_STATUS);
        package DS_TD_TRACK_REQUEST is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(DATABASE_REQUEST);
        package DS_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(ADD_TRACK_TUPLE);
        package DS_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(ADD_TRACK_TUPLE);
        package DS_POSITION_DATA is new
            SAMPLED_BUFFER(OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO);
        package DS_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA is new

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package DS_SENSOR_DATA is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(SENSOR_RECORD);
package DS_OUT_TRACKS is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(TRACK_TUPLE);
package DS_FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(ADD_TRACK_TUPLE);
package DS_TDD_FILTER is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(SET_TRACK_FILTER);
package DS_COMMS_ADD_TRACK is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(ADD_TRACK_TUPLE);
package DS_COMMS_TEXT_FILE is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(TEXT_RECORD);
package DS_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(ARCHIVE_SETUP);
package DS_INPUT_TEXT_RECORD is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(TEXT_RECORD);
package DS_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(FILENAME);
package JUNK is new SAMPLED_BUFFER(ARCHIVE_SETUP);
end C31_SYSTEM_SPEC;

procedure PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_DRIVER is
    LV_INITIATE_TRANS: INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE;
    LV_TERMINATE_TRANS: BOOLEAN;
    LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND: TRANSMIT_COMMAND;
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if true then
        begin
            C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INITIATE_TRANS.BUFFER.READ
                (LV_INITIATE_TRANS);
            exception
                when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
                    DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
                        ("INITIATE_TRANS", "PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT");
        end;
    begin
        C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TERMINATE_TRANS.BUFFER.READ
            (LV_TERMINATE_TRANS);
        exception
            when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
                DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
                    ("TERMINATE_TRANS", "PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT");
    end;
    if not LV_TERMINATE_TRANS then
        begin
            PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT

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(LV_INITIATE_TRANS, LV_TERMINATE_TRANS, LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND);

exception

when others =>

DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT");

EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;

EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;

begin

C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND.BUFFER.WRITE

(LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND);

exception

when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>

DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow

("TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND", "PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT");
end;

if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then

DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception

("PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT", PSDL_EXCEPTION'\image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;

end if;
end if;
end PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_DRIVER;

procedure MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL_DRIVER is

LV_COMM_EMAIL: FILENAME;

EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;

EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;

begin

if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMM_EMAIL.NEW_DATA then

begin

C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMM_EMAIL.BUFFER.READ(LV_COMM_EMAIL);

exception

when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>

DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow

("COMM_EMAIL", "MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL");
end;

if true then

begin

MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL(LV_COMM_EMAIL);

exception

when others =>

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DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL");
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
("MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL_DRIVER;

procedure CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_DRIVER is
LV_OUTPUT_MESSAGES: MESSAGE_LIST;
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
if C31_SYSTEMSPEC.DS_OUTPUT_MESSAGES.NEW_DATA then
begin
C31_SYSTEMSPEC.DS_OUTPUT_MESSAGES.BUFFER.READ
(LV_OUTPUT_MESSAGES);
exception
when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
("OUTPUT_MESSAGES", "CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE");
end;
if true then
begin
CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE(LV_OUTPUT_MESSAGES);
exception
when others =>
DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE");
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
("CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end if;
end if;
begin
    if C3I_SYSTEMSPEC.DS_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE.NEW_DATA then
        begin
            C3I_SYSTEMSPEC.DS_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE.BUFFER.READ
            (LV_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE);
        exception
            when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
                DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
                ("TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE", "FORWARDFORTRANSMISSION");
        end;
    begin
        C3I_SYSTEMSPEC.DS_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL.BUFFER.READ
        (LV_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL);
    exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
            DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
            ("TCDEMISSIONCONTROL", "FORWARDFORTRANSMISSION");
    end;
    if true then
        begin
            FORWARDFORTRANSMISSION (LV_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE,
                LV_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL, LV_OUTPUT_MESSAGES);
        exception
            when others =>
                DS_Debug.Undclared_Exception("FORWARDFORTRANSMISSION");
                EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
                EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
        end;
    if LV_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL = UNRESTRICTED then
        begin
            C3I_SYSTEMSPEC.DS_OUTPUT_MESSAGES.BUFFER.WRITE
            (LV_OUTPUT_MESSAGES);
        end;
exception
  when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
    ("OUTPUT_MESSAGES", "FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION");
  end;
end if;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
  DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
  ("FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_DRIVER;

procedure MAKE_ROUTING_DRIVER is
  LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND: TRANSMIT_COMMAND;
  LV_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP: NETWORK_SETUP;
  LV_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE: TRANSMISSION_COMMAND;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND.NEW_DATA then
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND.BUFFER.READ
      (LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND);
      exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
          DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
          ("TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND", "MAKE_ROUTING");
        end;
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP.BUFFER.READ
      (LV_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP);
      exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
          DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
          ("TCD_NETWORK_SETUP", "MAKE_ROUTING");
        end;
      if true then
        begin
          MAKE_ROUTING(LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND, LV_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP,
LV_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE);

exception
  when others =>
    DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("MAKE_ROUTING");
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
    EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;

begin
  C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE.BUFFER.WRITE
  (LV_TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE);
  exception
    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
      DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
      ("TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE", "MAKE_ROUTING");
  end;
  if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
    ("MAKE_ROUTING", PSDL_EXCEPTION' image(EXCEPTION_ID));
  end if;
end if;
end if;
end MAKE_ROUTING_DRIVER;

procedure MESSAGE_EDITOR_DRIVER is
  LV_EDITORSeleccion: BOOLEAN;
  LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND: TRANSMIT_COMMAND;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if true then
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_EDITORSeleccion.BUFFER.READ
      (LV_EDITORSeleccion);
    exception
      when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
        DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
        ("EDITORSeleccion", "MESSAGE_EDITOR");
    end;
    if LV_EDITORSeleccion then
      begin
        MESSAGE_EDITOR(LV_EDITORSeleccion, LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND);
      end
    end if;
  end if;
end if;
end MAKE_ROUTING_DRIVER;
exception
  when others =>
    DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("MESSAGE_EDITOR");
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
    EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
begin
  C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND.BUFFER.WRITE(LV_TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND);
exception
  when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow("TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND", "MESSAGE_EDITOR");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
  DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception("MESSAGE_EDITOR", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end MESSAGE_EDITOR_DRIVER;

procedure EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN_DRIVER is
  LV_WEAPONS_EMREP: WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPONS_EMREP.NEW_DATA then
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPONS_EMREP.BUFFER.READ(LV_WEAPONS_EMREP);
    exception
    when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
      DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow("WEAPONS_EMREP", "EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN");
    end;
  if true then
    begin
      EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN(LV_WEAPONS_EMREP);
    exception
    when others =>
      DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN");
    end;
  end;
end;
exception

begin
  if true then
  begin
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPONS_STATREP.BUFFER.READ
      (LV_WEAPONS_STATREP);
      exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
          DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow("WEAPONS_STATREP", "STATUS_SCREEN");
      end;
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_STATUS_QUERY.BUFFER.READ
      (LV_TCD_STATUS_QUERY);
      exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
          DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
          ("TCD_STATUS_QUERY", "STATUS_SCREEN");
      end;
    end;
  end if
  begin
    STATUSSCREEN(LV_WEAPONS_STATREP, LV_TCD_STATUS_QUERY);
    exception
      when others =>
        DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("STATUS_SCREEN");
        EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
        EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
  end

end EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN_DRIVER;
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
   DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
   ("STATUS_SCREEN", PSDL_EXCEPTION'IMAGE(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end STATUS_SCREEN_DRIVER;

procedure WEAPONS_INTERFACE_DRIVER is
   LV_WEAPONSTATUSDATA: WEAPONSTATUS;
   LV_WEAPONSSTATREP: WEAPONSTATUS_REPORT;
   LV_WEAPONSEMREP: WEAPONSTATUSREPORT;
   EXCEPTIONHASOCCURRED: boolean := false;
   EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
   if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPONSTATUSDATA.NEW_DATA then
      begin
         C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPONSTATUSDATA.BUFFER.READ
            (LV_WEAPONSTATUSDATA);
      exception
         when BUFFERUNDERFLOW =>
            DS_Debug.BufferUnderflow
               ("WEAPONSTATUSDATA", "WEAPONS_INTERFACE");
      end;
      if true then
         begin
            WEAPONS_INTERFACE(LV_WEAPONSTATUSDATA,
                              LV_WEAPONSEMREP,
                              LV_WEAPONSSTATREP);
      exception
         when others =>
            DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("WEAPONS_INTERFACE");
            EXCEPTIONHASOCCURRED := true;
            EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
      end;
      if LV_WEAPONSTATUSDATA.STATUS = DAMAGED or
         LV_WEAPONSTATUSDATA.STATUS = SERVICE_REQUIRED or
         LV_WEAPONSTATUSDATA.STATUS = OUTOFAMMUNITION then
         begin
            C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPONSEMREP.BUFFER.WRITE
               (LV_WEAPONSEMREP);
   end
end
end WEAPONS_INTERFACE_DRIVER;
exception
  when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
    ("WEAPONS_EMREP", "WEAPONS_INTERFACE");
  end;
end if;
begin
  C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPONS_STATREP.BUFFER.WRITE
  (LV_WEAPONS_STATREP);
  exception
    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
      DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
      ("WEAPONS_STATREP", "WEAPONS_INTERFACE");
    end;
  if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
    ("WEAPONS_INTERFACE", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
  end if;
end if;
end if;
end WEAPONS_INTERFACE_DRIVER;

procedure WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_DRIVER is
  LV_WEAPON_STATUS_DATA: WEAPON_STATUS;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if true then
    if true then
      begin
        WEAPONS_SYSTEMS (LV_WEAPON_STATUS_DATA);
        exception
          when others =>
            DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("WEAPONS_SYSTEMS");
            EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
            EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
        end;
      begin
        C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.BUFFER.WRITE
        (LV_WEAPON_STATUS_DATA);
        exception
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
    ("WEAPON_STATUS_DATA", "WEAPONS_SYSTEMS");
end;
    if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
        DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
        ("WEAPONS_SYSTEMS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
    end if;
end if;
end if;
end WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_DRIVER;

procedure MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE_DRIVER is
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if true then
        if true then
            begin
                MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE;
                exception
                when others =>
                    DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE");
                    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
                    EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
                end;
                if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
                    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
                    ("MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
                end if;
            end if;
        end if;
    end if;
end MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE_DRIVER;

procedure GET_USER_INPUTS_DRIVER is
    LV_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP: ARCHIVE_SETUP;
    LV_TDD_FILTER: SET_TRACK_FILTER;
    LV_TD_TRACK_REQUEST: DATABASE_REQUEST;
    LV_TCD_STATUS_QUERY: BOOLEAN;
    LV_EDITOR_SELECTED: BOOLEAN;
    LV_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP: NETWORK_SETUP;
LV_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL: EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND;
LV_INITIATE_TRANS: INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE;
LV_TERMINATE_TRANS: BOOLEAN;
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if true then
    if true then
      begin
        GET_USER_INPUTS (LV_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP, LV_TDD_FILTER,
                         LV_TDD_TRACK_REQUEST, LV_TCD_STATUS_QUERY,
                         LV_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP, LV_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL,
                         LV_EDITOR_SELECTED, LV_INITIATE_TRANS,
                         LV_TERMINATE_TRANS);
        exception
          when others =>
            DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("GET_USER_INPUTS");
            EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
            EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
      end;
      begin
        C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TERMINATE_TRANS.BUFFER.WRITE
        (LV_TERMINATE_TRANS);
        exception
          when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
            DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
            ("TERMINATE_TRANS", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
      end;
      begin
        C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INITIATE_TRANS.BUFFER.WRITE
        (LV_INITIATE_TRANS);
        exception
          when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
            DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
            ("INITIATE_TRANS", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
      end;
      begin
        C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_EDITOR_SELECTED.BUFFER.WRITE
        (LV_EDITOR_SELECTED);
        exception
          when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
            DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
            ("EDITOR_SELECTED", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
begin

C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL.BUFFER.WRITE
(LV_TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL);
end;

exception

when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>

DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
("TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
end;

begin

C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP.BUFFER.WRITE
(LV_TCD_NETWORK_SETUP);
end;

exception

when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>

DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
("TCD_NETWORK_SETUP", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
end;

begin

C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TCD_STATUS_QUERY.BUFFER.WRITE
(LV_TCD_STATUS_QUERY);
end;

exception

when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>

DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
("TCD_STATUS_QUERY", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
end;

begin

C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TD_TRACK_REQUEST.BUFFER.WRITE
(LV_TD_TRACK_REQUEST);
end;

exception

when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>

DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
("TD_TRACK_REQUEST", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
end;

begin

C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TDD_FILTER.BUFFER.WRITE
(LV_TDD_FILTER);
end;

exception

when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>

DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow

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begin
  C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP.BUFFER.WRITE (LV_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP);
  exception
    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
      DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
        ("TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP", "GET_USER_INPUTS");
  end;
  if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Except
      ("GET_USER_INPUTS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'IMAGE(EXCEPTION_ID));
  end if;
end if;
end GET_USER_INPUTS_DRIVER;

procedure DISPLAY_TRACKS_DRIVER is
  LV_OUT_TRACKS: TRACK_TUPLE;
  LV_TD_TRACK_REQUEST: DATABASE_REQUEST;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_OUT_TRACKS.NEW_DATA then
    begin
      C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_OUT_TRACKS.BUFFER.READ (LV_OUT_TRACKS);
      exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
          DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow("OUT_TRACKS", "DISPLAY_TRACKS");
      end;
    begin
      C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TD_TRACK_REQUEST.BUFFER.READ
        (LV_TD_TRACK_REQUEST);
      exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
          DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
            ("TD_TRACK_REQUEST", "DISPLAY_TRACKS");
      end;
    if true then
      begin

DISPLAY_TRACKS(LV_OUT_TRACKS, LV_TD_TRACK_REQUEST);
exception
when others =>
    DS_Debug.Undeprecated_Exception("DISPLAY_TRACKS");
    EXCEPTION HAS OCCURRED := true;
    EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
if EXCEPTION HAS OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
        ("DISPLAY_TRACKS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end DISPLAY_TRACKS_DRIVER;

procedure MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_DRIVER is
    LV_POSITION_DATA: OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO;
    LV_OUT_TRACKS: TRACK_TUPLE;
    EXCEPTION HAS OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_POSITION_DATA.NEW_DATA then
        begin
            C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_POSITION_DATA.BUFFER.READ(LV_POSITION_DATA);
        exception
            when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
                DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
                    ("POSITION_DATA", "MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION");
        end;
    if true then
        begin
            MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION(LV_POSITION_DATA, LV_OUT_TRACKS);
        exception
            when others =>
                DS_Debug.Undeprecated_Exception("MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION");
                EXCEPTION HAS OCCURRED := true;
                EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
        end;
        begin
            C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_OUT_TRACKS.BUFFER.WRITE(LV_OUT_TRACKS);
        exception

when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
    ("OUT_TRACKS", "MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
    ("MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_DRIVER;

procedure ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER is
    LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
    LV_TDD_FILTER: SETTRACK_FILTER;
    LV_OUT_TRACKS: TRACK_TUPLE;
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK.NEW_DATA then
        begin
            C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK.BUFFER.READ
            (LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK);
            exception
                when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
                    DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
                    ("FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK", "ADD_SENSOR_TRACK");
            end;
            begin
                C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TDD_FILTER.BUFFER.READ(LV_TDD_FILTER);
                exception
                    when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
                        DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow("TDD_FILTER", "ADD_SENSOR_TRACK");
            end;
            if true then
                begin
                    ADD_SENSOR_TRACK(LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK,
                                      LV_TDD_FILTER, LV_OUT_TRACKS);
                    exception
                        when others =>
                            DS_Debug.Undclared_Exception("ADD_SENSOR_TRACK");
        }
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
begin
C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_OUT_TRACKS.BUFFER.WRITE(LV_OUT_TRACKS);
exception
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
   DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
("OUT_TRACKS", "ADD_SENSOR_TRACK");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
   DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
("ADD_SENSOR_TRACK", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER;

procedure FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_DRIVER is
   LV_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
   LV_TDD_FILTER: SET_TRACK_FILTER;
   LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
   EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
   EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
   if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK.NEW_DATA then
      begin
C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK.BUFFER.READ(LV_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK);
   exception
      when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
         DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
("SENSOR_ADD_TRACK", "FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS");
      end;
   begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TDD_FILTER.BUFFER.READ(LV_TDD_FILTER);
   exception
      when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
         DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
("TDD_FILTER", "FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS");
      end;
end if;
end if;
end FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_DRIVER;
if true then
  begin
    FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS(LV_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK, LV_TDD_FILTER, LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK);
  exception
    when others =>
      DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS");
      EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
      EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
  end;
  begin
    C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK.BUFFER.WRITE (LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK);
  exception
    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
      DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow ("FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK", "FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS");
  end;
  if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception ("FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image (EXCEPTION_ID));
  end if;
end if;
if true then
  begin
    FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS(LV_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK, LV_TDD_FILTER, LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK);
  exception
    when others =>
      DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS");
      EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
      EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
  end;
  begin
    C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK.BUFFER.WRITE (LV_FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK);
  exception
    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
      DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow ("FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK", "FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS");
  end;
  if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception ("FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image (EXCEPTION_ID));
  end if;
end if;
end FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_DRIVER;

procedure PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER is
  LV_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA: LOCAL_TRACK_INFO;
  LV_POSITION_DATA: OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO;
  LV_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_POSITION_DATA.NEW_DATA OR
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.NEW_DATA then
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.BUFFER.READ (LV_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA);
      exception
        when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
          DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow

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end;
begin
C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_POSITION_DATA.BUFFER.READ(LV_POSITION_DATA);
exception
when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
("POSITION_DATA", "PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK");
end;
if true then
begin
PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK(LV_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA,
LV_POSITION_DATA, LV_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK);
exception
when others =>
DS_Debug.Undecleared_Exception("PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK");
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
begin
C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK.BUFFER.WRITE
(LV_SENSOR_ADD_TRACK);
exception
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
("SENSOR_ADD_TRACK", "PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
DS_DebugUnhandled_Exception
("PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER;

procedure ANALYZE_SENSORDATA_DRIVER is
LV_SENSOR_DATA: SENSOR_RECORD;
LV_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA: LOCAL_TRACK_INFO;
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_DATA.NEW_DATA then
begin
C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_DATA.BUFFER.READ(LV_SENSOR_DATA);
exception
when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
 DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
 ("SENSOR_DATA", "ANALYZESENSOR_DATA");
end;
if true then
begin
 ANALYZESENSOR_DATA (LV_SENSOR_DATA, LV_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA);
exception
when others =>
 DS_Debug.UndefException("ANALYZESENSOR_DATA");
 EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
 EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLAREDADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
begin
C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.BUFFER.WRITE
(LV_SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA);
exception
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
 DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
 ("SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA", "ANALYZESENSOR_DATA");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
 DS_Debug.UnhandledException
 ("ANALYZESENSOR_DATA", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end ANALYZESENSOR_DATA_DRIVER;

procedure NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_DRIVER is
 LV_POSITION_DATA: OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO;
 EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
 EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
if true then
if true then
begin
if true then
begin

NAVIGATION_SYSTEM(LV_POSITION_DATA);
exception
when others =>
    DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("NAVIGATION_SYSTEM");
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
    EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
begin
    C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_POSITION_DATA.BUFFER.WRITE(LV_POSITION_DATA);
exception
    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
        DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow("POSITION_DATA", "NAVIGATION_SYSTEM");
    end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception("NAVIGATION_SYSTEM", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_DRIVER;

procedure SENSORS_DRIVER is
    LV_SENSOR_DATA: SENSOR_RECORD;
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if true then
        if true then
            begin
                SENSORS(LV_SENSOR_DATA);
            exception
                when others =>
                    DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("SENSORS");
                    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
                    EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
                end;
            begin
                C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_SENSOR_DATA.BUFFER.WRITE(LV_SENSOR_DATA);
            exception
            end if;
        end if;
    end if;
end SENSORS_DRIVER;
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
    ("SENSOR_DATA", "SENSORS");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
    ("SENSORS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'ima,e(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end SENSORSDRIVER;

procedure ADD_COMMSTRACKDRIVER is
    LV_FILTERED_COMMTRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
    LV_TDD_FILTER: SETTRACK_FILTER;
    LV_OUT_TRACKS: TRACK_TUPLE;
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_FILTERED_COMMTRACK.NEW_DATA then
        begin
            C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_FILTERED_COMMTRACK.BUFFER.READ
                (LV_FILTERED_COMMTRACK);
            exception
                when BUFFERUNDERFLOW =>
                    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
                        ("FILTERED_COMMTRACK", "ADDCOMMSTRACK");
            end;
        begin
            C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TDD_FILTER.BUFFER.READ(LV_TDD_FILTER);
            exception
                when BUFFERUNDERFLOW =>
                    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow("TDD_FILTER", "ADD_COMMTRACK");
            end;
        if true then
            begin
                ADD_COMMTRACK(LV_FILTERED_COMMTRACK, LV_TDD_FILTER,
                LV_OUT_TRACKS);
                exception
                    when others =>
                        DS_Debug.Undeed_Expected("ADD_COMMTRACK");
            end;
EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;

begin
C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_OUT_TRACKS.BUFFER.WRITE(LV_OUT_TRACKS);
exception
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
  DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
  ("OUT_TRACKS", "ADD_COMMS_TRACK");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
  DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
  ("ADD_COMMS_TRACK", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end ADD_COMMS_TRACK_DRIVER;

procedure FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_DRIVER is
  LV_COMMS_ADD_TRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
  LV_TDD_FILTER: SET_TRACK_FILTER;
  LV_FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMMS_ADD_TRACK.NEW_DATA then
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMMS_ADD_TRACK.BUFFER.READ
      (LV_COMMS_ADD_TRACK);
      exception
      when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
        DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
        ("COMMS_ADD_TRACK", "FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS");
      end;
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TDD_FILTER.BUFFER.READ(LV_TDD_FILTER);
      exception
      when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
        DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
        ("TDD_FILTER", "FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS");
      end;
  end if;
if true then
begin
  FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS(LV_COMMS_ADD_TRACK, LV_TDD_FILTER,
  LV_FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK);
exception
  when others =>
    DS_Debug.Undclared_Exception("FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS");
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
    EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
end;
begin
  C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK.BUFFER.WRITE
  (LV_FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK);
exception
  when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
    DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
    ("FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK", "FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS");
end;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
  DS_DebugUnhandled_Exception
  ("FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_DRIVER;

procedure EXTRACT_TRACKS_DRIVER is
  LV_COMMS_TEXT_FILE: TEXT_RECORD;
  LV_COMMS_ADD_TRACK: ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if true then
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMMS_TEXT_FILE.BUFFER.READ
      (LV_COMMS_TEXT_FILE);
    exception
      when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
        DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
        ("COMMS_TEXT_FILE", "EXTRACT_TRACKS");
      end;
if LV_COMMSTEXTFILE.IS_TRACK then
  begin
    EXTRACT_TRACKS(LV_COMMSTEXTFILE, LV_COMM adding TRACK);
  exception
    when others =>
      DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("EXTRACT_TRACKS");
      EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
      EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
  end;
begin
  C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMMS_ADD_TRACK.BUFFER.WRITE
  (LV_COMM adding TRACK);
  exception
    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
      DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
      ("COMMS_ADD_TRACK", "EXTRACT_TRACKS");
  end;
  if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
      ("EXTRACT_TRACKS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'image(EXCEPTION_ID));
  end if;
  end if;
end if;
end EXTRACT_TRACKSDRIVER;

procedure DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_DRIVER is
  LV_INPUTTEXTRECORD: TEXTRECORD;
  LV_TDDARCHIVESETUP: ARCHIVESETUP;
  LV_COMMSTEXTFILE: TEXTRECORD;
  LV_COMMSEMAIL: FILENAME;
  EXCEPTIONHASOCCURRED: boolean := false;
  EXCEPTIONID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
  if C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INPUTTEXTRECORD.NEW_DATA then
    begin
      C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INPUTTEXTRECORD.BUFFER.WRITE
        (LV_INPUTTEXTRECORD);
    exception
      when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
        DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
        ("INPUT_TEXT_RECORD", "DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING");
    end if;
end if;
end;
begin
  C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP.BUFFER.READ
  (LV_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP);
exception
when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
  DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
  ("TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP", "DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING");
end;
if true then
  begin
    DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING(LV_INPUT_TEXT_RECORD,
      LV_TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP, LV_COMMS_TEXT_FILE, LV_COMMS_EMAIL);
exception
when others =>
  DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING");
  EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
  EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADARECEPTION;
end;
if not LV_COMMS_TEXT_FILE.IS_TRACK
then
  begin
    C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMMS_EMAIL.BUFFER.WRITE
    (LV_COMMS_EMAIL);
exception
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
  DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
  ("COMMS_EMAIL", "DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING");
end;
end if;
if LV_COMMS_TEXT_FILE.ARCHIVE
then
  begin
    C3I_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_COMMS_TEXT_FILE.BUFFER.WRITE
    (LV_COMMS_TEXT_FILE);
exception
when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
  DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
  ("COMMS_TEXT_FILE", "DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING");
end;
end if;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
        ("DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING", PSDL_EXCEPTION' Image (EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_DRIVER;

procedure PARSE_INPUT_FILE_DRIVER is
    LV_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE: FILENAME;
    LV_INPUT_TEXT_RECORD: TEXT_RECORD;
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE.NEW_DATA then
        begin
            C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE.BUFFER.READ
                (LV_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE);
            exception
                when BUFFER_UNDERFLOW =>
                    DS_Debug.Buffer_Underflow
                        ("INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE", "PARSE_INPUT_FILE");
            end;
            if true then
                begin
                    PARSE_INPUT_FILE(LV_INPUT_LINKMESSAGE, LV_INPUT_TEXT_RECORD);
                    exception
                        when others =>
                            DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("PARSE_INPUT_FILE");
                            EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
                            EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
                end;
                begin
                    C31_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.BUFFER.WRITE
                        (LV_INPUT_TEXT_RECORD);
                    exception
                        when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
                            DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
                                ("INPUT_TEXT_RECORD", "PARSE_INPUT_FILE");
                    end;
                end;
            end;
        end;
    end if;
end PARSE_INPUT_FILE_DRIVER;
if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
    DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
    ("PARSE_INPUT_FILE", PSDL_EXCEPTION'IMAGE(EXCEPTION_ID));
end if;
end if;
end if;
end PARSE_INPUT_FILE_DRIVER;

procedure COMMS_LINKS_DRIVER is
    LV_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE: FILENAME;
    EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED: boolean := false;
    EXCEPTION_ID: PSDL_EXCEPTION;
begin
    if true then
        if true then
            begin
                COMMS_LINKS(LV_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE);
                exception
                    when others =>
                        DS_Debug.Undeclared_Exception("COMMS_LINKS");
                        EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED := true;
                        EXCEPTION_ID := UNDECLARED_ADA_EXCEPTION;
            end;
            begin
                C37_SYSTEM_SPEC.DS_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE.BUFFER.WRITE
                (LV_INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE);
                exception
                    when BUFFER_OVERFLOW =>
                        DS_Debug.Buffer_Overflow
                        ("INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE", "COMMS_LINKS");
            end;
            if EXCEPTION_HAS_OCCURRED then
                DS_Debug.Unhandled_Exception
                ("COMMS_LINKS", PSDL_EXCEPTION'IMAGE(EXCEPTION_ID));
            end if;
        end if;
    end if;
end COMMS_LINKS_DRIVER;
end TL;
APPENDIX D

STATIC SCHEDULE

SS.A

This appendix contains the static schedule package ss.a. The static scheduler uses the PSDL description file, psdl.txt, as input, and prepares the static schedule for the time critical operators.

```plaintext
with GLOBALDECLARATIONS; use GLOBALDECLARATIONS;
with DS_DEBUG_PKG; use DS_DEBUG_PKG;
with TL; use TL;
with DS_PACKAGE; use DS_PACKAGE;
with PRIORITY_DEFINITIONS; use PRIORITY_DEFINITIONS;
with CALENDAR; use CALENDAR;
with TEXT_IO; use TEXT_IO;
procedure STATIC_SCHEDULE is
  PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  MAKE_ROUTING_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  WEAPONS_INTERFACE_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  SENSORS_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  ADD_COMMS_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  EXTRACT_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
  PARSE_INPUT_FILE_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
```

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COMMS_LINKS_TIMING_ERROR : exception;
task type SCHEDULE_TYPE is
   pragma priority (STATIC_SCHEDULE_PRIORITY);
end SCHEDULE_TYPE;
for SCHEDULE_TYPE'STORAGE_SIZE use 200_000;
SCHEDULE : SCHEDULE_TYPE;
task body SCHEDULE_TYPE is
   PERIOD : duration := duration( 5.00000000000000E+01);
   COMMS_LINKS_STOP_TIME1 : duration :=
      duration( 1.20000000000000E+00);
   PARSE_INPUT_FILE_STOP_TIME2 : duration :=
      duration( 1.70000000000000E+00);
   DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_STOP_TIME3 : duration :=
      duration( 2.20000000000000E+00);
   EXTRACT_TRACKS_STOP_TIME4 : duration :=
      duration( 2.70000000000000E+00);
   FILTER_Comms_tracks_STOP_TIME5 : duration :=
      duration( 3.20000000000000E+00);
   ADD_Comms_track_STOP_TIME6 : duration :=
      duration( 3.70000000000000E+00);
   SENSORS_STOP_TIME7 : duration :=
      duration( 4.50000000000000E+00);
   ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_STOP_TIME8 : duration :=
      duration( 5.00000000000000E+00);
   PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_STOP_TIME9 : duration :=
      duration( 5.50000000000000E+00);
   FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_STOP_TIME10 : duration :=
      duration( 6.00000000000000E+00);
   ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_STOP_TIME11 : duration :=
      duration( 6.50000000000000E+00);
   NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_STOP_TIME12 : duration :=
      duration( 7.30000000000000E+00);
   MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_STOP_TIME13 : duration :=
      duration( 7.80000000000000E+00);
   WEAPONS_INTERFACE_STOP_TIME14 : duration :=
      duration( 8.30000000000000E+00);
   WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_STOP_TIME15 : duration :=
      duration( 8.80000000000000E+00);
   MAKE_ROUTING_STOP_TIME16 : duration :=
      duration( 9.30000000000000E+00);
   FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_STOP_TIME17 : duration :=
      duration( 136.000000000000E+01);
CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_STOP_TIME18 : duration :=
       duration( 1.06000000000000E+01);
PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_STOP_TIME19 : duration :=
       duration( 1.14000000000000E+01);
SLACK_TIME : duration;
START_OF_PERIOD : time := clock;
CURRENT_TIME : duration;
begin
   loop
       begin
           COMMS_LINKS_DRIVER;
           SLACK_TIME := START_OF_PERIOD + COMMS_LINKS_STOP_TIME1 - CLOCK;
           if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
               delay (SLACK_TIME);
           else
               raise COMMS_LINKS_TIMING_ERROR;
           end if;
           delay (START_OF_PERIOD + COMMS_LINKS_STOP_TIME1 - CLOCK);

           PARSE_INPUT_FILE_DRIVER;
           SLACK_TIME :=
               START_OF_PERIOD + PARSE_INPUT_FILE_STOP_TIME2 - CLOCK;
           if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
               delay (SLACK_TIME);
           else
               raise PARSE_INPUT_FILE_TIMING_ERROR;
           end if;
           delay (START_OF_PERIOD + PARSE_INPUT_FILE_STOP_TIME2 - CLOCK);

           DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_DRIVER;
           SLACK_TIME :=
               START_OF_PERIOD + DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_STOP_TIME3 - CLOCK;
           if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
               delay (SLACK_TIME);
           else
               raise DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_TIMING_ERROR;
           end if;
           delay (START_OF_PERIOD + DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_STOP_TIME3 - CLOCK);

           EXTRACT_TRACKS_DRIVER;

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SLACK_TIME := START_OF_PERIOD + EXTRACT_TRACKS_STOP_TIME4 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise EXTRACT_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + EXTRACT_TRACKS_STOP_TIME4 - CLOCK);

FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_STOP_TIME5 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_STOP_TIME5 - CLOCK);

ADD_COMMS_TRACK_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + ADD_COMMS_TRACK_STOP_TIME6 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise ADD_COMMS_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + ADD_COMMS_TRACK_STOP_TIME6 - CLOCK);

SENSORS_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + SENSORS_STOP_TIME7 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise SENSORS_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + SENSORS_STOP_TIME7 - CLOCK);

ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
START_OF_PERIOD + ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_STOP_TIME8 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
raise ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_STOP_TIME8 - CLOCK);

PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
START_OF_PERIOD + PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_STOP_TIME9 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
raise PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_STOP_TIME9 - CLOCK);

FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
START_OF_PERIOD + FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_STOP_TIME10 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
raise FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_STOP_TIME10 - CLOCK);

ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
START_OF_PERIOD + ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_STOP_TIME11 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
raise ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_STOP_TIME11 - CLOCK);

NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
START_OF_PERIOD + NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_STOP_TIME12 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_STOP_TIME12 - CLOCK);

MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_STOP_TIME13 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay
    (START_OF_PERIOD + MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_STOP_TIME13 - CLOCK);

WEAPONS_INTERFACE_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + WEAPONS_INTERFACE_STOP_TIME14 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise WEAPONS_INTERFACE_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay
    (START_OF_PERIOD + WEAPONS_INTERFACE_STOP_TIME14 - CLOCK);

WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_STOP_TIME15 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay
    (START_OF_PERIOD + WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_STOP_TIME15 - CLOCK);

MAKE_ROUTING_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME := START_OF_PERIOD + MAKE_ROUTING_STOP_TIME16 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise MAKE_ROUTING_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + MAKE_ROUTING_STOP_TIME16 - CLOCK);

FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_STOP_TIME17 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_STOP_TIME17 - CLOCK);

CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_STOP_TIME18 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD + CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_STOP_TIME18 - CLOCK);

PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_DRIVER;
SLACK_TIME :=
    START_OF_PERIOD + PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_STOP_TIME19 - CLOCK;
if SLACK_TIME >= 0.0 then
    delay (SLACK_TIME);
else
    raise PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_TIMING_ERROR;
end if;
START_OF_PERIOD := START_OF_PERIOD + PERIOD;
delay (START_OF_PERIOD - clock);
exception
  when PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE
      ("Timing error from operator PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE
      ("Timing error from operator FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when MAKE_ROUTING_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator MAKE_ROUTING");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when WEAPONS_SYSTEMS_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator WEAPONS_SYSTEMS");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when WEAPONS_INTERFACE_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator WEAPONS_INTERFACE");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE
      ("Timing error from operator MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when NAVIGATION_SYSTEM_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator NAVIGATION_SYSTEM");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when ADD_SENSOR_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator ADD_SENSOR_TRACK");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA_TIMING_ERROR ->
      PUT_LINE("Timing error from operator ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA");
      START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
  when SENSORS_TIMING_ERROR ->
PUT_LINE("timing error from operator SENSORS");
START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
when ADD_COMMS_TRACK_TIMING_ERROR ->
  PUT_LINE("timing error from operator ADD_COMMS_TRACK");
  START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
when FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR ->
  PUT_LINE("timing error from operator FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS");
  START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
when EXTRACT_TRACKS_TIMING_ERROR ->
  PUT_LINE("timing error from operator EXTRACT_TRACKS");
  START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
when DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING_TIMING_ERROR ->
  PUT_LINE("timing error from operator DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING");
  START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
when PARSE_INPUT_FILE_TIMING_ERROR ->
  PUT_LINE("timing error from operator PARSE_INPUT_FILE");
  START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
when COMMS_LINKS_TIMING_ERROR ->
  PUT_LINE("timing error from operator COMMS_LINKS");
  START_OF_PERIOD := clock;
end;
end loop;
end SCHEDULE_TYPE;

begin
  null;
end STATIC_SCHEDULE;
APPENDIX E

DYNAMIC SCHEDULE

DS.A

This appendix contains the dynamic schedule package, ds.a. The dynamic scheduler generates this code automatically for the non-time critical operators in the prototype.

with TL; use TL;
with PRIORITY_DEFINITIONS; use PRIORITY_DEFINITIONS;
package DS_PACKAGE is
  task type DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_TYPE is
    pragma priority (DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_PRIORITY);
  end DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_TYPE;
  for DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_TYPE' STORAGE_SIZE use 100_000;
  DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE : DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_TYPE;
end DS_PACKAGE;

package body DS_PACKAGE is
  task body DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_TYPE is
    begin
      delay (1.0);
      loop
        MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE_DRIVER;
        DISPLAY_TRACKS_DRIVER;
        GET_USER_INPUTS_DRIVER;
        STATUS_SCREEN_DRIVER;
        EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN_DRIVER;
        MESSAGE_EDITOR_DRIVER;
        MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL_DRIVER;
        null;
    end loop;
end task body DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_TYPE;
end package body DS_PACKAGE;
end loop;
end DYNAMIC_SCHEDULE_TYPE;
end DS_PACKAGE;
This appendix includes the set of reusable Ada components for C3I workstation prototype. An index is provided at the end of this appendix for quick referencing.

package SB is

---------- TYPE DECLARATIONS ------------------------

TRACK_CAPACITY : constant NATURAL := 1024;
OWN_ADDRESS : constant STRING(1..6) := "NAME_0";

subtype FILENAME is STRING(1..10);
type SECURITY_CLASS is ( U, C, S, TS );
type PRECEDENCE_CLASS is ( R, P, O, Z );
type ADDRESS_TYPE;
type ADDRESS_LINK is access ADDRESS_TYPE;
type ADDRESS_TYPE is record
  NAME : STRING(1..6) := " ";
  NEXT : ADDRESS_LINK := null;
end record;
type VIA_RECORD;
type VIA_RECORD_LINK is access VIA_RECORD;
type VIA_RECORD is record
  RELAY_BY : STRING(1..6) := " ";
  RELAY_TO : ADDRESS_LINK := null;
  NEXT : VIA_RECORD_LINK := null;
end record;
type HEADERFORMAT is record
  CLASSIFICATION : SECURITY_CLASS := U;
  PRECEDENCE : PRECEDENCE_CLASS := R;
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..6) := "NAME_0";

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ADDRESS : ADDRESS_LINK := null;
INFO : ADDRESS_LINK := null;
VIA_LINE : VIA_RECORD_LINK := null;
SUBJECT : STRING(1..60)
  := " ";
end record;
type LINKS_TYPE is ( JTIDS, LINK11, LINK16, OTCIXS );
subtype TEXT_STRING is STRING(1..2400);
type TEXT_RECORD is record
  NAME FILENAME := " HEADER HEADER_FORMAT;
  LINK_ID : LINKS_TYPE := LINK11;
  RELAYED : BOOLEAN := false;
  ARCHIVE : BOOLEAN := true;
  IS_TRACK : BOOLEAN := false;
  FORMAT : STRING(1..6) := " ";
  TEXT : TEXT_STRING;
end record;
type ARCHIVE_SETUP is record
  ALL_SHIPS : BOOLEAN := true;
  OWNSHIP : BOOLEAN := true;
  JTIDS : BOOLEAN := true;
  LINK16 : BOOLEAN := true;
  LINK11 : BOOLEAN := true;
  OTCIXS : BOOLEAN := true;
end record;
type TIME is record
  HOURS : NATURAL range 0..23;
  MINUTES : NATURAL range 0..59;
  SECONDS : NATURAL range 0..59;
  MILISECONDS : NATURAL range 0..99;
end record;
type TRACK_CLASS_TYPE is ( AIR, SURFACE, SUBSURFACE );
type IFF_CLASS_TYPE is ( FRIENDLY, HOSTILE, NEUTRAL, UNKNOWN );
type ARCHIVE_CLASS is ( C, N, A, S );
OWNSHIP_IFF_CLASS : constant IFF_CLASS_TYPE := FRIENDLY;
OWNSHIP_TRACK_CLASS : constant TRACK_CLASS_TYPE := SURFACE;
type TRACK_RECORD;
type TRACK_TUPLE is access TRACK_RECORD;
type TRACK_RECORD is record
  ID : NATURAL range 0..TRACK_CAPACITY;
OBSERVER : STRING(1..8);
OBSERVATION_TIME : TIME;
TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_TYPE;
IFF_CLASS : IFF_CLASS_TYPE;
LATITUDE : FLOAT range -90.0..90.0;
LONGITUDE : FLOAT range -180.0..180.0;
ALTITUDE : FLOAT range -10000.0..99999.9;
COURSE : FLOAT range 0.0..360.0;
VELOCITY : FLOAT; -- in knots
THE_RANGE : FLOAT range 0.0..9999.99; -- in miles
ARCHIVE_FLAG : ARCHIVE_CLASS;
NEXT : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

type ADD_TRACK_TUPLE is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

type LOCAL_TRACK_INFO is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  ID : NATURAL range 0..TRACK_CAPACITY;
  THE_TIME : TIME;
  AZIMUTH : FLOAT range -180.0..180.0;
  ELEVATION : FLOAT range -90.0..90.0 == 0.0;
  THE_RANGE : FLOAT := 0.0; -- in miles
  VELOCITY : FLOAT := 0.0; -- in knots
  COURSE : FLOAT range 0.0..360.0;
  IFF_CLASS : IFF_CLASS_TYPE;
  TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_TYPE;
  ARCHIVE_FLAG : ARCHIVE_CLASS;
end record;

type SENSOR_RECORD is record
  INTELLIGENCE : STRING(1..80);
  CONTACT : LOCAL_TRACK_INFO;
end record;

type OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO is record
  COURSE : FLOAT range 0.0..360.0;
  VELOCITY : FLOAT; -- in knots;
  LATITUDE : FLOAT range -90.0..90.0 := 35.0;
  LONGITUDE : FLOAT range -180.0..180.0 := 125.0;
  THE_TIME : TIME;
end record;
type DESIRED_CLASS_ARRAY is array (TRACK_CLASS_TYPE) of BOOLEAN;
type DESIRED_RANGE_ARRAY is array (TRACK_CLASS_TYPE) of FLOAT;
type SET_TRACK_FILTER is record
    MAX_NUMBER : NATURAL range 0..TRACK_CAPACITY := TRACK_CAPACITY;
    DESIRED_CLASS : DESIRED_CLASS_ARRAY := (true, true, true);
    DESIRED_RANGE : DESIRED_RANGE_ARRAY := (10000.0, 10000.0, 10000.0);
end record;
type UPDATE_TRACK_TUPLE is record
    ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
    TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;
type REQUEST_TYPE is (ADD, DELETE, UPDATE);
type CHANGE_DATABASE_REQUEST is record
    ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
    REQUEST : REQUEST_TYPE;
    TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;
type TRACK_CLASS_ARRAY is array (TRACK_CLASS_TYPE) of BOOLEAN;
type IFF_CLASS_ARRAY is array (IFF_CLASS_TYPE) of BOOLEAN;
type DATABASE_REQUEST is record
    THE_RANGE : FLOAT := 10000.0;
    TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_ARRAY := (true, true, true);
    IFF_CLASS : IFF_CLASS_ARRAY := (true, true, true, true);
end record;
type INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE is record
    LINK_ID : LINKS_TYPE := JTIDS;
    HEADER : HEADER_FORMAT;
    DESIRED_FORMAT : STRING(1..6) := "  ";
    DBASE_REQUEST : DATABASE_REQUEST;
end record;
type WEAPONS_TYPE is (CIWS, GUN, TWS, MK48);
type WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE is (DAMAGED, RELOADING, LAUNCHING, READY, SERVICE_REQUIRED,
                           SLEWING, SECURED, MAINTENANCE, ENGAGING, OUT_OF_AMMUNITION);
type WEAPON_STATUS is record
    SYS_TYPE : WEAPONS_TYPE;
    STATUS : WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE;
end record;
type WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT is array (WEAPONS_TYPE) of
    WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE;
type TRANSMIT_RECORD is record
ROUTE_ADDR : ADDRESS_LINK;
ROUTED : BOOLEAN := false;
FULL : BOOLEAN := false;
TEXT : TEXT_RECORD;
end record;

type TRANSMIT_COMMAND is array (LINKS_TYPE) of TRANSMIT_RECORD;
type NETWORK_SETUP is array (LINKS_TYPE) of ADDRESS_LINK;
type TRANSMISSION_RECORD is record
  ROUTE_ADDR : ADDRESS_LINK;
  FULL : BOOLEAN := false;
  TEXT : TEXT_RECORD;
end record;

type TRANSMISSION_COMMAND is array (LINKS_TYPE) of TRANSMISSION_RECORD;

type EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND is (EMCON, UNRESTRICTED);
type MESSAGE_RECORD;
type MESSAGE_LIST is access MESSAGE_RECORD;
type MESSAGE_RECORD is record
  LINK_ID : LINKS_TYPE;
  MAIN : TRANSMISSION_RECORD;
  NEXT : MESSAGE_LIST;
end record;

-- ***************** PROCEDURE DECLARATIONS *****************

procedure COMMS_LINKS(
  INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE : out FILENAME);

procedure PARSE_INPUT_FILE(
  INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE : in FILENAME;
  INPUT_TEXT_RECORD : in out TEXT_RECORD);

procedure DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING(
  INPUT_TEXT_RECORD : in out TEXT_RECORD;
  TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP : in ARCHIVE_SETUP;
  COMMS_TEXT_FILE : out TEXT_RECORD;
  COMMS_EMAIL : out FILENAME);

procedure EXTRACT_TRACKS(
procedure FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS(
    COMMS_ADD_TRACK : in out ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
    TDD_FILTER : in SET_TRACK_FILTER;
    FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK : out ADD_TRACK_TUPLE);

procedure ADD_COMMS_TRACK(
    FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK : in ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
    TDD_FILTER : in SET_TRACK_FILTER;
    OUT_TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE);

procedure SENSORS(
    SENSOR_DATA : out SENSOR_RECORD);

procedure ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA(
    SENSOR_DATA : in SENSOR_RECORD;
    SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA : out LOCAL_TRACK_INFO);

procedure PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK(
    SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA : in LOCAL_TRACK_INFO;
    POSITION_DATA : in OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO;
    SENSOR_ADD_TRACK : out ADD_TRACK_TUPLE);

procedure FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS(
    SENSOR_ADD_TRACK : in out ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
    TDD_FILTER : in SET_TRACK_FILTER;
    FILTEREDSENSOR_TRACK : out ADD_TRACK_TUPLE);

procedure ADD_SENSOR_TRACK(
    FILTEREDSENSOR_TRACK : in ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
    TDD_FILTER : in SET_TRACK_FILTER;
    OUT_TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE);

procedure NAVIGATION_SYSTEM(
    POSITION_DATA : out OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO);

procedure MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION(
    POSITION_DATA : in OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO)
procedure DISPLAY_TRACKS(
    OUT_TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE;
    TD_TRACK_REQUEST : in DATABASE_REQUEST );

procedure GET_USER_INPUTS(
    TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP : out ARCHIVE_SETUP;
    TDD_FILTER : out SET_TRACK_FILTER;
    TD_TRACK_REQUEST : out DATABASE_REQUEST;
    TCD_STATUS_QUERY : out BOOLEAN;
    TCD_NETWORK_SETUP : out NETWORK_SETUP;
    TCD_EMission_CONTROL : out EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND;
    EDITOR_SELECTED : out BOOLEAN;
    INITIATE_TRANS : out INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE;
    TERMINATE_TRANS : out BOOLEAN );

procedure MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE;

procedure WEAPONS_SYSTEMS(
    WEAPON_STATUS_DATA : out WEAPON_STATUS );

procedure WEAPONS_INTERFACE(
    WEAPON_STATUS_DATA : in WEAPON_STATUS;
    WEAPONSEMREP : out WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT;
    WEAPONSESTATREP : out WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT );

procedure STATUS Screen(
    WEAPONSESTATREP : in out WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT;
    TCD_STATUS_QUERY : in BOOLEAN );

procedure EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN(
    WEAPONSEMREP : in out WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT );

procedure MAKE_ROUTING(
    TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : in TRANSMISSION_COMMAND;
    TCD_NETWORK SETUP : in NETWORK_SETUP;
    TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE : in out TRANSMISSION_COMMAND );

procedure MESSAGE_EDITOR(
    EDITOR_SELECTED : in BOOLEAN);
package body SB is

USE TAE.TAE_MISC;
USE TAE.TAE_WPT;
USE TAE.TAE_VM;
USE TAE.TAE_CO;
package enum_io is new enumeration_io( boolean ); use enum_io;

--------------------------------------------------------------------------------
-***common global variable&type declarations ***
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------
--number of characters in text body of separate records
TEXT_LENGTH : constant NATURAL := 2400;

end SB;
**procedure COMMS_LINKS global variable&type declarations**

**COMMS_TRACK_CAPACITY** : constant NATURAL := 10;

**type COMMS_TRACK_RECORD**;

**type COMMS_TRACK_LIST is access COMMS_TRACK_RECORD**;

**type COMMS_TRACK_RECORD is record**

  ID : NATURAL range 1 .. COMMS_TRACK_CAPACITY;

  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);

  THE_TIME : TIME;

  AZIMUTH : FLOAT range -180.0 .. 180.0;

  ELEVATION : FLOAT range -90.0 .. 90.0;

  THE_RANGE : FLOAT;

  VELOCITY : FLOAT;

  COURSE : FLOAT range 0.0 .. 360.0;

  IFF_CLASS : IFF_CLASS_TYPE;

  TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_TYPE;

  ARCHIVE_FLAG : ARCHIVE_CLASS;

  LATITUDE : FLOAT range -90.0 .. 90.0;

  LONGITUDE : FLOAT range -180.0 .. 180.0;

  ALTITUDE : FLOAT range -10000.0 .. 99999.99;

  REPORTED : BOOLEAN := false;

  NEXT : COMMS_TRACK_LIST;

end record;

COMMS_TRACKS : COMMS_TRACK_LIST;

COMMS_TRACKS_API_CREATED : BOOLEAN := false;

---procedure SENSORS variable&type declarations

---variable&type declarations

**type SENSOR_TRACK_RECORD**;

**type SENSOR_TRACK_LIST is access SENSOR_TRACK_RECORD**;

**type SENSOR_TRACK_RECORD is record**

  INTELLIGENCE : STRING(1..80); --contains intelligence report

  CONTACT : LOCAL_TRACK_INFO;

  LATITUDE : FLOAT range -90.0 .. 90.0;

  LONGITUDE : FLOAT range -180.0 .. 180.0;

  NEXT : SENSOR_TRACK_LIST;

end record;

SENSOR_TRACKS : SENSOR_TRACK_LIST;
SENSOR_TRACKS_ARE_CREATED : BOOLEAN := false;

-************************************************************
---*** procedure NAVIGATION_SYSTEM
---*** global variable&type declarations
-************************************************************

START_TIME : NATURAL := 0;

-************************************************************
---*** procedure FILTER_TRACKS
---*** global variable&type declarations
-************************************************************

APPROVED : BOOLEAN := true;

-************************************************************
---*** procedure PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT
---*** global variable&type declarations
-************************************************************

TRACK_FILE_NAME : constant FILENAME := "TRACK_FILE";

-************************************************************
---*** procedure MODIFY_TRACKS
---*** global variable&type declarations
-************************************************************

NUMBER_OF_TRACKS : NATURAL := 0;
TRACKS    : TRACK_TUPLE := null;

-************************************************************
---*** procedure WEAPONS_INTERFACE
---*** global variable&type declarations
-************************************************************

CIWS_STATUS : WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE := READY;
GUN_STATUS  : WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE := READY;
TWS_STATUS  : WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE := READY;
MK48_STATUS : WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE := READY;

-************************************************************
---*** procedure FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION
---*** global variable&type declarations
-************************************************************

WAITING_MESSAGES : MESSAGE_LIST;

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---******************************************************************************
---** procedures DISPLAY_TRACKS & GET_USER_INPUTS &
---** MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE
---** global variables & type declarations
---******************************************************************************
TAE_SOURCE_FILE : constant STRING(1..8) := "user.res";

-- tae panel pointers
main_info : event_context_ptr;
filter_info : event_context_ptr;
archive_info : event_context_ptr;
contrnts_info : event_context_ptr;
display_info : event_context_ptr;
weapon_info : event_context_ptr;
emerg_info : event_context_ptr;
network_info : event_context_ptr;
emcon_info : event_context_ptr;
editor_info : event_context_ptr;
mescame_info : event_context_ptr;
messdisp_info : event_context_ptr;
messret_info : event_context_ptr;
trackrep_info : event_context_ptr;
tertrrep_info : event_context_ptr;

-- values of these variables are changed globally by different
-- procedures, and these variables are used by
-- procedure GET_USER_INPUTS when it is triggered.
new_archive_setup : archive_setup;
new_track_filter : set_track_filter;
new_track_request : database_request;
new_status_query : boolean;
new_emission_control : emissions_control_command := EMCON;
new_network_setup : network_setup;
new_transmit_command : transmit_command;
new_editor_selected : boolean := false;
new_initiate_trans : initiate_transmission_sequence;
new_terminate_trans : boolean := true;

-- old values for user inputs. these variables are used to restore
-- the old values of each variable in case that some components of
-- the variable are begun to be changed, but user has changed
--his/her mind then. For Example, user opened the panel and changed
--some components of a record variable, but then requested
--CANCEL in the panel.
old_archive_setup : archive_setup;
old_track_filter  : set_track_filter;
old_track_request : database_request;
old_emission_control : emissions_control_command := EMCON;
old_network_setup  : network_setup;
old_transmit_command : transmit_command;
old_initiate_trans  : initiate_transmission_sequence;

--shows if initial configuration is already set
panels_are_initialized : boolean := false;
--shows if related panel is already displayed
track_display_panel_is_displayed : boolean := false;
weapon_status_panel_is_displayed : boolean := false;
emergency_weapon_status_panel_is_displayed : boolean := false;
--X Window display pointer
theDisplay : X_Windows.Display;
--main program pointer
user_ptr : event_context_ptr;
--event data types & pointers
etype : wpt_eventtype;
wptEvent : wpt_eventptr;
--used by the manage_user_interface
value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.STRINGSIZE);

******************************************************************************
 *** Procedure COMMS_LINKS
******************************************************************************
procedure COMMS_LINKS( INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE : out FILENAME ) is

package F_CLASS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO( PRECEDENCE_CLASS );
use F_CLASS_IO;
package S_CLASS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO( SECURITY_CLASS );
use S_CLASS_IO;
package LINKS_IO  is new ENUMERATION_IO( LINKS_TYPE  );
use LINKS_IO;
package INT_IO    is new INTEGER_IO( INTEGER    );
use INT_IO;
package FLT_IO is new FLOAT_IO( FLOAT );
use FLT_IO;

PI : constant FLOAT := 3.1415926536;
RADIIANS_PER_DEGREE : constant FLOAT := PI / 180.0;
DEGREES_PER_RADIIAN : constant FLOAT := 1.0 / RADIIANS_PER_DEGREE;
SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : NATURAL;
-- name of the origin of the simulated message
FROM_NAME : STRING(1..6);
-- physical file for the file which to be created and filled
-- with message
FILE_NAME : FILENAME;
-- logical file variable for the file which to be created and
-- filled with message
FILE : TEXT_IO.FILE_TYPE;
-- declare types and variables about name of the current stations
-- in the environment
NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES : constant NATURAL := 10;
type NAME_ARRAY_RECORD is record
    NAME : STRING(1..6);
    USED : BOOLEAN := false;
    REUSED : BOOLEAN := false;
end record;
type NAME_ARRAY is ARRAY(O..NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-I) of
    NAME_ARRAY_RECORD;
NAMES : NAME_ARRAY;
-- link id of the message
LINK_ID : LINKS_TYPE;
-- float numbers which are used to store the last RANDOM.NUMBER
-- for the case same random value is needed more than once
TO_NUMBER : FLOAT;
INFO_NUMBER : FLOAT;
RANDOM_NUMBER : FLOAT;

--*********** Function CHARACTER_OF
---*** Function CHARACTER_OF( N : in NATURAL ) return CHARACTER is
begin
    return( CHARACTER'VAL( N + 48 ) );
--************************************************************
--***  FUNCTION GET_FILE_NAME  ***
--***  Algorithm: creates a file name by using current time  ***
--***  and returns it  ***
--************************************************************

function GET_FILE_NAME return FILENAME is
  YEAR : CALENDAR.YEAR_NUMBER;
  MONTH : CALENDAR.MONTH_NUMBER;
  DAY : CALENDAR.DAY_NUMBER;
  HOURS : NATURAL;
  MINUTES : NATURAL;
  SECONDS : CALENDAR.DAY_DURATION;
  FILE_NAME : FILENAME;

--************************************************************
--***  Function NATURAL_TO_STRING_2  ***
--***  Algorithm: converts 2-digit natural number to  ***
--***  2-character string  ***
--************************************************************

function NATURAL_TO_STRING_2( NUMBER : in NATURAL ) return STRING is
  N : NATURAL := NUMBER;
  S : STRING(1..2) := "00";

begin
  if N > 9 then
    S(1) := CHARACTER_OF( N/10 );
    N := N - ( (N/10) * 10 );
  end if;
  S(2) := CHARACTER_OF( N );
  return( S );
end NATURAL_TO_STRING_2;

begin --GET_FILE_NAME;
  CALENDAR.SPLIT( CALENDAR.CLOCK, YEAR, MONTH, DAY, SECONDS );
  HOURS := INTEGER(SECONDS) / 3600;
  MINUTES := (INTEGER(SECONDS) mod 3600) / 60;
FILENAME(1..2) := "c_";
FILENAME(3..4) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(NATURAL(DAY )));
FILENAME(5..6) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(NATURAL(HOURS )));
FILENAME(7..8) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(NATURAL(MINUTES )));
FILENAME(9..10) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(NATURAL(SECONDS) mod 60 );
return( FILE_NAME );
end GET_FILE_NAME;

---******************************************************
---*** Procedure CREATE_COMMS_TRACKS
---*** Algorithm : creates and initializes all of the
---*** comms tracks
---******************************************************

procedure CREATE_COMMS_TRACKS(
    COMMS_TRACKS : in out COMMS_TRACK_LIST;
    SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : in NATURAL ) is

NEW_TRACK : COMMS_TRACK_LIST;
RANDOM_NUMBER : FLOAT;
--track information are reported by using 10 tracks
COMMS_TRACK_CAPACITY : constant NATURAL := 10;
--constant attributes for the tracks
MIN_AIR_HEIGHT : constant FLOAT := 3000.0;
MIN_AIR_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 300.0;
MAX_AIR_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 800.0;
AIR_VELOCITY_DIFF := MAX_AIR_VELOCITY - MIN_AIR_VELOCITY;
MIN_SURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 0.0;
MAX_SURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 40.0;
MAX_HEADING_ANGLE : constant FLOAT := 360.0;
MAX_COMMS_RANGE : constant FLOAT := 500.0;
MIN_SUBSURFACE_DEPTH : constant FLOAT := 0.0;
MIN_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 0.0;
MAX_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 30.0;
MIN_ELEVATION : constant FLOAT := -90.0;
MAX_ELEVATION : constant FLOAT := 90.0;
MIN_AZIMUTH : constant FLOAT := -180.0;
MAX_AZIMUTH : constant FLOAT := 180.0;
MAX BEARING_ANGLE := constant FLOAT := MAX_AZIMUTH - MIN_AZIMUTH;

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MIN_ALTITUDE : constant FLOAT := -10000.0;
MAX_ALTITUDE : constant FLOAT := 99999.99;
AIR_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO : constant FLOAT := 0.2;
SURFACE_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO : constant FLOAT := 0.8;
MILES_PER_DEGREE : constant FLOAT := 60.0;

begin -- CREATE_COMMTRACKS
for I in 1..COMMTRACK_CAPACITY loop
    NEWTRACK := new COMMTRACK_RECORD;
    NEWTRACK.ID := I;
    RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM NUMBER;

    if RANDOM_NUMBER < AIR_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO then
        -- create air track
        NEWTRACK.TRACK_CLASS := AIR;
        NEWTRACK.ELEVATION := MAX_ELEVATION * RANDOM_NUMBER;
        NEWTRACK VELOCITY := MIN_AIR VELOCITY +
        ( RANDOM NUMBER * AIR VELOCITY DIFF );
        NEWTRACK.ALTITUDE := MAX_ALTITUDE * RANDOM_NUMBER;
    elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < SURFACE_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO then
        -- create surface track
        NEWTRACK.TRACK_CLASS := SURFACE;
        NEWTRACK.ELEVATION := 0.0;
        NEWTRACK.VELOCITY := MIN_SURFACE_VELOCITY +
        ( RANDOM.NUMBER * MAX_SURFACE_VELOCITY );
        NEWTRACK.ALTITUDE := 0.0;
    else
        -- create subsurface track
        NEWTRACK.TRACK_CLASS := SUBSURFACE;
        NEWTRACK.ELEVATION := MIN_ELEVATION * RANDOM_NUMBER ;
        NEWTRACK.VELOCITY := MIN_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY +
        ( RANDOM.NUMBER * MAX_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY );
        NEWTRACK.ALTITUDE := MIN_ALTITUDE * RANDOM_NUMBER;
    end if;

    NEWTRACK.COURSE := RANDOM NUMBER * MAX_HEADINGANGLE;
    NEWTRACK.THE RANGE := RANDOM NUMBER * MAX_COMM RANGE;
    NEWTRACK.AZIMUTH := MIN_AZIMUTH +
    ( RANDOM.NUMBER * MAX_BEARING_ANGLE );

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NEW_TRACK.ORIGIN := "COMMS ";
NEW_TRACK.THE_TIME.HOURS := SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT / 3600;
NEW_TRACK.THE_TIME.MINUTES :=
  (SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 3600) / 60;
NEW_TRACK.THE_TIME.SECONDS := SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 60;
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.25 then NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := FRIENDLY;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.50 then NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := HOSTILE;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.75 then NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := NEUTRAL;
else NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := UNKNOWN;
end if;
NEW_TRACK.LATITUDE := 35.0 + (NEW_TRACK.THE_RANGE * 
  COS(NEW_TRACK.AZIMUTH*RADIANS_PER_DEGREE))/ 
  MILES_PER_DEGREE;
if NEW_TRACK.AZIMUTH > 0.0 then
  NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE := 125.0 + (NEW_TRACK.THE_RANGE * 
  SIN(NEW_TRACK.AZIMUTH*RADIANS_PER_DEGREE))/ 
  MILES_PER_DEGREE;
else
  NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE := 125.0 - (NEW_TRACK.THE_RANGE * 
  SIN(NEW_TRACK.AZIMUTH*RADIANS_PER_DEGREE))/ 
  MILES_PER_DEGREE;
end if;
NEW_TRACK.NEXT := COMMS_TRACKS;
COMMS_TRACKS := NEW_TRACK;
end loop;
end CREATE_COMMS_TRACKS;

---************ Procedure UPDATE_COMMS_TRACK ***
--- Algorithm : Updates the position of the track ***
--- according to its previous position, course ***
--- & velocity ***
---************
procedure UPDATE_COMMS_TRACK( 
  SELECTED_TRACK : in out COMMS_TRACK_LIST; 
  SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : in NATURAL ) is 

  PREVIOUS SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : NATURAL;
  SECONDS_PASSED : NATURAL;

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MILES_PER_DEGREE : constant FLOAT := 60.0;

--ownship information variables
OWN_LAT : FLOAT range -90.0 .. 90.0 := 35.0;
OWN_LONG : constant FLOAT := 125.0;
OWN_COURSE : FLOAT := 0.0;
OWN VELOCITY : FLOAT := 25.0;

DISTANCE : FLOAT;

LAT_DIST : FLOAT;
LONG_DIST : FLOAT;

begin --UPDATE_COMMS_TRACK
--get the the time difference between consecutive echos
--of the track in seconds
PREVIOUS SECONDS SINCE MIDNIGHT := 3600 *
SELECTED_TRACK.THE TIME.HOURS + 60 *
SELECTED_TRACK.THE TIME.MINUTES +
SELECTED_TRACK.THE TIME.SECONDS;
SECONDS PASSED := SECONDS SINCE MIDNIGHT -
PREVIOUS SECONDS SINCE MIDNIGHT;

--write the new observation time of the track to the
--track's record
SELECTED_TRACK.THE TIME.HOURS := SECONDS SINCE MIDNIGHT/3600;
SELECTED_TRACK.THE TIME.MINUTES := (SECONDS SINCE MIDNIGHT
mod 3600) / 60;
SELECTED_TRACK.THE TIME.SECONDS := (SECONDS SINCE MIDNIGHT
mod 3600) mod 60;

OWN_LAT := 35.0 + ((FLOAT(SECONDS PASSED)*OWN VELOCITY) /
3600.0)/MILES_PER DEGREE;
DISTANCE := (FLOAT(SECONDS PASSED)*SELECTED TRACK.VELOCITY)/
3600.0;
SELECTED_TRACK.LATITUDE := SELECTED_TRACK.LATITUDE +
(DISTANCE * COS(SELECTED_TRACK.COURSE*RADIANS_PER DEGREE))/
MILES_PER_DEGREE;
SELECTED_TRACK.LONGITUDE := SELECTED_TRACK.LONGITUDE +
(DISTANCE * \sin(SELECTED_TRACK.COURSE*RADIANSPERDEGREE)) / MILES_PER_DEGREE;

-- change the range of the track & write to the track's record
LAT_DIST := (SELECTED_TRACK.LATITUDE - OWN_LAT) *
MILES_PER_DEGREE;
LONG_DIST := (SELECTED_TRACK.LONGITUDE - OWN_LONG) *
MILES_PER_DEGREE;
SELECTED_TRACK.THE_RANGE := SQRT(LAT_DIST**2 + LONG_DIST**2);

-- change the azimuth of the track & write to the track's record
SELECTED_TRACK.AZIMUTH :=
DEGREESPERRADIAN * ARCCOS(LAT_DIST/SELECTED_TRACK.THE_RANGE);
end UPDATE_COMMS_TRACK;

---***************************************************************
---*** procedure PRINT_ONE_TRACK
---*** Algorithm: Prints out components of one track to the file
---***
---***************************************************************
procedure PRINT_ONE_TRACK( TRACK : in out COMMS_TRACK_LIST ) is

---***************************************************************
---*** procedure PUT_LEADING_ZEROS
---*** Algorithm: Puts leading ZEROS in front of the value into text
---***
---***************************************************************
procedure PUT_LEADING_ZEROS(
FILE : in FILE_TYPE;
OUT_NUMBER : in FLOAT;
BEFORE : in NATURAL ) is

-- BEFORE is number of original digits to be filled by both LEADING ZEROS and the number itself
NUMBER : FLOAT := FLOAT( 10** ( BEFORE-1 ) );
begin --PUT_LEADING_ZEROS

while NUMBER /= 1.0 loop
  if OUT_NUMBER < NUMBER then
    PUT( FILE, '0' );
  end if;
  NUMBER := NUMBER / 10.0;
end loop;
end PUT_LEADING_ZEROS;

begin --PRINT_ONE_TRACK

--put "beginning of track information" indicator
PUT( FILE, "POS/" );
--put TRACK.ID
PUT_LEADING_ZEROS( FILE, FLOAT(TRACK.ID), 4 );
PUT( FILE, TRACK.ID, 1 ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.ORIGIN
PUT( FILE, TRACK.ORIGIN ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.THE_TIME
PUT_LEADING_ZEROS( FILE, FLOAT(TRACK.THE_TIME.HOURS), 2 );
PUT( FILE, TRACK.THE_TIME.HOURS, 1 );
PUT_LEADING_ZEROS( FILE, FLOAT(TRACK.THE_TIME.MINUTES), 2 );
PUT( FILE, TRACK.THE_TIME.MINUTES, 1 );
PUT_LEADING_ZEROS( FILE, FLOAT(TRACK.THE_TIME.SECONDS), 2 );
PUT( FILE, TRACK.THE_TIME.SECONDS, 1 ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.TRACK_CLASS
if TRACK.TRACK_CLASS = AIR then PUT( FILE, "AA/" );
elseif TRACK.TRACK_CLASS = SURFACE then PUT( FILE, "SU/" );
else
  PUT( FILE, "SS/" );
end if;
--put TRACK.IFF_CLASS
if TRACK.IFF_CLASS = FRIENDLY then PUT( FILE, "F/" );
eelsif TRACK.IFF_CLASS = HOSTILE then PUT( FILE, "H/" );
eelsif TRACK.IFF_CLASS = NEUTRAL then PUT( FILE, "N/" );
else
  PUT( FILE, "U/" );
end if;
--put TRACK.LATITUDE
if TRACK.LATITUDE < 0.0 then
  PUT( FILE, '-' );
  PUT_LEADING_ZEROS( FILE, -TRACK.LATITUDE, 2 );
else
  PUT( FILE, '' );
PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, TRACK.LATITUDE, 2 );
end if;
PUT( FILE, TRACK.LATITUDE, 1, 1, 0 ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.LONGITUDE
if TRACK.LONGITUDE < 0.0 then
    PUT( FILE, '-' );
    PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, -TRACK.LONGITUDE, 3 );
else
    PUT( FILE, ' ' );
    PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, TRACK.LONGITUDE, 3 );
end if;
PUT( FILE, TRACK.LATITUDE, 1, 1, 0 ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.LONGITUDE
if TRACK.LONGITUDE < 0.0 then
    PUT( FILE, '-' );
    PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, -TRACK.LONGITUDE, 5 );
    PUT( FILE, -TRACK.LATITUDE, 1, 1, 0 );
elsif TRACK.LONGITUDE > 0.0 then
    PUT( FILE, ' ' );
    PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, TRACK.LONGITUDE, 5 );
    PUT( FILE, TRACK.LATITUDE, 1, 1, 0 );
else
    PUT( FILE, "00000.0" );
end if;
PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.COURSE
PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, TRACK.COURSE, 3 );
PUT( FILE, TRACK.COURSE, 1, 1, 0 ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.VELOCITY
PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, TRACK.VELOCITY, 3 );
PUT( FILE, TRACK.VELOCITY, 1, 1, 0 ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put TRACK.THE_RANGE
PUT LEADING ZEROS( FILE, TRACK.THE_RANGE, 4 );
PUT( FILE, TRACK.THE_RANGE, 1, 2, 0 ); PUT( FILE, '/' );
--put "end of track information" indicator to the file
PUT_LINE( FILE, "C/" );
end PRINT_ONE_TRACK;
---*** procedure PRINT_TRACKS
---*******************************************************************************
---*** procedure PRINT_TRACKS
---*******************************************************************************
procedure PRINT_TRACKS(
    FILE : in FILE_TYPE;
    COMMS_TRACKS : in out COMMS_TRACK_LIST;
    SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : in out NATURAL
) is

SELECTED_TRACK_ID : NATURAL;
SELECTED_TRACK : COMMS_TRACK_LIST;
PREVIOUS : COMMS_TRACK_LIST;
CURRENT : COMMS_TRACK_LIST;
RANDOM_NUMBER : FLOAT;

begin --PRINT_TRACKS
CURRENT := COMMS_TRACKS;
--initialize all track's reported component to be false
for I in 1..COMMS_TRACK_CAPACITY loop
    CURRENT.REPORTED := false;
    CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
end loop;
--read one random number
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
--find a number between 0 & COMMS_TRACK_CAPACITY, and then
--report that amount of tracks
for I in 0 .. NATURAL
    (RANDOM_NUMBER * FLOAT(COMMS_TRACK_CAPACITY-1)) loop
    --begin from the head of the list each time to search
    SELECTED_TRACK := COMMS_TRACKS;
    PREVIOUS := null;
    --select a track to report
    SELECTED_TRACK_ID := 1 +
    NATURAL( RANDOM_NUMBER * FLOAT(COMMS_TRACK_CAPACITY-1) );
    --search the track list with the SELECTED_TRACK_ID and find
    --the related track
    while SELECTED_TRACK.ID /= SELECTED_TRACK_ID loop
        PREVIOUS := SELECTED_TRACK;
        SELECTED_TRACK := SELECTED_TRACK.NEXT;
    end loop;
    --if selected track has not already been reported,
    --then report it, else pass it
end loop;
end procedure PRINT_TRACKS;
if SELECTEDTRACK.REPORTED = false then
    UPDATE_COMMTRACK( SELECTED_TRACK, SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT );
    PRINT_ONE_TRACK( SELECTED_TRACK );
    SELECTED_TRACK.REPORTED := true;
end if;
end loop;

-- put "end of all tracks indicator" to the file
PUT( FILE, '\');
end PRINT_TRACKS;

begin -- COMMS_LINKS
    SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT := NATURAL(CALENDAR.SECONDS(CALENDAR.CLOCK));
    if not COMMSTRACKSARECREATED then
      -- initialize the configuration of the COMMSTRACKS
      CREATE_COMMTRACKS( COMMSTRACKS, SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT );
      COMMSTRACKSARECREATED := true;
    end if;
    -- assign the names of all of the individual stations
    for I in 0 .. (NUMBEROFADDRESSES-1) loop
        NAMES(I).NAME(1..5) := "NAME ";
        NAMES(I).NAME(6) := CHARACTEROF( I );
    end loop;
    -- open file to which message will be printed
    FILE_NAME := GET_FILE_NAME;
    CREATE( FILE, NAME => FILE_NAME );
    SET_LINE_LENGTH( FILE, 80 );
    -- assign the out variable of the procedure
    INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE := FILE_NAME;
    -- process FILE_NAME field
    PUT( FILE, "NAME : ");
    NEW_LINE( FILE );
    -- process LINK_ID field
    PUT( FILE, "LINK_ID : ");
    RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
    if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.25 then
        PUT( FILE, JTIDS );
    elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.50 then
        PUT( FILE, LINK11 );
    elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.75 then
        PUT( FILE, LINK16 );
    else
        PUT( FILE, OTCIXS );
    end if;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--process CLASSIFICATION field
PUT( FILE, "CLASSIFICATION : " );
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.25 then PUT( FILE, U );
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.50 then PUT( FILE, C );
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.75 then PUT( FILE, S );
else
  PUT( FILE, TS );
end if;
--process PRECEDENCE field
PUT( FILE, " PRECEDENCE : " );
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.25 then PUT( FILE, R );
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.50 then PUT( FILE, P );
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.75 then PUT( FILE, O );
else
  PUT( FILE, Z );
end if;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--process FM field
PUT( FILE, "FM : " );
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
PUT( FILE, NAMES
      (NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME );
NAMES
  ( NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED := true;
FROM_NAME := NAMES
  ( NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--process TO field
PUT( FILE, "TO : " );
TO_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
for I in 0..NATURAL(TO_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES/3)) loop
  RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
  while NAMES(NATURAL
            (RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED loop
    RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
  end loop;
  SET_COL( FILE, 6 );
  PUT( FILE, NAMES
       (NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME );
NEW_LINE( FILE );
NAMES
(NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED := true;
end loop;
NEW_LINE(FILE);
-- process INFO field
PUT(FILE, "INFO : ");
INFO_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
for I in 0..NATURAL(INFO_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES/3)) loop
  RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
  while NAMES(NATURAL
    (RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED loop
    RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
  end loop;
  SET_COL(FILE, 8);
  PUT(FILE, NAMES
    (NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME);
  NEW_LINE(FILE);
  NAMES(NATURAL
    (RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED := true;
end loop;
NEW_LINE(FILE);

-- process VIA field
PUT(FILE, "VIA : ");
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
for I in 0..(NATURAL(TO_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES/3)) +
    NATURAL(INFO_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES/3))) loop
  RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
  while not ( NAMES(NATURAL
    (RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED
    and NAMES(NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*
    FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME /= FROM_NAME
    and not NAMES(NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*
    FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).REUSED) loop
    RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
  end loop;
  SET_COL(FILE, 7);
  PUT(FILE, NAMES
    (NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME);
  NEW_LINE(FILE);
  NAMES(NATURAL
    (RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED := true;
end loop;
NEW_LINE(FILE);
(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).REUSED := true;
end loop;
-- process BY field
SET_COL( FILE, 7 );
PUT( FILE, "BY ");
while not ( NAMES(NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*
FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).USED
and NAMES(NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*
FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME /= FROM_NAME
and not NAMES(NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*
FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).REUSED ) loop
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
end loop;
PUT_LINE( FILE, NAMES
(NATURAL(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).NAME );
NAMES(NATURAL
(RANDOM_NUMBER*FLOAT(NUMBER_OF_ADDRESSES-1))).REUSED := true;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
-- process SUBJECT field
PUT( FILE, "SUBJECT : THIS IS THE SUBJECT" );
NEW_LINE( FILE, 4 );
if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.25 then
-- approximately one fourth of the messages will contain
-- plain text data
PUT( FILE, "THIS IS THE TEXT" );
else
-- approximately three fourth of the messages will contain
-- track data
PRINT_TRACKS( FILE, COMMS_TRACKS, SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT );
end if;
CLOSE( FILE );
end COMMS_LINKS;

--************************************************************************
--*** procedure PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT ***
--************************************************************************
procedure PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT(
   INITIATE_TRANS : in
   INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE;
   TERMINATE_TRANS : in BOOLEAN;
TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : in out TRANSMIT_COMMAND ) is

PERIODIC_REPORT_FILE : constant FILENAME := "TRACK_FILE";
LINK : LINKS_TYPE;

--- Function PUT_TRACKS

--- Function PUT_TRACKS

function PUT_TRACKS ( TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
INITIATE_TRANS : INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE )
return TEXT_STRING is

TEXT : TEXT_STRING;
I : NATURAL := 1; -- index of TEXT variable
CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE;
STRING_4 : STRING(1..4) := " ";
STRING_8 : STRING(1..8) := " ";

--- Function CHARACTER_OF

--- Function CHARACTER_OF

function CHARACTER_OF( N : in NATURAL ) return CHARACTER is
begin
return( CHARACTER'VAL( N + 48 ) );
end CHARACTER_OF;

--- Function FLOAT_TO_STRING_8

--- Algorithm: converts 8-digit float number to

--- Function FLOAT_TO_STRING_8

function FLOAT_TO_STRING_8( NUMBER : in FLOAT ) return STRING is
S : STRING(1..8) := " 00000.0";
N : NATURAL;
F : FLOAT := NUMBER;
R : FLOAT;
begi
if \( F < 0.0 \) then
\[
S(1) := '-'; \\
F := -F;
\]
end if;

\( N := \text{NATURAL}( F ); \)
\( R := F - \text{FLOAT}( N ); \)
if \( R < 0.0 \) then
\[
N := N - 1; \\
R := R + 1.0;
\]
end if;
if \( N > 9 \) then
if \( N > 99 \) then
if \( N > 999 \) then
\[
S(2) := \text{CHARACTER_OF}( N/10000 ); \\
N := N - ( (N/10000) * 10000 );
\]
end if;
\[
S(3) := \text{CHARACTER_OF}( N/1000 ); \\
N := N - ( (N/1000) * 1000 );
\]
end if;
\[
S(4) := \text{CHARACTER_OF}( N/100 ); \\
N := N - ( (N/100) * 100 );
\]
end if;
\[
S(5) := \text{CHARACTER_OF}( N/10 ); \\
N := N - ( (N/10) * 10 );
\]
end if;
\[
S(6) := \text{CHARACTER_OF}( N ); \\
N := \text{NATURAL}( R * 10.0 );
\]
end if;
\[
S(8) := \text{CHARACTER_OF}( N );
\]
return(S);
end FLOAT_TO_STRING_8;

---

Function NATURAL_TO_STRING_4

Algorithm: converts 4-digit natural number to 4-character string

function NATURAL_TO_STRING_4( NUMBER : NATURAL ) return STRING is
\[
S := \text{STRING(1..4)} := "0000";
N := NATURAL := NUMBER;
\]
begin
if N > 9 then
  if N > 99 then
    if N > 999 then
      \( S(1) := \text{CHARACTER}_{OF}( N/1000 ) \);
      \( N := N - ( (N/1000) \times 1000 ) \);
    end if;
    \( S(2) := \text{CHARACTER}_{OF}( N/100 ) \);
    \( N := N - ( (N/100) \times 100 ) \);
  end if;
  \( S(3) := \text{CHARACTER}_{OF}( N/10 ) \);
  \( N := N - ( (N/10) \times 10 ) \);
end if;
\( S(4) := \text{CHARACTER}_{OF}( N ) \);
return(S);
end NATURAL\_TO\_STRING\_4;

begin --PUT\_TRACKS
  CURRENT := TRACK;
  while CURRENT /= null loop
    if (INITIATE\_TRANS\_DBASE\_REQUEST\_TRACK\_CLASS
        (CURRENT.TRACK\_CLASS)) and
        (INITIATE\_TRANS\_DBASE\_REQUEST\_IFF\_CLASS
        (CURRENT.IFF\_CLASS)) and
        (INITIATE\_TRANS\_DBASE\_REQUEST\_THE\_RANGE>=CURRENT\_THE\_RANGE)
    then
      TEXT(I..I+3) := "POS/";
      TEXT(I+4..I+7) := NATURAL\_TO\_STRING\_4(CURRENT.ID);
      TEXT(I+8) := '/';
      TEXT(I+9..I+16) := CURRENT.OBSERVER;
      TEXT(I+17) := '/';
      \( \text{STRING}_4 := \text{NATURAL\_TO\_STRING\_4} 
          (CURRENT.OBSERVATION\_TIME.HOURS) \);
      TEXT(I+18..I+19) := \( \text{STRING}_4(3..4) \);
      \( \text{STRING}_4 := \text{NATURAL\_TO\_STRING\_4} 
          (CURRENT.OBSERVATION\_TIME.MINUTES) \);
      TEXT(I+20..I+21) := \( \text{STRING}_4(3..4) \);
      \( \text{STRING}_4 := \text{NATURAL\_TO\_STRING\_4} 
          (CURRENT.OBSERVATION\_TIME.SECONDS) \);
      TEXT(I+22..I+23) := \( \text{STRING}_4(3..4) \);
      TEXT(I+24) := '/';
if CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS = SURFACE then
    TEXT(I+25..I+26) := "SU";
elsif CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS = SUBSURFACE then
    TEXT(I+25..I+26) := "SS";
else
    TEXT(I+25..I+26) := "AA";
end if;
TEXT(I+27) := '/';
if CURRENT.IFF_CLASS = FRIENDLY then TEXT(I+28) := 'F';
elsif CURRENT.IFF_CLASS = HOSTILE then TEXT(I+28) := 'H';
elsif CURRENT.IFF_CLASS = NEUTRAL then TEXT(I+28) := 'N';
else TEXT(I+28) := 'U';
end if;
TEXT(I+29) := '/';
STRING_8 := FLOAT_TO_STRING_8(CURRENT.LATITUDE);
if STRING_8(1) = '-' then
    TEXT(I+30) := '-';
else
    TEXT(I+30) := ' '; end if;
TEXT(I+31..I+34) := STRING_8(5..8);
TEXT(I+35) := '/';
STRING_8 := FLOAT_TO_STRING_8(CURRENT.LONGITUDE);
if STRING_8(1) = '-' then
    TEXT(I+36) := '-';
else
    TEXT(I+36) := ' '; end if;
TEXT(I+37..I+41) := STRING_8(4..8);
TEXT(I+42) := '/';
TEXT(I+43..I+50) := FLOAT_TO_STRING_8(CURRENT.HEIGHT);
TEXT(I+51) := '/';
STRING_8 := FLOAT_TO_STRING_8(CURRENT.COURSE);
TEXT(I+52..I+56) := STRING_8(4..8);
TEXT(I+57) := '/';
STRING_8 := FLOAT_TO_STRING_8(CURRENT.VELOCITY);
TEXT(I+58..I+62) := STRING_8(4..8);
TEXT(I+63) := '/';
STRING_8 := FLOAT_TO_STRING_8(CURRENT.RANGE);
TEXT(I+64..I+70) := STRING_8(2..8);
TEXT(I+71) := '/';

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if CURRENT.ARCHIVE FLAG = C then TEXT(I+72) := 'C';
elsif CURRENT.ARCHIVE FLAG = N then TEXT(I+72) := 'N';
elsif CURRENT.ARCHIVE FLAG = A then TEXT(I+72) := 'A';
else TEXT(I+72) := 'S';
end if;
TEXT(I+73) := '/';
end if;
CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
I := I + 80;
end loop;
text(I) := '\';
for J in I+1..TEXT_LENGTH loop
   TEXT(J) := ' ';
end loop;
return (TEXT);
end PUTTRACKS;
begin -- PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT
   LINK := INITIATE_TRANS.LINK_ID;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).ROUTE_ADDR := null;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).ROUTED := false;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).FULL := true;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.NAME := PERIODIC_REPORT_FILE;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.HEADER := INITIATE_TRANS.HEADER;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.LINK_ID := LINK;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.RELAYED := false;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.ARCHIVE := true;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.IS_TRACK := true;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.FORMAT :=
      INITIATE_TRANS.DESIRED_FORMAT;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT.TEXT := PUTTRACKS
      (TRACKS, INITIATE_TRANS);
end PREPARE_PERIODIC_REPORT;

-----------------------------------------------
---*** procedure PARSE_INPUT_FILE
---***
procedure PARSE_INPUT_FILE(  
   INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE : in   FILENAME;
   INPUT_TEXT_RECORD : in out TEXT_RECORD ) is
**FILE** : TEXT_IO.FILE_TYPE;
**LINE** : STRING(1..80);
**I** : NATURAL;
**ADDRESS_HEAD** : ADDRESS_LINK;
**NEW_ADDRESS** : ADDRESS_LINK;
**VIA_HEAD** : VIA_RECORD_LINK;
**NEW_VIA** : VIA_RECORD_LINK;
**LINE_LENGTH** : NATURAL;

---

**procedure** GET_ONELINE
---

**algorithm**: this procedure reads one line from the pointed file and returns the content of the file. The difference between this procedure and TEXT_IO.GET_LINE is that, this procedure adds BLANK character to the empty places in the line.

**procedure** GET_ONELINE(
**FILE** : in TEXT_IO.FILE_TYPE;
**LINE** : out STRING;
**LINE_LENGTH** : out NATURAL ) is

**THE_LINE** : STRING(1..80); --dummy line variable is used
**THE_LENGTH** : NATURAL; --dummy line_length variable is used

**begin** --GET_ONELINE
--read the line from the input file
TEXT_IO.GET_LINE( FILE, THE_LINE, THE_LENGTH );
--add BLANK character to the empty places
for **I** in THE_LENGTH+1 .. 80 loop
THE_LINE( **I** ) := ' ';
end loop;
--assign the OUT variables to local variables
**LINE** := THE_LINE;
**LINE_LENGTH** := THE_LENGTH;
end GET_ONELINE;

**begin** --PARSE_INPUT_FILE
--open the file to be parsed
OPEN( FILE, NAME => INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE, MODE => INFILE );
--process filename field
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.NAME := INPUT_LINK_MESSAGE;
SKIP_LINE( FILE );
--process link_id field
GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
if LINE(11..15) = "JTIDS" then
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID := JTIDS;
elsif LINE(11..16) = "LINK11" then
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID := LINK11;
elsif LINE(11..16) = "LINK16" then
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID := LINK16;
else
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID := OTCIIXS;
end if;
--skip route field & blank lines
while LINE(1..14) /= "CLASSIFICATION" loop
    GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
end loop;
--process classification field
if LINE(18) = 'U' then
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.CLASSIFICATION := 'U'; I := 33;
elsif LINE(18) = 'C' then
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.CLASSIFICATION := 'C'; I := 33;
elsif LINE(18) = 'S' then
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.CLASSIFICATION := 'S'; I := 33;
else
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.CLASSIFICATION := 'TS'; I := 34;
end if;
--process precedence field
if LINE(1) = 'R' then INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.PRECEDENCE := 'R';
elsif LINE(1) = 'P' then INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.PRECEDENCE := 'P';
elsif LINE(1) = 'O' then INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.PRECEDENCE := 'O';
else
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.PRECEDENCE := 'Z';
end if;
--process origin field
GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.ORIGIN := LINE(6..11);
--process address field
GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
ADDRESS_HEAD := null;
while LINE_LENGTH > 1 loop --there exist another address
  NEW_ADDRESS := new ADDRESS_TYPE;
  NEW_ADDRESS.NAME := LINE(6..11);
  NEW_ADDRESS.NEXT := ADDRESS_HEAD;
  ADDRESS_HEAD := NEW_ADDRESS;
  GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
end loop;
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.ADDRESS := ADDRESS_HEAD;
--process info field
GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
ADDRESS_HEAD := null;
while LINE_LENGTH > 1 loop --there exist another address
  NEW_ADDRESS := new ADDRESS_TYPE;
  NEW_ADDRESS.NAME := LINE(8..13);
  NEW_ADDRESS.NEXT := ADDRESS_HEAD;
  ADDRESS_HEAD := NEW_ADDRESS;
  GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
end loop;
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.INFO := ADDRESS_HEAD;
--process via field
GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
VIA_HEAD := null;
while LINE_LENGTH > 1 loop --there exist another address
  NEW_VIA := new VIA_RECORD;
  ADDRESS_HEAD := null;
  while LINE(7..8) /= "BY" loop
    --process relay_to field
    NEW_ADDRESS := new ADDRESS_TYPE;
    NEW_ADDRESS.NAME := LINE(7..12);
    NEW_ADDRESS.NEXT := ADDRESS_HEAD;
    ADDRESS_HEAD := NEW_ADDRESS;
    GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
  end loop;
  --process relay_by field
  NEW_VIA.RELAY_BY := LINE(10..15);
  NEW_VIA.RELAY_TO := ADDRESS_HEAD;
  NEW_VIA.NEXT := VIA_HEAD;
  VIA_HEAD := NEW_VIA;
  GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
end loop;
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.VIALINE := VIA_HEAD;
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-- process subject field
GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.SUBJECT(1..60) := LINE(11..70);
SKIP_LINE( FILE, 3 );
-- fill in relay field
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.RELAYED := false;
-- fill in archive field
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.ARCHIVE := false;
-- process text field
I := 1;
while ( not END_OF_FILE ( FILE ) and I <= TEXT_LENGTH ) loop
  GET_ONE_LINE( FILE, LINE, LINE_LENGTH );
  INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.TEXT(I..I+LINE_LENGTH-1) :=
    LINE(1..LINE_LENGTH);
  I := I + 80;
end loop;
if INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.TEXT(1..4) = "POS/" then
  -- file consists of track info
  INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.IS_TRACK := true;
  close( FILE );
else -- file consists of message
  INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.IS_TRACK := false;
  close( FILE );
end if;
end PARSE_INPUT_FILE;

-------------------------------
---*** procedure DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING  ***
---------------------------------
procedure DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING(
  INPUT_TEXT_RECORD : in out TEXT_RECORD;
  TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP : in ARCHIVE_SETUP;
  COMMS_TEXT_FILE : out TEXT_RECORD;
  COMMS_EMAIL : out FILENAME ) is
  CURRENT : ADDRESS_LINK;

begin
  if TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP.ALL_SHIPS then
    -- we are done, since all incoming messages are to be archived


INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.ARCHIVE := true;
COMMS_TEXT_FILE := INPUT_TEXT_RECORD;
elif ((TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP.JTIDS) and
  (INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID = JTIDS)) or
  ((TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP.LINK16) and
  (INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID = LINK16)) or
  ((TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP.LINK11) and
  (INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID = LINK11)) or
  ((TDD_ARCHIVE_SETUP.OTCIXS) and
  (INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.LINK_ID = OTCIXS)) then
  -- link_id of the incoming message matches with user choice
  -- specified in by the archive setup.
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.ARCHIVE := true;
    COMMS_TEXT_FILE := INPUT_TEXT_RECORD;
else
  -- we want to archive only the files which are directed to us
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.ARCHIVE := INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.ADDRESS;
  while CURRENT.NEXT /= null and not INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.ARCHIVE loop
  if CURRENT.NAME = OWN_ADDRESS then
    INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.ARCHIVE := true;
    COMMS_TEXT_FILE := INPUT_TEXT_RECORD;
    CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
  end if;
  end loop;
COMMS_EMAIL := INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.NAME;
end DECIDE_FOR_ARCHIVING;

--******************************************************
--*** procedure EXTRACT_TRACKS
--******************************************************

procedure EXTRACT_TRACKS(
  COMMS_TEXT_FILE : in TEXT_RECORD;
  COMMS_ADD_TRACK : out ADD_TRACK_TUPLE ) is
  NEW_TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
  HEAD : TRACK_TUPLE;
  TEXT : TEXT_STRING;
  I : NATURAL := 1; -- index of TEXT variable
  END_OF_TEXT : BOOLEAN := false;

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ID : STRING(1..6) := "000000";
HOUR : STRING(1..6) := "000000";
MINUTE : STRING(1..6) := "000000";
SECOND : STRING(1..6) := "000000";
LATITUDE : STRING(1..8) := "000000.0";
LONGITUDE : STRING(1..8) := "000000.0";
ALTITUDE : STRING(1..8) := "000000.0";
COURSE : STRING(1..8) := "000000.0";
VELOCITY : STRING(1..8) := "000000.0";
THE_RANGE : STRING(1..9) := "000000.00";

-------------------------------

function NATURAL_OF

---------

function NATURAL_OF( CHAR : in CHARACTER ) return NATURAL is
begin
    return ( CHARACTER'POS( CHAR ) - 48 );
end NATURAL_OF;

-------------------------------

function STRING_6_TO_NATURAL

---------

function STRING_6_TO_NATURAL( STR : in STRING ) return NATURAL is
    COEFFICIENT : NATURAL := 100000;
    OUT_NUMBER : NATURAL := 0;
begin
    for I in 1..6 loop
        OUT_NUMBER := OUT_NUMBER + NATURAL_OF( STR(I) ) * COEFFICIENT;
        COEFFICIENT := COEFFICIENT / 10;
    end loop;
    return ( OUT_NUMBER );
end STRING_6_TO_NATURAL;

-------------------------------

function STRING_8_TO_FLOAT

---------

function STRING_8_TO_FLOAT( STR : in STRING ) return FLOAT is
    PREFIX : NATURAL;

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POSTFIX : NATURAL;
OUT_NUMBER : FLOAT;
begin
    PREFIX := STRING_6_TO_NATURAL( STR(1..6) );
    POSTFIX := NATURAL_OF( STR(8) );
    OUT_NUMBER := FLOAT( PREFIX ) + 0.1 * FLOAT( POSTFIX );
    return( OUT_NUMBER );
end STRING_8_TO_FLOAT;

--- function STRING_9_TO_FLOAT
--- function STRING_9_TO_FLOAT( STR : in STRING ) return FLOAT is
begin
    OUT_NUMBER := STRING_8_TO_FLOAT(STR(1..8)) + 0.01 * FLOAT(NATURAL_OF(STR(9)));
    return( OUT_NUMBER );
end STRING_9_TO_FLOAT;

begin -- EXTRACT TRACKS
    HEAD := null;
    TEXT := COMMS_TEXT_FILE.TEXT;
    while not END_OF_TEXT loop
        NEW_TRACK := new TRACK_RECORD;
        -- process ID field
        ID(3..6) := TEXT(I+4..I+7);
        NEW_TRACK.ID := STRING_6_TO_NATURAL(ID);
        -- process OBSERVER field
        NEW_TRACK.OBSERVER := TEXT(I+9..I+16);
        -- process TIME field
        HOUR(5..6) := TEXT(I+18..I+19);
        MINUTE(5..6) := TEXT(I+20..I+21);
        SECOND(5..6) := TEXT(I+22..I+23);
        NEW_TRACK.OBSERVATION_TIME.HOURS := STRING_6_TO_NATURAL(HOUR);
        NEW_TRACK.OBSERVATION_TIME.MINUTES := STRING_6_TO_NATURAL(MINUTE);
        NEW_TRACK.OBSERVATION_TIME.SECONDS := STRING_6_TO_NATURAL(SECOND);
        -- process TRACK_CLASS field
        if TEXT(I+25..I+26) = "SU" then
            NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS := SURFACE;
elsif TEXT(I+25..I+26) = "SS" then
    NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS := SUBSURFACE;
else
    NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS := AIR;
end if;

-- process IFF_CLASS field
if TEXT(I+28) = 'F' then NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := FRIENDLY;
elif TEXT(I+28) = 'H' then NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := HOSTILE;
elif TEXT(I+28) = 'N' then NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := NEUTRAL;
else
    NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := UNKNOWN;
end if;

-- process LATITUDE field
LATITUDE(5..8) := TEXT(I+31..I+34);
NEW_TRACK.LATITUDE := STRING_8_TO_FLOAT(LATITUDE);
if TEXT(I+30) = '-' then
    NEW_TRACK.LATITUDE := -NEW_TRACK.LATITUDE;
end if;

-- process LONGITUDE field
LONGITUDE(4..8) := TEXT(I+37..I+41);
NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE := STRING_8_TO_FLOAT(LONGITUDE);
if TEXT(I+36) = '-' then
    NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE := -NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE;
end if;

-- process ALTITUDE field
ALTITUDE(2..8) := TEXT(I+44..I+50);
NEW_TRACK.ALTITUDE := STRING_8_TO_FLOAT(ALTITUDE);
if TEXT(I+43) = '-' then
    NEW_TRACK.ALTITUDE := -NEW_TRACK.ALTITUDE;
end if;

-- process COURSE field
COURSE(4..8) := TEXT(I+52..I+56);
NEW_TRACK.COURSE := STRING_8_TO_FLOAT(COURSE);

-- process VELOCITY field
VELOCITY(4..8) := TEXT(I+58..I+62);
NEW_TRACK.VELOCITY := STRING_8_TO_FLOAT(VELOCITY);

-- process THE RANGE field
THE_RANGE(3..9) := TEXT(I+64..I+70);
NEW_TRACK.THE_RANGE := STRING_9_TO_FLOAT(THE_RANGE);

-- process ARCHIVE_FLAG field
if TEXT(I+72) = 'C' then NEW_TRACK.ARCHIVE_FLAG := C;
elif TEXT(I+72) = 'N' then NEW_TRACK.ARCHIVE_FLAG := N;
elsif TEXT(I+72) = 'A' then NEW_TRACK.ARCHIVE_FLAG := A;
else
    NEW_TRACK.ARCHIVE_FLAG := S;
end if;

--link NEW_TRACK to head of tracks
NEW_TRACK.NEXT := HEAD;
HEAD := NEW_TRACK;

--go to the beginning of the next line
I := I + 80;
if TEXT(I) = '\' then
    --end of tracks sign is encountered
    END_OF_TEXT := true;
end if;
end loop;

COMMS_ADD_TRACK.TRACK := HEAD;
COMMS_ADD_TRACK.ORIGIN := "COMMS ";
end EXTRACT_TRACKS;

procedure FILTER_COMMSTRACKS
procedure FILTER_COMMS_TRACKS (COMMSADDTRACK in out ADDTRACKTUPLE;
TDDFILTER in SET_TRACK_FILTER;
FILTERED_COMMSTRACK out ADDTRACKTUPLE) is

HEAD : TRACK_TUPLE := COMMS_ADD_TRACK.TRACK;
CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE := COMMS_ADD_TRACK.TRACK;
PREVIOUS : TRACK_TUPLE := null;

begin
--FILTER_COMMSTRACKS
while CURRENT /= null loop
    --search through comms_add_track in order to find the place
    --for the new track according to the precedence

    if (TDD_FILTER.DESIRED_CLASS(CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS)) and
        (TDD_FILTER.DESIRED_RANGE(CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS) >=
         CURRENT.THE_RANGE) then
        PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
        CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
    else

    end loop;

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if PREVIOUS = null then
  HEAD := CURRENT.NEXT;
else
  PREVIOUS.NEXT := CURRENT.NEXT;
end if;
CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
end if;
end loop;
if HEAD = null then
  APPROVED := false;
end if;
FILTERED_COMM_TRACK.TRACK := HEAD;
end FILTER_COMM_TRACKS;

---******************************************************************************
---** procedure DELETE_TRACK
---******************************************************************************
procedure DELETE_TRACK(  
  TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE;
  TARGET_ID : in NATURAL ) is

  TRACK_IS_FOUND : BOOLEAN := false;
  POSITION : TRACK_TUPLE;
  PREVIOUS : TRACK_TUPLE;
  CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE;

begin  --DELETE_TRACK
  POSITION := TRACKS;
  PREVIOUS := null;
  while POSITION /= null and not TRACK_IS_FOUND loop
    if POSITION.ID = TARGET_ID then
      TRACK_IS_FOUND := true;
      NUMBER_OF_TRACKS := NUMBER_OF_TRACKS - 1;
      if PREVIOUS = null then
        TRACKS := POSITION.NEXT;
      else
        PREVIOUS.NEXT := POSITION.NEXT;
      end if;
      else
        PREVIOUS := POSITION;
    end if;
  end loop;
end DELETE_TRACK;
POSITION := POSITION.NEXT;
end if;
end loop;
end DELETE_TRACK;

procedure PLACE_TRACK

algorithm: this procedure adds the new_track to TRACKS

so that the resultant TRACKS link list have

AIR tracks followed by SURFACE tracks,

followed by SUBSURFACE tracks. Also the track

with the same TRACK_CLASS but with smaller

RANGE comes before the other track in TRACKS

link list

procedure PLACETRACK(

TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE;
NEWTRACK : in TRACK_TUPLE ) is

CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE := TRACKS;
PREVIOUS : TRACK_TUPLE := null;

begin --PLACETRACK

if CURRENT = null then

--currently, there is no track in TRACKS, so assign it to
--new track

TRACKS := NEWTRACK;

elsif CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS > NEWTRACK.TRACK_CLASS then

--new track's position is before the head of the tracks list
--according to their track_class in the track_class_type,
--so add new_track to the head of the TRACKS

NEWTRACK.NEXT := TRACKS;

TRACKS := NEWTRACK;

elsif (CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS <= NEWTRACK.TRACK_CLASS) then

--new track's position is after the head of the tracks list
--according to their track_class in the track_class_type,
--so find a suitable position for the new_track, so that it
--will satisfy the condition, described at the algorithm
--of the procedure

while ( CURRENT /= null ) and then

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( CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS < NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS ) loop
  PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
  CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
end loop;
if CURRENT = null then
  PREVIOUS.NEXT := NEW_TRACK;
else
  while ( CURRENT /= null ) and then
    ( CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS = NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS ) loop
    if CURRENT.THE_RANGE < NEW_TRACK.THE_RANGE then
      PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
      CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
    else
      exit;
    end if;
  end loop;
if CURRENT = null then
  PREVIOUS.NEXT := NEW_TRACK;
elsif PREVIOUS = null then
  NEW_TRACK.NEXT := TRACKS;
  TRACKS := NEW_TRACK;
else
  PREVIOUS.NEXT := NEW_TRACK;
  NEW_TRACK.NEXT := CURRENT;
end if;
end if;
end if;
end PLACE_TRACK;

---

---*** procedure DELETE_LAST

procedure DELETE_LAST( TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE ) is
  CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE := TRACKS;
  PREVIOUS : TRACK_TUPLE := null;

begin
  while CURRENT.NEXT /= null loop
    PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
    CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
  end loop;
end DELETE_LAST;
CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
end loop;
PREVIOUS.NEXT := null;
end DELETE_LAST;

--********************************************************************************
---*** procedure ADD_COMMS_TRACK  ***
--********************************************************************************

procedure ADD_COMMS_TRACK(
  FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK : in ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
  TDD_FILTER : in SET_TRACK_FILTER;
  OUT_TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE ) is

  CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE := FILTERED_COMMS_TRACK.TRACK;
  NEW_TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;

begin --ADD_COMMS_TRACK
  while CURRENT /= null loop
    NEW_TRACK := new TRACK_RECORD;
    NEW_TRACK.ALL := CURRENT.ALL;
    CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
    NEW_TRACK.NEXT := null;
    if NUMBER_OF_TRACKS < TDD_FILTER.MAX_NUMBER then
      NUMBER_OF_TRACKS := NUMBER_OF_TRACKS + 1;
    else
      DELETE_LAST( TRACKS );
    end if;
    DELETE_TRACK( TRACKS, NEW_TRACK.ID );
    PLACE_TRACK( TRACKS, NEW_TRACK );
  end loop;
  OUT_TRACKS := new TRACK_RECORD;
  OUT_TRACKS.ALL := TRACKS.ALL;
end ADD_COMMS_TRACK;

--********************************************************************************
---*** procedure SENSORS  ***
--********************************************************************************

procedure SENSORS( SENSOR_DATA : out SENSOR_RECORD ) is
SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : NATURAL;
NEW_ECHO : SENSOR_RECORD;
PREVIOUS : SENSOR_TRACK_LIST;
SELECTED_TRACK : SENSOR_TRACK_LIST;
SELECTED_TRACK_ID : NATURAL;
SENSOR_TRACK_CAPACITY : constant NATURAL := 15;
PI : constant FLOAT := 3.1415926536;
RADIANS_PER_DEGREE : constant FLOAT := PI / 180.0;
DEGREES_PER_RADIAN : constant FLOAT := 1.0 / RADIANS_PER_DEGREE;

---********************
---*** procedure CREATE_SENSOR_TRACKS
---********************

procedure CREATE_SENSOR_TRACKS( 
SENSOR_TRACKS : in out SENSOR_TRACK_LIST;
SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : in NATURAL ) is 

NEW_TRACK : SENSOR_TRACK_LIST;
RANDOM_NUMBER : FLOAT;
--constant attributes for the tracks
MIN_AIR_HEIGHT : constant FLOAT := 3000.0;
MIN_AIR_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 300.0;
MAX_AIR_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 800.0;
AIR_VELOCITY_DIFF := MAX_AIR_VELOCITY - MIN_AIR_VELOCITY;
MIN_SURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 0.0;
MAX_SURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 40.0;
MAX_HEADING_ANGLE : constant FLOAT := 360.0;
MAX_SENSOR_RANGE : constant FLOAT := 500.0;
MIN_SUBSURFACE_DEPTH : constant FLOAT := 0.0;
MIN_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 0.0;
MAX_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY : constant FLOAT := 30.0;
MIN_ELEVATION : constant FLOAT := -90.0;
MAX_ELEVATION : constant FLOAT := 90.0;
MIN_AZIMUTH : constant FLOAT := -180.0;
MAX_AZIMUTH : constant FLOAT := 180.0;
MAX_BEARING_ANGLE := MAX_AZIMUTH - MIN_AZIMUTH;
AIR_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO : constant FLOAT := 0.2;
SURFACE_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO : constant FLOAT := 0.8;
MILES_PER_DEGREE : constant FLOAT := 60.0;

begin --CREATE_SENSOR_TRACKS
for I in 11 .. SENSOR_TRACK_CAPACITY loop
    NEW_TRACK := new SENSOR_TRACK_RECORD;
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.ID := I;
    RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
    if RANDOM_NUMBER < AIR_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO then
        --create air track
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.TRACK_CLASS := AIR;
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.ELEVATION := MAX_ELEVATION * RANDOM_NUMBER;
        NEWTRACK.CONTACT VELOCITY := MIN_AIR VELOCITY +
        ( RANDOM_NUMBER * AIR VELOCITY_DIFF );
    elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < SURFACE_TRACK_REBIRTH_RATIO then
        --create surface track
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.TRACK_CLASS := SURFACE;
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.ELEVATION := 0.0;
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.VELOCITY := MIN_SURFACE_VELOCITY +
        ( RANDOM_NUMBER * MAX_SURFACE_VELOCITY );
    else
        --create subsurface track
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.TRACK_CLASS := SUBSURFACE;
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.ELEVATION := MIN_ELEVATION *
      RANDOM_NUMBER ;
        NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.VELOCITY := MIN_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY +
        ( RANDOM_NUMBER * MAX_SUBSURFACE_VELOCITY );
    end if;
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.COURSE := RANDOM_NUMBER *
      MAX_HEADING_ANGLE;
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_RANGE := RANDOM_NUMBER * MAX_SENSOR_RANGE;
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.AZIMUTH := MIN_AZIMUTH +
      (RANDOM_NUMBER * MAX_BEARING_ANGLE);
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.ORIGIN := "SENSOR ";
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_TIME.HOURS :=
        SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT/3600;
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_TIME.MINUTES :=
        (SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 3600) / 60;
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_TIME.SECONDS :=
        (SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 3600) mod 60;
end loop;
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.25 then
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.IFF_CLASS := FRIENDLY;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.50 then
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.IFF_CLASS := HOSTILE;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.75 then
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.IFF_CLASS := NEUTRAL;
else
    NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.IFF_CLASS := UNKNOWN;
end if;
NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.ARCHIVE_FLAG := C;
NEW_TRACK.INTELLIGENCE(1..40) :=
        "THIS IS INTELLIGENCE "
NEW_TRACK.INTELLIGENCE(41..80) :=
        " ";
NEW_TRACK.LATITUDE := 35.0 + (NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_RANGE * 
                          COS(NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.AZIMUTH*RADIANSPERDEGREE))/
                          MILES_PER_DEGREE;
if NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.AZIMUTH > 0.0 then
    NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE := 125.0 + (NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_RANGE * 
                              SIN(NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.AZIMUTH*RADIANSPERDEGREE))/
                              MILES_PER_DEGREE;
else
    NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE := 125.0 - (NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_RANGE * 
                              SIN(NEW_TRACK.CONTACT.AZIMUTH*RADIANSPERDEGREE))/
                              MILES_PER_DEGREE;
end if;
--add NEW_TRACK to the head of the SENSOR_TRACKS
NEW_TRACK.NEXT := SENSOR_TRACKS;
SENSOR_TRACKS := NEW_TRACK;
end loop;
end CREATE_SENSOR_TRACKS;

---*---------------------------------------------------------------
---*** procedure UPDATE_SENSOR_TRACK ***
---*---------------------------------------------------------------
procedure UPDATE_SENSOR_TRACK(
    SELECTED_TRACK : in out SENSOR_TRACK_LIST;
    SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : in NATURAL ) is
PREVIOUS_SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : NATURAL;
SECONDS_PASSED : NATURAL;
OWN_LAT : FLOAT range -90.0..90.0 := 35.0;
OWN_LONG : constant FLOAT := 125.0;
OWNOURSE : FLOAT := 0.0;
OWN_VELOCITY : FLOAT := 25.0;
DISTANCE : FLOAT;
LAT_DIST : FLOAT;
LONG_DIST : FLOAT;
MILES_PER_DEGREE : constant FLOAT := 60.0;

begin --UPDATE_SENSOR_TRACK
--get the the time difference between consecutive echos of
--the track in seconds
PREVIOUS_SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT :=
   3600 * SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTTHE_TIMEHOURS +
   60 * SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTTHE_TIMEMINUTES +
   SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTTHE_TIMESECONDS;
SECONDS_PASSED := SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT -
   PREVIOUS_SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT;
--write the new observation time of the track to the
--track's record
SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTTHE_TIMEHOURS :=
     SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT/3600;
SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTTHE_TIMEMINUTES :=
     (SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 3600) / 60;
SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTTHE_TIMESECONDS :=
     (SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 3600) mod 60;
--update own_ship's latitude
OWN_LAT := 35.0 +
   ((FLOAT(SECONDS_PASSED)*OWN_VELOCITY) / 3600.0)/MILES_PER_DEGREE;
--calculate the distance that the contact has went
DISTANCE :=
   (FLOAT(SECONDS_PASSED)*SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTVELOCITY)/3600.0;
--update selected_track's latitude
SELECTED_TRACKLATITUDE := SELECTED_TRACKLATITUDE + (DISTANCE*
   COS(SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTCOURSE*RADIANS_PER_DEGREE))/
   MILES_PER_DEGREE;
--update selected_track's longitude
SELECTED_TRACKLONGITUDE := SELECTED_TRACKLONGITUDE + (DISTANCE*
   SIN(SELECTED_TRACKCONTACTCOURSE*RADIANS_PER_DEGREE))/
MILES_PER_DEGREE;

-- change the range of the track & write to the track's record
LAT_DIST := (SELECTED_TRACK.LATITUDE - OWN_LAT) * MILES_PER_DEGREE;
LONG_DIST := (SELECTED_TRACK.LONGITUDE - OWN_LONG) * MILES_PER_DEGREE;
SELECTED_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_RANGE :=
   \[ \sqrt{LAT_DIST^2 + LONG_DIST^2} \];

-- update selected_track's range
SELECTED_TRACK.CONTACT.AZIMUTH := DEGREES_PER_RADIAN *
   DEGREES_PER_RADIAN * ARCCOS(LAT_DIST/SELECTED_TRACK.CONTACT.THE_RANGE);
end UPDATE_SENSOR_TRACK;

begin -- SENSORS
SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT := NATURAL(CALENDAR.SECONDS(CALENDAR.CLOCK));
if not SENSOR_TRACKS ARE CREATED then
   CREATE_SENSOR_TRACKS(SENSOR_TRACKS, SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT);
   SENSOR_TRACKS ARE CREATED := true;
end if;
-- begin from the head of the list each time to search
SELECTED_TRACK_ID := 0;
SELECTED_TRACK := SENSOR_TRACKS;
PREVIOUS := null;
while SELECTED_TRACK_ID < 11 loop
   -- because sensor tracks start with id 11
   SELECTED_TRACK_ID :=
      NATURAL(RANDOM.NUMBER*FLOAT(SENSOR_TRACK_CAPACITY));
end loop;
while SELECTED_TRACK.NEXT /= null and
   SELECTED_TRACK.CONTACT.ID /= SELECTED_TRACK_ID loop
   PREVIOUS := SELECTED_TRACK;
   SELECTED_TRACK := SELECTED_TRACK.NEXT;
end loop;
UPDATE_SENSOR_TRACK(SELECTED_TRACK, SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT);
SENSOR_DATA.INTELLIGENCE := SELECTED_TRACK.INTELLIGENCE;
SENSOR_DATA.CONTACT := SELECTED_TRACK.CONTACT;
end SENSORS;
procedure ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA

procedure ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA(
    SENSOR_DATA : in SENSOR_RECORD;
    SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA : out LOCAL_TRACK_INFO)
begin
    SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA := SENSOR_DATA_CONTACT;
end ANALYZE_SENSOR_DATA;

procedure PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK

procedure PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK(
    SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA : in LOCAL_TRACK_INFO;
    POSITION_DATA : in OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO;
    SENSOR_ADD_TRACK : out ADDTRACK_TUPLE)
begin
    SENSOR_ADD_TRACK.ORIGIN := "SENSOR ";
    HEAD := null;
    NEW_TRACK := new TRACK_RECORD;
    NEW_TRACK.ID := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.ID;
    NEW_TRACK.OBSERVER := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.ORIGIN;
    NEW_TRACK.OBSERVATION_TIME := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.THE_TIME;
    NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.TRACK_CLASS;
    NEW_TRACK.IFF_CLASS := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.IFF_CLASS;
    NEW_TRACK.LATITUDE := POSITION_DATA.LATITUDE +
        (SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.THE_RANGE *
        COS(RADIANS_PER_DEGREE*SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.AZIMUTH)) / MILES_PER_DEGREE;
    NEW_TRACK.LONGITUDE := POSITION_DATA.LONGITUDE +

    -- Additional code...

end PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK;
( SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.THE_RANGE * 
  SIN(RADIANs_PER_DEGREE*SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.AZIMUTH)) / 
  MILES_PER_DEGREE;

NEW_TRACK.ALTITUDE := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.THE_RANGE * 
  SIN(RADIANs_PER_DEGREE*SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.ELEVATION);

NEW_TRACK.COURSE := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.COURSE;
NEW_TRACK.VELOCITY := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.VELOCITY;
NEW_TRACK.THE_RANGE := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.THE_RANGE;
NEW_TRACK.ARCHIVE_FLAG := SENSOR_CONTACT_DATA.ARCHIVE_FLAG;
NEW_TRACK.NEXT := HEAD;
HEAD := NEW_TRACK;
SENSOR_ADD_TRACK.TRACK := HEAD;

end PREPARE_SENSOR_TRACK;

---******************************************************************************
---*** procedure FILTER SENSOR TRACKS
---******************************************************************************

procedure FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS(
  SENSOR_ADD_TRACK : in out ADD.Track_TUPLE;
  TDD_FILTER : in SET.Track_Filter;
  FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK : out ADD.Track_TUPLE ) is

  HEAD : TRACK.TUPLE := SENSOR_ADD_TRACK.TRACK;
  CURRENT : TRACK.TUPLE := SENSOR_ADD_TRACK.TRACK;
  PREVIOUS : TRACK.TUPLE := null;

begin --FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS
  while CURRENT /= null loop
    if (TDD_FILTER.DESIRED_CLASS(CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS)) and
        (TDD_FILTER.DESIRED_RANGE(CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS) >=
          CURRENT.THE_RANGE) then
      PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
      CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
    else
      if PREVIOUS = null then
        HEAD := CURRENT.NEXT;
      else
        PREVIOUS.NEXT := CURRENT.NEXT;
      end if;
    end if;
  end loop;

end FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS;

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end if;
end loop;
if HEAD = null then
  APPROVED := false;
end if;
FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK.TRACK := HEAD;
end FILTER_SENSOR_TRACKS;

***************************************************************
*** procedure ADD_SENSOR_TRACK  
***************************************************************
procedure ADD_SENSOR_TRACK(
  FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK : in   ADD_TRACK_TUPLE;
  TDD_FILTER            : in   SET_TRACK_FILTER;
  OUT_TRACKS            : in out TRACK_TUPLE ) is

  CURRENT    : TRACK_TUPLE;
  NEW_TRACK  : TRACK_TUPLE;

begin --ADD_SENSOR_TRACK
  CURRENT := FILTERED_SENSOR_TRACK.TRACK;
  while CURRENT /= null loop
    NEW_TRACK := new TRACK_RECORD;
    NEW_TRACK.ALL := CURRENT.ALL;
    CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
    NEW_TRACK.NEXT := null;
    if NUMBER_OF_TRACKS < TDD_FILTER.MAX_NUMBER then
      NUMBER_OF_TRACKS := NUMBER_OF_TRACKS + 1;
    else
      DELETE_LAST( TRACKS );
    end if;
    DELETE_TRACK( TRACKS, NEW_TRACK.ID );
    PLACE_TRACK( TRACKS, NEW_TRACK );
  end loop;
  OUT_TRACKS := new TRACK_RECORD;
  OUT_TRACKS.ALL := TRACKS.ALL;
end ADD_SENSOR_TRACK;
procedure NAVIGATION_SYSTEM (POSITION_DATA : out OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO) is

CONSTANT_COURSE : FLOAT := 0.0;
CONSTANT_VELOCITY : FLOAT := 25.0;
START_LATITUDE : FLOAT := 35.0;
START_LONGITUDE : FLOAT := 125.0;
SECONDS_PASSED : NATURAL;
SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT : NATURAL;
MILES_PER_DEGREE : constant FLOAT := 60.0;

begin --NAVIGATION_SYSTEM
SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT :=
                   NATURAL( FLOAT( CALENDAR.SECONDS( CALENDAR.CLOCK ) ) )
if START_TIME = 0 then
     START_TIME := SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT;
end if;
SECONDS_PASSED := SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT - START_TIME;
POSITION_DATA.COURSE := CONSTANT_COURSE;
POSITION_DATA.VELOCITY := CONSTANT_VELOCITY;
POSITION_DATA.LONGITUDE := START_LONGITUDE;
POSITION_DATA.LATITUDE := START_LATITUDE +
               (( FLOAT(SECONDS_PASSED)/3600.0) * CONSTANT_VELOCITY)/
MILES_PER_DEGREE;
POSITION_DATA.THE_TIME.HOURS := SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT/3600;
POSITION_DATA.THE_TIME.MINUTES :=
               ( SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 3600 )/ 60;
POSITION_DATA.THE_TIME.SECONDS :=
               (SECONDS_SINCE_MIDNIGHT mod 3600) mod 60;
end NAVIGATION_SYSTEM;

---******************************************************
---*** procedure MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION ***
---******************************************************

procedure MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION (POSITION_DATA : in OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO;
OUT_TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE ) is
OWNSHIP : TRACK_TUPLE;

---******************************************************************************
---*** procedure DELETE_OWNSHIP 

procedure DELETE_OWNSHIP is
  OWNSHIP_IS_FOUND : BOOLEAN := false;
  CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE;
  PREVIOUS : TRACK_TUPLE;
begin
  -- MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION
  CURRENT := TRACKS;
  PREVIOUS := null;
  OWNSHIP_IS_FOUND := false;
  while CURRENT /= null and not OWNSHIP_IS_FOUND loop
    if CURRENT.ID = 0 then
      OWNSHIP_IS_FOUND := true;
      NUMBER_OF_TRACKS := NUMBER_OF_TRACKS - 1;
      if PREVIOUS = null then
        TRACKS := CURRENT.NEXT;
      else
        PREVIOUS.NEXT := CURRENT.NEXT;
      end if;
    else
      PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
      CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
    end if;
  end loop;
end DELETE_OWNSHIP;

---******************************************************************************
---*** procedure PLACE_OWNSHIP 

procedure PLACE_OWNSHIP( 
  TRACKS : in out TRACK_TUPLE; 
  NEW_TRACK : in TRACK_TUPLE ) is

  CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE := TRACKS;
  PREVIOUS : TRACK_TUPLE := null;

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begin --PLACE_OWNSHIP
if CURRENT = null then
  -- currently, there is no track in TRACKS, so assign it
  -- to ownship
  TRACKS := NEW_TRACK;
elsif (CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS > NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS) then
  -- ownship's position is before the head of the tracks list
  -- according to their track_class in the track_class_type,
  -- so add new_track to the head of the TRACKS
  NEW_TRACK.NEXT := TRACKS;
  TRACKS := NEW_TRACK;
elsif (CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS <= NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS) then
  -- ownship's position is after the head of the tracks list
  -- according to their track_class in the track_class_type,
  -- so find a suitable position for the ownship, so that it
  -- will satisfy the condition, described at the algorithm
  -- of the procedure
  while (CURRENT /= null) and then (CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS < NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS) loop
    PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
    CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
  end loop;
  if CURRENT = null then
    PREVIOUS.NEXT := NEW_TRACK;
  else
    while (CURRENT /= null) and then (CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS = NEW_TRACK.TRACK_CLASS) loop
      if CURRENT.THERANGE < NEW_TRACK.THERANGE then
        PREVIOUS := CURRENT;
        CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
      else
        exit;
      end if;
    end loop;
    if CURRENT = null then
      PREVIOUS.NEXT := NEW_TRACK;
    elsif PREVIOUS = null then
      NEW_TRACK.NEXT := TRACKS;
      TRACKS := NEW_TRACK;
    else
      PREVIOUS.NEXT := NEW_TRACK;
    end if;
NEW_TRACK.NEXT := CURRENT;
end if;
end if;
end if;
end PLACE_OWNSHIP;

begin -- MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION

DELETE_OWNSHIP;
OWNSHIP := new TRACK_RECORD;
OWNSHIP.ID := 0;
OWNSHIP.OBSERVER := "NVSYSTEM";
OWNSHIP.OBSERVATION_TIME := POSITION_DATA.THE_TIME;
OWNSHIP.TRACK_CLASS := OWNSHIP_TRACK_CLASS;
OWNSHIP.IFF_CLASS := OWNSHIP_IFF_CLASS;
OWNSHIP.LATITUDE := POSITION_DATA.LATITUDE;
OWNSHIP.LONGITUDE := POSITION_DATA.LONGITUDE;
OWNSHIP.COURSE := POSITION_DATA.COURSE;
OWNSHIP.VELOCITY := POSITION_DATA.VELOCITY;
OWNSHIP.ARCHIVE_FLAG := C;
OWNSHIP.NEXT := null;
PLACE_OWNSHIP( TRACKS, OWNSHIP );
NUMBER_OF_TRACKS := NUMBER_OF_TRACKS + 1;
OUT_TRACKS := new TRACK_RECORD;
OUT_TRACKS.ALL := TRACKS.ALL;
end MONITOR_OWNSHIP_POSITION;

-- *** procedure WEAPONS_SYSTEMS ***

procedure WEAPONS_SYSTEMS(  
    WEAPON_STATUS_DATA : out WEAPON_STATUS ) is

    RANDOM_NUMBER : FLOAT;

begin -- WEAPONS_SYSTEMS
    RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM_NUMBER;
    if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.001 then
        WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := DAMAGED;
    elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.01 then

WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := SERVICE_REQUIRED;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.1 then
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := LAUNCHING;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.2 then
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := OUT_OF_AMMUNITION;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.3 then
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := SLEWING;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.4 then
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := SECURED;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.5 then
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := MAINTANENCE;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.55 then
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := ENGAGING;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.6 then
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := RELOADING;
else
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS := READY;
end if;
RANDOM_NUMBER := RANDOM.NUMBER;
if RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.25 then WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.SYSTYPE := CIWS;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.50 then WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.SYSTYPE := GUN;
elsif RANDOM_NUMBER < 0.75 then WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.SYSTYPE := TWS;
else
  WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.SYSTYPE := MK48;
end if;
end WEAPONS_SYSTEMS;

---******************************************************************************************************************************************
---** procedure WEAPONS_INTERFACE
---******************************************************************************************************************************************
procedure WEAPONS_INTERFACE(WEAPON_STATUS_DATA : in WEAPON_STATUS;
  WEAPONSEMREP : out WEAPONSTATUS_REPORT;
  WEAPONSSTATREP : out WEAPONSTATUS_REPORT ) is
begin --WEAPONS_INTERFACE
  --assign the status to the related weapons states
  if WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.SYSTYPE = CIWS then
    CIWS_STATUS := WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS;
  elsif WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.SYSTYPE = GUN then
    GUN_STATUS := WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS;
  elsif WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.SYSTYPE = TWS then

  end if;
end
TWS_STATUS := WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS;
else
   MK48_STATUS := WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS;
end if;

-- assign the weapons states to the related status report component
WEAPONS_STATREP(CIWS) := CIWS_STATUS;
WEAPONS_STATREP(GUN) := GUN_STATUS;
WEAPONS_STATREP(TWS) := TWS_STATUS;
WEAPONS_STATREP(MK48) := MK48_STATUS;

-- check whether there is an emergency situation
if ( WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS = DAMAGED ) or
   ( WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS = SERVICE_REQUIRED ) or
   ( WEAPON_STATUS_DATA.STATUS = OUT_OF_AMMUNITION ) then
   -- build the emergency weapons status
   WEAPONSEMREP(CIWS) := CIWSSTATUS;
   WEAPONSEMREP(GUN) := GUNSTATUS;
   WEAPONSEMREP(TWS) := TWSSTATUS;
   WEAPONSEMREP(MK48) := MK48_STATUS;
end if;
end WEAPONS_INTERFACE;

************

procedure MAKE_ROUTING
************

procedure MAKE_ROUTING(
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : in TRANSMIT_COMMAND;
   TCD_NETWORK_SETUP : in NETWORK_SETUP;
   TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE : in out TRANSMISSION_COMMAND ) is

   ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SETUP : BOOLEAN := false;
   TRANSMIT_CURRENT : ADDRESS_LINK;
   NETWORK_CURRENT : ADDRESS_LINK;
   TRANSMISSION_LINK : LINKSTYPE;
   NEW_ADDRESS : ADDRESS_LINK;

begin --MAKE_ROUTING
for TRANSMIT_LINK in LINKSTYPE loop
   -- search through all array components of the TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND
   if TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(TRANSMIT_LINK).FULL
      and not TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(TRANSMIT_LINK).ROUTED then

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there is a file in the current component of
--TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND, and it needs to be routed
--first, process the ADDRESS field

TRANSMIT_CURRENT :=
    TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(TRANSMIT_LINK).TEXT.HEADER.ADDRESS;
while TRANSMIT_CURRENT /= null loop
--search through TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND to find the
TRANSMISSION_LINK := JTIDS;
ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SET UP := false;
while not ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SET UP loop
    NETWORK_CURRENT := TCD_NETWORK_SET UP(TRANSMISSION_LINK);
    while NETWORK_CURRENT /= null and
        not ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SET UP loop
        if NETWORK_CURRENT.NAME = TRANSMIT_CURRENT.NAME then
            ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SET UP := true;
            NEW_ADDRESS := new ADDRESS_TYPE;
            NEW_ADDRESS.NAME := TRANSMIT_CURRENT.NAME;
            NEW ADDRESS. NEXT :=
                TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).ROUTE_ADDR;
            TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).ROUTE_ADDR :=
                NEW_ADDRESS;
            TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).FULL := true;
            TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).TEXT :=
                TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(TRANSMIT_LINK).TEXT;
        end if;
    NETWORK_CURRENT := NETWORK_CURRENT. NEXT;
end loop;
if TRANSMISSION_LINK = OTCIXS then
    exit;
else
    TRANSMISSION_LINK := LINKS_TYPE’SUCC(TRANSMISSION_LINK);
end if;
end loop;
TRANSMIT_CURRENT := TRANSMIT_CURRENT. NEXT;
end loop;
--second, process the INFO field
TRANSMIT_CURRENT :=
    TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(TRANSMIT_LINK).TEXT.HEADER.INFO;
while TRANSMIT_CURRENT /= null loop
--search through TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND to find the
TRANSMISSION_LINK := JTIDS;
--initialize the boolean value again
ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SETUP := false;
while not ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SETUP loop
  NETWORK_CURRENT := TCD_NETWORK_SETUP(TRANSMISSION_LINK);
  while NETWORK_CURRENT /= null and
    not ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SETUP loop
    if NETWORK_CURRENT.NAME = TRANSMIT_CURRENT.NAME then
      ADDRESS_FOUND_IN_NETWORK_SETUP := true;
      --address is found, so add the file and other necessary
      --information to the related LINK component of
      --TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE where the address is staying
      NEW_ADDRESS := new ADDRESS_TYPE;
      NEW_ADDRESS.NAME := TRANSMIT_CURRENT.NAME;
      NEW_ADDRESS.NEXT :=
        TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).ROUTE_ADDR;
      TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).ROUTE_ADDR :=
        NEW_ADDRESS;
      TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).FULL := true;
      TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(TRANSMISSION_LINK).TEXT :=
        TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(TRANSMIT_LINK).TEXT;
    end if;
    --move forward in the NETWORK_SETUP
    NETWORK_CURRENT := NETWORK_CURRENT.NEXT;
  end loop;
  if TRANSMISSION_LINK = OTCIXS then
    --we traversed the whole TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE, so
    --exit from the loop
    exit;
  else
    --there is still remaining component in
    --TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE,
    TRANSMISSION_LINK := LINKS_TYPE'SUCC(TRANSMISSION_LINK);
  end if;
end loop;
TRANSMIT_CURRENT := TRANSMIT_CURRENT.NEXT;
end loop;
end if;
end loop;
end MAKE_ROUTING;
--- procedure FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION ---

```plaintext
procedure FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION(
    TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE : in TRANSMISSION_COMMAND;
    TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL : in EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND;
    OUTPUT_MESSAGES     : in out MESSAGE_LIST ) is

    LINK         : LINKS_TYPE := JTIDS;
    NEW_MESSAGE  : MESSAGE_LIST;

begin -- FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION
    for I in LINKS_TYPE loop
        if TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(I).FULL then
            NEW_MESSAGE := new MESSAGE_RECORD;
            NEW_MESSAGE.LINK_ID := I;
            NEW_MESSAGE.MAIN := TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(I);
            NEW_MESSAGE.NEXT := WAITING_MESSAGES;
            WAITING_MESSAGES := NEW_MESSAGE;
        end if;
    end loop;
    if TCD_EMISSION_CONTROL = UNRESTRICTED then
        OUTPUT_MESSAGES := new MESSAGE_RECORD;
        OUTPUT_MESSAGES.ALL := WAITING_MESSAGES.ALL;
        WAITING_MESSAGES := null;
    end if;
end FORWARD_FOR_TRANSMISSION;
```

--- procedure CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE ---

```plaintext
procedure CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE ( OUTPUT_MESSAGES : in MESSAGE_LIST ) is

    package P_CLASS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO(PRECEDENCE_CLASS);
    use P_CLASS_IO;
    package S_CLASS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO(SECURITY_CLASS);
    use S_CLASS_IO;
    package LINKS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO(LINKS_TYPE);
    use LINKS_IO;

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```
CURRENT_MESSAGE : MESSAGE_LIST := OUTPUTMESSAGES;
FILE : FILE_TYPE;
ADDRESS_HEAD : ADDRESS_LINK;
VIA_HEAD : VIA_RECORD_LINK;
FILE_NAME : STRING(1..17) := " ";

begin -- CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE
while CURRENT_MESSAGE /= null loop
  -- there is still at least one message to convert to text file
  -- first, prepare the file name. the resultant file name
  -- should have the form
  -- "CURRENT_MESSAGE.LINK_ID & CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.NAME"
  if CURRENT_MESSAGE.LINK_ID = JTIDS then
    FILE_NAME(1..6) := "JTIDS.";
    FILE_NAME(7..16) := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.NAME;
  elsif CURRENT_MESSAGE.LINK_ID = LINK11 then
    FILE_NAME(1..7) := "LINK11.";
    FILE_NAME(8..17) := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.NAME;
  elsif CURRENT_MESSAGE.LINK_ID = LINK16 then
    FILE_NAME(1..7) := "LINK16.";
    FILE_NAME(8..17) := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.NAME;
  else
    FILE_NAME(1..7) := "OTCIXS.";
    FILE_NAME(8..17) := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.NAME;
  end if;
  -- open the file to be filled in, and set the line length
  CREATE( FILE, NAME => FILE_NAME );
  SET_LINE_LENGTH( FILE, 80 );
  -- print FILENAME info
  PUT( FILE, "NAME : " );
  PUT( FILE, CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.NAME );
  NEW_LINE( FILE );
  -- print LINK_ID info
  PUT( FILE, "LINK ID : " );
  PUT( FILE, CURRENT_MESSAGE.LINK_ID );
  NEW_LINE( FILE );
  -- print ROUTE info
  PUT( FILE, "ROUTE : " );
  ADDRESS_HEAD := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.ROUTE_ADDR;
  while ADDRESS_HEAD /= null loop
    PUT( FILE, ADDRESS_HEAD.NAME );
    PUT( FILE, ", ");
    NEW_LINE( FILE );
  end while;
end while;
PUT( FILE, " ");
ADDRESS_HEAD := ADDRESS_HEAD.NEXT;
end loop;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--print CLASSIFICATION info
PUT( FILE, "CLASSIFICATION : ");
PUT( FILE, CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.HEADER.CLASSIFICATION );
--print PRESEDENCE info
PUT( FILE, " PRECEDENCE : ");
PUT( FILE, CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.HEADER.PRECEDENCE );
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--print origin(FM) info
PUT( FILE, "FM : ");
PUT( FILE, CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.HEADER.ORIGIN );
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--print address(TO) info
PUT( FILE, "TO : ");
ADDRESS_HEAD := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.HEADER.ADDRESS;
while ADDRESS_HEAD /= null loop
  PUT( FILE, ADDRESS_HEAD.NAME );
  PUT( FILE, " ");
  NEW_LINE( FILE );
  SET_COL( FILE, 6 );
  ADDRESS_HEAD := ADDRESS_HEAD.NEXT;
end loop;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--print INFO info
PUT( FILE, "INFO ");
ADDRESS_HEAD := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.HEADER.INFO;
while ADDRESS_HEAD /= null loop
  PUT( FILE, ADDRESS_HEAD.NAME );
  PUT( FILE, " ");
  NEW_LINE( FILE );
  SET_COL( FILE, 8 );
  ADDRESS_HEAD := ADDRESS_HEAD.NEXT;
end loop;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--print VIA info
PUT( FILE, "VIA ");
VIA_HEAD := CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.HEADER.VIA_LINE;
while VIA_HEAD /= null loop

ADDRESS_HEAD := VIA_HEAD.RELAY_TO;
while ADDRESS_HEAD /= null loop
    PUT( FILE, ADDRESS_HEAD.NAME );
    PUT( FILE, "", "");
    NEW_LINE( FILE );
    SET_COL( FILE, 7 );
    ADDRESS_HEAD := ADDRESS_HEAD.NEXT;
end loop;
PUT( FILE, "BY " );
PUT( FILE, VIA_HEAD.RELAY_BY ); NEW_LINE( FILE );
PUT( FILE, " " );
VIA_HEAD := VIA_HEAD.NEXT;
end loop;
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--print SUBJECT info
PUT( FILE, "SUBJECT : " );
PUT( FILE, CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.HEADER.SUBJECT );
NEW_LINE( FILE, 4 );
--print body(TEXT) of the message
PUT( FILE, CURRENT_MESSAGE.MAIN.TEXT.TEXT );
NEW_LINE( FILE );
--close the file
CLOSE( FILE );
--Do everything for the all of the messages in the list
CURRENT_MESSAGE := CURRENT_MESSAGE.NEXT;
end loop;
end CONVERT_TO_TEXT_FILE;

--*****************************************************************
--*** procedure MESSAGE_EDITOR
--*****************************************************************
procedure MESSAGE_EDITOR(
    EDITOR_SELECTED  : in  BOOLEAN;
    TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : out TRANSMIT_COMMAND ) is
begin --MESSAGE_EDITOR
    TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND := NEW_TRANSMIT_COMMAND;
end MESSAGE_EDITOR;

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```plaintext
procedure DISPLAY_TRACKS

procedure display_tracks(out_tracks: in track_tuple;
                        td_track_request: in database_request) is

  current : track_tuple := out_tracks;  -- track to be displayed

  -- item id's of the related panels
  id_id      : string(1..5) := "id_00";
  observer_id : string(1..11) := "observer_00";
  time_id    : string(1..7) := "time_00";
  track_class_id : string(1..14) := "track_class_00";
  iff_class_id : string(1..12) := "iff_class_00";
  latitude_id : string(1..11) := "latitude_00";
  longitude_id : string(1..12) := "longitude_00";
  altitude_id : string(1..11) := "altitude_00";
  course_id   : string(1..9) := "course_00";
  velocity_id : string(1..11) := "velocity_00";
  range_id    : string(1..8) := "range_00";

  -- row of related track
  postfix     : string(1..2) := "00";

  -- string correspondance of time
  time_string : string(1..8) := "00:00:00";

--- Function CHARACTER_OF

function CHARACTER_OF(N : in NATURAL) return CHARACTER is
begin
  return CHARACTER'VAL(N + 48);
end CHARACTER_OF;
```
procedure display_ownership (current: in track_tuple) is

  time_string : string(1..8) := "00:00:00";
  -- string correspondance of time

  begin --display_ownership
    if current.observation_time.hours > 9 then
      time_string(1) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.hours/10 );
      time_string(2) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.hours mod 10 );
    else
      time_string(2) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.hours );
    end if;

    if current.observation_time.minutes > 9 then
      time_string(4) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.minutes/10 );
      time_string(5) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.minutes mod 10 );
    else
      time_string(5) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.minutes );
    end if;

    if current.observation_time.seconds > 9 then
      time_string(7) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.seconds/10 );
      time_string(8) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.seconds mod 10 );
    else
      time_string(8) :=
        character_of( current.observation_time.seconds );
    end if;

    Wpt_SetString(display_info.panel_id, "time_00", time_string);

  end display_ownership;
Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, "latitude_00",
  taefloat(float(integer(current.latitude*10.0))/10.0));

Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, "longitude_00",
  taefloat(float(integer(current.longitude*10.0))/10.0));

Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, "course_00",
  taefloat(float(integer(current.course*10.0))/10.0));

Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, "velocity_00",
  taefloat(float(integer(current.velocity*10.0))/10.0));

end display_ownership;

------------------------------------------------------------
--*** function satisfies_database_request  
------------------------------------------------------------
function satisfies_database_request(
  track : in track_tuple;
  td_track_request : in database_request ) return boolean is

begin --satisfies_database_request
  if (td_track_request.track_class(track.track_class)) and
    (td_track_request.iff_class(track.iff_class)  ) and
    (td_track_request.the_range >= track.the_range ) then
    return ( true );
  else
    return ( false );
  end if;
end satisfies_database_request;

begin --display_tracks
  if track_display_panel_is_displayed then
    while current /= null loop
      --there is another track to be displayed
      --check if current is the ownship
      if current.id = 0 then
        display_ownership( current );
      elsif
satisfies_database_request( current, td_track_request ) then
--find the current track's display row
if current.id > 9 then
  postfix(1) := character_of( current.id/10 );
  postfix(2) := character_of( (current.id mod 10) );
else
  postfix(1) := '0';
  postfix(2) := character_of( current.id );
end if;

--assign the postfixes of the panel id's and get the
--panel specifications
id_id(4..5) := postfix;
observer_id(10..11) := postfix;
time_id(6..7) := postfix;
track_class_id(13..14) := postfix;
iff_class_id(11..12) := postfix;
latitude_id(10..11) := postfix;
longitude_id(11..12) := postfix;
altitude_id(10..11) := postfix;
course_id(8..9) := postfix;
velocity_id(10..11) := postfix;
range_id(7..8) := postfix;

--print out the track information into the related row of
--the panel
Wpt_SetIntg(display_info.panel_id, id_id, taeint(current.id));
Wpt_SetString(
  display_info.panel_id, observer_id, current.observer);

if current.observation_time.hours > 9 then
  time_string(1) :=
    character_of( current.observation_time.hours/10 );
  time_string(2) :=
    character_of( current.observation_time.hours mod 10 );
else
  time_string(1) := '0';
  time_string(2) :=
    character_of( current.observation_time.hours );
end if;

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if current.observation_time.minutes > 9 then
  time_string(4) :=
      character_of(current.observation_time.minutes/10);
  time_string(5) :=
      character_of(current.observation_time.minutes mod 10);
else
  time_string(4) := '0';
  time_string(5) :=
      character_of(current.observation_time.minutes);
end if;
if current.observation_time.seconds > 9 then
  time_string(7) :=
      character_of(current.observation_time.seconds/10);
  time_string(8) :=
      character_of(current.observation_time.seconds mod 10);
else
  time_string(7) := '0';
  time_string(8) :=
      character_of(current.observation_time.seconds);
end if;

Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, time_id, time_string );

if current.track_class = AIR then
  Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, track_class_id, "AA" );
elsif current.track_class = SURFACE then
  Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, track_class_id, "SU" );
else --current.track_class = SUBSURFACE
  Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, track_class_id, "SS" );
end if;

if current.iff_class = FRIENDLY then
  Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, iff_class_id, "F" );
elsif current.iff_class = HOSTILE then
  Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, iff_class_id, "H" );
elsif current.iff_class = NEUTRAL then
  Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, iff_class_id, "N" );
else --current.iff_class = UNKNOWN
  Wpt_SetString( display_info.panel_id, iff_class_id, "U" );
end if;

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if current.id > 10 then
   -- truncate the extra zeros because of the limitations
   -- of the tae
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, latitude_id,
               taefloat(float(integer(current.latitude*10.0))/10.0));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, longitude_id,
               taefloat(float(integer(current.longitude*10.0))/10.0));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, altitude_id,
               taefloat(float(integer(current.altitude*10.0))/10.0));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, course_id,
               taefloat(float(integer(current.course*10.0))/10.0));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, velocity_id,
               taefloat(float(integer(current.velocity*10.0))/10.0));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, range_id,
               taefloat(float(integer(current.the_range*100.0))/100.0));
else -- current.id <= 10
   -- no truncation is required
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, latitude_id,
               taefloat(current.latitude));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, longitude_id,
               taefloat(current.longitude));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, altitude_id,
               taefloat(current.altitude));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, course_id,
               taefloat(current.course));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, velocity_id,
               taefloat(current.velocity));
   Wpt_SetReal(display_info.panel_id, range_id,
               taefloat(current.the_range));
end if;
end if;

current := current.next;
end loop;
end if;  -- track_display_panel_is_displayed
end display_tracks;
procedure get_user_inputs(
    tdd_archive_setup : out archive_setup;
    tdd_filter : out set_track_filter;
    td_track_request : out database_request;
    tcd_status_query : out boolean;
    tcd_network_setup : out network_setup;
    tcd_emission_control : out emissions_control_command;
    editor_selected : out boolean;
    initiate_trans : out initiate_transmission_sequence;
    terminate_trans : out boolean ) is

begin -- get_inputs;
    tdd_archive_setup := new_archive_setup;
    tdd_filter := new_track_filter;
    td_track_request := new_track_request;
    tcd_status_query := new_status_query;
    tcd_emission_control := new_emission_control;
    tcd_network_setup := new_network_setup;
    editor_selected := new_editor_selected;
    initiate_trans := new_initiate_trans;
    terminate_trans := new_terminate_trans;
    new_editor_selected := false;
end get_user_inputs;

procedure get_display_values(
    weapons_statrep : in weapon_status_report;
    weapon : in weapons_type;
    display_item_id : out string;
    status : out string ) is

begin -- get_display_values
    if weapon = CIWS then display_item_id := "ciws";
    elsif weapon = GUN then display_item_id := "gun ";
    elsif weapon = TWS then display_item_id := "tws ";

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elsif weapon = MK48 then display_item_id := "mk48";
end if;

if weapons_statrep(weapon) = DAMAGED then
  status := "DAMAGED ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = RELOADING then
  status := "RELOADING ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = LAUNCHING then
  status := "LAUNCHING ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = READY then
  status := "READY ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = SERVICE_REQUIRED then
  status := "SERVICE_REQUIRED ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = SLEWING then
  status := "SLEWING ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = SECURED then
  status := "SECURED ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = MAINTENANCE then
  status := "MAINTENANCE ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = ENGAGING then
  status := "ENGAGING ";
elsif weapons_statrep(weapon) = OUT_OF_AMMUNITION then
  status := "OUT_OF_AMMUNITION";
end if;
end get_display_values;

********************************************************************************
procedure STATUS_SCREEN
********************************************************************************
procedure status_screen(
  weapons_statrep : in out weapon_status_report;
  tcd_status_query : in boolean ) is

  display_item_id : string(1..4);
  status : string(1..17);
begin --status_screen

  Wpt_NewPanel ("", weapon_info.target, weapon_info.view,
    X_Windows.Null_Window, weapon_info, WPT_DEFAULT,
    weapon_info.panel_id);

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for weapon in WEAPONS_TYPE loop
    get_display_values(
        weapons_statrep, weapon, display_item_id, status );
    Wpt_SetString( weapon_info.panel_id, display_item_id, status );
end loop;

new_status_query := false;
weapon_status_panel_is_displayed := true;
end status_screen;

************ procedure EMERGENCY_STATUS_SCREEN ***********
************ procedure emergency_status_screen(***********

procedure emergency_status_screen(weapons_emrep : in out weapon_status_report ) is

    display_item_id : string(1..4);
    status : string(1..17);

begin --emergency_status_screen
    if not emergency_weapon_status_panel_is_displayed then
        Wpt_NewPanel( "", emerg_info.target, emerg_info.view,
                        XWindows.Null_Window, emerg_info, WPT_DEFAULT,
                        emerg_info.panel_id);
        for weapon in WEAPONS_TYPE loop
            get_display_values(
                weapons_emrep, weapon, display_item_id, status );
            Wpt_SetString( emerg_info.panel_id, display_item_id, status );
        end loop;
        emergency_weapon_status_panel_is_displayed := true;
    end if;
end emergency_status_screen;

************ procedure MESSCAME_DISPLAY ***********
************ procedure messcame_display ( file_name : in filename ) is

    incoming_file : text_io.file_type;

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display_file : text_io.file_type;
line : string(1..80);
length : natural;

begin --messcame_display

--open the incoming_file to be displayed
open( incoming_file, name => file_name, mode => in_file );

--create display_file, because tae uses a filename which is
--entered in creation of tae_source_file process
create( display_file, name => "DISPLAY_FILE" );

--copy content of the incoming_file to display_file
while not end_of_file( incoming_file ) loop
    get_line( incoming_file, line, length );
    put_line( display_file, line(l..length) );
end loop;

close( display_file );

Wpt_NewPanel ("", messdisp_info.target, messdisp_info.view,
    X_Windows.Null_Window, messdisp_info, WPT_DEFAULT,
    messdisp_info.panel_id);

loop

Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

case etype is

when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

    Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
    Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
    Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
    Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

    if s_equal ("save", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        close( incoming_file );
Wpt_PanelErase(messdisp_info.panel_id);
exit;
elsif a_equal ("delete", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  delete(incoming_file);
  Wpt_PanelErase(messdisp_info.panel_id);
  exit;
else
  put_line("Enter data to MESSAGE PANEL Only");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
  null;
when OTHERS =>
  put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt NextEvent. ");
end case;
end loop;

exception
  when NAME_ERROR =>
    begin
      put(file_name); put_line(" DOES NOT EXIST !!!");
    end;
end messcamedisplay;

******************************************************************************
**** procedure NEW_NAME
******************************************************************************
function new_name( file_name : in filename ) return filename is
  new_file_name : filename;

begin --new_name
  for I in 1..10 loop
    if file_name( I ) /= ' ' then
      new_file_name( I ) := file_name( I );
  end loop;

end new_name;
else
    exit;
end if;
end loop;

return( new_file_name );

end new_name;

--------------
procedure MESSAGE_ARRIVAL_PANEL
--------------
procedure message_arrival_panel( comms_email : in filename ) is
begin --message_arrival_panel

    Wpt_NewPanel ("", messcame_info.target, messcame_info.view,
        X_Windows.Null_Window, messcame_info, Wpt_DEFAULT,
        messcame_info.panel_id);

    Wpt_SetString( messcame_info.panel_id, "filename", comms_email );

    loop

    Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

    case etype is

        when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>
            Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
            Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent,user_ptr.parm_name);
            Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent,user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
           Vm_Find ( user_ptr.datavm_ptr,user_ptr.parm_name,user_ptr.parm_ptr);
            if s_equal ("display", user_ptr.parm_name) then
                Wpt_PanelErase(messcame_info.panel_id);
                messcame_display (comms_email); --display the message
                exit;
            elsif s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
                Wpt_PanelErase(messcame_info.panel_id);
                exit;
            endif;

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else
  put_line("Enter data to MESSAGE ARRIVAL PANEL Only");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
nul;

when OTHERS =>
  put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent.");
end case;
end loop;

end message_arrival_panel;

-------- procedure MESSAGE_RETRIEVAL_PANEL

procedure message_retrieval_panel is

  file_name : filename;
  count    : taeint;
  value    : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.STRINGSIZE);
  filename_is Entered : boolean := false;

begin -- message_retrieval_panel

  Wpt_NewPanel("", messret_info.target, messret_info.view,
      X_Windows.Null_Window, messret_info, Wpt_DEFAULT,
      messret_info.panel_id);

  loop
    Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);
    case etype is

      when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>
        Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
        Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
        Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
        Vm_Find (
user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

if s_equal ("filename", user_ptr.parm_name) then
-- Vm_Extract_Count (info.parm_ptr, count);
-- if count <= 0 then
   Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
   file_name := new_name(value(1)(1..10));
   filename_is_entered := true;
elsif s_equal ("display", user_ptr.parm_name) then
   if filename_is_entered = true then
      Wpt_PanelReset(messret_Info.Panel_id);
      Wpt_PanelErase(messret_INFO.panel_id);
      messcame_display (file_name);
      exit;
   else
      Wpt_ParmReject(messret_info.panel_id, user_ptr.parm_name,
         "Filename should be Entered");
   end if;
elsif s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
   Wpt_PanelReset(messret_Info.Panel_id);
   Wpt_PanelErase(messret_info.panel_id);
   exit;
else
   put_line("Enter data to MESSAGE RETRIEVAL PANEL Only");
end if;
when Wpt_WINDOWEVENT =>
   null;
when OTHERS =>
   put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");
end case;

end loop;

end message_retrieval_panel;

--****************************************************************************
--*** procedure INITIALIZEPANELS ***
--****************************************************************************
procedure initializepanels( file : in string ) is
begin -- initializePanels

f_forcelower (false);   -- permit upper/lowercase file names
Wpt_Init ("", theDisplay);
Wpt_NewEvent (wptEvent);

tmp_info := new event_context;
Co_New (0, tmp_info.collection);
Co_ReadFile (tmp_info.collection, file, P_CONT);

-- pair of Co_Finds for each panel in this resource file

main_info := new event_context;
main_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (main_info.collection, "main_v", main_info.view);
Co_Find (main_info.collection, "main_t", main_info.target);

filter_info := new event_context;
filter_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (filter_info.collection, "filter_v", filter_info.view);
Co_Find (filter_info.collection, "filter_t", filter_info.target);

archive_info := new event_context;
archive_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (archive_info.collection, "archive_v", archive_info.view);
Co_Find (archive_info.collection, "archive_t", archive_info.target);

contrnts_info := new event_context;
contrnts_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (contrnts_info.collection, "contrnts_v",
        contrnts_info.view);
Co_Find (contrnts_info.collection, "contrnts_t",
        contrnts_info.target);

display_info := new event_context;
display_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (display_info.collection, "display_v", display_info.view);
Co_Find (display_info.collection, "display_t", display_info.target);
weapon_info := new event_context;
weapon_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (weapon_info.collection, "weapon_v", weapon_info.view);
Co_Find (weapon_info.collection, "weapon_t", weapon_info.target);

emerg_info := new event_context;
emerg_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (emerg_info.collection, "emerg_v", emerg_info.view);
Co_Find (emerg_info.collection, "emerg_t", emerg_info.target);

network_info := new event_context;
network_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (network_info.collection, "network_v", network_info.view);
Co_Find (network_info.collection, "network_t", network_info.target);

emcon_info := new event_context;
emcon_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (emcon_info.collection, "emcon_v", emcon_info.view);
Co_Find (emcon_info.collection, "emcon_t", emcon_info.target);

editor_info := new event_context;
editor_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (editor_info.collection, "editor_v", editor_info.view);
Co_Find (editor_info.collection, "editor_t", editor_info.target);

messcame_info := new event_context;
messcame_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (messcame_info.collection, "messcame_v", messcame_info.view);
Co_Find (messcame_info.collection, "messcame_t", messcame_info.target);

messdisp_info := new event_context;
messdisp_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (messdisp_info.collection, "messdisp_v", messdisp_info.view);
Co_Find (messdisp_info.collection, "messdisp_t", messdisp_info.target);

messret_info := new tae_wpt.event_context;
messret_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (messret_info.collection, "messret_v", messret_info.view);
Co_Find (messret_info.collection, "messret_t", messret_info.target);

trackrep_info := new tae_wpt.event_context;
trackrep_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (trackrep_info.collection, "trackrep_v", trackrep_info.view);
Co_Find (trackrep_info.collection, "trackrep_t", trackrep_info.target);

tertrrep_info := new tae_wpt.event_context;
tertrrep_info.collection := tmp_info.collection;
Co_Find (tertrrep_info.collection, "tertrrep_v", tertrrep_info.view);
Co_Find (tertrrep_info.collection, "tertrrep_t", tertrrep_info.target);

Wpt_NewPanel ("", main_info.target, main_info.view,
         X_Windows.Null_Window, main_info, Wpt_DEFAULT,
         main_info.panel_id);

end initializepanels;

********************************************************************************
---*** procedure MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE

********************************************************************************
procedure manage_user_interface is

********************************************************************************
---*** procedure GET_TRACK_FILTER_VALUES

********************************************************************************
procedure get_track_filter_values is

value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.stringsize);
float_value : array (1..1) of taefloat;
integer_value : array (1..1) of taeint;

begin


Wpt_NewPanel ("", filter_info.target, filter_info.view, X_ Windows.Null_Window, filter_info, Wpt_DEFAULT, filter_info.panel_id);

loop

Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

case etype is

when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

    Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
    Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
    Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
    Vm_Find (
        user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

    if s_equal ("max_num_track", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_IVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, integer_value(1));
        if integer_value(1) >= 0 then
            new_track_filter.max_number := integer(integer_value(1));
        else
            Wpt_ParmReject (filter_info.panel_id, user_ptr.parm_name, "Number of Track >= 0 required");
        end if;
    elsif s_equal ("class-air", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
        if value(1)(1..3) = "Yes" then
            new_track_filter.desired_class(air) := true;
        else
            new_track_filter.desired_class(air) := false;
        end if;
    elsif s_equal ("class-surface", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
        if value(1)(1..3) = "Yes" then
            new_track_filter.desired_class(surface) := true;
        else
            new_track_filter.desired_class(surface) := false;
        end if;
    end if;
elsif s_equal("class_subsurf", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_SVAL(user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
  if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
    new_track_filter.desired_class(subsurface) := true;
  else
    new_track_filter.desired_class(subsurface) := false;
  end if;
elsif s_equal("air_range", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_RVAL(user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, float_value(1));
  if float_value(1) >= 0.0 then
    new_track_filter.desired_range(air) :=
      float(float_value(1));
  else
    Wpt ParmReject( filter_info.panel_id, user_ptr.parm_name, "Range >= 0.0 required");
  end if;
elsif s_equal("surface_range", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_RVAL(user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, float_value(1));
  if float_value(1) >= 0.0 then
    new_track_filter.desired_range(surface) :=
      float(float_value(1));
  else
    Wpt ParmReject( filter_info.panel_id, user_ptr.parm_name, "Range >= 0.0 required");
  end if;
elsif s_equal("subsurf_range", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_RVAL(user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, float_value(1));
  if float_value(1) >= 0.0 then
    new_track_filter.desired_range(subsurface) :=
      float(float_value(1));
  else
    Wpt ParmReject( filter_info.panel_id, user_ptr.parm_name, "Range >= 0.0 required");
  end if;
elsif s_equal("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  -- reassign the new values to old values,
  -- changes are not valid
  new_track_filter := old_track_filter;
  Wpt_PanelErase(filter_info.panel_id);
  exit;
elsif s_equal("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then

Wpt_PanelErase(filter_info.panel_id);
exit;
else
    put_line("Enter data to TRACK FILTER PANEL Only");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
    null;

when OTHERS =>
    put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent.");
end case;
end loop;
end get_track_filter_values;

---------**********************************************************************
-*** procedure GET_ARCHIVE_SETUP_VALUES ***
---------**********************************************************************
procedure get_archive_setup_values is

    value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.stringsize);
begin

    Wpt_NewPanel ("", archive_info.target, archive_info.view,
        X WINDOWNULLWindow, archive_info,
        Wpt_DEFAULT, archive_info.panel_id);

    loop

        Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

        case etype is

            when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

                WptExtract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);

            */
Wpt Extract Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
Wpt Extract Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
Vm_Find ( user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

if s_equal ("allships", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_archive_setup.all_ships := true;
    else
        new_archive_setup.all_ships := false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("ownship", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_archive_setup.ownship := true;
    else
        new_archive_setup.ownship := false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("jtids", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_archive_setup.jtids := true;
    else
        new_archive_setup.jtids := false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("linkl1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_archive_setup.linkl1 := true;
    else
        new_archive_setup.linkl1 := false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("linkl6", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_archive_setup.linkl6 := true;
    else
        new_archive_setup.linkl6 := false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("otcixs", user_ptr.parm_name) then

Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
  new_archive_setup.otcixs := true;
else
  new_archive_setup.otcixs := false;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  -- reassign the new values to old values,
  -- changes are not valid
  new_archive_setup := old_archive_setup;
  Wpt_PanelErase(archive_info.panel_id);
  exit;
elsif s_equal ("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Wpt_PanelErase(archive_info.panel_id);
  exit;
else
  put_line("Enter data to ARCHIVE SETUP PANEL Only");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
  null;

when OTHERS =>
  put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");

end case;
end get_archive_setup_values;

--*****************************************************************************
--*** procedure GET_TRACK_DISPLAY_CONSTRAINTS ***
--*****************************************************************************
procedure get_track_display_constraints is

  value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.stringsize);
  float_value : array (1..1) of taefloat;
  integer_value : array (1..1) of taeint;

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begin

Wpt_NewPanel ("", contrnts_info.target, contrnts_info.view,
            X_Windows.Null_Window, contrnts_info,
            Wpt_DEFAULT,contrnts_info.panel_id);

loop

Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

case etype is

when Wpt__PARAM_EVENT =>

    Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
    Wpt_Extract_Param (wptEvent,user_ptr.parm_name);
    Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent,user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
    Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr,user_ptr.parm_name,user_ptr.parm_ptr);

    if s_equal ("range", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_RVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, float_value(l));
        if float_value(l) >= 0.0 then
            new_track_request.the_range := float(float_value(l));
        else
            Wpt_ParmReject( contrnts_info.panel_id,
                            user_ptr.parm_name, "Range >= 0 required");
        end if;
    elsif s_equal ("class_air", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
        if value(l)(1..3) = "yes" then
            new_track_request.track_class(air) := true;
        else
            new_track_request.track_class(air) := false;
        end if;
    elsif s_equal ("class_surface", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
        if value(l)(1..3) = "yes" then
            new_track_request.track_class(surface) := true;
        else
            new_track_request.track_class(surface) := false;
    end if;
end if;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("class_subsurf", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
  if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
    new_track_request.track_class(subsurface) := true;
  else
    new_track_request.track_class(subsurface) := false;
  end if;
elsif s_equal ("friendly", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
  if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
    new_track_request.iff_class(friendly) := true;
  else
    new_track_request.iff_class(friendly) := false;
  end if;
elsif s_equal ("hostile", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
  if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
    new_track_request.iff_class(hostile) := true;
  else
    new_track_request.iff_class(hostile) := false;
  end if;
elsif s_equal ("neutral", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
  if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
    new_track_request.iff_class(neutral) := true;
  else
    new_track_request.iff_class(neutral) := false;
  end if;
elsif s_equal ("unknown", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
  if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
    new_track_request.iff_class(unknown) := true;
  else
    new_track_request.iff_class(unknown) := false;
  end if;
eils if s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    -- reassign the new values to old values,
    -- changes are not valid
    new_track_request := old_track_request;
    Wpt_PanelErase(contents_info.panel_id);
elseif s_equal ("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    old_track_request := new_track_request;
    Wpt_PanelErase(contents_info.panel_id);
    if track_display_panel_is_displayed then
        Wpt_PanelReset(display_info.Panel_id);
    else
        Wpt_NewPanel ("",display_info.target,display_info.view,
                       X_Windows.Null_Window,display_info,Wpt_DEFAULT,
                       display_info.panel_id);
        track_display_panel_is_displayed := true;
    end if;
    exit;
else
    put_line(
        "Enter data to TRACK DISPLAY CONSTRAINTS PANEL Only");
    end if;

    when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
        null;

    when OTHERS =>
        put ("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");
    end case;

end case;

end loop;

end get_track_display_constraints;

**********************************************************************************************
**** procedure GET_EMCON_STATUS
**********************************************************************************************

procedure get_emcon_status is

    value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.STRINGSIZE);

begin --get_emcon_status

    Wpt_NewPanel ("", emcon_info.target, emcon_info.view,

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loop

Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

case etype is

when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

  Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
  Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
  Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
  Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

  if s_equal ("emcon_status", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if s_equal ("SILENCE", user_ptr.parm_name) then
      new_emission_control := EMCON;
    else
      new_emission_control := UNRESTRICTED;
    end if;
  elsif s_equal ("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    old_emission_control := new_emission_control;
    Wpt_PanelErase (emcon_info.panel_id);
    exit;
  elsif s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    -- reassign the new values to old values,
    -- changes are not valid
    new_emission_control := old_emission_control;
    Wpt_PanelErase (emcon_info.panel_id);
    exit;
  else
    put_line("Enter data to EMCON STATUS PANEL Only");
  end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
  null;
when OTHERS =>
    put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");

end case;

end loop;

end get_emcon_status;

--************************************************************
--*** procedure GET_NETWORK_SETUP
--************************************************************
procedure get_network_setup is
    value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.STRINGSIZE);

--************************************************************
--*** procedure ATTACH_TO_LINK
--************************************************************
procedure attach_to_link(
    new_network_setup : in out network_setup;
    link_name         : in     links_type;
    address_name      : in     string ) is

    previous    : address_link := null;
    current     : address_link := new_network_setup(link_name);
    new_address : address_link := new address_type;

    begin --attach_to_link
    new_address.name := address_name;
    if current = null then
        new_address.next := new_network_setup(link_name);
        new_network_setup(link_name) := new_address;
    else
        while current /= null loop
            previous := current;
            current := current.next;
        end loop;
        previous.next := new_address;
    end if;
end attach_to_link;
end if;
end attach_to_link;

begin --get_network_setup

for I in links_type loop
  new_network_setup(I) := null;
end loop;

Wpt_NewPanel ("", network_info.target, network_info.view,
               X_Windows.Null_Window, network_info, WPT_DEFAULT,
               network_info.panel_id);

loop

  Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

  case etype is

    when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

      Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
      Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
      Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
      Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

      if s_equal ("jtids_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
        attach_to_link(new_network_setup, jtids, value(1)(1..6));
      elsif s_equal ("jtids_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
        attach_to_link(new_network_setup, jtids, value(1)(1..6));
      elsif s_equal ("jtids_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
        attach_to_link(new_network_setup, jtids, value(1)(1..6));
      elsif s_equal ("jtids_4", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
        attach_to_link(new_network_setup, jtids, value(1)(1..6));
      end if;

  end when;

end loop;
attach_to_link(new_network_setup, jtids, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_4", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_5", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_6", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_7", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_8", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_9", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_10", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_11", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_12", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_13", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_14", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_15", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_16", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_17", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_18", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_19", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_20", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_21", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_22", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_23", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_24", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_25", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_26", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_27", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_28", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_29", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("link11_30", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    VmExtractSVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_link(new_network_setup, link11, value(1)(1..6));
Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
attach_to_link(new_network_setup, otcixs, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal ("otcixs_5", user_ptr.parm_name) then
   Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
   attach_to_link(new_network_setup, otcixs, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
   -- reassign the new values to old values,
   -- changes are not valid
   new_network_setup := old_network_setup;
   Wpt_PanelReset(network_info.panel_id);
   Wpt_PanelErase(network_info.panel_id);
   exit;
elsif s_equal ("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
   old_network_setup := new_network_setup;
   Wpt_PanelReset(network_info.panel_id);
   Wpt_PanelErase(network_info.panel_id);
   exit;
else
   put_line("Enter data to NETWORK SETUP PANEL Only");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOWEVENT =>
   null;

when OTHERS =>
   put( "ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");

end case;

end loop;
end get_network_setup;

***********************************************************************
**** procedure GET_USER_MESSAGE
***********************************************************************

procedure get_user_message is

   value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.STRINGSIZE);
   current Relay_to : integer := 0;

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--following flags are used to determine if at least minimum
--required information is entered into the editor
name_is_entered  : boolean := false;
origin_is_entered : boolean := false;
address_is_entered : boolean := false;

--***************************************************************
--*** procedure ATTACH_TO_LIST
--***************************************************************
procedure attach_to_list(
    address_list : in out address_link;
    in_name : in string ) is

    previous  : address_link;
current   : address_link := address_list;
new_address : address_link := new address_type;

begin --attach_to_list

    new_address.name := in_name;

    if current = null then
        new_address.next := address_list;
        address_list := new_address;
    else
        while current /= null loop
            previous := current;
            current := current.next;
        end loop;
        previous.next := new_address;
    end if;

end attach_to_list;

--***************************************************************
--*** procedure GET_BODY_CONTENT
--***************************************************************
procedure get_body_content( text : in out string ) is
string_count : taeint;
string_vector : tae.tae_vm.s_vector(1..30);
entered_string : tae.variable_ptr;
temp_string : string(1..tae_taeconf.STRINGSIZE);
count : natural := 1;

begin -- get_body content

Vm_Find (editor_info.target, "body", entered_string );
Vm_Extrast_COUNT( entered_string, string_count );
for I in 1 .. TEXT_LENGTH loop
  text(I) := ' ';
end loop;
for line in 1..string_count loop
  Vm_Extract_SVAL( entered_string, line, temp_string );
  string_vector(integer(line)) :=
    new string(1..temp_string’length);
  string_vector(integer(line)).all := temp_string;
  text(count..count+temp_string’length-1) :=
    string_vector(integer(line)).all;
  count := count + 80;
end loop;
end get_body_content;

*****************************************************************************
---*** procedure CHECK_AND_ATTACH_TO_VIA_LIST
---*****************************************************************************
procedure check_and_attach_to_via_list(
  relay_by : in string;
  to : in string;
  I : in integer ) is

*****************************************************************************
---*** procedure ATTACH_TO_VIA_LIST
---*****************************************************************************
procedure attach_to_via_list(
relay_by : in string;
to : in string ) is

new_address : address_link;
new_via_line : via_record_link;
current : address_link;
previous : address_link := null;

begin -- attach_to_via_list
if current_relay_to = 1 then
    new_via_line := new_via_record;
    new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.via_line :=
        new_via_line;
elsif current_relay_to = 5 then
    new_via_line := new_via_record;
    new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.via_line.next :=
        new_via_line;
end if;
if current_relay_to < 5 then
    new_via_line :=
        new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.via_line;
else
    new_via_line :=
        new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.via_line.next;
end if;
if relay_by = " " then -- relay_to field came
    new_address := new_address_type;
    new_address.name := to;
    current := new_via_line.relay_to;
    if current = null then
        new_address.next := new_via_line.relay_to;
        new_via_line.relay_to := new_address;
    else
        while current /= null loop
            previous := current;
            current := current.next;
            end loop;
        previous.next := new_address;
        end if;
else
    new_via_line.relay_by := relay_by;
end if;
end attach_to_vialist;

begin -- check_and_attach_to_vialist
if (I >= 1 and I <= 3 and I - current_relay_to = 1) or
   (I >= 5 and I <= 7 and I - current_relay_to = 1) or
   (I=4 and current_relay_to >= 1 and current_relay_to <=3) or
   (I=8 and current_relay_to >= 5 and current_relay_to <=7) then
   current_relay_to := I;
   attach_to_vialist(relay_by,to);
else
   put_line("Enter data to APPROPRIATE ADDRESS FIELD");
end if;
end check_and_attach_to_vialist;

begin -- get_user_message

Wpt_NewPanel ("", editor_info.target, editor_info.view, X_ windows.Null_Window, editor_info, WPT_DEFAULT, editor_info.panel_id);

--initialize new_transmit_command
for I in links_type loop
   new_transmit_command(I).route_addr := null;
   new_transmit_command(I).routed := false;
   new_transmit_command(I).full := false;
end loop;

--initialize new_transmit_command(jtids)
new_transmit_command(jtids).full := true;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.name := "",
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.classification := U;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.precedence := R;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.origin := "NAME_0";
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.address := null;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.info := null;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.via_line := null;
for I in 1..60 loop
   new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.subject(I) := ";
end loop;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.link_id := jtids;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.relayed := false;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.archive := true;
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.is_track := false;
for I in 1..TEXT_LENGTH loop
  new_transmit_command(jtids).text.text(I) := '';
end loop;

loop
Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

case etype is

when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

  Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
  Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
  Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
  Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

  if s_equal ("name", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    new_transmit_command(jtids).text.name := value(l)(1..10);
    name_is_entered := true;
  elsif s_equal ("classification", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if s_equal (value(l), "U") then
      new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.classification := U;
    elsif s_equal (value(l), "C") then
      new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.classification := C;
    elsif s_equal (value(l), "S") then
      new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.classification := S;
    else
      new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.classification := TS;
    end if;
  elsif s_equal ("precedence", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if s_equal (value(l), "R") then
      new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.precedence := R;
    else
      new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.precedence := L;
    end if;
  end if;

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new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.precedence := R;
elif s_equal (value(1), "P") then
    new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.precedence := P;
elif s_equal (value(1), "O") then
    new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.precedence := O;
else
    new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.precedence := Z;
end if;
elif s_equal ("origin", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.origin := value(1)(1..6);
    origin_is_entered := true;
elif s_equal ("to_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.address,value(1)(1..6));
    address_is_entered := true;
elif s_equal ("to_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.address,value(1)(1..6));
elif s_equal ("to_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.address,value(1)(1..6));
elif s_equal ("to_4", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.address,value(1)(1..6));
elif s_equal ("info_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(new_transmit_command(jtid).text.header.info,value(1)(1..6));
e...
new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.info, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal ("info_4", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list
    new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.info, value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal ("via_1_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 1);
elsif s_equal ("via_1_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 2);
elsif s_equal ("via_1_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 3);
elsif s_equal ("by_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 4);
elsif s_equal ("via_2_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 5);
elsif s_equal ("via_2_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 6);
elsif s_equal ("via_2_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 7);
elsif s_equal ("by_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ", value(1)(1..6), 8);
elsif s_equal ("subject", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    new_transmit_command(jtids).text.header.subject :=
    value(1)(1..60);
elsif s_equal ("body", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    -- actually, because of the type of the item (: pageedit),
    -- the flow of the program does not enter here ever.
    -- the content of the pageedit item
    -- (here: body) will be get after SEND is pressed
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    new_transmit_command(jtids).text.text :=
    value(1)(1..TEXT_LENGTH);
elsif s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  -- reassign the new values to old values, changes are not valid
  Wpt_PanelReset(editor_info.panel_id);
  Wpt_PanelErase(editor_info.panel_id);
  exit;
elsif s_equal ("send", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  Wpt_CloseItems( editor_info.panel_id );
  get_body_content(new_transmit_command(jtids).text.text);
  if name_is_entered and
      origin_is_entered and
      address_is_entered then
    new_editor_selected := true;
    Wpt_PanelReset(editor_info.panel_id);
    Wpt_PanelErase(editor_info.panel_id);
    exit;
  else
    Wpt_ParmReject( editor_info.panel_id, user_ptr.parm_name,
        "Minimum Required Information is Missing");
  end if;
else
  put_line("Enter data to MESSAGE EDITOR PANEL Only");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
  null;

when OTHERS =>
  put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent.");

end case;
end loop;
end get_user_message;

--********************************************************************************
--*** procedure GET_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE ***
--********************************************************************************
procedure get_transmission_sequence is
value : array (1..1) of string (1..tae_taeconf.stringsize);
float_value : array (1..1) of taefloat;
current_relay_to : integer := 0;

origin_is_entered : boolean := false;
address_is_entered : boolean := false;

---**************************************************
---*** procedure ATTACH_TO_LIST
---**************************************************
procedure attach_to_list(
    address_list : in out address_link;
    in name : in string ) is

previous : address_link;
current : address_link := address_list;
new_address : address_link := new address_type;

begin --attach_to_list

new_address.name := in_name;

if current = null then
    new_address.next := address_list;
    address_list := new_address;
else
    while current /= null loop
        previous := current;
        current := current.next;
    end loop;
    previous.next := new_address;
end if;

end attach_to_list;

---**************************************************
---*** procedure CHECK_AND_ATTACH_TO_VIA_LIST
---**************************************************
procedure check_and_attach_to_via_list(
begin --attach_to_via_list
if current_relay_to = 1 then
   new_via_line := new via_record;
   new_initiate_trans.header.via_line := new_via_line;
elsif current_relay_to = 5 then
   new_via_line := new via_record;
   new_initiate_trans.header.via_line.next := new_via_line;
end if;
if current_relay_to < 5 then
   new_via_line := new_initiate_trans.header.via_line;
else
   new_via_line := new_initiate_trans.header.via_line.next;
end if;
if relay_by = " " then -- relay_to field came
   new_record := new address_type;
   new_record.name := to;
   current := new_via_line.relay_to;
   if current = null then
      new_record.next := new_via_line.relay_to;
      new_via_line.relay_to := new_record;
   else
      while current /= null loop
         previous := current;
         current := current.next;
      end loop;
   end if;
   new_record.next := new_via_line.relay_to;
   new_via_line.relay_to := new_record;
else
   while current /= null loop
      previous := current;
      current := current.next;
   end loop;
end if;
end loop;
    previous.next := new_record;
end if;
else
    new_via_line.relay_by := relay_by;
end if;
end attach_to_via_list;

begin -- check_and_attach_to_via_list
    if (I >= 1 and I <= 3 and I = current_relay_to = 1) or
       (I >= 5 and I <= 7 and I = current_relay_to = 1) or
       (I = 4 and current_relay_to >= 1 and current_relay_to <= 3 ) or
       (I = 8 and current_relay_to >=5 and current_relay_to <= 7) then
        current_relay_to := I;
        attach_to_via_list(relay_by,to);
    else
        put_line("Enter Data to APPROPRIATE ADDRESS FIELD");
    end if;
end check_and_attach_to_via_list;

begin -- get_transmission_sequence

    Wpt_NewPanel("", trackrep_info.target, trackrep_info.view,
                  X_ Windows.Null_Window, trackrep_info,
                  tae_wpt.WPT_DEFAULT, trackrep_info.panel_id);

    loop

        Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

        case etype is

            when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

                Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
                Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
                Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
                Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

                if s_equal ("link_id", user_ptr.parm_name) then

Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
if s_equal (value(l), "JTIDS") then
    new_initiate_trans.link_id := JTIDS;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "LINK11") then
    new_initiate_trans.link_id := LINK11;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "LINK16") then
    new_initiate_trans.link_id := LINK16;
else -- if s_equal (value(l), "OTCIXS") then
    new_initiate_trans.link_id := OTCIXS;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("classification", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if s_equal (value(l), "U") then
        new_initiate_trans.header.classification := U;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "C") then
        new_initiate_trans.header.classification := C;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "S") then
        new_initiate_trans.header.classification := S;
else
    new_initiate_trans.header.classification := TS;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("precedence", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if s_equal (value(l), "R") then
        new_initiate_trans.header.precedence := R;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "P") then
        new_initiate_trans.header.precedence := P;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "O") then
        new_initiate_trans.header.precedence := O;
else
    new_initiate_trans.header.precedence := Z;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("origin", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    new_initiate_trans.header.origin := value(l)(1..6);
    origin_is_entered := true;
elsif s_equal ("to_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.address,value(l)(1..6));
    address_is_entered := true;
}
elsif s_equal("to_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.address,value(1)(1..6));
    address_is_entered := true;
elsif s_equal("to_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.address,value(1)(1..6));
    address_is_entered := true;
elsif s_equal("to_4", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.address,value(1)(1..6));
    address_is_entered := true;
elsif s_equal("info_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.info,value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("info_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.info,value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("info_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.info,value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("info_4", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    attach_to_list(
        new_initiate_trans.header.info,value(1)(1..6));
elsif s_equal("via_1_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ",value(1)(1..6),1);
elsif s_equal("via_1_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ",value(1)(1..6),2);
elsif s_equal("via_1_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
    check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ",value(1)(1..6),3);
Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
check_and_attach_to_via_list(value(1)(1..6),"
","4);  
elsif s_equal ("via_2_1", user_ptr.parm_name) then
Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ",value(1)(1..6),5);  
elsif s_equal ("via_2_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ",value(1)(1..6),6);  
elsif s_equal ("via_2_3", user_ptr.parm_name) then
Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
check_and_attach_to_via_list(" ",value(1)(1..6),7);  
elsif s_equal ("by_2", user_ptr.parm_name) then
Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
check_and_attach_to_via_list(value(1)(1..6),"
","8);  
elsif s_equal ("range", user_ptr.parm_name) then
Vm_Extract_RVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, float_value(1));
if float_value(1) >= 0.0 then
  new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.the_range :=
    float(float_value(1));
else
  Wpt_ParmReject(
    trackrep_info.panul_id, user_ptr.parm_name, "Range >= 0 required");
end if;
elsif s_equal ("friendly", user_ptr.parm_name) then
Vm_Extract_SVAL (trackrep_info.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
  new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(friendly) :=
    true;
else
  new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(friendly) :=
    false;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("hostile", user_ptr.parm_name) then
Vm_Extract_SVAL (trackrep_info.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
if value(1)(1..3) = "yes" then
  new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(hostile) :=
    true;
else
  new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(hostile) :=
    false;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("neutral", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (trackrep_info.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if value(l)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(neutral) :=
            true;
    else
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(neutral) :=
            false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("unknown", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (trackrep_info.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if value(l)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(unknown) :=
            true;
    else
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.iff_class(unknown) :=
            false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("air", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (trackrep_info.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if value(l)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.track_class(air) :=
            true;
    else
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.track_class(air) :=
            false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("surface", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (trackrep_info.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if value(l)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.track_class(surface) :=
            true;
    else
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.track_class(surface) :=
            false;
    end if;
elsif s_equal ("subsurface", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Vm_Extract_SVAL (trackrep_info.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
    if value(l)(1..3) = "yes" then
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.track_class(surface) :=
            true;
    else
        new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.track_class(surface) :=
            false;
    end if;
else
  new_initiate_trans.dbase_request.track_class(surf) := false;
end if;
elsif s_equal("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  new_initiate_trans := old_initiate_trans;
  Wpt_PanelErase(trackrep_info.panel_id);
  exit;
elsif s_equal("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
  if (origin_is_entered and address_is_entered) then
    old_initiate_trans := new_initiate_trans;
    new_terminate_trans := false;
    Wpt_PanelErase(trackrep_info.panel_id);
    exit;
  else
    Wpt_ParmReject(trackrep_info.panel_id, user_ptr.parm_name,"Minimum Required Information is Missing");
  end if;
else
  put_line("Enter data to PERIODIC TRACK REPORT PANEL Only");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
  null;

when OTHERS =>
  put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");

end case;
end loop;
nnew_initiate_trans.header.subject(1..12) := "track_report";
nnew_initiate_trans.desired_format := " ";
end get_transmission_sequence;

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```plaintext
----- procedure GET_TERMINATE_TRACK_REPORT  ***
-----...........................................................................
procedure get_terminate_track_report is

begin --get_terminate_track_report

   Wpt_NewPanel ("", tertrrep_info.target, tertrrep_info.view, X_Windows.Null_Window, tertrrep_info, tae_wpt.WPT_DEFAULT, tertrrep_info.panel_id);

loop

   Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

   case etype is

      when Wpt_PARMEVENT =>

         Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
         Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
         Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
         Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);
         if s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
            Wpt_PanelErase(tertrrep_info.panel_id);
            exit;
         elsif s_equal ("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
            new_terminate_trans := true;
            Wpt_PanelErase(tertrrep_info.panel_id);
            exit;
         else
            put_line(
               "Enter data to TERMINATE TRACK REPORT PANEL Only");
            end if;

      when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
         null;

      when OTHERS =>
         put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");

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```
end case;
end loop;
end get_terminate_track_report;

begin--MANAGE_USER_INTERFACE

if not panels_are_initialized then
  InitializePanels( file => tae_source_file );
  panels_are_initialized := true;
end if;

while Wpt_Pending loop

  Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);

  case etype is

    when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>

      Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
      Wpt_Extract_Parm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
      Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
      Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

      if "=" (user_ptr, main_info) then
        if s_equal ("options", user_ptr.parm_name) then
          Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
          if s_equal (value(l), "Archive Setup") then
            get_archive_setup_values;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Track Filter Values") then
            get_track_filter_values;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Display Tracks") then
            get_track_display_constraints;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Weapon Status") then
            if weapon_status_panel_is_displayed = false then
              new_status_query := true;
            else
              get_terminate_track_report;
            end if;
          end if;
        elseif s_equal (value(l), "Set SPAM") then
          set_spam_value;
        end if;
      end if;
    end if;

    when Wpt_FARMEVENT =>

      Wpt_Extract_Farm (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
      Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
      Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

      if "=" (user_ptr, main_info) then
        if s_equal ("options", user_ptr.parm_name) then
          Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
          if s_equal (value(l), "Archive Setup") then
            get_archive_setup_values;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Track Filter Values") then
            get_track_filter_values;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Display Tracks") then
            get_track_display_constraints;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Weapon Status") then
            if weapon_status_panel_is_displayed = false then
              new_status_query := true;
            else
              get_terminate_track_report;
            end if;
          end if;
        elseif s_equal (value(l), "Set SPAM") then
          set_spam_value;
        end if;
      end if;
    end if;
    when Wpt_TRACKFILTERVALUESEVENT =>
      Wpt_Extract_Task (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
      Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
      Vm_Find (user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name, user_ptr.parm_ptr);

      if "=" (user_ptr, main_info) then
        if s_equal ("options", user_ptr.parm_name) then
          Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(l));
          if s_equal (value(l), "Archive Setup") then
            get_archive_setup_values;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Track Filter Values") then
            get_track_filter_values;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Display Tracks") then
            get_track_display_constraints;
          elsif s_equal (value(l), "Weapon Status") then
            if weapon_status_panel_is_displayed = false then
              new_status_query := true;
            else
              get_terminate_track_report;
            end if;
          end if;
        elseif s_equal (value(l), "Set SPAM") then
          set_spam_value;
        end if;
      end if;
    end if;

  end case;
end loop;
end get_terminate_track_report;
else
    put_line("WEAPON STATUS PANEL is already displayed");
end if;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "EMCON Status") then
    get_emcon_status;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "Network Setup") then
    get_network_setup;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "Message Editor") then
    get_user_message;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "Read Message") then
    message_retrieval_panel;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "Periodic Track Report") then
    get_transmission_sequence;
elsif s_equal (value(l), "Terminate Track Report") then
    get_terminate_track_report;
end if;
elsif s_equal ("quit", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    if track_display_panel_is_displayed = true then
        Wpt_PanelErase(display_info.panel_id);
        track_display_panel_is_displayed := false;
    end if;
    if weapon_status_panel_is_displayed = true then
        Wpt_PanelErase(weapon_info.panel_id);
        weapon_status_panel_is_displayed := false;
    end if;
    if emergency_weapon_status_panel_is_displayed = true then
        Wpt_PanelErase(emerg_info.panel_id);
        emergency_weapon_status_panel_is_displayed := false;
    end if;
    Wpt_PanelErase(main_info.panel_id);
end if;
e\'sif "$" (user_ptr, display_info) then
    if s_equal ("change_values", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        get_track_display_constraints;
    elsif s_equal ("quit", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Wpt_PanelErase(display_info.panel_id);
        track_display_panel_is_displayed := false;
    end if;
else "$" (user_ptr, weapon_info) then
    if s_equal ("ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
        Wpt_PanelErase(weapon_info.panel_id);
weapon_status_panel_is_displayed := false;

end if;

elsif "=" (user_ptr, emerg_info) then
  if s_equal ("em_ok", user_ptr.parm_name) then
    Wpt_PanelErase(emerg_info.panel_id);
    emergency_weapon_status_panel_is_displayed := false;
  end if;

else
  put_line("unexpected event from wpt!");
end if;

when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
  null;
when OTHERS =>
  put ("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");
end case;
end loop;

end manage_user_interface;
end SB;

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APPENDIX G

AN ALGORITHM TO CALCULATE

MINIMUM CALLING PERIODS (MCP) AND

MAXIMUM RESPONSE TIMES (MRT)

The initial version of the static scheduler required that Minimum Calling Period and the Maximum Response Time must be specified for each time critical operator in the prototype [Ref. 9]. The static scheduler is improved by implementing an algorithm that calculates these timing constraints from the Maximum Execution Time, if they are not specified by the user.

This algorithm calculates the minimum calling periods and the maximum response times of the sporadic operators by making four passes on the graph that includes the data for these time critical operators.

In the first pass the load factor and the greatest common divisor for the periods of the periodic operators is calculated. The load factor is the sum of ratios for maximum execution time over period for all periodic operators.

In the second pass the number of sporadic operators is found, and for the sporadic operators with a defined MCP or MRT, the undefined MCP or MRT value is calculated with the assumption that MCP = MRT - MET, where MET is the maximum Execution time of the operator. Then, for these operators, an equivalent period (= MCP) and a unit factor is calculated. Unit factor is a coefficient which is used to avoid combinatorical explosion in the length of the static schedule. To calculate the unit factor, for each sporadic operator with user defined MCP and/or MRT value, an even ratio of calculated equivalent period over the greatest common divisor of the periods of the peri-
odic operators is found. Then, the least common multiplier of these ratios is defined as the unit factor.

In the third pass equivalent periods for the sporadic operators with MCP and/or MRT value is calculated and inserted in the graph by using the unit factor calculated in the second pass such that,

\[ \text{PERIOD} = \text{PERIOD} - (\text{PERIOD} \mod \text{UNIT FACTOR}) \]

Then the load factor calculated in the first pass is modified to include the ratios for these sporadic operators.

In the fourth pass MCP, MRT and PERIOD values for the sporadic operators without user defined MCP or MRT values are calculated and entered to the graph by using following assumptions:

\[ \text{MRT} = \text{ALPHA} \times \text{MET} \]
\[ \text{MCP} = \text{PERIOD} = \text{MRT} - \text{MET} \]

These assumptions guarantee a feasible schedule for some constant ALPHA, which is determined by the Mok's Theorem [Ref. 10]. This theorem states that a schedule is feasible if total load is less than or equal to 0.5. By using the above equations, and the Mok's theorem, ALPHA is determined.

\[ \text{ALPHA} = \left( \frac{\text{number of sporadic operators}}{(C - \text{load factor})} \right) + 1 \]

Where C is 0.5 if load factor is less than 0.5, otherwise the average value of 0.5 and load factor. If load factor exceeds 1, then user is notified that a feasible schedule is not possible with single processor.

The Ada code for the algorithm is as follows, and it is inserted into file processor package which is in fp_b.a file.
procedure FIND_PERIODS ( THE_GRAPH : in out DIGRAPH.GRAPH ) is

TARGET : DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.LIST;
N : NATURAL := 0;
L : FLOAT := 0.0;
NEW_PERIOD : NATURAL := 0;
OP : OPERATOR;
C : FLOAT;
FIRST : BOOLEAN := true;
FOUND : BOOLEAN := false;
FRACTION : NATURAL;
FR_GCD : NATURAL;
LCM : NATURAL;
UNIT : NATURAL;
ALPHA : FLOAT;
GCD : NATURAL;
package I_IO is new TEXT_IO.INTEGER_IO(NATURAL);

procedure CALCULATE_NEW_PERIOD (O : in OPERATOR;
NEW_PERIOD : in out NATURAL ) is

DIFFERENCE : NATURAL;
package VALUE_IO is new TEXT_IO.INTEGER_IO(NATURAL);

begin
DIFFERENCE := 0.THE_MRT - 0.THE_MET;
if DIFFERENCE < 0.THE_MCP then
NEW_PERIOD := DIFFERENCE;
else
NEW_PERIOD := 0.THE_MCP;
end if;
TEXT_IO.put("The new PERIOD is => ");
VALUE_IO.put(NEW_PERIOD);

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TEXT_IO.NEW_LINE;
end CALCULATE_NEW_PERIOD;

function FIND_GCD (SMALL : in VALUE; LARGE : in VALUE)
    return VALUE is
    REMAINDER : VALUE := SMALL;
    begin
        if LARGE mod SMALL = 0 then
            return REMAINDER;
        else
            REMAINDER := FIND_GCD(LARGE mod SMALL, SMALL);
            return REMAINDER;
        end if;
    end FIND_GCD;

function FIND_LCM (NUMBER1, NUMBER2 : VALUE) return VALUE is
    begin
        return(NUMBER1 * NUMBER2) / GCD;
    end FIND_LCM;

function REDUCE_TO_EVEN_FRACTION( GCD,PERIOD : NATURAL)
    return NATURAL is
    N : NATURAL := GCD / PERIOD;
    begin
        if N * PERIOD = GCD then
            return N;
        else
            return N + 1;
        end if;
    end REDUCE_TO_EVEN_FRACTION;
begin

-- FIRST PASS

TARGET := THE_GRAPH.VERCTICES;

while DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.NON_EMPTY(TARGET) loop

OP := DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.VALUE(TARGET);

if OP.THE_MET = 0 then

    Exception_Operator := OP.THE_OPERATOR_ID;
    raise CRIT_OP_LACKS_MET;

elsif OP.THE_PERIOD /= 0 then -- a periodic operator

    L := L + FLOAT(OP.THE_MET)/FLOAT(OP.THE_PERIOD);

    if FIRST then
        GCD := OP.THE_PERIOD;
        FIRST := false;
    else
        if GCD > OP.THE_PERIOD then
            GCD := FIND_GCD(OP.THE_PERIOD,GCD);
        else
            GCD := FIND_GCD(GCD,OP.THE_PERIOD);
        end if;
    end if;
end if;

DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.NEXT(TARGET);

end loop;

-- SECOND PASS

TARGET := THE_GRAPH.VERCTICES;

FIRST := true;

while DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.NON_EMPTY(TARGET) loop

    OP := DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.VALUE(TARGET);

if OP.THE_PERIOD = 0 then -- a sporadic operator
  if OP.THE_MCP /= 0 and OP.THE_MRT = 0 then
    TARGET.ELEMENT.THE_MRT := OP.THE_MRT;
  elseif OP.THE_MCP = 0 and OP.THE_MRT /= 0 then
    TARGET.ELEMENT.THE_MCP := OP.THE_MCP;
  end if;
  if OP.THE_MCP /= 0 and OP.THE_MRT /= 0 then
    CALCULATE_NEW_PERIOD(OP, NEW_PERIOD);
    if NEW_PERIOD < GCD then
      FOUND := true;
      FRACTION := GCD/REDUCE_TO_EVEN_FRACTION(GCD, NEW_PERIOD);
      if FIRST then
        FR_GCD := FRACTION;
        LCM := FRACTION;
        FIRST := false;
      else
        if FRACTION > FR_GCD then
          FR_GCD := FIND_GCD(FR_GCD, FRACTION);
        else
          FR_GCD := FIND_GCD(FRACTION, FR_GCD);
        end if;
        LCM := FIND_LCM(LCM, FRACTION);
      end if;
      end if;
    else
      N := N + 1;
    end if;
  end if;
DIGRAPH.VLISTS.NEXT(TARGET);
end loop;
if FOUND then
    UNIT := LCM;
else
    UNIT := GCD;
end if;

-- THIRD PASS
TARGET := THE_GRAPH.VERTEICES;
while DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.NON_EMPTY(TARGET) loop
    OP := DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.VALUE(TARGET);
    if OP.THE_PERIOD = 0 then -- a sporadic operator
        if OP.THE_MRT /= 0 and OP.THE_MCP /= 0 then
            CALCULATE_NEW_PERIOD(OP,NEW_PERIOD);
            NEW_PERIOD := NEW_PERIOD - NEW_PERIOD mod UNIT;
        end if;
        OP.THE_PERIOD := NEW_PERIOD;
    end if;
    TEXT_IO.PUT("New PERIOD for operator ");
    VARSTRING.PUT(OP.THE_OPERATOR_ID);
    TEXT_IO.PUT(" is ");
    I_IO.PUT(NEW_PERIOD,1);
    TEXT_IO.NEW_LINE;
    TARGET.ELEMENT.THE_PERIOD := OP.THE_PERIOD;
    L := L + FLOAT(OP.THE_MET)/FLOAT(NEW_PERIOD);
end if;
end if;
DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.NEXT(TARGET);
end loop;

if L < 0.5 then
    C := 0.5;
elsif L >= 0.5 and L < 1.0 then
C := (1.0 + L) / 2.0;
else
    raise NOT_FEASIBLE;
end if;

ALPHA := FLOAT(N)/(C - L) + 1.0;
if ALPHA < 2.0 then
    ALPHA := 2.0;
end if;

-- FOURTH PASS

TARGET := THE_GRAPH.VERTEICES;
while DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.NON_EMPTY(TARGET) loop
    OP := DIGRAPH.V_LISTS.VALUE(TARGET);
    if OP.THE_PERIOD = 0 then -- a sporadic operator
        if OP.THE_MRT = 0 and OP.THE_MCP = 0 then
            OP.THE_MRT := NATURAL(ALPHA) * OP.THE_MET;
            if (OP.THE_MCP / UNIT) * UNIT /= OP.THE_MCP then
                OP.THE_PERIOD := OP.THE_MCP +
                UNIT - (OP.THE_MCP mod UNIT);
            else
                OP.THE_PERIOD := OP.THE_MCP;
            end if;
        end if;
    end if;
    TEXT_IO.PUT("New PERIOD for operator ");
    VARSTRING.PUT(OP.THE_OPERATOR_ID);
    TEXT_IO.PUT(" is ");
    I_IO.PUT(OP.THE_PERIOD,1);
    TEXT_IO.NEW_LINE;
end if;
end if;

TARGET.ELEMENT.THE_PERIOD := OP.THE_PERIOD;
TARGET.ELEMENT.THE_MRT := OP.THE_MRT;
TARGET.ELEMENT.THE_MCP := OP.THE_MCP;
DIGRAPh.V_LISTS.NEXT(TARGET);
end loop;
end FIND_PERIODS;
APPENDIX H

PRODUCING EXECUTABLE USER INTERFACE CODE IN ADA

We used TAE Plus software to create a C^3I workstation User Interface. TAE Plus is a user interface tool based on X Window System, Version 11, release 3, and the X Toolkit.

To create the C^3I Workstation User Interface, we first used TAE Plus Workbench tool. We created the panels (windows) and items needed for the user interface, in the Workbench environment. After creation, the Workbench saves the required information into the TAE Plus resource file, user.res. While still in the Workbench environment, we chose the Generate selection of the Utility option from Workbench, to generate Ada programs for user interface. If you do not change anything in this program, after compiling and loading with TAE Plus library packages on your path, when you run the program, it outputs values you have entered into the panels to the standard output (Screen).

There were differences between the program that TAE Plus Workbench tool generated, and the program that we needed. First of all, the program that TAE Plus generated is arranged to be a main program, so that this User Interface program would control the whole environment, and all other utility subprograms would run under control of this main program, in accordance with the user inputs. But in our case, our main program is created by CAPS and we needed only subprograms corresponding to each atomic operator, not a main program that controls the whole environment. Another dif-
ference was, we wanted to store the inputs that the user enters, into the variables
that the atomic operators should output, instead of outputting those to the standard
output device.

We have changed the program to satisfy our needs. The resulting Ada code be-
came a collection of separate subprograms which match the atomic modules of the C3I
Workstation prototype. These subprograms are included in the software base which
is given in Appendix F.

A. REQUIREMENTS IN ORDER TO USE THE TAE Plus PROGRAM

In order to run the TAE Plus program, you have to bring up X-Window with uwm
window manager. Also the TAE Plus resource file that is created by using
Workbench (user.res in our case) must be in the current directory.

B. WALKING THROUGH TAE PLUS UTILITY FUNCTIONS

Package TAE is the program that contains all of the utility functions. There are
four separate packages declared in this package that we have used. These packages
and the utility functions are as follows:

1. Package TAE.TAE_WPT

* The Window Programming Tools package is a library of application program-
callable routines used to define and control elements of the TAE Plus user interface.
The following Utility functions are used in our application:

* Wpt_NewPanel : Displays an Interaction Panel. This function is used
every time a previously established panel is needed to either get the
user inputs or to output some values.
* Wpt_Extract_Context, Wpt_Extract_Parms, Wpt_Extract_Data,
Vm_Find functions are used as a block every time the user inputs
some value to one of the panels, in order to extract the contents of
the input.

- **Wpt_PanelReset**: Resets the parameter values in a specific panel to
  the values those are initially shown when `Wpt_NewPanel` was first
called to display the panel. This function is used in two cases. First,
we may always choose to display the values as initialized, not as
made on the previous session. In this case, this function is used to re-
store the initial values of the items on the panel before removing the
panel from the screen, so that when same panel is called another
time, it will have the initial values, instead of the values as entered in
this session. Second, when we want to clear the information on the
items, this procedure allows to clear the items on the panel if their ini-
tial values are blank.

- **Wpt_PanelErase**: Removes the displayed panel from the screen.
- **Wpt_SetString**: Sets the value of a TAE Plus string variable and up-
dates the displayed value of the associated TAE Plus item.
- **Wpt_SetReal**: Sets the value of a TAE Plus float variable and up-
dates the displayed value of the associated TAE Plus item.
- **Wpt_SetIntg**: Sets the value of a TAE Plus integer variable and up-
dates the displayed value of the associated TAE Plus item.
- **Wpt_ParmReject**: Generates a rejection message for a given param-
eter, and restores the last value before the change on the item.
- **Wpt_NextEvent**: Reads next panel-related event from Wpt.
- **Wpt_Pending**: Determines if the user entered a value to any panels.

2. **Package TAE.T 5_CO**

The Collection Package provides the capability to manage groups of TAE
objects.

- **Co_New**: Creates an empty collection. This is used for whole TAE
program once, to create the collection of all objects.
- **Co_ReadFile**: Reads collection of Vm objects from the TAE resource
file.
- **Co_Find**: Finds the related information about each panel in the col-
lection of all the objects.

3. **Package TAE.TAE_VM**

The Collection Package allows the program to manipulate process TAE
variables.
4. Package TAE.TAE_MISC

The Miscellaneous Functions Package provides some utility functions.

- \texttt{s\_equal ( variable, parameter\_name )}: checks if the user entered a a specific value.
- \texttt{f\_force\_lower}: enables lower case file names for source files.

C. INITIALIZING THE TAE PLUS APPLICATION ENVIRONMENT

Before using any of the TAE+ subprograms, The panels must be initialized. This is done by procedure InitializePanels in our application. Procedure InitializePanels opens the \texttt{TAE resource file} and then associates each panel pointer with the related panel.

D. TAE PLUS PROCEDURES

A typical TAE Plus procedure consists of:

- \texttt{Wpt\_NewPanel} procedure to open the related panel
- \texttt{Wpt\_NextEvent} procedure to get the next panel related event, mostly the ones that the user entered,
- Case statement to choose different types of events,
- \texttt{Wpt\_Extract\_Context}, \texttt{Wpt\_Extract\_Parm}, \texttt{Wpt\_Extract\_Data}, \texttt{Vm\_Find} functions to extract the contents of the input, if the eventtype is a \texttt{Wpt\_PARM\_EVENT}.
- if-clause on \texttt{s\_equal} function to determine which input the user entered, if the eventtype is a \texttt{Wpt\_PARM\_EVENT}. The related actions follows related \texttt{if} section.
- when eventtype is \texttt{Wpt\_WINDOW\_EVENT}, nothing is to be done.
No other types of events are expected in this case statement. So if any other type of event arrives, it is handled with a put_line statement following the related when OTHERS selection. A typical procedure is shown below:

```plaintext
procedure message_retrieval_panel is
  name : filename;
  count : taeint;
  value : array (1..1) of string(1..tae_taeconf.STRINGSIZE);
  filename_is_entered : boolean := false;
begin
  --message_retrieval_panel
  Wpt_NewPanel ("", messret_info.target, messret_info.view,
                  X_Windows.Null_Window, messret_info, Wpt_DEFAULT,
                  messret_info.panel_id);
  loop
    Wpt_NextEvent (wptEvent, etype);
    case etype is
      when Wpt_PARM_EVENT =>
        Wpt_Extract_Context (wptEvent, user_ptr);
        Wpt_Extract_Param (wptEvent, user_ptr.parm_name);
        Wpt_Extract_Data (wptEvent, user_ptr.datavm_ptr);
        Vm_Find(user_ptr.datavm_ptr, user_ptr.parm_name,
                user_ptr.parm_ptr);
        if s_equal ("filename", user_ptr.parm_name) then
          Vm_Extract_SVAL (user_ptr.parm_ptr, 1, value(1));
          file_name := new_name(value(1)(1..10));
          filename_is_entered := true;
        elsif s_equal ("display", user_ptr.parm_name) then
          if filename_is_entered = true then
            Wpt_PanelReset (messret_Info.Panel_id);
            Wpt_PanelErase (messret_info.panel_id);
            messcame_display (file_name);
            exit;
          else
            Wpt_parmReject(messret_info.panel_id,
                           user_ptr.parm_name, "Filename should be Entered");
            end if;
        elsif s_equal ("cancel", user_ptr.parm_name) then
          Wpt_PanelReset (messret_Info.Panel_id);
          Wpt_PanelErase (messret_info.panel_id);
          exit;
        else
          put_line("Enter data to MESSAGE RETRIEVAL PANEL Only");
          end if;
      when Wpt_WINDOW_EVENT =>
        null;
      when OTHERS =>
        null;
    end case;
  end loop;
end message_retrieval_panel;
```

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put("ERROR: Unexpected Wpt_NextEvent. ");
    end case;
    end loop;
end message_retrieval_panel;

The boolean variable filename_isEntered is used in the procedure to check if filename is entered, before trying to retrieve the file. If the filename is not entered yet, then the SEND event is rejected by displaying a related message, by using Wpt_ParmReject.
APPENDIX I

ADA CODE

FOR EXCLUDED MODULES

This appendix includes the reusable Ada components for the atomic operators which are not included in the running version of the C³I prototype. These modules can be used to improve the features of the prototype by following the prototyping steps explained in previous chapters.

-- ******************************************************************************
-- * MODULE NUMBER : 1.1.2
-- * MODULE NAME : DECIDE FOR RELAYING
-- * DATE : 9 AUGUST 1990
-- * REVISED : 5 SEPTEMBER 1990
-- ******************************************************************************

with DECLARATIONS;
use DECLARATIONS;

procedure DECIDE_FOR_RELAYING(
   INPUT_TEXT_RECORD : in out TEXT_RECORD;
   TCD_NETWORK_SETUP : in out NETWORK_SETUP;
   TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND : in out TRANSMIT_COMMAND ) is
   VIA_POINTER : VIA_RECORD_LINK;
   TO_POINTER : ADDRESS_LINK;

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ADDR_PTR : ADDRESS_LINK;
FOUND : BOOLEAN := false;
NEW_ADDRESS : ADDRESS_LINK;
LINK : LINKS_TYPE;

begin
VIA_POINTER := INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.HEADER.VIA_LINE;
while VIA_POINTER /= null loop
  if VIA_POINTER.RELAY_BY = OWN_ADDRESS then
    TO_POINTER := VIA_POINTER.RELAY_TO;
    while TO_POINTER /= null loop
      LINK := JTIDS;
      FOUND := false;
      while not FOUND loop
        ADDR_PTR := TCD_NETWORK_SETUP(LINK);
        while ADDR_PTR /= null and not FOUND loop
          if TO_POINTER.NAME = ADDR_PTR.NAME then
            FOUND := true;
            NEW_ADDRESS := new ADDRESS_TYPE;
            NEW_ADDRESS.NAME := TO_POINTER.NAME;
            NEW_ADDRESS.NEXT :=
              TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).ROUTE_ADDR;
            TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).ROUTE_ADDR := NEW_ADDRESS;
            TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).ROUTED := true;
            TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).FULL := true;
            TCD_TRANSMIT_COMMAND(LINK).TEXT :=
              INPUT_TEXT_RECORD;
          end if;
        ADDR_PTR := ADDR_PTR.NEXT;
      end loop;
    end loop;
  end if;
end loop;
if LINK = OTCIXS then
  exit;
end if;
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else
    LINK := LINKS_TYPE' Succ(LINK);
end if;
end loop;
TO_POINTER := TO_POINTER.NEXT;
end loop;
INPUT_TEXT_RECORD.RELAYED := true;
end if;
VIA_POINTER := VIA_POINTER.NEXT;
end loop;
end DECIDE_FOR_RELAYING;

package FORWARD_FORTRANSLATION is
    TRANSLATE : boolean := false;
    procedure FORWARD_FORTRANSLATION(
        TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE : in out TRANSMISSION_COMMAND;
        READY_MESSAGE : out TRANSMISSION_COMMAND;
        RAW_MESSAGE : in out TRANSLATION_COMMAND );
end FORWARD_FORTRANSLATION;

package body FORWARD_FORTRANSLATION is
procedure FORWARD_FOR_TRANSLATION(
    TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE : in out TRANSMISSION_COMMAND;
    READY_MESSAGE       : out TRANSMISSION_COMMAND;
    RAW_MESSAGE         : in out TRANSLATION_COMMAND) is

procedure MATCH_FORMAT ( LINK : in LINKSTYPE;
    SOURCE_FORMAT     : in STRING;
    DESIRED_FORMAT    : out STRING ) is

  -- this procedure looks at a table with the input variables,
  -- and finds the matching format.
begin
  null;
end MATCH_FORMAT;

begin
for LINK in LINKSTYPE loop
  if TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(LINK).FULL then
    MATCH_FORMAT( LINK,
        TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT_FORMAT,
        RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).DESIRERED_FORMAT);
    if TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT_FORMAT /=
        RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).DESIRERED_FORMAT then
      TRANSLATE := true;
      RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT := TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT;
      RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).ROUTE_ADDR :=
          TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(LINK).ROUTE_ADDR;
      RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).FULL := TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(LINK).FULL;
      RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).SOURCE_FORMAT :=
          TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT_FORMAT;
    else
      TRANSLATE := false;
  end if;
end if;
stuff

else
  null;
end if;
end for LINK in LINKSTYPE;
end if;
end if;
end loop;

READY_MESSAGE := TRANSMISSION_MESSAGE;
end FORWARD_FOR_TRANSLATION;
end FORWARD_FOR_TRANSLATION;

-- *******************************************************************************
-- * MODULE NUMBER : 1.3
-- * MODULE NAME : TRANSLATE MESSAGE
-- * DATE : 13 AUGUST 1990
-- * REVISED : 7 SEPTEMBER 1990
-- *******************************************************************************

with DECLARATIONS, TEXT_IO;
use DECLARATIONS, TEXT_IO;

procedure TRANSLATE_MESSAGE(

    RAW_MESSAGE : in TRANSLATION_COMMAND;
    READY_MESSAGE : out TRANSMISSION_COMMAND)

is

begin

    PUT_LINE("*** MESSAGE TRANSLATION IS IN PROCESS.....");

    for LINK in LINKS_TYPE loop

        READY_MESSAGE(LINK).ROUTE_ADDR := RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).ROUTE_ADDR;
        READY_MESSAGE(LINK).FULL := RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).FULL;
        READY_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT := RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT;
        READY_MESSAGE(LINK).TEXT.FORMAT :=

            RAW_MESSAGE(LINK).DESIREDFORMAT;

    end loop;

    PUT_LINE("*** TRANSLATION COMPLETED.....");

end TRANSLATE_MESSAGE;
with DECLARATIONS, CALENDAR, TEXT_IO;
use DECLARATIONS, TEXT_IO;

package CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE is

BAD_TRACK_FOUND : BOOLEAN := false;

procedure CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE(
    TDD_CONSTRAINTS : in SET_MONITOR_CONSTRAINTS;
    TRACKS       : in TRACK_TUPLE;
    DELETE_TRACK : in out DELETE_TRACK_TUPLE );

end CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE;

package body CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE is

procedure CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE(
    TDD_CONSTRAINTS : in SET_MONITOR_CONSTRAINTS;
    TRACKS       : in TRACK_TUPLE;
    DELETE_TRACK : in out DELETE_TRACK_TUPLE ) is

FILENAME       : FILENAME;
CURRENT        : TRACK_TUPLE;
PREVIOUS       : TRACK_TUPLE;
NEW_RECORD     : TRACK_TUPLE;
TRACK_HEAD     : TRACK_TUPLE;

end CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE;
package INT_IO is new INTEGER_IO( NATURAL );
  use INT_IO;
package FLT_IO is new FLOAT_IO( FLOAT );
  use FLT_IO;
package TRACK_CLASS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO(TRACK_CLASS_TYPE );
  use TRACK_CLASS_IO;
package IFF_CLASS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO( IFF_CLASS_TYPE );
  use IFF_CLASS_IO;
package ARCHIVE_CLASS_IO is new ENUMERATION_IO( ARCHIVE_CLASS );
  use ARCHIVE_CLASS_IO;

function IS_OLD(
  THE_TIME : DECLARATIONS.TIME;
  TIMEOUT : ARCHIVE_TIMEOUT;
  TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_TYPE ) return BOOLEAN is
  OBS_TIME : NATURAL;
  SECONDS  : NATURAL;
begin
  OBS_TIME := 3600*THE_TIME.HOURS + 60*THE_TIME.MINUTES +
               THE_TIME.SECONDS;
  SECONDS  := NATURAL( FLOAT( CALENDAR.SECONDS
                             ( CALENDAR.CLOCK ) ) );
  if SECONDS - OBS_TIME >= TIMEOUT( TRACK_CLASS ) then
    return( true );
  else
    return( false );
  end if;
end IS_OLD;
function IS_FAR(
    RANGE_1 : FLOAT;
    TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_TYPE;
    RANGE_2 : MONITOR_RANGE ) return BOOLEAN is
begin
    if ( RANGE_1 - RANGE_2(TRACK_CLASS) > 0.0001 ) then
        return( true );
    else
        return( false );
    end if;
end IS_FAR;

function GETFILENAME return STRING is
    CURRENT_TIME : CALENDAR.TIME;
    YEAR : CALENDAR.YEAR_NUMBER;
    MONTH : CALENDAR.MONTH_NUMBER;
    DAY : CALENDAR.DAY_NUMBER;
    HOURS : NATURAL;
    MINUTES : NATURAL;
    SECONDS : CALENDAR.DAY_DURATION;
    FILE_NAME : FILENAME;

function NATURAL_TO_STRING_2( NUMBER : INTEGER )
    return STRING is
    N : NATURAL := NUMBER;
    S : STRING(1..2) := "00";
begin
    if N > 9 then
        S(1) := CHARACTER'VAL( N/10 + 48 );
        N := N - ( (N/10) * 10 );
    end if;
\[
S(2) := \text{CHARACTER'VAL}(N + 48);
\]
\[
\text{return}(S);
\]
end NATURAL_TO_STRING_2;

begin
CURRENT_TIME := CALENDAR.CLOCK;
CALENDAR.SPLIT(CURRENT_TIME, YEAR, MONTH, DAY, SECONDS);
HOURS := INTEGER(SECONDS) / 3600;
MINUTES := (INTEGER(SECONDS) mod 3600) / 60;
FILENAME(1..2) := "f_";
FILENAME(3..4) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(INTEGER(MONTH));
FILENAME(5..6) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(INTEGER(DAY));
FILENAME(7..8) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(INTEGER(HOURS));
FILENAME(9..10) := NATURAL_TO_STRING_2(INTEGER(MINUTES));
\[
\text{return}(\text{FILENAME})
\]
end GET_FILE_NAME;

begin
DELETE_TRACK.ORIGIN := "MONITOR ";
TRACK_HEAD := TRACKS;
while TRACK_HEAD /= null loop
if (IS_OLD(TRACK_HEAD.OBSERVATION_TIME,
TDD_CONSTRAINTS.TIMEOUT, TRACK_HEAD.TRACK_CLASS)) or
(IS_FAR(TRACK_HEAD.THE_RANGE,
TRACK_HEAD.TRACK_CLASS,
TDD_CONSTRAINTS.THE_RANGE)) then
BAD_TRACK_FOUND := true;
NEW_RECORD := new TRACK_RECORD;
NEW_RECORD.ID := TRACK_HEAD.ID;
NEW_RECORD.NEXT := DELETE_TRACK.TRACK;
DELETE_TRACK.TRACK := NEW_RECORD;
end if;
end while;
end DELETE_TRACK;
end if;

TRACK_HEAD := TRACK_HEAD.NEXT;
end loop;

FILE_NAME := GET_FILE_NAME;
CREATE(FILE, NAME => FILE_NAME);
CURRENT := DELETE_TRACK.TRACK;
while CURRENT /= null loop

PUT(FILE, CURRENT.ID); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.OBSERVER); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.OBSERVATION_TIME.HOURS); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.OBSERVATION_TIME.MINUTES); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.OBSERVATION_TIME.SECONDS); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.TRACK_CLASS); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.IFF_CLASS); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.LATITUDE); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.LONGITUDE); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.ALTITUDE); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.COURSE); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.VELOCITY); NEW_LINE(FILE);
PUT(FILE, CURRENT.THE_RANGE); NEW_LINE(FILE);
NEW_LINE(FILE);
CURRENT := CURRENT.NEXT;
end loop;
CLOSE(FILE);
end CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE;

end CHECK_FOR_TIMEOUT_AND_RANGE;
with DECLARATIONS, text_io;

use DECLARATIONS, text_io;

package IDENTIFY_SIMILARITIES is

    procedure IDENTIFY_SIMILARITIES(
        TDD_CONSTRAINTS : in SET_MONITOR_CONSTRAINTS;
        TRACKS         : in out TRACK_TUPLE;
        TDM_RESOLUTION_NOTICE : in out RESOLUTION_NOTICE;
        DELETE_TRACK   : in out DELETE_TRACK_TUPLE );

    SIMILARITY_FOUND : BOOLEAN := false;

end IDENTIFY_SIMILARITIES;

package body IDENTIFY_SIMILARITIES is

    procedure IDENTIFY_SIMILARITIES(
        TDD_CONSTRAINTS : in SET_MONITOR_CONSTRAINTS;
        TRACKS         : in out TRACK_TUPLE;
        TDM_RESOLUTION_NOTICE : in out RESOLUTION_NOTICE;
        DELETE_TRACK   : in out DELETE_TRACK_TUPLE ) is

        CURRENT : TRACK_TUPLE;

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CURRENT_2  : TRACK_TUPLE;
NEW_RECORD  : TRACK_TUPLE;

begin
    if TDD_CONSTRAINTS.MODE = OFF then
        null;
    else
        TDM_RESOLUTION_NOTICE.SIMILAR := false;
        TDM_RESOLUTION_NOTICE.TRACK := null;
        DELETE_TRACK.TRACK := null;
        CURRENT := TRACKS;
        while CURRENT /= null loop
            CURRENT_2 := CURRENT.NEXT;
            while CURRENT_2 /= null loop
                if (CURRENT_2.LATITUDE - CURRENT.LATITUDE < 0.01) and
                   (CURRENT_2.LONGITUDE - CURRENT.LONGITUDE < 0.01) and
                   (CURRENT_2.TRACKCLASS = CURRENT.TRACKCLASS) then
                    SIMILARITY_FOUND := true;
                    NEW_RECORD := new TRACK_RECORD;
                    NEW_RECORD.ID := CURRENT_2.ID;
                    if TDD_CONSTRAINTS.MODE = AUTOMATIC then
                        NEW_RECORD.NEXT := DELETE_TRACK.TRACK;
                        DELETE_TRACK.TRACK := NEW_RECORD;
                        DELETE_TRACK.ORIGIN := "TDM ";
                    else
                        TDM_RESOLUTION_NOTICE.SIMILAR := true;
                        NEW_RECORD.NEXT := TDM_RESOLUTION_NOTICE.TRACK;
                        TDM_RESOLUTION_NOTICE.TRACK := NEW_RECORD;
                    end if;
                end if;
            end loop;
            CURRENT_2 := CURRENT_2.NEXT;
        end loop;
end if;

end loop:
CURRENT := CURRENT_NEXT;
end loop;
end if;
end IDENTIFY_SIMILARITIES;
end IDENTIFY_SIMILARITIES;

-- ********************************************************************
-- * MODULE NAME       : DECLARATIONS
-- * DATE             : 17 AUGUST 1990
-- * REVISED          : 12 OCTOBER 1990
-- ********************************************************************

with TEXTIO, CALENDAR;
use TEXTIO;

package DECLARATIONS is

type TIME is record
  HOURS : NATURAL range 0..23;
  MINUTES : NATURAL range 0..59;
  SECONDS : NATURAL range 0..59;
  MILISECONDS : NATURAL range 0..99;
end record;

TRACK_CAPACITY : constant NATURAL := 1024;

type ARCHIVE_CLASS is         ( C, N, A, S );

type TRACK_CLASS_TYPE is ( AIR, SURFACE, SUBSURFACE );

type IFF_CLASS_TYPE is ( FRIENDLY, HOSTILE, NEUTRAL, UNKNOWN );

OWNSHIP_IFF_CLASS : constant IFF_CLASS_TYPE := FRIENDLY;
OWNSHIP_TRACK_CLASS : constant TRACK_CLASS_TYPE := SURFACE;

track_record;

track_tuple is access track_record;

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type TRACK_RECORD is record
  ID : NATURAL range 0..TRACK_CAPACITY;
  OBSERVER : STRING(1..8);
  OBSERVATION_TIME : TIME;
  TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_TYPE;
  IFF_CLASS : IFF_CLASS_TYPE;
  LATITUDE : FLOAT range -90.0..90.0;
  LONGITUDE : FLOAT range -180.0..180.0;
  ALTITUDE : FLOAT range -10000.0..99999.9;
  COURSE : FLOAT range 0.0..360.0;
  VELOCITY : FLOAT; --in knots
  THE_RANGE : FLOAT range 0.0..99999.9; --in miles
  ARCHIVE_FLAG : ARCHIVE_CLASS;
  NEXT : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

type ADD_TRACK_TUPLE is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

type UPDATE_TRACK_TUPLE is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

type DELETE_TRACK_TUPLE is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

type REQUEST_TYPE is ( ADD, DELETE, UPDATE );

type CHANGE_DATABASE_REQUEST is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  REQUEST : REQUEST_TYPE;
end record;
TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

subtype TEXT_STRING is STRING(1..3440);
subtype SENSOR_INFORMATION is STRING(1..132);
type LOCAL_TRACK_INFO is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  ID : NATURAL range 0..TRACK_CAPACITY;
  THE_TIME : TIME;
  AZIMUTH : FLOAT range -180.0..180.0;
  ELEVATION : FLOAT range -90.0..90.0 := 0.0;
  THE_RANGE : FLOAT := 0.0; -- in miles
  VELOCITY : FLOAT := 0.0; -- in knots
  COURSE : FLOAT range 0.0..360.0;
  IFF_CLASS : IFF_CLASS_TYPE;
  TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_TYPE;
  ARCHIVE_FLAG : ARCHIVE_CLASS;
end record;

type INTELLIGENCE_REPORT is record
  ORIGIN : STRING(1..8);
  INTELLIGENCE : STRING(1..80);
end record;
type SENSOR_RECORD is record
  INTELLIGENCE : STRING(1..80);
  CONTACT : LOCAL_TRACK_INFO;
end record;

type OWNSHIP_NAVIGATION_INFO is record
  COURSE : FLOAT range 0.0..360.0;
  VELOCITY : FLOAT; -- in knots;
  LATITUDE : FLOAT range -90.0..90.0;
  LONGITUDE : FLOAT range -180.0..180.0;
  THE_TIME : TIME;
end record;
OWN_ADDRESS : constant STRING(1..6) := "AAAAAA";

end record;

type ADDRESS_TYPE is record
  NAME : STRING(1..6);
  NEXT : ADDRESS_LINK;
end record;

type LINKS is record
  NAME : LINKSTYPE;
  NEXT : LINKSLINK;
end record;

type SECURITY_CLASS is ( U, C, S, TS );

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;

end record;
SUBJECT : STRING(1..60);
end record;

subtype FILENAME is STRING(1..10);
subtype TEXT_FILE is FILE_TYPE;
type TEXT_RECORD is record
  NAME : FILENAME;
  HEADER : HEADER_FORMAT;
  LINK_ID : LINKS_TYPE;
  RELAYED : BOOLEAN;
  ARCHIVE : BOOLEAN;
  IS_TRACK : BOOLEAN;
  FORMAT : STRING(1..6);
  TEXT : TEXT_STRING;
end record;

type TRANSMISSION_RECORD is record
  ROUTE_ADDR : ADDRESS_LINK;
  FULL : BOOLEAN;
  TEXT : TEXT_RECORD;
end record;

type TRANSMISSION_COMMAND is array (LINKS_TYPE) of
  TRANSMISSION_RECORD;

type TRANSMIT_RECORD is record
  ROUTE_ADDR : ADDRESS_LINK;
  ROUTED : BOOLEAN;
  FULL : BOOLEAN;
  TEXT : TEXT_RECORD;
end record;

type TRANSMIT_COMMAND is array (LINKS_TYPE) of TRANSMIT_RECORD;

type MESSAGE_RECORD;
type MESSAGE_LIST is access MESSAGE_RECORD;

type MESSAGE_RECORD is record

LINK_ID : LINKS_TYPE;
MAIN : TRANSMISSION_RECORD;
NEXT : MESSAGE_LIST;
end record;
type TRANSLATION_RECORD is record
    ROUTE_ADDR : ADDRESS_LINK;
    FULL : BOOLEAN;
    TEXT : TEXT_RECORD;
    SOURCE_FORMAT : STRING(1..6);
    DESIRED_FORMAT : STRING(1..6);
end record;
type TRANSLATION_COMMAND is array (LINKSTYPE) of TRANSLATION_RECORD;
type NETWORK_SETUP is array (LINKSTYPE) of ADDRESS_LINK;
type EMISSIONS_CONTROL_COMMAND is (EMCON, UNRESTRICTED);
type PERIODIC_NETWORK_TRANSMISSION is record
    LINK_ID : LINKS;
    TEXT : TEXT_STRING;
end record;
type ARCHIVE_SETUP is record
    ALL_SHIPS : BOOLEAN;
    OWNSHIP : BOOLEAN;
    JTIDS : BOOLEAN;
    LINK16 : BOOLEAN;
    LINK11 : BOOLEAN;
    OTCIXS : BOOLEAN;
end record;
type TRACK_CLASS_ARRAY is array(TRACKCLASS_TYPE) of BOOLEAN;
type IFF_CLASS_ARRAY is array(IFFCLASS_TYPE) of BOOLEAN;
type DATABASE_REQUEST is record
    THE_RANGE : FLOAT;
TRACK_CLASS : TRACK_CLASS_ARRAY := ( true, true, true );
IFF_CLASS : IFF_CLASS_ARRAY := ( true, true, true, true );
end record;
type INITIATE_TRANSMISSION_SEQUENCE is record
  LINK_ID : LINKS_TYPE;
  HEADER : HEADER_FORMAT;
  DESIRED_FORMAT : STRING(1..6);
  DBASE_REQUEST : DATABASE_REQUEST;
end record;
subtype REPORT_DATA is STRING(1..20);
type WEAPONS_TYPE is ( CIWS, GUN, TWS, MK48 );
type WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE is ( DAMAGED, RELOADING, LAUNCHING, READY, SERVICE_REQUIRED,
  SLEWING, SECURED, MAINTENANCE, ENGAGING,
  OUT_OF_AMMUNITION );
type WEAPON_STATUS is record
  SYS_TYPE : WEAPONS_TYPE;
  STATUS : WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE;
end record;
type WEAPON_STATUS_REPORT is array ( WEAPONS_TYPE ) of WEAPON_STATUS_TYPE;
OWNSHIP_CLASS : constant TRACK_CLASS_TYPE := SURFACE;
type DESIRED_CLASS_ARRAY is array ( TRACK_CLASS_TYPE ) of BOOLEAN;
type DESIRED_RANGE_ARRAY is array ( TRACK_CLASS_TYPE ) of FLOAT;
type SET_TRACK_FILTER is record
  MAX_NUMBER : NATURAL range 0..TRACK_CAPACITY := TRACK_CAPACITY;
  DESIRED_CLASS : DESIRED_CLASS_ARRAY := ( true, true, true );
  DESIRED_RANGE : DESIRED_RANGE_ARRAY;
end record;
type ARCHIVE_TIMEOUT is array ( TRACK_CLASS_TYPE ) of NATURAL;
type MONITOR_RANGE is array ( TRACK_CLASS_TYPE ) of FLOAT;
type MONITOR_MODE is ( AUTOMATIC, ADVISE, OFF );

type SET_MONITOR_CONSTRAINTS is record
  TIMEOUT : ARCHIVE_TIMEOUT;
  THE_RANGE : MONITOR_RANGE;
  MODE : MONITOR_MODE;
end record;

type RESOLUTION_NOTICE is record
  SIMILAR : BOOLEAN;
  TRACK : TRACK_TUPLE;
end record;

end DECLARATIONS;
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